



California Bitters
 Vegetable preparation,
 the native herbs found
 in the Sierra Nevada
 mountains, the medicinal
 properties of which have
 been extracted therefrom
 by Alcohol. The question
 is, "What is the cause
 of the disease?" The
 answer is, that they remove
 the impurities of the
 blood, and the patient recovers.
 They are the great blood
 giving principle, a perfect
 purgative, a perfect
 tonic, and a perfect
 restorative of the system.
 The history of the world
 has recognized the medicinal
 qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS
 of every disease man is
 afflicted with. Purgative
 as the Venereal, Gonorrhoea,
 and other venereal diseases,
 and as a medicine,
 and as a stimulant.

DR. DONALD & CO.
 Agents, San Francisco, California,
 and Charleston, S. C.
 Wholesale and Retailers.

an take these Bitters
 and remain long
 their bowels are not
 deal poison or other means
 rused beyond repair.
 usually proclaim VINEGAR
 wonderful invigorant the
 sinking system.
 sistent, and Intermittent
 ich are so prevalent in the
 cat rivers throughout the
 the States and the Mis-
 sissippi, Illinois, Tennessee,
 Kansas, Red, Colorado, Bra-
 Pearl, Alabama, Mobile,
 co, James, and many others,
 ritories, throughout our
 the States and the Mis-
 sissippi, and during seasons of
 d dryness, are invariably
 extensive derangements of
 liver, and other abdominal
 r treatment, a purgative,
 rful influence upon these
 is essentially necessary,
 rtic for the purpose equal
 n's VINEGAR BITTERS, as
 y remove the dark-colored
 h which the bowels are
 and the stomach, the
 liver, and generally restor-
 functional of the digestive

r Indigestion, Headache,
 sults, Coughs, Tightness
 giness, Sour Eructations of
 Taste in the Mouth, Bil-
 iation of the Heart, Inflam-
 mation, Pain in the region of
 a hundred other painful
 he offsprings of Dyspepsia,
 prove a better guarantee
 f lengthy alleviation.
 King's Evil, White Swell-
 Eyasipelas, Swelled Neck,
 on Inflammations, Indolent
 Mercurial Affections, Old
 s of the Skin, Sore Eyes,
 use, as in all other constitu-
 Walker's VINEGAR BITTERS
 r great curative powers in
 ate and intractable cases.

amatory and Chronic
 Goat, Bilious, Remittent
 at Fevers, Diseases of the
 Biliary, and Biliary, these
 equal. Such Diseases are
 led Blood.
 Diseases.—Persons en-
 ita and Minerals, such as
 -setters, Gold-brothers, and
 advance in life, are sub-
 e to the Bowels. To guard
 a dose of WALKER'S VIN-
 occasionally.

Diseases, Eruptions, Tetter,
 otolus, Spots, Pimples, Pus-
 rquaculæ, Ringworms, Scalds,
 Eyasipelas, Itch, Scours,
 of the Skin, Humors and
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 ally ding up and carried out
 a short time by the use of

and other Worms, hurk-
 n of so many thousands, are
 oyed and removed. No sys-
 e, no vermifuge, no cathar-
 tic, no purgative, no medicine
 can do this. It is the only
 e that will do it.

le Complaints, in young or
 single, at the dawn of wom-
 nhood, or in the decline of
 life, these Tonic Bit-
 ters decide an influence that
 is soon perceptible.
 In all cases of jaundice, red
 or liver is not doing its work.
 sible treatment is to promote
 of the bile and favor its re-
 s purpose and VINEGAR BIT-
 ters.

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 and Charleston, S. C.
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**OUR PRINTING DONE
 FICE.**

The St. Andrews Standard.

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VARIIS SUMENDIS EST OPTIMUM.—Cæ.

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Saint Andrews, New Brunswick, September 5, 1877.

Vol. 44.

THE SIMPLE CHURCH.

I've been to Quaker meeting, wife, and I shall go again. It was so quiet and so neat, so simple and so plain; The angels seemed to gather there, from off the other shore, And fold their wings in quietness, as though they'd been before.

There was no high priced organ there, no costly singing choir, To help you raise your thoughts to God, and holiness inspire; But sitting still in silence, we seemed to feel and know The still, small voice that entered in and told the way to go.

The walls were free from paintings and costly works of art, That in our modern churches seems to play so large a part; For it seems they each endeavor to please the eye of man, And lose all thoughts of plainness in every church they plan.

The windows had no colored glass, to shed a gloom around, But God's pure sunlight entered, unrestrained and all unbound, And centered in a little spot, so bright, it seemed to me A glimpse of brightness somewhat like our future home will be.

There was no learned minister, who read as from a book, And showed that he had practiced his every word and look; But a sermon full of wisdom was preached by an old friend, That took right hold of all our thoughts, and held them to the end.

He used no long, high-sounding words, and had a sing-song way, In drawing out his sentences, in what he had to say; But told the truth, and told it so that every one who heard Seemed to feel the prompting Spirit, more than just the spoken word.

There was no pulpit decked with flowers of beauty rich and rare, And made from costly foreign woods, almost beyond compare; But plain and simple as the truths that we had that day heard, The common painted gallery did much to help the word.

There was no bustle, noise or stir as each one took his seat, But silence settled over all, not solemn, but so sweet, As each one in his quiet way implored for strength to know The right and wrong in everything, and asked the way to go.

It seemed, when I was there, wife, so peaceful and so still, That I was in God's presence, and there to do His will; The simple, peaceful quiet did more to move my heart Than any worship yet had done, with all its show and art.

I'm going there again, wife, and you will like it, too, I knew what it has done for me—"will do the same for you; And you, when once you've entered through the plain but open door, Will wonder why you've never tried the simple church before. I. D. Valentine.

FAITHFUL UNTO DEATH.

The fire burns cheerful on the hearth, the great logs crackle and flare up the wide chimney, up which it is my wont to say you could drive a coach and four. I drew my chair nearer to it with a shiver. "What a night!" I say.

"Is it still snowing?" asked my wife, who sits opposite to me, her looks and work on the table beside her. "Fast. You can scarcely see a yard before you."

"Heaven help any poor creature on the road to-night!" she says. "Who would venture out? It began snowing before dark, and all the people about know the danger of being benighted in the moon in a snow-storm."

"Yes. But I have known people frozen to death hereabouts before now." My wife is Scotch, and this pleasant house in the Highlands is her's. We are trying a winter in it for the first time, and I find it excessively cold and somewhat dull. Mentally I decide that in future we will only grace it with our presence during the shooting season. Presently I go to the window and look out; it has ceased snowing, and through a rift in the clouds I see a star.

"It is beginning to clear," I tell my wife and also inform her that it is past eleven. As she lights her candle at a side table I hear a whining and scratching at the front door.

"There is Laddie loose again," says she. "Would you let him in, dear?" I did not like facing the cold wind, but could not refuse to let in the poor animal. Strangely enough, when I opened the door and called him he wouldn't come. He runs up to the door and looks into my face with dumb entreaty; then he uns back a few steps, looking around to see if I am following; and finally, he takes my coat in his mouth and tries to draw me out.

"Laddie won't come in," I call out to my wife. "On the contrary, he seems to want me to go out and have a game of snow ball with him."

She throws a shawl round her and comes to the door. The collie was hers before we were married, and she is almost as fond of him, I tell her, as she is of Jack, our eldest boy.

"Laddie, Laddie!" she calls, "come in, sir." He comes obediently at her call, but refuses to enter the house, and pursues the same dumb pantomime he has already tried on me.

"I shall shut him out, Jessie," I say. "A night in the snow won't hurt him," and I prepare to close the door.

"You will do nothing of the kind!" she replies with an anxious look; "but you will rouse the servants at once and follow him. Some one is lost in the snow, and Laddie knows it."

I laugh. "Really, Jessie, you are absurd. Laddie is a sagacious animal, no doubt, but I cannot believe he is as clever as that. How can he possibly know whether any one is lost in the snow or not?"

"Because he has found them and come back to us for help. Look at him now." I cannot but own that the dog seems restless and uneasy, and is evidently endeavoring to coax us to follow him; he looks at us with pathetic entreaty in his eloquent eyes. "Why won't you believe me?" he seems to ask.

"Come," she continues; "you know you could not rest while there was a possibility of a fellow-creature wanting your assistance. And I am certain Laddie is not deceiving us."

What is a poor hen-pecked man to do? I grumble and resist and yield; as I have often grumbled and resisted and yielded before, and as I doubtless shall do again.

"Laddie once found a man in the snow before, but he was dead," Jessie says, as she hurries off to fill a flask with brandy and get ready some blankets for us to take with us. In the meantime I rouse the servants.

They are all English, with the exception of Donald, the gardener, and I can see they are scoffingly skeptical of Laddie's sagacity, and inwardly disgusted at having to turn out of their warm beds and face the bitter winter's night.

"Dinna trouble yourself," I hear old Donald say. "The mistress is right enough. Auld Laddie is cleverer than mony a Christian, and will find something in the snow this night."

"Don't sit up, Jessie," I say as we start. "We may be out half the night on this wild-goose chase."

"Follow Laddie closely," is the only answer she makes.

The dog springs forward with a joyous bark, constantly looking back to see if we are following. As we pass through the avenue gates and emerge on the moor, the

moon struggles for a moment through the driving, and lights up with a sickly gleam the snow-clad country before us. "It's hunting for a needle in a bundle of hay, sir," says John, the coachman, confidently, "to think as we should find anybody on such a night as this! Why in some places the snow is more than a couple of feet thick, and it goes again' reason to think that a dumb animal would have the sense to come home and fetch help."

"Bide a wee, bide a wee," says old Donald. "I dinna ken what your English dogs can do; but a collie, though it has na been pleasing to Providence to give the creature the gift of speech, can do many mair things than them that wad deride it."

"The moon has gone in again, and the light from the lantern we carry is barely sufficient to show us the inequalities in the height of the snow by which we are guessing at our path. I begin to wish I had staid at home, when suddenly I hear a shout in front of me, and see Donald who has all the time been keeping close to Laddie, drop on his knees and begin digging wildly in the snow with his hands. We all rush forward. Laddie has stopped at what appears to be the foot of a stunted tree, and after scratching and whining for a moment, sits down and watches, leaving the rest to us. What is it that appears when we have shoveled away the snow? A dark object. It is a bundle of rags! Is it—or alas! was it a human being? We rouse it carefully and tenderly, wrap it in one of the warm blankets with which my wife's forethought provided us. "Bring the lantern," I say huskily; and John holds it over the prostrate form of, not as we might have expected, some stowaway shepherd of the hills, but over that of a poor, shriveled, wrinkled old woman. I try to pour a little brandy down the old throat, but the teeth are so firmly clenched that I cannot.

So we improvise a sort of hammock of the blankets, and gently and tenderly the men prepare to carry their poor helpless burden over the snow.

"I'm afraid your mistress will be in bed," I say, as we begin to retrace our steps.

As we reach the avenue gate I despatch one of the men for the doctor, who fortunately lives within a stone's-throw of us, and hurry on myself to prepare my wife for what is coming. She runs out into the hall to meet me. "Well?" she asks eagerly.

"We have found a poor old woman," I say; "but I do not know whether she is alive or dead."

My wife throws her arms around me and gives me a great hug.

"You will find dry things and a jug of hot toddy in your dressing-room, dear," she says; and that is all the revenge she takes on me for my skepticism. The poor old woman is carried up stairs and placed in a warm bath under my wife's direction; and before the doctor arrives she has shown some faint symptoms of life; so my wife sends me word. Dr. Bruce shakes his head when he sees her. "Poor old soul," he says; "how came she out on the moor on such a fearful night? I doubt she has received a shock, which at her age she will not easily get over."

They manage, however, to force a few spoonfuls of hot brandy and water down her throat; and presently a faint color flickers on her cheek, and the poor old eyelids begin to tremble. My wife raises her head and makes her swallow some cordial which Dr. Bruce has brought with him, and then lays her back among the soft pillows. "I think she will rally now," says Dr. Bruce, as her breathing becomes more audible and regular. Nourishment and warmth will do the rest; but she has received a shock from which I fear, she will never recover; and so saying he takes his leave.

By and by I go up to the room, and find my wife watching alone by the aged sufferer. She looks up at me with tears in her eyes. "Poor old soul," she says; "I

am afraid she will not rally, from the cold and exposure."

As I speak a change passes over her face; the eyes unclose, and she looks inquiringly about her. She tries to speak, but is evidently too weak. My wife raises her and gives her a spoonful of nourishment, which she says soothingly: "Don't try to speak. You are among friends; and when you are better you shall tell us all about yourself. Lie still now and try to sleep."

"You must come to bed now, Jessie," I say. "I shall ring for Mary, and she can sit up for the remainder of the night." But my wife, who is a tender-hearted soul and a born nurse, will not desert her post; so I leave her watching and retire to my solitary chamber.

When we meet in the morning I find that the little old woman has spoken a few words and seems stronger. "Come in with me now," says my wife, and let us try to find out who she is." We find her propped into a reclining posture with pillows, and Mary beside her feeding her.

"How are you now?" asks Jessie bending over her.

"Better, much better, thank you, good lady," she says in a voice which trembles from age as well as weakness. "And very grateful to you for your goodness."

I hear at once by the accent that she is English. "Are you strong enough to tell me how you got lost on the moor, and where you came from, and where you were agoing?" continues my wife.

"Ah! I was going to my lad, my poor lad, now I doubt I shall ever see him more," says the poor soul, with a long sigh of weariness.

"Where is your lad, and how far have you come?"

"My lad is a soldier at Fort George; and I have come all the way from Liverpool to see him, and give him his old mother's blessing before he goes to the Indies." And then, brokenly, with long pauses of weariness and weakness, the little old woman tells us her painful story.

And at last I hear the dog-cart. I lay my finger on my lip, and tell Mary to go and bring John Salter up very quietly. But my caution is needless; the mother has heard the sound, and with a last effort of her remaining strength, she raises herself and stretches out her arms. "My lad, my lad!" she gasps, as with a great sob she springs forward, and mother and son are clasped in each others arms once more. For a moment they remain so. Then the little old woman sinks back on my wife's shoulder, and her spirit is looking down from heaven on the lad she loved so dearly on earth.

She lies in our little church-yard under a spreading yew-tree, and on the stone which marks her resting are inscribed the words, "Faithful unto Death." Our Laddie has gained far-spread renown for his good works, and, as I sit finishing this short record of a tale of which he is the hero, he lies at my feet, our ever watchful, faithful companion and friend.—Chambers' Journal.

SYSTEM.—Whatever you do, have system about it. It is the greatest labor-saving machine in the world, and the cheapest, but it is not the easiest governed. It requires reason and management to control and exercise it. Yet wherever it has been introduced, this great labor-saving machine has been a success, demonstrating to the world that it has saved its operator unnecessary manual labor, a multitude of perplexities, kept his workshop in order, and enabled him to perform correctly more by far than in his absence would have been possible. It has many a time kept its possessor from exasperating entanglements; it has saved him time and trouble; it has kept his business rectified while others have been confused. System! It has ever been a victor in war. Have system in your management, and you will find eventually it will outweigh the physical forces of energy without it.

AN UNCLEAN CHINESE CITY.

Our experience of Amoy's uncleanness began with the sedan chairs hired for our tour among the hills. If I did any justice to them by a description I might find some improper words in this part of my letter when I came to read it over, therefore I refrain; but there were tatters, also cobwebs, and one could not help thinking that smallpox might be lurking in the grimy folds of the curtains. The streets, of course, were very narrow and crooked, and I believe I could have counted from twenty to thirty different doors, each worse than the last, as we were borne around sharp corners, up struggling lanes where black pigs and yellow children appeared quite as blissful as if they had pure oxygen to breathe. The people of Amoy do a great deal of cooking out in the streets, frying in rancid oil many of their delicacies, and the foreign barbarian who is unable to appreciate these savory dishes goes on his way with elevated nose and face of extreme disgust. It made me laugh to see the expressions of our little company, at least of those whose noses were not protected by handkerchiefs. I would not cover mine, for I was no less determined to see all there was to see than to smell all there was to smell, and Arthur said I sniffed the breezes as if they came from a garden of jessamines! [From "New Dominion Monthly" for Sept.]

COURAGE.—A great deal of talent is lost in the world for the want of a little courage. Every day sends to the grave a number of obscure men, who have only remained in obscurity because their timidity has prevented them from making a first effort, and who if they could have been induced to begin, would in all probability have gone great lengths in fame. The fact is, to do anything in the world worth doing, we must not stand back shivering and thinking of the cold and the danger, but just jump in and scramble through as well as we can. It will not do to be perpetually calculating risks and adjusting nice chances. It did very well long before the flood, where a man could support his friends upon an intended publication for a hundred and fifty years, and then live to see its success afterward. But at present a man waits and doubts, and hesitates and consults his brother and his uncle, and his particular friends, until one day he finds he is sixty years of age; then he has lost so much time in consulting his first cousin and particular friends, that he has no time to follow their advice.

The Dinkin Act.
The following is a synopsis of the provisions of the proposed law, copied from an Ontario journal.

It provides that in such cities and towns as adopted the Act no liquor shall be sold in quantities less than five gallons, and no retail business shall be carried on the place where liquor is licensed to be sold. The act was designed to be prohibitory, but in its passage through Parliament it was amended by the addition of the five gallon proviso. In its amended form the Act was not what the temperance people wanted, but it was the best they could get, and therefore as a rule they accepted it and labored to carry it into operation. Upon the petition of a certain number of ratepayers the municipal authorities are required to submit to popular vote the question whether the Dinkin Act will be accepted or rejected. If rejected it falls to the ground, if accepted it becomes the law of the city or town accepting it. With the petition for the submission of the Act to the ratepayers the applicants must deposit a sum of money sufficient to defray the expenses in the event of the rejection of the Act, if the Act is adopted the public treasury pays the expenses.

CANADIAN SHIPPING IN FRANCE.—A rumor comes from Quebec to the effect that the Federal Government has invited Dr. Fortin, M. P., to proceed to France to watch Canadian interests in the commercial negotiations now being conducted between France and England. We hope it is true. In the new commercial arrangements being made between two other countries, it is just possible that Canada stands a chance of a sacrifice, especially so far as her shipping trade is concerned, and it would be well if a competent and duly authorized Canadian representative were on the spot to look after such of our interests as may be involved. It is true that shipbuilders in this Province make the mistake of building for a market, instead of working their own vessels for profit, as the New Brunswickers do, but so long as Canadians have ships to sell it is advisable that they shall be secured, in the privileges of selling them to French purchasers on the same terms as the English can sell. The distinction that now exists has operated disastrously to what was once a large and growing industry, and if anything could be done toward restoring it the country would benefit in the long run.

SITTING BULL SAID TO HAVE RETURNED TO THE UNITED STATES.—Washington, Aug. 29. In addition to the information brought by General Miles, despatches received from Gen. Miles to-day say that his scouts bring the news that Sitting Bull, with 1,300 warriors, has left the British possessions and resumed warlike operations within the territory of the United States. He is reported to have crossed Milk River and encamped at a point somewhere between the Milk and Missouri Rivers, in the neighborhood of what are known as the Little Rocky Mountains, and it is thought here, from advices received, about fifty miles south-east of Fort Belknap. The Secretary of War will await more definite information of the movements of Sitting Bull before finally instructing General Terry as to his proposed mission, in conjunction with the Canadian Secretary of the Interior, to the camp of Sitting Bull in the British possessions. If the information of the return of Sitting Bull to the United States proves to be correct, it is believed he comes on no peaceful errand. There is no doubt in the minds of military men here that this unexpected appearance of the famous chief indicates a general Indian war, for which the Government, through no fault of its own, is entirely unprepared. Intelligence from the Indian frontier is awaited with much anxiety.

WHY THE TURKS ARE VICTORS.—The recent battles in Bulgaria have exemplified once more the peculiar qualities of both combatants. The strength of both lies in defence rather than attack, and in this case, the Russians being the assailants, their weakest point was matched against their enemy's strongest. In holding an entrenched position the Turkish linesman has few equals and no superiors. In the field, where he is, and feels himself to be, at the mercy of incompetent officers, the occasional panics to which he is liable, if common with all Eastern races, have led many critics to undervalue the splendid fighting power which he really possesses; but behind a breastwork where his stubborn valour is untrammelled by any influence from without, he is emphatically "the right man in the right place."

GUATEMALA—Ocean Cable.—The authorities have contracted with Mr. J. A. De Braam for the laying of a cable from the Atlantic port of Livingston to Cape San Antonio in Cuba, touching at Cape Zapotillo and the Island of Comuel. It need be the cable will be taken from Comuel direct to Key West, thus avoiding the censorship of the Cuban Spaniards. Guatemala guarantees the telegraph company to Mr. Braam the yearly amount of \$25,000 for twenty-five years. From the day the line is opened. Official despatches are to pass free, and for others the tariff is to be on the basis of twenty-five cents per word. Honduras has also contracted with Mr. Braam for a cable to connect Port Cortez with Cuba or Key West, and guarantees an annual income of \$10,000 for twenty-five years.

A plague having broken out in Russian Poland, the German frontier has been closed by a strong military guard.

RISE IN TELEGRAPH RATES.—New York, Sept. 1st.—The new telegraph rates go into effect on Monday. The tariff on messages of ten words within a hundred miles will be 25 cents; the maximum rate to and from all points east of the Mississippi and Missouri will be a dollar, and between New York, Washington, Albany and Boston 25 cents. Local rates in New York and New England are substantially unchanged.

Eye St. Andrews Standard.

Saint Andrews, Sept. 5th, 1877.

Subscribers whose accounts have been presented and remain unpaid, have been placed in legal hands for collection, for which they cannot justly complain.

Railroads.

It seems there is a mania for railways existing North, South, East, and West; almost every exchange is discussing projected lines from village hamlets to large cities, all looking for a carrying trade, increased volume of business or travel, opening up new resources or developing trade. This betokens at all events, push, energy, and a desire to be connected with the outside world, and is, in itself commendable. All sorts of gauges are spoken of from three feet to the narrow or broad gauge. In our own Province there are three or four new lines projected, old Canada has the Megantic and other railways in course of construction, and our neighbors in Maine, are not a whit behind in their efforts to have a "Shore line." The latest movement in this direction is the proposed railway from Eastport to Calais of a three feet gauge, the Stock for which line has already some of the leading moneyed men of the former town as subscribers, and the Town will vote to take stock to the extent of 5 per cent of the valuation, viz. \$46,000. The capital stock is put down at \$100,000, being \$3,000 per mile according to the law for a three feet gauge. No other country on the globe will have such a network of railways as North America; the advantages to be derived from the proposed lines are set forth in glowing terms. The amount of capital invested in such public works already amounts to millions.

Our Next Governor.

The St. John Globe gives currency to the rumor, "that the Governorship of this Province for the next five years is again to be entrusted to Mr. TILLEY, and that that gentleman has signified that he is not unwilling to continue to bear the burden." Should this be true, (which we are not disposed to believe,) there must be a change in the political programme that cannot be comforting to a large party. Perhaps after all, it is one of those reports circulated for electioneering purposes. Mr. W. H. Gladstone, said at a late gathering at his father's residence, Harvarde Castle, Chester—"although my father makes so much of his getting on in years, I think you have a proof to-day that he is not past work. Although he has not entered upon any political subject, yet I am sure that none of us but must feel that it is possible his time may come again. Just so; and many believe that Mr. Tilley's "time will come again," and at no distant day.

ELECTION LISTS.—The list of Electors in the Parish of St. Andrews, have been posted for some days. There are 310 names this year exclusive of non-residents. Persons entitled to vote should see that their names are on the list prior to the 1st of October. The following section from the Statutes relates to the qualification of electors—

"Every male person of the age of 21 years or upwards being a British Subject not subject to any legal incapacity, who shall have been assessed this year for which the registry is made up, in respect of real estate to the amount of \$100, or personal property, or personal and real amounting together to \$400 annual income shall be qualified to vote for Representatives of the County or City for which he shall be assessed; if there be no assessment for the Parish in any year then the possession of the qualification of itself shall be sufficient."

MONTROSE.—That spirited little sheet, The Daily Times, sets forth the industries of its town in admirable style; it also deals some terrible blows at the arrangement of the I. C. R. The articles on the dismissal of several of the workmen on the line, are very severe. Its telegraphic information is very full and published as early as its city contemporaries.

LOCAL MATTER.

Subscribers were notified in the two last issues that they would be called upon after the 1st inst., for payment of the amounts due; it is to be hoped they will be prepared to pay the collector and save expense. To those who have responded we tender thanks.

Hon. Doctor Tupper was in town on Monday last. Dr. Ross and Mrs. Ross were staying at Morrison's Hotel.

Dr. Talmage, the great New York preacher, lectured in Fredericton this week, on "The Right side of Things."

The corner stone of St. David's Church, St. John, destroyed by fire, was lifted the other day, and two bottles of old coins, and newspapers, deposited thirty years ago, were found.

The strikes in the United States are virtually ended, and the miners and others are at work. The movement has been injurious to the country.

THOROUGH BREED STOCK.—Mr. Densmore advertises for sale at Auction on the 20th September some valuable thorough bred stock which are worthy the attention of farmers.

The Rifle Competition at Sussex last week—the shooting was above the average. Charlotte as usual took its share of prizes—not so many this year, as but four competitors were able to attend.

The Des Moines Railroad Disaster, on the Rock Island line, was caused by the heavy rain under-running strong currents, and washing out a large bridge. Eighteen persons were killed, and about forty were injured.

MACKEREL.—St. Andrews Bay has swarmed with mackerel for the past ten days, and notwithstanding the immense number caught in weirs, nets, and lime, the schools of these fish are increasing daily. On Monday last some very fine No. Ones were caught.

Mr. Charles Ketchum, a clerk in the St. John Post Office died on Monday last. It appears that a fortnight ago he went in bathing when overheated, from which fever resulted from which he did not recover. Mr. Ketchum was a trustworthy and efficient clerk, and respected by his acquaintances.

FINNEY HADDIES—just received at CAMPBELL'S.

The Local Legislature has been busily engaged since its opening with several bills introduced for the purpose for which it was summoned—to amend the law for the better prevention of conflagrations in St. John—to regulate the construction of buildings, and for rebuilding and replacing public property, and for other matters connected with the great fire.

HENRY JACK, Esq., the popular general agent of the North British and Mercantile Insurance company, at St. John, was on a visit here last week. The promptitude with which the large losses by the great fire in St. John, were paid, places the Company in the first rank of insurance offices.

W. B. Morris, of St. Andrews is general agent of the company.

The inflationists in the United States, are leaving no stone unturned to continue the greenback currency, which has cost that country many millions. The near approach to specie payments will however check the efforts of those who would plunge the business of the nation into the abyss from which it is fast emerging; and it is not probable that a majority of the people will consent to go back to a premium on gold, with a large rate of interest. With their funds at a premium, and a resuscitation of business, it would be impolitic to continue the greenback issue.

BRIHAM YOUNG.—That miserable old man, Brigham Young, the Mormon Prophet, telegraphic advices state, died at Salt Lake City last Wednesday, in the 77th year of his age. He was born in Whitingham, Vermont, June 1, 1801, and leaves twelve widows, not including what he called his spiritual wives. His advocacy of polygamy as a cardinal principle of Mormonism, was simply a disgrace to our common humanity. He was a miserable despot, and the country is well rid of him. What is to become of his infamous gains, amounting it is said to millions, is not known.

LOCAL MATTER.

Mr. E. Gillmor, son of Alfred Gillmor, Esq., St. George, returned from California where he spent a few months, but did not enjoy good health. He believes there are worse places than New Brunswick.

The PRINTER'S MISCELLANY, which was discontinued since the great fire in St. John, is to be published again during the present month, by Mr. Finley its proprietor. It is a useful publication, and should be supported by the "craft."

The Fishery Commission sitting at Halifax is engaged in the examination of witnesses. As there are provincial arbitrators and legal gentlemen present, there is hope of a good case being made out for Provincial interests.

The Fall was ushered in with mild and genial weather—the last day of Summer was delightful and was a fit ending to the charming weather for the past three months. The rain storm on Monday afternoon cleared and cooled the air, and left a decided tinge of autumn weather. The crops look finely.

The famine in Southern India is one of the greatest on record. It is stated that 24,000,000 of the inhabitants are suffering for want of food. The government are using the best exertions to relieve the distressed. Five hundred have died of want and distress. Cannibalism is indulged in at Mysore, two persons were devoured.

The BAPTIST CONVENTION held last week at Wolfville, N. S., was largely attended and some highly interesting information was given with reference to the denomination, and the success which had attended its Educational institutions. Acadia College is in a flourishing condition and doing good work, sending out able scholars, and distinguished clergymen. Upwards of 36,000 members are claimed by the Baptist Church in the Maritime Provinces, with upwards of 160,000 adherents. In the United States the Baptists are said to be more numerous than any other denomination, and their growth in Ontario has been marvellous the past few years.

The STORY OF THE GREAT FIRE IN ST. JOHN, on the 20th of June last, by George Stewart, Jr., has been handed us by Mr. Adams, agent for the County of Charlotte. It is a well written and correct account of that dreadful event, and contains much historical data of places of interest in the city. As we said a couple of weeks ago, the author's style is easy and flowing, at times, and the facts are true to the letter. Mr. Stewart wields a facile pen; and when it is taken into account that he was limited to a fortnight to collect the data and write the book, it must be admitted that he performed no small amount of work in that short time, and that the publishers, Bellows Bros., Toronto, were equally rapid in publishing it.

The Eastern War news continues to be contradictory. The Turks and Russians it appears are not making much progress towards ending the contest. One day the Russians win a battle, and the next the Turks return the compliment. Both sides are losing large numbers of men—the Russians in particular by disease arising it is reported from bad food, defective transportation, and bad ventilation. There does not appear to be any prospect of a speedy termination of the war.

The Great Temperance agitation in Ontario has ceased for the present, as the opponents of the "Drunken Act," defeated the temperance men at the polls. Perhaps it would be of service to give a synopsis of the Act, as it is destined to play an important part in future election issues. The excessive use of liquor has been detrimental to individuals, its wide spread moderate use by persons who can control their appetites, and who are admitted to be honest and moral citizens, has kept alive a traffic, which no one defends. While grain is grown, and sold to distillers, and Government derives a large revenue from Liquor Licenses, total abstinence associations have up-hill work to obtain prohibitory acts.

SMART WORK.—Mr. Lovitt, contractor in St. John, finished the wood-work on a three-story dwelling in four days.

Montevideo was visited by a remarkable hail-storm on the 2d of July. The hail stones were about the size of hen's eggs, and one of them was found to measure 3 1/2 by 2 1/2 inches. All the exposed glass in the town was broken.

Special to the "Standard."

FREDERICTON, Sept. 5. The Bill providing for widening Dock, and Smyth, and extending Canterbury to St. James Street, St. John, passed in Committee, and the House separated until after dinner. It is hoped that the prorogation will take place this afternoon.

GOOD NEWS—REVIVAL OF TRADE.

A Montreal paper thus sets forth the following pleasing intelligence formed up on the promising prospects which are looming up:—

With the majority of the representative business men of Montreal, the opinion is that not only has the bottom of the commercial depression been touched, but the revival of trade has commenced. There has been a steady awakening of business that indicates not a mere filling of temporary and indispensable wants, but a return to a healthy and natural condition of business. Confidence is returning in a satisfactory way, and helping to dissipate the shadow which has so long rested over the country. As yet the harvest has not made returns sufficient to enable country dealers to cover their bills fully, but the money is surely coming, and with its movement there cannot but be an impulse given to business of every kind. The prospect, in every respect, regarded as cheering by those who are best qualified to judge, and there is reason for looking hopefully into the future.

The ordeal from which the country is just emerging has been a severe one, and it ought to carry its lessons to every business man. The faults of the past have been perceived and expiated—let them not be repeated, and there will be no more expiation needed, it has been demonstrated beyond all doubt that business can only be safely conducted upon business principles, that "kiddling" may help a house along for a time, but disaster comes in the long run; that shams show themselves sooner or later, and when they burst hurt every one within their reach; that speculation is the grave of honest business, and that those who dabble in operations of which they know little and which are controlled by others, generally get bitten.

In a letter to the press, Mr. E. Sewell, the builder of the "Northern Light," says that the great mistake of shipbuilders in the Province of Quebec is in constructing vessels for a market, instead of for property and work. Ships are built to be sold, instead of being sailed for a profit. This, Mr. Sewell claims, is a course calculated to impoverish the trade, and divert the benefit which would be derived from the possession of a home-built mercantile marine, to other quarters. The wrong side of this policy was early seen in the Maritime Provinces, particularly at Yarmouth, where interests in sailing ships constitute the in-vestment of the population, and where large profits are reaped in consequence of the ships built there being sailed, and not sold. There is a great deal of cogency in Mr. Sewell's reasoning, and it ought to have influence with the shipbuilding community.

NEWS ITEMS.

The shipment of lumber from Ottawa to the United States since the first of August were 17,000,000 feet, 5,000,000 more than the same period last year.

A newspaper at Ashland, Ky., says that an investigation of the records of the State shows that not a single man or woman in the whole Commonwealth is under the present laws legally married.

Wallace Ross and Hanlon are matched for a five mile race, \$1,000 a side, to take place on Toronto Bay in five weeks after articles are signed. Ross gets \$200 for expenses.

Some of the champion Lacrosse players of Canada are to visit and play in Portland, Me., during the time of the New England Fair.

On Tuesday of 600 Montrealeers mad a visit to Portland, Me., by the Grand Trunk.

Mrs. Fanny Farrey, of Lanecaster county, Pa., is 103 years old, and does all the domestic work for a family of three persons.

The Freedom of the City of Edinburgh was conferred on Gen. Grant on the 31st ult.

A silver mine was discovered near Lake Temiscoumiquis by a Mr. Wright; he was offered \$10,000 for a half interest, but declined.

MARRIED.

On the 29th August, by Rev. T. W. Crawley, Mr. EDWARD F. DEWOLFE, of St. Andrews to Mrs. ELLEN JANE HENRY of St. Stephen.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS

ARRIVED.

Aug. 22.—Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, gen. cargo.

24.—Harris, McQuaid, Boston, ballast.

24.—Daisy, Waddell, St. George, sleepers, R. Ross.

CLEARED.

Aug.—Odessa, Hooper, St. John, pine & spruce boards, Robinson & Glenn.

31.—Daisy, Waddell, Boston, 2400 sleepers R. Ross.

Sept. 1.—Robert Ross, Clark, Boston, 2200 sleepers, R. Ross.

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Waisy, Waddell, Boston, 2400 sleepers
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Robert Ross, Clark, Boston, 2200
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SERIOUS CHARGE AGAINST A CAPTAIN.

New York, Sept. 1. A special naval court
is in session the past week to enquire into
allegations that Captain Del Fosse, master
of bark "Bertha et Marie," of Kingston,
Jamaica, while on a voyage from Port au
Prince to Falmouth with valuable cargo,
abandoned and fired his ship. The court
decided that the charge is a criminal one
and the trial must be conducted on British
soil. One witness testified that Captain
Del Fosse boasted of his crime, claiming it
had paid him \$5,000.

Boy Wanted.

A boy from 13 to 15 years old, who can read
and write, to learn printing.
Apply at the STANDARD OFFICE.

Knitting \$20 MACHINE.

The New Rockford Family Knitting
Machine all complete for \$20, (former lowest
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DRWAY, BLODGETT & HIDDEN.

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52 & 54 SUMNER, 123 & 125 ARCH STREETS,
BOSTON.

NOTICE.

All persons having any claims against the
estate of the late John Danovan, are re-
quested to present the same, duly attested to the
Subcriber within three months from date, and
all persons indebted to the said estate are re-
quested to pay the same immediately.
MARY HAYS,
Parish of St. Croix,
Aug 18, 1877. her X mark.

First Class Pianos.

The Proprietors offer for sale First Class
Pianos 7 1/2 octave, black walnut and rose-
wood, furnished with all modern improvements
at moderate prices for cash or other approved
payment. Pianos shipped at manufacturers
cost, and warranted.
E. WILLARD & CO.,
Factory, 399 Tremont St., BOSTON.
Orders left at the Standard office, St. An-
drews, will be promptly attended to.

MANHOOD:

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED!

We have recently published a new edition
of Dr. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY
of the radical and permanent cure (without
medicines) of Nervous Debility, Mental and Phys-
ical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc.
resulting from excesses.
\$27 Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents,
or two postage stamps.
The celebrated author of this admirable Essay
clearly demonstrates, from thirty years successful
practice, that alarming consequences may be rad-
ically cured, without the dangerous use of inter-
nal medicines, or the application of the knife;
pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, cer-
tain and effectual, by means of which every suf-
ferer, no matter what his condition may be, may
cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.
This Lectures should be in the hands of
every youth and man in the land.
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By reading and practicing
the inestimable truths con-
tained in the best medical
book ever issued, entitled
"SELF-PRESERVATION
Price only \$1. Sent by mail
on receipt of price. It
treats of Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decline,
Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless
concomitant ills and morbid miseries that result
therefrom, and contains more than 10,000 origi-
nal prescriptions, any one of which is worth the price of
the book. This book was written by the most ex-
tensive and probably the most skillful practitioner
in America, to whom was awarded a gold and sil-
ver medal by the National Medical Association.
Send for a sample, illustrated with the very finest
Steel Engravings—a mar-
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sent free to all. Send
for it at once. Address
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finch St., Boston, Mass.

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YOURSELF

Boots & Shoes.

LADIES, MISSES AND GENTLEMEN'S
Boots and Shoes,
BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.
ALSO—A supply of imported Stock, consisting
Ladies and Misses Boots, Arctic Overshoes
and Rubbers,
which will be sold at the lowest terms.
J. M. HANSON.
St. Andrews, 1877.

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

OF EDINBURGH & LONDON.
ESTABLISHED IN 1809.

FIRE & LIFE

PRESIDENT:
His Grace the Duke of Roxburghe, K. T.
VICE-PRESIDENTS:
His Grace the Duke of Sutherland K. G.
His Grace the Duke Abercorn, K. G.
Sir John L. M. Lawrence, Bart., G. C. B. & K. S.
CAPITAL - 10,000,000 Dollars
(WITH LARGE ACCUMULATIONS.)
A Subscriber having been appointed in
Agent for New Brunswick for the above Com-
pany, is now prepared to effect insurances on
reasonable terms.
HENRY JACK,
General Agent,
W. B. MORRIS' Agent for St. Andrews and
vicinity.
Aug. 9. Jan. 29

C. E. O. HATHEWAY.

AUCTIONEER
Office, Water St., St. Andr cw
SEPT. 30, 1876.—3m.

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WHOLESALE & RETAIL
CHEMIST & DRUGGIST,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, MEDICINES, "PATENT" MEDICINES,
PYE WOODS AND STUFFS, SURGICAL
INSTRUMENTS,
Toilet Requisites, Perfumery, Brushes, &c.,
King St. Saint John, N. B.

STREET & STEVENSON.

Barristers and Attorneys at Law,
Solicitors &c.
OFFICES—WATER STREET.
ST. ANDREWS.

Bay of Fundy

Red Granite Company

POLISHED
COLUMN AND PILASTERS,
Tombs and Monuments
mansoleums, Vaults, etc.
Estimates made for Building work. Granite
supplied to dimensions. Designs furnished to
order.
The Polishing Works and Quarries of the Bay
of Fundy Company are now in full operation
and the Company are prepared to fill orders with
despatch. Further particulars and price list on
application to the Secretary at St. George, N. B.
St. George, N. B., March 18, 1874.

Foyle Brewery.

Mail Houses & Distillery.

P. & J. O'MULLIN,

Manufacturers of
XX & XXX Ales
AND
BROWN STOUT PORTER.
IMPORTERS OF
FINE FLAVORED
RUM, BRANCHES, WINES, &c.
HALIFAX, N. S.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Samples worth \$1
free by express to Co., Portland, Me.

SEND 25c. to G. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for
a prospect of 100 pages, containing lists of 3000 news-
papers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.

WESLEY'S HYMNS

Bibles & Hymns,

in variety of Bindings.
Also—A few copies of the
METHODIST DISCIPLINE,
CHURCH SERVICES, and
COMMON PRAYERS
ASPLENDID Assortment of BIBLES
in new styles of Binding just received.
H. R. SMITH
St. John, 26/5.

Blanks of Every Description Printed at this Office

Parks' Cotton Yarns.

AWARDED the ONLY MEDAL given for
COTTON YARNS of Canadian Manufac-
ture, at the
CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.
Nos. 5's to 10's.
WHITE, BLUE, RED, O. ANGE, and GREEN.
Warranted full length and weight.
Stronger and better than any other Yarn in
the market.

Cotton Carpet Warp

No. 12's 4 ply in all Colors.
Warranted fast.
WM. PARKS & SON,
New Brunswick Cotton Mills,
St. John, N. B.

STANDARD JOB OFFICE.

Get all your
Job Printing
DONE AT
THIS OFFICE.
Good work at
the most rea-
sonable rates.
Give us a Call.

St. Andrews Drug Store.

THE Subscribers respectfully announce to the
inhabitants of St. Andrews and vicinity
that they have purchased the stock and
trade of the
ST. ANDREWS DRUG STORE,
and added a Fresh Supply, will keep on hand:
Drugs, Chemicals,
PROPRIETARY MEDICINES,
PATENT MEDICINES,
Fancy Articles
and Stationery,
and other articles usually found in a Drug Store.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.
J. C. COCKBURN,
E. A. COCKBURN.

Dr. Cockburn can be consulted at his office
at the Drug Store. Residence on Edward street.
St. Andrews, May 31, 1876.

JUST ISSUED!!

And Mailed, post-paid, on receipt of the
marked price.
Pieces marked "Have Illustrated Title-Pages.

Morning Breaks Upon the Tomb—Easter Sun-
day. Thomas. 50
*Swinging on the Garden Gate—S. & C. Hays. 30
Where is my lov'd one to-night?—S. & C. Hays. 30
Sing, Dainties, Sing! (as sung by C. Wagner) 35
Angel Gabriel—Comic Song—Stewart. 30
*When Silver Looks Replace the Gold—S. & C. Hays. 30
(Answer to Silver Threads Among the Gold.
[Leighton. 35
You never miss the Lager till the keg runs dry. 40
Gone Awa!—Scotch Song. Ward. 30
Alone, and at Home—Song & Cho. Hays. 35
*My wee Wife waiting at the door. Thomas. 30
Oh! My wee Susie!—End song and cho. Hays. 30
Give me but a Smile—song and cho. Stewart. 40
When first I met thee, Nellie dear, S. & C. 53
I'm Captain of the Guards—Comic song, Hays. 35
Beyond the Golden Door—S. and ch. White. 35
Gertie's with the angel's now—S. & C. (Comic). 30
Please God, make room for a little Boy. Cox. 30

Instrumental.

Billie a Jennie—W. Lacey Wilson.
Awakening of the Bells—Morreau Mayhath. 40
Sweetheart—Melodie Gracieuse, " 40
*Trinkling Stars—Morreau de Salon, Wilson. 40
The Highland Maiden—Romance, " 40
Cujus Animam (from Stabat Mater) Wagner. 32
Dreamland—Morreau de Salon Mayhath. 40
*Echoes from the Palisades—Morreau Wagner 50
Venetian Regatta—Transcribed, " 50
Merry Foresters—Forest scene, " 50
Rocking Waves—Transcribed, Mayhath 20
*The Scottish Lassie—Heveris, Pacher. 20
Kittie's Polka Mazurka, Prevot. 20
Fairy Land—Reveris, Kovel. 40
Sparkling Jewels—Polka, Christie. 50
*Think of me sometimes—easy waltz, Wagner. 20
Temperance March (easy) " 40
*Men are such Deceivers (easy polka) " 30
*Mellicie Darling—easy March, " 30

Peters' Household Melodies, Nos. 1, 2,
& 3. Collection of popular songs. Price, 50
cents each; yearly 12 numbers for \$4.
Peters' Parlor Music, Nos. 1, 2, and 3
Collection easy Piano Music, 50c. each, yearly
12 numbers for \$4.
La Creme de la Creme, Nos. 1 to 15 Can-
tains 24 pages difficult Music, in each number
50c. each; yearly 12 numbers for \$4.
PUBLISHED BY
J. L. PETERS, 599 Broadway, N. Y.

MANCHESTER HOUSE!

Mar 1877.
Our Departments are now well assorted for the Season's Trade.

SPECIAL LINES IN

DRESS GOODS,

Lustres, and Alpaccas,

Cashmeers, Lustres & Alpaccas, Prints, Piques,

Cottons, LINENS, CLOTHS, Carpets, Hosiery,

READY MADE CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS.

Cashmeres, Gloves, Hosiery, Ladies

Silk Ties and Silk Handkerchiefs,

FLOWERS, FEATHERS, SUNSHADES.

STRAW GOODS, PAPER Hangings, HABERDASHERY and Small Wares.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

ODELL & TURNER.

May 23

VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND FOR SALE

THAT PART OF THE JOES POINT FARM LYING NEAREST THE TOWN OF ST. ANDREWS, KNOWN AS Lot 1, 2, 3, 4 & 5; Containing Forty Acres, as conveyed by the late Anne R. Dunn, and J. H. Whitlock, Esq. to the late Beverly Robinson, Esq. by deed registered on the 12th June, 1867. Possession Given on 1st Nov, next. FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS apply, to BENJ. R. STEVENSON. St. Andrews, 7th May, 1877.—41.

MEGANTIC HOTEL.

St. Andrews, N. B.

TRAVELLERS AND PERMANENT BOARDERS.

From long experience as a hotel proprietor, and by careful attention to the wants and comfort of his guests, he hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage. He also keeps on hand a well selected Stock of Liquors, &c. A LARGE STABLE and careful hostler on the premises.

JAMES NEILL, Manager.

St. Andrews, Oct. 13, 1875.

WELLAND CANAL ENLARGEMENT

Notice to Contractors

THE letting of the works for the enlargement of the Welland Canal, advertised to take place on the FIFTH day of JULY next, is unavoidably postponed to the following dates:—Tenders will be received until FRIDAY, the THIRD day of AUGUST next. Plans, specifications, &c., will be ready for examination on and after FRIDAY the TWENTH day of JULY.

By order, F. BRAUN, Secretary

Department Public Works, Ottawa, 14th June, 1877.

AGENTS LOOK HERE!

We want agents in the Counties of Victoria

Carleton, York, Sunbury and Charlotte, to sell the celebrated "CHAMPION WASHING MACHINE," to whom we will give a salary on commission. Send for circular giving full information.

THOMPSON & CO., Woodstock, N. H. Proprietors of Patent

16, 1877. 3m

NOTICE!

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of the late JAMES BOYD, are requested to present the same duly attested to the Subcriber within three months from date; and all persons indebted to the said estate, are required to pay the same immediately to Mr. C. E. O. Hatheway. Dated St. Andrews, November 9, 1876. C. E. O. HATHEWAY, J. JOHNSON, Executors. no66—3m66.

CAIFORNIA AND THE WEST.

Through all Rail Routes via Grand Trunk Railway.

Parties going to Canada, California and all points West, will find this Route the cheapest and most direct. Lowest Fare to San Francisco } \$73 AmCy. via Portland, } Boston } \$76 " Tickets for sale at the Railroad Office, Jan. 12—1yr C. M. LAMB, AGENT.

CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.

Ottawa, July 15 1877. AUTHORIZED discount on AMERICAN VOICES until further notice: 5 per cent. J. JOHNSON, Commissioner of Customs

