

CROSS AND BUCHANAN HAVE RESIGNED FROM GOVERNMENT

Attorney-General and Minister Without Portfolio, Have Withdrawn From the Rutherford Administration.

CROSS GIVES REASON FOR TENDERING HIS RESIGNATION

Cushing Declares He Did Not Accept and Then Reject Premier's Invitation to Re-enter the Cabinet.

In Statement He States Positively That He Did Not Give Premier Rutherford to Understand He Would Re-enter the Cabinet—Cross Says Premier Stated to Miss Cushing Had Been Asked to Re-enter Cabinet and Had Accepted—Premier Refuses to Make Statement.

The past twenty-four hours have witnessed sensational developments in the political situation unprecedented in the history of this province or in the whole Dominion of Canada, and even those in closest touch with the conditions are unable to predict what will occur in the next day or two. It seems certain there will be a general election within the next few weeks.

As a thunderbolt from a clear blue sky came the announcement yesterday afternoon that Hon. C. W. Cross had resigned as attorney general, followed by the resignation of his deputy, Sydney B. Woods. Hon. Mr. Cross gives as his reason for his resignation that he had been informed by the premier that Hon. W. H. Cushing had been asked to re-enter the cabinet and had accepted.

This morning Hon. W. A. Buchanan, minister without portfolio and slated for the position of minister of municipalities, tendered his resignation to the premier.

This morning a meeting of the resigning members of the cabinet was held at the premier's office. There were present Hon. A. C. Rutherford, Hon. Duncanson Marshall and Hon. W. A. Buchanan. The premier, after a short session, the premier went up town to the King Edward Hotel, where it is understood he had another conference with the ex-minister of public works.

It was reported among the members at the Legislative halls this morning that both Messrs. Marshall and Lessard had resigned, but each positively refused to make any statement to the Bulletin as to what was the result of the meeting.

The premier's lips closed. Premier Rutherford refused to discuss the situation this morning and when asked with reference to the resignations of the members of the cabinet reiterated several times, "I have absolutely nothing to say."

It is altogether likely that he will make a statement in the Bulletin this afternoon, explaining the situation and probably announcing the resignations of the attorney general and the minister without portfolio.

Attorney General's Statement.
Hon. C. W. Cross made the following statement to the Bulletin—

"In view of the fact that the premier informed me that he had asked Hon. W. H. Cushing to become a member of his cabinet, and that Mr. Cushing had accepted, I could not, under any circumstances, remain a member of the Alberta government."

The attorney general had no further comment to offer on the situation. He did not know what had taken place between the premier and Mr. Cushing.

Hon. W. H. Cushing's Statement.
Hon. W. H. Cushing's statement was as follows—

"When I came up from the buildings yesterday afternoon I found the premier waiting for me at the hotel. He intimated that he had something to say to me and we went to my room. Here he made the proposal that if I would re-enter the cabinet Mr. Cross would resign."

"I told him that whatever my feelings might be in regard to a matter of that kind, the matter had gone too far for him and me to go into a room and settle it between ourselves. I told him that my opinion was that nothing would satisfy the men who had stood out against the agreement, or the country, but a clean-up. I intimated that owing to my personal friendship for him I would be willing to sacrifice myself in any way if that would save the situation, but that I could not see how the course he proposed would help matters."

Could Not See It That Way.
"I told him I would tell the other members who had been opposing the agreement what he had said; that I had not tried to influence them in any way and was not going to try to do so. He seemed to think that if I would go back that would settle the whole trouble, but I told him I could not see it that way."

"I met him again in the evening in the office of the lieutenant governor, where we discussed the matter again with exactly the same result. I said then that so far as I could see there was only one solution. I said I would have a meeting with the members oppos-



HON. C. W. CROSS Who Tendered His Resignation as Attorney-General to the Premier Yesterday Afternoon.

ing the agreement and submit the matter to them.

"I did not make any statement to the press last night and did not allow the other opposing gentlemen to make any statement. I considered the communication to the press as private. However, as a report has been circulated that I agreed to re-enter the cabinet, and then backed down again, it is right that the public should know the facts of the case."

Made No Such Statement.
"In never in any language or in any way told him or gave him to understand that I would go back. And I do not believe the premier ever said I told him so."

"I have been wrongly regarded in some quarters as leading an opposition movement against the government. I have done nothing of the kind, and am not doing anything of the kind. I merely took my stand on a matter with which I could not agree with the government, and the other members of the House took their stand without any influence on my part. I have been blamed in other quarters even for not having canvassed the members and tried to get a majority against the government."

Hon. W. A. Buchanan's Statement.
Hon. W. A. Buchanan, minister without portfolio, had nothing to say in connection with the reasons for his resignation. "I have resigned," was the terse answer he gave to a series of questions.

Hon. Duncanson Marshall, minister of agriculture, and Hon. P. E. Lessard, minister without portfolio, refused to be interviewed.

Sydney B. Woods's Statement.
Sydney B. Woods, deputy attorney general, referring to his resignation, stated that he had interviewed Premier Rutherford yesterday afternoon and asked permission to resign. He informed the premier that he has received persistent overtures from two corporations who desire to secure his services, one of which offers an emolument three times the stipend attached to the position of deputy attorney general, which is \$3,500. The premier consented to Mr. Woods's

withdrawal, all of the legislation contemplated by the attorney general's department now being before the House, and the affairs of the department cleaned up.

Means an Election.
Dr. Warnock, Pincher—"I think that it will mean an entire new government. I don't think that the province will stand for Premier Rutherford after the developments of the past few weeks."

J. R. Boyle, Sturgeon—"I can't see that there can be anything but a new election under the circumstances. It will be impossible to select a government that will have the endorsement of the electorate until after an election."

E. H. Riley, Gleichen—"I do not know what the end will be. I expect that the premier will make a statement to the House this afternoon and then we will be able to form some idea of what the result will be."

Conservative Member's Statement.
Geo. Hendley, Okotoks—"We must have a new premier. The country will not stand for the iniquitous transaction that has been put through with the Alberta and Great Westways."

Roddy, L. Shaw, Stettin—"I am not worrying about the result. My skirts are clean and I am willing to go back to the people at any time on my action on this matter in support of the Rutherford administration."

R. B. Bennett—"I do not think it would be proper for me, occupying the position I do, to make a statement at present. I expect that the premier will announce the resignations of his ministers this afternoon and then I may give my views on the situation."

BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT.
Regina School Teacher Sues Lanigan Farmer for \$5,000.

Saskatoon, Sask., March 8.—In the Supreme Court a case was slated for today in which Caroline Kehoe, school teacher, Regina, sues Michael Hayes, farmer, Lanigan, for breach of promise of marriage and \$5,000 damages. Both parties are 25 years of age and are Roman Catholics. The plaintiff alleges that the promise was made in 1908, when both were residents in the east.

The defendant submits that the promise was purely conditional, that he never has been, nor is yet in a position to marry, and that owing to the failure of his crops in 1907 and 1908, he is without means, further that he has never refused to marry the plaintiff. Sixty letters of a sentimental nature written by Hayes will come in as evidence. Hayes himself received many letters from Miss Kehoe but destroyed the bulk of them.

Messrs. Turgon and Cull are appearing for the plaintiff, and Mr. Benne, Lanigan, for the defendant.

Wants Marriage Restricted.
Toronto, Mar. 8.—That the government should make it necessary for every person obtaining a marriage license to pass a medical examination is the proposal of Rev. R. J. Hutcheon, pastor of the Jarvis Street Unitarian church, in an address to the Canadian Society assembled at the University of Toronto. He was stamped by the circulating campaign of the "single taxers," and pointed to the United States' rejection of Henry George's ideas. If there was unearned value in land, there was also in personal property, he asserted.

HON. W. A. BUCHANAN Who Tendered His Resignation as Minister Without Portfolio This Morning.

GREATEST IMMIGRATION MOVEMENT IN HISTORY.

Montreal, Mar. 8.—The steamship companies report unprecedented demands for berths from European points to Montreal. They look for the greatest movement up the St. Lawrence in the history of Canada. Many thousands of Scandinavian avians are expected.

END IS NOT YET IN THE NAVAL DEBATE

There Are Still a Number of Members Who Desire to Speak on This Question in the Federal House. Division on Second Reading is Postponed.

Ottawa, Mar. 8.—The naval debate did not come to a close tonight, although the party whips last week had proposed a division on the second reading should take place at today's sitting of the House. It was found that there were still a number of speakers desiring to be heard and a division is not likely to occur before late on Wednesday night and perhaps till Thursday morning.

The speakers today were Messrs. Clare, Reid, (Greenville), Beattie and Smythe, on behalf of the Conservatives, and Neely, Gervais, Gladu and Seguin for the government. Mr. Logan moved the adjournment on behalf of Mr. Emmerson, former minister of railways. Apart from the naval debate no business of importance engaged the attention of the House.

Opposition Not Present.
When the Lumsden investigation was resumed this morning it was observed that three Conservatives of the minority were not present, Messrs. Houghton, Bennett, Barker and T. W. Crothers at last meeting withdrew from committee on the ground that they were not allowed to appoint a counsel to represent the public commission, having named R. C. Smith, K.C., to represent these interests. However, the committee appointed Wallace Nesbitt, K.C., of Toronto, to represent the public.

This morning Victor Geffroy, chairman of the committee, and Mr. Nesbitt stated their inability to undertake the duties. The committee therefore adjourned till this morning.

J. H. Moss, K.C., of Toronto, and J. R. Boyle, Sturgeon, were engaged to represent the district. Mr. H. H. Chrysler, who was then present, intimated that he had no knowledge of the matter which the committee was to investigate, and he would represent the district.

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RUSH WILL BE TO NORTH THIS YEAR

J. Bruce Walker, Immigration Commissioner, Says People Will Flood North This Year.

That Edmonton will be a strategic point in the immigration into Western Canada in the present year, is the opinion held by J. Bruce Walker of Winnipeg, Canadian commissioner of immigration. Mr. Walker was in the city on Saturday to inspect the local office of the immigration bureau, and left yesterday on his return to Winnipeg. While in Edmonton he expressed the opinion that there would be a greater influx into Edmonton district this year than ever before.

The chief reason for this was that almost all available land in the southern portion of the province had been taken up last year and the tide of immigration would have to turn elsewhere during 1910. Mr. Walker stated that it had been necessary last year to extend more aid to immigrants into Saskatchewan than to Alberta immigrants. The inference of which course is that a better class of settlers are coming to Alberta than to Saskatchewan.

Mr. Walker expects to see a large number of Welshmen settle in Canada this year. An office has been established in Wales and immigration propaganda has been actively carried on amongst the miners. The bulk of European immigration will in all probability come this year as last, from Germany and Scandinavia. No diminution is expected in the immigration from the United States.

PASSENGERS' STORY OF GREAT AVALANCHE

Trains Held by Rogers' Pass Slides Reached Vancouver, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cole, of Edmonton, Were Rescuers of a Party Which Escaped Miraculously Being Overwhelmed.

Vancouver, B.C., March 8.—One hundred and fifty passengers on the two trains which were stalled by the Rogers Pass slides reached Vancouver early this morning.

"They bring stories of the avalanche and the miraculous escape of train No. 75 as told by C. G. Anderson and his companion, A. G. Clark, both commercial travellers of Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Cole, of Edmonton, who were also among the passengers arriving this morning add features to the awful story.

"Bad luck it was as if a miracle that was not infinitely worse," said Anderson, interesting a number of guests all coming to Vancouver on Thursday of the Pacific division of the Canadian Pacific.

"I have been over the continent several times and have seen many slides but I never saw anything so gigantic as this and no railway catastrophe was as well handled."

Equally graphic was the description of the scenes and incidents at the slide given by Messrs. N. S. Inglis, of Montreal, and W. G. Waddell, of New York. Their own train itself and its 150 passengers, including about 30 ladies and children, had a remarkably close call from destruction.

"We were six hours late leaving Winnipeg and three hours late leaving Calgary. In this circumstance we may partly owe our safety," said Mr. Waddell. "Friday afternoon just as the train was nearing Bear Creek station there was a succession of slides and fell under the car, both feet and the left hand being cut off, late last night in the C.P.R. yards. His companion, a white lantern fall, heard a scream signalled the switch crew to stop, and picked up Davidson, who is in a precarious condition at the hospital. He is aged 26, and spent three months in the Old Country after leaving the police force. He has been in his present position but three months."

POTTS OF WINNIPEG DEAD.
His Case Against the C.P.R. for \$20,000 Will Still Go On.

Winnipeg, Mar. 8.—Private advices state that G. A. E. Potts, who was taken off the blockaded No. 97 at Field, B. C., died there tonight. Potts' evidence has been already taken in his famous suit against the C.P.R. for \$20,000 for setting the machinists' strike, and it is not thought his death will materially affect the suit.

Distinguished Prelates Coming.
Montreal, Que., Mar. 8.—Monsieur Hellen Bishop Namur, president of the permanent committee of the Eucharistic congress, has written Archbishop Brocheux confirming the statement that his eminence, Cardinal Vincent Vanutelli will be present at the forthcoming congress in Montreal as a representative of the Pope. With the Cardinal Legate there also will come from Rome several distinguished cardinals and bishops, including the Cardinal Secretary of State, the Cardinal Secretary of the Roman Catholic church, Monsignor Laurent Janssens, secretary of the religious congregation and celebrated orator, and Very Rev. Father Lepicic, Emiratus Professor of Dogma at the University of Rome. There will be several pilgrimages from Italy, Belgium, England and France.

AGENTS LOOTED PUBLIC PROPERTY

French Government Swindled Out of Proceeds From Sales of Confiscated Church Property.

Paris, March 8.—By the arrest on a charge of embezzlement of M. Duez, a government liquidator of the Catholic congregations, which were dissolved by the law of 1901, one of those great financial scandals which have marked the history of the third French republic has at last forced its way on the public attention. While it is not as big as the Panama affair, the probabilities are that it will dwarf the Humbert scandal and others of recent years.

M. Duez was employed to sell certain of the confiscated properties of the religious orders, whose aggregate value at the time of the confiscation was announced to be in the neighborhood of \$200,000,000. Duez was the official liquidator of ten congregations, which included the Redemptorists, the Oblates, Oratorians, Ladies of St. Maur, and the Brothers of Christian schools, which latter has 1,600 establishments in France and Algeria.

According to an official statement issued tonight, M. Duez has confessed that he has lost in house speculations over five million francs (1,000,000) of the proceeds of his sale of the ecclesiastical properties. This tremendous shortage will not, however, close the scandalous reports, for it is charged that lawyers employed in the liquidations have misused the government in other enormous sums in excessive fees.

The eye of suspicion has been directed towards M. Duez for some time and some months ago M. Briand, who was the minister of justice, reported to parliament that the work of three liquidators of church property would bear watching.

Duez was one of the three, and an investigation of his accounts was undertaken. He succeeded in putting off the final exposure by requests for delay, but the investigators finally broke into drastic action and his arrest followed.

At the time sequestration it was stated with much political effect that \$200,000,000, which represented the hospitals, schools and convents of the various religious orders would be turned over to the state and used to pay the old age pensions to the surviving classes. If this property has been sold, or is now being sold by the various public officials, naturally the political and political lawyers were not idle and the speculations have eaten up a good part of the proceeds. The minister of justice in his latest report dealing with the sales effected in 1908, disclosed some amazing facts. Thus the sale of the sales of all these houses, forty-three brought in absolutely not one penny—everything went in thousands. The fees paid the agents have run up into the hundreds of thousands of dollars. Among those whose names figure in the official list of the sales are the names of the Socialist minister, with his secretaries. The names of many other deputies appear.

La Libre Parole printed an article which headed "Theft of the goods of the Church," while L'Eclair and other papers demanded to know what has become of the vanished millions of the monks. The report of 1908 also shows that the sales of church property were effected. They brought in a little over \$500,000. The total amount of sales so far approximately \$5,000,000 and this pretty nearly covers all the property which was estimated as being worth \$200,000,000. People are beginning to ask where the money has gone. Newspapers have been making the most extraordinary statements, backed up by figures, of certain pieces of property which were knocked down on a single bid. Other big properties were sold at ridiculous prices.

La Libre Parole instances the sale of the historic Hotel Biron, in Paris, which was formerly a monastery with huge gardens of immense value and which was bought in at only one-fourth its value. The paper declared a similar deal was being made for the property of the Sacre Coeur. It really looks as though two hundred million dollars worth of church property has vanished into thin air.

Appropos of excessive charges, one of the liquidators of confiscated property brought in a report in June, 1909, showing that the cost of selling a particular piece of property was nearly double the amount realized from the sale.

Governor Haskell Assessed Costs.
Oklahoma City, Okla., Mar. 8.—Governor Haskell's failure to appear in the United States district court here today caused the court to assess costs of \$75 against him. This represents the expenses of Charles N. Loder in coming from New York City to Oklahoma City to be present at the calling of the case wherein Loder sues Haskell for an adjudgment of \$10,000 obtained in New York several years ago. The case may be tried during this term of court.

Kaiser's Son to Enter Navy.
Berlin, March 9.—Prince Joachim of Prussia, youngest son of the Kaiser, has decided to enter the navy on his graduation from the School of

CITIES DESIRE FINAL SAY ON FRANCHISES

Important Meeting in Ottawa at Which Resolution was Passed, Asking Parliament to Make All Chartered Franchises Subject to Approval of Municipalities.

Ottawa, Ont., Mar. 8.—At a meeting held here today of the mayors and representatives of the large cities of Canada, a resolution was passed declaring that in order to prevent confusion of the plans of operation and of different controls (provincial, federal and civic) and to prevent injury to local franchises, it is essential that all plans of railway or telegraph companies be granted rights by parliament, except the plans be subject to the consent of the municipalities, expressed by by-law.

The present meeting included Mayor Guerin and Controller Wanklyn of Montreal; Mayor Geary and Controller Spence, Ward and Church, Toronto; Mayor Henslow, Ottawa; Mayor Pelletier, Fort William; F. P. Chrysler, K.C., representing Winnipeg; M. S. McCarthy, M. P., representing Calgary; and W. D. Light, K.C., secretary, George S. Wilton, assistant secretary, and Fred Cook, past president, of the mayors of Halifax, Victoria, Vancouver and Port Arthur gave their assent to the resolution by telegraph.

BIG CROWDS PREVENTED DUEL
Seconds Were so Harassed That They Could Not Make the Distance.

Rome, Mar. 8.—Deputy Chiesa was to have fought a duel with General Forde, under secretary of state for war at Fort Sempino yesterday, owing to the former's references to Mme. Selms as a foreign spy in the chamber of deputies last week. Forde was the first of the four antagonists arrived at the meeting place. They found several thousand people, photographers, etc., there, and windows of nearby houses filled with spectators. The police were marked the seconds that they could not make the distance. They then sought another ground, the crowd followed in carriages, bicycles and other conveyances, compelling the adversaries to postpone the meeting until this afternoon as the police intervened.

FELL UNDER MOVING CAR.
Ex-Mounted Policeman Meets Terrible Accident at Fort William.

Fort William, Ont., Mar. 9.—While checking car seals on a train being made up, Ronald Davidson, ex-R.N.W.M.P. policeman, slipped and fell under the car, both feet and the left hand being cut off, late last night in the C.P.R. yards. His companion, a white lantern fall, heard a scream signalled the switch crew to stop, and picked up Davidson, who is in a precarious condition at the hospital. He is aged 26, and spent three months in the Old Country after leaving the police force. He has been in his present position but three months."

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Kaiser's Son to Enter Navy.
Berlin, March 9.—Prince Joachim of Prussia, youngest son of the Kaiser, has decided to enter the navy on his graduation from the School of

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MONDAY, Al to
CARD
BIGGAR & COWAN
Notaries, Etc.
Hon. C. W. Cross,
Attorney General,
Chants Bank,
Suits funds to loan,
Alta.
The Original and Only Genuine
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS SOLD ON THE MERITS OF MINARD'S LINIMENT
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RAYDON
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WITH THE FARMERS

THE LOCAL MARKETS.

Wheat at elevators, 78 to 82c per bus. Oats at elevators, 24c to 27c per bus. Feed wheat, 60c to 65c per bus. Bran, per cwt., \$1.15

Dairy Products. Dairy Butter, 25c to 30c per lb. Creamery Butter, 25c to 30c per lb. Eggs, 30c to 40c per dozen. Good Calves, 200 to 300 lbs., 3c to 3 1/2c. Good Calves, 125 to 200 lbs., 3c to 3 1/2c. Middles, 125 to 200 lbs., \$10 to \$12. Upland Hay, \$7 to \$9 per ton. Green feed, \$7 to \$9

Live Stock. Choice hogs, 150 to 250 lbs., 8 1/2c to 9c. Roughs and heavies, 6c to 7c. Good fat steers, 12 1/2c to 14c. Good fat steers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., 10c to 11c. Medium quality fat cows, 9c to 10c. Extra good fat heifers, 8c to 9c. Medium quality fat heifers, 7c to 8c. Extra good fat cows, 1,000 lbs., 8c to 9c. Bulls and Stags, 5c to 6c. Light weight, good and thin, not wanted.

Good Calves, 125 to 200 lbs., 3 to 3 1/2c. Spring Calves, 125 to 150 per lb. Dressing, 13c to 15c per lb. Hindquarters of beef, 4 1/2c to 7 1/2c per lb. Front quarters, 4c to 6c per lb. Dressing, 10c to 11c per lb. Choice Killing Lambs, 5c to 6c

Potatoes, 45 to 50c per bushel. Carrots, 65c per bushel. Turnips, 60c per bushel

TUESDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, March 8.—Another quiet and drab session was witnessed at one of the grain exchanges in the United States government report on the reserves of grain. Up to that hour the local pit was remarkable for its strength and steadiness, the May and July options having a range of only 1/4c, as compared with Chicago's variation of 1 1/2c in May and September and 1 1/2c in the July options. The government report, indicating 113,000,000 bushels in the farmers' hands, was construed bullishly and prompt bidding resulted and a new high level of \$1.07 in July was recorded. Prices were fairly well maintained and some brisk selling with fair trades caused options to recede 1/4c, the final close in May and July being 1/4c above the previous day's close. Cash wheat advanced 1/2 cent on a fair demand, continuing from Ontario. Local millers' interests continue to absorb their share of the daily arrivals, but export prices are away out of line and little is doing in this direction. With the publication of the government report, Chicago also advanced the former May pinnacle of \$1.13, giving place to the new level, \$1.13 for May and \$1.05 for September, from which it receded to \$1.12 1/2 and \$1.06 1/2 respectively. There was little doing in oats, the May option alone showing much movement, but this was again advanced. Winnipeg cash, 1.02; No. 2 Northern, 1.01; No. 3 Northern, 99; rejected 1-1 Northern, 98; rejected 1-2 Northern, 97; rejected 1-3 Northern, 96; rejected 1 Northern for seeds, 97; rejected 2 Northern for seeds, 95. Oats—No. 2 white, 34 1/2c; No. 3 white, 33c. Winnipeg options: Wheat—March close 1.08; May 1.05; 1.05 1/2; July 1.06 1/2, 1.06 1/2. Oats—March close 34 1/2c; May 36 1/2c; July 37 1/2c, 37 1/2c. Flax—March 1.59, 1.59; May 1.59, 1.59. American option: Chicago—May 1.10 1/2, 1.12 1/2; July 1.03 1/2, 1.05 1/2; September 99 1/2, 1.01. Minneapolis—May 1.13 1/2, 1.12; July 1.11, 1.12 1/2.

CHICAGO GRAIN MARKETS.

Chicago, Ills., March 8.—The day was a bull affair. Wheat advanced 1/2 to 1 1/2c but resting spots were 1/2c to 3/4c below the best prices reported. The reaction from the top notches late was on some rest and waiting profits. The government report was construed by the wheat trade as a bullish document, if for no other reason than that farm reserves are at 173,434,000 bushels, where a larger amount was generally looked for. The farmers' holdings a year ago were only 148,692,000 bushels, according to Secretary Wilson. Room traders were caught in the short side of the market when the government made its sharp and prices were bid up in a hurry manner only to say off some before the closing bell was rung out. The big wheat countries of Kansas were given renewed and persistent attention by crop reports and these reports were largely unfavorable, many of them persistently so. Captain J. M. Phillips wagered a large sum of money here today that the wheat crop of Kansas will not exceed 70,000,000 bushels. The captain hails from Newton, which is in the southwestern section of the sunflower state, where the crop is said to look weak. He reports large tracts as having been winter killed. Corn—There was a swift market in corn and price changes were of the sensational order. May selling between 6 1/2c and 6 3/4c and closing at 6 3/4c and showing a net gain of 1/2c. July range fell between 6 1/2c to 6 3/4c and set for the day at 6 1/2c, which was about 1/2c higher. Oats—Values followed corn. They were higher over and sold at around noon, after the report with other grains.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are safe, sure and reliable, and have been praised by thousands of women who have used them. They are sold through their gentle and curative properties. Sold by all dealers.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE BRINGS OUT 100,000

Strike Leaders in Philadelphia Street Car Trouble Are Satisfied With Result of the Call to Other Unionists to Protest Against Rapid Transit Company's Treatment of Men.

Philadelphia, Mar. 7.—The sympathetic strike called to help the cause of the street car employees who have been out for two weeks developed today an unexpected strength. Disregarding the extravagant claims of the strike leaders who said that between 125,000 and 150,000 workers had left loom and bench, and disregarding likewise the claims of the police that only 18,000 had quit, the leading newspapers of this city today made a report that the number of strikers would reach 100,000.

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DALAI LAMA SLEEPS UP HIGH

Deposed Head of Tibetan Government Received Feudally by Buddhists.

Darjiling, British India, Mar. 7.—The Dalai Lama, the religious head of the Buddhists, who fled from Lhasa, two weeks ago, and more recently was deposed as head of the Tibetan Government, arrived here yesterday afternoon. He was the object of a great display of religious fervor on the part of the Buddhists. A big procession of the faithful met the Tibetan Pope some distance from the city, and escorted him with grand ceremony. The Dalai Lama's progress was frequently hailed by hysterical women craving permission to touch the high priest's garments, or thrusting up babies to be blessed. The Dalai Lama and his suite were installed in the Druid Hotel, the Lama himself occupying the top floor, as it is permitted to sleep on a higher level than he. There is an altar in the corner of the room, and incense lamps burn incessantly before images of Buddha.

STARTLING VIEWS ON DIVORCE.

President of British Divorce Court Voices Some Grim Opinions.

London, March 7.—Lady Frances Balfour, sister-in-law of the Unionist leader and member of the Royal commission on divorce, yesterday gave the subject of divorce, took up the examination of Sir John Bigham, president of the divorce court, yesterday. Lady Frances took up the phrase, "A Wise Woman said: 'Why the hell, during his testimony Saturday in relation to a wife who shut her eyes to a moral lapse on the part of her husband, she said: 'Do you regard marriage as the weaker vessel, having less self-control than a wife?'" Sir John replied: "I do not think that is a very wise thing to say. I think that a man's nature is different in that respect."

FROM A SHADOW TO ROBUST HEALTH

Is the Change Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Made in a New Brunswick Woman.

Anemia—bloodlessness—is a trouble shared largely to women and growing girls. Its victims are pale; they lose all strength—the least exertion greatly fatigues them and they suffer continually from headaches and depressed spirits. Nothing will cure anemia so quickly or so surely as Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—they have cured thousands of cases, not only in Canada but throughout the whole world. They do this because they make good blood. Among those cured by these Pills is Mrs. T. Chalmer Hartley, East Florenceville, N.B., who says: "At the age of sixteen I fell away to a mere shadow. I had scarcely any blood and suffered from all the distressing symptoms of anemia. Doctors did not help me in the least, and sitting on the advice of a friend I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They effected a remarkable change in my condition; indeed, I really believe they saved my life, as I have been well and strong ever since I took them. I also recommended the Pills to a neighbor's daughter who was similarly run down, and they also completely restored her health."

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Ills., March 8.—The \$10.30 hog showed up today, other than as a mere runner, fifteen head of 250 pound barrows making the price. Several full loads were put over at \$10.25 and a lot of mixed hogs sold at \$10.45 to \$11.25. It was easily the highest market of the year at a 5c advance over yesterday, for which shipper and speculators were responsible. Packers sulked.

Cattle trade was steady, everything of decent quality being cleaned up. Hogs receipts, 36,000; market strong. Mixed and butchers, 9.75 to 10.30; good heavy, 10.05 to 10.25; rough heavy, 9.75 to 10.00; light, 8.75 to 10.15; pigs, 8.65 to 9.70; bulk, 10.00 to 10.15.

Cattle—Receipts 5,500; market steady. Beefsteaks, 10c to 11c; heifers, 9.60 to 10.50; stockers and heifers, 4.75 to 6.00. Texans, 5.25 to 6.50; calves, 7.00 to 9.50. Sheep—Receipts 1,400; market steady. Sheep, 5.00 to 8.10; lambs, 6.50 to 9.50.

FIGURES ABOUT RIOT.

Philadelphia, Mar. 7.—The number of men who have joined the 4,000 motormen and conductors. More than that number, according to the talk of those already on strike, will be out tomorrow. The impartial investigators found that the "sympathetic strikers" were divided about as follows: Building trades, 30,000; Hebrew trades, clothing, etc., 30,000; textile trades, 15,000; unskilled workmen depending on skilled textile unionists, 20,000; miscellaneous, 8,000. These figures may be taken as at least fairly accurate. Certainly there were no less than 75,000 or 80,000 idle men upon the streets at the beginning of the car men's strike. There was only one sizeable fight and not very much damage done in that.

EXPOSED TO CONNOR'S BILL.

Philadelphia, Mar. 7.—The position of the government in regard to the St. Lawrence river and the St. Lawrence Power company's bill is that it is unwise to pass any legislation which will complicate the position, or the hands of the government when it comes to decide on applications pending before it has to demand the St. Lawrence river at the Saberton Treaty. It cannot be in position to authorize the building of a transmission line, simply provided that the bill does come into force until proclaimed by the governor-general-in-council, but we think the bill should be confined to that alone. In this way the whole matter will be left to the responsibility of the government who, we trust, will see that the Long Sault Power scheme is not permitted to go through.

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INCUBATORS AND BROODERS

Have not put the hen out of business. She must still lay the eggs, but they do the rest. We sell the CHATHAM Incubators and Brooders. They come from an up-to-date factory, and are thoroughly reliable.

In 3 sizes—50 eggs, 100 eggs and 200 eggs. To be sold at big discounts for cash. A 50 egg Incubator for \$12.00.

The Bellamy Co.

Cor. Rice and Howard Street Phone 1353.

BIG CREDIT AUCTION SALE

The undersigned has received instructions from Mr. Jos. Hodgins to sell by Public Auction at his farm the S.E. 1/4 of Sec. 12, Twp. 33, R. 22, half mile south of Baker school in East Clover Park, on Thursday, March 17, the following:

HORSES. Span mares, 5 and 6 years, 2900 lbs. Span geldings, rising 4 years, 1100 and 1250 lbs. Span mare colts, rising 2 years, 2000 lbs.

CATTLE. 11 First class cows all supposed to be fresh in spring. 5 Heifers coming 3 years old, all with calf. 4 Steers coming 2 years old. 7 Spring calves.

PIGS. 3 Registered Shorthorn hulk coming 3 years old. 20 Pigs, about 3 months old. 60 Chickens.

MACHINERY. 2 McCormack Binders. 2 Mowers. McCormack rake. Massey, 17 shoe drill, nearly new. Sulkey plow. Walking plow. Set Iron Harrows. 2 Heavy wagons, one nearly new. 1 Set bob sleighs. 1 Chatham incubator a 4 breeder. 2 Sets of heavy harness. 1 Feed cooker.

FURNITURE. All household furniture including beds, tables, chairs, cupboard, utensils, etc. Together with hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms of Sale—All sums of \$50.00 and under and pigs, hay, grain and feed and potatoes to be cash, over that amount approved joint lien notes, due Dec. 1st next bearing interest at 8 per cent per annum with 5 per cent off for cash on credit accounts.

Lunch at 12 o'clock.

H. H. CRAWFORD AUCTIONEERS, STRATHCONA.

LIKE OLIVE BRANCH SHOT FROM CATAPULT

This is Manner in Which Earl Crew Characterizes Lords' Offer to Help Straighten Out Britain's Financial Tangle.

London, Mar. 7.—The House of Lords last evening passed the bill authorizing the government to borrow sums sufficient to meet part of the national expenditure pending the passage of the budget. Lord Lansdowne, leader of the opposition, attacked the ministry for imposing thus on the nation a system of temporary finance which will cost the taxpayers nearly \$10,000,000 a day for interest charges.

It was most unfair to the nation, he said, to withhold the budget. If it was wrong for the Lords to stop the budget, he asked why was it right for the government to do the same thing.

Lord Beveltoke, head of the great banking house of Baring Brothers, and other financial peers, joined in the criticisms.

Earl Crew, speaking for the government, refused to consider any compromise. He said something like a state of war existed between the Lords and the Commons. The latter would not receive from their position. The offer of the Lords to help straighten out the national finances was like an olive branch shot from a catapult.

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SIFTON STAYS HANDS OF POWER GRABBERS

Chairman of Conservation Commission Opposed to Bills Granting Privileges to Power Companies. Control of Waterways—Explains Position of Commission.

Ottawa, Mar. 7.—Hon. Clifford Sifton, chairman of the commission of conservation was interviewed this evening in regard to two bills which are pending before the House of Commons, the Long Sault Transmission bill and the St. Lawrence Power company's bill to authorize the building of a canal from Lake Superior to Lake Winnipeg and incidentally to develop power along the route.

Hon. Clifford Sifton said: "The position of the commission in regard to the St. Lawrence Power company's bill is that it is unwise to pass any legislation which will complicate the position, or the hands of the government when it comes to decide on applications pending before it has to demand the St. Lawrence river at the Saberton Treaty. It cannot be in position to authorize the building of a transmission line, simply provided that the bill does come into force until proclaimed by the governor-general-in-council, but we think the bill should be confined to that alone. In this way the whole matter will be left to the responsibility of the government who, we trust, will see that the Long Sault Power scheme is not permitted to go through."

Public Mute Protest. "What is your position in regard to the project?" "The position is that the promoters are doing everything possible to achieve their purposes and it is highly necessary that the press and people who are interested should make their opinions known. A point not heretofore mentioned in discussion of the bill, is that the promoters intend to build the canal which is the ostensible object of the bill. The cost would be prohibitive at the present stage of the country's development.

"No one suggests that money could be raised for such an undertaking. It is in making the necessary arrangements for a simply amount to giving blanket charter over the important waterways to a few individuals, and the benefit can accrue from such a proposition. Moreover, the fact that the waterways concerned are, in part, important international streams is a serious objection. Whatever may be said about inland waters there can be no question as to the fact that the St. Lawrence river is an international waterway. It would be a very serious mistake to admit any compromise of the rights of Canada under that treaty.

"What is your position in regard to the St. Lawrence waterways bill?" "I am opposed to it in its entirety. It cannot be seriously claimed that the promoters intend to build the canal which is the ostensible object of the bill. The cost would be prohibitive at the present stage of the country's development.

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NEWS OF THE DISTRICT

WABAMUM. Bulletin News Service. Mr. Kellogg holds his cash sale today. Geo. Wright is having a sale on the 12th. He will move with his family to British Columbia.

ATHABASCA LANDING. Bulletin News Service. S. L. Smith, of Grouard, was in the village a few days this week.

SION. Bulletin News Service. Saturday evening a party was held at this hall a whist drive, the first in this district; and a goodly number of players put in an appearance to try conclusions.

IRMA. Bulletin News Service. Rev. R. K. Swenson, B. D., officiated at quarterly services in Irma on Sunday, while Rev. H. M. Fritzsche of Irma held the joint service.

FORT SASKATCHEWAN. Bulletin News Service. The case of J. B. Perras came up before John Paul J.P. on Thursday afternoon. Mr. Perras was charged with voting illegally in the recent election for a separate Roman Catholic school on the 1st of February last in the Roman Catholic church here.

LEA PARK. Bulletin News Service. Although the dance and valentine sale held in Tring Schoolhouse on Friday, February 29th, was a splendid success as far as the social and financial sides were considered, it could scarcely be called a success in point of numbers, the principal cause being the absence of so large a proportion of the male population.

CLYDE. Bulletin News Service. A crowd meeting of the electors of the Clyde constituency of the Pembina riding was held at the Dunsmuir Non-Schoolhouse on Friday, the 29th of February, for the purpose of organizing a Farmers' Independent Political Association.

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CAMROSE. Bulletin News Service. Charlie Cameron, proprietor of the Windsor livery stable has rented his barn to Carl Levang, formerly proprietor of the Camrose barn.

VEGREVILLE. Bulletin News Service. The local Katherines put on their national play "The Old and the New Country" in the Town Hall, Thursday night.

TOFIELD. Bulletin News Service. The W.C.T.U. have formed a branch of the I.T. Legion amongst the young folk of the town.

TOFIELD. Bulletin News Service. The W.C.T.U. held their regular monthly meeting in the home of Mrs. Emery.

TOFIELD. Bulletin News Service. The meeting yesterday of the Lloydminster District Agricultural Society was mainly taken up with a prolonged discussion of the offer from the Lloydminster Athletic Association to lease the agricultural fair ground.

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TOFIELD-SPLITSIDE, goal; Jamieson, Cameron, cover; Haines, rover; Sutherland, centre; Ferguson, right; Diamond, left. Referee, Davidson. Judge of play, Young. Goal umpires, T. Schultz and R. Jackson.

LASSEIN. Bulletin News Service. Nipper Kobb, Camrose, balesmith, was in town this week with I. C. Schulstad.

ADROSSAN. Bulletin News Service. C. Parker sold his team of mules last week.

LLOYDMINSTER. Bulletin News Service. The meeting yesterday of the Lloydminster District Agricultural Society was mainly taken up with a prolonged discussion of the offer from the Lloydminster Athletic Association to lease the agricultural fair ground.

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Positions for Young Men. The TRADERS BANK OF CANADA is open to receive applications from fifty well-educated youths of good morals and manners between the ages of sixteen and twenty years.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA. Capital Authorized - \$5,000,000. Capital Paid Up - \$3,297,550. Rest and Undivided Profits - \$8,753,469. Special facilities for collections on any point in Canada or abroad.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE. HEAD OFFICE TORONTO. ESTABLISHED 1847. B. E. WALKER, President. Paid-up Capital, \$10,000,000. Reserve Fund, - 6,000,000. TRAVELLERS' CHEQUES.

National Trust Company Limited. MONEY TO LOAN. On improved farm property at lowest current rates. Low expense and no delay.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY & FARM PROPERTY. By The Independent Order of Foresters. Phone 1887. McMANUS BROS., Agents.

THE PION CLOTHES DRYER. IS THE ONLY PERFECT DRYER IN THE WORLD. It can be used on lawn, balcony or roof and hoisted, lowered and folded into single post, all on operating the one crank.

Billiard and Pool Tables, Bar Fixtures. Bowling Alleys, Cigar Store Fixtures. Billiard and Bowling Supplies. Large Stock Constantly on Hand.

BRUCE'S SEEDS. SEEDS THAT SATISFY—BRUCE'S—ESTAB'D 60 YEARS. SPECIAL OFFER. ALL POSTPAID. Bruce's Royal Nosegay Collection.

THE TRADERS BANK OF CANADA. TORONTO, ONT. 124. Capital fully paid - \$1,000,000. Reserve Fund - \$300,000.

THE ROYAL TRUST CO. MONTREAL. Capital fully paid - \$1,000,000. Reserve Fund - \$300,000.

THEY ACTUALLY CURE RHEUMATISM. Gin Pills Prove It. It is one thing to claim to cure Rheumatism. It is quite another to do it.

Gombault's Caustic Balsam. Was wanted to Give Satisfaction. Has Imitators But No Competitors. A Safe, Speedy and Positive Cure for Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, etc.

Seed Oats for Sale. Abundance and White Banners. Oats free from wild oats. Apply HENRY FRASER, Fur Buyer for McDougall & Co.

nd... must still... Brooders... and are... eggs... for cash... Co... Phone 1353... tion is the... any forms of... and of an... amount of... sery... orse's... dian... Pills... y tested by... years of use... proved a... certain cure... and troubles... a box... nton... er New Premises... They carry the... SEEDS in AL... S, GARDEN AND... ER SEEDS... one buying... Catalogue... SHALL & CO... SAVES HIM... Spavin Cure... SHIP YOUR HIDES FURS etc... MAN & CO... WINN, U. S. A... Public Morals... c... The real battle for countryside control declared by Gifford addressed the Edin... in Carnegie hall, officiated in the interest. The things at stake, he said, are not of souls, preservation inland deposits lands, of waterways, etc their transposition into life, food, clothing, concerned.

... the last week, many of them purchasing land and intend to make this vicinity their future home. Camrose, March 8th.

... The Temperance and Moral Reform society met last Saturday and besides transacting general business re-elected the officers of last year. Wabamum, March 5.

... The Board of Trade has several very good samples of grain grown in this district, on exhibit in the secretary's office at the Imperial Bank.

... Although the dance and valentine sale held in Tring Schoolhouse on Friday, February 29th, was a splendid success as far as the social and financial sides were considered, it could scarcely be called a success in point of numbers, the principal cause being the absence of so large a proportion of the male population.

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 SEMI-WEEKLY.
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 C. F. HAYES
 Business Manager

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1920.

THE "SEPARATISTS."
 Certain newspapers with more patriotism than sense of humor, speak of Sir Wilfrid Laurier as advocating separation from the Empire. No doubt there are certain public men in Canada today who are advocating separation. But who are they? Readers of the newspapers will at once reply, Mr. Monk and Mr. Bourassa. And what are the political affiliations of these gentlemen? Are they followers or supporters of Sir Wilfrid Laurier? Are they even neutrals so far as he is concerned?

Mr. Monk is the leader of the Conservative party for the Province of Quebec in Federal affairs. He has been such for years. No man has attacked Sir Wilfrid more vigorously or more persistently on account of his naval policy than Mr. Monk. And the whole argument of Mr. Monk has been and is that Sir Wilfrid is altogether too Imperialistic for him; that his policy involves Canada accepting more responsibilities in connection with the Empire than she should assume; that it involves her in future wars of the Empire wherever they may be fought or on whatever issues. Our position under that policy he graphically compared to that of subjects from the Roman provinces in the days of Rome's greatness, who were brought to the capital city to amuse its crowds by gladiatorial combats in the arena. "Outcheroo! to make a Roman holiday." And so far Mr. Monk has not been read out of the Conservative party for advocating these views. He continues to sit with Mr. Borden, to speak with the authority of leader for Quebec, and supposedly to exercise that authority in matters of party management and discipline. Upon his utterances Mr. Borden has the seal of the party by a scrupulous refusal to say anything which could be construed as impeaching Mr. Monk's position in the party or of expressing Mr. Borden's dissatisfaction that such views should be advanced as those of the party to the electors in the Province of Quebec.

Mr. Bourassa, though not a member of the House of Commons, speaks almost authoritatively for the Conservative party. He was a member of the House of Commons until he, too, became convinced that Sir Wilfrid was too British for him. He cherished, and made no hesitation to avow, the notion that Canada should hold strictly aloof from participation in any external affairs of the Empire, that in short, though Canada might or might not remain in the Empire she should not be of it, a participant in its struggles and a sharer in its life. He had to part with these views or with his party. He chose the latter course. He resigned from the House of Commons and ran as an opponent of the Quebec Provincial Government. In constancies in which his supporters ran no Conservative candidate was nominated. Conservative members of the House of Commons stumped the Province in behalf of his candidate and the machinery of the Federal party was placed at his disposal. All that seemed necessary to number him among the members of the party was his formal admission at a party convention, and there has been no party-convention held since that time. So far as recognition, aid and counsel by the leaders of the party goes to acknowledge that relationship, Mr. Bourassa is a full-fledged member. In the best of standing. And with the prestige he enjoys as such he is orating in his own virile fashion to the French-speaking people of Montreal and the neighboring constituencies, denouncing the malicious imperialism of the Government as reflected and embodied in the proposal to build a navy which may some day fight battles for the Empire in distant waters.

These are the gentlemen who are speaking to the people of Quebec, apparently for and with the consent of Mr. Borden. They are the gentlemen who, when they speak for Quebec Conservatives, do not know that aid nature are always of the same nature. They are the gentlemen who, when they speak for Quebec Conservatives, do not know that aid nature are always of the same nature.

servatives to the rest of the country do not apparently by so doing prejudice their standing with the leader. And it is papers supporting Mr. Borden in his tacit recognition of these gentlemen which have the audacity to assail Sir Wilfrid Laurier for holding "separatist" views touching the relations of Canada to Britain, to denounce his naval policy as at once displaying his disloyal sentiments and providing the first step toward its accomplishment. It requires steadiness of nerve to preach disunion in Quebec and Imperialism outside Quebec, but it requires a something more than nerve to preach disunion in Quebec and outside Quebec to represent one's opponent as doing the preaching.

"VINDICATION."
 While the Winnipeg Telegram says Mr. Foster was wronged by the judge, the Mail and Empire says he was vindicated by the jury. Both compromise the truth. The jury found that Mr. Foster acted in good faith, but in what or whom the good faith existed or in what direction or for whose benefit he acted they did not say. What they did say was that he was not entitled to recover damages because Mr. Macdonald had drawn some pretty uncomplimentary conclusions from his actions. By plain people this will be construed as a declaration that the actions merited all that was said about them. If this is vindicating Mr. Foster it is vindicating the kind that most people would not want. Mr. Foster clearly does not want it, for he is appealing the case.

QUEBEC'S LOYALTY.
 The Ottawa Citizen says: "Only Quebec stands aloof and is represented by its leaders on both sides of the 'House' to be opposed to spending a dollar on the defence of the Empire." Meantime, La Presse and La Patrie, two of the leading Canadian dailies published in the French language, are stoutly supporting the policy of building a Canadian navy. It is clear that the leaders who represent Quebec as disloyal are misrepresenting the people of that Province or that the Citizen is misrepresenting the leaders in declaring them to express any such views. It does not take much scrutiny of Hansard to determine which is the offending party. With the exception of Mr. Monk, no one chosen by Quebec to represent its people in Parliament has either charged them with disloyalty or left them open to such charge. If the Citizen considers Mr. Monk "the leader" of Quebec, it may claim to be telling the truth. On any other hypothesis it is telling something different.

HOLDING A PISTOL TO THE JUDGE'S HEAD.
 The Winnipeg Telegram assails the trial judge because a jury of his peers decided that Hon. Geo. E. Foster had not been libelled by the editor of the Toronto Globe. It amplifies to the extent of a column the assertion that "Hon. Geo. E. Foster seems to have fallen in his libel case against Dr. J. J. Macdonald, editor of the Toronto Globe, because the latter was represented by too many advocates, including the judge."
 It was scarcely to be expected that the judge in this case would escape the fate which awaits members of the judiciary who happen to preside at trials which result other than the Telegram would have them result. To its other duties the Telegram has added during recent years that of disciplining the judges of the land; or so many of them as happen to preside over courts in which prominent members of its own party fail in their suits or in which actions launched against members of the opposing political persuasion do not result in convictions. To do it credit it has charged this self-appointed duty with vigor and consistency, regarding neither talent, character or circumstance. No matter how eminent the abilities, nor how irreproachable the record of a judge, if he presides at a trial which might but does not result in advantage to the Telegram's party or to a prominent member thereof, he need not look for mercy at the hands of the censor. Neither learning, virtue nor piety shall save him, nor does evidence before him, unimpeached by others and unswayed by prejudice. Yet it is upon the judge and upon him alone that the Telegram wields the lash. The judge, it seems, made a "charge" to the jury, hardly an unheard-of thing for a judge to do. And in the charge he analysed the evidence and exposed the law, as in duty bound. But he did not and could not give the verdict or dictate what the verdict should be. That lay with the jury, and with them alone. The more frequently and fiercely the Telegram assails the judge the

more often will it remind its readers that a dozen unprejudiced men gave the verdict against Mr. Foster.
 In this present case, however, the Telegram does much more and much worse than attack the judge who presided over the trial already held. It also, in effect, whether in purpose or not, puts a pistol to the heads of the judges who are yet to hear the case. For the case is not ended yet. Mr. Foster has appealed it. The Telegram printed the article cited with knowledge of this fact, and the tenor of the article allows the assumption that it was in view of the appeal quite as much as in a spirit of revenge that it was printed. However this be, the fact is that notice has been duly served by the Telegram on the judges of the Court of Appeal that if they dare to sustain the decision of the lower court they may expect treatment from it similar to that meted out to Judge Mabee. Either that or the Telegram must back down before the judgment of the Appeal court from the position it has taken on the judgment of the lower court. To suppose this is not in what direction or for whose benefit it has set for itself toward the courts, and it must be assumed that what it has done to one judge in this case and to many judges in other cases stands equally ready to do the presiding officers of the Court of Appeal if they do not excuse Mr. Foster and punish Mr. Macdonald. Whether that is its purpose or not it is absolutely unquestionable that the Telegram takes a position which can be fairly construed as one of intimidation to the judges of the Court of Appeal. How the judges may regard this or whether they regard it at all is another matter. The point at issue is that the Telegram takes the position that if the courts do not "whitewash" Mr. Foster and blacken Mr. Macdonald they will be denounced before a considerable section of the public as prejudiced by political considerations or influenced by personal ambitions.

PARTIALITY?
 In Ontario it seemed to be considered a worse offence to carry a man's trousers than to carve his face with a stiletto. At any rate they are muzzling the dogs while the hat-pin continues to mutilate with impunity.

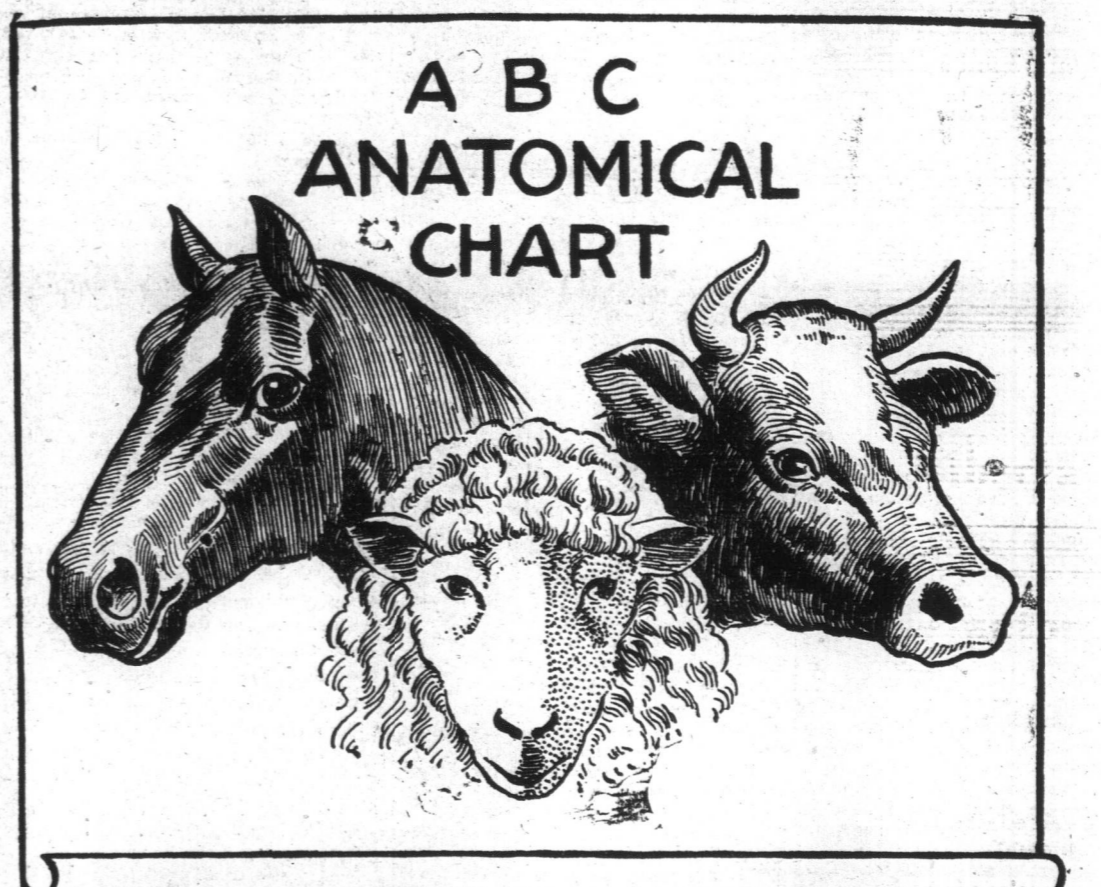
THE B. C. TRAGEDY.
 Those who dwell among the hills hold life by a more slender thread than the dwellers on the plains. The horror which overtook an Alberta mountain town several years ago is recalled by the avalanche in British Columbia. It would be highly fitting for Alberta to tender any assistance possible to sufferers from the catastrophe.

TREKKING NORTH.
 The trek to the Peace River country has begun and the prospects are that during the spring a very large number of settlers with their families and effects will toil over the long trail to the fertile northland. The day is fast approaching when a railway must be built into that country. Settlers are already there and deserve the accommodation and those going in are going in expectation that the need will be supplied. The faith of the pioneers must not be disappointed.

REGULATIONS REGARDING TAR SAND.
 The current number of the Canada Gazette, contains new regulations regarding tar sand deposits in Alberta north of Township 89 and between the fourth and fifth meridians. The regulations were adopted by order-in-council of February 14th and come into effect after four successive publications in the Gazette. The regulations are:
 "Minister" shall mean the Minister of the Interior or his assistant.
 "Tarsands" shall mean tar sands and other material impregnated with tar, bitumen, petroleum, oil and other like substances, found in deposit in the northerly portion of the province of Alberta.
 "Locator" shall mean the person who stakes out in the manner prescribed in these regulations a tar-sand location in unsurveyed territory.
 1. The tar-sand deposits which are the property of the Crown in that portion of the province of Alberta lying north of Township 89, and between the 4th and 5th initial meridians, may be leased to applicants for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of fifty cents an acre, payable yearly in advance. The term of the lease shall be twenty-one years, renewable for a further term of 21 years, provided the lessee can furnish evidence satisfactory to the minister to show that during the term of the lease he has complied fully with the conditions of such lease, and with the provisions of the regulations, under which it was granted. In case the surface rights of the lands have been disposed of application for a lease of tar-sand rights will not be entertained.
 2. No applicant shall be allowed to lease more than an area of 1920 acres.
 3. The tract applied for in unsurveyed territory, shall consist of sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, but the several parcels comprising the tract must be contiguous and the whole area applied for shall not exceed three miles in its greatest dimension. In unsurveyed territory the tract applied for is so situated as to admit of a definite description by sections, and legal subdivisions of sections, being furnished, that is, at least one line bounding each sec-

tion or part of a section applied for has been surveyed and the survey duly approved, an application for the tar-sand rights may be considered under the provisions of this section.
 4. Application for tar-sand rights shall be filed by the applicant in person with the Agent of Dominion Lands for the district in which the rights applied for are situated, or with a sub-agent for such district, for transmission by the agent to the department of the interior, but priority of application shall be based upon the date of the receipt of such application and the records of the agent of Dominion Lands for the district. The application shall contain a description by section, part of section, township and range of the tract applied for.
 5. If the tar-sand rights which an applicant desires to lease are situated in unsurveyed territory, application therefor shall be filed with the agent for such district, for transmission by the agent to the department of the interior. Each tract applied for shall be accompanied by a plan showing the location of such tract in its relation to some prominent topographical feature or other known point. The plan shall contain sufficient data to admit of the position of the tract applied for being definitely shown in the records of the department. Each tract must be rectangular in form, except where a boundary of a pre-existing tract is adopted as common to both locations, the length not to exceed three times the breadth. The application shall be accompanied by evidence in affidavit form to show that the following requirements have been fully complied with by the applicant in person, and not through another person:
 (a) That the tract applied for has been duly defined on the ground by planting or wooden post at least four inches square, and standing not less than four feet above the ground, at an angle or corner of the said tract.
 (b) Upon such post shall be inscribed the name of the applicant, the name of the location, the angle represented by the posts, the length and direction of the tract, and the date upon which the tract was located.
 (c) That a written or printed notice has been posted on a conspicuous part of the tract applied for, setting out the intention of the applicant to apply, within thirty days from the date of such notice, for the location of the tar-sand upon or under the said tract.
 6. In case the tract applied for is located on the margin of a river or lake, it shall not include more than one-mile in direct distance along such margin, and shall be marked on the ground by two legal posts firmly fixed in the ground, one at each end of the front boundary at right angles thereto, if possible, and extended back as far as the margin of the river or lake, the posts shall be numbered 1 and 2 respectively, and shall be lawfully moved post No. 1, but No. 2 post may be moved by a Dominion Lands surveyor if the distance between the post exceeds the length prescribed by these regulations, but not otherwise. The required notice of application shall be posted conspicuously on the location near the margin of the river or lake on which it fronts.
 7. Application for a lease of tar-sand rights under lands situated in unsurveyed territory shall be made by the locator in person to the Agent of Dominion Lands for the district in which the tract applied for is situated, or with the sub-agent for such district. The application shall be accompanied by the tract applied for was located. If it is situated within 100 miles of the office of the minister, it will not be considered. One extra day, however, shall be allowed for every additional ten miles or fraction thereof, but not more than ten days. The application shall be filed in the office of the Agent of Dominion Lands, and the rental for the first year shall be paid within thirty days from such date, otherwise the application will absolutely lapse and the rights applied for shall become available for other disposition. If during the term of the lease the lessee shall fail to pay the rental in advance within thirty days from the date upon which the same becomes due, the lease shall be subject to cancellation in the discretion of the minister, and to the immediate forfeiture of all the rights which the lessee had in the said lease.
 8. As soon as the survey of a township has been confirmed, all tar-sand leases embracing any portion of such township so surveyed and confirmed shall be made to conform to the Dominion land system of survey and to the regulations under which the establishment of a new lease describing by section, legal subdivisions of sections, or regular portion of sections, as nearly as may be, the tract embraced in the leasehold in so far as the township so surveyed is concerned. If part of the leasehold is in territory which remains unsurveyed, it shall continue to be described as in the original location, and until such portion is included in a confirmed survey.
 9. The lease shall include the tar-sand rights beneath the surface, and application, be permitted to purchase at the rate of ten (\$10.00) dollars an acre whatever area of the available surface rights thereof the

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Winnipeg Weekly Telegram
 and Anatomical Chart



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PROTEST AGAINST RATES
 Winnipeg Business Men do not Want Existing Rates Officially Approved.
 Winnipeg, Mar. 7.—The Winnipeg board of trade and the Winnipeg grain exchange, acting together, have formally filed with the board of railway commissioners at Ottawa a protest against the official approval by the commissioners of any telegraph tariffs now in existence which affect Winnipeg.
 The conviction of William E. F. Howell, on January 6, made by Police Magistrate Daulton on the charge of indecent assault, was quashed this morning by the court of appeal. Howell was sentenced to the penitentiary and received fifteen lashes. He must now stand trial as if he had never faced the court.
 The prisoner was taken to Stony Mountain penitentiary and a dogging has already been inflicted in pursuance of the conviction.

Kicked to Death by Horse.
 Saskatoon, Sask., Mar. 6.—Word was received here today of a nasty accident at Cavet, about twenty miles from here on the G.T.P., when Mrs. Pike was kicked to death by a horse. Mr. and Mrs. Pike were transferring chickens and pigs on returning to the stable farm, his own, when a horse with her skull split open.
Modification of Concordat.
 Madrid, Mar. 6.—Senor De Ojeda, Spanish ambassador to the Vatican, has arrived here in response to a summons from the government to give instructions in connection with the contemplated modification of the concordat. The ministerial papers say the government intends to settle the question promptly.

IN T
 Monday's Session.
 Ottawa, March 7.—The navy of still dragging out its weary legs tomorrow will probably see the Quebec Centre, re-opened the day. He supported the government on the ground that it was Canada. The tendency of the was to break up, he said, and British empire. Canada should keep control of her ships to preserve her autonomy.
 Geo. H. Perley, Conservative of teuil, supported R. L. Borden. He said the government had put its scheme as fulfillment of the of British empire. He yet there of in the official report of the ing to show that the British ment even approved of the which the Canadian government forward.
 On the other hand, what the government suggested was a he of British Canada had refused. John Conservative, Alberta, said that he had not altogether approved resolution. Such a resolution by the house, but it was not take his share of the responsibility what had been done. He stood until the Canadian government had ed from the Imperial conference. shows that they did not intend to the resolution. However, Mr. de in the year the marine an terms of the resolution, the of even what flag we were to fly. de discussion. However, Mr. de argued that the record of the mar participant in whose charge the na to be built was not reassuring.
 For example he had named the ries department had built a dr Sorrel at a cost of \$20,000 or m. was launched but when the was installed it would have sunk bottom had it not been caught trappings from the deck back docks, where a false bottom was keep it afloat.
 Mr. Herron concluded by rea

NINETEEN HYDROPHOBIC PATIENTS IN TORO

Seven Men Who Worked With a Which Went Mad Treated—Many of the Patients Victims of Fright Only.
 Toronto, Ont., Mar. 7.—Hydrophobic patients are being treated who in the Toronto General hospital. These patients were not treated today, who had been hospitalized and another patient took his treatment. A pet patient, a hospital for nineteen. There are tal for sick children, making the der now undergoing treatment in hospital in nineteen. There are children attending the outdoor ment of the hospital.
 The result of the analysis by Amyot of the head of a horse went mad on the farm of Dunc Campbell, Lobo township, in M. The animal had been kept in a pen with rabbits.
 Seven men who worked with the horse are being treated at the hospital.
 Mrs. Campbell and another son, P. Campbell, will have to come to take treatment.
 Irwin W. Grieb, of Berlin, pe strange dog on Thursday last, attending the general hospital. A. A. Wallace, of Linden, near Milton, also had his fingers bitten a strange dog about two weeks ago. Another patient at the hospital is a man who was bitten by a dog. There are more victims of than anything else.
 The children are all under the care of their parents. One is St. George, and a third from Falls, Ontario.
 The serum comes from Pasteur Institute, New York, and is shipped by the mails. It is in tiny rubber pered phials each containing a few cubic centimeters of serum. Mann's property is now worth \$10,000 according to the expert refused \$3,500,000.

PROPERTY WORTH \$20,000
 Is Secured by D. D. Martin Southern British Columbia.
 Toronto, March 7.—By calling buying at the right moment, D. D. Martin, vice-president of the Great Northern Railway, and connected with the railway, has secured a block of land in Southern British Columbia, the value of which is estimated at \$20,000. T. Stuart, of Seattle, the man engineered the deal, and who owned that very part of Canada town. He did not deny that he made well on the transaction is displeased with himself for holding on.
 "There is a town in the place it was named after me. I know foot of land there," said Mr. Martin. "It now turns out that mine's possi, of which we don't know extent, have been discovered. Mann's property is now worth \$20,000 according to the expert refused \$3,500,000."

CRETAN CRISIS COMPLETE
 British Warships Cornwall and Southampton.
 Athens, March 6.—The day yesterday of the British warships Cornwall and Southampton, which were ordered to leave the harbor as an announcement of the British warships, which is completely ended. The British warships, which were ordered to leave the harbor as an announcement of the British warships, which is completely ended. The British warships, which were ordered to leave the harbor as an announcement of the British warships, which is completely ended.

IN THE FEDERAL HOUSE

Monday's Session. Ottawa, March 7.—The navy debate is still dragging out its weary length, but tomorrow will probably see the end of it.

Geo. H. Parley, Conservative of Argenteuil, supported R. L. Borden's policy. He said the government had put forward its scheme as fulfillment of the wishes of British admiralty, yet there was nothing in the official report of the conference to show that the British government even approved of the proposal.

On the other hand, what the British government suggested was a fleet unit, which Canada has refused. John Herron, Conservative, Alberta, said that last year he had not altogether approved of the resolution which was unanimously passed by the house, but he was prepared to take his share of the responsibility for what had been done.

Mr. Herron concluded by reading a letter from a former general naval officer now domiciled in Canada and a naturalized British subject, which urged, he pointed out, more strongly than anything said in the house a direct contribution to the British navy.

Other speakers were O. S. Crockett, York, N.B.; F. E. Lawler, Haldimand; Peter Eison, Middlesex, who supported Mr. Borden's amendment; and H. D. McAllister, Kings; and Albert New Brunswick; J. Turcotte, Quebec county, and Dr. Melloy Provencier, who supported the bill.

There was general discussion on the acquisition of water powers by railways when the bill to incorporate the Nelson River Railway Company came before the house.

Tuesday's Session. Ottawa, Mar. 8.—The American tariff board representatives had their last conference with Hon. Mr. Fielding, minister of finance this morning and will leave for Washington tomorrow.

The only official announcement made as to the results of the negotiations of the past week is simply that the exchange of views at the discussion throughout have been of the most friendly and frank character, and it is hoped that as a result of the better mutual understanding reached as to the respective American and Canadian viewpoints on the aspects of the tariff problem under consideration there will be mutually satisfactory and peaceful outcome.

It was stated that the proceedings were naturally of a confidential nature and no announcement could be made as to what transpired during the report of the American visitors to the government at Washington.

It was further pointed out that the mission of Messrs. Emery and Pepper to Ottawa was for the purpose of investigation and for gathering information at first hand as to the features of Canada's fiscal policy bearing on the question of undue discrimination against the United States. They had no plenary powers to promise any tariff concessions in future by the United States to Canada in return for any which might be made by Canada, and consequently no definite agreement as to mutual concessions either present or in future could be made.

So far as can be learned the situation now remains practically as stated by your correspondent yesterday. There are no definite promises on either side. At the same time it can be stated that as a result of a clarifying exchange of opinion, the outlook is bright for a continuance of the friendly trade relations between Canada and the United States and indeed it seems possible that the heart to heart talks of the past few days between Canadian and American representatives will open the way to a more satisfactory reciprocity trade between the two countries than has obtained since the Dingley tariff went into effect in 1897.

Canada suffered considerably by that tariff with respect to access to American markets, and the consequent trade agreements with the Motherland and Belgium are the result of the raising of the American tariff barrier against Canadians. Now that the United States is at last seeking more favorable terms from Canada and the former pilgrimages from Ottawa to Washington have been in a sense reversed, the government here has expressed a willingness to deal with the United States as will all other countries in the matter of making mutually beneficial agreements on a fair basis of concession for concession.

It is believed here that in the next tariff revision at Washington which will probably not be long delayed, any changes that are made will make for better and more equal tariff relations between the two countries. This of course is contingent on President Taft being able to find on the report of his tariff advisors that it will not be necessary to impose the maximum tariff against Canada on March 31 next. That he will be able to do so, even though the strict judicial interpretation of the American tariff law may have to be strained a bit is the confident belief here among those who have been in close touch with the negotiations of the past week.

Member for Vancouver Quotes Highest Legal Authority as Stating Criminal. One of Two Lunatics—Justice Clement Aimed At.

Vancouver, B.C., March 5.—In the legislature yesterday, H. B. MacGowan, member for Vancouver, delivered something of an attack on the unnamed members of the Supreme Court bench of British Columbia.

Said he: "A man appointed public administrator in a new county, and appointed to protect those who cannot protect themselves—a man who would betray that trust is a criminal indeed; better that he decorate the penitentiary, better that he be decorated with a shaved head than a wig—that is coming to him, and that is what he should get."

Mr. MacGowan went on to say that beach combers and ghouls were noblemen beside the man who, clothed in King's authority, would rob the dead.

He referred to the disappearance of a dead miner's gold dust in the Yukon. A widow appeared and laid a charge and a man was sent up for trial. The trial was delayed and the man left the country and the burglar has some compunction against such a course and the money still remains in the house, where it is jealously guarded.

The case against the Mitchells accused of robbery with violence at a house in which another named one of the same tribe live on Second street, east, was continued at the Strathcona police court Monday.

SUICIDED IN HORRIBLE MANNER. Winnipeg Galician Suffering from Physical Infirmary Mutilated Himself.

Winnipeg, March 3.—Carl Metzler employed in Gordon amusements, had an abattoir committed suicide at his residence, 567 Alexander avenue, yesterday by a means which excited the horror of those who discovered his mangled remains. The deceased had been suffering from a physical infirmity for some time past. The man had been induced to drink and it was evident that the combination of troubles had affected his mind. When discovered the body was frightfully mutilated. His throat was also cut from ear to ear. His friends said he suffered greatly from his infirmity and that he endeavored to allay the pain by drinking whisky and other liquors, which however, had the effect of aggravating the trouble. The deceased was 39 years of age and was born in Strzeg, Galicia, Austria.

Brandon Winter Fair. Brandon, March 7.—Following the storm of Sunday, the air has cleared and great crowds are here for the winter fair now in full swing. This morning at the auditorium, hundreds of stockmen from all over the west, with many from the east and south, are assembled exchanging views, protesting and inspecting the best exhibits in all classes. Judging of the sheep and the prominent horse breeders in the west are here for the annual meeting, which will be held this evening.

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Lillis is believed to be dying in St. Mary's Hospital, and a member of the family of the assassin is endeavoring to gain entrance to the institution to take an anti-mortem statement. He is said to be horribly mutilated. Although every effort has been made to keep the details of the affair quiet, it has been learned that Cudahy, after announcing he expected to leave the city, returned to his home early this morning.

He is said to have drawn a revolver and forced Lillis to proceed with him to the basement of the magnificent home and there mutilated him after trying him with ropes.

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Cudahy was taken to the police station, charged with disturbance of the peace, and released upon a nominal bond. When it was learned that only a very small amount of money, his friends took him to a room in the Coates House, from which he is to be hurried as soon as it is learned that Lillis is dead. This is to be done for the purpose of preventing an arrest at the time, which would result in Lillis being in jail before bail could be arranged. Every influence has been utilized by the families of the two men to prevent the affair from getting into the newspapers.

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Indigestion Cured. This disease from which so many suffer gives the average physician a great deal of trouble. The best medical men have endorsed PSYCHINE, and recommended it in scores of the most obstinate cases. It has never failed in a single instance to give prompt relief.

PSYCHINE. GREATEST OF ALL TONICS. Dr. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited. TORONTO.

Four minute Records for the Edison Phonograph. When Mr. Edison invented the Amberol Records he invented the longest Record ever made for a sound-reproducing machine. But the Amberol Record is not only longer; it is better.

ONLY ONE QUALITY THE VERY BEST. SIBLEY-BRIGGS SEEDS. TESTED FOR GERMINATION. TESTED FOR PURITY. SOLD BY LEADING MERCHANTS EVERYWHERE.

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AIN'S HEALTH.

Twelve Years Hence 7,208,492.

Some idea of the of the United Kingdom from an official It shows that during years 1897 to 1908-9 amount of \$1,055,208-758,824 estates of the that value of \$16,338- average income of annuities. The average estate was \$21,665 each, the first year of the with 54,991 estates was the average value of \$2,500 each. The value-ent was \$1,354,515,000 with an average of

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IN THE PROVINCIAL HOUSE

Monday's Session. At the session of the legislature Monday afternoon Premier Rutherford gave notice of a resolution to be moved by him, designed to further assist these members of the liberal party in the House who have taken objection to the terms and conditions of the Alberta and Great Waterways contract by giving added protection to the province in the supervision of the construction of this railway.

The resolution, which will come before the House on Wednesday calls for the introduction of an act to appoint a railway board for the province of three members composed of the premier, John Stocks, deputy minister of public works, and R. W. Jones, provincial government railway engineer. The act will provide that this board shall have all the powers and authorities now vested under the railway act of Alberta in the lieutenant-governor-in-council or in the chairman of the executive council, or any act

of last year provision was made for such an appointment. Premier Rutherford: "I am quite prepared to move the appointment of a member to the position of premier, however, contended that the act read "may" and was not compulsory. The hon. speaker's appointment of a speaker and "may" appoint a deputy speaker.

Mr. Boyle said he was about to show that it was necessary to appoint such an official, but in view of the statement made by the premier it was unnecessary to go further into the question.

Petitions Presented. A petition was presented by J. W. Woolf, Cardston, to make valid certain laws of the town of Cardston. On motion of Mr. Boyle, the petition to incorporate the Apostolic Order of Franciscan Friars was read in first time.

The premier drew attention to the fact that a large number of bills were ready for presentation to the House and it was desirable that they should meet and attend to business. He was not desirous of scolding, but if the committees did not get down to work he might have to scold. The committees meet in the evenings and on some mornings.

Mr. Boyle said that the municipal committee, of which he was chairman, was somewhat at a loss in considering the various bills. He did not know what provisions would be adopted in the general municipal act to be passed.

Returns Tabled. In answer to an order of the house, secured by R. B. Bennett, two returns were tabled by the premier. Returns containing copies of all orders in council, papers, reports, letters, telegrams and correspondence between the government and, or any member thereof and, or any civil servant or employee of the government and any person or persons in connection with the financial and other affairs of Thibault Public School District No. 35 of the Province of Alberta.

Return showing all vouchers, checks, telegrams, letters, orders of the government of the province and, or any member thereof and, or any civil servant or employee of the government in connection with the purchase of the site for the Provincial University. The returns were given to two private bills, an act to empower the town of Claresholm to increase its borrowing powers, and the act to amend the Y.W.C.A. of Edmonton; also two new government bills introduced by the premier, namely, an act respecting rural municipalities and an act respecting truancy and compulsory school attendance.

A bill respecting Alberta and Saskatchewan railway lines was given a second reading and referred to the railway committee, and a bill to prevent private companies from operating in the province was postponed till Thursday for second reading.

Committee of the Whole. In committee of the whole the house considered the bill to incorporate the Salvation Army; to incorporate the Gleichen Club and Company; the Diamond Coal Company bill was also allowed to pass over with amendments. The premier stated that similar bills were being passed in the other provinces.

The Gleichen Club bill was left over till Thursday, the question of the expenditure of the duties is one on which the administration of matters connected with the establishment of the routes of the lines so guaranteed, as well as the economical expenditure of the money so raised under provincial guarantee and all other matters and things concerning railway construction under provincial acts, or under acts guaranteeing bonds hereafter passed, an act to be introduced to appoint the following persons, namely:

The Hon. Alexander Cameron Rutherford, provincial treasurer and chairman of the executive council of Alberta; John Stocks, deputy minister of public works; and Robert Westley Jones, government railway engineer of Alberta, to be a railway board for Alberta, with the powers and authorities now vested either in the lieutenant-governor-in-council or in the chairman of the executive council, under any act heretofore or hereafter passed or to be passed concerning the guarantee of bonds of railway companies by the province, or under any instruments heretofore or hereafter executed or to be executed under powers given in the said acts or any of them, and making provisions that no money be to be paid out of any fund claiming to be the credit of the provincial treasurer or any other provincial officer under the terms of any such acts, until such railway board has signified to the government that the portion of the railway in respect of which any amount is to be so paid out, has been satisfactorily completed under the terms of any such acts respectively or agreements made thereunder.

The only other incident of the session yesterday was the appointment of a deputy speaker, the choice falling upon John A. Simpson, of Innisfail. The motion was made by Premier Rutherford, who, in speaking of Mr. Simpson, said that he was the oldest member in parliamentary experience, having regard to the time served in the old Territorial Assembly as well as in the Legislature of Alberta. Mr. Simpson, upon taking the chair in committee later in the afternoon, was received with applause. He read briefly that he would do his best in the position to which he had been selected.

Immediately after prayers, J. R. Boyle, Sturgeon, rose to call attention to what he considered was a matter important to the house. It had been customary to have a deputy speaker, and by the Legislative Act

from Edmonton. "As far as I am personally concerned, I do not know of any statement that I made that would give ground for such an assertion in the paper. I think the constituencies did not require any suggestion from Edmonton in order that they should register protest against the Alberta and Great Waterways railway company. With regard to the heading, I was very humiliated when I saw it. The phrase would suggest levity. As a matter of fact I have been impressed with the solemnity of the whole question and have not endeavored to make any boasting in that connection."

Notices of Resolutions. The resolutions of which notice was given yesterday were as follows: Monday Stewart, Sedgewick, gives notice that on Thursday he would move:

Whereas the statement has been made in this House that the house of Morgan and company were merely agents in the transaction connection with the sale of the \$740,000 of Alberta and Great Waterways bonds and that the bonds really sold at 110 and not at par.

And whereas, the papers that have been placed upon the table of this House would seem to bear out the aforesaid statement.

And whereas, there is a sum of \$740,000 not accounted for.

Therefore, he resolved that this House desire immediate and conclusive evidence as to the disposition of the said sum of \$740,000.

J. R. Boyle gave notice that on next Monday he would move:

Whereas it has been charged by several members of the floor of this House and has not been denied by the government that the files containing the documents and papers relating to the Alberta and Great Waterways railway company have been tampered with and destroyed, and that the condition of the said files as brought down by the government—that said charge is true and correct.

Therefore, he resolved that this House doth resent the action of the government in so tampering with, destroying and files and demand that all documents and papers so removed be immediately restored to said files now upon the table of this House.

At the request of the premier the questions asked by Mr. Boyle relative to accepting the offer of W. R. Clarke corporate the Y.W.C.A. of Edmonton railway company, and as to what arrangements had been made were allowed to stand over till Thursday.

C. M. O'Brien introduced a bill entitled an act to amend the Railway Companies Act. It was read a first time.

Bills respecting the Bow River Collieries Railway company, and the Calgary Trust company were referred to the railway and legal bills committees respectively.

The House went into committee of the whole on the bill respecting the Diamond City Coal company which was considered for some time and progress reported.

The House adjourned at 4.15. GERMAN WARSHIP ON FIRE. The Dreadnought Posen Threatened With Destruction.

Berlin, Mar. 9.—Fire raged for three hours on the German battleship Posen, constantly threatening to reach the magazines, according to reports received today from the German navy. The blaze occurred yesterday in the forenoon, and it is expected that the damage will necessitate a few weeks in the dry dock for the vessel.

Though possibly only temporary, the accident to the Posen is a severe loss to the German navy, as this German "Dreadnought" was to have been commissioned in a few weeks. Originally she was named Ersatz Baden and was launched in December, 1908, being practically completed at the time of the accident.

The Posen is the third German "Dreadnought" to have gone into commission in the course of the year. The Nassau and the Westfalen being already commissioned. The Posen and her sister ship, the Rheinland, were to have been added to the battle fleet next month. Like their immediate predecessors, they are of 18,500 tons displacement, carry twelve 11-inch guns, and are capable of making a speed of 19.5 knots. Of the German "Super Dreadnoughts" the Heilichland and Ostfriesland were launched September, 1909, and the Thüringen, in November.

Three similar vessels were laid down last year, making a total of ten "Dreadnought" battleships, besides three battleship cruisers in course of construction.

Two More English By-Elections. London, March 6.—Sir John Bingham, president of the Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division of the High Court of Justice, who lately gave some remarkable testimony before the divorce commission, has resigned from the bench upon his elevation to the peerage. He has been president for only a year. He will be succeeded by Solicitor-General Evans. Rufus Isaacs will become solicitor general. This appointment will entail two by-elections.

Nationalists War Among Themselves. Dublin, March 8.—The slogan of the war within the Nationalist party was sounded today by an editorial in the Cork Accent, the organ of Wm. O'Brien, "Violent and almost irreconcilable differences exist between the Dillon and O'Connor fraction and the followers of Redmond and Devlin over the attitude toward the budget," says the editorial.

THIRD OF BODIES ONLY RECOVERED

Rescue Work at Scene of Rogers Pass Avalanche Disasters Ended.

Vancouver, B. C., Mar. 7.—With the track cleared and traffic resumed at midnight, the rush work of rescue came to an end this morning on the Canadian Pacific at the snowslide scene in Rogers' Pass. Just one-third of the bodies have been recovered so far and two of the Japanese workers. Work will be kept up for several days along the edge of the slide near "he track in an effort to find more bodies, but tonight the officials admitted that most of the missing must have been carried by the front of the avalanche into the chasm of Bear Creek, fifteen hundred feet below, and are present inaccessible.

The greater part of the slide taken out Sunday and today was removed by the shovels of the six hundred men engaged for the use of rotary plows was prohibited because of the danger there would be of cutting up the bodies of the victims who lay under the snow. The slide was packed like ice, as hard as it had been wedged down by a steam roller and was probably killed by a moment's warning for some of them had their picks and shovels in their hands as though they were in the act of clearing away the first slide.

No. 97 Returns to Calgary. No. 97, the train which became wedged between the two slides and narrowly escaped the one which fell just behind it as it entered Fred station on Saturday afternoon was taken back to Calgary today and started west again over the Oowee Nest branch of the Canadian Pacific. The slide which came so near annihilating this train was a bad one, and any engine which was sent from Calgary and the slide was so icy that the plow was smashed to mien wood with the first attack. The rest of the slide was removed by hand.

One Man Escaped. One man of the rotary gang escaped foot free but he was on the fringe of the slide. Lechner, the fireman of the rotary, was standing on the north bank opposite to where the slide came down. The force of the preceding slide, which was a snowslide, sent a hundred feet through the air into the brush far beyond the northern limit of the slide. There he was found by a second slide, which was a snowslide, and he was killed. He was found by the rotary gang, but he was not recovered.

Appeals have been made in her behalf to the prefect, the presiding judge finally to Premier Dainoff. They had the support of the British ambassador, but were unavailing. Mme. Tschakowskaya and her two friends, alone, her son, her only relative, does not share the political opinions of his mother and she has disowned him.

His Conviction Certain. Tschakowskaya's conviction on the principal charge in the indictment, namely, her connection with the revolutionary organization and the central committee, is regarded as certain, as it is known that he cannot support his personal denial with tangible evidence, and besides the long standing general reports of his importance in the party will weigh heavily against him. The prosecution also will have no trouble in proving one, and probably two visits made to Russia by the accused under a false passport.

Tschakowskaya is confident of his effort to rebut the forthcoming testimony in connection with covert attacks on the royal yacht Victoria, thus forcing the abandonment of the charges. He is still out on bail and probably will be at liberty until sent for if his conviction results from his trial.

King Edward in Paris. Although Travelling Incognito, He is Quickly Recognized at Theatre.

Paris, Mar. 7.—King Edward, who arrived here today attended the performance of "Lechatelet" tonight. He appeared much impressed with the play and repeatedly applauded heartily. The audience quickly recognized the sovereign and gave him an ovation.

Although travelling in the strictest incognito, as the Duke of Lancaster the King will pay a visit to President Fallieres tomorrow, later leaving for the royal yacht Victoria and the engagement of King Manuel, of Portugal, and Princess Victoria Patricia, daughter of the Duke of Connaught, may be formally announced, as the Queen Mother Amle and Marquis De Soveral, the Portuguese minister of Great Britain, await His Majesty there.

Following his visit to Biarritz, King Edward will join Queen Alexandra on board the royal yacht Victoria and Albert at Marseilles, and they will proceed to Lisbon to return the recent visit of King Manuel to England.

CANADA'S EXPORTS TO BRITAIN. Wheat, Four and Bacon are the Three Principal Commodities.

Canadian Associated Press. London, Mar. 7.—The principal imports into the United Kingdom during the month of February from Canada were:

Table with 3 columns: Commodity, Quantity, Value. Wheat, 1,149,500 cwt. \$824,065. Flour, 232,300 cwt. 134,450. Peas, 10,240 cwt. 4,590. Hams, 31,300 cwt. 104,407. Butter, 1,137 cwt. 6,130. Cheese, 75,210 cwt. 221,073. Horses, 11 520.

English Aviator Injured. Paris, Mar. 7.—The English aviator, Graham, while trying to fly over the town of Pan today, was caught by a sudden gust of wind and lost control of his biplane. He fell from a considerable height and was seriously injured. His machine was broken to bits.

BURNS TO BUILD PACKING PLANT

Announcement Made of \$500,000 Plant to be Established in This City in Near Future.

P. Burns of Calgary, announces the intention of his company to erect a half-million dollar plant in Edmonton. Mr. Burns, the head of the extensive Burns packing interests, is in the city today, and makes the announcement authoritatively. He met the city commissioners this morning with respect to the complain made by Norwood residents of the operation of the present slaughter house, and gave them assurance that any grievance existing would be speedily removed. Meanwhile his company is shaping plans for the erection in Edmonton of a large plant which will cost at least half a million dollars. Its location had yet to be decided upon. It will depend on railway facilities, which had yet to be provided, as if construction of the line when building operations will commence.

Mr. Burns is making an inspection of the Edmonton branch of his concern and returns to Calgary this afternoon. He stated to a representative of the Bulletin this morning that the plans of the company were as yet too indefinite to make any further announcement. He sees a great future for the pork packing industry and advises the farmers of the province to go in seriously for hog raising as the demand is constantly increasing while the supply remains at a stand still.

REVOLUTIONISTS BEING TRIED. Two Members of Terrorists' Organization in Russia Before Court.

St. Petersburg, Mar. 7.—The trial of Nicholas Isechikovska and Mme. Breshkovskaya, who were charged with criminal activity in the revolutionary organization, will begin today behind closed doors. Tschakowskaya's wife will be the only person admitted to go in seriously for hog raising as the demand is constantly increasing while the supply remains at a stand still.

Appeals have been made in her behalf to the prefect, the presiding judge finally to Premier Dainoff. They had the support of the British ambassador, but were unavailing. Mme. Tschakowskaya and her two friends, alone, her son, her only relative, does not share the political opinions of his mother and she has disowned him.

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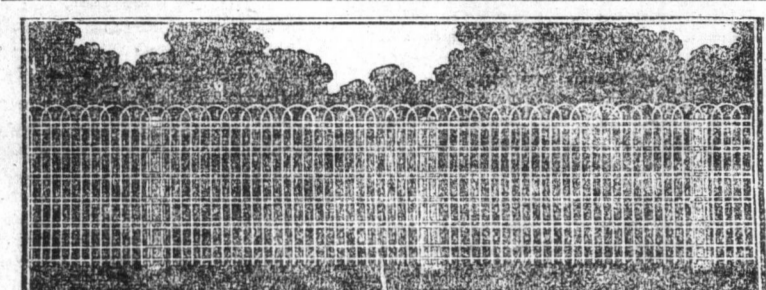
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Loose Tea Loses Flavour

It not only loses flavour, but worse than this, loose tea takes on new odors, such as coal oil, molasses, onions, coffee, soap, etc.—to say nothing of its exposure to the sun, dust, dirt and air. Therefore for your protection

"SALADA"

is sold only in sealed lead packets—never in bulk.



PAGE WHITE FENCES. Page Fences wear Best—Styles for Lawns, Parks, Farms and Ballroads. 14,000 miles of Page Fences and 20,000 Page Gates now in use in Canada. Our Page Fences are better than ever. Get latest prices and booklet.

R. LANGRY. FENCE AND GATE WORKERS. 137 BANNATYNE ST. E. WINNIPEG.

RENNIE'S SEEDS THE FINEST IN THE LAND. SOME NEW THINGS FOR 1910. TORONTO ALSO MONTREAL-WINNIPEG-VANCOUVER WRITE OUR NEAREST ADDRESS.

Ogilvie's Royal Household Flour is Canada's Standard High Grade Flour and Always Gives Satisfaction. For Bread and Pastry.

RELIEVE Neuralgia. TAKE ONE OF THESE LITTLE TABLETS AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

Boyd's Chocolates. W.J. BOYD CANDY CO. WINNIPEG. THICK, SWOLLEN GLANDS. ABSORBINE.

Bank of England Director Dead. London, March 8.—Hugh Colin Smith, director of the Bank of England, died today at the age of 74.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH BEING INVESTIGATED

Mystery Surrounds Death of Clerk, Young Woman Who in Grenoble Hotel From Inside East Indian Drug Store Refuse to Talk of Case.

Washington, D.C., March 7.—Mystery in the death of Miss Clark, at the Grenoble Hotel on 18th of February, reached its climax Sunday, when Captain Carey, of the Homicide Bureau, started a searching investigation that he said would probably lead to the arrest of persons within the next few days.

The report of the microscopic examination and chemical analysis Professor Larkin, of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, is a very much, and since this is a case of a young woman, it is a very interesting one. The drug itself is baffling. Captain Carey and he have been in communication with Scotland Yard, for he stands a certain man high in social life of England known as that would aid in clearing the mystery. Several letters have been sent over to him by the public analyst, which mention the name of a certain well-known New Yorker.

Coincident with the investigation by Captain Carey and his force detectives, another active work of the mystery has appeared. A searcher after facts is none other than a captain in the British army, who has served several years in India. His actions have thrown as a mystery on the strong case as the relatives and women friends of the deceased.

He says he fears that Miss Clark whom he knew in India, is a widow of that East Indian drug dealer, Datura Binitas, and that he is a physician on the advice of the fishman whom Scotland Yard is to be catching. The captain tried to reveal his name.

None of the women friends of dead girl would talk and Captain Carey refused to say what he learned from them. He refused to say that he is making an investigation pertaining to the sudden death of Mrs. W. A. Miller, with Miss Clark living at the Grenoble, who is said to now be in Bombay, India. Nor he would not say that was in communication with Mrs. Fry at Santa Barbara, California. It was Mrs. Fry, who was Miss Clark's best friend when she came to America first and his wife brought over. He knew her in London in India.

Fully nine out of every ten cases of rheumatism are simple rheumatism due to cold or damp, or chills, or rheumatism, neither of which require internal treatment. All that is needed to afford relief is the free plication of Chamberlain's Liniment. Give it a trial. You are certain to be cured. The quick relief which affords. Sold by all dealers.

Two Indian Bodies Found. Lawrence, N.B., Mar. 7.—The bodies of two Indians were found in woods near here today. There were marks of violence and the cause of death is a mystery.

Equi-knowledgeable. TEN.

MYSTERIOUS DEATH BEING INVESTIGATED

Mystery Surrounds Death of Miss Clerk, Young Woman Who Died in Grenoble Hotel From Insidious East Indian Drug—Her Friends Refuse to Talk of Case.

Washington, D.C., March 7.—The mystery in the death of Miss Lucille Clerk, at the Grenoble Hotel on the 15th of February, reached its climax Sunday when Captain Carey, of the Sanitary Bureau, started a far-reaching investigation that he said would probably lead to the arrest of several persons within the next few days.

The report of the microscopic examination and chemical analysis by Professor Larkin, of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, interests him very much, and since this analysis Miss Clerk's death was due to some poisoning, apparently administered for a specific purpose, he says he is confiding his efforts to find who it was that procured the drug for her.

Sent to Chemist for Analysis. The drug itself is baffling. Captain Carey, who has sent what remains in the bottle that was found in Miss Clerk's room to a chemist for analysis, is meanwhile he is working on other lines and is in communication with Scotland Yard, for he understands a certain man high in the social life of England knows much that would aid in clearing the mystery.

Several letters have been turned out to him by the public administrator, which mention the names of several well-known New Yorkers and this man in England. The investigation by Captain Carey and his force of detectives, another active worker in the mystery has appeared. This searcher after facts is none other than a captain in the British army, who has served several years in India, and his actions have thrown as much mystery on the strange case as have the relatives and women friends of the deceased.

He says he fears that Miss Clerk, whom he knew in India, is a victim of that fatal East Indian drug called Datura Dinitica, and that he knows her death was due to her use of this medicine on the advice of the Englishman whom Scotland Yard is said to be watching. The captain refused to reveal his name.

None of the women friends of the dead girl would talk and Captain Carey refused to say what he had learned from the advice of the Englishman that he is making an investigation pertaining to the sudden departure of Mrs. W. A. Miller, with whom Miss Clerk lived at the Grenoble, and who is said to now be in Reno, Nevada. Nor he would not say that he was in communication with Francis Fry at Santa Barbara, California. It was Mr. Fry, who was Miss Clerk's best friend when she came to America a first and his wife brought her over. He knew her in London and in India.

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GERMANY'S NAVAL ESTIMATES

Are \$6,000,000 Less Than Last Year's Figures. Berlin, Mar. 6.—The German naval estimates for the year are \$6,000,000 less than last year's figures, according to Marine Minister Trepitz, who addressed the Reichstag Sunday.

Replying to Count Oppendorfer's criticism of the government's building of warships on loans, Admiral Trepitz said: "The system of loans for warship construction will cease in 1916, after which year no ships will be paid for out of tax revenues and the cost will decrease every year."

Replying to the suggestion by Herr Sudekama, Socialist, that Germany's great navy is not called for by her commerce and by the belief that it is directed against England, Chancellor Bethmann-Hollweg said: "Our relations with England deepen with everybody's eyes. It is not necessary to repeat that out navy is not for aggression, but for protection of our coasts and commerce. The limits of our naval programme are known to everyone, for the completion of our ships nothing is secret about the programme, and nothing is being done in a straightfoward relation with England. I do not see why the existing friendly relations should be disturbed between Germany and England, with whom we are so closely connected with economically and in culture. No nation on earth can divert or suppress free competition of other nations. We must all proceed along the same lines as an honest merchant and on that basis I am convinced that the relations of confidence existing between Germany and England will develop favorably and that the public opinion of both countries will be influenced in the same way."

NOT RIFE FOR ABOLITION

Philip Snowden Says Lords are Still Needed in Country. London, Mar. 7.—Speaking in London, Ramsay MacDonald, M. P., secretary of the labor party disagreed with the government's idea of simply sending the veto resolutions to the lords; the bill which the government proposed was to follow the resolutions should be sent to them direct and at once. It was a profound mistake for the labor party simply to shout for the veto and to sacrifice the budget or place it in jeopardy. The labor party retort of war Dickinson asking him to abolish the lords; if beaten on that would vote for the most drastic veto proposals. Philip Snowden, ex-M.P., the Socialist leader, speaking at Cardiff said that the country was not ripe for the abolition of lords. The labor party was prepared therefore to co-operate with those genuinely desirous of abolishing its veto powers.

Gettysburg Wants Review

Washington, Mar. 7.—A delegation representing the business men of Gettysburg, Pa., today called on Secretary of War Dickinson asking him to order that the annual manoeuvres of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, New Jersey, Delaware and the District of Columbia this year be held at Gettysburg.

Ottawa Old Timer Dead.

Ottawa, Mar. 6.—The death occurred here this morning at an advanced age, of Frank McDougall, father of D. J. McDougall, Ottawa's Liberal representative in the Ontario legislature. McDougall, who was one of the prominent business men of the capital, occupied the chief magistrate's chair in the early nineties.

SENATOR PLATT, N.Y. POLITICIAN IS DEAD

Greatest Power in New York Politics Succumbs Suddenly—Was the Originator of the Machine in the Political Life of the Nation—Was Aged 78.

Winnipeg, Mar. 7.—Death occurred this morning of John Fletcher, of the Dominion lands office here, and former member of the Ontario legislature, aged 77. He was born at Forest Moorehouse, Yorkshire. He came to Canada while an infant and was educated in Ontario, where he represented Cardwell in the legislature from 1873 to 1879. Coming west he was for seventeen years Dominion land agent at Melita, Man., moving to Winnipeg about six years ago. He leaves a wife and seven children.

Thomas C. Platt at a Glance. Born, July 17, 1833, at Oswego, N.Y. Entered Yale with the class of '53. Left college on account of ill-health at the end of his sophomore terms. Received honorary degree of A.B. in 1876. Member of 43rd and 44th Congress. Elected United States Senator January 18, 1881. Resigned in a huff May 15 the same year. President New York board of quarantine, 1880-83. Elected United States Senator in 1896. Re-elected to United States Senate in 1902. Term expired March 3, 1908. President of the United States Express company since 1888. Delegate to six National Republican congresses. Died New York city, March 6, 1910, aged 76 years, 7 months and 19 days.

New York, N.Y., Mar. 6.—Thomas Collier Platt, for a quarter of a century the most powerful factor in New York politics and the founder of modern political machines, died today in his 77th year. His long life ended as a slender cord might snap in twain. By reason of their regular Sunday visits to their father, rather than from a belief that the end was near, his three sons, Frank, Edward and Harry, and Mrs. Frank Platt, were at his bedside in the apartments of Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Abels, No. 133 west 11th street, with whom the Senator has made his home for the past five years. Dr. Outbridge, the family physician, and Mr. and Mrs. Abels were present.

Senator Platt, whose wonderful mentality has triumphed for almost a score of years over physical infirmities, was in one of his brightest and most jovial moods. He had rallied from a sinking spell, which had sent him to bed at one o'clock in the afternoon, and which had recurred at 3 o'clock, and was chatting on topics of the news when the doctor arrived at half past three and he playfully joked the physician that he would not be needed. Propped up in bed he took part in the small talk of those present for fifteen minutes after the arrival of the physician. Then a tremor passed through his frail frame and by the time Dr. Outbridge reached the side of his patient Senator Platt was dead.

Difficulty Over Italian Dual.

Rome, March 6.—The proposed dual between Deputy Chessa and General Di Consato is leading to complications. The general insists that pistols be the weapons used and that shots be exchanged at twenty paces until one of the combatants is hit. Chessa's seconds refuse to agree. They say that as the challenged party, their principal, has the privilege of choosing the weapons, the question will be submitted to a court of honor.

Hindu Immigrant Excluded.

Vancouver, Mar. 7.—Because Nathan Reem, a Hindu, did not travel from Calcutta to Vancouver on a first class ticket, he is denied admission and must return to start anew. This curious point was decided today by the British Columbia immigration officers, who applied for an order compelling the government officials to admit him. He admitted that at Hong Kong he exchanged his third class ticket for a second class by paying \$50. His love for elegance in travel cost him dearly for the courts decided today because he had not travelled continuously on the one ticket, he could not be admitted.

St. Stephen Bank Directors Meet.

St. Stephen, N.B., March 7.—A meeting of the directors of the St. Stephen Bank was held this afternoon in the office of Frank Todd, the president. Nothing was given out for publication. E. B. Kessen, the curator in charge, said tonight that he would have nothing to give out until he could report to the Canadian Bankers' Association, when they could issue any statement they saw fit. It would be some time before his report would be ready.

Prominent Manitoban Dead.

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SHE HAD THIS SORE FOR FOUR LONG YEARS!

Now Zam-Buk Has Healed It. You can't equal Zam-Buk for sores of all kinds, whether recent or of long standing. That is the opinion of Mrs. Wilson, of 110 Wickson Ave., Toronto. Mrs. Wilson says: "As soon as a sore spot appeared on the right side of my face, just about the angle of the jaw, this spot itched and itched until it became almost unbearable. I went to a doctor, from whom I had received treatment, but the ointment I got did not have any good effect on the sore. I had it cauterized, tried politics and all kinds of salves, but it was no good, and this continued for four years. A sample of Zam-Buk was one day left at our house, and I used it. "Although the quantity was so small, it seemed to do me some good, so I purchased from Mr. Bauld, Druggist, Scotland and Yonge Streets, a supply of Zam-Buk. Each box did me more and more good, and to my delight, before I had favorably and completely healed it, that it was going to heal the sore. In less than a month it was healed! It has now been healed for almost a year, and at the present time the only trace of it is a small patch of skin a little whiter than the surrounding tissue. If Zam-Buk had not been used, I should have had to suffer for four years, I am sure it must be a thing needed in scores of homes."

JOHN HOUSTON DIED AT QUESNEL TUESDAY

Queensland, B. C., Mar. 8.—John Houston, who is on his way from Ashcroft in a special stage, travelling day and night, has not arrived in time to see her husband alive. Houston died peacefully, being conscious for half an hour before the end. For the past six days he suffered terribly and was unconscious for long periods. The doctors in attendance state that Houston must have suffered terribly for the past three months owing to the weak action of his heart and internal troubles which were the immediate cause of death. The body leaves here tonight by special stage and will be interred at Nelson.

Dr. Smith, of Barkerville hospital, called into consultation with Dr. Allan Beech, of this place, and arrived here yesterday. W. F. Cooke, one of the heavy owners of Fort George property, who is a close friend of Houston, accompanied the sick man from Fort George and has attended him here. He leaves with the body to meet Mrs. Houston at the 150 mile house.

This ends a career that was as remarkable as it was troublesome. Very genuine respect at his demise will be expressed from Mexico to Alaska. While he made many enemies for his uncompromising attitude, he was nevertheless many generous and warm-hearted characteristics. Pugnacity was perhaps his chief characteristic. Once he formed an opinion no argument could change him. At times he quarrelled with his own friends and his editorial pen was a trenchant one.

Mr. Houston founded the first newspaper, the Empire, at Prince Rupert. His presence was not warmly welcomed in the embryo town and his troubles began when he dumped his old Washington press on the beach. He thought the town was to be a standstill and having been refused a site for his newspaper office played a clever card by locating three mineral claims on the townsite. This enabled him to secure a foothold and with characteristic generosity he gave the town a score of acres to build shacks on the claims. He never seriously intended to mine for gold in Prince Rupert. The record gave him time. He conducted many bitter campaigns during his two years' stay and incurred enmity of powerful interests. His attacks were especially directed against the Grand Trunk Pacific railway and a number of its prominent officials. Finally the editor filed an abandonment of his mining claims and sold out his newspaper in which was always an enthusiastic champion of the railway terminus. He also did good work in exploiting the natural resources of the district. Last summer Mr. Houston showed more activity in his mining than he had in years. He had spent on "the frontier" and at outposts of civilization, got restless when Prince Rupert started to grow. He moved farther north, founding a new weekly at Fort George. There he resumed his exploitation of the wonderful possibilities of the northern interior.

Mr. Houston was born at Alton, Ont., where he learned the printers' trade. He was a connecting link between the old-time type printer-editor and the modern journalist. In his youth he drifted to the United States, where he set type in a hundred towns, cities and villages before finding his happiest environment in the western mining camps. John Houston became a character in the southwestern states for the earnestness with which he advocated any public question. At times his pen was dipped in ink in the special way of scoring his personal enemies. He finally acquired ownership of various weeklies only to sell out when he got tired of the locality. Thus he moved about from place to place, preceded by good as well as bad reports. He, however, won in the long run a reputation for being loyal to his friends. No printer out of a job need apply to him in vain. If he could not give him a job, Houston divided his purse and sent the printer away rejoicing.

Later Mr. Houston returned to Canada at the time the Canadian Pacific railway was reaching the Pacific coast. He founded newspapers in New Westminster and Donald before drifting to the Kootenays at the first sent of a mining boom. He established and conducted the Nelson Tribune. So powerful a factor did he become that he was elected mayor of Nelson several times and was also returned to the provincial legislature. During his mayoral administration he carried out many civic reforms, including the establishment of a municipal power plant. A Conservative in politics he bolted from the government ranks after a quarrel with his party, but later in a measure renewed his allegiance. Mr. Houston's attacks were as frequently directed against corporations as against individuals. He had the faculty of setting up type without copy. At times he was brusque in his manner. A merry twinkle in his eye indicated that he was not as serious as he looked. While mayor of Nelson he disappeared and a few weeks later reappeared in Goldfields, Nev. He forfeited his mayoral seat.

PROMOTOR ROBERTSON ARRESTED

Man Who Was Exposed in Toronto is Now in Tolla. Toronto, March 6.—Athol George Robertson, promoter of prettily every corporation capable of promotion, was arrested this afternoon charged with a conspiracy to defraud Jas. Kelly. Robertson has recently figured in exposures of alleged frauds of various kinds of promotion.

PUBLIC SALE

OF C. N. BOUTWELL. C. N. Boutwell has sold his farm and leaves here at once. I am instructed to sell at his home, Sec. 16-26-26, at BON ACCORD.

Wednesday, Mar. 16

Beginning at 11 a.m., the following described property, to wit: 9 HORSES. Brown brood mare, 8 years old, 1,000 lbs. Grey gelding, rising 3 years old, 1,100 lbs. Buckskin mare, 11 years old, 1,000 lbs. Good brood mare. 2 Colts, 1 year old. 2 Extra good draft geldings. Brown gelding, 4 years old, 1,000 lbs. sound, good driver. Sorrel mare, 11 years old, in foal, 1100 lbs. Bay horse, 1100 lbs. 1 Caprus. Colts, rising 2 years old, large, well formed, sired by the Waters horse.

20 HEAD CATTLE.

Consisting of 11 milk cows, all will be fresh this spring. 3 Steers, coming 2 years old. 6 Yearlings. Probably 10 or 15 other cattle by neighbors.

PIGS.

9 Registered Yorkshire sows, bred to registered Yorkshire boars. 15 Yorkshire "Fall" pigs, eligible for registering. 25 Chickens and Probably 75 Hens.

FARM IMPLEMENTS AND VEHICLES

Massey-Harris No. 4 binder (nearly new); also a Froot & Wood binder; Chatham fanning mill and bagger; Deering mower, disc harrow, a section levelling harrow; Haskoe Monitor granddill; Etna "Rock Island" gang plow; 18-inch sulky plow; 16-inch walking plow; farm wagon truck; set box sleighs, rubber tire buggy; cutter, 2 freight racks, 2 hay racks, new 16-disc grain drill; 1 16-in brush breaker, new; one new 5-foot McCormick mowing.

THRESHING OUTFIT

Consisting of one Peerless Separator, one 8-barrel water tank, 1 ten-horse-power, one roller crumler.

HARNESS—4 Sets of farm harness.

50 lbs. binder twine, and a lot of tamarac posts, besides numerous other articles. Also a quantity of Timothy Seed. Free Lunch at Noon. TERMS—All sums of \$15.00 and under cash. On larger amounts a credit of 11 months may be had by furnishing approved joint lien notes bearing 8 per cent interest. 5 per cent off for cash on credit amounts. No property to be removed until terms of sale are complied with.

G. MORRIS, Clerk. C. H. WEBBER, Auctioneer.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

A Sitting of the District Court will be held at INNISFREE on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16th, commencing at 10 a.m. S. B. WOODS, Deputy Attorney General. Dated at Edmonton, 7 March, 1910.

THE NEW FLAVOR MAPLEINE



Greatest Land Opportunity in British Columbia

Come to the Famous Okanagan Valley and secure a home in the greatest valley on the American continent. The mildest, not even and healthful climate in Canada. Soil especially adapted to the growing of fruits, berries, vegetables, hay, dairying and all general mixed farming. The world-famed district of B.C. Positively the greatest bargain in the whole Okanagan. Prices the lowest; terms the most reasonable. Any acreage. Small holdings the specialty. 10 acres to 20,000 acres. \$50 per acre in small tracts. Reasonable rates on larger tracts. Special inducements to Colonization Companies and men of capital seeking safe, reliable, conservative investment. Property exchanged for improved farms and city property of high commercial value.

W. Curtis Hitchmer

GLENCOE, WESTBANK, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

OFFICES AT KINGSTON, TORONTO, WINNIPEG, FORT WILLIAM and CALGARY.

Jas. Richardson & Sons

GRAIN MERCHANTS. Experience counts. Let us handle your grain and get full value. Carefully months handpicked strictly on commission or net track offers made at any time on any grain of any quality. Liberal advances and prompt settlements. Write for information to branch office. Room 2, Alexander Corner, Calgary, Alt.

BORN.

HARROLD—At Edmonton on March 6, to Mr. and Mrs. John Harrold, Jr., a son.

FOR SALE.

I improved farm with first-class buildings in a good district to exchange, either for houses or lots in Edmonton. Agents need not reply. Write to Box 75, Bulletin.

FOR SALE—220 ACRES (2 FARMS), 2 miles from railway, 100 acres broken ready for seed, 5 miles south of Leduc, which is a good market town, good buildings, two good wells and wire fenced. Can supply 80 tons of hay. Price \$23 per acre. Terms, cash preferred, or half cash and interest at 8 per cent. Apply W. Mogdans, Leduc, Alberta.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

FREE BOOKLET—ARE YOU INTERESTED in a milder climate where the flowers bloom in February. British Columbia has the greatest opportunity land in Canada. Write for our booklet, Dept. J. I. V. Bick, 1104 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—FORT

George lands—50,000 acres fertile wheat and mixed farming lands. Send for photographs and surveyors' reports. The Wright Investment Co., Dominion Trust Building, Vancouver, B.C., Canada.

BRITISH COLUMBIA FARM LANDS

50,000 acres on Grand Trunk Pacific railway, the greatest opportunity land in Canada. Rich soil, ideal climate, easy terms. The Mercantile Trust Co., Ltd., Vancouver, B.C.

MEN AND WOMEN

In every locality to sell goods as necessary in your home as Bread. \$2.00 per day. Write J. L. Nichols Co., Toronto, Ont.

WANTED.

WANTED—FIRST OF SECOND class teacher; male or female; for rest of term for Cardiff S.D., No. 2115. Apply Peter Labrie, Chairman, Cardiff, Alta.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR ELNORA S.D., No. 1641, salary \$350 per annum. Female preferred; school to open April 4. Apply to Sec. Treas., W. E. Hannan, Huxley P.O., Innisfail.

WANTED—A FEW GOOD SHORT-horn cattle, also sheep; state breed and prices. J. B. Lindsay, Onion Lake, Alta.

WANTED—TEACHER FOR CRAVEN school district No. 1811, for a term of 6 months, to commence April 1st; second class certificate. Apply, stating salary, experience, J. Littlefair, Sec. Treas., Mossside P.O., Alberta.

WANTED AT ONCE—FOR LOUISE Lake, S.D., No. 1732 a teacher holding first or second class certificate. Salary \$600 for second \$625 for first. Apply to D. L. Richardson, Sec., Landonville, Alta.

WANTED TEACHER—FOR EAGLE Butte school, No. 1811, for a term of 6 months, to commence April 1st; second class certificate. Apply, stating salary, experience, J. Littlefair, Sec. Treas., Mossside P.O., Alberta.

WANTED TEACHER—FOR THE Sullman school district, No. 821, first or second class, Alberta teacher preferred, stating reference and salary wanted; six month's duties to commence May 1st. Apply to Luther Joneson, Chipman, Alta.

WANTED—FEMALE TEACHER for Lake Alice S.D., No. 1886, second class certificate, duties to commence April 1st, 1910. Apply stating salary expected to B. L. Willis, Sec. Treas., Innisfree, Alberta.

WANTED TEACHER—FOR PAGE S.D., No. 1628, Chipman, Alta., at a salary of \$50 per month, 2nd or 3rd class certificate. School to commence April 1st, for seven months. Apply O. F. Page, Chipman, Alta.

WANTED TEACHER—FOR KALUZ S.D., No. 1831, Chipman, Alta., at a salary of \$50 per month, 2nd or 3rd class certificate; school to commence April 1st and to continue 7 months. Apply O. F. Page, Chipman, Alta.

WANTED TEACHER—FOR MOOSE Creek S.D., No. 2062, holding first or second class professional certificate; duties to commence on or before May 1st, 1910; state experience, and salary expected. Apply to J.A. McCarter, Sec. Treas., Moose Station, Tyrol P.O., via Vermilion, Alta.

Business Location Vacant

For rent or for sale 25x40, two story hotel for sale or to rent, 16-roomed house near the railway on the G.T.P. A large variety of farms for sale.

Bruce Real Estate Co.

BRUCE, ALTA.

Large advertisement for 'CIGARETTES' featuring the text 'Equal in quality to the well-known pipe-tobacco and specially blended for cigarette smoking. TEN FOR TEN CENTS.' and an illustration of a man smoking a cigarette.

Vertical advertisements on the left side of the page, including 'SAVOUR', 'EVER IN BULK', 'CIGARETTES', 'HOLD', 'MADE FLOUR', 'FOR PASTRY', 'D'S', 'CHOCOLATES', 'PLATES', 'CANDY CO', 'MILK', 'GIVE MORE MILK', 'KEYSTONE DEMONER'.

EDMONTON NEWS

LOCAL
Lieut. A. Bruce Powley has returned from Winnipeg where he was taking a military school. Capt. Osborne has also returned from a similar course.

AUSTRALIAN IMMIGRATION.
Melbourne, March 8.—The United States, Dutch and Danish consuls here have offered to assist in promoting success of the scheme of Victoria whereby it is hoped to secure forty thousand settlers within two years.

WORKMAN AWARDED DAMAGES.
Judgment in the case of Mosman vs. Smith, has been given out by his honor Judge Noel. This was an arbitration under the Workman's Compensation Act, on an application for damages made by John Mosman who was injured in the Namayo mine of Frank Smith, the respondent.

H. WAHLUND GOES FREE.
The perjury case of Wahlund vs. Smith, in the police court on Saturday, resulted in the acquittal of Wahlund by Magistrate Cowan. This is the second case that has been tried here within the week between these two men, Wahlund winning both. The first was a case in the Supreme Court and involved several hundred dollars.

ATTACKED A GUARD.
One of the convicts at the penitentiary made a murderous attack from his cell upon one of the guards yesterday evening. He was overpowered and put in irons, however, before he had inflicted any serious injury upon the guard. The penitentiary officials refuse to give any further information on the case, the warden stating that the facts must first be reported to the inspector.

WINNIPEG BAND COMING.
The Winnipeg band of the Salvation Army, numbering about thirty players will pay a visit to Edmonton this month. Arrangements have been made for a concert to be given by the band in First Baptist Church on Tuesday evening, the 22nd inst. The band is one of the strongest in the city of Winnipeg and is in charge of Bandmaster Newman. All the instruments used are of silver and of Army make. The band is making its first trip west of Winnipeg.

INSTRUCTED TO SUPPORT.
On the eve of the vote being taken on the A. & G. W. railway resolution in the legislature on Thursday evening, Robt. L. Shaw, M.P.P. of Stettler, received a telegram from the Liberal executive of his constituency instructing him to support the government.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT.
The case of Wilfrid Ledger vs. George Braithwaite came up for hearing in the district court this morning before his honor Judge Taylor. It appears that by an agreement made in England Braithwaite was to come out to Canada to set up an apprenticeship with a man named Braithwaite who was to take up a homestead for Braithwaite which was to become his on the expiration of his apprenticeship, together with all improvements. The plaintiff now denies the claim of the defendant.

A BAD CUMFUNCHER.
The B. N. W. M. P. met the train on Saturday afternoon and assisted two of the south police to convey two convicts to the penitentiary here. The names of these convicts are John Henry Peacock, of Maple Creek, and Harry Mason, of Calgary. Peacock will serve four years for using a pistol too freely. He got very drunk and proceeded in the good old-fashioned way to have some sport with a tenderfoot. He fired several shots from a big gun at his terrified victim's feet, and commanded him to dance. Several citizens interfered and now Peacock will spend four years thinking about the dance. Harry Mason was convicted of highway robbery at Calgary in 1907 and served 12 years in the penitentiary here.

WAGON ROAD TO GROUARD.
A delegation was at the government buildings this morning to visit upon Premier Rutherford, acting minister of public works, to ascertain the attitude of the government with reference to the proposed building of a direct wagon road from Edmonton through the Swan Hills to the Lesser Slave Lake. The delegation included James Bell, Sydney Smith, John Ryan, and others, all of Lesser Slave Lake. They contend that the proposed route would be far more beneficial to the country and would serve a much larger area than that one now being built north from some point on the Grand Trunk Pacific west of Edmonton.

COMPENSATION ACT INSURANCE.
A company of local and foreign capitalists are seeking incorporation at the present session of the legislature under the name of the Compensation Insurance company for the purpose of doing business arising out of the Workmen's Compensation Act passed at last session of the legislature. The local members whose names have been mentioned in the petition to the legislature are Richard Secord, Chas. May and Mc C. Wright, and the central of the company is placed at \$500,000. For some time past employers have found it difficult to insure their employees except at increased rates and the proposed company will be expected offer much better facilities in this regard.

NO PLACE FOR MUMPS.
The city health department have had a case on their hands for the last few days that has been taxing their resources. A patient in the public hospital developed mumps, when surveillance from his room, and the health department was asked to look after the case. The medical officer stated that there was no place in the Isolation Hospital for the mumps, and that if this case was taken there it would have to go to the Isolation Hospital for mumps patients that were there having exhausted all its resources. The Public Hospital could not possibly handle the case. Beriah Mission was appealed to in the matter, but would do nothing for the patient on account of the contagiousness of the disease. The health department, having exhausted all its resources, came back to the Isolation Hospital and last night had the case removed to the semi-private ward of the tubercular department.

TO PROTECT NATIVE BIRDS.

A meeting of the Edmonton branch of the Audubon Society was held on Saturday evening in the Y.M.C.A. parlors. The society is a branch of the Audubon Society that is established in Canada. It has as its object the dissemination of correct information concerning the native birds of the province, showing their relation to agriculture and exploring the use of the plumage of useful birds as ornaments. It was decided to organize the province into districts with local secretaries in charge of each. Addresses were delivered by Dr. George, of Red Deer, the well-known naturalist; Benjamin Lawson, chief game warden of the province; F. S. Orr, B.A., and President Chadiwick and Secretary Stansell. A large quantity of literature for distribution has been supplied by the National Association from its headquarters at New York.

PROVOST A THRIVING TOWN.
Rev. J. G. McKay, Presbyterian minister from Provost, was in the city Saturday, and in conversation with the Bulletin, he gave some very interesting facts about the new town, which he is a citizen. Provost is one of the new towns reached by steel rails last fall on the C. P. R. 65 miles east of Hardisty. It is in the centre of one of the best grain growing districts in Alberta. The country is a rolling prairie, low level built and a good ideal for the farmer who wants a mixed farming country. Last season was the first for this town to ship any grain, and despite the fact that the farmers are holding their grain for sale there were 40 cars of wheat shipped out, having located there. An example of how a western town can be built on short notice, said Rev. McKay, was shown in this place. Just one year ago the town was a bare prairie, now 300 people live in the town, three elevators have been built, and a school, a hotel, a bank, a No. 2 station, also a leading platform, the Canadian Bank of Commerce has opened a branch there, two masonry notes, and various other buildings. The town has a fine two-roomed school, and one of the best hotels on the line.

GOSPEL TRUMPETER APPEALS.
Frank Heffner, the adherent of "Gospel Trumpets," sentenced to a month's imprisonment at Fort Saskatchewan for neglecting to supply medical attendance to his year old son, who suffered from a dislocated knee, has taken out an appeal from the conviction of the district court. Messrs. F. C. Smith and Julius Krause, and it will be heard by his honor Judge Taylor at the sitting of the district court at Provost. Heffner was convicted on January 30th last having unlawfully and wilfully, while having charge of his son, neglected him in such a manner as to cause him unnecessary suffering and serious injury to his limb, and was fined \$75 and \$24.25 costs in addition to being sentenced to a month's imprisonment at Fort Saskatchewan.

SCHOOL AT OLDS CONCLUDED.
The agricultural school at Olds was brought to a close on Saturday. The staff came to Edmonton yesterday and proceeded to Vegreville last night, where the third school opened today. The meeting at Olds was an immense success according to Duncan Gillies of that place, who came to the city last evening. The attendance started with eighty-five and increased to 148, the largest figure being recorded on Saturday a week ago. Great interest was shown in the school and those in attendance came all the way from Red Deer. The live stock being used for illustration was brought through from the south last night.

JAILED FOR THREE MONTHS.
Mrs. Spence and her daughter, Rose Jones, keepers of a house of ill-fame at 814 Kensington avenue, were given three and two months, respectively, at the police court on Saturday. These women have been mixed up in several of the rows in the East end and Magistrate Cowan handed them the above sentences. They were given the option of a fine but could not raise the money. In the case of the Galicians who were held on Thursday evening, he stated that the next case would be a jail sentence without the option of a fine.

NORMAL SCHOOL EXAMS.
The following teachers have passed the professional examinations which were held in December at the Normal School in Calgary: First Class—Gertrude Allan, Fred Aylesworth, Elva Bedard, James Beedone, Margaret Bradley, Annie Brownfield, Aliah Bryson, Margaret Cleggwin, Mrs. J. A. Spence, Crofts, Jennie Fellows, Robert Fox, Georgia Gordon, Glenella Hardy, Frank Johnson, Mrs. J. A. Spence, E. Johnston, E. M. Kennedy, May Kennedy, J. Kimball, J. J. Lebane, Madie Lowther, L. E. Lynd, E. S. Martin, Laura Morris, Felicia Murphy, Coeella McNamara, Sister A. McKimara, W. G. Puleyblank, Claude Robinson, Cora Ross, Mrs. J. A. Spence, H. J. Spicer, Gertrude Stafford, Margaret Stevenson, Marie Thibaudeau, Mrs. W. Van Volkenburg, Kathleen Walsh, E. Webster, L. A. Winters, Flossy Wilson, Alma Wolff, Sister St. Daniel, Sister St. Paulin.

LEAVE FOR NORTH TODAY.
Colin Fraser and his son, Jim, leave the city today on their one 1,700 mile trip to Fort Chipewyan. The 19th of March is the city since the 19th of March, and it is expected that they will convey the party to Lac la Biche by a team and sleigh, they will be met there by one of Colin Fraser's men, who will accompany them down Fort Chipewyan with two dog teams, to meet his father. Mr. Fraser will arrange for several weeks ago, before Mr. Fraser left the north. There are no telegraph stations in the great north land, but when a messenger is selected the appointment is kept just the same as if there were hourly communication with the outside world. The dog team with which Mr. Fraser and his son accompanied was sent back a few days after they arrived. Now they will be met with two teams to convey them and their goods to Chipewyan.

CITY'S SCHEME TURNED DOWN.
Mayor Lee received a communication this morning from A. B. Aylesworth, minister of justice, that the department could not accept the proposition that the city had made him in respect to conveying the penitentiary to the site of the city further down the river. The reasons the department of justice gave were that they would not be government considerable to haul goods to the new site, whereas there is a railway line right to the gates of the penitentiary. It was also stated in the letter that at present the officials were all living within easy reach of the institution, and in this event, while in the event of the penitentiary being moved some at least would not remain in the service. It was also stated in this letter that the new building would cost more than the old one, and taking everything into consideration the department was decided on the idea of keeping the penitentiary on its present site unless they received a better proposition than the one that they had received from the city.

DISCUS HAIR INSURANCE.
At the monthly meeting of the East Clover Bar Union of the U.F.A. held on Monday, February 22nd, Hair Insurance was the principal topic under discussion, and the eight alternative schemes submitted to the local unions by the directors were pretty thoroughly debated. In the end, the following proposal which emanates from the East Clover Bar Union, was the one unanimously recommended for adoption: That the government inaugurate a compulsory scheme of insurance against damage by hair, to be financed in the following way: The first quarter section to be exempt from taxation, the second of more than one quarter section being taxed by any individual, company or corporation, the second quarter section to bear a tax of one cent per acre, and every succeeding quarter section and additional tax of one cent per acre until a maximum of five cents per acre is reached. In the case of land used for grazing purposes, one head of horses or cattle or thirty head of sheep per quarter section to entitle the owner to exemption from taxation.

Portugal Clerical Killed.
Lisbon, Dec. 7.—Two clerical candidates were killed and seven, including the priest presiding, injured today when two bombs were hurled into the party attended by clerical politicians. It is believed the outrage is part of the revolutionary plot recently discovered. Scores of arrests have been made.

IMPLEMENT DEALERS PROTEST AGAINST BILL

Measure Introduced Into Legislature Designed to Protect Farmers from Misleading Contracts Meeting With Strong Opposition—Deputation Waits on Committee.
An imposing delegation of agricultural machinery men from all parts of the province presented the Misleading Contracts Bill to the House of Commons on Thursday, March 10th, at 2 p.m., when H. Jamieson will attend to explain the government's scheme for a cooperative pack packing plant.

THE EDMONTON DRUG CO. LIMITED.
154 JASPER AVE.
VETERINARY OINTMENT.
Small Tin 50c. 2 1/2 lb. Tin \$2.50.
A great healing ointment for Galls, Scratches, Cuts, Sores, etc., in Horses and Cattle. Jasper Veterinary Remedies are the best.

FOR SALE.
One located S.A. scrip. Coal on land. Railroad to be built within six miles this year. ADDRESS BOX 23, BULLETIN

12 KILLED IN STARCH FACTORY EXPLOSION.
Abnormally Heated Kilm Wrecks Roby, Ind., Factory—Victims Blown Into the Air—Seventeen Seriously Injured—Plant Destroyed by Fire.
Roby, Ind., March 7.—Twelve persons were killed and seventeen seriously injured by an explosion in the starch factory of the American Maize Products company late tonight. The building was wrecked and the killed and injured were thrown into the air by the force of the explosion.

WESTERN CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL.
Instructions by mail in Matriculation, Teachers' Certificates, Civil Service, Bookkeeping, Stenography, Elementary English, Arithmetic, etc. Also excellent courses in Higher Accounting, Municipal Accounting, etc. 398 Victor Street, Winnipeg

FREE BOOK PEDLAR People of Oshawa.
Read a FREE BOOK PEDLAR People of Oshawa.
Colonge, Mar. 6.—Fifteen thousand men and today in the Sports ground and listened to speeches in favor of suffrage reform, afterwards dispersing without trouble with the police.

Calgary Tax List Revised.
Calgary, a.M. 7.—The revision of the Calgary tax list has been completed and the assessment of the city is now finally set down as follows: Value of lots without improvements, \$22,499,112; value of buildings or other improvements, \$5,764,868; total value of real property, \$28,263,980; value of assessable personal property, \$2,469,601; total assessment of public school supporters, \$27,334,103; total assessment of separate school supporters, \$3,417,922; total assessment, \$30,752,025.

The Edmonton Distributing Co. Limited.
Manufacturers' Agents representing The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works.
Crain Elevator Machinery—Write for catalogue. Structural and Bridge Steel, Wrought Iron, Castings. Special to Municipalities—Write for Prices on supplies for sewage and waterworks installations. SEPTIC TANKS AND FILTERS. Sewer and Water Pipes—Valves and Fittings. Phone 2413 Edmonton 205 Windsor Bk.

Timothy Seed.
FIRST CLASS QUALITY BROME AND ALLSYKE.
Field and Garden Seeds. FLOUR at wholesale prices. H. Wilson 44 Queens Ave.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR POTTER MARSHALL & CO'S SEEDS.
THEY ARE RELIABLE. SEND CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION. EDMONTON, ALBERTA.

SEMI-WEEKLY EDITION

MADE TO SQUIRM BY ARRAIGNMENT

Manitoba's Attorney-General Charged With Vindictive Prosecution of Liberals.

Winnipeg, March 10.—Little more than the honorable Colin H. Campbell, attorney general of the province of Manitoba, writes yesterday in the Manitoba legislature, some mental contortions under a scathing arraignment of the opposition, an arraignment as complete as it was damning, and unanswerable it was unanswered. Little was said by the honorable gentleman, he sacked his drawers and pistol in for every letter, every document, whatever shape or description, or new, false or true, or pronouncement, even a whisper of discredit against his assessor. Nor was it a matter for astonishment that the attorney general screamed at the address of the province of Manitoba and stretched his waning ingenuity to heap upon them mud and filth. No more yctio spectacle has ever been witnessed in the Manitoba Legislature than that of the honorable Colin H. Campbell, attorney general of the province of Manitoba, who in a general address to the assembly, charged with vindictive prosecution of Liberals.

Leading off in support of his resolution, T. C. Norris, leader of the opposition, described the first vindictive prosecution of the opposition, present member for Rhineland, a hollow charge against him had been dismissed by a magistrate in Montreal was told the story of G. H. MacDonald case, in which Manitoba Free Press charged 11 ministers of the Borden government had been guilty of a hold-up for \$5,000. Mr. Norris showed how a libel act against the editor of the Free Press had been allowed to slip through the hands of the Borden government, with an affidavit made by Mr. M. Donald, charged with the holding-up, the hold-up. The story of the Lac Bonnet telegram, signed "Colin Campbell," was also mentioned, the attorney general challenged to make good his explanation that he had sent the telegram or to show that alleged writer of the telegram was the alleged forger. The malicious prosecution of U. H. Ingram, Brandon, from the Borden government, stated at length by Mr. Norris, made it clear that Mr. Ingram insisted upon the charge being tried at the time the attorney general was endeavoring to have it shelved.

No Convictions Made.
In several instances where the attorney general had charged to make good his explanation that he had sent the telegram or to show that alleged writer of the telegram was the alleged forger. The malicious prosecution of U. H. Ingram, Brandon, from the Borden government, stated at length by Mr. Norris, made it clear that Mr. Ingram insisted upon the charge being tried at the time the attorney general was endeavoring to have it shelved.

In neverly language, Mr. Norris pressed home the damning fact that not a single charge made by the attorney general against Liberals, alleged political offences had led to a conviction. A whole lot of other charges were preferred subsequent to the trial of William Arthur, showed how during the vote on a by-law at Brandon the bars had been in full swing and that all attempts to secure a conviction failed. J. A. Campbell, Dauphin, exposed the partisan appointments of the attorney general, who proceeded to marshal the facts of George W. Wood bucket shop, which a felony had been committed and Wood allowed to go on his rant intimidation and perditionism in the case of the Hon. J. A. Campbell, and Calder, who had pocketed \$800, and had been sentenced by a magistrate to five months' imprisonment, liberated within three days.

Called to Order Twice.
Replying to the attorney general, Mr. Norris made a plain statement that none of the charges had been proved. He had expected that the attorney general would try to squirm and blame the judges of the province. His defence was a lunge at the province. The statement the attorney general that the Lac Du Bonnet telegram had been stolen was a false-hood, on he stated that the honorable attorney general's statement was true, and on being again called to order he said, in a dramatic tone that he would have to go outside the House to say what he meant.

During the evening session, the government live stock bill to give a bonus of \$75,000 to any municipalities which would erect a public abattoir, was read a second time. In answer to Mr. McConnell, the acting premier could only say that he hoped the bill would be gone on with during the session. The bill is notable for a slashing attack on the Winnipeg Telegraph by J. T. Gordon. Conservator of the Manitoba South, who claimed that a series of articles which had been published in the Telegram, contained false and scandalous statements. Gordon denounced the editor of the Telegram for disloyalty, claiming that he had been guilty of an over-critical period of his history.

Mr. Gordon, speaking on the bill, did not believe that the proposed

PROTEST AGAINST BILL

Measure Introduced Into Legislature Designed to Protect Farmers from Misleading Contracts Meeting With Strong Opposition—Deputation Waits on Committee.
An imposing delegation of agricultural machinery men from all parts of the province presented the Misleading Contracts Bill to the House of Commons on Thursday, March 10th, at 2 p.m., when H. Jamieson will attend to explain the government's scheme for a cooperative pack packing plant.

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12 KILLED IN STARCH FACTORY EXPLOSION.
Abnormally Heated Kilm Wrecks Roby, Ind., Factory—Victims Blown Into the Air—Seventeen Seriously Injured—Plant Destroyed by Fire.
Roby, Ind., March 7.—Twelve persons were killed and seventeen seriously injured by an explosion in the starch factory of the American Maize Products company late tonight. The building was wrecked and the killed and injured were thrown into the air by the force of the explosion.

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FREE BOOK PEDLAR People of Oshawa.
Read a FREE BOOK PEDLAR People of Oshawa.
Colonge, Mar. 6.—Fifteen thousand men and today in the Sports ground and listened to speeches in favor of suffrage reform, afterwards dispersing without trouble with the police.

Calgary Tax List Revised.
Calgary, a.M. 7.—The revision of the Calgary tax list has been completed and the assessment of the city is now finally set down as follows: Value of lots without improvements, \$22,499,112; value of buildings or other improvements, \$5,764,868; total value of real property, \$28,263,980; value of assessable personal property, \$2,469,601; total assessment of public school supporters, \$27,334,103; total assessment of separate school supporters, \$3,417,922; total assessment, \$30,752,025.

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