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TRIO CORNISH INDIAN் GAMES.-Owned by C. D. Smith, Fort Plain, N.Y.

E. B. THOMPSON'S PLYMOUTH ROCKS.


BOFF PLYMOUTH ROCK COCKEREL.
-Owned by A. C. Hawkins, I ancaster, Mass.



For the FANCIER, the FARMER, and the SMALL BREEDER


Eniton's Nore.-Woaroindebted to Mr. A. A. Brigham. Pla.D., director of the Rhode Istand Agricultural Experiment Station. for advance proots of this most valuablo and comprehensive article on Goose Culture, and alsofor procuring tor us dunlicates of some copies of Revifiw containing this series of articles should be carefullypresorved for futuro guidance. The first part appeared in November Review
GT T must be kept in mind such goslings were not excessively fatted, as the weights might suggest to some persons, but rather, like Shropshire sheep, more remarkable for the immense quantity of flesh they carried than their obesity. The flavor of these cross-breeds is remarkably mild and fine. These first cross goslings must, however, nor be retained as future srock birds, for they themselves produce young of very inferior size by throwing back (reversion). * * * The rule to be observed is, breed continuously (year after year) from the same old stock, which are purely descended, and kill off annually all the cross produce for table or market purposes. * * * It will be found much preferable for the gander to be a Toulouse and the geese Embdens than reversing the sexes, as they breed larger framed and heavier-Fleshed birds, which is a most important feature." This cross produces heavy birds for Thanksgiving or Christmas, but is not so good for early maturity as a reverse mating would secure. Digby says: "If you prefer breeding from a cross, let that cross be between two pure varieties. I would strongly advise you to use an Embden gander and

Toulouse goose, or vice versa, but the Toulouse being very much more proiific layers than the Embdens, frequently lay double the number of eggs in a season; consequently they are the best and most profitable to keep for this purpose, and, as they do not evince a desire to sit nearly as soon as the Embdens, their eggs may be set under hens and double the quantity of goslings may be hatched and reared." While what the last writer says about the comparative sitting propensity of the two breeds is quite true, we think he has overestimated the laying capacity of the Toulouse as compared with the Embdens. For the past two years, at this Station, the Embdens have laid 71.5 per cent. as many eggs as the Toulouse, but the number laid by either breed has not been large, and it is quite possible that with perfect liberty, egg production would be increased and the proportion changed. Of one other advantage in crossing we wish to speak. The Jews, as a race, are large consumers of geese, the fat supplying in some measure the place of lard, which they never use in cooking. For some reason, in purchasing geese in the market, they always lonk for a bird with YELlow or orange bili, and a large wholesale poultry dealer states that it is almost impossible to sell a Jew a black-billed goose so long as he can find oue having a light colored bill. Now it is policy for the producer to cater to the requiremenis of the market--to produce what is wanted and put it on the market in the most attractive style-and if a yellow bill helps the sale of stock at times, why not produce geese with light colored bills? The Africans and Brown China breeds have black bills; the other three breeds, orange, or light colored bills. Now it is a rule, almost without exception, that a white or pied (particolored) goose always has an orange or yellow bill, sometimes, however, mottled with dark color. When Africans or Brown Chinas are crossed with Embdens, a large part of the progeny will be white or pied, and, therefore, have the light colored bill. An additonal advantage is the fact that white birds dress easier and look better when dressed than dark birds. By crossing the Embden and African breeds we secure in the progeny a union of the good points of both breeds.
(Còntinued next month.)

GOOSE CULTURE.

## Editor Gazette:

股experience in breeding geese last year may be of some use to those who are about to start in this branch of poultry.
In the summer of 1897 my stock consisted of two Chinese ganders and two Chinese geese and two Tonlouse and in October I added to the number two Embden and one Toulouse, making in all two ganders and seven geese, all over two years old, younger geese being very uncertain stock getters It took some months before the strangers were received into the flock and some time longer for them to mate, the unfortunate new arrivals being kept out "in the cold," the old wives were, as usual, at the bottom of the row, the ganders doing their best to stop the tumult calling out Ki-whack, Ki-whack, which being interpreted means "Order, order," their differences were eventually settled and peace reigned. The next trouble that came was the ganders disagreed about their lady-loves, which brought on another series of quarrels, which ended in the smallest gander being knocked out of time and lamed. This was early in March and I had to put him in hospital during the whole of the mating season, much to my disgust, as I felt sure that the eggs would prove unfertile with only one gander with seven geese, but I found that the eggs were all right and that a very large proportion proved fertile, quite as many as when a gander and two geese were mated, that being the legitimate number given by all goose authorities. The Chinese gander being an active bird may account for his being so prolific. I find that the Chinese geese lay more eggs than the other breeds but not quite as large. They begin generally a fortnight sooner and continue much longer and occasionally lay a batch in the autumn. One of the Chinese geese died in May, being egg-bound, but the egg, obtained by a Cæssarean operation, produced a gosling.

Geese sit well and are careful of their young, but jealous of any interference. One morning when visiting their house I saw an Embden goose behaving in an unusual mauner and found, on examination, that she was pushing with her beak, an egg which she had just laid, under a sitting goose in the next nest, after she had finished her job I raised the other goose from her nest and found twenty eggs where I had only put
fifteen. I marked the new ones and left them and when the first goslings came out I gave them to another goose whose eggs were due about the same time, allowing the first goose to remain on the nest until the second batch made its appearance, taking the goslings as they appeared.

A Toulouse goose wishing to sit gave me an opportunity of testing some eggs that were twenty-one days old but I found that it r . hardly worth the trouble, that although some goslings came out and lived the greater number died in the shell.

I fed all the goslings on cut grass, clover, dandelions, small wheat, skim milk and broken biscuit, giving them a pan of water, partly filled with stones to prevent them wetting themselves, upon which food they did well, until an extremely hot spell of $80^{\circ}$ and $90^{\circ}$ came on, when death carried off quite a number at the rate of five or six a day. They seemed to faint or get paralyzed. I changed the food to moist bran and provender which appeared to stop the havoc. There were plenty of bushes and trees in their yard so it could not have been sunstroke. When the goslings grew bigger and about three or four weeks old I put them into a field with the old geese but had to take them back as many were tired out and in fact walked off their legs. Some died, so you see, Mr. Editor, that goose culture is not all "beer and skittles," as some of our writers wish to make out.
Distinguishing the sex of goslings is one of the difficulties to contend with. The voice is one of the plans but under a year old, unless one has a good ear foi music, it is hard to say which is hoarse for a goose or which is a scream for a gander. The best plan is to drive the flock into a corner, then in most cases the ganders will face you and hiss, doing their best to pı tect their sisters, their cousins and their aunts.

In summer my geese have a run over the pasture but are housed at night, and in winter they are kept in a cold, dry house, thriving better than in warm quarters, as they are apt to lay too early-goslings doing best when they are hatched about the time grass begins to grow. A great many eggs went to the kitchen, not being able to get clucking hens.

I do not send you this article as a proof of success, but as an actual statement of facts of one years experience in following a branch of poultry raising which has been much neglected, and that the errors made by me may be a warning to others. The few goslings I did raise are now hanging in the larder, weighing from twelve to sixteen pounds each.
[Glad to hear from Senex again.-ED.]

THE RCUEN DUCK.

BY H. S. BABCOCK, PROVIDENCE, R.I.

zHAT experience I have had in ducks has taught me that in economic merits there is little to choose between the different breeds. I believe that one breed will grow as rapidly as another and that for a given amount of food one breed will produce as much flesh as another. Although I have kept no exact statistics, have never weighed or measured the food, I have observed quite closely and the above are my conclusions. From an economic standpoint, however, there is an advantage in keeping a large breed. No one rearing for the market would be apt to adcpt the lovely little Call or the exquisite little black East Indian ducks. For, while these little ducks might make as many pounds of meat fo: a given amount of food consumed, there would be too many of them to dress when they were to be got ready for the market. Between the Rouen, Aylesbury and Pekin, for market purposes there is little to choose.
But from a fancier's view-point, between the different breeds there is much to choose. The fancier delights in beauty, and the most beautiful duck makes the strongest appeal to him. Among ducks I do not hesitate to say that I regard the Rouen as the most beautiful, and for a fancier, who also desires size for economic reasons, this breed should receive the first consideration. The Gray Call is the Rouen in a diamond edition, and if smallness of size is demanded, this is the fancier's breed.

Consider for a mome:at the variety of coloring that the Rouen drake presents. it rich green head, a green neck marked with a white ring, a claret throat and breast, a green glossy black tail, and a body covering of the most delicately penciled gray, each feather of which is a work of art. And the duck is scarcely less beautiful in her pencilled brown suit, sober and yet rich in hue, and artistic in marking.
Few peonle really know how beantiful the coloring of the Rouen is. Not long ago a number of tanciers were in my office and I took out some body and breast feathers of a Rouen drake and asked them from what bird they supposed these feathers were plucked. These fanciers were not beginners hat reterans among chickens, one of them having had, first and .last.
nearly everything in the chicken line. They guessed, some that the feathers came from pheasants, some from wild birds, but not one of them the long domesticated Rouen duck. And if fanciers are so illinformed as this, what must be the state of mind of the general public!

The Ronen is not an easy bird to breed to perfection. No bird is that, but the Rouen presents certain specific difflculties. The duck I believe to be more difficult to breed than the drake. The ducks will persist in showing a tendency towards a white ring on the neck and towards white in the flight feathers of the wing. The white ring of the drake tends to leave its mark on the female, and the white baud on the wing to produce white whece it is not desired. But what of it? The imperfect specimens are just as good eating as the much lauded Pekin, and fauciers are accustomed to cope with problems in breeding. If everyone could breed perfect specimens there would be no interest in breeding. What is casy ceases to be fascinating to a fancier. The Rouen presents just those breeding problems which fits it to be a fancier's bird. Pekins are too easy for a genuine fancier. He wants something to make him study when he comes to mate his birds.

We don't breed half enough ducks. Where we produce one we ought to produce several. Perhaps enough Pekins are bred, but of Aylesburys, Cayugas and Rouens we need very many more. People do not realize how easy it is to grow ducks, and still less do they realize how well the ducks will do in circumscribed quarters. If they but knew that anyone can keep them, that they can be successfully grown without water, and that in rearing them there is not a tenth of the difficulty there is in rearing chickens. I believe duck breeding would boom. And yet, a single trial will convince the most sceptical. I advise that trial, and if the person loves beauty I advise a trial with the Rouen or some other colored variety. As an illustration of the ease with which ducks can be reared I give my experience for the past season in these few words, "I raised every duckling I hatched." These were Rouens. The year before, with black East Indians, I raised every duckling I hatched, with the exception of three, killed by a hen within a day or two after the ducklings were brought off. I did not fuss with them, never dusted them for lice and never had one become droopy because of lice. With chickens it was a fight with lice from start to finish, but with the ducklings all that seemed to be required was plenty of food and water. And how they did grow! You could almost see them grow as you watched them feed. A week made a great change in their appearance.' A month almost trausformed them.

Try ducks once, my brother fancier, and see if the above is not the unvarnished truth.

THE DUTY THE FARMER OWES TO THE GOVERNMENT AND POULTRY ASSOCIATIONS.

BY IV. H. BLENAMLN, OTTAWA, ONT.

goO some the above will seem a strange heading for a paper, but really so much has been written, published and talked about in the poultry interest that one finds it a hard matter to say anything new. Hence I take the above heading for this paper.

Some one may ask, What duty does the farmer owe to the Government and poultry associations?

I will endeavor to point out what I think his duty is to both. When a parent provides the means to educate his child for a certain profession or trade, and affords him every opportunity to acquire the knowledge necessary to fit him for the successful operation of the same, it is the child's duty to repay in some shape, it's parents' provision for his education. The same obligation rests with the farmer. The Government gives a grant to the associations, for the purpose of encouraging the poultry interests. by awarding premiums for the best specimens of the various breeds. Who are the parties that make this display ? They are the fancy breeders or instructors. In schools there must be teachers of the various branches. The teachers in the poultry associations are the exhibitors and breeders. They have spent time and money in educating themselves in a thorough knowledge of the characteristics of the various breeds and bringing them to the state of perfection we see them in at exhibitions.

The breeders have also acquired skill and knowledge in the crossing of different breeds with a view to the creation of a superior layer or market fowl. But while the crossing of certain breeds in the shilled breeders' hands will give excellent results, it unfortunately happens that the crossing of breeds, as it occurs on most farms, is more a matter of accident than method. Such lack of interest and knowledge on the part of the farmer is to be deplored.

In order to know how to make good crosses the farmer and his family will require a knowledge of the different breeds. He or they have to learn how to make desirable crosses. The farmer, or member of his family, who takes up this part of his farming industry, can best and quickest obtain the required knowledge
by becoming a member or members of a poultry association, by attending the exhibitions and by making personal enquiries of those who have made poultry rearing a study, and at the same time see the result of their shill and experience in the fine specimens exhibited. A personal interview of ten or fifteen minutes with a practical breeder, will have more beneficial and satisfactory results than listening to a dozen or more lecture:s.
Now, I think it is the clea: duty of the farmer and his family to attend these exhibitions, or schools, for through them he gains knowledge which enables him to make perfect his stock, and which in time brings in an increased revenue to him. By his attendance at the shows he proves to the Goverument that he appreciates, and approves of the expenditure of the money by which he obtains the required information with very little outlay on his part.
Again, the farmer by attending these exhibitions learns how to properly house and feed his fowls. He sees how useless is the happy-go-lucky way most of them adopt. He learns that by properly feeding half the quantity of food formerly used will suffice, and so this is another branch learned by attending the exhibitions, or schools. He also learns the proper method of feeding and caring for bis fowls at the moulting period. I feel convinced that a great loss of stock is sustained during this moulting time by the farmer nut understanding the proper treutment needed. On too many farms three months, and sometimes more, in egg production are lost, simply because every bit of the nitrogenous food they get goes to the support of life and the sending out of a new crop of feathers. Frequently the kind of nourishment supplied is noi of the kind to send the feathers out rapidly, and the fowl goes about half stripped of its plumage, a dead weight and expense meanwhile.

Now, all the advantages enumerated can be enjoyed by the farmer and his family if they will only attend the anutal poultry shows in his neighborhood. It is for his bencfit that they receive Government aid. The object is purely an educational one. As has already been said opportunity is given for enquiry. Then lectures from the Dominion and Local Governments are presented to instruct, by addresses, as to the best breeds for egg and flesh production, how to properly house, feed, care for and mate the birds. In these different ways are the Governments striving to interest the farmers in improved methods of poultry culture, and properly cared for poultry will not only bring money into the farmers pockets but be a source of wealth to the country. The Governments have the same right, having adopted the means they have, to expect the farmer to show his appreciation of their efforts by attending the shows, as the farmer has to expect his sons and daughters to make effort to learn, after having provided for their education.

## WHAT I KNOW ABOUT POULTRY.

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by james anderson, springifeld farm, gunlph ont.

1N talking to a veteran poultry breeder lately I made the remark that there was not the same amount of money made from breeding poultry as there was 20 years ago. so many more in the business now. He replied if you have the best you can always find a demand for them. And I believe he is correct, as at our recently held ponltry show at Guelph I sold my prize geese and some of my prize turkeys very satisfactorily.

While inferior stock you could scarcely give away.
Now, as I am a farmer myself and have been breeding poultry for the last 38 years, I will endeavor from a farmer's standpoint to give my experience to my brother farmers and others interested what little I know about chickens, turkeys, geese and ducks. I am convinced the best utility breed of fowls for a farmer to raise is the Plymouth Roçk or the Wyandotte. I have tried 7 or 8 different breeds and for a general purpose fowl nothing can beat the above. You have some four different colors of each to choose from, as they are all equally good for either egg production or table use. I have also a great liking for the light Brahma, having bred them for 25 or 30 years, and find them excellent, hardy birds. Excellent winter layers if you get the right stamp; gocd mothers and not so persistent sitters as some breeds. If for eggs only, nothing can beat the brown or white Leghorn, but the eggs are too small for shipping to the British market, the demand being for a large brown egg, which either the Wyandottes, P. Rocks or light Brahmassupply. I often use the large light Brahma hen for setting my Toulouse goose eggs in the spring before the goose is inclined to sit, as I have knowa them lay 35 and 40 eggs before the incubating fever came on them. I invariably set my duck eggs with the light Brahma hens. They can be moved without the slightest trouble and are the quietest, easiest handied breed I know of.

Ciie of my brother farmers remarked to me recently there was more money in keeping hens than fattening steers these times. He keeps over 200 hens, and for the last two winters has sold to the two leading hotels
in the city of Guelph 35 to 40 dollars worth of eggs per month for tho 4 months, commencing December 1st, getting 20 to 25 cents a dozen for them. Profitable as raising pigs has been of late years it is never to be compared to chicken raising, as the same amount of grain fed to chickens as it takes to fatten a hog would bring double the amount of profit. So much has been said and written in our poultry papers and farm journals of late about how to feed poultry for the best production of eggs and how to prepare them for the British market that it would be superfluous for me to reproduce it here. The whole secret of success lies in keeping your fowls in a moderately warm place, feed them the right kind of food, supply them with a dust bath, keep them clean, free from vermin of all kinds, give them plenty of ground bones, green food of some kind, grit for digestion, oyster shells crushed for the formation of the shell of the egg, plenty of skim milk, which contains a great deal of albumen, of which the white of the egg is chiefly compose $\lambda$. I find cut clover hay if cured green is excellent food for hens in winter. If you attend to the above advice Biddy will shell out eggs all winter and cackle and be happy, and above all if you have any first-class chickens or eggs for sale advertize well. I have shipped geese and turkeys all the way to St. John's and Woodstock, N.B., from a single ad. in the "Farmer's Advocate." I have been a subscriber to the Cavadian Poultry Review since its inception and have got many useful hinte from it, also a better medium of communication with the poultry world camot be found than by advertising in this paper, and as the price has been reduced to 50 cents per annum it is now within the reach of all engaged in the poultry business. I have been very successful in raising turkeys, and have got good prices for them. I made it a point when getting fresh blood always to get the best. I once paid $\$ 10$ for a young gobbler, which was considered in these days an unhorbitant price, but it was the best paying investment I ever made, as I sold over $\$ 100$ of his progeny next season. I sold to Mr. Page, Superintendent of Walnut Grove Pouitry Farm, South Bend, Indiana, a year ago. a gobbler that now weighs $461 / 2 \mathrm{lbs}$. He has never been beaten at the different poultry shows in Indiana and elsewhere in the U.S., so Mr. Page informed the "Mercury" reporter and myself yesterday when he visited our Guelph Fat Stock and Live

Poultry Show, and he was one of the progeny of my .sio gobbler. So you see, as the reteran breeder remarked to me, "it pays to keep the best." And you will alwaws find a market for then. Turkeys are a very valuable adjunct to the profits of the farm. One of my neighbors informs me that his wife keeps the house in groceries, etc.. from the profits of her turkeys alone. Another neighbor mforms me his sister sold last year 95 turkeys, getting 8 and to cents a 1 lb . for themShe fattened them principally on shorts and boiled potatoes. Turkeys are great foragers and consume millions of grasshoppers and other injurious insects. They are tender when young but the hardiest of all domestic fowls when adult, in fact they will not stand close confinement and too warm a place in winter will be sure to bring on roup or some other disease. I have had trouble with lice on the young ones, but a little insect powder or sulphur dusted over them will soon cure that. I find chopped dandelion leaves and young onion tops mixed with a little scalded corn meal excellent food for young turkeys, the dandelion being an excellent tonic. Beware of wet damp grass or heavy showers of rain when very young. After chey are 6 weeks or 2 months old they as a rule are very hardy. I constder the $M$. Bronze the most profitable and hardy variety I have had. I had young turkeys, dressed for the table, at our Guelph fat stock show, weighing eighteen and ninteen lbs. each, for which I received to cents a lb . I had a one and a half year old bird "dressed" weighed over thirty lbs. last year and for which I got first prize at " the Smithficld of Canada." I showed one this year alive, weighing at same show thirty eight lbs., last years bird. Now this seems like bluwing, but it is not, as I want to show what my brother farmers can du as well as I can if they only keep the best of everything.

I give my birds no special care, in fact I could make a great deal more out of them if I gave them more attention, but as I have rented my farm for the last few years and as I have all the grain to purchase that I feed my fowls, I find it costs more than when 1 had the granary bin to go to and help myself, and they two often have to forage for themselves. , , in:se.
When I commenced farming 35 years ago, I had a great antipathy to keeping geese, as I always undersiood they injured the pasture so that other animals
would not eat aiter them, but after 35 years experience I find they are the nost profitable kind of porttry a farmer can raise, provided he cankeep them out of his grainfields. I find the Toulouse the hardiest, most prolific and easiest fattened. A cross with the African and Toulouse makes a very large bird. I have seen them weigh over thirty lbs., and shown at our Xmas fat stock show twenty-thrce and twenty-four lbs. dressed for the table, shown by a Mr. Win. Thompson. Mr. Buchanan, my next neighbor, has taken the first prize for fat geese at the same show for eighteen years in succession with the same cross. He called it Chinese, but it is the African, his weighed ninc:een and twenty lbs. dressed. Geese live to a grent age, some say one hundred years. There is a very interesting article on the goose in the November number also in the December number of the Review, by Chas. O. Flagg, which is well worth perusal. He says he has known a Toulouse goose lay sixty-five eggs in one season. I have had them lay forty-five in one season. If you want them to lay on just shut them up for a few days when the sitting fever comes on and feed them sparingly and they will soon commence laying again.

William Rankin, a veteran goose breeder, cites an instance of a goose owned by a man in Bexfor, Mass., where it was the property of one family for 101 years and was then killed by the kick of a horse. Some fanciers say a goose will breed for fifty years and do well. I had an old Toulouse goose twenty-five yeal- which bred well to that age and was accidentally killed, I believe, while I was away in the old country. Ganders should not be kept so long, as they are more prolific from two to ten years of age. $A$ gander will mate with three or four females and the eggs are prolific, but he genera'ly has a preference for one particular favorite, whose nest he will guard with special care. Mr. Rankin says he has made as much trom one Toulouse goose in one year as from the best cow in his stable. I can believe it if, as he says, sixty-five cggs can be got and hatched out, as they are always worth $\$$ and $\$ 0$ a pair for breeding purposes. I can get that for all I can produce.

And above all, what is better than a good, well cooked young goose for a Xmas dinner. They are vers casily fattened. I shut them up for three weeks and feed them on boiled potatoes, mixed with oat meal, coin meal or a little shorts and a little

Thorley's food or other cattle spice as a relish though it.

I see by the papers that a Toronto firm has been shipping tons of turkeys, ect., to the Old Country this season, and that the firm of Meldrum \& Co., Montreal, are receiving for shipment to England between 2,000 and 4,000 turkeys daily, and will continue the same for another month. They expect to ship altogether between 80,000 to 80,000 birds. We should appreciate the efforts of the Hon. Mr. Fisher and Prof. Robertson in providing cold storage for poultry and other perishable products that the farmer produces. And the beaty comes in of having a practical farmer as Ninister of Agriculture, and the farmers stand in their own light if they do not keep a fammer as Minister of Agriculture, as they carry the balance of power in the Dominion. DUCRS.
My experience in duck raising has extended over some thirty-eight years, in fact ever since I have farmed for myself, and as the river Speed runs through the centre of my farm I have one of the best places for duck culture ia the Dominion. After the first six weeks they can find their own living, as the river abounds in crawfish and other molusks on which they delight to feed. They are always fat. There is pasture on both sides of the river, and geese and ducks luxuriate there. I have tried the three different breeds, Pekin, Aylsbury and Rouen. The former is the most popular, as :t is the largest, at least to look at, commences to lay the earliest and where you have plenty of wate: is a profitathe duck to raise. The Aylsbury is more tencer, although an excellent table bird. I find the Ronen the most profitable of the three breeds. They are hardy, casily fattened, and if you have the right breed will weigh just about as much as the other breeds. I have had them dressed eight lus. cachat our Xmas fat stock show. Ducks are omniverous, are great feeders, and if you feed them well from the time they are hatched they ought to be fit for market at three months old, which is the proper time to sell, as the prices are higher then than in the fall. The same feed will fatten them as geese and there is a greater demand for gend fat youns ducks than for any other class of powtry. And a more toothsome kird cannot be put on the table than a well cooked, well fattened young duck. The Cas uga is a smaller bird, but is a very hardy duck, and is excellent for the table. They have more the flavor of the wild duck than the others, and are highly appreciated by gourmands for their delicate
flavor. I have now given you my experience, and hope it may benefit some one, and if it does I will be well satisfied for the short time it has taken me to scribble out these few lines.

## THE BREEDER OF POULTRY.

1N speaking of breeding thoroughbred poult's we wish it to be correctly understood, we a.e not speaking of the person who is noted in his or her heighborhood as a success in raising any given numebr of pure bred or cross bred fowls out of a certain number of chicks hatched from the eggs, or how fine and healthy they look after they are matured, or of how many eggs he is capable of making a certain number of his fowls produce. The art of domg all this, any and all will admit, is a science, and is or would be very valuable to the scientific breeder. Yet a man could be possessed of each and all of the above qualities and still not be a successful breeder in the correct sense of the term. A man to be what we call a successful breeder is a man gifted with qualities that only a comparatively few have. Certainly he is a really good judge of the breed or breeds he is interested in, very often a deal better than any understand, except a very few gifted like himself and interested in the same breed. They understand each other and see far more of the finer and more difficult points or qualities to be des $\because \mathrm{d}$ in the breeds in which they are interested and on which their thoughts are centered. A scientific breeder is gifted with a foresight that tells him that a male bird he sees has qualities in him that just fits him to be mated to a certain hen or hens that he has. Very often, if asked, he would be unable to put his reasons into words so that his questioner could comprehend his meaning, yet he knows he is right. He is a thoughtfful man, a man who does not believe in theories but in practice. He makes notes, takes nothing for granted. It must prove itself when put in practice He can take a flock of ordinary or fair specimens of any of the breeds he understinds and raise better, more typical specimens from them by mating them his way, scientifically, than his friend or neighbor who has none of his qualities and ability can from the winners at Madison Square Garden. He understands full well that one sort of iu-breeding will ruin any variety, while another sort of inbreeding will intensify and perpetuate any of those qualities desired and harn: the breed in no way. In fact, he is the man who has brought all our valuable and beautiful breeds up to the high standard they now occupy, and it is this sort of men, the genuine breeders who build up the business, and who every year raises a few birds that are not for sale regardless of prices offered simply because they need them as breeders and they are beyond value in dollars and cents to them.-By "Zim."

## BRANTFORD'S BIG SHOW.

(G)
HE poultry and pet stock sliow at Brantford drew a large number of spectators. The management of the exhibition are satisfied with the results in this direction, a fact which speaks for itself. The judging has been universally satisfactory so far as we could learn. In some cases the judge declined to award a first prize on the ground that the quality of the birds did not merit the highest preminm.

About 1,200 birds of all kinds were entered and quality was good. The show ran smoothly under the guidance of Secretary Minshall, Superintendent Raines and the other officers. We are pleased to learn that a substantial balance remains in the hands of the Treasurer after paying all claims.

## Y.IST OF ENHIBITORS.

J. H. Minshall, N. Cosh, T. A. Cox, J. Cameron, W. J. Westwood, F. Broome. A. E. Hartley, R. J. Taylor, A. M. Avoy, W. Simon, R. Ryan, A. Wilson, J. G. Gordon, T. Mahler, A. J. Moore, Stratford Bros., C. W. Rutherford, F. Hearns, E. Orr. A. E. Smith, Waugenheim \& Buck, J. J. Foley, W. Dick, P. H. McNellis, J. M McDonald, I'. J. Heath, R. Middlemiss, H. Yakes, S. Kerby, R. Franklin, E. Orr, A. MeEvoy, Cope n:os., J. Brown, J. Gardener, R. Sutton, J. Hawthorne, Dr. Digby, all of Brantfora; T. \& J. Lunn, Burtch; P. H Buchanan, Newport ; M. T. Burn, Tilsonburg ; Oakwood Yards, Burlington, Wis : $F$ S L. Noore, J G. Gordon, Pickering ; H. Wyatt, London ; Thurlow \& McMichael, Woodstock ; J. W. Portecus, A E. Hartley, Judson \& Lovegrove, W. Calvin, Gait ; C. E. Smith, Fairfield Plains; Henderson \& Billings, St. Mary's; T. H. Mills, Sarnia ; W. J. Player, Nassagaweya; J. F. Hill, Welland ; J. A. Livingston, Grimsby ; H. G. Doyle, S. Kirby, J. W. Barr, J. Widgery, Woodstock ; E. O'Neil, Paris; D. McKenzie, Fergus; J. W. Potter, Walsh; O'Brien \& Colwell, Paris ; L. T. McIntyre and G. McIntyre, Norwich.
I.IST Or AWARDS.

Brahmas-Light cock 1 McDonald, $\because$ and 3 Cameron, hen 1 Cameron. 2 Cox, 3 MeDonald, cockerel 1 and 2 Cox, 3 Cameron, pullet 1 and 2 Cox, 3 Cameron , dark cock 1 3urn, 2 Cakwood Z゙and=, hen 1 Burn. 2 Oakwooh Yards, cockerel 2 Oakwood Jinrls. 3 Burn. pullet 1 Burn, 2 Oakwood lards.
Cochins-Buff coch 1 Wyatt, 2 Ẅlson, 3 McDonald, hen 1 Wiste, 2 Wilson, 3 MeDonald, cockerel 1 and 3 Wratt, 2 Moore, pullet 1 Wyatt, 2 fleon. 3 3foore : partridge cock 1 Thuriow S McMichacl, 2 Wyatt, hen

1 Calrit, 2 Wyatt, 3 Thurlow and MeMtchnel, cockerel 1 and 2 Wyatt. 3 Thurlow and Mcaichacl, pullet 1 and 2 Wratt, 3 Thurlow and MeMichacl : white or black cock 1 Thurlow and McMichacl. 2 Smith, 13urn, hen 1 13urn, 2 Thunlow and MceMichael, 3 Brown, cockerel 1 Burn, $\because 13$ room, 3 Smith, pullet $1 \mathrm{Burn}, 2$ Smith.
Plymouth Rocks-Barred cock 1 Ilenderson and Imlings, 2 Port coun. 3 T. nud J. Lunn, hen 1 Portcous, 2 Lunn, 3 Westwood, cockerol 1 M- Nells. 2 and 3 Hemberson and Hilliugs, pullet 1 and 2 IIenderson and billinks, 3 Me.Vellis, 4 Portcous; white cock 1 Minshall, 2 Moore, 3 Heath, hen 1 and 2 Mmshail, 3 Rutherford, cockerel 1 and 3 Minshall, 2 Kerby, pullet 1 Minshall, 2 IIenth, 3 Westwood : buitcock 1 Cox, 2 Foley, 3 Henderson and Billines, hen 1 Foley, : IIenderson and Billings, cockerel 1 Mills, 2 Foley, 3 Inarley, pullet 1 and 2 Foley. 3 Livingstone.
Langehans-Cock 1 IIll, $\mathfrak{2}$ Stratford Bros., 3 MeDomald, hen 1 Stratfurd Bros., 2 McI Monald, 3 l'ottor, cockerel 1 IIII, 2 Cox, 3 Stratford Bros., pullet 1 IIIll, : O'Neill. 3 Strat ford l3ros.
Wyandottos-Golden cock 1 Ifonderson and Billings, 2 MeDonald, 3 Cox, hen 1 Cox, 3 Mel)omadd, cockerel 2 Cox, pulfet 2 MeDonald, 3 Cox ; silver cock 1 IIenderson and Isillings, 2 Cor, hen 12 and 3 Henderson and billings, cockerel 1 and 2 Henderson and Billings, 3 Yakes, pullet 1 and 3 Cox, 2 IIendernon and Billings: white cock 1 Moore, 2 Lierby, hen 1 and 3 Kerby, 2 Moore, cockerel 1 and 3 Moore, 2 Kerby, pullet 1 and 3 Moore. 2 Rerby.
An'ialusians-Cock 1 and 2 Cosh, 3 Mckenzie, hen 12 and 3 Cosh, coc'.erel 1 and 2 Cosh, 3 Mekenzie, pullet 12 and 3 Cosh.
Dorkiners-Silver gray or colored cock 1 Cox,2 Burn, hen 1 and 3 Cox, 2 Sinon, cockerel 1 Cox, pullet 1 Cox, 2 and 3 Simon ; white cock 1 and 2 Burn, hen 1 and 2 Burn, cockerel 1 and 2 Burn, pullet 1 and 2 Burn.

Houdans-Cock 1 Menderson and Billings, 2 Burn. 3 Thurlow and MeMtichael, hen 1 IBurn. 2 and 3 Thurlow and MeMichael, cockerel 1 and $\because$ Thurlow and Mc:Michael, 3 Stratford IBros., pullet 1 and 2 Thurlow and Me.Miehael. 3 IBurn.
Spanish-I lack cock I Burn, 2 Henderson and Billings, hon I Burn, 2 IYenderson and Billings, cockerel 1 Ifenderion and Billings, 2 Gordon, pullet 1 Menderson and lBillings, 2 Gordon.
Minorcas-13lack cock 12 and 3 Minshall, hen 12 and 3 Minshall cockerell and $\because$ Minshall, 3 Lovegrove, pullet 123 and 4 Minshall whitecock 1 Moore, hen 1 and 2 Moore, 3 Lovegrove, cockerel 1 and 2 Moore, pullet 1 Minshall, 2 and 3 Moore.
Javas-Whte hen 1 O'Neill, 2 Smith, cockerel 10 Neill, 2 Cos, pullet 1 ONeill, 2 and 3 Cox.
Hamburgs-l'encilled cock 1 loter, 3 Smith, 3 Burn, hen 1 Potter, ${ }^{3}$ Henderson and Bullings. 3 Burn, cockerel 1 and 2 Burn, pullet 1 and 2 13 unn : spangled cock 1 and 3 13urn, 2 Smith, hen 1 and 2 Durn. 3 Smith, cockerel 1 and 2 Burn, 3 Syrie, pullet 1 Burn, 2 Syrie, 3 Calvin ; any other variety hen 1 liurn, a l'otter, pullet I simith. 2 Potter, 3 Burn, cockerel I Smith. 2 Pottcr, 3 Franklin.
Leghorns-Whites.C. cock 1 Urr, 2 Lovegrove, 3 Karr, hen 1 Buchanth, 2 Orr. 3 Jovegrove, cockerel 1 Cox, $\because$ Barr, 3 Smith, pallet 1 Barr, 2 Smith, 3 Ibuchanan, brown S. C. cock 1 Doyle, 2 Simon, 3 Player, hen 1 MeDonald, 2 Simon, 3 Orr, cockerel 1 and 2 Orr, 3 Cox, pullet 1 Orr, 2 1)orle. 3 Linnon; li.c. brown cock 1 abd $:$ Henderion and Billinge, hen 1 and 2 Hendernon and billmgs, cockerel 1 and $\xlongequal[y]{l}$ Henderson and Billings, fullet 1 and 2 Henderson and Billings; IL. C. white cock 1 Dic!. 2 Burn. hen 1 lurn, 2 and 3 Dick, cockerel 1 IBurn, 2 and 3 Dick, pulicel and 3 Diek,"2 Burn ; black cock 1 Cox, cockerel 1 Lovegrove, 2 Cox, pullet 2 Cox. 3 Iovegrove : buth coci 1 and 2 Brown. 3 Player, hen 1 Henderson and Bullngs, $\because$ Playcr, 3 Mills, cockerel 1 Doyle, 2 Mills, 3 Menderson and Isillings, pullet 1 and 3 Mills, 2 Menderson and Billing:-
Red Caps-Cock, 1 Gordon. hen 1 Gordon, cockerel 1 O'Neill, o Gordon, 3 Gardner, pullet 1 ts and 3 Gardner.
Polands-W.C.I3. cock 1 and 3 Middlemiss, 2 Taylor, be. • ond 2 Tay lor, cockerel 1 Taylor, 2 and 3 Middlemiss, pullet 1 and 3 Min 'lemiss, 2 Taylor, folden coek 1 and $3 \mathrm{Bum}, 2$ Emith, hen 1 Smith, 2 and 3 Burn, cockerel 1 and 3 Burn, 2 Calvin, pullei i Smith, 2 and 3 Burn, shver cock 1 lyan. 2 Burn, 3 Smith, hen 1 Smith, 2 Colver, 3 Burn, cockerel 1 Burn, 2 Smith, pullet 1 and 2 Burn: A.O.V. cock 1 and 2 Burn, 3 Midde. miss, lien 1 and $\because$ Burn, cuckerel 1 Burn, pullet 1 Burn.
Games-Black or brown red cock 1 McErog, 2 Burn, 3 McIntyre, hen MaEvoy. 9 Iurn. 3 MaIntrre. cockerel 1 McEvop. 2 MeIntyre, 3 Burn.

 eokerel 1 MeFiog, 2 Burn- 3 Melntyre, pullet 1 Mclivov, and 3 MeIntyre : Indian coek 1 con. 2 fhurlow and Me. Nichach, 3 sitat ford 13 row.


 cockerel 1 Olbrien and (olnell. Z MeIntyre. pallet 1 MeIntyre : pit cock
 1 and 2 smith, 30 olsien and colvell. pullet 1 (on, 2 and 3 simith: an! other variets coek 1 Burnce $\mathbf{Z}$ Widgers. 3 Mather, hen 1 Mahters $\mathbf{Z}$ and 3 Burn, cockerel 1 13urn, 2 Thurlon and Me.Michach. 3 smith. bullet 1 Bum. 2 and 3 Widgers.
Speciate Latrgent and bent allection of ang ome variels. 1 Mmedath, 2 ('o-h ; beal collection of black Minorian. Minshall ; pair whte (ochins bs one exhbitor, larn ; butt Leghorn, Brown : single comb brown Lexg
 bhak Minorea ben, Minshall; colle tion of 13.13.13. Game I3ante, Melat yre dukwing lant cockerel. MeIntyre; white Rodk pullet, Mimball ; bent palled shown. AlclWoy ; pair butf cochin, Wyatt ; pair partridge cochins, Wyatt : pair Lamgham, IIll : pair silver Wyandoter. Henderson and Billimps: pair white Wyandottes. Moore: par Andainsians, (own: pair bufflexh, Foles : pair of Imbinn dames. Con; best colored buff bird in the how. Henderan and Billings: bent collection in the Medit-
 the shon. Wyatt ; best exhibit in red I'sle fows, MeIntyre : pair of yel-

 Plymonth Rocks, hatch of Lixas. Hendernon and Billams:collection of

 and 3 Wratt, 2 liardy : best bird. any sex. fobenold for S2. 1 (ox. 2. Mitu--hall, 3 IIardy.
 cockerel 1 (ameron, 2 Burn, pullet 1 Burn, 2 Mahler : bulf cock 1 Nuith,

 2 Mellonald, 3 Wect wood, hen 1 lurn, 2 Hartley, 3 Went wood, cockerel 1 amd 3 IIartles, 2 Burn, pullet 1 Burn, 2 Tharlow and McMichatel, 3 Harlley : back or white cook 1 and 2 Moore, 3 liartleg, hen 1 ande Moore, 3 Hartler, cockerel 1 and 2 Moore 3 Ifartley, pulled 1 and 2 Moore,
 3 Hawthorne, hen 1 and 2 Melntyre, 3 ('ov, coיkered 1 abd 2 Melntyre, 3 Manthorne. pullet 1 and 2 Melntyre. 3 (ox: duckwing cock 1 Olbrien
 and (oolwell, 3 Hartley : bite cock 1 (ov, 2 MeIntyre, ben 1 (ox, 2 Me. Intyre, cockerel 1 (ox. a MeIntyre, millet 1 (on, 2 and 3 Melntyre
Ducks, Gecse and Turkeys Rumen dathe 1 amd 30 Brien atill (onwell, duek 1 and 20 Brien add colwell. . dyle - burs drabe lolbrien and
 olbrich and Colsell, 2 Smith, duck 1 olrien and Colwell, 2 Emith :

 orbrien umd Colwell. Pekin tratie 1 Olbrom and Colwell, 2 l.ymn. 3 similh, duck 1 oibrien and (olwell. 2 l,yum, 3 simith. Geese - 13 remen os Fimblen male 1 and 20 Olkien and (ohwell, 3 smith. female 1 and 2
 well. 3Simith, femate 1 and 2 Gllien and Colwell. Turkers- llonze
 1 Smith. 3 ant.3Ces.

The entry at New York this year far exceeded that of any previous year. The Canadian exhibitors all did excellently, including W. Barber \& Co., who won heavily on Games and Game Bantams and made many good sales, Mr. R. Oke, who showed his rarieties to win, R. B. Millard (Cochins), N. Cosh (Andalusians), etc.

ONTARIO POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

## TIIE SIECRE:TARX'S REPORT

## Mr. President and Gentlemen : -

Owing to the lateness of the closing date of entries, and large increase in the number of them, it has been impossible for me to do anything in the shape of getting up a written report for to-days meeting, but will have it prepared in time for publication in the Government report, which will be circulated amongst all the members of the Association and throughout the country generally.

However, I might say that we all agree with the sentiments which have been expressed by the President in relation to our large increase of entries, and the overwhelming success of the present Show.
I have taken from my books a comparative statement of entries betwern London last year (which was the largest held up to that time) and that of Toronto, now going on in this building.

In the first place, let me say that the building which we occupy today is far in advance of anything we have had during my term of office, and, I have no doubt, any ever occupied by the Ontario Association before.

I assure 3 ou that we feel grateful to the workers of the local Assosiation for the manner in which they have conducted the preparation of the coops for this exhibition, not having been able to get the building until Monday at noon, every bird in the buiding was cooped before they retired for the night, and everything would have been in excellent order had we not been compclled to break off the judging in honor of the visit of the American fanciers to the Agricultural College at Guelph yesterday.

To return to numbers of exhibits, I would say that in I sudon the total amounted to 1809 , today we have 3422, which means an advance of one third over that of last year, and also means an increase of three hundred dollars in cash entry fees. The membership is also increased from 124 up to 223 .
I might call your attention to the essays which have been printed and mailed to each member of the Association, so that at this meeting we will be able to take them up and discuss them intelligently. I might say in addition that there were a number of others who promised essays but were unable to get them ready in
time for this meeting. They will be published in the report to the Depatment.

There are several recommendations to this Ansocia tion which I think should be taken up by the new Board of Directors at their first meeting, certainly at some meeting, and I would recommend that all the members who have ideas which the: think would be for the betterment of the Association correspond with me that I might lay the communications before the Board for this purpose.

When I have a little more leisure I purpose preparing quite a number myself, and trust that other members will take the same interest in these matters.

The usual occurrence takes place again this year, that of some of the older members being absent and a large number of new ones taking their places.

Before taking my seat I wish to thank the officers of this Association for the kindly manner in which they have treated me during the past year and assure them I shall do all in my power to merit a continuation of their kindness.

Thos. A. Beowne.

## OWEN SOCND POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

An enthusiastic meeting of the above Association was held on February 7 th, when several matters were discussed. A member complained that Ashbury Bros. had got some one to disfigure the secretary's entry book so that the entries of pyle Bants cock, cockerel and pullet, which they purchased from Mr. Foster, of Brampton, after they were judged, were made to appear as if they bred and owned them prior to the judging. This was done without the consent of the secretary or Assuciation. The one who made the alteration acknowledged it and apologized as he didn't know he was doing wrong, understanding at the time that Mr. Foster was agreeable. The apology was accepted and the secretary instructed to let the public know throng': the Review that Ashbury Bros, were not the winners of the said three prizes. Also by reference to a scribbling book in which entries were taken down by the one who totaled them up, it was found that the score of Mr. R. C. Ferguson's black Minorca pullet should have read 92 instead of go which would give him and place. The secretary was instructed to forward Mr. Ferguron his prize money ( 50 c ) and
make note of the correction in his paper the "Canadian Poultry News," also send note to the Review. The annual meeting for the election of officers, selection of dates, judges, etc., will be held on the first Tuesday in March.

Robmrt R. Cameron, Secretary.
Owen Sound, Feb. 10, 1899.

## MR. GRAHAM HAS CHANGED HIS MIND

NOW W.NTS THF SCORE CARD.

Editor Revien: :

gWAS one of the people who sang out "Hear. hear," when a motion was made at one of our ammual meetings, held at Guelph, I think, to do away with scoring. I now think that we then made a mistake and I would like to see it rectified. Judging by comparison will do very well for those who go with their birds to the show-they can see about what relation their birds bear towards the winners, even if they do not win, and by sizing the show up can see about where they stand. Not so with the parties who have to stay at home. If their birds do not win there is no way by which they can tell whether they were close up to the wimers or at the foot of the class, and if you wish to sell or buy a bird that failed to get a ticket there is no way to give or receive information about the bird, only that in the seller's estimation it is all right. As I was myself unable this year to go to Turonto I feel the truth of what I write, and had I thought of it when making my entries I would have paid the roc extra to have had all my birds scored, but this is an additional expense that I do not think should be loaded onto the exhibitors, and the scoring in such cases would not likely be done with the same care as if scored for the prizes. All in favor of a return to the score card, up hands!

> A. W. Ge.mam.

St. Thomas, Ont., Feb. if. IS99.

Every exhibitor at New lork will get a copy of this issue of Review. Send your name in-and 50 cents -better still, a dollar for three years.

THE POILITRY INDUSTRY A HELP TO THE FARMERS.

M RHL. THUS. GHOGHEGAN, HANHITON.

HE claim that Ontario is the "banmer province" of the Dominion is universally conceded. The soil is fertile, the air bracing. The necessaries of life abundant and easily attainable, the means of communication with all parts of the world are excellent and daily improving, the facilities for the transportation of produce of all kinds is more than equal to the demand, and yet the complaint is made every day that "farming does not pay:" Homesteads that have been cleared by the sturdy and determined settlers of the past and more patient generation are being deserted on all sides, and young men are flocking into the cities to glut the labor market and reduce wages below the standard at which men can live honest wholesome lives and keep the wolf from the door. The centralization of population is a condition of this age which has to be accepted. It will not, however, do to say that improvement in laborsaring machines in the department of agriculture has made hard times by driving working people into the cities and towns. For while it is true that with modern appliances the number of hands required upon the farm in the old lines of work is not so great as in the past it is also truc that new departments might be opened up productive of good results and capable of readjusting conditions so that the same amome of helpers could be used upon the land. The farm hand has suffered no more from labor-saving machinery than any other class of workers. He feeis his position more keenly because he is less resourceful. Men in all walks of. life have suffeed and will suffer. We are not at the end, only at the begimning of inventions for saving labor and adapting the forces of nature to do the bidding of cultivated thought and intelligence. We are on the march and we must be prepared to take the double at any moment.

There are ten applicants for every vacancy in any city establishment. The country has heretofore been acting upon the city and the city must in time react upon the country The clots of humanity crushing themselves out of shape in large centres must be dis-
persed and this great country has space enough and channels enough in which to absorb them. Since the opening up of our vast prairies and boundless wheat belts of the west, it would be impossible for the Ontario farmer to do as his father did in early days, make grain the chief and only means of revenue. Even if we had not the competition of the boundless west there are many farms in Ontario that would not pay to grow grain upon. Young as the country is you will find hundreds of farms worked out and only capable of growing Canadian thistles and other noxious weeds. Hungry land can no more yield hearty crops than hungry hens can lay eggs.
There are many lines which the Ontario farmer might get into to improve his present condition. There is nothing, however, that will give better returns on investment than poultry. This country affords the greatest possibilities. The climate is favorable. Food is cheap and abundant. With cold storage and rapid transit we can land fresh eggs, early broilers, and all kinds of dressed or live poultry in an incredibly short time in the market of the great metropolis of the work. Poultry products are never out of season. Fashions may change with the years but a fresh egg or a well cooked fowl will at all times find abundance of takers. Sam slick said many years ago that the people of Nowa Scotia needed to do a good deal more eyphering before getting the best returns from their farms. The same holds good in Ontario to-day. Few of those who live by the soil can tell you anything about departmental profits on the farm. In ancient times the nations that stood highest in arts and sciences gave a high place to the cultivation of poultry and the preservation of poultry fruit. In the sculptures unearthed in the Valley of the Nile, scribes are seen in the market place noting down the articles sold, and on the farm taking an account of the products, to the number of eggs laid of each hen. Among other things unearthed a few years since in Egypt were eggs apparently as fresh as the day upon which they were laid. The people of France and other European countries encourage and foster the poultry industry. It is for the great mass of the small farmers, cottagers and artizaus the chief source of revenue.
The French not only supply their own market but export to England over $\$ 15,000,000$ of this class of food anmually. If European complications should
arise where will John Bull look for his fresh eggs and tender poultry? Surely to the men of his own kith and kin who are norking ont their destinies on this side the Atlantic. But can we accommodate the old gentleman? We may talk as we please about Federal Thion but nothing will hurs it about more yuickly than giving the English prople something good to eat. The average Britisher can fight. Jes he can fight the size of himself of any kind of humanity. But he can do it best after a good breakfast. He in this country owe the British nation a great deal. The army and nave are maintained for our protection and it is only reasonable that we should help to feed them, especially as they are willing to take our best products and to give us the highest market value in return. If England found herself in a tight place V'ncle Sam might send her some warships and soldiers but he could not send her fresh exgs as he does not raise enough to supply the home market. And Canada, fair Canada of ours.-she of the iertule plams and the smiling cornfields, with millions of acres of unbroken land, rich and fertule, so far with all shipping facilities, with all the mee things said about her during and since the Jubilee-sent last year just $\$ 978.479$ to all countries, (ireat Bratam meluded. The following are the values per province:-Ontario, $\$ 305,755$; Quebec. $\$ 530.767$; Nova Scota, $\$ 50.24$; New Brumswek, Siz.824; Mantuba, Sio ; Bratich Columbin, \$13: Prmce Edward Island, Sis.too; North West Territory. $\$$-- It is remarkable that the increase since 1893 has not been in proportion to the great increased shipping facilities. In the year 1893 we exported $\$ 868.007$, or just $\$ 110.472$ less than last year. The proportional growth has not been equal either to the increased shipping facilities or to the advancement in the improvement in stock. The Untario govermment never did a wiser thing nor one more to the adrantage of the farmer than when it established the poultry department in connection with the Model Farm at Guelph. But no matter how progre:sive or paternal a government may be the best results can never be attained until every honseholder awakens to a sense of duty to their own interests and to the interests of the community in which they live and take advantage of every honest and honorable opportunity of improving their fanancial condition. This country must for
many years to come be an agricultural country. The great manufacturing cities of the Old World long established and strong in their own lines in plant and machinery as well as in skilled labor will continue to attract labourers and buyers. We in this country will long look to them for many articles neeessary to our comfort and convenience.

But they must look to us for many articles of food. The Canadian mills camot tun out the equal of a west of England broadcloth. The Canadian hen can, however, with proper care and attention make as sweet meat and produce as fresh and well flavored eggs as any bird of her kind in the world. It is said there is always room at the top, that the best will always find market. There is no line more fully exemplified than the egg and poultry business. The wider a man's experience is, the more he knows of agriculture and the things that pay on the farm. the less does he appreciate ripe eggs or those that have lain until foreign odours have penctrated the pores of the shell. If it be true that short accounts make long fricuds, it is no less true that promptly gathered eggs are best for market and best for table use. It is a wonder that the average Englishman will touch a Canadian egg. What we have forwarded to them in the past has been anything but satisfactory. Poorly packed, not assorted, kept until stale, are the reports made hy Canadian agents at English ports. European producers who understand their business and are neither too prond nor too lazy to attend to the department promptly and intelligently can pocket over fifteen millions of dullars on eggs yearly while from the English market Canadians camot get up to one million.
Just think of it. Fifteen million dollars would pay interest on a large number of mortgages, would wipe ont a great many liabilitics and would improve the financial condition of mans a discouraged and depressed Canadian farmer.

- We intend to greatly enlarge our pheasantry and are importing birds from Belgium. We have also established branches at Ancaster (under the management of C. H. Hooper), Aldershot (managed by John Hall), Bartonville (managed by Harry Anderson). All these branches are within six miles of Hamilton, but in different directions."-The Canadian Pheasantry. Hamilton.


## Tncubator \& Brooder Department



We invite correspondence for this important doparement ot commercial ponltrs raising, which isgrowing so rabidly in Cannda.

OPERATING THE INCTBATOR.

BY W. K. GRAMAM, BELIMEVHLIE, ONT.
At your request we give a few ideas as to how inctbators may be managed successfully. What is said is the result of the writer's experience, other methods may be successful but we shall deal only with the one we practise. [Just what we want.-ED.]

With an ineubator at hand which will not vary in temperature more than a fraction of a degree, even though the outside temperature may vary thirty degrees, this being found satisfactory we may begin to look for a permanent location. A cellar, not a wet one. is the most desirable place as there is no jar of the floor and surromndings, and a comparatively even temperature is maintained outside the machine. This evenness of temperature is a saving of oil : do not try to run an incubator where the outside temperature varies $40^{\circ}$ in 24 hours. Perhaps it may be done but it is a waste of fuel and attention.

See that the incubator sets level. This is very important, especially if the machine is a hot water one, as the water unst circulate evenly all over the egg chamber in order to have an evenuess of heat inside.

Close the machine and start the lamp, when $100^{\circ}$ is reached adjust your regulator. Now run for a day or so until you are positive you can successfully control the temperature, If you cannot operate an empty machine do not waste the eggs to fill it. When the eggs are put in the temperature should rise to $101^{\circ}$ as your thermometer is then raised the height of an egg nearer the tank One hundred and one degrees las given better hatches than a higher temperature. Some say $103^{\circ}$, but we have never yet been able to get as strong chicks, nor as many of then, when the temper-
ature went above sor ${ }^{\circ}$. The last few days it may be wise to run at $103^{\circ}$, but not above. After putting in the eggs if the temperature does not rise to ror ${ }^{\circ}$ in a few hours do not be alarmed, as we have known eggs to be nearly 24 hours in getting warmed up. Do not meddle with the regulator unless it is an absolute necessity. We prefer eggs too cool rather than too warm.

Turn the eggs twice daily, morning and evening, as near at an equal distance of time as possible. We get the best latches where the tray of eggs is removed from the machine to be turned. After removing the tray shat the machine door at once so as to maintain the temperature. The eggs are turned by means of putting the tray on a table, the one side of which has an inch strip tacked on it. This raises the one end of the tray; now take some eggs from the lower end of the tray and place them near the centre, then gently roll the half nest you down hill; next turn the tray around and do the same with the other end, this puts the eggs from the centre to the ends, and the end eggs to the centre, thus assuring evenness of heat to all the eggs. We have never yet got as strong, healthy chicks where the egg: were turned inside the machine.

We use no moisture or ventilation until the last five days. This method has proved the most satisfactory; while we have occasionally got good hatches where moisture and ventilation were used before, yet taking all hatches into cousideration, they have not been so successful.

When the eggs begin to pip do not peep in the machine every ten minutes. True, you may lose a chick or so from scrambling over pipped eggs and shells which occasionally get mited and thereby shut off the supply of air to the pipped eggs; but you are likely to lose dozens where the machine door is opened frequently and the temperature of the machine becomes variable. In our mind nothing is more important than keeping an even temperature in the egg chamber during the hatch.

Remove the chicks from the egg trays to the nursery below every six hours. Do not take chicks from the machine before the hatch is over as every $I_{5}$ chickens lower the temperature $I^{\circ}$. After the hatch is over remove the chicks to the brooder, clean the machine, run one day to get an even temperature and you may begin over again.

POINTERS.
Test eggs on the cighth day and remove all infertile ones.
Test again on the sixteenth day.
Keep the bulb of the thermometer on a fertile egg from the tenth day: at about 15 days the animal heat will begin to rise in the fertile egg and it is, therefore, very necessary that the thermometer is on a live eqg.

Do not trust to one thermometer as one may go wrong and you might loose the whole hateh.
The feeding of cut green bones and giving fowls plenty of exercise tends to sive more and strongly fertilized eggs.
Do not discard a machine because it only hatched a dozen chickens from 1 no eggs when only so were fertile.

Theak germs seldom hatch and as a rule the fewer the fertile eggs the smaller the percentage hatched.

It is a good phan to run your hand over the eggs a few days before the hateh is due and keep the thermometer on a good warm egg for it is sure to hatch a strong chick. In this way you can soon be able to estumate a hatch.

## ARTIPICHIM, INCMBATION.




成AVINC; ghaned at some oit the more necessary qualifications of the egy that is to be inenbated we may pass on to the incubator itself, and I would first of all seek to make very clear this fact, there is nothing mysterious about an incubator, it is a machine, neither more nor less; if you leave it in your room unlit, unfilled and unattended to it will stand there as would any other machine, doing nothing, if you fill it with pebhles and light your lamp and so on, it will go on as long as you please to leave at so, producing nothing, similarly if you filh it full of yoon eggs and leave the lamp unlit and the machme uattended to it will go on aho producing nothing, while if you sive it perfect egrss, light the lamp, supply ar and moisture exactly as they should be supplied and do all other things that are necessary to the perfect latelnmg of chacks for the
whole of the three weeks of incubation you will certainly hatch by the machine a chick from every fertile egg, and conversely, that we fail to hatch every perfeet egrg is proof either that we do not to the things that it is right we should do, or, that our machine is defective in some of the qualities necessary to a perfect hatcher. In the judgement of the writer the chief of those qualities are the following: First, the ability to supply to each and every egg within its walls a certain degree of heat, ordinarily ${ }^{\circ} 103$, so evenly distributed that the eggs on the outside and in the corners have at any given time exactly the same heat as those in the centre : secondly, the power to maintain this heat at the same degree whether the temperature outside of the machine is ${ }^{\circ} 35$ or ${ }^{\circ} 75$ : thirdly, the ability to prevent the passage of air in the smallest amount either to or from the eggs except through the openings especially provided for that purpose: fourthly, a means of controlling the evaporation of moisture from the egg so that the skin surrounding the chick inside the egg will be neither too dry nor too wet to be easily broken by the chick when its time is due to come ont, and lastly, although may be it is not absolutely neces sary, there should be a nursery under the egg tray's into which the newly hatched chicks can descend and be at peace instead of trampling upon and stifling their later coming brothers and sisters.

As to the value of the incubator as a hateher in comparison with the hen : a fairly good machine will, in careful hands, hateh more chicks than will hens to cover an equal number of eggs. Take a 200 egg machine full of egry and run it for three weeks, at the same time setting ady siateen hems on the same number of eggs and if at hatching time you do not say the work: for the machine is less than that required to keep them cleaned, fed and attentive to their work, your experience will have been very different from that of the writer and you will find that every egg possible to be hatched is hatched as well in the machine as under the hen, while no eggs will be broken or little chicks stifled at their birth. The reader may think a great deal of this to be irrevelant but it is not, there is no alssolute quality of perfection about any incubator made whatever may be its price, it will hatch for jou preciscl as you use it as a means of employing your own intellect as a substitute for the instinct of the hen who, jou must remember, wick,
to her eggs like grim death for $2 i$ days and nights, and if you want to do good work with an incubator you must take it as serionsly as you take your trade and work at it in the same way whether you be "butcher, baker or candle-stick maker." On the other hand it may be possible to bring off, by proper attention, splendid hatches from the cheapest machines. I ast June we put 50 eggs in an incubator designed for that number of eggs, and which only cost, freight and duty included, 57.19 . From the $5^{\circ}$ eggs we tested out 5 infertile and from the 45 left in we hatched 43 splendid chicks and one cripple, the other egg contained a partly developed chick: if my memory serves me well we hatehed in all about 83 per cent. of about 700 fertile eggs. How did we do it? Well, it was not we at all, but a lad of 16 years who did the trick simply by paying attention.

Now groing back to our five necessary qualifications
of the machine and taking them in the order as stated, the requisite degree of heat within the machine is always easily obtained if the temperature of the room wherein the machine is running is not less than ${ }^{\circ}$, 0 , as it never should be ; it is far more difficult to secure an even distribution of heat within the machine, we, ourselves, always finding a tendency to greater heat at the end of the incubator furthest from the lamp and a difference of one eighth of an inch in the level of a machine will often make quite a variation in the distribution of heat in a hot water machine, with hot air machines the writer has had no experience; anyway, always use two thermometers in your machine and vary their positions from day to day for remember, the keeping of a mean degree of ${ }^{\circ} 103$ is one of the essentials of hatching. Of course if your machine is too hot you can find a remedy by, a, cooling the eggs, being very careful not to expose them to a draught of

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Chicks were hatched during exhibition.

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We find other makers of Incubators are trying to imitate our machines. No person will imiitate a poor article; which speaks volumes for the Cyphers. The only safe Incubator to buy. Don't make a mistake and buy some experimental Incubator becanse it's a little cheaper than the bestthe Cyphers. We do what no other Incubator manufacturer will do, viz., if machine is not what it is represented to be we will take it back and return cash. C. J. DANIELS, Sole Agent for Canada.


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Read what Wim. McNeil, our Prince of Poultrymen, says about Root Cutters: " Your No. 5 Root Cutter is the slickest machine I ever saw. Every poultryman needs one. I would not be without it if it cost double the price."

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Good stock for sule, and Exw in scanon for Matching.' C.J.DANELS,221
air, b. by adding cold water to the machine; if it gets too cold try the effect of a blanket folded to the size of the machine and laid on top of it, this will make a difference very often of ${ }^{\circ} 7$ or ${ }^{\circ} 8$. If in spite of this the eggs do not heat up, take them out and bury them, they are dead.

As to the quality of maintaining a cons ant degree of heat it is necessary to bear in mind the want of similarity existing between the hen and the incubator, the hen is herself the source of the heat she imparts to the eggs in her nest, every part of her body is hot and no matter whether the air surrounding her be hot or cold her bodily heat remains the same and as she absolutely prevents the air from coming into direct contact with the eggs it follows that their heat is regular, and although, even without this regularity, it is possible to hatch a large percentage in an incubator yet, the chicks so hatched will never do so well as those that have been hatched at an uniform rate of temperature. What makes it so liard for the incubator to imitate the hen in this matter of uniform temperature is the fact that the machine is built not of warm flesh and blood but of inert, dead, material, wood, metal and glass, every particle of which is everlastingly striving to bring its own temperature into conformity with the temperature of the surrounding air, which fact forces the conclusion upon every thoughtful mind that no matter how well the egg-chamber of the machine is insulated from the surrounding air yet to secure the best results the temperature of the room wherein the machine is located should itself be uniform.

The next point I regard as one of the most important, viz.: an efficient means of controlling evaporation and ventilation without draught, and putting the latter sub-division first, I never came across anything so good as Cyphers' idea of closing all the ventilating openings about your machine, afterwards placing a piece of burning candle inside and shutting the door, if the flame of the candle goes out in a little while your machine is all right in this respect but if it continues to burn strongly then you may know that air is coming in from unsuspected sources which must be found and stopped. I say must. for no matter how good the eggs and the machine may be the ventilation of the machine and its control lie at the very threshold of successful incubation. This is the negative
side of the question, the positive is briefly as follows : Air is needed by the developing germ inside the egg because no living thing can exist without oxygen and while the egg has some oxygen in it yet it is only enough to last the germ for a very little while. But I propose to go more fully into the supply of air in another letter, the point I wish to make here is, that there must be to an incubator a means of absolutely controlling ventilation.

As to a nursery for the newly hatched chicks this is almost an absolute necessity; it never, or at least rarely happens, that a hatch finishes in less than 24 hours from the exclusion of the first chick, and those which are first hatched are quite strong before their younger relatives see the light and put in their time scrambling over the partly hatched, the unhatched and the unhatchable alike, and it very often happens that in their rambles they get half an egg shell securely glued over the pip in an egg that would surely hatch if given half a chance, so on this account, as well as on their own, the nursery is desirable. For the chicks themselves, after the first hour of their lives, the egg trays are decidedly too warm, the space belo'v the egg tray will be about ${ }^{\circ} 95$ and this is just right for them; there they get what they need above all else for the first 48 hours, viz., rest and warmth, this is all they want but they want it in the worst kind of way.
To recapitulate, the machine must be air-tight except in respect of the ventilating holes, must be able to get up and keep a temperature of ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Io3}$, must have ventilating holes in the bottom of the machine which can be easily and tightly closed, must have in nearly every case a means of supplying moisture and should have a nursery under the egg tray with a means of easy access to it. Given a machine like this, half decent eggs and a person to run the machine who is not absolutely uninterested or unintelligent, and I don't see how a good hatch can be missed ; of course, after all, and with all conditions favorable, remember that in incubating, as in war, success depends on the "man behind the gun."

An interesting account of Ontario-Toronto show by Mrs. Comyns-Lewer, editress of the "Feathered World," London, England, appears in a recent issue of that paper. As showing "across the pond" ideas we hope to find room for excerpts from it soon, if the rush ever lets up.

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ANNTAL, REPORT OF THE NATIONAI. BANTAM ASSOCIATION.

9HE sixth anmal meeting of the National Bantam Association took place at Madison Square Garden on leriday evening, Febmary 3 rd, 1 Seg. Mr. Crawford, the able Secretary of the New Iork Poultry and Pigeon Association, made arrangements whereby the concert hall directly over the main entrance to the Garden was made ready for their reception, and the mecting proceeded in commodious quarters. President Williams presided.

The minutes of the meeting of isys were read and ordered filed. The report of the 'Ireasurer, showing a deficit of $\$ 6.0$, which he explained would be wiped out when s20.00 are collecterl, leaving a balance, was received and ordered filed.

The amendment to the Constithtion-" and to hold an exhibition annually; an individual show or one in connection with some other association," was unanimonsly earried. The amendment increasing the anmual ducs to $\$ 2.00$ was lost, the members believing it to be better policy to let the dues remain Si.oo.

The rule was suspended and fifteen new members were added, making a total membership of 76 . The meeting voted to elect officers at the conclusion of new: business, and immediately tackled the question-How hest to prevent the so-called "faking" of Bantams. Mr. jehl offered the following resolution:

Resolved-That the National Bantam Association is opposed to the practice of faking Bantams, and a committee of three be elected by the Association to make examinations where occasion requires and to report its fundings to the Association for action.

Mr. Glasgow spoke in favor of the resolution, while

Mr. Earle argued that the plan would not prove satisfactory. Finally Mr. Jehl withdrew his resolution and Mr. Glasgow offered in its place the following :-

Resolved-That a committee of three be elected to examine every unspiciont exhibit and to report to the committec any act inconsistent with the acts of a gentleman or a fancier, it the shape of faking Bantams.

This resolution provoked a hearty discussion which was prolonged for half an hour when a rising vote was ordered. The President amounced the result - 9 for-7 against. Several members failed to vote and as the subject meant much to the fancy, the Secretary asked for a reconsideration of the question. The motion was agreed to with this result, for the resolution - none, against the resolution-ro.

Those, who on the first vote, placed themselves on record as being in favor of this resolution, upon the reconsideration of it refused to vote. The resolution having been lost, the members continued on the subject. the effort being to punish any exhibitor who will deliberately make an attempt to cheat the judges. It was moved and seconded that the secretary correspond with the judges, respectiully requesting them to make a report to the $A$ ssociation at the ammal meeting, all cases where "faking" has been practiced by the exhibitor.

This motion was mantmously carried. The secretary offered the following resolution which was carried witho $t$ dissent :-

Resolved-That the members of the National Bantam Association are unqualifiedly opposed to the practice of "faking" Bantams, and that they pledge themselves to bring to justice all parties proven guilty.

There being no further new business on hand the election of officers resulted in the re-election of the President, Secretary and 'reasurer by acclamation. The President was empowered to appoint a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Earle, Cormman aud Proper, who reported a slate of the members of the Board of Directors and a list of Vice-Presidents. Dr. 'I'reichler was authorized to cast one vote for the election and the Secretary announced the selection of the committee as follows :-

Board of Directors-B. C. 'I hornton, J. D. Nevius, I. F. McGrew, D. Lincoln Orr, C. H. Proper, Richard Oke, the President, Secretary and Treasurer.

Vice. Presidents-Hon. A. F. Pierce, C. 'T. Cormman,

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 almo ten dollars in gold for best collection; also a good share of firsts on Bantams. 1898 -Jana-arv-The Ontario Show at London. We won more apecials than all the Game and Game Bantam brecdere, ant luding the Champion Game Cup, the Champion Game Bantam Cup and a Fagon
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Flatbush, L.I., Fel. 10, 1899. Secretary.

## BREEDING BLACK-RED COCKERELS.

BY P. PROID.
N mating up the cockerel pen, I should take the tallest and brightest coloured cockerel I could find, preference being given to one that is short in back with good prominent shoulder points, and care being taken that his breast bone is straight, and that his back toe is well carried in a direct line with the middle toe Having selected the cockerel, we should now pick out the hens or pullets, latter preferred, to mate with him, with a view of producing good bright coloured exhibition cockerels. To do this we shall require three reachy tight feathered pullets, very pale in hackle to crown of head, discarding those with dark caps and coppery hackles, which are useless in cock breeding. The hackle should be as silvery as possible right up to the comb, the body colour and wings inclined to be red or foxy, with a rich golden edge round each feather. Select the pullets that are shortest in body and tail, and especially those which show a lot of style and reach, and the more prominent the shoulders are the better.

Some breeders prefer to breed from a wheaten pullet to obtain the bright top colour, and although a very satisfactory cross, and one which will give good results in cockerel breeding, yet should this strain by any chance get mixed up with your pullet strain, you will know it to your sorrow; it would take years to repair the mischief done. Therefore, if you decide to use wheaten blood in your cockerel pen, keep the produce rigorously by themselves, and have them all carefully rung ; this is the only sure road to success in breeding.

For my own part I prefer to use nothing but blackred pullets in cockerel breeding, such as those stated above, for the simple season that should one bird get astray the harm done is comparatively small, and the produce will be found in every way quite as satisfactory.

The following season I should pick out three or four of the most likely looking pullets bred from this pen, especially those with plenty of reach, the taller the better, and with these I should mate ti. : sire of them, and put the most suitable cockers', with the hens in place of the old bird. By doing so you are building up a strain of your own, which with care and attention cannot fail sooner or later to reach to success, for it is a well known fact that to secure colour and the other necessary points in Bantams, you must inbreed ; still, at the same time it must be borne in mind that there is a happy medium in inbreeding, beyond which it is dangerous to proceed, and in this the young fancier should be guided by the health and stamina of his stock, for if inbreeding be carried too far, the produce will become weakly and difficult to rear; in that case fresh blood should be introduced, and this is best done by obtaining a male bird with a dash of the same stram in him if possible, but not closely related.-Feathered World.

SI. HYACINTHE POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

G"HE above Association held its first meeting this year a fow days ago and the following officers were elected ior the ensuing year:-Honorary president, Mr. E. Bernier, M.P.; first hon. vice-president, Mr. G. C. Desaulles, M.P.P.; second hon. vicepresident, Mr. E. H. Richer; president, Mr. J. N. Lemieux ; first vice-president, Mr. L. A. Guertin; second vice-president, Mr. Charles Peloquin; treasurer, Mr. P. H. Hamilton; secretary, Mr. G. H. Henshaw, jr.; assistant secretary, Mr. de La Bruere ; executive committee, Messrs. G. Beaupre, Frs. Renaud, E. de Lottireville and N. Royer.
The meminers of the Association are confident that much good w il be done by the objet-lessons the society will give to farmers of the surrounding districts. They have already won many prizes at the county fairs and they purpose buying a large piece of land where they will experiment on a large scale. Much interest is taken in the work of the Association.

Mr. A. E. Felch informs us, under date of Feb. 20 , that a new edition of the Standard is now being run off and that our order would be promptly shipped on their arrival. To those who are waiting we must only ask them to wait a little longer. We will mail at once on receipt.

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Menal Whaners at imst Indretrinl, Show:

I won Silur Medal for beot (oorkerel in Med itcrramean rlase Mcdal for bert collection of Minoreals, 1-t and Emd on Corkerel. ht. 2nd. 3nd the and jth on lallen-. Srat on Ilen and end on
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LONDON AND OTTAWA

THE PETERBORO SHOW.

A harge mintry but poor atminddanch.

$\Rightarrow$ PCLOED, I send you a few stray notes of Peterboro show. Our second anmul show was held on January 17 th to 19 th, and as far as the show is concerned was a grand success, having over 750 birds on exhibition, some of them winners from the Toronto (Ontario) show of the previous week. We had as exhibitors such men as Messrs. E. W. Pearen, Brampton ; IVm. Stewart \& Son, Menie ; J.F. Osborne and W. R. Knight, Bowmanville; McLachlan \& Sheridan and Wm. Elliott, Oshawa; H. F. Peckworth. Blenheim; C. Grimsley, Toronto: Trew \& Williamson, Lindsay ; W. C. Wilson 心 Son, East Oro; Walter Wright, Cobourg ; C. W. Palliser, Campbellfor I: Capt. J. Jarret and J. Topley, Port Hope; J. H. Parsons, Osaca; J. E. Cullen and Hayward \& Co., Lakefield; W. Fisher, Ida: James Baptie, Springville: H. Mackey, F. G. Lund, Harold Snowden, W. Head, F. Head, B. R. Poole, Y.S., C. Waller, J. Robson, W. C. Rightmyer, A. G. Parker, E. H. Howson aud Harry Hall, Peterboro.

The entries were far in excess of last year, especiallyinsomeclasses. Thepigeonswerenotwellrepresented, but the dressed poultry was out of sight-superior to that shown in Toronto in both quality and quantity. There was also a selling class of birds, about 35 being offered for sale. I will give you a list of entries covering classes but not the sections: Bralumas 42, Cochins 45, Langshans 15, Dorkings 15, Spanish 12, Plymouth Rocks 55, Leghorns 45, Minorcas 34, Houdaus 19, Andalusians 6, Wyandottes 38 , Games 1, 3 , Red Caps if, Hamburgs 52 , Polands 43, Javas 4, Bantams 25, geese 14, turkeys 11 , ducks 1s; breeding pens : fowls 20, pigeons $3^{\circ}$. Rabbits 2, canarnes 10 , dressed fowls 26 head.

Mr. G. F. Lund had a freak on exhibition, half Guinea fowl and half Braluma.

All arrangements were complete, waiting for the birds, which were all cooped and waiting for the judge to come and commence his duties, on the first day at noon, which he did on the mon ing of the isth, as soon as it was clear daylight, and completed all the
fowl that day, except turkeys, geese, ducks, dressed poultry and the specials. Mr. C. J. Daniels, of 'Toronto, judged all the classes, and we believe he gave very general satisfaction.

One drawback we had was that the gentlemen who had the bench show in town put their show on one week ahead of ours, well knowing our dates were given out last March, and thes having only organized their club in November. It seems they either thoughtlessly or designedly acted rather discourteously in the mater of dates: at any rate it had the effect of spoiling the attendance at our show to a certain extent, and also the fact of hundreds being laid up with la grippe was against the best interests of the mauagers, who hope to be able to have the pleasure of a very large attendance here next winter at the "Ontario".

Prof. Gilbert of the Central Experimental Farm had promised to be with us, but he wired that on account of sickness lie was unable to come.

On the whole we are very well pleased with the show, as was everyone who visited it. The coops belonging to the " Ontario" were used, which greatly added to the appearance of the exhibits.

The building was disinfected to the entire satisfaction of everyone concerned.

Yours truly, Wm. Collins, $\begin{aligned} & \text { Secretary. }\end{aligned}$
PRI\%E LIST.
 $\because$ Enight. cockerel 1 Mackey, $\because$ Stewart athd Son, 3 Pearen, pullet learen, : Mackes, 3 Melanghlin and Sherman, lark cock 1 Wianon and Son. 2 Nightmyer, 3 Mearen. hen 1 learmo. 2 Wilson and Son, 3 Hightmyer, cockerel 1 and 2 Praren,2 stewart and Son, 3 Wiloon and Son. pullet 1 1'earen, elvanon and Eon. 3 Slewart.
Cochins-13utrouht 1 Wright. : Knight, 3 I'aren, hen 111 raght, eatud 3 Jearen, cockerel 1 I'caren, pullet 1 1'earen. 2 (bbornc. Partridgecock


 and $\because$ l'caren. 3 Whorne, cocherel 1 Whornc, 2 and 3 I'aren, pullet 1 and 3 1'carcu, :3 - borme.

 l'c.aye.
 Pearen, and 3 sienart and Son, cockerel 1 and 2 Pallmer, pullet 1
 corkerel 1 siowart abls:on.

 leaten. 3 Wrixht.
Plymouth Rocks. Birrod rin!! 1 Wright, hen 1 Trew and Willian-




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A G．HULL \＆SON，Central Nuncries．


1 Ellot and Son, 2 Wright, 3 Waller. pullet 1 Ellivit and son, 2 Wright. 3 bearea. A.O.V. cock 1 l'arsons, hen 1 and 2 larions, cockerel 1 and 2 Parsons, pultet 1 and e Patsons.

Lughorns-brown S. C. Len land elalliser, 3 Witronand Son, cockcrel 1 Mctanghlin and Sheridan, 2 Stewart and son, 3 Wihon andson. phllet 1 leobson, 2 stewart and son, 3 Melathghlin amd sheriden. White $s$ (. cock \& Wilson and Son, hen 1 Stewart and Son, 3 Wilsonand Son. cockerel 1 and 2 Trew and Willimmon, 3 Robsom, pullet 1 and 2 Stewart and Son, 3 Wilson and Son. Hull cock 1 l'amons. © Showdon, hen 1 Par. sohn, 2 snowdon, cockerel 1 and 2 Parions, pullet 1 and 2 Parsons, A.O.V. cock 1 Stewart and son, 2 dearen. hen 1 Pearen. 2 Stewart. 3 linight, cockerel 1 Stowart. 2 Dearen, pallet 1 and 3 Stowant, 3 Pearen.
Minorcas-Black cock 1 and 3 Jartel, E Palliner, hen 1 ande Jarrel, cockerel 1 Trew and Whinmion. 2 Pearen. 3 Robson, pmllet 1 Hobson, : and 3 Topley. White cock 1 snowden, hen 1 Snowdon, 2 Ostsorne, cokerel - Oibornc, 2 MeJaughin and Sherdan, pullet 1 Osborne, $\underset{\sim}{2}$ MeLatughlin and sherdan.
Houdans-Cock 1 Pearen, 2and 3 Trewand Williamson, hen 1 Pearen, zand 3 Trew and Williamson, cockerel l Wilson and Son, 2 and 3 Trew nad Willianson, pullet 1 Pearen, 2 Whison 3 Trew and Willianson.
Andalusians-(Vok 1 Knight, hen 1 Kinight, cockerel 1 Knight, pulle: 1 Knight.
Wyandottcs-Golden cock 1 Fisher, İ I'earen, hen 1 Fisher, 2 Ifead, 3 Pearen, cockerel 1 Fisher, 2 Stewatt and Aon, 3 l'earen, phllet I Fisher. -Stewath. 3 Pearen. Siker hen 1 Pearen, rockerel 1 Pearen, 2 Knight, pullet 1 Linight, 2 Pearen. White cock 1 Pearen, hen 1 (biborne, cock. crel 1 Wborme, : Pearen, pallet 1 Pearen, 2 Usborme, 3 Ifcad. A.O.V. cock 1 (irimbley, 2 Wright, hen 1 Grimsley, 2 Peaten, 3 Wriblt, coek. erel 1 Grimiler, pulle: 1 Grimsley, 2 1'earem.

Games-Indian cock 1 and : Parvons, hen 1 and 2 Parsoms, 3 Stewart and son, cockerel 1 and 2 Parvons, pullet 1 and 2 Parsons. 3 Stewart and son. A.O.V. hen I learions, cockerel 1 Robson, jullet 1 Robson.
Fed Caps-('ock 1 Waller, hen 1 Mayward and Co., 2 Ilodgoon, 3 Willer, cockerel 1 Hodgion, 2 and 3 Hayward and Co.
Hamburgs-Golden spangled hen 1 and $\because$ Bapic. cockced 1 Wabler, ${ }^{2}$ Batyte, phlet 1 and $\geq$ Walter, 9 Osborne, Silver shangled cock 1 Pearen. 2 Kinght. 3 Wikon and son, hen 1 and 3 lanatic. 2 Dearen, cockerel 1 Wialler, 2 Dearen, 3 Palliser, pullet 1 Waller,2 Pearen. 3 knight. A.O.V. cock 1 Emiott and Son, 2 IBeckworth, 3 Osborne, heni Filloth and Son, 2 Pearen, 3 Stewart and Son, cockerel 1 Flliot and Son, 2 Stewart and Son, 3 Ohorne,phllet 1 Elliott and son, 2 Stewart and Son, 3 W.borne. Poiands-Golden spangled cock 1 and 2 Beckworth, 3 Wil. whand Son, hen 1 Beckworth, ㄹ Wilson and Eon, 3 Knight, cockeral and 3 Wilson and Som. 2 Stewart, pullet 1 and 3 Beekworth, $\because$ Stew rt and son, A.O.V. cock 1 and $\because$ Pearen, 3 Deckworth, hen 1 Pearen. 2 13eckworth, 3 Stewart and Son, cockerel 1 and 2 Pearen, 3 Stewart and som, pullet 1 l'earen. eonborne, 3 leeknorth.
Javas-Cock 1 Knight, ben I Knight, rockerel I knipht. jullet I K゙night.

Bantams-silver or golden Sebright cock 1 1'earen, 2 Beckworth.hen 1 Pearen, © Beekworth, cockerel 1 Pearen, pullet 1 Pearen. (Game cook 1 Wrisht, 3 IIem, hen 1 Wright, cockerel 1 Wright, pullet 1 Wright, 3
 ! Wreght, pullet 1 W-ight, 2 l'aren. A.t.V. cook 1 learen, $\because$ lecekworth, hen 1 Pearen. 2 Beckworlh, whlet 1 licreworth
 1 Kinight, 2 Hodgon, 3 Cullen, goose 1 linight, 2 ('nllen. 3 Hong-on. A.O.V. gamer 1 stewart. goom 1 stewart.

Ducks-Aylesbury drake 1 and 3 Obornc, 2 Stewart, duck 1 and 3
 Stewart, 2 Knjght. l'ebin drake 1 Enight, duck 1 Knipht. A. O,V゙. drake 1 lumb, duck 1 Lund.
Turkeys-Bronze kohler 1 Ohborne, 2 Stewart, 3 IIodgion, hen I stew.

Brecding Pens-A:i.ntie--1 Peaten, 2 Inad, 3 lecekworth. Ment. rumbneas-1 Trew and Williamon, $\because$ Topley, 3 Jarrel. AMentens1 Trwo and Williamson, 2 Marker. Fאomicil-1 Parions, ㄴ Stewart. Fuewon-l Trew and Williamon, ㄹ Berkworth. 3stewart.
Drogsod Poultry-Gowe, 1 Markes. : and 3 ('ullen. Turkef. 1

Mackes, 2 and 3 Cullen. Pair ducks, 1 Parsons, 2 Mackes, 3 Cullen. Pair fowl, 1 and 2 latsons, 3 Mackes:
Spociale-l3est brecding pen in show, E. W. Pearen ; best pair tur bey on exhibltion, Stewart and Son; best pair white Plymouth locks, Elliott and son ; best pair geces, Osborne ; largest manber of entries in fowle, E. W. Pearen; best pair brown Leghorns, E. W". Pearen ; best exhiblt of dressed ponltry, Maekey; best pair partridge Cochine. Mac key ; best pair buif lymonth Recks, Parsons ; best pair light Bralumas, Stewart and Son ; be-t pais Hamburge, Elliott and Son ; best pair black Minorcas, Rolson ; best palr Langilans, Osborne; best display Bantams, Pearen : best pair Dorkinge, Stewart and Son ; best pair Gamex, Ilobson best gair dark Brahmas, Pearen; best bird in show, Stewart and Son best colketion canaries, Mackoy; best light Bralman cockerel, Mackeg best pair Red Caps, I Robson; best juir Wyamdottes, A.O.V., Grimstey best jair Andahsians, linght : best pair Game Bantams, Wright ; best pair rabbitn, Hall ; hext canary, Mackes : best matr Wgandotes, white or shiver, Finher : largest number of entries by one exhibitor, Pearen.

## SAFE AND COMFOR'TABLE CHICKEN COOP.

HE coop here illustrated will recommend and explain itself to poultry breeders. It is made to answer all requirements for safety, comfort and cleanliness. The coop proper is shown at the right. It has a moveable floor, which should not rest

upon the ground, but upon cleats inside so as to be drawn out to clean and sun. Then put back with dust or litter. Fig. 3 is a moveable door, which slides down when chicks are closed up for the night, and when not, it may be taken out and laid upon the lath rum, 4 , which is made so as when not in use it fits over the coop, thereby taking less room. There are two ventilators in each end of the coop, covernd with wire screen inside, and a little wooden slide outside, which can be regulated according to weather, the door being fastened by hrooks and strips, whick also keep run in place. If painted it will last a long time.Mrs. V. W. Griblin, in " Practical Farmer."

## WHyCH ?

Review three years for $\$ \mathrm{r}$. Revisw to three new subscribers one year for $\mathrm{s}_{1}$. Standard free for five new subscriptions. Which do you want?

## POULTRY AlLMENTS.

We invite questions and correspondence for this department.

## ROUP IN ITS YARIOUS STAGES.

0NE of the most dreaded diseases among poultry is that of roup, which usually begins with a cold. All fowls are subject to colds, as well as humanity, and should have the same attention that we would give ourselves; for should we neglect to apply a remedy when we take cold, the result might prove quite scrious. The same will be applicable in case your fowls take cold, which may be brought abont in numerous ways, ri\%. : roosting in damp quarters, cold draughts of air passing over them in their sleeping apartments, sleeping in small brood coops on the ground, where they are packed so close as to snother some during the night, and those not suffocated are overheated so that when exposed to the
cold air in the early morning a severe cold is the result, and if a remedy is not speedily applied and the cause removed, roup will invariably follow, which of all poultry diseases is by far the most obstinate, sickening, and difficult to cope with, and if necessary precautions are not taken in the start to arrest the disease, it will run through the entire flock and leave nothing but death and destruction in its path. In our opinion roup is more to be feared by poultrymen than the deadly disease, cholera.

Symptoms of roup may be described thus: Fowls begin conghing, sneezing, and sometimes their breathing is heary, accompanied by a wheering sound. Eyes become inflamed, head swells, have a watery discharge from their nostrils which sometimes has quite an offensive odor ; they are drinking almost continually if they have access to water, which is indicative of their being fererish. As the disease advances the head becomes inflamed, swelling on one or both sides, frequently obstructing their sight, the eye sometimes being entirely destroyed. It may be noticed when fowls are affected with this disease they have splendid appetites and eat until the last, provided they are not internally affected, in which case they are stupid and a discoloration of their excrement may be noticable, which is much the same as that of fowls affected with cholera.

Cure for Rutp. When fowlsare in the advanced stages of the disease, the best remedy is the hatchet,

Please mention this paper. Do not send stamps.

## OSE CDESTMS ROUP DR TONIC ANH CONDHTEON PILLA.

If your fowls or pigeons have Roup, even if almost dying, give one Pill every day, for four or five davs.
They are esprecially suited for Roup, Roupy diseases, Bad Mloulting, Bad Fledging, Weak Young Pigeous. Chickens, 'Turkey, or Ducks, Sc. For General Unhealthiness in Brds, ether young or full grown. Skin disdases, Inflammatory digeases, Colds. with preat difficulty of breathing, Indisestion, Cramp, Pip, when Apoplexy is feared, and going Light if given before the vital organs are too much affected. As a tonic give an occassional dose when required. For pain and Inflammation in the Eqg-producing organs. When used for Egr-bound, oil must also bo applied in the usual way. From weakness and prostrationfrom Overlaying. For Scour or Diarrohoea in Chickens, young Pigeons Turkeys, \&c. Cankır. Leg-weakness.

Since the introduction into Canada of these Pills, the Agent has received numerous letters from Fanciers all over the Doninion endorsing the Pills in the highest manner.

## TEAD THIS

Dear Sir, - I can recomirend them to bo tost blind. I gave her three Pills. She is now in good trim. Send me another pachet.-B. J. YoRK.

$$
\text { Searorth, Ont., Oct. Gth, } 1986 .
$$

Dean Sin, - Please find enclosed one dollar for your celehrated Roup Pills. A brother fancier met me in the street to-dav, he wished to get the pills, as he had some sich hards. He used them last wintet and found them good. A good article always will recommend itself. -JOHN PINCH.
Sold in Packets for $\mathbf{2 5}$ Cents and Dne Dollar. Address James H. Cay ford, Rox 1168 , Montreal
as they can seldom be cured, although in the early stages they may be cured by taking a small springbottom oil can and injecting in their nostrils and roof of their mouth a little kerosene oil : if heads are swelled, annoint the parts swollen with sweet-oil and alcohol, equal parts, each day. Add some good condition powder to their morning mash. Put about $1 / 2$ teaspoonful of Aconite to each quart of their drinking water. Keep them in good, dry, comfortable quarters, with an abundance of sunshine in their room, and it should be well littered with straw or leaves, which inust be changed frequently. Their drinking vessels should be cleansed with boiling water. The utensils in which they are fed their morning mash should also be cleansed with boiling water, as this is absolutely necessary to accomplish a speedy cure; not forgetting to remore all sick fowls from those not affected, to prevent spreading of the disease.

A subscriber to the Poultry Keeper gives another remedy which he says cures the roup every time. When a chick first shows symptoms of roup, open its mouth and with a small glass syringe insert into the throat as far as possible a little finely pulverized alum. If the disease is in an advanced stage, and the head begins to swell, anoint the swollen parts with common vaseline, also insert some of the vaseline into the nostrils with a small feather. Feed on a liberal supply of bread and milk well seasoned with pepper; to one teacupful of soft food, such as brau or shorts, mix one teaspoonful of castor-oil. Do not neglect to place those affected in a dry, warm place.

Canker is another disease which may be classed with roup This disease is quite offensive, but is not difficult to cure. It forms in different parts of the month, but mostly at the base of the tongue, or in the windpipe. Sometimes people call this disease diptheria, which may be the proper name for it as it resembles that disease very much. However, diphtheria in chadren is sometimes very obstinate and difficult to eradicate, while among fowls it yields to proper treatment quite readily. While some may call this disease among fowl diphtheria, I should prefer to speak of it as canker, which forms in a white or yellow leathery substance in the mouth, as before stated. Remore this substance with some kind of instrument, which may be a stick, nail or anything with which you can perform the work, then apply Sub Sulphate of Iron (powdered form) to
the parts affected, which may be obtained at any drug store, and io cents worth will be sufficient to cure many cases. The above is a positive remedy, aud a change for the better may be noticed after the first application, which should be repeated until an entire cure is effected, which usually is only a matter of a few days.-Shoemaker's Catalogue.

## COTINTY OF PER'TH POUITTRY ASSOCIATION FORMEI).

宜N enthusiastic meeting of poultry men was held a few evenings ago in the Corcoran block, Stratford, when it was decided to revive a poultry exhibition at Stratford and to form an organization to be known as the County of Perth Poultry Association. Jas. L. Corcoran presided at the meeting and W. Sanderson acted as secretary. The new organization will be officered as follows: Judge Woods, honorary president; Jas. L. Corcoran, president ; P. C. Ferguson, vice-president. These gentlemen were also clected rice-presidents for their respective localities: P. Welihan, St. Marys; Peter Close, Mitchell ; John Pletsch, Shakespeare; W. G. Rounds, Downie township; Thos. Male, Listowel; C. S. Grosch, Milverton; Isaac Rank, Tavistock. Direc-tors-W. Hepburn, Dr. W. R. Hamilton, J. Orr, E. W. Harding, Alf. Burnham, W. H. Merry and J. W. Billings, St. Marys; secretary, W. Sanderson ; treasurer, Dr. Hamilton; H. M. Johnson and Jas. E. Barnsdale, auditors. A committee was appointed to formulate rules and regulations and to get out membership tickets. The rate of membership will be $\$ \mathrm{n}$. It was decided that a general meeting of officers and executive members should be held on Friday evening, Feb. 17, at the same place; also that open meetings be held monthly to commence on the second Thursday of March (yth) for the discussion of various breeds of poultry. Plymouth Rocks will be discussed at the first meeting.
mR. J. M. MINSHALI.
has a grand pen of white Rocks this year, which is headed by the first Industrial cock. The drawing of his Ontario pullet, from which the large engraving was made, was etched by Mr. Hill and was a surprise to Mr. Minshall, as he did not know the bird was being delineated. Mr. Hill has made a taking likeness.


# Century Revolving Cabinet <br> (Patonted) <br> A BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY 

Every farmer acolit sturage man Patentsfor salo in Canbla, Englaml, ete.

Address WOODS EGG-HOLDER CO.
$5 \%$ 2ll I.ocust St., St. Louin. Mo., C'.S.A.

## WINNERS <br> S. C. Brown Leghorns Buff Leghorns

I amofering cags for salofrom prise-wanning stonk, mated so as to produco winners. Tho best breeders in America are represented in may pens.

I3uft Leghorns-Pen healed by cockerel winner of list at Woolstock. Ingersoll, Brantford and Hamilton, mated to hen and pallet direct from Armold. Sotor jo eghs.
 by Plutch cockerelmated to Rice, Winon, Burgott and Ifowell pulletsand hens. Sure to produce winners. ミi for 10 eghs.

2aS. C. B. Ieghorn pullets forsale. Seo small ad. for Bhack Manoreas.

## H. G. DOYLE, Grocer, Woodstock, Ont. 

AND BROODER arenot only the bext an name but are also the best in simplicity of
 "The Best" are the cheapest being placed so low in price thate farmers, nmateur poutry keepors, ete. can afford to purchase. The Best incubators aromado throu hout with thoroughls hila-lrive white phe. and are "chl jat tugethor. It is but thot uphor show only; it is as well male on the inisideas it is without. and is huilt to hatech.

Sond for our Poultry List -tolls you all about our Inculiatory, explainsapplication of heat, ventilation and mointure, the Regulator, the Nursery, ete.
N. B.-When in doubt use PEARCE'S TONLC POULTRY FOOD

If troubled uso pearce's electric louse killer

##  

BEA. SIEAW, Tomonto Ament, oi M Hamburg Ave.

## RIVER * VIEW • POULTRY * FARM

Rose Comb B. Leghorns won at the Ontario sh w, 1899, three 1st, one 2 nd and one 3rd, gold and silver medal for best collection, special for best pair brown Leghorns, including single combs. Special for best bird in Mediteranean class. Our pen this year can't be beat.
BUFF LEGHORNS. WChave the tinet ben we ever owned. BARRED ROCKS. Our jen is

 BLACK SPANISH. We hate :t very tine jen heuded by the third cock at the ontario. SILVER cockerel and hercial at the Ginario. wemond wen headed bu werond cock at the Ontardu. Birde
 prizes won at mix of the teading shows in liec. $\mathfrak{0 R}$, Jan. and Feb, $\mathfrak{m}$.

HENDERSON \& BILLINGS, St. Mary's, Ont.


## Star Poultry Yards.

RALPH A. WIlEIAMS, Prop. INGERSOLL, ONT.
Brecder of high-class poultry.
LIGHT BRAMMAS ANDALCOSANS GOLDEN SPANGLED M.AMBCRGS SIIVER POLISI, GOLIDEN WYANDOTTES Eggs for Hatching $\$ 2.00$ per 13.
Sue Review for prizes won. Send fo curcular giving 1899 matings.

## Buff Rocks

## EXCI,TSIVELY.

The ideal fowl for the fancicr and farmer. At Brantfurd Southern Fair lst cock, Ond hen: at the big Ontario lst pullet, and special for best Butt Rock female, Feleh judge; Brantford winter show, Jan. 2t).e2. 1899. I wot, on 5 entries, Buttertieldiudge, End cock, lit hen, and cockerel, int and end pulletsand special for beat pair. Ill inv prize wimem are in my breeding peni. Firss s.inner setting. Some stock yet for sule.


JOHN J. FOLEY.
L, cantford, Ont.


## Pheasant Culture <br> Fromegg to egg.

By Dr. T. Shamion McGilifveray

A treatise that gives all the successtal points in keqping and breeding this handaviary
Prico ehc-free by mail
Adinesw:
Canadhan Polletry Review, Toronto. Ont.
EGGS FOR HATCiING
from Light and Dark Erahmas that won
wherever thown. It Iondon they won three flrsts and one cerond. I also hatse the lightathe the dark brahma pullete that won first prize at Ontario (Toronto in Mir brcedine pens. Fyg: the same as I set msself at $\$ 2$ a sctting.

## A GOOD SHOW AT CLINTON.

TIIF JUDGES REPORT.

OVER 600 birds, and would have been much larger if it had been open to all, but it was a county show and outside entries not taken, which I thiuk was a mistake as "opposition is the life of trade" and it is no honour to win with no competition.

I arrived at II p.m. the 2.th was met at the station by several fanciers and escorted to the Rattenbury House, which is just the place for an Englishman, good full plates, and no "sample" dishes which you get at some hotels. I was at the show at day light next morning but not a score card had been made out or put up. It was Mr. Swallow's first experience at a show, but he was guick to take it up and he made out every list, and cards were up in a short time and everything went on all right till I got amongst the white fowls and then the black splashes were on the feathers so I had to throw quite a few out. But if all had been as careful as the gentleman who showed a pen of barred Rocks there would not have beeu so many disqualified for he had a boy to hold them and a pair of glasses on to pick the feathers out of their shanks, and he did so well that I could not see one, so the boy would not have to say " the judge saw one that we missed, Pa." Well, it was a nice all round show, a good class of light and dark Brahmas with some first-class birds amongst them. Cochins a very fair class. Langshans a good class and some very good ones amongst them-the first cock a grand one-also a first-class peu. Rocks -Barred a fair class, whites very good and good pen first, buff medium. Wyandottes-a good class, goldens the best in the class. Javas-a small class, fair birds. Games-a fair class, might be improved : a fine pyle cock, cockerel and pullet, the three best in the Game class. First Indian Game cock, hen, cockerel and pullet four good ones. Dorkings grod, silver grey very good in all kinds. Red Caps a very fair class. Polands -- small classes, fair birds some of them. Hamburgssome very good ones, the best black hen thrown out for white on winr. Houdans a very fair class. Leg-horns-a good class and some fine whites, also a good pen of whites ist. and some fine brown ones, the winners and a good pen. Black Minorcas-some very good ones, the best coch thrown out for a pure white feather in saddle; whites a nice class. Andalusians some good birds. Spanish very fair. Game Bantamsonly a few of any account, Oramental much the same. Turkeys-Some grand ones, also some good Ducks and Geese. Pigeons fair, also pet stock. .
W. Barber.

THE L, AMBT'ON ASSOCIATION.

AN゙N(゚AI, M1ENTING.

THE Lambton Poultry and Pet Stock Association held their third ammal meeting at the Hotel Iroquois, letrolea, on Feb. 3rd. When the meeting was called to order there was a very enthusiastic crowd of members present to hear the financial statement, which showed the society to be in good standing, and also showed the liberality of the business men by the fine list of donations. The election of officers was proceeded with and resulted as follows: Honorary President, J. H. Fairbank, Petrolea; President, H. Mam, Petrolea; first Vice-President, A. G. Brown, Watford; second Vice-President, A. Hill, Wyoming; Secretary; J. W. Kedwell, Petrolea; Treasurer, J. E. Perkins, Petrolea; Auditor, J. A. Jackson, Petrolea; Directors, C. Richmond, F. W. Reynolds, W. Atkinson, F. A. Mam, S. D. Abell, R. B. Smith, R. Laing, George Denham, Petrolea ; H. H. Mam, Thos. Drope, Copleston; M. L. Farrel, Oil Springs; T. A. Bonisteel, Wyoming. The Association will hold its next show in Petrolea during December, 1899. It was decided to hold a one-day bench show of dogs in comection with the ammual exhibition. The dates selected were Dec. 12 th to 15 th, but it may be necessary to alter them for the judge's convenience.

## HAMILTON POULTRY BREEDERS' BANQUET.

THE members of the Hamilton and Wentworth Poultry and Pet stock Association held their annual banquet at the Crystal cafe a few nights ago. Edward Dickenson, the President of the Association, occupied the chair, and George Henderson was in the vice chair. The following toast list was introduced by the chairman :-

The Queen, the Governor-General and Dominion of Canada, the President of the United States-responded to by Dr. McGillivray, Visiting Exinibitors-responced to by Reeve Livingston of Grimsby and Mayor M. T. Burn of Tilsonburg, American Yisitors and Fan-ciers-responded to by J. P. Lang of Niagara, Falls, N.Y.

Toasts of the various breeds were also introduced by the vice-chairman and responded to by local breeders.

After partaking of the dimer and listening to the speeches all present adjounned to the parlors, where a couple of hours were spent in song and story by Matt Richatdsun, the superimendent of the show, and others.


THE AMERICAN BUFF PIMMOUTH ROCK CLIUB.

Chis
HE third ammal mecting of the American Buff Plymouth Rock Club was held at Tattersall's Building, Chicago, Ill., Jan. In, 1899.
In the absence of the President, Dr C. J. Andruss, the meeting was presided over by the Vice-President, F. C. Shepherd.

The roll-call was responded to by four members from New York, six Illinois, one Indiana, one Missoluri, two Iowa, two Ohio, two Michigan, and two applicants for membership from Illinois, one from Indiana and one from Ohio. Fifteen applications for membership were received all of which were accepted.

The officers elected for the present year were: President, F. C. Shepherd, Toledo, O.; Vice-President, G. W. Hamm, Battle Creek, Mich.; Secretary-Treasurer, W. C. Denny, Rochester, Ñ.Y. Executive Committee, President, Secretary and Fi. E. Benedict, Elmira, N.Y.; R. G. Buffinton, Fall River, Mass.; Will. F. Fry, Chicago, Ill. Honorary State VicePresidents, D. H. Foster, New Vork : Geo. W. Wills, Iowa; F. E. Mow, Indiana; J. R. Bowles, Missouri ; R. H. Essex, Ontario, Can.; J. F. Harral, Illinois; S. Z. Harroun, Michigan; B. F. Huntington, Wisconsin; Fronk H. Hawley, Ohio; V. K. Dayhoff, Maryland ; F. Gilman Taylor, California ; J. M. Hill, Colorado; E. W."Brown, Comecticut; W. H. Scovil, Maine; Dr. O. C. Link, Nebraska; Frank Woodbury, 2nd, Massachusetts ; Dr. T. J. Rush, Ok. Terr.; J. E. Rooker, New Jersey : D. Shiclds, Pennsylvania: D.
B. Frontis, Solnth Carolina; H. Collier, Washington ; W. D. Lathrop. North Carolima; W. A. Cliase, Kansas.

The club is one of the largest and strongest in the country, has a membership to date of 170 , and new members expected. Beside offering a handsome and valuable cup at Chicago, five others were offered to States having ten or more members. These specials brought out large exhibits in each State excepting Illinois.

Let all reliable breeders of our variety who have not yet joined our club, send their application with $\$ 1$ for membership fee and $\$ 1$ annual dues to October ist, iS99, to the Secretary-Treasurer.
W. C. Denny,
Rochester, N. Y.

AMERICAN HOEDAN CLUB.

PRESIIENT, Frank W. Mckenzie, Concord, Mich.; first Vice-President, D. C. Trew, Lindsay, Ont.; second Vice-President, F. A. Roswell, Lorin, Cal.; third Vice-President, C. E. Petersen, Pemaquid, Maine.; Secretary-Treasurer, Thos. F. Rigg, Iowa Falls, Iowa. Executive Com-mittee-James Forsyth, Owego, N.V.; J. B. Thomas, Jr., Norwalk, Conn.; W. A. Roberts, Kansas City, Kansas; A. Wookey, Peoria, Ill.; N. Nelson, Fort Worth, Texas; S. D. Lance, Troy, Ohio.

The club has members in every State and territory, in Canada, Mexico, Central America, and is extending its membership to further quarters. It is doing much for the Hondan and the business of every member. Every Houdan breeder should join the club and thus get in close touch with the Houdan trade and about all the representative breeders. No Houdan breeder cau afford not to be identified with this organization. The membership fee is $\$ 1.00$, which includes 50 cents for yearly dues.

> Thos. F. Rigg, Sec-Truas. Iowa Falls, Iowa.

At the R. I. College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts (Kingston), the special course of instruction in poultry culture for 1899 began on January 9 th and continted four weeks.

Nearly forty applications for enrollment for the course were received, but owing to the limited accommodation the class has been kept down to about twenty in number. Several who could not take this course have enrolled their names for the next in 1900.

Please announce the show dates of the next Boston show for January 15-20, 1900. All communications as to same should be sent to A. K. Sharp, Taunton, Mass.

# POULTRY FROM A PRAGTICAL Standpoint 

CONDUCTED BY A. G. GIIBERT, MANAGFR POUITRY DEPARTMENT, DOMINION FEPFRIM1FNTAI. FARM, OTTAWA.

Noto-Mr. Gilbert is nothing if not practical and experimental. IIe will from his rich store of information on the subject of " l'ractical Poultrs," give Itevifw readeri cach month the rexults of his experience for the past thirty years. He will bo ghad to.enswer questions or afford information on any barticular subject.

THERE are certain "curions" folk to be met with in every line of business; the poultry line is no exception. There is the man who "always adopts natural methods, you know." He adopts natura? means in getting his eggs, that is, he waits until the warm weather of spring starts his hens to lay and at a time when prices are away down. A few months after he will write and tell you of the great number of eggs his hens laid "beginning early in spring." You ask him why he did not have his hens laying during the winter, so as to reap the harvest of high prices in Toronto, Ottawa or Montreal markets; but he gives you no reply. Again he writes that by adopting " natural methods" he puts 13,15 and even is eggs under a hen and every egg hatches! But he does not tell you that he waited until the hens became broody-late in the season-and that they were rumning out meanwhile. But up-to-date poultry keepers are trying liard to get results by means anything but natural. We want our hens over their moult and laying well by November. We want a steady out-put of eggs in winter when they are 25,30 and 35 cents per do\%. And what is still more " agin" mature, we want-from the same henstarly fertile eggs to put into our incuiators, so as to have early chicks for market or pullets for early layers. Maybe, for early hatching, it will pay to have a certain number of hens mated up during early winter and only lay eggs to put in the incubator, or, incubators. Ask the market gardner how he manages to have his early green stuff.
Another sort of freak is the innocent young man who has gone into counting-room or shop and has lost his health. He has read returns which prove to him that there is money in hens, and he wants to know the quantity of land, description of houses, acreage of grain to be grown and number of fowls necessary to
make a comfortable competency. You ask incidentally if he knows anything about poultry management. Oh, no; but it is soon learned! He has probably served an apprerticeship of years to learn the business in which he has lost his health, but he can keep a few hundred hens successfully with very little knowledge! And the country is full of such failures, who will tell you " that there is no money in hens." What should he have done? Why, learn all about the business thoroughly. It may take him years as it doubtless did to learn his dry goods or hardware business. And after he has thoronghly learned the business he will find that there is plenty of money in it, but it takes brains, skill, perseverance and energy to makeit. The day when any old woman could keep hens and make them pay is gone, and for ever.
Another mild form of lunacy is in the man who has a son, a brother or cousin who has one leg, one arm or one eye, and who, " unfitted for every other business, he thinks of starting in poultry keeping." And then follow the usual questions as to number of hens, description of houses and plant and probable revenue. Now every poultryman who has successfully kept poultry knows that it takes a man sound in mind and limb, with a clear brain, two eyes, two hands and two feet to get there. And having got there, while he is willing to answer all reasonable questions, he is not likely to give an whis business to all the world on the slightest provocation.
A farmer cante to me one day in late April or May, and said, "I saw $\$ \mathrm{r} .50$ per pair paid for chickens today and during the winter I saw 60 cents per dozen paid for eggs."
" No doubt you did," I replied, " but the chickens were early broilers and the eggs new laid. I can tell you where you saw loth occurrences."
"Where?" said he.
"At such and such a place," I answered, naming a well-known club.
"Yes," he said, " and I want to know how to get the chickens so as to get the big price. Eggs aint so difficult to get. Where are your incubaturs?"
" Perhaps getting chickens or eggs is not as easy as you think," I remarked.
"Say, Mister," he replied with emphasis, "what one man has done another can if he only knows how."
" Right you are." I answered, and then we had a


Winning 2 Silver Medals and Bronze Medal
Guaranted to do as good work asthe best Yanke Incubator, it not better The following is from a well known resident of Toronto:
el King Streat West, Toronto,
May 17, 1813.
My fourth hateh for thixsencon has Just been completed, with the following result : 100 egigs, fit fertile, ths heulthy chicks. Before you place your order, write for our Circulars and prices. Address



Theso two strains have won MORE PREMIUMS during the last four yerrs, when competition was hottor than vever befors, than ALL OTHERS COMZINED. The SU5; Club Cuy is included. The winnings of our customers, and thi "Garland" record, north, tomers, and thry "Garland record, north, now prepared to furnish stock from both.
Elmira Winnings-Minorcas-Hot class. q2is special tor best display alsocock 1 (tie); hen, $2,3,3$, 5 ; cock 5 ; pen, ench 1 : henand jullet. ench 1 and 2 ; pen 1. Black Cochin Bants, ali istsand mads excopt pen ist. Indinn Game, only tour shown, cockerel 1 , hen 1 and 2 . pullet 2 .
Eggs from either or some from each, $\because 3$ for 13,85 for \% $\%$. Packed to Hater.
Address J. Y. BICKNELL, 314 Vermont St., Buffalo, N.Y., Poultry Farmat Darien, N. Y.
or C. S. WHITING, Darien, N.Y.
Name tho Review. My Score Cards and Rubber Bands will be furnished bv the Editor of the Review and duty saved.
J. X. BICKNELL.

## Eggs for Sale at $\$ 3.00$ per 13 $\$ 5.00$ per 26. $\boldsymbol{Z}$

I GUARANTEE SATISFACTION TO RESPONSIBLE PARTIES.

1 breed HOUDANS, all Varieties of POLANDS and HAMBURGS, and BANTAMS other than Game.
My birds have been very successful in the show pen, having won since last fall 261 regular prizes, 12 specials and 3 diplomas. A grand lot of birds in all my pens. But one bird under 90 , and that 89 , others up to $95 \cdot 2$ 2nd Ontario coci heads my pen of Houdans.

A few oda birds for sale in Polands and Hamburgs. I will satisfy buyers.

# H. E. BECKWORTH, <br> Proprietor Polish Poultry Yards, 

Box 251, Blenheim, Ont.

## Orchard Grove Poultry Yards, <br> J. L. PAGE, Proprictor, <br> woodstock, Ónt. <br> икввмв Rose-comb White Leghorns Exclusively

This season's winnings-Woodstock, all prizes and tio tor highest seore in show, 800 entries. Ontario, Foronto, and cock, 2nd hen, lst cockerel, 1st pullet and special for best White deghorn male, roseorsingle. Also bred and raised lat cockerel ind ond pullet at White deghorn male, rose or singlei hlso bred and rai


Send stamp for circular and price list. Aldress

CANADIAN PHEASANTRY. Hamilton, Ont.

## On R. C. W. Leghorns

every exhibitor who has
 wona first prize at Canada's great Ontario Poultry show since 1892. had to get my strain before they could get the coveted ticket.

EGGS $\$ 2.00$ PER 13.
W.J. BELI,

599
ANGUS, ONT.
Sangeen Poultry Yards. THOS BROWN, Sec. DURHAM, ONTBreeders of high-class poultry in the following varieties:-
White and barred Plymouth Rocks, black Javas, S C. white and brown Leghorns, silver Duckwing Leghorns, R. C. brown Leghorns and white Holland Turkeys.

Winning the inoustrial meoal on best colLECiION BLACK JAVAS, and one first, tirree seconds and ono third and spectal on six entriesof white II. Turkeys STOCK FOR SALE NOW. EGGS iN Shasoin. Seo Reyitw for prizes won at the Ontario and Owen Sound shows.

## Plymollth Ronks $\underset{\text { Warred }}{\text { Wurito }}$

Also Rouen Ducks and Belgian Hares.
At tho Western Fair, London, Sept. 1897, sind Ontario Poultry Show, London, Junuary. 18y8, I won more prizes in the Plymouth Kock class thanany other exhibitor.
Lambton Poultry Show, Petrolea, Deo. 1998. I won on barred P. Rocks 1st and 3rd cock, 1st hon, ind cockercl. 1st nnd end pullet. Whitep. Rocks, $1 s t$ and ith cock, Srd sind thl hon, 1st ind 3rd cockerel. 2nd and 3rd pullet. Buf P. Rocks, 1st and 3rd hen, 2nd cockerel. ist and th pullot. Epes fo por sotting Ist and 4th pullot. ERES
straight. JOHN W. KEDWELL,

Petrilea, Ont.

## S.C.W. LEGHORNS THAT WIN

First cock at Ontario. ${ }^{\circ}$ 99, shown by Doyle, first at Woodstock, first at Ingersoll, scored by Snolt, 94 points, Buttorfinld 94$\}$ This bird was nover washed or kept out of the sund and is as white as anpobird youeversaw
Hind not a jarticle of white in his faco. Mifated
 shown by us was raised in our yards.
Fggs 82 per 13. J. \& W. BARR, Towolers.
399
Woodstock, Ont.
See Doylo's ad. for Minoreas and B. Leghorns


## WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCK PULLET "SNOWFLAKE."

1st Ontario Show, ist and special Guelph, rst Galt, 1st and special Brantford.
Bred and owned by J. H. Minshall, Brantford, Ont.


PAIR ROLEN DITCKS.

great old talk which it would have done farmers good to have heard. That farmer brought out many good points, such as "the opportunities farmers living near cities or large towns have," "the money in winter eggs and early broilers," "can the farmer have early fertile eggs," etc. The farmers are taking to poultry beyond peradveuture.

Prof. Robertson, in his recent address at Brockville, said that an Ontario merchant had received an order from a firm of poultry dealers in England for 2000 chickens per week of same kind as first Government Experimental shipment. Two thousand chickens per week, of superior quality, is going to draw upon the energy, skill and enterprise of a large number of farmers. It means money in the pockets of the farmers who respond to the demand. The issue will be awaited with interest. And this is only the beginning of many similar orders. The farmers cannot supply themselves with the rapid flesh forming thoroughbreds too quickly.

At the recent poultry show in Montreal I met Mr. H. C. Thomas, representing Messrs. Prinbe \& Sumater of Minouk, Illinois. He told me that he was in Montreal arranging for the shipment of 200 tons of poultry to the English market in cold storage, in one of the steamers from St. John, N.B., or Portland, Me. The shipment came to Montreal in cold storage and consisted principally of chickens. He said that his firm bought every year three hundred thousand dollars worth of poultry from the farmers in their neighborhood. He was delighted to learn of the figures obtained for first experimental shipment. It will thus be seen that there are others than Canadians interested in the English poultry trade. But we must not be out-rivalled. We have the conditions in our favor and must be first.


R B. Millard has but one pen of each of his fowls and offers eggs from them at 88.00 per 13. He gives the recent winnings of the birds in his pens.
Dr. Bell, who has not yet disposed of his buff Cochins, offers eggs for sale at s? "' per setting. He bred his winners at the recent Ontario show.

Two hundred and seventy-nine prizes in one season is not a bad record and this is H. E. Beckworth's claim for his Polands, Hamlurgs and Bantams. He offers eggs for sale and has a few odd birds to dispose of. Look up his now display ad.
Mr. C. J. Daniels has purchasod all Mr. J. A. Pierson's stock of white Rocks. also good will of same. Any one wanting eggs this season from white Rocks can't do better than place orders with Mr. Daniols. His pen contains his 2nd prize cock at Pavillion (the Ontario Show), also first prize hen at Industrial in September, in fact all of the pen are prize winners and a grand lot. Mr. Pierson has taken up white Lansgshans.
John J. Foley breeds buff Rocks exclusively and as this fowl is daily growing in favor he should secure a share of any business going as his are winners and his winners are in his pens.
Woods Egg-Holder Co. offer a nevel and most practical article in this issue in an egg cabinet. We notice the Cansdian and English patents are for sale and there should be money in them in these days of cold storage. Full descriptive circular will be sent on application. It is a good thing, look into it.
See \#. G. Doyle's ad. for a list of his wing on buff Rocks and brown Leghorns. He has eggs for sale.
Hawkins' Royal Blue strain of barred Rocks are so well known that we need do little more than drawatention to the fact that they are advertised on our front cover page. A. C. Hawkins also breeds white Rocks, buff Rocks, silver and white Wyandottes and offers eggs for sale from all varieties. Look his ad. up and study it. Catalogue free.
. L. H. Meiklejohn has grand S. C. B. Leghorns and black Minorcas in his pens for this season and offers eggs from. both for sale.
W. Barber \& Co. did well at New York on Games and Game Bantams and the prizes they won have been added to the list of wins in their ad.
Chas. B. Gould is a Brahma breeder and offers eggs from London and the great "Ontario" winners. He breeds both light and dark.
H. S. Babcock writes a letter to you. See it on cover page. He wants to sell eggs for hatcling.
T. A. Cox offers eggs for sale from birds of several varietios that he claims have won 560 prizes since last September. The 1st Ontario cockerel heads his light Brahma pen. Look up his ad.
J. W. Porteous is a barred Rock specialist and offers eggs for the next few months. Look up his ad.
H. H. Willis extends his ad. by taking one of our popular one-fifth column cards for a year. He breeds barred Rocks and black Minorcas, a strong team, and offers egss at reasonable rates.
W. J. Gordon, in renewing his for sale ad for a year, advertises white Wyandotte eggs from record bred egg laying strain.

## CANADRAS

## POUITREY IEEVINW

 15 remisuen a Toronto, Ontario, Canada, Hy 1F. H moNuvasTerms-axke per lear. Pabable in delsabce ADVERTISING RATES
Advertizemeary wili be inserted at the rate of lucents per hane eracit ainatertion, 1 inch beof 10 cents per ande
ing abont jolinos.

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Langrhan Eggs $\$ 3$ per sitthr. Won at intaria int rockerel. ist pullet, end pullet. 2nd and thin hens :that th cock. Won American angshan (lubs spectal, aso won Sjupecial for ice latigelas rockerel. IR Mecturdy. 17is Oxford St., L.ondon, Ont.

Egge for Hatching Mack and whute Enchank Winners wherel cr Nhown and uid hateth winners for yout Won the bronze mednl It the Industring for bent roflection of Tank
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For Salc- S. C. whte leghorn cock, int ut Owen Sound, ink, veore: 33 , E5: cock, keore 431 one of his watlles torn, price st. ikoth good White birdx, Satisfaction \&uarantecd. John lamsiy. Bo: 119. Owen Sounll, Ont.
For sale- Fgh: from my champon stran of snow-white Ladinnn bonked now Jen So 1
 hens and int pullet at ©ntario. St per 13. pens Sim ami 3. headed by rook Int at bwen Sombl, score 0 , shal cockerel. score $2 ;!$, mated to high werong feimales Sy per 12 (iowi hateh
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Buff Leghorn Eggs from frize winmmg
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Singto Comb brown Leghorn cxpes for hatching. §' per ittitht, shange for \$3. The pact samon riki Ontario amd guciph. phave aso harne Obn Bmaller Miliou ont John Bradice. Milton, Ont

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 Whillanv, iun Argyle sit., Toronto.

We have a fine pen of S.c.is. Lephorn had cath supply egesat $\$ 1.00$ per witting. Fxpres repadiat marlo. W. Eiwool Pollock. Nor wieli, Ont.

Rose-camb White Laghorn cockerel from sulp secured now prizes at Brantford
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For Sate-First price whte leghorn cock erelat brockille, wore 33t, almo a fow whito malemant one bin cockerel. S. N. Graham. Wh I'ritu ens St. Kingaton.

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Egge, irom high scoring Lephorne, whtonnd brown, some of them scoring $\mathfrak{N E}$. Inave taken more prizesat larse shows than all otherexhibitur puat together. Thomas 3ice. Whithy, Ont.

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For saic llack Minora rock winmer of 3 Int. at a showr this winter 51 M . and two hens wore tre andity Sl, 0 cach. anonhrecs. Whit frhorn hen s. (i. A. Ioncon, Iugernoll.

Egge from Prize Winning isich Millon




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 all. fromuthe bent Fingli-h otrain. it manmable prices, keke in viavon (i isaver Clathitu. Ont.


 for nile froma the pea oi sic. brownlaghorn J. A. Bridem, (iadt, Unt.

Black Minorcas fot "an of rumn will Inpone of vome pullets from beat imeratan ant Fublioh trams it slan cath. ilate matad cochrol fromis proig pen ack and lat pri/e rochrerel from wimer wen ack and lat prive
 per

White Minorca aml tual cumblath Vin





 large bird weiphing ${ }^{3}$ ? Poderboro, Slem. All .. Northup arain." Thew birdsare a baskam avi abn willing on my chite stock. Sec my wamm

Egge from Pen No. 1 blach Minoreat, cock firnt :ll Owon Sound and pullet watle as aceobr prize. ㅇo. 3. cockerel fromil bott lhros.. and ;hensail städard wemght. li. (. Ferguon, (i. T.13., Stratforv, (lat.

Rosc Comb Black Minorcas AV kond a the best. firnt pen headed los Northru!, train

 13. W. 11. Kirhs. Whlawa, Gnt.

For Salc-. ifen trin of back Minorrav
 preve. W! Cos, illu-hbrook sit Montrcil i!

Northup's 1898 Minorca Cataloguc, the mont complete ever publinhed an dowryphoms. prices. $1 \times x)$ wimnins-, mew picturio of buldingand faslo. © ontaine thath information. fitls in-


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## Plymonth Rocks.

White Rocks it lakirail - "illter luow dhuttertield jindge I won lim: owekerel oror-




Barrcd Rocks Fing $\$ 1$ in for thirteon
 -rorel $x_{1}$, donble mating, for rockerels and
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White Piymouth Rocks, wrint fronn ors
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Buff Rock Egge frownatirnt law peanat so ner vetilng Sere proes Non at Peterboro and


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For Salc lharral liont anterels fatim forn
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Saunders Buff Rocks.- I nold all my evhibition birds thi fall. hut I mon hare the ber peal I eler owned heded he the sire of 1 at and
 Sitl. Sammer, Bos ixis (iuclph
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${ }^{\top}$ S. ${ }^{\dagger}$ F. ${ }^{\top}$ Qullifora, Akrōn, Ohio, U.S.A., is wear unjurter andfuncier. White, Gohdenand



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Fancy Pigeore fer ale. louter, white Fantaile, White and silver Owls, Tumblers,

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One Finc R.C.B. Leghorn luth. nat in arad poins. prize winner. including Int at On taro dBencdict, pure), abn honen duck(3)ogur stram). J. I. Wathe, Woodstock, Ont.

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 Norwoenl, 1 nt.

Gamo Bantams-IPle and polden dinek wing from lest trains in dmericit and Eug latid prices reavobahle. ivill pxehange for hate Mnorea cockercl.standian weight. IR. II Marmhall. Gati, Ont.

Trio W.C.E. Polish, IS IT Gamberork scorea




Ono Black Rod Bant wok, wes one black red bant corkerel, ?
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Mammoth Bronze Turkcys, rich in bromze. perfect banding. Mrechaven tork. of Thite mitat be abld or exethinged for Romen or
 or exthettge. …Tillson, 13lenhejm.

Some Choice Pckin Drakces fur vile, alvo Pekim duck ind white Wambutte eng in


Egges from Ionlouse. limbien. (hineve Gere: bronze, Holland white red turkes. son for 9. Iekin. ixleshury IRoucn. (ivinan.



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Parkhill Poultry Yards will sell chy fron lukh. Weighing Stall lun. Pehm and lionorn duck egos shus pre 11 . Brouze turkes lens

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Partrldge Cochins l3itred Ikark winte loock silicr Whatudoter, blark Minorcolo. liark spanibl. Ieghorn. Ited (ajus. Inamburse. Pokin and Itouch ducke. Fges $\$ 1$ jer sitting

Egges for Saic Light limhnna, dark Imali.
 Si wh per 13. My Bribhnts won at Guchbh atad Gutario whowis thiv winter 3 binsts. I vec ond and


For Salc-lint Wyamotico rocks amithems,


 Giluing int.

Partridge cocinins. larred lRock und

 fanurguat, Now Ifamburge Gut.

For Sato-Prize whuning Pekin drakim at
 Gnolat prize jartioikge (or-hin rackerel, nituc

EgRe from Ifght Brahmas, hull ( whill



 Jhangirdmantourg. Toronto. Jith. ike, for jnize wobl. i. (i. II. Luxton, Gcorgetown.

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 SI. Fil per 13, hatred athe white lrock: but, gollen, hlacek amd white W yanelottes, (orminh. Indian Gamse black lechiorns, gohlen annd

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 tiar fronn lew fens. bird, moring $\mathbf{x 3}$. We won
 IVamiottecockerel woring 93 for ale. George जnallow, (limsum
Buff Erahmas ducrical be-t 1 min. The bird for ('inadian bricders. Fir at at 'rome and Boaton IIondans, thampions of Nev Fing land. I3ratma atma IIomban cockerelv for vile. Eficis for se. (ircullas. (ico. W. l)athe. Fian litehferd, ('onn.






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Barred Rocks and White Leghorns. In aize Nhape, color. quality and tiyle as good an any in Dincrica. Fiery birl in my jrens Ne: Sork ur warla fatir or peb of nock bre;
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Ownen Sound Winners, lut white IV san-




No Bottcr Birds in Canada Bgir for



Silver maced Wyandot\$cs, harred and bilf Laxke and I: ('. Irown ldexhom rimekerely
 Nary * Ont

For Salc, wotine B Rock wokerelw, lesce

 aner. It. Goldard, Divitonel, (int.

For Salc Cheap, one light Brahua cockerel one Whak Minorin, two white Wjandotes thene ware my reserves for breeding, don't need them. Janses II. Lislon, Currey IIfi, Ont.

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Brockville Poultry Yards, V. . M. Omborne Huh. inveater of high dins puhltry. Fernale Abalatian cockerel int at faltern (hatarim.

 triorwe ronll White dexhorhs Sp, (M) cut herel tha milet white yamboites, coekerel weighs

 (3nt.

Parkhill Poultry Yards consints of birds fomm the larrest and best breeders in of birerica and arc mated to produce bards equal tot the bort 13rceding stonh fur wile at all tmats. 1). A. Erallath, Parkinill. (hnt.

Fifteen Egge Blah amd whate Manoreasm blue indilusian. IHath wen. No. 1 horaded bs

 (cosli st Ilefealfe), sl.jo). F. IK. Frith, Maxville Gul.

For Salc-2: (* white Ieghom corkerels. mize winncrs(Ilice \& Jarviv). Eigss for hatching. A. White Lexhorns Ilide E Pletrh) flrat
 i. Wyanduttes, ail good socet. S. Dippel, liv: towej, Ont.

Egges $\$ 1.00$ per 13 From wize winning lipht inrihimas, buif nind partridge Cochins, Tomatas, white w; yandotes, white lemhorns. Allenbury ducks, golden sebright and buft Biantan!. J. II. Thomson, Britannia, Ont.
(Have the Layers-l3uti IRockr blate MinOrvasamd white Leghurns-the thmest inthe land. Fign for lintching $\$ 3, \mathbb{N}^{2}$ and $\$ 1$, accomling to viricts of fowl. Jas, il. IAvingiton, Grimulby.

For Salc the fullowng hrows.all winnew at Mondon. . If varictics of Polandxamd himbures. white (ochins and Ormanment bunts. I have a bigstock and I am through rhowing abd will sell reavaible to mako room. If jont want the biri- that won at Bovton write guick and mention I?tisiEW. W'an. McNeil, Fis WiaterlooSt.. london. (ianada.
Egerfor Salc. Irom the followink taricties S3 lereilling. 13. is. red and red pyles. buti and birred rocks. Mondans. Jathenhans. D. Cochins. 13. 13. red jule nud buif jokin lhats. Tedfond and ('ullit. Blenheim. Ont.
will have a fow wittirse of egres to smare the * son from birds scoring irmm 30 to 91 poitut- Hu-ludamg black Minoreats, vilver

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$\therefore \mathcal{A C A N A D A N}$ POULTAY PEVIEWND

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Nation vallisy Poulizy vards luhicd


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Eggs for Hatching from two kr:ud pens of loushans. $S$ ( " White and lorown lochourns.
 pen of 13 P Rock hedded by mate binds itm poried from 1.. 1s. Thompon. 1). ( $\because$ Tresw findray, (hn!.

Cornish Indian Games Ill importcd tock, aloogoliten ily amelottios and pylo (i,ume

 Ont.

James Motherall, breedo.. of barred Rook-
 1.eghorns. goldenselormpht and black red (iamm


Try Thorncroft Poultry Farm for dark
 brownathd white Lewhoras, koldenand wilser Polank. ILontians and $\therefore$. Manmburs: We hate some of the beet blood in canada in our
 quality and pricerright. Wm. C. Wilson and Son, lald Uro, Ont.

For Sale. Dark I3rahmat cockerdt and pullets, s.,: "' To and brown I.erhorn rockerel, and hens, Andatusian and S. S. Manburk bul-



Eges and Stock fo: Salc of the following Silher !lambmrys hath lewhorns barred
 cral. W. Davidson and Sön., Latabton Mills. Ont.
For Salc Evhibitmolma hartridg" and
 and aliat semilled and bitak Hamburge.




For Salc Figes frome chatis stork, what



Eargains in hati and white Iadhorn- and


 rille.
Clachan Pouttry Tara3. fixisirone bith barred. Whate liweh lath limhnus, whit-
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 l'hipps Bros., Grimsis, int.

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Eggs s. 2 per Satting. liom liluh Min-








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If you Mant Bargains in egga look up my


For Sate (irand cockerch in J.. and 1). Brahman, Jartridge Cochins. Hondans, Folden
 poli-h. atho exis in savon from lisht lirahmas. partridere (ochins, colored and sill er grey Dor. finge, Indian (iame, 13. Minorens Homdans: (i. Whandutes.s. bangled add folden penalled Hamburta, golder. silior. W. (. 13. Polish. ingle comb tand rose-conab whate nad brown
 perse and bronze turkers. We have in our breding pens mathy imjorted brds and alio some of the bet canadian bred birdsand hate won highert houot at Foronto. Joondon and
 fain. Weinvite in-pection. Write for priees aud jartactiar. Spuly to W. Stewart \& Sob, Minic, Ont.

Egge for Hatching After March hith I can minply erg fram chaticergolden if vamdotte
 Indhorns, \$1 for 15 esos. John Grant, liockl.and, Ont.
land

Eggs for Hatching Si: per siting. Ms cab mumes subercede all former. haght
 burco, silver polinha and gatden Wy.thdotte. Write far circular. lhaph at. William Ingeraoll, Ont.

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White Wyandotece-liow. (., Mo ormuth
 ing lich. N. 「. İctllewell, London.
whacs wyandottos-laok up iny record
 fachuditif six fir th and -jecolat for best collec
 firct piam in open chas. Latairich colored - Wherels and pulletw for sale from $\$ 2$ up, trios
 Mayill. Pontllupe. Cht.
Amcrica's Best Sirares of Wyantottes Shsermedo. Drlhur bullet- Hankills coukerel: "hiter. Ma-iellawham pullets. Fettlewell
 athug. F: I. Willi-, Sedforth, Ont.

Silver Wyandottes Exclusiveiy.- Fine and liued burd of bent jrize wiming xtraths


Eges frem Prlze Winning Stock. -IV.

 Butl lhank, clonkh: Eygs $\$ 1.50$ per cetting 11. Dyment, larric.

Coidon Wyandotto Egge, seltings $\$ 1.50$ Breeding pen headed by krand. larke. rich colored cockerel. bred from Mayit's tirs prize cow Toronto Industrial. Wm. Cann, Date ville, Ont.

BuffWyandotte Eggs from my own pen of prize whmers, 1nt and special cockrel and int and spectal pullets "Ontario vs" "and threc other flue phllets. Fsgs $\$ 3.00$ per 13. H. J. Ceok, Wooditock, Ont.

For Salc.- 30 silver WVyandote hens and miltets, $A 1$ stock $\$ 1.00$ each or $\$ 2.0$ a pair, and huif V'sandotte cork. white wimmotto cock and two hens, goldon cock and pultet. J. Dorst fis I,ogan Ave., Toronto.

Jacob Dorst, ixi I ogan. Toronto, brecd - oi K. L. W sandottes. Stock for wate at al


Black Wyandottes.-The Black Diamond strainare sure wimmers, Fikg from a choico wn made up of wimners, headed by pinmond Whee, at winner of six first brizes. Figks \$3.00 Per 13. Chas. Grimsley, 697 Ossington $A v C$., Turonto.

Wisite Wyandotes. Only sir cockerelsleft. hut tues ate good onces, miluting end at liast
 head sour breedimg pen writo me. Chas Masice, Port Hope, Snt.

Golden Wyandottes. My breeding pen is heruled hy Mr: Graham's best cockerel. it grand hird. Wited toprand hems and pullets. Eggo © (k) per 13. Wim. Williams, $13 l o 0 m i n g t o n$, Ont.

Jas. Arthur, brecder of silver laced Wyanloltes, eneluvively. liecomit at late Ontario how, 1st cock, Emd and 3rd hen, lst pullet, end and 3rd cockerel. Specral for bent femalle. -ilvercup for limi collection of wiandotic.
 tech. Jas. Arthur, i31 Lorne Al c. J.ondon. 100
Egge from $U$ tility bred, 200 cag record. Whitc Whandotes, $1: 3$ chat carefully selected
 Miack deghorns \$3.00 1uer 13. W. J. Gordon l'iekering, Ont.

Egge for sale from ing best pens of silver lured 11 yindotles and ano conbl brown lew horns Sl.be yerselting. i few more flne pullets and heus for sale at reasonable prices. Thos Me.Inllen. Asyluns. Eondon.
For 8ale-Fgas $\$ 1.50$ per 13, $\$ 3.50$ per 26 from dwom dwht and dark llralman. barred and white Jorks, silver Wyablotiee 13. Minorea and silt er Matuburge. Alc. Mimer jros., Jatggan, Unt.

## THE TORONTO POUTTRY, PIGEON AND PET STOCK ASSOCIATION.

The regular monthly meeting of the above Association was held in 'remperance Hall, Feb. gth, the President, Mr. Bominck, in the char.

Accounts for rent, printing and storage for coops were ordered to be paid. Also date bills in comnection with '97 show.

At next meeting the members will discuss score card res. comparison judging.

Barred Rocks and white IVYanlottes were on exhibition, Messrs. Bell, Simpson, Davidson and Chambers showing some fine specimens.

Mr. Brown was appointed judge with Messrs. Blythe and Essex for the year.

A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to Mrs. Shales for stupplying refreshments to all members present. It is needless to say Mrs. Shales received highest honors in this class. The judging was done by comparison.

The Executive Committee appointed a committee to bring in a report as to procuring a more suitable room for meeting.

The Secretary was instructed to have prize cards printed formonthly shows.

## R. Durston.

 Secretar:.A CRIVE SOLICLIORS WANTED enery where for"The Story af the Dhblymines; th. Jurat Halstend. comminsionem bis ino Govermment as ofricial Hintorian to the War Department. phe book was wiltten In army camps at San Frathelsco, on rho. Pacile with Generil Merritt, in ile hosi, tals at Honolula, in Hons song, in lan dmerican trenches at Manda, bu the homs giolt camps with Ag.analdo, on the deck of die Olympla with Dewes, and in the roar if batile at the fant of Manlia. Monan\%a for agents. Brlmful of ortganat pletils: taken by the government photographers of the spot. Large book. Low prlees. $13 H_{2}$ irnits. Frelght pald. Credlt glven. Dioli il triohy momiciel mar books. Outat free. Ahtress, II. L. Barber, Gen. Mgr., j;i, buarbirar street, Chicazo.

Mr. G. A. Ionson's white Rock cockerel scored 941/ at Ingersoll and not $921 / 4$ as we have it in list.


Fisishero's Islland Framm
Hidis Foll H.ATCHING:
Barred and White Plynouth Rocks, Cornish and White Indian Games, Pekin Ducks
Our birds have been winners the past season at Pittsburg, Toronto, and New Iork. Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

## LONGUEUIL POULTRY YARDS

ALWAYS IN THE LEAD
Having secured some of the best stock in Canada, we can guaranteo sur pens made up as follows :

White Minorcas . Pen headed by 1st prize trio, which scored 91i. 93, 91t by Judge Bicknell at Montreal, '93, show.

Buff Plymouth Rocks - Pen headed by imported cock and fout 1st prize pullets in Ontario shows; buff CochinsPen headed by C.C. Shoematier cockerel mated with females scorng 32, Montreal.

Our silver Wyandottes have been mize winners for 'ast ten vears, white IV yandoiles headed by ist prize, at Quebec Provincial, ' 18 ; barred Rocks, the Thomson-Hawhins cross. Black Minorea pen headed by pure Northup cockerel to Duff females.

Also extra 1 uff Pekin Bantams and partridge Cochins, ete.

Eggs for Sale from first four varieties ミ2.(k) per $13 . \$ 3.14$ ner 21 ; all other varieties $\$ 1$ fll par 13, $\mathbf{S} 2.511$ per 26 . Write a card for full information.

## H.CROSS \& CO. LONGUEUIL, QUE.

"WO OF GHANOENG UGAN EVER mated-S. (c. 13. bughorns. pen headed by grand cock, whater lst corkerel. Ontathe. last ock, candorn has wom 10 mists shows. llas zrame whape and size; bevt strlping in lackile and sidule 1 ever sals. inm, niphight comb; has proved himself a grand stock bod. Whin him are f female:s, some wharrs, and are as ;ood as the best. some winnrs, amm are as moon as the best. headed hy prand mate, a typleal mmorch. heated hy itand mate a typhen mmoren, best shapen ant best rolored wraly ber saw, ombly wirivit, hrm and evonly verlitra, pom wattles, harge, pure white love, Wath hith are two puthets; weight 7 the.:
and one hobl have time bour backs and alt





## Etggs for Iletching.

From 1 butars at lamdon. Wroming and letrokea. less. White anil Barred loeks. S. C. frown ami White leghorns and
 Ist athe End at Lonion, at petrolea sum crek. Im lion, Ist pullet and list pern, seore
 spectals for highest scorc. 13. Leghorns ist and 3rd wockerel, 1st puthet. 1st pent, score 15S 1.3 Speclol for highest score. White Wiandulles, snd cockerel, 93: 1st whllet. oish siberisi for highest score. 1 prihe pon of White Jeghorns from winuers. $\$ 1.50$ in so per sett. Succial rates for large quault.
 oming. Ont.

Varionk.

Egge from 1st Prize Winncrs Jownto. Barrac. Lomdon, liuchul, and other pintes. Stock ll. barred amd whtte Rockw, hate Wyandoties black leghorns (ormishladian

 Poultry Fanciers, Plativille, Ont.
For Sate Fige from the fallowing varitite
lipht 13rahumas. pul headed by acoond prise


 shemeld, ont.

For Sate. Thece kephl. With mathed likht 13rahma corkerel-. Will well cheap ii takenal once. Alvo dex from light Brahnar, brown


Parknill Poultry Yardsare booking onderfor chgas Elion r 13 from brown. bath athal white Lechar..s, golden sebripht :umb blate Afrean lhantams. 1). A. (Gaham, l'arhhill. Ont.
Eggs-s. ('. White and brawn Lexhorm, \$1
 Jants. se for 13 . JBird crorine from 91 to $111^{\prime}$. F. A. ilann, Detroleat Out.

For Sale-one trio phle (iamos one golden Hamburk hea, bante, polden scbripht, white coethins oue black Afriant cockerel : white Fans: black carriers. Wianted in oxihamere. black Ifrican liens. Juseph Mathin. Barrie P. O.: Ont.

Light Erahma cockerel and he heors : choice butf (ochin or barred Iack rockerel. Siz
 Cochus and brown l.chhurn, $\$ 1$ for $\geqslant 15$. Pemberton." Reporter othice. lechii.
Egges from my Prize Winners ath white liock $\$ 3.50$ per sitturg: white 1 bundater lipht Israhmats black XIfinoreat, $\$ 2$ per sitink : white (ochin batnt- black ifric:ane, red whe. Gohlen sebright. 13 is red (iante, Si jur -ittith.


Dominion Poultry Yards have for vile grimid breeding thirds in blue Indaluaths. cockerels, heng and pulbets. No better stock to
 belad. Mso one white cochn bantant cock prices3.
Galt. ${ }^{2}$ )nt.

Gore Villa Poultry Farm offer exw from barred and white Joek black Minorgh blach hamg vhans, partridge Cowhin- sc, cach: import cal Pekin and Rouctuduck - lice. culh. Siratford Ont.

Egge for Hatching from bufl loch hull or whte Wrambtte (ormsh Indinn (inmes.


 per lo. Fromas binc brecolers a- hherica can
 catalogue frec. .J. M. Manc.ll. Pattenburg $\pm$.
 Fingland: goldenamb all er Wandottes, blach Einorcax, Alsolight l3mathawiof No. 1 sock. \$-2 per 13 : buil cochin bant $\times$ and pekin ducks. Sil. A. Trivett IBox 346. Newnarket. Ont.

Eges Si per 13 from black Minoreas (Nhoc-
 trinht -ilver laced Wandottes MMery nrain, golden Wyandottes (Williams rirratibl athd partridge Cochins (laciomi Nmain. Alev. J.
Gampbell, dagkan, Ont.
For Sale-Two harred IBots cockerel hateled from egks bonght from F. 13. Thonvonon. Al:o wo miry red phle chiek, driges tock. if. f. Nims, Dreven, Ont.

# IEETEETW TGTMTETE 

आM:IDEIS or
Barrod Plymouth Rowlis ame Black Minorces.

WHO WANTS WINNERS: Who wamk whelhing sood at ratanable prices: Ny pens are all made up of my best heched blrds-nome but the ehopert will be bied.
 real. Whand. (facher and (iranby. bisk 13.C


## SUNNYSIDE POUL'TRY YARDS, Brantford, Ont.

T. . ( ${ }^{\text {(ox. Droprichor. }}$
 largest shows sthee serge. I hate a grand prin of light Ibrahatas. Sprize wimbing put
 al. 1st Outario: allso list at four oller hatge shows, amd $\because=$ spectals for best bhad in the show. I anso hase chutce iens of



 Game, Ihbite amd Barred Dymouth locks. W.C.ls, Dollsh, Is. R. Red and PJe Game Bunts and M. 13. 'rurkeys. I have (ygs for sale from above breeds.

## Lequeduct louits:\% lards.

M) 1.4 MatiNGS OH BIACK IANG shatags proved vers suceesofal in prodacin. high scorling wimers, as shown los the 10 ports of the limersoll and ibrantford dows. winning is lists and 1 and at the formet, and 4 1sts at the furbor phome, and stork from uns yards fin the hands of mex pittonstoon at ine head in many ofher shows. Haviag made my 1898 matiag. 1 am salis thed eren better results whi be achiench. Cholee brds for sale at all thmes. Orders for crixs hooked now. dlao buf What dottes and s.c. White Leghorm. Cireulat.

## John ${ }^{\prime}$.

GK. 1
WEIIIANJ. Ont.
A
A CRIVE SOJJCLTOLE W WNTPD esery-
where for" ${ }^{\text {Whe }}$ story of the Philippines.
 W:ar leparthume. The howh was writin In mans conmls at San Francisco. on tha-
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## EXHIBITION BARRED ROCKS.

1 am now ollcring crip iromimy prand birds. In andition to my long li-s of wins I won forth oll coekere nt Toromt has winter and bongth the third and rourth hens. This was in the from the tiot prize cockerel at the Industrint Finhibition, Toronto. 1 Ns. 1rice S3 for 13. ssini for $\%$ i few birds yet for nile.
I. E. HEN:

Moum Pleasient Poultry Yards, London, Ont., R. 3. Mll.Laltil, l'roprietor:

EGGS FOL HATCHING, from Blate Cochlns, White Cochins, and Barred liy: mouth hucks. I have but one pen of each of the above. In the pen of black Coch. Ins i have Lho 1st, zad, 3rd pullets, 1st. and hen at the ontarlo show, and 4 ther good females, luaded ly sha prize cockere at the New lurk show, '99; in white pen I have the lat pullet at New York, lst hent at the Untarlo, Joronto, and a otner goont whites. dy jen of liatred loocks are Al, but have never been shown. Eiges-ss.ov per 13

Kolion Poultry Lareds.
Hendquarters for Geese and bueks, also lbiared leorks, Bum and part Cochins, 1). Bralhmas, B.' liamburgs, W. and Hrown Laghorns, 1s. Minoreas, (immes: :an Game lhant:uns, Buir Lekin Bantams. See Cantdan poultry Ieview for prizes wou at roronto Industrlal, Lon-
 ter shows, aho the diteat ontarlo. where we won the sweepstatio spechal for best exhilift of Geese and Ducks for the last two Years. Bhds and wes for sale. Aldress O'lir'•u \& Colwell, Paris Station ${ }^{1}$ O., OMta 0.

## MAPLE CITY

## POULTRY YARDS

W. A. WILson. Iroprictor.

Ibelaware lle., Chatham, Oni.
Bheribl:l on is. ininoreas, s. c. WMITE LEGHOMNS. RE. BLACK OLR MGTONS, G. SHARIG11T 13ANTAMS an!
 I.eghorns, G. Sebright Bants, Pekin Lucl.s. $\$ 0.00$ per setting. $A$ limited num lier of settings of 16 . $C$. 13 lk . Orpington engs, \$3.00. 'Iwo 131k. Minorca Cockerels and irlo of pekitn Ducks for sale. 129.

## MINSHALL'S BLACK MINORCAS and WHITE ROCKS

ALE WINNELS AT ALL OF THI leading shows, My athoreas have won il many tirats as all othere together. at vix of the largest shows. Minoreas won: Ol. tario, 1s9s, 3 1sts, 4 2nts, all spectals. Ia

 1sts, 2 omds. a spectals. Hamitton, loy, $t$ 1sts. 3 ?nds, 1 special. Bramtford, 1 sis. 1590,4 lats. 4 gncis, all spechals. My hocks are harge and white. Shx of the finest fenmatom matiod to lat industrial cock, win ning $1+1$ 1sts out of 15 shows. Minorcas are mated for best results. A limited number of gggi from both varletles :it $\$ 3.00$ per Iftcen... J. II. Minslaill, ery James St.. Izrantford. Ont.

DENTONIA PARK FARM, W. E. H. MASSEY, Proprietor.

EGGS \$2.00 PER SETTING, (15).
Barred Rocks, white and brown, S.C. Leeghorns, light Brahmas, black Javas and white Langshans, and Pekin ducks, African Bantams.
MR. FRANK R. WEBBER, formerly of Guelph, has heen placed in charge of the Dentonia Poultry Yards. Address,

COLFMLAN 1'O.. ONT.

## REPORTS OF FARMERS' INSTITUTE MEETINGS.

by ROBERT M. ESSEX, TORONTO.

THE following notes of meetings held by Farmers' Institutes in some of the Western Distucts of Ontario may be of interest to readers of the Revinw as showing to what extent the ponltry industry has a foot-hold in the places mentioned.

These Institutes are bonused by the Ontario Government and lecturers are sent to the several districts to discuss improved methods of agriculture and breeding farm stock.

Mr. Ketchen, of Brucefield, lectured on feeding hogs, growing and cultivating corn and feeding beef cattle, while I had the honour of holding up the poultry end of the argument.

The subject for the afternoon address at the first stopping place (Scotland, Ont.) was-"The first three months of poultry life." As the desire seemed to be more for general information the line was not hewed to quite as closely as usual. Numerous enquiries, at the close, were made, proving that there is a growing interest in the poultry industry. Points enquired about were: Height of roosts, space allotted for each towl, feeding a mash, bone cutters and feeding bone, roup remedies, capons, grit, and feeding corn.

The evening meeting brought out more ladies which afforded an opportunity of advising them to consider the poultry industry of greater importance than a mere ude-line. The subject was-" Production of eggs in winter," which elicited queries regarding feed for loung chicks, oats as a general feed throughout the yar, and breeding in line for egg production. The interest evinced was encouraging for those who wish to see the industry advanced to its proper place among the chief features of the farm.

At Brantford only one address was given, and that in the afternoon. The attendance was very slim although those who were there were out for information. It was brought out by questioning the lecturer that to tatten fowls successfully requires more than the bare three or four weeks of final fattening. The stock wust be kept growing and healthy from the start, as a hird ill-kept is a bad frame to round up, even if it
were possible to put on the flesh. On the subject of range for growing chicks, it was advised that such a mistake as too much freedom might be made. It is better to limit the exercise of growing chicks; birds making lots of growth may be rum off their legs. Similarly with regard to laying stock, a fair range is better than an unlimited range. Housing was touched upon, and the requirements of large combed varieties mentioned. Either build a house which may be kept fairly warm by the natural heat of the fowls, a house in which a warm roosting place is built, or, a house artificially heated. In the first case it will be necessary to dry out the moisture occasionally by artificial heat.

Jerseyville furnished a very appreciative audience, as did Carluke. The fact that poultry varies as do cattle, was impressed upon them. As illustrations, reference was made to butter cows, milk cows and beef cattle, each chosen from the breed most suitable, each breed of different formation. So it is with poultry, as illustrated by the market fowl, the egg producers and the general purpuse fowl. An outline of the shape of these breeds, sketched for their benefit, added to the statement that very seldom do birds which are much underweight win in the show room, impressed the audience that in breeding thoroughbred poultry even the fancier considers weight in market fowl of more value than beauty, and that the different formations are as much in evidence as in cattle.

Glanford supplied a more critical audience, and waturally so, for some of the best breeders of the Province live in the neigabourhood. Then again, Hamilton being only about six miles distant, the fanciers of that city make their influence felt throughout the surrounding country. Mr. Erland Lee, Secretary of the Institute for South Wentworh, is a fancier himself, a breeder of Red Caps and partridge Cochins and so has an especial interest in the poultry talks. He sees the necessity for closer communication between the farmer and fancier and does his best to bring this about. The principal queries at this place had reference to the advisability of hatching from eggs laid by young fowl. It was advised that although chicks raised from eggs of early matured birds might not be as large or vigorous as those from hen eggs, yet, if the pullets had been fed and raised with a view to size, and not solely for an early production of eggs, then there was no reason
why the chicks should not be perfectly satisfactory, as the pullets would then have matured sufficiently before laying the first egg.

Complaints were made of some unsatisfactory dealings with distant fanciers, and it was suggested that purchasers of eggs or fowls should either purchase from well-known fanciers in the neighbourhood or from persons at a distance who were known to be reliable. The fanciers were becoming more cunscientious every year and it was easy to distinguish the reliable from the unreliable. The first information necessary in purchasing eggs at a distance, is to make suae that the vendor is a breeder of the variety of birds from which the eggs arc obtained, as the fact that he exhibited certain breeds was only "prima facie" evidence of that state of affairs. This in response to questions along that line.

Binbrook was, from at least one point of view, the most interesting place yet visited. The discussion after the lecture was enliving, one farmer especially, beirg of an enquiring turn of mind. It was evident he was a carcful student of the requirements of the farm, whether or not he was correct in his estimate of the age of his fowls I would not care to say : he stated, however, that he had a hen sixteen years of age which, on the previous day, had iaid the last of three eggs laid on succersive days. I have none, he added, under eight years of age, and the one particularly mentioned will be sixteen next " hatching." It inay be possible to see these hens when I reach Canfield and if I am within five niles of the farm I shall make it a point to do so. I took more salt with my dinner that day than I have been in the habit of doing.

Smithville has a few poultry breeders who take a lively interest in poultry talks. The Secretary of the Institute keeps the good old Indian Game and barred Rocks and that helps things. The lecture brought out a question regarding the shape of the best layers in a flock. No definite information was vouchsafed on that point, it being merely stated that an impression existed that a long bodied fowl laid more eggs than a short bodied one. The lecturer had not experimented on that line and simply gave the information for what it was worth ; there was no acknowledged rule laid down. The enquirer said that the suggestion accorded with his experience. izis long bodied fowls laid better and he was breeding along "ant line.

Green feed should be given after a meal as is evidenced by the habits of fowls at liberty. During the morning for instance, say after ten or eleven o'clock, the fowls are dusting, basking in the sun, chasing bugs and flies, etc., but feed them at the regular hour, about noon, and immediately they scatter in search of green food. Imitate as nearly as possible natural conditions.

Campden brought out the best mecting yet, most enthusiastic and largest. The whole town and surroundings gave evidence of intelligent, painstaking industry.

Much interest was evinced in the discussions and lectures no matter what the subject. An anxiety to gain intormation was evident, in fact, the discussion on poultry was so prolonged that a request was made that it should be continued at the evening meeting.

There are a number of breeders of barred Rocks and Spanish in the vicinity, and the care exercised in the poultry yard appears to be above the average. The delegates were flattered at their seception and by the enthusiastic response to the Chairman's suggestion that they be requested to return next year.

Grange Hall, South township, was the rende\%vons, tuder adverse circumstances. Blowing a hurricane, snow drifting and the thermometer ${ }^{\circ} 10$ or ${ }^{\circ} 12$ below zero, was not an outlook that would induce many farmers to leave their firesides, nevertheless there were about fifty present. So far as poultry goes the interest centred in the feeding of cut green bone. In reply to a question on this point, its use was advocated in winter as an egg producer, and several gentlemen evinced a desire to purchase the bone but had found it diffleult to obtain it even in the adjoining city of St. Catharines. Here we met an old Hamburg fancier who, in olden tines, was well acquainted with our friend Sharp Butterfield.

The weather was so veiy bad that it was decided by vote that it would be useless holding an evening meeting.

Orange Hall, Grantham township, was slightly more favoured on the morrow, the wind laving subsided. The interest in poultry was great, and after exemplifying that it was a remunerative industry to the satisfaction of those in attendance, the ensuing discussion was guite lively. Several of those present wished to be informed as to the particular variety of
general purpose fowl best to adopt. This information, however, was not forthcoming and they had to be content with a general description of the various Wyandottes, Plymouth Rocks and Javas, as constituting the American class, the acknowledged general purpose fowl. In the evening the subject was a varied one, replies being given to many queries, principally on poultry houses suitable for the farm.

Niagara Falls, South, brought out a fair number of farmers who were advised to take up the profitable poultry industry as one of the main branches of the farm, especially as prices of fruit had been for the past few years very unsatisfactory.

Prices of poultry in these latter districts have been pretty well maintained and it appears that fall prices are in advance of those in Hamilton, Toronto and Brantford so far as poultry is concerned. The figures presented (which appear in another column) were considered low, so that it was thoroughly understood that there was no exaggeration.

## MONEY IN POULTRY ON THE FARM.

The following exemplification of the profits which may be obtained from poultry' on the farm, have been placed before the farmer: of the district to the southwest of Lake Ontario, by Mr. R. H. Essex, in his lecturing tour, at the meetings held in connection with Farmers' Institutes.

It will be seen that the subject has been divided into three parts:

First-Poultry on the farm as ordinarily iept by the farmer, with no especial attention.

Secoud-Poultry on the farm which have been hatched early with the object of inducing winter laying.

Third-Poultry on the farm hatched early and receiving proper attention, and fed with the object of inducing an increased egg yield.

The year has been divided lnto two parts of six months each.
FARM POULTRY RECEIVING NO ESPECIAL ATTFETION.
April to September- -8 doz. eggs © 10c
October to March-1 $1 / 2$ "، "، 200 . 30
Average hatch by hen, 8 chicks © $5 \mathrm{C} \cdot \quad \begin{array}{r}\$ 1 \text { ro } \\ 40 \\ \hline \$ 150\end{array}$

farm poultiry earif hatched.
Octoher to March-8 do\%. eggs (a 20c - $\$ 60$ April to September-3 " " " 100 - 30 Average hatch by hen, 8 chicks © 5 c - $\$ 190$

| Deduct feed | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 230 \\ 75 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Profit-\$1 55 |  |

FARM POULTRY EARI,Y hatched, FED AND bRED WITh a view to increased egg yieid.
October to March-10 doz. eggs © 20c - $\$ 20$ April to September-4 " " " 100 - 40

Average hatch by hen, 8 chicks @ 5 c - . $\$ 40$


A GOOD EXAMPLE TO FOLIOW.
You will please find enclosed one dollar for which send the Review to the following names. I took such a liking to your paper that I thought others should have it. Next year, should I live to take your paper, I will do more for you if I can ; no man who calls himself a poultry man should be without your valuable Review. Wishing you success for 1899.

Dresden, Ont. Harry W. Hitchcock.

## WISH There were more like this.

You will find enclosed order for $\$ \mathrm{r}: 00$ for three subscriptions for Review. Please send to following addresses, all Chatham. Please begin with Feb. number.
I see by Review that you have just seven subscribers here so this will make ten, I hope to be able to double it before 1900 (so do we). I would like to change my ad. as I have sold all my stock except a couple of Minorca cockerels and a few ducks.

Yours truly,
Chatham, Feb. 6, 1899.
W. A. Wirson.

IF YOU LIKE REVIEW
tell your neighbors. If you don't like it tell us.
of course we agree with mr. Jones.
I received a copy of the Rivirw for which accept thanks. It is certainly an Ai poultry journal, and at the very low price of 50 cents 10 poultry fancier could afford to be without it. Please find enclosed subscription $\$ 1.00$ for three years as per offer.

Yours truly,
Miami, Man., I'el). 13, 1899.
Cinas. Jonrs.
P. S.-Send a couple of extra copies and I will try and get you a new subscriber or so myself. C. J.

NO APOI.OGY NEEDED, WE WAN'T SUBSCRIBERS MORE.
Please find enclosed $\$ 1.00$ for the Review for three years beginning ist Jant. '99. As a comparatively old breeder I feel I almost owe you an apology for not subscribing before. Yours,
P.O. Dep't, Ottawa, Feb. 6, 1899. S. Short.

MR. GERRIE IS NOT WM. GEARY,
but W'm. Gearry is Mr. Gerrie. Apologies to Pearce's able head of the poultry and stock food department.

## MR. H. S. BABCOCK

has sold all his pea-combed barred Plymouth Rocks with the exception of a few cockerels to Mr. O. S. Gagnon, Belle Rieviere, Que. Mr. Babcock says this has always been a profitable variety in his hands and hopes that they will so continte under their new ownership.

## WE REGRET TO I.EARN

of a serious accident that befell Mr. J. H. Shales a few days ago. Mr. Shales is an elevator expert and while engaged at work on the elevator in one of the large city buildings a heavy cylinder fell and greatly injured his head. He was at once taken to the Emergency Hospital and we are happy to say is, at this writing, very much better.

THE WESTERN FAIR, we see from a copy of the past year's balance sheet, is in the enviable position of holding assets valued at $\$ 42,064$, including $\$ 8,500$ cash in bank, and with liabilities marked " nil." Mr. Browne and the Board of Directors are to be congratulated. By the way, we suppose those extra polutry classes will go on this year Mr. B.? The chicks help to earn the kudos for you.

MR. A. P. MUTCMMOR, OTMAWA, who advertises pigeons and Bantams in Review made pretty nearly a clean sweep at the Eastern Ontario on the former in all his varieties. We draw attention to the fact in justice to him as we do not publish pigeon awards.

THIRTV-EIGHT BEI.OW ZERO AND A FORTV MII.K DRIVE.
So writes Dr. A. W. Bell, who is spending his summer vacation up at Bracebridge. One good thing is no "skeeters" will bother him so early in the season.

THF TORONTO POULTRY AND G.IRDFA PRODUCE CO., LIMITED,
is a large concert recently incorporated with a $\$ 40,000$ capital. They have secured forty-three acres adjoining the city and are now busy erecting poultry houses, brooder houses, etc. Mr. L. H. Baldwin spent three weeks on the other side visiting the largest establishments on their behalf, and on his return and recommendation the company decided to purchase twenty $240-\mathrm{egg}$ Toronto incubators. Mr. Willitts informs us that nine of these have already been delivered and the others are being built. It is the intention eventually to have at least one machine hatch every day.

THF COLORFD PLATES
promised for this issue, owing to delay in shipment from the artists, we are sorry to say must wait for April Review. They are on the way at this writing, February 28th, and we can promise our readers a rare treat, as the picture will excel anything yet attempted.

## REPEATED ENQUIRIES

to the Secretary have failed to bring a copy of the Montreal prize list. This we regret, and hope Mr. Hall is not suffering from the prevailing epidemic, as some of our other Montreal friends are.

## COPY HELD OVERR.

Although this issue of Review coutains many extra pages we have been obliged to hold over a mass of miscellaneous matter which we by no means could crowd in. This includes some very interesting egg records, a long and interesting letter from a show secretary commenting favorably on Mr. Felch's suggestion to assist county or district poultry associations-with which we are heartily in accord-and various other items. We hope to get all cleared up in the near future:

## CORRECTIONS IN ONTARIO LIST'.

ANY letters received by us - - to errors in Ontario list were forwarded to Mr. Browne. Following is his reply and explanation:-

## Editor Review :-

I am very much pleased that you have afforded me the opportunity of correcting the mistakes complained of in my report of the prize winners at the late Ontario showv at Torouto (a copy of which was sent for publication in the Review of February), and am somewhat surprised that there were not more under the circumstances and I assure the gentlemen interested that the errors were quite unintentional no matter by whom made and trust the explanations may be satisfactory to all.

The judge's books show Mr. W. J. Bell, of Angus, to be the winner of the best bronze Turkey male, and also 3 rd on R. C. white Leghorn hen.

Mr. Thos. Sherlock, of London, was the winner of 2nu prize on pyle Game pullet, and Mr. John Bradley's, (the winner of and pullet S. C. brown Leghorn) address is Milton, Ont., not London, although we have an exhibitor here by that name.

As you are aware, Mr. Editor, a number of alterations were made in the awards after we had posted up the judge's books and it is a very easy matter to overlook corrections in the hurry. There is not much time to check up when prize money is paid out Friday of the show.

Have carefully checked over the awards and they will appear correctly in the Government report.

Thanking you for your kindness in favoring me with letters referred to. Any further information will be cheerfully given.

Yours very truly,
Thos. A. Browne.
London, Feb. 22, 1899.
Sec'ty P. A. of 0 .

## HURON POULTRY AND PET STOCK ASSOCIATION.

HELD their winter show on Jan. 24, 25 and 26. On Monday the 23rd, in the afternoon the birds began to arrive at the town hall, which the town council had granted the free use for the show. By night there were 615 birds all cooped and everything ready for the judge. Mr. Barber arrived from Toronto and commenced his work early Tuesday morning. Mr. Barber as a judge thoroughly understands his work of judging poultry, and on the whole gave good satisfaction. A great deal of praise must be given the local directors and the secretary (Mr. Swallow), for the success of the show.

## LIST OF WINNIERS.

Messrs. John Ward, O. C. Wilson, Dr. Scott, Jos. Tyerman, Frank L. Willis, Harold Johnson, Wm. Copp, Thos. McMichael, W. J. Irwin, G. W. Irwin, of Seaforth; Colin Cambell, Ed. Munroe, J. Fisher, E. Newcombe, of Goderich; Wm. Wallace, Sam. Appleby, John Melville, of Londesboro ; J. C. Lyons, Lucknow; L. Kennedy, A. J. Grigg, F. G. Forrester, Jos. Rattenbury, B. Dayment, N. Davis, Thos. Cairns, James Howson, R. Chown, Wm. Street, W. Doherty, Geo. Swallow, S. Lawrence, A. Anderson, J. A. King, of Clinton; Walter Taylor, James Henderson, Jos. Gray, of Wingham ; Bruce Medd, Win. Carter, Constance.

## LIST OF AWARIS.

Bhahmas. Hght-Cocks, L Keauedy, scove 92, 1; Joha Newcomb 2. Hen, Newcombe, $921 / 2,1$; Newcomb, $911 / 2,2$. Cockerel, J C Lyons, 93, 1. Fullet, Henderson, pes 2. Dak-Cocls, G Wirwin. Hea, Irinis cockerel, Irwin. Pullet, Irwin, 1 and 2. 2. Cockerel, lruin, 1, Wills, 2. pullet, Irvin, 1 and 2 . Partrdge-Cockerel, Irwin, 1 and 2. black or white-llen, Irwh, 1. La olls, Cockerel, lrwin, 1 . lioek barre, -Cock, Ward, 34,1 . Hen, Ward, 1,$91 ; 2,91$. Cucherel, Ward, Yes, 1 , Wilson, Bros, M, $\frac{2}{2}$ 1'ullet, Wallace, 91,1 ; 'Whsou bros., $90,2$. 11 hite-Cock, Forrester, 01,1, Lyons, $w$, Hen-Forrester, 93, 1, Forrester, 92, 2. Corkerol-Forrester, 921,$1 ; 1$ Hendersou, 92, :2 lullett, Forrester, 931,1 ; 'Yyeman, 93 ; ㄹ. Buri-cock, Lyous, 90, 1. Hen, Lyous, 9012,1 Lyons, 90,2 . Yullet-Lyons, 91 , 1 . Game, 18 b-Cock, Grigg, 0212,1 ; Gres, 90, 2. Hen, Grey, 912,1 : Grigs, $11,2$. Coek-
 Grlge, $91 \%$, 1 , Grey, 91, 2. Duekwlng Cock, Hen, $801 / 2,2$. Hen, Grige, 9112,1 ; Grigg, 004,2 . Cockerel, Grigg, 00,1 . Pul lett, (irimg, 00 , 1 Pyle cork, Grigg, 9012 , 1, Lyons, 88,2 . Hen, Grigg, $911 / 3,1$, Gribsi,
 Appleby, 91,1 , Kearns, son 2,2 . Men, ap pleby, 931,1 , 1rwn, $90 \%$, Copkers, Tyreman, 10,$1 ;$ Chowan, $8 s 1 / 2,2.1$ pulte: Tyreman, 91
Bamtams, Bred game-Cock, Grigg, 91, 1 , Ratenburg, 8914, 2.11 ch , Grigs, 92, Cockerel, Grigs, $01,1, \mathrm{Grigg}, 89,2.2 \times 11$ let, Chowan, 92,1 ; Rattenbur, $901 / 2,2$. Duckwing-Cock, Lsons, 90, 1. Hen, Lyons, 02 4,1 , Munro, $89 \%, 2$. Cockerel, Campbell. $851 / 2$, Pullet, Campbell, 93 , 1 ;'Munro, 80.
 92, 1, Lyons, 90.2 Cockerel, Grigs 911 . 1; Lyons, 8912,2 Pullet, Grigg, 92, 1; Lyons, 301/, , A OV bame-Cockerel, Grige. $90 \%, 1$. Pultet, Grigs, 91, 1. Golicn se-brifut-11en, Lyons, 02, 1, Campbell, 01, 2. cockerel. Lyons, $89 \% / 2$, 1rulet, Lyons, 92. 1. Cochin-Hen, Campleil, 91, 1. Cockerel. Taylor, 92, 1. Pillet, Taylor, 92, 1. Black African-Men, Whison Bros, 001 , Coekerel, Henderson, $931 / 2,1$ Pullet, Henderson. 031,2, 1. A 0 y ornamental-Cock, Camp bell, siy, 2. Hen, Camplell, $801 / 2,2$.

Domlulques-Cock, Willson, Bros, 112,1 ; Whison liros, suy, 2. Men, Wilison Mrw, 241 1,1 , Willson Bros, $801 / 2,2$.
Dorkings, silver grey-Cock, Nisher, 01, 1; Irwin, 001, 2. Hen, Irwin, $21 / 2,1$. Cockenel, Irwin, 90, 2. lullet, Irwin, e2, 1: Henderson, $01 / 2,2$.
Langshans, black-Cook, Gres, 93, 1. Ifen, Johnsion Bros, 931 , $1 ;$ Johnston ibros, y, 2. Cockerel, Taylor, 0312,1 ; Grey, $021 / 2$, , Pullett. Johnston intos, 0,1, Johust. $13105,941 / 2,2$.
Wrandottes, sllver-Cock, lyons, yo, 1. 11en, Appleby, $911 / 2$, . Cockerel, Lawreuce,
 1. Whlls. 414,2 . Golden-' cocl, Swaliow, did 1 ; Dyment, SS, 2. Hen, Swallow, 01 , cockerel, Swallow, 93, 1, Swallon, 924, Pullet, Swallow, 93, 1 , Anderion, 921,2
White-Hen, Fisher, 93,$1 ;$ Dyment, 30 ,
Cockerel, Davis, 02 , 1 . ${ }^{\text {Pullet, Winls, }}$
 1. 'Hen, Lyons, $01 / 2,1$; Haher, $101 / 2, \underline{2}$. Cockerel, Wisher, 00 , 1 .
Javas, black-Hen, Lyous, 91, 1: Lyous, 90,2 . Cockerel, Henderson, $011 / 2,1$. Hullet, Lyons, $921 / 2,1$ : Mendersou, $91 / 2,2$.
Red caps-Cook, Lyons, 93,$1 ;$ Wallate. 91, ㄹ. Hen, Wallace, 9212,1 ; Lyons, $92,2$. Cockerel, Campbeh, 01, 1. Pullet, Wallies. 421,2, 1; Campuell, 02, 2.
Polands, we black-Lock, Carter, 22, 1. Cockerel, Carter, 921,1 , Pullet, Caricer, $921 / 2,1$. Golden-Cock, Carter, $91 / 2$, 1; Car ter, $90 \%, 2.11 e n$, carter, $001,2,1$ Carter, 00 ,2. Pullet, Carter, $00 \%$, sllyer-Coch, Carter, 9112.1 . Carter, 804,2 Men, car ter, 01, 2. A o v-Cock, Carter, 93, 1; Carter, $92,2$. Hen, Carter, $_{1}$ 91, 1; Carter 901, 2,
Hamburg, gold spangled-Cock, Munroc, 901 , 1. Hen, Alunre, $9 \%, 1$ Carter, $901 / 2.2$ Cockcrel, Munroe $921 / 2$, 1 : Munroe, 91 , 2. Pul let, Carter, 931,1 ; Mumroc, 03, 2. SiverCock, Carter, 91,1 IIen, carter, 91, 1. Pullet, Carter, 04, 1. Penclled-Cock, Ir win, 0112, . Hen, Carter, $931 / 2,1$ Chowan, 021,2, Cockerel, Carter. 92 2,1 , Carter: 0012, 2. Pullet, Carter, $911 / 2.1$. BlarkCoch, Carter, 91, 1. Men, Carter, 33, 1. Cockerel, Munro, 941,1 , Munro, $931 / 2,2$ Pullet, Munro, 04, 1: Henderson, 9314.2. Houdans-Cock, Scott, ${ }^{1} 13,1$, Carter, 01, 2. IIen, Scott, $90 \%, 1$. Cockerel. Scot $911 / 2,1$. Pullet, scott, $02, x_{1}$ Carter, $91,2$.

Leghorns, white-Cock. Taylor, 911,1 , 1 Howson, 91, 2. Hen, Henderson, 841,3, 1 , Henderson, 94,2, Cockerel, Taylor, 92,1 Carter, 92, 2. Pullet, Taylor, 94\%, 1 , Tay Ior, 94, 2. Brown-Cock, Taylor, $921 / 2,1$ Wallace, $\mathbf{9 2}, 2$. Hen, Wallace, 90,1 , Inel ville 2 Cockerel, Grey 921,2 , Wallace 2. Pullet, Grey, 034, 1, Howson, 2 BlackHen, Munro, $931 / 2,1$ Wallace, 03.2 Cork erel, Wallace, $941 / 2$, ; Wallace, $02, \frac{1}{2}$, ullet, Wallace, 94,1 Buff-Cock. Wallace 22, 1. Hen, Wallace, 9312,1 Melville, 2 Corkerel. Melville, 02, 1. Pultet, Wallice, 931, Mremille, $011 \% 2$.
Minoreas, black-Cock Camplell, 911,1 IIen, Doherty, $911 / 2,1$ : Hourie, $931 / 2,2$. Cock
 let-Doherty, $91 / 2$, 1: Hourie, 931,2 . White -Coek, Med Bros, 01 , 1. Men. Wher 194, 1 Cockerel. Appleby, 03 , 1, Meda ifros, 03, 2. pultet, Appletiy, 03 , 1 ; Fisher, 931 , 2nd.
Andnlusian-Cock, Rattenburg. 314.1 Hen, Rattenburg, 93 . 1. Cockerel. Sentr. 941 2,1 1; Forrester, 94.2 Pullet, Ratten burg, 94,1 , Scott, $931,2,2$.
Smaish-ilen, MoMichael, 93. 1. Corkerel, I, yons, 94,1 ; Ilenderson, 9342,2 . 1'ulPet. Irwln, 94, 1: Irwh, $981 / 2,2$.
Turkess, old-Cock, McMiflatel. 1: Wialace. 2. Hen, MeMichael, 1; Wallace, 2. Bred in 1898-Cock, McMithacl, 1. Hey, Mrylfehnel, 2. Henviest turkey-Camplimil Welght, 43 lis.

Geese, Bremen, old-Henderson, 1; Irwin, 2. 1hred in 1sas-1rwin, 1: Henderson, 2. Bucks, I'ekin, old- Irvin, 1 ; 1, yons, 2. dysbury, old-Applety, 1; Carter, 2. Bred in os, vekin-lrnin, 1; Henderson, 2 Aylsbury, bred in '0N-1lenderson, 1; Henderson, 2 . Bred in 08 , Rouen-Irwin, 1; Wallace. 2.
Breedlug bens, Hfht-Kennedy, 1 ; Nowcombe, 2. langshan Johnston Bros, 1; kennedy, :. (tame, black or 3 Br retlGrlgs, i. Mamburg, black-Mumo, 1. Leg horas, whle-raylor, $1 ;$ Henderson, 2 . Hrown-Wallace, 1 Itelvile, 2 Andalusi-m-Forrester, 1. Mhoreas, whte-Medd Bros. Rock barred- Willson hras 1 Whit. -Iyreman, 1 ; Wilson bros, 2. Houdans Scott, 1. Wisadottes, silver-wills, 1; Copp, 2. Golden-Swallow, 1. Whlte-Hisher, 1. Bratams, game-Grigg, 1.

## HAMILTON SHOW.

AN INCREASE OF TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. IN ENTRIES.

The aunual poultry, pet stock and pigeon exhibition of the Hamilton and Wentworth Poultry Association was the most successful ever held under the auspices of the local Association from every point of view. The number of exhibits was 25 per cent, larger than in other years and the attendance was much larger.
Note-Povition of names shows awards.

## PRIZE LIST.

Brahmas, dark-Cock, M T Burn, $\bar{B}$ Howe, A G George. Hen, Burn, George, 1 and 2 Cockerel, Burn. Pullet, Burn, George, F Horting. Light-Cock, HI Symington, 1 A Cox. Hen, Cox, 1 and 2 , Modlln. Cockerel, Cos, Fred Hamilton, J Tossey. Pullet, Symthgton, Cox, Symangton. Pen-Cos, Gcorge, Ilolton.
Mur Cochins-Cock, George, S L Furminger, George. Hen, fuang bros., $H$ Wgate, F Howe cockerel, Wyatt, 1 and 2 ; Rodgers. pullet, Wyatt, Young liros, wyatt. Purtridge-Cuek, Howe wsatt, Howe. Hen, Wyatt, Howe, 2 and 3 . Cockerel, Wyatt, Hinne, Wyatt. Pullet, Wyatt.
A. O. V.-Cock, Burn. Hen, Burns. Cockenel, Burn, Geoige. Pullet, George, Burn. Ifen, Wyatt, Young bros, 3 t Thompsou.
Black Langshans-Cock, It B Hill, E J Dewey, Cox. Hen, Hill, Dewey, Cox. Cockeral, cox, George 'lossey, Furminger. Pullet, Hili, Cox, Dewey. White-cock, $\mathrm{F} \boldsymbol{\mathrm { I }}$ Webber. IIen, Welber. Cockerel, Webber, 1 aud 2. Pullet, Webier, 1 and 2 . ${ }^{\prime}$ 'en, Hill, Wright \& Pattersou.
Sllier grey Dorking-Cock, Cox, Furminger, Burn. Hen, Cox 1 nid 2; Furmlager. Cockerel, Walls, Furminger, Cox. Pullet, Furminger Cox, Walls. A. O. V.-Cockerel and pullet, Furminger, 1. White-Cock, Bum, 1 and 2. Hen, Burn, 1 and 2 Cockercl, Holton, Murn. Pullet, Holton, 1 and 2 ; Burn.
Hamburgs, sllver or golden-spangledCock, Burn, Horning, 3. Ifen, Burn, Horning. 3. Cockerel, Burn, Colvin, Furminger. Pullet, Burn, Colvin. Golden or silver Den-cllcd-Cock, Burn. Hen, Burn, Henderson \& Billings. Cackerel, Burn, 1 and 2. Pullet. Burn, 1 aud 2; Furminger. A. O. V.-IIen,

Burn. Cockerel, Burn, Colvin. Pullet, Burn.
Leghorns, brown-Cock, Henterson, 1 : and a: Dewey. Hen, Henderson, Dewar Bros., Henderson. Cockerel, Ienderson, Dewar Bros, Menderson, 2 and 3. Pullet. Dewar:
Inenderson,
and Ifnderson, as ind 3, White-rork, !h. Cox. Philips. Crockerel, Drever Cox, Philips Bros © Kemp. Pullet, Cos, 13inlags, Dreverientroken, IIenderson, Cockerel, Dovie, Phit Binings, MrFauden. Cockere, Dovie, Phil p'rilet, llenderson \& Bilhing, bhimps Bros \& Kemp, Mefidden. Aay other vartetycork, Leniterson \& Billings, Burn. MeFanden. Ilen, Itenderson \& 13imugs, Burn Georg Cockerel, Burn, Henderson \& Bllingr, Boildeu. liullet, Menderson is Bilings, Burn, phillys bros \& Kemp. Pen, any virletyDowar Bros, Ilenderson.
Red Caps-Cock, Frland Lee, Cox. IIen, Blockburn, Lee, 2 and 3. Cockerel. Cox; Ler. 2 and 8 . Pullet. Lee, 1 and $2:$ Cox.
Black Spanish-Cuck, Burn, Moulth, IIenderson \& Billiza. Men, Burn, Mendereon © Blilnts. Modiln. Cockerel, Burn, Menderson \& Billugs, AicCormick © Son. Pallet, McCormick \& Son, Menterson \& Mil. lings.
Mhorcas, black-Cock, Dr Carr. Mrs $J$ is Shiles, Cox. Hen, Cox, 1 and or; Blackburn. Cockerel, Cox, 1 and 2: McCormick \& Son. lullet, Cox, 1 and 2 McCormick \& Son. White-Cock, Mrs Shates. Men. Cox. Pullet. Mrs Shales, 1 and 2, Cox. Any varletyifens, cox.
Andaluslans-Hen, Cox, 1 and 2 . Cockere Cox, J \& T Thompson. Pullet, Coc, 1 and 2: J S Thompson.
Ilomdans-Cock, Stroud \& Wilson, Modim Men, Burn, Modlli. Stroud \& Wilson. Cockerel, Stroud \& Wilson. Webber, Strond \& Wilion. Pullet, Stroud \& Whison, 1 and 2 : Webber.
Gamer, Whek red-Cock, Man, 1 and $=$ Hens.atah. 1 num 2 mev Geothegan. Cookerel. Maln. 1 ani 2: frogheran. Pullet. Mann. 1 and 2. Georghegan Pile-Cock, MeDonhld. Ifen. Burn. MeDonali Cockern, Mobomati. Ruch. Puilet. Burn. MeDonald. Indiancock, Rlehardson. Modiln, Rodgers. Men, Richardson. Iodin. Cockerel. Moalln. Young Brothers, 2 and 3 . Pullet, fielardson. Young Brothers, Xoilln. Malay-Cock, Burn. IIen. Burn. Pullet, Burn. Any other Yariety-Cock, Burn. Men, Burn Cokerel, McDonald Exhilition peu of G:mmes-Ibichardson, Main
 \& Billngs, Meharison, Dlekenson Ifen. Ib Thompon. Miecormick \& Son. Blaharison Cocknrel, Mecormick \& Son. Ifenierson $\mathbb{C}$ Bhilings. Thompson. Pullets. Mickay. Mrcormiek \& Son. Rehardson WhiteCork, Cox, freens. Symminton. Ilen, Coviss in mbigton, Cox. Cockerel. Wright \& Patior con, Bryant, Cox. Pullet. Svmmington. Cox. Wright \& Patterson. Buth-cock, Cox
 son \& Bllings, Shuart Cockerel, Cox IH lincton. Wehiner reullet. Idvhgston. Wils line Pens-Michardson. Dlekenson. Bord. Wrambotes. foll bacel-rook. Irenilerion \& Billings, White Cos. Hen. Cox, Whits Cockerel. Sharb. Pullet. Yount Bros. Slirch. andi 3. Shler laced-rock. Menderson \& fillings, ros. Hen. Henderion \& Billigs. Cox Corkerol. Menierson \& Blilimes, Cos: Wright \& Patterson. Pullet. Cov. Frenderson \& Bllings. Bur- Cock. Mrs Shalos Hen. Mrs Shates. 1 and 2. Cockerel Mri Honites, 1 and 2 Puilet. Mrs Shains. 1 and . Whito-Cock Mrs Shales. Mon. Mrs Shales. Cockerel. Mrs Shales, Cor. Mrs
Shales. Shalos.
Javas. black-Cock. I E Peart. Wrhher. 2 and 3. Hen, Vebler, Peart, 2 and 3. Cock-
erel, penrt, 1 and 9 ; Cox. Pullet, Peart, Cov, peart. A. O. V.-Cock, Webber. Hen, Welber 1 and 2.
polnnis, white crested, black or white erested, whte-Cack, Cox, Burn, Cox. IIen. Burn. Cockerel, Cox. Burn. Pullet, Cos, 1 Bum, Cox. Gollen or silver-Cock, Burn. Mra, Burn, Colvin. Cockerel, Burn, 1 and $2 ;$ Colvin. Pullet, Burn. 1 and $2 ;$ Colvin. A. O. V.-Coek, Burn. Cockerel, Burn. Pullet, Burn.
buntams. black real game-Cock. furminger, Latng, MeDonald. Ifen, Lator, Fhtilps Bros \& Kemp, MeDomid. Cockerol, Bruce \& Acres, 1 and 2: McCormick \& Son. prullet, 1rruce \& Acres, Lalng, 2 and 3. Brown red, rock-Mec'ormet is son. Men. Mecormick \& Son. Pul. ${ }^{\circ}$ Furminger, Jones lyle game (ook, Laing, Cox, Furminger, llen. Webber. Lallag. Cox. Coekerel, Cox. Ining, $\Omega$ nad 3. Pullet, Young Bros, Latng 2 ani 3. Duck-ring enmeCock, Furminger, MeDonald. IIen, Latne, Cox. Cockerel, MeDonald, Cox. Golden Selhrght-Cock, Iahag, I3urn, oliung Bros. Ilen, Burn, Grout, Foung Bros. Comber,il, Burn, Grout, Lalng. Pullet, Burn, Gront, Lalnt. sllver Sebright-cock, Conner, Hen, Lalng, 1 and 2; Grout. Cockerel, Web. ber. Cooper, Grout. Pullet, Cooper, 1, 2 and 3 .
IBantams, hurf Cochin-Cock, MeDonald, Peart. Men, McIonatd. Peart. cox. Cook erel, Colvin, MeDonald. Pullet, Young bros, Colsln. MeDonald. White or black Cochins-Cock. Henderson \& Bhlings. Ifen. Henilerson \& Billings. Cockerel, Henderson \& Blilngs. Pullet. Henderson \& Billiks, MeDonald. A. O. V.-Cock, Burn, 1 and 2 ; Grout. IIen, Burn, Gront. Cockerel, Burn. Weblier, Grout. pullet. Burn, Webber. Burn. Pen. any varlety-Latig, Desey bros, Cox.
Turkey, bronz-mate, Mahn. Cox, Bertran. Female. Main. Cos, Bertram. Any other varlety, old-ilate, Cox, Mejonabi. Female, Mejonald, Cox. Male, isos, Cox. Female, 1sas, Cox.
Limblen geese-Gander, Mchonah, Webber. Gonse. Webler. Menomald. 2 and है Gander, 180S, MeDonald, 1 and 2 .' Goose. 1848, MeDonald, 1 and 2.
Toulouse geese-Ginnter. Wibler. Mribomind. Goose, Webber, MeIomali. Gander, $1 \times 98$. Melonald, 1 and 2: Webber. Goose. $1899^{\circ}$. McDonald, 1 and 2: Webber. Geese, anv other varlety-Gander. MeDonald. $J$ \& 1 Thompson. Goose, MreDonall. Thompson. Gander, 1s9s, Thompson, MeDonald. Goose. 1S98, XeDonald, Thompson.
 her Duck, Moponath. Webler Drake and duck. 1898. MeDonall. Wrbler Pokin-1ra;"2. Wehber, MeDonald. Duck, MeDonata, Web ber, Bemnett \& Som. Drake. 0n. Remhett d Sonc, MeDomah, Wrhber Ducli. 1s3S. Me Donalt, Webber, Bennet \& Sonc. Roury Drake, MeDonald. Main. Duck. McDonald, 1 and $2 \cdot$ Maln. brake. 1 SON . MrcDonali. i and $\frac{2}{2}$; Bertram. Ibuck, $189 s$ Mremonald 1 and 2; Rertram Any other variety-lurake. MrCormick \& Son Duck. MrCormirk \& Son. Drake. 1898. Hurn. Welber. Durh. 1 sas. Weblber, Mecormiek \& Son.
Srilling class. chickens, 84 -Cock. 1 it Patrich, Modin. Fien, Patrick, Noilln, MeKay. Cockerel, MeCormick \& Son. Wratt. Rlchardon. Pullet. 2, MeKay. $\$ 2$-Hen, Momiln, Dlekenson, 2 and 33 Cockerel. Bnyd. Dickenson. Richardson. Pullet. ratrifk. Richardson, Holton.
Dressed poultry-Turkey I \& 'T Thompson. Wulinson. Goose, Main.
Sperials-Mest and heavlest dressed tur-kol-Gobler. Thompson.
Best bantam hack red game-Laing.
larrest crhiblt of poultry-Cox.
Best four birds, ans one rarlotr, open to iventworth County-G G Menderson.

## EASTERN ONTARIO POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

FROM 1: H. GISBORNE, SECRETARY.

In the competition for the cup given by Lord Aberdeen, the first four pens were: P. McGregor, Andalusians, $554 / 2$; Taggart and James, brown Leghorns, 55312 ; A. P. Mutchmor, black Minorcas, $54^{83_{+}}$; W. H. Armstrong, black Minorcas, $5+81 / 2$.

This cup was competed for between Andalusians, Minorcas and white, brown and buff S. C. Leghorns; the handicap prescribed by the Standard was too heavy for the white Leghoms, the two highest pens of which were $S$. N. Graham, $554^{3 / 4}$, and J. I. Gill, $5493 / 4$.

The exhibition was very successful, there being about eleven hundred birs's and a very good exhibit of eggs. Also a brooder full of chickens sent by Mr. D. H. Davis, of Almonte, who most generously and kindly bore the whole expense himself to lend the Association a helping hand. It is a pity we have not more fanciers like Mr. Davis.

## PRIKE JIST.

Brahmas, Heht-Cock. E W Lenren, 1: W if Kimhht, 2, A I' Mutehmor. 3. HenPearn. 1 and special; Knight, 2: 3ruteln-
 Pullet, Pearen, $:$ Gliroy, 2. Dark-Cock, J haniels, 1 and spedat; pearen, 2; Gar: rett, 3. Ren, Dandels, 1 and special: Garrett. 2 I Caren. 3. Cockerel, Pearen, 1: Danhis. $\frac{2}{\text { Pullet, Manels. 1: 1'earen, } 2 . ~}$
Cou hins. but-Mutchumer, 1: Dandels, 2: Fearen, 3. Hen, bamels, 1; Peared, 2 . Cowherel 1 aniels, 1 and vectal: If Id Wright. $\frac{2}{2}$ Pullet. Daniels, 1: Mutelmor, 2 ; 11 right, 3. l'artridge-cock, Pearen. 1 and Theda. Ilen, Pearen. 1 cor' erel, Pearen,

1'ullot. Pearen. 2. Black or white(wh, Paren, 1. Hen, Pearen, 1: Pearen,
(ookinerel. Kinght: 1 mind special: John Bedlow, 3. 1'ullet. W R Kngght, 1; Yearen, $\therefore$ Pearen. 8 .
Lameshan-Cock. Cranston © Milne. 1 and yectal Tumblu \& Prters. 2: Pearson. 3. Tim. Cranston \& Mine 1. Turpin \& PetMr, W. M Ballite, 3: Kalght, 4. Cocker.1, Cranston \& Milne, 2 ; Turplin \& Peters, 3; Muchmor, 3: Mallife t. I'ullet. Ballle, 1: Cranston \& Milne. $2 ;$;urpin \& Peters, 3; Ballle, 4.
Tyvi-Cock, Turpin \& Peters, 1; Daniels, W II Rehi, f . Hen, Danlels, 1; Enight, : Turpin of Peters. 3. Cockerel. Knight. 1 Turpin \& Peters, 2 Pullet, Kught, 1; lield, 2; Jurpin \& Peters, 3.
 （cockerel．Jolin Brdinw．1．Jiblet，Imaven， 1；13mblow．2．A O V－Corti，Herlow， 1 and
 som，3．IIrn，Bodlow，i and sperhil：Nom
 S．llison， 1.

Mgmouth rocks，harrei－Cock，Turnin is lroters． 1 and spectal．Ilwh．Heviln \＆Jan．
 Deving \＆Theames， 1 athl yurplal and 2： 5 Pumblne．：S：Turpin \＆leters．4．pullot． Desbln \＆Jacoues， 1 ami speelal ami 3：Dan－

 Etahno．S．IICn．Nanhels． 1 ind surdit：Je，
 I口⿰llot．Hablice 1 athl swemal：वowper．$\because$


 （iraham． $\qquad$ ：Bamels， 3 ．





 Cowk．Mhke．天wi， 1 and sherdal：Fnight．





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 son． 02 alll 913.





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Minarras．Whack Mutchuor， 1 and ciwe
 ：







 sin：1kidl． 91.















 liack cowk rramston a Milnce 1 ins spu．
bat：Garrett． $3:$ bambels，3．Hen，Fortier， 1







 leatith：Ilen，Oliviere $1: 1$ Pathen，23．Tw
 pherial：Pearen，2：lines，3．l＇ullet Dves，
 Xiflsum， 1 ： 141 smardal．Hon．Neflsm， 1 atml
 ably uedat：Xell－m，＂：banidls，3．l＇ullet
 nor． 3.
Hambmis．blat tock．Herkinoth． 1 ：














 amd spedal：l＇oaren．$\because \quad$ luhtet．Fortler， 1 ：mat surdil：lurbashire，＂．
1ºllsh，back，W C－Cock．Forther，1：Jmm－

 t＇ulleq．Fortler：itul sperial．Gulumi－
 Hedz，Forther，1：lueckworlh．2：；11mmels， 3. Cuckeref．Furtior，1．l＇ullet，Forther，1；

 10n．1：lewkwurth，a ama ：Cockeres，

 1 and 2：IParen， 3 ．Inen．Forther 1 and 2 ：
 Heckuarth．3．Iullet，Iferkumath，1：For． llar，$\because=:$ thil ：s．

Howitus－Cock．loraren， 1 min sperdat： Dankels，Berlworth，3．Hen，D：nhter， 1






 vial．．－1．U．V．fawl－（onek，lantels．1．II．m． 1．Inallels，（boherel，1，Jatulals．jullet． 1 ． （bathle．
 Ohllfere 1 and＂̈．Cuckerel，1．Bharlevo．




 Pullet，Oldrieve． 1 IReal lvhe－llom，inh




 or white Indl：th تanco－Cock．Fortler，1：






 lienoh． 2.

Whart Red Game 13：ntath－Cork．Muteh

 1：Mutehmor．I＇thert，Ohdrivere．1：Minteh mow，2：lfook，3．Brown Ifedminek．Oh

 1．Dullet．Minchmor， 1 aut 2 Dust wht－coch，Olirieve 1；12vok，＂：Mutehtur： 3．Vich．Ohleleve，1；IRook，2：Sutchmor，35．

 ther 1：Oldrlove．He He Ohirfere 1 amd ：3：
 Pillot．Matelabory， 1 ant 2.
 1：Reda，2：luareh．3．Holt，Cramston N






 Gulinve．1：Mutehtion 2：Ohbleve．8．R．C．，



 （owelt，Chicton \＆Xilne．1：Gimrme＂：



 wotth．\＃，ylen．Cmaston \＆Mllthe 1：breck North．：－Cockorel，Cranston \＆NHIme 1 leecliworth．2：Dinfols 3．lullet，cranctun of Vilum I amb 3：Dands，O．V．hithtamy －romk．larther，1：Iteht，2．Iten，Fortier． 1：Impli， 2.

Furkeys lronzo－rawk，Cumming．1：Sctl－ son． 3. Iten．Comming， 1 and 2. Cockerel． Cumalus．I，spedat and 3：Nollson．： Pulleq．Fmaming 1 ama 2：Nollson．3．A
 von．1：Cumming．©．Corkerel．Cmanin； 1：Thumpeon，＂．I＇ultet，Jhompson，1：（＇min． ming． 2.
＇Pombuse zece－Oli mamier，Thompson．1：

 sum．1：Cmmmbrs 2 and 3 ．Youms sonse， Thompon， 1 nul 2 ；Cumming， 3 ．Enblen －Oh gamber，Thompson，1．Ohi goose． Thompsob．1．Jouni githler，Thombson， 1
 Thompson， 2 ami 3．A．O．V．－Old gander． Thonmpon，1：Cumming，＂，old coovi， Thombson，1：Cranston \＆Mhuc，a nul ：


 son．2：Cumming．3．Oll duck，lingali．1：


 dralic．Gancian $\mathbb{K}$ M！ime 1：Nelsom．\＃：
 rimmong．3．Yoma；irake Nelksin 1：


 1 I O．V．．（bhi trake．Sellson．1：Thomin

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 flmblick，2：I i：ilroy，3．Farmers bens Hzht bradk，Few Crown．1：Parsons，2： lindalm． 3.
 2.1

 ming．3：Snllson， 4.

Ihenvest dozen cham－Itwhurd． 1.


THE N. B. POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

目HE: " Co-operative Farmer" says the members of the above mentioned poultry society are certainly to be congratulated for the excellent display of fowls and other birds made at their exhiintion, which took place in Saint John, January 24th 1027 th. It is something like fourteen years since a winter foultry show was held in the city and during that period very many changes have taken place, both in regard to the breeders of that day and the breeds of fowls. The latter is particularly marked in the varieties, those of a buff color being decidedly in the fashion, though they are never likely to beat the popularity of the white and gray.
Great difficulty was experienced by the association in securing a suitable hall and in a central locality. This was the reason that the fourth floor of the Foster building, comer of King and iermain streets, was the place chosen, and to reach which several fights of thirs had to be climbed, which probably had much to do with the very poor attendance.

Mr. Frank $V^{\circ}$. Hamm, as superintendent, proved himself to be the right man in the right place ; in i.cet, unch of the success of the show was due to him, aided by the very efficient members of the committee of management.

Mir. J. (i. Burke, the Secretary, is deserving of -pecial praise, and we must not forget Mr. J. B. Magee, the Ireasurer, who if he was not able to command a large surplus, was at least hopeful of enough unds on hand to pay all expenses excepting prize money.

Anong the visitors present on the opening day were Homorable C. H. Lalillois, Commissioner of Agriculure, who had come to town on purpose to see the show : Robert Robertson, Superintendent of the ExMimental Farm, Nappan, N.S. ; Jas. Manchester, Bu Mayor and Mrs. Scars, Chas. A. liverett and Col. nhine, St. John. These gentlemen all spoke in the hughest terms of the sacellence of the display.

The judge, Mr. H. B. May, of Natick, Mass., gave matersal satisfaction, so much so, in fact, that not one - hiinitor was foumd ready to make disparacing remaks.

The silver cup offered by " Co-operative Farmer" in lent pen of barred Mymouth Rocks was much ad-
mired and speaks volumes for the enterprise and progressiveness of this popular and growing agricultural paper.
The display of eggs was very good, though limited in numbers. Another year, it is to be hoped, a much larger quantity will be shown, to which should be added dressed poultry.

## A POULTRY FEEDIER.

When hens are fed in open dishes they will persist in getting into their food and soiling it. A handy and cleanly feeding arrangement is shown in the sketch. A board, with a rim in front, is nailed to


A MOL'T.TRY :M:EDER.
the wall, 6 in . from the floor, and to this is hinged a slat-work arrangement that permits the fowls to feed through it. but will not let them get into the food. It opens out from the top when one is patting food upon the board, and remains closed when shut.

## A GOOD WORD FOR GALT.

Emator Rivinew:
I see by the February Revinw that some person spread the report amongst exhibitors that the prizes were not paid last year at Talt which is not so, at least I got my money last year, also this year. I did not go to the show either time but sent birds there and they came home in first class condition, and I also got an express money-order for prizes won in full the same day my birds came home. I did not have to wait an hour for my mone: and if all is well I shall be there nest ycar.

## H. Е. Breckwonth.

Blenheim. February + , isgy.
Mr. George Angus, I,ondon, writes he won first on groken Pheasants at the Ontario, and not R. Oke, as RECHEW said.

Mr. F. R. Webber, of Guclph, was tendered a sup. par on lebruary 25 th, on the cee of his departure for Toronto. Where he goes to take charge of the poultry on MIr. Walter H. Massey's model farm. A gold locket was presented to Mr. Webber as a token of esteem and rememberance of the Guelph association members.

## Publisher's Jotes.

Continued Iroun page 12i.
Close Bros. have Games and Game Buntams, and good ones, too. Birds and eggs for sale, see Game column.
Longuenil Poultry Yards advertise eggs from prize winners at Montreal and other piaces in white and black Minorcas, buft Rocks, silver'Dots, etc. A card will bring full information as to matings, etc. Prices are low.
Silica Poultry grit we have known of for some years, but it has never been offered to breeders before. It is a light colored hard grit and is readily eaten as we have tested in our own yards. It is cheap, and it is clamed contains oxide of iron. lime and magnesia, all important to "biddy." See "Poulury Appliances, Etc., Department."

Cyclone fence can be had from27 to 60 inches in height. You can build your fence at the rate of 100 rods per.day and at a low cost. Write for bookiet. mention hiswiew.
"Eggs from wumers," says Mr. C E. Smith, and healso gives a list of theplaces where they have won and the varieties he breds, Asiatics, llocks. Bantams etc. Also ducks, tarkeys and guncas. But one pen of each variety.
C. J. Daniels advertises an excellent egg shipping box in this issuc. They are cheap and withal safe. An examina. tion will repay you for the uronble.
W. J. Bell, the rose comi) white Lerhora man, says that his stran always win and have "on since 1892. Eggs \$2Look up his all.
'1. A. Willitts, mamfacturer of the 'loronto Incubator, pablishes a his business anno menseme a costimonial that it will pay you to read. Circular will be sent free on application.
"S.C. W. Leghorns that win," says J. 太 W. Barr's ad Tum to it and see. Eegs s.e.00.

Henderson ix biilin; Shave suvema popalar breeds including barsed and buff lochs and rose comb brown Leghorns, black Spanish and buil Leegiourus They malie a specialty of these and offer eggs for sale, also datwing attention to indivithul firds in their $\mathrm{p}^{2}$ ns and giving list of winners.

See Jins. A. Livingston's ad., changed this issue. Buff

- Rocks. blark Minorcas and white Leghoms for sale, also eggs from wimers of these brecds.

Fishers' lsland Fitam offer egres for hatching from their practical breeds. They won he: vily :u Toronto and refer to last Rhenew for list of awards. They also wo.a at diew Yorh wat lit'sburg the past season. Catialo som free.

Linkon Pouitry Yardsate handuarters for peeseand ducks, and lesides these, thry have sery fal breeds of fowls for sale, :and erss from them. O'Brien. Colw il are pronietors and they have done some biry winming lately.
A. Hill ofers eges forlatchins from winmers, ind gives a long list of aniords. Special rates for larie quantities for inenbarors ete.

See T. W. K.dwe l's new m, for prizes won on Plymouth Rocks all colors. He says "urys se straizht."
 Cochins and biantims and has eqgs for sale. He was a big wimater as Montreal.

Geo. H. Burgott is a brown Leghorn specialist and has them of the best. He also breeds buff and white Rocks and wants customers to send for 2 free catalogue.
Orchard Park Poultry Farm are strong on Minorcas, and offer eggs from them, black Javas. Indian Games and black Cochin Bantams.
Saugeen Poultry Yards breed several varieties, all popular, and have stock and eggs for sale. Their ad. is worth reading.
Star Poultry Yards offer eggs for hatching from light Brahmas, Andalusians, etc., at \$2 per 13 and refer to Review for prizes won. Circular of matings sent for the asking.
A. H. Lake offers eggs from the ever popular barred Hocks at $\$ 2.00$ per setting. All prizo birds in pens, including winners at last Industrial of the silver medal.
W. A. Wilson, has a variety of breeds, including the new black Orpingtons, and offers eggs for sale from all. He has but a limited number of Orpington eggs for sale.
Two dollars for a setting of eggs from a pen of imported black Minorcas, so says C. A. Mayhew. Abbott, Butlin and Snell and Morgan stiains direct.
Minshall's black Minorcas are well known and now he adds white Rocks, a good team. For a list of numerous wins see his new ad. where he offers eggs for sale.
The rose comb Leghorn is a winter layer and J. L. Page has them for sale, also eggs. In his now ad. he given some of their wins, look it up.
E. H. Perrin has buff 'Dottes and can sell eggs from two good pens, also from rose comb black Ninorcas, Northrup strain. Look his now ad. up on back cover.
"The Best" incubators and brooders are advertised by J. S. Pearce \& Co., the big London house. Also their popular preparations; send for their catalogue.
Berner's buff Leghorns' record is given in this issue. Eggs for sale, look up ad.
John F. Hill, in his new ad., says he is satisfied his 1899 matings in Langshans will give better results than those of 1898. Eggs for sale now.
G. J. Lovell \& Co. draw particular attention to the new regulator called the Dominion now used on their incubators. They claim it is absolutely reliable and that it can be fitted to any mako of machine. The price is but $\$ 1.75$.
White Rooks, black Minorcas, buff Bantams are advertised by Wm. Hartry, Seaforth. They are fully described in his new ad. Eggs $\$ 1.50$, two settings or over $\$ 1.00$ each.

Mr. J. H. Cayford, Box 1,168, Montreal, is our Agent and Correspondent for the Province of Quebec. Any correspondence relating to subseriptions or advertising may be addressed to him.
If you send us the names of two new subscribers together with $\$ 1.00$ we will extend your own subscription for one year as well as send Review to the new names for one year. This makes it but 84 cents cach. The only condition we make is that the names of the subscribers be new ones and not renewals. This does not apply to Toronto.

