

# The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XII

CHATHAM ONT., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14, 1903

NO. 2

## Bedsread ...Special

Full double bed size, white cotton honey-comb bedsreads, fine soft finish, good weight, easy to wash and of extra fine appearance, on sale very special at each, 93c

### LINEN TOWEL SPECIAL.

Fine Linen Huck Towel, large size, 18 in. x 38 in. fringed and bordered at both ends, fine finish, heavy weight, very special value on sale at each 10c

### PILLOW COTTON SPECIAL.

Extra heavy linen finish, English Pillow Cotton, bleached, 40 in. wide, circular, reg. value 15c. yd. on sale special at 12 1/2c

### MERCERIZED SATEEN SPECIAL.

Fine English Mercerized sateen, handsome bright finish and good weight for waists, undershirts and linings, in black and every wanted dark and light color, on sale very special at 20c

### LACE CURTAIN SPECIALS.

Fine Nottingham and Fish Net Lace Curtains in white and ivory in twelve of the very newest designs, personally selected at the mills in Nottingham, including plain centres, Louis XV borders, and all our designs, guaranteed for wear and appearance—very special value, on sale at a pair, \$2.50

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Extraordinary value in English Tapestry Rugs—a bargain picked up from the factory in England, 25 per cent. under regular prices. The colorings are good and the designs are excellent, and prices run this way: 3 yds. x 4 yds. for \$9.25; 3 yds. x 3 1/2 yds. for \$7.50; 3 yds. x 3 yds. for very special price \$6.50

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Ladies' Ribbed Union Vests and Drawers, fine soft finish, unshrinkable, just the weight for immediate wear, very special value at per garment, 25c

## THOS. STONE & SON.

## THE ARK

FOR CHILLY WEATHER.

Before starting your furnace or base burner

### THE KLONDYKE HEATERS

are just what is required.

They will take in a large block of wood or burn up the scraps, will hold fire for 24 hours. They work perfectly. Price from \$4.25 up, according to finish. For rooms where it is not convenient to put a stove we have the "Ark" Oil Stove Heaters. These stoves will warm an ordinary size room comfortably. The price is \$5.00. See samples in "THE ARK" window during this week.

## H. MACAULAY,

Phone 159, 89 King St.

Everything in Lamps you can get here.

## In Stoves and Furs We Lead.

In price we can suit you; in quality we are away ahead; in variety our stock is three times larger than any in the city. No matter how little or how much you want we can suit you.

## Geo. Stephens & Co.

## JURY OF TWELVE KENT YEOMEN GIVE VERDICT FOR THE PLANET

Decision in the Alleged Libel Case Unanimously Reached  
in Seven Short Minutes—Finding Was  
"No Libel."

### Addresses of His Lordship and Counsel

Resume of the Evidence of Witnesses Called—Statements of the Officers—Planet had no Quarrel with Plaintiff But Believed He was Instigated by Individuals with Personal Animosity Against the Paper—Colonel Rankin Testifies that He Was Ill-Advised—Comment of His Lordship to the Jury.

It is a jury of twelve sturdy and upright yeomen of the county of Kent, who last evening decided that the Planet committed no libel in giving to the public interested a full, fair, accurate and unprejudiced account of the facts in connection with the recent Regimental Band and certain bandmen reduced to the ranks, while others were summarily dealt with and dismissed as a result of certain conduct on their part.

The action arose from a writ, charging libel, served on this journal by one J. G. Kerr, acting as solicitor for Harry C. Philp, bandmaster of the ex-Regimental Band, complaining of the following report of an officers' meeting which appeared in The Planet of July 10 last, alleging it to be libellous and asking therefor damages to the amount of one thousand dollars.

The full text of this report was as follows:

#### BAND TROUBLE.

The band embroglio, which has created such manifest interest throughout the city, was the subject of discussion at last evening's adjourned meeting of the officers of the 24th Regiment, Lieut.-Col. Rankin presided, and there was a large attendance of the officers present.

A number of applications for the position of regimental bandmaster and for membership in the band were laid over, also letters from former bandmen, now out of the city, relative to their instruments.

There was a strong sentiment evidenced in favor of the reinstatement of Bandmaster H. C. Philp. The Colonel pointed out that, while there were several grave inaccuracies in his published statement, he believed the ex-bandmaster was more sinned against than sinning. Lieut.-Surgeon Dr. Tye, Quartermaster Dr. Cornell, Adjutant Colliart and others spoke in the same strain and expressed their belief that Mr. Philp had been led into his present position against his better judgment by the unwise counsel of others.

It was pointed out, however, that in view of the recent action, instigated by the ex-bandmaster, of breaking in and forcibly entering the armory as King's property, nothing could be done pending the action of the military authorities at Ottawa. In accordance with the military law the matter will be to-day reported to Lieut.-Col. Peters, D. O. C., and thence to the Adjutant-General at Ottawa. The matter was now entirely out of the hands of the local militia and they could take no action pending instructions from headquarters.

It was decided, upon advice from headquarters, to at once proceed, in co-operation with the old Band Association, to replevin all instruments owned by the Regiment and the Association and now in use by the Band, and hold them pending the decision of the Adjutant-General.

In view of the expulsion of ex-Bandman W. H. Brackin from the Band and Regiment, it was decided to proceed against him under the civil law. The officers were very severe in condemnation of the reported conduct, actions and subsequent behavior of the young man, and it was decided to make an example of him. The officers instructed the laying of four serious Police Court charges against the ex-bandman, viz., the using of profane and insolent language to the soldiers while on parade, the threatened mutilation of the Regiment's property, the detention of the King's uniform, and the using, while in a public bar room, of obscene and profane language concerning Col. Rankin, Major Scholfield and Adjutant Colliart.

The case came up before Chief Justice Sir William R. Meredith at High Court yesterday morning. A jury was empanelled and the case proceeded. For the plaintiff, Philp, were J. T. Mabey, K. C., of Stratford, as counsel; J. G. Kerr, who had acted as solicitor throughout, and R. L. Brackin, a young man who apparently took

himself seriously.

The Planet was represented by W. R. Riddell, K. C., Toronto, and O. L. Lewis, of this city.

In opening the case Mr. Mabey addressed the jury, presenting the plaintiff's view of the case. He alleged that in speaking of the plaintiff's instigating the breaking in and forcibly entering in connection with the report The Planet had libelled the plaintiff. He also briefly traced the history of the band trouble resulting in the replevin action of the plaintiff against Col. Rankin, in the course of which the breaking in alluded to took place.

Mr. Mabey asked if The Planet admitted publication of the article complained of.

Mr. Riddell—We admit publication of everything in our paper. The Planet has nothing to evade or conceal.

Mr. Mabey then filed with the court a copy of The Planet of July 10th, containing the article complained of, also other copies of this great home journal which he expressed intention of using later, and closed his case.

Messrs. Riddell and Lewis then took up the defence of The Planet, which was set forth in the statement of pleading prepared and filed by Mr. O. L. Lewis. It set forth that the article was a fair, truthful and accurate report of a meeting held on a matter of general public interest and was published in the public interests and without malice.

#### COL. J. B. RANKIN.

Colonel J. B. Rankin, K. C., was the first witness for The Planet. He testified that the reports of the officers' meetings had always been published in the city papers. The report complained of was a perfectly fair and accurate account of what took place at the meeting.

Plaintiff's solicitor objected to this statement.

Col. Rankin, continuing, testified that he had expressed himself at the meeting as being very sorry indeed that Mr. Philp had acted as he had done. Witness had said that he thought that a settlement of the trouble could have been arranged had Mr. Philp not instigated the recent action in reference to breaking into the drill shed. Witness thought that plaintiff, Philp, had been very badly advised. It was witness' duty to report the matter to the military authorities and he had done so.

Mr. Riddell—Is there a regular means provided for members of the militia to gain redress?

Col. Rankin—There is, through the King's regulations.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mabey, Col. Rankin said that the trouble with the band had started on the trip to St. Thomas, but the recent trouble had been caused by the bandmen dropping out on the occasion of the Regiment visiting Holy Trinity Church on Sunday, June 28, and had reached a focus when the band appeared in civilians' clothes at parade on June 29th. Mr. Philp was not blamed for the church trouble, but for the band appearing on Monday night in civilians' clothes to protest against the Colonel's criticism of the Sunday behavior. At the officers' meeting, on July 6th, witness had said that Mr. Philp was more sinned against than sinning, and expressed his belief that plaintiff had been led into his present position by the unwise counsel of others against his better judgment. He was a capable musician if he wouldn't allow others to influence and use him.

#### ADJUT. W. A. COLLIART.

William A. Colliart, late adjutant in the 24th Kent Regiment, said he was at the meeting in question, and corroborated Col. Rankin's evidence as to what had taken place. He had also surrendered H. C. Philp's clarinet to him without replevin order being served on him.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mabey, witness said he had spoken at the meeting exactly along the lines reported in The Planet.

#### MAJOR SCHOLFIELD.

Major G. P. Scholfield, Manager of the Standard Bank, was the next witness. He said he had met the deputy sheriff, the plaintiff and J. G. Kerr in Harrison Hall on the day the drill shed had been broken into. Mr. Beeston said that he had been instructed to break into the armory and witness asked him to wait till the Colonel returned from attending court at Wallaceburg that evening. The solicitor for the plaintiff had refused to do so. Witness had asked that a stay of proceedings be granted, advancing many reasons. He said that one banker would wait for another if he gave his word of honor in such a matter, and he appealed to Kerr as to whether lawyers would not treat each other similarly. The solicitor, however, declined to wait even on the representations he made. He had afterwards attended the adjourned meeting of the officers and had heard what the Colonel had said. He corroborated the Colonel's statements in reference thereto. He had read the report of that meeting in The Planet, which was the article complained of.

Witness had assured Mr. Kerr in Harrison Hall that nothing would be disturbed in the drill shed if he would wait until Colonel Rankin came home, but his assurances were of no avail.

#### CAPT. FRED. STONE.

Capt. Fred. Stone, of the firm of Houston, Stone & Scane, was the next witness. He corroborated previous witness. Capt. Stone said he was also present at the meeting in question and had read the report complained of in The Planet. The Colonel had given a fair and accurate statement of the facts in connection with the meeting and the report.

#### CROWN ATTORNEY SMITH.

Lieut. Herbert D. Smith, Crown Attorney, said he had been present at the meeting in Harrison Hall when Major Scholfield said that the plaintiff had a writ of replevin issued and the sheriff wanted to go into the armory. Witness said he didn't think that the Major could give permission. The Colonel was out of the city. He would no doubt be back that night, and witness asked Mr. Kerr to let the matter wait until morning. If the private property was not returned then, there would be plenty of time in the morning to break into the drill shed. Witness also questioned the right of the sheriff to break into the King's property. He said he did not believe he had that right. Mr. Kerr refused to wait and said, "Let matters take their course." Witness also stated that at the officers' meeting in question a committee had been appointed, composed of Dr. Tye and Harry Anderson, editor of The Planet. The committee had been named for the purpose of interviewing Mr. Philp with a view of securing his re-statement in the Regiment. Both of these gentlemen had been specially selected because of their friendship for Mr. Philp.

Cross-examined, witness said that he thought that if Mr. Philp had any complaint he should have made it under military law, that he was not justified in taking the course he did.

#### HAD WRITTEN REPORT.

Harry W. Anderson, editor of The Planet, was the next witness. He said he was the Harry Anderson mentioned in the previous examination, and he was always very friendly towards plaintiff. He only knew of the proceedings under the writ of replevin from what the reporters brought in. He had written the report of the officers' meeting, complaining of it. It was a fair, full and accurate report in every particular. He thought it a pity to detail other members of the staff to do the work when he himself was present at the meeting. The meeting had not come to the conclusion that Mr. Philp should be court-martialed while witness was present. When he learned of the notice of writ served by Mr. Philp, he at once telephoned to plaintiff's office, but he was not in. A few days later witness met plaintiff in front of the Bell telephone office. Witness had said to plaintiff that there surely must be some misunderstanding. Mr. Philp had replied that he had no feeling at all against The Planet. Witness had told plaintiff that he had reported the meeting himself and had sought to be quite fair. Plaintiff had replied that he wasn't pushing the notice of writ, didn't want to, in fact, but Mr. Kerr wanted him to issue it to strengthen his

hand in the Brackin Police Court case.

It was only fair to Mr. Philp to say that at the same interview he had complained about an article in The Planet in which it had been stated that his band had been enabled to fulfil their engagement at the Eau du Fort by borrowing instruments from the Fenian Band. This report, however, was quite true, although witness had assured Mr. Philp he regretted any annoyance it might have caused him. Mr. Frank D. Laurie, Manager of the Bell Telephone Co., had seen Mr. Philp and witness have the interview in question.

Some time afterwards Mr. Philp had telephoned asking Mr. Anderson to insert a notice of the first band concert on the Park. Witness had sent Mr. Angus to get the program and had printed it.

Mr. Kerr had telephoned him asking that Mr. Brackin's apology be not printed. He had assured witness that all proceedings against the paper had been dropped.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mabey, witness said that he didn't want anybody misled as to what had occurred at the officers' meeting and he was anxious that the public should know it just as it had occurred. Witness had seen plaintiff and the latter had assured witness that he did not want to sue The Planet for libel. He was urged into it by Mr. Kerr. The writ came about two months after the notice.

Witness acknowledged writing the article in The Planet of September 1st, in which it stated that The Planet had been served with a writ of replevin. He did not write it in the Satchel of the Satellite of July 4th to this effect, "Harry C. Philp is manly and straightforward. It's too bad there isn't some more like him. Of course, while thousands like him there are not so many like him."

#### THE BRACKIN CASE.

Witness had probably seen it before it was printed. Witness had written the paragraph beginning "By Proxy" in the issue of October 3rd. Witness had seen Harry C. Philp about the 13th or 14th of July. Witness had commenced the conversation. He had asked plaintiff what the difficulty was. Plaintiff claimed the only reason for the notices of writ was the desire of Mr. Kerr to strengthen his hand in the Brackin case. The Brackin Police Court case was disposed of about the 20th of July. The writ was issued on August 31st in this case, but after The Planet received the writ witness had never seen Mr. Philp. He knew that if confidence could be broken once it could be broken again. He also knew from what Mr. Philp said that the writ had resulted from some individuals with personal animosity against the paper and not from Harry C. Philp, and he felt, accordingly, that it would do no good to see Mr. Philp again. Mr. Kerr, solicitor for plaintiff, had also personally assured witness that the action against the paper had been stopped. Mr. Kerr had made this statement at noon on the day that the Brackin case came up in the Police Court. The interview had taken place in the doorway of E. J. MacIntyre's store and was at Mr. Kerr's request. Mr. Kerr was pleading with witness to use his influence with Mr. Stephenson not to have the apology of Bandman W. H. Brackin, which, he said, was a very subject one, published. Witness told Mr. Kerr that he had not yet seen the apology but would speak to Mr. Stephenson about it. In so doing, Mr. Kerr presented as a reason for asking this that the proposed actions against Mr. Brackin and Philp had been abandoned and he gave his word of honor to that effect. Plaintiff had not dictated any notice about the band concert but had simply telephoned witness.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mabey—Didn't Mr. Philp ask you specially to print it Citizens Band? Witness—He did not.

Mr. Mabey—You printed it ex-Regimental Band?

Witness—I can't say, but I think it was so printed.

Re-examined by Mr. Riddell. Mr. Riddell—It had been in your paper about the breaking open of the armory?

Mr. Mabey objected to this question.

The Judge ruled that this evidence should be put in to show that the breaking into the armory was a matter of common knowledge. It would be primary evidence in connection with the article complained of. Mr. Riddell didn't press the point.

#### AN OUTSIDE ANIMOSITY.

Witness, continuing, said that he hadn't sought Mr. Philp after the writ had been issued because there had been a breach of faith and agreement and he had consequently no confidence in any further negotiations. In the second place, he was quite confident that Mr. Philp was not taking the action voluntarily, but that other outside influence resulting from the Brackin matter was urging and prodding him on.

Mr. Riddell—This W. H. Brackin is the young man who with Philp had issued notices of writ against The Planet through Mr. Kerr?

Witness—Yes, sir.

Mr. Riddell then read the Regimental Orders, published in The Planet of June 30th and asked witness if the man Brackin mentioned as being dismissed for having acted in an insolent and insolent manner while on parade was the same person.

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Riddell—In view of the expulsion, the officers decided to proceed against Brackin under the civil law?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Riddell—They laid four serious charges against him in the Police Court, didn't they, for using profane

language, filthy and

guage and all that sort.

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Riddell—And he a victim by making an able

Witness—He apologised

cases were then withdrawn

Mr. Riddell—You didn't

apology as a news item in

port?

Witness—No. We excluded it as

result of Mr. Kerr's request.

Mr. Riddell—The Regiment inserted

the apology in The Planet as a

paid advertisement and you had

nothing to do with it?

Witness—Yes.

CORROBORATIVE EVIDENCE.

J. W. Young, of The Planet staff,

was sworn to prove that J. G. Kerr,

solicitor for plaintiff, had said that

the notices of writ were all a bluff.

The Judge, however, ruled this

evidence out as irrelevant. He said

that what Mr. Kerr had said had no

bearing on the case and he would

so instruct the jury.

Mr. Riddell said he had other

evidence to offer regarding Mr. Kerr's

statements but the Judge ruled it

out.

THE PROPRIETOR.

S. Stephenson, proprietor of The

Planet, was the next witness. He

did not see the article complained

of until it was in print. He was

out of the city at the time and knew

nothing of it. The matter was in the

hands of his editor.

FRANK D. LAURIE.

Frank D. Laurie, manager of the

Bell Telephone Co., had seen Mr.

Philp and Mr. Anderson talking in

front of the Bell Telephone office

some time in July. This was after

the Brackin trouble had started and

before Mr. Laurie left on his holidays

on July 23rd.

This closed the case for The Planet.

THE PLAINTIFF CALLED.

Harry C. Philp, the plaintiff, then

went in the box on his own behalf.

Witness first made a correction in

his examination for discovery. He

had said that he unlocked the outside

door of the drill shed. He had not

done so but had given the key to

Mr. Beeston.

Mr. Mabey—It's been sworn by Col.

Rankin that when you came to his

office on the 4th of July he promised

to go over to the drill shed?

Witness—That's not true.

Q.—Do you know whether he went

to the drill shed or not?

A.—I don't know.

Q.—Had you seen the Colonel at

his office previous to that time?

A.—Yes.

Q.—Was it material to you to have

your instrument?

A.—Yes.

Q.—State your reasons for want-

ing the instruments?

A.—We were under contract to the

Lake Erie R. R. and we had to have

the instruments to play.

Q.—You know Harry Anderson, the

man who wrote this article?

A.—Yes.

Q.—You were always friends?

A.—Yes, but not particular friends.

Little difficulties have occurred be-

fore.

Q.—He says that he met you on

the street in front of the telephone

office. You heard what he said?

A.—I don't remember meeting Mr.

Anderson in front of the telephone

office.

Cross-examined by Mr. Riddell:

Q.—Brackin was never a member

of your band?

A.—No.

Q.—Was he not a member?

A.—No.

Q.—Did he wear bandmen's clothes

and play in the band?

A.—Yes, he played a cornet.

Q.—What was his position in the

Regiment outside of that?

A.—I don't know.

Q.—Why was he expelled from the

Regiment, then?

Q.—I don't know.

Witness stated that when he

presented the demand to Colonel Rankin

for his instrument he didn't wait

for an answer but went right across

the road to his lawyer's. He didn't

think it necessary to wait to see if

he was going to get his instrument.

Witness had served the demand so

as to get a writ of replevin. He

did not have an interview with Mr.

Anderson in front of the telephone

office, and both Mr. Anderson and

Mr. Laurie must be mistaken about



# The Planet.

STEPHENSON - Proprietor.  
Business Office ..... 53A  
Editorial Rooms ..... 53B  
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 14.

## THE "LIBEL" ACTION.

The Planet need scarcely say that it received with sincere satisfaction the verdict of the jury at the High Court yesterday completely vindicating this journal in the course it pursued in reporting in the public interest certain matters pertaining to the recent Regimental Band embroglio in a full, fearless and accurate manner, which it did in good faith, and solely in its desire to acquaint the public with the true facts concerning the same.

Such an emphatic, unanimous and prompt endorsement from a jury of his peers is thoroughly appreciated by the publisher of this journal. It is an incentive and encouragement to straight-forward and honorable journalism in dealing with public events in the public interests. It will be, moreover, appreciated by the whole Canadian press. It testifies eloquently to the fact that Canadian juries are going to administer Canadian justice fully and unflinchingly—and that, in so far as the Canadian press conducts itself worthily and honestly in the public interests, it is to be firmly fortified and protected from the miscellaneous and annoying attacks, which, perhaps, must occasionally result at the hands of individuals to whom this straight-forward course may prove distasteful, or in whom it may engender bitter personal animosity.

And in so saying The Planet has no reference to Mr. Philp, the plaintiff in yesterday's action against this journal. The Planet has no feeling of antagonism or improper motive towards Mr. Philp—never had. It has always sought to treat him fairly and generously—and will continue to do so. It only regrets that he permitted himself to get into the unfortunate position in which he found himself at the conclusion of the trial.

To The Planet the verdict of the jury will be an inspiration to increased loyalty and devotion to the interests of the public at large and the constituency it serves. The newspaper should have no interests of its own antagonistic to its public function—it should have no secret consideration for advocating the cause of individuals under pretense of serving the public good. It must ever remember it is in a confidential relation with the people it serves, and it owes to them all that relation implies.

The importance of absolute sincerity, truthfulness and impartiality in presenting and discussing public questions will be appreciated when the tremendous influence of the press is considered. People look to the press for information upon all current affairs, and their actions are governed, more or less, by what they learn from this source. That these actions may be intelligent and effective, the information must be correct and the discussion fair and honest. Otherwise the people are lulled into a false security in their dearest concerns or are wrongly led to their injury in their most important affairs.

A newspaper—as The Planet takes it—voluntarily assuming these obligations and receiving support upon that assumption has no moral right to falsify or suppress the truth, or explicitly or by indirection mislead the public concerning any public matter.

It cannot ignore any such matter as not being its business, because this is what the nature of its function obliges it to know—at the peril of failing in the very cause and excuse for its being at all. Not to know is to be delinquent—and, knowing, to be silent, is to be derelict.

And, above all, the fact should never be overlooked that the newspaper man is in confidential relation with the public and therefore he should never compromise that relation by advocating the cause of single individuals who endeavor to make use of him for their own gain. He should never compromise his better judgment, by neglecting his full duty to the public.

This is, at least, the view that The Planet holds—and the conviction upon which it proposes to act. It may be that it must result in vindictive animosity on the part of those against whom it militates. If so, we regret it—but it does not make our duty the less plain and imperative. And we have confidence in the support and endorsement of the people themselves, whose interests it is our aim to safeguard and conserve.

The Planet sincerely appreciates the splendid verdict of vindication awarded by the jury yesterday. It will seek to prove itself in the future as in the past—worthy of the public confidence it enjoys, and its actions will be guided solely by its devotion to the public weal and the public right.

## Humors of the Blood

Cause many troubles, pimples, boils and other eruptions, besides loss of appetite, that tired feeling, fits of biliousness, indigestion and headache. The sooner one gets rid of them the better, and the way to get rid of them and to build up the system that has suffered from them is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills.

Forming in combination the most effective alterative and tonic medicine, as shown by unequalled, radical and permanent cures of

Scorfula Salt Rheum  
Psoriasis Boils, Pimples,  
All kinds of Humor Rheumatism,  
Blood Poisoning Dyspepsia,  
Catarrh Debility, Etc.

Accept no substitute, but be sure to get Hood's, and get it today.

## RALEIGH COUNCIL.

The Raleigh council met as a court of revision on the 11th and 12th inst. and on the 13th with all members present.

The necessary statutory oaths were subscribed and filed with the clerk.

Several appeals were received and the clerk reported that he had notified all parties appealed against.

All interested parties present were heard in evidence.

Wellington Wallace submitted the following appeal:

"I take notice that I hereby appeal against the assessment of W. G. McGeorge for the proposed repair of the drain on the 11th and 12th inst. for the following reasons, viz:

"That the S. S. 5, the U. S. 5, the W. S. 5, the E. S. 5, the N. S. 5, the S. S. 6, the U. S. 6, the W. S. 6, the E. S. 6, the N. S. 6, the S. S. 7, the U. S. 7, the W. S. 7, the E. S. 7, the N. S. 7, the S. S. 8, the U. S. 8, the W. S. 8, the E. S. 8, the N. S. 8, the S. S. 9, the U. S. 9, the W. S. 9, the E. S. 9, the N. S. 9, the S. S. 10, the U. S. 10, the W. S. 10, the E. S. 10, the N. S. 10, the S. S. 11, the U. S. 11, the W. S. 11, the E. S. 11, the N. S. 11, the S. S. 12, the U. S. 12, the W. S. 12, the E. S. 12, the N. S. 12, the S. S. 13, the U. S. 13, the W. S. 13, the E. S. 13, the N. S. 13, the S. S. 14, the U. S. 14, the W. S. 14, the E. S. 14, the N. S. 14, the S. S. 15, the U. S. 15, the W. S. 15, the E. S. 15, the N. S. 15, the S. S. 16, the U. S. 16, the W. S. 16, the E. S. 16, the N. S. 16, the S. S. 17, the U. S. 17, the W. S. 17, the E. S. 17, the N. S. 17, the S. S. 18, the U. S. 18, the W. S. 18, the E. S. 18, the N. S. 18, the S. S. 19, the U. S. 19, the W. 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Surgeon, Oculist and Specialist Eye  
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Will be at Chatham on SATURDAY, Sept. 26, Oct. 24, Nov. 28, Dec. 26. Glasses properly fitted. Office at Dr. Lyle's drug store.

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Stocks, bonds, grain, provisions, cotton. Place your orders direct. Put the money in your bank. References—any Bank or Commercial Agency.

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## THE GIBSON PICTURES

AT THE GIBSON STUDIO.  
Cor. King and Fifth Sts CHATHAM.

## A BIT OF BLUE ENAMEL

TRADED BY A VALENTINE

Marjorie was looking at her with admiration, and marvelling how Edgar Hyde could be so cold to her—for cold he undoubtedly was.

She was thinking of this so very earnestly that she forgot to notice her own progress across the ice.

There was one part which was admittedly dangerous, and to this part, in her abstraction, she had skated.

She was half-way across the treacherous bit before she remembered where she was; and even then it was only an ominous cracking sound which aroused her to a sense of her danger.

Alarmed, she tried to skate back into safety, but it was too late.

The treacherous ice was breaking up in all directions.

A piece of water two yards wide, and cold, and dark, and cruel, stretched itself between her and the firm ice on the other side.

The piece on which she stood bent horribly beneath her weight.

Another moment, and, with a pitiful cry for help, she was engulfed in the chilling water.



Madeline, who had witnessed her danger with horror, skated up to the verge of the fatal spot, at the same time uttering loud cries for help.

Marjorie's clothes had kept her from sinking as yet, but it was evident it was but a momentary reprieve.

Unless help was given her speedily she would disappear beyond the reach of human aid.

White as death with agitation, Madeline knelt down at the very edge of the ice, and, regardless of the danger to herself, stretched out her hand to the drowning girl.

In a moment the ice gave way beneath her weight, and she clutched at Marjorie, only to be drawn into the water with her.

If help had not been at hand, neither of the two would have emerged alive. But the gardener had seen the accident, and was hurrying to the lake with a ladder, which was providentially near.

By the aid of this they were rescued, and were removed to the house, pale and shivering indeed, but not seriously the worse for their wetting.

They changed their clothes, but would not do as the frightened servants advised, and go to bed.

They should do quite well, they declared, if they sat warmly wrapped up by the fire in Madeline's own room.

Marjorie had not said much while the servants were present, but the moment she was alone with her friend, she knelt on the floor at her feet, and, taking her hand, kissed it with overflowing gratitude.

"Madeline, how can I ever repay you?" she whispered, while her glowing cheek and shining eye testified to the depth of her emotion. "I owe my life to you!"

Suddenly Madeline bent forward, and clasped her in her arms.

"Do you think so, dear? Then remember the debt until I ask for payment. Some day Marjorie, I may ask a life from you."

She tried to speak with affected lightness, but there was a touch of real, of almost terrible earnestness in her tone, which would not be suppressed, and she kept her head resolutely bent so that Marjorie might not see the flush on her cheek—the strange, excited glitter in her eye.

CHAPTER IX.

St. Valentine's Eve.

The next day was Sunday, and St. Valentine's Eve. Marjorie, who had, of course, been deeply concerned at hearing of the ice accident, which might so easily have been fatal, would not hear of either Madeline or Marjorie attending Divine service at the church.

He himself went, and his nephews, though not without some little demur, accompanied him.

Out of this a little incident arose, which rather discomposed Marjorie. "Now, young men," said the uncle, as he rose from the breakfast table, if you intend to get to church this morning, it is high time you began to think about it."

Edgar made a slight grimace behind his uncle's back.

Edgar hesitated, and said something about his being lonely for the ladies to



The crowning joy of motherhood is to have healthy children. But there can be no joy in motherhood without health, and without health for the mother there can be no health for the child.

It is of vital importance for women to know that the health of mother and child is in general entirely within woman's control. The thousands of women who for the book in paper covers, and 50 prescriptions when expecting motherhood, have testified that it made them healthy and happy in the days of waiting, made the baby's advent practically painless, and gave them health to give their children.

Mrs. W. J. Kidder, of Hill Dale Farm (Rosedale Center), Ennsburg, Va., writes: "During the past year, I have expected my own work, and in rapidly failing health. I suffered dreadfully from bloating and urinary difficulty. I was growing perceptibly weaker each day and suffered much sharp pain at times. I felt that something must be done. I sought your advice and received a prompt reply. Took twelve bottles of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and also followed your instructions. Began to improve immediately, my health became excellent and I could take all the work I wished on a good sized farm. I walked and rode all I could, and enjoyed it. I had a short, easy confinement and have a healthy baby boy."

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing 1008 pages, is given away. Send 31 one-cent stamps for expense of customs and mailing only, for the book in paper covers, and 50 prescriptions for the volume bound in cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

be left at home by themselves.

"Don't you trouble about the ladies, my boy," said Mr. Hyde, cheerily, and yet with a look of slight vexation on his ruddy, good-humoured face. "You'll excuse them—eh, my dears?"

Madeline assented languidly.

Marjorie looked up, and said, with energy—

"Oh, please don't stay at home on our account. We would much rather you went to church, wouldn't we, Madeline?"

"That settles it. Come, my boys. Let us make a start," said Mr. Hyde, cheerily still but with an air which clearly expected to be obeyed.

He left the room at the next moment, and his eldest nephew very coolly made a gesture of derision behind his back.

This did not greatly surprise Marjorie. She was prejudiced against Edgar, and expected nothing better from him.

But what did surprise, and grieve her too, was that Charles should laugh at the gesture, as if he approved of it, clapping his brother on the back the while, and muttering something in his ear which convulsed them both with laughter.

"A pottering old Puritan!" said Edgar, beneath his breath. "Why can't he leave us alone? Goodness knows he does enough psalm-singing for the family!"

Charles laughed again at this, and then, still jesting and grumbling, they quitted the room.

Madeline glanced at Marjorie to see if she had noticed this bit of by-play, and perceiving from her face that she had, she sighed faintly, and said—

"You see, Marjorie, all is not gold that glitters. My cousins usually pass for very well-behaved young men. I daresay you have thought them so. But you observe they can on occasion be disrespectful to their uncle, and make a jest of sacred things. Did you notice, Marjorie?"

"I saw Edgar was very—" began Marjorie, but Madeline stopped her, rather sharply.

"It was not Edgar alone," she cried, adding, after a moment, with great

When the Lamp of Life Burns low the strain on all the delicate organs of the body is very great. The stomach and bowels are weaker—the liver more sluggish. Constipation paves the way for dreaded kidney and liver diseases.



## When the Lamp of Life Burns low

the strain on all the delicate organs of the body is very great. The stomach and bowels are weaker—the liver more sluggish. Constipation paves the way for dreaded kidney and liver diseases.

## Abbey's Big Rescent Salt

Nature's own aperient is extracted from the pure juices of fresh fruit. It is not a purgative but a gently effectual and insistent laxative. It relieves the system of all impurities and acts upon the most sensitive organs without discomfort. Abbey's cleanses and purifies the blood, regulates the bowels and brings sound refreshing sleep. It cures constipation by removing the cause, and brings the entire system back to healthy vigor. Directions on the bottle. At all druggists 25c. and 50c.

energy and significance: "Whatever Edgar's faults may be, Charles has worse."

Marjorie made no reply to this.

Knowing how passionately Madeline loved Edgar, she was far too generous-natured to say another word against him; and, moreover, her heart was heavy as she thought of her own lover. Loyal, loving little soul though she was, she could not help feeling that he had lowered himself greatly in her esteem.

Marjorie was no Puritan.

Her religion was of a sweet, simple, cheerful kind, with no admixture of gloom or bitterness about it.

She was the last in the world to be severe on other people's faults.

But it hurt her to think her lover could make an open jest—even in her presence—of sacred things, and it hurt her still more that he should sneer at his uncle who, she felt sure, had been the best and kindest of friends to both him and Edgar.

Madeline had once remarked that they owed all they had to him.

Marjorie's whole soul revolted against anything like ingratitude.

And so she sat secretly mourning her lover's shortcomings, though not loving him one whit the less because of them.

There had been such a charm in that frank smile and sunny glance of his as had completely won her heart.

She could not take back lightly what she had so fully given.

She and Madeline spent a great part of the morning with their prayer-books, but it may be questioned whether either of them was really able to fix her thoughts on what she read.

Certainly it was a relief to both when the gentlemen came home for luncheon.

Early in the afternoon, the sky, which had been fairly bright in the morning, clouded over, and became a dull, dreary grey, while a soaking rain came down.

It rained without intermission all through the afternoon and evening.

The dullness of the day seemed to cast a shadow on the spirits of almost everybody at Denelands.

Madeline spent the greater part of the afternoon sitting at the window, watching the rain as it poured in a pitiless deluge upon the wood.

The dark mass of trees, stripped of all foliage, looked unspeakably sombre through the grey, wet mist; but Madeline seemed to find a sort of melancholy satisfaction in gazing at it.

Marjorie stole a glance at her more than once, and saw she was not inclined to talk.

She was paler than usual, and there was a look of brooding melancholy in her eyes.

Edgar Hyde kept getting up from his chair and pacing about the room in impatient restlessness, occasionally venting an outburst against the weather.

His eye sat absorbed in thought. Marjorie felt strangely sad and out of sorts, and of all the party Charles Hyde alone retained any vestige of cheerfulness on that dull, dreary February afternoon.

He kept talking genially to each one in turn, and it was only when he found that no one—not even Marjorie—was in the mood for conversation, that he took refuge in a book.

"I feel just as though something were going to happen—something dreadful!" thought Marjorie, with a little shiver of apprehension, as she watched the cold, driving rain.

Then she remembered that to-morrow was St. Valentine's Day, the anniversary of her father's awful death; and at the recollection she shivered again, though she could scarce tell why.

Dinner at Denelands was served early on Sundays than on other days.

The rain continuing, no one attempted to go to church, and the evening to be as dreary as the afternoon.

"I think I'll go round to the stables and have a look at that horse," remarked Charles getting up with a yawn.

The horse he alluded to was the one they had purchased yesterday.

He was away about ten minutes, and when he came back he limped badly, and was evidently in pain.

"The brute has kicked me!" he said, jerking into a chair.

"Why, what the—?" began Edgar, angrily; but stopped at a reproving look from his uncle. "Do you mean to say you can't walk any better than that?" he demanded, after a pause.

"If you'd got my foot, I question whether you'd walk as well," retorted Charles, with perfect good humor. "There's a bruise on it, I'll wager, as black as my hat."

"Come upstairs and let's have a look at it," said his brother, impatiently. "I never knew such a careless fellow. The horse would have been right enough if you'd let it alone."

And he cast an almost savage look at him.

All three gentlemen left the room together, Charles, leaning on his brother's arm.

In about ten minutes Edgar came down, looking cross and sullen.

"To his foot really much hurt?" asked Madeline, while Marjorie was consumed with the secret anxiety she dared not show.

"Oh, yes, he's hurt right enough," replied Edgar, crossly. "What did he want to go meddling with the horse for? His cursed folly may—"

He stopped short, biting his lip in some confusion, as the door opened to admit his uncle, and, behind him, Charles, with his injured foot in a large slipper and his face a trifle paler than usual.

Marjorie sent a glance of sympathy towards him, and he acknowledged it. The horse would have been right enough if you'd let it alone."

And he cast an almost savage look at his nephew, who was presently talking her hand for a moment with a gently reassuring pressure.

To Be Continued.

## SHAKESPEARE ON THE HORSE.

Plays of Great Feet Toss With Pointers About Racers.

A few extracts from the plays of William Shakespeare reveal the great poet in the novel light of an accomplished horse reporter. One of his characters indulges in the following panegyric:

"I will not change my horse with any that treads but on four pasterns. Ca ha! he bounds from the earth as if his entrails were hairs; le chevel volant, the Pegasus, chez les pannes de feu! When I beset him, I soar, I am a hawk; he trots the air; the earth sings when he touches it; the basest horn of his hoof is more musical than the pipe of Hermes."

"It is of the color of nutmeg—and of the heat of ginger. It is a beast for Perseus; he is pure air and fire; and the dull elements of earth, and water never appear in him: he is, indeed, a horse; and all other jades you may call beasts. Indeed, my lord, it is a most absolute and excellent horse."

"It is the prince of palfreys; his neigh is like the bidding of a monarch, and his countenance enforces homage. No more, cousin! Nay, the man hath no wit that cannot from the rising of the lark to the lodging of the lamb vary deserved praise on my palfrey; it is a theme fluent as the sea; turn the sands into eloquent tongues, and my horse is argument for them all; 'tis a subject for a sovereign to reason on, and for a sovereign to ride on, and for the world, familiar to us and unknown to lay apart their particular functions and wonder at him. I once writ a sonnet in his praise, and begun thus: 'Wonder of nature,' etc."

The lines above quoted are uttered by the Dauphin and Orleans in the third act of "King Henry V." (first part).

In the course of the word fencing between Benedick and Beatrice in "Measure for Measure," the former observes:

"I would my horse had the speed of your tongue and so good a continuer."

In the same play Dogberry sagely notes: "And two men ride a horse, one must ride behind."

"Love's Labor Lost": "The hobby horse is forgot. Callest thou my love a hobby horse? No, master, the hobby horse is but a colt, and your love perhaps a hackney. Fetch him or the swain, he must carry me a letter. A message well sympathized; a horse to be ambassador for an ass. Marry, sir, you must send me the ass upon the horse, for he is very slow-gaited."

"Taming of the Shrew": "As many diseases as two and fifty horses."

"Henry VIII.": "Anger is like a full, hot horse."

"King Richard III.": "A horse, a horse, my kingdom for a horse!"

"Hamlet": "Six Barbary horses against six French swords."

"King Lear": "In pure kindness to his horse, butted his hay."

Hundreds of similar allusions to horses may be traced with the aid of Shakespearean concordances, and perhaps will afford the amateur cryptographer plenty of material to prove that Shakespeare was a hostler. Evidently it was not for nothing that the poet, as a youth, held horses at the theatre door.

Eliza Cook, Victorian Poetess.

In the progress of popular literature, a feature of the early Victorian days, no writer of poetry seized the fancy of the masses more strongly than Eliza Cook.

Eliza Cook, born in 1812, was the daughter of a tradesman in the London road, Southwark. Prosperity enabled the family to give her a superior education, and it drew forth considerable literary ability. As in the case of L. E. L., William Jordan, editor of The Literary Gazette, encouraged the authoress in her work, which in a few years attained remarkable popularity.

Eliza Cook's muse touched the hearts of a great people. She possessed a genuine lyrical faculty, witnessed in a number of songs like "The Englishman," "I'm Afloat" (composed by the late Henry Russell), "The Old Arm Chair," "Star of Glenarary," and "The Ploughshare of Old England." Among the writer's higher efforts are "The Mourner," "Tis a Wild Night at Sea," and "Love On," an eloquent answer to the Hon. Mrs. Norton's melancholy "Love Not," owing its success to John Blackley's fine air. It was Eliza Cook's effusion, "The Hood," that created public sympathy to erect a monument over his remains in Kensal-green cemetery.

The poetess died in 1889.

Latest Penny-in-the-Slot Machine.

The most interesting of the penny-in-the-slot machines introduced in London is the post restant. An English paper thus describes it: You have an appointment, say, with John Jones at Paddington Station at 5 o'clock. You find that you can not keep it, and it is too late to apprise Jones of the fact by telegraphing at his home or office. You can't send a messenger, for he probably wouldn't find the right Jones. So you dispatch a telegram addressed "John Jones, Automatique, Paddington."

The telegraph messenger delivers it to the machine, which exposes the address behind the glass, Jones, finding that you don't appear at the proper time, looks in the machine and sees the telegram. He gets it by putting a penny in the slot.

The disadvantage is, of course, that anybody can get anybody else's message by putting in his penny. But the British public seems willing to take a chance at that.

Expensive Amusement.

Parson Primrose—You may think it smart, little boy, but it never pays to put your tongue out at anybody.

Boobis—I know it. The other day I put my tongue out at the doctor, and the old man had to pay him two dollars.

You Can Buy

SURPRISE SOAP

BEST FOR EVERY DAY

of any Grocer.

Come in and see our stock of . . .

## Oil Heaters, Air Tight Heaters.....

Very nice for cool weather, and all prices. We have an immense stock.

## ..WESTMAN BROS..

## BLOOD DISEASED MEN

If you ever contracted any blood disease you are never safe unless the virus or poison has been eradicated from the system. Have you any of the following symptoms? Sore throat, ulcers on the tongue or in the mouth, hair falling out, aching pains, itching of the skin, sores or blotches on the body eyes red and smart, dyspepsia, indigestion, sexual weakness—indications of the secondary stage. Don't ruin your system with the old foggy treatment—mercury and potash—which only aggravates the symptoms for a time only to break out again when mercury has been taken. Don't let quacks experiment on you. Our New Method Treatment is guaranteed to cure you. Our guarantees are backed up by bank bonds, that the disease will never return. Thousands of patients have been already cured by our New Method Treatment for over 20 years. No names used without written consent.

Mr. E. A. C. writes: "Your remedies have done me more good than Hot Springs and all the doctors and medicines I had previously tried. I have not felt any of those pains or seen any sores or blotches for over seven years and the outward symptoms of the loathsome disease have entirely disappeared. My hair has grown in fully again and I am married and happy."

CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. WRITE FOR QUESTION BLANK.

FOR HOME TREATMENT. CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. 25 YEARS IN DETROIT.

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Prompt delivery can be made now. Telephone 54. Office—Opposite G. T. Ry. Hotel, Queen Street.

**J. G. STEEN**

## The Hot Wash Tub.

For a lady to stand and drudge over a wash tub hot clothes this weather is both disagreeable and unhealthy. Call up **phone 190**, and we will call for your washing and deliver it back in as good order as we receive it, and cleaned as cheaply as you can do it yourself.

**CHATHAM STEAM LAUNDRY.**

## SAND and GRAVEL

Having the tug "Vick" and a saw scow, I am prepared to enter into contracts for the supply of sand and gravel at lowest prices. Apply to,

**Capt. V. Robinson.**

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CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.  
INCORPORATED A. D. 1887.

### Money to Lend on Mortgages.

Apply personally and secure best rates and low expenses. Deposits of \$1 and upwards received and interest allowed. Debentures issued for three, four or five years with interest. Coupons payable half-yearly. Executors and Trustees authorized by Act of Parliament to invest Trust Funds in the Debentures of this Company.

**S. F. GARDINER,</**







## SLICED CANNED PINEAPPLE

20c. a Can  
\$2.00 a Dozen.

These Pineapples come to us direct from Singapore, where the finest Pineapples in the world are grown. A great advantage they have over canners here is that the Pineapples are canned where they are grown. In this way they can put up perfectly ripe pineapples, instead of getting them green and letting them ripen afterward.

There's no experiment about these, we had them last year, and they were so successful, that this year we imported a lot direct.

It will pay you to put away a small supply for the winter.

H. MALCOLMSON

## DOROTHY DODDS ARE HERE

Are here in all their brightness.

Many new lasts and styles have been added to our stock.

We can fit any ladies' foot with a Dorothy Dodd Shoe.

Prices { \$3.75.  
\$4.00

## Peace & Co.

SOLE AGENTS

TO-NIGHT.

Football practice, Tecumseh Park, at 5.

The Great Pauline, at the Grand, 8 o'clock.

Prayer meeting, city churches, at 8 o'clock.

Court House, No. 6244, A. O. F., Odd-fellows' Temple, at 8.

## THE LOCAL BUDGET

### BUY BEFORE SIX.

WANTED—Good Cook at Miles' Hotel. Open till 11 o'clock to-night at the 2 T's.

Mr. John Newcomb, of Blenheim, is in the city to-day, on business.

Mrs. John Shaw, Head St., spent Saturday with her brother, Dr. Hanks, Blenheim. Men wanted on Queen street pavement. The Warren Bituminous Paving Co.

Wood for sale. Office Fifth street, Prompt delivery. Phone 374. R. W. Baxter.

Thanksgiving service will be held in St. Andrew's church to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mrs. M. Woodcock, Gray St., has returned from a month's visit with friends in Quebec.

Miss Green's Kindergarten visited the home of the Friends this morning and sang songs to the occupants.

Lost—On Tuesday afternoon, a gold stick pin with topaz setting. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office.

The pupils of Miss Adel McLean will hold their 2nd assembly in Northwood's Hall, to-morrow evening (Thanksgiving), at 8.20.

Mrs. Jas. Dowley, William St., has instructed And. Thomson, auctioneer, to sell her household effects on Saturday, Oct. 17th, at 2.30 p. m. Everything nearly new.

A short service will be held in Christ Church to-morrow, Thanksgiving Day, at half past ten in the morning.

Wanted, at once, 25 women, comfortable quarters, good wages, steady employment. Kent Canning Co.

The Great Pauline will give a free exhibition of his work in Tilt's Art Store window to-morrow from 10 a. m. to 7.30 p. m. Don't miss seeing it.

A full attendance of the members of the William St. Baptist Church is asked for by the Advisory Board, on this evening at 8 o'clock.

Wanted, a good smart boy. Apply to A. A. Jordan, sign of the Big Clock.

Lost, on Saturday, Oct. 10th, a brown and white Pointer, answers to name Mark. The finder will be rewarded by returning him to The Canada Flour Mills.

Colds, like fires, should be promptly dealt with. When you begin to cough use Allen's Lung Balsam. It will certainly heal the sore throat and lungs and it may save you from consumption.

### THANKSGIVING

The Venerable Archdeacon Madden, of Liverpool, Eng., who has been visiting in Canada for the past two months, will preach in Holy Trinity Church to-morrow, Thanksgiving Day at 11 a. m.

TRY  
C. A. Cooksley's  
in extreme low  
prices and excel-  
lent qualities in  
our Ready-to wear  
Hats.

C. A. Cooksley's,  
Next to Big Clock.

### RESIDED THE CAVALRY.

PIERCE FIGHTING IN THE  
STREETS OF ARMENTIERES.

The Strikers Barricaded All the  
Street Corners and Set Fire to a  
Factory.

Armentieres, Department du Nord, Oct. 15.—Strikers who pillaged linen stores stretched sheets of linen across the streets to prevent cavalry charges. The banks have also been attacked. All the houses are closed, and the inhabitants are in a state of terror. There are a few troops here, but they are insufficient to maintain order.

The strikers barricaded all the corners of the streets, and set fire to a factory. The cavalry charged along the streets in spite of the obstructions, wounding a number of people.

### ANOTHER TUG CAPTURED.

The Petrel Catches American Poach-  
ers in Lake Erie.

Eric, Pa., Oct. 14.—The fishing tug Star, commanded by Capt. Tabb of Erie, was captured by the Canadian cutter Petrel while fishing in Canadian waters off this port yesterday afternoon. The boat and nets were confiscated, and the tug towed to Port Stanley, where she will be held. The crew consisted of the captain, two hands, Geo. and Claude Mooney, and a negro cook. It is said that the capture was made without any opposition on the part of the American boat. Though feeling has been high over alleged grievance caused by the capture of other tugs, there is no indignation over the capture of the Star, as it is generally conceded by fishermen that she was in Canadian waters when taken.

### THE BRANTFORD MURDER.

Mrs. Howe Recognizes the Bag She  
Gave Kennedy.

Brantford, Oct. 14.—No evidence of a startling character was brought out yesterday at the preliminary examination of Jos. Kennedy, who is charged with the murder of Irene Cole. The hearing was adjourned until Friday, and it will probably be concluded then. The evidence to-day revealed nothing against the prisoner that did not come out at the inquest, except in connection with the chicken that Kennedy bought the day before the tragedy. Mrs. Howe, who sold him the chicken, stated at the inquest that Kennedy took it away in a bag which she had given him. To-day she was shown the bag which was found in the Willows after the inquest and positively recognized it as the same one. All the witnesses were closely examined by Mr. Livingston, who appeared for the prisoner, but their stories were not shaken.

### SWALLOWED CARBOLIC ACID.

Cayuga Woman Thought to Have  
Tried to Commit Suicide.

Buffalo, Oct. 14.—A young woman giving her name as Jennie Krell, aged 24 years, and claiming Cayuga, Ont., as her home, was taken to the Emergency Hospital early this morning suffering from carbolic acid poisoning. The police of the Pearl street station allege that she swallowed the acid with suicidal intent. She was found unconscious in a room at the Broadway Hotel, where she formerly was employed. Early to-day it was thought she could not survive. Later she was reported much better, but not out of danger.

## OUR 'ROMAN' LAST



Sellers of Fashionable  
Ornaments of Modern  
Footwear for Women  
in  
\$3.00,  
\$3.50,  
\$4.00 SHOES

TURRILL, The Shoe Man  
Repairing done at the store.

## City Property for Sale.

The story frame house nearly new, in good location, house contains hall, double parlors, sitting room, dining room, kitchen, pantry, three bedrooms, bath room, clothes closets, lot 66 ft. x 128 ft., brick foundation, coal and wood shed. An excellent home for some one.

If you have any property for sale, list same with us.

Money to Loan on Real Estate.

DUNN & MERRITT,  
5th Street. Phone 259

## RTBELLION ALMOST DEAD.

Insurgents in Monastir Have Been  
Routed.

Monastir, Oct. 14.—This district is settling down. The insurgents have been routed and practically annihilated in the Peristeri Mountains, though their stronghold is still the meeting place of what insurrectionists remain in the region. Shakkaloff, the insurgent leader, is still at large in the Katoria district, but most of the peasants who accompanied him have surrendered. The Inspector-General, Hilmi Pasha, in concert with the mixed commission, is arranging to rebuild the homes, which were destroyed, out of Government funds.

Sofia, Oct. 13.—A band of seventy insurgents caught near the frontier by Bulgarian troops, was sent to Sofia yesterday. The passage of bands across the frontier has become increasingly difficult, owing to the predictions of the Government and the increase in the number of frontier guards.

## PRESIDENT OF COUNCIL.

Announced that Lord Londonderry  
Has Been Appointed to Position.

London, Oct. 14.—Lord Londonderry has been appointed Lord President of the Council, in succession to the Duke of Devonshire. It is understood that his Lordship will retain the portfolio of Education, and his new appointment will thus make little practical difference to his position in the Cabinet.

## A LIBERAL LEADER.

Meeting of B.C. Members on Friday  
to Elect One.

Victoria, B.C., Oct. 14.—A meeting of the Liberal members will be held on Friday night to select a leader of the party. It has been called by Mr. Stuart Henderson, President of the Provincial Liberal Executive. The choice will be between Messrs. McInnes, Macdonald, of Rossland, and Oliver of Delta, with chances in favor of Mr. Macdonald.

## THE STAGE

"All the world's a stage  
and all the men and  
women merely players."

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

At the Chatham Grand:—  
Pauline & Co.—Oct. 12-19.  
Lyceum Course—Oct. 26.  
Sadie Martinot—Oct. 27.  
Firemen's Benefit—Oct. 29.  
Over Niagara Falls—Oct. 30.

(Supplied to The Planet by Press Agents.)

No critic can truthfully assail the literary merit or dramatic power of A. W. Pinero's much criticised drama, "The Second Mrs. Tanqueray," which Miss Sadie Martinot is soon to produce here. Its theme, however, has been attacked by purists, who hold that social problems should be barred from the stage. A double interest attaches to Miss Martinot's production. The play has never been produced here, and Miss Martinot's performance may be compared with that of Mrs. Patrick Campbell. At the Grand Opera House, Tuesday, Oct. 27.

The best portion of a good man's life is his little nameless, unremembered acts of kindness and love.

## Fashionable Dressmaking

# The Gordon Store

To Serve the Public we Call Special Attention to Special Values in Every Department that will well Repay Your Careful Inspection. Here are a Few

## Thanksgiving Linens

Whoever has Linens to buy, read, Thursday, the 15th, is Thanksgiving. We carry Richardson's famous Irish Damasks, and Scotch and German, also—finer patterns and qualities than ever in cream or white. Cream Damasks range from 25c to \$1 per yard, and the Bleached Damasks from 60c to \$1.60. We match them with Napkins, Centre Pieces, Tray Cloths, Dollyies, Sideboard Drapes and Stand Covers. Our specials sell for they excel.

## Flannelette Gowns

10 Dozen Special Night Gowns, reg. 39c, garments at..... 39c  
10 Dozen Special Night Gowns, lace trimmed, 75c. goods at..... 59c  
Gowns of extra material and lace and stitching trimmed from \$1.00 to \$1.50

## Flannelette Wrappers

20 Dozen Special Wrappers, best of value and newest cut, \$1.75 and \$1.50 garments for..... \$1.25

## Flannelette, Shakers, Shirts.

These goods are better values than last season. See our Special at 45c, 50c, 60c, 70c, and..... 80c  
Unsurpassed Wrappers, 70c to..... 150c

## Autumn Waists.

A large collection and special styles and values.  
Flannelette 50c, 75c, \$1.00 and..... \$1.50  
Cashmere and French Flannel..... \$3.00  
Lustre—White or Black and Black and White, \$1.75 to..... \$2.25

## Furs.

Astrachan Coats, our Special offerings at \$25 and..... \$18.00  
Electric Seal Coats, Dyed Coon Colours, nobbly..... \$25.00  
Persian Lamb Jackets..... \$50.00  
Russian Lamb Jackets..... \$50.00  
Persian Lamb Jackets with Sable collars..... \$95.00  
Some specials in Grey Persian Lamb Coats, Genuine Undyed Alaska Sable Boas from \$9 to..... \$32.00  
Fur Trimmings of Every Sort

## DR. A. W. THORNTON

DENTIST,  
has Removed to his New Office,  
corner King and Fifth Streets,  
over A. I. McCall's Drug Store.  
Telephone Office 164.  
Business 24.

## DISTRICT DOINGS.

### GLENWOOD.

Miss Alice Estabrook, of Tilbury, spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents here.

Roy McLaren, of Highgate, spent Sunday at W. C. Estabrook's.

Miss Annie Mossey, of Leamington, was the guest of Miss Alice Estabrook.

## WALL Paper Clearing Sale. . .

3000 rolls, was 8c, now 5c.  
2500 rolls, was 10c, now 8c.  
1000 rolls, was 15c, now 10c.  
1000 rolls, was 20c, now 15c.  
1500 rolls, was 25c, now 20c.

and all the way through.  
Great reductions.

## KENNY.

coat of deep red.

JUDITH HOLLET.

can always be obtained at THE PLANET Office.

## Fall Millinery Trade

We secure it by our special offerings of spicy New York and Paris Ready-to-Wear Hats. With our careful attention to complexion, features, and becoming combination of colors and materials, and our moderation in prices.

Prevailing colors are the Autumnal tints and cloud-like shades, gun metal effects and the exquisite eminece a new royal color. Black and White Snake Plumes and new and popular novelties in stock.

## Corsets.

"The American Beauty," a New York model in three special forms, the full form, the slight form and the happy medium at 1.00..... \$1.25

New Dolly Varden and Tape Corsets, straight fronts, comfortable..... 50c and other lines to. We capture corset critics.

## COATS.

Ladies' Cloth Jackets—a  
fresh importation of Ladies'  
Jackets. The New Half-Fitted  
Back Jacket is the Latest New  
York Novelty.

Cravenette Raincoats at..... \$3.49

## Curtains

We are selling better Lace Curtains and more of them than ever before at this season, and we are also clearing out our Filled Mulline and Curtain Nets at great reductions. They won't stay in stock long at 25c goods for..... 15c  
40c goods for..... 25c  
50c goods for..... 32c  
—with lots at even lower prices.

Travelers' Sample Curtain Ends in many styles, single or in pairs.  
Tapestry Curtains and Table Covers, Art Drape, etc.

## Tailored Suits.

This season are very nobby and attractive. We offer at \$9.75, \$14 and \$16.00—something well.

Some special lines out to clear, at per suit..... \$3.99  
Black Silk Suits and Skirts and coats, beautifully trimmed, finest materials and workmanship.

We want customers well satisfied—what's wrong we'll right.

# William Gordon

Standard Patterns  
are up-to-date.  
Suits Free.

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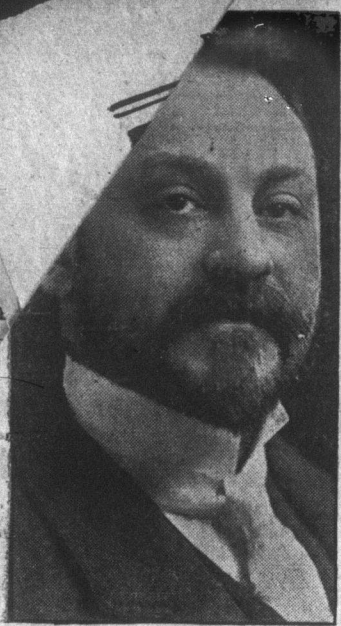
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DR. S. GOLDBERG.

America's most successful specialist, the discoverer of the Latest Method Treatment, possesses 14 diplomas and certificates, does not want any money he does not earn, and is the only specialist who is willing to wait for his pay until you are cured; it makes no difference who has failed to cure you, call on him and he will examine you free of charge. If you cannot call, write him very plainly all about your trouble, which he will give his careful attention, if he can cure you he will accept your case and you may pay when cured. Call or address Dr. Goldberg, 206 Woodward-ave., Detroit, Mich. Medicine for Canadian patients shipped from Windsor, Ont. All duty and transportation charges prepaid.

## Our Show Cases....

Glisten with hundreds of gift suggestions in the way of gold jewelry for man and maid.

Scarves and stick pins, brooches, rings, etc., in an infinite variety and beautiful designs to be had only

At the sign of the Big Clock.

A. A. JORDAN

## Radley's Cough Cure

25c per Bottle  
Is the best preparation on the market for Coughs and Colds.

HIS Young wife was almost distracted for he would not stay a night at home so she had his LAUNDRY done by us, and now he ceases any more to roam.

Panama Steam Laundry Co.  
TELEPHONE 20.

WE HAVE ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF  
**LIME, CEMENT, SEWER PIPE, OUT STONE,**

J. & J. OLDESHAW  
A Few Doors West of Post-Office.

RENT.  
The splendidly furnished by the past—was

## HE THAT LOVES A ROSY CHEEK.

He that loves a rosy cheek,  
Or a coral lip admires,  
Or from starlight eyes doth seek  
Fruit to maintain his fires;  
As old Time makes these decay,  
So his flames must waste away.

But a smooth and steadfast mind,  
Gentle thoughts and calm desires,  
Heart's with equal love combined,  
Kindle never-dying fires;  
Where these are not, I despair,  
Lovely cheeks, or lips, or eyes.

## TO THE POLE IN A BALLOON.

English Aeronaut May Follow Ill-Fated Major Andre's Example.

The principal rival of M. Santos-Dumont in England is Mr. Percival Spencer, who belongs to a family of professional aeronauts, owning the principal balloon factory in England.

Months before the Brazilian had succeeded in flying any considerable distance or had escaped from the persistent ill-luck which attended his experiments, Mr. Spencer navigated his airship successfully right across London.

Mr. Spencer made his first balloon ascent with his father in 1872, when he was only eight years old. Since then he has navigated the upper air in all parts of the world, and has crossed the English Channel in a balloon four times.

Undaunted by the melancholy fate of Andre, Mr. Spencer seriously considers the possibility of reaching the North Pole by balloon. His idea is not that the whole journey should be attempted by balloon, but that the latter should be attached to an expedition which would push on as fast toward the pole as possible, establishing headquarters at the most northern point for the winter and then set off with the first wind blowing from the south in the following spring or summer.

Such a balloon, in Mr. Spencer's judgment, should be of sufficient size to carry the weight of a complete sledging expedition of two men, with the necessary sledges, ammunition, food and victuals.

With this load the balloon could set forth and the pole would be reached, according to Mr. Spencer, in about thirty-five hours. The aeronauts would then descend to the earth or ice and abandon their balloon, making the return journey on the sledges taken with them.

## BECAME WEALTHY ON TIPS.

Domestics in the Old Country Often Leave Large Fortunes.

The case of William Couchman, Lord Ravenscourt's butler, who died recently, leaving a fortune of over £20,000, is by no means an exceptional one.

An old lady who died some time ago had been for many years housekeeper to a nobleman whose ancestral residence was rich in historical associations. As it was her privilege to pocket the fees paid by Americans and others for viewing the mansion, she speedily amassed a fortune of respectable proportions. When she died and her will was published it was found that she had left behind her a larger sum than her master, whose estate was worth £100,000.

Samuel Waugh, who died six weeks ago at the age of 91, after having been butler in the service of the Clay family for 65 years, left £2,128.

Most domestics who died in comfortable circumstances, however, make their money after leaving service. As a rule, they save the commissions which they get from tradesmen and the "tips" which a ridiculous custom brings them—a head servant in one west end establishment made £700 in "tips" last year—and then take an hotel or a private dining house.

There is a member of Parliament who was once a butler. Having saved some money, he borrowed more, and took an hotel at a rental of £1,200 a year. In 15 years, having made a large profit, he sold the establishment and retired—London Daily Mail.

## Destructive Genius.

One day a bulky, tall, pale-faced gentleman with bushy, restless eyebrows, entered a London tavern. The waiter did not ask him for his order, but immediately brought a plate of bread and cheese and a glass of ale. Having consumed his lunch, this guest sat upright in his chair for a while, leaning his hands on a heavy walking cane and staring blankly at the opposite wall, as if in a dream. Of a sudden he gave a start. He seized the empty glass and dashed it to the floor with all his might, smashing it to atoms. He then reflected for a moment, laid a coin on the table, got up and left the inn without a word to any one. After his departure another guest had the curiosity to ask the waiter whether the gentleman who had just gone out was wrong in his head. Quoth the waiter:

"Oh, no, sir, that's nothing unusual with him, sir. He's broke maybe a hundred glasses since 'e's been a-comin' to this 'ouse. 'E don't seem to know it when 'e does it. 'E just gets a-thinkin', and seems to git hangry at somethink 'e's thinkin' about. It's Lord Macaulay, sir."

## High Rents in London.

Some parts of London are the most highly rented places in the world, far exceeding the most expensive localities of Paris or New York. Cornhill is absolutely the dearest rented district in the world. One room near the Exchange was let a short time ago at £2,500 per annum. Six rooms on the first floor of a house at Throgmorton street were advertised recently to be let at a rent of £2,000 per annum. Bond street is the dearest neighborhood in London for a man to start business in. A small shop in Bond street will cost its tenant £1,000 per annum, and he is obliged to the word shop has strict limitations, and only includes the shop and basement, the rest of the house being let separately. The rents in the Strand have increased hugely during the last twenty-five years, and a lease of a shop renewed lately costs the tenant an increase of £200 per annum on his rent.

## SCALP HUMOURS

Itching, Scaly and Crusted  
With Loss of Hair

Speedily Cured by Cuticura  
Soap and Ointment

When Every Other Remedy and  
Physicians Fail.

Warm shampoos with Cuticura Soap and light dressings of Cuticura, the great skin cure, at once stop falling hair, remove crusts, scales and dandruff, soothe irritated, itching surfaces, destroy hair parasites, stimulate the hair follicles, loosen the scalp skin, supply the roots with energy and nourishment, and make the hair grow upon a sweet, healthy scalp when all else fails.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening and soothing red, rough and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings and chafings, for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, for ulcerative weaknesses, and many antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Complete treatment for every humour, consisting of Cuticura Soap, to cleanse the skin, Cuticura Ointment, to heal the skin, and Cuticura Resolvent, to cool and cleanse the blood may now be had. A single set is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disgusting, itching, burning and scaly humours, eczemas, rashes and irritations, from infancy to age, when all else fails.

Cuticura Resolvent, liquid and in the form of Chocolate Cream Pills, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap are sold throughout the world. Importers: London, W. & A. Carter, 1, Abchurch Lane; New York, J. C. Carter, 107, Nassau St.; San Francisco, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Sydney, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Melbourne, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Adelaide, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Perth, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Brisbane, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Hong Kong, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Shanghai, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Yokohama, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Kobe, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Manila, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Cebu, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Singapore, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Batavia, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Soerabaya, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Semarang, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Surabaja, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Palembang, J. C. Carter, 107, Market St.; Medan, J. C. 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CANADIAN PACIFIC			
Corrected June 3rd, 1902.			
GOING EAST		GOING WEST	
2:30 a. m. L. Express	1:11 a. m.	2:30 p. m. Express	1:05 p. m.
3:22 p. m. Express	1:05 p. m.	Daily	
7:00 a. m. arrives in Chatham from Toronto, 9:35 p. m.			
THE WABASH RAILROAD CO.			
GOING WEST		EAST BOUND	
No. 1-6:45 a. m.	No. 2-12:23 p. m.	No. 3-1:07 p. m.	No. 4-11:06 p. m.
12:15 p. m.	6-1:22 a. m.	8-1:18 a. m.	8-2:49 p. m.
The Wabash is the shortest and truest route from Toronto and St. Thomas to Chicago and St. Louis.			
J. A. RICHARDSON, Dist. Pass. Agt., Toronto and St. Thomas.			
J. C. PRITCHARD, Station Agent, Chatham.			
W. E. RISPIN, C. P. A. 116 King St., Chatham.			

**GRAND TRUNK WEST.**

1:15 a. m. for Windsor, Detroit and intermediate stations.

12:42 p. m. for Windsor and Detroit.

2:30 p. m. for Windsor and intermediate stations.

4:22 p. m. for Windsor and Detroit.

9:10 p. m. for Detroit, Chicago and west.

8:32 a. m. for London, Hamilton, Toronto, Buffalo.

1:45 p. m. for Glencoe and St. Thomas.

2:27 p. m. for London, Toronto, Montreal, Buffalo and New York.

5:08 p. m. for London, Hamilton, Toronto, Montreal and East.

8:50 p. m. for London and intermediate stations.

Daily except Sunday: Daily.

### Lake Erie & Detroit River R.R.

Effective Jan. 15, 1902.			
Leave Chatham		Arrive Chatham	
For	Exp.	From	Exp.
Ridgeway	10:30 a.	St. Thomas	7:05 p.
West	10:30 a.	St. Thomas	7:05 p.
Dutton	10:30 a.	St. Thomas	7:05 p.
St. Thomas	10:30 a.	St. Thomas	7:05 p.
London	10:30 a.	St. Thomas	7:05 p.
Leamington	7:45 a.	St. Thomas	4:15 p.
Kingsville	7:45 a.	St. Thomas	4:15 p.
Walkerville	7:45 a.	St. Thomas	4:15 p.
Dresden	7:45 a.	St. Thomas	4:15 p.
Wallaceburg	7:45 a.	St. Thomas	4:15 p.
Sarnia	7:45 a.	St. Thomas	4:15 p.

Arrive at Chatham from Birmingham, Ridge town, Rodney, West Lorne, St. Thomas, London, Sarnia, from Leamington, Kingsville, Walkerville, 11:00 a. m. from Dresden, Wallaceburg, Sarnia 9:05 p. m.

L. E. TILLSON, Gen. Agent, Chatham.

H. F. MOELLER, S. P. A., Chatham.

**WABASH**

**THANKSGIVING DAY,**

Thursday, Oct. 15th, 1903.

Round Trip Tickets will be sold between all stations in Canada, Port Arthur, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Detroit, Mich., and East, and TO BUT NOT FROM Buffalo, at Single First-Class Fare.

Good going October 14th and 15th; valid returning until October 19th, 1903.

Tickets and full particulars from W. E. Rispin, C. P. A., J. C. Pritchard, Depot Agent, Chatham, J. A. Richardson, D. P. A., N. E. Cor. King and Young Sts., Toronto.

**GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM**

**THANKSGIVING DAY,**

Thursday, Oct. 15th, 1903.

**Single Fare for the Round Trip**

between all stations in Canada, including Detroit and Port Huron, also to, but not from Buffalo, Black Rock, Suspension Bridge and Niagara Falls, N. Y. Tickets good going Oct. 14th and 15th, valid returning on or before Monday, October 19th.

Special colonist one way excursion tickets now on sale to points in British Columbia, Montana, Utah, Idaho, Oregon, Colorado and California.

Hunting season—Apply to agents or write to J. B. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Toronto, for illustrated pamphlet, entitled "Hunts of Fish and Game."

For tickets and full information apply to W. E. RISPIN, Agent, Chatham.

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A. H. NOTMAN, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., Toronto.

W. H. HARPER, C. P. A. Agent, Chatham.

**BAKING**

Give your wife a chance and she'll bake bread like that mother used to make.

For rolls and biscuits—quickly there's nothing like Gas.

**THE CHATHAM GAS CO. Limited.**

King St. Phone 81

### \$100 REWARD, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the Best.

**John Adams' Opinion of Washington**

After dinner one night a visitor stepped into the hall to help Adams put on his coat. Adams thanked him. "Don't mention it," was the solemn reply. "No attention is too great, no trouble is too much that we of this century have the pleasure of taking for the patriots of the Revolution," said Adams. "I am sure that your sharp retort was: 'Don't mention Washington to me, sir! Washington was a dot!'—Sanborn's 'Reminiscences of Emerson'."

What does it profit a woman if she gain the whole world of knowledge and lose her own health? Young women students, and full of energy, very often neglect their health in the struggle to gain education. They eat insufficient food, and at irregular hours, they allow irregularity of the womanly functions to be established, and the result is that they become chronic invalids with all their education practically worthless. There is a plain road back to health for thousands of these, marked by the feet of thousands. It is the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for diseases of the stomach and digestive and nutritive organs, and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription for diseases of the delicate organs of womanhood. A cure so certainly follows the use of these remedies that out of hundreds of thousands who have tried the treatment, ninety-eight in every hundred have been perfectly and permanently cured. Constipation, with its calamitous consequences, which is a common ailment of students, can be entirely cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

**Montreal's Cathedral.** The great landmark of Montreal is the Cathedral of Notre Dame, which, next to the famous cathedral in the City of Mexico, is the largest church building in America and has a seating capacity of 12,000. The church was built in 1829 and is noted for its magnificent chimes, one of the bells of which, called "Le Gros Bourdon," is one of the largest suspended bells in the world and weighs 24,780 pounds.

—If you are losing appetite, lying awake nights, taking Hood's Sarsaparilla—it's the tonic you need.

**The Inducement Incomplete.** She (romantic)—When you first saw the wonderful Niagara falls, didn't you feel as though you would like to jump in?

He—No; I hadn't got my hotel bill then.

**Pessimistic.** At least half the work done in the world is of no particular use unless it may be for exercise.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

I was cured of terrible lumbago by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

REV. WM. BROWN. I was cured of a bad case of carache by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. S. KAULBACK. I was cured of sensitive lungs by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. S. MASTERS.

**Very Absent Minded.** "Talk about absent mindedness," said a man the other day, "why, I like it, for when I was a boy I worked for a man who was so absent minded that he discharged me three times in one week and paid me a week's wages each time."

**WHEN GOING TO NEW YORK.** Consult Mr. Rispin of King street. He will tell you that the Wabash-West Shore route to New York, Boston and points east cannot be excelled for quick and efficient service.

**SETTLERS' LOW RATES WEST.** Via the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, every day from September 15th to November 30th, settlers one-way second class tickets at very low rates from Chicago to points in Utah, Montana, Nevada, Idaho, Oregon, Washington, California, also to Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nelson, Rossland, and other points in Kootenay district. Correspondingly low rates from all points in Canada. Full particulars from nearest ticket agent or R. H. Bennett, general agent, 2 East King street, Toronto, Ont.

All reading notices of local announcements must be received at this office not later than noon of the day on which it is desired that they appear in The Planet.

### IN A LAND OF PLENTY

NATURE'S ROYAL SITE FOR AMBITIOUS CITY OF HAMILTON.

The Birmingham of Canada at Work and at Play—Its Industrial Development Bears Abundant Fruit, While the Language of Sobriety and Truth Describes It as the Cornucopia of Canada.

Nature planned a royal site for the city of Hamilton, towards which so many eyes recently turned during the holding of its highly successful summer carnival. There sits the thriving municipality on the shores of Burlington Bay. In the background tower the heights, commanding a view of the garden of Canada. To the front is the spacious land-locked bay, the head of navigation on Lake Ontario. This city, known to lake and land, gathered its children under its wing from far and near. It entertained a great concourse of visitors. It did so, moreover, in a way that reflects infinite credit on its natural adaptability to summer sports, and upon the loyalty and public spirit of its citizens.

**In a Land of Plenty.** Two features are especially characteristic of the City of Hamilton. It is the centre of a district such as a Biblical writer would describe as flowing with milk and honey. To speak of Hamilton is to recall scenes of plenty. The farm produce that seeks a market there is famous for its abundance and quality. The fruit farms that surround the city are overburdened with their luscious crops. If Hamilton were described as the cornucopia of Canada it would be no more than the language of sobriety and truth.

While the cultivation of the land in the vicinity is carried on to this high point of excellence, and the city is a great market for all things harvested by the tiller of the soil, the most striking feature of Hamilton is its industrial development. Manufacturing takes root there, flourishes, and bears abundant fruit. Its factories are kept up-to-date and energetically operated. Their products compete successfully in many markets at home and abroad. Thus, with its long history of the harvest, and its output of the factories, Hamilton contributes its share, and a large one it is, to the nation's prosperity and the nation's wealth. On this strong and enduring foundation is built the city which in sportive mood recently entertained its guests as few cities are able to do.

**Hamilton's First Visitors.** If one would trace this stream of city life back to its sources he would pass through many interesting phases of its history and recall many stirring scenes. As a city Hamilton is now fifty-six years of age, which is no slight achievement in this land of progress. But long before the possibility of a metropolitan career dawned upon Hamilton there was given an historic interest. Here it was that the intrepid La Salle, the explorer of the Mississippi, stood 234 years ago. La Salle and the small band of Frenchmen, who set out from Montreal in July, 1669, when Charles II. was still enjoying his riotous reign, were the first white men to set foot on the spot where Hamilton now stands. There is a tradition that La Salle landed near the site now occupied by the Grand Trunk station, and that his camp, at first located near by, was shortly afterwards moved across the bay to Oaklands. Of this, however, there are no records, so that the tradition remains only a tradition. La Salle must have been satisfied with the result of his venture, for he returned forthwith to the East. For a century thereafter no white man saw Burlington Bay, or set foot on its shores.

**Robert Land, First Settler.** Among the U. E. Loyalists who found conditions no longer tolerable when the thirteen colonies revolted was Robert Land, a farmer, living in the Detroit Valley. The story of his flight after his home and, as he supposed, his family had been destroyed is full of romance. How he stamped his weary way to British soil and sought to forget his sorrows and wrongs by carving out a home for himself in the dense forest, has been many times told. And how his wife and sons, who had escaped, followed him, and were reunited with him, has also been narrated with all the details that are necessary to give life and color to the picture. It is a pleasing story, and so we can afford to believe it all. The site of the old Land homestead, at the corner of Leeming and Barton streets, is still well known. The family were the pioneers of the city and of West-ward County. It is not surprising that they considered their home an earthly paradise, and that soon after they had become comfortably settled many others were attracted to the charming neighborhood.

**Years of Development.** Of the gradual growth of the settlement, and the gathering of the nucleus of the future city much might be written. The trend of trade was in that direction. For a long time navigation ended at Burlington Beach, and thence freight was hauled by wagon routes to the interior. When came the Burlington Canal, which was opened in 1822 and carried navigation forward to the present site of the city. At this time Hamilton was without a rival. Immigration flowed in its direction. By the construction of the Desjardins Canal, Dundas was established, and enjoyed a promising shipping business, which was subsequently diverted from it by the Western Railway. When the site of Hamilton was surveyed in 1791 there were some thirty-one families, including the first settlers. Nearly half a century later, 1841, the city was incorporated with a population of less than seven thousand.

How it has grown and developed

since then is within the recollection of many now living. The conditions that gave the city its first impetus have been modified by the change in the methods of transportation. But the great fertility of the district, the numerous manufacturing enterprises, electrical power and radial railways, have amply ensured the prosperity of Hamilton. It is now a very beautiful, as well as a busy city, lacking in none of the improvements that make city life attractive, and enjoying the confidence of all who are in any way interested in its future.

**AN UNKNOWN LAND.** Knowledge of Labrador's Interior May Solve Problems.

While the explorers are trying to reach the pole and to search into the far corners of the earth, there remains a wilderness practically untouched near home, in the heart of Labrador. This country lies along the George River—an unnamed stream rising near the sources of the Hamilton River, and flowing north into Angora Bay. Only one white man, John McLean, of the Hudson's Bay Company, has ever been there. He ascended the George about 60 years ago. He said the ascent of the George River was the hardest task of his life, and that the Indians as living in absolutely primitive conditions. Among other things they kill their old people. McLean tried to establish posts, but these were abandoned.

Since McLean's journey many people have tried to reach this untouched country, but none have succeeded. This is the only country where the Indian can be seen untouched by civilization. This whole region is geologically unmapped as yet. A knowledge of the geological conditions in interior Labrador will be likely to help greatly in the solution of many problems. There are animals, it is said, of this wild land, too, unknown anywhere else in the globe. For all that is known, the Labradorian Hubbard expedition this summer, under the auspices of Outing, will be watched with great interest. Mr. Hubbard left Regolette, on the Hamilton Inlet, early in July. He took a Cree Indian from Rupert's House and returned from a trip to Sydney, Cape Breton. "The area of coal land extends for a distance of forty-five miles from Sydney to Louisbourg. Five collieries are now working, raising 11,000 tons of coal a day. The general sales agent, Mr. Dick, told me that the coal is sold four times the quantity of coal they are now raising. They cannot keep up with their orders. The coal area owned by the company is so extensive that other shafts and collieries can be put in to meet any future demand. The way they have laid out the coal lands is so enormous that in 100 years, even if the output is ten times what it is now, the supply will not be exhausted. Excellent, up-to-date machinery is in use, and the way they handle the product is perfect, while the shipping facilities are most modern."

**Immense Canadian Coal Area.** "The people of Canada have no conception of the value of the property the Dominion Coal Company have out there," said Dr. Druce Riordan of Toronto, who has just returned from a trip to Sydney, Cape Breton. "The area of coal land extends for a distance of forty-five miles from Sydney to Louisbourg. Five collieries are now working, raising 11,000 tons of coal a day. The general sales agent, Mr. Dick, told me that the coal is sold four times the quantity of coal they are now raising. They cannot keep up with their orders. The coal area owned by the company is so extensive that other shafts and collieries can be put in to meet any future demand. The way they have laid out the coal lands is so enormous that in 100 years, even if the output is ten times what it is now, the supply will not be exhausted. Excellent, up-to-date machinery is in use, and the way they handle the product is perfect, while the shipping facilities are most modern."

Dr. Riordan said that the miners are principally Nova Scotians, born in the country. There is no foreign element there. Dr. Kendall, who represented the Dominion Coal Company in the convention held in Western Ontario and a great deal of interest is centered with this meeting. Father Endeavour Clark, the man that Canada gave to Christian Endeavour, is expected to be present, as is also the new general secretary, Von Ogden Vogt, and these men coming as they do direct from the dring line and with new enthusiasm gained at the great Denver International, the convention promises to be very inspiring and helpful to all who may attend. Reduced rates have been secured on the convention plan and tickets will be good to go on Sept. 25th and return Oct. 5th, and if 300 or more attend (which is more than likely) the rates will be single fare for the round trip from all Ontario points to Stratford.

**The Scotch Sabbath.** A Canadian university man was touring Scotland last summer. One Sunday morning he put his little hammer in his pocket (for he is an amateur geologist), and, strolling upon upon the hills, he began to chip off such specimens of rock as interested him. A native happened along as the man was thus engaged.

The native looked on with a frown for a moment. Then he said: "Sir, do ye ken yer breakin' more than stones there?"

"Breakin' the Sabbath, eh?" said the young Canadian with a laugh, and, to appease the Scot, he put away the hammer and walked onward a little way with his chip said, severely, "To be speirin' sic things."

### Cure Eczema

Boils, Salt Rheum, Scrofula, and all blood diseases permanently by using

**Weaver's Syrup**

For the Blood.

### WEED REMEDIES.

How to Use Wayside Growths to Cure Various Ills.

Many of the plants that are popularly known to-day as "just common weeds" were treasured by the ancients, and even so recently as "grandmother's day," for their medicinal properties, says a Canadian herbalist. In fact, our grandparents believed implicitly that in every locality might be found the plants that would prove effective for the diseases of that country. The people of to-day are slowly awakening to a realization of the value of these inexpensive home remedies, many of which are sold by druggists under a different name.

There is a frequent demand for a remedy for catarrh in the head. Much relief may be obtained by using a nasal douche, twice a day, of warm water with a little salt and sweet milk added. Afterward snuff pure olive oil into the nostrils. The douche cleanses and the olive oil heals, which may prove effective in some cases, but a "weed remedy" has proved more effective. A bad case of catarrh has been cured by smoking mullein leaves. The smoke must be forced through the nostrils; it has a tendency to heal and dry those passages leading to the lungs. Mullein is a plant that grows wild in many states and resembles the tobacco leaf in color, shape and growth.

The best of salve can be made from the mullein blossoms. If the blossoms are gathered and put into a bottle and hung in the sun, they will in time become oil, which is very healing. They may be fried in fresh butter and the liquid strained into boxes ready for use when cold. "May butter is best to use for sores," said an elderly lady. No doubt some readers may think this is superstition, but after much thought will agree with her. In May pastures are generally of clover, pandemon, etc., and these are said to contain excellent medicinal properties. Clover tea and salve made from the clover blossoms is said to be an effective cancer cure.

**Old Hay Best for Horses.** A correspondent puts the oft-repeated query, "Why is it that all veterinarians advise the feeding of old hay in preference to new, and trainers of race horses and attests of high-class carriage horses invariably use old hay till they are forced to use the new?" This question has been answered many times, but apparently there are always many men who desire to have the reply made all over again. Old hay is preferable for the reason that it has entirely passed through the process of sweating or fermentation. This renders it much less liable to cause digestive disorders in the equine subject. Again, many different sorts of insects lay their eggs on the stems of the grasses which enter into the composition of hay. These remain on the stems when the grass is cut down and the process of curing does not destroy their vitality. Hence when new hay is fed, these eggs, replete with life, are taken into the horse's stomach and there hatch out, causing much trouble. Then, in all new hay there is much more water than in old hay, and as the nourishment comes from the dry matter, a lesser quantity of the old hay does the same work of nutrition, and the old is, for that additional reason, to be preferred. Those are the main reasons for the preference of all good horsemen for old hay.—Chicago Drivers' Journal.

**Lifebuoy Soap—disinfectant** is strongly recommended by the medical profession as a safeguard against infectious diseases.

There are two things in which we should thoroughly train ourselves—to be slow in taking offence and slower in giving it.

**THE LATEST AND BEST**

**TIP TOP**

**SOAP CHIPS**

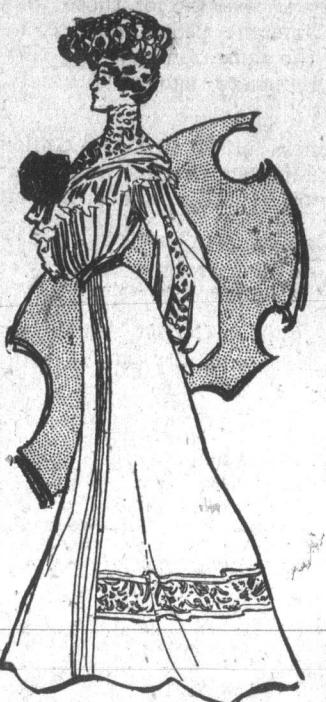
Easy to wash with Tip Top Soap Chips. Made from the purest and best materials that can be produced. Absolutely free from chemicals injurious to garments. It will not make the clothes hard, nor injure the finest fabrics. No rubbing required. Saves time and money, as it is the most economical soap made. One pound will do more washing and go farther than two pounds of any other soap. Makes the clothes clean and white.

Get a trial package at either of the following grocers: J. H. Massey, Chatham Table Supply Company, Knight & Co., Bon Marche Grocery, Taylor & Williamson, Fred Wood, A. Wilson, W. H. Marshall, W. Sharp, H. Pellett, E. C. Gammage, J. H. Bogart, A. D. Patterson.

### MODES OF THE MOMENT.

Some Smart Black and White Effects. The Short Skirt.

Many women look their smartest in black, which is of course always useful, but navy blue runs it very close in popularity. A charming blue alpaca skirt seen recently was made with five flounces, just clearing the ground, with a smart little bolero fastening into the waist by a broad satin band. This bolero had a collar of Irish crochet decorated with black applique, and the sleeves were loose and open. This was lined with a spotted black and white foulard and was worn with a foulard



SILK MULL GOWN.

blouse and a tendorator toque of black straw trimmed with a black and white bird.

The short skirt with box plaits is practical and becoming. The plaits look their best coming from a small shaped hip piece, which keeps the hips plain while the fullness is allowed to spring out around the feet.

Deep purple hats are smart with linen costumes, and especially so when worn with purple petticoat and stockings and a purple sunshade.

Very full elbow sleeves are seen on lace evening dresses.

The illustration shows a gown of silk mull having a fichu effect and a large chiffon rosette.

**JUDIC CHOLLET.**

**WHAT IS WORN.**

Smart Wraps Both in White and Colors—Walking Skirts.

A smart evening dress seen recently was of rose pink taffeta cut princess with a high sash belt of point d'alien-con, which lace also fell in points on the low décolletage. The sleeve consisted of a tiny puff at the top of rose chiffon. This chiffon also formed innumerable frills right up the trained skirt to the knees.

The popularity of the sack coat never wanes. There is no more becoming garment for mountain wear, and in fact for outing wear generally.

Many walking skirts are made in checks and plaids, and most of these have a little short bolero to match.



AUTOMOBILE COAT.

Red and white and green and gray are considered the smartest, but of course they can only be worn by women with slight figures.

Skirts are more gauged than ever, and the smarter ones are cut all in one piece with a fullness around the feet sometimes measuring ten yards. They are pretty in muslins and other supple fabrics.

The white wrap is a very modish thing and ranges from the little sack coat to the elaborate half length sack of white lace on a foundation of white satin or taffeta.

A beautiful evening gown is of yellow chiffon over yellow satin, the chiffon, embroidered with gold paillettes, running in long lines from waist to hem. Pale pink roses and clusters of forget-me-nots are worked on the skirt in satin ribbon embroidery, and on the low bodice there are little hanging garlands of ribbon forget-me-nots. A large black hat, with a white ostrich feather under the brim, is worn with this lovely frock.

The cut shows a smart automobile coat of deep red.

**JUDIC CHOLLET.**

### MUSICA

**Miss Mabel S.**

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Teacher of Guitar.

Pupil of Professor Hanz, Detroit, secretary of Music, American System, and, Professor Harrington, English, etc. Lessons given at residence if desired. For terms, etc., address

**BOX 122, CHATHAM.**

**EDNA M. MARTIN**

MEZZO-CONTRALTO.

Soloist First Presbyterian Church, pupil of Madame Julie Wyman, New York, and for past two years pupil of A. B. Cheney, Boston, will accept a limited number of pupils in Voice Culture. Studio over McCall's Drug Store, King Street, Residence, Lacroix St., Chatham. Concert engagements accepted.

**MISS EDDYTHE HILL.**

Leader and Soloist of Park St. Methodist Church.

Gold Medalist, Ontario Ladies' College, Honor Graduate Toronto Conservatory of Music, and who studied singing for a year and a half abroad, will begin her term Monday, Sept. 14th, in her new studio over Sheddick's.

**Lime, Cement AND Cut Stone.**

We keep the best in stock at right prices.

**JOHN H. OLDERSHAW,**



Wm. Foreman &amp; Co

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A DESTINY . . .

## YOUR UNDERWEAR

Jack Frost is the greatest underwear salesman we know of, but he'll make it very unpleasant for those who don't buy good underwear. Different people require entirely different underwear for the same climate. In this Underwear Store you'll find variety enough to satisfy every lady and child.

We make a special business of Ladies' and Children's Underwear, and have studied your wants from year to year. This year we are another notch nearer perfection.

## OUR SIX VARIETIES.

1—All Cotton; 2—Two-Thirds Cotton,  $\frac{1}{3}$  Wool; 3—Half and Half; 4— $\frac{2}{3}$  Wool,  $\frac{1}{3}$  Cotton; 5—All Wool; 6—Natural Wool.

WM. FOREMAN &amp; CO., IMPORTERS.

There  
MAY  
BEJust the Shoe  
for the Little  
One, Miss or  
the Woman,  
Man or Boy

That you are in need of; if it's here you can buy it very much under the regular price. Come in and see the assortment; we can suit you without a doubt. Ladies' Dongola Kid Lace Shoe, solid insole, for \$1.25; Ladies' heavy outdoor Shoe, solid insole, for \$1.00; Men's Dongola Lace Shoes, heavy sole, for \$1.48; Boys' School Shoes, Solid Leather, for \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Trunks and Valises the Cheapest.

J. L. CAMPBELL, Boston Shoe Store.

## THE LARGEST

SPORTING  
GOODS HOUSE

In Western Ontario.

B-R-I-S-C-O'S, {Opera House  
Block.

## The Aristocrats of Ready-to-wear Clothes

"Royal" Brand are rightly named, for they are right royal clothes—the aristocrats of ready for service suits and overcoats—the leaders of style—the standard of quality and workmanship. Don't be tied to a tailor and pay "fancy" prices. Don't put up with stereotyped styles—shoddy cloths—inferior trimmings. Get

## "ROYAL" BRAND

Tailor Made Clothes

worn by more well-dressed men than any other clothing in Canada.

See this label on the inner pocket  
of every coat you buy.

Suits by Best Clothiers.

Trudell &amp; Tobey

SOLE AGENTS, CHATHAM

## BRITISH PRESS CRITICISMS.

Lord Rosebery's Speech—Mr. Asquith at Fife.

London, Oct. 14.—The Standard agrees with Lord Rosebery that the preferential policy should have been launched only after mature independent inquiry and careful consultation with the colonial Governments. To restore even the modified monopoly which the colonial markets enjoyed under the old preferential system is no longer feasible. There would be danger of an upheaval by the British working classes if they felt they were unfairly taxed to benefit Canadian wheat-growers and Australian sheep farmers.

The Express says Ritchie's fear that the United States would invade Canada if a preferential system is adopted is too tame a plea. Discussing Rosebery's speech it says: "If Chamberlain's proposed reforms are carried, Lord Rosebery has a lugubrious vision of not only the United States, Russia and Germany being annoyed, but of the unfortunate empire being plunged into a battle compared with which Armageddon would be a jest."

Mr. Brassey, the Conservative candidate for Rye, who has just returned from Canada, told his constituents that he found in the northwest 25,000,000 acres of land suitable for wheat-growing of which only 3,000,000 are now cultivated. Yet the total wheat grain amounted to one-fifth of the quantity at present consumed in the United Kingdom.

The London Daily Mail says Rosebery has no idea of the rapid strides that foreign competitors have made under protection. It is certain that protection is not a curse, since it has not prevented foreign countries from achieving far greater progress than Britain. The Americanization of Canada can be prevented if the Canadian farmer obtained two shillings a quarter more for his wheat.

Premier Ross of Ontario had said that if the Chamberlain policy had been enforced during the last twenty years the Canadian population would be 20,000,000 or more.

Mr. Asquith, addressing a Liberal meeting at Fife, said the greatest calamity that could befall Britain and the vast fabric of imperial possessions would be that it should be self-contained. The Morning Post says Rosebery's speech leaves the impression that he is still open to the very substantial business men here and in the colonies in favor of Chamberlain's scheme.

The News says we do not believe that the Cabinet or the public are really concerned in the Canadian preference. Beyond the phantom army arise the very substantial figures of the landlord craving his higher protected rent, and the manufacturer looking for State help.

## SACRED HEART MUST PAY.

Miss Archer's Verdict Stands for Five Thousand Dollars.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—Chancellor Boyd gave judgment yesterday in the case of Miss Archer against the Sacred Heart.

Archer v. Society of Sacred Heart of Jesus—Judgment (E.B.B.) in action tried with a jury at London. Action by May Archer against the society, the Mount Hope Institute, and Elizabeth Sheridan, Mother Superior of the Institute, to recover the value of her services to the society, of which she was a member, as cook and servant, and to recover damages for false imprisonment as a lunatic, expulsion from the society and sending false reports to the supply of the society. Defendants pleaded, among other defenses, the payment to plaintiff of \$200 and of release of the action as causes of action, the statute of frauds and the statute of limitations. The jury found a verdict for plaintiff for \$5,000 as compensation for services and \$5,000 for damages. Held, that the court should not uphold the action on the ground that plaintiff retains the \$200 and does not offer to repay it. Upon all the circumstances the justice of the action is not less binding on plaintiff, and to the charge on this head there was no objection. The release of the action, the jury have in effect found to be improper, and made at a time when plaintiff was under duress, and to the release and the release from vows in the case forwarded from Paris to be acted on by the Lady Superior at London. Ontario, according to her discretion. There was a cause of action within this Province when that discretion was exercised adversely to plaintiff at Montreal. The defendants' Mount Hope Institute are not implicated in this transaction, and as against them the action should be dismissed with costs. Judgment for plaintiff for \$5,000 against the other defendants with costs of so much of the action as relates to the claim for damages. As to the other issues judgment is to be entered for defendants with no more than the costs of the action as are applicable thereto. Costs of all defendants to be set off against plaintiff's judgment costs. The costs of the unexecuted commission to be given to neither party. P. B. Bette (London) plaintiff. J. Magee, K.C., for defendants.

## TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Ament's planing mill at Brussels was destroyed by fire.

The King and Queen of Italy will arrive at Paris to-day.

Mr. Fred B. Hopkins of Port Colborne was found dead in bed.

No decision was reached at the second secret session of the Alaska tribunal.

Interviews with Toronto merchants go to show that the consumer pays the surtax on imports from Germany.

The first trial of United States postal officials in connection with the recent scandals was commenced at Cincinnati.

United States engineers have decided to blow up the St. Clair Canal, now blocking the St. Clair Canal, with dynamite.

Dr. J. F. Jolley of Port Dover and Miss Maud Smith have been arrested for deserting Miss Smith's infant child at Hamilton.

The London Liberal Associations new headquarters were opened last night, with a very well attended and pleasant social gathering.

Mr. R. J. Mackie of Oshawa has been appointed a member of the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Ontario in place of Mr. R. J. Mackie.

## FLOODS IN ENGLAND.

THE SITUATION IS HOURLY  
BECOMING MORE SERIOUS.The Rivers in Flood—Many Bridges  
Destroyed and Acres of Grain  
Under Water.

London, Oct. 14.—The rain and flood situation in England shows the outlook becoming hourly more serious. There has been abatement of the downpour in London, but the total rainfall is rapidly approaching a point equal to the highest since the Meteorological Office was established in 1866. Rivers are high everywhere and in many places have broken their bounds. Railway traffic has been interfered with and great inconvenience has been caused in several towns by inundations. Acres of grain are under water in Yorkshire and reports of general floods come from the north of England.

## ST. JOHN'S PROTEST.

Hon. A. G. Blair and Colonel Tucker  
Ignored.

St. John, N.B., Oct. 14.—The City Council yesterday at a special meeting unanimously adopted resolutions strongly protesting against any variation in the contract with the Allan Steamship Co., and requesting the Minister of Trade and Commerce not to permit any change until the Council was put in possession of all the facts and given a chance to be heard. These resolutions were telegraphed to Sir Richard Cartwright, and the first one also to Geo. W. Fowler, M.P. for King's county.

A remarkable fact is that the Council did not decide to send copies of the message to Hon. A. G. Blair and Col. Tucker, M.P., the St. John representatives in Parliament. It is thought this was not intentionally overlooked by the Council, but the fact remains that Messrs. Blair and Tucker were not considered, while it was decided to send a copy of the resolution to Mr. Fowler.

## THREE MONTHS' TRADE.

Increase of \$21,506,588 in the Total  
Over Last Year.

Ottawa, Oct. 14.—Canada's foreign trade has started magnificently on its career of expansion for the fiscal year 1903-4. The aggregate value for the quarter ending September 30 reached a total of \$133,758,124, which was \$21,506,588 more than for the same period last year. The total imports for consumption were \$66,895,837, and the exports of domestic produce were \$61,479,884, as against \$51,505,768 of imports and \$57,493,585 of exports in the same period last year. The dutiable goods imported totaled \$39,579,910, an increase of \$6,409,382. The imports of free goods reached \$24,940,898, a gain of \$7,220,000. The exports of agricultural products show an increase of \$2,517,499, and mineral products an increase of \$1,692,793. There was a falling-off of \$1,393,770 in exports of forest products, while animals and their produce reveal an improvement of \$760,397, and manufactures of \$535,168. The following is a comparative statement of the exports for the three months:

Domestic exports.	1902.	1903.
The mines . . . . .	\$9,884,576	\$11,515,389
The fisheries . . . . .	\$2,020,940	\$2,493,815
The forest . . . . .	\$14,106,067	\$12,712,297
Animals and their produce . . . . .	\$21,063,541	\$21,823,938
Agriculture . . . . .	\$5,631,452	\$8,148,951
Manufactures . . . . .	\$4,332,148	\$4,867,316
Miscellaneous . . . . .	\$4,861	\$1,178
Total . . . . .	\$57,493,585	\$61,479,884

## "SOO" FURTHER TIED UP.

Injunctions Preventing Negotiations  
Continued.

Toronto, Oct. 14.—"It may cost a million dollars if we are kept out of possession," was an argument used by counsel for the Central Trust Co. of New York and Speyer yesterday during the hearing of the applications for the injunctions regarding the possession of the Soo properties. The counsel for the United States syndicate, Charles Ritchie, K.C., and James Bicknell, K.C., urged that opposition to them really did not exist because they were the virtuous owners of all the plants and the stock of the subsidiary companies at the Soo, and that the funds, which were being employed to fight their legal action, really belonged to them. The four injunctions of the Speyer syndicate, restraining the Lake Superior Consolidated Company, and the subsidiary companies, from dealing with the properties, even to the extent of receiving amounts on book accounts, were continued. Up to the injunction preventing the Speyer syndicate from taking any further proceedings in the actions now pending in the district court of Algoma his Lordship reserved judgment.

## Mr. Chamberlain III.

London, Oct. 14.—Joseph Chamberlain is confined to his bed at Highbury, his residence at Birmingham, by a sharp attack of his old enemy, cough. He hopes, however, to have sufficiently recovered to keep his Newcastle engagement Oct. 20.

## BASEBALL.

BOSTON'S WORLD CHAMPIONSHIP.

R.H.B.  
Boston . . . . . 9-0  
Pittsburgh . . . . . 3-8  
Philadelphia . . . . . 0-4  
St. Louis . . . . . 0-4  
Chicago . . . . . 4-6  
At Chicago—Nationals 1, Americans 1.

## COX DID WAIT.

The Senator's Reply to the Ex-Minister  
of Railways.

Ottawa, Oct. 14.—Senator Cox, in the Senate last night quoted the expression used by Mr. Blair during the debate in the House, when he ascribed the Government's haste to the fact that "Senator Cox cannot wait." This statement, Mr. Cox went on to say, may be taken in itself to mean anything or nothing. "I have not the slightest conception of what impression the hon. ex-Minister intended to convey to the public by making use of such a statement. Whatever his intention was, it certainly has been used by other members of the House of Commons, and by a section of the press, as a justification for the making of the most untruthful and dishonorable attacks upon the Government and myself. Notwithstanding the statement that 'Cox can't wait,' I have been patiently waiting for the simple justice that one gentleman has a right to expect from another. I have been waiting for the ex-Minister either to apologize and remove the false impression that his words have conveyed to the public, or else to do me the justice to explain to the country and myself what he meant by using my name in the way he did. In the meantime, in the absence of such apology or explanation, I desire to say to this honorable House that the implied charge of improper conduct upon my part, or of any undue influence, or any attempt at undue influence with the Government or any member of it, is absolutely and entirely false. There is no foundation whatever in fact for such a slanderous statement. The futile attempts that have been made in certain directions to use the remarks of the hon. ex-Minister for the purpose of injuring my financial standing are as amusing as they are absurd, and as unworthy of notice as the source from which they emanate. The population of this country is to-day less than six millions of people. If I should ask the leader of the Opposition in the Senate, why it is not by this time over twelve millions, after the bold and progressive legislation of the Government led by the late Sir John Macdonald, and of which he was himself a distinguished member, and which gave to this country the C. P. R., his answer would no doubt be because the Liberal organs and Liberal statesmen of this country spent at least ten years during the conception and construction and the earlier unprofitable years of operation of that great national enterprise in doing all they could to defeat the Government, to embarrass the company and discredit the country. In their efforts to discredit the country they succeeded all too well, and greatly retarded its progress.

The lamentable mistake made by some of the Liberal party of that day is being enacted by the Conservative party to-day. It will keep them, as it kept the Liberals, eighteen years longer in the cold shades of Opposition. The petitions now being presented in opposition to this important measure remind one of the petitions and indignation meetings that used to be held in opposition to the C. P. R.

This country wants and will have the second great transcontinental highway, with its terminals at Port Simpson, Quebec, St. John and Halifax, and with its steamship fleets on both the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. It wants the G. T. R., the pioneer company of Canada, to extend its magnificent system of over 4,000 miles, now rendering such splendid service to eastern Canada, to the teeming wheat fields and to the as yet uncultivated millions of acres of fertile lands and to the undeveloped resources of northern and western Canada. This will mean a very large increase to the wealth, to the population and to the prosperity of this country. It will mean an opportunity for our banking, insurance and financial institutions, our farmers, laborers, manufacturers, merchants and artisans to participate in the great prosperity that this will bring to the country. No Government would be justified in delaying prompt action, no Opposition will be justified in obstructing this, the most important onward movement in the history of our country.

## NOT WANTED IN U. S.

English Glass Blowers Not Allowed  
to Enter the Country.

Syracuse, N.Y., Oct. 14.—A special to The Herald from Malone, N. Y., says:—United States Commissioner of Immigration Robert Watchorn, stationed at Montreal, has denied admission to the United States to twelve glass-blowers held here, and has recommended that they be taken to New York and deported to England. Unless the department at Washington decides otherwise this course will be pursued. These men, who are from England, were on their way to the Stenben Glass Works in Corning, N. Y., to go to work. They were accompanied by Joseph Onions of Corning who met them in Montreal.

## THREE BISHOPS ELECTED.

Horn, Breyfogle and Bowman the  
Man Chosen.

Berlin, Oct. 14.—The quadrennial election of the various officers in connection with the General Conference of the Evangelical Association took place here yesterday. All of the accredited delegates to the Conference were in their places when the roll was called, and keen interest was taken in the proceedings of the day. A large audience was also in attendance at both sessions. Bishop A. C. Breyfogle was the presiding officer.

## Thanksgiving Day.

The people of Canada have much to be thankful for—good harvest, commercial prosperity and brilliant prospects.

Thanksgiving appeals to us this year with great enthusiasm than ever before. This store has been successful beyond its best anticipations, and every incident of trade has been in keeping with your good will.

You will want something now to wear for the holiday. Furnishings maybe, or a hat, and then one of these new, light colored, short body top coats, if you are going away.

Come in and we will show them to you.

Store open till ten this evening, closed all day to-morrow.

THORNTON &amp; DOUGLAS, LIMITED...

## Did you see the Window Display?

—AT THE—  
**BAZAAR AND CHINA HALL**  
15 Toilet or Bedroom Sets complete 10 pieces and perfect goods, worth \$6, \$5, \$4.50 On Sale \$3.50

**GREAT SNAP** for Boarding Houses or Hotels—almost as cheap as White Ware.

GRAY'S CHINA HALL, KING STREET.

PURITY.  
LAGER BEER

"The Beer That is Brewed in Glass"

We use the mechanical refrigeration (ice machines) instead of natural ice for cooling both the beer and our cellars because it is the only sanitary method and temperatures are controlled with absolute certainty, enabling a brewer to produce far better beer.

We have duplicate refrigerating machines to provide against injury to the beer on account of improper refrigeration, arising from accident to machinery. We do not manufacture ice and cool with it but we remove the heat from the rooms thereby producing cold.

The natural ice method is antiquated and unsanitary. All things being equal, a home industry is entitled in preference but in brewing the investment required to produce a reasonably perfect beer is so large that but few will undertake it providing their intention is to furnish a PUPE, WHOLESOME and PROPERLY AGED BEER.

A properly constructed and equipped plant can hardly be constructed, equipped and operated on an investment of less than \$75,000.

We use large necked bottles to permit of cleaning properly. It is almost impossible to thoroughly cleanse a small necked bottle and if not cleaned the beer is sure to become infected and ptomaine poisoning follows.

Lager beer is too young or improperly finished will produce bowel troubles, but the expense and risk in carrying beer to a proper age causes many to dodge it and let the consumer pay the penalty.

We have storage capacity for over 200,000 gallons of Lager, Ale and Porter in bulk, exclusive of our bottle storage cellars, and ship only thoroughly matured goods.

Demand Walkerville Beer and You Will Get the Purest and Best

The Walkerville Brewing Co., Limited

WALKERVILLE, ONT.

F. A. ROBERT, Sales Agent, Chatham.

## Ayer's Hair Vigor

Your gray hair shows you should use it—unless you like to look old!

J. C. Ayer &amp; Co., Lowell, Mass.

S. S. NO. 2, CHATHAM.

Following is the report for S. S. No. 2, Chatham, for the month of September:

Class V.—Verna Duncan.  
Class IV.—Etta Pugh, Alvan French, Beulah Agar, Edith Kennedy, Lillian Duncan.  
Class III.—Sr.—Elmer French, Jas. Pratt, Artie Arnold, David Forsyth, Holmes, Stella Weaver, Mary McRobb.  
Class II.—Bessie Chinick, Beatrice French, Geo. Abraham, Edna French, Jessie Brown, Retta Kennedy.  
Pt. II. Class—Bertha French, Jean Macdonald, Maggie Chinick, Stanley Weaver, Carl Blackburn.  
Class Pt. I, Sr.—Clarence Holmes, Robert Kennedy.  
Class Pt. I, Jr.—Arthur Pratt, Alfred Brown, Garnet Griffith, Elsie Cartier.  
Primary—Harry Pugh, Fred Brown.

Goddie Blackburn, Willie MacNeillage, Gladys Cartier.

Average attendance, 30.

S. G. KNIGHT, Teacher.

## NO YOU DON'T

Make any mistake when you leave your order at our store. The goods are fresh, the prices, well here are some of them:

8 lbs. Tapioca, 25 cents.  
7 lbs. Tilson's Baked Oats, 25 cents.  
New Select Raisins, 10c per lb.  
Fresh Mackerel, 10c per can.  
Good Mixed Biscuits, 10c per lb.  
5 doz. Clothes Pins for 5c.  
Extra good Cider Vinegar 25c. per gal.  
6 Cans Sardines for 25c.

## Grocery Snaps

97 piece Dinner Sets \$5.75  
10 piece China Sets \$3.00  
44 piece Tea Sets \$2.75

A large quantity of Xmas China—all kinds—will be sold at close prices. If you are looking for presents call and see us.

John McConnell,

Phone 190, - Park St.

786 Queen St. West  
TORONTO, ONT.