

# The Sun-Mirror Telegraph

The News

VOL. LIII.

ST. JOHN, N. B. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1914

NO. 45

A Household Friend for 103 Years

First aid to the injured—surest relief from Coughs, Colds, Cramps, Rheumatism.

**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT**

Use it for both internal and external ills. Sold everywhere in 25-cent bottles.

L. S. JOHNSON & CO., Inc., Boston, Mass.

Parsons' Pills Make the liver active.

**CONDENSED NEWS; LOCAL AND GENERAL**

During the last week the birth of twenty-seven infants, seventeen girls and ten boys, and the solemnization of six marriages were reported to the registrar, John B. Jones.

At the board of health offices Saturday, ten deaths were recorded. The following causes were given: Phthisis, three; heart disease, two; and laryngitis, pneumonia, endocarditis, tubercular meningitis and pneumonia, one each.

A. J. Gray, of Moncton, traveling freight agent for the I. C. R., has succeeded Mr. Tiffin, who has been acting as divisional freight agent in this city for about a year and is now transferred to Montreal. It is said that H. H. James, chief clerk in the divisional freight office, will succeed Mr. Gray.

Richard Rafferty, of Quispamis, had an arm broken Thursday afternoon when he slipped and fell on the ice. He suffered painfully from the injury at his home and Dr. Fairweather of Rothesay attended him. Many friends of Mr. Rafferty in the city will regret his misfortune as he will now be confined to his home for some time.

Sackville Tribune.—The election of I. N. Killam as warden of the county calls to mind the fact that among the original Sackville grantees of 1761 was an Amasa Killam, who is probably to be reckoned among the Warden's ancestors. His grave on Main street extended from York street to Foundry street and ran out three or four miles in the direction of Fairfield.

Several other prominent citizens of Grand Manan have established a fox farm on the island and on a recent trip to the Grand Manan boat from St. Stephen there were over \$7,000 worth of foxes on board to be taken to the farm. This is the second fox farm to be established in this vicinity, the other one being a few miles outside of the town of St. Stephen, where there are some very valuable black foxes.

An Eastport letter in the Bangor Commercial says:—"An injunction has been placed on the affairs of the Campbell and Company, a large lumber corporation which recently purchased the island, by the former owners and everything is tied up. Those who have been engaged in cutting the timber on the island have been ordered to cease any further operations and it is reported that the affairs of the company are badly mixed up and that it will be some time before the island is to be sold to the business."

Charles Parker of Public Landing was out of Grand Bay and out of the river to Woodman's Point. The farmers do not, therefore, expect to do much wintering up and down the river this winter. He says that there is a good deal of interest at the Landing in a rumor that the location of the road to what is called the Backlands is to be changed. There he says, very strong opposition to the proposal. A considerable quantity of logs is being hauled out at the Landing this winter.

Many friends in St. John and elsewhere have wired congratulations and expressed pleasure at the news of the appointment of Rev. J. Louis O'Leary, D. D., as titular Bishop of Hatteras, in the Asa Minor, and auxiliary Bishop of Chatham. This is the second of such honors to be bestowed upon members of his family. His father, the late Henry O'Leary having been appointed Bishop of Charlottetown, P. E. I. The distinction is the more notable in that both appointments are within the same province. The newly created auxiliary bishop is a son of Henry O'Leary, of Richibucto (N. B.), and had a particularly brilliant clerical and scholastic career.

The fine dwelling of John Hawkes at North Bay, York county, N. B., was destroyed by fire a few nights ago. The flames burst out suddenly in the middle of the night and had gained considerable headway before being noticed. The family were asleep at the time and narrowly escaped, fleeing from the burning house to the barn clad only in their night clothes. Frank Hawkes, brother of the owner, who lives nearby, heard the screams of the frightened occupants and rushing to the scene found the family huddled together in the barn. It was two weeks at the time. He cared for them at his home. Mr. Hawkes, who owned the burned dwelling, was at work in the woods at the time of the fire.

George Rogers, the third class passenger on the Grampian who was held up here on the arrival of the ship, is still detained by the immigration authorities at West St. John, and Monday it was said that the guard over him had been strengthened.

He was first detained by the officers he told them that he belonged to Port Arthur (Ont.) and that he could furnish proof that he had lived there for several years before his recent trip to England by writing to the mayor of Port Arthur. This he did, stating the predicament he was in and asking for the necessary proof. He had only \$5 when he landed, \$10 less than that required by law.

Rogers denies any connection with the Reeks murder near Liverpool. A London despatch on Saturday said that the murderer had not yet been found.

## MEXICAN REBELS TO USE AERIAL FLEET

### Orders Given For a Dozen Machines

### Rush to Sell Carranza Munitions of War and Supplies

### Wilson's Lifting of Embargo Has Strengthened Their Credit—Huerta's Enemies Are Confident That Big Stock of Arms Seized By Americans Will Now Be Released and They Will Get Them.

(Canadian Press.)

Culiacan, Sinaloa, Mexico, Feb. 6.—Military airplanes will be among the war munitions to be ordered at once from the United States by General Carranza, the rebel chief. This was announced today after Carranza had made hasty arrangements to take advantage immediately of the American government's action in lifting the embargo on the exportation of arms. The airplanes will be used in campaigns in Northern Mexico. Fourteen thousand rifles with sufficient ammunition for a long campaign already have been ordered. It is also stated that the insurgents would import artillery with mounts suitable for use aboard vessels which will be employed for operations against the Pacific coast ports still held by the Huertistas.

The organization of aerial warfare will be the chief feature of Carranza's military strategy in the coming campaign. It will be commanded by Captain Pedro Cervantes, who recently returned after having spent three months as a student in military aviation camps in France.

Only Mexican aviators will be used, including two members of Carranza's staff who are qualified for pilot work. The 14,000 rifles contracted for will be used to equip the rebel troops in Chihuahua and Zacatecas.

Eager to Sell Rebels Arms.

Culiacan, Sinaloa, Mexico, Feb. 6.—As a sequel to the lifting of the embargo on the exportation of arms from the United States, General Carranza's headquarters here, were flooded today with telegrams from arms manufacturers in many parts of the world. The proposition offered showed the aggressive action of President Wilson had added the credit of the revolutionary party.

The United States Department of War, it is expected, will be notified of the situation along the border since the beginning of the rebellion. The insurgents would have the equipment necessary to begin an aggressive campaign. It was estimated that about 1,000,000 cartridges and nearly three thousand rifles have been consigned by American authorities within a year.

The significance of Mr. MacNab's request is that the appearance of Sir Hugh will probably tend to throw light upon the happenings in the journalistic field in Montreal and disclose some of the motives which inspired those who were the protagonists in the drama.

Former New York Priest Will Be Sentenced to Death on Wednesday.

New York, Feb. 6.—Hans Schmidt was found guilty of murder in the first degree for killing Anna Amulius, a young woman he had married through a self-performed ceremony, while acting as a priest at St. Joseph's church. The penalty of the crime is death in the electric chair. He will be sentenced next Wednesday.

Schmidt's defence was insanity.

## C. P. R. BRAKEMAN BADLY INJURED AT WOODSTOCK

### Lawson Fisher Fell Under Train While Coupling Cars and Had One Arm Crushed Off.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Woodstock, Feb. 6.—Lawson Fisher, residing here, a brakeman on the C. P. R., met with a bad accident at 4 o'clock this afternoon. While coupling cars he slipped and fell beneath the cars, one of them being taken off. He was taken to the Woodstock hospital, where he lies in a serious condition. The injured man is married. His father, mother and brother all reside here.

## DENIES BRIBING LEGISLATORS

### Burns' Detectives' Lawyer Admits He Was Bluffing When He Said He Paid Them—Lancot Apologizes to MacNab.

Quebec, Feb. 6.—The Quebec legislature graft inquiry entered upon a different phase this morning when one of the witnesses, J. A. Labelle, a Montreal lawyer, who said the promoters of the Montreal Fair Association bill, by whom he had been retained, of the great enterprise he had displayed on its behalf, was forced to acknowledge that he had been putting up a big bluff.

Diagnosing reports credited Mr. Labelle with telling detectives he had introduced certain members, and the witness with B. A. MacNab, editor of the Montreal Star, to the legislature, he had never seen them at all in connection with the bill, much to the amusement of the big crowd again in attendance.

The witness, after informing the committee that he claimed a lawyer's right to refuse to divulge professional secrets, said he had never given any legislator a cent for handling the bill.

Charles Lancot, the deputy attorney general, who last night came to blows with B. A. MacNab, editor of the Montreal Star, which has preferred the graft charges, this morning made a public statement to the Montreal newspaper man, and Mr. MacNab accepts the challenge. In the council committee of investigation, Mr. MacNab moved that Sir Hugh should be subpoenaed to appear before the committee and give evidence as to whether the information gathered by the Burns detectives had been submitted to him when the ownership of the Herald had been sold.

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## PARLIAMENT DEBATES CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

### Many Would Abolish Death Penalty

### House Decides Against Bill Doing Away With Titles

### Bill Introduced to Stop the Manufacture, Sale or Importation of Cigarettes—Another Bill to Restrict Use of Firearms and Also Detectaphones—Other Business of the House.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—From the viewpoint of the Conservative organization, it was not enough that one of its official trips the dominion government steamed Albert, should carry a Conservative organizer and a Conservative candidate to the scene of a provincial bye-election in Victoria county (N. S.), so on a second trip in the same direction, the vessel took from Sydney R. H. Butts, a Conservative election worker.

This fact was brought out in the house today when a telegram from North Sydney giving the information was read by M. L. MacDonald, the member for Pictou.

"Will the minister of customs ascertain the truth of this report," asked M. MacDonald, after reading the telegram, "and issue instructions that the Alert shall not go to Victoria again under these conditions?"

A. Lachs Reply.

Replying, Hon. Mr. Reid read extracts from a lengthy memorandum going back into December, long before the by-election was ordered, to show that the Alert's first trip was made to gather information as to the charge that an American vessel was being used to smuggle arms into the province.

Dr. Reid, admitted that Dr. Hayes, the Conservative organizer, and Mr. MacDonald, the member for Pictou, had taken a number of passengers with them on the Alert.

On receipt of this telegram, Dr. Reid promptly had a wire sent to Officer Young, commanding in North Sydney, instructing him not to allow the Alert to take on any more passengers or freight at any time without instructions from Ottawa. The reply from Mr. Young was that the Alert had left that afternoon again for North Sydney and had taken a number of passengers with her luggage.

The fact remains that before the government asked the Alert to extend the trip to Victoria, the Alert had twice carried Conservative organizers and other persons to the scene of political operations in Victoria county.

Woodstock Agricultural School Opens in March.

### Director Newton on the Ground Gathering Equipment—Short Courses for Farmers at the Start—Similar Institutions Likely at Sussex Soon—District Farming Courses Also Probable.

(Special to The Telegraph.)

Woodstock, N. B., Feb. 5.—R. Newton, director of agricultural schools for New Brunswick, has arrived from Ottawa, and is engaged in ordering furniture and equipment for the new Agricultural School to be used by the government.

Mr. Newton announced tonight that the first short courses for farmers would begin the second week in March and one week each will be devoted to horticulture, field crops and live stock.

Mr. Newton and staff will assist this year with the better farming methods which will go over the I. C. R. and all its branches.

A school similar to that in Woodstock is likely to be opened at Sussex, and in addition to these main schools, Mr. Newton forecasts the establishment of district courses which will entail the setting up of equipment in various centres, and the training of farmers for two or three days.

During the short courses the regular staff of the department of agriculture will be assisted by experts from Brandon, Ald College and General Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

Mr. Newton's own specialty is field crops, and along with his work here he is to conduct tests of varieties of clovers and grasses, in time demonstrating experimental plots to be secured in the vicinity of Woodstock.

## TORIES USE CUSTOMS CRUISER ONCE MORE

### The Alert Now On Trip to Cape Breton. Constituency Where Election is On With Organizer and Candidate—Liberals Protest Causes Minister to Suspend Official and Order Government Boat Out of Commission.

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## WILSON IN A HURRY ON PANAMA CANAL

### UNIONISTS PLAN TO FORCE APPEAL TO THE COUNTRY

### Leaders Confer and Outline Procedure After Opening of Parliament.

(Canadian Press.)

London, Feb. 6.—The Unionist leaders decided today to raise the question of the Panama Canal Act which exempts American coastwise ships from the payment of tolls. They met at Lansdowne House to draft their plan of campaign for the coming session, and according to their spokesman the fight will be opened in a way which will mark as memorable British parliamentary procedure.

It has been freely rumored that the Unionists intend to adopt extraordinary methods of warfare in order to "force" the government to appeal to the country.

Yesterday, after the case of the Alert had again been brought up in the house, instructions had been sent to Customs Officer Young at North Sydney, instructing him not to allow the Alert to take on any more passengers or freight at any time without instructions from Ottawa. The reply from Mr. Young was that the Alert had left that afternoon again for North Sydney and had taken a number of passengers with her luggage.

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### Will Ask Congress to Act at Once

### House Will Amend Tolls Clause Without a Doubt

(Canadian Press.)

Washington, Feb. 6.—President Wilson announced today that he would endeavor to have repealed at the present session of congress that provision of the Panama Canal Act which exempts American coastwise ships from the payment of tolls. He made his position clear to callers today in unequivocal terms.

The president believes that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty with Great Britain guarantees equal treatment to all nations including the United States in the matter of tolls, and that the United States is in honor bound to charge American coastwise ships the same tolls it imposes upon those of foreign nations. The president expressed upon his callers that he would use every legitimate influence at his disposal to have the exemption clause eliminated from the Panama Canal Act.

This announcement was expected by administration leaders at the capital. Other senators pointed out the present situation in the house with little comment, according to Representative Adams, chairman of the interstate and foreign commerce committee, his own congress undoubtedly would not qualify as a "straight repeal."

Not so certain, however, are some of the Democrats in the senate that the president will be sustained in his resolve on the question which has agitated Adams. Senators O'Connell, chairman of the inter-oceanic canal committee, which had charge of the bill, and who led the victorious fight in the senate to exempt American coastwise ships from tolls, tonight declared his purpose to stand by his convictions, and fight the president's desires.

The president's announcement is the action of the foreign relations committee in recommending the British general arbitration treaty for extension as an inducement to American coastwise vessels to submit to arbitration. The president's action is a direct result of having to submit to arbitration the treaty, the United States still has the right to insist on the tolls, but the exemption should be stricken out of the treaty.

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## SCHMIDT FOUND GUILTY OF MURDER

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Schmidt's defence was insanity.

### WILL GIVE UP THE PRESIDENCY OF MAINE CENTRAL

Portland, Me., Feb. 6.—Morris MacDonald is to retire from the presidency of the Boston & Maine railroad as early as possible and return to the presidency of the Maine Central railroad. Official confirmation of persistent rumors to this effect was obtained at the general offices of the Maine Central today.

To Meet in Halifax.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—The next convention of the Canadian Forestry Association will be held in Halifax in August of this year, on the invitation of the government of Nova Scotia.

## BANDIT WHO ROBBED TRAIN PASSENGERS OF \$5,000, CAUGHT

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 5.—Harry Warner, the man who went through a coach on an early morning Baltimore & Ohio passenger train, here a week ago, was today positively identified by Michigan Central railroad porters as the man who robbed passengers on a Michigan Central train near Jackson (Mich.) a few weeks ago and got away with \$5,000. The real name is believed to be Lee Costello. Sheriff Frick captured a letter from his person addressed to Mrs. Costello, at Columbus, who is believed to be his mother.

## HALLIFAX BANK CLEARING

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 6.—The Halifax bank clearings for the week were \$2,161,449.85, and for the same week last year, \$2,160,984.92.

## FINANCE MINISTER ON THE MEND

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—The following bulletin was issued today, in regard to the condition of Hon. W. T. White, minister of finance, who went under an operation ten days ago. Following upon a severe attack of gonorrhoea, Mr. White's condition is much improved today, and no complications are looked for. From this it will make rapid progress to recovery.

## POLICE CONFERENCE AT THE HAGUE

Washington, Feb. 6.—The United States it became known at the White House today, has issued a call for the holding of the third police conference at The Hague next year. The American government took this action, it is understood, at the request of Queen Wilhelmina of Holland.

## SYDNEY GIRL KILLED WHILE COASTING

Sydney, N. S., Feb. 5.—Helen Johnson, 15, daughter of J. A. Johnson, foreman of the J. C. R. roadhouse, was killed while coasting near the Louis Gaston tonight.

## SAYS MARTIAL LAW AVERTED CIVIL WAR

### South African Minister of Defence Declares Strike Leaders Had Planned to Use Dynamite and Other Terrorizing Methods to Coerce the Government.

Cape Town, Feb. 6.—After speaking for four hours yesterday in the parliament of the union of South Africa, General Jan Christian Smuts, minister of defence, continued today his justification of the government's action in declaring martial law during the recent general strike and in deporting the strike leaders.

The minister declared that the labor leaders had planned serious military operations, had organized small commands of dynamiters and had deliberately inflamed the spirit of the mob and incited it to crime till the strike had developed into sheer anarchy. Every industry, the minister continued, was to be brought to a standstill by the strikers, but the declaration of war by the Federation of Trades was met by the proclamation of martial law and the mobilization of the citizens' defense force by the government.

The situation had been practically one of civil war, the minister continued, thousands of miners were in possession of dynamite, a native militia was threatened, and food supplies were scarce. The government, he said, was therefore amply justified in proclaiming martial law which had proved effective, and the threatened great tragedy had passed away without bloodshed.

In order to insure future peace in the country, the government decided after prolonged consideration to deport the ringleaders, feeling that if the men were brought to trial the courts would not convict them on the grounds of high treason. The government did not intend to destroy the trades organizations, General Smuts declared, but intended to deal a blow to a criminal and revolutionary conspiracy.

Winnipeg, Feb. 6.—Orders to the value of \$10,000,000 are shortly to be placed on additional rolling stock for the Canadian Northern railway to operate its main line between Quebec and Port Arthur. Every effort will be made to have the stock delivered early in the summer when the line will be almost ready for operation.

Orders for close upon \$1,000,000 have already been placed for the early delivery of twelve steel first and second class passenger coaches, fifty-five coal and thirteen baggage cars. The \$10,000,000 order applies to locomotives, passenger coaches, dining cars, sleepers and baggage cars







stay at home since Mr. Gutelius has seen fit to break the agreement that induced them to forsake the city and try country life.

I wonder if the railway authorities were aware of all these things and gave their consideration before making these changes. Years ago the suburban people had to have a heart-to-heart talk with Messrs. Brady and Tiffin before they gained their point. Has any attempt been made to arrange a conference upon this occasion, or is it felt that it is useless for the people living along the "People's Railway" to appeal to Mr. Gutelius?

Why should it be useless? For reasons that will be apparent to all it would be preferable for those in sympathy with the administration to make the move, but whatever is necessary, let it be done at once, for without the suburban train service country life in the communities referred to is not nearly so enjoyable, or suburban property nearly so valuable as before the change.

I am yours truly,  
E. S. CARTER,  
Fair Vale, Feb. 2, 1914.

FOOLISHNESS OF RULERS

(Toronto Globe)

"Heaven has dealt kindly with our people, but the foolishness of our rulers has made the goodness of God of no effect." The quotation from the "Chartists" petition is well effective in that the people are now the rulers and suffer from their own foolishness. We live in the best possible world, if we only have a peaceful winter. Grace there is nothing we could ask that has not already been given in superabundance. We have, in overflowing measure, coal, iron, copper, tin, lead, zinc, petroleum, and other minerals, and a multitude of useful forms of vegetable life, water perpetually renewing its purity by evaporation, and supplying inexhaustible energy and soil under the perpetual fertility. From this limitless bounty the cunning hand of man brings all things necessary to human sustenance and comfort as if by magic, and by the magic wand. Yet through the foolishness of our rulers poverty stalks abroad in the midst of abundance, and the proportion live in the perpetual want.

When thought was first directed to the persistence of poverty despite the multiplying of productive capacity the great waste and spoliation of the resources were disclosed. But especially showed that conditions under unimpeded commerce again deteriorated until the level of the land system was the land system which steals away the products of every improvement, including commercial liberty, if every rule was to become otherwise capable, if every other waste were stopped, and all other parasitism suspended, even if everything necessary to human sustenance and comfort fell from the clouds, the existing land system would cause widespread destitution. It is disappointing to cure other economic evils while it continues. Truly, heaven has dealt kindly with our people, but the foolishness of our rulers has made the goodness of God of no effect.

A Real Liberal Triumph

(London "Advertiser")

The Manitoba Conservative Legislature has unanimously passed a resolution in favor of free wheat. Insofar as the whole of the grain-growing west is concerned, the reciprocity platform is thereby fully endorsed, Alberta and Saskatchewan being already in line, and by the men who were so free with economic and patriotic fulness in three years ago. It would not be fair to argue that the adoption of the "free wheat" policy is not a manifest of the west's desire for a whole. What is the principal goal that the west has to offer, and just as it wants the duty on the most important article removed, so will it want barley and oats and potatoes or whatever else there is to be relieved of the tariff burden. It is simply a case of Liberal wisdom being adapted to the needs of the country. We have no sterner foe at Manitoba because it did not stand with Laurier in 1911. We believe that Manitoba has come close to the loges of that campaign, and had found every one of them knee-crowns at best. We believe that the whole country had a simpler awakening, and that it would sweep the Jordan government to defeat on the reciprocity issue.

Free wheat is reciprocity. That the ultra-Conservative Roblin government should demand it without one dissenting voice shows that public opinion is bound to find the firm ground if given time.

Moncton Transcript.—J. A. Marvay is able to be out again. Mrs. F. A. Marvay, who has been confined to her home for a month past has caused her friends considerable uneasiness, hopes to be able to leave her room in a few days. J. S. Magee, who has been confined to his home through illness, hopes to be able to be out next week. George Stone, who has been in the Moncton Hospital for the last seventeen weeks, was able to be removed to his home this week. William Hoey, who suffered from an accident in the I. C. R. recently, is improving, but it will be some time yet before he is able to leave the hospital. Mr. V. J. Jones, who has been laid up for some time, is improving, but he is still confined to his room.

ABE MARTIN

When some distasteful feature of housekeeping is mentioned there's always some fellow who says, "I'll tell my wife to look after everything like that. If it wasn't for th' ordinary everyday folks who pay cash it wouldn't be possible to conduct any kind of business."

AGRICULTURE

Some Interesting Facts About Poultry—Young Chicks Will Be Like the Old Hen—Hereditry in Poultry—Its Value to the Breeders.

By Lewis Nelson Clark in O. A. C. (Review)

The most interesting part of the poultry industry and the most pleasant change from the poultryman's round of "chores," and sometimes rather onerous duties, is the study of hereditry in his birds and the inheritance of his wiles to produce or improve. Any line of endeavor soon grows tiresome and loses its favor if there is not some incentive, or ideal toward which the eye is turned. The making of money, or attainment of a livelihood is never a sufficient incentive by itself. No one can complain that this incentive is lacking in poultry work. From one year's crop to another the poultryman is looking toward his ideal. The breeder of show-birds is working toward perfection in shape and color; the breeder of market poultry is working toward the production of large, well-fleshed, plump fowl, and the egg-farmer has a task which is far more complex, and, at the same time, more interesting. He tries to produce a strain of hens that will, year after year, produce more eggs per hen, and produce them at the season of the year that eggs are most valuable—namely, in the fall. He tries to produce a strain of hens that will, year after year, produce more eggs per hen, and produce them at the season of the year that eggs are most valuable—namely, in the fall. He tries to produce a strain of hens that will, year after year, produce more eggs per hen, and produce them at the season of the year that eggs are most valuable—namely, in the fall.

It is from the standpoint only of the egg-farmer that I am in any way qualified to speak. And I think that the following table, showing the increased production in my own flock of hens in only three generations of selective breeding, may prove interesting. The first column shows the production from Oct. 1st, 1910, to June 30th, 1911; the second column the production for the same months of 1912-13; and the third column shows the average production for each month of the three years. The production of pullets only is given:

Table with 3 columns: Year, Production (1910-11), Production (1912-13), and Average (3 years). Rows include October, November, December, January, February, March, April, May, and June.

The increased production per one hundred hens for the nine months given is 4,614 eggs, having an actual net value of \$165.75. It will cost about 90c per year to feed a hen, and the net gain is about a hen laying as in 1910-11. This brings the comparative gain in producing value of 100 hens for nine months to \$165.75, which is two-thirds of the total value of all the eggs laid during the three years, although some slight changes have been made, undoubtedly for the better, and both years, the pullets were almost equally divided as to breed—one-half of their number being Barred Plymouth Rocks, and one-half S. C. White Leghorns.

Accordingly the astonishing difference in egg-production and the consequent difference in the income derived therefrom is due almost solely to one thing—breeding.

There still remains a difference of opinion as to the best method by which the egg-production of a flock can be increased. But I think there can be no doubt that the introduction of a male bird of heavy-laying strain has the desired effect. One can use the best pullets of the flock, and whether this will increase the production of the next generation or not is less certain. Dr. Raymond Pearl, of the University of Maine, who is the foremost poultryman in the United States today, says in the summary of his bulletin, "Methods of Inheritance of Fecundity in the Domestic Fowl," which is a most complete and scholarly paper covering the results of his years' continuous experiments: "High fecundity may be inherited by daughters from their sire, independent of the dam. This is proved by the numerous cases presented in the body of this paper (Bulletin No. 209, University of Maine), where the large proportion of daughters of high fecundity are produced by the same sire, whether he is mated with hens of low or high fecundity. High fecundity is not inherited by daughters from their dam, etc."

That Prof. Graham is of the same opinion I know. He said to me several years ago: "Always remember that the male bird is the 'stock improver.' The rooster is two-thirds of the flock."

THE BEST LINIMENT

Gombault's Caustic Balsam

FOR ALL RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, SWELLINGS, AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE JOINTS. It is a most valuable remedy for all the above-mentioned ailments, and is especially useful in cases of rheumatism, where it is found to be of great service. It is a most valuable remedy for all the above-mentioned ailments, and is especially useful in cases of rheumatism, where it is found to be of great service.

can then view the stuff he handles in a very different light from what he would otherwise do, and he also gets a better grasp of his own dependence upon the wool grower. We are not forgetful of the fact that there are many details which strictly within the wool user's province, and which cannot be thoroughly grasped unless they are studied especially from his point of view. Yet it can not be too strongly emphasized that the producer and the various conditions necessary for dealing successfully with the wool grower, open out for him wonderful opportunities for investigation, and if that investigation is followed up, he will ultimately lead him to see how he can best serve his own interest by putting on to the market such raw material as will meet the approval of those who use it.

The preceding remarks may appear to be alien to the subject, but the idea which it is intended to emphasize is that the wool grower, in endeavoring to get as much as possible out of his flock, is in for more sheep than their place will comfortably carry, they are not only acting prejudicially to their own interest, but they are also acting against the people who work up the wool they sell. In following the course of prices for raw material nothing strikes the observer so much as the fact that good wool is selling at a price which is certainly some fluctuations, even in the prices of the best materials, according to the immediate demand and the supply. It is just exactly here where keeping too many sheep does the mischief. In one sense there may appear to be little need to discuss the matter, and the cynic may say that it is entirely a matter for the grower himself to consider. It may be admitted at once that there is some truth in the statement, and in a very large measure the matter is a personal one. But why it is worth considering is that it is not always done in the worst degree. For years we have followed with interest the fluctuations in the sheep flocks of this and other countries, and it is noteworthy that when numbers have gone to a fairly high point they have generally been followed by a sharp decline, and also, a fact which is more to be noted, the largest clips have not necessarily been the best. When casualties among flocks have been exceptionally numerous, the wool has been less valuable because many of the ewes shorn have been under normal condition when the fleeces were taken from them. Also the number of dead fleeces has been greater and as these stand a very good chance of going in with the bulk of or fading their way in fragments scattered throughout the various sound fleeces the wool producer opens the aggregate value of the clip is not towards improving it.

Climatic Conditions. Of course, in speaking upon fluctuations in sheep numbers, we have to bear in mind that climatic conditions receive more credit or blame for influencing numbers either upward or downward.

95 AND UPWARD ON TAIL. AMERICAN SEPARATOR. A BOLD PROPOSITION. A BOLD PROPOSITION. A BOLD PROPOSITION.

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DETECTIVE TELLS STORY IN QUEBEC BRIBERY CASE

Says He Paid Mr. Mousseau \$500 to Get Bill Through Legislature, and Promised Him More.

Quebec, Feb. 3.—At the sitting of the investigating committee of the legislative assembly tonight, F. S. Maloney (alias Mr. Sampson), of the Burns detective agency, was called. He testified that he had been paid \$500 by Mr. Mousseau to get a bill through the legislature, and promised him more. He testified that he had been paid \$500 by Mr. Mousseau to get a bill through the legislature, and promised him more. He testified that he had been paid \$500 by Mr. Mousseau to get a bill through the legislature, and promised him more.

WANTS TO GET HIS OLD FARM BACK. Case of Kings County Man Who is Sorry He Went West—Likes New Brunswick Better.

From Saskatoon, news was received yesterday by James Gilchrist, superintendent of immigration, from a young farmer who expressed his feeling that there was no place in the world like old 15-acre farm in Kings county which he had sold less than a year ago for \$1,000 to try his fortune in the West. While he had not actually failed in his pursuit, he had learnt that the attractions of the great unknown and the wide expanse of prairie had few charms in comparison with the peace and comfort of his own old farm. He wanted to know if the government would help him to buy it back as he could only put up \$500 at the present time, and he was sure the farm would have increased in value during the months he had been away.

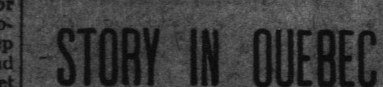
GORNS ON YOUR TOES? CALLOUSES ON YOUR FEET? Quickly Removed Without Pain. Just apply Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor; it does the whole trick; does it sure, does it in a real hurry too. Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor cleans the corn, softens it, and lifts it off a corn without any after effect. You don't have to lay up no in-convenient dressings, and you don't have to use any of those old-fashioned remedies. Putnam's Extractor sells round the whole world, 25c per bottle, sold and recommended by druggists.

NEW INVENTION. Enables Anyone to Play Piano or Organ Without Lessons. A Detroit musician has invented a wonderful new system which enables any person or little child to learn to play the piano or organ in an hour's time. It is a most wonderful invention, and it is a most wonderful invention.

95 AND UPWARD ON TAIL. AMERICAN SEPARATOR. A BOLD PROPOSITION. A BOLD PROPOSITION. A BOLD PROPOSITION.

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How a Clever Girl Helped Her Mother



Deloraine, Man. I must tell you about my mother. She thinks there is no other medicine, as good as GIN PILLS, for backache. Sometimes she would get a little better, and then be as bad as ever. Then a friend advised me to get GIN PILLS. Mother tried them and has not been troubled with backache since.

Backache is the surest sign of kidney trouble—and GIN PILLS are the sure cure for weak, sick kidneys. If you are troubled with backache, don't hesitate a moment but get GIN PILLS and you will get relief. If GIN PILLS do not do all that we say they will, we will know, and we will cheerfully refund you your money. 50c a box, 6 for \$2.50. If your druggist does not handle them, write us for free sample bottle.

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

DETECTIVE TELLS STORY IN QUEBEC BRIBERY CASE. Says He Paid Mr. Mousseau \$500 to Get Bill Through Legislature, and Promised Him More.

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BEST COW IS IN MASSACHUSETTS

Sophie Has Produced More Milk Than Any One Yet—Has Butter Record of 1,175 Pounds for a Year.

Boston, Mass., Feb. 3.—The greatest dairy cow living or dead, is Sophie, a cow of the breed of the Hood farm, Lowell, according to her owner, Earl Lowell, according to her owner. Ever since this cow produced her first calf, five years ago, she has had a year-by-year record. With her last and fifth calf she has made 17,887 pounds 12 ounces of milk in 1913, and 1,175 pounds of butter. In her whole milking life of five years she has made 64,283 pounds 2 ounces of milk and 4,428 pounds 3 ounces of butter, an average of nearly 300 pounds of butter a year.

The housekeeper who must do her own dishwashing on cold, windy days should remember that a cut lemon kept convenient and rubbed on the hands after each dishwashing will save her from rough hands.

Take Good Care of The Colds. It is cheaper to raise colds than to buy them. But it costs if you don't take care of them. Take good care of the colds. It is cheaper to raise colds than to buy them. But it costs if you don't take care of them. Take good care of the colds.

Kendall's Spavin Cure. A. McTAGGART, M.D., C.M., 1515 King Street East, Toronto, Can. References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by Dr. J. E. Meredith, Chief Justice, St. John's, N. B.; Dr. W. Ross, St. John's, N. B.; Dr. J. G. Stewart, St. John's, N. B.; Dr. J. G. Stewart, St. John's, N. B.

See This Bow Lever. THIS is a special feature of the Maxwell "Favorite" Churn. No other churn has it. You can adjust the handle to center, right or left, whichever is easiest for driving.

DAVID MAXWELL & SONS, ST. MARY'S, ONTARIO.

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD is a splendid Pork Producer. The successful hog-raiser is the man who bends every effort to prevent disease and—KEEP HIS HOGS HEALTHY. It provides his hogs with a little "INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD" which makes the animals eat less, but gain more.

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD Co., Limited, Toronto.

QUESTIONS OF NEW BUILDING

While no definite arrangements have been made for the permanent replacement of the Salvation Army Metropole, destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning, until its arrival in the city at noon today.

Donations from many persons were received to provide relief for the men, including \$100 from J. S. Gregory and \$50 from the Women's Canadian Club. Meetings have been held with the mayor yesterday with the result that a promise of \$500, from city funds was practically made, to be used for relieving the situation.

Adjutant Cummins said last evening that during discussion of future plans suggestions had been made for a temporary institution near the exhibition, but that the building mentioned would not be suitable. No place has been decided on, though it is almost certain, the adjutant said, that a building will be erected pending the construction of a new permanent metropole. Nothing definite will be decided in this matter till after a conference with the social secretary of the Salvation Army.

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# HAZEN'S SELF-EULOGY

## Not Such a Great Man As He Thought

**Finds Old Government Did Things He Took Credit For**

Liberals Had Aided Maritime Fishermen to Get Product Quickly into Upper Canadian Centres—Minister Admits He "Misled" Parliament.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—After paying a very eulogistic tribute in the commons on Monday to his work as minister of fisheries, Hon. J. D. Hazen was yesterday compelled to admit that the chief thing for which he had taken credit was, after all, not based on fact. He confessed that he had "unwittingly" been guilty of claiming too much, and that the published report of his remarks should therefore be corrected.

During Monday's discussion on the resolution of Mr. Sinclair relating to the transportation of fresh fish, reference was made by Liberal members to the assistance given by the late government towards developing this trade. It was pointed out that the late government placed a daily fast freight train on the interprovincial between Halifax and Montreal, and arranged for the shipment of small lots of fresh fish in refrigerated cars each day at the rate chargeable on car load lots.

## GREAT LUMBER MILL

### IS NOW COMPLETE

One of the Largest in Maine—Annual Capacity is Very Large.

The Bangor Commercial says: An important development in the lumber manufacturing industry of Maine has just taken place in Van Buren in the completion of the large mill by A. E. Hammond, who was formerly at the head of the Van Buren Lumber Co. Mr. Hammond sold his holdings in this company to the Stetson, Cutler Co., which owns and operates large mills in St. John (N. B.), Van Buren and Ashland and began last season on the construction of the plant which is now completed.

The new mill is located at Allendale, a mile and a half from the Van Buren post office on Violette stream, a tributary to the St. John river. The stream was dammed at a point just below the mill site, making a wide pond which extends about four miles up stream and affords a large storage for logs.

The main mill is 210 feet long by 50 feet wide, and the engine room is 25 by 60 feet. There is a boiler house that is 46 feet wide and 55 feet deep, and a small detached pump-house that is 12 feet square. A well equipped machine shop has been built, this building being 26 by 50 feet.

The shingle shed is 300 feet long and there is a storehouse 80 feet wide. The loading platform is 300 feet long and 50 feet wide.

The entire equipment of the plant is new and modern in every particular, and was selected after thorough investigation in some of the largest plants of the country to determine the best to be used for the purpose. The boilers at the plant, which is run by steam and of 600 horse-power capacity and the engines at 350 h. p.

An anticipation of the size and importance of this plant on the northern boundary of the State of Maine will be had from the figures which give the annual capacity in product of the mill. These figures were furnished by Mr. Hammond. It will turn out annually 15,000,000 feet of long lumber, 20,000,000 shingles, 7,500,000 laths and 1,000,000 clapboards.

Novia Scotia House Opens Feb. 19.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 4.—The date for the opening of the Nova Scotia legislature has been fixed, and the opening will take place on Thursday, February 19, at 3 p. m.

# FENIAN RAID 'VETERANS' ARMY STILL GROWING

## HEBERT MARRIAGE CASE TO REOPEN

### Montreal Woman Given Permission to Enter Suit to Declare Her Marriage by a Protestant Minister Valid.

Montreal, Feb. 4.—The famous Hebert-Globet marriage case will reopen as the result of a decision rendered by Justice Greenfield today giving permission to Mrs. Hebert to enter suit against Eugene Hebert for a declaration that their marriage was valid, and also to sue for a declaration that the decree of Archbishop Bruchesi pronouncing the marriage void is of no effect and illegal.

The case hangs upon the question whether or not the marriage law in Quebec province follows the ecclesiastical law—or in other words, whether the Quebec decree of the Roman Catholic church directed against the marriage of Catholics by a Protestant minister and a priest, between a Protestant and a Catholic, is effective in law.

## SUBURBANITES HELD INDIGNATION MEETING IN CITY

### Strong Protest Against the Withdrawal of I.C.R. Trains—To Interview the General Manager.

Suburbanites held an indignation meeting Monday morning in the offices of H. P. Puddington, Market square, when the matter of the withdrawal of I.C.R. trains was discussed. There was much adverse comment on a policy which involves the cancellation of a popular and presumably profitable train service.

Instead of taking away trains and lessening the schedule in the suburban service, said more than one speaker, the I.C.R. should be increasing the number and in this way helping to build up the rapidly growing suburb by adding to the number of dwellings erected at points along the line.

These are not summer residents in the popular meaning of the word, but citizens who, induced by the convenient and popular train schedule recently in force, have built substantial dwellings at stations along the line. Now that their accommodation is to be curtailed to such an extent as in the case, they are naturally up in arms over the matter.

## FISHERY FIGURES FOR CATCHES ON N. B. COAST

The December bulletin of sea fishery statistics issued by the department of marine and fisheries gives the following particulars as to catches on the New Brunswick coast for that month:

Westmorland county—Smelts, 5,050 cwts. landed; value, \$14,820. Flounders, 100 cwts. landed; value, \$600. Tom cod, 100 cwts. landed; value, \$200. All used fresh. Value of all fish landed, \$15,620.

Kent county—Smelts, 5,140 cwts. landed; value, \$12,120. All used fresh.

Westmorland county—Smelts, 10,828 cwts. landed; value, \$48,886. Tom cod, 5,888 cwts. landed; value, \$5,122. Flounders, 110 cwts. landed; value, \$187. All used fresh. Value of all fish caught, \$40,085.

Gloucester county—Smelts, 1,810 cwts. landed; value, \$5,500. Tom cod, 224 cwts. landed; value, \$448. All used fresh. Value of all fish landed, \$5,948.

Digby, N. S., Feb. 4.—(Special)—Today's town election resulted as follows: Mayor, H. B. Short, 181; W. W. Hayden, 148; P. J. Conroy, 100; W. S. Winchester, 195; Geo. W. Wightman, 124; W. S. Troops, 128; M. C. Denton, 124; W. E. Van Bieren, 111; E. L. Anderson, 108. Mayor Short and the first three councillors were declared elected.

## 32,000 Have Claimed Bounties

### Col. Sam Hughes' Estimate of 10,000 is Trebled—Minister of War Tells of That Famous Trip to Europe with His Retinue of Colonels, Their Wives, Daughters and Secretaries—Many Other Queries Answered.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—Colonel The Hon. Sam Hughes' trip to England last summer with entourage of officers, officers' wives and daughters and lady private secretaries, his participation with General Sir Ian Hamilton, while on military duty, in the picnic of Ward A Conservative Association of Toronto at Queenston Heights last summer, and his showing of Fenian raid bounties over the country, outrivalling the United States pension record, were the chief subjects of inquiry by Liberals in the commons today. The replies brought some illuminative and characteristic expressions from Col. Sam Hughes.

When parliament passed the Fenian Raid bounty act in 1913 it did so on the assurance of the minister that the total number of all men who had been called out for service was 10,000 and it was intimated that not more than 6,000 at most would be still alive and entitled to the bounty. Today Col. Hughes stated that almost 32,000 bounty payments had been made. There are as many more applications still coming in, the influx being now principally from Nova Scotia.

It appears that practically every man who was enrolled in the militia at the time of the Fenian Raids is entitled to a bounty, since the lieutenant-governor of the province proclaimed at the time that they were all liable to be called out for service. It is apparently the intention of the government to pay all these Nova Scotia claims, though there was no fighting done in Nova Scotia during the Fenian raids. The bestowal of the bounties has been so generous that there are instances where individual Nova Scotians have received it twice.

### Caustic Criticism.

Commenting editorially on the "bounty farce," the Evening Journal (Conservative) of Ottawa, says tonight: "Ten thousand men, 50,000, in the year 1870 the men called out to fight the Fenian Raids, recognized the services which these patriots rendered. A couple of engagements occurred which might by a stretch of courtesy be termed battles. The actual number of combatants left alive would probably run to less than 2,000 or 3,000. The odd 31,000 or 32,000 'veterans' left who did not go to the front should have been paid bounty any more than our present militia should be given the South African land grant because they were willing to go to South Africa, if needed. If the government is willing to give a bounty to these men then let it give it after it. If it didn't happen to be alive at the time of the Fenian Raids it's no bar; remember that if you had shilled your way to Europe you would have been willing to go to the front."

### Queries Answered.

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—At the opening of today's sitting of the commons, A. K. MacLean, minister of marine and fisheries, answered the government's contracts with the Royal Mail Steamship Company of Canada.

He was told that the sum per annum paid to the company was \$360,000; that the contract ran for five years, from November, 1913, and that the ships were four in number, the Chignecto, Chaleur, Cobequid and Caracot, running from Halifax every two weeks.

Mr. MacLean was also told that Watson Griffin had been appointed special travelling trade commissioner in the West Indies at a salary of \$4,000 a year. Mr. Griffin was formerly an industrial commissioner at Brandon (Man.).

A number of questions in regard to the amounts paid by the government in the Fenian Raids were asked by Mr. Proulx, of Prescott. He was told that the total amount paid to counsel had been \$31,978.

### Col. Sam Under Fire.

Colonel Sam Hughes told Mr. E. M. Hebert that the government would introduce legislation extending the time for the payment of Fenian raid bounties and that the bounty will be paid to widows of Fenian raid veterans. To date 16,470 bounties have been made.

Mr. Proulx asked if the minister of militia had accompanied General Sir Ian Hamilton to the political picnic of Ward A, Conservative Association, at Queenston Heights in July last, wearing a badge inscribed "Borden and our empire," and was so photographed.

Colonel Hughes said that he was there with Sir Ian, as his guest, on the day in question inspecting Queenston Heights from a military point of view; that there were a great many picnics going on that he wore a badge showing "A dead young Canadian grasping across the Atlantic the hand of John Bull"; that the minister and Sir Ian were photographed several times that day "with a lot of the people" and "doubtless many of them, apparently intelligent, belonged to the Conservative Association."

Colonel Hughes said there were twenty-five officers, a private secretary and a valet, two officials, "No wives and daughters, were in the party officially. The expenses of the ladies were borne by the husbands and fathers of the officers. The expenses of the party paid by the government amounted to \$24,552. The

## ANOTHER PAIR OF "SIAMESE" TWINS BORN IN FRANCE

A formation of calls about three inches long and seven inches in thickness joined the two babies just above the navel. Professor Le Fillatre, the noted surgeon and dean of the French Academy of Medicine, will personally perform the operation which he feels certain will separate the two youngsters, who will then become normal children. They were born about six weeks ago at Champagne, France.

## TWINS JOINED TOGETHER BY A TISSUE OF FLESH

The most astonishing case before the medical world today is that of babies Susanna and Madeline, who were born with a tissue of flesh connecting one to the other. The young ladies, as shown in the photograph, will be for some time compelled to live in the awkward face-to-face position seen here. Medical men the world over are watching and studying the case with the interest it deserves.

## NATIONAL FORESTRY CONGRESS IN OTTAWA NEXT JANUARY

Ottawa, Feb. 4.—A National Forestry Congress, similar to the one called by Sir Wilfrid Laurier in 1905, will be held in Ottawa next January. This was decided on the suggestion of Premier Borden, of the delegates to the sixteenth annual meeting of the Canadian Forestry Association, which concluded its sessions this afternoon.

## CONVENTION CONCLUDES ITS LABORS AND PRESENTS MANY REQUESTS TO GOVERNMENT TO IMPROVE THE PRESENT SERVICE.

Halifax, Feb. 2.—Nova Scotia towns today elected the following mayors: Amherst—Dr. C. McQ. Avar. Annapolis—A. E. Atlee. Bridgewater—Earl Freeman. Digby—D. H. Short. Dominion—James R. McLean. Kentville—J. F. Ryan. Lunenburg—William E. McAlpine. Liverpool—D. C. Mulha. Lunenburg—J. Frank Hall. Middleton—O. P. Goucher. New Glasgow—James A. Fraser. North Sydney—F. L. Kelly. Port Hawkesbury—J. C. Bourne. Pictou—James Primrose. Parrsboro—Dr. F. A. Rand. Sydney Mines—August Stewart. Stellarton—W. C. McDonald. Windsor—W. H. Roache. Westville—G. E. Munro. Yarmouth—Dr. A. J. Fuller.

## SIGNAL HONOR TO BRAVE CAPTAIN

London, Feb. 4.—Capt. Francis Inch, commander of the steamship Voltourno, which was burned in mid-Atlantic on Oct. 11, 1913, with a loss of 136 lives, was presented today with the freedom of the city of London in a silver casket, and also with a gold medal, a gold watch and chain, a purse of gold, and Lloyd's silver medal.

## PICKING HIS MEN FOR TRIP TO ANTARCTIC

London, Feb. 5.—Sir Ernest Shackleton, whose plans for a journey across the Antarctic continent from sea to sea are almost complete, said yesterday that the men he will take with him must be between thirty and forty years of age. "The man under thirty," he said, "however keen and alert he may be, is still a man in the making. He matures by thirty and is at his best between that age and forty."

## BATTERED VESSELS REACH HALIFAX

Halifax, Feb. 2.—Two storm-tossed vessels made port here today. The schooner Lawson arrived with loss of sails and her commander, Capt. Digon, injured. In a gale off the coast a big sea swept him off the forward log, against the rail, smashing three of his ribs. The Gloucester fishing schooner George put in rudimentary repairs. She was steered into port by her sails only. She will repair here.

## Must Be Between Thirty and Forty Years Old, Says Shackleton

Nothing more serious than the common cold. If it gains headway you can't stop it from running into Catarrh, deafness, or serious throat trouble. Catarrh spreads very fast. From nose to throat it goes in a day. Soon the Bronchial tubes are affected, and before you know it, unless very healthy, the lungs are hit and it's too late. While you have the chance, drive colds and Catarrh right out of the system. You can quickly do so by inhaling that piny vapor of Catarrhona.

## TO STOP A COLD QUICKLY AND PREVENT CATARRH, USE "CATARRHONA"

Right to where the living germ of Catarrh is working will the healing fumes of Catarrhona go in ten seconds. No liquid medicine can penetrate to the deep recesses that Catarrhona reaches by its soothing vapor—that's just why it proves so wonderfully effective. The health-laden vapor of Catarrhona cures the worst of coughs and hoarseness. The uttermost parts of the bronchial tubes are reached. Bronchitis is cured—every cell in the head, throat and nose is treated by Catarrhona's wonderful fumes. You can't beat Catarrhona for business, weak throats, sore nostrils, catarrhal and bronchial trouble of any kind. Get the complete \$1.00 outfit. Smaller size 50c. Total size 25c. at dealers everywhere.

# ANGLO-GERMAN RELATIONS BETTER

## APPEAL FOR PEACE CENTENARY FUNDS

### No Contribution from British or American Governments—Archbishop Wants American Histories Revised.

London, Feb. 4.—The British committee arranging for the celebration of the centenary of peace between the United States and the British Empire, made a second appeal for funds at a meeting held today at the Mansion House, under the patronage of the lord mayor of London, and with the Duke of Teck in the chair. Speeches were made by the Archbishop of Canterbury, Premier Asquith, Viscount Bryce, formerly British ambassador at Washington, and J. A. Stewart, secretary of the American committee.

## 'Very Good' Declares Chancellor

Berlin, Feb. 5.—Anglo-German relations are "very good," according to the German foreign minister, Gottlieb von Jagow, in a speech before the ways and means committee of the imperial parliament today. This utterance is the strongest official characterization of the relations between the two countries that has been expressed in years.

## NOVA SCOTIA MAYORS ELECTED

Halifax, Feb. 2.—Nova Scotia towns today elected the following mayors: Amherst—Dr. C. McQ. Avar. Annapolis—A. E. Atlee. Bridgewater—Earl Freeman. Digby—D. H. Short. Dominion—James R. McLean. Kentville—J. F. Ryan. Lunenburg—William E. McAlpine. Liverpool—D. C. Mulha. Lunenburg—J. Frank Hall. Middleton—O. P. Goucher. New Glasgow—James A. Fraser. North Sydney—F. L. Kelly. Port Hawkesbury—J. C. Bourne. Pictou—James Primrose. Parrsboro—Dr. F. A. Rand. Sydney Mines—August Stewart. Stellarton—W. C. McDonald. Windsor—W. H. Roache. Westville—G. E. Munro. Yarmouth—Dr. A. J. Fuller.

## MEETING OF PROVINCIAL TEMPERANCE ALLIANCE TODAY EXPECTED TO BE INTERESTING—MAKE A SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST AUTHORITIES.

Charlottetown, P. E. I., Feb. 4.—Great interest is taken in the annual meeting tomorrow of the provincial temperance alliance in view of recent excitement over operations of the two Thiel detectives in this province. The executive of the alliance in their report justly pointed out the engagement of the detectives to ground that some extraordinary action was necessary owing to intimidation, bribery and perjury of witnesses, as well as instances of some of the officers of the law. The detectives cost \$20 per day for two months. The only places where they were sent to were places where constant violation of the law was being carried on.

## MONCTON TORIES ANGRY ABOUT

Moncton, N. B., Feb. 5.—That there is trouble in local circles over the patronage of the local post office is being made to see competition for the local post office. The matter has existed here since the Borden government. The local patronage will resign.

## MONCTON TORIES ANGRY ABOUT

If you take bread express, which is that it is a square bread this, with the crust from the bottom at a right angle to the top.

## GATARRH NEVER STOPS IN SAME PLACE REACHES THE LUNGS—DEVELOPS CONSUMPTION

Nothing more serious than the common cold. If it gains headway you can't stop it from running into Catarrh, deafness, or serious throat trouble. Catarrh spreads very fast. From nose to throat it goes in a day. Soon the Bronchial tubes are affected, and before you know it, unless very healthy, the lungs are hit and it's too late. While you have the chance, drive colds and Catarrh right out of the system. You can quickly do so by inhaling that piny vapor of Catarrhona.

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# MAIDS AND HOUSE WANTED

WANTED—Country girl for Brussels street.

NURSES WANTED

WANTED—Young woman for training school as nurse. Address P. O. Box 100, Worcester, Mass.

WANTED—Young men to take the training nurses at the Hartford, Retreat. Good wages. References required. Mrs. Glen, Superintendent of Washington St. Hartford.

AGENTS WANTED

RELIABLE representative to meet the tremendous fruit trade throughout New Brunswick. We wish to employ four good men to represent local and general agents. Interest taken in the fruit trade. We offer a permanent and liberal pay to the right man. Wellington, Toronto, Ont.

THERE is a boom in the fruit trade in New Brunswick. We wish to employ four good men to represent local and general agents. Interest taken in the fruit trade. We offer a permanent and liberal pay to the right man. Wellington, Toronto, Ont.

WANTED

LADIES to do plain and fancy work at home; whole or part time; send stamp for particulars. Palman Nursery, Montreal.

MALE HELP WANTED

WANTED—Steady and reliable. Apply, station David Blackmore, South N. B. 2140-102.

TEACHERS WANTED

WANTED—Second class teacher for District No. 1, and apply Geo. E. McArthur, Queens Co., N. B.

WANTED—Second class teacher immediately. Thos. A. Fowler, Cansboro, N. B.

WANTED—Second class teacher. Apply, station Weston Bridge, Secretary, N. B.

TO LET

TO LET—For the summer comfortably furnished. Part of the city. Apply Telegraph Office.

FOR SALE

FARM FOR SALE—On C. P. R. station, 110 half acre cultivation, wood and timber, in good well supplied with water, sale. Good bargain for buying larger farm. Apply care of Telegraph.

Monday, Jan. 1914

A very generous and great patronage has made our best years.

We trust that a continuing same patronage will be of all.

Send for Catalogue.

S. KERR, PR

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BLOWN TO PIECES BY PREMATURE EXPLOSION

Courtenay Bay Workmen Met Terrible Death—No One Knows Just How Accident Occurred as Two Victims Were Handling the Dynamite.

Tuesday, Feb. 3. By a premature explosion of dynamite at Courtenay Bay yesterday morning, two of the dynamiting crew—John Olson, foreman, and Andrew Damon, his assistant, were killed and a third man, Robert Roberts, was injured.

The explosion occurred at a quarry after eight o'clock. Olson and Damon had been at work loading a set of holes. Everything was going well and they had reached the last hole and were putting the charge into it, when everything exploded.

The cause of the accident is not known and possibly the reason for the dynamite going off prematurely will never be known, as Olson and Damon were the only ones on the spot where the explosion occurred.

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TAKEN PLEASANTLY BY EMPRE SAVERS IN HIS REMARKS

'Talked Like a Tory' at Ottawa Banquet, Says H. F. Gadsby

WORE A SMILE THAT WOULDN'T COME OFF

Ex-President Knocks for Popular Government and Equality of Man

Tickled His Conservative Audience, Including the Duke of Connaught—'Big Bill' in Fine Fettle Before His Distinguished Audience.

(Registered in Accordance with the Copyright Act of Canada.) Ottawa, Feb. 1.—The title of this story is a day in Ottawa, by Big Bill Taft, that is to say, the day by Bill not the story. For several hours the ex-president of the United States impinged on the capital of Canada. He had a good time, met all the good people, made a good speech, and was in fine fettle.

When Big Bill got off the 5 o'clock train from Toronto last Friday afternoon he was looking unusually blue at the defeat of the Liberals some two years ago, and the western sky was blushing at the break of dawn.

Then Sir Charles Taft, who is a great favorite on the border, looked very pretty in a frock of blue and white, with a white sash, and the Duke of Connaught, who is a great favorite on the border, looked very pretty in a frock of blue and white, with a white sash.

Frederick Mail—R. P. Allen, editor of the Mail, is seriously ill with erysipelas at his home in St. John. It will be some time before he will be about.

WILL OF MRS. JOHN R. CALHOUN IN PROBATE—OTHER CASES DEALT WITH

In the probate court yesterday the will of Mrs. Sarah Longmaid Calhoun, widow of John R. Calhoun, was admitted to probate.

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LITTLE CHANGE IN WHOLESALE FIGURES DURING THE WEEK

Produce Market Quotations About the Same as Last Week. Yesterday's Prices.

No changes of any importance have occurred during the week in the local markets. The wholesale quotations yesterday are practically the same as last week. They are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like New potatoes, Beef, Butter, Eggs, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Choice seeded raisins, Fancy do, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Flour, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Marjoram, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Small dry cod, etc.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Beef lites, etc.

PARLIAMENT DEBATES CAPITAL PUNISHMENT

(Continued from page 1) that the board was still at work on the judgment. It was impossible yet to give an exact date when the judgment might be expected.

That N. T. R. Report. In reply to another question by Mr. Graham, the minister stated, that he had expected to table the report of the commission which inquired into the cost of the national transcontinental railway yesterday. He has not been able to do so, but he would be tabling that report next week.

Would Abolish Death Penalty. Mr. Bickerdike then rose to introduce his bill to amend the criminal code. He proposed, he explained, to do away with the death penalty and ultimately with the life penalty and the use of the fork. The death penalty was a blot on religion and a reproach to any civilized nation.

It was found the world over, that if a man committed murder, and was a wealthy man, he would escape with a fine, and if he were poor, without funds or influence, he went to the gallows.

Does the state then say this man is to die? If he is not fit for earth, is he then fit for heaven? Thou shalt not kill, he considered applied to the state as well as to the individual, and when the state did kill it was simply legalized murder.

Capital punishment was not a deterrent, besides punishing the criminal, but it was a punishment which the fifth generation will have to bear.

No man ever committed murder in his sane moments, continued Mr. Bickerdike, and he thought in the face of such a man, the state should be merciful and live in his creator, who by the state punished a man with thirty stripes of a birch to make a good job of it.

Capital punishment brutalized the public and it was simply paying the future state a sorry compliment to send to it, the worst of this earth. In Belgium, Bickerdike said, the state had abolished the death penalty in the year 1830.

The question, again, whether, in the event of duties being done by the legislature, the first of the reform. The memorial, at all but five of the parliament, after the Alton at which Lord Lansdowne, Mr. Balfour's offer of the fiscal question, was discussed, as having been, and not accepted.

OBITUARY

William O'Regan. Tuesday, Feb. 3. A wire received in the city yesterday morning told of the death of a former resident of St. John, Wm. O'Regan, in Boston, after an illness of about a week from pneumonia.

Arthur Thompson. After an illness of only two weeks, Arthur Thompson died Sunday at the home of his parents, at Sand Point, Carleton, in his eleventh year. He is survived by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Thompson, and two sisters, at home. Many friends will deeply sympathize with the bereaved family.

George I. Northrup. The death occurred of George Isaac Northrup at his home, Bull Moose Hill, on Feb. 1. He leaves to mourn two sons and five daughters. One son, George Gilbert, died on Nov. 25, leaving a wife and three small children to mourn their sad loss.

Miss Maud B. Brittain. Hampton, N. B., Feb. 4.—At an early hour this morning Miss Maud Beatrice Brittain, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Brittain, entered into rest, on her thirty-first birthday, after a weeks illness of about six weeks duration, caused by a complete breakdown of the nervous system.

WEDDINGS. McBride-Porter. St. Stephen, Feb. 8.—(Special)—This afternoon Hugh McKenna McBride, son of Mr. and Mrs. James McBride, was united in marriage to Miss Edith Porter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Porter, of this town.

Doery-McDonald. St. Stephen, N. B., Feb. 4.—(Special)—This morning at 6 o'clock, at the Church of the Holy Rosary, Miss Mary Helena McDonald, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank McDonald, of this town, was united in marriage to Fred Doery, of

CONDENSED NEWS, LOCAL AND GENERAL

Woodstock, a popular messenger on the C. P. R. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father O'Flaherty. The bride and groom were attended by Guy McDonald, brother of the bride, and Miss Jennie Doery, sister of the groom. The wedding march was played by Miss Mary Short.

Frederick Mail—R. P. Allen, editor of the Mail, is seriously ill with erysipelas at his home in St. John. It will be some time before he will be about.

Moncton Transcript.—Track-master George Cooper, who has been so very ill, is much improved. Hon. Seneca Sweeney is spending the recess in Oxford, Florida, visiting his sister there.

George Rogers, the Granpian passenger, is still being detained by the immigration authorities at Sand Point. He has made no statement since his arrival here, according to the immigration officials, bearing on the Reeks case and no new developments have arisen.

Moncton Transcript: Matthew Lodge of this city, will sail from Halifax on Saturday on an extended trip to the old country. He has some important business to transact on the other side. He is accompanied to England by Mr. Lodge.

Chicago Newspaper Man Shows Grand Jury a Cable from Negro Saying He 'Grossed' Federal Officials. Chicago, Feb. 5.—F. W. Lawrence, city editor of a morning newspaper, testified before the federal grand jury today and produced the cablegram from Jack Johnson which made charges that Johnson gave \$20,000 to be distributed among federal officials before the negro pugilist went to France.

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

Capital and Surplus \$17,000,000. Total Resources over \$70,000,000. BRANCHES OF THIS BANK IN: Toronto, Montreal, St. John, Halifax, Boston, Chicago and New York.

System-Saving

The surest way to save is by system. If you deposit a certain amount each week or each month in this bank's Savings Department, you will find that you have the means to do something worth while.

WINGS COURT

Hampton, Feb. 6.—The adjourned session of the County Court, opened this morning when Judge W. B. Jones read his judgment in the case of J. W. Smith vs. Andrew Rudolph.

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VOL. LIII.

UNION TAX

Favor Tariff Without Colonies Must Pro Quo if They Prefer Favor Conference seas Dominion Advantage Work Britain if Importance is Granted

London, Feb. 10.—O parliamentary session, publishes for the first year dealing with the reform. The memorial, at all but five of the parliament, after the Alton at which Lord Lansdowne, Mr. Balfour's offer of the fiscal question, was discussed, as having been, and not accepted.

The memorandum of the signature of imperial preference that if the Unionist to power they ought to in effect in every respect imposition of new duties would not be required.

It points out that speech, made at Ashburton that before any proposed foreign countries, with the view of ascertaining the relative to the advantage to the United Kingdom.

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Nothing but chance were found by the rescue with the aid of oxygen cylinders, succeeded in pulling out of the water, as far as the two cars of the passenger are supposed to be the engineer and fireman of the freight train, pushed in Castillo's bandits.

Get All the Facts. No one ever had information. Some of us think we know it, but we all know the information is decided. Each day and each something to teach are wise we will be. This newspaper, full of interesting Some parts of it will be other parts to them. Perhaps the most information is that of advertisements. They are live persons about merchandise. They are planning co-operation to be and to the man who them. He can only hope making his announcement to you. He believes he has are looking for and frankly and tells what he has. It is the fair and way of doing things by the first principle of the Square Deal which modern business built.