

Alix and Nicolas

May Possibly be Married Before
Sunset To-Day.

The Czaritch Takes the Princess
for a Drive.

Late Bulletins Indicate Little Change
in the Czar's Condition.

Protest Against British Annexation
of Neckar Island Dropped.

A Japanese Town Wrecked by an
Earthquake—Many Persons
Killed.

The Canadian Loan.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—Immediately upon the announcement that tenders for the Canadian loan of £2,250,000 would be received until the 20th inst. at a minimum price of 95 the bonds were quoted 2 per cent premium.

Earthquake in Japan.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Advices from Tokio to the Central News state that the town of Sakata, in the province of Akita, was visited by a violent earthquake last evening and almost entirely destroyed. Many of the residents were killed and a large number injured.

Annexation of Neckar Island.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The protest against the annexation by Great Britain of Neckar Island, in the Pacific, which was to be presented by the combined colonies to the Imperial Government, will now be allowed to lapse owing to the failure on the part of the delegates to Hawaii to secure the purchase of the island.

Mr. Asquith Speaks.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—The Right Hon. Herbert Asquith, Home Secretary, last night addressed the first of a series of meetings of his constituents at Leven, Fifeshire, Scotland. In the course of his remarks he said that the statement that the Cabinet had been recently summoned to consider grave complications between Great Britain and France was the idlest fiction that had ever entered the brain of man. A memorial was submitted by any nation to prevent her obtaining the ultimate objects of the war which she has been waging against China.

Japan Will Tolerate No Interference.

HIROSHIMA, Oct. 23.—The special session of the Japanese Diet, convened here to consider war measures, closed yesterday. Every measure presented was unanimously passed. A memorial was also adopted urging the Government to execute the desires of the Mikado with a view to the restoration of peace in the East, the increase of the glory of Japan, the punishment of China and the prevention of future disturbances of Eastern peace. The memorial concludes with the declaration that Japan will not tolerate interference by any nation to prevent her obtaining the ultimate objects of the war which she has been waging against China.

To Be Thrice Tied.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—The civil marriage ceremony between Miss Susan Tucker Whitfield, daughter of Gen. Whitfield, of New York, and Prince Belosselsky Belosselsky, son of the Czar's aide-de-camp, took place at the mairie of the eighth ward this afternoon. Tomorrow the religious marriage will be celebrated according to the rites of the Greek Church of Russia in the Rue Daru, and subsequently another ceremony will be performed in the American Church of the Holy Trinity according to the Protestant rites. The ceremonies will be private, owing to the condition of the Czar. The prince and princess will reside at Pau.

Alix and Nicolas.

St. PETERSBURG, Oct. 23.—Princess Alix of Hesse, accompanied by Grand Duchess Sergius, yesterday morning left at Simferopol the train on which she was traveling to Livadia, and proceeded on her journey by carriage. She was met at Aschby by the Czaritch, and the party stopped there for luncheon. After a short rest the journey was resumed, the route being through Yalta. The Czaritch and the Princess were enthusiastically cheered by the crowd which had gathered to greet them.

The Crisis Reached.

PARIS, Oct. 23.—The Figaro's correspondent at Livadia says the Czar recently experienced thirteen hours of terrible suffering. The crisis of the disease, the paper further says, is now reached. His Majesty's condition shows a slight improvement, and the members of his entourage are more hopeful of his ultimate recovery. His physicians, however, consider his condition grave.

It is stated that on leaving Spala the Czar weighed 200 pounds, 28 pounds below his normal weight, and that he now weighs only 140 pounds.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Daily News says the excitement of Princess Alix's arrival had a bad effect on the Czar. Private information concerning the Czar's condition is again pessimistic. The weakness of his heart is no better. The insomnia reappeared today. The heartiness of the Czaritch's reception of Princess Alix will silence all unpleasant rumors regarding the marriage.

St. PETERSBURG, Oct. 23.—The Czar's physicians issued a bulletin at 7 o'clock this evening saying that in the course of the day the patient had been languid and had shown slight convulsive symptoms, but his appetite was better.

Fierce Storm on Britain's Coast.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—A fierce gale raged along the British coast Saturday and Sunday, resulting in many casualties. The

wind was so strong and the sea so high that the channel boats were greatly delayed. The Warner light ship, while being towed from Spithead to her station broke away from the tug boat when near New Haven and was driven shorewards. A boat was lowered to replace the tow line, but a heavy sea capsized it and four of its occupants were drowned. The light ship made lee way rapidly and was soon driven ashore. Two other boats were also driven ashore close by where the light ship had stranded. The crews of all were saved by the life boat crew and coast guardsmen by the use of the breeches buoy. Many other exciting rescues of the crews of vessels driven ashore at various places are reported. The loss to the owners of fishing vessels is large, many of their boats having been destroyed. At Sunderland a life brigades man who had volunteered to assist in the rescue of the crew of a bark which had been driven ashore near there, tripped upon a rope which had been suddenly tightened by the pressure of the onlookers upon it and fell into the sea and was drowned. A man who was fixing a sign in front of a theater in Sunderland was blown into the street and killed. Much damage was done on land by the storm.

Late Canadian News.

Montrealers Trying to Crush a Bread
Combine.

A Syndicate Formed to Work the Murray
Bay Mines.

Dr. R. W. Hillary, of Aurora, is dead. Rev. Chancellor Craven is very ill at Hamilton. Premier Davie, of British Columbia, says the times on the Pacific coast are very hard.

A syndicate of Montreal capitalists has been formed to work the rich mica mines at Murray Bay.

The resignation of Rev. S. Dawe as rector of Christ Church, Belleville, has been accepted by the vestry.

A young child of P. Acton, G. T. R. engineer, Belleville, was so badly burned Sunday that it cannot recover.

Grand Trunk earnings for the week ending Oct. 23, 1894, \$399,142; same week last year, \$476,980; decrease in 1894, \$77,838.

A bread combine, which was gotten up in Montreal lately, is being crushed by the mutual action of a newspaper and the consumers.

John Cummings, aged 80, died in the Brantford jail Monday night. The deceased had been ordered to the hospital, but there was no room there.

Emanuel St. Louis, the Curran bridge contractor, was brought up before Judge Dugas at Montreal on Tuesday morning, charged with defrauding the Government. He pleaded not guilty, and was remanded, bail being accepted for \$4,000.

THIRTEEN CHILDREN TOO MANY.

Georgia Man Kills Himself When the Last
Two Come at Once.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 23.—Harrison Smith, of Augusta, Ga., was an humble citizen before there was an increase now his funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon. Last night Harrison Smith was the father of eleven children. He was happy. There was but a single cloud upon the horizon of his future, but he was not worried. This morning his wife presented him with twins.

Without a word Smith walked into his room, took up a pistol and shot himself through the heart. It is claimed by his friends he was a man of great superstition and when the fact that he was the father of thirteen children was thrust upon him it was too much.

DIED IN CHINA.

Sad News from the Mission Field—
Death of Miss Graham, M.D.,
and Mrs. (Rev.) Malcolm.

TORONTO, Oct. 23.—Mr. Hamilton Cassels, convener of the foreign mission committee of the Presbyterian Church, received a telegram from Tien Tsin today, stating that Miss Lucinda Graham, M.D., died of cholera on the 13th inst., and Mrs. Malcolm, wife of Dr. Wm. Malcolm, died of peritonitis on the 22nd inst.

Miss Graham was a daughter of Mr. Henry Graham, a well known business man of this city, and a prominent member of Westminster congregation.

Mrs. Malcolm's maiden name was C. A. McArthur.

Destroyed by Gasoline.

St. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 23.—Two three-story buildings at Nineteenth and Biddle streets were demolished by a gasoline explosion today. A barrel of the fluid was standing on the sidewalk at the corner and in some way took fire and exploded. H. W. Damm's grocery store and Paul Kurtz's butcher shops were wrecked and several other adjacent buildings damaged. Frank Kelly, Patrick Dwyer, Gus Bear and Mrs. Damm and child were injured.

Steamers Arrived.

At	From
Brazilian	Father Point
Sarmatian	Glaskow
H. H. Melan	Father Point
Keendam	New York
Teutonic	London
St. Paul	Queenstown
Lepanto	New York
	Antwerp
	New York

ALL MEN

Young, old or middle-aged, who find themselves nervous, weak and exhausted, who are broken down from excess or overwork, resulting in many of the following symptoms: Mental depression, premature old age, loss of vitality, loss of memory, bad dreams, dimness of sight, palpitation of the heart, emissions, lack of energy, pain in the kidneys, headaches, pimples on the face and body, itching or peculiar sensation about the scrotum, wasting of the organs, dizziness, specks before the eyes, twitching of the muscles, eyelids and elsewhere, bashfulness, deposits in the urine, loss of will power, tenderness of the scalp and spine, weak and flabby muscles, desire to sleep, failure to be rested by sleep, constipation, dulness of hearing, loss of voice, desire for solitude, excitability of temper, sunken eyes, surrounded with LEADEN CIRCLES, oily looking skin, etc., are all symptoms of nervous debility that lead to insanity unless cured. The spring of vital force having lost its tension every function wanes in consequence. Those who through abuse committed in ignorance, may be permanently cured. Send your address and 10c in stamps for book on diseases peculiar to men, sent sealed. Address M. V. LUBON, 24 Macdonnell avenue, Toronto, Ont., Canada. Please mention this paper.

Jessie Keith's Slayer

Believed To Be Now Safe in
Stratford Jail.

The Supposed Culprit Was Ar-
rested at Cataract.

Suspicious Circumstances Attending
the Man's Capture.

One of the Suspects Claimed to Hail
from London.

MORE ARRESTS.

LISTOWEL, Ont., Oct. 23.—The murderer of Jesse Keith has not been captured yet as far as is known here. The man McKay, arrested at Moorefield, has been released. Several other men are held at different places. The one arrested in Erin is now on his way from Fergus and will arrive here at 2:30 this afternoon. Constables and others are still actively engaged scouring the country.

RELEASED.

LISTOWEL, Oct. 23.—Word was received this afternoon to the effect that the man arrested at Erin this morning is not the right one.

ANOTHER ARREST.

NIAGARA FALLS, Oct. 23.—A stranger tramping the track of the G. T. R., and thought to tally with the description of the supposed murderer of Jessie Keith, of Listowel, has been arrested at Stevensville, a small village about seven miles west of Fort Erie on the G. T. R.

NOT THE ONE WANTED.

FORT ERIE, Oct. 23.—The man arrested at Stevensville yesterday and brought to Stratford jail today. The constables are satisfied that he is the person who stole the value from Alisa Craig and which was found in the woods. Although not positively identified at Listowel the police here think they have the right person, as he answers the description published.

SUSPICION STRENGTHENED.

LISTOWEL, Ont., Oct. 23.—The theories as to the Jessie Keith murder have been somewhat set at rest by the apprehension of one who is believed to be the real murderer, who was arrested late last night at Cataract, Ont. The man gave the name of A. Chappelle and is of French extraction. The arrest was made by Constable Wilson, of Erin township, Wellington county.

LOOKS LIKE THE FUGITIVE.

The description of the suspect answers in every respect to the printed circulars issued by County Crown Attorney Idington, Cataract, where the man was arrested, is due east from Listowel about 53 miles, and is on the line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is not thought that Chappelle took the railroad but that he struck directly across the country, aiming for Toronto. The setting sun was evidently his compass for each night's march. At this rate he would cover about fifteen miles each night from the time of the murder. Popular belief has at once settled on Chappelle as the perpetrator of the horrible crime. The other suspects are still held, but are not regarded seriously.

PERSONNEL OF THE LATEST SUSPECT.

Chappelle is a Frenchman about 5 feet 8 inches in height, dark complexion, stout, heavy set, round-shouldered, large hands; has a week's growth of whiskers, turning gray; dark tweed coat and vest, black Tam o' Shanter cap, new laced shoes with toe caps. When arrested he attempted to hide a parcel, which was recovered, and found to contain a lady's black waist and a pair of lady's stockings. Chappelle was brought here this evening for identification, and was taken to Stratford jail tonight. While the authorities have not been able as yet to fully identify Chappelle, his general appearance answers more exactly the published description of the murderer than any of those yet apprehended.

UNABLE TO EXPLAIN HIS MOVEMENTS.

He could not give a satisfactory account of his movements since the fatal day, and the police felt quite justified in sending him to jail after investigation.

Another Account.

LATER DEVELOPMENTS.

LISTOWEL, Ont., Oct. 23.—The latest development in the Keith tragedy is the arrest at Erin of a suspicious character who answers to the description of the murderer. The man, whose name is Alameda Chappelle, was arrested by Constable Travis, of Erin, on account of his suspicious actions, and when searched he had a number of articles of ladies' wearing apparel that may lead to the detection of the crime. He threw away a parcel containing a lady's cashmere waist, but Constable Travis recovered it, and he gave what seemed to be an unsatisfactory account of how he came in possession of it. Should it be the property of the owner of the much-discussed valise then the chain of evidence will be materially strengthened.

Government Detective Murray arrived here tonight and will proceed to Stratford with the witnesses to fully identify the man. The valise and contents will also be taken, in order to have its alleged owner in Alisa Craig identify it and the garments.

STILL ANOTHER ARREST.

OMMER, Ont., Oct. 23.—About a dozen of our citizens went out north ten miles of here tonight and arrested a tramp answering the description of the Listowel murderer exactly as given in the papers. He is now in the lockup here.

CLAIMS LONDON AS HIS HOME.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., Oct. 23.—Chief of Ontario Police Young, of this town, examined the man arrested at Stevensville. Although he tallies pretty well with the supposed murderer, he hardly thinks he is the man. The prisoner gives his name as Simpson, of London, where he claims he has friends, and had been working in Buffalo, but could not remember the party he worked for, and knows very little of Buffalo or London. He claims to have left Buffalo yesterday and walked part of the way. If he is the same man McNeil saw Sunday his story is crooked, and if not the murderer, he is hiding from some crime.

BANDMASTER WANTED.

The Seventh's Musicians in Search
of a New Leader.

The Band Must Be Made Efficient in
Every Respect.

"Bandmaster wanted for Seventh
Fusiliers. Apply by mail before Nov. 1
to H. A. Kingsmill, captain, secretary,
London, Ont."

This advertisement appears today in the
London ADVERTISER, and is the result
of the action of the band committee at a
meeting held on Monday night. Of course, it
means that the position formerly held by
Mr. Wm. E. Hiscott is vacant, and applica-
tions are in order.

"Yes," said a prominent Seventh Bat-
talion officer, when seen about the matter
last night, "we intend to have a first-class
band, and not a third-rate one."

"Does the advertisement mean that the
former leader is discharged?"

"Well, no. The agreement under which
Mr. Hiscott was hired was made by an
officer not now attached to the battalion.
The new commandant is not necessarily
bound to recognize it, and as Mr. Hiscott's
year expires just now applications for the
position are being called for."

"The new colonel is a soldier in the true
sense of the word," said the officer, "and
the battalion is bound to go ahead under his
command. There is no mistaking the fact
that the new bandmaster must be a soldier
as well as a musician, and he added
significantly—he must know the mean-
ing of the word 'obedience.' There is
no reason why London cannot support a
crack battalion when Toronto can boast
of several. The band is an important
adjunct of any corps, and we must either
have a good one or none at all. We want a
band that the citizen can be proud of and
one that the battalion itself can take a
pride in. We have no lack of talent, and
we want the best leader it is possible to
get."

The officers paid the late bandmaster
\$400, and in the way of extras he received
the pay allowed by the Government and a
portion of the outside earnings made at
concerts, parties, etc., which he said to be
no inconsiderable amount. The advertise-
ment will doubtless attract many first-class
musicians.

SUNDAY SCHOOL WORKERS.

Annual Session of the Ontario S. S.
Association.

BELLEVILLE, Oct. 23.—The Sabbath
School Association of Ontario opened its
25th annual convention in the Bridge Street
Methodist Church this morning at 9:30
o'clock. A prayer meeting of special
power and blessing on the convention and
on the general work of the association was
held for an hour, conducted by Rev. M. W.
McLean, M.A., pastor of St. Andrew's,
Belleville.

The afternoon session opened at 2:30. All
the sessions bid fair to be of interest. Mr.
Jacobs, from Chicago, and Miss Valla, from
Massachusetts, who are among the best
Sunday school workers in the world, will
be present.

At the afternoon session of the Provincial
Sunday School Convention today, Ald.
Score, of Toronto, the retiring president,
presided. Rev. E. N. Baker conducted the
devotional exercises. Reports were made
from Duluth, Pelee, Hion, Pelee,
Prescott, Grenville, North Hastings and
East Durham and Port Hope.

Rev. W. Patterson, of Toronto, delivered
a fine address on the forces of the twentieth
century. The evening session was opened
with prayer and praise. The retiring
president introduced Mr. H. P. Moore, the
new president, after which Mayor Walms-
ley and the city council presented to the
convention an address of welcome.

Mr. John Charlton, M.P., followed with
an address on "Sabbath Observance," and
was closely listened to. A few other ad-
dresses followed, when adjournment was
made.

LUCKNOW.

During a heavy storm which visited this
section Tuesday morning a house occupied
by Norman Mathieson was struck by light-
ning. Very little damage was done.

Rev. J. Mills delivered an interesting
sermon to the A. O. U. W. in the Methodist
Church here Sunday. A large number of
the brethren were present.

Mrs. D. E. Cameron, of Toronto, is at
present visiting her mother, Mrs. R. J.
Whitney, here.

Mrs. Cameron expects soon to remove to
New York, where Mr. Cameron has ac-
cepted a position with the Mutual Life In-
surance Company, of that city.

Mr. Mercier Still Alive.

MONTREAL, Oct. 23.—Mr. Mercier is still
living, but inquiry at a late hour tonight
elicited the information that he is very low
and it is not believed he can survive the
night.

Smallpox Spreading in Michigan.

LANSING, Mich., Oct. 24.—The State
board of health has advised of an alarming
outbreak of smallpox at Manchester, Mich.
There are seventeen cases and many per-
sons have been exposed. The contagion
is also spreading in surrounding towns.

Early Winter.

St. JOHNS, Nfld., Oct. 23.—Advices just
received of the damage done by the recent
storms along the northern coast state that
the visitation was the worst known for
many years.

In Labrador winter has already set in
and heavy snow storms and gales are
raging. Ice formations are on all vessels
coming south.

Immorality in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 23.—Rev. Mr. Lock-
wood addressed the Evangelical Alliance
yesterday on "Is a Parkhurst Needed in
Cincinnati?" He had not only visited in
disguise the places of the tenderloin dis-
trict, but also the gambling houses, and
made sensational charges against the au-
thorities. Arrests will follow his dis-
closure of the names of those violating the
midnight ordinance. He held that Dr.
Parkhurst's movement should be started
in every city, and the world would see the
greatest of all reformations.

The Mum Show.

at 248 Dundas street will be in full blast for the
next two weeks, commencing Thursday, Oct. 24.
The grandest chrysanthemums ever shown in
this city will be there, and no one should miss
the opportunity of seeing such elegant blooms.
One important feature of the show is that it is
free, consequently everything is offered for
sale. In addition to the mums, a very choice
lot of roses, carnations, violets and in fact
nearly everything in cut flowers will be seen.
GREENWAY, florist. Phone, 743.

KINGSMILL'S

Dundas and Carling Sts.

Dress Goods.

Columns have already been devoted to the de-
tails of these stocks. It seems we're always
talking of Dress Fabrics of one kind or another, but
it is not to be wondered at with such a collection
—not such another store within your reach that
shows such a wealth of Dress Fabrics. It is our
gauntlet. We challenge all competition. The
gathering of stylish wares surpasses all former com-
peting collections. It isn't possible, in the limits of
a newspaper, to picture the exquisite taste and
unique effects of new Dress Goods. Clever genius
has been at work, and improved machinery has
helped to make stuffs better than they were. We'd
be slow indeed to offer you this season the counter-
part of what you had last. Among the more ex-
clusive lines we would like you to see our range of
Holland & Sherry's Dress Tweed Suitings and
Vestings. They are confined to us for this section
and cannot be had elsewhere. Of all desirable
weaves this season, perhaps, those English Covert
Cloths take the lead. There is a feel about them
that is almost irresistible. We have them in all
pretty shades of fawn, tan, brown, gray and blue,
also black. English Broadcloths for street wear are
among the quick-selling things. We have them in
21 different shades, 56 inches wide, 5 1-2 yards to
the dress pattern, only one of a color. To finish off
with, all we can say is that if you want to know
what is the fashion we have here the very extremes
of present styles. Not a penny wasted in buying
them. It's hardly possible for anyone to own the
stock for less than we, which means lower prices
than others can afford. Colors are good, styles ex-
cellent, qualities perfect, and values better than ever.

Ordered ::
FOR
Clothing.
FOR
MEN
MEN
ONLY
ONLY

We are not tinkering tailors.
We do not sell shoddy cloth,
poorly cut and badly made. You
will find us in the front rank in
all requisites of fit, style and
finish. You will find with us a
stock of clothes that raises no
interrogation mark regarding
quality. You will find that by
dealing here you will be able
to save from \$3 to \$7 on a suit
and overcoat. You will find by
giving us a trial that we tell the
truth.

KINGSMILL'S

LONDON.

WHISKARD'S

230 & 232 Dundas St.

The great bargain store of London.

This store has been noted for selling cheap the last 20 years, and we are still keeping up our reputation, as witnessed by the crowds that visit our store daily.

We begin this week's bargains for every day with one line of 3-inch wide silk Ribbon Velvet, satin-faced, beautiful quality, worth at least 50c, Whiskard's price,

20c YARD.

See our new line of Children's Wool Toques, only

50c EACH.

See our Plaid Dress Goods at 20c and 25c yard.

See our 32-inch Flannelette, new pattern, 8c yard.

See our 60-inch Damask Table Linen, only

25c YARD.

Our Millinery Department is crowded with new lines in hats trimmed, and untrimmed. See our special line beautiful trimmed Felt Hats, just in, newest and best shapes, only

50c EACH.

We are showing a fine line of Heavy Wool Skirting, beautiful colors, at

50c YARD.

We show a large range of Yarns, in all colors, Saxony, Andalusian, Baldwin's Fingering, also the Wyvern Saxony yarn.

We are selling a large size satchel, sateen top, leather bag, only

25c EACH.

A larger size, with purse attached, for

45c EACH.

-AT-

WHISKARD'S

230 and 232 Dundas St.

BUFFALO SWELTERED.

Thermometer Registered 105 Degrees Sunday—A Horse Drops Dead.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 23.—Buffalo weather was excessively warm on Sunday. The oldest resident does not remember the October day when the mercury climbed upward as rapidly as it did that day. The thermometer registered 105 degrees at the international bridge, and at 4 o'clock was 93 in the dock in the sunshine. Men walked the streets carrying overcoats over their arms and mopped the perspiration from their brows. Vehicles of all descriptions thronged the avenues, while the transportation facilities to the suburban resorts were taxed to their utmost capacity. Owners of excursion boats were inclined to run their vessels in the afternoon, and would have done a big business if they had. At 2 o'clock the thermometer had reached the blood heat point. A horse died from the effects of the terrible heat. Men who have lived in Buffalo all their lives declare that it was the warmest October day they ever experienced. At night the streets were crowded with people anxious to catch a breeze, while verandas on the fashionable residences were occupied as they would be in August.

An Awful Funny Story was related by Smythe at the club the other night. When the laughter had subsided someone said: "Smythe, I never saw a man change as you have during the past year. A few months ago you were the most taciturn man imaginable; now you are the life of the party. How is it?" "My dear fellow," replied Smythe, "a year ago I was a sick man. I was suffering from liver and stomach derangement. I was morbid and melancholy, and my friends, the doctor included, thought I was 'going into consumption.' One day someone advised me to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I did so, and I am a new man. I am actually renewed my youth, and I enjoy life as I have not for years."

Dr. R. V. Pierce: Sir—Allow me to offer my thanks to you for my good health since using your "Golden Medical Discovery." I was but the shadow of a person, so thin and haggard, without one moment's ease; had suffered for years with my stomach and liver, and this spring had a very severe attack of grippe. I then commenced using the "Discovery" and my recovery was wonderful. I am 46 years old, and feel as well and strong as I did when 15 years old; my sleep is as sound as an infant's. I remain, yours truly, R. A. GILES.

Arrington, Nelson county, Va. The shell always has the bulge on the oyster, and would win if someone with a knife didn't help the oyster out.

The great lung healer is found in the excellent medicine sold as Pickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It cures and diminishes the sensibility of the membrane of the throat and air passages and is a sovereign remedy for all coughs, colds, hoarseness, pain or soreness in the chest, bronchitis, etc. It has cured many when supposed to be far advanced in consumption.

Do you know that at Keene Bros. you can buy furniture cheaper than any place in London? A trial order will convince you that we lead in prices, considering quality. Give us a trial. Yours truly, KEENE BROS., 127 King Street, opposite Market House.

It is very important to know where to find fine bedroom sets at low prices. When buying call at Trafford's and you will find them. 55 and 57 King Street.

TALK OF LITIGATION

Between the Y. M. C. A. Board and Free Library Board.

Interest on Purchase Money the Bone of Contention—The Architects' Protest Filed—Mr. Reid Appointed Treasurer.

Mr. Henry Macklin sat in the chair at the meeting of the Free Library Board last night, and around the table were seated Messrs. Keene (secretary), Marks, Egan, Dignan, Durrell, Cameron and Reid. Mr. Herbert Matthews, of New York, the architect whose plans were accepted, came to the city yesterday and was also present. "We are instructed by the Y. M. C. A. Board," wrote Matthews & Ivey, "to demand payment from your board of \$94.03, being interest from June 19 to Oct. 1, the date upon which the purchase money for the portion of lot sold by the Y. M. C. A. board to you was paid." The letter further stated that according to agreement the purchase money was to be paid within six weeks, or by June 19. It was not paid until October, hence the account for interest.

In conclusion the letter stated: "We trust that your board will see the advisability of settling this matter without litigation, as in the event of it not being paid we are instructed to commence action at once."

Solicitor Love's opinion on the demand was read. "I consider it somewhat rapacious," wrote he, "that they should endeavor to exact it." Mr. Love also stated that the Y. M. C. A. board were well aware that the Free Library Board was entirely dependent on the council for the production of the purchase money, and such a thought as the payment of interest in case the council failed to furnish the money was never deemed possible for a moment. They well knew that the Free Library Board could not be compelled at any period to complete the purchase, and if they considered the matter from a fair and equitable standpoint they should cease their pressure for interest.

It also came out that there had been some delay in obtaining a satisfactory deed, and this in part caused the delay.

The matter was finally referred to the solicitor to take what action he saw fit.

Moore & Henry enclosed a protest against the acceptance of Mr. Herbert Matthews' plans for the proposed new building. It was signed by all the Canadian architects who competed. They had been led into the expenditure of much time and money, and they thought that in justice the decision should be reconsidered at an early date. They based their protest on the following clauses:

"We were instructed to make the size of the building 50x80 feet, and all our designs were made to comply with that reasonable and feasible condition, whereas the only design which totally ignored that portion of your instructions has been awarded first place, notwithstanding the fact that it has a frontage of 100 feet by about 60 feet."

The architects who signed the protest were Siddall & Baker, Beaumont Jarvis, L. A. Moore, McBride & Farncombe, Moore & Henry, M. L. Butty and George R. Harper (Toronto).

The protest was filed without discussion. Mr. Keene did say, however, that there was an error in the figures mentioned in the protest. The proposed building was 50 feet wide, or 100 feet square.

Mr. Robert Reid was appointed treasurer, and the secretary was empowered to procure a seal with the statutory name of the board thereon.

Mr. Matthews then went over the plans with the members of the board.

PAYING UNDER PROTEST.

Manufacturers Claim That Water Meters Register Too Freely.

And Are Kicking Right and Left—The Engineer Will Look After the Matter—Garnishes on the Blake Company.

There was the sound of kicking of many cubic feet at the meeting of the water commissioners last night. All the trouble arose over the meters that have lately been placed in various manufactories. Several proprietors have more faith in their inability to get through with the amount of water registered than they have in the registration of the meters. If the meters are proved to be correct there will probably be a great deal more care taken with the water consumption than there is at present. Cubic feet at \$1.50 per 1,000, some amount up, as the following will tend to show:

"We pay our rate of \$31.53 under protest," wrote John Ferguson & Son, "as we did not ask for meters, and they were not right when put in."

John White & Son inclosed their check without protest, as their faith in the reading of the meter was not very great.

"We inclose a check for \$74.04," wrote the London Furniture Company. "We pay under protest, as we are not satisfied with the working of the meter which you have put in. You will hear from us later."

"We protest against this bill by meter," wrote the London Foundry Company. "It is simply impossible for us to use this amount of water, as the most liberal calculation of our consumption will not reach it."

Evidently the water meter is designed to occupy a high position with its cousin, the gas meter, on the pages of comic papers. It is no joke, however, to Engineers, Moore, who will have to report on each of these meters.

The board ordered a meter to be placed on Gorman-Eckert's water supply.

Moses Joy, a Sarnian, attached the amount due to Geo. F. Blake, the Boston pump contractor. The garnishes amounted to \$34.67, with expenses, making a total of \$38.75. It was referred to the solicitor.

The pumping report showed that 40,861.948 cubic feet of water had been pumped during the fortnight ending Oct. 22. This is an average of 2,390,159.17 cubic feet a day.

The members present were Wm. Jones (chairman), Commissioner Cowan, Engineer Moore, Secretary Ellwood and Inspectors Parkow and Platt.

Caught Sixty-Nine Whales

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 22.—The steam whaler Narwhal arrived from the Arctic today and reported a catch of 69 whales, which are valued at nearly half a million dollars.

A Loss to the Bar.

MONTREAL, Que., Oct. 23.—Jos. Duhamel, Q.C., a well known lawyer, died this morning after a month's illness. He was employed by the Grand Trunk in many important cases, and had a large outside practice. He was a Liberal in politics.

Purify your blood, tone up the system and regulate the digestive organs by taking Host's Sarsaparilla. Sold by all druggists.

NOVELTIES IN READING.

Forthcoming Contents of the Popular Magazines and New Books.

Frank Stockton has given both of his new stories, with the quaint titles of "Love Before Breakfast" and "As One Woman to Another," to the Ladies' Home Journal.

What is so cheap as a good magazine? Apparently the answer to this question is "Nothing." Harper's, for example, during the past year has printed two novels—

"Tribby" and "The Golden House"—which, in book form, will sell for the subscription price of the magazine or the serials. Add to these 60 short stories (enough for five to ten years of reading) and the English writers, as many illustrated articles descriptive of travel or of scientific interest, the comments on current events in the "Editor's Study," and the humorous anecdotes of the "Editor's Drawer," and the reader has every year two volumes of nearly 1,000 pages each, filled with the best literature and the best illustrative art, in a variety that a large library could hardly surpass.

Among the articles that will appear in the November Forum are "Thackeray's Place in Literature," by Frederic Harrison; "The Temperance Problem: Past and Present," by Dr. E. R. L. Gould, a review of the results of prohibition and high license, and an argument for the Gothenburg system; "The Contested Masses of the West," by Chancellor J. H. Campbell, of the University of Nebraska; "How the University of Nebraska Was Reduced to New York," by Nathan Straus; "The Wage-Earners' Loss in the Business Depression," by Samuel W. Dike, and "Facts Touching a Revival of Business."

Longmans, Green & Co., New York, publish a monthly list of new books, which can be had for the sending for. It forms an interesting budget.

The story of "How Allan Pinkerton Thwarted the First Plot to Assassinate Lincoln," with several illustrations, will be published in McClure's Magazine for November, being the first of a remarkable series of true detective stories compiled by the Pinkerton Detective Bureau. An early and hitherto unpublished portrait of Lincoln, from a daguerreotype taken in 1851, accompanies the article.

The publishers of "Little Men and Women" announce a new volume for next month. The November number will be enlarged to 32 pages, and will include the popular "Doll's Dreaming" series. There will also be a page of new music in each number ("Songs for Children's Voices"). Price, 81 a year. Alpha Publishing Company, Boston.

"Sentimental Tommy" is the queer title of Mr. J. M. Barrie's new novel. He will finish this book during the coming winter, and will then begin work on his proposed edition of the Waverley Novels.

No stories are more popular in Canada than those of Annie S. Swan (Mrs. Burnett-Smith), whose various works have had thousands of readers in the Dominion. Her latest story, "A Lost Ideal," is published by Wm. Briggs, Toronto. It is a handsome volume of 383 pages, and is certain to be as popular as its predecessors.

The Canadian Magazine for October is one of the very best numbers yet issued. It is handsomely illustrated.

The pen of Mr. J. M. Le Moine, president of the Royal Society of Canada, makes a contribution of much interest to the biography of Francis Parkman, the famous historian. Hon. J. W. Langley, Attorney-General of Nova Scotia, contributes the first of a series of papers on Joseph Howe, a series which, judged by the literary charm and the interest of the present paper, will be warmly received. Hon. James Young gives in an illustrated article many valuable hints on how to beautify the surroundings of Canadian homes. W. A. Sherwood urges well the importance of attention to the objects of "A National Spirit in Art." A beautiful illustrated article by Thomas W. Gibson on "Algonquin National Park" tells in a charming style much that is not commonly known about the great Canadian preserve. A novel still in the illustrated article by A. H. D. Ross on his "Canoe Trip to Lake Mississinipi and James Bay." J. C. Hamilton, M.A., writes in a very interesting way about "Indian Treaties in Ontario and Manitoba." Other articles are: "Curious Epitaphs," by Thomas E. Chalmers; "Nature's Outlet to the North," by Hugh Sutherland; and "Going Out of Town," by Temple Bayard. William Wilfrid Campbell's sketch of "General Bain of Sandy Beach" is intensely amusing. The Ontario Publishing Company (limited), Toronto. \$2.50 per annum.

When Mr. Andrew Lang talks about fiction he shows the hard-headed common sense of the Scot—especially when he advises aspiring young writers not to try to produce novels unless they are born to the work, and a story or a set of characters take irresistible possession of the fancy. The idea, the initiative and the needy should, he thinks, try some other industry.

There is no magazine that maintains a more uniform or higher degree of literary excellence than the old, well-known weekly eclectic, Littell's Living Age. Its selections are taken from the leading foreign quarters, reviews and magazines with the truest judgment, and in its variety there is something for every cultivated taste. "The Outskirts of Europe," by J. D. Rees; "A Greek Courtship," by E. M. S. Skone; "Surgery and Superstition," by Frank Reid Fowler; "The Rajahs of Sarawak," by Hughes Le Roux; "The Question of Corea," by Henry Norman; "Time-Gauge of Niagara," by Thomas W. Kingsmill; and "The Khedive of Egypt," by Stuart Cumberland, are some of the many valuable papers contained in recent issues and constitute about one-third in number of those republished during any four weeks. To busy men and women who wish to be informed in regard to current English periodical literature and have the best papers, the most representative, profitable and entertaining, culled for them by a competent hand, the Living Age is indispensable. New subscribers for 1895 are promised the thirteen weekly issues for the current quarter free. Address Littell & Co., Boston.

No more interesting contribution to the discussion of pressing problems has been made than that on "The Future Problem of Charity and the Unemployed," issued by the American Academy of Political and Social Science, Philadelphia. It is from the pen of Dr. John Graham Brooks, of Cambridge, Mass., who has studied methods employed at home and abroad, and herein gives his impressions. Price, 25 cents.

The complete novel in the November issue of Lippincott's is "Dora's Defiance," by Lady Lindsay, an author who has made her mark in England, though little known as yet in this country.

"An Arizona Speculation," by Mary E. Stickney, has the full western flavor, and depicts a character evidently drawn from life. Ella Higginson narrates briefly but forcibly a tragic episode, "In the Bitter Root Mountains." In "Rector Warne's Heresy," Gilliam W. Ford shows how duty came to the front and drove doctrine into the background. "The Roses," of which Fannie E. Newberry tells, were sent to the wrong lady, with serious consequences. Under the heading, "Ten Dollars a Day—No Canvassing," Philip G. Hubert, jun., discusses some queer circulars and the dubious opportunities of wealth they offer. W. S. Walsh collects a number of interesting anecdotes of dignitaries and others who have gone about "Incognito." E. J. Gibson explains the labors of "The Washington Correspondent," and Frederic M. Bird discusses on "Magazine Fiction, and How Not to Write It." Passing to distant lands we go "Bargaining in Russia" with Isabel F. Hepgood, and learn about "Rabbits in New Zealand" from J. N. Ingram. Coming to this country again we listen to Col. Richard Malcolm Johnston's recollections of "My Schools," and to Edgar Tawcett's of "Old New York Restaurants."

DEANERY OF LAMBTON. LARGELY-ATTENDED AND PROFITABLE CONVENTION OF CHURCH WORKERS. PETROLIA, Ont., Oct. 23.—A largely-attended convention of church workers, lay and clerical, for the rural deanery of Lambton was held yesterday at Christ Church here, presided over by Rev. D. I. R. Davis, rector of Sarnia, the rural dean. The following were appointed as a mission committee for the deanery: Rev. W. Craig, Rev. J. D. Downie, Mr. Chas. Jenkins and Mr. J. B. Dale.

Several very interesting papers were read, and animated discussions followed the reading of each. Among other papers, were one on "How to Work a Parish," by Rev. J. Downie; "The Work of the W. A. M. A.," by Mrs. J. D. Noble, of Petrolia; "The Work of the King's Daughters," by Mrs. Phillips of Sarnia; "The Work of the Church of England Temperance Society," by Rev. J. Hale; "The Work of the St. Andrew's Brotherhood," by Rev. W. Stou; "Qualifications of Sabbath School Teachers," by Rev. W. Craig, and an interesting paper on "Consecration" by Rev. E. G. Newton.

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ADVERTISER PRINTING CO., LONDON, - CANADA.

London, Wednesday, Oct. 24.

MR. MEREDITH'S SUCCESSOR.

There are, in all, 94 members of the Ontario Legislature. In the new House elected last June, 27 were Conservatives. By Mr. Meredith's resignation the number is reduced to 26, which it will probably be when the Legislature meets. Of this number twenty met yesterday to nominate a leader to succeed Mr. Meredith. No fewer than fifteen of the twenty-six are new men.

It was not a very difficult task to choose a new leader, not because anyone of the 26 members of the Conservative party in the new Legislature towered above his fellows in point of ability, but because the timber available was uniformly of a commonplace character. It was conceded, indeed, that the only way to get a leader who would command more than ordinary attention was to go outside the Legislature, but everyone of the leading politicians approached declined to undertake the forlorn hope. They knew that if there had been any reasonable chance of soon defeating Sir Oliver Mowat's Government, Mr. Meredith would not have withdrawn from public life. And so it came about that the choice of leader was confined to Messrs. Martner, Whitney, Ryerson and Howland. There was some balloting, and finally Mr. Geo. T. Martner, the member for North Toronto, was chosen. The manner of his choice is in marked contrast with that of Mr. Meredith. When he was selected, the position he had taken in the Assembly pointed to him as the leader so soon as Mr. M. C. Cameron retired from the position. Mr. Martner's record has not been such as to point to him as a leader of men any more than it has pointed to his competitors for the office, Messrs. Ryerson, Whitney and Howland. But he has been selected to take the chief seat on the Opposition benches, and we know of no reason why the Government should not co-operate with him in every respect to make his leadership of his 25 followers as efficient as is possible under the circumstances.

THE NORTHWEST AWAKENING.

This evening Hon. Wilfrid Laurier brings his seven weeks' tour throughout Western Canada to a close. Tomorrow night his admirers in Winnipeg signalize their approval of his policy by entertaining him at a farewell banquet.

Mr. Laurier's first visit to the great Canadian Northwest and to the Pacific Province has been a pronounced success. Even his political opponents acknowledge that in point of numbers, at least, Mr. Laurier's meetings have been phenomenal. But that is not all. Never has the gospel of a political leader been received with more united popular approval than has been the message of trade freedom which was the chief theme of Mr. Laurier and the members of Parliament who accompanied him on his tour. From the day that the party left Brandon and proceeded through the great and growing region of Algoma, along the fertile plains of Manitoba, over the Great Northwest, into the mineral rich mountain regions of British Columbia, across the fertile fields of the British Columbia delta, on to Vancouver Island, and back again to the Northwest capital, the Liberal chief has addressed no meeting which was not a signal success. Everywhere the people were ready to listen to the message which Mr. Laurier brought them, and they heartily endorsed his programme for the relief of the Canadian people from the dominion of monopoly-controlled rulers.

The people of Western Canada have discovered, to their cost, that the policy of imposing heavy taxes on what the producers must buy, while actually unable to increase the price of what they must sell in competition with all the world, has been a failure. What they now demand is that every tax shall be thrown off that is not necessary to the economical government of the country, and as that is the policy of Mr. Laurier, the secret of his popularity is at once apparent. Some people have wondered why a community so intelligent as are the people of the Northwest—suffering severely as they have done from the present unfair system of taxation—have in recent elections done so little to rid themselves of the incubus. The reason is easily stated. They have been compelled till now to choose their representatives at Ottawa by open vote. This, in a new country, where so many of the settlers are in one sense or another dependent on the Government of the day, gave an enormous advantage to the party in power. Every Government employs, no matter what his political views were, every unfortunate settler behind with his land payments, every one, in fact, in any sense looking for Government favor, were obliged to vote for the Government candidate on pain of being blacklisted. The result has been that in past campaigns the Government

has started with fully one-third of the voters solid on its side, thus requiring but a quarter more to get a majority. This accounts for the Conservative sweep in the past, but it will not be possible now that the people have, through Liberal persistency, got the ballot.

There can be no doubt that the altered state of affairs has greatly alarmed the supporters of a monopolist tariff in the Northwest. They have pleaded in vain with the men in power at Ottawa to go to the North-west and at least attempt to demolish Mr. Laurier's contentions. At first, it was intended to follow Mr. Laurier, but the prospective failure of such a campaign frightened Sir John Thompson off, and no pilgrimages will be now undertaken. Something had to be done, however, and so the Winnipeg coterie set about negotiating for the control of a newspaper in Winnipeg, as for years their cause has been so unpopular that the voluntary support of the press has not been extended to them. Kept newspapers are expensive, and not always of much use, and so a delegation has been sent to Ottawa to plead for funds to keep the echo of the Ottawa Administration going. This fact alone proves the desperate condition of the high tax advocates in Manitoba and the Northwest, and foreshadows the early realization of the prophecy by a former Northwest Conservative leader that in the coming Dominion general election the men now in power at Ottawa will scarcely have a supporter west of Port Arthur. The constituencies, unless there is very stupid bungling, will be divided between the Liberals and the Patrons, both of which parties are united in condemnation of the policy now in force.

MONUMENT FOR TECUMSEH.

Tecumseh, the Indian brave, who proved so strong a friend of Canada in a critical time, will have a monument at an early day if the present outlook portends anything. Today, Mr. Hamilton McCarthy, the artist who designed and finished the fine monument to Sir John Macdonald in Toronto, was in the city. He says it will be possible to produce a monument that will be a credit to this city, the capital of the District in which the great Shawnee chief had his triumph, at a cost which need not be difficult to finance. We hope at an early date to see effective steps taken to provide this patriot of the aboriginal race with a memorial that will be constantly before the eyes of the rising generation as an incentive ever to stand for the right. The leading white politicians of the by-gone era now have their monuments, so has Brant, the Indian patriot, erected at Brantford, in the center of the scene of his labors. Why should not Tecumseh have his memory similarly perpetuated at London, the capital of Western Ontario?

BORROWING AND SQUANDERING.

Mr. Foster, the Dominion Finance Minister, is on a borrowing mission in England just now. He wants a loan of \$11,250,000 of British money, and he has been offered it at a very low rate of interest. This fact proves two things: (1), that money for investment is very plentiful in Great Britain; and (2), that the British people have faith in the future of this country. We learn from English financial papers that never has money been so plentiful in that country as now. This arises from the trade depression, which invariably curtails development of industry, and the demand for loans. That under the circumstances there is a good market for Canadian bonds is not to be wondered at. The British people have excellent foundation for their faith. Canadians may find it hard work to get along, but the mass of them pay their debts, and they will insist that their rulers do so, also.

While Mr. Foster finds it easy to borrow, because of the natural resources of Canada and the character of the people, his appearance as a borrower of money at this time, to pay the interest and principal of which the Canadian people will have to put their hands in their pockets, can scarcely be excused. If men at Ottawa had not allowed the taxpayers to be robbed through the connivance of Ministers with dishonest contractors and with beneficiaries of the tariff, the necessity for borrowing at this time could have been avoided. No more money should be taken out of the pockets of a people than is necessary to economically manage public affairs. What would be said of the trustee of an estate who would excuse needless and corrupt expenditures of trust funds on the ground that he could easily borrow money to tide over present difficulties. Ministers at Ottawa are the trustees of the Canadian public.

MISFIT SHOES.

(Toronto Mail.)

It seems hardly probable that the new leader of the Opposition will ever attain to the dignity of a judgeship. Chief Justice Meredith's shoes will be several sizes too large for him.

A BATTLE

Has Been Fought in the Orient—Details Lacking—Disgraced Officers.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The Globe this morning prints a dispatch from Yokohama saying that fighting took place near Port Arthur, on Oct. 23. It is believed that the Japanese troops engaged were those composing the second army of about 30,000 men which recently left Hiroshima. Details of the battle are lacking.

New York, Oct. 24.—A Herald special from Shanghai says: Gen. Yeh Chi Chai and Wei Yuh Kwei, formerly commanding in Korea, have been handed over to the proper board for punishment. They will probably lose their heads. The former is charged with cowardice and with responsibility for the murder of the French missionary Josean. Gen. Wei is accused of extorting and cowardice. Other important officials have been cashiered, and a complete reshuffling has taken place throughout the Viceroy's province.

A AWFUL EXPLOSION.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—News has been received here of the destruction in the North Sea of the schooner Helene, supposed to be a Danish vessel, by gunpowder. The entire crew of the schooner perished.

THE JUDGE WAS ASTONISHED

At the Developments in the Hall-Lane Assault Case.

Grossly Immoral, He Said—Couldn't Believe Any of Them on Their Oath—The Charges Dismissed.

The trial of Wm. Lane, the London township laborer, on the charge of non-support and assault preferred by his girl-wife, Margaret Lane, was heard before Judge Edward Elliott this morning. The case was full of revelations about the Hall homestead and the conduct of its occupants, which thoroughly disgusted the judge and resulted in the dismissal of both charges. Mr. Magee appeared for the crown and Mr. Love for the prisoner.

Mrs. Lane told the same story of her hardships to Mr. Magee as she did to Squire Lacey at the preliminary examination, and which have already been published.

Mr. Love learned, in cross-examination, however, that Mrs. Lane had been too intimate, before she was married, with a young man in the country. When the complainant was in the refuge at Stratford she read something in the papers about Lane having another girl at Hall's house. This made her really angry, but she forgot it and would afterwards have lived happily with her husband only for Mrs. Hall, who always stirred up trouble. Mrs. Lane admitted that after the July assault she was out with other young friends of hers, one being a member of the Military School, who had come from the old country and was in a home with her when quite young. She would sooner have this fellow's little finger than Lane's whole carcass. She had said this before and would say it again. She would not live with Lane now if he got on his knees and begged of her to come back. Mrs. Lane knew that her husband was a kind of worthless fellow. She only knew him three days before the marriage, and had even paid for the license and paid the minister for performing the ceremony. He (Lane) went around drinking and smoking, and she thought instead of throwing his money in the gutter that he might buy her some good clothes. Did the witness remember being out till midnight with other men? She never was, and was only away over night when at the hospital, in the refuge or in the Salvation Army home.

Mrs. Annie Hall, wife of Drayman Hall, and sister of Lane, denied having seen her brother assault his wife. She had heard them quarreling about the soldier, Mrs. Lane saying that she would sooner have his little finger than Lane's whole carcass. A few days after that they went away together and secured a deed of separation. They were not happy together.

Mr. Magee took Mrs. Hall by surprise when he questioned her in reference to an affair which occurred Fair week. She admitted that a man came to her house one night and that Lane was arrested on the charge of stealing \$15 from him. She professed not to know what the strange came for unless for a night's lodging.

Lane was examined in his own behalf, and every now and again would turn to Judge Elliott and declare that he was entirely innocent of the charges. He had never raised his hand to her, but decidedly objected to her talking so lovingly of other men. As to the \$15 racket, Lane said that the stranger (for he had never seen him before) handed him two bills before leaving Hall's house. Lane never looked to see the amount of the money, but put them in his pocket. He did not steal the money, and was dismissed at the trial.

Another unimportant witness was examined, and Mr. Love asked the court if there was any necessity of an address for the defense.

"I must confess," said Judge Elliott, "that there is not one of the whole Hall-Lane party of whom I approve. The whole case has developed into one of the grossest immorality that I have heard since coming to London. I am astonished that in the vicinity of a city like this such a condition of affairs exists. It would be unsafe to convict any person upon the evidence given." Lane was warned that should he appear again on such a charge he would not get off easy.

Lane then left the court with the Halls, and his wife went to the Rescue Home with a Salvation Army woman.

BLAKE IN GEORGIA.

Addressed a Large Audience and Makes a Fine Speech.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 23.—Hon. Edward Blake, Irish member of Parliament, addressed a large and representative audience in this city, at De Giv's Opera House, last night. Gov. Northern and Mayor Goodwin occupied seats on the platform in addition to many prominent citizens. His speech lasted two hours. After speaking of the varied and wonderful resources of the South, he declared that the people of this section had rather surrender every bit of their material wealth than to yield the blessed right of self-government. For 80 years oppression and coercion had ground the Irish people to the earth and compelled them to support an alien church. He declared that a direct expression of the people's will regarding Irish affairs will be declared at the next election. In the meantime, the speaker avowed, the Irish party was not idle, but was paving the way for an overwhelming victory. The speech created a profound impression.

A LUCKY MAN.

Laid Up for Months by a Severe Form of Kidney Disease—The Simple Cure He Used—He's Well Now.

THEBROOK, Oct. 22.—Some men don't know when they are in luck and some do. Albert Mathers, of this place, is one of the lucky ones who knows of his good fortune and tells about it. He says he was laid up and could do no work for months because of kidney disease. When kidney disease has such a hold on a man as that, he is in a serious condition. Mr. Mathers recognized this and used every remedy he could think of, but without getting any help, until he began to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. These boxes cured him and he is attending to his affairs once more, and is as hearty and happy as ever.

All Four Killed.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Alonso P. Eddy and his wife and two children were driving across the Erie tracks at Warte Flax last evening, when they were struck by the Chicago limited and all four were killed with the train.

Mr. Laurier's Tour Ended. WINNIPEG, Oct. 24.—Hon. Mr. Laurier concluded his western tour by addressing meetings at St. Jean Baptiste and Emerson yesterday. The leader's reception was overwhelming in his hearty kindness.

A magnificent reception was given last evening to prominent members of Mr. Laurier's party. The gentlemen in whose honor the reception was held were: Mr. Fraser, grand master of Nova Scotia; Mr. Gibson, deputy grand master of Ontario, and Mr. James Sutherland, past grand junior warden of Ontario.

THE GRAND TRUNK.

The Half-Yearly Statement of the Shareholders.

The Receipts and Expenses of Six Months, as Compared with 1893—Income and Outlay Increased.

MONTREAL, Oct. 24.—The half-yearly statement to be submitted to the half-yearly meeting of the shareholders of the G. T. R., to be held in London Oct. 30, has been issued. The accounts show the gross receipts to be \$1,685,873, as compared with \$1,890,119, the receipts of corresponding period of 1893. Working expenses were \$1,236,374, as against \$1,370,687. Net traffic receipts have been reduced to \$449,499 from \$519,432. Adding the income from International Bridge Company and deducting pre-preference charges the net revenue balance on the working of the half-year was \$54. There was a decrease of \$30,013 in the number of passengers carried, with a decrease in receipts from passengers of \$68,421.

The receipts of mails compare with a period when exceptional payments had been made by the Government on account of arrears and thus show an apparent decrease of \$3,210, whilst express and small parcels receipts decreased \$918. The freight and live stock traffic shows a decrease of \$124,144.

The total amount charged to capital during the half year was \$37,661 of which \$16,888 was on account of the Union Station, Toronto. The gross receipts of Chicago and Grand Trunk Railway in the half year shows a decrease of \$63,517, and the net receipts a decrease of \$40,235.

THE W. C. T. U.

An Interesting Regular Meeting—Plans of Work Discussed.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. was held yesterday (Tuesday) afternoon, 63 members being present.

After the opening hymn, Rev. Mr. Lucey led in prayer, and gave a most interesting Bible lesson, based on an incident in the child life of Christ.

The treasurer gave an itemized account of the W. C. T. U. fair work, which was most satisfactory.

It was announced that Rev. Anna Shaw will (D.V.) lecture in the city under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. on Nov. 22.

Mrs. Gordon Wright and Mrs. McDermid were appointed delegates to the Provincial W. C. T. U. convention, to be held in Cornwall on Oct. 30 to Nov. 2, inclusive. Mrs. Thornley and Miss Confort, being provincial officers, will also attend.

It was announced that the inaugural meeting of the London West Band of Hope would be held on Friday evening, Oct. 26. Mrs. McDermid will address the meeting and assist in getting the machinery of the band in working order.

The educational part of the programme was entitled "Children's Day," and the superintendents of temperance in Sunday school, Band of Hope and Industrial school were expected to contribute to its success.

Mrs. Heaman read an interesting paper entitled "The Needs of the Work in Sunday Schools." Then followed a racy paper, "All About Our Boys," from Mrs. McDermid.

The programme was interspersed with music. Miss Brown kindly contributed a solo in her own pleasing style, and also a young lady, a graduate of the Industrial School, sang very sweetly, Mrs. J. W. Jones accompanying her at the piano.

Shot a Burglar.

TORONTO, Oct. 24.—When Shopkeeper Barnes, of Carleton village, went down into his store about 7 o'clock this morning he found three burglars there. He got a revolver and fired, hitting one of them named John Carrothers twice in the back. The other two, who are brothers, named John and — Mitchell, were caught. Carrothers is not expected to live.

LARGE SORES ON FACE

Lost Use of Hands from Blood Poisoning. Physicians and Remedies No Benefit. Cured by CUTICURA Remedies.

I have used four CUTICURA REMEDIES, and can truthfully say that they are everything and more than you represent them. Last spring I was greatly troubled with blood poisoning caused by Diphtheria. Large sores made their appearance on my face, and my hands were in such a condition that I could not use them. After trying numerous physicians and remedies and receiving no benefit therefrom, I was advised to try the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and did so, and I am now free from all my skin trouble. I cannot speak praise enough for your remedies. SAMUEL J. KREIER, 2332 Fairmount Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

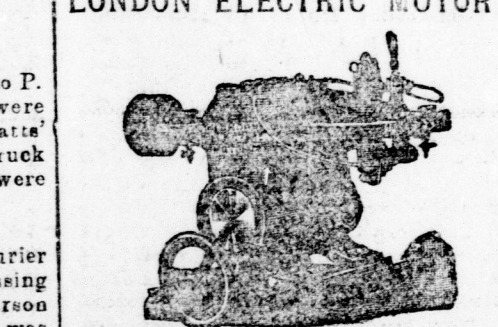
BABY SEVERELY AFFLICTED
My baby was severely afflicted with some dreadful skin disease. Its head, face and hands for awhile were nearly covered with sores. I had doctors prescribe for it, and several remedies, but all seemed to do no good. I saw an advertisement of the CUTICURA Remedies, and concluded to try them. I bought a complete set, and began using, and now my little girl seems to be completely cured. GEO. W. TURNER, Teacher, Bryan, Texas.

CUTICURA WORKS WONDERS
Since a single cake of CUTICURA SOAP, costing 25c, is sufficient to test the virtues of these great remedies, there is now no reason why thousands should go through life tortured, disfigured and humiliated by blood and skin diseases, which are speedily cured by the CUTICURA Remedies at a trifling cost.

Sold throughout the world. Price, CUTICURA Soap, 25c; CUTICURA Ointment, 50c; CUTICURA Cream, 25c; CUTICURA Lotion, 25c; CUTICURA Pills, 50c. How to Cure Skin Diseases, mailed free. PINKETTES, blackheads, red, rough, chapped, and oily skin cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

WOMEN FULL OF PAINS
Find in CUTICURA Anti-Pain Plaster instant and grateful relief. It is the best and only pain-killing, strengthening plaster.

LONDON ELECTRIC MOTOR CO



Manufacturers of the London Motor and Dynamo for Incandescent Light.

SPECIALTIES.—Reminding and reconstructing of dynamos, motor armatures, and electrical appliances. Work guaranteed. Office and factory, 90 York Street, London, Ont. All kinds general repairing done. Write for estimates and circulars.

Bought in Bond 300

Choice German Mantles

All This Season's Importations.

At a Reduction Of 40 Per Cent



The Advantage Is Yours

We announce this sale of Stylish Mantles at once. The Goods are here—marked and ready for your inspection.

The lot comprises Misses' and Ladies' Garments—in Fawn, Brown, Black Navy and Myrtle. All sizes.

At \$3 50, worth \$5.
At \$5 worth \$7 50.
At \$7 50 worth \$10.
At \$10, worth \$13 50.
At \$12 worth \$15.
At \$13 worth \$16 50.

Every Garment a Perfect Fit.

SALE OF MANTLES

At the Same Time

Inspect our MILLINERY DEPARTMENT. Here you will find style, neatness, beauty all combined at a moderate price.

AN INSPECTION SOLICITED.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street.

The Magic Touch

Of Hood's Sarsaparilla. You smile at the idea. But if you suffer from

Dyspepsia

And indigestion, try a bottle, and before you have taken half a dozen doses, you will involuntarily think, and no doubt exclaim,

"That Just Hits It!"

"That soothing effect is a magic touch!" Hood's Sarsaparilla gently tones and strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, invigorates the liver, creates a natural, healthy desire for food, gives refreshing sleep, and in short, raises the health tone of the entire system. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure liver ills. 25c.

TO TACKLE THE TORONTONIANS.

London's Rugby Team Getting Into Good Trim.

Saturday's Game With the Lornes Likely to be Lively—General Sporting News.

FOOTBALL.

LONDON'S RUGBY TEAM.

The London Rugby team are practicing hard these nights, and all are confident that their captain, H. Pope, will again lead them to victory on Saturday, the 27th, when his team will compete with the stalwart Lornes, of Toronto. The game will likely be played in London, and every football enthusiast, as well as those who are not enthusiasts, should turn out to see the sport, as the team will greatly appreciate their cheering, and it will also encourage the boys in their hard struggle, for they intend to bring the championship trophy to London this year, both in the intermediate and junior class. Saturday's game will undoubtedly be a most interesting one, as it is said that the Lornes have a most defiant team. It is known, however, that London has a very strong team, and the game will either mean a gain or a loss for London. Capt. Pope does not mean that the boys shall lose through any negligence on his part, and he will therefore be on the field each night this week at 5 o'clock sharp. Every member of both senior and junior teams is requested to show up strictly on time. Jack Crawford will be missed this week owing to the accident which befell him in the Hamilton match last Saturday, but the boys will be glad to see him on the field and to hear him shout during Saturday's battle. Jack will be rejoiced to see the boys come off victorious, as doubtless will the other spectators.

LONDON LOSES THE PROTESTED GAME.

TORONTO, Oct. 23.—The executive of the Rugby Football Union met tonight and were in session until midnight. It was decided that in their third round in the intermediate series the Lornes should play London at London next Saturday. The protest of Hamilton III. against London II. on the ground that London had on players who were over the proper age was allowed, and the game goes to Hamilton. Hamilton III. will play the final with Kingston Granites on Nov. 3, probably at Kingston. The Canadian championship match between the winners of the Ontario and Quebec series will be played here on Nov. 17 instead of Thanksgiving Day.

THE TURF.

AN ENGLISH RACE.

LONDON, Oct. 23.—At Newmarket-Houghton meeting today the race for the Critter stakes of 30 sovereigns each, with 2000 coverings added, for 2-year-olds, winning penalties and sex allowances, three-quarters mile, was won by the Duke of Westminster's chestnut colt, the Owl, and Prince Selkirk's bay colt, Spur Royal, ran a dead heat for second place.

COSTLY HORSEFLESH.

NABBI GANSEY RACE TRACK, Oct. 23.—During the morning the chestnut horse Ferrier was purchased for the Montreal stable. The reported price was \$41,000. The horse will be schooled over the jumps and shipped to California this winter.

THE WHEEL.

CHICAGO TO NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.—Bicyclist Searle reached the city hall at 12:15 today, finishing his latest ride from Chicago. He was scheduled to make the distance in 5 days 15 hours, but he did it in approximately his previous record. He covered the distance in 6 days, 7 and 30 minutes.

SCIENTIFIC research shows that meat, fish, milk and other animal foods cost three times more than four, and other staple vegetable foods to get the same nutritious result. It is also shown that the heavy work of the world is not done by the meat eaters. The Russian soldiers, who built such wonderful roads and carried a weight of armor and luggage that would crush the average farm hand, lived on coarse brown bread and sour milk. The Spanish peasant works all day and dances all night, and eats only his black bread, onion and watermelon. The Smyrna porters eat only a little fruit and some olives, and yet they walk off with a load of 100 pounds. The coolies, fed on rice, are more active than the negroes fed on meat, and European farm laborers rarely get meat cheaper than twice a week, yet they are strong and endure great hardships.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Baptists in Council.

The Debt That Christians Owe a Perishing World.

Amount of Funds Raised for Foreign Missions During the Year.

Hindrances to the Work Set Forth by Prof. Farmer—Claims of Manitoba—The Work in Quebec.

MONDAY EVENING.

St. Thomas, Oct. 23.—The public platform meeting in the interests of foreign missions last evening was the largest in the series. Rev. S. B. Bates, chairman of the foreign mission board, presided. The scope and force of the commission was the subject of a most able and earnest address by Rev. J. R. Stillwell, B.A., of India. Miss Hatch, returned missionary, and Miss McLeod, missionary-elect, were introduced to the meeting, and each spoke feelingly and appropriately.

Rev. E. W. Dutton, B.A., also addressed the meeting, calling attention to our foreign mission debt. This was not a debt we owe to the bank, but to God and the perishing world. A debt to give a lost world the gospel that has blessed us. A debt that through the sufficiency of God we are able to pay; and which it is our peril if we neglect or refuse to pay. A collection was made amounting to \$75.

TUESDAY MORNING.

Resolutions were passed at this morning's session thanking the St. Thomas Church and the friends in the city for their royal reception and generous hospitality, making this convention one long to be remembered; expressing the desirability of candidates for the ministry seeking to obtain a proper equipment for their work; also thanking the representatives of the press for their excellent and faithful reports.

Rev. J. Dempsey, D.D., read a carefully prepared paper on the "Qualifications Necessary for Missionary Service."

The foreign mission treasurer reported that the total receipts to the general and the Carey fund were \$27,497.19; the disbursements, including last year's deficit, \$33,275.78, leaving a present overdraft of \$5,838.59.

Prof. Farmer, of Toronto, in a paper on "Home Hindrances to Foreign Work," protested against the lavish expenditure of individuals on mansions, costly knick-knacks, pleasures and fashions, and of churches on luxurious and costly buildings, elaborate ornate decorations and extravagant services, while the heathen were perishing for the lack of the gospel.

A paper was also read which had been prepared by Prof. Foster, Ph.D., of Toronto, on "The Scriptural Standard of Giving," urging regular, systematic and proportionate giving on the part of church members, giving from principle rather than impulse.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON.

Manitoba and Northwest missions had the floor this evening. Rev. Alex. Grant, editor of the Northwest Baptist, and Rev. H. G. Mellick, superintendent of Northwest home missions, were present to represent this branch of the work of the denomination. They had with them a gigantic map of the Northwest Provinces, which gave a good idea of the extent of the field of operations. The country and people, with the special needs of the field, were fully set forth in a most interesting and instructive manner. The feeling was general that the time had come for an enlargement in this part of the work.

Revs. Prof. Trotter and J. P. McEwen spoke of their visit to the convention at Winnipeg, and strongly eulogized the work.

A special committee was appointed to be called the Manitoba committee, whose duty it shall be to seek to arouse and foster interest in this mission among the churches of this convention.

Rev. Wm. H. Prince, an Indian, who is working among his own people on St. Peter's reserve, 30 miles north of Winnipeg, gave the story of his conversion—a most wonderful recital which aroused great interest in the audience for the work in which he is engaged.

TUESDAY EVENING.

The evening meeting was in the interests of the Grand Ligne mission. Rev. E. B. Rosworthy, field secretary, presented the annual report, which was accepted on the motion of Prof. Farmer, seconded by Rev. Donald Grant.

Rev. Adam Burwash was the chief

speaker of the evening, and owing no doubt to the fact of his name having been brought into prominence through the twice repeated attack on his mission hall by a Roman Catholic mob quite recently, he was very heartily greeted on rising to speak. He took as the subject of his address "Open doors and the conditions necessary to enter them." Knowledge, prayer and obedience are some of the conditions necessary for this work. We must look upon the multitudes in Quebec as Jesus looked on the multitude in his day, with pity and love, and a desire to help them. He told of revolts against the priests and bishops through their oppression and overbearing conduct towards the people, resulting in one case of a church being closed for nine years, of error and superstition, persecution and opposition, which, however, had not crushed the work. For the Master had all power in heaven and on earth. He spoke of new doors being opened in answer to prayer and people willing and anxious to have the pure gospel. The address bristled with striking incidents and was full of interest.

BAD BLAZES.

A Quebec Village Has a \$15,000 Fire—The Toronto House at Collingwood Wrecked.

QUEBEC, Oct. 23.—A disastrous fire occurred at Little River, close to Quebec, early this morning. Fifteen houses belonging to Dr. Elliott and occupied by workmen and their families were burned down. Some of the tenants had to escape in their night clothes. A man named Artozer, a butcher, of Quebec, fell from a roof, and was picked up unconscious. Loss about \$15,000, with \$8,000 insurance.

COLLINGWOOD, Nov. 23.—Another fire broke out this morning in the Toronto House at Collingwood. A number of people who were sleeping in the place when the fire broke out had difficulty to save themselves. Most of the furniture was destroyed and the building is a ruin. Total loss, \$3,000; insured for \$1,350.

OTTAWA, Oct. 22.—There were four fires in the vicinity of Hintonburg early this morning. One was very destructive. It broke out in the outbuildings of the McTearnan farm, completely wiping out all the buildings on the farm except the residence. Loss, \$6,000, which is almost covered with insurance.

The houses of David O'Neil and Samuel Orammond at Birchton were burned to the ground with considerable loss of their contents and were valued at about \$300 each. The house of J. J. Lee, of Hintonburg, was also partially consumed.

ANOTHER MONTREAL FIRE.

MONTREAL, Oct. 23.—A fire took place tonight at W. O. White's boiler works on Nazareth street. The place was gutted and the fire extended to several of the adjoining establishments. Loss, about \$5,000.

SELECTED A PASTOR.

South London Presbyterians Call a Toronto Clergyman.

Resolution of Condolence to be Sent to Mrs. (Rev.) J. A. Murray.

The members and adherents of Knox Church, South London, have settled the question as to who shall succeed their late pastor, Rev. James Ballantyne, and are now awaiting a reply to a unanimous call.

A well-attended congregational meeting was held last night for the selection of a pastor. Since the vacancy occurred a large number of applicants have been heard, and several created a very favorable impression. Chief among the latter were Rev. W. A. J. Martin, pastor of St. Paul's Church, Toronto, and Rev. W. W. Crow, of Thornedale. After the devotional exercises Mr. Andrew Thompson nominated Mr. Martin for the vacancy, while Mr. J. S. Dewar named Mr. Crow. These were the only nominations made. The vote was strongly in favor of the Toronto clergyman, and no difficulty was experienced in making the call unanimous. The following committee was appointed to wait on the Presbytery and prosecute the congregation's choice: Messrs. Andrew Thompson, Dr. Ferguson, John Macpherson, Charles Morton, John Marshall and Thomas Alexander.

The call was signed by almost every member and adherent present, and will be further circulated among the flock for signatures.

THE PRISON SYSTEM OF ONTARIO.

The Ontario penal and reformatory institutions are as follows: One Central Prison for men, one Reformatory for women, one Reformatory for boys, one Refuge for girls, one Industrial School for boys, one Industrial School for girls, and thirty-seven County Jails.

THE CENTRAL PRISON.

The Central Prison is located at Toronto, and has an average of 300 prisoners. The length of the sentences varies from two months to two years (less one day). Prisoners may be sent to the Central Prison either by sentence of the court, or they may be transferred from the county jails.

The men of the "Central" are engaged at a number of industries, including making tweeds, blankets, bed mattresses, brass and steel beds, brooms, woodwork, shoemaking, tailoring, binder twine, etc. All able-bodied men are compelled to work. The rule is, "No work, no bread." Although the discipline is strict—in fact, military in exactness—the men have good food, and are humanely treated. There is a night school four nights a week where the men are taught reading, writing and arithmetic by teachers selected by the Prisoners' Aid Association. Every Sunday morning there is a Sunday school from 9 to 10.30, and at 3 in the afternoon there is a sermon by some member of the Toronto Ministerial Association.

THE REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN.

also called the "Mercer" Reformatory, is situated about half a mile west of the Central Prison, between King street and the Industrial Fair grounds. Women are sent to this reformatory for periods varying from three months to any period less than two years. The average number of prisoners here is less than 100. The principal industry is laundry work. There is a Sunday school Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, and a sermon Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, as well as on every Thursday evening.

The Prison Reform Commissioners appointed by the Ontario Government recommend with regard to the women's Reformatory the removal of the young girls from the adjoining Refuge, and utilizing the space gained to effect a better system of classification than is now practicable.

THE REFUGE FOR GIRLS.

Is (unfortunately) situated on the same site as the building is connected with that of the Reformatory for women. The average number of girls in the Refuge is about fifty. The ages range from five up to sixteen. The sentences vary from six months to six years. The great drawback to the successful working of this institution is the close proximity to the Women's Reformatory. The Commissioners recommend that the Refuge be entirely separated from the Reformatory, and be established on farm land away from city influences, and that the girls be taught farm and dairy work, and all kinds of household work as well.

THE REFORMATORY FOR BOYS.

Is situated at Penetanguishene. The location is bad, and the building is not at all adapted to the wants of such an institution. The Prison Reform Commissioners recommend that a Reformatory for boys be established on good farm land, not too far from the centers of population; that the boys be taught farming (which is now impossible), and that the Cottage system be introduced, both with a view to classification and also for the purpose of bringing to bear upon these wayward boys the reforming influence of home life as is done in Michigan and Massachusetts. There is an average of over 200 boys in this Reformatory.

THE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

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COUNTY POOR HOUSES.

The establishment of poor houses is in the hands of the County Councils, and as an encouragement to the counties, the Ontario Government has offered a bonus of \$4,000 for the erection of every such poor house. In many of the counties the jails are used as poor houses, and the aged destitute poor, are thus associated with the degraded, the vicious, and the criminal. This is out of harmony with the spirit of the age, with our common humanity and with the dictates of religion.

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It believes in the proper punishment of criminals as necessary to the security of society, and as best, every way, for criminals themselves.—Brinkerhoff.

A California man checked himself to death with a tape measure. The coroner's verdict was that he died by inches.

WORK AND WAGES.

The Fall River Operatives' Strike Grows in Dimensions.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 23.—The resistance of the weavers is growing in strength hourly. This afternoon the Shaw mill weavers voted not to return to work. One thousand looms were left idle in consequence, and the mill has been shut down. Chase, Leroy and Stafford mills have shut down, and other mills are expected to close tonight.

The fourteenth annual convention of the American Federation of Commerce, Denver, Col., Dec. 10. The representation in the convention will be upon the following basis: International and national unions with less than 4,000 members, one delegate; for 4,000 members or more, two delegates; for 8,000 members or more, three delegates; for 16,000 members or more, four delegates; for 32,000 members or more, five delegates, and so on. Local, trade or federal labor unions, State federations, central labor unions, trades assemblies or trades councils, one delegate each.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The Argentine Republic has rejected Japan's offer to buy the Argentine fleet of warships.

The new United States tariff has greatly increased trade between that country and Mexico.

The manuscript of an unknown one-act opera by Haydn has been discovered in an old castle in Hungary.

The Irish party's Paris fund has at last been released and is now in the hands of Mr. Justin McCarthy.

United States express company presidents will ask Congress to make laws against train robbers more stringent.

A schooner has been loaded at Bay City with lumber for Windsor, the first from Michigan to Canada under the new tariff.

At Hannibal, Mo., Sanford Baldwin murdered his wife and then killed himself. Quarrels over their step-children were frequent.

Four men robbed every store and the postoffice in the village of Watona, on the Kansas and Arkansas Valley Railway, Monday night.

Mr. Cecil Rhodes, Prime Minister of Cape Colony, says the product of the Kimberley diamond mines for the past year was valued at \$14,000,000.

Clarence and Sadie Robinson, the self-confessed murderers of Montgomery Gibbs in Buffalo, have been jointly indicted by the grand jury for murder in the first degree.

Mr. D. McNeill, general passenger agent of the C. P. R., denies that there is any trouble between the Canadian road and the Trunk Line Association, as reported in New York papers.

According to unofficial figures published in Brussels, the recent elections for members of the Chamber of Representatives resulted in the return of 104 Catholics, 19 Liberals, and 29 Socialists and Catholics.

Gov. Flower, of New York, issued a requisition on the Governor of Ohio for the surrender of Clarence Robinson, in custody in Cleveland charged with the murder of Montgomery Gibbs in Buffalo last April.

The American Congregational Missionary Convention opened at Lowell, Mass., on Tuesday afternoon, with 300 delegates present. The treasurer's annual report shows expenditures amounting to \$406,830.77, leaving a debt of \$26,300.97.

A workman is known by his chips and a barber by his shavings.

THE PRISON SYSTEM OF ONTARIO.

The Ontario penal and reformatory institutions are as follows: One Central Prison for men, one Reformatory for women, one Reformatory for boys, one Refuge for girls, one Industrial School for boys, one Industrial School for girls, and thirty-seven County Jails.

THE CENTRAL PRISON.

The Central Prison is located at Toronto, and has an average of 300 prisoners. The length of the sentences varies from two months to two years (less one day). Prisoners may be sent to the Central Prison either by sentence of the court, or they may be transferred from the county jails.

The men of the "Central" are engaged at a number of industries, including making tweeds, blankets, bed mattresses, brass and steel beds, brooms, woodwork, shoemaking, tailoring, binder twine, etc. All able-bodied men are compelled to work. The rule is, "No work, no bread." Although the discipline is strict—in fact, military in exactness—the men have good food, and are humanely treated. There is a night school four nights a week where the men are taught reading, writing and arithmetic by teachers selected by the Prisoners' Aid Association. Every Sunday morning there is a Sunday school from 9 to 10.30, and at 3 in the afternoon there is a sermon by some member of the Toronto Ministerial Association.

THE REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN.

also called the "Mercer" Reformatory, is situated about half a mile west of the Central Prison, between King street and the Industrial Fair grounds. Women are sent to this reformatory for periods varying from three months to any period less than two years. The average number of prisoners here is less than 100. The principal industry is laundry work. There is a Sunday school Sunday morning at 9 o'clock, and a sermon Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock, as well as on every Thursday evening.

The Prison Reform Commissioners appointed by the Ontario Government recommend with regard to the women's Reformatory the removal of the young girls from the adjoining Refuge, and utilizing the space gained to effect a better system of classification than is now practicable.

THE REFUGE FOR GIRLS.

Is (unfortunately) situated on the same site as the building is connected with that of the Reformatory for women. The average number of girls in the Refuge is about fifty. The ages range from five up to sixteen. The sentences vary from six months to six years. The great drawback to the successful working of this institution is the close proximity to the Women's Reformatory. The Commissioners recommend that the Refuge be entirely separated from the Reformatory, and be established on farm land away from city influences, and that the girls be taught farm and dairy work, and all kinds of household work as well.

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THE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS.

TANGLED
THREADS

"Not He had at least something to do with the mischief, if he did not write the letter."

"Yes. But without intending evil. The next to leave the house here may be myself," he added.

"You?"

"Of course you have heard that our works are at a standstill. The men have struck."

"That's old news; I heard it in Switzerland."

"If we are not able to re-open them—and I begin to think we shall not be—I must go out into the world and seek employment elsewhere."

"Nonsense!"

"If you reflect for a moment, you will see that it is all sober earnest, Miss Dalloway. When a man does not possess the means of living, he must work for one."

"She said no more then. And when she spoke again the subject was changed."

"Is Bessy's marriage a happy one?"

"Very—as it seems to me. The worst is, Bessy gets on as badly as ever in his profession."

"But why does he?"

"I know not. Except that madam undoubtedly works—always works—to keep him down."

"How wrong it is! He shall come and attend me. I will get up some headaches on purpose."

Richard laughed.

"We have had changes also, since you and I met," resumed Miss Dalloway. "But not of ours. I have become my own mistress in the world; an independent of every one. And Frank has taken up his abode at Ham Court for a permanent residence."

"I hope you intend to make good use of your independence," said Richard, gravely.

"Of course. And I shall be independent; you may rely on that."

"We heard it rumored some time ago that you were likely to lose your independence, Miss Dalloway."

"In what way?"

"By getting married."

"Their eyes met for a moment, and then dropped. Miss Dalloway laughed lightly.

"Did the news penetrate as far as this? Well, it never was 'likely,' Mr. Richard North. A gentleman asked me, but I had reason to suppose that he wanted my money more than he did myself, and so nothing came of it."

"Who was he?"

"It would not be fair to tell you."

"Thank you for correcting me," spoke Richard, in his earnest way; "I ought to feel ashamed for asking. I beg your pardon; and his."

Happening to glance at the young lady, he saw that her face had turned crimson. A rare thing for Miss Dalloway. She was too self-possessed to display emotion on light occasions.

"Have you seen Ham Court lately?" she resumed, looking up; the blushes making her very pretty.

"Not since your brother came to it. He has not been here long, you know. I called one day, but they said Mr. Dalloway was out."

"The place is very nice now. He has made alterations, and done it up beautifully. You must come again."

"With pleasure," answered Richard. "How long shall you remain with him?"

"As long as he will have me. I am not going away yet. I shall make it my home. Frank has quiet tastes, and so have I; and we intend to live a Darby and Joan life together, and grow into an old maid and old bachelor."

Richard smiled. "How is it Francis did not come with you this evening?"

"May I dare to tell you why?" she whispered. "When we saw madam's carriage driving up, Frank disappeared. 'Say I am out,' was his order to me. He and madam never got on well as a little boy he was terribly afraid of her, and I think the feeling has lasted. When I went to put my bonnet on, I found him shut up in his room. He wished me joy of my visit, and promised to come and walk home with me in the evening."

Madam rose from table early. Something in the arrangements did not seem to suit her. It was a warm and lovely evening, and they went out on the lawn. Miss Dalloway slipped round the corner of the house to the window of Mr. North's parlor.

It stood open and he sat just within it. She laid her hand on his knee, and his head dropped. Miss Dalloway started; so much because his face was thin and worn, but at his hopeless expression. In her two years' absence, he seemed to have aged ten.

She stepped over the threshold, and gently laid her hands on his. He looked up as a man bewildered.

"Why—it—it cannot be Mary Dalloway."

"It is Mary Dalloway; come home at last. Won't you kiss me, dear Mr. North?"

He kissed her fondly. In the old days, when John North was supposed to be the most rising man in a commercial point of view, in the county, Mr. Dalloway had thought it worth while to court his friendship, and Mr. North had been asked to stand godfather to his little girl, Mary—after she lost her own parents—was wont to say she belonged to the Hall, and often would be there. Her aunt, Mrs. Lenson, who had been a Miss Dalloway once, was left guardian to the children, with Ham Court as her residence until the younger son should be of age, to whom it would then lapse. But Mrs. Lenson spent a large portion of her time in London, and sometimes the children had not seen their native place, Dalloway, for years together.

"When did you come home, my dear?"

"To England a week ago. To Ham Court only yesterday. Do you know that you are much changed?"

"Ay. There's nothing but change in this life of ours, the faster our sorrows seem to come upon us. I have had more than my share of them, and they have changed me. I see only one source of comfort left to me in the wide world."

"And that?" she asked, half kneeling at his feet.

"My dear son Richard. No one knows the sea has been to me. No one save God."

Miss Dalloway gave no answer to this. He was lost in deep abstraction, thinking no doubt of his many troubles—for he always was thinking of them—when the person in question entered; Richard North. Miss Dalloway rose and sat down on a chair decorously.

She remained only a minute or two now, and spent the time talking and laughing. Richard gave her his arm to take her back to the others. Miss Dalloway apparently was in no hurry to go, for she lingered over some of the flower beds.

"Is the strike a serious matter?" she questioned in a confidential tone.

"As serious as it is possible for any matter of the kind to be," replied Richard.

"You and your men were always on the

best of terms; why did they become dissatisfied with you?"

"They never became dissatisfied with me. The Trades Unions' agents stepped in and persuaded them they would be better off if they could work less time and be paid more wages. The men listened; it was only natural they should do so; and presented themselves with these new demands. I did not grant them, and they struck. That's the case in a nutshell, Miss Dalloway."

"I suppose you would not grant them?"

"I would not grant them upon principle; I could not, because my profits did not allow it. I am quite certain that if I had given away, in a short time the men would have demanded more. The Trades Unions will never allow them to be satisfied, until—"

"Until what?" she asked for Richard had stopped.

"Until the country is ruined, and its trade has left it."

"It is a serious thing," she said—and she was very grave now. "I suppose you would take the men on again upon the old terms?"

"And be glad to do it."

"And they will not come?"

"No. I have offered to meet them halfway. It is of no use."

"Then I think these men deserve to learn what value of employment means," she returned warmly. "I thought you men were intelligent; I used to know many of them. When I go amongst them—and that may be to-morrow—I shall ask them if they have taken leave of their senses. What does Mrs. Gass say to it all?"

Richard smiled a little. Mrs. Gass said more than he did, he answered, but it was equally useless.

(To be Continued.)

Beyond Comparison

Are the good qualities possessed by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Above all it purifies the blood, thus strengthening the nerves; it regulates the digestive organs, invigorates the liver, tones and builds up the entire system, cures Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Catarrh and Rheumatism, and is the only Hood's Sarsaparilla. Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache, etc. A Complimentary Friend—Very striking woman, Mrs. Van Soort. Mr. Van Soort—Yes, she hit me for ten this morning.

A Man Made Happy.—For five years I have suffered with Dyspepsia; the pain in the pit of my stomach was almost unbearable and life only seemed a drag to me. When I would go to sleep I would have horrible dreams, and my life became very miserable, as there was no rest either day or night. But with the use of only two bottles of Northrop & Lyman's Discovery this unhappy state has all been changed and I am a well man. I can assure you, my case was a bad one, and I send you this that it may be the means of convincing others of the wonderful curative qualities possessed by this medicine, that are specially adapted for the cure of Dyspepsia. A lady customer of mine had the Dyspepsia very bad, she could scarcely eat anything, and was troubled with pains similar to those I suffered with; and she cured herself with two bottles of Northrop & Lyman's VEGETABLE DISCOVERY. I wish you success with your medicine, as I am fully convinced that it will do all you claim for it.

Signed, MELVILLE B. MARSH, Abercorn, P. Q. General Merchant.

Wheelman (sententiously)—The bicycle is no longer a toy. Ordinary Citizen (earnestly)—No, sir, it isn't. I've been run into by one myself.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhea, Dysentery, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, and all looseness of the bowels. Never travel without it. Price 35 cents.

Chattered.—Came—See that fellow across the street? He cheated me out of \$20,000.

Friend—How? Came—By refusing me his daughter's hand.

For Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Cramps, Colic, Diarrhea, Dysentery, and Summer Complaint, Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is a prompt, safe and sure cure that has been a popular favorite for over 40 years.

Tommy—Paw, teacher wants us to tell what is the difference between "speak" and "talk." Mr. Figg—Um—lemme see. Generally when I get into an argument with your mother she is outspoken and I am out-talked.

AN EDITOR'S OPINION OF POND'S EXTRACT: "Your medicine is first-class. We would not be without it in the house (yellow label, buff wrapper, name blown in the glass) for \$50 a year."—(Aurora, Ill., Express and Herald).

"If I give you your dinner," asked M. a. Haines, "will you turn the grindstone awhile?" "Naw," said Dismal Dawson. "I ain't no crank agitator."

Among the pains and aches cured with marvelous rapidity with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is earache. The young are especially subject to it, and the desirability of this Oil as a family remedy is enhanced by the fact that it is admirably adapted not only to the above ailment, but also to the hurts, disorders of the bowels, and affections of the throat, to which the young are especially subject.

"It must be strange for the Spaniards to feel that they are ruled over by a white man." "Why?" "It's so uncommon." "Humph! It's plain you never had an infant."

Why will you allow a cough to lacerate your throat or lungs and run the risk of filling a consumptive's grave, when by the timely use of Little's Anti-Consumptive syrup the pain can be allayed and the danger avoided? This Syrup is pleasant to the taste, and unsurpassed for relieving, healing and curing all affections of the throat and lungs, coughs, colds, bronchitis, etc.

"Pardon me!" is what the police convict said when he ran into the governor as he was passing through his corridor in the prison.

Fatal Results of Delay.

Sickness generally follows in the path of neglect. Don't be reckless! But prudently take a few doses of Scott's Emulsion immediately following exposure to cold. It will save you many painful days and sleepless nights.

A Chicago girl threatens to box the ears of an editor of that city. What a thrill of life this would infuse into the lumber market.

Gibbons' Toothache Gum is easily applied, cures instantly and is sold by druggists for 15 cents.

"I had a rousing time this morning," said the small boy whose father hauled him head foremost out of the bed at 6 o'clock.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

ESSEX.

A proposition to tax the gas mains in Windsor was defeated by the council.

Windsor Board of Health wants a new pesthouse.

George Gould, the New York millionaire, had a hunt for quail at Stoney Point Monday.

The Methodists of Ridgeway requested a thank offering on Sunday last to take the place of the usual harvest home festival or thanksgiving supper. They asked for \$100 and received \$151.

ELGIN.

On Monday, Oct. 4, four ladies were attacked on the streets of Dutton by a young man. Next day he was charged by Mrs. Colin Campbell, near Campbelltown, on the public highway, and attempted to assault her. Only after a desperate resistance, when her clothes were torn from her body, did the young lady succeed in effecting her escape. A brother and cousin of the victim gave chase, and captured the culprit, a young man named Andrew Foote, 18 years of age, who had been brought out from England by the Board of Education. Foote had been discharged on the condition that he is returned to England at once.

John D. King and wife, of St. Thomas, celebrated their golden wedding Monday.

Mr. King is sub-collector of customs.

Revs. Crossley and Hunter have returned home from Pembroke, where they have made over 600 conversions. They go next to Albany, N. Y., where they commence union meetings next Sunday, then to St. Catharines, Ont., Boston, and St. John, N. B.

Mrs. Sarah Oliver, of St. Thomas, supposed to be the oldest resident of Elgin, died Tuesday, Oct. 23, at her home in Cornwall, Eng. In June, 1808, she emigrated to Canada in 1832 with her husband, John Oliver, who died July 29, 1850, and settled on a large farm near St. Catharines, but shortly afterwards removed to the Oliver homestead, on the 6th concession of the same township, on which deceased's son James now resides.

HURON.

The number of chattel mortgages on record in Huron county on Jan. 1 was 44, covering loans to the amount of \$178,600.

KENT.

The Kent Assizes will cost the county \$1,168 35.

Duck shooting at Rond Eau is pronounced good.

Mrs. Leahy, who secured \$1,000 damages against Mr. Hickey for breach of promise of marriage at the Kent Assizes, has become Mrs. Hickey.

Mr. Richards, son, of Williams, broke his arm while threshing. His arm came in contact with a belt.

John Harris, a colored man, of Chatham, was found assaulting a girl, Minnie Campbell, on Park street on Saturday night. The girl's screams attracted several men, who rescued her. Harris was found guilty by the magistrate and judgment reserved.

John Stanley, who was committed for trial on two charges, one of stealing boots and another of a most heinous assault, was arraigned before Judge Bell at Chatham Monday and found guilty of both offenses. On the former charge he was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary and on the latter to three years in the same institution.

MIDDLESEX.

Maudie, the 9-year-old daughter of Mr. Wm. Triggs, Glanworth, passed away Tuesday from the effects of paralysis, the result of diphtheria.

OXFORD.

The prospective marriage at Woodstock jail between young James, of Hamilton, and the Woodstock girl who was the partner of his little driving escapade, has been declared off owing to his family's objections.

PETER.

While burning leaves the clothes of Pearl Trombley, of Stratford, became ignited. The girl screaming and was captured by the men, whose prompt actions saved her life. Some of her hair was burnt off.

W. J. Freeland, music instructor of public schools in Stratford, is very ill.

On Saturday night fourteen tramps took shelter in a barn on the farm of Henry Wittig, lot 43, con. 4, South of Stratford, about two miles from Stratford. The police selected five suspicious looking fellows, one of whom had a black valise, and placed them under arrest. The others were allowed to go. The five suspects were brought to Stratford and placed in the county jail.

Hamilton & Levett's cigar factory, Stratford, was robbed of 400 choice cigars Sunday morning.

SIMCOE.

The barns of Benj. Mabey, on the Eastwick road, near Tilsonburg, were burned to the ground Monday, together with the season's crop, a lot of implements, two horses and a steed which had to be killed on account of their injuries.

A number of boys were watching a train going by at Baden, when someone on the train threw a quantity of coal and struck a boy named Victor Lundy on the forehead, inflicting a bad gash and cracking the skull.

THAMESVILLE.

[Agent for the ADVERTISER, John Duncan.]

Joseph McGaffly met with a very painful accident Monday morning in the handle factory. While shaving off wood for axe handles the block slipped, and he had the little finger sawed nearly off. This is the third or fourth accident that has happened in the mill.

Mr. E. Graves intends removing his business from the street into a store recently occupied by Mr. G. T. Scott.

Mr. Murdoch, of Lucan, who has been visiting his son here, returned home this morning.

Mr. John Cairns, formerly in the employ of Wm. Wilson, is now engaged at Mayer & Holmes' palaces store.

Miss Mabel Bloom, a resident of this place for a number of years, is very sick in Toronto.

Mr. Kelly has purchased the old house on London street owned by John Duffas. He intends moving it to his own lot.

Mr. McCarty is visiting at his cousin's, Mr. Kennedy.

Mr. Jas. McFarlane returned home from the Northwest Saturday.

AN ACTOR IN HARD LUCK.

Reville Germaine, Weak from Privation, sells in the Street.

New York, Oct. 23.—Reville Germaine, actor, who has been a manager, and who was, until five years ago, the husband of Maud Granger, fell in a fit in front of the Sturtevant House at 9:30 Sunday night. The fall broke his nose. He was taken to the New York Hospital, where it was thought his injuries might be serious.

Germaine had a room at the Sturtevant House until Sunday night, when he was forced to give it up. He had to hire a room, and no money with which to hire a room. He walked the streets until 7 o'clock in the morning, and then, in an exhausted condition, went for help to a friend who was not much better off. The friend had little to offer, but told Germaine he was welcome to share his room.

Germaine slept in the room all the afternoon, and at night went to meet a friend at the Sturtevant House. He was talking with Thomas Doyle, also an actor, when he fell.

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade or any other cold drink will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic, Diarrhea, and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know

that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups, and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Patent Office Department of the United States, and of other countries, have issued exclusive right to Dr. Pitcher and his assigns to use the word "Castoria" and its formula, and that to imitate them is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are furnished for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of *Dr. H. Pitcher* is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The People's Popular Policy

Every Life and Endowment Policy issued by the Manufacturers' Life is absolutely without conditions as to habits of life or manner of death, and is non-forfeitable after the first year from any cause whatever. Containing some of the most desirable features in life insurance, and issued at the lowest rates, an unconditional policy in the Manufacturers' Life is . . .

THE PEOPLE'S POPULAR POLICY.

J. T. BURGESS, Agent, 410½ Richmond Street.

HOT AIR FURNACE

COMBINED WITH HOT WATER, IF DESIRED.

Our "Famous Florida" FOR COAL.

With steel dome, low steel radiator and three steel flues, is constructed on the principle of a base burner stove, and is as easily regulated as one. This principle is well recognized by the furnace makers of the United States as the correct one, and has been generally adopted by them. The distance the heat has to travel compels its utmost radiation and consequently insures great heating power with economy in fuel.

WE CONTRACT to place a furnace complete for use and

GUARANTEE SATISFACTION.

We hold highest testimonials from users.

THE McCLARY MANUFACTURING CO'Y, LONDON, TORONTO, MONTREAL, WINNIPEG, VANCOUVER.

OAK HALL

Fine Ready-Made Clothing.

BIG BOYS, LITTLE BOYS and TOTLETS.

For the big boys, 14 to 18 years, the great, popular and fashionable style this fall and winter is the Double-Breasted Sack Suit and Ulster Overcoat.

For the boys of 5 to 14 years, the selections are many, from the elegant novelties to the reliable Double-Breasted Suit and Cape Overcoat. Reefers, all that are new and fresh. Odd Pants, just the thing for school wear, strong and cheap; we have them.

TO ORDER

ALL-WOOL TWEED SUITS, \$16 00
ALL-WOOL TWEED SUITS, 18 00
HEAVY WOOL PANTS, \$4 00 and 4 50
UNDERCLOTHING, all-wool, 50c and up

See our Tailor-made Flannel Shirts.

PETHICK & McDONALD,

593 RICHMOND STREET, first door north of City Hall.

City Coal & Wood Yard

LOWEST PRICES.

We have a large stock of the Best Canadian Coal coming in. Our Wood is nearly all maple, cut to suit your order. Also a few knots for box stoves cheap. A trial solicited.

Campbell & Chanler

176 Bathurst St. Phone 347.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES

LONDON & PORT STANLEY RY.

Taking effect Tuesday, June 1, 1894.

Leave London..... 6:30 10:05 2:30 5:40
Arrive London..... 8:45 2:15 5:50 11:10

NOTE—Trains leaving London at 2:30 and arriving at 5:50 p.m. only run to St. Thomas.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Going East.

STATION	6:30 a.m.	10:05 a.m.	2:30 p.m.	5:40 p.m.
LONDON	6:30	10:05	2:30	5:40
Windsor	6:45	10:20	2:45	5:55
Chatham	7:00	10:35	3:00	6:10
Peterborough	7:15	10:50	3:15	6:25
Kingston	7:30	11:05	3:30	6:40
Quebec	7:45	11:20	3:45	6:55
Montreal	8:00	11:35	4:00	7:10
Halifax	8:15	11:50	4:15	7:25

Trains arrive from the east at 11:25 a.m., 8:00 p.m., 11:50 p.m.

Going West.

STATION	6:30 a.m.	10:05 a.m.	2:30 p.m.	5:40 p.m.
LONDON	6:30	10:05	2:30	5:40
Windsor	6:45	10:20	2:45	5:55
Chatham	7:00	10:35	3:00	6:10
Peterborough	7:15	10:50	3:15	6:25
Kingston	7:30	11:05	3:30	6:40
Quebec	7:45	11:20	3:45	6:55
Montreal	8:00	11:35	4:00	7:10
Halifax	8:15	11:50	4:15	7:25

Trains arrive from the west at 10:10 a.m., 4:25 p.m., 8:45 p.m.

THE R. PARKER, City Ticket and Passenger Agent, 101 Dundas street, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas.

ERIE AND HURON RAILWAY.

Trains South.

STATIONS	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
Sarnia (G. T. R.)	6:30 a.m.	10:05 a.m.	2:30 p.m.	5:40 p.m.
Courtright	6:45	10:20	3:00	6:10
M. C. R. Junction	7:00	10:35	3:15	6:25
Chatham (C. P. R.)	7:15	10:50	3:30	6:40
Fargo	7:30	11:05	3:45	6:55
Blenheim	7:45	11:20	4:00	7:10

Trains North.

STATIONS	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
Blenheim	6:30 a.m.	10:05 a.m.	2:30 p.m.	5:40 p.m.
Fargo	6:45	10:20	3:00	6:10
Chatham (C. P. R.)	7:00	10:35	3:15	6:25
M. C. R. Junction	7:15	10:50	3:30	6:40
Courtright	7:30	11:05	3:45	6:55
Sarnia (G. T. R.)	7:45	11:20	4:00	7:10

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

LONDON TIME.

Canada Southern Division—Going East.

STATION	Leave London	Leave St. Thomas
American Express (daily except Monday)	6:30 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Atlantic Express (daily)	6:45 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
Mail and Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	7:00 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
New York and Boston (Special daily)	7:15 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Fast Eastern Express (daily)	7:30 a.m.	12:00 p.m.
North Shore Limited (daily)	7:45 a.m.	12:15 p.m.

Canada Southern Division—Going West.

STATION	Arrive London	Arrive St. Thomas
North Shore Limited (daily)	6:30 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
Detroit Express (daily except Sunday)	6:45 a.m.	11:15 a.m.
Fast Western Express (daily)	7:00 a.m.	11:30 a.m.
American Express (daily except Monday)	7:15 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
Mail and Accommodation (daily except Sunday)	7:30 a.m.	12:00 p.m.
Pacific Express (daily)	7:45 a.m.	12:15 p.m.
Boston, New York and Chicago Special (daily)	7:50 a.m.	12:20 p.m.

[NOTE.—No trains to or from London on Sunday.]

JOHN PAUL, City Passenger Agent, 395 Richmond street.

GRAND TRUNK—Southern Division

The Delight of Dyeing

Is mutual with Parker and Parker's patrons. The reputation of this great Dyeing and Cleaning establishment is founded on reliable work at most reasonable prices. The constant aim is to please patrons. The result is a business growth from a small beginning to the largest Dyeing House in the Dominion. Unrivalled work has won our universal success.

R. Parker & Co.,
DYERS AND CLEANERS.

217 Dundas Street, London, Ontario.
Telephone—614.
Branches at Toronto, Hamilton, Brantford, St. Catharines, Galt and Woodstock.

WINDOW SHADES

—WITH—
LACES AND FRINGES

TO MATCH.

O. B. GRAVES,
222 Dundas Street.

Births, Marriages and Deaths

DIED.

MURRAY—Sunday, Oct. 21, at the manse, Rev. James Allister Murray, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.

For Coughs and Colds
Use Syrup Linseed and Tar.
For Throat and Lungs
Use Emulsion Cod Liver Oil
with Creosote.

JAS. G. ROSS, Chemist
491 RICHMOND STREET.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES AT SHUFF'S
Drug Store, 659 Dundas Street East, Residence, Dundas Street, corner William, Lake Dundas Street East. No witnesses required.

W. H. WESTON, GROCER, ISSUES
Licenses at his office, 64 Stanley Street. No bond required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN,
Jeweler, 492 Richmond Street.



This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.
J. D. SAUNBY
217 York Street.
Telephone 118.

F.C.B.C.

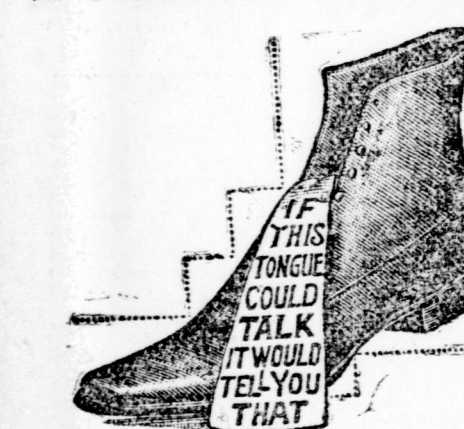
Forest City Business and Shorthand College,
LONDON, ONT.
Leads in methods of instruction, attendance,
success of students. Catalogue free. Good
board, \$2.50 per week. Address carefully
J. W. WESTERVELT, Principal.

FURS!! FURS

—GO TO—
BEATON'S.
He will show you the best
selection of Fine Furs in the
city. We make the bulk of
our own goods on the premises,
and will guarantee satisfaction.
Furs altered and
repaired at short notice.

H. BEATON,
188 Dundas St., London.

Political Booty



Tories believe in protection and duty.

That Grits believe in free trade.

That Patrons believe in a square deal for the farmers.

That Mugwumps believe in not much of anything but themselves.

We believe in them all. We believe in protection for your feet (from cold), duty (your duty to buy from us), free trade (trade where you get best value for your money. Square deal, reliable Shoes for the farmers at lowest prices. Plenty of money, so you can spend it for Shoes, and plenty of offices so that every man who wants one can get it. We also believe in London and Middlesex for the reason that a good many of the inhabitants are patronizing us. Maybe we are selfish about those things, but a man who don't look out and mind his own business is pretty apt to get lost in the shuffle.

Have you taken advantage of our bargains? If not, why not? Our Shoes are warranted to wear well and fit perfectly.

Pocock Bros.,
The Leading Shoe Dealers.

DAMAGED

FLOOR

OILCLOTHS

FOR

STOVES.

EXTRA BARGAINS

—AT—

Priddis Bros.

Don't Insure Your Life

Without first examining the new policy of the...

Confederation Life.

No RESTRICTIONS IN POLICY.

If only two payments are made (and no more) value for money paid is given. Our Endowment Policy is unsurpassed. A more liberal contract not issued. Ladies, see it! Gentlemen, see it!

FRED H. BEATH, General Agent,
GEO. PRITCHEARD, Local Agent.

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London Advertiser.

Telephone Numbers.

107.....BUSINESS OFFICE

134.....EDITORIAL ROOMS

175.....JOB DEPARTMENT

LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

The time to get your Printing is

now, the place is the London ADVERTISER Job Printing Department: Will

our friends everywhere remember that

we print positively everything, from a

book down to the smallest card?

Either call in or write for prices and

samples. You will be gratified to find

how well, how reasonably, and how

speedily your order will be filled. We

try to keep every promise to the hour.

Of all the bibles, not one can hold a candle

to him who bibles most keenly in this fall.

The man who wants to bet on the election

Who swaggers round and thinks he knows it

all

Would you faint see this get up and get.

Pull out your roll and say you'll take his bet.

—High Constable Schram is recovering

from an attack of the grip and asthma.

—The firemen were called to 425 Wel-

lington Street at noon yesterday to attend

to a chimney fire.

—A number of Westminster farmers near

the waterworks have had large quantities

of wood stolen recently, most of it from the

bush.

—Mr. Charles Weir, grocer, Port Stan-

ley, has made an assignment to Adams &

Co., of this city, for the benefit of his

creditors.

—All-Saints' Mission Chapel on the

Hamilton road is prospering, and it has

been decided to erect an addition to the

present edifice.

—Crossley and Hunter, the Methodist

evangelists, closed a month's service at

Pembroke on Sunday evening. Many con-

verts were secured.

—Next Wednesday is All-Saints' Day.

Special services will be conducted in All-

Saints' Chapel, Hamilton road, by Rev.

Mr. Berry, curate of St. Paul's.

—Mrs. John Matthews and Mrs. W. J.

Armstrong, of East London, were sum-

moned to Tilsonburg yesterday owing to

the serious illness of their father, Mr.

Ward.

—Mr. W. R. Meredith was yesterday

sworn in as chief justice before ex-Chief

Justice Sir Thomas Galt, Sir Oliver Mowat

and several members of the Ontario Cabi-

net.

—The Port Stanley Board held a brief

meeting last night at which "only routine

business was attended to," as a member

put it. The board will meet in two weeks

and prepare its annual report.

—The Sons of England Band has secured

Mr. George Binkhorn as its leader. A

difficultly secured Mr. Chas. Chausser,

the former instructor, and the band, and

Mr. Chausser was requested to resign.

—The following are the London delegates

to the Ontario Sabbath school convention at

Belleville: C. G. Powell, Mrs. (Dr.) Eccles,

of Queen's Avenue Methodist Church; W.

J. Saunby, of Kensington Mission, and Mr.

D. A. McDermid, of Dundas Street Metho-

dist Church.

—G. T. R. Station Master McHarg has

retired from his duties before ex-Chief

Justice Sir Thomas Galt, Sir Oliver Mowat

"Williams' Royal Crown Remedy"

Saved John Weir's Life.

May be seen in large letters on the covers of the

the horses that precede the handsome Royal

Crown Remedy wagon at Toronto and

Western Fairs. To a Globe reporter, Mr.

Weir said: "This is a most marvelous cure. I

became pale as a corpse, my blood seemed to

be turned to water. I had dizziness and a

ringing noise in my head; my hands and feet

were cold all the time, and my limbs were com-

pletely swollen up to the body. Some doctors

called it consumption of the blood. I got so

weak that I could not walk, and finally took

to my bed." Mrs. Weir says: "All M. Weir

has told you is true. At times he lay for days

unconscious and unable to take nourishment

of any kind, and was reduced to a mere

skeleton of 84 pounds; and I fully believe that

if we had been one day later in getting

Williams' Royal Crown Remedy he would be

in his grave to-day. So it may well be said

"Williams' Royal Crown Remedy saved John

Weir's life. The best druggists keep Royal

Crown Remedy, but if your druggist does not,

remit direct to Isaac Williams Company, Lon-

don, and they will send it to you by first ex-

press. The price at which Williams' Royal

Crown Remedy is sold makes a course of treat-

ment comparatively inexpensive as compared

with any other medical treatment. 6 bottles

for \$5, from Isaac Williams Co., London, Ont.

Get this out and send to sick friend.

Williams' Royal Crown Remedy and

Pills cures all nature's ills.

HATS! See our special—\$2.00 STIFF HATS.

London's Fashionable Hatter.

400 RICHMOND ST.

JARS JARS JARS

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One Chance

—IN A—

Life Time

—AT—

MARA'S

We cordially invite every lady