Huron Signal.

TEN SHILLINGS IN ADVANCE. "THE GREATEST POSSIBLE GOOD TO THE GREATEST POSSIBLE NUMBER." TWELVE AND SIX PENCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

VOLME VI. GODERICH, COUNTY OF HURON, (C. W.) THURSDAY, JANUARY 26 1854. NUMBER 51.

THE HURON SIGNAL
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Office, Market Square, Goderich.

The Proprietor of the SIGNAL having enlarged his establishment by the purchase of a large additional variety of *Plain* and *Fancy* JOB TYPE, he is now prepared, upon the most reasonable terms, and with greater despatch than heretofore, to execute all orders with which he may be favored; such as Books, Pamphlets, Bank Checks, Handbills, of every size, Circulars, Cards, Notes of Hand, Bill Heads, Check Books, Bills of Lading, Order Books Division Court Blanks and every other description of Letter Press Printing *Also—Printing in Colours.*

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CARDS.

DR. P. A. McDOUGALL, CAN be consulted at all hours, at *the residence formerly occupied by Robert Moderwell, Esq., East Street, Market Square, Goderich.*
Goderich, April 20th, 1852. v5

IRA LEWIS, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, &c. West-street, Goderich.
June 1848. 2vn25

DANIEL GORDON, CABINET MAKER, Three doors East o the Canada Company's office, West-street, Goderich.
August 27th, 1849. 2vn30

DANIEL HOME LIZARS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, and Conveyancer, Solicitor in Chancery, &c. has his office as formerly in Stratford.
Stratford, 2nd Jan. 1850. 2vn49

J. DENISON, CIVIL ENGINEER, &c. *GODERICH, C. W.*
Aug. 25th, 1852. v5n31

JOHN J. E. LINTON, NOTARY PUBLIC, Commissioner Q.B., and Conveyancer, Stratford.

STRACHAN AND BROTHER. *Barrister and Attornies at Law, &c,* GODERICH C. W.

JOHN STRACHAN Barrister and Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Conveyancer.

ALEXANDER WOOD STRACHAN, Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer.
Goderich, 17th November, 1851.

WILLIAM HODGINS, ARCHITECT & CIVIL ENGINEER *Office 27, Dundas Street,* *LONDON, C. W.*
August 16th, 1852. v5n30

A. J. MOORE, *BARRISTER-AT-LAW.* OFFICE in the Post Office Buildings, Goderich.
June 7th, 1853.] v6n19

HORACE HORTON, [*Market-square, Goderich,*] AGENT for the Provincial Mutual and General Insurance Office, Toronto,—Also Agent for the St. Lawrence County Mutual, Ogdensburg, New York. Local Agent for Samuel Moulson's Old Rochester Nursery. July 1850. 22

A. NASMYTH. FASHIONABLE TAILOR, one door West of W. E. Grace's Store, West Street Goderich.
Feb. 19, 1852. v5–n4

THOMAS NICHOLLS, BROKER AND GENERAL AGENT. *Agent for Ontario Marine & Fire Insurance Co.* NOTARY PUBLIC, ACCOUNTANT AND CONVEYANCER; COMMISSIONER IN Q. B. &c. INSURANCE effected on Houses, Shipping and Goods. All kinds of Deeds correctly drawn, and Books and Accounts adjusted. Office over the Treasury, Goderich.
July 22, 1852. v5n26

E. L. MARLTON, FORWARDING and Commission Merchant, Agent, for the sale of Wild Lands Cleared Farms, Household Furniture and Produce Office, next door North of the Kincardine Arms, Goderich.
March 24th 1853. v5–n9

WASHINGTON Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co., CAPITAL £10,000. EZRA HOPKINS, Esq., Agent for the Counties of Wellington and Huron.
August 27, 1850. 3v15

MR. JOHN HACKER, BARRISTER, Solicitor, Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, Chancery, &c. Office; Ontario Buildings, Church-st. opposite the Gore Bank, King-St. British North America, Hamilton. Bank of British North America. v6n10

MR. T. N. MOLESWORTH, CIVIL ENGINEER and Practical Land Surveyor, Goderich.
April 24, 1851. v5n41

Buffalo Brantford and Goderich RAILWAY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that pursuant to a Resolution of the Board of Directors, payment of the NEW ISSUE OF SHARES of the increased Capital Stock of the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company is required to be made to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Bank of British North America, Brantford, in five equal Instalments, as follows:

20 per cent, on or before the 1st day of May next.
20 per cent on or before the 1st day of July next.
20 per cent on or before the 1st day of September next.
20 per cent on or before the 1st day of November next.
20 per cent on or before the 1st day of January, 1854.

By order,
ARCH'D GILKINSON, Secretary.
Office of B.B. & G. Railway Co., Brantford, March 15, 1853. v6-n9

NOTICE.

Mr. Atherton (Teacher of the Common School, Goderich), being anxious to raise a certain sum of money to pay off some just debts would be glad to attend at any private house, to teach two or three pupils, from seven o'clock to ten every evening, for moderate remuneration: or he would be happy to write or copy in a fair legible hand, for any one in business, or make out accounts, during the hours mentioned above, or from six to half past eight in the morning.
Goderich, Jan. 2nd, 1854. n48-4t.

LARGE AND CHEAP STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS!!

THE Subscriber grateful for the encouragement and support which has been extended to him for the last two years he has been in Business in this place, begs leave respectfully to solicit a continuance of public confidence and favour. My motto is "Small Profits and Quick Sales."

Having just received a Large and well selected assortment of Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Crockery and Hardware, Boots and Shoes, with an assortment of Joiners Tools, which will be found not to be surpassed by any other house in the west, either for variety or cheapness. A large assortment of plaid Shawls, Winter Caps, Furs and Boas of all kinds, Wholesale and Retail. Ready made Clothing in great variety.

GROCERIES.—Teas, Sugars, Tobaccos, Cigars, Green, Roasted and Ground Coffee, Molasses, Syrup, and Vinegar of the best qualities.

ALSO,

Lamp and Paint Oils, Olive Oils, Cold pressed Castor Oil, Varnish and Turpentine, White Paints, Yellow Ochre, Prussian Blue, Venetian Red. Chrome, and Brunswick Green-coarse and ground Emry.

As the Subscriber prefers the "Nimble Sixpence to the slow Shilling"—the public may rely upon getting GOODS at a small advance upon cost. Intending purchasers will do well to call and examine before buying elsewhere. No second price. All kinds of merchantable Produce taken in exchange at the highest cash price.

A. LEYS.
Goderich, Nov. 15th, 1853. n41

NOTICE.

ALL parties indebted to the Estate of the late Mr. JAMES GENTLES, either by Note or Book account, are requested to call and settle the same forthwith: and those having claims against the said Estate are desired to present them for adjustment

☞ With reference to the above, parties indebted to the said estate will please take notice immediately and prevent further trouble and costs.

At the Office of GEO. M. TRUEMAN, Market Square.
Goderich, Aug 22nd, 1853. n29tf

JAMES CAMPBELL, BOOT AND SHOE MAKER, *West Street, Goderich,*

HAS just received a Large Assortment of Ladies' Fancy Dress and Walking Boots and Shoes, superior to any of the kind ever offered for sale in Goderich.—Also, a large assortment of Lasts, Boot Trees, Crimping Blocks, Lining Skins, &c. &c., the above articles will be sold as cheap as they can be purchased in the London market.
Goderich, Sept. 6th, 1853. n31tf

WILLIAM SHARMAN, BRICKLAYER AND PLASTERER, [WEST STREET, GODERICH,

IS prepared to furnish DESIGNS and PLANS, on the most reasonable term.
Goderich, Nov. 18th, 1852. v5n43

W. & R. SIMPSON, (LATE HOPE, BIRRELL & Co.,) GROCERS, Wine Merchants, Fruiterers and Oilmen, No. 17 Dundas Street, London, C. W.
February 25th, 1853 v5–n5.

ALEXANDER LEYS, *GENERAL DEALER IN* DRY Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Crockery, Stationery, &c., &c., &c.—Corner of Hamilton Street, Market Square, Goderich.
June 25th, 1853. n22

MRS. POLLOCK, Milliner and Straw Bonnet Maker.

BEGS leave to inform her friends and customers that she has removed to West Street, two doors east of the Canada Company's office, where she will continually keep on hand a good assortment of Tuscan, Straw and fancy Bonnets to suit the seasons. Also ribbons caps and fancy trimmings, &c., &c.

Straw and Tuscan Bonnets cleaned and altered.
Goderich, 6th October, 1853. v6-n35

C. R. BARKER, *Commission Agent, Kincardine,* FOR the Sale of Wild Lands, &c., a Registry kept of Town Lots, partially cleared Farms, &c., free of charge. All communications, post paid, answered immediately.

Deeds and Transfers drawn, Books and Accounts adjusted.

Agent for Moulson's Old Rochester Nursery. Cooking Stoves of first rate quality and superior fixing, and stove Piping for sale on easy terms. Office No. 2, North Durham Street, Penetangore, Township of Kincardine.
October 12th, 1853. v6n37

Poetry.

THE LORD'S PRAYER.—AN ACROSTIC.

(This beautiful and ingenious composition, though it had a great run in the papers some years ago, will probably be new to many of our readers.)

*O*ur Lord and King who reign'st enthroned on high
*F*ather of Light! Mysterious Deity!
*W*ho art the great I AM—the last, the first—
*A*rt righteous, holy, merciful and just—
*I*n realms of glory, scenes where angels sing,
*H*eaven is the dwelling place of God our King.
*H*allowed thy name, which doth all names transcend,
*B*e thou adored, our great Almighty Friend,
*T*hy glory shines beyond creation's space,
*N*amed in the book of justice and of grace!
*T*hy kingdom towers beyond the starry skies;
*K*ingdom Satanic falls, but thine shall rise,
*C*ome, let thine empire, O thou Holy One,
*T*hy great and everlasting will be done!
*W*ill God made known his will, his power display?
*B*e it the work of mortals to obey.
*D*one is the great, the wondrous work of love
*O*n Calvary's cross he died, but reigns above,
*E*arth bears the record in thy holy word.
*A*s heaven adoreathy love, let earth, O Lord;
*I*t shines transcendent in the eternal skies
*I*s praised in heaven—for man the Saviour dies.
*I*n songs immortal, angels laud his same.
*H*eaven shouts with joy, and saints his love proclaim.
*G*ive us, oh Lord, our food, nor cease to give
*U*s proper food, on which our souls may live.
*T*his be our boon to-day, and days to come,
*D*ay without end, in our eternal home;
*O*ur needy souls supply from day to day,
*D*aily assist, and aid us when we pray;
*B*read though we ask, yet, Lord, thy blessing lend,
*A*nd make us grateful when thy gifts descend.
*F*orgive our sins, which in destruction place
*U*s—the vile rebels of a rebel race
*O*ur follies, fruits and trespasses forgive—
*D*ebts which we ne'er can pay, or thou receive;
*A*s we, O Lord, our neighbours' faults o'erlook.
*W*e beg thou'lt blot *ours* from thy memory's book;
*F*orgive our enemies, extend thy grace
*O*ur souls to save, e'en Adam's guilty race,
*D*ebtors to thee in gratitude and love,
*A*nd in that duty paid by saints above,
*L*ead us from sin, in thy mercy raise
*U*s from the tempter and his hellish ways;
*N*ot in our own, but in His name who bled,
*I*nto thine ear we pour our every need,
*T*emptation's fatal charms help us to shun,
*B*ut may we conquer through thy conquering Son.
*D*eliver us from all which can annoy
*U*s in this world, and may our souls destroy;—
*F*rom all calamities which men betide,
*E*vil and death, oh turn our feet aside,
*F*or we are mortal worms, and cleave to clay;
*T*hine 'tis so rule, and mortals to obey,
*I*s not thy mercy, Lord, forever free?
*T*he whole creation knows no God but thee.
*K*ingdom and empire in thy presence fall,
*T*he King Eternal reigns the King of all.
*P*ower is with thee—to thee be glory given,
*A*nd be thy name adored by earth and heaven,
*T*he praise of saints and angels is thy own.
*G*lory to thee, the everlasting one,
*F*orever be thy triune name adored.
*A*men! Hosanna! blessed be the Lord!

LITERATURE.

"IT'S ONLY A DROP!"

AN IRISH TALE, BY MRS S. C. HALL.

It was a cold winter's night, and though the cottage where Ellen and Michael, the two surviving children of old Ben Murphy, lived, was always neat and comfortable, still there was a cloud over the brow of both brother and sister, as they sat before the cheerful fire; it had obviously been spread not by anger but by sorrow. The The silence had continued long, though it was not bitter. At last Michael drew away from his sister's eyes the checked apron she had applied to them, and taking her hand affectionally within his own, said, 'It isn't for my own sake, Ellen, though I shall be lonesome enough the long winter nights and the long summer days without your wise saying, and your [sweet song, and your merry laugh, that I can so well remember—ay, since the time when our poor mother used to seat us on the new rick, and then, in the innocent pride of her heart, call our father to look at us, and preach to us against being conceited, at the very time she was making us proud by calling us her blossoms of beauty.'

'God and the blessed Virgin make her bed in heaven now and for evermore, amen!' said Ellen, at the same time drawing out her beads. 'Ah, Mike,' she added, 'that was the mother, and the father too, full of grace and godliness.'

"True for ye, Ellen; but that's not what I'm after now, as you well know, you blushing little rogue of the world; and sorra a word I'll say against it in the end, though it's lonesome I'll be on my hearth-stone, with no one to keep me company but the ould black cat, that can't see, let alone hear, the craythur!'

'Now,' said Ellen, wiping her eyes, and smiling her own bright smile, 'lave off; ye're just like all the men, purtending to one thing whin they mane another; there's a dale of desate about them—all—every one of them—and so my mother often said. Now, you'd better have done, or maybe I'll say something that will bring, if not the colour to your brown cheek, a dale more warmth to yer warm heart than would be convarient, just by the mention of one Mary. Mary! what a purty name Mary it is, isn't it?—it's a common name too, and yet you like it none the worse for that. Do you mind the ould rhyme?—

'Mary, Mary, quite contrary.'

'Well, I'm not going to say she is contrary—I'm sure she's anything but that to you, anyway, brother Mike. Can't you sit still, and don't be pulling the hairs out of Pusheen cat's tail; it isn't many there's in it; and I'd thank you not to unravel the beautiful English cotton stocking I'm knitting; lave off your tricks, or I'll make common talk of it, I will, and be more than even with you, my fine fellow! Indeed, poor ould Pusheen,' she continued, addressing the cat with great gravity, 'never heed what he says to you; he has no notion to make you either head or tail to the house, not he; he wont let you be without a mistress to give you yer sup of milk or yer bit of sop; he wont let you be lonesome, my poor puss; he's glad enough to swop an Ellen for a Mary, so he is; but that's a sacret, avourneen; don't tell it to any one.'

'Anything for your happiness,' replied the brother somewhat sulkily; 'but your bachelor has a worse fault than ever I had, notwithstanding all the lecturing you kept on to me; he has a turn for the drop, Ellen; you know he has.'

"How spiteful you said that!' replied Ellen; 'and it isn't generous to spake of it when he's not here to defend himself.'

'You'll not let a word go against him,' said Michael.

"No," she said, "I will never let ill be spoken of an absent friend.—I know he has a turn for the drop, but I'll cure him.'

'After he's married,' observed Michael not very good-naturedly.

'No,' she answered, 'before. I think a girl's chance of happiness is not worth much who trusts to after-marriage reformation. I wont. Didn't I reform you, Mike, of the shockin habit you had of putting everything off to the 'ast? and after reforming a brother, who knows what I may do with a lover! Do you think that Larry's heart is harder than yours, Mike? Look what fine vegetables we have in our garden now, all planted by yer own hands when you come home from work—planted during the very time which you used to spend in leaning against the door-cheek, or smoking your pipe, or sleeping over the fire; look at the money you got from the Agricultural Society.'

'That's yours, Ellen,' said the generous-hearted Mike; 'I'll never touch a penny of it; but for you I never should have had it; I'll never touch it.'

'You never shall,' she answered; 'I've laid it every penny out; so that when the young bride comes home, she'll have such a house of comforts as are not to be found in the parish—white table-cloths for Sunday, a little store of tay and sugar, soap, candles, starch, everything good, and plenty of it.'

'My own dear generous sister,' exclaimed the young man.

'I shall ever be your sister,' she replied, and hers too. She's a good *colleen*, and worthy my own Mike, and that's more than I would say to 'ere another in the parish. I wasn't in earnest when I said you'd be glad to get rid of me; so put the pouch, every bit of it, off yer handsome face.—And hush!—whisht! will ye? there's the sound of Larry's footstep in the bawn—hand me the needles, Mike.' She braided back her hair with both hands, arranged the red ribbon that confined its luxuriance, in the little glass that hung upon a nail on the dresser, and, after composing her arch laughing features into an expression of great gravity, sat down and applied herself with singular industry to take up the stitches her brother had dropped. and put on a look of right maidenly astonishment when the door opened, and Larry's good-humoured face entered with the salutation of 'God save all here!' He 'popped' his head in first, and, after gazing round, presented his goodly person to their view; and a pleasant view it was; for he was of genuine Irish bearing and beauty—frank, and manly, and fearless-looking. Ellen, the wicked one, looked up with well-feigned astonishment' and exclaimed, 'Oh, Larry, is it you, and who would have thought of seeing you this blessed night? Ye're lucky—just in time for a bit of supper after your walk across the moor. I cannot think what in the world makes you walk over that moor so often; you'll get wet feet, and yer mother will be forced to nurse you. Of all the walks in the county, the walk across that moor's the deariest, and yet ye're always going it! I wonder you haven't better sense; ye're not such a chicken now.'

'Well,' interrupted Mike, 'it's the woman that bates the world for desaving.—Sure she heard yer step when nobody else could; its echo struck on her heart, Larry—let her deny it, she'll make a shove off if she can; she'll twist you, and twirl you, and turn about, so that you wont know whether its on your head or your heels ye're standing. She'll tossicate yer brains in no time, and be as composed herself as a dove on her nest in a storm. But ask her, Larry, the straightforward question, whether she heard you or not. She'll tell no lie—she never does.'

Ellen shook her head at her brother, and laughed. And immediately after the happy trio sat down to a cheerful supper.

Larry was a good tradesman, blithe, and well to do in the world; and had it not been for the one great fault—an inclination to take the least taste in life more., when he had already taken quite enough—there could not have been found a better match for good, excellat Ellen Murphy, in the whole kingdom of Ireland. When supper was finished, the everlasting whiskey bottle was produced, and Ellen resumed her knitting. After a time, Larry pressed his suit to Michael for the hand of his sister, thinking, doubtless, the natural self-conceit of all [illegible] that he was perfectly secure [illegible]; but though Ellen loved, like all her country-woman, well, she loved, I am compelled to say, unlike the generality of my fair countrywoman, wisely, and reminded her lover that she had seen him intoxicated at the last fair of Rathcoolin.

'Dear Ellen!' he exclaimed 'it was only a drop,' the least taste in life that overcame me. It overtook me [illegible] down, quite against my will.'

'Who poured it down yer throat, Larry?'

'Who poured it down my throat is it? why myself, to be sure; but [illegible] you going to put me to a three months' penance for that?'

"Larry, will you listen to me, and remember the man that I may yet be converted before we stand before the priest. I have no faith in conversions after—'

'Oh, Ellen!' interrupted her lover.

'It's no use oh Ellen—ing me,' she answered quickly; 'I have made my resolution, and I'll stick to it.

'She's as obstinate as ten women,' said her brother. There's no use in attempting to contradict her; she always has her own way.

'It's very cruel of you, Ellen, to listen to raison. I tell you a tablespoonful will often upset me.

'If you know that, Larry, why do you take the tablespoonful.

Larry could not reply to this question.—He could only plead that the drop got the better of him, and the *temptation* and the *overcomingness* of the thing, and it was very hard to be at him so about a drop.

"I can never think a thing a trifle,' she observed, 'that makes you so unlike yourself; I should wish to you always, Larry, and in my heart I believe no woman could respect a drunkard. I don't want to make you angry; God forbid you should ever be one; and I *know* you are not one yet; but sin grows mighty strong upon us by our knowledge. And no matter what indulgence leads to bad, we've a right to think anything that *does* lead to it sin in the prospect, if not at the present."

'You'd have made a fine priest, Ellen,' said the young man, if he could not resist to laugh her out of her resolve.

"I don't think," she replied archly, "if I were a priest, that either of you would have liked to come to confession."

"But, Ellen, dear Ellen, sure it's not a positive downright *earnest* you are; you can't think of putting me off on account of that unlucky drop, *the least taste in life* I took at the fair. You could not find in your heart. Speak for me, Michael, speak for me. But I see it's joking you are. Why, Lent 'll be on us in no time, and then we must wait till Easter—it's easy talking—'

'Larry,' interrupted Ellen, do not yer talk yourself into a passion; it will do no good; none in the world. I am sure you love me, and I confess before my brother I will be the delight of my heart to return that love, and make myself worthy of you if you will only break yourself of that one habit, which you qualify to your own undoing, by fancying, because it is the *least taste in life* makes you what you ought not to be, that you may still take it.'

'I'll take an oath against the whiskey, if that will plase ye, till Christmas.'

'And when Christmas comes, get twice as tipsey as ever, with joy to think yer oath is out—no!'

'I'll swear anything you plase.'

'I don't want you to swear at all; there is no use in a man's taking an oath he is anxious to have a chance of breaking. I want your reason to be convinced.'

'My darling Ellen, all the reason I ever had in my life is convinced.'

'Prove it by abstaining from taking a drop, even *the least drop* in life, if that drop can make you ashamed to look your poor Ellen in the face.'

'I'll give it up altogether.'

'I hope you will from a conviction that it is really bad in every way; but not from cowardice, not because you dare'n't trust yerself.'

'Ellen, I'm sure ye're some English blood in yer veins, ye've such a raisoner. Irish woman don't often throw a boy off because of a drop; if they did, it's not many marriage-dues his reverence would have, winter and summer.'

'Listen to me, Larry, and believe that, though I spake this way, I regard you truly; and if I did not, I'd not take the trouble to tell you my mind.'

'Like Mick Brady's wife, who, whenever she thrashed him, cried over the blows, and said they were all for his good,' observed her brother slyly.

'Nonsense!—listen to me, I say, and I'll tell you why I am so resolute. It's many a long day since, going to school, I used to meet—Michael minds her too, I'm sure—an old bent woman; they used to call her the Witch of Ballaghton. Stacy was, as I have said, very old entirely, withered and white-headed, bent nearly double with age, and she used to be ever and always muddling about the strames and ditches, gathering herbs and plants, the girls said to work charms with; and at the first they used to watch, rather far off, and if they thought they had a good chance of escaping her tongue and the stones she flung at them, the'd call her anjill name o two; and sometimes, old as she was, she'd make a spring at them sideways like a crab, and howl, and hoot, and scraine, and then they'd be off like a flock of pigeons from a hawk, and she'd go on disturbing the green-edged waters with her crooked [illegible] muttering words which none, [illegible] could understand. Stacy [illegible] well-rared woman, and knew [illegible] than any of us; when not tormented by children, she was mighty well-spoken, and the gentry thought a dale about her more than she did about them; for she'd say there wasn't one in the country fit to tie her shoe, and tell them so too, if they'd call her anything but Lady Stacy, which the rale gentry of the place all honoured her in; but the upstarts, who think every civil word to an inferior is a pulling down of their own dignity, would turn up their noses as they passed her, and maybe she didn't bless them for it.

One day Mike had gone home before me, and, coming down the black boheen, who should I see moving along it, but Lady Stacy; and on she came, muttering and mumbling to herself, till she got near me, and as she did, I heard Master Nixon (the dogman*)'s hound in full cry, and seen him at her heels and he over the hedge encouraging the baste to tear her in pieces. The dog soon was up with her, and then she kept him off as well as she could with her crutch, cursing the entire time, and I was very frightened; but I darted to her side, and, with a wattle I pulled out of the hedge, did my best to keep him of her.

Master Nixon cursed at me with all his heart; but I wasn't to be turned off that way. Stacy herself laid about with her staff; but the ugly brute would have finished her, only for me. I don't suppose Nixon meant that; but the dog was savage, and some men, like him, delight in cruelty.—Well, I bate the dog off; and then I had to help the poor fainting woman; for she was both faint and hurt. I didn't much like bringing her here, for the people said she wasn't lucky; however, she wanted help, and I gave it. When I got her on the floor, † I thought a drop of whiskey would revive her, and accordingly I offered her a glass. I shall never forget the venom with which she dashed it on the ground.

'Do you want to poison me,' she shouted, after saving my life! When she came to herself a little, she made me sit down by her side, and fixing her large gray eyes upon my face, she kept rocking her body backwards and forwards, while she spoke, as well as I can remember—what I'll try to tell you—but I can't tell it as she did—that wouldn't be in nature. 'Ellen,' she said, and her eyes fixed in my face, I wasn't always a poor lone creature, that every ruffian who walks the country dare set his cur at. There was full and plenty in my father's house when I was young; but before I grew to womanly estate, its walls were bare and roofless. What made them so?—drink!—whiskey! My father was in debt: to kill thought, he tried to keep himself so that he could not think; he wanted the courage of a man to look his danger and difficulty in the face, and overcome it: for, Ellen, mind my words—the man that will look debt and danger steadily in the face, and resolve to overcome them, can do so. He had not means, he said, to educate his children as became them; he grew not to have means to find them or their poor patient mother the proper necessaries of life, yet he found the means to keep the wiskey cask flowing, and to answer the bailiff's knock for admission by the loud roar of drunkenness, mad, as it was wicked. They got in at last, in spite of the care taken to keep them out, and there was much fighting, ay, and blood spilt, but not to death; and while the riot was a-foot, and we were crying round the bed-bed of a dying mother, where was her husband? had raised a ten-gallon cask of whiskey on the table in the parlour, and astride on it sat my father, flourishing the huge pewter funnel in one hand, and the black jack streaming with whiskey in the other; and amid the fumes of hot punch that flowed over the room, and the cries and oaths of the fighting drunken company, his voice was heard swearing "he had lived like a king, and would die like a king!"

* Tax-gatherers were so called some time ago in Ireland, because they collected the duty on dogs.
† In the House.

To be Continued.

CURIOUS STORY OF A RING.

In the summer of 1843 the family of McG, a tighly respectable citizen, residating a Helensburg, and it happened, that while one of his daughters, then a girl o ten years of age, was gathering shells on the banks of the Gareloch, she found a valuable gold signet ring, bring a crest, and a set of family initials. Our townsman, on his return to Glasgw, showed the ring to an engraver, who expressed his opinion that it belongs to a family of the name of R— Mr. G. accordingly spared no pains to apprize gentlemen of that name, that a ring had been found; and amongst other men, he consulted the London and Dublin Directories, and wrote to all unde the name indicated, but the replies fan each were to the effect that no rin had been lost by them or any member of their familiy. The ring was accilingly put past as a stray waif, of which was hopeless to discover the owner. Last summer, however, Mr. G. h a visit from a friend who is a member f the Jun or United Service Club ondon: *inter alia*, the story of the rit came overboard, and it was accidently rehearsed upon the visitors return the metropolis; it thus reached the earl one who remembered that his relain an eminent gentleman in Derbyshire, had lost a much valued family ring, many ars ago, on the banks of a Scottish lk. A correspondence ensued: the rg which had now lain more than five yes in our townsman's desk, was descend to a hair by the Derbyshire gentleman, and as undoubted ownership wathus established it was sent to him a fe days ago, and most gratefully acknowledged. The Englishman, in descving the ring says, "it was worn for many years by my father, who [illegible] 21 years, & subsequently g[illegible] to my mother, who has also en[illegible] rest. The initials of both (D. S.—P. S. R) together with another s (F. A. R) and my own were engraven on the setting of the ring short before it was lost." He adds—"I lost one day in September 1843, while thing under cover of a grassy knoll, wi a plantation upon it not quite half way otween Helensburg and Row, where I must have lain until discovered by yr daught r five years afterwards. Tis it should have escaped the various langers of either being buried or wash away is most remarkable. I happent to stand at the spot where I lost it only six months ago little thinking I shou so soon have the prospect of seeing itain!" The writer also states that on discovery the loss, he waited for low water, but in vain. Notwithstanding, it was found in the very spot on which the owner had bathed. It would appear, that it had not suffered anything by its long immersion. for Mr. R., in acknowledging receipt on Monday last (Nov. 28) says,—"I beg to acknowledge the receipt of my old friend the ring, looking, in truth, every whit as well as it did on the morning on which it was lost, just ten years and three months ago.—"[Glasgow Herald.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE. NOBLE CONDUCT OF A WOMAN.

On Saturday afternoon as one of the ferry canoes from the city reached the battures at Pont Levi a mass of sheet ice drifting drawn with the ebb tide, bore it away ere all the passengers were able to jum., ashore. Notwithstanding the hardest efforts of their companions to rescue them by hauling the boat ashore. they were forced to witness their three fellow passengers, a woman and two men, borne off rapidly by the ice, with every prospect of meeting a watery grave or freezing from the intense cold.

The force of the tide and current is so strong, more partiocularly with an ebb tide and west wind that no human power can stay the progress of any thing once in its grasp. as the writer can testify from a narrow escape two years since. The unfortunates in the canoe were therefore most reluctantly abandoned by their comrades, and left to their fate.

During the course of the night they were thus carried down the river till opposite St. Thomas. With the rising tide they were again brought up as far as Berthier, where at noon on Sunday, they were observed by the people going home from mass, and after great exertions were rescued from their perilous situation, having spent nearly 12 hours on the river, during one of the most severe nights that are ever experienced throughout our winter season.

Their escape is altogether due to the exertions of the woman, who from time to time encouraged the men to work to keep themselves warm; and this she had to do repeatedly, as the two men, believing all exertions vain, laid themselves down in the canoe frequently during the night, at the risk of being frozen in their slumbers. The name of the woman is Begin, a widow, and the mother of a young family, living at Pont Levi.—*Quebec Chronicle.*

At Udina, Austria, a poor man suffering under the tortures of hydrophobia, was cured by draughts of vinegar given him, by mistake, instead of another potion. A physician of Padua got intelligence of this event, and tried the same remedy upon a patient at the hospital, administering a pound of vinegar in the morning, another at noon, and the third at sunset, and the man was speedily and perfectly cured.

HINTS TO STOCK RAISERS.—Mix occasionally, one part of salt with four or five of wood ashes, and give it to your stock of all kinds during summer and winter.

It promotes health and growth materially.

Green and fermented food produces flatulency, and this mixture affords a remedy

GALT BRANCH.—A considerable number of men are now busy laying the rails on the Galt Branch. We understand that this number is soon to be greatly increased, and we think that the first train will enter Galt about the first of February. We are informed by a friend from the vicinity of St. George, that a locomotive was to start running on Monday last, to carry the rails from one part of the line to another.—*Reformer.*

PITTSBURG, Jan. 13.

Judge Irwin has denied the application of Ira Sherwine, of the Erie Rioters, to be discharged from Alleghany County Jail; the denial to stand good until the breach in the injunction has been repaired, and proper submission been made to the authorities of the Court—the same order to be applied to cases of the two Kilpatricks and John Jacks.

ERIE, Jan. 13, 1854.

A telegraphic despatch directed to the Mayor of this city, from the hon. James Thompson, now in Harrisburg, and who is Counsel for the people of Erie, has been received at this place to-day, ordering a suit to be brought against the United States Marshal and his aids in the name of each prisoner who has been arrested, for false imprisonment.

DUTIES OF EDUCATED WOMEN.—The education of woman, like that of man, should tend to prepare them for their duties; the difference of their employments will of course render their studies different. It is the duty of woman to educate her children, the boys until a certain age, and girls until they are married. How much wisdom is requisite to manage the mind and disposition of each child, so to guide their intellects and manage their humors, as to anticipate the effects of their growing passions, and to rectify their errors. How much prudence should a mother have in order to maintain her authority over them, without losing their friendship and their confidence. Surely the mother of a family ought to possess a religious, mature, firm mind, acquainted with the human heart. St. Paul attaches such importance to the education of children, that he says it is by "mothers the souls of children are saved." I shall not attempt to specify all that they ought to know, in order to educate their children well. To do this, it would be necessary to enter into an entire detail of their studies; but we must not omit the subject of economy. Woman in general are apt to neglect it, and think it proper only for the lower classes; those woman especially who are brought up in idleness and indolence, disdain the detail of domestic life. It is nevertheless, from ignorance that the science of economy is despised. The polished Greeks and Romans took care to instruct themselves in this art. The mind is of a low order which can only speak well, and cannot [illegible] ment [illegible] yet [illegible]

OPENING OF THE BUFFALO AND BRANTFORD RAILROAD.

(From the Buffalo Express.)

THE FESTIVAL.

The Buffalo and Brantford Railroad is now completed between the two points, a distance of some seventy-five miles. The enterprise chiefly belongs to the places that have been linked in neighborhood proximity by it. The people of Buffalo deemed it of importance to open a communication between this point and the interior and western sections of Canada West, for the double purpose of making neighbors and friends of the people of that Province, and of securing a portion of the western travel which might seek transit by the Great Western Railway. The object was considered laudable in every point of view, and our citizens by vote took one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of the stock in the name of the municipal corporation. This act on the part of our people gave an impulse to the enterprise, which probably secured its success. Our city appointed the Hon James Wadsworth and Myron P. Bush, Esq., Directors to represent the city stock, and the Company, as an evidence of their appreciation of the aid rendered, and of the respect they bore to the man, elected Mr. Wadsworth, President of the Company. The sequel shows that the mutual confidence pledged in this arrangement, has been preserved with the strictest fidelity by all parties. Our directors have been met by the Canadian Directors with a fraternity of feeling and liberality of sentiment, that have given vitality and energy to the work and greatly accelerated its completion. The engineering of the road has been in the hands of Wm. Wallace, Esq., an able engineer, and an experienced and competent man in all matters pertaining to the construction of Railroads. The superintendance of the road has been confided to his charge, which is an earnest that the company have determined upon a wise and judicious management of it hereafter.

In honor of the completion of the road from Buffalo to Brantford the people of that city resolved to commemorate the event with becoming festivites. In accordance with that determination, a large number of invitations were extended to our municipal authorities and citizens, to join the people of Brantford and vicinity, in their rejoicings over the opening of this line of communication. Friday last was the day appointed for the celebration, and the note of preparation was heard in this city making ready for

THE EXCURSION.

The cars were to leave the Erie Street Depot at 8½ o'clock, A. M. At the appointed time, the Mayor and Common Council of the City, Engine Fire Company No. 1, and several hundred ladies and gentlemen were on board. The whistle sounded the signal, all ready, and as happy a party as ever set out on an excursion of pleasure hunting was soon under way. A few minutes brought us to Black Rock, where we were transferred to the steamer *International*, a new, large and beautiful craft, built by Messrs. Bidwell & Banta expressly for this Railroad, under the superintendence of Col. S. Hamenway. She is commanded by Capt. C. H. Ludlow, an officer of experience and character. She is worked by two strong and powerful engines, under the charge of Mr. A. P. Southworth, a capable and skilful engineer. We would not make such special mention of this boat at this time, had we not noticed recently in a Railroad journal a statement that she is a failure. This we feel called upon by the facts of the case, to contradict, and to pronounce her a staunch, safe, commodious craft, peculiarly adapted to the purpose for which she is intended, and all that is desired by the public to effect a speedy and safe transit across the Niagara river. She is of such model and power of engine, that no ice can form in the rapids that will present any obstruction to her in making regular trips in connection with the trains. After a pleasant and safe trip across the sweeping waters of Niagara, the party stepped on board the cars at Waterloo. The delay was but momentary. The cry, 'all aboard!' ran along the cars, the whistle sounded, and away went the happy throng on an extra train, towards Brantford. Many of the party had never before penetrated the interior of Canada, although they had lived on its borders most of their days. This rendered the excursion to most one of interest as well as liberality — We swept up the river by its mouth—dashed past the decayed and crumbling walls of Fort Erie, and then sped away as upon the wings of the wind past Point Abino.— On, on, we went through a beautiful and fertile country of unbroken surface, save by gentle undulations that rise and fall with easy and graceful swell like the waves of the sea. One moment we would pass a cultivated farm, with neat & unostentatious farm houses, the next would find us dashing through a forest of thrifty timber, then again we would skim the surface of an extending low land half submerged; showing a variety of surface and soil for agricultural purposes, admirably interspersed with those qualities essential to the growth of cereals and the raising of stock. We were borne over a territory more peculiarly adapted to the construction of a Railroad than any we ever saw. The undulations of the surface are so light and regular, and the route so direct that for more than seventy miles there is not a preceptible curve, nor a grade of more than thirty feet to the mile. Thus, while the road enjoys the advantage of the western praries in evenness of surface, it possesses another and still greater facility, and one not known to the praries at all; the timber necessary for the construction of the track grows in great abundance directly along and on the line. Such portions of the road as have been in use a sufficient length of time to secure firmness and stability to the track, are in admirable condition and were run with speed.

A short ride brought us to Port Colborne, a little town that has sprung up at the point where the Welland Canal dips into Lak Erie. The next place of any note is Dunnville a smart town of some 1500 inhabitants. It is situated on the Grand River, and has a large lumber interest to give it life and activity. Two years since, it was but a mere hamlet— After a moments stay here for wood and water, away we went again. Caledonia, a thriving town, was reached in due time. This point is eighteen miles east of Brantford. There we were met by the [illegible] and a delegation from the people of [illegible] ford, who had run down to look after our numbers and future comfort. After a brief stay, the Brantford delegation stepped on board the Buffalo train, and we moved on towards our destination, at a slower rate of speed owing to the new and unsettled condition of the track. Safety was deemed of more importance to their freight train than speed, and we proceeded leisurely on amid a driving and unpropitious snow storm. At the village of Cayuga, the people had constructed a beautiful arch of evergreens over the track, from the columns of which floated the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes. It was creditable, and as the train passed beneath it, the flags seemed to vie with each other in waving a graceful salutation to their American visitors.

A short time before two o'clock, P. M., we were admonished by the booming cannon that we were in the vicinity of Brantford. The driving storm, as we approached the town, hung as a veil over it, and obscured its beauties. A few moments more, however, brought us within the vicinity of the Depot, where were assembled a throng of thousands of both sexes, who stood out in the pelting storm to welcome us with warm hearts and ready hands to their hospitalities. The enthusiasm was unbounded. Cheers and the waving of handkerchiefs saluted us, while our Yankee ears were greeted by the enlivening trains of Yankee Doodle, played by the Canadian band — This gave an earnest that the welcome that awaited us, was one of heart and not of national prejudice, which we found literally verified during our stay.

THE RECEPTION

was in good taste and full of interest. The multitude, excepting the ladies of our party who were provided for in accordance with the rites of the most genial hospitality at the residences of the best families of the town — were escorted to the round house of the Railroad; where the Hon. Mr. Wilkes, Mayor of the city, welcomed the visitors to the hospitality of Brantford, and introduced Mr. Wadsworth, President of the Road, and the Hon. Eli Cook, Mayor of Buffalo, to the assembled throng. The speech of Mr. Wilkes was couched in neat and appropriate terms. Mr. Wadsworth then briefly addressed the assemblage, in behalf of the Railroad Company. We were unable to get positions where we could hear the remarks of Mr. W. sufficiently distinct to give a report of what he said. The applause that followed, was good proof that the people who heard him thought well of what he said.

He was then followed by Mayor Cook, who responded to the welcome on behalf of the municipal authorities of Buffalo. His speech was brief and pertinent, and was well received.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies of the reception, the multitude repaired to the town to prepare for the further entertainments of the occasion. The Buffalo Firemen were made the guests of the Firemen and Odd Fellows of Brantford, who gave them an entertainment of excellent cheer. The Buffalo ladies were taken in charge by those of Brantford, who converted their [illegible] comfortable and quiet homes into so many hotels for the entertainment of their guests. The fact will not soon be forgotten by the recipients for their kind attention upon this occasion, that the interior of Canada is as a hospitality, warm and hearty, as writes its own history upon the tablets of the heart.

THE DINNER

was the next proceeding in order. The [illegible] was served in the Town Hall, where some five hundred guests were seated at tables literally groaning under the load of viands served to tempt and gratify the [illegible] appetite. We could ask no better evidence of a sojurn in a land of plenty than was presented in this vast array of creature comforts. Mayor Wilkes presided. The Tarone of Grace was briefly asked by the Rev. J. L. Robie, of this city, after which the feast was entered upon with energy and ultimate satisfaction. When the physical appetite was satisfied, the Mayor toasted to the Company an intellectual repast of rare excellence in the way of toasts, speeches, &c. The opening toast was:

The health of the Queen.

This was drunk with the usual honors, followed by "God save the Queen" from the band.

The second toast was—

The President of the United States.

This toast, after the band had ceased playing "Hail Columbia," was responded to by I. T. Williams, Esq., of this city, in a speech highly creditable to his head and heart.

The President and Directors of the Brantford Railroad, was next called out. This called out Mr. Wadsworth, the President of the Company, in a very interesting and appropriate response. The seven Railroad enterprises of Canada, were then drank, and responded to. The city of Buffalo was toasted, and Mayor Cook was called out in response. The Press was also remembered, and W. S. Robison called upon by Mr. Wilkes to respond. He declared himself a wild [illegible]man. He said he was not connected with the press, and hence it was not appropriate that he should respond. He then referred to the circumstance that he had been a classmate at venerated Yale, with the President of the road they were celebrating. He declared himself the only pure Anglo-Saxon in the room, for yellow-[illegible] and blue eyes were the invariable indications of that origin.— He said he was a [illegible]lly bred, and John Van Buren was his friend; and was proceeding to narrate an anecdote of Prince John and Chancellor Walworth, when Gen. O. Clark interrupted him by a declaration which seemed to [illegible] the accuracy of his statements. [illegible] between the two ensued, [illegible] restored, and Mr. Robinson concluded [illegible] consistently. Other toasts followed, [illegible] the hour of adjournment to the ball room arrived.

During the [illegible] part of the evening can, [illegible] a display of fire-works given upon the [illegible] public square. After the close of these entertainments the guests repaired to a [illegible] machine building of the Railroad Company to participate in the pleasure of

THE BALL

This affair was the gem of the occasion. The ball room, one hundred and twenty feet by [illegible], was beautifully decorated with evergreens, national flags, and other appropriate adornments. Two bands the Canadian and Delaveebio's Cotillion Band of this city discoursed sweet music for those who joined in the dance. The party was one of unusual pleasure. Seldom have we witnessed more beauty and grace than characterized the fair portions of this gay and festive company. More than a thousand different persons were present, and the utmost decorum prevailed throughout. Happiness beamed on every face, and the hours of night were chased away by nimble feet.

At 12 o'clock a splendid supper was served, at which the Mayor of Brantford, the President of the Railroad Company, the Mayor of Buffalo and other gentlemen made speeches; but the noise and confusion was so great, and our position from the speakers so remote, that it was impossible for us to give an idea of what they said or how they said it. The utmost enthusiasm prevailed however, throughout, and the highest state of enjoyment marked the scene.

At eleven o'clock on Saturday morning the people of Brantford took leave of the guests at the depot, and they left for home full of delightful scenes of happiness through which they passed during the few hours they had spent there. Brantford is a beautiful and substantial town of some five thousand inhabitants, shows marks of thrift, intelligence and refinement in no ordinary degree, and a Buffalonian pulse will beat quicker hereafter, as he calls to mind the scenes of hospitality which was enjoyed upon this occasion.

THE OPENING OF THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY TO DETROIT.

We 'Gala day' is over. The 'Jubilee' is past. Is was, in truth and verity, a 'gala day.' It was, we presume one of the brightest days which the 'ambitious little city' has enjoyed, and will in all probability be one of the 'eventfuls' in her history. We have neither time nor inclination to moralize, or as our amiable contemporary, *Snap-trap* would say, 'Philosophize' on the proceedings. A brief notice of the procession, &c., is appended, and we only say by way of commendation that the [illegible] displayed from the verandah in front of the Mercantile Associations Reading Room—the Gore on King street about one or half past twelve o'clock, presented the greatest array of human life that we have witnessed for a long time. The whole affair, is so far as we observed, was most creditable to Hamilton and every one seemed fully satisfied for the time being—the £599 of the taxes seemed to be forgotten, and even the far more serious consideration of a *renowned Hamilton* having been treacherously a party to something called 'amalgamation with the Grand Junction'—even this, all, all the other *latent evils* seemed to be forgotten in the important consideration that the Great Western Railroad is a great fact.

The two trains which left this city early on Tuesday morning for Detroit were crowded to excess with the guests of the occasion, and not a few congratulated themselves on succeeding in securing a seat in the cars on the interesting occasion. Both trains arrived at their destination in good time without being interrupted by a single mishap to mar the pleasure of the trip. On the evening of their arrival at Detroit, the citizens of that city entertained their visitors at a dinner given on a most extensive sale, to which no fewer than twenty-five hundred individuals sat down. After due attention had been paid to the sharpened appetites of the guests, a number of appropriate toasts were given and responded to with much enthusiasm, when the company separated for the night, to assemble with recruited force on the following morning to make the return trip. Owing to some delay, however, the trains did not leave Detroit till the afternoon, which rendered their appearance at Hamilton much beyond the time anticipated. With the return train came a number of the firemen of the various towns and villages along the line, in compliance with an invitation given them by the Hamilton Independant Fire Brigade.

It was supposed that the trains would arrive here about 8 o'clock in the evening; but, owing to the delay which took place in Detroit, their arrival did not take place until half past one at night. During the evening the depot was thronged with crowds of anxious citizens, eagerly awaiting the appearance of the cars; but their patience had to give way ere the looked-for cars hove in sight, consequently there was not such a gathering, on their reaching the depot here, as would otherwise have been. Notwithstanding the late hour, the excursionists stopped on the platform amid a large assemblage of our Firemen; who assembled to escort their brother Firemen into the city. The approach of the cars was hailed with loud discharges of the guns of the Hamilton Artillery Company, who were stationed on an adjoining height, and rendered not a little to the interest attached to the occasion. As soon as the passengers had stepped from the cars, the Firemen formed in procession; and, accompanied with torchlights, marched into the city, preceded by a couple of bands, whose thrilling notes proclaimed the arrival of the first train on the Great Western from Detroit.

During the absence of the excursionists our citizens made active preparations to celebrate the opening with becoming splendor. A very pretty triumphal arch was erected over King street, composed of evergreens, and adorned with appropriate mottoes and flags. A few of the dry-goods store-keepers, also, decked out the fronts of their establishments to an almost extravagant degree, with the richest contents of their warehouses.

THE PROCESSION.

By public proclamation of His Worship the Mayor, a procession was formed at half past [illegible] o'clock, on Thursday, composed of the various societies of the city; the various fire companies, who came on the previous evening. About half past [illegible] o'clock all was in order, and the procession commenced moving, when the bands struck up a few delightful airs, which lent a degree of interest to the movement. The Procession was much the largest that has marched in Hamilton for some time. It was headed by the Hamilton Artillery company, followed by the City Police, and then the St. George's and the Highland Societies, with a large number of firemen immediately after, the different members of the corporation bringing up the rear.

After the procession had proceeded through the principal streets, it again returned to King street, where it formed and dispersed.

The Hamilton Brigade entertained their invited guests to the number of some hundreds at a dinner in the City Hall, given in the afternoon, while the guests of the corporation were regaled at a splendid entertainment, on the same evening, in the Hall of the Mechanics' Institute.

The Table was furnished by Mr. Davidson, of the City Hotel, and laden with the many delicacies of the season to which the guests did ample justice. After the cloth had been removed, the customary toasts were given which on this occasion was unusually large. The company broke up at a late hour, and thus terminated the enjoyment of the day.—*Canadian.*

☞ JAMES ELLIOTT has consented to act as Agent for the *Signal* in the County of Bruce.

HURON SIGNAL.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1854.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

The Reeves of the Town of Goderich and of the several Townships in the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, assembled pursuant to statute in the Court Room, on Monday, January 23rd inst., Dr. Chalk the late Warden in the chair. The following gentlemen then presented certificates from the Clerks of their respective Townships of their election.

Messrs. Robert Hays, McKillop; John Holmes, Goderich Township; Ninian Woods, Stanley; John Hawkins, Ashfield; William Young, Colborne; John Corbett, McGillivray; David Kirk, Usborne; Samuel H. Rance, Hullett; William Chalk, Tuckersmith; John Strachan; Goderich Town; George Cromar, Greenock; Joseph Walker, Brant and Carrick, Richard Burford, Elderslie; John Hunter, Huron; Alexander McNab, Saugeen; Robert Walker, Stephen, and William Rastall, Kincardine.

The names of the several Reeves having been called over—It was moved by Dr. Woods, seconded by Mr. Hays, "That Dr. Chalk be elected Warden for the present year.

It was then moved by Mr. William Young, seconded by Mr. Hawkins, "That John Strachan, Esq., be Warden for the United Counties for the current year." There voted for the amendment:—Messrs. Young, Hawkins, Cromar, Walker, Strachan, Burford, Hunter, McNab and Rastall, 9. For motion—Messrs. Hays, Girvin, Holmes, Woods, Corbett, Kirk, Rance and R. Walker, 8. Amendment carried by a majority of one. A committee was then appointed to consist of Messrs. Rastall, Woods, McNab, Hays and Holmes, to investigate the validity of the elections of the several Reeves.

The Council then adjourned to meet at the Huron Hotel at 10 o'clock the following morning.

On Tuesday the Council again met John Strachan, Esq, Warden in the chair. The following gentlemen were present, Messrs. Chalk, Young, Rastall, Cromar, McNab, Berford, R. Walker, J. Walker, Hawkins, Hunter, Johnson, Rance, Woods, Atkinson, Corbett, Hays, Holmes, and Girvin.

Mr. Strachan presented his oath of office certified by John Scott, Esq, County Judge. Mr Johnson of Hay and Mr. John Atkinson of Biddulph presented certificates from their respective Township Clerks of their election as Reeves, and took their seats. A large number of letters and petitions were then read by the Clerk. The report of the Committee appointed to investigate the elections of the several Reeves, was read and adopted. The Committee in their report having objected to Mr. Strachan taking his seat as Reeve on account of his having been paid a retaining fee for his services as Counsel to the County Council for the past year.

It was moved and seconded, "that Jno. Strachan, Esq, do leave the chair and that the Council do proceed to elect a Warden, as the Council have declared that they are legally of opinion that he is disqualified to hold that office."

It was moved and seconded in amendment, "that John Strachan, Esq, do keep his seat as Warden." Upon the question being submitted. There voted for the amendment Messrs Young, Rastall, Cromar, McNab, Berford, J. Walker, Hawkins and Hunter, 8. For motion, Messrs. Chalk, R. Walker, Johnson, Rance, Woods, Atkinson, Girvin, Corbett, Hays and Holmes, 10

Moved by Mr. Woods, seconded by Mr. Holmes, that the Clerk be instructed to initiate the steps necessary to test the qualification of John Strachan, Esq., to take his seat in the Council, and bring the matter to issue as speedily as possible. Yeas: Messrs. Chalk, R. Walker, J. Walker, Rance, Woods, Girvin, Corbett and Holmes, 10. Nays: Messrs. Young, Rastall, Cromar, McNab, R. Walker, Berford, Hawkins and Hunter, 8.

It having been suggested by Mr. Strachan that probably John Scott, Esq. the County Judge, would consent to arbitrate upon the question in dispute.

It was moved by Mr. Chalk, seconded by Mr. Woods, That a committee of five be appointed to wait upon the Judge of the County Court to request him to act as sole arbitrator in the matter of the validity of Mr Strachan's election as Reeve—carried; and the committee appointed to consist of Messrs. Berford, Chalk, McNab, Rastall, Holmes and Rance. Several letters were then read, and Mr. Holmes, a member of the committee appointed to wait upon the Judge, having returned into the Council Room, stated that his honor the County Judge had decided that Mr. Strachan was duly returned as Reeve. The following committees were formed, on *Finance*, Messrs. Holmes, McNab, Woods, Chalk, Cromar and Berford.

Roads and Bridges—Messrs. J. Walker, Woods, Hawkins, Hays, Atkinson, Corbett and Rance.

Schools—Messrs. Hays, Rastall, Holmes, Hunter, Rance, Johnson and R. Walker.

Suspension Bridge and Court House—Messrs. Chalk, Girvin, Woods, Hawkins, Holmes, Berford and the Warden and Clerk.

An unusually large number of notices of motion were brought forward for grants of money for various local improvements which we cannot at present enumerate. The Council have adopted the plans of Mr. Percival for a Howe Patent Truss Bridge across the Maitland instead of the Wire Suspension Bridge formerly intended. The substitution may not be very acceptable to many individuals, but as the patience of those to whom the bridge is indispensable is nearly worn out, we presume they will be glad to see any structure of a substantial kind erected, provided, that no further delay is allowed; to prevent this, the committee appointed to consider the Court House and Suspension Bridge is also formed into a building Committee to push forward those works with as much vigor as possible.

It will be seen that the chief novelties in the construction of the present council is the election of a new Warden and a large increase of the representation of the County of Bruce, which County now sends six reeves instead of the one which it returned last year. The latter gives the northern Townships a majority in the Council which will enable them to carry many important measures for public improvement. We are much pleased with the appearance and intelligence of the Reeves from Bruce, they certainly bring great credit to that new County which six years ago contained only about half a dozen white inhabitants, and which is now thought to contain over ten thousand.— A bright future is in store for the flourishing county of Bruce The other change relating to the office of Warden is worthy of notice. Dr. Chalk the late Warden has occupied that position for twelve years and seemed to have a life interest, and generally speaking the Doctor was tolerably popular as Warden — The principal fault that has been found with his conduct was that he was not fast enough for the times, that he lacked energy to enable him to urge forward through the Council measures of public importance. And it was also believed that the Doctor was favorable to the chimerical proposition of removing the Court House to Clinton, and that he allowed his judgment in this matter to be overruled by his desire to pander to the absurd wishes and speculations of his constituents. It was this belief which lost him his seat as Warden and elected Mr Strachan the Reeve of Goderich, Warden in his stead. Mr Strachan has considerable natural energy of character, which it is presumed he will use to urge upon the consideration of the council the more important and pressing matters involving the interests of the counties, any advantage beyond that, we do not think has been attained. As both of the Gentlemen proposed for the office are opposed to us in politics we have no sympathy with either on that score, and we should be very sorry to throw up our hat and hurrah for the re-establishment of a vice-royalty of Strachanic influence in the Counties.

It is not expected or presumed that Mr. Strachan will retain the office longer than one year, and we hope by that time a gentleman may be found to fill the office of Warden better calculated to give general satisfaction, than either of the opposing candidates upon the present occasion.

It is pleasing to observe that both of the contending parties, even in the heat of debate, kept sight of the interests of their constituents sufficiently to prevent the Counties from being saddled with an expensive law-suit—the one party proposing and the other accepting a project for the immediate settlement of the dispute, by referring the matter to the arbitration of the County Judge, who kindly and promptly heard the case and gave his decision, supporting it by decisions in cases of an analogous nature

The Council is still sitting, and the question of the Court House is not finally settled. It is to be erected with as much dispatch as possible, but we believe the exact spot in the Town, upon which it is to be built is not yet determined, we hope the selected site will be as near the centre of the Town as possible, as a matter of public convenience; but that the Market Square will be reserved for the erection of a Town Hall and Market which ought immediately to occupy the attention of our Townsmen. We will give a further account of the proceedings of the Council next week.

THE TOWN SCHOOLS.

A public meeting will be held in the School House on Tuesday next at ten o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of deciding the way in which the expenses of the Common Schools of the Town are to be provided for during the present year.— This is a question of importance, and we hope to see considerable interest manifested by a large attendance upon the occasion. Our Schools are too much undervalued by the majority of people, who if they do not seek to prevent their being useful, at least take very little pains to render them so.— This is well attested by the slight interest manifested at the election of Trustees, as also by the thin attendance at meetings like the one under notice. It will be admitted that the educational interests of a community are of the first importance, but while this is the case, it is difficut to account for the apathy manifested by the public in the successful management of our Schools. Hence their failure, and frequent complaints of the unsuccessful working of the *system* as it is called. In fact the system is never carried out, and if the public are disappointed in the results, they have themselves to blame. The election of Trustees and the entire control of the Schools is in their own hands, but it is well known that there is seldom present more than the proposer and seconder at the election of a Trustee and if the public do not take some interest in the public School Meetings, we do not see how they can clear themselves of the responsibility in case of failure. We hope then, at the coming meeting, that there will be a large attendance of the inhabitants of the Town who are ready to take a part in the *working* of our Schools, and who will be ready to give their opinions, not merely on the best method of providing for the the expenses of the Schools, but also on matters involving their general utility.

☞ We are requested to state, that the quarterly Examination of the Common School (male department) takes place tomorrow, commencing at 9 o'clock.—It is indeed very discouraging to the teacher that no one attends the Examinatious.

THE COLLEGE STUDENSHIP.—At the last meeting of the Council of the Royal College of Surgeons, Mr. John Lizars, of Edinburgh, was appointed student in Human and Comparative Anatomy, in the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. J. H. Sylvester, who proceeds to India. So sharp was the competition for this honorable appointment, that the Council awarded to the next best candidate, Mr. H. R. Silvester, of Clapham, a set of Physiological Catalogues of the Hunterian Museum, with a suitable inscription in each volume.

The above notice is taken from the London *Lancet* and is highly creditable to the gentleman mentioned, who is the third son of Daniel Lizars, Esq., our Clerk of the Peace, and left Goderich about six years ago. Mr. John Lizars is now only about 21 years of age. His having attained, so early, the valuable and honorable appointment conferred on him, gives evidence of superior energy and talents.

LECTURE.—We are informed that Mr. Hungerford, who has attained considerable celebraty as an advocate of temperance, will Lecture in the Temperance Hall, on Friday (to morrow) evening at 8 o'clock, P. M. His lectures are both interesting and instructive and are delivered with much ability. He will no doubt have a very large attendance upon the occasion.

KILLED BY THE FALL OF A TREE.—A fatal accident from the fall of a tree, occurred at McKillop, on Wednesday, the 18th inst., by which Mr. Joseph Brown, of that Township, lost his life. The deceased in company with his son a boy of 16 years of age, was chopping and intended to throw down a tree by falling another against it, unfortunately the tree fell in a direction unexpected, striking Mr. Brown upon the head killing him instantly. He was a native of the north of Ireland, a very intelligent and industrious man and leaves a wife and five children.

STRATFORD COUNCIL.—The Village Council of Stratford, is composed of Messrs. W. F. McCulloch, Peter Reid, R. H. Lee, A. B. Orr, and J. P. Vivian. At its first meeting Mr. W. F. McCulloch, was elected Reeve.

A Lecture will be delivered in connection with the Mechanic's Institute, in the Temperance Hall, on Wednesday next, at 8 o'clock, P. M.

BALL.—A grand Ball is to take place at the British Exchange Hotel, on the evening of Thursday next the 2nd of Feb. The names of the managers are Messrs. Grace, Bannerman, Barclay and Garratt, which will be sufficient guarantee that it will be well conducted.

☞ Remittance received from J. Diehl, Bruechsal; D. T. Ware & Co., London.

THE "FOUR GREAT POWERS."—Under this title a London paper has this—"The Bear growls, the Eagle soars, the Cock crows, the Lion—Snores."

CANADIAN CREDIT.

The following paragraph, taken from a late number of the London "Standard," would appear to indicate that Canadian securities are beginning to be regarded in a most favorable light by British capitalists:

"In well formed commercial circles it is confidently asserted that the solution of the eastern war will be decided by the firm and united action of the Western Powers, backed by the determination of European capitalists not to assist either Russia or Austria with loans. Without money the Emperor of Russia cannot maintain the aggressive, without exposing his own possession of empire to the utmost peril. The inference we draw from this state of feeling among our great commercial capitalists is, that on the opening of Parliament they will require a candid exposition of the policy of Lord Aberdeen. Any further tampering with the question will be the signal for the overthrow of the present government, as the only means of convincing the Emperor of all the Russias that the timid and temporism policy of Lord Aberdeen is not a relix of the opinion and resolve of the British nation. It is well known that sums are daily accumulating, and waiting for investment, and had Russia agreed to the Sultan's note, and remained as peace for a year or so, there could have been no doubt of his drawing on the credulity of British capitalists, and extracting a loan of millions, which, when obtained, would have enabled him to renew the aggression on Turkey and on Europe. Fortunately, however, for England, safer and more remunerative sources of investment are attracting the attention of our capitalists. The magnificent province of Canada appears as if by magic to have sprung up into vitality and gigantic vigour. Canadian Government Bonds at 6 per cent find more favour than a Russian 5 per cent loan—the one secured by a constitutional government, developing the resources of a country rich in the possession of a fertile soil, in minerals, and inexhaustible forests; the other, at the mercy of an autocrat, ruling by force of the bayonets of his army—an autocrat whose word and honor can no longer be relied on; and it is a commercial axiom that a dishonest demand is only the precursor of repudiation. If we have correctly stated the opinion of the intelligence and wealth of this country, Lord Aberdeen's retirement from a position for which he was never fitted, is near at hand; he may meet Parliament, give his explanations, and retire with decency, but if he obstinately clings to office, an impeachment stares him in the face, and disgrace awaits him.

WAR INEVITABLE ALL OVER EUROPE AND ASIA.

The time is approaching when we may expect to learn the answer of the Porte to the propositions transmitted from Vienna on the 7th inst. It is already known that these communications had been received at Constantinople on the 15th, that Redschid Pasha had been indured by the representatives of the Four Powers to give them his support, and that they were to be taken into consideration by the Divan a few days later. Indeed, according to one telegraphic communication received through Paris, but as yet unconfirmed, it is stated that the Great Council had on the 18th inst., authorized the Turkish ministers to open negotiations. The questions put to the Porte by the Collective Note, are, in fact, two: Whether the Sultan will consent to treat for peace at a conference to be held with the Four Powers and Russia; and what are the terms of peace required by Turkey in the event of the opening of such a negotiation? It is probable that the Turkish ministers will insist on the evacuation of the Principalities as a preliminary to negotiation; but as that is a condition procedent which evidently could not be enforced, it is hoped that the Porte will content itself with a formal assurance that the restoration of those provinces forms in the eyes of all the Powers an indespensable condition of peace. In other respects Turkey will name her terms of peace, subject, of course, to future discussion, but we hope the Porte will not overlook the importance of pledging all Central and Western Europe to her territorial security, by adopting the spirit of the conference to which she is invited, for though the Porte may have little confidence in the success of such negotiations, she loses nothing in dignity and rather strengthens her cause in the eyes of Europe by allowing them to proceed.

But we do not conceal from ourselves that *the real obstacles to any beneficial result from these propositions lie with Russia and are not likely to be removed.* The protocol of the Four Powers records and assumes as an indisputable fact that Russia has repeatedly expressed her readiness to treat and that the assurances of the court of St. Petersburgh are, in this respect, to be believed; but we have no reason to suppose that these assurances are worth more than the declarations Russia has so repeatedly broken; and if the language of the Russian state papers be carefully examined, it will be found that she has constantly evaded the recognition of any European rights in this question, or the authority of any conference at all. Her policy has uniformly been to tie the Porte down by separate conventions to concessions giving her an exclusive night of interference and though she has failed in preventing the Four Powers from uniting in support of the principles on which peace might be restored, we have ceased to believe that more representation.— *London Times.*

THE TRAVELLING POST OFFICE.—Perhaps all our readers may not be aware that there is a little travelling Post-office, which is connected with the train of cars on the G. Western Railway. The interior of this Post Office is fitted up with a series of pigeon-holes, into which the travelling Post-master sorts the letters as the train proceeds. Thus, at the London P.O., all the letters and papers going East are put into one general mail-bag. This bag is taken to the station, when it is placed in the railway post-office, immediately opened, and the letter sorting at once commenced. By the time the train nears Ingersol, the mail for that place has been sorted out and placed in a leathern bag, which, on the arrival at the station, is handed to

the Ingersoll post-master, who hands us another bag, the contents of which are destined for places still further east. The bag is quickly opened, and the well practiced hand of our postmaster soon deals them out like a pack of cards, according to their respective directions.— The same proceeding occurs at the next station, and so on to the end of the line, and takes place from east to west, as well as from west to east. By this means, time is wonderfully economised; and the various towns along the line brought into postal communication twice in each day. But, we wish now to say a word on behalf of the attendants on these travelling post-offices. Just before the occurrence of the late accident at Cope town, we were conversing with one of these gentlemen who, in a few minutes after, found himself and companion shot out of the roof of the post-office, and narrowly escaped with their lives. It is evident that the post-office should be placed in the most secure portion of the train; 1st, for the mails, which it is necessary to preserve, as much as possible, from accident; and secondly, on account of the increased risk to the lives of the occupiers, which its present position, adjoining the baggage-cars, induces.— Those of us who take a trip per rail, now and again, may possibly meet with an accident; or we may grow old without being involved in one; but those who live, as it were, in the cars, must of necessity run much greater risks, which it would be well to lessen as much as possible.—London *Free Press.*

ELIHU BURRITT, THE LEARNED BLACKSMITH.

A letter written by Elihu Burritt, the learned blacksmith, contains some interesting incidents of his career.

Mr. Burritt mentions that being one of a large family, and his parents poor, he apprenticed himself when very young, to a blacksmith, but that he had always had such a taste for reading, that he carried it with him to his trade. He commenced the study of Latin when his indentures were not half expired, and completed reading Virgil in the evenings of the winter.

He next studied the Greek and carried the Greek Grammar in his hat, studying it for a few moments while heating some iron at the forge. In the evenings he sat down to Homer's Iliad, and read twenty books of it during the second winter.— He next turned to the modern tongues, and went to New Haven, where he recited it to native teachers in French, Spanish, German, and Italian, and at the end of two years he returned to his forge, taking with him such books as he could procure. He next commenced Hebrew and soon mastered it, reading two chapters in the Bible before breakfast; this, with an hour at noon, being all the time he could spare from work. Being unable to procure the book he desired, he determined, to hire himself to some ship bound to Europe, thinking he could procure them at the different ports he touched at. He travelled more than a hundred miles on foot to Boston with this view, but was not able to find what he sought; and at that period he heard of the American Antiquarian Society at Worcester. Thither he bent his steps, and arrived in the most utter indigence. Here he found a collection of ancient, modern and Oriental books, such as he never imagined to be colected in one place. He was kindly allowed to read what books he liked and has reaped great benefit from this permission.

He used to spend three hours daily in the ball, and he made such use of those privileges, as to read upwards of *fifty* languages with greater or less facility.

283,333 emigrants have arrived at New York, during the last twelve months.

As much as a hundred dollars were paid in New York for a sleigh and two horses for eight hours on Monday last.— The New York *Times* says that the prices demanded by livery-stable keepers were so exorbitant that merchants worth their hundreds of thousands of dollars could not afford to ride, and were compelled to make their calls on foot, while young men in their employment, from the head clerks downwards, were generally riding. The editor of the Buffalo *Express* says he knows of a pair of "blood" in that city, who actually offered $600 for the use of a horse and sleigh during the little space of an hour, but were refused.

Mr. Meshi's balance sheet for Tiptree farm shows for the past year a profit of £600.

SOMETHING REMARKABLE.—The year 1854 has been to "fixed up" that it begins and ends on Sundays, and has five Sundays in each of five months.

VENTILATION—DISEASE AND DEATH IN SLEEPING ROOMS.

The following is from a letter written by Mr. A. Wood, M. D., to the New York *Tribune*.—Few things have given more pleasure—I mean than an article in a late number of the *Tribune*, on ventilation, would that it might be read and pondered by every family in the United States. It has been for a deep conviction of the necessity of awakening the public mind to this great subject, that I have dwelt on it at such length, both in my new work "Lectures on Life and Health," and in the popular lectures on Hygien, which I am accustomed to give in different parts of the Union.— We hear occasionally in the papers, that somebody dies suddenly in a bedroom or cabin, from burning charcoal where there is no chimney or other means of circulation and consequent ventilation. But it is often distant, and we hear of it. Yet the number of deaths in the way alluded in the whole United States, for even a single year, is very considerable. I have sometimes thought it was better for the world if the number were greater.— This thought is not the effect of vindictiveness. If instead of losing a few dozen, or perhaps a hundred in the whole country every year, and partly losing some hundreds of thousands more, with no amount of improvement, but with the evil continually waxing worse and worse we were to lose a thousand or five thousand in a single year, it seems to me we should be roused to the necessity of doing something for the removal of the evil.— As this, we go on from year to year, in the same old beaten track, almost without the faintest effort at a better state of things. We have not been roused sufficiently from our sleep of death to know wherein the danger consists. The accounts in the papers to which I refer are frequently headed, "Death from Charcoal They should be headed "Death from Carbonic Acid Gas" The burning coke of all other burning substances does indeed involve or give off carbonic acid gas; but the same gas is formed in breathing; and pretty rapidly too. Many deaths take place as the consequence of this breathing over the air too much without the aid of charcoal. For one, however, that is destroyed by carbonic acid gas, some hundreds or thousands are perhaps some tens of thousands are injured in a slight degree, that does not amount to the absolute extinction of life. Carbonic acid—or choke damp; is heavier than the surrounding air and sinks to the door or the ground or if we have cellars, vaults, or cellars are at hand it rushes to them, fills them up as water does a bottle. If a room of ten or twelve feet square—and I have seen many sleeping room not so large as that, were air tight all round and at the floor, the breath of two persons would soon fill it up to the height of the top of a bed. It happens however, for the most part that our houses are not quite air tight.— Some increase takes place at the door or window, or at the chimney, and thus life is preserved. However, it not unfrequently happens that the carbonic acid gas rises to such a height that some of it is breathed all that for almost every night in the year. Short of this, even when two persons occupy the same bed it frequently happens that they breathe portions of it at the second time, which should never happen since it is always productive of evil. There are few if any among us who have not weakened their constitution—broken down body, or shortened their lives in this way. Some have shortened their days by a few hours only, it may be; others for a few weeks or month; others again for a few years. And if the sum of the lost days, weeks, months and years were gathered together into a grand total, and his divided by fifty, the average life of man. I think the quotient would be most fearfully large. I am not sure but the dusty aggregate of fragments for the United States alone, might amount to many hundreds of lives in a year. Indeed I see from a hasty calculation that an average yearly loss of one day to the individual these fragments would be equivalent every year to 1,369 lives.

MURDER—Wm. Boyean, a dissipated character and a mason by trade, murdered in the cells of the Norfolk Gaol, a pauper by the name of John Goodhue.— Boyan has a respectable wife and several children. Ten years since, when we first knew him, he was a respectable hard-working mechanic, but the intoxicating bowl has brought him or will soon bring him to the gallows. His wife clung to him in all his misfortunes, although for years she has received nothing at his hand but blows. Oh woman, in sunshine or adversity thou art still the same loving confiding, devoted companion; the object of thy love may be loaded with chains or immured in a dungeon, but this only increases thy affection and devotion. You cannot, you will not believe the husband of your affections is guilty, although his hand may be reeking with blood; he pillows his guilty head upon your confiding bosom, and as his last solemn, disgraceful end approaches you cling closer and closer to the doomed man, until death closes the sad scene.—*Hamilton Journal.*

The Canada Company, at their meeting in London on the 21st. December, after ordering a dividend of £2 a share, and expressing great satisfaction at the state of their affairs, passed the following resolution unanimously:

"That the thanks of this General Court be offered to Frederick Widder, Esq., and the Hon. William B. Robinson, for their judicious and successful administration of the Company's affairs in Canada. For many years past the attention of the proprietors has been repeatedly drawn to Mr. Widder's unremitting zeal in suggesting, or carrying into effect, measures eminently calculated to promote the best interests of the corporation; the proprietors are therefore, especially desirous of recording the high sense they entertain of Mr. Widder's merits.

Early on Friday morning, Dec. 30, the Boston packet-ship, *Staffordshire* struck Blond Rock, south of Cape Sable, and almost immediately went down. The Captain and about 180 others, mostly Irish emigrants, went down in her. She had a valuable cargo, estimated at $100,000. 19 of the crew reached Cape Sable in safety, and 14 others were picked up.

WOODSTOCK AND STRATFORD RAILWAY.—Surveying parties have been engaged during the week in running the extension line of the Dover railway from Woodstock to Stratford. The length of the surveyed line is about 20 miles, and the country through which it runs is reported as being exceedingly favorable to the cheap and speedy construction of a railway.— There can be little difficulty in obtaining a charter, and we may hope to see the contracts given out before next fall. We rejoice at the favorable prospects of an enterprise which we have repeatedly advocated, and from which we may reasonably hope great benefits will accrue to the town and county.—*Perth News.*

MARKETS.

GODERICH Jan. 25, 1854.

Flour from 21s to 22s 6d per bal.
Fall Wheat, 4s to 4s 4d per bush.—
Spring, 3s 0d to 0s per bushel.
Oats, 1s 8d to 1s 9d., per 34 lbs.
Beef, 3d to 4d per lb.
Fish—Herrings, 17s 6d to 20s.
Mutton, 3d to 4d per lb.
Pork, $15 per barrel
Hams, 7 4d per pound.
Butter, 10d a 1s, per lb.
Eggs, 6d to 1s, per doz.

TORONTO, Jan. 21.

Flour.—Millers' Extra Superfine per barrel, 32s 0d. Superfine, 31s. 6d.—Wheat, fall, 60 lbs, 6s 3d a 6s 4d. Barley, per 48lbs 3s 4d a 3s 6d. Potatoes per bushel, 2s a 2s 6d. Hay per ton 80s a 82s 6d. Butter—Tub, per lb, 8d a 9d. Fresh, 9d 10d. Pork, per 100lbs, 22s 6d a 27s 6d. Beef, per 100 15s 6d a 25s 0d. Bacon, 35s a 40 per 100 lbs. Firewood, per cord, 20 a 22s 9d.

Married,

On Thursday, the 12th inst., by the Rev. E. L. Elwood, Rector of Goderich, Francis Jas Fergu on, Esq., Merchant, to Frances Salkeld, second daughter of John Salkeld Esq., all of Goderich.

By the same, on Wednesday, the 25th inst. Mr. Jeremiah McBrien, to Miss. Elisabeth Cummings, both of this Town.

New Advertisements.

WOOD! WOOD!!

ANY of our Subscribers desirous of paying us in Wood, are informed that it would be acceptable now.
Signal Office,
Goderich, Dec. 22, 1853.

300 POUNDS of Gill-net Thread on hand, and for sale by
BENJAMIN PARSONS.
West Street, Goderich.
November 23rd, 1853. 42

I, JOHN SCOTT, Judge of the County Court in and for the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, do hereby fix and appoint the times and places for holding the next Division Courts in and for the said United Counties, as follows:—

The First Division Court to be holden at the Court House in the Town of Goderich, on the tenth day of February next, at ten o'clock, A. M.

The Second Division Court, to be holden at School House, Section No. 2 Township of McKillop, on the 27th February next at eleven o'clock, A. M.

The Third Division Court, to be holden at Walker's Tavern, village of Penetangore, Township of Kincardine, on the 15th February next, at ten o'clock, A. M.

The Fourth Division Court, to be holden at Flanagan's Tavern, Township of McGillivray on the 1st March next, at ten o'clock, A. M.

The Fifth Division Court, to be holden at Quick's Tavern, London Road, on the 28th day of February next, at 11 o'clock, P. M.

The Sixth Division Court, to be holden at School House, No. 1, Wawanosh, on the third day of March next, 12 o'clock, noon.

The Seventh Division Court, to be holden at the School House, in the village of Bayfield, on the 2nd day of March next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.

JNO. SCOTT,
Judge County Court United Counties
Huron and Bruce. n51

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale, at advantageous terms, 80 acres of land lying on the Lake, front of Lot No. 1, 8th concession, in the Township of Colborne. The above 80 acres are about 2 miles out of Goderich, situated opposite the property of Wm. B. Rich, Esq. There are two MILL SITES on the Lot, with a considerable quantity of useful timber around, viz: White Ash, Cherry and Cedar in great quantities, and Hemlock.

Also, for sale 4 Lots (one acre each) situated opposite Lawson's Mill; two are corner Lots, with one Lot adjoining each corner lot. Also on South Side of the Creek, one acre of land through which the creek runs. These are very eligible lots for any one wishing to establish a House of Entertainment or Black Smith's Shop, on the Road to Ashfield, Kincardine and Bruce, being about three miles from Goderich, on the North Road. Also, on the same premises, sixty Cords of Dry Wood and a quantity of Green, together with 2000 Saw Logs a considerable quantity already cut. Apply to
WILLIAM ROBERTSON.
Goderich, Jan. 18th, 1854. n51-tf

NOTICE.

THE next Annual Meeting of the members of the County of Huron Agricultural Society, will take place at the British Exchange Hotel, on Tuesday the 14th February, at the hour of 1 o'clock, P. M.
JOHN BLAKE, Sec'y.
Goderich, Jan 25th, 1854. n51-2t

WANTED

For School Section No. 5. Township of Stanley. Liberal wages will be Paid. Apply to.
JAMES PARK,
JOHN DOWSON, } Trustees.
Gotionline, Stanley,
January 25th 1854.

LOOK HERE!!
ALL YOU THAT WANT BOOTS OR SHOES.

THE Subscriber begs leave to return thanks to the people of Goderich and surrounding country, for the very liberal patronage he has hitherto received from them for the last four months; he now takes the present opportunity to inform them he has received Large Additions to his Stock; which will compare favorably with any other Establishment of the kind West of Hamilton; for quality or quantity.— The Stock consists of the following articles, viz:—Gentlemens' Fine Boots light and heavy, sewed and pegged; Congress Gaiters, in veriety; Nulaflies and Brogans, assorted; a variety of Oxford Shoes and Parlor Slippers; Kip Boots; Coarse Boots and Brogans, all sizes; Ladies' Boots and Shoes, plain and fancy, in great variety; and a very large assortment of Childrens' Shoes, plain and fancy; together with a large quantity of Mens', Womens' and Childrens' India Rubbers, &c., &c.

To Shoemakers.

The Subscriber has also on hand a large Assortment of Shoemakers' Tools of almost every description, together with a variety of other things, such as Pegs, Thread, Brussels, Bootweb Laces, Twists, Edge Blacking, Measure Straps, Wax, Zinc Nails, Sharping Stones, Frank Miller's Blacking, Lawson and Bennet's Water-Proof Blacking, &c., &c.

N. B.—The undersigned has at present and intends to keep always on hand a very handsome assortment of Plain and Fancy Leather, he will also employ first class workmen, which will enable him to make to order all kinds of work in his line of business, all orders will be punctually attended to. Terms reasonable and to suit the times. Remember the Shop next door to the Medical Hall, Market Square.
DAVID MORROW.
Goderich, Jan. 21st, 1854. n51 3m

BOOKS! BOOKS!!

JUST received and Opening out on Kingston Street, one door east of the Huron Hotel, a large and carefully selected assortment of

Books and Stationery,

embracing the most popular STANDARD Works, including those of Shakespeare, Milton, Byron, Moore, Burns, Scott, Macaulay, &c., &c. BIOGRAPHY—The Life of Wellington, splendidly illustrated, the lives of Napoleon, Josephine, Pizarro, Jackson, &c. &c. Also a great variety of THEOLOGICAL Works, such as Family and Pocket Bibles in elegant Morocco, Velvet and Embossed bindings, Commentaries, Biblical Encyclopedias, &c.

An extensive assortment of School Books, Music and Drawing Books, Slates, &c. A great variety of Ledgers, Day-Books, Memorandum Books, Foolscap, Post, Plain and Fancy Note Papers, Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Penholders, India and Common Inks, Inkstands, Blotters, Wafers, Sealing Wax, &c., &c. All of which he is determined to sell at the very lowest advance upon cost, and fully as cheap as such can be purchased at any other establishment. An inspection of his Stock is invited.
LEWIS ALLIN.
Goderich, Sept. 29th, 1853. n34

REMOVAL.

H. HORTON begs to intimate to his country customers and friends in general, that he has Removed his business to his New Buildings, one door West of A. Ley's Store, on the North side of the Market Square, where he is prepared to execute all Orders in his line, at the shortest possible notice.
Goderich, Dec. 15, 1853. n45

The Spirit of the Age.
IS ONWARD AND IMPROVING.

IN proof of this, the Public generally are invited to call at the Shop of HORACE HORTON, and judge for themselves.

The Subscriber having kept pace with the wants and wishes of his numerous supporters in Goderich and the vicinity for the last five years, is now fully prepared from practical experience and increased facilities, to supply Farmers, professional men, merchants, stage proprietors, contractors and keepers of livery stables, &c., with

Coach, Gig, and Buggy Harness,

either Plain, Brass or Silver Mounted. He has also just received a large assortment of ENGLISH SADDLES in addition to those of his own manufacture; also round and flat English Bridles and Martingales, Buffalo-skins, Horse-blankets, Whips, Bells, Brushes, Curry Combs, Mane Combs, Trace-chains, and every thing connected with a general *Saddlery Warehouse.*

H. Horton has no hesitation in stating that his prices are as uniformly low, as those of any house in Canada West that employs first class workmen and manufactures nothing but a superior article of stock.

Horses never known to draw in any other Harness, work in his, such is the result of the science of fitting.

The subscriber would particularly call the attention of intending purchasers to his assortment of Ladies' and gentlemens' saddles which is larger and cheaper than any that even he has before offered for sale

Saddles for cash from $5 to $35.
HORACE HORTON.
Market-Square.
Goderich, Oct. 12th, 1852. v5-n3

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!!

IF you want Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, or Printed Goods, go to
D. T. WARE & CO.
No. 81, Dundas street, London.
They are receiving large additions to their Stock of Clocks and Watches; a large lot of Looking Glasses and Accordeons; just received, cheaper than ever.
Also, on exhibition, an Enchanted Tree. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry Repaired.—
Remember,
D. T. WARE & CO.
London, Jan. 22rd, 1854. v6n51-6m

BOARDING HOUSE.

BY Mrs. T. B. WOODLIFF, Light House Street,
Goderich, Nov. 24th, 1853. v4n42-1y

WANTED.

A SCHOOL Teacher for School Section No. 4, Colborne. One having a First or Second Class Certificate will be preferred. For further particulars apply to
JOSEPH FISHER,
WM. HOLIDAY,
PETER FISHER, } Trustees.
Colborne, Jan. 23rd, 1854. n51

NEW STORE.

A. & D. McRAE,
Kingston St., Goderich, (opposite G. Hobson's Huron Hotel.)

THE Subscribers beg to acquaint the inhabitants of Goderich and surrounding country, that they have just opened out their Large and well Assorted Stock of Staple and Fancy

Dry Goods, Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Groceries, China, Glass and Earthenware, &c., &c.,

Comprising the newest Designs and improvements in every class of Goods, having been purchased in the best Markets, they are enabled to offer them at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction.

H. & D. McRAE beg leave to announce to the public that every article will be sold at the lowest possible prices for cash or produce.— So now for the New Store, where Goods will be given for Cash or Produce.

Come and judge for yourselves.
Goderich, Jan. 13th, 1854. n50

HURON BUILDING SOCIETY.

THE Directors of this Society will meet at the British Exchange Hotel on Saturday Evening the 28 h inst., to dispose of such of their Funds as may be then in the hands of the Treasurer, either by purchasing from any member willing to sell his shares at a premium on the amount of stock paid up, or by way of Loan as heretofore, as the Directors may deem most advantageous to this society.
WM. BENNETT RICH,
T. & S. H. B. S.
Goderich, Jan. 19th, 1854. v6-n50

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any claims against the ESTATE of the Late Doctor Dunlop, are requested to send them in immediately.
MRS. CAPT. DUNLOP,
Administratrix.
Garbrisk, Jan. 18, 1854. n50

Goderich, Jan. 12th, 1854.
FOR SALE.

BARRELS and Half Barrels Lake Huron Herrings.
M. B. SEYMOUR & CO.
n49-tf

Goderich, Jan. 12th, 1854.

THE Subscribers re[illegible] quantity of Merchantable FALL [illegible], deliverable at their Wharf We[illegible] for which the highest cash price will be [illegible].
M. B. SEYMOUR & CO.
n49-tf

WANTED.

A TEACHER with a 2nd Class Certificate, at the Common School, Section No. 1 whom a liberal salary will be given.
JOHN BLAKE,
WM. EDWARDS,
WM. PIPER. }
Goderich Township, Jan. 12th, 1854. 42-tf

"PANKORITE."

IMPORTANT TO THOUSANDS.
MYER'S EXTRACT OF ROCK ROSE.

AN Invaluable remedy for all Scorbutous diseases, Indigestion, Sault Rheum, Sick Headache, Canker, Nursing Sore Mouth, and General Debility, and as a Purifier of the blood, is unequalled.

To be convinced that it is the most valuable medicine of the day, you have only to read the testimony of its efficacy. As a Family Medicine it is invaluable, and one which no person should be without.

The Rock Rose has gained a reputation, at home and abroad, which no other medicine has ever done in the same length of time.

According to the opinions of eminent physicians, the Rock Rose plant is unequalled in Curing Scorbutic in its various forms! The Sick Headache, in Obstinate and Chronic cases, may here find a sovereign remedy.

The Canker and Nursing Sore Mouth! in numerous cases, have been speedily cured.

For sale by
BENJAMIN PARSONS, Druggist, &c.
Wholesale and Retail Agent for Goderich and vicinity, and general dealer in Drugs and Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c., &c.
Also by McDonald & Co., Harpurhey; David McKenzie, Kincardine; J. Gardner, Bayfield; R. Thwaites, Clinton.
Pamphlets gratis.
Wholesale Agent for Canada,
J. C. BRIGGS,
Importer of genuine British and American Patent Medicines, King Street, Hamilton C. W. v6n24

SADDLE AND HARNESS SHOP.
West Street, Goderich.

THE Subscriber has on hand a good Assortment of Saddles, Harness, &c. Also, a Quantity of Leather Trunks, Valises and Carpet Bags, with a choice selection of English made Whips, Bridles and Martingales, together with the same Articles of his own Manufacture also Spurs, Brushes, Combs, and all other articles that are generally kept by Saddle and Harness Makers.

He respectfully invites the attention of the inhabitants of Goderich and surrounding country to his stock in Trade, confident that he is able to furnish them with whatever they may require in his line of Business, better and cheaper than any other Establishment West of Hamilton. Saddles from $5 to $10. Brass & Silver Mounted Harness from $90 to $100.
WM. STOTTS.
Opposite M. Cameron's Store.
N. B.—Also a few choice Buffalo Robes and Horse Blankets.
Goderich, Oct. 27th, 1853. v6n39

Oils! Oils! Oils!

BOILED and Raw Linseed Oil
Fine Whale Oil
Machinery and Olive Oil;
Cold pressed Castor Oil;
Pale Seal Oil;
Varnish & Turpentine,
For sale by
BENJAMIN PARSONS,
Druggist, West Street, Goderich.

WILLIAM MALCOM,

BEGS to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he is now receiving his

FALL AND WINTERS STOCK,

consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries and Crockery; together with a large variety of Ready Made Clothing, consisting of Over and under Coats Vests & Pants, in Tweed, Mohair, Doeskin and Satin, in every variety of style and manufacture, and which he can recommend as being superior in cheapness and quality to any hitherto offered in this locality. W. M. begs further to state that he has received another consignment of P. G. Ayre's celebrated Cast-steel Augers, which have already been so much approved of wherever used, and a large assortment of Carpenters' Axes, Adzes and Chisels, which he will dispose of at Hamilton Retail prices.
Goderich, Nov. 30th, 1853. n6n43

FOR SALE.

A STONE cottage with seven rooms on a three and half acre lot in the Town of Goderich; it has one of the most beautiful prospects on the river Maitland, a never failing spring runs through the lot.
Apply to
ROBERT PARKE.
Goderich, July 27th 1853. v5-n25

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, John Young and James Law, with mutual consent of the other Subscribers, Peter Buchanan, Isaac Buchanan, Robert William Harris and Robert Leckie retired on the Thirty-first of December, Eighteen hundred and Fifty-three, from the Co-partnership Business previously carried on by the whole Subscribers, (who were the sole partners) at Liverpool, under the firm of Buchanan, Harris and Company; at Hamilton, in Canada, under the firm of Buchanan, Young and Company; at Montreal, in Canada, under the firm of Harris, Law and Company; and at New York under the firm of Isaac Buchanan and Company.

The Subscribers Peter Buchanan, Isaac Buchanan, Robert William Harris, and Robert Leckie are authorized to uplift and discharge the debts to, and will pay the debts owing by the Co-partnership.

PETER BUCHANAN,
ISAAC BUCHANAN,
By his Attorney,
PETER BUCHANAN.
ROBERT W. HARRIS,
JOHN YOUNG,
JAMES LAW,
By his Attorney,
JOHN YOUNG.
ROBERT LECKIE,
By his Attorney,
PETER BUCHANAN.
ADAM PARSONS, Witness.
THOMAS KIRKHOPE, Witness.

WITH reference to the above notification of the retirement of Mr. John Young and Mr James Law, from their Co-partnership, the original or Senior Partners beg to intimate that in carrying on the general Business, at the several places, they will make the following alterations in two of the Branches, from and after the First January next, that is will, pleasure that they announce the admission as Partners of Mr. ALEXANDER CAYLEY, Accountant and Manager of the Bank of British North America at Hamilton, and Mr. FREDERICK LAW, of New York, the former, with Mr. Leckie, to take the Management at Montreal, and Mr. LAW, as hitherto, to conduct the Business in New York. And they may take this opportunity of assuring their friends and the public, whose confirmed confidence they feel, may rely on, that while their new arrangements will generally are such as must promote the most energetic and efficient management of their extensive Establishments, steps have also been adopted to give, for the future, to their Importations and Stocks the more general and attractive character which their Business connection has for some time, been demanding.

BUCHANAN, HARRIS & Co., Hamilton.
I. BUCHANAN, HARRIS & Co., Montreal
ISAAC BUCHANAN & Co., New York.
PETER BUCHANAN & Co., Glasgow.
BUCHANAN, HARRIS & Co., Liverpool.
Hamilton, C. W., 31st December, 1853. n48 1m

NOTICE.

I HEREBY forbid all persons harbouring my wife, Mary McNeigh, as I shall not pay any debts of her contracting, as she has left my bed and board without any just cause.
JESSE McNEIGH.
Tuckersmith, Dec. 31, 1853. n49 3*

GODERICH FOUNDRY!!
1854! 1854!!
WILLIAM STORY.

GENERAL IRON-FOUNDER AND MANUFACTURER OF ALL KINDS OF AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. ALSO—Steam-Engines, Grist Mills, Saw Mills Turning-Lathes for Wood or Iron, Threshing-Machines, Seperators, Straw Cutters, Ploughs and Plough Castings, Stoves, Potash and Soap Kettles, Road Scrapers, Wagon & Pipe-Boxes, &c., &c. BRASS CASTINGS and *BLACKSMITHING DONE TO ORDER!* The *Subscriber* would also inform the Public that by means of improvements recently made, the Capabilities of his Establishment for the production of

FIRST-RATE ARTICLES

And for the Repairs of all kinds of Machinery, will now be found to be unsurpassed in this *Western District.*

STOVES! STOVES!! STOVES!!!

He is also Manufacturing the Celebrated Cooking Stove LADY'S FAVOURITE, which is certified by the best judges in Canada and the United States, to surpass all others in the completeness of its Construction, while those who use it Testify that the saving of fuel, Cooking facilities and general utility it has yet no equal, for sale at the Foundry and at the *Stove* and Tin Shop, on West street.
CALL AND SEE.
WILLIAM STORY.
Goderich Foundry, 2nd January 1854. v6n48

NOTICE.
DIVISION COURTS

IT is hereby ordered that on and after the 10th day of February, 1854, the Sittings of the First Division Court for the United Counties of Huron and Bruce shall be held at the Court House, in the Town of Goderich.

By order of his honor the Judge of the County Court for the said United Counties.
W. A. S. WILLIAMS,
Clerk 1st D. C.
Office of the Clerk of the 1st Div. Court Huron & Bruce.
Janu r, 4th, 1854. n49-3t

ONTARIO
MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
Incorporated by act of Provincial Parliament
Capital—£100,000.
HEAD OFFICE AT HAMILTON.

DIRECTORS:

Hugh C. Baker, Esq.		M. Merritt, Esq	
M. W. Browne,	"	J. F. Moore,	"
Peter Carroll,	"	James Osborne,	"
D. C. Gunn,	"	Chas A. Sadlier,	"
James McIntyre,	"	E. C. Thomas,	"
James Mathieson,	"	John Wilson,	"

THE Subscriber having been appointed Agent at Goderich, for the above highly respectable Company, is prepared to effect Insurance at the most reasonable rates upon Houses, Shipping and Goods.
THOMAS NICHOLLS, Agent.
Goderich, 15th Sept., 1852. v5n34

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers have just received and offer for sale (in the West end of the new Brick Building, on West street, near James Watson's Esq.,) A new and well selected Stock of DRY GOODS, Groceries, Crockery and Hardware.

Their Stock of Teas, &c., they can recommend to be of the best quality, being selected by themselves in the cheapest market. Also Brandy and Wines of superior Brands.
TWOMEY & GOODING.
Goderich, 16th Dec., 1853. n46-4t

STORAGE.

ON THE WHARF, GODERICH, for 10,000 BARRELS, and 60,000 BUSHELS OF GRAIN, &c.
Apply to T. NICHOLLS,
COMMISSION AGENT.
Aug. 24, 1853. n29

FALL & WINTER GOODS.

THE Subscriber respectfully announces that he is now receiving his Fall and Winter Stock, a considerable portion of which is already to hand; consisting of Cloths, Satinetts, Tweeds, Canadian Greys, &c., &c. Ladies Dress-Goods in great variety; Winter Shawls, Hosiery, Flannel, Blankets, Cotton-Warp, Cotton Batting, Wadding, &c., &c.

Also on hand a choice assortment of Teas of superior quality, and a General stock o. Groceries, Wines and Liquors; Hardware, Crockery and Glassware, Nails, Window glass; Putty, Oils, Turpentine, &c., &c.
W. MACKAY.
Goderich, 5th Oct., 1853. v5n35t

CLEARING SALE.

TREMENDOUS REDUCTION IN PRICES.

THE whole stock of Goods, belonging to the late firm of Marwood and Keays, must be disposed of before the first of January next. All persons, therefore, desirous of purchasing good Goods, and cheap, should call at once. Their old customers are particularly invited to pay an early visit, more especially, as the undersigned has just returned after having made Fall and Winter purchases, to complete the above stock, which will be opened up next week.
W. J. KEAYS.
Surviving Partner of Geo. L. Marwood.
Goderich, Oct. 12, 1853. [v6n36
Wanted 2000 bushels of Timothy Seed, for which the highest cash price will be given.

Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railroad.

Open from Buffalo to Caledonia—
SIXTY MILES.

ON and after Tuesday, 20th December, 1853, one train will run daily, Sundays excepted, leaving Buffalo at 9 o'clock, A. M. and Caledonia at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Passengers are requested to procure tickets at the Office, No 12 Exchange street, nearly opposite the Mansion House, Buffalo, and at the Ticket Office Caledonia.
WILLIAM WALLACE, Supt.
v6-n47

FARMERS STORE.
New Goods!!

THE Subscriber in now in receipt of a large Addition of the largest and best assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS, ever brought to this market, and which he will sell for Cash or produce, cheaper by TWENTY PER CENT, than has ever been sold in this place. Comprising the newest Prints, Muslin, Brocade and other Silks, Satins, Shawls, Bonnets, &c., &c.

Also a large stock of ready made CLOTHING, in great variety.

A large assortment of Ladies' and Misses Boots and Slippers. Do. do. Men and Boys Stout and heavy Boots.

Groceries, Crockery and heavy hardware.

MINES, OILS, Paints, Pitch, Tar, Rosin, Brooms and Cordage, Whiskey by the gal. or 3 gallons.

TEAS direct from China, per s'r Dugdale, and which will be sold at prices to astonish all.

GLASS—All sizes.

PUT ASH KETTLES for sale cheap. Advance made on consignment of Ashes and other produce.

If you want bargains or cash, come and take a look before trying elsewhere.
A. CRABB.
Goderich, June 24, 1853. n18 1y

BOOTS & SHOES.
MADE BY B. GREEN,
West Street, Goderich, at the sign of the Swinging Boot.

LADIES and Gentlemen listen to the news
Green still makes up first rate Boots & Shoes
And as they're good, why should we draw back,
So now for his shop—hurrah, clear the track!

His Boots keep our feet from wet and from cold,
By wearing the same you will live to be old:
Besides they last long, why should we draw back,
So now for his Shop—hurrah, clear the track!

He has lived in this Town these two years more,
Thanks his friends for their custom, it increases "galore;"
The work being good, why should we draw back,
So now for Green's Shop—hurrah, clear the track!

Two journeymen wanted.
Goderich, June 29th, 1853. n22

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made at the ensuing Session of the Provincial Parliament, for an Act to make Clinton the County Town for the County of Huron, instead of Goderich.
JAMES GORDON,
SAMUEL H. RANCE,
WM. RATTENBURY,
RICH'D THWAITES.
Goderich, 10th Jan., 1854. v6n49-3m

Stratford and Huron Railway.

NOTICE is hereby given, that application will be made at the ensuing session of Parliament, for a Charter to Construct a Railway from Stratford to Saugeen, or some suitable Harbour *adjacent thereto*, on Lake Huron, with all necessary extensions and branches.

Published on behalf and by order of the promoters.
S. LOYD ROPARTS,
Secretary, pro tem.
Stratford, 3rd Dec., 1853. 45-2m

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature at its next Session for an Act to Incorporate a Company, for the purpose of constructing a Railway from the Town of Guelph to Owen Sound on the Georgian Bay, at or near the Town of Sydenham, including a Branch of the said Railway from some suitable point on the line thereof to some suitable point on the Northerly part of the Eastern shore of Lake Huron, upon such line and lines respectively, as may be found most advantageous for the purpose.
Guelph, 26th Oct., 1853. v6n29

Application to Parliament.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Municipal Council, for the Township of Stanley, will present a Petition to Parliament, at its next meeting, praying for a charter to construct a pier and harbour, at or near the mouth of the River Bayfield; and for power to levy tolls on goods, &c., shipped or discharged thereat; subject to such restrictions and limitations as, by that august body, may be deemed politic.
WILLIAM W. CONNOR,
Township Clerk.
Nov. 7, 1853. v6n40-tf
The Canada *Gazette* please copy the above.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT application will be made to the Legislature of the Province at its next Session for an Act to incorporate a Company, with authority to construct a Railway from Toronto or some point or points on the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, to Owen Sound and the river Saugeen, or some point or points on Lake Huron.
Toronto, Dec. 1, 1853. v6n44-2m

NOTICE

THE Subscribers having retired from the firms of BUCHANAN, YOUNG & Co., Montreal; ISAAC BUCHANAN & Co., New York; and BUCHANAN HARRIS & Co., Liverpool; beg leave to intimate that they have in connexion with Mr. David Law, and William Leitch, of Glasgow, arranged to carry on business similar to that in which they heretofore been engaged.

At Hamilton, under the firm of Young, Law & Co.

At Montreal, under the firm of Law, Young & Co.

At Glasgow, under the firm of Young, Law & Co.
JOHN YOUNG,
JAMES LAW.
Hamilton, 2nd Jan., 1854.

REFERRING to the above notification, we beg leave to state that we will begin to receive early in March next, and will continue to receive during the following months, a large and well assorted stock of EUROPEAN AND AMERICAN DRY GOODS, and immediately after the opening of Navigation a complete stock of GROCERIES, WINES, TEAS, SUGARS, &c., &c.

Our Montreal House, Law, Young & Co. will receive by early Spring Vessels, a full stock of GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., &c. Also complete assortment of HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE, BAR and PIG IRON, TIN, &c.

Having had long experience in the trade of Canada, and being intimately and practically acquainted with the descriptions and qualities of Goods best adapted to its wants, we are confident that our Stocks, and those held by our Montreal House, will possess attractions worthy the attention of buyers, and parties visiting this or the Montreal Market, are respectfully invited to examine them.

We will be prepared to make advances on Produce consigned to our Montreal or Glasgow House.
YOUNG, LAW & CO.
Hamilton, 2nd Jan., 1854. n49-1m

STRAY STEER.

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber on Lot 25, 3rd Concession, Township of McKillop about the 1st of September last, a red old STEER. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses and take him away.
AND. GOVENLOCK.
McKillop, Jan. 10th, 1853. n49-3*

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Agricultural Society in the County of Bruce shall be held at 11 o'clock, A. M., of the Second Tuesday in the month of February, 1854.
By order of the Directors.
JOHN [illegible]
Penetangore, Jan. 2nd, 1854.

IMPORTANT
TO THE
Farmer, Farrier & Stage Proprietor,

GEO. W. MERCHANT'S
CELEBRATED GARGLING OIL
UNPARALLELED IN THE HISTORY OF MEDICINE
As the most remarkable External Application ever discovered.

"They can't Keep House without it."

Experience of more than fifteen years has established the fact that Merchant's Celebrated Gargling Oil, or Universal Family Embrocation, will cure more cases, and relieve off such as

Spavins, Sweeney, Ringbone, Windgalls, Poll Evil, Callous, Cracked Heels, Galls of all kinds, Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Fistuls, Gifast, Sand Cracks, Strains, Lameness, Foundered Feet, Scratches or Grease, Mange, Rheumatism, Bites of Animals, External Poisons, Painful Nervous Affections, Frost Bites, Boils, Corns, Whitlows, Burns and Scalds, Chilblains, Chapped Hands, Cramps, Contractions of the Muscles, Swellings, Weakness of the Joints, Caked Breasts, &c. &c. &c.

GREAT IMPOSITION AND FRAUD!
CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.

This oil has become so celebrated in the treatment of diseases, and as a consequence, the demand becoming great throughout the country—the cupidity of designing men have induced them to palm off upon unsuspecting persons an imitation article for the *Genuine Gargling Oil*, designing thus to ride their base mixtures into market upon the popularity of the only true article, which now contains an enviable reputation, which it has acquired by nearly sixteen years use in the United States and Canada. Its increasing demand and wonderful success, in the cure OF ALL PAINS, AND DISEASES in particular, induced some persons to attempt its imitation in various ways, WHICH IS CONVINCING PROOF OF ITS INTRINSIC VALUE.

The most unblushing bravery however, is practised by certain mercenary dealers who are imposing upon the victims of their avarice, a counterfeit for the genuine Gargling Oil. The possible sacrifice of the life or property of a fellow man is a secondary consideration with these unprincipled druggists. Who, then, can be safe? Men who will thus impose on the credulity of their customers may they not be guilty of the same cupidity in regard to any or all other medicines of known reputation? What confidence can you place in them?

The proprietor would therefore address those who purchase. *Be sure that the name of the proprietor is in his own handwriting over the cork, and these words are blown in the glass of the bottle:* "G. W. Merchant, Lockport, N. Y." who is the ONLY INVENTOR & PROPRIETOR. None other can be genuine. This is done that the public may not throw away their money for a worthless and counterfeit article.

All orders addressed to the proprietor will be promptly responded to.

Get a Pamphlet of the Agent, and see what wonders are accomplished by the use of this medicine.

Sold by respectable dealers generally, in the United States and Canada. Also by,

B. PARSONS, Goderich.
Clark & Co., Port Sarnia; Eberts and Robertson, Chatham; B. A. Mitchell, London; S Cook, Richmond; A. Higinbotham, Brantford.

The following are *Wholesale* Agents, viz. Geo. Hill, Detroit; Routh & Davison, Port Stanley; T. Buckle & Son, Hamilton; Lyman, Bro. & Co., Toronto; Boyd & Paul, No. 04 Courtlandt Street, New York.

May 27, 1852. v5 n1*

To the Settlers of the Huron Tract.

THE Undersigned begs leave to give notice to all those who may have any business to transact with the Canada Company that since the removal of their office from this town, he has determined to open an agency office here for the benefit of those who may not wish to travel to Toronto to transact their business in person. From his thorough knowledge of the Company's mode of transacting business (having been so long employed in their office) he feels confident that he can aid and give satisfaction to all those who may require his service. Conveyancing, Land and General Agency Office, also a list of lands for sale kept, and a registry of those wishing to purchase without change except where a sale is effected, when a moderate per centage will be required.

ALEX. ROBERTSON,
Land Agent, &c.
Goderich, Jan. 28, 1853. v6-n1

NOTICE.

ALL persons having Bonds, Receipts or Agreements from Baron DeTuyle or any of his Agents for Lots in the Bayfield Estate, are requested to present them to Mr. Wm. Keith, who will make arrangements to carry out such agreement on behalf of Mr. Cameron, who has assumed the position of the Baron in the matters of that Estate.

No Claims, Bonds or Agreements will be recognized if not presented within twelve months from this date. Mr. Donald Gordon is the Local Agent, who will give any information respecting the above Estate, and confer with Mr. Keith, Agent at Goderich on the same.

MALCOLM CAMERON.
Goderich, Nov. 21st, 1853. n42

To Let or to Sell.

THE MAITLAND DISTILLERY, two miles from the Town of Goderich, there is no other Distillery within many miles of the above. For particulars apply at the *Huron Signal* Office, or to the Subscriber (if by letter post paid.)

A. T. MONTGOMERY.
Goderich, 4th Auth, 1853. n26

THE FARMERS' INN.

MESSRS. Andrew and Abraham Donogh having recently purchased the said Inn, and fitted it up in a style to accommodate Travellers, and the public in general And feeling grateful for the patronage extended towards them in years gone by, now solicit a continuance of the same.

N. B.—Good Liquors on hand. Good Stables and an attentive Ostler.

ANDREW DONOGH,
ABRAHAM DONOGH.
Goderich, 26th July, 1853. v6n25

NOTICE.

LOST or mislaid a Note of Hand given in favor of the Subscriber by Robert McLean, of the Township of Wawanosh, to the amount of £3 10s, bearing date 21th August 1853, and due the 5th of January next. All persons are hereby cautioned against buying or selling the said Note.

WILLIAM CARR.
Goderich, Nov. 22nd, 1853. n42

FISHLEIGH'S HOTEL
(*Stage Office, Mitchell*)

FISHLEIGH having made considerable improvements on the premises lately occupied by Jonas Copp, is prepared to give superior accommodation to travellers and the public generally. An attentive Hostler always in attendance. One door West of R. H. Hill's Store.

November 15th, 1853. v6n41-1y*

NOTICE.

CAME into the premises of the subscriber about the 20th November a spotted Bull coming two years old next spring. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take him away.

JAMES JEWELL.
Colborne, W. Wawanosh, Dec., 1853. v5-n47

LAND AGENCY.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the Public that he has opened an Office in Goderich for the sale of Town and Farm Properties, where a Register will be kept for entry of any Lots that parties may be wishing to dispose of.

CHARLES WIDDER.
Office, Wellington Street,
Goderich, Dec 5th, 1853. v6n44

STRAYED

FROM the Subscriber in the month of April last four Calves (then year olds) one brindled Steer, one Heifer, yellow mixed with white, one light-red Heifer, with a star in her face, one dark-brown Heifer, with a strip down her back. Any person giving such information as may lead to their recovery will be suitably rewarded.

PATRICK PATTON.
7th Concess., Township of Goderich.
November 26th, 1853. n43-7t*

NOTICE.

ALL parties indebted to the Estate of the late firm of Marwood and Keays are hereby notified that unless their Notes and Accounts are settled between now and the fifteenth day of January next, the same will be placed in the hands of their Solicitors for immediate prosecution.

W. J. KEAYS.
Surviving partner of Geo. L. Marwood.
Goderich Oct. 11, 1853. v6n36

NOTICE.

I ALEXANDER McINTIRE, do agree to make over my right, title and claim of Notes and Book accounts, to JAMES DONALDSON, belonging to the firm of Alexander McIntire and James Donaldson.

A. McINTIRE.
Witness—DAVID CANTELON.
Goderich, March 3rd, 1854. v6n6

CAME into the inclosure of the subscriber about the fifteenth of October, eight geese, their owner is requested to prove property pay expenses and take them away.

JOHN O'GRADY
Goderich, 30th December, 1853. v5 n47

PROCLAMATION.

V. R.

WHEREAS: All persons born barefooted must have Leather either for Boots or shoes.

W. C. & A. SMITH,

BEG to announce most respectfully to the inhabitants of Goderich and surrounding country that they are now in full operation in their

NEW BRICK TANNERY.

Two doors north of Mr. Jacob SeegMiller's on Waterloo Street where they hope by strict attention to business & punctuality to procure a share of public patronage. They would particularly call attention to their splendid stock of

SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER.

Which they will keep constantly on hand and which will be sold cheap for CASH or HIDES. Having had the advantage of instructions by some of the best French, English and American curriers together with having traveled through most parts of the United States where they have procured and acquired the use of all the late improved Patent Tools made for currying purposes, they can without boasting recommend their stock to be much superior to any manufactured in Canada.

CASH PAID for any quantity of HIDES 22s. 6d. or upwards per 100 lbs., delivered at their Tannery.

W. G. & A. SMITH.
Goderich, 8th November, 1853. v6-n40

NOTICE.

STRAYED from the Subscriber, Lot No. 54, Maitland concession, Township of Goderich, about the 20th of June last a Yoke of Oxen—one 8 year old, large Black and White, the other about 12 years old, Red and White, with one eye blind, one of the above oxen had a bell on. Any person giving such information as will lead to their recovery will be suitably rewarded.

JOHN RUNCIMAN.
Clinton, Sept 21st, 1853. n33-4t*

NOTICE.

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber Lot No. 1, 2nd Concession, Township of Hay, about the eighth of December, instant, a Cow, a white strip on the back. And a red Steer one year old past. The owner is requested to prove property pay expenses and take them away.

JOHN COLLINGWOOD.
Hay, Dec. 24, 1853. n47-3t*

WANTED,

A School Teacher for School Section No. 2, McKillop. One having a Second Class Certificate will be preferred, for further particulars apply to

JAMES CLUFF,
JAMES GRIEVE, } Trustees.
JAMES SCOTT,
McKillop, Dec. 27, 1853. n47d2

NOTICE.

I HEREBY warn the public against purchasing a Note of Hand held in my name for $30, by Donald McLellan of Bruce, as I have received no valuation for the same.

And I further advertise that Ann McLellan, my wife, having left my house and bed, as I shall therefore pay none o. any debt she may contract on my account.

JAMES FRASER.
Kincardine, Dec. 1st, 1853. n47-3t*

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to George Miller & Co of the Goderich Foundry, either by Note of hand or Book account are requested to call and have them settled on or before the first of June next, and all other debts due to the same establishment up to the first of January, 1852, must be settled at the same time, otherwise they will be placed in the hands of the Clerk of the Division Court for collection.

WILLIAM KEITH.
Goderich Foundry,
14th of April, 1853. v6 n11

CAUTION.

I DO hereby forbid any person or persons of Crediting my son James Robinson, on my account from this date, as I will not hold myself responsible for any debts that he may contract.

JOHN ROBINSON.
Goderich, Dec. 19th, 1853. n46

FOR SALE.

A FARM on the Huron Road, 1½ miles from Goderich, and 14 from the flourishing village of Clinton, containing 78½ acres of excellent land, 24 of which are cleared, with a Store and dwelling House, Store-house, Stable, Cattle shed, and every convenience for carrying on a business as well as a Farm.—Also, an orchard in full bearing, on the premises is an Ashery fitted up with every convenience, and a never failing supply of pure soft water. For further particulars, and terms apply to

R. THWAITES.
Clinton, Nov. 18th, 1853. n41tf

NOTICE.

CAME into the enclosure of the Subscriber Lot 7, 2nd concession, Township of Hay, about the first November last, a Red Heifer, about one and a half years old. The owner is requested to prove property pay charges and take her away.

ROBERT MOWLDS.
Hay, Dec. 17th 1853. n49-3t

CARDS, &c.

DR. BURNHAM.
CLINTON,
Huron Road.
(West of Mr. Thwaites' Store.)
Dec. 15th, 1853. v6n4

ROBERT REID,
BOOK-SELLER & STATIONER, (opposite Balkwill's Hotel.) Corner of Dundas and Talbot-streets, London, C. W.—School Books, Common and Classical Book-Binding and Ruling of every description Executed on the Premises.

☞ Orders for Account Books, from the Trade or Country Merchants, punctually attended to and a liberal discount allowed.

London, March 1851. 4v4

ROBERT SNODGRASS,
FASHIONABLE BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER,
(*One door East of C. Crabb's Store.*)

WOULD inform the inhabitants of Goderich and neighbourhood that he is prepared to make to order or otherwise, any kind of Ladies and Gentlemen's Fine or Fancy work, in the neatest and most fashionable style. And will also furnish heavy Boots and Shoes, to suit the necessities of those that may favor him with their custom. His prices will be moderate.

Goderich, July 29 h, 1852. v5n29

JOHN RALPH,
TIN AND COPPER SMITH, next door to the Victoria Hotel, West Street, Goderich, has constantly on hand, a choice stock of Tinware, Cooking and Box Stoves, &c., which he will sell at considerably reduced prices.

The highest price paid in trade for old copper, brass, pewter, sheepskins, calf and kiled hides, feathers and rages. All kinds of Merchantable produce taken in exchange at cash prices.

Goderich Feb. 19, 1852. v5—n

R. W. CANA, MITCHELL,
AUCTIONEER, Accountant and General Agent. Books and accounts adjusted, and all kinds of Deeds drawn.—Sales attended in any part of the country. Letters addressed to Mitchell or Harpurhey, will be attended to.

April 5th, 1853. v6 n01-1y

ROWLAND WILLIAMS,
AUCTIONEER, is prepared to attend Sales in any part of the United Counties, on the most liberal terms. Apply at the First Division Court office, or at his house, East Street, Goderich.

N. B.—Goods and other property will be received to sell either by private or public sale.

Jnuery 6, 1852. v4n47.

FANNING MILLS AND PUMPS.

THE subscriber will keep constantly on hand at the GODERICH FANNING MILL AND PUMP FACTORY, on Arthur Street, near the Market Square, and adjoining Mr. SeegMiller's Tannery, a Stock of substantial, serviceable and very superior articles of the above description, which he will sell cheap for cash, merchantable Produce, or on approved credit. He wishes those parties in search of a good article at a reasonable price, to give him a call, and he flatters himself that his long experience in the business will ensure the satisfaction of all purchasers.

HENRY DODD.
Goderich, March 15th, 1853. v6n7y1

RICHARD MOORE,
WHILE returning his sincere thanks for the extremely liberal support extended to him by the inhabitants of Canada West, as an AGENT FOR THE COLLECTION OF DEBTS, begs leave most respectfully to inform them that he still continues to pursue the same line of Business.

Judgements, Notes and Book Accounts, obtained and contracted in the United States or Canada, collected in any part of this Province West of Coburg. All directions regarding the collection of debts, followed out with energy and despatch.

Letters in all cases must be addressed, POST PAID, to

RICHARD MOORE,
Galt Post Office, C. W.
Galt, May 13, 1853. v6—n10

GEO. M. TRUEMAN,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANT.
Market Square, Goderich.
A Register kept of TOWN LOTS, WILD LANDS, CLEARED FARMS, &c., for sale. v6n16

TO THE SETTLERS OF THE HURON TRACT.

THE Canada Company, let it be remembered, have provided the best possible facility to the said Settlers for the transaction of Business with the office in Toronto through the Agents of the Bank of Upper Canada, both at Goderich and Stratford, without charges to the said settlers.

Goderich, Feb. 6th, 1852. v6n2tf

Hurrah for Goderich!!

CLEAR THE TRACK!!

OLIVER & CO.
HAVE on hand an immense Stock of the very best Description of BOOTS and SHOES, on sale at the New Brick building, adjoining Mr. Hare, Watch-maker, which will be sold at the *Lowest Prices for Cash* or approved trade; call and see.

☞ The highest price paid in Cash for Hides and Sheepskins, &c. A general Stock of findings always on hand.

OLIVER & CO.
Goderich, June 11, 1853. v6n20-1y

Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich

RAILWAY.

To all whom it may Concern.

NOTIE is hereby given, that a certified copy of the *Map or Plan* of the BUFFALO, BRANTFORD and GODERICH RAILWAY, through the County of Huron, and of the lands intended to be passed over, and taken therefor, and also a Book of Reference, containing a general description of the said Lands, the names of the owners and occupiers thereof, so far as they can be ascertained and every thing necessary for the right understanding of such map or plan, has this day been deposited in the Office of the Clerk of the Peace for the said County, pursuant to the statute in such case, made and provided.

ARCH'D GILKISON,
Secretary.
Office of the Buffalo, Brantford and Goderich Railway Company.
Brantford, 20th Sept., 1853. n33tf

WANTED,

A TEACHER for the Union School, No. 1, Hullett. Apply to the Trustees at Clinton.

December 20th, 1853. n46

The great popularity which Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters have attained, in consequence of the extraordinary cures effected by their use, renders it unnecessary for the proprietor to enter into a particular analysis of their medicinal virtues or properties. Having been more than twenty years before the public, and having the united testimony of more than Three Millions of persons who have been restored to the enjoyment of perfect health by them, it is believed that their reputation as the best vegetable medicine now before the public, admits of no dispute. In almost every city and village in the United States, there are many who are ready to testify to their efficacy in removing disease, and giving to the whole system renewed vigor and health.

In cases of Scrofula, Ulcers, Scurvy or Eruptions of the skin, the operation of the Life Medicines is truly astonishing, often removing in a few days every vestige of these loathsome diseases, by their purifying effects on the blood. Fever and Ague, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Piles, and in short most all diseases, soon yield to their curative properties. No family should be without them, as by their timely use much suffering and expense may be saved.

PREPARED BY
WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, M. D.
NEW YORK.

FOR SALE BY
BENJ. PARSONS,
Sole Agent.
Goderich, Jan. 24, 1853.

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

The most valuable Spring and Summer Medicine in the World!!

Dr. Halsey's Forest Wine!

PATRONIZED by the nobility and medical faculty of England, and esteemed the most extraordinary medicine in the world.

Medicines containing molasses or liquorice, like the boasted Sarsaprillas, requiring large bottles to produce the slightest change in health. The *Forest Wine* is altogether a different article. It contains no syrups to give it consistency, but acquires its excellent flavor, and powerful medicinal properties from the vegetable plants of which it is composed. The *Forest Wine* combines the virtues of the

WILD CHERRY, DANDELION, YELLOW DOCK, AND SARSAPARILLA!

with other valuable plants whose properties are still more effective.

Its high concentration renders it one of the most efficient medicines now in use. Sometimes less than a single bottle restores the lingering patient from weakness, debility and sickness, to strong and vigorous health. Every dose shows its good effects on the constitution, and improves the state of the health. The *Forest Wine* is recommended, in the strongest terms, for all complaints of the ☞ Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Nervous Disorders, Bilious Affections, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Female complaints, Scorfula, and all Diorders arising from bad blood and impure habit of the system.

SAVED FROM DEATH!!!—Testimony of Mr. Nathan Mathews, a highly respectable and wealthy citizen of Newark, N. J.

DR. G. W. HALSEY:—I believe your Forest Wine and Pills have been the means of saving my life. When I commenced taking them I laid at the point of death, with Dropsy, Piles, and Asthama. My physicians had given me over as past cure, and my family had lost all hopes of my recovery. While in this dreadful situation, your Forest Wine and Pills were procured for me, and before I had finished the first bottle of Wine and box of Pills, I experienced great relief; my body and limbs, which were greatly swollen, became sensibly reduced. Hopes of my recovery began now to revive, and after continuing the use of your medicines for about a month, the Piles and Asthema were completely cured. The Dropsy, with which my life was placed in such great danger, was also nearly gone. I have continued the use of your medicines until the present time, and I now enjoy as perfect health as ever I did in my life, although I am more than sixty years of age.

Yours respectfully,
N. MATTEWS.
Newark, N. J., Dec. 19, 1847.

GREAT CURE OF LIVER COMPLAINT OF TEN YEARS STANDING.

New York, Jan. 9th 1848.

DR. HALSEY, *Dear Sir:*—Having taken your Forest Wine and Pills to remove a disease of the Liver, from which I suffered severely for upwards of ten years; and having adhered closely the directions which accompany the medicines, I have recovered my health notwithstanding all who knew me thought my case incurable. Previous to taking the Wine and Pills, I had recourse to the best medical treatment, but continued to grow worse to an alarming degree. Some of my friends spoke dispairingly of my case, and tried to persuade me from making use of any advertised remedies: and, I doubt not, but that there are hundreds who are dissuaded from taking your excellent medicines, in consequence of the deception and inefficiency of many advertised remedies put forth by unprincipled men in flaming advertisements.—But what a pity it is that the deception used by others, should be the means of dissuading many laboring under disease, from making trial and being cured by your excellent remedies. Humanly speaking, they have saved my life; when I commenced making use of them, I was in a wretched condition, but began to experience their good effects in less than three days; and in six weeks from the time I purchased the medicines, to the great surprise of all my friends, I was entirely cured, and had increased fifteen pounds in weight, having taken one box of Pills and two bottles of the Wine. Would to God that every poor sufferer would avail himself of the same remedies. Yours, &c.,

JAMES WILSON.

NERVOUS DISORDERS—Are diseases of the mind as well as of the body, are usually brought on by troubles and affliction, and are most common to people of delicate constitution and sensitive minds. Low spirits, melancholy, frightful dreams, and fearful anticipations of evil from the slightest causes, generally accompany nervous disorders, The Forest Wine and Pills are an energetic remedy in these complaints.

Extract of a letter from J. C. Paulding, dated Philadelphia, Sep. 7th, 1848.

DR. HALSEY: Dear Sir, your Forest Wine and Pills have cured my wife of a dreadful Nervous disorder with she has been affected for many years. Her body was almost wasted away. She was frequently disturbed in her sleep by frightful dreams, awakening quite exhausted and covered with perspiration, and at times labouring under the delusion that something dreadful was about to happen to her.—By the use of four bottles of the wine, and a box of Pills, she is now in perfect health. She has regained her flesh and color, and enjoys society as well as ever.

J. C. PAULDING.

DR. DAVID MARVIN, a celebratad practitioner, of New York, declares publicly, that one both of Halsey's Forest Wine contained more virtues than fifty of the large bottles of Sarsaprilla.—Messrs. S. S. Lampman & Co., one of the largest and most respectable Druggists in Syracuse, in a letter, say: "From what they have seen and heard of Halsey's Forest Wine, it is an excellent and good medicine, and will undoubtedly become the leading medicine of the day.

The Forest Wine, is put up in large square bottles, with Dr. Halsey's name blown in the glass; $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Gum coated Pills, 25 cents per box. Agents are authorized to retail as well as wholesale to on favorable conditions as the proprietor, No. 161 Duane St., corner of Hudson, N. York. Appointed Agent in Goderich,

BENJAMIN PARSONS,
Wholesale and retail.
v5-n36

UNIVERSITY MEDICINES!!
Fever and Ague cured by Rowand's Tonic Mixture.

THE *University of Free Medicine and Popular Knowledge*; chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, at its last session, (viz. 29th April, 1853) mainly for the purpose of arresting the evils resulting from the sale of spurious and dangerous nostrums, also for the purpose of supplying the public with reliable remedies, in cases wherein the patient cannot obtain or will not employ the best medical advisers; having purchased that invaluable remedy, Rowland's Tonic Mixture, on account of its just celebrity and known efficacy in the treatment of Fever and Ague, and its kindred affections.—has no hesitation in recommending it in the highest terms to the patronage of the afflicted.

BOWEL COMPLAINT cured by ROWLAND'S BLACKBERRY ROOT. The above institution extends its sanction, in like manner, to the remedy for Bowel Complaint so well known as Rowan's Compound Syrup of Blackberry Root, and earnestly recommend it to the confidence of patients afflicted with these complaints,—believing it to be invaluable in the treatment of such cases.

By order of the Trustees
Hon. Henry K. Strong,
Hon. J. R. Flanigen,
John R. Rowand, M. D.
Dr. R. Ashton, Esq.
Hector Orr, Esq.

☞ All communications to be addressed,—John R. Rowand, M. D. Head of the Pharmaceutical Department, and President of the University.

Home Dispensary and Office, No. 47 South Street, Philadelphia.

Branch Dispensary at the Store of
BENJAMIN PARSONS,
GODERICH, U. C.
v6n36

DOCTOR YOURSELF.
THE POCKET ÆSCULAPIUS:
OR EVERY ONE HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.

THE FORTIETH Edition, with One Hundred Engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Human System in every shape and form. To which is added a Treatise on the Diseases of Females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage.

By
WILLIAM YOUNG, M. D.

Let no father be ashamed to present a ÆSCULAPIUS to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the POCKET ÆSCULPAIUS. Let no one suffering from a hacknied Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic ills, and given up by their physicians be another moment without consulting the ÆSCULPAIUS. Have the married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

☞ Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE CENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this work by mail, or five copies will be sent for one Dollar.

Address (post paid.)

DR. WM. YOUNG,
No 152 Spruce St., Philadelphia,
Feb. 17th. v6-n2

Strayed or Stolen

FROM the Subscriber, in Goderich, two MILCH COWS,—one is all Red, about 9 years old; the other is a Dark Red, with one small white spot on one shoulder and a white spot on the opposite flank, with one horn a little crooked, about 8 years old. Any person giving such information as will lead to the recovery of the same, will be suitably rewarded.

NELSON HIGGINS.
Goderich, Aug. 30, 1853. n30-3m

New Piano-Forte and Music ESTABLISHMENT.
King Street, three doors West of Young Street, Toronto, C. W.

MESSRS. SMALL & PAIGE,
IMPORTERS and Dealers in MUSIC AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, ETC., beg to announce that they have opened their new Wareroom (situated as above,) and will have constantly on hand, both for Wholesale and Retail every article of Musical Merchandize of various qualities and prices. They would particularly solicit an inspection of their new style of

GRAND SQUARE PIANO-FORTES,

from the Manufactories of COLLARD & COLLARD, London; and LISNARD & WEBER, Philadelphia.

Messrs. S. & P. have also on hand, a large stock of New York and Boston Piano-Fortes, of excellent quality, which they can warrant in all respects, and especially in regard to their keeping in tune. They will also retain the same softeess and sweetness of tone for a number of years, without ever acquiring that METALLIC, HARD and WIRY tone which many instruments, of otherwise good reputation, are apt to have.

Their Piano-Fortes are carefully selected by one of the Firm, "Mr. R. G. Paige, Professor of Music, Organist of St. James's Cathedral, Toronto," whose professional experience enables him to judge of the qualities of an instrument. They can therefore, fully guarantee every instrument purchased of them.

Messrs. S. & P. have also a very large stock of BRASS AND WOODEN INSTRUMENTS, FOR MILITARY, AMATEUR, and QUADRILLE BANDS. Likewise every Description of Stringed and Wooden Instruments necessary for a complete Orchestra.

☞ Violin Strings of a very superior quality.

Messrs. S. & P. are also the Sole Agents for the sale of WARREN'S CELEBRATED HARMONIUMS and MELODEONS. The newest and most Fashionable Music can always be procured at their Establishment. Classical Sacred Music—consisting of all the celebrated Oratorios; also, Church Music.

Second hand Piano-Fortes Bought, Sold, and taken in Exchange; Piano-Fortes Tuned, Repaired, and for hire.

Music for Military Bands, Italian, French and German Operas. The newest and most popular Ballads. Instruction Books for every Musical Instrument; Vocal Instruction Books of the best Masters.

The latest and most Fashionable Dance Music of all kinds. Polkas, Schottiches, Galopes, Mazurkas, &c. Piano-Forte Music by all the great Masters. The newest French, German, Italian, and English Publications received weekly.

A Liberal Discount to Dealers, Teachers, and Heads of Schools. ☞ Every article Warranted. Parties at a distance can have Music sent by Mail for Lester postage.

N. B.—Messrs. S. & P. import from Europe and sell as cheap as any house in Canada. August 3rd, 1853. v6n26

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

United Counties of Huron and Bruce, To Wit:

BY Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's County Court for the United Counties of Huron and Bruce, and to me directed, against the lands and tenements of John Small at the suit of Marcus Holmes, I have seized and taken in Execution Lot running number one hundred and ninety seven in the Town of Goderich, containing by admeasurement one quarter of an Acre be the same more or less, which Lands and Tenements thereon I shall offer for sale at the Court Room in the Town of Goderich on Monday the thirteenth day of March next, at the hour of twelve of the clock noon

J. McDONALD, Sheriff,
Huron and Bruce.
Sheriff's Office,
Goderich, 10th Dec., 1853. n48-3m

JUDSON'S
CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF

CHERRY AND LUNGWORT,
FOR THE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Spitting of Blood, Night Sweats, Asthma, Liver Complaints, and
CONSUMPTION.

DEATH can be and has been prevented in thousands of cases by this nature's own remedy, Judson's Chemical extract of CHERRY and LUNGWORT. The medicine unlike most of the patent remedies of the day is the result of careful study and experiments of a scientific and experienced Physician. The two principal ingredients have long been known and celebrated. WILD CHERRY BARK. When the strength of this is properly extracted is the best medicine known for curing the worst Coughs and other Pulmonary diseases, it heals the phlegm and enables the sufferer to expectorate easily, and alone will cure the worst cold or cough, which if neglected always leads to Consumption.

LUNGWORT.—This is a plant the virtues of which are known to but few, it has been said by the most learned men of all time, that "nature has provided a remedy for each and every disease," and the scoveries that are daily made, go to prove its truth. Lungwort is doubtless the remedy designed by nature for Consumption. Its healing properties are truly wonderful, and the rapidity with which it cures the worst cases of Ulcerated Lungs, soothing and subduing all irritation, almost immediately, is a proof of its adaptation to this disease.

These two articles combined with other purely vegetable ingredients, form a medicine that is certain to cure the worst cases of Consumption if taken before the sufferer is entirely prostrated.—Do not be discouraged, a trial can do no harm, but will convince the most sceptical of its real worth. Thousands of Consumptive persons have been deceived repeatedly in buying medicines which were said to be infallible cures, but which have proved only palliatives, but this medicine is not only palliative but a cure for ulcerated lungs. It contains no deleterious Drugs and one trial will prove its astonishing efficacy better than any assertion or certificate in curing consumption and all diseases of the Lungs and Liver, such as Spitting of blood, Coughs, pain in the side and chest, night-sweats, &c.

CAUTION.—To protect our own as well as the interest of the consumptive sufferer, we are obliged to caution all to find the signature of COMSTOCK & BROTHER on the wrapper, without this it is a worthless counterfeit. Remember this.

CARLTON'S LINIMENT FOR THE PILES, &c.—It is now used in the principal hospitals, and in the private practice in our country by an immense number of individuals and families, first & most certainly for the cure of the Piles, and also extensively and effectually as to baffle credulity unless where its effects are witnessed Externally in the following complaints:—Dropsy Swellings, Rheumatism, Acute or Chronic, giving immediate ease, Sore Throat, Bruises, Sprains, Burns, &c. Sores and Ulcers.—Whether fresh or of long standing, and fever sores. Its operation upon adults and children in reducing rheumatic swellings, loosening coughs, tightness of the chest by relaxion of the phlegm, has been surprising beyond conception. The common remark of those who have used it for the Piles, is "it acts like a charm." It is warranted to please any person that will try it.

CAUTION.—Never buy unless you find the fac simile signature of Comstock & Brother, proprietors, on the wrapper.

TURKISH WINE.—General Debility, Weakness, Loss of Appetite, Bilious Diseases, a certain preventive of Fevers, &c. &c. This Wine is the most pleasant and effectual Remedy for any of the above complaints, and to many other diseases mentioned, that has ever been discovered. It is so agreeable to the taste that any sick person will prefer it to any Wine; while it acts on the stomach and bowels is prompt and efficacious in cleansing them thoroughly, and thus, by leaving the organ in which the base of the blood is formed, in a healthy and pure state, necessarily keeps the blood pure and healthful. It is a stimulant without reaction, unlike all other preparations; which leave the partaker in a state of prostration. THIS WINE sends a gentle and agreeable feeling through every nerve, and its tonic properties are such that it will restore the weak and debilitated to their natural Strength and Vigor. It is composed of the Pure Wine of many of the most tonic and rare plants in the Materia Medica, the receipt for which was obtained from a celebrated Turkish "Hakim,"—Physician,—and one bottle is equal to ten of any Sarsaparilla or Blood Purifier ever before known. Then give this Oriental Wine a trial; it will speak for itself better than any recommendation or certificate; and those who tries it once will never be without it. Nothing can equal it as a Dri Drink in hot climates, of on Shipboard, and no Traveller should be without it.

CAUTION.—Find the name of Comstock and Brother, and the Stamp of the Turkish Flag, on the label and cork of each bottle. Without this it cannot be genuine.

All orders to be addressed to Comstock & Brother, No 2 St. Peter's Place, New York.

TO OWNERS OF AND DEALERS IN HORSES.—CARLTON'S FOUNDER OINTMENT. For the cure of Founder, Split Hoof, Hoof-bound Horses, and contracted and Foverish Feet, Wounds, Bruises in the Flesh, Galled Backs, Cracked Heels, crutches, Cuts, Kicks, &c. on horses. Carlton Ring-Bone Cure.—For the cure of Ring-Bone, Blood Spavin, Bone Spavin, Windgalls and Sinit—a certain remedy.

CARLTON'S CONDITION POWDERS for Horses and Cattle. The changes of weather and seasons, with the change of us and feed, have a very great effect upon the bod and sinuous fluids of horses. It is at these changes they require an assistant to nature to row off any disorder of the fluids of the body thatmay have been imbibed, and which, if not attended to, will result in the Yellow Water, Heave Worms, Botts, &c. All of which will be prented by giving one of these powders, and what any time ever when any symptoms of disease appear, if need is time. They purify the bld, remove all inflammation and fever, loosen them, cleanse the water, and invigorate the whobody, enabling them to do more work with the same feed. The action of these powders is dect upon all the secretive glands, and therefore they have the same effect upon the Horse, as Ox, the Ass, and all Herbivorous animals—diseases arising from or producing a bad state of the blood, are speedily cured by these tation.—Remember and ask for Carlton's Condition Powders, and take no other.

CARLTON'S NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT for Horses, and for those of all diseases of man or beast that require extreme application, and for contracted cords and muscles, strengthens weak limbs, and also used for spavin, bone, saddle galls, swell legs, sores, of all kinds on horses. Carlton's articles for Horses and Cattle are prepared in the receipt of a very celebrated English Farri, and will cure in 99 cases out of 100 any of the above complaints. They have been used by numbers, Every one, stage proprietors and others, with the most marked and decided succes.

CAUTION.—None can be genuine unless you find the name of Carlton Comstock on the Wrapper of each article. Remember this, as theirtiel area has been extensively counterfeited of late, look and find the proprietors' name Carlton Comstock, &c., never buy without.

☞ All of the above named articles are sold only in Goderich, C. W., by Robert Park, Maitland & Keays, C. Crabb, H. B. O'Connor and R. B. Reynolds & Co., Wholesale and Retail: in Stratford by H. C. Lee; in St. Mary's by T. B. Guest; in Woodstock by T. Scott; in London by Mitchell; in Kettlewille, by J. Carter; in Harpurhey by M. McDermid & Co.; in Mitchell by T. Ford & Co., and Rich & Co.; in Exeter by J. D. Dent; in Delaware by Tiel. Enquire for Comstock & Brother's Almanac for 1853, which will be given to all gratis. In Bayfield by C. Crabb and Gardner; in Bell's Corners by H. Brown.

October 19th, 1853. v6n39

STOVES.

THE subscriber begs to inform the inhabitants of Goderich and its vicinity, that he has received a Large Supply of the Latest Improved Patterns of

COOKING, BOX AND PARLOUR STOVES,

which he offers for Sale at very reduced Prices for Cash. The subscriber also keeps on hand as usual, at his Old Stand, a large and very superior assortment of TINWARE of every description. The subscriber takes this opportunity of returning his sincere thanks to the Public for the very liberal patronage he has received since he has been in business in Goderich, & hopes by strict attention to business, and moderate prices, to continue to receive a share of public patronage.

N. B.—Graining, Painting, Glazing, Paper and Bell Hanging, carried on as heretofore.

WILLIAM STORY.
Goderich Sept. 6th, 1849. v2n31

British America Assurance COMPANY.

CAPITAL £100,000.

THE whole of which is taken up and a large portion paid in and invested.

The subscriber still continues to grant Assurances, at the current rates of Premium, against

LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE

On Houses, Furniture, Goods, Produce, and other descriptions of property, also against loss or damage by the

DANGERS OF NAVIGATION

On Cargoes or Vessels, we sell on the Inland Waters of this continent as beyond sea to and from the Ports of Great Britain.

Forms of Application, with all requisite information, furnished by

W. BENNETT RICH, Agent.
Goderich, June 30th, 1853. v22-1y

Sheriff's Sale of Lands.

United Counties of Huron and Bruce, To Wit:

BY Virtue of a Writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, and an alias Writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the said Court, and to me directed against the lands and tenement of JASPER KEMBALL GOODING and Isaac Rattenbury, at the suit of BENJAMIN BREWSTER, I have seized and taken execution the following property, viz:

Lots running numbers fourteen, ninety