## JORHN EART, PERTRT.

## tWENTY-FIFTH YEAR OF PUBLICATION.

## Repository of Useful Information, AND

Division Court Directory for the Counties of Lanark and Renfrew.

FUR THE YEAR OF OUR LORD


Being the first after Bissextile or Leap Year, and, until the 20th of June, the forty-lourth year of the Reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

Calculated for the Meridian of Ottawa, in Latitude $45^{\circ} 22^{\circ}$ North, and Longitude $75^{\circ} 43^{\circ} 22^{\prime \prime}$ Weat from the Royal Observatory, Greenwich. Also for the Meridian of Halifax, N.S., in Latitude $44^{\circ} 39^{\prime} 20^{\prime \prime}$, and Longitude $63^{\circ} 36^{\prime} 30^{\prime \prime}$. But the Almanac is arranged to serve without essential variation for most parts of the Dominion.

PUBLISHED BY JOHN HART.
At the Book and Btatipmphy Btore, Gore Itreet. PERTA, ONT.

# LAYA14.C21 1881  ENGLISH, AMEERICAN AND CAMADIAN. THE Now and Fashlorablo Pattorna 

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GOBT GMBTHT, PERTE.

## CERONOLOGICAL CYCLES.

Dominical I.etters. BGolden Number.
Jowigh Lunar Year. ..... 1 ..... 17
Epact or Moon's Age.
Bolar Cycle
Julian PeriodJewish Year,beginning on the 30th6594
September ..... 5641
Roman Indiction ..... 9
Muhammedan Year ..... 1398
MOVABLE FBSTIVALS.

| Septuagesima Sunday........February | 13 | Easter Sunday................... April | 17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sexagesima | 20 | Low Sunda | 4 |
| Quinqua | 27 | Rogation Sunday ......... ....May | 2 |
| Ash Wednesday ................March | 2 | Ascension Day. | 6 |
| Quadragesima | 6 | Whitsunday ..................... Jun | 5 |
|  | 27 | Trinity Sunda | 12 |
| Palm Sunday.................... A pril | 10 | Corpus Christi | 16 |
| Good Friday | 15 | Advent Sunday.................Nov. | 27 |

EOLIDAYS OBzerved IN PUBLIC OFFICEs.

| Circumcision....................January | 1 | y | 24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Epiph | 6 | Corpus Christi..................June | 16 |
| Adh Wednesday................ March | 2 | St. Peter and St. Paul....... | 29 |
| Good Friday.. | 25 | Dominion Dry...................July |  |
| Annunciation of Virgin Mary, April | 15 | All Saints Day..................Nov. |  |
| Easter Monday.................. " | 18 | Conception of B. V. M.........Dec. |  |
| Ascension Day...................May | 26 | Uhristmas Day | 25 |

## BANK EOLIDAYS IN ONTARIO.

Sundays, Christmas Day, New Years Day, Good Friday, The Queen's Birth Day, Dominion Day, and each day appointed by Royal Prcclamation as a General Fast or Thanksgiving Day.

Potato Flour.-Rasp !the potntoes into a tuh of cold water, and change it repeatedly until the raspings fall to the bottum like paste: then diy it in the air, pound it in a mortar, and pass it throlgh a bair sieve. It is nearly as nutritive and much lighter than wheaten flour. It is thertfore preferable for naking puddings and pastry for infants and invalids A portion of it also iniproves the appearance of household bread, and cealers constastly $I^{\text {ass }}$ it cff as arriwioot. If kept dry, it will remain good for years.
"Love-Letter," said an Irish servant girl to her mistress. "Will ye iade it to me, plase ? And here," she added, "is sume cotton-wull ye can stuft in yer ears whoile ye rade it."

Wife (he had brought her a little present for the baby)-" No, William, I will not have him brought up on the 'bottle.' Look at your own nose, dear!"

A Philosopher,-Scene-Outside pub. in Glasgow ; time, $8.30 \mathrm{a} . \mathrm{m}$. Bill: "A' say, Jock, a wonner ye don't think shame $o^{\prime}$ yoursel' coming oot o' sic a place sae early in the mornin'" Jock : "Man, d'ye think a' was gaun tae stay in there a' day?"
House Cleaning supplica, wall Papery, Painte, Whitiag, ochre, ©lue, white-wash Brushes,
stove Polish, Black Lead, scove-plpe Varulsh, Poliohing Bruohem, de., at HALBT'シ.
zODIACAL sIGNs. Aries, the Ram, Head and Face.


Taurean,

Cancor,

Pisces, Feet.
Scorpio, Secrets.

Capricornua, Knees.

## ECLIPSES DURING THE YEAR 1881.

There will be four Zelipses during the year 1881, two of the Sun and two of the Moon :
I. On the 27th of May there will be a partial Eclipse of the Sun. Invisible.
II. On the 11th of June there will be a total Kelipse of the Moon. Invisible, but visible on the morning of the 12th, beginning at five minutes past 12 and ending about 330 .
III. On the 21st of November there will be an Annular Eclipse of the Sun. Invisible.
IV. On the 5th of December there will be a rartial Eclipse of the Moon On that day the Moon rises Eelipsed which will continue until 630.

An interesting phenomenon occurs on the 7th of November. The transit of Mercury over the Disc of the Sun. It will not be visible in Montreal, but the Astronomers of the Cbinese Empire will give us the particulars in due time.

## COMMENCEMENT OF THE BEABONE.

Spring begins on the 20th March, 6h. 58 m . Morning.
Summer " on the 21st June, 3h. 12m. Morning. Autumin " on the $2 \cdot 2$ nd September, 5 h .34 m . Evening. Winter " on the 21st December, 0h. 9m. Evening.
Procession of the Equinoxes for the year 1881. $5 \quad 50,2596$.
" for one solar day 0,1376 .
" for ten solar days 1,3761 .
For hood Coloring Rectpong nee Pagen at the ond of this Almananci

## BLANK ACCOUNT BOOKS

of eviery degcaiption kept con tantiv in stock, and
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ENVELOPES, of almost ever! grade, size and shupe, Over 150,000 in stocl:.

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spectuelen and EyooGiagsen for all Ages ar d Sightu, at pricen from 25 cente to $\$ 10$ per palir, at the Porth Book store.

Lst Month.
JANUARY, 81 Days.



|  | ATB. | Otts | wa. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { The } \\ & \text { Moon. } \end{aligned}$ | Toro | nto. | Ealifas | , 1.8. | The | ominion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. | Week. | Sun Riees. | Sun <br> Sets. | R. 88. | Sun Risea. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sun } \\ & \text { Sets. } \end{aligned}$ | Sun Rises. | Sun Sets. | Sun's Dealin. | Sun on Meridian. |
| 1 | 8at. | $\underset{7}{\mathrm{~h} . \mathrm{m} .}$ | h. m. <br> 427 | $\mathrm{h}_{6} \mathrm{~m}$ mit | ${ }_{785}^{\mathrm{h} . \mathrm{m} .}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { h. m. } \\ & 434 \end{aligned}$ | $h_{7} \mathrm{~m}_{88}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { h. m. } \\ 480 \end{array}$ | D. M. | h. m.  <br> 18 4 <br> 4  |
| 2 | B. | $\cdots 71$ | - 777 | 79 | 730 | 484 | 738 | ¢ 80 |  | 17.8 |
| 8 | Mon. | 41 | 28 | 88 | 86 | 85 | 88 | 81 | 2946 | 500 |
| 4 | Tues. | 41 | 29 | 950 | 35 | 88 | 88 | 32 | 2840 | 527 |
| 8 | Wed. | 41 | 31 | 115 | 85 | 87 | 38 | 83 | 28 \% | 654 |
| 6 | Thu. | 40 | 31 | Morn. | 84 | 88 | 37 | 8 | 28 | 621 |
| 7 | Fri. | 40 | 32 | 018 | 34 | 89 | 87 | 85 | 2218 | 647 |
| 8 | 8at. | 40 | 33 | 180 | 34 | 40 | 87 | 86 | 2210 | 712 |
| 9 | . | $7 \%$ | -78i | 289 | $7 \ddot{7}$ |  | 73 | 487 | 2...... | 17787 |
| 10 | Mun. | 39 | $\begin{array}{r}48 \\ \hline 85\end{array}$ | 344 | 88 | 448 | -36 | $\begin{array}{r}488 \\ \hline 88\end{array}$ | 2153 | 188 |
| 11 | Tues. | 39 | 86 | 443 | 83 | 44 | 86 | 39 | 2148 | $8 \%$ |
| 12 | Wed. | 39 | 87 | 587 | 33 | 45 | 36 | 40 | 218 | 848 |
| 18 | Thu. | 38 | 88 | 624 | 82 | 46 | 85 | 41 | 21.23 | 911 |
| 14 | Fri. | 38 | 40 | 700 | 32 | 47 | 35 | 48 | $21 \quad 12$ | 983 |
| 15 | Sat. | 38 | 42 | Rises. | 81 | 49 | 35 | 45 | 211 | 954 |
| 16 |  | $7 \ddot{7}$ | 744 |  |  | 400 | 7 3 | $\cdots 47$ | 20.70 | 17 io 10 |
| 17 | Мои. | -8618 | 445 | 7 | 80 | +62 | -88 | 48 | 20 20 | 121034 |
| 18 | Tues. | 35 | 47 | 814 | 29 | 58 | 33 | 50 | 2088 | 10 63 |
| 19 | Wed. | 84 | 49 | 920 | 28 | 64 | 32 | 52 | 2018 | 1112 |
| 20 | Thu. | 34 | 50 | 1028 | 27 | 65 | 81 | 68 | $20 \quad 0$ | 1129 |
| 21 | Fri. | 81 | 52 | 1138 | 27 | 67 | 81 | 65 | 1947 | 1146 |
| 28 | Sat. | 88 | 54 | Morn. | 23 | 68 | 30 | 67 | 1988 | 122 |
| 2 | . | 7\% ${ }^{2}$ | ¢ $7{ }_{5}$ |  | $\cdots 7{ }^{7}$ |  | 739 | 488 | 19 ${ }^{\text {19 }}$ | isioi\% |
| 2 | мои. | 88 | -68 | 24 | -25 | 5 | - 28 | -69 | 194 | 1281 |
| 25 | Tues. | 81 | 68 | 818 | 24 | , | 28 | 501 | 18 60 | 1245 |
| 26 | Wed. | 30 | 69 | $43)$ | 28 | 8 | 27 | 1 | 1884 | 1256 |
| 97 | Thu. | 29 | 501 | 5 | 28 | 4 | 26 | 4 | $18 \quad 19$ | 139 |
| 28 | Fri. | 28 | , | 619 | 21 | 5 | 25 | 5 | 188 | 1320 |
| 29 | sat. | 27 | 8 | 668 | 20 |  | 24 | 6 | $17 \quad 47$ | 1881 |
| 80 | 3. | $\cdots$ | $\underline{3}$ | Sets. | 719 | ${ }_{6} 9$ | 7 | ${ }^{3} 7$ | $17 \cdots$ | 1213 130 |
| 81 | Me: | $\div 25$ | 56 | 722 | 718 | 610 | 720 | 68 | 1714 | 121849 |

CALEITDAR, WEATHER ABPECTB, to.
D. Circumcision.

1 A pleasant cold day.
8. 1st Sunday after Christmas.

8 Considerable snow has fallen.
4 More to come this week.
5 Sleighing tolerably good.
6 Rpijhany.
7 Rather stormy time.
8 Uupleasent proapeots.
8. 1st Sunday after Lipiphany.

10 The weather will be very
11 variable between now
12 and the fall moon.
18 Thewe two days rather
14 incifined to soiten and thaw.
15 sull moon $7-19$ mo.
S. 2oel Sunday after Eipiphany.
${ }_{1 \%}$ Tendency to change.
18 Very unsettled time.
19 Much colder to-day.
20 Wiudy and unpleasant.
21 Again tending to thaw.
22 Cold rain W. Snow E.
S. 8nd Sunday after Epiphany.

24 Cold wintry day.
25 Comvergion of St. Pawl.
26 Toward the time of
27 New moon very variable, 28 but now look out for
29 a good old-fashioned storm.
8. 41/ Sunduy after Ephighany.

81 Rough ending.

31112 helun erona

 Leloure Eile ur," and for othe younct tolke " ${ }^{66}$ The Boye ovin Paper," and the "6trict Own Paper,9" at 15 conts monthly parte, aud 1.50 ench por amnum, at ERAETY's Eoolretore, Perth.

2ud Month. Flebryary, 28 Daye. Bogine on Tuesday.


CALENDAE, WEATHER ABPEOTS, Ho.
D.

1 February opens cold, 2 and continues so for 8 a good many days,
with unpleasant
5 blustering winds.
3. 6 th Sunday ater Epiphainy.

7 8now falls and
8 drifts badly in many
9 parts of Quebec.
10 Hard travelling for
11 a fow daye past.
12 Improving weather.
8 Septuagesima,
ji. St. Valontine.

15 Much plemennter, but
16 several cold days with
17 pieroing winds.
18 Theee days are pleacanter,
19 and the sun shises.
3. Sexageivima.
ei Another stormy time
\% with cold winds.
28 Oceasional snow-tallo.
24 Plomennter appeets.
25 St. Matthias.
28 A eool nice day.
8. Yuinguageeima.

28 sot dimgreeable.

Beatig's and the mow Mereantile Gracled Copy Booke whill Bicadifnes mie the bent Canadiam Copy Beolke fa mee, oleven naribert,

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Ind Month. Marcti, 81 Digl. Begine on Wedneeday.


CALENDAR, WEATHER ASFECTE, ©C.
D.

1 St. David's Day. Shrove Thesday.
2 Ash Wednesday.
8 Cold Easterly winds.
4 Snow falls gently.
$B$ Cold continues.
8. Lat Sunday in Lent.

7 Cold rains or snow.
8 Changeable season.
9 Very unsettled time.
10 Hough winds.
11 Altogether unpleasant week.
12 St. Gregory.
S. 2nd Sunday in Lent.

14 Fair but frosty.
15 Cold and clear.

16 Sun melte muoh snow.
18 Out Weat, Ont., very fine.
19 East, Que., unsettled.
s. Ird Sunday in Lent.

21 St. Bemedict.
29 Change of moon to-day
28 brings warmer winds and 24 moat probably rain.
${ }_{23}$ Annunciation of Blessed Viryin Mary.
23 A delightiul day.
B. seh striday in tene.
29. Raw unploasant wind.
2.9 Hather itormy, and

80 continaes damp.
81 Month ends with raln.

The New Edicion of cultin Thomanom's Eitatory of England, 85 cemte. Creighton's Epoeh Primar or Baglioh Eilutory at 80 eonte, and Jefrer's Primer of Camalian Filatory at 80 eomte, are movir authorised, to ho had at Baszere.
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The Farmer will do woll to get a aupply of Clover Sceds to now before she anow leaven the ground. Good, rlean iritiotity ment tlover


4th Month. $\triangle$ PRIL, 80 Dage. Beginn on Friday. 188


## CALENDAR, WEATHER ABPECTS, de.

D.

1 All Fool's Day, so-called.
2 All wiser to day, or to-morrov.
S. 5th Sunday in Lent.

4 St. Ambrose.
51 foresee rough, wet
6 unpleasant meason for
7 the first weeks of April.
8 Cold rains and heavy
9 winds. Snow down East.
8. Sunday next before Easter.

11 Settling for a calmer
12 season, but not reliable.
18 Changeable but
18 Changeable but
lo Good Friday.

16
S. Easter Sundat.

18 Easter Monday.
19 Easter Tuesday.
20 This week on the whole
21 very agreeable. Some
22 days of cheerful weather.
23 St. Ghores's Dat.
8. 1st Sunday after Easter.

25 St. Mark the Evangelist.
28 Pleasant and agreeable.
27 Several warm and
28 genial days terminate

nka, Pons, Copy Eooke, Sehool Seribbline Booke, a ad all school requiolies algHABT'S B. okntore.

* Gotlait pretrwich frem gray


CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, *O.
D.
8. 2nd Sunday after Ruster.

2 1st May. St. Philip and St. James.
8 May opens with prospects
4 of soft sunny warm days.
5 But changes occur, and
6 now it is cool and damp.
7 Wind and rain.
8. Ird Sunday after Eacter. 9 Much snow melted.
10 Weaterly, a good deal of
11 apring work may have been
12 done. But in the Eastern
18 parts of Quebec upring work
14 is delayed for a time.
S. Uth Symaay after Laster.

16 Fair if wind North-west.
17 If wind North-east then 18 look out for rain.
19 St. Dunstan's Day.
20 Frequent showers
21 bring forth May flowers.
8. Rogation Sunday.

23 Rogation Mondry.
24 The quekn' Birthday.
25 Rogation Welmesday.
28 abornhion Day.
27 28th St. Augustine.
23 a warm day.
3. Sunday after Ascension.

30 Exoeedinyly warm.
${ }_{31}$ A cool pleasant day.
iemorandux foz yat.
$\qquad$

25
$\qquad$
26 Anvilenn
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28
$2: 1$
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81
Smaday Boheel Oarde, Toxte, Vorses, Birdo, Animale and Flowers of



A Fine assortment or French and Japanese Fanc, in silk, dec., \&ke., in Beautiral Decorationn, at pricen from 5 cents to Five dollars ench, at EAETM FANCY STORE.
sday. 81.] mimorandum for Junt.

1 Sowers Baresy, B, Bene. Anumele, \%
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Sho. Zose withelame
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| Moon's Phases. |  | Halifax. | Quebec. | Ottava | Perih. | Toronto. | Lomdon. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m . | h. m. | h. |
| First Quarter....... | 4 | 181 ev . | 031 ev . | 023 ev . | ${ }_{0} 13 \mathrm{ev}$. | 01 ev . | 1159 mo |
| Full Moon.......... | 11 | $y E 9 \mathrm{mo}$. | 929 mo . | 921 mo . | 911 mo . | 859 mo . | 851 mo . |
| Third Quarter....... | 18 | 119 mo . | 049 mo . | 041 mo . | 031 mo . | 019 mo | il mo |
| New Moon........... | 26 | 14 mo . | 034 mo . | 026 mo . | 016 mo . | 09 mo . | 01 me |



## CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&C.

D.

1 Dominion Day.
2 Visitation of Virgin Mary,
8. Brd Sunday afler Trinity

4 Warm rains this moon's
5 quarter, settling down 6 to extreme heat for a 7 few days. Thundering
8 and severe lightning.
9 A little more settled.
S. 4th sunday after Trinity.

11 Warm growing time.
12 Harvest prospects good.
18 The heat is great, and
14 again thunder and lightning.

16 No rain-on 8t. Ewithin's.
S. 5th Sunday after Trinity.

18 Warm ralns West.
19 Rather sultry and dry
20 for a day or two.
21 Changeable.
22 A thunder storm not
23 so violent as last year's.
5. 6ih Suwday after Trinity.

25 St . James the Apostle.
26 Exceeding warm.
27 Wind and rain.
28 Hay gathered in pretty 29 fuir coudition.
30 Very fine and warm.
8. 7th Sinday afler Trinity.
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Farmor ohould thio year make every pomalble effort to make only he beat "Gilt Elge Bintter"-lit payn, as Butter will bo bought on ite morits. Une a Patont Flange Thermometer to get the proper degree of meat.

8th Month.
AUGUST, 31 Days.
Begine on Monday



|  | DAYB. | Ottawa. |  | The Moon. | Toronto. |  | Halifax, N.S. |  | The Dominion. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. | Week. | Sun Risee. | Sun Sets. | R. \& 8 . | Sun Rises. | Sun Sets. | Sun Rises. | Sun Sets. | Sun's <br> Declin. | Sun on Meridian |
|  |  | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. | D. M. | m. |
| 1 | Thur. | 522 | 688 | 1012 | 523 | 636 | 523 | 687 | 87 | 1159 |
| 2 | Fri. | 23 | 86 | 1112 | 25 | 34 | 24 | 85 | $7 \quad 45$ | 115926 |
| 8 | Sat. | 25 | 34 | Morn. | 26 | 33 | 26 | 83 | 723 | 59 |
| 4 | E. |  |  | 0 \% 25 | 5'27 | 631 | 5 27 | 631 | 7 | $11{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 5 | Mon. | 27 | 30 | 142 | 28 | 29 | 28 | - 29 | $\begin{array}{lll}6 & 89\end{array}$ | 1158 |
| 6 | Tues. | 28 | 28 | 83 | 29 | 27 | 29 | 27 | 616 | 58 |
| 7 | Wed. | 30 | 26 | 425 | 30 | 25 | 30 | 25 | $5 \quad 54$ | 5747 |
| 8 | Thur. | 81 | 24 | Rises. | 31 | 24 | 81 | 23 | 581 | 5727 |
| 9 | Fri. | 38 | 22 | 640 | 33 | 22 | 33 | 21 | 59 | 57 |
| 10 | Sat. | 84 | 20 | 78 | 34 | 19 | 35 | 20 | 446 | 5646 |
| 11 | B. | 5 35 | 618 | 740 | 5 85 | 618 | $\cdots 36$ | 618 | 423 |  |
| 12 | Mon. | 36 | 16 | 8 14 | 36 | 17 | 37 | 16 | 400 | 156 |
| 18 | Tues. | 37 | 14 | 854 | 37 | 14 | 38 | 14 | 887 | 55 48 |
| 14 | Wed. | 38 | 12 | 942 | 38 | 13 | 38 | 12 | 314 | 55 |
| 15 | Thur. | 39 | 11 | 1936 | 39 | 11 | 39 | 11 | 251 | 65 |
| 16 | Fri. | 40 | 9 | 1134 | 40 | 9 | 40 | 9 | 228 | 5439 |
| 17 | Sat. | 41 | 7 | Morn. | 42 | 7 | 41 | 7 | 25 | 64 18 |
| 18 | "B. ${ }^{\text {B }}$ | 542 | $6 \%$ | 034 | 5 43 | 63 | 5 42 | $6{ }^{1}$ | $1{ }^{1} 1$ | $11 " 305$ |
| 19 | Mon. | 44 | 2 | 137 | 44 | 3 | 44 | 2 | 118 | 1153 |
| 20 | Tues. | 45 | 600 509 | 242 | 45 | ${ }^{2}$ | 45 | 600 | 055 | 531 |
| 21 | Wed. | 46 | 559 | 846 | 46 | 600 | 48 | 559 | 031 | 525 |
| 29 | Thur. | 47 | ${ }^{7}$ | $4 \quad 51$ | 47 | 558 | 47 | 67 | N. 8 | 523 |
| 28 | Fri. | 48 | 55 | Sets. | 49 | 56 | 48 | 55 | S 14 | 521 |
| 24 | Sat. | 49 | 63 | 552 | 50 | 54 | 49 | 53 | 038 | 515 |
| 25 | B ${ }^{\circ}$ | \% 50 | 5 51 | 618 | b 51 | 5 52 | 550 | ¢ 51 | $1^{\prime \prime} 1$ |  |
| 26 | Mon. | 52 | 49 | 6 | 52 | 51 | 52 | 49 | 125 | 11.611 |
| 27 | Tues. | 53 | 47 | 725 | 53 | 49 | 53 | 47 | 148 | 505 |
| 28 | Wed. | 51 | 45 | 8811 | 54 | 47 | 54 | 45 | 212 | 503 |
| 29 | Thur. | 55 | 44 | 97 | 55 | 46 | 55 | 44 | 235 | 501 |
| 30 | Fri. | 557 | 543 | 1012 | 556 | 544 | 557 | 543 | 258 | 11495 |

## CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&e.

1. September opens with dull

2 changeable weather
3 Threatening rain.
S. 12th Sunday after Trinity.
b Much warmer, and
6 we shall have several
7 very fine days.
8 Nativity of Virgin Mary.
9 Dull-damp and cool
10 with shifting winds.
S. 13th Sunday after Trinity

12 A cold rain storm
13 may be expected. The
14 rain will be very heavy,
15 accompanied with wind.

16 Storm subsides, and now
17 some days calm and cool.
S. 14th Sunday after Trinity.

19 Wind again prevalent,
20 with dull days and nighte.
21 St. Matthew's Day.
22 A good deal of windy
23 weather this week, with
24 considerable local rains.
S. 15th Sunday after Trinity.

26 On the whole this week
27 may be relied on for
28 good outdoor work.
29 St. Michael and all Angels.
30 An agreeable day.
1881.] MEMORANDUM FOR BEPTEMBER. 23

before the weather breaks up. You can always get the Beat Painis and dils at HiARTY's, with dircetions how to use them,


|  | 4 TE \% | Ottawa. |  | The Moon. | Toro | nto. | Halifax | , N. 8. | The D | ominion. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M. | Week. | Sun Rises. | Bun Sete. | R. 8 . | 8un Rines. | Bun Beta. | Sun <br> Rises. | Sun <br> Sets. | Bun's Deolin. | Sun on Meridian. |
|  |  | h. m. | h. | h. m. | h. | h. m. | b. m. | h.m. | D. M. | h. m. 8. |
| 1 | Sat. | 658 | 548 | 1184 | 558 | 642 | 568 | 542 | 828 | 114982 |
|  |  | $\dddot{60}$ | $\cdots$ | Morn. | $\cdots$ | $\mathrm{B}^{4} 9$ | 600 | $\dddot{6} 40$ | 8 4s | 4914 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | Mon. |  | 688 | ${ }_{0} \mathbf{M i g}$ | 61 | -88 | 60 | 6 38 | 88 | 48 b5 |
| 4 | Tues. | 8 | 87 | 200 | 2 | 87 | 2 | 87 | 481 | 4887 |
| 8 | Wed. | 8 | 85 | 822 | 8 | 85 | 8 | 85 | 454 | 4819 |
| 6 | Thur. | 6 | 83 | 442 | 4 | 81 |  | 88 | 518 | 482 |
| 1 | Fri. | 7 | 81 | Rises. | 6 | 80 | 6 | 81 | 541 | 475 |
| 8 | Sat. | 8 | 29 | 888 | 7 | 28 | 7 | 80 | 64 | 4729 |
| 9 | . | 69 | ¢ 738 | 6 io | 88 | '\% 28 | $\underset{6}{ } 9$ | $\ddot{818}$ | $6{ }^{6}$ | 11 $47 \%$ |
| 10 | Mon. | 11 | 24 | 648 | 9 | 24 | 9 | 28 | 649 | 4657 |
| 11 | Tues. | 18 | 22 | 734 | 11 | 28 | 11 | 24 | 712 | 4642 |
| 12 | Wed. | 14 | 20 | 827 | 12 | 23 | 12 | 22 | 784 | 4827 |
| 18 | Thur. | 15 | 18 | 924 | 13 | 20 | 18 | 20 | 757 | 4618 |
| 14 | Fri. | 17 | 16 | 1024 | 14 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 819 | 4) 69 |
| 15 | 8at. | 18 | 14 | 1127 | 15 | 17 | 15 | 17 | 841 | 4546 |
| 16 | …' | -6000 | $\because{ }_{6} 13$ | Morn. | $\dddot{617}$ | $\ddot{6} 1 \ddot{6}$ | 317 | $\ddot{6} 19$ | 9 | ii 45 |
| 17 | mon. | 21 | 11 | 080 | 18 | 14 | 18 | 14 | 926 | 4521 |
| 18 | Tues. | 22 | 10 | 182 | 19 | 18 | 20 | 18 | 948 | 4510 |
| 19 | Wed. | 28 | 8 | 288 | 20 | 11 | 21 | 10 | 109 | 4459 |
| 20 | Thur. | 25 | 6 | 848 | 22 | 9 | 22 | 8 | 10 31 <br> 10  | 449 |
| 21 | Fri. | 26 | 5 | 488 | 23 | 8 | 23 | 7 | $\begin{array}{ll}10 & 53 \\ 11 & 18\end{array}$ | 4489 |
| 22 | Sat. | 27 | 8 | Sets. | 24 | 6 | 24 | 6 | 1118 | 4480 |
| 23 | B. | в $\mathbf{2 8}_{8}$ |  |  | $\cdots \dddot{6}$ | $\dddot{B} \dddot{B}$ | $\ddot{6} \ddot{28}$ | $\ddot{8}$ | ii' ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 4400 |
| 24 | Mon. | 30 | ${ }^{1} 00$ | 524 | 28 |  | 28 | 1 | $11 \quad 65$ | 4415 |
| 25 | Tues. | 81 | 469 | 69 | 28 | ${ }^{2}$ | 80 | 500 | 1216 | 448 |
| 26 | Wed. | 32 | 67 | 72 | 29 | 500 | 81 | 458 | 1287 | $4{ }^{2}$ |
| 37 | Thu | 84 | 56 | $8{ }^{8}$ | 80 | 459 | 88 | 57 | $12 \mathrm{B7}$ | 4857 |
| 29 | Fri. Sut. | 36 37 | ${ }_{51}^{68}$ | $\begin{array}{rr}9 & 16 \\ 10 & 82\end{array}$ | 81 88 | ${ }_{68}^{57}$ | 84 85 | 65 68 | $\begin{array}{ll}18 & 17 \\ 18 & 87\end{array}$ | 1888 488 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 90 | B. | 638 | $\dddot{400}$ | 1i 48 | $\cdots 38$ | 450 | 636 |  | 187\% | 11 4846 |
| 31 | Mon. | 639 | 449 | Morn. | 685 | 458 | 687 | 458 | 1416 | 114844 |

## CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTs, 40

D. October begins quietly
s. 16 th : unday after Trinity.

3 The weather this week
4 will be very variable,
5 but we shall have frequent
6 showers and quite cool.
7 Some frosts have nipped
8 the tender vines. They droop.
8. 17th Sunday after Trinity.

10 More settled weather, but
11 there will be very cool
12 nights with occasional
18 frosta, but not yet severs.
14 A very fine day.
15 And 80 is this.
8. 18th Sunday after Trinity.

17 Rather cold and wet.
18 St. Luke the Evangelist
19 A good deal of cold
20 rain Westerly, but from the
21 East you will hear of
22 a good fall of snow.
S. 19th Sumday after Trinity.

24 A calm serene day.
25 St. Crispin.
26 Very cool with wind.
27 Quite stormy now.
28 St. Sumon and St. Jude.
29 Settled for two days.
8. 20th Sunday after Trinity.

31 Changeful season.
1
4
5 Deng coto Sbent whenger.

9
10

14 Ont uh Simining Roou Estre.


The Best Coal Olis and Lump Wickw and Chimneyn, at lowestiprices; and the Celebrated pgllar hamp at HAEIS'S,

| Moon's Phases. |  | Halifax. | Quebec. | Ottava. | Perth. | Toronto. | Londom. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | D. | h. m. | h. m. | h. m. |  | h. m. | h. $m$ |
| Third Quarter......... | 18 | 948 ev . 646 ev . | 918 ev. 616 ev . | 9 688 ev 8 8 | 9 5 580 ev ev. | 8 8 688 ev 48 ev | 8 |
| New Moon. ... ..... | 21 | 07 ev . | 1137 mo . | 1129 mo . | 1119 mo . | 118 mo . | ${ }^{5} \mathrm{l}$ |
| First Quarter ........ | 28 | 747 mo . | 717 mo . | 79 mo . | 6 59 mo . | 647 mo . | 689 mo . |



CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPECTS, \&c.
D.

1 All Saints Day.
2 steady cold, but no
3 very severe frost, yet
4 there are many signs of
5 approaching winter.
S. 21 st Sunday after Trinity.

7 Very cold rains Westerly
8 but snow in Quebec, and
9 a good deal of it.
10 Much of it melts away for
11 St. Martin's Day.
12 The weather is ${ }^{\prime}$ moderating.
s. 22nd Sunday afier Trinity.

14 A regular Northweater
15 of a gale ending with snow.

16 Steadily cold. Frost and snow.
17 Changeable aspects.
18 Wind, rain and frost.
19 Dull and not pleasant.
S. 23 rd Sunday gfter Trinity.

21 New moon brings change.
22 St. Cecilia's llay.
23 St. C/ement's Day.
24 Chiefly cold rains, but
25 N . E. wind brings snow.
26 A very cold day.
S. Advent Sunday.

28 Very unsettled weather.
29 Not a pleasant day.
in St. Andrew' Diy.

We have a large stock of Glass, which we cut to any mize for Windows or picturen at low pricen. J. HiART.

IGir Tey. fio uncitar
$\frac{3}{4}$ Furst susw, hers(dight). Jri fout
$\frac{5}{6}$ Surw
$\frac{7}{2}$
© Gheucem gours et oftecora.
10
11
12 Diñt-bnow
13
14
 16
17
18 Dlewery Peant at 9 scupptex
20 Burinal bitne
2
21
22
23
24
$\frac{25}{26}$ Jero
27
28

A Household Book, "The Home Cook Book," by Toronto Liadicm, the beat and mont rellable Cook Book Published, free by po it for wl.00, at HART'...

12th Month.
DECKMBER, 31 Days. Begins on Thureday.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Moon'e Pharer.} \& Halifax. \& Quebec \& Ottava. \& Perth. \& Toromto. \& Lowdon. \\
\hline Full Moon........... \& \({ }^{\text {D }}\) \& h. m. 1149 mo . \& \begin{tabular}{l}
h m. \\
1119 mo .
\end{tabular} \& h.m. \({ }^{\text {m }} 11\) \& h. m.mo. \& h. m. \& h. m.

1041 mo <br>
\hline Third yuarter.. . .... \& 18 \& 1150 mv. \& 320 ev . \& 312 ev . \& ${ }_{3}^{1} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{~ m o v .}$ \& 1049 mo
250 cv. \& 10
212 mov . <br>
\hline New Moon ...... . \& 21 \& 052 mo . \& 022 mo . \& 014 mo . \& 0 inc. \& 1152 ev . \& 1148 <br>
\hline First quarter....... \& 27 \& $4{ }^{2} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{e v}$. \& $35 \overline{\mathrm{ev}}$. \& 449 ev . \& $3 \mathrm{S9} \mathrm{ev}$. \& 327 ev. \& 319 ev <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

|  | $\triangle$ Y 8. | Ottawa. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { The } \\ & \text { Moon. } \end{aligned}$ | Toronto. |  | Halifax, N. 8. |  | The Dominion. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M | Week. | Sun <br> Rises. | Sun <br> Sets. | R. \& S. | Sun Rises. | Sun <br> Seta. | Sur Rises. | Sun <br> Sets. | Sun's Declin. | Meridian |
|  | Thur |  | h. m . | $\mathrm{h}_{2} \mathrm{~m}$. | h. ${ }_{7} \mathbf{1 4}$ | h. $\mathrm{m}_{4.4}$ | h. m. | ${ }_{\substack{\text { h. } \\ 4 \\ 20}}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { D } & \text { M. } \\ 21\end{array}$ |  |
| 2 | Fri. | 22 | ${ }^{17}$ | 3 6 | 15 | 24 | 19 | - 20 | 22. | 114948 |
| 3 | Sat. | 23 | 17 | 59 | 16 | 24 | 20 | 20 | 2211 | $50 \quad 12$ |
| 4 | E. | 724 | 417 | 618 | 717 | 424 | 721 | 730 | $\ddot{22} 19$ | 11 50 |
| ${ }^{1}$ | Mon | 25 | - 16 | Hises. | 18 | 4 | - 22 | 4 | $\begin{array}{ll}22 & 27\end{array}$ | $11 \begin{array}{lll}60 & \\ & 51 & 1\end{array}$ |
| 6 | Tuep | 26 | 16 | 468 | 19 | 23 | 23 | 19 | $22 \quad 24$ | $51 \quad 27$ |
|  | Wed | 27 | 16 | $5 \quad 59$ | 20 | 23 | 24 | 19 | 2241 | 5153 |
| 8 | Thu | 29 | 16 | 6 6, | 21 | 23 | 25 | 19 | ${ }^{22} 847$ | $\begin{array}{lll}52 & 19\end{array}$ |
| 9 | Fri. | 29 | 16 | 83 | 22 | 23 | 26 | 19 | $22 \quad 53$ | 5246 |
| 10 | sat. | 80 | 16 | 96 | 23 | 23 | 27 | 19 | 2258 | 5314 |
| ii | B. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | $\because 31$ | 416 | $10^{19} 9$ | $\bigcirc$ | 4 73 | 728 | $\dddot{419}$ | $23{ }^{*} 3$ | ii ${ }_{53}{ }^{4} \mathbf{4 2}$ |
| 12 | Mon. | 32 | 16 | $11 \quad 12$ | 25 | 23 | 29 | 19 |  | $1{ }^{54} 10$ |
| 18 | Tues | 83 | 17 | Moru. | 26 | 24 | 80 | 20 | ${ }^{23} 12$ | 5438 |
| 14 | Wed. | 34 | 17 | 016 | 27 | 24 | 31 | 20 | 2315 | 557 |
| 15 | Thur. | 85 | 17 | 121 | 28 | 24 | 22 | 20 | $\begin{array}{ll}23 & 18\end{array}$ | $55 \times 3 \mathrm{~L}$ |
| 16 | Fri. | 36 | 17 | ${ }_{2}^{2} 26$ | 29 | 24 | 3.3 | 20 | $\begin{array}{ll}23 & 21 \\ 23\end{array}$ | ${ }_{66}^{66} 5$ |
| 17 | Sa | 37 | 17 | 387 | 30 | 24 | 35 | 20 | $23 \quad 23$ | 5634 |
| 18 | 18. | $737^{\circ}$ | 418 | 447 | 730 | 425 | 734 | 421 | $23^{\prime \prime} 25$ | i1 ${ }_{51} \cdots 3$ |
| 19 | Mon. | 38 | 18 | $5 \begin{array}{ll}5 & 57\end{array}$ | 31 | 25 | 35 | 21 | $23 \quad 26$ | 5784 |
| 20 | Tues. | 38 | 19 | 700 | 31 | 26 | 35 | 22 | $\begin{array}{ll}23 & 27 \\ \\ \\ & 27\end{array}$ | $68 \quad 4$ |
| 21 | Wed. | 38 | 80 | Sets. | 31 | 17 | 35. | 23 | ${ }_{23}^{23} 27$ |  |
| 22 | Thur. | 38 | 20 | 6 59 | 31 | 27 | 35 | $\therefore 3$ | $\begin{array}{ll}23 & 27\end{array}$ | 593 |
| 23 | $\stackrel{r}{\text { ri }}$ | 39 | 20 | 720 | 31 | 27 | 35 | 23 | 2226 | 5933 |
| 24 | Sat. | 39 | 21 | 840 | 31 | 28 | 35 | 24 | $23 \quad 25$ | $12 \quad 00 \quad 3$ |
| 25 | B. | 739 | - $721^{\circ}$ | 1000 | 731 | 428 | 736 | 424 |  | $12 \times 003$ |
| 26 | Mon. | 40 | 22 | 1118 | 32 | $2{ }^{9}$ | 36 | 25 | $23 \quad 21$ | 13. |
| 27 | Tues. | 40 | 23 | Morn | 33 | 30 | 37 | 23 | 2319 | $133{ }^{\circ}$ |
| 28 | Wed. | 40 | 24 | 033 | 83 | 31 | 37 | 27 | 2316 | 22 |
| 29 | Thur | 41 | $2{ }^{2}$ | $1{ }^{1} 4$ | ¢3 | 32 | ${ }_{3}^{37}$ | 28 | ${ }_{23}^{23} 12$ | 232 |
| 30 | Fri. | 41 | 26 | 258 | 31 | 33 | $3{ }^{*}$ | 29 | 238 | 31 |
| 51 | Sat. | 741 | 427 | 47 | 731 | 434 | 733 | 431 | 23 | 12 3 30 |

CALENDAR, WEATHER ASPLCTS, \&c.
D.

A fine winter's day
2 before winter rets in.
3 Another fine day. Cold.
S. 2nd Sunday in Advent.

5 With full moon comes
6 change. Cold high winds
7 accompanied by snows.
5 Immaculate Conception B. V. Mary.
9 Yet windy and cold.
10 A clear tine day.
S. Brd Suntay in Advent.

12 Milder, but not settled.
13 There will be snow.
14 Cold rains in Western Ont.
15 Th- Upper Ottawa very cold.

| 16 Winter fairly set in with | 25 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 17 a time of extreme cold. |  |
| S 4 th Sunday in Advent. | 26 |
| 19 Very changeable, but |  |
| 2. look for a snow storm. | 27 |
| 21 St. Themus Day. |  |
| 22 Remember the Toor. | 28 |
| 24 but setiled for cold. | 94 |
| S. Chbistmas day. | $2!$ |
| 26 St. Stephen's Daty | 31 |
| 27 St. John the Evangelist. | 31 |
| 2* Holy Inuocents' Day. |  |
| 29 These three days will | 31 |
| 30 be pleasant for the reason, |  |
| 31 with good sleighing. | Our mit |

Thismonth we call your attention to our mplendid display. f Xuam and New Year Cards, make your nesectloan early. J. inA \&T,


31 bonerime 2 budue and at mo advance over old priced. A lot of itine dioode for Xman Prenentmat it ir'o's.

#  

## THE QUEEN.

Victoria, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, \&c., Queen, Defender of the Fuith, Empress of India. Her Majesty was born at Kensington Palace, May 24, 1819 ; succeeded to the throne June 20, 1837, on the death of her uncle, King William IV.; was crowned June 28,1838; and married February 10, 1840, to bis late Royal Highness Prince Albert. Her Majesty is the only child of his late Royal Highness Edward Dake of Kent, son of King George III. The children of Her Majesty are :-
Her Royal Highness Victoria-Adelaide Mary-Lousia, Princrss Royal or England and Grrmany, born Nuvember 21, 1840, and married to his Imperial Higtness Frederick William, Crown Prince of Germany, January 25, 1858, and has issue five sons and four daughters.

His Royal Highness Albkrt-Edward, Pringer of IVales, born November 9, 1841 ; married March 10, 1863, Alexandra of Denmark (Princess of Wales), born December 1, 1844, and has issue three sons and three daughters.

Her Royal Highness Alice-Maud-Mary, born April 25, 1843, married to H.R H. Prince Fredreick Louis of Hesse, July I, 1862 ; died December 14, $18: 8$ and had issue two sons and five daughters.

His Royal Highness Alfred-Ernest-Albert, Duke of Edinburgh, Earl of Kent and Earl of Ulster, born August 6, 1844 ; married to the Grand Duchess Marie-Alexandrowna. and has issue one son and two daughters.

Her Royal Highness Helena Augusta-Victoria, born May 25, 1846 ; married July 5, 1866, Prince Frederick Christian of Schleswig Holstein, and has issue three sons and two daughters.

Her Royal Highness Louisa-Caroline-Alberta, born March 18, 1848 ; married March 23, 1871, to the Marquis of Lorne, Governor General of Canada.

His Royal Highness Arthur-William-Patrick-Albert, K. G., born May 1, 1850 ; married March 13, 1879, to Her Royal Highness Princess Louisa Margaret.

His Royal Highness Leopold-George-Duncan-Albert, born April 7, 1853.
Her Royal Highness Beatrice-Mary-Victoria-Feodore, born April 14, 1857.
To Make Your Strawberry bed bear well next year, work it out thoroughly and manure well as soon as it is through bearing. Don't put it off until the bed is filled with weeds and grass. First plough or spade the ground betewen the rows, cutting the rows down narrower ; then work the rows out well with a fork potato-digger, and scatter in them a good quantity of well-rotted compost, guano, or poudrette. It is a good plan to draw fresh earth in among the plants.
The best and most thoughtful newspapers now allow contributors to the wastebasket to write on both sides of the sheet.

A reporter who bad escaped from a fighting crowd said there was too much "missilaneous matter" in the affair to suit him.

JANUARY.-In the ordinary old English sense, we have no spring time in Canada. We make a sudden jump from the snows of winter to the sowing time. All the more necessity, therefore, to make go d use of the long months of winter To a thoughtful worker, there are no idle periods. A farmer can and ought to study carefully the best metbods of tillage, and as this is an age of improvements in all kinds of machinery, it would be well to procure the best. Repairs may be done. But as before we have recommended the best periodicals and the best works on Farming, so now again we urge our friends, especially our young men, to procure the standard works of the best authors. The time is past for ridiculing book learning relating to the whole theory and practice of Agriculture.

## ter

## DOMINION OF CANADA.

## Seat of Goverrment, Ottava.

 GOVERNOR-GENERAL.His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir John Douglas Sutherland Campbell Marquis of Lorne, K.T.G., C.M.G., Governor General of the Dominion of Canad and Vice Admiral of the same.

Deputy Governors to sign Money Warrants.-Jos. O. Cote.

## LIEUTENANT GOVERNORS.

Their Honors the hon. J. B. Robinson, Ontario ; hon. Théodore Robitaille, M.D., Quebec; hon. Adrms G. Archibald, Nova Scotia; hon. R. D. Wilmot, New Brunswick ; hon. T. H. Howland, Prince Edward Island ; hon. Joseph Cauchon, Manitoba; hon. David Laird, North-West Territories ; hon. A. N. Richards, British Columbia.

## Commanding her majesty's forces in british north AMERICA.

## Major General Sir Patrick Macdougall.

PRIVY COUNCIL.
Minister of the interior, right hon. Sir John A. Macdonald, P.C., K.C.B. ; minister of finance, hon. S. L. Tilley, C. B. ; minister of railways and canals, hon. C. Tupper, C.B.; minister of public work hon. H. Langevin; minister of agriculture hon. J. H. Pope ; president of Privy Council, hon. L. R. Masson; minister of Justice, hon. James Macdonald; postmaster general, hon. John OConnor; minister of Militia, Sir A. Campbell, K.C.M.G.; minister of Customs, hon. M'. Bowell ; minister of Marine, hon. J. C. Pope; secretary of State, hon. J. C. Aikens ; minister of Inland Revenue, Hon. L. F. G. Baby.

## FACTS AND FIGURES.

A barrel of rice weighs 260 pounds.
An acre contains 4840 square yards.
Slow rivers flow five miles per hour.
A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds.
A barrel of pork weighs 200 pounds.
Buckwheat, fifty-two pounds per bushel.
A hurricane moves eighty miles per hour.
A firkin of butter weighs fifty-six pounds.
Timothy seed, forty-five pounds per bushel.
The average human life is thirty-one years.
An impecunious fortune hunter having been accepted by an heiress, at the wedding. when that portion of the ceremony was reached where the bridegroom says, "With all my worldly goods I thee endow," a spiteful relative of the bride exclaimed, "There goes his valise!"
FEBRUARY. - While we do not deprecate the effort now being made to populate and settle our North West Territories, we would at the same time remind our readers that there are tens of thousands of acres of good land in Quebec yet untouched by the hand of industry. Much of this is coming into market, and can be had at reasonable rates. Our vacant lands do not require long and tedious journeys to reach them. A sort of fever to go West often sets in, whereas the East has many attractions and ought to be considered. The hardships of breaking up fresh territory are about the same every where. Many portions of Quebec are not surpassed in excellence by any part of Ontario. We hope these few words will not be misconstrued. We are Canadians, and have a grand country.

[^0]
## PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

## Seat of Government, Quebec.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
His Honor the Honorable Theodore Robitaille ; Thos. Chapais, private secretaty and Captain Sheppard, aide-de-camp; Walter Lennan, messenger.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. J. A. Chapleau, Q.C., premier, commissioner of agriculture and public works.

Hon. L. O. Loranger, attorney general.
Hon. J. G. Robertson, treasurer.
Hon. E. T. Paquet, provincial secretary and registrar.
Hon. J. J. Ross, speaker Legislative Council.
Hon. E. J. Flynn, commissioner of Crown Lands.
Hon. W. W. Lynch, solicitor general.

## Officers.

F. Fortier, clerk of the Executive Council; G. Grenier, deputy clerk ; P. L. T. Normandin, second clerk; O. Vallée, messenger.

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

## Seat of Government, Toronto. <br> LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

His Honor the Hon. J. B. Robinson.
Private Secretary.-
EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.
Attorney general, hon. Oliver Moat, Q.C.; provincial treasurer, hon. S. C. Wood ; commissioner of public works, hon. C.F. Fraser, Q C.; provincial secretary, hon. A. S. Hardy, Q. C.; commissioner of Crown lands, hon. T. B. Pardee, Q.C. ; minister of education, hon. Adam Crooks, Q.C.; clerk of Executive Council, J. G. Scott, Q.C.

[^1]NOVA SCOTIA.
Seat of Government, Halifax.
LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.
His Honor Hon. Adams G. Archibald, P.C., C.M.G.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. ©. H. Holmes, provincial secretary and premier ; hon. J. S. D. Thompson, attorney general ; hon. Saml. Creelman, commissioner of public works and mines; members without office, hon. C. J. Townshend, hon. N. W. White, hon. J. S. McDonald, hon. C. J. Macdonald, hon. H. F. McDougall, hon. W. B. Troop.

## PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

His Honor the Hon. EdWard barron Chandler, Q.C., Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of New Brunswick. Lieutenant-Colonel John Saunders, Aide-de-camp.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. Robert Young, President.
Hon. John James Fraser, attorney-general ; hon. William Wedderburn, provincial secretary; hon. Pierre Lavdry, commissioner of public works; hon. Michael Adams, surveyor general ; hon. Benjamin R. Stevenson, hon. J. Herbert Crawford, hon. W. E. Ferley, hon. Daniel L. Hanington.

## PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

## LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

His Honor G. H. Haviland.
Private secretary, Robert Robinson Hodgson, Esq.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hons. W. A. Sullivan, Neil McLeod, Donald Ferguson, John Lefurger, Samuel Prowse, William Campbell, Nicholas Conroy, J. O. Arsenault, Joseph Wightman.

A little hoy asked his mother to talk to him and say something funny. "How can I ?" she asked; "don't you see I am busy baking these pies?" "Well, you might say ' Cbarley, wont you have a whole pie ' $\mathrm{\prime}$ ' That would be very funnyfor you."

> APRIL.-We do not know much in Canada concerning bone dust as a fertilizer, but in older countries, as in England, it is highly prized. The author of a Royal Agricultural Prize Essay states that. since bone-manures have been applied to the Cheshire pastures, the product of the soil in herbage and cheese has been greatly increased ; in many cases having been actually doubled. The increase of stock kept in the locality has been from 30 to 50 per cent. In one case of a farm of 160 acres the number of feeding stock has been enlarged from 20 cows and 3 colts to 35 cows, 8 feeding beeves, 16 yearlings and heifers, 5 horses and 3 colts. Skilful management is, however, necessary to prevent the deterioration of cheese, because a richer berbage produces milk which requires care and caution in every step of manufacture.

## Fine Writing Papers, Inkn, Pens, Sealing Wax, Inkatande, Filen, Clipe, Paper Binderm, \&cc., at HiART'S.

## PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

## Seat of Government, Victorta, V. 1. <br> LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

Hon A. N. Richards.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. G. A. Walkem, premier, president of the Council, attorney general, chief commissioner lands and works.
Hon. T. B. Humphreys, provincial secretary ; hon. R. Beaven, minister of finance.

## NEWFOUNDLAND.

Newfoundland is a sufficient Post office address for all the following :

## GOVERNOR AND COMMANDER IN-CHIEF.

His Excellency Sir John Hawley Glover, G. C. M. G. Private Secretary, Henry M. Jackson, R. A. Colonel, aide-de-camp, Edward L. Jarvis, Fred. Crowdy, M. B.

## EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Hon. Wm. V. Whiteway, Q. C., attorney general, premier ; hon. James J. Rogerson, receiver general ; hon. Edward D. Shen, coloninl secretary and clerk of Exe cutive Council; hon. Wm. J. S. Donnelly, surveyor general, and hon. Jas. S. Winter.

John Bull and his friend Paddy were enjoying a ride, when they came in sight of an old gallows. John thought he would make a butt of Pat and so he said : "You see that, Pat? And now where would you be if the gallows had its due?"
"Riding alone," coolly returned Pat.
If forty Poles make a furlong, bow many Russians would it take to do it ?
The farmer who always takes particular pains to put up his produce in neat attractive packages, and never mixes the second with the first quality, will have to spend but little time to find good men ready to buy all his products, and pay them a fair price ; but be who mixes three qualities together, and tries to sell them as first quality, will always be troubled to find buyers, and usually have to sell at low prices.
A young artist who lives in a boarding house wants to know how he can learn to play the violin without disturbing the other boarders. Soap your bow, young man, soap your bow and bathe the strings twice a day in sweet oil. Then you can sit up all night and play overtures, and nobody will mind it.
Garlic por Hydrophobia.-The British Medical Journal says that garlic has always had a great reputation among anti-hydrophobia remedies, and is found as a principal integral portion in a large number of formula long kept secret. A young man bitten by a mad dog was shut up in a loft. In his delirium he seized ..p.in some bundles of dried garlic, ate greedily of it, fell into a deep sleep, and awoke calm and cured.

Recorder (to witness with bandaged eyc) - " Did he have any provocation when be struck you ?" Witness-" He may have had something of the kind concealed on his person, but it was a stone be struck me wid."

[^2]
## RATES OF POSTAGE.

## LETTERS ADDRESSED FROM OR TO PLACES IN CANADA AND UNITED STATES.

3 cents per $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.

## CITY, OR DROP LETTERS FOR CITY DELIVERY.

## 1 cent per $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce.

Postage rates must in every case be prepaid by postage stamp. When posted wholly unpaid they cannot be forwarded, but will be sent to the Dead Letter Utfice. Insufficiently paid letters on which a full rate of postage is paid will be forwarded charged with double the deficient postage, except letters to the United States.

## POST CARDS.

Post Cards are issued at one cent each, and may be sent to any address in Canada, Newfoundland, or United States. Post bands can be obtained at the rate of $\$ 1.25$ per hundred. Post Cards ary also issued at two cents each for transmission to the United Kingdom and European countries.

## RE-DIRECTED LETTERS.

To any Place in Canada, the United States, and Postal Union Countries.
Re-directed letters will be forwarded withoutany additional charge if not taken from the office, or if handed back at the moment of their delivery, but if taken from the office and subsequently re-posted they become subject to a new rate of postage, in default of which they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Ottawa.
Notices of change of residence or requests to forward correspondence are acted upon only thise months, unless renewed before the expiration of that period.

## MIS-DELIVERED CORRESPONDENCE.

The public are respectfully requested to endorse and promptly return any letiers which may have been mis-delivered owing to similacity of names, incomplete addresses or from any other cause.

## Matter which cannot be forwarded through the post.

Any explosive substance, glaes, liquids or other matter likely to entail risk or injury to the ordinary contents of the Mail, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office, Otawa.
Letters containing gold or silver money, jewels or precious articles, or anything liable to Customs duties, cannot be forwarded by Post to any of the Postal Union countries.

Bone dust is a lasting manure, and will continue to fertilize plants for years, when not ground too fine.
Manure may be spread in the orchard at any time. When the snow is on the ground a sled can be used wi $h$ advantage, being lower than a wagon, and passing more easily under the trees.
Pile the manure in square and compact heaps; and if it is not frozen when thrown out, it will heat and ferment in the pile; but if once frozen it will be likely to remain so during all the cold weather.

An old angler says that a fish do's not suffer much from beng hooked. Of course not. It is the thonghit of bow its weight will be doubted that causes him anguish

[^3]TRANSMISSION OF SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES BY MAIL.
The exclusion of glass from the mails is so far modified, that spectacles and eye-glasses, if securely put up in cases not likely to allow the contents to escape if broken in course of conveyance, may be sent by Post within the Dominion on pre-payment of the above parcel post rates.

## CIRCULARS PRINTED BY THE ELECTRIC PEN, \&o.

The term "printed circulars" is extended to include circulars produced by the electric pen or other mechanical process, easy of recognition by the officers of the Post Office, as well as when printed by the ordinary process of printing type, engraving, or lithography.

## REGISTERED LETTERS.

Letters intended to be registered when addressed to places in Canada or Newfoundland must be prepaid by stamp, 2 cents each; to the United States, 5 cents each, in addition to the postage rate.

It will be observed that all classes of matter can be registered to the United States.
All letters for Registration should be posted_15 minutes before the hour of closing ordinary Mails, and 30 minutes before closing of English Mails.
Registered letter stamps have been issued of the denomination of 2,5 and 8 cents, which may be obtained at the usual places.

## NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS.

Newspapers and Periodicals Addressed to places in Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain (by Canadian) Steamers, or via the United States.

Printed and published in Canada, and posted from the office of publication, or News Agency, to actual subscribers or news agents (including exchanges) are subject to a rate of one cent per pound, gross weight which must be prepaid by publisher at the time of posting. Such periodicals must be issued not less fre quently than once per month. Newspapers for England will be sent to subscribers at the same rate.

## TRANSIENT NEWSPAPERS AND PERIODICALS ADDRESSED TO PLACES IN CANADA, NEWFOUNDLAND AND UNITED STATES.

On all newspapers and periodicals other than those from the office of publication, including all newspapers and periodicals published less frequently than once a month, the postage rate is one cent per 4 ounces in weight, which must be prepaid by postage stamp.
Newpapers and periodicals weighing less than one ounce may be posted singly; if prepaid by postage stamp, one half cent each.

Newspapers from office of publication posted for City Delivery are not delivered by Letter Carrier unless prepaid one cent each by stamp.
Newspapers and periodicals published in the Únited Kingdom, and reposted by news agents to regular subscribers, are not liable to any additional postage.

Young colts should be well fed and cared for the first winter ; provide a warm stall for them, with plenty of litter, and give them a good brushing down once every day. A quart of oass, daily, will be needed, and some bright, clean, sweet hay. Cut-feed is not suitable for young colts, whose digestion should not be overtaxed by food packed solidly in the stomach; feed light and frequently.

Paints and Olla, we offor the beat value in Paints and Olls. Our "Imperial " White Lead etill heade the litet of a Arot-clase uniform White Paint. JORN RAET.

## PARCEL POST RATES WITHIN THE DOMINION.

The rates, to be prepaid by postage stamp, on parcels posted in Canada for destinations within the Dominion to which parcels can be sent are as follows :For each parcel weighing not less than 4 ozs 6 cents. For do exceeding 4 ozs., and not exceeding 8 oz... 12 cents. For each additional 4 ozs., or fraction of ozs............ ....... 6 cents.
Parcels in ended to pass through the Mails should not exceed 5 pounds in weight or 24 inches in length or 12 inches in breadth, and should be marked "by parcel post'". Parcels may be Registered by affixing a 5 cent Registered Letter Stamp thereto, in addition to the Postage.

## MISCELLANEOUS POSTAL MATTER.

Books and pamphlets, printed circulars, prices current, handbills, book and newspaper manuscript, printers' proofs, maps and prints, engravings, sheet music, photographs, insurance policies, militia and school returns, seeds, cuttings, bulbs, roots, legal papers, for Canada, Newfoundland and the United States, may be posted prepaid by stamp at 1 c . per 4 oz , provided they be sent in covers open at the ends or sides, and so put up as to admit of the contents being, if necessary, easily withdrawn for examination; if enclosed with written communications, or in sealed envelopes notched at the ends or sides, letter rate of postage will be charged.

The weight of packages of seeds, cuttings, bulbs. roots, scions or grafts, is limited to 24 oz. Packages of other miscellaneous matters are limited to 5 pounds in weight, 24 inches in length an 12 inches in breadth or depth.
Post bands, with ant oressed one cent stamp for this purpose, may be obtained at any Stamp Agency t the rate of 4 for 5 cents.

## 1881.

## THE DIVISION COURTS FOR THE COUNTY COURT DISTRICT OF LANARK AND RENFREW,

For the year 1881, will be held as follows :
COUNTY OF LANARK.

|  | Division. | Where Held. | Jany. | March | May. | July. | Sept. | Nov. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Perth .............. | Court House...... | 13 | 4 | 6 | 13 | 2 | 1 |
| 2 | Lanark Village.. | Town Hall. .... | 5 |  | 7 | 11 | 10 | 5 |
| 3 | Carleton Place.. | Newman's Hall. | 12 | 3 | 4 | 8 | 8 | 3 |
| 4 | Smith's Falls..... | Town Hall........ | 6 | 1 | 5 | 14 | 9 | 4 |
| 5 | Pakenham......... | do ....... | 10 |  | 2 | 6 | 6 |  |
| 6 | Almonte ........... | Court Room...... | 11 | 2 | 3 | 7 | 7 | 2 |

COUNTY OF RENFREW.

| 1 | Pembroke ......... | Court House ..... | 4 | 4 | 11 | 5 | 1 | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | Beachburg......... | Town Hall........ | 6 | 7 |  | 7 | 3 |  |
| 3 | Renfrew........... | do ...... | 12 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 3 |
| 4 | Arnprior..... ..... | do | 13 | 10 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 4 |
| 5 | Dacre.............. | School House..... | 14 | 11 |  | 14 | 14 |  |
| 6 | Eganville ......... | Court Room...... | 18 | 1 |  | 8 | 6 |  |
| 7 | Cobden ..... ..... | Town Hall........ | 11 | 8 |  | 11 | 5 |  |
| 8 | Brudenell ..... ... | do | 19 | 2 |  |  | 7 |  |

Our Mineral Painte are greatly in favor with Painterm for the great variety of beantiful Tinte they produce, and are mpecially adapted for Dutelde Palnting. JOHN HART.

## PATTERN AND SAMPLE POST.

CANADA.

Patterns and samples of merchandise, not exceeding 24 ounces in weight, when posted in Canada for places within Canada or Newfoundland, must be prepaid by postage stamp at the rate of one cent per 4 ounces weight, and put up in such manner as to admit of inspection. Goods sent in an execution of an order, however small the quantity may be, or articles sent by one private individual to another not being actually Trade Patterns or Samples, are not admissible as such.

## UNITED STATES.

Patterns and samples of merchandise posted for places in the United States will continue to be subject to the special rate of 10 cents each prepaid by postage stamp, and must not exceed 8 ounces in weight.

BEAR THIS IN MIND.
Register all valuable letters, and use sealing wax for letters containing money. Transmit money by money orders.
Make complaints and inquiries in writing.
Preserve and request correspondents to preserve envelopes of mis delayed letters.

NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF CLERKS, COUNTY OF LANARK.
Ist Division-Robert Jamieson, Perth; 2nd Division-Wm. A. Field, Lanark Village ; 3rd Division-James Poole, Carleton Place ; 4th Division-W. M. Keith, Smith's Falls ; 5th Division-John Cowan, Pakenham ; 6th Division-John Patterson, Almonte.

## NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF CLERKS, COUNTY OF RENFREW.

1st Division-Andrew Irving, Pembroke; 2nd Division-Thomas Thwaites, Beachburg; 3rd Division-George Eady, Jr., Renfrew ; 4th Division-Geo. E. Neilson, Arnprior ; 5th Division-James Spenceley, Dacre ; 6th Dıvision-James Reeves, Eganville; 7th Division-Robert Allan, Cobden; sth Division-John C. Gurney, Rockingham.
All the Courts open at 9 a.m., excepting the January Sittings, which will open at 10 a.m.

JNO. DEACON, Co. J.
W. S. SENKLER, Co. J.
Public School Teachers will find our stock of School Prize Books, Merit Cards, Crayons, Registers and School requisites always complete at

## THEE PER'TH BOOKSTORE.

JOHN HART.
MAY.-We have been pained on reading the numerous deaths which have occurred even in rural districts from that dreaded disease " Diphtheria." It may not afford pleasure to read, but it is nevertheless a duty to write what we judge to be the chief promoters of this fearful scourge. A careful examination of the house and its surroundings where death has done his work reveals the fact, that offensive matter lodged in secret places was the canse of social calamity. It has been well said "that many a house with a fine front has a taulty kitchen drain". Typhoid and other fevers, as well as diphtheria, can be traced to the want of proper care in carrying off the wastes of the dwelling. Every farm house should be well veutilated, and the entire premises kept scrupulously clean.

## Genuine White Lead, the bent English Linmeed olls, and all other Genuine Paintw, Dry or in Oils, at pricem thatalways suit our ( Untomserm. JOFHN HART.

Send to the Post Master envelopes of letters about which you seek information or make complaint.

Business men should be careful to authorize but a limited number of persons to receive their letters, and only those in whom they bave full confidence.

## MONEY ORDERS.

Every money order office in the Province of Quebee, Ontario, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Manitoba and British Columbia issues money orders on every other money order office in these Provinces, as well as on every money order office in the United Kingdom. Every money order office in the United Kingdom also issues money orders on every money order office in these Provinces.

All the money order Post Offices are authorized to draw money orders on each other for any sum up to $\$ 100$, and for as many orders of $\$ 100$ each as the applicant may require, upon the following terms, viz.,


## MONEY ORDERS ON THE UNITED KINGDOM.

The money order offices throughont the Dominion also draw upon all the money order offices in England, Ireland and Scotland, and the Channel Islands, for any sum up to $£ 10$ sterling, and grant as many orders for $£ 10$ sterling each as may be needed to make up the amount to be remitted.
The terms are as under:

" over $t^{2} 2$ and up to $\pm 5 . . . .50$ "
" over $£ 5$ " $£ 7 \ldots . . .75$ "

## MONEY ORDERS ON THE LOWER PROVINCES.

The money order offices in Canada draw also upon all money order offices in Newfoundland. Orders like those of the United Kingdom are made payable in sterling money, and for sums up to $£ 10$ sterling. The terms are :
For orders up to $£ 5,25$ cents.
" over $\boldsymbol{£ 5}$ and up to $£ 10,50$ cents.
No half cents can be introduced into orders.
Orders on British India.-On orders up to $\mathbf{£ 2}, 30 \mathrm{cts}$; over $£ 2$ and up to $\mathbf{£ 5} 5$ $\mathbf{6 0}$ cts. ; over $£ 5$ and up to $£ 7,90 \mathrm{cts}$. ; over $£ 7$ and up to $£ 10, \$ 1.20$.

Orders on United States-On orders up to $\$ 20,25$ cts. ; on orders up to $\$ 40$, 50 cts.

JONB-In the Eastern portion of Canada, there is a good deal of work to be done in June. If the season is not advanced by what we call an early spriug, corn planting must be promptly attended to. There is no need for advice about selecting good seed, and using a proper supply of superphosphate of lime. These are essential to a good crop. What we have too often noticed is the too great number of plants in a hill, and carelessness about the extirpation of weeds. If the season be wet and warm, these will develop rapidly. They should be kept down by frequent working. If the season be forward, the growth of stalk may be excessive. Remove the suckers from the roots. They are hurfful to the fruitbearing plant. We observe a disposition toward a greater cultivation of corn in Canada. With care it will be productive and profitable.

[^4]No money order exceeding $\$ 100$ in amount can be granted in any office in Canada ; but Postmasters are at liberty to grant two or more orders for $\$ 100$, or for any lesser sum. They cannot, however, grant two or more orders for sums of or under $\$ 30$ on the same day to the same applicant in favor of the same payee.

## POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

1. The direct security of the Dominion is given by the Statute for all deposist made in the Post Office Savings Banks.
2. Any person may have a deposit account, and may deposit nearly any number of dollars, from $\$ 1$ up to $\$ 300$, or more, with the permission of the Postmaster General.
3. Deposits may be made by married women, and deposits so made, or made by women who shall afterwards marry, will be repaid to any such womea.
4. As respects children under ten years of age, money may be deposited-

Firstle-By a parent or friend as trustee for the child, in which case the deposits can be withdrawn by the trustee until the child shall attain the age of ten years, after which time repayment will be made only on the joint receipts of both trustee and child.
Sucondly-In the child's own name-and, if so deposited, repayment will not be made until the chfld shall attain the age of ten years.
5. A depositor in any of the savings bank post offices may continue his deposits at any other of such offices without notice or change of pass book, and can withdraw money at that savings bank office which is most convenient to him. For instance, if he makes his first deposits at the savings bank at Cobourg, he may make further deposits at, or withdraw his money through, the post office bank at Collingwood or Quebec, Sarnia, Brockville, or any place which may be convenient to him, whether he continue to reside at Cobourg or remove to some other place.
6. Each depositor is supplied with a pass book, which is to be produced to the postmaster every time the depositor pays in or withdraws money, and the sums paid in or withdrawn are entered therein by the postmaster receiving or paying the same.

IN THE COUNTIES OF LANARK AND RENFREW FOR 1881.
The County Court and Surrogate Terms begin January 3rd, end January 8th; begin April 4th, end April 9th; begin July 4th, end July 9th; begin Uctober 3rd, end October 8th.

## SITTINGS OF COUNTY COURT WITHOUT JURY. <br> 4th April and 13th October.

Special Sittings appointed as business requires.
general sessions and county court with jury.
In County Lanark, 14th June and 13th December. In County Renfrew; 7th June and 1st December.
JULY.-Farmers are so frequently deceived and humbugged by quacks and flashy pretenders that it seems necessary to drop a word of caution. Patent churns-patent washers-patent springs-patent adjusters, \&c., \&c., are offered here and there and every where. In some neighborhoods never a week passes but some grand new notion is temptingly offered to the unwary. We do not say that every thing so offered must be bad, but we have seen the remains of so many infallibilities lying round many a farm yard that it ought not to be necessary to give any warning. Specially be careful to what you put your name. You may be pledging yourself to do what may prove ruinous. Those patent rights have been a shocking deception. Keepiyourself free from unnecessary and unprofitable entanglements.
7. Each depositor's acount is kept in the post master general's office, in Ottawa, and in addition to the po tmaster's seceipts in the pass book, a direct acknowledgment from the postmaster general for euch sum paid in is sent to the depositor. If this acknowledgment does not reach the depositor within ten days from the date of his deposit, he must apply immediately to the postmaster general, by letter, being careful to give his address and, if necessury, renew his application until he receives a satisfactory reply.
8. When a depositor wishes to withdraw money, he can do so by applying to the postmaster general, who will send him by return mail a cheque for the amount, payable at whatever savings bank post office the depositor may have named in his application.
9. Interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum is allowed on deposits, and the interest is added to the principal on the 30 th June in each year.
10. Postmasters are forbidden by law to disclose the name of any depositor, or the amount of any sum deposited or withdrawn.

## COUNTY OF LANARK.

> Judge.-William S. Senkler, Perth, P.O. Sheriff.-James Thompson, Lamark, Perth, P.O.
E. G. Malloch, County Crown Attorney and Clerk of the Peace, Perth; W S. Senkler, Master and Deputy Registrar in the Court of Chancery, Perth.

Charles Rice, Deputy Clerk of the Crown and Pleas, Registrar of Surrogate Court, and Clerk of the County Court, Perth.

Frank T. Frost, Warden ; Thomas Brooke, County Clerk; W. W. Berford, Treasurer; James Bell, Perth, Registrar, S. R.; Juhn Nenzies, Almonte, Registrar, N. R. ; D. Kellock, Collector Inland Revenue, County of Lanark.

Official Assignees.-W. H. Grant, Perth; A. J. Mathewson, Perth; G. A. Consit1, Perth; A. W. Bell, Carleton Place ; and James Dowdell, Almonte.

Inspector Weights and Measures.-A. Code, Carleton Place.
License Commassioners, S.R.-Thomas Cairns, Hugh Ryan and Richard Locke; Inqpector, Henry Stafford, Perth, P.O.

License C'ommixsioners, N.R.-Joseph Jamieson, A. McArthur and Boyd Caldwell ; Inspector, J. W. Manning, Almonte, P.O.

Thinning Fruit.-In good bearing season there are but few trees that do not bear too many specimens for their full development in size and flavor. Some of the fruit will be smooth, fair and uninjured, while some will be distorted, scabby and almost valueless. By removing these knotty specimens, which can never be good for much, the smooth and pertect ones will have a chance to develop themselves, and while the increased size will prevent the number of bushels from being diminished. the improved appearance, as well as quality, will fully compensate for all the labor bestowed in thinning. In picking off apples, remove first those that show by the borings at the blossom end, that the coddling worm has taken up his abode inside, and then if there, are too many still remaining, remove the smaller ones. Every fruit-seller knows that it is the good sized, fair fruit that is eagerly caught up in market, while it is the small, indiffereut, knurly specimens that go begging for a customer. As a rule, we think trees should rarely be allowed to bear so heavily as to need supports to the branches to prevent breaking down. Any tree that is liable to have its branches split down from its luad of fruit, is carrying more fruit than is well for the tree, or good for the fruit.
An American girl who marries an Italian marquis gets on very well until his serene highness begins to spend all her money and taik of "her father, ze shopkeepaire." Tlien she fires up and gives a little Fourth of July.
11. No charge is made to depositors on paying in or drawing out money, nor for Pass Books, nor for postage on communications with the Post master Geueral in relation to their deposits.
12. The Postmaster Gleneral is always ready to receive and attend to all applications, complaints or other communications addressed to bim by depositors or others, relative to Post Office Savings Bank business. be seen at the nearest Post Office.

## THE STAMP ACTS.

These Acts impose a duty on every promissory note, draft, or bill of exchange, not exceeding $\$ 25,1$ cent; not exceeding $\$ 50,2$ cents; less than $\$ 100,3$ cents ; not less than $\$ 100$, if executed singly, 3 cents per $\$ 100$, or fraction thereof; if executed in duplicate, 2 cents per $\$ 100$, or fraction thereof on each part ; if executed in more than two parts, 1 cent per $\$ 100$ or fraction thereof on each part.

Any interest payable with note at maturity must be counted as part thereof. The duty is to be paid by bill stamp, on which the date is to be written. Bank notes, cheques and moiney orders are exempt. These Acts impose heavy penalties for violation.

## COUNTY BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

County of Lanark.
F. L. Mitchell, B.A., County Inspector, and Chairman, Perth, P.O.

## Examiners.

Rev. R. L. Stephenson M.A., Perth, P.O.
Rev. S. Mylne, Smith's Falls, P.O.
Rev. Wm. Bain, D.D., Perth, P.O.
This Board exists only for the examination of those Candidates who, baving obtained a non-professional certificate, and having attended a session at the County Model School, are entitled to present themselves for a regular third-class certiticate.
Any information on matters relating to the Board, or on Education, can be had on application to the County Inspector.

## PERTH.

## Population 3,000.

The County Town of the County of Lanark is situated on the River Tay, and is the terminus of the Perth branch of the Canada Central, Railway, which connects it with the St. Lawrence at Brockville, distance 45 miles, and the Ottawa

AUGUST.-The American Agriculturist says: "With the present rapidly changing demand upon farmers for a greater variety of food products, we need i changed system of Agriculture. The production of meat will have to be the chief aim of a large number. There is a widening demand for milk and cheese, and for the best grades of mutton sheep. All these are products of the highest system of farming, in which the soil must be enriched, and kept clear of weeds, $\mathbf{s o}$ as to produce maximum crops of fodder, that can be manufitured on the far". into these most saleable articles. The uld plan of rotation-grass and clover corn, oats and wheat-in which the three grain crops following each other are not well adapted to cattle feeding, especially the last two-must be abandoned, if we are to derive any advantage from the new demands and markets so auspicious'y opening to us in Europe."

River at Sand Point, distance 60 miles : it is also connected with Ottawa, the capital of the Dominion, by the Canada Central Railway, and now with Pembroke and the Upper Ottawa, between which places there are mails and trains twice a day.
Telegraph conmunication is also direct with Ottawa Citv, Pembroke and via Brockvillo, to all places East and West and South in the United States and by cables to Great Britain.

Perth is the centre of $n$ rich Mining district, the Deposits of Mineral Phosphate (Apatite, Magnetic and Hematite Iron ores, Gold, Silver, Mica, \&c., \&c., are all being developed, and are found in largely paying quantities. The Apatite Mines have been worked for years, and are the richest in Canada.

CORPORATION.
edward elliott, Mayor.
councillors.

West Ward.


Centre Ward.
William Butler, H. B. Wright, William Meighen.

## East Ward.

William McLeod, G. A. Consitt, William Northgraves.

Thomas Brooke, clerk; Henry Moorhouse, treasurer; John Gill, messenger ; Robert Stone, chief constable ; John Keayes, collector ; John Trace, market clerk.

## PERTH BOARD OF EDUCATION.

Rev. R. L. Stephenson, Chairman. Henry Moorhouse, Treasurer. Charles Rice, Sccretary.

Trustees Nominated ly the Council.

John A. MacLaren, Thomas Nichol,

West Ward. Charles Meighen, Duncan Kippen.

Dr. Robert Howden, Rev. J.S. O'Connor,

Trustees Elective.
Centre Ward.
Henry D. Shaw, Dr. J. Kellock.

Rev. R. L. Stephenson, F. A. Hall.

East Ward. Thomas Brooke, W. W. Berford.

SEPTEMBER. - What is the best to be done in the matter of the planting of trees in the fall of the year depends very much on circumstances. Locality has to be considered in the first instance. Other things being equal, the better condition of the soil, the greater comfort in working, ensuring better planting and the less pressing cbaracter of other work, are all in favor of fall planting. Besides these, the trees having become established in the soil start much earlier in spring, and are thus better prepared to resist the summer drought than those set in spriug. In far Northern localities, in which there is buta brief period between the time when trees can be taken up and the setting in of winter, spring planting is preferable, but where there are some weeks of autumn weather, it is better to plant all but the stone fruits in autumn.

[^5]The Board of Education bave now under their management the Perth Collegiats Institute, and are prepared to receive pupils from all parts of the country. The building is one of the finest in Untario, and, with the extensive play-ground attached, all properly enclosed, affords High School accommodation equal to the best in the Province. The rooms are large and thoroughly ventilated, and every attention has been given to the health requirements of the pupils.

This Institute otfers superior educational advantages to all pupils, and has special classes for pupils preparing themselves for teachers. No school in Central Canada has been so successful in passing so many candidates at the recent Intermediate Examinations,-of the thirty pupils preseuting themselves for examination, twenty of them passed, several taking Grade A, whilst the City of Ottaws Collegiate Institute only succeeded in passing fifteen pupils, and the City of Kingston Collegiate Institute passed none. One of the pupils of the Perth Collegiate Institute, passed with First Class mathematical honors, at the late MatricuIation Examinations of the Toronto University, at Trinity College, Toronto ; another of the Perth pupils ranked fourth in a class of fourteen matriculants, coming within one of a scholarship ; and another pupil massed successfully the entrance examination of the Military College, Kingston. With this successful record of the past year the Board has every confidence in recommending the Institute to the favorable cousid-ration of Non-Residents; and, with a view of keeping up the high position of the Institute, and the efticiency of the Teaching Staff, the Board has engaged specialists in the various depariments of study, whose object will be to make the Institute more successful as a Training School.
A finely executed Bronze Medal, with the Portraits of Lorne and Lonise in relief, has been presented by his Excellency Lord Lorne, the Guvernor General, for annual competition, open to all Pupils attending this Institute.

The Board offers free tuition to all male pupils taking the Latin Conrse.
The course is adapted for those preparing themselves for Public School teachers, for matriculating in the Universities, for the Military College, Medicine, and the Law Society.
teaching staff of the perth collegiate institute.

## Head Manter :

I. J. Birchard, B.A., First Class Honors in Marhematics, University of Toronto. Clansical Manter:
D. S. Smith, M.A., University of Aberdeen and Bishops Coll., Lennoxville. Engliwh and Sclence:
A. Embury, First Class Ceruficate, Grade A., Normal School, Toronto. Modern Langunges and History :
R. T. Nichel, B.A., First Class Honors in Classics, Trinity College, Toronto.

## teachers of the perth public school.



For couditions of Entry Fees, and all other information, apply to C. Rice, Esq." Secretary of the Board, Perth, P. U.

## THE PERTH 8EED 8TORE

Still keeps its reputation for Seeds of the most reliable qualities, and for the best assorted and largest stock of

## FAIRS, LANARK AND RENFREW, 1887.

Almonte, last Thursday in April and October. Arnprior, first Thursday in May and October.
Ashton, first Thursday in March and October.
Bonzechère Point, second Tuesdav in April and Uetober.
Carleton Place, first Tuesiay in April and November.
Clayton, third Wednesday in April and secoud Wednesday in November. Falbrook, last Thursday in September.
Ferguson's Falls, third Tuesday in May and October.
Franktown, second Tuesday in May and September.
Stanleyville (North Burgess), first Monday in May and October.
Lanark, second Tuesday in May and October.
Middleville, first Thursday in May and October.
McDonald's Corners, last Friday in September.
Merrick ville, first Thursday in September, October and November.
Maberley, last Friday in April and September.
Pakenham, second Tuesday in May and second Thursday in October.
Pembroke, second Wednesday in March and third Wednesday in October.
Perth, first Tuesday in May and October.
Renfrew, first Wednesday in May and November.
Roseville, second Thursday in May and September.
Ross, fourth Tuesday in April and October.
Sand Point, first Tuesday in May and October.
Smith's Falls, second Friday in April and first Friday in October.
Tennyson, last Thursday in September.
Watson's Corners, first Friday in Uctober.
Tis The publishers will feel obliged by notices of alteration on any of the foregoing Fairs being transmitted them for correction in future publications.

## VALUABLE RECIPES FOR COLORING.

Remarks.-It may be necessary to remark (says Dr. Chase in his valuable col* lection of Recipes*), and 1 do it here, once for all, that every article to be dyed, as well as everything to be used about dyeing, should be perfectly clean.
In the next place, the article to be dyed should be well scoured in soap (to remove any grease or oil used in carding wool), and then the soap rinsed out. It is also an advantage to dip the article you wish to dye in warm water just before putting it into the alum or other preparation ; for the neglect of this precaution, it is nothing uncommon to have the goods or yarn spotted. Soft water should always be used, and sufficient to cover the goods well.

As soon as the article is dyed it should be aired a little, then well rinsed, and afterwards hung up to dry.
It is also highly important in dyeing reds, to use a brass or copper boiler, or, in the absence of either, a good new tio boiler, as the acids used in coloring, if brought into contact with iron, will darken the reds, and often a dirty brown is produced by using a tin boiler with the tinning partly worn off

The best dye stuffs should always be used, irrespective of price, as the common or cheaper qualities of ten disappoint the domestic dyer.

## FANCY GOODS,

In Mantel and Table Ornaments, in Fine China and Electroplate and Bronze. Silver1'latod Card and Cake Baskets, Cruets, Salvers, G blets, Fine Table Knives and Forks, Nickel and Electroplate Spoons. Various styles in tine lines for Wedding Presents, \&c. On sale at

In all Shades and Colors, Canvas Patterns, Worked Slippers and Ottomans, ne desigas, Choice Nuvelties in the Huliday Season.

## The bemt dyem are alwaym to be had at the atore of John Hart.

Black.-On wool, silk, or cotton.-For every pound of cloth it will require one ounce of extract of logwood, and half an ounce of blue vitriol. Prepare an iron kettle, with a sufficient quantity of water to admit the yarn or cloth to be worked in the dye without being crowded-bring the water to scalding heat-then put in the yarn or cloth a few minutes. When it is thoroughly wet take it out and drain it. In the next place add the blue vitriol, and then, when dissolved, and water skimmed carefully, put in the material to be colored, and let it remain half an hour at a scalding heat, airing it occasionally. Then take it out and rinse it in soft water. The vitriol water may now be emptied into a separate vessel, and the extract of logwood, dissolved in a sufficient quantity of water, brought to a scalding heat and skimmed. Put in the cloth, keeping the dye at the same temperature, and let it remain halt an hour, airing it frequently. Then take it out and drain it, add the vitriol water to the dye, and put it in again, and let it remain fifteen minutes, airing as before-cleanse it well. This process is for a bluish sbade, and for a reddish shade add a very small piece of copperas and cream of tartar.

Chip Logwood and Extract of Logwood, Blua Stone, Copperas and everything required for Black, to be had at Hari'n.
Blos - A splendid blue may be produced in an hour by the following process :For each pound of wool or cloth take two and half ounces of alum and one ounce and a half of cream of tartar. Boil these together in a brass or copper kettle for about an hour ; now take sufficient warm water to cover the cloth or wool, and color it to the shade you wish with the liquid blue; put the whole into the copper pot and boil in a short time, taking care to keep it stirred; remove the cloth, and rinse it in clean cold water, and hang it up to dry. For a light blue, one ounce of the liquid blue, and more for a deeper shade, tor each pound of wool.

## The best and common qualities of Indigo, Liquid Blue, ete, always on hand, and formaje at Hart's.

Brown.-For each pound of wool take a quarter pound of alum and two ounces of cream of tartar, and boil for half an hour. Take half a pound of red wood, quarter pound fustic and two ounces of chip logwood, soak these a night in sufficient warm water to cover the wonl; take the wool out of the alum water, and boil with the woods for about half an hour. If a dark brown is wanted, add a very small piece of copperas.

- Dr. Chase's Book of Receipts and valuable information for sale, and sent free by mail on receipt of 75 cents.

OCTOBER.-In our March note we have spoken on Veterinary Studies. In an American journal we find the following: "If a physician has all he can do to treat ailing humanity, certainly the animals will be neglected, but when, as at present, the "doctors" are making a poor living, or none at all; what should prevent them from treating the animals? Nothing hinders but a false pride. Study and experience will enable any physician to do it with success. Comparative anatomy is studied in all our Medical Schools; comparative pathology should be. The knowledge of animal diseases is of great service to a physician. In fact man and animals are found to have so many diseases in common, that animal pathology is quite essential to reasoning upon and treating many of the ills that man is heir to. Were it to become a general custom among physicians to treat animals and to charge for it, much good would result.

## CHOICE TOILET ARTICLES,

FANCY SOAPS, WASHES, \&c.
FINE TOILET SOAPS.
Various qualities by the best makers in Honey, Glycerine, Sunflower, Windsor, \&c., \&c.,

For sale at HART'S.

Gresn.-For every pound of yarn or cloth add three and a half ounces of alum and one pound of fustic, steep to get the strength, but not boil; soak the cloth until it acquires a good yellow color, then throw out the chips and add the indigo compound slowly, until you have the desired shade of green.

An ounce or more of the compound is required for the above quantity, varied according to the depth of the shade.

Lilac Color.-This color is made by boiling the cloth or wool for a short time in cudbear.
Fuatic, Indigo Compound, and all Dyen for Brown, Green and Lilac to be had, of relimble qualitiem, onty at Hart's.
Madder Red.-Take one pound of madder, for every two pounds of yarn or cloth; soak the madder in a brass or copper kettle one night in warm water, enough to cover the yarn you wish to color; next morning pat in two ounces of madder compound for every pound of madder which you have soaked, then wet your yarn or cloth and wring it out in clean water-afterwards put it in the dye -now place the kettle over the fire, and bring it slowly to a scalding heat, which will take above half an hour. Keep it at this heat half an hour if light red is wanted and longer if a dark one, the color depending upon the time it remains in the dye. When the color is made, rinse the cloth immediately in cold sater, and it will then be finished.
Another good Madder Red may be thus obtained :-For every two pounds of yarn or cloth, take one pound of madder, one half pound of alum, and two ounces of cream of tartar; take a brass, copper, or a new tin kettle well cleaned, fill it with water, and boil it and put in the alum, cream of tartar and the yarn or cloth; keep them in two or three hours, stirring frequently; keep the liquid at about blood heat ; when this is doue, take out the yarn or cloth, and throw out the liquid. Fill the kettle with fresh water, heat it as warm as one could bear his hand in it, put in the madder (which shouid be soaked the night before), stir it well so as to get it thoroughly mixed; then put in the varn or cloth, let it remain one hour, stirring frequently, and keeping the madder iand-warm all the time-after this take out the stuff and dry for use.

## The beat Dutch Madder-and bept only whouid be uned-Madder Compound, Cream Tariar, and Alum to be had only at Hart's.

Crimson or Maroon.-Take four ounces of cudbear to every pound of wool or silk ; pour a stfficient quantity of boiling water upon the cudbear, enough to cover the article you wish to color; then put in your wool or silk, airing it frequently. When the color is made, take it out of the dye and dip it into a solution of salts tartar, previously dissolved in a separate vessel.

NOVEMBER.-Bits of good advice. Wood cut and split now will be dry in a month. Dry wood neatly piled under shelter is a family peace preserver.Clean up and burn all rubbish; bones, old barrel hoops, boots, \&c., should be thus disposed of -Put empty barrels and boxes, \&c., that are of value, in neat piles, and cover them.-Get ready for winter and the snow by leaving nothing "lying about loose". - Clean out the cellars, drains and gutters. - Get up timber for making posts and rails in stormy wea'her.-Be careful of lights The safest oil is a kerosene which will not take fire and explode if the lamp is upset. Avoid low priced oils, and use only the best, which give the most light for the muney, and are the cheapest as well as safest. Keep insured, and be not less careful on that account.

## FAMMIY BIBI田.

With Notes, Illustrations, Family Registers, de. Pocket Bibles at all prices, from $\mathbf{3 0}$ cents to $\mathbf{8 8}$.

Cudbear of the firwt and necond quallitea, Salts of Tartar, Magenta and Scarlet Crystals, atways 'n Stock at Hart's.

Pink.-For every three pounds of yarn or cloth take three and a half quarts of water, or enough to cover the articles you wish to color, two ounces of cochineal and half an ounce of cream of tartar; steep the cochineal in warm water two hours, or until the streng'h is entirely extracted, and add the cream of tartarthen wet the cloth in clear water-wring it out, and put it in the dye-bring it to a scalding beat-let it remaina few moments and it will be finished. If a lighter color is wanted, use less cochineal ; if a darker one, more, the shade depending upon the quantity of cochineal used.

A cheaper, yet handsome pink, may be obtained by substituting nickwood for madder, in the recipe for madder red.
Scarlet.-(Very superior.)-Three ounces of cochineal, three ounces of cream tartar and four ounces of solution of tin ; powder the cochineal, and rub through a bag into blood-warm water sufficient to cover the yarn; when it is a little warm put in the cream of tartar, and simmer, then add the solution of tin-your yarn must be wet with clean water-steen in the dye till the yarn is properly dyed. Dry your yarn before yon wash it. This will dye three pounds.
Some dyers say that a brighter scarlet may be made by using a weak dye of quercitron bark to make the wood a light orange as a preparation for cochineal scarlet.

## Tochineal, Powdered do, Cream Tartar, Solution of tin, Nick wood, ete., to be had nt Hart's.

A Fine Wine Color.-One pound of wool, half pound of red wool, one ounce of madder compound. Soak the powdered wool in warm water all night; mix the madder compound with about half a pint of warer (in a glass), and add it to the rest ; rinse the wool in warm water, and put into the dye, boil about half an hour, take out the wool and rinse in cold water.

A color almost as fine may be had by using quarter pound of alum, and boiling in the same way.

To Dye a Salmon Color.-Take one pound of wool, quarter of a pound annatto, and a quarter of a pound of soap. Take water sufficient to cover the wool, in which dissolve the anuatto and soap ; rinse the wool in warm water, put it into the annatto mixture, and boil it about half an hour. The shade may be made lighter or deeper according to the quantity of annatto used.

Yellow.-One pound of wool or cloth, three-quarters of a pound of fustic, quarter pound of alum-put all into an earthen vessel and pour on sufficient hot water to cover the wool and keep it warm all night ; give it half an hour's boil in a brass kettle and then rinse in cold water. A much deeper and richer yellow may be made by using turmeric powder instead of fustic, and proceeding in the same manner.
Annatio, fustle, alum, and dye wtuffe ofthe beat qualities always in
wiock at farty.

## Domentic Chemical Dye Packets.

Our domestic dye packets make the be ${ }^{\text {at }}$ of colors, no failure in their use, as full and simple directions are on every packet. The Scarlet, Green, Brown, Blue and Purple, are unsurpassei for brilliancy.
We have ali the new and popelar colors in packets, and everything required by the Domestic Dyer of the best quality, and at the lowest price, for sale by

JOHN HART, Gore Street, Perth.
DECEMBER.-When milch cows cannot have grass, they ought to have at least half a bushel of ronts a day. At that rate each cow will eat half a ton each month, allowing about ten per cent for waste. That quantity is none too much for dry stock which are being well wintered. Farmers are well aware that the better cows are wintered. the surer and better are their returns when they come in. Yet roots make so much milk that, where milk cannot be sold it makes so much work in winter, with usually poor returns, that an abundance is objectionable, and so there is little inducement to grow roots. How ver, milk in winter is becoming desirable over almost the whole country, and theretore we would advise attention to the cultivation of root crops,


[^0]:    Envelopen of almowt every grade, wize and shape, over 150,000 in mtock, at HAR'T'S.

[^1]:    A Massachesetts Farmer says that he has planted the following crops after the early peas have been marketed and the vines pulled: "I have tried all with good success-squash, horse radish, cabbage, all kinds of turnip, sueet ecrn. tomators, spinach, rye for fodder, clover to plough under corn fodder, mid string beatus. By getting two crops from the land the peas do not cost much, except the cost of thi seed, pieking and marketing. The second crop is the profitable one, as there is but one coat of manure applied for both crops."

    MARCH.-We do not recollect to have said any thing in these notes concerning Veterinary Studies. In some of the larger cities and towns there are Schools for the training and education of Veterinary Surgeons. As the raising of live stock is becoming more general, it is a pity there exists so little knowledge of diseases and their appropriate remedies. Every farmer should possess a fair knowledge of Veterinary Science, for there will always be use for such knowledge where there is a good supply of live stock. Considering the value and increasing numbers of animals of all sorts, let every farmer study the best works that can be procured. Thousands of dollars would be saved annually if a little more effort were made to procure and apply suitable medicine for the various diseases to which live stock are liable.

[^2]:    Blanky, Deeds, Mortgagen, Special Formi, Conveyancing Papern, Seale, \&c., JOFIN HIART.

[^3]:    Biblem, Temtampnts, and Prajer Booky, in every atyle of Binding and Type. Church Service and Prayor Bookn, Caterhinma
    and Hymu Bools (all Denominations), at the Perth Book Store.

[^4]:    Machinary Olls, Olive Oll, Lard, Heavy Engine, Elephant, and Lubricating olls, straw, Pale and steam Refined Seal olls,
    'Tanners' Oll, de., de., at the Lowent Pricen. Johin hant.

[^5]:    Nickel silver Tea, Dessert and Dinmer Spoons and Forkm, wll now patternu, and a fine Lot of Silver Plated and Ivory Hiandled Dessert and Tea Kniven, at HART's.

