



DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.
GREAT REMEDY FOR
SUMPTION,
d by many prominent physicians to be
the reliable preparation ever introduced
for relief and cure of all

COMPLAINTS.

is remedy is offered to the public, none
of which are of the nature of a
cure, unless it be a speedy

CRISP, BRONCHITIS, INFLUENZA,
Cough, Hoarseness, Pain or
in the Chest and Side,
aching at the Lungs,
ever Complaints, etc.

It is a remedy that has attended the applica-
tion in all cases of

ONARY COMPLAINTS

is a remedy of high standing to employ
in cases of which are of the nature of a
cure, unless it be a speedy

OF BE DISCREDITED.
is evidence in our possession we submit

L. J. RACINE, Esq.,
Montreal. "Having experienced the
benefits from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I am induced to express the
highest opinion of its efficacy. For many
years I have been afflicted with a severe and
debilitating disease, and have been unable to
do any work. After using a few bottles of
this medicine, I feel a new strength and vigor
returning, and I am enabled to resume my
usual avocations. I have used the medicine in
my family, and it has proved of great benefit
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The St. Andrews Standard.

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[\$2 50 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE]

No 13

SAINT ANDREWS NEW BRUNSWICK, MARCH 27, 1872

Vol 12

Poetry.

SHADOWS OF DEATH.

There's a fearful thrill in my veins,
The cold, a leaping pulse in my brow,
I feel that no refuge remains
Save one, for the weary One now;
I hear a voice in the breeze
That tells of a fairer home,
A murmur amidst the trees
That softly whispers "Come."
I shall go down to the grave
Just when my Sun is cleared—
Down to Oblivion's wave,
Just when my fame is nearest;
Just when the light of Affection,
Longed for in vain so often,
Casts on life's path its reflection,
The rugged way to solace.

Weave a wreath for my head,
And weave it of faded roses;
See that ye make my bed
Where the first pale spring flower peeps;
Faded flowers are best
For the grave of the early perished;
And quiet shall be my rest
Where the worm is cherished. J. G.

Interesting Tale.

THE BLACK PROPHECY.

I was quartered at Bhopal, in the 18th—
the native infantry, in the 18th—
the foot made up the garrison. A better set of men
and officers were never collected together. The
greatest harmony existed between us. The grand
objects of our service seemed to amuse and be
amused. In India the evenings always pass pleasantly
enough, but the mornings often hang heavily
on our hands. Rajah and his family are the only
pastimes for the persons. These, however, interest-
ing at first, become dull by frequent repetition,
and, as we have no books, as in Europe, to fly to
no power of walking, or of riding out under the
broad sun, the hours between breakfast and dinner
time often seem so years, as to force the
person fond of excitement to seek out sources of
enjoyment.

I was sitting on my cane couch, smoking my
hookah, alternately glancing at the "punch" (an
object about the size of the head of an English
screen, which, being suspended to the ceiling
by ropes, is swung to and fro by an attendant, in
order to create an artificial breeze) over my head,
and the often read pages of an old "Gentleman's
Magazine," when my head being walked in and
requested leave to absent himself for one hour.

In England such a demand would not have sur-
prised me; but in Bengal such a solicitation was
novel, I could not help asking the man his reasons
for wishing to go out, especially at the hour when
he might be required to attend my palanquin.
"It is to go to the bazar, sahib," replied the man.
"You wish to make purchases there; is it so?"
"Yes, sahib. I do not go there to buy
anything, sahib."

"To see your family, then?"
"No, sahib. I have no family there. My sur-
viving relatives are at Allahabad."

"What do you then, go to seek?"
The man hesitated a moment ere he replied,
"I wish to consult the Brahmin Jeserie Poree."
"And who is this Jeserie?"
"The great seer, sahib. He who knows
and foretells the destiny of every disciple of
Nishana."

"And you believe in his power?"
"Sahib?" replied he interrogatively, as if doubt-
ing the possibility of the question I had put.
"Can he also predict the fate of Europeans?"
"No, sahib; nor will he ever hold converse with
them. He is forbidden to do so by a vow."

"Still I should like to go and see him."
"Impossible."

A thought suddenly struck me. I ordered my
palanquin, which stood ready in my verandah.
"Take me to Jeserie," said I, as I jumped in.
My head bearer approached, and bowing his
head, he loudly muttered, "There a ready said to
my master that the Brahmin will not receive the
white stranger."

"I know, sahib, take me to the door of
the place where this Jeserie lives, where I can
see all that passes. On our way, mind some of
your countrymen (very ready) and turning
close the doors of the palanquin, and let it down
carefully, as it were empty; and, if asked, say
you have left me at the back of the house, and on your
way home you have stopped to learn your master's
fortune. Say a word. There is a rupee for
you; and, if you wish, I will tell you your fate, and
let me be near enough to hear it. And so saying
to stop all further remonstrance, I closed the doors,

and crying out "Geldi" (go on), was soon en route
for the Bazar.

According to my orders, I was soon set down
at the open entrance of the mud house in which
the "wise man" sat, squatting on his calves, with
half a dozen natives smoking their "chubbah" (the
lowest grade of hookah) round him. By peeping
through the Venetian blinds in the panel of my
palanquin, I was enabled to see and hear all that
passed; so peering out, I began eagerly to glance around me.

The Brahmin (or "body man," for he was not,
believe, a regular priest) sat perfectly silent in the
centre of the floor, with his eyes fixed on an
opening in the roof, as if mentally piercing the
sky which was perceptible through the aperture.

His right arm was fixed straight up, and the fin-
ger-nails of his doubled fist had grown through the
back of it. This, I am aware, may appear im-
probable to a European; but there are few who
have been in India that have not seen similar self-
inflicted tortures, the consequence of early reli-
gious views. The man before me had held up his
his arm probably from his very earliest youth; it
had now grown in that position. Unless it were
broken, nothing could again bring it down. His
clenched hand had probably been contemporary
with the other distortion; for he seemed to feel
no pain, though, as I said before, the nails had
grown actually through the flesh, and came out at
the back of his hand. His cheeks showed the
scars of many self-inflicted gashes. He was per-
fectly naked from head to foot, but wore a strange
looking necklace and armband, with a very large
round to quize round his neck. He was evident-
ly very tall, though in his present posture, I could
not tell his height. His age was about sixty.

When my head-bearer approached and made
known his wishes, the holy man, ere he replied to
him, muttered several prayers; then taking a
small earthenware pot of water, he dipped his
fingers in it, and sprinkled some on the ground,
and some on the forehead of the kneeling man;
then throwing some yellow powder into a few hot ashes
which stood beside him, he began muttering ex-
tremely fast a number of ejaculations, with a view
of course unintelligible to me, rolling his eyes
about all the time like a furious maniac. The im-
cations complete, the following was about the
substance of his queries and prognostics:

"You are unhappy?"
"I am."
"You have lost your children?"
"I have."
"Your wife is sick—your mind is sore—no riches
accumulate beneath your roof?"
"None."
"Yet your master is kind, and your own health
good?"
"Yes."

"What is your desire with me? I tell you the
present—would you know more?"
"I would."
"What seek you to know?"
"The cause and remedy of those evils which
beset me."

Here he dropped the rupee I had given him
close to the Brahmin, who affected not to notice
it, but began again muttering his incantations,
and throwing his yellow powder around him. Sudden-
ly he started up, twisting quickly round and round,
as though he stopped with his face towards the
east, and, after a few apparently painful convul-
sions, desired the sedar to propound such questions
as he thought fit.

"How long have I to live?"
"Seven days," he statily answered the ques-
tion. "What cause will occasion my death?"
"Vengeance for the wrongs you now suffer."
"Why whom are these wrongs brought?"
"The evil eye of a stranger."
"A native of Bengal?"
"No; a white man."
"And when shall these persecutions cease?"
"Only when the evil eye is closed for ever."
"And how shall I recognize that eye?"
"By the eye of the first white man you beheld
to-morrow after 'dope-dugga' (quizzing)." I think
it is a collyer. Be wary of it, and beware."

And the seer then told him of his fate, and be-
gan uttering a string of prayers.

In a few moments my servant appeared plung-
ing in profound meditation, as if engaged within his
own mind the probability of impossibility of the
Brahmin's assertions; then suddenly turning
round, he bowed to his companion, and in less
than a quarter of an hour I was again at home,
pulling away at my hookah.

"I spent a short time," I said endeavoring to point
out to my sedar the folly of believing in a physi-
cal impostor, the danger of giving ear to such
foolish and nonsense. He only shrugged his shoulders,
bowed low, and held his tongue. I could elicit
no answer from him; and I eventually perceived
the words of the fortune-teller had taken deep
root in his mind.

At noon that day I told the story to several of
my brother officers, who agreed on a future day
to accompany me, and try to induce the holy man
to foretell our fate.

The next morning I was startled from my sleep
by hearing the heavy roll of infantry, caused
by the troops, who on this day were to fire a "feu
de joie" in honor of the royal birthday. Now, as
I thought to have been present on the occasion, this
loud noise that I was fully half an hour too late
was anything but agreeable; so I started up in my
bed, and began roaring loudly (for we have no
bellows in our house) for my sedar, whose
duty it was to wake me, with the kind intention
of introducing my English horse whip to his Ben-
galee shoulders. After shouting at least a dozen
times, my kildar-gar entered.

"Where is the sedar bearer?"
"I know not, sahib."
"Drive him to come here directly."
The man went out, and returned in a short time
afterwards.

"Sahib, the sedar is nowhere to be found. I
have vainly sought him everywhere; he has not
been seen this morning."

"Well, then, assist me to dress as quickly as you
can. But mark me well—by the waters of Ganges,
and the hundred arms of Vishnu, I'd horse-whip
him, as an example to all idle, bad servants."

My toilet completed, I called for my cash and
sword, which in this hot climate we were allowed
to wear with a white jacket and breeches cap. The
first was brought to me, but the second could not
where he found; the belt and scabbard were in
their regular places, but the sword itself was mis-
sing. This was indeed most strange; but fancy-
ing that some one had played me a trick, I for-
gotten that of my neighbor, who was on the sick
list, and hastened off to make the best excuse I
could to my commanding officer, being a good-
natured man, not only forgive me, but invited me to
breakfast.

The colonel had a pretty daughter and an Eng-
lish brilliant table; so I amused myself till late in
the afternoon; when, just as I was leaving his
house, I was horrified by the report being brought
in of the murder of a European soldier—a cir-
cumstance almost unprecedented. The body had
not been killed; it could not have, therefore, been
examined with any degree of accuracy; and, as the
deceased was known to be a most quiet, peaceable
soldier, it was out of the question that the assas-
ination could have arisen out of any quarrel or
previous ill will. It seemed from the account
given, that the poor fellow must have been quietly
walking along the road to Meerut, when some
miserable man must have come behind him, and
stabbed him to death.

The colonel desired me to accompany him to
the spot where the heinous act had taken place,
in order to inquire into it; we therefore mounted
our horses, and galloped off.

We had scarcely proceeded half a mile when
we met a party of the 4th, bearing the body of
their murdered comrade on a rough horse made of
the branches of trees. The dead man lay re-
clined in the back. A bear in the side of the
eye of the man in the present, as we examined the
corpse. A low murmur of voices, as if the assas-
sins were ever found, was fiercely uttered by
the bystanders.

We again remounted our horses, and went
on, desirous of seeing the spot where the murder
had been committed. By the way we reached
the back. A bear in the side of the eye of the
man in the present, as we examined the corpse.

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Important Arrest of a Forger—A Heavy Transaction Nipped in the Bud.

From a New York Paper.

Detectives Elder and McDougall succeeded the other day, in New York, in arresting George Johnson, one of the greatest forgers in this country. He is charged with forging the signature of the Hon. S. S. Cox to a letter of introduction to James Garfield & Co., extensive liquor merchants of this city, from whom he purchased a bill of goods, paying for the same and receiving the firm's check on the Bank of North America for forty seven dollars in change. This he got cashed, and the next day, through a confederate, presented a check to the bank for \$2,300. The cashier, suspecting that something was wrong, told the boy who presented the check to wait a few minutes. He, however, took the alarm and fled. The case was reported and the above detectives to day succeeded in capturing Johnson, alias Charles Barclay. His arrest has disclosed one of the most gigantic schemes of robbery ever conceived.

About four weeks ago Johnson entered the banking house of Jay Cooke & Co. in this city, and stated that his name was McKimney and that he was settling up an estate in New Jersey and desired to purchase \$130,000 in 520 bonds, which at the market value amounted to \$143,000. He requested that the messenger might be sent to his office in the National Trust Company building, and that he would pay for them with a check on the National Park Bank. Taking his leave, he was met in the doorway by detectives Elder and McDougall, who had received information that a bold attempt at forgery and robbery was to be made on some Wall street banking house. They suspected something wrong, and on inquiry learned of the proposed transaction. They at once pronounced it a fraud, but requested that the messenger should be sent to Johnson's supposed office. It now transpires that he intended to accompany the messenger to the National Park Bank, where he kept a small account, and get a check certified to. He and the messenger were to return to the office to complete the transaction, when he would have substituted a forged check for the amount paid, as he hoped, obtain possession of the bonds.

SNOW STORM.—An Illinois family, consisting of two people with five children, were recently overtaken by a snow storm while crossing the prairies of Iowa on their way to Nebraska. Being late at night, and surrounded by darkness, the mother and children were in imminent danger of freezing, and it was thought best to stop the team and have the father push on for assistance. He was gone twenty-four hours, having lost his way, and three of the children perished to death in his absence. The survivors were taken to the house of the farmer to whom the father has appealed for assistance, and by careful treatment their lives were saved.

Small Pox in the County of Gloucester.

Late last Fall a vessel put into the port of Caranquet in distress, having small pox on board. There is no Quarantine establishment at that port, communication with the shore therefore could not be prevented, and soon after it was found that this dreadful scourge was spreading rapidly amongst the inhabitants. Mr. Anglin telegraphed to the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa, who has charge of the administration of the Quarantine Laws, and received the following despatch:—

OTTAWA, Feb 6 1872.

To Hon. T. W. Anglin, M. P.

The duty of attending to the preservation of public health does not exclusively concern the general Government whose action intended to take place only in exceptional cases. The case mentioned is one of very many now in existence over the country devolving on local authorities to deal with in accordance with the 58 chapter of revised statutes of New Brunswick.

Mr. Anglin again wrote to the Minister, and received the following reply:—

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Ottawa, 6th March, 1872.

Sir.—I am directed by the Minister of Agriculture to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th ult., in relation to the appearance of small-pox at Caranquet, and to make the following explanatory remarks:

It is much to be regretted that disease has broken out in Caranquet; but, I grieve to say, its ravages are not confined to that locality. In Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, St. John, N. B., and other places it has been and continues to be severe, and everywhere it is dealt with by the local authorities.

The Provincial Government have not been deprived by the British North American Act, 1867, of the power of acting in such matters. They, under the authority of their respective Legislatures, have the exclusive right to establish Hospitals for their respective Provinces, (other than Marine Hospitals) and in Hospitals only can the patients be properly segregated so as to prevent the dissemination of the contagion. In reference to this I may be permitted to remind you that when small pox made its appearance some time ago, in the city of St. John, in spite of the presence of a regular Quarantine at the Port, the local authorities thought it their duty as well as their right, to provide measures against the scourge and so it has been in other cities and towns of the Dominion.

The General Government has no power of action in matters of health, except under the Quarantine and Health Act of 1868; and then only when the Governor General takes the step of issuing a Proclamation on the subject. The Act contemplates that this shall be done in extreme and exceptional cases, and for the purpose of preventing the dissemination of the

disease not before known to exist in the Dominion.

Small pox is not such a disease. It is always to be found in a greater or less degree in the country, and such being the case, should be dealt with like other ordinary diseases.

This has been so generally felt no application Government to issue the necessary Proclamation, or to establish Central Boards of Health with the view of dealing with this epidemic disease. Any such Proclamation, it may be feared, would, without doing any substantial good, needlessly create a panic. Should the Government of New Brunswick however desire that such a Proclamation, should issue for that Province, and Central Boards be established under their representation will receive every consideration.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

J. C. TACHE.

Dep. Min. of Agriculture.

Hon. T. W. Anglin,

St. John, N. B.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS BY RAIL.—

General officers have been comparing notes on the results of the employment of railways during the war with France. Their conclusion was when the distance to be traversed is short, and a considerable force has to be conveyed, an army corps will proceed more rapidly on foot than by railway. Thus, a force of thirty six thousand men will, it is stated, go a distance of fifty miles in less time than it would take if it were conveyed by a double line of railway, and a distance of sixty two miles in less time than if it were transported over a single line. In moving large bodies of troops a saving can only be made by using cars when the proportion of men to miles is 600 to 1 on a double line and 400 to 1 on a single line. The French, it is said, often suffered great losses from not observing the above rule in the conveyance of troops.

The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, MARCH 27, 1872.

The Opposition.

Three of the members from this County voted with the Opposition to oust the Government, but they failed, and the

GOVERNMENT WAS MAINTAINED.

Mr. Lindsay did not vote, and Mr. Miller was absent. The following is the result of the interesting, dreary, tedious, and expensive debate, which cost not less than \$5,000 of the dear people's money.

YEAS.—Messrs. Gough, White, McElhenny, Thorne, Blair, Montgomerie, Hibbard, Landry, Adams, Gilmour, Gillespie, Hamilton, Donald, Gray, McAdam, Dr. Alward—16.

NAYS.—Hon. Messrs. Hatheway, King, Kelly, Stevenson, Caie, McQueen, Crawford, Messrs. Waddell, Bailey, Decker, Phillips, Napier, White, Robinson, Corbin, Ryan, Humphrey, Williams, Harrison, Convent, Tibbitts, Dr. Palmer—22.

It is a nice question for this constituency to decide at the next election, whether they will endorse the action of the Opposition; for disguise as they will, the real question was, will you support Secession or Non-Secession? The majority declared in favor of Free Schools, in the Legislature, and thereby endorsed the triumph of Secession by this County of the Hon. B. R. Stevenson, just twelve months ago. Was not Mr. Hibbard slightly mistaken, at that time, when he said "if Stevenson should be elected he would not wear his honors long?" Another of the Opposition and a leading spirit, Mr. Gough, in his speech said:—If he were a lawyer he would not like Mr. Stevenson, he would accept the position of Surveyor General acquiring by professional means what his practice denied him. This sort of language may answer in a bad cause, but the constituency of Charlotte know that the statement is without foundation. Mr. Stevenson's practice would have been more remunerative to him than any Government office; his property in this County, was realized from his practice; and had he consulted his personal interest rather than acceded to the wishes of the electors, he would have declined the honor they so handsomely conferred upon him by twice electing him at the head of the poll, and last but not least, re-electing him as a Free and unsectarian School Representative.

Board of Health—Small Pox.

A meeting of Justices was held on Saturday last in the office of the Clerk of the Peace, to take into consideration and devise means to prevent the spread of Small Pox should any cases unfortunately occur in the Town. James W. Street, Esq., was appointed Chairman. It was ordered that Doctors Gove and Parker be appointed to vaccinate, free of charge, persons residing in the Town who were unable to pay.

It was also carried, that Messrs. W. Whitlock, C. E. O. Hatheway and J. S. Magee, be a Committee to act as a temporary Board of Health. They have issued a notice which will be seen in our advertising columns, to those requiring Vaccination and are unable to pay, to call upon Drs. Parker and Gove, who will attend to that duty on Wednesdays and Saturdays, from 4 to 5 P. M.

STEWART'S QUARTERLY.—This most promising literary enterprise in the Dominion, to the regret of a large and appreciative circle, has been discontinued with the number for January, after an increasingly luminous existence of five years.

With the spirit of the editor's "valerity" we sympathize; and judge that his failure is a very unfavorable comment upon the literary standard of the Province. We have been led to suppose, that with all the glories gathered from the names of poets of other ages and nations, we should be desirous of cultivating a literature of our own.

founded particularly upon our customs and habits of thought; but such ambitious motives do not appear to flow to us, and the fact that they do not, deserves more our pity than our censure.

The magazine lies upon our table, and as we glance through it we think the most noticeable articles are one of Dr. D. Clarke's "Pen Photographs" on Oshio; the Rev. Mr. Harvey's "Trip to the Old Land," and Prof. Gray on "Popular Aesthetics," but the entire contents will be appreciated by persons of taste and cultivation.

Kohl Rabbit.

In the C. C. Agricultural Society's Report for last year occurs the following passage:—

"From England comes the news of a substitute for Turnips, Kohl Rabbit. * * * As our farmers are second to none in the cultivation of Turnips would it not be well for some of the most enterprising among them to give the new vegetable a trial?"

Believing that "our farmers" are anxious to know more about this root, we obtained a copy of a work published in London in 1864, entitled, "Food, Feeding, & Manure" by A. Sibson, F. C. S. It gives a full description of Kohl Rabbit, which appears to be an old vegetable. Professor Sibson says:

"Kohl Rabbit is a crop which, although not new, has only recently been recalled into favour, and its capabilities developed, chiefly through the efforts of the Messrs. Lawson, of Edinburgh."

From its many useful qualities, and especially that of resisting frost, Kohl Rabbit is fair soon to establish its position amongst the most valuable root crops.

As most persons are aware, this plant partakes of the nature, both of the swede and the cabbage, having a short stem like the cabbage, upon which grows the bulb, and from the upper portion of which spring the leaves. Both the leaves and the bulbs of this plant constitute wholesome food; the former somewhat resemble cabbage leaves, and are said to be superior to those of mangolds, and as the plants stand the winter well it is not planted too early, its leaves come in at a period when green leaves are scarce. The roots seem well suited for a sheep feed, especially for ewes and lambs; milk cows, however, and nearly all kinds of stock, do well upon it. As in the case of cabbage, this root is said to impart no unpleasant taste to the butter made during its use. The composition of this product is shown as follows:

COMPOSITION OF CABBAGE AND KOHL RABBIT.			
Cabbage.		Kohl Rabbit.	
Per cent.	Per ton.	Per cent.	Per ton.
80.42	2030.0	80.42	1990.0
0.08	1.8	0.08	1.8
0.10	2.5	0.10	2.5
0.12	3.0	0.12	3.0
0.14	3.5	0.14	3.5
0.16	4.0	0.16	4.0
0.18	4.5	0.18	4.5
0.20	5.0	0.20	5.0
0.22	5.5	0.22	5.5
0.24	6.0	0.24	6.0
0.26	6.5	0.26	6.5
0.28	7.0	0.28	7.0
0.30	7.5	0.30	7.5
0.32	8.0	0.32	8.0
0.34	8.5	0.34	8.5
0.36	9.0	0.36	9.0
0.38	9.5	0.38	9.5
0.40	10.0	0.40	10.0
0.42	10.5	0.42	10.5
0.44	11.0	0.44	11.0
0.46	11.5	0.46	11.5
0.48	12.0	0.48	12.0
0.50	12.5	0.50	12.5
0.52	13.0	0.52	13.0
0.54	13.5	0.54	13.5
0.56	14.0	0.56	14.0
0.58	14.5	0.58	14.5
0.60	15.0	0.60	15.0
0.62	15.5	0.62	15.5
0.64	16.0	0.64	16.0
0.66	16.5	0.66	16.5
0.68	17.0	0.68	17.0
0.70	17.5	0.70	17.5
0.72	18.0	0.72	18.0
0.74	18.5	0.74	18.5
0.76	19.0	0.76	19.0
0.78	19.5	0.78	19.5
0.80	20.0	0.80	20.0
0.82	20.5	0.82	20.5
0.84	21.0	0.84	21.0
0.86	21.5	0.86	21.5
0.88	22.0	0.88	22.0
0.90	22.5	0.90	22.5
0.92	23.0	0.92	23.0
0.94	23.5	0.94	23.5
0.96	24.0	0.96	24.0
0.98	24.5	0.98	24.5
1.00	25.0	1.00	25.0

We have received the Auditor General's Report on the Public Accounts—

Report of the Surveyor General's Report for 1870. Where is the Report for 1871? and the 17th Annual Report of the Chief Commissioner of Public Works.

We notice that in the Crown Lands Report the receipts for 1870 and 1871 were as follows:—

1871. \$36,826 65

1870. \$15,933 23

Increase \$20,893 42.

THE SNOW BLOCKADE still continues, notwithstanding the efforts of the Railway men and Volunteers, with their shovels and pickaxes. They had got up to Rink Road Station, but the snow storm of Saturday night filled up the line again.

Nothing damped they are working away, old and young rich and poor, the Manager with them; but here again it is snowing while we are writing to-day; and it would not be surprising to hear that all the lines are closed until the warm weather comes. The destruction to Engines and Snow Ploughs on several lines, will use up a great portion of next summer's earnings to pay for the damage and outfit of money.

THE SMALL POX still lingers in St. Stephen. The Town Council have been active in devising measures to prevent its spread. The "Courier" reports only two cases there last week. A daughter of Joseph Donald, M. P. P., and a man named James Dooley, died of the disease. The same paper says the disease is of a remarkably malignant type. Dr. Gross has been appointed to vaccinate all requiring it.

THE CANADIAN ILLUSTRATED NEWS among other views in this Province, has one of Government House, Fredericton, and one of the Town of Woodstock. The other illustrations are very good, the "Ontario Rising School" tells its own tale.

The County Court was not opened on Tuesday owing to the non arrival of Judge Stevens, who is snow bound by Carleton County.

There is terrible suffering in flooded districts near Tientsin, China, and many persons are dying daily.

Special Despatch to "Standard."

FREDERICTON, March 25.

We had a severe snow storm on Saturday night, which has blocked up the roads.

Ten members of the House are absent—including three from Charlotte, McAdam, Donald and Hibbard.

The Provincial Secretary brought in the Estimates, and in a two hour speech explained them.

Great Roads Ninety five thousand dollars. Bye Roads seventy five thousand. Each service ten thousand more than last year.

Twenty thousand dollars for Immigration. General Education twenty twenty two thousand.

Special grants for two months two thousand nine hundred and eight.

Steam navigation ten thousand five hundred including subsidy to Saint George.

Other appropriations very similar to last year.

Free Grants not introduced on Saturday last. Law Bill voluminous.

Committee on Public Accounts active and engaged, and will report at an early day.

Supply will be gone in on this day.

Speakers Hall to be given before the Session closes.

White moved a resolution for a Committee to report on new Parliament Buildings, but expression of House induced him to withdraw.

Caledonia High School on Albert County Railway Company.

The severe snow storm on Saturday night and Sunday completely blocked up the roads, Railway lines, and streets. Many persons had to dig their way out from their residences, and the street Commissioner, Mr. Pleasant had snow and meat work on Monday.

The heat of the sun is doing its share, and reducing the snow banks very much, the mails by stage arrive with considerable regularity. We trust that by the end of the week the Railways will be open and remain open the remainder of the year.

LECTURE.—We omitted in our last issue to notice a lecture delivered by Mr. A. J. Lockhart, in the Wesleyan Church, on the 18th inst., on "Longfellow." The lecturer sketched the poet's life, including an account of his visit to that distinguished poet, at his residence in Cambridge, in 1870. The lecture was briefly advertised, and consequently not largely attended; nevertheless the lecture was pleasing and interesting, and delivered in excellent language.

SUMMARY.—The Japanese government has assumed the liabilities of deposited prizes for foreigners for loans, ships or goods.

The Prince and Princess of Wales have arrived in Rome. M. Fournier, the new French minister, has also arrived.

By the falling of a high wall on the site of Lill's brewery, Chicago, on Saturday morning, seven men were injured, one fatally.

The New York board of audit has decided not to pay the salaries of the clerks and assistants of the common council until pronounced legal by the council.

To the Editor of the Standard.

Sir:—The long and expensive debate upon the Want of Confidence motion is over, and the Government has a majority of six. What will that illustrious individual say now, who a couple of weeks ago, showed me and others a despatch which gave the Opposition almost a certain hope of upsetting the Government, and his chucking over the prospect of this friends getting into power? Will he not turn round and "jimmie down" as he has often done, join the strongest side, and congratulate as he did on another occasion the Sur. Genl. Does he suppose Mr. Stevenson and his friends are not aware of his secret opposition and expressions? If so he is much mistaken; they have tried him in the balances and found him wanting; it is no use for him to try and "pull the wool" over either St. Andrews or Bay St. John, he can't and he shan't do it. They will keep their weather eye open, and he shan't have been

OUTSPOKEN.—The Rev. Dr. Scully, president of St. Joseph's College, Rimouski, is dead. He was well known throughout the Catholic world as a man of great learning.

Passengers arriving at Salt Lake City report the Union Pacific Railroad in fine order. The snow is rapidly disappearing, and miners anticipate an unusually prosperous season.

A British war ship has shelled and destroyed the village inhabited by the murderers of Bishop Patterson.

Operatives in the Leeds (Eng.) silk factories, to the number of 3890, have been refused employment in consequence of refusing the terms offered by employers.

The London Times says if the claim for losses by the transfer of American commercial marine to British flag is not abandoned, England will declare the reference to the Geneva tribunal inadmissible, which course is approved by English statesmen and juries.

A detachment of Federal troops recently destroyed nineteen distilleries in Tennessee and Alabama.

The Government has discovered that the Pope has secretly appointed the Archbishop of Posen prince of Poland. The primacy has long been extinct. When Poland was a king dom one of the functions of the primacy was to act as regent in case of the death or absence of the sovereign.

In the British House of Commons the Government declared that there was not the slightest foundation for the rumor relative to a treaty for the separation of Canada from Great Britain.

All the new railroads in Mississippi are

to get \$10,000 per mile as a subsidy, and are to pay into the State Treasury one and one-half per cent. of the gross receipts in two years receiving the subsidy.

An exchange advertiser for "somebody to furnish an address for 1872, in which March is not put down where December ought to be, and that tells some where near, a few more spring time comes, a mile An in." Any persons having about them such information, and leaving it at this office, will receive also a nice pair of double-knit mittens, just adapted for this winter weather.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Suez Canal M. Lesseps made a report in which he states that the directors of the company have no intention of selling the canal to any government, that the traffic over the canal is largely increasing and that the receipts during the month of January and February of the present year amounted to 2,537,000 francs.

A Cleveland inventor has just brought out an automobile side door car, to afford a means of escape to passengers in case of accidents which throw the car from the track and overturn it. The arrangement is such that when the car veers over and becomes supported only by the wheels of one side and opposite side of the car opens promptly, thus allowing escape from the disaster.

A new telescope, with a twenty five inch objective glass, has been built at York, England, but it will be necessary to take it out of that country to give it its proper use. With every increase of magnifying power, it becomes essential to secure a greater purity of the atmosphere.

It is reported that Professor Baugher is about to withdraw from the University, for reasons which are not yet made public. Although so felt obliged to condemn on a recent occasion what we considered ill timed and injudicious utterances on the part of the Professor on his arrival in the Province, at the same time we should greatly regret his present retirement from the University, as from all we can ascertain he is an accomplished scholar and thoroughly efficient in the discharge of his professional duties. It is to be hoped that our is not a final one. [Fredn. Rogers.]

The Board of Agriculture have decided to hold their next Exhibition at Sackville, Westmorland County. [1871.]

The Dominion Government has granted \$200 to the widow of Thomas Conner a private of the 25th West Durham who died from sickness contracted during the annual drill of 1863.

The Admiralty have issued a circular prohibiting corporal punishment of seamen or marines in the Royal Navy except in cases of mutiny and disobedience to orders of officers.

The grand Musical Convention at St. John is postponed until the first week in May. Brig M. R. R. I. P. from St. John, N. F. O. B. R. I. P. was wrecked on the Cobblers, between Cape of Barabodes, and together with her cargo, a total loss. The M. R. was 114 tons, built at Green Bay, N. S. 1856, and sailed from Harbor Grace, N. F. [The above vessel has been reported as the Margaret Riddle.]

A GOOD THING ON THE LADIES.—It is well understood that great anxiety has been manifested for some days past by the ladies and gentlemen of Fredericton to hear Mr. Webster's lecture in the Legislature. On Monday, when it was certainly known he would speak, every part of the House, and all the adjoining rooms, were literally packed, and even the Reporter's gallery was largely in the possession of the fair ones. Although Mr. W. was not to speak before three o'clock, one lady is known to have taken her lunch and a book to the House, and to have secured her seat as early as one o'clock. We refer to Mr. W.'s speech elsewhere. After the adjournment of the House, quite a large party of the ladies met him at the corner of the Public Grounds and congratulated him upon his great effort, and among other good things, this was "got off."

YOUNG LADY.—Oh, Mr. Webster, you have set all the ladies of Fredericton desperately in love with you on account of that magnificent speech.

Ah, said Mr. W., raising his hat, "I am very sorry they waste so much sweetness on such desert air." [Fredericton Express.]

OTTAWA, March 22.

Dr. Schulz arrived here to day and had an interview with several Ministers respecting North West matters. He leaves for Montreal to-morrow, and returns to Fort Garry next week.

R. Wallace, M. P. for Vancouver, arrived here to day.

It is rumored that Colonels French and Strang have resigned their positions as Commanders of the Schools of Gunnery at Quebec and Kingston.

London, March 23rd.

In the House of Commons to day Mr. Gladstone in reply to a question of Mr. Town's stated that the conclusion of the Treaty of Washington correspondence had been going on in regard to its provisions as they affected Canada between the Colonial Secretary and the Governor General of the Dominion.

That correspondence was yet incomplete, and it would be impossible to produce it at present.

New York, March 22.

G. M. 109 34. The trial of Stokes for the assassination of Fisk has been further postponed.

A heavy snow storm prevails in Memphis, Tenn., to day.

The morning papers state that some fifty "fammanities" are in St. John, N. B., where they have formed a club and are living luxuriously at the Victoria Hotel. They have banked a half million dollars there, and will stay as long as there is any excitement relative to their plundering in New York.

DIED.

On the 21st inst., at Bay Side, Wm. H. Mowat, Esq., leaving an aged widow, with a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss. Mr. Mowat was a man of general

information, and was highly respected by all who knew him.

At Bay Side, on the 21st inst., died, after a long illness, Mr. J. H. Mowat, Esq., leaving an aged widow, with a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn their loss. Mr. Mowat was a man of general

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...as a subsidy, and are...
...for 1872, in which March...
...where near, the loss of the...
...Any persons having...
...also a fine pair of...
...just applied for this week...

...of the shareholders of the...
...a report in which...
...directors of the company...
...selling the canal to any...
...the traffic over the canal is...
...and that the receipts during...
...and February of the...
...amounted to 2,557,000 francs...
...inventor has just brought...
...a side door car, to afford it...
...to passengers in case of...
...the car from the track and...
...the arrangement is such that...
...over and becomes support...
...wheels of one side and of...
...pens promptly, thus allowing...
...disorder.

...with a twenty five inch...
...been built at York, England...
...easy to take it out of that...
...it is a fair scope. With...
...magnifying power, it becomes...
...a greater purity of the...

...that Professor Boulger is also...
...on the University, for reasons...
...not made public. Although so...
...condemns on a recent occasion...
...in the part of the Professor on...
...the subject, at the same time...
...regret his present retirement...
...as, from all we can see, a...
...accomplished scholar and...
...in the discharge of his...
...It is to be hoped the rumor is...
...Freddy Boulger.

...of Agriculture, have decided to...
...Exhibition at Sackville, West...
...[1872].

...on Government has granted...
...idow of Thomas C. a private...
...last Durham who died from...
...during the annual drill of 1865...
...nearly have issued a circular...
...punishment of seven or ten...
...Navy except in cases of...
...the fall conduct.

...and Musical Convention at St...
...and until the first week in May...
...at 11 P. M. from St. John, N. F...
...of the Cobblers, of...
...of Barbados, and together...
...a total loss. The M. R. was...
...at Green Bay, N.S. 1856, and...
...Huber Grace, N.F. [The above...
...report of the Margaret Rid...

...THING ON THE LADIES—It is...
...that great anxiety has been...
...some days past by the ladies...
...and Frederick to hear Mr. W...
...the Legislature. On Monday...
...certainly known to would speak...
...of the House, and all the...
...librally packed, and even the...
...was largely in the possession...
...As Mr. W. was not...
...fore taken her lunch and...
...and to have secured her seat...
...o'clock. We refer to Mr. W...
...where. After the adjournment...
...the large party of the ladies...
...and him upon his great effort...
...or good things, this was "got off...
...LADY—On Mr. W...
...all the ladies of Frederick...
...love with you on account of that...
...at speech.

...said Mr. W., raising his hat, "I...
...am tired so much, and...
...fair"—[Frederick Express.

...OTTAWA, March 22...
...only arrived here today and had...
...with several Ministers respecti...
...not matters. He leaves for Mon...
...and returns to Fort Garry...
...face, M. P. for Vancouver, arrived...
...yesterday that Colonel French...
...and resigned his position as Com...
...of the Schools of Gannery at Quebec...

...London, March 21st...
...House of Commons to day Mr. Glad...
...only to a question of Mr. Town's...
...at the conclusion of the Treaty...
...on correspondence had been going...
...to its provisions as they related...
...between the Colonial Secretary...
...error General of the Dominion...
...as, evidence was yet incomplete, and...
...impossible to produce it at present...
...New York, March 22...
...09-3-4; The trial of Stokes for the...
...tion of Fisk has been further postpo...

...ny snow storm prevails in Memphis...
...day.

...morning papers state that some fifty...
...offices are in St. John, N. B., where...
...re formed a club and are living luxuri...
...at the Victoria Hotel. They have...
...a half million dollars there, and will...
...long as there is any excitement rela...
...plundering in New York

...DIED...
...on 21st inst., at Bay Side, Wm. H...
...1, Esq., leaving an aged widow, with...
...a relative and friends to lament...
...Mr. May was a man of general...

information and a cultivated mind, and is ever
sally, as he was cheerfully respected.
Who hath not lost a friend.

At Bay Side, on the 23d inst., Margaret,
relict of the late George Simpson, aged 67,
leaving a large family to lament the loss of
an affectionate mother.

Ship News
PORT OF ST. ANDREWS
PAID.
March 15, S.S. Urica, Maloney, Boston, 2275
sheep, R. Ross.
26, Sarah Glass, 43 M boards, 40 M scant-
ling, 254 M laths, Robinson & Glenn.
Boston, March 22, arrd.—Schr. Julia
Clineh, Maloney St Andrews.
New York, March 26, arrd.—Martha A.,
Thomas, St Andrews.
Cardenas, March 8, arrd.—Bge. Hesperus,
Whitlock, New York, 15 days.
Brig Bachelior, of St Andrews, N. B., was fallen
in with 8th inst, lat 34 50, lon 64 waterlogged
and apparently but a short time abandoned, by
bark Kato Williams, at Boston 18th from
Fayal. It was blowing too hard to attempt to
land her. The bark stood away from her,
and in about half an hour saw her go down
head first. The B was 233 tons, built at, St
Andrews

Vaccination.
Doctors GOVE & PARKER, will be at
their Offices on Wednesdays and Saturdays
from 4 to 5 P. M., for the purpose of vaccinating
free of charge, persons unable to pay, and residents
of the Town of St. Andrews.
By order of the Justices, J.
W. WHITLOCK, } Committee.
C. E. O. HATHAWAY, }
JOHN S. MAGEE, }
March 27, 1872

Notice.
WHEREAS my wife Maria, has left my bed
and board without just cause, I hereby for-
feit all persons harboring or trusting her on my
account, as I will not pay any bills of her con-
tracting.
Fenfield, Mar. 27, 1872. Wm. THOMPSON.

NOTICE.
SEALED TENDERS addressed to the under-
signed, and endorsed "Tender for Railway
Works," will be received at this office until Mon-
day, the 15th day of April next, at noon, for the
construction of a Branch Line of Railway, from
the European and North American Railway, at
or near Gilbert's Island, to the Ballast Wharf, St
John, N. B.
Plans and Specifications can be seen at the
Railway Office, St. John, where printed forms of
Tender may be secured, and every information
regarding the works will be afforded.
Security will be required for the faithful fulfil-
ment of each contract.
The Department will not be bound to accept
the lowest or any tender.
By order, F. BRAUN,
Secretary.
Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 18th March, 1872. mar 27 3i

PROPERTY FOR SALE
AT
Auction.
ON Monday the 8th April next, at 11 o'clock,
the Subscriber will sell at Auction on the
premises, the Two Storey House and Lot at the
lower end of Water St., opposite Kennedy's
Hotel, in Block C, Morris' Division, having a
frontage of 48 feet and extending back 160 feet,
together with a good Barn. The property is
that owned and occupied by Mr. Frank Gal-
agher. Terms at sale.
W. B. MORRIS,
St. Andrews, March 20, 1872. Auctioneer.

Notice to Land Surveyors.
DULY Commissioned Land Surveyors who
may desire employment in Manitoba during
the ensuing season, are invited to communi-
cate by the 23rd inst. with this Department,
describing the instruments they use.
J. C. AIKIN,
Secretary of State,
Ottawa, 2nd March 1872. timch 22

JOHN HUMPHREY,
ARCHITECT.
THE Subscriber having had nearly Ten Years
experience in building construction,
is now prepared to execute
Plans, Specifications, Estimates, Bills of
Quantities,
on reasonable terms.
St. Andrews, March 20, 1872. 3m

Insolvent Act of 1869.
In the matter of MOSES PARKS, an
Insolvent.
The undersigned, James Moran, of the Town
of St. George, County of Charlotte, and Pro-
vost of New Brunswick, have been appointed
Assignee in this matter.
Creditors are requested to file their claims be-
fore me within One Month.
Dated at St. George, aforesaid, this 5th day
of March, 1872. JAMES MORAN, Assignee.

COUNTY COURT.
THE County Court of the County of Charl-
lotte, will sit at St. Andrews, on Tuesday the 26th
March inst., at 12 o'clock, noon. At which
time and place all officers of the Law, and other
persons required to be at this Court, are publicly
notified to give their attendance.
ALEX. T. PAUL,
March 13. Sheriff of Charlotte.

Drugs, Chemicals,
PATENT MEDICINES,
DYE STUFFS,
&c., &c.
JUST RECEIVED:
175 Dozen
Cleaver's Toilet Soaps.
5 Doz QUININE WINE.
1 Gross Fellows' Hypophosphites.
1 Gross Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
1 Gross Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
1 Doz. SIOHENSEN REMEDY,
1 Gross Snowflake Potash.
3 doz. Dr. Baxter's CHALYBEATE,
1 Gross Adams' Botanic Cough Balsam,
with a large variety of
DRUGS, PERFUMERY, &c. IN STOCK.
The Prescription Department is under the
special supervision of Mr. LIZ STREET.
J. INGLIS STREET.
St. Andrews, March 6, 1872.

Extensive Sale
OF
Hotel Furniture, Carriages, Conches,
Sleighs, Horses and Harness.
THE Subscriber intending to retire from busi-
ness, offers for sale the furniture of the
RAILROAD HOTEL,
together with his stock of Liquors. Also several
CARRIAGES, COACHES, SLEIGHS,
HORSES and HARNESS, &c.
2 Thorough Bred Durham Cows in calf.
If not disposed of by the 26th of April next,
they will on that day be sold at Public Auction.
Also the Block of Land in Bulkley's Division,
of the Town of St. Andrews, known as the
"Church Block," fronting the Rectory.
For terms of sale and further particulars apply
to
M. CLARK,
RAILROAD HOTEL.
St. Andrews, March 13, 1872.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY.
THE Commissioners appointed for the con-
struction of the Intercolonial Railway, give
Public Notice, that they are prepared to receive
tenders for the erection of Station Buildings, Fuel
Sticks, and Engine Houses at Campbellton and
New Castle.
Plans, specifications and forms of tender may
be seen on and after 8th March, at the office of
the Chief Engineer, Ottawa, Kimoushi, Dalhousie,
New Castle and Halifax.
And tenders may be for the whole or any less
number of these buildings, and will be received,
marked "Tenders for Buildings," at the Commis-
sioners' Office, Ottawa, up to 12 o'clock noon, on
the 4th April next.
A. WALSH,
Ed. B. CHANDLER, } Commissioners.
C. J. BRIDGES, }
A. W. McLELLAN, }
Commissioners' Office,
Ottawa, February 24, 1872. 4i

New Brunswick,
CHARLOTTE SS.
To the Sheriff of the County of Charlotte or any
Conseilable within the said County, Greeting:
WHEREAS Mary S. Bell, of the Parish of St.
Stephen, in the County of Charlotte, one of
the heirs at law of Thomas Bell, late of the
Parish of St. Stephen, aforesaid, hath prayed
that Thomas Bell, of St. Stephen, aforesaid, the
Administrator of the said Thomas Bell, deceased,
may appear and render an account of his ad-
ministration.
You are therefore required to cite the said
Thomas Bell to appear before me at a Court of
Probate to be held at the Registrars Office, in St.
Andrews, within and for the County of Charlotte,
on Friday, the 15th day of April next, at
Eleven o'clock, A. M., and render an account of
his Administration of the said Estate.
Given under my hand and seal of the
said Court this Twenty-Second day of
February, 1872. GEO. D. STREET,
Judge of Probates for the County of
Charlotte.

VALUABLE PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
The following valuable property is offered at
PRIVATE SALE
between this date and 1st May next, viz:
THAT well known establishment the
"RAILROAD HOTEL,"
Water Street, St. Andrews,
Stables and appurtenances, now occupied by Mr.
M. Clarke.
Also the subscriber's Dwelling House, Stables
and out-houses attached.
Lots in the adjoining Lots at the corner on
Water Street, same Block. Also the two Town
Lots in rear of the Catholic School House, on the
hill. Also 3 Cows to calve in March, together
with all the subscriber's Household Furniture.
For particulars apply to
EDWARD PHEASANT,
St. Andrews, Jan. 23, 1872.

New Brunswick and Canada
Railway and Branches.
ON and after Monday, December 18th, until further
notice, Trains will run daily as follows:—
UP TRAINS leave St. Andrews at 8 45 a. m., and St.
Stephen at 10 10 a. m., for Woodstock and Houston.
DOWN TRAINS leave Woodstock and Houston at
9 15 a. m., for St. Andrews and St. Stephen.
These Trains connect at McAdam Junction with
Trains on European and North American Railway to
and from Boston, Portland, and Bangor, St. John and
Fredericton.
HENRY OSBURN, MANAGER.
Railway Office, St. Andrews,
Dec. 16, 1871.
D. J. Seelye, Agent,
Water St., St. John N. B.

Government Railways!
1871-2. Winter Arrangement. 1871-2.
ON and after MONDAY, the 4th December
next Trains will run as follows:—
GOING EAST.
No. 2 Will leave St. John for Shediac at 9 a. m.
No. 3 Will leave St. John for St. John at 9 15 a. m.
No. 6 Will leave St. John for Sussex at 4 45 p. m.
No. 8 Will leave Shediac Junction for Amherst at
5 p. m.
GOING WEST.
No. 1 Will leave Sussex for St. John at 6 30 a. m.
No. 3 Will leave Shediac for St. John at 9 15 a. m.
No. 5 Will leave Shediac for St. John at 1 p. m.
No. 7 Will leave Amherst for Shediac Junction
at 7 10 a. m.
Nos. 2, 3, 6, 7 and 8 are mixed Trains.
Nos. 2 and 3 will carry Freight only, between
Shediac and stations East of that place.
Nos. 4 and 5 will be exclusively for Freight.
Freight for transportation must be delivered
at St. John Station before 3 p. m., daily; Sussex
at least one hour, and at other Stations than St.
John at least half-an-hour before the advertised
departure of any Freight Train.
L. LEWIS CARVILLE,
General Superintendent.
Railway Office, St. John N. B.,
23d November 1871, } dec 6

THE MAILS.
THE Present Mail arrangements at the Post
Office, St. Andrews, are as follows:
ARRIVE.
From East and West, daily by train, Sunday
excepted, 5 20 P. M.
By STAGE—From St. George, daily at 6 P. M.
From Chatham and Jernigan,
Monday, Wednesday and Friday,
at 6 P. M.
By PACKET—From Grand Manan, Campo
Bello, Indian Island, Lord's Cove
and Fairhaven, on Tuesday and
Friday.
From Bay Side—Thursday and Saturday at
10 A. M.
DEPART.
Daily by Train, Sunday excepted, 8 30 A. M.
By STAGE—To St. George, daily, 7 A. M.
Chatham and Jernigan, Monday,
Wednesday and Friday, 7 A. M.
By PACKET—To Grand Manan, Campo Bello,
Indian Island, Lord's Cove and
Fairhaven, Wednesday and Sat-
urday at 8 30 A. M.
To Bay Side—Thursday and Saturday at
10 30 A. M.
Letters and papers to be forwarded by Train
must be posted by 8 A. M.
Besides the usual hours during the day, the
Office will be open for delivery 1 hour and 30 m.
every evening after the arrival of the Train.
GEO. F. CAMPBELL,
Post Master.
P. O. St. Andrews,
6th Feb., 1872. } Feb 7 3i

BANK OF
British North America.
Head Office—London, England.
CAPITAL
One Million Pounds Sterling,
(£5,000,000.)
Five per cent Interest ALLOWED
ON SPECIAL DEPOSITS.
Drafts issued on St. John New York, Boston,
Portland, also in Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia,
Great Britain and Ireland, France, Australia,
California and British Columbia.
Open in St. ANDREWS every
Saturday from 2 a. m., till 1 p. m.
W. GRINDLAY,
AGENT, St. Stephen.

PUBLIC NOTICE
I hereby Given, that the following Non-Resi-
dent Property, in the Parish of St. George,
has been assessed as under for the year 1871,
and unless the amount, together with the cost of
advertising, &c., are paid within three months
from this date, the same will be sold according
to law:—
Thomas and John Johnson Estate (copper
mine,) \$18 37
SAMUEL DICK,
St. George, Feb. 13, 1872. 3m Collector.

BLACKSMITH TOOLS.
FOR SALE—A Set of Blacksmith Tools,
second hand in good order. Apply to
JOHN WILSON.
St. Andrews, March 13, 1872.

Sheriff's Sale.
To be sold at Public Auction, at the Court
House at St. Andrews, in the County of
Charlotte, on Saturday the Twenty-ninth
day of June next, between the hours of
twelve o'clock noon, and five o'clock in the
afternoon:
ALL the right, title, interest, property,
claim and demand, whatsoever of
Elizabeth Holmes,
of and to the following lands and premi-
sises, situate in the Parish of Fenfield in
the said County of Charlotte, viz:
A certain lot, piece or parcel of land sit-
uate in the said Parish of Fenfield describ-
ed as follows, viz:
Beginning at the North corner of a
lot conveyed by Angus Holmes sen., to
Nelson Holmes by deed bearing date the
16th day of July 1861, thence along the
boundary line of the said lot to Black's
Harbour, thence Southwesterly following the
several courses of the said Black's Harbour
to a gulch or gully, distant about twenty
yards to the Eastward of the Southwesterly
course of the lot number Two, thence North
twenty degrees West, parallel with the line
of the said lot number Two, twenty-seven
chains and fifty links or thereabouts, until
it intersects a line running Northwesterly
from the Northeast corner of the said L. 1
number Two, across the shore of Little Star-
gen Cove, on the L'Evang River, to the
point of intersection between lots numbers
Nine and Ten, thence along the said last
mentioned line, to the said point of intersec-
tion, thence North seventy degrees East to
a spruce tree on Big Sturgeon Cove, thence
Northwesterly following the several courses
of the said Big Sturgeon Cove to the place
of beginning; containing sixty acres more
or less, with all the buildings, erections and
improvements thereupon, being or appertain-
ing thereto.
The same having been seized and taken
under Execution of Fieri Facias, issued out
of the County Court for the City and County
of St. John, at the suit of Joseph W.
Druggan, against the said Elizabeth Holmes,
indorsed to levy \$60 75, besides Sheriff's
fees and all other incidental expenses, &c.
ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office,
St. Andrews, Dec. 20, 1871.

Sheriff's Sale.
To be sold at Public Auction at the Court
House, at Saint Andrews, in the County
of Charlotte, on Saturday the Twenty-
fifth day of May next, between the hours
of Twelve o'clock, noon, and Five o'clock
in the afternoon:
ALL the right, title, interest, property,
claim and demand whatsoever of
JAMES STEELE,
of and to the following Lands and premi-
sises, situate in the said County of Charlotte:
One undivided half of that certain Building
situate on the Lower Dam (so called) at Milton
in the said Parish of St. Stephen lately occupied
by one James P. Brown, but now occupied by
the said James Steele as a grist mill, with an undi-
vided half of the land on which said grist mill
or building now stands, and the lands and privileges
thereto belonging, formerly conveyed by William
Todd to James Allen, Junior, and by said Allen
to said James Steele, and by said Allen to
said James Steele, as a grist mill, with an undi-
vided half of the land on which said mill now
stands, and the lands and privileges and machinery
thereto belonging or in anywise appertaining
being the same privileges conveyed to him by
one John McAdam and wife by deed dated the
sixth day of February 1864, as by reference to
same will appear.
The same having been seized and taken
under an Execution of Fieri Facias issued
out of the Supreme Court at the suit of
Thomas M. Mayhew and Wilson Godfrey,
against the said James Steele, endorsed to
levy \$336 67, and interest from 11th Sept.,
1871, with Sheriff's fees and other incidental
expenses.
ALEX. T. PAUL,
Sheriff of Charlotte.
Sheriff's Office,
St. Andrews, Oct. 9, 1871. } nov 22 3

REMOVAL.
W. H. WILLIAMSON, ever grateful for the
kind support and patronage he has hitherto re-
ceived, begs to inform his friends and the public
generally, that he has removed his establishment
to the store formerly occupied by Miss Irwin,
corner of Water and Edward streets; where he
will keep as usual

DRUGS, CHEMICALS
Patent Medicines, Perfumery,
Toilet Articles, Groceries,
Paints, Glass, Putty, and all the best articles com-
monly found in a Druggist Shop.
St. Andrews, Nov. 1st, 1871

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.
Ottawa, March 4, 1871.
A UTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN In-
voices until further notice: 9 per cent.
R. S. M. ROUCHETTE,
Commissioner of Customs,
Feb 21

BLACK TEA.
Ex Scher, "Painter" from New York.
182 IV Chests } SOUCHONG TEA.
31 } Chests }
For Sale in bond or duty paid at lowest rate.
TODD CLEWLEY & CO.,
St. Stephen.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given that the under-
signed Assessors of Rates and Taxes for the
Parish of the Town of St. Andrews, in the
County of Charlotte, will receive until 31st March
next, in writing, for all liable to be assessed
the current year in the Town of St. Andrews,
real and personal properties and incomes
possessed,
R. GLENN, } Assessors.
J. CLARK, }
W. HIDEOUT, }
St. Andrews, March 6, 1872.

CHEAP BOOTS
AT THE
ALBION HOUSE
John S. Magee.
—Great Bargains—
We offer a few pairs of Ladies KID BOOTS
\$1 per pair. Former price \$2.00.
NEXT MONDAY—we will offer a Lot of
REMNANTS
in COBURGS, TICKINGS, COTTON
at a GREAT REDUCTION in price.
To close consignments, we offer the following:
FLOCK MATTRESSES
at cost price. Any persons requiring them
do well to embrace this opportunity of getting
MATTRESSES at a BARGAIN.
Feb. 20, 1872. JOHN S. MAGEE.

RAILROAD STORE,
(Lower end of Water Street.)
St. Andrews.
THE Subscriber respectfully announces to the
inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity,
That he has OPENED A STORE at the
above locality, where he will keep for
sale a Stock of
FLOUR,
PROVISIONS, AND
GROCERIES.
Together with
HARDWARE,
and other articles usually found in such an es-
tablishment; and trusts by attention to business
and reasonable prices, to merit a share of public
patronage.
He is also Agent for the "Travellers Accident
and Life Insurance Co.," of Hartford, Conn., and
to take risks in life and accident.
He has also a LUMBER YARD, from which
he will furnish timber for building and other pur-
poses; and will also transact business as an Ac-
tioneer.
W. B. MORRIS,
St. Andrews, Oct. 4, 1871.

Cordials.
20 CASES assorted Syrups.
10 do Cherry Brandy,
10 do Ginger do
12 do Irish Whiskey, } Pints
10 do Cognac brandy,
10 do Buchanan Whiskey,
Dec. 7, 1871. JAS. W. STREET.

REMOVAL.
New Grocery Store.
THE Subscriber returns his thanks to the pub-
lic for the liberal share of patronage extend-
ed to him since he commenced business, and re-
spectfully announces that he has removed to his
new building on Frederick Street, where he has
just opened a fresh stock of
GROCERIES AND LIQUORS,
which he offers at reasonable prices. A supply of
Montreal Ale and Lager Beer,
on tap and bottled.
Also for sale his celebrated Portland Cement.
He trusts by strict attention and efforts to please
to merit a share of patronage.
P. B. DONAGHUE,
St. Andrews, Nov. 1, 1871.

Arrived Ex "Train."
1-2 T ON Buckwheat Meal.
1-2 " " Cow Peas.
1-2 " " Wood stock Ham.
Dec. 20, 1871. W. B. MORRIS

NOTICE.
ALL persons having any claims against the
Estate of Hugh Maxwell, late of St. Andrews,
deceased, are requested to present the same, duly
attested within three months from date hereof.
And all persons indebted to the said Estate are
hereby requested to make immediate payment to
H. H. HATCH,
ISAAC SNODGRASS, } Executors.
St. Andrews, Oct. 25, 1871. 3m

Original issue in Poor Condition
Best copy available

