

TO ANY ADDRESS IN THE CITY.

ST. JOHN STAR.

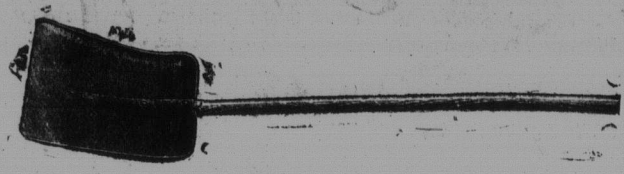
STAR WANT ADS. BRING GOOD RESULTS. TRY THEM.

VOL. 3, NO. 66.

ST JOHN, N. B., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1902.

ONE CENT.

SNOW SHOVELS



Will soon be in great demand. We have:

- Blizzard Steel Shovels, Large - - - Price 30c.
- Blizzard Steel Shovels, Medium - - - 25c.
- Wood Snow Shovels - - - 35c. and 40c.
- Children's Shovels - - - 15c. and 20c.
- Wood Scrapers - - - - - 35c.

STEEL SIDEWALK CLEANERS.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED. Market Square.



Spark Guards.

The round black kind as shown. 20 inches in diameter - \$1.00
 The bright wire kind. 30 x 30 ins. 2.00
 Others at \$2.50, 3.50 and up.

Wood Baskets.

The correct size and shape. Soft wood frame, splint filling - 50c.
 Hardwood frames, splint filling - 90c.
 All rattan kind - \$2.25

EMERSON & FISHER, 75 Prince Wm. Street.

HUTCHINGS & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

First Class Bedding, Wire Mattresses,
 Iron Bedsteads and Cribs,
 Invalid Wheel Chairs, Etc.

101 to 107 GERMAIN STREET.

DOLLS. DOLLS. DOLLS.

TOYS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Glassware, China, Leather Goods and suitable Christmas presents for everybody.

A Special 10 Per Cent. Discount for 10 days only.

Pay a small deposit and have anything you wish reserved until Christmas week.

McLEAN'S DEPT. STORES, 565 Main Street and 14 Dock Street.

Hawker's Balsam

WILL CURE ANY COUGH OR COLD.

Price 25 Cents. All Druggists Sell it.

If you read this advertisement, others will read yours in the St. John STAR. Ask for the advertising man.

St. John, November 25, 1902.

PROPER CLOTHING.

The proper kind of Overcoats and Suits will be found at this store at much lower prices than elsewhere. We know this from what people tell us who have looked through other stocks, when they compare our goods and prices with those of other stores they buy here in every case. Each day brings us unsolicited and flattering testimony of the value of our clothing and each day brings us increased trade.

- MEN'S OVERCOATS, \$4, \$5, \$6, \$7, 7.50 to 16.50.
- MEN'S SUITS, \$3, 4.50, 5.00, 6.00 to 14.00.

J. N. HARVEY, Men's and Boys' Clothier, 100 Union Street, Opera House Block

OFF FOR AFRICA.

Chamberlain Starts for the Cape in Royal Style.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—Colonial Secy. Chamberlain and Mrs. Chamberlain started for South Africa today amid cordial farewells from a large circle of friends. Premier Balfour, War Secretary Brodrick, Lord Selborne, first lord of the admiralty, Lord Roberts, Lord Strathcona, the Canadian high commissioner, Secretary White, of the U. S. embassy and many other notable persons were among those who joined in wishing the colonial secretary and his wife a good voyage. The Chamberlains travelled in the royal train to Portsmouth where they boarded the armored cruiser Goodhope. They entertained a party at luncheon on that vessel prior to sailing. The store rooms of the warship have been equipped and a French chef has been shipped. Many live sheep and chickens are carried on board the Goodhope and the special delicacies intended for the Chamberlains' table are alone valued at \$2,500. The store rooms contain 300 cases of wine.

THE GORE MURDER

PARIS, Nov. 25.—The independent post mortem examination of the remains of Mrs. Ellen Gore (who was shot and killed Wednesday last in the apartment of a Russian singer de Rydzynski) by the commission of four American doctors, appointed by Consul General Gowdy, at the instance of the state department at Washington, was made this morning at the morgue. It tended to establish the fact that Mrs. Gore did not commit suicide.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—The American doctors found that the bullet entered the pupil of the right eye, cutting the lower eyelid and emerging in the rear of the right side of the head at less than half an inch elevation from the point of entry. The body bore no marks of a struggle and there are no powder marks at the entrance of the wound. The doctors have been given forty-eight hours in which to consult the official report. Mr. Gowdy, in the meantime, has ordered them not to give an official opinion on the case. He is seeking to avoid a clash with the French experts. The report of the American commission will be restricted to the pathology of the wound and the direction of the bullet, with no opinion as to the cause of death. Messrs. Magnin, Edmund L. Gross, Turner and Whitman and other American doctors were present at the examination and Dr. Soquet, who made the first autopsy, at the request of the French officials and M. Paquet representing Mr. Gowdy.

The body was brought into an amphitheatre used for demonstrations before students. Dr. Soquet explained the course of the first autopsy and the American doctors carefully made their own inspection; but they made no new incisions.

BRIEFS BY WIRE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25.—President John Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America arrived here at 8 o'clock this morning.

PETERSBURG, Nov. 25.—The czar's sister, Grand Duchess Xenia, wife of the Grand Duke Alexander Micholovich, was delivered of a son yesterday at Altford Crimea.

CABINET FORMED.

(Special to the Star.) VICTORIA, B. C., Nov. 25.—Col. Prior, the new provincial premier, has completed his cabinet as follows:— Col. E. G. Prior, premier and minister of mines; D. M. Eberle, attorney general; D. Prentice, minister of finance; W. C. Wells, commissioner of lands and works; D. Murphy, provincial secretary and minister of education; W. W. B. McInnes, president of council; McInnes and Eberle will be sworn in today.

SAYS IT'S A MISTAKE.

MINNEAPOLIS, Nov. 25.—E. P. Denton attorney for the Minneapolis, St. Paul, Superior and Winnipeg railroad, declares the detention of E. H. and E. B. Fuller, in Chicago as post office robbers involves an absurd mistake resulting in the spite work of persons recently defeated in bankruptcy proceedings. He believes the three men held in St. M. Minley, president of the proposed road of which E. H. Fuller is secretary. Denton declares the three were in Minneapolis at the time of the Chicago post office robbery.

IMPORTANT COAL DEAL.

INDIANA, Pa., Nov. 25.—By a deal just consummated here one of the largest blocks of unmined Pittsburg coal in Western Pennsylvania has changed hands for a consideration approximating \$1,200,000. The transaction is a preliminary to the formation of a mining company with a capital of \$2,000,000, which will develop the field and construct a new railroad by the Buffalo, Rockwell and Pittsburg route. The new owners are men prominent in the Rochester and Pittsburg coal and iron company.

CALLED OFF.

The Toronto Railway's proposal to advance freight rates has been dropped for the present.

VERY AWKWARD.

A young recruit was sent on sentry-duty and, of course, new to his duty. A good-natured comrade brought him a sandwich from the canteen, and the recruit was about to eat it when the major appeared. As the officer was in mufti the sentry did not recognize him and did not salute. The major took in the situation and asked: "What's that?" "A sandwich," replied the recruit, "have a bit?" "Do you know who I am?" asked the major. "Don't know you from a crow; perhaps you're the major's coachy." "No, I'm not." "His groom, perhaps?" "No; try again." "Perhaps the old chap himself?" "Right this time," said the major. "Oh," exclaimed the frightened sentry, "hold the sandwich while I present arms!"

TRIAL DELAYED.

Fred Goodspeed's Case Postponed to Next Circuit.

Will Come Up January 6th.—True Bill Against Dan Taylor—President Circuit Court Has a Lengthy Civil Docket.

The trial of Fred Goodspeed, under charge of being an accessory to Frank Higgins in the murder of Willie Doherty, has been postponed until the sitting of the next circuit court on Tuesday, January 6.

Before Judge Hanington this morning the postponement was asked for by Mr. McKeown for the crown, and Mr. Morrill, counsel for Goodspeed, both of whom desire that the case shall stand until the matter of Higgins' appeal is finally settled. The judge granted their request.

There is only one criminal cause to come before the court, and that is the case of Dan Taylor, charged with larceny. The grand jury found a true bill against him this morning.

JURY CAUSES, REMANET.

- 1.—Amos v. The D. A. Ry.—C. N. Skinner.
- 2.—Stockford v. Arnold—H. A. McKeown.

NEW DOCKET.

- 1.—Currie v. St. John Ry Co.—W. B. Wallace.
- 2.—Smith v. Cushing—Chapman & Tilley.
- 3.—White v. Hamm—Geo. H. Belyea.
- 4.—Connor et al v. City of St. John—D. Mullin.
- 5.—Ingram v. Brown—H. A. McKeown.
- 6.—Milligan v. Crockett—H. A. McKeown.

NON-JURY REMANET.

- 1.—Logan v. Davie—W. B. Wallace.
- 2.—Murphy v. Kelly—H. H. Pickett.

NON-JURY, NEW DOCKET.

- 1.—Bank of Montreal v. Potts—H. H. McLean.
- 2.—Walker v. Jackson—Currey & Vincent.
- 3.—Sayre v. Portland Rolling Mills—Currey & Vincent.
- 4.—Sayre v. Portland Rolling Mills—Currey & Vincent.
- 5.—Sayre v. St. John Bridge & Railway Extension Co.—Currey & Vincent.
- 6.—Everett v. City St. John—Scott E. Morrill.

The first case to come up will be the King against Dan Taylor, which will begin tomorrow morning.

The court was opened in due form by Judge Hanington shortly after eleven o'clock. The following members responded to the roll call of the grand jury: Chas. McLaughlin, foreman; Henry Maher, James Ready, Charles McLaughlin, Hugh S. Gregory, Wm. Young, Geo. H. Waterbury, J. Fred Sullivan, John P. Morrison, Edward J. Armstrong, Peter Campbell, E. C. Elkin, John M. Driscoll, C. E. L. Jarvis, James Anderson, John L. Sutherland, John E. Edgecomb, Gilbert McFulkin, John P. McIntyre, John P. Dwyer, Thomas Foley, Daniel W. McCormick, Geo. F. Calkin, James Collins.

The list of petit jurymen summoned are: R. Duncan Smith, John Walsh, A. Jack, W. E. Nobles, Wm. Kerr, Robt. Reed, Jos. Ruddick, C. H. Bell, John A. Leonard, Frank C. Holman, John Richards, T. C. Olive, John S. Machum, I. E. Smith, G. Gorbell, W. E. Norman, W. R. Robertson; J. R. Greer, Frank Watson, John P. Gregory.

In his address to the jury, Judge Hanington, after expressing his appreciation of the large attendance, informed the jurymen that their duties, so far as he knew, would be light. Only one matter of a criminal nature would come before them, and that should not detain them long. He thought it best not to discharge them immediately after their duties were completed, but would hold them in case of emergencies arising during the circuit, though they would not be expected to return unless summoned especially. The only criminal case to come before them, he said, was a charge against Dan Taylor for larceny.

In this connection his honor gave a brief resume of the suspicious circumstances connected with the loss of \$30 by John Doherty while in Dan Taylor's house, and told the jury they should have but little difficulty in finding a true bill against him and sending him up for trial. In conclusion his honor expressed his satisfaction with the conditions shown to exist in the city by the lack of criminal entries on the docket, though this was by no means surprising in a city so well governed as St. John.

The witnesses to appear before the grand jury in the Taylor case were sworn, and while the jury was out the clerk presented the official returns from the chief justice re-affirming the conviction of the lower court in the reserved case of Frank Higgins.

The jury returned at twelve o'clock with a true bill against Taylor. After stating that the crown was ready with the case against Taylor, Mr. McKeown gave the court a surprise by stating that as soon as the case was concluded the crown was ready to proceed against Fred Goodspeed.

GIVEN A RECEPTION.

Wu Ting Fong Makes His Last Speech in America.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—Several hundred business men representing all the commercial bodies of this city have tendered a reception to Wu Ting Fong, retiring minister from China. In response to an address Mr. Wu said: "There is a great market in the Orient for you. China has stood still for centuries but its door is now open to foreign commerce and it is for you to develop your trade. In dealing with my countrymen I want to warn you gentlemen that you must not adhere to the hard and fast ties in vogue over here. When we Chinese make a promise, our word is just as good as another's bond. When a merchant in China gives you an order you accept his word. He will always keep it. The friendship thus formed will be a permanent one. If you desire to increase your trade tenfold do not exclude our merchants, travelers or students from this country, for they can and will do immense good to you. China is a vast country and while she is making extensive reforms, I beg of you therefore not to be too sanguine, nor to count too much upon my ability to bring about an increase of trade with your country when I am in office as minister of commerce."

PORTO RICO BOOMING.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The annual report of W. H. Elliott, commissioner of the interior for Porto Rico, announces substantial progress. Much attention is being paid to road building and bridge construction, in order to insure to labor the means of reaching the markets with the products of the soil. The Porto Ricans are being instructed how to plant and cultivate most economically and profitably. Sanitary rules and regulations have been introduced and the people have been encouraged in habits of cleanliness and in matters effecting trade and commerce at home and abroad.

PERSONAL.

E. L. Phillips left last night for Thompson Station, N. S., to adjust the insurance on a mill burned there on Saturday night.

Miss M. Florence Rogers, of the West End, has gone to Anover, to fill reading engagements there and in neighboring towns.

R. Vanwart, of Main street, Indian town, who has been so seriously ill for a few weeks, is somewhat improved.

Mrs. E. Whitman, of Canoe, N. S., who has been visiting friends in the city, left for home yesterday.

deB. Carritte left last night for New York.

W. W. Hubbard returned last evening from St. Stephen, where he has been booming the Amherst winter fair. He will leave tonight for Chatham on the same business.

Lieut.-Colonel White, D. O. C., Fredericton, and Mrs. White, who have been visiting their daughter, Mrs. G. W. Jones, returned home last evening.

Charles H. Williams, of this city, who has been suffering from typhoid fever for six weeks in a Utica, N. Y., hospital, is much better and expects to rejoin on the 27th inst., the minstrel troupe with which he is connected.

Rev. G. M. Campbell returned last evening from Charlottetown.

Mrs. W. T. Whitehead, of Fredericton, is in town.

Rev. Mr. Steen, vicar of Christ Church Cathedral, Montreal, who has been the guest of Rev. Canon Richardson while in the city, returned home last evening.

L. A. Currey, K. C., left last evening for Woodstock to attend a session of the probate court.

James H. Thompson, who has been acting as operator and relieving dispatcher, left for St. John on Wednesday. He will be much missed by the young men of the town among whom he was very popular.—Woodstock Press.

Mrs. and Mrs. H. J. Sullivan have returned from an extended and enjoyable trip to New York, Philadelphia and Washington, D. C.

Miss Smith of Fredericton Junction, who has been visiting friends on the west side, returned home on Saturday.

Rev. Canon O. S. Newman, of St. Stephen, is in the city.

The engagement is announced of Miss Birdie Groose and Albert Pugsley of Sussex.

TEA AND SALE.

The ladies of St. Andrew's church are holding their annual tea and handkerchief sale this afternoon and evening in the schoolroom of the church. The lower room has been devoted to the tea tables, while the different booths are arranged in the large room on the main booth. The booths are very prettily decorated, red, blue, yellow, green and purple tissue paper being in abundance.

Those in charge of the different tables are: Handkerchiefs—Mrs. W. W. McLaughlin, Mrs. J. F. Fraser, Mrs. J. B. Magee and Mrs. Roy Wilson. Candy—Misses Emma Rankine, Lou Girvan, Jennie Robertson, Jean Macaulay. Aprons—Mrs. P. S. MacNutt, Miss Blair, Miss Robertson. Novelties—Mrs. Charles S. Everett, Mrs. Cowan, Mrs. R. K. Cameron and Mrs. Thompson. Ice Cream—Mrs. J. Simon, Miss McLean. Five O'Clock Tea—Miss Muriel Thomson, Miss Mary Inches and other young ladies. Flowers—Mrs. James Osborne, Miss M. Lindsay and eight little boys. Tea Tables—Mrs. P. R. Inches, Mrs. W. C. Whittaker, Mrs. S. Girvan, Mrs. T. Rankine, Mrs. L. G. Crosby, Mrs. C. B. Allen and twenty young ladies of the congregation. The sale is superintended by Mrs. E. A. Smith, president of the Ladies' Society.



CHILDREN'S FURS.

White Iceland Coats, Thibet Ruffs, Iceland Collars edged with Thibet, Caps, Collars and T. O. S. of Krimmer Lamb. New goods, lowest prices.

J. & A. ANDERSON, 19 Charlotte Street.

FINE BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING.

NO FANCY PRICES.

- Men's Soled and heeled - - 75c.
- Boys' Soled and heeled - - 50c.
- Women's Soled and heeled - 40c.

By employing five shoemakers, it enables us to turn out work promptly O'Sullivan or Velvet Rubber Heel put on while you wait.

W. A. SINCLAIR,

65 BRUSSELS ST.



COMPARISONS ARE ODIOUS

When made between the laundry work we turn out and that done by laundries with less perfect methods, or an incomplete knowledge of the art of doing up a shirt, collar or cuff in a manner to make it "a thing of beauty and a joy forever," while it lasts, and it will last longer by our artistic treatment than by any other.

50 Flat (white) pieces washed and ironed for 50c.

GLOBE LAUNDRY,

25-27 Waterloo St.

WILLIAM PETERS,

—DEALER IN—
 LEATHER AND HIDES,
 Shoemakers' Findings, Plastering
 Hair, Tanners' and Curriers' Tools
 Lampblack, etc.

266 Union Street

VERY CHOICE Medium Codfish.

JAMES PATTERSON

19 and 20 South Market Wharf, 8 City Market.

SHORT'S SILVER POLISH

IS USED EXCLUSIVELY by many of the most careful housekeepers of St. John. 25 cents, 50 cents and 75 cents a bottle. SHORT'S Prescription Pharmacy, Tel. 460.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN SHORTHAND,

(Pitman System)
 GIVEN BY
 MISS F. BURNHAM,

For terms, &c., apply any evening at
 98 PRINCESS STREET, ST. JOHN.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

If a man never changes his mind he is either very right or very stubborn. Women can't drive nails, but when it comes to driving bargains she has the sterner sex beat a block. Conversation is divided into three distinct classes: Matter-of-fact, matter-of-falsehood, and no-matter-at-all. Many a married man firmly believes that in union there is strength—also that the aforesaid strength isn't equally distributed.

T. W. Johnson, of Truro, is in the city.
 E. B. Snow, of St. Andrews, is in the city today.

STEAMERS, ETC.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP COY.

International Division. WINTER REDUCED RATES. In effect Nov. 1, 1902, to May 1, 1903. St. John to Portland, \$3.00; St. John to Boston, \$3.50.

Star Line S.S. Co.

One of the Mail Steamers, VICTORIA and DAVID WESTON, will leave St. John, N.B., for Fredericton and intermediate landings every morning (Sunday excepted), at 9 o'clock, and will leave Fredericton every morning (Sunday excepted), at 8 o'clock.

MILLIDGEVILLE FERRY.

Leaves Millidgeville daily (except Saturday and Sunday) at 9 a. m. and 3.30 and 5.30 p. m. Returning leave Rayswater at 7 and 9.45 a. m. and 4.15 p. m.

TO LET.

TO LET—A flat No. 71 High street, North End. Modern improvements and moderate rent. To be seen any time.

HELP WANTED, MALE.

Advertisements under this Head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED—Three coat makers, highest wages, steady employment for first class hands. Apply to C. B. PUGHSON, Cor. Main and Bridge streets, N. B.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE.

Advertisements under this Head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 343 Union street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Advertisements under this Head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

BOARD—Two good rooms with board can now be had at 123 Princess street, corner of Charlotte street.

CAN'T BE DID. The profit we put on our goods will not allow us to offer a discount of 50 per cent. We are offering a bonus here 10 per cent. discount on fine Toilet Soaps, at 137 Charlotte street.

SHOW-CASES A bargain for some one. We have a large stock of cases for sale. See them at W. TREMAYNE GARD'S, Jeweler and Optician, 48 King street.

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this Head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

STORE AND WAREHOUSE FOR SALE. Splendid opportunity for getting good business stand cheap. Successful grocery and food business carried here 7 years. Leasehold, ground rent \$30 per annum. Buildings in good repair. Possession given when desired. Apply to HERBERT S. KEITH, Solicitor, 21 Prince Wm. street.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements under this head inserted free of charge.

WANTED—By a middle aged man, employment as bookkeeper or for general office work; long experience; best of references. Address "Scribe," care of Sun Printing Co.

LOST.

Advertisements under this Head: Two words for one cent each time, or Three cents a word for ten times. Payable in advance.

LOST—On Saturday, a pair of scissors, between Germaine and Charlotte streets. Finder will confer a favor by leaving same at 14 Charlotte street.

CANADA IN LONDON.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.—The Star's London cable says: In view of the adoption at St. John, Quebec and Halifax of the United States methods of exclusion of diseaser immigrants, the steamship companies here are arranging for a more exacting medical examination of passengers before they leave England.

DILLON A SICK MAN.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—John Dillon, the Irish leader, who became ill yesterday, suffered a relapse tonight. While his physicians say there is little likelihood that his condition will become alarming, they are in almost constant attendance upon him, as they fear another turn for the worse.

HEARTLESS.

(Baltimore News.) "Yes, Biggins is going to send his daughter across the water for her 'trousers'."

"Thinks it will be cultivated in Europe?"

"No; he's got an idea that maybe she'll lose it on the way."

THE ST. JOHN STAR is published by THE SUN PRINTING COMPANY (LTD.), at St. John, New Brunswick, every afternoon (except Sunday) at \$2 a year.

ST. JOHN STAR.

ST. JOHN, N. B., NOVEMBER 25, 1902.

THE BOY PROBLEM.

Some evidence as to one cause of the present juvenile depravity was heard in the police court yesterday. Two boys, sixteen years of age, one belonging to the Catholic church and the other to the Church of England, stated that they had remained in bed on Sunday morning until it was too late to attend service, and for an unexplained reason they had stayed away from Sunday school and the evening services. They were members of a gang of about twenty boys, ranging in age from eleven to seventeen years, who gathered at the corner of Clarence and Erin streets from early in the evening until ten o'clock, using language which was described by an officer as the worst he had ever heard.

The parents of the boys are to blame in no small degree. These boys ought to be in church at least once every Sabbath and they ought to attend Sunday school. It has been stated that numbers of them do not belong to any church. The boys themselves often give this as an excuse for remaining away, and if enquiry were made it might be found that after all there are not so many parents in the city who are not connected with some religious body.

Some time ago a gentleman wrote to the Lord's Day Alliance advising its members to stop talking and get to work. This advice was not well received but there appears to be at least some reason for it. There are at least twenty boys in the Clarence and Erin street gang, many of whom belong to churches. If the clergymen to whose churches these boys belong could obtain the support of the parents possibly most of the twenty might be reformed—an end which will never be accomplished by discussions and elaborate plans for mission work.

THE EXODUS.

The Globe last evening made a very interesting commentary on the effects of liberal rule in Canada. Referring to our trade with the United States it said:

"But the open trade is nothing to the steadily increasing commerce between the people of Massachusetts and New Brunswick, consequent upon the steadily increasing number of our population who find homes in that state." The attention of the Moncton Transcriber is especially directed to the above statement, which is also of interest to all members of the liberal party. Despite half a dozen years of liberal rule, there is still an exodus. But we have the Doukhobors; and a varied assortment of the riff-raff of southern Europe is headed in this direction. Fortunately for Canada the conservatives opened up the northwest for development, and it is now getting a good many settlers of quite another kind. But in spite of the liberal government at Ottawa and the Tweedie-Pugsley combination in New Brunswick, the Globe says an increasing number of our people are finding homes under the American flag. It is time for a change.

FOR A NAVAL MILITIA.

A man will visit St. John tomorrow whose views should excite interest and earn support here as in all Canada. He is Mr. Hyatt, envoy of the Imperial Navy League, the object of which is to conserve and increase the supremacy of Britain on the seas. His present visit, it is understood, is to form a branch of the league, to urge the government toward the establishment of naval training ships for a naval militia force, and to awaken the public to the merits of the plan. The public should need but little awakening. The value of the suggestion should be patent to all men of the empire. True, there is little apparent need for such a force now. Canada contemplates no offensive warfare and need of defense—the Halifax Chronicle to the contrary—is not imminent. For emergencies we have the protection of the British fleet built and maintained by the English taxpayer. Not a cent's worth of expense is it all to us.

But, the littleness of it! We are never full grown. Except in this matter of defense by sea we are not dependent. Canada is of the empire, and Canadians not long ago showed that they were beginning to feel the responsibility that such a position must bring. But it was the Canadian people who forced the government to assent to the sending of those troops to South Africa, and Mr. Hyatt in that instance is showing wisdom in appealing to the navy to the people, if indeed that is the object of his visit. Should he awaken the interest he de-

THE NEW LINE

Across Canada From the Atlantic to the Pacific. OTTAWA, Nov. 24.—Interest in the proposed extension of the Grand Trunk to the Pacific coast continues unabated. The Journal insists that if the dominion parliament grants a subsidy there must be a control of rates of the proposed route. Sir Sanford Fleming told your correspondent today that he advocated this route in a paper which he read before the Royal Colonial Institute in 1877. The first transcontinental line was then being surveyed, the survey being in the nature of a reconnaissance. Sir Sanford did not go over the mountains that year to Port Simpson, but several members of his party, including Prof. Macoun and Rev. Dr. Gordon, now principal of Queens, made the journey to the coast. Sir Sanford believes the Peace River pass to be quite feasible.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.—There were no new developments today in regard to the decision of the Grand Trunk authorities to extend their line to the Pacific coast. A despatch from Toronto reported President MacKenzie of the Canadian Northern as saying that his company had no intention of selling out to the Grand Trunk, but that instead of selling they intend extending the road eastward to Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto. TORONTO, Nov. 24.—President Wm. MacKenzie of the Canadian Northern railway today declared that his line had not been purchased by the Grand Trunk nor is it for sale. "We are standing on our own bottom," said Mr. MacKenzie. "We have built 1,500 miles and will build more. We propose stretching out east and west and intend to reach Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto in time. We also have the right of way in the Pine Creek and Yellow Head passes under the Edmonton and Yukon railway charter."

Prominent business men in this city interviewed today almost unanimously approve the Grand Trunk's transcontinental road and express the belief that there is plenty of room for another railway and that it will be a good thing for Canada in every respect. An Italian paper wants the American prohibition of the immigration of illiterates held up, until the Italian emigrants can have time to educate themselves. Don't do it Uncle Sam. Classical music on a handorgan would be even worse than the present inflection of rag time.

COAL SITUATION.

All Signs Pointing to an Early Settlement. SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 24.—The scenes of the strike settlement negotiations have suddenly shifted from this city to Washington and New York. Tomorrow the committee of nine of the independent operators expect to hold a conference with the presidents of the coal carrying roads regarding the position of the individual companies, and at the same time a meeting between Wayne MacVeagh and possibly other attorneys representing the coal roads, and President Mitchell and his attorneys will be held in the national capital. Scranton and the entire coal regions will, in the meantime, wait with considerable interest to hear what the Washington negotiators have to say. The independent operators have gone to New York to find out what the large companies can do for them in the way of freight rates in case an increase of wages is decided upon, and the mine workers representatives to Washington to find out what the large companies have to offer.

Although the miners' representatives did not know they were summoned to Washington, they believe the companies have something to offer. Wayne MacVeagh was in telegraphic communication at noon with Clarence S. Darrow, Mr. Mitchell's leading attorney, and later Mr. MacVeagh called him up on the long distance telephone from Philadelphia. Mr. MacVeagh said he wished to have a conference with Mr. Mitchell and himself, but as he was not feeling well he desired that they all meet in Washington tomorrow instead of his making the journey to Scranton. Mr. Darrow said that Mr. MacVeagh did not tell him what he wanted the conference for, but he felt that Mr. MacVeagh would not summon them to the national capital if he were not clothed with authority to carry on negotiations. Mr. Mitchell's party left at 4.35 p. m. and are due to arrive in Washington at 12.30 a. m.

The larger part of the committee of independent operators left for New York at 3.35 o'clock this afternoon. Others left earlier in the day. Several of the resident attorneys of the large companies also went to New York for the purpose of conferring with the head officials of the corporations they represent. They pleaded ignorance as to any developments in the situation. The outlook for a settlement is more hopeful than ever. Conversations with attorneys, coal operators and mine workers show that all are wearying of the strife and are willing to waive a point here and there in order to end the uncertainty of the situation and restore peace and harmony to the community and the coal trade generally. There is some talk here of having congress enact a law making a permanent board of arbitration of the coal strike commission, but nothing definite in this line was yet done.

TREASURE TROVE.

Young Wife—Am I your treasure, darling? Young husband—You are indeed. I don't see how I had the luck to get you.

Young wife—Oh, well, you know mamma told us to that. It wasn't luck—Chicago News.

Chronic constipation surely cured or money back. LAXA-CARA TABLETS never fail. Small, chocolate coated, easy to take. Price 35 cents. At druggists!

MARRIAGES.

SHERWOOD-WALSH.—At 181 Waterloo street, on the 24th Nov., by Rev. C. T. Phillips, James Sherwood and Sarah Walsh, both of St. John.

DEATHS.

GALLAGHER. In this city, on the 22nd inst., William J. Gallagher, aged 43 years, leaving two sons and one daughter to mourn their sad loss.

THE NEW LINE

Across Canada From the Atlantic to the Pacific. OTTAWA, Nov. 24.—Interest in the proposed extension of the Grand Trunk to the Pacific coast continues unabated. The Journal insists that if the dominion parliament grants a subsidy there must be a control of rates of the proposed route. Sir Sanford Fleming told your correspondent today that he advocated this route in a paper which he read before the Royal Colonial Institute in 1877. The first transcontinental line was then being surveyed, the survey being in the nature of a reconnaissance. Sir Sanford did not go over the mountains that year to Port Simpson, but several members of his party, including Prof. Macoun and Rev. Dr. Gordon, now principal of Queens, made the journey to the coast. Sir Sanford believes the Peace River pass to be quite feasible.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.—There were no new developments today in regard to the decision of the Grand Trunk authorities to extend their line to the Pacific coast. A despatch from Toronto reported President MacKenzie of the Canadian Northern as saying that his company had no intention of selling out to the Grand Trunk, but that instead of selling they intend extending the road eastward to Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto. TORONTO, Nov. 24.—President Wm. MacKenzie of the Canadian Northern railway today declared that his line had not been purchased by the Grand Trunk nor is it for sale. "We are standing on our own bottom," said Mr. MacKenzie. "We have built 1,500 miles and will build more. We propose stretching out east and west and intend to reach Montreal, Ottawa and Toronto in time. We also have the right of way in the Pine Creek and Yellow Head passes under the Edmonton and Yukon railway charter."

Prominent business men in this city interviewed today almost unanimously approve the Grand Trunk's transcontinental road and express the belief that there is plenty of room for another railway and that it will be a good thing for Canada in every respect. An Italian paper wants the American prohibition of the immigration of illiterates held up, until the Italian emigrants can have time to educate themselves. Don't do it Uncle Sam. Classical music on a handorgan would be even worse than the present inflection of rag time.

COAL SITUATION.

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Christmas Sale of Dress Goods

All New Styles and Fashionable Colorings, including the much sought after Medium and Dark Grey Mixtures.

SIX THOUSAND YARDS of these desirable goods are offered for sale in our Dress Goods Room. The assortment consists of 38, 40, 42 and 54 inch.

Plain and Fancy Costume Cloths and Zebelines—Prices 15c., 20c., 25c., 30c., 40c. and 50c. No samples given.

NOTE—The above comprises all of the above class of goods we shall have to offer at Reduced Prices during this season, and we anticipate a very quick sale. Intending purchasers will therefore be guided accordingly, by securing these wants early.

M. R. & A's Unrivalled \$10.00 Suits for Men.

Manchester Robertson & Allison

TO COUNTRY NEWSPAPERS AND PRINTING OFFICES.

Owing to the purchase and installation of new plant, the undersigned will, in a few weeks, have the following articles for sale:

- 5 Imposing Stones with Stands. 1 Staple Binder. 1 Card Cutter. 1 Job Presses. 1 Counter, with 6 drawers, walnut top, 9 1/2 feet long.

SUN PRINTING COMPANY, St. John, N. B.



A BAD COMPLEXION

is but one of the sure signs of constipated bowels. Most any other ailment you may have is likely to be another sign. Constipation will destroy your health and produce any trouble in the category of diseases. Laxa-Cara Tablets clear up bad complexion; clear up the inside of your body; put a stop to all ill results from clogged bowels; get coolly but surely and build up a strong, healthy physical constitution. Laxa-Cara Tablets will not only relieve but effect a complete cure. They are a vegetable compound, put up in convenient, chocolate-coated tablets—pleasant to take—pleasant in operation.

50 CENTS A BOX AT ALL DRUGGISTS IF THEY FAIL, YOUR MONEY BACK

FRANK WHEATON

SOLE AGENT FOR CANADA

A MIGHTY HUNTER.

Kenneth McLeod, of Northeast Margaree, C. B., had a thrilling experience while on a hunt for caribou, at this place on Thursday last. He started out from his home early in the morning with a good sized old fashioned musket slung over his shoulder. There was a few inches of snow on the ground, and Mr. McLeod had not gone far when he came across bear tracks. He followed them for five or six hours, and then suddenly came across Bruin going up a hill a short distance away. Mr. McLeod placed his gun to his shoulder and fired. The shot took effect and Bruin, with a yell of rage, rolled over and over, but he quickly regained his feet. Then, with a loud roar, he started for his intended victim. In the meantime McLeod commenced loading his gun. Onward came Bruin, and slowly the ramrod wedged the charge. The animal came thundering down the slope, and just in the nick of time the hunter again placed the musket to his shoulder and fired. When the smoke cleared Bruin lay dead ten feet away, the shot having penetrated his heart. The animal measured eight feet in length, and is beyond doubt one of the largest ever killed in Cape Breton. Mr. McLeod will get eight dollars as a bounty.

A CONNISEUR.

"Papa," said the boy, "when you say in your advertisement that your goods are acknowledged by connoisseurs to be the best, what do you mean by connoisseurs?" "A connoisseur, my boy," answered the great manufacturer, "is an eminent authority—an authority, in short, who admits that our goods are the best."

To cure a headache in ten minutes, use KUMFORD Headache Powders.

WHIMSICALITIES.

"I'm innocent, and I can prove it if you will give me time," whined the old offender. "Three years," said the judge.—Baltimore American. "Charley, dear," said young Mrs. Torkins, "I hope you will promise me never to gamble." "What is your idea of gambling?" "Betting your money and losing it," was the prompt reply.—Washington Star. "One-half of the world," I say to my wise friend, "doesn't know how the other half lives." "Then," concludes my wise friend with an air of deliberation, "one-half the world hasn't any neighbors.—Judge. "Johnny," I wish my folks would agree upon one thing, and not keep me all the time in a worry." "Tommy—What have they been doing now?" "Johnny—"Mother won't let me stand on my head, and dad is all the time tussling because I wear my shoes out so fast."—Boston Transcript. "Great—How does it happen that you charge more for boiled eggs than you do for scrambled eggs?" "Dignified waiter—De eggs we bile cost more dan de eggs we scramble, sah.—Chicago Tribune. You say that Arbitrator's inventions have made several men millionaires, but did he ever make anything out of them?" "Oh, yes; he was singularly successful with his devices in that respect. He made enough to perfect all of them."—Indianapolis News. "Yes," said Mrs. Cornstossel, "the trust has broken up our son Josh." "Did they crowd him out of business?" "Yes, Josh says that a man with less than a million or two of dollars doesn't stand any show against the monopolists, an' he might as well quit savin' up his money.—Washington Star. "Dife—But why don't you want me to buy your neckties any more?" "Husband—Well, er—I'd rather buy them myself than have you go to all that trouble." "Wife—But I like to do things for you." "Husband—Oh, in that case I'll let you look after the furnace this winter.—Chicago News.

TO ADVERTISERS. Copy for change of advertisements in the Star should be in the office not later than 10 a. m. to ensure insertion in that day's issue.

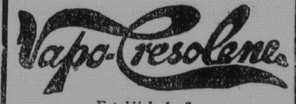
IN MEXICO.

The Home of the Cultivated Rubber Industry.

Interview With Stanley E. Elkin—How Rubber Trees Are Grown—Short Crops—The Great Obispo Plantation.



Does it not seem more effective to breathe in a remedy, to cure disease of the breathing organs, than to take the remedy into the stomach?



Established 1899. Cures While You Sleep. It cures because the air rendered strongly antiseptic is carried over the diseased surface with every breath, giving prolonged and constant treatment. It is infallible to mothers with small children. Is a boon to asthmatics.

FOR—Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Croup, Coughs, Catarrh, Colds, Grippe and Hay Fever. The Vaporizer and Lamp, which should last a lifetime, together with a bottle of Cresolene, \$1.50. Extra supply of Cresolene 25 cents and 50 cents. Write for descriptive booklet containing highest testimony as to its value.

Vapo-Cresolene is sold by DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Vapo-Cresolene Co., 150 Fulton Street, New York; 1551 Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

The people of St. John have lately had their attention especially directed to the republic of Mexico, by the fact that a number of province men are financially interested in a rubber plantation in that country.

If the average Canadian asks himself how much he knows about Mexico, he will probably be astonished to find that he really possesses so little definite information. He has read that Mexico wants some Canadian wheat this year; that Boer delegates have visited Mexico with a view to the formation of a colony; and perhaps he has read something about the great activity of American and other capitalists in building its more than 30,000 miles of railways, opening mines, buying plantations and otherwise developing the resources of the country.

On Saturday a representative of the Star had a very interesting interview with Stanley E. Elkin, of this city, who has just returned after spending about a month in Mexico. He went down to make a personal visit to the Obispo rubber plantation, which is represented here by Elkin & Chipman, general agents in eastern Canada for Mitchell, Schiller & Barnes of New York. He left here on Oct. 5th, and went via New York, St. Louis, Laredo, Mexico City and Cordova, to Paenotaville, on the Vera Cruz and Pacific railway, whence a two hours' ride on horseback brought him to the plantation. Of 9,000 acres in this plantation, 7,000 are to be planted entirely with rubber trees. Already 500 acres have been planted, and the work of further cultivation is being rapidly carried on.

RAISING RUBBER TREES.

St. John people are aware of the enormous extent to which rubber is used in commerce, and the ever increasing demand for it; but comparatively few know anything about the method of its production. The rubber tree is indigenous to Mexico, and flourishes wonderfully under cultivation. The cultivated tree grows very straight, to a height of 50 or 60 feet, and yields rubber for about fifty years. At 10 or 11 years of age the tree is about ten inches in diameter. Tapping begins in the seventh or eighth year. The great trouble has been in the past, and it has caused the destruction of myriads of wild rubber trees, that the natives, in tapping, killed the trees. The tree is sensitive and is easily destroyed if carelessly tapped. When the milk is gathered by the natives, it is congealed by the use of a wild vine, which is powdered up and thrown in, causing it to curdle. Alcohol would produce the same result. The product is black sheet rubber. It could be kept white by subjecting it to the fumes of sulphur. There is another kind of rubber called grana. It is in lumps, and is formed by the juice drying in the sun in wounds in the tree. Only the natives, tapping wild rubber trees, use this method.

OBISPO PLANTATION.

On Obispo plantation 500 acres are now planted in rubber, 400 trees to the acre. Some of the seed planted this year was a failure on all the Mexican plantations, in account of neglect of the officials in having the seed distributed. Rubber seed is not a certain quantity if it is not over three weeks before planting. But this failure did not seriously affect the Obispo plantation, which has three nurseries of its own, and where seed failed the trees are being transplanted from the nursery at the rate of 2,000 per day. One of the nurseries has 25,000 trees, another 117,000, both planted in the sun, and a third has 11,000 planted in the shade. From these they are drawing to keep the average on the plantation up to 400 trees to the acre.

The trees grow very fast. Mr. Elkin saw six-months-old trees at Obispo that were fully 15 feet high, and acknowledged by all planters who saw them to be the finest of their age in Mexico. Apart from one of the nurseries referred to all the planting on Obispo is done in the sun, the forest being entirely cleared away. A better growth in this sun in one year than in three years in the shade. The close planting at the outset, 400 trees to the acre, enables them to occupy every foot of ground with a crop of some sort. There is less room for weeds, and the trees protect each other from the wind, grow taller and assume a more desirable form. Under the shade system the underbrush only is cleared away, the tall forest trees are left standing, and furnish shade to the growing rubber plants. This is a good system for coffee planting, but rubber trees when close planted afford enough of mutual shade, while the sun on their tops greatly stimulates growth; therefore what is called sun-planting is best.

But the 400 trees to the acre are not left there permanently. When the full grown that would be entirely too many. Therefore at the end of the sixth year the company will tap and take out 200 of the trees, grinding them up and extracting every ounce of rubber. At a moderate estimate each one will yield a pound of rubber, worth 50 cents. The present price in the New York market is 85 cents. In the eighth year, tapping of the remaining 200 trees begins, and they continue to yield for fifty years. The amount of rubber yielded by a tree increases gradually till its fifteenth year, when it yields from five to seven pounds per year continuously. Referring to the above price in the New York Market, it is estimated that the rubber can be gathered and landed in that market at five cents per pound, gold.

As an illustration of the wonderful fertility of the soil, Mr. Elkin states that when he was at Obispo a rubber plant was taken from a nursery, the top cut off and the stem transplanted, and in five days it showed three healthy sprouts. Rubber is as much at home in Mexico as an apple tree in the Annapolis Valley. An old Spanish coffee planter near Obispo, whom Mr. Elkin visited, had a plantation of 400 acres of rubber trees, from ten to twenty years old, which he had simply raised for his own pleasure and did not tap at all. He calls them his enjoyment policy.

OTHER CROPS.

But the company did not have to wait for the growth of their rubber trees to get a profit from the plantation. They get two corn crops the first year and one the second from between the rows of rubber trees, and the yield is about 40 bushels to the acre. Between the summer and winter season they also raise a bean crop. A ready market is found for these crops right at the plantation. Coffee is another source of revenue, forty acres bearing that crop. Some years ago a former owner of the property had 20,000 coffee trees, but the coffee plantation was all burned over in a forest fire. Since then 10,000 of the trees have sprung up from the roots, and are now five years old. There is also a nursery of 10,000 trees, and next year the full acreage will be under cultivation, half of it producing. Next year it should yield 5,000 pounds of coffee, and in the following year 15,000 pounds. This coffee is worth six cents per pound, gold. One third of the coffee sold in New York comes from Mexico, and it is worth noting that Mexican coffee is actually shipped to Havana and thence reshipped to New York as Cuban coffee.

Cacao, or chocolate, which is a scarce and high priced article, also flourishes at Obispo. There are now seven acres planted, having about 200 trees to the acre, and twenty-five acres more are being planted this year. Eventually there will be 1,000 acres devoted to this product, which after the fifth year yields about one dollar per tree. It is a sure crop, requires but little labor, and the product is declared to be the finest in the world.

Along with the cacao is planted another crop, vanilla, which has reached in that part of Mexico the highest stage of cultivation. Of the 2,500 vines planted some are bearing now, and all will be bearing in the third year. As cacao is planted the vanilla is planted with it, the former affording the needed shade and the stem for the vine to climb. They thus flourish together. The vines grow to a length of fifty or sixty feet. On Obispo Mr. Elkin saw a vine fifty feet long, bearing 275 blossoms and ten pods. Each vine should produce ten to fifteen pods. From fifty to seventy-five pods yield a pound of vanilla, which is worth \$15, gold, in Mexico City. Five hundred vines are planted to the acre. If we take six vines to the pound, the 2,500 vines would yield over 415 pounds, which at \$15 would total \$6,225 from the five acres, or \$1,245 per acre, in addition to the cacao crop from the same ground.

Pineapples are another source of revenue. They yield fruit in ten to twenty months, according to the class of slips. The season lasts from five to six weeks for the native variety, but with improved varieties it may be prolonged almost indefinitely. Some four or five of these varieties are now being imported for planting at Obispo. Bananas are also raised. They are planted about 400 hills to the acre, and each hill yields three to six bunches. They bear in from ten to sixteen months, according to the variety, and may be planted at any time. Some

seeds planted in March will yield fruit in October.

Rice is also raised at Obispo. Fifteen acres are planted, and should produce 1,000 to 1,200 pounds to the acre. It is worth \$100 per ton, gold, on the plantation. The land where it is planted will yield two crops per year without irrigation.

Cattle raising can also be profitably carried on. At the present stage of development there is room for 600 head, and the experience of old ranchers is that the profit is about 25 per cent. The cattle winter out of doors. All that is necessary is to fence them off from the rest of the plantation. The para grass which has a most prolific growth, is excellent fodder. At one of the camps of the development company this para grass was cut seven times this year, so rapid is its growth. There are also fifty hogs on the estate, and the profit on the hogs there is estimated at 600 per cent.

The plantation also possesses very valuable timber, which must be cut that must be cleared, and a sawmill planted. There are rosewood, mahogany, white mahogany, black walnut, ash and hickory, and three varieties of whitewood, of better grain and harder than American bass and poplar. There are 3,000 acres of this forest that must be cleared, and a sawmill has been sent down, in charge of a Michigan lumberman, to begin operations. The lumber will be sent down the Obispo river to the Gulf coast.

LABOR AND MACHINERY.

Labor is cheap at Obispo. All the peons ask is six bits, or about 26 cents, Canadian money, per day. But it is better to have them work by the "terral," or so many hills, judged by the foreman. In this way more work is got out of them. They are divided into camps, of which there are now ten on the plantation, aggregating about 85 men in all. There has been no difficulty in securing all the help required.

It is very necessary in that climate to be well equipped for work, and the Obispo people have provided themselves with modern machinery, being the first to introduce it. The work is very fast, and to keep them down with the hoe would be very expensive. If cleared land were left alone for six months it would become almost impassable with the rank growth. With modern machinery the cost of keeping the plantation clean is lessened and better results are obtained.

THE SOIL.

Obispo plantation, or San Silverio el Obispo, as it is called, is 300 feet above the sea level, in the heart of the rubber belt. Its temperature is 85 to 95 degrees. The soil extends from 5 to 25 feet below the surface, where a soft half shale, half fine sandstone is encountered, containing marine shells, the evidence of an ancient sea-bed. The soil is very rich and humid, containing a large proportion of phosphate and lime, derived no doubt from the decomposition of shells. There is apparently an excess of nitrogen, tending to a woody growth. The subsoil is the same as the surface, with a mixture of disintegrated sandstone. The sub-stratum readily decomposes when exposed to the air. Judging from other plantations in similar soil, it is as rich as the surface. The rainfall at Obispo is about 1,000 inches per year.

TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.

The Obispo plantation is on the Obispo river, in the canton of Tuxtutepec, state of Oaxaca. It is probably the best situated plantation in Mexico, having both rail and river transportation, and having a home market for its corn, beans, live stock and the like. The corn, for example, can be sold right at the plantation, for 60 cents (gold) per bushel. People from near-by places bring merchandise to exchange for produce. The Obispo river is navigable to the plantation for canoes of 10 to 15 tons all the year round. A station of the Vera Cruz and Pacific railway is 11-4 miles from the centre of the plantation. Another station is within one and a half hours' ride. Vera Cruz is 82 miles away, Mexico City is 15 hours distant by rail. Only 25 miles down the river is Alvarado, one of the ports of the Ward line steamers in the Gulf. The town of Tuxtutepec, with a population of about seven thousand, is reached by a three hours' drive. A government highway, kept in excellent repair, runs through the centre of the plantation. A ride of eight or nine hours on this highway takes one into the heart of the Valle National, the great tobacco and coffee region of Mexico.

THE STORY OF OBISPO.

Some three years ago, Mr. Maxwell Riddle of Ravenna, Ohio, who has a private rubber plantation adjoining, purchased the Obispo property, through which the railway has since been constructed. The Obispo Rubber Plantation Co. as organized, and entered into a contract with the Republic Development Co. of New York, and Mexico to thoroughly organize, equip and develop the plantation, putting 8,000 acres into rubber and cacao trees, and 1,600 acres in short crops; and to bring the plantation to an approximate earning capacity of \$1,425,000 by January, 1905, increasing annually to \$4,550,000 in 1916. The contract has been in operation since March 2nd, 1901, and the work of development is going on as already described. To protect the shareholders of the Obispo Company, the whole property was conveyed by deed to the North American Trust Co., pending completion of the development company's contract. The total issue of stock of the Obispo Company is to be 8,000 shares of \$300 each, or \$2,400,000. Of this \$1,200,000 has been offered and is being subscribed to provide funds for the development company, but they have to deposit ten per cent. of the amount received with the trust company, to be held as a forfeit for the faithful performance of their contract. As a matter of fact the members of the development company are shareholders in the Obispo Company. If at the expiration of this contract they and the other shareholders of the Obispo Company desire it, they may continue the management of the plantation for ten per cent. of the net annual receipts. If not, the members have the same voice as other shareholders. A special provision for the protection of all shareholders is that under the by-laws each shall have but one vote, no matter how many shares he may hold. Meantime the shareholder

EVERY DAY BRINGS CHOICE NEW GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Saturday we opened an exquisite assortment of the celebrated Haviland China, 4 casks of the most exquisite Cut Glass ever seen in the city, and Solid Silver and Plated Ware in endless variety.

Today we opened Banquet and Table Lamps, Onyx Top Tables, Clocks and Leather Goods.

Today we will lay out our large assortment of Calendars and Booklets which includes the choicest variety of the world's well known publishers.

Don't postpone your Christmas purchases until everything is picked over and crowds so great that you cannot make a selection.

C. FLOOD & SONS, 31 and 33 KING STREET.

ers in the Obispo Company contract no

of the Obispo plantation, of Mr. Maxwell Riddle and Geo. A. Tucker. Wyndham R. White of Washington tapped 400 cultivated trees, three and a half to four and a half years old, which he had planted himself in Mexico. The trees were tapped in the ordinary native way, and yielded an average of 13-4 ounces each, or nearly 44 pounds in all. The three and a half year old trees yielded an ounce each, and the four and a half year trees two ounces.

Andrew Carnegie has stated that rubber will yield better results than steel to the investor of the near future. Russell Sage is reported to have said that if he were a young man he would go into rubber, for when the trees are producing they are for fifty years as good as a bank.

The great advantages of the Obispo plantation are that short crops yield immediate profits, while the rubber trees are growing; that a large population within easy reach affords a profitable market for these crops; and that the plantation has quick communication by river and rail and national highway with both local and foreign markets, at low rates of transportation. Labor is very cheap and easily obtained.

The standing of the corporations and individuals connected with the Obispo enterprise is vouched for by banks and mercantile agencies of undoubted authority on such matters in the United States and Mexico.

MR. ELKIN'S TRIP.

Mr. Elkin's trip to Obispo was made for the sole purpose of enquiry, and it confirmed in every particular the truth of the story told in the company's literature. Mr. Barnes, of Mitchell, Schiller & Barnes, of New York, in a letter received by their St. John office, yesterday states that Mr. Elkin's report to them is the best of that kind he has ever seen, because it contains straight business and proves that the conditions are as they have been represented.

PROFIT IN RUBBER.

Mr. Elkin submits carefully prepared statistics to show that rubber trees yield large profits. On the Obispo plantation 7,000 acres will be planted in rubber, 400 trees to the acre. When six years old half these trees will be tapped and destroyed, each yielding at a moderate estimate a pound of rubber, worth 50 cents per pound, or a total of \$700,000. The cacao and short crops would yield enough in addition during the seven years before 1900 to bring the total receipts up to over \$1,000,000, while the 8,000 acres would be worth at least \$1,000 per acre, or \$8,000,000, the only liabilities being the \$2,400,000 to the shareholders. From 1900 to 1916, by which time the trees would have reached maturity, they would yield by tapping from \$100 per acre in the former year to \$500 in the latter year, and thereafter for the balance of fifty years, an average of over \$500 an acre. In other words an investment of \$300 would draw largely increasing dividends till 1916, and thereafter pay over \$500 per annum. These figures, the company's literature states, are based on actual results, quoting rubber at a comparatively low price.

GENERAL NOTES.

The demand for rubber is enormously increasing, while the supply from wild rubber trees, owing to the destructive methods of the natives, is decreasing. Cultivated rubber plantations must provide the future supply. In 1894 the sale of solid rubber tires in the United States was 15,000,000. In 1901 it was over 3,000,000,000. In 1892 the total output of rubber was 78,813,778 pounds, and the price 66 cents per pound. In 1900 the output was 106,626,000 pounds, but the price had increased to \$1.14. The maximum price of gathering and shipping rubber from Obispo plantation to New York, once the trees are producing, is 5 cents per pound. The trees continue to produce for about 60 years. Cultivated rubber trees have been grown in Mexico in limited numbers for forty years. The industry has therefore long since passed the experimental stage. W. H. K. Davey of New York took from a single tree, eight years old, six pounds of rubber in six months, without apparent injury to the tree. Alfred Bishop Mason, president of the Vera Cruz and Pacific railway, himself an investor in a rubber plantation, says he is "more than content with the outlook." He speaks highly

of the Obispo plantation, of Mr. Maxwell Riddle and Geo. A. Tucker.

Wyndham R. White of Washington tapped 400 cultivated trees, three and a half to four and a half years old, which he had planted himself in Mexico. The trees were tapped in the ordinary native way, and yielded an average of 13-4 ounces each, or nearly 44 pounds in all. The three and a half year old trees yielded an ounce each, and the four and a half year trees two ounces.

Andrew Carnegie has stated that rubber will yield better results than steel to the investor of the near future. Russell Sage is reported to have said that if he were a young man he would go into rubber, for when the trees are producing they are for fifty years as good as a bank.

The great advantages of the Obispo plantation are that short crops yield immediate profits, while the rubber trees are growing; that a large population within easy reach affords a profitable market for these crops; and that the plantation has quick communication by river and rail and national highway with both local and foreign markets, at low rates of transportation. Labor is very cheap and easily obtained.

The standing of the corporations and individuals connected with the Obispo enterprise is vouched for by banks and mercantile agencies of undoubted authority on such matters in the United States and Mexico.

MR. ELKIN'S TRIP.

Mr. Elkin's trip to Obispo was made for the sole purpose of enquiry, and it confirmed in every particular the truth of the story told in the company's literature. Mr. Barnes, of Mitchell, Schiller & Barnes, of New York, in a letter received by their St. John office, yesterday states that Mr. Elkin's report to them is the best of that kind he has ever seen, because it contains straight business and proves that the conditions are as they have been represented.

PROFIT IN RUBBER.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC TOURIST GARS EVERY THURSDAY FROM MONTREAL. Every Tuesday and Saturday from NORTH BAY. NO CHANGE OF CARS MONTREAL TO VANCOUVER. TRAVERSING THE GREAT CANADIAN NORTH WEST. The finest Mountain Scenery on the Continent. LOWEST RATES APPLY. The Canadian Pacific Service is up-to-date. Rates Quoted, Time Tables and Descriptive Pamphlets gladly furnished, on application to C. B. POSTER, D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John, N. B.

LIVERY STABLES.

HAMM'S LIVERY STABLE 134 Union Street. Telephone 11. HORSES BOARDED—Clean and Warm Stables, best care and attention. DRIVING OUTFITS and COACHES for hire at any hour.

DAVID CONNELL, BOARDING, HACK and LIVERY STABLES, 45 and 47 Waterloo St., St. John, N. B. Horses boarded on Reasonable Terms. Horses and Carriages on Hire. Fine Fit-outs at short notice. A large buck-board wagon, seats fifteen or twenty people, to let, with or without horses. Telephone 88.

HOTELS.

HOTEL DUFFERIN. E. L. ROY WILLIS, St. John, N. B. J. J. McCAFFREY Manager.

BOARDING.

THE NEW VICTORIA HOTEL can accommodate a number of boarders for the winter. Bright, warm, well furnished rooms, prompt service, and an excellent table. Hotel overlooks the harbor, and street cars pass the door. There is no more desirable location in the city. Terms are moderate.

PROVINCIAL.

Charles McNeill, of Salmon River, employed in the I. C. R. coal shed of Truro, was killed at that place yesterday morning. At the conservative convention at Yarmouth yesterday, Thomas E. Cornish was nominated as a candidate for the commons.

WANTED—A case of Headache that KUMPOUT POWERS will not cure in from ten to twenty minutes.

U. S. IMMIGRATION STAFF HERE.

The officers of the United States immigration staff who are to look after the people who come here during the winter months bound for points in the United States, have reached St. John. They are Commissioner Thomas, the gentleman who gave such satisfaction last season. His assistants are Deputy Commissioner Thos. Thomas, John Conkling, W. B. Howard, Dr. W. C. Billings, A. Edwards, interpreter, who will spend part of his time here, and R. W. Conradsen and Ladislaus Sienietz, interpreters. Mrs. Chinnell, the matron, will be here during the season. Some four officers are at Halifax. Commissioner Thomas states that according to the record of the fall and from reports received on this side he looks for larger arrivals of immigrants here this winter than ever before. Mr. Thomas is well known here and thoroughly esteemed, and is sure of a hearty welcome when he meets his friends. A number of his associates are not new to the people of St. John, so that they may look for a cordial reception.

Bicyclists and all athletes depend on BENTLEY'S Liniment to keep their joints limber and muscles in trim.

JEWELRY, Etc.

FERGUSON & PAGE,

Have in stock and daily receiving additions to their lines of Watches, Fine Jewelry, Gold Silver and Silver Plated Goods, Cases of Pearl Handle Dessert and Fish Bating Knives and Forks, Carving Sets, etc.

At 41 King Street.

FRESH GROUND BONE.

Tender Loins, Sausage and Sausage Meat.

VENISON.

Ontario Beef, Poultry etc. Lettuce and celery. Vegetables of all kinds.

S. Z. DICKSON COUNTRY MARKET.

MY ASSORTMENT OF

DINNER SETS

for the Christmas season is all new and made in the best and latest styles—body firm and durable, shapes graceful, colors unsurpassed, decorations in the best art.

O. H. WARWICK,

78 and 80 KING STREET.

LANDING:

- 400 Bags Middlings, 350 Bags Victor Feed, 100 Cases Canned Goods.

JAMES COLLINS,

210 Union Street.

MILLINERY.

An elegant display of all the latest styles in

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED

HATS, TOQUES and BONNETS, also Misses' and Children's Hats, trimmed and untrimmed Outing Hats and Walking Hats.

Corsets a specialty. Prices moderate. Inspection invited.

CHAS. K. GAMERON & CO.

77 King Street.

CHEAPEST

HARD

WOOD

IN TOWN.

J. S. FROST, 11 Union Street.

Telephone 256

The schooner "Rewa" with FIRST CARGO OF HARD COAL has arrived for

GIBSON & CO'S,

(Near N. Wharf), 6-12 Charlotte St.

Rev. J. F. Finen, D. D., of Manchester, N. H., arrived in the city yesterday to visit his mother.

F. R. PATTERSON

Cor. Charlotte and Duke Streets.

MAKE

CHILDREN

HAPPY

by bringing them to this store and showing them the wonderful assortment of TOYS we have here for their delight.

STORE OPEN EVENINGS

SPECIAL NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS!

Copy for Saturday's issues of the STAR must be sent in by Three-Thirty O'clock Friday Afternoons,

otherwise it is absolutely impossible to ensure a change for that issue, as the paper goes to press earlier on Saturdays than on other days of the week.

LOCAL NEWS.

Members of Court La Tour will attend the funeral of their late brother David McQuarrie tomorrow.

Two desirable rooms with good board can now be had at 125 Princess street, corner of Charlotte.

Members of the Haymarket Square Polymorphian Club will meet at Victoria Rink at 2.15 p. m. tomorrow for the purpose of attending the funeral of David McQuarrie.

You don't have to worry about your Xmas presents this year, they're here at unheard of prices, McLean's, 565 Main and 14 Dock streets.

The ladies of the companion court Wygoddy of the Independent Order of Foresters will give a social and entertainment in Foresters' Hall this evening.

Visit McLean's 5 and 10 cent store, 14 Dock street, only four weeks to Xmas. Why not buy your dolls, games and toys at McLean's, 565 Main and 14 Dock streets.

W. K. Reynolds, reported as seriously ill yesterday, shows a marked improvement today. Although Mr. Reynolds is not by any means out of danger his condition is not so precarious.

Archie Kirkpatrick of the Royal Bank Staff at Woodstock, has been transferred to the Truro branch. Mark Tapley has been promoted to Mr. Kirkpatrick's position as teller at Woodstock.

The West End Dramatic Club, which gave such a successful entertainment in City Hall, west end, recently, is being strongly urged to repeat their performance on the east side.

There will be a grand concert in the Temple of Honor Hall, north end, on Wednesday evening, under the auspices of Cullom Lodge, No. 36, L. O. E. A. A good programme has been prepared, consisting of vocal and instrumental music, from some of the best local talent. Also two side-splitting sketches, entitled The Doctor Shop and The New Man. A good, enjoyable evening is promised to all who attend.

The Chatham World says: Seals are very thick in the river just now. Near the Robicheau buoy, on Friday Capt. Bullick saw a school of nine bob up serenely in a cluster, and there were forty or more in sight. A very large one is on exhibition at Vancouver's. If their pelts would make the sealers' jackets with which the ladies adorn themselves, every steamer and boat in the river would soon be in the chase.

POLICE COURT.

Six headaches appeared before Magistrate Ritchie this morning, and in two of these cases the condition was by no means uncommon. James Harrington had been so overcome that it was found necessary to procure a sloop for his transport, to the lock-up.

Michael Kelly, another old familiar visitor, had been knocking around on Union street when he should have been in bed last evening. These two were remanded for sentence.

James McKay, a stranger in the city was taken in on North wharf. Jimmy Immond, who mixes mortar for a living, and mixes drinks for amusement, fell into the arms of the officers on Brussels street yesterday. James E. Cunningham nearly scared the wits out of a woman on Brussels street before the police got him. These three got four dollars or ten days each.

Charles Connors and William Chittick, who were found on the North Wharf, said they had never been arrested before and hoped they never would be again. They got off for two dollars each. Howard Mabce, a fifteen year old boy, was arrested by Officer Perry for shouting and yelling on Marsh Road. Mabce said maybe he had been shouting, and admitted that he was with a crowd. He was fined two dollars.

Henry Gloss, who appeared before the court yesterday, brought forward a number of witnesses this morning, all of whom gave evidence against the prisoner. Gloss's sister, who had been struck by him, said her tears which had sprinkled Ludlow street, Carleton, were due to toothache and not to the blow received from Henry. Officer White appeared for the prosecution and said that Gloss had boasted of drinking nine glasses of Irish gin, a new liquor on the market, on Saturday evening. The prisoner was fined \$16 or two months in jail.

Charles Hubbard denied that he had been shouting on Prince William street between eleven and twelve o'clock last night, and after half an hour of explanation was allowed to go.

CONCERT AT THE MISSION.

On Thursday evening at the schoolhouse of the Mission church, Paradise Row, Villiers St. George's Song Cycle, the words from Tenby's "Princess," will be sung by a quartette, under the direction of Mr. James E. Ford. This will be preceded by a concert in which J. A. Kelly, Mrs. Schofield and a male quartette will take part.

THE SCOTT ACT.

Rev. W. H. Robinson of Fredericton has laid complaints of violation of the Scott Act against Thomas Hayes of St. Mary's for a second offence and against Thomas Hart of the same place for a first offence. Mr. Hart acknowledged the offence at the police court yesterday afternoon, and the trial of the charge against Mr. Hayes is now going on.

THE EXHIBITION.

Meeting of the Directors This Afternoon.

Manager Hubbard's Report Shows a Good Balance on Hand.

A business meeting of the directors of the Exhibition Association is being held this afternoon in the association rooms on St. John street. At this meeting W. W. Hubbard, manager of the exhibition, presented the following report, which deals briefly with the recent fair and contains a condensed financial statement.

For the first time in many years a tidy surplus takes the place of the accustomed large deficit. With the congratulations going to Manager Hubbard, whose enterprise, energy and business ability have made such a state of affairs possible, there should go also some recognition of the painstaking careful work and untiring courtesy shown by his assistants, F. M. Scandlers and John F. Gleason.

Following is the report: To the Executive Committee of the Exhibition Association of the City and County of St. John: Gentlemen,—I beg herewith to submit for your consideration a short report upon the exhibition held by your association from the 30th August to 6th September last.

In previous years our dates have been later in the month, and it was only because these dates had been taken by other exhibitions that we changed. However, viewed from almost every aspect, the early date has been satisfactory. Even the roots and vegetables were surprisingly well developed and made a display quite equal to that made at Halifax ten days later.

The fruit exhibit suffered both in quantity and quality, and is rather questionable whether, at such an early date, anything but the "early fruits" should be placed on the prize list.

The display of live stock was the largest and choicest aggregation of maritime province stock ever got together here. No Quebec nor Ontario live stock was shown as in previous years, and our sheds and pens were filled to overflowing with the exhibits of our maritime provinces. The only exhibits coming from outside were the French coach and standard bred and Cleveland Bay horses from Lewiston and Calais, and some poultry from the latter place.

The growth in exhibits of pure bred horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry from the stockmen of the maritime provinces has been most marked, and the probability is that the live stock accommodation we now have will be quite inadequate for future exhibitions.

The prize list for 1902 totalled \$5,436.25; the cost of the judges \$376.75, a total for the department of \$5,813.00, against a total of \$6,077.14 in 1900, when the judges cost \$432.

The prizes were this year distributed as follows:— New Brunswick \$2,841.60 Nova Scotia 1,424.20 Prince Edward Island 591.25 Maine 453.20

The receipts and expenditures were as follows:—

Table with columns: INCOME, PROVINCIAL GRANTS, EXPENDITURES. Includes items like Gates and tickets, Railways (about), Special privileges, etc.

On account of old indebted- For 1902 1,663.64 City grant for 1902 2,000.00 3,663.64

Overdraft Bank of Montreal received from provincial grant 5,292.73 Office salaries, labor and police 411.85 Prizes and Judges 5,875.64 Amusements 3,980.29 Advertising, printing, etc. 2,438.83 Postage and telegrams 413.01 Jamaica exhibit 150.94 Lodging bureau 101.12 Freight and cartage 283.28 Grounds and buildings 2,515.72 Insurance 482.48 Lightings 600.00 Machinery hall 490.91 Miscellaneous 774.29 Engine, boiler, etc. 1,084.00

Account unenumerated and not presented 200.00 236,566.03 Surplus 839.25

TOMORROW'S CONCERT.

The soloists at the production of the sacred cantata Ruth, to be given at Trinity church tomorrow evening, are Miss Allison Knight, who will sing the music allotted to Ruth; Miss Shant, Naomi, and Mr. Hall, Boaz.

As the church and choir were desirous of making this first of the series to be given this winter complimentary to their organist, R. P. Strand, the silver collection will be handed to him, and it is hoped that a most liberal response will be made.

The doors of the church will be opened at 7.30 p. m.

THAT GRAND MANAN STEALING.

Additional evidence is being received by the Star regarding the stealing of fishermen's nets at Grand Manan, and schooner captains agree in stating that the evil exists in a greater degree than is generally believed. Addison Thompson, captain of the schooner Hustler, is only one of many whose losses have been brought to the notice of the Star. While Capt. Thompson is by no means the heaviest loser, his extra expense due to the cutting drift or stealing of nets, is no small amount. The name of Capt. Charles Hawkins is freely mentioned as being that of a heavy loser.

SCHOONER SUNK.

Collided With Str. Prince Rupert This Afternoon.

Minnie C. Carried by Current Struck and Sank Immediately.

The schooner Minnie C., bound from St. John for Grand Manan was sunk between twelve and one o'clock today right off the D. A. R. wharf at Reed's Point.

It appears that the schooner had moved out from her moorings at South Wharf and was dropping down the harbor under full sail on her way to Grand Manan. Only a light breeze was blowing and this was not sufficient to counteract the force of the cross current which sweeps down the harbor to Reed's Point. The schooner was gradually carried toward the shore and in spite of the efforts of her crew she was forced against the steamer Prince Rupert, which was lying at the wharf. The Minnie C. struck the steamer side on, her rail being forced under the paddle box of the Rupert and several of her planks crushed in. The force of the current against the outer side of the schooner's hull forced her down and she gradually listed outward, until within a minute or two after the collision the vessel was forced sufficiently low for the water to flow in. When this happened she turned completely over and went down. Scarcely five minutes elapsed after the collision until the schooner was out of sight and the men on board had all they could do to save themselves by jumping to the qaddle-box of the steamer. They were unable to save anything more than a few articles of clothing.

The Minnie C. was eighteen tons register and was owned by Howard Lahey and William Sparks of North Head, Grand Manan. She carried a crew of seven men, Howard Lahey, William Sparks, Frank Avery, Archibald Taylor, William Whelpley, Henry Orff and Samuel Thomas. These men had spent the season on the schooner, fishing off Grand Manan, and came to St. John a few days ago for the purpose of selling their catch. Having disposed of their money in provisions and supplies, which were placed on board the schooner, this was the only cargo she carried, and it represented almost the entire season's work of the men. They were unable to save any of their goods. The men, who all belong to North Head, Grand Manan, will return to their homes by the Amora tomorrow.

The Prince Rupert was not damaged.

GILBERT-DE FOREST.

St. James' church was the scene of a very pretty event at 11.15 this morning, when Rev. A. D. Dewdney united in marriage Miss Frances Small, deForest, eldest daughter of S. S. deForest, of Duke street, to Walter Gilbert, of Chatham, N. B.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a navy blue broadcloth costume, trimmed with white and with white collar, blue and white hat, and carried a white prayer book. She was attended by Miss Louise McMillan, who wore pale grey voile, with white and pink trimmings, black chiffon hat, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations. The groom was supported by William Bowman. The choir was present, and rendered Rest in the Lord, and Mr. Collinson, who presided at the organ, played Mendelssohn's Wedding March, and the wedding march from Lohengrin. Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert left on the noon train for a trip to Halifax and through Nova Scotia, and will live in Chatham. The bride's presents were numerous and beautiful.

LOST AT SEA.

The sailor McLatchey, whose loss at sea was reported in the Star yesterday, was a brother of H. G. McLatchey of the Junior class at the U. N. B. In July last young Mr. McLatchey and a friend took passage upon a brig, which was leaving Hillsboro, their home, for a trip to England. The vessel was due on this side some days ago, and a cablegram has been received from Bermuda stating that the vessel was there for repairs, having experienced rough weather on the voyage, and that Arthur McLatchey and the mate had been lost overboard.

SAFETY BOARD.

At the meeting of the board of safety yesterday afternoon Scovill Bros. & Co.'s tender for policemen's clothing was accepted.

Director Wisely was instructed to provide a light for the ambulance. It was decided to ask the police to provide after people guilty of throwing refuse on the streets.

Ald. Tufts called attention to the dangerous condition of the crossing at the corner of Princess and Germain streets. It was decided to have the electric light at that corner placed on an arm.

A FAIR SPECIMEN.

The Star has repeatedly called the attention of the safety board to the dangerous condition of the pavement at the corner of Princess and Germain streets, where on account of the uneven height of the curb, the crossing is most dangerous. This matter was taken up at the meeting of the board of safety yesterday, and it was decided to have the electric light at the corner placed on an arm. By this most ingenious method of lowering the projecting curb pedestrians, who happen to fall will be more easily able to see to pick themselves up.

COMFORTS OF RELIGION.

(London Gentlewoman.) Swift is the development of the churches. The nonconformists, it seems to me, are developing the social side of religious life most quickly. Thus at the King's Weight House Chapel, in London, where the able Dr. Hunter ministers, there is, underneath the chapel, a very comfortable and attractive drawing-room, well warmed, lighted and furnished. A piano is provided, cosy lounging chairs abound, and a general air of calm prevails. This, I am told, is intended for the use of young men, who, after evening service is over, can remain, if they please, to enjoy books, music and a quiet hour.

WRAPPER SALE.

No Wrapper Sale which we have ever held contained such startling values as this. These wrappers are cut on the newest lines of the best fleece back flannel, neat figure, stripe and fancy effects, trimmed in the newest way. For quality of material, fit, finish, fullness and style of the garment, our previous wrapper values have been exceeded in this year's sale.



Prices \$1.29, 1.63 and 1.98.

Morrell & Sutherland.

29 Charlotte St. Opp. Y. M. C. A.

ONE CAR LOAD FURNITURE!

We are opening this week a car load of Bedroom Suites and Sideboards.

Bedroom Suites from \$11.70 upwards. Sideboards from 10.80 upwards. All new goods at lowest prices.

CHAS. S. EVERETT.

91 CHARLOTTE STREET.

SHOOTING SUPPLIES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Guns to Hire at Reasonable Rates. Boxing Gloves, Punching Bags, Indian Clubs, Dumb Bells, etc.

KEE & BURGESS, SPORTING GOODS.

195 UNION STREET (Near Opera House) St. John, N. B.

The Wedding Bells Rang Out

All the more merrily because relatives and friends of the bride had presented her with many articles of tableware purchased here. We have outdone ourselves this year, and can offer some real beauties. Nothing to be ashamed of, plenty to be proud of, here.

C. F. BROWN,

501-5 Main Street.

ABATTOIR SITE APPROVED.

Board of Works Committee Inspect and Are Reporting Favorably Today.

At the meeting of the board of public works this afternoon the sub-committee appointed to inspect the suggested new location for the proposed abattoir will report favorably to the site. The members of the committee visited the place Saturday and carefully inspected the surroundings, and, though no formal report has been made out, it is understood that they will be unanimous in their approval.

The new site, unlike the one first proposed on the city side of the Marsh Creek, is practically isolated. It is situated on that property of Gilbert's between Egbert road and the Red Head road and adjoining the old Church of England burying ground.

The location at present favored by the syndicate who propose to erect the abattoir is east of the burying ground and to the northward of Dutchman's Brook, just back of the huge ledge of rock that attracts the attention of passer along Westmorland road. But the negotiations with the owners of the property are by no means concluded, and it is doubtful if their approval can be obtained. Mr. Gilbert, it is understood, desires the company to locate its buildings on the opposite side of the brook and immediately back of the burying ground.

The matter will be fully discussed this afternoon, and it is believed that the board will endorse the committee's report an dexpress itself favorably to the abattoir as proposed by the company in which Messrs. Purdy and Doody are interested.

WEST INDIA LINE.

The "Ocano" left St. Kitts at 2 p. m. yesterday for Bermuda, and will be due here on Wednesday, 3rd prox.

NIGHT CLASSES

—IN— ELEMENTARY AND ADVANCED ARITHMETIC.

Special course under first class teacher. Open every night (Saturday excepted).

THE CURRIE BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

29 Canterbury Street.

STOCK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Wall street—Opening prices were slightly below yesterday's closing. In the secondary transactions further losses were noted, reaching a point in St. Paul and 1/2 in N. Y. Central. Manhattan opened quiet and unchanged, but lost 3/4, and a similar decline occurred in Amalgamated.

COTTON. NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Cotton futures opened weak. November, nominal; Dec. 8 1/2; Jan. 8 1/2; Feb. 8 3/4; March 8 3/4; April 8 3/4; May, 8 3/4; June, 8 3/4; July, 8 1/2; Aug., 8 1/2.

DAILY QUOTATIONS

Furnished by W. S. Barker, Broker and Nov. 25, 1902.

Table of daily quotations for various commodities including Amalgamated Copper, Am Sugar Refining, etc.

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