Board Works
feb 26 '85

OBSERVE THE YELLOW SLIP ON THE PAPER. THE DATE ON IT INDICATES THE TIME TO WHICH THE SUBSCRIPTION IS PAID. PROMPT REMITTANCES ARE EXPECTED FROM THOSE WHO HAVE NOT ALREADY MADE THEM.

MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

VOL. 9--No. 26. CHATHAM, NEW BRUNSWICK, MAY 10, 1883. D. G. SMITH, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR. FOR TERMS—See Business Notice.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B. every THURSDAY morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of that day.

It is sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain (Postage prepaid by the Publisher) at the following rates:—

If paid in advance, - - - - $1.00.
" " within 2 months - - - - $1.50.
" " after 2 months. - - - - $2.00.

Advertisements are placed under classified headings.

Advertisements, other than yearly or by the season, are inserted at *five cents* per line nonpareil, (or sixty cents per inch) for 1st insertion, and two cents per line (or twenty cents per inch) for each continuation.

Yearly, or season, advertisements are taken at the rate of $3.75 an inch per year. The matter in space secured by the year, or season, may be changed under arrangement made therefor with the Publisher.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed principally in the Counties of Kent, Northumberland, Gloucester and Restigouche (New Brunswick), and in Bonaventure and Gaspe (Quebec), among communities engaged in Lumbering, Fishing and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior inducements to advertisers. Address

"Editor "Miramichi Advance," Chatham N. B.

General Business.

RESTAURANT.

—oOo—

OYSTERS, by the PINT QUART or GALLON.

Oysters served at short notice in all the Ordinary Styles.

—ALSO—

HOT COFFEE, BREAD, TARTS, PIES, FRUIT CAKE, plain, fine quality.

T. H. FOUNTAIN, Chatham.

GIN! GIN!!

Arrived per Steamer "Milanese" from London. 20 HDS. J. DeKuyper & Son's GIN; 50 qr cases DeKuyper & Son's Gin; 350 green cases Gin; 50 Green cases Pints, 2 dozen each.

JOHN W. NICHOLSON, Victoria Wharf.

COFFINS & CASKETS

The Subscriber has on hand at his shop, a superior assortment of

ROSEWOOD & WALNUT COFFINS,

COFFIN FINDINGS AND ROBES,

which he will supply at reasonable rates.

WM. McLEAN, - Undertaker.

LIVERY STABLE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has opened a

LIVERY STABLE

on the corner premises adjoining the residence of Dr. J. S. Benson, where he is prepared to furnish teams, with or without drivers, for short or long journeys, on the most reasonable terms.

Horses taken to board by the day, week, or season.

Passengers and luggage conveyed to and from the Railway Station or boats at all hours.

JOHN A. WARD.

For Sale,

750,000 Pine Shingles,

—AT

R. FLANAGANS.

D. T JOHNSTONE.

Chatham Livery Stables.

Regular Coaches to trains leaving and arriving at

CHATHAM RAILWAY STATION.

Office and Stables - - - - Water Street, Chatham.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE business heretofore carried on by the undersigned under the style and firm of D. M. LOGGIE & Co., in Chatham, N. B., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, W. S. Loggie assuming the liabilities and purchasing the assets.

D. M. LOGGIE.
W. S. LOGGIE.

March 19 1883.

THE Subscriber in withdrawing from the firm of D. M. LOGGIE & CO., takes this opportunity of thanking his numerous customers and the public generally for the liberal patronage extended to the said firm for the last five years and beg to announce that he has leased the store formerly occupied by Geo. I. Wilson, Esq., and lately by John F. Gemmel, where he intends carrying on the Dry Goods business in all its branches. He trusts that by strict attention to business and due regard to the wants of the public generally to merit a continuance of their support and patronage

D. M. LOGGIE.

Manchester House.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS STOCK, NOW COMPLETE.

50 Yds 3 ply Wool Kidderminster Carpets
" " Brussells Carpets,
(the above in handsome designs.)
330 yds. 2 ply Wool Kidderminster Carpets.
150 yds. 4-4 Felt Carpets.
Patent and Mosaic Hearth Rugs and Exminster Door Slips to match the above.
4000 Rolls Wall Paper, including newest Designs, Gold, Verdume, Gilt and Imitation with Bordering to match.

INSPECTION INVITED.

W. S. LOGGIE.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO be sold at Public Auction, on MONDAY, THE 24TH DAY OF MAY, next, in front of the Registry Office, in Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon and 5 o'clock, p. m.

All the right, title and interest of Robert Jardine in and to all that piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Derby, County of Northumberland, on the North side of the South West Branch of the Miramichi river, known as part of the Elm-Tree Farm, which piece thereof is bounded as follows, to wit: On the upper side by the westerly side line of the said tract and joining on lands occupied by Lindsay Garish, extending from the river easterly or down stream forty rods, and from the river aforesaid to the rear of the Elm-Tree grant, the same to include one equal half of the lot formerly occupied by John Cain, which half lot is known as the upper half of the said lot number nine in the survey of the said tract made by John Holmes and which half lot contains by estimation one hundred and fifty acres more or less, and was conveyed to the said Robert Jardine by Francis P. Henderson by deed dated the 25th day of June, A. D 1872, and being the lands and premises at present occupied by the said Robert Jardine.

The same having been seized under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court by Richard Hutchison against the said Robert Jardine.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff of Northumberland County.
Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, 26th Jan., A. D. 1883

JUST OPENED.

SOLID SILVER JEWELRY,

WARRANTED STERLING FINE.

NEW DESIGNS.

Lockets, Crosses, Necklets, Earings, Broaches, Setts, and Bangle Bracelets.

—ALSO—

A full assortment of Colored Gold Setts, Lockets, Rings, Chains, etc.

INSPECTION INVITED.

JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER.

I. HARRIS & SON,

ALBERT LIME.

THE A. B. LIME AND CEMENT CO'Y

Are now prepared to furnish their

First Quality Selected Lime

by the Car Load at all STATIONS on the ALBERT and INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAYS.

This Lime differs from all other Brands in the market—having peculiar cement qualities, which hardens it like stone, and makes it impervious to the action of water. It requires no cement to improve it, and is the CHEAPEST in the market for all purposes.

For Agricultural purposes it can be furnished by the car load in bulk, CHEAP, and is the best as well as the cheapest fertilizer known.

All orders should be addressed

THOMAS McHENRY,
Manager A. B. Lime & Cement Company,
Hillsboro, Albert County

Customs Blanks

FOR SALE AT THE

Miramichi Bookstore.

EDWARD JOHNSON,
opposite Brookins

GENERAL BUSINESS.

NEW DRY GOODS STORE.

—o—

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform the Public that they have now opened at their new stand on

LOWER WATER STREET,

IN THE STORE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY GEO. I. WILSON, ESQ., AND LATELY BY JOHN F. GEMMEL, ESQ.,

And are showing an entirely New Stock of Goods, bought in the best markets in Great Britain, United States and Canada. Our Stock has been carefully selected and purchased at every advantage which enables us to offer them to the Public AT VERY LOW PRICES.

CARPETS. CARPETS. CARPETS.

3 PIECES BRUSSELS CARPET (Newest Colors and Patterns.)
3 " WOOL—Two Ply, " " "
5 " UNION, " " "
1 " TWINE MATTING (Suitable for Offices),
12 " JUTE CARPET from 18 to 35 cts. per yard,

ENGLISH FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

IN 2-4, 4-4, 5-4, 6-4, 8-4 and 12-4.

Gents Furnishings! Gents Furnishings!!

A Full Line of GENTS FURNISHINGS, from best American and Canadian Houses, comprising all the LATEST STYLES.

4 Cases BLACK and COLORED AMERICAN FUR HATS.
1 " " " " " WOOL "
4 " " " " " HARD "

Including the WOODROW, KENTUCKY and GREEN PACKET, the present leading styles in New York City. A full line of

White and Colored Shirts in Regattas, Oxfords and French Cambrics. Gents Ties, Collars and Cuffs,

IN THE NEWEST STYLES IN GREAT VARIETY.

Ready-Made Clothing, Ready-Made Clothing.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF CLOTHING EVER BEFORE OFFERED IN CHATHAM.

A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF

Scotch, English, Canadian Tweeds and Coatings,

FRENCH WORSTEDS.

DRESS MATERIALS IN

Debeiges, Nuns Veilings, Brocades, &c., &c.,

IN ALL THE NEWEST SHADES, WITH EMBROIDERED AND OTHER TRIMMINGS TO MATCH.

A GRAND ASSORTMENT OF

ENGLISH & AMERICAN CALICOES,

Ranging from 6 cts. to 25 cts. per yard, which are worthy of Inspection.

20 Pieces OXFORD and REGATTA SHIRTINGS, (choice patterns,)
10 Bales Bleached and Unbleached American and Canadian Cottons
including the New St. Croix Brand. Also,
Bleached and Unbleached SHEETINGS in all widths.
A Full Line of TICKINGS, LINENS, DUCKS, &c.

Lace Curtains and Lamberquins.

25 Sets Lace and Net Curtains from $1 to $4, (with Lamberquins to match).
10 Pieces Curtain Net, "all medals," from 15 cts. to 35 cts.

A very nice line of LACE TIES, FISCAUES, COLLARS, Etc., including all the Novelties of the season.

MILLINERY! MILLINERY!!

STRAW HATS AND BONNETS, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, RIBBONS, ORNAMENTS, FANCY TRIMMINGS, &c., &c., in all the new Styles and Shades.

BOOTS AND SHOES! BOOTS AND SHOES!!

300 ROLLS ROOM PAPER from 6 cts. to 20 cts. a Roll, (in all the latest designs.)

AGENTS FOR BALL'S UNRIVALLED HEALTH PRESERVING CORSET.
AGENTS FOR A. L. LAW'S CELEBRATED DYE WORKS.

LOGGIE & BURR.

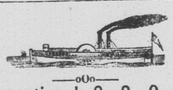
March 30th, 1883.

I have opened a Blacksmith Shop ON HENDERSON STREET, formerly occupied by James Hay, where I intend carrying on general Blacksmith work. I shall give particular attention to

HORSE SHOING,

and guarantee good satisfaction.

GEORGE HAY.

1882  1883

—oOo—

International S. S. Com'y

Winter Arrangement.

2 TRIPS A WEEK.

ON AND AFTER

Monday, December 4th,

and until further notice, the Splendid Sea-going Steamers State of Maine and Falmouth will leave Reed's Point Wharf every MONDAY and THURSDAY MORNINGS, at 8 o'clock, for EASTPORT, PORTLAND and BOSTON, connecting both ways at Eastport with Steamer "Charles Houghton" for St. Andrews, St. Stephen and Calais.

Returning, will leave Commercial Wharf, Boston, every MONDAY and THURSDAY mornings, at 8 00 o'clock, and Portland at 6 p. m., for Eastport and St. John.

Through Tickets can be procured at this office and at H. Chubb & Co's, to all points of Canada and the United States.

☞No claims for allowance after goods leave the Warehouse.

☞Freight received Wednesday and Saturday only up to 6 o'clock, p. m.

H. W. CHISHOLM, Agent.

FOR SALE.

SCHOONER SPY, nearly 18 tons, well built, a good carrier and fast sailer. Apply to GEO. WATT

Chatham, April 18th, 1883.

Tonsorial Artist,

PHYSIOGNOMICAL HAIR DRESSER,

Facial Operator, Cranium Manipulator & Capilliary Abridger.

Shaves and Hair Cuts

WITH AMBIDEXTROUS FACILITY

GEORGE STAPLES.

NEAR COMMERCIAL HOUSE.

Chatham, September 6th, 1882.

HARNESS!

Having commenced business in my NEW FACTORY, I am prepared to manufacture harness of all descriptions from the

Light Driving to the Heaviest Team Harness.

And as I work the best stock that can be obtained in the market. I warrant satisfaction

COLLARS A SPECIALTY which we warrant. A few of those

CELEBRATED VICTOR HUGO COLLARS,

always in Stock,

Carriage Trimming Neatly Executed

and carefully shipped.
Work from abroad punctually executed.

ALFRED B. PALLEN,
Opposite Ullock's Stables.
Chatham, N. B.

STORE TO LET.

ONE third (South end) of the long Store on the West side of Union Wharf, the remainder being occupied by J. B. Snowball, Esq.

Apply to

H. CUNARD.

Chatham, March, 1883.

TAILORING,

Ready-made Clothing, Hats,

ETC., ETC.

Gentlemen requiring Suits, or separate Garments, or anything else in the Tailoring line, can have their orders, which are hereby respectfully solicited, promptly attended to by the Subscriber at his shop. A well-selected Stock of

CANADIAN TWEEDS
English Coatings, Broadcloths, Doeskins, etc.,

is now on inspection, for which orders are solicited.

Gentlemen's and Youths' Garments

are also made to order from materials furnished by themselves.

Just received a splendid assortment of Ready-made Clothing, also an excellent assortment of

GENTLEMEN'S HATS,

CHEAP FOR CASH.

F. O PETERSON, Tailor
☞ Water St. Chatham.

LATHE FOR SALE.

A power Lathe with back motion in good order.

J. B. SNOWBALL.

Brokerage, etc.

W. & R. Brodie,

GENERAL

Commission Merchants

AND

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

No. 16, ARTHUR STREET,
Next the Bank of Montreal
QUEBEC.

WILLIAM J. FRASER.

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

TEAS, SUGARS, MOLASSES &c.

HEAD OF CENTRAL WHARF.

UPPER WATER STREET,

HALIFAX, N. S.

CONSIGNMENTS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

JOHN McDONALD,

UNDERTAKER.

CASKETS & COFFINS

of all kinds and prices kept in Stock.

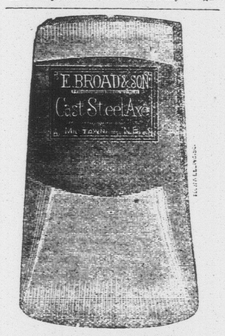
Metallic and Patent Coffins,

furnished when required.

Badges for Pall Bearers, Clergymen and Physicians, Furnished.

Burial Robes also Supplied.

☞Prompt attention to all Orders day or night.



AXES,

OF ALL THE BEST MAKES.

CHAIN, CHAIN TRACES and BUNK CHAIN.

HORSE-SHOES, HORSE-NAILS,

LUMBERING SUPPLIES,

T. McAVITY & Son,
Send for Prices. St. John, N. B.

KELLY and MURPHY

Manufacturers of

SINGLE & DOUBLE SLEIGHS & PUNGS,

SIDE BARS—OPEN & TOP,

OPEN PHAETONS,

TOP BUGGIES,

TOP PHAETONS,

SULKIES

☞Old Carriages bought and sold and exchanged for new.

FACTORY—Main Street, Portland, St. John, N.B.

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE.

White Lead, Colored Paints,
Mixed Paints (ready for use), Linseed Oil,
Turpentine, Varnishes,
Brushes, all kinds.

LOWEST PRICES

G. STOTHART.

April, 1883.

NOTICE.

PUBLIC Notice is hereby given that a Patent has been obtained by the Patentees from the Commissioner of Patents for the Dominion of Canada, for the invention called the "Chatham Soldering Furnace" and the same can only be purchased from them, and all persons are hereby cautioned against infringing on said Patent and from using or manufacturing said Furnace without authority from us.

JOHN SHANK
RICHARD BURBRIDGE } Patentees.

Manuf's., Builders, etc.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber begs leave to announce to his Patrons and the Public that he is now prepared to execute all orders entrusted to him with despatch,—such as the

ENTIRE FURNISHINGS FOR

Dwelling Houses, Stores,

ETC., INCLUDING:

Doors, Window Sashes & Frames, Mouldings, Stair Rails, Banisters, & Newel Posts, etc,

Orders also executed for

Window Shutters & Venetian Blinds

with despatch.

Keeping none but first class workmen in my employ, I can safely affirm my goods to be equal to any in the market.

PLANS DESIGNS
—AND—
SPECIFICATIONS

furnished on application.

☞PRICES REASONABLE!☜

GEORGE CASSADY, Architect
Chatham, N. B.

General Business.

TIN SHOP.

I have now opened the well known establishment formerly occupied by the late James Gray, and with the kind patronage of former friends, am prepared to execute all work in

TIN,

SHEET-IRON,

GAS-FITTING.

Granite Ware, Japanned Stamped and Plain.

TINWARE

always on hand, which I will sell low for cash.

PLOUGHS,

Also, a nice assortment of

Parlor and Cooking Stoves,

fitted with PATENT OVENS the inner shells of which draw out for cleaning purposes.

Those wishing to buy cheap would do well to give us a call.

☞*Shop in rear of Custom House.*☜

A. C. M'LEAN.

Chatham July 22.

Notice.

The subscriber, having purchased the tannery formerly owned by Duncan Davidson, Esq., is prepared to furnish all kinds of stock in his line of business

Highest market price paid for hides.

WILLIAM TROY.

Chatham, Sep. 26th, 1881.

JOHN W. NICHOLSON,

WHOLESALE IMPORTER AND

Commission Merchant,

OFFERS FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING GOODS IN BOND OR DUTY PAID:

Martell brandy in Hhds and Quarter casks—Pale and Dark.
Martell brandy in cases, XX—Pale and Dark.
Martell brandy in cases X—in pints—doz. each.
Hennessy Brandy in cases X.
John De Kuyer & Son's finest quality Gin Hhds and Quarter Casks.
John DeKuyer & Son's Gin in Green Cases.
Wines' Finest Cork Malt Scotch Whiskey in Quarter Casks.
Old Dublin [b] Whiskey—12 years old—in cases.
Highland Malt Scotch Whiskey in Quarter Casks.
Finest blended Glenlivet Whiskey in Cases.
Port Wine, various grades
Port Wine, Hunt's celebrated AV, AVA and AVAV
Sherry, various grades.
Sherry, Richard Davis' celebrated Wines.
Champagne, in baskets.
Gooderham & Wort's finest quality Pure Spirits in bbls.
Rye Whiskey in bbls.
Bourbon Whiskey in bbls.
Bass' India Pale Ale in hhds and bottles.
Guiness' Stout, in hhds and bottles.
And Sundry other goods.

VICTORIA WHARF,

SMYTH ST., - - - - - - - - - - ST. JOHN, N. B

COAL! COAL!!

ANY person requiring coal will please leave their orders with the Subscriber who is to receive a few

Consignments by Rail.

Early orders are necessary in order that they may be

satisfactorily filled.

T. F. GILLESPIE.

NEW, CHOICE AND BEAUTIFUL.

A MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF

Genuine Wedgewood Ware

IN EVERY

Conceivable Pattern and Design

JUST THE THING

FOR HANDSOME AND USEFUL PRESENTS.

FOR SALE AT THE

Newcastle Drug Store,

E. Lee Street - - - Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED.

10 BARRELS

Malaga Grapes,

1 CAR LOAD

CHOICE WINTER APPLES,

1 MIXED CAR

CANADIAN APPLES,

ONIONS,

CHEESE,

ETC. ETC.

BOTTOM PRICES.

D. CHESMAN.

HOLLAND GIN

IN BONDED WAREHOUSE.

55 Quarter Casks Gin,
35 Octaves, do.
320 Green Cases, do.

FOR SALE BY

LEE & LOGAN,

45 and 47,

DOCK STREET - - ST JOHN

Medical.

Dr. J. S. Benson,

RESIDENCE:

Duke Street, - Chatham.

JOHN M'CURDY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

CHATHAM, N. B.

DR. CHANNING'S Sarsaparilla

FOR THE BLOOD

CURES SYPHILIS, SCROFULA, SALT-RHEUM, ALL SKIN-DISEASES, TUMORS, ENLARGEMENT OF THE LIVER AND SPLEEN, RHEUMATIC AFFECTIONS, DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS, BLADDER AND URINARY ORGANS, LEUCORRHŒA, CATARRH, AND ALL DISEASES RESULTING FROM A DEPRAVED AND IMPURE CONDITION OF THE BLOOD.

A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED EXTRACT OF

RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

AND THE

DOUBLE IODIDES

Space forbids the giving more testimony in this place, in favor of this great medicine. Is not one certificate, however, from an eminent and well-known Physician like Dr Bessey, of Montreal, sufficient to establish its superiority over the numerous mixtures called Blood Purifiers offered by Druggists and others?

T. C. STRATTON, Esq.

Montreal, Feb. 1st, 1877.

I cannot but regard the formula from which Dr. Channing's Sarsaparilla is prepared, as one of the best possible combinations to constitute an effectual remedy, for the cure of *Blood Impurities*. So far as my experience leads me with this remedy, I can testify to its great value in the treatment of all Strumous and Cachectic affections, as Glandular Enlargements, and a wide range of skin affections; as a reliable preparation for general use as a *blood purifier*, I know of none equal to it, combining as it does, all the imputed virtues of Sarsaparilla, and several other valuable remedies, with the extraordinary alterative properties of the "*Double Iodides*," and of none that can be more highly recommended as safe, certain and reliable, and I have every confidence that such a remedy for general use, taking the place of the many worthless nostrums of the day, will be a great boon to suffering humanity, and its use will be attended with the most satisfactory results. It should be invaluable to persons beyond the reach of medical advice, and will, no doubt, become popular with Medical men throughout the country.

Respectfully yours,
W. E. BESSEY, M D
Beaver Hall Square.

NOTE.—Dr. Channing's Sarsaparilla is put up in large bottles, with the name blown in the Glass, and retails at $1.00 per bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars. Sold by Druggists generally, and most Country Stores. Be sure, and ask for Dr. Channing's Sarsaparilla and take no other. If not readily obtained in your locality, address the General Agent.

Perry Davis & Son & Lawrence,
377 St. Paul Street, Montreal

GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE

NO CURE! NO PAY!

A Local and Constitutional Treatment. Two Distinct Medicines, one acting on the Nasal Passages, Head, Throat and Lungs, the other on the Liver, Kidneys, and Blood.

INSTANTANEOUS, ECONOMICAL, SAFE, RADICAL TREATMENT.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PRICE, 75 cts.

If not found satisfactory, the price paid will be refunded. Some chronic or obstinate cases of long standing may require from three to six packages to effect a permanent cure.

THE SMITH MEDICINE CO.
MONTREAL & TROY, N.Y.

MIRAMICHI STONE WORKS.

NORTHESK, MIRAMICHI
New Brunswick.

Joseph Goodfellow - - - - Proprietor.

GRINDSTONES, Spindle Stones and Building Stone supplied in any quantity desired at short notice.

The Grindstones from the above works were awarded one of the two Medals for that class of Manufactures at the CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

E. H. THOMPSON'S ART GALLERY,

(Opposite Canada House, Chatham.)

Old Pictures Enlarged

—AND—

Finished in Oil, Water Colors or India Ink.

PHOTOGRAPHS

—AND—

FEROTYPES

taken and satisfaction guaranteed.

Picture Framing and Mounting at short notice.

HARDWARE STOCK & BUSINESS.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale his Hardware Stock and good will of the Business. His Stock is well assorted and in first class order. The average cash receipts per year are about $10,000. The stand is one of the best in Chatham, and will be let to the purchaser for one or more years. I will make a large discount on the cost in order to close business in Chatham so that I may give my personal attention to my business in the West. All persons requiring Hardware, Paints, Oils, etc, will find that they can save 40 per cent. by buying their goods from me. Job lots, special discounts. If not all sold by the

1st of August, next,

it will then be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION.

J. R. GOGGIN.

Chatham, April 19th, 1883.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM. - - - - - - MAY 10, 1883

Acts of the late Legislative Session.

Among the Acts passed at the Legislative Session, which closed at Fredericton last Thursday, are the following,—

An Act in amendment of 44th section, Vic., chap. 62, intituled an Act to consolidate and amend the several Acts relating to the South West Boom Co.

An Act in addition to and in amendment of an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the Moncton Gas Light and Water Co.

An Act to revive, continue and amend the Act to incorporate the North West Boom Company.

An Act to authorize the Municipality of Kent to issue debentures to raise funds to repair the Court House in Kent County.

An Act further to amend the several Acts relating to the Chatham Branch Railway Co.

An Act to incorporate the Chatham Skating Rink Co.

An Act to alter the Parish line between the Parishes of St. Mary's and Harcourt in the County of Kent.

An Act to reduce the salaries of certain members of the Executive Council.

An Act to incorporate the Baptist Annuity Association, located in New Brunswick.

An Act further to amend an Act to incorporate the Restigouche Boom Co.

An Act in further continuance of chap. 113, Con. Stat., of the destruction of bears.

An Act to authorize the Municipality of Gloucester to consolidate their indebtedness by the issue of debentures.

An Act to amend chap. 100 of the Con. Statutes of rates and taxes.

An Act to repair certain omissions connected with the registration of deeds, wills and other documents in the County of Gloucester.

An Act in addition to chap. 119 of Con. Stat. of Fees.

An Act to authorize the appointment of a District or Stipendiary Magistrate for the Town of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland.

An Act to fix the indemnity to members of the Legislature and the salaries of the President of the Legislative Council and Speaker of the House of Assembly for the short session in the months of February and March, A. D. 1883.

An Act to authorize the funding of the floating debt of the Province.

An Act to incorporate the Moncton Publishing Co.

An Act to incorporate the Buctouche and Moncton Railway Co.

An Act relating to the office of the Clerk of the Crown.

An Act to amend an Act intituled an Act to incorporate the Central Railway Company and the several Acts in amendment ther of.

An Act to authorize the Rector, Church Wardens and Vestry of the Church of St. John the Evangelist, Bay du Vin, Northumberland County, to dispose of certain lands.

An Act relating to certain salaries and in repeal of section 5, chap. 3, 42 Vic.

The Minister of Marine.

According to the Conservative member for Muskoka, as reported in the official debates, the Marine and Fisheries is "the most beggarly and starved department in the whole government." Col. O'Brien credits the presiding minister with "very economical principles." Worse still, he accuses him of sacrificing the public interests to penurious instincts. He charges him with neglecting the fishery resources of the country, and wrecking its marine affairs. He says it is with the "greatest difficulty that anybody can get paid even for legitimate expenses." Col. O'Brien strikes home and hits hard. If a Liberal should depict ministerial incapacity in as trenchant a style it would be charged to partyism. We suppose the fact is that the speaker embodies the opinions of many other members on both sides of the House. Otherwise he would scarcely risk the party lash. They all seem to know that under its present chief the department is a byword and reproach throughout the Dominion.

When a political supporter makes bold to talk so plainly there must be something in the wind. The local organ announces Mr. McLelan's sudden departure for England. What does it mean? It is unusual for any Minister to desert his post in the midst of a session. It looks squally. In the face of such charges as are voiced by the member for Muskoka, the Minister may find it easier to cross the sea than to defend himself in his place and explain the neglect with which his supporters charge him.

The Newfoundland papers report an ovation to Mr. Shea on his leaving St. John to attend the fishery exhibition at London. We hear it was said that Mr. McLelan's departure from our capital was popularized by a ten per cent. reduction from the bills of artists, tradesmen and office clerks, who have worked for the Canadian part of the exhibition. Col. O'Brien's description of a "beggarly" business therefore holds true to the last.—Ottawa *Free Press.*

The Story Without an End.

Again, its great monerary value seems almost monotonous. The 155th Grand Monthly Drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery at New Orleans, on April 10th, has this record: Ticket No. 62,887 drew the first grand prize of $75,000, of which Henry M. Kiessling, of No. 188 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ills., and A. Garnier, Tricot, Vermillionville, La., held each one fifth. Ticket No. 72,692 won the second capital of $25,000—collected in one whole lump through The Manufacturers' National Bank of Troy, for M. Connolly, of Troy, N. Y. Ticket No. 52,989 won the third capital, $10,000, and was sold in fifths—one to Edwin T. Eisenberg, jr. (collected through The Central National Bank of Philadelphia); another to H. H. Harper of St. George's Colleton Co., S. C.; another to Wm. H. Hampton, of Tracy City Franklin Co., Tenn.; another to R. F. Kruger, No. 241 Fourth st., Milwaukee, Wis. The two fourth capital prizes of $6,000 each were sold to holders of tickets No. 58,507 and 26,502—two-fifths were sold to James R. Day, Malta Bend, Saline Co., Mo., and to parties in Fort Wayne, Ind., New Haven, Conn. For further information apply to M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La., before the next drawing on June 12th, when the grand capital prize will be $150,000.

Household Hints.

Do not let coffee and tea stand in tin.

Keep your salt spoons out of the salt and clean them often.

Scald your wooden ware often, and keep the tinware perfectly dry.

Cheese should be wrapped in a piece of clean linen and kept in a box.

Scorched spots, if not too deep, may be removed by laying them in the sun.

Never wash raisins when they are to be used in sweet dishes. It will make the pudding heavy.

Cold boiled potatoes used as soap will clean the hands and keep the skin soft and healthy. Those not overboiled are the best.

To whiten the hands melt half an ounce of camphor gum, half an ounce of glycerine and one pound of mutton tallow, and apply every night.

Spirits of ammonia diluted with water, if applied with a sponge or flannel to discolored spots on the carpet or garments, will often restore color.

There is a greenness in onions and potatoes that renders them hard to digest. For health's sake put them in warm water or an hour before cooking.

Salt and water will prevent the hair from falling out and will cause new hair to grow. Do not use so strong as to leave white particles upon the hair when dry.

Linen dresses or other garments will retain their color if washed in water in which a quantity of hay is placed; boil and rinse the goods in it, using a little soap.

A British Columbia Calamity.

Victoria, B. C., despatches of 3rd and 5th inst. say,—The steamer Grappler, which plied between Puget Sound and Alaska, while proceeding North with one hundred passengers and a full cargo, took fire on 2nd inst. at Seymour Narrows, near Bure Inlet, and was burned and sunk. Twenty whites, two Indians and forty-eight Chinamen were lost. It is feared a number of young Canadians, from the Bay of Chaleur, who accepted employment at the Coast canneries, are among the lost. The bodies of two white men were found in the water, floating, tied by pieces of shirts to wreckage. The captain of the steamer was picked up insensible on shore, and restored. Two white men who floated off in a boat without oars, were picked up by Indians. Heartrending scenes are described by the survivors. Men clung to ropes until the flames reached them, when they dropped into the sea, and in most cases were drowned. The hull of the steamer sank in thirty fathoms of water. The goods and money lost are valued at $20,000, mostly insured. The survivors praise the Indians for their kindness, and but for the food and shelter they supplied those who got on shore would have perished.

A Suggestion.

A day's pleasure at your disposal, instead of a day's agony. Everyone who has corns can testify to the constant discomfort they produce. "I could have eujoyed the ball, or the picnic, or some other social pastime; but, oh! how my corns ached!" No necessity now, for such complaints. PUTNAM'S PAINLESS CORN EXTRACTOR removes the cause speedily. Try it. Beware of another article "just as good." Take only Putnam's. Sold everywhere. N. C. POLSON & CO., Kingston, Proprietors.

What Toronto's Well-known Good Samaritan Says:

I have been troubled with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint for over 20 years, and have tried many remedies, but never found an article that has done me as much good as Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure.

CLARA E. PORTER.

The Great Live Stock Specifics!

HARVELL'S CONDITION POWDERS cure, without fail, every disease of horses, sheep, poultry, hogs, kine and cattle, improving them in weight and prolificness, and giving them the highest market value. Try these great specifics. They are sold by all druggists and grocers.

General Notes and News.

Mrs. Langtry will perform in St. John on the 5th and 6th of June.

Midnight Doctors are the most unwelcome visitors—even the Doctor himself curses the luck that compelled him to leave his comfortable bed. Suppose you try our method, and keep a bottle of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer in the house, and let Dr. Squills stay in his bed and enjoy himself.

Investigation into the recent cutting of the hose kept in readiness in case of fire at Government House has led to the dismissal of a Montreal resident who acted in the capacity of private detective at Rideau Hall, and also accompanied His Excellency while travelling, as an extra valet. The party mentioned has returned to Montreal, after four years' service, during which he was in the pay of the Department of Justice.

Mr. C. E. Riggins, Beamsville, writes: "A customer who tried a bottle of Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable discovery says it is the best thing he ever used; to quote his own words, 'it just seemed to touch the spot affected.' About a year ago he had an attack of bilious fever and was afraid he was in for another when I recommended this valuable medicine with such happy results."

Consumption is a disease contracted by a neglected cold—how necessary then that we should at once get the best cure for Coughs, Colds, Laryngitis, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs—one of the most popular medicines for these complaints is Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. Mr. J. F. Smith, Druggist Danville, writes: "It gives general satisfaction and sells splendidly."

"Who and what is O'Donovan Rossa?" asks a correspondent. Rossa is a native of Cork. He was born in 1832. When he was fifteen years old his father was evicted from his farm. This fired young Rossa's blood and he identified himself soon after with the Phœnix Society, out of which the Fenian organization grew. He was arrested on account of his connexion with the first named society in 1858. In 1865 he was again arrested for treasonable practices. He was liberated in 1870, when he came to New York and started an hotel. He had been a shopkeeper in Ireland.

The Ottawa *Free Press* says,—Of all the absurdities of our federal system, the greatest, perhaps, is to be found in the institution of provincial upper houses. Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia have none, but Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, provinces that are everlastingly howling for better terms, would die, it seems, rather than abolish their petty travesties of the House of Lords. The Liberal Government of New Brunswick is desirous of retrenchment, and rightly considering the upper chamber as a useless and expensive adjunct to her Legislative machine, proposes to take a popular vote on its abolition. A bill to that effect was passed by the lower house, but the upper house rejected it. Pay and perquisites are stronger considerations with the councillors than the public welfare.

General Business.

Sheriff's Sale.

TO be sold at Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 10th day of AUGUST, next, in front of the Post Office in Chatham, between the hours of 12, noon and 5 o'clock, p. m.

All the right, title and interest of Harrison T. Graham in and to all that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Hardwick in the County of Northumberland and bounded as follows, to wit: Commencing at a cedar stake placed on the southern side of the Bay du Vin River at the northern angle of the lot No. one, granted to Angus McDonald, thence running by the magnetic north-east, south twenty degrees, east one hundred and forty-seven chains of four poles each to the rear line of those lots fronting on the said River; thence along the rear line, north fifty-five degrees, east fifteen chains and forty links; thence north twenty degrees, west one hundred and thirty-four chains, crossing the two mile brook to a stake placed on the said side of the said river and thence along the river southerly to the place of beginning, containing 200 acres more or less, being the lands and premises conveyed to the said Harrison T. Graham by John Brown, by deed, dated the fourth day of April, A. D. 1877.

Also, the right, title and interest of the said Harrison T. Graham, in and to all that part or portion of the lot or piece of land lying and being within the County of Northumberland, situate at Escuminac in the said Parish of Hardwick, The said lot being bounded and described as follows: On the north by land granted to John Williston, Esq., on the south by lands granted to one Welsh, on the east by the gulf shore, and west by ungranted lands, the whole lot containing 100 acres, more or less; and lately occupied by the said Harrison T. Graham as a Lobster Fishery.

The same having been seized under and by virtue of several executions issued out of the Northumberland County Court against the said Harrison T. Graham

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff of Northumberland County.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, 24th April, 1883.

Tenders Wanted.

TENDERS to build the new R. C. Presbytery at Campbellton, N. B., will be received till

MAY 10TH, 1883.

Plans and Specifications can be seen from the Rev Pastor of said town.

We do not bind ourselves to accept anyone of the various tenders that may be sent.

SOCY OF CHURCH COMMITTEE.
Campbellton, N. B., May 1st, 1883.

Pasture Land to Let.

TO LEASE, 15 acres of pasture land, lying along the rear line of the Kerr and Laban estates. Apply to JAMES ANDERSON,
*2w10 Chatham.

400 M. SHAVED CEDAR

SHINGLES.

Will sell in Car Load Lots or small lots to suit Purchasers.

AT LOWEST PRICES

FOR CASH ONLY.

ROGER FLANAGAN.

512

GOLDEN BALL SHOE STORE

AND

FURNITURE EMPORIUM.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

New Departure.

WE ARE NOW SELLING

MEN'S HAND MADE DRIVING BOOTS.
MEN'S HAND MADE KNEE BOOTS.
MEN'S HAND MADE SHOES.

at Prices unequalled hitherto.

Satisfaction Guaranteed or a Money Refund.

The Trade Supplied on Satisfactory Terms.

FOTHERINGHAM & CO.

Chatham, April 9th, 1883.

SEEDS.

Black and White Oats,
Clover and Timothy.
ALSO A FEW BUSHELS
MANITOBA WHEAT,
FOR SALE BY
R. HUTCHISON.

Money to Lend.

ON good real estate security for one or more years.

RICHARD CARMAN,
Attorney.
Chatham.

Chatham, May 1st, 1883 tf.

NOTICE.

A CLASS will be formed in the Primary School for the next year. Applications for permits to be made at once to

THOS. CRIMMEN,
Sec'y to Trustees.

Chatham, May 1st, 1883.

SEEDS! SEEDS!

FIRST Installment has arrived comprising

7	varieties	Cabbage.
4	"	Beet.
5	"	Carrot.
5	"	Cucumber.
3	"	Lettuce.
3	"	Tomato.
100	"	Flower Seeds.

The above are now in stock in time for

SOWING IN HOT BEDS.

Balance of Vegetable Seeds Daily Expected.

OUR SEEDS ARE GUARANTEED FRESH and

True to their Kinds.

Catalogues now Ready,
Call and get one.

—AT—

The MEDICAL HALL.

J. D. B. F. Mackenzie.

Chatham, N. B., April 25th, 1883.

AMERICAN HATS.

CALL AND SEE
OUR STOCK OF HATS.

NOBBIEST STYLES OF
STIFF AND SOFT HATS
Shown this Season.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE IN ALL SIZES AND STYLES.

I. HARRIS & SON.

To Let.

The house and premises situate on Wentworth Street in the town of Chatham, in first class order, good water on the premises. Apply to
JOHN HARRINGTON.

A COW for Sale.

Apply at this Office.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM. - - - - MAY 10, 1883

The legislative session closed on Thursday last at Fredericton, and when it is said that the manner in which its business was despatched reflects credit on the Government, the term means more than usually attaches to it. The House is composed of men who appear to fairly represent the public sentiment of the day, the best evidence of the fact being the quiet and determined manner in which they turned the late Government out of power and, unmoved by the element of Dominion politics, which the defeated ones endeavored to import into the contest, stood sturdily up to the duty of placing the new administration in a position of undoubted security. We say it is a creditable thing that the business of the House was carried through so expeditiously, for there is evidence that the leading members of the late Government were put in a position by members of the Dominion Government to offer tempting inducements to certain Conservative members of the local Government party, with a view of inducing them to assist in restoring the old and corrupt condition of affairs. Had even one or two of the supporters of Mr. Blair been swerved from their allegiance to the interests of the Province by their preferences for their party now dominant at Ottawa, we would have had the old state of things still existing at Fredericton, instead of the system of reform that has been so unmistakably introduced. Instead of reduced executive and other official salaries connected with the legislation of the Province we would have had increases. Instead of knowing exactly how we stand financially we would have to be contented with cooked, crooked and deceptive financial statements such as have been brought down by successive Provincial Secretaries since confederation. We would have had unseemly and vexatious wrangling by the defeated party, a protracted session and, perhaps, the unnecessary turmoil of a general election. All this has been avoided by the banding together of the best men in the Legislature, irrespective of their preferences or prejudices in Dominion matters, actuated only by the proper desire to reform the abuses which had fastened themselves upon the Province under the party that has been practically annihilated, for whatever may be the success of the Opposition now led by Mr. Landry—Mr. Wetmore having completely collapsed as a leader—the fag-end of the Government that came in with Confederation and died in the hands of Mr. Hanington, can never again aspire to the control which they have been shown to have so scandalously abused.

The people of the Province may not yet feel like accepting all the professions of the new Government under Mr. Blair's leadership, but their faith in it is much strengthened by the events of the past month. Promises of reform from the hustings and even in speeches "from the Throne" had been so often broken by Government supporters and the Government itself, that our people had almost come to attach no importance to them, and the ordinary elector had learned to think that "they were all alike." In fact some such doctrine is preached quite readily by a certain class of politicians as excuses for their broken pledges and failures in public duty. It is, therefore, not to be expected that the new order of things will be fully appreciated for some time, yet, if the Government continues as it has begun, it may look without fear to the future. Though many may have been taught to have no hope of ever again seeing an honest administration in power, public sentiment will turn strongly to the right and endorse it with a loyalty that never could be awakened by the demagogism that pervaded provincial politics for the last ten years. The Government must, however, realise that the greatest watchfulness and care are necessary to strengthen public faith, not only in their policy but in our legislature, generally.—"Friends" with "axes to grind" must be given to understand that they must stand back. Economy in the expenditure of all departments of the public service must follow the cutting down of executive salaries, in order that the genuineness of the Government's professions and acts in this important direction may be established. Is it right? Is it necessary? and not, Has it been the custom to do it? Must decide whether this or that outlay of money shall be made. It is said "a new broom sweeps clean" and our new broom at Fredericton has certainly done so. It has now an opportunity which is seldom offered for continuing as it has begun.—Failure to do so is possible, but, judging from the brief past, hardly probable. Public sentiment endorses Mr. Blair and his Government, and that because of the record they have made. A false step on their part will be noticed far more than a complete tumble would have been among their predecessors. We do not suppose they can always successfully guard against mistakes, nor will they be expected to do so, yet the duty of constant vigilance on the part of the heads of Departments cannot be too carefully and too conscientiously discharged.

The Nelson Bridge.

NELSON BRIDGE.—In reply to a question asked in the House of Assembly by W. A. Park, Esq., the chief Comm. of Public Works stated that no amount was placed in the estimates for the building of a bridge at Nelson. By this it would appear that the change of Government has resulted in serious injury to the people of Nelson as well as the North side of the South West Miramichi, and this injury is upheld and maintained by John Burch ll, Esq., M. P. P., a resident of the parish of Nelson, aided and assisted by Hon. Thos. F. Gillespie, a member of the Government. —*Advocate.*

So far as we understand the matter it was neither expected nor deemed necessary that a sum should be voted this year for the Nelson bridge. The "change of Government," we believe, has placed this bridge matter, as it has many others affecting both Northumberland and the Province, generally, on an honest basis. The late Government refused, up to last summer, to entertain the idea of building the bridge. Mr. Adams, when Surveyor-General, and having absolute control of such matters, told at least one of his fellow representatives of the County, that Nelson would never get the bridge as long as he could prevent it. He said this as late as the closing days of the session of 1882. When the general election of last summer was pending, however, he caused a mock-survey to be made of the proposed site and induced some of his chief supporters to assure the people interested that the bridge was to be built at once. After the elections nothing further was done, but, just before the legislature met at Fredericton—when Mr. Adams rightly feared that the people's representatives intended to vote the Government out of office—believing that a dissolution on the House and a new election would follow—an advertisement was published asking for tenders for the bridge. The plan on which builders were asked to make offers bore on its face the insincerity of the Government in the matter. It was for a structure that would have hardly survived the day of its completion, and after Mr. Adams left office no applicant that we have yet heard from could succeed in obtaining a look at it, while it was understood to have been stolen.

The present Government recognises the necessity for the proposed bridge and the Engineer of the Public Works Department made *bona fide* soundings of the river a few weeks ago through the ice; before making a plan and drawing a specification which an honest Government can ask tenders upon, he must also make measurements and examine the ground on the banks of the river, which can only be done after the frost is out. He will then be instructed to make a plan and specification on which tenders will be invited and a bridge built. Our information, which is from good authority, justifies the expectation that a contract will be entered into in time to enable the builder to get out his material next winter and, as everyone familiar with the subject knows, that part of the work could not be done sooner under any circumstances. If the *Advocate* desires to censure anyone for the delay that has taken place, it should turn its attention to those who made only a pretence of going on with the bridge for political purposes. The public will, we think, realize that those who are earnestly and in good faith, proceeding as rapidly as possible towards securing the construction of the work are deserving of credit, which cannot be said of those whose dealing with it was so fraudulent and insincere and who have evidently inspired the *Advocate*'s attack.

A Lesson of the Day.

AT Ottawa despatch to the Halifax *Chronicle* says:—"Mr. Livingston, late of the St. John *Sun*, is here. He has become thoroughly disgusted with the Tory leaders who have treated him vilely. He goes on the Montreal *Herald* in through sympathy with the Liberal party."

Why should Mr. Livingston complain of being treated badly by the Tory leaders? He once professed to be a Liberal and changed his political allegiance for pay. He is one of the class of men in Canadian journalism who proclaim that an editor is not supposed to write what he believes, but, like a lawyer, to do his best for the party that employs him. Mr. Livingston has never been a political force, creating strength for the party to whom he happened to be attached. He has been a political machine, ready to be "hired out" to those who might require the services of a writer of his class. Those services, as far as we know, were always paid for as his employers agreed with him, and, such being the case, no party is under any obligation to him. It has been his misfortune to imagine the Tory party owed him a lucrative position, in which he would have little to do and much to receive for it. It is singular that one so insincere as Mr Livingston has proved himself to be in all that relates to public affairs, and who helped to work and lived by what he knew to be a system of political deception and insincerity, should be so wanting in judgment and so incapable of profiting by experience, as to expect any better treatment than he had assisted in meting out to other political partizans. If he is disappointed in his aspirations for office which he claimed as the reward of political services rendered against his convictions, few honest men will pity him. He has found, doubtless, that all the attractions of political life are not with the dominant party; that the barter of sound political principles for the illusive prospect of a snug corner in some official dust-hole is not, after all, either a laudable ambition or a pursuit that can elevate a man in his own estimation or that of others. We hope that as Mr. Livingston has made another political turn, he is truly repentant of his former apostacies. He has undoubted talent for newspaper work, and will be an acquisition to the *Herald* staff, unless habits acquired on the *Sun* have so rooted themselves as to have made a tangled and weed-grown patch of the garden of his better nature.

An Unmerited Attack.

Mr. White of Cardwell is one of the Ontario gentlemen who represent the dominant element in the Government at Ottawa. Representing the feeling of the political inner circle at the head of Dominion affairs he has all the contempt for the Maritime Provinces which the true blue Tory inherits and which even Sir John cannot always restrain. We observe that he celebrated the last day of April, instead of the first, in his place as a member of Parliament by unjust reflections on the religious advantages of the town of Campbellton. Why the representative of Restigouche allowed Mr. White to so misrepresent Campbellton we do not know, and perhaps the ADVANCE ought not to interfere, as Mr. Moffat gave the consent which silence implies. We may say, however, for Mr. White's information, that there are three churches in Campbellton. There is a chapel of the Church of England, a neat little building—well appointed—in which services are held every Sunday and on Wednesdays. Then, there is the Kirk—the oldest church in the town—in which the regular Sunday services are held. The Roman Catholic Church of Campbellton has also regular Sunday and other services. The Methodist Church has established itself in the town, also, and, together with the other religious bodies named, is doing such good work as ought have exempted Campbellton from Mr. White's uninformed and, apparently, uncontradicted aspersions on its religious status.

UNFAIR.—Hon. Mr. Gillespie complains that Mr. Park succeeded in defeating his bill to restore Chatham and Nelson Parishes to the Railway facility act, among the termini to be chosen from for the Valley Railway, by showing members of the Assembly a telegram from Hon. Peter Mitchell to the effect that if Mr. Gillespie's bill passed it would prevent the Dominion Government from granting the proposed subsidy of $3,000 a mile. If this is true it is simply contemptible on Mr. Mitchell's part, as he knew at the time that he had no prospect, whatever, of succeeding in his application to the Ottawa Government and also that Mr. Gillespie's bill could not affect his chances one way or the other. It is time that Mr. Mitchell rose above such tricks.

ROBICHEAU CREEK.—In our reference to the proposed new Robicheau Creek Bridge we gave lengths of the proposed structure as well as the measurement between the banks on either side 100 feet short of what they actually are. The Board of Works specification calls for a bridge 300 feet long, while the measurement, from high bank to high bank, is but 231 feet. The question asked is, what will the contractor do with his 69 feet of extra bridging and, as there will be no room for it between the banks of the creek, will he excavate in earth and sandstone to make a place in which to bury it, or will one fifth be deducted from the amount of his contract for the work which it will be almost impossible and entirely unnecessary for him to do?

"UNITY."—Because the farce of graded schools is forced upon the Province by the Board of Education, the *World* wants all the Chatham Town Districts united. Graded schools in such places as Chatham are an injustice to Teachers, pupils and parents alike.

CEDAR GROVE.—At a meeting held by the N. B. Steamship Company at St. John, on Tuesday, the directors decided to proceed at once with the building of another ship to replace the "Cedar Grove."

THE RICHIBUCTO COLLECTORSHIP of Customs is to be given, it is said, to Mr. Girouard, M. P., the present Collector to be superannuated. What about Mr. Gordon Livingston's claims to the office?

The Subsidised President vs. the Poor Publisher.

If the President of the *World* Publishing Company does not receive a check at our hands, we presume he will imagine he is all that the fancy of his paper's Newcastle correspondent paints him. He will not only think, as he has assumed, that there is no sense of decency among the readers of his paper in Chatham, but that the ADVANCE and its editor—like so many who seem to hold the dual position towards him of vassals and friends—are only to speak when he permits them to do so and then, to say only what will please him. We confess that we prefer peace to war, friendship to enmity and mutual confidence and neighborly feeling to sectional jealousy and a persecuting spirit, but when we are pursued with the unrelenting vindictiveness that has been manifested towards us by the *World*—the "war of extermination" openly proclaimed on Declaration Day in the Newcastle Court House last summer against the editor of the ADVANCE by the late Surveyor-General—it is a question of fight or run. As we have not learned to run we must therefore fight.

The *World* and its controlling spirit—Mr. Robert R. Call, who is President of the Company publishing it—would be much less worthy of our notice than they are, were it not for the fact that even the Directors of that paper, to say nothing of the stockholders, are men of large means and excellent business position, and we feel that the war they are assisting Mr. Call to wage against a fellow-citizen, who is single-handed in publishing the ADVANCE, is one which cannot commend itself to the sense of common business decency which some of them must possess. The fact seems to be that Mr. Call, who stood at the late Surveyor General's back and cried, hear, hear! when he uttered his threat of exterminating war against "Mr. D. G. Smith," is the commanding officer in the campaign that is being waged against us, and we seriously believe that he is now wringing money from the unwilling purses of his fellow-Directors to carry on the publishing warfare he is engaged in.

We say the *World* and its President amount to little of themselves, and an intelligent analysis of the subject will prove our proposition. The enquiry is not a profitable one, nor would we suggest or make it, but for the attacks upon the publisher of the ADVANCE in Mr. Call's paper of last Saturday. It says, "Mr. D. G. Smith, editor of the ADVANCE" has not fulfilled a certain contract with the Government and is, therefore, a public defaulter and "sneak-thief" etc. Neither Mr. Call nor his paper can produce a copy of any such contract as they allege and no such contract was ever in existence. They know this, but it does not deter them from the repetition of the stale slander. Mr. Call's paper also insinuates that we have difficulties with our paper-maker arising out of non-payment of certain drafts, etc., but, even if the state of things hinted at existed Mr. Call's reference to it only shows the lengths to which he is prepared to drag his fellow-publishers in carrying on the "war of extermination" under his direction and waged for his and the late Surveyor-General's gratification and revenge.

The personal attacks in last Saturday's *World* would not receive the attention we now give them but for their having been repeatedly referred to by fellow-citizens whom we esteem—many of them differing from us in political matters—who have agreed that they are so unworthy of any journal claiming to be considered respectable as to deserve general and unequivocal condemnation. We, therefore, purpose, as briefly as possible, to show the animus of these attacks. When we have done so, Mr. Call may continue them if he chooses to do so, just as long as he can pay for having them written and published, with public money and means procured from others, in the name of a political party, by the manipulation of which he makes a living far better than he could possibly earn by honest work.

When Mr. Call publishes Mr. Smith as having broken promises to the Government, he suggests broken promises of his own out of which have grown the "war of extermination" which Mr. Smith is now forced to contend against. When Mr. Call was emerging from the chrysalis condition, and before he became the great political *moth* he now is, Mr. Smith met him at Fredericton and did what he could to assist him to procure a subsidy for a steamer to run on the Miramichi. That was ten years ago. At that time Mr. Call's story was that if he were given a subsidy of two thousand dollars a year for five years, for the *Andover*, he would be enabled to establish a permanent steam service on the Miramichi which, in that time, would become self sustaining, without further Government aid. Instead of being granted the subsidy of $2.000 a year for five years, the *Andover*, which was valued at $8.000, was handed over to him as a free gift, the Government agreeing to pay the owner—the late Hon. Benjamin Beveridge—for her in four years, and to give Mr. Call $2,000 the fifth year. Mr. Call, therefore, received more than he asked for.—The *Andover* was given to him as a free gift by the Province, a gift equal to $8,000 cash down, instead of $2.000 a year for four years, and he was, also, given the fifth year's subsidy—the last of the series which he said would be sufficient to establish a permanent service from Chatham upward to Doaktown on the Miramichi. With the means given to him by the Province during those five years, including the *New Era* subsidy, and his accustomed pickings from the Dominion Government, Mr. Call had placed himself in a position of influence and comparative wealth. He was not, by any means, the pioneer in steamboat service on the Miramichi, as he often manages to have himself publicly proclaimed, but he understood the art of advertising himself and his business, and considering the real value of the steam services he did and the way they paid him, it was a matter of some surprise that he secured a renewal of his subsidies at the expiration of his first five years.

His promise to the Government, that he would permanently establish the service without further subsidy, was not kept. He realised that some changes in the *personnel* of the Executive at Fredericton had taken place and that his pledges of five years before could be easily smoothed over. He had laid his plans well, and, by using the name of the lumber trade of the river, by the influence he had gained over certain members and, probably, by other and less honorable devices, he was again permitted to make another haul of thousands of dollars out of the public Treasury, in the alleged interest of the people of the Miramichi.

About this time a number of our people determined to secure steam service down river, and they sent a petition to the Government during the session of 1879 asking for a subsidy for the steamer, *William*, of Quebec, which it was proposed to place on the route between the up-river towns and points below, as far as Lower Bay du Vin, Escuminac, Tabusintac, Burnt Church, etc. It was thought that Mr. Call would keep his word and stand back; that having "established" his business up-river he would allow others to be assisted—as he had already been—in providing a down-river service. Instead of acting in a live-and-let-live spirit, however, he stepped in with his subsidized influences and thrust those interested in the down-river project aside. He said to the Government "do not give the *William* a subsidy, but continue to give me $2.000 a year for the *Andover* and I will do the down-river work as well as that up-river."

Mr. Call thus, selfishly and greedily, prevented a good and substantial steamer from being put on the down-river route by promising to do the work with the *Andover*. He knew she was unfit for it and that he could not perform it, and we leave the Miramichi public to judge as to the manner in which they were treated by him in this matter. But for his "dog-in-the-manger" spirit we believe a really useful steam service down-river would have then been secured and now established, but with his usual adroitness, Mr. Call has covered his broken pledges with the mantle of his profitable political associations;—he received the Government money, and the Government and people have his "promises" for what they are worth. He is, under the circumstances, hardly in a position to apply the term "public defaulter" and "sneak-thief" to anyone. Mr. Smith was one of the principals in endeavoring to secure the services of the Steamer *William*, and we presume that fact will, in part, suggest the cause of Mr. Call's vindictive persecution of that gentleman. Mr. Smith, of course, imagined this was a free country and that he had a right to promote public interests by means of steam traffic, but he has learned that, in Mr. Call's opinion, there is only one man who ought to think of doing local freight and passenger business with steamers, and that man is Mr. Robt. R. Call.

When Mr. Call's second subsidy harvest had been reaped, he seemed to realize that he had strained Government liberality to the breaking-point. Some of his friends in Fredericton felt that his influence was considerable and worth retaining, but, on reckoning the cost, they felt like making a stand against his further inroads on the Provincial Treasury. They said, here is one man on the Miramichi to whom we have given a steamer costing $8,000 and about *fourteen thousand dollars* in cash, besides. It is time for us to shake him off. But the late Surveyor-General was there, and the story of the steamer contracted for in Belleville, in anticipation of the subsidy, was also told, and the other and accustomed aids in such matters were put into operation, and as usual, Mr. Call was again placed by the Provincial Government, above the necessity of earning a living. When he failed to bring along the new boat from Belleville we exposed his broken promises, because we had a right to do so in the public interest. Thereupon, he set the *Advocate* and his newly established *World* upon the publisher of the ADVANCE and, in other ways, displayed evidence of increased venom and vindictiveness against us.

As a good deal that passed between Mr. Call and Mr. Smith happened in the heat of the Assembly elections of last summer, and we wished to give him time to soberly think over the import of the unmanly threat of annihilation which he betrayed the late Surveyor-General into making on Declaration day, and to repent of it, we avoided making any reference to him for a long time. His ready ire, however, was again aroused when his despatches to the press respecting his alleged success at Ottawa in the Valley Railway subsidy matter were not received by us as entirely reliable. Because of this and also because we have forced him to take an honest and unequivocal position in regard to the steam service between Chatham, Newcastle, Nelson and Douglastown, Mr. Smith is now subjected to Mr. Call's newspaper vilification. We say that the attacks Mr. Call's paper makes upon Mr. Smith are inspired by the conviction, on Mr. Call's part, that the ADVANCE stands with the people and insists on his keeping faith with them in his public undertakings, and that, personally, Mr. Smith can neither be "bulldozed" nor *bribed* by him, as he well knows. Mr. Call has found all his devices for capturing Mr. Smith and the ADVANCE failures. When Mr. Call's paper insinuates that Mr. Smith cannot pay his paper manufacturer we are glad to be in a position to say that he would rather go to jail for such debts than to accept money proffered in the corrupt and dishonorable way in which Mr. Call once offered it to him.

We might pursue this disagreeable subject further, but having said sufficient to show the animus of the *World's* personal attacks upon the publisher of the ADVANCE we have done for the present. In closing, however, we say to Mr. Call that, although he may not realize it, he is pretty well understood just now in Northumberland. The leading men of the County have his measure. He is recognized as a political leech and cormorant—one who sets his dear friends on to beat the political bush while he catches the bird. We do not say he is a "scallawag," as his paper's Newcastle correspondent said Mr. Smith was, because, we believe he is quite a good citizen in private life—though no better than those who are abused by his hirelings. He however belongs to the dangerous and undesirable class of men who keep up strife, personal dislikes, and sectional feeling for their own profit; but we reserve the proofs of this for the next challenge we receive from Mr. Call's paper. He may calculate on receiving all the attention from us which his case merits, just so long as he employs his paper as he has done of late, assisted, as it was not long since, by the other local journal. We prefer to deal, in such matters, with principals and not with Mr. Call's hired writers, for, as the saying goes, *aquila non capit muscas*, and even the President of the *World* Publishing Company is such poor game as to make us feel like apologising to our readers for devoting so much space to him.

Ottawa News.

Ottawa, May 4.—Sir Charles Tupper delivered his annual railway statement to day. At the end of two years he said he was able to assert that, notwithstanding his expectations regarding the successful nature of the Pacific Railway, his most sanguine anticipations had been fulfilled, and although the enterprise had been a stupendous one, the progress had been so remarkable that by 1886 the work of construction would be entirely completed. The character of the work was excellent, and the Syndicate were carrying out their part of the contract to the letter. An arrangement was being made for the taking over of section "B" in the Thunder Bay branch from the contractors and handing it over to the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. The contractors in British Columbia would be able to finish their engagements in the time specified, and he was pleased to be able to say that the estimated cost of the work would not be modified or changed in the least. He defended the disallowance policy and said the interests of the province must, if necessary, be sacrificed in order that the great public railway policy should be carried out. The Northwest and Manitoba owed their prosperity, if not their very existence, to the Government railway policy. The cost of sections to be constructed by the Government and handed to the Syndicate would not exceed $28,000 000. Next season one could make a voyage from Algoma Mills to Prince Arthur's Landing in 24 hours.

Mr. Mackenzie—"You've adopted the water stretches?" (Hear, hear.)

Sir Charles Tupper denied that he had ever intimated, when introducing the Syndicate bargain, that there would be no disallowance of local railway charters.

Mr. Blake—"No, but the first Minister did." (Applause.)

Sir Charles Tupper, continuing, said the freight charges on the Canadian Pacific road were no higher than on similar roads in the United States and he claimed that the increased immigration into the country, as well as the increased prosperity of the entire Northwest, were due entirely to the Government's railway policy. In the balance sheet on the Pacific Railway account he estimates the Government outlay ($25,000,000 to Syndicate and $28,000,000 on unfinished sections) at $53,000,000 and to meet this outlay he proposes to devote of the surplus revenues, $22,238,359; the estimated proceeds of land sales this year, $1.750,000; the estimated proceeds of lands in 1882-83, $2,250,000; saving of interest after 1885, $7.500.000; surplus for the next seven years, $7,000,000; proceeds of land sales for seven years at $2.000,000 a year, $14,000,000; total, $53,693,251.

Mr. Blake followed in an exceedingly calm and moderate address. He pointed out that the majority which the Government boasted from Ontario was due to the gerrymander and not to the popularity of their railway policy. He defended the policy of the late administration, and showed that had the proposals of the Opposition been adopted when the Syndicate contract was before Parliament, the results would have been beneficial, while the discontent now developing in the Northwest would have been avoided. The increase of population in the Northwest was not due to the railway in British Columbia or in the country north of Lake Huron, but to the construction of the prairie section; and in 1880 he had advised that the work of that section be pushed forward, while portions unnecessary to the purpose of settlement should be postponed. As Mr. Blake proceeded to show the results of some of Sir Chas. Tupper's statements, Sir John was obliged to repudiate some of Dr Tupper's assertions as incorrect. Mr. Blake showed that the Pacific Railway local freight rates had increased about 50 per cent since last year, while through rates had, in some instances, increased a hundred per cent. Prosperity had come to the Northwest in spite of the railway monopoly, but the people of that country would soon find themselves burdened on one hand by a high tariff and on the other by exorbtant railway rates. The difficulties are only beginning to be discovered. He closed with a brilliant peroration and sat down amid great cheering by his friends.

The debate was continued by Mr. Pope.

At one o'clock the House went into committee of supply and passed some railway estimates.

May 5.—The supplementary estimates for 1882-83 were brought down yesterday. They amount to $3,300,893, making the total estimated expenditure for the current year $31,374,693. The principal items are:—

For civil government	$ 16,021
Administration of justice	10,615
Penitentiaries	4,175
Legislation	12,964
Library	2,617
General elections of 1882	130,00
Immigration	71,169
Militia	2,750
Railways and canals	846,822
Montreal telegraph line	6,000
Public works	176,394
Fisheries—cost of distributing fishing bounties	3,000
Scientific institutions	1,150
Steamboat inspection	2,000
Lighthouse and coast service	9,151
Indians of New Brunswick	150
Indians of Manitoba and the Northwest	200,150
Mounted police	50,000
Expenses of Governor General to British Columbia	10,841
Expenses of Fisheries Exhibition	15,000
Extra clerks preparing returns for Parliament	20,000
Balance of expenses in connexion with the Pacific Railway	21,04
Post office	142,720
Charges on revenue	753,48
Dominion lands—including allowances to John O'Connor	150,000
Unprovided items	242,992
The principal public works estimated for are a site for a new parliamentary building	84,000
The Pictou marine hospital	6,000
Sussex N.B., post-office and custom-house	6,000
Levis immigrant sheds	57,000
Dominion buildings, Montreal	8,100
Public buildings in Ontario	9,750
Do. in Manitoba	15,650

The Montreal harbor commissioners are to be voted $7,000 for maintaining buoys and beacons. The Government have, it seems, undertaken to pay $5.000 for the publication of the proceedings of the Royal Society of Canada.

The immense sum of $118,000 is to be expended upon the purchase of rolling stock for the Intercolonial railway. For the enlargement of the Cornwall canal $15,000 is put down; for the completion of the Culbute canal $23 100. We hear of nothing for the Escuminac Breakwater.

In the House of Commons, to-day, the Customs and fisheries estimates were considered. Messrs. Davies and Weldon complained of the inefficient remuneration paid to the customs officers in P.E. Island and New Brunswick.

Mr. Mitchell defended the expenditure on the fish hatcheries.

Nova Scotia members complained that the fishways in dams on the rivers in that Province were worse than useless. They say the law was not observed and overseers took no pains to enforce it.

Mr. Burns urged that salmon fishermen should be allowed to import material for their business free, and the Government should also take steps to protect the smelt fisheries. He thought the catching of this fish by nets should be prohibited.

In answer to Mr. Kirk, Mr. Bowell said the reason why the lobster fishermen were not to participate in the fishing bounty, was, that that class of fishermen were not affected by the provisions of the Washington treaty.

Messrs. Gilmour and Weldon urged the necessity of erecting a fog alarm on the south end of Grand Manan Island.

Hon. Alex. Mackenzie sails for England on the 16th inst.

Mr. Mousseau, Premier of Quebec, has been unseated and a suit for his disqualification has been withdrawn. He will offer for re-election in Jacques Cartier.

The Great Eastern and European Short Railway Company have petitioned Parliament for a subsidy of $1.200,000 in aid of their proposed through line from Montreal to Louisburg, C. B. They propose running from Montreal to the American boundary line, using Pope's road from Sherbrooke, thence through Maine to Houlton, where connexion will be made with New Brunswick Railway for St. Andrews and St. John, while the main road will be pushed forward via Woodstock and Gibson to Salisbury, I. C. Railway, which road will be used as far as Painsec Junction, from which point the line will be constructed via Baie Verte, Pugwash and New Glasgow. The Eastern Extension will then be used to Canso and a new road built to Louisburg. The company ask that the subsidy be distributed, $176,000 in Quebec, $384.000 in New Brunswick, $128,000 in Nova Scotia and $694,000 in Cape Breton.

The license bill will, it is said, be introduced on Tuesday or Wednesday.

Hemlock Bark.

[St. John "Globe"]

The great slaughter of Hemlock trees throughout the country, in order to get the bark, has led to an application to the Dominion Government to place a duty on the export, in the hope that this duty will have some effect in stopping the destruction. This application will not be successful, and, if successful it will hardly have the desired effect. Our Provincial Government has just adopted some new regulations, in regard to the Hemlock Licenses which will have some influence in preventing the destruction now so prevalent, while, at the same time, adding to the Provincial revenue. No doubt the Surveyor General will give official notice of these in the next *Gazette*. We understand that in substance they are as follow:

Application to be made in the usual form for timber licenses.

All licenses for hemlock will expire on the 31st day of March in each year.

Each application for license must be not less than two nor more than six square miles, and the upset mileage at the rate of $8 per square mile must accompany the application.

The stumpage charged will be at the rate of $1 per thousand superficial feet of logs cut, and the bark is not to be removed from the landings until the stumpage has been paid.

In settling the stumpage the mileage of $8 per square mile will be credited for all licenses actually operated on.

The licensee is prohibited from unnecessarily destroying other growing trees on his licence, and in case of violation of this section the license to be forfeited and the bark subject to seizure.

The Bishop of Fredericton.

On Sunday, 4th May, 1845, the Rev John Medley, D. D., was consecrated first Bishop of the newly formed diocese of Fredericton, in the Chapel of Lambeth Palace, England. He took possession of the "Cathedral Church," at Fredericton, N. B, on 11th June following, upon which occasion the Holy Communion was administered to 150 persons.

Yesterday, therefore, the venerable Bishop of Fredericton witnessed the thirty-eighth anniversary of his consecration. Dr. W. P. Austin, the oldest Colonial Bishop of the Church of England, has been Bishop of Guiana since 1842, but while he is in his 76th year, Dr Medley, the second oldest Colonial Bishop, is in his 79th.

No Bishop in the Anglican Communion of the same age works as actively as the Bishop of Fredericton. From the day he set foot on the shores of New Brunswick down to the present time he has steadily done his utmost to advance the interests of the Church of England. His efforts in this direction have been crowned with abundant success in spite of many trials and difficulties. He has impressed all classes and conditions of men as well by his apostolic, self denying life as his able and effective preaching. His sermons, written in a singularly pure and chaste style, are always fresh, instructive and worth hearing. In fact, as a preacher from year to year, at all times and in all places, the Bishop of Fredericton has few equals and scarcely a superior. His liberality is too well known to need comment. That he may be spared a few years longer to guide the church in New Brunswick is the earnest and heart-felt prayer of many. —*Sun.*

A Fenian Scare at Halifax.

A Halifax despatch of 8th inst. says,—There was a little sensation here to-day over the fact that a special constables were mailed to guard the Government House and the Provincial and Dominion Buildings in consequence of an intimation received at Ottawa by the Governor-General, that a detective in the late convention at Philadelphia reported there was a project to retaliate on Monday next for the hanging of Brady on that day. It was stated that two suspicious vessels, manned, it was believed, by Fenians, and carrying a quantity of torpedoes and other dangerous explosives, had sailed from Boston a few days ago, and it was thought intended to make Halifax their destination. On arriving it was asserted the torpedoes with which the vessels were laden would be laid as opportunity offered beneath the waters of the harbor with the intention of blowing up shipping entering or leaving. A line of torpedoes was to be stretched from Sambro up the harbor as close to the city as possible and when the time arrived all would be fired. It was also recommended that the guards at the various barracks, powder magazines at the dockyard and on any war ships in port be strengthened, H. M. S. "Tenedos" is now in the harbor. This was done and the sentries stationed at various points in the city have been instructed to be careful whom they allow to enter the gates at which they watch.

General Notes and News.

IT IS SO PLEASANT.—It is so certain and easy in its action. It invigorates the nerve, brain, and muscle. ZOPESA does these things simply by giving active Digestion, and regulating the Stomach and Liver.

SAYS DRYDEN:

"She knows her man, and when you rant and swear.
Can draw you to her with a single hair."

But it must be beautiful hair to have such power; and beautiful hair can be insured by the use of **Cingalese Hair Renewer.** Sold at 50 cts. by J. D. B. F. Mckenzie.

People wishing their Teeth to look white,
Use "TEABERRY" daily—at morning, at night;
It sweetens the Breath and reddens the gums,
Enhances the beauty of daughters and sons. Sold at Medical Hall, Chatham, N. B.

An Ottawa despatch says it has been found that after the proposed division of the fishery bounty of $150,000 voted last year was made, a sufficient balance remained on hand to increase the bounty to fishermen in boats to $5 per man for 1882, and the bounty to boat tonnage in proportion. An order-in-Council is said to have been passed making this increase; thus boat fishermen, instead of receiving two dollars and a half as expected, will get double that amount.

There is considerable talk in political circles at Ottawa over a serious difference of opinion between Sir John Macdonald and Sir Hector Langevin, caused by the latter's action in throwing the Northern Railway Company amalgamation bill out of the Railway Committee, of which he is chairman. Hon. Frank Smith, President of the Council, and President of the Northern Railway, is also much displeased at his action, and openly accused Langevin and all the *bleus* of having been bought by the Grand Trunk, who opposed the proposed amalgamation, which would be in the interest of the Canadian Pacific.

The Montreal *Witness* says: "It seems h

Business Notice.

The ADVANCE office is open for business from 8 a. m. until 6 p. m. every week day.

It is not open for delivery of papers in the evening. Town and local country subscribers will, therefore, please call for their papers at the delivery window before 6 p. m.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The insertion of advertisements can only be insured each week by their reaching the office before 6 p. m. on Tuesdays.

Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

PLANTS, ETC., at auction—See advt.

HANGED.—The negro murderer Hughes, who killed his wife at Loch Lomond, St. John, about two mon hs ago, was quietly hanged in the St. John jail yard yesterday.

PROMOTION.—Mr. Jas. A. Loggie, late at Port Gamble, W. T., in the employ of the Puget Mill Company, has been removed to Utsalady where he is now cashier and paymaster for the same company. His Miramichi friends will be glad to hear of his success.

FIFTEEN young men from Charlottetown and vicinity were among the passengers for the West on Monday night's Intercolonial Express from Moncton. They were carpenters, millers and farmers, and were going to Minnesota. They said they could get nothing to do at home.

CARPET FASTENER.—Mr. Robert A. Baldwin is introducing a patent carpet fastener to householders. It is a seasonable thing just now, when house cleaning is going on, besides being a great saver of labor and wear and tear not only of carpets but of the patience and muscle of those who have to put them down. Mr. Harper, Watchmaker, Chatham, shows a sample of the article.

NEWCASTLE CRICKET CLUB—At the annual meeting of the Newcastle Cricket Club, held on Thursday evening last, the following gentlemen were appointed office bearers for the ensuing year:—

President—Rev. J. H. S. Sweet.
Vice-President—Rev. Thos. Hicks.
Captain—Dr. McLearn.
Committee of Management—Jas. C. Fairey, (Chairman), E. Lee Street, A. C. Atkinson, J. W. Davidson, H. R. Boulton.
Secy-Treasurer—J. Fred. Harley.—*Advocate.*

PERSONAL.—Hon. Senator Muirhead has returned home from Ottawa—disgusted, no doubt, with the manner in which the Government allows the session to drag along.

Wm. Whitaker Esq., of the Post Office Department has charge of the Chatham office, Postmaster Vondy being ill.

Hon. Wm. M. Kelly, M. L. C., was in town yesterday.

Hon. T. F. Gillespie has returned from Fredericton.

Arthur Shirley Benn, Esq., was in town last week.

NEW QUARTERS.—Miss Staples, who was burnt out by last winter's fire in the Benson building, and has since been occupying rather contracted quarters further down town, has removed to the Vondy building, Upper Water Street, which has been partially fitted up specially for her and, when completed, will be a very pleasant and attractive place to visit. She is constantly receiving and manufacturing fresh confectionery and importing new fruit. She is also ready to supply her patrons with ice cream and light beverages to order. Her many patrons will be glad to find her in such nice quarters and also be pleased with the excellent quality of the goods she offers for sale.

CHALLENGE!—Mr. John O'Ronaghan: Sir,—I notice in the ADVANCE of the 3rd inst., over your signature, some bold statements which I will not let pass uncontradicted. You boast that your Stallion and his colts, can beat any other Stallion and his colts, on P. E. Island. As that is just what I claim for my stock, I hereby challenge you to the proof. I will match four three year old Chief colts against four Abdallah colts of same age for $50.00 a side, or a *two* year old and a *three* year old Chief against a *three* and a *four* year old Abdallah for $50.00 a side, to trot according to rule; or I will forfeit $50 that Island Chief will beat Abdallah Messenger *fifteen chains in a mile.* My money is now in the hands of Mr. John Scott, Lower Newcastle. Cover it, if you dare, or correct your statement. Robt. Fitzsimmons, May 7th, 1883.

CHATHAM MEN SHIPWRECKED.—The steamer *Valetta* of Montreal, Capt. Koeing, from Halifax for Boston, laden with about 1600 bbls. potatoes and a small quantity of other produce, struck on Black Rock outside of Liverpool, N. S. harbor, at 4 a. m. 25th ult., during a heavy snow storm. Both ship and cargo are a total loss. Those on board were saved by boats from the shore, the rescuers incurring great risk in their humane work. Two Chatham men, Messrs. James Anderson (son of Mr. Jas. L. Anderson) and Lile. Alexander (son of Mr. Thos. Alexander) were on the *Valetta.* Mr. Anderson being chief Engineer and Mr. Alexander third Engineer. Mr. Anderson has returned home, having lost about two hundred dollars' worth of property by the disaster.

PRETENDED IGNORANCE.—The *World* says it ordered some paper from a paper-maker who informed it that he declined to ship the order unless for cash or by express C. O. D. On telegraphing for an explanation it received the answer that the letter it had received was intended for another publisher. The *World* closes with the enquiry—

"Who is it in Chatham, we wonder, who has "run his face" for paper until his check is no longer accepted as a substitute for cash?"

This is all none of the public's business, but the *World* seems to be very dull. It published the fact that it took over the sub-scription list of its predecessor, the *Star*, and it has been, we presume, collecting money on said list. When the late editor of the *Star* ran away from Chatham he left no one to pay the paper bills and it is fair to assume that the paper-maker did not know that the *World* had so arranged matters as to secure to itself such advantages as its succession to the *Star's* business afforded, while it could repudiate its unpaid debts. While the *World* is right, perhaps, in not paying the *Star's* arrears on paper account, it ought not to go back entirely on so brilliant a predecessor by pretending not to know who the paper maker referred to.

New Steamer.

Mr. Snowball's new steam tug, *St. Andrew*, was launched from the owner's building yard, Chatham, yesterday morning. She took water in fine style and presents a very handsome appearance. Her dimensions are 94 feet keel, 18 feet beam and 7 ft. hold. The boiler is a two flue-return tubular one, 10 ft. 7 in. long and 7 ft. 6 in. diameter. It was built at the Miramichi Foundry by Mr. Joseph Ruddock. The engine is on the compound principle and was built at Mr. Snowball's machine shop, by Mr. Robert McGuire, who was also general superintendent of the whole, Mr. Patrick Desmond being master builder of the steamer. The cylinders of the engine are respectively, of 18 and 32 inches diameter and 15 inches stroke, and are fitted with brass pipe condensers. The hull is of juniper, with bottom planking of birch—all galvanized fastenings and butt-bolts of copper. The shaft is of steel, with solid crank and pin. In fact, the boat is of the best material and most thorough construction and will be an efficient addition to the steam tug fleet of the Miramichi.

Lighthouse Building.

The contractor for the lighthouse at Point Peter, Gaspe, Mr. Jas. Desmond, has been busy all winter on his work and left Chatham on Saturday last on the schooner *Claymore*, Capt. Marquis, for the site of the proposed structure, taking with him the frame, all ready to put together, the wall boarding which is grooved and tongued, door and window frames with sashes fitted, lantern-frame and all work that could be done here, so as to make the work of finishing as light as possible. He took seventeen Chatham men with him, embracing six carpenters, three masons, one plasterer, a painter and glazier and five laborers, viz,—

Joe. Mann, Eugene Jardine, Robt. Thompson, —— Jackson, Jas. Desmond, jr., Luke Butler, —— Fitzpatrick, Wm. Sexton, Edwd. Barry, Wm. Condron, Peter Cribbs, —— O'Brien, Dan'l Whelan, Geo. McArthur, John McLaughlin, Wm. Eagle, Wm. McGrath, jr.

The work will employ this crew for about six weeks. The *Claymore* arrived at Point Peter yesterday.

Address.

Mr. J. M. Coyngrayhame who for the past two years has been Principal of the Advanced School, Newcastle, took leave of his pupils on Monday afternoon of last week, preparatory to removing to Chatham, where he is in charge of the Advanced School in No. 9 District. Quite unexpectedly to him and just after he had given orders for them to prepare to be dismissed, the children presented him with the following address,—

DEAR MR. COYNGRAYHAME:—We, the pupils under your charge in the Advanced Department of the Harkins Seminary, having learned that you are about to leave us, desire earnestly to tender our sincere regrets at the circumstance. We regret it much on account of the sincere attachment that has existed between us, feeling assured that you had our welfare at heart, and also being fully convinced that it was your earnest desire, and that you spared no pains to instruct us and promote our educational interests while under your charge. As a mark of our respect for you, we desire you to accept this gold piece and case as a slight token of this respect, which we trust will keep alive in your mind the remembrance of your former pupils. And we trust that wherever your lot may be cast, it may be in pleasant places. We further hope that many years of prosperity are yet before you, and with the best wishes of your parting pupils, believe us to be your sincere friends.

For and in behalf of the pupils,

Mary Gjertz, Susie Sargeant, Clara Brown, Lauretta Brown, Minnie McLellan, Lulu Harley, Ella Elliot, Mary Ritchie, Emma Rundle, Sarah Reeves, Bella McCurdy, Ephraim Hays, Charles McLoggan, James Nicholson, Ritchie Park, J. Campbell, Joel Call, Raymond Hogan, Willard Sinclair, Charles Robinson, Fred. Johnstone, P. Holohan, F. Russell, John Hays, Allen Wheeler, Allen Quigley, Wilson Harris, George Thomson, Bertie Wyse.

Newcastle, 30th April, 1883.

Mr. Coyngrayhame made a reply in which he expressed a thorough appreciation of the feeling which prompted his late pupils in presenting the address.

School Examinations.

MISS DAVIDSON'S SCHOOL.

At Miss Davidson's school 73 pupils were in attendance. Trustee McQuinn and a number of other visitors were present. The pupils were examined in reading, script-printing, number, form, plant life, color and objects. A recitation, entitled "Two Ways of Putting a Case," was very nicely given by Miss Susie McNaught, as was also a recitation, entitled "Good Night," by Misses May Stapleton, Ethel Pallen, Ella Flood and Maggie Cameron. Trustee McQuinn briefly addressed the school, expressing his pleasure at the progress the pupils had made during the term, and advising them to set their minds wholly upon their studies while they had the advantage of a teacher like Miss Davidson, who so earnestly gave herself up to her duties.

MR. M'GINNIS'S SCHOOL.

At Mr. J. McGinnes's school there were about thirty-five pupils. A few parents of the children and also Mr. Fowler, and one of the Trustees, Mr. Thos. McQuinn, were present. Class B was examined in reading and spelling. The reading was very nice. Miss Tenie McMahon and Master John McEachern were the two best spellers in their grade. Class A was examined in arithmetic, of which very few failed in this important branch. They were also examined in the tables of weights and measures, and found very efficient. Recitations were given by Masters Earl Lobban, James Wright and Harris McEwen. A map of the country was drawn by Class B, of which Earl Lobban's, Willie Kerr's and John McEachran's were the best. Class A was examined in drawing, and their work was done very neatly, particularly Alex. Duplaseey's. Recitations were given by Misses Emma Fleiger, Ellie Tranor, Alice Loggie, Maria Haley, and Effie Fleiger. Copy books of Classes A and B were examined, and all were very neatly done.

MISS FLANAGAN'S SCHOOL.

At Miss Flanagan's school there were about forty pupils, a number of teachers and several other visitors. Class A was examined in arithmetic, and very quickly answered the questions given them. Class B was examined in writing, and performed that task with much neatness. Class A was questioned in British History extending through the Roman and Old English periods, and acquitted themselves in an excellent manner. Class B drew a map of New Brunswick, the principal towns, rivers, and coast waters being very carefully indicated by all the pupils and especially by Miss Annie Patterson. They were also examined in arithmetic; and in this branch as in all others showed with what carefulness they had been trained. Class A went through dictation exercises, and a few questions in grammar were then given them, the pupils generally correctly analyzing the sentences and classifying the words. In reading and spelling Master Albert Smith took the lead of the class. The pupils were briefly addressed by Mr. Thomas McQuinn, and a half holiday was given them. Miss Flanagan's health during the past term term did not permit her to attend to her duties, but her place was filled by her sister, who in every way maintained the reputation of the school.

MR. PALMER'S SCHOOL.

Twenty-two pupils and about as many visitors were present at the examination of the grammar and high school. Classes A and B read "Round the World," and "Edinburgh after Flodden." They were questioned by Rev. Mr. Crawford of Charlottetown, and gave intelligent answers, and exhibited a thorough knowledge of spelling. Class C was then questioned on the geography of Great Britain and its dependencies, and seemed at home with the subject. Class C worked questions in brokerage, stock, bank discount, and levying duties, with the greatest proficiency, convincing all present that they thoroughly understood the work of the closing year. Classes A and B drew an outline map of South America from memory; it was the work of a few minutes and all acquitted themselves with credit. The same classes were tested most thoroughly in analysis of compound and complex sentences, and parsing such words as the Rev. Mr. Crawford and other clergymen selected. This work did not fall on a few, as is often the case, but was borne equally by all in a most laudable manner. The juniors then proved three propositions from "Wormwell" in a most satisfactory way; the work being selected by gentlemen who were present. Classes A and B were called to work questions in mensuration, the work being done at the black-boards made it quite interesting for visitors. Mr. Palmer examined Class C in Canadian History, commencing at the Anglo-American war in 1812, then Responsible Government, and finally touched on Confederation, and although the class were large all the pupils appeared to be thorough Canadians. It was only when the class failed in giving the dates 1865 and 1870, to a question put by a gentleman present, and one of the brightest boys assuring the visitors that that was not in their History, that the class was dismissed. The advanced classes were briefly questioned in Roman History, from the days of Romulus to the career of Cæsar, and as the afternoon was waning the examination was brought to a close by the clerical visitors examining a class in Algebra and three in Greek. At the close of the afternoon's exercises the Rev. Messrs. Waits, Forsyth and Crawford spoke in most commendatory terms of the work, mentioning most particularly Latin Greek and Geometry. They thought Mr. Palmer most painstaking, and were delighted with the order kept and the respect shown to the teacher. Mr. Ferguson and Mr. William Kerr corroborated what had already been said, and then Mr. Palmer thanked them all for their kind expressions. Some kind and thoughtful gentleman sent the children a treat, for which they thank the unknown most cordially.

MR. HENDERSON'S SCHOOL.

About seventy pupils were in attendance at the examination of this school. Trustees Connors and Waddleton, and a number of lady visitors, were also present. Grades II., IV., V., and VI. were examined in reading and spelling, and a recitation was very well given by Miss Irene Gulliver. Grade III. was heard at reading and spelling, and also performed some very neat script printing and writing exercises. Grade I. was examined in reading, spelling, word building and sounds by Miss Creighton, the assistant teacher, and did themselves great credit. A recitation was given by Miss Sadie Kelly, and Grade V. drew a map of New Brunswick and were examined in geography, showing a thorough acquaintance with the subject. Grade VI. drew a map of the Maritime Provinces, and were also questioned in geography. Grade II. was examined in arithmetic, and Grade III. drew a map of Northumberland. A recitation was very nicely rendered by Miss Minnie Strachan, and grade VI. were questioned in British History, extending through the Roman, Old English, and Plantagenet periods, showing an intimate knowledge of the leading events. Trustee Connors briefly addressed the school, congratulating the teachers and the pupils on the rapid advancement they had made during the term.

MISS HORGAN'S SCHOOL.

The primary school at the Convent, taught by Miss Horgan, was examined on Thursday afternoon. About sixty pupils, Trustee Connors, Rev. Fathers Bannon and Fitzgerald, Miss Quinlan of the advanced department, and a number of other visitors were present. The proceedings were opened with a song by the pupils, who were lead by Miss Dunn, the assistant teacher. Class C was examined at reading, spelling, numeration and plant life, acquitting themselves in the best manner possible. Classes A and B gave exhibitions of their skill in drawing. Class A was heard at reading, and entered into a spelling match, Miss Mary Leggett taking the lead in each. A recitation by Miss Maud Dick, entitled "The Two Crossing Sweepers," was very nicely rendered, and the whole school assisted in singing a song. Class B drew a map of the County of Northumberland, all the pupils doing very well, especially Miss Aggie Keoughan. They were also examined in geography, their explanations being very gratifying. Class C performed a writing exercise very neatly, and Class D was examined in writing, word building and sounds. Class B was examined in reading, spelling, multiplication table, and plant life, and Class A in color. Class A was examined in arithmetic, after which they drew a map of New Brunswick. A recitation was then very well given by Miss Janie Connors followed by another song. Class D was examined in reading, spelling and arithmetic, two little six-year-old girls, Misses Annie Hickey and Minnie Carroll, surprising all present by their cleverness. Class A was examined in plant life and showed advanced knowledge of the branch. Another song by all the pupils closed the examinations. Mr. Connors addressed the school at some length, congratulating the pupils on the successful examination they had passed.—*World.*

DISTRICT NO. 2, HARDWICK.

The semi-annual examination of the pupils in the school of District No. 2, Hardwick, took place on the afternoon of Tuesday, 24th April, conducted by the teacher, Miss Mary A. Hall. A large number of the parents of the children were present, including the Trustees and a number of other friends. The children acquitted themselves most creditably, and gave promise of becoming most proficient. All expressed their satisfaction with the manner in which the school was conducted, congratulating the teacher on the progress the children had made during the term.

MILLBANK SCHOOL.

The semi-annual examination of the school at Millbank, Newcastle Parish, took place on Friday, the 25th April. Messrs. George Clarke, James Coughlin and John Lyons, also Mr. David McHardy and James Currie, jr., were present. Class A was examined in Canadian and British History, spelling, reading, arithmetic, slate and mental, geography, grammar and analysis and map drawing, and a portion of this class exhibited some neat specimens of book keeping. A map of Europe, drawn by a portion of this class was very neatly done, and a map of the Dominion by Master Arthur Irving, from memory, and one of New Brunswick by Robert Johnston and Charles McHardy, also from memory, elicited much praise from those present. Questions in the compound rules, practice, discount, and geometrical progression were given and solved by the pupils, (some on the blackboard) in a manner which showed that they understood their work. Masters James Johnston, William and Norman Clarke and William Nugent read that portion of Canadian History relating to the discovery, and in answer to some questions gave the names of the discoverers, the portions of country discovered by each and the dates of their discoveries.

None of the pupils belonging to class B being present, class C was examined in reading (Royal Reader No. II) print-script, spelling, arithmetic, plant and animal life. The multiplication table as far as six times was constructed and the names of plants and animals of the Province were neatly printed by this class. The printing and writing of Annie Irving, Nancy Clarke and John Currie were very good and gave evidence of careful supervision. The pupils throughout evinced a fair knowledge of the subjects examined in and after some complimentary remarks by the trustees in which Mr. Coughlin urged on the pupils the necessity of regular attendance, the school was dismissed.

This school has been in charge of Mr. John Flanagan for the past year, and to show their appreciation of his services, the trustees have decided on an increase of salary from Nov. 1st, 1882.

SHIPPING LIST.

Port of Newcastle.

ARRIVED.

May 3—Nor. bk. Zaleima, Arentzen, Ghent, bal., R. A. & J. Stewart.
9.—Bk Tordenskjold, Nelsen, Rochefort, bal., R. A. & J. Stewart.

Port of Bathurst.

ARRIVED.

May 9.—Bk. Wilhelm, 380, Ludvig, Nielsen, Rochefort, 32 days in passage.
May 9.—Bk. Inverdune, 575, Johnsen, Dieppe.

VESSELS BOUND FOR MIRAMICHI.

Br. bk. Annie McNairn, Faye, sailed from Barrow, Apl. 6th.
Nor. bk. Annie, Evensen, cld. from Laurvig April 7th—sld. 9th.
Br. bk Arathusa, Dunn, from Belfast April 10th
Nor. bk. Atlanta, Svendsen, sld. from Glasgow April 14th.
Nor. bk. Albion, Rode, at L'pool, April 19, for Miramichi.
——Bk. Brilliant, Adriensen, sld. Egersund April 10th.
Br. bk., British Queen, Sloane, from L'pool, spoken April 14, lat. 47, lon. 17.
Br. bark Capenhurst, Hatfield, cld. April 9th at Liverpool—sailed 10th.
Nor. bk. Camilla, Hansen, sld. L'pool, April 20
Br. bk. Clandeboye, Forbes, sld. L'pool, April 20
Nor. bk. Dronningen Mever, cld. at London 5th April, sld. 7th—passed Deal 8th.
——Br. Essex, Griffen, sld. Colerraine, April 18.
Br. bk. Forest Queen, McConnel, sailed from Belfast April 12th—passed Rathlin Island, 19th.
Nor. bk Finn, Sorensen, at L'pool April 19, for Miramichi.
Bk. Gio Battista O., Olivari, sld. Westport, April 25th.
Bk Harvester, Roulston, cld. at Baltimore, Apl. 21st.
Nor. bk. Harmonia, Andersen, from Belfast for Miramichi, put into Stornoway 17th April with foreyard and slings broken.
Nor. bk. Dimatar, Bonde, cld. Liverpool April 5th—sld. 17th.
Nor. bk. Insula Capri, Danielsen, sld. from Kinsale April 17th.
Br. bark Konoma, Thompson, cleared at Liverpool, April 9th, sailed 10th
Br. bk. L. G. Biglow, Hawthorn, sailed from Belfast April 12th.
Br. bk. Lammergie, Whitenside, sld. from Belfast April 10th.
Br. bk. Leona, Conlan, sld. from Liverpool April 10th
Br. bk. Lothair, Cassidy, sld. from London April 13th.
Lanthen (?) —— sailed Invishowen Head, Apl 19
Br bk. Minnie Gordon, Mellgren, sailed from Liverpool April 10th.
Nor. bk. Mercur, Schong, cld. Liverpool April 10th—sld. 19th.
Bk. Montrose, Prytz, sld. from Bordeaux April 14th.
Br. bg. Mary Jane Wilbur, —— sailed Dublin, April 19
Nor. bk Niobe, Olsen, sld. from Arendal April 5th.
Aus. bk. Nemirna, from Bordeaux to Delaware Breakwater, ordered to Miramichi 5th April.
Br. bg Northern Star, Sherry, sld. Dublin, April 19th.
Northern Star, —— sailed Dublin, April 19.
Nor bk. Petrellen, Knudsen sailed from Rouen.
Bk. Patriot Queen sld Halifax, May 5th.
April 3rd—arrd. Plymouth 16th.
Nor. bk Resource, Jensen, sailed from Christiansand April 2nd.
Nor bk. Ragna, Petersen, at Newcastle, Eng., April 19th for Miramichi.
Br. bk. Sagona, Gordon, sld. Liverpool, April 20th.
Bk Tistedalen, Danielsen, sld. from Rochefort April 16th.

FOR OTHER NORTH SHORE PORTS.

Bk. Annabella, Arthurson, sailed from Liverpool April 11th, for Dalhousie.
Br. sch. Adelina, Lake, sld Jersey April 9th for Paspebiac, spoken 13th. lat. 49 lon. 10.
Br. brig Brothers, Vibert, sld. Barbadoes, April 11th for Gaspe.
Nor bk. Canada, Bull, sailed from Fleetwood, April 6, for Bathurst.
Nor. bk. Christiane, Simonsen, cld. at London, April 7th for Bathurst, sailed from Gravesend April 11—passed Deal 12th.
Bk Caledonia, —— sailed from Gravesend, 7th April for Bathurst.
Br brig Cornucopia, Orsals, sld. Jersey April 19th for Gaspe.
Nor. bk. Finella, Anderson, cld at London, 5th April for Bathurst, sailed from Gravesend 7th—passed Deal 9th.
—— Bk Favorite, Roach, sld. Glasson Dock, April 19th for Richibucto.
Br bg. G. D. T., Cormand, left Jersey April 10th for Paspebiac.
Nor. bk. Huldren, Ellingsen, sailed from Bristol April 6th for Bathurst.
Nor. bk. Henrietta, Bull, cld. 9th April at Liverpool for Paspebiac—sld 12th.
Br. sch. Hematope, Syvret, sld. Jersey April 19th for Paspebiac.
Nor. bk. Helvetia, Svendsen. sld. Bordeaux April 17 h for Bathurst.
Br. sch Industry, LeHern, sld. from Lisbon Feb. 1st. for Gaspe.
Bk. Nordsap, Steen, cld. at London April 7th for Dalhousie—sailed 12th—passed Deal 14th.
Nor bk. Niord, Trulsen, sld. Laurvig April 5th fo Bathurst.
——Bk Nornen, cld. Christiansund, 13th April for Richibucto.
Bk Poseon, Heyburn, sld. from Liverpool, 18th April for Richibucto.
Br. bk. Robin, Briard, from Jersey, April 10th, for Caraquet.
Nor. bk. Resolut, Helgensen, at Liverpool, April 12th, for Bathurst sld. 22nd.
It bk. Ruta, Mirabile, cld. at St. Vincent, March 14th for Bathurst
Nor bk. Steenkodder, Paulsen, sailed from Plymouth April 3rd, for Shediac.
Br bk. Seaflower, LeDain, sld. Jersey, April 10th for Paspebiac
Nor. bk. Sarpsborg, Kloman, sld. London April 5th for Caraquet.
Nor. bk. Torlenskjold, Scheen, from London, March 29th, for Shediac—sailed from Gravesend, April 2nd
Nor. bk. Try, sailed from Bristol April 2 for Shediac.
Bk. Waciess, Spencer, cld. at Liverpool, 14th April for Richibucto.

New Advertisments.

Foliage, Plants, Geraniums, etc.
AT AUCTION.
On Saturday, at 10, a. m
OPPOSITE MY AUCTION ROOM
I will offer a lot of fresh plants in pots, the production of a first class Conservatory.
If not all disposed of at Auction, they will be on sale at the Subscribers store.
—ALSO—
15 BBLS. APPLES.
Terms Cash.
W. WYSE, Auctioneer
Chatham, May 9th, 1883.

ICE CREAM.
CONFECTIONERY,
FRUITS, ETC.
Fresh Goods of Superior Quality
Always to be found at
M. J. STAPLES'S
Vondy Building, Chatham.

New Advertisments.

L. S. L.
CAPITAL PRIZE $150 000
"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with facsimiles of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."
G. T. Beauregard
J. A. Early
Commissioners.
UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!
OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.
Louisiana State Lottery Company.
Incorporated in 1868 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a Capital of $1,000,000—to which a reserve fund of over $550,000 has since been added.
By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d A. D. 1879.
Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place Monthly. *It never scales or postpones.* Look at the following Distribution.
GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT, during which will take place the 157TH GRAND MONTHLY
AND THE
EXTRAORDINARY SEMI-ANNUAL DRAWING
At New Orleans TUESDAY, JUNE 12th, 1883.
Under the personal supervision and management of Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of Louisiana, and Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Virginia.
CAPITAL PRIZE, $150,000
Notice.—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves, $5. Fifths, $2. Tenths, $1.
LIST OF PRIZES.

1 CAPITAL PRIZE OF	$150,000	$150,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF	50,000	50,000
1 GRAND PRIZE OF	20,000	20,000
2 LARGE PRIZES OF	10,000	20,000
4 LARGE PRIZES OF	5,000	20,000
20 PRIZES OF	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
1,000 "	50	50,000
APPROXIMATION PRIZES.		
100 Approximation Prizes of	$200	$20,000
100 " "	100	10,000
100 " "	75	7,500
2,279 Prizes, amounting to		$522,500

Application for rates to Clubs should be made only to the Office of the Company in New Orleans.
For information apply to
M. A. Dauphin, New Orleans, La.
or M. A. Dauphin,
607 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.
4 e 7

Barbados Molasses
One Cargo ex schooner, "Dottie;"
125 CASKS STRICTLY CHOICE BARBADOS MOLASSES.
For sale at bottom prices by
C. M. BOSTWICK & CO.
P. S.—Cheese and Butter.
C. M. B. & CO

WE
ARE PREPARED TO DO
All kinds of Work
IN OUR LINE, PROMPTLY AND
IN THE BEST MANNER.
OLD GOLD MELTED OVER
and Re-made in any Style
WATCHWORK AND ALL KINDS OF FINE MACHINERY REPAIRED AND MADE TO ORDER.
Jewelry neatly repaired, Engraving, etc.
MYER MOSS.

WILLIAM RAE,
Upper Water Street, Chatham, N. B.,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Italian, Sutherland Falls and Rutland Marbles.
—MANUFACTURER OF—
Grave Stones and Monumental Memorials, in Foreign or Native Stone
A good selection on hand

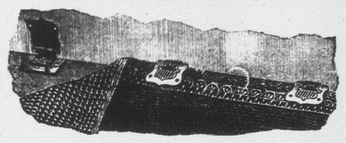
JAMES BROWN
—IS OFFERING HIS—
IMMENSE STOCK
—OF—
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY GOODS,
Clothing! Clothing!!
BOOTS and SHOES
TRUNKS, VALISES,
Guns! Revolvers!! Guns!!
AT LOW PRICES,
—TO MAKE ROOM FOR—
Large Spring Importations.
CHEAP CASH STORE.
Newcastle, Feb. 28th. 1883.
P. S. HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR RAW FURS.

PORK, BEEF,
RICE, SODA, BEANS
—AND—
DRIED APPLES
Landing and to Arrive:
350 Bbls. Mess Pork.
80 " Mess and Plate and Prime Pork.
100 Sacks Rice.
100 Kegs Biscuit Soda.
20 Casks Sal. Soda.
100 Brls. Beans and Dried Apples.
FOR SALE BY
C. M. BOSTWICK & Co.
ST. JOHN.

TO THE PEOPLE OF CHATHAM
—AND—
Surrounding Districts.
CEDAR GROVE! CEDAR GROVE!
Messrs. Nolan & Doyle, Bankrupt Stock Buyers, of Halifax, N. S., having purchased the greater part of the Goods saved from the wreck of the above steamer, will offer the balance of stock, being 7 cases, consisting of
CLOTHS, TWEEDS,
COTTONS, PRINTS,
FANCY GOODS,
UNDERWEAR, &c.,
At Panic Prices.
AUCTION TO-NIGHT!
at 7 p. m., in store under CANADA HOUSE.
Goods at private sale during the day at STARTLING PRICES.
E. H. JOHNSON, Auctioneer.
Chatham, April 26, 1883.

SPIRITS AND RYE WHISKEY.—Arrived from Toronto: 15 barrels Goderham Worts' Pure Spirits, 65 per cent o. p.; 35 barrels Goderham & Worts' finest Rye Whiskey.
JOHN W. NICHOLSON.
St. John.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



SOMETHING NEW.
WILMOT'S PATENT CLASP CARPET FASTENERS are entirely new marvels of beauty and utility, delighting all who see or use them. With these fasteners a carpet can be put down with ease in a satisfactory manner in one fourth the usual time, while they will permit you to take it from the floor almost instantly
WITHOUT TOOLS, TOIL OR TROUBLE.
Buy them and save your time, save trouble, save your carpets and beautify your rooms.
ROBERT A. BALDWIN,
ROBERT A. BALDWIN, Agent for Northumberland County, N. B.
2 y 31

CLEARING OUT!
The residue of our WINTER DRY GOODS at a
TREMENDOUS SACRIFICE.
Shawls Manties, Blankets, Flannels, Clothing. etc MUST GO WE WANT SPACE.
Mr. D. Sutherland is at present in Great Britain, selecting Dry Goods for our Spring and Summer trade. Our early importations will be the largest and most varied ever shown to the people of Miramichi.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
SUTHERLAND & CREAGHAN.
NEWCASTLE, Jan. 30th, '83.

HAY FOR SALE.
THE Subscriber has on hand and stored in Chatham a quantity of good Hay, which he offers by bale or ton, cheap for cash. Apply to MR. JAMES CORMACK Chatham, or
JOHN JOHNSTONE, NAPAN.

We are now receiving our Spring Stock of Men's Women's and Children's Boots and Shoes of the now well established superior quality, and in the matter of price our goods will be sold nearly as low as the common kind imported. We, of course, keep on hand a few of these cheap lines as well.
Our Furniture Department will be found complete, comprising: Parlour Suits, Bedroom Sets, Sideboards, Whatnots, Parlor Tables, Chairs, Washstands, Spring Beds, Mattresses, Bed Lounges, etc, etc, Our stock of Trunks and Hand Bags is large and good, and we must not omit to mention an assortment of Baby Carriages we wish to sell,
FOTHERINGHAM & CO.
GOLDEN BALL, BOOT, SHOE AND FURNITURE EMPORIUM.

NOW IN STOCK.
MANILLA ROPE
ALL SIZES from 6 thd to 4½ inch.
White Lead and Colored PAINTS.
Good Quality and Cheap.
ALSO
A FEW CASES OF TAR AND WNOSONS' FAMOUS
COPPER PAINT,
unrivalled as a preventive against bottoms of Vessels fouling.
CHEAP FOR CASH.
GEO. WATT.
Chatham, April 18th, 1883.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL
OIL TABLE COVERS.
GREY COTTONS
WHITE COTTONS,
WINCEYS, PRINTS,
TOWLINGS, ETC.
BOTTOM PRICES.
Black Brook, April 18th, 1883. F. W. RUSSELL.

SPRING 1883.
THE Subscribers beg to intimate to their customers that they have now completed their
SPRING STOCK
and are receiving by Steamers from London and Liverpool, and Vessels from West Indies, almost daily, new importations, comprising:
600 Puncheons, Tierces and Brls. Choice Demerara, Clenfuegos and British Island Molasses.
100 Brls. Granulated Sugar.
100 Half brls. Paris Lumps do.
50 Hhds. Bright Retailing Porto Rico Sugar.
500 Brls all grades Refined Sugar.
800 Half Chests very superior and ordinary grades Congou Tea.
200 Boxes Tea for Family use.
150 Boxes and Halves Tobacco—May Flower, Lorne, Mariners' and other Brands.
150 Boxes and Caddies Bright Tobacco—Napoleon, Mahogany, and other Brands.
100 Boxes Black Twist Tobacco.
200 Boxes Blue and White Starch.
100 " " Prepared Corn.
100 Kegs Soda.
100 Bags Rice.
120 Boxes Soap, various qualities and Brands.
50 Cases Pickles.
50 Cases Salt.
120 Brls. P. E. I. Mess Pork.
200 " " Thin Mess Pork.
200 " " Prime Mess Pork.
10 Cases Colman's Mustard—Tin Foil and Tins.
100 Boxes Spices of all kinds.
50 Doz. Buckets.
50 Doz. Brooms.
Currants in Cases and Brls.
Raisins in Boxes, Halves and Quarters. London Layers and Layers.
Raisins, Valencias in Boxes.
Pipes—Scotch, T. D. and Assorted.
Matches in Cases and Half Cases.
J. S. Maclean & Co.
JERUSALEM WAREHOUSE,
2y24 HALIFAX.

Teacher Wanted.
A second or third class female teacher is wanted for the school in district No. 1, Lower Newcastle. Apply stating salary to
WILLIAM INNES, jr.
Lower Newcastle. Secretary to Trustees.

SEED WHEAT.
GOOD clean seed wheat can be bought at Alex Morrison's, Springfield, Chatham.
April 12th, 1883. 3m

For Sale.
THE subscriber offers for sale the
STORE & DWELLING HOUSE.
occupied by himself, and if not disposed of by the 4th June, next, will then be offered at Public Auction. Terms easy.
D. T. JOHNSTONE,
Chatham, May 2nd. 1883.

VALUABLE
BUILDING LOTS!
AT AUCTION.
I WILL offer for sale on
Tuesday the 15th day of May, next,
AT HALF PAST SIX O'CLOCK, P. M.
on the premises, LOBAN AVENUE, a number of eligible building lots, various sizes, lying on either side of said Avenue, belonging to the heirs of the late Mr. Wm. Loban.
—ALSO—
TWO PASTURE LOTS
about 2½ acres each
—ALSO—
A Lot of Ten Acres
on the south side of the C. R. Railway, near Keaton's and other property belonging to the said heirs.
Terms of payment ¼ at time of Sale, ¼ in three months, balance in six months.
For further particulars apply to R. CARMAN, Solicitor, at his Office Wentworth Street.
W. WYSE, Auctioneer.
Chatham, 24th April, 1883.

Sheriff's Sale.
To be Sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, on
Saturday, the 12th day of May next,
in front of the Post Office in Chatham, between the hours of 12 noon and 5 o'clock, p. m.
All the right title and interest of Nicholas Barden in and to all that piece or parcel of land, situate lying and being in the town and Parish of Chatham, in the County of Northumberland and bounded as follows, viz:—Commencing on the easterly side of St John Street at the northwest corner of a field at present occupied by the Right Rev. Bishop Rogers, thence northerly along the easterly side of the said street sixty feet, thence easterly at right angles with the said street until it strikes the land now owned and occupied by Captain James Brown, thence southerly along the westerly side line of the said James Brown's land sixty feet or until it strikes the northerly side of the said field, thence westerly along the northerly side of the said field to the place of beginning, being all that lot of land conveyed to the said Nicholas Barden by Edward Johnson and Jessie his wife by deed bearing date the 18th day of May, A. D. 1881, and being the land and premises at present occupied by the said Nicholas Barden.
The same having been seized under and by virtue of several executions issued out of the Northumberland County Court against the said Nicholas Barden.
JOHN SHIRREFF,
She

POOR COPY

YOLANDE.

By WILLIAM BLACK,

AUTHOR OF "SHANDON BELLS," "MACLEOD OF DARE," "WHITE WINGS," "SUNRISE," ETC.

(Continued.)

CHAPTER XIV.

A SETTLEMENT.

Next morning there was much hurrying to and fro on board the dahabeeyah in anticipation of the visit of the Governor; so that Mrs. Graham had no chance of having an extended talk with her brother. Nevertheless, she managed to convey to him a few covert words of information and counsel.

"Archie," said she, "I have spoken to Yolande—I have hinted something to her."

"No!" he said, looking rather frightened.

"Oh, you need not be much alarmed, she said, with a significant smile. "Rather the other way. She seems quite to know how you have wished to be kind and attentive to her—quite sensible of it, in fact; and when I hinted something—"

"She did not say 'no' outright?" he interrupted, eagerly; and there was a flush of gladness on his face.

His sister glanced around.

"I thought there could be no harm if I told her that Jim and I would like to have her for a sister," she answered demurely.

"And she did not say 'no' outright?" he repeated.

"Well," Mrs. Graham said, after a second, "I am not going to tell you anything more. It would not be fair. It is your business, not mine. I'm out of it now. I have intermeddled quite enough. But I don't think she hates you. And she seems rather pleased to think of living in the Highlands, with her father having plenty of amusement there, you know; and perhaps she might be brought to consider a permanent arrangement of that kind not so undesirable; and—and—well, you'd better see for yourself. As I say, Jim and I will be very glad to have her for a sister; and I can't say more, can I?"

She could not say more then, at all events, for at this moment Colonel Graham appeared on the upper deck with the intelligence that the Governor's barge was just then coming down the river. Mr. Winterbourne and Yolande were instantly summoned from below; some further disposition of chairs and divans was made; some boxes of cigarettes were sent for; and presently the sound of oars alongside announced the arrival of the chief notables of Merhadj.

The Master of Lynn saw and heard little of what followed; he was far too busy with the glad and bewildering prospect that his sister's obscure hints had placed before him. And again and again he glanced at Yolande, timidly, and yet with an increasing wonder. He began to ask himself whether it was really true that his sister had spoken to her. The girl betrayed no consciousness, no embarrassment; she had greeted him on that morning just as on other mornings; at this moment she was regarding the arrival of those grave officials with an interest which seemed quite oblivious of his presence. As for him, he looked on impatiently. He wished it was all over. He wished to have some private speech with her, to have some inquiry of her eyes—surely her eyes would make some tell-tale confession? And in a vague kind of way he grew to think that the Governor's son, Ismat Effendi, who was acting as interpreter, and who spoke English excellently, addressed a little too much of the conversation to the two ladies. Moreover, it was all very well for him, on coming on board, to shake hands with Mrs. Graham, for he had known her in India, but why with Yolande?

The Governor—a corpulent and sallow-faced old gentleman who looked like a huge frog—and his companions sat in solemn state, while young Ismat, with much grace of manner and remarkably eloquent eyes, hoped that the visitors were comfortable on board the dahabeeyah, and so forth. He was a well-dressed young gentleman; his black frock-coat, white waistcoat, and red tarboosh were all of the newest and smartest, and his singularly small feet were incased in boots of brilliant polish. The Master of Lynn considered him a coxcomb, and also a Frenchified semi-theatrical coxcomb. But the women-folk liked his pleasant manners and his speaking eyes; and when he said that he had never been to England, but intended to go the next year, Mrs. Graham made him definitely promise that he would pay them a visit at Inverstroy.

"And Miss Winterbourne," said the young gentleman with the swarthy face and the brilliant white teeth, "does she live in Scotland also?"

"Well, no," said Mrs. Graham, placidly; "but I hope you will find her there when you come. We want her to go back with us when we go back; and if she likes her first visit, perhaps she will come again. I hope you will find her with us."

"And I also, madam, hope to have the felicity of the visit that you propose," said he, "if politics will permit me."

He directed an inquiring and rather curious glance at Colonel Graham.

"You did not hear anything very remarkable in Cairo, sir?"

"Well, nothing remarkable," said the stout soldier. "Lots of rumors. Always plenty of that in politics. Mostly lies. At the Consulate they thought we were safe enough."

The young man turned to his father, who was silently and solemnly sipping his coffee, apparently quite uninterested in what was going on, and spoke in Arabic to him for a second or two. The old gentleman appeared to grunt assent.

"My father says he will have much delight in sending two or three soldiers to accompany your party if you are making excursions into the interior. There is no danger, except that some bad men will try to rob when they can. Or if you will permit me—if you will have the grace to permit me—I will accompany you myself."

"But to take up so much of your time—" said pretty Mrs. Graham, with one of her most pleasant smiles.

He waved his hand in a deprecatory fashion.

"It will be too charming for me. Perhaps your dragoman does not know the district as well as I. Do you permit me? Shall I come to-morrow with everything prepared?"

"Look here, Mr. Ismat," said Col. Graham, "you'd better come along and dine with us this evening; then we can talk it over. In the meantime we can't keep your father and the other gentlemen waiting while we discuss our rambles. Will you please tell his Excellency once more how much obliged we are, and honored by his visit, and that we will do ourselves the pleasure of coming to see him at Merhadj to-morrow, if that will suit his Excellency's convenience?"

This was the final arrangement—that young Ismat Effendi was to come along to dinner in the evening—a prospect which seemed to please him highly. Very soon after, the grave company was seated in the stern of the barge, and the big oars were once more at work. The dahabeeyah returned to its normal state of silence; the little party of Europeans were left again to their own society; and the Master of Lynn, a little anxious and excited, and almost fearing to meet Yolande's eyes, and yet drawn toward her neighborhood by a secret spell, declined to go ashore with the other two gentlemen, and remained with his sister and Yolande in the Belvedere, in the cool shade of the canvas awning.

No, she betrayed not the slightest embarrassment at his sitting thus quite near her; it was he who was nervous and awkward in his speech. She was engaged in some delicate needle-work; from time to time she was chatting freely with Mrs. Graham about the recent visitors and their almost European costume, their wonderfully small feet, and so forth.

"Why do you not go ashore?" she said, turning with frank eyes to the Master of Lynn. "It is so interesting to see the strange birds, the strange plants."

"It is cooler on the river," said he.

He was wondering whether his sister would get up and go away and leave them together, and he was half afraid she would and half afraid she would not. But at all events he was now resolved that on the first opportunity he would speak to Yolande himself. He would not trust to any go-between.—Was it not enough that she had had some intimation made to her of his wishes and hopes, and yet showed no signs of fear at his approach.

The mid-day went by, and he found no chance of addressing her. His sister and she sat together, and sewed and chatted, or stopped to watch some passing boat, and listen to the boatmen singing a long and melancholy chorus to the clanking of the oars. At luncheon-time Mr. Winterbourne and Colonel Graham turned up. Then in the afternoon the whole of them got into a boat, and were rowed away to a long and flat and sandy island on the other side of the Nile, which they explored in a leisurely way; and then back again to the dahabeeyah for a draught of cold tea in the welcome shade of the awning.

It was not until near the end of the day that the long-looked-for opportunity arrived; indeed, nearly every one had gone below to get ready for dinner; but Yolande had lingered above to watch the coming over of the twilight. It was a strange enough sight in its way. For after the yellow color had died out of the bank of bearded corn above the river's edge, and while the strip of acacia-trees over that again had grown solemn and dark against the clear, pallid, blue-gray sky of the south, far away in the northwestern heavens there still lingered a glow of warmer light, and a few clouds high up had caught a saffron tinge from the sinking sun. It seemed as if they here were shut in with the dark, while far away in the north, over the Surrey lanes, and up among the Westmoreland waters, and out amid the distant Hebridean isles, the summer evening was still fair and shining. It led one to dream of home. The imagination took wings. It was pleasant to think of those beautiful and glowing scenes, here where the gloom of the silent desert was gathering all around.

She was standing by the rail of the deck; and when the others had gone he quietly went over to her, and began talking to her—about the Highlands mostly, and of the long clear twilights there, and how he hoped she would accept his sister's invitation to go back home with them when they returned to England. And when she said something very pretty about the kindness of all of them to her, he spoke a little more warmly, and asked if there was any wonder. People got to know one another intimately through a constant companionship like this, and got to know and admire and love beautiful qualities of disposition and mind. And then he told her it would not be honest if he did not confess to her that he was aware that his sister had spoken to her—it was best to be frank; and he knew she was so kind she would not be angry if there had been any indiscretion; and he begged for her forgiveness if she had been in any way offended. He spoke in a very frank and manly way; and she let him speak, for she was quite incapable of saying anything. Her fingers were working nervously with a small pocket-book she held, and she had turned partly away, dreading to lift her eyes, and yet unable to go until she had answered him somehow. Then she managed to say, rather hurriedly and breathlessly:

"Oh no, I am not offended. Why, it is—a great honor—I—knew it was your sister's kindness and friendship that made her speak to me. Please let me go away now—"

He had put his hand on her arm unwittingly.

"But may I hope, Yolande? May I hope?" he said, and he stooped down to listen for the faintest word. "I don't want you to pledge yourself altogether now. Give me time. May I try to win you? Do you think some time—some time of your own choosing, as far ahead as you may wish—you will consent? May I hope for it? May I look forward to it some day?"

"Oh, but I can not tell you—I can not tell you now," she said, in the same breathless way. "I am sorry if I have given any pain—any anxiety—but—some other time I will try to talk to you—or my papa will tell you—but not now. You have always been so kind to me that I ask it from you—"

She stole away in the gathering darkness, her head bent down: she had not once turned her eyes to his. And he remained there for a time, scarcely knowing what he had said or what she had answered, but vaguely and happily conscious that she had not, at all events, refused him. Was it not much? He was harrassed by all kinds of doubts, surmises, hesitations; but surely prevailing over these was a buoyant hope, a touch of triumph even. He would fain have gone away for a long stroll in the dusk to have reasoned out his hopes and guesses with himself; but here was dinner-time approaching, and young Ismat was coming; and he—that is, the Master of Lynn—began to have the consciousness that Yolande in a measure belonged to him, and that he must be there. He went down the steps with a light and a proud heart. Yolande was his, he almost felt assured. How should she regard him when next they met?

And indeed at dinner there was no longer any of that happy serenity of manner on her part that had so puzzled him before. Her self-consciousness and embarrassment were so great as to be almost painful to witness. She never lifted her eyes; she ate and drank next to nothing; when she pretended to be listening to Ismat Effendi's descriptions of the troubles in the Soudan, any one who knew must have seen that she was a quite perfunctory listener, and probably understood but little of what was being said. But then no one knew that he had spoken but himself, and he strove to convince her that he was not regarding her by entering eagerly into this conversation about the False Prophet; and though now and again her trouble and confusion perplexed him—along with the recollection that she had been so anxious to say nothing definite—still, on the whole, triumph and rejoicing were in his heart. And how beautiful she looked, even with the pensive face cast down! No wonder young Ismat had admired her that morning: the very Englishness of her appearance must have struck him—the tall stature, the fine complexion, the ruddy golden hair, and the clear, proud calm, self-confident look of the maidenly eyes. This was a bride fit for a home-coming at Lynn Towers!

But, alas! Yolande's self-confidence seemed to have strangely forsaken her that evening. When they were all up on deck, taking their coffee in the red glow shed by the lanterns, she got hold of her father, and drew him aside into the darkness.

"What is it, Yolande?" said he, in surprise.

She took hold of his hand; both hers were trembling.

"I have something to tell you, papa—something serious."

Then he knew, and for a moment his heart sank; but he maintained a gay demeanor. Had he not reasoned the whole matter out with himself? He had foreseen this crisis; he had nerved himself by anticipation.

"Oh, I know—I know already, Yolande," said he, very cheerfully. "Do you think I can't spy secrets? And of course you come to me, with your hands trembling, and you think you have something dreadful to confess; whereas it is nothing but the most ordinary and commonplace thing in the world. You need not make any confession. Young Leslie has spoken to me. Quite right—very right; I like frankness. I consider him a very fine young fellow. Now what have you got to say? Only I won't listen if you are going to make a fuss about it, and destroy my nervous system, for I tell you it is the simplest and most ordinary affair in the world."

"Then you know everything—you approve of it, papa—it is your wish?" she said, bravely.

"My wish?" he said. "What has my wish to do with it, you stupid creature! But then he added, more gently: "Of course you know, Yolande, I should like to see you married and settled. Yes, I should like to see that; I should like to see you in a fixed home, and not liable to all the changes and chances of the life that you and I have been living. It would be a great relief to my mind. And then it is natural and right. It is not for a young girl to be a rolling stone like that; and, besides, it couldn't last: that idea about our always going on travelling wouldn't answer. So whenever you think of marrying, whenever you think you will be happy in choosing a husband—just now, to-morrow, or any time—don't come to me with a breathless voice, and with trembling hands, as if you had done some wrong, or as if I was going to object, for to see you happy would be happiness enough for me; and as for our society together well, you know, I could pay the people of Slagpool a little more attention, and have some more occupation that way; and then you, instead of having an old and frail and feeble person like me to take care of you, you would have one whose years would make him a fitter companion for you, as is quite right and proper and natural. And now do you understand?"

"Oh yes, I think so, papa," said she quite brightly; and she regarded him with grateful and loving eyes. "And you would have ever so much more time for Parliament, would you not?"

"Assuredly."

"And you would come to see me sometimes; and go shooting and fishing; and take a real holiday—not in towns and hotels?"

"Oh, don't be afraid. I will bother the life out of you. And there are always fishings and shootings to be got somehow."

"And you would be quite happy, then?"

"If you were, I should be," said he; and really this prospect pleased him so much that his cheerfulness now was scarcely forced. "Always on this distinct and clear understanding," he added, that, when we are coming back from the shooting, you will come out to meet us and walk back with us the last half-mile."

"I should be dressing for dinner, papa," she said, "and just worrying my head off to think what would please you."

"You will be dressing to please your husband, you foolish creature, not me."

"He won't care as much as you, papa." Then she added, after a second "I should get the London newspapers, yes? Quite easily? Do you know, papa, what Colonel Graham believes?—that they are going to take one of the extreme Liberals into the Ministry, to please the northern towns."

"But what has that got to do with you, child?" said he, with a laugh. "Very likely they may. But you didn't bring me over here to talk politics?"

"But even if you were in the Government, papa, you would have your holiday-time all the same," she said thoughtfully.

"I a member of the Government!" said he. "You may as well expect to hear of me being sent to arrest the False Prophet in the Soudan. Come away, then, Yolande; your secret is not a secret; so you need not trouble about it; and now that I have expounded my views on the situation, you may as well go and call to Ahmed that I want another cup of coffee."

And then he hesitated.

"You have not said yes or no yet, Yolande?"

"Oh no; how could I, until I knew what you might think?" said she, and she regarded him now with frank and unclouded eyes. "How could I? It might not have been agreeable to your wishes. But I was told that you would approve. At first—well, it is a sudden thing to give up visions you have formed; but when you see it is not practicable and reasonable, what is it but a small struggle? No; other plans present themselves. Oh yes, I have much to think of now that looks very pleasant to anticipate. Very much to look forward to—to hope for."

He patted her lightly on the shoulder.

"And if you make half as good a wife, Yolande, as you have been a daughter, you will do pretty well."

They went back to their friends, their absence scarcely having been noticed, for Ismat Effendi was a fluent and interesting talker. And whether Mr. Winterbourne had been playing a part or not in his interview with Yolande, that cheerfulness of his soon left him. He sat somewhat apart, and silent; his eyes were fixed on the deck; he was not listening. Yolande herself brought him the coffee; and she put her hand on his shoulder, and stood by him; then he brightened up somewhat. But he was thoughtful and distraught for the whole of the evening, except when he happened to be spoken to by Yolande, and then he would summon up some of his customary humor, and petulantly complain about her un-English idioms.

And she? Her anxiety and nervousness seemed to have vanished. It is true, she rather avoided the Master of Lynn, and rarely ventured to look in his direction, but she was in good spirits, cheerful, practical, self-possessed; and when Ismat Effendi, on going away, apologized to her for having talked tedious politics all the evening, she said, with a charming smile:

"No, not at all. How can politics be tedious? Ah! but we will have our revenge, perhaps, in Scotland. Mrs. Graham says that in their house it is nothing but deer that is talked of all the evening. That will not interest you!"

"I shall rejoice to be allowed to try," said the polite young Egyptian; and then he shook hands with her, and bowed very low, and left.

During the rest of the evening the Master of Lynn, seeing that Yolande seemed no longer in any trouble, kept near her, with some vague hope that she would herself speak, or that he might have some chance of re-opening the subject that engrossed his mind. And indeed, when the chance arrived, and he timidly asked her if she had not a word of hope for him, she spoke very frankly, though with some little nervousness, no doubt. She made a little apology, in very pretty and stammering phrases, for not having been able to give him an answer; but since then, she said, she had spoken to her father, without whose approval she could not have decided.

"Then you consent, Yolande; you will be my wife?" he said, in a low and eager voice, upsetting in his haste all the continuity of those hesitating sentences.

"But is it wise?" said she, still with her eyes cast down. Perhaps you will regret—"

He took her hand into his, and held it tight.

"This has been a lucky voyage for me," said he; and that was all that he had a chance of saying just then; but it was enough.

Colonel Graham heard the news that same evening. He was a man of solid and fixed ideas.

"A very good thing too," said he to his wife. "A very good thing. Now they'll take the sheep off Allt-nan-ba, and make Corrieveuk the sanctuary. Nothing could have happened better."

(To be continued.)

A Farmer Speaks.

Mr. Austin Jay, Copenhagen, Ont., says he was so afflicted with Liver complaint that he was obliged to give up work. The druggist at Aylmer induced him to try ZOPESA with such good results that after using two bottles he was able to resume work as usual. Says he got relief from the first dose, and is satisfied there is no better Liver remedy in existence. He gladly allows us to use his name. For sale at Medical Hall, Chatham, N. B.

As the wintry frosts disappear before the rising sun, so do Kidney Diseases leave the body when **Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure** is faithfully taken according to directions. Ask your Druggist for it. Sold by J. D. B. F. Mackenzie, Chatham, N. B.

As the frosts of winter vanish under the caloric influence of the sun's rays so does Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Stone in the Kidneys and Bladder, and Inflamation of the Kidneys, leave the body upon the administration of **Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure**. Sold by J. D. B. F. McKenzie.

Chapped hands. A few drops of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* rubbed into the hands occasionally will keep them soft and free from soreness. Soldiers, sailors and fishermen should remember this. It is the best Liniment in the world for any purpose.

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A. B. Des. Rochers, Arthabaskaville, P. Q., writes: 'Thirteen years ago I was seized with a severe attack of rheumatism in the head, from which I nearly constantly suffered, until after having used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for nine days, bathing the head &., when I was completely cured, and have only used half a bottle.'

A. D. Noyes, Newark, Michigan, writes: 'I have enquired at the Drug store for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, but have failed to find it. We brought a bottle with us from Quebec, but is nearly gone and we do not want to be without it, as my wife is troubled with a pain in the shoulder, and nothing else gives relief. Can you send send us some?'

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PLEASANT WORM SYRUP.

The most eminent Physicians are agreed that about **Fifty per cent of all Children die before reaching the tenth year of life.** Many children suffer from day to day; fretful, cross and peevish—and the cause of the trouble is not suspected.

A pallid and sickly countenance, irregularity of appetite, or great voracity, bad breath, foul tongue, great thirst, gradual emaciation, irritable temper, disposition to be picking the nose, are all symptoms indicating the presence of **WORMS!** If any of these symptoms are noticed, or the presence of worms suspected, procure a bottle of **Pleasant Worm Syrup,** which costs but 25 cts., and give it according to directions. If any worms are present they will soon be expelled and your darling restored to health again. If there are no worms present the remedy will do no harm, but will move the bowels gently and leave the system in a healthy condition.

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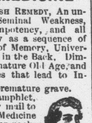

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Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE Subscriber has associated with him CHARLES A. PATTERSON to carry on a general Dry Goods business in the Store lately occupied by D. M. Loggie & Co., Chatham.

W. S. LOGGIE.

21st March, 1883.

A Female Teacher

(2nd Class) is wanted to commence engagement May 1st, in District No. 1½ Napan. Address, stating salary,

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Sec'y to Trustees, Napan.

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THE Subscriber is prepared to furnish his PATENT LOG CARRIAGE SHIPPING MACHINE, to any parties requiring the same, or supply drawings, etc., to enable parties to manufacture it for themselves.

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REFINED IRON.
Lowmoor, Swede, Londonderry and English
common BOLT IRON and PIG IRON.
CAST STEEL
Thos. Firth and Son's Extra Axe, Tool and Drill Steel
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—ALSO:—
ROUND MACHINE STEEL
Manufacture of SPEAR & JACKSON.
Tinplates, CHARCOAL and COKE.
Sheet Iron,
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A special lot of Galvanized Sheet Iron —
6 ft x 39 in. x 20 gauge.
7 " x " x " "
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First class make (Davies') and well adapted for LOBSTER BOILERS, &c. Besides a heavy stock in store, we expect early in March, per good Ship 'Alfaria:'
11,224 Bars } Refined Iron.
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265 " Hoop Iron
I. & F. BURPEE & CO.
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THE Subscribers are now offering the Stock of D. M. Loggie & Co., in the Store lately occupied by them, at very low prices to clear, in anticipation of the early arrival of

SPRING GOODS.

On some lines to clear, large reductions will be made.

It will be to the advantage of intending purchasers to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

By strict attention to business and a well assorted Stock at reasonable prices they hope to merit a share of public patronage.

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NOTARY PUBLIC.
OFFICE:—Pugsley's Building, Prince William St., ST. JOHN.
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Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c.,
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Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.

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NEW GOODS!!
—AT—
J. B. SNOWBALL'S.

Just received per late Steamers from the Manufacturers.

New Ulster Cloths,
For Gents Ladies and Children:
Boys' Woollen Knickerbocker Hose,
Very Heavy.
A very large stock of
German and Canadian Clouds and promenade Scarfs.
Ladies' Berlin Wool Shawls,
Ladies Berlin Wool Jackets,
Ladies' and Children's Wool Scarfs.
Irish Frieze,
For Heavy Overcoats.
Irish and Scotch Tweeds,
Newest Styles.
Moscow Homespun, Costume Cloths,
Wool Serges, French Cashmeres, French Merinoes,
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100 pairs Best White
ENGLISH BLANKETS,
50 pairs Best Twilled
Canadian White Blankets
A few pairs of Super Extra BATH BLANKETS, at reduced price
ALL CHEAP FOR CASH!
Chatham, Oct. 18, 1881.

G. A. BLAIR,
has on hand, a superior assortment
READY-MADE CLOTHING.
—COMPRISING—
Men's, Youths' & Children's Suits,
IN CLOTH, TWEED & VELVET.
Which he is offering at prices suitable to the times.

FOR SALE.
50,000 BRICKS.
50,000 Face and Common Bricks.
AT THE
MIRAMICHI BRICK YARD.
HARVEY FLETT,
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Nelson, Sept. 15, 1882.

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Just arrived per steamer "Hibernian" via Halifax
20 baskets Finest Champagne,
Pints and Quarts;
10 Cases Sparkling Burgundy & Hock.
JOHN W. NICHOLSON.
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SAD IRONS.
MRS. POTTS' SAD IRONS.
Plain, Polished and Nickle-plated.
FOR SALE AT LOWEST PRICES BY
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CHAMPION PORTABLE SAW MILLS

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W. A. Vernon Garrat writes from Hiracombe Miskoka, Dec. 15th. '79. The 16 H. P Mill run well. The other day we cut 1,030 feet in 45 minutes. The mill gives me entire satisfaction.

Over 250 Fire Proof Champion Engines sold in 3 years. Only perfect Threshing Engine in the world.

Address for full particulars,
W. H. OLIVE, Agent, St. John, N. B. or
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Felt Hats, Fur Hats,
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NEW SPRING GOODS
NOW OPENING
—AT—
Commercial House
W B. HOWARD.
March 22nd, 1883.

REST not, life is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime leave behind to conquer time." $66 a week in your own town. $5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

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IMPORTERS OF
DRY GOODS,
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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
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7 & 29 KING STREET SAINT JOHN.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.

If you are young and disorder or a single, old or poor health or languishing, rely on Hop Bitters.

Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning or stimulating without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.

Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.

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CASES
READY-MADE CLOTHIG.
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GREY COTTONS.
JUST RECEIVED:
First Instalment of a Lot of
200 HALF CHESTS TEA,
(Exceptional Value.)
TO ARRIVE:
Per "British Queer,"
4000 Sacks Coarse
SALT.
WILLIAM MURRAY.
Chatham, April 4th. 1883.

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