

The Standard

NEW BRUNSWICK, CANADA.

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WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 8, 1914

PROBS.—UNSETTLED

PRICE TWO CENTS

FEDERAL GOV'T TO PROVIDE FOR ENTIRE COST OF VALLEY RAILWAY BRIDGES

Will Also Pay Interest on the Cost, Three Millions, For Fifteen Years, Premier Fleming Announces in Introducing the Bill for Guarantee of Additional Bonds.

ENTRY OF THE ROAD TO ST. JOHN BY EASTERN ROUTE IS PROVIDED FOR

Additional Bond Guarantee of \$10,000 Per Mile—Only \$8,000 on Centreville-Gagetown Section—Adequate Safeguards for Province Provided—Gives Reasons for Necessity of Additional Guarantee.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, April 7.—St. John Valley Railway legislation was introduced in the legislature this evening by Premier Fleming. In a speech of upward of an hour's duration the Premier who had been confined to his room all day made a most complete presentation of the whole Valley Railway situation. The bill provides for completion of construction of the railway by the route as originally planned and contracted for so that the road will enter St. John by the eastern route crossing the St. John and Kennebecasis Rivers. To make this possible the Dominion government has agreed to provide for entire cost of big bridges which will cost \$3,000,000, and pay interest thereon for a period of 15 years.

The additional bond guarantee which is to be provided is \$10,000 per mile for the length of the railway but this is to be so divided as to make the amount of additional guarantee on the section from Centreville to Gagetown \$8,000 per mile as this is the easiest part of road to construct, while the balance will be added to the present guarantees on sections below Gagetown and above Centreville which will be of more difficult and expensive construction. The measure is surrounded by restrictions and safeguards which amply protect the province's interests.

The Premier dealt in detail with the whole history of the project from its inception, pointing out that the cost when completed would be manifestly less than other roads of similar specifications, which were being constructed, and by comparison with cost of the National Transcontinental Railway through this province over a route which was accepted because it was cheaper by engineers to be a line to the St. John Valley showed the claims of F. B. Carvell, M. P., and others that the road could be built for nothing short of absurd.

With facts and figures the Premier dealt with every phase of his project in a mastery way showing the true fabric of the tissue of base falsehoods which the hysterical writers in opposition press have been daily parading before the public. It was a fact worthy of notice that every seat in the house was occupied throughout the Premier's speech with one exception, and that one was that of the leader of the opposition, Mr. Dugal, who has been lately pictured as the saviour of the province by calamity howlers did not grace the assembly chamber with his presence during the entire discussion of this most important question by the leader of the government, and the opposition's manager and press agent was also conspicuously absent from his usual seat.

At the conclusion of his speech which commenced shortly before 10 o'clock and closed about 11 o'clock, the Premier was surrounded by his supporters when he went out into the smoking room and on all sides was showered with congratulations. The Premier was unhesitatingly told that he had made the greatest speech in his career in public life. Following the remarkable ovation he received when he entered the assembly chamber early in the evening the Premier was repeatedly applauded as he scored the enemies of the government and the coteries who had endeavored from the first to block the Valley Railway project.

It was a great triumph for the Premier personally as well as for the government and created a tremendous impression.

The bill was given its first reading without a division and then a second reading on grounds of urgency.

On the committee resuming further consideration of the bill relating to the Fredericton Gas Light Company was taken up and the bill agreed to with some amendments.

Mr. Slipp presented the report of the corporation committee.

ed how they came to guarantee these bonds, unless they knew what they were doing and what steps they took to find out if the company's finances, apart from the government's guarantee, were sufficiently reliable to complete the road. He would tell the house the grounds the government had for believing the company was able to carry out its obligations.

F. J. Lesman and Company.

The premier then read the following letters and telegrams:

30 Broad Street, New York, Sept. 6, 1911.

Mr. A. R. Gould, Premier, etc.,

Dear Sir,—Should any of the gentlemen connected with the government of New Brunswick not know of us personally, we beg to say that the present time we are financing among other propositions the construction of the Alabama, Tennessee and Norfolk Lines in Alabama, the Kansas City and Memphis Railway, a branch line in Arkansas of the Kansas City Southern System; the Tampa and Jacksonville Railway in Florida and the Raleigh and Southport and Elkin and Alleghany Railways in North Carolina.

Should they desire to know anything further of us, we would suggest that they communicate with the larger banks with which we are doing business, such as the Mechanics and Metals National Bank, the National Bank of Commerce or the American Exchange National Bank, all of New York City.

It is hardly necessary for us to say that additional information may be obtained from R. C. Dun & Co., of Bradstreet, if they desire it.

Very truly yours,

(Sgd.) F. J. LISMAN & CO.

Presque Isle, Maine, Sept. 8, 1911.

Hon. J. D. Hasen, Premier

Province of N. B., St. John, N. B.

Dear Sir,—I am pleased to be able to hand you a letter from F. J. Lisman & Company, of New York City, who signify their willingness to finance the St. John and Quebec Railway Company for us from Grand Falls to St. John, N. B.

We trust this will satisfy you and your government as to our financial ability, and that you are ready to sign the contract for the building of railroad without further delay.

Kindly advise us earliest date we may have a meeting with you and the Dominion government to arrange the completion of the contract so you start the construction at once.

Yours very truly,

ST. JOHN & QUEBEC RAILWAY CO. (Sgd.) A. R. GOULD, President.

P. S.—We are notifying the Dominion government that our financial matters are arranged, and we are ready to sign a contract with the department of railways.

A. R. G.

TELEGRAMS.

New York, Oct. 5, 1911.

J. K. Fleming, Provincial Secretary of N. B., St. John, N. B.

Firm mentioned good financial standing and reputation.

ST. JOHN & QUEBEC RAILWAY CO. NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE New York.

Dated New York, Oct. 5, 1911.

To J. K. Fleming, Provincial Secretary of N. B., St. John, N. B.

Frederick J. Lisman, reputed rich, reliable, standing high.

R. G. DEN & CO.

Dated New York, 5 Oct., 1911.

To J. K. Fleming, Esq., Provincial Secretary of N. B., St. John, N. B.

Referring your telegram mentioned of high standing and believe responsible for such obligations as they might incur.

MECHANICS AND METALS NATIONAL BANK New York.

New York, Oct. 5, 1911.

J. K. Fleming, Provincial Secretary of N. B., St. John, N. B.

Firm inquired of good reputation, make good statement. Their dealings with us have been entirely satisfactory.

NATIONAL BANK.

It was on this information that the government considered they were quite justified in accepting obligations of Lisman & Company for the unguaranteed securities. They were prepared to take these over and provide \$7,500,000 per mile, and it was because of Lisman & Company's inability to carry out what they were supposed to do that made this legislation necessary.

The people who were financing the road failed to carry out their obligations. There were two courses open to the government. This railway on which four million had already been must be completed.

Only Two Courses to Pursue

There was a crying need for the railway, and there had been for a half a century, but it had never been met until this government came into power. The two courses which were open to the government at the present time one was to give additional assistance to this government came into power. The other was to take over the road as provided by section 5 of the contract, and finish it as a government work. Under that section of the contract the government could have taken steps to take over the railway, and the time to right of way, plants, etc. would all have vested in the province, but the government de-

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A. K. MACLEAN FAILS TO MAKE OUT HIS CASE

Labored Four Hours Without Finding Anything Derogatory in Budget Speech

BLUE RUIN STORY AGAIN TO THE FORE.

As the Financial Critic for the Opposition He Did Not Prove a Phenomenal Success.

Special to The Standard.

Ottawa, April 7.—Four hours of wild groping for something derogatory to say of Hon. W. T. White's budget speech without finding anything characterized A. K. MacLean's deliverance today. To him was delegated the duty of firing the first of the Liberal guns. The Liberals have no real financial critic but Mr. MacLean is the best they have got. He was quite frank at times in admitting that he had nothing very bad to say about the Budget regime, and after asserting that the big question today was the high cost of living he took pains to emphasize that he did not blame the Conservatives for it. Obviously therefore the Liberals must be the bad men.

Mr. MacLean came out strongly for free food, free wheat and free agricultural implements. He is now a full fledged free trader. Of course like a true Liberal he had to have a side at "blue ruin" as he did that part of it well, having rehearsed it so often.

H. E. AMES.

Mr. H. E. Ames who followed said that with the possible exception of the development of the Glasgow harbor, said Mr. Cowie, there was no more remarkable episode in the annals of harbor engineering than the making of Montreal an ocean port.

Mr. Cowie uttered some criticism in regard to the handling of the grain trade on this side of the ocean, remarking that while the Canadian government and the Montreal harbor commission were encouraging, cheaper transport, there were those who felt that the improvements in the storage and handling of grain in the ports of the United Kingdom were not advancing in an equal measure so as to result in a lower cost to the consumer and the encouragement of the producer. The importation of grain was one of the heaviest items at several British ports, but the facilities for economic handling, with cheap forwarding to the mills, were far behind modern scientific American and Canadian practice, or that in vogue at the growing North Sea competitive ports, there was also a distinct lack of such storage facilities as would guarantee a good supply. In several instances the government had apparently been overlooked. The result would be to encourage American millers to manufacture their own flour and ship it direct to the bakers, thus causing a loss not only to the transportation systems of Canada but also to the millers, as well as a further curtailment of Britain's food supply.

NEWS RECEIVED OF DEATH OF CHAS. CURRIE, AT VANCOUVER B. C.

Left Only Few Days Ago on Trip to West—Was Well Known Hockey Player.

Special to The Standard.

Windsor, N. S., April 7.—The sad news reached Mr. P. O. Currie by wire early this morning of the death at Vancouver last night of his eldest son, Charles Currie, who left here about ten days ago on a trip to the Pacific coast. The first news came from him en route saying that he was suffering with a severe cold but that he was going to Vancouver. The next message received was from Mr. Burpee Currie, brother of the deceased, saying that Charles was very ill and in a critical condition. This was followed by another announcing his death, both telegrams being delivered within a few moments of each other. The deceased had passed away suffering from an acute attack of pneumonia.

The sad news has plunged the whole family into the deepest grief and cast a gloom over the entire community.

The deceased is survived by a wife and one child. Mr. Currie was well known in Amherst and other places of the famous long-shot hockey player who enjoyed the friendship of a large circle of relatives and friends who will learn the news of his sudden passing with sincere regret. The sympathy of the whole community is being extended to his wife and parents at Windsor.

The remains will be interred at Vancouver with Masonic honors, under the direction of Welford Lodge, Windsor, the deceased having been junior warden. He was also a member of the Pesquid Lodge, I. O. O. F., Windsor.

Grits Increased Debt Eighty-one Millions in Sixteen Years

Mr. Ames then stated that the net debt in 1896, when the Conservatives went out of power was \$28,897,000. In 1911, when they came back, it had totalled \$340,042,000, an increase of \$311,145,000, or \$5,000,000 per year. In 1914, after three years of Conservative administration it was \$333,300,000. Thus in sixteen years the Liberal government had increased the debt \$1,500,000 while in three years the Conservative administration had decreased it by \$6,300,000.

Liberal governments had always claimed surpluses, during the whole Liberal regime a total surplus of \$17,000,000 had been claimed despite the fact that the national debt had increased. Well, during the first 3 years of Conservative administration surpluses had totalled \$10,000,000 which meant that with good luck for another year the total surplus of one parliament would equal to the surplus of four Liberal parliaments.

The number for St. Antoine expressed himself as well pleased with Mr. White's pronouncement with regard to the Conservative members. He had been asked why they had cheered the announcement that the duty on a class of agricultural implements would be reduced. They had cheered because they had felt that the industry could still give employment to thousands of men and compete in the markets of the world in spite of the reduction in duty. The Conservative government would never have

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PREMIER ACCORDED MAGNIFICENT RECEPTION BY HIS COLLEAGUES

FACILITIES FOR HANDLING GRAIN ARE INADEQUATE

F. W. Cowie Continues System in Vogue in Parts of United Kingdom—Storage Facilities Insufficient.

London, April 8.—A paper was read by F. W. Cowie, engineer of Montreal Harbor Board, last night before the Institute of Civil Engineers was of special interest. Under the title, "The transportation problem in Canada and Montreal harbor," Mr. Cowie brought before a gathering of the most eminent British engineers a bird-eye view of the present position of transportation in Canada, showing by means of excellent diagrams prepared by himself the existing routes, both by water and rail, as well as the new routes proposed, with other interesting matters. The general trend of the paper was to demonstrate the desirability of an all-Canadian route, from Britain and the continent, with Montreal as the head.

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That There Will Be Complete Denial of Dugal Charges and Opposition Leader Will be Demanded to Produce His Proof is Sentiment in Government Circles.

THE WHOLE THING PART OF A GRIT ORGANIZED SCANDAL CAMPAIGN?

Utmost Confidence in Premier Fleming Evidenced on His Entry in Legislature Last Night—Mr. Dugal Has Asked For Another Inquiry, Dealing With Valley Railway Matters.

Special to The Standard.

Fredericton, April 7.—The legislature of New Brunswick never gave a public man a more enthusiastic welcome than the members gave Hon. J. K. Fleming this evening on his first appearance in the assembly chamber since the charges were preferred against him last evening by Opposition Leader Dugal. The premier, who has been indisposed throughout the session was confined to his room at the Barker House today, but he came down to the legislature this evening for the purpose of introducing the St. John Valley Railway legislation. The house was somewhat late in meeting owing to a caucus of the government supporters having been in progress. The house was in committee when it rose at 5 o'clock to resume again this evening and it was after 9 o'clock when Chairman Witzell called the committee to order. Private bills were under consideration when Premier Fleming entered the chamber from the speaker's room, and the government supporters hammered their desks and applauded the premier in a most enthusiastic manner. The galleries were crowded and it was the greatest demonstration in the house in years.

Members declare that there will be no "W. P. \$5,000 in lead pencil" or other unsavory developments from any enquiry which is undertaken, but say the whole thing is evidence that the opposition managers realize they have fallen down completely in their efforts to create a scandal over the Valley Railway affairs, and are now grasping at straws to divert public attention in another channel.

Frank B. Carvell, M. P., of the Ottawa Dark Lantern Brigade, has taken over the management of the opposition scandal campaign. He arrived here yesterday morning and has remained ever since, although the opposition newspapers declare he was on his way to his home in Woodstock. Mr. Carvell is a noted muckraker and is apparently here to ply his vocation and Mr. Dugal's motion is evidence that Mr. Carvell is prepared to play the game to the limit. "The whole thing is a tissue of falsehoods from end to end, manufactured out of whole cloth in a desperate attempt to mislead and deceive the people and to give Frank B. Carvell a reputation as one of the personal spite he has against Premier Fleming," is the statement which came from an official source.

Dugal Wants Another Inquiry

This afternoon Mr. Dugal gave notice of motion for another committee of seven members of the house to examine into charges, "that a large amount of Valley Railway money was diverted from its proper channel" and "that the contractors were compelled to pay and did pay large sums to members of the government of the province in 1914 before they obtained their contracts" and "to inquire into the actual cost of railway under construction to date and further amount necessary for completion between Gagetown and Centreville."

There is an entire lack of specific charges in this motion as it is imputing Premier Fleming personally and reference to journals of past years when charges were laid and investigations held show that the house insisted upon specific charges being formulated. Just what action in this regard will be taken on this occasion is not known.

That there will be an investigation of the charges imputing Premier Fleming's character is agreed. Mr. Dugal's motion comes up for consideration on Thursday and Carvell is said to be engaged in preparing something for the opposition leader to read in the house then in place of a speech. The other motion is scheduled for Saturday. The house will no doubt adjourn over Easter and resume business next week with government and its supporters prepared to stay here just as long as necessary to give every detail specific charges the opposition may want to bring along.

Will be a Complete Denial.

That there will be a complete denial, with evidence which cannot be controverted, to show the opposition leader's charges that Premier Fleming through the agency of superintendents of sealers, W. H. Berry, extorted \$100,000 from the holders of the crown timber land leases of the province to the wholly untrue is the statement which comes from government circles today. Large limit holders who are in the city on business before the committee of the legislature do not hesitate to declare that there is absolutely no truth whatever to the charges, that they never were asked to pay nor did they pay one cent more than the fifty per cent. payment on their bonuses, and that the amounts paid are all shown in the auditor general's report and were collected in accordance with the provisions of the crown timber land bill passed last session.

The government members in the House have held two caucuses today, one took place this morning, notices having been sent out last evening before the Dugal charges were laid, and the other was held this evening before the House resumed. The sentiment expressed by the government supporters is one of the utmost confidence in the Premier, and the expressions heard throughout government circles tended to show that there is but one opinion, and that is to demand the fullest investigation, to enquire into the charges and to demand of Mr. Dugal that he produce his evidence, if he has any.

Part of an Organized Scandal Campaign?

The formulating of these charges at this time when the session was believed to be about finished, is part of an organized scandal campaign which is being conducted in a desperate effort on the part of the managers of

CHART OF YARMOUTH HARBOR IS BEING PREPARED BY ADMIRALTY

Blue Prints Made by Captain Kinney to be Used in Large Official Chart to be Published.

Special to The Standard.

Yarmouth, N. S., April 7.—Several months ago the Department of Marine at Ottawa requested Captain E. Kinney, master of the S. S. Prince Arthur, to supply it with blue print copies showing Yarmouth harbor on a large scale as compiled by him from personal surveys, corrected to May 1, 1913. Captain Kinney has received a letter from Ottawa in which he was informed that his copies had been sent to the admiralty in London where a chart of Yarmouth on a large scale is now in course of preparation and to be officially published in regular form.

Up to the present time the only chart of Yarmouth harbor that has been officially published is one on a very small scale attached to a coast chart and of little or no service to strangers. Captain Kinney is a Yarmouth boy and his many friends here and throughout the Dominion and the United States will be glad to hear that the government has endorsed his work.

MAY BANISH LIQUOR FROM THE DRILL HALLS

Col. Hughes May Issue an Order Prohibiting Use and Sale.

Ottawa, April 7.—To further the cause of temperance amongst the rank and file of the militia, Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes said today that he was seriously thinking of issuing an order forbidding the sale or use of intoxicating liquor in the drill halls throughout the dominion.

Col. Hughes said he did not wish to make any comment on the order just issued by Secretary Daniels of the United States navy, which goes into effect July first next and which will ban liquor from being used in the entire navy.

The drill hall would banish liquor from the officers' and sergeants' messes in a number of places.

mouth boy and his many friends here and throughout the Dominion and the United States will be glad to hear that the government has endorsed his work.

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BUSY SEASON EXPECTED ON NORTH SHORE

The Lumber Mills Beginning Operations—New Mill may be built at Eel River

Dalhousie, N. B., April 7.—For the past three weeks the pressure in the town water service has been gradually lowering so that during the last week the residents on the higher levels have been almost without water and on the second streets it has been impossible to use the baths. As the main running through swampy land it is almost impossible to locate the leak, as the reading of the pressure shows it to be in this locality. Superintendent W. M. Gallop after estimating the intake and the daily consumption found that the leak was responsible for the deficiency, and after carefully examining the main has found the break between the town and the L.C.R. crossing. Repairs will be made at once.

The lumber industries are preparing for a busy season this year. The Sydney Lumber Company has started its staff factory in which about 50 men and boys will be employed. This is a new plant built during the fall and early winter, replacing the one burned last summer. This will be an all year industry.

The Dalhousie Lumber Company have the shingle mill in operation. The large rolling mill will start in a few weeks as soon as the repairs are made.

The government dredge St. Lawrence is being repaired by W. A. Gallop and will see service on the Restigouche during the season.

A neighboring community, Eel River, on the I.C.R. line of railway, is to have a progressive season this year. A number of interested capitalists are negotiating with H. Duquesne for his property on which to build a large mill for manufacturing all kinds of lumber. This party owns 2,000 acres of lumber land in the vicinity and along the head waters of Eel River. The company will be known as The Quebec-New Brunswick Pulp Lumber Lands Co., Ltd. Besides this plant it is probable that other mills will be built in which S. S. Harrison and H. L. Miles are interested. These will manufacture long lumber. Alex. Drotle, formerly a merchant, has a small mill in building an up-to-date store. The R.C. church started last year will be finished this season.

His Twin Brother Told Him the Cure

WHY J. C. MAPP PRAISES DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

He Suffered from Kidney Disease, Lumbago and Rheumatism for Five Years—Now He is a Well Man Again.

Boileau, P. Q., Ponsonby, Que., Apr. 7.—(Special)—J. C. Mapp, a well known farmer living near here, who suffered from Kidney Disease for five years, is once more a well man, and in a statement given to the press he gives all the credit for his cure to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My trouble started with a cold about five years ago," Mr. Mapp states, "and developed into lumbago and rheumatism. I had a bitter taste in my mouth in the mornings and I was terribly nervous. I was depressed and low spirited and found it difficult to collect my thoughts, while at times I was troubled with stiffness in the joints. My appetite was fitful, and I had heart flutterings that added to my fears. My twin brother, who had used Dodd's Kidney Pills and got great benefit from them, advised me to use them. The first two boxes did me so much good that I got two more and they completed my cure. Dodd's Kidney Pills are the right remedy for Kidney trouble.

Every person who has two or more of Mr. Mapp's symptoms has sick Kidneys. The right remedy for sick Kidneys is Dodd's Kidney Pills. If you don't know it out of your own experience, ask your neighbors.

A DOZEN BOOKMAKERS ARRESTED AT RACING TRACK IN VIRGINIA

Norfolk, Va., April 7.—A death blow was dealt racing in Virginia this afternoon by Attorney-General Pollard at the Jamestown track when he visited the course with a force of deputies, and arrested the twelve bookmakers laying odds on the horses running here shortly after they marked up the prices in the second races.

Such action was anticipated, but the friends of racing had hoped that only one arrest would be made as a test case.

Coming as it was, and all offenders being arrested, the friends of the sport had fears that this would put an untimely end to the spring meeting here, which is scheduled to run until the 17th instant.

Today may possibly be the last day of racing here.

Don't Put Off

seeking relief from the illness caused by defective action of the organs of digestion. Most serious sicknesses get their start in troubles of the stomach, liver, bowels—troubles quickly, safely, surely relieved by



WINDSOR, N.S., ATHLETE, WILL RUN IN BOSTON

McAuley, Fleet Nova Scotian's Entry, Causing Worry—Entered for Big Marathon this Month.

Boston, April 7.—Many well known runners have sent their entries to the Boston Athletic Association for the annual Marathon event from Ashland to this city (25 miles) on April 20. Among Canadians who have entered is Victor McAuley, of the Swatika Athletic Association of Windsor, N.S., is attracting much attention from the experts, many of whom regard him as a strong aspirant for first honors. Regarded as the greatest Marathon runner in Canada at the present time, the Windsor boy is causing some uneasiness among local favorites. They are much impressed with the verdict of Tom Trenholm, of Halifax, that McAuley is a wonder. He is but 23 years of age. Canadians here would be highly pleased should McAuley add his name to that galaxy from across the border who have won honors in this event—Caffrey, Sherring, Hughson Longboat, Ayimor, Duffy and Cameron. The day of the big race will be a public holiday in Massachusetts in honor of the anniversary of the battle of Lexington in 1775.

Scarlet fever is very prevalent in Boston, but the disease is not in a serious form. There are fully 1,000 cases in the city and vicinity, and the hospitals are overcrowded.

In the death this week of the Rt. Rev. William Woodruff Niles, D. D., D. C., bishop of New Hampshire, the Episcopal church in the United States loses its oldest prelate, and one of the leading Canadians who have been elevated to the episcopate in this country. Bishop Niles was born in Hatley, Quebec, in 1832. He had been bishop longer than anyone in the Episcopal church of the United States now living, except Bishop Tuttle of Missouri. Bishop Niles was consecrated in 1871. During his tenure of office he was twice elected Moderator of the General Convention of the Episcopal Church in North America. He was also twice elected Moderator of the General Convention of the Episcopal Church in the Province of New Brunswick. He was also twice elected Moderator of the General Convention of the Episcopal Church in the Province of New Brunswick. He was also twice elected Moderator of the General Convention of the Episcopal Church in the Province of New Brunswick.

New Brunswick Apples Have a Bright Future

S. L. Peters, Dominion Fruit Inspector, Says Annual Export will Reach 150,000 Barrels in 12 Years—Gives Good Advice to Growers and Shippers.

"In a dozen years New Brunswick should be exporting 100,000 or 150,000 barrels of apples annually," said S. L. Peters, Dominion Fruit Inspector, who was in the city yesterday.

"What we need to do is to take care that any apples exported are up to the standard they are supposed to be," he added. "As yet the amount of apples exported from this province is very small, and is confined to the early varieties, and the problem of establishing standards for shipment is comparatively simple. Practically all those who have been exporting apples recognize the importance of establishing a standard for shipment in order to get the few shipments we send out here to be favorable.

"Most New Brunswick fruit raisers sell the bulk of their apple crop in the provincial market where at present they are able to get a better price for the later variety of apples than they can get in outside markets. Hence they do not have to attach much importance to outside markets as yet. At the same time it is important that they should establish standards for both the outside and the home markets. In the last few years farmers all over the province have been setting out new orchards on a large scale, and the production will soon begin to increase rapidly, and this will make it necessary to seek new markets. New Brunswick produces a fine quality of apples and they will be able to obtain a commanding position in the British markets and elsewhere, if the dealers and growers make a point of not doing anything which will injure the reputation of the apples of this province."

INSTRUCTIVE LECTURE ON DINOSAURS

Read Paper by one of Greatest Authorities on Ancient Animals, before Natural History Society.

A lecture of more than ordinary interest was read last evening in the rooms of the Natural History Society by Dr. George Matthew. The lecture treated of Canadian Dinosaurs and was prepared by Dr. W. D. Matthew of New York, brother of Dr. George Matthew of this city. Dr. W. D. Matthew is curator in the American Museum of Natural History, New York city, and is credited with being

of man had even evolved as far as man. Between the extinction of the last Dinosaur and the first appearance on earth of any human or even semi-human being, there was a great age of time probably several millions of years. A picture of a Dinosaur fighting with prehistoric man is about as painful to a paleontologist as an account of how Hannibal and Julius Caesar made war upon Napoleon might be to the historian.

Conservative Estimates.

A conservative estimate of the length of the age of man is one hundred thousand years. The much longer Tertiary Period which precedes the Quaternary, witnessed the evolution of the modern races of mammals, of all the widely different kinds of quadrupeds of bats, of seals and of cetaceans, from a common ancestral stock of small primates which existed at the beginning of this period. It is hence appropriately called the age of mammals. Three million years is a moderate estimate of its length, thirty times as long as the age of man.

The three sometimes reckoned as four geologic periods, next preceding the Quaternary, witnessed the evolution of the Dinosaur and other groups of reptiles which mostly became extinct at its close. The Dinosaur were the dominant land animals taking the place in nature subsequently filled by the quadruped; marine reptiles, Plesiosaurs, Ichthyosaurs, etc., took the place of birds. All these various types of reptiles evolved from a common ancestral stock during the age of reptiles and became extinct at its close. Remains of Dinosaurs have been found in many regions, so that it is known that they inhabited all the great continents.

Donations.

The following donations were received for the Museum:

Belt of Indian bead work, executors of the estate of the late Mrs. Lawrence MacLaren; porcelain cradle containing child, a souvenir made by French potters on the birth of Napoleon Bonaparte's son, the King of Rome, Mrs. Harvey P. Hayward; wax seal of the Province of New Brunswick, Miss Lizette Parley; child's dog as worn in the north of England, Mrs. A. L. Holman; lemonade mixers as used by the Indians of the west, basket made in South America, and carved Walnut tureen presented by Mrs. Mary Sheffield; iron ore, R. N. Bryson, Scott Brook, Charlotte Co., N. B.; chain grown into tree, Joseph Merritt; chart of ancient alphabets, Mrs. A. Lauder; report on Uranium, Radium and Vanadium, Dr. T. D. Walker; four works on microscopy, also forty-four mounted pictures of microscopic subjects for the refectory given by W. H. Mowatt; suite of photographs from the Geological Survey, Canada, through Dr. W. D. Matthew of the American Museum of Natural History.

The following members were elected: Miss Grace Allingham, Miss Dorothy Hopkins, Miss Marjorie V. Milligan, Miss Florence Balfour.

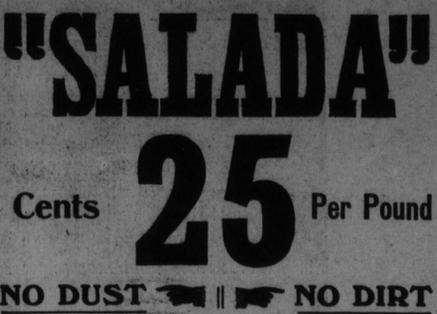
one of the world's greatest authorities on ancient animals and the fossil remains of gigantic animals of the past. Dr. Matthew has written special articles on the same subject for American newspapers and magazines and being very conversant with the subject, the lecture last evening, which was beautifully illustrated, proved very interesting.

In opening his lecture Dr. Matthew says:

"Most of my hearers have probably read some accounts of the recent discoveries of Dinosaurs in Alberta. Canadian newspapers and some of the American papers as well, have had illustrated articles or short notices describing the finds made on the Red Deer River. Such accounts as I have seen are substantially correct, as far as they go, and I think they reflect great credit on the accuracy of modern newspaper work. For it is not easy to get a story straight when it has to do with an unfamiliar subject. 'Dinosaurs,' he continues, 'are a group of reptiles including a great many different kinds, as many as and different probably as the quadrupeds that today inhabit the earth. They were all land animals, or at most amphibious, none of them marine, and none of them flying; and they lived a long time ago, long before the modern races of quadrupeds had come into existence, before the remote ancestors

A Tea for the People

that will give better Tea-pot results in Strength, Flavor and Absolute Purity than can be obtained through any other source at considerably more money.



Cents **25** Per Pound

NO DUST NO DIRT

Fresh—Fragrant—Delicious

Sealed Packets Only— Never in Bulk. Get a Packet to-day at your Grocer's.

Other Grades of "Salada" are sold at 30c, 40c, 50c, 60c Per Pound, and all of Matchless Value for prices charged.

The lecture last evening followed the regular monthly meeting of the Natural History Society. At the meeting only regular business was transacted but several donations were received and new members were elected to the society.



SUCH LETTERS AS THIS EXPLAIN WHY Everybody Uses Dr. Chase's Nerve Food as a Spring Tonic

We have on file thousands of letters telling of similar cures by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

Skeptics are invited to write to Mrs. Scarbo for confirmation of her cure.

Mrs. Jules Scarbo, Moulinette, Stormont Co., Ont., writes— "I think it is my duty to write and let you know the great benefit I received from taking Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Early last fall I became greatly run down, could scarcely eat anything and could not sleep at night. The least sound would make me start and I was so nervous I could hardly bear to have anyone talk to me. I tried many medicines but none helped me and I was in this extremely nervous condition for five months.

"I read in the almanac about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and bought 3 boxes from Mr. Armstrong, druggist at Millie Roches. Before completing the first box I felt the benefit and now believe the cure to be thorough and complete. I am feeling fine and eat and sleep well, thanks to the wonderful good, accomplished by Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. I wish everybody troubled as I was knew of this grand medicine, which is so quick in action and so permanent in results. It will always have my praise."

You can avoid the feelings of fatigue and depression which make spring so dreaded by very many who are not in robust health. Sleeplessness, irritability, indigestion and headaches soon disappear when you increase the vitality of the mind and body by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. 50 cents a box, 6 for \$2.50, all dealers or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Write for free booklet on the "Nerves."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is the greatest of spring restoratives, because it actually forms new, red corpuscles in the blood.

School C

The Gipsy Moth, (P) tration is from a colored "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" is a proverb which is held in the highest esteem by the agricultural department of the provincial government. A full evidence of this is the officials of that department, of their carrying out a prevention of the most destructive of the pest. We must prevent the Gipsy Moth which is now province much trouble. Moth attacks the soft as hard wood trees and is dangerous.

The department of Agriculture distributed many circulars schools of New Brunswick view to have the children in the dangers of the pest. Large with the above cut has calculated by Mr. McIntosh, the Natural History Society doubt will prove useful in the new pests from Scotland.

The Circular in Europe the Gipsy Moth known as a most destr

SIGNAL SERVICE BU Issued by Authority of the of Marine and Fish St. John, Ap 10 a. m. Cape Race, 720—Ch storm, strong gale ea three p. m. Canshan ab Sable Island, 350—Cle April 6, four p. m. Acad southeast, bound Halifax. Halifax, 26—Clear, light arrived April 6, Moncheste 8.55 p. m. Sailed April 6, 6.15 p. m. Chai south. Five a. m. Chai bound St. John. Brier Island, 61—Flac, Parboro, N. S. April 6

MARINE AN SHIPPING

Contracted A Seve Cold After An

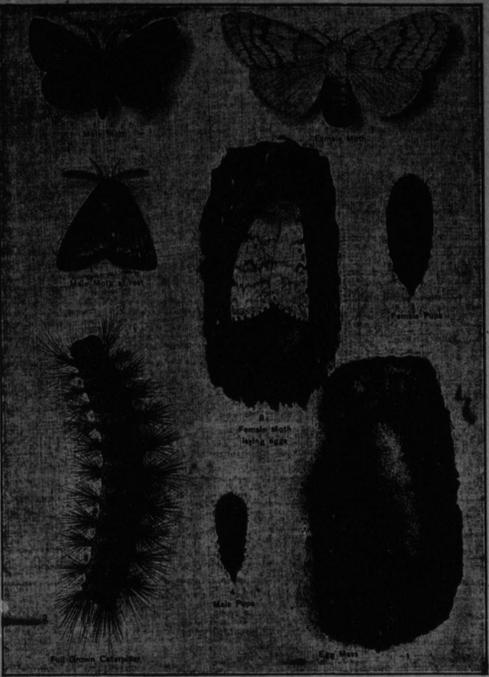
DR. WOOD'S NORWY SYRUP

Effectuated A Comple

Mrs. Thos. A. Julian, A writes—"Just a few lines to how thankful I am for what Norway Pine Syrup has done for me. A few years ago I was of appendicitis, and was hospitalized for five weeks. W home I contracted a severe left me with a bad cough told my husband about Norway Pine Syrup so I a bottle. When it was done me so much good I which completely cured me very strongly recommend Dr. Wood's Norway P contains all the lung healing famous Norway pine tree, the very best preparation Colds, Bronchitis, and Lung troubles.

Price, 25 and 50 cents. See you get "Dr. Wood's many imitations on the genuine is manufactured F. Milburn Co., Limited,

School Children to Wage War on Gypsy Moth in Province



The Gypsy Moth, (Porthetria dispar L.) the different stages of its life-history. Natural size. (This illustration is from a colored card circular issued by the State Forester of Massachusetts.)

"An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure" is apparently the motto to which is held in the highest regard by the agricultural department of the provincial government and there is full evidence of this in the actions of the officials of that department. A demonstration of their foresight in carrying out a preventive policy is found in their recent action to guard the province from the Gypsy Moth, the most destructive of the destructive moth pests. Unlike the Brown Tail Moth, which is now causing the province much trouble, the Gypsy Moth attacks the soft as well as the hard wood trees and its much more dangerous.

Since the fifteenth century, it was brought to America in 1869, and since that time has been gradually spreading. It is now plentiful in Maine, and if it reaches New Brunswick, it is of the greatest importance that it should be recognized and reported at once. We ask the assistance of the school children of the province in searching for the Gypsy Moth. You are asked to look for the yellowish-white, felt-like masses of eggs, about one and one-half inches in length. These are usually to be found on the bark of trees, on fences and buildings, from September to May. (See picture of egg cluster.)

From May to August search for the caterpillars. At first they are small, dark brown, and hairy, when full grown they are about three inches in length, of a dark brown color, thinly covered with hairs. Along the back is a double row of five pairs of blue spots followed by a row of five pairs of red spots. These spots distinguish it from any other caterpillar. The caterpillars enter the pupa stage in July or early August, and the moths emerge during July and August. The male is a yellowish-brown moth, the female nearly white with dark markings. The female is unable to fly.

The Department of Agriculture has distributed many circulars through the schools of New Brunswick with a view to have the children instructed in the dangers of the pest. The circulars with the above cut have been circulated by Mr. McIntosh, curator at the Natural History Society, and no doubt will prove useful in preventing the new pest from becoming prevalent in New Brunswick.

The Circular in Europe the Gypsy Moth has been known as a most destructive pest.

For Eighty-two Years

We have been serving the public. If experience has taught you the need for care in the choice of a depository for your money, our record should appeal to you. Our depositors are exceptionally well protected by our strong Surplus (183% of Capital) and by our large holdings of Cash Reserves. Our Annual Statements and Audits are submitted to independent outside audit since 1906.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

Capital \$ 4,000,000
Surplus \$ 11,000,000
Total Resources \$ 15,000,000

ST. JOHN BRANCHES
Main Office, 119 Prince William
25 Charlotte St., 255 Main St.,
St. John's, N. B.
280 Union St. West.

cola, Florida, J. E. Likely, 324,301 feet hard pine.
Coastwise—Str John L. Cann, 77, McKinnon, Westport, and old; Scha Fred and Norman, 31, Cheney, Grand Harbour; Wanta, 42, Duran, Parraboro; Str Valinda, 56, Gesner, Bridgetown, and old.

DOMESTIC PORTS.
Parraboro, N.S., April 7—Arr: Tug Parraboro, Taylor, Hantsport; old; Sch Levuka, Oglvie, Beaver Harbor, with coal; King Josiah, Foulkner, Bass River, to load lumber for R. L. Tucker; tug Parraboro, Taylor, Hantsport; old; Scha Mayflower, Duran, and Grace Darling, King, Windsor.

BRITISH PORTS.
Broad Head, April 5—Signalled by wireless: Str Ruthenia, Kendall, St. John, N.B., for Liverpool.

FOREIGN PORTS.
Mobile, Ala., April 4—Sld: bark Golden Rod, Sabine Pass; 5th: Sch W. H. Baxter, Gulfport.

MINIATURE ALMANAC.

April Moon Phases.

First Quarter	3:34 p. m.
Full Moon	9:25 a. m.
Last Quarter	3:52 a. m.
New Moon	7:23 a. m.

REPORTS WHOLESALE KILLING OF DEER
Barnaby River, April 7.—Gus Peters reports from Colet Settlement near Rogersville, of a wholesale slaughter of deer in that place. He says there was as many as eight deer killed in the one spot. If these statements are correct, which he states they are, this matter should be looked after at once.

PORT OF ST. JOHN, N. B.
Arrived Tuesday, April 7th.
Sch Exilda, 349, Tower, Appalachicola.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Dr. J. C. Fletcher, and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All counterfeits, imitations and "just-as-good" are but experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Dr. J. C. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years

THE NOMINATION DAY PROCEEDINGS QUIET

Thirteen Candidates for Commissionerships, and Two for Mayor—Appoint the Returning Officers.

Fifteen candidates will strive for civic honors in the coming elections. Thirteen citizens will face the voters on April 14, and the six highest will again appear two weeks later, for the selection of three commissioners. Mayor, Streets and Commissioner McLellan will also be voted upon for mayor at that time.

S. S. VIRGINIAN
Allan Line Virginian from St. John April first was 630 miles west of the Fastnet Monday at eleven p. m. bound for Liverpool.

WHOLE BODY A SOLID RASH

Thick, Fine and Red. Agony of Itching and Burning Frightful. One Cake of Cuticura Soap and Box of Cuticura Ointment Cured.

Lower Onslow, N. S.—"At first we thought my child's trouble was his teeth. The whole body was a solid rash and the thighs the skin came off as if it had been scalded. It was a very thick, red rash, red in color and intensely itchy and burning. The skin just wiped off leaving a raw sore with little specks of yellow matter in them.

"The skin on every finger split down on each side and looked like a ruffie. His toes looked out in little yellow pimples and the bottom of his feet did the same and he would say he could not walk, that there were pins sticking in his feet."

"The agony of itching and burning was something frightful. If he got a chance he would scratch the skin right off and make a hole out of cotton. Every night from twelve o'clock until three in the morning he would have to be taken up out of bed and rocked, his sufferings were so bad.

"With no permanent cure in sight I got the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. The first night the child slept the whole night through, the first night for four months. I am thankful to say the cure was complete and I just got one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. Samuel Higgins, May 17, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold everywhere. For liberal free sample of each, with 32-p. book, send post-card to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. D, Boston, U. S. A.

To Cure Catarrhal Deafness and Head Noises

Persons suffering from catarrhal deafness and head noises will be glad to know that this distressing affliction can be successfully treated at home by an internal medicine that in many instances has effected a complete cure after all else has failed. Sufferers who could scarcely hear a watch tick have had their hearing restored to such an extent that the tick of a watch was plainly audible seven or eight inches away from their ear.

Secure from your druggist one oz. Parmital (double strength), about 75c. worth. Take this home, and add to it one-fourth pint of hot water and four oz. of moist or granulated sugar; stir until dissolved. Take one tablespoonful four times a day.

The first dose promptly ends the most distressing head noises, dullness, cloudy thinking, etc., while the hearing rapidly returns as the system is invigorated by the tonic action of the treatment. Loss of smell and mucous droppings in the back of the throat are common symptoms that show the presence of catarrhal poison, and which are quickly overcome by this efficacious treatment. Nearly ninety per cent of all ear troubles are directly caused by catarrh; therefore, there are but few people whose hearing cannot be restored by the simple home treatment. Every person who is troubled with head noises, catarrhal deafness, or catarrh in any form should give this prescription a trial. There is nothing better.

Important.—In ordering Parmital always specify that you want double strength your druggist has it or he can get it for you; if not, send 75c. to the International Laboratories, 74 St. Antoine street, Montreal, P. Q., who make a specialty of it.

These are the biscuits that vanish fast behind busy little milk teeth. Puffs and rolls, snaps, waffles, cakes and crumpets—for all your goodies—Five Roses.

Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached Not Blended

STEAMSHIPS.
FORTNIGHTLY SAILINGS—BY—Twin-Screw Mail Steamers—S. S. JOHN (N.B.) and HALIFAX (N.B.)—April 12th.

R.M.S.P.

West Indies
Excellent Accommodation for all, and good Class Passengers. Special Facilities for Tourists.

Next Sailing from St. John S. S. Chaleur April 12th.

The Illustrated Polders, Rates, etc., apply to the Agents of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company or to HALIFAX (N.B.) or St. John's & Beauséjour, N.S.

WM. THOMSON & CO. Agents—St. John, N. B.

DONALDSON LINE

LAST DIRECT Sailings for Glasgow

S. S. Saturnia	April 2
S. S. Athena	April 9
S. S. Letitia	April 18

Cabin (11) Passage, \$47.50; third class, \$31.25.
Freight and Passage Rates on Application.

THE ROBERT REFORM CO., Limited, agents, St. John, N. B.

HEAD LINE

ST JOHN TO DUBLIN.
S. S. Bray Head Mar. 26
ST. JOHN TO BELFAST.
S. S. Ramore Head April 15

Dates subject to change.
For space and rates apply to
WM. THOMSON & CO. AGENTS.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED).

Until further notice the S. S. Connors Bros. will run as follows:—
Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., on Saturday, 7.30 a. m. for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black Bay, Black Harbor, Letete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Black Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor, tide and weather permitting.

Thorne Wharf and Warehousing Co., St. John, N. B.
Phone 77; manager, Lewis Connors, Black Harbor, N. B.

This company will not be responsible for any debts contracted after this date without a written order from the company or captain of the steamer.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

Notice is hereby given that the Blonde Rock gas and whistling buoy has been reported adrift. It will be replaced as soon as possible.

GEO. H. FLOOD, Agent,
Dept. Marine and Fisheries,
St. John, N. B.

For Sale

The Schooner CALABRIA, of 451 Tons Register, and Schooner ORIOLE of 124 Tons Register, Enquire of
J. SPLANE & CO.

SALT

In Store and to Arrive.
GANDY & ALLISON,
3 AND 4 NORTH WHARF.

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
INTER-COLONIAL
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND RY.

IMPORTANT CHANGE OF TIME

APRIL 5, 1914.

Ocean Limited Daily Service.

BETWEEN
Halifax and Montreal

Dep. Halifax 8 a. m.
Arrive Montreal 8 a. m.

Connecting at Bonaventure Union Depot, Montreal, with Grand Trunk International Limited for Toronto and Western Points.

Only One Night on the Road.
Sleeping and dining cars noteworthy excellence of service.

GEORGE CARVILL,
City Ticket Agent, 3 King Street.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

VERY LOW RATES

(ONE WAY SECOND CLASS.)
TO NORTH PACIFIC COAST—AND—CALIFORNIA POINTS

On Sale Daily, March 15 to April 15
From St. John, N. B.

To Victoria
Vancouver \$62.65
Seattle
San Francisco \$62.65
Los Angeles

W. B. HOWARD, D.P.A., C.P.R.,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

TO LIVERPOOL. From
Sat. 11 April—Tunisian, Halifax.
Wed. 15 April—Victorian, St. John.
Sat. 25 April—Ailsa, Halifax.
Wed. 29 April—Virginian, St. John

TO HAVRE & LONDON.
Thur. 16 April—Corinthian, St. John.

TO GLASGOW.
Tues. 31 Mar.—Scotian, Portland.
Tues. 7 April—Gramplan, Boston.
Tues. 14 April—Scandinavian, Portland.
Tues. 21 April—Heperian, Boston.

—One Class (II) Cabin Steamers.
For rates and full particulars apply
WM. THOMSON & CO., City, or
H. & A. ALLAN, General Agents,
2 St. Peter Street, Montreal.

MANCHESTER LINE

From Manchester
Feb. 27, Man. Commerce, Mar 14
Feb. 28, Man. Exchange, X, Mar 16
Mar. 7 Man. Port, Mar 23
Mar. 14, Man. Mariner, X, Mar 30
Mar. 21, Man. Importer, X, April 11
Mar. 28, Man. Spinner, X, April 13
April 4, Man. Corporation, X, April 25
April 11, Man. Spinner, X, April 27.

Steamers marked X take cargo for Philadelphia.

For space and rates, apply
WILLIAM THOMSON & CO.
Agents, St. John, N. B.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP CORPORATION

International Line.
Change in Schedule—Winter Fares.
St. John to Portland, \$4; St. John to Boston, \$4.50; Steamers, \$1.00.

Leave St. John 9 a. m. every Thurs. for Eastport, Lubec, Portland and Boston. Returning leave Central Wharf, Boston, Mon. 9 a. m. and Portland, 5 p. m. for Lubec, Eastport and St. John. Maine Steamship Line.

Direct service between Portland and New York. Leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, Tues. Thurs. and Sat. 6.00 p. m. Fares \$3.00 each way.

City Ticket Office, 47 King St.
L. R. THOMPSON, T. F. & P. A.
A. E. FLEMING, Act. St. John, N. B.

FURNESS LINE

From London
Mar. 26, Kanawha Mar. 21
Mar. 26, Kanawha Mar. 14
Mar. 19, Shenandoah April 4
Mar. 28, Rappahannock April 18

Dates subject to change.
WILLIAM THOMSON & CO.,
Agents, St. John, N. B.

ELDER-DEMPSTER LINE

SOUTH AFRICAN SERVICE.
Proposed Sailings.
S.S. Bantu April 20th
For Cape Town, Fort Elizabeth, East London, Durban and Delago Bay. Gold storage accommodation on each vessel. Accommodation for a few cabin passengers. For freight and passenger rates and full particulars, apply to
J. T. KNIGHT & CO., Agents
ST. JOHN, N. B.

People
Tea-pot
flavor and
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any other
ably more

Per Pound
NO DIRT

Delicious
Packet to-day
Grocer's . . .

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Contracted A Severe
Cold After An Operation.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP
Effected A Complete Cure.

Thanks to the
I wish every-
is so quick in
on which make
Sleepless
when you in-
Chase's Nerve
and Bates & Co.,

MARINE AND SHIPPING NEWS

SIGNAL SERVICE BULLETIN.
Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries.
St. John, April 7, 1914.
10 a. m.

Cape Race, 720—Clear, strong northwest. Last night blinding snowstorm, strong gale east. April 6, three p. m., Corinthian steamer, inward.
Sable Island, 350—Clear, light west. April 6, four p. m. Arcadia, 190 miles southeast, bound Halifax.
Halifax, 267—Clear, light west. Arrived April 6, Moncheur Importer, 8.55 p. m. Sailed April 6, Bergensford, 6.15 p. m.
Cape Sable, 138—Clear, moderate south. Five a. m. Chaleur abeam, bound St. John.
Brier Island, 61—Fine, calm.
Parraboro, N. S., April 6—Arrd stur

Contracted A Severe Cold After An Operation.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Effected A Complete Cure.

Mrs. Thos. A. Julian, Almonte, Ont., writes:—"Just a few lines to let you know how thankful I am for what Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup has done for me. A few years ago I was operated on for appendicitis, and was confined to the hospital for five weeks. When I returned home I contracted a severe cold which left me with a bad cough. A neighbor told my husband about Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup so I decided to try a bottle. When it was finished it had done me so much good I took another which completely cured me. I can very, very strongly recommend it."

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup contains all the lung healing virtues of the famous Norway pine tree, which makes it the very best preparation for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung troubles.

Price, 25 and 50 cents.
See you get "Dr. Wood's" as there are many imitations on the market. The genuine is manufactured only by The F. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

VESSLS IN PORT.
Steamers
Athena, 5523, Robt. Reford Co.
Eastington, 585, Stevenson, Parraboro, St. John, N. B.
Royal George—C.N.R.
Tryolla, 4856, Liverpool, C. P. R.
Schobers
Doane, 299, J. E Moore

The St. John Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1914.

THE DUGAL CHARGES.

In the Legislative Assembly on Monday evening Mr. Dugal, leader of the opposition, gave notice of motion for the appointment of a committee to enquire into certain charges preferred by him against Hon. J. K. Flemming, Premier of the Province. These charges, specifically outlined by Mr. Dugal, were of a serious nature and while they have without doubt been prompted by others as a cover for the failure to make capital out of the discarded Valley Railroad story, they will undoubtedly demand the fullest investigation. It should not be supposed that Hon. Mr. Flemming or any other members of the Provincial Government will place obstacles in the way of the most searching inquiry into the allegations made by Mr. Dugal. Nor should those who have the personal pleasure of Hon. Mr. Flemming's acquaintance think for one moment that there will be any difficulty in absolutely refuting what has been said concerning him. His colleagues in the Provincial Cabinet have on the present and many previous occasions expressed the fullest confidence in their leader and this confidence has been more than justified by Hon. Mr. Flemming's past record. This newest development calls for an enquiry into every detail touched upon by Mr. Dugal and there can be no doubt that Hon. Mr. Flemming and his associates will afford every opportunity for such an enquiry. The present session of the legislature has already dragged out to sufficient length but it will not be complete nor will the work of members be considered as finished until Hon. Mr. Flemming has answered personally or through the departments with which he is connected the allegations made by Mr. Dugal. Short of this there must inevitably remain in the public mind a suspicion that all is not as it should be. Under the circumstances the duty of the legislature is clear. There must, and there will be, every opportunity for the development of such information as that for which Mr. Dugal asks. And there need be no doubt that the allegations made by him will be fully and emphatically refuted.

AN UNHAPPY PARTY.

The Easter recess of the Dominion Parliament finds the opposition party in the House of Commons unhappy and despondent. Their projects have been attended with failure and the aggressive party attitudes which opposed to term "the fine old fighting spirit of Liberalism" has been conspicuous by its absence. The reason is not far to seek. When the Liberals embarked upon the policy of reciprocity, they did so with high hopes that it might prove a plank of sufficient strength to carry them back into power on the rising tide of popularity. This hope was ill-founded and as a consequence of that eventful day in September 1911, when the people of Canada had an opportunity to pronounce upon it, the men who had blithely thrown down the gage of electoral battle returned to find themselves routed and undone. Hardly was the new government seated in office when the Liberals, still hugging the belief that their reverse would prove but temporary, and that in effective strength they would prove superior to their opponents, again prepared for an energetic campaign, this time in opposition to the proposal to grant temporary aid to the British navy. Notwithstanding that Premier Borden was fortified with the direct request of the British Admiralty, and supported by public opinion, the Liberals with a persistence worthy of a better cause engaged in a session of obstruction, and the resultant scenes were such as to cause better minded Canadians to feel disgust at the tactics of a once great party. Now the truth comes out that the Liberals were not so much opposed to the form proposed by Mr. Borden, but their real desire was to force the government to the country in the hope that another turn of fortune's wheel might result in placing Sir Wilfrid and his colleagues again in control, and, in that event, the disgraceful facts of the Stanton-Guthrie report of the investigation of the affairs of the National Transcontinental Railway might be still longer withheld from the public. In this they failed, ungenerally, unmeasured. Then came the present session, with the knowledge that the report would

be presented and its disclosure known from Cape Breton to Vancouver. With the certainty of this the Liberals lost courage. Gone was their fighting spirit, vanished the confidence which, in the previous session, led to frequent declarations of superiority and challenges to a trial of force before the people. They could only wait for developments, no matter how serious might be the consequences. And in the debate of last week, which proved the feature of the session, it was abundantly apparent there was good ground for the fear possessing the Liberals. The fight was a bitter one as far as that party could make it so. Led by the ex-Minister of Railways, man after man arose in his place and complained that the report was an unfair, partisan document, prepared by a commission more desirous of placing the Liberals in a bad light than of getting the true facts before the people. Despite the angry and vehement protests of unfairness which every Liberal speaker made his chief stock in trade, there was not a word produced to show that the conclusions of the report were not supported by the sworn evidence, not a line to prove, or to attempt to prove, that any of the millions of public money, which the report charged had been wasted in the construction of this railway, were not so wasted, nothing but a wearisome repetition of the unparliamentary cry of "foul." Having committed the wrong they lacked the courage to take their punishment. This was never better illustrated than in the closing scenes of the debate. Sir Wilfrid Laurier in his address failed to reach his usual high standard, failed to impress his hearers with the force of his arguments. No longer a young man and, to do him justice, not in the best of health, he made almost a pathetic figure as he inveighed against what he called the unfairness of the report, and attempted to make a case for his discredited followers. Unfortunately for Sir Wilfrid, however, his previous utterances were arrayed against him. Several speakers had quoted his flamboyant remarks when introducing the National Transcontinental Railway project to the House, and in the strong white light of the facts as revealed, they stood forward bereft of reason, sense or excuse. It was a painful revelation of the utter incompetency of the Laurier government, of the meagre fabric of fact contrasted with the wealth of indefinite and, as proven, unfounded expectations upon which Sir Wilfrid had committed the country to a project wasteful, costly and almost disastrous. Laurier was undone by his own eloquence and his attempt to explain away his exaggerated plea of 1903 would have been ludicrous were it less serious. With the taking of the vote the matter passed into current history. And despite the long hours spent in discussion the Liberals had not succeeded in disposing of one charge against them. Opposition newspapers may call the report unfair, they may contend, as they have already contended, that the document was partisan, and, consequently, valueless, but they cannot explain away the facts.

This week finds the opposition party in parliament weary with unprofitable fighting and eager for a rest. The remaining measures to come before the Commons cannot be expected to produce much debate, or anything like a show of returning strength for the opposition. They have overreached themselves, and every day must make their lot unhappier. The present opposition in Ottawa represents but a very poor apology for a once great party. And the situation shows no signs of improvement.

ABUSING THE FRANK.

Judging from the evidence which already has been placed before the Postmaster General, the Liberals are up to their old tricks in the way of utilizing the franking privilege in the mails of the country for the purpose of disseminating their party literature without the necessity of paying postage upon it. This is totally unfair and in direct violation of the conditions under which the frank is used. As is well known the franking privilege is extended to members of Parliament for the circulation of public documents, copies of Hansard debates and their personal letters. It is not supposed to be used for the purpose of sending partisan political matter through the post office. Members of the press gallery, through the courtesy of the member in their home district are permitted to use the frank, but it is not on record that they have ever abused it. Now, however, the Liberal organization is availing itself of the free mailing privilege to send hundreds of thousands of copies of the Liberal Monthly broadsheet over Canada. This is the publication issued by the publicity bureau of the Liberal party and it is really nothing more than a partisan pamphlet. Furthermore, it now carries a subscription price, as

that there is no more reason for permitting it to be franked, than there would be for utilizing the mails for the free carriage of any other Liberal newspaper. Franking a paper of this description is rather a small business, as it means that the people of Canada, more than sixty per cent. of whom are not Liberals, must bear the expense. Of course it is not a large matter, but the principle under which it is done is decidedly at fault. It is to be hoped that action will be taken at once to prevent the continuance of the practice.

Diary of Events

HISTORIC DAYS IN CANADA

Mary Pickford, one of the most popular of the younger actresses of the American stage, is like scores of other stage stars, Canadian by birth. Her real name was Gladys Smith before she became Mary Pickford on the stage and in the "movies" and Mrs. Owen Moore in private life, and she was born Toronto twenty years ago today, April 8, 1894. Her first employment in the mimic world was with a stock company, and she also appeared in several regular productions where a very small actress was required. Later she was employed as leading woman by a moving picture film company, and soon became a favorite among the patrons of the "canvassack drama." Her face was known and admired by "movie" regulars all over the United States and Canada, but she remained nameless, for the company that employed her did not believe in the policy of advertising the names of their stars. She remained with the film company for about three years, and then one day David Belasco dropped into a picture theatre and was struck with the charm and talent of the girl depicted on the screen. He sought her out and offered her a position on the legitimate stage. She had a leading role in "A Good Little Devil," and her ability and beauty made her a favorite actress almost in a night. In proportion to population, Canada has probably produced more stars than any other country. Margaret Anglin was so patriotic a Canadian that she chose to be born in Parliament House at Ottawa, her father being Speaker of the house when that illustrious event occurred. May Irwin, Eva Tanguay, Clara Morris, Marie Dressler, Rose Stahl, Hope Booth, Katharine Proctor, Julia Arden, Edna Hawley, Rose Kline and Mimi Alford are among other feminine stage stars who were born in Canada. At least a dozen names of the greatest actors of a lesser rank, are among Canada's products.

THE HUMAN PROCESSION

BIRTHDAY OF STANDARD OIL.

This is the birthday of the Standard Oil Company, perhaps the largest share most famous trust in the world, as far as can be known, the first trust agreement which Standard Oil entered upon was signed on this day, April 8, 1870. Until a few years ago this document remained secret, and 1882 was supposed to have been the birth year of the trust. This first agreement shows that from the beginning John D. Rockefeller had the largest share of 35 per cent. of the stock—3,984 out of 11,360 shares. The late Henry M. Flagler, to whose organizing ability Mr. Rockefeller has attributed much of the company's success, held 3,000 shares, being the second largest of the original holders. Other stockholders were Charles Pratt, 2,700; S. V. Harkness, 2,250; O. H. Payne, 2,637; William Rockefeller, 1,600; Charles Eastman, 1,400; William C. Clegg, 1,322; I. A. Rootwick, 1,572. Twenty-eight other stockholders held blocks of shares ranging from fifteen to 100, the latter number belonging to W. C. the latter number belonging to W. C. partner in the oil industry. Of these John D. Rockefeller held 350 shares under the original trust agreement. At the time the Standard Oil Company held the possession of certificates for certain stocks in twenty-eight different companies, and fifteen of these were controlled by Rockefeller. The trust agreement was signed by John D. Rockefeller as president and H. M. Flagler as secretary, and set forth in detail the names and holdings of stockholders and the number of shares owned by the trust in the various oil, refining and allied companies which it then engaged in absorbing by a process of more or less benevolent assimilation.

FIRST THINGS

TYPE-SETTING MACHINES.

The first really successful type-setting machine was patented by Otto Mergenthaler, of Baltimore, and a patent covering the essential principles of the linotype was granted by the United States Patent Office on April 8, 1890. Since then Mergenthaler's machine has been vastly improved, and the Linotype type-setting machine is one of the intertype and other machines have been placed on the market, and have found many users. The first attempt at a type-setting machine was that of Herban, patented in England in 1794. Church, a Connecticut inventor, invented the keyboard principle in 1822. Beginning about 1840, several English, French and American inventors took up the idea. In 1842 James Young, an Englishman, perfected a machine on which several numbers of the Family Herald were set up. Timothy Alden, of Yale, set up a similar machine in 1844 which was subsequently improved by his cousin, Henry Alden, and years ago Robert Hatterthal invented the first machine that remained in use for any considerable time. Between 1872 and 1873 the English and American patent offices each granted thirty-five patents on type-setting machines. In an attempt to develop one of the later machines Mark Twain lost a large part of his fortune. Mergenthaler utilized the thoughts of all the inventors in this field and added the essential principle which produced the first really practical machine.

Little Benny's Note Book

BY LEE PAPE.
Did you have a good time at the dance last night, ma sed to my slatir Gladdis at breakfast this morning.
Yes, awl rite, sed Gladdis, and pop sed, O, yure jest fresh from a dance are you, then perhaps you can tell me the reel, korrekt Observatory, Western Yewyn pronunciation of this new rival to the tango that is jest now steing the Mexikin stuyashin for first place.
O, you meen the masheeb, sed Gladdis.
I dident no I did, but perhaps yure rite, sed pop, ive herd it pernonated awl the utlr ways and im glad to add that wun to my kullechshin.
Mashees, heh, well, as Shakesper ses, Call a dance by any utlr nam and it will look as funny, and speaking of poets, this noo dance awt to be verry popular with them, because you can peronate it so as to rime with awlmost anything, take the good old erliffill fonetick peronation, for instants.
I luv the kuntry with its woods and cricks.
But O you wickid stiy, O you masicka.
Goodness, sed ma, is there anything wickid about it.
To the pure awl things awt to be writen to the newspapers about, sed pop, now take this peronation of Gladdies.
O see the anry bloodhound, a straining at his leash.
Do not tell me, Myrel, hes lerning the masheeb.
You sertenly can be reedickilus wen you try, sed ma.
Thank you, sed pop, one the peepil who are reedickilus without trying are moar to be pitied than laffed at, now we will take still anuthir popular peronation.
Maud my littel tertle dove, Maud my littel peachy,
Lets hie to a corrispondents skool and lern the noo matecheech.
Or if you do not like to, kum and watch me teetch Evry littel movemint of the noo matecheech.
I thout you sed you were in a hurry this morning, sed ma.
No troo poet is evvir in a hurry, sed pop, but I will stite you wun moar instants and then I must reely tare myself away.
O we think we are brave and we think we are free,
But we are capured at last by the Brazillin maxoe.
And pop got up and pushed his chare back, saying, Are you saterfised.
Kwite, kwite, sed ma.
Verry well, sed pop, And he put awn his hat and cote and went down to the orfiss.

CLIFTON NEWS ITEMS

Clifton, April 6.—With the passing of a flock of geese to the north and the return of the robins it was thought that spring had come, but all these signs of spring are many other were spent in the last few days when two of the worst and most severe blizzards of this season visited the country.
Miss Hazel Wetmore of this place spent last week the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. F. H. Teed of St. John. Miss Helen Wetmore who has been attending the domestic science course at the Dairy School, Sussex, for the past week, is expected home today.
Mr. A. R. Wetmore of this place returned home from Fredericton on Wednesday.
Mr. and Mrs. Gullford Flewelling of Perry's Point were the guests of Mrs. Flewelling's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Northrup of this place.
The monthly meeting of All Saints' Guild was held at the residence of G. H. Flewelling on Friday evening at half past seven. It will meet next month at Mr. M. W. Flewelling. Mr. W. Wilson has been the guest of Mrs. E. H. Merritt at the Glenn for the past week.

The Best Quality at a Reasonable Price

Regarding the Child.

Competent authorities state that fully seventy-five per cent. of the so-called backward or stupid children in our public schools are in that class because of defective vision. In these days of early education it is important that you should know the condition of your child's eyes. If the child apparently has good sight but is backward in his school work, or if there seems to be any strain in his efforts to read or study, you should have us examine his eyes at once. Neglect of this important duty may result in a lifetime of eye troubles, while in some cases the wearing of glasses for a few years in childhood will obviate the necessity for wearing them in later years.

L. L. Sharpe & Son,

Jewelers and Opticians,
21 KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N.B.

CHOICE Banner Seed Oats

We are in a position to sell you very Choice Banner and Other grades of Seed Oats at lowest prices. Please enquire of us before buying.

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Upon getting good results in Engraving & Printing

When leaving your order with C. H. FLEWELLING

JARDINE BUILDING, 85 1-2 Prince Wm. Street.

News to most women!

Oven-tested flour is for sale. Instead of buying ordinary flour you can buy flour whose baking ability has been proven in an oven: A ten pound sample is taken from each shipment of wheat at the mill. This is ground into flour. The flour is baked into bread. If this flour bakes into bread high in quality and large in quantity we keep the whole shipment of wheat and grind it. Otherwise we sell it. More bread and better bread from this flour is a certainty!

Westminster Chime Clocks.

Just opened up another new lot of these choice clocks in Chaste designs never before shown. Also some "GLOW WORM" watches, and Watch Bracelets. The latest useful novelty. You can tell the time by them in the DARK as easily as in the daylight. Very useful for Travellers or for Nurses. Also "Glow Worm" Alarm Watches, in folding leather cases—and "Glow Worm" Alarm Clocks. Come and see them.

FERGUSON & PAGE

41 KING STREET

Bissell's Carpet Sweepers

Sweeping is no longer dreaded by the woman possessing a Bissell Sweeper, as it not only makes a pleasant task out of what was a drudgery, but it brightens and preserves the carpets and rugs. We carry in stock several patterns of Bissell Sweepers, embracing a range of prices to suit every pocket book.

Standard, Japanned trimmings \$2.75
Grand Rapids, ball bearing, Japanned-trimmings 3.00
Boudoir, ball bearings, nickled trimmings 3.50
Elite, Ball bearing 4.25
Crystal, glass top, ball bearing 5.50

T. McAVITY & SONS, LTD.

13 KING STREET

Boston Safety Fountain Pen

CANNOT LEAK THE PEN WITH THE Comb Feed

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MANUFACTURERS OF Cast Iron and Sheet Metal Work of Every Description

Copper, Cast Iron and Galvanized Iron Work for Buildings a specialty.

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GUNNS LIMITED, 674 Main Street M 1670

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The Best for Laundries, Dye-Houses and Exposed Situations

D. K. McLAREN, LIMITED

64 Prince William St. Phone Main 1121. St. John, N. B.

MEN'S WATERBURO SHOES

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MACAULAY BROS.

Our Stores Open 8

\$11.95

Big B COS

TODAY

We commence the offered the ladies of St. John, and were procured to offer them, during

\$11

Many in this lot w satin lined.

The costumes sh Tweeds, Rattines, Pan penhagen, Shepherd's to foxy bust.

During a recent s two days, but the cost and value as to war

If you wish a new No sale goods on paid for.

MACAU

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The Sta 82 Prin

N. S. WOMEN HURT IN E FROM A

Parraboro, N. S., April 6 at St. Augustine last destroyed half a dozen other property, counted ferers two Parraboro Clarence Fullerton and Alice Smith. They were the Hotel Florida, where inated and lost all thei

DODD KIDNEY PILL

QUALITY

COUGHS, RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, DIZZINESS

123 THE

All the Latest News and Comment From the World of Finance

ANOTHER POOR DAY ON WALL STREET

Speculation Slow and the Market Values Little Changed.

GOOD REPORT ON WINTER WHEAT CROP

Cheering News in Wheat Report Failed to Assure Market from its Lethargy.

New York, April 7.—Speculation was again slow today and market values were little changed.

WITHOLD PAYMENT OF THE DIVIDEND

Directors of A. Macdonald Ltd., will Hold Back Dividend on the Preferred Stock, Indefinitely.

Winnipeg, April 7.—Directors of A. Macdonald Company Ltd. at a meeting yesterday decided to withhold payment of the dividend on the preferred stock indefinitely even though the audited statement of business terminated on December 31 shows profits almost double the amount required for dividends on preferred stock and interest on the balance due to bondholders.

MADE BIG CLEAN-UP ON ELECTION BETS

Montreal, April 7.—During a short visit to the floor of the stock exchange this morning Sir Rodolphe Forget had a busy time pocketing the cheques which were showered upon him as the result of wagers made on the result of the majority contest.

RANDOLPH'S CLOSING STOCK LETTER

New York, April 7.—Most interesting development was the publication of the crop report on wheat and rye.

PRODUCE PRICES IN CANADIAN CENTRES

Montreal, April 7.—CORN—American No. 2 yellow, 77½ to 78.

CLOSING PRICES OF BOSTON STOCKS

(F. B. McCURDY & CO.)

Table with columns: Stock Name, Asked, Bid. Includes Adventure, Allouez, Arcadian, Cal and Ariz, Cal and Hecla, Centennial, Daily West, Franklin, Granby, Greene Cananea, Hancock, Helvelia, Lake Royale, LaSalle Copper, Lake Copper, Michigan, Mahawk, Nipissing, North Butte, Old Dominion, Ouellet, Quincey, Shannon, Sup and Boston, Tamarack, Trinity, Diak Cons, U. S. M and Shipping, Winona, Wolverine.

PLUMMER'S VIEWS ON TARIFF CHANGES

Action Regarding Wire Rods will put wire and Nail Industry on Sounder Basis.

TRAM POWER SHARES JUMP

Bulls Used Result of Montreal Elections to Stampede Market—Stock Moved up 5 1-2 Points.

Montreal, April 7.—The market for Tram Power shares evidently treated the result of the municipal elections as a bull card this morning as the stock rose to 43 after closing yesterday at 38½.

THE DAY'S SALES ON MONTREAL EXCHANGE

(F. B. McCURDY & CO.)

Table of Morning Sales: Cement, 25 @ 31 3-8; B. C. Packers, 25 @ 140; Bell Phone, 15 @ 148; Cement Pfd., 12 @ 91 1-2, 5 @ 91 1-4; Steel Co. of Canada, 25 @ 18 1-2, 25 @ 18 5-8, 50 @ 18 1-2, 40 @ 18 3-4; Detroit Railway, 5 @ 69 1-2; Textile Com., 17 @ 81; Dominion Steel, 50 @ 23 1-2, 100 @ 34, 300 @ 33 1-2, 185 @ 33 1-4, 200 @ 33 1-2, 10 @ 33 1-4, 50 @ 33, 5 @ 33 1-4, 205 @ 33, 25 @ 32 5-8, 355 @ 32 5-4, 275 @ 32 7-8, 320 @ 33, 75 @ 32 7-8, 75 @ 32 3-4; Montreal Power, 10 @ 225; Dominion Iron Pfd., 27 @ 90, 88 @ 91; Shawinigan Rights, 25 @ 111 1-2, 7 @ 1 3-4, 11 @ 1 11-16, 1 @ 1 3-4, 20 @ 1 11-16, 9 @ 1 3-4; Ottawa Power, 5 @ 151 1-4; Quebec Railway, 5 @ 14 1-4; Laurentide Pulp, 35 @ 188; Cannery, 5 @ 56; Hillcrest, 50 @ 44; Montreal Tram, 125 @ 217; Brazilians, 15 @ 52 1-2, 35 @ 52; Penman, 9 @ 81 1-2, 80 @ 81; Crown Reserve, 500 @ 178; Dominion Trust, 5 @ 109; Toronto Railway, 25 @ 139; McDonnell, 140 @ 15, 10 @ 13 1-2; Dominion Cotton Bonds, 2,000 @ 100; Paint Bonds, 1,000 @ 101; Tram Debutures, 1,000 @ 78; Canada First, 1,000 @ 97; Dominion Iron Bonds, 1,000 @ 85; Bank of Nova Scotia, 1 @ 264 1-2; Canadian Bank of Commerce, 52 @ 210; Bank of Toronto, 17 @ 208 3-4.

INVESTORS

Maritime Telegraph and Telephone Company

The value of this stock as an investment can be judged from the following figures furnished by the Maritime Telegraph and Telephone Company.

Table with columns: Year, Subscribers. 1907 of 860, 1908 of 583, 1909 of 555, 1910 of 740, 1911 of 705.

THE RITZ-CARLTON HOTEL

Sherbrooke Street, Montreal, offers the Comfort, Service and Cuisine of the famous Ritz chain of Hotels and Restaurants round the world, at similar rates to those of other leading hotels in Canada.

CAN CONSOLIDATED RUBBER REPORT

Falling off in Net Sales for Year.—Expect Better Business in 1914, however.

THE DAY ON THE MONTREAL 'CHANGE

Montreal, April 7.—Like other industrial companies, Canadian Consolidated Rubber shows a falling off in business for 1913 compared with 1912.

DUTY ON STEEL RODS IS VERY POPULAR

News Reflected on Opening of Montreal Exchange by the Advance in Dominion Iron.

Montreal, April 7.—The announcement of duty of \$3.50 per ton on steel rods was popularly received in the street and the news was reflected on the opening of the exchange by an advance in Dominion Iron from thirty-three yesterday to thirty-four today.

LATE NEWS FROM COTTON MARKET

New York, April 7.—There have been interesting features, and prices have made new high records for the movement of the leading staples.

THE DAY ON THE MONTREAL 'CHANGE

Municipal Elections and Budget Speech the Two Big Factors.

FREIGHT RATES CASE DECISION TODAY

Believed Application of West Should be Disallowed—Tariff Changes Favorably Received.

(F. B. McCURDY & CO.)

POST AND FLAGG ON COTTON SITUATION

United Kingdom Exported Last Month, Three Million Pounds More Yarn and Thirty Million Yards More Cloth than in March 1913.

New York, April 7.—Prices for the active months have shown renewed strength on continued demand from large spot interests and covering by those who sold yesterday.

POST AND FLAGG ON COTTON SITUATION

United Kingdom Exported Last Month, Three Million Pounds More Yarn and Thirty Million Yards More Cloth than in March 1913.

KEEP IT HANDY!

Investors—and those likely to become investors—should keep a copy of "Mackintosh's Investment Review" in a convenient place, readily accessible for quick reference when an investment is under consideration.

As illustrative of the extent and variety of the security offerings in the April number, we point to these items therein listed:—

- 14 Maritime Municipals—yielding up to 5 1/2 p.c.
8 Upper Canadian Municipals—yielding up to 6 p.c.
7 Public Service Issues—yielding up to 6 1/2 p.c.
6 Industrial Bonds—yielding up to 6 1/2 p.c.
7 Industrial Stocks—yielding up to 8 1/2 p.c.
A few copies remain.
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These bonds are a first mortgage on all the assets of the company which owns and operates the electric lighting service, without competition, in the city of Charlottetown, P. E. I. Price upon application.

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CANADA LIFE

During the year just closed business was the largest in the history of the company, which covers a period of 67 years.

Assets are now over \$52,000,000. J. M. QUEEN, St. John, N. B., Manager for New Brunswick

EASTERN SECURITIES CO. LTD.

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A fire office continuously in business since 1792. JARVIS & WHITTAKER, Provincial Agents, 74 PRINCE WM. STREET

KEEP IT HANDY!

Investors—and those likely to become investors—should keep a copy of "Mackintosh's Investment Review" in a convenient place, readily accessible for quick reference when an investment is under consideration.

As illustrative of the extent and variety of the security offerings in the April number, we point to these items therein listed:—

- 14 Maritime Municipals—yielding up to 5 1/2 p.c.
8 Upper Canadian Municipals—yielding up to 6 p.c.
7 Public Service Issues—yielding up to 6 1/2 p.c.
6 Industrial Bonds—yielding up to 6 1/2 p.c.
7 Industrial Stocks—yielding up to 8 1/2 p.c.
A few copies remain.
Send for one today.

J.C. Mackintosh & Co. ESTD 1875. Members Montreal Stock Exchange. 68-90 Prince William Street ST. JOHN, N. B. Also at Halifax and Montreal.

CHARLOTTETOWN ELECTRIC COMPANY

6% BONDS

These bonds are a first mortgage on all the assets of the company which owns and operates the electric lighting service, without competition, in the city of Charlottetown, P. E. I. Price upon application.

ATLANTIC BOND COMPANY, LTD. Bank of Montreal Bldg. St. John, N. B. Howard P. Robinson, President. Tel. Main 2524.

CANADA LIFE

During the year just closed business was the largest in the history of the company, which covers a period of 67 years.

Assets are now over \$52,000,000. J. M. QUEEN, St. John, N. B., Manager for New Brunswick

EASTERN SECURITIES CO. LTD.

LIMITED INVESTMENT BANKERS. St. John, N. B. Montreal, Que., Halifax, N. S.

THE MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA

Capital and Reserve Fund, \$13,792,450.00. Saving Banks at All Branches. Absolute Security to Depositors.

St. John Branch, - 58 Prince William Street

F. B. YOUNG, CIVIL ENGINEER AND LAND SURVEYOR.

Special attention to subdivision surveys, timber estimating, draughting and blue prints, waterworks, sewerage, drainage, etc. 109 Prince Wm. St., St. John, N. B. Phone Main 2709-11.

LONDON GUARANTEE AND ACCIDENT CO., LTD.

EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE. CHAS. A. MACDONALD & SON, Provincial Managers, 49 CANTERBURY STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B., Phone Main 1839.

THOMAS BELL & CO., ST. JOHN, N. B.

PUGBLEY BUILDING, 45 PRINCESS STREET. Lumber and General Brokers. SPRUCE, HEMLOCK, BIRCH, SOUTHERN PINE, OAK, CYPRESS, SPRUCE PILING and CREOSOTED PILING.

DOMINION TRUST COMPANY

"The Perpetual Trustee." Paid up Capital and Reserve \$2,800,000. Acts as Executor, Administrator, Guardian, Trustee and Receiver. Represented in St. John by J. R. CAMPBELL, Solicitor, - 42 Princess Street

INSURE IN THE "OLD NORTH AMERICA"

A fire office continuously in business since 1792. JARVIS & WHITTAKER, Provincial Agents, 74 PRINCE WM. STREET

Now PAINT... PRISM... A. M. 331... Mar... H. L. & 139... Decide to do with appearance and the least cost. It is extra at \$2.50 more is made at \$1.75 per SWP given and the che at the end the whole T. McAVITY Hardware ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE PLACE OF PAINT IN MODERN CIVILIZATION.

Now is the Time to Paint

PAINT protects and beautifies your property. It is an economy not an expense. It keeps your property looking well, and prevents the destructive action of the elements on wood and metal. A few dollars spent on painting every four or five years, mean a saving of many dollars worth of repairs a little later.

PRISM READY MIXED PAINT

is a satisfactory paint. It is made of good materials thoroughly mixed. It is a long-wearing paint at a moderate price. Call and see us and let us talk to you about your painting.

A. M. ROWAN,
331 MAIN STREET

Many Signs

In St. John

look very dingy and many are almost tumbling down. Get them renovated or new ones made before Exhibition at

H. L. & J. T. MCGOWAN, LTD.
139 PRINCESS STREET



Decide at once to paint your home—and to do with economy—to get the best appearance and wear for the longest time at the least cost per year.

It is extravagance to buy cheap paint. SWP at \$2.50 per gallon that lasts for six years or more is much cheaper in the end than paint at \$1.75 per gallon that only lasts three years. SWP gives paint satisfaction at 42c a year and the cheap paint costs you 58c a year, and at the end of three years you have to assume the whole cost of repainting.

Ask us for color card

T. McAVITY & SONS also **GEO. MORRELL**
Hardware, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, etc.
ST. JOHN, N. B. HAYMARKET SQ.

THE ADVERTISING VALUE OF PROPERLY PAINTED HOUSES

The Secretary of the Exhibition Association Points Out the Benefits Derived from Brightly Painted Dwellings—Visitors Size Up a Town According to its Lack of Paint—Clean-up Days Help the Town—Responsibility for a Clean City Rests on the Individual Citizens.

BE TIDY AND CAREFUL IN ALL THINGS

(By H. A. Porter)
The essential feature of all advertising is "attraction." The merchant or the manufacturer advertises in order that he may attract the attention of the buying public to his wares or products; having attracted the public and induced them to sample, quality and fair dealing may carry on the good work. Quality is the best advertisement possible for repeat sales, but the most superior quality might be passed unnoticed if the attention of the buying public was never attracted to it in order to effect the first sale.
So with towns and cities, let the first appearance be that of neglect, monotony or shabbiness, and the casual visitor, and oftentimes the frequent visitor, will at once decide that the town or city is a "dead one" and will not trouble to investigate the actual conditions or the latent possibilities of the locality. On the other hand let a community present a bright and clean exterior to the world and it will receive a good word from all who visit it, a word which will not only bespeak it a good reputation but will add materially to the satisfaction and self-respect of the inhabitants themselves.
Untidiness and carelessness are habits easily acquired, and like many others, commence from small beginnings. It is but a step from the paper and the orange peel thrown in the gutter to the untidy ash barrel and the tin cans strewn about the yard, and another step to the unkempt fence and the buildings devoid of a spring clean-up and as far as it went, it was a grand thing, but it did not go far enough. Many citizens failed to take advantage of the means of self-help, consequently the work of a whole district or block was robbed of its rightful result by the slothfulness of the comparatively few delinquents. However, the move was a good one and the results on the whole encouraging. Why not carry on the movement for cleanliness to its next stage and call for a liberal use of paint or, at least, whitewash?
In a town comprised of so large a percentage of wooden buildings as St. John is, it is extremely necessary that paint be used liberally not only to retard deterioration but also on account of the effect produced on the minds of those who frequent our streets. No normal person really likes dirt and uncleanness and it is universally recognized that the judicious use of soap and water and clean surroundings call forth a higher moral standard than that which prevails in squalid localities; similarly bright and attractive surroundings react on the mental outlook of the inhabitants and we find today an increasingly high standard of luxury not only in homes but also in office fittings and equipment, which in turn reacts on the office staffs. Unconsciously we gauge a man by his surroundings, thinking that the surroundings are the outward expression of the man and overlook the fact that the man may equally be the outcome of his surroundings; whichever fact is the more true it behooves us as a city to keep looking clean and fresh so as to produce a good effect on the visitors who may come to our city—whether they be tourists seeking to escape the heat of the south, business men seeking to increase their connections, or the ordinary crowd of pleasure seekers.

Scientific methods have revolutionized the manufacture of paints and oils as well as the painters' trade. The keen competition has caused the painter to become a specialist and his work has shown general improvement.
Paint has been long recognized as an eliminator of disease germs and the more general use of paint has been the result.
Prominent builders have endeavored to have property owners recognize the value of paint as a preserver of woods and metals. It is well known that well painted buildings require less repairs and retain their fresh appearance better than the poorly painted structures.
The big concerns of the country such as bridge and large steel structure builders have recognized the preservative properties of paint and they recommend the liberal use of paint on all these works.
It is expected that the people of St. John will waken to the need of more paint and that the coming summer will see a great improvement in the general appearance of the town.

perhaps ill-founded, but nevertheless firmly entrenched that the citizens are slow, indifferent and not up to date. On the other hand, if it be true that the surroundings react on the individual the same policy of prudence which makes a man fit up his office so that his mind may be elastic and alive rather than hemmed in and stupified, this same prudence should force us as citizens to do up our surroundings and the outward appearance of our city that we will thus not only produce a direct influence on our visitors, but may also be creating in ourselves a brighter outlook, a more lively civic pride, and that tendency to look the whole world in the face, individually back up the first impression produced by the buildings, and so send our visitors away with an indelible feeling that they have been in a city that is, both in its personal and in its buildings, a live, up to date and progressive one, that it is a pleasure either to visit or to dwell in.
Ere closing let me emphasize one feature, namely that as the city is but a collection of individuals, the responsibility falls on each one to do his share, ever remembering the little daggery:
"Why don't they keep the streets a little cleaner?"
"You ask with keen annoyance not undue."
"Why don't they keep the parks a little greener?"
"Did you ever stop to think that 'they' means you?"

ADVERTISE AT HOME TOO

National Advertising Good, but Card in Local Newspapers Centralizes Attention.

In regard to national advertising the head of one of the largest paint manufacturing concerns in America lately has a tremendous influence. Through the medium of the different publications and billboards throughout the dominion the merits of the different paints are being constantly put before the house owners. The more people see the paint advertisement the more they read about that paint and then the advertisement of the local dealer centralizes their attention to his particular place of business.
For instance, the householder reads in his favorite magazine about a certain brand of paint, simultaneously he finds a striking advertisement in his local newspaper over the business card of the local dealer; he goes to the dealer's store and finally becomes a customer.
The national advertising fixes the customer's mind on a certain brand of goods but it takes the local advertisement to centralize his ideas on the fact that he can secure the articles in his home town.

"BRIGHTEN UP" THE NEW CREED

St. John people interested in the advancement movement might well adopt the creed of the Brighten Up Club, which is as follows:

- To brighten up myself—to be optimistic, cheerful and good natured.
- To brighten up my home—and spread the brighten up spirit among my neighbors.
- To brighten up my business and take pleasure as well as profit from it.
- To brighten up my town and promote its social, industrial and commercial progress.
- To promote the love of nature, sunshine and fresh air.
- To adopt "Brighten Up" as my slogan.

TURPENTINE

Turpentine is the resinous exudation of various conifers. The crude product is produced by cutting cavities in the trees near the roots and collecting in boxes. On distillation by fire or steam the volatile "oil" or spirits of turpentine passes, off leaving resin. The volatile portion consists mainly of terpenes. Oil of turpentine is obtained in a similar fashion and is used in medicine for external application as a rubefacient and counter-irritant and internally to a small extent to check bleeding, but it is apt to have a dangerous effect on the kidneys.

Varnish is a solution of a resin in oil or spirit used to coat surfaces in order to furnish a hard glossy coating impervious to air and moisture. This coating is produced by the evaporation of the spirit or other solvent or the oxidation of the oil. The drying oils such as linseed oil are natural varnishes, the drying power being increased by various processes such as boiling.

GOOD PAINT AND WHITEWASH ARE THE MODERN NECESSITIES

Scientific Methods have Revolutionized the Paint Business, and the Property Owner is now able to Secure Better Workmanship and Materials than Ever Before.

CLEANLINESS AND BRIGHTNESS.

"Brighten Up" has become the slogan in practically every line of endeavor during the last few years. The need of brightness in business, in private and in the national life has come to be recognized as the means of affecting the solution of many problems of modern times.
The brighten up idea has become the special feature of America and the country districts have also found the phrase applicable to the working and business of the farm.
Cleanliness and brightness have been closely associated and practically every city and town in America has reserved a day for general cleaning. During last spring St. John citizens recognized such a day and much good was done. It is expected that the same idea, but to a greater extent, will be carried out during the present spring.
People in other communities have gone further than the majority of the citizens here and have extended their operations to the general improvement of their property. Paint and white wash have played important parts in these campaigns and many towns and cities have greatly improved their appearance by the liberal use of these cleaning agents. In the residential sections especially has this been true and the property owners have vied with one another in making their premises appear better than their neighbors.
The spirit of cleaning has extended to the country districts and well painted farm buildings have become much more common than formerly. With modern fences paint has added greatly to the general appearance of farm property and it has been said that the prices obtained for farms has been greatly enhanced through the judicious application of paint.
The larger paint manufacturers have co-operated with the paint consumers and have established engineering departments from which suggestions for the better ways of using paints have been sent out. The manufacturers have extended their business in this way but they have also helped the general public to obtain better results than had been the custom formerly.
Several years ago it was the custom to allow the owners of property to practically "go it blind" in the matter of paint selection. Of course the local painters were relied upon to secure the best results from the application of paint, but these men were in many cases left to their own ideas in the selection of materials. In recent years this matter has undergone reforms and now painters have the best suggestions from the engineers retained by the paint manufacturers. When in doubt as to what materials would be best suited for the work in hand the painter may write to the paint manufacturer and secure valuable information as to the treatment and the mixing of pigments.
The modern idea is that of co-operation and this spirit has practically united manufacturer, painter and the property owner in an endeavor to secure the best results.
In olden times the painters used the materials at hand, whether they were best suited for the job or not but this has all changed now and the painter has become an expert, he studies the materials to be treated before selecting his paints. The result has been better satisfaction to both painter and consumer.
Scientific methods have revolutionized the manufacture of paints and oils as well as the painters' trade. The keen competition has caused the painter to become a specialist and his work has shown general improvement.
Paint has been long recognized as an eliminator of disease germs and the more general use of paint has been the result.
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It is expected that the people of St. John will waken to the need of more paint and that the coming summer will see a great improvement in the general appearance of the town.

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LIFE INSURANCE FOR YOUR HOUSE

A TREE often lives several hundred years. Nature has protected the wood by covering it with bark to shield it from the elements.

When trees are sawed into lumber, Nature's protection is lost. Therefore, the wood used in your house must be painted protected to insure it against wear and weather.

"100% Pure" Paint is a good life insurance policy on your house. It protects against decay—pays for itself, over and over again, in the repairs it saves—adds value and beauty to the building as well as long life to the wood.

Martin-Senour "100% Pure" Paint

is what we recommend for all outside and inside painting. "100% Pure" is genuine White Lead, Oxide of Zinc, purest Colors, and Linseed Oil—ground to extreme fineness by powerful machinery—the combination of which produces a paint that is greatest in hiding, covering and wearing qualities—and makes it the cheapest to use as well as the most satisfactory.

Let us help you in selecting colors for your spring painting.

FOR SALE BY
W. H. THORNE & CO. Ltd.
St. John, N. B.

E. W. PAUL

House and Sign Painter
Whitewashing and Paperhanging
42 Paddock Street
Phone M 1403-21

Resforth Phone 31 Ring 71 Phone M 1015

B. A. DENNISTON

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER
267 Union Street, St. John, N. B.
The patent dryers are sometimes added. The pigments employed are active products, such as ochres and oxides of metals or artificially produced such as chromates of lead and emerald green.

The Easter Gift



Most appropriate, and one which is sure to be appreciated, is something for the house—a piece of furniture, which at the same time beautifies and is useful. If you are thinking of Easter Gifts just drop into our store and look over our stock of furniture—It's a winner.

A. ERNEST EVERETT,
91 Charlotte Street

ALL THE LATEST NEWS FROM THE ATHLETIC WORLD

STATEMENT ON FRATERNITY IS GIVEN BY FULTZ

New York, April 7.—David L. Fultz, president of the Baseball Players' Fraternity, has issued a statement regarding the fraternity's stand on the reserve clause in players' contracts...



Lew McCarty

JOHNSON MUST FIGHT, SAYS COMMISSION

Paris, April 7.—The International Boxing Union, now meeting in Geneva, Switzerland, today announced a list of world's champions at various weights was drawn up with the heavy-weight title pending between Sam Langford and Jack Johnson...

OFFERS THIRTY THOUSAND FOR OLD ROSEBUD

Chicago, April 7.—Jeff Livingston of Chicago and New York, owner of the thoroughbred horse Iron Mask, which recently established an American record at the Jaures racetrack, has made an offer of \$30,000 for Old Rosebud...



Tommy Leach



Top Coats for Spring.

We can show you the Advance Fashions in New Fabrics for The Cool Spring Days and Evenings. Medium Weights, capably suited to Spring wear. Fabrics: Fancy Tweeds, Homespuns, Heather Mixtures, Oxford Greys; many in the new belted backs; some with button through; others with fly front.

These Top Coats are absolutely made for the wearer who appreciates the Difference.

JOHN P. CONDON, 54 King Street.

Whether or not this clause is binding in law is a question which has often been discussed, with various lines of reasoning and with results which can be no way reconciled.

In the National League Brooklyn has about the best looking bunch of young and promising catchers and under Wilbert Robinson they should all develop into stars.

SPORTOGRAPHY

Many Pugilists have Monuments Over Graves

This is Jim Mac's birthday, and it will be fittingly observed by the friends of the late pugilist by the decoration of the monument which has been erected to his memory in Norwich.

R.K.Y.C. CONCERT AN ENJOYABLE AFFAIR

The concert held under the auspices of the R. K. Y. C. in their rooms in the Masonic building last evening was attended by a large number of the members, and proved to be a very enjoyable affair.

THIS DATE IN RING ANNALS

Wednesday, April 8, 1914. 1891—George Dawson defeated Dummy Mac in 17 rounds at Sydney, N.Y. a battle for the light-weight championship of Australia.

LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

Last night on the Black alleys in the City League, the Wanderers and the Ramblers took two points each. The following was the individual score of the bowlers:

LOCAL BOWLING YESTERDAY

Table with columns for bowler names and scores. Includes names like Beatley, Jordan, Sutherland, Kirkpatrick, Wilson, Black, Jonston, Logan, Poohy, Lewis.

THE JEMSEG SCHOOL REPORTS FOR MARCH

Jemseg, April 6.—Those having a standing of 60 and over in Jemseg school for the month of March were: Grade V.—A. Div.: Greta Curtis, 90; Laura Parris, 97; Alma Slocum, 94; George Gunter, 92; Byard Colwell, 91; Jotta Springer, 89; Ray Purdy, 84; Jennie Curtis, 81; Myrtle Slocum, 72; Everett Colwell, 69; Helen Dykeman, 68; B. Div.: Elsie Rankine, 67; Mabel Curtis, 57; Louise Colwell, 57; Grover Springer, 52; Betta Colwell, 72; Marshall Fownes, 73; Nellie Rankine, 66; Marion Wasson, 60.

PRINCETON PLANS OPEN TRACK MEET

Princeton, N. J., April 7.—The Princeton Track Association has announced a plan to hold an open handicap track meet on University field on May 16. It is hoped that in this way the athletes from college circles and from the various amateur associations of the large cities will be brought together.

LABATT'S LAGER IS MILD, PURE, APPETIZING

Just the Beverage for the busy man—rests the nerves and ensures sound sleep. If not sold in your neighborhood, write JOHN LABATT, LIMITED LONDON - CANADA

WHYTE & MACKAYS' SPECIAL SELECTED HIGHLAND WHISKY

Their choice for years has been that old favorite:--

WHYTE & MACKAYS' SPECIAL SELECTED HIGHLAND WHISKY

At all Clubs, Cafes and on all Steamships Railroads, etc.

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR. The Ford—the Lightest, Surest, Most Economical—the very essence of automobiling—and all Canadian. Model T \$600. Get catalog and particulars from Ford Motor Co., St. John, N. B., Branch, Telephone Main 2506.

LABATT'S LAGER IS MILD, PURE, APPETIZING. Just the Beverage for the busy man—rests the nerves and ensures sound sleep. JOHN LABATT, LIMITED LONDON - CANADA. Special arrangements for direct shipment to private consumers.

AVONMORE NEWS. Avonmore, April 6.—Miss Leone Graves has returned home after spending some time with her aunt, Mrs. G. J. Kaye. Mrs. Jas. Lovett is not improving as rapidly as her friends would wish her.

A CENTURY OF SUCCESS. Consistent, enduring success can only be secured by honesty in value and excellence in quality and each year—for one hundred years—public appreciation, shown by increasing demand, has proven ROYAL ARMS SCOTCH to rank high in favor.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY. DOMINION COAL COMPANY LIMITED. GENERAL SALES OFFICE 112 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL.

LANDING. Scotch Cannel Coal. For Grates. Scotch and American Anthracite and all kinds of best Soft Coal in stock.

SCOTCH COALS. New landing all sizes SCOTCH HARD COAL. Let me have your order early.

SCOTCH COALS. JAMES S. MCGILVER. Telephone 42. 5 Mill Street.

SCOTCH COALS. C. E. COLWELL WEST END. Dealer in HARD, SOFT AND SCOTCH COAL. Delivered to any part of the city, 86 and 88 Union Street, Phone W. 17, WEST ST. JOHN.

BUSINESS CHANGE. We announce with pleasure that we expect shortly to re-open our Merchant Tailoring Store on German street, two doors south of our former stand, and that as usual we will put on hand a stock of the very best and most fashionable cloths for the carrying on of an up-to-date tailoring business.

D. & J. PATERSON. Merchant Tailors.

COAL AND WOOD.

DOMINION COAL COMPANY LIMITED. GENERAL SALES OFFICE 112 ST. JAMES ST. MONTREAL.

LANDING. Scotch Cannel Coal. For Grates. Scotch and American Anthracite and all kinds of best Soft Coal in stock.

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FUNDY FOX CO. LTD. ST. JOHN, N. B.

VERNON 2 INCH BAND 2 FOR 25¢

PARTIES IN SCOTT ACT LOCALITIES SUPPLIED FOR PERSONAL USE. WRITE ST. JOHN AGENCY, 20-24 WATER STREET.

WHYTE & MACKAYS' SPECIAL SELECTED HIGHLAND WHISKY. At all Clubs, Cafes and on all Steamships Railroads, etc.

WHYTE & MACKAYS' SPECIAL SELECTED HIGHLAND WHISKY. At all Clubs, Cafes and on all Steamships Railroads, etc.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—increasing easterly winds, with snow or rain. Washington, April 7.—Forecast: Northern New England—Snow or rain Wednesday, probably snow with colder at night. Thursday fair, moderate shifting winds.

Toronto, April 7.—A pronounced area of high pressure covers the continent to west of the Great Lakes, while the trough of low pressure is moving eastward towards the Atlantic coast. Cold weather has prevailed over the greater part of Canada.

Temperatures.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	42	60
Vancouver	42	60
Calgary	16	44
Edmonton	18	40
Battleford	16	34
Medicine Hat	9	29
Moose Jaw	9	32
Regina	10	30
Winnipeg	4	22
Fort Arthur	4	22
Parry Sound	20	44
London	30	40
Toronto	22	38
Ottawa	22	38
Montreal	24	38
Quebec	18	38
St. John	20	38
Halifax	26	50

AROUND THE CITY

Wants Customers
A farmer near Sackville has written to the Board of Trade complaining about the lack of people handling garden truck and vegetables. He was supplied with a list of produce dealers doing business in St. John.

Settlers Coming
Mr. Bowden, the provincial representative in Great Britain is sending a large party of new settlers on the Victorian. There will also be parties of immigrants on the Lake Manitoba and Cornubian. These three boats will arrive within the next ten days.

Snow Again.
About midnight last night snow began to fall and at an early hour this morning the streets presented a mid-winter appearance. The fondness of the weather man to hand out snow instead of rain at this season of the year is getting to be more than a joke, at least in the opinion of a large number of citizens.

Two False Alarms.
Last night the fire department was called out by a false alarm from box 48 on the corner of Sheffield St. near the Imperial Oil Company tanks. This alarm caused a large number of citizens to respond owing to the fact that the exhibition buildings are in this district, but when the firemen arrived on the scene they found that like a previous alarm it was false.

Ice Still Holds.
Although this time last year the river steamers were plying on the waters of the river and doing a healthy business in freight and passenger traffic, navigation on the river is still closed and it appears as though the year will be well into April before the boats will be able to run on their regular summer schedules. It was reported yesterday that the river was clear up as far as the Cedars but it was said that in the Belleisle ice was two feet in thickness.

Variety Tea.
A successful tea and variety sale was held in the vestry of Leinster street Baptist church last evening. The tables were presided over by the following: Fancy table, Mrs. H. D. Everett and Mrs. J. H. Lane; home cooking table, Mrs. J. H. Lane; table, Miss Clementine Fulton and Miss Matilda Logue; serving table, Mrs. James R. Davis and Mrs. Saul Scribner; Miss Reta Wilson and Mrs. Bliss Dunfield. There was a good attendance and more than \$50 was realized. The sale was conducted under the auspices of the Willing Workers of the church.

Is Retiring.
Miss Margaret J. Wilson, who for the past eight or nine years has been employed as bookkeeper with Scovill Bros., Ltd., has severed her connections with that company and on last Saturday evening she left the office and employees of the company as a mark of their esteem and friendship of the young lady presented her with a beautiful leather travelling bag. Miss Wilson has for a long time been connected with the firm of Scovill Bros., Ltd., and in her business connections with the firm her popularity was not confined to the office or business house, but extended to all those with whom she had business dealings.

Conservative Club.
A meeting of the North End Conservative Club was held last evening in their hall on Simonds street when there was a large and enthusiastic attendance. John Thornton was in the chair and the business transacted was largely of a routine nature. The minutes of last meeting were read and new members were elected to the club. After the meeting F. L. Potts addressed the gathering on the single tax question and answered several questions put to him by those in the room. The talk was listened to attentively, and at the conclusion of the meeting the speaker was tendered a hearty vote of thanks. The North End Conservative Club is adding new members to its ranks and is planning for a number of interesting meetings.

PERSONAL.
Judge Landry came into the city from Fredericton last evening on the Boston train.
H. C. Groat, assistant general superintendent of the Atlantic division, C. P. R., arrived in the city last evening on the Boston train.

PARK HOTEL, KING SQUARE.

NEGROES WERE FOUND GUILTY ON TWO COUNTS

Brussels Street Assault went to Jury Yesterday Afternoon—Prisoners Remanded for Sentence.

A verdict of guilty was brought in yesterday afternoon by the jury in the criminal case in the circuit court against George Dixon, Gilbert Lauchner, Jr., Earnest Bushfan and Walter Currie. All four prisoners were found guilty on two counts in the indictment. One of which was a charge of assault occasioning grievous bodily harm and the other intent to commit an assault. The prisoners were remanded for sentence. The case was continued yesterday morning before Justice McKeown. Officer Dykeman gave evidence, closing the case for the crown. The defendant, Bushfan, was the only witness examined for the defence. J. A. Barry, for Dixon, A. A. Conlon, for Bushfan, and E. S. Ritchie, for Currie, addressed the jury, pointing out that the affair was not as serious as the charge contained in the indictment, and at the most could only be construed as a common assault, whereas one of the counts in the indictment is punishable by life imprisonment. The hearing was resumed at half past two in the afternoon. When Daniel Mullin, K. C., who represented the Attorney-General, delivered his address for the crown, after which the case went to the jury. The jury brought in a verdict about five o'clock.

PREPARE FOR ANNUAL CIVIC CLEANING DAY

Board of Health Inspectors will Undertake Campaign at once — Barber Shop Regulations.

At the meeting of the Board of Health yesterday afternoon eight inspectors were appointed to undertake the annual civic cleaning campaign conducted by the board, and the permanent officials were ordered to put up posters all over the city calling upon landlords and tenants to clean up their backyards and premises generally, and get them in shape for the visits of the special inspectors. Every spring the Board of Health appoints a number of special inspectors who visit all sections of the city and see that householders clear the winter's accumulations from their back yards or out-houses.

In Barber Shops.
Another important matter brought before the board was that of adopting regulations governing conditions in barber shops. The medical health officer who has been looking into the matter for some time submitted a number of proposed regulations providing for the sterilization of instruments used by barbers and dealing with sanitary conditions in barber shops generally. These proposals were referred to a committee consisting of Chairman Doherty, Senator Daniel and the solicitor of the board, J. Armstrong to consider and report on.

For Rigid Inspection.
A resolution was passed instructing the officials of the board to make arrangements for putting up posters, notifying all interested regarding the regulations of the Provincial Board of Health dealing with the sale of fish and meat in the city. These regulations provide that certain kinds of fish and meat carcasses must have their entrails removed and be cleaned properly before they are exposed for sale. Chairman Manning W. Doherty, George Blake and Solter Armstrong were appointed a committee to interview the Provincial Minister of Agriculture with a view of securing a more thorough inspection of dairies, barns or other premises on which cows are kept, which supply milk to the people of St. John.

CIVIC BUIERS TO TAKE TRIP AROUND WORLD

Civic Educational Association Plans Tour — Will Visit the Most Important European Cities.

The Board of Trade has received a copy of the itinerary of the Municipal tour being conducted by the Civic Educational Association, with the idea of giving civic rulers in United States and Canada a chance to learn something of the way European cities deal with municipal problems. The party who take the tour will visit the most important cities in practically all European countries except Russia, and will be able to learn something or everything about what is going on in up-to-date cities. The round trip will cost \$645, including even tips. It is one of the most interesting trips ever offered to people interested in city government, and begins on the first of July, thus affording defeated candidates for the civic elections a chance to learn a lot of things which will enable them to impress the citizens at the next elections that they made a mistake. So far as known none of the public spirited men of St. John who aspire to serve the city and direct it along the way it should go intend to take the trip.

GAME WARDENS AND POACHERS NOW AT ODDS

Punish Many Offenders, but Trouble Still Goes on — Leave Meat in Woods.

During the spring the game wardens of the province have had considerable trouble with poachers, and a score or more offenders in different parts of the province have been convicted. In some cases heavy punishments have been inflicted. Among the wardens who have been in the presence of poachers are S. L. Traton, Victoria Co., Cyril Portras, Madawaska Co., Elizabeth Demons, Sunbury Co., Theophile Robitash, Gloucester Co., Warden McGrath, Northumberland Co., David Roach, Kings Co., A. J. Branch, Gloucester Co. and A. E. O'Leary.

SOCIALIST IN ADDRESS

Wilfred Gribble Deals with Production of Wealth—Capitalists not Factors in Production.

The production of wealth was the subject of the address delivered by Wilfred Gribble, Dominion organizer of the Socialists, at the meeting held in the Oddfellows hall last evening. The lecturer said wealth was the result of the intelligent application of labor to natural resources. Capital was merely a form of ownership, and was not a factor in production. A capitalist might also be a worker, but his capital never produced anything, any more than the feudal powers of the feudal lord was factor in production. The feudal form of ownership had changed into the capitalist form of ownership, and this would change into social ownership. Today we produced socially; even a match embodied the labor of the shoemaker, carpenter who built the factory, miners, fishermen, sailors, garment workers who produced the clothes of the match factory workers, farmers, who produced their food, machinists, railway men, in fact a bit of the labor of nearly every call of workers. With the change in the form of production the form of ownership would necessarily change also, and capitalist property in the means of wealth production would give way to social ownership. What Socialists were after was not to destroy wealth but to change the form of ownership, so that the workers would not as at present be lacking the essentials of right living in the midst of plenty. Only under a system of social ownership could everybody have a right to work, and under such a system there would be no need to waste sympathy on any body who would not work, being able to do so.

Benefit Entertainment.

Last night there was a meeting of the committee to arrange for the benefit entertainment for Hugh Campbell. Those present spoke in the highest terms of Mr. Campbell's assistance in previous entertainments, and all were in favor of making the Campbell benefit a big success. The date of the entertainment will be given in a few days, and the programme will be then made public.

Kid Gloves for Easter.

A special offering of English cape kid gloves worth \$1.25 at 89 cents a pair at F. A. Dykeman & Co.'s store. There are made from a dependable quality of kid, and have given excellent satisfaction. They come in a large assortment of tan shades and all sizes. They sell the Rouillon kid glove, which is the highest grade kid glove made, and they sell them at popular prices. They are made in France by a firm that has been in business for one hundred and fifty-four years. The prices are \$1.10 and \$1.40. A perfect fit and a satisfactory wearing glove for a modern price. A large assortment of other kid gloves from 69 cents up.

THE PRINCE WILLIAM HOTEL.

Vote for Brown and free tolls on the ferry.
Civic Election
See Candidate Fisher's card on another page. Examine his platform. Vote for him.
Wanted.
Kitchen girl. Apply Royal Hotel.
Wanted.
Pastry cook. Apply Royal Hotel.

Athenia Ready Mixed Paint
Made from Pure White Lead
Pure Linseed Oil and Dryers

These paints are the best preservatives for wood, iron and stone. They dry quickly with a hard, glossy surface, work freely under the brush and can be applied by anyone. A little paint is a great improvement.

Price of all colors except white, lemon, vermilion and window blind green

1 lb. Tins,	- 12c	1-4 gal. Cans,	- 48c
2 lb. Tins,	- 24c	1-2 gal. Cans,	- 93c
		1 gal. Cans,	- \$1.80

W. H. THORNE & CO. LTD.
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BEHIND WILLIS pianos and players stand public and artistic approval. THE WILLIS occupies a unique position among the great pianos of the world, and it is everywhere held in the highest esteem by artists and musical leaders, and is regarded as peerless in tone, touch, workmanship and durability.

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HALIFAX AND ST. JOHN

The Pride of a Housekeeper

Is first in her kitchen, if she starts right at that point, everything in the housekeeping line swings more easily. The best start is to get the most perfect kitchen range money can buy—and that's the

ROYAL GRAND RANGE

Then your kitchen is more than half equipped. THE ROYAL GRAND is an easy range to operate, economical on fuel, durable because well constructed. A RANGE THAT WILL GIVE THE RESULTS REQUIRED. We cordially invite every one interested to call and examine this range.



Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Grand Showing of ...

Easter Millinery

A Comprehensive Assemblage of Imported Models as Well as Individual Hats by Our Own Clever Milliners

Today, Thursday and Following Days

This will be a wonderfully interesting showing introducing hats which we have selected and prepared as exactly suitable to appeal to the particular tastes of the women of St. John.

There has been great discretion in selection of styles, freakish and too extreme types have been touched sparingly, refined models only have been judged proper to enter into this choicest of 11 Easter exhibits.

Of wide variety and distinct novelty are the new shapes and the trimmings that adorn them—models with a pleasing charm for every type of face and fancy.

Included in the display will be Acroplane, Envelope, Turban, Toques, picturesque Watteau and Rembrandt Hats, as well as dainty Oyster shell and Tam effects and innumerable new forms of the simple Sailors.

Feathers, Taffeta, Lace, Jet, Fruits and Flowers in trimming are all in evidence; fowers, however, predominate and seem to appear at most unexpected points. Unusual ribbon effects and Novelty Mounts in varied colors will be observed.

Black and white, and every new color tone for the season is well represented and altogether this galaxy of beautiful creations will delight every lover of magnificence. In last word millinery.

Hats at All Prices, ranging from \$3.50 to \$26.00

Trimming Accessories

Accessories for trimming should have mention, as we offer everything necessary for hat trimming in immense variety. Because of the great popularity of the Watteau or Underband Hats flowers are to be used extensively and we show a huge array of beautiful Blossoms in all the natural and exaggerated colorings.

OSTRICH FEATHERS too, in eccentric shapes in plain and shaded effects.

MILLINERY SALON—SECOND FLOOR.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited