ONETARY IMF. Insurance. ife Assurance Co. TED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE DE PARLIAMENT. L GOVERNMENT DEPOSIT. DIRECTORS: X. MACKENZIE, M.P., 63-Prime Minister Ma, President. XANDER MORRIS, M.P.F. and JOHN HKIE, ESQ., Pres. Can. Landed Creit e-Presidents. Macdonald, ex-Liceutenant-Gov. of Oniario bertson, Esq., Pres. Montreal. Macdonald, ex-Liceutenant-Gov. of Oniario bertson, Esq., Pres. Montreal. Macdonald, ex-Liceutenant-Gov. of Oniario bertson, Esq., Pres. Montreal. Macdonald, ex-Liceutenant-Gov. Corporation. Bel, Esq., Pres. British Can. L. & In. Os Esq., Micretor Federal Bank of Canada Esq., M.P., Toronto. Re, Esq., McKer and Financial Agent Mey. Esq., Alderman Macdonald, esq., Macdonal Director Hourn, Esq., M.D., Medical Director L GOVERNMENT DEPOSIT. ADE REVIE RANCE CHRONICLE. 100 PER SINGLE COPY TORONTO, ONT., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1889. VOL. XXIII.-NO. 14. Leading Wholesale Tree of Toronto. hes, burn, Esq., M.D., Medical Director. t, Esq., Merchant, Director Dominion Bt n, Esq., Toronto. ray, Esq., Merchant. nnan, Esq., Prest. Mont'l. Transpr'in 0a. 5, Esq., LL.B., F.LA., Managing Director Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto. THE GREAT ASSORTING HOUSE li & LU., OF THE DOMINION. -:-

MUTUAL Assurance Compy F LONDON ENGLAND. ESTABLISHED 1847. ed Funds nearly \$6,400,000

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icome over 1,300,000 Investments nearly.. 700,000

BRANCH, - MONTREAL DIRECTORS. RNETT, Esq., President Montreal Stock Exchange HENIER, Esq., President La Banque du Peuple. ENNAN, Esq. Director Bank of Montreal MMS, Esq. Of R. Simms & Co

F. STANCLIFFE, General Manager. A. W. S.MITH, GENERAL AGENTS, TOBONTO

EFFERS, EB WESTERN ONTABIO, London, Ont. UARDIAN

Life Assurance Company F LONDON, ENGLAND.

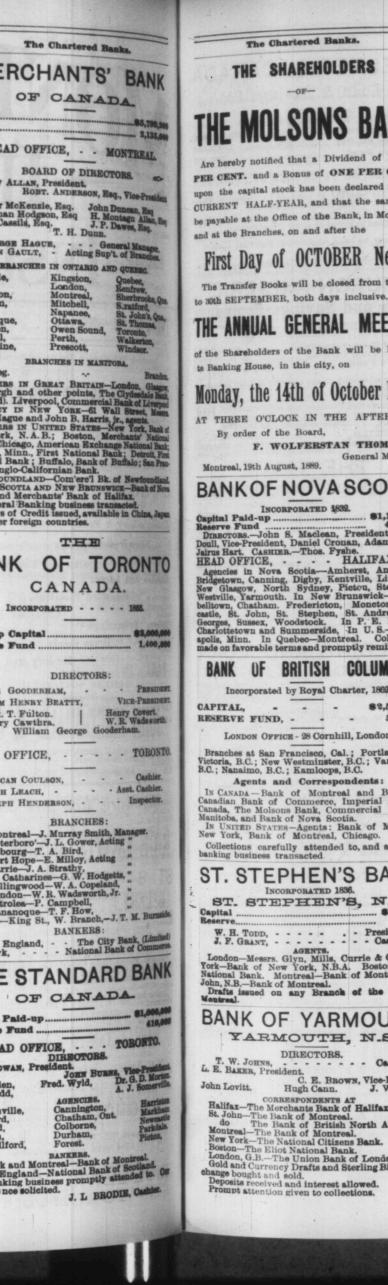
apital, One Million Pounds .Stg bscribed, \$10,000, 20,210,000 unds, or {ROBT. SIMMS & CO. } Montreal. NRY D. P. ARMSTRONG, 24 Scott St rit. Am. Ass. Co. Bidg. . H. Godwin, British Whig Building. EORGE H. GILLESPIE. 20 James St

HŒNIX URANCE COMPANY, LONDON. d in 1782. Canadian Branch established see paid since the establishment of the beed \$75,000,000. Balance held in hand of Fire Losses, \$3,000,000. Lisblity of unlimited. Deposit with the Dominion (for the security of policy holders in ,000. 35 St. Francois Xavier Street. GILLESPIE. PATERSON & Co., Agents nion. LEWIS MOFFATT & Co., Agents R. MacD. PATERSON, MANAGER. THE N & LANCASHIRE FIRE





The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks,	
ANK OF MONTRE	AL. BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.	MERCHANTS' BANK	TI.
Incorporated by Act of Farliament. pital (all paid up)	0,000 Paid-up Capital \$1,000,000 Stg.	OF CANADA.	
AD OFFICE,	Meserve Fund	2,135,000	
D. A. SMITH, K.C.M.G., Pre N. G. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-Pre bert Scott, Esq. E. B. Greenshield	ident. COURT OF DIRECTORS.	HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS	Are hereby PER CENT
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W. J. BUCHANAN, General Manager. E S. CLOUSTON, Ass't Gen. Manager. MACNIDER, Chief Inspector & Supt. of Bre	E. A. Hoare. J. Murray Robertson. Secretary—A. G. WALLIS.	Hector McKenzie, Esq. Jonathan Hodgson, Esq. John Cassils, Esq. T. H. Dunn.	CURRENT be payable a
T. HEBDEN, Ass't Inspector. Branches in Canada.	R. R. GRINDLEY, - General Manager.	JOHN GAULT, - Acting Sup't. of Branches	and at the I
ntreal—H. V. Meredith, Manager. West End Branch, Catharine nonte, Ont. Halifax, N.S. Quebec,	treet. E. STANGER,+ Inspector.	BRANCHES IN ONTARIO AND QUEBEC.	First I
eville, "Hamilton, Ont. Regina, ntford, "Kingston, "Sarnia, C ekville, "Lindsay, "Stratford st. John "St. John	as. London. Kingston. Fredericton, N.B. Ont. Brantford. Ottawa. Halifax. N.S.	Brampton, Montreal, Sherbrooke, Que, Chatham, Mitchell, S. ratione, Que,	to 30th SEP
tham, N.B. Moneton, N.B. St. Mary tham, Ont. New Westm'str, BC. Toronto,	Ont. Hamilton. Quebec. Vancouver, B.C. " Toronto. St. John, N.B. Winnipeg, Man.	Galt, Napanee, St. John's Qua, Gananoque, Ottawa, St. John's Qua, Hamilton, Owen Sound, Toronto, Ingersoll, Perth, Walkerton,	THE ANI
lerich, "Perth, "Wallace Peterboro, Ont. Winnipe Picton, "	g Ont Man. New York-H. Stikeman and F. Brownfield, Agts.	Kificardine, Prescott, Windsor. BRANCHES IN MANITOBA.	of the Share ts Banking
In Great Britain. don-Bank of Montreal, 22 Abchurch Lar COMMITTEE :		BANKERS IN GREAT BRITAIN-London, Glagov	Monday,
Robert Gillespie, Esq., Peter Redpath, E Ashworth, In the United States.	nager. and branches. Ireland-Provincial Bank of Ireland	AGENCY IN NEW YORK-61 Wall Street, Meen.	AT THREE
V York-Walter Watson & Alex. Lang. 59 W cago,-Bank of Montreal, W. Munro, Ma M. Shadbolt,	nager; New Zealand — Union Bank of Australia. India. nager. China and Japan—Chartered Mercantile Bank of	New York, N.A.B.; Boston, Merchants' National Bank; Chicago, American Exchange National Ban;	By or
don-The Bank of England; The Union H ondon; The London and Westminster B ernool-The Bank of Liverpool.	nk. cuard, Krauss et Cis. Lyons-Credit Lyonnais.	St. Paul, Minn., First National Bank; Detroit, Fin National Bank; Buffalo, Bank of Buffalo; San Fra- cisco, Anglo-Californian Bank. NEWFOUNDLAND-Com'ere'l Bk. of Newfoundiad	Montreal,
tland-the British Linen Company & bri Bankers in the United States. Vork-The Bank of New York, N.	B. A. THE QUEBEC BANK.	Nova Scotla and New Baunswicz-Bank of Non Scotla and Merchante' Bank of Halifar. A general Banking business transacted	BANK
" The Merchants' National Bank ton-The Merchants' National Bank. fale-Bank of Commerce in Buffalo.	INCORPOBATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, A.D. 1818.	Letters of Credit issued, available in China, Japan and other foreign countries.	Capital Pa Reserve Fr DIRECTOR
Francisco-The Bank of British Columnitiand, Oregon-The Bank of British Col Montreal, June, 1889.	bia		DIRECTOR Doull, Vice-J Jairus Hart. HEAD OF
E CANADIAN BANK OF COMM		BANK OF TORONTO	Agencies Bridgetown, New Glasgo
	0,000 R. H. Smith, Esq President.	INCORPORATED 1985.	Westville, M
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hn I. Davidson, Esg. Matthew Leggat.	180. Ottoms Ont Monante Ont Destate Ot	parally boy, galant	BANK
B. E. WALKER, General Mana, J. H. PLUMMER, Ass't Gen. Mana, H. IRELAND, In de C. O'GRADY, Asst. Ins	beetor. Agents in New IOTE-BE. OF British North America	DIRECTORS: GEORGE GOODERHAM, - · PRESIDENT. WILLIAM HENRY BEATTY, VICE-PRESIDENT.	Inco
New York- Alex. Laird, & Wm. Gray, Ag BRANCHES.	THE ONTABIO BANK	Alex T Fulton Henry Covert.	CAPITAL, RESERVE
rrie, Hamilton, Sault Ste lleville, Jarvis, Seafort rlin, London, Simcoe	Capital Paid-up \$1,500,000	HEAD OFFICE TOBONTO	Eon
nheim, Montreal, Stratfo nhtford, Orangeville, Strathr atham, Ottawa, Thorol lingwood, Paris, *Toron	HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.	DUNCAN COULSON Cashier.	Branches Victoria, B. B.C.; Nana Ag
ingwood, Paris, "Toron ndas, Parkhil, Walker nnville, Peterboro, Winds it, St. Catharines. Woods	on, SIB WM. P. HOWLAND, C.B., K.C.M.G., President, R. K. BURGESS, ESQ., Vice-President, Ock, Hon. C. F. Fraser	JOSEPH HENDERSON, Inspector.	IN CANAD Canadian H Canada, Th
lerich, East Toronto—Cor. Queen St. and Bolton / th Toronto—763 Yonge St. North West 7	G. M. Rose, Esq. D. Mackay, Esq. yenue. G. R. R. Cockburn, Esq., M. P. oronto C. Holland, A. S. Cockburn, Esq., M. P.	BRANCHES: Montreel_I Murray Smith Manager.	New York,
orner College street and Spadina avenue. ommercial Credits issued for use in Euro t and West Indies, China, Japan and	be, the Aurora, Montreal, Pickering, South Bowmanville, Mount Forest, Toronto,	Cobourg-T. A. Bird, Port Hope-E. Milloy, Acting	Collection banking bu
erica. Sterling and American Exchange sold. Collections made on the most far ns. Interest allowed on deposits. BANKERS AND CORRESPONDENTS:	orable Guelph, Ottawa, 480 Queen St. W., Kingston, Peterboro', Toronto.	St. Catharines-G. W. Hodgetts, "	ST. S
BANKERS AND CORRESPONDENTS: TAT BRITAIN—The Bank of Scotland. (In IA, CHINA & JAPAN—The Chart'd Bk. of Ind. IS, FRANCE—Lazard, Freres & Cie. [tralia d	AGENTS. Aus London, Eng.—Alliance Bank (Limited.) China France and Europe Credit Lynpais	London-W. R. Wadsworth, Jr. Petrolea-P. Campbell, Gananoque-T. F. How, Toronto-King St., W. Branch,-J. T. M. Burnids.	Capital Beserve
SSELS, BELGIUM—J. Matthieu & Fils. VORE—The Amer. Exchange Nat'l Bank of FBAN¢ISCO—The Bank of British Columi	N.Y. and Messrs. W. Watson and Alexander Lang. Boston-Tremont National Bank.	BANKERS: London, England, - The City Bank, (Limited) New York, National Bank of Commerce	W. H. J. F. G
CAGO—The Amer. Exchange Nat'l Bk. of C rish Columbia—The Bank of British Col	IMPERIAL RANK OF CANADA	THE STANDARD BANK	London- York-Ban National F
HE DOMINION BA	October 1,500,000 Rest	OF CANADA	Drafts is Mentreal
DIRECTORS:	H. S. HOWLAND Provident	Capital Paid-up	BANI
HON. FRANE SMITH, VICE-PRESIDE Ince. B. Osler. James Sco	T. R. MERAITT, - Vice-President. Adlay, Hon. Alex. Morris. Hon. Alex. Morris.	DIRECTORS.	1
Wilmot D. Matthews. AD OFFICE, TORC Agencies :	NTO. BEAD OFFICE, TOBONTO.	W. F. COWAN, President. JOHN BURNS, Vice-President W. F. Allen, Fred. Wyld, Dr. G. D. Morin. A. J. Somer'lla.	L. E. BAEL John Lovit
npton. Belleville. Cobourg. Guelph. Li panee. Oshawa. Orillia. Uxbridge. Wh ONTO, - Queen Street, corner of Esther	dsay. B. JENNINGS, Asst. Cashier. E. Hay, Inspector. by. BRANCHES IN OSTABIO. Kreet. Essex Centre. Niscars Falls Welland	Bowmanville, Cannington, Markham	Halifax- St. John-
" Queen Street East, corner Sherb	Port Colborne/ Woodstock	Bradford, Colborne, Parklais, Brighton, Durbam, Picton,	Montreal
" Market Branch, cor. King & Geor		Di light outri,	New Yor
 Market Branch, cor. King & Geon Dundas Street corner of Bpadina Avenue N rafts on all parts of the United States, ain and the Continent of Europe bought of ters of Credit issued available in all pape. Berthune, Cas 	ueen. 366 Great Sold. Winnipeg. Brandon. Portage la Prairia. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary. Calgary.	Campbellford, Forest. BANKERS. New York and Montreal-Bank of Montreal. London Hundland National Bank of Sociani. Or	New Yorl Boston- London, Gold and change bou Deposits



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Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.	The Chartered Banks.
SHAREHOLDERS		BANK OF HAMILTON.
0F	CAPITAL PAID UP, \$1,200,000	Capital (all paid up)
)LSONS BAN	HEAD OFFICE, QUEBEC.	HEAD OFFICE, - HAMILTON.
ified that a Dividend of F	DUB Board of Directors:	JOHN STUART, Esq., President. Hon. JAMES TURNER, Vice-President.
d a Bonus of ONE PER CH I stock has been declared for	the Hon, E. J. PRICE VICE-PRESIDENT.	A. G. Ramsay, Esq. John Proctor, Esq. A. T. Wood, Esq. J. TURNBULL, Cashier
F-YEAR, and that the same office of the Bank, in Mont	real, D. C. Thomson, Esq.	J. TURNBULL, Cashier H. S. STEVEN, Assistant Cashier. AGENCIES: Alliston Cayuga, Georgetown,
hes, on and after the	E. E. WEBB, Cashieb. J. G. BILLETT, INSPECTOR.	Alliston Cayuga, Georgetown, Listowel, Milton, Orangeville, Port Elgin Simcoe, Toronto. Owen Sound.' Wingham. Agents in New York—Fourth National Bank and
of OCTOBER Nex	L BRANCHES: Alexandria, Ont. Quebec, Que. Itoth Iroquois. Ont. Smith's Falls, Ont.	Bank of Montreal
BER, both days inclusive.	Lethbridge, N.W.T. Montreal, Que. Ottawa, Ont. Winnipeg, Man.	Agents in Buffalo-Marine Bank of Buffalo.
L GENERAL MEET	FOREICN ACENTS.	MERCHANIS DANK
ters of the Bank will be he	NEW YORK, National Park Bank.	Capital Paid-up
e 14th of October N		HON JAS BUTLER M.L.C., VICE-PRESIDENT.
CLOCK IN THE AFTERN I the Board,		M. Dwyer Wiley Smith.
WOLFERSTAN THOMA	vince of New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and P. E. I.	Branch:-MONTREAL E. L. PEASE, Manager.
F NOVA SCOT		Londonderry Fort Hawkesbury.
NCORPORATED 1832.	LA DARKET 1885	Bathurst. Kingston, (Kent Co.) Sackville. Fredericton. Moneton. Woodstock. Dorchester. Newcastle.
46 hn S. Maclean, President; ient, Daniel Cronan, Adam F shiff	John Capital paid-up \$1,200,000	O Agencies in P. E. Island. O Charlottetown. Summerside. In Island of Miquelon, St. Pierre.
Amberst, Anna	polis, J. S. BOUSQUET, Cashier.	CORRESPONDENTS.
ning, Digby, Kentville, Live North Sydney, Pictou, Stello outh. In New Brunswick- (am. Fredericton, Moncton,	News Direct D P Pauncton	NewYoundland,
, St. Stephen, St. Andrew, Woodstock. In P. E. Isl and Summerside, In U. SM n Quebec-Montreal. Colle	and— St. Jonns, P.Q.—P. Beaudon. St. Remi—C. Bedard. Linne St. Jerome—J. A. Theberge.	Paris, France, Claude Lafontaine, Martinet & Cie
BRITISH COLUMB	d for. London, England—The Alliance Bank, Limited. New York—The National Bank of the Republic.	Collections made at lowest rates, and promptly remitted for. Telegraphic Transfers and Draft issued at current rates.
ated by Royal Charter, 1862.	HALIFAX BANKING CO	
	5,000 Authorized Capital	0 Capital (all paid-up)
PFFICE - 28 Cornhill, London. an Francisco, Cal.; Portland	Or.; HEAD OFFICE, - HALIFAX, N.S. W.L. DEGALTHLY, Cashier.	Rest
iew Westminster, B.C.; Vanc B.C.; Kamloops, B.C. and Correspondents:	ROBIE UNIACEE, President L. J. MORTON, Vice-President D. Corbett. Jas. Thomson	DIRECTORS.
Commerce, Imperial Ba of Commerce, Imperial Ba plsons Bank, Commercial Ba ank of Nova Scotia.	nk of BRANCHES - Nova Scotia: Halifax, Amhers	
Artes-Agents: Bank of Mon k of Montreal, Chicago. arefully attended to, and a g	eneral CORRESPONDENTS-Ontario and Quebec-Molson	Agents in Canada, New York and Chicago-Bank
EPHEN'S BAN	Bank and Branches. New Jork Internal Bank Peabody & Co. Boston-Suffolk National Bank	Montreal. Agents in London, EngAlliance Bank
INCORPORATED 1836. EPHEN'S. N.J	THE PEOPLE'S BANK	Authorized Capital
- Preside	5,000 FREDERICTON, N.B. INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1864.	DIRECTORS. DUNCAN MCABIEUD, President.
AGENTS. rs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co. New York, N.B.A. Boston-	New J. W. SFURDEN, FOREIGN AGENTS.	Bon. C. E. Hamilton. R. T. Rokeby.
Montreal-Bank of Montreak k of Montreal. on any Branch of the B	New York-Fourth National Bank.	promptly made. Drafts issued available in all part of the Dominion. Sterling and American Exchange bought and sold.
OF YARMOUT	TH, THE NATIONAL B	ANK OF SCOTLAND
DIRECTORS.	INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CE ESTABL	LITED. HARTER AND ACT OF PARLIAMENT. LISHED 1825.
s, Cash resident. C. E. BROWN, Vice-Pro Hugh Cann. J. W.	HEAD OFFICE,	EDINBURGH.
CORRESPONDENTS AT Merchants Bank of Halifax.	LONDON OFFICE-37 NICHOL	00,000 Sterling. Reserve Fund, £680,000 Sterlin AS LANE, LCMBARD STREET, E.C.
e Bank of British North Am e Bank of Montreal. ne National Citizens Bank.	GIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CRE	DIT available in all parts of the world are issued in
Eliot National Bank. —The Union Bank of London, rency Drafts and Sterling Bills and sold.	of charge.	undertaken and the Acceptances of Customers residu
ived and interest allowed. tion given to collections.	All other Banking business connected with his	JAMES ROREBTSON, Manager in London.

THE MONETARY TIMES.



HEAD Glasgow and L

> J J. T. VINCENT TOBONTO BRANCH THOMAS M

DIRECTORS. JOEN HOSKIN, Esq., Q.C., President. WILLIAM GALBRAITH, Esq., Vice-President. William Alexander, Esq. John Scatt, Esq. John Stuart, Esq. John Stark, Esq. A. R. Creelman, Esq. John Stark, Esq. Prof. Geo. Paxton Young, ILLD. Money Lent on Real Estate. A Debertures issued. ANDREW RUTHERFORD, Manager.

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8

PEOPLES BANK OF HALIFAX.

The Union Bank of London, The Bank of New York, - -New England National Bank The Ontario Bank, - - -

LA BANQUE NATIONALE.

A. GABOURY, Esq., Pres.

THE UNION BANK OF HALIFAX.

Capital Pald-up, - - - - \$500,000.

BANKERS: The London & Westminster Bank, London, G. B. The Commercial Bank of N'fd., - St. Johns, N'fd. The National Bank of Commerce, - New York. The Marchants National Bank, - - - Boston. The Bank of Toronto & Branches, Upper Canada. The Bank of New Brunswick, - - St. Jonn, N. B. Collections solicited, and prompt returns made. Current rate of Interest allowed on deposits. Bills of Evchange bought and sold, etc. Money advanced on improved Real Estate a sterling and Currency Debentures issued. Money received on deposit, and interest allowed ontario, Executors and Administrators are author ised to invest trust funds in Debentures of thi Company. WM. MULOCK, M.P., GEO. S. C. BETHUNE, President, Secretary-Tree

OFFICE	, NO. 17	10	DINOA	or.,	TURON	10
Osvital.		-			81.057.5	2.54
Paid-up					611.4	130
Money	advanced	on	improve	d Rea	I Estate	
Sterling	g and Curr	ency	Debentu	res issu	ied.	

Money received on deposit, and interest allowed payable half-yearly. By Vic. 42, Chap. 30, Statutes of Ontario, Executors and Administrators are author-ised to invest trust funds in Debentures of this Company.

The Loan Companies. STERN CANADA Loan & Savings Co.

re Fund.

CES, No. 70 CHURCH ST., TORONTO sits received at Interest. Currency or Stel-ing Debentures issued.

utors and Trustees are authorized by Ad at ment to invest in these Debentures. ney to loan at Lowest Current Rates.

WALTER S. LEE, Managing Diretor. URON AND ERIE

LONDON, ONT. l Stock Subscribed. I Stock Paid-up re Fund

y advanced on the security of Real Estate on ole terms. Intures issued in Currency or Sterling. Intores and Trustees are authorized by Act and to invest in the Debentures of the ny. Interest allowed on Deposits. LITTLE, G. A. SOMERVILLE, President. Manger.

THE HOME ngs and Loan Company. (LIMITE E: No. 72 CHURCH ST., TOBONTO.

sits received, and interest at current rates si

y loaned on Mortgage on Beal Estate, m ble and convenient terms. nees on collateral security of Debeniures, and ad other Stocks.

RANK SMITH, JAMES MASON, President. Manager LDING AND LOAN

ASSOCIATION. p Capital..... \$ 750,000 DIRECTORS. T W. SMITH, D.C.L., President. JOHN KERR, Vice-President ex. McKenzie, M.P. G. R. E. Cockburn, M.L IITRY. W. Mortimer Clark. W. Mortimer Clark.

advanced on the security of city a

Ages and debentures purchased. st allowed on deposits. ored Debentures of the Association obtained cation.

ondon & Ontario Investment G. LIMITE TORONTO, ONT.

t, Hon. FRANK SMITH. Vice-President, WILLIAM H. BRATT, Em

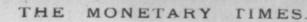
vice-rresident, within in based of DIREOTORS. William Ramsay, Arbur B. Lee, W. B. n. Alexander Nairn, George Taylor, Henry am and Frederick Wyld. advanced at current rates and on favorable a the security of productive farm, city and party.

n the security of prostors and secured by the received from investors and secured by the 's debentures, which may be drawn papalie Canada or Britain with interest hall yearly it rates. A. M. COSBY, Managet. Street East Toronto.

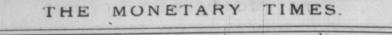
tional Investment Co. of Canada (LIMITED.) LAIDE STREET EAST, TOBONTO. . \$2,000,000

DIRECTORS. SKIN, Esq., Q.C., President. WILLIAM GALBRAITH, Esq., Vice-President Mickander, Esq. N. Silverthorne, Esq. Int, Esq. N. Silverthorne, Esq. John Stark, Esq. Prof. Geo. Paxton Young, LLD. Lent on Real Estate. Lent on Real Estate.

ANDREW RUTHERFORD, Manager.









He owes about \$2,000. LAGANIERE & SCHAMBIER, of Montreal, a

898

tobacco firm of only a year's formation, have already assigned. They owe \$2,067.

A PUGWASH, N.S., man has taken upwards of two and a half tons of honey from his bees this season. He has now between sixty and seventy colonies

An American horse buyer shipped from St. Mary's station last week fourteen two-year-old fillies, the average price being about \$160. Who says raising horses does not pay? asks the London Free Press.

COMMENCING two years ago by baying out one of the branches of the Ottawa Shoe Company, C. J. Bott has now become embarrassed, and has assigned. He was pretty closely run last spring through overbuying.

It is said that a wealthy New York company has purchased the Bull asbestos property in Elvezir, a short distance from Madoc. The purchase money, \$10,000, was paid into the Bank of Montreal, Belleville, a few days

THE Canadian Pacific Ry. Co. contracted with A. Watts & Co., of Brantford, to bring fourteen car loads of fish through from the

tion consisted of the "Maple Leaf" brand of canned salmon, and the freight on the transaction came to nearly \$3,000.

HENRY F. BEDARD, dry goods dealer of Hull, Que., has assigned to the prothonotary. Liabilities \$10,500, assets nominally \$14,000. He was formerly of Bedard & Lachapelle, who began business in 1886, dissolving about a year and a half ago, when Bedard arranged for an extension.

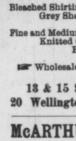
Exposts to the United States from the consular district of Hamilton during September were of the value of \$44,667. The principal items were: Eggs, \$11,702; barley, \$7,340; sheep, \$5,664; wool, \$4,830; skins, \$1,671; horses, \$1,069; sewing machines and other machinery, \$1,248.

An unknown man entered a banker's office in St. Thomas one day last week and asked that \$500,000 which he had in his possession be taken care of for him. He pulled out a wallet and disclosed a number of \$1,000, \$5,000, and other denominations of greenbacks, and opened his valise, which was filled to overflowing with bonds and notes. The bonds were payable at the Chemical National Bank, New York. He left hurriedly for the West without leaving his name or his money. He is supposed to have been a " boodler."

manufacturers, Daly, who is bookkeeper in a wholesale house, furnishing the capital and Walter the experience. Unfortunately Daly has now neither capital nor experience. Walter is reported away, and an assignment has been made.

HERE is some French hamor from Nouvelle Revue : "Yes, Monsieur le Maire, but if I deposit my money in the savings bank when eas I take it out again ?" The Maire (affecting an air of superior knowledge): "Whenever you like. Thus, if you pay in your money to-day, you may withdraw it to-morrow by giving a fortnight's notice.'

AT a meeting of creditors held on the 26th uli. H. Girard & Co., dry goods jobbers, Montres offered 60 cents on the dollar, payable in 1, 2, and 3 months. They have been in embar rassed shape some little time back, and had been negotiating the sale of their stock en bloc, at a figure calculated to enable them to pay in full, but the contemplating purchaser backed out at the last moment, hence their offer di compromise. They owe direct \$19,388, indi-rect \$4,967. Mr. Girard has not been a very great business success in the past. In 1872 he was in the dry goods business and got an ex-tension. He subsequently went into real estate, resuming dry goods in 1879, but assigned in 1883, making a settlement at 40 cents.



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THE MONETARY TIMES.

DURING this week and last, fifty or sixty boxes of Niagara valley peaches were received at St. John, N.B., by express over the Short Line. One day last week a wholesale grocery firm of the same city received via the C. P. R. 20 tubs of butter from Owen Sound on Georgian Bay. Thus do facilities of transport knit together distant parts of the country.

400

W. E. MILLER & Co., of Fredericton, N. B. groceries and dealers in feed, have assigned. Liabilities, \$6,000. Assets about \$6,000. May yield 40cts. on the dollar. The partner who put in a capital of \$11,000 only some eight years ago was a farmer, and has now gone back to farming, having gained experience of business with the loss of all his capital.

A NUMBER of employers of Canadian labor in Calais, Maine, were notified on Monday last that if they did not at once discharge all such help, the labor law would be enforced against them. The result is that several of those who went to Calais that morning to work are now at home in St. Stephen, N. B., across the St. Croix River, out of employment.

Most of the fish received at St. John during she week has been haddock, which sells at 21 cents per pound. Grand Manan herring. suitable for bloaters, is selling at \$2 to 2.50 per bbl., the Dominion Express Company shipping about 100 boxes of haddies to Montreal via Short Line on Monday, and several car loads points in Ontario and Quebec.

FAILING to make a success of hotelkeeping, Hormisdas Bachana, of St. Liboire, Que., last fall thought he saw the road to fortune in a general store business, and forthwith bought out a stock. On the 26th ult. a meeting of his creditors was held to receive a statement prepared by an accountant. It showed liabilities of \$4,900, and assets apparent \$4,608. He made an offer of 60 cents, which was refused. Creditors, however, would accept 70c. secured.

THERE is a very material difference between the shipments of copper from the Lake Superior mines this year and last. Those of season to September 10th amount to 4,633,775 tons, while those of last season to a like period were 2,619,968. In the first week of September was shipped 227,778 tons. It is stated by the Marquette Journal that "the shipments now being made are almost wholly direct from the shafts, the stock piles accumulated during the preceding winter having been wiped out by the unusually heavy shipments of the early part of the season."

MISS EMMA STEPHEN, a milliner at Stayner, is a young lady who deserves a better fate than that which has just befallen her. She has assigned, having insufficient means to continue the battle begun three years ago .---- Failing as a harness-maker in Mitchell some time ago, the male partner of Challenger & Co., manufacturers of trunks, leather cases, etc., in this city, have not made a success of the venture here, and the bailiff is now in charge of their effects.

A New England manufacturer says that street musicians are a serious expense to manufacturing companies in country towns. A gipsy girl playing a tambourine recently passed his establishment, and, he says, cost the company about \$200. Every employe in the big factory ran to a window, and work was suspended for fully a quarter of an hour. Every circus parade costs them hundreds of dollars, and when a minstrel brass band marches by it costs from \$25 to \$50.

THE statement of last week that the Grand Trunk railway was preparing to build a new short line to St. John, N.B., and Halifax via the Temiscouata railway is confirmed this week by the Montreal Gazette. The line will run from Levis to River du Loup, via the Intercolonial; from River du Loup to Edmundson, over the Temiscouata road, a distance of seventy-two miles; thence will be built an of fresh fish have been shipped via I. C. R. to air line, 175 miles long, to Moncton, and then on to St. John and Halifax.

> SAYS a Maritime exchange: The grain crop in Carleton County, N. B., this sea son has been harvested in splendid condition and fully three to four weeks ahead of ordinary years. Prices rule high. Potatoes hauled right from the field command one dollar a barrel at Woodstock, and ninety cents at Florenceville and other stations. Hay is the only crop that has fallen below the average, the shortage being about twenty-five per cent. Farmers are in high spirits.

> As eminently cautious Scotchman, signing, "S. W.," writes last month to the Glasgow Herald asking its readers to give him their advice as to farming in Canada. He says : "I am offered by an agent, on payment of 13 guineas, which covers all travelling expenses, a situation as pupil and assistant on a farm in Canada, in return for which he offers, a comfortable home with board and lodging, and 25s. per month, for a yearly engagement, and I am anxious to know if, after that time, I will be in a position to earn a decent living

without capital." It does not seem to occur to "S. W." that those desired to advise him might need to know what sort of person he is, what he knows of farming already, whether his physique, his habits, or his disposition would permit his being made a farmer at all, and finally what he would consider "a decent living." A sensible thing for him to do, how ever, will be to make enquiries about the trustworthiness of the agent who asks 13 guineas premium for getting him this "co fortable home."

REPORTS of the Canadian Fish Bureau at Port Mulgrave, Margaree, and Port la Tour say that only a few herring were taken on Sept. 26th, and on the 27th fish were scarce at all points heard from. Herring had been taken at Canso in sufficient quantities to supply bait for shore fishermen ; squid seems to have deserted the coast entirely. Bad weather is complained of at Alberton, P. E. I., and also Meat Cove, C. B., where a few mackerel were hooked. At Ingonish, C.B., on Sept. 30, owing to the great scarcity of bait and windy weather there has been nothing at all done for a week. "No bait this morning again. No mackerel in the nets."

IT was with much surprise that the credit tors of A. Dobson & Sons, proprietors of a general store and woollen mill at Cannington, heard of the firm's assignment. The ser member was one of the oldest merchants in the town, and his financial standing was always regarded as high. One of his sons whom he admitted to a partnership in 1881 was reeve of the village, and has, it is said, cleared out-The business shows, we hear, a deficiency of \$25,000.-Having taken a contract for sto work in Goderich at too low a figure T. J. Heard, marble dealer, London, has been co pelled to assign. His indebtedness is put at \$7,000, and assets reach only \$4,000.

STARTING in August last, the bailiff is now in ossession of the store of A. Muir, croc dealer, in this city. -It is said that Wm. McIntosh, a general dealer at Aylmer, could not stand the pressure of constant dunn and has sought relief in an assignment and temporary absence from town. He owes about \$14,000 and has assets of \$17,000. The estate will likely return a good dividend for cred -Being unduly pressed by one firm, Wm. Watson, a general trader at Cadmus, has abandoned his estate to Messrs. Clark, Barbe & Co., who find the indebtedness to be \$2,000 and assets \$4,900. This is a showing which should entitle him to another start.

Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

BOYD BROS. & COY.

Our Travellers are now on their

routes with full lines of our Im-

ported and Domestic Goods for

Orders placed with them or by

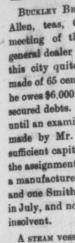
letter, will have our careful atten-

COR. BAY and FRONT STS.

TORONTO:

Fall and Winter.

tion.



with no fewer 1,400 pounds steamer, the " of dead beef. Baltimore, Phi and Montreal to 16,000 head dian ports las Gazette, of Mon

Steamer. Geographique. Lake Superior Sarmatian Avlona Oregon Circe..... Dominion ...

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NEW SEASONS' FRUITS -:--:- IN STORE AND ARRIVING.

- NEW F. O. S. Valencia Raisins. Selected Valencia Raisins, Layer Valencia Raisins. Brands-Morand Merle, Pons Garrett, &c. NEW Barrels, Halves and
- NEW Cases and Halves Choicest Vostizza Currants. BOTGER & CO'S NEW
- JAMS JELLIES AND MARMALADE, In One Pound Glass Jars.

EBY, BLAIN & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c., 19 Front St., East, Toronto, Ont. pital." It does not seem to occur to at those desired to advise him might ow what sort of person he is, what of farming already, whether his is habits, or his disposition would being made a farmer at all, and at he would consider "a decent sensible thing for him to do, how. be to make enquiries about the ness of the agent who asks 13 mium for getting him this "comme.'

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Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

BROS. & COY.

vellers are now on their th full lines of our Imad Domestic Goods for Winter.

placed with them or by l have our careful atten-

Y and FRONT STS. ORONTO:

THE MONETARY TIMES.

A SYSTEM OF HEATING.

BUCKLEY BROS., bakers, Chesley, and F. J.

this city quite recently. An offer was then

he owes \$6,000, and 40 cents on \$10,000 of un-

secured debts. This will be held in abeyance

until an examination of his affairs has been

made by Mr. E. R. C. Clarkson.-Lack of

sufficient capital is attributed as the cause of

the assignment just made by Harry Dawson,

a manufacturer of yarn at London West. He

in July, and now the remaining partner is an

A STEAM vessel has sailed from New York

steamer, the "England," took 1,700 quarters.

of dead beef. The exports of live beeves from

Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston,

Aberdeen

Leading Wholesale Trade of Toronto.

ARE SHOWING FOR THE

AUTUMN SEASON OF 1889,

FULL RANGES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Dress Goods Particularly Attractive

Fancy Ulsterings, Beavers,

and Mantlings in all the

Newest Styles and

Colorings.

Bryce, McMurrich & Co.,

61 BAY ST., TORONTO.

S.F. MCKINNON & GO

IMPORTERS OF

Fancy Dry Goods,

Cor. Wellington and Jordan Sts.

TORONTO.

Mantles, Silks, etc.

Millinery Goods,

The same

Cattle. Sheep 208 233

269

228

448

630

1,400 pounds in weight each.

insolvent.

Allen, teas, Cobourg, have assigned.-

meeting of the creditors of A. Macdougall, We appear to be gradually progressing togeneral dealer at Fort William, was held in ward the point reached in Bellamy's curious book, "Looking Backward," where in the year made of 65 cents to secured creditors, to whom A. D. 2000 matters were so centralized that not only merchandise of all sorts, but moral instruction and even music were furnished to each household from central sources or depots. In Martineau & Smith's Hardware Journal, we find described a movement on foot in England to establish a house-to house heating supply similar to that of gas and water. The system consists in the constant circulation of water at and one Smith started in April last, dissolved a high temperature and pressure (viz., at 400 degrees Fahr. and 250 lbs. on the square inch) from the batteries of boilers at a central station through the supply mains and back to the with no fewer than 1,022 live steers, averaging boilers by return mains, the circulation being maintained by means of pumps. The loss of heat by radiation has been reduced to a minimum by covering the mains with a non-conducting material. Service boxes sufficient to and Montreal are considered to be now equal to 16,000 head per week. Those from Cana-dian ports last week were, according to the *Gatetie*, of Montreal: heat three houses would be placed under the footpaths. From these boxes the house supply would be taken by means of copper pipes. At the end of the copper pipe and inside the house is fixed a vessel called a "convertor," which permits the water to resolve itself into steam, the pressure of which is controlled by a reduc-ing valve fixed on the copper pipe before it enters the "converter." From this "con-verter" the house service would be taken. It would be dangerousito say nowadays that such Leading Wholesale Trade of Toron'o

TAILORS' TRIMMINGS,

during the season.

TORONTO.

IMPORTERS OF

J. H. MACABE.

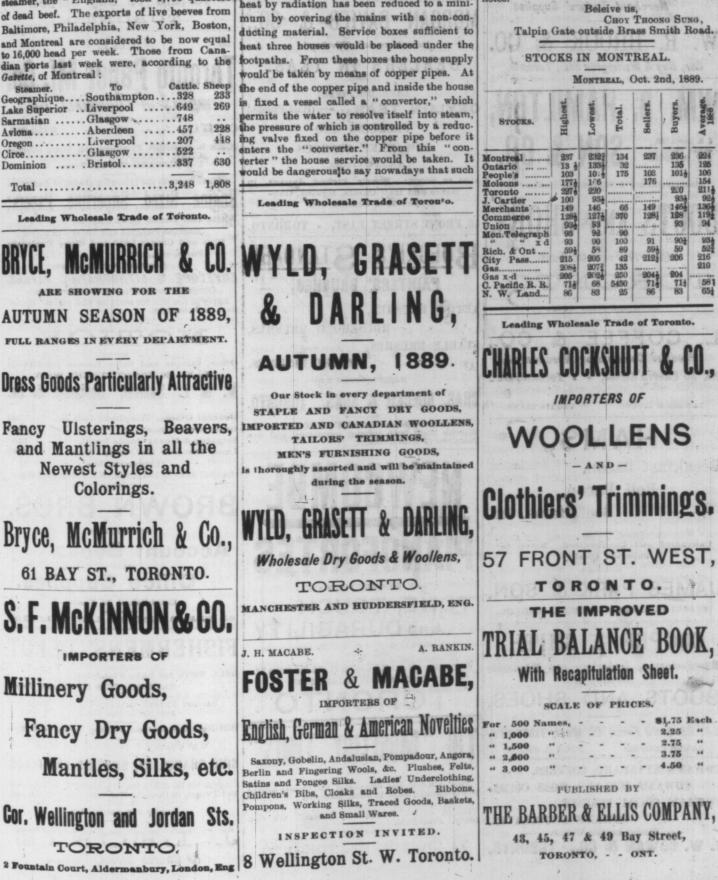
a system cannot be operated, but it looks from this description somewhat too elaborate for common adoption.

-Here is an advertisement taken from a Yokohama, Japan, newspaper, which is printed in English:

In English: For Sale, Best Peppermint Oil, Made From It's Really Leafs. Can be curable for the sickness of Male, Female or Boy. Dizzy.—Use to put or wipe few drops on the forehead, bothsides under eyebrows, noseholes, and bothsides the back of ears. Fever.—Wipe on the forehead and nose-holes.

Fit.—Wipe most to the noseholes and drink w drops mixed with tea. Giddy.—Wipe bothsides of forehead, and

Gout or Goutswollen.—Wipe bothsides of forehead, noseholes and much to the breast. Headache.—Wipe on the forehead and nose-



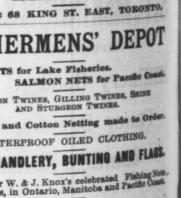


ng Wholesale Trade of Toronte COTT, BURTON & CA y draw attention to the rench Wove Corsets, which they alw fully assorted in the following favorite brands :eauty, Langtry, Short and Long Waist. C. B. C., Bodice, Pauline, rminie, Cora, 866, in White & Greg. acess, Short and Long Waist, in White, k. Sky, Gold, Black and Grey. Assortment of Misses' Corsets. TT. W. C. HARRIS, R. W. SPENCE. and 48 Bay Street .--TORONTO. THE nto Paper N

RKS at CORNWALL, Ont. BARBER, President and Man's Director IAS. BIORDON, Vice-President. EDWARD TROUT, Treas. stures the following grades of Paper: Sized Superfine Papers; d Tinted Book Papers, chine Finished and Super-calendered, ad Cream Laid and Wove Foolscaps sts, etc., etc. Account Book Papers. PE & LITHOGRAPHIC PAPERS. MED COVER PAPERS SUPERFINISHED. the Mill for samples and prices. Species to order.

IOTICE.
nple and Sales Rooms REMOVED to. 30 FRONT STREET WEST. L. Samuel, Benjamin & G.
Offices, Telephone Call No 817 partment " " 843 & Heavy Goods Dept., 1060 ods & Gas Fixture Dept. " 1020 LIVERPOOL, ENG., ons & Benjamin, No. 1 Rumford Place.
OWN BROS.

ount Books Office Supplies. -Established 33 Years.



- SEND FOR PRICE LIST -LECKIE, Church Street, Toronto

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ESTABLISHED 1996. STABLISHED 1996. STABLISHED 1996. STABLISHED 1996. STABLISHED 1996. SAND TRADE REVIEW. SUBD TRADE REVIEW. SUBD COMMERCE. of Montreal, the TRADE REVIEW. of the same city (in 1870, and the TORONTO JOURNAL OF COMMERCE. ISUED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING SUBSCRIPTION-POST PAID. SUBSCRIPTION-POST PAID.	north chased taining the as crevice this en Govern any fur We do to be i but as it woul duty to had be not adm made dence what o
TORONTO, CAN. FRIDAY. OCT. 4, 1889 THE SITUATION. Once more the war alarm is raised in Europe. It is based on the continued concentration of Russian troops on the north-eastern frontier of Austria, which are said to comprise forty cavalry regi- ments, and it is also asserted that there has been a great increase of in- fantry in the same quarter; the whole giving the impression of the march of a great army in front of Galicia and	tinue "Favo revenue though seen b "Ther and th board When skins o ence w extent to fore some s or if sh

Bukovina. Russia, too, it is said is about

to raise another loan to enable her to

double-track her strategic railways. There

are counter-statements' which, without di-

rectly saying so, insinuate that one of these

rumors is manufactured for a double pur-

pose : to'induce the Reichstag to accept a

contemplated measure for the increase of

the German army and to prevent the suc-

cess of the Russian loan. Sir Charles

Dilke, a great authority on the subject,

says in effect that there is no present

danger of war, Russia, the only nation

that could begin it, not being yet ready.

Her railways, troops, fleets, and arma

ments have to be perfected before she

can enter on a course of active aggression.

He does not believe that she has made any

formal alliance with France or that she

will do so until these changes have been

made, because she does not want France

to be in a position to compel her to take

the field before she is ready. Sir Charles

has just had an interview with Bismarck,

and he thinks that is the opinion of the

Iron Chancellor, though he has not authority

In the case of the rock fall on Champlain

street, Quebec, the coroner's jury, on the

strength of Engineer Baillarge's evidence,

condemned the Ottawa Government for

not taking the precautions recommended

by him, in 1880, to buttress the rock. A

reply comes from Ottawa to the effect that

Mr. Baillarge's report was a double-barrel-

led affair, and that he has exploded the

wrong barrel. Now the other has been

fired Mr. Baillarge is hit with the con-

tents of his own weapon-the engineer is

hoist by his own petard. The alterna-

for saying so.

MONETARY TIMES

l, and after their removal a low rewall built. It comes out too that stute device of filling the gaping es with concrete was suggested by gineer. When all this was done the ament was to wait to see whether rther measure would be necessary. not know how Mr. Baillarge ceased in the employ of the Government, the engineer of the city of Quebec, ld not have been out of the line of his o report if the necessity for a buttress een developed. Mr. Baillarge does mit to the full extent, the statement at Ottawa in rebuttal of his eviand thus the real facts are somebscured.

ling vessels from Behring Sea conto arrive at Victoria, B.C. The orite " had 1,700 seals on board. The ae cutter "Rush" was seen by her, it is uncertain whether she was by the "Rush." Another vessel, the resa," was boarded by the "Rush," hough without any green skins on she was ordered out of Behring Seashe arrived at Victoria she had 825 on board. At first sight the interferwith this vessel seems to go to the t of denying the right of navigation eign vessels in Behring Sea; but if suspicion attached to her as a sealer, or if she had some skins on board though not quite green, her offence may have been her supposed quality of sealer. But is it permissible to act on suspicion in such a case ? Must there not, even to satisfy the municipal law of the United States, be some positive evidence? The frequent arrival of successful sealers-three in one day-at Victoria proves that the Americans are not able to take and hold possession of Behring Sea, or to exclude the vessels of other nations from the open sea fishery. A claim which cannot be enforced is greatly weakened by inability to take and hold possession.

Accounts from the Athabaska region, laid before the Synod of the Diocese of Athabaska, represent the Indians there as in a state of starvation. Rabbits are said to have been all exterminated, and partridges have become scarce; and, as sometimes happens with wild animals, there was great mortality among the beaver last winter. Lynx have become scarce; the Beaver Indians have killed most of their horses for food, and the fishery on Athabaska Lake autumn and winter. Several cases of cannibalism are reported to have occurred, among Indians who have a great abhorrence of that crime, but who were driven to it as the only escape from death. Some limited relief has been afforded by the missions and trading posts, but how inadequate these sources were is told by the mortality. One party of Crees numbering twentyernment acted, was that certain houses effective it will have to come soon. The The latter also ask that all materials for

of the fatal street should be pur- Indian can be pauperized as well as civilized men by having his wants supplied without exertion on his part. But the present crisis not only justifies but makes absolutely necessary the supply of State relief.

> In declaring its readiness to administer the grant of \$60,000 voted by the Jesuit Estates Act, the Protestant Council of Public Instruction of Quebec makes certain suggestions to the Government. The fear is expressed that the Act in question weakens the legal guarantees for superior education by declaring effete the law which made these estates a trust for that purpose. A request is made that the trust be restored and the Jesuit estates' fund remain intact, according to the Act of 1856. It is pointed out that, on the basis of population, \$60,000 does not represent what would be due to the Protestants on a division such as has been made. Practically, these suggestions imply the annulling of the Jesuit Estates Act by the Provincial Legislature, a policy which the other beneficiaries would not be likely to agree to, and which the Government and Legislature are as little likely to enforce on them. According to one of its members, Dr. Shaw, the Protestant Council of Education believes that it is bound, under the la ., to accept and administer the grant, and that this duty will survive the refusal of the Government to act upon the above suggestions, though it would be open to its members to resign, and some of them might do so. He is no doubt correct in saying that they must either comply with the law or resign their trust.

A gentle and not, to the principal operator at least, a disastrous collapse is the outcome of the Liverpool cotton corner. The monopoly is broken but not the monopolist; on the whole he has made money, while other speculators, relying on his ability to continue to control the market, have lost. Steenstrand is the envy and abhorrence of the other speculators ; his comparative success is due to his greater strength and his continuing to sell all along; the disaster results from adverse circumstances which they could not control even with his incidental aid. Even the different operators were each but indifferently informed of what the others were doing; and it turns out that there was far more cotton held than any one of them was aware of. This excess, with the new supplies coming in, is a gnarantee that the corner cannot be established again at present, though a somewhat abnormal price may be kept up and the adjoining rivers was bad last for a short time. The corner has been the largest ever attempted, Steenstrand having handled 353,000 bales since March, and the more successful, because most wisely managed in the continuous sales. It remains to be seen whether a repetition of this squeeze will be possible next year.

Massachusetts appears to be a unit in favor of free raw materials. The Republinine is reported to have been reduced to cans, headed by the Governor, are petitionthree by cannibalism. In other instances ing Congress to remove the duties from death resulted from starvation. In this coal and iron ore and to lower the duties extremity, the Dominion Government is on pig iron, and the Democrats in State naturally looked to for help, and to be convention assembled join in the prayer.

shipbuilding, whether of wood or iron, be adopt, or any limited arrangement which South America are substantially the made free, as a means of enabling the United States to take its part in ocean competition. The policy here recommended is sound, but it does not follow that it will be adopted. American bottoms are almost driven from the ocean by a policy which is intended to confer national benefits in every direction. Even the Democratic platform makers do not go to the full length that is necessary, and propose that foreign vessels should be capable of being admitted to American register. This platform favors full reciprocity with Canada, and closer commercial relations with Mexico. Something less than complete reciprocity with Canada would be more easily attainable. When the manufacturers begin to ask for free raw materials, they indicate an intention to measure their strength in a new form with the producers of raw material; and if a breach in the protective policy is to be made, it will be likely to extend farther than this first suggestion would carry it.

AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE,

An International American Congress, in which the north half of North America is not represented, assembled at Washington for the first time on Wednesday. Mr. Blaine was offered and accepted the presidency of the Convention. There were present representatives from Mexico, Brazil. Uruguay, Nicaragua, and Colombia. The members of the conference have accepted the invitation of the President of the United States to be the guests of the Government in an excursion through the Republic. The next meeting being fixed for the 10th November.

In inviting Mexico and the South, and Central American Governments to send representatives to Washington to discuss international trade relations, the United States Congress are following on the lines. marked out by the last Republican Administration. At that time a series of treaties with those countries was proposed ; some of them had gone through the preliminary stage of negotiation and reached the Senate. where they suffered a silent burial. One of the declared objects of the present Conference is "the adoption of a uniform standard of customs and tariff duties." It is very improbable that this object can be fully attained. It might not be difficult or improbable for these countries to agree upon a system of equivalents, in the form of mutual relaxations of duties on different articles, to suit the different contracting parties. This is what was proposed before, in the unconfirmed Mexican treaty. On some things there might be common duties, on others uone at all, but uniform tariffs throughout are out of the question.

In a general conference, it is not likely that any real progress can be made towards indicating the basis of new commercial treaties. The work cannot be have to be treaties with each country having separate power to make them. whether there be any principle common to move the Americans to make com-

all might be willing to accept. The United same that would induce them to do so States would like to get its silver accepted everywhere, on a common basis, and an effort to do so will almost certainly be made. But the number of questions on which common agreement is possible are few, and it is probable there may prove to be none at all. Where the interest in the questions is not common, the conference will probably divide into a number of committees, as is the fashion in the United States Congress, where all legislation may be said to be the work of committees. That it will do so is already indicated In this way only can any effective work of an international character be done. Each nation can tell what it wants or listen to what the Washington negotiators have to propose. As the conference is called at the invitation of Congress, it may be presumed that the United States representatives will have some specific proposals to make. But this presumption must not be carried too far. Congress is itself divided on the tariff question; the political parties themselves are far from being unanimous on the details. Congress has not authorized the American delegates to propose or accept a given line of defined policy. They are only authorized to find out, or to propose, on general terms, some ground for the erection of uniform tariffs. Suppose such agreement to be made, in general terms, the details would have to be arranged by special negotiation, and the treaties when made would require confirmation by the Senate of the United States. There would be a pecessity for a similar confirmation elsewhere. All this would, with the best dispositions on both sides, consume much time. It is doubtful whether the life time of an administration would suffice to complete the work. Obstacles, objections, difficulties are sure to arise and cause delay, and perhaps to make the effort end in nullity.

Canada, though she has no part in the conference, will' watch this essay with interest. Her trade with the United States is probably worth more to the Republic than that of all the countries which will be represented in the conference. One object which the United States has in the conference is to push manufactures among her more backward neighbors, and to secure this object by discriminating tariffs. But here the interests of other nations not represented in the conference, secured by the most favored nation clause of existing treaties, comes in. If these remain in force, the existing treaty nations would get the benefit of the new stipulations, or those treaties would have to be abrogated. This is an obstacle in the way of the success of the conference, and of any treaties which it might indicate as desirable. It may be overcome, but in the meantime it stands in the way.

Canada not being possessed of direct done in a wholesale way. There would treaty-making power, was not invited to co operate, and it is not necessary to conjecture what answer she might have given What might suit one would not suit if she had been asked, nor is it possible another. The first thing will be to find out to tell. The motives which would the whole which it would be possible to mercial arrangements with Central and

with Canada, to open a free market for her manufactures. We shall see what suco she will have with these countries, and if arrangements with them be made, how they will work out. It can scarcely be to the interest of any of these countries practically to bind themselves to take only American manufactures; for if they one deprive themselves of the competition among the countries from which they purchase, and give one country a practical monopoly, they in effect agree to take them on the seller's terms. This means dear purchases, which no one will a ree to, unless he believes that the bar gain ensures him an equivalent. What equivalents will the United States offer ? Will they be real or only apparent? As far as manufactures are concerned, the whole advantage would be on the side of the United States. The latter might take free the raw materials of the other countries by which meaus manufactures of the former would receive an undoubted and legitimate propulsion. But at this point the American tariff turns upon itself ; for in trying protect tion all round, there is no room left for free dom. A proposal to admit raw materials free would encounter objections from the American farmer, who is really injured by the tariff, and who would consider himself in danger of being ground between the upper

On the whole, the outcome of the Washington International Conference is doubt ful. It may lead to some practical results though the difficulties in the way are many and not small.

and the nether millstone

BANKRUPTEY ANALYSED.

Why do traders fail ? This question, so often asked, receives varying answers in different countries different communities, among different indiviluals. Very interesting replies have been furnished in the recent report of the Inspector General in Bankruptcy in England and Wales. The failures of 1888 and previous years are compared as under :

			of Assets
Year. 1888	No. of Cases. . 4.826	Liabilities. £ 7,110,948	Liabilities. 31.5
1887	. 4,839	8,935,825	29.8
1886	. 4,816	7,913,871 9,037,789	34.9
1884	. 4,170	13,989,995	28.7

The Inspector proposes to show how far the failures of the United Kingdom, as dealt with in the Bankruptcy Courts, are due to misfortune or to causes against which it is desirable to provide in any scheme of bankruptcy administration, and how far are they due to causes or acco panied by features which it ought to be the object of wise legislation to discourage and repress? To arrive at an answer the Inspector General takes all of the cases, 26 in number, in which during the past year the debtor was adjudicated bankrupt with liabilities of over £25,000. Commenting upon the developments in these cases, the Birmingham Journal finds that "A careful study of them leaves no doubt that only a very small fraction can justly be attributed

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The cause cases are ci With not a excuse. Th the long bad of last year photographe debtors attr large familie expenses of their being u incurred. " from friends another says " delay in re master, alas " political bo "gentleman out income "

The Inspe has not hithe the amount o of the Bankr of Arrangem every private estimated an in each case, be done so appears tha ments regist during the p by subsequei liabilities in the assets £ tors, estimat basis as the 811. After figures the In conclusion th loss by inso something or figures for 1 1888, £8,753 the calenda more cheerfu and prospec number of r ceeded with slight decrea and the ass percentage risen from 2 The Inspe

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to misfortu e; and, apart from cases of actual fraud, the question suggests it-to deal effectively may be summed up as follows :--1. Want of proper book keeping, leading sometimes to actual fraud, but more actual fraud, the question suggests it-self whether the Legislature contemplated the letting loose upon the mercantile community of debtors who have shown themselves so reckless of their neighbours' interests and so incompetent to manage their own affairs." The conclusion of the Inspector General is that the chief defect of the Bankruptcy Act does not make the bankrupt's discharge sufficiently dependent on his conduct, and here is a point which should not escape the attention of Canadian authorities. Furthermore, he finds that the original influence of the Act in reducing the number of reckless traders is to some extent losing its force owing to the nominal character of the penalties imposed on discharge, while its effects in limiting the extent of their transactions is increasing in consequence of the caution induced by the exposures of the Bankruptcy Ccurt.

The causes given for failure in certain cases are curious, not to say ridiculous. With not a few the weather is a favorite excuse. Thus, an innkeeper fails owing to the long bad winter, and the bad summer of last year is blamed for the collapse of photographers, florists, and drapers. Some debtors attribute their troubles to their large families, while others blame "the expenses of burying their children " for their being unable to pay debts deliberately incurred. " Discontinuance of assistance from friends" is one man's plea, while another says he came to grief through "delay in receiving a legacy." A schoolmaster, alas! lost his connection through "political boycotting," and sadder still, a "gentleman" failed through being " without income "!

The Inspector-General explains that it has not hitherto been possible to estimate the amount of insolvency dealt with outside of the Bankruptcy Act, but under the Deeds of Arrangement Act of 1887, which requires every private deed of arrangement, and the estimated amounts of assets and liabilities in each case, to be registered, that can now be done so far as they are concerned. It appears that the total number of arrangements registered in England and Wales during the past year (which were not upset by subsequent bankruptcy) was 3,495. The liabilities in these cases were £4,803,481, the assets £2,416,755, and the loss to creditors, estimated approximately on the same basis as the cases in bankruptcy, £3,192,-311. After careful examination of the figures the Inspector General comes to the conclusion that the reduction of the national loss by insolvency since 1883 amounts to something over eight millions sterling, the figures for 1884 being £17,180,449, and for 1888, £8,753,428. The report, which is for the calendar year 1888, takes rather a more cheerful view of commercial conditions and prospects than did that of 1887. The number of receiving orders made and proceeded with during the past year showed a slight decrease, but the liabilities are less, and the assets proportionately larger, the percentage of the one to the other having risen from 29.8 per cent. to 31.5 per cent.

The Inspector General tells us that : "The chief features of trading miscon-duct with which the Bankruptcy Act fails no ordinary rate of compound interest will oilcloths on an extensive scale.

generally to a wint of knowledge on the part of the trader as to his own position and to want of means for investigating his transactions when he comes not investigating his ruptcy Court. 2. Trading without capital at the risk of others after knowledge of insolvency, leading to the carrying on of business without reference to the cost of production or to questions of profit and production or to questions of profit and loss, and to the abuse of credit by the manufacture of accommodation bills, and too often by systematic concealment or misrepresentation. 3. Fraudulent prefer-ences on the eve of bankruptcy with a view to protect family and friendly creditors at the expense of the others. 4. Reckless dissipation of assets in the final stages of insolvency."

A WILD SCHEME.

A correspondent sends us a fly-sheet issued by a new kind of an assessment endowment society, hailing from Stratford, Ont. The formidable name of this young giant is, The Dominion Provident, Benevolent, and Endowment Association." It was incorporated, we read, on the 1st of July, 1889. Therefore very evidently its experience is limited. Its capital is still more so. In fact it seems to have started without any. Mr. S. R. Hesson's name appears as president, and he has the assistance of a first and second vice-president, living respectively at Cobourg and London, while the treasurer, secretary, and managing director all live at Stratford, and are named Dr. Robertson, O. O. Benson, and E. K. Barnsdale. There is no medical examination, because there is no life risk undertaken. Anybody can come in. The sicklier and the older the better, for then all you have paid in, up to the time of death, will belong to the rest of the members, and make their assessments so much the lighter. And if you do not die soon, but get tired of putting your money into it, why so much the better for those who go on shutting their eyes and putting in their money. At least that is the way it appears on the face of it, if the concern lives long enough to give anybody his money back.

Every member must subscribe for \$5,000 of benefit, and pay \$5.00 for registration, and \$6.00 a year in advance for dues, both of which items go for management expenses. His endowment is in the shape of ten coupons of \$500 each, to be paid at the end of each four years, or five years, or six years, or seven years, or eight years, as he chooses, and he pays accordingly. For instance, if he wants \$500 at the end of each four years, thus getting the last \$500 in 40 years, he pays \$3 a month till the four years are up, or \$144 in all. If there is then \$500 in the funds for him and for all others maturing that year, he gets it. If not, all hands must pay extra assessments enough to make up the \$500 that is due. If the 8-year term is chosen, then 80 years' faithful contribution of \$1.35 per month, or only \$1,296, is needed to bring in the whole \$5,000 in the shape of \$500 at each eight years' end. That \$144 will produce \$500 in four years looks doubtful, but for \$129 to produce \$500 in eight years looks most absurd. A good many subscribers will have to contribute to make up the difference, for

half do it. At twelve per cent. compound interest, \$16.20 a year-viz., \$1.35 per month-will yield only \$223.07 in eight years, leaving \$276.93 to come from elsewhere to make up the \$500 then to be due.

If one puts his money in a savings' bank, it is true he gets only a small interest increase, but he does not lose his principal. in case of death. And if he takes an endowment policy in a regular life insurance company, his heirs get far more than the principal in case of his death, even if he lives to make all the payments. But in this affair it is the reverse of that. Death forfeits all claim. None but those who live and persevere get rewarded. Therefore every person becoming a member should be provided against loss by taking a life policy in a responsible company, sufficient to give his heirs as much as his death will cause them to lose by his contributions to this new-fangled "benevolent association.'

It strikes us that this Stratford affair is sort of cheap imitation of the plan of the terrible "Iron Hall," which has left so many mourners in Canada as well as the United States. The "Iron Hall" promises to complete its endowments in exactly seven years, no more and no less, and has paid the first lot of them, but only by using up the money contributed by new members, none of whom are likely to see a dollar of their money back again unless they fall ill pretty soon, and thus get some of it for sick benefits. This sick benefit safety valve of the "Iron Hall" is not attached to the "Provident Benevolent and Endowment Association." Nor are you confined to a seven years' scheme. As we have remarked, you can take your choice all the way from a four-year term with assessments of \$3.00 per month, or oftener, to an eightyear term at \$1.35 per month or oftener, but in either case the last \$500 of the \$5,-000 only comes in at the end of the tenth term, whether that be forty or eighty years hence. In any case you must steadily pay \$6.00 a year in advance for management expenses, though it looks rather heavy to pay \$6.00 for the privilege of paying in \$1.35 each month for a year, with such a slight prospect of getting a single baubee of it out again. That means paying \$6.00 for being allowed to pay in \$16.20. We incline to think that if there are many persons in Outario willing to pay so much for so little, we shall soon have a hundred, nay several hundred, more "Benevolent " associations operating on the same line. Why not? It is a veritable gold mine for the promoters if a sufficient number of silly persons can be induced to join. Selling whiskey is a slow way of getting rich in comparison with it. If the fish will only bite and take a good firm hold, somebody will get much money without risking much capital. We do not think, however, that the business will prove a success in Ontario, and we do think S. R. Hesson, M.P., might find better use for his name than in fathering a scheme possessing so much of the gambling element.

THERE is some prospect that a company will be formed in Kingston for the manufacture of

THE MONETARY TIMES.

FIRE INSURANCE PARLIAMENT.

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The adjourned annual meeting of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association was held in Montreal, on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday of last week. Mr. Kenny, president of the association, expressed himself well pleased with the good attendance at the adjourned meeting, and they would all be pleased to know the outlook was much more encouraging than when they last met, and he felt assured that the association had a long and prosperous career before it. He had no doubt that the wise counsel that has hitherto characterized the proceedings of the association would continue to be a marked feature in its working. All the companies in the association except three were represented, and the utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed throughout. A feature upon which the public is to be congratulated is the steady and rapid progress made in the improvement of fire appliances. Wiarton, Blyth, and Waubashene, in Ontario, have had their classification raised since the meeting in March, and six other places have their fire appliances about complete for inspection and classification. The judicious discrimination made by the association as to rates according to grade is fully appreciated by the public, who are availing themselves of the provision made for improved fire extinguishing facilities. We believe that this will be the means of greatly diminishing the annual fire waste in those places having adequate fire protection. The system of schedule-rating special hazards is becoming better apprecisted the better it becomes known. Every improvement made in a visk ensuring a reduction in the cost of insurance of which the assured is taking the advantage has proved a great success. The system of semi-annual inspection of these risks is also working very satisfactorily. The inspectors point out to the assured what can be done in the way of lessening the fire hazard and lowering the rates of insurance. These suggestions are universally well received, and in a great majority of cases acted upon. Thus greater care on the part of property-owners is engendered. They know that any deviation from the standard will result in an increase of the rates. The companies were represented by the following gentlemen .-Ætna F. W. Evans, Montreal, Thos. R. Wood, Toronto; Agricultural, C. R. G. Johnson, Montreal; Atlas, L. H. Boult, Montreal; British America, Geo. Denon, Toronto; Caledonian, James W. Taylor, Montreal; Citizens, Gerald E. Hart, Montreal; City of London, H. M. Blackburn, Toronto Commercial Union, W. B. Evans and James McGregor, Montreal; Fire Assurance Association, John Kennedy, Montreal; Glasgow & London, J. T. Vincent and Richard Freygang; Guardian, E. A. Lilly; Hartford, P. C. Royce, Hartford, and F. W. Evans, Montreal; Imperial, E. D. Lacey, Montreal, and Alfred W. Smith, Toronto ; Lancashire, S. C. Duncan-Clark, Toronto; Liverpool & London and Globe, G. F. C. Smith, Montreal : London and Lancashire, W. A. Sims,

Toronto; London Assurance, C. C. Foster,

Montreal; North British and Mercantile,

R. W. Tyre, Montreal; Norwich Union, Alex. Dixon, Toronto ; National of Ireland, L. H. Boult, Montreal; Phœnix of taxes Brooklyn, A. C. Sinton, Montreal; it ma Phœnix of London, A. T. Paterson, here. and R. MacD. Faterson, Montreal; Quebec, J. H. Routh, Montreal; Queen, H. J. Mudge, Montreal; Royal Canadian, George H. McHenry, Montreal; Royal, Wm. Tatley, Montreal Scottish Union and National, W. Kavanagh, Montreal; Western, J. J. Kenny, Toronto. A special feature of the meeting was the presence, for the first time, of Mr. P. C. Royce, secretary of the Hartford Fire Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn. Mr. Royce, who is a very pleasing speaker, took a lively interest in the proceedings. He congratulated the association on the success of their organization, now entering upon its seventh year. This success he attributed to the fair rates of insurance fixed by them on the various kinds of risks. He was glad to know that in regard to the rating of special hazards they had adopted the system of schedule rating, fair alike to the companies and the assured. Its application required brains on the part of the rater, and he was pleased to find that the result was so satisfactory."

The Montreal branch of the association provided a toothsome menu for their brethren from a distance. The following office-bearers were elected : President, S. C. Duncan Clark, Toronto; vice-presidents, A. T. Paterson, Montreal, Thos. R. Wood, Toronto.

After passing a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. Kenny for his very efficient services as president of the association, the meeting adjourned tlll next October.

-Rapid ocean voyages are very exciting and take immensely. All the efforts of ocean steamship building are directed to lessening the time of the voyage. This is conspicuously the case on the Atlantic, where the competition is most observed, and a slight shortening of the voyage is most appreciated. But if we are to believe President Cheny, of the National Board of Navigation, U. S., this " craze," as he calls it, is not unattended with danger. He supposes that this rivalry will some foggy day produce a collision between two steamers going at the rate of forty miles an hour, and a thousand lives may pay the penalty. The lugubrious prophecy will cause a momentary shudder over the possibility which it indicates, and then, if not otherwise checked, ocean racing will be applauded as before.

A number of persons in the township of Lowe, near Ottawa, have taken it in their heads not to pay their municipal taxes. This refusal has continued for years, and the crisis is at hand, as the necessary means are about to be taken to enforce payment. The recusants, it appears, are Irishmen, who say that they left the Old Country because they had an unconquerable objection to paying taxes, and that they are not going to begin in the new. This refusal, though entirely unjustifiable, is the natural outcome of the "no rent'

Thos. Davidson, Montreal Northern, cry which was set up in Ireland. If men may get off without paying rent, or can be made to believe that they can, why not taxes also? This is the logic, but however it may go down in Ireland, it will not work

> There is reason to doubt the correctness of the detailed story of the sale to English men, or to anybody e'se, of the North-West Central Railway. We can fully believe the denial of an indirect sale to the Northern Pacific Railway Company. The truth will probably prove to be that the concern has been put into the hands of two English brokers to see if they can do any. thing with it. The chances of this road are not what they were since the C. P. R. has appeared on the field with a rival scheme Can the North-West Central now get the land which at one time it had a right to rely upon ? This is doubtful ; it is not probable that two rival roads will be subsidized with public lands. At this mome we suspect, the scheme of the North-West Central is more dead than alive.

> -Hamilton is increasing at a fair if not phenomenal ratio. The assessors' cens last year made population 44,299, and this year 44,635, increase 336. The city received a slight check from the removal of the Grand Trunk railway shops to Stratford, but it has now reached a figure when a small loss is not much felt. It was the second city in Ontario to establish a free library, being bound to keep pace in intelligence with the best of its competers. The special feature of the city is its industry, its varied manufactures, in which it far surpasses any other city of its population in the province. Its people are energetic, and having faith in themselves are bound to keep in the van of progress.

-Accounts from the Labrador fishery have become more cheerful of late. During the month of September the weather has been fine and the fishing good. This evening up has abolished the prior deficiency in great part, if not altogether. During the same time, fishing on the great bank has been fairly successful. The season's catch, if not large, has been well secured. On the whole, the Newfoundland fishermen have done fairly well.

-Whether the old Dutch article of faith about herring crossing the Atlantic be true or not, the extraordinary run of herring of the coast of Ireland, where large takes are being made, is phenomenal. Mackerel, trout, brake, and mullet, are, too, all excep tionally plentiful. Mackerel is being ship ped from Ireland to the United States, b perhaps not in such quantities as materially to affect the price.

President Cannon, of the Chase Nati -President Cannon, of the Chase National Bank, had on exhibition last week one of the largest bars of gold ever cast in the United States. It weighed over 500 pounds and is valued at over \$100,000. The bar was cast at Helena, Montana, for the Montana National Bank, and is intended to show what Montana mines can do. mines can do

DECISIONS

TATAM V. HAS change Act enac is deemed to be in an action on that the accepts tiation of the bi ress, or force an of proof is shift proves that sub illegality value Tł the bill." Bench held that is proved the b to prove both that it has bee notice of the fi

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ING ASSOCIATI was decided After the form its shares ha H. & Co. by company to 15 per cent. cation mone required to ance of thi further appl were allotted allotment no the shares. wards into entered the contributors after hearing

IN RE LICES

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TIMES. MONETARY THE

DECISIONS IN COMMERCIAL LAW.

TATAM V. HASLAR.-The English Bills of Exchange Act enacts that "every holder of a bill is deemed to be a holder in due course ; but if in an action on a bill it is admitted or proved that the acceptance, issue, or subsequent nego tiation of the bill is affected with fraud, duress, or force and fear, or illegality, the burden of proof is shifted, unless and until the holder proves that subsequent to the alleged fraud or illegality value has in good faith been given for the bill." The English Court of Queen's Bench held that, under the statute, when fraud is proved the burden of proof is on the holder to prove both that value has been given, and that it has been given in good faith withoud most in vogue during the coming season : notice of the fraud.

An Admiralty action for collision. By "the regulations for preventing collisions at sea, the lights mentioned in the following articles shall be carried in all weathers, from sunset to sunrise." By article 11 "a ship which is being overtaken by another shall show from her stern to such last mentioned ship a white light or flare up light." It was held by Mr. Justice Butt that it is a breach of the above regulations for a vessel, when no other vessel overtaking it is in sight, to carry a white light permanently fixed upon its stern.

IN RE LANE .- In this bankruptcy case, a point of law not previously covered by authority is dealt with. A debtor unable to pay his debts as they become due, within three months of his being adjuged a bankrupt, paid with his own money part of a debt barred by the statute of liquidations, with the object of reviving the debt and enabling the creditor to prove in bankruptcy for the balance. The debt up to the date of payment had always been treated by the debtor and creditor as a subsisting debt, and one which it was intended should be ultimately paid. The trustee in bankruptcy claimed that, notwithstanding the part payment, the debt in question was barred by the statute of limitations. But Justices Field and Cane were clearly of the opinion that the debt had been validly revived by the part payment as against the trustee, and even if the payment could have been recovered back as a fraudulent preference, that would not prevent the payment from having the effect of reviving the debt.

IN BE LIGENSED VICTUALLERS' MUTUAL TRAD-ING ASSOCIATION, EX PARTE AUDAIN .- This case vas decided by the English Court of Appeal. After the formation of a company, and before its shares had been fully offered to the public, H. & Co. by letter agreed with an agent of the company to "underwrite" 10,000 shares "at 15 per cent. discount " and " to pay the application money upon any balance of shares required to make up the 10,000." In pursuance of this agreement, and without any further application by H. & Co., 8,555 shares were allotted to them. H. & Co. returned the allotment notice, and wrote declining to take the shares. The company went shortly afterwards into liquidation, and the liquidator entered the name of H. & Co. apon the list of contributors in respect of their shares. Held, after hearing evidence as to the meaning of the term "underwriting" as applied to shares to be issued by a company, first, that the agreement to underwrite must be treated not merely as a guarantée, but as an application for an allotment of so many of the 10,000 shares as should not be applied for by the public, and that such agreement authorized the secretary

to issue an allotment to H. & Co.; and that the word "discount" in the agreement must be construed as " commission." so that the agreement was not one to issue shares at a discount ; and that therefore H. & Co. had been rightly settled upon the list of contributories.

FASHIONS IN FURS.

Wet weather has already come upon us, and presently we must expect cold weather, which makes the consideration of furs opportune. In the course of an article on fashionable furs, a N. Y. contemporary, the Dry Goods Chronicle, has the following upon the kinds that will be

Seal skin always holds its own for richness durability, and warmth, but it is growing too expensive for very general use.

Dark mink reigned supreme at one time about two generations ago. It was considered the fur par excellence as well as beauty. Then its hey-day declined, as newer skins appeared in the market, but to-day there is not a richer, better fur on sale than the warm brown mink, which looks well in an entire garment, or as a trimming. Astrakhan had a similar experience, though once considered more appropriate as a mourning fur. Both have again revived their popularity this year, grey and black astrakhan being worn.

With the fashion for long-haired furs, the monkey skins came into great favor. The silver and red fox, lynx and Angora goat had their turn for rather short reigns.

Sable is a magnificent fur that bespeaks for its would-be wearer a plethoric pocket-book.

The Bokharan lynx will be one of the favorite furs for the coming season.

The study of furs is a lesson in natural history that would be extremely interesting as well as profitable, and while no one fur is to-day the all-pervading fashion, for those able to invest seal skin is as much admired and will be worn as much as ever for the very coldest weather, this class of people being able to have other furs of lighter character for off days. Moufflon, skunk, beaver, Chinese sheep and chinchilla, otter, assiniver, are supposed to be rather lower grades, but much used for trimmings, and two, even three kinds of fur may now be seen in one garment.

Shapes vary as usual. Long and half long seal coats, mink, sable, astrakhan, and lynx capes and boas all go, though the newer boas are partly flat instead of round as a year ago. Further information on the same subject is obtained from the Cloak and Suit Review, which says that the condition of the fur trade, while no boom is reported, is healthy. "The sales of seal jackets and wrap's have been excellent. The long garments, which as a rule are never bought as early, will be in greater demand as the season advances. A tendency toward medium and shorter lengths is noticed, owing probably to the advance in seal, which has been about 25 per cent.

"Novelties in fur-trimmed cloth garments are being introduced, which has its effect on the trimming trade. Small furs are selling well, especially monkey and Persianer. Mink sets are freely shown, but not as freely ordered, sample lots only being taken. Muffs and boas are in good demand."

The preliminary statement of the value of the United States exports and imports of furs during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1889, compared with the preceding year, is as follows:

1899.	1888.
Great Britain and Ire- land\$3,871,66 Germany	29 456,033 33 95,758
Total\$5,034,43	\$4,777,246

A PROPER OCCASION FOR A GIFT.

The annual address of the President of Toronto University, scholarly and eloquent as such a deliverance from Sir Daniel Wilson is always expected to be, has some statements and suggestions which merit notice at this juncture. The President recalls the fact that by reason of the most recent extension of the science buildings the college gymnasium has been destroyed. "No act," he declares, been destroyed. "could more gracefully mark the sympathy of the large body of graduates, and their loyalty to their alma mater, than the gift of a gymnasium for the healthful recreation of their successors in the old halls. But from whatever source it is to be secured, its restoration is indispensable; and that, too, with the least possible delay." While insisting with a proper pride on the admirable appliances now provided for biological and physiological study and research, Sir Daniel contends, and justly, that "it would indeed be a cruel piece of irony to provide for the study of biology and physiology at the sacrifice of all essential provision for the healthful physical development of the student. The want of a properly equipped gymnasium on the college grounds is doubly mischievous ; for it tempts the students to seek recreation elsewhere; and thus affects them morally as well apphysically. No claim therefore is more urgent at the present time."

Taking a hint from the frequent use of our large skating and curling rinks as places for summer gatherings of a public kind, the President makes the economical suggestion that a good skating rink for the University is not only one of the best things for the students' recreation, but will afford much needed space, at other seasons of the year than winter, for examinations and for convocation purpos " Pleasant memories of the skating rink might even have a beneficent influence in soothing the perturbed spirit of the undergraduate when he has left behind him the last frosts of winter, and comes to face the trying ordeal of the examination hall, just as May is passing into leafy June." In view of the noble donations made to American Universities by the wealthy men of the United States-Yale has received in three years. \$700,000 and Princeton nearly as much-and in view of the generous response made to the efforts of Principal Grant towards the endowment of Queen's and the bequests to McGill, it does not seem too much to expect that the means will soon be forthcoming to provide for Toronto University the compara-tively small sum indicated by Sir Daniel Wilson as necessary to fill an immediate want. Who among our rich men will be the first to come forward?

INSURANCE NOTES.

THE Insurance Company of North America, which has been doing a marine business in Montreal, has decided to open a fire branch also. Mr. Robert Hampson has been appointed general agent for Canada.

Mr. William Lind, of London, who has been with the British Empire Insurance Company there for some time past, has received the appointment of Inspector of Agencies for Western Ontario for the London and Lancashire

CHE MONETARY TIMES

Life Insurance Company, with headquarters in London.

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Mr. Geo. A. Morrison, district manager for the Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company at Peterboro', purposes removing to Tacoma, Washington State, where he will establish a general insurance and real estate agency. He will be succeeded by Mr. James Gallon, of Lindsay.

Let no one neglect insuring his life becau he comes of a long lived family and is in vig orous health. It is a suggestive fact that no fewer than 106 policy-holders of the New York Life died during 1888, each of whom had been insured less than a twelvemonth; the total payments theron reaching \$451,825.21. "Here is the lesson of it : If a man with health and a family record good enough to pass a rigid medical examination has no certainty of life, then no one has; and in the light of this record it is not evidence of superior wisdom to postpone insuring simply because one is in good health and comes of a long life ancestry."

On Monday last an interesting presentation was made in Montreal to Mr. W. H. Rintoul, who, as we have already stated, has retired from the active management of the Imperial Insurance Company, with which he has been connected for the past twenty-five years, on a handsome life allowance, and sails for the south of France. The testimonial took the shape of an illuminated address and a handsome gold watch, which bore the following inscription :

"Presented to W. H. Rintoul, Esq., upon his retiring from the management of the Im-perial Insurance Company, by a few of his confreres in business and his warm personal friends, as a token of their regard and respect. "Montreal, 1889."

The address contains the names of some thirty gentlemen in Montreal and Toronto, mostly, if not all, members of the Canadian Fire Underwriters' Association.

The Halifax board of directors of the Confederation Life Assurance Company, which consists of Geo. Mitchell, Sir Edward Kenny, Robert Taylor, F. D. Corbett, and Andrew Mackinlay, the three latter being new appoint ments, met on Monday last, and elected Geo. Mitchell chairman for the ensuing year.

MONTREAL CLEARING HOUSE.

Clearings and Balances, for the week ending 3rd October, 1889:

Clearings. September 27th\$1,873,627 "28th1,502,107 "30th1,219,016 October 1st1,445,955 "2nd1,970,757 "3rd1,649,282	Balances. \$ 336,732 433,292 361,209 154,566 337,441 288,866
Total	\$1,892,106
Week ending Sept. 26. \$8,949,846 Week ending " 5 8,356,395	\$1,315,392 1,209,906

-The shipments of iron ore from the Lake Superior mines this year are already over 5,000,000 tons, and will probably amount to 7,000,000 tons by the time lake navigation shall close. The supply of these ores is, says the Philadelphia Record, very carefully adjusted to the demand, so that consumers are compelled to pay whatever advance is made possible by reason of the duty on competing ores The cheaper delivery of Lake Superior ores to Western furnaces. operates as a constant discrimination against manufacturers east of the Alleghany Mountains, and is driving the iron business away from Pennsylvania to other States.

-A most instructive and valuable issue is

that of the North-Western Lumberman for last week. It is described as the Pacific Coast Edition, and contains a deal of information as to the lumbering interests of California, Oregon, and Washington. All this, be it remembered, in addition to contents usual with this longestablished weekly. Of special interest is the nircroscopic study of Pacific Coast Timber, giving illustrations of the appearance under a microscope of various timbers, from pines and cypress to oak and walnut. Pictures of vesselloading by lumber chute on the Pacific, and of lumber-flumes in California 60 miles in length, indicate the vastness of the trade in that land, and the ingenious adaptation of means to ends that marks western men. In an article on the Canadian log-export duty the Lumberman uses some strong language, describing the measure in question as "a specimen of international sharp practice and unfairness." The writer advocates adding the amount of our export duty on the log to the duty now imposed by Congress upon Canadian lumber, and thinks if this were done "the Canadian export duty would come off with surprising suddenness. This special issue consists of 144 pages, and contains a reference list of mill-men and lumber dealers in the western territory named.

The annual meeting of the Bankers' Clearing House Association of New York was held one day this week. From the time of organization, thirty-six years ago, the total exchanges were stated to have been \$878,602,922,007.49; balances, \$39,086,454,205.01, making the total transactions during this period \$917,689,376,-212.50. For the fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 1889, the exchanges were \$34,796,465,528.87; balances, \$1,757,637,473.47; total transactions, \$36,554,103,002.34. The average daily exchanges amounted to \$114,839,820.23, and the balances to \$5,800,783.74; making the average daily transactions \$120,640,603.97. The largest operations in any one day during the past fiscal year were on October 2, 1888, when the exchanges were \$196,682,244.47, and the balances \$9,639,101.61. The Clearing House Association consists of sixty-three bank members and the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York. There are eighty-three banks in the city, forty-five of which are National banks, with a total capital of \$48,-850,000, and a surplus of nearly \$45,000,000. The State banks number forty-three, and have a total capital of \$16,762,000. Twenty-five banks in New York are not members of the Clearing House ; they clear through banks that are members of the Association.

A single page advertisement in the issue -A single page advertisement in the issue of the Century Magazine taken for advertising purposes costs, \$500; and in Harper's \$400; and in other magazines from \$800 down to \$100. A yearly advertisement in one column in the Chicago Tribune costs \$26,554 for the lowest, and \$85,000 for the highest; in the New [York Herald \$38,203 for the lowcst and \$130,000 for the highest priced columns.

-It is roughly estimated that the total cut of lumber for the present year in the Province of British Columbia will be 175,000,000 feet.

Correspondence.

TRADE RELATIONS WITH THE WEST INDIES.

Editor MONETARY TIMES: SER,—As a native of the West Indies, I have a deep interest in the proposed line of steamers to those islands, and would offer a few suggestions to manufacturers of Canada and shippers in general. The area of the West Indies, in-cluding British Guiana, is about 96,000 square miles, with a population of about four or fix millions, equal to that of the Dominion of Canada. The value of exports for the year 1888 from British Guiana to the United States was £813,000, and of imports £317,000, while to Canada she exported for the same period £42,000 and imported £95,000, showing a that trade of £1,130,000 in one case against £187. 000 in the other.

4. £42,000 and imported £95,000, showing a tool trade of £1,130,000 in one case against £137. 000 in the other.
Thave letters in my possession from prominent merchants in several of the islands stating that the people are getting more and more dissatisfied with the foodstuffs sent the from the United States, especially in day produce. The kind of butter and cheese which is sent out there by New York houses we have in Canada would not feed our pizs with. The people of the islands are willing to pay a little higher price for a better article, such a Canada can supply.
Commercial travellers must be sent out to the islands from time to time with a full line of samples, as is done by all American house trading with them. The commercial travel ler is an important factor in trade at the present day, and cannot be overlooked lightly. Our goods shipped thither must in all respect be equal to those of the Americans; and it such shall be the case we are sure of acquiring the trade of the West Indies in preference to our American consins. At all events Thew assurances on that point from promises to expect more. to expect more.

WEST INDIAN.

Commercial.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

MONTREAL, Oct. 2nd, 1889

Ashes.—There has been no increase in re-ceipts, nor has there been any improvement in the demand, dealers finding it hard enough to place what few do come to hand. We still quote \$3.65 to 3.70 for first quality pots, seconds \$3.40; pearls nominally \$4.80 to 4.90.

Boots, SHOES, AND LEATHER.—A general pr-paration of spring samples is observed among the manufacturers of shoes. In leather the demand is quieter, and the situation pr-sents no marked features. Advices from England report a better demand for Cana-dian leathers, but no better prices are being realized owing to free receipts. We quote :—Spanish sole, B A., No. 1, 19 to 22c.; do., No. 2, B.A., 16 to 19c.; No. 1, ordinary Spanish 19 to 20c.; No. 2 ditto, 16 to 17c.; No. 1, China, 18 to 19c.; No. 1 slaughter, 23 to 24c.; No. 2 do. 21 to 22c.; American oak sole, 39 to 43c.; British oak sole, 40 to 45c.; waxed upper, light an medium, 30 to 34c.; Scotch grained, 33 to 37c.; splits, large, 16 to 22c.; do. small, 12 to 18c.; calf-splits, 32 to 33c.; calfskins (35 to 46 lbs.). BOOTS, SHOES, AND LEATHER .- A ger calf-splits, 32 to 33c.; calfskins (35 to 46 lbs), 35 to 55c.; imitation French calfskins, 65 to 75c.; russet sheepskin linings, 30 to40c.; harb-ness, 21 to 27c.; buffed cow, 11 to 13c.; pebled cow, 10 to 14c.; rough, 21 to 23c.; russet and pridle, 45 to 55c. bridle, 45 to 55c.

CEMENTS AND FIREBRICKS, &c.—The demand for cements is still of an active order, and though some considerable lots have been re-ceived for Ottawa and local account, they have all been taken up and gone into consumption, so that supplies on hundars not at all plentiful. all been taken up and gone into consumption, so that supplies on hand are not at all plentiful. Firebricks, too, are in only moderate supply, late vessels have brought comparatively few. We quote Portland cement firm at \$2.50 to 2.75 as to brand; firebricks, \$20 to 25 per M; fireclay, \$1.50 per bag.

hreclay, \$1.50 per bag. DBY GOODS.—The wholesalers are praying for clear cold weather to creat some livelines in business, and expect to do a satisfactory sorting trade as country stocks are generally reported to be on the low side. A good many travellers are still home, and will not start ou till about the 8th. Remittances are very poor. Money came in fairly for first few days of last week, but has dropped off badly. Country dealers are probably reserving all their forces for the 4th.

FISH .- Business is growing more active; th western demand is increasing, and the local movement is a fair one; receipts are fairly liberal. We quote Labrador herrings, \$5.00; Cape Bretons, \$5.25 to 5.50; dry cod, \$4.75; green ditto, \$5.50 for No. 1, large drafts \$5.50

Est R. C TRUSTE

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TOB TERED CAR

BLACKLE

Toronto Office, Hamilton Office,

A. W. Ross, Notary Publ

ROSS Real Estate, I POST OFFICE

Correspondence

W. R.

eiver and

S YORK CHAMBE

GRIFFITH

Accountants, A

NDON & CAN. I

CLARK, ASSI

Receivers, Liqu OFFICE: 38 TOBO TOBONTO.

Es

W.F. Cha Trustee, Re

HAME

WENTWORTH CH

W. S. GIBBO GIBBON,

Address: 36 Front St. E

BANKERS :- Ba vincial Bank, L

F. S. SI

120 PRINCE WII

Complicated a ments effected, I reported upon, 1 statements prey and adapted to actions and exhi and with the lea

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For the

Under the record of the City of Estates carefull economy. Speci-enquiries. 35 P

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with a population of about four or in ms, equal to that of the Dominion of da. The value of exports for the year rom British Guiana to the United States 813,000, and of imports £317,000, while had a she exported for the same period 00 and imported £95,000, showing a total of £1,130,000 in one case gainst £137. the other.

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mercial travellers must be sent out to ands from time to time with a full im-ples, as is done by all American house with them. The commercial travel-an important factor in trade at the ods, and cannot be overlooked lightly, ods shipped thither must in all respect al to those of the Americans; and if all be the case we are sure of acquiring de of the West Indies in preference to erican cousins. At all events Thase icces on that point from prominent nts. We as Canadians have no right ot more.

WEST INDIAN.

Commercial.

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THE MONETARY TIMES

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WINNIPEG City Property and Manitoba Farms bought and sold, rented or exchanged. Money loaned or invested. Mineral locations. Valuator, Insurance Agent, &c. Wm. R. GRUNDY, formerly of Toronto. Over 6 years in business in Winnipeg. Office, 490 Main St. P. O. Box 234.

TROUT & JAY, Agents for Royal Canadian; Lan-cashire; Canada Fire and Marine & Sovereign Fire; also the Confederation Life Insurance Cos.; Canada Per. Build. & Sav. Soc.; London and Can-adian Loan and Agency Co., Meaford.

E STABLISHED 1967. I. B. TACKABEBBY, Auc-tioneer, Commission and Real Estate Agent, Valuator, Broker and House Agent. 29 Sparks St., Ottawa. Money advanced on consignments, to which special attention is given.

PETLEY & CO., Real Estate Brokers, Auctioneers and Valuators, Insurance and Financial Agenta. City and farm properties bought, sold and ex-changed. Offices, 55 and 57 Adelaide St. east, Toronto.

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BOARDING & DAY SCHOOL Young

50 & 52 Peter St., Toronto.

MISS VEALS, (Successor to Mrs. Nixon.) Music, Art, Modern Languages, Classics, Mathe-matics, Science, Literature, Elocution.

Pupils studying French and German are required to converse in those languages with resident French and German governesses. PRIMARY, INTERMEDIATE AND ADVANCED CLASSES. Young ladies prepared for University Matriculation.

to 6.00; N. S. salmon \$14.00 to 14.50 for No. 1; B. C. ditto about \$13.00. New oysters are arriving and sell at \$3.50 to 4,00 per barrel.

arriving and sell at \$3.50 to 4,00 per barrel. FURS.—The outlook is favorable, but as yet the demand is light. Some fair sized lots of fine bear, otter, and beaver have been received from Newfoundland. We quote:—Beaver, \$4.50 to 4.75; bear, large ; \$25 to 30; medium, \$15 to 20; cub, \$7 to 12; small ditto, \$4 to 6; fisher, \$5 to 7; red fox, \$1.50 to1. 60; cross ditto, \$3 to 3.50; lynx, \$3.50 to 4.50; martin, \$1 to 1.25; mink, \$1 to 1.25; muskrat, winter, 20c.; spring ditto, 25c.; skunk, black, \$1.50; small stripe, \$1; large ditto, 50c.; otter, dark, \$12 to 15. \$12 to 15.

<text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text><text> GROCERIES .--- In the wholesale trade a very

at 7c., though less might be taken; old cur-rants are selling freely at 43 to 5c., new at 6 to 63c. In spices nutmegs continue to get firm, and 110's would now cost 83 to 84c. to lay down. Tobaccos unchanged. A little better demand exists for canned goods. The com-bination are asking \$1.15 for new pack toma-toes, but offers have been made at \$1.10; salmon firm at \$1.75; lobsters dearer at \$6.30 to \$6.60. to \$6.60.

HIDES AND SKINS .- The demand from tanners is slight, and there has been a decline in green hides, dealers buying from butchers as low as 5c. for No. 1; No. 1 Toronto, 6 to 6‡c.; calfskins, 5 to 5‡c.; lambskins, 45 to 55c.

calfskins, 5 to 5½c.; lambskins, 45 to 55c. METALS AND HARDWARE.—Demand good, and transactions large; buyers now realizing that the season is last closing, and all iron and steel goods steadily tending upwards. A large ad-vance has taken place in pig iron. A further advance in bars is extremely probable in the near future; warrants are cabled at 50/-, makers' prices advanced several shillings; bar iron continues to advance in England; tin plates are steady; tin, lead, and copper as before. We quote :—Coltness, \$25.00; Calder, \$25.00; Langloan, \$25.00: Sµm-merlee, \$25.00; Gartsherrie, \$24.00; Carn-broe, \$23.00; Shotts, \$24; Middlesboro, No. 1, \$22; No. 3, none; cast scrap, railway chairs, broe, \$23.00; Shotts, \$24; Middlesboro, No. 1, \$22; No. 3, none; cast scrap, railway chairs, &c., \$20.00; machinery scrap, \$19.00; com-mon ditto, \$13 to 13.50; bar iron, \$2.25; for Canadian, British \$2.45; best re-fined, \$2.50. The products of the Lon-donderry Iron Company we quote as fol-lows: Siemens' pig No. 1, \$24.50; Acadia



H. MORRISON, Clerk

Lucknow, Sept., 13th, 1889.

TENDERS

Addressed to the undersigned will be received by the Upper Ottawa Improvement Company, up to and inclusive of

TUESDAY, 15th OCTOBER NEXT.

For the purchase of part or whole of One Hundred and Fifty Debentures, of One Thousand Dollars each, to be issued by the Upper Ottawa Improve-ment Company, 2nd December, 1869. Debentures to bear interest at rate of Five per Cent. per anaum, payable semi-annually. Ten debentures to be re-deemed annually, until whole issue is redeemed. Debentures and interest to be payable at some one of the Chartered Banks at Ottawa. The Company does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender. See U.O. Improvement Co.

Sec. U. O. Improvement Co.

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bar, \$2.10; Siemens' bar, \$2.25; these figures for round lots: Canada Plates-Blaina, \$2.75 to 2.90. Tern roofing plate, 20x28, \$7.50. Black sheet iron, No. 28, \$2.90 to 3.00. Tin plates—Bradley charcoal, \$5.75; charcoal I.C., plates—Bradley charcoal, \$5.75; charcoal 1.C., \$4.15 to 4.50; do I.X., \$5.25; coke I.C., *3.60 to 3.75; coke wasters, \$3.40; galvanized, sheets, No. 28, ordinary brands, 5½c.; More-wood, 6¾ to 7c.; tinned sheets, coke, No. 24, 6e; No.26, 6½c.; the usual extra for large sizes. Hoops and bands, per 100 lbs. \$2.50 to 2.65; Stafford-shire boiler plate, \$2.75; common sheet iron, \$2.90 to 3.00; steel boiler plate, \$2.75; heads, ron, Brassian sheat iron, 104c.; lead per 100 lbs. \$4; Russian sheet iron, 104c.; lead per 100 lbs., \$4; pig, \$3.75 to 4.00; sheet, \$4.50; shot, \$6.00 to 6.50; best cast steel, 11 to 12c.; spring, \$2.50; tire, \$2.50 to 2.75; sleigh shoe, \$2.50 to 3.00; round machinery steel, \$3.00; to 3.00; round machinery steel, \$3.00 ingot tin, 221 to 23c.; bar tin, 25c.; ingot copper, 121 to 13c.; sheet zinc, \$5.75 to 6.00; spelter, \$5.50; antimony, 17c.; bright iron wire, Nos. 0 to 8, \$2.25 per 100 lbs.; annealed do., \$2.25.

OILS, PAINTS, AND GLASS .- Trade is reported good in these lines, in which continued firm-ness prevails. Turpentine shows further advance, and is held firmly at 72c. in single brl. lots, and no stocks held ; linseed dearer at 65c. lots, and no stocks held; inseed dearer at 65c. for raw, and 68c. for boiled, on a bare market; castor, 9³ to 10c.; Nfld. fish oils as last quoted. Leads, colors, and glass without change. We quote:-Leads (chemically pure and first-class brands only), \$6.25 to 6.50; No. 1, \$5.50; No. 2, \$4.75; No. 3, \$4.50; dry white lead, 5¹/₂c.; red do 41 to 44c. London washed whiting 55c. do., 41 to 44c.; London washed whiting, 55c.; Paris white, \$1.00; Cookson's Venetian red.

"FAVORITE"

Stoves and Ranges.

The following, New Lines are now

Standard Favorite Range, with Patent

"King " Grate, 2 Sizes,

Granshaw Favorite. - Patent Box Stove

Two Sizes.

Elegant and Very Cheap.

out Ovens. Two Sizes.

Favorite Clarion. - Todd Stove. One Size. Family Favorite. - Low Price. Wood Cook.

Two Sizes.

Our stock of Round Elbows, Stoveboards,

and other Fall Specialties is replete.

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THE OSHAWA

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CASTINGS

TO ORDER FOR ALL KINDS OF

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TORONTO.

Ready for Shipment.

MONETARY TIMES. TORONTO MARKETS. \$1.60 to 1.75; other brands of Venetian red \$1.40 to 1.60; yellow ochre, \$1.50; spruce ochre, \$2.00 to 2.50. Window glass, \$1.40 per 50 feet for first break : \$1.50 for second break. TORONTO, Oct. 3rd, 1889. BOOTS AND SHOES AND LEATHER -Travelen WOOL .- We do not hear of much doing at the moment, largely due to the fact that supnow out are booking a fair number of orden plies are in very narrow compass. London advices show a very firm market. Cape is quoted at 17 to 19c.; Australian 18 to 21c.; for winter stock, such as rubbers, oversh etc., together with the heavier stocks in leath domestics as before. CONSUMERS' GAS COMPANY AND WINE The Annual General Meeting of the Stockho of the Consumers Gas Company, of Toronto, w ELEE receive the Report of the Directors, and for the VINEYARDS C?/ Election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be BRANTFORD AND PELEE ISLAND. held at the Company's Office, No. 19 Toronto street J. S. HAMILTON, -- President. . . Monday, the 28th Day of October next. J. S. HAMILTON & CO., At 12 O'Clock Noon. BRANTFORD, - ONT., -:- Sole Agents for Canada -:- -:-W. H. PEARSON, - General Manager & Secreta CLARE BROS. & CO PRESTON, ONTARIO, MANUFACTURERS OF COAL AND WOOD AND REGISTERS. 10 STYLES. -: 35 SIZES. Write for Illustrate | and Descriptive Catalogue of the largest variety and best Hot Air Furnaces manufactured in Canada. Mention this Paper. Our assortment now embraces 226 Styles and Sizes. From the Simple Box to the elaborate Range or Base Burner, they are made with equal care by skilled workmen. We have added STOVES a number of New Lines this season. STAMPED, Our immense works are now in shape to

TINWARE JAPANNED. Sylvan Favorite.-Wood Parlor. Two Sizes. Coal and Wood-quick, powerful FURNACES Rival Favorite.-Self-feeder. With and with-

THE

durable. Rochester Lamps, Lan'erns, Coal Hods, Stove Boards. We hold in stock everything required by the Stove and Tin Trade. Consolidating your trade will save time, freight and money.

WATEROUS ENGINE WORKS CO.,





meet all orders.

heaters-economical and

OVER 18,000 IN USE. So simple any domestic can run it. Agents Wauted, and correspondence invited from architects, builders, etc.

Eogiues, Boilers, and Saw Mill Machinery, Shingle Machines, Planers, Choppers and Ewart Link Belting for Conveying and Elevaing. Send for Circular.

BRANTFORD,

Canada.

Rugs and Ma and Patented in NEWL

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(A thorough su

Made in Three proofed, and li

Also a Fur Cl Ladies' Jacket

Will be exhib

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Messrs. W. Exclusive Sale

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LUMBERMEN & CO

J. W. MAITL

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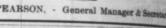
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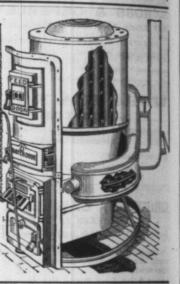
and w



nnual General Meeting of the Stockhold Consumers Gas Company, of Toronto the Report of the Directors, and for the of Directors for the ensuing year, will be the Company's Office, No. 19 Toronto street.

y, the 28th Day of October next. At 12 O'Clock Noon.





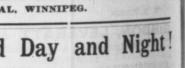
embraces 226 Styles and Sizes. From elaborate Range or Base Burner, t We have added by skilled workmen. his season

mense works are now in shape to meet all orders.

Wood-quick, powerful rs-economical and

durable. Hods, Stove Boards. We hold in stock everything required by the Stove and Tin Trade.

ACTURING COY.





and steel boiler plates, with self-fe nagazine, or as a surface burner.

BEST BOILER FOR Low Pressure Steam Heating

ER 18,000 IN USE.

ny domestic can run it. Agents Wanted, ance invited from architects, builders, etc.

ers, and Saw Mill Machinery, Shingle Planers, Choppers and Ewart Link for Conveying and Elevating. Send for Circular. KS CO., BRANTFORD, Canada.

MONETARY TIMES. THE

goods. Complaint is still heard of backward GRAIN .- Values of old wheat are much about the same as last week. There is only the local trade with millers. Receipts of new the price of which is 10 cents less than old—have been small in this city, but outside mills, it is remittances, and we suppose such must contime to be the case until grain has fairly be-gun to move. Leather dealers report the business of September as being behind the business of September as being behind the average. A large quantity has changed hands but at very close figures, and neither the tanner nor dealer is said to have much for their trouble in handling. The persons who are, it is alleged, getting the greatest amount of benefit from these close prices are the count been small in this city, but outside mills, it is said, have taken quite a quantity. Street quotations for new barley, which is being mar-keted at about 2,000 to 3,000 bushels per day, range from 40 to 55c. for No. 3 to No. 1. Old oats are worth about 29 to 30c., and new have sold at outside points at 22 to 23c. Peas continue nominal at 55 to 57c., as do also corn and rye at 48 to 50c. and 56 to 57c. respectively.

GROCERIES .- No important feature has developed since our last review. Sugars are not so firm, and whites are down ic., and Redpath's Paris lumps are now quoted at 9 to 9‡c. and extra granulated at 8∄ to 8‡c. Canadian refined may be obtained at slightly better figures, say 6½ to 7‡c. Advices from Greece report values of currants there much firmer than at the open-ing of the season. Trading in teas has been fairly brisk, principally in Japans and blacks. Messre, Lewenz and Hanser Brog. London tea Messrs. Lewenz and Hauser Bros., London, tea circular of Sept. 20 says: "In sympathy



THE E. & C. GURNEY CO., - TORONTO. NEWLANDS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS,

GALT, ONT.

MONETARY TIMES. THE

AA

NORTHEY & CO.,

Paid for Death Losses, Matured Endowments and Annuities.

\$ 855,035 953,063 1,183,379 1,186,714 1,346,969 1,572,936 1,322,621 1,322,621 1,538,479

1,322,621 1,538,479 1,620,424 1,739,558 1,710,559 2,155,713 1,907,923 1,955,745 1,730,429 1,954,422 2,117,627 2,272,975 2,072,538 -14,132

2,141,132 2,287,998

New

Assurances.

\$8,197,565 8,255,843 6,605,761 9,437,641

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Year.

1882

with the higher prices ruling in the ter-minal market the common grades of Congou fetched full rates at auction. Other grades minal market the common grades of Congou fetched full rates at auction. Other grades were steady. Green teas were jagain well competed for, although the assortment was not up to much, consisting of Ping-sueys and common country kinds only. Scenteds and Oolongs also went fairly well. Indian teas have shown little change, the com-mon grades still continuing very cheap, but Ceylons make a further advance in values, the light supplies being apparently unable to satisfy the continually good demand for these growths. In the private market, business was chiefly transacted in N. S. Foochow Con-gons, among which Saryunes secured the largest share, though most other sorts were also in fair request. In the terminal market a marked advance in prices for near deliveries has taken place. The belief that September and October deliveries have been sold and remain uncovered has brought these two months into special request, and most of the business done was confined to them." HIDES AND SKINS.—Trading in hides has been

Was confined to them." HIDES AND SKINS.—Trading in hides has been fairly active during the week, with car lots of oured reported sold at 54c. The price of sheepskins has advanced 5c., and now stands at 75c., at which figure, although regarded as high, all offering are readily taken. We hear of no transactions in calfskins, the price of which remains purely nominal. Tallow, which was scarce, is now more plentiful and values are weaker, say 54 to 54c. for rendered. Rough unchanged from 2c.

unchanged from 2c. HARDWARE.—We hear of nothing of moment having transpired since our last and all the leading lines appear to maintain their former position without features of importance. Values throughout are steady and unchanged. In their September circular, Messrs. Hender-son & Glass, of Liverpool, say: Cash terms for finished iron, copper, lead, zinc sheets, oil, &c., 21% discount. Tin plates and Canada plates 3%. English tin 14%. The demand for iron still continues good, and manufacturers are exceedingly strong. The advance in prices is being firmly maintained. Scotch iron has

advanced 5/- per ton this week. Our report of last month has been fully confirmed. There is not much change to report in tin, though, if anything, the tendency is downward. Tin plates maintain their position, though some sellers are willing to sacrifice a little to effect sales. Copper is steady, and pig lead a shade easier. sales. easier.

sales. Copper is steady, and pig lead a snade easier. Phovisions.—Choice fresh made butter is in good request at 16 to 17c. Medium and infer-ior qualities are neglected. Some sales of common grades are reported as low as 10c. In hog products there is an active business in long clear at unchanged prices. Mess pork

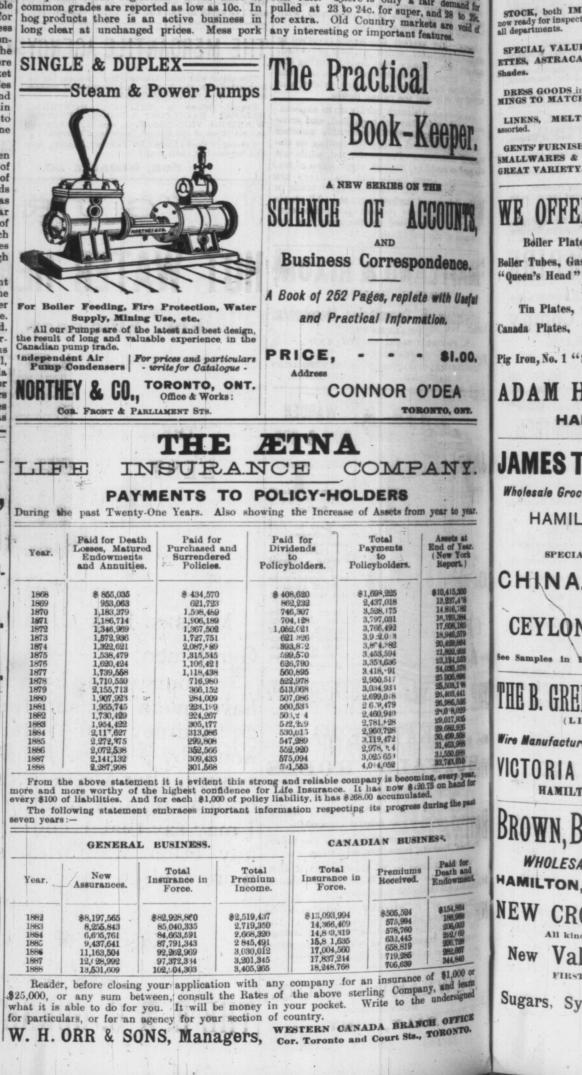
has sold more freely at 14c. The dem has sold more freely at 14c. The demand in smoked meats is somewhat less urgent. Law is dull at last quoted figures. Eggs are firms say 17 to 18c. Cheese is also firm at 10 in $10\frac{1}{2}$ c. Holders of dried apples ask 6c, but only a few small transactions have resulted. Emp orated are worth $7\frac{1}{5}$ to 8c. Leading Whole

Knox, M

Wholesale Di

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is being firmly maintained. Scotch iron has
Storage and Commission.
STORAGE,
ADVANCES MADE.
MITCHELL, MILLER & CO. Warehousemen,
45 & 91 Front Street East, TORONTO.
STORAGE.
WILLIAMSON & LAMBE, 54 & 56 Wellington StE., TORONTO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
TEAS COFFEES SUGARS.
IOSEPH GILLOTT'S



Insurance.		Insurance.		Insur	ince.	=
North British and Merca		dard Life Ass	1 Man A AN	LIIE ASSU	AMERICAN rance Co.	N
INSURANCE COM	P'Y. Total I	invested Funds	\$33,000,000 3,000,000	FULL GOVERN DIREC HON. ALEX. MACKENZI	TORS:	OF
DIRECTORS :	ontreal.	SOLUTE SECURI REASONAB	TY. LE RATES.	of Canada, President, HON. ALEXANDER MO L. BLAIKIE, ESQ., Co., Vice-Presidents, Hon. G. W. Allan, Senator Alphonse Desjardins, Esq Hon. D. A. Macdonald, ez- Andrew Robertson, Esq. 1	RRIS, M.P.P., and JOH Pres. Can. Landed Crein	1724
GILBERT SCOTT, ESQ. W. W. OGILVIE, HON. THOS. RYAN. ARCHI. MACNID R. N. GOOCH,		OMPT SETTLEM	ENTS. PROFITS.	L. W. Smith, Esq., D.C.L., J. K. Kerr, Esq., Q.C. (I Davidson & Patterson	Pres. Building & Loan As dessrs. Kerr, Macdonald	Subscrit Or whic Fire Pro Life Pro Interest
H. W. EVANS, F. H. GOOCH. 26 Wellington St. E., TO	DBONTO.	Ma		E. A. Meredith, Esq., LL.I	nor British Am. Fire A. Co.	Accumu
Telephone No. 423, Office. " 1061, Residence Mr. Goo " 3034, " Mr. Eva 3575, " F. H. Go	och.	ES HUNTER, Superintendent of Ag	DN & GLOBE	Trusts Corporation. A. H. Campbell, Esq., Pre D. Macrae, Esq., Manufaci E. Gurney, Esq., Director H. H. Cook, Esq., M.P., To John N. Lake, Esq., Broke Edward Galley. Esq., Alde B. B. Hughes, Esq. (Messri Merchants).	rederal Bank of Canals ronto. r and Financial Agent rman	Jan. 1, 1
Head Office for the Dominion, Mo THOMAS DAVIDSON,		Insurance Con		James Thorburn, Esq., M. James Scott, Esq., Mercha Wm. Gordon Fac. Torona	D., Medical Director. nt, Director Dominion Bt	=
Detober 25th.	Investe	d Funds ments in Canada Office, Canada Bro	900,000	Robert Jaffray, Esq., Merc Hugh McLennan, Esq., Merc Hugh McLennan, Esq., Pri W. McCABE, Esq., LL.B.,	St. Mont'l. Transprin (h. F.I.A., Managing Director	THE
On Fifteen Year Tontine Dividend Pol recently settled by the		BOARD OF DIREC A. Starnes, Chairman; E entworth J. Buchanan, E accepted at Lowest Curr	1 E	BKIIISH	EMPIKE	ANDRI C. F. S
	ach. Dwein Special JOS. B.	REED, G. F. onto Agent, Chi	0. SMITH , lef Agent for the	Life Assurat	A CONTRACTOR STREET, ST	C. P. S HI
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an Investment at a higher rate of interes otherwise obtainable on first-class securitie DAVID BURKE , General Manager for HEAD OFFICE-23 St. John street MONTR	Canada.	RIAL FIRE INS	URANCE CO. ON,	Preside HUGH MCLENNAN, Eso	ent La Banque du Peuple. rector Bank of Montreal	Winni
BRANCH OFFICE -London & Canadian Loan Bay Street, TORONTO. THE EQUITABLE LIFE:	n Build'g, Head Of	(Established 19 fice for Canada, 6 Hospita V. H. RINTOUL Resider	al St., MONTREAL	F. S E. & A. W. SM Gin	TANCLIFFE, General Manager.	A
ASSURANCE SOCIETY. CONDENSED STATEME. January 1, 1889.	NT. Paid-up Total I	bed Capital p Capital nvested Funds, over Toronto Agency—ALF. \	1,550,000 "	J. MITH JEFFERS, MANAGEB WESTERN GUAR	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O	1990
SSETS, \$95,042,9 IABILITIES, 4%, \$74,248,2	~~ Q1	CITIZE	NS	Fire and Life As	SURANCE Company ENGLAND.	1889
$\begin{array}{rcl} \text{IABILITIES,} & 4_{\%}, & \$74, 248, 2\\ \text{URPLUS,} & - & \$20, 794, 7 \end{array}$	15.15	OF CANA		Paid-up Capital, One Capital Subscribed, Invested Funds,		Friday Thurs Friday Thurs
NEW SSURANCE, \$153,933,5	35.00 AND GI	J. ABBOTT, P.C., Q.C., I REW ALLAN, VICE-PRI ERALD E. HART, GENE WILLIAM SI and Assets,	MITH, SECTREAS.	Gen. Agents for [ROBT. SI Canada, [GEO. DE] Toronto-HENRY D. P. A Brit. Am. Ass. C Kingston-W. H. Godwin, J	BMSTRONG, 24 Scott St o. Bldg.	Friday Thurs Friday Thurs Friday
UTSTANDING ASSURANCE, 5549,216,1 NCOME, \$26,958,9	26.00 Income Losses 77.59 188	, 1888, Paid to 1st Jan., 39,	 \$434,333 00 \$3,200,310 00 	PHC	NIX	Frida Frida
(1000000000000000000000000000000000000	The St	biock of this Company in thiest men in Canada. PROMPTLY & EQUITA	ABLY ADJUSTED.	FIRE ASSURANCE C Established in 1782. Can in 1804. Losses paid since Company exceed \$75,000,00 for payment of Fire Losses Shareholders unlimited. D	the establishment of the Balance held in hand Liability of	Thurs Friday Thurs Friday
ERCENTAGE OF ASSETS TO LIABILITIES,	MALCOI IRA B. T	LM GIBBS, CHIEF AGE THAYER, LIFE GEN'L AG ASTMURE, ACCIDENT TO OFFICES-4 WELL	NT, TORONTO CITY. PT., ONTARIO WEST.	for payment of Fire Lossee Shareholders unlimited. D Government (for the secu Canada), \$200,000. 35 St. J Montreal. GILLESPIE, J for the Dominion. LEWIF for Toronto. R. MacD.	Francois Xavier Street,	Thurs RATI Cab
INCREASE SURPLUS, } - \$2,690,4	DR. H.		7. — RAL AGENT-EAST PANEE.	for Toronto. R. MACD. 工 泊 I ONDON 0.		moda: \$30.00 \$110.0 age, \$ *By
INCREASE N INCOME, } - \$3,718,12		Gore Fire	Ins. Co.	LUNDON & 1	RE	\$50.00, tion. Ticket \$60.00.
NCREASE - \$10,664,0	IS.II Bisks	taken on Cash or	Mutual Plans.	INSURANCE W. A. SIMS.	COMPANT.	this si senger Septe

RTH AMERICAN Life Assurance Co. RATED BY SPECIAL ACT OF THE DOMING PARLIAMENT.

Insurance.

NORTHERN

ASSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LONDON, ENG.

Branch Office for Canada: 1724 Notre Dame St., Montreal,

INCOME AND FUNDS (1588.

Jan. 1, 1887.

ROBERT W. TYRE, MANAGEB FOB CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, - . MONTREAL,

This Company will sell its instruments at prices ranging from \$10 to \$25 per set. These instruments are under the protection of the Company's patents, and purchasers are therefore entirely free from risk of litigation.

of lifigation. This Company will arrange to connect places not having telegraphic facilities with the nearest tele-graph office, or it will build private lines for firms or individuals, connecting their places of business or residences. It is also prepared to manufacture all kinds of electrical apparatus. Full particulars can be obtained at the Company s offices as above, or at S. John, N.B., Halifar, N.S., Winnipeg, Man., Victoria, P.C.

Steamship Companies.

RATES OF PASSAGE BY MAIL STEAMERS. QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.

H. C. BAKER, Manager Ontario Department, Hamiltor

Insurance.

ULL GOVERNMENT DEPOSIT. DIRECTORS: LEX. MACKENZIE, M.P., ex-Prime Minis

DIRECTORS: LEX. MACKENZIE, M.P., es.Prime Minise anada, President. LEXANDER MORRIS, M.P., and JOHN SLAIKIE, ESQ., Pres. Can. Landed Crein Vice-Presidents. W. Allan, Senator. e Desjardins, Esq., M.P., Montreal. A. Macdonald, ex-Lieutemant-Gov.of Onkein Robertson, Esq., Pres. Mont'I Harber Trei nith, Esq., D.C.L., Pres. Building & Loss hi srr, Esq., Q.C. (Messrs. Kerr, Macdonall dson & Patterson). prison, Esq., Governor British Am. Fire 4.0. redith, Esq., LLD., Vice-President Torons ts Corporation. mpbell, Esq., Pres. British Can. L. & In.00 ts, Esq., Manufacturez, Guelph. sy, Esq., Director Federal Bank of Canals ok, Esq., M.P., Toronto. Lake, Esq., Meecher and Financial Agent Galley. Esq., Alderman ghes, Esq. (Messrs. Hughes Bros., Wholeas hants). horburn, Esq., Toronto. affray, Esq., Merchant. Lennan, Esq., J.L.A., Managing Director. BE, Esq., Marthant.

ITISH EMPIRE MUTUAL Assurance Comp'y OF LONDON ENGLAND,

ESTABLISHED 1847.

lated Funds nearly \$6,400,000 Income over 1,800,000 In Investments nearly.. 700,000

DA BRANCH, - MONTREAL

DIRECTORS. BURNETT, Esq., President Montreal Stock Exchange S GRENIER, Esq., President La Banque du Peuple MCLENNAN, Esq., Director Bank of Montreal

SIMMS, Eso. Of R. Simms & Co F. STANCLIFFE,

General Manage & A. W. SMITH, GENERAL AGENTS, TOROS H JEFFERS, NAGER WESTERN ONTABIO, London, Ont.

GUARDIAN

and Life Assurance Company OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

HE, (GEO. DENHOLS,) -HENRY D. P. ARMSTRONG, 24 Scott St Brit. Am. Ass. Co. Bidg. -W. H. Godwin, British Whig Building. --GEORGE H. GILLESPIE, 30 James St

PHENIX SSURANCE COMPANY, LONDON.

SSURANCE COMPANT, LUNDON shed in 1782. Canadian Branch established losses paid since the establishment of the 'exceed \$75,000,000. Balance held in hand ent of Fire Losses, \$3,000,000. Liability of ders unlimited. Deposit with the Dominion ent (for the security of policy holders in \$200,000. 35 St. Francois Xavier Street, 3, GILLESPIE, PATERSON & Co., Agent ominion. LEWIS MOFFAT & Co., Agent to. R. MACD. PATERSON, MANAGEN.

THE ON & LANCASHIRE FIRE JRANCE COMPANY. T. M. PRINGLE, MANAGE GEB. Agents at Winghan; Brussels and Perth.

THE MONETARY TIMES

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON, Oct, 2nd. Beerbohm's message reports :-Floating car-goes-Wheat, nil; maize, very little demand. Cargoes on passage-Wheat, not much demand; maize, seems weak. Mark Lane-Wheat; steady; maize, demand quiet; flour, firm; good cargoes mixed American maize, present and following month, 19s. 3d., was 19s. 6d. to 193. 9d. Weather in England fair.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 2nd.

 INCOME AND FUNDS (1888.

 Subscribed Capital
 \$15,00,000

 Of which is paid
 \$15,00,000

 Pire Premiums
 \$3,075,000

 Life Prem ums
 1.015,000

 Interest
 745,000

 \$4,835,000
 \$4,835,000

 JAMES LOCKIE, - - Inspector.
 Inspector.

LONDON WOOL SALES.

D

C.

4200000000

THE BELL TELEPHONE COY OF CANADA. ANDREW ROBERTSON, PRESIDENT, C. F. SISE, VICE-PRESIDENT, C. P. SCLATER, SECRETARY-TREASURER. HEAD OFFICE

TORONTO PRICES CURRENT.

(CONTINUED.)

Sawn Lumber, Inspected,	B. 1.	
Clear pine, 12 in. or over, per M	883 00	35 00
Pickings, 11 in. or over	23 00	25 00
Clear & pickings, 1 in	23 00	25 00
Do. do. 11 and over	30 00	32 00
Flooring, 11 & 11 in	15 00	16 00
Dressing	15 00	16 00
Ship, culls stks & sidgs	12 00	13 00
Joists and Scantling	12 50	. 13 5)
Clapboards, dressed	19 50	· 00 00
Shingles, XXX, 16 in.	9 35	2 40
Shingles, XXX, 10 III.	1 40	1.60
	1	1 85
Lath	10 00	13 00
Spruce	10 00	11 00
Hemlock	12 00	14 00
Tarjarac	00	

Hand Woods - W M. ft. B.W.

ALLAN LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAM'SHIPS. 1889. Summer Arraugement. 1889. INVERPOOL Friday, April 19 *Circassian Friday, May 10 Thursday 2 Parisian Friday, May 10 Thursday 2 Parisian Friday, May 10 Thursday 2 Polypesian "Start 1989. 23	Birch, No. 1 and 2 \$17 00 90 00 Maple. 16 00 18 00 Cherty. 60 00 55 00 Ash, white, 24 00 98 00 " black." 16 00 18 00 " black." 16 00 18 00 " black." 16 00 18 00 " cock." 18 00 00 00 Oak, white, No. 1 and 2 25 00 30 00 " rock." 18 00 00 00 " cock." 18 00 90 00 Balm of Gilead, No. 1 and 2 25 00 30 00 Walnut in. No. 1&2 50 00 100 00 Bott-rnut " 40 00 60 00 Basswood 16 00 18 00 40 00 Whitewood, " 35 00 40 00
Friday 10 +Carthagenian Thursday, June 6 Friday 24 *Circassian Fuiday 14 Thursday 30 Parisian Friday 14 Thursday 30 Parisian Friday 20 "June 6 Polynesiaa " 27 Friday 14 +Carthagenian " 27 Friday 20 Sardinian Thursday July 11 Friday 28 *Circassian Friday 29 """ 11 Polynesiaa" " Aug. 1 Friday 19 Polynesiaa" " Aug. 1 Friday 19 Circassian Friday 23 Thursday 25 Sardinian Thursday 23 Thursday 82 Circassian Thursday 29 """ 15 Polynesian Thursday 29 """ 15 Polynesian Thursday 29 """" 15 Polynes	Coal, Hard, Egg 8 3 dy 0 00 ""Store 5 50 0 00 ""Store 5 50 0 00 "Soft Blossburg 6 00 000 "Briarhill best 6 00 000 ""Briarhill best 0 00 5 50 Wood, Hard, best uncut 0 00 6 00 000 """Strand quality, uncut 0 00 4 50 """ cut and split 0 00 4 50 """ ett and split 0 00 4 50 """ slabs 3 50 0 00 Hay and Straw. Hay, Loose, Timothy \$10 0.0 12 50 "" loose 6 00 7 00 9 00 Baled Hay, first-class 11.60 12 00

Wood,	Hard,	and quanty, anous	Ö	00		040
**	H Pine.	cut and split	0	00 00		0 4
	Fille,	cut and split		00 50	A	4
- (##	1	slabs				0

Hay and Straw.

Ash.	01	1000	
SIU	03	12	50
Hay, Loose, Timothy	00	9	00
Straw, bundled oat	00	12	50
Straw, bulldied out	,00	7	00
Baled Hay, first-class 11-	80	12	00
Baled Hay, more change			

LIVERPOOL PRICES.

Ostober 2nd, 1889. s. d. 11 101

QUEREC TO LIVERPOOL. Cabin, \$60.00, \$70.00 and \$80.00, according to accom- modation. Servants in Cabin, \$50.00. Intermediate, \$30.00. Steerage, \$20.00. Return Tickets, Cabin, \$110.00, \$130.00, \$150.00. Intermediate, \$60.00. Steer- age, \$40.00.	LIVERPOOL PRICES. October 2nd, 18
 *By Circassian or other extra steamers. Cabin, \$20.00, \$60.00, and \$70.00, according to accommoda- tion. Intermediate, \$30.00. Steerage, \$20.00. Return Tickets, \$90.00, \$110.00, and \$139.00. Intermediate, \$60.00. Steerage, \$40.00. †The Carthagenian will not carry passengers from this side. There will be no steamer carrying pas- sengers from Quebec May 31st, July 5th, August 9th, September 13th. H. BOURLIER, Gen. Pass. Agt. Allan Line, Corner King and Yonge Streets, Toronto. 	Wheat, Spring 7 "Red Winter

415	
Raflway Companies.	
OF CANADA.	
Internet	
Tickets may be obtained and all information bout the route, sloo freight and passenger rates, in application to N. WEATHERSTON, Western Freight and Passenger Acent, 93 Rossin House Block, York St., Toronto. D. POTTINGEB, Chief Superintendent, Sailway Office, Moneton, N.B 2nd July, 1889.	
Chas-A-Sandhare BRIVERON ULUDS	
THE DRY BATTERY DRY BATTERY Excels all others, wher- ever Electric Bells are used. It is cheaper, more reliable, are tred. It is cheaper, more reliable, are used. It is cheaper, more reliable, are tred. It is cheaper, more tred.	
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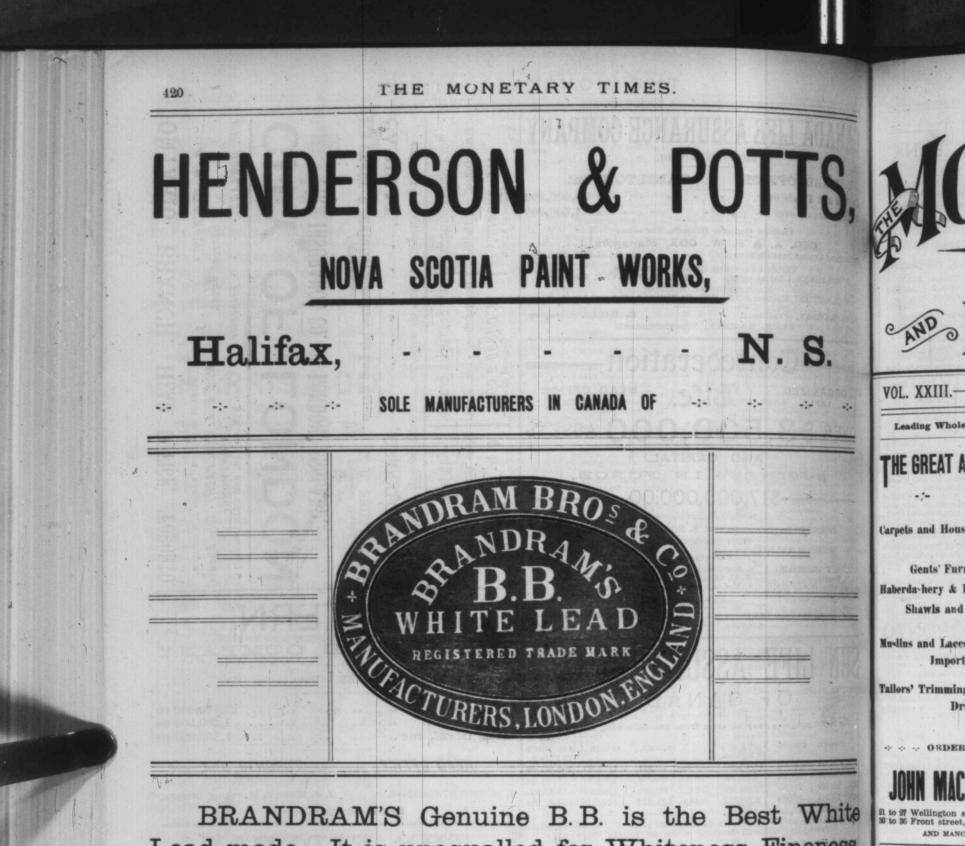
Leading Barristers.	STOCI	AND	BOND	REPORT	C.	
COATSWORTH, HODG/NS & CO., BARRISTERS, Etc. 15 York Chambers, No. 9 Toronto St., Toronto	BANKS.	Sub serib	- Dalital	Rast. de	CLOSING	and the second se
TELEPHONE 244. E. COATSWORTH, JR., L.L.B. FRANK E. HODGIN	8. British Columbia	\$2,433, \$243 4,866	,333 \$2,433,333 ,666 4,866,666	\$ 585,333	9% Oct. 8.	per that
THOMSON, HENDERSON & BELL, Barristers, Solicitors, &c.	Canadian Bank of Commerce Central Commercial Bank of Manitoba Commercial Bank, Windsor, N.S Dominion	50 6,000, 	000 6,000,000 900 364,150 000 960,000	25 000 8 60, 00 8	100 1281 129 Suspended	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
OFFICES-FANE BRITISE NOETH AMERICA BOGS. 4 Wellington Street East, TORONTO. D. F. THOMSON. DASAD HENDERSON. GEO. BELL WALTER MACDONALD.	Federal Halifax Banking Co Hamilton Hochalasa	50 1,500, 100 1,950, 90 500, 100 1,000, 100 710,1	000 1,483,881 000 1,950,000 000 500,000 000 1,000,000	500 000 3 100,000 3 400,000 4		on III.S
Registered Cable Address- "Therson," Toronto.	Imperial La Banque Du Peuple. La Banque Jacques Cartier La Banque Nationale	100 1,500,0 50 1,900,0 95 500,0	000 1,500,000 000 1,200,000 000 500,000	350,000 S	155 157	Hin I
Barristers and Solicitors. 5 York Chambers, Toronto Street,	London	100 1,200,0 100 1,000,0 100 5,798,3 100 1,000,0	000 923,598 300 5,750,000 000 1.000,000	200,000 3	5 Suspended 146 148 1973	146.00
GEORGE LINDSEY. W. L. M. LINDSEY	New Brunswick	50 9,006,0 900 19,000,0 100 500,0	000 19,000,000 00 500,000	6,000,000 5 375,000 6	235 237	100
W. G. SHAW. J. E. HANSFORD, SHAW & HANSFORD, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, &c.	Ottawa People's Bank of Halifax People's Bank of N. B.	100 1,114,3 100 1,500,0 100 1,000,0 20 600,0 50 180,0	000 1,500,000 000 1,000,000 000 600,000	460,000 33 575,000 33 363,000 35 53,000 25 100,000 4	1474 1317 136 101	147.00 154.5) 301.00
11 UNION BLOCK, 26 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO, ONT.	St. Stephen's Standard	100 2.500,0 100 200,0 50 1,000,0 100 2,000,0	00 200,000 00 1,000,000	500 000 34 35,000 4 410,000 84 1.4.10,000 4	1371 1381 990	
* * Money to Loan. * * R. P ECHLIN,	Western	50 500,0 100 1,900,0 100 500,0 100 500,0	00 1,300,000 00 478,430	40,000 94 150,000 8 20,000 34 60,000 34	102	51.00
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary Public, &c. FELEPHONE 1739.	LOAN COMPANIES. UNDER BUILDING Soc's' ACT, 1859.	75 300,0	00 303,000	41,000 8	108	SLOO
OFFICES, - No. 4 KING STREET, EAST, TOBONTO.	Agricultural Savings & Loan Co Dominion Sav. & Inv. Society Huron & Erie Loan & Savings Co	50 630,00 50 1.000,00 50 1.500,00	00 \$18,950	98,000 34 3 453,000 43	88 92	410
MACLAREN, MACDONALD, MERRITT & Shepley,	Union Loan & Savings Company	00 1.500,00 00 3.198,91 50 1,000,00 50 4,500,00	00 1.100,000 00 1,301 380 00 627,000	215,000 3 631 (58 5 215,000 4 1,320,000 6	1577 123 136 169 189	78.75 183.00 160.00 160.00
Barristers, Solicitors, &c., Onion Loan Buildings 28 and 30 Toronto Street,	Western Canada Loan & Savings Co. Building & Loan Association Ontario Loan & Deben. Co., London Landed Banking & Loan Co.	50 3,000,00 25 750,00 50 2,000,00 00 700,00	00 1.400.000 00 750,000 00 1,200,000	700.000 5 100,000 3 340,000 34	2)11 204 180 108 125	100.50 150,00 97,00 6850
TORONTO. J. MACLAREN J. H. MACDONALD, Q.C. W. MERRITT G. F. SHEPLEY R. C. DONALD,	Farmers Loan & Savings Company People's Loan & Deposit Co London Loan Co. of Canada	50 300,00 50 1,057,25 50 600,00 50 679,70	0 300,000 0 611,430 10 589,39 1 0 622,650	80,000 3 75,000 3 112,500 3 107,000 3 60,000 3	190	60.00 60.00
PARKES, & GUNTHER, BARRISTERS. E. F. GUNTHER.	UNDER PRIVATE ACTS.	50 750,00 00 8,452,70		160,000 4 115,000 3à	110	110,00
Offices:- 37 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont. PARKES, MARSHALL & WASHINGTON, BARRISTERS. Hamilton, Ont.	lanitoba & North-West, Loan Co. do. British Can. Loan & Inv. Co. Ltd. do. Canada Landed Credit Co. do. London & Can. Ln. & Agy. Co. Ltd. do. Land Security Co. (Ont. Legisla.)	00 1,250,000 00 1,620,000 50 1,500,000 50 5,000,000 25 977,82	0 312,500 9 392,412 0 663,997 0 700,000	115,000 34 111,000 34 60,000 34 158,000 34 360,000 5 430,000 5	109 112 113 118 1351 1363	108.00 (112.10 59.00 67.75 65.00
H. W. MICKLE,	National Investment Co., Ltd 1	00 829,850 00 1,700,000	0 425,000	106,000 34 30,000 3	120 102 104	120.30
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, Etc., MANNING ARCADE, · · · KING STREET WEST,	ONT. JT. STE. LETT. PAT. ACT, 1874.	50 800,000 00 450,000		5,000		18.90
TORONTO.	MISCELLANEOUS.	0 500;000 0 2,665,600	309,056	52,000 34 120,000 35	1143	114.50
BBONS, MCNAB & MULKERN, Baristers & Attorneys,	Canada North-West Land Co	0 \$2,000,000 0 2.000,000	£1,500,000 82,000,000 2,000,000	10,408	89 1 85 94 95	37.E0 82.30
OFFICE-Corner Richmond & Carling Streets, LONDON, ONT.	N. S. Sugar Refinery	0	********		2 81 2082 1375 176 178	657.50 88.00
C. C. GIBBONS GEO. M'NAB MULEERN FRED. F. HARPE:	INSURANCE COMPANIES. ENGLISH-Quotations on London M	.		RAILWAYS.	Par value ¥ Sh.	London Sept. 21
EREDITH, CLARKE, BOWES & HILTON, Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, &c.	*		Usisda Cel	ntral 6% 1st h	lorigage	602 702 107 109 193 18
D MEDDENNE AN I	No. Last Divi- dend. NAME OF COMPANY.	East Sale Sept.21	do. F	etnal debentu de bonds, 2nd irst preference econd pref. sto	Beressessesses 10	196 188 130 188 775 78 576 58
A. MEREDITH, Q.C. H. BOWES. J. B. CLARKE F. A. HILTON. AVIS & GILMOUR,	50 000 18 0 Tales The same		do. T	hird pref. stoc	k 100	576 559 892 334 194 195 108 105 110 118
Barristers, Solicitors, &c. OFFICES-McIntyre Block, No. 416 Main Street, WINNIPEC, MANITOBA.	100.000 Fire Ins. Assoc 00 20,000 5 Gnardian 100 19,000 32 Imperial Fire 100 2 180,000 10 Lancashire F. & L. 20 2	5 36 37 2 1 1 0 88 91 5 173 178 9 73 81 2 73 81 2 56 58	do. do. do. Toronto, Gr	% bonds, 1890 1 Ist mtg. bond Can. 5 % first : % extra pref eb. stock 4% ey & Bruces %	ntge 100 100 stg. bonds	106 110 108 104 99 101 94 91
H. GILMOUR GHENT DAVIS	2 300,000 571 Liv.Lon.& G.F.& L. Stk 30,000 20 Northern F. & L 100 1	24 56 58 14 4 44 25 16 ¹ / ₂ 17 26 41 42 0 69 70	Wellington,	Grey & Brace SECURITIE	A REAL PROPERTY AND INCOME.	London Sept.21
BARRISTERS, &c. Offices: No. 9 Main Street East,	130,000 23 North Brit. & Mer 25 6,793 5½ Pheenix 50 5 200,000 9 Queen Fire & Life 10 100,000 414 Hoyal Insurance 20	62 472 482 0 278 290 1 62 7 8 514 522	Dominion 5	ovt. deb., 5% st	g	
HAMILTON, ONT. B. Osler, Q.C. hn Harrison. J. V. Teetzel. H. S. Osler.	b0,000 Scottish Imp.F.&L. 10 10,000 4 Standard Life 50 1 4 CANADIAN. 50 1		do. 1 do. bo	% do. 1904, b ands, 4 %, 1904, 8	6 Ins. stock	110 119 107 109 107 109
PHERSON, CLARK & JARVIS, Barristers, Solicitors, &c.	10,000 7 Brit. Amer. F. & M. 850 85 8,500 15 Canada Life	Oct. 3	do. Toronto Cor do. di	do. 5% poration, 6%, 1 o. 6%, 1906, Wa	, 1909 897 Ster. tter Works Dep.	
TCES, - 17 TORONTO STREET, TORONTO. Telephone 1334. n Murray Clark - Wm. David McPherson.	8 000 10 0	040	D1800	UNT RATES	-	Sept. 21



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