LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

LAST EDITION

47th YEAR, NO. 20219 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1911—TWENTY PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

TRAVERS TAKEN TO KINGSTON ORDERED BACK TO TORONTO

Officials Say Could Not Be Held Longer as Witness, But Inspector Declares He Was Hurried Away Because of Improper Interference.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 18—A new interest was injected into the Farmers' Bank case this morning, when W. R. Travers, the convicted bank manager, who has been an important witness, was suddenly whisked off to Kingston. Travers has been held here for days because he was a necessary crown witness.

Inspector Duncan pretended to be furious and is quoted as saying: "Too many people are getting their fingers burned, and a determined attempt is being made to block the investigation.

"Travers has told me that threats have been carried to the jail that if he did not stop testifying against certain people that he would likely get twenty years added to his sentence."

Later.

Toronto, Feb. 18—Inspector Duncan has secured an order from Judge Winchester, and he will leave tomorrow morning for Kingston and bring back W. R. Travers at once.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—When the Farmers' Bank case was called in the police court this morning, in addition to the usual array of defendants, Sheriff Mowat and his deputy official occupied seats in front of the dock, having been summoned to explain the sudden departure of W. R. Travers. Crown Attorney Corley, when asked by the court if he was ready to go on, made the formal announcement of Travers' sensational trip to Kingston.

"I am not finished with Travers yet," said Mr. Corley. "As you know, Travers was taken to Kingston this morning. Immediately after he was sentenced I was spoken to by the sheriff and asked if I wanted to use him as a witness. I said I did, and nothing further was said about removing him, till a few days ago I got a letter from Mr. Mowat, who said it was his duty to take Travers to Kingston.

"I had no authority to hold him, nor had my department. I spoke to the sheriff's officer and thought he would see the sheriff about the case.

"I was surprised to learn this morning he had been sent away when I was in the middle of his examination. Of course we can apply to the county judge and get an order to have him brought back here."

The Sheriff's Explanation.

"It's very embarrassing and unusual," said the magistrate. "Still, he can be brought back by an order of the county judge."

"Yes; we can get him back in two or three days," agreed Mr. Corley.

"No trouble at all," said the magistrate. "Of course, it would have been more convenient to have left him here for one more day."

"What was the cause of his being hurried away?" asked the magistrate, turning to Sheriff Mowat.

"He had been here much longer than usual, and I thought I ought to have some authority for holding him here any longer. I didn't know that the court was not through with him, and I wasn't notified that he would be wanted."

"Well, we would have been finished with him today, most likely," said the court.

"It's very unfortunate and prejudicial to my client as I have not been able to cross-examine Travers," said Matthew Wilson, K.C.

"I hope you don't think this department is to blame," said the magistrate. "It's no fault of ours, and there has never been any clash between the departments that I know of before. There is no reason why you should not get an order from the county court judge and have Travers back here on Monday," concluded the magistrate. "In the meantime we will hear the witnesses we have here."

Thomas Lamson, of the finance department, then took the stand and identified copies of the correspondence between the department and Travers. The case was then adjourned till Tuesday.

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SIR EDMUND WALKER AND ANNEXATION

Idea That Trade Agreement Means Ultimate Absorption Shown To Be Fallacious.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—This morning's Globe has the following communication from Mr. P. C. Larkin, head of the Salada Ceylon Tea Company:

To the Editor of the Globe,—After reading the speeches made at the board of trade meeting last night, I am perfectly astounded that I do not find myself an annexationist. I have been doing business in the United States for sixteen years, commencing in a small way, but growing, until we now export many hundreds of thousands of dollars worth of goods annually. I see much of the country, and meet a great many of its people, and yet I find I am no annexationist; yet we are told by such an authority as Sir Edmund Walker that if we trade with the United States we cannot escape inoculation.

Sir Edmund has had a large experience in business in the republic to the south of us. The bank with which he is connected is doing an ever-increasing trade with that country. Has he found that in his case it has created an annexationistic sentiment? Possibly it has, but his well-known imperialistic views enable him to overcome the feeling, and thus he has been able to continue trading in the market which he finds most profitable. Sir Edmund feels, however, that it would not be right to expose the farmer to temptation. That is, he feels that while it is wise and profitable for him, with his millions, to trade in the United States, it would have a bad effect on the loyalty of the farmer if he were enabled to get five dollars more for a horse or five cents a bushel more for wheat a little south of where he now sells it.

P. C. LARKIN.

Toronto, Feb. 17.

CIVIC EFFICIENCY LEAGUE FORMED

Object Is to Promote Interest Along Co-Operative Lines.

At a meeting held in St. George's Hall last night an association to be known as the "Civic Efficiency League" was organized, having for its object the arousing of popular interest along co-operative lines.

The following officers have been elected: President, William Dixon; vice-president, William Emery; secretary-treasurer, J. M. Johnston.

It is the intention of the new organization to hold semi-monthly meetings, and to conduct an educational propaganda of the principles of the co-operative movement.

A JOLLY SOCIAL

Held by the Daughters of Rebecca Friday Night.

The Daughters of Rebekah held a box social in Oddfellows' Hall last evening. The attendance was very large, and the greater part of the evening was given over to progressive euchre, for which three prizes were given. Mrs. Durdin carried off the first prize, a handsome umbrella, and Miss Powell won the second prize. The third prize was won by Mr. Tanner. One of the features of the evening was the auction of the boxes that had been brought by different members. Light refreshments were served, and a short dance was held.

FORMER BALL PLAYER DIED IN ALVINSTON

Fred Burton, Hotelkeeper, Passed Away—Played With "Alerts."

Frederick James Burton, formerly a resident of Nilestown and London, died in Alvinston this morning, at the age of 44 years. The deceased was a son of the late James M. Burton, of this city. Since last May he had been residing in Alvinston, where is is survived by his wife and two children. His mother, Mrs. Mary Burton, of 385 Waterloo street, and one brother, Harry Burton, in Detroit, are his other surviving relatives.

The remains will be brought to this city tomorrow afternoon, and the funeral will be held on Monday at 3 p. m., from his mother's residence, Waterloo street, to Woodland Cemetery.

DOMESTIC HELP VERY SCARCE JUST NOW

Farm Laborers Are Also in Demand, Says Salvation Army

Western Ontario is just now experiencing probably the greatest scarcity of domestic help in many years. Major McGillivray, the immigration agent of the Salvation Army, is in the city, and stated to The Advertiser today that he is literally deluged with applications for house-servants, not only from London, but all parts of the western peninsula. Many of these applicants for help offer wages which were unheard of a few years ago.

A large number of applications are daily received for farm laborers.

"We could have placed fifty men at Christmas if we had had them," said Major McGillivray. Formerly the farmers were not accustomed to hire their summer help until March or April, but they appear to have come to the conclusion that to employ the men in February, or even earlier, insures a certain amount of training before the active summer season, and also obviates the frequent embarrassment from which many farmers suffer in the summer months of being unable to properly harvest their crops because of the lack of necessary help.

According to the major the farmers are beginning to feel that it pays to take on the immigrant farm laborer, who frequently is not used to Canadian methods, in the slack season, and give him a certain degree of practical training before the rush and hurry of the summer months.

The first army immigrants of this year will sail on Feb. 24, arriving in Canada early in March. So numerous are the would-be emigrants, who desire to emigrate to Canada this coming season, that the Salvation Army is experiencing the greatest difficulty in securing their passage on the ocean steamers.

STREET RAILWAY IN NO HURRY

Proposal to Use Lines at Night For Freight Discussed by Mr. King.

MAY BE OBJECTIONS

Ald. Bennett Says Application of George White & Sons Opens Up a Big Question in London.

The London Street Railway Company are not enthusiastic over the proposition of George White & Sons to do shipping over their lines at night. It will mean a great deal of extra expense for the company in changing their rails, etc., and unless there are larger prospects for business than appear at the present time, they will not consider it.

"It will mean that we will have to change our tracking if we agree," said Manager C. B. King. "Our present equipment is not suitable and we would be compelled to make extensive changes. Of course we would consider the proposal if there was enough business in sight to warrant us in going to this expense. At the present time, there does not seem to be that amount of business. It is a straight business proposition, and we would have to see adequate returns, if we are going to expend any considerable sum of money."

The company may run cars for freight purposes, but must first secure the consent of the city council.

What the Bylaw Says.

This is covered by section 25, of Bylow 916, clause "C." It says: The company shall use only passenger cars, mail cars, cars used for the construction of the company's railroad while the same is being constructed, cars for hauling gravel for the corporation, or for the maintenance of the company's roadbed, cars for street watering, snow cars for the purposes mentioned in this bylaw, and such other cars as the council of the corporation may from time to time by bylaw permit, and all cars of every description used by the company, shall be used, run under and subject to such regulations as the council of the corporation may from time to time prescribe."

According to the above clause the council may permit freight cars to be used, and may also prescribe when they shall be run, and under what conditions.

Some Objection.

However, there is likely to be serious objection to this. Ald. Bennett made it quite clear that there would be objection raised to the city turning the business streets into shunting yards, as some citizens put it, and it is expected that others will join him in his objections.

It will be remembered that this same matter was debated very strenuously in the council some years ago. At that time, the charter of the Southwestern Traction Company was being discussed. They wanted a franchise into the city, for the purposes of handling freight, as well as passenger traffic.

Strong grounds were taken against such a franchise in the council at the time.

G. T. R. Wanted It.

Four or five years ago the Grand Trunk Railway Company asked for the right to shunt cars on Bathurst street, and other streets near there, after midnight. This occasioned a warm debate in the council, and was one of the sticking points of the proposed track elevation agreement.

Two years ago, and also last year, the Pere Marquette Company put in a claim for more siding accommodation on Bathurst street. Their yards were too small to permit of them handling the freight to the best advantage, and they asked for this same privilege, agreeing to bear the whole cost of the work, as well as protect the city against damage. Bathurst street at this point is not a particularly busy thoroughfare, but the citizens objected strongly to it. The result was that the council refused, although the request, if granted, would have increased the value of the city's own road.

Says It's Dangerous.

Now the same request comes up in a different form, and it is understood that if this is granted, the other roads will renew their application for the same privilege.

It is certain that the Pere Marquette will, as they are badly cramped for room, and need extra siding accommodation.

"It is a dangerous precedent," declared Ald. Bennett today, when asked about the request of George White & Sons. "All the other roads, and rightly, too, would ask for shunting privileges. It opens up a big question, and the city will have to be very careful what privileges are granted."

REPAID THE LOAN WITH THE INTEREST

Mr. W. S. Calvert Says His Connection With Farmers' Bank Is Open to Fullest Investigation.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—W. S. Calvert, former Liberal whip, stated this morning with reference to the evidence of Travers in connection with the trial of the Farmers' Bank directors yesterday, that he had introduced Travers to the Minister of Finance by request, but that he had never met him before the morning of the introduction. He had secured a loan of $3,000—not $5,000—some time after the bank was established, in the regular way, but had repaid [illegible] with interest. "I do not believe the Minister of Finance ever asked Mr. Travers if he had paid anything to me for the introduction," said Mr. Calvert, who asserted that his connection with the affair was open to the fullest investigation.

$16,000 HAS BEEN SECURED TOWARD A FUND OF $50,000

Special Committee of the London Laymen Are Meeting With Great Success in the Canvass For Subscriptions.

The special committee of London laymen who have undertaken to raise the sum of $50,000 as a special offering towards the equipment for missionaries in the home and foreign fields, are meeting with splendid success.

Although the work was only started a little over a week ago, $16,000 has already been secured, and there is every indication that the amount aimed at will be secured. Mr. John H. Chapman is the convener of the committee, and a meeting of the members will be held this evening to discuss the work.

The laymen of the province aim to raise the sum of $1,500,000 for the work in five years. The offering is a special one, and entirely separate from the general offering that is being collected in connection with the general work of the Laymen's Missionary Movement. Appeals are being made only to men who can well afford to give money, and the needs for the mission work are being placed before them in as complete a manner as possible. The local committee is greatly encouraged with the splendid results their work is meeting with.

Toronto laymen plan to raise the sum of $750,000 in five years, and a member of the local committee stated that there is no doubt that they will do it, as the laymen are throwing themselves heart and soul into the cause, and are getting splendid pledges of large amounts from prominent laymen and others interested in the work.

GAS KILLS A CHATHAM MAN WIFE AND DAUGHTER OVERCOME

Night Watchman Hutchinson and Members of His Household Lay For Many Hours in the Poisonous Atmosphere.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Chatham, Feb. 18.—D. A. Hutchinson, night watchman for the Campbell Manufacturing Company, was overcome by escaping natural gas while asleep yesterday and succumbed. His wife and daughter, who were also overcome by the deadly fumes, are in the hospital and are still unconscious. Apparently all three lay in the poisonous atmosphere the entire day, as it was nearly 9 o'clock last evening when neighbors broke into the house. Hutchinson returned from his work early yesterday morning, and when he did not report as usual Friday evening his employers started an inquiry which disclosed the tragedy.

It is supposed that Hutchinson retiring before the others were up, had not completely turned off the gas.

Travers Taken to Prison Today

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 18.—Some surprise was expressed today, when it became known that W. R. Travers, former president of the Farmers' Bank, had been taken to Kingston early this morning to commence his six-year term at the penitentiary there. It was supposed that Travers would have been kept here until the conclusion of the examinations before Police Magistrate Denison. The cause for his sudden removal has not yet been disclosed.

HORSES CAUGHT ON TRACK BLOCK TRAIN MANY HOURS

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Goderich, Feb. 18.—Train No. 205 last night on the Canadian Pacific, from Toronto to Goderich, ran into a bunch of horses about three miles from Blyth. A farmer was driving three loose animals off the track, and his lantern going out he was unable to flag the train. The horses were overtaken in a deep cut, and in endeavoring to get up the side, rolled down under the train, so binding the baggage car that it had to be jacked up. No damage except to the baggage car and steps taken off the coach. The train was in charge of Conductor Cruickshanks, and did not reach Goderich till midnight.

COURT HELPS BOY TO JOIN THE NAVY

Lad Had Not Sufficient Money to Take Him to Halifax.

[Canadian Press.]

Toronto, Feb. 18.—A spasm of unusual generosity struck the high court of justice, when Mr. Justice Teetzel made an order directing the accountant to advance $25 to E. C. Twining, of 291 Clinton street. Twining has a desire to join the Canadian navy, and the loan is for the purpose of taking him to Halifax to join the Niobe. There is no money in court at present to the credit of the lad, but he has an interest in a mortgage forming part of the estate of D. E. Twining, and there is a payment coming due on that in two or three months. The loan of $25 is an anticipation of the payment on the mortgage.

SAYS POLICE CAUSED DEATH OF HUSBAND

A Pathetic Scene in Hamilton Morgue Following Death in Cell.

[Canadian Press.]

Hamilton, Feb. 18.—There was a pathetic scene at the morgue yesterday afternoon, when Mrs. Allen Hay identified the body of her husband who died in the police cells, where he was detained, charged with being drunk. The man's face was cut and bruised, and the woman lodged a sensational charge against police. With a baby in her arms and a little child clinging to her skirt, she leaned over the corpse and shrieked: "He has been beaten to death. He met death at the hands of the police."

Hay left his house at 9 o'clock at night to go on a message and was arrested two hours later. His wife thinks it was impossible for him to have become so intoxicated in such a short time.

P. C. Duncan, who arrested Hay, is an old member of the force, and denies ill-using the prisoner. Hay was in the company of some men, for whom the detectives were searching. An inquest is being held.

Within twenty-four hours of the tragic death in the police cells of Allen Hay, another prisoner arrested on a charge of drunkenness, took violently ill, and it was necessary to rush him to the hospital.

As the result the police will ask Inspector Sturdy to take up with the license department the matter of inspecting liquors here. They are of the opinion that adulterated liquor is largely responsible for the large number of people who reach the station unable to give their names and apparently under the influence of a drug.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, Feb. 18.—Arrived: Atlanta, from Trieste; Friedrich der Grosse, from Bremen; Reina d'Italia, from Genoa.

SWAINS WERE JOYOUS ON HOMEWARD WAY

Five Were Fined $1.85 Each for Singing Popular Songs.

At this morning's session of the police court, Mr. J. L. Secord admitted that he might have exceeded the speed limit with his auto. P. C. Fych, who laid the information, said that he would judge that Mr. Secord was coming down Dundas street, between William and Burwell streets at a speed of 25 miles an hour. Mr. Secord said he had the machine running with the high speed gear and his speedometer was off, and he didn't know how fast he really went.

"I will fine you $5," said the court.

Five south end youths who, under the illusion that they were embryo Carusos, made the night hideous while on their way home at 12.45 one morning recently, were each ordered to pay $1.85, and warned not to disturb the slumbers of the residents of the neighborhood again.

THE WEATHER.

TOMORROW—FAIR.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, Feb. 18—8 a.m.

Today—Strong northwest winds; fair, becoming colder; a few snow flurries.

Sunday—Fair and colder.

TEMPERATURES

Minus (—) means below zero

Stations	Max.	Min.	Weather.
Victoria	48	28	Cloudy
Calgary	22	6	Clear
Winnipeg	26	6	Clear
Port Arthur	26	18	Fair
Parry Sound	34	28	Cloudy
Toronto	46	[illegible]	Cloudy
Ottawa	22	20	Fair
Montreal	30	24	Fair
Quebec	24	20	Clear
Father Point	26	20	Fair

Minus (—) means below zero

WEATHER NOTES

The low area which was over Ontario yesterday has moved to the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and an area of high pressure with a cold wave is now spreading eastward over Ontario.

The weather is again decidedly cold in the Western Provinces.

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER

Yesterday a disturbance moved in quickly from the Mississippi to the St. Lawrence Valley, and from present indications an area of high pressure, with a moderate cold wave, will now spread over Ontario and Quebec. The weather continued moderately cold yesterday in the Western Provinces, but turned much milder from the Great Lakes eastward.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: London, 30—48; Dawson, 20 below—10 below; Atlin, 6—16; Prince Rupert, 32—46; Victoria, 36—48; Vancouver, 34—38; Kamloops, 10—24; Calgary, 4—22; Battleford, 12 below—4; Moosejaw, 5 below—5; Qu'Appelle, 2 below—10; Winnipeg, 12—26; Port Arthur, 26—36; Parry Sound, 22—34; Toronto, 28—46; Ottawa, 12—20; Montreal, 10—30; Quebec, 6—24; St. John, 12—36; Halifax, 8—38.

TODAY'S PROBS.

The East—Strong westerly winds and moderately cold; light snow or rain, becoming colder at night.

Lake Superior and Alberta—Fair and colder.

Manitoba and Saskatchewan—Fair, with lower temperature.

NORTH MIDLAND WILL NOT ACCEPT AGREEMENT PROPOSED BY CITY

Directors Balk, It Is Said, at Clause Which Refers to Payment of the Money, and Also at the One Which Covers Use of Niagara Power.

The North Midland Railway Company will not accept the agreement as drafted by the city.

That statement was made to The Advertiser by one of the directors of the company today. He had not seen a copy of the proposed agreement, but he had read the synopsis as published yesterday in The Advertiser, which was correct in practically every particular.

"If that synopsis is correct, we cannot accept it," he stated. "I have not seen the draft, because we have not been given a copy. However, I have read the synopsis very carefully, and from what I have learned it is about correct. If the council insists on us accepting those terms, everything is off. It is simply absurd from our standpoint."

Payment of the Money.

"Take the clause that refers to the postponed until Monday at 11 o'clock. that agreement we cannot receive one cent until the road is completed and in running order. When that is done we won't need any money. We want the money to build the road.

"Take the power clause also. We do not balk at taking Niagara power, but we should have something to say regarding the terms. The city wants us to take $30,000 for power a year off their shoulders, while they are risking but $10,000, even if they had to pay the bonds. You can see that the proposition is rather one-sided.

"I do not care to discuss the agreement further, as the details are not before us as yet. But from what I can learn it looks as if the council will make it impossible for us to accept."

Meeeting Postponed.

A conference was to have been held this afternoon to discuss the terms of the agreement, but the meeting was postponed until Monday at 11 o'clock.

A copy of the contract will be sent to the company this afternoon, and at a meeting of the directors to be held tonight the terms will be discussed. On Monday a proposition will be made to the finance committee.

Mayor Beattie will probably be asked to call a special meeting of the city council to take this question up. There is quite a budget of business to be transacted on Monday evening, and this is so important a matter that it is thought advisable to call another meeting to devote the whole session to the discussion of it.

POLICEMAN FOUND MAN IN THE GUTTER

William Spencer Was Too Drunk To Go Home.

William Spencer, of Talbot street, almost reached home last night when sleep overcame him, and he was found some time later by a constable, peacefully dreaming in the slush. Spencer admitted that he had been drunk, and promised not to do it again if allowed to go. His request was granted.

William Proctor, who has been up before for drunkenness, was fined $10 or 10 days.

INDIAN ELECTED TRIAL BY JURY

Is Accused of Robbing Another Red Man of Chippewa.

Peter Seneca, the Indian who was committed for trial by Squire Chittick on a charge of robbing William Anderson, a Chippewa Reserve man, of $27 and a watch and chain, elected to be tried by a jury before Judge Macbeth at the court house this morning.

Should he secure bail, he will be brought up at the sessions of the county court in June, but if he remains in jail, his case will be decided at the spring assizes, which commence here March 27.

MUST HAVE SERVED THREE YEAR TERM

In Order To Be Eligible for the Coronation Trip to England.

Col. Hodgins, D. O. C., stated to The Advertiser this afternoon that he has had no official word yet regarding the selection of the troops for the coronation except the circular stating that each force will send representatives.

The circular states that each man who goes must have had at least three years' training.

This means, it is said, that practically all those who go will be either sergeants or corporals or officers higher up.

The regular drill of the Seventh Regiment was held last night, and there was a large turnout at the Armories. Two new officers have been appointed. They are Lieutenants T. C. Wright and Fred Wright. A number of others are expected to be added to the strength of the regiment shortly.

LONDONER REWARDED FOR GALLANT ACT

Mr. Wilfrid J. Pocock Given a Handsome Fob for Saving Young Lady's Life.

Mr. Wilfred J. Pocock, of this city, today received a beautiful gold watch fob from a lady in Toronto as a reward for the gallant rescue of her daughter from drowning in Lake Huron last July.

Mr. Pocock was in bathing with others when the young lady got beyond her depth. She sank out of sight, and Mr. Pocock swam to her rescue and with considerable difficulty brought her to shore.

Her mother in recognition of his bravery forwarded the fob, suitably engraved.

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The death of Mrs. Ellen Hall, relict of the late Michael Hall, occurred in Stratford at the residence of her son on Tuesday, the 14th inst. The deceased was born in Ireland ninety years ago, and has lived in Mount Carmel for over sixty years. She is survived by three sons, Edward and Tom, of Mount Carmel, and John, of Stratford, and two daughters, Mrs. John Coughlin, of Stratford, and Mrs. Walter Kilgallin, of this city. The funeral took place on Thursday morning to the Church of Our Lady of Mount Carmel, Mount Carmel, Ont., where requiem high mass was sung by Rev. Father Forster. The pallbearers were three grandsons and three nephews, J. Coughlin, D. Coughlin, J. Bolan, E. Hall, J. Doyle and P. Glavin.

SECOND NURSE BADLY NEEDED

Work of the Victorian Order Is Growing Greatly in London.

EXPENSES $1,000 A YEAR

Fees Do Not Go Far in Providing for Expenditures—A List of Donations Acknowledged.

The following statement was handed to The Advertiser for publication:

The January report of the Victorian Order nurse shows 173 visits made during the month, and work steadily increasing. This is strenuous work for one nurse, and especially when one considers that many of these visits were night calls. London is sadly in need of a second permanent nurse, and it is the earnest hope of all concerned in the work that a way will be opened and means provided so that application may be made for the much-needed help.

The work is becoming better known and calls for the nurse are plentiful, but fees are a small factor in meeting expenses.

The amount required for the maintenance of the work and support of the nurse is now, with the advanced price of living expenses, very near $1,000 per year, and the board of management hesitate to apply for a second nurse without a sure and certain hope of meeting additional expenses.

Care of the Sick.

Were a second nurse in the field more time could be given to instructing and directing those in the visited homes regarding the care of the sick, the preparation of nourishment, and the sanitary care of the home. All this would improve conditions and be a permanent benefit. A certain amount of this work can be done by one nurse, but it is clearly impossible for one nurse to be on duty day and night.

Contributions are earnestly solicited in order that this splendid work may be supported and extended. Mrs. Yarker, Wortley road, treasurer of the Victorian Order, will gratefully receive and acknowledge all contributions.

The board of management desire to return hearty thanks to all who kindly responded to the Christmas appeal, and to the various church societies and organizations whose help is continual.

Donations.

The following donations are acknowledged with much gratitude: Lord Roberts Chapter, Daughters of the Empire, proceeds from gypsy fete, $180; Western Ontario Commercial Travellers' Association, $100; Irish Benevolent Society, $15; St. John's Lodge, A. F. and A. M., No. 20, $10; St. John's Royal Arch Chapter, No. 3, $10; Rose Croix, $5; London Lodge Perfection Scottish Rite, $5; St. George's Society, $5; Court Orient, C. O. F., No. 351, $5; Pride of the Dominion, A. O. F., $3; Court Forest Queen, A. O. F., $2; Companion of the Forest, Pride of the East Circle, $2; Young Ladies' Bible Class, First Presbyterian Church, $5; private individuals, $40; collected by Miss M., $36.50.

Sincere thanks are also due the Ladies' Auxiliary of the First Presbyterian Church, Helping Hand Guild, Mothers' Union of the Memorial Church, Bible Class of St. James' Episcopal Church of South London, for furnishing supplies; also, food and dainties for the sick requiring such. Friends who have contributed articles of clothing, and all who have in any way contributed to the needs and funds of the order.

Alma Representation.

Mr. John H. Chapman, of this city, and Mrs. Chant, of St. Thomas, who were appointed scrutineers in connection with the election of ladies whom the graduates of Alma College wish to represent them on the directoriate, completed their work yesterday, and announce that those chosen are: Miss Sisk, of Toronto; Mrs. R. I. Warner, of St. Thomas, and Mrs. Robert McLaughlin, of St. Thomas. The Alma Daughters cast 425 ballots.

Knott & Sangster

REAL ESTATE BROKERS, VALUATORS, ARBITRATORS, OPTIONS OBTAINED, MONEY TO LOAN, FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE, PROPERTIES RENTED AND RENTS COLLECTED.

ROOM 101, MASONIC TEMPLE. PHONE 650.

BELLEVUE AVENUE—THIS SURVEY WAS ONLY OPENED OUT LAST YEAR, AND THERE ARE NOW FIVE RED PRESSED BRICK HOUSES ON THE PROPERTY. THERE ARE A FEW LOTS STILL LEFT FOR SALE AT $12 PER FOOT. CALL AND GET PARTICULARS BEFORE THEY ARE ALL GONE.

CARFRAE CRESCENT, JUST OVER THE TRACTION COMPANY'S BRIDGE—THERE ARE NOW EIGHT HOUSES ON THIS STREET. THERE ARE A FEW LOTS LEFT AT FROM $8 TO $15 PR FOOT. THIS PROPERTY IS ONLY TWELVE MINUTES' WALK TO THE MARKET. ALL LOTS WILL BE SOLD THIS SPRING. CALL AND SEE PLAN AND GET PARTICULARS IF YOU WANT A LOT CONVENIENT TO THE CENTRE OF THE CITY.

McKENZIE ESTATE, EAST OF RIDOUT STREET—THIS SURVEY IS NOW REAL FOR SALE. LOTS CAN BE PURCHASED ON EASY TERMS.

ONTARIO STREET—2½-story brick, stone foundation, 6 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 45x150 feet. Price, $3,800.

DUFFERIN AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, clothes closets, verandah, lot 33x151 feet. Price, $2,500.

MARYBORO PLACE—1¾-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, lot 38x100 feet. Price, $2,500.

DUCHESS AVENUE—Frame cottage, 4 bedrooms, water inside, cistern, lot 46x116 feet. Price, $1,700.

ADELAIDE STREET—1½-story frame, 3 bedrooms, cement floor in cellar, hardwood floors, lot 28x130 feet. Price, $1,500. Easy terms.

ELEANOR STREET—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, lot 34x125 feet. Price, $1,200. Easy terms.

YORK STREET—1½-story frame, 2 bedrooms, lot 29x198 feet and right of way. Price, $850. Easy terms.

WREAY STREET—Brick-veneer cottage, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, lot 30x189 feet. Price, $1,100. Easy terms.

FOR SALE—First-class cheese factory and dwelling-house, near railway, in one of the best farming localities; splendid spring water. Call for particulars.

FIFTY ACRES, Westminster Township—First-class pasture land, not far from city, $3,000; $1,000 cash, balance on time if desired.

AYLMER—About 2 acres, two-story frame house, brick foundation, good barn, soil black loam. Would exchange for city property in good locality. Price, only $1,000.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—2-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 31x216 feet. Price, $2,500.

TALBOT STREET—Two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, cellar under all, lot 27x170 feet, lane at rear and side. Price, $2,500.

WATERLOO STREET, CENTRAL—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, a first-class locality, lot 49x330 feet. Call and get particulars.

CHELSEA GREEN—2-story frame, cement foundation, 4 bedrooms, room for bath. Lot 49x115 feet. Price, $1,400.

WHARNCLIFFE ROAD—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, verandah, cellar. Price, $1,600.

GROCERY store in city, doing first-class business. Moderate rent. Call and get particulars.

FIVE ACRES—Two-story brick house, slate roof, 5 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, room for bath, good cellars, large verandah, barn and drive house, fruit and ornamental trees. Will exchange for smaller place or city property in good locality. Call for particulars.

FIVE ACRES, near city, east, with good brick story and a half house. $2,500.

DUFFERIN AVENUE—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room and kitchen, lot 25x159 feet. Only $900.

KENNETH AVENUE—1½-story brick, cement block foundation, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, cellar under all, furnace, wired for electric light, gas for cooking. Call for price.

WATERLOO STREET—1½-story brick, stone foundation, 4 bedrooms, bath and w.c., gas and electric light, stable. Lot 42.5x145 feet. Price, $2,800.

CLARENCE STREET—1½-story frame, brick foundation, 6 bedrooms, bathroom complete, hard and soft water, connected to sewer, verandah, barn and workshop; lot 34x110 feet. Price, $1,700.

SUNSHINE PARK—One of the best lots in the survey. Owner in the west. Will sell at a reasonable price.

BEST CORNER LOT in South London, 58x98 feet. Only, $1,500. Must be sold. Call for particulars.

ELIAS STREET—1½-story brick veneer, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, w.c., bathroom piped, furnace, E.L. and gas. Price, $2,100.

TALBOT STREET—2-story brick, 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences. Lot 66 feet frontage. Call for particulars.

GENERAL store in small village west of city, 3 miles from C.P.R. station, good country around. Stock about $2,000. Good new brick building and good stables and other outbuildings. Large lot. Price of buildings and lot, $2,500. Might consider a good exchange for city property.

DUCHESS AVENUE—2-story brick veneer, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences, verandah, barn. Price, $2,250. Easy terms.

VACANT LOT—Surrey avenue, 35x167 feet. Price, $200.

FOUR PARCELS OF 6 ACRES EACH—No buildings. First-class clay loam. Close to city. From $500 to $700 each. A snap to the right party. Call for particulars.

ELIAS STREET—Brick veneer cottage, 3 bedrooms, E. L. and fixtures, porch. Lot 33x100 feet. Price, $1,700.

WANTED—Farms for sale and exchange. We have a large number of people inquiring for farms. We have sold quite a number lately, and have customers for quite a number more. If you have a farm you wish to sell or exchange, kindly call and give it to us for sale, and we will push the property for you.

DUNDAS STREET—1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 60x136 feet. Price, $3,200.

SOUTH LONDON—Two-story frame, brick foundation, four bedrooms, modern conveniences, lot 33.4x120 feet. Price, $2,200. Easy terms, $20 down and $20 per month.

2?5 RIDOUT STREET—Frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen; lot 64x130 feet, and lane at rear. Price, $1,750, $100 cash, balance monthly.

FACTORY SITES on intra-switching and main line of G. T. R. First-class sites.

VACANT LOT—Becher street, 30x125 feet. $700.

THE RIDGEWAY—2-story brick, all modern, fine residence, low price.

THE BEST VACANT LOTS in the north end. Call for particulars.

FINE LOT on Elmwood avenue, near the Normal School.

VACANT LOT on Mount Pleasant avenue. Call for particulars.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU, AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

National Prosperity

The prosperity of Canada depends a great deal upon the prosperity of the farmer. The outlook for the Ontario farmer has not been so good for some time past as it is this year. Now is the time to buy a farm in Ontario, and join in the general prosperity of the farms of this province. We have a number of farms in Ontario to sell.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms we have for sale:

No. 6456—50 acres in the Township of Metcalfe, County of Middlesex, soil clay loam, fences wire and rail, 1½-story frame house, a number of outbuildings, 6 miles to Appin railway station, 1 mile to Glenwillow P. O. Price, $2,500.

No. 6457—70 acres in the Township of East Oxford, County of Oxford, soil clay loam, 3 acres of orchard, 1½-story brick house, barn on stone wall, a number of other outbuildings; 4½ miles to Woodstock, electric railway, G. T. R. station at corner of farm, ¼ mile to Eastwood P. O.

No. 6463—100 acres in the Township of Middleton, County of Norfolk, soil sand, 28 acres timber, 2 acres of mixed fruit, 2-story new cement block house, barn on stone basement, hog pen on stone wall, silo and drive barn, 4 miles to Delhi market, railway station and P. O. Will exchange for 150 acres of good clay loam.

No. 6464—70 acres in the Township of Elma, County of Perth, soil clay loam, 1 acre of good orchard, fences wire in good repair, 1½-story frame house, a number of outbuildings, all in good repair, ½ mile to Trowbridge market, 5 miles to Atwood railway station.

For further list of farms which we have for sale, see today's Free Press, or send for our catalogue of farms for sale.

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Telephone 696. 78 Dundas Street, London, Ont.

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"**EDSON** will become a large city," so say Geo. H. McLeod and E. H. Finley, millionaire mine owners of Spokane.

Never were the opportunities greater than they are now in Edson, **THE PITTSBURG OF CANADA.** Never was the call of the west more insistent or more alluring than it is today.

Keep in the van of progress. Get that "Never say die" spirit. Make more than a livelihood. Profit by the upbuilding of a great nation. Partake of the spirit of the Last West. Now is the time to do it.

Prices have already advanced $25 per lot. Do not wait until they take another raise. Write today.

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London Loan Block, London, Ont.

Sales Agents for Bonafide Grand Trunk Pacific Lots and Farm Lands.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

100-ACRE FARM, LAMBTON COUNTY, 2½ miles from Oil Springs; clay loam, good water, 16-room brick house, with basement, furnace, barn 45x60 with basement, horse barn 26x75, driveshed 30x40, with power mill for grinding and sawing; 40 acres hay, 4 acres alfalfa. Price $5,500, if sold by March 15; also 100 acres, cornering; will rent or sell. John Sheppard, Oil Springs, Ont. 18bu 57k

FOR SALE—TWO-STORY SOLID brick, modern conveniences, Princess avenue, near Victoria Park; cheap, easy terms. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas. 65tf-tyw

$1,400 WILL BUY A SEVEN-ROOM brick cottage in desirable locality. Box 80, Advertiser. 19c-t

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA SUBURBAN small farms; twenty minutes on electric cars to centre of Sacramento; city conveniences, combined with rural life; good income, low cost of living and small investment; climate delightfully mild; twelve months' growing season and outdoor life; land very fertile; great variety of products; absolutely high class; closest investigation courted; prices reasonable, terms easy; supply limited. Write today to A. C. Roebuck, Investments, Farm Land Department, 48-1024 American Trust building, Chicago. b

HUNDRED ACRE FARM, LAMBTON County; 20 acres bush, 80 cleared; soil clay loam; will exchange for city property. J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, Talbot street. ywt

P. WALSH'S BULLETIN

IF YOU WANT A LOT in South London, look at those highly elevated lots in the Baker survey, on the east side of Ridout street; sewer, water and gas connection. Now is your time to get a cheap lot. Several lots in the North End—no better can be had. We have lots all over; also factory sites.

MAPLE STREET—Two-story brick house, 10 rooms, modern improvements, good lot. Price, $3,000.

RICHMOND STREET NORTH—Grand two-story red pressed brick residence, 10 rooms, oak floors, hot water heating, finished in style, good lot. Call for price.

ELMWOOD AVENUE—Two-story brick house, 5 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, 2 kitchens, lot 80x200 feet. Price, $4,500.

MARYBORO PLACE—New brick house, 9 rooms, all modern improvements, frame barn, lot 40x100 feet. Price, $2,500.

A NEW red pressed brick cottage, six rooms, gas and water in the house, lot 34x135 feet. Price, $1,400.

DUNDAS STREET—Two-story brick house, 10 rooms, all modern improvements, frame barn, lot 44x213 feet. Price, $3,800.

WELLINGTON STREET (near Victoria park)—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, hot water in kitchen and bathroom, with all other modern improvements. Price, $3,400.

CENTRAL AVENUE—A splendid frame cottage, 7 rooms. Price, $1,650. Very central.

HYMAN STREET—An up-to-date 1½-story brick, stone foundation, 8 rooms, select location. Price, $3,000.

LORNE AVENUE—A new 2-story brick house, 8 rooms, all modern improvements. Price, $2,800.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—A new 1¾-story brick house, stone foundation, ten rooms, all modern improvements, lot 33x145 feet to a lane. Price reasonable.

GROSVENOR STREET—New 1½-story brick house, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, large cellar, furnace, gas, wired for electric light, lot 50x150 feet. Price, $2,850.

WATERLOO STREET—New 1½-story brick, stone foundation, 10 rooms, large verandah, all modern improvements, lot 44.6x120 feet. Price, $3,300.

If you want to purchase an up-to-date residence, we have got them.

RICHMOND STREET, south of Horton street, 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern improvements, nice lot. Price, $2,600.

OTTAWAY AVENUE—New 1½-story brick, 8 rooms, furnace, bathroom, lot 36x149. Price, $2,300 for a quick sale.

HAMILTON ROAD—Five acres, sandy loam, new 1½-story frame house on cement foundation, 7 rooms, verandah; close to city limits. Must be sold, hence our price is much reduced.

P. WALSH

PHONE 1021. 425 RICHMOND ST.

REAL ESTATE

Remember, I have some of the best properties in the city for sale also a good list of houses to rent.

I also have a good list of farm lands in **SASKATCHEWAN,** which I can offer at a low price, on easy terms, also some good lots for sale in **LETHBRIDGE** and **EDSON.** Edson is one of the most-talked-of towns in the West. **Lots that we are selling at $50 to $75 will soon be reselling at big advances.** Our terms are easy—only 10 per cent. cash, and balance monthly, without interest.

Call or write. Money to loan.

Ask for **free** booklet about Lethbridge.

Thos. Raycraft

'Phones 2995 and 1736.

No. 1, London Loan Block.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FOR SALE—100 OR 150 ACRES, LOT 14 and part of 15, fifth concession, Lobo. For further particulars apply to James A. McArthur, Lobo P. O. 11tf-wty

THE TIFFANY ESTATE TWO HUNDRED acres, splendid stock and grain farm, well watered; good buildings; one mile from village of Delaware, three miles from Komoka station, ten miles from London, one mile from butter factory. Apply J. M. McEvoy, London. 19c-tyw

FOR SALE ON PAYMENTS OR RENT—New story and half house, wired, furnace, sink, cellar, bathroom, large lot. 194 Wharncliffe road, west. b

FOR SALE—100 ACRES, IMPROVED dairy farm, good buildings. Write J. George, Evelyn. 9be-ywt

FOR SALE—50 ACRES, SIX MILES from London market, 1½ miles south Springbank car line, three miles from Traction car, Lambeth; good buildings, good water, 3 acres orchard; would take house in city as part payment. Also 35 acres, one mile from Springbank car, without buildings. Apply Byron Dawson, Byron P. O. 13n-tx

A few attractive property propositions open for immediate purchase:

Five acres, Pipe Line, near Woodbank—Frame dwelling and barn; apples, plums, pears, cherries, peaches, 1½ acres of raspberries and 500 strawberry plants, soil gravel and clay loam. Price, $1,600. Will exchange for 50-acre farm near London.

Nelson Street—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, good repair, lot 50x50 feet. Price, $1,500.

Cavendish Street—Lot 44x132 feet, with one-story frame kitchen erected thereon, also concrete foundation and cellar for front ready for the erection of the front part. Price, $475.

Queen's Avenue—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 7 rooms, lot 35x210 feet. Price, $1,800.

Central Avenue—Two-story, stone foundation, slate roof, 9 rooms, good plumbing, gas; 23 per cent less than cost; stable. Price, $1,500.

Central Avenue—Semi-detached two-story brick, cut stone foundation, slate roof, 10 rooms, hot water heating, gas, good plumbing; near Victoria Park; good bargain. Inquire for particulars.

LOANS.

Money loaned to complete purchase peace, build (money advanced as building progresses), pay off old mortgages or remodel the old house.

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Real Estate, Loans and Investments, No. 428 Richmond St., London, Ont. 7tf-t

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ROOM 22,
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$3,700—St. George street; red pressed brick, 4 bedrooms, double parlors, modern conveniences.

$2,700—Sydenham street; two-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences.

$3,800—St. James street; two-story brick, modern conveniences. Will exchange for a good farm near the city.

$5,000—Two-story red pressed brick, 4 bedrooms, steam-heated, polished hardwood floors. In a beautiful locality.

$2,000—1½-story brick; hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms, stairs to the attic, city and soft water, beautifully decorated, electric light and gas.

$2,200—Kenneth avenue; 1½-story solid brick, 3 bedrooms, grate and mantel, furnace, etc., etc.

$2,000—1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences.

$2,600—Wellington street; 1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, bathroom, etc., etc.

$2,500—Grosvenor street; double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms.

$2,750—Waterloo street; 1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms, modern conveniences; good stable and large lot.

$3,000—St. James' street; 1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences.

$4,500—Princess avenue; two-story and attic, solid brick, 5 bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, front and side verandah.

$2,900—Ontario street; two-story brick, cut stone foundation, cellar under all, grate and mantel, hard and soft water, both hot and cold, in kitchen; cellar and bathroom, combinations fixtures.

$2,800—Princess avenue; 1½ story brick, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, grate and mantel, bathroom complete, furnace, electric light and gas, hot and cold water, cellar under all.

$1,650—Craig street; 1½-story frame cottage; terms $150 cash, balance to suit.

$2,000—English street; 1¾-story brick, new, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, 3 bedrooms, bathroom.

$2,000—Wellington street; brick cottage, beautiful location and lately remodelled.

$2,900—1¾-story brick-veneer, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, pantry with closed shelves, 4 bedrooms, sewing room, bathroom complete, basement under the whole of the house, heated by furnace, from which hot water is supplied to the laundry cellar, pantry and bathroom, tank in the attic, front and back stairs, thoroughly modern; one of the cheapest houses in the city.

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$350—Three-chair barber shop in the city.

$500—City corner grocery.

$3,000—General stock, buildings, including store, dwelling, barn, and other buildings, $2,200.

$1,200—City grocery stock; two-story dwelling, containing 5 bedrooms, modern conveniences, barns, etc., $4,700. Terms to suit.

$2,000—General stock at a rate on the dollar, 2-story store and dwelling with outbuildings, $2,500.

$1,000—City grocery stock, now doing a fine business; fixtures at valuation.

SOLID BRICK HOUSE, 1½-STORY, modern, four bedrooms, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, immediate possession; owner leaving city. 626 Lorne avenue. 19n-tyw

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BUCHNER & GUNN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc., corner Talbot and Carling. Phone 99. Money to loan. U. A. Buchner, J. M. Gunn, B.A.

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SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT CEMENT paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London.

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Exquisite Showing of Ready-to-Wear Dresses, Suits and Garments

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If you were to go through the fashion centres of America you would not find newer or more Fashionably-Tailored Suits and Ready-to-Wear Garments than are shown right now at this store. Months and months of careful selection in styles and materials have been spent in bringing out the new models of today, and all particulars suited to our trade. You'll not find it a difficult problem in the selection of your garments this season. Visit the Second Floor now.

New Styles in Fine Sateen Underskirts

New Styles in Cotton Taffeta Underskirts

SPECIAL, **$1.00**—Fine Black Lustrous Sateen Underskirts, with deep flounce trimmed with two narrow gathered frills and cluster shirring; lengths 37 to 42 inches.

AT **$1.50**—Heavy Mercerized Sateen Underskirts, with deep flounce, trimmed with several rows shirring, finished with a narrow gathered frill; lengths 37 to 42 inches.

AT **$2.00**—Extra fine quality Sateen Underskirts, with 19-inch pleated flounce, finished with bias frill and narrow ruching; lengths 37 to 42 inches.

AT **$2.00**—Cotton Taffeta Underskirts, with deep 18-inch flounce, trimmed with tucks, cluster shirring and narrow strappings; splendid rustling skirt this.

AT **$3.00**—Neat-fitting and well-made Cotton Taffeta Underskirts, deep flounce trimmed with rows of shirring and tucks, finished with a gathered frill, also under dust frill; all lengths 37 to 42 inches.

New Styles in Ladies' Venetian Suits at Popular Price, $12.50 and $15.00 Per Suit

The coats this season are much shorter than previous prevailing lengths, for suits will be 24 to 26 inches. The skirts are made on the new narrow lines, measuring 2¼ to 2½ yards around. Pleats are let in at front, side and back. Colors are black, navy, brown and myrtle green. **$12.50** to **$15.00** per suit.

Second Floor.

JUST OPENED—New colors for afternoon and evening wear, in a rich silk-and-wool lightweight material, at, per yard **$1.00**

February Cotton and Sheeting Sale

Two specials for Monday and Tuesday that should make busy selling when cotton values such as these are offered at February Sale prices.

76-inch thoroughly-bleached Sheeting, per yard .... **29¢**

Our splendid No. 45 White Cotton will go on sale at 11 yards for **$1.00**

New Spring Suitings Are Ready

The best time to select your materials is when shipments have just passed into stock. You have the complete range in each line to make your selection from. **"RIGHT NOW IS THE TIME"** to inspect the many beautiful styles, weaves and shades to be seen in the Dress Goods Section.

AT **$1.00** YARD—One of the season's fashion leaders is the **WHITE HAIRLINE STRIPE,** spaced about three-quarters of an inch apart. Colors are navy, brown and myrtle, also shown in cream with black hairline. The weave is a fine all-wool serge, 48 inches wide.

AT **$1.25**—Black and white combination in even stripe and fancy weave effects, 50 inches wide.

AT **$1.50**—Dark Gray Suitings will undoubtedly take a leading part in spring fashions, and what color could be selected that would be more serviceable? One particularly attractive gray suiting is shown with a white hairline spaced about three quarters of an inch apart; also a black hairline on a light gray suiting. These are 52 inches wide.

AT **$1.50**—Navy Serges are always good style, but the coming season they have particular mention by fashion's leading dressmakers and tailors. A white hairline added to these is the novelty suiting for spring. There are two styles of stripes, half-inch and three-quarters of an inch apart; 52 inches wide.

AT **$1.50** YARD—Extra fine quality Black and White Diagonal and Stripe Suitings, stylish and serviceable; 52 inches wide.

Window Shades, Made-to-Order

We have now a most complete Window Shade Department. The stock is comprised only of the latest materials, colors and combinations in hand-painted cloths—high-grade Scotch Hollands—a very large range of laces of the best quality and Hartshorn Rollers are used here exclusively. We will be pleased to measure your house and submit an estimate. You'll save by it.

WINDOW SHADES READY TO PUT UP, 37 inches by 70 inches long, at **45¢** each, complete with brackets and pull. Oil-Painted Cloths, fitted with Hartshorn rollers.

37x82 inches long, each .... **50¢**
Wider widths, 41½x70 inches, each **60¢**
47½x70 inches, each **$1.00**
52x70 inches, each **$1.40**

WINDOW SHADE LACES, **12½¢** up to .... **$2.00** yard

Have you booked your order with our Ladies' Tailor for your Spring Suit?

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

Dinner in Restaurant 11:30 to 2 p.m. Lunches and Teas throughout the afternoon. Fourth Floor.

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KENWICK MALE QUARTETTE OPEN for engagements; concerts, banquets specialty. A. Bowman, 103 Dundas street. tzx

MR. BERT WEIR HAS RESUMED teaching at his studio, 493 Adelaide street. t

CHARLES E. WHEELER—ORGAN RECITALS. Pupils received for piano, organ, harmony, counterpoint and singing. Studio, 429 Waterloo street.

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DR. H. V. CATON, GRADUATE Osteopath. Consultation free. 570 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

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DR. ECCLES, QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 till 2.

DR. G. L. CLARKE—EYE, EAR, NOSE and throat. 394 Dundas street.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.A., M.D.—SPECIALTY, diseases stomach. Hours, 2-4, 7-8, and appointment.

DR. NELSON GEORGE, 332 DUNDAS street, northwest corner Waterloo. Phone 909.

DR. THOMAS R. PHIPPS—OFFICE, corner Wellington and Grey streets. Phone 3310.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE—Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 to 2.

D. HUTCHEON HOGG, M.D., C.M.—Surgical diseases. Corner York and Talbot streets.

DR. ALICE JAMIESON—REMOVED TO 369 Queen's avenue. Phone 1323 for appointments.

F. L. BURDON, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND S. (Edinburgh)—Special attention diseases women, children. Office and residence, 461 Waterloo street. Phone 258.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. SEPTIMUS THOMPSON, 443 PARK avenue, corner Queen's—Eye, ear, nose, throat.

DR. E. PARDEE BUCKE, 207 QUEEN'S avenue—Eye, ear, nose and throat.

DR. JAS. L. STAPLETON, 405 DUNDAS—Phone 2713. Hours, 2-4, 7-8.

DR. ERNEST WILLIAMS—
PHYSICIAN.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE, EAR, NOSE, throat. Hours, 10 to 4, 6 to 7:30. Sunday by appointment only. 564 Richmond.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., AND M.R.C.S. (England), 297 King. Phone 839.

MONEY TO LOAN.

PRIVATE FUNDS AT LOWEST RATES—M. P. McDonagh, barrister, 118 Talbot.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple, London.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN, LOWEST rates. Buchner & Gunn, corner Talbot and Carling.

PRIVATE AND TRUST MONEY TO loan on farm and city property, lowest rates, amounts and terms to suit; no commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES on real estate. Macpherson & Perrin, 57 Dundas street.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

GRAND
A. J. SMALL, Sole Prop.

TWICE TODAY
MAT. and NIGHT.

Mr. Albert Chevalier In Daddy Dufard

A pleasing comedy of London life. Remarkable cast. Mr. Chevalier will sing several of his coster songs. Liebler & Co., managers.

Prices Matinee—25, 35, 50, 75, $1. Night—25, 50, 75, $1, $1.50.

Monday Evening Next

The Musical Comedy Success,

My Cinderella Girl

It is a College Musical Baseball Farce, Bright, Breezy, Clean and Full of Action.

50—PEOPLE—50.
PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00.
SEATS SELLING.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23

HENRY B. HARRIS presents

EDNA AUG

And original cast and production in The international comedy success By James Forbes

The Chorus Lady

Prices—Balcony, 50c, 75c, $1.00; Gallery, 25c; Lower Floor, $1.00, $1.50; Box Seats, $2.00.
SEATS TUESDAY.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

and Saturday Matinee.
FEB. 24 and 25.
America's Favorite Tenor,

Joseph H. Sheehan

—AND—

THE SHEEHAN ENGLISH GRAND OPERA COMPANY,

In a magnificent production of Verdi's most popular opera

"Il Trovatore"

With the following remarkable company of American and European stars:

JOSEPH H. SHEEHAN, America's greatest tenor.

LOUIS L. LA VALLE, famous baritone from the Royal Opera Company, London, England.

MAURICE MACKI, basso from the Italian Grand Opera Company of San Francisco.

WILLIAM YOUNG, tenor from the International Grand Opera Company.

MISS GRACE NELSON, prima donna soprano.

MISS ELAINE DeSELLEM, eminent French contralto from Opera Comique, Paris, France.

MISS CHRISTINE DURFUS, soprano from the International Grand Opera Company, and the celebrated Sheehan Chorus.

Prices from 25c to $1.50 will prevail for this engagement for evenings with a bargain matinee on Saturday, at which the best seats will be 25c to $1.00. Mail orders now received. Seats will be placed on sale on Wednesday, Feb. 22, at 9 a.m.

Monday Evening, Feb. 27

HENRY W. SAVAGE presents

THE PRINCE OF PILSEN

By Pixley and Luders.

JESS DANDY and 60 Others

The Musical Comedy Hit.
PRICES—25c to $1.50.
SEATS FRIDAY.

MISCHA
ELMAN
THE GREAT RUSSIAN
VIOLINIST
IN RECITAL at the
GRAND OPERA HOUSE
Tuesday Evening, Feb. 28

Without doubt the greatest violinist in the world.

PRICES—$2.50, $2, $1.50, $1, 75c.
"NEW SCALE WILLIAMS" PIANO USED.
Plan now open at Williams Piano Company warerooms, 194 Dundas St. 21,22,23,24,25,27,28
16u-xt

PRIVATE DANCING — THE ONLY "exclusive" private academy in London. Private classes taught at public class rates. Rapid system. Lessons any hour. Phone 2481. R. P. Millard, 345 Princess avenue.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers. 122 Queen's avenue.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES.

OCEAN SHIPS

The great event of the year in England is the Coronation. All the crowned heads of Europe will be there. Never before in the history of ocean travel to the Old Country were there so many bookings in advance. It is estimated in a month all the accommodation will be sold out. Book now, or you may be too late.

F. B. Clarke

416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, has experience, and will reserve the BEST BERTHS. The following are the conditions in reserving accommodation ahead: You can cancel without any loss, no matter what the cause; you obtain any cut rate (if any) by steamer you reserve accommodation on.

All Lines

F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce, sells tickets by all ocean lines, all classes, all ships, all routes, has extensive connections, sells the original tickets—no exchanging.

West Indies

Special Easter trips to the West Indies, Cuba, Jamaica, Barbadoes, Bermuda, Trinidad, South and Central America, Bahamas, etc.

WESTMINSTER RINK—FINAL GAME, Manufacturers' League, Perrins vs. Struthers, Tuesday, 8:15. Admission, 10c. Coupons not accepted. b

DANCING LESSONS—STRICTLY PRIVATE tuition any hour. Regular classes as usual. Competent teachers. Guaranteed satisfaction. Easy terms. For information, circulars, etc., phone Dayton & McCormick.

SIMCOE ROLLER RINK—BAND TONIGHT. Drawing contest Wednesday night. Person holding the lucky number will receive 100 pounds Hunt's Diamond Flour. b

"THE ENCHANTED GLEN"—THIS pretty cantata will be repeated at Cronyn Hall, Monday, Feb. 20. Pretty music, beautiful costumes. A real visit to Fairyland. Silver collection, not less than 10 cents. 19u

Dr. Helen McMurchy

"INFANT MORTALITY," Collegiate Institute, Friday, Feb. 24, 8 p.m., under auspices of the London Mothers' Club. Silver collection. 19u-tw

OCEAN

Passengers are strongly urged to lose no time in securing accommodation, there being a great demand. All lines. Correspondence solicited.

E. DE LA HOOKE

Ocean Tourist and Ticket Agent, 422 Park Avenue (London Loan Block).

GWENDOLYN C. ANTHISTLE, CONCERT reader, impersonator. Address, 304 Cromwell street. Phone 698. 13be-t

TONY CORTESE ORCHESTRA—ORIGINAL London Harpers. Engagements accepted. 161 Maple street. Telephone 1570.

WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—A HOUSE WITH modern improvements; must have at least four bedrooms. Box 49, Advertiser. 19c

WANTED—SMALL HOUSE OR COTTAGE, under $2,000; modern, central. Apply Box 33, this office. 15c-ywt

WANTED—TWO WELL-FURNISHED rooms, with board, in private family, suitable for graduate nurses; must be modern, central and phone. Box 43, Advertiser. 18c

WANTED—CAR OF HORSES, YOUNG, sound. Will be at the Fraser House, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday afternoons. 18c

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—160-ACRE farm in New Ontario for house in London, free of mortgage. Box 46, Advertiser. 18u

WANTED — EIGHT TO TEN-ROOM modern house, with large yard; also four furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address Box 35, Advertiser. 14n

WANTED — A ONE - HORSEPOWER motor, direct current; state lowest cash price and how long in use. Address Box 34, this office. 14tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.

SITUATION WANTED AS A GENERAL servant in small family; would like a quiet home. Apply Box 45, Advertiser. 18c

AN EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper would like position; had experience in a bank and large milling company. Appply Box 44, Advertiser. 18c

CAPABLE OLD COUNTRY DOMESTICS, arriving weekly in summer, fortnightly in winter. Apply The Guild, 71 Drummond street, Montreal, or 14 Grenville street, Toronto. 12un

Miss Stoddart Coming

At the Normal School Auditorium, Thursday, February 23rd, at 8 p. m.

Miss Cora F. Stoddart, of Boston, will deliver one of her famous illustrated lectures.

One says of her address: "Her message was new, striking and attractive. She interested everybody and manifested great art in being thoroughly scientific and yet completely popular."

This is the opportunity of a lifetime to all interested in social questions.

Everybody Welcome **Silver Collection**
19u tx

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

McALPINE—At Lambeth, on Feb. 15, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Neil McAlpine, a daughter.

DEATHS.

BERRY—At Detroit, Mich., on Feb. 17, 1911, Richard S., eldest son of William L. and Victoria Berry, grandson of the late Richard Berry.
Funeral from Smith, Son & Clarke's funeral parlors, on Monday, Feb. 20, at 10 a.m., service at 9:30 a.m. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

BURTON—Suddenly, at Alvinston, on Saturday, Feb. 18, 1911, Frederick James Burton, formerly of Nilestown, aged 44 years.
Funeral on Monday at 3 p.m. from his mother's residence, 585 Waterloo street. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. Please omit flowers.

HAY—At Lambeth, on Feb. 17, 1911, John Hay, aged 52 years.
Funeral private. 18u

MONTIETH—In Delaware Township, on Friday, Feb. 17, 1911, Albert Roy, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Montieth, aged 1 year and 11 months.
Funeral from his parents' residence, lot 7, concession 1, on Sunday, Feb. 19, at 1:30; service at 1 p.m. Interment at Scottsville Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

SMITH—On Feb. 17, 1911, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. John Ward, 30 Craig street, London, Ont., Walter R. Smith, in his 73rd year.
Funeral private.
Toronto papers please copy. 18u

TRIPP—In this city, on Feb. 16, 1911, Mary A., beloved wife of David Tripp, aged 63 years, 6 months and 10 days.
Funeral private, from the residence of her son, Mr. Albert Tripp, 109 Marley Place, South London, on Sunday, Feb. 19, at 2:30 p.m. 18u

WELDON—At her residence, 469 Waterloo street, on Feb. 17, 1911, Elizabeth, wife of Skelton Weldon, Esq.
Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers. 18u

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

TWO BLACK MINORCA COCKERELS for sale, very large. 828 Van street. b

PRIVATE SALE—UPRIGHT PIANO, dining-room, bedroom and other furniture, gas stove, sewing machine, etc. Leaving city. 25 Ridgeway. 19n

SEED OATS — SWEDISH GIANT (early), 50c. Pedigreed Durham bull, rising 2. Lot 9, con. 3, Lobo. R. N. Alway, Komoka. 19c-t

FOR SALE—TWO COCKER SPANIEL pups, 3 months old, thoroughbred, $5 each, express prepaid. W. H. Tughen, Trowbridge, Ont. 18k

WE CAN GIVE THAT DULL POLISH on antique furniture. Clares M. Quick. 19a

FOR SALE—GOOD HORSE, SUITABLE for light delivery. 669 Dundas street. 17c

SPRUCE TREES AND OTHER EVERGREENS from 5c up; flowering shrubs, ornamental trees, fruit trees, hedge plants, rose bushes, many kinds hardy plants, peony roots, any color, 25c, five for $1, rhubarb roots, etc., 25c, five for $1. Baker's Nursery, phone 2222. 9ttf

WHITE ORPINGTONS, THE BREED which today is bringing the highest price of any breeds known. Call at 86 Maple street and see the birds. A few trios for sale. Eggs, $3 for 15. R. Southam. 15tf

BARGAINS—VALENTINE POSTALS, 12 for 5c. Red Star News Company, Market Lane.

Red Jacket Lump is the best coal mined for grate. Only $6.00 per ton.

GREEN & COMPANY

495 York Street. Telephone 1391.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND BUGGIES and delivery wagons. Painting and repairing. Smith's, Maple street.

CARDINAL, VERY RICH SULTANA cake of delicate flavor. Windsor Madeira, delicate light cake, finest quality. Countess, fine fruit cake, of most pleasing flavor. Sold by city groceries. Nutall, cake manufacturer.

STRONG COCOANUT HEAVY HOOPED casks and barrels for use in the sugar bush, handling sap. The London Soap Company.

LARGE CASKS AND BARRELS, SUITABLE for cisterns, $2.50 each, delivered. Gorman, Eckert & Co., Rectory street. 8311-tx

SKATES HOLLOW-GROUND AND PUT on boots, 15 and 25 cents. Percy Hodgins, 715 Richmond street.

"Belting" We Have It

BEST AT BEST PRICES.
COTTON, RUBBER OR LEATHER.
The London Gas Power Company, Limited
EAST LONDON, ONTARIO.

MEN'S DONGOLA SHOES, $1.50. Men's Box Kip, $2. Men's Kid, $2.50. Men's Box Calf, $3; Men's Velour, $3.50.

225 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1735.
Three Doors West of Majestic.

Wm. Paxman, Manager
t

WEDDING STATIONERY IN ALL THE latest styles. See our samples. The Advertiser Job Department.

WOOD $2.00 PER LOAD

FOREST CITY BENT GOODS CO.

Good dry mixed, in 12 or 16-inch lengths.
685 BATHURST ST. PHONE 700.
ywt

CHILDREN'S CLOTH DRESSES, AGES 4 to 12, 75c each. Southcott Suit Company, 234 Dundas street, upstairs. 15c-ywt

LADIES — WHEN DELAYED OR IRREGULAR use Triumph Pills; always dependable; "Relief" and particulars free. Write National Medical Institute, Milwaukee, Wis. 13u-t

The Old Umbrella Mender

PERRY DAVID

251 DUNDAS STREET.

FEATHER PILLOWS, MATTRESSES, cushions, renovated. Hunt & Sons, Mattress Renovators, 593 Richmond street.

FISH OF ALL KINDS SUPPLIED fresh daily. F. S. Onn. Phone 1296.

ORDER YOUR
ACCOUNT BOOKS
LOOSE-LEAF FORMS AND STATIONERY FOR 1911 FROM
THE CHAS. CHAPMAN CO.
PHONE 370. 91 DUNDAS ST.

WE ARE OFFERING THIS WEEK five pianos at $50, $65, $75, $100 and $150, and six organs at $10, $15 and $25, payable $1 to $3 per month. Each instrument guaranteed five years. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street.

Commercial Furniture

All kinds of Office and Store Fixtures. If you are going to fix up, ask us for our price.

T. F. McCracken

PHONE 2362. 447 DUNDAS ST.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

LADIES' ALL-WOOL PANAMA COAT-SUITS made to order and all materials furnished by us for $7.95. This week only. New spring style. Pay $1 down, balance when delivered. Southcott Suit Company, 234 Dundas street. 15c-ywt

PERFECTION SLIDING FLY SCREENS keep out flies. Chamberlain's weather strips keep out dust. C. McDonald, 80 Wharncliffe. Phone ywt

BIG DROP IN COAL ONE MONTH only. Coal must be sold. Need money. Egg, stove, chestnut, $6.50 per ton; weight guaranteed. Phone 1788. Dominion Coal Company.

TOLEDO TWELVE-BLADE SAFETY razor, $1, guaranteed to give satisfaction. Gurd's, 185 Dundas.

BARN BOARDS

and Bill Stuff. Good quality. Get my prices

GEO. H. BELTON

TWO YARDS:
Richmond and Pall Mall.
Rectory Street, North G. T. R.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

THE JOSEPH F. CRUMMEY LEATHER Upholstering Company, 212 Dundas street. Phones 3105 and 2933.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CORSETS—Canadian Lady Corset Company, 555 Clarence street. Agents wanted.

Eczema Cured

Pandora Ointment, the greatest cure known for Eczema, Piles, Blood-Poisoning. Sold at Taylor's Drug Stores, 399 Talbot street (off Market), corner Wharncliffe road and Stanley streets. ywt

Hen Canaries

Choice lot of imported Hen Canaries just arrived. Breeding Cages, Nesting Hair, Nests and Nestling Food. Nest Eggs only 20c per dozen for the best.
A. J. MORGAN, 113 DUNDAS STREET.

SOUTCOTT & KETTLE—HARD AND soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 299. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. ywt

FURNITURE

and household supplies. Cash or credit. Prices most reasonable in city. Open evenings.

BARNES & CO.

364 HAMILTON ROAD. PHONE 2065.
ywt

KINDLING WOOD

$1.00 PER LOAD.
LONDON BOX CO.
209 Bathurst Street. Phone 528.

Highest Prices Paid for Raw Furs

Also Furs repaired and remodelled.

ALASKA FUR CO.

300 DUNDAS STREET. wyt

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD STRONG BOY TO work in bakeshop. R. Willis, 609 Dundas street. 19c

I WILL START YOU EARNING $4 daily at home in spare time, silvering mirrors; no capital; free instructive booklet, giving plans of operation. G. F. Redmond, Dept. 336, Boston, Mass. b

WANTED BY THE FIRST MARCH—Experienced farmer, married man; will supply cottage; must have references. Apply personally, Priddis Bros., Brook Farm. 19tf

WINDOW TRIMMER WANTED—MAN accustomed to men's furnishings department preferred; state salary expected and where last employed. The H. S. Falls Company of Simcoe, Limited. b

EASY TO LEARN TELEGRAPHY, AND big demand for operators. Text books apply to all Canadian railways. Practical work done here. Railroad trains and wires constantly working. Railroad rule books to study from. Personal attention. Results guaranteed. Start now, best time. College of Telegraphy, London. b

FREE SAMPLE NO-SPLASH WATER Strainers are winners; daily profit, $5 upward; let us prove it; send 2c (mailing cost). Seed Filter Company, New York. b

AGENTS SUNLIGHT AT NIGHT; OUR incandescent kerosene mantle burners fit all lamps; burn with or without mantle, appeal to all using lamps; prices defy competition; particulars free. Simplex Gaslight Company, New York City. b

$1,000,000 IN PRIZES LEARN TO FLY, greatest new industry; correspondence course in aviation. Apply immediately, University Extension Bureau, Aviation Department, Chicago. b

BOILERMAKER APPRENTICES wanted. Good wages for good boys between 17 and 20 years of age, with substantial bonus at end of time. E. Leonard & Sons. 19c-txt

MEN WANTED, AGE 18-35, FOR FIREMEN, $100 monthly, and brakemen, $80, on railroads in London vicinity; experience unnecessary; no strike; positions guaranteed competent men; promotion; railroad employing headquarters, over 400 men sent to positions monthly; state age, send stamp. Railway Association, Dept. 58, 227 Monroe street, Brooklyn, N. Y. 7bu-tzw

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED—No canvassing or soliciting required; good income assured. Address National Cooperative Realty Company, V 1252, Marden building, Washington, D. C. 1-1-t

WANTED SMART BOY FOR WAREHOUSE. Apply Dickson, Nicholson & Co., Limited. 18c

POSITIONS IN TELEGRAPH, FREIGHT, ticket and baggage departments waiting for competent men. Largest, best-equipped and only school with two railroad wires. Day and mail courses. Dominion School Telegraphy, Toronto. 17-tf

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MARRIED man to work on farm; no milking; good wages; free house and firewood to right man; no loafer need apply. Duncan Hossack, Kintore P. O. 15n

NEAT APPEARING MEN CAN EARN ten dollars day. Insurance men, solicitors, five dollars day spare time. Interesting better class men on special club plan offer. Address Club Plan, postoffice box 672. 14n

START TEA ROUTE TODAY—SEND postal for circulars, or 10c for samples and terms. Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street.

AGENTS WANTED—WRITE FOR PARTICULARS regarding our new premium proposition, to Dept. A, Sellery, 228 Albert street, Ottawa, Ont. 100tf

GOOD ALL-ROUND JOB PRINTER wanted—Steady situation to right man. Apply Advertiser Job Department. 95tf

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Services at 11 and 7. Professor P. S. Campbell, of McMaster University, will preach. Sunday School at 3.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH—REV. T. B. Clarke, rector. Services as usual.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH—Anniversary services. Rev. A. W. Tonge, of Aylmer, will preach both morning and evening. Offerings in behalf of trust funds.

BAPTIST CHURCH, MAITLAND street—C. M. Carew, pastor. The pastor will preach at both services. Baptism and Communion at close of evening service. Seats all free.

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON—"Class Welcome," First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

BISHOP CRONYN MEMORIAL Church—Canon Hague will preach at both services. 11 a.m., on Genesis ii, 15-17; 7 p.m., on Genesis iii, 9. Visitors always welcomed. Seats free at all services.

CATHEDRAL ST. PAUL'S HOLY COMMUNION, 8:30 and 11 a.m. Morning Prayer, 11; preacher, Rev. Canon Tucker; evening service, 7, preacher, Rev. G. F. B. Doherty.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH—Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor. 11 a.m., Rev. S. J. Shorey, D.D., of Cobourg; 7 p.m., Rev. T. E. Shore, of Toronto, general secretary of foreign missions. 2:45, special session of the Sunday School, at which Mr. Shore will speak.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Morning, Mr. John Gunn will speak on Laymen's Movement. 3 p.m., Adult Bible Class. Evening, Rev. Walter Moffat—"A Man With a Bad Temper."

CHRIST CHURCH—REV. C. R. GUNNE, rector. Services at 11 and 7.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST—Rev. W. T. Hill, rector. Services as usual.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. E. E. Malott, pastor. Evangelistic services. Morning, Rev. Dr. Hartwell, of China. Pastor's evening subject, "A Standing Invitation." Gospel song service at night. Come.

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST Church—Rev. Thomas Manning, D.D., pastor. Missionary anniversary. 11 a.m., Rev. T. E. Shore, general secretary of missions; 7 p.m., Rev. S. J. Shorey, D.D., of Cobourg. Bible School at 2:45.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, Rev. W. L. Steeves. Morning subject, "A Puzzling Question"; evening subject, "A Sudden Hold-up." Orchestra music in the evening. Everybody welcome.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—The pastor, Rev. George W. Dewey will preach morning and evening. Morning, "Christian Perfection"; evening, song sermon, "Rivers of Living Water."

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH—Rev. E. H. Peatfield, pastor. Services as usual.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH
Dufferin and Wellington.
"ELIJAH."
Sabbath evening at 7. Pastor's subject, "By Cherith and at the Juniper Tree." Choir will render from Mendelssohn's "Elijah." Mr. Firth, of New York, assisting. Pastor in the morning.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues. Sunday service at 11 a.m. The subject, "Mind." Sunday School at 12:15. Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading rooms, open every weekday from 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Rev. John Gibson Inkster, B.A., pastor. The pastor will preach morning and evening.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—REV. JAS. Ross, D.D., minister. Morning, Dr. Macdonald will give an address on "The Canadian Aspect of the Missionary Movement"; evening, the Rev. H. B. Ketchen, M.A., of Hamilton, will preach on "The Race of Life."

GOSPEL HALL, HAMILTON ROAD—Sunday School and Bible Classes at 2:45 p.m., and Gospel meeting in the evening at 7. Come.

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Pastor, Rev. J. W. Baird, both services. Subjects, "The Great Assize"; "If I Forget Thee."

INTERNATIONAL BIBLE STUDENTS—I. O. O. F. Hall, 422 Richmond street, at 2:30. Subject, "Preaching the Gospel." All welcome.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. W. R. McIntosh, of Elora, will preach morning and evening.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. T. H. Mitchell, B.D., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Rev. E. Davis, D.D., rector.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH—Pastor, W. M. Walker; morning, "Family Religion"; evening, "The Sufficiency of Christ." Sunday School and Bible Class at 3 p.m. All welcome.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH—Rev. H. H. Bingham, B.A., pastor, will preach at both services. 11 a.m., "Falling from Grace"; 7 p.m., "A Backslider's Prayer"; 2:45 p.m., Men's Baraca Bible Class and Bible School. Communion after evening service. Seats free. All welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. H. A. Graham, B.A., pastor. 10 a.m., men's meeting; 11 a.m., subject, "Men of Truth"; 2:45 p.m., Sunday School; 7 p.m., service conducted by men, singing led by men; address, Mr. J. W. Thompson; solos, J. A. Jones and W. G. Litchford. Singing service, 6:45 to 7:10.

YORK STREET MISSION HALL—Morning, usual. Evening subject, "The Lord Will Provide in Every Extremity of Life: What is Your Trouble?" preacher, Evangelist Belcher. Mr. Geo. Andrews will sing.

GARMENT CUTTING.

AMBITIOUS DRESSMAKERS MUST study cutting. Merchants offer large salaries, but demand experience in designing and managing work. Learn how. Cutting School, 243 Dundas street.

STOCKBROKERS.

FOR SALE—ONTARIO LOAN AND Debenture shares. John Wright, stock broker, London, Ont. Phone 693.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WANTED—SHORTHAND PUPILS, private lessons at reasonable terms. Address Box 47, Advertiser. 19c

BUSINESS CHANCES.

MILK BUSINESS, COMPLETE, 125 quarts; good paying customers. Apply Box 39, Advertiser. 15c-ywt

FOR SALE—GENERAL STORE AND stock, near London; a first-class brick building, in good repair, and a good, fresh stock; a bargain if sold before April 1; will exchange for farm or city property. Box 21, Advertiser office. 13g

MISCELLANEOUS.

SEWING MACHINES AND CLOTHES wringers, all kinds, repaired and guaranteed at Jackson's, 263 Wellington. Phone 3365. b

JAMES McMILLAN, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT, city and district. 296 Princess avenue.

MEETINGS.

Boost—London—Boost

The East End Progressive Association will hold a

MASS MEETING

IN THE

City Hall

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 24, 1911.

Subject, "The Manufacturers' Investment Fund; Its Aims and Possibilities." The following gentlemen will address the meeting: J. H. A. Beattie (mayor), Sir George C. Gibbons, K.C., Hon. Adam Beck, M.P.P., Lieut.-Col. Gartshore, S. Frank Glass (reeve London Township), Ald. F. G. Mitchell, chairman. Chair taken at 8 o'clock. Ladies invited.

WE ARE PRACTICAL BOOSTERS.
Let Everybody
BOOST — MANUFACTURING — BOOST
b

A MEETING OF THE LONDON AND Middlesex Historical Society will be held in the Normal School on Tuesday evening, the 21st of February, at 8 p.m. The public are asked to kindly attend. Subject 1, "Training for Industrial Life," by Mr. Clarkson W. James, secretary Department of Education, Toronto. 2, "The Retreat of Gen. Proctor Up the Thames, 1813," by Mr. J. S. Black, of Chatham. 19u

A PUBLIC MEETING OF THE RATEPAYERS of the Township of Westminster will be held in the Union Hall, Lambeth, on Monday, the 6th of March, at 2 o'clock, for the purpose of discussing the wisdom of organizing a township society to insure against wind storms. Collection to pay expenses. E. S. Hunt, convener. 19c-t

AUDITORIUM, SUNDAY, FOUR P.M.—Mr. C. M. Copeland, of Toronto, provincial secretary of the Young Men's Christian Association, will speak. Special music by Miss Beatrice Hunt, soprano soloist, First Methodist; Mr. A. C. Williamson and Ted Williamson, Gospel singers. Association orchestra, Joe Cortese, leader. All men cordially invited. 15c

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST ON MARKET—RED LEATHER purse, containing money. Reward at Market Clerk Maker's office. b

LOST ON SATURDAY MORNING—$15 on Dundas, near Ontario street. Reward at 850 Dundas street. b

LOST, THURSDAY AFTERNOON—JET necklace. Reward on return to 284 Central avenue. 18c

DOG LOST—BLACK AND WHITE setter. Reward for return to 552 Dundas street. 17c

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER and surveyor. Bank Toronto Chambers.

CHINESE LAUNDRIES.

LEE HING LAUNDRY COMPANY, 385 Richmond. Phone 1344. Goods called for and delivered. Our prices are very lowest that we can do first-class work for. Try first-class laundry. xt

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F. J. EDMUNDS, REGISTERED ATTORNEY and Solicitor of Patents, London, Canada.

HOUSES, ROOMS, TO LET.

TO RENT—510 DUFFERIN AVENUE, two-story, nine-room house, modern conveniences, Pease furnace. Key at 512. 19n

TO LET—THAT LARGE STORE AND premises, 169 Dundas street, at near corner of Dundas and Richmond; one of the best business locations in the city. Apply F. A. Fitzgerald, 293 King street. 83tf-tzw

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITH housekeeping privileges. 150 Ann street. 19c-t

TO RENT—GOOD TEMPERANCE house; stabling in connection. Write Box 23, Advertiser. 53c-twt

TO RENT—100-ACRE FARM, WESTMINSTER Township, near Glanworth. Apply Miss J. Nichol, 1 Marlboro Place, London. 73tf-t

PARSONS HAS THE WARMEST, cheapest, most central, convenient 3, 4 and 5 bedroom houses in London; semi-modern conveniences. 879 Wellington. 42tf-t

TO RENT—150-ACRE FARM, DORCHESTER Township. Inquire Samuel Court, Dorchester Station P. O. 14n

TO LET — 192 CENTRAL AVENUE; apartments, gas, water and conveniences, suitable for light housekeeping. 25tf

FOREST CITY MOVING VAN LARGEST in city. W. Broughton, 312 Piccadilly. Phone 1444.

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS—Largest in city. Good storage. 356 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

ON MOVING DAY REMEMBER "DAY, the Mover." H. F. Day, Ideal Moving Van, office 78 King. Phone 2887.

BIGGS' FURNITURE STORAGE — Clean, dry. Terms reasonable. Moving vans, 97 Carling. Phone 1162. 100tf

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WILLIAM G. MURRAY, ARCHITECT, 111 (first floor), Masonic Temple. Phone.

REMOVAL — GEORGE CRADDOCK, architect. 461 Talbot street.

H. C. McBRIDE, ARCHITECT, SIXTH floor, Bank of Toronto Chambers.

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

WARM, WELL FURNISHED ROOM, with or without board, in private family. Address Box 64, Advertiser office. 34tf

TWO LARGE COMFORTABLE ROOMS, with or without board, all conveniences. 459 King street. 18c

TAYLOR'S THROAT AND LUNG BALM is sold on a printed guarantee to cure the worst cough, cold or bronchial irritation. Its action is stronger and altogether different from that of any other cough medicine on the market. Try a 25-cent bottle today at TAYLOR'S Drug Store, 399 Talbot street. ywt

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

MILLINERY APPRENTICES WANTED at once. Mrs. A. G. McLeod. 19c

EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER. APPLY in own handwriting, stating experience, age, references and salary expected. Box 48, Advertiser. b

GIRLS WANTED. APPLY PARISIAN Steam Laundry. 19c

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER WANTED. Apply Monday A. J. Morgan, 113 Dundas street. b

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT AT ONCE. Mrs. Wm. D. Mills, 505 Dundas street. 19c

YOUNG GIRL AS COMPANY, FROM 9 to 4. Mrs. Baldwin, 10 Wilson avenue, South London. Take Ridout car to Duchess avenue. b

WANTED — MACHINE AND HAND sewers. J. R. Shuttleworth & Son, 379 Dundas. 18c

GENERAL SERVANT FOR SMALL family; good wages; references required. Apply Mrs. Govenlock, 641 Wellington street. 18c

WANTED—NURSES FOR A PRIVATE sanatorium for nervous and mental diseases in children, situated in Wisconsin, U. S. A.; positions permanent; salary to begin, $30 a month. Address Oak Leigh Educational Sanatorium, Lake Geneva, Wis. 16a-xt

HOUSEMAID—MRS. BEATTIE, WORTLEY road, South London. 18tf

WANTED—LADY FOR ALTERATION department; coats, skirts, dresses. Ross' Limited, 196 Dundas street. 18c

COOK WANTED BY FEB. 28, IN FAMILY of four adults, one willing to go to Walkerville, not necessarily experienced. Address Mrs. W. M. Grant, Walkerville, Ont. 18u

WANTED — CASHIER AND BOOKKEEPER for London store, one willing to go to Toronto for training; fare paid. The Wm. Davies Company. 17a

WANTED A SMART GIRL TO HELP with housework; no children; good wages. 281 King street. 15n

WANTED AT ONCE — HOUSEMAID; also woman by the day. Apply Stewardess, Victoria Hospital. 14tf

WANTED—EXPERIENCED COOK. APPLY Miss Labatt, 572 Queen's avenue. 13tf

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—TWO NEW SOLID RED pressed brick houses, 2½-story, modern, choice locality, north end. Apply 326 St. George street. 19tf

PERSONAL.

FREE—LOVE, HEALTH AND WEALTH foretold; send three 2c stamps and birth date. I will surprise you. Mme. E. La Belle, Lima, O. b

WHEAT PREDICTIONS—PROF. G. F. Taylor will tell you free of charge when to buy wheat for a sensational advance. No. 716 S. A. and K. building, Syracuse, N. Y. b

HOME FOR WOMEN BEFORE AND during confinement; adoption provided; confidential. 26 Forward avenue west.

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G. M. GUNN & SON—GEORGE C. Gunn, Stanley Meredith, general insurance. Fourteen fire companies. Next Free Press.

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Fire, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 29 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 632 Dundas.

Firemen's Uniforms

Sealed tenders, addressed to the city clerk, city hall, will be received up to 4 o'clock p.m., Wednesday, 1st March, 1911, for 41 suits and extra trousers, 41 dark blue cloth uniform caps. Samples properly labelled must accompany each tender (at owner's risk).

Specifications for making and delivering can be seen at the chief's office, Central Fire Hall. Tenders must be accompanied by check for 25 per cent of the amount of tender.

The committee or council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, JOHN AITKEN,
ALD. H. ASHPLANT, Chief Fire Dep't.
Chairman No. 3 Com. 18c-17,18,22

Sealed Tenders

Will be received until Saturday noon, Feb. 25, for the erection of a brick residence on King street.
Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
19u H. C. McBRIDE, Architect.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Glasgow, Feb. 17—Hibernian, Numidian.
Liverpool—Empress of Ireland.
Rotterdam—Volturno, Ryndam.
Havre—La Touraine.
Gibraltar—Arabic.
Naples—Romanic.
Fastnet—Baltic, for Queenstown.
Halifax—Grampian, Empress of Britain.
Sandy Hook—Laurentic, dock Sunday.

Shiloh's Cure

quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs - 25 cents.

Rich as cream and as wholesome
The most digestible of nourishing beverages

Labatt's

ALE and STOUT

Creates appetite; makes meals taste better; brings healthy sleep. Keep it always in the house. Your dealer sells it, or you can order direct.

21

John Labatt
LONDON - CANADA

London Advertiser
FOUNDED IN 1863.
NOON AND EVENING DAILY.
WESTERN ADVERTISER WEEKLY.
THE LONDON ADVERTISER CO.,
Limited, Publishers,
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[Entered at the London (Canada) Post-office as matter of the second class.]

LONDON, SATURDAY, FEB. 18

HOW LIKE TORONTO!

Toronto has been drifting outside the main current of Canadian sentiment for the past fifteen years. The Taft-Fielding agreement has the overwhelming tide of public opinion behind it, but Toronto still flounders in the back-waters.

Its latest exhibition of obscurantism is the denunciation of the reciprocity pact by its Board of Trade by a vote of 289 to 13.

Both the resolution and the vote were characteristic of Toronto. The former was seasoned with the cant of lip-loyalty peculiar to that city. It put the stigma of treason on the Government's policy in the orthodox Toronto fashion.

There is perhaps only one other proposal that would be more wholly and heartily jumped upon by these Toronto patriots. It would be a proposal to give greater commercial favors to the mother country.

WHY NOT?

Why shouldn't Mr. Champ Clark catch the notion that reciprocity is the back door to annexation? Canadian politicians are crying it from the housetops. Mr. Balfour, Mr. Chamberlain and other British public men pretend to fear it. Opposition journals in Great Britain and Canada are swelling the Jeremiah chorus. Their lamentations have echoed all over the United States through the sounding-board of the press.

The anti-reciprocists, with a few honorable exceptions, are advertising Canada "for sale." They are proclaiming to the world that Canada is willing to barter her partnership in the British Empire, her new-found pride of nationality and material progress, and her apparently dazzling future as "a permanent political unit," in the words of the United States Secretary of State. They represent her as willing to send her patriotism to the pawnshop.

Is it in the least surprising that some Americans think as meanly of Canada as some Canadians affect to think of her?

A REBUKE FROM THE PACIFIC.

The premier of British Columbia, in moving an anti-reciprocity resolution—with which the Provincial Legislature had properly nothing to do—was careful to say that the question of loyalty was not involved in the proposed tariff legislation. By inference he rebuked the tribe of professional patriots in the Eastern Provinces, who are raising the loyalty cry. They are more sternly denounced by the Victoria Colonist, the leading Conservative paper west of Winnipeg. "There is not a newspaper man of long experience," says the Colonist, "who has not found himself face to face with the necessity of denying that certain lines of action would lead to the disruption of the Empire or the union of the British portion of North America with the United States." The reciprocity treaty of 1854-66 was believed by some to be the first step toward annexation, but its abrogation was one of the incentives to Confederation. The Marquis of Lorne thought the National Policy so hurtful to British connection that he referred the bill to the colonial office. Others feared that the Dominion would break down under the strain of the C.P.R., and fall piecemeal in the maw of the republic. "Every man in the Dominion who has reached middle age," continues the Colonist, "and has kept track of things, knows that according first to one set of public men and then according to another we have been on the verge of breaking away from the mother country or getting ready to jump into the arms of the United States a good many times." The Colonist adds:

> "How would it do to give this sort of thing a test? We are not going to break away from the Empire. We are not going to join with the United States. We are going to work out our own problems within the Empire.
>
> "Take the latest question. The Colonist is opposed to the principle involved in reciprocity negotiations, because it does not consider them either necessary or advisable, but if the proposed agreement comes into effect, it is not going to maintain that the country is marching towards annexation. And that is why it doesn't say so now.
>
> "In the very nature of things the trade relations between Canada and other countries must change from time to time and we do not assent to the doctrine that every or any change means disruption of the Empire. Greater changes than any now proposed have taken place and the imperial bond has not been weakened. Let us have more faith in the stability of the Empire. The Empire stands for a great principle, which is so vast and all-comprehensive as to evade definition.
>
> "What is the abstraction to which we appeal when as Canadians we exhort each other to be ready to stand by the mother country in time of need? It is not the fact that we can send our goods into Britain without paying duty. It is not alone the fact that the ancestors of most of us were born under the Union Jack, for we all know of millions of people who themselves or whose ancestors were born under that same flag, who find no difficulty in giving their devoted loyalty to a foreign land.
>
> "We are loyal to the Empire because we are of the Empire, and loyalty is not of so poor a kind that it can be weakened by alterations in the customs schedule of our own or of any other country. We do not hesitate to say that if the United Kingdom should feel it to be in the interests of the British people at home to impose a duty on all imports, not even excluding those from Canada, the loyalty of Canadians to the imperial tie would not be weakened one iota. The very essence of the imperial bond is freedom within the Empire."

The Colonist's loyalty is more robust than that of some of its Eastern contemporaries, which pretend to be shivering over Canada's destiny. They will not frankly discuss the economic aspect of the reciprocity agreement, but obscure it in a cloud of irrelevant and panicky talk about annexation.

POLLUTING THE WATERS.

An interesting discussion took place in the Senate, on Mr. Belcourt's bill respecting the pollution of navigable waters. The object of the measure is really, as its author says, "to prohibit once for all the dumping of all noxious and contaminating matter into our sources of water supply." It is a measure for public health, of particular interest just now at Ottawa itself, where the typhoid epidemic has been raging. But Ottawa is not the only sufferer. All along the great lakes, on both sides of the international boundary, and in Western Canada even more, the cities and towns which derive their drinking-water from navigable lakes and streams are most of them afflicted by the typhoid scourge. In the death rate from this disease Canada ranks next to the United States upon a "bad eminence," our rate being five times that of Germany, three or four times that of Great Britain. Here in London, by the way, the rate for the last three years is just that of Germany: so much for London water.

What is the cause of so great a mortality? To quote Mr. Belcourt again, "the fact is our water supplies are being polluted in almost every town and city. It is quite a common practice to dump sewage into the nearest stream, and that stream may be the source of supply for some other town or city further down, or for a whole district." So that people are drinking as it were from a slop-pail, to use Mr. Belcourt's vigorous metaphor.

There is therefore urgent need of efficient laws, the enforcement of which should in the main rest with some centrally, well-organized and wisely administered federal department, co-operating with each of the various provincial departments of health. Mr. Belcourt's bill has received the approval of the Conservation Commission which held consultation with representatives of various provinces. There is no doubt that all the provinces will sanction it, and will pass such legislation on their part as will implement it and render its enforcement absolute, looking more closely, for example, into the conditions of unnavigable waters which would hardly be under Dominion jurisdiction.

Let Londoners be thankful for their pure water, which is not drawn from a stream liable to pollution. They may also be thankful for a sewerage system, constructed with an eye to the future, which places the city beyond the necessity of pouring crude sewage into the Thames.

There is great danger that reciprocity will lose the Liberal party a seat in Toronto!

What shall it profit the anti-reciprocists if they gain a few city seats and lose the whole country?

Congressman Bennett's annexation resolution was an insult to Canada, but it was not more insulting than the annexation talk in this country.

Mr. Justice Riddell is right: Toronto is responsible for most of the ill-feeling against the United States. It is seldom a Toronto man, like Justice Riddell, will acknowledge the corn.

"Was Sir John Macdonald a traitor?" asks the Sydney, N. S., Record. Certainly Sir John was a traitor. He advocated reciprocity with the United States during his whole public life.

Sir Edmund Walker says that under reciprocity British Columbia will be deluged with cheap American timber. Oh, dear! Oh, dear! After we've been told, too, that reciprocity will pillage us of our timber wealth!

Sir George Doughty says Mr. Asquith was a traitor to British trade interests in not interfering with the trade negotiations between Ottawa and Washington. Mr. Asquith would have been a traitor to the interests of the Empire if he had ventured to interfere.

Congress has its clowns and mischief-makers, as has the Canadian House of Commons. Would that the Commons squelched them as effectually as Congress has squelched Representative Bennett. His resolution asking the Washington Government to open negotiations with the British Government for the annexation of Canada, was purposely introduced to discredit reciprocity, of which he has been a fierce opponent. The foreign affairs committee of the House of Representatives refused to discuss it, and Bennett stood alone in the House. There are some Canadians who should be sent to keep him company.

CLEVER SCHEME.
[Judge.]

Young Lady—Please show me your extremest style of hobble skirt.

Salesgirl—For yourself?

Young Lady—No; for my chaperon.

BY THE WAY.
[Toronto News.]

To paint the lily is a job
Exceptionally tough.
A girl who really has the looks
Requires no powder-puff.

SQUELCHED.
[Chicago Tribune.]

Elderly Swell—What has become of the—aw—the other pretty manicure lady I used to see at this hotel?

Comely Damsel—I presume you mean my mother. She's looking after a husband and a houseful of children. What can I do for you, sir?

THE MAIN THING.
[Kansas City Journal.]

The young husband halted at the gate and retraced his steps.

"Did you come back for another kiss, dear?" inquired the bride.

"Well, I'll take another kiss, but what I came back for was my overshoes."

NOT THE SAME.
[Chicago Tribune.]

"Going to have music, a procession and a public meeting at your wedding, are you, Rastus?"

"Yes, suh."

"Isn't that a good deal of red tape?"

"No, suh; yo' cain't call a culled band red tape."

THE POOR CONSUMER.
[S. E. Kiser, in Chicago Record-Herald.]

"What is that fellow grumbling for?"
said Giles, with his spade.
"Free spuds and wheat, free spuds and
wheat," the poor consumer said.
"What makes you look so glad, so glad?"
said Giles, with his spade.
"Canadian reciprocity," the poor consumer said.
"For they'll cease to charge us twice as
much as what we ought to pay
For our butter and potatoes if we let Taft
have his way;
They'll reduce the cost of living, but
they'll not cut down our pay,
When the tariff wall is levelled in the
mornin'."

"Why should you feel so good, so good?"
said Giles, with his spade.
"I do not keep a cow or sheep," the poor
consumer said.
"What's wrong with that chap over
there?" said Giles, with his spade.
"He has a special interest," the poor
consumer said.
"He owns a sheep or two sometimes, or
maybe keeps a cow,
And thinks that reciprocity would ruin
him somehow.
But he'll probably keep making just as
much as he makes now
When the tariff wall is levelled in the
mornin'."

CHEAPENS THE FLAG.
[Brantford Expositor.]

The Toronto News uses the Union Jack to adorn its tirades directed against the reciprocity proposals. This is not only cheapjack politics, but cheapens the "Jack."

WELL RECOMMENDED.
[Tit-Bits.]

Salesman—You'll find these good wearing socks, sir.

Customer—Rather long, ain't they?

Salesman—Yes, sir; but that keeps the feet from going to sleep.

NEVER TOO EARLY.
[Sydney Bulletin.]

The Bore—One thing I have always dreaded is that I may be buried prematurely.

The Bored—How could you?

NOT ALWAYS DESIRABLE.
[Pittsburg Post.]

"Shall we advertise for a man with experience?"

"Well, I don't know. The last man had so much experience that we couldn't teach him anything."

HUBBY HOIST.
[Harper's Weekly.]

"I am sorry to be critical, my dear," said Mr. Lambkin, "but this pie is not the kind that mother used to make—not by a long shot."

"It's too bad, Henry," said Mrs. Lambkin, amiably. "I don't know what to do about it. Perhaps you'd better ring her up on the phone and tell her. She sent it over this afternoon."

SUSPICIOUS.
[Houston Post.]

"What makes you think he is a hypocrite?"

"He smiled yesterday when his hat blew in the mud."

NEW BOY.
[Puck.]

"Boy, has the cashier told you what you are to do in the afternoon?"

"Yes, sir. I am to wake him as soon as I see you coming."

A LA BURGLAR.
[Brooklyn Life.]

A burglar went home one night recently, fumbled noiselessly at the keyhole and let himself in without making a sound. He was about to creep softly upstairs, when his wife appeared on the upper landing. "Jim," said she, "wot makes ye come in so quiet?"

"Blame it!" bellowed the burglar. "I thought I was in another house!"

TROUBLES OF SOCIETY REPORTING.
[Chicago Tribune.]

"How much do you charge for putting an ad in society?"

"If I mail an item to you tonight will it be in tomorrow morning's paper?"

"I just called in to tell you I am giving a tea. I hate publicity, but if the item must go in I would like to have it go in right."

"I don't go in for this kind of stuff, but it will please the wife, you know."

"My picture? Oh, I couldn't dream of letting my picture go in the paper. Still, if you insist, do let me get a new one taken first."

Mrs. A. (to society editor)—"Please, as you value my friendship, do not fail to get Mrs. B. in the story. If she is left out she never will speak to me again, and she'd say I left her out purposely." The next day Mrs. B. (within hearing of many people): "Oh, yes, I know I was mentioned. Really those dreadful reporters nearly worry the life out of me."

FROM THE BENCH.
[Judge.]

Homoeopathic doses of hospitality seldom do much good.

A soft answer seldom turns away the book agent.

The older the family tree, the more decayed are its branches.

There is always room at the bottom.

There is no "bargain counter" for experience.

THE STONE AGE.
[Judge.]

First Primitive Man—So your novel is having a great sale.

Second Primitive Man—Yes. It has just gone into its second stone quarry.

ASKS FOR MUSIC TO ATTRACT PEOPLE

The Pastor of First Presbyterian Church Wants Special Song Service Sunday Evenings.

PROBLEM OF THE CITY

Tenements and Boarding-Houses Spring Up, and the Young Folks Forget Their Duty and Do Not Go to Church.

At a meeting of the board of managers and elders of the First Presbyterian Church, held last evening, Rev. J. G. Inkster, who occupied the chair, stated that he had called the meeting in order to put before the members the question of changing the evening service of the church, and making it into a special song service in an effort to attract a good many people who otherwise would not attend.

In introducing his idea, Mr. Inkster stated that the problem of the present and future is that of the city. The city is the storm centre, morally, socially, industrially and religiously. Thirty-three per cent of the world's population live in cities, compared with 3 per cent 50 years ago, and the percentage is rapidly increasing.

Becoming More Difficult.

The government of cities was becoming more difficult on account of the growing population, and the increasing foreign element, and the saloons and other evil institutions were wielding a tremendous influence. The city is the place where all the great institutions can be found, and the only great saving forces are the home and the church. The saving force of the home was being gradually weakened, and it will be found that there is a smaller percentage of people in the city today who own their own homes than there was ten years ago. Tenement houses and boarding-houses are becoming more numerous, and the cities are becoming crowded with young men and women. The saving force of the church is also weakening, and in the larger cities it is becoming a serious problem. Fifty years ago there were one-quarter as many churches in the city as in the country. Today there are only one-tenth as many. Another weakening force was the fact that as the city becomes larger and the population move out to the suburbs, the churches also move out, leaving the down-town districts, where the church is needed most, to the mercy of the saloons and other influences.

The Down-Town Problem.

"Now, it is the down-town problem that I wish to present to you," said Mr. Inkster, "because we are one of the down-town churches. In Montreal, Toronto, and Hamilton, they are dealing seriously with this problem, but they have left the matter alone too long, and the conditions have become chronic and acute.

"In London, conditions have not yet reached a chronic state, but they will become more acute as time goes on, and now is the time to do something. I do not think it is necessary to build a big institution to combat these problems, but I would suggest that we do the next best thing that comes to our hand. I propose that we leave our morning service as it is, but have the evening service changed entirely. I would like to see every seat free, and we should get a leader to make the service as musical as possible. We could have an orchestra, and a special gospel hymn book, which contains tunes that are easier to learn. The present hymn book is intended for Christian people who come to church every Sunday. What I would most desire is that we make the people feel more at home."

No Experiment.

Mr. Inkster explained further that he did not want to do this as an experiment, or did not want to get a crowd for the sake of having a crowd, but that it was to show the people that the church took an interest in them and welcomed them.

"In one boarding-house in this city," he said, "there are 60 young men and women, and yet not one of them comes out to church on Sunday. This is the kind of people we want to get after, and to get them we must first give ourselves. It is going to cost money, and it is doubtful if it will prove a financial success."

In conclusion Mr. Inkster pointed out the fact that to get the people to come it is necessary to have music, and a service that each one can take a part in. The crowds that attended the recent revival services were an example. The Salvation Army grew to be the large organization it is today through the assistance of the horn and drum.

Service in a Theatre.

"How is it," he asked, "that a religious service in a local theatre will pack that building? It is simply because the people feel more at home in there than in a church, and just as soon as we can show them that they are just as welcome here, and make them feel more at home, we will have crowded pews."

The matter was discussed pretty thoroughly by those present, and although there were no objections offered to the proposition, the majority thought that it would require a great deal of attention before being carried out.

Left to a Committee.

The matter was a difficult one, and it would be advisable to leave to a committee to decide. One member stated that it was another great step toward church union, and pointed out that the Presbyterians were becoming more like the Methodists every day.

A committee, consisting of four members of each board, was appointed, and they will go into the question thoroughly and report at the next meeting.

RAGING HEADACHE STOPPED AT ONCE

When He Took "Fruit-a-tives"

Shanly, Ont., Sept. 23, 1910.

"You certainly have the Greatest discovered Headache Cure in the world. Before "Fruit-a-tives" came before the public, I suffered tortures from Headaches caused by Stomach disorders.

"One of your travellers called on me when I had one of my raging headaches and had my head almost raw from external applications.

"I hated to see any person coming into the store (much less a commercial traveller) and I told him very curtly that I had a headache, but he insisted on my trying "Fruit-a-tives."

"I did so, with what I would call amazing results. They completely cured me and since then (nearly six years ago) it is only necessary for me to take one occasionally to preserve me in my present good health. I was 65 years old yesterday and have been a general store keeper at the above address for 25 years."

WM. PITT.

As Mr. Pitt says "Fruit-a-tives" is the greatest headache cure in the world.

Dealers everywhere have "Fruit-a-tives" at 50 cents a box, 6 for $2.50, or trial size, 25 cents, or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

WESTERN FAIR CHANGES

Grounds Superintendency Not Settled —Controlling the Attractions.

A director of the Western Fair Board says that the grounds and buildings committee of the board has not definitely settled the matter of superintendency of the grounds. It was laid over until the committee could meet on the grounds and get an idea of the requirements of the coming year. Mr. W. M. Spencer is chairman of the buildings committee, and will act only in that capacity, having no desire to superintend the work in any way.

Some important changes in the management are being made. For instance, Col. Gartshore is chairman of the attractions, and will probably have control, also, of the Midway features connected with the platform shows.

STEVENSON—OLIVER.

A pretty and pleasing event took place Wednesday evening at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. Wm. Oliver, sen., when her daughter, Miss Sally, was happily married to Mr. David Thomas Stevenson, of Crumlin.

At 8 o'clock, to the strains of the Wedding March, played by Mrs. J. Brown, accompanied by Mr. Adam on the violin, the bride entered the drawing-room leaning on the arm of her brother, Mr. James Brownie, looking very winsome in a dress of white silk, low neck and short sleeves, and with veil and wreath to match. She was assisted by her cousin, Miss Nina Oliver, and the groom was supported by his cousin, Mr. Carroll, of Byron, while Miss Phoebe Oliver made a charming flower girl, Master Bartie acting as page. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Agnew, of Dorchester.

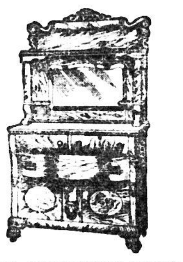
Later the guests, numbering about a hundred, enjoyed a wedding dinner, and after a toast list had been carried out the happy couple left on a short trip to western points.

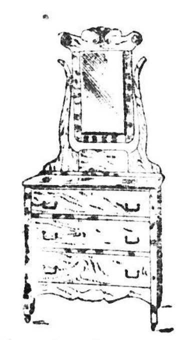
The bride received many beautiful presents. Her going-away suit was of brown broadcloth, with hat to match. Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson will be home to their many friends at Sunny Hill, Crumlin, after March 1.

London Life
POLICIES "GOOD AS GOLD"
Unique Policies
Whole Life Rate premium secures an Endowment.
20 Payment Life Rate policy matures at Expectation of Life.
Insurance that protects the dependents and provides for old age.
A post card will bring particulars.
GEO. McBROOM, Inspector, Ordinary Branch.
W. H. ROBINSON, District Inspector.
R. P. PEARCE, Superintendent Industrial Branch.

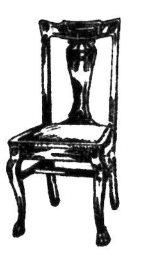
Food for Thought
Independence and happiness in old age follow thriftiness and systematic saving while you are young.
Your money deposited here earns 3½% interest compounded.
THE ONTARIO LOAN AND DEBENTURE Co.
A. M. Smart, Manager
Dundas St. — Market Lane.

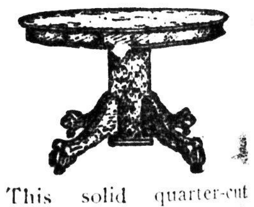
FEBRUARY
Furniture Sale
Our February Sale Helps You Realize Your Ideal of a Home
A dozen or more young men and women have come to us during this sale to purchase the outfit for their entire home.
When the matter of furnishing a home is in question, many things count besides prices. Quality must come first. For these outfits of furniture are often the life-long companions of these young men and women who buy them.
A small deposit paid now will hold goods until wanted.





THIS SIDEBOARD has two small drawers and one large one, British bevel plate glass, roomy cupboard, colonial posts, quarter-oak finish. Worth $14. SALE PRICE, $11.90
This handsome, well-made Dresser, in rich golden quarter-oak finish, three large drawers, shaped frames and brass handles. Worth $9. SALE PRICE $5.95





Dining-Room Chairs, five small, one arm, quarter-oak polished, leather seats. Worth $18. SALE PRICE, per set $13.50
This solid quarter-cut oak Extension Table, polished throughout exactly like cut. Worth $22.00. SALE PRICE, $15.[illegible]
WM. TRAFFORD FURNITURE CO
129 Dundas St., Opp. Chapman's. 11 Market Square.

Before Renewing Your Boiler Insurance Call 1552
D. Campbell & Sons
ESTABLISHED 1886.
General Insurance Agents,
26 BANK OF TORONTO CHAMBERS.

The Home Bank of Canada
ORIGINAL 1854 CHARTER
QUARTERLY DIVIDEND NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that a dividend at the rate of SIX PER CENT per annum has been declared upon the paid-up Capital Stock of The Home Bank of Canada for the three months ending 28th February, 1911, and the same will be payable at the Head Office or any Branches of The Home Bank of Canada on and after the 1st March next.
The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 28th February, 1911, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board. JAMES MASON,
Toronto, January 18, 1911 General Manager.
LONDON OFFICE: 394 RICHMOND STREET.
Branch Offices also at
St. Thomas, Ilderton, Thorndale.

Habit

YOU have probably been intending to try Red Rose Tea for some time but from "force of habit" have just kept on using another tea.

Break the Habit

and buy Red Rose next time.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

NEVER SOLD IN BULK

Your Grocer Will Recommend It 83

Colonial Tartlets.—One large cupful of seeded chopped raisins or candied cherries, the juice and grated rind of one lemon, the whites of two eggs, and a pinch of salt. Mix together well, and put some of the mixture on rounds of pie crust from six to seven inches in diameter, and fold together from three sides, so that the shape will resemble a tricorn hat. Press the edges firmly together to hold the mixture in well, put into a baking pan, brush over with a little sweetened milk, and bake a nice brown.

Old Dutch Cleanser

Does ALL Your Cleaning----Easily and Quickly

This new, all-'round Cleanser in handy sifter can, takes all the hard work out of keeping things clean. It's much quicker too.

10 cts. Large Sifter Can

Cleans, Scrubs, Scours, Polishes

Pots, pans, kettles, woodwork, floors, shelves, painted walls, windows, metals, cutlery, in the bath room, pantry, kitchen, in fact throughout the house.

Painted woodwork and walls require care in cleaning —do it easily and safely with Old Dutch Cleanser.

The New Way

Sprinkle a very little Old Dutch Cleanser on cloth or sponge, rub easily, rinse with clean wet cloth and wipe dry. No caustic or acid. Avoid them. (Not a soap powder)

Just You Try It

A FEW drops of Sanitol Liquid Antiseptic in half a glass of water used as a mouth wash and gargle will percolate where evil mouth conditions exist. It strengthens soft, irritated gums. Used twice a day or oftener—after smoking for instance—there's a sense of cleanliness lasting for hours.

SANITOL Liquid Antiseptic

At your Druggist 25c. and 50c.

Best Made Knives

Forks, Spoons, and Fancy Serving Pieces, of the heaviest grade of plate, bear the trade mark

"1847 ROGERS BROS."

It means long wear and best service. Look for this trademark when purchasing.

Best tea sets, dishes, waiters, etc., are stamped

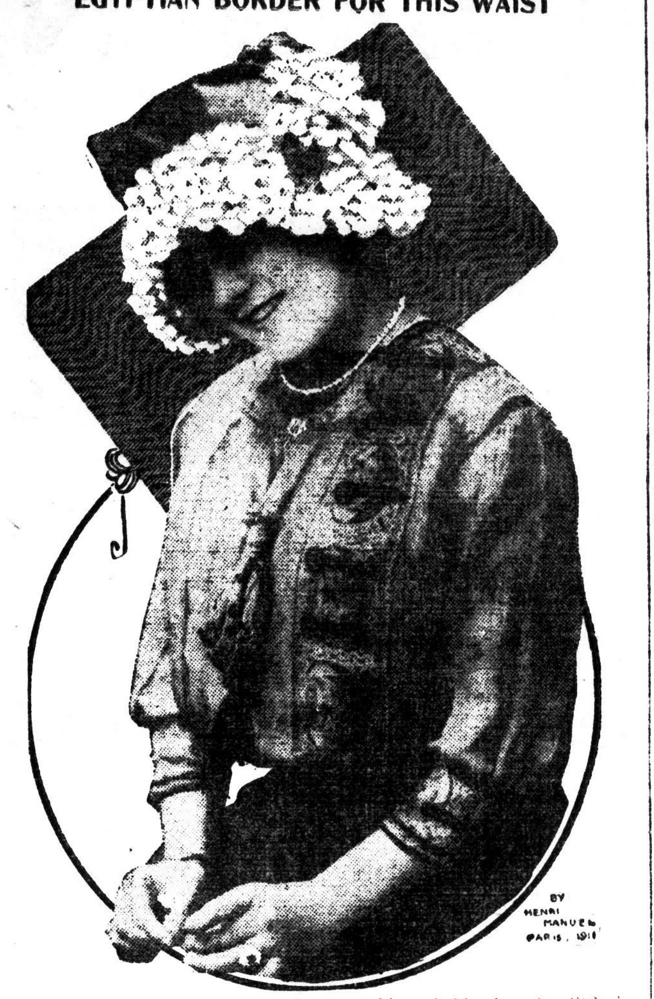
MERIDEN BRITA CO.

SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

"Silver Plate that Wears"

Of Interest To Women

EGYPTIAN BORDER FOR THIS WAIST



Bordered chiffon is employed in the making of this charming little imported waist from Sebillon of Paris.

Dull blue is the color, and it has an Egyptian border printed in red and yellow. The buttons and braid are of red soutache.

The smart close-fitting hat has a folded crown of soft, dull blue satin, and a brim of bluets, with a cluster of this little flower and a bunch of stems at the left.

A $75 CLOTHING SCHEDULE

The economics of living are taught in New York's trade schools, the pupils working out schedules of living cost. A $6 weekly wage is taken as the basis, that being the amount usually received by girls just beginning work. Allowing 60 cents car fare, 90 cents for lunches, $2 75 weekly toward family support, and 25 cents for the savings bank, the remaining $1 50 is applied to clothing. Here's a representative $75 clothing schedule for the year:

SUMMER OUTFIT.	
6 vests, at 15c	$ 90
4 pairs drawers, at 25c	1 00
3 petticoats, at 50c	1 50
3 corset covers, at 25c	75
2 pairs corsets, at $1	2 00
2 nightgowns, at 80c	1 60
5 pairs stockings, at 25c	1 25
2 pairs shoes, at $2	4 00
6 shirtwaists, at $1	6 00
1 skirt (made at home)	2 00
1 dress	4 00
1 hat for business	65
1 dress hat	1 50
	$27 15

ODDS AND ENDS.	
Ribbons	$ 50
Ties	25
Belts	50
Collars	25
Handkerchiefs	50
Purse	10
Umbrella	69
Hairpins, etc.	25
	$3 04

WINTER OUTFIT.	
2 woollen undersuits, at $2	$4 00
4 flannel petticoats, at 40c	1 60
1 black petticoat	75
3 corset covers, home made	75
2 pairs, corsets, at $1	2 00
2 flannelette nightgows, at $1	2 00
4 pairs stockings, at 20c	80
2 pairs shoes, at $2	4 00
2 pairs rubbers, at 59c	1 18
2 white shirtwaists, at $1	2 00
4 colored shirtwaists, at $1	4 00
1 black skirt	3 75
1 dress coat	10 00
2 pairs gloves, at 59c	1 18
1 hat	3 00
	$41 01

SUMMARY.	
Winter clothing	$41 01
Summer clothing	27 15
Odds and ends	3 04
Total clothing for one year	$71 20
Balance for recreation	3 80

The Steering Wheel

BY ROBERT ALEXANDER WASON.

Copyright 1910, The Bobbs-Merrill Company.

As soon as the guests had left the room Bannington put his hand on Dick's shoulder and said in a friendly, quizzical tone: "Dick, you always were an odd little chap. You always did object to law; but after all, you generally managed to come around and do the right thing in your own fashion. How long is it going to take for this nonesense to wear off?"

"This is not nonsense, uncle," answered Dick soberly, "and it never will wear off. I am enlisted in the cause of suffering humanity——"

"Now cut that out with me! I have had my fill of the gorgeous vistas of the radiant future, and all that rot. They are your guests, Dick, but if they should attempt to escape I should not use force to detain them. Dick, the Bannington plant is in a hard way. Are you going to pitch in and help; or are you going to let it go?"

"I don't like to seem ungrateful," answered Dick, slowly and seriously, "but I feel that I must do my best to save the common people."

"Well, save them—save all you want of them," snapped the old man. "Do you think that I want to do away with them? Do you think that I do not know that they are just as necessary as any other raw material? That is the trouble with you open-mouthed reformers; you haven't business sense enough to see that it is economical to keep the workman at his best—and a successful manufacturer never overlooks economy." Richard paused and looked sharply at his nephew for a moment before continuing sarcastically, "When a workman is so feeble from lack of nourishment, Dick, that he can barely totter around, he don't turn out enough stuff, and that's the chief end of industry. To be perfectly frank with you, not one of our workmen has starved to death for a great number of years."

"Still, a man has other needs——" began Dick, but his uncle stopped him with a gesture of disgust.

"Oh, Dick, kindly spare me!" he said. "I know all that. And I have other needs and even you have other needs; but I'll tell you once and for all, that the needs of my business—the old Bannington Steel Plant—come before everything else in the world with me, and I'm willing to fight for it."

"What is wrong with it?" asked Dick, with increasing gravity.

"Burton," growled the old man. "Burton is wrong with it. Twice I've had him whipped, clear beaten, down and out, and both times some fool relation died and left him money enough to come back at me. He is all business, Dick, I'll say that for him. When he wants a good man he is willing to pay for him—advertiser, salesman, judge or legislator—if he wants him he pays the price, and it's tough competition. Talk about war being hell! Why, it's a game of ball beside business! You fix for a battle; when that is fought you know where you are, but in business you never know where you are. Day and night, night and day, you have to watch it, watch it, watch it; and, Dick, I'm getting old."

Dick remained silent while his eyes followed the line of molding which ran below the ceiling. It was apparent that he was thinking deeply, and that his uncle's words were making a deep impression.

"You half-baked theorists talk about the master class as though it were some giant with a club in his right hand and a horn of plenty in his left; but that's not the way it works out. Some of our interests are mutual, but we're individualists, and each little individual is putting up his own little individual fight. You're big enough and strong enough to put up a good fight, my boy. We need all the Bannington blood to protect the Bannington plant. You're not going back on your blood, are you, Dick?"

The boy's eyes fell to the carpet, and he made no reply. The night sounds drifted in from the park, chirp and twitter and buzz; and they brought with them the twilight mixture of loneliness and home-feeling. The evening dews loosed the evening scents and they floated in and aroused the old memories. Scenes of carnage and violence do not mark the real struggles; all the battles of life take place within the human soul—and still the boy's eyes rested on the carpet, and still he sat in silence.

CHAPTER IX.

Dick Voices the Choice.

Bannington seated himself and Dick rose and began to pace to and fro. "I see your position," he said at last. "I see it exactly and appreciate it, and I want to come in and help you fight, too—that is, part of me does, but there is the other side, also, the bigger side, the side that would mean a sacrifice of the present in order that the future may never again hear the hunger call." He paused and a whimsical expression came on his grave face. "But I always supposed that there was no end to our money; I always looked on you as one of the most shining successes of the capitalistic system. Why, it would take half the fun out of it, uncle, to think that instead of your weltering in lucre, you were straining every nerve to keep the old boat afloat. I can't see into it; here I've been reading of your gifts, and I——"

"Burton again," snapped the uncle. "Every time he led I followed suit—and I took the trick. If he gave away a church, I gave a hospital; if he shaded a price, I cut it to the quick; if he took away my best man, I took the next best, trained him up until he was better than the first, and beat him at his own game. Oh, I've fought him, Dick, I certainly have fought him, but he has the most capital. He don't know it, but he has. He watered his stock when times were booming. I wanted to keep ours as close as possible, and yet branch out too. Now I haven't the nerve to reach out for new capital. A stumble at this point and the whole jig is up."

"I always supposed there was a merger between you, and that all this scrapping was merely a bluff. Why don't you merge?"

The old man fidgeted nervously in his chair, wiped his forehead with a very large white handkerchief, and after a minute asked: "What will you have to drink, Dick?"

"I think I'll take a Manhattan cocktail to make sure that I'm back home again," replied Dick, glancing curiously at his uncle as he turned and touched the bell. Almost as soon as the bell had ceased to vibrate the butler entered, his face wrinkled into an attempt to depict penitence, hope and trepidation.

Bannington glared at him fiercely until he again looked like a scared rabbit, nad then said courteously: "Haggins, two of your universal brothers feel the need of a little stimulant. Will you kindly oblige Mr. Dick with a Manhattan cocktail, and myself with some straight whiskey, and"—suddenly changing his voice—"be d—— quick about it, too."

Higgins hurried away with a sigh of relief. He knew that there were several jerks still in store for him, but that, to a large extent, his rebellion had been forgiven. Bannington examined his finger-nails intently, as if to assure himself that they were in no danger of falling out, and finally said: "To tell you the truth, Dick, that is just what I hoped that you might bring about."

"I bring about?" exclaimed Dick. "Why, Great Scott, uncle, I have no more idea of how a merger is merged than of how an air-ship is aired. I always supposed that—well, to be perfectly frank, I never thought much about how they were actually made. I first condemned trusts in a way to make them shake in their shoes, then I was surprised to discover that they were the grandest achievement in commercialism, and would continue until something still better came along. I know all about them and their habits and their destiny; but hanged if I have any idea how to make one."

Higgins entered and the two men raised their glasses and drank in silence. Bannington motioned the butler away, and, after he had gone, placed his finger on his lips and winked at Dick. Dick was surprised to see his uncle next tip-toe to the door and hear him say in tone of solicitous kindliness: "It is not necessary to wait, Higgins. If I need you I'll ring the bell"—again a quick change of voice—"and if I catch you listening again I'll wring your neck!"

To be Continued.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS FOR ALL BABIES

Every mother of young children should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. No other medicine has relieved so many little ones of the ailments that afflict them as have Baby's Own Tablets—no other medicine can be given baby with that absolute sureness of safety as can these Tablets. The mother has the guarantee of a Government analyst that they do not contain a particle of those harmful drugs that make those so-called "soothing" stuffs so dangerous to the life of the little one. The Tablets never fail to be of benefit. Concerning them Mrs. John A. Albert, Caraquet, N. B., writes: "I am happy to state that I have used Baby's Own Tablets for constipation for my two children with great satisfaction." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

DAILY MENU

BREAKFAST.

Oranges.

Wheatlets. Cream.

Fried Toast. Toast.

LUNCHEON.

Fish Balls. Fried Potato.

Junket Cream.

Cocoa.

DINNER.

Tomato Soup. Currant Jelly.

Roast Beef.

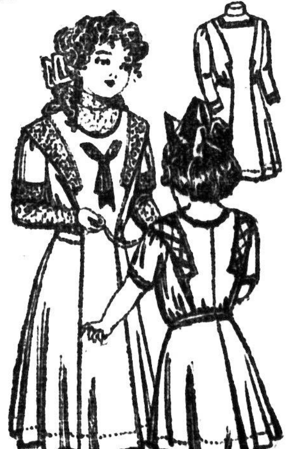
Potatoes, Creamed Parsnips.

Colonial Tartlets.

Cafe Noir.

Advertiser Patterns

Beauty Pattern Company.



No. 8875—A Stylish Model for the Young Miss—Girl's Dress With Tucker.

As illustrated, this model may be developed with or without the bretelle trimming, and if made for warm weather the tucker may be omitted. The design shows a panel effect over the waist in back, that is repeated on the front, and extends below the belt to form part of the skirt. The tucker may be of lace or other contrasting material, together with the bretelles, or the entire dress may be made of one material, and trimmed with braid or banding. The pattern is cut in five sizes, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14 years. It requires 3¾ yards of 36-inch material for the dress, and 1¼ yards of 27-inch material for the tucker for the 8-year size.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to

Name ....

Street Address ....

Town ....

Province ....

Measurement—Bust........ Waist........

Age (if child's or misses' pattern)........

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure you need only mark it 32, 34 or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26 or whatever it may be. If a skirt give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is 10 cents in cash or in postage stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT, LONDON ADVERTISER.

Correspondence

Edited by Cynthia Grey.

Dear Miss Grey,—Will you please tell me if Dr. Hawley Harvey Crippen, who was hanged on Nov. 23, 1910, for the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, ever made a full confession of the crime to his spiritual adviser or anyone else? Thanking you for your kindness.

APPRECIATE READER.

A.—No.

Dear Miss Grey,—Would you please tell me the value of a book entitled "A Practical Catechism, or a View of Those Principal Truths of the Word Which Most Directly Tend to Life and Godliness." If I wanted to, where could I sell such a book? ANXIOUS.

A.—Write Librarian Carson of the London, Ont., public library.

Dear Miss Grey,—1. Would it be proper to write a few lines to the Queen, sending her a good photo of yourself, and asking for a few words in reply and a little token of remembrance? If so, kindly tell her address. 2. Is net over silk always in vogue for a complete dress? Thanking you in advance.

W. O. W.'s D.

A.—1. So many photos and letters are sent to the Queen that her secretaries attend to such matters. Unless there was some very especial reason she is not likely to see it. Send to Buckingham Palace, London. 2. Yes.

Dear Miss Grey,—Please give recipe for shrimp salad. SUBSCRIBER.

A.—Boil one quart shrimps, remove shells, shred and pile them in centre of lettuce-lined dish. Chop four hard-boiled eggs, whites and yolks separately. Put minced yolks in a border around shrimps. Around these put whites of eggs. Serve with mayonnaise.

Dear Miss Grey,—1. I had bad luck dyeing a switch. What can I do? 2. Will short sleeves be fashionable for long coats? 3. Which will be most popular, buckskin or velvet pumps? 4. What can I use to trim a brown hat besides a willow plume? 5. What materials are suitable for travelling coats? JACCO.

A.—1. Take it to a professional, and always remember that it's cheaper to pay for having such work done right than to buy a new switch. 2. In dressy long coats the sleeves are three-quarter length. 3. Both will be popular. It's merely a question of preference. 4. Velvet. 5. Pongee, or any other rough silk, is the most satisfactory.

The Sewing Room

Buttonhole Hint.

Instead of working a buttonhole in the back of the neckband of my tailored waists and using a collar button, I sew on a medium-sized pearl button. It does not make the black spot on the collar or cause it to bulge as the collar button does, and also holds fast and is perfectly satisfactory.

Sewing Chair.

At my sewing machine I use a typewriter's chair, the kind which turns like a piano stool and which has a comfortable back. This allows me to turn to my cutting table without rising, and by having the chair the right height I can operate the machine with less fatigue.

Pin-Holder.

Cut a strip of dark felt cloth three inches wide and long enough to reach around the right-hand end of the table of your sewing machine. Draw the ends underneath and fasten. As you take out pins stick them in this cloth or even lay them on. They will not roll off and you will save yourself many steps.

Almond Cake.

Two cups flour, one cup sugar, one-half cup butter, one-half cup sweet milk, three eggs, two large teaspoonfuls baking powder; bake in layers. Filling—One-half cup of sour cream (thick), one-half cup sugar, one-quarter pound chopped blanched almonds, do not cook. This has been my choicest recipe for 40 years, but have never seen it in cook book or paper.

Cynthia Grey's Advice to Lovers

Love and Trust.

My dear girls, trust the man you love. Do not question everything he says, nor be suspicious of every little action.

Love is founded on trust, on loyalty. If you continually question the veracity of any person the chances are they will end by telling you untruths. Trust breeds honesty.

I always regret deeply to hear of some young girl who is starting her life by believing everything the man she loves says is untrue. My dears, even in law a man is believed innocent until he is proved guilty. I am sorry to receive letters such as the one I am about to quote to you. A girl writes me:

"I am in love with a man and he seems to love me, but he has told me it is necessary for him to work one night a week. Now, do you believe he is telling the truth? Or do you think he goes to see some other girl on that night?"

My dears, such distrust as that is positively criminal. Believe what people tell you or do not say you love them.

Admires Her.

A man who signs his letter "I. R." writes:

"I see a girl quite frequently in the cars and I know who she is and where she lives. I admire her very much. How may I become acquainted with her?"

The only way to get acquainted with the young lady is to get some mutual friend to introduce you to her.

Another Girl.

A girl who signs her letter "A. M. E." writes:

"I am in love with a man who has paid me some attention. Recently he met another girl and since then he has not seemed so interested in me. What shall I do to regain his love?"

I fear the young man is fickle and does not remain interested in any one girl for any length of time.

Latest Fashions

Foulards promise to be as popular as they were last season.

The simplest means of finishing off the high waistline is to employ a draped or folded girdle with a buckle or butterfly bow in the back.

The brimless hat that eclipsed the brow has now a rival. It is the brim turned straight up from the face of the side of the head.

Buttons are in decided favor as trimming. Not only are they used on blouses, skirts and wraps, but they are exploited on hats.

Here and there one sees a skirt with a yoke, but the tunic is, next to the plain skirt, the favorite.

The close skirts worn for the street demand the utmost daintiness in shoes, and, with the velvet gowns, the uppers are frequently made of the same material, vamped with patent leather.

One-piece frocks take precedence in new styles, and long coats are made to match when not used for walking.

The gold mesh purse, which is so dear to the heart of women, has been almost supplanted by the black velvet bag.

The skirts are a trifle wider, so that one may now walk with ease.

TO CLEAN LACE.

To wash or clean fine linen or cotton lace make a suds with warm water and some good white soap and add a few drops of ammonia or a little powdered borax. Put the lace in this and let stand for half an hour, then spat with the hand until the dirt is all removed. Be careful not to rub, as it destroys the texture. If much soiled use two waters. When clean rinse twice and in the last water put a little clear boiled starch, about a tablespoonful to two quarts of water. Then squeeze dry. Cover a round glass bottle with clean white cloth and over this wind the lace, using small pins to keep points or scallops in position, set away, and when thoroughly dry unwind, taking out the pins carefully. If these instructions are carefully followed the lace will look as good as when new.

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

For

The Blood, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys.

Possesses Medicinal Merit Peculiar to Itself.

Has an Unequalled Record of Cures.

100 Doses One Dollar.

Sold Everywhere.

Spring Humors are due to the impure, impoverished, devitalized condition of the blood brought about by the unhealthful modes of living during the winter, too close confinement, too little outdoor air and exercise, too heavy diet. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures them.

Most Satisfactory—"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla for years, as a spring medicine, and have always found it very beneficial. We have tried different remedies but find Hood's the most satisfactory." Miss Dorathea McDonald, 10 Buckingham Ave., Montreal, Que.

Ordinary "vanilla" extracts are but blends of cheap substitutes. They have not the rich, full savor of

Shirriff's True Vanilla

Made from finest Mexican vanilla beans and aged till the whole strength is in every drop. Good because it is real. Ask the groceryman.

Caution: A smaller quantity required than of any other extract.

12

Other delicious Shirriff flavorings are Lemon, Almond, Ratafia, Rose, Pineapple, Strawberry and ninety more.

FREE !! $200,00 IN CASH

AND 1,000 VALUABLE PREMIUMS GIVEN AWAY.

1st Prize, $50.00 in Cash 3rd Prize, $35.00 in Cash

2nd Prize, $40.00 in Cash 4th Prize, $25.00 in Cash

5th to 9th Prizes, each $10.00 in Cash

Herewith will be found the picture of Chinaman. Around his figure are concealed the faces of his seven daughters Can you find these seven faces? If so, mark the faces with an X. Cut out the picture and send it to us, together with a slip of paper on which you have written the words "I have found the seven faces and marked them." Write the above words plainly and neatly, as both writing and neatness will be considered in this contest, in case of ties. Should you not happen to be a neat writer, point out this advertisement to some friend of yours who can write plainly and neatly, and have him or her enter this contest in his or her name for you. First, agree with the person who is to do the writing, that you are to receive any prize money or prizes that may be awarded.

This may take up a little of your time, but as there is TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS in cash and One Thousand premiums given away, it is worth your time to take a little trouble over this matter.

Remember, all you have to do is to mark the faces, cut out the picture, and write on a separate piece of paper the words, "I have found the seven faces and marked them.

WE DO NOT ASK YOU TO SPEND ONE CENT OF YOUR MONEY IN ORDER TO ENTER THIS CONTEST

Send your answer at once; we will reply by Return Mail telling you whether your answer is correct or not, and we will send you a complete Prize List, together with the names and addresses of persons who have recently received over One Thousand Dollars in Cash Prizes from us, and full particulars of a simple condition that must be fulfilled. (This condition does not involve the spending of any of your money.

Address: HOUSEHOLD SPECIALTY COMPANY

DEPT. 25 MONTREAL, CANADA.

The Dominion Savings and Investment Society

The Thirty-Eighth Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Dominion Savings and Investment Society was held at the office of the Society on Tuesday, the 14th day of February, at 11 o'clock, a.m. The President, Mr. T. H. Purdom, K.C., occupied the chair, and Mr. N. Mills, Managing Director, acted as Secretary, and read the following report:

The Directors beg leave to submit their report for the year ending December 31st, 1910, together with the duly audited balance sheet.

The business transacted during the year has been satisfactory. The results show net earnings amounting to the sum of $53,400.91, to which is added the balance standing at the credit of the Contingent Account of $6,528.48, making together the sum of $59,929.39. This amount has been applied as follows: $37,387,29 in payment of two half-yearly dividends at the rate of four per cent per annum; $20,000.00 has been carried to the Reserve Fund, which now amounts to the sum of $150,000, and the balance, $2,542.10, has been carried forward to the Contingent Account.

The Directors regret to record the death of Mr. Francis Love, Police Magistrate for the City of London, which occurred on the 4th day of January, 1911. Mr. Love had been a Director of the Society for eleven years, and a resident of London during the most of his life. He knew the district in which the business of the Society is transacted, intimately. He could always be relied on, and his knowledge, experience and influence were of much benefit to the Society. The vacancy caused by his death was filled by the appointment of Mr. John Milne, Managing Director of the Northern Life Assurance Company of Canada.

The books of the Society have been regularly audited by Messrs. John Lochead and Francis B. Ware, whose certificate is attached to the financial statement.

All the directors retire annually, and are eligible for re-election.

Respectfully submitted,
T. H. PURDOM,
President.

Financial Statement for the Year Ending Dec. 31, 1910.

PROFIT AND LOSS.

Dr.		Cr.	
To Two Permanent Stock Dividends— 30th June, 1910 $18,686 00 31st Dec. 1910, 18,686 00	$ 37,372 00	By Earnings for year ending Dec. 31, 1910	$105,746 38
" Two Accumulating Stock Dividends— 30th June, 1910 ....$7 57 31st Dec., 1910 ..... 7 72	15 29	" Balance at credit of Contingent Account, as at Dec. 31, 1910	6,528 48
" Interest paid Savings Bank Depositors	23,179 79		
" General Expense Account, including Salaries, Directors' and Auditors' Fees, Advertising, Printing, etc.	8,978 57		
" Commission Account	1,754 64		
" Currency Debenture Coupons	1,900 53		
" Currency Debenture Coupons, due and outstanding, Jan. 1, 1911	2,229 50		
" Sterling Debenture Coupons	11,624 50		
" Sterling Debenture Coupons (Interest accrued, but not due)	1,677 78		
" Municipal and Government Taxes	1,000 16		
" Amount carried to Reserve Fund	20,000 00		
" Amount carried to Contingent Account	2,542 10		
	$112,274 86		$112,274 86

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

Dr. LIABILITIES.		Cr. ASSETS.	
To the Public:			
To Savings Bank Depositors	$ 696,444 37	By Cash Value of Mortgages and other Securities	$2,204,151 45
To Sterling Debentures	332,710 46	By Cash in the Bank of Toronto	23,759 59
To Sterling Debenture Coupons, (Interest accrued but not due)	1,677 78	By Cash in Traders' Bank of Canada	4,559 67
To Currency Debentures	104,624 64	By Cash in National Bank of Scotland	5,910 33
To Currency Debenture Coupons due 1st January, 1911	2,229 50	By Cash in Union Bank of Scotland	937 66
	$1,137,686 75	By Cash in Office	3,290 01
To the Shareholders—		By Office Fittings	1,000 00
To Permanent Stock	924,300 00		
To Accumulating Stock	95 00		
To Accumulating Stock Dividends	298 86		
To Permanent Stock Dividend due 3rd January, 1911	18,686 00		
To Reserve Fund	150,000 00		
To Contingent Account	2,542 10		
	$2,243,608 71		$2,243,608 71

NATHANIEL MILLS,
Managing-Director.

We hereby certify that we have made a regular audit of the books of the Dominion Savings and Investment Society for the year 1910. The cash, bank accounts and vouchers have been kept under careful examination. All postings have been checked; all entries in the Society's ledgers have been verified, and the accompanying statements of "Profit and Loss," and "Assets and Liabilities," are in our opinion a correct showing of the affairs of the Society.

JOHN LOCHEAD,
FRANCIS B. WARE, Auditors.

London, February 2nd, 1911.

The Report and Financial Statements were unanimously adopted.

The following gentlemen were elected Directors for the ensuing year: Mr. T. H. Purdom, Mr. John Ferguson, Mr. W. J. McMurtry, Mr. Samuel Wright, Mr. John Purdom, Mr. John Milne and Mr. N. Mills.

At a subsequent meeting of the newly-elected Board, Mr. T. H. Purdom was re-elected President, and Mr. John Ferguson, Vice-President.

PLAGUE ALWAYS FATAL

Many Thousands of Victims Now Being Cremated.

Washington, Feb. 17.—That none of the plague-stricken people of China recovers, was reported to the American National Red Cross in a cablegram received today from United States Consul-General Wilder, at Shanghai, on the conditions resulting from the bubonic plague.

The Japanese have checked the plague in South Mukden, but the remainder of Manchuria is being ravaged by the disease. The pestilence is spreading to Shantung. Several doctors, who attended the stricken people, are dead. Reports from Harbin, Mr. Wilder says, show 250 deaths daily.

The frozen grounds make burial impossible, and a half-mile of coffins are visible. The people have finally consented to the cremation of 4,000 bodies, and 1,000 victims have been cremated at Kwang Chang Tsu.

While there has been some improvement at the centres of the disease, the consul-general says it is spreading to the village. The homes of refugees, he adds, are being burned.

Roger S. Greene, United States consul at Harbin, reports that up to Jan. 17, 433 persons, including 12 Europeans, had died of the plague, while at Pu Chia Tien, a suburb of Harbin, 1,803 have succumbed to the disease.

Of the deaths at Harbin 267 had occurred in hospitals, and 166 persons had been found dead in the streets and houses.

From statistics gathered at points along the Chinese Eastern Railway, the consul said that up to Jan. 17 there had been 773 cases of plague among the Chinese and 25 cases among Europeans, resulting in 766 deaths of Chinese and 223 of Europeans.

The Red Cross today sent $2,000 to the Commercial Club, of Seattle, for the purchase of flour for the plague sufferers. It will be sent to China on the army transport Burford when it sails with other supplies.

* * *

PICKED UP FAT PURSE.

Montreal, Feb. 17.—At the Bonaventure station today, a purse containing a total of $1,200, was handed to J. A. Chauret, notary, of Ste. Genevieve, and ex-M. P. for Jacques Cartier. Mr. Chauret lost this purse on the Grand Trunk train which left last evening at 5:30 for Vaudreuil.

The purse was found on the train by Brakeman W. Forsyth, and was given over to the station agent by Conductor H. Beattie. Eight hundred dollars was in ordinary bills, and the remainder in checks, made payable to Mr. Chauret.

Highly complimentary messages, together with something more tangible, were sent to the brakeman and conductor by Mr. Chauret.

* * *

PAINFULLY BURNED.

Ridgetown, Feb. 18.—Little Caroline Tope, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Tope, had one of her hands seriously burned, when her night clothes ignited as she was standing beside the fire.

WHY DAN McGEE GIVES ADVICE

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS QUICKLY CURED HIS BACKACHE AND LUMBAGO.

Well-Known Nova Scotia Man Rescued From the Clutches of Kidney Disease Tells Others to Use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

James River, Antigonish County, N. S., Feb. 17.—(Special.—Suffering from Backache, with eyes puffed and swollen, and occasional attacks of Lumbago helping to make his life miserable, Dan McGee, a well-known resident of this place, turned to Dodd's Kidney Pills, and is today a strong, healthy man once more. It is hardly to be wondered at that he says:

"I advise all persons suffering with Backache or Lumbago to use Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Mr. McGee realized from his symptoms that Kidney Disease was claiming him for his own. For two months he waited, like many another for it to go away of its own accord. It didn't go. It simply got worse. Then he turned to the natural cure. Dodd's Kidney Pills, and the disease vanished before it had to. No case of Kidney Disease can stand before Dodd's Kidney Pills. They always cure.

Rheumatism, Lumbago, Dropsy, Diabetes and Bright's Disease are some of the deadly results of diseased Kidneys. You can safeguard yourself against any or all of them, by using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

MUNICIPAL COMMITTEE OF THE LEGISLATURE

Property of Charitable Institutions Producing Revenue To Be Taxed.

Toronto, Feb.17.—Before the municipal committee of the Legislature today W. F. Nickle, of Kingston, presented his amendment to the assessment act providing that property belonging to any charitable institution shall not be exempt from taxes if it is tenanted and productive. The committee accepted the bill without discussion.

"What shall be done with the fines collected from reckless drivers of automobiles?" was the question raised by the bill introduced by Mr. McIlroy, of Carleton. At the present time in rural localities the fines go to the constables who lay the complaint. Under Mr. McIlroys bill the fines would go to the municipalities.

"I expect it is a good bill," said Hon. W. J. Hanna, and reported the measure.

The committee voted down A. B. Thompson's bill making it necessary for municipal candidates in towns to have to file their qualifications within 24 hours of nomination, as candidates must do in other municipalities.

If adopted, Mr. Nickle's bill gives to municipal councils the regulation of places for the storage of rags and and bones.

The question of regulating the laying out of property in the area immediately adjoining cities will be settled some way or other by the Legislature this session.

Hon. H. R. McIlroy has come forward with the third resolution of the problem this session. This bill would provide that the city and township councils should get together and fix for the laying out of all roadways within two miles of the city. When that plan is drawn and filed, all property should be laid according to it in case the city and township cannot agree, the city would be given the right to apply to the Ontario railway and municipal board, which might, after notice to the township, bring the plan into effect.

FATALLY INJURED

Edward Chambers, of Strathroy, Dies From Kick of Horse.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Strathroy, Feb. 17. — Edward G. Chambers, who recently sustained terrible abdominal injuries as a result of being kicked while bedding one of his horses, is dead at his home here. Mr. Chambers was 36 years old, and besides his wife is survived by four daughters. The funeral will be held on Saturday afternoon.

MAY GIVE CLUE

Stains on Coat May Lead to Important Discoveries.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Berlin, Feb. 18.—A blood-stained coat, which the police located in a clothes-cleaning establishment here, may give a clue in the Lobinsky murder case. It is stated that when one of the employees went to work to clean the garment he found blood spots. The matter was reported to the police and they are making a careful investigation.

* * *

MAY APPOINT SECRETARIAT.

Melbourne, Feb. 17.—The need for the establishment of a secretariat as a channel of communication between the overseas dominions is strongly advocated by Prime Minister Fisher, of the Commonwealth. He intends to take up this subject at a meeting of the imperial conference.

* * *

MILLIONS FOR CHARITY.

Vienna, Feb. 17.—The will of Baron Albert Rothschild, filed for probate today, bequeaths $10,000 to charity. The baron's third son, Louis, is appointed head of the Vienna banking house of the Rothschilds.

* * *

CHINESE IN TROUBLE.

Ottawa, Feb. 17. — King Tung Lung, a prominent Chinese merchant of Montreal, is in Ottawa at the request of the license inspector to act as interpreter at the Chinese trials in the police court on Tuesday.

Asked as to the alleged fight between the Reform Association and the Chinese Freemasons, opposing them locally, Mr. King said that in all cities where there were members of the rival factions there was bound to be trouble.

Mr. King is endeavoring to find a means of settling the local strife, and bring the two parties to a better understanding and respect of Canadian laws.

* * *

DIED SUDDENLY.

Montreal, Feb. 17.—Miss Bartley, a school teacher of this city, was taken suddenly ill at His Majesty's Theatre during the second act of the semi-religious play, "To Serve the Cross," and died of heart failure shortly after being carried to an adjoining room. Mayor Guerin and another physician attended the patient, but their efforts were of no avail.

* * *

HELD FOR MURDER.

Oklahoma City, Feb. 17.—While ill in bed James Frennan, a wealthy farmer, was today arrested at his Kowa County home, charged with murder in the Hugoton, Kan., county seat fight, which occurred twenty years ago. It was one of the most sensational clashes in frontier history. Sam Woods was Brennan's alleged victim. The requisition papers have ben granted.

THE QUEEN'S

Toronto, the Queen City of Canada, is the important business and tourist centre of the Dominion, its many handsome churches, artistic public buildings, imposing offices, public drives, parks and gardens, are the admiration of many thousands of visitors throughout the year.

One of the best hotels in Canada is located here, the old established "Queen's," a hostelry that is especially popular with all discriminating people, standing in its own beautiful and extensive grounds, it has an air of quiet and refinement that appeals strongly to the home-lover, its fame is far reaching, and many remember with pleasure the hours spent within its hospitable walls.

The "Queen's" is operated on the American and European Plan, the rates being: Rooms without Bath (American Plan) $3 per day up. Rooms with Bath (American Plan) $3 50 per day up. Rooms (European Plan) $1 50 per day up.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

PROPOSE TO SHORTEN THE COMMANDMENTS

Dean of Winchester Will Make Report on the Matter Shortly.

London, Feb. 17.—Dean Furneaux of Winchester has been intrusted by the convocation of Canterbury with the task of preparing an abridgment of the ten commandments to be submitted for consideration at a meeting of the convocation in May.

The convocation is now sitting in Westminster under the presidency of the Archbishop of Canterbury and has had before it, among other matters, a proposal to modify and shorten the second, fourth and tenth commandments. As a sample of the form which the abridgment will take the dean said today that probably he would suggest that the tenth commandment be abbreviated to read simply: "Thou shalt not covet." The modification of the others has not been considered by him yet.

Opposition to any change from the traditional interpretation of the decalogue is expected from the nonconformists.

A WINTER PICNIC IN WESLEY HALL

Held By First Methodist Church Sunday School.

The First Methodist Sunday school held their winter picnic in Wesley Hall yesterday afternoon and evening. A very delightful time was spent with indoor sports and games. Among the events pulled off were pillow fights, thread the needle contests, tilting contests, walking races, foot races, and various other competitions. Refreshments were served afternoon and evening in the basement of the church. A few of the inter-class events were: Tug-of-war, Baraca Class defeated Mr. Perry's class (two out of two); tug-of-war, Sunday school choir defeated Baraca Class, two out of three; walking relay, Baraca Class defeated Mr. Perry's class; tug-of-war, Class Welcome defeated Sunday school teachers, two out of two.

TROUBLE IS BREWING OVER CONSECRATION

Bishop Fallon Will Attend, Notwithstanding the Strong Resolutions Passed.

Ottawa, Feb. 18. — A special meeting of the French-Canadian Educational Association, was held last evening, and it was unanimously decided not to present an address to Archbishop Gauthier on the occasion of his enthronement on Feb. 21 if Bishop Fallon is present. Senator Belcourt was in the chair and representatives were present from all parts of the Province.

This stand is taken owing to Bishop Fallon's attitude towards bilingual schools and to French-Canadian aspirations in Ontario, which is termed "unjust and iniquitous" in the resolution.

The association wrote to Archbishop Gauthier, stating their desire that Bishop Fallon be not invited to take part in the ceremonies, but his grace replied that he had already invited Bishop Fallon and that he had accepted the invitation.

A stern protest against Bishop Fallon's attitude toward the French-Canadians of the Province, 'which has aroused great indignation," is embodied in the resolution, and French-Canadians generally will be asked to take no part in the welcome if Bishop Fallon persists in being in attendance.

The associations have prepared a statement setting forth their reasons in detail for their stand, but will not give it out.

St. Jean Baptiste Society adopted a similar resolution this week.

WILL UNVEIL STATUE

Kaiser to Dedicate Beautiful Memorial to Queen Victoria.

London, Feb. 17. — The recent announcement that Emperor William would attend the ceremony of unveiling the national memorial to Queen Victoria, which will take place in front of Buckingham Palace, on May 16, was confirmed officially today.

The news is heartily welcomed by Britishers, among whom his majesty is personally very popular. He will be accompanied by Empress Auguste Victoria, and it is expected that the two will be the guests of King George and Queen Mary for several days after the unveiling.

* * *

SEIZED THE WHISKEY.

Charlton, Ont., Feb. 18. — Among the express packages on last evenings train from the south were two cases of Scotch whiskey, six cases of alcohol, and a ten-gallon keg of whiskey, addressed to a Gowganda drug firm, and bearing the label of a Toronto company. The shipment was not disguised in any way.

Provincial Officer McRae, transferred here from North Bay a few weeks ago, seized the shipment and reported to Inspector Caldeck, informing him at the same time that a similar consignment went through to the same firm last week.

Chief Caldeck will endeavor to learn why a drug store should need so much liquor for purely medicinal purposes.

* * *

A VALUABLE GIFT.

London, Feb. 17. — The will of the late Sir William Agnew, the picture dealer and proprietor of Punch, was probated today. The gross value of the estate is £1,353,592. The will bequeaths three pictures to the nation. These include Reynolds' "Mrs. Hartley and Child," and Franz Hal's "Portrait of Sir John Tenniel."

* * *

LOST PART OF HAND.

Preston, Feb. 17.—Jack Thompson, a young Scotchman, lost the greater portion of his left hand, when it was caught in a shaper, which he was operating at Ballyntyne's foundry.

* * *

SHOOTING AT DETROIT.

Detroit, Feb. 17.—Fred Garton, a barber, was shot five times today at his shop on Campau avenue, and taken to Grace Hospital in a dying condition, and the police are searching for his father-in-law, George R. Bather, of 137 Dragoon avenue. Bather was enraged over the marriage of his daughter and Garton a week ago.

MISCHA
ELMAN
THE YOUNG RUSSIAN
VIOLINIST

WILL APPEAR AT
Grand Opera House
TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 28.

This young Russian is, without doubt, the greatest artist on the violin in the world, and London is to be congratulated on having the opportunity of hearing him.

In selecting a piano for his Canadian tour he decided on the

"New Scale Williams"

and this fact alone speaks volumes for this wonderful instrument.

If you are looking for a strictly high-grade, artistic instrument that is different from all others, investigate the merits of the "New Scale Williams," Canada's greatest piano.

Williams Piano Co
194 DUNDAS STREET. H. P. BULL, Manager.
7t-4,11,15,18,22

Bar Solder, Babbitt Metal and All Ingot Metals. We are Headquarters
The Canada Metal Company, Ltd.
31 William Street, Toronto.

Milan, Mich., has a town orchestra of girls.

CANCER
IS CURABLE.

This has been demonstrated in hundreds of cases already, and is attested by thousands of testimonials.
NO OPERATION, NO LAYING-UP. NO INCONVENIENCE.
Those under treatment can proceed with their business or household duties as usual.
Sufferers from CANCER, ULCERS, LUPUS, PILES, GALLSTONES & KINDRED AILMENTS should send at once for Professor Stroop's Remedy (herbal and absolutely harmless), price 15s. which includes a full course of treatment. A copy of Professor Stroop's book entitled "Cancer and its Cure" will be sent FREE on application.
Prof. STROOP, 210 Windsor Lodge, Hartfield Road, Wimbledon, London, ENGLAND.
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is a reliable old English Home remedy for—
COUGHS, COLDS,
Asthma, Bronchitis, & all Lung & Throat Troubles.

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"The Niagara Falls Route."
To New York in 15½ Hours

The "WOLVERINE" makes the trip to New York in over one hour faster time than any other line. Leave London 5:35 p.m. daily, except Sunday. Finest equipped through sleeping cars from St. Thomas. Dining-car, St. Thomas to Buffalo, and Albany to New York.

Through sleeping cars, St. Thomas to Boston, Rochester, Albany, Springfield and other eastern points.

Tickets and full information at city ticket office, 405 Richmond street. Phone 205. Thomas Evans, C. P. A.; S. H. Palmer, D. P. A., St. Thomas; L. W. Landman, G. P. A., Chicago.

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NEW YORK CITY
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ROUND TRIP $20 AND UP

Fast Twin Screw S. S. "Bermudian," 5,530 tons, sails from New York, 10 a.m., every Wednesday. Fastest, newest and only steamer landing passengers at the dock in Bermuda. Bilge keels, electric fans, wireless telegraphy.

WEST INDIES.

New S. S. "Guiana" and other steamers every alternate Saturday from New York, for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadeloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, and Demerara. For full particulars apply to E. de la Hooke, or W. Fulton, Ticket Agents, London. A. E. Outerbridge & Co., 29 Broadway New York; Quebec Steamship Company, Quebec. wty

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Only Double Track Route to Montreal

Trains leave London as follows: 3:43 a.m. daily, except Sunday, carrying parlor library car and dining-car, Toronto to Montreal; also Pullman sleepers, Toronto to Montreal and Boston; 4:25 p.m. daily, carrying parlor library cafe car to Toronto, and Pullman sleepers, Toronto to Montreal; 6:53 p.m. daily, carrying Pullman sleepers, London to Montreal, and Toronto to Ottawa.

For Cobalt, Porcupine, Gowganda, etc.

Leave London 4:25 p.m. daily, connecting at Toronto with 8:30 p.m. Cobalt special, carrying through coaches and Pullman sleepers to Cobalt, Englehart, etc.

Secure tickets and full information from R. E. RUSE, C. P. and T. A., "Clock Corner"; H. M. HAYES, depot agent.

Japanese "soy" is exported chiefly to the United States, Hawaii, Port Arthur Dalny and Korea, each taking approximately 400,000 gallons annually.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.
SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSIO BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—*3:45 a.m., 10 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *6:30 p.m., p.m., 10:10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:09 a.m., a.m., *11:30 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9 a.m., *11:40 a.m., p.m., *4:25 p.m., *6:53 p.m.

Depart for the west—*3:55 a.m., a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 1:40 p.m., p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:25 a.m., *4:00 p.m., 6:50 p 11:05 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:06 p *8:10 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*3:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:33 p 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.

Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 2:45 p 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:00 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:40 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those n marked daily, except Sunday.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—7:04 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p 9:35 p.m.

Depart—7:20 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p 10:11 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the east—*11:28 a.m., p.m., †7:05 p.m., *10:52 p.m.

Arrive from the west—4:30 a.m., †12 p.m., 5:25 p.m., 8:30 p.m.

Depart for the east—*4:38 a.m., † a.m., †12:45 p.m., *5:33 p.m.

Depart for the west—†8:00 a.m., *11 a.m., †7:13 p.m., 11:00 p.m.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—3:05, †6:05, 9.40 a.m., 2.30, † *7:00 p.m.

Arrive—8:45, 11:45 a.m., 1:50, 4:38, † p.m.

*Mixed, to St. Thomas only. †To a from Detroit. All trains to and from Po Stanley, except those marked * †.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
TOURIST CARS

Leave Toronto daily for Winnipeg, Ca gary and Vancouver. These cars a clean, comfortable and well ventilat Porters are courteous and attentive. T berth rates are moderate. Call on a C. P. R. agent for descriptive pamphl

Fast Trains

No. 12 Leaves London daily, excep Sunday, at 12:45 p.m.; arriv Toronto, 3:50 p.m. Returning, leaves T ronto at 4 p.m.; arrives London, 7:05 p.m

No. 95 Leaves Toronto Daily 10:10 p.m.; arrives Winnipe 12:40 p.m., second day.

Call for time table and full informa tion at C. P. R. city ticket office, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond.

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TAKE THE WABASH FOR
Buffalo, New York, Boston, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City and points beyond.

The best winter tour route to Texas, Ol Mexico, California and all southwester and western points. The Great Throug Car Line between the east and the west

For rates, time of trains and full infor mation see your nearest Wabash agent or address J. A. RICHARDSON, distric passenger agent, 63 Yonge street (Trader Bank building), Toronto. xt

Traction Company
HOURLY SERVICE
between London and St. Thomas, from 7 a.m. to 11 p.m. on weekdays, from a.m. to 9 p.m. on Sundays. Two-hourly service between St. Thomas and Port Stanley. Cars for Port Stanley leave London on the even hour, from 8 a.m. to 10 p.m. Last car waits for theatres.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP TICKETS
AMERICAN LINE.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton
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WHITE STAR LINE.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton
Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
New York and Boston—Mediterranean.
WHITE STAR—DOMINION LINE.
Portland—Halifax—Liverpool.
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For rates and further information apply to any railway or steamship agent, or to I. E. SUCKLING, general agent for Ontario, 16 King street east, Toronto.

ALL THE NEWS THAT IS NEWS

A DAY IN THE SPORTING WORLD

SIDE LIGHTS ON MANY SPORTS

BELL STILL LEADS INDIVIDUAL LEAGUE

Has an Average of 179 for 75 Games and Has Dropped 13,459 Pins.

GOOD SCORES YESTERDAY

Primeau and Bell Put Up Big Count—Fine Tallies in the Singles.

The averages of the Individual league players of the London Bowling Club were issued today, showing Bell on top with a record of 179 for 75 games. His total pins are 13,459.

	Total pins.	Average.
Bell	13,459	179
Primeau	8,975	179
Whitehall	5,369	179
Sheere	8,010	178
Watterworth	8,935	178
Finchamp	9,714	176
Murray	8,773	175
Culham	8,727	174
Lackie	5,225	173
Sadleir	3,450	172
Shea	7,726	171
Dawson	7,647	169
Turner	7,615	169
James	5,875	168
White	5,870	168
Sussex	7,534	167
Foley	7,525	167
Lehman	5,032	166
Drummond	3,268	163
Weriman	4,869	162
Smith	3,798	152

League Scores.

Doubles and singles yesterday follow:

			Total.	Ave.
Primeau	202	201	204—607	202 1-3
Bell	170	195	237—602	200 2-3
Totals	372	396	441—1209	
Culham	201	196	189—586	195 1-3
Murray	177	234	180—591	197
Totals	378	430	369—1177	

					Total.	Ave.
Turner	177	186	159	174	182—879	175 4-5
Culham	180	148	196	187	161—882	176 2-5
Dawson	149	149	167	152	150—759	151 4-5
Turner	192	175	213	168	157—905	181
Sussex	172	159	183	179	182—855	171
Sussex	193	225	139	180	175—912	182 2-5
Bell	179	148	148	189	211—875	175
Dawson	182	187	136	149	170—824	164 4-5

TORONTO WILL TAKE 27 PLAYERS TO MACON

Twenty-Five of These Are Now in Line and Management Is Negotiating for Pair.

All members of the Toronto Eastern League team report in Washington on Saturday, March 18, and will leave immediately for Macon, Ga.

The players who will go south are:

Catchers—Phelps (St. Louis Nat.), Kroch (Lawrence, Mass.), Slattery and McWhirter (Toronto semi-pro.).

Pitchers—Killian, Lush (St. Louis Nat.), and McDonald (Toronto semi-pro). left-handers: Mueller, Bachman (St. Louis Nat.), McGinley, Cathers (Lancaster, Pa.), Winter (Montreal), McIntyre (Mitchell, Ont.), Armiger (Baltimore semi-pro), right-handers.

First base—Jordan (Brooklyn) or Slattery.

Second base—Mullen or Fitzpatrick.

Shortstop—Vaughan and another to be secured.

Third base—Bradley (Cleveland).

Outfield—Shaw, O'Hara, Delehanty, Keeler (New York), Phelan (Pittsburg College), one to be secured and Joe Kelley.

This makes a list of 25 men already secured and an outfielder and an infielder to be yet corralled. Waivers are now being asked for these two players by big league clubs.

JOCKEY SAVES FELLOW RIDER

Dreyer Rescues Paul Whenn Latter Is Unseated at Start of a Race.

Tampa, Fla., Feb. 17.—The heroic rescue of Jockey Paul by Jockey Dreyer in the first race, featured this afternoon's card. Paul, mounted on Rose O'Neill, was caught in a jam as the barrier went up and was unseated. One of his feet caught in the stirrup, and he was left clinging to his bridle rein, while his mount started off at a mad pace.

Those in the stands expected to see his head strike one of the posts of the railing when Dreyer, on Feuri, grasped the rein of Rose O'Neill's bridle and pulled the horse up. Beyond being badly frightened, Paul was unhurt.

TROUBLE OVER GROUNDS LETS WOODSTOCK OUT

Athletic Association in Control of Grounds Fails to Make Terms—Welland Anxious for Berth.

Woodstock Sentinel-Review: About half a dozen local businessmen interested in the formation of a Woodstock club in the new Canadian Baseball League, greeted Knotty Lee, the promoter of the organization, at the W. A. A. A. rooms last night.

Knotty outlined the proposition in a thorough manner, and although those present expressed themselves in part as being willing to finance the Woodstock end of the movement, the city is kept out of the league through lack of playing grounds. The W. A. A. A. field is the only park where baseball might be played, and naturally the athletic association, after having at considerable cost, built one of the finest cinder running tracks in America, is loath to rent the park for baseball purposes, as this would spoil the field almost entirely for athletic purposes.

Knotty Lee personally made an inspection of Woodstock's parks, and stated that the W. A. A. A. grounds were the only hope, as the other parks would, in his estimation, prove totally unsatisfactory.

So unless the W. A. A. A. and Knotty Lee come to some agreement, which is unlikely, Woodstock is not liable to have a professional ball team. Had there been a suitable park and other accommodations here, no doubt the project would have succeeded.

Lee was in London again yesterday, and explained that the town of Welland is prepared to put up a substantial bond to finish the season if granted a berth in the league. The proposition will probably be accepted.

FORFEIT UP FOR NEXT WOLGAST-BROWN BOUT

George Considine, of New York, Has $1,000 for Weight and Appearance March 3.

New York, Feb. 18.—Any fear that the return soiree between Knockout Brown and Adolph Wolgast might die in the making has been dispelled. George Considine is custodian of $1,000, divided into equal parts from each camp. This goes as a forfeit for weight and appearance for the boys on March 3. For this one night only, Tom O'Rourke will move his National Sporting Club arena to Manhattan Casino. He figures that the Amsterdam Opera House space will be a trifle limited for those who want to see how the awkward Brown, with his reverse English style of boxing, confounds the man who beat Bat Nelson.

Another Clumsy One.

There is another youngster in the ring who has Brown's style to a dot. No, he didn't copy it, no one would do that willingly. His name is Tommy Smith. Happening to be left-handed, he just naturally boxes with the right foot forward. Of course, this is in defiance to every known rule of boxing, but Tommy slams his left with much the same vigor that Knockout does, and clever boxers find it mighty difficult to avoid. Tommy in his odd pose is also hard to hit.

CHASE AT GOTHAM WITH FORD'S CONTRACT

Young Pitcher Said To Get Salary of $6,000.

New York, Feb. 18.—Manager Chase, of the New York Americans, is back in New York from California, and has brought the signed contract of Russell Ford, the pitcher, with him. The New York baseball fans have been a bit uneasy as to whether Ford would hold out.

Chase met the pitcher in Chicago, and Ford affixed his name to the papers for 1911. Chase would not say what the salary of the pitcher would be, but those who are in a position to know, say that it will come close to the $6,000 mark.

KILLED FAVORITE MARE; THEN COMMITTED SUICIDE

Pine Bluff, Ark., Feb. 18.—John Mullins, widely known as a trainer of trotting horses, killed his favorite racing mare yesterday afternoon, and then sent a bullet into his own brain. The body of the man was found lying across that of the horse. No motive is known. Among other horses Mullins had trained was the pacer Willy H., which established a world's record at Buffalo several years ago.

PACKEY M'FARLAND WILL MEET MORAN

Stockyards Fighter Agrees to Battle at Limit Demanded.

LANG AND LANGFORD

Will Scrap in London, the Negro Being a Strong Favorite—McIntosh Picks a White.

New York, Feb. 17.—A telegram from Packy McFarland was received by President William Gibson of the Fairmont A. C. today, which read this way:

"Will accept invitation to box Owen Moran at your club on March 14. Can make 133 pounds at 3 o'clock in the afternoon as Moran demands, and will begin training at Cannon's in Westchester a week before the bout."

Gibson promptly notified Moran and his manager, Charles J. Harvey, who are winding up their long theatrical engagement at a Bronx theatre this week. The English lightweight was all smiles when he heard the news, and Harvey lost no time in asserting that the McFarland-Moran bout would stir up more interest than the Brown-Wolgast or Brown-Hogan contest. It was predicted several days ago that McFarland and Moran would be matched, but at that time it was impossible to name the date or the weight conditions.

Moran a Drawing Card.

McFarland, as soon as his match with Wolgast had been declared off by Jack O'Brien, notified Gibson that he was ready to box young Sammy Smith here, but Gibson, while admitting that Smith would be a formidable antagonist, decided that Moran would be a far stronger card, especially as Moran's challenges to Wolgast have been sidestepped.

Moran, who weighed 129 pounds when he stopped Battling Nelson in eleven rounds, told Gibson that he would box McFarland if the Chicago pugilist would agree to weigh 133 pounds at 3 o'clock. That was the only condition named by the sportsmanlike Briton, who, it is believed, would rather fight than eat. Moran called attention to the fact that McFarland actually weighed 133½ pounds at 3 o'clock, or seven hours before he entered the ring with Jack Goodman, whom he knocked out, and that there was no reason why Packy should not weigh half a pound less right over again.

Sports Smell a Mice.

McFarland's willingness to make 133 at 3 o'clock, therefore, has clinched the match, and means that Moran, who will not weigh a pound more than 130, will probably concede at least eight pounds to the stockyards champion. McFarland, at this weight, is believed to be the greatest boxer in the world, but Moran is just as strong, if not stronger physically, and is undoubtedly a harder hitter. Besides, it is generally conceded that Moran possesses more than the ordinary amount of ring science. In a word, McFarland and Moran seem to be so well matched that members of the Fairmont A. C. are commending Gibson for his enterprise.

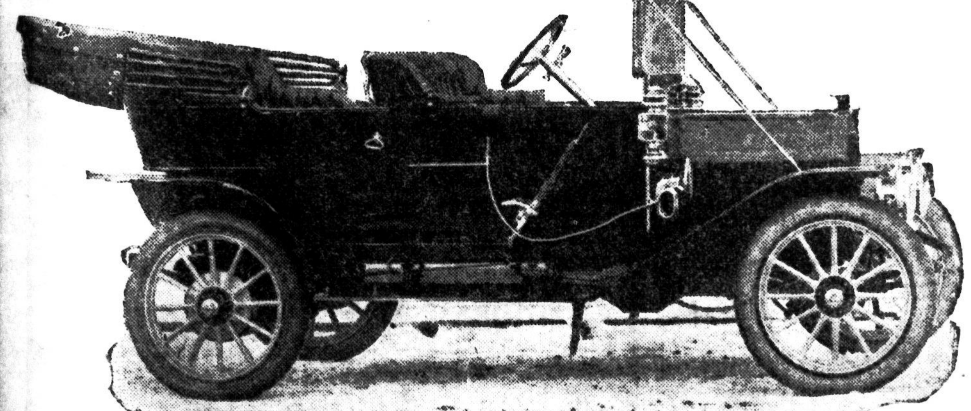
Sam Langford is receiving heavy backing to win the fight with Bill Lang, the Australian heavyweight, in London next week. He will probably enter the ring an odds-on favorite, although Lang will have plenty of support.

McIntosh, who will pull off the scrap, is busy telling English sporting men that Lang is the real hope of the white race, and that as soon as he has beaten Langford he will issue a challenge ot fight Jack Johnson for the championship of the world. If Johnson agrees to meet Langford, McIntosh says he will arrange a finish fight, to be decided at his new club in Paris, France.

McIntosh's confidence in Lang is puzzling ring followers in this country. Many of them say that McIntosh has allowed prejudice to get the better of sound judgment, while others declare that if Lang wins on points it will be time to regard the fight with suspicion. On past ring performances, good judges of pugilism here are willing to support their opinion that Langford, if he tries, can beat the Australian to a standstill.

Expect Quick Knockout.

They even expect a quick knockout, with Langford delivering one of his famous sleep wallops. They can't figure it out how Lang, a slow, awkward, dull-witted fighter, has a chance with the scientific, heavy-hitting Boston man, and many of them are offering 10 to 6 against the Australian. This will be the biggest fight arranged by McIntosh in England so far, and a crowd of 10,000 spectators will be provided for. The prices range all the way from $3 to $20.



E. M. F. "30" Five-Passenger, Four-Door, Fully Equipped
$1,450

E. M. F. Efficiency Service

It is a very important consideration in buying an automobile that the local agent be in a position to follow up his sales, and straighten out any little kinks that otherwise would be a continual source of annoyance to the owner. The man who drives an E. M. F. or Flanders is assured of the services of a mechanic with E. M. F. factory experience, whose particular business will be to see that E. M. F. and Flanders cars when sold stay sold. The E. M. F. Company guarantee that their product is made right, and we guarantee that they will run right.

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481 RICHMOND STREET. LONDON, ONT.

EACH TEAM OF NATIONAL PAYS $100,000 EXPENSES

Travelling Expenses for One Player for Season Will Be About $1,755.

The National League teams will travel about 12,000 miles less this season than in 1910. The Philadelphians will cover 8,426 miles in travelling around the circuit, which is the minimum distance. The mileage for the Brooklyns is 9,397, with 10,574 for the Giants, 10,862 for the Cincinnatis, 11,081 for the St. Louis Cardinals, 11,224 for the Boston Rustlers, 13,590 for the Pittsburgs, and 14,579 for the Chicago Cubs. This makes a total of 89,733 miles for the eight teams, which means about $1,755 for the railroad transportation of one player. As the teams will carry an average of twenty men each on the road, the railroad fares will reach $35,000, to be paid by each club, or nearly $290,000 by the entire league. Averaging each salary list at $50,000, it is estimated that the expense for one season will reach the $100,000 mark for a single member of the circuit.

DOOIN PICKS PHILLIES TO SURPRISE THE WORLD

Manager of That Team Joins Booster Chorus and Talks of Deal With Reds.

"The Philadelphia Nationals will surprise the baseball world this year," says Manager Charley Dooin, the auburn-haired catcher. "We got the long end of the deal with Cincinnati. In Rowan and Beebe we landed two pitchers who will prove vastly more effective than Moren and McQuillen, whom we traded to the Reds. This means that we will have a formidable pitching staff and a heavy-hitting team with Magee, Paskert, Lobert, Titus, Doolan, Knabe and others looming up at the plate. Effective pitching and hard hitting when produced by the same team mean victory, and that is why I say the Philadelphias will cut an unexpected important figure in this year's race."

TORONTO WILL MAKE STRONG BID FOR FLAG

If Joe Kelly Caught, Oldtimers Working He'll Worry Gauzel.

New York Sun: "If Joe Kelley, the Toronto manager, can rejuvenate such veterans as Willie Keeler, Tim Jordan and Bradley, he believes his team will make a powerful bid for the Eastern League pennant. But just now the champion Rochesters are generally picked to win right over again, as John Ganzel has a great combination of talent.

ATHLETICS AND SOX IN FIREMAN'S BENEFIT

Proceeds Will Go to Family of Stock Yards' Fire Victim.

Chicago, Feb. 16.—The Philadelphia Americans and Chicago Americans will play here on May 26 for the benefit of the family of the late Fire Marshal Jas. Horan, who lost his life in the stock yards fire two months ago.

The dead fireman was a baseball fan, and the promoters of the benefit expect to make it one of the biggest events of the kind ever attempted. The gross receipts are to go to the family.

HILL STREET WON.

Hill street defeated Hyatt Avenue in a Methodist League game Thursday evening at the East End rink by a score of 2 to 1. The tally was tied at the conclusion of the first session, the teams having each notched a goal. The ice was very soft and play was necessarily slow.

PERRINS AND STRUTHERS.

Perrins and Struthers will play off the tie in the Manufacturers' League Tuesday night. The teams have met twice before, each taking a game. Harry Peel will referee.

"JIMMY" CALLAHAN SIGNS PAPERS.

Chicago, Feb. 17.—"Jimmy" Callahan, a former major league star, today signed to play an outfield position with the Chicago American League club this season. Callahan formerly was a member of both of the Chicago major league clubs and since has managed a local "semi-pro" team.

KNIGHT SIGNS FOR THREE YEARS.

New York, Feb. 16.—Shortstop Jack Knight signed with the New York American League club for three years today. Contracts were received also from Robert Williams, a catcher drafted from the Canton team of the Ohio-Pennsylvania League, and Outfielder Bert Daniels.

The pacing mare Ella Ambulator, 2:04½, will be raced in 1911 by Walter Cox. Although a member of the Murphy string last season, Cox drove her to her record in winning the $3,000 2:06 pace at Detroit.

FORMER PUGILIST IS KILLED BY GAS

"Dannie" McMahon Was Found Dead in Bed in Detroit Yesterday.

ACCIDENT, SAYS CORONER

Fought Battling Nelson Two Six-Round Bouts to a Draw.

Detroit, Feb. 18.—"Dannie" McMahon, at one time one of the fastest and most promising lightweight fighters in America, and the boxer to whom is attributed much of Battling Nelson's success in the prize ring, was found dead in his room on the third floor of the rooming house at 55 Grand River avenue shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was 35 years old.

The room was full of illuminating gas escaping from an open jet. Coroner Burgess, who made an investigation, decided that death was the result of an accident, and there will be no inquest.

McMahon was found by Frank Martin, whose room is next to the fighter's at the Grand River avenue place. He smelled gas and went into the room. He at once notified the police and Detective James Boyd made an investigation. McMahon went to his room about 3 o'clock yesterday morning with a companion. The landlady and Martin saw the companion go away about two yesterday afternoon. They paid little attention, however. It is not known who he was. The officers are looking for him. He is believd to be the man with whom McMahon had been drinking the last two or three days.

McMahon's father, who is 79 years old, and his mother, 82 years of age, are both living. Their home is at 425 Beaufeit avenue.

A Clever Boxer.

McMahon was of Irish descent and when a youth of 17, showed marked ability as a boxer. He was clever and fast, and sporting men took him up in the hope of developing a new featherweight champion. He fought his first battles of any consequence when he was 17 years old. So promising did he look that when he was 19 years old Ed. Glassco, of the Windsor Athletic Club, offered to bet $10,000 that he could whip Dixon in a finish fight. The battle did not come off, but he later fought Dixon 20 rounds to a draw. One of McMahon's most notable fights was 15 years ago when he knocked out Young Kelly in three rounds in New York City.

McMahon fought Battling Nelson two six-round bouts to a draw, and on one appearance in this city, "The Battler" announced from the stage that he owed a large measure of his success to McMahon, who taught him how to box.

Since he has retired from the ring McMahon has been instructor at the Windsor Athletic Club. He still retained his lightness of foot and his boxing eye, and in spite of his years was a clever boxer. His body has been taken to the county morgue to await arrangements for burial.

PRESTON INTERS. DEFEAT LISTOWEL

Take Round 21 to 5—Last Night's Score 10 to 1.

[Spebcial to The Advertiser.]

Preston, Feb. 18.—Preston intermediates defeated Listowel 10 to 1 in the second game of the round here last night, and finished with a 21 to 5 victory on the two games. Listowel lost the first match at home by 11 to 4.

VERY NICE OF THE TRUSTEES.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Stanley Cup Trustee Foran states that rather than interfere with the American tour of the Ottawas, he will bring all challenges on immediately after the close of the National Association season, and allow each but one game for the silverware.

It was announced last night that plans for games at Boston between the Ottawa and Wanderer teams had also been completed.

RACING IN FRANCE.

Paris, Feb. 18.—The racing season in France opened today at Auteuil. The race for the Prix Bellevue was won by Theibaux's Dynamo, with Sauval up. Widener's Langue de Chat, with Preferment in the saddle, finished second, and Goudchaux's Chartres, Salmon up, was third. Seven horses ran.

SOME BIG LEAGUE BASEBALL BRIEFS

From Chicago come rumors of dissension in American League ranks as the result of Bob Hedges' unsuccessful attempt to dispose of the St. Louis Browns. It is hinted that Ban Johnson and the other American League magnates wish Hedges to return the $30,000 forfeited by the syndicate of St. Louis would be purchasers. Hedges rides high and sits tight.

The first serious accident of the 1911 baseball season is reported from Charlottesville, Va. Guy Herbert, a promising young player of the University of Virginia, was struck in the face by a batted ball. His jaw was broken in two places.

Frank C. Bancroft, business manager of the Cincinnati Reds, is convalescing in a Cincinnati hospital from the effects of an operation brought about by an attack of appendicitis. Owing to the advanced age—sixty-six years—of Bancroft, the surgeons operated only as a last recourse.

Washington fandom has been thrown into hysterics as a result of the announced retirement of the veteran pitcher pitcher "Doc" Reisling. The player notified a sporting editor of the capital city that he was through with the game. He assigned no reason, but it is believed that his dental practice in Caldwell, O., has grown to such an extent that he does not think it would pay him to desert it in the summer months.

Cleveland has decided to retain Shortstop Knaupp at least for a thorough spring trial. Knaupp owes his added lease of life to Hal Chase, the Yankee skipper. Hal was the only American League general who refused to waive on the youngster, whom he believes could be developed into something of class.

Louis Fiene, the heaver, is once more with Minneapolis. Louie has been bobbing back and forth between the Millers and the White Sox as far back as the memory of man. Perhaps now he will be allowed to rest in his natural sphere.

Niehoff, a Western League infielder, has made a great hit with Barney Dreyfuss. When the Pirate owner, who drafted him, sent Niehoff a contract some time ago, Niehoff revamped the money and the terms to suit himself and mailed in his signature. Dreyfuss thinks anyone with such colossal nerve should make good in any company, so he will let the matter run at the terms of the "busher."

Jack Wuffli, the high school boy from Cleveland, who made such a hit in Saginaw that Detroit drafted him, has been sold to Evansville, of the Central League. Detroit has sold Skeels, the Indian pitcher, to the White Sox.

To Scout Mike Kahoe has been assigned the task of developing all the possibilities of Ainsmith, the promising young catcher of the Senators.

The Western League has followed in the footsteps of the American Association in adopting a four-trip schedule of three games each trip, making in all a draft of 168 games.

According to Chicago writers, Connie Mack declares that the White Sox and the Red Sox will be the dark horses of this season's American League pennant race. Cornelius picks the Athletics to repeat in a close race. He figures he has to beat out the Yankees.

Jack Gleason, who, with Tex Rickard, promoted the Jeffries-Johnson fight at Reno, Nev., attended the American League meeting in Chicago. Gleason made a bid for the St. Louis Browns, but Hedges said there was nothing more doing in that line.

Outfielder Viola, a native Cuban, who made good with Augusta, Ga., in the South Atlantic League, has been sold to Chattanooga. Viola is one of the finest throwers in professional baseball.

Kansas City friends of Johnny Kling declare the star catcher of the Cubs has warned Frank Chance that he will not report for spring practice until April 5. Kling is said to be dissatisfied because Chance paid no heed to his advice in the world's series with the Athletics last fall.

Larry Lajoie, the big second baseman of the Cleveland Naps, has made 200 hits four times in the ten years he has played in the Johnson circuit. These were 1901, 1904, 1906 and 1910.

Pete Noonan, first baseman of the Wilkesbarre team of the State League, was yesterday sold by Billy Clymer to the Scranton Club. It is said that Clymer will replace Noonan by Arndt, recently purchased from Providence.

PACKEY M'FARLAND MANAGES A BANTAM

Blum, of Philadelphia, Looks Like Sure Comer to Former Champion.

Battling Nelson has assumed the management of Joe Blum, the Philadelphia newsboy, who is already a high-class bantamweight, possessing natural skill and a dangerous punch in either hand. Nelsons says he is not going to hurry this boy into matches with top notchers, but he predicts that Blum in the course of several months will have gained enough experience to meet any 116-pound boxer in the world, with a royal chance to win the bantam title. Blum is a pocket edition of Packey McFarland in looks and style.

PLAN TO REVIVE BOXING IN MICHIGAN

State Authorities Announce That Ten-Round No-Decision Bouts Are O. K.

[By Canadian Press.]

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 18.—As a result of an announcement of Michigan State authorities that there will be no opposition to boxing matches in which the number of rounds is less than ten and no prizes are given, fight promoters throughout Michigan are making plans to revive the sport.

They will pay fighters stated sums to appear, and there will be no decisions.

GIBSON TO CATCH GAME AT TORONTO

Londoner Will Be With the Pirates in Queen City Exhibition.

Toronto News: The Pittsburg Pirates will play Toronto an exhibition game on Aug. 31. Providence is here on that date, and it is likely a double-header will be billed. "Mooney" Gibson, the London backstop, will do the catching for Pittsburg.

A few minutes delay in treating some cases of croup, even the length of time it takes to go for a doctor often proves dangerous. The safest way is to keep Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in the house, and at the first indication of croup give the child a dose. Pleasant to take and always cures. Sold by all dealers. 1

DUFF WOOD PRESIDENT OF VARSITY RUGBY CREW

Londoner Elected at Annual Meeting at Toronto University — Other Officers.

Toronto, Feb. 18.—At the annual meeting of the University of Toronto Rugby Club, champions of Canada, the following officers were elected:

Hon. president—Prof. J. F. McCurdy.
Hon. vice-president—Hugh Gall.
President—Duff Wood.
Secretary-treasurer—John Galbraith.

Jack Maynard will be captain of the 1911 senior team, and H. C. Griffith will again be honorary coach.

The new Varsity grounds are expected to be in readiness for the next football season.

For the best smoke

in the city, and the best smokers' supplies, at the most reasonable prices, see me.

THOS. J. MAHER
National Cigar Store.

National Bowling Alleys
Grand Prize Week

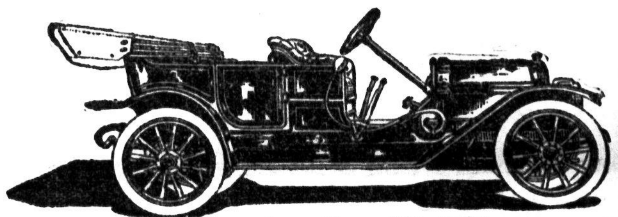
Get in on it. Special prizes and match games. Something doing all the time.

YOUNG MEN

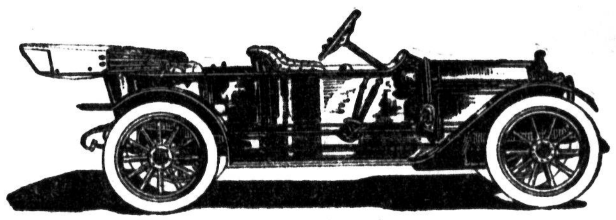
For Gonorrhoea and Gleet get Pabst's Okay Specific, it is the ONLY medicine which will cure each and every case. NO CASE known it has ever failed to cure, no matter how serious or of how long standing. Results from its use will astonish you. It is absolutely safe, prevents stricture and can be taken without inconvenience and detention from business. PRICE $3.00
For Sale by ANDERSON & NELLES

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. Cures
blood poison, bad legs, sores, discharges (either sex), weakness, lost vigor & vital force, drains, losses, &c. Either No. & all self treatment directions enclosed at druggists or Mail $1 from Fougera & Co., 90 Beekman St., New York City, or Lyman Bros. Co. Ltd. Toronto. If in doubt No. required, send self addressed envelope for free book to LeClerc Medicine Co, Haverstock Rd. Hampstead, London, Eng. Try new Dragée (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure.

COME, SEE THE HUDSON "33"



"33" Touring Car, $1,850



"33" Torpedo, $2,000

Equipment on all models include Mohair Top, with Side Curtains and Dust Hood, Five Lamps and Presto Lite Gas Tank, Bosch H. T. Magneto, Storage Battery, Glass Windshield, Stewart 60-Mile Speedometer, Horn, Pump, Jack, Q. D. Rims, Tool Outfit.

THE HUDSON "33" is the latest creation of Howard E. Coffin, Master Builder of Automobiles.

Mr. Coffin has probably designed and built more successful famous motor cars than any other man the industry has thus far produced. Each succeeding design has been a marvel of its time.

These in turn were the four-cylinder Oldsmobile, the Thomas Detroit "40," the Chalmers "40," the Chalmers "30."

His greatest work we are told by competent critics is found in the Hudson "33."

Many 1911 cars have been shown. With hardly an exception has there been any change from the previous year's models. But do you think that the year 1910 marked the perfection of the Motor Car?

Why invest your good money in a remodelled or leftover 1910 car when the opportunity is offered you of buying a Hudson "33," the decidedly different car for 1911?

The Hudson for 1911 is a brand new car from the ground up, and possesses many ingenious originalities in its design.

You will find unique features in this car that other manufacturers will adopt next year, and the year after, just as they have copied methods that Mr. Coffin brought out two years ago.

The Hudson "33" cannot be described with justice to itself in the space available. One must see the car.

Don't you think you should at least examine the Hudson "33" before you choose any car? It may save you much expense and many regrets.

If you intend buying a car, begin your investigation at once, and assure yourself of delivery when you want it.

Have interesting proposition for purchasers who place orders now for early delivery. Get in on this.

A handsome catalogue, giving all the details and specifications of this wonderful car, is yours for the asking.

C. E. BERNARD
Distributor,
SALESROOM, 267 DUNDAS STREET.

How to Stop Pimples

In Five Days You Can Get Rid of All Skin Eruptions by the New Calcium Sulphide Wafers.

Trial Package To Prove It Sent Free.

Any man or woman gets awfully tired going around with a pimply face day after day. And other people get awfully tired, too, seeing them go around with faces full of disgusting pimples.

If you are one of the unfortunates who can't get away from your pimples, and you have tried almost everything under heaven to get rid of them, take a few of Stuart's Calcium Wafers every day. Do that steadily for a few days and in less than a week look at yourself in the mirror.

You will then say that Stuart's Calcium Wafers are a wonder in getting rid of the eruptions.

These wonderful little workers contain the most effective blood purifier ever discovered, calcium sulphide.

No matter what your trouble is, whether pimples, blotches, blackheads, rash, tetter, eczema or scabby crusts, you can solemnly depend upon Stuart's Calcium Wafers as never-failing.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers have cured boils in three days, and the worst cases of skin diseases in a week. Every particle of impurity is driven out of your system completely, never to return, and it is done without deranging your system in the slightest.

Most treatments for the blood and for skin eruptions are miserably slow in their results, and besides, many of them are poisonous. Stuart's Calcium Wafers contain no poison or drug of any kind; they are absolutely harmless, and yet do work which cannot fail to surprise you.

Don't go around with a humiliating, disgusting mass of pimples and blackheads on your face. A face covered over with these disgusting things makes people turn away from you, and breeds failure in your life work. Stop it. Read what an Iowa man said when he woke up one morning and found he had a new face:

"By George, I never saw anything like it. There I've been for three years trying to get rid of pimples and blackheads, and guess I used everything under the sun. I used your Calcium Wafers for just seven days. This morning every blessed pimple is gone, and I can't find a blackhead. I could write you a volume of thanks. I am so grateful to you."

Just send us your name and address in full today, and we will send you a trial package of Stuart's Calcium Wafers free to test. After you have tried the sample and been convinced that all we say is true, you will go to your nearest druggist and get a 50c box and be cured of your facial trouble. They are in tablet form and no trouble whatever to take. You go about your work as usual, and there you are—cured and happy.

Send us your name and address today and we will at once send you by mail a sample package free. Address F. A. Stuart Company, 175 Stuart building, Marshall, Mich.

LADIES!

We are the only expert Hair Dressers in the City

Our six private parlors are equipped with modern appliances. We wash your hair, dry it by electricity, also dress it, for 50c. Manicuring, best in city, 35c. Face massage, by electricity, 50c. Scalp treatment, 50c; by electricity, 75c. We guarantee to stop falling hair. Thousands of ladies are enjoying a full head of hair only through Professor Micheel's treatments.

We dye hair, also bleach it any shade you want.

Braids, from 50c to $60; puffs, 15c up, pompadours, $1 up; transformations, $6 up; wigs, $12 up.

Fancy Combs and Pins

BEST IN CITY.

Gents' Toupees and Wigs

We always carry 500 in stock. Sure to suit anybody. The price ranges from $12.50 up to $75 each. We dye, clean and repair same.

Manicure for gents, 50c.

Agents Wanted All Over

Ladies, send or bring your combings. We make same up into braids, $1.50; switches, 75c; puffs, 15c each; pompadours, $1; transformations, $2. No matter how much hair you bring.

PROF. MICHEEL

Phone 2336. 221 Dundas St.
4 Doors East of Clarence.

HER SECRET

Why She Always Looked So Young.

Everyone refers to her as one of the most attractive women in town. It wasn't her features, for while regular, they were not unusual. But the charm lay in the head of splendid, vigorous hair that made a veritable crown. It had that peculiar lustre, and the sun gave it an added brilliance—you couldn't look at her without unconsciously commenting on the beauty of her hair.

When asked how she kept it so beautiful she replied that it was no secret, simply proper shampooing, regular combing and the conscientious use of Hirsutone. She admitted it had not always been in that condition, but that she found Hirsutone the best thing she ever got for the hair. It gave the scalp such a cool, refreshed feeling, and the hair was so much easier to dress after its use.

There are plenty of heads that would be just as attractive, for Hirsutone soon brings the hair and scalp into good condition.

Your Nyal Drug Store will cheerfully guarantee Hirsutone to do all that is claimed for it, and every woman owes it to herself to try it. Sold and guaranteed by all London druggists.

Nyal's FAMILY REMEDIES

One for each everyday ailment

BRILLIANT SCENE AT HERMITS' BALL

Decorations Were Amongst the Finest Seen in London in Years.

150 COUPLES ATTENDED

Excellent Music Provided for the Big Social Event, Which Was Held Last Night in Masonic Temple and City Hall.

The fourth annual "At Home" of the Hermitage, held last night in the Masonic Temple and City Hall, was the most brilliant of any function yet given by this very popular social club.

It was attended by 150 couples, many of whom were visitors from outside the city. The city hall, where the dancing was held, was very pretty. As a matter of fact, the decorations were the prettiest of the season. That is a high compliment. The club went to a great deal of expense and trouble in decorating the hall, and the effects fully justified their labor. The Hermit colors were to be seen everywhere.

The lounging-rooms were furnished in Turkish effects, and were delightful spots for rest.

The dining-room was a bower of beauty. Seldom has so much trouble been taken to make the room attractive. It was in the form of a cave, and the walls and ceilings were draped in the most artistic coloring. All the visitors congratulated the club on this feature of the dance.

In every particular, the 'At Home" was excellently managed, and worthy of the Hermitage Club.

The Committee.

The committee in charge was composed of Messrs. C. J. Clarke (chairman), A. B. Weekes, H. V. Kennerson, G. L. Spry, Chairles S. Martin, F. McNee, W. Stevenson and E. Victor Smith. They were everywhere last night, looking after the welfare of their guests. Nothing was omitted that would add to the pleasure of the evening, and they are to be congratulated on the excellent entertainment furnished.

The music was provided by Tony Cortese's orchestra. It was largely augmented for the occasion and rendered a programme of the best and most up-to-date music. The harp solos of Joe and Ernest Cortese were excellent.

The patronesses were Mesdames G. Morley Adams, C. W. Belton, Robert Muir Burns, Ward A. Casselman, Wm. E. Greene, Wm. A. Martin, Fred H. Screaton and Anthony Tillmann.

The Guests.

A.—Mr. and Mrs. Morley Adams, Len Abbs, William Aust, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Atchison, Russell Anderson (St. Thomas), Charles Abbott, Robert Arkell, Ed Adams, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Arthurs, Dr. and Mrs. N. B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Abraham, Percy Abel (Woodstock)), Clarence Atkins.

Miss B. Adams, Miss Arscott, Miss Florence Armstrong, Miss May Ashplant, Miss W. Ashplant, Miss C. Angus (Elginton), Miss M. Anderson (St. Marys, Pa.)

B.—R. C. Balfour, Dr. Claude Brown, M. C. Brown (St. Thomas), John Bartlett, Fred Banslaugh, Harry Bell, Dr. P. Banghart (Dorchester), George Burdick, W. J. Blackwell, O. Bernhardt (Preston), Wm. Bowman (Toronto), B. Brooks, C. Bell, Fred Bridgman, Herb Barnard, A. C. Ball, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bernard, George Barrett, Harry Buttrey, J. S. Brown, Frank A. Brown, Mr. and Mrs. W. Randall Brown, A. W. Bixel (Strathroy), H. C. Becher, Hon. Adam and Mrs. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Belton, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Beltz, Dr. G. A. Bentley, Dr. H. and Mrs. Black, Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Blackburn, Mr. and Mrs. James G. Boucher, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Brewster, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Bridgman, W. C. Butler, Mr. and Mrs. R. Muir Burns, Dr. Pardee Bucke, Mr. and Mrs. Bailey, Dr. C. W. and Mrs. Belton, E. Browning (Exeter), Dr. Biggs (Asylum), Roy Boughner (St. Thomas), V. J. Blackwell, Mayor J. H. A. Beattie, R. D. Buchanan, Arthur Brown, W. Boles, George Burke (Buffalo), W. Bending.

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Miss Grace Campbell (Chatham), Miss Hazel Collins, Miss Bessie Callander, Misses Chapman, Miss Callard, Miss J. Cameron, Miss F. Cullis, Miss L. Coulter (St. Thomas), Miss Edna Cromarty (Toronto), Misses Chalmers, Miss Jean Carmichael.

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Miss Beatrice Underwood.

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Miss L. Vining.

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Miss Ethel Wilson, Misses Ward, Misses Wheeler, Miss O. Weld, Miss Weldon, Miss Wildor, Miss E. Wilson (Windsor), Miss Ida Woods (Strathroy), Miss Lillian Wilson (New York), Miss Bessie Woolverten, Miss Josie Watson.

Y.—Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Youngs, Chas. Young, A. Yates, Lou Yeo, Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Young, J. M. Young, J. E. Young, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Young, E. T. Young.

Z.—A. A. Zimmerman.

AGRICULTURAL SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY

Among the soundest financial institutions of this country is the Agricultural Savings and Loan Company, who for the past 39 years have carried on their business of a loan and savings company in this city.

After paying dividends of 6 per cent. the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars was transferred to the reserve fund, which now amounts to $365,000, or 58 per cent of the capital.

This company has made progress year after year, and stands in very high estimation with the investing public—its management being conservative and progressive—and the directors are to be heartily congratulated on the splendid report which will be found in The Advertiser's columns today.

Australians are considering the project of holding a great international exhibition to illustrate to the world the natural and industrial resources of their country.

Epernay, the centre of the champagne country, has erected a monument in honor of the founder of its prosperity, the Benedictine monk, Dom Perignon, 1638-1715, the inventor of the proces for the manufacture of sparkling wines.

In Buenos Ayres eggs cost 5 cents apiece.

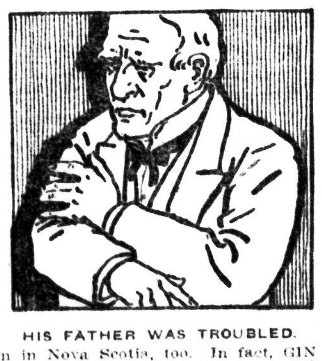
HERE ARE FOUR PEOPLE WHO TESTIFY

That GIN PILLS Positively Cure Rheumatism

Rheumatism is a dreadful disease. Only those who have had it, can appreciate the agonizing pain—the excruciating torture—that racks the body when Rheumatism sets in. No wonder those who have been cured of Rheumatism by GIN PILLS, are so grateful and so enthusiastic.

They gladly testify that GIN PILLS cured them, and want all the world to try GIN PILLS.

MANY KINDS OF MEDICINE.



HIS FATHER WAS TROUBLED.

Alex. Moore, Esq., is one of many hundreds who know that GIN PILLS will cure Rheumatism. He writes from Newburgh, Ont.:

"My father had been troubled with Rheumatism for a number of years. He tried two doctors, but got no relief, when my uncle insisted on him trying GIN PILLS. He purchased a box, and after taking GIN PILLS for a week, found that they were giving him much relief. He then bought three more boxes, which were the means of curing him. He is now a strong man—in good health—and able to attend to his daily work—and all the credit is due to GIN PILLS."

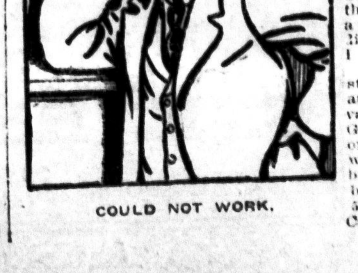
They know about GIN PILLS down in Nova Scotia, too. In fact, GIN PILLS are the old standby all over the Maritime Provinces because GIN PILLS really cure Rheumatism. An old gentleman in Yarmouth, N.S., says:

"I have been bothered with Rheumatism for the past year, and have taken a good many kinds of medicine, but found no relief. One day, a friend advised me to try GIN PILLS, and after taking a few boxes, I felt like a new man. I want you to know how thankful I am for the relief they gave me, and would advise all sufferers to take GIN PILLS."

In New Brunswick, GIN PILLS have cured hundreds of men and women of Rheumatism. Mr. Wilson, of Hartfield, N.B., is one of the many who owes his good health and strength to GIN PILLS. He writes: "It affords me great pleasure to convey not only to you, but to all sufferers from Backache and Rheumatism the great relief I have obtained from the use of GIN PILLS. I am sounding the praises of GIN PILLS to everyone suffering as I did."

—Robert M. Wilson.

SOUNDING THE PRAISES.



COULD NOT WORK.

Back to Nova Scotia for the fourth letter from D. J. Lawler, of Ogden.

"I have been troubled with Rheumatism so bad that I couldn't work. A doctor tended me and told me to go to the hospital, but all to no good until a cousin told me to try GIN PILLS. I did so, and after taking a few boxes, I am perfectly well."

These written words and signed statements from well-known people are the best possible guarantee of the value of GIN PILLS. They prove that GIN PILLS will give prompt relief—and will completely cure—every trace of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pain in the Back, Kidney Trouble, or any weakness of the kidneys or bladder. You may try GIN PILLS before you buy them. Write us for free sample box. If you can't get the regular size boxes in your neighborhood, send to us, inclosing the regular retail price of 50 cents a box, or 6 for $2.50. National Drug and Chemical Company of Canada, Limited, Dept. G, Toronto. 62

BOVRIL

HAS GREAT BODY-BUILDING POWER.

Many persons suffer from imperfect digestion and assimilation.

Stringent scientific tests have proved that BOVRIL tones up the digestive system and aids assimilation.

A daily cup of BOVRIL will build up sound, nervous and muscular tissue.

FREE - Fountain Pen - FREE

We will give you this magnificent **GENUINE SELF-FILLING FOUNTAIN PEN** and an extra present of **12 BEAUTIFUL COLORADO GOLD PEN NIBS** if you will sell only 12 of our handsome fast-selling pieces of Jewellery at 10c. each. Write for Jewellery to-day, it sells like hot cakes, return our $1.20 when sold and we promptly send you, postage paid, the beautiful Fountain Pen and 12 extra Colorado nibs. **THE MUTUAL CREDIT CO., DEPT.** 248 Toronto, Ont.

MODERN MARTYRS!

The age of martyrs is not passed. There are thousands of women all over the country enduring physical torture and mental anguish almost beyond description. They are not victims of persecution, like the martyrs of old; they are not called on to face the scaffold or the stake, but their sufferings—borne in silence and hidden from the world at large—are scarcely less intense.

These ladies, as a rule, are women and girls of refined and sensitive temperaments. Knowing that their sufferings are due to a disordered condition of the female functions, their native modesty deters them from seeking relief in the earlier stages; and when they do consult a physician, they usually get some drug mixture to take internally, which is not more effective for troubles of this kind than it would be for a toothache, a bruise, or any other strictly local ailment.

The seat of the trouble being in some one of the female organs, the remedy, to be effective, must act on this portion of the anatomy.

This is the secret of the success which always follows the use of ORANGE LILY in derangements of this kind. It is a strictly local treatment. It is absorbed directly into the parts that are inflamed and congested and its beneficent, soothing influence is noticeable from the start. The irritation of the delicate membrane is relieved, the congestion is overcome by the discharge of the watery matter which served to oppress the nerves and cause mental depression; the nerves are toned and invigorated, and the sunshine and joy of life again becomes part of her being. Read the following letters:

Archer, Ont., Feb. 1, '09.

Dear Mrs. Currah:—I received your kind letter some time ago, but was feeling so well, and not needing medicine, that I neglected replying sooner. I must say I have more confidence in ORANGE LILY than in any other thing I have ever used. Before I knew or found out anything about this medicine, I doctored away hundreds of dollars, and when I thought I was dying with inflammation of the womb, a box of ORANGE LILY was sent me through the mail from a friend. The first suppository I used I was greatly relieved, and in a few months completely cured. That was nine years ago this winter, so you can imagine with what esteem I hold the ORANGE LILY. I am thankful there is such a relief for poor, suffering women, for I have been one of them and can sympathize with others. Your sincere friend, MRS. NORMAN WEAVER.

Trenton, Ont., Dec. 4th, 1909.

Mrs. F. E. Currah, Windsor, Ont.—

Dear Friend,—I feel it my duty to write you a testimonial as to what Orange Lily has done for me. Last winter I was feeling very miserable indeed. I could scarcely do my housework during my menstrual period, and for two months or more I was never free from pain in the womb and ovaries. The pain would run down the groin, so I would frequently nearly double up. Then the pain began going up the back of my neck to my brain until I hardly knew what I was doing at times. Life was a burden indeed. I finally could endure it no longer, so went to our leading town doctor and had an examination. He pronounced it (I forget the word) a rigid condition of the generative organs, produced by repeated attacks of inflammation. He said I would have to take a course of treatment, and if that failed to overcome the rigid condition I might, in time, be compelled to have the ovaries removed. I objected to that, so filled out Dr. Coonley's symptom blank and forwarded it to him, and he diagnosed the disease the same as my local doctor, so I decided to take Dr. Coonley's Treatment. I have used two jars of Cerate Massage, two packages of Herbal Womb Tonic and six boxes of Orange Lily. It is eight months since I began the treatment, but I feel like a new woman. I work right through everything now. Hardly know a pain, even during menstruation now. I often say, "I would not take $100 and be in the state that I was last March." I feel that Dr. Coonley's Home Treatment is a Godsend to suffering womankind, and shall continue to sound its praises whenever I have an opportunity.

Yours gratefully, MRS. T. H. HATTON.

ORANGE LILY as a remedy for these ills, as well as for leucorrhoea, painful periods, irregularities, cancers in their earlier stages, tumors, displacements, lacerations, and all ovarian troubles, has long since passed the experimental stage. So confident am I of this that I will send ten days' treatment, which is worth 35 cents, to any sufferer ABSOLUTELY FREE. The treatment is inexpensive, used at home, and no physician is necessary. Send at once for the

FREE TRIAL TREATMENT

which will demonstrate that ORANGE LILY will cure you. Enclose stamps and address MRS. FRANCES E. CURRAH, WINDSOR, ONT., Can. Rep., Coonley Med. Inst.. Delays are dangerous. 11

ORANGE LILY IS RECOMMENDED AND SOLD IN LONDON BY ANDERSON & NELLES.

ATLANTIC CITY RESORTS.

ATLANTIC CITY N.J.

AMERICA'S GREATEST WINTER AND SPRING RESORT

After a day on the links, or enjoying the charms of the famous seven mile ocean boardwalk or indulging in any of the many pastimes and pleasures in warm sunshine and bracing salt air, a most agreeable completion to the day's outing is the ideal conditions of hotel life found at any of

THE LEADING HOUSES

THE PENNHURST
WM. R. HOOD

HOTEL STRAND
AMERICAN PLAN EXCLUSIVELY
H. C. EDWARDS & F. B. OFF
MANAGERS

GALEN HALL
HOTEL & SANATORIUM
F. L. YOUNG MGR.

THE HOLMHURST
HENRY DARNELL

THE SHELBURNE
EUROPEAN PLAN
J. WEIKEL
MGR.

HOTEL DENNIS
EXTENSIVE IMPROVEMENTS
WALTER J. BUZBY

Marlborough-Blenheim
BOTH AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS Co.

HOTEL ST. CHARLES
NEWLIN HAINES

Seaside House
F. P. COOK'S SONS

SEND FOR BOOKLETS RATES ETC.

Atlantic City is within easy access. Superb rail facilities from all points. Time tables and full travel information gladly furnished by local ticket agents.

GRAND ATLANTIC HOTEL

Virginia avenue, near Beach and Steel Pier. Capacity 500. Hot and cold sea water baths; large rooms, southern exposure; elevator to street level, sun parlors, etc. Special $12.50 up weekly. Booklet. Coaches meet trains. 17un-wty COOPER & LEEDS.

SEASIDE HOUSE

DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN FRONT.

Sea Water Baths. Open all the year. F. P. COOK'S SONS. 14un

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave. and Beach. Ocean view; greatly improved and refurnished; cap. 350; private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, sun parlor, etc.; music. Special, $12.50 up weekly, $2.50 up daily. B'k'l't. Samuel Ellis. 92un

THE LORAINE

ATLANTIC CITY N. J.

Ocean front, St. Charles Place, between the two piers. Fresh and sea water baths, private and public, running water in bedrooms, sun parlor, elevator, etc. Special early season rates. CHAS. E. WAGNER. 15bc-ywt

ATLANTIC CITY OFFICIAL GUIDE

96 pages, 228 illustrations. All attractions and the leading hotels described, with rates, city maps, etc. Send 2c. stamp for mailing free copy. A. C. FREE INFORMATION BUREAU, Box 505, Atlantic City, N.J. 17un-wty

HOTEL JACKSON—BUILT OF BRICK. Beach front at Virginia avenue. Every modern appointment including elevator to street; private baths, orchestra, etc. Booklet. American and European plans. J. H. GORMLEY. 17un-wty

Hydro-Electric Light and Power

1,065 HORSEPOWER now being used by the city.

Every taxpayer should help the commissioners to make the baby industry of the city a SUCCESS, AND AVOID A DEFICIT AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

1,065 horsepower now in commission.

4,000 Horsepower More to Sell

It is up to you, Mr. Taxpayer: 80 PER CENT OF OUR CITIZENS VOTED FOR HYDRO, AND NOW IS THE TIME TO MAKE GOOD.

Price for house lighting, 5c per kilowatt hour, less 10 per cent; no meter rent; no charge for floor space; no binding yearly contract. Phone 101 or 46 for further information, or we will have an agent call on you.

Water Commissioners

SEVEN DOGS SMOTHERED IN A NORTH END FIRE

Barn Owned By John Sherlock On Cheapside Streed Was Destroyed This Morning.

A Russian wolfhound and her eight puppies were burned to death in a fire that badly damaged a shed at the rear of the residence of John Sherlock, a cigarmaker, 349 Cheapside street, near Colborne, shortly after 1 o'clock this morning. The fire was caused by the explosion of a coal oil lamp.

The shed, which is about 16x20 feet, has been used as a kennel and chicken house by Mr. Sherlock. In one-half there were some very valuable fowl, and in the other the wolfhound and her puppies were quartered. In order to heat the latter place an oil lamp of about one-gallon capacity was placed. Mr. Sherlock visited the kennel just before retiring, and everything was all right. About 1 o'clock some neighbors saw the building on fire and turned in an alarm from Dr. J. E. Ferguson's. Fire Company No. 4 are only two blocks away, and they soon had a stream of water playing on the building.

The blaze was brought under control in a short time after the central company and Fire Chief Aitken arrived. On investigation the dogs were found to have been smothered. The chickens, about twenty in number, were also destroyed.

It is thought that the fire was caused by the puppies knocking the lamp over. The dogs were valuable, the litter being worth about $350. They belonged to a local doctor. The building was damaged to the extent of $200.

The stables of Dr. E. Fitzgerald, containing his famous horses, Belshire and others, were close at hand, and when the fire first broke out it was feared that they would be destroyed. However, the firemen had little difficulty in preventing a spread of the fire.

A LAW TO COMPEL UNION DEPOTS IN CANADA

Berlin Board of Trade Asks Co-operation of City of London in This Direction.

The North Midland agreement was not discussed by the finance committee yesterday afternoon. A deputation from the company, consisting of Messrs. F. G. Rumball, W. Scarlett, A. E. Welch and T. H. Luscombe, were present, but Ald. Eckert informed them that City Solicitor Meredith was unable to have the document ready. It is expected that the document will be on hand this afternoon.

Mr. Rumball thought the matter should be taken up at once, if the city council were to discuss it on Monday night.

"There are many points that we can settle with little or no discussion," declared Mr. Luscombe "The others we can think over, and on Monday afternoon perhaps we can settle the whole matter.

It was decided to hold a session this afternoon to discuss the agreement.

Union Stations.

The Berlin Board of Trade wrote, asking the city council to memorialize the Dominion railway commission to pass an order for union stations in every city where such is possible.

"Any kind of a station would be a benefit to London," declared Ald. Bennett.

Ald. Stevenson moved that the request be granted and the motion carried

An invitation was received through W. D. Lighthall, secretary of the Union of Canadian Municipalities, to attend a convention of the Co-Partners' Tenants, Limited, London, England, in June next.

"Let us refer that to the Real Estate Owners," said Ald. Stevenson. "If we have their permission it will be so much easier for us to consider this question. They have inaugurated a new policy and we should have their opinion on the question.

However, the other members of the committee decided to file the communication.

The Canadian Free Library for the Blind wrote, asking for a grant. The communication was filed, as the council has no power.

A notice was received that the Imperial Traction Company had made application to Parliament for a charter to run an electric road to London. The communication was sent to City Solicitor Meredith.

On motion of Ald Stevenson $100 was placed in the estimates to provide oil paintings of former mayors for the city hall.

Assessor's Clerks Appointed.

Messrs. James Gillean, Arch Black, and George C. Dobie were named assessor's clerks.

Mayor Geary, of Toronto, wrote, asking the co-operation of the city council of London in memorializing the Government to deepen the Welland Canal. The committee agreed that this should be done, and Major Beattie, M. P., will be asked to present the favorable opinion of the London city council.

London is once more a member of the Union of Canadian Municipalities League. The membership fee, $120, was ordered to be paid at the meeting of the finance committee yesterday. London was not a member last year.

The question of advertising the city properly, was discussed informaly, but it was decided to lay the matter over until another meeting of the committee, when the matter will be gone into thoroughly.

Those present were: Ald. Eckert, chairman; Ald. Richter, Ald. Bennett, Ald. Stevenson, Mayor Beattie and Secretary Baker.

COMPANY AND RAILWAY MUST GET TOGETHER

Geo. White and Sons' Application Re Freight Cars on the Street Railway Was Laid Over.

At the meeting of the finance committee yesterday afternoon, the request of George White & Sons for the privilege of running freight cars over the lines of the London Street Railway Company at night, was referred to the company, and the petitioners were instructed to take the matter up with them.

Ald. Richter pointed out that there was not enough information in the communication for the city to act upon. There was nothing said as to where connections would be made with the Grand Trunk or other roads, nor when the service would be desired.

"I think Mr. White and the railway company should get together," he said. "They could arrive at some understanding, and come to this committee. We then would have all the facts of the case before us from both sides, and would be in a position to judge what is best."

Ald. Stevenson favored the idea, as it was the practice in many American cities, and had always worked out to the advantage of the shippers. It could be tried in London without difficulty, and he was certain it would prove a benefit.

Better Go Slow.

"We are establishing a precedent, and we had better go slow," cautioned Ald. Bennett. "It is a dangerous thing to make your business streets a shunting ground. If the right is granted to one company, the others will ask for it. Shunting on the back streets may be all right, but we want to be careful what we do downtown."

Ald. Richter stated that in Philadelphia, the scheme had worked out most successfully.

Mayor Beattie doubted that the privilege could be granted. However, the agreement provides that the council may grant such privileges to the street railway from time to time, if so desired.

After considerable discussion, it was decided to ask White & Sons to take the matter up with the London Street Railway Company.

CLINTON.

Clinton, Feb. 17.—Rev. J. E. Ford will preach a missionary sermon in Holmesville next Sunday morning.

Rev. J. W. Aikens, of Toronto, will preach temperance sermons in the Methodist Churches in town next Sunday.

Mr. D. L. Macpherson, town clerk, is on the sick list.

Rev. J. Greene is spending the week in Toronto.

The monthly meeting of the Ontario Street W. M. S. was held at the home of Mrs. E. G. Courtice on Tuesday evening. A fine programme was given by the young ladies of the society.

Mr. W. Brydone is recovering from an attack of la grippe.

Reeve Smyth has recovered from a severe illness.

Mrs. C. Pugh is spending a few days in London.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50 cents. 53tf-ty

About 600,000 penguin eggs are gathered from nearby islands and sold for food in Cape Colony each year.

Old engines are much sought after by horseshoers of Nantes, France, who prize such metal highly for horseshoes.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH POWDER 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. 25c. blower free. Accept no substitutes. All dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto

PLAN TO HALT THE JOY RIDING

Chauffeurs Will Be Obliged to Carry Permits.

THREE-FIFTHS CLAUSE

A Bill Before the Legislature to Have It Abolished.

Toronto, Feb. 17.—Brief and formal was today's sitting of the Ontario Legislature, most of the members having departed for the week-end. Mr. Stock (South Perth), in a bill amending the motor vehicles act, which, while not interfering with the careful and considerate motorist, will effectually restrict reckless drivers.

The bill provides that chauffeurs must carry their permits with them, and produce them in case of prosecution for infraction of the law. If a conviction is registered the magistrate will indorse it on the permit, and if a second conviction is made within a year the convicting magistrate confiscates the permit and returns it to the Provincial Secretary's office.

Mr. Proudfoot has a bill amending the liquor license act. It is to provide for the abolition of the three-fifths clause in local option votes. Mr. Proudfoot's similar bill last session was defeated on division.

Mr. Proudfoot also brought in a bill allowing municipalities to purchase three sprayers to be rented to farmers and others requiring such appliances.

Mr. McElroy (Carleton) has a bill providing that where new suburbs are laid out within two miles of a city of 25,000 or more population, the councils of the city and township must confer regarding the plan, and if they fail to agree, the Ontario Railway and Municipal Board shall settle the matter. Bills of a similar nature have already been introduced by Messrs. McPherson (West Toronto), and Studholme (East Hamilton).

TORONTO BOARD AGAINST RECIPROCITY

Toronto, Feb. 17.—By a vote of 302 to 13, a resolution condemning the proposed reciprocity agreement as opposed to the true interests of Canada, was passed by the Toronto Board of Trade last night.

MR. JAS. H. BROWN MAKES STATEMENT

Says He Is Out of the Fair Board for Good.

Mr. James H. Brown, former superintendent of grounds and buildings of the Western Fair, stated to The Advertiser today that he would not be superintendent of the grounds again.

"Since my resignation I have been approached by many of the most prominent members of the board, and asked to accept the position again," Mr. Brown stated to The Advertiser. "They wanted me to go back, but I refused to consider the proposition under any consideration. When I resigned I wanted to quit, and I have insisted that my resignation be accepted. I am out for good."

INSANITY SERUM CAN'T CURE ALL

[Canadian Press.]

London, Feb. 18. — Dr. H. B. Stoddard, of the Royal Bethlehem Hospital, scouts the Glasgow insanity cure. He says it is possible that the serum discovered may cure insanity due to a mental shock, but so many forms of insanity are due to various causes that it is impossible for the serum to be efficacious in all cases.

PEAT IN CANADA.

Ottawa, Feb. 17.—The secretary of the Canadian Peat Society, Arthur J. Forward, has received a letter from Prof. Charles A. Davis, the peat expert of the United States bureau of mines at Washington, in which he says: "You certainly have a much better start in Canada towards the idea of using peat as fuel than we have in this country as yet, and I am very glad that things are progressing so well under the wise leadership of Dr. Haanel, who has so successfully directed the work of the Government. The interest is great in the United States, but most people want to be shown what can be done before they put any money into peat enterprises in these days."

EMBRO.

Embro, Feb. 17.—Rev. and Mrs. W. Hamilton have returned to their home in Alberta, after an extended visit at his home here.

Dr. G. A. Sutherland has returned from Toronto, where he recently underwent an operation.

Miss Catharine B. McKay has returned home after visiting in Woodstock.

Mrs. Prentice and daughters have returned to their home in Drumbo.

On Tuesday evening the young boy and girl friends of Master Gilbert Gordon assembled at his home for the purpose of spending a social evening together, and also express in some way their goodwill to him ere he leaves for Toronto. Gilbert was presented with a set of military brushes and an umbrella suitably engraved. His many friends wish him every success in the future in his new home.

On Wednesday evening the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Gordon was filled to overflowing with the host of friends who had gathered to do them honor before they take their departure for Toronto, where they intend residing. During the course of the evening Mr. and Mrs. Gordon were presented with a handsome check from their many warm friends. Speeches were given by a number of those present and music and dancing indulged in till a late hour.

On Thursday evening the young friends of Helen and John Gordon met and as a farewell token gave Helen a ring and a knife to John.

PROTECTING AMHERSTBURG.

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Officials of the public works department yesterday, when shown the dispatch from Detroit, anent Canada's delay in giving permission to build a dyke in Livingstone Channel, said that owing to receipt of a huge protest from the citizens of Amherstburg, handed in last October, the Canadian Government had withheld from the United States Government its permission to construct the work. The people of Amherstburg claim the dyke would do incalculable damage to the town. The question is still before the cabinet, and the department is still trying to find a way out of the difficulty, but will endeavor to fully protect the rights of Amherstburg.

(REGISTERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE COPYRIGHT ACT OF CANADA.)

Join the Williams Piano Club Now

Have the Piano Sent Home at Once or Later

We mean by this that you do not have to have your piano delivered *now*, if you join the Williams Piano Club *now*. You can join the club *at once* and have the piano delivered *next week* or *next month*.

The point is---if you want to join the Williams Piano Club, you must do so *soon*. If you would share its many advantages, economies and privileges, you must *send in* or *bring in* your application *now*.

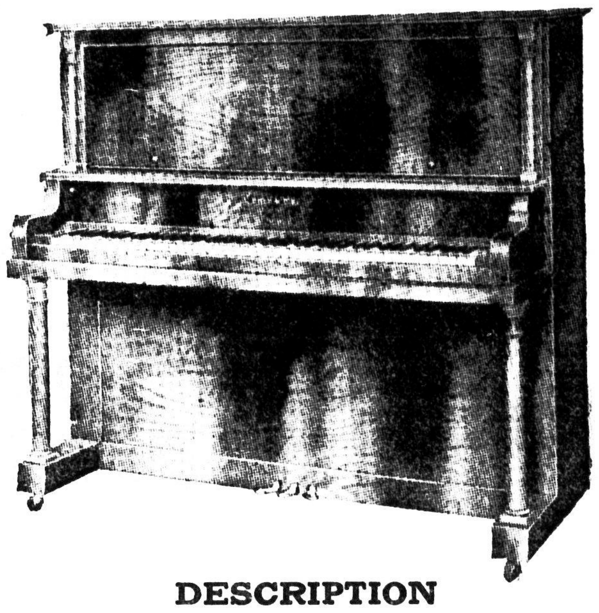
Before many days roll around, the Williams Club will have been filled.

The only way to take advantage of the Williams Piano Club privileges, to make your home a happy one, is to join the club *right away*.

You can pay your $5.00, the initial fee. We will give you a receipt for it.

Boiled Down This Is the Whole of the Williams Piano Club Plan

1.—The value of the Williams Club Piano is $350.
2.—The price to Williams Club Members is $257 50.
3.—The terms are $5 00 cash when you join, then $1 25 per week for 202 weeks.
4.—The piano will be delivered when you join or later, as you wish.
5.—The weekly payments of $1 25 begin when the Piano is delivered.
6.—Every instrument is guaranteed without reserve for five years. There are no "ifs" or "ands" in the guarantee—just a straight-out guarantee as strong as we know how to make it in writing.
7.—**If, after 30 days' trial, the Piano is not satisfactory, we will give you your money back.**
8.—If the Piano is satisfactory after 30 days' use, the Club Member **has eleven more months** in which to satisfy himself as to the character of the Piano. If it does not then prove to be everything that he expects, he has the privilege of exchanging it without **one penny's loss** for any other instrument of equal or greater value that we sell (and we sell over five different representative makes).
9.—If a Club Member dies during the life of his contract we will immediately send a **receipt in full** to his family for the instrument.
10.—A beautiful stool to match the Piano is included without extra cost.
11.—The Piano will be tuned once without charge.



DESCRIPTION

Improved scale, full iron frame, with exposed pin block, trichord and overstrung bass, repeating action, ivory keys with ebony sharps, Boston fall and full swing desk, continuous nickelled hinges, seven and one-third octaves.

Finished in choice mahogany and walnut veneers, DOUBLE VENEERED THROUGHOUT.

DIMENSIONS

HEIGHT	4 FEET 7 INCHES
LENGTH	4 FEET 10 INCHES
WIDTH	2 FEET 3 INCHES

If you want your piano delivered right away your weekly payments of 1 dollar and 25 cents will start *right away*. If you *don't* want your piano delivered until *later*, your weekly payment will not start until *delivery*.

Your weekly payments will *not start* until you want your piano delivered, whether it is next month, or in two months.

On the other hand you may, however, *keep up your weekly payments just as though the piano had been delivered*, and still not have it sent out until some time later.

For instance: Suppose you join the club *at once*, but instructed us not to deliver the piano for seven months, but you kept on paying and paying every week just as though the piano had been sent out the day after you joined the club---you would have paid in the neat little sum of 36 dollars and 25 cents on the piano by the time it was sent out and in all likelihood would never have missed the money. The same thing applies to those who want to go away on vacations. You can join the club *before you go*---and start your weekly payments *when you return*---or whenever you want your piano delivered. Send in or bring in your application *at once, don't put it off*.

Cut This Out and Mail It

THE WILLIAMS PIANO COMPANY, LTD.,
194 Dundas Street, London.

Please send by first mail catalogue and further information about PIANO CLUB.

Name ....

Address ....

STORE OPEN EVENINGS DURING SALE

Store being open evenings until 10 o'clock affords a splendid opportunity for husband and wife to call together and make their choice.

The Williams Piano Co., Ltd.

194 Dundas Street. Opposite Advertiser. H. P. Bull, Manager

ELEVATOR BURNED.

Chicago, Feb. 18. — Fire destroyed the Calumet elevator, a six-story structure, containing 500,000 bushels of grain, late last night, causing a loss estimated to be $500,000. Seven firemen were injured while escaping from the burning building, following an explosion of grain dust.

SIGNALS MUDDLED.

Pittsburg, Feb. 18. — Eight persons were seriously injured late last night when a passenger and freight train on the Charleroi division of the Pittsburg Railway Company, collided at Monongahela, Pa., near here. A misunderstanding of signals caused the accident.

A BANK ACCOUNT SEEMS to BE a MAGNET; WHEN ONCE STARTED IT DRAWS MORE.

You will help make it grow.

In 1861, a depositor in a bank in Cleveland, Ohio, had $418. Since that time he has drawn out $573, and still has $1,500 to his credit.

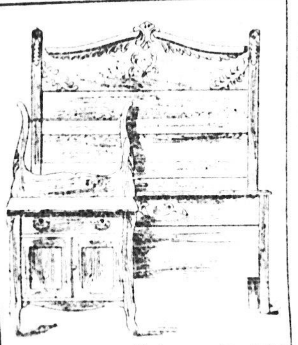
How do you figure that out? Why, he let his money STAY IN THE BANK. It grew.

Make THIS Bank YOUR Bank.

The Bank of Toronto

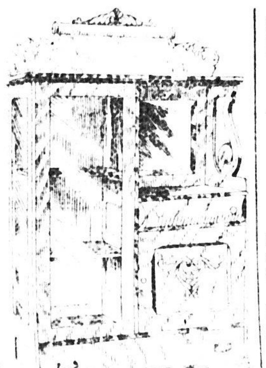
FOUR OFFICES IN LONDON:
MAIN OFFICE—Corner King and Richmond streets.
WEST-END OFFICE—Corner Dundas and Talbot Sts.
EAST-END OFFICE—Corner Dundas and Adelaide Sts.
NORTH-END OFFICE—Cor. Richmond and John Sts.

NEXT WEEK'S BARGAINS at KEENE BROS.
123, 125, 127 King Street



Odd Wooden Beds regular price $4.50, next week, each $2.95

25 Odd Washstands, all different, largest size made, regular $5.00 to $8.00, for, each $3.25



This Combination Buffet, exactly like cut, regular $30.00, for $23.50

One Motion, Folding Go-Carts,
$3.95
$4.95
Regular $6.50 and $7.50.

FARMERS' BANK

Continued From Page One.

Yesterday's Evidence.

Toronto, Feb. 17.—At the afternoon hearing, in the Farmers' Bank case, Mr. Travers, in great detail, described the steps taken to obtain the money deposited with the Government to obtain the bank's charter.

Being $100,000 short of the requisite $250,000, he took the promissory notes of the subscribers, who had not paid their subscriptions, and proceeded to raise the cash. He approached the Traders' Bank and Osler & Hammond, but they refused the desired loan. He then went to Mr. Warren and explained that he needed the money to make up the Government deposit. At a later interview, at which Mr. Stratton was present, an arrangement was made, the company loaning $80,000 at 10 per cent interest per annum, and a bonus of $1,000, taking as security the subscribers' notes for $100,000. Later Travers secured another $20,000 from the company on other securities, he being obliged to do this by failure to secure funds from another source.

Could Not Remember.

Travers did not remember that he had told Mr. Stratton what the money was to be used for, but he believed that Mr. Warren stated that he had told Mr. Stratton.

The money was to be returned to the company after it had been returned from the Dominion finance department. The money was "spread" among the delinquent subscribers accounts on the books of the bank. Travers said he was personally responsible for this action, but he was assisted by Mr. Fitzgibbon, the accountant, Dr. Beattie Nesbitt, and Mr. Hunter, the bank's solicitor. All were cognizant that the borrowed money was being used to pad the statements. Travers said Ferguson, Lown, Fraser and Smith, a missing defendant, were aware that borrowed money was being supplied upon unpaid subscriptions, but they were ignorant of the details.

Wanted to Divide.

Travers said that Wm. Laidlaw, K. C., approached him, and offered his services as solicitor, and said if Travers would divide the commission with him, he would take $5,000 stock and put his brother on the board. Travers refused, and Laidlaw then started an action on behalf of some disgruntled subscribers. Travers stopped this suit by buying back their stock.

Travers said that in his correspondence with the Minister of Finance he had been evasive, but truthful, and considered that he had been acting legally. Travers had a personal conference with Hon. Mr. Fielding, he being introduced by W. S. Calvert, the Liberal whip. Mr. Fielding asked Travers if he had paid any thing to Mr. Calvert for the latter's friendly interest, and Travers was able to answer truthfully that he had not.

The affair of the deposit slip, or receipt obtained from the Trusts and Guarantee Company, to allay the suspicions of John Knight, secretary of the Bankers' Association, was then explained. Travers had repaid $80,000 to the company, but the latter still held the promissory notes given as security. Knight declared that he had the authority of the finance department to learn the amount of the bank's deposit. Travers asked Warren for a receipt showing that the bank had $80,000 on deposit with the company, and as the company held the notes, Warren gave the desired receipt. Travers did not tell Warren the receipt was for the purpose of deceit, but merely said that it was imperative that he have it immediately.

The court at this point in the evidence was adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Travers' statement regarding Mr. Laidlaw's action was denied some four years ago, when Travers first made an accusation against Mr. Laidlaw. The latter repeated his denial later, and made an affidavit stating that there was no truth in the charge.

WRECKERS DITCH A READING TRAIN

Engineer Pinned Under Locomotive Which Topples Over Bank.

[Canadian Press.]

Tamaqua, Pa., Feb. 18.—A desperate and successful attempt at train wrecking in which one man was killed occurred early today near Lofty station on the Philadelphia and Reading Railway. According to railroad officials an investigation showed that some one had placed an obstruction in a switch causing the locomotive of a local passenger train to jump the track on a steep embankment. The engine ran along the ties for a short distance, and then toppled over and plunged down the incline. Samuel Giltner, engineer, 60 years of age, of Tamaqua, was caught under the locomotive and crushed to death. His fireman was not injured, nor were any of the passengers, who were principally men on their way to work. When the engine leaped the rail it tore loose from the tender. The latter remained on the roadbed, and only one car left the tracks.

NO NEW CASES

Smallpox Outbreak Amongst Indians Is Being Held in Check.

Dr. Mitchell, of Kilworth, who is in charge of the smallpox outbreak on the Oneida reserve, stated to The Advertiser today that no new cases have developed, and the two patients who are quarantined are doing splendidly, and are not badly affected by the disease.

"We have the situation well in hand," said Dr. Mitchell, "and there is little danger of the smallpox spreading."

Have you a weak throat? If so, you cannot be too careful. You cannot begin treatment too early. Each cold makes you more liable to another, and the last is always the harder to bear. If you will take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy at the outset you will be saved much trouble. Sold by all dealers. 3

OPPOSITION LOYALTY NOW ON, NOW OFF

Sproule and Foster Oppose the Grant Towards an Empire Festival in London.

Ottawa, Feb. 17.—The Conservative Opposition in the Commons have turned another "sharp curve." All week in the reciprocity debate it has ranted its ultra-loyalty and imperialism; today in committee of supply it fought with vigor and tenacity the Government proposal to make a substantial appropriation towards Canadian participation in the Festival of Empire, to be held at the Crystal Palace on the occasion of the coronation, under the authorization and auspices of His Majesty George V. In this festival all the overseas dominions are participating.

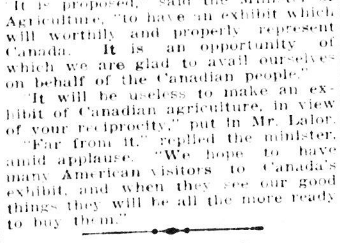
Dr. Sproule, who led the attack, in company with Mr Foster, experienced a sudden conversion. He wanted to know how all this imperial pageantry—"circus, mardi gras, calithumpians and hippodrome organization were some of the terms he applied to it in turn—was going to benefit Canada. The business of the Canadian Parliament was to look after Canada's interests.

Mr. Glen Campbell said Canada's contributions to such projects had only two parallels, the widow's cruse of oil and the cost of the Transcontinental Railway. There was 'no end to either of them.'

Hon. Sydney Fisher explained that Canada had decided in conjunction with the mother country and her other overseas dominions to take part in the proposed Festival of Empire. With the pageantry she had little to do, except that her contributions for ground rent in the exhibition was, in common with others, to be devoted to this purpose. According to the present plans of the Government, it was proposed to erect a building, the fac-simile of the central parliament building at Ottawa, in which an extensive and representative exhibit would be made of Canada's resources, products and industries. "It is proposed," said the Minister of Agriculture, "to have an exhibit which will worthily and properly represent Canada. It is an opportunity of which we are glad to avail ourselves on behalf of the Canadian people."

"It will be useless to make an exhibit of Canadian agriculture, in view of your reciprocity," put in Mr. Lalor.

"Far from it," replied the minister, amid applause. "We hope to have many American visitors to Canada's exhibit, and when they see our good things they will be all the more ready to buy them."



Chevalier—Albert Chevalier—needs no introduction to Londoners, but the vehicle in which he is appearing may not be so familiar to local theatregoers. For this reason, the writer feels called upon to say to the people of London, don't miss this rare treat at the Grand today. In "Daddy Dufard," Mr. Chevalier has a play which is a story of stage life, written by the actor himself, and Mr. Lechmore Worrell, with the frank admission that the authors are indebted to an old French play for a part of the material. It is a wholesome drama of the better part of the stage, and some of its jealousies and business struggles.

In it Mr. Chevalier finds scope for his stupendous talents in character work. Those who have seen him in Coster impersonations should go to the Grand and observe him as the old French baron, Daddy Dufard. He appears to be the final word in character delineation.

In brief, Daddy Dufard is an old French nobleman, who married a gifted English actress. It is a love match, for he, too, is an actor. The mother dies, and the old man is left with his little girl, "with her mother's face." The child is educated for the stage, but she cannot get her "chance." Just when the old man thinks she is to have a leading part in a great sketch and prove her ability, she is crowded out. Then he shows his business tact. A well-known club in Mayfair is to be put out of business by the police for gambling. An appeal is made by one of the officials to Daddy Dufard for advice, and the latter is struck with an idea. He will buy the lease of the gambling house for three months, and turn the place into a private residence for himself. As such, the police cannot interfere, and the club will be saved. The officials agree, and Dufard gives out that he is rich at last, that his "ship has come home." He moves into the fine house in Mayfair, and the society papers are full of the romantic story of the old actor, and his handsome daughter. Immediately, offers for the girl's services pour in, for a baron's daughter is in demand, where the child of an actor in poor circumstances would be overlooked.

The scheme works well. Dufard's daughter, Rosalie, makes a hit on the stage, and her services are sought everywhere.

The play is not one which will live. It will die when Chevalier is through with it, because it is for Chevalier and for him alone. But it is well worth seeing, and the genius of the great impersonator is demonstrated by it to a magnificent degree.

In the last act "back stage" in a London theatre is shown. To those who are intimate with life behind the curtain, the scene is marvellously true. The show is in progress, and the friends of Rosalie are waiting for the girl to go on. The members of the different turns are seen, lounging about or performing tricks just to pass the time. One big fellow expands his chest and snaps a chain. A couple of tumblers and strong men show some of their cleverness. The stage manager knocks at the doors of the dressing-rooms to announce to the actors to prepare to go on. Heads are poked out, with faces half "made up." A man with two trick dogs puts the fluffy little rascals through their turns. And a member of an act conducts a fifteen-minute argument with the stage director, because his place on the bill has been changed.

The play may not be a literary gem, although there is just enough French in it to give it class, but it is right down to life in the portrayal of that type of human nature which most of us appear to think is of another world, and is known as "stage folk."

Go see old Daddy Dufard, with his holy reverence for all he has in the world, his child. Go and see him at his birthday party, when his friends surprise him with a "tombstone" cake. Go see the way he is translated back from Daddy Dufard to Chevalier, and hear him sing "The Workhouse Man." And when you have heard this song, think of Lloyd George, the deliverer of this class, the man who has, to use his own words, "turned the poorhouse into the chimney corner."

But one might talk a week of Chevalier and this quaint old play, its wonderful acting and its heart-to-heart touches. Go see it if you would not miss a treat. It's not often one can say so much for an actor and his play.

The cast is an excellent one. Mr. Chevalier is surrounded by many capable people, and, in addition, there was a small army of local people impressed to give color to the theatre scene. Miss Violet Heming is a handsome young woman, whose work as the daughter Rosalie is very satisfactory.

The play is on at the Grand this afternoon and tonight.

PORT HURON MASONS ISSUE A STATEMENT

Regarding the Recent Trouble With Masons of Sarnia, Ontario.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Port Huron, Mich., Feb. 18.—Local Masons have issued the following statement regarding the recent trouble in Sarnia over the funeral of a deceased brother:

"On account of the approaching elections in the grand chapter of Canada, it is deemed advisable in the general interests of the craft, that a true version of the lamentable occurrence which severed the harmonious relations between about 100,000 Masons in Michigan and Ontario, should be given to those interested in the welfare of capitular Masonry, so that a repetition may not be forthcoming at a future date, in the event of similarly minded candidate seeking election to high office at this and future meetings.

"The erroneous reports in the press appear to have been framed with the intention of prejudicing the minds of craft Masons, and others of the seriousness of the offence, and who would have no opportunity of knowing the true facts until next July. This circular is sent out unsigned for obvious reasons, but the facts as stated are fully vouched for, and will be completely verified at the next meeting of grand lodge.

"An aged brother, residing at Sarnia, Ontario, and a member of Pine Grove Lodge, No. 11, F. and A. M., Port Huron, Michigan, and who was incapacitated by paralysis, died in Sarnia Hospital on Friday evening, June 17, about 8 o'clock. One of the officers of Pine Grove Lodge came to Sarnia to call upon the sick brother, and on arriving there found that he had died about an hour previous. The family requested to have the funeral held Sunday afternoon, June 19, the second day after the death occurred, informing the lodge officers that it was the dying wish of their father that the Port Huron Masons take charge of the services. An interview followed with the masters and some of the other members of the Sarnia fraternity, who expressed their willingness to participate in the carrying out of the wishes of a dead brother, all of which was appreciated by the Port Huron brethren and the family, as it showed the true Masonic spirit. It was Saturday noon before the Sarnia Masons could make final arrangements, as there was difficulty in arranging for a minister who would act on that day. The Sarnia Masons telephoned the Port Huron brethren of the outcome of their action, and the Masons in both cities were notified through the press accordingly. The Port Huron Masons convened their lodge in their lodge room at Port Huron on Sunday, June 19, for the purpose of conducting the funeral in Sarnia, and proceeded there by ferry boat, where a number of Canadian Masons were waiting their arrival to assist in the rites of burial. No house service was held. The members marched to the brother's late home, viewed the remains, and escorted the funeral party to the cemetery, and there performed their ritual ceremony after which the brethren returned to their lodge room in Port Huron and closed the lodge in due form.

"The interchange of visits, and the exemplification of the work between the brethren residing in the United States and Canada has always had the hearty consent of an illustrious line of grand masters, with the result that the fraternal spirit has been fostered to the benefit of both jurisdictions. We, therefore, feel that a great injustice has been done to Masons in both countries, and it behooves us as capitular Masons to avoid electing any one to office who might put us in a similar plight before the world."

AN ORDER WAS MADE IN M'KENZIE ESTATE

Certain Lands To Be Sold and Funds Placed With Trust Companies.

Justice Middleton, of Toronto, presided at the session of the weekly high court this morning in place of Justice Teetzel, who was scheduled to take charge. Two cases were heard.

An application was made under the settled estates act, for an order for sale of certain lands in London and elsewhere, devised by the will of the late Donald McKenzie, who died here many years ago, to different persons, subject to certain life estates.

An order was made by consent of all parties directing that the lands be sold and the proceeds paid to the Canada Trust Company, the income to be applied in payment of life annuities, the corpus to go to parties entitled to it under the will.

Mr. T. G. Meredith, K. C., acted for the application, and Mr. J. B. McKillop for the divisees.

In the matter of the estate of the late Thomas Miller, an application was made for a construction of the will. Judgment was reserved. Mr. M. D. Fraser acted for the application.

ONE MONTH IN JAIL FOR STEALING COAT

Travelling Watch Repairer Will Be Out in the "Gentle Spring."

Samuel McCormack, the travelling watch repairer, who was apprehended here a couple of weeks ago and was found guilty of stealing a fur overcoat from George Kimball, of Bryanston, was sentenced to one month in jail by Deputy Magistrate Graydon at the police court this morning. McCormack is the man who told various stories about being on his way from St. Catharines to Chatham with an auto.

"I have had you examined by the jail physician," said the magistrate, "and he finds that you are in a very bad state of health. A month's rest will, I trust, do you a great deal of good. I can hardly believe that you deliberately stole the coat, as you walked about the streets with it on your arm and talked to policemen, and did not act in the manner that thieves usually do, as you did not try to sell it."

INDIAN DURBAR FOR CORONATION

Magnificent Spectacle Will Be Held in Delhi Fort.

KING TO VISIT NEPAL

Expects to Get Some Tiger Shooting and Hunt the Indian Rhino.

[Canadian Press.]

New York, Feb. 18.—A Herald special cable from London says it is now definitely settled that the Indian coronation durbar shall be at Delhi, the ancient seat of the House of Timur, on Dec. 12 of this year. Thus the ceremony, which will be of overwhelming magnificence, will avoid any of the native fasts that fall due about the beginning of the new year.

Arrangements for the Durbar are already in the hands of Sir J. Hewitt, who has been relieved of his duties as one of the provincial lieutenant-governors to prepare for the historic event.

After the Durbar ceremonies, which will last a week, the King and Queen will visit Khatiwandu, the capital of the independent native state of Nepal, lying between Bengal and Thibet. The journey to Khatiwandu is one of the most fascinating that can be made in India. There is no railroad, and the royal party will have to travel by road into the beautiful foothills of the Himalayas. The road, however, is good, and as the best tiger shooting in India is to be had in the Nepaulez Terai, it is probable a great shoot will be arranged. It is well known that King George is anxious to shoot an Indian rhino, and these creatures survive only in the Terai.

That the Durbar will be in the old fort at Delhi, and not on the open plain outside the city, as was that of ten years ago, is no accident, but evidence of the great precautions of the Indian Government against any opportunity for an attempt on the royal party by disloyal natives.

NEWS OF SARNIA

Annual "At Home" of the Collegiate Proves Big Success.

Sarnia, Feb. 17.—Word was received here yesterday of the death at Colonsey, Sask., on Wednesday, Feb. 15, of Mr. F. J. Cowan, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Cowan, of Corunna. The young man, with his wife, left Lambton County for the west about three years ago, and took up a homestead, which he afterwards sold, going into the milling business. Last fall he contracted a severe cold, which settled on his lungs, and despite the best efforts of medical skill, his death took place on the date above mentioned. The funeral was held to the Colonsey Cemetery yesterday.

The annual "At Home" of the Sarnia Collegiate Institute was held in the town hall last evening, and, despite the unfavorable weather, was one of the most successful "At Homes" in the history of the Collegiate. About 100 couples were present, and a most successful dance resulted. Music was furnished by the Alexandra Orchestra, and all present report an enjoyable evening.

At the regular meeting of Tuscan Lodge, No. 437, held on Wednesday evening, R. W. Bro. S. E. Cornell was made the recipient of a handsome cut-glass water set by his fellow-members. The presentation was made by V. W. Bro. John Boyd. Light refreshments and a pleasant social evening were enjoyed by all.

Mrs. Randell Kenny entertained a number of friends on Friday evening.

Rosana Collinson, wife of Mr. Thomas Collinson, died at her home in Petrolea on Tuesday of this week at the age of 50 years. Deceased had been in her usual good health until a few hours before her death, when she was seized with an attack of heart failure and expired almost immediately. A family of six children survive. They are: Mrs. Gable, of Port Colborne; Francis, Edith and Sarah at home; George of Saskatchewan, and Thomas, of Oklahoma. The arrangements for the funeral will be completed on the arrival home of her son, George. Mr. and Mrs. Collinson were respected residents of Sarnia for about seventeen years, and only moved to Petrolea last April.

The members of the Sarnia Retail Grocers' Association gave a complimentary dinner at the Colonial Hotel here last night in honor of one of their late members, Mr. S. E. Cornell, who is leaving on Monday on a tour of the west, where he intends to locate in the near future. There were about thirty present, including the members of the press and a very enjoyable meeting was held. The meeting was presided over by ex-President John D. Mills, while Mr. Milne acted as chairman. During the evening, Mr. Cornell was presented with a handsome gold-headed umbrella, the presentation being made by Mr. Stanley Williams. An appropriate address was read by Mr. Jas. Gammon, to which Mr. Cornell responded in a fitting manner.

The members of the W. C. T. U. gave their thirteenth annual entertainment at the House of Refuge on Thursday evening, an event which is always looked forward to with a great deal of pleasure by the old people. An interesting programme of vocal and instrumental music was given by local talent.

The old saying that "That the course of true love never did run smooth" was again exemplified in the police court here on Friday morning. Mrs. Isaac Wallace had her husband before the magistrate charged with assault. The disturbances at the Wallace home have been somewhat frequent of late, and the fines that have been imposed by the magistrate did not seem to have the desired effect. On Thursday evening, when Mrs. Wallace arrived home, she found the door locked and with difficulty she secured admission, and once inside she was met and assaulted by her husband. Mrs. Wallace sent for the police, and when that stalwart officer of the Sarnia police force, N. Taylor, arrived on the scene everything had become quiet in the home. Officer Taylor, however, decided to escort Wallace to the police station, where, on the promise to Chief Forbes that he would not near his home again that night and on furnishing his own bail to this effect, he was allowed to go until 10 o'clock Friday morning when he appeared before Magistrate Gorman and was sentenced to serve fourteen days in jail.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. McMann, Cromwell street, entertained about fifty of their friends to 6 o'clock tea, followed by a pleasant evening spent in cards.

Mrs. (Hon.) W. J. Hanna entertained a number of her lady friends on Thursday afternoon in honor of her friend Mrs. Dickson, of Newark, N. J.

Mrs. W. J. Secord has returned from London, where she was in attendance at the funeral of her mother.

The regular monthly meeting of the Children's Aid Society was held in the office of the secretary, town hall building, last night.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in No. 1 vestry of Central Methodist Church on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Miss Claire Smith, of Cobourg, is visiting at the home of her aunt, Mrs. John McEdward, 124 Queen street.

Wm. Maines, inspector of provincial police, paid a visit to Provincial Constable Thomas Acton on Thursday. It is needless to add that he found the books of Mr. Acton in first-class shape.

The Favorite Lotion

of hundreds of London's most particular people is Balm-Zoin. They have good reasons for preferring this dainty lotion to all others. It has marvellous healing properties, keeps the skin clear, soft and velvety, and prevents chapping and roughening by the elements. Free from stickiness and greasiness—a perfect lotion. Try it, 25 cents.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET.
Graduate Pharmacists only fill prescriptions here.

HOTELMAN BURTON DEAD AT ALVINSTON

Alvinston, Feb. 18.—Mr. Fred Burton, the well-known hotelman, formerly of Nilestown, died here today.

NEWBURY.

Newbury, Feb. 17.—Mrs. C. Shaw, of Chatham, has returned to her home after a pleasant visit with Newbury friends.

Mr. Robert Scott returned home to Detroit after visiting his parents here.

Miss Marcus, of Bothwell, is enjoying a pleasant visit with her cousin, Miss Mary Marcus.

Mr. Perry Dobbyn, of Wheatley, visited his father here on Sunday.

Miss Annie Deacon returned home on Thursday evening after a pleasant visit with Detroit and Windsor friends.

Mrs. Frank Foster, also her daughter, Miss Anna, of Detroit, returned to their home on Monday, after a very pleasant visit with her parents here, Mr. and Mrs. James Patterson.

Miss Anna Gordon returned to Listowel on Tuesday after a pleasant visit at her home here.

Auction Sale

At 973 Ormsby St., Monday, Feb. 20th, 10 a.m., well furnished home, parlor, dining, bedroom and kitchen furniture, tools, etc., at 1 p.m. The splendid cottage with barn, lot 35x140. Terms, day of sale on property; furniture, cash; no reserve. Owner giving up housekeeping. Take Hamilton road car east to Sackville street. J. LIGHTFOOT, Auctioneer. 17u-wt

AUCTION SALE
Two-Story Brick Residence

Being No. 271 Piccadilly street, on the premises, at 2 o'clock, Monday, Feb. 20. This is a new house, in a fine residential district, near schools, churches, etc. All modern conveniences.

Terms—Five per cent cash, 15 per cent additional in ten days, and balance may be arranged for. For particulars apply to THE LONDON & WESTERN TRUST CO. 13e-twt A. M. HUNT, Auctioneer.

Executors' Sale

Of valuable property and household furniture, 789 Richmond street, Tuesday, February 14. Parlor suite, tables, sofa, cabinet, Persian rugs, Morris chair, bookcase, couch, sideboard, silver set, stoves, contents of four bedrooms and all furniture in the house, without reserve, for cash, commencing at 1 o'clock sharp. The property, consisting of a 2½-story brick residence, will be offered at 3 p.m. See bills. THE LONDON AND WESTERN TRUSTS COMPANY, executors. A. M. HUNT, Auctioneer. E. W. M. FLOCK, Solicitor. 7c-twt

Clearing Auction Sale

Farm stock and implements, lots 60 and 61, East Talbot road, Township Westminster Station 27, Southwestern Traction, on Tuesday, Feb. 21, 1911, at 1 p.m. sharp. THOMAS COLVERT, proprietor; J. W. LAIDLAW, auctioneer. b

Auction Sale
Of Valuable Farm and Timber Land

Will be offered for sale by auction by James Anderson, auctioneer, at the Arlington Hotel, Parkhill, on Wednesday, March 15, at 2 p.m., the valuable farm belonging to the estate of the late John Waters, Esq., composed of lots 6 and 7, in the tenth concession of East Williams, 169 acres, more or less. The farm is beautifully situated on the Aux Sables River, nearly equidistant from Parkhill and Strathroy. Postoffice and school within half a mile, churches convenient. On the premises are a frame house, two barns and never-failing spring. There are about 42 acres of valuable bush of hard maple, basswood and rock and soft elm. For further particulars apply to DAVID WATERS, Springbank P. O.; JAMES ANDERSON, auctioneer, Parkhill, or FRASER & MOORE, solicitors for administratrix, London. 19k-t

AUCTION SALE

at 1040 Florence street east, Tuesday, Feb. 21, 2 p.m. sharp. Hallrack, elegant three-piece parlor suite (cost $60), easy chairs, pictures, fine Brussels rug 8x10, tables, dining-room set, inlaid linoleums, King range, heater, iron beds, dressers and stands, carpets, curtains, dishes, kitchen utensils, etc. Only been in use a short time. Proprietor going west. Positively no reserve. Terms, cash. JOHN LIGHTFOOT, auctioneer. 19u

AUCTION SALE.

Household furniture, Wednesday, Feb. 22, 10:30 a.m., corner Grand avenue and Ridout street. Dressers, stands, iron beds, pillows, linoleum, carpets and rugs, bed-couch, dining-room and parlor furniture, bookcase, brass table, rockers, chairs, lace curtains, Jewel gas stove, three-burner gas plate, 130-lb scale, two bicycles, dishes, tools, tubs, other furniture. Terms, cash. No reserve. 19u-ty L. A. WEAVER, Auctioneer.

AUCTIONEERS.

D. R. DIBB, AUCTIONEER AND valuator; real estate, farm and livery stock, specialty, satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice address, Belmont; Fraser House, London, Saturdays. Local and long distance phone connections in house. 13n-t

JOHN TURNBULL, AUCTIONEER. Middlesex County, Komoka P.O. Telephone Lobo Central, Royal Bank London. t

L. DEADMAN, AUCTIONEER — SPECIAL attention given to farmers' sales. Harrison House, Saturdays. Address, Lambeth, or Byron phone. 89n-t

We Clean or Dye Almost Everything

Don't think we only clean clothes. We clean plumes, fancy costumes, laces, curtains and in fact almost everything which can become dirty and needs cleaning.

R. PARKER & CO.
Dyers and Cleaners,
211 DUNDAS ST., LONDON, ONT.

The Wonder Cough Cure

In the treatment of coughs and colds, "468" has shown such splendid results as to merit the name "The Wonder Cough Cure."

The first dose goes to the spot. Twenty-five and fifty cents.

OMOND.
THE LITTLE DRUG STORE,
468 Dundas Street. Phone 1429.

CLEARING SALE NOW ON

Special prices on all our Ladies' and Gents' Ready-made Clothing and Furs in order to reduce our stock previous to stock-taking. It will pay you to call and get our prices.

CASH OR CREDIT.

M. Fishbein & Co.
638 DUNDAS STREET.
Open Evenings.

SYSTO-SEAL
Registered Trademark.
The Great Kidney and Bladder Renovator

Cures Kidney, Bladder, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, etc. Price 50c per box; 6 boxes for $2.50. Ask for it at your druggist's, or send mail orders direct to manufacturers.

THE GOOD REMEDY COMPANY,
457½ Talbot Street, London. ywt

Great February Cutlery Sale

Twenty per cent reduction on all CARVING SETS.

Sets of Six Celluloid-Handled Dessert Knives, with Silver Forks, in case. Regular $2.50, for $1 98

Sets as above, table size. Regular $3.00, for $2 19

Teaspoons, regular $1.25, now, per dozen 89c

Dessert Spoons, regular $2.50, now, per dozen $1 98

Tablespoons, regular $3.00, now, per dozen $2 37

Dessert and Table Forks same price as Spoons.

12 dozen Rogers' Dessert Spoons, regular $5.50 per dozen, to clear, per dozen $3 89

Berry Spoons, Meat Forks and Butter Knives 25 per cent off.

Cowan's Hardware
127 DUNDAS STREET.

"Royal George"

Is our latest make in Safety Silent

Matches

Ask your grocer for them. They are safe and sure.

The E. B. Eddy Co
LIMITED,
HULL, CANADA.
London Branch, 155 Carling Street
DONALD McLEAN, Manager

Developing and Finishing
Of films and plates that's sure to please
J. H. BACK & CO
4 MASONIC TEMPLE. ywt

Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company's
Scranton Coal

We are unloading fresh mined coal of excellent quality. Try some.

John M. Daly
KOALMAN.
Phone 348. 19 York St.

ARE YOU A SLAVE?

TO
THE DRINK HABIT?

You may be free—in three days—absolutely free for all time, with no more appetite for liquor than the man who has never tasted it.

THE
NEAL
TREATMENT

Can set you free. Safe, sure, speedy—a child could take the treatment with safety, yet it absolutely cures the habit in three days. Costs nothing to inquire. Write the NEAL INSTITUTE, 78 St. ALBAN'S STREET, TORONTO. yw

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

LIVE HOG PRICES $6.75 TO $6.85

Prices Quoted for Monday Next Are a Little Easier on the Local Market.

EGG PRICES ARE DOWN

Demand Does Not Appear Equal to the Supply—Quotations on the Square Today.

The market was fairly large this morning considering the weather conditions, and trade was brisk in all lines.

There was a good supply of dressed hogs, the prices being the same as on Thursday. The majority of hogs sold at $10 per cwt., while the lowest price was $9 50 per cwt. The demand was good.

Live hog prices are getting easier, and Monday's quotation is $6 75 to $6 85 per cwt. It is said that the Buffalo markets had an increase of 55,000 hogs last week over the same week a year ago. This goes to show that the farmers are going into the business of raising hogs, and with the added benefits of reciprocity, it should prove exceedingly profitable. It is expected that the local shipment on Monday will be a large one.

There were 15 loads of oats on the market today, the price ranging from $1 to $1 05 per cwt. The demand was fairly good.

Three loads of wheat sold at 85c per bu.

Eggs Going Down.

Eggs are gradually sinking in price. This morning strictly fresh eggs could be bought retail for 24c and 25c per doz., while they sold wholesale at prices ranging from 20c to 23c per dozen. Eggs are very plentiful, and the demand does not seem to keep up to the supply.

Butter prices are about the same. Dairy butter is very scarce, but it is expected that it will be more plentiful from now on. The highest price asked this morning for the best dairy butter was 28c per lb. The demand is good.

The demand for potatoes and the small supply has been instrumental in sending the price up to 90c per bag by the load, or 90c per single bag.

Vegetable prices are about the same, and poultry prices show no change. Fruit prices are also stationary.

Following are today's quotations:

Grain, Per Cwt.			
Barley, per cwt.	$1 00	to	$1 05
Oats, per cwt.	1 00	to	1 05
Wheat, per cwt.	1 42	to	1 42
Grain, Per Bushel.			
New wheat, per bu.	85	to	85
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	12 00	to	13 00
Straw, per ton	6 00	to	6 50
Dairy Produce.			
Butter, store lots, lb.	19	to	20
Butter, creamery, lb.	27	to	30
Butter, fancy, retail, lb.	27	to	28
Butter, choice dairy, lb., wholesale	22	to	24
Eggs, crate, wholesale	20	to	22
Eggs, fresh laid, dozen	24	to	25
Honey, strained, per lb.	11	to	12
Honey, sections, dozen	1 50	to	2 00
Poultry, Dressed.			
Turkeys, lb., retail	21	to	22
Turkeys, lb., wholesale	20	to	21
Chickens, per pair	1 00	to	1 25
Chickens, lb., wholesale	12	to	13
Chickens, lb., retail	14	to	15
Old fowl, per lb.	10	to	11
Ducks, per pair	1 25	to	1 75
Ducks, lb., wholesale	15	to	15
Ducks, lb., retail	15	to	16
Geese, lb., wholesale	13	to	13
Geese, lb., retail	14	to	14
Poultry, Alive.			
Ducks, per lb.	10	to	12
Chickens, per pair	90	to	1 25
Old fowl, per lb.	9	to	9
Chickens, per lb.	10	to	11
Butchers' Meats.			
Beef, by the carcase	9 00	to	10 00
Mutton, per cwt.	9 00	to	9 50
Yearling lambs, lb.	11	to	13
Dressed hogs, cwt.	9 50	to	10 00
Veal, per cwt.	10 00	to	12 00
Pork, forequarters, lb.	11	to	12
Pork, hindquarters, lb.	12	to	12½
Live Stock.			
Select hogs, cwt.	6 75	to	6 85
Fat sows, cwt.	5 00	to	5 00
Stags, per cwt.	2 00	to	2 00
Export cattle, cwt.	5 00	to	6 50
Milch cows, each	40 00	to	60 00
Small pigs, pair	5 00	to	10 00
Hides and Wools.			
Lambskins, each	30	to	33
Wool, washed, per lb.	19	to	20
Wool, unwashed, lb.	11	to	12
Hides, No. 1, per lb.	7½	to	7½
Hides, No. 2, per lb.	6½	to	6½
Hides, No. 3, per lb.	5½	to	5½
Calfskins, per lb.	10	to	12
Tallow, rough, lb.	3½	to	3½
Tallow, rendered, lb.	5	to	5½
Sheepskins, each	45	to	65
Vegetables.			
Potatoes, per bag	80	to	90
Lettuce, per dozen	20	to	20
Celery, doz. bunches	30	to	50
Carrots, per bag	35	to	35
Cabbage, per dozen	30	to	40
Beets, per bag	40	to	40
Onions, per bag	1 00	to	1 25
Parsnips, per bag	45	to	45
Fruit.			
Apples, per bbl.	3 00	to	5 00
Apples, per bag	1 00	to	1 50

PRODUCE.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 17—Closing.—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 2 red western winter, no stock; futures quiet; March, 7s 1¼d; May, 6s 11½d. Flour—Winter patents steady, 29s. Hops (in London)—Pacific coast firm, £4 6s to £5 5s. Beef—Extra India mess dull, 122s 6d. Pork—Prime western mess easy, 92s 6d. Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., dull, 56s. Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., dull, 58s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., quiet, 61s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., weak, 62s; do., heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., weak, 61s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., quiet, 54s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., easy, 52s. Lard—Prime western, in tierces, steady, 48s 6d; American refined, in pails, easy, 49s. Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, firm, 58s; do., colored, new, firm, 60s 6d. Turpentine spirits—Strong, 62s 6d. Rosin—Common steady, 13s 6d. Petroleum—Refined steady, 6½d. Linseed oil—Firm, 52s.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 18.
[Special to H. C. Becher.]

	Close.
Wheat—	
May	94⅜c
July	95½c

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.
[From Charles Head & Co., by private wire to J. J. Tearney.]

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	$ 90¾	91⅜	90⅝	91¼
July	89½	89½	89⅜	89⅜
Corn—				
May	48¾	49	48¾	48⅞
July	49¾	50⅛	49¾	50
Oats—				
May	31⅝	31¾	31⅝	31¾
Pork—				
May	17 70	17 75	17 70	17 70
Lard—				
May	9 42	9 42	9 37	9 40

MONTREAL, Feb. 17.—Eggs—Fairly active but easy; selected, 23c; fresh, 27c; No. 1 stock, 20c; No. 2, 18c.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Eggs—Firm; receipts, 13,000 cases; fresh gathered, 15c to 19½c; do., dirties, 13c to 14c; refrigerator, 11c to 13c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery, 19c to 24c; do., gathered, 17½c to 23c; western gathered white, 20c to 22c.

TORONTO, Feb. 17.—Eggs—New-laid, 24c to 25c; pickled, 16c to 17c.

WINNIPEG, Feb. 17.—Lower Liverpool

DETROIT, Fe. 17—(Michigan Central

COBALTS

For large profits and quick returns, buy Cobalt Lake and Hargreaves.

THOMAS RAYCRAFT,
Room 1, London Loan Block.
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cables and the prospect of heavy world's shipments made a weak wheat market. There was a good demand for No. 3 northern for export. Winnipeg May is now 4¼c to 4⅜c over Chicago, and the spread between Winnipeg and Minneapolis is now 2½c in favor of Minneapolis. The oats market advanced ⅛c. Wheat—Cash, No. 1 northern, 90½c; No. 2 northern, 88⅜c; No. 3 northern, 85¼c; No. 4 northern, 80¼c; No. 5 northern, 74¼c; No. 6 northern, 68¼c; feed wheat, 61¼c. Oats—No. 2, 30¼c. Barley—No. 3, 57c; No. 4, 47c. Flax—No. 1, $2 48.

MINNEAPOLIS, Feb. 17.—Wheat closed—May, 96⅜c to 96⅞c; July, 97¾c to 97⅞c; September, 92c; No. 1 northern, 97c to 98¼c; No. 2 northern, 93¾c to 96¼c; No. 3 northern, 91¾c to 94¼c; No. 1 hard, 98¾c. Bran—$21 to $21 50. Flour—First patents, $4 45 to $4 85; second patents, $4 35 to $4 75; first clears, $2 95 to $3 35; second clears, $1 95 to $2 55.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 18—Closing.—Wheat—No. 2 red western winter, no stock; futures steady; March, 7s 1d; May, 6s 11d. Flour—Winter patents steady, 29s. Hops (in London)—Pacific coast firm, £4 6s to £5 5s. Beef—Extra India mess dull, 122s 6d. Pork—Prime mess western easy, 92s 6d. Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs., dull, 56s. Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs., dull, 58s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs., steady, 62s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs., weak, 56s; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs., weak, 62s; do., heavy, 35 to 40 lbs., weak, 61s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs., steady, 54s 6d; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs., 52s. Lard—Prime western, in tierces, easy, 48s 6d; American refined, in pails, easy, 49s. Cheese—Canadian finest white, new, firm, 58s; do., colored, new, firm, 60s 6d. Turpentine spirits—Strong, 62s 6d. Rosin—Common steady, 13s 6d. Petroleum—Refined steady, 6½d. Linseed oil—Firm, 52s. Tallow—Australian (in London)—quiet, 28s 7½d. Cottonseed oil (Hull refined)—Spot firm, 31s 3d.

BEANS.

DETROIT, Feb. 18.—Beans—Spot and March, $2, May, $2 05 per bus.

COTTON.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Cotton—Futures closed steady. Closing bids: February, 13.69c; March, 13.78c; April, 13.87c; May, 13.94c; June, 13.97c; July, 13.97c; August, 13.65c; October, 12.69c; December, 12.61c. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 14c; do., gulf, 14.25c; sales, 430 bales.

DAIRY.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Butter—Easy; receipts, 7,500 packages; creamery extras, 26½c to 27½c; do., thirds, 17c to 18c. Cheese—Steady and unchanged; receipts, 1,000 boxes.

MONTREAL, Feb. 17.—Butter steady, cheese stronger. Cheese—Westerns, 12c to 12¼c; easterns, 11½c to 12c. Butter—Choicest, 24½c to 25c; seconds, 22½c to 23½c.

OIL.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 17.—Oil opened and closed at $1 30.

OIL CITY, Pa., Feb. 17.—Credit balances, $1 30.

FLAXSEED.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—Flaxseed—No. 1 southwestern, $2 61½; No. 1 northwestern, $2 74½.

CLOVER SEED.

DETROIT, Feb. 18.—Clover Seed—Spot and March, $8 80; by sample, 20 bags at $8 50, 25 at $8 25, 17 at $8, 60 at $7 75, 15 at $7 50, and 9 at $6 75 per bus. Prime alsike, $9 20; by sample, 12 bags at $8 50, 5 at $8, and 4 at $7 50 per bus. Timothy Seed—Prime, 50 bags, at $7 per bus.

LIVE STOCK.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 200; market steady; beeves, $5 to $6 80; Texas steers, $4 25 to $5 50; western steers, $4 50 to $5 70; stockers and feeders, $3 80 to $5 80; cows and heifers, $2 65 to $5 75; calves, $7 00 to $9. Hogs—Receipts estimated at 12,000; market slow; light, $7 20 to $7 55; mixed, $7 05 to $7 55; heavy, $6 95 to $7 40; rough, $6 95 to $7 15; good to choice heavy, $7 15 to $7 40; pigs, $7 40 to $7 65; bulk of sales at $7 20 to $7 35. Sheep—Receipts estimated at 2000; market steady; natives, $3 to $4 70; westerns, $3 to $4 75; yearlings, $4 75 to $5 60; lambs, natives, $4 90 to $6 40; westerns, $5 to $6 50.

FINANCIAL.

[By private wire to H. C. Becher.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Short covering on a large scale was in progress during today's session, and was induced primarily by the feeling in certain circles that freight increases would be announced next week and be of greater extent than anticipated by many. Of course, nothing official was forthcoming, but the markets recently have been dominated for the most part by sentiment, and the action of prices today served to stimulate confidence in the minds of those committed to the constructive side. A relatively favorable feature at present is the moderate extent of lines carried by outsiders, which tends to rather place the list in a much stronger position than otherwise. The bank statement was about as expected, but it is hardly to be considered a factor in view of the ease of international money rates. The trade reports indicate uncertainty, and the feeling of hesitancy is likely to continue rather pronounced during the next few days.

[From Charles Head & Co., by private wire to J. J. Tearney.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Closing Letter.—There was a better tone of the market this morning, and a slightly higher range of prices from London. Houseman was a heavy buyer of stocks all around the room, and as he is often used by the leading banking houses in the city, the effect of his operations was encouraging. Wm. Rockefeller, whose health has given considerable concern, was reported in a better condition. Southern Pacific advanced on reported that its bonds had been successfully floated in Paris. The declaration of 1 per cent. dividend caused Southern Railway, preferred, to jump a point in initial trade, and the gain was mostly retained. Missouri Pacific held firm, but there are much cheaper stocks than this, and we do not recommend it. Steel advanced 1¼ on reputed inside buying. Late in the morning it was rumored that the rate decisions of the Interstate Commerce Commission would be announced on Monday, and are more favorable than had been generally expected. Closing prices were strong, at about the highest, with the outlook favorable. We are still believers in higher prices, and recommend purchases on all reactions.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.
[From Charles Head & Co., by private wire to J. J. Tearney.]

	Open	High	Low	Close
Amal. Copper	64½	65¼	64½	65¼
American Sugar	118⅞	..	..	..
Amer. Beet Sugar	41¼	45½	41¾	45½
Amer. Locomotive	41⅝	41⅝	41½	41¼
American Foundry	55¾	56¼	55¾	56¼
American Smelters	78¾	79	78⅝	78⅞
Atchison, com.	105⅞	106⅜	105⅞	106⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	104⅞	105½	104⅞	105½
Brooklyn Transit	78⅜	78⅝	78⅜	78½
Canadian Pacific	212⅛	212⅜	212¼	212¼
Central Leather	31⅞	..	..	..
Chesapeake & Ohio	104⅞	105½	104¾	105⅛
Consolidated Gas	141¾	142	141¾	142
Erie, com.	31¾	32¼	31½	32⅛
Erie, 1st pfd.	50¾	51⅛	50½	51¼
G. Northern, pfd.	128¾	129⅜	128¾	129⅛
G. Northern Ore	62½	..	..	..
Illinois Central	135½	..	..	..
Inter-Metropolitan	19⅞	..	..	..
Kansas & Texas	34¾	..	..	..
Lehigh Valley	176	177¼	176	177⅛
Mexican Central	38	..	..	..
Minn. & St. Paul	143	143½	143	143
Missouri Pacific	58¾	58¼	57¾	58
New York Central	111½	112	111½	112
Northern Pacific	127	127½	126⅞	127¼
Norfolk & Western	106	106¼	106	106¼
National Lead	57	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	127½	127½	127¾	127¾
Pressed Steel Car	35¾	..	..	..
Reading	158⅛	159⅛	158⅛	159
Republic Steel	34¼	..	..	..
Rock Island	32⅛	32⅛	31⅞	32
Rock Island, pfd.	61½	..	..	..
Southern Railway	28⅜	28⅜	28¼	28¼
Southern Ry., pfd.	66	66	65½	65½
Southern Pacific	118¼	119¾	118¼	119½
St. Paul	126½	127¼	126½	127¼
Texas Pacific	29	..	..	..
Union Pacific	178	179⅛	178	179
Utah Copper	46	..	..	..
U. S. Rubber	44½	44⅞	44¼	44⅞
U. S. Steel	80⅛	81	80⅜	80⅞
U. S. Steel, pfd.	119¼	119⅜	119¼	119⅜
Virginia Chemical	65⅜	65⅜	65⅜	65⅜
Wabash, com.	16⅞	16⅞	16¾	16¾
Wabash, pfd.	36½	..	..	..
Western Union Tel.	74	74½	74	74½
Western Maryland	50½	..	..	..

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TORONTO STOCK.

[From Dyment, Cassels & Co., Members Toronto Stock Exchange.]

Toronto, Feb. 18 (Close).	Bid.	Off.
Black Lake, com.	14	16
B. C. Packers, A.	86	..
Burt, F. N., com.	104½	105½
City Dairy, com.	37	40
Consumers' Gas	202	203
MacKay, com.	92	92½
MacKay, pfd.	..	77
Niagara Navigation	133	..
Northern Navigation	121½	122¼
Pacific Burt, com.	45½	46
R. and O. Navigation	103½	104
Rio Janeiro Tram	108⅛	108¾
Rogers, com.	182½	183
Sao Paulo Tram	158½	159
Shredded Wheat, com.	54¾	56
Toronto Electric Light	129¾	129
Crown Reserve	..	275
La Rose	495	500
La Rose	..	275
Bank of Commerce	216	217½
Dominion Bank	231½	..
Imperial Bank	224	226
Merchants Bank	183	..
Metropolitan Bank	195	198
Molsons Bank	205½	..
Bank of Montreal	250	..
Bank of Ottawa	208	210
Standard Bank	220½	..
Traders Bank	144½	145
Union Bank	150	..
Agricultural Loan	130	..
Canada Landed	156	159
Canada Permanent	165½	..
Central Canada	200	..
Hamilton Provident	139	..
Huron and Erie	206	..
Landed Banking	123	..
London and Canadian	115	116
National Trust	212	..
Ontario Loan	155	..
Toronto General Trusts	175	..
Toronto Mortgage	130½	..
Toronto Savings	160	..
Union Trust	165	..
Canadian Northern	98⅜	..
Dominion Steel	94⅞	..
Electric Development	81¼	..
Mexican L. and P.	91	91½
Penman	91	..
Province of Ontario	101	..
Rio Janeiro	98⅜	..
Sao Paulo	159¼	..
Toronto Mortgage	130½	..

Today's Sales—Montreal.

Closing Sales: R. and O., 5 at 102⅝, 10 at 102½, 25 at 102¾, 25 at 102⅝, 5 at 102⅞, 185 at 103, 25 at 102⅞, 250 at 102⅞, 200 at 102⅝, 75 at 102⅝, 10 at 103½, 75 at 103¼, 10 at 104, 25 at 103⅞, 75 at 102⅞. Halifax, 6 at 143; Soo, common, 75 at 144, 75 at 143¾, 2 at 143¾, 125 at 143¾, 60 at 143⅞, 2 at 143¼; C. P. R., 25 at 212¼, 75 at 212⅛, 8 at 212⅜; Telephone, 25 at 144. Porto Rico, 50 at 55¼, 50 at 56⅛, 4 at 55. Rio, 25 at 107⅞, 75 at 108. Power, 75 at 146¼, 31 at 146½, 140 at 146¼, 25 at 146⅜; Shawinigan, 30 at 111¾, 5 at 111¼; Eastern Canada P. and P., 100 at 45, 25 at 44½; Detroit, 125 at 68¼, 5 at 68, 75 at 69, 25 at 68¾, 50 at 68½; Toronto Railway, 25 at 126. Scotia, 175 at 97; Cement, 2 at 21¾; Canada Car, 50 at 72; Crown Reserve, 50 at 2.72, 25 at 2.70. Montreal Cotton, 25 at 149; Montreal Railway, 15 at 220½, 25 at 222, 25 at 224, 25 at 224½, 100 at 225, 25 at 225½, 50 at 225½, 50 at 225¾, 3 at 223, 25 at 225½; Cement, preferred, 1 at 86, 15 at 85¾, 7 at 85½; Steel Corporation, 10 at 57½, 50 at 57¾, 10 at 58, 55 at 58¼; Penmans, 10 at 59, 25 at 59½; Textile, common, 15 at 67¼, 25 at 67. Iron, preferred, 75 at 102¼; Merchants' Bank, 5 at 184; Bank of Montreal, 10 at 252½, 4 at 251½; Hochelaga Bank, 1 at 160; Quebec Railway, bonds, 2500 at 85½; Power, 4½ per cent. bonds, 14,000 at 100; Mexican Electric, bonds, 2000 at 87⅛.

Today's Sales—Toronto.

Closing Sales: Consumers' Gas, 14 at 202; Black Lake, 5 at 15; Toronto Electric, 25 at 127½; Duluth-Superior, 20 at 82; Nipissing, 50 at 11.15, 50 at 11.25; City Dairy, preferred, 4 at 99; Maple Leaf, preferred, 30 at 91; C. P. R., 20 at 212⅛; Sao Paulo, 75 at 158; Mackay, 50 at 92, 10 at 91⅞, 10 at 92, 25 at 92⅛, 10 at 92¼; do., preferred, 15 at 75¾; Rio, 125 at 108⅛, 85 at 108⅛, 4 at 108⅜, 110 at 108¼, 75 at 108⅛; F. N. Burt, 4 at 103½, 1 at 103½, 10 at 104, 25 at 105; do., preferred, 25 at 113, 25 at 112½, 31 at 113, 5 at 112½; Electrical Development, bonds, 1500 at 81¼; Imperial Bank, 11 at 224; Bank of Commerce, 26 at 215, 74 at 216; Penmans, 20 at 59; R. and O., 25 at 102¾, 100 at 103, 25 at 103¼, 25 at 103½; Porto Rico, 394 at 56; Canada Permanent, 110 at 166; Twin City, 5 at 110, 10 at 109¾. Huron and Erie, 18 at 211. Sawyer-Massey, common, 30 sellers, 28 bid; do., preferred, 85½ sellers, 85 bid. Listed, Sawyer-Massey, common, $1,500,000; do., preferred, $1,500,000.

SENATE TAKES AT PAR CHAMP CLARK'S TALK

Annexation Spell Having No Effect Whatever Upon the Reciprocity Situation.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, Feb. 18.—There is some evidence of a disposition on the majority side of the Senate to compel President Taft to "make good" on extra session intimations, which are said to have emanated from the White House. Some of the Democrats express the belief that an extra session would tend to demoralize the Republican forces and directly benefit the Democrats in the next national campaign.

The annexation talk of the past few days had no effect whatever upon the reciprocity situation at the Senate end of the capitol. Senate leaders accepted at par the statement of Mr. Clark that he was speaking for himself alone, and the annexation resolution introduced by Mr. Bennet was discounted on the ground that it was employed by an opponent of the Canadian agreement as an additional argument against such an arrangement.

SHOOTING AFFRAY IN QUEBEC TOWN

Merchant Shot by Woman and Amputation May Be Necessary.

[Canadian Press.]

Ottawa, Feb. 18.—Sheriff Wright, of Hull, this morning received information of a shooting affray at Montcerf, Que., last night, when Mrs. Lanon, of that place, fired a charge of shot into the leg of a local merchant, Andrew Lachapelle. The wound is so serious that amputation at Maniwaki hospital was found necessary. Mrs. Lanon claims Lachapelle was trying to break into her house. Sheriff Wright will go to the scene to investigate. The woman personally telegraphed her statement of the affair to the authorities.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Hong Kong, Feb. 18.—Arrived: Empress of Japan, from Vancouver.

Genoa, Feb. 18.—Arrived: Romanic, from Boston.

CALGARY CHALLENGES.

Calgary, Feb. 18.—Today the Calgary hockey team wired a challenge to Allan cup trustees, after defeating Edmonton and Taber.

In the Canal Zone it is the custom to keep electric lights burning inside pianos to prevent the wires rusting.

Owing to the difficulty of securing fresh eggs, most of the mining companies in Mexico have their own poultry yards.

BISHOP HEARD THE CHURCHMEN

A Conference at Noon Today—Reference to Rev. W. T. Hill.

IS RECTOR TO RESIGN?

Advertiser's Informant Says That the Trouble Is About To Be Settled in This Way.

A settlement of the difficulty between Rev. W. T. Hill, rector of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, and the congregation is imminent.

At noon today a deputation, consisting of Col. Fisher, J. C. Butler, O. Ellwood, E. L. Guillemont, Claude Brown, Henry Macklin, and others, visited Bishop Williams, and for an hour discussed the question with his lordship. The position of the congregation was stated to him, and the whole trouble fully explained.

It is understood that Bishop Williams was seized of the seriousness of the situation, and it was decided, it is said, that Mr. Hill will tender his resignation, and the vestry will be given an opportunity of selecting a successor.

This is made easy, it is understood, by the fact that Mr. Hill's resignation was placed in the hands of his lordship some time ago, but was not accepted. Now it will be accepted, according to the reports in circulation.

Pledged to Secrecy.

None of the committee will discuss the matter. They were all pledged to secrecy, and as a result not a word was given out to the papers.

However, it was learned on the best of authority that Mr. Hill would withdraw from the parish at an early date, probably at Easter, and the way made clear for a successor.

No information could be secured as to who would succeed Mr. Hill. Prof. Jeakins will not accept the position nor will the vestry ask him to, owing to the difficulty. A clergyman from outside the city will be brought here to take charge of the parish.

"There is nothing whatever to give out," declared Mr. E. L. Guillemont, people's warden of the church. "We have no information for the public at the present time."

Mr. Hill was not aware of the conference and could not be located to give his opinion.

LOCAL MUSICIAN HAD VERY NARROW ESCAPE

Mr. A. D. Jordan's Outfit Struck by a Car on Dundas Street.

While attempting to cross the street car tracks at Wellington and Dundas streets Friday night about 10 o'clock, Mr. A. D. Jordan, the well-known musician, had a narrow escape from being run down by a Dundas car. He was driving his pony, and as the road seemed clear he started to cross the tracks.

The car was coming faster than anticipated and Mr. Jordan seeing that there was danger of a smashup, pulled his pony up, but the car struck the horse, throwing it on the pavement, and upsetting the rig. Mr. Jordan had a narrow escape from being thrown under the wheels.

The horse was dragged some distance. However, Mr. Jordan escaped with a shaking up, but no serious injury. The pony was badly cut and bruised.

It is probable that a suit for damages will result.

LONDON NOT AFFECTED BY THE CHANGE

The amendments to the assessment act introduced by Mr. W. F. Nickle, M. P. P., Kingston, providing that property belonging to a charitable institution that is tenanted and productive shall pay taxes on property, will have little or no effect in London.

That custom has been followed here for some years.

"It will have no effect, so far as I can see," declared City Clerk Baker. "We have made a practice of placing on the assessment all such properties, and I know of none at the present time that is not paying taxes. We are well protected here."

OBITUARY

The funeral of John Alexander Hay, who died yesterday at Lambeth, will be held Sunday afternoon to Delaware Cemetery. Services will be conducted by Rev. Mr. Tiffan, of Lambeth Methodist Church. The deceased is survived by his widow, Mrs. Jeanette Hay, four sons, Walter, John, George and David, at home; two daughters, Miss Annie Hay, of Calgary, Alta., and Miss Jennie, at home; three brothers, David, James and George, of Delaware, and four sisters, Mrs. Kilbourne, of Kilworth, Miss Isabel Hay, Mrs. Branton and Miss Agnes Hay, of Delaware.

Albert Roy Montieth, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Montieth, of lot 7, concession 1, Delaware Township, died yesterday. The funeral will be held on Sunday afternoon at 1.30 o'clock from the parents' residence, Delaware Township, to Scottsville Cemetery. Funeral services will be held at 1 p.m.

Richard S. Berry, a former resident of this city, died in Detroit yesterday, at 172 Linwood avenue, following an illness of three months. The deceased was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. William I. Berry, and a grandson of the late Richard Berry, who was a well-known Londoner.

Besides his parents, the late Richard S. Berry is survived by two sisters, Misses Lillian and Lenie Berry, of Detroit.

The funeral will be held on Monday morning at 10 o'clock, from the undertaking parlors of Smith, Son & Clarke, of this city, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery. Funeral services will be conducted at 9.30 a.m.

Personal Mention

Mrs. John Chubb is home again after her illness.

Rev. Hector Mackay, Quebec street, is spending a few days with friends in Toronto. He will occupy the pulpit of Old St. Andrew's on Sunday.

FATALLY BURNED

St. John, N. B., Feb. 18.—Mrs. Mary A. Harvey, a widow, aged 77 years, was burned to death early today in her home here about 2 o'clock in the morning. Having to arise in the night in striking a match she set fire to her night-clothing and died four hours later.

BOUNDING SEA NOT POPULAR

"The Briney" Apparently Does Not Appeal to the Youth of London.

NO RECRUITS AS YET

Many Good Jobs Are Open For Those Who Would Care To Enlist in the Naval Force.

The Canadian navy does not seem to have any particular charms for either the youths or the older men of London, for notwithstanding that Postmaster Dr. McDonald has received many inquiries so far there has been no one enlist. In the last few days several boys have asked the postmaster for full information. Apparently they are still considering, as they have not been back to make out any application. Several older men have asked for details regarding the various artisans that will be required for the navy.

Dr. McDonald states that there are openings on the warships for joiners, carpenters, blacksmiths, plumbers, painters, coopers, armorers, electricians and stewards of various sorts.

Some Facts.

Joiners are required to work in wood only, and the monthly rate of pay is $25 50, but if they qualify for working in steel and iron they receive pay for carpenter ratings. Carpenters must pass an examination showing that they possess a knowledge of wood and iron shipbuilding, and are capable of using the ordinary tools of each efficiently. They must also know the different parts of a boat, and how to repair them. The monthly rate of pay in this rating is as follows: Shipwright $37 50, after 3 years $40 50, after 6 years $45. Carpenter's mate $49 50, after 3 years $52 50, after 6 years $57. Chief carpenter's mate, $60, after 3 years $66. Carpenter ratings are eligible for promotion to warrant officer for monthly pay from $75 to $97 50.

Blacksmiths receive the following rates of pay: Blacksmith's mate, $22 50; blacksmith, $30, after three years $37 50, after six years $42, after nine years $46 50, after twelve years $54.

The following is the schedule for plumbers per month: Plumber's mate, $22 50; plumber, $30, after three years $36, after six years $40 50, after nine years $45, after twelve years $49 50.

Painter's mate will be paid $22 per month, and painters as follows: At first $30 a month, after three years $34 50, after six years $37 50, after nine years $40 50, after twelve years $43 50.

Coopers must pass an examination, showing that they are able to make a washing tub and a tight half-hogshead out of worn tight barrel staves. The pay is as follows: Cooper's mate, $22 50; cooper, $30; after three years $36, after six years $40 50, after nine years $45, and after twelve years $49 50.

Must Pass Exams.

All those desiring to enter as electricians must be able to pass an educational examination showing that they are familiar with vulgar and decimal fractions, simple interest and dictation and reading, and a practical examination showing that they know how to reline and adjust bearings, make repairs to electrical apparatus, and instruments, and can do metal turning and screw cutting on a lathe. Men who have had experience in electrical shops are preferred. The rates of pay are as follows: Electrician, provisional, $22 50; second class, $37 50; first class, $45; chief electrician, second-class, $52 50; first-class, $60, after three years, $66.

Commissary stewards are required to enter between the ages of 15 and 25, and must pass an examination showing that they have a good knowledge of reading and arithmetic. The wages are: Steward's boy, $9; steward's assistant, $15, after one year, $22 50; assistant commissary steward, $30, after three years, $37 50; commissary steward, $45, after three years, $52 50, after six years, $60, after nine years, $66.

Officers' stewards are paid as follows: Steward to captain, commander or lieutenant in command, $30; steward for ward room officers, $45; steward for gun room or warrant officers, $35; third class officers' steward, $22 50; second class, $25 50, and third class, $20.

In addition to the pay shown, all men can gain good conduct badges, for which they receive pay for one badge, 2 cents a day, for two badges, 5 cents, for three badges, 10 cents. All secure free board and lodging, and when on leave exceeding 48 hours a money allowance is granted. A free outfit of clothing is granted, and an annual gratuity for its upkeep.

SENATE COMMITTEE AMENDS DAM BILL

Reports Favorably on Proposal To Dam the Long Sault.

[Canadian Press.]

Washington, Feb. 18.—The Senate committee on commerce today directed a favorable report on Senator Oliver's bill authorizing the Long Sault Development Company, of New York, to construct a power dam across the St. Lawrence River, south of the international boundary line, near Long Sault Island, New York. It is understood that the bill is designed to enable a manufacturing concern of Pittsburg to obtain power for their plant on the Canadian border. The bill was amended by the committee from the original draft in a number of particulars. The life of the franchise was reduced from 99 to 50 years. It was provided that before any work shall commence, the plans must be approved by the international joint commission to be appointed in accordance with the treaty of 1910, or by such other tribunal as may be agreed upon by the governments of the United States and Canada. Actual construction of the work shall be commenced within two years, and completed within fifteen years.

CAPTAIN BURK DEAD.

Chatham, Feb. 17.—Captain Samuel Burk, aged 87 years, is dead at the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. A. Morgan, Harwich Township. He was born in the township of Darling, near Bowmanville, and previous to taking up his residence in Harwich he had been a lake captain, sailing the great lakes for between 20 and 30 years.

GETS NEW TRIAL.

oronto, Feb. 18.—The divisional court has decided that Winfield Smith, of Hamilton, is entitled to a new trial of his action against the Hamilton Street Railway Company, upon his paying the costs of the first trial and of the appeal to the divisional court.

Mr. Justice Middleton dismissed his action at the trial. Smith claimed damages for being thrown from a car on the Barton street line on July 4 last while he was in a sleepy stupor. He lurched out upon his head as the car went round a sharp curve near the Jockey Club.

The Dominion Bank

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CAPITAL PAID UP - $4,000,000 00 RESERVE FUNDS - $5,300,000 00
TOTAL ASSETS - $62,600,000 00

LONDON OFFICE—CORNER DUNDAS AND RICHMOND STREETS.
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SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—$1 00 opens an account. The convenient locality of our new office affords special attraction for ladies, whose household accounts are solicited. Interest added and compounded half-yearly. Joint accounts may be opened, and cheques there against may be signed by both or either, or the survivor of them.

WE CASH CHEQUES ON ANY BANK.

C. A. ROSS, Manager

Offices to let. Apply at bank.

LOCAL ITEMS

Rev. J. R. Wright, of Vancouver, secretary of the Canadian and Foreign Bible Society for British Columbia, made a short visit this week to his sister, Mrs. Paton, on Princess avenue.

Judge Finkle Here.

Judge Finkle, of Woodstock, was a visitor in the city today, and called on a number of friends at the court house.

River Is Quiet.

Despite Friday's thaw and the recent heavy rains the river has not risen to any appreciable extent. This afternoon about 14 inches of water is going over the dam at the Springbank pumping station. This is but 10 inches above normal.

Lecture by Miss Stoddart.

Miss Cora F. Stoddart, of Boston, will deliver one of her interesting and famous lectures at the Normal School Auditorium on Thursday evening, Feb. 23. Miss Stoddart will take up social questions, and undoubtedly she will give some entertaining views on this subject.

Shows for Midway.

The Western Fair directors are making every effort to secure an excellent midway for the exhibition next September. Friday Mr. Henry Myerhoff, of New York, was interviewed by Mr. A. M. Hunt, the secretary, and made a proposition to him for furnishing shows. He is manager of the Park booking circuit, and he has a large number of shows under his control. The directors at an early meeting will discuss the proposition.

First Aid Work.

The first local C. P. R. class to receive instruction in first aid work was held in the waiting-room at the depot Friday night, and was largely attended. The lectures were given by Dr. W. J. Stevenson, who explained to the men various methods of setting fractures. A skeleton was shown, and the members of the class learned a lot about various bones. The next lecture will be held on Friday evening, and

EAST LONDON NEWS

POISONER AT WORK.

A dog poisoner is at work in the south end of the city. On Thursday a valuable collie belonging to Mr. James Nesbitt, butcher, at the corner of Hill and Adelaide street, came back to the shop, sick, and in less than ten minutes was dead. Mr. Nesbitt states that the poison used must have been a very powerful one, as the dog was only away a short time, and when it left there was nothing wrong with it. A dog belonging to a neighbor named Roberts was taken sick a day or so before, but it recovered. There was every indication, however, that it had been poisoned.

TRUSTEES MEET.

A meeting of the board of trustees of Hyatt Avenue Methodist Church was held last evening in the parsonage and was well attended. The routine business matters of the board were taken up and disposed of, and Dr. E. Spence was elected a new member.

At the conclusion of the meeting, Mrs. (Rev.) Reid invited the members to the dining-room, where a dainty oyster supper had been prepared, and the remainder of the evening was spent in social intercourse.

EAST END NOTES.

The funeral of Joseph Mann, of Chelsea Green was held this afternoon from the family residence, Adelaide street, to Trinity Church, Chelsea Green, where funeral services were conducted at 2 o'clock. Interment was made in Woodland Cemetery.

Mr. F. Cater, of the Hobbs Manufacturing Company's office staff, left today for Winnipeg, where he will be engaged with the company in their western office.

SCOTTSVILLE.

About forty-five of the young people of the North Street Methodist Sunday school took possession of the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Hunt on Tuesday evening, the 14th inst., and gave their daughter, Mrs. John Thomas (Effie), a surprise on her return from her wedding trip. Miss Minnie Burrows, in behalf of the company, read an appropriate address, in which reference was made to her faithfulness as a Christian worker, and as a Sunday school teacher in particular, and Miss Myrtle Hunt presented her with some beautiful table linen. Mrs. Thomas thanked them for their expression of appreciation and gift of love. After spending a pleasant evening the ladies served refreshments. Mr. and Mrs. Thomas expect to leave on the 27th inst. for their new home in Tanford, Sask.

THAMESFORD.

Thamesford, Feb. 17.—The third friendly game of hockey between Banner team and Thamesford, being the play-off game, resulted in victory of 3 to 2 in favor of Banner.

The debate in St. Andrew's lecture hall was well attended on Monday evening. Subject: Resolved, that agricultural pursuits was preferable to a business life; the young men handled the subject well. The decision was given in favor of agriculture from the points given.

The induction of Rev. Mr. Galbraith is to be held on the evening of Feb. 24, and a meeting of London Presbytery to meet on the same evening. The ladies intend having a tea meeting later.

Mr. William Ross is very ill, but all his friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Miss Russell and Miss Morrison, of Duntroon, who have been visiting Mrs. E. A. Dundas, went to Dorchester on Monday to visit with Mrs. Thomas McFarlane.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. McDonald were called to Otterville on Saturday to attend the funeral of Mr. Fish, of that place.

TILLSONBURG.

Tillsonburg, Feb. 17.—Mrs. McKee, of Wallacetown, is spending a few days with her daughter, Miss Margaret McKee.

W. B. Hogarth was a Toronto visitor this week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Barkey entertained the members of the hockey club to an oyster supper last night.

George Rice was the guest of his brother at Currie this week.

Mrs. Blinn has returned from a visit with her brother, Wm. Teall, at Vienna.

Mrs. G. E. Flynn and Mrs. Edwin Kurtz, of Buffalo, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Merrill.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Somers attended the McKenzie-Burt wedding at St. George on Wednesday.

Miss Clara Johnston is the guest of friends in Hamilton.

Miss Lulu Garnham, who has been the guest of friends in this vicinity, returned this week to Calgary.

Lieut.-Col. Mayberry, of Ingersoll, was a Tillsonburg visitor this week in the interests of the Twenty-fourth Grey Horse troop.

Miss Taylor is the guest of friends in St. Thomas this week.

Mrs. Lutes was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Brady, at Calton, this week.

Tillsonburg, Feb. 17.—Mr. and Mrs. Schuyler, of Simcoe, are guests of Mayor G. R. and Mrs. Christie.

Miss L. Hillis, who has been spending the last two weeks with her nephew, Charles Brown, has returned home.

Mrs. Edgar Thayer, of Simcoe, is visiting Mrs. J. Lambert.

E. C. Monteith, clerk of the division court, is moving into the Marshall Block, and will occupy the office lately vacated by D. C. Davis.

The Travel Club will meet on Tuesday, Feb. 21. Mrs. Dutton and Mrs. Hill will give short papers, and Miss Lewis will give a talk on San Souci.

ST. MARYS.

St. Marys, Feb. 18.—Mr. Ed Woolway, of Duluth, Minn., was a visitor this week to his father, Mr. Thomas Woolway, who is ill.

On Tuesday evening last Miss Myrtle Crab entertained in honor of the Misses Monn, before their departure for St. Louis and other points in the States.

The Maxwell Maple Leaf Band is engaged to play at the Princess Rink, Stratford, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 22nd.

The board of water, light and heat commission held a brief session last evening. The secretary presented several communications. Messrs. R. S. Graham and B. F. Lancaster, auditors, presented their report, which showed a surplus over expenditures, and which was very satisfactory to the board. The commissioners thanked the auditors for the very concise way in which they had presented their report. On motion of Commissioner Reesor, a grant the same as last year was passed to the auditors, being $30 each. On motion of Commissioner Reesor it was voted that warrants be issued for the several accounts, amounting to $520 83.

The matter of generator account was left over to a full meeting of the board. Chairman Weir stated that the court case against the board was entered, and that the case included him, and that court would be held at Stratford Monday next.

Mrs. Joseph Perrin, Water street south, is at present very ill.

Miss Nettie Birch, Water street, who is very ill, was reported yesterday to be a little easier.

Master Albert Jameson, corner of Jones and Wellington streets, will give a birthday party to his young friends next Monday.

BOTHWELL.

Bothwell, Feb. 17.—Charlie Nickle, of London, was in town on Friday.

John McNeil visited in Chatham this week.

Miss Blanche McMurphy is visiting her cousin, Miss Rheta McAlister, at the Alma College, St. Thomas.

Henry Hillman, of Clachan, was in town on Friday.

Frank Huntley, of St. Thomas, was in town on Friday.

Dan McLaren is visiting in St. Thomas.

Gordon Banghart, of Cario, was the guest of friends in town on Friday.

WATFORD.

Watford, Feb. 17.—Allan Sharp has purchased the blacksmith shop occupied by him, and the premises at the corner of Main and Erie streets, from D. Alexander.

W. T. McCormick has sold his premises, corner of Main and Ontario streets, to the Sterling Bank. The bank will build in the spring a handsome two-story building, of red hand-pressed brick, with white stone facings.

Miss LaMura Dodds is the guest of friends in Sarnia.

Chief Shaw has sent in his resignation as constable, and the council are asking for applications for the position.

Mr. R. McFadden, of London, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. S. P. Irwin.

The February meeting of the Daughters of the Empire was held at the home of Mrs. Bennett. Mrs. A. Mitchell assisted the hostess. The following officers were elected by ballot: Regent, Mrs. A. G. Brown; first vice-regent, Mrs. Geo. Chambers; second vice-regent, Mrs. T. Harris; secretary, Mrs. S. Mitchell; treasurer, Mrs. N. B. Howden; standard-bearer, Miss Baird. A pleasing feature of the programme was a piano duet by Misses Hughes and Morgan, of Kerwood. Mrs. S. Mitchell gave a paper on Canadian winter sports; Miss Alfreda Mitchell a piano solo, and Mrs. Brown an excellent reading. The next meeting will be at the home of Mrs. E. Lamont, Front street.

Miss May Tanner, Sarnia, is the guest of E. D. Swift.

W. T. Fuller and daughter Milly, who have been visiting relatives in Watford and vicinity, leave for their home in Allen, Sask., on Saturday.

Miss Ethel Gibson is attending the millinery openings in London.

Mrs. A. K. Wanless, Sarnia, who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. Class, returned home on Wednesday.

TO PREVENT THE GRIP.

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. 25c. 19ff-ty

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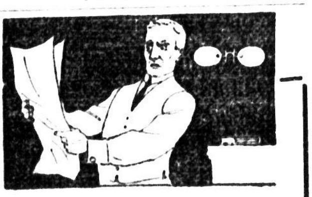

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Johnston Bros. X X X Bread

It merits a place on your table three times a day.

At grocers or delivered.

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PHONE 944.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

Progressive Euchre.

Progressive euchre was played last night in the South London Liberal Club. The prize was secured by Mr. F. Harvey, who won thirteen out of fifteen games. The prize was donated by ex-Ald. Gerry.

A Talent Tea.

A talent tea and sale of work and home-made cooking was held yesterday afternoon and evening under the auspices of the Dorcas branch of the St. James' Church Bible Class of South London, at the home of Mrs. Portlice, 92 Askin street. The proceeds will be devoted to the Victorian Order of Nurses. The tea was in every way successful, quite a number of ladies being present.

Sunday Appointments.

Huron College appointments for Sunday, Feb. 19: Norwich, Rev. Prof. Jeakins; Galt, P. J. K. Law; Hespeler, A. S. H. Cree; Lakeside, W. H. Robarts; Kelvin, J. Cartlidge; Belmont, K. Alexander; Hospital for the Insane, H. C. Light; London Township, F. C. Ryott; Church of the Redeemer, N. L. Ward; Lambeth and Chelsea Green, G. B. Campion; St. Mark's, H. C. Light; St. David's, A. A. Trumper; Aged People's Home, P. Harding.

Moving to London.

The other evening about thirty-five friends and neighbors of Mr. and Mrs. J. Standfield called on them at their home on the Gore road to say goodbye and wish them good luck in their departure for the city, where they intend making their home. Mr. Lansdale read a nicely-worded address, and Mrs. Beattie presented Mr. Standfield with a handsome arm chair, and Mrs. Standfield with a silver cracker jar. Mr. Standfield replied, expressing regrets at leaving after sixteen years' of friendly intercourse with his neighbors of the Gore. The evening was spent in cards and dancing. Mr. and Mrs. Standfield entertained all in a hospitable style, and an oyster supper was served.

DOMINION SAVINGS & INVESTMENT SOCIETY

Annual Report Is Record of Advancement and Stability.

The annual report of the Dominion Savings and Investment Society, issued today, is a record of progress and advancement.

During the year 1910, this society, by careful management and shrewd business ability, made great strides, and undoubtedly it is now numbered among the strongest financial institutions of Western Ontario.

The earnings of the company totalled $112,274.86 for the year. Of this amount, dividends amounting to $37,372 were paid, and $20,000 was carried to the reserve fund, which now amounts to $150,000. The remainder was expended in necessary expenses, with the exception of $2,542.10, which was placed in the contingent fund.

This large addition to the reserve fund is a matter of congratulation, and the directors were more than pleased with this fact.

The shareholders were well pleased with the excellent report, and re-elected the old directors—Messrs. T. H. Purdom, K. C., John Ferguson, W. T. McMurtry, Samuel Wright, John Purdom, John Milne and Nathaniel Mills.

Mention was made of the death of P. M. Francis Love, one of the directors, and his demise was sincerely regretted. For eleven years he had acted on the board, and his knowledge and experience were of great value to the society. His place on the board was taken by Mr. Milne, managing director of the Northern Life Assurance Company.

Mr. T. H. Purdom was again elected president of the society, and Mr. John Ferguson, vice-president.

Mendelssohn's "Elijah."

The choir of the First Methodist Church are doing the second part of the oratorio "Elijah" at the evening service tomorrow. Rev. Mr. Whiting will give the first of a series of sermons on Elijah, and the church choir and the regular soloists will be assisted by Mr. Francis Firth, late of New York. B

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COLLEEN-SHEILA
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LORRAINE VIOLETS
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Exquisite, dainty and lasting.

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Chemists and Druggists.

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CORRESPONDENCE

The City Hall Site.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

In one of your former issues it was suggested that the citizens should discuss through the columns of the different journals of the city their views regarding what they thought would be the most suitable site for our city hall. Kindly give space in your valuable journal to this letter expressing my views. During the past few weeks there have been many suggestions from different writers regarding a site, from their point of view. Assuming that they are honest in their convictions and have no axe to grind, it is a pity that they cannot all be pleased. Among the different sites that have been selected by others, the one that appeals to me as the proper one is jointly owned by the city and county, situated on the west side of Ridout street, between Dundas and King streets, and covers the whole block, and could be extended further west to the river, making it a block and a half in extent, with very little expense, and could be beautified to give it a park like appearance; and if this suggestion was acted upon there would be no large sum required for a site, and thus there would be more money at the disposal of the building committee to erect a stately building large enough to meet all requirements for the city and county for very many years to come, and to which the ratepayers could point with pride, it being a credit to them. And, further, when you take into consideration that our farmer friends are our city's best customers and leave enormous sums with our merchants annually, it should induce us to do our very best to come to some agreeable terms with each other with a view of erecting a building on a site that all may be proud of. This seems to me to be the common sense view of the matter, and would obviate the necessity of spending one half of the available funds, probably, if one of the other proposed sites were selected. Thanking you for space. Yours very sincerely,

DAVID SARE.

Rose Villa, Evergreen avenue, London, Ont.

The Endless Chain Fraud.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

By your permission may I use the columns of the public press to reply to an anonymous communication yesterday? It was another of those missives called "chain letter." This particular one asked me to pray for mankind in general (which I sincerely do without the request of a chain letter). If I neglect to carry on the chain a "calamity" is foretold to occur to me; but if I send, on nine succeeding days, nine other such ridiculous letters to my friends, a "great blessing" will be mine.

Now, many people in London receive such epistles from time to time, and I regret to say that the senders are generally women. Certain people may be intimidated by threats of calamities, even though the senders are presumed to be praying for all mankind. How can one offer a universal prayer and yet threaten an individual? No wonder such letters are anonymous! Some of those which have come to me have contained so many errors in grammar and spelling that for this reason, if for no other, I would disdain to pass them on.

For the sake of those whose peace of mind may be disturbed, will not the people of London display enough common sense to suppress this nuisance? Let us pray for mankind everywhere, but the chain letter and its threat let us destroy and forget, and look for our blessings from other sources than the writing of such missives. Sincerely yours,

SARAH LAWRENCE, Teacher.

London, Feb. 17.

RETAIL TRADE KEEPS UP WELL

All Local Factories Are Actively Engaged.

COLLECTIONS ARE FAIR

Bradstreet's Report of Commercial Conditions in All Sections of Country.

London reports to Bradstreet's say city retail trade has kept up surprisingly well. Wholesale business has been held back by bad weather, but there is a feeling of confidence regarding future business. Local factories continue actively engaged. Deliveries of country produce are fair, and prices hold steady. Collections are fair.

Ottawa reports say trade there holds steady in tone, and the volume of business moving is fairly satisfactory. Retail trade has been good, and wholesalers report excellent demands for sorting lines. Prospects for spring continue good. In the district heavy storms have held up business, and deliveries of produce have not been large.

Steady at Montreal.

Montreal reports to Bradstreet's say general trade continues steady in character, and the volume in all branches of business holds very satisfactory for this time of the year. Retail business has been good in the city, but trade outside has been somewhat disturbed by the blizzards, which have to some extent affected traffic. The movement of goods, however, is now fairly regular, and the season's shipments are so far well up to expectations. The drygoods trade is reported to be of good volume. Sorting orders have picked up in many lines, and travellers are sending in excellent orders for spring goods. Values generally hold firm. The demand for general lines of hardware is steadily stiffening, and the outlook favors an excellent spring trade. Business in metals promises to be heavy. Paints and oils are moving well, and prices are firm in tone. In groceries trade is steady and of fair volume. Country business has been affected by snow blockades. Deliveries of produce are fair and prices about steady. Collections are reported on the slow side.

Good at Toronto.

Toronto reports to Bradstreet's say city business continues generally good. Seasonable weather has resulted in an excellent demand for winter lines, and special February furniture sales are being run by the larger stores. Recent snowstorms have upset railroad traffic, and have caused considerable inconveniences. Shipments of goods have been delayed, and travellers have had considerable difficulty in getting about. Mail orders have, however, been good, and prospects for spring business continue excellent. Values generally hold firm in tone. An excellent business is opening up in hardware, and it is evident that building activities will be most pronounced in all parts of Canada during the coming summer. A fair demand is noted for staple groceries, and in drygoods large shipments are preparing to go forward. Local factories are busy. Money is offering fairly freely for general business purposes, and collections are generally fair. Deliveries of country produce are about normal.

Winnipeg reports say the past week has seen some improvement in the transportation situation throughout the west, and as a result stocks of goods are moving more generally. The volume of business is of fair proportions. An excellent business for spring is reported in most lines. Here and there are indications that the merchants are holding off in anticipation of price reductions. City trade has been quite active. The money market is in excellent shape, and the conditions are fair to good.

Vancouver and Victoria reports say bad weather and the closing of lumber camps and mines has considerably affected wholesale trade during the past few weeks, but there has recently been signs of improvement, and a more active trade all round is looked for before the end of the month. Local trade is generally satisfactory. Preparations for spring are well under way, and everything points to an excellent season's business. Collections are generally fair.

Quebec reports to Bradstreet's say: Retail trade is moderately active, and wholesalers appear satisfied with the volume of business done, and collections are reported slowly improving. In the city local industries appear to be well employed, and the outlook continues favorable.

Hamilton reports say trade there keeps steady in character, and compares in volume well with previous seasons. Heavy snow has affected communication with outside points, but when this difficulty is done with there is every indication that business will be good. Local retail trade is excellent, and factories there are busily engaged.

Excellent Train Service to Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Philadelphia and New York.

Via Grand Trunk Railway System. Trains leave London as follows:

12:14 a.m., daily, for Niagara Falls, Philadelphia and New York. Through coaches and sleepers to New York.

3:43 a.m., daily, for Niagara Falls, Buffalo and New York. Through Pullman sleepers.

11:40 a.m., daily, for Niagara Falls and Buffalo.

4:25 p.m., daily, for Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Philadelphia and New York. Pullman sleepers Buffalo to Philadelphia and New York.

Secure tickets, berth reservations, etc., from Mr. R. E. Ruse, city passenger and ticket agent, or Mr. H. M. Hayes, depot ticket agent, London, Ont. 17c

FATAL EXPLOSION.

Marquette, Mich., Feb. 18.—A boiler at the Fibern stone quarry, Fibern, Mackinaw County, exploded yesterday, with the result that one man was killed and seven were seriously injured, one of them fatally. The victims are all of Finnish nationality.

1,200 Students Trained By Our Management Last Year

Largest trainers in Canada. A worthy link in a great chain of colleges established during the past twenty-six years. We have been tested in the crucible of experience with the fire of public opinion. You can arrange to pay when you complete your course. Patrons guaranteed. Modern equipment, individual instruction. Day and night classes open the entire year. University trained teachers. We cater only to those wishing to become expert stenographers, bookkeepers, telegraphers, etc. You may study all at home, or partly at home, and finish at any of our colleges. For particulars call, write or phone Western Ontario's High-grade Commercial School.

LONDON BUSINESS COLLEGE

Corner Dundas and Park Avenue, London, Canada.

George Spotton, Principal. zxt

Agricultural Savings and Loan Company

The Thirty-Ninth Annual General Meeting was held in the Company's office on Thursday, 16th inst., at 2 p.m., when the following Financial Statement was presented:

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER, 1910.

DR.			CR.	
To Dividends		$37,812 00	By Balance brought forward	$ 7,045 79
To Interest on Savings Bank Deposits	$17,026 00		By Interest earned, etc.	138,688 35
To Interest on debentures	40,713 47	57,739 47	By Rents from Company's Building	2,943 00
To General Expense Account, including Directors' Fees, Solicitors' Fees, Auditors' Salaries, Municipal and Provincial Taxes		12,762 63		
To Repairs to Company's Building		264 60		
To Commission on Loans		4,633 73		
To Land Inspection		1,139 20		
To Expenses and Commission on Debentures		740 96		
To Written off Real Estate		1,462 08		
To Transferred to Reserve Fund		25,000 00		
To Balance carried forward		7,122 47		
		$148,677 14		$148,677 14

ASSETS.			LIABILITIES.		
			TO THE PUBLIC:		
Cash Value of Mortgages on Real Estate	$2,356,188 34		Savings Deposits	$511,580 37	
Less retained to pay Prior Mortgages	3,751 01	$2,352,437 33	Currency Debentures	761,273 90	
Loans on Stocks and Bonds		42,518 86	Sterling Debentures	189,994 36	
Agricultural Savings and Loan Company's Building		29,000 00	Interest accrued on Debentures	12,140 28	$1,476,659 37
Rents accrued		443 00	TO SHAREHOLDERS:		
Stocks and Bonds		5,600 00	Capital Stock	630,200 00	
Real Estate owned		8,920 00	Reserve Fund	365,000 00	
Cash on hand and in Banks		58,968 65	Dividend No. 77 (payable Jan. 3, 1911)	18,906 00	
			Balance Profit and Loss Account	7,122 47	
			Sundry Liabilities	1,670 46	$1,021,228 47
		$2,497,887 84			$2,497,887 84

C. P. BUTLER, Manager.

We hereby certify that we have audited the Accounts of the Agricultural Savings and Loan Company, of London, Ontario, for the year ending 31st December, 1910, and find the same correct and in accordance with the above statements and the Company's books. We have examined the Cash and Bank Accounts and Vouchers monthly, and have carefully checked every entry in the Company's Ledgers, and we have examined the Company's Securities and find them in order.

F. G. JEWELL, C. A.,
ANDREW DALE, Auditors.

London, Ontario, February 4th, 1911.

The Board of Directors, consisting of Messrs. W. J. Reid, Major Thomas Beattie, M.P., T. H. Smallman, M. Masuret and Thomas P. McCormick, were re-elected. At a subsequent meeting of the Directors, Mr. W. J. Reid was re-elected President, and Major Thomas Beattie, M. P., Vice-President.

Suit Bargains For Tonight and Monday

70 New Spring Suits, regular prices $15, $18, $20 and $22, for, each **$11.90**

50 New Spring Suits, regular prices $10, $12 and $14, for, each **$7.40**

Don't miss this chance to procure a new suit for about half price. All clothes pressed and fitted before leaving the store.

GRAHAM BROS.

WALL PAPER

Our immense stock of New Papers for the season of 1911 is almost complete.

We cordially invite you to come in and look over our samples.

Odd Ceiling Paper at 2c a roll.

A. E. JOLLY & CO.

190 DUNDAS STREET.

A Reliable Road-Maker.

If Bicycles could speak they would sing the praises of the Dunlop Tires. "Dunlops" add to the days of the Bicycle by smoothing out jolts and saving the cost of repairs. Dunlop Tires are manufactured by an exclusive process. You simply cannot get Dunlop Perfection unless you equip your Bicycle with Dunlop Tires.

Seven companies supply London with gas and the prices vary from 49 to 69 cents for 1,000 feet.

Through Colonist Cars to Winnipeg and West, Comfortable Travel for Settlers, Etc.

New leather-seated colonist cars, in which berths are free, are now running between Toronto, Winnipeg and Vancouver, on the Canadian Pacific "Winnipeg Express," leaving Toronto 10:10 p.m. daily. The cars are new, bright, clean and insure a comfortable journey to the west without change of cars en route. 18u

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA

ROSS'

LIMITED

Manufacturing Furriers

Important to Fur Purchasers Who Wish to Save Money

During the next week we are offering very special values in Alaska Sable, Natural Mink and Persian Lamb. Our stock in these Furs is yet large, and we wish to reduce it before Feb. 28, which ends our fur season.

Prompt inspection will repay buyers.

Natural Mink Sets, $22.50, $25, $32.50, $50.

Natural Mink Muffs, $19, $25, $32, $40.

Natural Mink Ties, $6, $8.50, $10, $13.50.

Natural Mink Stoles, $30.50, $40, $45, $50 up to $95.

Alaska Sable Sets, $25, $28, $31 50, $33, $40

Alaska Sable Muffs, $15, $16.50, $18.50, $20

Alaska Sable Ruffs, $13.50, $16.50, $18.50, $20.

Persian Lamb Sets, $19.50, $27.50, $32.50 up to $75.

Persian Lamb Ties, $6, $9, $12, $15.

Persian Lamb Muffs, $13.50, $16.50, $18.50, $20 up to $40

196 DUNDAS ST. London, Ont.

"One Swallow Does Not Make a Summer—or a Jag, Either."

It's swallow after swallow, and it's ton after ton of good coal at a fair price that has made Hunt Bros. the reliable coal men.

Eventually you will try their coal.

WHY NOT NOW?

Telephones 123 or 412

Office and Yard: Waterloo St. and M. C. R.

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Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. Sold all over the world.

Get the habit. Take a "Little Digester" after each meal and be strong and well. These dainty stomach renovators are sold at 25 cents the box, at your druggist's or by mail. The Coleman Medicine Co. Toronto.

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Mink Sets, $22.50,
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Mink Muffs, $19,
$32, $40.
Mink Ties, $6,
$10, $13.50.
Mink Stoles,
0, $40, $45, $
$95.
Sets, $25,
$31 50, $33, $40
Sable Muffs, $15,
0, $18.50, $20
able Ruffs, $13.50,
$18.50, $20.
Lamb Sets, $19.50,
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Lamb Ties, $6, $9,
$15.
Lamb Muffs,
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THE HOBBLE SKIRT IN COURT

Actress Sues Tailor Because She Had to Be Lifted Into a Boat.

THE WOEFUL story of a lady's adventures in a "hobble skirt" entertained the Westminster county court, London, England, on Jan. 31.

Mrs. Bennett, an actress, sued in her professional name as Miss Clifford, set up the defence that one of the costumes was useless, as the hobble skirt prevented her from walking, and the tight sleeves of the jacket stopped the circulation of her blood.

At the suggestion of Judge Woodfall, the lady appeared in court in the hobble skirt, with a jacket to match, and gave evidence that she had done her best to wear the clothes. "You see," she said, standing between the plaintiff's and defendant's boxes, and lifting one foot just off the floor, "I can't get into a 'bus with it on." (Laughter.)

Her Solicitor—How long did it take you to walk a mile in it?

Miss Clifford—It is looser now, because it split in my attempts to walk in it. (Laughter.) It took me three hours to go from Twickenham to Richmond, and at the ferry I was stuck on the bank unable to get into the boat. They had to lift me in. (Laughter.) And I had to be lifted out. Then I found I couldn't get into a 'bus, and I had to have a taxicab home. (Laughter.) That was the only time I wore the hobble."

Plaintiff, Morris Sheimrock, who claimed £8 12s for two costumes, said he made the hobble skirt in the fashion.

Judge Woodfall said he had to decide these cases in a rough and ready way, hoping to do justice to the parties. He allowed half-price for the jacket, and on the whole gave judgment for the plaintiff for £5 and the court fees.

MARIE HALL'S STRANGE CAREER

Played a Violin on the Streets as a Child—Has Married Her Manager.

MISS MARIE HALL, the famous violinist, was quietly married at Marylebone Parish Church, London, England, on Jan. 28, to Mr. Edward Baring, of Cheltenham, who has been her business manager for several years.

Dr. W. D. Morrison, the rector, performed the ceremony, the bride, who wore a dress of pale blue chiffon velvet and a black hat with blue roses, being given away by Mr. Napier Miles. Miss Louie Basche (Miss Marie Hall's accompanist) was the only bridesmaid, and Mr. Moneco, a friend of the bridegroom, was best man. A small party of friends were present, including Sir Francis and Lady Palmer, Mrs. de H. La Pent, Mr. and Mrs. Dodd, and Miss Fetts.

An informal reception followed the ceremony, and the bride and bridegroom subsequently left for Eastbourne, where they will spend their honeymoon prior to Miss Hall's return to the concert platform, which is expected to take place in about three months' time.

The wedding followed closely upon Miss Hall's return from her £10,000 tour in South Africa, which was arranged by Mr. Baring, and carried out under his personal direction.

It is difficult to realize, so rapid has been her progress, that not many years have passed since Miss Marie Hall played her violin in the streets to a harp accompaniment supplied by her father. Yet it was while, a mere child, she was playing at the pavement's edge, that her talent was noticed, and she was sent to London to study.

Sir Edward Elgar and Wilhelmj took the wonder-child under their care, and she soon secured the Wessely scholarship at the Royal Academy of Music. But no funds were available to maintain the gifted girl in London, and she was forced to return to her humble surroundings at Bristol and once more play in the streets.

Her great talent could not long go unnoticed, and it was a dignitary of the church, who, attracted by her skill, made it possible for her to return to London to continue her studies. Later she was sent to Prague, where she worked for 20 months under the great master, Sevcik. Her return to London in 1903 created a sensation in the musical world, and the acclamation which greeted her first appearance has since been more than justified.

LORD ROSEBERY ON EDINBURGH ROMANCE OF THE OLD CITY

Speech at the Meeting of the Old Edinburgh Club—Preserving the Records of the Famous City.

LORD ROSEBERY, in his capacity as honorary president of the Old Edinburgh Club, presided at the annual meeting of the members in the city chamber, Edinburgh, the other day. The Old Edinburgh Club was formed three years ago to foster a love for the antiquities of the Scottish capital by means of publications, lectures and excursions, and its membership, restricted to 300, is complete, and there is an admission waiting list of 70 applicants.

Lord Rosebery from the inception of the club has been honorary president, and as chairman of the meeting he moved the adoption of the reports of the secretary and treasurer. He thought they would all agree, he said, that it was quite impossible for any club, be it young or old, and theirs was a young club, to be in a more satisfactory condition, both financially and in every way, than was the Old Edinburgh Club.

History and Fiction.

But the real cause of their pride, the substantial base on which their club must rest, was their annual publications and he had brought there the second report of the club, which he ventured to say was one of the best productions of the kind that any society had ever circulated. (Applause.) He did not think there was a word of that volume that he had not read, and he could truly say that all the articles seemed to him to be of engrossing interest. The gem of this admirable volume was in the exquisite and living monograph, written by their president, Mr. W. D. Blackie, on the residence of Charles Edward at Holyrood. He did not know any monograph of the kind that he had read with so deep an interest as he had that extraordinarily picturesque and vivid narrative. (Applause.) Of course, they all took their impressions of Charles Edward at Holyrood from the legitimate source; he meant the novel of "Waverley." Sir Walter Scott wrote 70 or 80 years after the event he recorded and he touched it with knowledge, with experience, and, above all, with the exquisite touch of genius, which enabled him to enter into the very details of those times and represent them to us in a manner which we could not forget. He (Lord Rosebery) was afraid that while others might write of that time, the impression of "Waverley" would be the one which was sealed upon their memories and imaginations. After all, fiction was not always the worst place in which to look for history.

A Story of Disraeli.

There was a story of Mr. Disraeli at the time of this extremely bumptious youth, when he had just returned from his travels in the east. He met Lord Melbourne, who was then prime minister, at dinner, and Lord Melbourne proceeded to discourse on an eastern question. But instead of listening to the prime minister with the respect which he ought, young Disraeli said: "It seems to me that your lordship has taken your knowledge of the east from the 'Arabian Nights.'" Some prime ministers he had known would have snubbed the young man severely. Lord Melbourne was not of that kind. He rubbed his hands with great cheerfulness and said, "A devilish good place to take them from." (Laughter.) He thought they would all feel, in the milder language of the twentieth century, that "Waverley" was an uncommonly good place to take their impressions of Prince Charles Edward at Holyrood from. Mr. Blackie now took a little of the gilt off the gingerbread, if he might so express himself. They all know from "Waverley" that Charles Edward led Flora McIver out to the dance. Mr. Blackie tells us that there is nothing so authentic as our knowledge of the fact that Prince Charles never danced at all. Well, in spite of Mr. Blackie, Charles Edward would lead Flora out to the dance for centuries to come.

Charles Edward's Reign at Holyrood.

Another blow Mr. Blackie had dealt them was this, that Charles Edward never wore the kilt. He heard a groan. (Laughter.) He thought it might come from a source on his right (indicating Mr. Theodore Napier, who habitually wears a kilt of the Stuart period). Besides all that which they might usefully discuss that day—the anniversary of the great tragedy of the Stuart race—they were given a singularly vivid picture of Edinburgh. Mr. Blackie noticed the profound melancholy on the features of the young prince. After all, that melancholy was not wonderful. He was enjoying the only six weeks of reign he ever was to know. Had he been less willing to reign in Edinburgh he might have reigned for a time in London. Had he marched south when he first arrived without losing any time on the way, he would have found Edinburgfh absolutely denuded of troops, and no obstacle offered itself, according to the testimony of the ministers and statesmen of the time, to his immediate march on London. How long he would have remained there he could not tell. He thought not long. At any rate, the prince preferred—and they could not criticise and disparage him for doing so—he preferred to reign six weeks for certain in Edinburgh to the possibility of reigning a much longer time in London. He had made inquiries as to whether the monograph had been published as a separate treatise, but he was told it was not. Perhaps it was best that it should not be, because its fame, he thought, would attract many anxious candidates into their ranks.

Two Old Accounts of Edinburgh.

There were two books of travel on Edinburgh which he thought had been somewhat overlooked, which gave a picture not less striking than Mr. Blackie's of the condition of their city at the time at which they were written. One was a journey to Edinburgh taken in 1705, written by a gentleman of whom nothing was known except his name, Joseph Taylor, late of the Inner Temple. That was a pretty broad description of any author. It was two years before the union that he made his journey, and the other book referred to a journey taken two years after the union, which was interesting for purposes of comparison. The second book was written by Dr. Calamy, a famous Nonconformist divine, who came to Edinburgh in 1709. Dr. Calamy was a much abler person than Mr. Taylor, and he was glad to say that Dr. Calamy gave a much more agreeable account of Edinburgh than Mr. Taylor did. Mr. Taylor had nothing pleasant to say. He disliked the country and its inhabitants. He disliked above all the fragrance of Edinburgh—(laughter)—and he was by no means anxious for the corporate or federal union that was being talked about. Dr. Calamy, on the other hand, saw everything couleur de rose. But the circumstances were so different that they could understand how he took a more favorable view. Whenever Dr. Calamy went to a university town a degree was instantly conferred upon him. In whatever burgh he stopped the provost and bailies at once waited on him to offer him the burgess ticket. (Laughter.) More than that, Dr. Calamy was asked to preach everywhere, even in private chapels belonging to the court. He was conducted about Edinburgh by the great Carstairs, the friend and the confidant of William the Third, and he seemed to have made a sort of royal progress. On the other hand, Mr. Taylor paid his own expenses everywhere, which he did not seem to have enjoyed. ((Laughter.) He was received with no particular enthusiasm anywhere, and he leaped for joy when he crossed the border and left Scotland forever. Passing southwards to England, he came on such a stony part of Westmorland that he said if the projected union ever took place he should wish that Scotland should be united to Westmorland alone, as being the only congenial place to which it could be united. (Laughter.)

The Edinburgh Mob in the Old Days.

He thought it was not an ill thing for them, even at this time of day, to rub up these old Edinburgh memories, and revive them and draw what morals they could from them. Dr. Calamy had said that the High street of Edinburgh was the noblest street in Christendom, but he (Lord Rosebery) was afraid it was not altogether the most agreeable street in Christendom, because he had always had the suspicion that the smell of Edinburgh must have extended for many miles around. (Laughter.) It was because of the very narrow limits of Edinburgh that it seemed to him always so easy to depict in one's imagination what was the aspect of the High street and Canongate of Edinburgh at that period. From one point of view it was probably very disagreeable, but it was all vivid and picturesque, all condensed and ancient. But to those who could remember the outbreaks of violence which occasionally characterized Edinburgh it must have seemed sometimes like living on a volcano. He did not know of any mob in history which seemed so formidable in its silence, its discipline, its unexpectedness and its ruthlessness as that of the mob which dragged Captain Porteous to his death. He had tried to show them why it was that Edinburgh appealed even to those who did not belong to the city, and why Old Edinburgh held on to their hearts with so passionate a tenacity, after all this time; and while that feeling was strong among them—and might it never weaken!—the Old Edinburgh Club was destined to flourish. (Applause.)

MANY LONDON DEBUTANTES

Brilliant Social Season to Mark Coronation Year—An Unprecedented Number of Young Women to Be Presented to Society.

THE coming season in London will usher into the ranks of society a greater number of debutantes than any previous season. Owing to the death of King Edward last year and the cessation of courts and other functions many girls who expected to make their bow before royalty and take their places in the world of society were then deprived of the privilege, and no English debutante of high social standing is considered fairly launched till she has been seen at court. In the meantime these women have been neither in the schoolroom nor participants in such dinners and dances as have been given, and most of them have spent the winter abroad.

Then in addition there are the girls who have just finished school this year and are to make their debut, and there happens to be an unusual number of these. Lastly there are the girls who in the ordinary course of events would not appear in society for another year but whose parents think it wise to let them come out a little earlier so that they may have the benefit of the coronation festivities.

The two Princesses of Fife represent royalty among the debutantes. Princess Alexandra, the elder, has been at several balls, but owing to her mother's health she has never been actually presented; that is to say she has never been at a court. She does not bow before her royal relatives as do the other debutantes, but merely takes her place a little back of the King and Queen.

This year she and Princess Maud will attend at court and go to the various official banquets and balls which will be given in honor of distinguished visitors at the coronation. The Duchess of Fife has never entertained at all, but now with two debutante daughters on her hands it is expected that she will open her London house by giving a large reception.

Princess Alexandra is 19 and Princess Maud 17. The latter is the prettier of the two. She still looks very much of a child, with her soft brown hair tied back with a ribbon and her simple short frocks.

The Duke of Rutland's second and third daughters, Lady Violet and Lady Diana Manners, will make their debut this season. Lady Marjory, the eldest daughter, appeared two years ago, and Lady Violet was to have been presented last year. All three are beautiful girls, with the rose petal complexions found among country-bred English women, and have tall, graceful figures.

They are very clever at amateur theatricals and get up a great many performances at their country home for the benefit of local charities. The Duchess of Rutland has only a small town house and will not be able to give any balls or cotillons for her daughters, but will be sure to devise something novel in the way of a series of entertainments to include all the debutantes.

Lady Rosemary Leveson Gower, daughter of the Duchess of Sutherland, is only 17, but has already shown herself to be almost as clever as her distinguished mother. She is very handsome. She will be presented by the Duchess at the first court. Just now she is finishing her education in Dresden. Her three best friends, Lady Honor Ward, the Honorable Monica Grenfell and Lady Rosabelle Erskine, will be presented at the same time.

The Honorable Monica Grenfell is the daughter of Lady Desborough, who has just been appointed Lady of the Bedchamber to the Queen. Taplow Court, the Desborough home, will be a centre of gayety, for Lady Desborough loves entertaining, and her eldest daughter is vivacious and very popular among the younger set.

The Duke of Buccleuch's granddaughter, Lady Margaret Scott, who is 18, will be another debutante, and after her presentation it is probable that Montagu House, the fine town residence of the Duke of Buccleuch on the Embankment at Whitehall, will be thrown open in celebration of the event and a ball will be given.

The daughter of the Countess of Darnley, Lady Dorothy Bligh and the daughter of the Countess de la Warr, Lady Myra Sackville, are two other girls whose names are down for the first court. They are both 18.

The Honorable Helen Brassey, only daughter of Lady Brassey, is coming out, and numerous parties will be given for her by her mother in Lord Brassey's beautiful Park lane house.

The Countess of Dudley will present her pretty daughter, Lady Honor Ward, a year earlier than she had intended to. Some debutantes who should have been launched in the gay world last season, and who will be presented this year instead are Lady Victoria Stanley, Lady Barbara Wilbraham, daughter of the Countess of Lathom; Lady Maud Hastings, daughter of the Countess of Huntingdon, and Lady Muriel Bertie.

There will be the usual number of American presentations, of course, but they seem likely to be among travelling Americans rather than the Anglo-American set in London. There are several brides of last year who will be presented, among them being Lady Acheson, Lady Maidstone and Mrs. Montagu Elliott.

Among the women who are expected to do great things for the debutantes in the way of entertainments Americans are well represented. The Countess of Granard will open her beautiful home, Forbes House, into which she moved shortly after the King's death, with a large reception and later will have a ball. Cora, Countess of Strafford is to be counted upon for many dinners and dances. The Duchess of Marlborough promises a cotillon besides several smaller dances and the ballroom at Sunderland House is second to none in London.

Mrs. William Leeds, who has taken Mrs. George Keppel's house for the season, is a new hostess who means to entertain very largely. Mrs. Drexel and Mrs. Smith are sure to give dances for the Manners girls, in whom they are interested. Lady Cheylesmore, Lady Barrymore, Lady Newborough and many other Americans will add to the gayety of the coming season, while the entertainments at the embassy promise to excel any heretofore given by Mr. and Mrs. Reid. A dance for the Princesses of Fife will be one of their contributions.

The Duchess of Devonshire will give a royal ball. The Duchess of Westminster has planned several receptions and dances. Lady Farquhar will give the Derby ball.

TRAGEDY OF THE SILK HAT

It is Losing Favor in England—Cause for the Change.

THERE HAS been a comparative lull recently in the various records of airmen, but Mr. J. Armstrong Drexel's 7,000 feet in the air, which he himself has since beaten by rather more than 2,000 feet, is still fresh in people's minds. Speaking through the medium of the New York World, Mr. Drexel relates his experiences while learning to fly.

A Course in Flying.

He admits that he scarcely knows why he experimented in aviation: "I was at Pau, and I looked over M. Bleriot's school there. He had twenty pupils, and suddenly I made up my mind to learn to fly too. This was in January last. I had one go right away. I don't think I made very much of a success of it." Mr. Drexel became a pupil of M. Bleriot, the terms being £80 for the course, which enabled a pupil to obtain a certificate as an aviator. The test consisted in flying around a circle of a hundred and fifty yards radius and remaining in the air for a period of six minutes. The Bleriot is run by a wheel which acts like a pendulum. It works on a pivot, up and down and right and left. You steer with your feet. Pulling the wheel back makes the tail fall, and you go up in the air; pushing the wheel makes you descend. And, mind, if you lose your control it is finished, unless you are at a great height. Then you might possibly pick up your control again, but probably not."

The First Flight.

In his first flight Mr. Drexel lost control, but did no more damage than to pass through a fence. He had to ascend 80 feet before he realized that he was off the ground. "Everybody will tell you the same thing who has tried flying—you are off the ground before you know it. When you think you are up 10 feet you are probably up 200 feet. It is the most fascinating sport in the world, just the same. Confidence eventually comes to all aviators. I got mine when I received my Gnome motor. When one goes up in the air one never encounters the same conditions twice, and it takes a wonderful motor to master all varying conditions." Mr. Drexel, having got his bearing in his Bleriot, made an ascent of 7,000 feet in thirty minutes. "At such a height," he tells us, "you lose contact with the earth. You can't see very much. But you can feel that you are all right. The height doesn't worry me at all; yet I can't look over the side of a house without feeling rather queer. I can't stand on the edge of a precipice or look out of the window of a skyscraper; it makes me feel funny. But up in an aeroplane I have none of those feelings. When I am up high I feel perfectly safe. Of course, it is awfully cold, and you get the propeller blast right in the face, which is not at all inspiring." Mr. Drexel goes on to speak of one danger which is usually ignored by the general public: "If the motor stops at one of those lofty heights you must plane down, and there you take a chance with your ear-drums, for if you come down too rapidly they will break, and you will be deaf for life."

T. P. O'Connor's Impressions of the Prairie

A Vast Nocturne of Black and Yellow—The Monotony of It Oppressive in Summer—The Boundless Golden Harvest.

AN OCEAN of prairie—that is the phrase which best epitomizes my impression of the grain-lands of Saskatchewan and Alberta. If you recall what is the dominant feeling in your mind when you look at the ocean, it is its weird, enigmatic monotony. The winds may blow, and there may be a dead calm; the sky may be brilliant or dull; you may be one or four days out; you may look at it in the early morning or in the dim night; the sea is always practically the same—a gigantic, affrighting, monotonous waste of waters extending to the horizon, ending at that point all around you, and cutting you from all the ordinary life of the world on land as though you were living in a far-off fixed star. Always the same unbroken expanse, always the same horizon—night and morning, morning and night—Monday and Tuesday, Wedesday and Thursday.

The Ocean of Prairie.

This is exactly how I felt as I travelled day after day through the ocean of prairie land of the two great wheat provinces of Canada. Just as in the great expanse of tree and rock which preceded my entry into the fertile regions of Canada, I got an intense sense of sameness and of something like despair; so in passing through this unending expanse of prairie land I felt obsessed, haunted, and, in the end, rather dejected. In the early morning, all through the day—often at night—I looked out on the same expanse of prairie extending everywhere to the horizon. I speak more of what I saw in the watches of the night; for one effect of the constant travelling—though under every condition of comfort and luxury that my friends of the C. P. R. and the Canadian Northern could bestow on me—was to bring back the ever-recurrent malady of the brain-worker—the malady of sleeplessness. As I tossed and worried in the long watches of the night, I often sought relief by drawing up the blind of my sleeping berth, and looking out on the landscape. It was still the same boundless expanse of prairie extending to the horizon; the same sense of the similitude to the ocean; the same sense of the endless, the inexhaustible, and, above all, the unpeopled. As I have said, the prairie became an obsession.

A Vast Nocturne of Black and Yellow.

To explain the impression, I should say that limitless as are the stores of wealth hidden in this ground, dazzling as its future is bound to be—dotted with farmhouses, and then with towns growing with the same Arabian Nights' rapidity as Winnipeg and Vancouver—the great prairie for the present is one of the most uninviting and, except to the mind's eye, one of the most wearisome of landscapes. It is a vast Nocturne of yellow and black—a pale and sickly yellow, an ugly and sordid black. Just as you saw nothing but trees and rocks in the barren belt, so for all these hundreds of miles—extending almost into thousands—you see not a trace of tree or of stone; nothing but yellow and black—black and yellow. The yellow consists of the thin, sickly, shallow grass which is primeval, uncultivated by human hand; and black is the color of the soil. Neither the one color nor the other, stretching for such infinite distances, has the least attractiveness; it is a landscape that I might almost call wearisome, if it were not for the always haunting sense of its vastness and its fertility.

And you can never get away from the same landscape. I travelled through Saskatchewan and Alberta by two different railway roads—on one when I was going to the West; on the other when I was returning to the East. The two lines of railways were four hundred miles apart; yet it was impossible to realize that I was going through a different part of the country. It was exactly—monotonously—almost tiresomely the same—the ocean of prairie stretching to the horizon; the nocturne of sickly yellow and sordid black. I paint the picture thus strongly because I want to bring out the contrast between this land as it seems and as it is—and, above all, this land as it looks in winter and as it looks in summer and early autumn. This black soil is the best wheat-growing soil in the whole world; and when you pass through these desolate-looking regions in the summer, you pass through hundreds of miles after hundreds of miles of rich yellow wheat, you see a boundless ocean of these waves rising and falling, like the waves of the ocean under the passing breezes.

The Boundless Golden Harvest.

When the long sleep of winter ends, the hour of awakening comes with a shout, rich, tumultuous, almost deafening, and bewildering. You see gigantic trains consisting almost entirely of wheat wagons following each other with crashing noise and blinding rapidity. The gigantic grain elevators on the different stations and towns along the mighty route are taking in or pouring out their tremendous stores of the precious wheat; enormous steamboats are helping as auxiliaries to the railways; it is a vast outpouring of the boundless golden harvest of the great West to every centre of human life in the Old World and the New. It is the bread of countless millions penetrating with all the celerity of modern life into slum and alley as well as square and mansion from this nocturne of black and yellow. The whole enterprise beats with a titanic pulse that might make you imagine you were listening to the throb of the earth going round its axis through the firmament. I know that I am writing in what may appear somewhat exaggerated language, and I am conscious of the number and the size of the adjectives I have been using; but it is my attempt through the clumsy medium of language to make my readers realize what a vast thing this Great West of Canada is. To me it is the greatest thing left in the world—left in the sense of not yet wholly taken up by man.

A Benumbing Magnitude.

This bounteous, this hospitable land is a mine, where with a little capital, some experience, and considerable patience there is a gold mine richer, more far-reaching, deeper, more certain, than the gold mine of even the great Rand. And yet there it stretches—but eight to ten per cent of it yet under the plow—eight to ten per cent of millions of the best land in the world.

Just take in these few figures, and you will perhaps begin to understand the benumbing magnitude of these prairie lands.

Manitoba has some 5,000,000 acres of its land under cultivation; 35,000,000 are, to use the language of my friend, O'Farrell, "waiting for the sweat and toil of the husbandman."

Saskatchewan exceeds the German Empire in extent, France in the fertility of its soil and in the healthfulness of its climate. It is watered splendidly throughout its vast extent by the North Saskatchewan—both navigable for hundreds of miles. It is calculated that when fully cultivated it will be able to produce food for 100,000,000 people.

Alberta is also of greater area than the German Empire, and its vast prairies and rolling foothills can raise more grain and cattle, pork and foodstuffs, than Germany and Scandinavia combined.

Perhaps I could summarize even this summary by repeating a phrase which Mr. O'Farrell used to me during our journey together. "One of these days Regina, the capital of Saskatchewan, and Edmonton, the capital of Alberta, will be as important cities and as great capitals in the New World as Berlin and Vienna are in the world of Europe."

Incredibly Vast Resources.

I have put Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta together—though, of course, there are considerable differences, amid their startling likeness, in the three provinces. Alberta, for instance, has in addition to its vast prairie lands, a good deal of mountain; it is in Alberta that you find the first break in that terrible though glorious monotony of the Prairie Ocean. It is, therefore, more of a mixed community than Saskatchewan; here you find the ranch and the cattle in far greater abundance than in Saskatchewan. Alberta, indeed, is a very remarkable province in a score of ways. Part of its territory touches the great Rocky Mountains, which gives its soil not only beauty, but a splendid climate. It is everywhere supplied with moisture for fertilizing its crops by its comparative vicinity to the Pacific Ocean on the one side, and to the Arctic by its innumerable and mighty streams. Its southern prairies are drained into the Missouri; tributary streams innumerable flow eastwards to the North or South Saskatchewan, and its northern plains are drained through the Mackenzie Basin into the Arctic Ocean. Here again, in this Mackenzie Basin, you come across another example of the almost incredible vastness of the resources of this gigantic West. For in this Mackenzie Basin alone there are 50,000,000 acres of rich wheat land. Finally, this little fact will help you towards the realization of the unbroken and uninterrupted wealth of all these vast prairie lands; prospectors and hunters have often ridden for hundreds of miles through Alberta and Saskatchewan without encountering a gravel bed or rock. Everywhere the same rich black soil hundreds of miles after hundreds of miles.

I have little space at this moment to deal with the cities, towns, and small settlements which dot this gigantic expanse. You see in most of them civilization just started on its conquest—civilization and nation-building in its infancy; but in an infancy as robust as that of Hercules. The immense hopefulness, the seeming audacity of these towns and their populations, are on a scale which rises to the immense potentialities and vastness of the country. Already you find in towns, not more than ten years old, new streets laid out embryonically, four miles or more from the postoffice in the centre of the town; and land speculation active in these remote sites, with land changing hands constantly and prices nearly always rising, except in those instances which occur where the boom is premature, and the speculator counts too hopefully on the rapidity of development and the lasting power of his patience and his capital.—T. P. O'Connor, M.P., in T. P.'s Magazine.

THE MARYS OF THE EMPIRE

Raising Fund for a Coronation Gift—All the Queen's Namesakes Asked to Contribute.

SOME women were having tea together and discussing the coming coronation when suddenly one of them drew attention to the fact that the Christian name of every woman in the room was the same as the Queen's and suggested that it would be a good idea for all the Marys present to contribute and send a coronation gift to the Queen.

The others accepted the suggestion with enthusiasm and it was agreed to let some other Marys equally distinguished know of the plan and join in the contributing. The other namesakes of the Queen were equally enthusiastic and appeals came from less distinguished Marys that they, too, might have a share in the gift.

Another meeting was held by the originators of the plan, and it was finally arranged that every Mary in Great Britain should have a chance to contribute, so now all the "Queen's Marys," be they rich or poor, young or old, lowly or exalted, may send any sum from one penny to one pound toward buying a gift for their royal namesake.

The Duchess of Devonshire, the Marchioness of Graham, Lady Mary Trefusis and Lady Waldegrave, who were among the originators of the scheme, are managing everything in a business-like way. They have appointed well-known Marys all over the country as heads of committees to receive contributions from their own districts. Lady Mary Trefusis, who is woman of the bed chamber to the Queen, is the chairwoman of the London committee, and really the head of the whole organization.

Other Marys who are taking an active part in the committee work are the Marchioness of Bute, the Countess of Gainsborough, Viscountess Curzon, Viscountess Colham, Lady Maria Wellse, Lady Mary Grant and the Hon. Mrs. Herbert Asquith. All these ladies are giving much of their time to the managing of correspondence and contributions.

Nobody knows how many Marys there are in the Empire, but it is safe to say that the bearers of no other name exceed them in number. In Bute and Cumbrae, where Lady Bute sent out a circular to her own people, instant replies were received from 1,200 Marys, and that is a fair sample of how many contributions are likely to be received and what proportion of English women bear the name of Mary.

The committee when it decided to make the gift come from all the Marys even went so far as to include all permutations of their name, so money is being sent in from Marions, Mays, Marians, Marias and Maries, as well as the actual Marys themselves.

A list is to be kept of all the contributors and this will be presented to the Queen also, but the amount of money contributed by each sender will be known only to the committee receiving it. So the Mary who can afford but a few pence will have no cause for embarrassment.

The Queen is said to look with favor on the scheme, which has been explained to her by Lady Mary Trefusis. There was at first some fear that she might decline to receive such a gift, but she has not done so, and has even expressed pleasure at the thought having suggested itself to her namesakes.

The form of the gift has not as yet been decided. It may be that some very handsome ornament will be purchased with the money raised, or it is equally possible that the entire sum will be handed to the Queen to use for one of her pet charities. The ornament idea wins greatest favor among the Marys, but no hint has been received as to what the Queen herself would prefer, and that will weigh largely with the committee of course.

The Marys' gifts is bringing all the bearers of the name together everywhere throughout the country as well as in London. "Mary teas" are fashionable and at "Mary luncheons" women who count Mary or any of its derivations among their Christian names meet for social purposes only.

OTTAWA UNDER THE DUKE

Will It Be the Social Centre of the Continent?—Conflicting Opinions.

THE Manchester Guardian says: A London newspaper suggests that the appointment of the Duke of Connaught as Governor-General of Canada will make Ottawa "the social centre of the continent," and "the Mecca of fashionable New York and Washington families." No doubt a semi-royal court in the New World, which might attract titled visitors from Europe, would be an attraction to many European ladies. Frequent absences in Europe are impossible to many American wealthy men, and they sometimes object to their wives and daughters paying long visits across the Atlantic without them. Ottawa has the advantage of being as convenient a home, at least for a month or two in the season, as many a town in the United States. It is easy of access from all parts of the continent where business is likely to call men. So far neither Viennese nor Berlin society has been captured by the American invaders like that of London and Rome, and as compared with any minor European centre, the vice-regal court of Ottawa would be a big affair.

The Ottawa merchants (shopkeepers in home English) would certainly welcome a vice-regal court, but it is highly doubtful wether any considerable class of Canadians would. The Duchess of Connaught, like many German princesses, is apparently a lady of the simplest tastes. In this country she has shown no desire to be the centre of a wealthy circle. And that is probably what the Canadians will like best about her, for the average Canadian is extremely democratic, or, in an old-fashioned use of the word, "republican." If he thinks or speaks of the ceremonial and pageantry of courts at all, it is with a sneer.

Another suggestion that is being talked about is that Prince Arthur of Connaught should in course of time succeed his father as Governor-General. This reminds one of an idea cherished by a certain fervent Canadian imperialist, a convinced believer in the descent of the royal family from David, who proposed some years ago to bind Canada more closely to Britain that a cadet of the royal family should be sent out there with some title as "grand duke," and that he and his descendants should reign there, subject, of course, to the imperial crown. The idea, however, was not received cordially.

SIR HENRY LUCY ON PARLIAMENT

Oratory at a Discount — The House of Commons a Business Body.

SIR HENRY Lucy gives some interesting sidelights on parliament in an article in the Strand Magazine. "The newly elected House," he says, "like its immediate predecessor, presents no parallel to such personages as Robert Lowe, John Bright, and, in supreme degree, Gladstone and Disraeli. It occasionally happens that Mr. Asquith and Mr. Balfour, coming to grips across the Table, recall famous encounters of the past. One has upon the other that power of inspiration to supremest effort mutually exercised by Gladstone and Disraeli in their prime. In the assemblies at Westminster they possess monopoly of the gift.

A Commons of Working Men.

"The habit of oratory has disappeared. Gladstone was our last orator. Both the prime minister and the leader of the Opposition, the former in born perfect form, have the priceless gift of compressing within the space of half an hour, at most forty minutes, all that is useful or necessary to say on a particular topic, however important.

"The new House of Commons is, in the main, a body of working men in the sense of being dependent on their labor for their living and of business men, heads of great trading, manufacturing, or constructive concerns. Like the impatient visitor to the circus, what they desire is that you should 'cut the cackle and come to the 'osses.' They have no patience with circumlocution, whether verbal or operative. What they want is to see things done, not to hear them said. This temperament, whilst conducing to the progress of business, is not calculated to enlarge the gaiety of the House.

Is Swearing-in a Farce?

"Those familiar with the performance of swearing-in realize in it something worse than waste of time. Some of its episodes are not wholly free from approach to sacrilege.

"What happens is that after ministers, leading members of the Opposition, and other privy councillors have more or less comfortably taken the oath, and signed the roll of parliament, there is an ugly rush of members from both sides to clutch stray copies of the Holy Bible laid on the tables brought in and set on the floor below the mace.

"At each table the clerk and the assistant clerk administer the oath. As many members as can shoulder their way in and grab their share of a Bible hear the oath recited, kiss the Book, and make another dash for a place in the queue formed on the way to the roll of parliament lying open on the table. Having signed it, they following the clerk to the chair, are personally introduced to the Speaker, shake his hand, and disappear.

"Among other disadvantages this tumultuous process almost invites evasion. To sign the roll of parliament is not only necessary, but is regarded in the family circle as a distinction. To fight for a place at the table in order to take the oath is an item in the performance deliberate omission of which an easy conscience may condone.

"A well known member of a former parliament confided to me that though he had taken his seat, being returned at a general election, he had never taken the oath."

SCENE FROM "MY CNDERELLA GIRL," AT THE GRAND ON MONDAY EVENING NEXT.

BEHIND THE FOOTLIGHTS

COMING ATTRACTIONS AT THE GRAND.

Today, Matinee and Night .... Albert Chevalier, in "Daddy Duford"
Monday, Feb. 20, "My Cinderella Girl"
Thursday .... Edna Aug, in "The Chorus Lady"
Friday and Saturday, and Saturday Matinee .... The Sheehan English Grand Opera Company in "Il Trovatore"
Monday, Feb. 27 .... "The Prince of Pilsen"
Tuesday .... Mischa Elman

"My Cinderella Girl."

THE musical comedy people will have their innings at the Grand Opera House on Monday evening, when "My Cinderella Girl," with a cast of 75 people will be presented. The show comes to this city direct from a long stay in Chicago. It is full of sparkle from start to finish, and is sure to please the lovers of snappy, good farce comedy. There are almost a dozen songs, all new, bright and catchy, in the score, and these same songs have caught the public fancy in all of the places where the show has played. The piece itself is lively to a degree, and is built around college life and baseball. All in all the show is good, and from the reports of the production it is an evening of fun. Seats for the "Cinderella Girl" are now selling.

"The Chorus Lady."

James Forbes' classic comedy of chorus girl life, "The Chorus Lady," will play its first engagement in this city at the Grand Thursday evening next, Feb. 23, with Edna Aug in the stellar role of Patricia O'Brien. In such humorous and "character" parts as Patricia, Miss Aug is wholly delightful. She was engaged by Mr. Harris especially for the stellar role in "The Chorus Lady." The cast supporting Mr. Harris' new star has been carefully selected with reference to its fitness for the many important roles in this comedy; many of them have been identified with "The Chorus Lady" in the past, and will give an excellent and highly interesting performance.

America's Finest Opera Company Coming.

Joseph F. Sheehan, the celebrated tenor, does not need any introduction. During the years that he was the leading tenor of Henry W. Savage's companies he gained his reputation as a tenor, and his praises have been sung in every part of the country. During the past three years, as head of his own company, he has added to his glory, and the Sheehan English Grand Opera Company is today known as one of the finest opera companies singing in the English language. Not satisfied, however, with all this, the great tenor determined to do what has never been done before, make an all-star cast production of "Il Trovatore." With this end in view he has picked from his various artists those best equipped for the different roles in "Il Trovatore." The production will be a most elaborate one, with special electrical effect in the famous Anvil Chorus. Mr. Sheehan, with his entire company of famous artists, and the complete production, will be at the Grand Opera House for three performances of the world's greatest opera, Friday and Saturday, Feb. 24 and 25, and Saturday matinee.

"The Prince of Pilsen."

"The Prince of Pilsen," the musical comedy of perennial charm and beauty, will be presented at the Grand on Monday evening, Feb. 27. It is now in its eighth year of unexampled success, and so long a term of popularity rarely falls to the lot of this style of theatrical entertainment. Gustav Luders and Frank Pixley contributed their best work to "The Prince of Pilsen," giving to it the inspiration born of a romantic theme in a picturesque setting. The enduring quality of Mr. Luder's music and the ever-fresh and interesting turn of Frank Pixley's story and lyrics give to this musical comedy the distinction of a classic.

Mischa Elman.

There is a strange story connected with Mischa Elman's violin, which is a Stradivarius, and was formerly owned by the famous Joachim. Joachim drew a most wonderful tone from the violin, which, after his death, got into the hands of several violinists, and though some of them rank as the best, not one could reproduce the tones.

There is a saying among those who play the violin, when they fail to get the tones, that a "wolf" is in the instrument. What this means, I do not know, but it is said that when Elman took up the instrument, the minute he drew a bow across it, it responded to his touch with the cherished tones others had been trying to find. Perhaps the soul of the dead Joachim was reincarnated in this boy; perhaps it is hidden away somewhere in the dark corners of the instrument, only to come forth at his command, but whatever it is, Mischa Elman seems to have found the "wolf." At any rate, he is a great genius and best of all, he is natural and unaffected. He will appear at the Grand Opera House on Feb. 28. Plan at Williams' piano warerooms. Now selling.

EDNA AUG,
Who Plays the Stellar Role in "The Chorus Lady," which appears at the Grand, Thursday, Feb. 23.

Richard Strauss' new opera, "Der Rosenkavalier," is coming in for much praise from French musical critics. Of it the Figaro says: "Richard Strauss, after having in 'Salome' exalted to frenzied paroxysms the horrible and monstrous, has in 'Der Rosenkavalier' achieved the noblest musical glorification of the melancholy pathos of a dying love, side by side with the feverish yearnings and passionate transports of a newly born love." No one but a French journalist could thus voice his praise of an opera. The music is scored for 103 instruments.

January 28 last being the fiftieth anniversary of the death of Henry Murger, the French author, all his works, according to French law, became that day public property. That morning editions of "A Winter Night," "Every Woman's Romance," "The Last Rendezvous," and other Murger tales were sold on the boulevards for twelve cents each. This is cheap even in Paris.

According to a special dispatch from Atchison, Kan., Edward W. Howe, a principal resident of that city, will invade New York before long, hire a theatre and present a four-act drama he has written. He will waive the formality of trying to get some manager to produce it for him and will stage the play himself. Mr. Howe is quoted as saying that if Broadway doesn't like the play, "it can go hang." In fact, he doesn't "give a continental." Twenty-five years ago he wrote a novel, and, as it has been read ever since, he thinks the play ought to do as well. If it doesn't he will go back and settle down on his farm at Potato Hill. It is a good farm.

According to a dispatch from Rome, Puccini, author of "The Girl of the Golden West," believes that he has reached the triumph of his career in that opera. He has returned to great honors, and wherever he goes he is the hero of the moment. With his habitual modesty, he is settling down quietly in his villa at Torre del Lago, where his only companions besides his wife and daughter are the tranquil lake by the villa and the hills which rise from it.

Saint-Saens' opera, "L'Ancetre," ("The Ancestor"), which has been produced at the Opera Comique, Paris, has met the approval of critics. The motive of the action is a traditional Corsican feud. There is also the same kind of passionate intoxication that actuate "Romeo and Juliet."

Paris has a dramatic sensation at the Theatre Antoine, where the Italian actor, Ermete Zacconi, is appearing. Zacconi, who by some is considered a worthy successor of the great Salvini, has methods which remind one of Sicilian Grasso. The actor came to Paris very quietly, and for some time his audiences were composed of his compatriots. Since then he has become popular with the general public.

London has it that Miss Stella Patrick Campbell, the daughter of the famous "Mrs. Pat," will not leave the stage for good when she marries Mervyn Beech next June. Mr. Beech is a district commissioner in British East Africa, and on her marriage Miss Campbell will go with him to Nairobi. At the end of two or three years, however, Mr. Beech will probably return to England, and Miss Campbell hopes to then resume her stage career. "Mrs. Pat" is now in America.

William Hawtry has been engaged by Henry B. Harris to originate an important part in support of Elsie Ferguson, in Charles Nirdlinger's new play, "Dolly Madison."

Frank J. McIntyre is playing his farewell engagement in James Forbes' comedy, "The Travelling Salesman." Mr. McIntyre will be seen late in the spring in a try-out of Howard Fitzalan's comedy, "The Snobs," which, if it comes up to expectations, will be used by Mr. McIntyre this coming season as a starring vehicle.

Miss Lena Ashwell, the celebrated London actress, has invited Henry Miller to appear with her next season in London at the King's Highway Theatre in an English production of "The Havoc." Miss Ashwell wishes to play in London the role created in New York by Laura Hope Crews. As Mr. Miller has sold to Sir Charles Wyndham the right to produce "The Havoc" in London this spring, he was obliged to decline Miss Ashwell's invitation. The Sheldon play will continue at the Bijou Theatre in New York all this season and part of next, and at the end of the New York run next year will be presented in the large eastern cities with the present cast.

On the evening of Monday, Feb. 20, Mr. Robert Mantell will present Bulwer Lytton's historical drama, "Richelieu," at the Hyperion Theatre in New Haven, as a benefit for the proposed Yale University Theatre fund under the auspices of the Yale University Dramatic Association.

This will be the first time that an American actor has ever been officially recognized by the Yale corporation, and the distinction is in appreciation of the great service Mr. Mantell is rendering the drama in America, as well as of the high stand taken in theatrical management by William A. Brady, under whose direction Mr. Mantell is appearing, and through whom the arrangements were negotiated.

The affair will be under the direct patronage of President Arthur T. Hadley, of the university, and a committee of the Yale corporation, composed of Prof. Henry Augustin Beers, Prof. William Lyon Phelps and Prof. J. M. Burdon, of the department of English.

A long list of distinguished women will act as patronesses, among them Mrs. Arthur T. Hadley, Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes, jun., Mrs. George Day, and Mrs. Louis E. Stoddard.

The movement towards the establishment of the university theatre at York was inaugurated some seven years ago, and it is expected that the half-million dollars which the committee hopes to raise for the building fund will be available within the next two or three years. The theatre will be under the direct supervision of the Yale corporation and will mark an important step in the development of the drama in America.

Mr. Mantell and Mr. Brady have for some time taken deep interest in the matter, and the forthcoming performance of "Richelieu," the entire proceeds of which will be devoted to the purpose, is their contribution to the Yale University theatre fund.

Facts Not Generally Known

That Jack Dempster, who will play James Madison in support of Elsie Ferguson in Charles Nirdlinger's play, "Dolly Madison," before going on the stage was leader in amateur theatricals at Cornell University.

That George Schaeffer, who plays Mr. Phelps in Edgar Selwyn's comedy, "The Country Boy," now running at the Walnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, supported Robert Edeson in "The Call of the North," in which play he had the shortest role ever given to an actor of experience. It consisted of one word.

That Harry Davenport, who plays Sammy Fletcher in James Forbes' comedy, "The Commuters," up to the time he was 30 years old, played nothing but old men character parts.

That Ethel Clayton, who plays Amy Leroy in "The Country Boy" company now playing at the Walnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, had, at one time, the same vocal teacher that instructed Mary Garden, Fanchon Thompson, Marcia Van Dresser, Grace Van Studdiford, and other operatic celebrities.

That Doan Borup, who plays Ted Watts in the western company of "The Travelling Salesman," before going on the stage was a cotillion leader in St. Louis (Mo.) society. His father was for many years the military attache at the court of St. James.

That Beverly Sitgreaves, who plays Ada Darkin in support of Rose Stahl in Charles Klein's new play, "Maggie Pepper," is recognized among the profession as the best exponent of intellectual character work among the women of the stage.

That William Hawtrey, who plays a prominent part in support of Elsie Ferguson in "Dolly Madison," is a graduate of Eton, one of England's most famous educational institutions, and before going on the stage was an instructor in this college.

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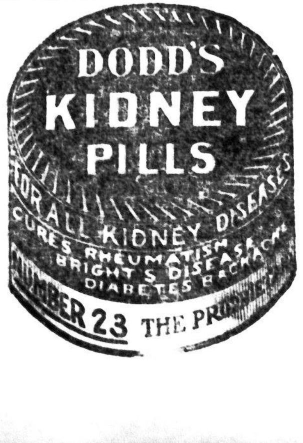
Because sheep need such extensive ranges in order to get enough to eat, sheep flocks are uniformly diminishing in all countries, even in Argentina, where sheep farming was believed to be one of the best sources of wealth for an indefinite time. Only in districts where the immense area of pasture land is out of proportion to the hands available for tilling it can sheep be kept at a profit.



OH EDITH! HOW COULD YOU!

Miss Edith Wynne Matthison, of New York, is exceedingly fond of dogs, but will not keep one in her apartment, for, like the Pied Piper of Hamelin, she dislikes to see folks or animals "live in cages."

"When I resided in England my brother had a small Scotch terrier, and in some respects he was a most intelligent animal," said the noted actress recently. "He had a bad case of real money lust, and the sight of a penny acted on him as the smell of raw liver will on the normal canine. He could see a bit of change further than could a newsboy, and was mighty convenient to have around when one happened to drop his money. He was, in fact, so money mad he would climb a ladder if one balanced a coin on the top rung, or would dive to the bottom of a pond for a bright farthing.

"One day my brother, accompanied by his pet, was walking in the suburbs of London when he noticed an elderly woman poking about among the leaves with her rain-stick. She said she had dropped a shilling. 'Let my dog find it for you,' said my brother. 'He will do it in no time.' The woman looked skeptical as the terrier nosed among the leaves, and when, at the end of five minutes, he had nothing to show for his work, she grunted her disgust and went on. After that all effort to make the dog search further proved unavailing, and my brother went home. He was hardly in the house when the dog approached and sheepishly deposited the missing shilling in his hand. He had found it immediately, but had kept his own counsel and his mouth closed until he arrived home."

What They Do in Their Idle Moments

Robert Edeson, who is starring in "Where the Trail Divides"—studying landscape gardening and storing up knowledge on the cultivation of fruits and flowers.

Harry Davenport, who plays Sammy Fletcher in "The Commuters"—writing a book on how to take care of and make money out of a ten-acre farm. Davenport, by the way, is an authority on the raising of poultry.

Helen Ware, who is starring in "The Deserters"—athletic diversions, which take her out of doors and enable her to indulge in the pleasures of amateur photography.

Elsie Ferguson, who is starring in "Dolly Madison" — preserving her beautiful complexion by taking an eight to ten mile walk daily.

Rose Stahl, starring this season in "Maggie Pepper," a new play by Charles Klein—studying the condition of the poor by actual observation, in visits to squalid tenements.

Frank J. McIntyre, who is playing Bob Blake in "The Traveing Salesman"—hunting up gymnasiums to play hand ball.

Ruth St. Denis, appearing in Hindoo and Ancient Egyptian Dances—haunting libraries, reading authorities on the archaic.

Edna Aug, playing Patricia O'Brien in "The Chorus Lady"—studying Moliere. She is nursing an ambition to appear in Paris in the legitimate drama.

JOSEPH F. SHEEHAN,
A Celebrated Tenor, Who Comes to London With an All-Star Company in "Il Trovatore," Next Friday and Saturday, and Saturday Matinee.

The Curtain Dropped Too Soon

Leander Richardson writes in the New York Review:

There has been no episode since the death of Chatterton more pathetic than the snuffing out of Walter Browne, author of "Everywoman."

As already recorded in the newspapers, Browne died early Thursday morning, and this play, upon which he had based the highest of hopes, was produced in the evening of the same day.

The episode itself was sad enough, but the antecedent incidents make it infinitely touching.

Browne had been all his life an incessant and unrequited worker. He had written scores of plays of all kinds, had toiled drearily at newspaper drudgery of the most distasteful sort, and, in a word, had kept up an unending and remorseless grind.

He never had any money to speak of as the result of his labors, and, in fact, was pursued most of the time by harassing obligations.

The thought of "Everywoman" came to him like an inspiration—the pilgrimage of the ideal woman in search of Love, whom she finds only after she has the unmasking of everything that is unlovely in humankind.

The plan of Browne's play, written in blank verse, was to adopt his story and personages to the present day with the scene here in New York, a commingling of the ancient and modern which developed both novelty and charm.

For a long time after completing his manuscript the author vainly sought a producing manager. His play was turned down for all sorts of reasons, principally because it was new. It is hard to get a hearing for anything that isn't like what we have seen already.

But finally Browne took his strange work to Henry W. Savage, who has a highly trained and receptive literary mind, and what is quite as important, is the possessor of independent courage.

Perhaps you will smile at the notion of enthusiasm in Mr. Savage, but he is full of it. To get at it you have to appeal first to his brain, which it is not up to everybody to do, but once start him going by that route and you will see something worth while.

Mr. Savage perceived in the poetic play by Walter Browne an opportunity to satisfy managerial ambition in very nearly every sense. Its purpose was high, its construction was skillful, its story was eloquently told, and the opportunities for brilliant staging were numerous.

They say the manager spent $75,000 upon the play, and I have no doubt the estimate is not in excess of facts. To Prof. Chadwick, of Boston, he is said to have given $10,000 for the incidental music—but one item of many.

Thus, as the hour approached for the first performance of "Everywoman," its writer, upon the threshold of satisfied aspirations and financial ease, his life of meagre reward changing at a stroke to one of fame and opulence, was stricken down. It was not for him even to hear his rippling lines spoken in public or to listen to the plaudits of the throng.

The fruits of a lifetime of application were not for his lips. Money, renown, the events of triumph, were snatched from his grasp at the instant his eager fingers were closing upon them.

It is for this that the world rolls round, the sun shines on, the stars glisten, and the clouds sweep over. We live, and strive, and laugh, and suffer, and despair and hope—and die.

To quote from the second canticle of "Everywoman":

"Time! Oh, Time! Ring down the curtain, quick!"

◆

Manitoba, although the smallest and most thickly populated of the prairie provinces of Canada, has still large areas of vacant land for settlement.

From a maximum of about $58,600,000 in 1905 our exports to China have declined to approximately $15,500,000, which is the total estimated for the present year.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs ... 25 cents.

OUR RAILROADS ARE BEST OF ALL

Comment of W. M. Acworth, the English Economist.

ARE THE HIGHEST IN EFFICIENCY

NATION AS A WHOLE NOT PRE-EMINENTLY EFFICIENT.

Mr. W. M. Acworth, the English railway economist, who has been making a study of the railway situation in the United States during the last two months, sailed this morning on the Mauretania. Mr. Acworth was introduced to the Railroad Securities Commission when he testified before them last month, by President Hadley as "the highest authority on the railways of Great Britain." He is the author of several standard works on the railroads, not only of Great Britain, but of other countries; was a delegate of the British Government to the International Railway Congress held at Washington in 1905 and to that held in Berne last summer. At intervals of every two or three years he has examined the railway and commercial conditions of the United States and his reviews are held in high esteem by the great bankers of England and the continent.

In commenting on the present status in the light of the investigation just concluded, Mr. Acworth spoke very freely. He said:

"I have been somewhat surprised to see the space that has been given in your newspapers to the criticisms of the efficiency of your railways. It has always been my opinion that in actual economy of operation the railways of the United States are first in the world. In the number of tons per car, cars per train; in the fullest utilization of locomotives; in the obtaining of the greatest measure of result for each unit of expenditure, they are not equalled by the railways of any other nation. When the Greek commanders after the battle of Salamis voted who should receive the prize for valor each put his own name first, but all put the name of Themistocles second. And Themistocles received the prize. So though German, French and English railway men would, I dare say, all put their own railways first in efficiency they would all, I am sure, put yours second, and on the voting of the experts your railways would come out first.

"But, further, your nation as a whole is not in other matters pre-eminently efficient. No one would say that your farmers were more efficient than those of France and England or that your Government is more efficient than the Government of Prussia. Your railways have reached a higher standard in international comparison than your farmers or your Government, and under greater difficulties, for in England and on the continent employment with a railway company is a prize and men hopes to remain in the service of the same company throughout his life. He is, therefore, obviously more amenable to discipline than the shifting and often even foreign force employed on your railway."

When asked what was the principal fault he had to find with the railway administration of this country, Mr. Acworth said:

"I think the centralization of administrative power in your headquarters offices in Chicago and New York while tending doubtless to efficiency and economy, is responsible in some degree for the present strained relations between the railways and the public. As a wise railway friend of mine says (The counter between the salesman and the customer is too wide). Matters that arise in Kansas, in Texas, in the Far South, in the Far West, and need prompt adjustment have to be referred to officers a thousand or two thousand miles away and the citizen in the Far West thinks he is dealing with a machine. He wants to deal personally with a flesh and blood neighbor. I think that in these various important sections of your country the large railroad systems should have real executive officers with the largest possible discretion to deal with local questions on the spot. I also think that the ranking officers of your railways should every now and then visit the different communities along their lines and cultivate the personal acquaintance of their citizens.

"Some good work in this direction is being done, but there is opportunity for a great deal more. If your great railway men were steadfastly to pursue this policy, I think they would soon live down much of the antagonism that has been manifested in various parts of the country. Time was when your railways had a good many skeletons in their cupboards and then they naturally kept them shut. Nowadays the skeletons are all buried and I think the railways would do well to open their cupboards and let the public see how sweet and clean they are.

"The investors of Europe and even your own Wall Street seem hardly to grasp the enormous amount of money that must be spent upon your railroads to keep pace with our growing traffic. If your traffic doubles every ten years, as it substantially does, you will need not perhaps to double your facilities every ten years, but to increase them at least by 50 per cent. The eleven hundred millions per year specified by Mr. Hill as necessary for this purpose is none too much. The inhabitants of your Western and Southern States, your people in general, must understand that this capital cannot be obtained in their own communities.

"Texas and Oklahoma have no money to spare for railroad building. They want it all for their own local business. Even the east cannot find all the money required. This money in large measure must for a long time to come be raised abroad, and the investors of other lines will not be willing to subscribe it so long as there is a continuance of the harassing conditions which tend to impair the revenues of your railways, to retard their development. If the railways of the United States would reach a time when state legislators ceased from troubling and state commissions were at rest it would in my thinking be good for the railways and still better for the citizens of the United States."—New York Evening Sun, Feb. 1, 1911.

◆

While it is often impossible to prevent an accident, it is never impossible to be prepared. It is not beyond anyone's purse. Invest 25 cents in a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment and you are prepared for sprains, bruises and like injuries. Sold by all dealers.

◆

"Little Digesters" make the old stomach young again. A "Little Digester" after each meal is a sure and certain cure for Indigestion and Dyspepsia. 25 cents the box, at your druggist's or by mail. The Coleman Medicine Co., Toronto.

Late Old Country News

ENGLAND

SHIP ROLLED OVER ALL SAILS SET

Remarkable Marine Disaster Off the South Coast of England.

A full-rigged ship, with all sails set, rolled over and sank in view of a crowd of people at St. Mary's Scilly Islands recently. The ship was the Ardencraig, an iron vessel of nearly 2,000 tons, of Glasgow, on her way from Melbourne to Calais with wheat. She had a crew of thirty-one. During a fog distress guns were fired from the Bishop Lighthouse, and the lifeboats put out. The fog lifted and after about an hour the watchers on shore saw the ship suddenly roll over and disappear. Fears were entertained for the crew, but they had taken to the boats, and all landed safely.

Five tigers had been brought into the arena at Bostock's jungle in Sheffield some days ago, and Herr Falkendorf, their trainer, proceeded to put them through their performance. Turning his back upon the animals for a moment, Falkendorf was immediately attacked by one of the tigers, and badly mauled. Attendants promptly went to his rescue, and after an exciting encounter, in which they made use of their firearms, they succeeded in driving the tigers back to their cages. Falkendorf was found to be seriously wounded and unconscious.

The death has just taken place at Slough, at the age of seventy-five, of Mr. Edward Doe, who was in Queen Victoria's service as postillion for about forty years. He was on duty with the late Queen when Maclean fired at her at Windsor in 1882. Mr. Doe was afterwards presented by her majesty with a diamond pin. He was postillion for Queen Alexandra when she came to this country to be married, and had ridden before nearly all the kings and queens who visited England during Queen Victoria's reign.

CUT GIRLS' HAIR IN DARKENED ROOM

Despicable Practical Joke Played Girls at Picture Show.

Several young girls at Brighton have just been the victim of a most despicable form of practical joking, and are now sorrowing over the loss of luxuriant hair upon the beauty and possession of which they had naturally prided themselves. With their hair in plaits they visited one of the cinematograph theatres, and upon unfastening their locks afterwards they were astounded to find quantities fall to the ground, the plaits having been cut by scissors or some other sharp instrument.

Hale and hearty still, Mrs. Ann Speed, who lives in the Lincolnshire village of Heighington, celebrated her hundred and first birthday the other Tuesday. Mrs. Speed is one of the most familiar figures at Lincoln market, which she visits every Friday in almost all weather. With unfailing regularity she is to be seen trudging cheerfully along the streets of Lincoln with her butter basket on her arm. She attends to her poultry herself, and still makes her own bread.

To commit suicide on the eve of his wedding was the tragic act of Thomas H. Davidson, a young Darlington engineer. He was found with his throat cut in the home of his sweetheart, where he resided, in Newcastle. At the inquest it was stated that every preparation had been made for the wedding and that even the bridal cake was in the house. The jury found that Davidson committed suicide while in a depressed state of mind.

A Derbyshire miner, Herbert Martin had a trying experience recently. Martin was employed at the Grimethorpe Pit, and while working one morning his lamp went out. In the darkness he missed his way, and wandered to an unfrequented part of the mine. Here he was imprisoned without food or light for a whole week before he was discovered by his comrades. Though much exhausted by his long fast, he is now recovering.

Wild duck have appeared in very great numbers along the east coast of England and the north of Ireland, recently. The pursuers of the strange sport of punt-gunning have had remarkable experiences. Slipping along in their punts at dawn, they have come upon flocks so great that a single shot from the great swivel gun which is almost a cannon, has bagged fifty and sixty at a shot.

Among the recent patients at the London Animals Hospitals was a little terrier which had earned notoriety by chewing up and swallowing nearly half a string bag to the very considerable detriment of his constitution.

THE GERM WHICH PRODUCES DANDRUFF

Finally Causes Baldness—Kill the Germ and Save Your Hair—Newbro's Herpicide Will Do It

Did you ever try to discover a reason for the dying of a valuable plant? You perhaps found that life was destroyed by some insect or parasite working about the roots and sapping away the elements which go to support plant life.

The dandruff germ exercises the same destructive influence upon the life of the hair. It forces its way down the follicle around the hair bulb and thus prevents the hair from getting proper nourishment. The hair dies and drops out.

Newbro's Herpicide prevents this by killing the germ. It also frees the scalp from the accumulations of dirt and scarf skin. With the removal of these obstacles to a clean, healthy scalp, the hair will grow naturally and luxuriantly.

Herpicide is known as the Original Dandruff Germ Destroyer.

One dollar size bottles are sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

Applications may be obtained at the better barber shops and hair dressing parlors.

Send 10 cents in postage or silver to The Herpicide Company, Department R., Detroit, Mich., for a nice sample of Herpicide and a booklet telling all about the hair.

Anderson & Nelles, 268 Dundas street, special agents.

His indigestible meal necessitated a serious operation, but he got over it in the end and returned home a healthier and, it is to be hoped a more epicurean dog.

Last year's home consumption of all descriptions of tea constituted a record. It was three and a half million pounds in excess of the previous twelve months, and twenty-two million pounds over the average of the years 1901 to 1909. Of this increase British-grown tea—Indian and Ceylon—accounted for about 60 per cent.

A maiden lady of Hanley (Staffs), who died a few days ago at the age of more than 90 years asked shortly before her death that her love letters should be buried with her. Her relatives found several letters, dating back some of them to the '30s, with the ink almost faded. Her last request was complied with.

Thirty-seven weddings in seventy-five minutes, seventy-four people made happy at the rate of one a minute, was the record achieved by the vicar of St. Luke's, Canning Town, London, the cathedral of the East, and his curate the other morning.

"Jack," a black retriever dog belonging to a fireman of Tunbridge Wells, has collected £520 up to date for charity.

SOUTH WALES MAN LIVES A HERMIT

For Twenty-Five Years Has Not Spoken to Others.

For many years an eccentric man named Williams has lived the life of a hermit in the quiet industrial village of Dafen, near Llanelly, South Wales. For 25 years he has not spoken to anyone, and all business with callers has been done in writing. His present dwelling is in a dilapidated state, the broken windows being covered by old newspapers, rags, carpets, etc. In tendering money the coin is always placed on paper to the tradesmen, not a word being spoken. He is reputed to be very intelligent, and when in the town he frequents the public library, and apparently takes a keen interest in current affair. The rural district service have recently condemned the house in which he lives as unfit for habitation.

The ancient custom of wassailing or toasting the apple tree was observed in remote parishes in Devon and Somerset recently. Processions were made to the nearest orchards, the farmer leading the way with a light, and the men following. Arrived at the orchard the party formed in a ring, while the farmer seized the branch of a tree, and with more or less tune sang:

O apple tree, I wassail thee
In hopes that thou wilt blow,
To blow and bear well,
So merry let us be:
For the Lord doth know where we
shall be
To be merry another year.

After eighteen years' work as a medical missionary in Labrador, Dr. Wilfred Grenfell has been spending a short holiday at Parkgate, Cheshire. He has had several adventures. The most exciting was when an iceberg suddenly broke adrift and carried him out to sea with a few dogs. No help was at hand, and the only chance of rescue was from a passing steamer. Fortunately, he had a little food, but this was too precious to give to the dogs, and it was necessary to kill one, so that the others would not starve. The cold became so intense that two other dogs had to be killed, and their skins used for warmth. The berg then drifted into a shipping route, and Dr. Grenfell was rescued in the nick of time by a steamer.

An amusing story of the adventures of a defendant comes from the Swansea quarter sessions, held some days ago. A man named Henry Craggs was indicted for stealing meat, but when the case was called the prisoner could not be found. His solicitor and officials of the court hunted high and low, but it was considerable time before Craggs was discovered. Then he was found amongst the grand jury, helping to decide whether ther was a true bill against himself or not. To his solicitor Craggs explained that he thought the grand jurymen were all prisoners. Eventually he was found not guilty of the charge.

IRELAND

PENNILESS WIDOW FALLS INTO FORTUNE

At Seventy-One Years of Age Is Left With £13,000.

There was much rejoicing in a home in Castlerea, the other week, when Mrs. Sarah Honahan, a penniless widow, found that she was heir to a fortune of £13,000. The lucky widow is 71 years of age, and was in receipt of outdoor relief. The fortune comes to her through the death of a second cousin, who went to Boston and amassed a large fortune.

From the number of compensation claims arising out of the recent Belfast election, it would seem that Irish election meetings are lively and exciting. No less than three hundred owners of property seek compensation for malicious damage, and the amount involved is over £3,000.

An Irish lady who lived to the remarkable age of one hundred and fourteen years, has just died at Urlingford, County Kerry. Up to six years ago, she was able to walk eight miles to Thurles. She was blind, but retained her other faculties to the last.

A Dublin cat had an exciting experience the other week. Being frightened by a dog it dashed up a telegraph pole, but could not come down again. Four days it clung in terror at the top of the pole, and all efforts to coax it to venture down were useless. A policeman rescued it on the fourth day. Pussy was so exhausted that at first she was unable to eat or even lap milk, but she has now got back her appetite, and is taking kindly to her new quarters at the cats' home in Dublin.

A desperate encounter took place recently between police and civilians at Kiltimagh, County Mayo. A number of persons were poaching on a river near the town of Kiltimagh, when they were surprised by the police. A desperate rush was made by some of the poachers, and the police, being overpowered, drew their revolvers and fired at their assailants, wounding a few. The struggle was a most exciting one, and for a time it was thought lives would be lost.

A young wife, Ellen Dowling, of Dublin, 25 years of age, died under tragic circumstances the other week. Her husband who was awakened by her calling him, found her with her throat cut. In her hand she carried a blood-stained knife. She was immediately taken to the hospital, where she died soon after. The young woman had been suffering from double pneumonia and pleurisy, and was delirious when she attempted to take her life.

The progress made in recent years in the education of the blind is especially noticeable in connection with the workshops for the blind, Belfast, where a number of blind people are employed. They have become so efficient that they can in most cases earn their own living. There are at present about 130 connected with the institution, while about 80 more are seeking admission.

Wild scenes was witnessed the other week at Ballinturly, County Roscommon, when a sergeant and four constables attempted to arrest Michael Hoare, a madman. The lunatic barricaded the front door of his residence, and when the police tried to effect an entrance he appeared at an open window and threatened them with a pitchfork. When the police arrived from Roscommon, it was decided to attract the lunatic's attention through the window, while the main body forced the door with crowbars and spades. Immediately the door fell in Hoare made a dash at the police, but he was met with a bucket of cold water in the face. Before he could recover himself, one policeman, with his head in a creel, and another wielding a chair, dashed at him. He was overpowered, held on the ground and handcuffed.

A remarkable drowning fatality occurred recently, resulting in the death of a farm laborer named John Levins, of Drumever, County Monaghan. Levins and a man named Martin went to set an eel net across the Badlymachiney River, which, owing to heavy rains, was considerably swollen. The men were on opposite banks, and were engaged in sinking the poles of the net in the river. When Levins was in the act of sinking the pole it either broke or was dashed along by the current, and he lost his balance and fell in the river. Martin at once went to his comrade's rescue and threw his pole towards him, but so strong was the current that Levins could not reach it. Martin then threw him a rope, but he failed to grasp it, and was swept away.

A dreadful tragedy which has occurred at Dublin, has caused much sensation throughout Ireland. The other morning William McKeown and his wife Elizabeth were found dead with their throats cut. A blood-stained shoemaker's knife was lying near them. A fortnight ago, Mrs. McKeown left her husband owing to their many quarrels, and went to live with a married sister. She returned, however, and consented to stay in the house on condition that her brother, Peter Hughes, also slept there. The morning of the tragedy Hughes went to his work and did not return till late at night, when he found man and wife lying dead with their throats cut.

SCOTLAND

FAMED SCOTCH POET HAS PASSED AWAY

"Blind Poet of the Deans" Dies in His Eighty-Second Year.

Henry Shanks, better known as "the Blind Poet of the Deans," died the other week at Inchview, Bathgate, in his 82nd year. At the age of 34 he became blind, and since then he lived a retired life. He published two volumes of verse, and, in 1881, a book on the peasant poets of Scotland. Many of his lyrical pieces were set to music.

An inverted pipe, just patented by Mr. Peter Mowat, of Edinburgh, is likely to revolutionize the making of these articles. Formerly, upside-down bowls have been put on the market, but in some instances it was found that the lighted tobacco fell out. This trouble Mr. Mowat overcame by having a tapered bowl, the lower part being very small. The bowl is charged from above, a cap being removed for this purpose, and the tobacco is lighted from below, in order to burn upwards, which, it is claimed, is the natural way.

What is believed to be the largest crane in existence has been recently erected in the yard of the Fairfield Shipbuilding and Engineering Company, Govan, Glasgow. Electricity is the motive power of the crane, which is capable of lifting 200 tons. The horizontal jib revolves upon a ring of rollers on the top of the square tower, and has a total length of 270 feet, while it is capable of describing a circle 336 feet in diameter. The height from high water to the rail level on the jib is 169 feet.

In deciding to give the goldfield of Kildonan, in Sutherlandshire, another trial, the duke of that extensive county shows that he has the faith of his progenitors in the presence of gold in Scotland. So far back as 1424 the Scottish Parliament granted to the crown all the gold mines in Scotland, and also all silver mines. The treasurer's accounts show that between 1538 and 1542 no less than 76 ounces of native gold were used in making a crown for the King and Queen.

A sad drowning accident marred the outdoor festivities at Kingussie the other Saturday. Donald MacIntosh, son of a local boot merchant, was one of the players in a football match. The ball was inadvertently kicked into the Spey, and MacIntosh went into recover it. While swimming with the ball he suddenly sank, and did not rise again. MacIntosh was a good swimmer, and it is supposed was seized with cramps.

A remarkable record is that of Mr. John Houston, Kirkcudbright, who has just retired after being in the Government employment for 43 years. He acted as rural messenger between Borgue and Kirkcudbright. He entered on his duties on Sept. 1, 1868, and has only been one week off duty, and that through illness. In that time he has travelled a distance of 200,000 miles.

A startling accident took place in the Warrender Park district of Edinburgh recently. John Finnie, a retired butler, 65 years of age, was found lying in the back area of the house where he lodged. He died while being driven to the Royal Infirmary. It is supposed that the unfortunate man had fallen from a window of a house on the fourth flat.

An old brewery, situated at Nith Place, Dumfries, and which belonged to Mr. Gabriel Richardson, who for many years was provost and an intimate friend of Burns, is being demolished to make room for a more modern structure. In the vicinity of the old brewery was the house in which Sir John Richardson, the Arctic explorer and naturalist, was born. He was the son of Mr. Gabriel Richardson, the owner of the brewery, on whom the poet wrote the following epitaph:

Here brewer Gabriel's fire's extinct
And empty all his barrels;
You're blest if as he brewed, you
drink,
In upright, honest morals.

A spark from a chimney recently caused much excitement in Galashiels. While John Aitchison, a carpenter, was driving to the Galashiels station, the spark was blown into his horse's ear, and at once the frightened animal bolted. Aitchison was caught between the cart and a street lamp-post, and his right arm was severely mangled.

BRUTAL ASSAULT IN EDINBURGH HOME

Lady Gagged and Robbed of Money and Jewels.

An extraordinary case of robbery and assault has taken place in Edinburgh. A lady recently rented a house in the Morningside district, and visited it the other day to complete arrangements for furnishing. On stepping into the kitchen she was attacked brutally by a man, who gagged her, bound her hand and foot, and robbed her of a number of valuable articles of jewelry and a sum of money. For over an hour she remained bound and helpless, but at last she succeeded in reaching the kitchen table. She managed to pull the drawer out altogether, and among the scattered contents discovered a pair of scissors, with which, after many useless efforts, she freed her hands and feet. On reaching the house of a friend she collapsed from shock.

The other day the manager of a Scottish West Coast quarry had an exciting experience while directing the operations of firing a blast. The gunpowder charges had been prepared and laid aside, but they could not be found, the man responsible having laid them on the grass, without taking note of the particular spot. All the gang were turned on to look for the missing explosives. When they were beginning to despair of finding them, the manager happened to look down and found he was standing on the charges, the tackets of his big boots having cut the outer case. He skipped briskly, and the charges were safely and tenderly gathered up.

The romantic elopement of a Glasgow heiress with a skating-rink instructor has caused much sensation in the West of Scotland. The young couple met first at a fancy-dress carnival, and it appears to have been a case of love at first sight. Three weeks ago they disappeared from the city, and were married before the sheriff in Edinburgh. From the Scottish capital they proceeded to London, where they were traced, and the bride was brought home by her father, her husband following in hot haste. Besides being an heiress, the bride has a fortune of £8,000 of her own.

A handsome collie belonging to an Ayrshire farmer is just now the pet and hero of the countryside and well does Rover deserve the honor. During the recent storm of wind and rain that swept over Ayrshire, the sagacious animal saved over 50 sheep from drowning. As the result of high flooding in the River Girvan 45 sheep were drowned. There were a hundred sheep in the field, and at daybreak they were found to be swimming in the water. The wise collie dashed into the flooded river, and saved the rest of the flock by rounding them up to dry ground.

A desperate woman attempted to commit suicide the other week in the hope that it would benefit her two children. While Robert McMillan was walking along the banks of the River Clyde, near Rutherglen Bridge, he saw a woman jump from the bank into the water. He dived into the river after her, and succeeded in effecting her rescue. The woman stated that, as her husband had been out of employment for some weeks, she could not get sufficient food to give to her two children. She thought that if she were out of the way they would be looked after.

A serious railway smash occurred recently on the Caledonian Line at Garnkirk station, but it was, much to the amazement and surprise of the officials unattended by loss of life or injuries. A goods train from Glasgow was entering the station when it is supposed a wagon axle snapped, and ten wagons left the line. Several of them tilted on to the platforms, which were fortunately free from passengers, and the merchandise was scattered in all directions. The engine kept on the metals, and neither driver nor fireman was injured.

Tobler's
Swiss Milk
Chocolate

When you visit Switzerland to see the glorious Alps and to climb the Matterhorn, come to Berne and go through the famous chocolate works of Tobler & Co., Limited.

They are one of the sights of Switzerland—with their gigantic machines for grinding the cocoa beans—their mammoth vats for boiling chocolate—and the various processes of converting chocolate, sugar and milk into that exquisite tid-bit — TOBLER'S SWISS MILK CHOCOLATE.

However, if you do not go to Switzerland, you can enjoy TOBLER'S Chocolate just the same.

Dealers in all parts of Canada have it—in 5, 10, 20 and 40c. packages—and also by the pound at 50c.

Be sure, however, to insist on having TOBLER'S.

Imported by
MACLURE & LANGLEY, Ltd.
Toronto, Montreal, Ottawa, Winnipeg.

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VICE-PRINCIPAL DEARNESS ON SIMPLIFIED SPELLING

English Orthography the Most Difficult in the World—Eminent Scholars Who Advocate Reform — Some Examples of Anomalous Spelling—Saving in Printing and Education.

THE following paper was read by Vice-Principal John Dearness, M.A., of the London Normal School, before the annual meeting of the London Schoolmasters' Club, the other evening, and elicited a hearty vote of thanks:

Proficiency in English spelling comes from having a good eye, much practice in reading, and considerable practice in writing. It is well-nigh impossible for children having defective eyesight to become good spellers. The spelling of other languages than English and French—having been made nearly phonetic, such as Italian, Spanish, and even German, is so nearly regular that rightly learning to read makes learning to spell almost unnecessary; whereas in English, investigation has proved over and over again that from one to two years of children's school life is taken up with learning to spell the worst system of orthography in the world.

With a perfected system of spelling no spelling-book is needed, learning to spell is simply learning the alphabet.

The Swedes, Spaniards and Italians do not now need to turn to a dictionary to spell words that they hear or to pronounce words that they see.

The French, on hearing new words, cannot always be sure of the spelling; but on seeing new words they have no doubt about the pronunciation.

The English so irrational is their spelling—are never sure how to write a new word when they hear it, or to pronounce a new word when they see it.

Give out a regularly formed, but unfamiliar, English word, for example, "irremeal," how many fairly good scholars would be sure of the spelling, or how many on first seeing it would be positive about the pronunciation?

How Printers Learn to Spell.

Two lines along which improvement should be undertaken lie in the method of teaching and in the simplification of a large number of the most anomalous and irrational word-forms. In the junior classes there should be no oral practice with unphonetic words. So far as it is necessary to learn the spelling of these in junior classes, it should be done by visualizing and writing. Tests made on a large scale have shown that children taught spelling incidentally—that is, by the same method by which printers learn to spell, namely, the spelling of words they need to use, and the correction of all the errors made—are as efficient in the subject as those who have given a great deal of time to formal spelling lessons.

I do not know of an exception to the rule, that the more any language-student learns about the science and history of English spelling, the more earnest he becomes in favor of spelling reform. In a list of promoters of reform may be found the names of such illustrious British scholars as Sir James Murray, editor-in-chief of the Oxford Dictionary; Professor Skeat, editor of the Etymological Dictionary; Dean Bradley, Dr. Furnivall, Richard Morris, Dr Macnamara, British minister of education, and Dr. Bryce, ambassador to the United States, etc. The editors-in-chief of the six leading dictionaries of the English language are officers of spelling-reform organizations.

Grimm's Tribute to English.

Jacob Grimm was in his recent day the prince of grammarian philologists. No one else has known more thoroughly the numerous streams that have formed and are yet forming the languages of Europe. German patriot as he was, and an ardent admirer of his own mother tongue, yet it was of English that he said: "No other modern language by loss of the inflections has acquired a greater force and vigor than English and a substantial power of expression, such as perhaps never yet stood at the command of any other language. Its entire structure and completeness has proceeded from an astonishing union between the two noblest language-streams of modern Europe. In fact, the English language can rightfully be called a world-language. When we consider its richness, intellectuality, and adaptability, no one of all the other living languages can be placed at its side, not even our own German language." And yet it was this same philosopher, who declared that the continentalists might congratulate themselves that the English have not discovered that a whimsical mode of spelling stands in the way of the world-spread of their language.

What British Criticis Have Said.

The severest condemnations of the spelling in vogue that I have ever read, were uttered by British critics. It was Bishop Thirlwall, the illustrious author of the "History of Greece," who said: "I look upon the established system of spelling, if an accidental custom may be so-called, as a mass of anomalies, the growth of ignorance, equally repugnant to good taste and common sense." Lord Bulwer Lytton declared that our "accursed system of spelling is a lying, round-about, puzzle-headed delusion by which we confuse the instincts of truth." Professor Max Mueller, of Oxford, described English spelling as "unhistorical, unsystematic, and unintelligible."

Some Examples of Anomalous Spelling.

Obviously any perfect system of spelling has only one sound for each letter and always employs the same letter for each sound. In a language that has more sounds than letters in its alfabet English has about twice as many—regularly used combinations may very well take the place of missing letters. Keeping that ideal in mind it must amaze anyone looking through one of our spelling-books to discover in what a multitude of ways several, indeed many, of our sounds are represented. Take, for example, some of the ways we are taught to represent the long sound of "o" and the ordinary sounds of "sh" and "n":

Long "o"—O', oh, owe, so, sew, hoe, yeoman, door, font, shoulder, dough, mauve, hautboy, fauxpas, beau, Pharaoh, depot, Grosvenor.

Sh—Ship, sure, ocean, motion, passion, magician, anxious, conscience, tissue.

N—New, knew, gnu, mnemonics, pneumonia.

A child, to become a good speller in the present fashion, has to learn more than 400 ways of expressing the 42 sounds used in the English language, not to speak of the weary lists of different sounds represented by the same letter. Further, he has to learn in which words to employ all these bewildering variations.

Lord Lytton would have no trouble in defending his contention that learning to spell confuses a child's instincts of truth when he is taught that "receipt" is right, but "deceipt" is wrong; that "proceed" is right, but that "preceed" is wrong; that "toilet" is right, but "etiquet" is wrong; that "programme" is right, but "diagramme" is wrong; that "odourless" is right, but "odourous" is wrong, etc.

A whole column might be filled with such anomalies. These pairs of words in the similar parts should be spelled alike. No one who defends "diagram" or "deceit" can condemn "program" or "receit."

"Heaven" or "Heven."

It cannot be too strongly impressed that no particular method of spelling is either divinely appointed or particularly patriotic. The spelling in vogue is neither more nor less than the fashion of the day. It, like hobble skirts on icy sidewalks, is inconvenient, sensible people are willing to suffer a change. Most of us can laugh at the earnest conserver of the present fashion of spelling, who protested against "heven" on the ground that he wanted that word always spelled the way the apostles wrote it.

Saving in Printing and Education.

Investigators have declared that our letter-writers, typewriters, telegraphers and printers could accomplish one-fifth more work in a given time, if we were only to drop the silent or useless letters, and that our children could obtain about one-sixth more education in the average public school-life if our spelling were as phonetic as that of the Italian, Spanish or German. To test statements I find that in the ten stanzas of "Casabianca" the printer has used 993 letters, whereas to write the same poem in Pitman's alfabet requires only 791 letters. Averages of public school time tables made in this country and south of the border, have shown that spelling occupies from one-eighth to one-fifth of the time. This is rather more than a whole year of the seven and a half which the average child has to attend school.

At a meeting of the New York Board of Superintendents, with Chief Superintendent Maxwell presiding, it was considered whether the text-books should be reprinted in improved spelling. The motion that prevailed without a dissentient voice was that the simplified spelling of the list of 300 words be recommended for use in the schools of the city. One of the superintendents pointed out that the irregular, cumbrous spelling taught in the schools accounts for an expense to Greater New York of no less than $5,500,000 a year as compared with what a regularly phonetic spelling should cost.

$20,000 a Year to London.

To apply the same argument to this city of London, with its 8,000 public school children, costing on an average about $20 per annum, a conservative estimate of the loss due to the spelling waste is about $20,000 a year. The simplification of even 300 words, while it does not go very far, means in the aggregate even to a city the size of this one, a large saving of money, as well as of time, and in many cases the tears of the little ones. We who have learned to spell should not, like Chinese mothers binding their daughters' feet, insist on the rising generation's pursuing all the tortuous way through which we have been led. Apart from its necessary practical value, spelling has less value as mental training than any other subject taught in school.

Immigration and Spelling Reform.

Canadians, like the South Africans, should take a deep interest in the question of spelling improvement on account of the foreign immigration that is filling up the western country. In South Africa, Dutch and English are taught in all the schools. The former have simplified their spelling; their grammars, dictionaries, and readers are printed in the new phonetic spelling. Dutch reading and spelling are accordingly learned with ease and rapidity. The inspectors are reporting the satisfactory progress in the Dutch language, and lamenting the lag in the English. Prof. Kidd says that if improvement does not begin soon, "Baboo English," as he calls it, will prevail. In a Scandinavian mission school in Chicago, adults are quickly taught to read English in a phonetic spelling, having vowel sounds represented in the manner familiar to the Norse.

It is encouraging to note the signs of improvement in different parts of the English-speaking world. A great many newspapers in the United States have introduced improved lists of words. The largest and most important training college in the Dominion of Canada uses the 3,300 list in its calendar and monthly gazette. Three leading training colleges and universities in the United States, including one with an attendance of over 1,000 students, teach and practice the full authorized list of simplifications. A start has been made even in Britain. You will not find the useless u encumbering the "labor, honor," class of words in the London Nation, or Morning Leader. I think the latter spells "program" without the useless "me."

The Alberta teachers are preparing a petition to the Government setting forth that:

In Western Canada.

WHEREAS We believe that a reform of our present chaotic spelling would promote greater efficiency in the art, would economize time and energy, and would lessen the drudgery of the rising generations,

WHEREAS We believe that a reform of our present chaotic spelling would promote greater efficiency in the art, would economize time and energy, and would lessen the drudgery of the rising generations,

AND WHEREAS We believe that such reform would prove especially advantageous to the foreign-speaking peoples of our land, who are struggling to gain a knowledge of English,

THEREFORE We, the undersigned, respectfully petition you to appoint a select committee to inquire into and report upon the matter of the simplification of English spelling."

Mr. Dearness concluded with an outline of what the Ontario branch of the British Simplified Spelling Society has done during the past year.

Fairville, Sept. 30, 1902.
Minard's Liniment Company, Limited:

Dear Sirs,—We wish to inform you that we consider your MINARD'S LINIMENT a very superior article, and we use it as a sure relief for sore throat and chest. When I tell you I would not be without it if the price was one dollar a bottle, I mean it. Yours truly,

CHAS. F. TILTON.

SIDELIGHTS ON NOTABLE PEOPLE

BY THE MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

LORD HOUGHTON'S name was so well known in America 20 years ago, as one of the most popular and frequent visitors to that country, as a friend of all its leading public men, and literary lights, and as the greatest enthusiast in England about everything American, as a poet, an author, an eloquent speaker, and as a most witty conversationalist, that there will be many people there, especially of the older generation, who will be interested to learn that another Lord Houghton has appeared on the scene, to continue the name of that brilliant grandfather of his, who died in 1885, and a considerable portion of whose memoirs are devoted to things American.

Young Lord Houghton made his entry into this world of suffering, on Tuesday of last week, and possibly by way of indication that his career is destined to prove momentous, Crewe House, in Mayfair, the home of his parents, the Earl and Countess Crewe, was partly burned down two nights afterwards, the mother and babe remaining in the house amid much discomfort.

Lord Crewe is at present the secretary of state for India, the leader of the Government in the House of Lords, and has been in turn secretary of state for the colonies, lord president of the Privy Council, lord in waiting to Queen Victoria, Gladstone's home rule viceroy of Ireland, while in America he was known as the late Lord Houghton's only son and constant companion, under the name of Robin Milne.

Lady Crewe was Lady Peggy Primrose, the second daughter of the Earl of Rosebery. Lord Crewe's first wife was the lovely Sibyl Graham, daughter of Sir Frederick Graham of Netherby, and a sister of the Duchess of Montrose. She died after seven years of marriage, followed shortly afterwards to the grave by her little boy, and Lord Crewe's sorrow for this double bereavement found expression at the time in a very touching poem entitled "Seven Years." She also left him with three daughters, and who about the same age as their stepmother, have been her most intimate friends from childhood.

Although Lord Crewe and Lady Peggy Primrose have been married for twelve years, yet their in every other respect happy union, remained childless until last week, when the long-yearned-for and anxiously awaited infant was born to inherit the earldom of Crewe, his barony of Houghton and his very extensive estates, for all of which, until last week, there had been no heir.

Crewe House, the London home of Lord and Lady Crewe, which had just been redecorated and enlarged, in view of the impending coronation, and of the expected birth of an heir, and which has now been to a great extent destroyed by the flames, is a low pitched, wide-fronted mansion with Ionic columns, standing in the midst of spacious grounds, the velvety lawns of which are shaded by majestic trees, and cut off from the busy traffic of Curzon street, by a brick wall, fronted by a green hedge.

The latter, in connection with the quaint-looking porter's lodge, all covered with flowers and creepers, gives the entire place a rural aspect, which contrasts in rather a graceful fashion with the huge carved stone palace of the Duchess of Marlborough, known as Sunderland House, just across the way. It was formerly known as Wharncliffe House, the home of the lords of Wharncliffe, and built in the reign of George II., was in the Wharncliffe days, at the end of the eighteenth century, and throughout the greater part of the nineteenth century, the rendezvous of everything that was brilliant in London society, its salons enjoying an international fame. It was sold by the present Lord Wharncliffe to Lord Crewe, about fifteen years ago.

Mayfair did not always enjoy the prestige which it now obtains as the most fashionable and ultra-exclusive quarter in London. In the reign of Charles II. it was the scene of a great fat rand popular festival, held there in the honor of May, in that month every year. It was noted in the seventeenth and beginning of the eighteenth centuries for the brawls and popular disturbances of which it became the scene every spring. These grew to be such a source of trouble to the authorities, that early in the reign of George III. the fair was abolished. The name of the district, however, remains. But the garden of Crewe House, and its magnificent old trees, are about all that are left of the days when the district was wholly and truly rural.

Like so many other houses of the English aristocracy, that of Lord Crewe had its origin in trade. No industry is older than the manufacture of cloth, and throughout the greater part of the eighteenth century, the cloth trade of Wakefield, one of the most prosperous centres of commerce in the north of England, was something very much akin to a monopoly, namely, that of the Milnes. Hailing originally from Derbyshire, they had been settled at Wakefield since 1670, and by degrees became allied through marriage to many of the houses of the untitled and titled aristocracy of Yorkshire. Of this Milne family Lord Crewe is now the chief.

Cawdor's new Thane, who through the death of his father succeeds as third earl of that ilk, to his honors, and estates, has hitherto been known as Viscount Emlyn, ran for Parliament three years ago without success, and as captain of the Carmarthen militia artillery, saw some service during the Boer war. He is married to Joan Thynne, a daughter of the receiver-general to the dean and chapter of Westminster, and a member of that historic house of which the Marquis of Bath is the chief.

He becomes through his father's death the owner of Cawdor Castle, at Nairn, in Scotland, where Macbeth is supposed to have slain King Duncan, while the memorable meeting of the Thane of Cawdor with the three witches took place on the "blasted heath" in the close vicinity of the castle.

Miss Caroline Rube, whose engagement has just been announced, was previously married to the Hon Leopold Canning, only son and heir of Lord Garvagh. Her wedding to him took place some six years ago, in old St. Margaret's Church Westminster in the presence of members of the royal family, of the cabinet, and in fact of almost everybody of note in London. It seemed an ideal match. On the one side there was beauty and great wealth, the bride being the only surviving child and sole heiress of Charles L. Rube, the South African multimillionaire. On the other hand, there was an historic name, with an honored title in prospect, the bridegroom, who is very good looking, having a most promising career before him. He was a godson of the late Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany, and persona grata with others of the reigning house, Lord Desborough placed Taplow, his beautiful place on the Thames, popularly known as "Honeymoon Hall," at the disposal of the newly-married couple, for their honeymoon. But before three days were over, the bride had left her husband, and returned to her parents, with whom she has resided ever since.

This occurred towards the close of the season of 1904, and furnished the principal theme of gossip at the Goodwood races and during the Cowes week of that year. It was only 18 months ago that she took the necessary steps to secure the annullment of her marriage, under circumstances which permitted her to resume her maiden name, and, of course, the long delay in taking this step created a considerable amount of speculation, it being generally assumed that if she should have braved the notoriety and all the disagreeable proceedings connected with the divorce court, it was with the object of being free to wed again. These anticipations have now proved correct.

The Hon. Leopold Canning belongs to that family which furnished to the state George Canning, the famous premier, the Earl Canning, first viceroy of India, and Stratford Canning, better known as Viscount Stratford de Redcliffe, who achieved so much celebrity as British ambassador to the Sublime Porte during the Crimean war, being known at Stamboul as "The Great Eltchee," and regarded by the natives as infinitely more powerful than the Padashah himself The first Lord Garvagh was a younger brother of George Canning, the prime minister.

Lord Spencer's testamentary dispositions have caused a considerable amount of surprise, by reason of the size of the fortune which he has left to his half-brother and successor, the present earl. His action in letting his stately town house in Arlington street, looking out on to Green Park, and in selling his world-famed library, has convinced people that he was in very straitened circumstances. Yet the value of the estate which he has left, over and above the entailed property, amounts to more than $3,000,000.

This is a welcome windfall for the now Earl Spencer, lord chamberlain to King George. Having married the Hon. Margaret Baring, sister of Lord Revelstoke, and of Cecil and Hugo Baring, and an heiress, he turned over to the committee of liquidation his wife's entire fortune, when the house of Baring got into difficulties some 19 or 20 years ago, his example in the matter being followed by Lord Kenmare, married to the Hon. Elizabeth Baring, another of Lord Revelstoke's sisters. It is pleasant to be able to add that both Lord Kenmare and Lord Spencer eventually recovered the fortunes of their respective wives, owing to the fact that the assets of the house of Baring realized considerably more than anticipated by the commission of liquidation. But at the time when the two earls surrendered the money there seemed to be but little prospect of their ever seeing it again.

LA GRIPPE RAVAGES

THE TROUBLE SWEEPING OVER CANADA IS AN EPIDEMIC.

Weakened and Broken Constitutions Left Behind—How to Regain New Health and Strength.

La Grippe is one of the most dangerous diseases that annually sweeps over Canada. It starts with a sneeze—a slight cold—and ends with a complication of troubles. It lays the strong man on his back; it tortures him with fevers and chills, with headaches and backaches. Its victims are left low spirited and depressed, and an easy prey to bronchitis, pneumonia rheumatism, and often that most dreaded of all diseases—consumption. You can avoid la grippe entirely by keeping the blood rich and red by the occasional use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The trouble takes as its victims those whose blood is in a poor condition, and its after effects are more dangerous and more lasting than the trouble itself. For the after effects of la grippe there is absolutely no other medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Every dose helps to make rich, red blood that drives disease from the system, and makes weak, despondent men and women bright, cheerful and strong. If you have suffered in any way from the epidemic of la grippe that has been sweeping over Canada give this great health-restoring medicine a trial, and it will not disappoint you. Here is proof of the wonderful power of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills over the after-effects of this disease. Mr. P. E. Paulin, collector of customs at Caraquet, N. B., says: "A few winters ago I had a severe attack of la grippe, which completely broke me down. I had to take to my bed for several weeks, and although during that time I employed a doctor I did not seem to recover from the trouble. I was left terribly weak, did not sleep well, had night sweats and little or no appetite. I was really a physical wreck. On a former occasion I had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for general debility with such great success that I decided to try them again. I sent for a half dozen boxes and began to take the Pills at once. When taking the second box I began to feel quite a change in my condition. I was able to walk about the house and my appetite was improving. From that on I gained strength every day and before the six boxes were done I was able to return to the office and attend to my work. I have since enjoyed the best of health, and think Dr. Williams' Pink Pills the best medicine for trouble of this kind."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only promptly cure the serious after-effects of la grippe, but they make well and strong all persons suffering from any form of debility or general weakness. These Pills have no laxative or purgative action; their mission is to make new, rich, red blood, and thus fortify and strengthen every organ and every part of the body. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers, or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MR. CHAMBERLAIN A PATHETIC FIGURE

Scene When He Took the Oath in the New Parliament.

THE Manchester Guardian of Feb. 3 says: If Mr. Chamberlain had been a little less impetuous today, he might have been spared the severer part of his self-imposed ordeal of taking the oath in the new Parliament, by a kindly thought of the Speaker, it had been arranged that he should take the oath behind the chair, and when he came in, supported on one side by his son, and on the other by Mr. Arthur Lee, it was to find Mr. Nicholson (assistant clerk) waiting by the door prepared to administer the oath there and then. Apparently, however, the stricken statesman and his companions had formed a plan of their own, which was to pass from the threshold to the treasury bench without a glance either to right or to the left, and this movement they carried out with a breathless rapidity which left no room for explanation. No attempt was made on this occasion to impose on Mr. Chamberlain the task of signing his own name. That was done for him by Mr. Austen Chamberlain, and all that was required of the principal figure in this trying and pathetic episode was that he should allow his left hand to be lightly touched by the pen as it was withdrawn from the written page. On the other hand, he insisted on repeating the words of the oath for himself—last year they were read to him by his son which he did in a loud yet inarticulate voice, sadly unrecognizable as that of the famous and trenchant debater of former days. Even when not engaged in reciting the oath, Mr. Chamberlain endeavored to keep talking, now to Mr. Lee, who remained seated by his side, now to Sir Courtenay Ilbert, who did all that was possible to shorten the necessary formalities. Passing the chair on his way out, Mr. Chamberlain paused to salute the Speaker, who on his part hastily rose, descended from the dais, and before the tremulous hands could be stretched forth, pressed them warmly in his own, and at the same time expressed his pleasure at seeing Mr. Chamberlain back again. Some acknowledgment came from Mr. Chamberlain's lips which caused his son to laugh, and also drew a genial laugh from Mr. Lowther. Memorable as an illustration of the undying fortitude of the old indomitable spirit, the whole incident, nevertheless, was charged with a pathos almost too poignant for endurance. For some little time afterwards the almost empty House remained sunk in profound and touching silence.

PRECIOUS METALS FOR TELEPHONES.

Few persons realize what an enormous amount of the precious metals and even precious stones, such as diamonds, are used in the manufacture of telephone apparatus. In a single year one company uses upward of a ton of platinum for this class of apparatus alone. And platinum costs 30 per cent more than pure gold, demonstrating that this expensive metal would not be used so extensively unless results justified it.

NO MORE DISTRESS FROM THE STOMACH

Dyspepsia, Gas, Indigestion and Heartburn Vanish and You Feel Fine in Five Minutes.

Every family here ought to keep some Diapepsin in the house, as any one of you may have an attack of Indigestion or Stomach Trouble at any time, day or night.

This harmless preparation will digest anything you eat and overcome a distressed, out-of-order stomach five minutes afterwards.

If your meals don't tempt you, or what little you do eat seems to fill you, or lies like a lump of lead in your stomach, or if you have heartburn, that is a sign of Indigestion.

Ask your pharmacist for a 50-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin, and take a little just as soon as you can. There will be no sour risings, no belching of undigested food mixed with acid, no stomach gas or heartburn, fullness or heavy feeling in the stomach, Nausea, Debilitating Headaches, Dizziness or intestinal griping. This will all go, and, besides, there will be no sour food left over in the stomach to poison your breath with nauseous odors.

Pape's Diapepsin is a certain cure for out-of-order stomachs, because it prevents fermentation and takes hold of your food and digests it just the same as if your stomach wasn't there.

Relief in five minutes from all stomach misery, at any drug store, waiting for you.

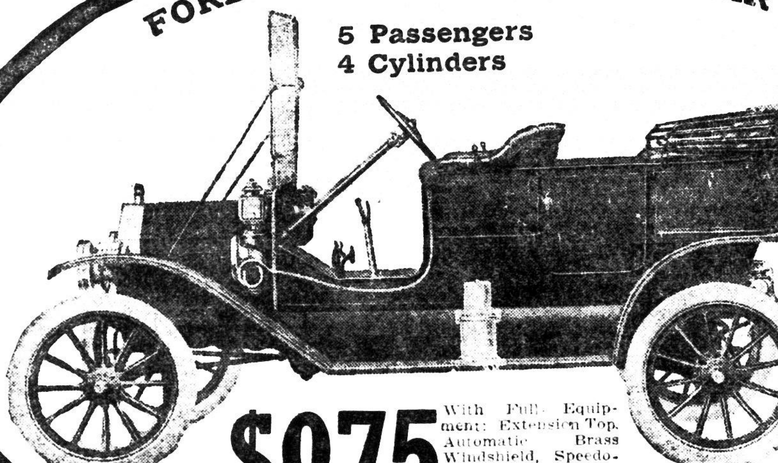
These large 50-cent cases contain more than sufficient to cure almost any chronic case of Dyspepsia, Indigestion or any other Stomach trouble.

Ford

If you are going to buy a motor car, we want the opportunity to prove to you with a practical demonstration why the FORD Model T will prove the most satisfactory, economical and durable car; why it is the best car for you to buy. We want the privilege of taking you over the many superior merits of the FORD Model T cars in comparison with any and all cars regardless of price. We would not coax this comparison so earnestly if we had not the absolute convincing evidence to place before you what FORD Model T cars have accomplished in hill climbing, in travelling over what have been impassable roads to other cars, in giving reliable service every day in the year under all weather and climatic conditions—under the most severe tests to which a motor car can be subjected. We want to show you evidence of actual economies which have come to owners of FORD cars. We want to demonstrate to you the great advantages in FORD Service to FORD owners—the evidence that the FORD Motor Company—immediately and continually, cares for the interests of the owners of FORD Model T cars.

FORD MODEL T TOURING CAR

5 Passengers
4 Cylinders



$975 With Full Equipment: Extension Top, Automatic Brass Windshield, Speedometer, Two 6-inch Gas Lamps, Generator, Three Oil Lamps, Horn and Tools, for $975. F. O. B. Walkerville, Ont. This same Car with Three Oil Lamps, Horn and Tools, $875, F. O. B. Walkerville.

Ford Service for FORD Owners

The service organization established and maintained by this Company is as complete as human ingenuity can make it. It makes no difference where you may be, you are never very far from a FORD dealer, and, every FORD dealer's contract with the Ford Motor Company expressly stipulates that such dealer must carry a full or complete stock of FORD parts at all times. Each purchaser of a FORD Model T car receives an individual parts price list at the time of purchase, he knows thereby what each individual part costs; the price is always the same with every FORD dealer. You can rarely travel 50 miles in this country in any direction without meeting a FORD dealer, and every dealer is immediately at the service of the FORD owner.

FORD Service for Ford Owners is also well established all through Europe, so that the owner of a FORD Model T car is assured of prompt service in any part of the world. No other manufacturer of motor cars gives this assurance. Investigate this subject with your nearest FORD dealer.

Consider the FORD Model T Touring Car—4 cylinders, 5 passengers—fully equipped, no extras to buy, for $975. Here is a car that is standard, i. e., no change in the car itself for the last four years. Just a refining of some features, changing body designs and adding little conveniences which have added to the comfort, pleasure and all-around serviceability of the car. A regular family car that will go anywhere, at any time; a 365-day-in-the-year car that brings to you all that any motor car can bring. You buy it complete, without any extras, for $975.

Look at the FORD Model T Torpedo Runabout. Note the snappy, classy design. What a car for two passenges! Consider that you can buy this splendid standard car, completely equipped, for $900.

Consider, you can buy the Open Runabout, fully equipped, for $875.

Consider that the FORD Model T is the lightest weight car in the world, size, power and capacity taken into consideration—weighing but 1200 pounds. Consider, weight has much to do with the expense or upkeep of a motor car; it costs more in gasoline and oil to operate a heavy car than a light car; tires wear out quicker under a heavyweight car than under a lightweight car; deeply rutted roads, hills, sand, slush, mud, snow, are much easier to the lightweight car than to the heavyweight car; and, when you can get all the service, all the comfort, all the speed, all the pleasure, and all the usefulness in the lightweight car with its modest expense in maintenance, why should you buy a heavyweight car with its heavy purchase and after expense.

Consider, the FORD Model T car is the Vanadium steel car, and, that Vanadium is the most expensive as well as the strongest steel in the world. Ask any civil engineer about Vanadium steel.

Investigate All These Features

Investigate the built-in FORD Magneto. This is one of the exclusive creations of Henry Ford, the greatest genius the world has ever known. The FORD built-in Magneto does away with ignition troubles so far as the motor car is concerned, the magneto made an integral part of the motor. Compare this with the magneto equipment of other cars. Investigate the Three-Point Suspension of FORD Model T cars. Get the significance of what this means in the service and durability of a car.

Investigate the special FORD Brake; learn what this means—safety in driving a motor car.

Investigate the Motor and learn its extreme simplicity, and you will understand why the FORD Model T cars are so seldom out of order.

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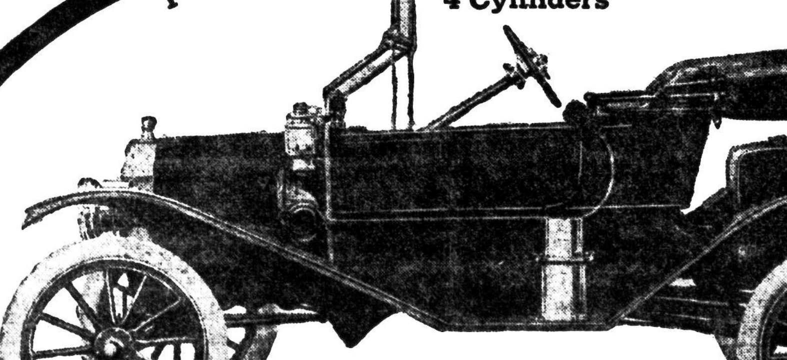

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Lord Curzon on the Orient East and West Compared

Advantage is With the East in Things Relating to the Enlightenment of Mankind—Orb of Christianity Rising in the East—What Will the Future Bring?

LORD CURZON'S Rectorial address took place at Glasgow Jan. 25, without any interruptions other than those which are usual on such occasions. The noisiness of the students was quite good-humored, and the friction which arose last year between them and their rector has entirely disappeared.

At the outset Lord Curzon explained that his own inclination would have predisposed him to choose some topic connected with the character and functions of British universities. That field had been thoroughly explored, and accordingly he should cast an introspective eye upon his own experience, and invite their attention to a subject upon which he could speak with sympathy and understanding if not with authority. Circumstances had compelled him during the greater part of his adult life to study at first hand the immemorial but ever mysterious connection between the east and the west, their action and their reaction upon each other, and their joint or jarring influence upon the evolutions of mankind, which might almost be described as the central thread of the world's history. At this moment it was entering upon an entirely new phase, complex and startling in its features and pregnant with eventualities that none could foresee. Another excuse for selecting that topic was that Glasgow City and University had played no mean part in building up the Indian Empire, and in diffusing throughout eastern lands the government science, the arts and the ethics of the west. He then defined the east as the whole of the countries lying both on the confines of Europe and beyond as far as the Pacific Ocean, the magnitude of that area being emphasized by the statement that it contained considerably more than half of the world's population. After a graphic account of what he called the wonderful beauty and dominating grandeur of eastern landscape, he surveyed the reciprocal influence of east and west, and gave the opinion that the advantage had lain on the side of the east, if not in material triumph, at least in contribution to the progress and enlightenment of mankind.

The East and Christianity.

One interest had never failed to grow and prosper with every successive shock between the two. That was trade. Thus, whoever held the land routes or commanded the sea, the merchants and money-lenders had never failed to profit by the contact, even where they were sometimes crushed by the collision. They could not fail to observe that through the same period a religious faith, Asiatic in origin though western in development, was preparing the west for the triumphs that were to ensue. At first pervading the fog with feeble rays, and frequently kindling with its own misdirected heat the most awful conflagrations, the orb of Christianity was steadily rising higher in the heavens until it touched the zenith. He could not say that even by expelling kings the Government had definitely repudiated its belief in the divinity of power. A personal ruler would still appeal to the Oriental mind. But when absolutism was accompanied by any defiance of the national spirit or was attended by injustice, suffering, or national disaster, then the Government was willing to borrow from the west the methods by which the latter had successfully coped with the same dangers. While there had not hitherto been any deep-seated or widespread color prejudices in the east, and while the barrier between the western man and the eastern man must be otherwise explained, there was danger lest such a feeling may attain serious proportions. The British, with their liberal and humanitarian ideas, should be the leaders in the struggle against any such development. Lord Curzon concurred in the view that the east was unlikely to accept Christianity for two main reasons. Firstly, the religions of Asia gave to it what the Pagan mythologies did not give to Europe—a definite and intelligible theory of the relations of God to man which satisfied the spiritual aspirations as well as the day to day requirements of the Oriental. Secondly, the latter saw in the teachings of Christianity something hostile to that revived self-consciousness to which he clung as his dearest possession. Christianity had a possible and enduring mission in Asia. As regards the influence of education, it would be a grotesque misreading of facts to argue that western education had not on the whole been attended with incalculable benefit to the east. It should be remembered that the inventions of science had on the whole a unifying and softening influence.

What Will the Future Bring?

What then, he asked, if he distrusted the gloomy forebodings of the prophets was the future that he anticipated for the east? The future would be affected by two among many other considerations upon which it was impossible to dogmatise. The first was the spread of population. Asia contained already nearly one-half of the population of the entire universe. The greater part of that was not in any degree under the control of Europe. Who could say what the propositions would be in a century's time, or to what extent the populations might have reacted on politics? The second consideration was concerned with the industrial future of the east. During the past century the exploitation of the internal resources as well as the external carrying trade of the east has been almost entirely in European hands. The west had, however, been too busy with building up its political and commercial connections to spare much time for internal developments, to which also the temper and tradition of the east were opposed. In the future an immense expansion might be expected in the organization of mineral and other resources and in the growth of manufacturing industries, the products of which would enter into commercial competition with the west. Lord Curzon, having dealt with the individual position of China, Japan, India, and the Middle and Near East, asked what was the part that was capable of being played by our own country in the future evolution of the great drama. Ideas of territorial expansion in the east occupied, he was sure, no place in any Englishman's mind. We were concerned to hold what we had got. not to add to it. For the task of harmonizing the interests of east and west and preparing for the growth of that renovated but composite east which he foresaw in the future, this country possessed exceptional qualifications. (Cheers.) Great Britain's experience in the east was larger than that of any other western power. Great Britain had consistently led the van in concession to Asiatic sentiment or in marshalling Asiatic progress. These were great advantages, but their potentiality for good would be materially diminished and might easily disappear if it were once believed in the east that we were not prepared to sustain them with inflexible determination, and to uphold our traditional armed superiority in Asia, where necessary on land and everywhere on the sea. (Cheers.)

Replying to the toast of his health at the subsequent luncheon, Lord Curzon said the last fifty years had seen a wonderful expansion in the constitution and ideals of the older English universities, particularly those of Oxford and Cambridge Universities were not, however, mere machines for teaching. They were nurseries of thought. That was the function they were endeavoring to discharge in England, a function successfully discharged in Scotland for the last fifty years.

ENGLAND'S GREATEST PREACHER

Leaving Birmingham for New York—Not a Question of Salary — His Congregation Approves.

THE Rev. Dr. Jowett, of Carr's Lane Congregational Church of Birmingham, on Jan. 25 announced his decision to accept an invitation to the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, New York. The announcement made a profound impression upon the crowded congregation, and the keenest regret at his loss was everywhere expressed. The invitation, however, has been three times repeated, and Dr. Jowett felt that he could no longer resist it. He preached in the Fifth Avenue Church in 1909, and was greatly impressed with the work it was doing. He will take up his duties there in April next.

Reasons For His Decision.

In the course of his statement he spoke of the various invitations he had received to America, and said that twelve months ago he received a call from Fifth Avenue Church, and he then accepted the judgment of three of his friends in Birmingham and decided to remain at Carr's Lane. Nothing passed between him and the church until June, when he received a communication that Fifth Avenue Church was sending a local deputation with an invitation. He replied the same afternoon "finally decline," and the deputation was stopped. The third call came last Saturday week. He felt, altogether independent of the Fifth Avenue Church, that it was desirable to have a change. He had come to the conclusion that after a certain number of years a man's ministry must lose its freshness, and that it was well both for him and the church that the message should be presented in a new way. He had felt the strain of his fifteen and a half years' work at Carr's Lane, though he had been very happy in it. Fifth Avenue was the kind of a church that appealed to him. It was a church that was doing a great home mission work in the city and an amazing work in the foreign field. He thought it offered the kind of sphere that would appeal to his ministry. As for Carr's Lane, he thought it was strong enough to undergo the change, and would be strong enough to find the successor it needed.

Dr. Jowett further said that statements in the press as to the salary he was to receive in New York were grossly exaggerated. No such sums had been named to him. Twelve months ago, when he first saw the deputation from America, he distinctly told them that he should not accept the salary they offered, and he had intimated this time that he should not need the salary they offered, and that he should only be prepared to take the equivalent of the salary he received at Carr's Lane.

The Church's Attitude.

On behalf of the diaconate, Mr. J. C. Hurst proposed, and Mr. S. E. Short seconded the following resolution:

"The members of the church and congregation worshipping at Carr's Lane profoundly regret Dr. Jowett's severance from the great work which he has so successfully carried on as their pastor during the past 15½ years but having heard the statement that he has now made, they desire to assure him that the call which he has once again received from the Fifth Avenue Church, New York, is one in which they also recognize the voice of God. They therefore commend him in all tenderness and Christian sympathy to their brethren across the sea, and assure him that they will follow him and support him in his new ministry with their constant prayers."

It was also decided to send a message of goodwill to Fifth Avenue Church.

Dr. Jowett's Career.

Dr. Jowett was born at Halifax in 1864, and received his early education at the Hipperholme School, the head master of which was the Rev. J. H. Stork, a clergyman of the Church of England. At the age of 18 he decided to devote himself to the ministry, and became a student of the Yorkshire College at Airedale, near Bradford. He succeeded in winning one of the "Brown scholarships," which enabled him to proceed to the University of Edinburgh, where he spent four years, graduating as master of arts in 1887. After taking his degree he returned to Airedale, and another year's theological study at Mansfield College, Oxford, under Principal Fairbairn completed his training for the ministry.

Mr. Jowett's first charge was at Newcastle-on-Tyne, where he remained from 1889 to 1895, when he succeeded Dr. Dale as pastor of Carr's Lane, Birmingham. His preaching has attracted very large congregations, especially of young men, and large queues line both sides of Carr's Lane Chapel every Sunday night when he preaches. The University of Edinburgh last year conferred upon him the honorary degree of D.D.

Dr. Jowett was president of the Congregational Union of England and Wales, and last year was chairman of the National Free Church Council. He has worthily filled the position occupied by his eminent predecessor at Carr's Lane, Dr. Dale, and the church is today as strong a force in the religious and social life of the city as it has ever been. A monument to Dr. Jowett's work in the Digbeth Institute, founded on a firm basis by his individual efforts. He has devoted practically the whole of his energies to Carr's Lane, and its numerous agencies, and taken but litle part in the public life of the city. Dr. Jowett is a man of many endowments, but he is above all a preacher, and possesses a remarkable power over young men.

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Mrs. Robinson Collette, Rogersville, N.B., writes: "I am now enjoying the best of health after having used your Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was troubled with a weak heart and was afraid to draw a long breath for the pain it would cause me. I could not sleep at night, and it was impossible for me to walk ten yards without resting myself. I cannot speak too highly of your Heart and Nerve Pills, for they are the greatest pill I have ever used and I can recommend them to all sufferers."

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ROCKEFELLER AND CARNEGIE IN MERRY WAR OF MILLIONS

Rivalry in the Giving Away of Their Wealth—Race Started Thirty Years Ago—Their Enormous Fortunes.

A MERRY war of millions is on between Andrew Carnegie and John D. Rockefeller.

"I expect to die poor!" is Mr. Carnegie's battle-cry, and as a retort Mr. Rockefeller as often declared, "No one shall outgive me!"

Theirs is not a fight like those that Wall street so often sees—neither one is trying to ruin the other in this game of money. It is a fine and friendly rivalry between the Pittsburg ironmaster and the Cleveland oil king to see which one will be able to give away the most money during his lifetime. At the moment Mr. Carnegie leads by about $5,000,000.

Nobody can tell when Mr. Rockefeller will come back at him with some more millions and take again the lead, which neither one succeeds in keeping very long.

Up to almost the end of last year Mr Rockefeller led in the giving game, by something like $5,000,000, but Mr. Carnegie on Dec. 14 took it from him by throwing into the balance $10,000,000, given for the establishment of international peace. With this gift came the appointing of a board of trustees to work for international arbitration and the abolition of war, which Mr. Carnegie calls a "degrading evil." This put him ahead some $5,000,000 or so. But any day Mr. Rockefeller may be expected to come back at him.

As it was, just one week after Mr. Carnegie's newest gift, Mr. Rockefeller did make the University of Chicago $10,000,000 richer, but this was merely a transfer of millions. He ordered $10,000,000, out of his $53,000,000 fund for general education to be paid to the university at the rate of $1,000,000 a year for ten years. It was not really an additional gift, so his sum total of gifts for all purposes still stays at $174,411,000, while Mr. Carnegie's amount to $179,800,000.

That is the situation today as regards these two masters of many millions. However, nobody expects them to end their days in the poorhouse, for the simple reason that their incomes pile up faster than they can spend the money.

Race Started Thirty Years Ago.

This unique contest started thirty years ago. The two multi-millionaires have been at it ever since, matching each other's gifts with other gifts and a little more. For general education Mr. Rockefeller has given the mighty sum of $53,000,000! Mr. Carnegie is only a million behind with his $52,000,000 for libraries. Mr. Carnegie gave $16,000,000 for the Carnegie Institute in Pittsburg and $12,000,000 for the Carnegie Institute in Washington, a total of $28,000,000, and now Mr. Rockefeller adds $10,000,000 to the $25,000,000 he has already given to the University of Chicago, going Mr Carnegie $7,000,000 better.

Though announced on Dec. 21, Mr. Rockefeller's transfer of the $10,000,000 to the Chicago institution of learning, was really made on Dec 13, and the very next day came Mr. Carnegie's ten millions for peace. Mr. Rockefeller's latest gift was announced on Oct. 18 last, when he added $3,820,000 to the $5,000,000 he had already given to the Institute for Medical Research. Since that date a score of gifts of from $50,000 to $250,000 have been announced, but not one that can rival Mr. Carnegie's $10,000,000 in one lump sum.

Among his friends Mr. Rockefeller makes no secret of his determination not to let Mr. Carnegie outgive him. He confesses that he is jealous of Mr. Carnegie's world-wide philanthropies. He refuses to discuss Mr. Carnegie's gifts publicly, just as Mr. Carnegie refused to refer to Mr. Rockefeller's. In fact, the two gentlemen have tacitly agreed to treat each other impersonally.

John D. Rockefeller is supposed to be the richest man in the world. He himself probably doesn't know how much he is worth. His total fortune may be assumed to be between $500,000,000 and $700,000,000. If he lives another 15 or 20 years and doesn't give away too much he may die a billionaire, the first the world has ever known.

Their Enormous Fortunes.

Andrew Carnegie is not so rich. No one knows just what he took for his interest in the steel trust, but it is supposed to have been in the neighborhood of $250,000,000 or $300,000,000. Today he is worth something between $200,000,000 and $500,000,000. It would scarcely be an extravagant guess if one were to estimate the sum total of the Rockefeller and Carnegie millions at a billion dollars. And they are rivals in placing this well-nigh inconceivable amount of money where it will do the most good to mankind.

The first great gifts of Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Carnegie were made in 1881. They have been giving ever since. In all that time Mr. Carnegie has been handing out his money at an average rate of $16,438 36 a day. Mr. Rockefeller has been generous to the tune of $15,982 64 a day. But Mr. Rockefeller has only to give away a few more millions to make his daily average climb higher than Mr. Carnegie's.

Giving away money has with these men taken the place of the desire to pile up additional millions. They have their own ideas about giving it away. They seldom give large sums without imposing rigid conditions. Almost invariably Mr. Rockefeller requires that his beneficiary raise a similar or even greater amount from other sources. Before even the smallest amount is given the object is carefully investigated. Mr. Carnegie is equally careful. Skilled investigators report on every application for charity. Only the most worthy requests are granted.

Both Have Their Hobbies.

Rockefeller and Carnegie have their prejudices and their weaknesses. Both also have their hobbies. Mr. Carnegie's is building libraries. Mr. Rockefeller's is his general education board and the University of Chicago.

Their principal gifts are surprisingly alike in size and purpose. Mr. Rockefeller favors this university; Mr. Carnegie that one. While one of the oil king's chief gifts has been $8,240,000 to the Institute of Medical Research, Mr. Carnegie has given $15,000,000 for pensions to educators. Churches and missions have received more from the oil king than they have from Mr. Carnegie. The Rockefeller gift of $53,000,000 to the general education board is the greatest single gift one man has ever made in the history of the world, and it is said to be the oil king's intention to increase it to $100,000,000 within the next few years.

Mr. Rockefeller's big gifts, like Mr. Carnegie's, are always made in bonds of railroads, steel and oil companies.

Mr. Carnegie is 73, and Mr. Rockefeller 71. Both started in life without a dollar; and both became millionaires before they were 35. As every one knows, Mr. Carnegie made his millions in steel and Mr. Rockefeller his in oil. Both have given liberally to their home towns—Pittsburg and Cleveland—and both now live in New York. They have many other points of resemblance, including their unflagging interest in golf.

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BRITISH MINES TAKE TERRIBLE TOLL

Last Year the Worst Since 1873—1,620 Lives Lost.

A STATEMENT issued from the British home office shows how great is the toll the mine extracts from this who work in it. The figures of 1909, which, as the Daily News pointed out at the time of their issue, were higher than in any year since 1873 as far back as the return surveyed have been exceeded, both in the number of accidents and the number of deaths. This is due to the terrible accident at the Hulton colliery, in which 344 lives were lost. But for this the death roll would have been slightly lower than the year before. As it is, there were 316 more lives lost than in 1909, the highest number for nearly forty years.

In coal mines, there were 1,237 separate accidents last year, with 1,769 deaths. Of these accidents 147, involving the loss of 149 lives, occurred on the surface, 71 deaths being the re- and 29 the result of machinery accidents.

Explosions of fire damp or coal dust sult of accidents on mine railways, occurred on eighteen occasions, eleven of the explosions being in Scotland. Durham and Ireland alone were free from such occurrences. These explosions alone involved the loss of 500 lives, 344 occurring at the Hulton pit. There were 136 deaths in the explosion at the Wellington pit, Whitehaven.

Altogether there were 1,090 accidents which cost 1,620 lives. Six hundred and ten falls of side and roof caused 654 deaths, South Wales having the worst record in this respect with 152 such accidents, costing 155 lives. Shaft accidents, from which, however, Lancashire and Ireland were free, numbered 72, with 88 lives lost, 34 men being killed by falling down the shaft.

In point of number of accidents, 313, South Wales has the worst record of any district.

DOG GUARDS SUICIDE.

A striking and pathetic example of the well-known fidelity of the dog, was provided recently by a tragic incident which occurred in an old-world part of the city of London. For several hours a fine bulldog named "Vic" guarded the dead body of her master with such tenacity that the police were finally obliged to kill her with poisoned meat to enable them to remove the man's body to the city mortuary.

The man, an unemployed draper's assistant named Hyatt, had been a lodger at a cheap restaurant, and failed to come down to the dining-room for his meals. On his rooms being visited, through a hole in the locked door the lodger was seen lying on the floor in a pool of blood, the dog keeping watch over him. The faithful animal would allow no one to go near her master, and ultimately the police were summoned.

When the officers arrived they broke a panel of the door and tried to entice the dog away, but all their pacific overtures failed. Then, with a hooked pole they attempted to catch the animal and drag her from the room or force her into a corner. "Vic," however, refused to be caught, and when not engaged in dodging her would-be captors, sat upon the body of her master. Another bulldog belonging to a neighbor was introduced into the room, but "Vic" displayed not the slightest interest in the proceedings. The expediency of shooting the poor animal was discussed, but the idea was abandoned in favor of using poison.

A piece of poisoned meat was thrown in, and "Vic," succumbing to hunger, ate it, and the rest was silence for a time. Then the police were able to enter the room and take out the bodies of the faithful "Vic" and her master.

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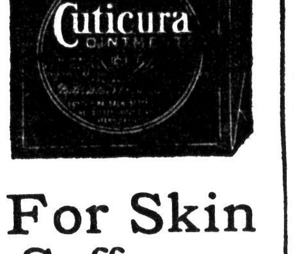

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Ways of Wild Things in the Woods of Ontario

[Peter McArthur, in the New York Sun.]

"WOULDN'T this be a good coon night?" asked the visitor to Ekfrid one day in early February.

"Coon night, nothing!" snorted the old-timer. "Things have changed here since you went away. It's warm and foggy all right and the coons will be out tonight. There is plenty of nice soft snow to track them on, too; but what's the use?"

"Why, what's the matter?"

"Say, one morning last winter I tracked a coon over half the township and located him in a little, measly, scrubby elm. Of course, with the woods so thin as they are now I knew I couldn't sneak around and cut the tree at night without being caught, so I went and asked the farmer who owned the tree if I might cut it. What do you think he said?"

"I can't guess."

"Well, he just said: 'I'll sell you that tree for $17, and then you can cut it down or climb it or do anything else you like with it.' Seventeen dollars! Just think of that, with the best coon skins not worth more than $3."

"That was pretty mean."

"Oh, I don't know as it was. You see, timber is getting so scarce that 'most any tree that has ambition enough to stay standing is worth real money. It's funny that the coons still keep here, for there are hardly any big trees left for them to make nests in; but they're fairly plenty. And do you know, I think they are changing their habits, just as a lot of the other wild things are.

"A couple of winters ago I was hunting along the Government drain for muskrats and mink, when I came on a little hole in the snow on one of the banks near a muskrat hole. I opened it up a little and knew that it was the breathing hole of some critter that was living there. So I got an axe and a spade, the ground was frozen so hard I had to chop through the frost, and I dug out that hole.

"Well, sir, I don't expect you to believe me, but what I actually found in that hole was a big fourteen-pound coon that was wintering there just as snug as if he was in a hollow elm or oak. We used to take an axe and saw with us when we went coon hunting. Before long the coon hunters may be carrying picks and shovels, and the dogs instead of treeing coons will be running them to earth.

"And that reminds me that the muskrats around here have changed their ways since we were boys. You remember the houses they used to build in the railroad ditches and ponds? Well, they don't build houses any more because there are no places for them to build them.

"The swamps have all been drained and so have the deep ditches beside the railroads that used to be full of rushes and willows. The muskrats now live in holes in the banks of the Government drains, and they are plentiful, too. With prices the way they are and for animals protected so well, I am not sure but there is more trapping going on just now than at any time since the days of the Indians and the Hudson Bay Company.

"The young fellows in the country and the villages have mighty little to do now that there's no chopping or lumbering in the winter months, and they just naturally take to trapping. They set out traps for miles around in this cleared and settled country where you wouldn't think there would be anything to get, and some of them do pretty well. I know of several who make as high as $100 in a season from mink, skunk, muskrat and ermine or weasel skins.

"Minks often fetch $5 each and a good black skunk skin is worth as much as $4. Rats are worth 60 cents, coon skins about $2 each, and weasel or ermine skins sell for from 25 cents to $1. You can tell from that that a man doesn't need to get such an awful lot to make $100.

"Most of the money is made from skunk skins, for the skunks are mighty plentiful, especially along the railroads. The woodchucks dig holes in the railroad embankments and then the skunks come along and drive them out. The hunters get most of the skunks by trapping them with the ordinary steel traps, though when the section boss is not around they sometimes dig them out.

"But speaking about woodchuck holes in the railroad embankments, you walk along the track any fine day in the summertime and you will see woodchucks sitting up to look at you every few roads. They are as plentiful as the telegraph poles beside the railroad. Nobody kills them because their fur is no good and there is no demand for their hides.

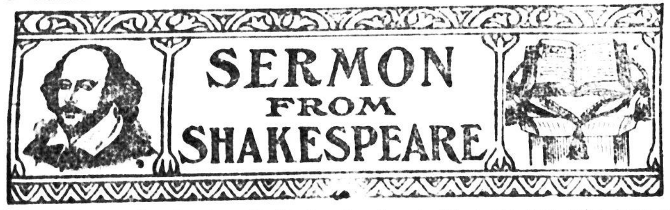
"It used to be that every young sport in the country had a whip with a lash of braided, home-tanned woodchuck skin and we used to pepper them every chance we got for the sake of their tough hides. But no one uses braided whip lashes any more. I haven't seen a braided lash or old-fashioned hickory whip stock in years. The woodchucks are having a glorious time of it, and they may overrun the country unless meat gets so high that we may find a use for them.

"As I was saying a while ago, the wild creatures seem to be changing their habits to meet the changes in their surroundings. Now that dead trees are scarce in the woods I have found woodpecker nests in fence posts and the telegraph poles are full of them. I even find them in dead branches of apple trees, and I heard of one that had been scooped out in an old-fashioned fence rail.

"The crows used to go away every winter, but now that so much corn is left in the shock during the winter the crows stay with us all the time. Even meadow larks and mourning doves that used to migrate every year find so much food in the winter that they stay right through.

"The partridges are all gone and the big hares, for there is no cover for them any more, but quails are more plentiful than ever in some parts. That is because the farmers are learning who are their friends and are protecting them. Young quails eat their own weight every day in grasshoppers and other insects and the seeds of weeds, and that means a lot to the farmers.

"In some parts the English pheasants are getting plentiful and I suppose they take the place of the partridge. Yes, everything has changed about the habits of the wild things in this section, but it is wonderful how plentiful they keep in spite of everything."



SERMON FROM SHAKESPEARE

Some vicious mole of nature in them
As, in their birth, wherein they are
not guilty.
—Hamlet, Act I., Scene 4.

SHAKESPEARE, like every other genius who has written, or played his part for the good of the race, was much in advance of his age. He was a modern man in the highest sense of the word. There are few scientific discoveries or theories that an examination of his dramas will not show to have been anticipated by him. Under the influence given to scientific investigation, and the application of observation of life, no word has been more frequently spoken than the word "heredity." This word never appears on Shakespeare's page, but he uses the word "hereditary" in the same sense in which the scientific expression is used by the scientists.

It is quite true as Prof. R. G. Moulton has pointed out that "the force of heredity does not seem to be prominent in Shakespeare's world; that it is conspicuous by its absence"; but this does not signify that Shakespeare was not fully aware of the operation of the law of heredity. The passage which serves us as a text and many other equally significant would indicate that the idea contained in the word "heredity" was quite as familiar to Shakespeare as to even such a specialist on the subject as the author of "Natural Law in the Spiritual World."

Physical and mental peculiarities, qualities and diseases are transmitted from one generation to another. Shakespeare has on Hamlet's lip crystallized into a single phrase this twofold nature of heredity. How common it is to see physical marks or defects such as moles, etc., inherited by children from their parents. These are the "vicious moles" for which the guilty are often to be pitied rather than blamed. It is as true now as it was 4,000 years ago that "the iniquity of the fathers" is visited "upon the children unto the third and fourth generations." There is nothing new under the sun, and the modern scientist has merely elaborated and buttressed by illustration the idea of heredity contained in the Ten Commandments and in Hamlet's reference to the "vicious mole of nature."

Marc Antony was one of Shakespeare's favorite characters. He is portrayed as valiant, fearless, a genuine friend and an inspirer of affection in others, yet he had vicious moles of nature in him that in the end utterly destroyed the man. There were in Antony hereditary tendencies to vice so powerful that his will was unable to control them. The following words, placed on the lips of Lepidus, show how emphatically Shakespeare took the matter of heredity into consideration when developing the character of Antony:

"His faults, to him, seem as the spots
of heaven,
More fiery by night's blackness; hereditary
Rather than purchased (acquired)
what he cannot change
Than what he chooses."

These examples are sufficient to show that Shakespeare thoroughly understood the influence of heredity in human history.

Individuals are morose, passionate, modest and self-willed largely as a result of the character of their ancestors. Mental and physical aptitudes for work are inherited. The watchmakers of Switzerland, the linen-weavers of Ireland, the steel workers of Sheffield, have their skill largely through the accident of birth. Good and evil traits of character are beyond question inherited. These facts, however, do not permit any individual to excuse himself for his folly. The magistrate will not give the thief freedom because his grandfathers were pilferers.

While the law of heredity shows that there are tendencies in individuals to definite courses of action there is also a force that the individual can call into play to eliminate or foster tendencies. Will is that force! A self-conscious being can stand apart, as it were, from his love, his hate, the labors of his brain and his hand and say, "This will I do or will I not do." He can cultivate righteousness or unrighteousness. He has it in his own hands to become a criminal or a benefactor of society. While Shakespeare made Hamlet speak of the "vicious mole," the inherited devil in man, he likewise saw that the devil may be cast out. In Hamlet's appeal to his mother to change her course of life, he said:

"For use almost can change the
stamp of nature,
And either lay the devil or throw him
out
With wondrous potency."

A trained dog or tamed lion may consider man either God or devil. To a man's passions and appetites will is either God or devil according as he voluntarily surrenders himself to his good or evil tendencies. It takes hard work and patience to make an elephant the servant of man, and where passion and appetite are strong they cannot be easily controlled. A perfect will can only be attained by absolute surrender to the principle of good in the universe, to the divine will.

"I Suffered Years With My Back."

Backache resulting from weak kidneys, a bad cold or other cause, usually renders the sufferer unfit for work and often results in permanent disability.

"I suffered for years with my back, or kidney trouble, and have tried a number of remedies from different physicians. More than a year ago, one of our local druggists induced me to try

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

and after using them some three months I found a decided improvement in my kidneys, and I am glad to say that I hope soon to be fully restored to health." J. P. ALLEN, Ex-Judge City Court, Glasgow, Ky.

As long as pain is present in any part of the body rest is impossible and the system becoming weakened is exposed to any form of disease to which the sufferer may be inclined.

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

by steadying the irritated nerve centers, make refreshing sleep possible, thereby enabling the body to recover lost strength. As a remedy for pain of any description Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills are unsurpassed.

Sold by all druggists under a guarantee assuring the return of the price of the first box if no benefit results.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Toronto, Can.

RAILWAY TRAVEL IN INDIA

Supplying Water to "Caste" Men—A Fakir's Chains.

[From the Railway Magazine.]

AN INDIAN railway timetable affords interesting study. It combines voluminous railway information with a considerable amount of matter particularly interesting to the tourist. Caste does not cause the railways so much trouble as might be imagined, judging by all one hears about it in England. Indeed, caste distinctions are found to resolve into two main principles. One only concerns us here, the other—the prohibition of intermarriage—having reference to matters outside the radius of a railway official's activities.

A "caste" man must not partake of food cooked or even handled by one of inferior caste. Food is a wide term. A very orthodox person would include medicine compounded by an apothecary. One of more liberal views might receive, say, a plantain (banana) from the hands of an individual beneath him, for the "unclean" hands of the latter would have come in contact only with the skin and not with the part to be eaten.

The first and most obvious requirement of any long distance traveller in a hot climate is fluid refreshment. The filter and the glass commonly found in an English dining-car would be no use in India, inasmuch as the native would first of all want to know who put the water in the filter, and then who last used the glass. If satisfactorily assured on the latter point he would nevertheless run no risk of contamination, but would pour the liquid down his throat while holding the glass a few inches above his mouth.

But the orthodox man, taking no risks at all, carries with him a brass water pot attached to a belt, and even then adopts the further precaution above-mentioned. At every station a native patrols the platform carrying a skin with a supply of water. Experience has taught the railway companies to be particular as to who is intrusted with this duty. Continuing, the writer says:

I once travelled with a Brahmin who parched with thirst eagerly called the water carrier at each successive station. But before replenishing his brass pot he cross-examined the man as to his antecedents, and not being satisfied that he was of sufficiently high caste, continued suffering agonies, till a wire was sent on ahead, the result of which was that the holiest man of all the countryside was routed out and induced to do duty pro tem.

Fortunately, very holy people seldom travel, and when they do they contrive to let it be known beforehand so that meals may be specially prepared for them in advance.

On another occasion a celebrated fakir was proposing to travel. His form of self-mortification took the shape of some two hundredweight of chain, with which his body was girded, and with which he tried to enter the carriage, assisted by his friends.

But the station master was there, and the result of a somewhat heated argument conducted in a language which for possibilities of vituperation has no equal in the world, was that the fakir and his chains were hauled off to the weighing machine and full passenger parcel rate was charged on the two hundredweight of old iron on the reasonable ground that it could not be regarded as wearing apparel.

The Hindu likes to have all his savings in a portable form. They do not take the shape of scrip and title deeds, but bars, anklets and armlets of gold and rudely set jewelry. When he travels all this wealth is frequently intrusted to the keeping of a young daughter, whose little legs and arms are wound round with golden bars, while her nose and ears are heavily weighted with jewelry. I once saw on a station platform a little girl of about 6 who was computed to be worth about £6,000 as she stood.

This practice, however, is not so common as it used to be, for railways naturally disclaim liability in such cases, and there have, moreover, been so many nameless outrages on little girls for the sake of plunder.

JEWELS OF THE PHAROAHS

The Egyptians Were Artists in Jewelery — Beautiful Ornaments of 9,000 Years Ago Resurrected.

RECENTLY a professor in charge of archaeological excavations in the land of the Ptolemys unearthed the mummy of a woman said to have lived about 9,000 years ago. Inclosed in the case with her well-preserved body were wonderful jewels, and personal ornaments of gold and silver so nearly like those now in use that a comparison of a jewel casket of a woman of 7,000 years B. C. and that of a modern woman of fashion followed. It was found that even to the little vanity boxes and cases the same idea of personal adornment and beautifying prevailed then as now. Which proves that vanity is as old as the world.

There were necklaces of rare carvings, with sculptured pendants; earrings set with lapis lazuli, cornelian, and amethyst; brooches carved in quaint shapes, showing the sacred hawk of Osiris, the Sphinx, beetles, frogs and elephants—all figures which are found in modern workmanship.

And besides these ornaments this lady of ancient days wore side combs not very different from those seen in modern shops. But most interesting of all were her vanity cases—tiny gold and jewelled boxes containing pomade, and one, with a miniature bit of slate, daintily carved, on which the beauty's eye paint was ground and mixed.

Besides these personal ornaments, the Egyptian belle had beautiful golden vases for her flowers, tiny bottles and oddly shaped receptacles made of gold and set with jewels, in which to keep her face paints, her perfumes, and her liquid aids to beauty, similar in many details to the toilet articles found in the most exclusive jewelry shops in England. Which proves again, or at least suggests, that the modern woman of fashion has much the same nature as her Egyptian sister of the very earliest period known to history.

The early Egyptians had fewer jewels to work with than we have. The diamond, pearl and emerald are rarely seen in their ornaments, but they were masters of the mosaic decoration, which is imitated by other countries today. You will find wonderful work done on some of their minute jewels. Here, for example, is a tiny brown sphere like a head with a design in lighter shade running round its horizontal diameter. These lighter marks, when looked at through the glass, prove to be miniature faces perfectly wrought in inlay. Royalty was satisfied then with ornaments which did not sparkle and glitter, but which invited the closest scrutiny. The Egyptians used a great deal of lapis lazuli in their personal ornaments, the deep blue stone taking the place of the modern sapphire, which was practically unknown then.

An Egyptian pendant of unknown origin is shown in the Louvre. At the lower end is a bull's head, caparisoned, and the tip o feach horn is fitted with a ball like the embolados toros of the Spanish bull fights. The rein is double, and above this there are two rondelles of an unidentified material. Then comes a rondelle of lapis lazuli and after this a rondelle of gold. The whole is strung with twisted gold wire. In the centre is a hexagonal amethyst, evidently a crystal, the two faces of which had been polished and incised. One of these faces represents a priest holding an incense burner with the hieroglyph of the altar. With one hand he is offering two sacrifices, the mineral and the vegetable; in the other he holds a garland of flowers, and leaves. Above this is an Oriental pearl somewhat worn and abraded. All these are secured by twisted gold wire, to which four tiny gold beads of graduated size are affixed at the top of the pendant.

The occurrence of the pearl in this probably intimates that it was the product of a later age, after contact with Roman civilization.

The Egyptians were artists in the handling of glass in jewelry and ornaments. Their strings of glass beads of various colors and their colored glass pendants have never been successfully reproduced. They also wrought handsome pieces of mother-of-pearl as early as 3,000 years B. C. Necklaces, earrings, and other jewels found in the tombs are composed largely of gold set with crystal gems.

Had a Distressing, Tickling Sensation in The Throat.

COULD NOT SLEEP AT NIGHT.

Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup is rich in the lung-healing virtues of the Norway pine tree. It is a pleasant, safe and effectual medicine that may be confidentially relied upon as a specific for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Quinsy, and all Throat and Lung Troubles.

It will stop that tickling in the throat which causes the dry cough that keeps you awake at night.

Mrs. J. A. Smith, Marshville, Ont., writes:—"I had a very bad cough and that distressing tickling sensation in my throat. It was so bad I could not sleep at night and my lungs were so sore I had to give up work.

"Our doctor gave me medicine but it did me no good, so I got a bottle of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, and by the time I had used two bottles I was entirely cured. I am always recommending it to my friends."

Do not be humbugged into buying the so-called Norway Pine Syrups but be sure and insist on "Dr. Wood's." It is put up in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; the price 25c.

Manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

LIGHT FOR AVIATORS.

German scientific investigation has addressed itself with no little success to the question of lighting up aerial thoroughfares—if the term can be applied to the firmament — and thus guiding navigators of the air when flying by night. Experiments which have taken place at Johannistal, near Berlin, have shown that small captive balloons can be used to provide for aerial navigators the light which street lamps afford terrestrial traffic, or which lightships and illuminated buoys supply to maritime navigation.

The captive balloons used for the test are of varying size, the largest having a diameter of eight feet, and the smallest one of three feet six inches. They are lighted by electricity, conducted along a wire communicating with the earth. The experiments at Johannistal showed that these lights were visible at a distance of six miles, and it is stated that their introduction for the use of aerial navigation in the States may be regarded as certain.

EIGHTY MILES IN ONE HOUR

New Locomotives for London and Northwestern Railway.

THE locomotive department of the London and Northwestern Railway is adding considerably to its stock of powerful express hauling engines by building a large number in which superheated steam is the outstanding feature. The superheating system gives the steam immensely greater vitality, and its main recommendation is that it produces higher speed and greater haulage power with a diminished consumption of coal.

There are now under construction at the Crewe works twenty superheated engines, and in order to thoroughly test their efficiency from the point of view of prime costs and results another twenty engines, similar in every way, except that they will be without the superheating apparatus, are being built. The company will thus be able to determine almost to a penny the relative cost of construction and maintenance of the new type and the old.

Trials of the first engine of the new type, named George the Fifth, have been in every way satisfactory. With a heavy load of three hundred and forty tons it ran the hundred and fifty-eight miles from Euston to Crewe in 159½ minutes, not allowing for "slacks." On another spin to Holyhead the engine attained for some distance 80 miles an hour.

A START IN THE COUNTRY.

[By E. P. Powell.]

I have a good deal of sympathy with those who prefer to start their country experience with poultry raising. The price of eggs is not likely to fall below 30 cents in the winter and 20 in the summer. The market is always sure, and it does not vary greatly in different parts of the country. Only you must have a cheap home food, or the hens will not only take your table waste and steal your small fruits, but they will run up a mill bill; destroying everything, and yet not satisfied, nor laying enough to make it pay. At any rate, let the matter be well thought out and a good proportion established between cost of keeping and income from eggs and broilers.

Be sure also to have good poultry fences between yourself and your neighbors. A little management will give a good wide range for your hens, where they will keep lawns and vegetable gardens cleared of crickets and grasshoppers, curculios and other noxious bugs, while excluded from the gooseberries and the strawberries. It is a much easier problem in the south, where Biddy can range the fields 12 months of the year. You have only to add cassava and sweet potatoes, which you can grow in unlimited supplies. Always pet your biddies, talk with them as if they understood you, allow no one to scare them, and they will soon be much more manageable.

Kill the crazy ones that fly and yell if you go near them. The tame ones are the best layers, and you will be taking your basket of eggs to market twice a week, from 20 hens, and bringing home instead what groceries you need.

I should like to make some figures here concerning broilers and eggs, but all of these estimates are dangerous. I simply think that, with common sense and study of conditions, raising fowls is a capital way of beginning home life in the country.—From an article in Outing Magazine.

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

When you have proven all its worth with a 25c "size", you will buy full-sized bottles for economy.

25c and 60c.
Sold everywhere.
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HOLBROOKS SAUCE

Imported Absolutely

The Sauce that made the Factory

is made in the largest Worcestershire Sauce factory in the World

A few drops impart a delicious flavor to Soups, Gravies, Chops, Steaks, Fish and Game

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Business Founded 1798

Have you that little red box of "Little Digesters" with you? Stay away from the feast if you haven't. "Little Digesters" are a sure cure for Indigestion and Dyspepsia. 25 cents the box, at your druggist's or by mail. The Coleman Medicine Co., Toronto.

3 ½ %

You might better place your savings here where they will earn 3½% instead of 3%. Security, $2,000,000 assets.

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The perfect sound-reproduction

which established the supremacy of the Edison Phonograph lies in the point of contact between the Phonograph and the Record—the sapphire reproducing point.

This is the point that conveys the sound from the Record to the audience. And right here is the secret, the perfect lifelike tone of the Edison instead of a metallic, nasal tone.

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$16.50 to $240

Edison Standard Records, 40c. Edison Amberol Records (play twice as long), 65c. Edison Grand Opera Records, 85c. to $2.50. There are Edison dealers everywhere. Go to the nearest and hear the Edison Phonograph play both Edison Standard and Edison Amberol Records. Get complete catalogs from your dealer or from us.

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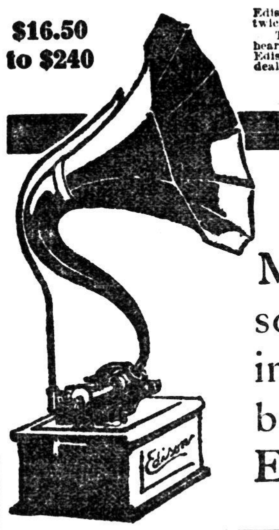

Mr. Edison made all sound-reproducing instruments possible but he perfected the Edison Phonograph.

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ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION

Pain arising FROM *Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sore Throat from Cold, Cold at the Chest, Neuralgia from Cold, Chronic Bronchitis, Sprain, Backache, Bruises, Slight Cuts, Cramp, Soreness of the Limbs after exercise,* is best treated by using ELLIMAN'S *according to the information* given in the Elliman R.E.P. booklet 96 pages, (illustrated) which is placed inside cartons with all bottles of Elliman's price 1/1½, 2/9 & 4/-. The R.E.P. booklet also contains other information of such practical value as to cause it to be in demand for First Aid and other purposes; also for its recipes in respect of Sick Room requisites. *Elliman's added to the Bath is beneficial.*

Animals

Ailments may in many instances be relieved or cured by following the instructions (illustrated) given in the Elliman E. F. A. Booklet 64 pages, found enclosed in the wrappers of all bottles of ELLIMAN'S price 1/-, 2/- & 3/6.

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ROYAL for ANIMALS
See the Elliman E.F.A. Booklet
UNIVERSAL for HUMAN USE
See the Elliman R.E.P. Booklet found enclosed with bottles of ELLIMAN'S
THE NAME IS ELLIMAN

SUNKIST ORANGES

COMING *from* CALIFORNIA!

The "SUNKIST" Special, Moving at Express Train Speed, is Bringing TWENTY THOUSAND Boxes of Famous "SUNKIST" Oranges

Special Sale of "SUNKIST" Oranges All Next Week

Another big sale of "Sunkist" oranges will begin Monday next, continuing till the close of the week.

These special sales, which are held from time to time, are proving immensely popular.

Nearly everybody now knows the excellence of "Sunkist" oranges and they look forward with great interest to these announcements. If you and your people have never eaten "Sunkist" oranges, please try them. Until you do so, you can not imagine the delicious taste of fresh picked, tree-ripened oranges.

Special "Sunkist" Train

Two giant locomotives, pulling 48 refrigerator cars laden with fresh-picked, tree-ripened oranges—the select crop of 5,000 groves—will soon arrive from California. So carefully have these oranges been picked; so rigidly were they inspected and graded; so rapidly are they being transported, that the people of this vicinity will be able to secure oranges as fresh, sweet and wholesome as can be bought in Los Angelés or San Francisco.

Your dealer and all other local dealers will be supplied with "Sunkist" oranges from the "Sunkist" Special Train.

"Sunkist" is the Perfect Orange

"Sunkist" is not a species or variety of oranges—it is a certain grade or quality, the choicest of each of five thousand California Orange Farmers, who produce 60% of the state's entire crop. They pack all their ***perfect*** oranges under the one name, "Sunkist," and ship them East by ***special fast freight.***

Every "Sunkist" orange is firm, solid and sound. It is picked by a ***gloved hand.*** No orange that falls to the ground or becomes bruised or damaged in any other way, ever bears the "Sunkist" name.

Cheapest You Can Buy

"Sunkist" oranges are not only the finest flavored, freshest and most healthful of all oranges, but they are actually the least costly you can buy. Being seedless, fibreless and thin-skinned, the percentage of waste is extremely small. The tender, luscious pulp comprises 98% of the orange.

So it means economy to buy "Sunkist" oranges.

Buy "Sunkist" by the box. You can obtain a worth-while reduction on a box from your dealer. Because of their excellent condition "Sunkist" oranges keep better than others.

Many Ways to Serve Them

Oranges are the most appetizing and nourishing foods one can serve—at breakfast—in the sick-room—between meals—in salads, ices, sherbets and puddings.

There is no limit to the number of excellent dishes of which "Sunkist" oranges form the basis.

Doctors Recommend Them

It is very unusual to find a food that people like and can safely eat as much of as they please. Leading physicians say that to counteract the meats and other heavy foods we eat, one should eat oranges liberally. It is a universally known fact that orange juice is an excellent food for the brain cells and a tonic for run-down nerves. No better laxative than sound, ripe oranges can be found.

Save Your "Sunkist" Wrappers

By saving your "Sunkist" orange wrappers you can easily secure a full set of genuine Rogers orange spoons, dessert spoons and fruit knives. The patterns shown are new 1911 styles, designed exclusively for us. They are as attractive and stylish as money can buy. All are Rogers quality, standard A-No. 1 plate and are fully guaranteed by the maker. No advertising appears on any of our premiums.

Read on the right the description of these valuable premiums and how to get them.

Keep the Dates in Mind—Week Beginning Monday, February 20th,

The California Fruit Growers' Exchange
105 King St. East, TORONTO, ONT.

(78)

"SUNKIST" Premiums

Rogers Orange Spoon Free

The picture shows our new 1911 design, "Sunkist" Orange Spoon, actual size; being a genuine Rogers product and of the latest style. This spoon will be sent you, charges, packing, etc., prepaid, on receipt of 12 "Sunkist" wrappers and 12c. For each additional spoon send 12 "Sunkist" wrappers and 12 cents.

Valuable Dessert Spoon Free

The picture shows our new 1911 design, Dessert Spoon, actual size. It is of the same excellent quality and beautiful design as the orange spoon, but being larger and heavier is more valuable. Sent to you on receipt of 24 "Sunkist" wrappers and 20c additional. For each additional dessert spoon send 24 "Sunkist" wrappers and 20 cents.

This Fruit Knife Free

Our 1911 "Sunkist" Fruit Knife is shown here, actual size. It is made of special tempered steel heavily silver-plated. Fully guaranteed by manufacturers, Wm. Rogers & Son. Sent to you on receipt of 24 "Sunkist" wrappers and 20c. For each additional knife send 24 "Sunkist" wrappers and 20 cents.

Notice!

On all remittances up to 20c please send cash, on amounts above 20c, we prefer postal note, money order, express order or bank draft. Make your money order or draft payable to The California Fruit Growers' Exchange, and address your letters to The California Fruit Growers' Exchange, 105 King St. East, Toronto, Ont.

You can secure these premiums with "Sunkist" orange wrappers or "Red Ball" orange wrappers.

If you will make it a point to buy only "Sunkist" and "Red Ball" oranges, you will not only get the finest fruits that grow, economically priced, but you will soon have enough wrappers to secure a complete set of the beautiful spoons and knives here shown.

Special Prices for This Special Sale

ALL NEXT WEEK, PER DOZEN **23c, 32c, 38c, 46c**

Our SUNKIST Oranges are ripe, heavy, juicy fruit. Save the Wrappers.
Eat SUNKIST Oranges for health.
Use SUNKIST Seedless Oranges and Lemons for Marmalade.

JOHN DIPROSE

THREE POPULAR STORES.

Dundas and Ridout Sts. Dundas and Wellington Sts. Richmond and Hyman Sts.

THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT SPEAKS ON SOUTH AFRICA

Welcomed at the Guildhall, London, Upon His Return Hopes Racial Strife is Over—Mr. Harcourt on Self-Government.

THERE was a note of genuine enthusiasm in the welcome that was given by the city of London to the Duke and Duchess of Connaught on their return from South Africa.

By happy fortune the visit coincided with the announcement of the duke's appointment as Governor-General of Canada, and his brief mention of the fact—"the Dominion with which it is now my pride to be closely and, I hope, affectionately associated"—was greeted with unmistakably sincere applause.

As is the custom, the Guildhall banquet was preceded by a brilliant reception in the library, at which, in view of the peculiar significance of the occasion, the home government and the governments of the overseas dominions were strongly represented. Perhaps the heartiest greetings were accorded to Lord Strathcona, the Grand Old Man of Canada, and Mr. Asquith, but Sir George Reid, the high commissioner for Australia, and Mr. Birrell were welcomed with scarcely less cordiality.

In the parliamentary group the figures of Mr. Sydney Buxton, Mr. Lewis Harcourt, Mr. Herbert Samuel, Sir Rufus Isaacs, Sir John Simon, Dr. Macnamara, Mr. T. McKinnon Wood, and Mr. Wedgwood Benn were noticeable. The Archbishop of Canterbury, the Bishop of London, and the Chief Rabbi stood chatting together, with Sir Samuel Evans and Sir Thomas Barlow close by. Lord Crewe, with the blue Garter across the breast of a Windsor uniform, and Lord Selborne, wearing his Garter ribbon, and the still more gorgeous uniform of an Elder Brother of Trinity House, made a brilliant couple against the background of tulips and lilies with which the library was decorated.

The Duke's Speech.

The Duke of Connaught, in reply to the address of welcome, described himself as "a soldier to the heart's core," but said he was genuinely thankful to feel that the mission he had just accomplished was not a mission of arms, but the commemoration of a great movement in celebration of peace. He spoke with the utmost appreciation of the welcome accorded him by "every class." "I say deliberately 'every class,'" he went on, "because British and Dutch knew no distinction with me, and I recognized none with them. In union they are at one with us, and through union they are ours, in the great co-partnership of empire. I do earnestly trust that any talk of 'Dutch and English' will be no more, and that the unhappy word 'racialism' will be altogether eradicated from the vocabulary."

The duke turned next to his visit to Rhodesia. "I went to that great territory with an open mind, and I left it a confirmed Rhodesian. I cannot dilate upon the glories of the Victoria Falls, nor upon the deep impression left on our minds by the wild scenery of the Matoppos, where the great white chief rests in sleep. I will adapt a phrase similar to that of my friend the prime minister, and say, 'Go and see,' and you will not be disappointed. Rhodesia is a wonderful and healthy country, the home in time to come of numberless sons and daughters of our race rich in beauty and resources, and even in these days of its childhood, a credit to those who are responsible for its nurture and upbringing."

In a most impressive passage, his royal highness then went on to describe the salient events of the opening of the first South African parliament. Raising his voice and speaking with much emphasis, he said:

"I do not ask you to believe that the opening of the Union Parliament is in any sense synonymous with the appearance of a South African millennium. There will be fierce political controversies, and in all probability such political mistakes. There are such things in other parts of the British Empire, and in these matters it is difficult to grant the monopoly of blame to any particular political party. After all, such controversies are the natural outcome of full responsible government, and must be expected; but I am convinced that it is the steadfast intention of South Africans to see that their free government is not abused, and that the union is made, through the agency of their public men, a great and permanent success.

"Then, also, the prospect is not too easy for the South African Government itself. There is an enormous machine to put into good running order and the task requires a range of experience, and a wide knowledge of administration hard to find in any country. There are also highly difficult questions to face—such as the financial relations between the Union and the old colonies, the demands of local and imperial defence, and yet another question, which will always fully tax the resources of statecraft—I mean that relating to the future of the native races. This last was always present, I know, to the mind of Lord Selborne, as it is also a matter of earnest anxiety to my friend the Governor-General.

"I am confident, however, that in these and similar matters wise statesmanship will find fair solutions, for I observed with great pleasure an evident disposition to smooth over difficulties, and not to keep controversies alive wantonly, or for their own sake. There was, as it appeared to me, an evident desire to meet political questions in a spirit of compromise, and it is because this spirit is in evidence that you will see, unless I am much mistaken, an early adjustment of such vexed matters as South African education and the conditions affecting the local Indian population."

Self-Government Successful.

Mr. Lewis Harcourt, secretary of state for the colonies, proposed the toast, "The Union of South Africa."

"When the grant of self-government was made to the conquered states," he remarked, "there were many people abroad, there were some few at home, who thought it little better than a midsummer madness. There were those who thought, and who said, that it was an experiment of a most dangerous description; that it was so reckless that they looked with alarm and distrust to the future. It would be unnecessary, as, indeed, it would be unkind, to remember either their names or their fears today. Never have we seen a greater justification of the profound conviction of the British people in the genius for self-government possessed by most white races, where they are granted both freedom and opportunity. But who amongst us could have believed—even if we hoped—that within two years of this so-called experiment it should not only have justified itself, but should have led directly to that remarkable, essential, and voluntary union which has added South Africa to the constellation of dominions which adorn the imperial crown?

"What," he asked, "does this union mean to us and to South Africa? It means a fusion and a friendship of races; it means the certainty of freedom for all alike, and a confident anticipation of progressive prosperity. It means a democratic co-operation certainly for national defence, possibly for other objects of common need and common urgency. It is a great congress of cohesion, co-partnership, and co-operation. It is a pledge of future amity and a promise of future power."

Sir Richard Solomon, agent-general for the union of South Africa, responded, and the last toast—that of the Corporation—was given briefly by the prime minister.

FOURTEEN AXIOMS FOR TOASTMASTERS

Chicago After-Dinner Celebrity Lays Down Some Rules.

AFTER-DINNER speaking is a business as well as an art, and the man who succeeds in it is born with the gift. For it is a gift, and one that isn't very common.

Perhaps one of the best-known toastmasters in Chicago is William P. Williams. He is frequently employed as often as four nights a week to perform the duties of toastmaster or to make an after-dinner speech. So much, indeed, has he been called upon that he has compiled a set of axioms for the toastmaster.

Axiom 1. The toastmaster should not be the whole thing. I have known instances where he thought he was, and other instances where he really was. In such cases you would have been ahead of the game to the extent of a banquet ticket, car fare, and a pleasant evening if you had stayed at home.

Axiom 2. The toastmaster should allow the respondents a little of the time set apart for the speaking.

Axiom 3. The toastmaster should under no circumstances deliver the respondent's speech in introducing him.

Axiom 4. The toastmaster should not tell every known story in introducing the speaker. Leave a few for him to tell. Sometimes the speaker's remarks remind him of a story as a climax. Think what a toastmaster has done to a speaker when he has taken not only the speaker's story, but also his climax.

Axiom 5. The toastmaster should not, after a speaker has concluded, express his approval by making the speech all over again, or trying to improve upon it.

Axiom 6. The toastmaster should try to make his speakers feel at home. There are moments when even the most calloused speakers wish they were.

Axiom 7. The toastmaster should always have in his repertory the phrase: "We have with us tonight." This not only relieves the apprehension of the audience, but also allows the toastmaster to say "an undisputed thing in such a solemn way."

Axiom 8. The words "needs no introduction" can also be used with effect. Do not, however, follow them with biographical sketch, or excerpts from the "Blue Book" or "Who's Who."

Axiom 9. The toastmaster's introduction of a speaker should not as a rule be longer than the speech of the respondent.

Axiom 10. The toastmaster's introduction, on the other hand, should not be so brief as to be brutal. To be introduced, as I was once: "The next is Mr. Williams, who will talk on soap" is nothing short of criminal, and incites thoughts of revenge and murder. In such cases a toastmaster is unnecessary, and a printed list or an illustrated signboard such as obtains at a vaudeville performance is a big improvement.

Axiom 11. The toastmaster should be empowered by law to kill a speaker who talks over two hours. An hour and a half should be the limit, and there are men who can say something in twenty minutes. Without arbitrarily fixing any given time, the height of the art of after-dinner speaking is in knowing when to sit down; the average banquet is neither an endurance test nor a Chinese drama.

Axiom 12. The toastmaster should please everybody and offend nobody.

Axiom 13. The toastmaster should have at least a speaking acquaintance with the respondents. Nothing is more embarrassing for all concerned than to have a toastmaster frame up a glowing speech of welcome to "our well-known friend whose smiling face I now gaze into with feeling of fondest regard," and launch this at a totally innocent but amazed guest at the speaker's table, until some one pulls the toastmaster's coattails and informs him that the man he is trying to introduce is seated over here on the other side of the table.

Axiom 14. The toastmaster should keep sober.

Mr. Williams made a speech at a banquet not so very long ago, and was introduced by Mr. Higinbotham. When Mr. Williams reached his home he was very boastful to his wife as to the beautiful things the toastmaster said about him. "I was not only a good citizen, but I was an optimist. I always had a smile, a kind word for everyone, and never lost my temper," he said.

His wife's eyes sparkled. "Did he say that?"

"He certainly did," said Mr. Williams.

"Well," in a gentle voice, "Billy, I'm afraid you are leading a double life."

TOLSTOY LEGACY OF DISCORD

Widow and Daughter Alexandra in Bitter Legal War—Cruel Hint to the Sons.

EVERY day with the regularity of a serial story the Tolstoy family deploys itself in the newspapers. The widow announces to the world that she cannot think of complying with her dead husband's wishes that the peasants on the Yasnaya Polyana estate should remain the owners of their pieces of land, because she has seven sons and three daughters, whose living must be considered. A tactless suggestion was made in answer to this that perhaps it would not undermine the constitutions of her sons if they tried the experiment of working. Since then they have either fled abroad to raise cash on their father's memory or have returned to obscurity in St. Petersburg and in Moscow.

The youngest daughter, Alexandra, however, upholds as energetically the fight for the Tolstoyan creed as when its prophet was alive. She and her mother are bombarding each other with injunctions in the Moscow law courts. Many of Tolstoy's original manuscripts are in the Moscow Historical Museum, whose curators find themselves attacked on both sides. The widow has notified them through her lawyers that her daughter must not be allowed access to the Tolstoy room, as it was believed to be her purpose to remove some of the documents as her father's literary executrix.

Alexandra then obtained an injunction against her mother entering the room because of her declared intention not to surrender any of her husband's papers that she could find. The court besought them to come to an agreement, but after a two hours' painful interview they parted on worse terms than before. The court has now placed seals on the Tolstoy manuscript room until the rights of the case have been settled.

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Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

KIPLING'S FATHER A CLEVER MAN

Knowledge of Indian Art Was Unique—Rudyard's Ancestry.

MR. RUDYARD Kipling's father, Mr. Lockwood Kipling, died recently at the age of 74 years.

"Mr. Lockwood Kipling, who was the son of a Wesleyan minister, retired in 1893 from the principalship of the Mayo School of Industrial Art at Lahore, after 28 years' service in India," says the Telegraph. "He entered the Indian service in 1865 as an architectural sculptor, and was employed in decorating the public buildings then arising in Bombay during the governorship of Sir Bartle Frere. Soon after his arrival out the Bombay Government, recognizing his ability, employed him in touring through the cotton district, and his first literary effort was a report on the production and trade in the great staple of the presidency.

"Miss Kipling, a sister of the late Mr. Lockwood Kipling, and an aunt of the author, was once asked from whom Mr. Rudyard Kipling received his intellectual power. 'Ah! That is a difficult question,' replied Miss Kipling. 'The Macdonalds' (his mother's family) 'are bright, witty, clever people, but his most striking characteristic, I think, is his naturalness, and that he must have inherited from the Kiplings.'

"It is said that the late Mr. Kipling's knowledge of Indian art was unique."

If troubled with indigestion, constipation, no appetite, or feel bilious, give Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets a trial, and you will be pleased with the result. These tablets invigorate the stomach and liver, and strengthen the digestion. Sold by all dealers. 2

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is interested and should know about the wonderful
MARVEL Whirling Spray
The new Vaginal Syringe. Best—Most convenient. It cleanses instantly. Ask your druggist for it.
If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies.
WINDSOR SUPPLY CO.,
Windsor, Ont. General Agents for Canada.

ENGLAND'S ANCIENT SHIPS.

Some ancient ships that rival even the celebrated American schooner Polly must be placed to the credit of Great Britain. First in order of age is the Jenny of Carnarvon, 122 years old. The next is the May of Whitehaven, sometimes called the Molly Ashcroft to distinguish her from other Mays. The May was built at Cowes in 1798, so that she is 112 years old, six yxears older than the Polly.

Shiloh's Cure
quickly stops coughs, cures colds, heals the throat and lungs . . 25 cents

WOMEN MAY AVOID OPERATIONS

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

The following letter from Mrs. Orville Rock will prove how unwise it is for women to submit to the dangers of a surgical operation when it may be avoided by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. **She was four weeks in the hospital and came home suffering worse than before.**

Here is her own statement.

Paw Paw, Mich.—"Two years ago I suffered very severely with a displacement. I could not be on my feet for a long time. My physician treated me for seven months without much relief and at last sent me to Ann Arbor for an operation. I was there four weeks and came home suffering worse than before. My mother advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I did. Today I am well and strong and do all my own housework. I owe my health to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and advise my friends who are afflicted with any female complaint to try it."—Mrs. ORVILLE ROCK, R. R. No. 5, Paw Paw, Michigan.

If you are ill do not drag along until an operation is necessary, but at once take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for women's ills, and has positively restored the health of thousands of women. Why don't you try it?

Fry's — THE Cocoa

25c.
a Large Tin

Serve it often! Serve it every day—every meal—between meals—at afternoon tea—to the evening's guests—or at bed-time to all the family. You'll never tire of Fry's Cocoa as you do of coffee and tea, and it is lots better for everyone—especially for the children.

A Food and Drink for All the Family

Most delicious and satisfying of all beverages Fry's Cocoa is also full of readily-digested nutriment. It is thus pleasing and beneficial to those of robust health as well as to the tired, or nervous, or those of weak digestion.

For Children — Instead of Milk

Milk is very good, of course, but Fry's Cocoa is just so much better, more nourishing, easier digested, safer. Tastes so good the kiddies clamour for more,—the more Fry's Cocoa you give them the healthier, happier, chubbier, stronger they become.

For Grown-Ups—Instead of Tea or Coffee

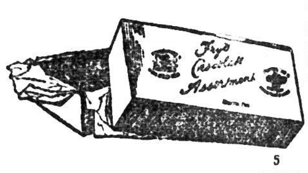
Tea and coffee are merely flavoured hot water. Too often they produce nervous excitability. At best they provide what is called a "false stimulant," and are in no sense foods. Fry's Cocoa has all the food-requisites, readily-digestible. It relieves fatigue, stimulates the faculties and steadies the nerves in a wholesome, beneficial way—by nourishing the body, building up tissues and providing energy. Decide now—start to-day—to drink it oftener. See how much better you enjoy your meals when Fry's—the purest, richest and most economical of all cocoas—is served. Notice how much better you feel after drinking it.

Order Fry's Cocoa To-day

Nothing Will Do But FRY'S

Next Sweet You Eat Try Fry's Chocolate Assortment The kind that make you smack your lips with sincere appreciation and thank your lucky stars that such delicious goodies cost so little that you can have them often. You'll think them quite a bit nicer than the nicest chocolates you ever tasted. Some store near you has them—fresh-made, attractively packed, pure goodness all through

25c for a big boxful.



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Sir William Russell; Great War Correspondent

[From the London Daily News.]

("The Life of Sir William Russell," by J. B. Atkins. Two volumes. Murray. 30s net.)

PRINCE ALBERT the Good spoke of Russell as a "miserable scribbler," and Sidney Herbert, secretary of war during the Crimean war, wrote to Gladstone: "If they were to hang Mr. Russell (alas!) there are no Pictons in an army, I believe the public here would be very well pleased, provided the Times found another man who would amuse them as well." There was never a war correspondent more vilified by those in authority than "Billy" Russell, the first of the craft. He had a nose for an abuse, and whether he was in the Crimea, in India, or South Africa, his generous spirit had never long to wait before it found some cause of ordinary human decency to champion. In the result it is a figure of the finer sort of pugnacity who stands forth in Mr. Atkins' pages.

Mr. Atkins has given us a biography which is, in the best sense of the word, competent. It is well constructed and written with distinction with almost elaborate simplicity. It is the work, not of a gossip and scrap-gatherer, but of one who has a sense of the historic backgrounds across which the hero of his narrative so busily passed during his manly years. He begins with a detailed account of Russell's early years in Ireland, or, rather, he allows Russell to tell the story of those years, and of how, through his cousin, he was set to work to report some militant Irish elections for the Times in the forties—a circumstance which laid the foundations of his career.

Thackeray and Reade.

Interesting as are those pages which recall the monster meetings of O'Connell and the horrors of the famine, the general reader will probably turn with a livelier interest to the account of Russell's career in London, where he rapidly rose in favor with the great Delane and became a welcome jolly fellow of Thackeray and Dickens. Russell has himself written the story of how in those days Thackeray introduced him in the Garrick Club to Charles Reade, 'the ruthless ruffian of the Boundless Breeks.' Thackeray left the room almost immediately after the introduction.

"Reade asked me: 'Are you a great friend of Thackeray's?' 'I suppose so,' said I; 'I am very much attached to him, and he is very kind to me.' 'You have not known him very long?' he asked. It is impossible to give an idea of the delicacy of the insinuation, and yet Reade was not in the least ill-natured. But he was jealous—may it not be said envious?

Meanwhile, Russell had had his first experience as a war correspondent in the Danish war of 1850, and, when there was talk of difficulties with Russia in 1854, he was immediately sent down the Mediterranean by the Times. He had not gone further than the Dardanelles when he wrote home denouncing the "infamous" commissariat and medical arrangements—the beginning of a bitter war between him and the military authorities. The army would not recognize him as anything but a peculiarly undesirable camp follower, and Scutari had hardly been reached when, "one evening, returning from a ride, he discovered his tent as flat as a pancake about four hundred yards from the camp.

"On inquiry Russell found that the commander-in-chief and his staff had been inspecting the camp; someone noticed the tent, a non-regulation ridge-pole thing. 'Whose is it?' 'The Times correspondent's.' Brigadier Bentinck at once fulminated: 'What the etc., is he doing here?' And the tent came down."

There is no need to go once more into the old story of the disastrous mismanagement of the Crimea and of Russell's indictment of the incompetence of Lord Raglan. In regard to the latter, as Mr. Raglan's energies were wasted in attending to futile correspondence from the war office, Lord Panmure, for instance, was capable of sending telegraphic messages like, "Captain Jarvis has been bitten by a centipede. How is he now?" This was to Raglan's successor, but the telegram is typical. One prefers to turn from these old scandals and quarrels to the humors and humanities of the war.

Curses and Competence.

Here is an entertaining picture, for instance, of Sir George Brown, the "clean-shave and pipe-clay" general in command of the light division, who complained one day, "Those d——d colonels don't curse enough. They'll never be any good till they curse. The brigadiers must curse them, and they must curse their captains." Equally full of life in another way is the anecdote of Lord Cardigan, who "told Russell that he started in the charge of the Light Brigade with the words: 'Here goes the last of the Brudenells!'" Then there is the description of how, when Sir William Codrington was appointed to succeed Sir James Simpson, Sir Colin Campbell "blazed with anger, and his anger was something to see. His face became terrible, and his frame quivered as he spoke of his supersession by a junior."

Put beside this last picture the story of how Sir Colin, by that time Lord Clyde, took his promotion to the rank of field marshal after the Indian mutiny:

"Russell called on him in the Albany to congratulate him, and found him exceedingly glum, dressed in his old tartan jacket and trews. 'My God, sir,' said the new field marshal in response to Russell's congratulations, 'it's all too late. What's the use of the baton to me now? There's scarcely a soul alive that I would care to show it to. Thank you, thank you. It is too late.'"

Discussing the general results of Russell's fearless work as a critic in the Crimea, Mr. Atkins expresses the belief that it was he who "saved the remnant" of the British army" there. Equally effective was he shortly afterwards in India, where "his first letter from Cawnpore in the mutiny secured the suppression of the policy of indiscriminate executions. Nor was this the last of his great services to public opinion in England, for "in the American civil war he helped Englishmen to change their minds and to see that the federal cause was the cause of justice and truth." His attitude in this last instance was all the more to his credit, because his employers took the side of the southerners. Russell, however, was the most independent of men. When he contested Chelsea in 1868 against Sir (then Mr.) Charles Dilke, he described himself as "a Conservative on independent Liberal principles," and these were something like the principles up to which this child of a mixed marriage consistently lived.

There is no space to recall in detail his stormy experiences during the Franco-Prussian war, in which he found Archibald Forbes, of the Daily News, an almost too brilliant rival. It was characteristic of the hot-headed generosity of Russell that, when the German army was nearing Paris, he wrote to Delane that he could go with it no further, as 'he could not bring himself to watch the barbarity of a bombardment of Paris"—a letter which brought an eager appeal from his editor not to throw away his reputation.

Russell seems to have had about him something of the charm of the friend of the small boy against the school bully. "Thackeray used to declare that he would pay a guinea any day to have Russell dining at his table at the Garrick," and the fascination was not only the fascination of high spirits, but the fascination of high character. Of the success of Mr. Atkins in revealing that eager and vivid character to us in this book there can be no two opinions. It is written in plain prose without passion or prejudice or even imaginative glow. None the less, it is a fine epic of a warrior-journalist, and contains a defence of the war correspondent in general which will be of lasting value.

BLOOD BAD IN THE WINTER

INDOOR LIFE, TOO LITTLE EXERCISE, BREATHING IMPURE AIR, EATING ARTIFICIAL FOODS.

Is it any wonder that the system becomes poisoned with impure waste matter in the winter time, when you think of the artificial life we lead?

With doors and windows tight shut we breathe the same air over and over again until it is incapable of purifying the blood.

In vain effort to cast the poisons out of the system the liver and kidneys are worked overtime until they too are played out. Then comes the pains in the back, the headaches, the attacks of constipation and indigestion.

The quickest and most certain way to overcome this condition is by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They act definitely and directly on the liver and kidneys, awaken them to renewed energy in filtering poisons from the bowels and remove the cause of indigestion, backache and other body pains.

You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are unique in their combined action on the liver and kidneys and for this reason stand without a rival as a means of purifying the blood and cleansing the filtering and digestive systems.

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

The Latin Conquest of South America

[From Public Opinion.]

M. CLEMENCEAU, the ex-Premier of France, began, in the last issue of the London Observer, a brilliant series of articles on his recent visit to South America. Introducing these, the editor writes:

"It is not very long since Latin America was regarded as a region of exotic anarchy, tempered by good cigars, and otherwise full of wild-cat dictators, operatic millionaires, waltz-music, and revolver-shots. What is the real fascination of the theme is brilliantly opened by M. Clemenceau. Among the half-dozen most remarkable personalities in the world, he is one. What he means to show, we imagine, is that the two distinctive racial forces which, between them, have created western civilization have both been transferred in full vitality across the Atlantic, and are now manifestly destined to repeat their historic roles, neither absorbing the other.

Transplanting the Great European Races.

"Europe has been made by the interplay of Germanic and Latin influences. Now, after two thousand years, the languages and literatures derived from imperial Rome are dominating half the New World and building up new nations upon the basis of what may best be called the Mediterranean tradition. "South America," continues the editor, "will prove that the twentieth century will not 'belong to the Germans,' nor to the Anglo-Saxons either, but that the old nation-making, city-building, art-creating races of the Mediterranean are going to keep their place in the sun."

Races With a Heavy History.

M. Clemenceau says of South America:

"The land, rich in undeveloped forces, calls for new energies. As it only becomes valuable through human labor, everything depends upon man's activity. In the depth of his soul, at once ingenuous and complex, are inscribed all the mysteries of the past, all the secrets of the future.

"Admitting that American civilization is of recent origin, it must be said that the American peoples, far from suffering from growing pains, as we are fond of imagining, are really old races transplanted. Like us they bend under the weight of a heavy history of glory and human suffering; they are imbued with all our traditions, good or bad; and they are subject to the same difficulties, whilst manifesting their vital energies in an environment better adapted to their display.

"I shall deal only with Latin America, without, however, losing sight of the great Republic of the North, where I lived nearly four years. Since neither Jefferson nor Washington foresaw the economic evolution, which, in a little more than a hundred years, was to be realized by their infant Republic, it behooves me to be modest in my prophecies.

"But, if I firmly believe that, in spite of the 'historic materialism' of Karl Marx, commercial interests are not the only factors in civilization: if I take from an eminent writer in Brazil, Senhor Arinos de Mello, the curious information that in 1780, at 1,400 kilometres from the coast, at the house of his great-grandfather, who had never seen the ocean, a company of amateurs played the tragedies of Voltaire — I must conclude that the influence of ideas, inherited from our forefathers, is not less certain or durable than that of international trade relations.

Ideas and Moral Influences.

"This I say with no intention of depreciating the importance of such commerce as, even at that time, served as the vehicle of ideas—just as the good sailing ship transported a copy of Voltaire's 'Merope' or 'Mahomet' from Rotterdam to Pernambuco, and a train of mules took a month to complete the journey. It should remind us that moral influences are not inferior in results to monetary affairs."

Do you know that croup can be prevented? Give Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as soon as the child becomes hoarse or even after the croupy cough appears and it will prevent the attack. It is also a certain cure for croup and has never been known to fail. Sold by all dealers. 5

GREAT INCREASE IN FEMALE LABOR

Says That Men Err in Thinking That Strife Arises From Hatred.

SOME remarkable figures regarding female labor in France are tabulated in the census for 1906, which has just been compiled. In the last 40 years the number of women wage-earners has nearly doubled. In that time the figures have risen from about 4,500,000 female workers to 7,750,000. This is a 65 per cent increase, whereas the percentage of increase among male workers was only 24 per cent. the figures being formerly 10,500,000, as against the 1906 total of 13,000,000.

It is shown that in 1906 the "active population" of the country—that is to say, excluding children, women having no occupation save that of housewife, and all persons living solely on unearned incomes, pensions, etc.—numbered 20,750,000 souls, of whom less than two-thirds were men and more than one-third were women. Agricultural pursuits accounted for 5,500,000 men and nearly 3,500,000 women. Nearly 4,750,000 men and over 2,500,000 women were employed in trade, and 1,030,000 men and nearly 300,000 women were engaged in the liberal professions and public services. In the domestic services the women outnumbered the men in a proportion of 770,000 to 170,000.

The totals show the working population is made up of 39 per cent women to 61 per cent men. The total number of workers has risen from 15,000,000 to 20,750,000 in 40 years, the proportion of workers to the total population having risen from 40 per cent to 53 per cent.

The figures which prove most conclusively, however, that people work more and are waited on in idleness less, are these: Forty years ago 1,900,000 persons were employed as domestics, valets, cooks, etc., in private houses. In 1906 less than 1,000,000 were so engaged.

Trade employment has nearly trebled, and in the manufacturing and liberal professions there has been an increase of 75 per cent in the total employees.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
CURE DISEASES OF MEN
PATIENTS TREATED THROUGHOUT CANADA FOR 20 YEARS

DR. KENNEDY, MEDICAL DIRECTOR OF DRS. K. & K.

Drs. K. & K. are favorably known throughout Canada where they have done business for over 20 years. Thousands of patients have been treated and cured by their great skill and through the virtue of their **New Method Treatment.** When you treat with them you know you are dealing with responsible physicians as they own and occupy their own office building in Detroit, valued at $100,000. When they decide your case is curable, all your worry is removed for you know they will not deceive you. They guarantee to cure all curable cases. No matter how many doctors have failed to benefit you; no matter how much money you have spent in vain; no matter how discouraged you may be, don't give up in despair until you get a **free opinion** from these master specialists. If you are at present within the clutches of any secret habit which is sapping your life by degrees; if you are suffering from the results of past indiscretions; if your blood has been tainted from any private disease and you dare not marry; if you are married and live in dread of symptoms breaking out and exposing your past; if you are suffering as the result of a misspent life—**Drs. K. & K.** are your **Refuge.** Lay your case before them confidentially and they will tell you honestly if you are curable.

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DEAD SEA A NATURE MYSTERY.

The Dead Sea is one of the great curiosities of nature, and has been the subject of no end of speculation. No matter how much water flows into it, and the Jordan is subject to great floods at certain periods, it maintains the same level. During the dry season, when evaporation is greatest and the inflow of water the smallest, the sea level remains unchanged. Having no known outlet, the only explanation as to why it maintains its level is that the sea is the crater of a volcano from which leads an underground opening of sufficient size to carry off all the water rising above the level of the opening. While the facts in the case are not definitely known, this explanation explains more satisfactorily than do some Dead Sea legends to the effect that it had been the subject of a curse, one of the penalties being that it should never rise above its level when cursed.

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TIME TO QUIT.

The senior major of a British regiment was giving the benefit of his advice and experience to a youthful "sub." "See here," he exclaimed, "this is your first dinner and we'll go easy with the decanter, my boy. Remember esprit de corps and—er—and all that sort of thing. Here's a good tip. See those silver candlesticks there? When you can see four instead of two—why, clear out—go home. See?" "Perfectly, and thanks awfully," replied the young officer. "But don't you think you had better go home at once? There is only six years older than the Polly

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