

43RD YEAR NO. 17896

THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1906.—TEN PAGES.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

**MUTINY NOW ON
NEAR WARSAW****Artillerymen in Camp Turn
Against the Government.****M. STOLYPIN'S PLAN REJECTED****St. Petersburg Believes Dictatorship Is
Assured—Gallant Fight by Loyal
Officers at Cronstadt.**

Warsaw, Russian Poland, Aug. 3.—The artillerymen in the summer camp at Rembertoff, near Warsaw, have mutinied. Infantry and Cossacks have been dispatched to quell the revolt.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—All the stations of the Finnish Railway between St. Petersburg and Viborg, as well as the entire length of the coast which the line skirts, have been occupied by troops.

Government Victory Is Complete.

Helsingfors, Finland, Aug. 3.—Sveaborg fortress is completely in the hands of the Government this morning. The prisoners have been marched out and sent to Skatudden Island, where they will await trial. The socialist red guard yesterday evening made a last effort to bring about a general strike. They marched in force to the power house of the street railroad and ordered the men to strike. Upon their refusal the guards attempted to destroy the buildings. Police and communal guards were summoned, and a fight followed, resulting in the killing of the assistant chief of police and several communal guards, and a number of the red guards. Cossacks were summoned and separated the combatants. The red guard consists of the greater part of the Finnish proletariat, while the communal guards are made up of the middle and wealthy classes, and are organized to maintain order and protect property. They are armed with rifles and are under almost military discipline.

The Government is handling the situation carefully, fearing that the movement may spread throughout the country. The Cossacks are used only in extreme cases and they display crowds with more gentleness than they do in Russia.

Rounded Up 500 Reds.
Riga, Livonia, Russia, Aug. 3.—A secret revolutionary meeting, which was attended by 500 persons, was surrounded last night by dragoons, who captured every man present.

Officers Fought Gallantly.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—Executions are in progress. The officers at Cronstadt showed splendid courage, and all those who were killed fighting. Col. Alexandroff received the mutineers with a revolver, and Capt. Tyroschinski, of the submarine mine, after a desperate struggle, was bayoneted by his assailants and his head split open with the butt of a rifle.

Rear Admiral Beclenschieff, who was wounded several times, died during the night. When the sailors mutinied the admiral immediately went out with his staff, heedless of warnings, and entered the barracks. Within a few seconds he and two captains were shot down. The crowd of civilians who joined the mutineers included a large number of women armed with rifles, revolvers, and swords. One of the wounded captains was spared because he wore the St. George's Cross.

Capt. Trudoneff, who was killed, fought in the battle of the Sea of Japan, on one of the Russian ships which foundered. He was fourteen hours in the water before he was picked up. The Yenissei regiment played the most prominent part at Cronstadt in quelling the mutiny of the sailors. The latter had broken into the arsenal, after overpowering the guards, and had seized a quantity of arms. After firing several volleys the regiment charged, driving out the mutineers, who fled into the streets pursued by the loyal soldiers, who continued their rifle fire, to which the mutineers replied. Some shots were fired at the loyalists from houses. Many of the mutineers sought to escape from the town, but they were met by a hot fire and driven to their barracks, where they were surrounded. An attempt was made by one party of mutineers to capture the harbor batteries, but it was repulsed by the fire of machine guns.

Stolypin Worsted.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—The report last night that Emperor Nicholas had flatly refused to accept the conditions to which Premier Stolypin agreed in his negotiations with Count Hayden Alexander Guchkoff, Prince Nicholas Lvoff, Paul Vinogradoff and Senator ou jo uonuzjuresoea at jo joo jooj cabinet, and which the Premier recommended the Emperor to accept, turn out to be true. Official confirmation came this morning in a one-line announcement as follows: "The reports that the non-bureaucratic elements will enter the cabinet are untrue."

Looks Like Dictatorship.

Count Heyden and his conferees have now washed their hands of the Government, and all M. Stolypin's promises of "Strong-handed reform" have not materialized. At his first encounter with the influences at court he has been worsted, and the predictions of the liberals that the dissolution of Parliament would inevitably lead to a dictatorship appears to be on the point of realization. There is no doubt that the panic created at court by the mutiny at Cronstadt, within earshot of the Emperor made the victory of the camarilla easy. In the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

**NEW LIGHT ON
THAT CONCESSION****Temiskaming Right-of-Way
Scandal Scars Govt.****THE COMMISSION MAY RESIGN****Ontario Government Anxious to Cancel
Lease to the Syndicate—But Latter
May Not Withdraw.**

Toronto, Aug. 3.—A new light has been thrown on the Temiskaming Railway right-of-way scandal by the publication of a letter from the chairman of the commission to Mr. Geo. A. Loney, of Sudbury.

Mr. Smith's letter is as follows:
—Toronto, June 18, 1906.
Dear George A. Loney, Sudbury, Ont.:

Would say that we have various offers for mining rights on the right-of-way, but the commission is not prepared to consider any offer except one made on the basis of the advertisement recently issued. The method of operating by net receipts would not be found satisfactory.

As we have various other applicants, I would be glad to learn definitely whether you and your associates are prepared to deal with us on the basis of \$50,000 bonus with the royalties added. Yours truly,
C. B. SMITH, Chairman.

Mr. Loney, with Messrs. Clemons and J. D. Taylor, made application for a mining lease on the right-of-way of the railroad. This was in July of 1905, and was the first application made, and was for five miles within the Cobalt area.

Premier Whitney had announced that tenders would be asked, and had detailed in most explicit language the terms on which tenders would be asked by the commission, with the approval of the Government, and stated that these were the lowest terms which would be accepted. Later on the commission, of which Mr. Denis Murphy, of Ottawa, is a member, called for tenders. The advertisement inserted on April 5 and subsequently in a number of papers was identical with the terms outlined by Mr. Whitney. It called for a cash bonus of not less than \$50,000; 10 per cent of the gross value of ore assaying less than \$400 per ton; 25 per cent for ore between \$400 and \$1,000 per ton in value, and 50 per cent for all ore over \$1,000 per ton in value, in addition to an annual rental of \$500.

Mr. Loney's offer was for 50 per cent royalty on the net value of the ore after cost of mining and smelting had been deducted. Mr. Loney regarded 50 per cent net, while a less speculative offer than the terms asked by the Government, as likely to prove more profitable to the Province than the terms of the advertisement. The ore of the mines in the vicinity averages somewhat in the neighborhood of \$2,000 per ton. All the possible charges would be less than \$100 per ton, leaving \$1,500 per ton to be divided equally between the concessionaire and the Government. On the other hand, the payment of a royalty equaling half the value of ore of \$1,000 per ton and over would require the utmost vigilance on the part of the inspectors, for it would need only a small addition of the commonest rock on each side of the vein matter to bring the value of the ore tonnage down below the \$1,000 figure. The Loney offer was therefore probably more profitable than the commission's advertisement demanded.

Despite this fact this is what happened. Within a few weeks of the date of the above letter it was announced that no offer along the line of the advertisement having been received, the commission, Messrs. Smith, Murphy and Englehart, had accepted the offer of an Ottawa syndicate, the foremost members of which were Mr. Murphy's son and his business associate, to give a royalty of 25 per cent gross on all ore mined.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—The Globe says: Representatives of the Ottawa-Temiskaming right-of-way syndicate in which Mr. Murphy's son is a prominent figure, were at the Parliament buildings yesterday and had what is said to have been a red-hot time over the proposed lease of the mining rights under the Government railway at Cobalt. The members of the syndicate claim that the deal was, from their point of view, a straight business one, and the fact that the son of one of the Government commissioners was in the syndicate should not cause them to be deprived of the rights they have provisionally acquired. The Government, however, is becoming thoroughly alarmed over the storm the proposed lease has aroused in the country, and it was urged that the syndicate withdraw its tender as the easiest way out of a bad position. It is believed the syndicate will refuse to do this, holding that the tender was a proper one, and that to withdraw now would be a confession that all was not as it should have been.

Under these circumstances the Government will be under the necessity of refusing to sanction the lease, and Messrs. Smith, Murphy and Englehart, the commissioners, will, it is believed, consider such action a vote of want of confidence and will resign.

THREE TRAINMEN KILLED.

Pittsburg, Aug. 3.—Three trainmen were killed today in a freight wreck on the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg Railroad, near Harmony, Pa. The accident was caused by the train running into an open switch.

**Milan Exposition Afire;
Loss Runs Into Millions****The Exhibits of Italy and Hungary Are Completely
Destroyed—The City in a Panic.**

Milan, Italy, Aug. 3.—Fire which broke out here early this morning in the International Exposition did extensive damage. The sections devoted to the decorative arts of Italy and Hungary were totally destroyed, as also was the pavilion in which were installed the exhibits of Italian and Hungarian architecture. The damage is estimated at \$800,000. Several firemen and carbiniers were injured. The city was thrown into a state of great excitement and vast crowds of people collected about the exposition. The firemen, however, succeeded in saving all except the Italian and Hungarian sections, though dangerous sparks fell on the German, Persian, Turkish and Chinese sections. At noon the fire was considered to be entirely under control. Some of the estimates place the loss as high as \$2,400,000, which probably is excessive.

The origin of the fire is attributed to an electric short circuit. The authorities reject the theory that the conflagration was of incendiary origin.

**DISORDERLY TRIO
COME TO GRIEF****Fighting George Verner, With
His Female Aids, Get
Their Deserts.**

Too much whisky, Mr. George Verner, his wife and his mother-in-law, put on a little play at their home on Dundas street east, yesterday afternoon, which, for exciting features, would stand its own with any "Diamond Dick" or "Satanstoe Pete" story that ever came off the press, and which resulted in their being sentenced to imprisonment when they took part in the final act at the police court this morning.

A neighbor, who took a hand in the row, told of how he was driving along Dundas street when he saw Verner throwing his wife all over the lawn. Then another woman, Mrs. Sprole, Verner's mother-in-law, came across the street and started at Verner. For a time the fight was fast and furious, but finally Verner came out victorious and bit his thumb. Then he went back to the first man on the scene, but to the worst of the bargain. Verner and his two lady assistants then made off down English street.

The patrol who were telephoned reached the first corner, P. C. Shortill was greeted with the war cry, "I have done two of them, now I will do you." Verner immediately attacked the officer. Again Verner got the worst of it, for Shortill came along on his back on the walk and with one handcuff on him.

Then the women came to the rescue; both attacked the policeman, kicking, biting and punching him, and one used a valise freely upon him.

The patrol came along and Acting Detective Lucas applied a little force to Verner and landed him into the wagon. After considerable trouble the women, who fought like mad all the while, were shipped, and off to the station went the whole party.

When the accounts were straightened out it was found that besides having his trousers torn and being badly bruised and scratched, P. C. Shortill had been kicked in the eye by Mrs. Sprole. P. C. Lucas had fared a little better, but he had been bitten on the leg by Verner while on the way to the station.

To the "drunk and disorderly" charge the three pleaded guilty, but to the charge of assaulting a police officer they pleaded not guilty. The evidence of two witnesses was sufficient to convince the court of their being guilty to both charges. On the first they were each fined \$10 or 21 days, and on the assault charge George Verner was sent to the Central prison for four months; Mrs. Sprole was given three months in jail, while Mrs. Verner was sent down for 40 days.

DEATH FOR ASSAULTERS**Chicago Grand Jury Suggests Gallows
For Women-Attackers.**

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Punishment by death is recommended by the July grand jury as a maximum penalty for attacks on women. The recommendation was made in its final report, which was handed to Judge Duany in the superior court yesterday. Changes in existing laws prescribing punishment for assaults on children also were recommended. The action of the grand jury is the result of the long-continued prevalence in Chicago of such attacks.

CUT OUT RACING TIPS.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—The Attorney-General's department is asking newspapers to refrain from publishing racing tips or selections, or the advertisements of those who profess to give tips. It is held that it is clean against the law on gambling to publish such things, and the department desires first to get the friendly assistance of the papers in stopping it. If this is not done action will be taken.

SAYS HE ANNOYS HER.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—Harry Barr, of Chicago, was arrested here today on the complaint of Canille Bohne, a trapeze performer, who claims that Barr has been following her about from place to place, and subjecting her to annoyances.

NABBED AT LAST**Two Slippery Ones Were Caught by
County Constable Shaver.**

County Constable Shaver captured Wm. McDonald last night, and with him William Lake. McDonald is the young chap who made the flying run from John Qain, when they were found trying to sell some junk they had stolen. McDonald is out on suspended sentence for the same offense.

William Lake is another one of the gang, and is a very wild lad. There have been warrants out for his arrest for a year and a half, but by his trickery he has always eluded arrest. He was wanted with the McCallum boys for stealing junk in the east end. They were remanded a week by Squire Taylor.

PREFERS FOSTER-PARENTS**Girl Abducted by Her Mother Escapes
Across the Line.**

Walkerville, Ont., Aug. 3.—Henrietta Butler Keith, the 12-year-old adopted daughter of Andrew Keith, who was abducted by her mother last March, and taken to a town near Syracuse, N. Y., has returned to her foster-parents here, where she says she prefers to live. Her escape from her mother's home was arranged by her family here. They eluded detectives on the lookout for them at Buffalo, and got into Ontario safely. It is said a warrant is out here for the Butlers, charging abduction, and that they will be apprehended if they come to Walkerville.

LENNOX ACQUITTED**Found Not Guilty of Defrauding the
City of Toronto.**

Toronto, Aug. 3.—Ruling that the agreement between Mr. E. J. Lennox and the city was sufficient foundation for the payments, Deputy Magistrate Kingsford yesterday afternoon acquitted the architect on charges of defrauding the city out of two sums of \$100 each. His worship believed Mr. Lennox was entitled to the money, but expressed his surprise that the architect obtained the \$200 in the way he did.

WAS TYPOS' FIRST CHIEF**Isaac George, Former President of the
Union, Passes Away at New York.**

Chicago, Aug. 3.—Isaac G. George, former president of the International Typographical Union, died yesterday at the Presbyterian Hospital, after an illness of eight weeks. Mr. George was 69 years of age. He was elected first president of the International Typographical Union at Albany, N. Y., in 1888. At the time of his death he was president of the Old-Time Printers' Association.

**GOING TO INDIA
AS A MISSIONARY****Mr. A. S. Woodburne, of London
Appointed by the Baptist
Mission Board.**

The executive of the Baptist Foreign Mission Board, at Toronto, yesterday afternoon appointed Mr. A. S. Woodburne, B. A., a graduate of London (Ont.) University and of McMaster University, and the holder of the Crawford scholarship, to work in India. Applications from four other men were received, all for service in India.

Mr. Woodburne will proceed to India this fall, probably about Oct. 1, and will in the meantime take to himself a wife. He goes to Cocanada, instead of Rev. H. F. Laflamme, who was there and was to return, but whose services have been secured for a year for the Evangelical Movement. Mr. Woodburne is a brother of Rev. Dr. Woodburne, a missionary of the same board in Yellamanchi, India. He has been for a long time a member of and active worker in Adelaide Street Baptist Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Woodburne will be accompanied to India by Miss Jessie Alyn, M.D., of Edmonton, Alta., who will serve under the same board, she having been appointed by the Women's Foreign Mission Board.

Further appointments to India were deferred till the meeting of the board in October.

Three applications for service in Bolivia were also received and considered, but action was deferred for one week.

The financial reports of the board up to date are exceedingly gratifying. The financial year ends on October 10. The reports of the missionaries of the board in India are exceedingly encouraging. One hundred and eighty-five persons were baptized in the mission fields during the first three months of the present year.

DO YOU WANT A HUSBAND?**Because Here's an Excellent Fellow
Who Wants a Wife.**

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 3.—A man who gave his name as Abram Bodington, of Toronto, applied to Superintendent Dolan, of the poor commission, yesterday, for a wife. He enumerated his own good qualifications, and produced a letter by Rev. T. E. Bartley, of Toronto, recommending Bodington as a man of good character. He was assured that any marriageable woman making application would be given his Detroit address.

**KAISER TALKS OF
THE "RED DANGER"****Considers It Quite as Threatening
as Yellow Peril.****DEATH MENACES GOVT. HEADS****He Regrets That the Powers Are Not
United to Crush Out Militarism
and Anarchism.**

New York, Aug. 3.—A cablegram from the Sun from Paris says: The Matin publishes an interview had by its Berlin correspondent with Emperor William, in which his majesty said that the "yellow peril" was not the sole danger threatening the world, there being also a red danger.

"The heads of states," the Emperor added, "whether of absolute or constitutional monarchies or republics, hourly risk their lives. President Gallieres runs the same risk as the Czar, and President Roosevelt the same risks as King Alfonso. Those aiming at the abolition of all authority and order by governments are thoroughly agreed, while those charged with the duty of making order respected are unfortunately disagreed."

The correspondent says that at the Kiel regatta the Kaiser noticed that the French armored cruiser *Yvon Duhamet* was not present. He thought the warship had been invited to be present during the regatta, and he said to the French naval attaché, "It is a pity the Gambetta is absent. Come, come, I know what this means. We are still suspected, and are kept in punishment." The Kaiser enforced his remark by a genial laugh.

Speaking to another French naval officer, the Kaiser said: "It is freely reported that I am pleased when I learn that some fresh scandal has broken out in the French army. It is absolutely false. We Europeans live too closely together and our national lives are too intermingled, for us not to feel an evil occurring to any single member. Any harm befalling the French army fills me with uneasiness. Anti-militarism is an international pest. The nation rejoicing thereat resembles a city rejoicing in an outbreak of cholera in a neighboring town."

UNIVERSITY APPOINTEES**Board of Governors Names Teachers
For Fifteen Positions.**

Toronto, Aug. 3.—The board of governors of the University of Toronto, at a meeting in the Bank of Commerce board room yesterday, made the following appointments: E. F. Burton, H. F. Dawes and L. Gilchrist, demonstrators in physics; Miss L. B. Johnston, assistant demonstrator in physics; J. A. Gardner, lecture assistant in physics; R. B. Stewart, fellow in chemistry; J. M. Dawson, assistant in chemistry; T. B. Allan, K. J. McRae, J. F. Mackay and R. J. Manning, junior assistants in chemistry; M. B. McLean, fellow in mathematics; W. G. Smith and T. R. Robinson, lecturers and laboratory assistants in philosophy; Dr. B. A. Bensley was promoted from the position of lecturer to that of associate professor in biology.

The report of the finance committee was presented to the board and adopted. It bore on certain parts of the estimates for 1906-7, and estimates for salaries and maintenance were passed, totaling about \$250,000.

The board determined to establish a faculty of household science in connection with the offer of Mrs. Massey-Treble to put up a building for that purpose. Dr. Hoskin presided.

**GREAT RUSSIAN
STRIKE IS ON****Many St. Petersburg Establishments Close—Street Railway
at a Standstill.**

St. Petersburg, Aug. 3.—A general strike has been formally ordered to begin in St. Petersburg tomorrow at noon and as a preliminary the men employed in a dozen establishments went out at noon today. The final decision was not obtained without a strong fight in the workmen's council, three delegates standing out, against nine, to the end. The failure of the strike is predicted, as the workmen generally are not prepared. The plan is to begin the strike here tomorrow, and at Moscow on Monday and gradually to extend it through the empire until everything, including the railroads and telegraphs is at a complete standstill.

A section of the street railroads here, including the Nevsky Prospect line, stopped running this afternoon. The police today arrested a dozen members of the workmen's council, who were elected to direct the general strike and also captured several members of the revolutionary military committee. The signal to strike has been forwarded to 72 different proletarian organizations throughout the empire.

FOUND SUICIDE'S BODY.

Windsor, Ont., Aug. 3.—The body of Mrs. Elizabeth Spain, who, during a period of extreme melancholia, a week ago, jumped unobserved from a Detroit ferry, was found in the river on the Detroit side by the crew of the United States marine postoffice last evening. It was badly decomposed and was at once removed here for burial.

**EUROPE TO LOSE
IN SOUTH AMERICA****How Mr. Root Has Outwitted
the Diplomats.****THE FRENCH PRESS TAUNTED****Reproved For Not Giving More Atten-
tion to Pan-American Congress
and Its Objects.**

Paris, Aug. 3.—La Liberté tonight, under the caption "Victims of the Monroe Doctrine," prints a long, vigorous article on Secretary of State Root and the Pan-American congress. It taunts the French press for grudgingly printing a paragraph about Root toasting all South America between the lists of contestants in a recent swimming match and the names of meritorious agriculturists. It ironically quotes an editor who said foreign politics is not sufficiently Parisian to interest a polite public, and then twists leaders of the republic on making the question of conferring a decoration of the Legion of Honor on Sarah Bernhardt the principal affair of state, tacitly asking why they should worry over South Americans, who interest Parisians only in vaudeville.

All this time, says La Liberté, Root is preparing, if he has not already made it effective, a most redoubtable operation of political economics, of which the French will be dupes and with them all other Latin people who are imitating them and trying to be Parisians.

The results of fifteen years' intrigue in Panama is likely to be effective soon. Europe already has been expelled from South America. It will be expelled from South America in less than six years unless there be energetic resistance immediately. Referring to the recent intervention of the United States in Central America La Liberté says it is understood that President Roosevelt himself devised the "coup de mal de mer," which consisted in detained representatives of Salvador, Guatemala, and Honduras at sea on board a rolling vessel until their signatures to a satisfactory agreement were obtained. This method, the paper adds, is too new to be suggested to the Pan-American congress, which Roosevelt doubtless deplores, as even Root's eloquence is less effective than this Imperialistic plan.

For six weeks this envoy has been working with the foreseen result, which enabled the diplomat humorist to declare himself at Rio de Janeiro as merely an amateur, disinterested tourist under disguise of diplomatic formula.

Continuing, the paper says a few facts today are startlingly clear, among them that Europe has no right to defend its financial and commercial interests in South America. The United States in effect says each nation is master of its own home, with the United States at home everywhere.

Against 75,000,000 Latin people and Secretary Root, and to that Yankee intruder went favors and benefits because he alone spoke, flattered, menaced. He alone acted while Latin Europe abandoned.

Already distant lands have slipped into Yankee hands. At Constantinople, St. Petersburg, Tokio, Algiers, the same Root intervened at his convenience, and Europe stupidly respected the Monroe doctrine. Before the conclusion of the third Pan-American congress it will have cost the Latin peoples the continent they peopled and financed.

**ARTHUR LAVIGNE
FOUND GUILTY****The Charges of Indecent Assault
Proven Against Prisoner—
Remanded a Week.**

Arthur Lavigne was convicted this morning by Judge Elliott of two charges of indecent assault. The first case was the London Township case, and the prisoner was identified positively by several witnesses as the man who attempted to criminally assault the young girl.

In the Stratford case, a strong chain of circumstantial evidence, as well as a confession of the prisoner, made his guilt most positive.

He was remanded a week for sentence.

"A MESSAGE OF HOPE"**Irish Nationalists Evidently Expect Much
From the Liberals.**

Dublin, Aug. 3.—The Irish Independent quotes A. P. McDonnell, as saying in the course of a speech at a recent non-political banquet that he brought a message of hope. He firmly believed that 1907 would see the fruition of many of the hopes the best Irishmen had entertained for years past. There might not be a full fruition for all they had hoped, but a fruition of so much that if Irishmen were true to themselves they could make it the source from which all their hopes would be fulfilled.

EMBASSY CLERK DEAD.

London, Aug. 3.—Charles Hodson, for 20 years chief clerk of the American embassy, died today. Mr. Hodson served under eight ambassadors.

NEW RUSS CHURCH MARKS FATAL SPOT

Memorial to Late Czar at Spot Where He Was Killed.

A SCANDAL IN ITS ERECTION

A Correspondent Cables From St. Petersburg of Grand Duke Vladimir's Perfidy.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 1.—Not far from the Winter Palace, on the bank of the Peterhof Canal, a new and splendid church has been erected as a memorial to the late Emperor Alexander II. It stands upon the spot where in March, 1881, he was blown to fragments by a bomb. The body of the building is of chocolate bricks, trimmed with white marble, and half of the exterior surface is covered with brilliant mosaics, representing scenes in the life of the Saviour in large panels, and smaller panels containing the coats of arms of the fifty Russian provinces and the Romanoff family, and portraits of the apostles and the saints and patriarchs of the Orthodox Greek Church. The roof is crowned with seven towers of Byzantine style, covered with yellow, green, blue, orange and white mosaic, and bearing slender golden spires and crosses with hanging chains. Two of the towers are gilded and dazzle the eye with the reflection of the sun. It is as fantastic as the Church of St. Paul of Moscow, which was erected several centuries ago in the time of Ivan the Terrible, and you will remember the familiar story that that amiable Czar was so jealous of the work that he put out the eyes of the architect, lest he should design another more or equally beautiful.

It is not customary to erect such churches now, but the committee in charge of this memorial decided to revive the ancient designs and reproduce with modern materials the characteristic features of orthodox ecclesiastical architecture of the middle ages. The mosaic and the glittering splendor of the interior is unsurpassed even by St. Isaac's, the most famous church in Russia, or by the Church of St. Saviour at Moscow, which was erected to commemorate the fall of Napoleon Bonaparte.

Of course there is a scandal connected with the erection of this magnificent memorial. It appears as if nothing is ever done in Russia without a scandal, and of course a grand duke is mixed up in it. It does not seem possible to have a scandal of any dimensions without a member of the imperial family as the central figure. It is called "the Church of the Resurrection," and was suggested by the late Emperor Alexander III, who appointed a committee to take charge of the movement, with his next oldest brother, Vladimir, as chairman. Professor Isieff, director of the Imperial Academy of Art, was made the secretary and the executive member of the committee. Contributions were solicited from every part of the empire; collections were taken in every village by the priests throughout Russia, and even the beggars offered their mites. The total amount collected was 11,000,000 rubles. The design was accepted and the contracts let about twenty years ago. The work has proceeded slowly but continuously until now, and it will be finished within a few months.

Twelve years ago, when an accounting was called for, it was discovered that Professor Isieff was a defaulter to the amount of \$2,000,000 rubles. He was arrested, convicted and sentenced to twelve years in the penitentiary. His time was reduced because of good behavior, and he was recently discharged and has returned to St. Petersburg, demanding a revision of his case. He declares that unless the senate of the empire, which corresponds to our Supreme Court, with a broader jurisdiction, takes up the matter and makes an investigation he will appeal to the duma.

Professor Isieff's story is as follows: He says that about three years after the contributions for the Church of the Resurrection began to come in Vladimir, chairman of the committee, drew upon him for 250,000 rubles and gave instructions that the draft should be paid from the memorial funds. This was done without question, as Isieff supposed that the money was to be used for legitimate purposes. But a few months later, when Vladimir made a second demand, he objected and insisted that the finance committee should be consulted before any more money was diverted from the purpose for which it was subscribed. Vladimir, however, promised that he would make both "loans" good within a few months. Instead of doing so he continued to make other drafts until the total reached nearly 2,000,000 rubles, or more than \$1,000,000 in American money. In the meantime he kept Isieff in a state of terror and threatened to have him arrested if he revealed the facts. The defalcation was accidentally disclosed, and Isieff was arrested for embezzlement. The grand duke persuaded him not to make a confession and promised that he would protect him in the court. During the trial Isieff's lawyers attempted to bring out the true facts, but the presiding judge would not permit them to do so. He would not admit any testimony concerning Vladimir's connection with the embezzlement, and the case against Isieff was convicted and sentenced. Vladimir promised that Isieff would be pardoned immediately, and it is believed that he endeavored to fulfill his promise, but the Czar refused to grant his request and Vladimir would not disclose his reasons for asking.

While Isieff has been in prison the grand duchess has frequently visited his wife and has paid her, it is said, \$500 rubles a month in order to insure her silence. It is also claimed that Vladimir terrified her with threats, telling her that if she gave any information that he had been guilty of the embezzlement nobody would believe her, and that he would be compelled to have her severely punished.

AMERICAN BEEF BARRED

British Navy to Use the Australian and Argentine Article.

London, Aug. 2.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons today, Secretary of the Admiralty said that the men in the navy for the option of drawing Australian or Argentine corned beef in place of American meat. It was not thought necessary to consider special measures for disposing of the American meats in stock, amounting to over a million and a half pounds, purchased in 1903.

In reply to a question on the subject, Foreign Secretary Grey announced that there were no longer any restrictions on foreign trade in Manchuria. Two British consuls, he added, will shortly be appointed to posts in Manchuria.

FIGHT OVER PEARLS

U. S. Government Insists On \$10,000 Duty On a Necklace.

New York, Aug. 3.—The case involving duty on the famous Leeds pearl necklace, which is the most valuable string of pearls in America, is to be fought to a finish in the United States courts.

The Government will institute proceedings in the United States circuit court for the southern district of New York against M. Citroen, a French dealer in jewelry, who imported the necklace, for \$10,000 customs duty. The necklace is in the possession of the Government officials.

William B. Leeds, the millionaire Rock Island Railway official, and his wife are the persons who sought to get the pearls imported, having picked them up in a Paris jewelry house for the modest sum of \$250,000. Citroen undertook to do the importing.

The duty on pearls set as jewelry is 50 per cent, but on unstrung pearls the duty is only 10 per cent. In the belief that he could avoid paying the larger amount, Citroen took the necklace apart and brought the pearls here unstrung. Citroen paid a duty of \$22,000, or 10 per cent. Then it became known that an effort had been made to evade the law and the valuable pearls were seized and held by the authorities. Overtures for a settlement of the case have been made to the treasury department and declined, and the suit to recover the 50 per cent duty is to be pushed to a finish. Citroen has retained former Judge Alton B. Parker as counsel to fight the Government. Citroen the other day advised Assistant Secretary Reynolds of the treasury, in charge of customs, that he would be glad to send the pearls back to France. He insisted, however, on getting back the \$22,000 duty he had paid. This the Government would not allow. Jeweled pearls are the country are interested in the case, for if Citroen wins his point, all pearls and precious stones in the future will be imported unstrung, subject only to the 10 per cent duty.

GREAT BLUNDERERS

Chicagoans Send Thousands of Letters Astray Annually.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Chicago people are becoming a very careless lot if the records of the inquiry division of the local postoffice can be taken as a gauge. This carelessness causes Uncle Sam a lot of trouble and costs him a lot of money. Superintendent John T. McGrath, who, with a force of assistants, corrects many errors made by persons who use the mails, is authority for the statement that the Government is not the only loser by carelessness. Thousands of dollars are lost in one way or another through the misdirection or faulty sending of millions of letters through the Chicago postoffice.

During the last twelve months 3,465,322 letters were returned to senders by Superintendent McGrath and his assistants for better addresses. This means an average of nearly one and one-half letters for each resident of Chicago. In the same time 1,569,719 letters were sent back for insufficient postage. Four hundred and twenty-eight thousand letters had no address at all on the envelopes. Improper addresses were put on 2,132,929 letters, and the letters had to be correctly addressed by clerks in the Chicago postoffice.

Thus a grand total of 7,586,970 letters were stacked up in twelve months as a monument to the carelessness of persons who send letters through the Chicago postoffice. Some of the careless ones live outside the city, but the greater proportion of them are Chicagoans.

Chicago's contribution to the great mass of letters at the dead letter office in Washington was 901,000 pieces. These letters were sent to Washington only after every possible effort was made to find the writers or addressees by the clerks in the "nixie" section of the inquiry division.

BYERLY GETS MORE BONDS

The Express Company Clerk Allotted \$80,000 Additional.

Washington, Aug. 3.—The delivery of the new Panama Canal bonds to the purchasers began today, and about \$7,000,000 worth of them were paid for and turned over. Purchasers have until Aug. 20 to complete payment for their bonds.

Samuel Byerly, the American Express Company's clerk in New York, who procured more than \$5,000,000 of the bonds, will have his allotment increased by \$80,000, because of the failure to place two lots aggregating that amount.

So far as is now known the only person who failed to make good on his successful bid was one who bid for 100 bonds of \$100 each at 108 1-8. He notified the department that he was unable to fulfill his contract at that figure. A bank that sent in a successful bid for \$50,000 of the bonds by telegraph and another for the same amount by letter and was allotted a total of \$100,000 later explained that the letter was merely intended as confirmatory of the telegram and that it needed only \$50,000. These bonds go to Byerly.

REPRIEVE FOR MAN WHO WOULD DIE

Against His Will Friends Successfully Intercede With the Governor.

New York, Aug. 3.—There was a touch of irony to Edward Pekarz in the message which the warden of the deathhouse at Sing Sing took to him yesterday that Governor Higgins had granted a stay of 30 days in his execution.

Pekarz wants to die. His friends are trying to save him. He had not been in this country from Austria six months when he murdered his landlady, Mrs. Sarah Rosenberg, of No. 332 East One Hundred and First street, to rob her of \$12. That was in April, 1905. His first question on his arrest was:

"How soon can I die?"

He was told he would have to await due process of law. He got tired waiting, and one day he tried to kill himself with a spoon as a knife. When they put him on trial he wanted to plead guilty. When he was sentenced by Judge Foster to die Aug. 6, he thanked the court for its expedition. When they took him to Sing Sing, he prayed that the day might pass fast.

The unlucky man was resigned, but his friends were determined that he should not be executed without a fight. His mother in Austria interested the Government. Last week the Austrian consul in this city asked Governor Higgins for a respite of one month, in which to persuade the man who wants to die that he ought to fight to live.

SAYS SHE'S WIFE OF PAT MCCARRON

Ex-Canadian Woman Sues the Brooklyn Senator for \$200,000.

New York, Aug. 2.—Within a few days Mrs. Mary H. Dixon, of No. 82 Lenox road, Flatbush, will move in the supreme court, Brooklyn, for judgment by default in the sum of \$200,000 against Patrick H. McCarron, state senator and Democratic leader in King's County.

Through her attorney, Manton M. Wyvell, of No. 350 Broadway, Mrs. Dixon in a complaint verified July 28, 1906, alleged these grounds of action:

That in October, 1902, she was introduced to Senator McCarron in the following three months called upon her frequently, and in her company visited restaurants and places of public amusement.

That after he had frequently declared his love for her a mutual agreement to marry was entered into. That in January, 1903, upon his representations that he could not afford to marry her publicly, she agreed to live with him as his common-law wife. She alleges that the representations made to her to induce her to assume the condition of a common-law wife were that, although he had been a widower more than twenty years, McCarron was still, by repute, true to his first wife, and that, as a lawyer and a senator, he was able to assure the plaintiff that a common-law marriage was valid.

That, subsequently, she lived with McCarron at the Kenmore and the Hotel in Albany, at the Hoffman House and Waldorf-Astoria, and the Clarendon Hotel, in Brooklyn, and at each was entered as Mrs. McCarron and passed as such.

That on Aug. 26, 1904, while at the Clarendon Hotel, a son was born to her and Senator McCarron, and was afterward christened Patrick H. McCarron, Jun.

That in February, 1905, McCarron agreed to furnish a house in Brooklyn as a home for her, her child and a nurse, but he failed to do so.

At the mention of McCarron's name Mrs. Dixon wept. "Poor, poor Pat!" she said. "Did you see him today, and did he speak of me? But what could I do when he deserted me? I refused to let him go, and he was taken until yesterday, when I instructed my lawyer to proceed, as there was nothing else left. But the fact is that my boy shall recognize him, I swear it. Ah, how I have hoped this ugly matter could be settled in private."

Mrs. Dixon said she was a native of Canada, where her people were in good circumstances and position. As Mrs. McCarron, she said she had been introduced to many of McCarron's friends, and such of them as she came to know well were all religious men, of hearty tastes. "And," she said, in conclusion, knowing her 2-year-old son in her arms, "here is my best evidence. Don't you think he is the living image of Pat?"

Senator McCarron was less communicative yesterday than the woman who sued him. He smiled grimly when the matter of the suit was broached, but beyond admitting that he knew Mrs. Dixon, he said that she was a "very charming person," would say nothing at all.

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for hemorrhoids, piles, and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 50c. at all dealers or EDWARDS, BATES & CO., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

Delightful Season For Short Outing. For London Civic Holiday, single fare will be in effect via Grand Trunk Railway, good going p.m. trains Saturday, Aug. 4, all trains Aug. 5 and 6; returning until 7th, from London to all stations in Canada, also to Buffalo, Niagara Falls and Buffalo, N. Y. Secure tickets at City Office, corner Richmond and Dundas streets, or at depot.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the inflamed GUMS, ALLAYS the PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold in all drug stores in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

BOY SAVES MAN; GETS A SPANKING

Fifteen-Year-Old Lad, Clothed, in Half-Mile Swim to the Rescue.

New York, Aug. 3.—After saving the life of a drowning man 15-year-old Charlie Ritter was spanked by his mother and sent to bed.

Charlie, who is big for his age, and very modest, spends the summers with his wealthy mother at the Willomere Hotel, Bath Beach. He was sitting on the hotel veranda yesterday when he heard cries for help from the water off the beach. Samuel Carnich, of Bay Fourteenth street, Bath Beach, who is employed in a New York bank, was struggling half a mile out at sea, the swimming bags tied around him having sprung a leak.

Young Ritter leaped down the 20-foot drop from the boardwalk to the beach, and without stopping to remove his clothes, plunged into the surf and swam to Carnich's rescue. Carnich had gone down twice when the boy grabbed him about the waist and began the long swim back to shore against a strong ebb tide. A Friedland, a music composer, helped Ritter drag the unconscious man ashore, where Dr. John A. Vorhees, of Bay Ridge, soon revived him.

When the young lifesaver returned to the hotel, his mother, who had not heard of the feat, noticed his dripping garments. He only told her that he had been out in the water, and she immediately gave him a whipping and sent him to bed. Later, when the guests at the hotel told her why her son had been in the water, Mrs. Ritter brought him down to breakfast.

Charlie said he would rather have remained in bed all day than stand the petting that was showered upon him.

FREE FIGHTS AND FAINTINGS GALORE

Someone Said Boat Might Sink and Terrific Mix-Up Was the Result.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—There was a miniature Donnybrook at Port Dalhousie wharf last night, when the gardeners' excursion and the Wednesday afternoon holiday folks were coming home from St. Catharines. The crowd was large, and the boat looked small in comparison. The people surged upon it at 7 o'clock, and someone shouted that the boat would sink if any more tried to get on. This scare caused a panic. People on the boat wanted to get off, while those on the wharf were crushing to get on. The desirous of disembarking demanded the return of their tickets, so that they might take the extra boat, which the officials of the company promised. The pursuer could not comply.

Somehow there came to be a mixup. Eyewitnesses say the pursuer was dragged, and the crowd engaged in the melee. The wise ones on the dock decided to stay over at any cost; the boat swayed to the side of the dock with the weight of the large audience; people jumped from the docks, and with the other tutelary fixtures too numerous to mention, there was a scene of chaos that will stand as an epoch in the history of the line. There were split heads galore, for the fight waged with energetic sincerity, and even friend hit friend. The boat was crowded when it went out, and the wise ones waited for the Lakeside, which came in soon afterwards and took the big load of sensible waiters to Toronto.

The passengers told tales of varying description, some graphic, some apologetic, and some untruthful. But they were all glad to get home.

Speaking over the phone last night, Manager Seixas, of St. Catharines, said he was asked by the market gardeners to send the Lakeside back to Toronto as the Garden City was crowded, and he readily consented, although he thought the Garden City could have carried the people nicely. There had been no difficulty so far as the boat people were concerned, but as to any trouble among the gardeners Seixas knew nothing.

Mr. Seixas said it was usual for the company to send the two boats back to Toronto at night rather than overload one boat, but as most of the passengers carried to Port Dalhousie during the day went through to the Falls he did not consider an extra run necessary, but yielded to the wishes of the excursionists.

The mate of the Garden City, when seen at the dock at midnight, was vindictive toward the excursionists. He said about 100 or 150 of them were well "thanked up," and just as the final rush of passengers came, some man had ascertained that there was a later boat, and the whole mob buzzed about the pursuer's ears clamoring for the return of their tickets. The pursuer refused, telling them to move back and not block the gangway. A great commotion ensued, one crowd striving to get in and another wild element fighting to get out. For a moment it looked all day with the purser, till the crew mixed it up in the melee, and then began to fly. On the dock a similar riot was in progress, the street car conductors and Port Dalhousie natives volunteering reinforcements to the sailors.

The trip across the water was most harmonious, according to the officials. The excursionists are not disposed to blame the company, but the source of the trouble seems to lie with the scare of an overload, the removal of freight and the announcement that there would be an extra boat.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY.

THE SATISFACTORY STORE

Lawn Waists To Clear

This is the kind of weather when everybody feels like melting, so it's quite natural that these Lawn Waist prices should be in sympathy with the rest of us and melt, too. And just see how they've melted away—now 1/2 to 1/3 regular price. Shouldn't they go out rapidly?

Here's a style that was sold previously for one dollar. Now for half price. Fine White Lawn. Wide row of lace insertion down front, and several rows of lace insertion unite in forming a bolero effect. Long sleeves with deep cuffs. Separate collar of lace insertion. Fastened at back50c

This Lawn Waist is a rather neat style. Tucked front is relieved from severe plainness by an embroidery insertion pleat. Long sleeves with deep-tucked cuff. Regular 75c. For.....50c

WAISTS—2ND FLOOR.

Cambric Underskirts: Changed Prices

You couldn't very easily wish for a better buying opportunity in Cambric Underskirts than this.

Cambric is of good quality. The skirt is generously cut, nice and full. The tucked muslin flounce is finished with wide lace. Have them either with or without dust ruffle. Regular price \$1.35. Out they go for only.....\$1.00

WHITEWEAR—2ND FLOOR.

Trimmed Millinery

Hats are nicely trimmed and prices are badly trimmed—a trimming combination that's all to your advantage. Come! See! And you'll buy.

MILLINERY—2ND FLOOR.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street

ART SCHOOL RAIDED

Mr. Comstock Believes Studies in the Nude To Be Immoral.

New York, Aug. 2.—Upon a warrant sworn out by Anthony Comstock, secretary of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, the studios at No. 215 West Fifty-seventh street of the Art Students' League, one of the most distinguished art schools in America, today were searched, and the bookkeeper, Miss Anna Robinson, was placed under arrest.

It was charged by agents of the society that the reproductions of figures in the nude contained in the full catalogue, which the league was about to issue, were of an immoral character.

A patrol wagonload of the catalogues were seized and taken to the police court as evidence. Magistrate Mayo adjourned until Aug. 7 the hearing of charges against Miss Robinson. Miss Robinson was arraigned as "Jane Doe" on the charge of violation of an act for the suppression of traffic in obscene literature, illustrations, pictures, etc.

The pamphlets seized by the society's agents is the one issued regularly each fall to prospective students, and shows pictures of the work turned out by the students of the school.

THE FALL EXHIBITIONS

Dates of "Western" and Other Noted Fairs.

THE WESTERN	Sept. 7-15.
Stratford Horse Show	Aug. 8-9
Canadian National (Toronto)	Sept. 1-10
East Elgin (Aylmer)	Sept. 3-7
Central (Ottawa)	Sept. 7-11
Central (Guelph)	Sept. 11-13
Stephen & Osborne (Exeter)	Sept. 17-18
Strathroy	Sept. 17-19
Sturfordville	Sept. 19
Woodstock	Sept. 19-21
Petrolia	Sept. 20-22
West Lambton (Sarnia)	Sept. 24-26
Glencoe	Sept. 25-26
Drumbo	Sept. 25-26
Norfolk Union (Simcoe)	Sept. 25-27
Paris	Sept. 27-28
Watford	Sept. 27-28
Thorndale	Oct. 2
Brigden	Oct. 2
Alvinston	Oct. 2-3
Delaware	Oct. 3
Galt	Oct. 4-5
Wyoming	Oct. 5-6
Westminster (Lambeth)	Oct. 9-10
Ingersoll	Oct. 9-10

Secretaries of Ontario associations should send to The Advertiser as early as possible, the dates of the fairs in their section of the country, and give notice of any change or correction in the dates given above.

BLOWN TO PIECES.

Dunthorpe, Ont., Aug. 2.—Another dynamite accident, about two and a half miles north, on the James Bay Railway, from where four men were killed a month ago, occurred Tuesday night. Foreman Peter Morrissey, his son, William Morrissey, and their slipper, a young Indian, were blown to atoms by an accidental discharge of a dynamite charge. This accident, too, occurred on the Jamieson contract, about 10 miles from Perry Sound. An inquest will probably be held. The Morrisseys came from Nova Scotia. The Indian was unknown.

Shirtwaist Suits: Less to Pay

This is a clearance of odd and broken lines. Styles are too numerous to mention in detail. Materials are principally batistes, ducks and crashes. Printed and woven dots, stripes, plain weaves, etc. Regular values up to \$5.50 and \$6.00. Now away they go at.....\$2.95

MANTLES—2ND FLOOR.

New Gray Tweeds For Fall

Really surprising how people have taken to these tweeds within the last few days. Selling very freely for so early in the season. When you see them you'll know the reason why smart dressers are already choosing them for fall suits. They're so stylishly attractive, and the value-attraction is in their favor, too.

Small, NEAT checks in light, medium and dark grays. Modish to a degree, \$1.00 PLAIN light, medium or dark grays for.....75c

HANDSOME tweeds these, in gray grounds with dark gray and green checks to give them character. Three patterns to choose from. Threads are double twisted and these fabrics will give a large return of hard wear.....65c

NATTILY - CHECKED Tweeds in light, medium and dark grays. Blue and green overchecks are used very effectively. You'll like these both from the standpoint of looks and the reasonableness of price.....50c

COLOR DRESS GOODS—MAIN FLOOR.

Snap for This Week

The following have been thoroughly overhauled and we will guarantee each one for five years. If not as represented within six months you may return instrument and we will refund all moneys paid. Could anything be fairer?

- \$20, PAYABLE \$1.00 PER MONTH.
A nice H. T. Bell Organ, 5 octaves, 8 stops. Fine shape. Guaranteed.
- \$30, PAYABLE \$1.50 PER MONTH
A handsome H. T. Kern Organ, 5 octaves, 12 stops. Extra good condition.
- \$50, PAYABLE \$2.00 PER MONTH
A very fine Ebonized Piano Case, Dominion Organ, 6 octaves. All improvements.
- \$80, PAYABLE \$2.50 PER MONTH
A Fancy Carved Square Piano, 7 1-3 octaves. Guaranteed five years for practicing.
- \$100, PAYABLE \$3.00 PER MONTH
One beautiful Rosewood Piano, 7 1-3 octaves. Extra fine. A great snap.

Heintzman & Co.
217 Dundas Street, Cor. Clarence
LONDON, ONT.

"How Shall I Know I Have Kidney Trouble?"

Hundreds of men and women are asking themselves that question. They are not well—and yet not exactly ill. Doctors say—"all run down—need a tonic." But tonics fail to bring back health and strength. It may be that your kidneys are affected. Here's a simple test to prove it:—

Collect the urine passed in the morning, in a glass vessel or bottle, and let stand 12 hours. If there is a reddish deposit—if the urine is cloudy or milky—or if there are floating particles or shreds—then assuredly there is some serious derangement of the kidneys.

Healthy urine stays perfectly clear.

"Bu-Ju" The Gentle Kidney Pill.

clears up the urine. That's the way you know that it is doing your kidneys good. "Bu-Ju" reaches every part of the kidneys—replaces the diseased tissues with strong, healthy membrane—gives the kidneys the strength and power to properly filter the blood.

"Bu-Ju" has thousands of cures to its credit, right here in Canada, among people you know. 50c. a box. At all druggists.

THE CHAFIN CHEMICAL CO. Limited, WINDSOR, Ont.

TRANSIENT CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS — NO ADVERTISING LESS THAN TEN CENTS.

MEETINGS—When no admission is charged, one cent per word each insertion. **ARTICLES FOR SALE**, TO LET, **HELP WANTED**, **SITUATIONS WANTED**, **ED. BOARD AND LODGINGS**, **LOST AND FOUND**, **ROOMS TO LET**, **REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**, **ETC.**—First insertion, one cent a word; each subsequent insertion, one-half cent per word. No advertisement less than ten words.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

DEATHS.

STREET—At Danville, N.Y., on Aug. 1, 1906, the Hon. William Purvis Rochford Street, Justice of the Supreme Court of Judicature for Ontario, in the 66th year of his age.

Funeral from "Thornwood," London, on Saturday, Aug. 4, at 2 p.m.

No flowers. 50c

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

DANCING—SPRINGBANK PAVILION—Every Wednesday and Saturday evening. Gentlemen, 30c; ladies, complimentary. Tony Vita's Orchestra in attendance. 50c

EXTRA!

CIVIC HOLIDAY.

\$2 Special 10 Day Excursion, Pt. Stanley to Cleveland

and return, Saturday, Aug. 4. "City of Grand Rapids," newly refitted throughout. Electric light, etc. Tickets on sale only at P. B. Clarke's, Richmond street. 50c

TEN-DAY EXCURSION TO CLEVELAND

LAND—Boat returns Monday night from Cleveland, arriving Port Stanley early Tuesday morning. For those desiring only to spend Sunday and Monday there. F. B. Clarke. 50c

SPRINGBANK

Tonight, "Looking for a Wife."

Lyceum Stock Co.

Special matinee Saturday, 5c and 10c to all parts of theater. Save your coupons for gold watch, Saturday night. 50c

Detroit \$1.60

Civic Holiday, C. P. R.

Macabees' excursion, Monday, Aug. 6, good for two days. Special train leaves C. P. R. depot, 7:30 a.m. 50c

BASEBALL, TECUMSEH PARK.

Saturday, August 4. 7:30 P.M. ROCKETS VS. CHAMPIONS, 4:00 P.M. Admission, 15c; ladies free, grand stand, 10c.

BERLIN, ONTARIO.

Centennial Celebration and Old Girls' Reunion, Aug. 6, 7, 8, 1906. Good going Aug. 11, returning Aug. 11, MADE IN HEILIN EXHIBITION at Auditorium. Big programme of events at park. Come and help us celebrate. Reduced rates on all railroads.

MOVING PICTURES

ALEXANDRA PARK.

Tonight and every evening this week. The Western Traction Company are giving half-price for those desiring only to spend Sunday and Monday there. Round trip, 20c. Tonight and every evening at 8:30. 50c

WAIT FOR THE CHOSEN FRIENDS

excursion to Detroit, Aug. 18, good for three full days. 50c-75c

CARLING BREWING COMPANY'S EXCURSION

to Detroit, via Pere Marquette Railway and Walkerville. Special train will leave Union Depot, Saturday, Aug. 4, 7:15 a.m., arriving Walkerville 10:30 a.m. Detroit, 1:30 p.m. Tickets good to return until Aug. 6. Tickets may be purchased at the Pere Marquette city ticket office, Richmond street. Grand Trunk depot ticket office, and from comm. 50c

BERGESSFORD LODGE, S. O. E.—THREE DAYS' EXCURSION TO DETROIT

Special train leaves C. P. R. station, 1:15 p.m., Saturday, Aug. 4. Tickets good till Monday night. Adults, \$1.00; children, 50c. 50c

6 DAYS

17 HOURS. Quebec to Liverpool, via the favorite Empress steamships. Obtain rates and tickets at F. B. Clarke's, Richmond street. 1

TICKETS BY THE HOUR EXCURSION

to Detroit, Aug. 18, good for three full days. Tickets are purchased from F. B. Clarke, Richmond street. 2

20—LONDON TO DETROIT AND RETURN

boat, Saturday, Aug. 4, Sunday, Aug. 5, Monday, Aug. 6. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street. 2

IRISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY PICNIC

Port Stanley, Thursday, Aug. 9. Greater and grander than ever: nine trains each way. Unparalleled programme of sports, baby show, etc. Accommodation for everybody. To miss it will be to regret it. Everybody come. Denis Mason, president; J. T. Forristal, jun., secretary. 50c

PORT STANLEY TO CLEVELAND

Steamer City of Grand Rapids. Call on F. B. Clarke, Richmond street. 75c

PRIVATE DANCING PARTIES

Springbank Pavilion. Complete arrangements guaranteed. Orchestra, etc. Phone 174. Dayton & McCormick. 50c

PUPILS ATTENDED LONDON CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC LAST YEAR.

Mr. Barron hears all pupils play, and gives reports.

CHOICEST MUSIC FURNISHED FOR

private parties, balls, banquets, etc. Telephone 126. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 126 Queen's avenue. 50c

TONY CORTESE—THE ORIGINAL

London Harpers. Music furnished for all occasions. 151 Maple Street. Telephone 1570. 50c

SUMMER RESORTS.

THE GODERICH SUMMER HOTEL—announces its opening for the season, and presence of the Ontario English bowlers between Aug. 6 and 13. Fine ancient English lawn game, as well as curling to a Scotchman. For writing for "Our Advantage" and system of graded rates; also room plan of hotel. 50c

THE GODERICH SUMMER HOTEL

announces its opening for the season, and presence of the Ontario English bowlers between Aug. 6 and 13. Fine ancient English lawn game, as well as curling to a Scotchman. For writing for "Our Advantage" and system of graded rates; also room plan of hotel. 50c

EDUCATION.

WYNNEFRED LOGAN, F.T.C.M.—TEACHER—reading, dramatic art, literature, vocal culture. Late London, England, 55 Central avenue. 50c

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—COMPETENT PAINTER. Apply W. T. Moffat & Co., 644 Lorne avenue. 50c

WANTED—BOY ABOUT 14 TO ASSIST in shipping room and office. Box 51. Advertiser. 50c

YOUNG MAN, WITH EXPERIENCE AT bookkeeping and general office work; capable and energetic; state particulars of experience. Box 48, Advertiser. 50c

TWO GOOD CARPENTERS WANTED. Accounted to roofing and finishing. Apply Box 80, Hansall P. O., Ont. 50c

SAWYER, CIRCULAR MILL—STATE age and wages expected on steady run. C. Reid, Bothwell, Ont. 50c

WANTED—EXPERIENCED OFFICE boy; knowledge of shorthand and type-writing necessary. Apply Monarch Fire Insurance Company. 75c

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON CAN earn good income at home in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

WANTED—YOUNG MEN, ABOUT 15 years old, for factory. McCormick Manufacturing Company. 50c

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

Girls Wanted

for the bluest and candy departments. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company. 50c

GIRLS WANTED TO LEARN TRIMMING. The Fraser Cap Company. 50c

DINING-ROOM GIRL AND CHAMBERMAID wanted. Apply at Grigg House. 50c

PLAIN IRONERS WANTED. Apply The Puritan Steam Laundry Company of Ontario, Limited. 50c

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT AT ONCE. Apply 555 Waterloo street. 50c

WANTED—GIRL TO ASSIST WITH housework; no laundry. 354 Dundas street. 50c

THREE COOKS, FIVE GENERALS, three kitchen girls, two housekeepers, two nurses. Mrs. Payne, intelligence office, 30 Dundas. Phone 1570. 50c

OPERATORS, DRESSMAKERS, AND apprentices wanted. Apply Helena's, time company. 50c

LADY CANVASSERS WANTED. Apply 356 Clarence street, London. 50c

ANY INTELLIGENT PERSON CAN earn good income at home in spare time corresponding for newspapers; no canvassing; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST, SATURDAY EVENING, AT PORT Stanley, a square gold locket, with "R. C. H." engraved on it. Liberal reward. Returning to R. C. Hunter, 248 Oxford street, London. 50c

LOST, ABOUT JULY 30, ON YORK street, near Richmond—Ten dollars reward to any person returning patent watch (which has no value to the person but the owner), to 14 York street, by Saturday, Aug. 4. 50c

LOST, WEDNESDAY, HEAVY RAIN coat, between Wellington south and scales. Please leave at Market weigh scales. 50c

WANTED.

WANTED—COLONIAL LOAN COM- PANY'S stock; state quantity and price. Box 48, London. 50c-55c

WANTED FOR SPOT CASH—A FIRST- CLASS upright piano, quick. Box 52, Advertiser. 50c

COTTAGE, SIX TO EIGHT ROOMS, near city; rent not to exceed \$10. H. B. 783 William street. 50c

WANTED—CITY LOAN COMPANY'S stocks. John Wright, stockbroker, London. Phone 685. 50c

TEACHERS WANTED.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR S. N. O. 5, Moss, for balance of year 1906; applicants state experience and salary expected. Address Angus Taylor, Cashmere. 50c

TEACHER WANTED—EXPERIENCED teacher wanted for school No. 16 Westminster; duties to commence after holidays. Apply E. S. Hunt, Scottville, Ont. 50c

TEACHER WANTED FOR SCHOOL section No. 2, North Dorchester; duties to commence Aug. 20; personal applications preferred. Apply W. B. Weir, Crumlin P. O., Ont. 50c

EXPERIENCED TEACHER WANTED for school section No. 6, Dawn. Applications to be in by the 4th of August. Wm. Wright, secretary-treasurer, Oakdale, Ont. 50c

ARCHITECTS.

HERBERT MATTHEWS, ARCHITECT, 101 Fleet Street (date of Toronto), architect, Dundas block. Phone 400. 50c

H. C. MCBRIDE, ARCHITECT—SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers. 50c

REMOVAL—GEORGE CHADDOCK, architect, 461 Talbot. 50c

MOORE & HENRY—ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS. John M. Moore. Frederick Henry. 50c

WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT—114 (second floor) Masonic Temple. Phone 1557. 50c

DERMATOLOGY.

BUTLER'S, 236 DUNDAS STREET—Hair goods, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superficial hair removed. 50c

PHYSICAL CULTURE.

PHYSICAL CULTURE SCHOOL, 510 Richmond street—Specialties: Body-building, corrective work, remedial movements. Office hours, 3:45 to 4:45 p.m. Consultation free. 50c

OSTEOPATHY.

H. V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC PHYSI- CIAN—Chronic diseases. 554 Richmond street. Phone 1573. 50c

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

DRS. TAMLIN & SCOTT HAVE RE- MOVED to their new quarters, 43 Talbot street. 50c

TENNENT, BARNES & TENNENT, veterinary surgeons—Office, 137 King; residence, 137 Queen. Phone 137 and Wellington. Phone: Office, 68; house, 215. 50c

EDUCATIONAL.

J. A. YOUNG PREPARES PUPILS FOR matriculation, etc. Class in civil service commencing. 44 Princess. 50c

THE MISSISS WETCOTT'S SCHOOL, 441 Ridout street. Terms on application. 50c

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HIGH-GRADE PIANO, used only one year; must be sold this month; easy terms of payment. Address Box 53, Advertiser. 50c

UPRIGHT PIANO, MAHOAGANY CASE, 7-14 octaves; gentle tone; a snap. 50c Apply 418 York street. 50c

GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINE PARTS and repairs. Horton's, 401 Richmond. 50c

24-H. P. TOURING CAR, FOUR-CYLIN- DER, double-chain drive; terms reasonable. C. Barton Electric Company, 19 King street. 50c

WATER TANKS FOR SALE, \$2, THE London Soap Company. 50c

SHOES OF STYLE AND QUALITY, made to order. William Paxman, 250 Dundas. Phone 1580. 50c

LATEST FURNITURE, REFRIGERA- TORS, carpets, art squares and linoleums. Easy terms at M. Hornstein's, 289 South street. 50c

STOVES, RANGES AND FURNITURE at Greene's, 141 King street. New and second-hand. 50c

FOR SALE—PAIR OF WALPOLE Island Indian guns, 28 and 29 years old. Apply Daniel Smith, St. Joseph's P. O., Ontario. 50c

FOR SALE—A FEW FIRST-CLASS second-hand buggies and phaetons. J. W. Smith. 50c

A THREE-H. P. GASOLINE ENGINE for sale. D. McKenzie & Co., 236 Richmond street. 50c

FEW GOOD SECOND-HAND BICYCLES Easy terms. Another shipment English motor bicycles on way. Place orders early. J. H. Cunningham, East London. 50c

NO CREAMERY BUTTER BETTER than MacLeod's. Clean, pure and well-made. Insist on getting it. B. Learn, Market. Furnishes the trade. 50c

ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE AT LOW EST prices. J. C. Paton, the Upholsterer, next to Vaudeville. 50c

SPECIAL—TWO FINE SQUARE PIANOS (guaranteed five years), at \$50 each, payable 50c per week. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas, corner Clarence. 50c

NEW BALD-BEARING RAYMOND Sewing Machine, guaranteed, ten-year guarantee; elegant, durable. Second-hand machines. 225 Dundas. H. Clark, manager. 50c

UPHOLSTERING AND REPAIRING AT 27 Dundas street, opposite McCormick's. You get the best and cheapest. 50c

D. H. GILLIES & CO., COAL AND wood dealers. Wood our specialty. Try load 32 wood. Corner Adelaide and Bathurst. Phone 1312. 50c

DANIELS' NEW CENTURY MAGIC Salva for sale and real estate, druggists, or 350 Clarence street, London. 50c

WE HAVE MOVED OUR STORE TO 29 King street. Wallpaper cheaper than ever. Scarrow, 92 King. 50c

SOUTHCOTT & KITTLE—HARD, SOFT coal and wood dealers. Phone 259. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. 50c

SPRINGS, MATTRESSES AND IRON beds. Special low prices this week at Keene Bros., 125 and 127 King street. 50c

SUNGLE CURES DANDRUFF AND promotes the growth of hair. Guaranteed. James T. Gleason, manufacturer, 531 Dundas street. 50c

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald; the recognized want medium of the city; rate, 1c a word, cash. See our insertion for 25c a word, cash. With order. Subscription: Daily, 3c a month, 25c a year. Sample copy sent on application. 50c

THREE PIANO BARGAINS—HARD- MAN, new York, \$50; Dunham, New York, \$100; \$80; all fully guaranteed; \$5 cash, 14 per month. Nordheimer & Limited, 118 Dundas street, London. 50c

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—SEE Phone 155. F. S. Onn, Fish Market. 50c

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—COTTAGE AND LOT; FIVE rooms. Apply 74 Front street. 50c

BRICK COTTAGE FOR SALE. FOR particulars apply 133 Richmond street. To local. 50c

317 PALL MALL, 312, 311 PALL MALL, 314; 687 Waterloo, 312. Houses for sale on monthly payments. Scarrow, 92 King. 724 vxx 50c

FOR SALE—FARM, 16 ACRES, AT GOOD village and railway station; brick house, seven rooms; good barns; brick stables; orchard, never-failing spring, brick and tile yard, machinery, good home, etc.; very cheap. Easy terms to good buyer. Must be sold. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple, London, Ont. 50c

ONE HUNDRED ACRES FOR SALE—One mile from Belmont; good state of cultivation; 10 acres good bush; good brick house, fair outbuildings. Apply Neil McKellar, W. A. Brown, executors, Belmont, Ont. 50c

BRICK COTTAGE, SEVEN ROOMS, bath, w.c., etc.; large lot, fruit trees; choice location. 757 Maitland. 50c

20,000 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE IN the Vermilion Valley. "The Garden of the Dominion." The G. T. R. Co. also pass through this district. Prices from \$6 to \$12 per acre. In lots from 100 acres upwards. Terms: Quarter cash, balance in ten yearly payments if needed. Apply for full information and particulars apply to J. F. Oakes, Box 130, Calgary, Alta. 50c

LIVERIES AND HACKS.

KING EDWARD LIVERY, WELLING- TON street—Rubber-tired hacks, coupes, etc. Phone 303. Branch, corner Bathurst and Richmond. Phone 334. A. G. Stroyan. 50c

DYER'S LIVERY, NEXT ADVERTISER, Telephone 127. Coupes, hacks, etc. Open day and night. 50c

MONEY TO LOAN.

THIRTY-EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS to loan on city property. Box 45, Advertiser. 50c

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4% to 5% on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street, London. 50c

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES. Thomas C. Knott, real estate broker, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 50c

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, 53 Dundas street. 50c

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. M. F. McDonough, barrister, 418 Talbot street. 50c

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 59 Dundas street. 50c

HOTEL CARDS.

DOMINION HOUSE, ADJOINING Grand Trunk Railway Station, London. J. J. Cox, proprietor. 50c

BOSWELL HOUSE, KING STREET—Best one-dollar-a-day house in London. B. Harrison. 50c

Experience Is The Best Teacher

but a very expensive one. Advertisers who know will tell you Advertiser Want Columns always bring best returns. Take their advice and use them for what you want.

1c a Word. Ten Words Three Days 20c.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. WEEKES, 436 WATERLOO, HOURS, 11 to 2, 7 to 8:30. 50c

DR. R. OVENS, EYE AND EAR SUR- GEON—Office, 25 Queen's avenue. Residence, 171 Queen's avenue. 50c

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children, Office and residence, 461 Waterloo. Phone 283. 50c

DR. NORMAN R. HENDERSON, COR- NER Park and Dufferin avenues. Eye, ear, nose, throat. 50c

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS, 386 DUNDAS—House, 11-2, 4-8. Phone 1342. 50c

DR. MCLELLAN, GRADUATE NEW York Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat Hospital. Only special work. 109 Maple. 50c

DR. J. B. CAMPBELL, 330 DUNDAS street. Hours, 12 to 4, and 6 to 8. 50c

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's. Eye, ear, nose, throat. 50c

DR. PINGEL, ELECTRICAL SPECIAL- IST, 444 Wellington street, London. 50c

J. J. MASON, B.A., M.D., SOUTHEAST corner Dundas and Colborne. Phone 383. 50c

DR. KINGSMILL, MEMBER ROYAL College Surgeons, and Licentiate Royal College Physicians. Corner Park and Queen's avenues. 50c

HADLEY WILLIAMS, F.R.C.S. (ENG-) LAND—Returned from Europe and resumed surgical practice. 439 Park avenue. Phone 224. 50c

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON- DON—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m. 50c

DR. D. H. ARNOTT, 226 QUEEN'S avenue. Hours, 11 to 2:30, 7 to 8. Phone 413. 50c

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 331 DUNDAS street. Phone 510. Special attention diseases women and surgery. X-rays. 50c

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. (England)—Office, 287 King street. Telephone 82. 50c

London Advertiser.FOUNDED IN 1853.
TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office107
Editorial Department134
Job Department175
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.

LONDON, FRIDAY, AUG. 3.

THE PROVINCIAL LOAN.

The Provincial Treasurer has had an encouraging response to his first appeal to Canadian investors. It is a month since the flotation of the \$3,000,000 provincial 3½ per cent loan, and already \$1,850,000 has been absorbed. The great majority of the subscriptions are for lots of \$25,000 and over.

It is gratifying to know that corporations and men of means are investing in the securities of this Province. They are promoting its credit, and contributing to the general financial stability of the country. It would be even more gratifying if persons of limited means showed more eagerness to take up the present loan. The existence of a large body of small investors in public securities is a condition that makes for thrift, order, and an intelligent interest in public affairs. But money deposited with banks and loan companies is payable on demand, and comparatively few small depositors are in a position to tie up their savings in bonds for long periods. In the present period of prosperity many attractive investments compete with the savings banks, and financial writers are dwelling upon the decline in bonds the world over, owing to the increasing rewards of money in more speculative securities.

Under the circumstances Ontario's public loan is faring well—so well, in fact, as to justify the strictures upon the Provincial Secretary for not resorting to the same method in his first financial venture. He negotiated the sale of his first issue of bonds in England at a rate which will cost the Province nearly 4 per cent. The securities were gilt-edged, having behind them the incalculable wealth of Ontario. The Provincial Treasurer was urged before the transaction was closed to float a public loan, but declined to listen. His acceptance of the advice of his critics, by offering his second loan to the Canadian people is a confession that he blundered in the first place.

EAST AND WEST INTERDEPENDENT.

One of these days we shall have to allow Winnipeg two or three M. P.s, and Edmonton and Calgary one each. How these centers of population in the west do grow! They are a gauge of the prosperity of the west under the new order of things. We in the older provinces are not jealous of their progress. We realize that our interests and theirs are interdependent, and that as our lands to the north and theirs in the west are developed, the old and the new provinces will continue to react on each other for their mutual advantage. Eastern Canada, especially Ontario, has been the mother of the Prairie Provinces, and the foster-mother of British Columbia. The sons and daughters of the east, who have made the west, are bound to us by the closest of ties—the family tie—and the cultivation of a sturdy pride in Canadian citizenship will help to counteract any divisive influences.

SOMETHING ABOUT DIAMONDS.

A study of the trade returns of the United States shows that one of the most reliable tests of prosperity is the demand for diamonds. In 1897 when times were hard the importation of diamonds was only \$2,000,000. In 1900 the value was \$12,000,000, and last year \$35,000,000. These are customs figures, but probably diamonds worth millions of dollars were smuggled into the country in addition. The American bureau of statistics claims that nine-tenths of all the diamonds sold in the world are bought in the United States. According to the London Times the production of these precious stones in South Africa by the end of 1903 will be greater by almost 50 per cent than the hitherto greatest output in the history of the fields, 3,120,000 karats, in 1899. The output is controlled by a powerful combination of diamond merchants in London, and the price has been steadily advanced. In 1887 the output of the New Jagerfontein mine sold at \$7.05 per karat. Diamond mining was almost suspended during the Boer war, and the price rose to \$13.60 per karat in 1903. The diamond combination saw its opportunity, and kept up the price after the war. In 1905 it was \$14.45 per karat, and another advance of 5 per cent has since been made. These are the figures for first-class diamonds, but about 25 per cent of the output of the mines is not high grade and the value averages less than \$2.45 per karat.

The increase in the price of diamonds may pinch an occasional bridegroom—to be, because custom has selected the diamond as the proper thing for the engagement ring, but it has been for

the advantage of diamond owners. It has given a steady value to diamonds. They are sound investments, and being portable and easily marketable, are one of the most convenient forms of wealth.

The British bowlers have so far beaten all competitors in Canada, but they haven't struck the headquarters of Canadian bowling yet.

The Ottawa Free Press is getting deserved credit for unearthing the Temiskaming mining scandal. The Free Press handled the case admirably, and forced a disclosure of the facts. These are worse than at first suspected.

With this week's issue of the Bowmanville Statesman, Mr. M. A. James enters upon his 29th year as editor and proprietor, the first number under his control having been issued on Aug. 1, 1878. From a diminutive four-page paper the Statesman has grown to be a well-printed, eight-page publication with steadily-growing advertising patronage, increasing circulation, and all the other indications of prosperity.

Members of Parliament do well to get around among the people in the parliamentary recess, and find out what they are saying about things. As the election talks, he is likely to think, and as he thinks he is apt when opportunity offers to vote. He is a good representative, and the best type of party man, who in this and other ways open to him strives to ascertain what public opinion is at its best, and then seeks to give it expression in Parliament. The candid critic may not always be welcome, but without being a "crank" he can be of much use.

Lieut.-Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton was the chief speaker at a largely attended meeting in London, under the auspices of the Guild of Loyal Women of South Africa and the Victoria League, to devise means for raising funds to maintain in proper condition the graves of soldiers who fell during the late war. The desire is to establish a fund of \$25,000, the income of which is to be devoted to the up-keep of the graves. Viscount Milner spoke highly of the work done so far in marking the resting places of the fallen. Canada contributed her full share. What is being done in the Dominion to take care of the graves of these heroes? We know something was done, but is anything further required?

An inquiry into the conduct of the affairs of the Poplar (London) Board of Guardians revealed the fact, among other disgraceful episodes, that one of the leaders in a political demonstration, to support the view of Mr. Balfour, on the trade question, was a clerk who earned £2 15s 3d on the six days immediately preceding the demonstration, and who had steady employment. His wife was reported to have told a deputation that "some one gave me 3d, and I bought a penny-worth of bacon, a half-penny-worth of bone, and a penny-worth of coal." This was also shown to be a falsehood. Social conditions are not all that they might be among the poor who crowd into London, but they are not, it seems, nearly so bad as some politicians have been making out.

A London, England, journalist was sent to interview an aeronaut, but the balloonist declined to talk, unless the scribe went along with him to the skies. That is no new experience in newspaper work. The late Archie Bremner accompanied the famous aeronaut, Donaldson, on his last successful trip to the clouds, made in this city thirty years ago, and afterwards sent to finish another. After leaving this city he went to Michigan, and made an ascension at an inland town, in company with another journalist. The balloon was carried rapidly away by a strong wind in the direction of the lake, and its occupants were never again heard of. Today the aeronaut's calling is just as risky as ever, and the enterprising newspaper man just as ready to share the risk when he sees a good item in it.

MISLEADING SYNONYMS.

[Puck.]
Synonyms are not infrequently misleading. Hence the confusion between the simple life and the foolish life.

NO VISIBLE SIGNS.

[Chicago Tribune.]
Mrs. Rambo—Absalom, have you been drinking again?
Mr. Rambo—Yesh. How ju guesht it, Nenshy?

A LIMITED NUMBER.

[Cleveland Plain Dealer.]
"Mr. Carnegie thinks there should be a grand English speaking union, which will embrace all who use the mother tongue."
"Does he? Well, I wouldn't mind embracing some of 'em—but not all."

THE OLD TROUBLE.

[New York Tribune.]
A curious thing noticed at once by visitors to Moscow is the absence of whips among the cab drivers. There is a law prohibiting their use. There is not a single whip in use in Moscow. The excellent condition of the horses attests the benefit of this humane law. Moderation varies the world over. The whip is not in disuse in Moscow. They use it there on men and women.

ENGLISHWOMEN'S TENDENCIES

[Ladies' Field.]
The natural tendency of most Englishwomen is to flop, to do their hair anyhow, to wear their largest boots and their loosest corsets.

A SIGN OF GROWTH.

[Bystander.]
Bertha—I say, father, are you still growing?
Father—No, my dear; why?
Bertha (puzzled)—Why, because the top of your head is coming through your hair.

ON THE ROAD TO MANDALAY.

[Mr. Kipling up-to-date.]
A motorist has arrived at Mandalay, Burma, having covered 4,914 miles in India and Burma in an automobile. He reports the roads very muddy and rough, except in the cities.—Daily Paper.

In an old Moulmein pagoda, lookin' east-ard to the sea,
There's a Burmah girl a-settin'; she's awaitin' there for me.
She's forgotten Tommy Atkins, an' 'is thin red 'ero line,
For she's dippy now on motors, an' sweet Supai-wat's mine.

On the road to Mandalay,
Where the bike cops don't get gay;
Where there ain't no speedin' limit,
You can't speed in Man-alay.

Oh! her petticoats' still yellin', but it's spattered with mud, an' she's sweatin' with heat,
Every rickshaw coolie shudders, an' 'he swears by Great Gawd Budd
That the Juggernaut's a plaything when compared with Suppy's car,
Suppy's 'Mandalay Man-Eater,' with 'is nickleked steering-bar.

When the mist is on the rice fields an' the sun is droopin' slow,
She don't take for 'is banjo; she just climbs in the tonneau,
From in front I catch the flavor of her whackin' white cheerio,
But there ain't no time for kisserin'—you should see us shoot the chute.

What's the use o' wastin' tires on a gritty asphalt street?
Why not move to where the Irrawaddy ripples in the heat?
Where there ain't no Ten Commandments, an' there ain't but one garter,
So don't break down north of Rangoon in your benzine equipage.

O! the Bandar-Log is shrieking in his clash-transmission style,
An' the temple bells 'in' ringin', crost the river, bout a mile,
An' I feels for Tommy Atkins in 'is little barrack hall,
While we're toolin' the Man-Eater, Suppy's motor, down the Mall.

An' when that's all shoveld behind me, far away, an' long ago,
An' no fourin' car can struggle through the Irrawaddy's dough,
Wrap me with my chauffeur's goggles in a Brahmin overcoat,
An' let Suppy gurgle softly, as she hustles out to mote.

On the road to Mandalay,
Where the bike cops don't get gay;
Where there ain't no speedin' limit,
You can't speed in Mandalay.

ONE ELEMENT WANTING.

[T. P.'s Weekly.]
Down the Regent street pavement strolled one day Alfred Tennyson and Edward Fitzgerald. They stopped to look into a window where busts of Dante and Goethe were displayed. When they had looked at these in silence Fitzgerald said, "What is this wanting in Goethe which the other has?" Tennyson, quietly answered, "The divine."

A WISE SON.

[Toronto Star.]
Coming back to that Temiskaming right-of-way deal, Denis Murphy is now prepared to admit that it's a wise son that knows how to work his own father.

TEARS OF THE COMMUTER.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.]
Come into the garden, Maud, Where all was once so fair,
Come out and watch me wildly rave And cuss and tear my hair.
It's all because the neighbor's hens Have raised the dickens there.

The flower beds you loved so well Are scratched and been laid low,
The pretty pansies that you praised You never more will know.
And O, dear Maud, just think of not I tolled with rake and hoe!

There's not a blossom on the vine, There's not a single pink,
And everything we had those hens Have put upon the blink.
Please move the gasoline away, Or I shall take to drink.

Come look, my dear, on all this truck We planted with such care,
Our radishes and lettuce—all Are up and out for fair.
Excuse me, dear, I want to load The shotgun hanging there.

Come into the garden, Maud, And sit there by the fence,
And I shall hide behind the bush With leaves and branches dense,
And then, my dear, I'll make those hens Resemble thirty cents.

IDENTIFYING THEM.

[Harper's Weekly.]

Some lady visitors going through a penitentiary under the escort of the superintendent came to a room in which three women were sewing.

"Dear me!" whispered one of the visitors, "what vicious looking creatures! Pray, what are they here for?"
"Because they have no other home. This is our sitting room, and they are my wife and two daughters," blandly replied the superintendent.

LUCK IN LIFE.

[Lady Violet Greville in Graphia.]
Some people are always present in railway smashes, others in fires, others in boats that upset; while a special providence watches over children, old people, sleep-walkers, and drunkards. Life is not the same for all—far be it; and Napoleon was right when he said he preferred the lucky general to the clever one.

POLICEMAN'S MISTAKE.

[London Evening Standard.]
An urban councillor of Milton, Stiffing-bourne, got into a compartment at Barking in which a policeman and a prisoner were traveling.

Presently the policeman fell asleep and when the train reached Plaistow the prisoner, failing to arouse his custodian, quietly got out. When the policeman woke up he mistook the urban councillor for his prisoner and tried to force him out to the platform. The councillor resisted, and the train went on to Bromley-by-Bow.

Here the policeman succeeded in hauling the victim out and took him back to Plaistow by train. After a long cross-examination the councillor was liberated and reached home by cab in the small hours of the morning.



CURE SICK HEADACHE

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cure the headache.

Aske they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint, but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head-

Is the base of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

For Sale

3 Lots

Good Location—Dundas St., near Richmond.

These three lots consist—

1st Lot

The balance of our Men's Outing Trousers, flannels and homespuns, to clear at

\$2.95

2nd Lot

A bunch of \$12.00 Outing Suits for

\$9.95

3rd Lot

Boys' Wash Suits reduced to only

25c

We will also offer several other lots at bargain prices.

Alteration Sale

That's the Reason

Get the boys fitted out for school while this sale is on.

Oak Hall

154 Dundas Street.

2 in 1 SHOE POLISH

Black and White

You will hardly believe how good it is for ladies' shoes, or how easily applied. Shining your own shoes becomes a positive pleasure with "2 in 1." Don't take a substitute.



J. H. CHAPMAN & CO

Our Greatest Saturday Sale Tomorrow. COME!

Every man and woman in London and for twenty miles around should investigate these bargains. We have no space elsewhere in this ad to elaborate on the merits of this sale. When you read you'll read solid bargain news. Everything advertised in this list will be on sale tomorrow.

Men's Pants and Suits and Boys' Suits, Extreme Reductions

150 pairs Men's Tweed Pants (all wool), mostly in neat dark gray stripes, well made and trimmed, good fitting, sizes 32 to 44. Regular \$1.75, tomorrow... **\$1.25**

100 pairs Men's Pants of fancy worsted, medium gray shades, in neat stripe effects, sizes 32 to 42. Regular \$2.75, on sale tomorrow for only... **\$1.95**

75 Men's Suits of all-wool tweed, in colors light gray, dark gray and fancy mixtures, all sizes, good lining and workmanship, perfect fitting, sizes 36 to 44. Regular \$8.50 and \$10.00, tomorrow for... **\$5.95**

25 only Boys' Norfolk Suits of dark tweed, very neat patterns, well made and trimmed, sizes 26 to 33. Worth regular \$2.50, on sale tomorrow for... **\$1.69**

100 Boys' Wash Suits in Sailor Blouse and Buster Brown styles, pretty material, beautifully made and trimmed, sizes for boys 3 to 7 years. Regular \$1.25, on sale tomorrow or only... **69c**

Buy Table Linens Tomorrow

For 22c per yard you, can buy splendid Half-Bleached Table Linen, 58 inches wide, in very pretty patterns.

For 45c per yard, you can buy Extra Heavy Half-Bleached Table Linen, 60 inches wide.

For 75c per yard, you can buy Fine Bleached Table Linen (double damask), 72 inches wide, in tulip, pansy and bow knot patterns. Worth \$1.00.

600 yards Pure Linen Crash Toweling, 16 inches wide, on sale tomorrow for per yard... **62c**

Or 16 yards for... **\$1.00**

15 dozen Turkish Bath Towels, natural color, size 20x40 inches, heavy and soft, at, per pair... **25c**

New Lace Boleros
Collars Etc. Just Received

Battenburg Collars, each, 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25

Battenburg Sets, collars and cuffs, per set... **\$1**

Battenburg Sleeves, to go with short sleeve waists, per pair... **\$1**

Battenburg Chemisettes, with sleeves to match, hand-made, at, per set... **\$5**

Battenburg Lace Bolero Jackets at, each, **\$4, \$4.50, \$5**

For sale at Fancy Goods Counter.

Millinery Dept.

3 dozen Children's White Sailor Hats, wide brim with navy band and ends. Regular 25c. Now for **12c**

500 yards Straw Braid, for making hats and trimming. Regular 10c. On sale at, **2c**

per yard... **2c**

100 bunches Flowers, worth 25c per bunch. Choice **5c**

tomorrow for... **5c**

3 dozen untrimmed Straw Hat Shapes. Worth 75c to \$1.00, choice **25c**

tomorrow... **25c**

1 Table Trimmed Straw and Linen Hats. Worth \$2.00 to \$3.00, choice **\$1.25**

for... **\$1.25**

DECISIVE CLEARANCE OF FINE IMPORTED

DRESS GOODS

Including Plain, Checked and Mixed Suitings, formerly 50c to \$1.25 a yard, now

25c and 50c

New Cravenette Rainproof Cloth for traveling and raincoats, in colors of olive, fawn, castor and Oxford gray, 60 inches wide, at, per yard... **\$1.00**

See our New Fall Dress Goods in Broadcloths, Chevots, Fancy Plaids and Tweeds, handsome goods indeed. On sale at, a yard... **50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25**

Women's Ready-to-Wears

Ladies' Kimonos of dark print, collar trimmed with braid, at, each... **49c**

Ladies' Print Wrappers, light and medium colors, flounce skirt, at... **59c**

Ladies' Percal Underskirts, made with deep flounce, at... **49c**

Ladies' House Dresses of blue and white stripe percale, piped with white, and white linen collar and cuffs. Regular \$1.75 and \$2.00, now for only... **\$1.25**

Carpet Dept.

50 Velvet Rugs in new patterns and colorings, sizes 27x54 and 36x72. Worth \$1.75 to \$2.50, choice tomorrow for only... **\$1.19**

20 pieces Japanese Matting with cotton warp, full yard wide, reversible, effective floral designs. Regular 35c and 40c, tomorrow at per yard... **19c**

10 pieces Linoleum, 2 to 4 yards wide, newest patterns and colorings, tile, floral and block designs. Regular 50c per square yard, tomorrow... **40c**

5 pieces Union Carpet, full yard wide, extra heavy, in dark green, brown and red grounds, very pretty patterns. Worth regular 45c per yard, tomorrow for... **32c**

500 yards Black Mercerized Sateen for Ladies' Dresses, Petticoats and Men's Shirts. Worth 15c per yard, on sale tomorrow... **12c**

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery

100 dozen Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose, light weight for early fall wear, spliced toes and heels and seamless feet, sizes 8½ to 10, at per pair... **25c**

50 dozen Ladies' Black Cotton Hose (stainless dye), seamless feet, at, per pair... **15c**

Children's and Misses' Cashmere Hose, fine quality, seamless feet, sizes 4½ to 8½. Prices 15c to... **25c**

Ladies' Tan Lisle Hose with lace ankle. Worth 35c per pair, on sale for... **25c**

Ladies' Tan Cotton Hose, seamless feet, lace fronts, sizes 8½ to 10. Regular 25c pair, tomorrow... **19c**

Men's Furnishings

WONDERFUL BARGAINS

15 dozen Men's Soft-Front Shirts of fine cambric, neat patterns, sizes 14 to 17, worth 75c, tomorrow... **49c**

Men's and Boys' Patent Leather Belts, regular 25c, tomorrow... **12 1-2c**

Odd lots of Men's Shirts and Drawers, natural color and black, medium size. Worth 50c per garment, sale price... **25c**

Men's and Boys' Straw Hats at Half Price
\$2.00 Straw Hats tomorrow for... **\$1.00**
\$1.00 Straw Hats tomorrow for... **50c**
50c Straw Hats tomorrow for... **25c**

Wash Dress Goods

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTIONS

3 pieces (all-over) Tucked Nainsook Muslin for ladies' waists, yokes and children's dresses. Regular 45c and 50c yard, reduced to... **19c**

15 pieces Taffeta Cloth, in navy, green, black, white and fawn grounds, in neat dot, stripe, check and floral designs. Regular 20c and 25c yard, tomorrow... **13c**

12 pieces Muslins and Dimities, in good patterns and colorings. Worth 12½c and 15c yard, tomorrow... **6 1-2c**

8 pieces Black Grenadine Muslin in pretty designs. Regular 25c yard, Friday for... **16c**

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128½ Dundas St.

The House of a Thousand Candles

BY MEREDITH NICHOLSON. (Copyright, 1935, by Bobbe-Merrill Co.)

CHAPTER XIV. The Girl in Gray.

My first thought was to find the crypt door, and return through the tunnel before Bates reached the house. The chapel was open, and by lightning matches I found my way to the map and panel. I slipped through and closed the opening; then ran through the passage with gratitude for the generous builder who had given it a clear floor and ample roof. In my haste I miscalculated its length, and pitched into the steps under the trap at a speed that sent me sprawling. In a moment more I had jammed the trap into place and was running up the cellar steps, breathless, with my cap smashed down over my eyes.

I heard Bates at the rear of the house and knew I had won the race by a scratch. There was but a moment in which to throw my coat and cap under the divan, slap the dust from my clothes and seat myself at a great table where the candles glowed tranquilly.

Bates' step was as steady as ever—there was not the slightest hint of excitement in it—as he came and stood within the door.

"Beg pardon, Mr. Glenarm, did you wish anything, sir?"

"Oh, no, thank you, Bates."

"I had stepped down to the village, sir, to speak to the grocer. The eggs he sent this morning were not quite up to the mark. I have warned him not to send any of the storage article to this house."

"That's right, Bates." I folded my arms to hide my hands, which were black from contact with the passage, and faced my man-servant. My respect for his rascally powers had increased immensely since he gave me my coffee. A contest with so clever a rogue was worth while.

"I'm grateful for your good care of me, Bates. I had expected to perish of discomfort out here, but you are treating me like a lord."

"Thank you, Mr. Glenarm. I do what I can, sir."

He brought fresh candles for the table candelabra, going about with his accustomed noiseless step. I felt a cold chill creep down my spine as he passed behind me on these errands. His attention from the role of conspirator to that of my flawless servant was almost too abrupt.

I dismissed him as quickly as possible and listened to his step through the halls as he went about locking the doors. This was a regular incident, but I was aware tonight that he exercised what seemed to me a particular care in settling the bolts. The locking-up process had rather bored me before; to-night the snapping of the bolts was particularly trying.

When I heard Bates climbing to his own quarters I quietly went the rounds on my own account, and found everything as tight as a drum.

In the cellar I took occasion to roll some barrels of cement into the end of the corridor, to cover and block the trap-door. Bates had no manner of business in that part of the house, as the heating apparatus was under the kitchen and accessible by an independent stairway. I had no immediate use for the hidden passage to the chapel, and I did not intend that my enemies should avail themselves of it. Morgan at least, knew of it, and while he was not likely to trouble me at once, I had resolved to guard every point in my pleasant game.

I was tired enough to sleep when I went to my room, and after an eventful night, woke to a clear day and keener air.

"I'm going to take a little run into the village, Bates," I remarked at breakfast.

"Very good, sir. The weather's quite cleared."

"If anyone should call I'll be back in an hour or so."

"Yes, sir."

He turned his impenetrable face toward me as I rose. There was, of course, no chance whatever that anyone would call to see me; the Reverend Paul Stoddard was the only human being, except Bates, Morgan and the man who had brought up my baggage, who had crossed the threshold since my arrival.

I really had an errand in the village. I wished to visit the hardware store, and buy some cartridges, but Picking's presence in the community was a disturbing factor in my mind. I wished to get sight of him—to meet him, if possible, and see how a man, whose schemes were so deep, looked in the light of day.

As I left the grounds and gained the stairway Stoddard fell in with me.

"Well, Mr. Glenarm, I'm glad to see you abroad so early. With that library of yours the temptation must be strong to stay within doors. But a man's got to subject himself to the sun and wind. Even a good wetting now and then is salutary."

"I try to get out every day," I answered. "But I've chiefly limited myself to the grounds."

"Well, it's a fine estate. The lake is altogether charming in summer. I quite envy you your fortune."

He walked with a long swinging stride, his hands thrust deep into his overcoat pockets. It was difficult to accept the idea of so much physical strength being wasted in the mere business of saying prayers in a girl's school. Here was a fellow who should have been captain of a ship or a soldier, a leader of forlorn hopes. I felt sure there must be a weakness of some sort in him. Quite possibly it would prove to be a mild aestheticism that delighted in the savor of incense and the mournful cadence of choral verses. He declined a cigar and this rather increased my suspicions.

The village hack, filled with young women, passed at a gallop, bound for the station, and we took off our hats.

"Christmas holidays," explained the chaplain, "Practically all the students go home."

"Lucky kids to have a Christmas to go home to!"

"I suppose Mr. Picking got away last night?" he observed, and my pulse quickened at the name.

"I haven't seen him yet," I answered guardedly.

"Then, of course, he hasn't gone!" and these words, uttered in the big clergyman's deep tones, seemed wholly plausible. There was, to be sure, nothing so unlikely as that Arthur Picking, executor of my grandfather's estate, would come to Glenarm without seeing me.

"Sister Devereux told me this morning he was here. He called on her and Miss Devereux last night. I haven't seen him myself. I thought possibly I might run into him in the village. His car's very likely on the station switch."

"No doubt we shall find him there," I answered easily.

The Annexe station presented an appearance of unusual gaiety when we reached the main street of the village. There, to be sure, lay a private car on the siding, and on the platform was a group of twenty or more girls, with several of the brown-haired Sisters of St. Agatha. There was something a little foreign in the picture; the girls in their bright colors talking gaily, the Sisters in their somber garb hovering about, suggesting France or Italy, rather than Indiana.

"I came here with the idea that St. Agatha's was a charity school," I remarked to the chaplain.

"Not a bit of it! Sister Theresa is really a swell, you know, and her school is hard to get into."

"I'm glad you warned me in time. I had thought of sending over a sack of flour occasionally, or a few bolts of calico to help on the good work. You've saved my life."

"I probably have. I might mention your good intentions to Sister Theresa."

"Why don't you?" I asked, if there's any danger of meeting her on that platform."

"No; she isn't coming down, I'm sure. But you ought to know—if you will pardon me. And Miss Devereux is charming—but really I don't mean to be annoying."

"Not in the least. But under the circumstances—the will and my probationary year—you can understand."

"Certainly. A man's affair are his own, Mr. Glenarm."

We stepped upon the platform. The private car was on the opposite side of the station and had been switched into a siding of the east and west road. Picking was certainly getting on. The private car, even more than the yacht, is the symbol of plutocracy, and gapping rustics were evidently impressed by its grandeur. As I lounged across the platform with Stoddard, Picking came out into the vestibule of his car, followed by two ladies and an elderly gentleman. They all descended and began a promenade of the plank walk.

Picking saw me an instant later, and came up hurriedly with outstretched hand.

"This is indeed good fortune! We dropped off here last night rather unexpectedly to rest a hot-box and we should have been picked up by the midnight express for Chicago; but there was a miscarriage of orders somewhere and we now have to wait for the nine o'clock, and it's late. If I'd known how much behind it was I should have run out to see you. How are things going?"

"As smooth as a whistle! It really is not so bad when you face it. And the fact is I'm actually at work."

"That's splendid. The year will go fast enough, never fear. I suppose you pine for a little human society now and then. A man can never strike the right medium in such things. In New York we are rushed to death. I sometimes feel that I'd like a little rustication myself. I get nervous, and working for corporations is wearing. The old gentleman there is Taylor, president of the Interstate and Western."

The ladies are his wife and a friend of her. I'd like to introduce you." He ran his eyes over my corduroys and leggings amiably. He had not in years addressed me so pleasantly.

Stoddard had left me to go to the other end of the platform I speak to some of the students. I followed Picking rather loathly to where the companions of his travels were pacing to and fro in the crisp morning air.

I laugh still whenever I remember that morning at Annandale station. As the ladies and I were waiting, Picking derided in conversation with Taylor he excused himself hurriedly and went off, as I assumed, to be sure the station agent had received orders for attaching the private car to the Chicago express. Taylor proved to be a supercilious Picking—I believe they call him Chilly Billy at the Metropolitan Club—and our efforts to converse were pathetically unfruitful. He asked me the value of land in my country, and as my ignorance on this subject was vast and illimitable, I could see that he was forming a low opinion of my character and intelligence. The two ladies stood by, making no concealment of their impatience. Their eyes were

upon the girls from St. Agatha's on the other platform, whom they could see beyond me. I had jumped the conversation from Indiana farm lands to the recent disorders in Bulgaria, which interested me more, when Mrs. Taylor spoke abruptly to her sister.

"That's she—the one in the gray coat, talking to the clergyman. She came a moment ago in the carriage."

"The one with the umbrella? I thought you said—"

Mrs. Taylor glanced at her sister warningly, and they both looked at me. Then they sought to detach themselves and moved away. There was someone on the farther side of the platform whom they wished to see, and Taylor, not understanding their maneuver—he was really anxious, I think, not to be left alone with me—started down the platform after them, I following.

Mrs. Taylor and her sister walked to the end of the platform and looked across, a biscuit-toss away, to where Stoddard stood talking to the girl I had already heard described as wearing a gray coat and carrying an umbrella.

The girl in gray crossed the track quickly and addressed the two women cordially. Taylor's back was to her, and he was growing eloquent in a mild well-bred way over the dullness of our statesmen in not seeing the advantages that would accrue to the United States in fostering our shipping industry. His wife, her sister, and the girl in gray all turned so near that they could plainly hear what they were saying. They were referring apparently to the girl's refusal of an invitation to accompany them to California.

"So you can't go—it's too bad. We had hoped that when you really saw us on the way you would relent," said Mrs. Taylor.

To be Continued.

LET GO MY NICKEL; CAN'T, ROARS MAN

The Conductor and a Passenger Form Circuit on Street Car.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 2.—An innocent-looking five-cent piece, which did not seem to bear any particular charm aside the Government stamp, caused the air to turn suddenly blue in a Washington avenue street car Tuesday afternoon.

When Conductor Frank Richardson collected his fares, a fashionably-dressed gentleman handed him a nickel. The conductor took it between his fingers and started on when he suddenly discovered that his passenger still had hold of the coin.

"Why don't you let go?" demanded the conductor. "You must be a tightwad, for sure, to hang on to five cents like that."

"Whose a-hangin' on?" demanded the passenger. "I can't let go. My finger's paralyzed."

"Don't give me any such song and dance as that," yelled the conductor, and he took a step toward the passenger as if to give him an uppercut.

That one step saved the day. Richardson had been standing on an iron bolt in the running board of his car, and his passenger had his foot on an iron bolt in the floor. Unknown to them their bodies formed a circuit through the nickel, and so strong was the current that neither could let go of the coin.

The conductor's step forward broke the connections.

"Not in the least. But under the circumstances—the will and my probationary year—you can understand."

"Certainly. A man's affair are his own, Mr. Glenarm."

We stepped upon the platform. The private car was on the opposite side of the station and had been switched into a siding of the east and west road. Picking was certainly getting on. The private car, even more than the yacht, is the symbol of plutocracy, and gapping rustics were evidently impressed by its grandeur. As I lounged across the platform with Stoddard, Picking came out into the vestibule of his car, followed by two ladies and an elderly gentleman. They all descended and began a promenade of the plank walk.

Picking saw me an instant later, and came up hurriedly with outstretched hand.

"This is indeed good fortune! We dropped off here last night rather unexpectedly to rest a hot-box and we should have been picked up by the midnight express for Chicago; but there was a miscarriage of orders somewhere and we now have to wait for the nine o'clock, and it's late. If I'd known how much behind it was I should have run out to see you. How are things going?"

"As smooth as a whistle! It really is not so bad when you face it. And the fact is I'm actually at work."

"That's splendid. The year will go fast enough, never fear. I suppose you pine for a little human society now and then. A man can never strike the right medium in such things. In New York we are rushed to death. I sometimes feel that I'd like a little rustication myself. I get nervous, and working for corporations is wearing. The old gentleman there is Taylor, president of the Interstate and Western."

The ladies are his wife and a friend of her. I'd like to introduce you." He ran his eyes over my corduroys and leggings amiably. He had not in years addressed me so pleasantly.

Stoddard had left me to go to the other end of the platform I speak to some of the students. I followed Picking rather loathly to where the companions of his travels were pacing to and fro in the crisp morning air.

I laugh still whenever I remember that morning at Annandale station. As the ladies and I were waiting, Picking derided in conversation with Taylor he excused himself hurriedly and went off, as I assumed, to be sure the station agent had received orders for attaching the private car to the Chicago express. Taylor proved to be a supercilious Picking—I believe they call him Chilly Billy at the Metropolitan Club—and our efforts to converse were pathetically unfruitful. He asked me the value of land in my country, and as my ignorance on this subject was vast and illimitable, I could see that he was forming a low opinion of my character and intelligence. The two ladies stood by, making no concealment of their impatience. Their eyes were

TORONTO'S BABY-MURDER MYSTERY

New and Startling Evidence To Be Brought at Coming Trial.

Toronto, Aug. 2.—To get her out of trouble, Alice Foster, or Mrs. Carey, the woman charged with the Port Credit child murder, is alleged to have offered a well-known police official \$100 on the night of her arrest by Provincial Detective Greer and Detective Verney. There is also alleged to be in the trial the evidence of a Grand avenue woman who had some dealings concerning the adoption of a baby, the one recalled at the trial. The woman is said to have declared that she had been taking babies all over the country, and had never been stopped before by the police.

Alice Foster, the Wyckwood woman held in connection with the Port Credit child murder and other cases of child desertion, was this morning taken to Brampton and arraigned before the local magistrates there. A remand was made till a week from tomorrow morning, when she will come up at Port Credit, where the dead child was found in the driving shed of the Presbyterian Church there in March last. Provincial Detective Greer and Detective Verney have been hard at work on the case for some weeks.

ELOPED IN HER BARE FEET

14-Year-Old Girl Trudges 13 Miles Through Mountains.

Trinidad, Col., Aug. 2.—Pretty Ruberta Lunzerta, aged 14 years, and John F. Gonzalez, aged 30 years, were arrested last night at a lumber camp located in the Snowy range, after eloping from the girl's home at Segundito. As the result of her feet being cut and bruised by rocks, and the walk of twelve miles in making the escape from her home, the girl is confined to her bed by the injuries.

The couple left Segundito Monday night, and walked twelve miles. The girl left home barefooted for fear that if she put on her shoes she would wake her parents. By the way of back streets and on an old lumber trail, they went to the camp in the hope of meeting a minister there, where they planned to be married.

When arrested the girl was bitterly disappointed, and said she would marry her lover, no matter what happened.

ELECTRIC TRAINS ON NEW HAVEN

They're Scheduled to Start Between N. Y. and Stamford Next Month.

New York, Aug. 2.—Fifteen hundred men are working day and night on the main line of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad to complete its electrification between Stamford, Conn., and Woodlawn, N. Y.

If the plans which have been made do not go wrong, electric trains will be running between the Grand Central station and Stamford by Sept. 3. From Stamford to Woodlawn the New Haven and Hartford tracks will be used.

From Woodlawn to the Grand Central station the trains will be operated over the Central tracks.

Notices were posted yesterday in the Harlem river yards, calling on engineers to file bids for running the motor trains, beginning on Sept. 3. Notices were also posted asking firemen now in the employ of the company to file bids as assistant motormen.

It was explained yesterday by an officer of the New Haven road that it is planned to have two men in the cab of each motor train. The duties of the assistant engineer will be to look out while the train is in motion and to be ready to step into the motorman's shoes should an emergency arise.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—The following story is told as showing how the revolutionary propaganda is being spread in Russia. Early on Saturday, which was St. Vladimir's Day, Police Inspector Poble visited the Bussell printing office, which is just across the bridge from the bourse, and which does the bourse's official printing as it is the best-equipped job office in the city. Inspector Poble had just left the building after attending to the printing of a series of official posters, when thirty men, armed with revolvers, rapidly gathered in the passage and ordered the compositors to return to their posts. The manager was allowed to go on with some bookkeeping he was attending to and even to use the telephone, with two raiders at his side to prevent him disclosing over the wire what was going on.

The invaders had brought with them a matrix of the Viborg proclamation. They quickly prepared a stereotype plate from it and printed 100,000 copies. They kept at the work while a holy procession, in celebration of St. Vladimir's Day, passed the windows under the second floor of the Poble. They sent out for sausage and bread for the workmen, who had missed the midday meal because of their detention. When the work was done, the men loaded the printed copies of the manifesto on a cart and a cab and departed, leaving a rear guard to detain the employees of the office for fifteen minutes, until they were well away.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Writing from New York to the Tribune Raymond says:

Everywhere there goes on in the tenement district the manufacture of food in some shape or another, and in all of these cases the children participate, first as producers, and then as consumers. When the old mother from the Jewish pale of settlement in Russia is hard at work upon her coats, she depends upon the youngest members of the family to watch the strange messes cooking on the stove.

On the whole it seems to be true that the most depressing products of tenement manufacture are sold among the tenement people themselves. A Russian family will make the cheapest kind of a coat for a shockingly low wage, but that coat will be sold by a Yiddish peddler from one of the push carts which clog the streets in the Jewish quarter to such an extent that the doctor's buggies have to be supplied with gongs like miniature patrol wagons to enable them to get through the streets to the bedsides of the sick and dying.

It sounds radical to talk of prohibiting all kinds of manufacture in tenement-houses, and yet this is the thing people are coming to suggest with greatest earnestness—not so much for the sake of saving the grown people, for they are tough and seem to thrive on these disagreeable conditions—but it is the children whose lives and futures are at stake. If they are to grow up under such conditions they are more than likely to be physical and mental degenerates.

To prevent this, and to strike at the root of the lowest and meanest kind of child labor, it is becoming almost an article of religion among charitable workers that the tenement must be

WOULD DIVORCE HOME AND SHOP

Expert Sees Solution of Child Labor Problem in Decent Tenements.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Writing from New York to the Tribune Raymond says:

Everywhere there goes on in the tenement district the manufacture of food in some shape or another, and in all of these cases the children participate, first as producers, and then as consumers. When the old mother from the Jewish pale of settlement in Russia is hard at work upon her coats, she depends upon the youngest members of the family to watch the strange messes cooking on the stove.

On the whole it seems to be true that the most depressing products of tenement manufacture are sold among the tenement people themselves. A Russian family will make the cheapest kind of a coat for a shockingly low wage, but that coat will be sold by a Yiddish peddler from one of the push carts which clog the streets in the Jewish quarter to such an extent that the doctor's buggies have to be supplied with gongs like miniature patrol wagons to enable them to get through the streets to the bedsides of the sick and dying.

It sounds radical to talk of prohibiting all kinds of manufacture in tenement-houses, and yet this is the thing people are coming to suggest with greatest earnestness—not so much for the sake of saving the grown people, for they are tough and seem to thrive on these disagreeable conditions—but it is the children whose lives and futures are at stake. If they are to grow up under such conditions they are more than likely to be physical and mental degenerates.

To prevent this, and to strike at the root of the lowest and meanest kind of child labor, it is becoming almost an article of religion among charitable workers that the tenement must be

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—The following story is told as showing how the revolutionary propaganda is being spread in Russia. Early on Saturday, which was St. Vladimir's Day, Police Inspector Poble visited the Bussell printing office, which is just across the bridge from the bourse, and which does the bourse's official printing as it is the best-equipped job office in the city. Inspector Poble had just left the building after attending to the printing of a series of official posters, when thirty men, armed with revolvers, rapidly gathered in the passage and ordered the compositors to return to their posts. The manager was allowed to go on with some bookkeeping he was attending to and even to use the telephone, with two raiders at his side to prevent him disclosing over the wire what was going on.

The invaders had brought with them a matrix of the Viborg proclamation. They quickly prepared a stereotype plate from it and printed 100,000 copies. They kept at the work while a holy procession, in celebration of St. Vladimir's Day, passed the windows under the second floor of the Poble. They sent out for sausage and bread for the workmen, who had missed the midday meal because of their detention. When the work was done, the men loaded the printed copies of the manifesto on a cart and a cab and departed, leaving a rear guard to detain the employees of the office for fifteen minutes, until they were well away.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Writing from New York to the Tribune Raymond says:

Everywhere there goes on in the tenement district the manufacture of food in some shape or another, and in all of these cases the children participate, first as producers, and then as consumers. When the old mother from the Jewish pale of settlement in Russia is hard at work upon her coats, she depends upon the youngest members of the family to watch the strange messes cooking on the stove.

On the whole it seems to be true that the most depressing products of tenement manufacture are sold among the tenement people themselves. A Russian family will make the cheapest kind of a coat for a shockingly low wage, but that coat will be sold by a Yiddish peddler from one of the push carts which clog the streets in the Jewish quarter to such an extent that the doctor's buggies have to be supplied with gongs like miniature patrol wagons to enable them to get through the streets to the bedsides of the sick and dying.

It sounds radical to talk of prohibiting all kinds of manufacture in tenement-houses, and yet this is the thing people are coming to suggest with greatest earnestness—not so much for the sake of saving the grown people, for they are tough and seem to thrive on these disagreeable conditions—but it is the children whose lives and futures are at stake. If they are to grow up under such conditions they are more than likely to be physical and mental degenerates.

To prevent this, and to strike at the root of the lowest and meanest kind of child labor, it is becoming almost an article of religion among charitable workers that the tenement must be

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—The following story is told as showing how the revolutionary propaganda is being spread in Russia. Early on Saturday, which was St. Vladimir's Day, Police Inspector Poble visited the Bussell printing office, which is just across the bridge from the bourse, and which does the bourse's official printing as it is the best-equipped job office in the city. Inspector Poble had just left the building after attending to the printing of a series of official posters, when thirty men, armed with revolvers, rapidly gathered in the passage and ordered the compositors to return to their posts. The manager was allowed to go on with some bookkeeping he was attending to and even to use the telephone, with two raiders at his side to prevent him disclosing over the wire what was going on.

The invaders had brought with them a matrix of the Viborg proclamation. They quickly prepared a stereotype plate from it and printed 100,000 copies. They kept at the work while a holy procession, in celebration of St. Vladimir's Day, passed the windows under the second floor of the Poble. They sent out for sausage and bread for the workmen, who had missed the midday meal because of their detention. When the work was done, the men loaded the printed copies of the manifesto on a cart and a cab and departed, leaving a rear guard to detain the employees of the office for fifteen minutes, until they were well away.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Writing from New York to the Tribune Raymond says:

Everywhere there goes on in the tenement district the manufacture of food in some shape or another, and in all of these cases the children participate, first as producers, and then as consumers. When the old mother from the Jewish pale of settlement in Russia is hard at work upon her coats, she depends upon the youngest members of the family to watch the strange messes cooking on the stove.

On the whole it seems to be true that the most depressing products of tenement manufacture are sold among the tenement people themselves. A Russian family will make the cheapest kind of a coat for a shockingly low wage, but that coat will be sold by a Yiddish peddler from one of the push carts which clog the streets in the Jewish quarter to such an extent that the doctor's buggies have to be supplied with gongs like miniature patrol wagons to enable them to get through the streets to the bedsides of the sick and dying.

It sounds radical to talk of prohibiting all kinds of manufacture in tenement-houses, and yet this is the thing people are coming to suggest with greatest earnestness—not so much for the sake of saving the grown people, for they are tough and seem to thrive on these disagreeable conditions—but it is the children whose lives and futures are at stake. If they are to grow up under such conditions they are more than likely to be physical and mental degenerates.

To prevent this, and to strike at the root of the lowest and meanest kind of child labor, it is becoming almost an article of religion among charitable workers that the tenement must be

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—The following story is told as showing how the revolutionary propaganda is being spread in Russia. Early on Saturday, which was St. Vladimir's Day, Police Inspector Poble visited the Bussell printing office, which is just across the bridge from the bourse, and which does the bourse's official printing as it is the best-equipped job office in the city. Inspector Poble had just left the building after attending to the printing of a series of official posters, when thirty men, armed with revolvers, rapidly gathered in the passage and ordered the compositors to return to their posts. The manager was allowed to go on with some bookkeeping he was attending to and even to use the telephone, with two raiders at his side to prevent him disclosing over the wire what was going on.

The invaders had brought with them a matrix of the Viborg proclamation. They quickly prepared a stereotype plate from it and printed 100,000 copies. They kept at the work while a holy procession, in celebration of St. Vladimir's Day, passed the windows under the second floor of the Poble. They sent out for sausage and bread for the workmen, who had missed the midday meal because of their detention. When the work was done, the men loaded the printed copies of the manifesto on a cart and a cab and departed, leaving a rear guard to detain the employees of the office for fifteen minutes, until they were well away.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Writing from New York to the Tribune Raymond says:

Everywhere there goes on in the tenement district the manufacture of food in some shape or another, and in all of these cases the children participate, first as producers, and then as consumers. When the old mother from the Jewish pale of settlement in Russia is hard at work upon her coats, she depends upon the youngest members of the family to watch the strange messes cooking on the stove.

On the whole it seems to be true that the most depressing products of tenement manufacture are sold among the tenement people themselves. A Russian family will make the cheapest kind of a coat for a shockingly low wage, but that coat will be sold by a Yiddish peddler from one of the push carts which clog the streets in the Jewish quarter to such an extent that the doctor's buggies have to be supplied with gongs like miniature patrol wagons to enable them to get through the streets to the bedsides of the sick and dying.

It sounds radical to talk of prohibiting all kinds of manufacture in tenement-houses, and yet this is the thing people are coming to suggest with greatest earnestness—not so much for the sake of saving the grown people, for they are tough and seem to thrive on these disagreeable conditions—but it is the children whose lives and futures are at stake. If they are to grow up under such conditions they are more than likely to be physical and mental degenerates.

To prevent this, and to strike at the root of the lowest and meanest kind of child labor, it is becoming almost an article of religion among charitable workers that the tenement must be

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—The following story is told as showing how the revolutionary propaganda is being spread in Russia. Early on Saturday, which was St. Vladimir's Day, Police Inspector Poble visited the Bussell printing office, which is just across the bridge from the bourse, and which does the bourse's official printing as it is the best-equipped job office in the city. Inspector Poble had just left the building after attending to the printing of a series of official posters, when thirty men, armed with revolvers, rapidly gathered in the passage and ordered the compositors to return to their posts. The manager was allowed to go on with some bookkeeping he was attending to and even to use the telephone, with two raiders at his side to prevent him disclosing over the wire what was going on.

The invaders had brought with them a matrix of the Viborg proclamation. They quickly prepared a stereotype plate from it and printed 100,000 copies. They kept at the work while a holy procession, in celebration of St. Vladimir's Day, passed the windows under the second floor of the Poble. They sent out for sausage and bread for the workmen, who had missed the midday meal because of their detention. When the work was done, the men loaded the printed copies of the manifesto on a cart and a cab and departed, leaving a rear guard to detain the employees of the office for fifteen minutes, until they were well away.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Writing from New York to the Tribune Raymond says:

Everywhere there goes on in the tenement district the manufacture of food in some shape or another, and in all of these cases the children participate, first as producers, and then as consumers. When the old mother from the Jewish pale of settlement in Russia is hard at work upon her coats, she depends upon the youngest members of the family to watch the strange messes cooking on the stove.

On the whole it seems to be true that the most depressing products of tenement manufacture are sold among the tenement people themselves. A Russian family will make the cheapest kind of a coat for a shockingly low wage, but that coat will be sold by a Yiddish peddler from one of the push carts which clog the streets in the Jewish quarter to such an extent that the doctor's buggies have to be supplied with gongs like miniature patrol wagons to enable them to get through the streets to the bedsides of the sick and dying.

It sounds radical to talk of prohibiting all kinds of manufacture in tenement-houses, and yet this is the thing people are coming to suggest with greatest earnestness—not so much for the sake of saving the grown people, for they are tough and seem to thrive on these disagreeable conditions—but it is the children whose lives and futures are at stake. If they are to grow up under such conditions they are more than likely to be physical and mental degenerates.

To prevent this, and to strike at the root of the lowest and meanest kind of child labor, it is becoming almost an article of religion among charitable workers that the tenement must be

St. Petersburg, Aug. 2.—The following story is told as showing how the revolutionary propaganda is being spread in Russia. Early on Saturday, which was St. Vladimir's Day, Police Inspector Poble visited the Bussell printing office, which is just across the bridge from the bourse, and which does the bourse's official printing as it is the best-equipped job office in the city. Inspector Poble had just left the building after attending to the printing of a series of official posters, when thirty men, armed with revolvers, rapidly gathered in the

PETAWAWA CAMP THE REAL THING

The Dominion's New Training
Grounds Amongst Finest.

PRACTICE WITH THE BIG GUNS

In Time All Sections of the Ontario
Militia Likely To Go There for
Their Annual Outing.

[Special Correspondence of Toronto
Globe.]

Petawawa, Ont., Aug. 2.—It anyone were in doubt regarding the intention of the "powers that be" with reference to the permanency of Petawawa as a central training ground for the Canadian militia such doubts would be quickly dispelled by visiting the camp site here. On the banks of the Ottawa River about two miles from the C. P. R. station is a rapidly growing group of buildings that tell their own story. There are long office buildings, officers' and men's mess rooms, and recreation halls, horse stables, water towers, acetylene gas plants, shower baths, freight sheds, ice houses, rifle ranges, etc.—everything in fact to facilitate the training of the troops and to provide for the comfort and convenience of the officers and men. This is the first time in the history of the Canadian militia that the personal comfort of the troops undergoing training has received anything like adequate consideration. A spur of the C. P. R. has been built into the grounds in order that troops may detrain within a few yards of their lines of tents. The space occupied by the buildings is ample in extent, and almost equal to the whole common at Niagara. The camp fronts on the Ottawa River and overlooks one of the most beautiful stretches of rural scenery to be found in Canada. The river is wide at this point, and is dotted here and there with thickly wooded islands. The water is warm and deep blue in color, while the rich green foliage of the trees, the clear skies, great open spaces and the pure air, perfume with the soft breath of the pines, make the soldier happy and forgetful of the fact that he is fourteen miles from a town.

Laying Out the Camp.
The camp opened on July 16, and will not close till Sept. 1. A company of the Royal Canadian Engineers has been on the ground since May 1, and has done splendid work in putting up the pumping station, completing the system of waterworks and assisting in the erection of numerous buildings. All the large timbers and the shingles have been cut from small clearings near the present camp site, the engineers have run telephone and telegraph wires through the grounds, connecting the headquarters office to Petawawa station and from the firing range to the artillery targets. The other permanent units in camp are A and B Batteries of the Royal Canadian Horse Artillery, one company of the Canadian Garrison Artillery, the Canadian Permanent Army Service Corps, a detachment of the Ordnance Store Corps, and two detachments of the permanent Army Medical Corps. The camp commandant and umpire-in-chief is Colonel J. F. Wilson, R. C. A.; A. Panet, D. C. O. R. C. A.; umpires for field artillery, Major W. A. Grant, R. O., and Captain J. E. Mills, R. C. H. A.; umpires for heavy artillery, Major G. R. Poole, R. C. A., and Captain A. B. Langton, R. C. A. Each battery of field artillery is expected to send a detachment consisting of all combatant officers, six non-commissioned officers and sixteen gunners, while each company of heavy artillery sends all combatant officers, 25 non-commissioned officers and men. The schedule of exercises for training and shell practice has been so arranged that two batteries of field artillery and one company of heavy artillery are in camp together. This increases the pleasure for officers and gunners of both arms, as it widens the instruction and facilitates the observation of fire.

It's the Real Thing.
The Royal Canadian Horse Artillery under command of Lieut.-Col. J. A. Fages, came into camp by route March. They left Kingston on Wednesday, July 4, at 9:30 a.m., in a downpour of rain, and ten days later were settled in Petawawa. Both men and horses arrived in excellent condition. The column consisted of 8 guns, 8 ammunition wagons, 1 general service wagon, 2 double express wagons, eight transports, 1 ambulance, 15 officers, 150 non-commissioned officers and men, and 150 horses. Col. Fages had no trouble with his men during the whole march. They were zealous in their work and well behaved. Each battery was always ready to march at the hour appointed, and learned to bivouac or strike camp in an incredibly short time. Col. Fages tried a number of experiments that will be of interest to military men. He found that the gunners did not care for tents, preferring to sleep in the open; after the second day practically all of the Portmouthe bits were removed, the horses handling easily, while watering and feeding during short halts were more readily accomplished; all saddles on off horses were discarded with satisfactory results; canvas troughs with hand pumps and rubber tubes made frequent watering easy and many of the horses' collars were too large, breast collars proved an advantage. Col. Fages believes that during long marches artillery horses should be provided with sunshades to which sponges are attached; that each brigade should have a proper lunch wagon to facilitate the feeding of the men en route; that acetylene gas lamps should form a part of the brigade equipment, and that a light two-wheeled rig for carrying small tools, etc., would be a convenient addition.

Malta-Vita
"The Perfect Food"
The grocer who offers you something "just as good" has no regard for your judgment or your health. It's delicious.

ence during a long march. This route march is another point gained in practical training of the militia. What the permanent corps can do every field battery in the country can do. In fact, for years the field batteries have been doing everything in their power to get permission to do route marches to and from camp.

One of the most interesting features of Petawawa camp is the gun park. Here are to be seen the big 4.7s naval pattern, the "Long Toms" of South African fame, the heavy howitzers and the field howitzers, quick-firers and other field guns representing the types used by the artillery in Canada.

Big Gun Practice.
This is an artillery camp, and, of course, the actual shell practice is more interesting and instructive than anything else. Sometimes the big 4.7s experience difficulty in getting into action. If the eight horses attached are not quiet, steady and reliable in the collar, 40 men on the drag ropes are necessary to help them over the soft ground. Garrison gunners, however, are willing workers, and when 20 or more men got on each rope the quiet, strong command "haul-leave," "haul-leave," swings the big gun into position. These guns use lyddite and shrapnel shell, and the bursting charge is inclosed in a highly polished brass case. When fired the report is slightly unpleasant to the uninitiated, that is, if he has any regard for his eardrums. The guns have a negative jump and recoil four feet in the habit of firing over deep sea ranges and find observation over the land ranges at Petawawa extremely difficult.

The field gun ranges are shorter but no less difficult. The infantry targets are from 2,000 to 2,400 yards, while the artillery target is from 3,800 to 4,000 yards. To make the observation less difficult, "puffs," to represent the flash of the enemy's guns, are set off by electricity at each of the targets. As one gallops over the ground and inspects the target after the firing it is easy to understand why in wars of metal are required to kill a man.

Petawawa camp is to be the central training ground for all arms of the service in Canada. It the permanent cavalry and infantry had been up to strength this year they would be here now. The gunners, however, can always be depended upon. It is a camp where brains and work count. The clothes an officer or man wears are of secondary importance. Dress parade uniforms and the obsolete silliness of swords and helmets are out of harmony with the whole spirit of a business camp. Officers and men devote their time to learning the science and technique of gunnery and are anxious about results—more and more so as the year wears on. The whole camp is expected that next year the whole command of Eastern Ontario will train here. Probably the following year the Western Ontario command will come, and so on until each command of the province has been through the course of training that will do them more good and teach them more of what it means to be in the militia than all their previous camps combined.

IMPERIAL DEFENSE
Colonial Representatives Proposed For the Committee on Defense.

London, Aug. 2.—Discussing the appropriation bill in the House of Commons, Major Seeley urged that the imperial defense committee was not placed on a proper footing unless the members were included, not only as representatives of the colonies and India, but also as representatives of the great political parties in this country. England was the only country where the great military and imperial strategy and defense were the sport of party politics made co-operation with the colonies and the work of imperial defense well-nigh impossible. Though the party system might be a good thing in this country, the party caucus was a hopeless engine by which to govern the empire.

DEAD IN TUNNEL.
Oura, Col., Aug. 2.—T. A. Thomson, general manager, and V. W. Mather, foreman, of the Mickey Green mine, of the Tebest Apt. Company, who disappeared a week ago, were found dead today under a mass of debris in a small tunnel half a mile from the Mickey Green mine. They evidently sought refuge in the tunnel from a cloudburst, and were overwhelmed by the rocks and dirt that washed into the opening from the mountainside.

A wine merchant of Edingen, found guilty by the courts of adulteration, was punished by having his stock of 7,500 gallons of wine poured into the River Necker.

BRYAN CHOICE OF MICHIGAN DEMS

William Jennings Indorsed by
Convention—Strong Anti-
Republican Resolution.

Detroit, Mich., Aug. 2.—Indorsement of William J. Bryan for president in 1908, defeat of a resolution calling upon the national Democratic committee to investigate the charges made against National Chairman Thomas T. Taggart, and demand his resignation, if they were proven, and the nomination of Chas. H. Himmerle, for governor, over Stanley E. Parkhill, after a spirited ballot, were the features of the Democratic state convention held here today. Other nominations were these: Rush Culver, for lieutenant-governor; P. J. Davine, secretary of state; Charles Wellman, state treasurer; Judge E. J. Doyle, attorney-general. The resolutions say:

"Evils under the form of combinations and trusts, which have so shocked the moral conscience of the nation in the last few years, are a direct outcome of class legislation by the Republican party. The privileges upon corporations at the expense of the common people. A continuance of such legislation is now threatened by many bills of like character, as, for instance, the ship subsidy bill and inadequate railway laws enacted by the recent congress, showing that there is no honest purpose on the part of the Republican party to relieve the people from the evils thus cast upon them by this unjust legislation. Their affiliations with the plutocracy make it impossible to obtain relief from the Republican sources."

The platform then cites the rejection of the propositions of Senator Lafolette with regard to railway legislation as proof of these assertions. The indorsement of W. J. Bryan follows: "Fully believing in the honesty, integrity and wisdom of William Jennings Bryan, and that under his leadership the people would receive relief from the many ills above referred to, we commend him to the people of the United States as a candidate for president in 1908."

The resolutions further favor the nomination of all candidates by direct vote, nomination and election of United States senators by direct vote, and enactment of laws making it a criminal offense for members of the Legislature to accept railroad passes.

GOLF FOR THE SENILE

Intimated by Expert That It Is Game for the Aged.

London, Aug. 2.—When is a man too old to play golf? Dr. T. C. Albott, regius professor of physics at Cambridge University, recently issued the dictum that the law ought to forbid any man to begin playing golf until he is 35 years old, and that he is capable of more vigorous athletics. Dr. Albott left it to be inferred that golf should only be regarded as a kind of last resort for those tottering down hill towards senility.

The presentation of the golf problem in this form led to inquiries among the best-known exponents and amateurs of British athletic games. As a result the following table was compiled, representing theories as well as practice: Cricket should be abandoned at 40 years; football at 30; hockey at 25; lawn tennis by women 15 and by men at 60; rowing at 60. The age for getting "cycling" was not definitely fixed. Tug-of-war, for instance, only abandoned the sport in 1906, owing to falling sight. According to the table, golf should be played while life lasts, but should not be begun too young. Scotland's ice sport, curling, alone takes no regard for time, but looks forward to eternity.

TOM NOT GUILTY

Mayor Johnson's Motives for Tearing Up the Street Car Tracks.

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 2.—In the dispatches handled by the Associated Press on July 25, in describing the controversy now proceeding over the street railway situation in this city, the statement was made that the railway line of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company on Fulton street, was torn up by men acting under the orders of Mayor Tom L. Johnson, and that the action was in behalf of the Forest City Railway, a 3-cent fare line, and which, under certain conditions, can come under the ownership and control of the municipality. In addition to relating the facts as to the tearing up of the rails of the Cleveland Electric Railway Company, the additional statement was made that Mayor Johnson "was credited with being largely interested in the Municipal Traction Company." This statement was unwarranted, and is believed to be entirely untrue in its relation to the pending controversy. This statement was made by a financial interest whatever in the Forest City Company, and is contrary to every public statement made by that official, he having specifically anticipated by public announcement any such possibility. That he has been interested in the success of the company, as an ultimate municipal ownership proposition, but primarily to secure a lower fare, he has openly proclaimed.

FAY TEMPLETON MARRIED.

Philadelphia, Aug. 2.—Announcement was made today of the marriage yesterday of Fay Templeton, the actress, to William Patterson, of Pittsburgh. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. G. Steinmetz, at the home of Dr. Giles, a brother-in-law of the bride, at Ridley Park, a suburb. Immediately after the wedding the couple departed on a bridal tour.

Military charts the size of a man's palm, from reduced photographs of ordnance maps, are to be issued, officers with powerful pocket lenses, to officers of the German army.

Some people go all through life and never know what really good coffee tastes like. Order Seal Brand Coffee and write Chase & Sanborn, Montreal, for full directions how to make good coffee.

There may be some clothing as good as



"Progress Brand"

but not at the price.
None better at any price.

JOHN H. CHAPMAN & CO

Woods' Fair
Corset Waists 35 cents, reg. 50 cents.
Sleeveless Skirts, 2 for 5 cents and 3 for 5 cents.

Wrappers, 75c
August Clearing Sale of Wrappers, made of good American print, in navy, black and white, cardinal, gray and blue, full skirt with flounce and trimmed yoke, sizes 34 and 44; sale price 75c.

White Lonsdale Underskirts
White Lonsdale Underskirts, full gored skirt and trimmed in four different styles, with sixteen-inch flounce, made with insertion and tucks and broad lace, sizes 38 and 42 85c

Ladies' House Dresses, 85c
Ladies' House Dresses, of good percale, in black and white, and navy and white stripes, sizes 34, 36 and 38. Clearing price 85c

White Cambric Skirts, 40c
White Cambric Skirts, gored skirt trimmed with flounce and wide tucks. Clearing price 40c

Black Cotton Hose
Seamless feet, double heel, fast back; per pair 15c
Children's Black Cotton Hose, sizes from 5 to 7 1-2; regular 15c, for 8c
Boys' Heavy Ribbed Hose, double knee, spliced heel; sizes 6 and 6 1-2; Saturday 15c

Lace and Embroidery Collars, regular 25c, for 15c
Ladies' Long Lace Mitts, black and white, Saturday at 75c
Pure Linen Toweling, at 8c

Candy Specials
Mixed Creams, at 10c
Marshmallow, at 15c
Peppermint Humbugs, at 10c
Fresh Shipment of Chocolates, regular 40c, for 20c
Mixed Candy 10c

Women's Vests
Extra large, unbleached, regular 25c, for 15c

Saturday in Our Basement
Granite Dish Pans, 49c
12 dozen Large Granite Dish Pans, 17-quart, and worth, regular price, 95c each. Saturday sale price in basement 49c

Granite Tea Pots, 25c Each
22 dozen 3-Quart Granite Tea Pots, worth 50c. Saturday sale price, each 25c

Art Jardinieres for \$1.00 Each
On Saturday next we will offer about 3 dozen Large-Size Utopian Art Jardinieres; these are the genuine Art Goods; very handsome decorations, and sold in the usual way at about \$5, but we bought them at a bargain and will give the public the benefit. Saturday sale price, each \$1.00

7-Piece Berry Set, 49c Set
We have the biggest value in London in Berry or Fruit Sets, full size, rose decoration and gold traced, worth at least 85c set. Our price on Saturday, per set 49c
See them in our West Window.

25c Japanese Cups and Saucers, 15c
About 40 dozen Beautiful Fine Japanese Cups and Saucers, our regular 25c line, several shapes and decorations, Saturday sale price 15c

Remember our Regular Saturday Sale of Dinner Sets on Saturday next \$12.00 set for \$10.00

WOODS' FAIR

ASK FOR

Labatt's

(LONDON)

INDIA PALE ALE

The barley and hops used are the finest that money can secure. It is a prime favorite.

10 MEDALS—12 DIPLOMAS.

WOODS' FAIR

ASK FOR

Labatt's

(LONDON)

INDIA PALE ALE

The barley and hops used are the finest that money can secure. It is a prime favorite.

10 MEDALS—12 DIPLOMAS.

There may be honest differences of opinion as to the healthfulness of other beverages, but nobody disputes the fact that Cocoa is healthful and nutritious. Get

Cowan's Perfection Cocoa
(Maple Leaf Label.)
and you have the guarantee of absolute purity.

The Cowan Co., Limited
Toronto.

HAMILTON and MONTREAL
NAVIGATION COY., Limited.

The comfortable and commodious passenger steamer DUNDURN, commencing July 7, leaves Hamilton every Saturday at 10 a.m.; leaves Toronto every Saturday at 8 p.m. for the Thousand Islands, intermediate ports and Montreal. Each state room has hot and cold running water, electric lights and electric bells. Berths may be secured in advance by applying to F. B. CLARK, agent, 40 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

The Northern Navigation Co.
For Georgian Bay, Soo, Mackinac Island and Potoskey, Through the 30,000 Islands.

Steamers leave Collingwood Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 1:30 p.m. Owen Sound, 11 p.m. Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays, and Fridays, at 6:30 a.m. southbound. Steamer leaves Parry Sound, Byng Inlet and the French; Monday's steamer only goes to Sault Ste. Marie.

Penetang and Parry Sound Route.
Steamer leaves Penetang weekdays, 2:45 p.m., northbound; steamer leaves Parry Sound Mondays, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30 a.m., southbound. Steamer leaves Parry Sound Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., southbound.

For Soo, Port Arthur, Fort William and Duluth.
Steamers sail from Sarnia, 3:30 p.m., Monday, Wednesday and Friday; Friday's steamer only going to Duluth.

Attractive tourist rates. Tickets and information from all railway agents. E. De La Hooke, city ticket agent, G. T. R. E. Ruse, station ticket agent, G. T. R.

Ocean Steamship Tickets
White Star Line—New York, Boston and Mediterranean services.
Leyland Line—Boston-Liverpool.

E. De la Hooke, Sole Agent.
American Line—New York and Philadelphia services.
Atlantic Transport Line—New York-London.

Dominion Line—Portland-Liverpool in winter. Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool in summer.
Red Star Line—New York-Dover-Antwerp.

Selling lists, rate sheets, etc., on application to
E. De la Hooke or W. Fulton,
LOCAL AGENTS.

A GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
(Corrected to date.)

MAIN LINE—SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—4 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 11 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 6:25 p.m., 7:47 p.m., 10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—12:15 a.m., 3:20 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—12:20 a.m., 3:25 a.m., 8:10 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 4:25 p.m., 6:55 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).

The trains leaving at 8:10 a.m. and 4:25 p.m. express have through coaches for Toronto. The Eastern Flyer at 6:55 p.m. stops only at Ingersoll, Woodstock, Brantford and Hamilton, and goes to Toronto and Montreal.

Depart for the west—4:15 a.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 1:55 p.m., 8:01 p.m.

The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:55 p.m. trains stop at all stations. The 4:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m. and 8:01 p.m. express run through to Chicago without change.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:40 a.m., 4 p.m., 6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer, stops only at Chatham and Glencoe), 11 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., 11:25 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 7:54 p.m. (International Limited stops only at Glencoe and Chatham.)

STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—10:40 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 10:55 p.m.

Depart—6:20 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.
Arrive—9:45 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:15 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

* From Chatham only.
* Runs only to Chatham.

SOUTHWESTERN TRACTION COMPANY.

Cars leave London, 5:45, 7:30, 9:00, 10:30, 12:00, 1:30, 3:00, 4:30, 6:00, 7:30, 9:00. In addition, a car leaves London at 10:30 p.m. for Lambeth on week days which train runs to St. Thomas on Saturday nights.

Cars leave St. Thomas at 7:30 a.m. and every hour and a half thereafter, until 10:30 p.m., and on Saturdays a train leaves at 11:45 p.m.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.
Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 6:10 p.m., 9:45 p.m.

Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

* Runs through to Waterford.

A constable who arrested four men on a country road in England the other day for gambling told the magistrate that the men played cards as they walked along, stopping to deal.

There may be honest differences of opinion as to the healthfulness of other beverages, but nobody disputes the fact that Cocoa is healthful and nutritious. Get

Cowan's Perfection Cocoa
(Maple Leaf Label.)
and you have the guarantee of absolute purity.

The Cowan Co., Limited
Toronto.

HAMILTON and MONTREAL
NAVIGATION COY., Limited.

The comfortable and commodious passenger steamer DUNDURN, commencing July 7, leaves Hamilton every Saturday at 10 a.m.; leaves Toronto every Saturday at 8 p.m. for the Thousand Islands, intermediate ports and Montreal. Each state room has hot and cold running water, electric lights and electric bells. Berths may be secured in advance by applying to F. B. CLARK, agent, 40 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

The Northern Navigation Co.
For Georgian Bay, Soo, Mackinac Island and Potoskey, Through the 30,000 Islands.

Steamers leave Collingwood Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 1:30 p.m. Owen Sound, 11 p.m. Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays, and Fridays, at 6:30 a.m. southbound. Steamer leaves Parry Sound, Byng Inlet and the French; Monday's steamer only goes to Sault Ste. Marie.

Penetang and Parry Sound Route.
Steamer leaves Penetang weekdays, 2:45 p.m., northbound; steamer leaves Parry Sound Mondays, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30 a.m., southbound. Steamer leaves Parry Sound Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 7 a.m., southbound.

For Soo, Port Arthur, Fort William and Duluth.
Steamers sail from Sarnia, 3:30 p.m., Monday, Wednesday and Friday; Friday's steamer only going to Duluth.

Attractive tourist rates. Tickets and information from all railway agents. E. De La Hooke, city ticket agent, G. T. R. E. Ruse, station ticket agent, G. T. R.

Ocean Steamship Tickets
White Star Line—New York, Boston and Mediterranean services.
Leyland Line—Boston-Liverpool.

E. De la Hooke, Sole Agent.
American Line—New York and Philadelphia services.
Atlantic Transport Line—New York-London.

Dominion Line—Portland-Liverpool in winter. Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool in summer.
Red Star Line—New York-Dover-Antwerp.

Selling lists, rate sheets, etc., on application to
E. De la Hooke or W. Fulton,
LOCAL AGENTS.

A GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS
GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
(Corrected to date.)

MAIN LINE—SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—4 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 11 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 6:25 p.m., 7:47 p.m., 10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—12:15 a.m., 3:20 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—12:20 a.m., 3:25 a.m., 8:10 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 4:25 p.m., 6:55 p.m. (Eastern Flyer).

The trains leaving at 8:10 a.m. and 4:25 p.m. express have through coaches for Toronto. The Eastern Flyer at 6:55 p.m. stops only at Ingersoll, Woodstock, Brantford and Hamilton, and goes to Toronto and Montreal.

Depart for the west—4:15 a.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 11:35 a.m., 1:55 p.m., 8:01 p.m.

The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:55 p.m. trains stop at all stations. The 4:15 a.m., 11:35 a.m. and 8:01 p.m. express run through to Chicago without change.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.
Arrive—10:40 a.m., 4 p.m., 6:50 p.m. (Eastern Flyer, stops only at Chatham and Glencoe), 11 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., 11:25 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 7:54 p.m. (International Limited stops only at Glencoe and Chatham.)

STRATFORD BRANCH.
Arrive—10:40 a.m., 10:55 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 6:35 p.m., 10:55 p.m.

Depart—6:20 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 2:50 p.m., 5 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.
Arrive—9:45 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:15 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked thus * run daily. Those not so marked run daily except Sunday.

* From Chatham only.
* Runs only to Chatham.

SOUTHWESTERN TRACTION COMPANY.

Cars leave London, 5:45, 7:30, 9:00, 10:3

SNAP SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

The Barracks cricket team plays in Waterloo next Wednesday, and other games are being arranged with many other teams roundabout.

The revival of cricket at the Barracks is a splendid thing for the game in Western Ontario, and already much interest is being shown by towns near at hand. In fact, it seems that all branches of sport will be inaugurated at the Barracks. Lately a splendid bowling green was completed, and there are many teams on the ice at every opportunity. They will enter the inter-club bowling series next year, and will make a bid for the Bank of Toronto trophy. The men are now beginning to practice for the soccer game this fall, and it is more than probable that this great game will flourish more than heretofore. Lieut.-Col. McDougall is a keen sport, and has done much to foster the love of good sport among the men. There are many other good ones there, too, such as Capt. George Macbeth, Quartermaster-Sergeant Dunlevy, Color-Sergeant Gilmour, Pte. Dunkerley, Pte. Lawrence, Pte. Cox, and many others.

The Robisons of the St. Louis National League team, are the David Harms of baseball. They swapped three players for other players, and their business rivals confess to paying \$17,500 in real money. As the St. Louis fans haven't missed the traded players, one is almost inclined to think truth has slumped a few points.

Baron Pierre de Coubertin is after Bill Sherring because he was handed all that money and jewelry for winning the Marathon. As the Baron did his talking to a Yankee journal, it can be passed up as mere twaddle from jealous Yanks. The Americans do not know any more about sport for sport's sake than Fiji Islanders know about hockey.

Sweet Marie, 2:04 1/4, seems to be in a class by herself this season. None of the fast ones thought good enough to give her a race have made her stretch her neck this season. Main sheet seems to be about the only prospect for real fast miles so far, and it is predicted that he will be able to give the fast daughter of McKinney a race to the wire. There seems to be many fast pacers.

Here's the way the Montreal Herald dopes out the chances of the teams in the N. L. U. The prophecy, like everything else that comes from Montreal, may be taken with a grain of salt. The table is a forecast of the order in which the teams may finish:

	Won.	Lost.	Dr.
Cornwall	9	3	0
Capitals	8	3	1
Montreal	8	4	0
Tecumseh	7	4	1
Shamrocks	4	8	0
Nationals	2	10	0
Torontos	2	10	0

Thelma is another milk wagon-wonder that has been unearthed. She won a race yesterday in Kalamazoo in 2:14 in her very first start. Maud Keswick came from a milk route, Othello the same, and now Thelma is the latest. Horses on milk routes will no longer consider their present occupation as menial, judging from the good ones coming from their ranks.

Canadian horses have not cut as much figure in the Grand Circuit races as far as expected. There is probably another killing about due.

The Toronto Ball team is still losing. That's a scoop.

COVERPOINT.

SWEET MARIE IN CLASS BY HERSELF

Defeats Wentworth and Snyder McGregor in Straight Heats in Free-For-All.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 2.—A large crowd turned out to see the fourth day's racing at Glenview track. One of the best cards of the week was offered, including the free-for-all trot, the sweepstakes for 2-year-olds pacers, the 2:10 class trotting, and the 2:23 class trotting. In the free-for-all, Snyder McGregor, Wentworth, and Sweet Marie were the only starters, but as these horses had never met before, considerable interest centered in this event.

Sweet Marie showed conclusively that she is in a class by herself this year, with the possible exception of Tiverton, by winning all three heats in easy style. In the first heat Wentworth was placed second because of interference at the first turn by Hogan, but in the next two heats Snyder McGregor was second, the last heat being decided by a nose.

In the 2:23 class trotting there were ten starters, among them being Ann Direct, Brilliant Girl, Billy H. and Nanco. Brilliant Girl won in straight heats, and made much better time than that which won the M. and N. Nanco was second and Billy H. third.

In the sweepstakes for 2-year-old pacers, Kelly, by Bay, ridden by Baronmore 1 1/2, won in straight heats, and was forced to step the second heat in 2:27 1/2, and the third in 2:27 1/2 to turn the trick. The President and Helen Noris showed great speed at times, and won second and third places respectively.

Sweepstakes, 2-year-olds, pacers; purse \$25. Kelly, b. g. (Chandler), by Baronmore 1 1/2, Brenda Yorke, b. f. (Nuckolls) 2 2, Directal, b. m. (Walker) 3 3, 2:27 1/2, 2:28 1/2, 2:29 1/2.

2:23 class trotting; purse \$200. Brilliant Girl, b. m., by James Madison (Curry) 1 1/2, Nanco, ch. g. (Sauders) 2 2, Billy H. b. g. (Gerrity) 4 4, Floxio, ch. h. (Demarest) 9 9, Laurelia, br. m. (Thompson) 3 5 1/2, Jessie Benyon, ro. m. (Benyon) 7 7 1/2, Kim, ch. g. (Shank) 5 9 1/2, Sister Collette, b. m. (Shank) 6 8 1/2, Ann Direct, b. m. (McFerry) 8 8 1/2, Paul Wilson, b. g. (McFerry) 9 9 1/2, 2:26 1/2, 2:28 1/2, 2:29 1/2.

Free-for-all trot; purse \$200. Sweet Marie, b. m., by McKinney (McDonald) 1 1/2, Snyder McGregor, wh. g. (Hogan) 3 3 1/2, Wentworth, b. g. (McCargo) 2 2 1/2, 2:26 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:28 1/2.

2:10 class trotting; purse \$1,200. Gold Dust Maid, b. m., by Silverthorne (Geers) 1 1/2, The President, b. h. (Loomis) 3 3 1/2, Helen Noris, b. m. (Rutherford) 10 10 1/2, Oro, b. g. (McCarthy) 3 7 1/2, W. J. Lewis, b. g. (Smith) 4 6 1/2, Aurelia, b. m. (Gibson) 9 9 1/2, Wilson, ch. g. (Wickersham) 9 9 1/2, Belle C. b. m. (Higbee) 6 8 1/2, Van Zant, b. m. (Higbee) 7 10 1/2, Alexander, b. m. (Higbee) 7 10 1/2, 2:20 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:27 1/2.

Free-for-all trot; purse \$200. Sweet Marie, b. m., by McKinney (McDonald) 1 1/2, Snyder McGregor, wh. g. (Hogan) 3 3 1/2, Wentworth, b. g. (McCargo) 2 2 1/2, 2:26 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:28 1/2.

2:10 class trotting; purse \$1,200. Gold Dust Maid, b. m., by Silverthorne (Geers) 1 1/2, The President, b. h. (Loomis) 3 3 1/2, Helen Noris, b. m. (Rutherford) 10 10 1/2, Oro, b. g. (McCarthy) 3 7 1/2, W. J. Lewis, b. g. (Smith) 4 6 1/2, Aurelia, b. m. (Gibson) 9 9 1/2, Wilson, ch. g. (Wickersham) 9 9 1/2, Belle C. b. m. (Higbee) 6 8 1/2, Van Zant, b. m. (Higbee) 7 10 1/2, Alexander, b. m. (Higbee) 7 10 1/2, 2:20 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:27 1/2.

Free-for-all trot; purse \$200. Sweet Marie, b. m., by McKinney (McDonald) 1 1/2, Snyder McGregor, wh. g. (Hogan) 3 3 1/2, Wentworth, b. g. (McCargo) 2 2 1/2, 2:26 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:28 1/2.

Free-for-all trot; purse \$200. Sweet Marie, b. m., by McKinney (McDonald) 1 1/2, Snyder McGregor, wh. g. (Hogan) 3 3 1/2, Wentworth, b. g. (McCargo) 2 2 1/2, 2:26 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:28 1/2.

Free-for-all trot; purse \$200. Sweet Marie, b. m., by McKinney (McDonald) 1 1/2, Snyder McGregor, wh. g. (Hogan) 3 3 1/2, Wentworth, b. g. (McCargo) 2 2 1/2, 2:26 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:28 1/2.

Free-for-all trot; purse \$200. Sweet Marie, b. m., by McKinney (McDonald) 1 1/2, Snyder McGregor, wh. g. (Hogan) 3 3 1/2, Wentworth, b. g. (McCargo) 2 2 1/2, 2:26 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:28 1/2.

Free-for-all trot; purse \$200. Sweet Marie, b. m., by McKinney (McDonald) 1 1/2, Snyder McGregor, wh. g. (Hogan) 3 3 1/2, Wentworth, b. g. (McCargo) 2 2 1/2, 2:26 1/2, 2:27 1/2, 2:28 1/2.

COACHING WOULD SET FANS GOING

One Department in Which the Detroit Tigers Are Not At Their Best.

Detroit, Aug. 2.—While the hitting department is the real weakness of all Tiger play there is another, one that may be the cause in a way of the short figures at the attendance turnstile. There is not enough of the rousing, hair-raising coaching done.

Norman Elberfeld appeared in Detroit yesterday for the first time this year. He played with a shin guard to protect his injured leg, but managed to work through a star game. But it was his work on the coaching line that made the fans, who worshipped him when he was in Detroit, yell for him again. It brought back memories of how he and Dick Harley and others set the crowds rooting like Sioux Indians.

Detroit wants some one to put ginger, not only into the players, but into the spectators. Take, for instance, the little fat man who sells pop corn in the grandstand. His corn is no better than any other man's, and yet he makes you think so. He gives you a line of talk that starts people fighting for the last bag. He coaches the crowd into liking it.

Dick Harley, so does Elberfeld. The "Kid" gets on the first base line and coaches the players, then turns, and with a little wrist movement, waves to the fans to "get busy."

His roar breaks out. The fans get wildly excited, coaching the team along. It makes everybody feel good and more ginger is shown in play.

For some unexplainable reason a baseball crowd looks upon the coach as the man who has everything to say about the ginger there is in a game. If he hustles the crowd figures there's something coming off and immediately gives some encouraging yell.

Some of the best players are not temperamentally fitted for coaching, and should not go to the side lines in tight pinches. "Bill" Coughlin is the only real star in this line showing now on the Detroit team. Herman Schaefer is great at getting the crowd going, but his judgment in coaching the runners is not always of the best.

Coaches who stand on the side lines saying nothing but "Good boy, good eye, that's it, old boy," all in a monotone, their hands on their hips, looking on like some disinterested spectator, puts a damper on the crowd. Maybe the team plays just as well, but from the angle of the excitement-loving fans, it does not go.

CRAIG GOOD AT TENNIS

Eight members of the Alisa Craig Tennis Club drove over to Stratford and played a splendid match, the Alisa Craig boys winning eight events to one. The scores:

DOUBLES. W. Smith and D. C. Ross, Stratford, beat W. J. Stewart and T. McGladery, 6-3, 4-6, 6-4. H. Morgan and O. Long, Alisa Craig, beat W. J. Knox and O. Auld, Stratford, 6-3, 4-6, 6-3. P. Parker and A. White, Alisa Craig, beat F. Riden and J. McIntosh, Stratford, 6-1, 7-5.

SINGLES. W. J. Stewart, Alisa Craig, beat W. Smith, Stratford, 6-4, 7-5. T. McGladery, Alisa Craig, beat D. C. Ross, Stratford, 6-3, 4-6, 6-3. H. W. Morgan, Alisa Craig, beat Rev. W. J. Knox, Stratford, 7-5, 6-3. O. K. Land, Alisa Craig, beat O. Auld, Stratford, 6-1, 6-0. P. Parker, Alisa Craig, beat F. McIntosh, Stratford, 2-6, 6-4, 6-2. A. White, Alisa Craig, beat F. Riden, Stratford, 6-1, 6-2.

British Bowlers Impressed With Play of the Canucks

Style of Game Very Similar To That of Old Land—Visitors in Toronto.

Toronto News: The British bowlers, two in number and among whom are some of the cleverest representatives of the game in the British Isles, the home of the ancient sport, arrived here from Peterboro at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

Of the 40 bowlers in the party 26 are Scotch, 10 English, and the remaining 4 are Irish Wals being unrepresented. The bowlers are all well along in years, the youngest member of the party, Mr. J. Pillans, being 33, while the oldest member is Mr. Campbell, of Perth, who three years ago passed the allotted three score and ten mark. The average age of the visitors is 55.

The Britishers so far have met with a most hearty reception from their brethren on this side, and they are very enthusiastic in their praise of what they term the "princely Canadian hospitality" which has greeted them everywhere and made their stay an exceptionally enjoyable one.

They are, generally speaking, wealthy manufacturers or retired gentlemen, and are remarkably keen bowlers. As might be expected, the Scotchmen dominate the party on the green, and their games are full of interest.

A number of them are very demonstrative, and their "Wully, Wully, why do ye not come up," "gently, g-e-n-t-l-y," "Aw, you're gallopin' mon," "Oh, what's this I see," "Well played, but it's a bad hand," gives the games in which they participate an added interest.

Two Striking Characters.

One of the "characters" of the party is "Tom" Charlton, a veteran from Newcastle-on-Tyne. He is large of stature, wears a flowing beard, and his appearance would attract attention anywhere. He goes about with a bare head, and declares that except on spe-

ATHLETICS WON IN THE TENTH

Although Their Fielding and Stick-Work Was Not Up to That of Blues.

IN THE EASTERN. At Rochester—Toronto 1, Rochester 2. At Buffalo—First game—Buffalo 6, Montreal 1. Second game—Buffalo 6, Montreal 4. Other games postponed; rain.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Buffalo	54	34	.613
Rochester	46	38	.552
Baltimore	45	38	.544
Rochester	45	41	.523
Montreal	43	44	.494
Newark	38	41	.484
Providence	36	49	.424
Toronto	27	55	.329

IN THE AMERICAN. At Detroit—R. H. E. 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 9 5. New York—1 0 0 1 1 0 6 2 0—11 14 1. Batteries—Kilian and Schmidt; Griffith, Chesbro and Kleinow and Thomas; Umpires, Evans and Sheridan.

At Chicago—2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—2 5 0. Boston—0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0 9 2. Batteries—White and Sullivan; Young and Armbruster. Umpire, O'Loughlin.

At Cleveland—0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0—2 6 1. Philadelphia—0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1—4 3 1. Batteries—Bernhard and Buelow; Coombs and Powers. Umpire, Connolly.

At St. Louis—3 0 1 0 1 2 4 0—11 14 2. Washington—0 0 0 0 0 1 1—2 6 3. Batteries—Howell and Dickey; Smith and Wakefield. Umpire, Hurst.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Philadelphia	50	32	.608
New York	55	35	.611
Cleveland	50	38	.571
Chicago	49	32	.606
Detroit	47	45	.511
St. Louis	47	49	.551
Washington	38	58	.398
Boston	27	69	.274

IN THE NATIONAL. At Boston—1 0 0 0 0 1 0 2—7 9 3. Cleveland—0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—0 9 2. Batteries—Weimer and Livingston; Dorner and Needham. Umpire, Emlie.

Other games postponed; rain.

NATIONAL STANDING. Chicago—Won, Lost, P.C. 55, 32, .608. Pittsburgh—50, 32, .608. New York—55, 35, .611. Philadelphia—50, 38, .571. Cincinnati—42, 54, .437. Brooklyn—38, 54, .412. St. Louis—47, 49, .551. Boston—27, 69, .274.

TOMORROW'S GAMES. There will be some fine ball served up to the fans at Tecumseh Park Saturday. The race for the flag is getting to be very keen, and there will be something doing every minute tomorrow. In the eye-opener, the Stars and the Seventh play. The game is always a crowd one when this is the case, and it will be no exception tomorrow.

The Rockets and the Champions meet in the last game. A win to either of them means a lot in this series. It will be a hummer from the fall of the flag. In the East End League, the Somerville and the Woburn meet in the first session and the performance will be closed by the Tigers and Ramblers. Both games promise well.

RAILROADERS DOWNED. Goderich, Aug. 2.—In a fast and exciting game of baseball here yesterday, between the G. T. R. team of Stratford and the newly-organized Goderich club, the home team won their fifth successive victory, by a score of 17 to 6.

It being Goderich's civic holiday a good crowd witnessed the game. The score: Goderich 17, 0 0 5 2 0 0 4 0 6—17. Stratford 6, 1 0 0 2 0 2 0 0 1—6. Batteries—Belcher and Doyle; Barrett and O'Brien. Umpire—A. Higginson.

The Catholics of Belgium have decided to present to the Pope a new church in Rome. It will be built in the San Lorenzo quarter and designed by the Pope himself.

MIDSUMMER SALE

With some stores the printing of a few small dodgers, the hanging out of a "Summer Sale" banner, the reducing in price of a few more or less desirable lines as bait, constitutes the sale (?). And strange to say many men, after experiences with such sales, look for the same conditions everywhere. Each sale time here we surprise lots of men and get them for regular customers, by the genuine reductions on practically all the clothing in the stock.

We hold our sales with but one purpose, that of clearing absolutely each season the goods of that particular season. No matter how good the styles may be, no matter how well they would sell the succeeding season, we mark them down and get them out. That's why we have the Cleanest Clothing Stock in Ontario, it's why we keep growing and spreading out, when other stores are falling back.

Men's \$5 Outing Suits for \$2.95

There's just forty-two of these Outing Suits, and they're worth from \$4.50 to \$5.00. They're cut in first-class style and are made well in every respect. The materials are homespun and tweeds, and the colors mostly medium shades of gray, in stripes and overlaid. There's sizes from 35 to 40. On sale Saturday **\$2.95** at.....

Other Outing Suits, \$8.50 to \$10.00, \$5.95; \$11.00 to \$13.50, \$8.95.

Men's \$10 to \$12.50 Suits, \$6.95

In this lot 56 Suits; there's fully half that will do for fall wear. Part of them from the Trotter & Collon stock, of Woodstock, were bought for fall selling. Single and double breasted coat styles in a nice range of medium and dark shades in chevots and tweeds. Sizes 33 to 40, and regular \$10 to \$12.50. On sale at **\$6.95**

Men's \$4 Trousers on Sale at \$2.98

Had we the habit of some stores of carrying over stock, here would certainly be a splendid excuse. Worstest Trousers are soaring in price, and for fall will be in most stores considerably higher. But we take these lines of regular \$4.00 goods, cut, made and trimmed in high-class manner, and put them on sale on Saturday **\$2.98** at this low price.....

Also \$2.00 Trousers at \$1.35; \$3.00 Trousers at \$1.98.

Men's \$2.50 Felt Hats, \$1.28

5 dozen of this season's newest shapes and colors, including pearl and smoke grays, maples and browns. All fine fur felt, and selling at \$2.50. On sale at.....**\$1.28**

Men's \$1.00 Shirts at 48c

About 3 dozen of these Scotch Madras \$1.00 Shirts left out of 20 dozen we put on sale at 69c. To clear them quick we say on Saturday.....**48c**

Scores of Furnishing Snaps in large and small quantities that we haven't room to enumerate here. They're on display throughout the store, and a look through shows many chances to make some easy money.

668 Dundas Street, London East

R. J. YOUNG & CO.

142-144 DUNDAS STREET, LONDON.

417 Dundas Street, Woodstock

one half-way up the rink.

"Your delivery is perfect, and in this department you appear to have studied the Scotchman well."

Interview With the Captain.

While the reception committee were welcoming and exchanging greetings with all the visitors, the News reporter sought out Capt. Fingland, who, by the way, is one of the most unassuming members of the team.

"What is your impression of the playing of our Canadian bowlers?" he was asked.

"They are very earnest players," was the reply. "Just what you would expect in a new country. They go at it in true American spirit. Sometimes they are a little in a hurry, perhaps, but they will get over that, and will make real good players in time. I believe this game is a good deal newer in this country than in the old country, and you would naturally look for greater skill in the old country."

A Wonderful Country.

Capt. Fingland came to Canada. In June so that he might see the country before the rest of the team arrived. He went through to the coast, and was greatly impressed with the "glorious future ahead of Britain's greatest colony."

"Capital and time only are needed to make this a wonderful country," he said.

"What feature in the west was most striking to you?"

"The beauty and grandeur of the Rockies and the Selkies."

Capt. Fingland also stayed over ten days on the prairie to see at leisure the famous wheat fields of the western provinces, and the sight he thought was one long to be remembered.

This is the captain's first visit to Canada and he was not disposed to think that the greatness or future of the Dominion were overrated.

The reception at the city hall was a most pleasant affair and it was made commendably short as befitting the hot weather. The mayor was assisted by Ald. Graham, and the ladies who received the visitors were Mrs. Coatsworth, Mrs. Graham and Miss Graham.

There are a number of ladies in the party and they are enjoying the trip immensely.

A company has been formed in Mexico for the extraction of oil from corn (maize) without thereby affecting the grain for purposes of distillation in the process of manufacturing spirits.

DOMINION SHOOT FOR NEXT WEEK

Marksman To Compete For Several Trophies at Hamilton.

Hamilton, Aug. 2.—Secretary G. W. Burkholder is receiving entries daily for the sixth annual tournament of the Dominion of Canada Trap Shooting Association, which opens on the new grounds of the Hamilton Gun Club Wednesday, Aug. 8.

The committee is determined to make this event absolutely the best that has been held by the association, and from the assurances already received from the leading guns in Canada it is expected that they will not be far from realizing their hope.

The list of prizes offered is well above the value usually offered and in keeping with the importance of the season. The principal trophy offered is the "Grey Cup," donated by His Excellency Earl Grey. The cup is to be a perpetual trophy and shall be for the winner of the grand aggregate at the annual tournament of the association, who will give a gold medal to the winner each year. It is open to members of the association, and will include all regular events throughout the programme, exclusive of team matches.

The Mall trophy, emblematic of the five-man team club championship of Canada; the Montreal Rolling Mills Company trophy, representing the individual championship of Canada; the grand Canadian handicap trophy, the Dominion Cartridge Company prize for an eight-man team race for the championship of Canada and a two-man team race for the Canadian championship are among the other features.

The Upton purse of \$50 and the Canadian Indian trophy and a handsome gun are offered for high averages for first, second and third day respectively.

A. Zimmerman, M. P., offers a prize, valued at \$40, for the longest consecutive run. The Stanley Gun Club offer three prizes for amateurs who shoot through the tournament for birds only.

The association has chosen the following to act as a handicap committee:

1901—St. Hubert's (Ottawa). 1902—Ridgeway Gun Club. 1903—Brantford Gun Club. 1904—Brantford Gun Club. 1905—Sherbrooke Gun Club. INDIVIDUAL CHAMPIONSHIP. 1903—D. Bain, Winnipeg. 1904—F. Westbrook, Brantford. 1905—W. A. Smith, Kingsville. GRAND CANADIAN. 1902—A. W. Throop, Ottawa. 1903—T. M. Craig, Sherbrooke. 1904—F. Westbrook, Brantford. 1905—Geo. W. McGill, Toronto. EIGHT-MAN TEAM RACE. 1903—Hamilton Gun Club. 1904—Hamilton Gun Club. 1905—Stanley (Toronto) Club.

tees: D. MacKinnon, Highgate (chairman); Thomas A. Duff, Toronto; W. H. Ewing, Montreal; Dr. Overholt, Hamilton; F. A. Henry, Ottawa.

This committee shall classify contestants according to their known shooting ability. If he is unknown he will shoot at the 16-yard mark. The committee have the power to change the handicaps, but at the end of each day's shooting only. Contestants will be given their mark at the beginning of each day and will shoot through from the same mark. Straight distance handicap will be used, having 16 yards the minimum and 20 yards the maximum.

The annual meeting of the Dominion of Canada Trap Shooting Association will be held in the Hotel Royal on the evening of Wednesday, Aug. 8, at 8 o'clock.

Each club shall be entitled to send two representatives, but they only will be entitled to vote. Every competitor, however, is entitled to attend the meeting. The election of officers and fixing the date of and place of the annual tournament is to be decided at this meeting.

The present officers are: President, Thomas Upton, Hamilton; first vice-president, J. F. Higginson, Buckingham, Que.; second vice-president, D. MacKinnon, Highgate; secretary, treasurer, W. P. Thompson, Hamilton; executive, Thomas A. Duff, Toronto; W. A. Smith, Kingsville; J. E. Cantelon, Clinton; Dr. J. E. Overholt, Hamilton; F. A. Henry, Ottawa; George W. McGill, Toronto; W. H. Ewing, Montreal; C. G. Thompson, Sherbrooke, Que.; S. M. Sreaton, London. The trophy winners of the past years are:

FIVE-MAN TEAM.

1901—St. Hubert's (Ottawa). 1902—Ridgeway Gun Club. 1903—Brantford Gun Club. 1904—Brantford Gun Club. 1905—Sherbrooke Gun Club.

INDIVIDUAL CHAMPIONSHIP.

LONDON IS GREAT
MARKET CENTER

Over a Million Dollars Business Done in Year.

MUCH FRUIT IS DISPOSED OF

Mayor Judd To Give Paper on Forest City as an Agricultural Center.

Mayor Judd will be one of the London delegates to the Canadian Association of Municipalities, which meets this year at Halifax, and he is to give a paper on London as an agricultural center.

To fully show the important position occupied by London, and its prominence as a market center, Mayor Judd had Market Clerk Dean go over the market returns for a considerable period and compile statistics of interest.

In his paper the mayor will point out that 25 years ago nearly all of the wheat and barley used by the millers was purchased on the London market, but now it is taken direct to the mills by the farmers. A few years ago a brewer purchased a total of 55,000 bushels on the market, whereas at present there is only an occasional load offered for sale, as the breweries are securing the grain in car lots from outside points.

As with grain, so with hogs. One time it was quite common to see wagons or sleighs loaded with dressed hogs, but now the number offered is not more than 10 per cent of that of earlier times, this being due to the fact that the farmers sell direct to the packing-houses.

The returns of the market clerk, however, show that the business done on the local market in the course of a year will reach \$1,375,000. To give the delegates to the convention an idea of what a busy spot London's market is, he will quote to show that on a recent Saturday 800 vehicles loaded with produce, vegetables and fruit were crowded on to the square. These did not include the wholesale butchers and others who had sold out before the count was made. Allowing that the contents of each vehicle were valued at \$15, the total for the day's business would have been \$12,000.

In the course of a year the following is sold on the market:

Oats	75,000
Wheat	24,000
Other grain	21,000
Hay	65,000
Straw	3,600
Butter	208,000
Eggs	18,500
Potatoes	115,000
Small fruits	110,000
Poultry	60,000
Dressed hogs	75,000
Live hogs	12,000
Butchers' meat	190,000
Wool	18,000
Hides	13,000
Tallow	8,000
Honey	8,000

The importance of London as a fruit center is also shown, the paper calling attention to the fact on one day last fall 4,200 baskets of fruit of all kinds were disposed of on the market. One dealer alone sold 73,000 baskets of plums, grapes and peaches during the season, in addition to 2,375 crates of berries.

RICHMOND STREET PAYMENT

Warren Company Ready To Begin as Soon as Street Railway Finish.

City Engineer Graydon has been in communication with the Warren Paving Company regarding the commencement of work on the paving to be laid on Richmond street, between Bathurst and Horton streets, and he has received a reply that the company will have its plant here ready to begin operations as soon as the street railway company lays the brick in its portion of the street.

On the strength of this, the engineer had a conference with Manager King, who gave the assurance that the street railway would commence work in the course of ten days or two weeks. The Warren Company does not want to bring its plant and gang here until everything is in readiness for them.

It was originally intended to pave Richmond street, from the Grand Trunk to Horton, but as the Grand Trunk has purchased all of the property between the tracks and Bathurst street, and may have the grade of the crossing changed, it has been thought advisable to pave only from Bathurst street south.

The contract for the work was let to the Warrens over a year ago.

THE COVES TRAGEDY

Inquiry at the Armories Into Accident That Killed Williamson.

The board appointed to investigate the accident at the Coves on Saturday last, by which Private Williamson lost his life, met last night at the armories and heard the evidence of a number of witnesses. Among the latter was Dr. Reason, who told the board that the small piece of steel that killed Williamson entered the head close to the eye and passed clear through the brain, lodging in the skull on the other side. The explosion of the rifle cannot be accounted for by the members of the board or other officers of the regiment. The weapon was in good condition, and had been used regularly, while the cartridge that exploded was of the kind used at all times. It was stated that before going to the range where the accident occurred, Williamson had taken the trouble to clean the rifle.

A portion of the cartridge is still in the rifle, and the board adjourned until an expert succeeds in having it removed without the necessity of boring it out.

CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

The Pere Marquette Railway has had all the weeds on its property cut, in accordance with the wishes of the city engineer.

Mr. George Webb, of the City Gas Company, had his right foot injured while at work today and will be confined to his home for some time.

Mr. Charles G. Moorhead, of the East End Baseball League, desires to thank the citizens of London for their generous patronage of the band concert in their behalf last night. A splendid crowd was present and all enjoyed themselves very much.

Lieut. Cameron returned last night from the camp at Peasawawa. A splendid time is reported. The London Battery stood highest in the shooting test so far, although not all the batteries have yet reported.

The jewelry stock of Mr. T. Edwards, valued at \$3,100, which was offered at public auction by J. W. Jones yesterday, was withdrawn, there being no bidders. The stock is now in the hands of Messrs. Gibbons, Harper & Gibbons, and will be sold privately.

The Carling Brewing and Malting Company will hold its annual picnic at Walkerville and Detroit on Saturday. A special excursion has been arranged for the Pere Marquette, which will be good from Saturday to Monday, the fare being \$1.60 return. The Pere Marquette line runs through the best fruit-growing district in the Province, and the excursion should prove very interesting to those who take it. Tickets can be secured at the station and at the Pere Marquette office.

Mr. Wm. G. Murray, architect, has taken out permits for the erection of residences for Mr. John W. Pocock, Mr. W. J. Thompson, Mr. W. Lee, Ald. Greenleaves and Mr. Somerville.

GRATEFULLY ACKNOWLEDGED. Mr. George Buskin, agent for the Evangelical and Colportage Mission, has received a letter from the grateful friends of the receipt of \$75 contributed by friends in London.

SPRINGBANK HOPS. The semi-weekly hops are still being continued at Springbank pavilion every Wednesday and Saturday evening under the direction of Tony Vita's orchestra.

JUNIORS WERE WINNERS. An interesting game of baseball was played between the Junior and senior teams of the High School yesterday. The juniors won by a score of 11 to 4. Batteries for Juniors, B. Short and Dixon; for the seniors, Russell, Pugsley, Langley and Kay.

POLICEMAN DISMISSED.

A member of the local police force has been given his walking ticket because of language used towards an employee of the street railway on the day the strike was declared. The offending policeman was at one time in the employ of the company.

FIREMEN HAD A RUN.

About 2:30 this afternoon the fire brigade had a run to the residence of Mr. Alexander Borland, 205 Bathurst street, where a blaze was in progress in one of the upper rooms. It did not take long to extinguish the fire, and little damage was done.

WENT TO ST. LOUIS.

Mr. H. C. Green, of Dundas street, who was in Detroit the other day in quest of his grandson, has been notified that the boy has gone to St. Louis, where he is residing. Herbert is about 14 years old, but on the death of his mother, when he was a mere child, he went to live with his grandparents, who have had charge of him ever since.

PERMIT FOR NEW CHURCH.

Mr. William G. Murray has taken out a permit for the erection of the new Chalmers' Presbyterian Church in the south end of the city. The contracts for the building have been let, and work will be started at an early date. The church will be erected on the site at the corner of Waterloo and Gray streets.

DUNDAS CENTER PULPIT.

Rev. E. B. Lancelley, of the Dundas Street Center Methodist Church, is away for the month of August. During his vacation a former much-esteemed pastor and preacher, the Rev. A. C. Courie, D.D., will supply the pulpit. Mr. Courie's many friends will be much gratified to have him here again for a few weeks.

THE G. T. R. DOUBLE TRACK.

It was stated yesterday by G. T. R. authorities that work on the building of the company's double track between Brantford and Lynden is progressing favorably, and it is expected by early autumn it will be completed. Grading is not being done, and the laying of standard rails will be commenced shortly. This strip of track is needed to complete the system's double track between Montreal and Chicago.

TONIGHT'S BAND CONCERT.

The heading over yesterday's notice of the concert to be given in Victoria Park tonight, "Another Free Concert," was misleading, as it is being given for the benefit of the band, and a number of prominent citizens will be at the gates to receive contributions. The programme is a good one, and last night's rehearsal showed that the band is in splendid form. The members have secured new instruments, and new uniforms, and are looking for the patronage and encouragement of our citizens.

WOODMEN FOR STRATFORD.

The members of the World, under command of Capt. Roughley and Drill Instructor John Mills, will leave here on Monday morning at 6 o'clock to spend the holiday in Stratford where they will attend the Old Boys' parade and put on a course of fancy drill which is sure to prove a success. Great credit is given not only to the members of the team, but to their worthy drill instructor, who in the last six weeks of his service has put the team in first-class shape, as proven by their parade here last Friday evening. They cordially invite all Woodmen who can go with them and spend the holiday in Stratford.

AN INSECT FROM SPAIN.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—The Ontario department of agriculture has decided to experiment with an insect imported from Spain which is said to have been quite successful in California in killing the codling moth.

A CANVAS TOP
FOR THE THEATER

Patrons of Springbank Theater Now Fully Protected From Bad Weather.

"Looking For a Wife," the great Broadway farce, made a decided hit last night with patrons of the Springbank theater, and will be played again this evening. It is just the type of drama for the dog days—light touch and go, and doesn't overtax the men-folk. Folks who are tired of sudden rainstorms need not stay away, as the canvas top or lid to the theater has been placed in position, and is amply capable of withstanding the heaviest downpour. During the day it will also prove an effective barrier against the rays of the sun, and permit of the matinee performances, the first of which will be given tomorrow afternoon. At Saturday evening's performance the gold watch will be presented to the holder of the lucky coupon. Between the acts at every performance will be given high-class and refined vaudeville.

MEN OFFER TO
RETURN TO WORK

Will Call Off the Strike If They Are Reinstated.

In view of the finding of the board of railway commissioners, which was favorable to the company the former employees of the street railway company who are still out held a meeting last night, at which it was practically decided to call an end to the strike on the condition that the company shall reinstate all of them in their old runs, and also comply with the finding of the provincial railway board in regard to the supplying of the conductors with \$20 change and relieving them of the necessity of taking the fare boxes to the barns during the noon hour. They would not ask the company to reinstate the three men whose dismissal was the cause of the strike.

Mr. Magnus Sinclair, the provincial organizer for the street railway union, stated today that the committee had waited on Manager King, but had received no satisfaction, the matter being postponed until Tuesday next. Manager King was also seen today, and he stated that a number of the men had called upon him yesterday afternoon and also this morning, and he was too busy at the time. They will be heard at a later date.

MUST REPORT ACCIDENTS

Mr. Leith Says Several Companies Have Not Obeyed This Rule.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—Chairman Leith of the Ontario Railway Municipal Board, announced today that the board was considering the advisability of proceeding against a number of street railway companies who have not complied with the act requiring the board to be immediately notified of accidents on their lines. The penalty is \$200 a day for every day's omission.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Aggie Youngie, Glencoe, is visiting in this city.

Leonard Coombs, of the Craig store, Ridgetown, is holidaying in London.

Miss Carrie Davis, of Glencoe, has returned home from a visit with London friends.

Miss Muriel Young, of this city, is visiting her cousin, Miss Jean Matthews at Aylmer.

Mrs. C. P. Le Sueur and son, Master Joseph, of Belle Vue, are visiting friends at Bayfield, Ont.

Mrs. L. K. Cameron and Miss Keith Cameron are home in Toronto after a pleasant trip to Winnipeg.

Miss Nettie Sumner, of Ridgetown, has returned from a vacation trip to London, Stratford and other points.

Miss Enon Coor is here from Toronto visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. R. McLeod, 725 Colborne street.

Miss C. Turnbull and Miss V. Laut, of Aylmer, have returned after a week's visit with friends near this city.

Miss Maud Nelson and Miss Violet Dadd have returned home after spending a week's holidays in Putnam and Kintore.

Mrs. James Ferguson and Miss Jessie Ferguson, of New York city, are spending the summer with Mrs. Alex. Fraser, 232 Central avenue.

Miss Etta Knight and Miss Rose Walburg, of 276 Wharfside road, West London, are visiting at Port Burwell, with Mrs. S. Moore and Mrs. T. Bennett, Lakeview.

FLOUR UP IN SMOKE.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Fire which was discovered at an early hour today practically destroyed the mammoth flour house owned by Henry Russell, of this city, the eastern distributing agent for one of the largest flour mills in the United States. The building, one of the largest storehouses in the country, was 1,900 feet long and 35 feet wide, with a capacity of 50,000 barrels, and was located about 4 miles west of this city. Its isolation from fire protection greatly facilitating its destruction. About 8,000 barrels of flour were destroyed by the fire, which at one time threatened the icehouses of Armour & Co., and the Merchants' patch Transportation Company, located nearby. Mr. Russell was unable to state just what his loss would be.

BRIDANT ARRAIGNED.

Toronto, Aug. 3.—Mrs. Miller and Ed Bridant, charged with causing the death of the latter's wife by administering noxious drugs, were arraigned again this morning in the police court and remanded for one week, owing to the crown attorney's illness.

UNIFORM GONG
FOR FIRE DEPTS.

Matter To Be Brought Before the Municipal Convention At Halifax.

A meeting of the fire and light committee of the city council was held this morning, at which Chairman Matthews made a suggestion that some action be taken to secure a uniform fire gong for all departments throughout Canada, and that the use of such gongs by others should be prohibited. The object of this move is to prevent confusion, and also prevent accidents when the apparatus responding to a call. The matter will be brought before the municipal convention to be held at Toronto and Halifax.

On the recommendation of the fire chief, tenders will be called for a new switchboard and two fire alarm boxes for the fire department.

It was reported that the Dymont-Baker Company has equipped the boilers at its factory with automatic feeders, and also taken other steps to prevent fires starting from sparks from the smokestack.

The electric light at Elmwood avenue and the Wortley road will be moved to a point on Elmwood avenue, the change having been requested by the residents of the street.

The council of London Township has agreed to pay half the cost of a light at the corner of Egerton and Trafalgar streets, and the light will be erected by Oct. 1.

At the suggestion of Ald. Armstrong the residents of certain streets in South London will be allowed a rebate on their street watering rates, as it was impossible to have the streets watered for a portion of the summer owing to the construction of the Edward street belt.

MUTINY NOW ON
NEAR MOSCOW

Continued from page one.

opinion of the Liberals, M. Stolypin cannot now remain in office.

Packing Capital With Troops.

The Guard regiments, which were sent back to their camp at Krasnoye Selo at the end of last week, when the Government believed that the country had accepted the Emperor's flat, are again returning to the capital. The troops have been marching in all night. The patrols in the streets have again been reinforced, all the public buildings are heavily guarded by troops, and the number of domiciliary visits and arrests have been redoubled. The searchlights of a cruiser stationed in the lower reaches of the Neva and similar lights on the roof of the Baltic works were played last night on the river, as if St. Petersburg was besieged by a foreign foe.

Newspapers Confiscated.

The Reich has been confiscated, and even such a high-toned paper as the Ravistavle (Quality) and Professor Kovalevsky's Ekstrana have been suppressed. Only the Novoe Vremya and the Svet of the unofficial papers, seem to be immune from seizure. Last night's incendiary fires did not spread, giving relief to those who feared the whole city might be set on fire. The report from Constantinople today said that all the sailors have not yet surrendered. Trials by drumhead court-martial were resumed this morning, and it is believed that further executions are in progress.

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.

	Open	High	Low	2 p.m.
Amal. Copper	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
American Sugar	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
American Locomotive	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
American Foundry	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
American Lumber	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Atchafalpa	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
C. P. R.	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Ches. & Ohio	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Consolidated	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Col. Fuel & Iron	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Erie	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Illinois Central	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
International	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Kansas & Texas, pfd.	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Louisville & Nash.	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Missouri Pacific	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
New York Central	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Norfolk & Western	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Ontario & Western	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Pacific Mail S. S. Co.	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Pennsylvania	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Reading	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Rock Island	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Southern Railway	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Southern Pacific	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
St. Paul	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Texas	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Union Pacific	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
U. S. Leather	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
U. S. Rubber	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
U. S. Steel	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Western Union	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2
Wisconsin Central	102 1/2	103 1/2	102 1/2	103 1/2

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by The Advertiser by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.

to swim ashore. The cruiser is under complete control.

The mutineers met torpedo No. 1 and called upon the crew to follow their allegiance. This they refused to do, and steamed away, with the cruiser in pursuit. She finally reached the harbor of Reval, followed closely by the cruiser. A party composed of the leaders of the mutineers then left the cruiser, and in a small boat sought refuge in the fortifications of the fortress with the object of winning time for the escape of the remainder of the troops, but upon landing they were promptly arrested. The loyal sailors thereupon attempted to recapture the ship and succeeded after severe fighting. The mutineers, who numbered 259, were later sent ashore.

Altogether five officers, a doctor, an engineer and a subaltern officer were killed. One officer was severely wounded and two officers were slightly wounded. About 50 seamen were killed or wounded.

THE EDUCATION BILL

Duke of Devonshire Hints at Bringing
Ahead For Measure.

Papering. Do It Now

The colorings in our Wall Papers are as beautiful as the flowers — a simple matter to choose from such a selection.

O. B. GRAVES, Ltd.
222 DUNDAS STREET.

ECONOMY

For the same amount of light the Nernst lamp requires only one-half the current taken by ordinary incandescent lamps. This means the running cost of electric lights has been reduced about 50 per cent by the introduction of the Nernst lamp.

LONDON ELECTRIC CO.
Limited, 350 Richmond Street.

R. K. COWAN

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
County Bldg. next Court House, London.

**BURNING OIL,
LUBRICATING OIL**

AND ALL OTHER
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS.

THE QUEEN CITY OIL CO.

LIMITED,
Head Office—Toronto.

London Branch, York St., East.

BOXES!

PACKING CASES

Dymet-Baker Lumber Company.

IT'S FIGHT TO A FINISH

Homesteader Will Never Give Up Dam to State While Alive.

Milwaukee, Aug. 3.—"I suppose that some day they will get me, but John Dietz is going out of here, feet first, leaving his empty gun behind him, and the place they will take me to will be the cemetery." This defiance was uttered by John Dietz, who has held the Cameron Dam in the Thornapple River for two years against the employees of the Mississippi Logging and Boom Company and the authorities. In an interview given to two newspapermen, he ventured through the woods of Sawyer County to his home yesterday.

"How is the man I shot?" was Dietz's first words. "I hope the fellow is not going to die," he continued, "because I don't want to kill anybody. The company has been laying traps for me for the last two years and they have not got me yet, though they nearly succeeded several times. They have persecuted me, sending in young fools, killing my cattle and sheep."

Speaking of Sheriff Gylland's posse, he said: "They were a fine lot of cowards, running at my name. I could have got the entire lot of them before they reached the woods. If I had wished to, but I went right on making hay. Any man who will shoot at women and children is a disgrace to the uniform of the state."

"The outcome gives me no concern. It is my duty to protect my family in their constitutional rights. I trust in God and believe that trust is not unfounded."

At the house the newspapermen met the family. The interior is cosy, but warlike, with stands of arms and boxes of cartridges.

Miss Abundia Dietz, the 13-year-old daughter, who was said to have taken part in the fight, said, "I suppose you expected to find a bunch of savages. Mother and I took no part in the battle of Wednesday other than to get father and the boys their guns and take care of the children. No I was not afraid, though some of the bullets did come very close."

A Milwaukee man, who was in Sawyer County last week, says the people there are greatly aroused and if troops are sent hundreds will shoulder their guns and go to the assistance of the Dietz family.

Orsa, in Sweden, has, in the course of a generation, sold \$5,750,000 worth of trees, and by means of judicious replanting has provided for a similar income every 30 or 40 years. In consequence of the development of this commercial wealth there are no taxes, railways and telephones are free and so are the schoolhouses, teaching and many other things.

Cantaloupes, Bartlett Pears, Georgia Watermelons and Kalamazoo Celery. Smythe's Hyman and Richmond streets. Phone 121.

Barring birthdays the society woman tries to appear up-to-date. An occasional domestic storm may be necessary to clarify the matrimonial atmosphere.

ALTERATION SALE STILL ON.

Trunks and Traveling Goods

are all reduced during our continued sale, that is daily drawing scores of new customers.

Discounts on Everything

Come and see our high-grade goods—then look at price tickets.

Pocock Bros.

140 Dundas St.

Canada Trust Co.

Managed in connection with Huron and Erie L. & S. Company.

acts as EXECUTOR and TRUSTEE under wills or ADMINISTRATORS the Estates of those WHO HAVE DIED WITHOUT MAKING A WILL at the same rate of compensation as private persons receive. Family solicitor retained. No bond from relatives required. Correspondence and personal interviews invited.

G. A. SOMERVILLE,
MANAGING DIRECTOR
HURON AND ERIE BUILDING
LONDON, ONT.

DR. JARVIS, DENTIST
In Dorchester Aug. 1 and every Wednesday thereafter. 414-xxv

QUALITY STORE
Fine Old White Canadian Cheese
20c per Pound

HARRY RANAHAN
515 RICHMOND ST.
PHONE 1024.

The Time

To make a good resolution is always now. Resolve to buy a Diamond Hall Watch and you will be prompt in your engagements, which will mean an enlarged bank account for you.

W. G. YOUNG
DIAMOND HALL,
214 Dundas, 674 Dundas.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—The London bank clearings for the week ended Aug. 2 amounted to \$1,026,820.

—The Arva Methodist Sunday school will hold its annual picnic at Port Stanley on Tuesday next.

—Next Sunday in the Duffield Block Mr. Winstanley, of Toronto, will deliver a lecture on "The Stones of the House of God's Building."

—In a portion of the 4 o'clock edition yesterday, a Toronto dispatch made it appear that an arbitration board had given a decision in the London street railway case. It should have read the Toronto street railway.

—Dr. F. Glynn Ellis, son of Mr. William Ellis, of Ridout street, one of the late house surgeons at Victoria Hospital, has gone to Chicago to practice. He has many friends in this city who will wish him the best of success.

—The band of the Seventh Regiment, under the leadership of Mr. Slater, gave a very pleasing concert in Queen's Park last evening. The programme included several popular numbers. A very liberal collection was taken at the gates by the East End Baseball League.

—Miss Eva Patrick, who was on Wednesday evening married by Rev. J. Ross to Mr. Wesley Johnston, was for some time an employee of D. S. Perrin & Co. On the occasion of her marriage she was presented by the company with a collection of department with an address, accompanied by a toilet set and lamp.

—Conductor James Westbrook, of the street railway, met with a painful accident yesterday. He was walking on the footboard of one of the open cars, when he stepped on a banana skin, which almost threw him from the car, which was moving rapidly. He fell on one arm and dislocated some of the joints. He will not be able to resume work for some time.

—The Twenty-sixth Regiment Band is to give a concert in Victoria Park this evening, which will undoubtedly be the best of the season. Bandmaster Brock reports that the programme which was rehearsed last night, was conducted for over twenty years. The concert is being given for the benefit of the band. New uniforms and new instruments have increased the expenses in connection with the organization, and the members are depending on the citizens to help them out.

—The Salvation Army local brass band have just received from England seven new instruments, which are on exhibition in the window of Heintzman's piano store, corner of Dundas and Clarence streets. These are manufactured in the Army's factory, London, England. They will be presented to the band by Brigadier Hargrave on Monday evening, the 6th inst., at the Salvation Army Citadel, at 8 o'clock, when the band will be rendering a very special musical programme. Proceeds

of the sale will be given to the band.

DOLLAR RINGS

Come and examine these Fine Gold Rings, with stone settings.

SUMNER

The Jeweler,
380 RICHMOND STREET.

FRUIT

for today: Black Currants, Thimbleberries, Red Raspberries.

For Saturday: Georgia Peaches, California Melons and Nasmith's Confectionery.

No house should be without a bottle of Pinheiro Lime Juice this weather.

JOHN LAWSON

Grocer, Etc.
Phone 555. 261 Dundas Street

Where Purity Is Paramount

At the drug store of Cairncross & Lawrence, from the time the goods enter the store until they leave, purity is the most important consideration in each department of our business. Remember this when you are buying drugs or have a prescription to fill. It may mean a great deal to you.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE
Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas Street, London.

Clearing Summer Hats and Outing Caps

BELTZ'S

of the meeting will be devoted toward liquidating the balance owing upon instruments.

THEATER IS ROOFED

The canvas top for the theater at Springbank was put on yesterday afternoon. It adds greatly to the appearance of the theater, and certainly does much for the convenience of the patrons of this popular playhouse. The top is entirely waterproof, and henceforth the shows will be given rain or shine. From now on matinees will be held. The roof protects from the sun as well as the rain, and Springbank theater will prove an ideal place to spend an afternoon. The first matinee will be held on Saturday next, and there will be another on Civic Holiday. The covering cost \$1,000.

CANADIAN CLUB COMMITTEES NAMED

Task Performed by Executive—Thousand Members Expected by Club at an Early Date.

The executive of the newly-formed Canadian Club met yesterday afternoon in the office of the president, Mr. George C. Gibbons, K. C. The following members were present: President Gibbons, Mayor Judd, Dr. John D. Wilson, Treasurer Jared Vining, Col. Gartshore, J. M. Gunn, B. A. Senator Coffey, John McLean, and Secretary S. J. Ross. The most important business was the appointment of the various committees, as follows:

Committee on history, institutions, literature, arts and resources—Frank Lawson (convenor), T. J. Murphy, C. G. Jarvis, E. Graves, Dr. W. H. Moorehouse, R. A. Little, F. W. Merchant, S. J. Radcliffe, C. B. Edwards, Dr. Woolverton, John Dearness, Rev. W. J. Clark, Rev. J. W. Graham, Rev. Father Aylward, Canon Dann, Fred W. Daly, F. W. C. McCutcheon, Finley E. Peron, J. M. McEvoy, Dr. Seaborn, Dr. McLeary, J. W. H. McRoberts, J. A. Cottam, W. Murray, Geo. N. Weeks, J. H. Bowman, Rev. G. W. H. McAllister, Joseph T. Marks, H. B. Ashplant, David Ross, M. W. Roscoe, W. R. Meredith, A. E. Miller, Fred T. Yealland, Arthur White, S. Stevely, Fred Darch, W. E. Saunders and J. S. Pearce.

Committee on sports—H. E. Buttery (convenor), Arthur Little, B. C. McCann, Dr. Becker, Frank Reid, Francis Love, George Macbeth, A. Tillmann, Ralph McKay, P. M. Millman, K. H. Pope, J. W. Smith, John Barnes, Ed. Smith, George Gibbons, J. A. T. Torry, W. A. McChinn, J. R. Forristal, Jun., T. W. McFarland, G. G. Gerrard, Gordon Ingram, J. R. Minnick, James D. Tytler, J. S. McDougall, Hume Cronyn, M. E. Holden, W. T. Strong, R. A. Carrothers, John Stevely, Frank Forristal, Joe Down, H. B. Beal, Arthur Sipit, Herman Kompass, C. M. R. Graham, R. Arkell, Ald. Gillen, Wm. Allan, E. J. MacRobert, Hugh Labatt, John A. Carling, Richard Westby.

Committee on finance—John Pringle (chairman), A. G. Calder, P. W. D. Brodick, R. B. Rosborough, G. A. Somerville, C. R. Somerville, R. W. Puddicombe, A. T. McMahon, Harry Givens, John S. Moore, T. S. Hobbs, W. J. Reid, Thos. H. Purden, H. C. Becker, Dr. Muggan, P. Pocock, Thos. Treleven, F. E. Leonard, John Labatt, T. H. Carling, John Forristal, Dennis Mason, Frank Jewell, W. W. Gammage and W. D. I. Wright.

The secretary reported that the list of membership was growing daily, and there was every reason to believe that it would soon reach the thousand mark. Membership lists will be left with the city clerk, at Ald. Gillen's store, at Mills' book store, and with members of the executive committee.

Those desirous of joining the club should leave their names as soon as possible with the secretary, S. F. Glass, 106 Masonic Temple, or sign any of the lists alluded to above.

FUNERAL OF LATE JUSTICE STREET

Will Be Held Tomorrow Afternoon From Mrs. Becher's Residence.

The funeral of the late Mr. Justice W. P. R. Street, whose death occurred at Danville, N. Y., on Wednesday, will take place tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from "Thornwood," the residence of Mrs. Becher, St. George street. The Bishop of Huron and Rev. Canon Dann, rector of St. Paul's (which the late Justice attended while a resident of London), will conduct the services both at "Thornwood" and Woodland Cemetery, where the interment will be made. The members of the Middlesex Bar will attend in a body. The remains will be brought to London tonight from Toronto, where services are to be held in St. Thomas' Church this afternoon.

Middlesex Bar Meets.

A meeting of the Middlesex Law Association was held yesterday afternoon at the court house. The occasion of it was the death of Judge Street. Mr. Richard Bayly occupied the chair, and Mr. G. N. Weekes acted as secretary.

The bar resolved to attend the funeral in a body and the following resolution was unanimously adopted: "The members of the Middlesex Law Association desire to place on record the feelings of deep sorrow with which they received the intelligence of the death of the late Hon. Mr. Justice Street, and to express their sympathy with the bereaved family."

"Having spent his life in this city of Toronto, he was well and most favorably known, not only to the members of our profession, but to the citizens at large, who held him in great respect and esteem."

"He was a member of this association from its formation until he removed from the city, for many years one of the trustees and treasurer, and was always ready and willing with his time and good counsel to assist in promotion of the welfare of our profession."

"While regretting his removal from this section, as it severed our connection with one of the members of the bar here with whom we were pleased to practice because of his ability, fairness and integrity, still we were pleased when he was appointed to the position of judge of the supreme court of judgment for Ontario, as we felt confident that his removal was one which would be advantageous and beneficial for the administration of justice in the Province, and we are pleased to know that our confidence was not misplaced as he brought to bear in the discharge of his onerous duties a well grounded knowledge of law, an even temper, patient and courteous manner, a careful, studious consideration of all matters brought before him and a strong, conscientious and honest mind."

"We desire to convey to his bereaved widow and family our deepest sympathy in this their time of irreparable bereavement by the removal of a loving and true husband and kind and indulgent father."

Tribute From Judge MacMahon.

A warm tribute was paid in the vacation single court at Toronto yesterday morning by Mr. Justice MacMahon to the late Mr. Justice Street.

"In the death of this distinguished colleague," said he, "the bench and the bar has sustained a loss which arouses general regret. I had known the late Mr. Justice Street for over 35 years, and as a fellow townsman and personal friend in the legal profession, I knew him as a gentleman, an able jurist, and a most capable judge, and his death will leave a place on the bench which it will be hard to fill."

Mr. W. H. McFadden, K. C., on behalf of the bar, concurred in all his cordiality with the remarks of the judge, and expressed the regret of the bar at the death of a man who was "a much beloved judge."

RECOMMENDS \$500 GRANT

Board of Works Again Acts on Rowing Club's Request.

The board of works, at its regular meeting last night, again considered the question of a grant to the London Rowing Club to assist in building a breakwater to prevent damage from further damage by spring floods. The club claims that the erection of the West London breakwater and the great amount of filling in the rear of the Scarrow property have diverted the course of the river to such an extent as to greatly damage the Rowing Club grounds.

Messrs. Edmund Weld, J. S. McDougall and J. D. Tytler appeared last night, on behalf of the club, and asked the city to make the desired grant. Mr. Weld stated that it was his opinion that the city was liable, and he added, unless the city meets the club fairly in the matter, there is reason to believe that an action will be brought to compel it to do something.

On motion of Ald. Garratt, the council will be recommended to make a grant of \$500.

Ald. Gerry (chairman), Garratt, Saunders, Wyatt, Mayor Judd, Secretary Bell and Engineer Graydon were present.

If you are wanting something new and novel in the souvenir postal line, something artistic, original and high-class, see our lines. Red Star News Company, 8 Market Lane, city.

TIME HAS TESTED IT.—Time tests all things; that which is truly lives; that which is untrue, man's welfare perishes. Time has proved Dr. Thomson's Electric Oil. From a few thousand bottles, the demand has risen to the hundreds of thousands of bottles. What is so eagerly sought for must be good.

These are delightful evenings for a drive in Hueston's carriages.

Huckleberries, Indiana Gem Melons, Elberta Peaches, at Smythe's Hyman and Richmond. Phone 121.

Trouble never troubles a man who is always smiling.

There Is a Great Deal of Satisfaction in Knowing That When You Leave a Grocery Order by Telephone or Personally That You Will Get It As Ordered.

This is one reason why our store is known as London's most satisfactory grocery.

We aim to give our customers the best service, the newest goods, and the greatest assortment to choose from.

Telephone your orders to 317 or 1866.

Arizona Cantaloupes (the finest grown), Muskmelons, Watermelons, Extra Choice Peaches, Thimbleberries (large), and a complete assortment of home-grown vegetables.

Smoked Sardines

One of the most popular Sardines we ever sold 15c
Try a tin with your order.

New Sterling Lobsters

The best packed. Every tin guaranteed. A tin 20c and 25c

For Picnics

A complete assortment of the nicest of everything.

OX TONGUES AND LAMBS' TONGUES, in glasses and tins, Canned Chicken, Tenderloin, Turkey and Tongue.

PASTES FOR SANDWICHES, Sardine, Bloaters, Anchovy, and Shrimp, in stone pots; Pure Ham and Tongue, in tins; Peanut Butter, in glass jars.

OLIVES AND PICKLES (picnic sizes), a bottle 15c and 25c
McLaren's Potted Cheese 10c and 25c
Cream Cheese, each 10c
Old White Cheese, a pound 20c
PICNIC PLATES, a dozen .. 10c

T. A. ROWAT & CO.
234 Dundas Street

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. W. B. Milloy has returned home after two weeks' visit in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Ayers and family are at Acadia Villa, Port Stanley.

Miss Margaret Walton is spending a few pleasant days at Acadia Villa, Port Stanley.

Mrs. Robert Southcott and son Gordon are rusticating at Acadia Villa, Port Stanley.

Mr. Fred Jones, of the Queen City Oil Company, will visit Europe in September.

Mr. and Mrs. Walker Finch and children, of London South, are holidaying in the country.

Mrs. Chester Smith is spending a month holidaying in Sarnia, Detroit, Buffalo and New York.

Mrs. Adney Sheff and little son Stanley, of Rodney, are visiting at the home of Mrs. Brown, 541 Grey street.

Mrs. Sheffy, of Rodney, accompanied by her little son Stanley, is the guest of Mrs. Henry Brown, of 541 Grey street.

Mr. George Henry, of Battle Creek, Mich., accompanied by his wife and family, is spending a few days in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. James Craig and family, of Maryboro Place, are spending a pleasant vacation at Acadia Villa, Port Stanley.

Mr. T. H. Heard, superintendent of Victoria Hospital, has resumed his duties after a very pleasant two weeks' holiday.

Miss Hattie Shaw, Stanley street, left for Chicago and Belvidere, Illinois, to visit Miss Eleanor Gould, and other relatives.

Miss Hattie Shaw, Stanley street, has gone on a visit to Miss Eleanor Gould, Belvidere, Ill., and to relatives in Chicago.

Misses Minnie and Edna Mortimore have left for Toronto, where they will take a steamer for a trip down the St. Lawrence.

Mrs. Y. Cowen, of 394 Piccadilly street, city, with a party of friends, has gone to Grand Bend to spend the balance of the summer.

RUG SALE CONTINUED

Tapestry and Velvet Rugs at Clearing Prices

20 Tapestry Rugs in floral and Oriental designs, in fawn, green and red. A very durable and attractive Rug, 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 ins. Regular value \$7.50, sale price..... \$5.85

15 Same Quality Rugs, 9x12 ft. Regular value \$8.50, sale price..... \$6.85

9 Only Wilton Velvet Rugs in fine designs and handsome colorings. A splendid rug for library or dining room. Regular value \$16.50, sale price, \$11.75

A. S. CREATION & CO.
London's Greatest Carpet Store.

THELMA, OFF MILK CART, THE WINNER

Kalamazoo, Mich., Aug. 2.—The winner of the first race on today's programme, the 2:30 trot, was Thelma, a green horse showing phenomenal speed. Thelma had been driven before a bicycle sulky only 14 times, previous to entering the race. In June she was cultivating a field of grain at Coldwater, and had been driven about the village to a milk wagon. She took third in the first heat, but won the next three straight and with little difficulty.

In the 2:08 pace Shyluck, a Chicago horse owned by Dick McMahon, reduced the track record to 2:05½. The management had announced that if the 2:05 mark or better were made an extra \$500 would be added, and many stop watches made the heat 2:05 flat. When the decision was announced there was hissing and much uproar from the grandstand with cries of "rotter" and "rotter." The favorite Thelma was Allen Wood, who with Shyluck in the second heat distanced the rest of the field. A big crowd was present.

THEY HAD KEEN NERVE

Are Alleged To Have Stolen Wheels Off a New Mower.

A man named Langley was arrested yesterday afternoon on a charge of stealing some mower wheels from Mr. John Cain, of Biddulph Township. Langley was remanded for a week on the charge by Squire Chittick. A companion of the prisoner, named McDonald, made good his escape.

On Wednesday last McDonald and Langley hired a horse from Frank Short in East London. They had a wagon of their own, and started out on a trip north. They had got as far as Mitchell, and were started on their way home. It is alleged that they got a stove and several other things when the owners were not around. When they reached John Cain's farm they saw a mower in the field. It is said, and strongly removed the wheels and brought them to the city. Cain got Constable McMahon, and they started for the city. On going to the junk shops they found McDonald and Langley trying to dispose of the stuff to Marvel Hecht. The police were summoned, but before they arrived McDonald cut down the G. T. R. tracks and got away. Langley, however, was landed.

McDonald is out on suspended sentence on a similar charge, and it is said that both he and Langley belonged to a very bad gang of pilferers.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S Dysentery Co. did a speedy cure for dysentery, diarrhea, cholera, summer complaint, sickness and complaints incidental to children teething. It gives immediate relief to those suffering from the effects of indiscretion in eating unripe fruit, cucumbers, etc. It acts with wonderful rapidity and never fails to conquer the disease. No one need fear cholera if they have a bottle of this medicine convenient to hand.

The money of the self-made person is apt to talk regardless of grammar. Give to others the best you have and something better will come back to you.

CANOEING.

REGATTA AT GODERICH.

Goderich, Aug. 2.—Tomorrow evening a novel event will take place here at the mouth of the Maitland, a canoe regatta arranged by the Menesetting Canoe Club. The programme includes seven races for prizes, as follows:

1. Double paddle vs. two paddles, half mile. 2. Single paddle, half mile. 3. Doubles, half mile. 4. Rowboat vs. two paddles, half mile. 5. Rowboat, half mile. 6. Ladies' race, doubles, half mile. 7. Tiltling.

Race judges have been asked to preside as follows: E. N. Lewis, M. P., L. E. Daney and P. L. Walton. Jeweller Kelly is to be timekeeper. Dr. Walter Turnbull is president of the Canoe Club, and Dr. Mabey, secretary.

THE RING.

O'BRIEN GOES TO ENGLAND.

Philadelphia, Aug. 2.—Sporting circles received a great surprise when Jack O'Brien sailed for England yesterday. Few were taken into his secret, and little was known of the planned trip even among his relatives. It was thought that he would

See pictures of London bowlers' tournament in this week's Toronto Sunday World, on sale Saturday afternoon at all news stands.

Special Bargains in All the Soft Colored Shirts

75c Goods Selling for 45c

\$1.00 Goods Selling for 65c