St. John Chronicle.

"COLONIAL CONSERVATIVE."

VOLUME XXII. SAINT JOHN, NEW-BRUNSWICK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1857. NUMBER 9.

THE ST. JOHN CHRONICLE,

Is published every FRIDAY afternoon, by WILLIAM DURANT, at his Office in the Brick Building of Messrs. L. H. Deveber & Son, west side Prince William Street.

Visiting and Business Cards, (plain and ornamental) Handbills, Blanks, and Printing generally neatly executed.

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All letters, Orders, Communications, &c., must be post-paid, and addressed to

WILLIAM DURANT,
Chronicle Office, Saint John, N. B.

☞ Archibald M'Allister, is an authorised Agent for the *Chronicle* at Gagetown, and vicinity.

Stephen Wiggins, is an authorized Agent for Grand Lake.

☞ The *Chronicle* is filed, and may be seen free of charge at Professor Holloway's Establishment, 244 Strand, London. Professor Holloway is duly empowered to receive all monies due our established in London, and whose receipts will be regarded by us as valid.

Mutual Insurance Company.

JOSEPH FAIRWEATHER, Esqr., *President.*

Directors—J. W. LAWRENCE, S. K. FOSTER, C. H. ELLIS, JOHN ANDERSON. *Solicitor*—J. M. ROBINSON, Esq. *Secretary*—ISAAC WOODWARD, Esquire.

☞ Applications for Insurance against Fire to be made at the office of the Secretary, Wiggins' Brick Building, Princess-street. May 23.

WILLIAM H. LESTER,
GROCER and Provision DEALER,
CORNER PRINCESS AND CHARLOTTE STREETS.

Goods sent to all parts of the City free of charge
September 19, 1856.

CHARLES W. WELDON,
Attorney at Law & Notary Public
OFFICE—Over Messrs. Ranney, Sturdee & Co
Prince William-street, St. John, N. B.
May 28, 1852.

MR. W. P. DOLE,
Attorney and Barrister-at-Law,
HAS REMOVED to the Office lately occupied by Charles Watters, Esquire, in Messrs. Deveber's building, Prince William Street.
August 22, 1856.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.—The Subscriber having been lately appointed a Licensed AUCTIONEER for Queen's County, treats from the Public a Share of Business which shall receive his prompt attention, on most reasonable terms. ARCHIBALD McALLISTER.
Gagetown, August 22, 1856.

GEORGE WHITMAN,
Auctioneer, Commission Merchant,
AND DEALER IN DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES AND HARDWARE,
CHESTERFIELD, N. S.

DOOLEY'S
MERCHANT'S EXCHANGE HOTEL,
State Street, Boston. Conducted on the European Plan.

Rooms per day,	50 cts.
Rooms per week,	$3,00
Lodging	37 1-2 cts.

N. B.—A Restaurant is attached, where Meals will be served at all hours of the day.
January 11, 1856. 1y.

SOAP & CANDLE
MANUFACTORY.

GEORGE WOODS,
Princess Street next adjoining Dunn's Steam Saw Mill, a few doors from the corner of Germain Street.
St. John, N. B.
August 29.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, &c.

Ex *Ann Rankin*, and *Courier*, from London:—
1000 KEGS Brandram's No. 1, White LEAD;
230 Kegs Yellow, Red, Black, Green, and Blue PAINTS;
50 Kegs Zinc Paint;
35 Hhds. Boiled and Raw Linseed OIL;
3 Bbls. Copal and Oak VARNISH;
7 Cans Carriage and White Copal do.;
1 Cask Brandram's Liquid Dryer;
5 " do. Patent do.;
50 dzs. Deep GOLD LEAF;
5 " Patent Glaziers' DIAMONDS.
For Sale at No. 1, North side Market Square.
Nov. 14. W. O. SMITH.

Oysters! oysters!!
JUST received per steamer "Adelaide," from Boston:—12 bbls. Prime OYSTERS—fresh from the beds. Also—On hand, a few barrels of Fresh Shediac Oysters, which will be served up in any style required, at JAMES KENNY'S
Eating House Water street.
N. B.—MEALS served up at the shortest notice —Day and Evening. J. K.
St. John, N. B., August 29.

FUR CAPS—In every variety of Fur—made up on the premises, in the latest styles.
D. H. HALL,
October 24. 41, King-street.

TEA.—Just received, and imported expressly for Family use:—
10 chests Souchong TEA;
10 catty boxes do. do.;
10 chests Breakfast Oolong do.;
10 catty boxes do. do;
12 chests good retailing do.—For sale low.
August 29. JOHN McCOSKERY.

Beans and Shad.
40 BUSHELS N. S. White BEANS; 20 half-barrels good SHAD. For Sale by JOHN MARVEN,
Feb. 20. Ward-street

RUBBER CLOTHING
COATS, CAPES, PANTS, LEGGINGS, Caps, &c., &c., of the very best quality just received from the manufactory.
—ALSO—
A new and superior article of RUBBER COATS, *price only* 20s. THOS. R. JONES,
5, Dock-street, one door above the Old Stand.
Oct. 3.

GLASS—29, Dock Street.
F. CLEMENTSON respectfully solicits the attention of purchasers to his Spring Stock of GLASS.
On the arrival of the *John Duncan*, the assortment of CUT GLASS will be completed, which will be superior in design to any previous importation. (July 10.) FRAS. CLEMENTSON.

GLASS HATS at 50 cents; Best quality Men's Calf BROGANS, at 7s. 6d. per pair.
B. O'BRIEN,
July 21. No. 69 Waverly House.

A MEDICAL REVOLUTION!

THE WORLD UNANIMOUS.
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.
THE GREAT COUNTER IRRITANT!

The virus of disease often makes its way to the internal organs through the pores of the skin. This penetrating Ointment, melting under the hand as it is rubbed in, is absorbed through the same channels, and, reaching the seat of inflammation, promptly and invariably subdues it, whether located in the kidneys, the liver, the lungs, or any other important organ. It penetrates the surface to the interior, through the countless tubes that communicate with the skin as summer rain passes into the fevered earth diffusing its cool and regenerating influence.

SKIN DISEASES & GLANDULAR SWELLINGS.

Every species of exterior irritation is quickly reduced by the anti-inflamatory action of this Ointment, Angry Eruptions, such as SALT RHEUM, ERYSIPELAS, TETTER, RINGWORM, SCALD HEAD, NETTLE RASH, SCURVY (or ITCH) &c., die out, to return no more under its application Hospital experience in all parts of the world proves its infallibility in diseases of the skin, the muscles, the joints and the glands.

ULCERS, SORES, AND TUMORS.

The effect of this unrivaled external remedy upon Scrofula, and other virulent ulcers and sores, is almost miraculous. It first discharges the poison which produces suppuration and proud flesh, and thus the cures which its healing properties afterward complete are safe as well as permanent.

WOUNDS, BRUISES, BURNS, AND SCALDS.

In cases of the fracture of the bones, injuries caused by steam explosions, BRUISES, BURNS, SCALDS, RHEUMATISM, STIFFNESS OF THE JOINTS, and contraction of the sinews, it is employed and warmly recommended by the faculty. This marvellous remedy has been introduced by its inventor in person into all the leading Hospitals of Europe, and no private household should be without it.

UNDENIABLE TESTIMONY.

The Medical Staff of the French and English Armies in the Crimea have officially signed their approval of Holloway's Ointment, as the most reliable dressing for sabre cuts, stabs, and gun-shot wounds. It is also used by the surgeons of the Allied Navies.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following cases:

Bunions,	Rheumatism,	Sore Throats,
Burns,	Ringworm,	Sores of all kinds
Capped hands,	Salt Rheum,	Sprains,
Chilblains,	Scalds,	Stiff Joints
Piles,	Skin Diseases	Tetter,
Gout,	Swelled	Ulcers,
Lumbago,	Glands,	Venetal Sores,
Mercurial	Sore Legs,	Wounds of all
Eruptions,	Sore Breasts,	kinds.
	Sore Heads,	

*** Sold at the Manufactories of Professor Holloway, 80, Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, London, by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine throughout the United States and the civilized world, in pots, at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and 1$ each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No. 2, King Street, St. John, N. B.; A. Coy & Son, Fredericton; W. T. Baird, Woodstock; Alex. Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and James G. White, Belleisle.

☞ CAUTION!—None are genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK & LONDON," are discernible as a WATER-MARK in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by "holding the leaf to the light." A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

THE SECRET INFIRMITIES OF YOUTH AND MATURITY.

Price 1s. sterling, with numerous Engravings and Cases,

NERVOUS DEBILITY: its Causes, Symptoms, and Cure.—An Essay on Spermatorrhœa, and the various forms of premature Decay resulting from Intemperance and vicious Indulgence, with plain directions for perfect restoration to health; and practical Observations on a new mode of detecting Spermatorrhœa and other Urethral Discharges by Microscopic examination.—

BY SAMUEL LAMERT, M.D.,

47, Bedford-square, London, Doctor of Medicine, Matriculated Member of the University of Edinburgh, Honorary Member of the London Hospital Medical Society, Licentiate of Apothecaries' Hall, &c.

Sold by MORTON AND COLDWELL, Halifax, Nova Scotia, and by H. CHUBB & Co. St. John's, New Brunswick

Price One Shilling Sterling.

Now landing ex the "Arthur White" from London.

7 TONS Brandram's No. 1 ground WHITE LEAD, in 1, 1-2, 1-4, and 1-3 cwt. kegs.
2 tons Brandrams No. 1 COLOURED PAINTS;
6 cwt. Dry PAINTS, consisting of Red Lead; Rose Pink; Orange & Lemon Chrome Yellow; Prussian Blue; Ultramarine Blue, &c., &c.
1 Tin Brandram's Patent Liquid Dryer.
20 Brls. common Whitning; 12 casks PUTTY in Bladders;
6 Casks Raw Linseed Oil; 1 Can White Spirit Varnish.
6 Casks Double Boiled do.; 1 can Superfine Coach do.;
2 Chests INDIGO; 1 Cask best Chalk;
14 Boxes Lescher's Blue Starch; 1 Cask Cream of Tartar;
10 Kegs Coleman's S. F. Mustard; 1 Cask Blue Vitriol;
2 Casks Mixed Pickles; 1 case Spanish Liqurice;
1 Case Black and Red Currant Jelly; 1 do. Orange Marmalade.
5 Bags Black Pepper; 1 Case Nutmegs;
12 Half chests Florence Oil; 2 Casks Saltpetre;
1 Cask Hemp Seed; 1 Case Deep Goldleaf;
And 8 other Packages, containing a large assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, &c., &c. For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, by S. L. TILLEY.
May 20, 1857. No. 35, King-street.

Notice.
ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of Andrew Sherwood late of the Parish of Upham, in King's County, (deceased) are requested to present the same duly attested within eighteen months from this date and all persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment to
RICHARD C. SHERWOOD, } *Executors*
JOHN F. SHERWOOD,
Upham, K. C., March 7th, 1857.

REMOVAL.
THE Subscriber has removed his Entire Stock in-Trade from his old stand, to 27 North side King street, next to Mr. Frost's Shoe Store, and directly opposite Canterbury street, where will be found a general assortment of *HATS* and *CAPS*, Foreign and Domestic.
A. MAGEE Hatter, &c.,
27 North side King street.
☞ The Latest Fashions always on hand.
Feb. 27.

Saint John Hotel Building,
82, KING STREET.
JUST RECEIVED by the subscriber, in good order, per the schooner "Mary Jean," "Wren," "Trident," "Caroline," and "Catherine Brown," the following Goods, which he will sell wholesale and retail at moderate rates:—
20 chests superior Breakfast Souchong TEA;
4 boxes Tomato Ketchup; 3 barrels Beans;
200 lbs. Ground Pepper; 5 boxes ground Pimento;
1230 do. green Java Coffee; 1 bag whole do.
10 bladders Scotch Snuff; 3 boxes Yeast Powder;
1 case Olive Oil; 3 boxes Cream of Tartar;
2 boxes Lemon Syrup; 1 do. Sperm Candles;
2 casks Trulls Saleratus; 4 reams Letter Paper;
3 cases American Matches;
30 reams Straw Wrapping Paper;
10 do Crown do do;
4 reams Foolscap Paper; 18 doz Lead Pencils;
5 doz Carpenter's Pencils;
3000 buff, straw, and White Envelopes;
10 gross Leather-headed Tacks;
300 papers Carpet do; 3 bbls Dried Apples;
50 lbs. Cut do; 1014 Cocoa Nuts;
5 barrels Porter's Burning Fluid;
5 doz Whip Handles; 2 gross Fluid Wicking;
3 doz Raw Hide Whips; 3 bales Candle do;
5 boxes Ground Ginger; 2 bales Cotton Batting;
10 " Harper's Diamond 10s. Tobacco, a superior article;
3 " Wine Sap do.; ½ Lumps do., extra quality for chewing;
6 dozen Washboards; 12 doz. Corn Brooms;
2 doz Corn Brushes; 1 do. Patent do;
10 boxes Clothes Pins, No. 1;
1 doz Mincing Trays; 3 doz setts Measures;
10 Children's Willow Basket Carriages, new varieties;
4 gross patent spring'd Clothes Pins;
2 doz Wooden Spoons; 2 doz Butter Ladles;
2 doz Wooden Fawcetts; 3 doz Alicant Watts;
5 boxes Sullivan's Blacking.
—IN STORE—
60 drums Fresh Figs; 3 Puncheons Alcohol
2 casks pale and brown Sherry Wine;
1 " Port do;
4 hhds Hollands Gin; 1 pun. Scotch Whiskey;
5 pipes Hennessy's Brandy;
6 cases sparkling Champagne;
3 cases Old Jamaica Rum;
3 bbls Nova Scotia Cider;
10 quintals No. 1 Codfish;
14 Tons Oatmeal;
250 lbs. No. 1 Starch;
ORANGES and LEMONS;
Bed Cords, Clothes Lines, Shoe and Scrubbing Brushes, Nuts, Castor Oil, London Pickles, Chocolate, Broma, Corn Starch, Tripoli, Digby Herrings, Bird Cages, Citron Peel, together with a general assortment of Groceries too numerous for enumeration.
Hourly expected—5 tierces RICE.
may 15 ROBERT STEWART.

DOMESTIC versus FOREIGN.
WE have on hand over 500 of the most approved Railroad BARROW WHEELS, of Domestic Manufacture, and warranted to be of the best material, which (with the different descriptions of Barrow Wheels suitable for any purpose, manufactured by us) will be sold for less than similar articles can be imported for.
HARRIS & ALLAN,
August 7. 17, Water-street.

NOTICE.
SEASONED PINE, LUMBER of every description, large and small, SCANTLING, REFUSE BOARDS, and DEALS, LATHS and PICKETS. For Sale at No. 1 Lumber Yard Jeffery's Hill. FROST & CO.
St. John, May 12th.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT
SUMMER CLOTHING!
Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, and Summer Coatings,
Personally selected by the Subscriber in the leading British Markets.
☞ GARMENTS made in a superior manner, at LOW PRICES.
May 22. THOMAS R. JONES.

Butter, Oranges, &c.
RECEIVED per Admiral from Boston—
10 Tubs Prime New BUTTER;
15 Boxes of ORANGES;
500 COCOA NUTS;
1 Brl. Cucumber PICKLES, in Vinegar;
2 Boxes new Goshen CHEESE;
590 Lbs. Sugar Cured HAMS.
W. H. LESTER,
June 5. 3t. Bustin's Corner.

For City and Country Trade!!!
GOOD CLOTHING,
OF THE BEST QUALITY, AND AT LOW PRICES.
The Cheapest and largest Stock of Ready-made CLOTHING,
is at Granite Hall, No. 5, Dock-street.
Every article warranted to what it is represented, or the money returned.
☞ GARMENTS made to measure at low prices, and in a superior manner.
May 29. THOS. R. JONES.

Per Arthur White, from London.
100 CHESTS Souchong TEA;
5 tons Brandram's No. 1 WHITE LEAD;
1 ton Brandram's Coloured PAINTS;
Casks Boiled and Raw OIL;
3 do. PUTTY; 1 cask STARCH;
4 cases INDIGO;
1 case Ladies' BOOTS;
1 do. STATIONERY.
For Sale at the lowest market rates.
June 12. L. H. DEVEBER & SONS.

LIVERPOOL OAKUM.—Landing ex "John Duncan"—5 Tons Liverpool OAKUM. For Sale by JOHN WALKER,
May 22. Ward-street

MACINTOSH
Reversible Rubber Coats!
GOT up expressly for London Retail trade, in Silk and Alpaca. The same article that gave so much satisfaction to my customers in 1854—Patronised by His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, Judges of the Supreme Court, &c. &c.
August 7. THOS. R. JONES.

HAY RAKES.—100 Dozen HAY RAKES, of superior quality, for sale at 10s. and 12s. 6d. per dozen.
August 7. THOMAS C. EVERITT.

CHINA!
Per *Middleton* and *Alamode*—
THE Subscriber has received by the above Ships, a choice selection of DINNER SETS, ETRUSCAN CHINA TEA SETS, VASES, Stone PITCHERS, and China Toilette SETS.
FRAS. CLEMENTSON.
St. John, June 30, 1857.

Gents. Dress Shirts.
A Few Dozen London made Gents. Velkomen Dress SHIRTS, superior to anything made in the City, as regards style or durability.
August 7. THOMAS R. JONES.

WAVERLY NOVELS.—Lippincott's Philadelphia Edition of the "Waverly Novels," 12 vols.—slightly damaged—published at £3 15s., and now offered at £1 17s. 6d. Apply immediately. (July 3.) B. O'BRIEN.

Poetry.

THE HARP OF THE HEBREW MINSTREL.

A ROMANCE—(FROM PUNCH.)

Of a little man with a large hooked nose
Chance made me the beholder;
And he bore a bag of cast-off clothes:
He had slung it o'er his shoulder.
And he sang: "The Divorce Bill's law at last,
That is something like progression!
But the Oath's Bill overboard was cast:
We are slaves until next Session!"

He shook his head and he heaved a sigh,
Then another mood came o'er him:
And he winked one bright black almond eye
At the world that passed before him.
There was a curl upon his lip,
Where scorn for ever lingers,
And he put his thumb to his nose's tip,
And he vibrated his fingers.

Thus he took a sight at the thoughtless crowd,
Then he felt in his waistcoat pocket,
His spirit, though his head was bowed,
Soared higher than a rocket.
And his little [illegible] from his breast he drew,
And between his teeth he stuck it;
And the street boys all cried, "Go it, Jew!"
When the Hebrew Minstrel struck it.

A WORD TO THE AVENGER.

Soldier! when thou, beneath thy bayonet,
Shalt get a devilish Sepoy, save the wretch,
Safe if thou canst but make him, for JACK KETCH;
His howls, which none who heard them can forget,
Were lost amid war's uproar; rather let
The miscreant swing in exemplary throes
Upon the gallows; but if thou suppose
That show uncertain, then exact our debt,
And there; in full; but be not thou defiled
By imitation of the accursed beast,
Who babes and women slew with lingering pain.
Upon the wretched slave thy vengeance feast;
There stop; nor let his guilt thy manhood stain,
But spare the Indian mother and her child.

Here is a pretty good parody on the well known song of the Troubadour:—

Gaily the editor
Smoked his cigar,
While he was scissoring
News near and far—
Looking for murders dire,
Item or puff,
Devil say—devil say—
Ain't this enough?

Miscellany.

AN HOUR'S STRUGGLE WITH POISON.

I was spending some days, not many years ago in a beautiful little country village, and in a family that had more than common attractions to one who loves domestic life as well as myself. The little circle had in it more of real interest than I have often seen developed in the same number of persons.

The father of the family—almost too young to feel yet that he was entitled to that honorable appellation, was a fine, frank-hearted young mechanic with a wide world of life bounding in his veins, an energy that, when fully aroused, drove everything violently before him, and a warmth of disposition that won him more friendship than it had given him the goods of this world.

His wife to whom he had been married some four years was singularly beautiful. They had two children, the one a laughing brown-eyed and brown-haired little fairy of three years. Her name was Eveleen. The second was a crowing, laughing, blue-eyed, plump little beauty of less than a year, promising to have all the charms of the older at her age.

I was sitting one afternoon in a quiet little room with my feet upon two chairs, reading a pleasant little book, in a state between asleep and awake—my host away at his shop, a hundred yards off, and my pretty little hostess engaged in her household labors—when I was thrown out of my indolence by a scream that brought me to my feet like an electric shock. It was a woman's voice, and had in it an excess of agony that cannot be indicated in words, so loud that it rang over that quiet little village, and brought every one fourth to ascertain the cause.

I sprang to the door that separated the sitting room from the dining apartments, and saw the whole at a glance. The young mother stood at the door with her first born—our darling Eveleen in her arms dying. A brief and hurried word from the servant told me the sad story. The little girl had accompanied a child uncle up stairs, and while the attention of the older child was for a moment turned away, she seized a bottle of corrosive sublimate in alcohol, and had taken enough to have taken away twenty such lives. The little thing had totered down stairs, and the mother had met her at the landing with the empty bottle in her hand, and poison oozing from her mouth, and the child all unconscious of the fearful thing she had done. Was it any wonder that a terrible shriek rang over the quiet village, and that already the occupants of every house near were rushing towards the spot where the mother stood.

But a few moments could possibly have elapsed since the poison was taken and yet the effect was already fearful. After the first shriek of terror, the mother had quieted to a calm despair for the moment, and stood with the child in her arms, making no effort for its relief, and indeed it seemed hopeless, for already the subtle poison seemed diffused through the frame; the brown eyes had lost their lustre, the face was blackened as in after death, and teeth were tight set in a convulsive spasm that evidently would not pass away. I examined the little lost darling for a moment, saw that it was hopeless, and then turned away, unable to bear that mother's agony. The little door was already half fill'd with villagers, and sobs and moans and lamentations over the fate of the dying child were heard in every direction, mingled with quick and hurried questions, as to the manner of its occurrence, and vain attempts at answering, which added sad oppressing confusion to the sadness of the scene.

The little child's uncle, who had been up stairs with her, ran instantly to call the father, and but a few moments elapsed before he sprang into the middle of the group. He had been told all and asked no questions. I had time to remark that his eye was very stern and that his lip was very firmly compressed. Others, too, remarked it, and I knew afterwards that a murmur ran round the circle of how strange it was that he betrayed no feeling.

He reached out his hands and took the child from its mother. Its eyes were now closed, a white ooze coming from between the blackened lips. Was ever death more assured? I saw him open the eye-lids, and heard him give a sigh of relief. He told me afterwards that the eye was not shrunken, and so death had not begun. He then attempted to open the mouth but the teeth were tight set, and they resisted his efforts. But with a force that seemed almost brutal he wrenched the teeth apart, and opened the mouth.

"Shame," cried one of the bystanders.

The father did not heed them but motioned to a neighbour to take the child in his arms. He did so.

"Bring me the egg basket," he spoke very sternly, almost without opening his teeth, to the servant.

"What do you want of it?" "What can you do with it?" "He's crazy," and many such remarks followed, but the basket was there in a moment.

He seized one of the eggs, and broke it, inserted his fingers again between the teeth and wrenched them open by force, though they shut with so convulsive a motion as to tear the flesh from his fingers, and poured the albumen into the throat. There was a slight struggle nothing more, and the spectators were horrified at the action.

"Don't the child is dying!" said one.

"Please don't hurt the little thing—it can't live!" the mother found voice to say, laying her hand upon his arm.

"Mary be still!" he answered sternly, while his teeth were relaxing from their clenching, and his face as hard as if he were entering a battle; "don't any of you meddle with me; keep off!"

The bystanders involuntarily obeyed, with many harsh remarks upon his cruelty—but he did not heed them and went on. Another egg was broken, and still there was no sign of life. Then the whole body of bystanders broke out into a loud murmur, and cries of "the brute!" "Let the child die in peace!" "He is crazy—take the child away from him!" were heard around him.

He desisted for a moment from his efforts, and turned with a fierceness which had before been altogether foreign to his nature, but no one who saw him afterwards forgot it. "Fools" he hissed, "mind your own business and leave me to mine! Take her away will you! Try it!" and he went on emptying egg after egg down the apparently lifeless throat.

The mother could stand this no longer. Her first born was being tortured to death before her eyes and she imploring flung herself on her knees before her husband's father who had that moment arrived.

"O, father, do stop him!" she gasped; "he will obey you; do stop him. He is torturing that poor dying child."

The grandfather started forward a step to interfere, for he, too, thought the proceeding an outrageous one: but he stopped and said, "Mary let him alone. The child will die if he does not go on. It cannot do more than die if he does. I would not say a word to him for the world. The child is his; let him use it at his pleasure."

There was a silence then. In a moment more there was a quiver of the eye-lids, a convulsive movement of the chest, and the teeth lost their tension. The father seized his child, turned her face downward, and the poison began to flow from her mouth. Again and again, as the retching ceased, he repeated the experiment—the life returning still more, and the face losing its black color every instant. More than twenty times albumen had been administered, and more than half those times followed by the expulsion of the poison, when the eyes opened, the father desisted, the little sufferer lay just alive in his arms, exhausted its little life terribly shattered but *saved!*

Then—when the necessity for exertion and determination was over—when the physician had been summoned, and they knew that darling little Eveleen might live, after many weeks of struggle between life and death; when the relieved friends had acknowledged that they had wronged him first; when the beautiful and sorrowful wife had blessed him through her kisses and tears; and all knew that under God only such an almost fierce determination could have saved the child—then the father sat down unnerved, and wept like a child.

Not as in "Little Sister Eveleen," did the poison do its fearful office. Eveleen is alive to-day, and her brown eyes are opened upon a womanhood. But there is no hour in my life that brings so thrilling a recollection as that of the young father's struggle for the life of his child.

Burleigh, the political reformer, was one of the earliest to let his hair grow as long as it would, parting it into the middle, and letting his beard flow down to his breast. Some years ago, before Lucy Stone took unto herself a man, she was expecting Burleigh to come on a certain day, to visit her at her father's house. It was some three or four miles from the railway station, and in giving her father directions to meet him and bring him to the house, Lucy told her father he would have no difficulty in telling which Mr. Burleigh was—that he had only to take the ugliest-looking man he found at the station, and bring him along—he would be sure to have the right one. Old Mr. Stone went as his strongminded daughter directed, and when the train come in he soon singled out his long-haired man as his intended guest, and was not surprised at Burleigh's answering to his name. "Welp," said the honest-hearted old stone, "I've heern Lucy tell of you; she said you looked like the devil, but I declare you look a great deal worse than I thought you did."

A Western chap gives his views of the New York women in this way. 'Somehars in every circumference of silk, velvet and cetery that riggles along Broadway, thars allus a wummun, I suppose; but how much of the holler is filled in with meat, and how much is gammon the meer spectator dun no. A fellow marrys a sire, and finds when it comes to the pint that he has nuthun in his arms but a regular atomy. If megs is gay deceivers, wot's to be sed of a femel that dresses for a hundred and forty weight, but hasent recly as much fat on her as would grease a gridele. *All the aperient plumpness consisting of cotton and whalebone.*

The remembrance of a well spent life is sweet. Sophocles, on being asked what injury he would wish to his enemy, replied—"that he might love where he was not loved again."

There is a wise saying that worth makes the man. A poor acquaintance says that he put on a borrowed suit of broadcloth to accompany his family to the show, and was surprised to find how affable his acquaintances all were. The next day he entered town in his overalls, and was not known, [illegible]

FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, October 2nd, 1857.

To write of anything but Indian affairs is now very difficult. The disastrous news in every mouth and occupies every mind. We have had other and exciting events to occupy us this week, but the Indian mutinies and the recent accounts, gloomy and terrible as they are, stand out in bold relief,—permanently occupying the imagination, and making all else appear ephemeral.

From Delhi the accounts which reach us to the 12th of August are much more favorable. On that day General Nicholson arrived in Camp, and the next day his troops were expected, which would swell our army before Delhi to 11,000 to be still further increased early in September by 4,000 additional troops. The sorties of the mutineers had all been repulsed. In fights which took place on the 1st and 2nd of August, when, reinforced by the Neemuch Sepoys, they attempted to cary our position, they are said to have lost 3,000 men, and the Neemuch gentlemen were so dispirited at their failure and heavy loss that it is reported they did not return to the city. On the 17th of Aug. a lucky shell from one of our batteries exploded the enemy's powder manufactory, in the city, when 500 artificers are said to have been blown up, together with a large quantity of sulphur and saltpetre. In an action which took place on the 12th we attacked and captured three guns, (one a 24 pounder) and lost 112 men killed and wounded. A retrogade movement is not now talked of; indeed the assault is said by one account to be fixed for the 20th of August; but this is ridiculous. Our best policy now evidently is to keep the enemy shut up in Delhi until the reinforcements arrive from England. Turning from Delhi, we find increasing disorder throughout Bengal, Holkar and Scindiah doubtful, a cloud of minor chiefs looking on and prepared to join with the strongest; the communications threatened between Benares and Allahabad, with slight symptoms of disaffection even in Madras and Bombay, where conspiracies here and there are discovered, and disarmaments, disbandings, and more vigourous measures still are taken. The news altogether is alarming, and it is evident that we have not yet heard the worst of it. The stream of reinforcements from this country could hardly be expected to set in until the beginning of October or the latter days of September; but when they once began to arrive all will be well.

The drop scene is down at Stutgardt. After about four days of private conversations, reviews, balls, concerts, and no end of dinners and receptions, the august personages who met there left the little capital to itself on Monday. There was much shaking of hands between the two Emperors, and while they withdrew to chat on their first meeting, the diplomatists Prince Gortschakoff and Count Walewski did the same. The Czar is reported as looking out of health, and not very good tempered. On the other hand Louis Napoleon dispensed "nods and backs, and wreathed smiles" to everybody. Scandal has it that the meeting took place at Stuttgardt because the old king of Wurtemburg (in his 76th year) is conveniently deaf, and therefore could not be indiscreet in repeating the Imperial conversations. This is probably a joke. A little episode gave variety to the Congress. In the midst of it the Emperor of Russia, whom nobody expected, not even her husband, arrived, and of course the Courtiers were pleasantly surprised. She is said to have been "put up" to this—that is the uncourtly phrase made use of—by the restless Queen of Greece who accompanied her. After war comes peace, and so after reviews the King of Wurtemburg, who is a great agrieulturist, took all his Imperial and Royal guests to see a great Agricultural fete. At noon there was a parting meeting of the two Emperors, at which their respective Foreign Ministers and a single side-de-camp were the only persons admitted. Then the Czar and the Empress left the town, and next day also Louis Napoleon started for Metz. The Paris journals call the two Emperors the pacificators of Europe. But it is rather odd, in the face of all this *rapprochement* between the monarchs of Russia and France, to find that the Russian journals, acting no doubt upon inspiration, making overtures to England, sympathising with us in our Indian calamities, repudiating any attempt to foment disturbances in Bengal, and declaring England is necessary for Europe, and is, and not France, at the head of civilization.

Her Majesty will not be present at the closing of the Art Treasures Exhibition on the 15th inst. The Court leaves Balmoral on the 13th. A succession of preachers has appeared before her Majesty at the Parish Church of Cathrie. Mr. Caird has received an autograph letter from the Queen, desiring him to publish a sermon delivered by him on one of these occasions. Another minister, Mr. Stuart, has received a communication from Col. Phipps, thanking him for his 'beautiful discourse' and asking him to send a copy to Balmoral. In another case, however, the Court treatment of one of the ministers, Mr. Anderson, was not so favorable. This gentleman's broad doric dialect seemed to excite amusement in the Royal pew, and his "Awets of the Apoostles" quite overcome the gravity of some of them. On the authority of a lady eye-witness, a local journal dares to say that the conduct of "a certain personage"—who, we are not further informed—was irreverent, vulgar, and unbecoming; while the Hon. Flora Macdonald and another lady in waiting fairly "tittered" more than once. Shocking! On the 21st of November, the Princess Royal's 17th birth day, her betrothed arrives in town on a visit. The wedding day is said to be fixed for the 18th January.

The brave Havelock, who hitherto has been only a General by courtesy, his real rank being that of Colonel, has been made a Major-General and K. C. B., while a good service of £100 (no very striking reward) has been conferred upon him. His companion Neill (now at Cawnpore), with Wilson Chamberlain, and Nicholson (before Delhi), and Van Cortlandt (in the Punjab) are created C.B's May they live to receive these and still greater honours! A Paris paper declares that great dissensions exist between Sir Colin Campbell and Viscount Canning, and that the Earl of Elgin sided with the former. Wednesday, the 7th of October has been appointed as a day of national fast and humiliation, and her Majesty conjures her good subjects throughout the kingdom to keep it reverently. The subscriptions for the relief of the [illegible] throughout

the country and in London. As yet the Czar's subscription has not come in, but Lord Mayor Finnis is not without hope that the Emperor of France will have induced his Majesty to come down handsomely.

The election of a Lord Mayor for the coming year has been an event more than usually exciting this week. It appears that it has been a custom "time immemorial" to "fleece" candidates for this high office by threatening opposition at the Guild-Hall. Certain parties appear to have made a regular living of this species of intimidation, but Alderman Sir R. W. Carden, M. P. for Gloucester, has, much to his credit, broke through the rule and been elected by the suffrages of the Liverymen without touching his pocket. It has been said that every man has a "skeleton in his cupboard," and that no man's character, public or private, is safe from aspersion. The bare accusation of wrong sticks by a man, and there are so many who never enquire into the truth of assertions publicly made, that to say a man is a bad man serves to make him a bad man in the estimation of very many of the general public. Thus it is that the threat to accuse has heretofore been successful, and Alderman after Alderman year after year have paid "hush money" to secure the "sweet voices" of a hired rabble.

The election of Sheriffs of Middlesex was also attended by an event which is noticeable. Alderman Lawrence one of the elected has appointed an Unitarian Minister for his Chaplain. Here we have a Jew Member of Parliament and an Unitarian Chaplain to meet the Judges of the land.—We have heard of certain Mr. Justices expressing some considerable displeasure at meeting Roman Catholic Chaplains of Sheriffs, but we believe that Unitarians are more unpalatable to straightharied Church people than even Papists. How then will this difficulty be got over?

(From the London Times.).

THE NEWS FROM INDIA.

The additional particulars received by the Foreign Office, in a form of a despatch from the Indian Government to the Secret Committee of the East India Directors, throw new, and we must add, a gloomy light on the state of affairs. For the present, and for several weeks more from the last date, we must make up our minds to increasing difficulty, and the consequent probability of fresh disasters in one quarter or another. It is not Delhi that is now the chief point of anxiety. Nor yet do Lucknow and Agra, with their gallant defenders, and their hundreds women and children, monopolize interest. The whole line of communication is threatened and disturbed. We have had to retreat, to surrender places which till lately we were sure of holding, to detain reinforcements, to provide against new dangers, and reduced our position to the least and most manageable nucleus of dominion.

The great question for which every mail will now be anxiously scrutinized is that of reinforcements. The news by two mails is before us—from Calcutta as well as from Bombay. Though their dates are the same they give the news from different points of view, and with a somewhat different colour. Five hundred gunners and drivers of the much wanted Royal Artillery were to leave Hong Kong on the 12th August, and would probably arrive at Calcutta at the end of the first week in the present month. Lord Elgin, on his return to China had left the *Channon* and the *Pearl* with their crews at the disposal of the Indian Government, and accordingly Capt Peel had left Calcutta for Allahabad with 400 seamen and 10 68 pounders.

We shall look with much interest to the result of this unique contribution from the British admiralty to the most important and most perilous conflict in which England was ever engaged. Our readers, too, if we do not mistake them, will follow the progress of those seamen into the interior of Hindostan, in a river steamer towing flats and carrying these heavy guns, with a deeper interest and closer attention than they give to the grand naval promenade of Admiral Lyons with his three deckers and we know not how many guns, or how many thousands men, from port to port around the shores of the Mediterranean. As Capt. Peel only left Calcutta on the 18th of August he might arrive to the aid of Gen. Havelock about the middle of this month but scarcely earlier. The 5th and 90th regiments were on their way up the river, but at Calcutta there was much anxiety as to the prospect of their arrival in time for the relief of Lucknow.

Elsewhere there appears to be more confidence felt as to the strength and resources of the garrison there. At Bombay, where reinforcements were becoming as important as at Calcutta, the remainder of the 33rd had arrived from Mauritius, and a company of European Artillery from Bushire. From that Presidency, therefore, we hear no more of the misgivings felt some weeks since, and the authorities seem to incet conspiracy, disobedience, and symptoms of disaffection with a decision evidently suggested by the sense of security, and as evidently successful. Central India is reported quiet. On the whole, then, we confidently trust that though the mutiny rages with little check within its original ground, it is not successful in its efforts to spread, and must now be every day contracted within a narrower and still narrower circle.

The *Debats* offer the following rejoinder to certain continental journals which affect to hold cheap the resources of England, and her ability to maintain a protracted military struggle:—

Those who base their calculations on the probable exhaustion of the military resources of England appear to forget that England is, after all, a nation of 28 million souls, and that her military organization, however defective it may be, permitted her to concentrate more than 30,000 men under the walls of Sebastopol. Why also should not be taken into account the moral disposition of a nation which has in all times adopted its efforts to the difficulties it has to overcome—which may be beaten, and generally is beaten, at the commencement of its wars, but which is rarely discouraged, and which gains in strength as the struggle continues? England is already agitated by the bad news from India, and we shall soon see offers from all parts of the kingdom similar to that of the inhabitants of Sheffield. Without pretending to dive into the future, we cannot admit that a nation gifted with such resources and of such energy can be definitively beaten by an insurrection of Asiatics who have learnt the art of war in its pay, but who have not yet been able to destroy their masters, whom they surprised while unarmed and dispersed.

CRIMPS AND SAILORS.—A case has been brought before the Tynemouth Magistrates which shows how poor seamen are robbed of their hard earnings by crimps who exist in seaport towns. A man named Glover was summoned for having taken into his possession the moneys and effects of James Hall, a seaman, and with having refused to return and pay the same back to Hall when requested to do so. Hall had been employed in the Black Sea during the war, in the transport service, and had reached Shields in a vessel named the Minden, during the early part of last month. He had £28 to receive for his services in the Black Sea and £5 15s, the balance for his run home in the Minden. He had taken up his quarters at Glover's and made him his "purser." Glover charged him 14s a week for his lodgings, the same as the Sailors' Home, but at the end of 16 days he told him that his money was all gone, and bought the plaintiff's neckerchief of him for 1s. which he also spent in drink. Glover, in his defence, stated that Hall had spent his money in drink and treating, keeping a couple of bagpipers to play to him all the time he was on the spree. Glover produced the following extraordinary account against Hall:—Dec 9th—20 pints of rum, £2 6s 6d; 20 quarts of beer and 15 ounces of tobacco, 15s. 10th.—Eight glasses of rum and 2s 6d borrowed money, 4s 6d. 11th—Borrowed money, 2s 6d; five pints of rum, five gills of rum, and 15 quarts of ale, £1 12s 6d; six ounces of tobacco, two glasses of gin, and two gills of brandy, 6s 6d. 12th. Cash. 2s; 15 pints of rum, and 28 gills of rum; £3; four quarts, half a gallon and 22 gills of beer, £1 3 9d; 15 glasses of rum and 11 glasses of beer, 9s 3d; a pint of brandy and 16 glasses of gin, 8s; 36 ounces of tobacco and 3½ glasses of gin, 12s 4 1-2d 13th.—18 pints of rum, 15 gills of rum, and 26 quarts of beer, £3 4s; 26 bottles of lemons, and 28 gills of beer, £1; 14 ounces of tobacco, 6 glasses of gin, 6s 2d. 12 glasses of gingerade and cash 5s 8d; one week's board, 14s. Paid for clothes. £1 2s 6d; 2 pints of rum. 10 gills of rum, and 4 glasses of beer, 16s; 23 glasses of spirits, 9 quarts of beer, and 6 ounces of tobacco, 14s 7d 16th—16 half glasses of spirits, 10 glasses of spirits, 10 glasses and 2 gills of rum, and an ounce and a half of tobacco, beer, 2s 10d; fortnight's board £1 8s; cash £2 18s; spirits tobacco, and rum, 4s 1 1-2d; cash 5s. 17th.—Cash, 7s; 20 glasses of spirits and 8 quarts of ale, 9s 4d. 18th.—Ale, spirits, and tobacco, 16s 4d. 19th.—35 glasses of spirits and 20 glasses of ale, and 2 glasses of brandy, £1 4s 10d. 20th.—Ale, tobacco, and cash, 7s. 24th, 25th, and 26th—Ale and spirits, 7s 11d, and other items, making up the amount in hand. The defendant had refused to deliver up prosecutor's clothes, under the pretence that he (the plaintiff) was indebted to him. The magistrates ordered all the spirits to be struck out of the bill. And the defendant to restore £20 to the prosecutor. They also fined defendant £10 and costs for detaining the plaintiff's money and clothes.—English paper.

The Chronicle.

St. John, N. B., Oct. 30, 1857.

FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

LONDON, October 9th, 1857.

"What of Lucknow?" is everybody's question, even before the ordinary greetings are exchanged. The chances of the garrison are now considered a shade more hopeful than they were, though still gloomy enough. It seems that under the command of Colonel Inglis of H. M.'s 32nd regiment, who succeeded Major Banks, our soldiers made a sally when the enemy's attention was distracted by the advance of General Havelock, and succeeded in laying in a fresh stock of provisions. The mutineers could not, it is said, force the Residency, so strongly is its position; and they had become careless in conducting the siege. On the 14th of August all was well with the brave fellows shut up in Lucknow. But we fear their prospect of relief for at least a month is small indeed. We can hardly hope for good news, and must indeed expect bad news for a month to come. The next mail, and the next, and the next will not present us with much consolation. Alarmists draw gloomy pictures of the position of Havelock and Neill at Cawnpore, with but a thousand men against fifty times their number; and they even declare that Nena Sahib is likely enough to march on Calcutta, between which place and Oude only two or three European regiments can be interposed to check his progress. "Havelock's gallant aid," they say "and his series of victories, has had no more effect on the campaign than the charge at Balaclava had upon the fate of Sebastopol." This is mere nonsense. If what we have stated as to the successful sally be correct, General Havelock, though he has not reached Lucknow, will probably have saved it. In addition to this he has captured a large number of guns in the course of his operations—a loss which the mutineers cannot replace, and which will deprive them of the very arm which they wield best. But above all, the moral effect of these victories has been incalculable throughout India. Humanly speaking, General Havelock and his brave troops may be said to have saved India. This was the observation of a Calcutta journalist sometime ago, and it does not seem exaggerated.

No one remembers a day of fasting and humiliation observed so generally as yesterday was. The churches and chapels were filled with worshippers, and appropriate sermons were preached to sympathizing congregations. Mr. Spurgeon was heard by an immense crowd at the Crystal Palace; but a good deal of dissatisfaction is expressed with the directors for not devoting the proceeds of admission to the Indian relief fund. Instead, these proceeds swell the coffers of the Company, and though these coffers stand sadly in need of replenishing, it is felt that they ought not to be benefited by money taken from attendance at a religious service preached in behalf of our suffering fellow countrymen. A civic procession went to St. Paul's, and impressive services both there and in Westminster Abbey were joined in by large numbers.

While we have been praying and repenting our sins in connection with Hindoo, Brahmins, and Mahommedans, we hear of the approach of a foe which must be met, however fearful its aspect. Cholera is at Hamburg, from whence it has always spread to England. The Board of Health have issued instructions for the guidance of local boards in provincial towns, and the officers are very active in London seeking out plague spots. There is so much to be done by cleanliness and a proper attention to ventilation, sewerage and such like, that every individual should cordially cooperate with the authorities at once in this matter, remembering the adage that "prevention is better than cure."

Peace, amity, and good-will are henceforth to reign upon the Continent. That is the reported result of the Imperial interviews which have taken place abroad. The two aggresive powers of Europe, France and Russia, are going to increase their finances and cease to recruit. In other words they intend to reduce their armies. From this time forward confidence and concord are to reign not only between the two nations over which Louis Napoleon and the Czar rule, but between all the Continental nations. Any divisions which henceforth unfortunately may spring up will be settled *en famille*. Happy nations! Would that England could follow the example of disarming thus set her! On the contrary, we are straining every nerve to get soldiers, and appeal even to our drapers assistants and the flunkeys of Belgravia in our anxiety to fill up gaps in the ranks. Of course an addition to our army means an addition to our debt, for nobody now believes that the East India Company can pay the heavy bill which is running up.

Earl Fitzwilliam has died in his 72nd year. He had been dangerously ill, but had it was thought, recovered. His Lordship was a good-hearted nobleman of the old school—wealthy, liberal, and possessing great territoral influence. He is succeeded by Lord Milton, his eldest surving son, M. P. for Wicklow.

The Queen of Oude is said to be dangerously ill, and has been removed from the not very salubrious neighbourhood of the New Road to a healthy suburb. Her Majesty's illness is described as owing to her deep affliction at the news from India. We have no desire to aggravate this affliction, but venture to remark that the King of Oude will find some difficulty in clearing himself of complicity in a conspiracy which must have been so deeply laid, and that the mission of his agents and family in London is a mere waste of time and money.

We have observed that the draper's assistants and the footmen of Belgrave square have been appealed to by Serjeant Kite without much success. Notwithstanding the very intelligible refusal on the part of these two classes of men to accept the Queen's shilling, recruiting is going on satisfactorily. Within the last four weeks 4,500 men have enlisted—a greater number than flocked to our standard even during the Russian war, when the standard was lower than it has been until within the last few days. On Sunday it was made known that the Standard would lowered, that 5,000 more men—three battalion of infantry and two of cavalry—were ordered to be ready for embarkation to India, and that 10,000 more militiamen were to be embodied. These vigorous measures command universal approval. It is said, too, that our troops henceforth are to be sent *via* the Isthmus of Suez. Strange that this was not determined on before. What anxiety, what disaster, what loss of life and treasure might not have been prevented if reinforcements had been despatched to India overland immediately on the news of the first outbreak.

ARRIVAL OF THE "BALTIC."

Four Days Later from Europe!

NEW YORK, Oct. 25.

The steamer Baltic arrived at New York on Sunday evening, having left Liverpool on the 14th inst.

A commercial panic had commenced in Great Britian and was extending throughout the Continent.

The Bank of England, it is said, had increased the rate of discount to 7 1-2 per cent., and Consols had declined to 7 1-2.

Numerous failures are reported.

American Produce Market not affected by the stringency in Money Market.

Cotton was firm with a tendency to advance.

Breadstuffs not materially changed.

Sugar declined £14 per ton.

The Newmarket races came off in England. The Czarowitch Stakes, worth $10,000, were won by the American Mare Prioress. There were over 30 competitors.

The telegraphic advices from India are more favourable to the English. Delhi remained in the hands of the insurgents August 30th, but the mutineers had been defeated at all other points in several engagements.

The European news is devoid of interest.

Arrival of the "Persia."

THREE DAYS LATER!

NEW YORK Oct. 28th

London, 17th.—Money market without much change. Consols 88 1-2 to 88 3-4.

The Bullion in the Bank of England decreased £553,000.

Liverpool.—Breadstuffs.—Flour steady, but little enquiry. Red Wheat slightly advanced. Corn firm with slight advance on all qualities. Provisions unchanged. Sugar 2s. to 3s. lower, and holders pressing sales. Coffee lower and dull.

Advices by the India Mail are cheering, but add no important news.

The King of Prussia remains in a critical condition.

There was a fearful financial panic at Vienna.

The banks of Holland and Belgium had advanced the rates of discount.

There was no political news worth telegraphing.

The Persia brings one million dollars specie.

INDIA.

Telegraphic despatches, in anticipation of the overland mail, reached London on the 11th, with dates from Bombay to the 17th, Madras to 15th, and Calcutta to 10th September.

The intelligence from Delhi extends to the 30th of August. The siege train was expected to reach the English camp by 3d September, after which the place would be probably assaulted.

On the 25th of August a body of the rebels who left Delhi with the object of intercepting the siege train, was attacked by General Nicholson at Najafghar, and completely defeated, with the loss of all their guns.

On the 1st September General Outram was at Allahabad with strong reinforcements, and expected to reach Cawnpore on the 9th.

General Havelock gained his ninth victory on the 16th of August, driving the rebels from their strong position near Bithoor, which they desperately defended. After the battle he retired to Cawnpore, where he awaited reinforcements, before advancing to the relief of Lucknow.

The garrison at Lucknow held bravely out, and no doubt was entertained of their being able to do so until relief arrived, which was expected to be about the middle of September. The garrison had made a second successful sortie, in which 2 guns and a large quantity of provisions were captured.

Lord Elgin left Calcutta on the 3d of September for Hong Kong.

More troops had arrived at Calcutta.

SHIP NEWS.

Arrived from St. John—Competitor, at Galway; Eldorado, Clyde; George, at Lough Foyle; Kate Prince, at Liverpool; Ladoja, at Gravesend; Spite, off Donegal.

The cost of the Belfast late commission of inquiry will amount to a handsome little total taken at the most moderate estimate. The two commissioners, at five guineas each per day, for 16 sitting days, 160 guineas; a government reporter, at two guineas per day, £33 12s; and for, say, twenty-five days in transcribing his notes, £52 10s; two counsel, (Messrs. Purcell and Falkner) three guineas each per day £100 16s; two attorneys, (Messrs O'Rourke and Rea,) at the same figure, £100 16. Total, £435 12s. This expense will fall, however, half of the expense of the additional constabulary drafted to Belfast, to suppress riots that had no longer any existence, and who are to be billited upon us, we suppose until the 12th of July comes round again.

THE IRISH CHURCH MISSIONS SOCIETY employed 401 missionaries, of whom 196 are converts from the Church of Rome. A number of these teachers are exclusively engaged in imparting instruction to the Irish speaking population. The inhabitants of Ireland are divided, as to language, at the present time, as follows:—Speaking Irish only, 319,062; both English and Irish, 1,204,684; English only, 5,027,684.

THE MARINE HOSPITAL.—For several weeks past the Courier has been throwing out dark insinuations against the Commissioners of the Marine Hospital, and the more especially so against the Chairman, John Ward, Esquire. That gentleman, in common with a majority of the community, estimating the annunciations of the Courier at their proper value, did not deem them worthy of his notice, and the thing would, like the story of the boards for the door of the engine house costing a shilling a foot—the washing away of the marsh railroad, with a thousand and one other tales, the fruits of the distempered brain of the veterinary editor, would have allowed them to have fallen still born on the ear of the public; and it was not until an article from the pen of Doctor Livingstone, which appeared in the Morn. News, and making a direct attack on the integrity of the Chairman of the Board, that that gentleman deigned to answer and fairly refute the falsehoods so industriously circulated by the Courier, and echoed by other Smasher papers.

No candid man can read the letter of Mr. Ward without feeling a full conviction of the calumnies circulated by the Courier, and a disgust at the vileness of the attempt. That Doctor Livingstone has been tampered with and deceived by his party we can readily conceive, as we hold the Doctor's integrity in higher estimation than to imagine for a moment that he would perpetrate a direct falsehood. Differing as we do in politics with Doctor Livingstone, we feel bound to acknowledge that if there was a man entitled to the consideration and notice of the present Government, that man was Dr. L. But we can tell the Doctor a secret—he is not one of the elect—he does not thunder in the Capitol—in short, he is not a spouter in the Division Room. Let him—let any one, look at the changes made by the Smasher Government, and they will discover that the lion's share of the good things are reserved for Brethren of the crystal font, and for them only. Doctor Livingstone's vote, interest, and advocacy are all very acceptable when they operate as a stepping stone to help the Smashers to offices of trust and emolument, but beyond that the Doctor will scarcely be known. Many of those *gentlemen* who now luxuriate in the fat of office, were fighting in the opposite ranks while Doctor Livingstone was conscientiously opposing them; but they, wiser in their day and generation, and less scrupulous, have taken the wind out of his sails—played "presto, change," and can now quietly laugh in their sleeves at their own ingenuity, and the honest credulity of their associates.

A VOICE FROM THE COUNTRY.

We take the article below from the *Woodstock Journal*, and ask for it from our readers a careful perusal. We can assure our contemporary that the opinion in this section of the Province is that the days of Smasherism are fast drawing to a close, and that the present possessors of power will ere long make way for those whose policy, we trust, will be more enlarged, enlightened and patriotic. Selfishness and littleness are two of the distinguishing characteristics of the party in power, and the best interests of the country require that they retire into that privacy from which for their own character and for their country's weal it would have been well had they never emerged.

"A GOVERNMENT WHICH PLEASES NOBODY.

"The Smashers went into office upon the principle popularly summed up in the words "To the victors belong the spoils," and they are now commencing to reap the reward. The contest between the two parties, which resulted in the triumph of that now in power, was in reality nothing more than a scramble of the "Outs" to get into place; it was founded upon no high principle of regard for the interests of the State, but sprung from the most selfish and mercenary motives. The success of the party which recognised principles of public conduct unworthy of statesmen and of patriots, is one of those apparently unfortunate circumstances which may eventually end in good. We firmly believe in the axiom that "Whatever is is right," in other words, that an Almighty Providence so overrules the affairs of the world as to bring good out of evil, and make the very sins of mankind work out the gradual improvement of the race.—It by no means follows that these sins are justifiable: good may be brought out of evil by the will of Omnipotence, but evil should not be done that good may come.

Although the history of the present government may teach New Brunswickers a lesson which will more than repay them for the evil which it has caused and is daily causing, yet the Government itself cannot escape the legitimate results of its misconduct. Already it is involved in difficulties arising out of the "Spoils" principle. From the moment of its formation it has been persecuted by needy expectants of office,—coaxed, threatened, exhorted, and almost bullied. "Turn out the Tory officials!" shout the Smasher papers in a chorus which lasts from Monday morning to Saturday night, and commences on Monday morning again. "Place! place! give us place!" cry the expectants. And then newspapers and expectants join in a general howl of indignation and disappointment. Meanwhile the Government are in a state of almost pitiable perplexity, wishing to at once avenge themselves upon the Tory place-holders and provide for their dependants, and yet not daring to do that which would bring upon them a speedy punishment from the People, who have little sympathy with office seekers, and do not wish government subordinates persecuted for the exercise of their franchise. The Government shew their perplexity in the few changes which they have ventured to make. With the exception of the Railway Commissioners, these are individually very unimportant, and only of local interest.—They show at once the tyrannic inclinations, the littleness of mind, and the cowardice of the Administration. Coach drivers and School Inspectors are the quarry at which the Smasher eagle stoops. It is just as though a boa constrictor, to show his strength and courage, should seize upon and swallow a mouse.

Meanwhile honest and intelligent men look on, some amused, some disgusted. To us it seems a pitiable sight to see high principle and a patriotic spirit banished from the councils of the country, and replaced by the avowed principles of selfishness; to hear the preservation of the dominancy of a party adduced as an end, rather than the preservation of the public welfare; to see the affairs of the State entrusted at a time of peculiar danger to men whose principal concern seems to be to provide, at the public expense, for the wants of their needy and greedy dependants.

It is not improbable that there are men in the Executive who regard with aversion the course into which they have been driven. But they have cast in their lot with their fellows, and they must abide the consequences."

PROTESTANTISM IN FRANCE.—Our conquests from Romanism are real; they are vast. But since I have visited certain parts of France where Protestantism is in the minority, and where is it not?—a painful truth has flashed upon me: it is, that the conquests we make do not equal our losses. These losses are noiseless; villages see their Protestant population disappear unperceived. It is only when old men are consulted, and the official registers of past times are searched, that an idea may be formed of the startling voids left; the angel of death seems to have passed by and struck house after house. But the cause is easily ascertained. In villages where Protestants are neither numerous enough nor rich enough to have a Protestant schoolmaster, they send their children to schools taught by friars or nuns. Thence habits are contracted and never effaced; the children no longer retain their father's image; the Romish faith has nothing repulsive for them; the ceremonies please them.

HORRID MURDER.

The most cold-blooded and heartless tragedy that ever disgraced the annals of this country was committed on the night of Saturday last, at or near the Beaver Lake, (about 9 miles from the city,) on the person of Mr. Robert McKenzie, his wife and four children. Mr. McKenzie was a person known to be wealthy, and it was also known that he kept large sums of money in his house, and this has been the inducement to the assassins to commit the bloody tragedy. His house, a very handsome villa, and a small house in the vicinity, usually occupied by his workmen, were on the night above mentioned burnt to the ground, and the bodies, or rather their charred remains, found the next morning among the ruins. Suspicion has fallen upon a man who lived in the neighbourhood, and another, a desperate character lately discharged from the rail road for bad conduct.

It is to us a most extraordinary circumstance, that notwithstanding the murder was committed on Saturday night, it was not known in the City until between 8 and 9 o'clock on Monday morning, thus affording the villains 36 hours to escape.—And what is still more extraordinary, after a lapse of five days, no steps have been taken by our *Reform* government for their apprehension.

With such encouragement for murder and robbery, what may we not expect during the coming winter, when the navvies now employed on the rail road are disbanded, (as it is rumoured they will be,) and permitted to roam unemployed.—The imbecility of our present Executive presents a gloomy picture, and it will become every man's duty to make his house his castle.

Mr. McKenzie was a self-made man, an excellent mechanic, and by his integrity and assiduity in business amassed a large amount of property.

We learn that parties are out scouring the country in search of the murderers of the McKenzie family. It is to be hoped, if they are taken and allowed to escape as many other atrocious villains have been, that a Vigilance Committee will be formed, and meet out to them that justice which our impotent authorities refuse to award.

☞ We have been informed that the Executive Council were engaged the whole of Saturday last, and up to 5 o'clock on Monday, in listening to documents and in hearing of counsel on behalf of the several petitioners, in reference to that portion of the late Samuel Nichols' property, situate in this City, and which has been for a length of time under the consideration of His Excellency and Council. It appears that the Court of Chancery had decided some years since, that the one third part of the whole property, and one-sixth part of the remaining two-thirds had become vested in the Crown, on account of some of the parties being non-resident aliens. And the question which arose before the Executive Council, and which they are to decide was, whether the Executive would release to those in this Province, being next of kin to the late Samuel Nichols and British subjects, the forfeited portion of the real estate; or whether they would give the same to those whom the highest Court in this Province have declardd cannot hold, and who are non-resident aliens.—*Courier.*

[The question certainly appears to us to be a very simple one, and which does not require any lengthened discussion. For, as it has been already decided that according to our Statutes the property cannot be held by non-resident aliens, so we think that those who can legally hold, and who have every claim, not only as next of kin but as British subjects, are the proper parties entitled to whatever favor it may be in the power of a British Executive to bestow.]—*Ed. Chron.*

EXTRAORDINARY DEATH BY DROWNING.—On Saturday morning about 1 o'clock, the attention of several persons were aroused by the cries of a man in distress, which they found to proceed from the Ballast Wharf. Two men belonging to a Hillsborough schooner got into their boat, and others hurried in the direction of the cries. On coming to the wharf they discovered that a man had by some means got under the wharf. He was at the time close to the upper ballast floor, and at a spot where there was an opening between two logs in the side large enough to allow his arm to pass out, but too small for his body. He told them who he was—Archibald Brown, Manager of the Albert Mines. They made every effort to get him out; but the only means of doing this they found would be by cutting away a portion of one of the logs. A shed, in which wharf builders tools are kept, was near, but they did not think of this in time, and much time was lost in looking for an axe. In the meanwhile, the tide was rising fast. He spoke to the men frequently, asked them their names, and implored of them not to suffer him to be drowned. Some took hold of him to keep him up, while others plied the axe; but the tide rose faster than they could work. They saw him put his hand to his mouth to keep out the water, and soon after the water rose over him, and he was drowned before their eyes.

The unfortunate man was seen by the sentry at the lower barrack gate to pass towards the wharf, about ten o'clock. He was under the influence of drink, and when the sentinel twice challenged him, insisted on going through. It is supposed that he wandered down and fell off the wharf on to the beach, and being stunned by the fall, which bruised his head badly, lay there some time. When the tide began to rise he attempted to get up on the wharf, and, it would seem, crept through a hole about 6 feet from the ground and then crept along to the place where he was found. Over him were the ballast floor and three or four feet of stone and mud. Some of those who have since visited the place, think the man might have been saved, but there was no doubt that the men who were there did their utmost. That which in broad daylight and on calm reflection there seems a dozen ways of doing, was at dead of night and in the confusion almost an impossibility.

The deceased leaves a wife and family.

The screw steamer Jura, with the 76th Regiment on board, arrived at Cork from this port in ten days.

COMMUNICATIONS.

Hampton, 28th October, 1857.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE CHRONICLE.]

SIR,—Having seen in the Morning News of 26th instant a statement that the Roads from St. John to Sussex "never were in a better condition than they are now," I beg leave to contradict such a statement, as I never found the road in such a bad state as it is at present, and I have travelled it for the last twenty years.

Your's, &c.
JOHN F. GODARD.

[FOR THE CHRONICLE.]

"Need we be surprised that good citizens should take the laws into their own hands, when the Administrators of Justice are so lax in the discharge of their duty."

Morning News.

Mr. Attorney General Fisher, and his deputy, Solicitor Waters, will not feel at all complimented with the article in the News, of which the above is an extract.

To what do the perpetrators of crime owe their escape? Is it to the connivance of the Law Officers of the Crown? Is it to their inability to cope with the talent arrayed against them, or to what? Can it be that the culprits are all Smashers, and therefore a feeling of sympathy is manifested in their behalf.

There must be a cause for the late extrordinary proceedings relative to criminal matters, which ought in these days of investigation to be inquired into. If the legal attainments of those now clothed with power are not of a character to enable them efficiently to discharge the duties of office, let them at once resign. The country requires something more from their public servants than ability to write a receipt for £150 every 3 months.

KING'S COUNTY.

INDIA.

The following is from an artillery officer:

CAMP DEPUTY, August 10.—We are in much the same state as when I last wrote. The last reinforcement from up country, consisting of 1100 more Europeans, will be in about a week, and then we do not know whether the assault will take place at once, or whether we shall wait for Sir Patrick Grant. Perhaps we may, as I should not like to punish these villains by halves. Our men are mad to get at them. We have been very much annoyed by their guns lately; they have taken up a new position on the right, which completely enfilades several of our batteries. An expedition, in which I was to have had two guns, was in orders, but was countermanded, as the ground is excessively bad, and they were afraid our loss would be very heavy.

For the last three or four days we have had very heavy firing on both sides. We expend about 100 rounds per gun, and you can imagine how they blaze away when the day before yesterday 450 round shot were picked up which they had fired. Two or three days ago 50 maunds of their powder blew up in the city. There has been much discussion in consequence, as they have accused the prime Minister of having been concerned in it, and have got him prisoner. I continue very well, except a bad earache, which comes on from being exposed at night, as the dew is very heavy, and we have no shelter; however, we ought not to complain. The horse artillery duties are light compared with those of the foot; out of 158 men fit for duty, we have 120 always on, so you can fancy what work they have with heavy guns day and night.

The engineers have been trying to blow up the bridge of boats with internal machine, but at present have been unsuccessful, and I don't see that we gain much if do destroy a boat or two, as the river is so low they can easily repair it. I believe the city will be given up to three days' plunder. I fear it will make our Europeans very undisciplined. Heavens knows they are hard enough to control here, but when they have once gone in like bloodhounds, and been allowed to plunder, they will be down-right demons—after the way the 6th behaved at Allahabad, embracing their officers, assuring them over and over again of their fidelity, and with tears entreating them to trust them, till the officers thought they might rely in men with whom they had been so long, and did so, and the result was, they cut them all up in the night—twenty six of them, and some mere boys who had been doing duty with them. I'm sick of writing of massacres. The papers will give you circumstances. I do not remember well enough to detail them myself.

At Peshawur, I am happy to say, all is as yet quite. But I am very much afraid to hear bad news, more especially of the 7th Irregulars, who were mutinously inclined. A good many of my friends are laying close by here in their graves, and several gone away sick. I do not care as long as I keep well and get shelter. I think the weather is pleasant, much more so than I ever imagined, the season could be in the rains, as Peshawar this is the hottest and most trying season in the year. I fear this is a very uninteresting letter from a place where the eyes of Europe are concentrated, but it will make you happy to know I am well. I am in hopes that we may be entitled to some extra batta, for we have had very hard fighting, and I hope we shall meet with some reward.

Another officer writes under date of the 8th as follows:—This has been a fearful business, and the loss of European life something frightful. The awful atrocities committed on our poor unhappy women and children can never be forgotten. We must have blood. The streets of Delhi will be a fearful sight. Our men are mad for revenge, and there is not a soul who does not feel the same thirst for the blood of these ruffians. Three months ago I could have looked on and seen fifteen men tied up and shot down in cold blood without sickening, but I now see my men do this in the most brutal way without a qualm. At a village on the Kurnaul road, a poor little child's feet were found; they had its little shoes and socks on, and some devil in human form had cut them off, with a tulwar. What death can be too cruel for such wretches? We are much exposed, always ahead, and have already lost an immense number of officers in the Guides.

Wounds cannot heal well in this hot weather. We have had cholera in camp. Three officers died in one day, but there have been fewer cases during the last few days. Our heavy batteries have just commenced their fire again, and the city guns are replying. I should not be surprised if they attack us this afternoon, and we are ready for them. There are seven ladies now in Delhi. This is horrible to think of.

No chance of taking this place for some time to come. Reinforcement march towards us, but they never seem to get nearer. It will, indeed, be glorious when we rout and lay these treacherous, cowardly hounds. They will be hunted down like wild beasts, and it is to be hoped few will escape. You in England can never know or hear one half of the atrocities committed by these savages, for they are too abominable ever to repeat, much less to publish.

[From Harper's Weekly Journal.]

PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.—In answer to several correspondents, the publishers beg to state that recent events have not, and will not, interfere with the regular appearance and general business of Harper's Weekly, and Harper's New Monthly Magazine, which were never so prosperous as they are at the present time.

We are happy to be able to announce that, by special arrangement with the author, we shall publish in the December number of the Magazine, which commences a new year and a new volume, the first number of Mr. Thackeray's new serial, "The Virginians."

LIEUT. WILLIAM LEWIS HERNDON.—The conduct of Lieut. Herndon, commander of the Central America, is everywhere spoken of in the highest terms. His foresight in ordering the upper works of the vessel to be cut away so that the floating fragments might afford succour to passengers after the wreck, is mentioned by Mr. Manlaus and Captain Badger testifies to his intrepidity and noble behaviour. Lieut. Herndon was well known as the conductor of the famous United States Expedition to the Valley of the Amazon, in 1851 and 1852. He was a native of Fredericksburgh, Virginia, and was about 40 years of age. His family are in New York, where they have some time resided. He was the brother-in-law of Lieut Maury, and was for some time connected with the National Observatory at Washington. It is stated that his life was insured for $5000, for the benefit of his wife, at the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of this city.—[Boston Courier.

POPULATION OF CANADA.—According to the census taken in 1851, the population of Lower Canada was 890,263, and of Upper Canada 952,004 making a grand total of 1,842,267, and of Upper Canada 952,002, making a grand total of 1,842,265. On the 1st January, 1857, the estimated population, based upon official returns, was of Lower Canada 1,220,514, of Upper Canada 1,359,923, making a grand total of 2,571,437, showing an increase in between five and six years of 729,172.

☞ General Havelock belongs to the Baptist body, and is remarkable for the strength of his attachment to his denominational principles. He is married to the daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Marshman, the eminent Serampore Baptist missionary.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Bilious headache, and all affections of the system which result from an insufficient or immoderate flow of bile, are at once relieved by the operation of Holloway's Pills.—Dyspepsia and liver disease are inseparable; for the stomach and the liver always sympathise, and as this great medicine acts powerfully upon both these important organs, it performs the work of cure with a precision, rapidity, and thoroughness which have no parallel in the records of medical practice. The pills may be relied upon with the utmost confidence in cases of diarrhœa, dysentry, cholera morbus, spasms of the stomach, and all other disorders affecting the digestive organs and the bowels.

The remembrance of a well spent life is sweet. Sophocles, on being asked what injury he would wish to his enemy replied—"that he might live where he was not loved again."

[From the Royal Gazette.]

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENTS.

John B. Wilson, M. D., and Rufus Stockton, Esquires, to be Coroners in the County of King's, in room of S. Z. Earle, Junior, and Sherman Preeze, Esqrs.

George V. Nowlan, Esq., to be a Justice of the Peace for the City and County of Saint John.

James R. Curry, Esq., to be Registrar of Probates for the County of Queen's, in the room of J. W. DeVeber, Esquire.

John Lawlor, Esq., to be Registrar of Deeds for the County of Northumberland, in room of Allan A. Davidson, Esquire.

Isaac Gross, John Wallace, Edward Steeves, James Rogers, Levi Wells, John A. Reed, Hiram Edgett, Ezra Steeves, James Ryan, William Hopper, Junior, John Barclard, Andrew Reed Chapman, James Horseman, and Thomas Colpitts, to be Justices of the Peace for the County of Albert.

William O'Brien, Esq., to be a Coroner in the County of Northumberland.

George Whiting, William Russell, John Hawes, Junior, John Williston, and Louis Robichean, to be Justices of the Peace for the County of Northumberland.

Robinson Crocker, William J. Fraser, and Robt. T. Miller, to be Commissioners of Sick and Disabled Seamen for the Port of Miramichi.

William T. Rose to be a Coroner for the County of Charlotte, in the room of Robert Thomson, Esq.

Lorenzo Drake to be Fishery Warden in county of Charlotte.

Benjamin Wilson Weldon, Esq. to be Sheriff of Gloucester, in room of Henry W. Baldwin, Esq., resigned.

Matthew Graham, to be a Justice of the Peace for the County of York.

James R. Reed to be Postmaster in Carleton in the city of St. John.

Abraham T. Coburn to be Sergeant at Arms attending the House of Assembly, in room of G. Garden, Esq.

Wm. Leavitt and G. V. Nowlin, Esquires, to be Sitting Magistrates for the Police Court of the city and county of St. John.

James Steadman and Joseph Acard, Esquires, to be commissioners on the part of this Province to define the Boundary between Nova Scotia and New Brunswick.

Dr. James Paterson, Robert Salter, and Thomas B. Barker, to be Examiners of Teachers who have attended the Provincial Training School.

Alfred Whitehead to be commissioner for the Parishes of Canterbury and Southampton, county of York, under chapters 8 and 9 of the Revised Statutes.

By his Excellency's command.

S. L. TILLEY.

Secretary's Office, 24th Oct. 1857.

Married.

At Gagetown, on Tuesday the 27th inst., by the Rev. N. A. Coster, Thomas M. Johnston, Esq., to Annie Townsend, fifth daughter of the late Hon. Thomas Gilbert.

Died.

Suddenly, on Saturday morning, Archibald C. Brown, of the Albert Mines, 37 years, a native of Argyleshire, Scotland.

On Sunday, 25th inst., in the 46th year of her age, after a severe illness, which she bore with pious resignation to the Divine will, Mary Cameron, a native of Perthshire, Scotland, the beloved wife of John M'Gregor, leaving a husband and two children, together with a large number of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

On the 23d inst., at his late residence Kingston, K. C., Richard Wheldley, in the 84th year of his age. He came to this Province with the Loyalists in 1783.

At Bridgewater, Emily Gourley, aged 5 years and 3 months; also on the same day, Georgina, aged 3 years and 4 months, both daughters of Mr. Reuben Gardner.

At Nerton, K. C., on Thursday, 20th, W. H. Hallet, aged 1 year and 3 months, youngest son of Mr. Robert and Charlotte Seely.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. JOHN—ARRIVED.

Sunday—Schr. Anna Bella, LeSure, P. E. Island, 14—B. Tilton, oats.

Tuesday—Brig Mila, Corning, Sydney, C Me-Lauchlan, coals.

CLEARED.

25th—Bark Observer, Hibbard, Penarth, Roals, deals.

27th—Bark Retriever, Smith, Dundee, R. Rankin & Co., deals, &c; Sarah & Dorothy, Slaughter, Leith.

29th—Brig Themis, Heard, Cork, S. Wiggins, & Son, deals, &c.; Brigt. Charles Mackay, Ballyton, Ireland R. Rankin & Co.

BUTTER, VINEGAR & SALT.

15 FIRKINS good BUTTER;
10 Bbls. Matthew's Cider VINEGAR;
100 Bags Liverpool SALT;
20 do. Fine ditto.
For Sale by JOHN MARVEN,
Oct. 20. Ward-street.

L. H. DEVEBER & SONS

Have received by the "*Lowpedo*," "*John Duncan*," "*Arthur White*," and "*Georgia*":

PART of their Fall Supply of British MERCHANDISE. *ALSO*—
104 Chests fine CONGO TEA;
5 Tons White LEAD;
6 Casks PAINT OIL;
3 Tons PUTTY.
☞ Remainder of the Stock daily expected by the "*Middleton*." October 30.

NOTICE.—If Mr. Keep of the Butternut Ridge, had come and removed the dead horse that he skinned and left at my door, instead of defaming and slandering my name among his neighbours, it would be very much more to his credit, and should he repeat the falsehoods he has told respecting me, I may deem it necessary to enter a prosecution against the said Keep.

RICHARD SMITH,
Oct. 30. Five Mile House, County St. John.

S. K. FOSTER's—Shoe Store.

THE Subscriber has just received another lot of those Cheap BOOTS and SHOES which he is selling off at most astonishing low prices.
☞ Call and see.
Oct. 30. S. K. FOSTER.

Earthenware, China & Glass.

F. CLEMENTSON has received per "John Duncan" and "Boadicea":—A general assortment of the above Goods, which are offered at the lowest Market rates, Wholesale and Retail.
29, Dock Street. October 30.

HOUSE COAL.—Landing ex Kelvin:—200 Chaldrons Scotch House COALS.
For sale at 25s. cash from the Vessel.
Oct. 20. JOHN WALKER.

A COTTAGE TO LET, in Elliot Row, Apply to
FRAS. CLEMENTSON,
October 30 29, Dock-street.

Notice.

ALL Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late WILLIAM M. FOWLER, of the Parish of Upham, King's County, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within Three Months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said Estate are require to make immediate payment to RACHEL FOWLER,
Administratrix.
Upham, October 10, 1857. 3m p

At No. 69, Waverley House.

RECEIVED FROM LONDON,

1 Case Gentlemen's LACED, CALF, AND SEAL BOOT, Extra quality.

1 Case Ladies' Felt BOOTS, RUBBER SOLES.

1 case of JEWELLERY & FANCY GOODS.
oct 1 B O BRIEN.

CONFECTIONARY.—Now landing ex the Aaron Hastings, from New York—20 boxes Knickerbocker CANDY, 25lb. each; 15, 25. Van Winkle do., 20 lb each. For sale for cash by
S. L. TILLEY,
oct 2 35 King Street.

NEW GOODS!

NORTH AMERICAN CLOTHING STORE,
Sears' Brick Building,
19, *NORTH SIDE of KING STREET.*

R. HUNTER

HAS received per recent arrivals, a large assortment of BROAD CLOTHS, Milton and Satturra Cloths, Pilot Beaver, Mohair, Siberian, and Whitney Cloths; Cassimeres, Doeskins, Satinetts, Vestings, &c., which are being made up on the premises; and solicits the attention of intending purchasers to his present extensive stock of GOODS, which will be sold by Wholesale and Retail at the lowest possible prices for approved payments.

The stock comprises an immense assortment of:—CLOTHING—in Over Coats and Under in all the various materials, and most fashionable styles; VESTS and PANTS in great variety, and in all qualities and prices required;
Over-all PANTS and FROCKS;
Goodyear's Patent India Rubber Goods, in COATS, CAPES, LEGGINS, HATS, GLOVES, Horse Covers, Waggon Boots, &c.;
TRUNKS, VALISES, CARPET-BAGS;
HATS and CAPS in great variety;

Gents' Furnishing Goods, consisting of *Shirts*, Shirt Fronts, Under Shirts & Drawers, Hdkfs., Stocks, Neck Ties, Night Caps, Hosiery, Gloves, Braces, Umbrellas, &c.

☞ Garments made to order in the most fashionable style at the shortest notice.

No second price—All Goods marked in plain figures. Oct. 6. R. H.

GRANITE HALL,

No. 5, Dock Street.

FALL OF 1857.

GREAT variety of Fall and Winter CLOTHING, made up in the well known style of this establishment from Cloths imported by myself especially for my own trade, owing to the dullness of the times and

LOW RATE OF LABOUR

in the Manufacture of fall Clothing, my customers will get all the advantage of a good garment at a LOW PRICE.

—THE STOCK CONSISTS OF—
Every description of OVER COATS;
Every description of DRESS COATS;
Every description of BUSINESS COATS;
Every description of DRESS VESTS;
Every description of BUSINESS VESTS;
Every description of DRESS PANTALOONS;
Every description of Working PANTALOONS;

Gentlemen wishing Garments made to measure, can have their choice of the best assortment of West of England Cloths, Rich Vestings, Fancy Doeskins, and Real Scotch Tweeds in this City, and made up under the supervision of one of the best practical Cutters of the present age—and at prices that cannot fail to please.

ECONOMY IT-SELF.

HATS and every description of Winter CAPS.
Reversible Rubber COATS.
Goodyear's Rubber COATS, CAPES, &c.
OIL CLOTHING of every description.
FURNISHING GOODS of all kinds—Wholesale and Retail.
October 6. THOMAS R. JONES.

Provincial Penitentiary.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLIES.

SEALED TENDERS will be received until MONDAY, the 24 November next, at noon, by the Commissioners of the Provincial Penitentiary, at the Office of the undersigned, from persons desirous of furnishing the following articles, for the use of the said prison from the period commencing from that date, and ending 31st of October following, at such times and in such quantities as may be required by the Keeper, viz:

Muscovado MOLASSES, in not less quantity than one Puncheon;
TEA, strong, good flavoured Congo, by the Chest;
RICE, American of unexceptionable quality by the Tierce;
CORN MEAL, in Bags or Barrels;
New Brunswick OATMEAL;
Pollock FISH, of best quality;
Common SOAP, New Brunswick Manufacture of good quality;

Delivery to be made in the City, and the quality to be to the satisfaction of the Keeper, or Visiting Commissioners for the time being.

FRESH BEEF, of best Merchantable quality, to be delivered by the Contractor alternately in hind and fore quarters at the prison, on such days, and as often as the Keeper may require.

☞ Tenders will also be received at the same time and place from persons wishing to Contract for Baking the Bread required for the said prison, the persons tendering to state the number of Pounds of best Wheaten Bread he will deliver at the Penitentiary for every bag or barrel of Superfine Flour furnished him in the City—delivery to be made as often, and at such times, as the Keeper may direct.

Payments will be made Quarterly; and each Tender must contain the names of two responsible persons willing to become bound for the due performance of the Contract.

By order of the Board
SAM. D. BERTON,
Oct. 30. Secretary and Treasurer.

Per "Boadicea."

FIRE BRICKS—10,000—For Sale by,
FRAS. CLEMENTSON.
Sept. 25.

Per "Boadicea."

FIRST FALL IMPORTATION of EARTHENWARE; WINDOW GLASS 8x10, 10x12, 10x14, MILK PANS and *Butter Crocks*, white inside.
F. CLEMENTSON.
Sept. 25. 29 Dock Street, St. John.

NOTICE.—All Persons having any legal demands against the Estate of the late Doctor JOHN BOYD, of this city, deceased, are requested to present the same, duly attested, within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to
ALBINIA BOYD,
J. EDWARD BOYD,
Sept. 22nd, 1857. *Executors.*
[Courier 3m.]

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any demands against the Estate of JOHN HAZEN Esq., late High Sheriff of the County Sunbury, (deceased) are requested to present the same duly attested, within three months from this date, and persons indebted to the said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to
GEORGE GARDEN,
EDWIN COUGLE,
Burton Sept. 25. 3m. *Administrators.*

AMERICAN HOUSE,

BOSTON.
RE-ESTABLISHMENT OF THE OLD PLAN OF MANAGEMENT.

LEWIS RICE, Proprietor, respectfully announces that he has resumed the old plan of management as it existed before the recent alteration. Trial of the European system in "*this Hotel*, proves, that although the advantages are great, yet the plan is better adapted for the *smaller class* of hotels.

The accommodations and conveniences of the House are unsurpassd, and the recent improvements and alterations, for the comfort of guests, leave nothing to be desired.

Boston, Sep. 25, 1857.

PER "JOHN DUNCAN."—5,000 FIRE BRICKS. For sale by
FRAS. CLEMENTSON,
Sept. 25. 29, Dock-street.

OLIVE OIL.—Just received and for Sale by the Subscriber—200 gallons OLIVE OIL.
May 22. S. L. TILLEY, 35 King-street.

SUPREME COURT,

IN EQUITY.

To be Sold at Public Auction on Tuesday, the twenty sixth day of January next, at twelve o'clock, (noon) under the direction and with the approbation of the undersigned, at the Court House in the City of Saint John:

PURSUANT to a decretal order of the Supreme Court in Equity, made the 7th day of June, A. D. 1856, in a certain cause wherein William B. McKeel is Plaintiff and Robert McKelvey and George Anthony are Defendants: The Land and Premises described in a certain Mortgage made between Robert McKelvey and Mercy his wife of the one part and the said Plaintiff of the other part, bearing date the 7th day of November, in the year of our Lord One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty, as follows: "All that certain piece or "parcel of Land situate in the City of Saint John, "being one-half part of that corner Lot number "Eight Hundred and Fifty, being 40 feet front on "Morris Street, and Fifty feet on Carmarthen "Street, in Duke's Ward, together with all "the Buildings, Erections, and Improvements "thereon."

Terms made known at time of Sale, or on application to the Plaintiff's Solicitor.

Dated the twenty first day of October, A. D. 1857.

J. M. ROBINSON, *Barrister.*
C. W. STOCKTON, *Plaintiff's Solicitor.*

HATS & CAPS.

FALL AND WINTER STYLES.

The Subscriber has received per "Arthur White":

1 CASE London HATS, *Fall Style.*
Also from the United States, a large Stock of Kossuth and Felt HATS, various styles and colours; LADIES' FURS; BUFFALO COATS and Driving GLOVES, GLAZED HATS, &c., &c.
Also on Hand—A large assortment of

HATS AND CAPS,

Domestic Manufacture, all of which will be sold Wholesale and Retail at very low prices. Call and Examine.

HATS and CAPS made to order by Conformateur Measure.

☞ Cash paid for Shipping FURS.
A. MAGEE,
27 North side King-street, opposite Canterbury street.
October 23.

JUST RECEIVED:

200 QUINTALS large CODFISH;
400 Boxes Dipper Harbour Smoked HERRINGS, a good article.
JOHN MARVEN,
October 23. Ward-street.

Messrs. Frith & Starr,

Agents for the Times Fire Assurance of London.

GENTLEMEN—

ON the 20th ult. a steam Saw Mill belonging to me, which was partially insured at your office was totally destroyed by a destructive fire at the Straight Shore. Notwithstanding the extreme scarcity of money, you, at once, paid over to me, in the most courteous manner, the full amount of the insurance—£1,000—for which I desire publicly to express my thanks.

I consider the conduct of your Company as praiseworthy in the highest degree, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who now, or at any future time may be desirous of insuring their property, as one which is alike honourable in its dealings, safe in its character, and prompt in its settlements. N. S. DEMILL.

St. John, N.B., October 15, 1857.

S. K. FOSTER'S,

Fashionable SHOE STORES,

New Goods for Fall!

JUST received per Ship *Boadicea*, a new and excellent variety of Ladies, Misses, and Children's Fall BOOTS and SHOES, of the very best English make.

Those Customers who desire a very Superior Article, and one suitable to the season, can now have their wishes gratified.

S. K. FOSTER,
Sept. 4. Foster's Corner, Germain street.

Collegiate and Commercial Schools,

SAINT GEORGE'S STREET,
SAINT JOHN, N. B.

THE above named Institutions under the personal supervision of the Subscriber, now in a prosperous condition can accomodate a few more Pupils.

The following branches of a liberal Education are efficiently taught therein, viz:

The GREEK, LATIN, FRENCH, and ENGLISH LANGUAGES; English and French Composition, Philology, Natural Philosophy, Physiology of the Human Frame, History, Geography, &c.; Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, Mensuration, Bookkeeping, the Outlines of Chemistry; Trigonometry, Land Surveying, Navigation, Penmanship, Reading and Spelling, with such other elementary preparation for Collegiate studies as may from time to time be required by the Pupils.

Terms varying from 7s. 6d. to 30s. per quarter.
SAMUEL D. MILLAR,
Principal.

P. S.—EVENING SCHOOL, constantly taught, for particulars apply at the School rooms. Class for young Ladies now open.
August 11th, 1857.

Digby Chickens and Tea.

190 BOXES No. 1 Digby HERRINGS, of excellent quality;
10 Chests English Congo TEA;
A lot of 24, 22 and 20 inch MAST HOOPS.
For sale by JOHN MARVEN,
Sept. 11. Ward-street.

FOR Sale at No. 168, Prince William Street,—BEST CUMBERLAND BUTTER.
August 7. WILLIAM PARKS.

FOR Sale at No. 168, Prince William Street,—200 CHEESE from Clarke's Dairy.
August 7. WILLIAM PARKS.

FOR Sale at No. 168, Prince William Street,—BEST ISLAY MALT.
WILLIAM PARKS.
St. John, August 7, 1857.

MILK PANS AND BUTTER CROCKS,—*white inside.*—A shipment of these Goods are daily expected.
FRAS. CLEMENTSON,
August 7. Dock-street.

BOOM PAPER at reduced prices at the New Paper Store—8,000 Rolls at the low price of 4d. 5d. 6d. and 7 1-2d.
Glass cut to order.
GEORGE NIXON,
August 7. 104, Prince Wm-st.

RECEIVED per "Athenais"—Two Cases London HATS, a superior article, made expressly for this Market; also, Children's HATS in great variety. Expected per steamer from Boston—A large Stock of Leghorn and Panama *HATS*, all of which will be sold Wholesale or Retail, at low prices for Cash or approved paper.
27 North side King street. A. MAGEE.
St. John, May 1.

An entirely New Domestic Manufacture.

THE Enamelled REGISTER GRATES & FIRE FRAMES, with Summer Pieces to match, now manufactured by HARRIS & ALLAN, fully equal in the unique style of ornament and beauty of finish to those imported from the United States. A large assortment of the various patterns constantly on hand at No. 17 Water Street.
Aug. 21. 3i. HARRIS & ALLAN.

London Oakum, Oil and Paint.

20 TONS Best London OAKUM;
17 hhds. Boiled and Raw OIL, Brandram's best;
80 kegs WHITE LEAD, Brandram's best;
Landing ex "Arthur White," and for Sale by
JOHN WALKER.

BUTTER CROCKS, CREAM CROCKS, and MILK PANS, of the white Earthenware, now landing and for sale wholesale and retail, by
FRAS. CLEMENTSON.
August 29. 29 Dock Street, St. John.

Fresh Arrivals.

The Subscriber has received per late arrivals a choice assortment of Goods in his line of business, among which are:—

30 CHESTS Superior Congou TEA;
15 Catty boxes Oolong do.;
40 barrels Crushed SUGAR;
25 boxes Cavendish TOBACCO;
20 cases Olive OIL;
20 brls. *TUMBLERS*, assorted;
20 cases Wine Bottles;
100 cases CHAMPAGNE;
100 do. Hollands GENEVA;
50 brls. London BROWN STOUT;
20 do. Pale ALE;
10 cases *CORDIALS*;
10 brls. Prime Mess PORK; 10 Prime do.;
20 do. Mess BEEF;
10 Pipes PORT WINE;
15 hhds. do. do.;
15 qr.-casks do. do.;
10 octaves fine Old MADEIRA;
5 pipes ditto;
15 qr.-casks Golden SHERRY;
10 do. Brown do.;
10 hhds. BRANDY, Martell's;
5 puns. Old JAMAICA;
8 do. Demerara.

Daily expected per Victor, from Charante:—
6 pipes, 10 hhds. & 10 qr.-casks Martell's Pale and Dark BRANDY;
50 cases do. ditto;
6 pipes & 50 cases Mounie & Co.'s finest do.;
10 hhds. Hennessey's ditto;
50 qr.-casks Pale, Golden, & Brown Sherry.

Remaining on hand, in Bond—2 Hhds. Old 1803 Brandy.

The above, together with his Stock of Liquors, &c. &c., will be disposed of at the lowest Market rates for Cash.
July 10. JOHN McCOSKERY.

FRESH GROCERIES !!

THE Subscriber having received a large assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, per late arrivals, is prepared to sell them at the lowest market rates.

The articles consist in part of—
10 Chests TEA; 800 lbs. Java COFFEE;
3 boxes Yeast POWDER; 5 barrels Crushed SUGAR;
5 brls. Porto Rico SUGAR; 10 boxes good CHEESE;
15 Tubs Prime New BUTTER;
1 Ton OATMEAL;
10 brls. Corn MEAL; 5 do. Rye FLOUR;
25 brls. Superfine State FLOUR; 10 barrels PORK, best quality;
2 barrels SALERATUS;
5 kegs TOBACCO; 1 bbl. Bladder SNUFF;
15 boxes Adamantine CANDLES, short sizes, 25 quintals Prime CODFISH;
1 cask superior HAMS, Sugar cured, suitable for family use.
20 M. assorted CIGARS;

Also,—Rice; Pepper; Starch; Tomato Ketchup; Pepper Sauce; Cream Tartar; Salt; Beans; Mustard; Mixed Pickles; Spanish Liquorice; ground Pimento; Matches; Sperm Candles; Dried Apples; Oranges; Lemons; Nuts; Brooms; Chocolate; Citron Peel; Ginger; Fresh Figs; Digby Herrings, &c.

4 hhds. Hollands GIN;
5 hhds. BRANDY; 3 puns. ALCOHOL;
1 pun. Islay Malt WHISKEY; 1 do Old Jamaica RUM; 5 qr.-casks Port & Sherry WINE; 5 cases Sparkling Champagne;
10 bbls. London PORTER and ALE.
WILLIAM PARKS.
July 10, 1857. No. 168 Prince Wm. street.

SAINT JOHN HOTEL.

ENTRANCE FROM CHARLOTTE STREET.

THE Subscriber begs to return thanks to the Public for the very handsome support he has received since opening the ST. JOHN HOTEL, and would respectfully inform his numerous patrons, that having refitted and renovated this well-known building, and being determined to keep it in a style not inferior to what it attained in former days, he is now prepared to receive BOARDERS, be it permanent and transient, who will receive all the care and attention that can be desired. He would therefore invite travellers to favour him with a call.

☞ BOARD FIVE SHILLINGS PER DAY.

☞ Gentlemen travelling with their own Horses will find good Stabling and attentive hostlers.
W. H. SECORD,
St. John, August 7. Proprietor.

COWS FOR SALE.

2 COWS—One of which is 35 in length; the other is second-hand, measures 30 feet in length. Apply to
A. O. LEMEREAUX,
August 21, 1857. Fort Neck, Carleton.

FAIRBANKS'

CELEBRATED

SCALES,

of every variety,
34 Kilby Street, Boston.
GREENLEAF & BROWN, Agents.

A full assortment of all kinds of weighing apparatus and store furniture for sale at low rates. Railroad, Hay, and Coal Scales set in any part of the Provinces.
For Sale in St. John by WM. THOMSON.
May 15th, 1857. (1y.)

CLOTH CAPS, various styles, qualities and prices, at Wholesale and Retail.
C. D. EVERETT & SON,
May 29. 15 King-street.

G. M. BURNS

AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 20 South Market Wharf, St. John, N. B.
March 20, 1857.

ON HAND, and for Sale.

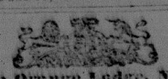
300 BOLTS Bleached Gourock CANVAS, assorted;
100 Bolts Extra all long Flax, ditto;
100 do. Gourock Boiled ditto;
75 Coils BOLT ROPE;
82 do. POINT LINE;
1700 three-thread SAIL TWINE.
JOHN ROOP,
Wishart's Buildings, Johnston's Wharf.
July 10. 3ins.

THE VICTIM'S FRIEND.—32 pages, free everywhere by post for two stamps.—A popular Essay adapted for those residents of warm climates who are disordered through secret im ure habits, and sexual indulgences. By Dr. Wm. Barkhaus, Member Royal College Surgeons, England, 1832, &c. &c. with whom patients may correspond, and receive the necessary specifics in *Sealed* cases at £5, £13, and £20. 69, Wimpole-street, Cavendish-square, London, England.

CHINA!

Per *Middleton* and *Memnon*:—

THE Subscriber has received by the above Ships, a choice selection of DINNER SETS, Etruscan CHINA TEA SETS, VASES, Stone PITCHERS, and China Toilette SETS.
FRAS. CLEMENTSON.
St. John, June 30, 1857.



Eldon Orange Lodge, No. 9.

THE Regular Monthly Meeting of "Eldon Orange Lodge, No. 9," will be held in the Orange Hall, Brussel-st., on the first FRIDAY in every month. By order of the W. M.
CHAS. HILL, Secretary
May 22. *"God Save the Queen."*

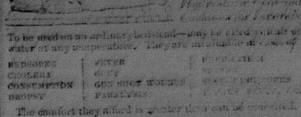
Loyal Orange Lodge, No. 5.

THE Members of the above Lodge will meet at their Lodge Room, Marshall's Building, Princess street, on the evening of the Second FRIDAY in every Month. The brethren are respectfully invited to attend.
March 20. JOHN S. MAGEE, *Secretary.*

TARPAULINGS AND SACKS.

EDGINGTON and Co., from Tooley-street, Southwark, Inventors of Waterproof Compositions, have a large stock of [illegible] Cloths, Sacks, Tents and Rugs [illegible] City. Warehouse 17, South-side [illegible]

CROGGON'S PATENT ASPHALTE ROOFING FELT [illegible] Foot. [illegible] CROGGON & Co., 2 Broad-street Buildings.



HOOPER'S

[illegible]

The comfort they afford is greater than can be conceived.

The width of the Bedstead marked and with the price.

Also Hooper's Waterproof Sheets for preventing bedding.

Hooper's Improved Valvular Urinals for Invalids and Railway Travellers of both sexes.

Hooper, Operative Chemist, Inventor and Sole Manufacturer of Invalid Beds and Cushions to Her Majesty the Queen, the late Queen Dowager, the Army and Navy, and the Honble. East India Company.

7, Pall Mall East, & 55, Grosvenor-street, London.

N.B.—Mr. Hooper's article is not sold out with his Name and Address.

WM. DRAY & Co.,
Engineers & Machine Makers
SWAN LANE, LONDON.

[illegible] to Warrants [illegible] IMPROVED STEAM ENGINES, HEATERS, [illegible]
WM. DRAY & Co., Swan Lane, London.

CHUBB'S FIRE PROOF SAFES

Are made of the strongest [illegible] and fitted with Chubb's Patent Locks [illegible] Fire, Thieves, and Damp.

CHUBB'S DESKS for every purpose, and comprising all the improvements, are [illegible] Cash and Bill Boxes, Dispatch Boxes, [illegible] and prices will be sent on receipt of [illegible]
Chubb & Son, 57, St. Paul's Churchyard, London.

STEPHENS'S WRITING FLUIDS & INKS.

The Original Blue Black Writing Fluid, so essential for Steel Pens and Warm Climates, with all the various improvements upon ink for the last twenty years, is to be purchased of the inventor and manufacturer, [illegible] 54, Stamford-street, London; and by all Stationers.

PATENT CONCERTINAS £1 16s., of superior make, specialed, with double action to the [illegible] keys [illegible] from 1 to 12 guineas; [illegible] as used by Sig. Regondi. Manufactured by the inventors and patentees, Wheatstone & Co., 20, Conduit-street, Regent-street, London; also the new patent Duet Concertina, at £1 11s. 6d., and £2 2s.

THE PIANO-FORTE.—The Economical Wonder of the Day.—HAMILTON'S MODERN INSTRUCTIONS for the PIANO-FORTE. 150th edition, 4to. price 2s. 6d. Hamilton's Dictionary of 3,500 Musical Terms, 46th edition, 1s.; and Claricle's Chronology of the Rudiments of Music, 4th edition, 1s. Sold by Ewan, Royal Exchange; Sherwood, Paternoster-row; Ashdown, Rider, SELECT LYRICS, a wreath of 120 popular songs and tunes, price 6d., by post 8d. Ashdown, Rider, Hanover-square; Sherwood, Paternoster-row; Ewan, Royal Exchange, New Bond-street, and of all music sellers and booksellers.

CURTIS ON MANHOOD—SHILLING EDITION. A MEDICAL ESSAY ON NERVOUS & GENERATIVE DISEASES.

Just Published, the 77,000 with numerous plates, in a sealed envelope price 1s., or sent, post-paid, by the Author, to any British possession for 1s. 4d.

MANHOOD: THE CAUSE and CURE of PREMATURE DECLINE, with Plain Directions for Perfect Restoration to Health and Vigour; being a Medical Review of the various forms and modern treatment of Nervous Debility, Impotency, Loss of Mental and Physical Capacity, whether resulting from Youthful Abuse, the Follies of Maturity, the Effects of Climate, or Infection, &c.; with Observations on a new and successful mode of detecting Spermatorrhœa, and other Urethral Discharges, by Microscopic Examination, to which are added Cases of interesting Cases, with the Author's Recipe of a Preventive Lotion.

By J. L. CURTIS, Surgeon, 15, Albemarle Street, Piccadilly, London.

"CURTIS ON MANHOOD.—the professional reputation of the author, combined with his twenty years' experience as medical referee in the treatment of nervous debility, &c., fully accounts for the immense circulation which this popular and ably-written medical treatise has obtained."—*Sunday Times*, 22nd March, 1856.

"CURTIS ON MANHOOD.—It is the duty of all men to study the laws of their body, no less than those of their mind. In the pages of this work will be found golden rules for regulating the one and preserving the other."—*Mark Lane Express*, March 31, 1856.

"We feel no hesitation in saying, that there is no member of society by whom the book will not be found useful—whether such person hold the relation of a parent, preceptor, or a clergyman."—*Sun*, Evening Paper.

Sold also by PIPER & Co., 23, Paternoster-row, London.

The SUCCESSFUL RESULTS of the last HALF CENTURY have proved, beyond question, that

ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL,

possesses peculiarly nourishing powers in the growth, restoration and improvement of the Human Hair. It *prevents it from falling off or turning grey—strengthens a weak hair—cleanses it from Scurf and Dandrig*—and makes it *beautifully soft, pliant, and glossy*. In the growth of the Beard, Whiskers, Eyebrows, and Moustachios, it is unfailing in its stimulative operations. For Children it is especially recommended as forming the basis of a beautiful head of hair. Price 3s.6d. and 7s. Family Bottles (equal to 4 small), 10s.6d.; and double that size, 21s.

CAUTION.—To prevent imposition A NEW LABEL is from Steel, by Messrs. Perkins, Bacon & Co. of London is now used, upon which are the words in white letters ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL, and their signature in red ink,

"A. ROWLAND & SONS."

Sold by all Chemists and Perfumers.

A NEW LABEL.

In consequence of the great variety of counterfeit Labels of A. ROWLAND and SONS' MACASSAR OIL, now in circulation, Messrs. PERKINS, BACON and Co. of London, have succeeded in producing from steel "A NEW LABEL," upon which is engraved in white letters

"ROWLANDS' MACASSAR OIL,
FOR THE GROWTH, RESTORATION, AND FOR BEAUTIFYING THE HUMAN HAIR."

Under which is the signature of the Proprietors in Red Ink,

"A ROWLAND AND SONS."

The whole with the exception of the Profile of "Queen Victoria," being encircled with a lacework pattern in transparent colourless ink.

The Pamphlet enclosed in the Label or Wrapper has been re-written and thoroughly revised; and instead of the cork and seal to the bottle, a glass stopper is now used.

The prices of the MACASSAR OIL are 3s. 6d. and 7s.; Family Bottles (equal to Four Small), 10s. 6d.; and double that size, 21s. Sold by Chemists and Perfumers.

SOUND AND WHITE TEETH

Are not only indispensably requisite to a pleasing exterior in both sexes, but they are peculiarly appreciated through life as highly conducive to health and longevity by the proper mastication of food.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO,

OR PEARL DENTIFRICE,

IS OF INESTIMABLE VALUE IN

PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH,

Imparting to them a Pearl-like Whiteness, Strengthening the Gums, and in rendering

THE BREATH SWEET AND PURE.

Its truly efficient and fragrant aromatic properties have obtained its selection by Queen Victoria, and the Sovereigns and Nobility throughout Europe.

CAUTION.—The words "ROWLANDS' ODONTO" are on the label, and "A. ROWLAND & SONS, 20, Hatton Garden," on the government stamp.

Price 2s. 9d. per Box. Sold by Chemists & Perfumers.

TO LADIES.

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR,

AN ORIENTAL BOTANICAL PREPARATION FOR IMPROVING & BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION

Eradicates all eruptions, red patches, spots, freckles, roughness, and other cutaneous visitations. The radiant bloom it imparts to the cheek, and the softness and delicacy which it imparts to the Hands and Arms, render it indispensable to every lady. It obviates all the effects of Climate on the Skin, whether with reference to cold and inclemency, or intense solar heat, and affords relief in cases of sunburn, stings of insects, or incidental inflammation.

Its PREVENTIVE AND REPRESSIVE PROPERTIES have obtained its selection by ROYALTY, and the several Courts throughout Europe, together with the elite of the Aristocracy.

Price 4s. 6d. and 8s. 6d. per Bottle.

CAUTION.—On the Wrapper of each bottle are the words ROWLANDS' KALYDOR, and their signature A. ROWLAND & SONS in Red Ink, at foot. Sold by Chemists & Perfumers.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

THIS WORLD-RENOWNED MEDICINE, which has obtained such celebrity for the cure of Coughs, Asthma, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other affections of the Lungs and organs of respiration, is recommended to all requiring it, as the purest and most efficacious.

Prepared and Sold in Boxes and Tins of 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. each, by THOMAS KEATING, Chemist, St. Paul's Churchyard, London, and by all Druggists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

A CARD.

WE would direct the attention of the public to the large variety of HATS and CAPS now on Sale at

HALL'S HAT STORE, 41, King-street.

The largest and doubtless, the best assorted stock in this City; we can only notice a few of the leading articles, viz.

GENTS' DRESS HATS,
In Black Velvet, Satin, Moleskin, and Silk, Drab Beaver, Felt, Silk, and Angola,—English, French, and American make,—every style and quality.
SOFT FELT HATS.
Kossuth, Hungarian, Julian, Magyar, Webster, Senator, Rockland, and Panama styles; Men's and Boys, plain and fancy trimed.
STRAW GOODS.
Panama, Leghorn, Tuscan, Canton, Pedall, Black and White Italian and Senate, Braids; for Men Boys and Girls,—various trimed.
CLOTH CAPS,
In every style, colour, and quality.
CHILDRENS' HATS & CAPS,
In every Variety of Material and Trimming.
LADIES' RIDING HATS,
In Beaver, Felt, Straw, &c.
GLAZED HATS.
India Rubber, Lawn covered, Painted, Alma, and Patent.

We recommend all who want good fair value for their money to call at
D. H. HALL'S, HAT STORE.
July 10. 41, King-street.

No. 10, Germain-Street.

JAMES LUPTON,

Tailor and Draper.

WOULD invite the attention of his friends and customers to his present Stock of Goods, which has been completed by recent arrivals per ships *John Duncan*, *Middleton*, and *Courier*, consisting of West of England CLOTHS, FUR BEAVERS, VELVET CLOTHS, PATENT BEAVERS, BALTIC and EXTRA PILOT CLOTHS; WAIST-COATINGS, in Berlin, Silk and Velvets, TROUSERINGS in endless variety,—these goods he can recommend as being superior to any yet seen in this Market, and in making them up no care shall be spared to sustain the preference he has hitherto received.

To the Officers of H. M. Army.

J. L. would beg to state that having been for years employed in the CUTTING DEPARTMENT of *HART'S Military Tailors*, 26 Pall Mall, he is prepared to execute in a superior style all orders with which he may be entrusted.

St. John, Oct. 31, 1856.

North American House,

No. 7 North side of King's Square,
ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

IS now kept by the Subscriber, who having recently refitted and furnished the same in a thorough and most comfortable manner, and now is prepared to entertain Residents in this City, Farmers, and Travellers generally, by the day or for any period, in an agreeable style and on satisfactory terms. *Good Stabling* is attached. Experienced Attendants are employed in every department.

The Daily and other Newspapers are regularly taken and fyled. Every information with regard to the Markets, and other business of the City, is promptly afforded. Purchases can be made for Strangers.

EXTRA MEALS, when called for, are provided without delay. In short nothing is wanting at any hour that can be reasonably required.

May 22.—1m. HUGH CHISHOLM.

GIN.—Now Landing ex Ship "Arthur White," 20 Hhds. GIN, 50 Gallons each, and 50 Cases. And daily expected per Brig "Victor" from Charante:

—IN BOND—
6 Hhds. BRANDY, and 100 Cases.
20 Pipes, Hhds., and Qr. Casks Pale and Dark BRANDY;
10 Puncheons WHISKY, Cameron Bridge;
30 Pipes and Hhds. G

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
Fire and Life Insurance Company.

Established in 1836—Empowered by Special Acts of Parliament.

CHIEF OFFICE—37, Castle Street, Liverpool, 20 & 21 Poultry, London.

THOMAS BROCKLEBANK, Esq., *Chairman*; J. C. EWART, Esq., M. P., and F. HAYWOOD Esq., *Deputy Chairmen*; SWINTON BOULT, Esq. *Secretary.*

BRANCH OFFICES AND AGENCIES.

Europe—Manchester, Hamburgh, Lisbon, Stockholm. *United States*—New York, New Orleans, Boston, Philadelphia, Charleston, Savannah, Mobile. San Francisco. *British America*—Montreal Halifax, N. S., Saint John, N. B., Saint Johns, N F. *South America*—Rio de Janeiro, Valparaiso Demerara. *Australia*—Sydney, Victoria, Adelaide Swan River. *New Zealand*—Lyttleton, Wellington, Auckland. *Tasmania*—Hobart Town, Launcester. *East Indies*—Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon Madras, Manilla. *China.*—Canton, Hong Kong Shanghai.

Capital, Two Millions Sterling.

Paid up Resources, £749,251 15 8, Sterling.

CONSTITUTION——UNLIMITED LIABILITY.

Fire Premiums Received in 1855, £186,271 16 11, Sterling

Business—Insurance against Loss or damage by FIRE, on every description of Property.

Losses paid promptly on proof of claim.

NEW BRUNSWICK BRANCH: OFFICE—98, Prince William Street, St. John.

(No Charge for Policy.)

April 25. EDWARD ALLISON, *Agent.*

VULCAN FOUNDRY
REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber would take this opportunity of returning thanks to his friends and the Public for the liberal share of patronage he has received during the past ten years, while doing business in the Establisment known as VULCAN FOUNDRY, on the South side of Main Street: and having Removed directly opposite to his former place of Business No. 11 and 13, *Main Street*, where he intends to carry on the Foundry Business in the various branches of *ENGINE, MILL, and SHIP WORK.* Ship Builders' CRAMPS, WEDGES, Hoisting WHEELS, JACK SCREWS, &c. &c.—Together with a variety of the most approved STOVE PATTERNS and FRANKLINS,—all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms.

On Hand.—Two STEAM ENGINES, one of 18 inch diameter by 36 inch Stroke, one of 10 inch diameter by 24 inch Stroke.

P. S. Also for Sale as they now lie at Digby Gut, or delivered in St. John,—Two large Steam BOILERS, 7 feet 8 in. diameter by 19 feet long, formerly belonging to the steamer "*Pilot*," and were in use about 18 months, and are now in good order; also, two Wrought Iron SHAFTS 9 inches in diameter, 18 feet 6 inches long, with two Wrought Iron CRANKS, 30 in. long from centre to centre; together with two second hand Cast Iron *SHAFTS*, of 6 and 10 in. diameter, 15 and 20 feet long.

All of the above articles will be sold on the most liberal terms.

Plan of Boilers can be seen at any time at the Foundry.

December 11. G. CRAIG.

FOUNTAIN HOUSE.

THE Subscriber wishes respectfully to inform his friends and the public that in order to provide the travelling community with a large and commodious house of entertainment in this City, he has purchased and fitted up at great expense that large and convenient Hotel, situated on the North side of Kings Square, and known as the FOUNTAIN HOUSE, where he intends to serve the public, and will be able to accomodate a large number of persons with well furnished single bed rooms, good Sitting Rooms, and all other conveniences for the comfort of travellers or permanent boarders. Also—a splendid Barn—none to exceed it in the City, with stalls for forty horses, and a large yard attached, all under cover, where sleighs, carriages, and loads of country produce can be driven in free from storms.

The subscriber is thankful to his friends and the public for the liberal manner in which he has been patronised and assures them that strict attention will still be paid to those who favour him with their patronage.

August 16. G. RIX PRICE.

CONFECTIONARY, HOLLOWAY'S MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, &c.

Now landing ex "John Duncan" from Liverpool and for sale by the Subscriber:—

1 CASK asst' Scotch CONFECTIONARY; 1 case Holloway's Pills and Ointment; 1 case perfumery, SOAPS, Patent Medicines, &c.

—consisting of—

Hannay's Rondolitia and Verbena;
Rigge's Oegetable Essence and Military Soap;
Cleaver's Honey Soap; Botten's British Oil;
Leeming's Essence; Dalby's Canninative, &c.

S. L. TILLEY.

Jan. 30. 35, King-st.

Spring, 1857.

THE Subscribers have just received from the United States, a large assortment of Hungarian Kossuth, and Wide Awake HATS, various styles, colours, qualities, and prices.

They have also made up a Stock of SATIN HATS, of the *Spring Style* for 1857.

Expected by first arrivals from Liverpool—Children's Fancy CAPS, Felt Hats, Leghorn Hats, &c

All the above will be sold at a small advance on cost *Wholesale and Retail.*

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

April 15. 15 King street.

NEW BUTTER, HAMS, &c.

Received per Admiral from Boston:—

2 TUBS of New BUTTER;
1 Tierce Sugar Cured HAMS;
1 box New CHEESE;
3 bags cored Dried APPLES.

—IN STORE—

10 dozen (Preston & Merrill's) Yeast Powder;
1 barrel Round PEAS;
2 do. superior white BEANS;
15 chests and ½ chests superior TEAS;
6 boxes assorted Brands TOBACCO;
6 M. superior Havana CIGARS. With a full and general assortment of Groceries and Provisions—cheap as the cheapest.

W. H. LESTER.

May 22, 1857. *Bustin's Corner.*

4 CASKS Olive OIL, 300 gallons;
8 bbls. TALLOW, 2,000 lbs.;

LONDON OAKUM.—10 tons London Oakum, for sale low.

One Wood Stock ANCHOR.—For sale by

August 7. JOHN WALKER.

Reversible Caps.

IN compliance with the wishes of a number of Customers, we are again manufacturing a quantity of PALA ALTO REVERSIBLE CAPS. This is a style which was in great demand in the United States at the time of the late Mexican War, and is a very convenient Cap for travellers.

Call and see.

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

August 7. 15, King-street.

GERMAN WINDOW GLASS.

JUST RECEIVED from New York, per brig "Ransom," 350 boxes of various sizes—all in good order. ☞ Glass always cut to order.

GEORGE NIXON.

June 12. 104 Prince William Street.

FOR SALE.

Valuable Freehold Property in Indiantown.

THE Subscriber offers for sale three valuable BUILDING LOTS, 40 ft. by 100 ft. each, on the front street. On one of the lots there is a new cottage now in the occupation of Wm. H. Little, Esq. [illegible]

JOSEPH G. FORBES.

St. John, Dec. 27.

HEALTH OR SICKNESS!

CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

The blood furnishes the material of every bone, muscle, gland and fibre in the human frame. When pure, it secures health to every organ; if necessarily produces disease. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS operate directly upon the elements of the stream of life, neutralizing the principle of disease, and thus radically curing the malady, whether located in the nerves, the stomach, the liver, the bowels, the muscles, the skin, the brain, or any other part of the system.

USED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS are equally efficacious in complaints common to the whole human race and in disorders peculiar to certain climates and localities.

ALARMING DISORDERS.

Dyspepsia, and derangement of the liver, the source of infirmity and suffering, and the cause of innumerable deaths, yield to these curatives, in all cases, however aggravated, acting as a mild purgative, alternative and tonic; they relieve the bowels, purify the fluids, and invigorate the ystem and the constitution at the same time.

GENERAL WEAKNESS—NERVOUS COMPLAINTS.

When all stimulants fail, the renovating and bracing properties of these Pills give firmness to the shaking nerves and enfeebled muscles of the victim of general debility.

DELICATE FEMALES.

All irregularities and ailments incident to the delicate and sensitive organs of the sex are removed or prevented by a few doses of these mild, but infallible alteratives. No mother who regards her own or her children's health should ail to have them within her reach.

SCIENTIFIC ENDORSEMENTS.

The London "Lancet," the London "Medical Review," and the most eminent of the faculty in Great Britain, France and Germany, have eulogized the Pills and their inventor.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Asthma	Female Complaints	Piles
Bowel Complaints		Stone and Gravel
Coughs	Heaches	
Colds	Indigestion	Secondary Symptoms
Chest Diseases	Influenza	
Costiveness	Inflamation	Venereal Affections
Dyspepsia	Indward Weakness	
Diarrhœa		Worms, of all kinds.
Dropsy	Liver Complaints	
Debility		
Fever and Ague	Lowness of spirits	

Sold at the Manufactories of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80, Maiden Lane, New York, and 244 Strand, (near Temple Barr, London,) by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and the civilized World, in boxes at 25 cents, 62½ cents, and 1$ each.

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the arger sizes.

N.B—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box,

S. L. TILLEY, *Provincial Agent*, No, 2 King-st St. John, N. B.; A. Coy & Son, Fredericton; W. T. Baird, Woodstock; Alex. Lockhart, Quaco; James Beck, Bend of Petitcodiac; O. K. Sayre, Dorchester; John Bell, Shediac; John Lewis, Hillsborough; John Curry, Canning; and Jas. G. White, Belleisle.

EAGLE FOUNDRY,
Steam Engine and Machine Shop,

SAINT DAVID AND ALMON STREETS,

Near Messrs. W. & R. Wright's Ship Yard Courtenay Bay.

ALWAYS on hand at the the above Establishment, Patent and Common WINDLASSES for Vessels of all sizes; Capstan Heads; Sheeve-and Rollers; Bushes; Pump Chambers; Camboosies; Ploughs; Truck and Barrow Wheels; Waggon Boxes; Oven and Furnace Mouths; Freetian Machines.

The Subscriber in returning thanks to his friends and the Public for the very liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business, solicits a continuance of the same, and would further add, that having served a regular apprenticeship to the Engineering and Millwright business in Great Britain, and having practised the same the last thirty years, continues to manufacture at the above Establisment all kinds of

STEAM ENGINES.

High and low Pressure, For Boats, Saw, or Grist Mills, and for Propelling any kind of machinery.—Steam Engine Boilers for Marine or Land purposes made and repaired; all kinds of Machinery repaired; IRON AND BRASS CASTING made to order; BRASS AND IRON TURNING; Blacksmith Work of all kinds executed promptly and on favorable terms. ☞ As cheap or cheaper than any other Establishment in the Province. ☞

JOHN SMITH,

St. John, December 1, 1855. ENGINEER.

Brandrams No. 1, White Lead and Coloured Paints.

RECEIVED per "Ann Rankin," and For Sale by the Subscriber—

4 Tons Brandram's No. 1 White LEAD;
1 Ton assorted COLOURS;
4 Casks Dry Red and White LEAD;

Raw and Burnt Umber; Raw and Burnt Terra do.; Sienna, Drop Black, Ultramarine Blue, &c. &c.;

1 case Deep Gold Leaf; 6 cases Florence OIL.

IN STORE—9000 feet Window GLASS, assorted sizes.

Oct. 24. S. L. TILLEY.

Land for Sale.

A LOT OF LAND on Salmon Creek, Parish of Johnston, Queen's County, containing 200 acres, part of which is cleared Land, with a good Mill privilege. For particulars apply to

SAMUEL H. GILBERT,

Feb. 13, 1857. Gagetown.

Joshua Tallent,

IN returning thanks to his numerous friends and the public, for the liberal patronage he has received for the last six years he has been in the BOOT and SHOE BUSINESS, desires to inform them that he has enlarged his Establishment, and is now prepared to furnish all articles in his line particularly Waterproof BOOTS, at as low prices as can be found in the City, at his stand, Parish of Portland, near St. Luke's Church.

May, 1856.

A Further Supply of STRAW HATS of the following descriptions: Panama, Leghorn, Canton, Carnoca, Sennett and Cuba.

And of FELT HATS of the following descriptions:—Kossuth, Hungarian, Empire, Panama, French, Cassimere & Cashmarett—various colours and qualities, have just been received and will be sold Wholesale and Retail, by

C. D. EVERETT & SON,

May 29. 15 King-street.

AMERICAN OYSTER SALOON and EATING HOUSE,

No. 27, Water Street.

THE Subscriber grateful for the kind patronage bestowed on him by his friends and the public generally heretofore, and soliciting from them a continuance of their favours, begs leave to announce that he has just received from Shediac a few barrels of Prime OYSTERS, which will be served up in any style required to suit customers.

MEALS at all hours of the Day and Evening.

Choice LIQUORS and CIGARS, Mineral, Soda Water, Syrups and Beers of the first quality, always on hand, and ready to order at a moments call. (May 29. JAMES KENNY.

For Sale.

A SITE FOR A GENTLEMAN'S VILLA.

FROM 10 to 15 Acres of GOOD LAND, situated on the St. Andrew's Road, between 3 and 4 miles from Carleton, on the upper side of the Road, and having a splendid view of the Bay of Fundy. The Land is of an excellent quality, and possession will be given at any time. Terms accommodating. For particulars apply at the Chronicle Office, or on the Premises.

JOHN WALKER.

A CARD.

WE would direct the attention of the public to the large variety of HATS and CAPS now on Sale at

HALL'S HAT STORE, 41, King-street.

The largest and doubtless, the best assorted stock in this City; we can only notice a few of the leading articles, viz.

GENTS' DRESS HATS,

In Black Velvet, Satin, Moleskin, and Silk, Drab Beaver, Felt, Silk, and Angola,—English, French, and American make,—every style and quality.

SOFT FELT HATS.

Kossuth, Hungarian, Julian, Magyor, Webster, Senator, Rockland, and Panama styles; Men's and Boys, plain and fancy trimed.

STRAW GOODS.

Panama, Leghorn, Tuscan, Canton, Pedall, Black and White Italian and Senatt, Braids; for Men Boys and Girls,—various trimed.

CLOTH CAPS.

In every style, colour, and quality,

CHILDRENS' HATS & CAPS.

In every Variety of Material and Trimming.

LADIES' RIDING HATS,

In Beaver, Felt, Straw, &c.

GLAZED HATS.

India Rubber, Lawn covered, Painted, Alma, and Patent.

We recommend all who want good fair value for their money to call at

D. H. HALL'S, HAT STORE,

July 16. 41, King-street.

No. 40, Germain-Street.

JAMES LUTTON,
Tailor and Draper.

WOULD invite the attention of his friends and customers to his present Stock of Goods, which has been completed by recent arrivals per ships *John Duncan, Middleton*, and *Courier*, consisting of West of England CLOTHS, FUR BEAVERS, VELVET CLOTHS, PATENT BEAVERS, BALTIC and EXTRA PILOT CLOTHS; WAIST-COATINGS, in Berlin, Silk and Velvets. TROUSERINGS in endless variety,—these goods he can recommend as being superior to any yet seen in this Market, and in making them up no care shall be spared to sustain the preference he has hitherto received.

To the Officers of H. M. Army.

J. L. would beg to state that having been for years employed in the CUTTING DEPARTMENT of *HARTT'S Military Tailors*, 26 Pall Mall, he is prepared to execute in a superior style all orders with which he may be entrusted.

St. John, Oct. 31, 1856.

North American House,
No. 7 North side of King's Square,

ST. JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

IS now kept by the Subscriber, who having recently refitted and furnished the same in a thorough and most comfortable manner, and now is prepared to entertain Residents in this City, Farmers, and Travellers generally, by the day or for any period, in an agreeable style and on satisfactory terms. *Good Stabling* is attached. Experienced Attendants are employed in every department.

The Daily and other Newspapers are regularly taken and fyled. Every information with regard to the Markets, and other business of the City, is promptly afforded. Purchases can be made for Strangers.

EXTRA MEALS, when called for, are provided without delay. In short nothing is wanting at any hour that can be reasonably required.

May 22.—1m. HUGH CHISHOLM.

GIN.—Now Landing ex Ship "Arthur White": 20 Hhds. GIN, 50 Gallons each, and 50 Cases And daily expected per Brig "Victor" from Charante:

6 Hhds. BRANDY, and 100 Cases.

—IN BOND—

20 Pipes, Hhds., and Qr. Casks Pale and Dark BRANDY;
10 Puncheons WHISKY, Cameron Bridge;
30 Pipes and Hhds. GIN;
50 Hhds. and Qr. Casks Port and SHERRY WINE;
10 Puns. ALCOHOL. For Sale low by

May 29. JOHN KIRK.

HORSE SHOEING
AND GENERAL BLACKSMITH ESTABLISHMENT

THE Subscriber having received a liberal share of public patronage during the time he has been in business, begs respectfully to return thanks for the same, and begs further to state that he is prepared to manufacture, to order, all kinds of

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

among which will be found the Improved Wrought Iron Scotch PLOUGH, and a newly invented and highly approved of Wrought Iron HARROW.

☞ HORSE SHOEING, ON THE MOST SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES.

For reference to his efficiency in this department he refers to the owners of Horses who have favored him with their support.

JAMES SURYMGEOUR.

St John, June 1, 1856.

Phœnix Livery STABLE.

THE Subscriber has removed his Livery Stable to the Premises occupied by himself in Charlotte street, (two or three doors north of the country market) and begs to acquaint the public that he has on hand TO LET a number of the best trained HORSES ever offered to the public for kindness, speed and durability together with CARIOLES, BUGGIES, WAGGONS and SADDLES, or in any style to suit customers.

The public may rely on being well accommodated and no imposition.

☞ *HORSES bought, sold, or Exchanged.*

WM. GABRIEL.

St. John, January, 1857.

Livery Stable,
KING STREET, CARLETON

THE Subscriber in calling the attention of the inhabitants of Saint John and vicinity to his new LIVERY STABLES, begs leave to state that he has fitted up at considerable expense, and is now prepared to furnish parties with Horses and VEHICLES, which for speed and comfort will prove satisfactory.

As the road is good and the country very inviting at this season of the year, parties would not regret taking a drive. Charges very moderate.

JAMES E. HAMM.

August 1, 1857. 3m.

Mill Privilege for Sale, or to Let.

A Good Privilege for a CARDING and Fulling MILL, or other Machinery, and LAND attached to the same.

The STREAM is a good one and the Dam is already built.

For further particulars apply to the subscriber on Salmon River, Queen's County.

9th July, 1857. SAMUEL WHITE.

To Farmers, Travelers, & Citizens.

THE Subscriber has refitted and renovated his Hotel to meet the Spring business, and where Travellers will find every comfort desired. He returns thanks for the very liberal share of patronage which has been awarded to him, and assures his numerous customers that every effort will be made as heretofore, to benefit.

His House is No. 15, Charlotte street, and reference is respectfully asked of former visitors.

Experienced Grooms always in attendance to see that Horses are properly attended to.

May 22. WM. YOUNG.

ST. ANDREWS ALE.—Just received, a small lot of St. Andrews Steam Brewed ALE, very superior. For sale by

Nov. 14. JOHN McCOSKERY.

HOLLOWAY'S MEDICINES.—Now landing from the "John Barbour," one case London Holloway's PILLS and OINTMENT, warranted genuine. For sale by

S. L. TILLEY,

April 17. 35, King street

PURE WINE VINEGAR.—Just received [illegible]

Selling Off at Great Reduction,

AT THE ST. JOHN CLOTHING MART,

Sign of the Royal Arms, No. 3 Water Street.

THE large and splendid Stock of SUMMER CLOTHING which will be sold at such Tremendous Low Prices as cannot fail to secure a host of *Ready Customers!*

OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING LIST OF PRICES:

Black Dress Coats, a beautiful article, from 5s. upwards;
Black Dress Frock do., do do. do. 40s.;
do. Paletots do., do do. 23s. 9d;
do. Hunting do., do do. 20s.;
do. Sacks do., do do. 22s. 9d;
Satinett Hunting do., various colours, 18s. 9d;
Spring Bottom Pants, a beautiful article from 12s. 6d. to 52s.
Summer Vests, of all descriptions;
Silk Velvett Vests, various colours;
BOY'S CLOTHING—of every description;
Seamen's Outfits, in great variety;
HATS, CAPS, CARPET BAGS, &c.;
RUBBER CLOTHING—of every description.

Wholesale and Retail customers will find it to their advantage to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

VESTINGS—in great variety;

☞ GARMENTS made to order in the most fashionable style, at the shortest notice.

FRANCIS NEILL.

May 29. St. John, N. B. 16th May, 1857.

MAGEE, HATTEN.

THE Subscriber would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has removed a part of his Establishment to 27, North Side of King Street, directly opposite Cross Street, and one door below Mr. J. Frost's Shoe Store where he will be found ready to serve the Public with HATS and CAPS of his *own Manufacture*, made under his inspection, which he feels warranted in saying are equal to any made or sold in this City, as has been proved at the Exhibitons held in this City and Fredericton, and also at Halifax, N S., from which he received a Certificate of merit under the Seal of that Province.

The business will be conducted as formerly at his old Stand, under the management of his Nephew, D. MAGEE, a practical Hatter; where the Public will always find a good article, and at a reasonable price.

HATS and CAPS made to order.

A. MAGEE,

27 North Side, King street.

St. John June 6.

TEA! TEA, &c.

IN STORE.—30 Half Chests finest Souchong and Congo TEAS. "Recorder," "Henry Harbeck.! and "White Swallow;" 10 do Oolong do., 'Samuel Russell' and "Monsoon;"

2 do Old Hyson; 1 do. Gunpowder:
5 Bbls Crushed SUGAR; Brown Porto Rico ditto, and Molasses; Maple do, and Honey;
FRESH GROUND COFFEE;
300 Lbls. Dried APPLES, (sliced and cored);
2 Tierces CRANBERRIES;
40 Packages RAISINS, in prime order
Zante and Smyrna *Currants* and *Prunes*;
3 Tierces Rice; Family FLOUR, Oatmeal, Gray Buckwheat, and Corn MEAL, Clark's Corn Starch, Becker's FARINA; "MOTT'S" Ginger, BROMA, Cocoa Paste, Prepared Cocoa and CHOCOLATE; Scotch Marmalade, Window GLASS and putty; Porter's Burning FLUID, Chamberlain's SALERATUS in boxes, Cucumber PICKLES in vinegar and pickle; Castile and other SOAPS; 20 bushels NEW BRUNSWICK GRASS SEED, BEANS and PEASE, Sage and Hops, Buckwheat, and OATS; 10 boxes TOBACCO; 10 M. CIGARS choice brands; 10 do Woodstock Pipes; fat SHAD, Mackerel and Labrador Herrings—together with a general assortment of Groceries, inferior to none in the City at lowest Market rates, at No. 70 Charlott street, St. John.

JAMES G. LESTER.

April 17. J. G. L.

New Books.

THE GENIUS OF CHRISTIANITY, by Viscount deChateaubriand;
ST. JOHN'S MANUAL; a Guide to the Public Worship and Services of the Catholic Church;
A Vindication of Italy and the Papal States, from the Dublin Review;
John Mitchell's Great Lecture on Thomas Devin Reilly, delivered in the Tabernacle, N. York;
Hendrick Conscience's Tales, complete;
Nos. 1 to 4 of the Complete Works of Gerald Griffin—to be completed in 30 numbers;
Luck is Everything, by W. H. Maxwell;
Charles Lever's Works, 4 vols., octavo, cloth;
Love after Marriage by Caroline Lee Hentz;
The Border Rover by Emerson Bennett;
The Rats of the Seine, by Paul Preston;
The Doomed Ship, by Harry Hazel;
Dow's Patent Sermons, new edition;
Reynolds' Complete Works;
Historical Magazine, and Notes and Queries for May, 1s.;
Harper, Putnam, the Youths, Household Words New York National, Waverley, and Black wood for May;
The Testimony of the Rocks, by Hugh Miller.
☞ Latest "New York Ledger," &c.

May 8. B. O'BRIEN.

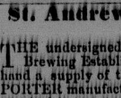
St. Andrews Ale & Porter.

THE undersigned, agent for the St. Andrews Brewing Establishment, keeps constantly on hand a supply of the best qualities of ALE and PORTER manufactured by them, which will be supplied in any quantity required.

A superior article of ALE and PORTER, in pints and quarts, has just been received.

June 26. JOHN McCOSKERY.

HORSE SHOEING
[Shop one door north of the Country Market]



WILLIAM GABRIEL begs to Tender his sincere thanks to his friends and the Public for the extensive patronage hitherto received from them; and he takes this method further to inform them that he is prepared at all times to execute orders in his line of business, in the best possible manner, and in the style that is most suitable to this Country.

January 20, 1854.

French Paper Hangings.

Ex "Zurich" from Havre, thence by "Charles," from New York:—

2 CASES containing a very rich assortment of French PAPER HANGING—all new styles.

May 1. B. O'BRIEN.

JUST PUBLISHED—A new Editon of Lennie's English GRAMMAR, strongly bound in linen. Price 5s. 6d. per dozen.

June 5. B. O'BRIEN.

SATIN HATS.—Gentlemen wishing a superior light SATIN HAT, can be supplied with a very superior artice at 41, King-street.

May 29. D. H. HALL.

—IN STORE—

350 QUINTALS good CODFISH;
75 do. POLLOCK;
6 whole and 50 half-barrels prime SHAD;
10 chests Congo TEA; 300 pieces Grind-stones from 15 in. to 45 in.; 20 brls. Gibb'd Herrings
10 boxes PIPES; 5 do. Pepper Sauce; 20 dozen Bushel BASKETS; 1 bbl. Rum Colouring, Am.;
1 pun. Cammelton WHISKEY; 1 pun. J. RUM;
3 puns. Am. RUM; Port and Sherry WINE; 1 pipe Cognac BRANDY; 1 do. H. GIN; and a general assortment of good GROCERIES.

—*In Bond (at Walker's)*—

5 puns. ALCOHOL—for sale at lowest Market Rates.

JOHN MARVEN,

Ward-street.

I would also inform my Customers and the Public in general that I have enlarged my premises, and will be better able to accommodate them in future.

Oct. 17. J. MARVEN.

FOR SALE at 104 Prince William Street.—PAPER HANGINGS and BORDERS, of all kinds; Window GLASS, all sizes; Green Window SHADES [illegible] 35 and 40 inches; BASKETS

GEORGE NIXON.

....., May 29, 1857.

New-Brunswick Branch
OF THE
ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY
CAPITAL, £2,000,000 STERLING.

TRUSTEES.

John Shaw Leigh, and R. B. B. H. Blundell, Esqrs

Directors, &c., in Liverpool.

Charles Turner, Esq., Chairman.—John Campbell, Esq., and J. Bramley Moore, Esq., Deputy Chairmen.

George Armstrong, Esq.	Edward Johnston Esq.
Ralph Brocklebank, Esq.	Roger Lyon Jones, Esq
Michael Boussfield, Esq.	James Lawrence, Esq.
David Cannon, Esq.	Francis Maxwell, Esq.
William Claxton, Esq.	George Maxwell, Esq.
Thomas Dover, Esq.	Robert M'Andrew, Esq.
Richd. Harbord, Esq.	Ed. Molyneux, Esq.
	Henry Moore, Esq.
R. Brodhurst Hill, Esq.	William Smith, Esq.
Thos. D. Hornby, Esq.	John Tom, Esq.
John Chas. Jack, Esq.	

Manager and Actuary—Percy M. Dove, Esq

Directors, &c., in London.

Samuel Baker, Esq.	Edw. Mackenzie, Esq
Robert B. Byass, Esq.	Daniel H. Rucker, Esq
Richard C. Coles, Esq.	Wm. Wainwright, Esq.
John Westmorland, Esq.	

The Subscriber having been appointed Agent to the above Company for New-Brunswick, begs to announce that he is prepared to receive Proposals for FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE. The large Capital of the Company, and the number and influence of its Proprietors, enable it to rank with the most eligible Offices, either in America or Europe, with respect to the advantages offered to the Public.

FIRE BRANCH.

Persons Assured by this Company are not subject to any covenants or calls to make good losses which may happen to themselves or other, nor do they depend on any uncertain fund or contribution, the Capital Stock of this Company being an unquestionable security to the Assured in case of Loss or Damage by Fire.

LIFE BRANCH.

In addition to the more customary methods of Insurance, the Company likewise Assures Lives on any of the following contingencies:—

For the terms of One Year, Seven Years, or any other definite period.

For the whole continuance of Life.—The Premiums to cease, after a limited number of Annual Payments.

For Two Joint Lives.—The sum assured to be paid on the death of either.

On the longest of Two or Three Lives.—The sum assured to be payable at the death of the last survivor; or,

The Survivorships.—To secure the payment of the sum assured, if a life A die before another life B.

For a sum to be payable at age 60, or at death.

Premiums on Credit.—A portion of the Premiums on Credit. Assurances may be effected in various ways, not enumerated, to meet the convenience of parties.

The important advantages afforded by the Company in the Life Branch will include the following viz:—

The Guarantee of an ample Capital, and Exemption of the Assured from liability of Partnership.

Moderate Premiums.

Large Participation of Profits by the Assured amounting to Two-thirds of its net amount, which may be applied at the option of the party effecting the Assurance:—1st. By the immediate payment of the sum so apportioned.—2nd. By an equivalent increase of the sum assured.

Small Charge for Management.—The expenses of the Office being borne in due proportion by the two Branches.

Prompt Settlement of Claims.

Policies lapsed by non-payment of the Premium may be renewed within three months, by paying the premium, with a fine of 10s. per cent., on the production of evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the good health of the life assured.

The Company will always be prepared to Purchase the Policies of this Office at their equitable value or will grant a New Policy in lieu thereo without any further payment of Premium, for a sum to be agreed on.

Extra Premiums, suitable to special circumstances, will be accepted to enable a party possessing a Policy on the life of another to guard against the possibility of its being vitiated by the Life departing beyond limits, or by any other cause.

Thirty Days are allowed for the Payment of Premiums after the day on which they respectively

Additional Advantages offered to Lives Assured with this Company at St. John, N. B.

I.—RESIDENCE.—Persons assured for the whole term of life will have permission, without the payment of extra Premium, to reside in any part of Europe, or in any place in North America to the north of 38 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

II. VOYAGES.—They will also, if not sea faring by profession, be allowed, without any extr charge—

To cross and re-cross the Atlantic Ocean, in steamers or first class sailing-vessels;

To pass from any part of Europe to any other or from any part of North America to another within the limits above specified; also,

To pass to and from, but not to reside in any place which shall not be further south than 35 degrees of North Latitude, but not to the westward of the Mississippi River.

☞ *Office, in Wiggins' new Brick Building, Princess Street, immediately above the Office of the Electric Telegraph Company, and nearly opposite the General Post Office, St. John.*

JAMES J. KAYE, *Agent.*

January 2nd, 1852.

SHARPS
BALSAM of HOARHOUND & ANISEED,

Is a safe and sure remedy for the cure of Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis, Inflamation of the Chest, Hoarseness, Wheezing of the Lungs, &c.

This is the cheapest and best Medicine ever offered to the public for the cure of the above named diseases. Its speedy and extraordinary effects have gained for it a reputation far above all other remedies of a similar kind.

The most flattering Testimonials have been received from the following gentlemen:

Daniel Leavitt, Esq., J. P.
R. Lunt, Esq., Merchant.
W. D. Pickup, Esq., do.
John Armstrong, Esquire.
Capt. Hugh Chisholm.
William Neagle, Merchant.
James Bennett.

Prepared by John G. Sharp, Pharmacuheit Chemist, and Sold by James H. Chipman; Geo. F. Everett & Co; Chaloner & Hunt; J. F. Secord; Wm. Nagle, St. James' street.

CARLETON—Henry Nase, & Richard N. Knight.

St. John, June 1857.

GENTS, SHAWLS.—The Subscriber has received an assortment of Gentlemen's SHAWLS, of superior quality to those usually imported. Also, Gents' MUFFLERS, for sale at reasonable prices, by D. H. HALL,

Nov. 14. 41, King-street.

OAKUM & CORDAGE.—Landing ex *Eleanor*—200 bundles Brown OAKUM;
150 coils CORDAGE, 6 thread to 5 inch;
20 coils Bolt ROPE, 2 1/4 to 4 1/2 inch.

For Sale by JOHN WALKER,

Sept. 26. Ward-street

HOLLANDS.

LANDING ex "Ann Rankine" from London:—150 packages GENEVA, Anchor Brand, which will be sold at 1s. per gallon in Bond from Wharf.

THOS. PARKS,

October 24. 25, Dock-street.

LARD OIL and PORPOISE OILS.—On hand—120 galls. Extra Lard OIL; 200 galls. Porpoise OIL. For Sale low by.

S. L. TILLEY.

September 19. 35, King-stree

Oysters. Oysters.

4 BBLS. Prime Shediac OYSTERS, which will be served up in any style required.

Also—MEALS and LUNCHEONS served up at the *shortest notice*—Day an Evening—at

JAMES KENNY'S,

Sept. 26. Eating House, Water-stree

NORTH AMERICAN CLOTHING STORE,
Scott's Brick Building,
19, NORTH SIDE of KING STREET.

R. HUNTER

HAVING removed into the large and spacious Store and Warehoom formerly occupied by Messrs. HORSFALL & SHERATON, (one door West of his former stand,) has received per late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States, his

SPRING IMPORTATIONS,

which with the Stock previosly on hand, will complete the largest and most general assortment of CLOTHING, CLOTHS, FURNISHING GOODS, &c., ever exhibited for Sale in any Clothing Establishment in the British Provinces, and which will be sold wholesale and retail at the lowest possible prices.

THE STOCK IN PART CONSISTING OF:

Coats, Vests, and *Pants*, in all the various materials now in use, and all qualities and prices, cut and made up on the premises in the most fashionable styles;

India Rubber *COATS, CAPES, LEGGING, &c.*;
Silk and Satin HATS, Kossuth and Glazed do.;
Cloth and Tweed CAPS, Glazed Caps.

The Furnishing Department

comprises a general assortment of *Shirts*, Shirt Collars and Fronts, Hdkfs., Stocks Neck Ties, Braces, Drawers, Hosiery, Gloves, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Trunks, Valises, &c. &c.

A splendid assortment of *BROAD CLOTHS, Mixton and Satts Cloths, CASSIMERES, DOESKINS, TWEED*, Russel Cord, Moleskin, Satinetts, &c.

VESTINGS in great variety.

☞ Garments made to order in the most fashionable style at the shortest notice.

May 22. J. H.

SAMUEL WILSON,
TAILOR & DRAPER,
NO. 80, PRINCE WM. STREET.

HAS received per late arrivals from Great Britain and the United States, his supply of CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,
DOESKINS,
SATINETTS,
BROAD CLOTHS, TWEEDS,
RUSSEL CORDS,
PLAIDS,
MOLESKINS, &c., &c.

SATIN—Black and Fancy, } *Beautiful*
SILK, do. do. } *Articles for*
VELVET, do. do. } *VESTS.*

☞ Persons wishing to have their Garments made-up from any of the above Articles will confer a favor on the Subscriber by giving him a call at his Establishment (NO. 80, PRINCE WM. STREET,) where he is prepared to take their measure and produce the requisit articles at the shortest notice.

☞ The Subscriber would also intimate to his customers and the public, that he has now made-up and ready for inspection a large amount of Men and Boy's Clothing, viz: COATS, VESTS, PANTS, DRAWERS, &c.

A general assortment of Hdkfs., Stocks, Neck Ties, Fronts, Shirt Collars, Braces; Hosiery, Gloves, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Valises, &c., for Sale at market prices.

St. John, N. B., June 5, 1857. S. W.

We have obtained the Victory.

KENNAY & SCHIBNER,
PIANOFORTE MANUFACTURERS
South side King Square, St. John, N. B.

HAVING taken the First and Second Prizes, and the Diploma for their Instruments, at the Provincial Exhibition, beg leave to inform the public that they can supply PIANOFORTES, at the following prices:

Square Front Mahogany Piccolo,	£30	0	0
Rosewood O. G. Piccolo,	35	0	0
Do. Elegant do.	40	0	0
Cottage,	42	0	0
Semi-Cabinet,	45	10	0
Full Cabinet,	50	0	0
Elegant, with French front, tuss legs, and circular bottom,	65	0	0

The whole of the above Instruments are 6 3-4 Octave to A above.

N. B.—All Instruments manufactured by K.&S. will be warranted three years.

Every description of English and American Pianofoters tuned and repaired.

CONFECTIONARY.—Now Landing from John Duncan, 5 tierces, and 1 case of Scotch CONFECTIONARY, assorted. For sale low by

May 22. S. L. TILLEY, 35 King-street.

FRENCH PAPER HANGINGS.—Received per Steamer:—1 case superior French PAPER HANGINGS, all new styles.

☞ For Sale at cost and charges.

July 3. B. O'BRIEN.

Confectionary.

THE Subscriber has just received per Pilgrim from Glasgow—150 lbs Choice CONFECTIONARY, consisting of Conversation, Peppermint & mixed LOZENGES, Motto HEARTS, Ginger & Polka *Seals*, Rosebuds, B