# FheWESTEDN IOMEMONTMLY 

WINNIPEG, MAN., MAY, 1920


TWO TYPES OF BEAUTY

# It is Dangerous to Use Counterfeit Parts for the 



BY allowing your garage man to use imitation parts in repairing your car you not only invite repeated repair bills and more serious breakdowns, but you actually endanger your own life and the lives of others. Cheap and inferior parts used in connection with the steering control are liable to cause accidents of a very serious nature.

## You Risk Your Life When You Use Imitation Spindles

In a recent test the tensile strength of the genuine Ford Vanadium Steel spindle arm was found to be over $100 \%$ more than that of the counterfeit machine steel part. The arms were submitted to shock, and the counterfeit arm broke at a pulling force equivalent to 11,425 pounds applied to a cross section. The same pulling force applied to a corresponding cross section of a gentine Ford spindle arm did not even change its original size or shape. In order to sepiarate the genuine spindle arm it was necessary to apply a pulling force of 25,000 pounds.
The spindle arm is one of the vital parts entering into the control of a car, and by using spurious parts in such places, Ford owners are risking lives and property.

## Genuine Ford Springs versus Imitation Springs

Genuine Ford front and rear springs are made of Vanadium spring steel having a tensile strength of 210,000 pounds per square inch, and an elastic limit of 200,000 pounds. Every genuine Ford spring is tested in the factory. Front springs are subjected to a pressure of 1,850 pounds. In the fatigue test the average genuine spring will stand 60,000 strokes before breaking. Rear springs are subjected to a pressure of 2000 pounds and the average genuine spring will absorb 40,000 strokes before breaking.
Imitation springs are generally made of carbon steel having a tensile strength of only 130,000 pounds per square inch and an elastic limit of only 115,000 pounds. In ordinary service they soon flatten out.

You are merely protecting yourself and avoiding repeated repair bills when you demand genuine Ford parts.

Oñly Genuine Ford Parts Can be Used with Safety
Look for the Sign

> Genuine Sir d Parts For Sale Here

## Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited

 Ford, OntarioMAY, 1920


Liguids and Pastes. For Black. White, Tan, Dark Brown or Ox-BLood Shoes The EF Dalley Coxporations, Linited favitom on

The Western Home Monthly

## The Western Home Monthly

| Pol. XXII. | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Published Monthly } \\ \text { By the Home Publishing Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, Can. }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :---: |

The Subscription Price of The Western Home Monthly if si.00 a year, or three yoars for Remittanceas of small sums may pe made with safoty it orathary letters. Sums of one
dollar or more wouid be well to send by registered letter or Money orceet. Postago Stampa will




## A Chat With Our Readers

The proud record of The Western Home Monthly since the first of January, 1920, is the addition of over 6,000 new subscribers. Surely a tribute to its merit seldom equalled by any publication. Every subscriber represents a good Western home-the very home that looms to-day as Canad'a's brightest hope.

Every additional name to our subscription list strengthens the bulwark of home builders, home dwellers and home lovers. If you agree with us that the home is the magnet towards which all good things should gravitate, then you are in a special sense eligible for membership in the great family that constitute our readers - and if already a subscriber we suggest that recommending the magazine to others will be accomplishing a good and helpful work. Our mail box, in a very special way, reflects the minds of our readersand how the striving for an ideal home is the predominating thought. Not only do mothers bring their problems to The Western Home Monthly, the fathers ask many questions too; while hundreds of young folks are regular contributors. A magazine breathes through its correspondence. The more alive it is the more letters reach it. What is your home problem? If you are a woman with home interests read the Woman's Quiet Hour, Young Woman and Her Problem, Mother's Section, Kitchen Department, Home Doctor, Fashions and Patterns, etc. The young folks and even the small children in your home will find interest and profit in the special department arranged for them by Bobby Burke. The man of the house can keep abreast of current thought through the, Editorial pages, many special articles, Philosopher, What the World is Saying, etc.
'Don't stop at this, read what The Western Home Monthly advertisérs have to tell you. Remember, many of the largest and most experienced advertisers of the day use the columns of the magazine regularly, and what they have to say is worth while.

The splendid work accomplished in the period of this year already passed we hope to continue, and with your lind co-operation we look for a much wider constituency before another year brealis in upon us.

The Western Home Monthly,
Gentlemen:-
Enclosed find $s$
scription.
Yours truly,



## CHURCH ATTENDATICE

ASURVEY of South and Centre Winnipeg re-
veals the fact that a great many people,
even though they express preference for cereven though they express preference for cer--
tain denominations, do not attend church anywhere. It is interesting
out the reasons for this.
There are some who openly say that the church has nothing for them in its teaching or its practice, that the preachers seem to be living in another
world, drawing their lessons from books rather world, drawing their lessons from books rather
than from life, and that the members do not seem than from life, and that the members do not seem
to be more godly, more righteous in any way, than the men they meet from day to day. In other words these people who talk in this way have lost coufidenece in the organization as it is, and so they
leave it alone. That is undoubtedly the wrong leave it alone. That is undoubtedy the wrong
attitude, since if the chirch can be a helpul organization it is the duty of men to unite with it and
keep it pure and active. Because some members are keep it pure, well disposed people should not keep inconsistent, well disposed peopte should not keep
away. That is only playing into the hands of the enemy.
There are some who say the church is to-day a
capitalistic institution that it dare not capitalistic institution, that it dare not teach what
its founder taught-the Brotherhood of Man and its founder taught-the Brotherhood of Man and
the Golden Rule. This is not true, of course, but the Golden Rule. This is not true, of course, but
it is a misfortune that some of the churches are so rich in their appointments and so exclusive in their membership that there seems to be in them no place for the poor man and the plainly-dressed are forbidding to men and women with a sense of are forbidace.
independence.
There are some who say they have little use for any one-man concern, that they prefer to unite with an institution that gives them an opportunity to say
something and do something. This is a proper something and do something. This is a proper
attitude. The chief duty of a pastor is to direct attitude. The chief duty of a pastor is to direct
the activities of his people. He should by no means do their work for them. Every church member should be a minister. Unfortunately many who attack the church on this ground are very careful
that they never associate themselves with any philthat they never associat
This leads to the conclusion that their are some to churchemmunause the hearts for the woes and suffierings of other people.
They will accept no responsibilities beyond those of the family. They are so wrapped up in their own affairs that they have no room in their hearts for
God or Man. The real function of the Carch is God or Man. The real function of the Church is the individual to the species, to harmonize his will with the Will of God.
The last class of objectors worth noting comprises those who have affiliated themselves with some other organization than the church-a fraternal body
or a trades union or a class brotherhood or someor a trades union or a class brotherhood or some-
thing of the kind. Or it may be that they have so closely indentified themselves with their own business that they have no room for other thoughts. They cannot understand nor sympathize with the
doctrine that "one can save his life only by losing doctrine that "one can save his life only by losing
it in the lives of others." They never know the bigger world and they can not understand those who are attempting to find it.
Notwithstanding the fact that so many keep aloof
from the church, it is still the greatest force for from the church, it is still the greatest force for
righteousness that is in the world to-day. Christ righteousness that is in the world to-day. Christ
was the first great Socialist. His doctrines and His practice were of the kind that will save mankind no substitute for the organization He set up to
develop the feeling of brothertiood and teach the develop the feeling of brotherinood and teach the
relationship of Man to His Maker.

## THE REMOTE REGIONS

THE one class of people who have to en-
dure hardships and privations are the set-
tlers in outly tiers in outlying districts. The disadvan-
tages are many and not the least of them is the fact that it is dis not the least of them
the arrange for
eduation of the children. Few in numbers they have to paye a heary Few in numbers
in order to
get ${ }^{2}$ teacher. The tax in order to get a teacher. The teacher is usu-
ally of low grade -for it is natural that the best
teachers should acce t greater social advantages. Nos can the teachers such as they are, be obtained for less money than
othiers with hien ther otiers with higher qualifications. One will natur-
ally work for a thoussind dollars in the town when
she would re The would refuse twelve hundred in the back woods.
This points to the necessity of rearranging school appropriations so as to make it possible for oponeors
to edurate their clillren. The children of the pioneers are as valuabie to the state as children in the
thickly-settled districts. As and
 above all. the peonle that should be cared for The The
last wor. in itistribution of public aid to schools
has not been spoken.

## Editorial

## HIRED HELP

IS it any wonder that it is difficult to get
girls to act as housemaids? Any one
who who examines into the conditions under
which they are often compelled to work will understand how they must wish to fly to other occupations. Yet, there are few classes of
people who do so much to add to the happiness people who do so much to add to the happiness
and welfare of society, and they are needed at some time or other in almost every family whether in town or country. It is quite appropriate, therefore that their peculiar problem should be considered. Why should the work of looking after the home be considered less honorable than that of salesgirl or office worker? Why should a housemaid have
longer hours than any other worker? Why should she be referred to as Mary or Bridget rather than as Miss Brown or Miss Black? Why should she have to do her courting in the back lane, and why
should she be denied all social privileges? should she be denied all social privileges? Why have the worst room and the least opportunity for culture? In the days of our mothers the household helper was a member of the family. Except when it was advantageous to have it otherwise she was treated just like the other members of the house-
hold. She sat at breakfast table, used the livingroom in the evenings, joined in the family worship, and even on occasion went to the community dances. No one expects just that to-day, especially in larger city homes. Division of labor has caused divisions is no reason why the spirit of the old times should not be preserved.
There is another side to this whole question. The servant girl will find her position altered as soon as she becomes a recognized expert in her work.
If training schools could be organized and certifiIf training schools could be organized and certifiguaranteed, things would be very much better. It is not very satisfactory for a mother to pay thirty or fifty dollars to a helper and find that she can not keep house, nor cook, nor look after children. tion, opportunity for culture, privilege of entertaining the young man, short hours and the like, on the other side the mistress expects some ability to perform the duties of the home. The calling requicle on this subject in another column.
Now that there are night schools for all classes of people, why not open up a night school for
domestic help? There is no class in the community more useful and none requires greater consideration.

## AMERICAN INCONSISTENCY

THOSE whe read the life of Abraham Lincoln will remember that his great doctrine was "The Union must be preserved." In a
letter of Dec. 17,1860 , he said to Thurlow Weed: "My opinion is, that no state can in any
way lawfully get out of the Union without the consent of the others; and that it is the duty of the President and other government functionaries to run the machine as it is." That is just the question. His bill may be right or wrong, but he is going to preserve the Union. Why should Americans of 1920 differ from Americans of 1860 ?

## GOOD ROADS

Gbed roads are to be encouraged, not only of farm commodities and a convenience to of farm ${ }^{\text {commo }}$ gress of all. kinds. Without them good schools are impossible and church attendance greatly reare impossise and church attendance greaty re-
duced. They cost money to build and keep in
repair but they incease the value op all the repair, but they increase the value 'of all the
property through which they pass. Everything property through which they pass. Everything
that saves time and labor and which eases the
 for. The decision of the Western Provinces to
continue the policy of road-building in a large and continue the policy of road-building in a large and
comprehensive way is worthy of all commendation.

## after the war

$T^{\mathrm{T}}$ is very natural that France and Belgium should view movements in Germany with a
degree of fear and suspicion. They have ample reason to feel alarmed. It is very natural. toot that a country which is actuated by
strong political feeling should fail to perceive the world-significance of its actions. If we do not have
further trouble, it is not because national fear and
national jealousy have not done their utmost to bring about a repetition of horrors. Our own duty ot lose our national ambition but we shall remember that our success is dependent upon world-peace and world-peace is impossible unless the thought of humanity is concurrent with the thought of nationality. When a man is so intensely patriotic that he certain that he is a poor type of patriot.

## FREE DISCUSSION

I
 hour problem lays down a fow principles that should guide discussion of all problems affecting labor. He says:
"In a democracy the path to public opinion lies
through free discussion. And law is worth little through free discussion. And law is worth little opinion. There are quite a number of sides to the question. It has a medical side, in which the effect of fatigue upon general predisposition to disease, as well as to nervous diseases, infectious diseases, has a civic side, for it is well that the uncrowne kings who govern through the ballot should have time and energy allowed them for the deliberate study of national issues, It is the overworked and peded by the hot gospeller of some violent radicalism. It has an ethical side, for the hours of labor bear on the drinking habits of the workers, and open or shut the door on wholesale recreations, which ar antidotes to vice. On the economic side there is not
only the question of amount of production but only the question of amount of production but of its quality, and the question of the reguarity on
work as well as of the amount of it provided on any one day. And, back of all, is the question of
morale, the mental attitude of the worker to his work.

## the latest comedy

 RE is how "The Nation" presents, the "Com Mr. Gearge prenared to hang the Kaice , 2. He next got ready to drive out the Turks, bag and baggage, and the French hotly dissented. his mind and the French objected to his changing his mind.about the French allow him to change his mimd changes it also about the Turks.
5. In the final seene the rope which should have
hanged the Kaiser pulls the drowning Sultan safely hanged the K
to dry land.

## AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA

IN the minds of people generally the word Russia calls up a picture of Bolshevism. Yed Bol-
shevism is not the greatest force in Russia is endured by the Russian people for the time being, and that is all. The Supreme Council in Paris in its dealings with Russia has recognized this fact and the happenings of the present time all indicate a change in internal maniagement, whereby the will of the government will harmonize with the will of
the people. the people.
Co-operateast force in Russia is that known as the ing include in their membership 200000,000 heads of families-not far from $100,000,000$ individuals. They co-orerate for purposes of production and consumption. Seventy per cent of the people belong to the organizations.
How does it
low does it come about then that they tolerate a political party that is opposed to its fundamental
interests?
Co-operation rests on the free will of voluntary members, whereas Bolshevism rests on compulsion. One acto through economic competition, the other through legislative decrees. One is based on the thought of pcople as consumers, the other on
the thought of the people as workers. How can the majority tolerate the rule of the minority? And how can an army which is led by anti-Bolshevistic leaders be true to a leader like Lenine? Even the rank and file of the Russian army are not committed to Lenine's theory of government. How they tolerate his political authority? The answer is very simple They all take the
stand that they will support any government that pposes the invasion of Russia by foreign soldie That is why the Allies have withdrawn from Rus They cannot act with Bolshevism, but they can nter into trade relations with the great majority of The Russian people, who are as opposed to Bolshevism Co-operation is consistent with loyalty to one's land. Bolshevism ignores boundaries and aims at world-wide civilization. There is no doubt but that the Co-operators will take control when circumstances point the way.

## A Case of Natural Selection


'The Elite Ladies' World is offering ain't giving them away. How much does prizes to the largest fan'lies. It was he charge? ful; having, only Elvira I seen it was not for me.'

$$
4+\quad \text { givin' prizes?" }
$$

HEN Brady, the photographer, moved to Pearl Street his friends predicted a neighbor-
Pearl Street was hood of poor people and money for luxuries was scarce. Photographers had come and photographers had gone but Brady was different. His studio was enriched by a variety of second-hand cos-
tumes, some of the more striking ones having been discarded by his actress wife, while others had been sold to him by members of the profession. Brady reasoned that soiled and discolored clothes, although unsuitable for the stage, might
still do very well for decorative photostil do very well for decoraive photegraphy. character they desired. Few of the residents of the vicinity could afford the fashionable attire suitable for successful portraiture, but garbed as a
Japanese, a Martha' Washington, a fisherman, or an Indian, they shone resplendent, in the eyes of their friends. Brady was also versatile in the matter of background, using with large prodigality
Niagara Falls, the Alps, the ocean, or a Niagara Fa
enowstorm.


Milly Linden, who secretly cherished istrionicamied thereby at lasille the pleasures of a stage career. Mrs. bish, whose nautical adventures had been confined to an occasional ride on a
ferry, was equally delighted to see hererry, was equally delighted to see herself in yachting costume, seated on a coil of ropes, a life preserver at her feet. Indian fighter, was able to distribute post cards on which he appeared as a scout of the Custer variety. All these examples of Brady's skill captivated he neighborhood and nearly every famAmong those who followed these achievements with envious eyes was Mrs. Schwind, who ardently desired to possess a group picture littl Sch, wind and the twelve little Schwinds.
On the day that Mrs. Middleton dropped in to show Elvira's latest picture in
peasant costume, Mrs. Schwind's longing again asserted itself and she ventured to ask her neighbor's opinion, on the subject.
"I hear," she said, "that Brady's takin" tradin' stamps for cash. I've got a book most done and I was kinder thinkin' of
gettin' us taken. Eloise wants me to get the hand-painted pieture over in the premium parlor instead-that one of the cats-but Jim ain't favorable. He says there's enough cats with kittens in the
Alley without hand paintings of them." Alley without hand paintings of them." "T think a picture of your own folks would be more satisfaction than oil paintings. You'd make a grand picture, too, having so mally children. Why don't you try for the prize?"
"I never heard theye was any. Whose
givin" prizes?"

Elite Ladies give me the lend of the Schwind eadies World?" asked Mrs. in it. We're large "Maybe we could ge in it. We're large enough, land knows." The thought of a photograph with the possibility of a prize was new and de
lightful. Mrs. Schwind could hardl wait for her guest's departure that she might send Mary over to borrow the precious magazine. When it came, she
turned over the pages anxiously, and turned over the pages anxiously, and family picture of seven, with this inscrip tion underneath:

IS YOUR PICTURE HERE?

## IF NOT WHY NOT?

GRAND FAMILY CONTEST FIFTY DOLLAR PRIZES IN GOLD
Mr, Thomas Blackwell, believing with ex
President Roosevelt that large families are a national asset, offers a prize each
month for the best picture of a
large fa mily month for the best picture of
large family. Send your pic.
ture at once. This is the
greatest contest of

## the age.

"Mother of Pearl!" exclaimed Mrs. Schwind, " if that ain't a gift from heaven. We can take a prize dead easy and it will more than pay for the pic
ture." come home, and as soon as he entered the house, she called to him:
osay
osar
and "Say, Jim,


## "You're talking big, ma. What's

 "Well," she affirmed, "we could do it "The easiest way I know of is to ret ife insured and then die," returned Jim skeptically.In answer she put the Elite Ladies World into hiss hand.
"Read that," she commanded triumph.
Jim read the brilliant offer of the tuously: "Now, ain't that just like a woman.
stamps for cash and I've got a book most done. Run over there after supper and see what he'll take us for."
"Ma," put in Eloise, "could we be ese, and it's grand, all wrappers and fans "paper flowers."
Naps for , announced Jim firmly. "No there's mine. According to the papers then where'd we be in Jap clothes? No
"I thonght," said Mrs. Schwind, "bein' so many of us we might get a variety. twise, you could be historic and the like country folks. Mrs. George had one hat was awful cute. Her
cThat might do," Jim answered some what mollified. "But Brady'll know be how we ought to look. That's his biz." While Jim was over making inquiries,
Mrs. Schwind organized a rehearsal and rrs. Schwind organized a rehearsal ed her family arranged as a series of steps, from tall Eloise to tiny Thomas Murphy, Junior.
"But you're all right and I she declared, "but you're all right and I wouldn't care
if they was more of you, Helene, run over and get Mrs., Middleton. I want her to take a look."
Mrs. Middleton
Mrs. Middleton responded at once,
"Jim's over to Brady's," explained Mrs. Schwind. "We may try for the prize if it ain't too expensive. here was only seven in the picture that got the prize this month and there's twelve of us." "It's too bad that little Mabel died on you," said Mrs. Middleton, who always just Elvira's age. "If you could get credit for her you'd have thirteen. El
vira, step in there between Mary and vira, step
"That's elegant," Mrs." Schwind ex
claimed, viewing with admiration "it completed steps even. It does seem too bad if we're goin in the Elite Ladies' World that Mabel should have to miss it. Maybe you'd be
willing to let Elvira wavors Mabel and bein' her size, it favors Mabel
out."
Elvira, who
Elvira, who thoroughly enjoyed the ex-
citement of a visit to Brady's jumned citement of a visit to Brady's jumped up and down wha always an Mrs. Middle ton, always glad of an opportunity to
exhibit the charms of her only child readily complied. When Jim returned he agreed that the group thus completed
could hardly fail to out-distance all competitors.
"Brady charges according to the clothes, $\$ 3.50$ if we was all in "It would be but hed take us at the North Pole with the baby in furs for $\$ 2.50$. I didn't make no bargain
stamps."
"There's fifty cents in stamps," Mrs. Schwind assured him. "And the rest
we'll get somehow." She spoke with
her heart she knew that raising but in was a serious matter for the Schwind family. Jim earned $\$ 10$ a week, and they had hard work to get along. Each
successive Schwind meant a little less successive Schwind meant a little less
food and a great deal more pinching for the others, but Mrs. Schwind did not care. Why should she complain? Did she not love them and were they no
welcome, one and all? In welcome, one and all? In her philosophy the chief need of a child is mother love,
and this she gave abundantly, distributing bread, tea, shoes, stockings, and other necessities impartially, as the fam ily purse permitted.
It is true that the neighbors were often times the Visitor from thand. SomeCharities supplied coal and wood; a arain and Tom Mission, the Social Settlement But always, Mrs. Schwind felt entistified.

$$
20-20+20
$$

in accepting aid from any source. She elf was sufficient compensation for it. community. To be sure, the twelve were sometimes hungry, occasionally the ent was not forthcoming, but she bore all these vicissitudes with courage, look. when the older children should to to work and help support the younger ones. For Mris. Schwind belfeved in family 00 . operation. Her system of letting each
child care for the one younger, lea hild care for the one younger, leaving winays the new baby for herself and the Equally successful was her method of allowing all the welfare agencies in the neighborhood to co-operate with her in
times of financial stress imes of financial stress.
As she reflected upon ways of getting
together money for the photograp ever, she was conscious that this was a problem that she must solve alone. In view of the probability of the prize, it but she was not sure that her friends
would regard it in the same light. The stamp book was a good beginning
and the fund was soon increased to sev-enty-five cents by a boycott on jam. enty-five cents by a boycott on jam. Solenski's amateur night. Once a week
talented members of the community talented members of the community might occupy the stage, and if their
efforts pleased the audience they were rewarded by showers of silver pieces. If rewarded by showers of silver pieces. If
they failed, however, they were hissed off the boards with scant ceremony. off the boards with scant ceremony.
Eloise's rendition of her favorite selec-
tion, "'Mid the Orchard's Fragrant Blostion, "'Mid the Orchard's Fragrant Blossoms," netted her forty cents.
It was three weeks before the silver

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { It was three weeks before the silver } \\
& \text { in the teapot aggregated two dollars, }
\end{aligned}
$$ and this represented innumerable sacifices and the exercise of much ingenuity in household management, Then the stamp book was cashed and the lon

coveted $\$ 2.50$ was actually in hand. On Jim's account, Brady agreed to pive On Jim's account, Brady agreed to give
them a Sunday sitting. On the Saturday before there was great activity in day before there was great activity in
the Schwind household. All the best clothes were laid out, pressed and re-
paired. It was necessary to borrow a paired. It was necessary to borrow a were plentiful in the Alley and everyone was willing to lend. Then the washtubs were made ready for the bathing and kee younger children were put to bed to keep clean. Preparations were resumed
at four oclock on Sunday, for it was no
small matter to small matter to get the entire family

$\qquad$ in the teapot aggregated two dol in household management. Then ew pairs of white slippers, but they was willing to lend. Then the wasit and

II

# MAY 1920 

The Western home Monthly


## You See Glistening Teeth

## Everywhere Nowadays-Ask People Why

All Statements Approved by High Dental Authorities

You see glistening teeth as never before among careful people now. They are conspicuously attractive, and you know they are cleaner and safer.
Ask your friends about them. Millions of teeth are being cleaned in a new way. Thousands of new peo-
ple are starting every day. Leading dentists everywhere are urging its adoption.
The teeth you admire are largely due to Pepsodent in these days. They are kept free from film. You will see the results on your own teeth if you ask for 10 -day test

## Careful People Are Fighting Film

## On Millions of Teeth To-day

There has come in late years a new era in teeth cleaning. And this is the reason for it:
Most tooth troubles have been traced to film-to that slimy film which you feel with your tongue.
The film is ever-present, ever-forming. It clings to teeth, enters crevices and stays. The ordinary dentifrice does not dissolve it. The tooth brush leaves much of it intact. So night and day, month after month, it may do a ceaseless damage.

## How It Ruins Teeth

That film is what discolors-not the teeth. It is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.
Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea.
That is why so many teeth discolor and decay. That is why tartar forms and serious troubles start. Despite the daily brushing, teeth are not kept clean. The film - the great tooth wrecker-is not properly comgreat
bated.

Dentists long have known this. They have urged periodic cleaning in the dentist's chair to remove the film and tartar.* But they knew the vital need was a daily film combatant. And dental science has been seeking it for years.

## Now the Way is Found

Now science has met that need. It has discovered an efficient film combatant, harmless to the teeth. Convincing clinical and laboratory tests have proved it beyond question. Countless dentists have watched it, and they now advise it. As a result, there are millions of teeth now benefited by it.
For home use this method is embodied in a dentifrice called Pepsodent. It complies in all ways with modern dental requirements.
To quickly prove it to all people, a $10-$ Day Tube is being sent to everyone who asks. And this is to urge that you get it.

## Based on Active Pepsin

Pepsodent is based on pepsin, the digestant of albumin. The film is albuminous
matter. The object of Pepsodent is to dissolve it, then to day by day combat it.

Pepsin long seemed impossible. It must be activated, and the usual agent is an acid harmful to the teeth. But science has discovered a harmless activating method. And that gives us a harmless film destroyer which is wondrously efficient.

## Let It Prove Itself

Pepsodent nceds no argument. You can test it without cost. You can see what it does, and quickly, and then judge it for yourself.

Use it ten days. Look at your teeth then and compare them with your teeth of to-day. Any woman can easily decide for herself between the new method and old ways.
Do this for your sake and for your family's sake. Ending film is of supreme importance. Whiter, cleaner, safer teeth are impossible without it. Cut out the coupon so you won't forget.

## Pepsodent

The New-Day Dentifrice
A scientific film combatant, now advised by leading dentists everywhere, It is now being used on millions of teeth every day. Druggists everywhere are supplied with large tubes:

Watch Them Whiten
Send this coupon for a 10-Day Tube Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the slimy film. See how teeth whiten as the fixed film disap pears. This ten-day test will be a revelation.

## TEN-DAY TUBE FREE

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY
Dept. 459, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Il Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

Name
Address


11
HOROUGH explanation into the state of affairs at the fil volumes in Russia would borne in mind that in so vast a country the deplorable condition does not apply to all the provinces. In the vicinity of Archangel, the people have so muchindustry to keep them busy that good order prevails to a greater extent than would government. It is the intention here to set down the impressions formed, after a ten months' stay in the locality, of that portion in the north with its rich natural reaion.


Solovietsky Monastery-Nicholasky Church on the Kond Island.

Nine days' travel by water, of an average rom the British coast, the trip to Arch oceans and two seas, consecutively-the NorthSea, the North Atlantic ocean, the Arctic ocean and the White sea. From the latter, which is scarcely free of floating ice day's travel up the Dwina river befor reaching the harbor of the city. The river here, strange to say, allowing that it forms part of the Delta, is very narrow merely a dredged passage of sufficie whereas above the city itself it widens out into a great navigable stream. Along the banks for miles on either side until reaching the large basin which forms the feet of lumber, lying there idle for the want of transportation to the outer world Many saw-mills are also passed en route some idle and others in active operatio and providing for trade which is expected to open up as soon as normal conditions are resumed, whereas, less than a hundred miles up stream people may be seen in the with axes, or by the equally slow method of sawing by hand.
The first objects which catch the eye on sighting the city of Archangel, are the Gilded minarets of the many church towers. the place gives one a quick thought fo the storied Orient. It is customary, it may be added for every church building in Russia, no matter the size to be thus made prominent, after the architecture
adopted by the Greek-Catholic faith there, ol largely followed. For lack of there ties of stone and brick, the wood for large buildings and churches is often carved and turned, then painted white in imi tation, which gives them a solid and impos-
ing appearance. The Russian as a rule ing appearance. The Russian as a rule fails to attend the Sunday services. Religion with him is not only a matter or Sunday, but is observed during the week as well. It would indeed be unusual non entering a dwelling, not to first an gaze from its stand in the corner opposite he doorway. Before it, on coming into a room, the custom is seldom failed to
bow in obeizance, to make the sign of the oow in obeizance, to make the sign of the
cross, and to mutter a prayer. Frequent
religious holidavs are held. and occasional

a crowd of people nightly attend the
his is replaced by a similarly built sleigh.
Two banks are situated on the main Two banks are situated on the main running parallel, and a short distance from the river. The Law Courts, Cable Office


## Solovilts Monastery. View on the Bay of Good Receipt

ome fair sized stores are the main buildof interest to the casual observer ttention by the sound of the music with in, of the orchestras floating on to the street. The public baths are features, because of the interest taken in them as we understand them, as the process of washing is more by the use of steam than The mind of the uneducated class of Russian is generally conceded to be on the verge of childish. This, however, and nothing delights them more than to be enthralled by exciting melodrama or Howed by the antics of performing clowns. others, an eye for beauty and the desire others, an eye for beauty and the desire
for pleasing surroundings prevail. This
is evidenced in the attempt to make the is evidenced in the attempt to make the
city as attractive as possible; statues of notables are placed in outstanding pos-
itions; the street lamps would do credit any European city, and the parks they
have made, greatly improve the city's
appearance. It strikes one, that these appearance. It strikes one, that these parks for the four short months of mild
weather when they are possible to be enjoyed. Further evidence is the pleasant promenade for almost the length of the waterfront, which affords a fine view accross the harbor and the shipping at wharf accommodation, although there are no dry docks of sufficient size to accommoheir need boats, nor supplies of coal for wood-burning for the most part, and are of lighter build than the Canadian type. Archangel is connected with Petrograd and the south by rail via Vologda; with
Moscow by water to Kotlas, two hundred and fifty miles up stream, and thence by rail. The operations of the Allied forces in this region during the winter months of 1918-19 were greatly hindered by the lack of rail communication to the Murmansk Archangel itself during the period mentioned, kept in touch by water with the outside world until well on into January,
by means of icebreaking steamships, alby means of icebreaking steamships, al-
though ordinary vessels are unable to get through from October until May.
Russian young people have most of the
amusements indulged in by the younger amusements indulged in by the younger set in Canada. Their skating rink is a part of the river cleared off. Nevera)
very high "Gurkahs" (toboggan slides) are yearly erected, the principal one being
built on a side-street connecting with the built on a side-street connecting with the
river, right off Troitsky Prospect. Down this they slide along the prepared pathyay for a quarter of a mile, out into the
frozen river. The "Gurkah" is well lit up by electric lights along the route and
supply of furs. During February and March teams of reindeer driven by Lap landers in their gaudy one-piece fur gar-
ments trimmed and inlaid with brightly colored cloth, come down from thei frozen homes to sell their furs. They bring sealskin in abundance and many cheaply, the main difficulty preventin their easy use arises from the provertacing ties for curing the hides. When thisis overcome and transportation becomes less inexpedient there is no doubt that the future will see great developments in this section of Russia for trade with other ountries.
Going inland from Archangel up the Dwina one experiences a change in the For two hundred and much of interest range of the writer's knowledge, as far as range of the writer men knowledge, as far as are a great number of villages, large and small, on the banks of the river. The territory is well watered by good sized A mile and a half strip of land on either side of the river marks the limit for cultivable land, the rest forming a stretch of mostly soggy and marshy ground. The trip up the river is pleasant. On some places, however, sandbars give reason fo-
caution, but on the whole the river is like a lake trip. The countryside is in the main fooded with small pine trees, and is low lying. In places there are steep, chalky cliffs rising to a height of forty or
fifty feet, yet in others is a sandy shore. It is a great navigable waterway with long stretches, and is in some places, over a
mile in width. mile in width.
The peasant people who inhabit this perhaps are farmers in a small way with perhaps a few cows and horses, while The tame fowl, as well as the horses, are The tame fowl, as well as the horses, are the size of our western ponies. The customs of the country are very
simple and their farm implements crude. From the land small crops of flax, potatoes and beans are gathered, for the soil is They spin their own linen and hew down trees to build themselves dwellings. The only tool used practically to build a house in these parts is an axe, with which both men and women are adept. There are no simply what the people get is from the land. For all that, they seem contented enough. The women are very strong and hard-working, helping the men on the in the evening.
These people in this part of Russia are
 ly with everyone, and only anxious to be left unmolested. They are unable to
defend themselves or to set up a government. They have neither sofficient accept the rule of those set ir authority over them. Happy will be the day for tedious method of fishing through holes over them. Happy will be the day for duct which is likely to acquire a large to forward their interests and establish



 quick as a panther, but against the giant animal dealer he looked the merest pigmy.
Come outside," bellowed the latter,
and with Ward trotting behind he and with Ward trotting behind he
crossed the road, seated himself on a nampike almost the height of the mountaineer's shoulders, and began - "My name's Soo Pettit. Now about these
grizzlies - are they both exceptional grizzlies -
specimens ?"
"No, only one, the male probably,"
"Hur, sure the female belong to him? An exceptional grizzly usually lives alone."
Maybe she do, maybe she don't. range. I see the big one most." range. "I see the big one most." silvertip?" enquired the "Yealer.
"Good! What do you guess his weight?"
"He'll tip
thousind "
The big.
to "come off the roof."
"I tell you plump now that he's the biggest grizzly I've ever seen," asserted
Ward, coloring. "I ain't asking you to Ward, coloring. "I ain't asking you to
accept my statements, but since you accept my statements, but since you
asked me
"All right," the big man cut him short. "How long have you seen this grizzly about?"
"Quite a while. I reckon I can trap him without breaking him up any."
$A$ thoughtful look came into the big man's eyes. "With a grizzly, what you've got to guard against ain't so
much breaking his bones as breaking his spirit. If you treat him roughly he may just cie of a broken heart." He rose grizzly delivered in good shape?"
"Two hundred dollars." "You shall have it. Want anythin on account?"
"Inll" send a man along to lend you ai $= \pm= \pm$ "Ho
out?"
"I j juns will help me." first, then the In
The uwe big man was "When do you pull out?"
o-night" and there and then fina ment signed.
At sundown Bellman Ward, mounted on a wiry cayuse and with the pack
horse, loaded high with traps and gear, horse, loaded high with traps and gear, foneliness of the foothills for his distant hunting grounds. He arrived at noon next day, and set his cabin in order for a busy spell.
Ward was one of those trappers who
don't believe in don't believe in baits, and in the process
of circumventing a wild animal his first of circumventing a wild animal his first act was to make himself familiar with well the chosen routes of the bear he was now out to catch, for he had watched the brute as a disinterested spectator
for months past. More than once they for months past. More than once they them there stood a tacit understanding that on such occasions the one who could most easily do so should turn back. Bellman had possessed no quarrel with the big grizzly, and hitherto they had
lived on perfectly good terms. The great animal had more than once come down and fed at the mountaineer's garbage heap, when Ward could, had he chosen, have shot it with a revolver from his cabin window. Thus, since he had entirely won the confidence of the brute, he regarded that two hundred dollars plus expenses as a cinch.
During the first few dat
his time loafing about the Ward spent prospecting pick, while from his waddle there hung two No. 8 Whitehouse grizzly traps. He was not long in picking up the grizzly. From a wind-swept ridge ha commanded a view of the valley below of the long and narrow lake, winding in and out among its countless fairy islands the lake margin something was moving something clearly visible in the dead clear atmosphere in spite of the immense
distance. It must have been nine miles distance. It must have been nine miles away, yet it looked like an omnibus.
"That's him," muttered Bellman alou "Coming along the lake margin, looking for fish, then to-night he'll climb out by Crooked Leǵ Fissure, on his usual route, cross the sheep range, strike Cranberry Creek, and as like as not pay my rubbish him in the fissure"
At its north end, in which direction
the bear was heading, the lake ceased in a vast bowl of the mountains, the naked cliffs rising skywards on every side
There was but one way out, the Crooked There was but one way out, the Crooked
Leg Fissure, the rugged course of a torrent forming, as it were, a staircase renr forming, as it were, a staircase
through the clifs, and towards the head of this cutting Ward now made his way Reaching the brink he was compelled
to descend on foot, for it was terribly rough going, and about one hundred feet rough going and about one hundred feet
down two giant boulders barred the way save for a sandy patch between them. Under the sand Bellman set his traps, confident that the bear could not pass through without encountering one or the
other of them, then he spilt water over ther of them, then he spilt water over
theshed out the last of his tracks, and made his way by devious routes back to his cayuse.
At dawn next day Ward went back to look at his sets. He was unarmed, save he took four stout posts, a trip hammer, four stout rawhide lariats, and an immense hemp net. These things he left the crest of the fissure, then silently,
cautiously, begany to descend to a point cautiously, begary to descend to a point
of observation. No, by gad, the bear was not there,
but the sandy space was torn up for a
dozen yards all round the traps. Ward
a sound like a human sigh caught his
ears. He turned to see an immense grey shape hurtling down the mountain side towards him-an avalanche of flesh and bone, travelling at the speed of a gallopng cayuse. He must have passed within waited till he was well below, his back towards it, then it had charged.
Ward's hand slipped to the big automatic at his belt, but he was loath to
use it. He marvelled as he stood, in that use it. He marvelled as he stood, in that moment of deadly peril, that the bear, in spite of its weight and speed, was
moving over the loose rocks without so much as disturbing a pebble. For perhaps two seconds he stood, then, leaping rom ledge to ledge, he gained the chaos of sage bush lining the south bank of the from bush to bush, back-tracking criss-crossing, tying a hundred knots in his trail. The bear gained the helf where he had stood, and lost ten priceless seconds sniffing the breeze.
Ward, as he looked, saw that it stood with one paw raised, then he uttered a breathless curse as he saw the immense brute come on, straight towards him. The hours that followed were not very enjoyable for Ward, though he soon suchad lost him, and systematically set to work beating the serub-falling on every thicket and watching each time for the man to bolt from the other side. He kept it up for nearly an hour, and Ward, trept from point to point like a hunted crashing of the bush
Finally the bear mounted the fissure and was lost to view, while Ward, his nerves somewhat shaken, went to his traps. One of them, he found, had been hattered to fragments against the rocks, ne to the crown of the ridg the taineer found that both his ponies had been stampeded. There remained ahead oughest country in all thamp over the roughest country in all the range, and added to this was the knowledge that existed a deadly feud which made the task ahead of him endlessly more difficult and hazardous. But Ward was one of those men who, having set himself a task, would pursue it long after all sane
judgment and common sense had commanded its dismissal.

## II.

On his way home Ward saw the smoke of a camp fire rising skywards from a
sheltered gully, so went that way in the hope of borrowing a horse. As he approached he saw a huge man seated struck Ward as familiar. Drawing nearer still he recognized the camper-
it. was no other than Soo Pettit, the man it. was no other than Soo Pettit, the man
with whom he had eome to terms th whom he had come to terms.
Pettit had relinquished his city gear,
and now wore the leather kit of the cowboy mountaineer. As Ward drew near with a friendly hand extended. "Have ome grub," was all he said.
Bellman scowled. "This is my range,* behind lim. "The range, placing his hand response, and Pettit went on with hiet cooking. He had seen that wild look in Bellman had lived too much alone. The molitude was getting him down, and the off at a tangent "That's my grizzly, anyway!" roared Te've come to terms on a ing. and you ain't no right butting foot-" The other smiled. "Talk sense. Ward," man till its taken." "Hame belongs to no man till its taken." "He dropped another
egga into the pan. "Go chead and get the
grizzly," he advised. "I ain't standin
and if you want help I'm right here to "You're here to get the grizzly your The other shrugged
Even so," she muttered hise shoulders best man gets the bear. The rane big enough for both of us."
Ward was silent for a moment. ' see your ding dong game!" he muttered. "You advertise to find the locality of what you want, then, having gulled the the job yourself, and he gets nary the job yourself, and he gets nary a
cent! Pretty low down I call it, and I expect there's a whole outfit of you." The other shook his head. "I'm alone," said he. "If you hadn't been so, blamed
selfish we might be hunting together" Belfish we might be hunting together.
stepped back, and when net Pettit looked up he could see down the barrel of the trapper,s .450. "Get out!!" roared Bellman. "Get out! you low down son of a gun, and if I catch you monkeying around again I'll pump yo quills!"
Pettit shrugged his shoulders. "Pump away," he advised. "Blow a hole in me the size of a walnut, for that's what i means to shoot a man. As for the grizzly
you ain't dealing with me, but with th you ain't dealing with me, but with the got to see the job through. I'm just a hunter like yourself.
Ward's big automatic clattered back into its bolster. He stood with his hands behind him, a look of admiration
on his parchment face. "Bully!" he mur on his parchment face. "Bully!" he mur-
mured. "The range is free, and the best man gets the grizzly. Now give me some grub, then lend me your pack horse to ride home on."
They ate together. Neither spoke "St the end of the meal Ward rose homny," he said, "you may as well go that grizzly is over fifty miles, and you don't stand a lame duck's chance. You'll only get in the way and spoil sport for "I shan't spoil sport", vouched the other. "I've hunted grizzly and cougar
twenty years-caught more of 'em alive than most men have ever seen."
Ward mounted. "That may be so, but you don't know this range and you don't know this grizzly. I had him trapped last night, but he broke loose, and now
he's as vicious as sin. If you happe he's as vicious as sin. If you happen
to run up against him accidental, it might be awkward, you savee?"
The other smiled, and Ward rode away. He came back at sundown on one of his own horses, leading the one he
had borrowed, and as he rode back in the gathering gloom it was to be the cliff shelves which afforded the swiftest and easiest way of passage.
"Poor beggar," thought Pettit, who knew the wild and the men who dwell therein. "Another six months and he'll

That night a mammoth grizzly peered down from the heights of Sheep Mount the at a tiny camp fire flickering among the trees. There he stood, swinging head lowered, one bruised paw upheld, and as he stared his little eves seemed to narrow, and took on the red light of the fire. was Pettit's camp he saw, and Pettit sat alone by the fire, roring
over an ink drawn map, his rifle at lis side. He was a brave man--brave in that he feared nothing on earth, if such Slowly, cautiously, the grizzly began side, making no more noise than a cat and looking no more noise than a cat, baus. Fifty yards from the camp it from the man to it, and now the savage small, unblinking eyes. To attack the man would be folly, but directly behind him his two horses were tethered to a
windfall, mqving restlessly as the flies

Continued on Page II

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## Through "The Maritimes"

Written for The Western Home Monthly by C. W. Higgins

IVE have often heard the remark beauty of the scene. The New Brunswick that to see Canada's wonders shore is followed by the line of the Cana and scenic attractions was to dian National Railways from Campbellton
visit the Rocky Mountains. It to Bathurst and for a number of miles visit the Rocky Mountains. It that mountain range gives a full view to the broad and beautiful has many ardent admirers who claim expanse of water with the lofty and it is without a peer for scenic grandeur, imposing mountains of Gaspe beyond. but to one who has seen Canada from coast from Moncton to stenery there is a
to coast and just returned from the far great diversity of scenery along the to coast and just returned from the far great diversity of scenery along the
east, the Maritime provinces possess so southern portion of New Brunswick. The many varied attractions that no pen can St. John, after a course of 450 miles, many varied attractions that no pen can wonderful sights and experiences.

It was my privilege to see the eastern provinces in the most advantageous way. important places and travelling over the only all-Canadian route gave an opportunity to see choice beauty of scenery, a sportsmen kingdom as well as a great
revival of the spirit of progress and revival of the spirit of progress and
commercial expansion in the Maritime provinces. "These provinces were formerly known as "Acadia," a name, I was told, derived from the "Micmac Indian words, "a place where something abounds." No one word could more fully express
the natural wealth that abides in Canada's provinces down by the sea.
It was about the middle of this winter that the writer left the West, via the "National" way, traversing a country pre-enting, etc., and having its own distinctive charm or special advantage to the traveller. In a couple of days we were
well into the country where historic well into the country where historic ground abounds, the province of Quebec. great commercial and financial centre, Montreal, this city always appears to me to have a special charm of historic attractions, and here are many places of interest The city is built on the site of the ancient Indian village of Hochelaga, first visited by Jacques Cartier in 1535. Over 250 years ago, the early French navigators
established a trading post for furs here and it was the last section of French and it was the last section of French
Canada to pass into the possession of Great Britain in 1760 .
Entering Quebec City one is instantly aware that here are all those things that excite human interest. Champlain,
Frontenac, Montcalm, Wolfe have laid rontenac, Montcalm, Wolfe have laid to remember them. This city is fortunate in beautiful environs, and the visitor finds the quainted sights the new world has Early
Early the following day, the "Ocean country close to La Baie de Chaleur. Through a beautiful valley the Matapedia winds in graceful curves. For mile after mile one watches the course of the river ${ }^{\text {b }}$ so strangely pent in by the mountains on
cither hand, rising in every shape which mountains can assume. Around the shores of La Baie de Chaleur, the land is settled for many miles back, and its
picturesque hamlets add much to the discharges its flood through a narrow, rocky gorge into the Bay of Fundy. At this point is the commercial capital of the province. Other, phenomena in connec-
tion with Fundy's tides is the fantastic sculptured rocks at Hopewell Cape. We reached the province of No Fundy to Digby. The northern Bay of speaking geographically, is the majestic passage of Digby Gap, leading into Annapolis Basin; but, it was said that from ate raveller's point of view the northern Brunswick, with Digby Gut (or in New inner vestibule. This picturesque and busy city, child of the Loyalists, sits on he iron rocks about the mouth of her great river, and looks with sentinel eye Digby Gut And bay of Fundy into hat seeks this entrance must flow through The eets of St. John. Nova Scotia, the pot which holds the , quintessence of its charm, is "Evangeline's land," immortalized by the genius of Longfellow. It is
in summer, however, that the storied peninsula is at her loveliest. 'Those who once have felt the lure of the Acadian and are sure to come back. The charm of the land is for all. The writer will feel waiting for his pen, landscape, legend and radition. The artist will feel it, for the giant tides, the wide marshes, the vast ed channels, supply subjects, which are ew, both in line and color, and the moisture in the bland air gives "atmoshappy summer loafer will feel it, for he will be well housed and fed, and left free o dream or to amuse himself with a fair panorama before his eyes and no annoynces to keep him watchful.
Nova Scotia calls the beautiful. There are numerous summer resortts on the "road-by-the-sea,", whioh winds along hundreds of miles of one of the loveliest sea water coasts on this continent
The western gate of this province is the city of Yarmouth, which stands on the jutting southwest corner, and beckons invitingly across the sea to Boston. The history of Yarmouth has a slender root tradition. During my short stay here, I was shown the famous Norse Stone, on which was found an inscription in dotted runes attesting to a visit of the Northmen

Continued on Page 64


## Where The Trail Ended

 Continued from Page 8irritated them. In that direction the grizzly moved, hiding where there seemed insufficient cover ten paces of the ponies. The was they winded him, though they could not see him, and threw up their heads with a snort. Pettit did not move, and he became terribly intent. and he brizzly was now directly behind the windfall to which the horses were tethered-leaning back on their ropes, with snorts of terror. Grind-grind, went the grizzly's jaws, then one, then the other of the ropes pheeled, and stamof cotton. The horseskness. There was a perash in the undergrowth near, and a balsam, which was stooping almost to the ground over the trail, suddenly sprang uprigh. reared grotesquely upwards, fell, and remained suspended in wardside only its hind hoofs upou the ground, while the balsam bobbed and bowed as the animal struggled. The scoond horse cote in seeing a mammoth but was to hurtling through space towgrey body hurt ling through space tow-
ards legs, bounding forward like a huye gorilla, one paw upraised. The paw crashed home, full across the pony's flank, sent it spinning sideways into the bush a

dozen paces away, where it lay with a | $\substack{\text { dozen paces } \\ \text { monettit jumped up. It had all been so } \\ \text { Pe }}$ |
| :---: | sudden that he could not guess what had happened, but upon him was a . sense of disaster. There was dead silence now,

seeming more uncanny and sinister thari the din of a few moments ago, and for once even Pettit's nerveb failed him. At length he lit a lantern and went out. There, strung up in the deadfall snare he had set for the grizzly, was his
favorite saddle horse, already too far favorite saddle horse, already too far
gone even to kick. Pettit drew his axe and eut the snare from below. The horse fell to earth, and lay very still, and then it was that Pettit saw the second
horse, lying in the bush with one flank horse, lying in the bush with one flank ripped open. He drew his revolvér and
did the only
merciful thing then he did the only merciful thing, then he
stood still and cursed. "I knew he'd come to-night," he muttered. "And it seems I wasn't far wrong, though things haven't panned out just as I'd arranged. One good horse gone and the other on the sick list for several days to come!
If that ain't an unlucky beginning what Is ${ }^{\text {If }}$ 'hat ain't an unlucky beginning what At daybreak Pettit led his half
strangled horse over to Ward's property strangled horse over to Ward's property
and found the place deserted. He took Ward's spare horse out of the stable and left his sick one in exchange for it, the way beck a big white owl settled on the ledge ahead of him, flew off, and settled again. Pettit muttered hoarsely. Like all mountaineers he was a shade
superstitious, and this bad omen quite superstitious, and this bad omen quite
upset him. upsel him.
times the two men met, but if either saw the grizzly during that period he said nothing about it to the other. Pettit constructed several box traps up and
down the range and baited them with down the range, and baited them with brace of skunks, in the second a black bear cub, and across the door of a third he found scrawled in an illiterate hand "rabbits only."
Next day Ward discovered a rabbit dangling aloft in one of his huye bear
snares, and a close examination rcevealed the fact that it had been shot by wall All the time, however, Pettit was learning what Ward already knew, and at the end of three weeks he had made himself. thoroughly familiar with the
home range of the grizzly. What he did home range of the grizzly. What hic did
next may have been brave and should have been effective, but it was not wise. He learnt that the grizzly, in passing
from this valley to the next, went by from this valley to the next, went by
way of a goat track, wide enough for a horseman to ride though to n narrow
for him to turn should he desire to retrace his steps midway. Once having set out along that shelf there was nothing for it but to go on to the end, and
to negotiate it on foot was impossible, to nerotiate it on foot was impossible,
sinee at streral points there were leaps
too wide for
side the cliff rose sher, on the other
side was a clean drop through the side was a clean drop through the canYon, depths so deep that a few hundred
feet either way did not matter. The bear always passed along the shelf from the north end, so across the south end Pettit placed a fine cable net--fine, but inconceivably strong.
The grizzly knew nothing' about nets. creeper, through which he could easily force his way. And this particular net was so designed that, should anything
try to force throuch it the fring try to force throurh it, the fringes drew up, like the mouth of a bag, and inside
the bag, irredeemably entangled, was the creature who had misjudged the whole affair.
According to Pettit's reckoning the plan could not fail. He had never known way it was worth risking. lion, and anyway it was worth risking. The net was
spread so that there was no way of getting around it, and the guy rope made secure to the roots of an oak sprouting from the cliff edge, and this done Pettit took up his station overlooking the north end of the shelf, by which the grizzly was
due to enter in a few hours' time On the brute came, prompt to the minute, slouching over the rugged ground at his easy, swinging stride, which
seemed so slow yet which bore him out seemed so slow yet which bore him out of sight in so few seconds. Pettit, from
his retreat, aloft, saw the bear set off his retreat aloft, saw the bear set offt
along the shelf, gave him two minutes start, then calmly rode off after him. There was to be no turning back for that bear. He was to be driven irresistibly ahead, scared into the net, and then -why then, of course, Pettit
ceed to Bellman Ward's cabin.

As Pettit neared the sher
As Pettit neared the shelf he fired out along it in pursuit of the grizzly. The big brute had evidently heard him and boilted, for though Pettit could see along the track for several hundred
yards, it was nowhere in sight. His yards, it was nowhere in sight. His pony snorted and was everywhere was the hot sent of grizzly, but now there was no turning back till they gained a point within a few yards
of the net. So Pettit rode slowly in, of the net. So Pettit rode slowly in,
shouting and fring and shouting and firing, and Ward, who was
watching the whole affair from the watching the whole affair from the
mountain side opposite, flung his hands to his eyes and muttered-"Tum back, you fool! 0, you reckless, daredevil fool.
Ward could see the shelf for its entire length, and he lay with his glasses to his eyes, trembling a little. He saw the
grizzly go up to the net, sniff it, turn grizly go up to the net, snif
undecided, then presently mount to a shelf directly above the main track. It did not seem that there was cover enough on that shelf to hide a rabbit,
yet when the grizzly crouched, Ward, yet when the grizzly crouched, ward,
with his glasses, could not pick it out again.
Pettit came on, and Ward saw by the smoke that he was firing his revolver at intervals, though the distance was too great for the sound to reach him. As
he drew near the spot where the grizzly hed vanished, Ward held his breath, the an oath broke from his lips. He could not tell what had happened, but suddenly he saw horse and rider topple over the edge-saw them spinning giddily as they
fell, faster, faster, saw them finally separate and spin apart, till both were swallowed up in the gloom of the gulch. It was a sickening sight, and Ward rose. His weather-tanned face was pale. He closed his telescope with a snap, and stood looking down at his larrigans.
"There goes one mighty good hunter and the best horse I ever had," he muttered thickly, then he straightened himself, and his jaws squared. "That griz.
zly's a devil!" he muttered thickly, "and zly's a devil!" he muttered thickly, "an
Ili get him if it breaks me." Pettit's prophecy had come true.

Two years passed by, but Ward never wavered from his steadfastness of purpose. Many hundreds of miles he trav-
elled, at times losing the trail, but always picking it up sooner or later. He slept where the night found him, and rose in the morning from a couch hoary with frost. Sometimes a city lay in his route looking neither to left nor right. His hair became white and grizzled, his eyes los their keenness. Men called him Grizzly.
Bell, and of course they knew. The lone. Continued on Page 12


## Why not economize?

Pay what you will, no soap can do more for you than Ivory Soap. No other soap contains purer or better materials because the world affords no purer or better materials than are used in Ivory Soap. If you have been paying 15 cents to 25 cents for "toilet" soaps you can economize by buying Ivory. You will find Ivory as pleasant and efficient as any soap you have ever used.

## IVORY SOAP

## 47002

IT.FLOATS
9994\% PURE

Where The Trail Ended

## Continued from Page it

liness takes men in different ways, but generally there is an obsession. This was Ward's obsession - the fulfilment of
a purpose from which no useful end a purpose from which no useful end
could come, this endless following, following of a mystic theme through the great abandonment. The loneliness had
got him down, and was grinding him to got him down, and was grinding him to
powder. Most of the mountaineers aspowder. Most of the mountaineers as-
serted that "there weren't no bear at all," but others swore they had seen it, a giant silvertip, though they refrained from speculating as to its weight for fear of ridicule. Once, it was said, the brute
scattered a band of surveyors, bursting scattered a band of surveyors, bursting
upon them unmolested, and a few hours later Grizzly Bell rode grimly by like a spectre of death on his own ghostly funeral. He was unarmed save for his automatic, but from his pack hor
the usual array of grizzly traps.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the usual array of grizzly traps. } \\
& \text { The end of the two years foun }
\end{aligned}
$$

back where the hunt had started them bear ambling southward, Ward a few hours ahead of it. They knew each other pretty well in these days, and Ward, who had developed a racking cough,
knew that his time was becoming short. knew had exhausted all the sets he knew; the bear knew each and every one of them, and there remained but one desperate venture.
Ward went to the plāce where he had seen Pettit meet his fate, and close to
the spot at which the ledge terminated the spot at which the ledge terminated
at the brink of the shelving cliff, he at the brink of the sheiving cliff, he
set six bear traps in a wide circle. Very soon the bear would come this way, pas-
sing by the shelf as in his younger days, sing by the shelf as in his younger
but the traps were set to the right of
the trail he would take. Then, in the the trail he would take. Then, in the
centre of that uncrossable ring, Ward centre of that dowcrossable the earth, his
flung himself down upon then face to the ground, his arms outstretched. His garments fluttered in the breeze, his bony frame lay like the image of
death in the pale evening sun. High death in the pale evening sun.
overhead two vultures soared.
overne grizzly came along, paused at the
cliff edge, and looked at the motionless The grizzly came along, paused at the
man. It slouched to windward, and sift. man. It slouched to windward, and sifted every gust.
Yes, the scent was the same. Could it be that the awful game was ended, that
the man had played his last card, that the had laid down his arms and retired from the field?
For fully an hour the bear moved back and forth, gazing, sniffing, wondering. The man never stirred. The big brute
came nearer, circling now, and slowly as came nearer, circling now, and slowly as "Thud!" The vicious snap was followed by a roar. The bear reared up, raised the great trap with the heavy drag high
above its head and crashed it to earth. Thud! A second trap closed upon one of Thud! A second he made to charge the man, and Bellman Ward got up.
He roze and looked into the grizzIy's
eyes, not a dozen steps between them. eyes, not a dozen steps between them.
He had everything planned in his mind He had everything pla his lariats and pe how he would throw his lariats and peg
grizzly was firmly held and helplcss, but
now, when the moment came to act, bu found himself spell-bound. There he stood, his rugged hands on his hips, look ing lat his majestic captive. For two years they had lived together--two years
of wind and sun and rain and snow, and of wind and sun and rain and snow, and Yes, this was the end of the chase this the crowning achievement after close upon three thousand miles of uphill tosit! Bellman could not understand. But the grizzly knew! There was not fear in
its eyes, no menace, but an unsperiner shame. It was cowering in the dust whimpering a little, but now it rose dragged the heavy traps from their settings, and with a strength that wa superb dashed blindly to the south. he stood. He saw the grizzly reach the brow of that dizzy drop into space, h saw it hurtle over, unwaveringly, unafraid. He went to the edge and looked down, to see a spinning speck in the gloom below. Then he heard a thud and admiration came into his eyes.
"You great old warrior," he muttered thickly. 'I've followed you half my life, and you've broken me, but I knew from Farewell!" could never take you alive

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { And at } \\
& \text { Deters out }
\end{aligned}
$$

And at the point where the shclf of stons out Grizzly Bell built a great cairn of a noble beast, both of hunter, and fallen within that fateful whom had whose remains lie to this day in the canyon depths where the foot of man can never tread.

Children Should Be Taught Music in Public Schools
Music makes its appel through the medium of the ear, and if fluene to fully enjoy its beneficent in its messand appreciate and understand ly trained. The earlier first be properdone the better, for this faculty, like most others, is much more easily cultiTo in childhood than in later life. musical a community or a nation attention therefore, we must direct our ing gencration is to be a musical one the seeds must be sown in our public brought and good music, well performed, brought within the daily reach of the scholars.
How is
How is this to be done? Obviously school thaining of the teacher. In each teacher who is not only a good musician, but also a well trained singer. The wise teacher never sings with the pupils, but to them while the class is taught
to listen attentively and think independently. Children have naturally a great faculty of imitation; give the infant classes the opportunity to listen daily to attractive melodies sung with beautiful tone and fine diction, and they will not only soon sing like angels, but a great
improvement will be noticeable in their speech.

## Children Should Never Drink Tea or Coffee.

They are harmful to growth and development and have a particularly bad effect on the nervous system of the child.
Give the children
Instant Postum
and avoid tea and coffees harm
"Theres a Reason"

## How I Learned to Swim

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Private Robert Chaloner

Private Robert Chaloner enlisted in a such as this, I decided that obedience Winnipeg Battalion in the year 1916, was the best policy, for as long as I did and forr days after he donped the king's what I was told I would be able to sit uniform he broke his neck while diving. down with comfort. .Of course I thought From and so far surgical soience has been too young to understand that it was all able to do but little for him. Determined for the best.
to overcome his difficulties and make as After these experiences I aiways obeymuch of his life as possible, this plucky ed my sister while at home, but when I boy taught himself to write by holding got away I used my own judgment in his pencil in his teeth. The following most things. One day she sent me with own life, was written in this way, and berries. I liked picking bluebberries about own the brave author's first effort for as well as I liked castor oil, and would publication. have told her so, only I had not forgotten


Private Chaloner writing his story at Tuxedo Hospital

How I Learned to Swim
what the slipper felt like, so I went withsuppose before I tell you about how out a word, but before going I slipped I first learned to swim, I had better tell my bathing suit into my berry pail. I you something about myself and my hoped I would be able to get my brother
early childhood. to go down by the river, and I knew
that once there, the blueberries would My mother died when I was five years be forgotten. I had a hard time coaxing old. I was the second youngest of seven my brother to come with me, but finally older, and a baby sister of only a few got my way, and he said perhaps we months. My father worked up north and might play on the shore for a while only came home once or twice a year, so
things were pretty hard, and my oldest When we arrived at the river, (only sister, only eighteen, worked in an office half a mile from home) we met two and so leitit the sixteen year old one to other boys, neighbors of ours, and they
bring up the family.
asked if we would like to go for a boat

| Axsuer \& Yiry LiNic? The buenees su Nus: <br> Anxyer. |  |  |
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The baby togk up most of my sister's ride. We had been forbidden to go on The baby togk up most of my sister's ride. We had been forbidden to go on to look after myself, was given more we thought no one would ever know if liberty than is good for little boys, and we only stayed a few minutes, so we I got very disobedient. It was all right got into the boat and started to row for mother to tell me what I should, and around the shore. It was a very hot day should not do, but when my sister started in the latter part of July and we soon
to bess me (as I called it) I didn't like got very warm. I took off all my clothes it, and wouldn't do anything she told and put on my bathing suit so that I me to. However, there are ways of im- would be cooler. I, being the youngest pressing upon little boys, the conse- of the four, and the smallest, got lots of quences of disobedience, and I was duly abuse from the others. One of the boys
impressed while lying across my sister's threatened to throw me in the water if impressed while lying across my sister's threatened to throw me in the water if
knee, face downwards, while she tried I did not jump in. Of course he was her best to wear out one of Dad's slip- only fooling, but I thought him in pers across me. After a few impressions Continued on Page 64


## At Sleep-Time

## Bubble Grains

Millions of happy children, at bedtime, get Puffed Wheat in milk. And think what a dish it is.
Whole wheat with no element omitted. Every food cell blasted, so digestion is easy and complete.
Wheat puffed to bubbles, eight times normal size-thin, flimsy, flaky morsels, like fairy foods.
Never was a whole grain made so enticing, never so fitted to digest. What good-nigh't dish compares with this?

## The Supreme Delights

Puffed Grains hold first place among all cereal dainties. Each is a food confection. The grains are so nut-like that people use them in home candy-making-as garnish on ice cream.
Yet they are whole grains, and are scientific foods invented by Prof. Anderson.
Every food cell is blasted by a steam explosion. Every atom is fitted to digest.
When you have foods so delightful, so hygienic, serve in every way you can. Children revel in them.

## Puffed Wheat

## Puffed Rice

Steam Exploded-Puffed to 8 Times Normal Size


At Breakfast
Serve with cream and sugar. The airy grains taste th
toasted nut meats puffed.


Mix With Fruit The blend is delicious. And these crisp, flimsy morsels add
what crust adds to a shortcake.


The Quaker Oats Company
Peterborough, Canada
Sole Maker
3372
Saskatoon, Canada

Cowan's MAPLE BuDS

## The Servant Girl

By Elizabeth Kampman

THE servant girl problem is a her visitors at the back door and ente-
vital one of the day. It is tain them in the kitchen, she will al a problem that the Women's ways detest her environment and for
Clubs and the Women's Insti- ever try to get at something bett Clubs and the Women's Insti- ever try to get at something better.
tutes should take up and con- The fault lies with the mistress who sider. That this class of help is on the employs them. It is her's to see to sider. That this class of help is brought home to us day. that the back-door calling is abolished, In fact, the servant girl is, and I say that the kitchen becomes an attractive without fear of contradiction, she might place for her servant to work in; that vanish like the North American Indian. she have companionship, and if musiThis ought to make us sit up and take calano. sort! Instead, we sit with folded hands, It is the prevailing custom to address sorlmly watching domestic service go on the servant girl as Mary or Bridget its downward course. We all know that domestic service Miss Smith or Miss Jones. It makes is held to be a drudgery; that the one wonder if the latter class are more
servant girl, who, through no fault of of a lady simply because their work servant girl, who, through no fault of of a las miser talent. Certainly not!
her own, is called upon to perform its requires more tale office, bewails her humble lot and im- To be able to turn a baking of good agines herself It is apparent that little is done to解 which the servant girl labors. Unless it so. Yet it is not an uncommon thing this is done and household work elevated to hear a girl say: "No, I cannot bake to a more dignified position, we are bread." The saddest part of the whole doomed to be left with only the memory thing is that she is proud of it. Houseof her to cherish. Then will those, hold work is an art and should be
because they did so little when they regarded as such, for it calls for conbecause they did so little when they regarded as such, for it calls for con-
might have done more, come boldy siderable imitation to manage success. forth, ready to acknowledge the useful- fully the household duties. Yet girls ness of such a valuable article to get married every day who know next humanity and at the same time to show to nothing about household work and its their genuine regret at her passing, by management, with the result that they in her honor for good deeds done. Lest it. And then people wonder why there in her honor for good deeds done. Lest In recent years more and more foreign born women were being employed, but during the war immigration was stopof domestic help.
This state of affairs would not have come to pass had the servant girl been put on the same level with the shop or factory girl. As it is, domestic ser-
vice has come to be regarded as a downvice has come to be regarded as a down-
trodden job, wherein one loses her caste with other girls. Viewed from such a
gloomy angle, it is not surprising that gloomy angle, it is not surprising that
girls flee from it as they would from girls flee fro
the plague.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the plague. } \\
& \text { In the Eas }
\end{aligned}
$$

In the Eastern cities there is a famine of servants and like the "flu", it may of prevention is worth a pound of cure", holds true in this case. What is to be done? Why, let household work become
an organized profession and girls will an organized profession and girls will
take to it like ducks to water, because take to it like ducks to water, because
household work is her sphere of laborshe did it from the beginning. To go back to the days of our grandmothers, when women knew no other forms of employment, it was not considered a
disgrace to work in someone else's disgrace to work in someone else's
kitchen. Now that new forms of employment open up, Bridget no longer glorifies in household work. The Bridget
of to-day finds such work monotonous of to-day finds such work monotonous and at the same time, beneath her
station in life

> Most girls wil
the means, take up a business chave to fit themselves for a commercial
career. Nearly career. Nearly all want to commercial out of domestic service and the moment they
can they wili do so. Not unfrequently a girl will take a poorly paid job a girl will take a poorly paid job, which
barely subsists her, rather than go into domestic service, and many girls will
only take it when every only take it when every other means
of living-hood has failed and starvation of living-hood has failed and starvation
stares them in the face. The office girl stares them in the face. The office girl
goes to her work at nine and is through goes to her work at nine and is through
at six. After that she is free-to do what she will. Her time is her own. But not so with the servant girl, who
is still on the job. She lacks freedom is still on the job. She lacks freedom
and moreover, companionship as well. and moreover, companionship as well. would rather go to a hotel or other public place to work than in a private home. The reason is that in the frormer places they will find other girls for companions. Her friends do not call for Or the West, panions. Her friends do not call for Or steal away, in silence of the night,
her at the back door as is the case in To France, where one dear son is laid
a private home, where also she is made
to rest. to feel her position more keenly. I 'Tis hard to have her children rove so have talked with a number of girls on far, this subject and in each case I got the But not in word or thought does she
same answer: "I wouldn't go into a demur same answer;
private home." $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nowr, as a matter of fact, as long as } \\ & \text { Her lover. is. lighted br a peerless star- } \\ & \text { the serrant gixl is compelled to receive }\end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { with her. }\end{aligned}$ well with them 'tis well private home.
Now, as a matter of fact, as long as
the serrant girl is compelled to receive

## MOTHER

By Isa. Grindlay
When mother hears the clanging of the gate,
And steps come briskly down the garden walk,
She laysi her needles down to pause and And does not listen if her friends But, should talk. stranger knocks, the vision dies, befleaves her lone and wistful as The feet she longs for tread 'neath disAnd wander round the dim, old home no more row Dear Mother. How longing thoughts take flight. nd hover round the hom Tis hard to have her children rove so
far,
But not in word or thought does she hen all is well with them 'tis wel
with her.
oh are so many unhappy marriages! Not that a knowledge of household affairs creates blissful marriages, but it is a potent factor in bringing about this A course in domestic service ought to go along with every girl's education,
and without it, her education is not complete.
In one
In one of our Western Cities there wife's League. The aim of the Houseis to make household work more attraca business contract. The servant or maid cannot leave at a moment's notice, nor can her mistress dismiss her with.
out previous notice. The maid works out previous notice. The maid works
at stated hours, receives her visitors at the front door and is addressed Miss Smith, not Mary. Any difficulty between mistress and naid is adjusted by the league. At last reports this method
was meeting with excellent results. I was meeting with excellent results. I
hope the day is not very far off when hope the day is not very far off when lines, will flourish in every city in the land. By putting domestic service on an organized basis, we not only raise
the work to a higher standard but we the work to a higher standard but we
instil in the feminine mind a more lofty opinion of the noblest and most honorable professions-household work.

## Education Out of School

By W.A. McIntyre, LL.D.

Withen $\begin{gathered}\text { Can } \\ \text { oth } \\ \text { sch }\end{gathered}$IEN Dr. Suggalls visited Western Canada last year he said amon
other things that two kinds o school were required in Canada and the United States-sults. There are dren and that cannot be done in the ordinary day schools, and unless they are done by some other agency our civiz ion is imperilled.
Among the schools for adults the following are typical. (1) For workers in eparters. (3) For workers in rùral com munities (4) For non-English citizens (5) For fathers' and mothers. The natur of the work to be done in each of these schools and the plan of organizaton can trial and experiment, but it is not difficult to give a general outline that may serve as a suggestion.

The Department Store
Here there are hundreds of young people from fifteen to twenty-five years of age. Thery have to wait on the pent, courteous, refined and well-informed garding the wares they wel-informed is a pleasure to meet at the book unter a young lady who knows books suthors and publishers. It is an equal pleasure to find at the flower counter one who knows the bulbs and flowers as if they were her friends. A greater pleasure still it is when a young lady is welland paint-powder, and cheerful in her and pain
All of these bright young people are in the store for a few years. Then they leave to take positions in homes. What opportunities have they to p
selves for their life-duties?
To meet the problem, it is proposed to establish in the departmental stores classes of instruction open to all clerks. Such classes can be held during the regular hours of the day, each clerk being relieved for a few periods each
week. The following outline of study is suggested.
suggested.
(1) Lessons on Salesmanship. The
management of the stores will naturally management of the stores will naturally see that these are given. They include lessons in receiving, arranging and dis-
playing goods. Lessons on manufacture playing goods. Lessons on manufacture
and quality of goods. Lessons in selling -including such a wide range of topics as selecting goods to meet customers ${ }^{3}$ needs, and fitting-in such departments as boots and shoes, millinery, dressmak-
ing and the like. In such departments ing and the like. In such departments should be a good adviser than a clerk sales-girl.
${ }^{(2)}$ Lessons in speech and behaviour. These are not only necessary to salesmanship, they are necessary for those who are later to become wives and important to know how and what to read, how to speak, how to meet people, how to dress, how to behave on the cars, on the street, in a public gathering. Above all is it necessary for a salesgirl to be
so gently-mannered and courteous as to so gently-mannered and courteous as to Often one goes back to a store, or keeps away from it because of the clerks. Care of the person, language, voice, man ner, dress are factors in inducing or prerenting custom. One doesn't care to It will clearly pay employers to relieve their clerks from duty for a few hours each week, to take lessons in behavior. (3) Lessons in home occupations-such as cooking, ornamentation of the home, choice of clothing, sewing and repairing,
care of children, first aid. The list may be indefinitely extended. It may be thought that this is not part of an employee's duty, but it surely is not right
that any young lady should for five or that any young lady should for five or
six years shut herself away from home six years shut herself away from home
life and then plunge into it without preparation. It will cost something to give such instruction of course, but this should be considered as part of an overhead expense An employer who ar-
ranges for such instruction will have
no difficulty in getting good employees. He will save m (4) a purpose.
(4) General education-in English comAll of this work is be necessary. sible , and the day is coming when in every large store there will be schools of instruction. Smaller stores will continue for the same purpose. It will be amp omptructors.

Factory Hands
The instruction of these will be some(1) Technical the last.
(1) Technical instruction-related to (2) General Edueation-Eng in which they are engeg mathematics, science and history as may (3) necessary.
(3) Civic duties as citizens, as partners in industry. Most of the troubles in and suspicion. (4) Departm
(4) Department-Every factory hand are small unless in speech, manner and general behaviour he commends himself o his employe\#s and to the public.
ied out to a wonderful degree. It takes over thirty-six operatives to make a pair of boots. Each one of these is likely o become narrow in his outlook and sympathy. A broad course of instruction is necessary to offset the evil of the present system. It has is not a good place to train apprentices, s not a good place to train apprentices
unless instructional classes are pro ided. Where instruction is carefully given the unanimous testimony is that the employees adopt a new attitude to
their work. There is a great difference between an intelligent workman and a drudge.
For non-English Citizens
The night schools have been doing a are not organized in many places. In are not organized in many places. In be provision made in the winter months or teaching.
(1) English. language-speaking, read-(2)-Cang.
(2)-Canadian history and Govern(3)
(3) The elements of household management, care of stock, agriculture, and the
like. There lessons should be arranged to meet the needs of both men and women.
The schoolteachers, the doctors and the sest mothers of tue districts can be in
structors. It is just as necessary to keep a school of this kind going as it is to teach the children in the day school. Each school has its own function to perform.
It is not necessary to elaborate on this here. In the effiort to get elementary education, established, schools for parents
have been overlooked. Conferences between teachers, parents and others specially qualified, would be of great value. Such topics as health, private and public morals, public entertainments, reading, recreation, occupation of children out of school, might all be discussed. It is
clear that education is so broad that no clear that education is so broad that no
one person alone can direct it. All the institutions of civilization must co-operate in their effort to shape young lives right. Hence conference. The idea that education is ended when one leaves
school must give way to the idea that school must give way to the idea that
it is a never-ending process, demanding the attention of every good citizen. In the ideal community everybody teache and everybody goes to school.

## GOOD TESTIMONY

A good tale is told of how a simple untry fellow silenced a barrister. It "How do you know that such is the age of the mare?" shouted the barrister Thad from the mares own mouth,


## Westclox America - trim, alert, honest

THE America paved the way for Big Ben's success. Thirty-four years ago it was the only Westclox alarm. It entered the field as the unknown product of an unknown maker and pushed to the front on sheer merit.
Bringing out other Westclox did not dim its success. America still tops the sales record.
Trim, alert, honest, this clock laid down a policy which has stood the test of time. A policy all Westclox follow-quality.

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tay you usa it itral vacuum washer will pay for itsoif the first was

 This washer $\mathrm{G} . \mathrm{a}$ bo bused for washing, rinsinges, bluein


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## "Wearyin' for Peace"

By Marie Oemler

CwroLine shaded her dark eyes. optimism of youth she had thought it with her brown hands, and but a remote one. Now that it had actugazed long and earnestly down ally befallen her, she was unprepared, the winding mountain road. In Gead! hit's yo' what killed him! Yow a blue jay fluttered, scolding raucously as, like a flying blue flower, he flitted from bough to bough.
The small house perched upon the mountain side, the stubby cornfield be-
hind it, the road, the wooded heights beyond, wavered in the hot streaming sunlight of the early autumn afternoon. The road stretched vacantly into the far distance; dad's slouchy figure failed
to appear. Caroline crossed over behind to appear. Caroline crossed over behind
the well, waved a friendly hand to the scolding blue jay, and climbed the worn fence half buried in golden-rod which bounded her small domain. She followed
the path running like a ragyed yellowthe path running like a ragged yellowwoods, her pink sunbonnet and red calico dress a flaming bit of color against the universal green density.
She moved with the lithe, tireless grace of an Indian, keeping up her eass swinging stride for some miles until she had
reached a ledge of rock overhanging a deep and narrow gorge. Looking down, she caught a glimpse of swirling brown mountain water racing over its rocky
bed; its steady rushing sent upward an insistent silvery whisper full of tinkling notes.
Caroline's shrill, far-reaching call receiving no answer, she dropped down lap, and waited her hands folded in her The sunlight
through the trees and a breeze, sweet with the mountain's breath, swept her cheek caressingly. She took off her sun-
bonnet and leaned her head afainst thbonnet and leaned her head against the
tree by which she sat. In the dreamy solitude her dark beauty softened into musing tenderness. She knew he would come presently, tall and strong and splendid, his rifie across his shoulder, his
blue eyes full of passion and tendernes biue eyes fuce of passion and tenderness, Lost in pleasing day dreams, her dark head with its hanging braids dropped forward, her eyes closed.
She was roused
She was roused by the sound of a of the gorge, and every nerve alive and alert, turning her head with the stealthy grace of a
panther. A puff of white smoke rose, hung lazily in the air, and melted away. Something heavy fell in the bushes, al-
though the sound was deadened by the thick underbrush and the musical murmur of the water in the gorge.
After an interval a man emerge
After an interval a man emerged from
behind the trees on the other side behind the trees on the other side, and
faced her, rifle in hand. "Hit's me."
"What'd yo,'" she returned quietly. "What'd yo' shoot at?" He dropped his gun to the earth, muzzle up, and stood
leaning on it. "Ca'line, yo' know I love yo', honey-
chile?",
"Yo' Yo say so" assented the girl, her
dark eves fixed upon his with piercing
intensity intensity. "Yo' know I do," said he quickly. "Ef bullet, meetin' yo here? Yo' know I love yo'! Now I want yo to sw'ar yo
love me, too. Sw'ar hit, Ca'line!" "I ain't one to go back on my word.
said the girl with fierce earnestness. said the girl with fierce earnestness. "I
tole yo' I did, an' I do. I love wo' people kill mine. an' mine kill ${ }^{\prime}$ yore's;
But I love vo'! What'd ro' hit when yo' fired?" "He was watchin' fo' me. I got sight $o$ 'his gun when he moved, an' I shot-
fust. Hit was him or me. Ca, "twas him went down." "Who?" she cried in a shrill whisper Her face had gone deathly white, her from his gun to her, helplessly. from his gun to her, helplessly.
"I saw his face when he jumped-an,
fell. he said. "An"-hit was ?o" Caline,"
Caroline gave a choking ery, putting up her hands as if to ward off what had
already come upon her. She had not
arready come upon her.
been unare of its possibility. It hat
been one of her risks, but with the
"Hit was him or me," said Rollins desperately. "Ef I'd 'a' waited. I fired to save myself, 'thout knowin', Ca'line.' Her slim young body swayed to and
fro, precariously near the fro, precariously near the edge; she of tears.
"Yo' know thah's bad blood atween us-all, Ca'line. Thah's always been bad
blood-Gawd. A'mighty knows blood-Gawd A'mighty, knows why,
'Tain't none o' my willin'. I wanted yo' to go 'way, with me an' have done with all this kin' o' business. Yo' know I did. I been aimin' to take yo' 'way with me Caroline I looked at him ved me." Caroline looked at him vacantly. '"D'
yo' know thah's none o' we-all lef', 'eept me?" she asked mournfully. "His fine bronzed face turned white. "Hit was him or me," he said sternly. "Ef yo' don't b'lieve that, I'd as lief go She shook her
tion. Her sense of justice told her that he had but acted in self-defense, that had the fact that he had drawn first had saved him and sent the dad on the


She listened intently for a moment"

Yo bullet oughter hit me him," she said huskily. "Yo're a Rollins, oved yo'!"" an yet I met yo-an "Hit's right an' good for us to love "Them that comes atween us is sinnin. Gawd A'mighty made us for each other, n' I'm plum right in claimin' my own." He came to the brink of the dividing
chasm and lifted his pleading face. "Ca'line! come 'way with me, an' let's leave these murderin, ways behin' us. Come out West, Ca'line, whah we kin work in the open 'thout fear o' a bullet in the back. Gawd knows I never meant
nor wanted to kill him, Ca'line. I ain't one for spillin' blood, nohow. I wanter foller the ways that young preacher feller talked 'bout las' spring, an' I want nowhah thout vo' Say a din't goin
 fearfully. "Is "'Sho'. Thah's no hope, Ca'line. He's, he answered regretfully.
done hit,' an' they'll be after a Rollins said, after a long, pause full of painful thought. "An' I'm sho' wearyin' for peace!", she said wearily. "Wearyin' for "An' yo'll come,-Ca'line?" he asked "'Thah's blood atween yo' an' me," said me of I ain't doin' right, but He's jest got an't stan' hit no mon'!, ", no mo'! I
An yore mar?" he asked hesitatingly.

## "Wearyin' for Peace"

 Continued from Page 26 "She wont worry none too much once Tm gone," said the girl, without emotion. pleadingly. "Gawd knows I've loved my poople-but I love yo better'n them-or got to rise up an foller yo," Her voice quivered and broke."Them people o' yourn ain't never been none too kin . "To, they ain't," she assented, but
without resentment. His eyes rested pon her lingeringly "'Yo' ain't never going' to be sorry yo' come to me, honey-heart, he promised,
with honest passion. "To-night,
andine," with honest passion. Fo-night, Caline, He waved his hand, slung his gun across his shoulder, and disappeared tall form was lost to sight, then turned wiftly toward home And in the underrush across the gorge lay the dead man, his gun beside him, his face buried in the grass and dritted leaves.
Caroline walked quickly through the waning evening, her pink sunbonnet on over her shoulders. Her lips, full and red, were compressed into a firm crimson line, her eyes smoldered like banked fires; deep in their brown depths one anw a gint like little tongues of flame, burned in her cool, dusky cheeks.
Her mother was sitting on the doorsill, moking a short corncob pipe, when Caroine reached home. Used to her
daughter's whim of wandering around in daughter's whim of wandering around in
the woods, she made no comment upon the woods, she
her long absence.

"Over the dead girl they confroted each
"Yo' dad ain't home yet, Ca'line." "Eff he meets one o, them Rollinses he won't come home; or they won't, one or
tother," said the old woman calmly, tother,' sad we then between puffs of her pipe.
"Th-huh spece to meet a Rollins?" Jed, tol' him somethin' las ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ night ${ }^{\prime}$ 'sh this mawhin' yo dad took his gun an
went out , yo went out. I lowed he was on a wrong
trail, but yo. know he's plum bent in his trail, but yo, know he's plum bent in his
ways. Yo' heal anything like a gunshot, ways. Yo heah anything like a gunshot,
Caline ?ino
Caroline lifted her eyes dauntlessIy.
"Naroline lifted her eyes dauntlessly. "No," She said,
"By the way'd yo' come?" "'Oy, aine't been by the the spring." "No," said Caroline, tensely. Both
taciturnity
relapsed
The taciturnity. The old woman smoked in stolid silence. Caroline sat on the sill
beside her her large fully on the waning glories of the skies above the pines.
Red, gold, and blue, with wavering glimmers of green; then a settled pearla sadder cray with fading rose then silver: and more and yet more gray; then darkness; and presently above the Way, serm with stars like seed pearls; and a little young moon, wandering in
the bix sky like a lost child. Now an owl hoo-hod from the deepening darr,
and katrdids and crickets chired shrilly from the clearing. Caroline sat
in silence, awed and saddened. Some-

Where down by the gorge a silent figure
was lying, its stark face couched in the was ying, its stark face couched in the The old woman's grass. like a red sinister eye peering to gleam gloom.
hour 'fore like I heard a shot, 'bout a remarked, removing her pipe and knocking out the ashes. "Hit was far off an" hit was sho' a "I never heard it," said Caroline steadily.
Her mother turned her head and shot a sudden keen glance at the girl, but
as well as her sharp eyes could detect in ths twilight, the face was as calmly indifferent as the voice.
"Yo' better fix supper now, Ca'line," she remarked, after another silent in-
terval. Caroline moved lightly" about the kitchen, and the supper of corn bread, coffee, and bacon was soon upon the table. They ate in silence, sparsely, caroline removing the dishes when the meal had been fixished.
"Yo' dad's sho' late,"
woman, glancing out at the the old mountain side. "I don't reckon we'd better wait up no mo' for him.
"No," said the girl almost. inaudibly. Tain't no use waitin' no more'." bed, and slept, knowing that she could and would wake later, and that she must rest. The old woman lay beside her, with her eyes shut but with every sense

He had met one of the Rollinges she knew quite as well as if she had seen him fall. A flood of bitterness-the undying mountain hatred, the savage vindictive ness of a race which knows no forgive-
ness-welled up in her heart, and under ness-welled up in her heart, and under
her shut lids her eyes burned and smarted. Her sitrong old hands clenched. He was down! Her sons, also, had been shot by the Rollinses, after killing two of them. The quarrel had begun further back than her time, nor was she even
a ware of its cause. She only knew that when Hudson and Rollins met, some one $\xrightarrow{\text { ddied. }}$
Jed Baker had foolishly told her husband that one of the Rollins boys had in hiding near by, had seen them once himself, he said. The dad, grim, relentless, fierce, had taken his shotgun and set out to watch. She knew that had he not fallen he would have come home,
Somewhere out in the dark he was lying stark and alone, and CarolineOf Caroline she was almost afraid to
think; anger and fierce hostility smoldered in her heart against her own child, the last one left her. She knew hardened grimly as she lay, quiet and watchful; no coiled snake was ever more Caroline stirred, and rose softly, then leaned lightly over her mother and touched the hard cheek with her soft brushed against a granite ledge. have old woman made no movement, and Caroline, with a breath of relief, stepped ments. The putting on her few garcautiously opened and closed, and an instant later Caroline had ${ }^{\text {g gone. }}$
When the light step had died in the fury of haste, and thrust her feet into her coarse shoes. In a corner behind her bed hung her dead boy's guns, which she loaded and slung across her shoulder. intently for a moment, and then sped after Caroline like an evil shadow. The moon was high in the heavens
now, its pallid light falling fitfully between the trees. The road was in spots At either wavering shadows of trees. blackness was unbroken, and she kept to the side. Far ahead a slim figure fled through one of the silver lakes of light.
The mother said, "Ca'line!" and fled after The slender figure in its dark-red dress stopped at last by o the ledge of rock vengeance dropped in a pool of black-

## the western home Monthly

"Wearyin' for Peace" Continued from Page ${ }^{17}$
in the gorge the mountain water mur-
mured as it rushed over its bed of mured as it rushed over its bed of
stones, sending upward its crystal stones,
whisper.
$\qquad$ Caroline called, her voice sounding shriil and faint and far, like an elfin horn blowing in the forest to summon
sprite and fay to a midnight tryst. The winds born between midnight and dawn lifted the sound and sent it to die among the rustling, whispering trees. A screech
owl, unchancy bird of evil, answered with its frightful cry
Caroline called again, with a new note
of nervousness in her voice, and this time
a deeper, truer note answered reassuringa deeper, truer note answered reassuring-
ly. Out, of the darkness stepped a tall figure. "Hit's me, Ca'line, honey. Yo' ready?" The watcher heard Caroline's sobbing cry of relief and rapture as she ran up to the taller figure and was drawn into his
protecting arms. He bent his curly head and kissed her again and again, drawing her closer to him.
'Darlin' heart! Yo'll be far from
fright an' danger in fright an' danger in the mawnin'."
"Oh, let's go, quick!" urged the girl. "I doh, let's go, quick!" urged the girl.
'feared" know why, but I'm-I'm 'feared."
He swept her to him again, and then with arms entwined they turned and started down the road toward the dis tant railroad station. Once Caroline
turned and looked backward, her face like a magnolia flower, glowing luminously out of the gloom.
Keeping always in the shadow the watcher followed, the struggling light
glinting dully on the rifle's metal barrel. glinting dully on the rifle's metal barrel.
The path cleared and widened. The two young figures were in plain sight,
a brawny arm in a blue flannel sleeve around a lithe, red waist. Walking with the stealth of a beast, of prey, the
trailer drew nearer, gliding soundlessly in the shadows. She could hear the man's
"An' woice, vell live like Christians, $C$ in the wepen. In the open, like Gawd A'mighty 'tended folk to live!, We'l gal, an' jest remember thah's yo ${ }^{\prime}$ an'
me-an' love." He added thoughtfully: "Somehow I'm reckonin' yo' dad knows better now, an' ain't a mite sorry hit
was him 'stead o' me," was him stead o, me."
in her (tracks barrel sighted with to her shoulder, the a spot betwe with deadly certainty to shoulders been those broad, blue-covered shoulders before her. Her finger was and saw her. It may have been the faint click of the
triggerwhich warned her quick ear; it trigger which warned her quick ear; it
may have geen some subtler, surer sense may have ween some subtler, surer sense she shared with the kindred of the wild, panther-quick, even as the avenging finger pressed down.
The brooding peace and solitude were shattered, a red streak flashed hissingly
forward. Caroline wayered and fell forward. Caroline wavered and fell between her mother and her lover. Her
small brown hand beat upon the ground, her startled eyes stared for a fleeting second at the two bending above her. The man had wrenched the gun from the woman's nerveless fingers and sent dead girl they confronted each other, panting. Neither spoke.
Presently the mother squatted upon
the ground and took the fallen head in the ground and took the fallen head in her lap, smoothing the long black braids and peered into the pallid face.
"Ca"line! Ca'line! O Gawd, my baby-
chile! Lawd Gawd she's all I chile! Lawd Gawd she's all I got!
Ca'line! Ca'line! Yo' mammy ain't Ca'line! Ca'line! Yo' mammy ain't
mad with yo' no mo'. Wake up, babymad with yo no mo. Wake up, baby "Ca'line! Ca'line!" burst from the
man's tortured breast in a deeper cry of anguish and despair.
Caroline lay silent. The two stared at each other with horrible intensity. woman presently, in a bow whisper. Rollins waved his hand, vaguely, toward the gorge behind them. 'I seen him fust, Mis' Hudson. An' apathetically. She nodded.
"I'll sen' for him in the mawnin'," she

He knelt beside Caroline and kissed her ingeringly, folding her little hands on her breast. Her mother offered no resistance, and showed no aversion, although his bent figure touched hers. She studied him speculatively. In the open
road where they were, the moon-light showed his blue eyes and curling hair She admitted his virile beauty, his lean sinewy grace. Her eyes went swiftly
back to Caroline. 'Wack to Caroline.
"Was yo' much took with her?" she Unable to riously. reast and reply, he beat upon his gestuad tossed his arms upward in a gesture of pain and despair. A gleam of satisfaction lighted her dull eyes, a "'Twarn't 'tended for Rollins an' Hud son blood to mix," she said grimly. "But she warn't like any o' her people, Ca'line warn't. I reckon she's happy this minnit she jumped, quick 'nough to save yo He nodded indifferently. yo know. "Yo' better let me carry her home, Mis' Hudson," he suggested in a tired curiousgentle voice. He felt youth and hope lipping away from him; they had being her out into the unknown. He felt no anger; only a vast unreasoning pity for the Horror squatting beside the dead ${ }_{\text {girl. }}^{\text {She waved }}$ him asid She waved him aside. "No!" she said ercely. "I'll tote my chile myself." Her the long braids.
"N' yo' be off!" she ordered shárply. Ef yo're a-goin' West, go quick, 'fore some o' us-all gits yo'. Though I "thah ain't nothin' none $o^{\prime}$ us kin as to yo' wuss'n . . . this." From her lap Caroline's face peered at him, now glimmering whitely, now lost in shade. He moved away, with hanging head, a distance he turned and watched her, a silent monstrous shape, bent double beneath the limp burden hanging supiney across her shoulders, plodding heavily through the fragrant moonlight night
toward her ruined home.

## DREAMER AND DOER

 By Bartlett BrooksA dreamer and a doer Were born the selfsame day,
Grew up and dwelt together Grew up and dwelt together
In comrade work and play.
The dreamer sent his fancy On classic fields to roam, From common clay, at home. The dreamer saw à kingdom Where right ruled everything, And every man was king.
The doer fought, triumphant Through hatred, pain and dearth Of peace, good will on earth. The dreamer saw his Master, Compassionate and mild. Lifted the crippled child, Led forth the blind and erring, The Master's spirit shining And touched his robe in awe. How could that mystic dreamer Such wondrous visions see?
How could the toil-worn doer Rise to such mastery? How could the dreamer triumph? How could the doer plan? Ah! You have read the answer!
They were the selfsame man! Fare forth, mv valiant doer Where storm-tossed pennons gleam But lose not. in thy striving,
The vision and the dream!
"The New Woman"

## By Robert Jukes, Fellow Colonial Institute

The silent revolutions of today are the man". But of all things I am sure of accomplished facts of tomorrow. The I know that she will still remain the enigma progress of startling thoughts that yesterwill, a generation hence, be regarded as the commonplaces of everyday existence. The unimaginative, the staid, and the conventional deariy love to wander along
pleasant shaded paths. Today the daring pleasant shadelectual constantly push them toward the banks of that stream of progress on which, if they would only boldly embard eyas vast fields and new pastures ished eyas vast iessessed of an infinitely wider range of possibilities than their poor dreams eve revealed.
With the silent evolution of new thought and new angles of view, their hearts and minds would open gradually like the flower to the dawn
The men and women of tomorrow, who are. the children of to-day, will ponder in amazement over the terror and the turmoil that such advances caused, seeing,
as they will do, that the goal, if reached, has been attained only through the wounded hearts and hopes of a human mass wandering in the mist of ignorance. Some of us view with apprehension and miggiving, that mysterious form now em emancipation of that inscrutable entity Woman.
Woman, that from the dawn of existence has been regarded as an inferior unit, in the drama of life: Woman, upon whose belfe will exercise a new influence upon a new
generation. The bigot and the fanatic may regard such changes with alarm, but to the brave the opening of a new era in Woman's life hould be greeted with enthusiasm
Let us for a moment examine the meaning of those words, "The New Woman. What do they convey? Have they any
meaning? Or is it merely the foolish patter of that shallow crowd ever thirsting or novelty, ever craving for excitement of new sensations? I venture to think that it does not fall within that dreary category.
I dare to hope that it reveals the dawn of new spirit, a hope based on that intellectual force that impels large groups of women in every country, to realize the possession of dormant faction ind latent est of their fellow creatures, a force that gains in power, reinforced as it is by that natural instinct of their sex, and to which we, as men, owe so much-tenderness of heart.
If, therefore, through the mysterious should evolve, exhibiting increased intellectual strength, without impairing that divine gift of tenderness, a new agency for good in the world.
The sympathetic union of men and women, together linked in loyal faith to meet life's temptations, its dangers, its orrows and its joys, but also linked to unthinking mass steeped to the lips in the contemplation of their own interests alone, would present an irresistible comnath of altruistic energy
That this new and higher type of woman complete union with man and engaged thim in those affairs of life, that were previously his exclusive domain, will
fail to beneficially react on both, is hard to imagine
The man should not sink into the slough of effeminacy. The woman should not fall to that ghastly level, the masculine female. On the contrary, each retaining their marked characteristics, the result ment in the race, at every point. Such are my reasons for hoping that the New Woman" will achieve,-that: she will achieve much I frankly believe. That she will commit many blunders I feel as the expression goes, is almost certain. That she may electrify a curious world by the sudden exhibition of one of her leading trariness "-is entirely But, Buences, she under new and strange inof nerves and will lapse into a mere bundle and I refuse to believe that she will fail o make a real effort to "play the game,
she has ever been since the day she
the Apples of the Garden of Eden. Perhaps, however, it is too eaply predict. Let us therefore extend to her that chivalrous support that is her'
from every fair and loyal The opponents of loyal man. contend that her entrance into the wougan avenues of the world, will act detrimentally upon her character as a wife and a mother. I firmly believe that the direct
opposite will result. Contact at close
range with some of Life's darker problems final, as it would be the claim of the mother should, if she is possessed of any force of also to judge, a claim based on the expercharacter at all, react favorably both on ience gained by her more direct contact her husband and her children. The former with some of life's deeper problems. disposition and tendencies, from an intelligent angle.
The children, while in no danger of the risk of a lack of maternal tenderness, less exposed to the influence of pure sen less exposed to the influence of pure sengreater strength of moral fibre-an immense advantage when they step into the struggle of life. coreover, in the selection of their pitals, Jack ?" asked the teach "New Hampshire," quickly answered "Indeed,
"Capital $N$ ' and capital 'H" "-What - Do.

take care of the artistic side. Silkstone looks well on any modern wall finish-plaster, fibre board, or the ornamental metallic sidings and ceilings-and it is easier to work with and much more satisfactory than wall paper or cheap "cold water" tinting powders. Apart from its beauty, Silkstone is sanitary and longwearing. Soiled spots are easily washed clean with plain soap and water. When you are house planning add Silkstone to your list of essentials-it is a fitting adjunct to fine lumber, mouldings, and sash and doors.

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the western home Monthly

## Rural Postman Completes Fancy Palace After Laboring Forty Years

By Francis Dickie

This is the story of the oddest palace few extra ideas conceived by himself probably in the world. It sounds like a through the years. fairy tale, but is instead a tale of modern truth that has hardly an equal in history. The palace and the builder are shown in the accompanying photograph.
No prince nor person of royal blood, nor ordinary wealthy man erected it, but a poor postman named Ferdinand Cheval. The palace stands in France in the little borough of Hauterives, in the beautiful valley of the Galaure
Forty-three years ago, when Ferdinand Cheval was 40 years old, he found in his consignment of mail which he distributed
to the rural community around Hauterto the rural community around Hauter-
ives, an illustrated book, the cover of ives, an illustrated book, the cover of
which had been lost in transit. As no one claimed the book Cheval took it home. The volume was a magnificent-
ly illustrated one, showing various ly illustrated one, showing various Europe and Asia. Such is the strange-
ness of the human brain this book awoke in the heart of the humble postman the maddest ambition; he desired to have a palace of his own. The idea grew stronger and stronger, till he gave way to it and started laying plans which resulted in time in the huge structure shown in the photo, the most fantastic
Six miles from the village where he
lived along the river bed were some lived along the river bed were some
beautifully colored stones. Every night after he had finished his labors of postman Cheval took his wheelbarrow and walked six miles to the river, put on a load of these brightly colored stones and wheeled them home-twelve miles of walking after his day's work. Then
on nearer hillsides and from the sea he gathered other pebbles, stones and gathered other pebbles, stones and
shells. All this material he piled on his quarter acre of ground in the village of Hauterives, just beyond the square

## Catalogue Notice

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## MUSIC TATOGHT FREE By the Oldest ana Most Rellable sohool of Musit P4, $\frac{4}{4} \downarrow$ 

house in which he lived.
Cheval was forty years old when he
began building the began building the strange structure.
He worked early and late at it, seldom He worked early and late at it, seldom
getting more than six hours sleep a day getting more than six hours sleep a day.
He is now eighty-foun yeats old, and has just recently completed the palace He kept a diary of work all through tlre years, which shows he has worked
n:ne thousand days, each one averaging nine thousand days, each one averaging
about seven hours of labor, a total of about seven hours of labor, a total of
67,500 hours. In addition to the stones he gathered, he paid out of his savings
for four thousand bags of cement and lime. The stones total one thousand cubic yards. As the years slipped away
and the building took shape curious and the building took shape curious came to see the palace, and in this way
the builder earned a little money by the builder earned a little money by
showing people through it. All this money was put back into the building. The palace is rectangular in shape.
The north and south sides are forty-five feet long, the east and west eighty-five feet. The eastern facade is here
shown. The whole building is a queer jumble of all the various buildings解 war hospital in person to demonwhich Cheval saw in the book, with a Whoever uses these examples overlooks

the fact that these men were accom plished musicians before they were dis assume that by taking up the study music they can acquire an easy lif vocation. On the whole, the music profession offers even to the strongest and
most ambitious only small pay." most ambitious only small pay.
Training a great number of
Training a great number of cripples to belity, to turning out beggars in the guise of musicians. It would be a great crime to our disabled and a step backward in the social position of our profes With regard $t$
in the war the situation is different heres, as in all trades, the most impor tant thing for the director of vocational education is to refit the disabled man for
his former occupation. Should his former occupation. Should
musician be unable to resume his own instrument, it would be easier to teach him to play another instrument than
to train him for an entirely different

High School Orchestras
"When the musical aptitude of pupils is properly fostered by means of music courses which win bring out all laten musical aboility, we may well look to matters musical." Such is the optimistic outlook for the
future as seen by Mr. George H. Gartlan, future as seen by Mr. George
Director of Gartlan, Director of Music in the New York
City sohools, in a recent article on the City sohools, in a recent article on the
musical situattiom in thle educational system. He believes that the possibilities in the development of musical talents among the students during their high school course have as yet barely bueen tapped.
Summing up the former status of and contrasting it with that of the present and immediate future, Mr. Gartlan says:
"Until a few years ago music in the high school meant one period per week
devotted to sight 'singting and choral practice for all classes of pupils alikewith or without musical aptitude. After hours the talented student who received his musical traiming outside of school
hours was expected to devote a great deal of his time to choral and orchestral practice which redounded to the schools credit, but for which he received no credit. By a process of education the how giving, our orchestras are the nucleus about which the musical talent in the school can gather, and they offer their members the same opportunity for
individual prominence as is given the individual prom
athletic stars."
Mr Gartlan looks to the establishment of classes in all the instruments of school ensembles may later be recruited the players for the many municipal and other symphony orchestras which now so argely draw their membership from
foreign sources. If the school orchestras, after studying the various compositions could then have the benefit of hearing them interpreted by a profcssional organwould be valuably supplemented This is alreddy being done for the high school orchestrasin New York with the aid of the Phill York Symphony Society and the New York Symphony
the Philharmonic Society.

MAY, 1920
Helpful Household Hints for Busy Women

For Hot Bread and Cake When cutting hot bread and cake heat the knife slightly.

To Bleach Faded Cotton A badly faded cotton dress may be made
tar water.

Keep Your Floors White Hot watert tends to make a floor white and clean.

To Wash Tumblers
If tumblers have contained milk they should first be rinsed in cold water before being washed in hot.

Keep Your Bird's Cage Dry Damp perches give a bird rheumatism. When cleaning the cage, be sure everything about it is perfectly dry.

## To Prolong the Life of a Candle

 If candles have been kept in a very cold place they will burn much morelowly than if they are allowed to be. come soft.

For a Too Hot Oven
If the fire becomes too hot while you are baking or roasting, a dish of cold perature.
A Warm Bed

Several thicknesses of newspapers laid moothly between the mattress and the ed sprines are equal in warmth to another blanket.

Don't Sweep the Sickroom
Instead of trying to sweep an invalid's room, wring a clean cloth out of cold hater in which a few drops of ammonia wipe the carpet, matting or floor.

Fruit Jar Covers That Stick If the cover of a fruit jar sticks, do vert the jar to wrench it off, simply inwater for a minute. Then try and you will find it turns easily.

To Remove Stains From Hands If your fingers are stained from peeling strong tea for a few minutes, and then wash them in clear, warm water.

A Reminder on Wash Day Hang over the laundry tubs a card on which you have plainly written the such as rust, ink, oil, grass and wago grease.

Medicine for the Cat
Medicine can easily be administered to, a cat by mixing it with lard and rubbs where the forelegs near the shoul ders where it can be licked off, but not

## For Down Pillows

When making down pillows, go over the wrong side of the case with an iron rubbed well with beeswax each time it is applied to the cloth, to prevent the down working through the cloth.

## A Bag for the Ironing Board

 Make a calico or cretonne bag to slip use. This will board when it is not in board clean, and will the cover of the receptacle for holders make a handyA Stair Carpet Hint
When buying stair carpet, always get one end or the other and when under a pet becomes worn at the edge of the steps, shift it along so that the wear last much longer.

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side work that you are contemplating. If you prefer, side work send you a blank to fill out.
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house exterior or interior. All color schemes are sent to you free of charge. You are under no obligation to us whatever, but we hope so the job may be a success in every way that you will use Canada Paint Products. Write us to-day sending us a snap shot or even a pencil sketch of either the
house and let our experts help you.

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## Dollars and Cents

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BANKING
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION
 HE easiest way to bring on hard times is to talk about the other fellow to lom, to tell them, and still do nothing yourself to keep them away. Hard times and trade depressions are not accidents -they are brought about by force of
circumstances. We often hear of people circumstances. We often hear of people
contracting certain diseases because they literally lived in daily dread of catching those diseases. In other words, the very fear of the disease cut down their powers of resistance to such an extent that when the crucial moment arrived and the dreaded germ entered their
system they were unable to throw it off The financial situation to-day is creating a similar feeling among business men to that which exists in a community when an epidemic appears. People are afraid of what may happen.
of uneasiness abroad.
The man with common sense takes pre cautions when an epidemic appears to guard himself against its effect. The bisiness man of to-day should guard himself against the future. But there is should always guard himself a aqainst the turn of the tide. He is not a business man if he does not. Let us get down to "brass tacks" on this much talked of depression. You know that Canada is
a land of opportunity. You know that a land of opportunity. You know that with her vast resources and energetic
business men this country has nothing to fear in the world of commerce if she does not abuse her powers. We all know these things-then why should we look
for a depression? for a depression?
There are reaso
feeling of uncertainty. Reason prevailing The whole world is undergoing a a tre-
mendous upheaval. There is unrest, dismendous upheaval. There is unrest, dis-
satisfaction, a yearning to change everysatisfaction, a yearning to change every-
thing-look around in your own community. Is there not more criticism of munty. Is there not more critism or
Peopything than there ever was before. People are in a grumbling mood. Why
are they grumbling? Is it not the after effect of five years devotion to a struggle for the liberty of mankind. We heard so
much of that liberty during the days of much of that liberty during the days of
the great war that we enthroned it on high and created an ideal. To-day we are trying to compare the liberty we have with the ideal thus created and, as is
always the case, the conditions we have always the case, the conditions we have
do not measure up to the ideal. do not measure up to the ideal. After a
while we shall be contented with the knowledge that we are striding forward towards our ideal and that it takes time to achieve all that we hope to achieve.
In the meanwhile we shall have unrest. In the meanwhile we shall have unrest.
In other words we shall eventually be In other words we shall eventually be
compelled to deal with facts and not
theories-we are fast approaching that point.
Reason No. 2: We are living at a time when the cost of living is mounting in what has been aptly called "a vicious circle. The laborer asks for more pay income. If he gets more pay, the employ-
er has to charge more for the things er has to charge m result the very fact that the laborer gets more pay results
in the cost of living going up again and in the cost of living going up again and phoyer with the same story. and so wages
go up, the cost of living goes up and still we are no nearer a solution of the diffi Reason No. 3: This country has a huge war debt-over $\$ 200$ for erery man,
woman and child in the country: This fact must be faced-grumbing and complaining will not pay debts. If the Reason No. 4: As a "mation we are
suffering from a wave of apathy among the industrial classes. The old adage that an employer is entitled to "a fair
day's nork for a fair day's par"" is being
"a fair day's pay for a fair day's work was abused in days gone by. The shoe is on the other foot and the nation as a whole is suffering. We could continue to give reasons for the existing feeling o will not permit.
The remedy is

The remedy is of more importance to us all. Why was it necessary for this country to send $\$ 70,600,000$ to the United States for coal during 1919 when Canada possesses one-sixth of all the coal in the world? Because our coal industry hás
not been developed as it should have been and one of the reasons why it has not been developed is because the people of Canada, and particularly the residents of Western Canada, have not been educated in the matter of coal. In Alberta alone, the mines in operation to-day are capable Western Canada. Keep your money at home, support home industries, learn of the great resources of this country-that is one way to ward off depression. We cannot afford to send over $\$ 70,000,000$ of
good Canadian money out of the country good Canadian money out of the country of coal lying idle in our own country. Nearly $\$ 4,000,000$ was sent to the United States for binder-twine during 1919; $\$ 3,000,000$ for commercial automobiles; $\$ 4,300,000$ for eggs; $\$ 1,467,00$ for canned salmon; $\$ 1,121,000$ for apples; $\$ 4,331,600$ for raw furs; $\$ 11,000,000$ for bacon; $\$ 1,000,000$ for moving picture 000 for railw ties; $\$ 3,000,000$ for wearing apparel. Just go over these figures again and you will see many opportunities for Canadians. Over $\$ 4,000,000$ for eggs and $\$ 11,000,000$ for bacon! And Canada recognized the world over as an tions from the United States during 1919 were valued at $\$ 734,000,000$ of which only $\$ 195,000,000$ were essentials. In other words we could have done without $\$ 533$, . 000,000 of these imports. We must do without these non-essentials if
stave off a period of depression
During the year 1919 Canada had more trikes and lockouts than it ever had before in any one year; 4,000,000 worktrike days was lost as a result of 298 employees lockouts, involving 139,000 ployees lost 4,000000 working days the had to be fed and clothed-who paid for those lost days? The people of Canada nsually re paid for them. Labor troubles heer cussedeness misunderstanding or off and herl arguments at employees and cannon va. They fight with long distance Men mud the public pays the bill. nother. The more reasonable with one thrash their problems out in gether and manner always remembering that the private interest should be placed before cannot afford selfish considerations. We of 1919 -if we repeat the labor troubles them we have taken one more step to void a depression.
Our watchwords should be "confidenee, country, its wealth of opportunities, and confidence in our fellow citizens; courage in our ability to face the future whatever has in store for us; and caution in our business dealings. Keep your money in every dollar on something that you need evet on something you desire but could do Without. If you follow this policy, you ned not fear a depression, for even ared to meet and overcome it. How Much Insurance Should I Carry? One of the first duties of the breadance as he can afford. Life insurance is so cheap that no man can say it is im-
pocsible for him to secure it. How much








































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## The Financial Situation

 Continued from Page 22life insurance should a man have? That of course, will depend upon what ex
penditures he has to provide pose the living expenses of a family.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { been drawn up. } \\
& \text { (To be Continued) }
\end{aligned}
$$ to it, say this month or next. And if to it, say this month or next. And in to put same before me at the end of

this month, sir. Hoping to hear good result." calls to mind an amusing letter That calls to mind an amusing letter,
written in reply to a circular sent out written in reply to a circular sent flog. ging of backward children:
"Der Sir,-I hav got ur floggin sirkular, and you have my sanckshun to thrash my son Jhon ass mutch as u like.
I no Jhon is a bad skolar, his spaling I no Jhon is a bad skolar, his spaling
is simply atrochs. i have tried to tech is simply atrochs. so i hop you will put it into him as so i hop you
mutch as $u$ can.










































"P. S. Thon is not my son, he is by
ma wife's first husband."
The English superintendent of a hosThe English superintendent of a hosthe following testimonials to her efficiency:
"Dear She My wife has returned
 of great social importance. The mistress of the house, says London Opinion, "in"We call all our servants by their last names," she announced. "What is "You had better call me Thomas, ma'am," replied the applicant. "No; we insist that you shall be called won't do at all." name. Otherwise you "Oh, I'm willing, ma'am, but I don't "What is your last name, then ?" said is prospective employer, fomewhat "It's Darling, ma'am."

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Canada, where bigger and better crops are grown and where the cost of land is low. The man on of becoming more prosperous than he has to-day. Ready markets await all he can produce. The
depleted herds of a profitable market for live stock to come. Increase your profits by decreasing your cost of production. The low cost of the land in Western Canada enables you to do this, raised most economically.
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and twenty years to pay the


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## Curiosities in Explosives

## By Hudson Maxim

T
HERE is no subject about be placed when detonated its action is which there is more popular mainly downward. The crater that an error than there is about the explosion makes in the earth has led
action of high explosives. One to that belief. Nothing, however, could action of high explosives. One to that belief. Nothing, however,
amusing fact is that no two be more contrary to the truth. witnesses of an explosion that no two about what actually happened Whenever a disastrous explosion on the surface of the earth and deton of it as there are-persons who witnessed it. The main reason for that strange high tension, expands outward in all psyohological phenomenon is undoubt- directions, and as the gases strike the
ediy that the peculiar shock of the ex- earth they rebound into the atmos perience confounds the senses. the ex-
riene confouls the senses. still expanding in the form of an inverte
Action of Explosives
About ten years ago, while the govern- directions explosion sends outward in all ment was preparing some fulminate com- pression that, in fact, is a huge sound pound for detonating fuses at the wave, and that moves exactly at th sion occurred that resulted in some feet a second. Although the have fatalities. Among the witnesses who be so bass that we cannot hear it, it is were examined during the investigation nevertheless, in its nature, a sound wave, into the cause of the explosion was a The expanding gases and the immediate negro laborer who had been working atmosphere that they propel forward just outside the building when the ful- like a projectile can inflict serious dam-
minate exploded.
"Where were you when the explosion not much more than a few hundred feet occurred?" asked the officer who was in any direction from the explosion. The
conducting the investigation. "Just outside the builin. "he negro.
"Was there one explosion "here two?"
"There were two explosions, sah-two "How
"How much time passed between the
"I should think about half a second out hall a second. building when the first explosion occurred. Where were you when the second explosion occurred
"I was going by Station B, sah, headed As Station B was a quarter of a mile away from the scene of the explosion, the negro must have been going at a figh rate of speed. It is popularly believed that in what ever position a body of explosive may


What happens when a torpedo strikes the hull of a ship

## Make Blue-Monday a Workless Washday

A good washing-machine is not only a labor-saver but also a health guardian. It starts the week right for every woman

is quitesurpris- than metal. For this reason the wate ing when westop stays hot far longer in a wooden tub. to think about It is sometimes well to rub a little extra it, how little was soap on specially soiled parts, such as
done until recent
cuffis or neckbands, to make sure that the years to lighten cufts or neckbands, to make sure
work in the kitchen. work in thekitchen. We have seen
better meth-

Machines with many complications should be avoided, as should machines with cranks, gears, or shafts in exposed or the operator herself could get injured. In most houses it is found advisable to move the machine from time to time, so that the heavier or more cumbersome typess should not be used unless there is
plenty of room and it is intended to clamp them to the floor permanently.
wonderful expansion in the use of labor- As an indication of the growing use aving appliances. But in the home - that of these machines in farm homes, it is was a different story! Only in very recent interesting to note the figures obtained years has modern invention turned its by the Iowa State College. They made a At last we are making up for lost time, and containing altogether 142 homes. Of modern ingenuity has brought forth a those 142 homes, 48 per cent had power thousand inventions for saving time and washers. We have scarcely reached that bor in house and kitchen. point anywhere in Canada yet, but we are No single invention has done more to
ighten the load carried by the women of the house than the power washing machine. And the success of the powe driven washer has been phenomenal. This is certainly not to be wondered at. of all work, perhaps washing is the most iring.
Bending over a tub, to begin with, means in a cramped unnatural position, and one that is trying to any woman. Then, the work of rubbing away on a atiguing to both the arms and the back. order to wash the water must be hot, whind means that the poor housewife hours. This opens the pores of the skins, and combined with the exertion makes
her hot. Then, out into the cold and wind to hang out the clothes, a sudden ahill and bad colds or worse. No statistics are available to show us just how puch sickness of one kind or another is unhealthy features of the old method of washing-but it is most certainly considerable. Apart altogether from the definite diseases which result, there is
that tired out, weary feeling that all that tired out, weary feeling that all
women are only too familiar with after putting through a washing by oldpashioned methods.
So, the power washer has leaped in one bound to a leading position in the realm of labor-saver:

## Hectric Washers

Where electric current is available, of course, electric machines are universally owns and cities, although farms are pidly adopting home electric plants for ghting purposes and for running the hurn, separator, pump, etc.
The different varieties
machines on the market are of washing that a detailed consideration numerous possible. The fundamental requirements of any good washer are:

1. It should do good work.
2. It should be safe and simple to perate.
3. It should be strong.
4. It should be easy to move and
handle.

Practically all the well-known and clean washing. The essential feature is to use plenty of good hot water and good
laundry soap. All washers are marked with a "water line" to which the tub hould be filled. It is impossible to do has not enough water in it, or if the water such an important factor, hot water wuch an important factor, machines in wiod are preferable, because wood is a

Engine Driven Washers
Although there is an increasing demand for electric-driven washers on the farm, till the engine-driven machine is pery popular and has proved a most economical ver
Generally speaking, washer manufacurers make their machines so that they can be
Engine-driven washers may be divided to two principal divisions: those which have a small engine-usually $1 / 2$ horse power-attached to the machine, and
hose which are driven from larger ngines, which are used for other purposes The machine with engine attached type is economical, and is a favorite model
where electric power cannot be obtained. Then there is the washing machin Then there is the washing machine andled by putting in a line shaft and unning it from a $13 / 4$ or $21 / 2 \mathrm{~h}$. p. engine. para this line shat the washer, churn, can all be operated.

## The Care of Power Washers

Washers should always be left with about an inch of clear water in the bottom
between wash days, and the lid should be between wash days, and the hid should be propped open a
A drop of oil should be put in all oil holes every wash day. Good sewing your washer regularly-nothing will add more to its life and satisfactory service. Donot overload the machine, and always enough water. Be careful with the wringer. Remember that there is enough power to pull a pair
of overalls with a heavy jack knife in the pocket through the rolls-but the rolls will go with them. When using a hand wringer, you naturally lessen the tension if the article is extra bulky, but a power ess. Watch therefore, and see that you are folded inside, and that nothing bulky is left in pockets. Between wash days, loosen the tension on the wringer spring
and see that the machine is not kept in the cold, as extreme cold spoils the resiliency of the rubber.

If you want particulars as to the best machine for your requirements Write tho Hous Hut Western Home Monthly and we wil endeavour to assist you fully in solv ing your wash-day problems.

## Choose the Right Washer First

## Let one of the Maytag Trio Do Your Work

四HE word "MAYTAG" has brought joy to thousands of women to whom wash-day has meant long hours of hard work. Women who have given up hope of owning a real power washing machine, because their homes are not equipped with electricity, find that either the MAYTAG Multi-Motor Washer, or the MAYTAG Belt-Power Washer offers all the advantages of the electric motor, and where electric power is obtainable, the MAYTAG Electric Washer emphasizes electric washing machine perfection. MAYTAG Washing Machines are perfect labor-saving units, and they sell at a price within the reach of every buyer.
 this washer to it, and eliminate wash

Multi-Motor machine, it is equipped day drudgery. Like the Multi-Motor machine, it is equipped housewife to wash and wring the clothes at the same time without effort and trouble.


This sturdy, wooden-tub electric, is built on the standard MAYTAG lines of MAYTAG excellence. It is equipped of MAY AAG excellence. with the MAY ringer washer and wiga besplited to standard ce. it mot mplo and uickly and without fus ; priced too.

## The Electric MAYTAG

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Curiosities of Explosives

## Continued from Page 24

ward
cone. plodes at a depth of, say, fifteen or twenty feet below the surface the action is entirely different. In that case the column of gases, bursting upward
through the water on the line of least resistance, mounts higher and higher in a shaft of nearly uniform diameter. You will see, therefore, that when such an ex-
plosion occurs under a ship the blast is very destructive.
The recent terrible explosion in Halifax Harbor was the most disastrous known. The ship was freighted with probably more than a thousand tons of T. N. T. besides a great cargo of munitions
charged with high explosives. I understand also that there were large quantities of inflammable liquids on board, especially gasoline. It would be hard to imagine a more dangerous cargo.

Volcanic Explosions
A Jacky on an English destroyer about half a mile away happened to be
standing by an open porthole watching


A submarine mine exploding
the vessel when it took fire. At the instant the great explosion occurre ed him-there was a vast blinding glare Not knowing what it was, he turned to a companion to ask him to take a look and at that moment the blast hit the destroyer and keeled it over, nearly bottom up. Small fragments of the wreck lacerating the Jacky's face and neck. lacerating. the Jacky's face and neck.
In that case the explosion was so tre
mendous that the deatruction on shore was wrought, not by the sound wave of propelled by the expanding gases. The blast of air travels, not like a wave of ound, but like a shot from a gun. In most explosions, of course, it would not ave done damage at such a great dis. Tre
Tremendous as are such explosions as ittle indeed York and Halifax, they are plosions that sometimes accompany volanic eruptions. Mother Earth is the reatest manufacturer of explosives. earth and trapped in large quantities in the neighborhood of volcanoes sometimes becomes heated to high incandescenceeated until it is no longer water or geam, with mingled oxygen and hydrogen, with a temperature far above
that at their dissociation. The gases may occupy a space no larger than the original water, and they consequently exert a pressure as great as the strong. $t$ dynamite.
The most notable volcanic explosion when that old extinct volcano, Krakato in the Strait of Sunda, which had been sleeping for two hundred years, was literally blown into the sky, by the pressure of the pent-up gases beneath it. That great eruption occurred in 1883-

## FOREARMED

The Town Corporation has resolved to lay out a new park. "We have not only resolved to do it," said a leading alderman; "the prepara-
tions are already under way" tions are already under way." done?" asked an unenlightened colleague.
"Why ${ }^{\text {W }}$, बxclaimed the alderman. "Why, we've got the 'Keep Off the Grass' signs all ready."

HE COULD PICTURE IT "Jones had just returned from his "annual" trip in his yacht, and was "I never saw such a storm in all my
"Pardon me, my friend, since you saw the storm, no doubt you can tell us what color it was." "Certainly, The wind blew and the

THE ESSENCE OF GOOD SENSE Very strong peppermints are grandpa's favorite confection. One day he waited slyly to see what she would say or do when she should discover the pungent flavor of the candy. A few minutes later he saw her take the partly eaten peppermint from her mouth and place it on a small table beside an open window. "What's the the candy?" "Oh, yes," replied Marjorie, "I like it, but I thought I'd let it cool for a little while."

## One Trial of Grape-Nuts

will do more than many words to convince you of the goodness of this wheat and barley food.
But it's worth saying that GrapeNuts contains all the nutriment of the grains, is ready to eat, requires no sugar and there's no waste.

Grape-Nuts is a Builder

## Poultry Chat

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Helen Vialoux, Charleswood

The results of the various egg-laying fatal to young chicks. If weather per ontests held this winter of 1919-1920 at different points in the Dominion, are
most interesting and encouraging to poultry raisers, demonstrating that ur Canadian hens are becoming more productive, and also, that strain and conutility breeds, as well as the leghorns, have made good records. In Nova Scotia, at Truro, the first egg-laying contest was conducted this past season, from the intense cold ( 37 days the thermomter registered below zero) a splendid official record was made by the hens. R. I. Reds were in the lead, followed by wo pens of Barred Rocks. At Ottawa Experimental Farm, 49 pens of 10 hens each entered the contest on Nov lst. Severe weather conditions prevailed hroughout the period of 21 weeks. Johnston, of Meaford, Ont., was one of he most suce winning aying 18 more eggs than any other pen uring the four coldest weeks of the winter, when 29 below zero was regisered sometimes.
Westerners have been greatly interested in the egg-laying contest now being
conducted at Brandon Experimental arm, which commenced on Nov. lst 1919 to run for 52 weeks. Up to March 21st two pens of white Wyandottes, each containing 10 birds are in the lead with recor. 2. Single comb Anconas with 658 eggs to their credit, took the third place. The egg breed "White Leghorns" ave not swept off the honors, though they have done fairly well. No doubt
the little birds with their high combs feel the cold more than the heavy utility asses. A pen of white Leghorns, owned by Howell, of Brandon, laid 453 eggs during the contest, to March 21st, at Brandon.
The members of the Winnipeg Poultry Sssociation are quite excited over The his country at present. It was patented in 1909 in London, England, and the nventor claims sex in eggs, as well as ertility, can be determine by its use. partment is testing the value of this ttle device in their hatching operations. Considering the Sexometer has been on he market 12 years, it has been a long "hae making a name for itself, and I raising. L. J. Fellows gave a demonstra. tion of its use, at the recent egg show, held in Winnipeg in April.
The care of young chicks is again a
timely topic, and the little details necessary in successful chick rearing, must be carried out without undue fussing. thousand every first essential. If incubator hatched have the brooder thoroughly cleaned
before-hand, and heated from 90 to 95 before-hand, and heated from 90 to 95
degrees. The heat of the chicks
will bring the temperature up to 100 degrees. This, of course, is only neces sary at first, chicks must gradually be hardened to a moderate temperature. market, and many good brooders on the out well especially if electric light works out well especially if electric light can
be used. On large plants the stove brooders seem much in vogue. They can be used in an ordinary colony house, at
moderate expense. A wire fence, or one made of ready-roofing cut to half its width, placed around the stove, is needed They will cuddle down in the most comfortable place, without crowding together, chirping as they drop off to sleep. Rest means as much to the baby chick as heat. Watch a hen, she constantly calls rest them under her wings to cuddle and particular. Chicks soon learn to run to the hover or source of warmth, and like all other young things can be taught. Gradually the enclosure round their hre run of the house. Draughts must
the rand
fatal to young chicks. If weather per-
mits, a run-way from the brooder house to the little out-door yard should be fixed up and a portion of their time can be
spent outside. Root up some sods fo spent outside. Root up some sods for
them to pull to pieces, and enjoy. A 10 days old these chicks will be scratch ing "like veterans" if a piece of the yard grains in.

Incubator chicks need no food for sixty hours, when they will seem pretty hungry. The eggs that have been tested crumbs, when hard boiled scattered on grit and sand, make a good first feed but, baby chick food is always good, and contains all they need. Clean water and a dish of sour milk should be alway available for chicks. The sour milk, or milk, and furnishes chicks a suitable form of animal food. Pin-head oat meal rolled oats and cracked wheat, make change in their diet. Sand should be er, and the chick feed fed in the brood er, and the chick feed fed in fine chaff.
Clean shingles make feeding boards for the bread crumbs and egg. $A$ tablespoon of this is enough for a first feed. "Little and of ten" is a reliable rule for feeding little chicks. Five times per day is right. At night give them all they want, at other times keep them a bit
hungry, as chicks, if permited, will always eat more than is good for them. When a hen and her brood leave the nest see that a good strong coop is ready. In early spring have it floored, later on,
when the grass is green, I prefer a coop when the grass is green, I prefer a coop
without a floor, as there is nothing like green grass for chicks to play on. The chicken coop should be moved to a fresh spot of ground once a week. In April, ome fine chaff on the ground makes a Rats are numerous
Rats are numerous this spring, and traps or rat corn should be used to get
rid of them. Safeguard the chicks at night, using a wooden cover in front of the coop, with a little mesh-wire opening for ventilation. Movable floors are needed if the rats are bad, as the "varmints"
will not burrow under them, and the chicks are thus safe at night.
If the coops leak, the ready-roofing, sold everywhere nowadays, will fix them up at little expense. I have known rats to creep up through a small opening in a coop and kill several young turkeys from
under a hen, at night. There is nothing more discouraging than hatching chicks, or turks, to be gobbled up by rats, or skunks.
White-wash, made with lime is - a necessity in the chícken yard. In my pinion, all coops shoull on the outside The spring, especially on the outside
The brooder and brooder house, if used several seasons, need a coat of white wash to disinfect and keep down the lice and mites. Brooder chicks and hen hatched chicks, both need a weekly dust-
ing with insect powder. Five minutes given to this often neglected duty, may save no end of trouble in the flock.
The province of Saskatchewan is lead ng the way in regard tor making an im provement in the egg trade. The new regulations ceme in force on June 11 1920, and every dealer, either wholesale eggs, and a suitable place to candle con signments of eggs shipped to them for sale and candling. Records must be kept on file. All bad eggs must be rejected and carelessness in handling eggs be eliminated. The Act reads: "Every person
who receives eggs for sale, or on consign ment from producers, or purchases eggs from producers for sale, at wholesale or
retail, shall candle all eggs offered to him, and no such person shall sell or buy should banish rotten eggs from the Sask market, and should prove a boon. The Federal Live Stock Products Act, in force now two years, has raised the standard of Canadian eggs for export from Canada, wonderfully, so Canadian eggs have a premium ish markets to-day. Very soon,
the English provinces will adopt this same
all of our premer

Classified Page for People's Wants
If you want to buy or sell anything in the line of Poultry, Farm Property, Farm
Machinery, or iy ou want Help or Employment, remember that the Classified
Adpertisment Columns of The western Home Monthly are always ready to adoernsem

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Mass.
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louse, London, Ont. PROTECT YOUR CHILDREN! Secure your copy of "What a Young, Boy (or Girl)
ought to Know, from Eaton's before it is
oo late. Children's Protective Society. 4 4-21 HAIR GOODS
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FOR SALE-Edison Amberola Phonograph, record cabinet to match, with 56 golen ald
indestructible records ali in excelle
 guaranteed. Other big bargains in phono-
graph outfits at $\$ 21, \$ 35, \$ 47.50$ and $\$ 65$, with records. Write for record lists free. Lam.
bert's, 815 Alexander Avenue, Winnipeg. $5-20$ FOR SALE - Two foxhounds, registered Russian Wolfhound, five registered grey-
hounds and pups of both breeds. These ofogs hold Saskatchewan record for coyote catching
and killing. Pheasant Valley Kennels, Aber.
nethy, Sask.
O.20
meeasure. No fee is charged for a dealer's license in eggs, but they must register, handlied.
J. E. Rhoades, Ottawa, won out in the whole contcst of 22 weeks at Ottawa. Barred Rocks pen laying 747 eggs in
that period. Both individual and general performance placed his birds first. "Good for the Barred Rock, she will always hold for the Bar

Save Soap Ends
In the bathroom keep a wide mouthed
jar, and into it put the odds and ends
of soap. When it is three-fourths full,

WANTED-Young women over 18 years of

 is approved by State Board of Massachusetts.
10 pper month is given to cover cost of uni-


PATENTS


POULTRY
 man's Aristocrats direct, pullet mating. Eggs,
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 International laying contests, six years, sixprizes. Orders booke. 85 and 88 per sefting
John Watson, Cromdale Poultry Yards ELIMGROVE FARM-Egge for hatching White and Barred Rocks, White Wyandottese
and Rhode Ioland Red at $\$ 2.00$ per 13 ; 5.60
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 EGGS FOR RATCHING-Barred Rocks
 HATCHING EGGS from Houdans, single
comb White and BGack Leghors and Roks.
Drop a card for price list. Fred Krell, Port
Dover, Ont. PUREBRED BARRED ROCK EGGS
 PURE-BRED BARRED ROCK EATGMY!


STAMMERING

fill the jar with boiling water, add the juice of a lemon, and a teaspoonful of ghicerine, and you will have soap jelly,
which whiten and soften the hands.

## Little Noises About the House

If the door creaks, apply a little kerosene to the hinges; if a drawer sticks, rub the sides and end edges with laundry soap; if a bed slat squeaks with every movement of the sleeper, silence it by covering the ends with felt or newspaper,
or bypping several rubber bande


## LUXURIES AND NECESSARIES

In Canada，a minor，that is，a girl under eighteen or a boy under twenty－one，is not legally compelled are classed as luxuries．The statute，however，do not set forth just what luxuries are．The decision on that point is left to the judge who is generally
guided by the minor＇s＂station in life．＂The purpose guided by the minor＇s＂station in irie． ．The purpose
of the statute，of course，is to prevent unscrupulous
people from taking addantage of those who have not pet come to years of discretion．
Many interesting cases have been fought over this statutu，and it is sometimes very difficult to tell where affects the whole community was the recent decisio on the control of newsprint paper，the opinion being that it was not a neeessary under the terms surrounding the presentation of the case．
to have in mind a general idea of those things whic are necessary to his work and well－being，as contrasted with thossery things which border on the luxurious． luxury，by the way，is defined as＂A free or extravagan indulgence in the pleasures of the table，or in costly for personal graticication．A neecsity，on the other
hand is spoken of as being＂such as must be；that hand is spoken of
which is requisite．

## TWO YEARS LOST

Some time ago，I heard of a lady who voiced regret at the fact that her child who wished to go o to the city， had been compelled through circumstances to stay at
home and work in a little Manitoba village．The home and work in a little Manitcoba village．Th lady expressed her conviction
child＇s ifife had been wasted．＂
It is to be hoped that such ideas are not general for they indieate a regrettable lack of appreciation of local opportunities．I know the town in question．It is surrounded by a splendid farming district；it has a
pood public and high school，and is served by railway good public and high school，and is served by railway
facilities to an exceptional extent；business is brisk and there are many local banking and governmental
institutions that offer possibilities for careers and institutions that offer possibilities for careers and public service，
Time spent in work well done can never be regarded is liost，and work is worth doin

## IN A DETOUOT MANNER

Carlyle wrote：＂A man cannot make a pair of shoes rightly y unless he do it in a devout manner，＂and of all wisest．There is too much in the world to－day of poor work＂covered up．＂This applies not only to physical things but to service in professional and other spheres The tendency of the age is to distract a man＇s attention，
causing him to scatter his energies and his allegiance． A man cannot serve two masters，and many community would reap substantial benefits if men could get back the spirit that produced master workmen， men whose first care was the quality of their work．
Why should things be made in a devout spirit？
Because Why should things be made in a devout spirit？Because creation．They were provided for our use，and not for abuse，and they are to be held in trust as sacredly
as ever a great trust company regards the administra－ as ever a great trust company re
tion of estates under its control
tion of estates under its control $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do not forget this－a } \\ & \text { piece of leat }\end{aligned}$ tree or a river－these things are to be held in trust and used devoutly．There are eternal reasons for this， and in an indirect way，enlightened governments recognize the principle；witness our own Canadian
Commission of Conservation．Which，think you，is Commission of Conservation．Which，think you，is devout manner，or one thrown together on a speculative basis？
Corroborative thought is found，too，in Ruskin，who
says that＇if stone work is well put together it says that if stone work is well put together，it means
that $a$ thoughtul man planned $i$ it，and a careful man cut it，and an honest man cemented it．＂

## TOURS SINCERELY

How many thousands of times have these words concluded letters of friendship and of business，but how many times have they been written in the full knowledge of their meaning and significance？
Two explanations are given．The words are from the Latin，sinine，without，and cera，wax；so that when we ign＂Yours sincerely．＂we are saying in effiect，＂Yours without wax．＂The first explan atrets with baskets of honey，calling＂Honey without wax，＂while the second is that in contracts calling for the erection of come buildings，the stipulation was ，made that the
cement used should be＂sine cera，＂without wax． Evidently，even in those days，there were men who were disposed to make an extra，margin of profit by the
substitution of an inferio article．So that＂＂Wours
subter

## The Young Man and His Problem

By H．J．RUSSELL，P．C．I．， St．John＇s Technical High School，Winnipeg

## 

## THE ROMANCE OF WORDS

This is the title of a little book to which I often refer and which indicates that words，like things material，are an inheritance，possessing in many cases
a most interesting history．Among the many words most interesting history．Among the many words deacient，asset，banish，beverage，bulwark，cancel，
nincer cartridge，catch，delight，s deliberate，demure，eager， embarrass，employ，feeble，grief，infantry，remainder． If you will take the trouble to look up any one or more that their derivations will furnish you withy some very interesting facts．

## MENTAL AND PHYSICAL WORK

In speaking of work，we commonly hold in mind ends is also work．Indeed， $\mathbf{a}$ close study will show enhat the two kinds of work cannot be separated．All physical activity requires some degree of mental
effort，and all mental effort is bound up with some effort，and all mental effort is bound up with some or physical according as the one or the other of these two kinds of effort is predominant．
The work of the physician，the legislator，the teacher， or the preacher，is called mental work．The manage ment of an industry，whether great or small，falls in the and all men who follow trades，are classed as physical workers．The same is true of farmers，miners， employees of railways and the like．The impression me gleaned is that the common distinction between is of sight impor world，and both must be considered in a study of industry．－H．C．Adams．

THE DEVELOPMENT OF ADVERTISING
In point of expenditure，advertising is now one of the Ireatest of industries and yet from the point of view England，newspaper advertising was first in evidence during the seventeenth century，in such publications as Mercurius Politicus，the Kingdom＇s Intelligence and the Publick Advertiser．
in these papers，tea，coffee and cocoa were adver－ Tea：＂That excellent and by all Physitians approved China drink，called by the Chineans Teha，by other Cons＂．，
only upon little trees in the d called Coffee，growing only upon little trees in the deserts of Arabia．It is a Cocoa：＂An excellent West India drink called Chocolate．＇
Many years ago，Dr．Johnson declared that the trade of advertising had so nearly reached perfection What would he have said to advertisements costing a thousand dollars or more for one pape in one issue？ place side by side with the news of the day．As the news gatherer and publisher strive to collect and disseminate reliable and accurate information about current events，about the world of men and things，so the modern advertiser tries to inform the reader where and at the right prices．

## DON＇T GENERALIZE．

The disposition to draw a general conclusion from ne or two instances that favor it is an almost universa fault．It warps the judgment，disturbs the feelings and influences everything we do．
a man wrote me a letter complaining of hard hearted employers，and venting his wrath on al employers in one breath．He gave an instance of $a$ stenographer who，after working over a year withou missing a day，was home for two days，and on
returning found her position permanently filled by another．The manager said that as her health was uncertain they fell they must make other arrangements． No one denies that such an act was a breach of the
law of business ethics．But the important thing to law of business ethics．But the important thing to
know is that it is not a typical case．It affords no foundation whatever for criticism against emplover as a class．Numerous instances might be cited where employers have paid salaries for months and even
vears to an unfortunate and unprofitable employee－ years to an unfortunate and unprofitable employee．－
W．P．Warren．

ロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロ

## tHE RESPONSIBILTTIES OF THE EMPLOYEE

One of the most difficult problems which confronts industry in all its branches is the question of labor
turnover．Investigations held recently showed that one organization in one year completely changed the personnel of its employees．To improve this situation， a number of firms now engage in a very thorough
analysis designed to ascertain the fitness of any appli－ cant for a position．But the plan goes farther than this．After the applicant has been at work for a stated time，he is required to fill in the following form
which I am amive in full，because it affords a very fine opportunity for self－analysis，and helps to deter－ mine the responsibility of the employee to himself， as well as to his employer．
Read the questions care
mental rating each carefully and give yourself a Why did you seek emplo
Has your experieace with this with this concern？ as to make you believe you are in the right place？ Do you find your work too difficult or hours too long？ Do you like the products you are handling？If not，
mention other lines you would prefer． mention other inese you would prefer．
What is your greatest ambition in life？
Are you making definite plans to attain it
What were your last three positions，and how did you like them？
Are you subject to illness frequently？
Give date and duration of last illness？
What are you doing to improve your health？
What are you doing to improve your knowledge of the business？
Do you read the newspapers？If so，which ones？ than those in the department in which yon other ployed？ What is your school education？

In what studies are you particularly proficient？ Have you any bad habits which would interfere
Do you have difficulty in getting along with your associates？
Are you honest in word and deed？
Are you especially fitted for some kind of work not
now being carried on？If so what？ Do you believe in working up to full capacity？
Do you experience difficulty in figuring sales checks？ Are you economical in providing for personal needs？ Are there any business problems you would like explained？
Do you read the advertising and other literature issued by this organization．
Have you noticed
which might be improved．If so what？department Do you believe that you are progressing rapidly enough in your work

## EXPLICITNESS

Dr．Fernald，well known as an educator and author， relates what he describes as a perfect example of brief
explicitness as contained in a despatch from the explicitness as contained in a despatch from the English commander，Clive，to his native ally：
＇Tell Meer Jaffer to fear nothing．I will join him with three thousand men who never turned their
backs．Assure him that I will march day and night backs．Assure him that I will march day and night
to his，relief，and stand by him as long as I have a man
left， Everything is said：that the commander will be there ein person；the number of his force；their quality there tried person，thene number or dis sorce；their quality
of unfinching steadfastness；and all in forty－two words， that stir the blood like a trumpet blast．

## THE ENERGY OF THE ATOM

1 That there is enough energy in one atom of radium Flow to the top of submerged German fleet in Scapa is the assertion recently made by Sir in Scotland， who，whatever may be thought about his opinions in regard to spiritualism，holds manquestionably the on radio－activity．The world world as an authority science ever finds means of releasing atomic energy to its utmost，civilization will be so organized as to protect itself against such terriffe power of destruc－
tion being used improperly
Until civilization tion being used improperly．Until civilization is so organized，eivilization will be safer with such a
tupendous secret locked in the serecy of These reflections are prompted by the recent cable despateh from London which told of the concentra－ tion of certain radio－active material by a long，
difficult and costly process，resulting in about a tea spoonful of a certain salt，of raditing in about a tea－ Which was so highly powered that it has to be kept in a Tead safe veighing one and a half tons．It cost nearly $£ 100.000$ to secure it；of course，it is in－ calcuiably far froin possessing the power of giving
off fully its energy．Any radio－active material off fully its energy．Any radio－active material exceedingly small fraction of its energy．The horrors of the world war wive stion its energy．The horrors hankynness that himanaty in is far as as is from for


## Lift off Corns with Fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit and "Freezone" costs only a few cents


You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.
Apply a few drops of "Freezone" upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or sore ness. Truly! `No humbug!

Tiny bottle of "Freezone"" costs
fow aente at any drus store
THICR, SWOLLEN GLANDS that makea horse Wheeze, or Choke-d
reduced with
ABSORBINE
also other Bunches or Swellings. Noblister no hair gone, and horse kept at work. Eco nomical -only a few drops required at an appli-
cation. $\$ 250$ per bottle delivered. Book 3 R free GBSOBBIIE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Cysts, Wens, Painful, Swollen
Veins and Ulcers. $\$ 1.25$ a bottle at dealers of delivered. Book "Evidence"] free.
W. Yo Young, Inc., 138 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Wbsorbline and Absorblne. JJr., are made In Caoade
THE BEST LINIMENT
On PIIN KILLER FOR the human boas Gaustic Balsam


## The Woman's Quiet Hour

## By E. Cora Hind

This summer, for the first time, the members. The gain in numbers is hardly women of Manitoba will vote in a Proing that this should happen on the fiftieth Manitoba the province. The birth of Elections travelled a long, long way from Beggs" "Ten years in Wine quote from Beggs' "Ten years in Winnipeg," lawyers, only one doctor, no city council, only one policeman, no taxes-nothing but freedom, and though lacking several
other so called advantages of civilization, other so called advantages of civilization,
we were, to say the least of it tolerably we were, to say the least of it tolerably
virtuous and unmistakably happy." Fromp the same source we learn something of the first election to the legislature of
Manitoba which took place on Friday Manitoba which took place on Friday,
December 20th, 1870. On that date 24 members were elected and from these the first cabinet was formed consisting of
Hon. M. A. Girard, Provincial Treasurer Hon. Alfred Boyd, Provincial Secretary; H. J. Clarke, Attorney-General; Hon. Thos. Howard, Minister of Public Works :and Agriculture.
From Beggs' "Ten Years in Winnipeg" we learn further that "The first parliament of Manitoba will be held in the house of A. G. B. Bannatyne, the best
and most commodious building in Winnipeg, and occupying a central position with regard to the province generally." As a matter of fact the house of 24 meant-at-arms, visitors' gallery and pres geant-at-arms, visitors gallery and press 17 by 20 feet and succeeded even in those cramped quarters in doing excellent work for the little province then launched as a part of the great Dominion of Canada The legislative assembly of 1870, had they been told that women would vote and sit in the parliament of Manitoba,
would doubtless have thought the prophet of those days quite mad.
There is little doubt that women will run in the coming election and that some of them will be returned. The assembly
elected in 1920 will be gorgeously housed elected in 1920 will be gorgeously housed
in the new parliament buildings, and will in the new parliament buildings, and will
consist of 56 instead of the original 24

\$1,000,000
TO LOAN If you must borrow make your mortgage an asset rather than a liability.
This can be done by taking ad vantage of our offer. wRITE US.


Dyed Her Faded Skirt, Also a Coat
"Diamond Dyes" Make Shabby Apparel Just Like New-So Easy!

Don't worry about perfect results. Use "Diamond Dyes," guaranteed to give a whether wool, silk, linen, cotton or mixed goods,-dresses, blouses, stockings, skirts, children's coats, draperies,-everything
A Direction Book is in package A Direction Book is in package.
To match any material, have dealer show you "Diamond Dye" Color Card.

A | COMBINGS |
| :---: |
| Special |
| to Ladies | to Ladies

Any amount of combings made up for \$2.00. New hair ad ded, if desi
from $\$ 2.00$ worth up.

15c. postage.
Ail toilet articles carried.
ELITE HAIR PARLORS
283 Smith St., Winnipeg, Man.






## MAY 1920

The Woman's Quiet Hour Continued from page 80
Frequently I am asked what class of Themen should run for the legislature? but it is one which I have arrived a Who Should Go? after giving the matter thought and it given to readers of this page for what they think it is worth native born Canadians (the opportunity for the naturalized Canadian will 3 me later). They should be married wom in or widows, and I do not think that any
woman under thirty-five should be eleetwoman under thirty-five should be eleet-
ed, for the first few years at least. I'lhey should be mothers of families and if they have had a teacher's or nurse's experience before marriage so much the better. There should be women from boti country and city constituencies.
native born Canadians because they will be best able to express the viewpoint of the Canadian women and will have a better knowledge of what are Canadian ideals. They should be married wómen
and mothers so as to have the home and mothers so as to have the home
adequately represented in the councils of the province or the nation. There is mother heart to the nation than many a married woman, but speaking broadly the married woman with a family is and home interests. They should not be under 35 not only because younger women will, as a rule, have less mature judgment, but because younger married women would not generally be in a posiwithout neglecting or seeming to neglect the care of their children. Lastly, a training as a teacher or nurse would give a woman the poise and first-hand knowledge to handle questions of public health and education not possible to the nonProbably many made out a case, and this may be true but there is a firm conviction in my mind that these requirements are essential for the first women members of a legislative
assembly or for the Dominion House. It will be fatal to the cause of women if women are run merely for the sake of having women in the house without the best possible qualifications for the tasks ahead of them. Later when the presence of wornen in all legislative bodies has outstanding qualifications might do little harm, but on the start only the most truly representative women should be asked to run or should receive the suff better to have another house elected without a woman in it than to send to the next legislative assembly any but those who have all round qualifications and a broad experience of life. People are apt to forget that a membe broad view of the needs, not alone of the constituency, but of the whole province and also the position of that province in the Dominion.

In the February issue a number girlhood favorites were quoted, and A. M., of Winnipeg, has sent me a Maxims stating that she, too, had come across some old copy books an to write up to 17 , maxims had possessed peculiar fascination for her. Here ar be alone than in "uter

Do not look for wrong and evil,
As youl find them if you do,
He will measure back to you."
"Palaces are dreary domes,
If there be no happy homes
And manners mild."
Continuing, A. M. states that she finds Damony her favorite poems, "The Rainy nocms along those lines, but in later life ans developed $x$ real love for the kumor-

The Western home Monthly

Country Boys Excel On The Mouth Organ
Country boys are the best mouth organ players in Canada to-day. City folks noticed how frequently in the evening they hear the farmers' boys going home in buggies or automobiles playing mouth organs. And the visitors usually com ment on the quality of the playing Thesef lads have been in town shopping or at market. They make the most of going through the familiar and popular airs most of which they know about as player their city cousins, because the player piano and the phonograph fave centres out to the farm homes, and that without any loss of time. There is a large sale of mouth organs in country towns, not to young fellows who merely criminating buyers who want a partic ular kind and who know a good organ when they try it.
ional matter is now active in educa his friends by his prowess in murprises organ playing. When a boy at mouth he used to spend the summer holidays in teaming boxes of merchandise from four or five miles out in father's store It was during these came proficient on the mouth organ His own comment was that he got a great deal of satisfaction out of what some folks would call a very humble take care not to all. City boys should to get a monopoly of mouth organ play ing.

What Makes Value of a Song
Harry Hadley, the American opera composer, asserts that the value of a puts upon it. In other words, the worth of a song to any audience is in direct proportion to the value it has to the
artist singing it. Dicie Howell also believes that the value of a song lies in its power to move the singer and that he will arouse in his audience the same appeal that the song creates in him. On the other hand, Amparito Far-
rar claims that the value of a song derar claims that the value of a song de-
pends entirely upon the mood and type pends entirely upon the mood and to yp
of audience. Thus soldiers going to war want hopeful cheering music, while on returning from war, they want a sweetly sentimental ballad or a folk song. So
too an audience composed of musicians would appreciate a song with more com plex melody, while a lay group would
desire something that did not have too much technique.
In order to be of value a song must be striking in originality and delicately fine. These are the requirements as
Inez Barbour sees them. Reginald Werrenrath 'also believes that the worth of a song depends upon the artistry of the composition combined with the power of the singer to make that artistry live in the minds and hearts of his hearers.
In shont, he believes that a worth while song must reflect life.
Marcia Van Dresser not only favors these points, but even goes farther. In her opinion, a song in order to be of
value must not only have excellent value must not only have excellent
unison of words and notes, suit the singer vocally, and reflect life, but like a story it must have logical sequence, a climax and a direct message, which must be an emotional one, not a pensive

NONSENSE VERSE
The moon is up, the moon is up! The lark begins to fly, And like a drowsy buttercup, Dark Phoebus skims the sky; The elephant with cheerful voic The bats and beetles all rejoice, Then let me, too, be gay.
I would I were a porcupine, And wore a peacock's tail; To. Morrow if the moon but shine,
Perchance I'll be a whale. Then let me like the cauliflower Be merry while I may, Ane, ere there comes a sunny hour


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ASailor's Tale of the Spiritualists and the Gale Continued from page 32
came to tell you about the spirits I came met. $\begin{aligned} & \text { It was this way. Dory mate says to }\end{aligned}$ me:- "Do you want to see your "grandmother's spirit?
"Never had none," I told him.
"How about talkin' to an deceased mother or wife, matery ?"
"Not guilty again," I told him. "I was found under a cabbage leaf, I guess."
"Well, you're just the high jinks for a spirit meetin'. None of the ghostesses will belong to you, see ?" he questioned. That night matey and I blew up a
dark street and planked down a good dark street and to join the gang. They was dollar each to jo and snufflin' women, too. All seated in a big double circle an all holdin' hands.
"What for?" I whispered.
"Search me!" he answered louder. "None of that rough house or pickpockgruff spirit. "Would any lady or gentleman here like to be photographed with a spirit?"
said a fat old girl, who was squattin' on a sort, of a low thrown soap box, 1 guess.
One of the snufflers fell for that, an' was led into the next room, and later ghostesses on it.
"You will all take hands and sing We will gather at the river.' "And out went the lights an' a scrawly lookin'
curtain wriggled with the words on it curtain wriggled with the words on it
in fire. In fire. feelin' spooky like, if you know What that is, when a voice came out of sage for him; will a sailor who expects one answer!"
"That's you," says matey.
"Guilty! I mean here," says I
Then "We fat party on the soap box says: "Was your mother a beautiful
lady?" "Yes," says I.
"A sweet voiced woman?"
"Yes!" I spouts.
"Well, listen." (Her voice changed, and she said in a little squeak): " My
"Yes 'm," I said.
Yill cour sister's child is ill-the money business., Keep mour share in the bank." "Yes ' m , yes 'm. Who's got it now?" 1 asked.
"Use the liniment, sell the fruit before it rots, take care of the street cars and accept the bl girl.
in the dark. A tambourine swing about far up on the black wall began to rattle. A white head and face and arms swung about above in front of us, and many of the snufflers groaned and said "Oh!" and ca! and "My!" and lots of other said good-bye to our dollars and slipped off to the boat.
Our mates said we weresuch and so liars Whenever we told them about this ghost party. Finally we dared them to go, and the whole bunch accepted for the next evening, and promised to lection for something to "help keep things for something to "help and he slunk off and bought them that very afternoon. Now there were just twenty of us,
and the room only and the room only held about forty, so that's why the first of us arrived there at eight sharp. "Squeanch," or what-
ever it was, was announced for eightthirty sharp.
I knew I knew whenever pards arrived by
their heavy breathin'? Soon every seat was filled. I looked at the black walls and the gravestone standin' there. And the tambourine up in the corner and and the soapbox thrown, and in comes
the fat the fat party.
First of ail she brought a slate and showed it to us, and then she asked us to close it, and pretty soon she open.


ed it with a nice message "to a sailor" written on it
Then we wrote notes and put them in through to the back wall where to getea basket, and she answered them without openin' the basket. Pretty slick, "Now holds hands and sing "Spirits of the blest."
Out went the lights and out flaghed the spookey looking fire letters on the blackboard or cloth. Then came the voice: "Listen, while I speak to you."
"Oh, rats!" "I have a message for you," "I'm only a flapper!" came al most the very same voice. I knew it was cookee's voice inter. rupting.
The spirit went on: Do not joke, this
is serious I seek to speak to is serious I seek to speak to a married man who has just lost his wife." "That's me," said cookee. "Listen: I am getting weak. You
must take her back. She was faithful." men the voice died away and the banjo "tump tumped" and swung above us and the tambourine rattled at the white face and arms swung around, and low sweet music played and one dozen
good flashlights burst out among the good flashlights burst out among the
crew. There was the old fat girl grinnin' on
the thrown, and there stood a tall thin girl half in and half out of the wall of black cloth. One man grabbed a
black string that ran from the fat one's black string that ran from the fat one's
foot to the tambourine, and the banjo foot to the tambourine, and the banjo
fell off the wires as soon as a black hat fell off the wires as soon as a black ha sailin' up from the back chairs. ain't anywheres near full yet!"


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The Life of the Silkworm
Few occupations seem more delicate and kindly than that of silkworm culture. In Japan at First Hand Mr. Joseph 1. C. Clarke gives an unusually interest. ing picture of it as seen under the guid-1 ance of a young girl in a gray kimono who exhibited in a loving way the
various stages of worm life. First, says various stages or tho
the author, the shoji, or sliding door of a wooden shed, was pushed open, revealing a dusky interior, and a boy came carefully forward bearing a tray out of many scores seen dimly on racks within. The tray was about two feet by four,
covered with shredded mulberry leaves and showing the silver-white bodies of hiundreds of silkworms writhing lazily among the bright green shreds of leaf. All seemed one wriggling mass at first, but the dainty fingers of O Suza San
pointed to differences. These particular pointed to differences.
worms, two inches long, she esaid, were worms, two inches $10 n g$, she said, were not approach too close to them; they are sensitive to human breath. They sicken with a blast of air. They die of bad

"No, they do not sneeze." Then she No, they io not sneeze, as in an she
gave me a sidelong glance, as if asking
whether I meent it.
I noticed that the worms had faint but pretty markings of yellowish brown. up to the surface through the mulberry leaves, and surely they did eat voraciousiy, their little Jaws closing on the Juicy scraps like little pincers. Listening closely, I heard a faint, low cation. "They eat like that all the time for leaves five or times in the night. Look, here is one gone to sleep! !
head until it in quoked like a minised its contour of the raven ships of the Norsemen with their figureheads, and so it remained
"There is one that will be asleep in a few minutes,"s she said.
lifting and dropping its heas swaying, "And then what ?"
"Then it, will be transferred to make its cocon."
It takes thirty-three days for a worm, from the time it ceases to be an egg, to reach the making of its cocoon. With
every batch of worms a certain few of the finest are selected for breeding. These are laid aside, and the butterfly. is permitted to eat its way out of the completed cocoon-which it does after twenty-one days. It is a handsome but-
terfly, but it never flies feeding it is placed in a little round box an inch and a half in diameter, one of many that are laid in rows on a sheet of thick paper. In those boxes the butterfiles lay their hundreds of eggs-little
dots-in concentric circles. "Then they die," said $\mathbf{O}$ Suza San with real pity in her tone.
The eggs hatch, and the resulting little threadlike worms are brushed of with a fine hair brush, placed on the tenderest
buds of the mulberry and at once begin buds of the mulberry and at once begin
to feed for four or five days until their first sleep. They sleep two days, and then repeat the sequence a second, third and fourth time. They grow rapidy, and after the fourth sleep they are fed for
a week and are ready to spin. a week and are ready to spin.
Then they are placed on mats to which
bent straws are fastened bent straws are fastened. They climb
the straws to the highest point and there they begin giving forth the silk in a fine golden stream that as it hardens to a thread they wind about them. He-or is it she?-has a grand time for a month,
but that is the end of him-or her. About but that is the end of him-or her. About farmer places him in a to comal out the where he is heated and overheated until he gives up his ghost. But then the glory of his silkiness begins, for 0 Suza
San or some other fine-fingered, cleareyed daughter of Japan will tear off the outer skin of the cocoon and finding an will place it in in a lous glittle flistening thre machine
invented $\underset{a}{\text { invented in Italy, and unwind it all upon }}$


## Ably Assisted

## By Jeannette Cooper

DID you notice t gray, Diana?" eyebrows as a polite recognibeen addressed, and continued to read. "The one at the next table who talked all through breakfast; what do you think is the matter with her, Di ? inquiring young cousin: "She is in the New Thought, Gracie," she said.
"Yes!", broke in Peter, who was just
behind his sister. "Shes got the New behind his sister. "She's got the New Thought with a string around its neck."
"What is the New Thought, Diana ?"
"Give it up, Honey."
"Wive it I up, Honey," thought," said Grace, "that she talked as if you were what you thought you were." Peter bent a glance of deep admiration on his sister.
"By jove, Gracie, you're a wonder!" he murmured. "And you got all that by just listening to a conversation that wasn't meant for you. Now I think I am
"Keep still, Peter! Say, Di-" I Miss Sinclair glanced up again. "Did witherstand an apartment in this hou werel each she
she
 New Thbught," said Grace, "and, besides, ${ }^{\text {my }}$ and coom., ${ }^{\text {is }}$ warm, and yours is nice "Hiss Sinclain, "or the parlor?" suggested Miss Sinclair, "or the piazza, or the sum-mer-house, or
woods, , the tennis court, or the
"I never thought to see such hospitality," said Peter; "but I only dropped in to say farewell.,
"Well, Diana," said Grace, in a voice of determination, "you know that Mr ,
Gresham I introduced to you last night Gresham I introduced to you last night?"
"Certainly she knows him after you introduced him,", said Peter helpfully. "You know," Di, he is staying at the
Hunting Club," Hunting Club."
"Yes", said Diana, with polite interest.
"Well, I met him on the links before Weakfast, and he thinks you are Mrs Sinclair."
that I am not
"But I didn't.
wfully nice Id It. You see, Di, is winter at Unce. I used to see him last

Grace at last had not only an atten-
tive but a convulsed audience. She
was standing on one foot and kicking
a manner retained from childhood for
moments of embarrassment, but she eyed
her cousin and her brother argumenta-
mirth, as they wiped away the tears of "Did you call her Mrs. Sinc

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { nanded Peter. She nodded. } \\
& \text { "But anyone can see it in t }
\end{aligned}
$$

you silly."
"Silly yourself! $I$ put in front of her name so that it looks like Peter gasped. "Do ou know whe Peter gasped. "Do ou know where you will bring up, young lady""
"And I called you Mrs. Sinclair to the clerk, too," said Grace, who had regained her assurance now that the news was broken, "and if you go around correcting me, Di, we'll get ourselves talked about."
"Wouldn't that jiggle you!" said Peter "Wouldn't that jiggle you!" said Peter, "I think, Grace," began Miss Sinclair, with sternness, and then the absurdity of it came over her and she broke into laughter. "There is only one thing
she said, when she had got her breath she said, when she had got her breath,
"you can keep your Mr. Gresham at a you can keep your Mr. Gresham at a
distance. I don't like widowers. prefer the young and fair-the Jackson "He isn't a widower."
"He isn't a widower."
said Peter. Jackson boy isn't widower
"Mr. Gresham isn't a widower." He's a bachelor.

"Good heavens!" said Peter. "And you are trying to put Diana off with an
old bachelor. Have you no family feel. old bachelor. Have you no family feel number of high grade used organs in good condition and appearance. Each one has been thoroughly overhauled, and is in perfect working
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| UXBRID | 6 | 11 |  |  |
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1859 Sarth Sitreet REGINA SASK.
ing?" do wish you'd keep still, Peter. He's awfully popular, Diana; he is so
clever, and so handsome, and-" clever, and so handsome, and and waved an impatient hand
Diana "Whatever he is," she said, "don't expect me to entertain him. Why, he must be nearly forty,"
"Say," broke in the kind." doing some thinking. "Where is Mr Sinclair supposed to be?" "There isn't any. She's a widow", Indignation sat upon Peter's counten. ance. "I refuse right now to be a party
to anything of the kind," he protested firmly. "It is taking a mean advantage just because the' man isn't here.. Sit and laugh heartlessly if you will, Diana; I am not going to have Sinclair killed off in his absence."

Continued on Page 37


THE"some "thing" that makes people praise your baking


A Helpful Hint for Housekeepers
Whether you do your washing in the old fashioned tub, or in a new electric old fashioned tub, o
washing machine-


## Ably Assisted

Continued from Page 36
"Too are a ridicilousus pair," said Diana. Milly beause $\frac{1}{1}$ do not intend to see your oildery friend" - Grace sniffed indignant. 1 lierthat I do not insist upon your

 dand Sapphira,
 are Mrre. Sinclair you see you would be. led us, "eiacolateted Peter. "Let us klum ith my chilidren!"
On a green bench under a spreading tree ast Diana, and before her stood $M r$. Gresham. He was surveying her with
interest. Mrats. Sinclain, he said.
She looked up at him.,
"Oh, by your manner," he answered as if she had asked the question. "You refuse to have anything to do with me.
How often have I observed you and Grace and Peter having an hilarious time, but no matter how stealthy my approach,
low unobtrusive my attempt to share the gayety, you invariably seek the seclusion of sphin

You imagine-" she began.
"You are too honest to finish that," he said as she paused. "Besides, why should I imagine it? My opinion would natur-
ally be that you would be glad to ally be that you would be glad to have
me to talk to-considering the scarcity me to talk to-considering the scarcity of people. On the contrary, you never you up for it."
"I think this time I shall refuse to be held up," with a smile to temper the
decision in her voice. The more the decision in her voice. The more the
acquaintance grew the greater the complications. She picked up the book again deliberately.
"I will keep very still," he said. There was another green bench under the tree. He sat down on it and laid his hat
beside him. He did not even look at her. When she unwillingly glanced at him, over the top of her book, he had his head thrown back and was gazing up into the green branches. He was very gandsome. Mised up with Sidney Lanier's symphony when she returned to her book. She frowned and endeavored to concentrate her mind on the poem. Her
neighbor was abnormally quiet. neighbor was abnormally quiet. She
closed her book and rose. Instantly he was on his feet.
"If you have. finished reading I'll walk
up with you," he said. There was solemnity in his tone. She smiled in spite of herself.
"I have not finished reading, she said. " am going down by the brook obligingly. "There are cows." Frances Diana Sinclair sat down again on the seat she had just left. She did not know whether to be angry or not, Peter's voice came plaintively across the lawn, ard the panting Peter followed. "What is it?" she inquired with some
asperity, the situation getting on her asperity, "the situation getting on her
nerves." "It is that woman with the bird book," explained Peter in a tone of great three fields to listen to a Wheeler and Wilson thrush, and I caught a little sunstroke. And here were you, my appointed protector, having a nice, comfortHe dropped upon the bench beside her. "Did she ever attack you, Mr. Gresham?" he inquired.
fields," said Mr. Greshe across three fields," said Mr. Gresham. "She only asks me whether I've noticed the cloud
effects.")
"Th, "That's her," assented Peter. "I never
look at the clouds any more. I inquire in the morning if there are to be any effects, and if there are I stay in. I "I think you underrate that sun. stroke, Peter,", said Diana. that sun"Perhaps I do, Mrs. Sinclair," he mur-
mured, and Mr. Gresham noticed how she colored and then laughed. Her face was charming when she laughed, and the fact
that all her lauglter seemed to be
gainst her will mare it all the more alluring. She straightened out the curves in her red lips and looked at Peter severely.
"Where is Gr
Where is Grace?" she asked He's been leaving ever since we came; told me he only ram up for a day's fishing."
"How many guests are there?" Mr. resham appreciated Peter's presence as "Well, there's Mr.
reads Emerson between meals, and she says you are what you think you are"" thought I was an interesting and agreeable companion, and I am not." agreeDiana ruthlessly interrupted Peter's demand for light on this statement. "Why, here is Grace," she said, as if she had supposed that young person to be n China.
Grace and the Jackson boy came up,
smiling. Grace sat down beside Mr. Gresham and the Jackson boy dropped onto the grass. "Cish "Caught those fish yet, Jackson?" in-
quired Peter. quired Peter.
"No," said the Jackson boy, solemnly eyeing the sky. "I believe I'll go to-
morrow. It's been miserable weather for fishing."
"We have been telling Mr. Gresham about the guests," Peter observed, after he had wated successiuly for the Jack-
son boy to turn crimson. "We began son boy to turn crimson. that helps you with suggestions, "I wish so
"I wish some one would help you with a few in the way of manners," said
Grace sharply. "You simply monopolize conversation.’
"It is my one little gift. I do what I can with it. If I had your talents-", "There are only half a dozen guests," put in Diana, with some effect of haste.
She laid her hand on Peter's arm, and he subsided with a gentle grin at her. Mr. Gresham fell into a half-teasing conversation with Grace. His manner with her was charming, and such as the
Jackson boy could see without a pang. Jackson boy could see without a pang. twice at the badinage. He caught her, too, and smiled quizzically into her eyes. An air of peace hung over the group.
"Jove!" said Peter. "I wish William "Jove!" said Peter. "I wish Willia
could come on for the fishing." could come on for the fishing."
"William who?" demanded Grate
"William who?" demanded Gra
Mr. Gresham paused a little in something he was saying. Grace gave a start and glared at Peter. Diana, who had kept her youthful proneness to laugh
at the wrong time, smiled helplessly. "If he could come on for a week and bring Willie," pursued Peter. Diana gasped. Grace tried to conceal her unwilling mirth in the lace of her handkerchief. reter sat in placid and con
templative silence. templative silence.
"I am afraid," said the Jackson boy fishing."
"Not they," said Peter promptly. "Why, it wouldn't make any difference "Oh!" Diana appealed to the Jackson boy with sudden animation. "Will you come and show me where the fir balsam is?" she said. "I want to get some for
a pillow." She went across the lawn a pillow." She went across the lawn
with the Jackson boy. Mr. Gresham did not look up.
"Say, Diana,", whispered Peter at her widow. He did not say it in words a I, Peter, could see it He told words, aut that he would not be over to-morrow; he is going to Boston."

Mr. Gresham had been gone three days. Diana had taken advantage of the un interrupted solitude a deux to extract fom Grace and Peter a solemn promis band, departed or otherwise. Now, with a mind at ease she sat on the piazza on the afternoon of Mr. Gresham's return, and denied to herself that she found it a his tall gray-clad figure appeared at the turn in the drive. He came up the steps with his accustomed a.thletic stride and shook hands. Diana greeted him smilingly.
Grace and Peter, rackets in hand, came out from the house. "Come and have a


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othund in mines lose up to a whole 1,000 pounds of milk
por pound in
skimmed.
BETTER BUTTER. The fine curved wiscs in thin, even sheets The the, discs in thin, even sheets.
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broken. That means firmer, better broken. That means firmer, better $\underset{\text { Senfrew }}{\text { SKIMS }}$ EVERYTHING. One Renirew user writes. arded mile through my my
sour and curder
Renfrew separator, and got $21 / 2$ pounds of butter from it.
TRIFLING REPAIRS TRIFLING REPAIRS. "I have
had it eight years, and it has never
missed a skimming. All the exmissed a skimming. All the ex-
pense it has been to mie is one set
of brushes, one new rubber ring,

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Our Senate is Different
A tourist regrets that the windmills of Holland are disappearing. Let him cheer up and visit our Senate $s$ Journal.
Wisdom in the Land of Gold
The Yukon has carried prohibition by substantial majorities. Intoxicating liquor may claim
but it has no friends.-Lethbridge Herald.

A Crown for Sale
Ex-King Constantine wants to sell the Greek crown. He might dispose of it to the property-man
of some comic-opera company.-Winnipeg Tribune.

## A Safe Prediction

A lot of members of the House at Ottawa will not A lot of members of the House at Ottawa will not
be able to make a fuss over seating accommodation in the new chamber after the next elections.-Toronto Globe.

The Point of View
The hindsight of many of those criticizing the Peace treaity is better than their foresight was a yea ago.- Saskatoon Phoenix.

When Governments Will Be Perfect Not until the human animal has become perfect will governments be perfect. That day is still quit

When Exchange Ran Differently
It should be borne in mind that the American dollar was worth only sixty cents in Canada att the close

## Wis

A scientist points out that Brazil is the native home of the peanut. But was it there that the wel
knewn variety of politics originated? -Winnipe Telegram.

## High Cost of Hair Cuts

New York barbers are contemplating charging a dollar for hair cuts. If this goes into force only millionaires and convicts will sport close-cropped beans.-Toronto Star.

## Fashion Notes

We note that the girls in the new fashion design plates all have quite a slant on them. Standing with to be the latest.-Hamilton Herald.

Wealth for Posterity The Canadian citizen who wants to get rich in ten
days will find it difficult to see any virtue in plant-
ing trees so that future generations may be provided ing trees so that future generations may be provided

The Explanation
The maple sugar season has been a good one ir. Eastern Canada. Maple syrup is expected to be boring holes in the trees.-Edmonton Bulletin.

The Housing Problem
The fact that five racoons were found in one tree cut down by a farmer near London, Ont., indicates cut the shortage of housing accommodation has
spread to the animal kingdom.-Hamilton Spectator.

A Fateful Signing
Captain Persius, the German naval expert, says it will take years to rebuild the German merchant marine. It was destroyed in the couple of seconds it took the Kaiser to sign the declaratio
New York Tribune.
The Poles and Czechs have had a clash, with a numThe Poles and Czechs have had a clash, with a numEuropeans cannot pass each other on the road with-
out making a pass at each other.-Brockville Recordout making

Possibly So
Senator Lodge says that he doesn't believe that Marshal Foch is the least bit militaristic. Personally we think if the French gentleman isn't too old, he Sun and Herald.

What They Did Not Foresee
Probably the Germans, when they gloated over the number of other people they were killing in the they would be killing off each other with equal ervor.-Duluth Herald.

A-Wise Decision
The St. John, N.B., Local Council of Women probably acted wisely a declaration would have been valueless. What feminine perscn desir
Ottawa Journal-Press.

A Reasonable Opinion
A soldier's wife told the Police Magistrate of Toronto that the doctors ought to have more sense
than to prescribe liquor for her husband, who had than to prescribe liquor for her husband, who had
been shell-shocked and whose nerves were bad. The soldiers wife shows more sense than the doctors.-

## What the World is Saying

## Flat Cars in Exile

The C. P. R. lost 2,800 flat cars in the United States in the past four months and has no hope of getting them back. The League of Nations might
include in its duties the framing of an international include in its duties the framing of an international railway code of ethics.-Montreal Standard
Toronto Bieh th
A Toronto Bishop wants the men to quit smoking that do? Men have been wearing coats that fit right up to the neck for many years, but that example hasn't kept the women from wearing those pneumonia waists that are now so popular. The best nanean do the other sex belongs exclusively to women.-Border

## Publicity Purifies

Admiral Sims ${ }^{\text {' testimony }}$ is a matter for the people of the United States themselves. But washing linen in public may be a useful performance. The British d nat heitate to do in ment. - Halifax Herald.

The Spirit Behind Him
The president of a Chicago trust company was arrested for carrying a bottle of 7 -year-old stuff in his rear trousers' pocketh. He says that he thought he was within the law, but probably now realizes that proHIPition

The Latest Triumph of Aviation
The appearance of an aviatior over the Dutch East of the white man that they rushed in droves to pa their taxes. When Torontonians see an aviat dodging in the clouds they wonder if he can soa high enough to touch the tax rate.-Toronto Tele

The Arch Criminal
The Dutch Government may send the ex-Kaiser to the Island of Curacoa, off the Venuzuelan coast. The climate down there is warm, but not so warm as that of the place to which we would send the arch Countries Are Not Chattels
Senator Kenyon's proposal that the United State should buy the Bermudas has excited evên more in dignation in the breasts of the islanders than the suggestion by Lord Rothermere that the United King Nom sell Edinburgh Scotsman.

A Pertinent Question
A millioñ children orphaned by war are wards of European States. And William Hohenzollern plans to spend a lot of money in making a comfortable home for his old age at Doorn. Should not the Crown lands of Prussia, at least, be used to support the
orphans instead of the Hohenzollerns?-London Daily Mail. The Astor Peerage
Visconnt Astor, whose attempt to bē rid of his peerage failed, has taken his seat in the House of Lords. Instead of sulking in his tent, the noble lord apparently has decided to submit to the inevitabl he will grow to like the hereditary honor so tim that he will wonder why he ever sought to be re lieved of it.-Montreal Gazette.

The Really Diplomatic Sex
Women, we are told, are not yet to be permitted to occupy posts in the British diplomatic service. be than to convince some obstinate man that he is getting his own way when in reality he is travelling the road pre
Sun.

It may not be possible to decipher a wireless mes sage from Mars, because the Martians doubtless speak a language different from any other on this planet, but one and one make two, even on Mars, and intelligent beings on Mars could get across to us the idea that they know how to count at all events. Victoria Colonist

It Might Have Been Wors
The depressing news that Mr. Wouglas Fairbanks has broken one of his fingers, which shocked the con-
tinent yesterdar, is relieved br later reflection that tinent yesterday, is relieved br later reflection that
things might be worse. Mr. John Dempsey might -Edmonton Journal.

Room for a Racy Argument
The vagaries of exchange may throw doubts on sporting records. The American thoroughbred, Tracery, was sold recently in London for $£ 53,000$, which
might be $\$ 265,000$ on an ante-war basis, or less than $\$ 180,000$ at the present rate, but the English horse, Prince Palatine, sold for $\$ 200,000$ in 1913 . Here is

Wor a racy argument.-Toronto World.
Would That They Grew on the Prairies In the Province of Quebec they are wiser in many
things than we are in Ontario. The farmers there didn't turn all their beautiful maple forests into cordwood and cow pasture as we have done around Belle, ville. They looked farther ahead than the immediate present. The result is, that owing to their forehandsugar they have been enabled to cut down thaple sumption of refined sugar in that province to 68 pounds per capita. In Ontario it is nearly twice that amount, or 130 pounds per head. The maple trees we have left, if put to work, would practically drive the Cuban product off the market-Belleville Ontario.

The Cup And The Saucer
The sditor of the Hamilton Spectator has been called upon to settle a rather serious dispute: Which is the proper etiquette-to drink tea from the cup, or to
drink it from the saucer? We regret to note that the editor not merely evades the issue, but further complicates it, by answering that the drinking of tea from the saucer isn't done in the best families. This answer may not only leave the original mabter still
in doubt, but it raises another and perhaps even more important question: Who are the best families.Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

## A Natural Result

Oharles Coolidge Parlin, speaking before the Robert Morris Club at Cleveland a week ago, said that in the year 1912 the total department store sales in the United States were $\$ 2,100,000,000$, while the retaicate why the paople of Canada and the United States are able to buy far more clothes, and far more expensive clothes, than ever before. The general store takes in now vast sums that formerly went across
the bar.-Kingston Whig.

British Currency and Gold
In the police court proceedings in London when a Bank of England some eighteen hundred weight of gold coins which they melted and sold, it was ex. plained for the Government that the value of the gold sovereign at current rates was twenty-six shillings in currency notes. At that rate the pound curency note is only worth in England about 70 per ent of its face value, when gold money has to be than the balance of trade behind it.-Financial Ohronicle.

Prison Reform
Prison reform in Canadian penal institutions is the next thing on the program of the Department of pursuing for the last generation, as outlined in frequent blue books, is not only heartless but out of date and unbusinesslike. The Dominion Superintendent of Prisons now urges abolition of the stone pile and the payment to the men of a small wage for neir labor, to go to the family of the married man reform along the right lines, and is the method employed in all up-to-date prisons. Canada is very far behind.-Calgary Albertan.

The Spirit of Courage
The cure of industrial unrest is trust. We musi believe in each other. There is only one thing that can make Bolshevism, the social and industrial revlution, and all such threatening things dangerousgoing up to possess the promised land. It is full of various Philistines, Hivites, and Jebusites. It swarms with dragons, monsters, and man-eating ghosts. Some are always trembling for the future and viewing with
alarm. But ever the command of destiny is, "Be trong and of a good courage" So shall the promised land be yours.-Journal of Commerce.

Talkers, Not Producers There is no record of any member of any of the
more radical groups raising his food for himself. Beievers in "direct action" with regard to a man's accumulated stocks and organized institutions, they take no direct action with respect to nature. Assum-
ing some credit for courage in calling a spade a spade, hey do not often use one. Much as he attacks capital. your radical reformer is always found where capital is. He does not appear on the farms. It is not a mistake to say that the Bolsherists took Russia and Hungary. The Bolsherists took Petrograd and
Budapest, and held them for just as long as the country behind could or would provide food. Your American Bolshevist lives in New York, Chicago or some other large cit. He is as likely as not to ago guaranteed, or to be an artist or a poet to whom

MAY, 1920

Ably Assisted
Continued from Page 37 set after you are through talking to ,iant fond of Mr. Gresham. But it reemed that Mr. Gresham was not even "I am on my way to the village," he said. "I didn't really mean to stop at ail. Please don't count this one up against me. I am coming over later to
call.
Then he turned to Diana, who was looking unusually lovely in her best white gown with her head thrown against the high back of her chair.
"The world isn't very large after all," he said. "It is the proper preface, isn't it, for saying youve
come one else
knows." Diana, forgetting her dual role, looked a pleased interrogation. "Did you meet "Yes, I met Mr. Sinclair."
Diana gave a start and stared, her face growing crimson. Peter murmured ditedly.
"Whiy, you couldn't" stoppec. tis hapened to sit heside him trin," he explained in answer to the matradiction, "and we got to talking about this place. He was good enough to tell me his name and say that Mrs. Sinclair was staying here. It was rather odd, wasn Sinclair, like you and Peter, was from
the West." He had kept his eyes from Diana during this speech. Now he turned to her again. "Mr. Sinclair told me that he expected to run up over Sunday." The open-eyed horror with which this Was received was too patent to be ig.
nored. Mr. Gresham turned to Peter who was purple with repressed enjoyment.
"Ill make my formal call later, then," he aid easily. "It is nice to be in the hilns again. He lifted his hat and went
down the steps, avoiding a look at Diana The three left behind sat in silence. It was Peter who broke it. "It's up to us,
now, to do something," he said briskly. "In my opinion," sid Diana, "you have done quite enough."
"Now, see here, Diana"-Peter adnot going to be blamed for more than I've done. I didn't put Sinclair on that train."
"Well, you insisted on his being alive," said Grace, "and now you see! It gives
me the shivers. It's slike Frankenstein or something. You started him out, and now he' going on himself."
"Your little brain is liable to turn with this, Gracie," said her brother, looking at her anxiously. "You run arong
and play with Jackson. Leave it to mature minds to cope with this problem., "I think," said Diana, "that I will excuse you both from further assistance." "Wrace swung her racket excitedly. "Well, all I can say is," she remarked, "that if you had let him stay dead you
would have saved yourself a lot of would have saved yourself a lot of
trouble." She started down the steps with a righteous switch of her skirts. Diana got her hat.
"May I ask where you are going?" "I don't know"
 "It wouldn't do you any good," said Miss Sinclair. She pinned on the big White hat and gave an absent-minded
touch to the lace of her high collar.

THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY
39
Then she gathered up her skirts and de parted.
Left alone, Peter devoted himself meditation. As the man of the family it was his duty to straighten things out. He would go down by the big elm, inter explain matters. He gave Mr. Gresham half an hour longer to get through his errands in the village; then he put "Stalky and Co." in his pocket and fields to the big down through the revolved in bis mind how he went he Gresham would laugh over the mistake and how he would go back to the hotel and make Diana happy with the news that she was again at liberty to wear her There was a in honorable spinsterhood. There was a bench under the tree. Pete A half hour later he closed the with a reminiscent grin and raised himself upon his elbow to look around. One astonished stare he gave and fell back apon the bencli. On, my sacred Sam! people were approaching! Up the road people were approaching! Up the road
from the village came Mr. Gresham Down the road from the hotel came Diana. Across the fields came Grace! Diana had reached the bench. She looked down upon the prostrate Peter, that young man roll over and hide his face in his arms.
"I wish," said Diana, sharply, to his


Wo pairs of eager eyes fell upon it."
shaking back, "that it Where possible to lose you for a moment." gurgled Peter,
"Have you noticed," Diana followed his pointing finger then she sat down heavily on Peter's feet.
Grace ce climbed the stile in a rush, and descended upon them in a state of red couldn't you stay away?" she demanded. 'I came down here to tell Mr. Gresham-"" "Three souls with but a single "Three, souls with but a single
thought," said Peter. "If you will remove a hundred and forty pounds of Diana, I will meet the approaching cause of all our woe."
Mr. Gresham exhibited no surprise at the sight of the three cousins on the
bench. He was looking rather serious. He spoke directly to Diana. give you something that Mr. Sinclair asked me to deliver." He proceeded with careful deliberation to look through his pockets, while varying emotions chased
one another across the faces of the wait Continued on Page 40


## 40c

## For Package of 5 Semi-Permanent Needles

Ask your dealer for a package of these permanent, silvered needles increase the wonderful new needles. They play from life of records, because the recordengaging  They elimininate seratching and mellow the tone of the recorct These new, new, semi-



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## Ably Assisted

Continued from Page 39 ing trio. "Ah, here it is." He produced and handed to her a flat package.
Diana took it as if it were a bomb, and eyed it unhappily
and eyed it unhappily.
"It can't be forme," she said. "I-"
"It is for you," said Mr. Gresham, and "It is for you," said Mr. Gresham, and
Diana, after a helpless look at the otliers, Diana, afte opened it, keep up any conversation while she slowly unwrapped the photograph that the package contained, and held it up before her. Even Mr. Gresham seemed to have forgotten that convention depeople's packages. They were all openly watching Diana, and Diana was growing redder and redder.
It was a long time that she looked at it. Then she dropped it into her lap and two pairs of eager eyes fell upon it. The
other pair smiled into Miss Sinclair's. other pair smiled into Miss Sinclair"s.
"Why", cried Grace," "it's you, Diana! Who is it with you?"
Mr. Gresham answered: "The other is Mrs. John Gresham, a cousin-in-law of "And proach, relief knew all the time." Reproach, relief, indignation, and much tone; then a little hauteur"erept in. "I don't understand how you got this," she "There swered. the note thas a good deal longer reading the picture. Nor did she lay it down when she had finished. It ran this way: Dear Bob: I am sending you thi
photograph you have wanted so long. am sure Diana will not care, though $I$ always meant to write her about your infatuation with her pictured self. By
the way, I hear from the Osborns. that she is going to Kearsarge for the
/summer. Too bad your business the mountains. - Affectionately, Helen. "But how did you see Mr. Sinclair?" said Grace. Mr. Gresham laughed. "Mr. Sinclair is for you to explain," he said.
Grace's round eyes were still glued to the photograph in Diana's lap. "A natural desire to get even," explained Peter, "combined with the Thought
"But I don't understand how he came o have Diana's picture."
The solemn expression on Peter's face deepened.
"I believe I am beginning to-" he "You go back and finish your game, Grace. Jackson is waiting. I am going up to the house and find the bird
woman. I want to find out whether the woman. I want to find outt whether the
yellow-tailed warbler eats seeds or yellow-tailed warbler eats seeds or
worms." He pulled his still dazed sister after him and they departed across the fields.
Diana folded up the note and sat
silent, cher eyes on the picture in her silent, sher eyes on the picture in her lap. Robert Gresham sat down on the bench "Do hou understand, Diana?" he said.

## WANTED A DOG

A boy wanted a dog, and the rich ncle said:
"Well, Eddie, suppose I give you two hundred dollars for a dog. Would you you buy a pretty good dog, and put the yeut of the money in the savings-bank ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ "Well, uncle, if you just leave it to me, I'll buy two hundred one-dollar
dogs."-The New Guide.


MAY, 1920
Winnipeg Piano Company Purchase Large Building

A business transaction of considerable size and importance was consummated
last month in the purchase of the Buildlast month exchange at the north-west corner ers Portage and Hargrave, by the Winnipeg Piano Co., Ltd. Irom W. Grundy, of Long Beachice was about $\$ 500,000$.
purchase quite a coincidence that when Mr . It is quite a coincidence that when Mr.
Grassby arrived in Winnipeg, from LonGrassby arrived in 1900, he entered the emdon, England, in inector and secretary of the Gloy as director Gusic Co.
A. E. Grassby, president of the Winnipeg Piano Company, states that the business of the Winnipeg Piano Co., had become so extensive that he considered the present the logical time for carrying inown building, with the additional advantage of staying on the site they had established as one of the recognized estaiano and phonograph centres of the city. The real estate or speculation feature Let it multiply-increase; garner, The real estate or speculall It was Know that while the earth remaineth, id not enter into it at all. It was Seedtime and harvest shall not ceas


The Home of the Winnipeg Piano Company.
lishling a matter of permanently establarge asset and connection built up during the last 17 years.
Established A Kensington boy of seven, who was of pianos, the Winniper Piano Co has to a London paper, was instructed by of pianos, the Winnipeg Piano Co. has to a London paper, was instructed by
increased its business till it now carries his parents to write long letters to 12 leading makes. In 1907, the late Jock Smith, one of the best known and admired piano men in Canada, purchased an interest in the company, and at his death in 1917, his son, Lieut. W. A. Smith, vice-president and secretary treasurer, returned from
overseas to help in the management of the business.
Buying in large quantities and handling the whole business from one headquarters, where the organization is under the direct supervision of the directors,
the many different lines carried, the established quality of the instruments and the easy terms and generous treat ment, explain the phenomenal growth of the company, which is easily one of the largest music concerns west of Toronto, in fact few piano houses on the
continent handle so wide an assortment of high grade and reputable instruments. Special care is taken with out-of-town orders. Indeed, the extensive piano and phonograph mail order department is at once an important branch of , their busi-
ness and a striking tribute to their business and a striking tribute to their busi

Work for Women


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Flavors and Dejartment B
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The Western hoive Monthly
41 SPRINGTIME

> By M. L. Campbell

Sring the grain out from the garner Scatter it o'er all the earth;
For the joyous Springtime cometh, all the land is full of cometh

Listen to the rabin singing
And the merry meadow lark;
See the trees and flowers springing,
All upon Life's ship embark.
Hear the band of merry voices, In the grove and on the plain Bird and beast and herb rejoices,
'Tis the Springtime

Hear the little children's voices As they swell the joyous thro Man with all the earth rejoices, All the earth is one sweet song.

르를|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||․

\section*{Perplex the World To-day BUT the solution of the <br> O.B.U.} | LUBRICATION |
| :---: |
| PROBLEM |



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Information and Prize Lists may be obtained from E. L. RICHARDSON, Manager Victoria Park, Calgary
self, the school and his companions. His letters, however, proved to be noteworthy for brevity and for a finely impersonal touch. Among others he sent the following:
"My Dear Father and Mother. Do you know that salt is made of two deadly poisons?
"Your loving son, J John."

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## TheM.A.C. and OurNew Canadians

Written for The Wcstern Home Monthly by Mrs. E. E. Smith

(1)OST of us are more or less The teachers, urged by the young and aware of the value of the gay of the district, proce. This had the Manitoba Agricultural College up a dance afterward. This had the
Extension Course, but per- double virtue of adding to the social life haps we do not appreciate of the community and helping out the to the ful the real "missionary" attendance of the lecture as well. The one class of our settlers, namely ing the concern, wrote letters to distant the Ruthenian, Polish, Icelandic, etc., farmers and talked "lecture" to the that as yet unassimilated element whom "new Canadians." With a view to showing in some degree what is being done, one, a goodly gathering. The children, keen號 (and didn't they ing's work (of which, as practically all enjoy "Rastus" and the elephant), were
the winter months of these speakers is crammed into the front seats. Their spent in this way, must mount up well fathers gratefully took what was left. into the hundreds), is given.
Rembrandt is a little village, about partitions and the furnace and sat in 60 miles north of Winnipeg, on the the window-ledges. The teachers were general stores does not convey an ade- carpenter's bench, where, if you sat still

## (xyexexexexexexexex <br>  <br> Spring's Ballet <br> By Minna Irving <br> HEN Spring rolls up the curtain <br> Of rainbow-bordered showers, <br> Upon her stage of vernal green Appear the dancing flowers; <br> The daffodil in yellow <br> The violet in blue, <br> The velvet pansy cherishing An amulet of dew. <br> In tints of palest purple And azure, white and gold And every shade of dainty pink The crocuses unfold, <br> Like rows of incandescents That fairy fingers string Across the lawn-the footlights Of the ballet of the spring! <br> 0 

quate idea of its size, as there is a sec- and didn't tip the top, nor lean back tion-house and a cottage as well, and the and get tangled up in the collection of
stores are commodious enough to afford birds nest lechinp shelter for the merchant's family. More stores than houses is a common state of affairs in a foreign-speaking village, as the height of every Central.
European ambition is to "make a busiEuropean ambition is to "make a busi-
ness." In this regal state, he escapes ness." In this regal state, he escapes
the drudgery and exposure of work on an unimproved farm. He buys and an unimproved farm. He buys and
sells, shrewdly enough, the wood sells, shrewdy enough, the wood
and farm produce of his toiling
brothers and reeceives the homage due to a financial king. Who can blame to a
him?
But
But
But to return to our original topic, posters had been put up in prominent
places for weeks advertising the fact places for weeks advertising the fact
that speakers from the M.A.C. would on such a a night hold a meeting in their school and addresses would be given "on the subjects of "Poultry" and "Dairring," whereupon the small boy got busy and industriously advertised
the fact that there would be "movies."
$\qquad$
ness from the hands of the milker to
the last resting place of the cream did not forget, as is so often forge ten, to include in this the calf's pail. and urged as well individual feeding in deference to the weaker animal Light and ventilation as preventatives of tuberculosis were emphasized. The as given to them should make its peal to these people, who have a daily train servive, and keep many cows, and have not as yet learned the profit of the transaction.
At the conclusion of the speeches some humorous films were shown and enjoyed by all, judging by the happy
gusts of laughter. from the children and the appreciative comments of the older people. Thanks be for the pic ture which speaks the same language to one and all of us.
Mr. H. Cross then bade us consider the hen, and be wise in our treatment farms. He cried shame on the our perous Western farmer who, instead of tearing down his barns to build greate handed over the old shacks for his wife to keep her hens in, while he went on to put up beautiful barns for his stock. If there was inferior feed it would do for the hens, etc. He urged the women present if their husbands did not giv there was one class not present to any great degree). If anyone has to stay hreat that one is our Ruthenian sister He showed them that Russia, France and


Miss Grace Williams, recently appointed oy
Manitobac Government toctake charge of the
Free Employment Bureau for Girls and
Women
Itay, once world-wide exporters of eggs, would require years to meet even their own requirements, and it was up to
Canada to supply this deficit and win for herself a revenue worth considera tion. These and other valuable point-
ers were carefully listened to and surely in the years to come will bear fruit. The speeches over and the National Anthem being sung by the children, the desks were hoisted upon each other in short order. The violin and dulcimer happy people responded. To the dear happy people responded. To the dea tion find dancing an offence to their souls a visit to a Ckranian dance is heartily recommended as a means of eliminating this trouble. Married couples seem to enjoy dancing with each other, judging from the number of times they are seen
on the floor together. The school children on the floor together. The school children
utilize the spare corners (when there are any), trying to pick out the steps ard any, trying to pick out the step
and marking off the melody, and the most popular dance of all is the "Columaka," where boys and girls in any number and in any proportion may Here's to many another evening of mingled pleasure and profit, as one small
boy frequently said, 0 teacher, if we could only have such an evening every

We believe that the functions of government are:-
(1)-To define and make known the rights and duties of citizens.
(2) -To maintain order and protect life and property.
(3)-To enforce the performance of duties and to punish, when neces thy those who disregard them.
(4)-To regulate and conduct numerous activities which either cannot be performed by private activity or can be better performed by governWith
With reference to the first three activities, it might be said that respect to the administration defined the position of governments with government has little latitude for laxity under these headings.
The fourth statement, however, is the one which contains the germ of all progressive action necessary to cope with the rapidly changing conaitions of the times, and on this basis the Government is pleased to discuss nor practicable to recount fully the history, progress and effect of the very numerous acts and reforms which the Government has initiated since it was honored with the confidence of the people of Manitoba.

Many of them are matters of common knowledge and many others, which beneficent in their influence, are of a structure too technical to detail at this time. In a tabulated fashion, however, it is possible to set clearly
before the people some of the principal issues that have arisen during the several years of administration, and the manner in which they have been met.

These matters are grouped, somewhat informally, as follows:-

## 1.- Agriculture <br> 2.-Education $\quad$ 6.-Departmental Administrat <br> 3.- Financial Administration 7.-Naturai Resources

## 1.-Agriculture

The Government has initiated and carried on vigorously a programme of legislation and administration which has proved of undoubted benefit to the farmers of Manitoba as a whole. Included in this are the following:
The Settlers' Animal Purchase Act (Cow Scheme); furnishing cows The Settlers' Animal Purchase
under easy purchasing conditions.

The Stocks and Feeders plan and the Heifer plan, retaining in the province valuable stock which would otherwise be slaughtered or shipped
out. The extension of practical agricultural education through the Extension Service Department, particularly Boys' \& Girls' Club work, which has been so successful that it would be impossible to estimate its value in the years to come.
the frompt "first aid" in the supplying of seed grain and feed when needed,
of special problems, etc.
Encouragement of the dairying industry which has more than trebled
in the past five years.
mer through the Rural Credit system and the Manitoba Farm Loans system.

## 2.-Education

The principles of Compulsory Education has been adopted and successfully applied throughout the province. The bi-lingual problem has been faced courageously, and the plan adopted is proceeding satisfactorily. English is to-day the only language of instruction.

Non-English speaking communities have received very earnest conthe history of Canada has the educational problem of "The New Canadians" been so definitely dealt with.
In many isolated districts, residences have been erected for teachers, and this policy has resulted in retaining the services of instructors for much longer periods than has usually been the case.
the improvement of administrative conditions. Grants to schools have been increased by nearly $\$ 500,000$ per year as compared with 1914.

## 3.-Financial Administration

Matters of income and expenditure have been the subject of honest and careful administration. Unforseen expenses have arisen as a result of prevailing financial conditions, but the Government's record is open. to financiers have frequently stated that the position of the Province stands second to no other province of the Dominion.

The accounting system of the Province has been placed upon an
Tholute scientific business basis, like that of any big corporation and shows the actual financial condition in every detail.
4.-Community Building

Particular attention has been given to the question of community work in outlying and rural districts. As a result of movements set in operation by the Government, Community Clubs have been established in all parts
of the Province, and the movement has reacted on the cities, with the result that they have followed suit.

The Public Health Nurses are now well known in many communities, and while they are dealing energetically with present problems, they are, by their preventive work, establishing foundations for a healthy Manitoba
manhood that will prove an asset beyond computation in the coming years.
The Municipal Hospital Act provides simple and effective machinery whereby any community in the Province can have its own Hospital.

## 5.-Departmental Administration

The matter of the effcicient admimistration of all departments has been the subject of earnest study and expert abiility has been useed freely in the planning of department routine for effective and economical administration under independent examinations held under the auspices of the enpuersity

## 6.-Industrial Development

During the Government's tenure of office, the period has been a mos rying one industrially. In the matter of labor, the Government has put into operation the Industrial Disputes Act and its Joint Council of Industry, monious service. The Minimum Wage Act, the first of its kind in Canada is an admitted and undeniable success.
The Bureau of Labor has been completely reorganized and is doing excellent work for the establishment of satisfactory working conditions, nd especially in accident prevention.
The Workmen's Compensation Act is modern, fair and effective.

## 7.-Natural Resources

The matter of natural resources has been by no means neglected. Close 0-operation has been maintained with the Dominion Government and plan have been initiated which -will tend to develop the latent resources of ou Province as fa The
ces解 opportunity

## 8.-Taxation

Increasing costs have added greatly to the problem of taxation. The findings of the Commission on Taxation and Assessment have been extensively published, and it is believed that the Government's actions in the matter

The new permanent Tax Commission, recommended by the above named Commission and by the Union of Manitoba Municipalities will confronting all democratic countries

## What Do YOU Think?

Now, we want you to go at this matter in a systematic way. Your decision on all of these points is awaited with perfect confidence. The Government believes and affirms that it has performed its pledges in so far as the extraordinary general conditions would permit.
Voting time is not far away, but very far away is the time when men roted for a change on mere party whims. You will be exercising your privilege-it is a duty, and in performing this duty, you will recall two things.
First, that your Government took over an administration that was admittedly in a very shaky condition. This task alone would have taxed to the utmost the energies of a new administration.
Second, the coming of the Great War, and all perplexities, suffering and
mergencies that it entailed.
If the Government has served you faithfully and well under abnormal conditions, is it not reasonable to suggest that it will do even better under the normal conditions for which we ought all to be preparing.

We believe we are right in affirming emphatically that economic and provincial conditions generally demand the maintenance of the present Voting time
Voting time is coming. Everyone should vote who is entitled to, and Remember vote in the full realization of personal responsibilities. ve years five years has led all Canada.

First, in Canada, to give the franchise to women.
First, in America, with Public Health Nursing.
First, in Canada, with the Minimum Wage Law for Women.
First, in America, with the "Cow, Scheme" for struggling settlers.
First, in America, with Mothers' Allowances.
First, in America, with Rural Credits.
First, in Canada, with Government Farm Loans at low interest. Remember also that the Norris Government has redeemed every single a record unequalled in the history of democratic government in Canada or elsewhere.


## Order Seed Grain and Potatoes Now

## at a reliable house that carries the stock

You may order by Wire or Letter and get Immediate Shipment
Wheat We still have 1,000 bushels of Durum Rust-Proof Wheat, wheats. Per bushel $\$ 3.50$. Marquis Wheat, per bushel $\$ 3.00$. Early wheats. Per bushe
Huron or Preston, or The Kitchener, at $\$ 3.25$.

Potatoes $\begin{gathered}\text { Edmonton, the source of supply for the West. We still } \\ \text { have twenty cars of main crop and carly varieties. Prices }\end{gathered}$ are high, but ours are attractive.
Timothy Seed We are supplying first-class quality, high germinWe also have Western Rye and Brome Grass Seed.

Wire Orders, as season is late

## J. J. Murray \& Co. <br> Seed Merchants

EDMONTON
ALBERTA

## Electricity in the Farm Home

The question of the electric light and power installation on the farm is becoming of such importance to every member
of the family that we believe it is more in the minds of the farming community than any other apparatus now on the market.
There are several conditions governing the light and power installation on the farm which have combined to bring the question of electricity into such promi-
nence. The chief causes are the shortage of all kinds of help; the growing demand for greater comfort; the increasing educational facilities which tend to
elevate the mind above continuous chores; a better understanding and ap. preciation of all types of power ma. chinery; the knowledge that a real inpense; and the generally red an ex pense; and the generally recognized sidered power farming.
If the truth is really told, the farmer who has not a light and power plant is losing money. When we compare the operation of much of the improved farm machinery with a light plant, we find the official average works out as follows:
days per year

Walking Plow
Sulky Plow
Sulky Plow
Spring Tooth Harrow
Spike Tooth Harrow
Dise Harrow
Land Roller
Grain Drill
Mower …
Hay Rake
Grain Binder
Light and Power Plant 365
The use of these appliances may
vary with the size of the farms, and when consideration is farms, and when consideration is given to the larger apparatus, such as tractors and tive groups, we find more use co-operathe investment; nevertheless, one of the very few machines working on the farm day in and day out is the lighting plant.
Certainly there has been no improved piece of machinery offered the farmer during the last decade, which actually daily life, but the daily life of his en tire family, to the extent that electric light will do if installed in the home with a number of the light and power accessories.
Only the experience with or without a plant can prove to a user the value f a light and power plant.
Increased production on the farm is absolutely assured to the man who knows how to use and adapt his plant consideration is given to the time When running a churn, separator, hand milking of cows, light fanning mill, apart from the time which the hired help, wife and farmer give to that weekly drudg-ery-the wash tub,, and this time is prois only a little prithmetic necessary the find out the returns in actual dollars and cents to the owner
Added to this, there is the growing importance to the farmer of the question of hygiene, comfort and convenience. The
old-fashioned idea that farm life, and being a farmer's wife meant real drud gery, is fast changing. There are stil
those who still believe that it is neces sary first to have the fully modern house before the lighting plant is installed, no realising that the results obtained by plant in the present home would more than outweigh the slight cost of making the change.
When a modern plant is installed, it is Thirable to bud a concrete fomdation. This can be built separatel, and moved
inte any desirable position. When th time comes to change the location, the plant and base can be moved over within a few hours.

The erection of wires and receptacle can always be carried safely on the surface of old buildings, and the materials used later in any new buildings which may be erected. The total cost is approximately two to three days labor of a skilled man
Then there is the man who cannot afford a plant now, but sees it as a disperience teaches that some come. Ex perience teaches that some farmers have
overbought on machinery which operate a few days during the year, but it has never been said by any man known, that a light and power plant did not save far more than it cost him to finance the apparatus through the bank. There are very few bankers, moreover, who will not agree to finance an installation if
the farmer realises what he is going to save, and puts the matter up with to save, and puts the matter up wit
derstanding to his bank manager.

There are several factors that go to make the investment safe and reliable for he up-to-date, careful bank manager. 1. A light and power plant is staIonary. It is not mounted on wheels It cannot r
2 The life of a plant is three to four times as long as any of the best pieces of farm equipment known to-day
3. The installation immediately im proves the real state and enhances the value of the farm property, probably several times more than the actual cost
4. At the end of three or four year the plant is just as good as it was the day it was installed, and will probably sell for just
when new.
5. The installation makes the farm home happier. The entire family is more contented, with the environment of the whole surroundings improved. It is the one thing that brings to the entire family mental satisfaction, and moderne, does more than any othe
moderipment which we know of to increase the efficiency of the farm home 6. The plant actually pays for itself 6. The plant actualy pays for itseif short period.
There remains, however, a very impor modern installor the consideration of a that a propalation. It is necessany are known to be at least 126 different makes of plants on the market.
The question of hygiene and its relation to the children, the stock, and the produce on the farm is another impor-
tant point. Many a family has been reconciled to stay on the farm just at the point when they considered selling out and returning to the city, by the installation of a light and power plant. Running water, baths, electric light, social conveniences, electric washing machines, irons, toasters and vacuum rooms set aside for milk products, where the apparatus is operated by electric the apparatus is operated by electric
motors; water under pressure available at the tap in the barn for the stock, and for the watering of lawns, flowers, tc., all make an added attraction. A fan in the sick room may save a dear
one's life, and we are now experiencing the development of electrical refrigerators. It is not usually realised that of all trical machines, the iron and toaster are the big consumers, It is true they only perate for a short time, but it is necessary that they develop heat quickly. The average consumption of an iron and toaster is about 600 watts, whilst
the quarter horse power motor driving the other apparatus only consumes about 400 watts. This emphasizes the necessity for the installing of special receptacles in locations where these appliances

Electricity in the Farm Home
Continued from Page $4 \overline{4}$ are to be used, otherwise they tend to affect the brightness of lamps running on the same circuit. A little more care and forethought in laying out to the genin the new home adds much tobtaingeble. Those who are devoting more or less of their whole time to the farm lighting business ate average building contractor is not yet up-to-date in his electrical knowledge to be entrusted with this work.
work
The man with the automobile finds it more convenient to spend half an hour mder his car with an electric lamp, adjusting trouble, rather than let the field done whilst the daylight lasts. Only a man who has tried to work under his car with an oil lamp knotws how much hapier he goes into the house after doing or the forthcoming Calgary Exhibition


Wask day problem solved for the farm home

the job with a portable extension lamp cludes horse races the first four days, inside a wire guard. auto races on July 2nd and 3rd. The eight coows by hand have not yet real- ${ }^{-}$of Canada's leading bands, will provide ised that this work can be done quicker, a special musical programme. Auto cleaner, and easier with a small motor polo will be seen at calgary for the first milker; and the power taken from the added to the increase in milk flow pays for the machine within a short | paysiod. |
| :--- |
| per |

There are many other features that tend to make the farm light and power plant more and more attractive, but on thing is necessary for every user to re member. No piece of machinery ever ran without some attention, and whilst
the modern unit plant is as simple is possible to make it, and "fool-proof" in all its accessories, the machine needs attention in the form of a little lubrication and adjustment. The owner of a plant who will give a little attention regularly and consistently, always reaps
the reward in the the reward in the continual operation
and absence of machine experiences.
'The day is fast approaching when every farm home will be electrically
equipped, and then there will be no fur equipped, and then there will be no fur-
ther need for the "Back to the Farm" movement.

## The Calgary Exhibition

The Calgary Exhibition prize list for in order to offer as great encouranement as possible to the exhibitors. The in crease has been made in the live stock section to assist in offsetting the very great increase in the cost of exhibiting
The prize list is now ready for distri bution and may be obtained by writing to E. L. Richardson, Manager, Calgary Entries close June 13th.
Special passenger rates will be in force for the Calgary Exhibition, June 26 th to July 3rd, from all points in Alberta, Nelson in British Columbia.
The attraction programme provided

Putting Her To A Severe Test The French people are delighted to be of any possible service, to their "good
friends, the Americans," but those who hought they had learned a fair amount of English from the British Tommies must occasionally find it hard to undertand the free-and-easy English of our enlisted men. This conversation is a fair example of some of the probeng but puzzled French people o struggle with: American Soldier-Parly voo English, mademoiselle?
French Girl-Yes, a vairy leetle. American-Good work! Say, could you put me wise where I could bure?
against some good eats in this burg?



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your hair, taking one small strand at a your hair, taking one small strand at a have doubled the beauty of your hair. it will be a mass, so soft, lustrous, fluffy and so easy to do up. All dust, dirt and
Let Danderine put more life, color, vigor and brightness in your hair. This heck dandruff and falling hair, and help your hair to grow long, thick, strong and beautiful.

## J. H. M. Carson ARTIFITIAL IIMMBS 388 Colony Streot Estabished 1900 Winnipes The Lateent In SIID Sockeot.

## The Young Woman and Her Problem

## By Pearl Richmond Hamilton

Leaving School for Music

WetER PROBLEM" to me means "her opportunity." If I did not so translate it, I should ask
the editor to change the heading of this depatment. Whenever I see a girl strugging over any kind of problem, I exclaim, "There is an oppe
for you, my girl-work it out!"
"Wishes are lost in empty air, Und fairy the wift will always her shar And fairy gift will always b
When we worried through one of those long partial payment examples in school was it not "a grand and glorious feelin""
to see the accurate result - especially to see the accurate result - especially up?
"Why do we have theorems and declersions and discipline in school? of what patiently.
They are drills to clear and develop
the mind so we may get the best out of life. The spirit of joy and gladness characterizes all wholesome, successful
careers. We are not successful if we are not optimistic.
"A happy mind, when ills would
Is like a lantern in the night.
No path there is, however long,
But will be shortened by a song."
The other day two girls stood on the platform waiting for a street car, an old
woman joined them, and this is what I heard
"Are you not in school?" asked the older woman.
"No, replied the girl." I do not like school. I 'm going to put my extra time
on music." "Well, it ence anyway, you will be in a house your own someday, and you'll not need an education," said the older woman consolingly.
addeur mother needs you anyway," she
I looked at the girl and had a
vision (? $)$ of her with the rouged lips vision (?) of her with the rouged lips
and dress in fashon's extreme-at home and dress in fashon's extreme-at home,
washing dishes and sweeping floors as "washing dishes and sweeping fioors as 1, one time when $\mathbf{I}$ was about her age, went through a conservatory of musicthat is I went in through one door and
came out of another. It was enter and came out of another. It was enter and
exit for me. The fates were against me, exit for me. The fates were against me,
or rather fortune favored me, for stayed only one week. I had not suffici-
ent funds so $I$ went back to school and ent funds so I went back to school and
because of that I have learned to appreciate music more. There are times when of my emotions in music
of my emotions in music.
The point I wish to emphasize is thiswe need an education to develop musical talent.
When a young girl of thirteen or fourteen or even sisteen leaves school for
music she is doing the very thing that will rob her of the best in music. An
understanding of literature helps one to interpret music. The concentration that comes from the study of mathematics is
an important asset to an important asset to a musical educa-
tion. Discipline cultivates attention and accuracy-both neeessary qualifications of a musician.
The musician reaches his most sublime attainment when his art thrills the soul
of humanity deepest. of humanity deepest.
been due to common sense, hard work: beenstaue to common sense, hard work, giving occupations. Very few people
know the true story of the struggles and my career."
The luxury of independence-that lofty
spirit that radiates power-comes only
spirit that radiates power-comes ony
after extreme deotion to constructive
labor. The musicians who have attained
labor. The musicians who have attained
highest recognition were educated men highest rec
and women.

It is a noble ambition to be a musician. Canadian men and women are making a priceless record of high a achievement in music. Let us bear in mind, however, that the girl who leaves school in her ranking in the class of our best musiciReal achievements have always been the outcome of long continued exertion.

## PRIZE OFFER FOR GIRLS' CLUBS

 We are pleased to note the interest taken in the article of last month on the are being formed all over Canada. Without doubt it is the most important movement in Canad for girls of the teen age. Why could we not have a part of thispage devoted to reports from girls' clubs page devoted to reports from girls' 'lubs ${ }^{\text {a }}$
What is your club doing? One leader of a girls' chub writes me
she lives on a half-section of land, does she lives on a half-section of land, does
all of her own work and cares for her two little children. (As is often the case women who do most for others are busy in her twenties and is happy in her work, Let us hear from other leaders of girls' $\stackrel{\text { clubs. }}{\Delta}$ bo to the club that girls' work will in the best repon
of their work of their work. We want ideast report
many clubs. The discussion will help all many clubs. The discussion will help all
clubs. ee appreciative letters from girls. that interests you.
$\qquad$
When Madame Petrova visited Winnipeg last month she said she had great foespect for a girl or woman who scrubbed loors if she did her work well, but she had absolutely no respect for a young
woman who lived a questionable life because she could not find work. The girl who serubs renders clean service. She herself, had lived on a pound a week and eaved money too, she added, when we
smiled. Petrova's ambition for a housesmiled. Petrova's ambition for a house-
cleaning of the film is worth considera. cteaning of the film is worth considera-
tion. Barrels of films that our young people see are fit only for the bonfire.
the Employment buread of THE NEW DAY."
It is a matter of great satisfaction to learn of the appointment of women who are worthy in every sense of the word Recently Miss Grace Wivernment control. peg was put in charge of the employmint peg was put in charge of the employment
bureau for women. Having known her personally a long time, I feel that a oung woman of her experience and sympathetic judgment will be extremely helpful to women and girls in search of
employment. The one in charge of an employment. The one in charge of an q question of finding positions for applicants or of obtaining applicants for posi-
tions, but the most difficult feature of the work is the adjustment of the applicant applicants are determined on poitiony they cannot fill. There are pirls who scorn work in homes. The time is not tion shall be a dignified one-for with the present courses in domestic science skill can hope to become household the household helper will fewer but more in eight hours will accomplish more in eight hours than the unskilled
in twelve. The emplover will gain omically, for the household helper has made a study of economy of food, time and energy.
I really
Iouse realy wonder if our girls tho scorn house work realize the new dignitr that In this new emplorment burean the Dominion and Prorincial governare not used. The The termant and domestic
is anshold help" a position of priviliere to any ambitious
irl. The most successul business and Continued er page $\& 7$

I know are good house-keepers.
honest work is dignified service. Girls are coming over from the old Country but the advances the fare in Ontario; consequently o destination in Ontario. New Zealand lso offers a similar inducement. Ontario is getting most of the girls. This is a matter the women's organizations should take up if Manitoba is to get much needed help. Ame possible advance of hat woum the port of entry to places in anas from the port all through Mani toba need household helpers. Let us see hat we get our share.
The establishment of this bureau by the government with the appointment of
such an efficient young woman in charge, is proof of the rapid improvement made n this particular kind of work in the last few years. Only a few years ago women of unscrupulous, selfsh ambition placed girls in dangerous positions terling character and kindly sympa thetic interest, who feel the keen respon sibility of service to humanity, are ap pointed to these important positions that mean so much to our girlhood, an ove safe women in these positions sted for the protection of business girls and women! Only they who have known the perilous experiences of girls seeking work a few years past can appreciat the important value of this new burea aderon, who is now in Fngland on Con adian immigration work, deserves much of the credit for the formation of thi programme of employment for women Mrs. Robson's work is definite and logica and always results in honest service fo woman and has worked hard for the establishment of these bureaus in ever prorince of Canada. This is valuable constructive work. Manitoba is to b ngratulated on the appointment of Mis hreau of employment for wome fre irls. She is a young woman who forget elf in service for others. She has charm and strength of personality tha adiates right-minded ambition, enthusi asm, energy and honest purpose-she i

## Climbing

When we stand at the foot of the rugged hill, And lift our eyes to the heights afar Yet longingart and of wavering will brave ones are
The way looks rough and long;
We fear we climb; And wishing for courage to make u We idle away the golden time

There is only one way to get up the hill; Step after step, with a steadfast heart an earnest purpose and dauntless will, And we gain the summit if once we Slowly but surely, day after da
We climb toward the peaks from the Over the rough and the rugged way The brave heart triumphs and will not
fail.
by steady, hard climbing, we conque the hill,
And at last we stand on the heights The wavering ones stand at the bottom He who would win must not idle be another-so we chimb: the climbing But we reach the summit in God's good And rest is sweet that is purchased so

The Supreme Joy of Heaven The Redeemer's presence constitutes the highest joy of heaven. "I will show
thee all the wlory of Greece" said an thee all the lor of Greece," said an
ancient to his friend, and so saving he ancient to his friend, and so saying he
took him to Solon the Spartan lawgiver
"And is this all?" said his friend. "Yes;" replied the ancient, "when thou hast seen Solon thou has seen all." And so when the saints see Jesus, they see all the glory of heaven. "The Lamb which is in the midst of the throne is the Light three things he desired said there were in its glory, Paul preaching see-Rome and the Redeemer at Bethlehem"" "But" said St. Bernard, "what is the proudest spot in Rome compared to the meanest place in heaven? What is Paul at Athens compared to that same Paul in Baradise? and what is the Redeemer in Bethlehem compared to that same Re-
deemer seated at the right hand of the Majesty on high ?" 0 wondrous thought! Our eyes shall see the King in His beauty Our eyes shall see the King in His beaut
and behold the land which is afar off.

Open and Secret Christians
There are always in a congregatio some whose sympathies are with the but do not confess Him openly. The Church has its hypocrites, but so has the world; for there are men who seem to lead a worldly life whose inner life is that there are such men; but can doubt three mistakes in their position
They over-estimate the value wour fry friendships. How much will your friends among the men of the world hen your purse Thils
These silent Christians it he effect of confession on friendship. It will not drive away a true friend. What hurts us most is ridicule. Learn to live
above it. Christ suffered the meanest in
the His followers have often sealed their faith with their blood. Such Christians under-estimate their wn strength. They are afraid of falling after they have made a public confession, hlaspheme. They put too low a value on the strength Christ gives for every crisis. At the moment of danger Joseph of Arimathea came forward. His bravery ave Christ burial; his charity gave Christ a tomb. Is there a danger now
hat calls these silent Christians to come orth? There is, though this age is no worse than many others. Our literature is full of a lofty scorn, a condescending pity for Christianity, Many of our scientists are materialists. It is time to
be brave and outspoken. Christ is polarising the world; there are but two polarising the .


0
UT at the knees, out at the heels-what a problem it is to keep Children supplied with Stockings!
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Where the Lanteras Glow-Fox Trot.
Wooderful Pat

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## Player Rolls

 №mat miby On the Trall to Santa Fe-Ballad
Honeymoon-Waitz.




Catalogs and
Monthly
Lists on Request

## Work for Busy Fingers

ERE are some simple edges to loops on hook extra long to form the trim handkerchiefs, luncheon center of the flower), ch 3,2 to in sets, luncheon cloths, luncheon center, ch 3, de in center, ch 3, 2 te
napkins, collar and euff sets, center, ch 3, de in center, ch 3, 2 to aparfs and towels. The number of the crochet cotton to be used in making the edge depends upon the use to which it is to be put. For hand-
kerchiefs, Nos. 70 to 100 ; for luncheon sets and collar and cuff sets, Nos. 50 to 70; and Nos. 30 to 50 are suitable for scarfs and towels. Any of these edges
can be crocheted on the de over a hem can be crocheted on the de over a hem
or if you prefer crochet a chain the or if you prefe

Simple Picot Edge
The picot edge which is the most simple to make, can be made with the picots either close together or farther
apart than the illustration, which is apart than the illustration, which is
9 stitches between picots. For making 9 stitches between picots. For making
the picot $\mathrm{ch} 4, \mathrm{sc}$ in first st of ch This edge is often used to finish pillow cases, table runners or handkerchiefs. Rickrack Edge
An edging which has the appearance of rickrack braid, except that it is much daintier, is this little pointed design.
It is made as follows: 1 st row- ${ }^{\text {de }}$, ch 3, de in same as last de, skip about $1 / 4$ of an inch, repeat from ${ }^{\text {, }}$, 2nd row$2 \mathrm{dc}, \mathrm{ch} 3,2 \mathrm{dd}$ in each ch of 3 . Horseshoe Edg
To make this dainty little edge, to in st, ch 2, te in same st, skip 2 sts,
te, ch 2, te in same st, ch 4, take hook out of work, insert between the two te's and join ch 4, fill ch with 6 dop repeat from
Notice how the Bumblee Edge
Notice how the repeated design in this pretty edge resembles bees with in same as first st, skip 3 sts, te, 3 picots, to in next st, skip 3 sts, ttc,
ch 5 , de in same st as tte, dc in next ch 5 , de in same st as tte, de in nex st and repeat from

Butterfly Edge
As the preceding edging resembles bees, this design resembles butterflies. first de, ch 2, te in same st, ch 2, te in same st, ch 4, turn, 3 dc in each of the 3 sps, repeat from

Forget-Me-Not Edge center, ch 3 , do in center, ch 3,2 to in center and join to top of half petal (which was the first made), 5 dc over insert in center of petal, join the chand ch 7 , join to last de, 5 dc over hemain repeat from * for the required length If you wish to make this little edg separate, ch 3 , te in first st of ch, and make al long loop the same as mentione center, *ch 3, 2 te in center, ch 3, de in center, ch 3,2 te in center, ch 3 , de in center, ch 3,1 te in center, join to to of half petal, ch 9 , take hook out of
ch and insert in center ch, eh 7 , join in center of petal, join third st from hook, make long loop o center, ch 3, 1 te in center, take hook out of work and insert in fourth sit of ch 7, join the half petal, to in center

Scallop and Picot Edge A very easily made edge crocheted hem, "picot, 5 de , ch 11 , take hook out of ch and insert in fifth de from picot join the ch, make a picot, 7 de over ch, picot, 7 dc in same ch, picot, 8 do over

Four-in-One Scallop Edge This edge is made on either a chain the hem. 2nd row-De in first st, over 8, skip 6 sts, dc, repeat from ${ }^{\text {st, }}$. 3 rd row-" 11 dc over first ch $8,6 \mathrm{dc}$ over second ch 8 , turn, ch 4 , te between the
third and fourth dc just made, te be. third and fourth de just made, to beposite scallop, eh 4, dc in third st from to just made, turn, fill ch 4 with 7 de, 7 de in next ch 4, 5 de over remaining ch and repeat from
Shell Scallop Edge Join thread to hem and make 1 dc

Another edge made on chain the soquired length or on the de over a hem. sts, de, repeat from *. 3rd row-So to center of ch 5 , "ch 6 , dc in center of next ch 5, repeat from ". 4th rowJoin thread to hem and make 1 dc , dte in next eh of 6 , de in next ch 6 ,


## About the Farm

## Conduceed by Alun Campoed

## THE HOPPER DOZER

 Since grasshoppers have registered themselves as a pest the reckoned with by the farm for their control will ways and mal interest. The hopper dozer be of general at least of considerably reducing their numbers and bringing to an end thousands of insect lives the existence of which spells serious loss to the farmers.A light trough-like structure should be put together, the dimensions being about eight bhould be placed under the four fuet ends; these runners should be about five or five and a half feet in length. The inside of the trough must be lined with waterproof material, such as canvas nailed at the edges. Now, the object is that this contrivance be drawn over the hoppers which will necessitate it being arranged in shape like a huge scraper, viz., the back and sides only a few inches in height.
In order that the pests do not hop out as fast as they hop in, a few inches of water with a good thick coat of coal oil on it is placed the trough, and for all the hoppers that jump in.
The thopper dozer is drawn across the infested fields, making an eight foot swarth per trip, and as the grasshoppers are disturbed, by its approach and the tramping of the team which draws it, they jump up and fall back into the liquid in the trough and are thus ac
counted for. -

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bush, a } \\
& \text { Provider }
\end{aligned}
$$ Currant bushes are among the hardiest fruit bearing plants to be found in the conditions of climate make the production of other kinds of fruit almost impossible. When one considers what this means to the homesteader or overbusy farrmer, there is good reason for the

adoption of currant culture on farms adoption of currant culture on farms appearance. The fruit is delicious, and the three different kinds, viz., red, black and white, offer a food range of palatability to suit various tastes. These currants may be used fresh cooked in puddings, pies and as stewed fruit dishes to accompany blanc mange, etc., and are also an exceptionally desirable dessert piquancy to the routine of the winter menu. From the medicinal point of view, many a sufferer from sore throat has had reason to be thankful for the presence of a few sealers of preserved given currants, the juice
given the longed-for relief.
The bushes are shallow rooted and prefer heavy clay loam, well drained, cool and moist in a pantly shaded position, or with a northern exposure. If the soil is not rich in plant food, work in well rotted manure. The above conditions of course are the ideal, but other conditions do not exclude the possibility of the growing of currants.

The bushes may be propagated by means of cuttings, made in late summer from the season's growth and planted at once four inches apart in
rows three feet apart. The cuttings should be eight or ten inches long, and should be planted so as to leave only one
or two buds exposed. In placing the plants
In placing the plants plenty of space
should be given, as it induces better growth. A good system that is recom. mended is to place them four feet apart in the row, and the rows being six feet apart. Strong one-year-old plants are the best, but two-year-old ones are more
reliable. The plant should be set about an inch deeper than it was in the nur. sery row.
tem, the cultivation should be shallow sys It is advisable to cultivate frequently to conserve moisture and also to keep down weeds.
A currant bush should consist of eix or eight stems forming a fairly open woush, therefore, in pruning, see that no wood older than four years is kept. Red of their fruit on two or three-year-old wood. Black currants bear most of their fruit on one-year-old wood. If the old wood is removed by degrees year by year the bushes are kept prolific for many years.
As these bushes are entirely hardy, other than that which winter protection shelter belts around the orchard and the usual amount of snow mulch which corers all vegetation on the Western prairies. If the soil appears to be getting poor, it is advisable to apply a mulch of good manure around the bushes in the fall and work it into the ground in the spring, being careful not to injure thon.
It is considered that half a dozen plants is about enough to supply fruit for the average household. The average yield per acre is placed by authorities at one hundred and fifty bushels.
Among the most suitable varieties of currants are the following
White: Large White
White: Large White, White Cherry Red: Red Cross, Rẻd Dutch, Raby Castle and Cumberland Red.
The black currants are, on the whole, stronger growing and more vigorous than the others, and the following varietie are recommended: Magnus, Climax Eagle, Kerry and Eclipse.
of July. Like
subject to attack from insect enemies and a little information on the subject will be useful to the growers of thes fruits and may serve to be the means o turning the tide from foilure of crop to
One of

One of the worst enemies is the cur ant worm.. It is the lava of the sawfy which lays its eggs on the under side of the leaves. The worm is dark green jures the bushes by devouring the leaves Continucd on page 50



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About the Farm

## Continued from Page 49

 This pest should be destroyed at once by spraying with paris green, but as this a strong poison it should not be used latter case white hellebore should be used.The currant aphis is also a pest in the
West, and has been responsible for reoun, and has been responsible for reducing the crop. These plant lice inupper side blisters and becomes reddishbrown in color, and later withers and dies. A fine spray of kerosene emulsion or whale oil soap applied to the underside of the leaves will suffocate the aphis. Be optimistic on your currant culture, but nevertheless be prepared for these robbers, and by systematic "espionage"
you will learn of their arrival, and be able to deal with them in time.
The Busy Season in the Poultry Yards The general food shortage following years of under production has caused the eyes of the world to look optimistically
toward the domestic hen as one of the toward the domestic hen as one of the
important solutions to a very involved problem. The half-cared for, rustle-foryourself barnyard hen has finally come into her own, and the wave of democracy, of the saner order, has penetrated to the stock of the farm inasmuch as the hen has been given a chance to succeed by
means of better environment and better means of be
recognition.
At the present season the swarms of young chicks are a valuable acquisition
to the owners, and it is important that to the owners, and it is important that
they grow up to become mature birds for they grow up to become mature birds for
the price of feed, labor, and artificial inthe price of feed, labor, and artificial incubation where applied, has been con-
siderable, and each death among the siderable, and each death among the
chicks represents a more serious loss than would have been the case in former years.
Among the cautions in regard to their welfare it may be said that an important one is that of preventing crowding. If they crowd more heat must be given,
as the price of the additional heat will as the price of the additional heat will
be considerably less than the other evil Also do not put too many in a coop. Also do not put too many in a coop. applications and beware of dampness. Give them a chance at dry cracked grain in hoppers when they are large enough to run
floor.
floor.
When they are hatched by the natural method the hen should be allowed to remain on the nest until the chicks beand chicks should be removed to a coop that has been prepared.
there she ground has not become dry chaff or sand being used to cover the floor. Later in the season, the coops may be placed right on the ground if the ground is dry. It is a good plan to move the coop the width of itself; this ensures clean conditions. All coops should be thoroughly disinfected before use of it by different broods. When artificial incubation is used, the
chicks should be left in the incubator until perfectly dry, and in transferring them to the brooder the greatest car should be exercised to aroid chilling. 90 or 95 degrees under the hover, according to the number of chicks placed in it, so that when they are placed in it the
temperature will rise to nearly the same degree as what they were accustomed to in the incubator.
The chicks should be hardened off as soon as possible, but the temperature
should to cause discomfort to the chicks. If in that case more heat must be provided until they separate and show the usual
signs of contentment. signs of contentment.
For the first few days, the chicks then, as they become used to their quarters. ther may be given more liberty
and finally given free range. allow wnig
them an the Should the weather con.

The Planting of the Home Garden
By Heten E. Vialoux
The garden should be placed near the stant cultivation during the growing farm house, or home, so the busy house- season-especially after a rain, when the wife can get her vegetables with ease, clods can be broken up, weeds removed,
and perhaps run out and enjoy an hour and moisture conserved. Fall plowing and perhaps run out and enjoy an hour and moisture conserved. Fall plowing
working in the garden, when time will is recommended by many gardeners, but working her tio do so. Exercise in the garsy mother, who is winter killed when nearthe surface of the wise if she can manage to spend some soil in zero weather. I would advise the time out of doors each day in summer. burning over of all garden plots before The size of the garden is determined the plowing is done. The strawy manure by the needs on can plow, harrow and numerous garden pests are thus of ou lanth a nice garden in a day. All the vegetables should be planted in drills, Rhubarb and asparagus, etc., should be with space enough between the rows to placed where they will not be run over cultivate with the horse hoe, and thus and disturbed, or interfere with the culthe hand work is largely done away with. tivation of other crops. Pease, lettuce A plot in a small garden only 50 by 100 and radishes, and cress etc., should be
feet, well manured and cultivated, will sown at least three times during the produce a wonderful lot of good veg- early part of the season, and a quart of etables, as vacant lot gardeners have onion setts should be planted where demonstrated. One such plot produced onion seed is sown, as the setts soon 10 bags of potatoes; 300 ears of corn, provide nice green onions whilst the
and 300 tomatoes; as well as 1,200 seedlings are growing. Onion sed gerand 300 tomatoes; as well as 1,200 seedlings are growing. Onion seed gercucumbers. Another one-potatoes, 6. minates very slowly, therefore, should be
bushels; carrots, 1 bushel; turnips, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ planted as soon as the ground can be bushels; beets, 2 bushels; 36 heads of worked up. Seed of all kinds is so excabbage; 16 gallons green beans; shelled pensive nowadays, that economy in seedpeas, 10 quarts; 2 gallons onions; 13 ing should be practised. The seeder at ozen' ears of green corn; 314 lbs. of ripe tachment, which is a part of the "Planet till another plot, 50 by 100 feet in size, in saving seed and time
produced enough green vegetables for Onion seed, carrots, turnips and other the summer for a family of seven per- small seed, should be mixed with fine sons: 6 Backs of potatoes; and cabbage; sand if they are not sown with the seed carrots; turnips; parsnips and onions er to prevent waste. Even the seeder for the winter's supply. Good seed, the can waste seed if run carelessly over a three essentials. for the making of a ter mixed with wood ashes and planted good garden in town or country. Half as usual. The turnip fly does not injure an acre of well prepared land will pro- the plant so much if seeded with ashes. vide vegetables enough for a large fam- The sowing of small seeds with a ily. The drills should be long and 30 in . medium sized bottle as a seeder prevents
apart, when the horse hoe can be used waste, also, when there is no seeder to cultivate. In small gardens, where available.
"the Planet Junior cultivator" is to do Peas and radishes, lettuce and cress, the work, 18 in . apart will be right, and can be planted very early, then, as the the hoe and rake can be used to advan- soil grows warmer, sow beets and carrots, tage as well. Very choice vegetables can spinach and parsnips. If the ge grown in a small garden with con- $\quad$ Continued on Page 64
sowing chart.


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BESIDES their wide variet, of colorings and fabrics, the Spring and Summer styles are notable for certain refinements of design and finish hitherto lacking in garments of this kind. Naturally such things have to be seen to be appreciated. We would suggest now as the best time to $\nu$ isit your local merchant while his assortment is still

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aceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer


## Fashions and Patterns

VIVHITE taffeta is having it annual revival, both in plain there are also lovely satin nished crepes, flowered geornew and novel cotton materials. Foul ards, too, dotted swiss and linen will be worn. Fibre silks are very popular, some varieties are fine for one piece dresses of a simple character, sometimes embroidered wool angora or organdie.
For business and general wear, ther are new serges, linens and ginghams. Black taffeta is smart combined with white organdie.
Hemstitching, beaded seams, drawnwith good effect on spring dresses.
A pretty effect is gained by binding tu and flounce edges with a narrow bias of the dress material.
A straight, draped or fluffy frock may :ave a sash of organdie or a belt of gay

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { olored ribbon. } \\
& \text { Large collars }
\end{aligned}
$$

Large collars are fashionable and for the sailor collar a strong revival is prom-
Tunic draperies, like shirt waists and chemise dresses, are ever popular. One may have a long tunic, a half-way tunic or a short tunic. Its shaping may suit individual taste.
Plaited skirts are shown in all sorts of plait forms; some with plain panels and Organdie is still with us. It is pleasing in white and also in colors. Dresses of cotton net are trimmed with self ruchings with satin ribbons, taffeta bindings and mbroideries, Attractive blouse dresses may be made of ratines aed eponges
and also of the finer Japanese crepes. Ginghams have grown more beautiful in patterns and colorings and it is no longer plebeian to wear a cotton frock.

Linens have lost none of their popu larity. Dotted swiss is used in copp on with organdie, taffeta, satin and printed georgette, but embroidery and lace and a ribbon girdle are the prettiest trimmings
for these dresses. A dress of cotton voile is trimmed with rills of taffeta. uvetyn trimmed with a hab a vest of silk avetyn trimmed with a jabot of net. ed side sections of organdie. A blouse of blue chamb trimmed with shawl collar and cuffs of organdie.
A suit of blue serge has a vest, collar and cuffs of novelty check taffeta A gown of dotted foulard may be trimCrepe de chine and natched shade. Com A coat dress of serge shows a vest and sleeve trimmings of taffeta.
A breakfast coat of canton crepe has yoke and front of Irish crochet lace. collar and cuffs of geranium red satin has grain silk and a narrow belt of red suede Black and white checked twill is used for another coat suit. The trimming black satin. gette is ornamental with hemstitching in silver thread.
A dress of b
A dress of brown taffeta has a two tier skirt, each tier bordered with velvet The vest is composed of tiny frills of cru net.
Navy blue tricotine was selected for a suit embroidered on vest, sleeves and collar
with black silk floss and round cord French blue satin and white sports A dress of blue tof dress. embroidered in bright colors.



## Fashions and Patterns

Continued from Page 52
A Splendid Style in One Piece sfifoct. Pattern 3197 is shown in this 20 years. An 18 year old size will require $41 / 4$ yards of 44 inch material. The width of the shirt at the foot is $11 / 2$ yard. Serge be used for this model. Braid or binding, embroidery or stitching will form a suitable fnish and decoration. Blue taffeta with facings of jof this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 centspin silver or stamps.
A Natty Play Suit for the Small Boy. -2838 -Here is just the model for ${ }_{a}$ beach suit, for romping and outdoor wear. It is good for linen, gingham, Thene, dritern is cut in 4 sizes: $3,4,5$, and years. Size 4 requires $21 / 4$ yards of 36 ration mailed to any address on receipt tran cents in silver or stamps.
a Preasing Design. 2819-This neat, simple ittue mode nay bo hished out the collar trimming. It is nice for all wash crepe. The closing is at the centre front under the crossing of the collar portions. The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 2,4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 23 yards of 36 inch material. A pattern of this ceipt of 15 cents in silver or stamps.
a Serviceable Two Piece Morning arment. Pattern 3209 is here port 44,46 and 48 inches bust measure. medium size will require $71 / 2$ yards of 27 inch material. This would be attractive in cotton crepe with binding of mercernief for percale, lawn, figured voile, challie albatross, silk and crepe de chine. The widh of the skirt at its lower edge is 2
yards. A pattern of this illustration yardg. A pattern of this illustration
mailed to any address on receipt of 15 conts in silver or stamps.

A Practical, Comfortable Dress for
3198 is her or Invalid Wear. Pattern $34,36,38,40,42,44$ and 46 inche 7 ses: 34, $36,38,40,42,44$ and 46 inches bust lower edge is 2 yards. A medium size will require 734 yards of 38 inch material Taffieta, serge, foulard, voile, linen, shanbe used for this design. A pattern of thi illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 cents in silver or stamps. A , Pretty Frock for the "Little Tot." Pattern 3200 was employed for this style. It is cut in 4 sizes: $4,6,8$ and yards of 27 inch material. This model may be developed in blue chambrey with colored or white feather stitched braid, or in crepe, gingham, poplin, wash silk, shantung or linen. Unbleached muslin, with or blue would be simple, serviceable and effective. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 A Simple Comfortas. A Siimple Comfortable Frock. 2813 soile, batiste, linen, chambrey, swiss,
silk and lawn are good for this model. It closes on the shoulders. The belt holds the fulness at the waistline. The pattern is cut in 5 sizes: 2, $4,6,8$ and 10 years Size 6 will require $23 / 4$ yards of 36 ins material. A pattern of this illustration
mailed to any address on receipt of 15 ents in silver or stamps.
A Pretty Frock. Pattern 3188 was used for this style. It is cut in 3 sizes:16, 18 , and 20 years. A 16 year size will require $61 / 4$ yards of 44 inch material. The Printed voile, challie, crepe or organdie will be attractive for this model. The unic portions may be omitted. A pattern of this ilustration mailed to any adaress
A ComFortable "Easy to Màke" Apron. Pattern 3187 was employed to develop this model. It is cut in 4 sizes mall, 32-34; medium, 36-38; large, 40-42; extra large, 44-46 inches bust measure. In
brown and white check gingham with Continued $\supset n$ Poge 5

## This Adjustable Dress Form WILL COST YOU NOTHING <br>  <br> The＂Collapso Queen＇＂pays for it－ self in the dressmaker＇s cost it saves <br> Here＇s an ideal way to circumvent the high price of spring and summer clothing．With the aid of the＂Collapso Queen＂Adjustable Dress Form，you can re－make those last year＇s suits and dresses－ which are not worn out but only out of style－ into beautifully new garments． <br> Or you can make a wonderfully－becoming new dress with only the cost of material；and often the saving gained in making it yourself pays for even the materia <br> A Perfect Fit Regard <br> The＂Patehted＂hinged waist of the＂Collapso Queen＂Patented ins hinged waist of the＂Collapss ment．Each and every hip and waist adjust－ ment．Each and every section may be changed without affecting other parts．There is no without affecting other parts．There is no figure，normal or abnormal，which cannot be fitted with this femarkable form．By a simple fitted with this femarkable form．By a simple adjustment your figure can be duplicated before Yore yous You can fit all your dresses－party street，or house quickly，accurately an pleasantly，and and feel better． <br> You can collapse this wonderful form and stand it on a table when fitting blouse stand it on a table when fitting blouses and waists．And when not in use it can be stored <br> in a special fibre box furnished for the purpose <br> Adjustable Dress Form Co．of Canada，Limited 14 Millstone Lane TORONTO <br> Our Special Instalment Offer      Nind <br> What Size Form to Order   雷

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## Fashions and Patterns

## Continued from Page 5

facings of white drill，or in blne chambrey piped with white or red，this would be very preasing．Sateen，alpaca，percale or lawn
could also be used．$A$ medium size will require 5 yards of 36 inch material．A pattern of this illustration mailed to any
address on receipt of 15 cents in silve or stamps．
A House Dress for Mature Figures． 2842－This is a good style for a work Percale，gingham，linen，lawn，rep poptin，and seersucker，are desirabl materials for this design．The sleeve
may be in wrist or shorter lenoth．The may be in wrist or shorter length． 46 and 48 inches bust measure．Size 38 requires $43 / 4$ yards of 44 inch material Width of skirt at lower edge，is about $2 \%$ yarrs．A pattern of this icustration cents in silver or stamps
A Popular Model for School Wear Pattern 3191.1 was employed to make 14 years．A 12 year size will require yards of 44 inch material．Serge，linen， drill，jean，khaki，washable satin，madraa and shantung could be used for the blouse The same materials are good for the skir voile or poplin．A pattern of this illus tration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 cents in silver or stamps．
A Very Attractive Dress Pattern 3199 is here shown．It is cut in 3 sizes： 12 ，
14 ，and 16 years．A 14 year size will require $33 /$ yearss．of 44 inech material cabardine may be used for this in in bination with contrasting materials．The over blouse is finished separately．A pattern of this illustration mailed to any or stamps．
A Dainty Under Garment．Pattern 3206 supplies this style．It is cut in 4 sizes：small， $32-34$ ；medium， $36-38$ ；large，
$40-42$ ；and extra large， $44-46$ inches bust measure．Nainsook，lawn，batiste，crepe silk，crepe de chine，cambric，and muslin may be used for this model．The yoke may be of embroidery，insertion，or lace
A medium size will require 33 yards of 36 inch material．A A patterr of this illuss
tration mailed to any address on receip tration mailed to any address on receipt
of 15 cents in silver of 15 cents in silver or stamps．

Countless have been the cures worked b Countless have been the cures worked b
Holloway＇s Corn Cure．It has a powter of tit own not found in other preparations．

14 Patterns of Essential Garments For Baby．Infant＇s Layetter 3112－2 These simple styles，all of which are pro－ and easy to make．The cloak may be cashmere，Bedford cord，serge or silk．It may be finished without the cape collar． The cap is suitable for the same material
and for lawn，nainsook，cambric and for lawn，nainsook，cambric or cor
duroy．The Kimono and Sack will devel op nicely in flannel，cashmere，silk，domet or outing flannel．The slip is nice for nainsook，lawn or cambric．The Pinning Blanket may be of domet，or outing flannol
or wool flannel．
The shirt of cambric flannel．The Diaper drawers of Cambri diaper cloth，or rubberized material．The barrie coat of cambric or long cloth．The Bootee of silk，quilted satin，eiderdown o

feet gown of flannelet，flannel or cambri nd the bib of silk lawn or cambric．It W 2 3／yards；（b）Carriage Robe， 21 y yarde （c）cold feet gown， 214 yards；（d）kimono，
$21 / 8$ yards；（e）Slip， $21 / 2$ yards；（f barrie oat 21 yards（h）cap 5 yards；（i）shirt $3 / 4$ yard；（ $j$ ）diaper drawers， $1 / 2$ yard；（k） $3 / 8$ yard，flannel， 78 yard（n）bib， $1 /$ yard （o）bootee， $1 / 4$ yard；（ $p$ ）band， $1 / 4$ yard Price 25 ．
Infant＇s Short Clothes Outit． 10 Practical Patterns of Baby Garments． 125－Composed of a yoke dress to be fil shed with long or short sleeves．A simplo and bishop sleeve a cap in dutch style， and bishop sleeve，a cap in duter
Continued on Page 55


Stylish and Serviceable This new All－Wool Slipover is becom－ ingly useful for spring and summer wear．It is finished with bell sleeves， sailor collar and frilled skirt，trim－ med with cord and tassels at neck waist and cuffs．


## MAY, 1920

## Fashions and Patterns

 Continued from Page 54 a night dress, a petticoat with added waist, a feeding apron, drawers, rompers and chambray, also flannelet may be used for the dresses and rompers. The coat is will develop nicely in fur, velvet, corduroy, cloth, silk or lawn. The night gown, underwaist and petticoat in flannel, flannelet, muslin or cambric. The feeding apron in jean, towbric or longcloth. The pattern is cut in one size. It requires of 36 inch material. (a) yoke dress, 2 yards; (b) coat, 214 yards; (c) bonnet, 2 $13 / 2$ yards; ruffle, $3 / 8$ yard; (f) feeding $1 / 8$ yards, rum (h) drawers, $3 / 4$ yard; (i) ompers, 13 , yards; ( j ) underwaist, 3 , yard; (k) play dress, 3 yards. Price 25 c A Smart Costume for the Growing Girl. 2845 -This makes a pretty suit or linen, the waist could be of matched serye. or of organdie. The design is also nice for gingham. The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 12 , 14 and 16 years. Size 14 re quires 5 yards of 44 inch material. address on receipt of 15 cents in silver or tamps.A Popular Suit Style. Coat pattern 214 and skirt. 3212 are here combined The coat is cut in 7 sizces:34, $36,38,40,42$ tirt in 7 sizes: $22,24,26,28,3032$ and skirt in 7 sizes: $22,24,26,28,30,32$ an
34 inches waist measure. It will requir 41/4 yards of material for the skirt and 25 yards for the coat of 44 inch material. As
and ere portrayed plaid suiting and serge are

combined. One could use taffeta or satin with braid or embroidery for trimming plaits extended is about $21 / 2$ yards. Thi illustration calls for two separate patterns which will he mailed to any address on receipt of in cents for each pattern in silver or stamps.
A Pretty Gown. Showing jumper The blouse is cut in 6 sizes $34,36,3840$ 42 and 44 inches bust measure The skirt in 6 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 style as illustrated me. To develop this style as illustrated, will require $63 / 8$ yards taffeta or linen, braided or embroidered in contrasting or self color would be good for this style. The width of the skirt at lower edge, is $13 / 4$ yards. This illustration will be mailed to any address on which of 15 cents for each pattern in silver or

A Pretty Dress for Mother's Girl Pattern 3201 was selected for this design It is cut in 4 sizes: $6,8,10$, and 12 years. A
10 year size will require $31 / 2$ yards of 36 10 year size will require $31 / 2$ yards of 36 choose taffeta with satin for the one could or plaid suiting and serge combined Shantung in a natural shade combined. effective with the bands embroidered in outline stitches or chenille. Linen with tive. A pattern of this illustration attrac to any adtress on receipt of 15 cents in

## The Western home Monthly

A Dainty Boudoir Set. Pattern 3194 If you've got the fancy that you're the is cut the styles here illustrated. I is cut in 4 sizes: small, 32 -34; medium inches bust measure. A mediume, 44-46 require $27 / 8$ yards of 36 inch material for the sack and $3 / 4$ yard of 22 inch material for the cap. Lawn, batiste, handkerchief cretonne, flannel and flannelette are suit able for this style. A pattern of this illus tration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 cents in silver or stamps.

## GO AHEAD AND TRY

 Max D. Major If you've got the notion that you are If things keep on arisingjust the one
o put the Bolsheviki boy square upon The whole thing's in a big mix-up
the run, the run,

Everything is going up,
Ain't nothing coming down,
The best thing you can tackle is to go
Refrain:

Go ahead and try, my bully, Go ahead, and try, And everything's awry; The whole concern is out of gear,
The bearing's squeaking dry The bearing's squeaking dry, Go ahead and try And everything is high.

Go ahead and try

Pretty little tootsy girl, Lives beside the lane, You'd like to call her yours, you know, And love her all the sames,
Put are to pop the questio Cut out the foolish thought Go ahead and try.

Little cottage, neath the hill, You'd like to call your own Handy place to bring her to, And there to make a home; True they will not sell it now They'll do so by and by, Go ahead and try.

(1) HE making of fine Chocolates demands more than men and machines. It is a science brought to perfection only by long experience and specialized endeavor. The experience of half a century is behind the "Dilecto" assortment of G. B. Chocolates, which consists of Creams, Nuts, Fruits, Hard Centers, ugatines and Marshmallows.

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The Western Home Monthly
Winnipeg
I accept your offer and enclose
$\$ 2.00$. Send the roses and The
Western Home Monthly for one
year to
$\stackrel{\mathrm{My}}{\mathrm{Name}}$
Address
Send The Western Home Monthly
for one year to
$\begin{aligned} & \text { My Friend's } \\ & \text { Name. }\end{aligned}$

Address


## Children's Cosy Corner

## Bobbie's Fishing Trip

 By Harriet Sutherland Bobbie started for a strol "In his hand a fishing pole. "How astonished mother'll be!" So the straightest path he took To the margin of the brook; For he saw-what do you think?Why, a frog of shiny green! Biggest frog he'd ever seen On a pad of monstrous size,
Looking right in Bobbie's eyes! Not a word did Bobbie say, But he turned and ran away Ran with all his speed until
He was safe beyond the hill!
And the frog with solemn eye Watched him run and wondered why That is all the little tale

## Something to Learn

 There was a young man who wasBy twenty-two cats and a kitten; Sighed he, "It is clear
My finish is near
No matter, I'll die like a Briton

## Letty's Globe

When Letty had scarce passed her third
glad year,
And her young artless words began to flow, One day we gave the child a colored sphere
Of the wide earth, that she might mark Of the wide earth, that she might mar
and know, By tint and outline, all its sea and land. She patted all the world, old empire
peeped
Between her baby fingers; her soft hand
Was welcome at all frontiers. How sh Was welcome at all frontiers. How sh And laughed an
wide bliss!
And when we turned her
"Oh, yes, I see she raised a joyous cry
And while she hid all England with a kiss Bright over Europe fell her golden hair Charles Tennyson Turne

Tulip

## Who wants

Of purple fold,
Embroidered down
The seams with gold?
See here!-a Tulip richly laced,
To please a royal fairy's

How Tommy ${ }_{0}$ Atkins Got His Name The English soldier was not alway: known as Tommy. It happened in uhis
way. The war office issued a little notebook to the men requesting each one to name, age, date of enlistment, etc.
So that they would not make any mistakes a copy of the front page was filled out properly in each book under the name o
Tommy Atkins. It did not take long Tommy Atkins. It did not take long boys, and it is to-day as significant of the
English fighting man as John Bull is of English fightin
England itself.

A Little Chat with Bobby Burke Boys and Girls of the Cosy Corner: It's not often that ihe Editor will
bother you with a talk, bue a few things I want to say, a few explavetions I nant to make, so please come over
in my corner and make rourselves comin my corner and make yourselves comhave been getting some pretty fine letters from boys and girs in the last few week, in the corner along with the names of
those whose stories or letters were perhans too long to print. spoke of in the first chat we had together,
$\qquad$
heirs and so become members of the club. In future we are going to say very
plainly every month under what headings plainly every month under what headings
we want you to write. We have received we want you to write. We have received
lately several contributions heading "Something to Read", and while these have all been good things to read, it is the Editor's idea that "Something to Read" should be provided for you every month and not by you. Look carefully over the corner and see just what the
special competitions are for the month and what the special headings under which we want you to write. Address your letters carefully, labelling them on the outside for the right department,
and send them in so they will reach Winnipeg before the 8th of the month, that is, stories, etc., for May must be here before May 8th. Can you remember these few explanations, and forgive the
Editor for taking up your space. Editor for taking up your space. Here's
hoping to have a mail bag full of letters from you.

Bobby Burke.

## Something To Do

To Cook Eggs-Goldenrod 4 hard boiled eggs, 1 tablespoon flour, teaspoon salt, $1 / 8$ teaspoon pepper, parsley, Make a thin white sauce by melting the butter over the fire, stir in the flour, and when smooth add the milk gradually. Let it come to a boil, stirring as it thickens,
add the seasonings. Remove the shells add the seasonings. Remove the shells
from the eggs and separate whites from yolks. Chop the whites and add them to he sauce. Cut the slices of toast in half lengthwise, arrange on a hot platter and
pour over the sauce. Press the pour over the sauce. Press the yolks
through a potato ricer or strainer, sprinkle them over the top, garnish with parsley
and serve very hot and serve very hot.

A Paper Cutter
Get some thin soft wood (basswood is good). You will need a piece from
8 to 10 inches long and from wide. Draw your design on paper first,
 transfer it to the wood by tracing and a fretsaw or a sharp knife. Bevel the the faces if you like and stain the blade and apply shellac to it.

Something To Amuse You Little Edward had not come up to his parents' expectations in his studies, "Why is it," asked the father impatiently, "that ysked the father, imhottom of the class? You never seem yo qet anywhere else. II should think "I can't see that it makes any difference father," replied Edward pacifically. "You
know," hey teach the same thing at both nds."-Harper's Magazine.
Something Received
from the following hovs and gire letters Anna
from the following hors and girls: Anna
Kedziora, Coper Creek. Iardo. B.C.; Kedziora, Cooper Creek. I Iardo. B.C.;
Maxine I. Sutherland, Hillerest Farm,

MAY, 1920
The Western hóme Monthly
A Ready Answer
A man samed Wood, who was proud of his reputation for making jokes, met Continued from Page 56 Caroline La Rocque, Lebret, Sask.; Lena Elk, Makinak; sent in both a story and a adeseription of a bird house, which latter
desin descuill try and publish later with a few
we wanges. changes. Boys and Girls:-As, our dear
Dear
Editor plans to make a boys' and girls' Editor we have to help in order to get it started. I read the stories of March
g issue, it is so interesting and also the little verses and making useru.
very much the birl, dear friends, I am sending a few
Well funny stories as our Editor asked. I ell, Ithink spring is here now becauser saw a crow this morning and aver found ary yesterday. I have never forsy willows yet. but I will hunt for some this week as Easter holidays will soon start.

## Unexpected Dramatics

"You look very sad, little boy," said the old lady. "Can I be of any help to
you little boy who had been reading stories of the kind usually found in the
"penny dreadfuls," struck an attitude "penny dread
"Hist, old woman! Thou can'st of signal service to me, and thou wilt See'st yon tobaccy shop across the way?
Take this bronze coin and bid the scurvy knave within to supply thee with two cigarettes and a match! Be secret,
mother, and betray me not, or thy life mother, and betray me not, or shall pay the forfeit! I will await thee here. Begone!"-Titbits.
Aunt Kizzie, a negro wash woman who had gloried in her widowhood, suddenly "I thought you were nev marry again," her employer remarked.
"Well, I didn't 'low I ,would, but you see it was this a-way," Aunt Kizzie heavy that I either had to marry Sam
to tote 'em around for me or else buy me a mule, an' I decided it would be less trouble to marry Sam."-World Outlook.
The Manchester Guardian tells the Jimmy and Leo had been naughty, and the teacher had ordered them to stay indoors during playtime and to write out each his own name a thousand times.
The boys started to work with energy but after five minutes Jimmy was observed to slacken, apparently thinking very hard. Then he stopped and burst into "What's the matter, Jimmy?" asked
the teacher "Tain't f ar!" he sobbed. "His name Table Manners
The Goops they lick their fingers Ther spill their broth on the table-cloth; Oh, they lead disgusting lives; The Goops they talk while eating, And loud and fast they chew; and that is why 1 m glad that


## Something to Exchange

How, about that "swop" corner? Havent to any of you boys anything you send in a notice and we will print it for you.

Something For You to Try Send us in the three best funny stories you know and the boy or girl who send

We want a pattern for an apron Something prett: eetul
girls, here is your chance.

We want from the hoys a good description of a bird house that any boy could build and with it a snapshot of the bir
house completed.


Sumbonnet Baby and Overall Boy 60 -dish package of Quaker.

The package
of food value. ideal food. oats in right proportion.

## Price 40c-

The Cost of a 60-Dish Package of Quaker Oats


35 Cents A 60 -dish
Quaker Oats 4in critin
A small fish will cost you the same amount-enough to serve four people. nearly that-only enough for eags at this writing cost nearly as much as that

## Mark the Food You Get

The fish, eggs or chops which that 40 c buys will not average one-ninth as much. As a food they cannot compare with oats. For the oat is the greatest food that grows.
It is almost a complete food, nearly the It is almost a complete food, nearly the

About all the human body needs is in


This is how the calory cost compares
For Seven Eggs
with ther necesary fookls, based on prices at thi
 writing:

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or a 60 -Dish Pack
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Calories
The wise housewife's conclusion must be this
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## Mother's Section

## It Can Be Done

 How came the Pyramids to rise? Some old Egyptian builder's mind Brooding beneath the desert skies,Their vast sublimity outlined; Their vast sublimity outlined;
He knew the cruel toil they meant, The shifting sand, the burning sun Yet steadfast to the work he went With one brave will: "It can be done
How came the Parthenon to stand Far-gleaming from its classic height The brain of Phidias, and the hand
Of staunch Ictinus, day and night Shaped forth the vision-they alone The triumph of its grandeur won, For deeper than its corner stone
Stood their sure thought: "It can done!"

0 talisman of mighty deeds
Fronting all labors unafraid
Thy power each young endeavor ne
By many an obstacle dismayed; ew toils arise, new hopes are born, New struggles daily are begun-
But still, above all foes, all scor Ring the great words: "It can be

## Intercession

When the Bible Study Class di persed after its morning session, Mar and suggested a walk round the campus Evelyn Dodge glanced at her watch. "Little juniors must be indulgently reated, I suppose," she replied whim sically, "and I have twenty whol ture. How many times round, Margie? "Oh, two or three, please! I'm troubled about something. I need you to help me "Out with it!" ordered Evelyn as they started down the maple-boarded "It was our topic in class this mornspoke of it as if it were an essential part of the Christian's life, and the class seemed to take the same attitude. But
I don't believe in it. Do you, Evelyn?" The older girl picked up a fallen leaf and studied its rich coloring before she answered, "Yes, under certain conditions. Why not?" reasonable!" protested Margaret. "If the relation between God and ourselves is really personal, like that of
father and child, as Christ taught that it is, then why should anyone need another to pray for him?
A shadow flitted over Evelyn's thought ful face. Then her dark eyes smiled
serenely into Margaret's troubled blue "I ones. ( felt that way about it until a year ago," she answered slowly. "And then, during those months when I was so desperately sick and the odds seemed all
against me, I had a strange experience. against me, I had a strange experience.
I think I had always had a strong personal faith since childhood, and believed
that nothing 'could rob me of it. But when the pain and fatigue of those long months had weakened and unnerved me, I all my interest in life. I I am sure that I still believed passively that sure that God, and that He is an all-wise and lov ing God; but I seemed to have lost all
sense of personal communion with Himall real consciousness of his presence." lake that sparkled in the October mornsilence.
Then one day Dr. Stanley called a the hospital to see me. He had always appealed to me as a college pastor,
although I had never known him very well as a friend. I was too weak to say much, but he somehow grasped the
fact that I was being swallowed up by the darkness; and before he left he knelt
at mr bedside without permission or at my bedside without permission or shall never forget: it was so simple and
ferrent, so intimate-so powerful. As
I lay there wonderingly-just listening -tears crept down my face, and tha
little sick room suddenly became intercession became very clear to of
then. I was all out of tune with God and with life. He was in close comnunion with God and in ardent touch have thought of earthly intercessors as tuners, whose sensitiveness to God's voice and contact with human hearts enables them to bring the two into harmony. I to your question, but it satisfied me" Margaret pressed her friend's hand affectionately. "It satisfies me, too," she said gratefully. "You are always such a first aid to doubters, Evelyn!"

THE UNWELCOME ANGEL One evening after dinner Robert Sanderson waked a troubled face.
with
"What's the matter, my boy?" asked the older man.
"Nothing very serious, I guess,", said the son, "only I'm up against a decision, and, as you know, I don't like to be "What's the decision you have to make, Robert,","
"Just this," replied the younger man. "Just this," replied the younger man. ship of the branch in St. Louis, and I don't know whether to accept or not. They want my decision to-morrow morning, and I don't know what to do. You see I'm not worried about the branch n itself. It is successful. The thing encugh to swing it. There's more moner in it than in my present job, and I shall have a chance to show what's in me, if there is anything. But I know my job here as superintendent, and this other is a leap into the dark. And yet it seems
to be the parting of the ways: it's to be the parting of the ways: it's
either take this now or settle down in the present job forever."
I know what you're facing, Robert," said the father kindly. "None of us likes to be driven face to face with a men have to face it. It is only growing persons who are never troubled by it. I should be anxious about you if, after ive years as superintendent, they hadn't seen fit to offer you this position. Deci ion has been forced on you by oppor-
tunity. And let me say further that the greater responsibility that opportunity opens up always leaves the right sort of man anxious and sober. You'll pardon my illustrating what I mean from 'Do you remember how young Gideon was threshing wheat by a cave one day to hide it from the Midianites, who were oppressing his people when the angel of the Lord came and told him to go forth as leader and redeem his people? And have Alas, 0 Lord God! for because ace.' That angel was about as welcome to Gideon as this larger opportunity is to you. He accepted the responsibility and succeeded, but just at that time he one else. "As I follow the stories of Bible leaders hrinking in the face of new responsibil ity. Moses had it when God told him to go to Pharaoh. Isaiah had it when God
told him to preach to the people of Judah. Jeremiah had it when he was called to prophesy, and said, 'Woe is me!' Saul had it when he was called to preach, and he hid his face and sank to the ground.
Yet none of those men failed. I think Yet none of those men failed. I think
that their very modesty was part of their qualification for big things. They knew a big job when they saw it. And
no man is fit for a big job until he has measured it and learned to respect its implications. On the other hand, only a craven backs a way when a big oppor-
tunity challenges him. You know the tunity challenges him. You know the
old saying: 'To dare to fail is noble; to fail to daring: 'To dare to fail is noble; to
fanoble.' I'd take the dare and leave the rest to God. If He has
called you, He'll equip you, as He did those of other men."
FAMILY WORSHIP FAMILY WORSHIP
"I studied for the ministry," said a
successful business man, "but I broke
down midway in my course of study.


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- Why
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## MAY, 1920

## Mothers' Section Continued from Page 58

Four years in college and two in the theological seminary, working my way and spending my vacations in earning money undermined my health. I had to give up the ministry, that I would carry I entered business ideals and principles with had been mine when I planned to be a minister of the gospel. All in all, I think it easier to practice than to preach; but I have had to modify a number of my theories,
row. atarted family life with daily wor-
It ship and maintained it with increasing of business grew.. Finally-and I confess of with sorrow-I gave it up. It was almost imposing at any time in the day, and the hurried, perfunctory attempt grew wearisome and unprofitable, and I doubt if its value repaid the effort. I gave it up, and, although I am un
not see a remilar experience has occurred many homes. It must be confessed that regular family worship is nearly obsolete, yet the custom involves much that is it may
It may be true that the old-fashioned forms and methods of conducting family
prayers are not well adapted to the prayers are not with its great variety of demands and interruptions; yet any home is blessed that can gather its members for even a quiet two minutes for a united ppward look. A single verse of Scrip moment of united prayer would bless the family life of ${ }^{\circ}$ America and unify the higher interests of the home as almost no other one thing could do.
In the midst of so many interests that tend to disintegrate home life-the sep-
aration of the children into different rooms at school and into different groups of friends outside, and the diverging venues of life open before the feet of the older members-every influence is to bers under a common roof in a moment fuplift and inspiration. If the morning neal could be preceded or followed by ew minutes of devotion, home life would gain a quiet and repose that would have rast value for bodily health, for poise of spirit,

THE LAST SHIFT
By Mary Carolyn Davies
God did not finish the world He made eft to us the last;
hy should we cringe or be afraid, why should we stare aghast?
See! it is work for a master hand, steady and firm and sure,
ding a world that is built to stand,
to stand and to endure.
man's work, a man's work, here, lend a hand, you're needed.
What if a thousand men have failed where one man has succeeded?
the task again
ank God, He left us a piece of work that is big enough for men!
There's need of many a toiling man, and For ned of men who dream,
dreamers are the ones who plan the houlder to shoulder, brea
athing fast h, thus, like the men in ages past, w work for the Master, lad
A man's work, a man's work, here in the broiling sun,
Giving our muscle and brain to do the task God left undone,
houlder to shoulder working on, till our backs refuse to bend-
w'a work, a man's work, and a man'

To Asthma Sufferers.-Dr. I. D. Kellogg's.
Asthma Remed.
to a sinkinges comes like, a helping hand Asthma Remedy cores.-Dr. Iike a. helping hand
to a sinking swimmer. It gives new life and
hope by curing his trouble-something he has
cone
 argument be buestioned-it is its own be
you suffer frown best advertisement.

the Western home Monthly

## The Kitchen

Meat with Macaroni
Bath Buns
Chop two cupfuls of cold meat, add one tablespoonful of chopped parsley, the beaten yolks of two eggs, salt, pepone tablespoonful of butter in a Heat pan, add two tablespoonfuls of bread quarter of a pound of sugar, one ounce crumbs, one-half cupful of of bread let them rise again for in small buns, water and the meat mixture. Divide then bake in a hot oven for half an hour. into small greased molds or cups. Set the cups in a pan half filled with boiling water and bake in a hot oven for twenty minutes. Turn out on a hot platter and serve with nicely seasoned cook-
ed macaroni and hot white sauce.
of water; when of milk; add half a pint of water; when lukewarm add one yeast add a tablespoonful of molasses, a devel teaspoonful of salt, and sufficient graham
flour to make a batter that will drop flour to make a batter that will drop
from a spoon; beat for five minutes; cover and stand in a warm place, 75 degrees Fahrenheit, for three hours. Add one pint of, graham flour, beat again pour in three greased square pans cover and stand aside for one hour. Bak in a moderate oven for three-quarters of

One, Two, Three, Four Cake One cup of butter, two cups of sugar, three cups of flour, four eggs, half cur peel or a little salt, flavoring of lemon peel or lemon brandy, two teaspoonfuls aking powder. Method:-Beat the but ter and sugar to a light cream. Breal baking powder, and salt together, and powder, and salt toget
Continued on Page 60


## 

The Kitchen
Continued from Page 59 Co the other ingredien milk. Bake in a flat tin for about an hour. This cake may be iced with ad-

## Virginia Biscuits

Rub one teaspoonful of shortening into uart of soft white flour a add a level teaspoonful of salt. Mix two-thirds of a cupful of milk with an equal quantity
stirring all the while; the dough must be hard, not wet. It may not take the ntire quantity of moisture; for this eason add it gradually. Knead the dough continuously for fiftean
longer, folding and turning constantly. Perhaps they are never more happily in Roll in a sheet as thin as a wafer, cut evidence than when found in the schoo in biscuit shape, prick the top of each luncheon basket.
one with a fork. Stand in a baking-pan, Do you know how valuable nuts ar where they will not touch each other, and
bake in a moderate oven until crisp and

If well made these biscuits are very
light and digestible light and digestible.
as food? Food experts say that we ea far too few of them. For the nut wafer work two tablespoonfuls of butter until creamy, using a wooden spoon, preferrably a wooden cake spoon which has the slits,
then add gradually while stirring and then add gradually while sirring and
beating constantly one-fourth of a cup ful of granulated sugar and one egg well beaten. Mix and sift one teaspoonful of baking powder, one-fourth of a teaspon-
ful of salt, and half a cupful of pastry flour (once sifted). Add to first mixture then add two teaspoonfuls of milk, half then add two teaspoonfuls of milk, half

- a cupful of fine ehopped peanuts and half
a teaspoonful of lemon juice., Drop from



## Their Food Values are the Same

Government analysis will verify the fact that MACARONI contains nearly twice the food value of sirloin or any other choice meats. The thrify housewife will also appreciate the difference in the cost of the two-she will appreciate this A pure hard wheat product made in Canada in economy more when she realises that Macaroni can be prepared in over 100 delicious and appetizing dishes.
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one inch apart and place half a peanu on top of each. Bake fifteen minutes in two dozen cookies.

## Sausages with Tomatoes

 Skin one half-pound of sausages, an divide each in halves. Cut even-sized from three halves, and remove any rind the sausages into flat round Shape rather larger around than the cake the tomatoes. This is necessary cause, when fried, the cakes shrink as the fat melts out. Fry the cakes a light brown on both sides and flatten them out a little to make them match the tomatoes in size. Lay a sausage cake oneach half tomato, on that put half each half tomato, on that put half a
slice of bacon and then the second tomato. Press them well together, and heat the tomatoes in a quick oven until they are tender but not broken. Put short thick piece of parsley stalk int the top of each tomato and serve hot

## The Kitchen Garden

During the spring and summer months every able-bodied person ought to get up the garden There will be work outside the tenement districts of the cities who will not have some kind of garden this year. The success of the garden will be measured entirely by tha intensive cultivation that the owner is willing to give it. Good seed and fer-
tilizer are essential, of course, but they are not of themselves sufficient to produce good results; and the gardener who buys good seed and fertilizer and then plants his garden only to neglect it is in his helping the sack. He not only is no he is hindering it by wasting materials that in the possession of another might have been three or four times as pro ductive.
To lay
To lay out your garden with mathe matical accuracy and artistic eye, to dig it and rake it and smooth it, to plant it with care, to exult over the small green rows when they appear, to hoe and watcr and weed, to thin out the plants tha pation for the early morning or early evening hours, except indeed harvesting the crops when they ripen. To work late in the garden and to go to bed early means usually that you will get up early to do some early work in the garden. It It means filling not only the market basket but the barrels and the bins and the glass jars; it means taking yourseli market, and leaving for the vegetable mat could not do for some family food that you, if you had not labored with your hands, would have bought it means relieving the railways of the necessity of keeping you supplied with articles that you can produce,--all good enough reasons laziness of the morning the apathy of late afternoon, for toiling and sweat ing and blistering and aching, and for being glad to undergo discomfort and weariness.
market basket, fill the barrels and the bins and the glass jars!

## Tripe with Oysters

Cover one pound of well washed tripe with silghtly salted water and cook
slowly for one hour. Blend two table spoonfuls each of butter and flour in a saucepan over the fire, add the water in which the tripe was cooked, bring to a boiling point, add the tripe cut in small pieces, twenty-four oysters, and mer until the oysters are cooked and mer until the

> The Oil of the People.-Many, oils have
come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric
Oil
> come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric
Oil continues to maintain its position and
increast inter increase its shere of usefulness each year.
Its sterling qualities have brought it to the
front and kept it there, and it can truly be Tront and kept it there, and it can truly ye
called the oil of the people. Thousands have
benefted by it and would use no other pie
paration.

## 7

The Western home monthly

## Eggs in Potato Nests

Make cakes of mashed potato, seasoned well. Make a depression in the centre of each. In this drop an egg. Place in the oven till the egg is cooked. toes to make room for an egg carefully dropped in each. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, and cook in a baking dish in the oven till the whites of the eggs are firm.

## Scrambled Eggs

Use tomato sauce in place of milk scrambling eggs. Add cooked diced bacon to scrambled eggs. Add sauted mushrooms to scrambled eggs, and serve on toast.

SOME APPETIZING BREAKFAST RECIPES
Many consider breakfast the most im portant meal of the day, and while eggs are generally the most popular item on the breakfast bill of fare, yet there are many other delightful appetizing items to consider,
here below:
Cocoanut and Cornmeal Waffles Beat two eggs until light, add two cupfuls of sour milk or buttermilk, two cupfuls of flour sifted with one teaspoonful each of baking powder, salt and sugar; melt one tablespoonful each of butter and lard and add them with one teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in one tablespoonful of warm water, half cupful of chopped cocoanut. Mix
carefully and cook on hot, well-greased waffle irons. Serve hot with butter nd syrup.

Cream Toast with Cheese Sprinkle hot toasted bread thickly with grated cheese, and place in a Pour over white sauce and serve hot. Another method is to cook one tabl spoonful of flour in two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, add one teaspoon'ful of salt, and gradually stir in one pint of hot milk or cream. Stir until it thickens, then pour over slices of dry cheese and serve hot
Fried Hominy Slices
Pack some boiled hominy very closely in a greased bread pan. Cool, cut into
thick slices, and fry in hot fat. Serve on hot platter alone or with chops.


## The Frequent Cause of Nervous Breakdown

NOTHING so certainly breaks down the nervous system as constant straining of the eyes.
You may think that sewing is light work and wonder why it tires you.

It is the strain on the eyes.
The controlling of the sight is the most delicate work of the nervous system and when there is strain on the eyes there is an enormous waste of nervous energy.

There are times when it seems necessary to stick at this work for long hours and to sew by artificial light, but you may have to pay for it by a nervous breakdown.

It is then well to know about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, as a means of restoring a rundown nervous system.
Whatever may be the cause of your nervous breakdown, it has been demon-
strated in many thousands of cases that there is nothing like Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to restore the depleted nerve cells.
Headaches, tired feelings, sleeplessness, indigestion, lack of energy and appetite are some of the indications of an exhausted condition of the nerves.

Your digestive system is failing to supply the necessary nutrition to the blood and nerves, so it becomes necessary to employ such restorative treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.
Rest will help. Eating only wholesome, nutritious food will benefit. But restoration is very greatly hastened and ensured by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. 50 cts., a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates \& Co., Ltd., Toronto. On every box of the genuine you will find the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the fampus Receipt Book author.


ERCURY Underwear for Women was de-
signed to follow the lines of the female signed to follow the lines of the female form.

That, combined with the best in materials and the greatest care in making, accounts for the snug, even fit and the comfort enjoyed by every wearer of a Mercury garment.
In Natural Wool, finest Cashmere and Light Weight Wool. Every ga Cular Mercury quat every garment of the popul
If your dealer does not sell Mercury lines ${ }_{j}$ send us his name.
MERCURY MILLS, LIMITED, Hamilton, Canada
Makers of Underwear and Hosiery for Men, Women
Jrercury
Underwear


## 117



ACHROMATIC MELESSCOPE MADE UPON MEW SGIENTIFTC PRRNCTPIES.





## Correspondence

## CAN YOU OBLIGE?

Dear Editor and Readers:-
I have been going to write for a long time, but it seemed $I$ always kept puting it off till now.
ting it itent we had a very severe winter It has been terribly cold around here, but spring will surely be with us soon
and we will forget our troubles through and we will the winter
I agree with what "Lover of Home" says about dancing. I enjoy reading the
stories in "The Western Home Monthly" stories in of the members take the "Illustrated Companion?" I would like to get the August, 1919, number. I would be very thankful if anyone would send
it to me. My address is with the Editor. it to me. My address is with the Editor.
Morning Glory.

## A FARMER AND TRAPPER

Dear Editor and Readers:-
May a lonely bachelor of twent by be come a member of your jolly circle? 1 have only been a reader of your fine paper for a short time. I left England
120 years ago, and have been in Canada 12 years ago, and have been in Canada
10 years. I like Canada. Spring will soon be here, and I expect, like myself, you will all be glad
to see it. $\bar{I}$ am a farmer and trapper. to see it. I am a farmer and trapper.
1 like trapping very much, and do a lot I like trapping very much, and do a 10 of it. In the summer my uncle and go
work the farm, and in the winter I work the farm, and in the after the farm trapping, and ancle
himself. It is a stock farm we have. I am very fond of hunting, shooting, etc., and do a lot of it.
I agree with "Canadian Girl." I think
her letter was just right.
I have a folding camera and take snaps. I would like to hear from some the Editor.

## nOT FROZEN

Dear Editor and Readers:-
I have been an interested reader of your page for some time, so I though
I would now write a letter.
$I$ live in the country and am certainly having a good time. I enjoy and join in all sports.
ram sure everyone will be glad when so long. We have had seven months of it now, and we shall be glad to see
green grass and flowers again.
I wish to say that the English brides have been welcomed in this district. We,
have not been "frozen" as "Ex-Sergeant" says. I don't think he can know Cana dian girls very well. I wish he would come out to our part of the country for a while.
1 must close before I make my letter too long. Would like to correspond with any members of my own age (17). I will sign myself,

Curls.


## Correspondence

Continued from Page 62 their interesting letters and the Editor for such nice reading. One could never get as good a magazine for the price, no matter where they may go, and look
no at the paper it is printed on. No cheap
 times doing my own housekeeping, es times
peially when I am making flapjacks. One morning when I had quite a good batch made, the gander and one of the calves got to fighting, and I had to go out and separate them. When I came back, what do you think, the dog hac just got away with the last flapjack
Won't some of the readers be kind enough to send me a recipe for another enough The Editor has my name and address.

A Loniely Bach.

MY SECRET
By Grace G. Bostwick
It is such a little thing-my secretand yet it has changed the world of dear people for me. It has made gve my own life and given me an insight them altogether lovable in my eyes. Look for the good that is in every Look for the good that is in eve
one! That is all there is to it.
When you are looking for the good, When you are looking for the good,
you cannot see evil, for you can see only you cannot see evilime. And the way in which goodness leaps toward you, in response, is truly marvelous. I have seen a crabbed, sour face that was lined with wrinkles or bitterness melt like icicles in the sunshine before this reso-
lute attitude of mind. I have seen that face smile tenderly and tears of compassion rise to the eyes that had been so prone to enmity. This, too, with a total stranger myself hunting for a room in which to live, with nothing at all to repay such kindly interest but loving thought.
I have met with friendship among the lowest, during periods of seeming poverty, garbed in clothing that was ihabby to the last degree. Why? Simply because I saw the sweetness within, and it leaped to meet me. I have conquered business difficulties with this same attitude, seeing only justice and consideration in place of the wron so apparent
I have found that one of the soundest give out to the world in our own though is exactly what we receive Oddly enough, when this
Odiy enough, when this attitude of vated, the petty characteristics of hu manity, such as envy, pride, hatred, pity and self-love crism, jealousy, selftheir self-love, seem to depart of their bargage, which is discourg with depression, wretchedness and ugemen ness generally. Even the bodily healt shows marked improvement, for it is a well-known fact to modern science that fatever adds to the wholesome content of the mental life also correspondingly affects the physical.
Now, after several years of this rerarely catch of thinking, I find that I with a thought of criticism. I, who used to pride myself on my critical facultythinking absurdly enough as I see now that it denoted intellect-find that the good in humanity of every class and station is paramount. It is, in fact, the to me to see the humane second nature is under all the superficial faults of man kind-wholly good, and I wonder how I ever managed to live under my old ways
of thinking of thinking.
my neighbor in no false witness" against my neighbor in my own thought that has And this, I believe, is the secret of hap-piness-as it is of brotherhood.





## The Western home Monthly

A Case of Natural Selection

## Continued from page 4


bined efforts of the family to get it ready weeks $\frac{\text { Elite }}{}$ Ladies' World. The four weaks that followed seemed very long to
the waiting Sch winds. The postman had agreed that when he had something for
them he would whistle three times os them he would whistle three e times as
soon as he entered the Alley. At first the children stationed themselves st watch, but as the days passed their
interest flagged and they resumed their Interest flagged and they resumed their usual games. At hast a day came when
the postman actually idid whiste. Mr. Schwind was bo startled that she sain into a chair, her hand over her heart.
"Mother, trembtiner of ike I was wis ging to "the ${ }^{\text {den }}$ By hous, carrying that Helene entered the package, the new had gon forth. Sinee
everyone knew of the contest, the Sohwinds friends loot not time in rosesent. ing themselves to hear the result. In
her excitement, Mrs. Middeteon came her excitement, Mrs. Midaleton came
with her dust pan and broom. The children stationed themselves around their
 to read. It seemed an eternity before she succeeded in opening the envelope.
${ }^{M}$ Moar Mre and Mre






How I Learned to Swim
Continued from Page I earnest, and $I$ began to p plead and ery.
Of course this was just what they want. of course this was just what they want.
ed and they teased me mill the moree Fear will often give one courage, and
guess that is what happened in my case for when one of the bops stood yp in a threatening attitude, $I$ jumped over the edge of the boat into the dear water,
through which $T$ could see the bottom through which I could see the bottom
of the river. The water was much deeper of the iver. The water was much deeper
than it looked here, and doum, down I than it looked here, and down, down

went until my feet touched the bottom, | when untim my feet touched the batom |
| :--- |
| then I came up gain. In the meanwile | the boys had been rowing, and when I came to the top the boat was at least

ten yards away.
hoped some one ten yards away. I hoped some one
would catch $m e$ and
pull $m e$ into the woul catch me and puan me into the I went angin, never expecting to come
up. It would surrise you how many things even a small boy can think of When so close to death. I remember quite well how sorry $I$ knew my sister
would
feel
when
she
heard $I$ I drowned I also thought how disobed. ient I had always been, and in fact a
million things semed to run through my brain in a fem seconds. But to go on with my story. For the seond time botton, and then came up again, and thion, time $I$ tried od opadde and kiick,
and did so well that $T$ worked $m y$ way and did so well that $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{I}}$ worked my way
into water only up to my waist.
Of courre $I$ was very weak by this time, and
 my sister of my narrow escape, and $I$ got a acolding for my disobedience, but
She spared the slipper as she thought I had had lesson enough for one day. had not only learned a lesson in th way, but I had learned to swim, at least I had learned what I could do when I had to. I have always tried to rememmust, and that lots of things that seem impossible are easy if we only try to do them with all our hearts.
I hope no one will try jumping in the lake to learn to swim just because they as fortunate as I was, but I wrote this to show that success in life rests entirely in ourselves, and the confidence we have

## The Planting of the Home

 GardenContinued from Page 51

He also gave them a choice of several from our custom of rewarding the family as backgrounds. On the whole, Mrs. so completely received her money's worth.
On the Monday, when the proofs the Alley. Helens muching ement in pail from Tom Murphy's met the postpail from Tom Murphy's met the poststarted on a run, screaming shrilly,
"The picture, Ma, the picture!"
"The picture, Ma, the picture!"
The other Schwinds, who were playing throughout the street, with one accord started for the house. In the scramble, the twins, Royal and Patricia, were eager Eloise. It took several minutes to restore tranquir ages, look. Presently Mrs. Middleton and Elvira appeared.
"It's more natural than life," declared Mrs. Middleton, "and Elvira shows up "It was nice
vantage of her," said Mrs give us the ad fully. "I kinder hated not to get credit for Mabel that had ammonia of the "Have
"Have you got to write their names
underneath?"
"Jim's going to do that," Mrs. Schwind answered with pride. "He's been takin' lessons over to the Settlement. Eloise, run over and ask Miss Howard for the end of an envelope, a pen and a bottle portance and we'll return the ink tomorrow. Helene, take this proof back to
Brady and tell him to send it as quick as he can."
The picture arrived the following day.
 After deliberation and consultation, we have awarded our prize to your particularly beauti-
ful little oirl of eleven years. Although the
other children are attractive in looks, Elvira other children are attractive in looks, Elvira
leads them all in her appearance of perfect leads them all in her appearance of perfect
and bloming health. We therefore send,
under separate cone cour, a gold medal with tho under separate cover, a gold m
name "Elvira" engraved upon it.
With best With best wishes for your continued pros-
perity, we beg to remain, Very sincerely
yours, yours, The Elite Ladies' World.
The atmosphere was vibrant with con straint that was almost consternation. Disappointment was written on the faces of the children, and the neighbors dared
not express the sympathy they felt. Mrs. Middleton struggled nobly to hide he look of pride and satisfaction. Mrs. Schwind herself was the first to recover and it was she who broke the embar rassing silence. She glanced affection-
ately at the twelve little Schwinds circled anound her and against the wall. "Now what do you think of that?" she began. "I was just wondering how I could ever pay Mrs. Middleton for the lend of Elvira. Helene, hand the bundle to her-She's welcome to the prize and
she deserves it. Elvira is the prettiest, and being an only child, of course she' the healthiest, too. But," she continued a hint of patronage in her tone, "for my part, Tve always said it was a woman's
duty to have plenty of children, although have heard tell that the fewer you

Worms in children, if they be not at
tended to. cause convulsions, and often death
MTother Grave Worm Extrminato will pro
tect the children from these distressing
large one buy the seeds by the ounce, snips should sow a thirty foot row parounce of beet seed; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce of onion; 1 packet of carrot and $1 \frac{1}{2}$ lbs of onion; Eatts will seed the thirty foolt drill. tomatoes are better cat outiflower and plants, and twelve plants may be set in a thirty foot row. Beans and cucumbers, squash and pumpkins, as well as corn, must not be planted until the early spring frosts are a thing of the past (the
ast week in May or early these seeds germinate quickly, as all ially when the earth is warm and the June rains have commenced. About this me late cabbage and cauliflower, per haps a packet of tomatoes should be open.
to wait until June 12 to 15 , before risk ing them. In this country squash or where early lettuce, mustard the drill where early lettuce, mustard and radines all need to be sown in hills these 5 feet apart, plant 6 seeds in a hill. A little stable manure placed in the bottom of the hill ensures a better growth in cucumbers.
One of the most successful grower of potatoes, near Winnipeg, tells me hor iways plants his pottatoes with manure $n$ the drill, and has proven a better
crop can thus be secured, in either a wet or dry season in Manitoba. So I pass or dry season in Manitoba. So I pass
on the "tip." Everybody enjoys potaon the tip. Everybody enjoys pota-
toes about Dominion Day, or thereabouts,
fresh from the rarden so fresh from the garden, so a half bushel of early "spuds", should be planted in
hills early in May. Sometimes Jack Frost
survive a spring frost as a general rule,
then the later crop should be planted the then the later crop should be planted the latter part of May
Peppers can be grown successfully ons grew splendidly last season, mel. short, cool summer does not suit them, they will not mature or ripen. corner in the garden. Parould find a savory; mint; thyme and ey; summer delightful herbs. The bed should be all enriched, and hand-raked very fine well smooth. The seeds are tiny, therefore need careful sowing, and the soil barely time to germinate, but the takes a long grow quickly.
Celery, many people do not care to grow, finding its culture more difficult than other vegetables. A box of celery plants, say 5 or 6 dozen, should be set deep drill made to set them in, 8 to inches apart. Water well, and as the grow gradually work the soil up on the roots, always hilling them up to blanch the roots and make them shapely and
firm. firm.
arden to "firm" roller is useful in the garden to firm in the seeds, such as
onion and beets, eltc. An old barrel may be utilized in this way.
In closing I must urge frequent weeding during the rapid growing season. Do gardening is a pleasure.

Through the Maritimes Continued from Page 10
century. This is a testimony more other that has been so far discovered on New World soil. There is every reason of believe, so I was told, that the Vinland of the Northman was none other than
Nova Scotia; and here at the southwest corner of the Province are several seacleaving headlands, one of which may have been that "Keelness" on which Lefif Ericson built himself the first ship fashioned on the shores of the New
World. Five centuries later, when Champlain had shown the French the way to Acadie, settlements sprang the way to where the climate of the peninsula, where the climate was mild and the
harvest of the fisheries rich. Yarmouth is picturesquely situated along a slope picturesquely situated along a slope
parallel with the harbor, which is a beautiful piece of water at high tide. Across the harbor are bold, wooded slands, and wide flats which the flood
tide transforms to a placid lake. The houses of Yarmouth are almost invariably surrounded by well-kept hedges to which the cool, moist air imparts a delicious and lasting greenness. These features to catch the visitor's eye, especially if he

GOOD EVIDENCE
One day a teacher was having a first grade class in physiology. She asked burning fire in the buat ore was One little girl spoke up and said: see the smoke.-National Monthly.

## WHO WOULDN'T BE AMAZED?

A freshman in a New York univerhis first impressions of the city began ver this: "The most amazing sight I York saw was the sky-scrapers of New ferryboat." Such optical illusions are not ferryboat."

THE MOST FAMILIAR CONE Teacher.-"Johnny, what is a cube?" by six equal squares." Willie-A cone? Why-a cone is-r-a funnel stuffed with ice cream."-


# FheWESTEDN IOMEMONTMLY 

WINNIPEG, MAN., MAY, 1920


TWO TYPES OF BEAUTY

# It is Dangerous to Use Counterfeit Parts for the 



BY allowing your garage man to use imitation parts in repairing your car you not only invite repeated repair bills and more serious breakdowns, but you actually endanger your own life and the lives of others. Cheap and inferior parts used in connection with the steering control are liable to cause accidents of a very serious nature.

## You Risk Your Life When You Use Imitation Spindles

In a recent test the tensile strength of the genuine Ford Vanadium Steel spindle arm was found to be over $100 \%$ more than that of the counterfeit machine steel part. The arms were submitted to shock, and the counterfeit arm broke at a pulling force equivalent to 11,425 pounds applied to a cross section. The same pulling force applied to a corresponding cross section of a gentine Ford spindle arm did not even change its original size or shape. In order to sepiarate the genuine spindle arm it was necessary to apply a pulling force of 25,000 pounds.
The spindle arm is one of the vital parts entering into the control of a car, and by using spurious parts in such places, Ford owners are risking lives and property.

## Genuine Ford Springs versus Imitation Springs

Genuine Ford front and rear springs are made of Vanadium spring steel having a tensile strength of 210,000 pounds per square inch, and an elastic limit of 200,000 pounds. Every genuine Ford spring is tested in the factory. Front springs are subjected to a pressure of 1,850 pounds. In the fatigue test the average genuine spring will stand 60,000 strokes before breaking. Rear springs are subjected to a pressure of 2000 pounds and the average genuine spring will absorb 40,000 strokes before breaking.
Imitation springs are generally made of carbon steel having a tensile strength of only 130,000 pounds per square inch and an elastic limit of only 115,000 pounds. In ordinary service they soon flatten out.

You are merely protecting yourself and avoiding repeated repair bills when you demand genuine Ford parts.

Oñly Genuine Ford Parts Can be Used with Safety
Look for the Sign

> Genuine Sir d Parts For Sale Here

## Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited

 Ford, OntarioMAY, 1920


Liguids and Pastes. For Black. White, Tan, Dark Brown or Ox-BLood Shoes The EF Dalley Coxporations, Linited favitom on

The Western Home Monthly

## The Western Home Monthly

| Pol. XXII. | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Published Monthly } \\ \text { By the Home Publishing Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, Can. }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :---: |

The Subscription Price of The Western Home Monthly if si.00 a year, or three yoars for Remittanceas of small sums may pe made with safoty it orathary letters. Sums of one
dollar or more wouid be well to send by registered letter or Money orceet. Postago Stampa will




## A Chat With Our Readers

The proud record of The Western Home Monthly since the first of January, 1920, is the addition of over 6,000 new subscribers. Surely a tribute to its merit seldom equalled by any publication. Every subscriber represents a good Western home-the very home that looms to-day as Canad'a's brightest hope.

Every additional name to our subscription list strengthens the bulwark of home builders, home dwellers and home lovers. If you agree with us that the home is the magnet towards which all good things should gravitate, then you are in a special sense eligible for membership in the great family that constitute our readers - and if already a subscriber we suggest that recommending the magazine to others will be accomplishing a good and helpful work. Our mail box, in a very special way, reflects the minds of our readersand how the striving for an ideal home is the predominating thought. Not only do mothers bring their problems to The Western Home Monthly, the fathers ask many questions too; while hundreds of young folks are regular contributors. A magazine breathes through its correspondence. The more alive it is the more letters reach it. What is your home problem? If you are a woman with home interests read the Woman's Quiet Hour, Young Woman and Her Problem, Mother's Section, Kitchen Department, Home Doctor, Fashions and Patterns, etc. The young folks and even the small children in your home will find interest and profit in the special department arranged for them by Bobby Burke. The man of the house can keep abreast of current thought through the, Editorial pages, many special articles, Philosopher, What the World is Saying, etc.
'Don't stop at this, read what The Western Home Monthly advertisérs have to tell you. Remember, many of the largest and most experienced advertisers of the day use the columns of the magazine regularly, and what they have to say is worth while.

The splendid work accomplished in the period of this year already passed we hope to continue, and with your lind co-operation we look for a much wider constituency before another year brealis in upon us.

The Western Home Monthly,
Gentlemen:-
Enclosed find $s$
scription.
Yours truly,



## CHURCH ATTENDATICE

ASURVEY of South and Centre Winnipeg re-
veals the fact that a great many people,
even though they express preference for cereven though they express preference for cer--
tain denominations, do not attend church anywhere. It is interesting
out the reasons for this.
There are some who openly say that the church has nothing for them in its teaching or its practice, that the preachers seem to be living in another
world, drawing their lessons from books rather world, drawing their lessons from books rather
than from life, and that the members do not seem than from life, and that the members do not seem
to be more godly, more righteous in any way, than the men they meet from day to day. In other words these people who talk in this way have lost coufidenece in the organization as it is, and so they
leave it alone. That is undoubtedly the wrong leave it alone. That is undoubtedy the wrong
attitude, since if the chirch can be a helpul organization it is the duty of men to unite with it and
keep it pure and active. Because some members are keep it pure, well disposed people should not keep inconsistent, well disposed peopte should not keep
away. That is only playing into the hands of the enemy.
There are some who say the church is to-day a
capitalistic institution that it dare not capitalistic institution, that it dare not teach what
its founder taught-the Brotherhood of Man and its founder taught-the Brotherhood of Man and
the Golden Rule. This is not true, of course, but the Golden Rule. This is not true, of course, but
it is a misfortune that some of the churches are so rich in their appointments and so exclusive in their membership that there seems to be in them no place for the poor man and the plainly-dressed are forbidding to men and women with a sense of are forbidace.
independence.
There are some who say they have little use for any one-man concern, that they prefer to unite with an institution that gives them an opportunity to say
something and do something. This is a proper something and do something. This is a proper
attitude. The chief duty of a pastor is to direct attitude. The chief duty of a pastor is to direct
the activities of his people. He should by no means do their work for them. Every church member should be a minister. Unfortunately many who attack the church on this ground are very careful
that they never associate themselves with any philthat they never associat
This leads to the conclusion that their are some to churchemmunause the hearts for the woes and suffierings of other people.
They will accept no responsibilities beyond those of the family. They are so wrapped up in their own affairs that they have no room in their hearts for
God or Man. The real function of the Carch is God or Man. The real function of the Church is the individual to the species, to harmonize his will with the Will of God.
The last class of objectors worth noting comprises those who have affiliated themselves with some other organization than the church-a fraternal body
or a trades union or a class brotherhood or someor a trades union or a class brotherhood or some-
thing of the kind. Or it may be that they have so closely indentified themselves with their own business that they have no room for other thoughts. They cannot understand nor sympathize with the
doctrine that "one can save his life only by losing doctrine that "one can save his life only by losing
it in the lives of others." They never know the bigger world and they can not understand those who are attempting to find it.
Notwithstanding the fact that so many keep aloof
from the church, it is still the greatest force for from the church, it is still the greatest force for
righteousness that is in the world to-day. Christ righteousness that is in the world to-day. Christ
was the first great Socialist. His doctrines and His practice were of the kind that will save mankind no substitute for the organization He set up to
develop the feeling of brothertiood and teach the develop the feeling of brotherinood and teach the
relationship of Man to His Maker.

## THE REMOTE REGIONS

THE one class of people who have to en-
dure hardships and privations are the set-
tlers in outly tiers in outlying districts. The disadvan-
tages are many and not the least of them is the fact that it is dis not the least of them
the arrange for
eduation of the children. Few in numbers they have to paye a heary Few in numbers
in order to
get ${ }^{2}$ teacher. The tax in order to get a teacher. The teacher is usu-
ally of low grade -for it is natural that the best
teachers should acce t greater social advantages. Nos can the teachers such as they are, be obtained for less money than
othiers with hien ther otiers with higher qualifications. One will natur-
ally work for a thoussind dollars in the town when
she would re The would refuse twelve hundred in the back woods.
This points to the necessity of rearranging school appropriations so as to make it possible for oponeors
to edurate their clillren. The children of the pioneers are as valuabie to the state as children in the
thickly-settled districts. As and
 above all. the peonle that should be cared for The The
last wor. in itistribution of public aid to schools
has not been spoken.

## Editorial

## HIRED HELP

IS it any wonder that it is difficult to get
girls to act as housemaids? Any one
who who examines into the conditions under
which they are often compelled to work will understand how they must wish to fly to other occupations. Yet, there are few classes of
people who do so much to add to the happiness people who do so much to add to the happiness
and welfare of society, and they are needed at some time or other in almost every family whether in town or country. It is quite appropriate, therefore that their peculiar problem should be considered. Why should the work of looking after the home be considered less honorable than that of salesgirl or office worker? Why should a housemaid have
longer hours than any other worker? Why should she be referred to as Mary or Bridget rather than as Miss Brown or Miss Black? Why should she have to do her courting in the back lane, and why
should she be denied all social privileges? should she be denied all social privileges? Why have the worst room and the least opportunity for culture? In the days of our mothers the household helper was a member of the family. Except when it was advantageous to have it otherwise she was treated just like the other members of the house-
hold. She sat at breakfast table, used the livingroom in the evenings, joined in the family worship, and even on occasion went to the community dances. No one expects just that to-day, especially in larger city homes. Division of labor has caused divisions is no reason why the spirit of the old times should not be preserved.
There is another side to this whole question. The servant girl will find her position altered as soon as she becomes a recognized expert in her work.
If training schools could be organized and certifiIf training schools could be organized and certifiguaranteed, things would be very much better. It is not very satisfactory for a mother to pay thirty or fifty dollars to a helper and find that she can not keep house, nor cook, nor look after children. tion, opportunity for culture, privilege of entertaining the young man, short hours and the like, on the other side the mistress expects some ability to perform the duties of the home. The calling requicle on this subject in another column.
Now that there are night schools for all classes of people, why not open up a night school for
domestic help? There is no class in the community more useful and none requires greater consideration.

## AMERICAN INCONSISTENCY

THOSE whe read the life of Abraham Lincoln will remember that his great doctrine was "The Union must be preserved." In a
letter of Dec. 17,1860 , he said to Thurlow Weed: "My opinion is, that no state can in any
way lawfully get out of the Union without the consent of the others; and that it is the duty of the President and other government functionaries to run the machine as it is." That is just the question. His bill may be right or wrong, but he is going to preserve the Union. Why should Americans of 1920 differ from Americans of 1860 ?

## GOOD ROADS

Gbed roads are to be encouraged, not only of farm commodities and a convenience to of farm ${ }^{\text {commo }}$ gress of all. kinds. Without them good schools are impossible and church attendance greatly reare impossise and church attendance greaty re-
duced. They cost money to build and keep in
repair but they incease the value op all the repair, but they increase the value 'of all the
property through which they pass. Everything property through which they pass. Everything
that saves time and labor and which eases the
 for. The decision of the Western Provinces to
continue the policy of road-building in a large and continue the policy of road-building in a large and
comprehensive way is worthy of all commendation.

## after the war

$T^{\mathrm{T}}$ is very natural that France and Belgium should view movements in Germany with a
degree of fear and suspicion. They have ample reason to feel alarmed. It is very natural. toot that a country which is actuated by
strong political feeling should fail to perceive the world-significance of its actions. If we do not have
further trouble, it is not because national fear and
national jealousy have not done their utmost to bring about a repetition of horrors. Our own duty ot lose our national ambition but we shall remember that our success is dependent upon world-peace and world-peace is impossible unless the thought of humanity is concurrent with the thought of nationality. When a man is so intensely patriotic that he certain that he is a poor type of patriot.

## FREE DISCUSSION

I
 hour problem lays down a fow principles that should guide discussion of all problems affecting labor. He says:
"In a democracy the path to public opinion lies
through free discussion. And law is worth little through free discussion. And law is worth little opinion. There are quite a number of sides to the question. It has a medical side, in which the effect of fatigue upon general predisposition to disease, as well as to nervous diseases, infectious diseases, has a civic side, for it is well that the uncrowne kings who govern through the ballot should have time and energy allowed them for the deliberate study of national issues, It is the overworked and peded by the hot gospeller of some violent radicalism. It has an ethical side, for the hours of labor bear on the drinking habits of the workers, and open or shut the door on wholesale recreations, which ar antidotes to vice. On the economic side there is not
only the question of amount of production but only the question of amount of production but of its quality, and the question of the reguarity on
work as well as of the amount of it provided on any one day. And, back of all, is the question of
morale, the mental attitude of the worker to his work.

## the latest comedy

 RE is how "The Nation" presents, the "Com Mr. Gearge prenared to hang the Kaice , 2. He next got ready to drive out the Turks, bag and baggage, and the French hotly dissented. his mind and the French objected to his changing his mind.about the French allow him to change his mimd changes it also about the Turks.
5. In the final seene the rope which should have
hanged the Kaiser pulls the drowning Sultan safely hanged the K
to dry land.

## AFFAIRS IN RUSSIA

IN the minds of people generally the word Russia calls up a picture of Bolshevism. Yed Bol-
shevism is not the greatest force in Russia is endured by the Russian people for the time being, and that is all. The Supreme Council in Paris in its dealings with Russia has recognized this fact and the happenings of the present time all indicate a change in internal maniagement, whereby the will of the government will harmonize with the will of
the people. the people.
Co-operateast force in Russia is that known as the ing include in their membership 200000,000 heads of families-not far from $100,000,000$ individuals. They co-orerate for purposes of production and consumption. Seventy per cent of the people belong to the organizations.
How does it
low does it come about then that they tolerate a political party that is opposed to its fundamental
interests?
Co-operation rests on the free will of voluntary members, whereas Bolshevism rests on compulsion. One acto through economic competition, the other through legislative decrees. One is based on the thought of pcople as consumers, the other on
the thought of the people as workers. How can the majority tolerate the rule of the minority? And how can an army which is led by anti-Bolshevistic leaders be true to a leader like Lenine? Even the rank and file of the Russian army are not committed to Lenine's theory of government. How they tolerate his political authority? The answer is very simple They all take the
stand that they will support any government that pposes the invasion of Russia by foreign soldie That is why the Allies have withdrawn from Rus They cannot act with Bolshevism, but they can nter into trade relations with the great majority of The Russian people, who are as opposed to Bolshevism Co-operation is consistent with loyalty to one's land. Bolshevism ignores boundaries and aims at world-wide civilization. There is no doubt but that the Co-operators will take control when circumstances point the way.

## A Case of Natural Selection


'The Elite Ladies' World is offering ain't giving them away. How much does prizes to the largest fan'lies. It was he charge? ful; having, only Elvira I seen it was not for me.'

$$
4+\quad \text { givin' prizes?" }
$$

HEN Brady, the photographer, moved to Pearl Street his friends predicted a neighbor-
Pearl Street was hood of poor people and money for luxuries was scarce. Photographers had come and photographers had gone but Brady was different. His studio was enriched by a variety of second-hand cos-
tumes, some of the more striking ones having been discarded by his actress wife, while others had been sold to him by members of the profession. Brady reasoned that soiled and discolored clothes, although unsuitable for the stage, might
still do very well for decorative photostil do very well for decoraive photegraphy. character they desired. Few of the residents of the vicinity could afford the fashionable attire suitable for successful portraiture, but garbed as a
Japanese, a Martha' Washington, a fisherman, or an Indian, they shone resplendent, in the eyes of their friends. Brady was also versatile in the matter of background, using with large prodigality
Niagara Falls, the Alps, the ocean, or a Niagara Fa
enowstorm.


Milly Linden, who secretly cherished istrionicamied thereby at lasille the pleasures of a stage career. Mrs. bish, whose nautical adventures had been confined to an occasional ride on a
ferry, was equally delighted to see hererry, was equally delighted to see herself in yachting costume, seated on a coil of ropes, a life preserver at her feet. Indian fighter, was able to distribute post cards on which he appeared as a scout of the Custer variety. All these examples of Brady's skill captivated he neighborhood and nearly every famAmong those who followed these achievements with envious eyes was Mrs. Schwind, who ardently desired to possess a group picture littl Sch, wind and the twelve little Schwinds.
On the day that Mrs. Middleton dropped in to show Elvira's latest picture in
peasant costume, Mrs. Schwind's longing again asserted itself and she ventured to ask her neighbor's opinion, on the subject.
"I hear," she said, "that Brady's takin" tradin' stamps for cash. I've got a book most done and I was kinder thinkin' of
gettin' us taken. Eloise wants me to get the hand-painted pieture over in the premium parlor instead-that one of the cats-but Jim ain't favorable. He says there's enough cats with kittens in the
Alley without hand paintings of them." Alley without hand paintings of them." "T think a picture of your own folks would be more satisfaction than oil paintings. You'd make a grand picture, too, having so mally children. Why don't you try for the prize?"
"I never heard theye was any. Whose
givin" prizes?"

Elite Ladies give me the lend of the Schwind eadies World?" asked Mrs. in it. We're large "Maybe we could ge in it. We're large enough, land knows." The thought of a photograph with the possibility of a prize was new and de
lightful. Mrs. Schwind could hardl wait for her guest's departure that she might send Mary over to borrow the precious magazine. When it came, she
turned over the pages anxiously, and turned over the pages anxiously, and family picture of seven, with this inscrip tion underneath:

IS YOUR PICTURE HERE?

## IF NOT WHY NOT?

GRAND FAMILY CONTEST FIFTY DOLLAR PRIZES IN GOLD
Mr, Thomas Blackwell, believing with ex
President Roosevelt that large families are a national asset, offers a prize each
month for the best picture of a
large fa mily month for the best picture of
large family. Send your pic.
ture at once. This is the
greatest contest of

## the age.

"Mother of Pearl!" exclaimed Mrs. Schwind, " if that ain't a gift from heaven. We can take a prize dead easy and it will more than pay for the pic
ture." come home, and as soon as he entered the house, she called to him:
osay
osar
and "Say, Jim,


## "You're talking big, ma. What's

 "Well," she affirmed, "we could do it "The easiest way I know of is to ret ife insured and then die," returned Jim skeptically.In answer she put the Elite Ladies World into hiss hand.
"Read that," she commanded triumph.
Jim read the brilliant offer of the tuously: "Now, ain't that just like a woman.
stamps for cash and I've got a book most done. Run over there after supper and see what he'll take us for."
"Ma," put in Eloise, "could we be ese, and it's grand, all wrappers and fans "paper flowers."
Naps for , announced Jim firmly. "No there's mine. According to the papers then where'd we be in Jap clothes? No
"I thonght," said Mrs. Schwind, "bein' so many of us we might get a variety. twise, you could be historic and the like country folks. Mrs. George had one hat was awful cute. Her
cThat might do," Jim answered some what mollified. "But Brady'll know be how we ought to look. That's his biz." While Jim was over making inquiries,
Mrs. Schwind organized a rehearsal and rrs. Schwind organized a rehearsal ed her family arranged as a series of steps, from tall Eloise to tiny Thomas Murphy, Junior.
"But you're all right and I she declared, "but you're all right and I wouldn't care
if they was more of you, Helene, run over and get Mrs., Middleton. I want her to take a look."
Mrs. Middleton
Mrs. Middleton responded at once,
"Jim's over to Brady's," explained Mrs. Schwind. "We may try for the prize if it ain't too expensive. here was only seven in the picture that got the prize this month and there's twelve of us." "It's too bad that little Mabel died on you," said Mrs. Middleton, who always just Elvira's age. "If you could get credit for her you'd have thirteen. El
vira, step in there between Mary and vira, step
"That's elegant," Mrs." Schwind ex
claimed, viewing with admiration "it completed steps even. It does seem too bad if we're goin in the Elite Ladies' World that Mabel should have to miss it. Maybe you'd be
willing to let Elvira wavors Mabel and bein' her size, it favors Mabel
out."
Elvira, who
Elvira, who thoroughly enjoyed the ex-
citement of a visit to Brady's jumned citement of a visit to Brady's jumped up and down wha always an Mrs. Middle ton, always glad of an opportunity to
exhibit the charms of her only child readily complied. When Jim returned he agreed that the group thus completed
could hardly fail to out-distance all competitors.
"Brady charges according to the clothes, $\$ 3.50$ if we was all in "It would be but hed take us at the North Pole with the baby in furs for $\$ 2.50$. I didn't make no bargain
stamps."
"There's fifty cents in stamps," Mrs. Schwind assured him. "And the rest
we'll get somehow." She spoke with
her heart she knew that raising but in was a serious matter for the Schwind family. Jim earned $\$ 10$ a week, and they had hard work to get along. Each
successive Schwind meant a little less successive Schwind meant a little less
food and a great deal more pinching for the others, but Mrs. Schwind did not care. Why should she complain? Did she not love them and were they no
welcome, one and all? In welcome, one and all? In her philosophy the chief need of a child is mother love,
and this she gave abundantly, distributing bread, tea, shoes, stockings, and other necessities impartially, as the fam ily purse permitted.
It is true that the neighbors were often times the Visitor from thand. SomeCharities supplied coal and wood; a arain and Tom Mission, the Social Settlement But always, Mrs. Schwind felt entistified.

$$
20-20+20
$$

in accepting aid from any source. She elf was sufficient compensation for it. community. To be sure, the twelve were sometimes hungry, occasionally the ent was not forthcoming, but she bore all these vicissitudes with courage, look. when the older children should to to work and help support the younger ones. For Mris. Schwind belfeved in family 00 . operation. Her system of letting each
child care for the one younger, lea hild care for the one younger, leaving winays the new baby for herself and the Equally successful was her method of allowing all the welfare agencies in the neighborhood to co-operate with her in
times of financial stress imes of financial stress.
As she reflected upon ways of getting
together money for the photograp ever, she was conscious that this was a problem that she must solve alone. In view of the probability of the prize, it but she was not sure that her friends
would regard it in the same light. The stamp book was a good beginning
and the fund was soon increased to sev-enty-five cents by a boycott on jam. enty-five cents by a boycott on jam. Solenski's amateur night. Once a week
talented members of the community talented members of the community might occupy the stage, and if their
efforts pleased the audience they were rewarded by showers of silver pieces. If rewarded by showers of silver pieces. If
they failed, however, they were hissed off the boards with scant ceremony. off the boards with scant ceremony.
Eloise's rendition of her favorite selec-
tion, "'Mid the Orchard's Fragrant Blostion, "'Mid the Orchard's Fragrant Blossoms," netted her forty cents.
It was three weeks before the silver

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { It was three weeks before the silver } \\
& \text { in the teapot aggregated two dollars, }
\end{aligned}
$$ and this represented innumerable sacifices and the exercise of much ingenuity in household management, Then the stamp book was cashed and the lon

coveted $\$ 2.50$ was actually in hand. On Jim's account, Brady agreed to pive On Jim's account, Brady agreed to give
them a Sunday sitting. On the Saturday before there was great activity in day before there was great activity in
the Schwind household. All the best clothes were laid out, pressed and re-
paired. It was necessary to borrow a paired. It was necessary to borrow a were plentiful in the Alley and everyone was willing to lend. Then the washtubs were made ready for the bathing and kee younger children were put to bed to keep clean. Preparations were resumed
at four oclock on Sunday, for it was no
small matter to small matter to get the entire family

$\qquad$ in the teapot aggregated two dol in household management. Then ew pairs of white slippers, but they was willing to lend. Then the wasit and

II

# MAY 1920 

The Western home Monthly


## You See Glistening Teeth

## Everywhere Nowadays-Ask People Why

All Statements Approved by High Dental Authorities

You see glistening teeth as never before among careful people now. They are conspicuously attractive, and you know they are cleaner and safer.
Ask your friends about them. Millions of teeth are being cleaned in a new way. Thousands of new peo-
ple are starting every day. Leading dentists everywhere are urging its adoption.
The teeth you admire are largely due to Pepsodent in these days. They are kept free from film. You will see the results on your own teeth if you ask for 10 -day test

## Careful People Are Fighting Film

## On Millions of Teeth To-day

There has come in late years a new era in teeth cleaning. And this is the reason for it:
Most tooth troubles have been traced to film-to that slimy film which you feel with your tongue.
The film is ever-present, ever-forming. It clings to teeth, enters crevices and stays. The ordinary dentifrice does not dissolve it. The tooth brush leaves much of it intact. So night and day, month after month, it may do a ceaseless damage.

## How It Ruins Teeth

That film is what discolors-not the teeth. It is the basis of tartar. It holds food substance which ferments and forms acid. It holds the acid in contact with the teeth to cause decay.
Millions of germs breed in it. They, with tartar, are the chief cause of pyorrhea.
That is why so many teeth discolor and decay. That is why tartar forms and serious troubles start. Despite the daily brushing, teeth are not kept clean. The film - the great tooth wrecker-is not properly comgreat
bated.

Dentists long have known this. They have urged periodic cleaning in the dentist's chair to remove the film and tartar.* But they knew the vital need was a daily film combatant. And dental science has been seeking it for years.

## Now the Way is Found

Now science has met that need. It has discovered an efficient film combatant, harmless to the teeth. Convincing clinical and laboratory tests have proved it beyond question. Countless dentists have watched it, and they now advise it. As a result, there are millions of teeth now benefited by it.
For home use this method is embodied in a dentifrice called Pepsodent. It complies in all ways with modern dental requirements.
To quickly prove it to all people, a $10-$ Day Tube is being sent to everyone who asks. And this is to urge that you get it.

## Based on Active Pepsin

Pepsodent is based on pepsin, the digestant of albumin. The film is albuminous
matter. The object of Pepsodent is to dissolve it, then to day by day combat it.

Pepsin long seemed impossible. It must be activated, and the usual agent is an acid harmful to the teeth. But science has discovered a harmless activating method. And that gives us a harmless film destroyer which is wondrously efficient.

## Let It Prove Itself

Pepsodent nceds no argument. You can test it without cost. You can see what it does, and quickly, and then judge it for yourself.

Use it ten days. Look at your teeth then and compare them with your teeth of to-day. Any woman can easily decide for herself between the new method and old ways.
Do this for your sake and for your family's sake. Ending film is of supreme importance. Whiter, cleaner, safer teeth are impossible without it. Cut out the coupon so you won't forget.

## Pepsodent

The New-Day Dentifrice
A scientific film combatant, now advised by leading dentists everywhere, It is now being used on millions of teeth every day. Druggists everywhere are supplied with large tubes:

Watch Them Whiten
Send this coupon for a 10-Day Tube Note how clean the teeth feel after using. Mark the absence of the slimy film. See how teeth whiten as the fixed film disap pears. This ten-day test will be a revelation.

## TEN-DAY TUBE FREE

THE PEPSODENT COMPANY
Dept. 459, 1104 S. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Il Mail 10-Day Tube of Pepsodent to

Name
Address


11
HOROUGH explanation into the state of affairs at the fil volumes in Russia would borne in mind that in so vast a country the deplorable condition does not apply to all the provinces. In the vicinity of Archangel, the people have so muchindustry to keep them busy that good order prevails to a greater extent than would government. It is the intention here to set down the impressions formed, after a ten months' stay in the locality, of that portion in the north with its rich natural reaion.


Solovietsky Monastery-Nicholasky Church on the Kond Island.

Nine days' travel by water, of an average rom the British coast, the trip to Arch oceans and two seas, consecutively-the NorthSea, the North Atlantic ocean, the Arctic ocean and the White sea. From the latter, which is scarcely free of floating ice day's travel up the Dwina river befor reaching the harbor of the city. The river here, strange to say, allowing that it forms part of the Delta, is very narrow merely a dredged passage of sufficie whereas above the city itself it widens out into a great navigable stream. Along the banks for miles on either side until reaching the large basin which forms the feet of lumber, lying there idle for the want of transportation to the outer world Many saw-mills are also passed en route some idle and others in active operatio and providing for trade which is expected to open up as soon as normal conditions are resumed, whereas, less than a hundred miles up stream people may be seen in the with axes, or by the equally slow method of sawing by hand.
The first objects which catch the eye on sighting the city of Archangel, are the Gilded minarets of the many church towers. the place gives one a quick thought fo the storied Orient. It is customary, it may be added for every church building in Russia, no matter the size to be thus made prominent, after the architecture
adopted by the Greek-Catholic faith there, ol largely followed. For lack of there ties of stone and brick, the wood for large buildings and churches is often carved and turned, then painted white in imi tation, which gives them a solid and impos-
ing appearance. The Russian as a rule ing appearance. The Russian as a rule fails to attend the Sunday services. Religion with him is not only a matter or Sunday, but is observed during the week as well. It would indeed be unusual non entering a dwelling, not to first an gaze from its stand in the corner opposite he doorway. Before it, on coming into a room, the custom is seldom failed to
bow in obeizance, to make the sign of the oow in obeizance, to make the sign of the
cross, and to mutter a prayer. Frequent
religious holidavs are held. and occasional

a crowd of people nightly attend the
his is replaced by a similarly built sleigh.
Two banks are situated on the main Two banks are situated on the main running parallel, and a short distance from the river. The Law Courts, Cable Office


## Solovilts Monastery. View on the Bay of Good Receipt

ome fair sized stores are the main buildof interest to the casual observer ttention by the sound of the music with in, of the orchestras floating on to the street. The public baths are features, because of the interest taken in them as we understand them, as the process of washing is more by the use of steam than The mind of the uneducated class of Russian is generally conceded to be on the verge of childish. This, however, and nothing delights them more than to be enthralled by exciting melodrama or Howed by the antics of performing clowns. others, an eye for beauty and the desire others, an eye for beauty and the desire
for pleasing surroundings prevail. This
is evidenced in the attempt to make the is evidenced in the attempt to make the
city as attractive as possible; statues of notables are placed in outstanding pos-
itions; the street lamps would do credit any European city, and the parks they
have made, greatly improve the city's
appearance. It strikes one, that these appearance. It strikes one, that these parks for the four short months of mild
weather when they are possible to be enjoyed. Further evidence is the pleasant promenade for almost the length of the waterfront, which affords a fine view accross the harbor and the shipping at wharf accommodation, although there are no dry docks of sufficient size to accommoheir need boats, nor supplies of coal for wood-burning for the most part, and are of lighter build than the Canadian type. Archangel is connected with Petrograd and the south by rail via Vologda; with
Moscow by water to Kotlas, two hundred and fifty miles up stream, and thence by rail. The operations of the Allied forces in this region during the winter months of 1918-19 were greatly hindered by the lack of rail communication to the Murmansk Archangel itself during the period mentioned, kept in touch by water with the outside world until well on into January,
by means of icebreaking steamships, alby means of icebreaking steamships, al-
though ordinary vessels are unable to get through from October until May.
Russian young people have most of the
amusements indulged in by the younger amusements indulged in by the younger set in Canada. Their skating rink is a part of the river cleared off. Nevera)
very high "Gurkahs" (toboggan slides) are yearly erected, the principal one being
built on a side-street connecting with the built on a side-street connecting with the
river, right off Troitsky Prospect. Down this they slide along the prepared pathyay for a quarter of a mile, out into the
frozen river. The "Gurkah" is well lit up by electric lights along the route and
supply of furs. During February and March teams of reindeer driven by Lap landers in their gaudy one-piece fur gar-
ments trimmed and inlaid with brightly colored cloth, come down from thei frozen homes to sell their furs. They bring sealskin in abundance and many cheaply, the main difficulty preventin their easy use arises from the provertacing ties for curing the hides. When thisis overcome and transportation becomes less inexpedient there is no doubt that the future will see great developments in this section of Russia for trade with other ountries.
Going inland from Archangel up the Dwina one experiences a change in the For two hundred and much of interest range of the writer's knowledge, as far as range of the writer men knowledge, as far as are a great number of villages, large and small, on the banks of the river. The territory is well watered by good sized A mile and a half strip of land on either side of the river marks the limit for cultivable land, the rest forming a stretch of mostly soggy and marshy ground. The trip up the river is pleasant. On some places, however, sandbars give reason fo-
caution, but on the whole the river is like a lake trip. The countryside is in the main fooded with small pine trees, and is low lying. In places there are steep, chalky cliffs rising to a height of forty or
fifty feet, yet in others is a sandy shore. It is a great navigable waterway with long stretches, and is in some places, over a
mile in width. mile in width.
The peasant people who inhabit this perhaps are farmers in a small way with perhaps a few cows and horses, while The tame fowl, as well as the horses, are The tame fowl, as well as the horses, are the size of our western ponies. The customs of the country are very
simple and their farm implements crude. From the land small crops of flax, potatoes and beans are gathered, for the soil is They spin their own linen and hew down trees to build themselves dwellings. The only tool used practically to build a house in these parts is an axe, with which both men and women are adept. There are no simply what the people get is from the land. For all that, they seem contented enough. The women are very strong and hard-working, helping the men on the in the evening.
These people in this part of Russia are
 ly with everyone, and only anxious to be left unmolested. They are unable to
defend themselves or to set up a government. They have neither sofficient accept the rule of those set ir authority over them. Happy will be the day for tedious method of fishing through holes over them. Happy will be the day for duct which is likely to acquire a large to forward their interests and establish



 quick as a panther, but against the giant animal dealer he looked the merest pigmy.
Come outside," bellowed the latter,
and with Ward trotting behind he and with Ward trotting behind he
crossed the road, seated himself on a nampike almost the height of the mountaineer's shoulders, and began - "My name's Soo Pettit. Now about these
grizzlies - are they both exceptional grizzlies -
specimens ?"
"No, only one, the male probably,"
"Hur, sure the female belong to him? An exceptional grizzly usually lives alone."
Maybe she do, maybe she don't. range. I see the big one most." range. "I see the big one most." silvertip?" enquired the "Yealer.
"Good! What do you guess his weight?"
"He'll tip
thousind "
The big.
to "come off the roof."
"I tell you plump now that he's the biggest grizzly I've ever seen," asserted
Ward, coloring. "I ain't asking you to Ward, coloring. "I ain't asking you to
accept my statements, but since you accept my statements, but since you
asked me
"All right," the big man cut him short. "How long have you seen this grizzly about?"
"Quite a while. I reckon I can trap him without breaking him up any."
$A$ thoughtful look came into the big man's eyes. "With a grizzly, what you've got to guard against ain't so
much breaking his bones as breaking his spirit. If you treat him roughly he may just cie of a broken heart." He rose grizzly delivered in good shape?"
"Two hundred dollars." "You shall have it. Want anythin on account?"
"Inll" send a man along to lend you ai $= \pm= \pm$ "Ho
out?"
"I j juns will help me." first, then the In
The uwe big man was "When do you pull out?"
o-night" and there and then fina ment signed.
At sundown Bellman Ward, mounted on a wiry cayuse and with the pack
horse, loaded high with traps and gear, horse, loaded high with traps and gear, foneliness of the foothills for his distant hunting grounds. He arrived at noon next day, and set his cabin in order for a busy spell.
Ward was one of those trappers who
don't believe in don't believe in baits, and in the process
of circumventing a wild animal his first of circumventing a wild animal his first act was to make himself familiar with well the chosen routes of the bear he was now out to catch, for he had watched the brute as a disinterested spectator
for months past. More than once they for months past. More than once they them there stood a tacit understanding that on such occasions the one who could most easily do so should turn back. Bellman had possessed no quarrel with the big grizzly, and hitherto they had
lived on perfectly good terms. The great animal had more than once come down and fed at the mountaineer's garbage heap, when Ward could, had he chosen, have shot it with a revolver from his cabin window. Thus, since he had entirely won the confidence of the brute, he regarded that two hundred dollars plus expenses as a cinch.
During the first few dat
his time loafing about the Ward spent prospecting pick, while from his waddle there hung two No. 8 Whitehouse grizzly traps. He was not long in picking up the grizzly. From a wind-swept ridge ha commanded a view of the valley below of the long and narrow lake, winding in and out among its countless fairy islands the lake margin something was moving something clearly visible in the dead clear atmosphere in spite of the immense
distance. It must have been nine miles distance. It must have been nine miles away, yet it looked like an omnibus.
"That's him," muttered Bellman alou "Coming along the lake margin, looking for fish, then to-night he'll climb out by Crooked Leǵ Fissure, on his usual route, cross the sheep range, strike Cranberry Creek, and as like as not pay my rubbish him in the fissure"
At its north end, in which direction
the bear was heading, the lake ceased in a vast bowl of the mountains, the naked cliffs rising skywards on every side
There was but one way out, the Crooked There was but one way out, the Crooked
Leg Fissure, the rugged course of a torrent forming, as it were, a staircase renr forming, as it were, a staircase
through the clifs, and towards the head of this cutting Ward now made his way Reaching the brink he was compelled
to descend on foot, for it was terribly rough going, and about one hundred feet rough going and about one hundred feet
down two giant boulders barred the way save for a sandy patch between them. Under the sand Bellman set his traps, confident that the bear could not pass through without encountering one or the
other of them, then he spilt water over ther of them, then he spilt water over
theshed out the last of his tracks, and made his way by devious routes back to his cayuse.
At dawn next day Ward went back to look at his sets. He was unarmed, save he took four stout posts, a trip hammer, four stout rawhide lariats, and an immense hemp net. These things he left the crest of the fissure, then silently,
cautiously, begany to descend to a point cautiously, begary to descend to a point
of observation. No, by gad, the bear was not there,
but the sandy space was torn up for a
dozen yards all round the traps. Ward
a sound like a human sigh caught his
ears. He turned to see an immense grey shape hurtling down the mountain side towards him-an avalanche of flesh and bone, travelling at the speed of a gallopng cayuse. He must have passed within waited till he was well below, his back towards it, then it had charged.
Ward's hand slipped to the big automatic at his belt, but he was loath to
use it. He marvelled as he stood, in that use it. He marvelled as he stood, in that moment of deadly peril, that the bear, in spite of its weight and speed, was
moving over the loose rocks without so much as disturbing a pebble. For perhaps two seconds he stood, then, leaping rom ledge to ledge, he gained the chaos of sage bush lining the south bank of the from bush to bush, back-tracking criss-crossing, tying a hundred knots in his trail. The bear gained the helf where he had stood, and lost ten priceless seconds sniffing the breeze.
Ward, as he looked, saw that it stood with one paw raised, then he uttered a breathless curse as he saw the immense brute come on, straight towards him. The hours that followed were not very enjoyable for Ward, though he soon suchad lost him, and systematically set to work beating the serub-falling on every thicket and watching each time for the man to bolt from the other side. He kept it up for nearly an hour, and Ward, trept from point to point like a hunted crashing of the bush
Finally the bear mounted the fissure and was lost to view, while Ward, his nerves somewhat shaken, went to his traps. One of them, he found, had been hattered to fragments against the rocks, ne to the crown of the ridg the taineer found that both his ponies had been stampeded. There remained ahead oughest country in all thamp over the roughest country in all the range, and added to this was the knowledge that existed a deadly feud which made the task ahead of him endlessly more difficult and hazardous. But Ward was one of those men who, having set himself a task, would pursue it long after all sane
judgment and common sense had commanded its dismissal.

## II.

On his way home Ward saw the smoke of a camp fire rising skywards from a
sheltered gully, so went that way in the hope of borrowing a horse. As he approached he saw a huge man seated struck Ward as familiar. Drawing nearer still he recognized the camper-
it. was no other than Soo Pettit, the man it. was no other than Soo Pettit, the man
with whom he had eome to terms th whom he had come to terms.
Pettit had relinquished his city gear,
and now wore the leather kit of the cowboy mountaineer. As Ward drew near with a friendly hand extended. "Have ome grub," was all he said.
Bellman scowled. "This is my range,* behind lim. "The range, placing his hand response, and Pettit went on with hiet cooking. He had seen that wild look in Bellman had lived too much alone. The molitude was getting him down, and the off at a tangent "That's my grizzly, anyway!" roared Te've come to terms on a ing. and you ain't no right butting foot-" The other smiled. "Talk sense. Ward," man till its taken." "Hame belongs to no man till its taken." "He dropped another
egga into the pan. "Go chead and get the
grizzly," he advised. "I ain't standin
and if you want help I'm right here to "You're here to get the grizzly your The other shrugged
Even so," she muttered hise shoulders best man gets the bear. The rane big enough for both of us."
Ward was silent for a moment. ' see your ding dong game!" he muttered. "You advertise to find the locality of what you want, then, having gulled the the job yourself, and he gets nary the job yourself, and he gets nary a
cent! Pretty low down I call it, and I expect there's a whole outfit of you." The other shook his head. "I'm alone," said he. "If you hadn't been so, blamed
selfish we might be hunting together" Belfish we might be hunting together.
stepped back, and when net Pettit looked up he could see down the barrel of the trapper,s .450. "Get out!!" roared Bellman. "Get out! you low down son of a gun, and if I catch you monkeying around again I'll pump yo quills!"
Pettit shrugged his shoulders. "Pump away," he advised. "Blow a hole in me the size of a walnut, for that's what i means to shoot a man. As for the grizzly
you ain't dealing with me, but with th you ain't dealing with me, but with the got to see the job through. I'm just a hunter like yourself.
Ward's big automatic clattered back into its bolster. He stood with his hands behind him, a look of admiration
on his parchment face. "Bully!" he mur on his parchment face. "Bully!" he mur-
mured. "The range is free, and the best man gets the grizzly. Now give me some grub, then lend me your pack horse to ride home on."
They ate together. Neither spoke "St the end of the meal Ward rose homny," he said, "you may as well go that grizzly is over fifty miles, and you don't stand a lame duck's chance. You'll only get in the way and spoil sport for "I shan't spoil sport", vouched the other. "I've hunted grizzly and cougar
twenty years-caught more of 'em alive than most men have ever seen."
Ward mounted. "That may be so, but you don't know this range and you don't know this grizzly. I had him trapped last night, but he broke loose, and now
he's as vicious as sin. If you happe he's as vicious as sin. If you happen
to run up against him accidental, it might be awkward, you savee?"
The other smiled, and Ward rode away. He came back at sundown on one of his own horses, leading the one he
had borrowed, and as he rode back in the gathering gloom it was to be the cliff shelves which afforded the swiftest and easiest way of passage.
"Poor beggar," thought Pettit, who knew the wild and the men who dwell therein. "Another six months and he'll

That night a mammoth grizzly peered down from the heights of Sheep Mount the at a tiny camp fire flickering among the trees. There he stood, swinging head lowered, one bruised paw upheld, and as he stared his little eves seemed to narrow, and took on the red light of the fire. was Pettit's camp he saw, and Pettit sat alone by the fire, roring
over an ink drawn map, his rifle at lis side. He was a brave man--brave in that he feared nothing on earth, if such Slowly, cautiously, the grizzly began side, making no more noise than a cat and looking no more noise than a cat, baus. Fifty yards from the camp it from the man to it, and now the savage small, unblinking eyes. To attack the man would be folly, but directly behind him his two horses were tethered to a
windfall, mqving restlessly as the flies

Continued on Page II

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and offer you our own world-famed products at maters' and offer you our own world-famed products at makers' prices. Napkins, Sheets, , Pillow-cases, Bed-spreads, Towels, Fancy Linens, Handkerchiefs, Shirts, Collars, Dress Linens, gent post free. Na. MSX. LINEN SHEETS (Hemmed) PILLOW CASES




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## Through "The Maritimes"

Written for The Western Home Monthly by C. W. Higgins

IVE have often heard the remark beauty of the scene. The New Brunswick that to see Canada's wonders shore is followed by the line of the Cana and scenic attractions was to dian National Railways from Campbellton
visit the Rocky Mountains. It to Bathurst and for a number of miles visit the Rocky Mountains. It that mountain range gives a full view to the broad and beautiful has many ardent admirers who claim expanse of water with the lofty and it is without a peer for scenic grandeur, imposing mountains of Gaspe beyond. but to one who has seen Canada from coast from Moncton to stenery there is a
to coast and just returned from the far great diversity of scenery along the to coast and just returned from the far great diversity of scenery along the
east, the Maritime provinces possess so southern portion of New Brunswick. The many varied attractions that no pen can St. John, after a course of 450 miles, many varied attractions that no pen can wonderful sights and experiences.

It was my privilege to see the eastern provinces in the most advantageous way. important places and travelling over the only all-Canadian route gave an opportunity to see choice beauty of scenery, a sportsmen kingdom as well as a great
revival of the spirit of progress and revival of the spirit of progress and
commercial expansion in the Maritime provinces. "These provinces were formerly known as "Acadia," a name, I was told, derived from the "Micmac Indian words, "a place where something abounds." No one word could more fully express
the natural wealth that abides in Canada's provinces down by the sea.
It was about the middle of this winter that the writer left the West, via the "National" way, traversing a country pre-enting, etc., and having its own distinctive charm or special advantage to the traveller. In a couple of days we were
well into the country where historic well into the country where historic ground abounds, the province of Quebec. great commercial and financial centre, Montreal, this city always appears to me to have a special charm of historic attractions, and here are many places of interest The city is built on the site of the ancient Indian village of Hochelaga, first visited by Jacques Cartier in 1535. Over 250 years ago, the early French navigators
established a trading post for furs here and it was the last section of French and it was the last section of French
Canada to pass into the possession of Great Britain in 1760 .
Entering Quebec City one is instantly aware that here are all those things that excite human interest. Champlain,
Frontenac, Montcalm, Wolfe have laid rontenac, Montcalm, Wolfe have laid to remember them. This city is fortunate in beautiful environs, and the visitor finds the quainted sights the new world has Early
Early the following day, the "Ocean country close to La Baie de Chaleur. Through a beautiful valley the Matapedia winds in graceful curves. For mile after mile one watches the course of the river ${ }^{\text {b }}$ so strangely pent in by the mountains on
cither hand, rising in every shape which mountains can assume. Around the shores of La Baie de Chaleur, the land is settled for many miles back, and its
picturesque hamlets add much to the discharges its flood through a narrow, rocky gorge into the Bay of Fundy. At this point is the commercial capital of the province. Other, phenomena in connec-
tion with Fundy's tides is the fantastic sculptured rocks at Hopewell Cape. We reached the province of No Fundy to Digby. The northern Bay of speaking geographically, is the majestic passage of Digby Gap, leading into Annapolis Basin; but, it was said that from ate raveller's point of view the northern Brunswick, with Digby Gut (or in New inner vestibule. This picturesque and busy city, child of the Loyalists, sits on he iron rocks about the mouth of her great river, and looks with sentinel eye Digby Gut And bay of Fundy into hat seeks this entrance must flow through The eets of St. John. Nova Scotia, the pot which holds the , quintessence of its charm, is "Evangeline's land," immortalized by the genius of Longfellow. It is
in summer, however, that the storied peninsula is at her loveliest. 'Those who once have felt the lure of the Acadian and are sure to come back. The charm of the land is for all. The writer will feel waiting for his pen, landscape, legend and radition. The artist will feel it, for the giant tides, the wide marshes, the vast ed channels, supply subjects, which are ew, both in line and color, and the moisture in the bland air gives "atmoshappy summer loafer will feel it, for he will be well housed and fed, and left free o dream or to amuse himself with a fair panorama before his eyes and no annoynces to keep him watchful.
Nova Scotia calls the beautiful. There are numerous summer resortts on the "road-by-the-sea,", whioh winds along hundreds of miles of one of the loveliest sea water coasts on this continent
The western gate of this province is the city of Yarmouth, which stands on the jutting southwest corner, and beckons invitingly across the sea to Boston. The history of Yarmouth has a slender root tradition. During my short stay here, I was shown the famous Norse Stone, on which was found an inscription in dotted runes attesting to a visit of the Northmen

Continued on Page 64


## Where The Trail Ended

 Continued from Page 8irritated them. In that direction the grizzly moved, hiding where there seemed insufficient cover ten paces of the ponies. The was they winded him, though they could not see him, and threw up their heads with a snort. Pettit did not move, and he became terribly intent. and he brizzly was now directly behind the windfall to which the horses were tethered-leaning back on their ropes, with snorts of terror. Grind-grind, went the grizzly's jaws, then one, then the other of the ropes pheeled, and stamof cotton. The horseskness. There was a perash in the undergrowth near, and a balsam, which was stooping almost to the ground over the trail, suddenly sprang uprigh. reared grotesquely upwards, fell, and remained suspended in wardside only its hind hoofs upou the ground, while the balsam bobbed and bowed as the animal struggled. The scoond horse cote in seeing a mammoth but was to hurtling through space towgrey body hurt ling through space tow-
ards legs, bounding forward like a huye gorilla, one paw upraised. The paw crashed home, full across the pony's flank, sent it spinning sideways into the bush a

dozen paces away, where it lay with a | $\substack{\text { dozen paces } \\ \text { monettit jumped up. It had all been so } \\ \text { Pe }}$ |
| :---: | sudden that he could not guess what had happened, but upon him was a . sense of disaster. There was dead silence now,

seeming more uncanny and sinister thari the din of a few moments ago, and for once even Pettit's nerveb failed him. At length he lit a lantern and went out. There, strung up in the deadfall snare he had set for the grizzly, was his
favorite saddle horse, already too far favorite saddle horse, already too far
gone even to kick. Pettit drew his axe and eut the snare from below. The horse fell to earth, and lay very still, and then it was that Pettit saw the second
horse, lying in the bush with one flank horse, lying in the bush with one flank ripped open. He drew his revolvér and
did the only
merciful thing then he did the only merciful thing, then he
stood still and cursed. "I knew he'd come to-night," he muttered. "And it seems I wasn't far wrong, though things haven't panned out just as I'd arranged. One good horse gone and the other on the sick list for several days to come!
If that ain't an unlucky beginning what Is ${ }^{\text {If }}$ 'hat ain't an unlucky beginning what At daybreak Pettit led his half
strangled horse over to Ward's property strangled horse over to Ward's property
and found the place deserted. He took Ward's spare horse out of the stable and left his sick one in exchange for it, the way beck a big white owl settled on the ledge ahead of him, flew off, and settled again. Pettit muttered hoarsely. Like all mountaineers he was a shade
superstitious, and this bad omen quite superstitious, and this bad omen quite
upset him. upsel him.
times the two men met, but if either saw the grizzly during that period he said nothing about it to the other. Pettit constructed several box traps up and
down the range and baited them with down the range, and baited them with brace of skunks, in the second a black bear cub, and across the door of a third he found scrawled in an illiterate hand "rabbits only."
Next day Ward discovered a rabbit dangling aloft in one of his huye bear
snares, and a close examination rcevealed the fact that it had been shot by wall All the time, however, Pettit was learning what Ward already knew, and at the end of three weeks he had made himself. thoroughly familiar with the
home range of the grizzly. What he did home range of the grizzly. What hic did
next may have been brave and should have been effective, but it was not wise. He learnt that the grizzly, in passing
from this valley to the next, went by from this valley to the next, went by
way of a goat track, wide enough for a horseman to ride though to n narrow
for him to turn should he desire to retrace his steps midway. Once having set out along that shelf there was nothing for it but to go on to the end, and
to negotiate it on foot was impossible, to nerotiate it on foot was impossible,
sinee at streral points there were leaps
too wide for
side the cliff rose sher, on the other
side was a clean drop through the side was a clean drop through the canYon, depths so deep that a few hundred
feet either way did not matter. The bear always passed along the shelf from the north end, so across the south end Pettit placed a fine cable net--fine, but inconceivably strong.
The grizzly knew nothing' about nets. creeper, through which he could easily force his way. And this particular net was so designed that, should anything
try to force throuch it the fring try to force throurh it, the fringes drew up, like the mouth of a bag, and inside
the bag, irredeemably entangled, was the creature who had misjudged the whole affair.
According to Pettit's reckoning the plan could not fail. He had never known way it was worth risking. lion, and anyway it was worth risking. The net was
spread so that there was no way of getting around it, and the guy rope made secure to the roots of an oak sprouting from the cliff edge, and this done Pettit took up his station overlooking the north end of the shelf, by which the grizzly was
due to enter in a few hours' time On the brute came, prompt to the minute, slouching over the rugged ground at his easy, swinging stride, which
seemed so slow yet which bore him out seemed so slow yet which bore him out of sight in so few seconds. Pettit, from
his retreat, aloft, saw the bear set off his retreat aloft, saw the bear set offt
along the shelf, gave him two minutes start, then calmly rode off after him. There was to be no turning back for that bear. He was to be driven irresistibly ahead, scared into the net, and then -why then, of course, Pettit
ceed to Bellman Ward's cabin.

As Pettit neared the sher
As Pettit neared the shelf he fired out along it in pursuit of the grizzly. The big brute had evidently heard him and boilted, for though Pettit could see along the track for several hundred
yards, it was nowhere in sight. His yards, it was nowhere in sight. His pony snorted and was everywhere was the hot sent of grizzly, but now there was no turning back till they gained a point within a few yards
of the net. So Pettit rode slowly in, of the net. So Pettit rode slowly in,
shouting and fring and shouting and firing, and Ward, who was
watching the whole affair from the watching the whole affair from the
mountain side opposite, flung his hands to his eyes and muttered-"Tum back, you fool! 0, you reckless, daredevil fool.
Ward could see the shelf for its entire length, and he lay with his glasses to his eyes, trembling a little. He saw the
grizzly go up to the net, sniff it, turn grizly go up to the net, snif
undecided, then presently mount to a shelf directly above the main track. It did not seem that there was cover enough on that shelf to hide a rabbit,
yet when the grizzly crouched, Ward, yet when the grizzly crouched, ward,
with his glasses, could not pick it out again.
Pettit came on, and Ward saw by the smoke that he was firing his revolver at intervals, though the distance was too great for the sound to reach him. As
he drew near the spot where the grizzly hed vanished, Ward held his breath, the an oath broke from his lips. He could not tell what had happened, but suddenly he saw horse and rider topple over the edge-saw them spinning giddily as they
fell, faster, faster, saw them finally separate and spin apart, till both were swallowed up in the gloom of the gulch. It was a sickening sight, and Ward rose. His weather-tanned face was pale. He closed his telescope with a snap, and stood looking down at his larrigans.
"There goes one mighty good hunter and the best horse I ever had," he muttered thickly, then he straightened himself, and his jaws squared. "That griz.
zly's a devil!" he muttered thickly, "and zly's a devil!" he muttered thickly, "an
Ili get him if it breaks me." Pettit's prophecy had come true.

Two years passed by, but Ward never wavered from his steadfastness of purpose. Many hundreds of miles he trav-
elled, at times losing the trail, but always picking it up sooner or later. He slept where the night found him, and rose in the morning from a couch hoary with frost. Sometimes a city lay in his route looking neither to left nor right. His hair became white and grizzled, his eyes los their keenness. Men called him Grizzly.
Bell, and of course they knew. The lone. Continued on Page 12


## Why not economize?

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Where The Trail Ended

## Continued from Page it

liness takes men in different ways, but generally there is an obsession. This was Ward's obsession - the fulfilment of
a purpose from which no useful end a purpose from which no useful end
could come, this endless following, following of a mystic theme through the great abandonment. The loneliness had
got him down, and was grinding him to got him down, and was grinding him to
powder. Most of the mountaineers aspowder. Most of the mountaineers as-
serted that "there weren't no bear at all," but others swore they had seen it, a giant silvertip, though they refrained from speculating as to its weight for fear of ridicule. Once, it was said, the brute
scattered a band of surveyors, bursting scattered a band of surveyors, bursting
upon them unmolested, and a few hours later Grizzly Bell rode grimly by like a spectre of death on his own ghostly funeral. He was unarmed save for his automatic, but from his pack hor
the usual array of grizzly traps.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the usual array of grizzly traps. } \\
& \text { The end of the two years foun }
\end{aligned}
$$

back where the hunt had started them bear ambling southward, Ward a few hours ahead of it. They knew each other pretty well in these days, and Ward, who had developed a racking cough,
knew that his time was becoming short. knew had exhausted all the sets he knew; the bear knew each and every one of them, and there remained but one desperate venture.
Ward went to the plāce where he had seen Pettit meet his fate, and close to
the spot at which the ledge terminated the spot at which the ledge terminated
at the brink of the shelving cliff, he at the brink of the sheiving cliff, he
set six bear traps in a wide circle. Very soon the bear would come this way, pas-
sing by the shelf as in his younger days, sing by the shelf as in his younger
but the traps were set to the right of
the trail he would take. Then, in the the trail he would take. Then, in the
centre of that uncrossable ring, Ward centre of that dowcrossable the earth, his
flung himself down upon then face to the ground, his arms outstretched. His garments fluttered in the breeze, his bony frame lay like the image of
death in the pale evening sun. High death in the pale evening sun.
overhead two vultures soared.
overne grizzly came along, paused at the
cliff edge, and looked at the motionless The grizzly came along, paused at the
man. It slouched to windward, and sift. man. It slouched to windward, and sifted every gust.
Yes, the scent was the same. Could it be that the awful game was ended, that
the man had played his last card, that the had laid down his arms and retired from the field?
For fully an hour the bear moved back and forth, gazing, sniffing, wondering. The man never stirred. The big brute
came nearer, circling now, and slowly as came nearer, circling now, and slowly as "Thud!" The vicious snap was followed by a roar. The bear reared up, raised the great trap with the heavy drag high
above its head and crashed it to earth. Thud! A second trap closed upon one of Thud! A second he made to charge the man, and Bellman Ward got up.
He roze and looked into the grizzIy's
eyes, not a dozen steps between them. eyes, not a dozen steps between them.
He had everything planned in his mind He had everything pla his lariats and pe how he would throw his lariats and peg
grizzly was firmly held and helplcss, but
now, when the moment came to act, bu found himself spell-bound. There he stood, his rugged hands on his hips, look ing lat his majestic captive. For two years they had lived together--two years
of wind and sun and rain and snow, and of wind and sun and rain and snow, and Yes, this was the end of the chase this the crowning achievement after close upon three thousand miles of uphill tosit! Bellman could not understand. But the grizzly knew! There was not fear in
its eyes, no menace, but an unsperiner shame. It was cowering in the dust whimpering a little, but now it rose dragged the heavy traps from their settings, and with a strength that wa superb dashed blindly to the south. he stood. He saw the grizzly reach the brow of that dizzy drop into space, h saw it hurtle over, unwaveringly, unafraid. He went to the edge and looked down, to see a spinning speck in the gloom below. Then he heard a thud and admiration came into his eyes.
"You great old warrior," he muttered thickly. 'I've followed you half my life, and you've broken me, but I knew from Farewell!" could never take you alive

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { And at } \\
& \text { Deters out }
\end{aligned}
$$

And at the point where the shclf of stons out Grizzly Bell built a great cairn of a noble beast, both of hunter, and fallen within that fateful whom had whose remains lie to this day in the canyon depths where the foot of man can never tread.

Children Should Be Taught Music in Public Schools
Music makes its appel through the medium of the ear, and if fluene to fully enjoy its beneficent in its messand appreciate and understand ly trained. The earlier first be properdone the better, for this faculty, like most others, is much more easily cultiTo in childhood than in later life. musical a community or a nation attention therefore, we must direct our ing gencration is to be a musical one the seeds must be sown in our public brought and good music, well performed, brought within the daily reach of the scholars.
How is
How is this to be done? Obviously school thaining of the teacher. In each teacher who is not only a good musician, but also a well trained singer. The wise teacher never sings with the pupils, but to them while the class is taught
to listen attentively and think independently. Children have naturally a great faculty of imitation; give the infant classes the opportunity to listen daily to attractive melodies sung with beautiful tone and fine diction, and they will not only soon sing like angels, but a great
improvement will be noticeable in their speech.

## Children Should Never Drink Tea or Coffee.

They are harmful to growth and development and have a particularly bad effect on the nervous system of the child.
Give the children
Instant Postum
and avoid tea and coffees harm
"Theres a Reason"

## How I Learned to Swim

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Private Robert Chaloner

Private Robert Chaloner enlisted in a such as this, I decided that obedience Winnipeg Battalion in the year 1916, was the best policy, for as long as I did and forr days after he donped the king's what I was told I would be able to sit uniform he broke his neck while diving. down with comfort. .Of course I thought From and so far surgical soience has been too young to understand that it was all able to do but little for him. Determined for the best.
to overcome his difficulties and make as After these experiences I aiways obeymuch of his life as possible, this plucky ed my sister while at home, but when I boy taught himself to write by holding got away I used my own judgment in his pencil in his teeth. The following most things. One day she sent me with own life, was written in this way, and berries. I liked picking bluebberries about own the brave author's first effort for as well as I liked castor oil, and would publication. have told her so, only I had not forgotten


Private Chaloner writing his story at Tuxedo Hospital

How I Learned to Swim
what the slipper felt like, so I went withsuppose before I tell you about how out a word, but before going I slipped I first learned to swim, I had better tell my bathing suit into my berry pail. I you something about myself and my hoped I would be able to get my brother
early childhood. to go down by the river, and I knew
that once there, the blueberries would My mother died when I was five years be forgotten. I had a hard time coaxing old. I was the second youngest of seven my brother to come with me, but finally older, and a baby sister of only a few got my way, and he said perhaps we months. My father worked up north and might play on the shore for a while only came home once or twice a year, so
things were pretty hard, and my oldest When we arrived at the river, (only sister, only eighteen, worked in an office half a mile from home) we met two and so leitit the sixteen year old one to other boys, neighbors of ours, and they
bring up the family.
asked if we would like to go for a boat

| Axsuer \& Yiry LiNic? The buenees su Nus: <br> Anxyer. |  |  |
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The baby togk up most of my sister's ride. We had been forbidden to go on The baby togk up most of my sister's ride. We had been forbidden to go on to look after myself, was given more we thought no one would ever know if liberty than is good for little boys, and we only stayed a few minutes, so we I got very disobedient. It was all right got into the boat and started to row for mother to tell me what I should, and around the shore. It was a very hot day should not do, but when my sister started in the latter part of July and we soon
to bess me (as I called it) I didn't like got very warm. I took off all my clothes it, and wouldn't do anything she told and put on my bathing suit so that I me to. However, there are ways of im- would be cooler. I, being the youngest pressing upon little boys, the conse- of the four, and the smallest, got lots of quences of disobedience, and I was duly abuse from the others. One of the boys
impressed while lying across my sister's threatened to throw me in the water if impressed while lying across my sister's threatened to throw me in the water if
knee, face downwards, while she tried I did not jump in. Of course he was her best to wear out one of Dad's slip- only fooling, but I thought him in pers across me. After a few impressions Continued on Page 64


## At Sleep-Time

## Bubble Grains

Millions of happy children, at bedtime, get Puffed Wheat in milk. And think what a dish it is.
Whole wheat with no element omitted. Every food cell blasted, so digestion is easy and complete.
Wheat puffed to bubbles, eight times normal size-thin, flimsy, flaky morsels, like fairy foods.
Never was a whole grain made so enticing, never so fitted to digest. What good-nigh't dish compares with this?

## The Supreme Delights

Puffed Grains hold first place among all cereal dainties. Each is a food confection. The grains are so nut-like that people use them in home candy-making-as garnish on ice cream.
Yet they are whole grains, and are scientific foods invented by Prof. Anderson.
Every food cell is blasted by a steam explosion. Every atom is fitted to digest.
When you have foods so delightful, so hygienic, serve in every way you can. Children revel in them.

## Puffed Wheat

## Puffed Rice

Steam Exploded-Puffed to 8 Times Normal Size


At Breakfast
Serve with cream and sugar. The airy grains taste th
toasted nut meats puffed.


Mix With Fruit The blend is delicious. And these crisp, flimsy morsels add
what crust adds to a shortcake.


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Cowan's MAPLE BuDS

## The Servant Girl

By Elizabeth Kampman

THE servant girl problem is a her visitors at the back door and ente-
vital one of the day. It is tain them in the kitchen, she will al a problem that the Women's ways detest her environment and for
Clubs and the Women's Insti- ever try to get at something bett Clubs and the Women's Insti- ever try to get at something better.
tutes should take up and con- The fault lies with the mistress who sider. That this class of help is on the employs them. It is her's to see to sider. That this class of help is brought home to us day. that the back-door calling is abolished, In fact, the servant girl is, and I say that the kitchen becomes an attractive without fear of contradiction, she might place for her servant to work in; that vanish like the North American Indian. she have companionship, and if musiThis ought to make us sit up and take calano. sort! Instead, we sit with folded hands, It is the prevailing custom to address sorlmly watching domestic service go on the servant girl as Mary or Bridget its downward course. We all know that domestic service Miss Smith or Miss Jones. It makes is held to be a drudgery; that the one wonder if the latter class are more
servant girl, who, through no fault of of a lady simply because their work servant girl, who, through no fault of of a las miser talent. Certainly not!
her own, is called upon to perform its requires more tale office, bewails her humble lot and im- To be able to turn a baking of good agines herself It is apparent that little is done to解 which the servant girl labors. Unless it so. Yet it is not an uncommon thing this is done and household work elevated to hear a girl say: "No, I cannot bake to a more dignified position, we are bread." The saddest part of the whole doomed to be left with only the memory thing is that she is proud of it. Houseof her to cherish. Then will those, hold work is an art and should be
because they did so little when they regarded as such, for it calls for conbecause they did so little when they regarded as such, for it calls for con-
might have done more, come boldy siderable imitation to manage success. forth, ready to acknowledge the useful- fully the household duties. Yet girls ness of such a valuable article to get married every day who know next humanity and at the same time to show to nothing about household work and its their genuine regret at her passing, by management, with the result that they in her honor for good deeds done. Lest it. And then people wonder why there in her honor for good deeds done. Lest In recent years more and more foreign born women were being employed, but during the war immigration was stopof domestic help.
This state of affairs would not have come to pass had the servant girl been put on the same level with the shop or factory girl. As it is, domestic ser-
vice has come to be regarded as a downvice has come to be regarded as a down-
trodden job, wherein one loses her caste with other girls. Viewed from such a
gloomy angle, it is not surprising that gloomy angle, it is not surprising that
girls flee from it as they would from girls flee fro
the plague.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { the plague. } \\
& \text { In the Eas }
\end{aligned}
$$

In the Eastern cities there is a famine of servants and like the "flu", it may of prevention is worth a pound of cure", holds true in this case. What is to be done? Why, let household work become
an organized profession and girls will an organized profession and girls will
take to it like ducks to water, because take to it like ducks to water, because
household work is her sphere of laborshe did it from the beginning. To go back to the days of our grandmothers, when women knew no other forms of employment, it was not considered a
disgrace to work in someone else's disgrace to work in someone else's
kitchen. Now that new forms of employment open up, Bridget no longer glorifies in household work. The Bridget
of to-day finds such work monotonous of to-day finds such work monotonous and at the same time, beneath her
station in life

> Most girls wil
the means, take up a business chave to fit themselves for a commercial
career. Nearly career. Nearly all want to commercial out of domestic service and the moment they
can they wili do so. Not unfrequently a girl will take a poorly paid job a girl will take a poorly paid job, which
barely subsists her, rather than go into domestic service, and many girls will
only take it when every only take it when every other means
of living-hood has failed and starvation of living-hood has failed and starvation
stares them in the face. The office girl stares them in the face. The office girl
goes to her work at nine and is through goes to her work at nine and is through
at six. After that she is free-to do what she will. Her time is her own. But not so with the servant girl, who
is still on the job. She lacks freedom is still on the job. She lacks freedom
and moreover, companionship as well. and moreover, companionship as well. would rather go to a hotel or other public place to work than in a private home. The reason is that in the frormer places they will find other girls for companions. Her friends do not call for Or the West, panions. Her friends do not call for Or steal away, in silence of the night,
her at the back door as is the case in To France, where one dear son is laid
a private home, where also she is made
to rest. to feel her position more keenly. I 'Tis hard to have her children rove so have talked with a number of girls on far, this subject and in each case I got the But not in word or thought does she
same answer: "I wouldn't go into a demur same answer;
private home." $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nowr, as a matter of fact, as long as } \\ & \text { Her lover. is. lighted br a peerless star- } \\ & \text { the serrant gixl is compelled to receive }\end{aligned} \quad \begin{aligned} & \text { with her. }\end{aligned}$ well with them 'tis well private home.
Now, as a matter of fact, as long as
the serrant girl is compelled to receive

## MOTHER

By Isa. Grindlay
When mother hears the clanging of the gate,
And steps come briskly down the garden walk,
She laysi her needles down to pause and And does not listen if her friends But, should talk. stranger knocks, the vision dies, befleaves her lone and wistful as The feet she longs for tread 'neath disAnd wander round the dim, old home no more row Dear Mother. How longing thoughts take flight. nd hover round the hom Tis hard to have her children rove so
far,
But not in word or thought does she hen all is well with them 'tis wel
with her.
oh are so many unhappy marriages! Not that a knowledge of household affairs creates blissful marriages, but it is a potent factor in bringing about this A course in domestic service ought to go along with every girl's education,
and without it, her education is not complete.
In one
In one of our Western Cities there wife's League. The aim of the Houseis to make household work more attraca business contract. The servant or maid cannot leave at a moment's notice, nor can her mistress dismiss her with.
out previous notice. The maid works out previous notice. The maid works
at stated hours, receives her visitors at the front door and is addressed Miss Smith, not Mary. Any difficulty between mistress and naid is adjusted by the league. At last reports this method
was meeting with excellent results. I was meeting with excellent results. I
hope the day is not very far off when hope the day is not very far off when lines, will flourish in every city in the land. By putting domestic service on an organized basis, we not only raise
the work to a higher standard but we the work to a higher standard but we
instil in the feminine mind a more lofty opinion of the noblest and most honorable professions-household work.

## Education Out of School

By W.A. McIntyre, LL.D.

Withen $\begin{gathered}\text { Can } \\ \text { oth } \\ \text { sch }\end{gathered}$IEN Dr. Suggalls visited Western Canada last year he said amon
other things that two kinds o school were required in Canada and the United States-sults. There are dren and that cannot be done in the ordinary day schools, and unless they are done by some other agency our civiz ion is imperilled.
Among the schools for adults the following are typical. (1) For workers in eparters. (3) For workers in rùral com munities (4) For non-English citizens (5) For fathers' and mothers. The natur of the work to be done in each of these schools and the plan of organizaton can trial and experiment, but it is not difficult to give a general outline that may serve as a suggestion.

The Department Store
Here there are hundreds of young people from fifteen to twenty-five years of age. Thery have to wait on the pent, courteous, refined and well-informed garding the wares they wel-informed is a pleasure to meet at the book unter a young lady who knows books suthors and publishers. It is an equal pleasure to find at the flower counter one who knows the bulbs and flowers as if they were her friends. A greater pleasure still it is when a young lady is welland paint-powder, and cheerful in her and pain
All of these bright young people are in the store for a few years. Then they leave to take positions in homes. What opportunities have they to p
selves for their life-duties?
To meet the problem, it is proposed to establish in the departmental stores classes of instruction open to all clerks. Such classes can be held during the regular hours of the day, each clerk being relieved for a few periods each
week. The following outline of study is suggested.
suggested.
(1) Lessons on Salesmanship. The
management of the stores will naturally management of the stores will naturally see that these are given. They include lessons in receiving, arranging and dis-
playing goods. Lessons on manufacture playing goods. Lessons on manufacture
and quality of goods. Lessons in selling -including such a wide range of topics as selecting goods to meet customers ${ }^{3}$ needs, and fitting-in such departments as boots and shoes, millinery, dressmak-
ing and the like. In such departments ing and the like. In such departments should be a good adviser than a clerk sales-girl.
${ }^{(2)}$ Lessons in speech and behaviour. These are not only necessary to salesmanship, they are necessary for those who are later to become wives and important to know how and what to read, how to speak, how to meet people, how to dress, how to behave on the cars, on the street, in a public gathering. Above all is it necessary for a salesgirl to be
so gently-mannered and courteous as to so gently-mannered and courteous as to Often one goes back to a store, or keeps away from it because of the clerks. Care of the person, language, voice, man ner, dress are factors in inducing or prerenting custom. One doesn't care to It will clearly pay employers to relieve their clerks from duty for a few hours each week, to take lessons in behavior. (3) Lessons in home occupations-such as cooking, ornamentation of the home, choice of clothing, sewing and repairing,
care of children, first aid. The list may be indefinitely extended. It may be thought that this is not part of an employee's duty, but it surely is not right
that any young lady should for five or that any young lady should for five or
six years shut herself away from home six years shut herself away from home
life and then plunge into it without preparation. It will cost something to give such instruction of course, but this should be considered as part of an overhead expense An employer who ar-
ranges for such instruction will have
no difficulty in getting good employees. He will save m (4) a purpose.
(4) General education-in English comAll of this work is be necessary. sible , and the day is coming when in every large store there will be schools of instruction. Smaller stores will continue for the same purpose. It will be amp omptructors.

Factory Hands
The instruction of these will be some(1) Technical the last.
(1) Technical instruction-related to (2) General Edueation-Eng in which they are engeg mathematics, science and history as may (3) necessary.
(3) Civic duties as citizens, as partners in industry. Most of the troubles in and suspicion. (4) Departm
(4) Department-Every factory hand are small unless in speech, manner and general behaviour he commends himself o his employe\#s and to the public.
ied out to a wonderful degree. It takes over thirty-six operatives to make a pair of boots. Each one of these is likely o become narrow in his outlook and sympathy. A broad course of instruction is necessary to offset the evil of the present system. It has is not a good place to train apprentices, s not a good place to train apprentices
unless instructional classes are pro ided. Where instruction is carefully given the unanimous testimony is that the employees adopt a new attitude to
their work. There is a great difference between an intelligent workman and a drudge.
For non-English Citizens
The night schools have been doing a are not organized in many places. In are not organized in many places. In be provision made in the winter months or teaching.
(1) English. language-speaking, read-(2)-Cang.
(2)-Canadian history and Govern(3)
(3) The elements of household management, care of stock, agriculture, and the
like. There lessons should be arranged to meet the needs of both men and women.
The schoolteachers, the doctors and the sest mothers of tue districts can be in
structors. It is just as necessary to keep a school of this kind going as it is to teach the children in the day school. Each school has its own function to perform.
It is not necessary to elaborate on this here. In the effiort to get elementary education, established, schools for parents
have been overlooked. Conferences between teachers, parents and others specially qualified, would be of great value. Such topics as health, private and public morals, public entertainments, reading, recreation, occupation of children out of school, might all be discussed. It is
clear that education is so broad that no clear that education is so broad that no
one person alone can direct it. All the institutions of civilization must co-operate in their effort to shape young lives right. Hence conference. The idea that education is ended when one leaves
school must give way to the idea that school must give way to the idea that
it is a never-ending process, demanding the attention of every good citizen. In the ideal community everybody teache and everybody goes to school.

## GOOD TESTIMONY

A good tale is told of how a simple untry fellow silenced a barrister. It "How do you know that such is the age of the mare?" shouted the barrister Thad from the mares own mouth,


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## "Wearyin' for Peace"

By Marie Oemler

CwroLine shaded her dark eyes. optimism of youth she had thought it with her brown hands, and but a remote one. Now that it had actugazed long and earnestly down ally befallen her, she was unprepared, the winding mountain road. In Gead! hit's yo' what killed him! Yow a blue jay fluttered, scolding raucously as, like a flying blue flower, he flitted from bough to bough.
The small house perched upon the mountain side, the stubby cornfield be-
hind it, the road, the wooded heights beyond, wavered in the hot streaming sunlight of the early autumn afternoon. The road stretched vacantly into the far distance; dad's slouchy figure failed
to appear. Caroline crossed over behind to appear. Caroline crossed over behind
the well, waved a friendly hand to the scolding blue jay, and climbed the worn fence half buried in golden-rod which bounded her small domain. She followed
the path running like a ragyed yellowthe path running like a ragged yellowwoods, her pink sunbonnet and red calico dress a flaming bit of color against the universal green density.
She moved with the lithe, tireless grace of an Indian, keeping up her eass swinging stride for some miles until she had
reached a ledge of rock overhanging a deep and narrow gorge. Looking down, she caught a glimpse of swirling brown mountain water racing over its rocky
bed; its steady rushing sent upward an insistent silvery whisper full of tinkling notes.
Caroline's shrill, far-reaching call receiving no answer, she dropped down lap, and waited her hands folded in her The sunlight
through the trees and a breeze, sweet with the mountain's breath, swept her cheek caressingly. She took off her sun-
bonnet and leaned her head afainst thbonnet and leaned her head against the
tree by which she sat. In the dreamy solitude her dark beauty softened into musing tenderness. She knew he would come presently, tall and strong and splendid, his rifie across his shoulder, his
blue eyes full of passion and tendernes biue eyes fuce of passion and tenderness, Lost in pleasing day dreams, her dark head with its hanging braids dropped forward, her eyes closed.
She was roused
She was roused by the sound of a of the gorge, and every nerve alive and alert, turning her head with the stealthy grace of a
panther. A puff of white smoke rose, hung lazily in the air, and melted away. Something heavy fell in the bushes, al-
though the sound was deadened by the thick underbrush and the musical murmur of the water in the gorge.
After an interval a man emerge
After an interval a man emerged from
behind the trees on the other side behind the trees on the other side, and
faced her, rifle in hand. "Hit's me."
"What'd yo,'" she returned quietly. "What'd yo' shoot at?" He dropped his gun to the earth, muzzle up, and stood
leaning on it. "Ca'line, yo' know I love yo', honey-
chile?",
"Yo' Yo say so" assented the girl, her
dark eves fixed upon his with piercing
intensity intensity. "Yo' know I do," said he quickly. "Ef bullet, meetin' yo here? Yo' know I love yo'! Now I want yo to sw'ar yo
love me, too. Sw'ar hit, Ca'line!" "I ain't one to go back on my word.
said the girl with fierce earnestness. said the girl with fierce earnestness. "I
tole yo' I did, an' I do. I love wo' people kill mine. an' mine kill ${ }^{\prime}$ yore's;
But I love vo'! What'd ro' hit when yo' fired?" "He was watchin' fo' me. I got sight $o$ 'his gun when he moved, an' I shot-
fust. Hit was him or me. Ca, "twas him went down." "Who?" she cried in a shrill whisper Her face had gone deathly white, her from his gun to her, helplessly. from his gun to her, helplessly.
"I saw his face when he jumped-an,
fell. he said. "An"-hit was ?o" Caline,"
Caroline gave a choking ery, putting up her hands as if to ward off what had
already come upon her. She had not
arready come upon her.
been unare of its possibility. It hat
been one of her risks, but with the
"Hit was him or me," said Rollins desperately. "Ef I'd 'a' waited. I fired to save myself, 'thout knowin', Ca'line.' Her slim young body swayed to and
fro, precariously near the fro, precariously near the edge; she of tears.
"Yo' know thah's bad blood atween us-all, Ca'line. Thah's always been bad
blood-Gawd. A'mighty knows blood-Gawd A'mighty, knows why,
'Tain't none o' my willin'. I wanted yo' to go 'way, with me an' have done with all this kin' o' business. Yo' know I did. I been aimin' to take yo' 'way with me Caroline I looked at him ved me." Caroline looked at him vacantly. '"D'
yo' know thah's none o' we-all lef', 'eept me?" she asked mournfully. "His fine bronzed face turned white. "Hit was him or me," he said sternly. "Ef yo' don't b'lieve that, I'd as lief go She shook her
tion. Her sense of justice told her that he had but acted in self-defense, that had the fact that he had drawn first had saved him and sent the dad on the


She listened intently for a moment"

Yo bullet oughter hit me him," she said huskily. "Yo're a Rollins, oved yo'!"" an yet I met yo-an "Hit's right an' good for us to love "Them that comes atween us is sinnin. Gawd A'mighty made us for each other, n' I'm plum right in claimin' my own." He came to the brink of the dividing
chasm and lifted his pleading face. "Ca'line! come 'way with me, an' let's leave these murderin, ways behin' us. Come out West, Ca'line, whah we kin work in the open 'thout fear o' a bullet in the back. Gawd knows I never meant
nor wanted to kill him, Ca'line. I ain't one for spillin' blood, nohow. I wanter foller the ways that young preacher feller talked 'bout las' spring, an' I want nowhah thout vo' Say a din't goin
 fearfully. "Is "'Sho'. Thah's no hope, Ca'line. He's, he answered regretfully.
done hit,' an' they'll be after a Rollins said, after a long, pause full of painful thought. "An' I'm sho' wearyin' for peace!", she said wearily. "Wearyin' for "An' yo'll come,-Ca'line?" he asked "'Thah's blood atween yo' an' me," said me of I ain't doin' right, but He's jest got an't stan' hit no mon'!, ", no mo'! I
An yore mar?" he asked hesitatingly.

## "Wearyin' for Peace"

 Continued from Page 26 "She wont worry none too much once Tm gone," said the girl, without emotion. pleadingly. "Gawd knows I've loved my poople-but I love yo better'n them-or got to rise up an foller yo," Her voice quivered and broke."Them people o' yourn ain't never been none too kin . "To, they ain't," she assented, but
without resentment. His eyes rested pon her lingeringly "'Yo' ain't never going' to be sorry yo' come to me, honey-heart, he promised,
with honest passion. "To-night,
andine," with honest passion. Fo-night, Caline, He waved his hand, slung his gun across his shoulder, and disappeared tall form was lost to sight, then turned wiftly toward home And in the underrush across the gorge lay the dead man, his gun beside him, his face buried in the grass and dritted leaves.
Caroline walked quickly through the waning evening, her pink sunbonnet on over her shoulders. Her lips, full and red, were compressed into a firm crimson line, her eyes smoldered like banked fires; deep in their brown depths one anw a gint like little tongues of flame, burned in her cool, dusky cheeks.
Her mother was sitting on the doorsill, moking a short corncob pipe, when Caroine reached home. Used to her
daughter's whim of wandering around in daughter's whim of wandering around in
the woods, she made no comment upon the woods, she
her long absence.

"Over the dead girl they confroted each
"Yo' dad ain't home yet, Ca'line." "Eff he meets one o, them Rollinses he won't come home; or they won't, one or
tother," said the old woman calmly, tother,' sad we then between puffs of her pipe.
"Th-huh spece to meet a Rollins?" Jed, tol' him somethin' las ${ }^{\prime}{ }^{\prime}$ night ${ }^{\prime}$ 'sh this mawhin' yo dad took his gun an
went out , yo went out. I lowed he was on a wrong
trail, but yo. know he's plum bent in his trail, but yo, know he's plum bent in his
ways. Yo' heal anything like a gunshot, ways. Yo heah anything like a gunshot,
Caline ?ino
Caroline lifted her eyes dauntlessIy.
"Naroline lifted her eyes dauntlessly. "No," She said,
"By the way'd yo' come?" "'Oy, aine't been by the the spring." "No," said Caroline, tensely. Both
taciturnity
relapsed
The taciturnity. The old woman smoked in stolid silence. Caroline sat on the sill
beside her her large fully on the waning glories of the skies above the pines.
Red, gold, and blue, with wavering glimmers of green; then a settled pearla sadder cray with fading rose then silver: and more and yet more gray; then darkness; and presently above the Way, serm with stars like seed pearls; and a little young moon, wandering in
the bix sky like a lost child. Now an owl hoo-hod from the deepening darr,
and katrdids and crickets chired shrilly from the clearing. Caroline sat
in silence, awed and saddened. Some-

Where down by the gorge a silent figure
was lying, its stark face couched in the was ying, its stark face couched in the The old woman's grass. like a red sinister eye peering to gleam gloom.
hour 'fore like I heard a shot, 'bout a remarked, removing her pipe and knocking out the ashes. "Hit was far off an" hit was sho' a "I never heard it," said Caroline steadily.
Her mother turned her head and shot a sudden keen glance at the girl, but
as well as her sharp eyes could detect in ths twilight, the face was as calmly indifferent as the voice.
"Yo' better fix supper now, Ca'line," she remarked, after another silent in-
terval. Caroline moved lightly" about the kitchen, and the supper of corn bread, coffee, and bacon was soon upon the table. They ate in silence, sparsely, caroline removing the dishes when the meal had been fixished.
"Yo' dad's sho' late,"
woman, glancing out at the the old mountain side. "I don't reckon we'd better wait up no mo' for him.
"No," said the girl almost. inaudibly. Tain't no use waitin' no more'." bed, and slept, knowing that she could and would wake later, and that she must rest. The old woman lay beside her, with her eyes shut but with every sense

He had met one of the Rollinges she knew quite as well as if she had seen him fall. A flood of bitterness-the undying mountain hatred, the savage vindictive ness of a race which knows no forgive-
ness-welled up in her heart, and under ness-welled up in her heart, and under
her shut lids her eyes burned and smarted. Her sitrong old hands clenched. He was down! Her sons, also, had been shot by the Rollinses, after killing two of them. The quarrel had begun further back than her time, nor was she even
a ware of its cause. She only knew that when Hudson and Rollins met, some one $\xrightarrow{\text { ddied. }}$
Jed Baker had foolishly told her husband that one of the Rollins boys had in hiding near by, had seen them once himself, he said. The dad, grim, relentless, fierce, had taken his shotgun and set out to watch. She knew that had he not fallen he would have come home,
Somewhere out in the dark he was lying stark and alone, and CarolineOf Caroline she was almost afraid to
think; anger and fierce hostility smoldered in her heart against her own child, the last one left her. She knew hardened grimly as she lay, quiet and watchful; no coiled snake was ever more Caroline stirred, and rose softly, then leaned lightly over her mother and touched the hard cheek with her soft brushed against a granite ledge. have old woman made no movement, and Caroline, with a breath of relief, stepped ments. The putting on her few garcautiously opened and closed, and an instant later Caroline had ${ }^{\text {g gone. }}$
When the light step had died in the fury of haste, and thrust her feet into her coarse shoes. In a corner behind her bed hung her dead boy's guns, which she loaded and slung across her shoulder. intently for a moment, and then sped after Caroline like an evil shadow. The moon was high in the heavens
now, its pallid light falling fitfully between the trees. The road was in spots At either wavering shadows of trees. blackness was unbroken, and she kept to the side. Far ahead a slim figure fled through one of the silver lakes of light.
The mother said, "Ca'line!" and fled after The slender figure in its dark-red dress stopped at last by o the ledge of rock vengeance dropped in a pool of black-

## the western home Monthly

"Wearyin' for Peace" Continued from Page ${ }^{17}$
in the gorge the mountain water mur-
mured as it rushed over its bed of mured as it rushed over its bed of
stones, sending upward its crystal stones,
whisper.
$\qquad$ Caroline called, her voice sounding shriil and faint and far, like an elfin horn blowing in the forest to summon
sprite and fay to a midnight tryst. The winds born between midnight and dawn lifted the sound and sent it to die among the rustling, whispering trees. A screech
owl, unchancy bird of evil, answered with its frightful cry
Caroline called again, with a new note
of nervousness in her voice, and this time
a deeper, truer note answered reassuringa deeper, truer note answered reassuring-
ly. Out, of the darkness stepped a tall figure. "Hit's me, Ca'line, honey. Yo' ready?" The watcher heard Caroline's sobbing cry of relief and rapture as she ran up to the taller figure and was drawn into his
protecting arms. He bent his curly head and kissed her again and again, drawing her closer to him.
'Darlin' heart! Yo'll be far from
fright an' danger in fright an' danger in the mawnin'."
"Oh, let's go, quick!" urged the girl. "I doh, let's go, quick!" urged the girl.
'feared" know why, but I'm-I'm 'feared."
He swept her to him again, and then with arms entwined they turned and started down the road toward the dis tant railroad station. Once Caroline
turned and looked backward, her face like a magnolia flower, glowing luminously out of the gloom.
Keeping always in the shadow the watcher followed, the struggling light
glinting dully on the rifle's metal barrel. glinting dully on the rifle's metal barrel.
The path cleared and widened. The two young figures were in plain sight,
a brawny arm in a blue flannel sleeve around a lithe, red waist. Walking with the stealth of a beast, of prey, the
trailer drew nearer, gliding soundlessly in the shadows. She could hear the man's
"An' woice, vell live like Christians, $C$ in the wepen. In the open, like Gawd A'mighty 'tended folk to live!, We'l gal, an' jest remember thah's yo ${ }^{\prime}$ an'
me-an' love." He added thoughtfully: "Somehow I'm reckonin' yo' dad knows better now, an' ain't a mite sorry hit
was him 'stead o' me," was him stead o, me."
in her (tracks barrel sighted with to her shoulder, the a spot betwe with deadly certainty to shoulders been those broad, blue-covered shoulders before her. Her finger was and saw her. It may have been the faint click of the
triggerwhich warned her quick ear; it trigger which warned her quick ear; it
may have geen some subtler, surer sense may have ween some subtler, surer sense she shared with the kindred of the wild, panther-quick, even as the avenging finger pressed down.
The brooding peace and solitude were shattered, a red streak flashed hissingly
forward. Caroline wayered and fell forward. Caroline wavered and fell between her mother and her lover. Her
small brown hand beat upon the ground, her startled eyes stared for a fleeting second at the two bending above her. The man had wrenched the gun from the woman's nerveless fingers and sent dead girl they confronted each other, panting. Neither spoke.
Presently the mother squatted upon
the ground and took the fallen head in the ground and took the fallen head in her lap, smoothing the long black braids and peered into the pallid face.
"Ca"line! Ca'line! O Gawd, my baby-
chile! Lawd Gawd she's all I chile! Lawd Gawd she's all I got!
Ca'line! Ca'line! Yo' mammy ain't Ca'line! Ca'line! Yo' mammy ain't
mad with yo' no mo'. Wake up, babymad with yo no mo. Wake up, baby "Ca'line! Ca'line!" burst from the
man's tortured breast in a deeper cry of anguish and despair.
Caroline lay silent. The two stared at each other with horrible intensity. woman presently, in a bow whisper. Rollins waved his hand, vaguely, toward the gorge behind them. 'I seen him fust, Mis' Hudson. An' apathetically. She nodded.
"I'll sen' for him in the mawnin'," she

He knelt beside Caroline and kissed her ingeringly, folding her little hands on her breast. Her mother offered no resistance, and showed no aversion, although his bent figure touched hers. She studied him speculatively. In the open
road where they were, the moon-light showed his blue eyes and curling hair She admitted his virile beauty, his lean sinewy grace. Her eyes went swiftly
back to Caroline. 'Wack to Caroline.
"Was yo' much took with her?" she Unable to riously. reast and reply, he beat upon his gestuad tossed his arms upward in a gesture of pain and despair. A gleam of satisfaction lighted her dull eyes, a "'Twarn't 'tended for Rollins an' Hud son blood to mix," she said grimly. "But she warn't like any o' her people, Ca'line warn't. I reckon she's happy this minnit she jumped, quick 'nough to save yo He nodded indifferently. yo know. "Yo' better let me carry her home, Mis' Hudson," he suggested in a tired curiousgentle voice. He felt youth and hope lipping away from him; they had being her out into the unknown. He felt no anger; only a vast unreasoning pity for the Horror squatting beside the dead ${ }_{\text {girl. }}^{\text {She waved }}$ him asid She waved him aside. "No!" she said ercely. "I'll tote my chile myself." Her the long braids.
"N' yo' be off!" she ordered shárply. Ef yo're a-goin' West, go quick, 'fore some o' us-all gits yo'. Though I "thah ain't nothin' none $o^{\prime}$ us kin as to yo' wuss'n . . . this." From her lap Caroline's face peered at him, now glimmering whitely, now lost in shade. He moved away, with hanging head, a distance he turned and watched her, a silent monstrous shape, bent double beneath the limp burden hanging supiney across her shoulders, plodding heavily through the fragrant moonlight night
toward her ruined home.

## DREAMER AND DOER

 By Bartlett BrooksA dreamer and a doer Were born the selfsame day,
Grew up and dwelt together Grew up and dwelt together
In comrade work and play.
The dreamer sent his fancy On classic fields to roam, From common clay, at home. The dreamer saw à kingdom Where right ruled everything, And every man was king.
The doer fought, triumphant Through hatred, pain and dearth Of peace, good will on earth. The dreamer saw his Master, Compassionate and mild. Lifted the crippled child, Led forth the blind and erring, The Master's spirit shining And touched his robe in awe. How could that mystic dreamer Such wondrous visions see?
How could the toil-worn doer Rise to such mastery? How could the dreamer triumph? How could the doer plan? Ah! You have read the answer!
They were the selfsame man! Fare forth, mv valiant doer Where storm-tossed pennons gleam But lose not. in thy striving,
The vision and the dream!
"The New Woman"

## By Robert Jukes, Fellow Colonial Institute

The silent revolutions of today are the man". But of all things I am sure of accomplished facts of tomorrow. The I know that she will still remain the enigma progress of startling thoughts that yesterwill, a generation hence, be regarded as the commonplaces of everyday existence. The unimaginative, the staid, and the conventional deariy love to wander along
pleasant shaded paths. Today the daring pleasant shadelectual constantly push them toward the banks of that stream of progress on which, if they would only boldly embard eyas vast fields and new pastures ished eyas vast iessessed of an infinitely wider range of possibilities than their poor dreams eve revealed.
With the silent evolution of new thought and new angles of view, their hearts and minds would open gradually like the flower to the dawn
The men and women of tomorrow, who are. the children of to-day, will ponder in amazement over the terror and the turmoil that such advances caused, seeing,
as they will do, that the goal, if reached, has been attained only through the wounded hearts and hopes of a human mass wandering in the mist of ignorance. Some of us view with apprehension and miggiving, that mysterious form now em emancipation of that inscrutable entity Woman.
Woman, that from the dawn of existence has been regarded as an inferior unit, in the drama of life: Woman, upon whose belfe will exercise a new influence upon a new
generation. The bigot and the fanatic may regard such changes with alarm, but to the brave the opening of a new era in Woman's life hould be greeted with enthusiasm
Let us for a moment examine the meaning of those words, "The New Woman. What do they convey? Have they any
meaning? Or is it merely the foolish patter of that shallow crowd ever thirsting or novelty, ever craving for excitement of new sensations? I venture to think that it does not fall within that dreary category.
I dare to hope that it reveals the dawn of new spirit, a hope based on that intellectual force that impels large groups of women in every country, to realize the possession of dormant faction ind latent est of their fellow creatures, a force that gains in power, reinforced as it is by that natural instinct of their sex, and to which we, as men, owe so much-tenderness of heart.
If, therefore, through the mysterious should evolve, exhibiting increased intellectual strength, without impairing that divine gift of tenderness, a new agency for good in the world.
The sympathetic union of men and women, together linked in loyal faith to meet life's temptations, its dangers, its orrows and its joys, but also linked to unthinking mass steeped to the lips in the contemplation of their own interests alone, would present an irresistible comnath of altruistic energy
That this new and higher type of woman complete union with man and engaged thim in those affairs of life, that were previously his exclusive domain, will
fail to beneficially react on both, is hard to imagine
The man should not sink into the slough of effeminacy. The woman should not fall to that ghastly level, the masculine female. On the contrary, each retaining their marked characteristics, the result ment in the race, at every point. Such are my reasons for hoping that the New Woman" will achieve,-that: she will achieve much I frankly believe. That she will commit many blunders I feel as the expression goes, is almost certain. That she may electrify a curious world by the sudden exhibition of one of her leading trariness "-is entirely But, Buences, she under new and strange inof nerves and will lapse into a mere bundle and I refuse to believe that she will fail o make a real effort to "play the game,
she has ever been since the day she
the Apples of the Garden of Eden. Perhaps, however, it is too eaply predict. Let us therefore extend to her that chivalrous support that is her'
from every fair and loyal The opponents of loyal man. contend that her entrance into the wougan avenues of the world, will act detrimentally upon her character as a wife and a mother. I firmly believe that the direct
opposite will result. Contact at close
range with some of Life's darker problems final, as it would be the claim of the mother should, if she is possessed of any force of also to judge, a claim based on the expercharacter at all, react favorably both on ience gained by her more direct contact her husband and her children. The former with some of life's deeper problems. disposition and tendencies, from an intelligent angle.
The children, while in no danger of the risk of a lack of maternal tenderness, less exposed to the influence of pure sen less exposed to the influence of pure sengreater strength of moral fibre-an immense advantage when they step into the struggle of life. coreover, in the selection of their pitals, Jack ?" asked the teach "New Hampshire," quickly answered "Indeed,
"Capital $N$ ' and capital 'H" "-What - Do.

take care of the artistic side. Silkstone looks well on any modern wall finish-plaster, fibre board, or the ornamental metallic sidings and ceilings-and it is easier to work with and much more satisfactory than wall paper or cheap "cold water" tinting powders. Apart from its beauty, Silkstone is sanitary and longwearing. Soiled spots are easily washed clean with plain soap and water. When you are house planning add Silkstone to your list of essentials-it is a fitting adjunct to fine lumber, mouldings, and sash and doors.

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the western home Monthly

## Rural Postman Completes Fancy Palace After Laboring Forty Years

By Francis Dickie

This is the story of the oddest palace few extra ideas conceived by himself probably in the world. It sounds like a through the years. fairy tale, but is instead a tale of modern truth that has hardly an equal in history. The palace and the builder are shown in the accompanying photograph.
No prince nor person of royal blood, nor ordinary wealthy man erected it, but a poor postman named Ferdinand Cheval. The palace stands in France in the little borough of Hauterives, in the beautiful valley of the Galaure
Forty-three years ago, when Ferdinand Cheval was 40 years old, he found in his consignment of mail which he distributed
to the rural community around Hauterto the rural community around Hauter-
ives, an illustrated book, the cover of ives, an illustrated book, the cover of
which had been lost in transit. As no one claimed the book Cheval took it home. The volume was a magnificent-
ly illustrated one, showing various ly illustrated one, showing various Europe and Asia. Such is the strange-
ness of the human brain this book awoke in the heart of the humble postman the maddest ambition; he desired to have a palace of his own. The idea grew stronger and stronger, till he gave way to it and started laying plans which resulted in time in the huge structure shown in the photo, the most fantastic
Six miles from the village where he
lived along the river bed were some lived along the river bed were some
beautifully colored stones. Every night after he had finished his labors of postman Cheval took his wheelbarrow and walked six miles to the river, put on a load of these brightly colored stones and wheeled them home-twelve miles of walking after his day's work. Then
on nearer hillsides and from the sea he gathered other pebbles, stones and gathered other pebbles, stones and
shells. All this material he piled on his quarter acre of ground in the village of Hauterives, just beyond the square

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## MUSIC TATOGHT FREE By the Oldest ana Most Rellable sohool of Musit P4, $\frac{4}{4} \downarrow$ 

house in which he lived.
Cheval was forty years old when he
began building the began building the strange structure.
He worked early and late at it, seldom He worked early and late at it, seldom
getting more than six hours sleep a day getting more than six hours sleep a day.
He is now eighty-foun yeats old, and has just recently completed the palace He kept a diary of work all through tlre years, which shows he has worked
n:ne thousand days, each one averaging nine thousand days, each one averaging
about seven hours of labor, a total of about seven hours of labor, a total of
67,500 hours. In addition to the stones he gathered, he paid out of his savings
for four thousand bags of cement and lime. The stones total one thousand cubic yards. As the years slipped away
and the building took shape curious and the building took shape curious came to see the palace, and in this way
the builder earned a little money by the builder earned a little money by
showing people through it. All this money was put back into the building. The palace is rectangular in shape.
The north and south sides are forty-five feet long, the east and west eighty-five feet. The eastern facade is here
shown. The whole building is a queer jumble of all the various buildings解 war hospital in person to demonwhich Cheval saw in the book, with a Whoever uses these examples overlooks

the fact that these men were accom plished musicians before they were dis assume that by taking up the study music they can acquire an easy lif vocation. On the whole, the music profession offers even to the strongest and
most ambitious only small pay." most ambitious only small pay.
Training a great number of
Training a great number of cripples to belity, to turning out beggars in the guise of musicians. It would be a great crime to our disabled and a step backward in the social position of our profes With regard $t$
in the war the situation is different heres, as in all trades, the most impor tant thing for the director of vocational education is to refit the disabled man for
his former occupation. Should his former occupation. Should
musician be unable to resume his own instrument, it would be easier to teach him to play another instrument than
to train him for an entirely different

High School Orchestras
"When the musical aptitude of pupils is properly fostered by means of music courses which win bring out all laten musical aboility, we may well look to matters musical." Such is the optimistic outlook for the
future as seen by Mr. George H. Gartlan, future as seen by Mr. George
Director of Gartlan, Director of Music in the New York
City sohools, in a recent article on the City sohools, in a recent article on the
musical situattiom in thle educational system. He believes that the possibilities in the development of musical talents among the students during their high school course have as yet barely bueen tapped.
Summing up the former status of and contrasting it with that of the present and immediate future, Mr. Gartlan says:
"Until a few years ago music in the high school meant one period per week
devotted to sight 'singting and choral practice for all classes of pupils alikewith or without musical aptitude. After hours the talented student who received his musical traiming outside of school
hours was expected to devote a great deal of his time to choral and orchestral practice which redounded to the schools credit, but for which he received no credit. By a process of education the how giving, our orchestras are the nucleus about which the musical talent in the school can gather, and they offer their members the same opportunity for
individual prominence as is given the individual prom
athletic stars."
Mr Gartlan looks to the establishment of classes in all the instruments of school ensembles may later be recruited the players for the many municipal and other symphony orchestras which now so argely draw their membership from
foreign sources. If the school orchestras, after studying the various compositions could then have the benefit of hearing them interpreted by a profcssional organwould be valuably supplemented This is alreddy being done for the high school orchestrasin New York with the aid of the Phill York Symphony Society and the New York Symphony
the Philharmonic Society.

MAY, 1920
Helpful Household Hints for Busy Women

For Hot Bread and Cake When cutting hot bread and cake heat the knife slightly.

To Bleach Faded Cotton A badly faded cotton dress may be made
tar water.

Keep Your Floors White Hot watert tends to make a floor white and clean.

To Wash Tumblers
If tumblers have contained milk they should first be rinsed in cold water before being washed in hot.

Keep Your Bird's Cage Dry Damp perches give a bird rheumatism. When cleaning the cage, be sure everything about it is perfectly dry.

## To Prolong the Life of a Candle

 If candles have been kept in a very cold place they will burn much morelowly than if they are allowed to be. come soft.

For a Too Hot Oven
If the fire becomes too hot while you are baking or roasting, a dish of cold perature.
A Warm Bed

Several thicknesses of newspapers laid moothly between the mattress and the ed sprines are equal in warmth to another blanket.

Don't Sweep the Sickroom
Instead of trying to sweep an invalid's room, wring a clean cloth out of cold hater in which a few drops of ammonia wipe the carpet, matting or floor.

Fruit Jar Covers That Stick If the cover of a fruit jar sticks, do vert the jar to wrench it off, simply inwater for a minute. Then try and you will find it turns easily.

To Remove Stains From Hands If your fingers are stained from peeling strong tea for a few minutes, and then wash them in clear, warm water.

A Reminder on Wash Day Hang over the laundry tubs a card on which you have plainly written the such as rust, ink, oil, grass and wago grease.

Medicine for the Cat
Medicine can easily be administered to, a cat by mixing it with lard and rubbs where the forelegs near the shoul ders where it can be licked off, but not

## For Down Pillows

When making down pillows, go over the wrong side of the case with an iron rubbed well with beeswax each time it is applied to the cloth, to prevent the down working through the cloth.

## A Bag for the Ironing Board

 Make a calico or cretonne bag to slip use. This will board when it is not in board clean, and will the cover of the receptacle for holders make a handyA Stair Carpet Hint
When buying stair carpet, always get one end or the other and when under a pet becomes worn at the edge of the steps, shift it along so that the wear last much longer.

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BANKING
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION
 HE easiest way to bring on hard times is to talk about the other fellow to lom, to tell them, and still do nothing yourself to keep them away. Hard times and trade depressions are not accidents -they are brought about by force of
circumstances. We often hear of people circumstances. We often hear of people
contracting certain diseases because they literally lived in daily dread of catching those diseases. In other words, the very fear of the disease cut down their powers of resistance to such an extent that when the crucial moment arrived and the dreaded germ entered their
system they were unable to throw it off The financial situation to-day is creating a similar feeling among business men to that which exists in a community when an epidemic appears. People are afraid of what may happen.
of uneasiness abroad.
The man with common sense takes pre cautions when an epidemic appears to guard himself against its effect. The bisiness man of to-day should guard himself against the future. But there is should always guard himself a aqainst the turn of the tide. He is not a business man if he does not. Let us get down to "brass tacks" on this much talked of depression. You know that Canada is
a land of opportunity. You know that a land of opportunity. You know that with her vast resources and energetic
business men this country has nothing to fear in the world of commerce if she does not abuse her powers. We all know these things-then why should we look
for a depression? for a depression?
There are reaso
feeling of uncertainty. Reason prevailing The whole world is undergoing a a tre-
mendous upheaval. There is unrest, dismendous upheaval. There is unrest, dis-
satisfaction, a yearning to change everysatisfaction, a yearning to change every-
thing-look around in your own community. Is there not more criticism of munty. Is there not more critism or
Peopything than there ever was before. People are in a grumbling mood. Why
are they grumbling? Is it not the after effect of five years devotion to a struggle for the liberty of mankind. We heard so
much of that liberty during the days of much of that liberty during the days of
the great war that we enthroned it on high and created an ideal. To-day we are trying to compare the liberty we have with the ideal thus created and, as is
always the case, the conditions we have always the case, the conditions we have
do not measure up to the ideal. do not measure up to the ideal. After a
while we shall be contented with the knowledge that we are striding forward towards our ideal and that it takes time to achieve all that we hope to achieve.
In the meanwhile we shall have unrest. In the meanwhile we shall have unrest.
In other words we shall eventually be In other words we shall eventually be
compelled to deal with facts and not
theories-we are fast approaching that point.
Reason No. 2: We are living at a time when the cost of living is mounting in what has been aptly called "a vicious circle. The laborer asks for more pay income. If he gets more pay, the employ-
er has to charge more for the things er has to charge m result the very fact that the laborer gets more pay results
in the cost of living going up again and in the cost of living going up again and phoyer with the same story. and so wages
go up, the cost of living goes up and still we are no nearer a solution of the diffi Reason No. 3: This country has a huge war debt-over $\$ 200$ for erery man,
woman and child in the country: This fact must be faced-grumbing and complaining will not pay debts. If the Reason No. 4: As a "mation we are
suffering from a wave of apathy among the industrial classes. The old adage that an employer is entitled to "a fair
day's nork for a fair day's par"" is being
"a fair day's pay for a fair day's work was abused in days gone by. The shoe is on the other foot and the nation as a whole is suffering. We could continue to give reasons for the existing feeling o will not permit.
The remedy is

The remedy is of more importance to us all. Why was it necessary for this country to send $\$ 70,600,000$ to the United States for coal during 1919 when Canada possesses one-sixth of all the coal in the world? Because our coal industry hás
not been developed as it should have been and one of the reasons why it has not been developed is because the people of Canada, and particularly the residents of Western Canada, have not been educated in the matter of coal. In Alberta alone, the mines in operation to-day are capable Western Canada. Keep your money at home, support home industries, learn of the great resources of this country-that is one way to ward off depression. We cannot afford to send over $\$ 70,000,000$ of
good Canadian money out of the country good Canadian money out of the country of coal lying idle in our own country. Nearly $\$ 4,000,000$ was sent to the United States for binder-twine during 1919; $\$ 3,000,000$ for commercial automobiles; $\$ 4,300,000$ for eggs; $\$ 1,467,00$ for canned salmon; $\$ 1,121,000$ for apples; $\$ 4,331,600$ for raw furs; $\$ 11,000,000$ for bacon; $\$ 1,000,000$ for moving picture 000 for railw ties; $\$ 3,000,000$ for wearing apparel. Just go over these figures again and you will see many opportunities for Canadians. Over $\$ 4,000,000$ for eggs and $\$ 11,000,000$ for bacon! And Canada recognized the world over as an tions from the United States during 1919 were valued at $\$ 734,000,000$ of which only $\$ 195,000,000$ were essentials. In other words we could have done without $\$ 533$, . 000,000 of these imports. We must do without these non-essentials if
stave off a period of depression
During the year 1919 Canada had more trikes and lockouts than it ever had before in any one year; 4,000,000 worktrike days was lost as a result of 298 employees lockouts, involving 139,000 ployees lost 4,000000 working days the had to be fed and clothed-who paid for those lost days? The people of Canada nsually re paid for them. Labor troubles heer cussedeness misunderstanding or off and herl arguments at employees and cannon va. They fight with long distance Men mud the public pays the bill. nother. The more reasonable with one thrash their problems out in gether and manner always remembering that the private interest should be placed before cannot afford selfish considerations. We of 1919 -if we repeat the labor troubles them we have taken one more step to void a depression.
Our watchwords should be "confidenee, country, its wealth of opportunities, and confidence in our fellow citizens; courage in our ability to face the future whatever has in store for us; and caution in our business dealings. Keep your money in every dollar on something that you need evet on something you desire but could do Without. If you follow this policy, you ned not fear a depression, for even ared to meet and overcome it. How Much Insurance Should I Carry? One of the first duties of the breadance as he can afford. Life insurance is so cheap that no man can say it is im-
pocsible for him to secure it. How much








































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## The Financial Situation

 Continued from Page 22life insurance should a man have? That of course, will depend upon what ex
penditures he has to provide pose the living expenses of a family.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { been drawn up. } \\
& \text { (To be Continued) }
\end{aligned}
$$ to it, say this month or next. And if to it, say this month or next. And in to put same before me at the end of

this month, sir. Hoping to hear good result." calls to mind an amusing letter That calls to mind an amusing letter,
written in reply to a circular sent out written in reply to a circular sent flog. ging of backward children:
"Der Sir,-I hav got ur floggin sirkular, and you have my sanckshun to thrash my son Jhon ass mutch as u like.
I no Jhon is a bad skolar, his spaling I no Jhon is a bad skolar, his spaling
is simply atrochs. i have tried to tech is simply atrochs. so i hop you will put it into him as so i hop you
mutch as $u$ can.










































"P. S. Thon is not my son, he is by
ma wife's first husband."
The English superintendent of a hosThe English superintendent of a hosthe following testimonials to her efficiency:
"Dear She My wife has returned
 of great social importance. The mistress of the house, says London Opinion, "in"We call all our servants by their last names," she announced. "What is "You had better call me Thomas, ma'am," replied the applicant. "No; we insist that you shall be called won't do at all." name. Otherwise you "Oh, I'm willing, ma'am, but I don't "What is your last name, then ?" said is prospective employer, fomewhat "It's Darling, ma'am."

## Achieve Greater Prosperity

by owning a farm in Western
Canada, where bigger and better crops are grown and where the cost of land is low. The man on of becoming more prosperous than he has to-day. Ready markets await all he can produce. The
depleted herds of a profitable market for live stock to come. Increase your profits by decreasing your cost of production. The low cost of the land in Western Canada enables you to do this, raised most economically.
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and twenty years to pay the


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A MARVELLOUS OFFER TO QUICRLY INTRODUCE A DELICHTFUL NEW PERFUME
 Yarabibeid


## Curiosities in Explosives

## By Hudson Maxim

T
HERE is no subject about be placed when detonated its action is which there is more popular mainly downward. The crater that an error than there is about the explosion makes in the earth has led
action of high explosives. One to that belief. Nothing, however, could action of high explosives. One to that belief. Nothing, however,
amusing fact is that no two be more contrary to the truth. witnesses of an explosion that no two about what actually happened Whenever a disastrous explosion on the surface of the earth and deton of it as there are-persons who witnessed it. The main reason for that strange high tension, expands outward in all psyohological phenomenon is undoubt- directions, and as the gases strike the
ediy that the peculiar shock of the ex- earth they rebound into the atmos perience confounds the senses. the ex-
riene confouls the senses. still expanding in the form of an inverte
Action of Explosives
About ten years ago, while the govern- directions explosion sends outward in all ment was preparing some fulminate com- pression that, in fact, is a huge sound pound for detonating fuses at the wave, and that moves exactly at th sion occurred that resulted in some feet a second. Although the have fatalities. Among the witnesses who be so bass that we cannot hear it, it is were examined during the investigation nevertheless, in its nature, a sound wave, into the cause of the explosion was a The expanding gases and the immediate negro laborer who had been working atmosphere that they propel forward just outside the building when the ful- like a projectile can inflict serious dam-
minate exploded.
"Where were you when the explosion not much more than a few hundred feet occurred?" asked the officer who was in any direction from the explosion. The
conducting the investigation. "Just outside the builin. "he negro.
"Was there one explosion "here two?"
"There were two explosions, sah-two "How
"How much time passed between the
"I should think about half a second out hall a second. building when the first explosion occurred. Where were you when the second explosion occurred
"I was going by Station B, sah, headed As Station B was a quarter of a mile away from the scene of the explosion, the negro must have been going at a figh rate of speed. It is popularly believed that in what ever position a body of explosive may


What happens when a torpedo strikes the hull of a ship

## Make Blue-Monday a Workless Washday

A good washing-machine is not only a labor-saver but also a health guardian. It starts the week right for every woman

is quitesurpris- than metal. For this reason the wate ing when westop stays hot far longer in a wooden tub. to think about It is sometimes well to rub a little extra it, how little was soap on specially soiled parts, such as
done until recent
cuffis or neckbands, to make sure that the years to lighten cufts or neckbands, to make sure
work in the kitchen. work in thekitchen. We have seen
better meth-

Machines with many complications should be avoided, as should machines with cranks, gears, or shafts in exposed or the operator herself could get injured. In most houses it is found advisable to move the machine from time to time, so that the heavier or more cumbersome typess should not be used unless there is
plenty of room and it is intended to clamp them to the floor permanently.
wonderful expansion in the use of labor- As an indication of the growing use aving appliances. But in the home - that of these machines in farm homes, it is was a different story! Only in very recent interesting to note the figures obtained years has modern invention turned its by the Iowa State College. They made a At last we are making up for lost time, and containing altogether 142 homes. Of modern ingenuity has brought forth a those 142 homes, 48 per cent had power thousand inventions for saving time and washers. We have scarcely reached that bor in house and kitchen. point anywhere in Canada yet, but we are No single invention has done more to
ighten the load carried by the women of the house than the power washing machine. And the success of the powe driven washer has been phenomenal. This is certainly not to be wondered at. of all work, perhaps washing is the most iring.
Bending over a tub, to begin with, means in a cramped unnatural position, and one that is trying to any woman. Then, the work of rubbing away on a atiguing to both the arms and the back. order to wash the water must be hot, whind means that the poor housewife hours. This opens the pores of the skins, and combined with the exertion makes
her hot. Then, out into the cold and wind to hang out the clothes, a sudden ahill and bad colds or worse. No statistics are available to show us just how puch sickness of one kind or another is unhealthy features of the old method of washing-but it is most certainly considerable. Apart altogether from the definite diseases which result, there is
that tired out, weary feeling that all that tired out, weary feeling that all
women are only too familiar with after putting through a washing by oldpashioned methods.
So, the power washer has leaped in one bound to a leading position in the realm of labor-saver:

## Hectric Washers

Where electric current is available, of course, electric machines are universally owns and cities, although farms are pidly adopting home electric plants for ghting purposes and for running the hurn, separator, pump, etc.
The different varieties
machines on the market are of washing that a detailed consideration numerous possible. The fundamental requirements of any good washer are:

1. It should do good work.
2. It should be safe and simple to perate.
3. It should be strong.
4. It should be easy to move and
handle.

Practically all the well-known and clean washing. The essential feature is to use plenty of good hot water and good
laundry soap. All washers are marked with a "water line" to which the tub hould be filled. It is impossible to do has not enough water in it, or if the water such an important factor, hot water wuch an important factor, machines in wiod are preferable, because wood is a

Engine Driven Washers
Although there is an increasing demand for electric-driven washers on the farm, till the engine-driven machine is pery popular and has proved a most economical ver
Generally speaking, washer manufacurers make their machines so that they can be
Engine-driven washers may be divided to two principal divisions: those which have a small engine-usually $1 / 2$ horse power-attached to the machine, and
hose which are driven from larger ngines, which are used for other purposes The machine with engine attached type is economical, and is a favorite model
where electric power cannot be obtained. Then there is the washing machin Then there is the washing machine andled by putting in a line shaft and unning it from a $13 / 4$ or $21 / 2 \mathrm{~h}$. p. engine. para this line shat the washer, churn, can all be operated.

## The Care of Power Washers

Washers should always be left with about an inch of clear water in the bottom
between wash days, and the lid should be between wash days, and the hid should be propped open a
A drop of oil should be put in all oil holes every wash day. Good sewing your washer regularly-nothing will add more to its life and satisfactory service. Donot overload the machine, and always enough water. Be careful with the wringer. Remember that there is enough power to pull a pair
of overalls with a heavy jack knife in the pocket through the rolls-but the rolls will go with them. When using a hand wringer, you naturally lessen the tension if the article is extra bulky, but a power ess. Watch therefore, and see that you are folded inside, and that nothing bulky is left in pockets. Between wash days, loosen the tension on the wringer spring
and see that the machine is not kept in the cold, as extreme cold spoils the resiliency of the rubber.

If you want particulars as to the best machine for your requirements Write tho Hous Hut Western Home Monthly and we wil endeavour to assist you fully in solv ing your wash-day problems.

## Choose the Right Washer First

## Let one of the Maytag Trio Do Your Work

四HE word "MAYTAG" has brought joy to thousands of women to whom wash-day has meant long hours of hard work. Women who have given up hope of owning a real power washing machine, because their homes are not equipped with electricity, find that either the MAYTAG Multi-Motor Washer, or the MAYTAG Belt-Power Washer offers all the advantages of the electric motor, and where electric power is obtainable, the MAYTAG Electric Washer emphasizes electric washing machine perfection. MAYTAG Washing Machines are perfect labor-saving units, and they sell at a price within the reach of every buyer.
 this washer to it, and eliminate wash

Multi-Motor machine, it is equipped day drudgery. Like the Multi-Motor machine, it is equipped housewife to wash and wring the clothes at the same time without effort and trouble.


This sturdy, wooden-tub electric, is built on the standard MAYTAG lines of MAYTAG excellence. It is equipped of MAY AAG excellence. with the MAY ringer washer and wiga besplited to standard ce. it mot mplo and uickly and without fus ; priced too.

## The Electric MAYTAG

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the summer months, and three years to the summer months, and three years
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Any Piano in Our Store on Equally Attractive Terms We have the largest and best assorted stock of pianos and player pianos in Western Canada. This affords almoss
unlimited choice in your selection, and we are prepared to offier special summer terms on any style you choose.


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Ninety styles from which to choose
Write for Illustrated Catalogues to-day

Curiosities of Explosives

## Continued from Page 24

ward
cone. plodes at a depth of, say, fifteen or twenty feet below the surface the action is entirely different. In that case the column of gases, bursting upward
through the water on the line of least resistance, mounts higher and higher in a shaft of nearly uniform diameter. You will see, therefore, that when such an ex-
plosion occurs under a ship the blast is very destructive.
The recent terrible explosion in Halifax Harbor was the most disastrous known. The ship was freighted with probably more than a thousand tons of T. N. T. besides a great cargo of munitions
charged with high explosives. I understand also that there were large quantities of inflammable liquids on board, especially gasoline. It would be hard to imagine a more dangerous cargo.

Volcanic Explosions
A Jacky on an English destroyer about half a mile away happened to be
standing by an open porthole watching


A submarine mine exploding
the vessel when it took fire. At the instant the great explosion occurre ed him-there was a vast blinding glare Not knowing what it was, he turned to a companion to ask him to take a look and at that moment the blast hit the destroyer and keeled it over, nearly bottom up. Small fragments of the wreck lacerating the Jacky's face and neck. lacerating. the Jacky's face and neck.
In that case the explosion was so tre
mendous that the deatruction on shore was wrought, not by the sound wave of propelled by the expanding gases. The blast of air travels, not like a wave of ound, but like a shot from a gun. In most explosions, of course, it would not ave done damage at such a great dis. Tre
Tremendous as are such explosions as ittle indeed York and Halifax, they are plosions that sometimes accompany volanic eruptions. Mother Earth is the reatest manufacturer of explosives. earth and trapped in large quantities in the neighborhood of volcanoes sometimes becomes heated to high incandescenceeated until it is no longer water or geam, with mingled oxygen and hydrogen, with a temperature far above
that at their dissociation. The gases may occupy a space no larger than the original water, and they consequently exert a pressure as great as the strong. $t$ dynamite.
The most notable volcanic explosion when that old extinct volcano, Krakato in the Strait of Sunda, which had been sleeping for two hundred years, was literally blown into the sky, by the pressure of the pent-up gases beneath it. That great eruption occurred in 1883-

## FOREARMED

The Town Corporation has resolved to lay out a new park. "We have not only resolved to do it," said a leading alderman; "the prepara-
tions are already under way" tions are already under way." done?" asked an unenlightened colleague.
"Why ${ }^{\text {W }}$, बxclaimed the alderman. "Why, we've got the 'Keep Off the Grass' signs all ready."

HE COULD PICTURE IT "Jones had just returned from his "annual" trip in his yacht, and was "I never saw such a storm in all my
"Pardon me, my friend, since you saw the storm, no doubt you can tell us what color it was." "Certainly, The wind blew and the

THE ESSENCE OF GOOD SENSE Very strong peppermints are grandpa's favorite confection. One day he waited slyly to see what she would say or do when she should discover the pungent flavor of the candy. A few minutes later he saw her take the partly eaten peppermint from her mouth and place it on a small table beside an open window. "What's the the candy?" "Oh, yes," replied Marjorie, "I like it, but I thought I'd let it cool for a little while."

## One Trial of Grape-Nuts

will do more than many words to convince you of the goodness of this wheat and barley food.
But it's worth saying that GrapeNuts contains all the nutriment of the grains, is ready to eat, requires no sugar and there's no waste.

Grape-Nuts is a Builder

## Poultry Chat

Written for The Western Home Monthly by Helen Vialoux, Charleswood

The results of the various egg-laying fatal to young chicks. If weather per ontests held this winter of 1919-1920 at different points in the Dominion, are
most interesting and encouraging to poultry raisers, demonstrating that ur Canadian hens are becoming more productive, and also, that strain and conutility breeds, as well as the leghorns, have made good records. In Nova Scotia, at Truro, the first egg-laying contest was conducted this past season, from the intense cold ( 37 days the thermomter registered below zero) a splendid official record was made by the hens. R. I. Reds were in the lead, followed by wo pens of Barred Rocks. At Ottawa Experimental Farm, 49 pens of 10 hens each entered the contest on Nov lst. Severe weather conditions prevailed hroughout the period of 21 weeks. Johnston, of Meaford, Ont., was one of he most suce winning aying 18 more eggs than any other pen uring the four coldest weeks of the winter, when 29 below zero was regisered sometimes.
Westerners have been greatly interested in the egg-laying contest now being
conducted at Brandon Experimental arm, which commenced on Nov. lst 1919 to run for 52 weeks. Up to March 21st two pens of white Wyandottes, each containing 10 birds are in the lead with recor. 2. Single comb Anconas with 658 eggs to their credit, took the third place. The egg breed "White Leghorns" ave not swept off the honors, though they have done fairly well. No doubt
the little birds with their high combs feel the cold more than the heavy utility asses. A pen of white Leghorns, owned by Howell, of Brandon, laid 453 eggs during the contest, to March 21st, at Brandon.
The members of the Winnipeg Poultry Sssociation are quite excited over The his country at present. It was patented in 1909 in London, England, and the nventor claims sex in eggs, as well as ertility, can be determine by its use. partment is testing the value of this ttle device in their hatching operations. Considering the Sexometer has been on he market 12 years, it has been a long "hae making a name for itself, and I raising. L. J. Fellows gave a demonstra. tion of its use, at the recent egg show, held in Winnipeg in April.
The care of young chicks is again a
timely topic, and the little details necessary in successful chick rearing, must be carried out without undue fussing. thousand every first essential. If incubator hatched have the brooder thoroughly cleaned
before-hand, and heated from 90 to 95 before-hand, and heated from 90 to 95
degrees. The heat of the chicks
will bring the temperature up to 100 degrees. This, of course, is only neces sary at first, chicks must gradually be hardened to a moderate temperature. market, and many good brooders on the out well especially if electric light works out well especially if electric light can
be used. On large plants the stove brooders seem much in vogue. They can be used in an ordinary colony house, at
moderate expense. A wire fence, or one made of ready-roofing cut to half its width, placed around the stove, is needed They will cuddle down in the most comfortable place, without crowding together, chirping as they drop off to sleep. Rest means as much to the baby chick as heat. Watch a hen, she constantly calls rest them under her wings to cuddle and particular. Chicks soon learn to run to the hover or source of warmth, and like all other young things can be taught. Gradually the enclosure round their hre run of the house. Draughts must
the rand
fatal to young chicks. If weather per-
mits, a run-way from the brooder house to the little out-door yard should be fixed up and a portion of their time can be
spent outside. Root up some sods fo spent outside. Root up some sods for
them to pull to pieces, and enjoy. A 10 days old these chicks will be scratch ing "like veterans" if a piece of the yard grains in.

Incubator chicks need no food for sixty hours, when they will seem pretty hungry. The eggs that have been tested crumbs, when hard boiled scattered on grit and sand, make a good first feed but, baby chick food is always good, and contains all they need. Clean water and a dish of sour milk should be alway available for chicks. The sour milk, or milk, and furnishes chicks a suitable form of animal food. Pin-head oat meal rolled oats and cracked wheat, make change in their diet. Sand should be er, and the chick feed fed in the brood er, and the chick feed fed in fine chaff.
Clean shingles make feeding boards for the bread crumbs and egg. $A$ tablespoon of this is enough for a first feed. "Little and of ten" is a reliable rule for feeding little chicks. Five times per day is right. At night give them all they want, at other times keep them a bit
hungry, as chicks, if permited, will always eat more than is good for them. When a hen and her brood leave the nest see that a good strong coop is ready. In early spring have it floored, later on,
when the grass is green, I prefer a coop when the grass is green, I prefer a coop
without a floor, as there is nothing like green grass for chicks to play on. The chicken coop should be moved to a fresh spot of ground once a week. In April, ome fine chaff on the ground makes a Rats are numerous
Rats are numerous this spring, and traps or rat corn should be used to get
rid of them. Safeguard the chicks at night, using a wooden cover in front of the coop, with a little mesh-wire opening for ventilation. Movable floors are needed if the rats are bad, as the "varmints"
will not burrow under them, and the chicks are thus safe at night.
If the coops leak, the ready-roofing, sold everywhere nowadays, will fix them up at little expense. I have known rats to creep up through a small opening in a coop and kill several young turkeys from
under a hen, at night. There is nothing more discouraging than hatching chicks, or turks, to be gobbled up by rats, or skunks.
White-wash, made with lime is - a necessity in the chícken yard. In my pinion, all coops shoull on the outside The spring, especially on the outside
The brooder and brooder house, if used several seasons, need a coat of white wash to disinfect and keep down the lice and mites. Brooder chicks and hen hatched chicks, both need a weekly dust-
ing with insect powder. Five minutes given to this often neglected duty, may save no end of trouble in the flock.
The province of Saskatchewan is lead ng the way in regard tor making an im provement in the egg trade. The new regulations ceme in force on June 11 1920, and every dealer, either wholesale eggs, and a suitable place to candle con signments of eggs shipped to them for sale and candling. Records must be kept on file. All bad eggs must be rejected and carelessness in handling eggs be eliminated. The Act reads: "Every person
who receives eggs for sale, or on consign ment from producers, or purchases eggs from producers for sale, at wholesale or
retail, shall candle all eggs offered to him, and no such person shall sell or buy should banish rotten eggs from the Sask market, and should prove a boon. The Federal Live Stock Products Act, in force now two years, has raised the standard of Canadian eggs for export from Canada, wonderfully, so Canadian eggs have a premium ish markets to-day. Very soon,
the English provinces will adopt this same
all of our premer

Classified Page for People's Wants
If you want to buy or sell anything in the line of Poultry, Farm Property, Farm
Machinery, or iy ou want Help or Employment, remember that the Classified
Adpertisment Columns of The western Home Monthly are always ready to adoernsem

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Supt. of Nurses, Brockton Hospital, Brockton.
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PARROTS, CANARIES, ENGLIBH SKYAelivery, ETC.-Cages and supplics. Saranteed. Aviary and Pet $\begin{gathered}\text { Stock } \\ \text { S.20 }\end{gathered}$
louse, London, Ont. PROTECT YOUR CHILDREN! Secure your copy of "What a Young, Boy (or Girl)
ought to Know, from Eaton's before it is
oo late. Children's Protective Society. 4 4-21 HAIR GOODS
Write for it to day. "NEW HEAT WITHOUT COAL OR

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indestructible records ali in excelle
 guaranteed. Other big bargains in phono-
graph outfits at $\$ 21, \$ 35, \$ 47.50$ and $\$ 65$, with records. Write for record lists free. Lam.
bert's, 815 Alexander Avenue, Winnipeg. $5-20$ FOR SALE - Two foxhounds, registered Russian Wolfhound, five registered grey-
hounds and pups of both breeds. These ofogs hold Saskatchewan record for coyote catching
and killing. Pheasant Valley Kennels, Aber.
nethy, Sask.
O.20
meeasure. No fee is charged for a dealer's license in eggs, but they must register, handlied.
J. E. Rhoades, Ottawa, won out in the whole contcst of 22 weeks at Ottawa. Barred Rocks pen laying 747 eggs in
that period. Both individual and general performance placed his birds first. "Good for the Barred Rock, she will always hold for the Bar

Save Soap Ends
In the bathroom keep a wide mouthed
jar, and into it put the odds and ends
of soap. When it is three-fourths full,

WANTED-Young women over 18 years of

 is approved by State Board of Massachusetts.
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PATENTS


POULTRY
 man's Aristocrats direct, pullet mating. Eggs,
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## CHAMPTON WHTTR WYANDOTTEs

 International laying contests, six years, sixprizes. Orders booke. 85 and 88 per sefting
John Watson, Cromdale Poultry Yards ELIMGROVE FARM-Egge for hatching White and Barred Rocks, White Wyandottese
and Rhode Ioland Red at $\$ 2.00$ per 13 ; 5.60
per 40 . J. H. Rutherford, Albon, Ontario. PURE REGALS, WHITE WYANDOTTES
 EGGS FOR RATCHING-Barred Rocks
 HATCHING EGGS from Houdans, single
comb White and BGack Leghors and Roks.
Drop a card for price list. Fred Krell, Port
Dover, Ont. PUREBRED BARRED ROCK EGGS
 PURE-BRED BARRED ROCK EATGMY!


STAMMERING

fill the jar with boiling water, add the juice of a lemon, and a teaspoonful of ghicerine, and you will have soap jelly,
which whiten and soften the hands.

## Little Noises About the House

If the door creaks, apply a little kerosene to the hinges; if a drawer sticks, rub the sides and end edges with laundry soap; if a bed slat squeaks with every movement of the sleeper, silence it by covering the ends with felt or newspaper,
or bypping several rubber bande


## LUXURIES AND NECESSARIES

In Canada，a minor，that is，a girl under eighteen or a boy under twenty－one，is not legally compelled are classed as luxuries．The statute，however，do not set forth just what luxuries are．The decision on that point is left to the judge who is generally
guided by the minor＇s＂station in life．＂The purpose guided by the minor＇s＂station in irie． ．The purpose
of the statute，of course，is to prevent unscrupulous
people from taking addantage of those who have not pet come to years of discretion．
Many interesting cases have been fought over this statutu，and it is sometimes very difficult to tell where affects the whole community was the recent decisio on the control of newsprint paper，the opinion being that it was not a neeessary under the terms surrounding the presentation of the case．
to have in mind a general idea of those things whic are necessary to his work and well－being，as contrasted with thossery things which border on the luxurious． luxury，by the way，is defined as＂A free or extravagan indulgence in the pleasures of the table，or in costly for personal graticication．A neecsity，on the other
hand is spoken of as being＂such as must be；that hand is spoken of
which is requisite．

## TWO YEARS LOST

Some time ago，I heard of a lady who voiced regret at the fact that her child who wished to go o to the city， had been compelled through circumstances to stay at
home and work in a little Manitoba village．The home and work in a little Manitcoba village．Th lady expressed her conviction
child＇s ifife had been wasted．＂
It is to be hoped that such ideas are not general for they indieate a regrettable lack of appreciation of local opportunities．I know the town in question．It is surrounded by a splendid farming district；it has a
pood public and high school，and is served by railway good public and high school，and is served by railway
facilities to an exceptional extent；business is brisk and there are many local banking and governmental
institutions that offer possibilities for careers and institutions that offer possibilities for careers and public service，
Time spent in work well done can never be regarded is liost，and work is worth doin

## IN A DETOUOT MANNER

Carlyle wrote：＂A man cannot make a pair of shoes rightly y unless he do it in a devout manner，＂and of all wisest．There is too much in the world to－day of poor work＂covered up．＂This applies not only to physical things but to service in professional and other spheres The tendency of the age is to distract a man＇s attention，
causing him to scatter his energies and his allegiance． A man cannot serve two masters，and many community would reap substantial benefits if men could get back the spirit that produced master workmen， men whose first care was the quality of their work．
Why should things be made in a devout spirit？
Because Why should things be made in a devout spirit？Because creation．They were provided for our use，and not for abuse，and they are to be held in trust as sacredly
as ever a great trust company regards the administra－ as ever a great trust company re
tion of estates under its control
tion of estates under its control $\begin{aligned} & \text { Do not forget this－a } \\ & \text { piece of leat }\end{aligned}$ tree or a river－these things are to be held in trust and used devoutly．There are eternal reasons for this， and in an indirect way，enlightened governments recognize the principle；witness our own Canadian
Commission of Conservation．Which，think you，is Commission of Conservation．Which，think you，is devout manner，or one thrown together on a speculative basis？
Corroborative thought is found，too，in Ruskin，who
says that＇if stone work is well put together it says that if stone work is well put together，it means
that $a$ thoughtul man planned $i$ it，and a careful man cut it，and an honest man cemented it．＂

## TOURS SINCERELY

How many thousands of times have these words concluded letters of friendship and of business，but how many times have they been written in the full knowledge of their meaning and significance？
Two explanations are given．The words are from the Latin，sinine，without，and cera，wax；so that when we ign＂Yours sincerely．＂we are saying in effiect，＂Yours without wax．＂The first explan atrets with baskets of honey，calling＂Honey without wax，＂while the second is that in contracts calling for the erection of come buildings，the stipulation was ，made that the
cement used should be＂sine cera，＂without wax． Evidently，even in those days，there were men who were disposed to make an extra，margin of profit by the
substitution of an inferio article．So that＂＂Wours
subter

## The Young Man and His Problem

By H．J．RUSSELL，P．C．I．， St．John＇s Technical High School，Winnipeg

## 

## THE ROMANCE OF WORDS

This is the title of a little book to which I often refer and which indicates that words，like things material，are an inheritance，possessing in many cases
a most interesting history．Among the many words most interesting history．Among the many words deacient，asset，banish，beverage，bulwark，cancel，
nincer cartridge，catch，delight，s deliberate，demure，eager， embarrass，employ，feeble，grief，infantry，remainder． If you will take the trouble to look up any one or more that their derivations will furnish you withy some very interesting facts．

## MENTAL AND PHYSICAL WORK

In speaking of work，we commonly hold in mind ends is also work．Indeed， $\mathbf{a}$ close study will show enhat the two kinds of work cannot be separated．All physical activity requires some degree of mental
effort，and all mental effort is bound up with some effort，and all mental effort is bound up with some or physical according as the one or the other of these two kinds of effort is predominant．
The work of the physician，the legislator，the teacher， or the preacher，is called mental work．The manage ment of an industry，whether great or small，falls in the and all men who follow trades，are classed as physical workers．The same is true of farmers，miners， employees of railways and the like．The impression me gleaned is that the common distinction between is of sight impor world，and both must be considered in a study of industry．－H．C．Adams．

THE DEVELOPMENT OF ADVERTISING
In point of expenditure，advertising is now one of the Ireatest of industries and yet from the point of view England，newspaper advertising was first in evidence during the seventeenth century，in such publications as Mercurius Politicus，the Kingdom＇s Intelligence and the Publick Advertiser．
in these papers，tea，coffee and cocoa were adver－ Tea：＂That excellent and by all Physitians approved China drink，called by the Chineans Teha，by other Cons＂．，
only upon little trees in the d called Coffee，growing only upon little trees in the deserts of Arabia．It is a Cocoa：＂An excellent West India drink called Chocolate．＇
Many years ago，Dr．Johnson declared that the trade of advertising had so nearly reached perfection What would he have said to advertisements costing a thousand dollars or more for one pape in one issue？ place side by side with the news of the day．As the news gatherer and publisher strive to collect and disseminate reliable and accurate information about current events，about the world of men and things，so the modern advertiser tries to inform the reader where and at the right prices．

## DON＇T GENERALIZE．

The disposition to draw a general conclusion from ne or two instances that favor it is an almost universa fault．It warps the judgment，disturbs the feelings and influences everything we do．
a man wrote me a letter complaining of hard hearted employers，and venting his wrath on al employers in one breath．He gave an instance of $a$ stenographer who，after working over a year withou missing a day，was home for two days，and on
returning found her position permanently filled by another．The manager said that as her health was uncertain they fell they must make other arrangements． No one denies that such an act was a breach of the
law of business ethics．But the important thing to law of business ethics．But the important thing to
know is that it is not a typical case．It affords no foundation whatever for criticism against emplover as a class．Numerous instances might be cited where employers have paid salaries for months and even
vears to an unfortunate and unprofitable employee－ years to an unfortunate and unprofitable employee．－
W．P．Warren．

ロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロロ

## tHE RESPONSIBILTTIES OF THE EMPLOYEE

One of the most difficult problems which confronts industry in all its branches is the question of labor
turnover．Investigations held recently showed that one organization in one year completely changed the personnel of its employees．To improve this situation， a number of firms now engage in a very thorough
analysis designed to ascertain the fitness of any appli－ cant for a position．But the plan goes farther than this．After the applicant has been at work for a stated time，he is required to fill in the following form
which I am amive in full，because it affords a very fine opportunity for self－analysis，and helps to deter－ mine the responsibility of the employee to himself， as well as to his employer．
Read the questions care
mental rating each carefully and give yourself a Why did you seek emplo
Has your experieace with this with this concern？ as to make you believe you are in the right place？ Do you find your work too difficult or hours too long？ Do you like the products you are handling？If not，
mention other lines you would prefer． mention other inese you would prefer．
What is your greatest ambition in life？
Are you making definite plans to attain it
What were your last three positions，and how did you like them？
Are you subject to illness frequently？
Give date and duration of last illness？
What are you doing to improve your health？
What are you doing to improve your knowledge of the business？
Do you read the newspapers？If so，which ones？ than those in the department in which yon other ployed？ What is your school education？

In what studies are you particularly proficient？ Have you any bad habits which would interfere
Do you have difficulty in getting along with your associates？
Are you honest in word and deed？
Are you especially fitted for some kind of work not
now being carried on？If so what？ Do you believe in working up to full capacity？
Do you experience difficulty in figuring sales checks？ Are you economical in providing for personal needs？ Are there any business problems you would like explained？
Do you read the advertising and other literature issued by this organization．
Have you noticed
which might be improved．If so what？department Do you believe that you are progressing rapidly enough in your work

## EXPLICITNESS

Dr．Fernald，well known as an educator and author， relates what he describes as a perfect example of brief
explicitness as contained in a despatch from the explicitness as contained in a despatch from the English commander，Clive，to his native ally：
＇Tell Meer Jaffer to fear nothing．I will join him with three thousand men who never turned their
backs．Assure him that I will march day and night backs．Assure him that I will march day and night
to his，relief，and stand by him as long as I have a man
left， Everything is said：that the commander will be there ein person；the number of his force；their quality there tried person，thene number or dis sorce；their quality
of unfinching steadfastness；and all in forty－two words， that stir the blood like a trumpet blast．

## THE ENERGY OF THE ATOM

1 That there is enough energy in one atom of radium Flow to the top of submerged German fleet in Scapa is the assertion recently made by Sir in Scotland， who，whatever may be thought about his opinions in regard to spiritualism，holds manquestionably the on radio－activity．The world world as an authority science ever finds means of releasing atomic energy to its utmost，civilization will be so organized as to protect itself against such terriffe power of destruc－
tion being used improperly
Until civilization tion being used improperly．Until civilization is so organized，eivilization will be safer with such a
tupendous secret locked in the serecy of These reflections are prompted by the recent cable despateh from London which told of the concentra－ tion of certain radio－active material by a long，
difficult and costly process，resulting in about a tea spoonful of a certain salt，of raditing in about a tea－ Which was so highly powered that it has to be kept in a Tead safe veighing one and a half tons．It cost nearly $£ 100.000$ to secure it；of course，it is in－ calcuiably far froin possessing the power of giving
off fully its energy．Any radio－active material off fully its energy．Any radio－active material exceedingly small fraction of its energy．The horrors of the world war wive stion its energy．The horrors hankynness that himanaty in is far as as is from for


## Lift off Corns with Fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit and "Freezone" costs only a few cents


You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.
Apply a few drops of "Freezone" upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or sore ness. Truly! `No humbug!

Tiny bottle of "Freezone"" costs
fow aente at any drus store
THICR, SWOLLEN GLANDS that makea horse Wheeze, or Choke-d
reduced with
ABSORBINE
also other Bunches or Swellings. Noblister no hair gone, and horse kept at work. Eco nomical -only a few drops required at an appli-
cation. $\$ 250$ per bottle delivered. Book 3 R free GBSOBBIIE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Cysts, Wens, Painful, Swollen
Veins and Ulcers. $\$ 1.25$ a bottle at dealers of delivered. Book "Evidence"] free.
W. Yo Young, Inc., 138 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Wbsorbline and Absorblne. JJr., are made In Caoade
THE BEST LINIMENT
On PIIN KILLER FOR the human boas Gaustic Balsam


## The Woman's Quiet Hour

## By E. Cora Hind

This summer, for the first time, the members. The gain in numbers is hardly women of Manitoba will vote in a Proing that this should happen on the fiftieth Manitoba the province. The birth of Elections travelled a long, long way from Beggs" "Ten years in Wine quote from Beggs' "Ten years in Winnipeg," lawyers, only one doctor, no city council, only one policeman, no taxes-nothing but freedom, and though lacking several
other so called advantages of civilization, other so called advantages of civilization,
we were, to say the least of it tolerably we were, to say the least of it tolerably
virtuous and unmistakably happy." Fromp the same source we learn something of the first election to the legislature of
Manitoba which took place on Friday Manitoba which took place on Friday,
December 20th, 1870. On that date 24 members were elected and from these the first cabinet was formed consisting of
Hon. M. A. Girard, Provincial Treasurer Hon. Alfred Boyd, Provincial Secretary; H. J. Clarke, Attorney-General; Hon. Thos. Howard, Minister of Public Works :and Agriculture.
From Beggs' "Ten Years in Winnipeg" we learn further that "The first parliament of Manitoba will be held in the house of A. G. B. Bannatyne, the best
and most commodious building in Winnipeg, and occupying a central position with regard to the province generally." As a matter of fact the house of 24 meant-at-arms, visitors' gallery and pres geant-at-arms, visitors gallery and press 17 by 20 feet and succeeded even in those cramped quarters in doing excellent work for the little province then launched as a part of the great Dominion of Canada The legislative assembly of 1870, had they been told that women would vote and sit in the parliament of Manitoba,
would doubtless have thought the prophet of those days quite mad.
There is little doubt that women will run in the coming election and that some of them will be returned. The assembly
elected in 1920 will be gorgeously housed elected in 1920 will be gorgeously housed
in the new parliament buildings, and will in the new parliament buildings, and will
consist of 56 instead of the original 24

\$1,000,000
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This can be done by taking ad vantage of our offer. wRITE US.


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| to Ladies | to Ladies

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from $\$ 2.00$ worth up.

15c. postage.
Ail toilet articles carried.
ELITE HAIR PARLORS
283 Smith St., Winnipeg, Man.






## MAY 1920

The Woman's Quiet Hour Continued from page 80
Frequently I am asked what class of Themen should run for the legislature? but it is one which I have arrived a Who Should Go? after giving the matter thought and it given to readers of this page for what they think it is worth native born Canadians (the opportunity for the naturalized Canadian will 3 me later). They should be married wom in or widows, and I do not think that any
woman under thirty-five should be eleetwoman under thirty-five should be eleet-
ed, for the first few years at least. I'lhey should be mothers of families and if they have had a teacher's or nurse's experience before marriage so much the better. There should be women from boti country and city constituencies.
native born Canadians because they will be best able to express the viewpoint of the Canadian women and will have a better knowledge of what are Canadian ideals. They should be married wómen
and mothers so as to have the home and mothers so as to have the home
adequately represented in the councils of the province or the nation. There is mother heart to the nation than many a married woman, but speaking broadly the married woman with a family is and home interests. They should not be under 35 not only because younger women will, as a rule, have less mature judgment, but because younger married women would not generally be in a posiwithout neglecting or seeming to neglect the care of their children. Lastly, a training as a teacher or nurse would give a woman the poise and first-hand knowledge to handle questions of public health and education not possible to the nonProbably many made out a case, and this may be true but there is a firm conviction in my mind that these requirements are essential for the first women members of a legislative
assembly or for the Dominion House. It will be fatal to the cause of women if women are run merely for the sake of having women in the house without the best possible qualifications for the tasks ahead of them. Later when the presence of wornen in all legislative bodies has outstanding qualifications might do little harm, but on the start only the most truly representative women should be asked to run or should receive the suff better to have another house elected without a woman in it than to send to the next legislative assembly any but those who have all round qualifications and a broad experience of life. People are apt to forget that a membe broad view of the needs, not alone of the constituency, but of the whole province and also the position of that province in the Dominion.

In the February issue a number girlhood favorites were quoted, and A. M., of Winnipeg, has sent me a Maxims stating that she, too, had come across some old copy books an to write up to 17 , maxims had possessed peculiar fascination for her. Here ar be alone than in "uter

Do not look for wrong and evil,
As youl find them if you do,
He will measure back to you."
"Palaces are dreary domes,
If there be no happy homes
And manners mild."
Continuing, A. M. states that she finds Damony her favorite poems, "The Rainy nocms along those lines, but in later life ans developed $x$ real love for the kumor-

The Western home Monthly

Country Boys Excel On The Mouth Organ
Country boys are the best mouth organ players in Canada to-day. City folks noticed how frequently in the evening they hear the farmers' boys going home in buggies or automobiles playing mouth organs. And the visitors usually com ment on the quality of the playing Thesef lads have been in town shopping or at market. They make the most of going through the familiar and popular airs most of which they know about as player their city cousins, because the player piano and the phonograph fave centres out to the farm homes, and that without any loss of time. There is a large sale of mouth organs in country towns, not to young fellows who merely criminating buyers who want a partic ular kind and who know a good organ when they try it.
ional matter is now active in educa his friends by his prowess in murprises organ playing. When a boy at mouth he used to spend the summer holidays in teaming boxes of merchandise from four or five miles out in father's store It was during these came proficient on the mouth organ His own comment was that he got a great deal of satisfaction out of what some folks would call a very humble take care not to all. City boys should to get a monopoly of mouth organ play ing.

What Makes Value of a Song
Harry Hadley, the American opera composer, asserts that the value of a puts upon it. In other words, the worth of a song to any audience is in direct proportion to the value it has to the
artist singing it. Dicie Howell also believes that the value of a song lies in its power to move the singer and that he will arouse in his audience the same appeal that the song creates in him. On the other hand, Amparito Far-
rar claims that the value of a song derar claims that the value of a song de-
pends entirely upon the mood and type pends entirely upon the mood and to yp
of audience. Thus soldiers going to war want hopeful cheering music, while on returning from war, they want a sweetly sentimental ballad or a folk song. So
too an audience composed of musicians would appreciate a song with more com plex melody, while a lay group would
desire something that did not have too much technique.
In order to be of value a song must be striking in originality and delicately fine. These are the requirements as
Inez Barbour sees them. Reginald Werrenrath 'also believes that the worth of a song depends upon the artistry of the composition combined with the power of the singer to make that artistry live in the minds and hearts of his hearers.
In shont, he believes that a worth while song must reflect life.
Marcia Van Dresser not only favors these points, but even goes farther. In her opinion, a song in order to be of
value must not only have excellent value must not only have excellent
unison of words and notes, suit the singer vocally, and reflect life, but like a story it must have logical sequence, a climax and a direct message, which must be an emotional one, not a pensive

NONSENSE VERSE
The moon is up, the moon is up! The lark begins to fly, And like a drowsy buttercup, Dark Phoebus skims the sky; The elephant with cheerful voic The bats and beetles all rejoice, Then let me, too, be gay.
I would I were a porcupine, And wore a peacock's tail; To. Morrow if the moon but shine,
Perchance I'll be a whale. Then let me like the cauliflower Be merry while I may, Ane, ere there comes a sunny hour


You Can Rely on a Mason \& Risch Piano
$\int \begin{aligned} & \text { T means Quality and Tone. And you must have both these to get } \\ & \text { full enjoyment from your Piano A Mason \& Risch will stand }\end{aligned}$ $\int$ full enjoyment from your Piano. A Mason \& Risch will stand up for a lifetime. It may get old in years, but it is jus
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## -A Few "Bargain Pianos"




 KINBG PTANO.
 \$225



The Home of the Heintrman \& Co. Piano and the Victrola Dept. W
329 Portage Avenue

ASailor's Tale of the Spiritualists and the Gale Continued from page 32
came to tell you about the spirits I came met. $\begin{aligned} & \text { It was this way. Dory mate says to }\end{aligned}$ me:- "Do you want to see your "grandmother's spirit?
"Never had none," I told him.
"How about talkin' to an deceased mother or wife, matery ?"
"Not guilty again," I told him. "I was found under a cabbage leaf, I guess."
"Well, you're just the high jinks for a spirit meetin'. None of the ghostesses will belong to you, see ?" he questioned. That night matey and I blew up a
dark street and planked down a good dark street and to join the gang. They was dollar each to jo and snufflin' women, too. All seated in a big double circle an all holdin' hands.
"What for?" I whispered.
"Search me!" he answered louder. "None of that rough house or pickpockgruff spirit. "Would any lady or gentleman here like to be photographed with a spirit?"
said a fat old girl, who was squattin' on a sort, of a low thrown soap box, 1 guess.
One of the snufflers fell for that, an' was led into the next room, and later ghostesses on it.
"You will all take hands and sing We will gather at the river.' "And out went the lights an' a scrawly lookin'
curtain wriggled with the words on it curtain wriggled with the words on it
in fire. In fire. feelin' spooky like, if you know What that is, when a voice came out of sage for him; will a sailor who expects one answer!"
"That's you," says matey.
"Guilty! I mean here," says I
Then "We fat party on the soap box says: "Was your mother a beautiful
lady?" "Yes," says I.
"A sweet voiced woman?"
"Yes!" I spouts.
"Well, listen." (Her voice changed, and she said in a little squeak): " My
"Yes 'm," I said.
Yill cour sister's child is ill-the money business., Keep mour share in the bank." "Yes ' m , yes 'm. Who's got it now?" 1 asked.
"Use the liniment, sell the fruit before it rots, take care of the street cars and accept the bl girl.
in the dark. A tambourine swing about far up on the black wall began to rattle. A white head and face and arms swung about above in front of us, and many of the snufflers groaned and said "Oh!" and ca! and "My!" and lots of other said good-bye to our dollars and slipped off to the boat.
Our mates said we weresuch and so liars Whenever we told them about this ghost party. Finally we dared them to go, and the whole bunch accepted for the next evening, and promised to lection for something to "help keep things for something to "help and he slunk off and bought them that very afternoon. Now there were just twenty of us,
and the room only and the room only held about forty, so that's why the first of us arrived there at eight sharp. "Squeanch," or what-
ever it was, was announced for eightthirty sharp.
I knew I knew whenever pards arrived by
their heavy breathin'? Soon every seat was filled. I looked at the black walls and the gravestone standin' there. And the tambourine up in the corner and and the soapbox thrown, and in comes
the fat the fat party.
First of ail she brought a slate and showed it to us, and then she asked us to close it, and pretty soon she open.


ed it with a nice message "to a sailor" written on it
Then we wrote notes and put them in through to the back wall where to getea basket, and she answered them without openin' the basket. Pretty slick, "Now holds hands and sing "Spirits of the blest."
Out went the lights and out flaghed the spookey looking fire letters on the blackboard or cloth. Then came the voice: "Listen, while I speak to you."
"Oh, rats!" "I have a message for you," "I'm only a flapper!" came al most the very same voice. I knew it was cookee's voice inter. rupting.
The spirit went on: Do not joke, this
is serious I seek to speak to is serious I seek to speak to a married man who has just lost his wife." "That's me," said cookee. "Listen: I am getting weak. You
must take her back. She was faithful." men the voice died away and the banjo "tump tumped" and swung above us and the tambourine rattled at the white face and arms swung around, and low sweet music played and one dozen
good flashlights burst out among the good flashlights burst out among the
crew. There was the old fat girl grinnin' on
the thrown, and there stood a tall thin girl half in and half out of the wall of black cloth. One man grabbed a
black string that ran from the fat one's black string that ran from the fat one's
foot to the tambourine, and the banjo foot to the tambourine, and the banjo
fell off the wires as soon as a black hat fell off the wires as soon as a black ha sailin' up from the back chairs. ain't anywheres near full yet!"


## Get all the Tire Mileage You Buy!

THE average motorist is only getting about 60 to 80 per cent. of the mileage which is built into his tires at the factory.
This is the basic reason behind the Goodyear Service Station policy and Goodyear Tire Savers. Many tires are ruined by poor tubes and lack of tube care.
Buy good tubes and give them the best of carc.

Clean the rust from rims when you change a tire.
Be sure the inside of the casing is clean before you insert the tube.
Learn to use a sprinkle of Goodyear French Talc to prevent chafing and friction.
Keep your valves clean and air-tight, and the air-pressure up.
Carry spare tubes


Repairing a tube with the The tube repaired and Goodyear Tube Repair Kit
in Goodyear Tube bags to prevent injury by loose tools and from chafing.
Let your Goodyear Service Station Dealer show you the advantages of Goodyear Heavy Tourist Tubes, and how to use the Goodyear Tube Repair Kit.
He is glad to do this, and many other things that save tires, to increase your mileage. He knows that long mileage tires bring customers to him.
He is taught by Goodyear that low-cost-per-mile has built for Goodyears the largest sale of any tire in the world.
To sumplement his work, we will gladly send you, free, our Tire Conservation Course.Write usatToronto for this course.

The Goodyear Tire \& Rubber Company of Canada, Limited
Toronto, Ontario

The Life of the Silkworm
Few occupations seem more delicate and kindly than that of silkworm culture. In Japan at First Hand Mr. Joseph 1. C. Clarke gives an unusually interest. ing picture of it as seen under the guid-1 ance of a young girl in a gray kimono who exhibited in a loving way the
various stages of worm life. First, says various stages or tho
the author, the shoji, or sliding door of a wooden shed, was pushed open, revealing a dusky interior, and a boy came carefully forward bearing a tray out of many scores seen dimly on racks within. The tray was about two feet by four,
covered with shredded mulberry leaves and showing the silver-white bodies of hiundreds of silkworms writhing lazily among the bright green shreds of leaf. All seemed one wriggling mass at first, but the dainty fingers of O Suza San
pointed to differences. These particular pointed to differences.
worms, two inches long, she esaid, were worms, two inches $10 n g$, she said, were not approach too close to them; they are sensitive to human breath. They sicken with a blast of air. They die of bad

"No, they do not sneeze." Then she No, they io not sneeze, as in an she
gave me a sidelong glance, as if asking
whether I meent it.
I noticed that the worms had faint but pretty markings of yellowish brown. up to the surface through the mulberry leaves, and surely they did eat voraciousiy, their little Jaws closing on the Juicy scraps like little pincers. Listening closely, I heard a faint, low cation. "They eat like that all the time for leaves five or times in the night. Look, here is one gone to sleep! !
head until it in quoked like a minised its contour of the raven ships of the Norsemen with their figureheads, and so it remained
"There is one that will be asleep in a few minutes,"s she said.
lifting and dropping its heas swaying, "And then what ?"
"Then it, will be transferred to make its cocon."
It takes thirty-three days for a worm, from the time it ceases to be an egg, to reach the making of its cocoon. With
every batch of worms a certain few of the finest are selected for breeding. These are laid aside, and the butterfly. is permitted to eat its way out of the completed cocoon-which it does after twenty-one days. It is a handsome but-
terfly, but it never flies feeding it is placed in a little round box an inch and a half in diameter, one of many that are laid in rows on a sheet of thick paper. In those boxes the butterfiles lay their hundreds of eggs-little
dots-in concentric circles. "Then they die," said $\mathbf{O}$ Suza San with real pity in her tone.
The eggs hatch, and the resulting little threadlike worms are brushed of with a fine hair brush, placed on the tenderest
buds of the mulberry and at once begin buds of the mulberry and at once begin
to feed for four or five days until their first sleep. They sleep two days, and then repeat the sequence a second, third and fourth time. They grow rapidy, and after the fourth sleep they are fed for
a week and are ready to spin. a week and are ready to spin.
Then they are placed on mats to which
bent straws are fastened bent straws are fastened. They climb
the straws to the highest point and there they begin giving forth the silk in a fine golden stream that as it hardens to a thread they wind about them. He-or is it she?-has a grand time for a month,
but that is the end of him-or her. About but that is the end of him-or her. About farmer places him in a to comal out the where he is heated and overheated until he gives up his ghost. But then the glory of his silkiness begins, for 0 Suza
San or some other fine-fingered, cleareyed daughter of Japan will tear off the outer skin of the cocoon and finding an will place it in in a lous glittle flistening thre machine
invented $\underset{a}{\text { invented in Italy, and unwind it all upon }}$


## Ably Assisted

## By Jeannette Cooper

DID you notice t gray, Diana?" eyebrows as a polite recognibeen addressed, and continued to read. "The one at the next table who talked all through breakfast; what do you think is the matter with her, Di ? inquiring young cousin: "She is in the New Thought, Gracie," she said.
"Yes!", broke in Peter, who was just
behind his sister. "Shes got the New behind his sister. "She's got the New Thought with a string around its neck."
"What is the New Thought, Diana ?"
"Give it up, Honey."
"Wive it I up, Honey," thought," said Grace, "that she talked as if you were what you thought you were." Peter bent a glance of deep admiration on his sister.
"By jove, Gracie, you're a wonder!" he murmured. "And you got all that by just listening to a conversation that wasn't meant for you. Now I think I am
"Keep still, Peter! Say, Di-" I Miss Sinclair glanced up again. "Did witherstand an apartment in this hou werel each she
she
 New Thbught," said Grace, "and, besides, ${ }^{\text {my }}$ and coom., ${ }^{\text {is }}$ warm, and yours is nice "Hiss Sinclain, "or the parlor?" suggested Miss Sinclair, "or the piazza, or the sum-mer-house, or
woods, , the tennis court, or the
"I never thought to see such hospitality," said Peter; "but I only dropped in to say farewell.,
"Well, Diana," said Grace, in a voice of determination, "you know that Mr ,
Gresham I introduced to you last night Gresham I introduced to you last night?"
"Certainly she knows him after you introduced him,", said Peter helpfully. "You know," Di, he is staying at the
Hunting Club," Hunting Club."
"Yes", said Diana, with polite interest.
"Well, I met him on the links before Weakfast, and he thinks you are Mrs Sinclair."
that I am not
"But I didn't.
wfully nice Id It. You see, Di, is winter at Unce. I used to see him last

Grace at last had not only an atten-
tive but a convulsed audience. She
was standing on one foot and kicking
a manner retained from childhood for
moments of embarrassment, but she eyed
her cousin and her brother argumenta-
mirth, as they wiped away the tears of "Did you call her Mrs. Sinc

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { nanded Peter. She nodded. } \\
& \text { "But anyone can see it in t }
\end{aligned}
$$

you silly."
"Silly yourself! $I$ put in front of her name so that it looks like Peter gasped. "Do ou know whe Peter gasped. "Do ou know where you will bring up, young lady""
"And I called you Mrs. Sinclair to the clerk, too," said Grace, who had regained her assurance now that the news was broken, "and if you go around correcting me, Di, we'll get ourselves talked about."
"Wouldn't that jiggle you!" said Peter "Wouldn't that jiggle you!" said Peter, "I think, Grace," began Miss Sinclair, with sternness, and then the absurdity of it came over her and she broke into laughter. "There is only one thing
she said, when she had got her breath she said, when she had got her breath,
"you can keep your Mr. Gresham at a you can keep your Mr. Gresham at a
distance. I don't like widowers. prefer the young and fair-the Jackson "He isn't a widower."
"He isn't a widower."
said Peter. Jackson boy isn't widower
"Mr. Gresham isn't a widower." He's a bachelor.

"Good heavens!" said Peter. "And you are trying to put Diana off with an
old bachelor. Have you no family feel. old bachelor. Have you no family feel number of high grade used organs in good condition and appearance. Each one has been thoroughly overhauled, and is in perfect working
order. Prices range from $\$ 50$ 으 to $\$ 16500$
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| BELL W . | . | 11 | 4 s |  |
| BELL |  | 11 |  |  |
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| co | 5 | 16 |  |  |
| You may never acain have the opportunity of selecting such a high grade instrumet at such a ow price. Aethese prices nightwill move quickly. Better write to-night for complete list and full particulars. |  |  |  |  |
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| Pe olide 1 firme |  |  |  |  |

HEINTZMAN \& C0. Ltd.
1859 Sarth Sitreet REGINA SASK.
ing?" do wish you'd keep still, Peter. He's awfully popular, Diana; he is so
clever, and so handsome, and-" clever, and so handsome, and and waved an impatient hand
Diana "Whatever he is," she said, "don't expect me to entertain him. Why, he must be nearly forty,"
"Say," broke in the kind." doing some thinking. "Where is Mr Sinclair supposed to be?" "There isn't any. She's a widow", Indignation sat upon Peter's counten. ance. "I refuse right now to be a party
to anything of the kind," he protested firmly. "It is taking a mean advantage just because the' man isn't here.. Sit and laugh heartlessly if you will, Diana; I am not going to have Sinclair killed off in his absence."

Continued on Page 37


THE"some "thing" that makes people praise your baking


A Helpful Hint for Housekeepers
Whether you do your washing in the old fashioned tub, or in a new electric old fashioned tub, o
washing machine-


## Ably Assisted

Continued from Page 36
"Too are a ridicilousus pair," said Diana. Milly beause $\frac{1}{1}$ do not intend to see your oildery friend" - Grace sniffed indignant. 1 lierthat I do not insist upon your

 dand Sapphira,
 are Mrre. Sinclair you see you would be. led us, "eiacolateted Peter. "Let us klum ith my chilidren!"
On a green bench under a spreading tree ast Diana, and before her stood $M r$. Gresham. He was surveying her with
interest. Mrats. Sinclain, he said.
She looked up at him.,
"Oh, by your manner," he answered as if she had asked the question. "You refuse to have anything to do with me.
How often have I observed you and Grace and Peter having an hilarious time, but no matter how stealthy my approach,
low unobtrusive my attempt to share the gayety, you invariably seek the seclusion of sphin

You imagine-" she began.
"You are too honest to finish that," he said as she paused. "Besides, why should I imagine it? My opinion would natur-
ally be that you would be glad to ally be that you would be glad to have
me to talk to-considering the scarcity me to talk to-considering the scarcity of people. On the contrary, you never you up for it."
"I think this time I shall refuse to be held up," with a smile to temper the
decision in her voice. The more the decision in her voice. The more the
acquaintance grew the greater the complications. She picked up the book again deliberately.
"I will keep very still," he said. There was another green bench under the tree. He sat down on it and laid his hat
beside him. He did not even look at her. When she unwillingly glanced at him, over the top of her book, he had his head thrown back and was gazing up into the green branches. He was very gandsome. Mised up with Sidney Lanier's symphony when she returned to her book. She frowned and endeavored to concentrate her mind on the poem. Her
neighbor was abnormally quiet. neighbor was abnormally quiet. She
closed her book and rose. Instantly he was on his feet.
"If you have. finished reading I'll walk
up with you," he said. There was solemnity in his tone. She smiled in spite of herself.
"I have not finished reading, she said. " am going down by the brook obligingly. "There are cows." Frances Diana Sinclair sat down again on the seat she had just left. She did not know whether to be angry or not, Peter's voice came plaintively across the lawn, ard the panting Peter followed. "What is it?" she inquired with some
asperity, the situation getting on her asperity, "the situation getting on her
nerves." "It is that woman with the bird book," explained Peter in a tone of great three fields to listen to a Wheeler and Wilson thrush, and I caught a little sunstroke. And here were you, my appointed protector, having a nice, comfortHe dropped upon the bench beside her. "Did she ever attack you, Mr. Gresham?" he inquired.
fields," said Mr. Greshe across three fields," said Mr. Gresham. "She only asks me whether I've noticed the cloud
effects.")
"Th, "That's her," assented Peter. "I never
look at the clouds any more. I inquire in the morning if there are to be any effects, and if there are I stay in. I "I think you underrate that sun. stroke, Peter,", said Diana. that sun"Perhaps I do, Mrs. Sinclair," he mur-
mured, and Mr. Gresham noticed how she colored and then laughed. Her face was charming when she laughed, and the fact
that all her lauglter seemed to be
gainst her will mare it all the more alluring. She straightened out the curves in her red lips and looked at Peter severely.
"Where is Gr
Where is Grace?" she asked He's been leaving ever since we came; told me he only ram up for a day's fishing."
"How many guests are there?" Mr. resham appreciated Peter's presence as "Well, there's Mr.
reads Emerson between meals, and she says you are what you think you are"" thought I was an interesting and agreeable companion, and I am not." agreeDiana ruthlessly interrupted Peter's demand for light on this statement. "Why, here is Grace," she said, as if she had supposed that young person to be n China.
Grace and the Jackson boy came up,
smiling. Grace sat down beside Mr. Gresham and the Jackson boy dropped onto the grass. "Cish "Caught those fish yet, Jackson?" in-
quired Peter. quired Peter.
"No," said the Jackson boy, solemnly eyeing the sky. "I believe I'll go to-
morrow. It's been miserable weather for fishing."
"We have been telling Mr. Gresham about the guests," Peter observed, after he had wated successiuly for the Jack-
son boy to turn crimson. "We began son boy to turn crimson. that helps you with suggestions, "I wish so
"I wish some one would help you with a few in the way of manners," said
Grace sharply. "You simply monopolize conversation.’
"It is my one little gift. I do what I can with it. If I had your talents-", "There are only half a dozen guests," put in Diana, with some effect of haste.
She laid her hand on Peter's arm, and he subsided with a gentle grin at her. Mr. Gresham fell into a half-teasing conversation with Grace. His manner with her was charming, and such as the
Jackson boy could see without a pang. Jackson boy could see without a pang. twice at the badinage. He caught her, too, and smiled quizzically into her eyes. An air of peace hung over the group.
"Jove!" said Peter. "I wish William "Jove!" said Peter. "I wish Willia
could come on for the fishing." could come on for the fishing."
"William who?" demanded Grate
"William who?" demanded Gra
Mr. Gresham paused a little in something he was saying. Grace gave a start and glared at Peter. Diana, who had kept her youthful proneness to laugh
at the wrong time, smiled helplessly. "If he could come on for a week and bring Willie," pursued Peter. Diana gasped. Grace tried to conceal her unwilling mirth in the lace of her handkerchief. reter sat in placid and con
templative silence. templative silence.
"I am afraid," said the Jackson boy fishing."
"Not they," said Peter promptly. "Why, it wouldn't make any difference "Oh!" Diana appealed to the Jackson boy with sudden animation. "Will you come and show me where the fir balsam is?" she said. "I want to get some for
a pillow." She went across the lawn a pillow." She went across the lawn
with the Jackson boy. Mr. Gresham did not look up.
"Say, Diana,", whispered Peter at her widow. He did not say it in words a I, Peter, could see it He told words, aut that he would not be over to-morrow; he is going to Boston."

Mr. Gresham had been gone three days. Diana had taken advantage of the un interrupted solitude a deux to extract fom Grace and Peter a solemn promis band, departed or otherwise. Now, with a mind at ease she sat on the piazza on the afternoon of Mr. Gresham's return, and denied to herself that she found it a his tall gray-clad figure appeared at the turn in the drive. He came up the steps with his accustomed a.thletic stride and shook hands. Diana greeted him smilingly.
Grace and Peter, rackets in hand, came out from the house. "Come and have a


MORE BUTTER. Yt gets 99.99 per cen of the
othund in mines lose up to a whole 1,000 pounds of milk
por pound in
skimmed.
BETTER BUTTER. The fine curved wiscs in thin, even sheets The the, discs in thin, even sheets.
The fat globules go through un.
broken. That means firmer, better broken. That means firmer, better $\underset{\text { Senfrew }}{\text { SKIMS }}$ EVERYTHING. One Renirew user writes. arded mile through my my
sour and curder
Renfrew separator, and got $21 / 2$ pounds of butter from it.
TRIFLING REPAIRS TRIFLING REPAIRS. "I have
had it eight years, and it has never
missed a skimming. All the exmissed a skimming. All the ex-
pense it has been to mie is one set
of brushes, one new rubber ring,

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Our Senate is Different
A tourist regrets that the windmills of Holland are disappearing. Let him cheer up and visit our Senate $s$ Journal.
Wisdom in the Land of Gold
The Yukon has carried prohibition by substantial majorities. Intoxicating liquor may claim
but it has no friends.-Lethbridge Herald.

A Crown for Sale
Ex-King Constantine wants to sell the Greek crown. He might dispose of it to the property-man
of some comic-opera company.-Winnipeg Tribune.

## A Safe Prediction

A lot of members of the House at Ottawa will not A lot of members of the House at Ottawa will not
be able to make a fuss over seating accommodation in the new chamber after the next elections.-Toronto Globe.

The Point of View
The hindsight of many of those criticizing the Peace treaity is better than their foresight was a yea ago.- Saskatoon Phoenix.

When Governments Will Be Perfect Not until the human animal has become perfect will governments be perfect. That day is still quit

When Exchange Ran Differently
It should be borne in mind that the American dollar was worth only sixty cents in Canada att the close

## Wis

A scientist points out that Brazil is the native home of the peanut. But was it there that the wel
knewn variety of politics originated? -Winnipe Telegram.

## High Cost of Hair Cuts

New York barbers are contemplating charging a dollar for hair cuts. If this goes into force only millionaires and convicts will sport close-cropped beans.-Toronto Star.

## Fashion Notes

We note that the girls in the new fashion design plates all have quite a slant on them. Standing with to be the latest.-Hamilton Herald.

Wealth for Posterity The Canadian citizen who wants to get rich in ten
days will find it difficult to see any virtue in plant-
ing trees so that future generations may be provided ing trees so that future generations may be provided

The Explanation
The maple sugar season has been a good one ir. Eastern Canada. Maple syrup is expected to be boring holes in the trees.-Edmonton Bulletin.

The Housing Problem
The fact that five racoons were found in one tree cut down by a farmer near London, Ont., indicates cut the shortage of housing accommodation has
spread to the animal kingdom.-Hamilton Spectator.

A Fateful Signing
Captain Persius, the German naval expert, says it will take years to rebuild the German merchant marine. It was destroyed in the couple of seconds it took the Kaiser to sign the declaratio
New York Tribune.
The Poles and Czechs have had a clash, with a numThe Poles and Czechs have had a clash, with a numEuropeans cannot pass each other on the road with-
out making a pass at each other.-Brockville Recordout making

Possibly So
Senator Lodge says that he doesn't believe that Marshal Foch is the least bit militaristic. Personally we think if the French gentleman isn't too old, he Sun and Herald.

What They Did Not Foresee
Probably the Germans, when they gloated over the number of other people they were killing in the they would be killing off each other with equal ervor.-Duluth Herald.

A-Wise Decision
The St. John, N.B., Local Council of Women probably acted wisely a declaration would have been valueless. What feminine perscn desir
Ottawa Journal-Press.

A Reasonable Opinion
A soldier's wife told the Police Magistrate of Toronto that the doctors ought to have more sense
than to prescribe liquor for her husband, who had than to prescribe liquor for her husband, who had
been shell-shocked and whose nerves were bad. The soldiers wife shows more sense than the doctors.-

## What the World is Saying

## Flat Cars in Exile

The C. P. R. lost 2,800 flat cars in the United States in the past four months and has no hope of getting them back. The League of Nations might
include in its duties the framing of an international include in its duties the framing of an international railway code of ethics.-Montreal Standard
Toronto Bieh th
A Toronto Bishop wants the men to quit smoking that do? Men have been wearing coats that fit right up to the neck for many years, but that example hasn't kept the women from wearing those pneumonia waists that are now so popular. The best nanean do the other sex belongs exclusively to women.-Border

## Publicity Purifies

Admiral Sims ${ }^{\text {' testimony }}$ is a matter for the people of the United States themselves. But washing linen in public may be a useful performance. The British d nat heitate to do in ment. - Halifax Herald.

The Spirit Behind Him
The president of a Chicago trust company was arrested for carrying a bottle of 7 -year-old stuff in his rear trousers' pocketh. He says that he thought he was within the law, but probably now realizes that proHIPition

The Latest Triumph of Aviation
The appearance of an aviatior over the Dutch East of the white man that they rushed in droves to pa their taxes. When Torontonians see an aviat dodging in the clouds they wonder if he can soa high enough to touch the tax rate.-Toronto Tele

The Arch Criminal
The Dutch Government may send the ex-Kaiser to the Island of Curacoa, off the Venuzuelan coast. The climate down there is warm, but not so warm as that of the place to which we would send the arch Countries Are Not Chattels
Senator Kenyon's proposal that the United State should buy the Bermudas has excited evên more in dignation in the breasts of the islanders than the suggestion by Lord Rothermere that the United King Nom sell Edinburgh Scotsman.

A Pertinent Question
A millioñ children orphaned by war are wards of European States. And William Hohenzollern plans to spend a lot of money in making a comfortable home for his old age at Doorn. Should not the Crown lands of Prussia, at least, be used to support the
orphans instead of the Hohenzollerns?-London Daily Mail. The Astor Peerage
Visconnt Astor, whose attempt to bē rid of his peerage failed, has taken his seat in the House of Lords. Instead of sulking in his tent, the noble lord apparently has decided to submit to the inevitabl he will grow to like the hereditary honor so tim that he will wonder why he ever sought to be re lieved of it.-Montreal Gazette.

The Really Diplomatic Sex
Women, we are told, are not yet to be permitted to occupy posts in the British diplomatic service. be than to convince some obstinate man that he is getting his own way when in reality he is travelling the road pre
Sun.

It may not be possible to decipher a wireless mes sage from Mars, because the Martians doubtless speak a language different from any other on this planet, but one and one make two, even on Mars, and intelligent beings on Mars could get across to us the idea that they know how to count at all events. Victoria Colonist

It Might Have Been Wors
The depressing news that Mr. Wouglas Fairbanks has broken one of his fingers, which shocked the con-
tinent yesterdar, is relieved br later reflection that tinent yesterday, is relieved br later reflection that
things might be worse. Mr. John Dempsey might -Edmonton Journal.

Room for a Racy Argument
The vagaries of exchange may throw doubts on sporting records. The American thoroughbred, Tracery, was sold recently in London for $£ 53,000$, which
might be $\$ 265,000$ on an ante-war basis, or less than $\$ 180,000$ at the present rate, but the English horse, Prince Palatine, sold for $\$ 200,000$ in 1913 . Here is

Wor a racy argument.-Toronto World.
Would That They Grew on the Prairies In the Province of Quebec they are wiser in many
things than we are in Ontario. The farmers there didn't turn all their beautiful maple forests into cordwood and cow pasture as we have done around Belle, ville. They looked farther ahead than the immediate present. The result is, that owing to their forehandsugar they have been enabled to cut down thaple sumption of refined sugar in that province to 68 pounds per capita. In Ontario it is nearly twice that amount, or 130 pounds per head. The maple trees we have left, if put to work, would practically drive the Cuban product off the market-Belleville Ontario.

The Cup And The Saucer
The sditor of the Hamilton Spectator has been called upon to settle a rather serious dispute: Which is the proper etiquette-to drink tea from the cup, or to
drink it from the saucer? We regret to note that the editor not merely evades the issue, but further complicates it, by answering that the drinking of tea from the saucer isn't done in the best families. This answer may not only leave the original mabter still
in doubt, but it raises another and perhaps even more important question: Who are the best families.Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

## A Natural Result

Oharles Coolidge Parlin, speaking before the Robert Morris Club at Cleveland a week ago, said that in the year 1912 the total department store sales in the United States were $\$ 2,100,000,000$, while the retaicate why the paople of Canada and the United States are able to buy far more clothes, and far more expensive clothes, than ever before. The general store takes in now vast sums that formerly went across
the bar.-Kingston Whig.

British Currency and Gold
In the police court proceedings in London when a Bank of England some eighteen hundred weight of gold coins which they melted and sold, it was ex. plained for the Government that the value of the gold sovereign at current rates was twenty-six shillings in currency notes. At that rate the pound curency note is only worth in England about 70 per ent of its face value, when gold money has to be than the balance of trade behind it.-Financial Ohronicle.

Prison Reform
Prison reform in Canadian penal institutions is the next thing on the program of the Department of pursuing for the last generation, as outlined in frequent blue books, is not only heartless but out of date and unbusinesslike. The Dominion Superintendent of Prisons now urges abolition of the stone pile and the payment to the men of a small wage for neir labor, to go to the family of the married man reform along the right lines, and is the method employed in all up-to-date prisons. Canada is very far behind.-Calgary Albertan.

The Spirit of Courage
The cure of industrial unrest is trust. We musi believe in each other. There is only one thing that can make Bolshevism, the social and industrial revlution, and all such threatening things dangerousgoing up to possess the promised land. It is full of various Philistines, Hivites, and Jebusites. It swarms with dragons, monsters, and man-eating ghosts. Some are always trembling for the future and viewing with
alarm. But ever the command of destiny is, "Be trong and of a good courage" So shall the promised land be yours.-Journal of Commerce.

Talkers, Not Producers There is no record of any member of any of the
more radical groups raising his food for himself. Beievers in "direct action" with regard to a man's accumulated stocks and organized institutions, they take no direct action with respect to nature. Assum-
ing some credit for courage in calling a spade a spade, hey do not often use one. Much as he attacks capital. your radical reformer is always found where capital is. He does not appear on the farms. It is not a mistake to say that the Bolsherists took Russia and Hungary. The Bolsherists took Petrograd and
Budapest, and held them for just as long as the country behind could or would provide food. Your American Bolshevist lives in New York, Chicago or some other large cit. He is as likely as not to ago guaranteed, or to be an artist or a poet to whom

MAY, 1920

Ably Assisted
Continued from Page 37 set after you are through talking to ,iant fond of Mr. Gresham. But it reemed that Mr. Gresham was not even "I am on my way to the village," he said. "I didn't really mean to stop at ail. Please don't count this one up against me. I am coming over later to
call.
Then he turned to Diana, who was looking unusually lovely in her best white gown with her head thrown against the high back of her chair.
"The world isn't very large after all," he said. "It is the proper preface, isn't it, for saying youve
come one else
knows." Diana, forgetting her dual role, looked a pleased interrogation. "Did you meet "Yes, I met Mr. Sinclair."
Diana gave a start and stared, her face growing crimson. Peter murmured ditedly.
"Whiy, you couldn't" stoppec. tis hapened to sit heside him trin," he explained in answer to the matradiction, "and we got to talking about this place. He was good enough to tell me his name and say that Mrs. Sinclair was staying here. It was rather odd, wasn Sinclair, like you and Peter, was from
the West." He had kept his eyes from Diana during this speech. Now he turned to her again. "Mr. Sinclair told me that he expected to run up over Sunday." The open-eyed horror with which this Was received was too patent to be ig.
nored. Mr. Gresham turned to Peter who was purple with repressed enjoyment.
"Ill make my formal call later, then," he aid easily. "It is nice to be in the hilns again. He lifted his hat and went
down the steps, avoiding a look at Diana The three left behind sat in silence. It was Peter who broke it. "It's up to us,
now, to do something," he said briskly. "In my opinion," sid Diana, "you have done quite enough."
"Now, see here, Diana"-Peter adnot going to be blamed for more than I've done. I didn't put Sinclair on that train."
"Well, you insisted on his being alive," said Grace, "and now you see! It gives
me the shivers. It's slike Frankenstein or something. You started him out, and now he' going on himself."
"Your little brain is liable to turn with this, Gracie," said her brother, looking at her anxiously. "You run arong
and play with Jackson. Leave it to mature minds to cope with this problem., "I think," said Diana, "that I will excuse you both from further assistance." "Wrace swung her racket excitedly. "Well, all I can say is," she remarked, "that if you had let him stay dead you
would have saved yourself a lot of would have saved yourself a lot of
trouble." She started down the steps with a righteous switch of her skirts. Diana got her hat.
"May I ask where you are going?" "I don't know"
 "It wouldn't do you any good," said Miss Sinclair. She pinned on the big White hat and gave an absent-minded
touch to the lace of her high collar.

THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY
39
Then she gathered up her skirts and de parted.
Left alone, Peter devoted himself meditation. As the man of the family it was his duty to straighten things out. He would go down by the big elm, inter explain matters. He gave Mr. Gresham half an hour longer to get through his errands in the village; then he put "Stalky and Co." in his pocket and fields to the big down through the revolved in bis mind how he went he Gresham would laugh over the mistake and how he would go back to the hotel and make Diana happy with the news that she was again at liberty to wear her There was a in honorable spinsterhood. There was a bench under the tree. Pete A half hour later he closed the with a reminiscent grin and raised himself upon his elbow to look around. One astonished stare he gave and fell back apon the bencli. On, my sacred Sam! people were approaching! Up the road people were approaching! Up the road
from the village came Mr. Gresham Down the road from the hotel came Diana. Across the fields came Grace! Diana had reached the bench. She looked down upon the prostrate Peter, that young man roll over and hide his face in his arms.
"I wish," said Diana, sharply, to his


Wo pairs of eager eyes fell upon it."
shaking back, "that it Where possible to lose you for a moment." gurgled Peter,
"Have you noticed," Diana followed his pointing finger then she sat down heavily on Peter's feet.
Grace ce climbed the stile in a rush, and descended upon them in a state of red couldn't you stay away?" she demanded. 'I came down here to tell Mr. Gresham-"" "Three souls with but a single "Three, souls with but a single
thought," said Peter. "If you will remove a hundred and forty pounds of Diana, I will meet the approaching cause of all our woe."
Mr. Gresham exhibited no surprise at the sight of the three cousins on the
bench. He was looking rather serious. He spoke directly to Diana. give you something that Mr. Sinclair asked me to deliver." He proceeded with careful deliberation to look through his pockets, while varying emotions chased
one another across the faces of the wait Continued on Page 40


## 40c

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so
329 Portage Ave.
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## Ably Assisted

Continued from Page 39 ing trio. "Ah, here it is." He produced and handed to her a flat package.
Diana took it as if it were a bomb, and eyed it unhappily
and eyed it unhappily.
"It can't be forme," she said. "I-"
"It is for you," said Mr. Gresham, and "It is for you," said Mr. Gresham, and
Diana, after a helpless look at the otliers, Diana, afte opened it, keep up any conversation while she slowly unwrapped the photograph that the package contained, and held it up before her. Even Mr. Gresham seemed to have forgotten that convention depeople's packages. They were all openly watching Diana, and Diana was growing redder and redder.
It was a long time that she looked at it. Then she dropped it into her lap and two pairs of eager eyes fell upon it. The
other pair smiled into Miss Sinclair's. other pair smiled into Miss Sinclair"s.
"Why", cried Grace," "it's you, Diana! Who is it with you?"
Mr. Gresham answered: "The other is Mrs. John Gresham, a cousin-in-law of "And proach, relief knew all the time." Reproach, relief, indignation, and much tone; then a little hauteur"erept in. "I don't understand how you got this," she "There swered. the note thas a good deal longer reading the picture. Nor did she lay it down when she had finished. It ran this way: Dear Bob: I am sending you thi
photograph you have wanted so long. am sure Diana will not care, though $I$ always meant to write her about your infatuation with her pictured self. By
the way, I hear from the Osborns. that she is going to Kearsarge for the
/summer. Too bad your business the mountains. - Affectionately, Helen. "But how did you see Mr. Sinclair?" said Grace. Mr. Gresham laughed. "Mr. Sinclair is for you to explain," he said.
Grace's round eyes were still glued to the photograph in Diana's lap. "A natural desire to get even," explained Peter, "combined with the Thought
"But I don't understand how he came o have Diana's picture."
The solemn expression on Peter's face deepened.
"I believe I am beginning to-" he "You go back and finish your game, Grace. Jackson is waiting. I am going up to the house and find the bird
woman. I want to find out whether the woman. I want to find outt whether the
yellow-tailed warbler eats seeds or yellow-tailed warbler eats seeds or
worms." He pulled his still dazed sister after him and they departed across the fields.
Diana folded up the note and sat
silent, cher eyes on the picture in her silent, sher eyes on the picture in her lap. Robert Gresham sat down on the bench "Do hou understand, Diana?" he said.

## WANTED A DOG

A boy wanted a dog, and the rich ncle said:
"Well, Eddie, suppose I give you two hundred dollars for a dog. Would you you buy a pretty good dog, and put the yeut of the money in the savings-bank ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ "Well, uncle, if you just leave it to me, I'll buy two hundred one-dollar
dogs."-The New Guide.


MAY, 1920
Winnipeg Piano Company Purchase Large Building

A business transaction of considerable size and importance was consummated
last month in the purchase of the Buildlast month exchange at the north-west corner ers Portage and Hargrave, by the Winnipeg Piano Co., Ltd. Irom W. Grundy, of Long Beachice was about $\$ 500,000$.
purchase quite a coincidence that when Mr . It is quite a coincidence that when Mr.
Grassby arrived in Winnipeg, from LonGrassby arrived in 1900, he entered the emdon, England, in inector and secretary of the Gloy as director Gusic Co.
A. E. Grassby, president of the Winnipeg Piano Company, states that the business of the Winnipeg Piano Co., had become so extensive that he considered the present the logical time for carrying inown building, with the additional advantage of staying on the site they had established as one of the recognized estaiano and phonograph centres of the city. The real estate or speculation feature Let it multiply-increase; garner, The real estate or speculall It was Know that while the earth remaineth, id not enter into it at all. It was Seedtime and harvest shall not ceas


The Home of the Winnipeg Piano Company.
lishling a matter of permanently establarge asset and connection built up during the last 17 years.
Established A Kensington boy of seven, who was of pianos, the Winniper Piano Co has to a London paper, was instructed by of pianos, the Winnipeg Piano Co. has to a London paper, was instructed by
increased its business till it now carries his parents to write long letters to 12 leading makes. In 1907, the late Jock Smith, one of the best known and admired piano men in Canada, purchased an interest in the company, and at his death in 1917, his son, Lieut. W. A. Smith, vice-president and secretary treasurer, returned from
overseas to help in the management of the business.
Buying in large quantities and handling the whole business from one headquarters, where the organization is under the direct supervision of the directors,
the many different lines carried, the established quality of the instruments and the easy terms and generous treat ment, explain the phenomenal growth of the company, which is easily one of the largest music concerns west of Toronto, in fact few piano houses on the
continent handle so wide an assortment of high grade and reputable instruments. Special care is taken with out-of-town orders. Indeed, the extensive piano and phonograph mail order department is at once an important branch of , their busi-
ness and a striking tribute to their business and a striking tribute to their busi

Work for Women


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Flavors and Dejartment B
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The Western hoive Monthly
41 SPRINGTIME

> By M. L. Campbell

Sring the grain out from the garner Scatter it o'er all the earth;
For the joyous Springtime cometh, all the land is full of cometh

Listen to the rabin singing
And the merry meadow lark;
See the trees and flowers springing,
All upon Life's ship embark.
Hear the band of merry voices, In the grove and on the plain Bird and beast and herb rejoices,
'Tis the Springtime

Hear the little children's voices As they swell the joyous thro Man with all the earth rejoices, All the earth is one sweet song.

르를|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||․

\section*{Perplex the World To-day BUT the solution of the <br> O.B.U.} | LUBRICATION |
| :---: |
| PROBLEM |



Taxes This Can

League of Nations

Caring for the Wearing of Millions of Bearings In Tractors, Motors, Reapers, Threshers, Separators, Autos


Write for Price List and Full Particulars

## CALGARY EXHIBITION

June 26th to July 3rd, 1920
$\$ 34,500$ in Prizes
Live Stock Prizes Increased Over $\mathbf{\$ 7 , 0 0 0}$ SEND FOR PRIZE LIST ENTRIES CLOSE JUNE 13TH Grand Programme of Attractions Special Passenger Rates
Information and Prize Lists may be obtained from E. L. RICHARDSON, Manager Victoria Park, Calgary
self, the school and his companions. His letters, however, proved to be noteworthy for brevity and for a finely impersonal touch. Among others he sent the following:
"My Dear Father and Mother. Do you know that salt is made of two deadly poisons?
"Your loving son, J John."

## -FREE:

 PRENIUMS

May is the big month for users of Royal Crown products. Every coupon you have counts as two in purchasing premiums during May. Have you written for our new catalogue, listing over 700 beautiful premiums? Better send for one to-day. The double offer is good for May only, but the coupons are always valuable.

SEND TO

## The Royal Crown Soaps Ltd.

654 Main Street
Winnipeg, Manitoba


## very Blemish Removed In Ten Days

 YOUR COMPLEXION MAKES OR MARE


Cuarl Lat Sasea, former aretrex whe offere


Peant la Bnaze Dept 269



## TheM.A.C. and OurNew Canadians

Written for The Wcstern Home Monthly by Mrs. E. E. Smith

(1)OST of us are more or less The teachers, urged by the young and aware of the value of the gay of the district, proce. This had the Manitoba Agricultural College up a dance afterward. This had the
Extension Course, but per- double virtue of adding to the social life haps we do not appreciate of the community and helping out the to the ful the real "missionary" attendance of the lecture as well. The one class of our settlers, namely ing the concern, wrote letters to distant the Ruthenian, Polish, Icelandic, etc., farmers and talked "lecture" to the that as yet unassimilated element whom "new Canadians." With a view to showing in some degree what is being done, one, a goodly gathering. The children, keen號 (and didn't they ing's work (of which, as practically all enjoy "Rastus" and the elephant), were
the winter months of these speakers is crammed into the front seats. Their spent in this way, must mount up well fathers gratefully took what was left. into the hundreds), is given.
Rembrandt is a little village, about partitions and the furnace and sat in 60 miles north of Winnipeg, on the the window-ledges. The teachers were general stores does not convey an ade- carpenter's bench, where, if you sat still

## (xyexexexexexexexex <br>  <br> Spring's Ballet <br> By Minna Irving <br> HEN Spring rolls up the curtain <br> Of rainbow-bordered showers, <br> Upon her stage of vernal green Appear the dancing flowers; <br> The daffodil in yellow <br> The violet in blue, <br> The velvet pansy cherishing An amulet of dew. <br> In tints of palest purple And azure, white and gold And every shade of dainty pink The crocuses unfold, <br> Like rows of incandescents That fairy fingers string Across the lawn-the footlights Of the ballet of the spring! <br> 0 

quate idea of its size, as there is a sec- and didn't tip the top, nor lean back tion-house and a cottage as well, and the and get tangled up in the collection of
stores are commodious enough to afford birds nest lechinp shelter for the merchant's family. More stores than houses is a common state of affairs in a foreign-speaking village, as the height of every Central.
European ambition is to "make a busiEuropean ambition is to "make a busi-
ness." In this regal state, he escapes ness." In this regal state, he escapes
the drudgery and exposure of work on an unimproved farm. He buys and an unimproved farm. He buys and
sells, shrewdly enough, the wood sells, shrewdy enough, the wood
and farm produce of his toiling
brothers and reeceives the homage due to a financial king. Who can blame to a
him?
But
But
But to return to our original topic, posters had been put up in prominent
places for weeks advertising the fact places for weeks advertising the fact
that speakers from the M.A.C. would on such a a night hold a meeting in their school and addresses would be given "on the subjects of "Poultry" and "Dairring," whereupon the small boy got busy and industriously advertised
the fact that there would be "movies."
$\qquad$
ness from the hands of the milker to
the last resting place of the cream did not forget, as is so often forge ten, to include in this the calf's pail. and urged as well individual feeding in deference to the weaker animal Light and ventilation as preventatives of tuberculosis were emphasized. The as given to them should make its peal to these people, who have a daily train servive, and keep many cows, and have not as yet learned the profit of the transaction.
At the conclusion of the speeches some humorous films were shown and enjoyed by all, judging by the happy
gusts of laughter. from the children and the appreciative comments of the older people. Thanks be for the pic ture which speaks the same language to one and all of us.
Mr. H. Cross then bade us consider the hen, and be wise in our treatment farms. He cried shame on the our perous Western farmer who, instead of tearing down his barns to build greate handed over the old shacks for his wife to keep her hens in, while he went on to put up beautiful barns for his stock. If there was inferior feed it would do for the hens, etc. He urged the women present if their husbands did not giv there was one class not present to any great degree). If anyone has to stay hreat that one is our Ruthenian sister He showed them that Russia, France and


Miss Grace Williams, recently appointed oy
Manitobac Government toctake charge of the
Free Employment Bureau for Girls and
Women
Itay, once world-wide exporters of eggs, would require years to meet even their own requirements, and it was up to
Canada to supply this deficit and win for herself a revenue worth considera tion. These and other valuable point-
ers were carefully listened to and surely in the years to come will bear fruit. The speeches over and the National Anthem being sung by the children, the desks were hoisted upon each other in short order. The violin and dulcimer happy people responded. To the dear happy people responded. To the dea tion find dancing an offence to their souls a visit to a Ckranian dance is heartily recommended as a means of eliminating this trouble. Married couples seem to enjoy dancing with each other, judging from the number of times they are seen
on the floor together. The school children on the floor together. The school children
utilize the spare corners (when there are any), trying to pick out the steps ard any, trying to pick out the step
and marking off the melody, and the most popular dance of all is the "Columaka," where boys and girls in any number and in any proportion may Here's to many another evening of mingled pleasure and profit, as one small
boy frequently said, 0 teacher, if we could only have such an evening every

We believe that the functions of government are:-
(1)-To define and make known the rights and duties of citizens.
(2) -To maintain order and protect life and property.
(3)-To enforce the performance of duties and to punish, when neces thy those who disregard them.
(4)-To regulate and conduct numerous activities which either cannot be performed by private activity or can be better performed by governWith
With reference to the first three activities, it might be said that respect to the administration defined the position of governments with government has little latitude for laxity under these headings.
The fourth statement, however, is the one which contains the germ of all progressive action necessary to cope with the rapidly changing conaitions of the times, and on this basis the Government is pleased to discuss nor practicable to recount fully the history, progress and effect of the very numerous acts and reforms which the Government has initiated since it was honored with the confidence of the people of Manitoba.

Many of them are matters of common knowledge and many others, which beneficent in their influence, are of a structure too technical to detail at this time. In a tabulated fashion, however, it is possible to set clearly
before the people some of the principal issues that have arisen during the several years of administration, and the manner in which they have been met.

These matters are grouped, somewhat informally, as follows:-

## 1.- Agriculture <br> 2.-Education $\quad$ 6.-Departmental Administrat <br> 3.- Financial Administration 7.-Naturai Resources

## 1.-Agriculture

The Government has initiated and carried on vigorously a programme of legislation and administration which has proved of undoubted benefit to the farmers of Manitoba as a whole. Included in this are the following:
The Settlers' Animal Purchase Act (Cow Scheme); furnishing cows The Settlers' Animal Purchase
under easy purchasing conditions.

The Stocks and Feeders plan and the Heifer plan, retaining in the province valuable stock which would otherwise be slaughtered or shipped
out. The extension of practical agricultural education through the Extension Service Department, particularly Boys' \& Girls' Club work, which has been so successful that it would be impossible to estimate its value in the years to come.
the frompt "first aid" in the supplying of seed grain and feed when needed,
of special problems, etc.
Encouragement of the dairying industry which has more than trebled
in the past five years.
mer through the Rural Credit system and the Manitoba Farm Loans system.

## 2.-Education

The principles of Compulsory Education has been adopted and successfully applied throughout the province. The bi-lingual problem has been faced courageously, and the plan adopted is proceeding satisfactorily. English is to-day the only language of instruction.

Non-English speaking communities have received very earnest conthe history of Canada has the educational problem of "The New Canadians" been so definitely dealt with.
In many isolated districts, residences have been erected for teachers, and this policy has resulted in retaining the services of instructors for much longer periods than has usually been the case.
the improvement of administrative conditions. Grants to schools have been increased by nearly $\$ 500,000$ per year as compared with 1914.

## 3.-Financial Administration

Matters of income and expenditure have been the subject of honest and careful administration. Unforseen expenses have arisen as a result of prevailing financial conditions, but the Government's record is open. to financiers have frequently stated that the position of the Province stands second to no other province of the Dominion.

The accounting system of the Province has been placed upon an
Tholute scientific business basis, like that of any big corporation and shows the actual financial condition in every detail.
4.-Community Building

Particular attention has been given to the question of community work in outlying and rural districts. As a result of movements set in operation by the Government, Community Clubs have been established in all parts
of the Province, and the movement has reacted on the cities, with the result that they have followed suit.

The Public Health Nurses are now well known in many communities, and while they are dealing energetically with present problems, they are, by their preventive work, establishing foundations for a healthy Manitoba
manhood that will prove an asset beyond computation in the coming years.
The Municipal Hospital Act provides simple and effective machinery whereby any community in the Province can have its own Hospital.

## 5.-Departmental Administration

The matter of the effcicient admimistration of all departments has been the subject of earnest study and expert abiility has been useed freely in the planning of department routine for effective and economical administration under independent examinations held under the auspices of the enpuersity

## 6.-Industrial Development

During the Government's tenure of office, the period has been a mos rying one industrially. In the matter of labor, the Government has put into operation the Industrial Disputes Act and its Joint Council of Industry, monious service. The Minimum Wage Act, the first of its kind in Canada is an admitted and undeniable success.
The Bureau of Labor has been completely reorganized and is doing excellent work for the establishment of satisfactory working conditions, nd especially in accident prevention.
The Workmen's Compensation Act is modern, fair and effective.

## 7.-Natural Resources

The matter of natural resources has been by no means neglected. Close 0-operation has been maintained with the Dominion Government and plan have been initiated which -will tend to develop the latent resources of ou Province as fa The
ces解 opportunity

## 8.-Taxation

Increasing costs have added greatly to the problem of taxation. The findings of the Commission on Taxation and Assessment have been extensively published, and it is believed that the Government's actions in the matter

The new permanent Tax Commission, recommended by the above named Commission and by the Union of Manitoba Municipalities will confronting all democratic countries

## What Do YOU Think?

Now, we want you to go at this matter in a systematic way. Your decision on all of these points is awaited with perfect confidence. The Government believes and affirms that it has performed its pledges in so far as the extraordinary general conditions would permit.
Voting time is not far away, but very far away is the time when men roted for a change on mere party whims. You will be exercising your privilege-it is a duty, and in performing this duty, you will recall two things.
First, that your Government took over an administration that was admittedly in a very shaky condition. This task alone would have taxed to the utmost the energies of a new administration.
Second, the coming of the Great War, and all perplexities, suffering and
mergencies that it entailed.
If the Government has served you faithfully and well under abnormal conditions, is it not reasonable to suggest that it will do even better under the normal conditions for which we ought all to be preparing.

We believe we are right in affirming emphatically that economic and provincial conditions generally demand the maintenance of the present Voting time
Voting time is coming. Everyone should vote who is entitled to, and Remember vote in the full realization of personal responsibilities. ve years five years has led all Canada.

First, in Canada, to give the franchise to women.
First, in America, with Public Health Nursing.
First, in Canada, with the Minimum Wage Law for Women.
First, in America, with the "Cow, Scheme" for struggling settlers.
First, in America, with Mothers' Allowances.
First, in America, with Rural Credits.
First, in Canada, with Government Farm Loans at low interest. Remember also that the Norris Government has redeemed every single a record unequalled in the history of democratic government in Canada or elsewhere.


## Order Seed Grain and Potatoes Now

## at a reliable house that carries the stock

You may order by Wire or Letter and get Immediate Shipment
Wheat We still have 1,000 bushels of Durum Rust-Proof Wheat, wheats. Per bushel $\$ 3.50$. Marquis Wheat, per bushel $\$ 3.00$. Early wheats. Per bushe
Huron or Preston, or The Kitchener, at $\$ 3.25$.

Potatoes $\begin{gathered}\text { Edmonton, the source of supply for the West. We still } \\ \text { have twenty cars of main crop and carly varieties. Prices }\end{gathered}$ are high, but ours are attractive.
Timothy Seed We are supplying first-class quality, high germinWe also have Western Rye and Brome Grass Seed.

Wire Orders, as season is late

## J. J. Murray \& Co. <br> Seed Merchants

EDMONTON
ALBERTA

## Electricity in the Farm Home

The question of the electric light and power installation on the farm is becoming of such importance to every member
of the family that we believe it is more in the minds of the farming community than any other apparatus now on the market.
There are several conditions governing the light and power installation on the farm which have combined to bring the question of electricity into such promi-
nence. The chief causes are the shortage of all kinds of help; the growing demand for greater comfort; the increasing educational facilities which tend to
elevate the mind above continuous chores; a better understanding and ap. preciation of all types of power ma. chinery; the knowledge that a real inpense; and the generally red an ex pense; and the generally recognized sidered power farming.
If the truth is really told, the farmer who has not a light and power plant is losing money. When we compare the operation of much of the improved farm machinery with a light plant, we find the official average works out as follows:
days per year

Walking Plow
Sulky Plow
Sulky Plow
Spring Tooth Harrow
Spike Tooth Harrow
Dise Harrow
Land Roller
Grain Drill
Mower …
Hay Rake
Grain Binder
Light and Power Plant 365
The use of these appliances may
vary with the size of the farms, and when consideration is farms, and when consideration is given to the larger apparatus, such as tractors and tive groups, we find more use co-operathe investment; nevertheless, one of the very few machines working on the farm day in and day out is the lighting plant.
Certainly there has been no improved piece of machinery offered the farmer during the last decade, which actually daily life, but the daily life of his en tire family, to the extent that electric light will do if installed in the home with a number of the light and power accessories.
Only the experience with or without a plant can prove to a user the value f a light and power plant.
Increased production on the farm is absolutely assured to the man who knows how to use and adapt his plant consideration is given to the time When running a churn, separator, hand milking of cows, light fanning mill, apart from the time which the hired help, wife and farmer give to that weekly drudg-ery-the wash tub,, and this time is prois only a little prithmetic necessary the find out the returns in actual dollars and cents to the owner
Added to this, there is the growing importance to the farmer of the question of hygiene, comfort and convenience. The
old-fashioned idea that farm life, and being a farmer's wife meant real drud gery, is fast changing. There are stil
those who still believe that it is neces sary first to have the fully modern house before the lighting plant is installed, no realising that the results obtained by plant in the present home would more than outweigh the slight cost of making the change.
When a modern plant is installed, it is Thirable to bud a concrete fomdation. This can be built separatel, and moved
inte any desirable position. When th time comes to change the location, the plant and base can be moved over within a few hours.

The erection of wires and receptacle can always be carried safely on the surface of old buildings, and the materials used later in any new buildings which may be erected. The total cost is approximately two to three days labor of a skilled man
Then there is the man who cannot afford a plant now, but sees it as a disperience teaches that some come. Ex perience teaches that some farmers have
overbought on machinery which operate a few days during the year, but it has never been said by any man known, that a light and power plant did not save far more than it cost him to finance the apparatus through the bank. There are very few bankers, moreover, who will not agree to finance an installation if
the farmer realises what he is going to save, and puts the matter up with to save, and puts the matter up wit
derstanding to his bank manager.

There are several factors that go to make the investment safe and reliable for he up-to-date, careful bank manager. 1. A light and power plant is staIonary. It is not mounted on wheels It cannot r
2 The life of a plant is three to four times as long as any of the best pieces of farm equipment known to-day
3. The installation immediately im proves the real state and enhances the value of the farm property, probably several times more than the actual cost
4. At the end of three or four year the plant is just as good as it was the day it was installed, and will probably sell for just
when new.
5. The installation makes the farm home happier. The entire family is more contented, with the environment of the whole surroundings improved. It is the one thing that brings to the entire family mental satisfaction, and moderne, does more than any othe
moderipment which we know of to increase the efficiency of the farm home 6. The plant actually pays for itself 6. The plant actualy pays for itseif short period.
There remains, however, a very impor modern installor the consideration of a that a propalation. It is necessany are known to be at least 126 different makes of plants on the market.
The question of hygiene and its relation to the children, the stock, and the produce on the farm is another impor-
tant point. Many a family has been reconciled to stay on the farm just at the point when they considered selling out and returning to the city, by the installation of a light and power plant. Running water, baths, electric light, social conveniences, electric washing machines, irons, toasters and vacuum rooms set aside for milk products, where the apparatus is operated by electric the apparatus is operated by electric
motors; water under pressure available at the tap in the barn for the stock, and for the watering of lawns, flowers, tc., all make an added attraction. A fan in the sick room may save a dear
one's life, and we are now experiencing the development of electrical refrigerators. It is not usually realised that of all trical machines, the iron and toaster are the big consumers, It is true they only perate for a short time, but it is necessary that they develop heat quickly. The average consumption of an iron and toaster is about 600 watts, whilst
the quarter horse power motor driving the other apparatus only consumes about 400 watts. This emphasizes the necessity for the installing of special receptacles in locations where these appliances

Electricity in the Farm Home
Continued from Page $4 \overline{4}$ are to be used, otherwise they tend to affect the brightness of lamps running on the same circuit. A little more care and forethought in laying out to the genin the new home adds much tobtaingeble. Those who are devoting more or less of their whole time to the farm lighting business ate average building contractor is not yet up-to-date in his electrical knowledge to be entrusted with this work.
work
The man with the automobile finds it more convenient to spend half an hour mder his car with an electric lamp, adjusting trouble, rather than let the field done whilst the daylight lasts. Only a man who has tried to work under his car with an oil lamp knotws how much hapier he goes into the house after doing or the forthcoming Calgary Exhibition


Wask day problem solved for the farm home

the job with a portable extension lamp cludes horse races the first four days, inside a wire guard. auto races on July 2nd and 3rd. The eight coows by hand have not yet real- ${ }^{-}$of Canada's leading bands, will provide ised that this work can be done quicker, a special musical programme. Auto cleaner, and easier with a small motor polo will be seen at calgary for the first milker; and the power taken from the added to the increase in milk flow pays for the machine within a short | paysiod. |
| :--- |
| per |

There are many other features that tend to make the farm light and power plant more and more attractive, but on thing is necessary for every user to re member. No piece of machinery ever ran without some attention, and whilst
the modern unit plant is as simple is possible to make it, and "fool-proof" in all its accessories, the machine needs attention in the form of a little lubrication and adjustment. The owner of a plant who will give a little attention regularly and consistently, always reaps
the reward in the the reward in the continual operation
and absence of machine experiences.
'The day is fast approaching when every farm home will be electrically
equipped, and then there will be no fur equipped, and then there will be no fur-
ther need for the "Back to the Farm" movement.

## The Calgary Exhibition

The Calgary Exhibition prize list for in order to offer as great encouranement as possible to the exhibitors. The in crease has been made in the live stock section to assist in offsetting the very great increase in the cost of exhibiting
The prize list is now ready for distri bution and may be obtained by writing to E. L. Richardson, Manager, Calgary Entries close June 13th.
Special passenger rates will be in force for the Calgary Exhibition, June 26 th to July 3rd, from all points in Alberta, Nelson in British Columbia.
The attraction programme provided

Putting Her To A Severe Test The French people are delighted to be of any possible service, to their "good
friends, the Americans," but those who hought they had learned a fair amount of English from the British Tommies must occasionally find it hard to undertand the free-and-easy English of our enlisted men. This conversation is a fair example of some of the probeng but puzzled French people o struggle with: American Soldier-Parly voo English, mademoiselle?
French Girl-Yes, a vairy leetle. American-Good work! Say, could you put me wise where I could bure?
against some good eats in this burg?



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Please send me at once full particulars on the Phelps Farm Power Farm Light Plant.

[^1]

GIRLS! A MASS
OF WAVY, GLEAMY BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Let "Danderine" Save and Glorify Your Hair


In à few moments you can transform your plain, dull, flat hair. You can have Just get at any drug or toilet counter a small bottle of "Danderine" for a few cents. Then moisten a soft cloth with the Danderine and draw this through
your hair, taking one small strand at a your hair, taking one small strand at a have doubled the beauty of your hair. it will be a mass, so soft, lustrous, fluffy and so easy to do up. All dust, dirt and
Let Danderine put more life, color, vigor and brightness in your hair. This heck dandruff and falling hair, and help your hair to grow long, thick, strong and beautiful.

## J. H. M. Carson ARTIFITIAL IIMMBS 388 Colony Streot Estabished 1900 Winnipes The Lateent In SIID Sockeot.

## The Young Woman and Her Problem

## By Pearl Richmond Hamilton

Leaving School for Music

WetER PROBLEM" to me means "her opportunity." If I did not so translate it, I should ask
the editor to change the heading of this depatment. Whenever I see a girl strugging over any kind of problem, I exclaim, "There is an oppe
for you, my girl-work it out!"
"Wishes are lost in empty air, Und fairy the wift will always her shar And fairy gift will always b
When we worried through one of those long partial payment examples in school was it not "a grand and glorious feelin""
to see the accurate result - especially to see the accurate result - especially up?
"Why do we have theorems and declersions and discipline in school? of what patiently.
They are drills to clear and develop
the mind so we may get the best out of life. The spirit of joy and gladness characterizes all wholesome, successful
careers. We are not successful if we are not optimistic.
"A happy mind, when ills would
Is like a lantern in the night.
No path there is, however long,
But will be shortened by a song."
The other day two girls stood on the platform waiting for a street car, an old
woman joined them, and this is what I heard
"Are you not in school?" asked the older woman.
"No, replied the girl." I do not like school. I 'm going to put my extra time
on music." "Well, it ence anyway, you will be in a house your own someday, and you'll not need an education," said the older woman consolingly.
addeur mother needs you anyway," she
I looked at the girl and had a
vision (? $)$ of her with the rouged lips vision (?) of her with the rouged lips
and dress in fashon's extreme-at home and dress in fashon's extreme-at home,
washing dishes and sweeping floors as "washing dishes and sweeping fioors as 1, one time when $\mathbf{I}$ was about her age, went through a conservatory of musicthat is I went in through one door and
came out of another. It was enter and came out of another. It was enter and
exit for me. The fates were against me, exit for me. The fates were against me,
or rather fortune favored me, for stayed only one week. I had not suffici-
ent funds so $I$ went back to school and ent funds so I went back to school and
because of that I have learned to appreciate music more. There are times when of my emotions in music
of my emotions in music.
The point I wish to emphasize is thiswe need an education to develop musical talent.
When a young girl of thirteen or fourteen or even sisteen leaves school for
music she is doing the very thing that will rob her of the best in music. An
understanding of literature helps one to interpret music. The concentration that comes from the study of mathematics is
an important asset to an important asset to a musical educa-
tion. Discipline cultivates attention and accuracy-both neeessary qualifications of a musician.
The musician reaches his most sublime attainment when his art thrills the soul
of humanity deepest. of humanity deepest.
been due to common sense, hard work: beenstaue to common sense, hard work, giving occupations. Very few people
know the true story of the struggles and my career."
The luxury of independence-that lofty
spirit that radiates power-comes only
spirit that radiates power-comes ony
after extreme deotion to constructive
labor. The musicians who have attained
labor. The musicians who have attained
highest recognition were educated men highest rec
and women.

It is a noble ambition to be a musician. Canadian men and women are making a priceless record of high a achievement in music. Let us bear in mind, however, that the girl who leaves school in her ranking in the class of our best musiciReal achievements have always been the outcome of long continued exertion.

## PRIZE OFFER FOR GIRLS' CLUBS

 We are pleased to note the interest taken in the article of last month on the are being formed all over Canada. Without doubt it is the most important movement in Canad for girls of the teen age. Why could we not have a part of thispage devoted to reports from girls' clubs page devoted to reports from girls' 'lubs ${ }^{\text {a }}$
What is your club doing? One leader of a girls' chub writes me
she lives on a half-section of land, does she lives on a half-section of land, does
all of her own work and cares for her two little children. (As is often the case women who do most for others are busy in her twenties and is happy in her work, Let us hear from other leaders of girls' $\stackrel{\text { clubs. }}{\Delta}$ bo to the club that girls' work will in the best repon
of their work of their work. We want ideast report
many clubs. The discussion will help all many clubs. The discussion will help all
clubs. ee appreciative letters from girls. that interests you.
$\qquad$
When Madame Petrova visited Winnipeg last month she said she had great foespect for a girl or woman who scrubbed loors if she did her work well, but she had absolutely no respect for a young
woman who lived a questionable life because she could not find work. The girl who serubs renders clean service. She herself, had lived on a pound a week and eaved money too, she added, when we
smiled. Petrova's ambition for a housesmiled. Petrova's ambition for a house-
cleaning of the film is worth considera. cteaning of the film is worth considera-
tion. Barrels of films that our young people see are fit only for the bonfire.
the Employment buread of THE NEW DAY."
It is a matter of great satisfaction to learn of the appointment of women who are worthy in every sense of the word Recently Miss Grace Wivernment control. peg was put in charge of the employmint peg was put in charge of the employment
bureau for women. Having known her personally a long time, I feel that a oung woman of her experience and sympathetic judgment will be extremely helpful to women and girls in search of
employment. The one in charge of an employment. The one in charge of an q question of finding positions for applicants or of obtaining applicants for posi-
tions, but the most difficult feature of the work is the adjustment of the applicant applicants are determined on poitiony they cannot fill. There are pirls who scorn work in homes. The time is not tion shall be a dignified one-for with the present courses in domestic science skill can hope to become household the household helper will fewer but more in eight hours will accomplish more in eight hours than the unskilled
in twelve. The emplover will gain omically, for the household helper has made a study of economy of food, time and energy.
I really
Iouse realy wonder if our girls tho scorn house work realize the new dignitr that In this new emplorment burean the Dominion and Prorincial governare not used. The The termant and domestic
is anshold help" a position of priviliere to any ambitious
irl. The most successul business and Continued er page $\& 7$

I know are good house-keepers.
honest work is dignified service. Girls are coming over from the old Country but the advances the fare in Ontario; consequently o destination in Ontario. New Zealand lso offers a similar inducement. Ontario is getting most of the girls. This is a matter the women's organizations should take up if Manitoba is to get much needed help. Ame possible advance of hat woum the port of entry to places in anas from the port all through Mani toba need household helpers. Let us see hat we get our share.
The establishment of this bureau by the government with the appointment of
such an efficient young woman in charge, is proof of the rapid improvement made n this particular kind of work in the last few years. Only a few years ago women of unscrupulous, selfsh ambition placed girls in dangerous positions terling character and kindly sympa thetic interest, who feel the keen respon sibility of service to humanity, are ap pointed to these important positions that mean so much to our girlhood, an ove safe women in these positions sted for the protection of business girls and women! Only they who have known the perilous experiences of girls seeking work a few years past can appreciat the important value of this new burea aderon, who is now in Fngland on Con adian immigration work, deserves much of the credit for the formation of thi programme of employment for women Mrs. Robson's work is definite and logica and always results in honest service fo woman and has worked hard for the establishment of these bureaus in ever prorince of Canada. This is valuable constructive work. Manitoba is to b ngratulated on the appointment of Mis hreau of employment for wome fre irls. She is a young woman who forget elf in service for others. She has charm and strength of personality tha adiates right-minded ambition, enthusi asm, energy and honest purpose-she i

## Climbing

When we stand at the foot of the rugged hill, And lift our eyes to the heights afar Yet longingart and of wavering will brave ones are
The way looks rough and long;
We fear we climb; And wishing for courage to make u We idle away the golden time

There is only one way to get up the hill; Step after step, with a steadfast heart an earnest purpose and dauntless will, And we gain the summit if once we Slowly but surely, day after da
We climb toward the peaks from the Over the rough and the rugged way The brave heart triumphs and will not
fail.
by steady, hard climbing, we conque the hill,
And at last we stand on the heights The wavering ones stand at the bottom He who would win must not idle be another-so we chimb: the climbing But we reach the summit in God's good And rest is sweet that is purchased so

The Supreme Joy of Heaven The Redeemer's presence constitutes the highest joy of heaven. "I will show
thee all the wlory of Greece" said an thee all the lor of Greece," said an
ancient to his friend, and so saving he ancient to his friend, and so saying he
took him to Solon the Spartan lawgiver
"And is this all?" said his friend. "Yes;" replied the ancient, "when thou hast seen Solon thou has seen all." And so when the saints see Jesus, they see all the glory of heaven. "The Lamb which is in the midst of the throne is the Light three things he desired said there were in its glory, Paul preaching see-Rome and the Redeemer at Bethlehem"" "But" said St. Bernard, "what is the proudest spot in Rome compared to the meanest place in heaven? What is Paul at Athens compared to that same Paul in Baradise? and what is the Redeemer in Bethlehem compared to that same Re-
deemer seated at the right hand of the Majesty on high ?" 0 wondrous thought! Our eyes shall see the King in His beauty Our eyes shall see the King in His beaut
and behold the land which is afar off.

Open and Secret Christians
There are always in a congregatio some whose sympathies are with the but do not confess Him openly. The Church has its hypocrites, but so has the world; for there are men who seem to lead a worldly life whose inner life is that there are such men; but can doubt three mistakes in their position
They over-estimate the value wour fry friendships. How much will your friends among the men of the world hen your purse Thils
These silent Christians it he effect of confession on friendship. It will not drive away a true friend. What hurts us most is ridicule. Learn to live
above it. Christ suffered the meanest in
the His followers have often sealed their faith with their blood. Such Christians under-estimate their wn strength. They are afraid of falling after they have made a public confession, hlaspheme. They put too low a value on the strength Christ gives for every crisis. At the moment of danger Joseph of Arimathea came forward. His bravery ave Christ burial; his charity gave Christ a tomb. Is there a danger now
hat calls these silent Christians to come orth? There is, though this age is no worse than many others. Our literature is full of a lofty scorn, a condescending pity for Christianity, Many of our scientists are materialists. It is time to
be brave and outspoken. Christ is polarising the world; there are but two polarising the .


0
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Catalogs and
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## Work for Busy Fingers

ERE are some simple edges to loops on hook extra long to form the trim handkerchiefs, luncheon center of the flower), ch 3,2 to in sets, luncheon cloths, luncheon center, ch 3, de in center, ch 3, 2 te
napkins, collar and euff sets, center, ch 3, de in center, ch 3, 2 to aparfs and towels. The number of the crochet cotton to be used in making the edge depends upon the use to which it is to be put. For hand-
kerchiefs, Nos. 70 to 100 ; for luncheon sets and collar and cuff sets, Nos. 50 to 70; and Nos. 30 to 50 are suitable for scarfs and towels. Any of these edges
can be crocheted on the de over a hem can be crocheted on the de over a hem
or if you prefer crochet a chain the or if you prefe

Simple Picot Edge
The picot edge which is the most simple to make, can be made with the picots either close together or farther
apart than the illustration, which is apart than the illustration, which is
9 stitches between picots. For making 9 stitches between picots. For making
the picot $\mathrm{ch} 4, \mathrm{sc}$ in first st of ch This edge is often used to finish pillow cases, table runners or handkerchiefs. Rickrack Edge
An edging which has the appearance of rickrack braid, except that it is much daintier, is this little pointed design.
It is made as follows: 1 st row- ${ }^{\text {de }}$, ch 3, de in same as last de, skip about $1 / 4$ of an inch, repeat from ${ }^{\text {, }}$, 2nd row$2 \mathrm{dc}, \mathrm{ch} 3,2 \mathrm{dd}$ in each ch of 3 . Horseshoe Edg
To make this dainty little edge, to in st, ch 2, te in same st, skip 2 sts,
te, ch 2, te in same st, ch 4, take hook out of work, insert between the two te's and join ch 4, fill ch with 6 dop repeat from
Notice how the Bumblee Edge
Notice how the repeated design in this pretty edge resembles bees with in same as first st, skip 3 sts, te, 3 picots, to in next st, skip 3 sts, ttc,
ch 5 , de in same st as tte, dc in next ch 5 , de in same st as tte, de in nex st and repeat from

Butterfly Edge
As the preceding edging resembles bees, this design resembles butterflies. first de, ch 2, te in same st, ch 2, te in same st, ch 4, turn, 3 dc in each of the 3 sps, repeat from

Forget-Me-Not Edge center, ch 3 , do in center, ch 3,2 to in center and join to top of half petal (which was the first made), 5 dc over insert in center of petal, join the chand ch 7 , join to last de, 5 dc over hemain repeat from * for the required length If you wish to make this little edg separate, ch 3 , te in first st of ch, and make al long loop the same as mentione center, *ch 3, 2 te in center, ch 3, de in center, ch 3,2 te in center, ch 3 , de in center, ch 3,1 te in center, join to to of half petal, ch 9 , take hook out of
ch and insert in center ch, eh 7 , join in center of petal, join third st from hook, make long loop o center, ch 3, 1 te in center, take hook out of work and insert in fourth sit of ch 7, join the half petal, to in center

Scallop and Picot Edge A very easily made edge crocheted hem, "picot, 5 de , ch 11 , take hook out of ch and insert in fifth de from picot join the ch, make a picot, 7 de over ch, picot, 7 dc in same ch, picot, 8 do over

Four-in-One Scallop Edge This edge is made on either a chain the hem. 2nd row-De in first st, over 8, skip 6 sts, dc, repeat from ${ }^{\text {st, }}$. 3 rd row-" 11 dc over first ch $8,6 \mathrm{dc}$ over second ch 8 , turn, ch 4 , te between the
third and fourth dc just made, te be. third and fourth de just made, to beposite scallop, eh 4, dc in third st from to just made, turn, fill ch 4 with 7 de, 7 de in next ch 4, 5 de over remaining ch and repeat from
Shell Scallop Edge Join thread to hem and make 1 dc

Another edge made on chain the soquired length or on the de over a hem. sts, de, repeat from *. 3rd row-So to center of ch 5 , "ch 6 , dc in center of next ch 5, repeat from ". 4th rowJoin thread to hem and make 1 dc , dte in next eh of 6 , de in next ch 6 ,


## About the Farm

## Conduceed by Alun Campoed

## THE HOPPER DOZER

 Since grasshoppers have registered themselves as a pest the reckoned with by the farm for their control will ways and mal interest. The hopper dozer be of general at least of considerably reducing their numbers and bringing to an end thousands of insect lives the existence of which spells serious loss to the farmers.A light trough-like structure should be put together, the dimensions being about eight bhould be placed under the four fuet ends; these runners should be about five or five and a half feet in length. The inside of the trough must be lined with waterproof material, such as canvas nailed at the edges. Now, the object is that this contrivance be drawn over the hoppers which will necessitate it being arranged in shape like a huge scraper, viz., the back and sides only a few inches in height.
In order that the pests do not hop out as fast as they hop in, a few inches of water with a good thick coat of coal oil on it is placed the trough, and for all the hoppers that jump in.
The thopper dozer is drawn across the infested fields, making an eight foot swarth per trip, and as the grasshoppers are disturbed, by its approach and the tramping of the team which draws it, they jump up and fall back into the liquid in the trough and are thus ac
counted for. -

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Bush, a } \\
& \text { Provider }
\end{aligned}
$$ Currant bushes are among the hardiest fruit bearing plants to be found in the conditions of climate make the production of other kinds of fruit almost impossible. When one considers what this means to the homesteader or overbusy farrmer, there is good reason for the

adoption of currant culture on farms adoption of currant culture on farms appearance. The fruit is delicious, and the three different kinds, viz., red, black and white, offer a food range of palatability to suit various tastes. These currants may be used fresh cooked in puddings, pies and as stewed fruit dishes to accompany blanc mange, etc., and are also an exceptionally desirable dessert piquancy to the routine of the winter menu. From the medicinal point of view, many a sufferer from sore throat has had reason to be thankful for the presence of a few sealers of preserved given currants, the juice
given the longed-for relief.
The bushes are shallow rooted and prefer heavy clay loam, well drained, cool and moist in a pantly shaded position, or with a northern exposure. If the soil is not rich in plant food, work in well rotted manure. The above conditions of course are the ideal, but other conditions do not exclude the possibility of the growing of currants.

The bushes may be propagated by means of cuttings, made in late summer from the season's growth and planted at once four inches apart in
rows three feet apart. The cuttings should be eight or ten inches long, and should be planted so as to leave only one
or two buds exposed. In placing the plants
In placing the plants plenty of space
should be given, as it induces better growth. A good system that is recom. mended is to place them four feet apart in the row, and the rows being six feet apart. Strong one-year-old plants are the best, but two-year-old ones are more
reliable. The plant should be set about an inch deeper than it was in the nur. sery row.
tem, the cultivation should be shallow sys It is advisable to cultivate frequently to conserve moisture and also to keep down weeds.
A currant bush should consist of eix or eight stems forming a fairly open woush, therefore, in pruning, see that no wood older than four years is kept. Red of their fruit on two or three-year-old wood. Black currants bear most of their fruit on one-year-old wood. If the old wood is removed by degrees year by year the bushes are kept prolific for many years.
As these bushes are entirely hardy, other than that which winter protection shelter belts around the orchard and the usual amount of snow mulch which corers all vegetation on the Western prairies. If the soil appears to be getting poor, it is advisable to apply a mulch of good manure around the bushes in the fall and work it into the ground in the spring, being careful not to injure thon.
It is considered that half a dozen plants is about enough to supply fruit for the average household. The average yield per acre is placed by authorities at one hundred and fifty bushels.
Among the most suitable varieties of currants are the following
White: Large White
White: Large White, White Cherry Red: Red Cross, Rẻd Dutch, Raby Castle and Cumberland Red.
The black currants are, on the whole, stronger growing and more vigorous than the others, and the following varietie are recommended: Magnus, Climax Eagle, Kerry and Eclipse.
of July. Like
subject to attack from insect enemies and a little information on the subject will be useful to the growers of thes fruits and may serve to be the means o turning the tide from foilure of crop to
One of

One of the worst enemies is the cur ant worm.. It is the lava of the sawfy which lays its eggs on the under side of the leaves. The worm is dark green jures the bushes by devouring the leaves Continucd on page 50



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About the Farm

## Continued from Page 49

 This pest should be destroyed at once by spraying with paris green, but as this a strong poison it should not be used latter case white hellebore should be used.The currant aphis is also a pest in the
West, and has been responsible for reoun, and has been responsible for reducing the crop. These plant lice inupper side blisters and becomes reddishbrown in color, and later withers and dies. A fine spray of kerosene emulsion or whale oil soap applied to the underside of the leaves will suffocate the aphis. Be optimistic on your currant culture, but nevertheless be prepared for these robbers, and by systematic "espionage"
you will learn of their arrival, and be able to deal with them in time.
The Busy Season in the Poultry Yards The general food shortage following years of under production has caused the eyes of the world to look optimistically
toward the domestic hen as one of the toward the domestic hen as one of the
important solutions to a very involved problem. The half-cared for, rustle-foryourself barnyard hen has finally come into her own, and the wave of democracy, of the saner order, has penetrated to the stock of the farm inasmuch as the hen has been given a chance to succeed by
means of better environment and better means of be
recognition.
At the present season the swarms of young chicks are a valuable acquisition
to the owners, and it is important that to the owners, and it is important that
they grow up to become mature birds for they grow up to become mature birds for
the price of feed, labor, and artificial inthe price of feed, labor, and artificial incubation where applied, has been con-
siderable, and each death among the siderable, and each death among the
chicks represents a more serious loss than would have been the case in former years.
Among the cautions in regard to their welfare it may be said that an important one is that of preventing crowding. If they crowd more heat must be given,
as the price of the additional heat will as the price of the additional heat will
be considerably less than the other evil Also do not put too many in a coop. Also do not put too many in a coop. applications and beware of dampness. Give them a chance at dry cracked grain in hoppers when they are large enough to run
floor.
floor.
When they are hatched by the natural method the hen should be allowed to remain on the nest until the chicks beand chicks should be removed to a coop that has been prepared.
there she ground has not become dry chaff or sand being used to cover the floor. Later in the season, the coops may be placed right on the ground if the ground is dry. It is a good plan to move the coop the width of itself; this ensures clean conditions. All coops should be thoroughly disinfected before use of it by different broods. When artificial incubation is used, the
chicks should be left in the incubator until perfectly dry, and in transferring them to the brooder the greatest car should be exercised to aroid chilling. 90 or 95 degrees under the hover, according to the number of chicks placed in it, so that when they are placed in it the
temperature will rise to nearly the same degree as what they were accustomed to in the incubator.
The chicks should be hardened off as soon as possible, but the temperature
should to cause discomfort to the chicks. If in that case more heat must be provided until they separate and show the usual
signs of contentment. signs of contentment.
For the first few days, the chicks then, as they become used to their quarters. ther may be given more liberty
and finally given free range. allow wnig
them an the Should the weather con.

The Planting of the Home Garden
By Heten E. Vialoux
The garden should be placed near the stant cultivation during the growing farm house, or home, so the busy house- season-especially after a rain, when the wife can get her vegetables with ease, clods can be broken up, weeds removed,
and perhaps run out and enjoy an hour and moisture conserved. Fall plowing and perhaps run out and enjoy an hour and moisture conserved. Fall plowing
working in the garden, when time will is recommended by many gardeners, but working her tio do so. Exercise in the garsy mother, who is winter killed when nearthe surface of the wise if she can manage to spend some soil in zero weather. I would advise the time out of doors each day in summer. burning over of all garden plots before The size of the garden is determined the plowing is done. The strawy manure by the needs on can plow, harrow and numerous garden pests are thus of ou lanth a nice garden in a day. All the vegetables should be planted in drills, Rhubarb and asparagus, etc., should be with space enough between the rows to placed where they will not be run over cultivate with the horse hoe, and thus and disturbed, or interfere with the culthe hand work is largely done away with. tivation of other crops. Pease, lettuce A plot in a small garden only 50 by 100 and radishes, and cress etc., should be
feet, well manured and cultivated, will sown at least three times during the produce a wonderful lot of good veg- early part of the season, and a quart of etables, as vacant lot gardeners have onion setts should be planted where demonstrated. One such plot produced onion seed is sown, as the setts soon 10 bags of potatoes; 300 ears of corn, provide nice green onions whilst the
and 300 tomatoes; as well as 1,200 seedlings are growing. Onion sed gerand 300 tomatoes; as well as 1,200 seedlings are growing. Onion seed gercucumbers. Another one-potatoes, 6. minates very slowly, therefore, should be
bushels; carrots, 1 bushel; turnips, $1 \frac{1}{2}$ planted as soon as the ground can be bushels; beets, 2 bushels; 36 heads of worked up. Seed of all kinds is so excabbage; 16 gallons green beans; shelled pensive nowadays, that economy in seedpeas, 10 quarts; 2 gallons onions; 13 ing should be practised. The seeder at ozen' ears of green corn; 314 lbs. of ripe tachment, which is a part of the "Planet till another plot, 50 by 100 feet in size, in saving seed and time
produced enough green vegetables for Onion seed, carrots, turnips and other the summer for a family of seven per- small seed, should be mixed with fine sons: 6 Backs of potatoes; and cabbage; sand if they are not sown with the seed carrots; turnips; parsnips and onions er to prevent waste. Even the seeder for the winter's supply. Good seed, the can waste seed if run carelessly over a three essentials. for the making of a ter mixed with wood ashes and planted good garden in town or country. Half as usual. The turnip fly does not injure an acre of well prepared land will pro- the plant so much if seeded with ashes. vide vegetables enough for a large fam- The sowing of small seeds with a ily. The drills should be long and 30 in . medium sized bottle as a seeder prevents
apart, when the horse hoe can be used waste, also, when there is no seeder to cultivate. In small gardens, where available.
"the Planet Junior cultivator" is to do Peas and radishes, lettuce and cress, the work, 18 in . apart will be right, and can be planted very early, then, as the the hoe and rake can be used to advan- soil grows warmer, sow beets and carrots, tage as well. Very choice vegetables can spinach and parsnips. If the ge grown in a small garden with con- $\quad$ Continued on Page 64
sowing chart.


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aceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer


## Fashions and Patterns

VIVHITE taffeta is having it annual revival, both in plain there are also lovely satin nished crepes, flowered geornew and novel cotton materials. Foul ards, too, dotted swiss and linen will be worn. Fibre silks are very popular, some varieties are fine for one piece dresses of a simple character, sometimes embroidered wool angora or organdie.
For business and general wear, ther are new serges, linens and ginghams. Black taffeta is smart combined with white organdie.
Hemstitching, beaded seams, drawnwith good effect on spring dresses.
A pretty effect is gained by binding tu and flounce edges with a narrow bias of the dress material.
A straight, draped or fluffy frock may :ave a sash of organdie or a belt of gay

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { olored ribbon. } \\
& \text { Large collars }
\end{aligned}
$$

Large collars are fashionable and for the sailor collar a strong revival is prom-
Tunic draperies, like shirt waists and chemise dresses, are ever popular. One may have a long tunic, a half-way tunic or a short tunic. Its shaping may suit individual taste.
Plaited skirts are shown in all sorts of plait forms; some with plain panels and Organdie is still with us. It is pleasing in white and also in colors. Dresses of cotton net are trimmed with self ruchings with satin ribbons, taffeta bindings and mbroideries, Attractive blouse dresses may be made of ratines aed eponges
and also of the finer Japanese crepes. Ginghams have grown more beautiful in patterns and colorings and it is no longer plebeian to wear a cotton frock.

Linens have lost none of their popu larity. Dotted swiss is used in copp on with organdie, taffeta, satin and printed georgette, but embroidery and lace and a ribbon girdle are the prettiest trimmings
for these dresses. A dress of cotton voile is trimmed with rills of taffeta. uvetyn trimmed with a hab a vest of silk avetyn trimmed with a jabot of net. ed side sections of organdie. A blouse of blue chamb trimmed with shawl collar and cuffs of organdie.
A suit of blue serge has a vest, collar and cuffs of novelty check taffeta A gown of dotted foulard may be trimCrepe de chine and natched shade. Com A coat dress of serge shows a vest and sleeve trimmings of taffeta.
A breakfast coat of canton crepe has yoke and front of Irish crochet lace. collar and cuffs of geranium red satin has grain silk and a narrow belt of red suede Black and white checked twill is used for another coat suit. The trimming black satin. gette is ornamental with hemstitching in silver thread.
A dress of b
A dress of brown taffeta has a two tier skirt, each tier bordered with velvet The vest is composed of tiny frills of cru net.
Navy blue tricotine was selected for a suit embroidered on vest, sleeves and collar
with black silk floss and round cord French blue satin and white sports A dress of blue tof dress. embroidered in bright colors.



## Fashions and Patterns

Continued from Page 52
A Splendid Style in One Piece sfifoct. Pattern 3197 is shown in this 20 years. An 18 year old size will require $41 / 4$ yards of 44 inch material. The width of the shirt at the foot is $11 / 2$ yard. Serge be used for this model. Braid or binding, embroidery or stitching will form a suitable fnish and decoration. Blue taffeta with facings of jof this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 centspin silver or stamps.
A Natty Play Suit for the Small Boy. -2838 -Here is just the model for ${ }_{a}$ beach suit, for romping and outdoor wear. It is good for linen, gingham, Thene, dritern is cut in 4 sizes: $3,4,5$, and years. Size 4 requires $21 / 4$ yards of 36 ration mailed to any address on receipt tran cents in silver or stamps.
a Preasing Design. 2819-This neat, simple ittue mode nay bo hished out the collar trimming. It is nice for all wash crepe. The closing is at the centre front under the crossing of the collar portions. The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 2,4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 23 yards of 36 inch material. A pattern of this ceipt of 15 cents in silver or stamps.
a Serviceable Two Piece Morning arment. Pattern 3209 is here port 44,46 and 48 inches bust measure. medium size will require $71 / 2$ yards of 27 inch material. This would be attractive in cotton crepe with binding of mercernief for percale, lawn, figured voile, challie albatross, silk and crepe de chine. The widh of the skirt at its lower edge is 2
yards. A pattern of this illustration yardg. A pattern of this illustration
mailed to any address on receipt of 15 conts in silver or stamps.

A Practical, Comfortable Dress for
3198 is her or Invalid Wear. Pattern $34,36,38,40,42,44$ and 46 inche 7 ses: 34, $36,38,40,42,44$ and 46 inches bust lower edge is 2 yards. A medium size will require 734 yards of 38 inch material Taffieta, serge, foulard, voile, linen, shanbe used for this design. A pattern of thi illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 cents in silver or stamps. A , Pretty Frock for the "Little Tot." Pattern 3200 was employed for this style. It is cut in 4 sizes: $4,6,8$ and yards of 27 inch material. This model may be developed in blue chambrey with colored or white feather stitched braid, or in crepe, gingham, poplin, wash silk, shantung or linen. Unbleached muslin, with or blue would be simple, serviceable and effective. A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 A Simple Comfortas. A Siimple Comfortable Frock. 2813 soile, batiste, linen, chambrey, swiss,
silk and lawn are good for this model. It closes on the shoulders. The belt holds the fulness at the waistline. The pattern is cut in 5 sizes: 2, $4,6,8$ and 10 years Size 6 will require $23 / 4$ yards of 36 ins material. A pattern of this illustration
mailed to any address on receipt of 15 ents in silver or stamps.
A Pretty Frock. Pattern 3188 was used for this style. It is cut in 3 sizes:16, 18 , and 20 years. A 16 year size will require $61 / 4$ yards of 44 inch material. The Printed voile, challie, crepe or organdie will be attractive for this model. The unic portions may be omitted. A pattern of this ilustration mailed to any adaress
A ComFortable "Easy to Màke" Apron. Pattern 3187 was employed to develop this model. It is cut in 4 sizes mall, 32-34; medium, 36-38; large, 40-42; extra large, 44-46 inches bust measure. In
brown and white check gingham with Continued $\supset n$ Poge 5

## This Adjustable Dress Form WILL COST YOU NOTHING <br>  <br> The＂Collapso Queen＇＂pays for it－ self in the dressmaker＇s cost it saves <br> Here＇s an ideal way to circumvent the high price of spring and summer clothing．With the aid of the＂Collapso Queen＂Adjustable Dress Form，you can re－make those last year＇s suits and dresses－ which are not worn out but only out of style－ into beautifully new garments． <br> Or you can make a wonderfully－becoming new dress with only the cost of material；and often the saving gained in making it yourself pays for even the materia <br> A Perfect Fit Regard <br> The＂Patehted＂hinged waist of the＂Collapso Queen＂Patented ins hinged waist of the＂Collapss ment．Each and every hip and waist adjust－ ment．Each and every section may be changed without affecting other parts．There is no without affecting other parts．There is no figure，normal or abnormal，which cannot be fitted with this femarkable form．By a simple fitted with this femarkable form．By a simple adjustment your figure can be duplicated before Yore yous You can fit all your dresses－party street，or house quickly，accurately an pleasantly，and and feel better． <br> You can collapse this wonderful form and stand it on a table when fitting blouse stand it on a table when fitting blouses and waists．And when not in use it can be stored <br> in a special fibre box furnished for the purpose <br> Adjustable Dress Form Co．of Canada，Limited 14 Millstone Lane TORONTO <br> Our Special Instalment Offer      Nind <br> What Size Form to Order   雷

## Another Great Offer

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 FOR ONE YEAR
 FORJONE YEAR，AND
The $\mathbb{J n}^{2}$ merial Collection of $\mathbb{T}$ ranster


## f fok \＄1．． 25

## This is the Big Offer of the Year

The extraordinary success of the Parisienne Embroidery Outfit last season has led us to again make an offer which will appeal to our lady readers．Remember，the Imperial Collection has never before been offered，and．we expect an extraordinary demand．
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USE THIS COUPON

THE WESTERN HOME MONTHLY．WINNIPEG
I enclose $\mathbf{\$ 1}_{1.25 \text { ．for }}$ which please send me The Free Press Prairie Farmer for one year．The W
Transfer Designs．
Name
ADDRESS

## Fashions and Patterns

## Continued from Page 5

facings of white drill，or in blne chambrey piped with white or red，this would be very preasing．Sateen，alpaca，percale or lawn
could also be used．$A$ medium size will require 5 yards of 36 inch material．A pattern of this illustration mailed to any
address on receipt of 15 cents in silve or stamps．
A House Dress for Mature Figures． 2842－This is a good style for a work Percale，gingham，linen，lawn，rep poptin，and seersucker，are desirabl materials for this design．The sleeve
may be in wrist or shorter lenoth．The may be in wrist or shorter length． 46 and 48 inches bust measure．Size 38 requires $43 / 4$ yards of 44 inch material Width of skirt at lower edge，is about $2 \%$ yarrs．A pattern of this icustration cents in silver or stamps
A Popular Model for School Wear Pattern 3191.1 was employed to make 14 years．A 12 year size will require yards of 44 inch material．Serge，linen， drill，jean，khaki，washable satin，madraa and shantung could be used for the blouse The same materials are good for the skir voile or poplin．A pattern of this illus tration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 cents in silver or stamps．
A Very Attractive Dress Pattern 3199 is here shown．It is cut in 3 sizes： 12 ，
14 ，and 16 years．A 14 year size will require $33 /$ yearss．of 44 inech material cabardine may be used for this in in bination with contrasting materials．The over blouse is finished separately．A pattern of this illustration mailed to any or stamps．
A Dainty Under Garment．Pattern 3206 supplies this style．It is cut in 4 sizes：small， $32-34$ ；medium， $36-38$ ；large，
$40-42$ ；and extra large， $44-46$ inches bust measure．Nainsook，lawn，batiste，crepe silk，crepe de chine，cambric，and muslin may be used for this model．The yoke may be of embroidery，insertion，or lace
A medium size will require 33 yards of 36 inch material．A A patterr of this illuss
tration mailed to any address on receip tration mailed to any address on receipt
of 15 cents in silver of 15 cents in silver or stamps．

Countless have been the cures worked b Countless have been the cures worked b
Holloway＇s Corn Cure．It has a powter of tit own not found in other preparations．

14 Patterns of Essential Garments For Baby．Infant＇s Layetter 3112－2 These simple styles，all of which are pro－ and easy to make．The cloak may be cashmere，Bedford cord，serge or silk．It may be finished without the cape collar． The cap is suitable for the same material
and for lawn，nainsook，cambric and for lawn，nainsook，cambric or cor
duroy．The Kimono and Sack will devel op nicely in flannel，cashmere，silk，domet or outing flannel．The slip is nice for nainsook，lawn or cambric．The Pinning Blanket may be of domet，or outing flannol
or wool flannel．
The shirt of cambric flannel．The Diaper drawers of Cambri diaper cloth，or rubberized material．The barrie coat of cambric or long cloth．The Bootee of silk，quilted satin，eiderdown o

feet gown of flannelet，flannel or cambri nd the bib of silk lawn or cambric．It W 2 3／yards；（b）Carriage Robe， 21 y yarde （c）cold feet gown， 214 yards；（d）kimono，
$21 / 8$ yards；（e）Slip， $21 / 2$ yards；（f barrie oat 21 yards（h）cap 5 yards；（i）shirt $3 / 4$ yard；（ $j$ ）diaper drawers， $1 / 2$ yard；（k） $3 / 8$ yard，flannel， 78 yard（n）bib， $1 /$ yard （o）bootee， $1 / 4$ yard；（ $p$ ）band， $1 / 4$ yard Price 25 ．
Infant＇s Short Clothes Outit． 10 Practical Patterns of Baby Garments． 125－Composed of a yoke dress to be fil shed with long or short sleeves．A simplo and bishop sleeve a cap in dutch style， and bishop sleeve，a cap in duter
Continued on Page 55


Stylish and Serviceable This new All－Wool Slipover is becom－ ingly useful for spring and summer wear．It is finished with bell sleeves， sailor collar and frilled skirt，trim－ med with cord and tassels at neck waist and cuffs．


## MAY, 1920

## Fashions and Patterns

 Continued from Page 54 a night dress, a petticoat with added waist, a feeding apron, drawers, rompers and chambray, also flannelet may be used for the dresses and rompers. The coat is will develop nicely in fur, velvet, corduroy, cloth, silk or lawn. The night gown, underwaist and petticoat in flannel, flannelet, muslin or cambric. The feeding apron in jean, towbric or longcloth. The pattern is cut in one size. It requires of 36 inch material. (a) yoke dress, 2 yards; (b) coat, 214 yards; (c) bonnet, 2 $13 / 2$ yards; ruffle, $3 / 8$ yard; (f) feeding $1 / 8$ yards, rum (h) drawers, $3 / 4$ yard; (i) ompers, 13 , yards; ( j ) underwaist, 3 , yard; (k) play dress, 3 yards. Price 25 c A Smart Costume for the Growing Girl. 2845 -This makes a pretty suit or linen, the waist could be of matched serye. or of organdie. The design is also nice for gingham. The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: 12 , 14 and 16 years. Size 14 re quires 5 yards of 44 inch material. address on receipt of 15 cents in silver or tamps.A Popular Suit Style. Coat pattern 214 and skirt. 3212 are here combined The coat is cut in 7 sizces:34, $36,38,40,42$ tirt in 7 sizes: $22,24,26,28,3032$ and skirt in 7 sizes: $22,24,26,28,30,32$ an
34 inches waist measure. It will requir 41/4 yards of material for the skirt and 25 yards for the coat of 44 inch material. As
and ere portrayed plaid suiting and serge are

combined. One could use taffeta or satin with braid or embroidery for trimming plaits extended is about $21 / 2$ yards. Thi illustration calls for two separate patterns which will he mailed to any address on receipt of in cents for each pattern in silver or stamps.
A Pretty Gown. Showing jumper The blouse is cut in 6 sizes $34,36,3840$ 42 and 44 inches bust measure The skirt in 6 sizes: 22, 24, 26, 28, 30 and 32 style as illustrated me. To develop this style as illustrated, will require $63 / 8$ yards taffeta or linen, braided or embroidered in contrasting or self color would be good for this style. The width of the skirt at lower edge, is $13 / 4$ yards. This illustration will be mailed to any address on which of 15 cents for each pattern in silver or

A Pretty Dress for Mother's Girl Pattern 3201 was selected for this design It is cut in 4 sizes: $6,8,10$, and 12 years. A
10 year size will require $31 / 2$ yards of 36 10 year size will require $31 / 2$ yards of 36 choose taffeta with satin for the one could or plaid suiting and serge combined Shantung in a natural shade combined. effective with the bands embroidered in outline stitches or chenille. Linen with tive. A pattern of this illustration attrac to any adtress on receipt of 15 cents in

## The Western home Monthly

A Dainty Boudoir Set. Pattern 3194 If you've got the fancy that you're the is cut the styles here illustrated. I is cut in 4 sizes: small, 32 -34; medium inches bust measure. A mediume, 44-46 require $27 / 8$ yards of 36 inch material for the sack and $3 / 4$ yard of 22 inch material for the cap. Lawn, batiste, handkerchief cretonne, flannel and flannelette are suit able for this style. A pattern of this illus tration mailed to any address on receipt of 15 cents in silver or stamps.

## GO AHEAD AND TRY

 Max D. Major If you've got the notion that you are If things keep on arisingjust the one
o put the Bolsheviki boy square upon The whole thing's in a big mix-up
the run, the run,

Everything is going up,
Ain't nothing coming down,
The best thing you can tackle is to go
Refrain:

Go ahead and try, my bully, Go ahead, and try, And everything's awry; The whole concern is out of gear,
The bearing's squeaking dry The bearing's squeaking dry, Go ahead and try And everything is high.

Go ahead and try

Pretty little tootsy girl, Lives beside the lane, You'd like to call her yours, you know, And love her all the sames,
Put are to pop the questio Cut out the foolish thought Go ahead and try.

Little cottage, neath the hill, You'd like to call your own Handy place to bring her to, And there to make a home; True they will not sell it now They'll do so by and by, Go ahead and try.

(1) HE making of fine Chocolates demands more than men and machines. It is a science brought to perfection only by long experience and specialized endeavor. The experience of half a century is behind the "Dilecto" assortment of G. B. Chocolates, which consists of Creams, Nuts, Fruits, Hard Centers, ugatines and Marshmallows.

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ahe adelecto" Box mporg

## Orisinated b

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## SixRose Bushes <br> For You!

AGARDEN OF ROSES! How enchanting it is to loiter between the green-leaved bushes and to pick just the blossoms whose delicate color and perfume appeal to you! The Western Home Monthly offer you your own rose garden of six hardy ever-blooming roses of the choicest varieties.

The rose bushes you will receive are strong, healthy, one-year-old pot-grown plants, which will thrive the first year if given ordinary care. Well have the poets written so much about roses! The brilliant scarlet rose of infinite charm and grace-the Maman, with its double blooms of brilliant pinkthe Cochet, so large, so appealingly white! Then there is the Etoile de Lyon, with its rich yellow blossoms and full form-the Maiden s Blush -and Helen Good, than so hardy a flower never bloomed-and the La France, whose thick clusters never lose their color

## Our Offer

We will send you the six rose bushes-if, when sending your own subscription to The Western Home Monthly, you also send the subscription of one of your friends. If your subscription does not expire for some time, you may send your renewal in advance. We will send you the roses and extend your subscription for a year from its present expiration date
The Western Home Monthly
Winnipeg
I accept your offer and enclose
$\$ 2.00$. Send the roses and The
Western Home Monthly for one
year to
$\stackrel{\mathrm{My}}{\mathrm{Name}}$
Address
Send The Western Home Monthly
for one year to
$\begin{aligned} & \text { My Friend's } \\ & \text { Name. }\end{aligned}$

Address


## Children's Cosy Corner

## Bobbie's Fishing Trip

 By Harriet Sutherland Bobbie started for a strol "In his hand a fishing pole. "How astonished mother'll be!" So the straightest path he took To the margin of the brook; For he saw-what do you think?Why, a frog of shiny green! Biggest frog he'd ever seen On a pad of monstrous size,
Looking right in Bobbie's eyes! Not a word did Bobbie say, But he turned and ran away Ran with all his speed until
He was safe beyond the hill!
And the frog with solemn eye Watched him run and wondered why That is all the little tale

## Something to Learn

 There was a young man who wasBy twenty-two cats and a kitten; Sighed he, "It is clear
My finish is near
No matter, I'll die like a Briton

## Letty's Globe

When Letty had scarce passed her third
glad year,
And her young artless words began to flow, One day we gave the child a colored sphere
Of the wide earth, that she might mark Of the wide earth, that she might mar
and know, By tint and outline, all its sea and land. She patted all the world, old empire
peeped
Between her baby fingers; her soft hand
Was welcome at all frontiers. How sh Was welcome at all frontiers. How sh And laughed an
wide bliss!
And when we turned her
"Oh, yes, I see she raised a joyous cry
And while she hid all England with a kiss Bright over Europe fell her golden hair Charles Tennyson Turne

Tulip

## Who wants

Of purple fold,
Embroidered down
The seams with gold?
See here!-a Tulip richly laced,
To please a royal fairy's

How Tommy ${ }_{0}$ Atkins Got His Name The English soldier was not alway: known as Tommy. It happened in uhis
way. The war office issued a little notebook to the men requesting each one to name, age, date of enlistment, etc.
So that they would not make any mistakes a copy of the front page was filled out properly in each book under the name o
Tommy Atkins. It did not take long Tommy Atkins. It did not take long boys, and it is to-day as significant of the
English fighting man as John Bull is of English fightin
England itself.

A Little Chat with Bobby Burke Boys and Girls of the Cosy Corner: It's not often that ihe Editor will
bother you with a talk, bue a few things I want to say, a few explavetions I nant to make, so please come over
in my corner and make rourselves comin my corner and make yourselves comhave been getting some pretty fine letters from boys and girs in the last few week, in the corner along with the names of
those whose stories or letters were perhans too long to print. spoke of in the first chat we had together,
$\qquad$
heirs and so become members of the club. In future we are going to say very
plainly every month under what headings plainly every month under what headings
we want you to write. We have received we want you to write. We have received
lately several contributions heading "Something to Read", and while these have all been good things to read, it is the Editor's idea that "Something to Read" should be provided for you every month and not by you. Look carefully over the corner and see just what the
special competitions are for the month and what the special headings under which we want you to write. Address your letters carefully, labelling them on the outside for the right department,
and send them in so they will reach Winnipeg before the 8th of the month, that is, stories, etc., for May must be here before May 8th. Can you remember these few explanations, and forgive the
Editor for taking up your space. Editor for taking up your space. Here's
hoping to have a mail bag full of letters from you.

Bobby Burke.

## Something To Do

To Cook Eggs-Goldenrod 4 hard boiled eggs, 1 tablespoon flour, teaspoon salt, $1 / 8$ teaspoon pepper, parsley, Make a thin white sauce by melting the butter over the fire, stir in the flour, and when smooth add the milk gradually. Let it come to a boil, stirring as it thickens,
add the seasonings. Remove the shells add the seasonings. Remove the shells
from the eggs and separate whites from yolks. Chop the whites and add them to he sauce. Cut the slices of toast in half lengthwise, arrange on a hot platter and
pour over the sauce. Press the pour over the sauce. Press the yolks
through a potato ricer or strainer, sprinkle them over the top, garnish with parsley
and serve very hot and serve very hot.

A Paper Cutter
Get some thin soft wood (basswood is good). You will need a piece from
8 to 10 inches long and from wide. Draw your design on paper first,
 transfer it to the wood by tracing and a fretsaw or a sharp knife. Bevel the the faces if you like and stain the blade and apply shellac to it.

Something To Amuse You Little Edward had not come up to his parents' expectations in his studies, "Why is it," asked the father impatiently, "that ysked the father, imhottom of the class? You never seem yo qet anywhere else. II should think "I can't see that it makes any difference father," replied Edward pacifically. "You
know," hey teach the same thing at both nds."-Harper's Magazine.
Something Received
from the following hovs and gire letters Anna
from the following hors and girls: Anna
Kedziora, Coper Creek. Iardo. B.C.; Kedziora, Cooper Creek. I Iardo. B.C.;
Maxine I. Sutherland, Hillerest Farm,

MAY, 1920
The Western hóme Monthly
A Ready Answer
A man samed Wood, who was proud of his reputation for making jokes, met Continued from Page 56 Caroline La Rocque, Lebret, Sask.; Lena Elk, Makinak; sent in both a story and a adeseription of a bird house, which latter
desin descuill try and publish later with a few
we wanges. changes. Boys and Girls:-As, our dear
Dear
Editor plans to make a boys' and girls' Editor we have to help in order to get it started. I read the stories of March
g issue, it is so interesting and also the little verses and making useru.
very much the birl, dear friends, I am sending a few
Well funny stories as our Editor asked. I ell, Ithink spring is here now becauser saw a crow this morning and aver found ary yesterday. I have never forsy willows yet. but I will hunt for some this week as Easter holidays will soon start.

## Unexpected Dramatics

"You look very sad, little boy," said the old lady. "Can I be of any help to
you little boy who had been reading stories of the kind usually found in the
"penny dreadfuls," struck an attitude "penny dread
"Hist, old woman! Thou can'st of signal service to me, and thou wilt See'st yon tobaccy shop across the way?
Take this bronze coin and bid the scurvy knave within to supply thee with two cigarettes and a match! Be secret,
mother, and betray me not, or thy life mother, and betray me not, or shall pay the forfeit! I will await thee here. Begone!"-Titbits.
Aunt Kizzie, a negro wash woman who had gloried in her widowhood, suddenly "I thought you were nev marry again," her employer remarked.
"Well, I didn't 'low I ,would, but you see it was this a-way," Aunt Kizzie heavy that I either had to marry Sam
to tote 'em around for me or else buy me a mule, an' I decided it would be less trouble to marry Sam."-World Outlook.
The Manchester Guardian tells the Jimmy and Leo had been naughty, and the teacher had ordered them to stay indoors during playtime and to write out each his own name a thousand times.
The boys started to work with energy but after five minutes Jimmy was observed to slacken, apparently thinking very hard. Then he stopped and burst into "What's the matter, Jimmy?" asked
the teacher "Tain't f ar!" he sobbed. "His name Table Manners
The Goops they lick their fingers Ther spill their broth on the table-cloth; Oh, they lead disgusting lives; The Goops they talk while eating, And loud and fast they chew; and that is why 1 m glad that


## Something to Exchange

How, about that "swop" corner? Havent to any of you boys anything you send in a notice and we will print it for you.

Something For You to Try Send us in the three best funny stories you know and the boy or girl who send

We want a pattern for an apron Something prett: eetul
girls, here is your chance.

We want from the hoys a good description of a bird house that any boy could build and with it a snapshot of the bir
house completed.


Sumbonnet Baby and Overall Boy 60 -dish package of Quaker.

The package
of food value. ideal food. oats in right proportion.

## Price 40c-

The Cost of a 60-Dish Package of Quaker Oats


35 Cents A 60 -dish
Quaker Oats 4in critin
A small fish will cost you the same amount-enough to serve four people. nearly that-only enough for eags at this writing cost nearly as much as that

## Mark the Food You Get

The fish, eggs or chops which that 40 c buys will not average one-ninth as much. As a food they cannot compare with oats. For the oat is the greatest food that grows.
It is almost a complete food, nearly the It is almost a complete food, nearly the

About all the human body needs is in


This is how the calory cost compares
For Seven Eggs
with ther necesary fookls, based on prices at thi
 writing:

40 Cents

or a 60 -Dish Pack
6221
Calories
The wise housewife's conclusion must be this
The proper breakiast is Quakere Oats. It means supreme nutrition And the 85 per cent that

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quaker oik the cream of the oats, the foon when you ask for this pre ane bushel. You mier brand<br>Packed in Sealed Round Packages with Removable Cover


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## Mother's Section

## It Can Be Done

 How came the Pyramids to rise? Some old Egyptian builder's mind Brooding beneath the desert skies,Their vast sublimity outlined; Their vast sublimity outlined;
He knew the cruel toil they meant, The shifting sand, the burning sun Yet steadfast to the work he went With one brave will: "It can be done
How came the Parthenon to stand Far-gleaming from its classic height The brain of Phidias, and the hand
Of staunch Ictinus, day and night Shaped forth the vision-they alone The triumph of its grandeur won, For deeper than its corner stone
Stood their sure thought: "It can done!"

0 talisman of mighty deeds
Fronting all labors unafraid
Thy power each young endeavor ne
By many an obstacle dismayed; ew toils arise, new hopes are born, New struggles daily are begun-
But still, above all foes, all scor Ring the great words: "It can be

## Intercession

When the Bible Study Class di persed after its morning session, Mar and suggested a walk round the campus Evelyn Dodge glanced at her watch. "Little juniors must be indulgently reated, I suppose," she replied whim sically, "and I have twenty whol ture. How many times round, Margie? "Oh, two or three, please! I'm troubled about something. I need you to help me "Out with it!" ordered Evelyn as they started down the maple-boarded "It was our topic in class this mornspoke of it as if it were an essential part of the Christian's life, and the class seemed to take the same attitude. But
I don't believe in it. Do you, Evelyn?" The older girl picked up a fallen leaf and studied its rich coloring before she answered, "Yes, under certain conditions. Why not?" reasonable!" protested Margaret. "If the relation between God and ourselves is really personal, like that of
father and child, as Christ taught that it is, then why should anyone need another to pray for him?
A shadow flitted over Evelyn's thought ful face. Then her dark eyes smiled
serenely into Margaret's troubled blue "I ones. ( felt that way about it until a year ago," she answered slowly. "And then, during those months when I was so desperately sick and the odds seemed all
against me, I had a strange experience. against me, I had a strange experience.
I think I had always had a strong personal faith since childhood, and believed
that nothing 'could rob me of it. But when the pain and fatigue of those long months had weakened and unnerved me, I all my interest in life. I I am sure that I still believed passively that sure that God, and that He is an all-wise and lov ing God; but I seemed to have lost all
sense of personal communion with Himall real consciousness of his presence." lake that sparkled in the October mornsilence.
Then one day Dr. Stanley called a the hospital to see me. He had always appealed to me as a college pastor,
although I had never known him very well as a friend. I was too weak to say much, but he somehow grasped the
fact that I was being swallowed up by the darkness; and before he left he knelt
at mr bedside without permission or at my bedside without permission or shall never forget: it was so simple and
ferrent, so intimate-so powerful. As
I lay there wonderingly-just listening -tears crept down my face, and tha
little sick room suddenly became intercession became very clear to of
then. I was all out of tune with God and with life. He was in close comnunion with God and in ardent touch have thought of earthly intercessors as tuners, whose sensitiveness to God's voice and contact with human hearts enables them to bring the two into harmony. I to your question, but it satisfied me" Margaret pressed her friend's hand affectionately. "It satisfies me, too," she said gratefully. "You are always such a first aid to doubters, Evelyn!"

THE UNWELCOME ANGEL One evening after dinner Robert Sanderson waked a troubled face.
with
"What's the matter, my boy?" asked the older man.
"Nothing very serious, I guess,", said the son, "only I'm up against a decision, and, as you know, I don't like to be "What's the decision you have to make, Robert,","
"Just this," replied the younger man. "Just this," replied the younger man. ship of the branch in St. Louis, and I don't know whether to accept or not. They want my decision to-morrow morning, and I don't know what to do. You see I'm not worried about the branch n itself. It is successful. The thing encugh to swing it. There's more moner in it than in my present job, and I shall have a chance to show what's in me, if there is anything. But I know my job here as superintendent, and this other is a leap into the dark. And yet it seems
to be the parting of the ways: it's to be the parting of the ways: it's
either take this now or settle down in the present job forever."
I know what you're facing, Robert," said the father kindly. "None of us likes to be driven face to face with a men have to face it. It is only growing persons who are never troubled by it. I should be anxious about you if, after ive years as superintendent, they hadn't seen fit to offer you this position. Deci ion has been forced on you by oppor-
tunity. And let me say further that the greater responsibility that opportunity opens up always leaves the right sort of man anxious and sober. You'll pardon my illustrating what I mean from 'Do you remember how young Gideon was threshing wheat by a cave one day to hide it from the Midianites, who were oppressing his people when the angel of the Lord came and told him to go forth as leader and redeem his people? And have Alas, 0 Lord God! for because ace.' That angel was about as welcome to Gideon as this larger opportunity is to you. He accepted the responsibility and succeeded, but just at that time he one else. "As I follow the stories of Bible leaders hrinking in the face of new responsibil ity. Moses had it when God told him to go to Pharaoh. Isaiah had it when God
told him to preach to the people of Judah. Jeremiah had it when he was called to prophesy, and said, 'Woe is me!' Saul had it when he was called to preach, and he hid his face and sank to the ground.
Yet none of those men failed. I think Yet none of those men failed. I think
that their very modesty was part of their qualification for big things. They knew a big job when they saw it. And
no man is fit for a big job until he has measured it and learned to respect its implications. On the other hand, only a craven backs a way when a big oppor-
tunity challenges him. You know the tunity challenges him. You know the
old saying: 'To dare to fail is noble; to fail to daring: 'To dare to fail is noble; to
fanoble.' I'd take the dare and leave the rest to God. If He has
called you, He'll equip you, as He did those of other men."
FAMILY WORSHIP FAMILY WORSHIP
"I studied for the ministry," said a
successful business man, "but I broke
down midway in my course of study.


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## MAY, 1920

## Mothers' Section Continued from Page 58

Four years in college and two in the theological seminary, working my way and spending my vacations in earning money undermined my health. I had to give up the ministry, that I would carry I entered business ideals and principles with had been mine when I planned to be a minister of the gospel. All in all, I think it easier to practice than to preach; but I have had to modify a number of my theories,
row. atarted family life with daily wor-
It ship and maintained it with increasing of business grew.. Finally-and I confess of with sorrow-I gave it up. It was almost imposing at any time in the day, and the hurried, perfunctory attempt grew wearisome and unprofitable, and I doubt if its value repaid the effort. I gave it up, and, although I am un
not see a remilar experience has occurred many homes. It must be confessed that regular family worship is nearly obsolete, yet the custom involves much that is it may
It may be true that the old-fashioned forms and methods of conducting family
prayers are not well adapted to the prayers are not with its great variety of demands and interruptions; yet any home is blessed that can gather its members for even a quiet two minutes for a united ppward look. A single verse of Scrip moment of united prayer would bless the family life of ${ }^{\circ}$ America and unify the higher interests of the home as almost no other one thing could do.
In the midst of so many interests that tend to disintegrate home life-the sep-
aration of the children into different rooms at school and into different groups of friends outside, and the diverging venues of life open before the feet of the older members-every influence is to bers under a common roof in a moment fuplift and inspiration. If the morning neal could be preceded or followed by ew minutes of devotion, home life would gain a quiet and repose that would have rast value for bodily health, for poise of spirit,

THE LAST SHIFT
By Mary Carolyn Davies
God did not finish the world He made eft to us the last;
hy should we cringe or be afraid, why should we stare aghast?
See! it is work for a master hand, steady and firm and sure,
ding a world that is built to stand,
to stand and to endure.
man's work, a man's work, here, lend a hand, you're needed.
What if a thousand men have failed where one man has succeeded?
the task again
ank God, He left us a piece of work that is big enough for men!
There's need of many a toiling man, and For ned of men who dream,
dreamers are the ones who plan the houlder to shoulder, brea
athing fast h, thus, like the men in ages past, w work for the Master, lad
A man's work, a man's work, here in the broiling sun,
Giving our muscle and brain to do the task God left undone,
houlder to shoulder working on, till our backs refuse to bend-
w'a work, a man's work, and a man'

To Asthma Sufferers.-Dr. I. D. Kellogg's.
Asthma Remed.
to a sinkinges comes like, a helping hand Asthma Remedy cores.-Dr. Iike a. helping hand
to a sinking swimmer. It gives new life and
hope by curing his trouble-something he has
cone
 argument be buestioned-it is its own be
you suffer frown best advertisement.

the Western home Monthly

## The Kitchen

Meat with Macaroni
Bath Buns
Chop two cupfuls of cold meat, add one tablespoonful of chopped parsley, the beaten yolks of two eggs, salt, pepone tablespoonful of butter in a Heat pan, add two tablespoonfuls of bread quarter of a pound of sugar, one ounce crumbs, one-half cupful of of bread let them rise again for in small buns, water and the meat mixture. Divide then bake in a hot oven for half an hour. into small greased molds or cups. Set the cups in a pan half filled with boiling water and bake in a hot oven for twenty minutes. Turn out on a hot platter and serve with nicely seasoned cook-
ed macaroni and hot white sauce.
of water; when of milk; add half a pint of water; when lukewarm add one yeast add a tablespoonful of molasses, a devel teaspoonful of salt, and sufficient graham
flour to make a batter that will drop flour to make a batter that will drop
from a spoon; beat for five minutes; cover and stand in a warm place, 75 degrees Fahrenheit, for three hours. Add one pint of, graham flour, beat again pour in three greased square pans cover and stand aside for one hour. Bak in a moderate oven for three-quarters of

One, Two, Three, Four Cake One cup of butter, two cups of sugar, three cups of flour, four eggs, half cur peel or a little salt, flavoring of lemon peel or lemon brandy, two teaspoonfuls aking powder. Method:-Beat the but ter and sugar to a light cream. Breal baking powder, and salt together, and powder, and salt toget
Continued on Page 60


## 

The Kitchen
Continued from Page 59 Co the other ingredien milk. Bake in a flat tin for about an hour. This cake may be iced with ad-

## Virginia Biscuits

Rub one teaspoonful of shortening into uart of soft white flour a add a level teaspoonful of salt. Mix two-thirds of a cupful of milk with an equal quantity
stirring all the while; the dough must be hard, not wet. It may not take the ntire quantity of moisture; for this eason add it gradually. Knead the dough continuously for fiftean
longer, folding and turning constantly. Perhaps they are never more happily in Roll in a sheet as thin as a wafer, cut evidence than when found in the schoo in biscuit shape, prick the top of each luncheon basket.
one with a fork. Stand in a baking-pan, Do you know how valuable nuts ar where they will not touch each other, and
bake in a moderate oven until crisp and

If well made these biscuits are very
light and digestible light and digestible.
as food? Food experts say that we ea far too few of them. For the nut wafer work two tablespoonfuls of butter until creamy, using a wooden spoon, preferrably a wooden cake spoon which has the slits,
then add gradually while stirring and then add gradually while sirring and
beating constantly one-fourth of a cup ful of granulated sugar and one egg well beaten. Mix and sift one teaspoonful of baking powder, one-fourth of a teaspon-
ful of salt, and half a cupful of pastry flour (once sifted). Add to first mixture then add two teaspoonfuls of milk, half then add two teaspoonfuls of milk, half

- a cupful of fine ehopped peanuts and half
a teaspoonful of lemon juice., Drop from



## Their Food Values are the Same

Government analysis will verify the fact that MACARONI contains nearly twice the food value of sirloin or any other choice meats. The thrify housewife will also appreciate the difference in the cost of the two-she will appreciate this A pure hard wheat product made in Canada in economy more when she realises that Macaroni can be prepared in over 100 delicious and appetizing dishes.
sanitary sunlit factories where every safeguard is taken that the finished product reaches you in its purity, packed in dustproof package.

Try Macaroni for dinner tomorrow-today. It is easily and quickly prepared YOUR GROCER CARRIES MACARONI-ASK HMM FOR IT.

A food for the hungry-rich or poor

one inch apart and place half a peanu on top of each. Bake fifteen minutes in two dozen cookies.

## Sausages with Tomatoes

 Skin one half-pound of sausages, an divide each in halves. Cut even-sized from three halves, and remove any rind the sausages into flat round Shape rather larger around than the cake the tomatoes. This is necessary cause, when fried, the cakes shrink as the fat melts out. Fry the cakes a light brown on both sides and flatten them out a little to make them match the tomatoes in size. Lay a sausage cake oneach half tomato, on that put half each half tomato, on that put half a
slice of bacon and then the second tomato. Press them well together, and heat the tomatoes in a quick oven until they are tender but not broken. Put short thick piece of parsley stalk int the top of each tomato and serve hot

## The Kitchen Garden

During the spring and summer months every able-bodied person ought to get up the garden There will be work outside the tenement districts of the cities who will not have some kind of garden this year. The success of the garden will be measured entirely by tha intensive cultivation that the owner is willing to give it. Good seed and fer-
tilizer are essential, of course, but they are not of themselves sufficient to produce good results; and the gardener who buys good seed and fertilizer and then plants his garden only to neglect it is in his helping the sack. He not only is no he is hindering it by wasting materials that in the possession of another might have been three or four times as pro ductive.
To lay
To lay out your garden with mathe matical accuracy and artistic eye, to dig it and rake it and smooth it, to plant it with care, to exult over the small green rows when they appear, to hoe and watcr and weed, to thin out the plants tha pation for the early morning or early evening hours, except indeed harvesting the crops when they ripen. To work late in the garden and to go to bed early means usually that you will get up early to do some early work in the garden. It It means filling not only the market basket but the barrels and the bins and the glass jars; it means taking yourseli market, and leaving for the vegetable mat could not do for some family food that you, if you had not labored with your hands, would have bought it means relieving the railways of the necessity of keeping you supplied with articles that you can produce,--all good enough reasons laziness of the morning the apathy of late afternoon, for toiling and sweat ing and blistering and aching, and for being glad to undergo discomfort and weariness.
market basket, fill the barrels and the bins and the glass jars!

## Tripe with Oysters

Cover one pound of well washed tripe with silghtly salted water and cook
slowly for one hour. Blend two table spoonfuls each of butter and flour in a saucepan over the fire, add the water in which the tripe was cooked, bring to a boiling point, add the tripe cut in small pieces, twenty-four oysters, and mer until the oysters are cooked and mer until the

> The Oil of the People.-Many, oils have
come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric
Oil
> come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric
Oil continues to maintain its position and
increast inter increase its shere of usefulness each year.
Its sterling qualities have brought it to the
front and kept it there, and it can truly be Tront and kept it there, and it can truly ye
called the oil of the people. Thousands have
benefted by it and would use no other pie
paration.

## 7

The Western home monthly

## Eggs in Potato Nests

Make cakes of mashed potato, seasoned well. Make a depression in the centre of each. In this drop an egg. Place in the oven till the egg is cooked. toes to make room for an egg carefully dropped in each. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, and cook in a baking dish in the oven till the whites of the eggs are firm.

## Scrambled Eggs

Use tomato sauce in place of milk scrambling eggs. Add cooked diced bacon to scrambled eggs. Add sauted mushrooms to scrambled eggs, and serve on toast.

SOME APPETIZING BREAKFAST RECIPES
Many consider breakfast the most im portant meal of the day, and while eggs are generally the most popular item on the breakfast bill of fare, yet there are many other delightful appetizing items to consider,
here below:
Cocoanut and Cornmeal Waffles Beat two eggs until light, add two cupfuls of sour milk or buttermilk, two cupfuls of flour sifted with one teaspoonful each of baking powder, salt and sugar; melt one tablespoonful each of butter and lard and add them with one teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in one tablespoonful of warm water, half cupful of chopped cocoanut. Mix
carefully and cook on hot, well-greased waffle irons. Serve hot with butter nd syrup.

Cream Toast with Cheese Sprinkle hot toasted bread thickly with grated cheese, and place in a Pour over white sauce and serve hot. Another method is to cook one tabl spoonful of flour in two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, add one teaspoon'ful of salt, and gradually stir in one pint of hot milk or cream. Stir until it thickens, then pour over slices of dry cheese and serve hot
Fried Hominy Slices
Pack some boiled hominy very closely in a greased bread pan. Cool, cut into
thick slices, and fry in hot fat. Serve on hot platter alone or with chops.


## The Frequent Cause of Nervous Breakdown

NOTHING so certainly breaks down the nervous system as constant straining of the eyes.
You may think that sewing is light work and wonder why it tires you.

It is the strain on the eyes.
The controlling of the sight is the most delicate work of the nervous system and when there is strain on the eyes there is an enormous waste of nervous energy.

There are times when it seems necessary to stick at this work for long hours and to sew by artificial light, but you may have to pay for it by a nervous breakdown.

It is then well to know about Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, as a means of restoring a rundown nervous system.
Whatever may be the cause of your nervous breakdown, it has been demon-
strated in many thousands of cases that there is nothing like Dr. Chase's Nerve Food to restore the depleted nerve cells.
Headaches, tired feelings, sleeplessness, indigestion, lack of energy and appetite are some of the indications of an exhausted condition of the nerves.

Your digestive system is failing to supply the necessary nutrition to the blood and nerves, so it becomes necessary to employ such restorative treatment as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.
Rest will help. Eating only wholesome, nutritious food will benefit. But restoration is very greatly hastened and ensured by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. 50 cts., a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates \& Co., Ltd., Toronto. On every box of the genuine you will find the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the fampus Receipt Book author.


VERCURY Underwear for Women was designed to follow the lines of the female form.
That, combined with the best in materials and the greatest care in making, accounts for the snug, even fit and the comfort enjoyed by every wearer of a Mercury garment.
In Natural Wool, finest Cashmere and Light Weight Woont Every garment unshrinkable-
every garment of the popular Mercury quality.
If your dealer does not sell Mercury lines; send us his name.
MRRCURY MILLS, LIMTTED, Hamilton, Canada
Makers of Underwear and Hosiery for Men, Women
and Children.
cuercury
Underwear

"I feel grand! That Headache, Biliousness


[^2]
## Correspondence

## CAN YOU OBLLGE?

Dear Editor and Readers:-
I have been going to write for a long time, but it seemed $I$ always kept putting it off till now.
Haven"t we had. a very severe winter. It has been terribly coll around here, but spring will surely be with us soon
and we will forget our troubles through and we will
the winter
I agree with what "Lover of Home" says about dancing. I enjoy reading the
stories in "The Western Home Do any of the members take the "Tllustrated Companion?" I would like to get the August, 1919, number. I would
be very thankful if anyone would send be very thankful if anyone would send
it to me. My address is with the Editor. it to me. My address is with the Editor. Morning Glory.

## A FARMER AND TRAPPER

Dear Editor and Readers:-
May a lonely bachelor of twienty become a member of your jolly circle? I
have only been a reader of your fine have only been a reader of your fine
paper for a short time. I left England ${ }_{12}$ paper for a a short time. and have been in Canada 12 years ago, and have been in Canada
10 years. I like Canada. 10 years. 1 like Canada. pect, like myself, you will all be glad to see it. 1 am a farmer and trapper. 1 like trapping very much, and do a lot of it. In the summer my uncle and work the farm, and in the winter I go trapping, and uncle looks after the farm am very fond of hunting, shooting, etc., and do a lot of it
I agree with "Canadian Girl." I think
her letter was just right.
I have a folding camera and take snaps. I would like to hear from some of the girl readers. My address is with

Love Sick Farmer.

## OT FROZEN

I have been an interested reader of your page for some time so I thought I would now write a letter.
$I$ live in the country and am certainly having a good time. I enjoy and join in all sports.
I am sure everyone will be glad when summer comes, as the winter has been
so long. We have had seven months of it now, and we shall be glad to see, green grass and flowers again.
I wish to say that the English brides have been welcomed in this district. We have not been "frozen" as "Ex-Sergeant" says. I don't think he can know Canadian girls very well. I wish he would while
I must close before I make my letter too long. Would like to correspond with any members of my own age (17). I will
sign myself, sign myself,

Curls.


## Correspondence

Continued from Page 63 eir interesting letters and the Editor for such nice reading. One could never get as good aere they may go, and look mo matter ${ }^{2}$ ther it is printed on. No cheap at the paper it all. I am one of those western achelors, and have quite a time someimes doing my own housekeeping, es pecially when I am making lapjacks One morning when I had quite a good batch made, the gander and one of the calves got to ighting, and Whan I came at what do you think, the dog had unt got away with the last flapjack Wont some of the readers be kind enough to send me a recipe for another batch. The Editor has my name and address.

A Lonely Bach.

## MY SECRET

By Grace G. Bostwick
It is such a little thing-my secret and yet it has changed the world of dear people for me. It has made gver my own life and given me an insight
into the hearts of others, which makes them altogether lovable in my eyes. Look for the good that is in every ne! That is all there is to it.
When you are looking for the good, you cannot see evil, for you can see only one thing at a time. And the way in which goodness leaps toward you, in response, is truly marvelous. I have een a crabbed, sour face that was lined with wrinkles or bitterness melt resoate attitude of mind. I have seen that face smile tenderly and tears of compas sion rise to the eyes that had been so prone to enmity. This, too, with otal stranger myself hunting for a room in which to live, with nothing at all t epay such kindly interest but lovin thought.
I have met with friendship among people of the highest classes as well as poverty, garbed in clothing that was habby to the last degree. (Why? Simply because I saw the sweetness within, and it leaped to meet me. I have conquered business difficulties with this same attitude, seeing only justice intent that seemed so apparent.
$I$ have found that one of the soundest rinciples of existence is that what wo ive out to the world in our own though exactly what we receive.
Oddly enough, when this attitude of receptiveness to good in others is cultimanity, such as envy, pride, hatred, covetousness, criticism, jealousy, self pity and self-love, seem to depart of their barn accord, taking with them depression, wretchedness and unhent ness generally. Even the bodily health hows marked improvement, for it is well-known fact to modern science that hatever adds to the wholesome conten the mental life also correspondingly fiects the physical.
Now, after several years of this re rarely catch myself looking upon thothe with a thought of criticism. I who use 0 pride myself on my critical facultythinking absurdly enough as I see now that it denoted intellect-find that the good in humanity of every class and tation is paramount. It is, in fact, th to me to see the human sert in ity is under all the superficial faults of man kind-wholly good, and I wonder how ever managed to live under my old way of thinking.
my bearing no false witness" agains my neighbor in my own thought that ha And this, I believe, is the my inspiration. piness-as it is of brotherhood.



ERCURY Underwear for Women was de-
signed to follow the lines of the female signed to follow the lines of the female form.

That, combined with the best in materials and the greatest care in making, accounts for the snug, even fit and the comfort enjoyed by every wearer of a Mercury garment.
In Natural Wool, finest Cashmere and Light Weight Wool. Every ga Cular Mercury quat every garment of the popul
If your dealer does not sell Mercury lines ${ }_{j}$ send us his name.
MERCURY MILLS, LIMITED, Hamilton, Canada
Makers of Underwear and Hosiery for Men, Women
Jrercury
Underwear


## 117



ACHROMATIC MELESSCOPE MADE UPON MEW SGIENTIFTC PRRNCTPIES.





## Correspondence

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120 years ago, and have been in Canada 12 years ago, and have been in Canada
10 years. I like Canada. Spring will soon be here, and I expect, like myself, you will all be glad
to see it. $\bar{I}$ am a farmer and trapper. to see it. I am a farmer and trapper.
1 like trapping very much, and do a lot I like trapping very much, and do a 10 of it. In the summer my uncle and go
work the farm, and in the winter I work the farm, and in the after the farm trapping, and ancle
himself. It is a stock farm we have. I am very fond of hunting, shooting, etc., and do a lot of it.
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Curls.


## Correspondence

Continued from Page 62 their interesting letters and the Editor for such nice reading. One could never get as good a magazine for the price, no matter where they may go, and look
no at the paper it is printed on. No cheap
 times doing my own housekeeping, es times
peially when I am making flapjacks. One morning when I had quite a good batch made, the gander and one of the calves got to fighting, and I had to go out and separate them. When I came back, what do you think, the dog hac just got away with the last flapjack
Won't some of the readers be kind enough to send me a recipe for another enough The Editor has my name and address.

A Loniely Bach.

MY SECRET
By Grace G. Bostwick
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I have found that one of the soundest give out to the world in our own though is exactly what we receive Oddly enough, when this
Odiy enough, when this attitude of vated, the petty characteristics of hu manity, such as envy, pride, hatred, pity and self-love crism, jealousy, selftheir self-love, seem to depart of their bargage, which is discourg with depression, wretchedness and ugemen ness generally. Even the bodily healt shows marked improvement, for it is a well-known fact to modern science that fatever adds to the wholesome content of the mental life also correspondingly affects the physical.
Now, after several years of this rerarely catch of thinking, I find that I with a thought of criticism. I, who used to pride myself on my critical facultythinking absurdly enough as I see now that it denoted intellect-find that the good in humanity of every class and station is paramount. It is, in fact, the to me to see the humane second nature is under all the superficial faults of man kind-wholly good, and I wonder how I ever managed to live under my old ways
of thinking of thinking.
my neighbor in no false witness" against my neighbor in my own thought that has And this, I believe, is the secret of hap-piness-as it is of brotherhood.





## The Western home Monthly

A Case of Natural Selection

## Continued from page 4


bined efforts of the family to get it ready weeks $\frac{\text { Elite }}{}$ Ladies' World. The four weaks that followed seemed very long to
the waiting Sch winds. The postman had agreed that when he had something for
them he would whistle three times os them he would whistle three e times as
soon as he entered the Alley. At first the children stationed themselves st watch, but as the days passed their
interest flagged and they resumed their Interest flagged and they resumed their usual games. At hast a day came when
the postman actually idid whiste. Mr. Schwind was bo startled that she sain into a chair, her hand over her heart.
"Mother, trembtiner of ike I was wis ging to "the ${ }^{\text {den }}$ By hous, carrying that Helene entered the package, the new had gon forth. Sinee
everyone knew of the contest, the Sohwinds friends loot not time in rosesent. ing themselves to hear the result. In
her excitement, Mrs. Middeteon came her excitement, Mrs. Midaleton came
with her dust pan and broom. The children stationed themselves around their
 to read. It seemed an eternity before she succeeded in opening the envelope.
${ }^{M}$ Moar Mre and Mre






How I Learned to Swim
Continued from Page I earnest, and $I$ began to p plead and ery.
Of course this was just what they want. of course this was just what they want.
ed and they teased me mill the moree Fear will often give one courage, and
guess that is what happened in my case for when one of the bops stood yp in a threatening attitude, $I$ jumped over the edge of the boat into the dear water,
through which $T$ could see the bottom through which I could see the bottom
of the river. The water was much deeper of the iver. The water was much deeper
than it looked here, and doum, down I than it looked here, and down, down

went until my feet touched the bottom, | when untim my feet touched the batom |
| :--- |
| then I came up gain. In the meanwile | the boys had been rowing, and when I came to the top the boat was at least

ten yards away.
hoped some one ten yards away. I hoped some one
would catch $m e$ and
pull $m e$ into the woul catch me and puan me into the I went angin, never expecting to come
up. It would surrise you how many things even a small boy can think of When so close to death. I remember quite well how sorry $I$ knew my sister
would
feel
when
she
heard $I$ I drowned I also thought how disobed. ient I had always been, and in fact a
million things semed to run through my brain in a fem seconds. But to go on with my story. For the seond time botton, and then came up again, and thion, time $I$ tried od opadde and kiick,
and did so well that $T$ worked $m y$ way and did so well that $\mathrm{I}^{\mathrm{I}}$ worked my way
into water only up to my waist.
Of courre $I$ was very weak by this time, and
 my sister of my narrow escape, and $I$ got a acolding for my disobedience, but
She spared the slipper as she thought I had had lesson enough for one day. had not only learned a lesson in th way, but I had learned to swim, at least I had learned what I could do when I had to. I have always tried to rememmust, and that lots of things that seem impossible are easy if we only try to do them with all our hearts.
I hope no one will try jumping in the lake to learn to swim just because they as fortunate as I was, but I wrote this to show that success in life rests entirely in ourselves, and the confidence we have

## The Planting of the Home

 GardenContinued from Page 51

He also gave them a choice of several from our custom of rewarding the family as backgrounds. On the whole, Mrs. so completely received her money's worth.
On the Monday, when the proofs the Alley. Helens muching ement in pail from Tom Murphy's met the postpail from Tom Murphy's met the poststarted on a run, screaming shrilly,
"The picture, Ma, the picture!"
"The picture, Ma, the picture!"
The other Schwinds, who were playing throughout the street, with one accord started for the house. In the scramble, the twins, Royal and Patricia, were eager Eloise. It took several minutes to restore tranquir ages, look. Presently Mrs. Middleton and Elvira appeared.
"It's more natural than life," declared Mrs. Middleton, "and Elvira shows up "It was nice
vantage of her," said Mrs give us the ad fully. "I kinder hated not to get credit for Mabel that had ammonia of the "Have
"Have you got to write their names
underneath?"
"Jim's going to do that," Mrs. Schwind answered with pride. "He's been takin' lessons over to the Settlement. Eloise, run over and ask Miss Howard for the end of an envelope, a pen and a bottle portance and we'll return the ink tomorrow. Helene, take this proof back to
Brady and tell him to send it as quick as he can."
The picture arrived the following day.
 After deliberation and consultation, we have awarded our prize to your particularly beauti-
ful little oirl of eleven years. Although the
other children are attractive in looks, Elvira other children are attractive in looks, Elvira
leads them all in her appearance of perfect leads them all in her appearance of perfect
and bloming health. We therefore send,
under separate cone cour, a gold medal with tho under separate cover, a gold m
name "Elvira" engraved upon it.
With best With best wishes for your continued pros-
perity, we beg to remain, Very sincerely
yours, yours, The Elite Ladies' World.
The atmosphere was vibrant with con straint that was almost consternation. Disappointment was written on the faces of the children, and the neighbors dared
not express the sympathy they felt. Mrs. Middleton struggled nobly to hide he look of pride and satisfaction. Mrs. Schwind herself was the first to recover and it was she who broke the embar rassing silence. She glanced affection-
ately at the twelve little Schwinds circled anound her and against the wall. "Now what do you think of that?" she began. "I was just wondering how I could ever pay Mrs. Middleton for the lend of Elvira. Helene, hand the bundle to her-She's welcome to the prize and
she deserves it. Elvira is the prettiest, and being an only child, of course she' the healthiest, too. But," she continued a hint of patronage in her tone, "for my part, Tve always said it was a woman's
duty to have plenty of children, although have heard tell that the fewer you

Worms in children, if they be not at
tended to. cause convulsions, and often death
MTother Grave Worm Extrminato will pro
tect the children from these distressing
large one buy the seeds by the ounce, snips should sow a thirty foot row parounce of beet seed; $\frac{1}{2}$ ounce of onion; 1 packet of carrot and $1 \frac{1}{2}$ lbs of onion; Eatts will seed the thirty foolt drill. tomatoes are better cat outiflower and plants, and twelve plants may be set in a thirty foot row. Beans and cucumbers, squash and pumpkins, as well as corn, must not be planted until the early spring frosts are a thing of the past (the
ast week in May or early these seeds germinate quickly, as all ially when the earth is warm and the June rains have commenced. About this me late cabbage and cauliflower, per haps a packet of tomatoes should be open.
to wait until June 12 to 15 , before risk ing them. In this country squash or where early lettuce, mustard the drill where early lettuce, mustard and radines all need to be sown in hills these 5 feet apart, plant 6 seeds in a hill. A little stable manure placed in the bottom of the hill ensures a better growth in cucumbers.
One of the most successful grower of potatoes, near Winnipeg, tells me hor iways plants his pottatoes with manure $n$ the drill, and has proven a better
crop can thus be secured, in either a wet or dry season in Manitoba. So I pass or dry season in Manitoba. So I pass
on the "tip." Everybody enjoys potaon the tip. Everybody enjoys pota-
toes about Dominion Day, or thereabouts,
fresh from the rarden so fresh from the garden, so a half bushel of early "spuds", should be planted in
hills early in May. Sometimes Jack Frost
survive a spring frost as a general rule,
then the later crop should be planted the then the later crop should be planted the latter part of May
Peppers can be grown successfully ons grew splendidly last season, mel. short, cool summer does not suit them, they will not mature or ripen. corner in the garden. Parould find a savory; mint; thyme and ey; summer delightful herbs. The bed should be all enriched, and hand-raked very fine well smooth. The seeds are tiny, therefore need careful sowing, and the soil barely time to germinate, but the takes a long grow quickly.
Celery, many people do not care to grow, finding its culture more difficult than other vegetables. A box of celery plants, say 5 or 6 dozen, should be set deep drill made to set them in, 8 to inches apart. Water well, and as the grow gradually work the soil up on the roots, always hilling them up to blanch the roots and make them shapely and
firm. firm.
arden to "firm" roller is useful in the garden to firm in the seeds, such as
onion and beets, eltc. An old barrel may be utilized in this way.
In closing I must urge frequent weeding during the rapid growing season. Do gardening is a pleasure.

Through the Maritimes Continued from Page 10
century. This is a testimony more other that has been so far discovered on New World soil. There is every reason of believe, so I was told, that the Vinland of the Northman was none other than
Nova Scotia; and here at the southwest corner of the Province are several seacleaving headlands, one of which may have been that "Keelness" on which Lefif Ericson built himself the first ship fashioned on the shores of the New
World. Five centuries later, when Champlain had shown the French the way to Acadie, settlements sprang the way to where the climate of the peninsula, where the climate was mild and the
harvest of the fisheries rich. Yarmouth is picturesquely situated along a slope picturesquely situated along a slope
parallel with the harbor, which is a beautiful piece of water at high tide. Across the harbor are bold, wooded slands, and wide flats which the flood
tide transforms to a placid lake. The houses of Yarmouth are almost invariably surrounded by well-kept hedges to which the cool, moist air imparts a delicious and lasting greenness. These features to catch the visitor's eye, especially if he

GOOD EVIDENCE
One day a teacher was having a first grade class in physiology. She asked burning fire in the buat ore was One little girl spoke up and said: see the smoke.-National Monthly.

## WHO WOULDN'T BE AMAZED?

A freshman in a New York univerhis first impressions of the city began ver this: "The most amazing sight I York saw was the sky-scrapers of New ferryboat." Such optical illusions are not ferryboat."

THE MOST FAMILIAR CONE Teacher.-"Johnny, what is a cube?" by six equal squares." Willie-A cone? Why-a cone is-r-a funnel stuffed with ice cream."-



[^0]:    Name.

    Address.

[^1]:    Name.

    Address.

[^2]:    Positively
    
    
    
    

