

The Athens Reporter

Vol. XXXIV. No. 17

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, Apr. 24, 1918

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SILKS

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THIS IS SILK WEEK. First showing of big importations in the newest weaves and coloring.

- Hirashiki Silk—Handsome bright finish in a new washable dress silk, 38 inches wide, in white, navy, black, maize, pink, old rose, Paddy green, per yard.....\$1.50
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- Silk Poplin—One yard wide, all the newest shades, including taupe, light and nigger brown, navy, gold, Russian green, wet sand, white or black; prices \$1.65 and.....\$1.35
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SPECIAL

Fancy Figured Silk Mull, 36 inch, colors Ivory, Pale Pink, Maize, Rose, Apricot, Tuscan, Tan, Navy and Black, very pretty for summer dresses.

Special per yard, 75c.

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The Conservative Business Man can find here his garments of neat fabrics or plain shades, of grey, blue and black nicely tailored and good conservative styles.

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The Young Man will find our spring suits and overcoats the very latest features, all the new models in pinch back or belt all round, cut and made up in all the new fancy tweeds and worsted or in plain blue Irish serge.

New Spring Shirts, Ties, Underwear, Gloves, and the very latest in Hats and Caps.

We make suits and overcoats to measure.

Globe Clothing House

Brockville, Ontario

USE THE REPORTER AS AN ADVERTISING MEDIUM

NEWS ITEMS

Brief Notes of Interest to Town and Rural Readers.

Miss Gertrude Young, (R.N.) has returned from a case at Toledo.

Allan Swayne and Lorne Derbyshire, A. H. S. students, have taken positions on farms for the vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Eyre, of Harlem, were in Athens last week, guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Holmes.

Mrs. A. R. Leadbeater and children, of Cereal, Alberta, are visiting Mrs. Leadbeater, Reid street.

Miss Florence Willson, student at Queen's, is home for the vacation.

Mr. Jas. E. Burchell's house has been improved by newly shingling the roof.

Mr. Arza Sherman has had his barn reshingled.

Mr. Irwin Wiltse, village assessor, is busy these days making his house-to-house calls.

Mr. H. W. Lawson has returned from Westport to reopen his garage here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Beach and Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Slack recently motored to the vicinity of Brockville, and spent a day with Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Billings.

A memorial service will be held in the Methodist church at 10.30 Sunday morning for the late Private Gordon Kelsey, of Charleston.

Mr. Stearns Coon, of Toronto, is spending his holidays with his parents here.

Mrs. A. F. Chapman, of Ottawa, was a recent visitor in the village, a guest of her sister, Mrs. I. C. Alguire.

The Provincial Government will appropriate \$25,000 to provide extra club quarters for Ontario soldiers in London, England.

Mr. E. A. Putnam made a business trip to Kingston last week, as he and family purpose taking up residence there in the near future.

Mr. Claude Moulton and family have closed up their home here for the summer, and have gone to Plum Hollow, where he has been engaged to work in the cheese factory.

Mrs. W. G. Towriss was in Spenterville last week, where she gave an address at a missionary service on Thursday.

Private Everetts Latimer, of the 1st Depot Battalion, Kingston, has been a guest for a few days of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Latimer.

Lieut. O. R. Harvey, son of R. G. Harvey, Lyndhurst, has been appointed assistant instructor in field works at the Canadian Engineers Training Depot, England.

Mr. Snowdon, principal of the Public School, is changing his place of residence and will move into the George Lee property, Pearl street.

Mr. Malcolm Brown has stored his household gods in the Hawkins house near the C. N. Ry. and has taken up residence with his daughter, Mrs. Jas. Howorth.

Mrs. Fenlong, who has been spending the past year in Saskatchewan with her daughter, Mrs. William Henderson, returned to Athens a few days ago, and is the guest of her son Mr. D. Fenlong.

Miss Blanche McLean, who has been attending Queen's University as an Arts student, made a flying visit recently to her old home here, prior to going to the Canadian West, where she has been engaged to teach school during the summer months.

Administration of the estate of Mary C. Kerr, Greenbush, has been granted to L. M. Kerr, son of deceased. Lewis & Fitzpatrick, Brockville, solicitors.

A union meeting of the Rural Deaneries of Leeds and Grenville will be held in St. Peter's School Room, Brockville on Monday and Tuesday, April 29 and 30. The first session will be at 2 p.m. Monday. In the evening there will be a special service in St. Peter's church, the Rev. Dr. White, Rector of Ogdensburg, being the special preacher.

The bodies which have lain in the vault during the winter are now being interred.

Mr. and Mrs. James Wiltse left Athens on Thursday for the Canadian West, where they will spend the summer with their son, Mr. Amos Wiltse, near Moose Jaw.

Mr. and Mrs. Tennyson Smith are guests of Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Kendrick while in Athens.

A very pleasant social evening was held at the Epworth League meeting Monday evening.

Mr. Hilyard Brown has entered the service of the Merchants Bank.

Mr. Harry Percival has gone to Charleston to work on the farm of Mr. Wm. Halliday.

Mr. Luke Pipe is spending a couple of weeks with relatives in Watertown.

Mr. S. A. Hitsman, of Kingston, formerly a teacher in the schools of this village, has won the degree of Bachelor of Arts at Queen's University.

The last W.M.S. meeting of the present year is to be held in the vestry of the Methodist church on Thursday of next week, May 2nd, when the business of the year is to be closed.

Kingston Whig—Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Nash, of Albert street, entertained Monday evening for their niece, Miss Leah Judson, in honor of her eighteenth birthday. Miss Judson received, assisted by her mother. The home was beautifully decorated with pink hyacinths and roses. Upwards of twenty-five guests were present.

Bellefonte Intelligencer—A meeting of the Rural Deanery of Hastings County was held in Christ's church on the evening of April 16, at which a number of rectors were present. Rev. Rural Dean Swayne, of Athens, delivered an inspiring sermon, his text being "What think ye of Christ?" Rev. A. L. Green, of this city read the first lesson, and Rev. Mr. Walker of Tyendinaga the second lesson. Rev. A. E. Smart of Tweed also assisted in the service.

W. I. NOTES

The Red Cross collectors this month are as follows:

North—Mrs. G. W. Beach, Mrs. G. McLean.

West—Mrs. S. C. A. Lamb, Mrs. M. Arnold.

South—Mrs. G. Wing, Mrs. Scoville.

East—Mrs. Geo. Judson, Mrs. Chas. Yates.

The Women's Institute meets Saturday, the 27th, at 3 o'clock. All children are invited to attend. Mr. Snowdon will give a talk on children's play and pastimes. There will also be music and recitations by the children.

Please remember the Red Cross work every Wednesday at 1.30 p.m. in Library room.

The Women's Institute appreciate very much the donation of wood by the citizens, for the purpose of heating room for Red Cross work, and not only for the wood, but for the generous way in which it was given; and they are also very grateful to those who gathered and delivered the same to the Red Cross room.

Newspaper Absorbed.

The Smith's Falls News has taken over the Merrickville Post, and Mr. E. V. Barber, the publisher, has accepted the position of foreman on the first named paper. Mr. J. C. Knox, who has been editor of the News for the past year, has leased the business from the proprietor, Col. J. M. Balderson.

Joins the R.A.M.C.

The transfer of Captain Beaumont Sandfield Cornell, of Athens, of the C.A.M.C., to the Royal Army Medical Corps, with the rank of lieutenant, is gazetted.

Six Carloads of Fords.

W. B. Newsome & Son have unloaded six carloads of Ford cars and have already sold seven of these popular cars.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Stearns*

A Bank Account For Your Wife

More and more, are the wives of today running their homes on a business basis—systematically and efficiently.

Many wives have a monthly allowance for household expenses.

This, they deposit in a Savings Account in The Merchants Bank—settle bills by cheque—and thus have an accurate record of bills paid.

Such a business-like method also gives a woman the feeling of happy independence in having a bank account of her own.

THE MERCHANTS BANK

Head Office: Montreal, OF CANADA Established 1864.
ATHENS BRANCH, F. A. ROBERTSON, Manager
Sub-Agency at Frankville open Wednesday.
DELTA BRANCH, C. L. BROLEY, Manager
ELGIN BRANCH, K. M. WATSON, Manager

THE THIMBLE AND TRINKET FUND

The Ontario W.C.T.U. is endeavoring to raise a fund of \$25,000 for tea, coffee, cocoa, and lemonade for the Y.M.C.A. huts at the front line trenches. To aid in raising the necessary funds, the W.C.T.U. of this town will hold silver thimble and trinket days, May 11 and 2nd. They will ask every citizen to look through their possessions for broken useless, unwanted bits of gold and silver trinkets; discarded jewelry or sterling table silver.

Any of the following articles will be thankfully received: old gold or silver thimbles, brooches, chains, or links of chains, scarf pins, gold or silver tops of canes or umbrellas, bracelets, rings and earrings, silver match boxes, old gold or silver watches, odd cuff links, studs, watch charms, broken spoons, forks, or coins in gold or silver, which have been monogrammed or punched.

All these articles will be melted down and the proceeds used to fund the forward trenches with drinks our boys so need.

Contributions may be sent to G. W. Beach's store, May 1st and 2nd.

DISTRICT CASUALTIES

Pte. J. M. Brown
Private J. M. Brown, 884084, of Frankville, who has been in France only a short time, is listed among the wounded in the latest casualty statement.

Pte. Arthur H. Fry
Enlisting with the 59th Battalion during the latter part of 1916, Pte. Arthur H. Fry, of Harlem, is reported to have died of wounds. He crossed to France early last year, and had seen considerable service with an Eastern Ontario battalion before receiving the wounds which proved fatal.

Married 50 Years.

Mr. and Mrs. Marble Billings, of Lyn, quietly observed the 50th anniversary of their wedding at their residence last week, and in the evening were surprised by their relatives and friends who gathered at the residence and spent a pleasant social evening. Fifty years ago Mr. and Mrs. Billings were married in Brockville, and have since resided in that vicinity. Their children are Mr. Walter Billings, of Lyn; Dr. M. R. Billings, of Cayuga; Mrs. Omer Mallory, of Lyn; Nursing Sister Grace Billings in France; Mr. Geo. I. Billings, in Moosejaw, Sask., and Mrs. George A. Wright, of Brockville.

HUMAN JELLYFISH

Bellefonte Intelligencer—"Conscientious objectors" to military service are the most curious products of modern civilization. When the world is on fire with the most horrible war of history these "safety-first gentry would not raise a hand to stay the conflagration. Mr. Justice Rose, hearing exemption appeals in Hamilton this week uncovered one of these "conscientious objectors" who said he wouldn't fight for his own mother. If she were attacked, he would just tell her assailant to desist, and if the assault were persisted in, would not raise a hand in defence of his own mother. Such a state of mind is hard to understand, and if there are men in existence who are really so pacific they must be a milk and water spineless breed devoid of every instinct of true manhood. "Conscientious objectors" should be given a taste of real Hun methods, which would soon kill or cure their crazy notions.

CHARLES PRITCHARD DEAD

A life-long resident of Ellisville passed away on April 11 in Charles Pritchard, aged 66 years, who had been a sufferer for some time from heart trouble. His wife predeceased him, and there survive one son and one daughter, Thomas J., and Florence at home, as well as two brothers, Thomas Pritchard, Athens, and William Pritchard, Bothwell. Deceased was a Methodist in religion, a Conservative in politics, and a member of Ellisville L.O.L., the members of which attended the funeral on Sunday in a body, together with members from a number of visiting lodges.

Rev. J. A. Waddell, Seelye's Bay, conducted the funeral which was from the home of the deceased to Olivet church. The pall-bearers were Messrs. George Bracken, G. M. Berry, John Berry, Alfred Chapman, Homer Singleton, and F. W. Young. Among relatives from a distance in attendance were William Pritchard and daughters, Athens; Charles Pritchard, Brockville; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Pritchard and Mr. and Mrs. Mathevs, Marble Rock; and M. and Mrs. Warren Slack, Sand Bay.

PUT THEIR CLOCK BACK

Smith's Falls Record—A good joke is told of one well-known family in town in connection with daylight saving. The man of the house had been waiting around all day until the time would come to change the clock and go to bed. When the time came, he put the clock back an hour and went off to sleep the sleep of the just. It is a family that never misses church on Sunday morning. The man got all ready and so did his wife, but there seemed a long time to wait until it was time to go. When the service was over in the church, some members of the family went around to see why "the old people" had not been out and found them just ready to leave for the church. Explanations followed, then their clock was set on two hours, and they were in time for the evening service.

Sugar Making Time SYRUP CANS

ORDER EARLY
We have tin for only a limited number of syrup cans.
MILK CANS & DAIRY PAILS
Have your repair work done before the season starts.

EARL CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
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Efficiency in Optical Service

That is what we claim for our optical department. With a proper room suitably lighted, and equipped with the most modern instruments, we offer you a service equalled in very few places in Ontario.

Give us the opportunity to add "you" to our list of satisfied customers.

H. R. KNOWLTON
Jeweler and Optician
ATHENS

Nurses Wanted

Class of probationers beginning May 1st: applications desired; three years' course; post-graduate in Western and other general hospitals; probationers are given \$13.00 per month, with uniform, board and laundry.

TORONTO HOSPITAL FOR INSANE TRAINING SCHOOL 999 Queen Street West. Toronto Apply, Miss V. West, Head Nurse.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON IV. April 23, 1918. Jesus Rebukes Selfishness—Temperance Lesson.—Marks 9: 30-50.

Commentary.—I. Jesus foretells his death (vs. 30-32). Shortly after the transfiguration and the healing of the demon-possessed boy, which took place in Caesarea Philippi, Jesus and His disciples went through parts of Galilee on their way to Capernaum. The language of the narrative indicates that they went over unfrequented roads, so that the presence of Jesus would not be disclosed. He took occasion to tell his disciples again about the death which he must soon suffer. He had declared this truth previously (Matt. 16: 21), and now they were "ceeding sorry" (Matt. 17: 23) by the repetition of the announcement. The Son of man was to become, for the time being, subject to the power of sinful men, to suffer death at their hands; but though it would be granted to them to accomplish his death, they could not prevent his rising again from the dead. They still failed to understand him, for they were unable to reconcile Christ's purpose to establish a kingdom with the idea of his death. Their minds were only partially enlightened with respect to spiritual things, and their inability to comprehend the announcements which he had already made caused them to fear to pursue the subject further.

II. Greatness and service (vs. 33-37). He came to Capernaum—This town, which was on the north-west shore of the Sea of Galilee, had been the home of Jesus. He had been away from Capernaum for several months, being in the house—it is probable that it was Peter's house, disputed among yourselves by the way—On the way from Caesarea Philippi the disciples had probably fallen behind Jesus, and were earnestly discussing some subject. Our Lord knew what they had said, but he wished to secure an acknowledgment from them. He held their peace—They were ashamed to tell Jesus, for it would be a confession of a wrong disposition on their part, who should be the greatest.—They called to mind perhaps the preference given on Hermon to Peter and the sons of Zebedee, and now disputed, who should be the greatest in the Messianic kingdom, which they fondly believed was about to be specifically set up. Jesus saw the urgent necessity of rebuking the self-seeking disposition of his followers. He sat down—He assumed the attitude of Oriental teachers, called the twelve—That he might give them a much-needed lesson, if any man desire to be first, servant of all—Such a desire is opposed to the spirit of Christ, and is utterly out of harmony with a spirit of humility. The greatest in the kingdom of Christ are those who render the most devoted service to him and to their fellow-men.

35. He took a child—Matthew says, "Jesus called a little child unto Him" (18: 2). At the house was probably Peter's, the child may have been his. Set him in the midst—Jesus placed the child before the disciples to illustrate the truth He was declaring. 37. Whosoever shall receive one of such children in My name—Matthew records other words of our Lord: "Except ye be converted, and become as little children, ye shall not enter into the kingdom of heaven" (18: 3). The necessity of a humble teachable, submissive spirit is urged. The self-seeking spirit is out of harmony with the spirit of the gospel. Jesus both exalts childhood and shows the need of having the childlike spirit. Receive Him—One who possesses the humble, childlike spirit receives Jesus. Receive Him, but Him that sent Me—Not only does he receive Jesus, but in receiving Him he receives the Father. This expression shows the oneness of Christ with the Father.

III. John's Report and Jesus' Answer (vs. 38-50). 38. John answered—The conversation between Christ and His disciples continued, but the subject was changed. It may be that the words, "In my name," which Jesus had just used, reminded John of what he had said and his fellow disciples had recently done. Master—John recognized Jesus as the great Teacher. Casting out devils in Thy name—The life and works of Jesus were having a great influence. There were some who had come to have great faith in Him, although they were able to exercise the faith that subdued and cast out evil spirits, but it was done in the name of Jesus. It is evident that the exorcism was real and not pretended. We forbid Him—The disciples believed they were doing right in commanding those who were using Jesus' name in this way, to refrain from it. They fancied that loyalty to the Master demanded that course, because he followeth not us—The disciples' loyalty, as they regarded it, was of the nature of bigotry. There is significance in John's saying, "Followeth not us," instead of using the words, "Followeth not thee." The language conveys to us the idea of a strong party spirit among the disciples. Jesus would soon give them a broadened vision of Himself and His work. 39. Forbid him not—If you meet him again, let him go on quietly in the work in which God owns him. If he were not of God, the demons would not be subject to him, and his work could not prosper. A spirit of bigotry has little countenance from those passages.—Clarke. If really good work is being done, we are to bid the workers Godspeed, rather than seek to hinder them or try to discredit their work. Through prejudice and narrowness the Jewish leaders had sought to discredit the mission of Jesus, and their prejudice had grown into intolerant opposition and hatred. Lightly speak evil of Me—The very fact that one could perform a miracle in the name of Jesus is proof that the worker was a sincere believer in Jesus, and hence would have no disposition or motive to speak slightingly of Him. 40. Not against us is on our part—We are either on the Lord's side or arrayed against Him. There is no middle ground. There is no such thing as being neutral so far as our attitude toward Jesus Christ is concerned. 41. Whosoever shall give—in My name—One who should confer this favor on a follower of Jesus in His name would receive a reward. That being true, how more would he be esteemed who should, in the name of Jesus, perform the miracle of casting out evil spirits. It was thought of as the natural thing to do in the dry, hot climate of Palestine to offer water to the thirsty. Though in itself insignificant, it would not escape the divine notice when done to a disciple in the name of Jesus. In these words Jesus showed His followers that they should have encouraged those who were casting out devils in his name instead of opposing them. 42. Shall offend, Spill cause to stumble. It is better, The Saviour uses strong language to express the culpability of those who put anything in the way of believers in him. Jesus would make this lesson most emphatic. His followers are commissioned to be helpful to others in letting them into the good way and do all in their power to keep them in it. The millstone mentioned here is not the one that could be turned by hand, but the one that is turned by an animal. The act of punishment that is here referred to was practised by the Greeks, Romans, Syrians and Phoenicians. 43-48. In these verses Jesus shows how important it is that everything that would become a hindrance to one in the way of life must be put away. Anything as dear to us as even the hand, the foot or the eye must be given up if it would cause us to stumble. We may cling to the things that lead us astray and go down to eternal ruin, but this is not the reasonable thing for us to do. It is far better to sacrifice some of the things that the world calls good, but which are hindrances to spiritual advancement, than to be cast into eternal punishment. The words of Jesus show plainly that the torment of the wicked is unending. 49, 50. Fire and salt are mentioned in the same connection. Salt is used as a preservative, since it destroys the action of that which would produce corruption, and fire is used as an emblem of saving or preserving order. Fire destroys that which is perishable and renders the imperishable more valuable. The excellence of salt in domestic uses is everywhere recognized.

QUESTIONS.—What revelation did Jesus make to His disciples after the transfiguration? What subject had the disciples been discussing on the way from Caesarea Philippi? What course did Jesus take to rebuke them? What had the disciples done to one who was casting out devils in Jesus' name? How did Jesus regard their act? From what are all Christians called upon to separate themselves? What are the properties of salt? What is it to have salt in one's self?

PRACTICAL SURVEY

Topic—Failure of selfishness. I. Unholy ambition. II. Uncharitable judgment. III. Presumptuous authority.

I. Unholy ambition. A serious fault was displayed among the chosen twelve, which called for the Master's interference and reprimand. Though he suffered them to end their contest, he called them to account. Unholy ambition was their fault, and the true greatness his lesson. The

REDPATH'S GRANULATED SUGAR \$6.50 CWT.

Men wanted everywhere, no matter how large the city or how small the village, to show samples for large Grocery Corporation (capital \$50,000,000). All goods sold at factory prices to the consumer; for example, Redpath's best granulated Sugar, \$6.50 cwt., 7 bars Sunlight Comfort, Surprise or Gold Soap, 25c. Best pure kettle rendered lard, 5 pound pail for \$1.00, together with coffee, tea, rice, etc. Men making \$20.00 daily. A profit of \$1.60 to the agent on every \$2.00 sale. Position will pay \$50 weekly. No expense necessary. Write to-day for your territory. Sample case free.

The CONSUMERS ASSOCIATION, Windsor, Ont.

Master's words were a gracious revelation of his mind and disposition, as well as an instructive lesson for his disciples. They revealed his gracious heart, his compassionate purpose and his widely extended love. Unveiling the future to his disciples, Jesus designed to open their minds to the spiritual nature of his kingdom, and to dispel many of their preconceived notions and expectations. The unfolding of his purposes occasioned fear, because they were incompletely apprehended. Such a prospect seemed inconsistent with the view they were forming of his Messianic character and glory, and with the expectations they were cherishing of his speedily approaching kingdom. They all expected to occupy posts of dignity and power in his kingdom.

II. Uncharitable judgment. The name spirit which led to the disputing and prompted the disciples to forbid others from working miracles. Jesus proved his superiority to human infirmity by permitting and encouraging service which his disciples would have forbidden. Jesus taught them that in the conquest of evil, every one's best interests are advanced; that the law of kindness for his sake, is of all things, the most likely to remove prejudice against Christianity and to bring together those whose interests are separate; that toward all who do not oppose Christ, should be an attitude of hopeful and trustful encouragement, since all personal efforts and public movements for extending truth and increasing righteousness in the world are really parts of Christ's work and are dependent upon his power. Jesus admonished his disciples to be more strict with themselves and more charitable with others. He would thus inculcate in them a lowliness of mind, diligent industry, willing, self-sacrificing service for the common good. He emphasized the difference between ambition and the desire for excellence.

III. Presumptuous authority. The rebuke of the disciples to those bringing the children to Jesus, arose in a measure from ignorance of the children's need. While they forbade them out of zeal for Christ, they really misrepresented him and wronged the children. It was a revelation when Jesus said, "Of such is the kingdom of heaven." He raised child life to

its rightful place and threw the shield of his protection around it. It was an indication of his willingness to receive children, a declaration as to the duty of bringing them to him, a declaration of the sin of withholding them. Jesus was the first great teacher of men who exhibited a genuine sympathy for childhood, and taught that there are elements in childhood which should be preserved in manhood. His love and their worth, his care and their need, their rights and parental duty were all brought to view in his words, "Suffer the little children to come."

A Pill for All Seasons—Winter and summer, in any latitude, whether in torrid zone or Arctic temperature, Parmalee's Vegetable Pills can be depended upon to do their work. The dyspeptic will find them a friend always and should carry them with him everywhere. They are made to withstand any climate and are warranted to keep their freshness and strength. They do not grow stale, a quality not possessed in many pills now on the market.

Pidgin English.

The word pidgin, or pidgeon, as connected with English, is a Chinaman's poor attempt to pronounce the word business. Brewer gives it—business, bigdiness, bigden and pigeon. Pigeon English, therefore, means a mixture of English, Chinese and Portuguese, and is used in all parts of the far east as a means of communication between the natives, and the foreigners. During nearly half a century, and especially since the opening of many ports to Europeans, business relations have developed to such vast proportions and reached into so many channels that some universally understood means of communication became absolutely necessary, and pidgin or pigeon English was the natural result. Its acquirement in the coast ports, at all events, is a matter of importance both with traders and with natives, who seek situations in foreign employ, and it has become popular as a medium of communication.—Exchange.

Do not care how many, but whom you please.—Syrus.

INTENTIONS VS. BAYONETS.

(Chicago Tribune.) Every fresh battalion, every fresh man, is a Godsend, but the total combatants are millions, and America after a year of preparation, America, the richest nation in the world, with the greatest industrial organization in the world, and over a hundred millions of alert and vital people, contributes only a hundred thousand soldiers, without higher organization, not finally trained, protected by borrowed guns and by the aeroplanes of our Allies.

We have disappointed expectations, and our tardiness is a serious factor in the crisis now confronting our allies. Good intentions have not stopped the German bayonets. Programmes and promises are not worth a single shell in the ranks of the enemy. Men are fighting at this moment with set teeth and powder-blackened faces, pounding hearts and aching sinews, fighting and dying for every inch of ground in a hell of steel.

Wars are disfigurements that disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Cure.

SUNDAY AT HOME

CREEDS. Give me creeds—That live in deeds—Deeds that show the heart is true. Words are fair And free as air, And may prove the thought of you. That is the thought To the end with action strong Never yet Has cured regret Or unloosed the grip of wrong.

The joy of the Lord is your strength. Sing, O heavens; and be joyful, O earth; and break forth into singing O mountains, for the Lord hath comforted His people, and will have mercy upon His afflicted.—Behold, God is my salvation; I will trust, and not be afraid; for the Lord Jehovah is my strength and my song; He also is become my salvation.

The Lord is my strength and my shield; my heart trusted in Him, and I am helped; therefore my heart greatly rejoiceth; and with my song will I praise Him.—My soul shall be joyful in my God; for He hath clothed me with the garments of salvation, he hath covered me with the robe of righteousness, as a bridegroom decketh himself with ornaments, and as a bride adorneth herself with her jewels.

I have therefore whereof I may glory through Jesus Christ in those things which pertain to God.—We joy in God through our Lord Jesus Christ, by whom we have now received the atonement.—I will joy in the God of my salvation. When I hold an egg in my hand, I

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT IN WHITE SHOE DRESSING LIQUID OF CARE For MEN'S WOMEN'S and CHILDREN'S SHOES

have one method of the Creator for propagating life. The whole bird is in that egg, toenails and tips of wings and heart and lungs. To try to add anything to that egg is to blight it, to take away any part is to destroy it. "Thou canst not add one cubit to this stature," nor to your own; it is not built as Noah built the ark, timber to timber, plank on plank; the spirit of man knows nothing of parts, or degrees or conditions; the spirit of man is a flat. "He speaks and it is done." He says to the exposed infant as He passes by, "Live." "He commands and it stands fast"; children grow in wisdom and stature; growth is a law of life; what is growth? It is a matter of furniture, tools and opportunities. I once called on a gentleman on the shores of Belfast Loch. He had a beautiful boat, and a beautiful winter time. He was fond of watching. Had a beautiful craft in her winter berth. He showed me into the drawing-room, and to it was a sail-loft; the only thing on it was the main sail of his yacht. He could not afford to furnish his drawing-room with all sorts of nic-necks and pay the wages of his crew in summertime.

I learned a lesson here. Life largely consists of furniture, men love spacious apartments in their personality; the great thing to know is what to put in. One has a mainsail in order to go on pleasure trips in summer; others stow away rare riches, gems of righteousness, beautiful jewels of worth untold; and in the holiest spot is enshrined the scarcely known, the unnamable, the indescribable, the One who hides behind the thundercloud, and under the earthquake, and who breathes in the ear of souls, who bend low in speechless adoration the ineffable message of undefinable Life! Wholeness suggests harmony; look to the heavens, listen to the music; they move in harmony, they differ in size and mission and drift; one star differs from another; yet they do not clash; they move in harmony, tremendous power drives them from the sun; another equal power binds them to the magnificent centre. Oh, the music; for ever singing as they shine, the hand that made us is Divine!

Thousands of mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother Graves' Worm Extirminator, because they know from experience how useful it is.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS.

Table with columns for Dairy Produce, Eggs, Butter, etc. and prices.

MEATS—WHOLESALE.

Table with columns for Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc. and prices.

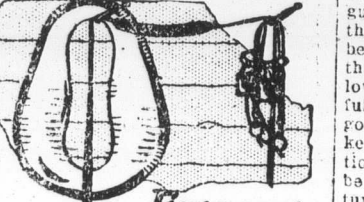
SUGAR MARKET.

Table with columns for St. Lawrence granulated, etc. and prices.

TORONTO CATTLE MARKETS.

Table with columns for Export cattle, Butcher cattle, etc. and prices.

Back Ache! NATURE gives warning of approaching disaster, and backache tells you that the kidneys are deranged. As soon as the kidneys fail poisons are left in the blood, which cause aches and pains, rheumatism and lumbago. The digestive system is interfered with, and there is gradual loss of flesh and harshness and dryness of the skin. There is often headache and dropsical swelling of the limbs. The most effective treatment is that which awakens the action of the liver and bowels, as well as the kidneys, for these organs work together in removing the poisonous impurities from the system. This is the reason why Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are so successful in the treatment of diseases of the kidneys. This is why they frequently cure when ordinary kidney medicines fail. Just put this medicine to the test when you have backache, headache and other indications that these filtering and eliminating organs are sluggish in action, and see how quickly they will respond. Prevention is always the wiser course. For this reason it is well to keep Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills at hand, and by regulating these organs forestall serious disease. Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanison, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto. Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint.



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Overcome the worst enemies of leather—water and dirt—by using EUREKA HARNESS OIL "Lengthens leather life" Softens old harness, leaves it pliable and waterproof, prevents cracking and breaking of stitches, doubles the life of new harness.

MICA AXLE GREASE

Gives the effect of roller bearings. The mica flakes work into the pores and crevices of the axle and the grease holds them there. Mica Grease prevents hot boxes, leaked wheels and screeching axles. Saves wear and tear on horses, harness and wagons. Best thing on wheels.

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THE SLEUTH

"You are Neil Ottaway, aren't you?" asked the boy with a touch of awe.

"You got me wrong, son," said Neil, good-naturedly. "My name is Paddy Leary from a spot called Tipperary."

"Oh, you can't fool me!" said the boy, confidently. "With your long hair and all, and hiding away like this. As soon as that came out in the paper about you changing with a stoker I began to look for you on West street. I tracked you here from the store where you wrote that letter."

"What were you going to do with me when you got me?" asked Neil curiously.

"Turn you over to the police. Then my old man would have to let me be a detective."

"Oh, I see!" said Neil.

"What are you going to do to me?" the boy asked with a shade of apprehension.

"Not a thing—if you keep away from the windows," said Neil. "Glad to have somebody to talk to. What's your name?"

"Kid Doty," the boy said with a swagger. "Doty means brave, see? I'm not afraid of anything that walks!"

"That so?" said Neil.

Kid Doty suspected irony. "Well, I followed you right into your lair, didn't I?" he said aggressively. "That's something."

"Sure, that's something," said Neil, grinning. He liked this boy.

The Kid looked around him with bright eyes. His fears at rest, he chattered like a child to his mother.

"Say this is a note! Us two being locked up together. I never read anything like it, did you? Or saw it in the movies. These rooms would make a great scene in the movies, wouldn't they? This is the real thing! Say, you'll have to keep me with you now wherever you go, to prevent me from telling the police."

"I suppose so," said Neil ruefully.

"Oh! Will you? Will you? cried the boy, eagerly. "Oh, say, I'd give anything to go with you! I'll be your man. I'll help you fight!"

"But I thought you were going to be a detective," said Neil.

"I want to see life!" cried the Kid. "I don't care how. There's nothing in a New York for a fellow like me. I'd have gone west long ago, but I don't know how to ride the bumpers. I don't know where the bumpers are on a car. You can show me."

"Well, we'll see," said Neil guardedly.

"How do you feel?" asked the Kid, with respect.

"I feel all right thank you," said Neil. "Why?"

"After croaking a guy, I mean."

Neil hated to disappoint his ingenious admirer. He made an effort to play up to the part ascribed to him. "Don't want to talk about it," he growled, as if in unhappy retrospect.

The Kid vented a long breath of excitement. "He haunts you!" he cried.

Neil looked around him apprehensively. "Ah, cut it out!" he muttered.

"I've done lots of bad things myself," said the boy, eagerly. "I thought I haven't killed my man yet. I smoked a pill once. I wasn't very sick, neither. Had a cig?"

Neil wondered if it required a criminal to win a boy's confidence completely. He wasn't going to spoil it by a moral homily. "Cigarettes?" he said, affecting scorn. "Cigarettes are for women and duds. I smoke a pipe!"

The boy's face changed. Unostentatiously he put away the box. "Sure!" he said. "I smoke nothing but a pipe myself. Or a good, strong cigar. I just carry these to give away."

The afternoon passed very pleasantly on both sides, notwithstanding the absence of lunch. Together they washed Neil's clothes and spread them to dry in the patches of sunlight under the front windows.

Meanwhile the Kid bombarded Neil with hundreds of questions concerning a life of crime. Neil's ingenuity was put to it to find satisfactory answers. Fortunately the boy was uncritical. At the same time Kid Doty continually forgot his assumption of the desperado, and lapsed into the normal adolescent. He entertained Neil with simple domestic details.

"My old man's a lawyer. Good head, too. But of course he doesn't understand me. Fathers always want you to study hard in school and get high marks. Huh! teacher's pet! Not for mine! They didn't do it themselves, no sir! I found an old letter that told how Dad was arrested once for breaking church windows. So he can't blame me."

"Wants me to be a lawyer. What do you know about that? Gee! If I had my way, I'd take the whole push of lawyers, barring the old man, and put them on a ship, and torpedo it. I got a young brother. He thinks he's bad, too. He's just imitating me. I won't let him be. No, sir, that kid's got to stick in school and make something of himself!"

When it began to grow dark Neil prepared to go out. Dressed in the renovated clothes, and wearing the blue shirt and red tie, there was little to suggest the coal-passer. Kid Doty pressed his felt hat on his idol. With considerable stretching, it was made to do.

"Where are we going now?" the boy asked.

"You're not going anywhere," said Neil.

His face fell. "Aw, I'm your pal now," he pleaded. "Through thick and thin. I could stall off the cops. Two heads are better than one."

Neil was not a little touched. "I don't doubt you, old man. But I have trouble enough to look after myself, without another. Besides, I'm broke."

"I got a dollar and a half," the boy said eagerly.

Neil shook his head firmly.

"What did you do with the old man's roll?" asked Kid Doty.

"Never mind that now."

"Gave it to your girl, I suppose. They all do."

Neil was cutting the woolen neck-cloth into strong strips.

"What's that for?" asked the boy.

"To tie your wrists and ankles, my son."

"Honest? Doty's face was a study in delight and alarm. "But—this is a dickens of an out-of-the-way joint," he faltered.

"When I make my getaway I'll tip off the police to come and release you."

The would-be desperado's face glowed. "Oh, say, will you? That'll make some story, eh? That's pretty near as good as bringing you in myself. Gee! when they read the papers in school!"

With alacrity the boy put his hands behind him to be tied. "Make a real no!" he urged, "so they can't say it's a frame-up."

There was enough of the scarf left over to make a blind for the youngster's eyes. Neil prepared to put it on.

"But what's the use of that?" asked the victim. "I'm coming back in a little while," Neil said. "And you mustn't see what I do."

"I wouldn't tell."

"I know," said Neil, "but it makes it seem more realistic."

"Oh, all right. Better gag me, too, or they'll want to know why I didn't make the neighborhood."

"Time enough for that later."

"I can see under the bandage. Pull it down a little," said the boy once conscientiously.

Neil smiled as he tied the knot. He gripped the thin shoulder in a friendly hand. "I'm off now. Lie low for awhile. I'll bring you in a bite to eat. So long, old fellow!"

"So long, old fellow," returned the boy in careful imitation.

Neil locked the room door behind him. Feeling his way down stairs, he satisfied himself with a cautious survey that there was no one immediately outside, and issued into the street. He made his way over the uneven flags towards Hudson street.

After dark it was more than ever an unsavory neighborhood. Few lights were to be seen in the little tenements sandwiched between yards and stables, yet figures occasionally passed in and out in the dark. At the corner of Washington street under the tin awning of a vacant store a group of youths with sneers fixed in their faces eyed him hard as he passed.

He had little to fear from such as

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these. His shrunken, creased clothes offered little temptation to footpads, however small their way of business. He walked with a slouch and a vacant look that disguised him better than his borrowed clothes.

Turning into Hudson street, the scene was instantly metamorphosed. New York is a city of such breathless scene-shifting. A line of brightly-lighted stores stretched up and down on either hand, and the pavements were alive with after-supper shoppers. Neil went into the first baker's to obtain a bite for himself and a bag of cakes such as might appeal to a boy's salivary glands. Then he made his way north according to schedule, searching the faces of the passers-by, while careful to maintain the vacant look of his own.

Would she come? He realized now that it was herself he longed to see more than anything she might bring for his success. Why had he not asked her to come anyhow? Fearing a sickening disappointment he would not allow himself to hope. He thought of a dozen good reasons to prevent her coming; she might not have got his letter; and even if she had, how could a girl be expected to get a man's outfit together at an hour's notice; and how could a delicate brought up to bring it to this mean quarter after dark? He should not have asked it of her—but what else could he have done?

"Of course she will not come!" he told himself a score of times, while his desirous eyes continued to search for her.

Slouching along, head down and hands in pockets, he reached Abington Square without seeing her. He started his steps the whole way, still without reward, and turned north again, considerably saddened in heart. Suddenly one of the poor housewives of which there were so many making their little purchases, brushed against him, and a voice whispered startlingly:

"Don't you know me?"

Neil had his nerves under good control. He walked on with unchanged face. The woman who had spoken was in front of him; he studied her figure sharply. Surely it was not possible! She was wearing a long, ill-fitting rusty coat, much braided, the braid coming off. Below it appeared a faded skirt and deplorable shoes. She was bareheaded. Her brown hair, twisted in a loose knot, was escaping untidily in every direction. She carried a covered basket. More convincing than the clothes was the walk; the manner; the whole figure sagged wearily.

It could not be!

She stopped under pretense of looking in a shop window, and Neil had a glimpse of her profile. He was amazed. It was she, his charming girl, but terribly changed. Her skin showed the sickly pallor resulting from bad housing and insufficient food. Her nose and the skin about her lips was reddened and rough, her glance weary and listless. Neil was strangely divided in his mind between horror at the outrage to her beauty, and delight in the cleverness that had accomplished it.

His imagination was impressed for-

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100% PURE LYE

IT'S STRONG

to suggest the coal-passer. Kid Doty pressed his felt hat on his idol. With considerable stretching, it was made to do.

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He had little to fear from such as

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FOR BRONCHITIS
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Remarkable Cures in the Worst Cases Reported Daily.

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Doctors now advocate an entirely new method of treating bronchitis and irritable throat. Stomach distress is no longer necessary.

The most approved treatment consists of a healing vapor resembling the pure air of the Adirondacks.

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There is no sufferer from a flippy cold or any winter ill that won't find a cure in Catarrhone, which is employed by physicians, ministers, lawyers and public men throughout many foreign lands. Large size lasts two months and costs \$1.00 and is guaranteed; small size, 50c; sample size, 25c.

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ever by the notion of a woman who could dare so for a man.

He walked on, and she fell in behind him in order to avoid the loiterers by the empty store he led her through the next street, and approached his hiding-place from the other direction.

Once in that dark and furtive little street, he paused and let her catch up with him.

He sought her hand and pressed it hard. "How good of you!" he whispered. "I dared not hope you would come!"

She disengaged her hand. "Of course I came," she said. "Ah, don't thank me!"

"But I must," said Neil. "I never knew of such a thing!"

"But—but it sounds like mockery," she said, "for you to thank me now."

"How wonderful you are!"

"Please, please! I have what you need for. Where shall we go?"

"I have a place," he said, "such as it is. You're not afraid to go alone with me to such a place?"

"Afraid?" she said with a break in her voice. "Would you be in such a place if it weren't for me?"

This note made Neil exquisitely uncomfortable. "For goodness' sake, don't take that line," he exclaimed. "I'm having the time of my life!"

"Ah, don't joke about it!" she said.

"Come on," said Neil. "I'll show you my castle."

"Is it safe for us to walk together?"

"Surely. You could go anywhere in that make-up. How did you manage it, you wonderful one?"

"A little paint works wonders. It wouldn't pass in the daylight. I studied my scrubwoman, poor soul! These are her clothes. I changed at her house. She thinks I've gone to a masquerade. It's easy for a girl to disguise herself if she wants to."

Reaching the door of his hiding-place he led her in boldly. "Don't mind the smell and the dirt," he said. "There's safety in the forlornness of the place."

"There were people across the road who could see us," she whispered apprehensively.

"Doesn't matter," said Neil. "People in such a neighborhood as this mind their own business strictly."

He led her up the rickety stairs. Her hand lay in his as soft and warm as a nestling. In the pitch blackness of the landing above he could not help trying to draw her close to him. Surely after this she must love him!

But she held off determinedly. "Ah, be generous!" she whispered with a catch in her breath. "Don't make me sorry I came!"

He released her with a little groan. He could not resist this kind of an appeal. She was safe because she was so entirely at his mercy. At the same

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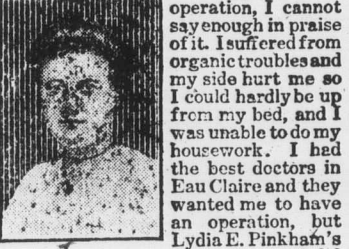
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It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binder that has made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

time he was a man and she was a woman. How was he to know that she did not secretly desire him to overbear her resistance? Boys learn out of the air that maidens must be maidenly.

When he opened the door a cracked voice from within instantly asked in accents of alarm: "Who is it?"

"A right, old scout," said Neil.

He had heard the girl give a little gasp. He pressed her hand reassuringly, and touched her lips for silence.

Neil carried the bag of cakes into his willing prisoner.

"Oh, I'm so glad!" whispered the young desperado. "The rats made a fierce racket!"

Neil squeezed his shoulder, and opening the bag put the refreshments where he could reach them with his mouth. This pleased Kid Doty more than the prosaic method of fingers.

"I'll be in the next room," said Neil. "I've got to shut the door. If the rats come around again, sing out."

CHAPTER VII.

"Did you bring a candle?" Neil asked the girl, in a whisper.

She nodded, and feeling in her basket, presently put it in his hand.

Neil led her into the middle room and closed the door. "So the light won't give us away through the front windows," he explained. He lit the candle. "We'll have to sit on the floor," he said. He spread his coat for her.

"But—but what am I staying for?" she faltered. "I've brought you the things. I must go back."

"Ah, not right away!" he said, reaching for her hand. "I need the sight of you more than new clothes. It's lonesomeness undermeins a man, not danger. Every minute you stay gives me fresh heart."

She was persuaded to sit down. The candle threw immense, grotesque shadows of them upon the stained walls and broken ceiling. They were so quiet that tiny pairs of eyes ventured to peer at them from the corners. Neil shielded bits of plaster at them. He gazed at the girl in the light with fresh, delighted interest. The lovely depths of her eye reassured him of her beauty.

She was only human. "Ah! don't look at me!" she murmured, averting her head. "I'm hideous!"

"You're still yourself," he said, Jeppily, "though changed on the outside."

"It's my hair," she explained. "Untidy hair undoes a woman completely."

"Looks as if it hadn't been brushed for a week," he said, maliciously.

"Oh," she gasped. Her quick fingers searched in the coil for pins. With a shake she tossed it free. It fell all

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"My scalp began by being very itchy and burning which would keep me awake nights it was so bothersome. First there would come little hard lumps and when I scratched them they would turn to flaky scales and dry."

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around her in lovely, smoky coils.

"Oh, beautiful!" he cried, softly.

"You look like a cryad now."

"I didn't let it down for you to say things like that," she reproved him with her adorable primness. "It has to be fixed before I can go out."

He laughed in his throat. "Oh, well, let it wait awhile," he murmured, dreamily.

Affronted by his ardent glance she twisted it up again hastily. But Neil snatched up the pins from where she had laid them.

"What's the matter with me?" he demanded. "Can't I even look at your hair? Am I hateful to you?"

"Would I be here if you were?" she whispered, holding her hair up with one hand and extending the other for the pins.

"Oh, that may be gratitude," he said. "I don't want your gratitude."

"It's all I have. Please give me the pins."

"No!" he insisted. "Let it down again."

"You have me at a disadvantage," she said, reproachfully.

"You said that before," he said, grimly. "It's really the other way around. You have me where you want me. You know I couldn't hurt you. But I can't guarantee my manners. Put your hair down."

With a shrug and an offended look she obeyed. She couldn't do anything else.

"Now I'm a brute, am I not?"

She made no answer.

"What is the matter with me?" he burst out again. "Tell me plainly if you don't fancy my style. I've no illusions about myself. And you're not supposed to fall in love with me just because I've had a chance to help you. But I have an instinct—I feel somehow as if you felt the same—felt what I do, and were just putting some artificial restriction on yourself. That's what drives me wild!"

"Nonsense!" she cried, quickly. "That's what every man says."

"Just vanity, eh?" inquired Neil, bitterly. "But tell me in plain words; there's no chance for me?"

"No! I told you in the beginning. Why do you make it so hard for me?"

"Hard?" said Neil, dejectedly. "What need you care?"

They were silent for awhile.

"Tell me one thing, if you don't mind," he suggested, at length. "What is your name—your real name?"

"Laura," she answered, readily.

"Suits you," he said, laconically.

A young man in love cannot be permanently discouraged by a mere verbal refusal. Hope soon began to stir in Neil's breast. "I wouldn't want her to fall in my arms like an overripe peach," he thought. "She's worth climbing for. I'll get her yet."

The continued silence disconcerted her. "I must go," she said, nervously.

"Wait a minute," he returned, with an off-hand air. "Let's look over what you brought."

(To be continued.)

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For a Case of Incurable Constipation.

To any person who cannot be cured of Constipation by Dr. Hamilton's Pills, the above reward will be paid.

No medicine gives such lasting satisfaction or effects such marvelous cures as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Reliance instantly follows their use. That blinding headache goes forever, that feverish feeling in the skin is soothed away, bilious fits and stomach disorders are stopped.

Don't be nervous about using Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they are mild enough for a child to use, yet certain and effective in action in the most chronic cases. Get a 25c box to-day; they bring and keep robust good health.

REALISTIC STAGECRAFT.

The Electric Light is Responsible for Many Innovations.

The introduction of electric light was, of course, responsible for greater innovations in the art of stage decoration than any other one thing. It was now possible to light up equally well any portion of the stage, and so the "apron" was dispensed with and the picture frame proscenium introduced.

The cry for realism which Ibsen's dramas had aroused was now taken up by the scene builders with enthusiastic vigor, and "nature" was reproduced in material detail. "We must show life exactly as it is," became their motto.

These changes naturally also had an effect upon the actors themselves and upon what they said. Formerly the actors were continually conscious

of the presence of the audience, and to a considerable degree addressed it directly. Now they could interpret the story on the stage, entirely ignoring, apparently, the presence of the audience.

This change in the conception of the play as a whole, as being made up not of dialogue and recitation, but also of action and pictorial representation, has had a very far-reaching effect on our present day conception of the drama.

Luminous Eyes.

Cats among animals and owls among birds, says W. H. Hudson in his book, "Idle Days in Patagonia," are the most highly favored of any creatures in the matter of luminous eyes.

"The feline eyes, as of a puma or a wildcat, blazing with wrath, sometimes effect one like an electric shock, but for intense brilliance the yellow globes of the owl are unparalleled."

Mrs. Hudson asserts that nature has done comparatively little for the human eye either in these terrifying splendors or in beauty. He says that in Brazil he was greatly impressed with the magnificent appearance of many of the negro women, but that if they had only possessed the "golden irides" of certain intensely black tropical birds their "unique loveliness" would have been complete.

Two Years' Illness Cured by Two Boxes

JOSEPH LAROCHE TELLS OF DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

He Suffered From Cramps in the Muscles and Headaches; But Now He Is Well Again.

Lac Bouchette, Lac St. Jean Co., Que., April 22nd.—(Special.) "I can assure you Dodd's Kidney Pills made me well." So says Joseph Larouche, well known and highly respected here. For two years he was a sufferer from cramps in the muscles and headaches. He was treated by a doctor, but got no permanent relief till he used Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"You may publish my statement that Dodd's Kidney Pills made me well," says Mr. Larouche in an interview. "I was ill two years. I had cramps in my muscles, and suffered from terrible headaches. Two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me."

That Mr. Larouche's troubles came from his kidneys is evidenced by the fact that he found a cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills. They are simply and purely a kidney remedy. The reason they are credited with cures of rheumatism, lumbago, dropsy, backache, diabetes and heart disease is that all of these were either kidney diseases or diseases caused by sick kidneys.

Grow Alfalfa

(Experimental Farm Note.)

The pressing need for increased farm production, on the one side, and the scarcity of farm labor on the other, have created a situation in Canadian agriculture that is somewhat embarrassing to the two chief parties concerned, viz: the farmer and the consuming public.

With a serious in farm labor confronting the producer, it will be difficult to increase farm production, and expanding the acreage under crop. However, the need for increased production remains, and under the circumstances, there seems to be only one way to make the best of the situation, and that is to make every produce more, in quantity as well as in quality, than it has produced in the past.

With special reference to increased production in the forage crop line, the question is: "What forage crop is, under present conditions likely to produce the heaviest character and quantity of the highest quality of feed for all-round purposes?"

In our opinion there is no forage crop that better answers their purpose than alfalfa. It can be grown to advantage under a diversity of soil and climatic conditions and has, generally speaking, a wider geographical range of usefulness in Canada than any other forage crop. Alfalfa is a choice food for all kinds of farm animals, and, as a more economical feed per acre than does any other hay or pasture crop, it, furthermore, requires comparatively little labor. Once well established, it continues to yield heavy returns. On account of its lasting character, a good deal of money and labor is saved annually, as no re-seeding is necessary for years, and for this reason, if for no other, alfalfa should command special attention just now from any farmer handicapped by scarcity of labor.

It is true that there is an urgent need to meet the immediate demands of Canada and the Allies, and that the foregoing quantity of energy should be mobilized to realize the situation as quickly as possible. But, Canada will be called upon to produce record crops not only this year, but for many years to come, peace or no peace. The mere ending of the war will not bring about a relaxation of the efforts in farm production. On the contrary, with the return of peace, the necessity of making the utmost out of the soil will likely be felt more keenly than ever before. In view of this it would seem to be a good policy to prepare for the future now, and as far as forage crops are concerned, special attention should be paid to alfalfa as a crop that, better than any other, is likely to fill the bill as the crop of the future.

"How do they fish for pearls, dad?" "Well, some wives threaten and others nag."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

A GOOD MEDICINE FOR THE BABY

Nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets as a medicine for little ones. They are a laxative, mild but thorough in action, and never fail to relieve constipation, colic, colds and simple fevers. Once a mother has used them she will use nothing else. Concerning them Mrs. Saluste Pelletier, St. Damas des Aulnaies, Que., writes: "I always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They are the best medicine I know of for little ones, and I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

LOAFERS

Tramps, loafers, sports, and gentlemen of leisure who hang around poolrooms, picture shows, cabarets, railway stations, steamboat landings, street corners, and other places with nothing particular to do, and a reasonable amount of health and strength to do it with, please take notice. Loafing is now illegal. The recent Order-in-Council declares "all persons domiciled in Canada shall, in absence of reasonable grounds to the contrary, engage in useful occupations."

At this stage in the world's history, when every man available is necessary to the safety of the country, it seems a remarkable thing that there are any of the class above referred to left in Canada, but apparently there are. Poolrooms, cabarets, picture shows, report a thriving business. The hobo is still a frequent visitor on his aimless way back and forth. There are still sports at large with nothing to do but smoke cigarettes and go to ball games and places of amusement. Quite rightly, the Government has made it illegal for these persons to waste their time and their strength on cigarettes and gentle amuse-

ments; tango teas, and pinoche in the barn. They are now ordered to get to work, and if they do not work as free men, they will have to work as prisoners, and work at "hard labor."

In this connection it is interesting to compare the useful work performed by shoe-shiners, soda-fountain dispensers, theater ushers, ribbon salesmen and such useful citizens as compared with the tramps and the sport who lives on his wits. It is doubtful if there is much to really choose between these two classes, so far as economical results to Society are concerned. The man that cleans your boots might well be employed at hoeing potatoes, leaving his customer to spare five minutes of his valuable time to clean his own boots. The man who has so little manhood in him as to be content to spend his days selling baby-ribbon in a departmental store, would achieve an improved manhood driving a team on a farm, if he could be trusted to do so, or helping with the chores around a barn.

The new law, while not going so far as to displace men from non-essential or silly employments which

could better be filled by young girls, still makes it difficult for a man to really loaf. The age limit is from 16 to 60, during which a man is supposed to be capable of some kind of useful work, and if he is not so engaged, he must have certain reasonable excuses. First, he must be a bona fide student in training for some useful occupation,

or he must be some one who is out of a job temporarily owing to difficulties with his employer, common to similar difficulties with his fellow-employees and the same employer. Or he must be reasonably unable to find a job. Other excuses do not go.

Convictions for an offense under this new Anti-Loafing law before a

magistrate renders the offender liable to a penalty not exceeding \$100, and costs, and in default of the offender's ability to pay, he must go to prison for a period not exceeding six months in a common jail or any institution or any farm owned by a municipality or province established for such a purpose, and put in the time at hard labor. Where a con-

viction is obtained by a municipality, the municipal treasurer will receive the fine. Where proceedings are instituted by a provincial officer, the provincial treasurer shall receive the money. Where proceedings are instituted within a municipality by any other person, the fine is divided equally between the municipality and the province.

An Open Letter---

To the Reeve and Councillors of Athens

Have your citizens organized to increase food production?

If they have not yet done so, We, the Organization of Resources Committee, earnestly ask you to call them together in a Mass Meeting, and lay before them the necessity of immediate and vigorous efforts—the food situation is critical.

It may astonish you to learn that in 1917 Ontario did not grow enough wheat for its own needs. Consequently every Ontario farmer whose land is suitable, has been urged to sow 5 acres more spring wheat this year so that Ontario's demand for wheat shall not be met at the expense of that portion of the Western crop that should more rightfully be shipped overseas.

For this same reason every householder who has a garden or a piece of vacant land is being urged to grow vegetables, because the more vegetables that are grown and eaten in Ontario the less wheat and meat there will be consumed, and, that being so, the Ontario wheat crop should then be sufficient to feed our own people, and leave more Western wheat and other foods available for export.

By intelligent effort, in the cultivation of his own back garden, or from the cultivation of a nearby piece of land, the average citizen can grow, this summer, enough vegetables to support his family through the next winter. And remember, if food restrictions are enforced next winter, a supply of vegetables in the cellar will be very desirable.

If you already have an unofficial or semi-official organization to stimulate food production, so much the better. That will give you the basis for a comprehensive committee.

A plan that has been adopted in many places is here outlined. You should adapt it to the needs of your own community.

1. A General Committee should be formed, representing every important interest of the community.
2. The work should be done by sub-committees. The following list is sufficiently comprehensive for the largest places. You should adapt it to your own community.
 - (a) A sub-committee on Finance. The Organization of Resources Committee is willing to help local branches financially with publicity, public meetings and organization.
 - (b) A Publicity Committee to place local problems properly before the people, supplementing the larger work of the province-wide publicity, by securing pledges, sending out circular letters, arranging for addresses in churches, schools, motion-picture houses, etc., and by supplying local papers with news items.
 - (c) A sub-committee on Vacant Lot and Back-Yard Gardening to include representatives from horticultural societies, school teachers, etc.
 - (d) A sub-committee on Farm Labour, composed of employers of labour, representatives of organized labour, war veterans, etc. Labour is the key to the food production problem. All boy, girl, part-time and vacation labour should be enlisted. Make sure that sufficient labour is ready to meet any demands made by your farming community. This labour should be placed on farms locally through the Agricultural Representatives or the Government Employment Bureaux.
 - (e) A Farm Lands sub-committee, composed of groups of men to cultivate larger tracts of vacant land in the vicinity of cities, towns and villages. Flax growing is profitable and suitable—flax seed and fibre are much needed.
 - (f) A sub-committee on Schools, to enlist all school-children of sufficient age to work either in home gardens, community gardens, school gardens, or on farms.
 - (g) A sub-committee of women on Conservation to deal with the problems of food-saving in the homes; the more broadly representative it is of women's activities the better. Existing women's organizations should not be interfered with, but since conservation is one of the greatest problems, there should be a women's committee in each community to deal with this problem alone.
3. An Executive Committee should be appointed, to include the chairman of the general committee and the chairmen of the sub-committees. This committee should meet frequently.
4. A Secretary to the committee should be chosen, for his knowledge of the situation, who would be free to devote considerable time to the work.

Lack of food threatens the battle-line and we must deal with the situation.

TO THE INDIVIDUAL CITIZEN

If you have not yet decided to plant a vegetable garden make up your mind to do so now. You will not regret it. There is still lots of time. Potatoes and beans may be planted up to June 1st and these are the best substitutes for wheat and meat.

For good, practical advice upon how to lay out and cultivate a Vegetable Garden, write for a free copy of the booklet entitled: "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home." This has been prepared by the Ontario Department of Agriculture for the guidance of citizens who will respond to this call for increased production.

Send for copy now. Mail the coupon below:

Mail
This Coupon
NOW

Organization of Resources Committee, Parliament Buildings, Toronto

Dear Sirs:

Please send me a copy of your booklet "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home."

Name _____

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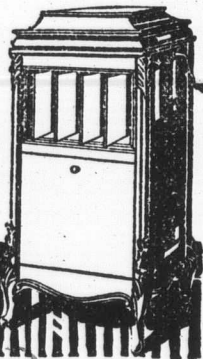
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AUSTIN G. L. TRIBUTE,
 Editor and Proprietor

Notice to Subscribers

The mailing lists of The Reporter have been corrected to date, and subscribers will confer a favor by notifying the editor if their labels do not credit them properly.

\$100 Reward \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case it fails to cure. Sent for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c.

**Automobile
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We have a full line of everything for Tops, Cushions, Slip Covers, Buggy Tops, etc.

Write for Prices on Repair Work

JAS. W. JUDSON, Brockville
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**Ice
 Cream**

The opening of the Ice Cream season finds us with increased facilities for serving Neilson's Cream in the various attractive forms that made it so popular last year. Sundaes, plain Creams. High-class Confectionery of all kinds.

E. C. TRIBUTE

**Great General Activity
 in Western Canada**

Prosperity attracts Merchants; Farmers are spying out the land

The greatest wheat producing areas in the world today are served by Canadian Northern lines. Here the incoming farmer or merchant looks for the greatest development and prosperity. Low fares, and a scenic route through New Ontario's immense forest reserve and colonization lands, add interest and enjoyment to the journey. Comfortable trains leave Toronto at 10:00 p.m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, connecting at Winnipeg for all points West.

For information, literature, tickets and reservations, apply to nearest C.N.R. Ticket Agent, or write General Passenger Department, 65 King Street East, Toronto.

CANADIAN NORTHERN

Like the Sound of a Bell.

One stroke of a bell in a thick fog does not give any lasting impression of its location, but when followed by repeated strokes at regular intervals the densest fog or the darkest night can not long conceal its whereabouts. Likewise, a single insertion of an advertisement—as compared with regular and systematic advertising—is in its effect not unlike a sound which, heard but faintly once, is lost in space and soon forgotten.

REAL ESTATE

We have on our list for quick sale, some farms in the surrounding country and residences in the village of Athens. One of these latter is situated on the stone road about one mile west of Athens—modern brick house—a snap for quick sale. Apply to

A. TAYLOR & SON,
 Athens

WANTED

1000 gallons of maple syrup wanted at once. Apply to

W. B. NEWSOME,
 Plum Hollow

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED
 In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.
 MARION & MATSON.

**McLaughlin
 Cars**

For quality, style and satisfaction the McLaughlin stands in the lead. No car in Canada is more popular. Moderately priced and exquisite in design, the McLaughlin is in great demand. The motor has plenty of power, taking hills with ease.

Let us demonstrate.

A. Taylor & Son

**After taking 1000
 ZUTOO TABLETS
 Says they are Harmless**

Mrs. (Dr.) Shurtleff, of Coaticook, says "Zutoo Tablets must have cured 500 of my headaches, for I have taken 1000 tablets. After trying every remedy within reach, I discarded them all four years ago for ZUTOO, which I have taken ever since. I find the tablets a harmless and efficient cure for all kinds of headache." 25 cents per box—at all dealers.

Purvis Street

School is progressing favorably under the care of Miss Beach.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Roy Gibson, a daughter.

Some of the farmers have started to work on the ground.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Herbison were guests at Mr. W. Earl's.

Mr. and Mrs. George Herbison spent Sunday and Monday at Lillies. Taylor and Everett Franklin, of Junetown, were guests of Velma Graham on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Earl spent Saturday last in Brockville.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Herbison of Lillies' were guests at Mr. Frank Herbison.

Hard Island

Mrs. Roy Kilborn and little daughter of Kingston, are visiting Mrs. Kilborn's parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Dunham.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Horton of New Dublin, visited relatives here recently.

Cecil Hitchcock visited friends on the island over Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Vickery visited on the island on Tuesday.

Mrs. Etta Eaton has secured a position as commercial teacher in the Brockville Business College, where she will begin work the first of May.

Mr. Phillip Yates is seriously ill.

Mr. George Mainse and Miss Lena Mainse and Miss Galloway, of Sweets Corners, visited at Philip Robeson's last Friday.

Ten Gallons of Liquor.

Under a recent amendment to the Ontario Temperance Act, a practising physician is allowed to have in his office or private dwelling forty times as much whiskey as he was allowed under the provisions of the original act. In permitting the doctors to have such an increased quantity of liquor on their premises, the same restrictions that governed its possession under the act will hold good under the amendment. Why the physicians are permitted to have the increased quantity on their premises is not stated, but it is presumed that it is owing to the difficulty of obtaining the liquor under the Dominion prohibition law.

To Open Tribunal.

His Honor Judge Reynolds will open a tribunal in Brockville on Friday, April 26, for consideration of Category B men under the Military Service Act. He has between 60 and 70 cases to handle.

Loading is now illegal. All persons domiciled in this country are now supposed to work or show cause why they are idle according to the new Order-in-Council. The law applies to all between the ages of 16 and 60, and heavy penalties are imposed against offenders.

In Italy only one-third of the army is being maintained on the battle lines, the official explanation being that there is not sufficient food. The strong Austrian army facing the Italians is said to have received large supplies from Russia.

The shortage of wheat in France has become so serious that the bread ration of the French soldiers has been reduced. 18,000,000 bushels of wheat were promised Europe from North America per month. Since January 1st, the shortage has been 36,000,000 bushels, according to the Hon. Everett Colby, Senator for New Jersey, in his speech delivered at Ottawa the other day.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Time Table to and from Brockville

Departures
 No. 560—5.50 a.m.
 No. Extra—3.45 p.m.
 No. 564—6.20 p.m.
Arrivals
 No. 561—11.20 a.m.
 No. Extra—12.10 p.m.
 No. 565—10.15 p.m.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY
 For tickets, time-tables, sleeper reservations, etc. write to or call on
GEO. E. McGLADE
 City Passenger Agent
 Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph Office, 52 King St.

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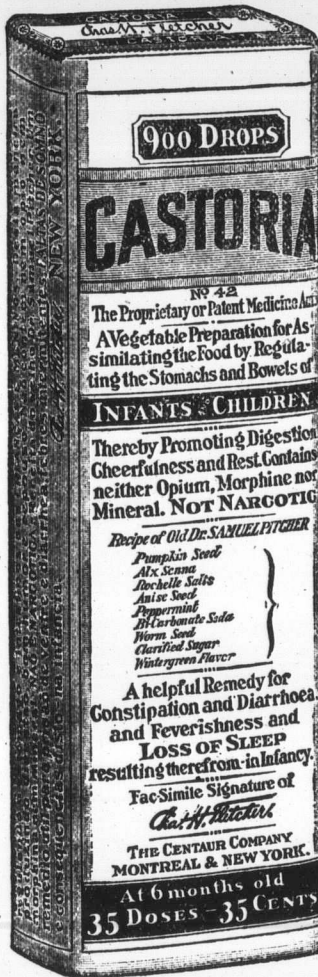
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When You Paint, Use Paints that Justify the Labour and Cost.

In other words, choose the Paint that has proved its worth in actual service.

Canada's great Railways, Steamship Lines, Street Railways, Furniture Manufacturers, Piano Factories and Automobile Builders, are enormous users of

SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PRODUCTS

They have proved that we do make Paint and Varnish to meet every condition of city, country and climate in Canada. And because SWP has proved its quality, and Sherwin-Williams products have always given satisfaction, this company stands today as the largest makers of Paints and Varnishes in the British Empire.

We carry a complete line of Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes. Ask us for Color Cards, prices or any other information you may require.

E. J. PURCELL, ATHENS.



A Ford Car Takes the Place of all These Things

WHEN you own a Ford you can do away with many articles that are a source of continuous expense to the man who still drives a horse. For instance, not only your driving-horse and buggy, but the single harness, blankets, whips, currycombs, brushes, horse-shoes, pitch-forks, feed-bins, etc.

In their place you have a speedy, dependable, dignified, roomy Ford Car—complete in itself. It is vastly superior to the narrow, cramped buggy that travels so slowly. And when a Ford is standing idle it does not eat three meals a day, and it requires no "looking after."

A Ford will save you time, trouble, and money. It is the utility car for the busy farmer and his family.

Ford
 THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout - - \$475
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 Coupe - - - \$770
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 One-ton truck - \$750

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

W. B. Newsome, Dealer, Plum Hollow



"Cold in the Head"

Is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the system, cleanse the blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh.

FUEL FROM STRAW

Farmers May Make Gas and Profitable By-Products.

There is a man by the name of Geo. Harrison, who lives in Moose Jaw, Saskatchewan, and he is a master mechanic. There's another man by the name of Robert D. MacLaughlin, who studied chemistry at MacMaster University, then at Harvard, and then for a time he was here at the Rockefeller Institute, and now he is head of the department of chemistry at Saskatchewan University.

to fill the report. This makes a bale about seven feet long, two feet wide, and six inches high; not too much to handle. The retort consists of three oval cylinders made of highly refined steel which are set up in the usual fashion. Then there is a scrubber to remove the tar and ammonia and a gas holder.

That is the apparatus. In each cylinder a little bale of straw is charged, and then, underneath the retort, a fire of straw is started, or, if there is gas in the holder, the heating may be done with gas. It takes about 30 per cent. of the gas made to produce it in its way, but it is very convenient; all the farmer has to do is to turn the gas on after he has

BLACK KNIGHT STOVE POLISH. Will not Burn. Easy to Use. KEEP YOUR STOVE BRIGHT.

charged the retort, and then come around in half or three-quarters of an hour and turn it off again. This will give him gas enough to last twenty-four hours. It is estimated that thirty to forty tons of straw will provide the average farmer with all the heat, light and stationary power he requires for a year.

West raises far more than that. West raises six to eight gallons of tar and ammoniacal liquor. This, in its crude state, will pay for baling the straw. When the gas is made there remains in the retort finely divided carbon called char, which is, in effect, lamp-black, about 600 pounds to the ton of straw. It is now worth 15 to 18 cents a pound, being imported into Canada for use as black paint. Maybe other uses will be found for it.

At the Yarmouth Y. M. C. A. Boys' Camp, held at Tusket Falls in August, I found Minard's Liniment most beneficial for sun burn, an immediate relief for colic and toothache.

ALFRED STOKES, General Sec'y.

Inflammable gas—10,000 cubic feet of gas per ton of straw after it has been scrubbed and the tar and ammonia removed from it.

Its heating value is 400 British thermal units per cubic foot, so that if all the straw of Western Canada could be turned into gas, the 20,000,000 tons would produce, converted into power, 22,000,000 horse-power hours or 1,511,000 horse-power years. That is seven times the power obtained in Canada from Niagara Falls.

It has been turned by George Harrison, with the advice and aid on the chemical side, and the enthusiastic support of Professor MacLaughlin. It will cost the farmer no more than \$500 to equip his entire gas plant, and he need buy no more coal than that time forth. His wife will cook with gas, his house will be heated with it, and so will his outhouses; he can shell his corn, pump water, and run his threshing machine and grind his meal by means of a gas engine; he can have all the heat and light and power he wants and then a great quantity to spare.

The Harrison process of utilizing cereal straws requires first that the straw be baled into a size and shape

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

THE DYING HERO.

Light in His Eyes Was More Than All Sermons.

The following is by an officer in the Black Watch: The barrage lifted. From the desolate, shell-ridden No Man's Land rose the long, thin line of khaki instantly the shrieking of shells and the cracking and whistling of machine-gun bullets spoke of a stubborn resistance. The khaki line moved steadily forward, and now at intervals followed other khaki lines, pushing on with steady assurance and grim determination. Men were being mown down like corn; the air was

Cause of Early Old Age

The celebrated Dr. Eichenhoff, an authority on early old age, says that it is "caused by poison generated in the intestine." When your stomach digests food properly it is absorbed without forming poisonous matter. Poisons bring on early old age and premature death. 15 to 30 drops of "Segel's Syrup" after meals makes your digestion sound.

BANISH PIMPLES AND ERUPTIONS

In the Spring Most People Need a Tonic Medicine.

One of the surest signs that the blood is out of order is the pimples, unsightly eruptions and eczema that come frequently with the change from winter to spring. These prove that the long indoor life of winter has had its effect upon the blood, and that a tonic medicine is needed to put it right. Indeed, there are few people who do not need a tonic at this season. Bad blood does not merely show itself in disfiguring eruptions. To this same condition is due attacks of rheumatism and lumbago; the sharp, stabbing pains of sciatica and neuralgia, poor appetite and a desire to avoid exertion. You cannot cure these troubles by the use of purgative medicines—you need a tonic, and a tonic only, and among all medicines there is none can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for their tonic, life-giving, nerve-restoring powers. Every drop of this medicine makes new, rich blood which drives out impurities, stimulates every organ, and brings a feeling of new health and energy to weak, tired, ailing men, women and children. If you are out of sorts give this medicine a trial and see how quickly it will restore the appetite, revive drooping spirits, and fill your veins with new, health-giving blood.

thick with the smell of sulphur; the khaki lines were thinning, but still they went on. The first trench was taken with a dash, but the khaki line did not stop there. Out and away again towards the second line. The thrill of battle was pulsing through our veins; the excitement of the glorious charge had taken a hold on us.

At this moment I found myself keeping pace with a young subaltern of the Durhams—a young officer of medium height, light hair and handsome features. His joyous countenance, his dash, his encouraging voice, won my heart at once. Jumping over dead huns and skirting the huge shell-holes, he was urging the men on and giving the lead in fine style, when suddenly, without a word, he pitched forward and rolled over on his back. In the attack one must keep on the move, and leave the wounded to the stretcher-bearers who follow behind.

Something, however, about this officer drew me to him, and in a moment I was on my knees by his side. Instinctively I knew he had got his death-wound. His eyes were open, and sought mine. The clean-shaven lips moved as if he would speak, but no sound came. He raised his right hand and I grasped it in mine. I felt his warm grip; and then, for the moment, all else vanished before the look in that dying officer's face. Never have I seen such a light in a man's face. The eyes glowed with very joy, the whole face was lit up with the radiant glory of sublime happiness. I gazed in wonder. The grip on my hand tightened. The next moment the dying man's lips were spouting blood. I am a plain man, and know little about religion, but it seemed as if to close those eyes. So I crossed his arms on his breast, rose, and left. A

MAGIC BAKING POWDER. Magic Baking Powder costs no more than the ordinary kinds. For economy, buy the one pound tins. E.W. GILLET COMPANY LIMITED.

moment later I was mingling with the khaki throng, and if my blood had pulsed before, now I was thrilled through and through.

I have often thought of that young officer since. I had never seen him before. I did not know his name so I could never communicate with his people, as I would like to have done. If, however, anyone should read this whom it may concern, the incident happened on the eighteenth of September, 1916, in the Battle of the Somme. One of the most sacred memories I have is the light on that dying hero's face—a light which has taught me more than all the sermons of all the parsons in the world.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

DENMARK'S LOST DUCHIES.

Schleswig-Holstein Question a Puzzle in European Democracy.

Sixty or seventy years ago no countries in all Europe were more talked of than the two "Elbe duchies," Schleswig and Holstein. The Schleswig-Holstein question entered into European politics at every turn, and, in the famous seven weeks' war between Austria and Prussia, which, in 1866, settled the matter for a "limited eternity," the greater part of the men who fought in the campaign could hardly remember a time when the Schleswig-Holstein question was not a question. Basically, of course, it was a racial question. From time immemorial the country north of the Elbe had been the battleground of Danes and Germans. That the Duchy of Schleswig had always been a Danish fief was not in dispute, nor was the fact that Holstein had

LET a woman ease your suffering. I want you to write, and let me tell you of my simple method of home treatment, send you ten days' free trial, post-paid, and put you in touch with women in Canada who will gladly tell what my method has done for them. If you are troubled with weak, tired feelings, headache, backache, bearing-down, depression, constipation, catarrhal conditions, pain in the sides, regularly or irregularly, bloating, sense of falling or misplacement of internal organs, nervousness, desire to cry, palpitation, hot flashes, dark rings under the eyes, or a loss of interest in life, write to me to-day. Address: Mrs. M. Summers, Box 8 Windsor, Ont.

been, from the first, a fief of the German-Roman empire. The trouble arose in the nineteenth century over the "indissoluble union" of the two duchies. It had been clear for several years, prior to 1863, that, with King Frederick VII. of Denmark, the male line of the elder branch of the house of Oldenburg must come to an end. In Denmark proper this occasioned no difficulty, as the Salic law did not obtain, but, in the two duchies, this law had never been repealed, and, in the event of the failure of the male heirs, the succession would, according to German jurists of the time, pass to the Dukes of Augustenborg.

Danish opinion clamored for, and ultimately obtained, a royal proclamation proclaiming the fundamental idea of the indivisibility of the monarchy, and its transmission intact to a single heir. The German elements in the two duchies, however, were by no means on good terms with Copenhagen, and the brother one went south through Schleswig the more the discontent grew, until, in Holstein, which was largely German, there was everywhere open revolt. Finally the two duchies broke out in rebellion, and the Duke of Augustenborg, "with his eyes on his inheritance," hurried to Berlin to secure the assistance of Prussia in asserting his rights. Berlin decided to intervene, but it had reckoned without Europe. All the powers, even Austria, decided against the dismemberment of Denmark, and Prussia was obliged to give way. That was in 1848, and although, by the treaty of Malmoe, signed in that year, Prussia yielded practically all the Danish demands, it was very generally recognized, in diplomatic circles and far beyond them, that the convention

was only in the nature of a truce, establishing a modus vivendi, but leaving the main issue unsettled.

The next fifteen years saw a long succession of efforts on the part of the powers to arrive at some settlement, the whole question being complicated at every turn by the hostility of the duchies themselves to the Danish Government. In 1864 matters, once again, swept up to a crisis when the "protocol" King Christian IX. ascended the Danish throne. One of his first acts was to sign a new constitution, which set aside an arrangement, agreed to by all the European powers, that the two duchies should be independent, under the Danish crown. Germany and Austria were immediately up in arms, and on Dec. 24 Saxon and Hanoverian troops marched into Holstein in the name of the German confederation. Great Britain and Russia strongly protested, and it is probable that if, at this time, Denmark had withdrawn from Schleswig, under protest, the powers would have restored that duchy to her, and that an agreement would have been reached whereby Schleswig would have constituted an integral part of the Danish kingdom. This, however, was just what Bismarck, "the only man who knew what he wanted," most desired to avoid, and he did all in his power to keep Denmark defiant. He made the Copenhagen Government believe that Great Britain had threatened Prussia with intervention should hostilities be opened, and the stratagem succeeded. Denmark stood firm, and on Feb. 1, 1864, the Austrian and German forces crossed the Eider. Even then, however, there were several months of negotiations. It was not until June 24 that Austria and Prussia, having entered upon a new agreement whereby the duchy was to be completely separated from Denmark, embarked on the famous seven days' war, which brought about the defeat of the little kingdom. So far as Denmark was concerned, the Schleswig-Holstein question was settled there. So far as Prussia and Austria were concerned, it was not settled until two years later, when, in the famous seven weeks' campaign, Prussia defeated Austria and secured the spoils of Schleswig-Holstein for herself.—Christian Science Monitor.

Leopard and Lion.

Two Strange Tales of Escaped Animals From Japan.

The propensity of animals of the cat kind to return home is illustrated by two recent incidents that have occurred in distant parts of the east. A leopard broke out of a show at Esamadera, Japan, on June 25 last, and has been roaming about the forests of Tamba province ever since. It had been guilty of attacks upon young cattle and poultry yards, much to the annoyance of farmers. On October 12, the leopard was seen by a party of villagers in the hills near Wachimura. Local hunters, well armed, set out to find the animal. It was soon discovered, half starved, and despatched without difficulty.

The Hyogo Tramway company, finding that a leopard at large along its route injured travel, originally offered a reward of \$250 for the capture of the animal, dead or alive, but upon the insistence of the police, this reward was withdrawn. Crowds of amateur huntsmen, swarming over the country and firing guns at all moving objects, proved to be a greater menace to human life than the leopard. The second incident comes from Manchuria, where Japan has certain treaty rights. A large lion that, for more than a year, had been on exhibition at Liaoyang and had been much petted by young and old of that city, was about to be moved to Kukden, where it is to be a performer in a circus. The animal cage was placed upon a flat car and the train pulled out for the friends and admirers yearned for the friends and admirers children, at Liaoyang. When crossing a bridge over the Taitzu River, the lion broke the flimsy bars of his cage and, leaping off the moving train without injury, started back on a trot to his former home. As he gleefully

approached Liaoyang, some workmen at the railway repair shops, saw the returning friend of the people and arming themselves, killed the lion. The unfortunate animal was only trying to "come back"; he had no hostile intentions. The owner of the beast soon made his appearance and was greatly distressed at the loss of his fellow performer. He had begun suit for the ruin of his associate's earning capacity. The far east appears to be an unsafe place for escaped circus animals.

TROUBLE AHEAD.

Young husband—Didn't I telegraph you not to bring your mother with you? Young wife—I know. That's what she wants to see you about. She read the telegram.

PEELS OFF A CORN WITHOUT ANY PAIN

Is it magic, no, scientific—a wonderful combination discovered that will shrivel up the toughest old corn you ever saw. The name of this remedy is Putnam's Corn Extractor. It's a corker the way it loosens a corn, makes it peel right off in a solid lump without the slightest pain. Results talk. Putnam's gives results and costs but a quarter. Sold everywhere.

PALM BEACH OF RUSSIA.

Historic Crimea, Frequent Haunt of the Rich.

"Hanging down into the Black sea like a butcher's cleaver with its handle pointed east and the near corner of the blade joined to the mainland of Russia, the Crimea, where it was first planned to exile the abdicating Czar, is about as near to being an island as a peninsula will can be, even though a very narrow strait is the only water that lies between it and a second connection with the mainland. On the one side, to the west, lies the Perekop gulf and to the east, shut out from the Black sea by the handle of the cleaver, is the Sea of Azov."

Thus the Crimea is outlined in a bulletin issued by the U. S. National Geographic society from its headquarters for geographic research concerning this Florida of Russia, jutting out into Europe's inland sea. "With an area matching that of New Hampshire, a population equal to that of New Hampshire and Vermont many places, the Crimea is one of the most fascinating bits of territory between Portugal and Cochinchina. Its population a congress of races, its subtropical fruits and the housing of Russian elite as they flee from the cold, to the herding of sheep and the growing of grain, it is a place of many-sided activities. "As the men of wealth of America have their winter homes in Florida and those of Western Europe have theirs along the Riviera, the people of position in Russia have their country seats in the Crimea. And beautiful places they are, for in Russia the rich are very rich. The height of the social season is from the middle of August to the first of November.

The peninsula is occupied by 885,000 people, according to the first census, mostly Turkish-speaking Tartars, with a scattering of Russians, Greeks, Georgians and Jews. Cleanliness and morality are said to be proverbial traits of the Crimean Tartars, who have been undergoing the influences of reformation for several generations. They have taken up vine culture, fruit growing and kindred occupations with a zeal seldom equalled east of the Aegean.

Of course most interesting of all things Crimean are its history, its fort-

HIRST'S FAMILY SALVE. The Magic Healing Ointment. Soothes and heals all inflammations, such as burns, scalds, blisters, cuts, boils, piles and abscesses—sold for over 25 years. All dealers, or write us. HIRST REMEDY COMPANY, Hamilton, Canada.

ress and its imperial palace. In the second century B. C. the Scythians founded a kingdom there and the land passed through many changes, now under one sovereignty and now under another, finally passing to the Tartars, who in turn were brought under the rule of the Turks. In 1733 Russia forced the last khan to abdicate and made the Crimea a part of one of her provinces. The Crimean Tartars who give the peninsula its name, by reason of their substantial admixture most of the Mongolian features, being slender in build, possessing eagle-like noses, eyes that have lost the oriental slant, and countenances not quite so inscrutable as the Eastern type.

"In the Crimean war fought by England, France and Turkey against Russia the final test of strength came at Sevastopol. Here the factors of ungodly features from Florida and Southern California and bad ones from together, and a climate that borrows limited resources operated in the allies' favor. Through their command of the sea they could secure everything needed, while the Russians could bring up their supplies only across the barren steppes, whose highways were marked at every step by the dead and the dying, both man and beast.

"The novels of Tolstoy give a graphic picture of the Crimean war from the Russian viewpoint—depicting the miseries of the march, the anguish of nerve-destroying ordeal of manning the lines under shellfire, there to await the night attack that might or might not come. It was in this war

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—CARRIAGE PAINTER: steady work; state wages; light work. W. H. Todd, Stoutville, Ont.

WANTED—PROBATIONERS TO train for nurses: Apply, Wellington Hospital, St. Catharines, Ont.

WANTED—WEAVERS FOR DRAPER: jobs; also girls to learn weaving; good wages and steady employment. Canadian Cottons, Limited, 332 MacNab street north, Hamilton, Ont.

FARMS FOR SALE.

THREE SNAPS FOR OULK SALE—100-acre farm for \$5,000; 100-acre farm for \$6,000; 100-acre farm for \$8,000. All within three miles of station. Jacobs & Moore, Grasse, Ont.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE NEAR Toronto on lake front; excellent garden and fruit land; house and orchard; radial; good roads; school; church; school convenient; low price. Box 684, Toronto General Postoffice.

600 FARMS IN ONTARIO FOR SALE—good buildings; will exchange for city property; most will grow alfalfa; catalogue free on application; established 46 years; automobile service; Bell phone 322. Thomas Myerscough, 238 Darling street, Brantford.

MANITOWA: FOUR MILES FROM station. Good land; clay loam. South 1/2 of 10-24-16 west 1st Mer. Sufficient for quick sale, \$10,000. \$1,000 cash; balance terms. Box 23, Ex-bridge, Ont.

20 ACRE FARM, WITH BUILDINGS—with 1 1/2 miles of seven factories; in Peterboro'; L.P.L. through same; \$5,000 for quiet sale; part cash. W. Walker & Co., 37 Park street, Peterboro'.

TO RENT.

TO RENT—FIRST-CLASS STORE—size, 20' x 15'; in the very best business section. Apply to E. W. Nesbitt, Woodstock, Ont.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

YOU CAN MAKE \$25 TO \$75 WEEKLY, by selling slow cards at home. Easily learned by our simple method. No canvassing or soliciting. We sell your work. Write for particulars, AMERICAN SHOW CARD SCHOOL, 801 Yonge Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BARRIED PLYMOUTH ROCK EGGS for hatching. Also Garden plants for sale. Write for catalogue. Chas. Barnard, Leamington, Ont.

DOMINION EXPRESS MONEY ORDERS are on sale in five thousand of fives throughout Canada.

WHEN ORDERING GOODS BY mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

CREAM—WE HAVE THE VERY BEST, market for churning cream. Write for particulars. Toronto Creamery, Church street, Toronto.

HATCHING EGGS—BABY CHICKS. Utility laying strains. Eggs, \$1.50 per setting. Barred Rocks, Rhode Island Reds, White Leghorns, White Wyandottes, Golden Bantams, White Rocks, Non-Bearers. Golden Pouter. For price list. Satisfaction guaranteed. Tay Poultry Farm, Perth, Ont.

WANTED TO BUY—CARPET BAGS IN balls. Any quantity. Art Bag Mfg. Co., Hamilton, Ont.

that Florence Nightingale rendered services as a nurse that made her name a synonym of ministering angel on the world's battlefields. Then men knew nothing of the cause of cholera and such distress and the soldiers died like flies.

"It is estimated that 50,000 British soldiers lie buried in the cemetery outside of Sevastopol. Before the present war this vast city of the dead was watched over by a German who could speak no English, but who was proud of his privilege of guarding the ashes of those who fell at Balaklava and Inkerman.

"When Stephen Graham visited the cemetery the old keeper told him he had 35 varieties of oleander in the cemetery.

"The imperial large palace to which the deposed monarch was to retire, is situated at Livadia, surrounded by a magnificent park. It is of recent construction and was completed only six years ago. Hard by is the simply constructed small palace, in an upper room of which Alexander III. died.

"In no other country in the world was the reigning ruler possessed of so many lands of such extensive properties as was the case in Russia. What share of these the Russian people will allot to the family of Nicholas Romanoff will be one of the interesting, if less important, questions of Russia's new regime.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians

His Uncle's Doing.

When Slapdash Jones went home for the holidays the first thing his mother took out of his trunk was an overcoat, and on it was pinned a pawnbroker's ticket he had inadvertently omitted to remove.

"Hullo! Ha, ha!" cried Slapdash. "They must have forgotten to take this off at the Smith dance when I left it in the cloak room. Eh—what?"

A moment later his mother took out his evening trousers. Unluckily, they, too, bore a ticket.

"Why, Slapdash, dear," she exclaimed, "you surely didn't leave these in the cloakroom, too?"—Exchange.

With the high cost of living married life may be one grand, sweet song, but one must B sharp.

Stiff, Enlarged Joints Limber Up! Every Trace of Rheumatism Goes!

Even Chronic Bedridden Cases Are Quickly Cured.

Rub On Magic "Nerviline"

Nothing on earth can beat good old "Nerviline" when it comes to curing rheumatism. The blessed relief you get from Nerviline comes mighty quick, and you don't have to wait a month for some sign of improvement. You see Nerviline is a direct application; it's rubbed right into the sore joint, thoroughly rubbed over the twitching muscle that perhaps for years has kept you on the jump. In this way you get to the real source of the trouble. After you have used Nerviline just once you'll say it's

amazing, a marvel, a perfect wonder of potency.

Just think of it, five times stronger and more penetrating than any other known liniment. Soothing, healing, full of pain-destroying power, and yet it will never burn, blister or destroy the tender skin of even a child. You've never yet tried anything half so good as Nerviline for any sort of pain. It does not rheumatism, but that's not all. Just test it out for lame back or lumbago. Gee, what a tight fine cure it is for a bad cold, for chest tightness even for neuralgia, headache it is simply the finest ever. For the home, for the hundred and one little ailments that constantly arise, whether earache, toothache, stiff neck, or some other muscular pain—Nerviline will always make you glad you've used it, and because it will cure the lines under shellfire, there to await the night attack that might or might not come. It was in this war

DRS. SOPER & WHITE

DRS. SOPER & WHITE. Specialists. Piles, Eczema, Asthma, Catarrh, Pimples, Dyspepsia, Epilepsy, Rheumatism, Skin, Kidney, Blood, Nerve and Bladder Diseases. Call or send history for free advice. Medicine furnished in tablet form. Hours: 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 to 6 p.m. Sundays—10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Consultation Free. DR. SOPER & WHITE, 25 Toronto St., Toronto, Ont. Please Mention This Paper.

FRENCH MAKE ADVANCES ON NORTH FRONT

Take Good Gains East of Amiens and Beat Huns Off.

AIR MASTERS, TOO

Have Taken Awful Toll of the Fliers, and Bombed His Bases.

Paris Cable — East of Amiens, along the Aves River, the French have made successful attacks against the Germans on several sectors, capturing the greater part of the Senecat Wood and also advancing their line east and west of the stream. The Germans in the Aisne region attacked the French near Corbeny and also in the Champagne, while the French in Lorraine carried out a successful manoeuvre against the enemy in which prisoners were taken. The French War Office reports read:

Thursday Evening.—We have attacked various enemy positions on the Aves on a front of four kilometres between Thernes and Matilly-Rainval.

East of the Aves we have made progress, and west of it we have taken the greater part of the Senecat Woods and carried our line to the outskirts of Castel. Further south we reached the slopes west of the heights dominating the Aves.

The number of prisoners taken by us exceeds up to the present five hundred, of whom fifteen are officers. We captured several machine guns.

It is confirmed that an enemy raid last night east of Caurieres Wood was deadly for our assailants. We found about forty German bodies on the ground. We took twenty prisoners, including one officer.

MASTERS OF THE AIR

Paris Cable — If ever anyone doubted the French mastery of the air the recent destruction of the Friedrichshafen works ought to convince these persons that the French are masters in air fighting. Not only on bombing expeditions are the French masters, but also in fighting air battles.

Ever since the Battle of the Somme started, French machines have kept in constant liaison with the infantry and artillery units. The escadrilles operating at low altitudes have caused the Germans frightful losses.

Air mastery is an important, if not the most important, factor of any battle. The French not only have shown the Germans that they have this mastery, but also that they mean to keep it. In this way the destruction of an important number of machines in the Friedrichshafen works has been a double success for General Foch's army, for not only have the works been blown to pieces, but the number of machines destroyed will mean that less air enemies.

Perhaps the greatest day of the French aviators has had was April 12, when eight German machines were shot down, damaged, within the German lines, five captive balloons were shot down in flames and five others were pierced through by French bullets. During the same day, and the following night, the French dropped 48 tons of bombs on enemy depots and munition dumps. American aviators attached to the French escadrilles participated in the bombing and air fighting expeditions.

The indications of worms are restlessness, grinding of the teeth, picking of the nose, extreme nervousness, often convulsions. Under these conditions the best remedy that can be got is Miller's Worm Powders. They will attack the worms as soon as administered and will grind them to atoms that pass away in the evacuations. The little sufferer will be immediately eased and a return of the attack will not be likely.

BRITISH FLEET A SWEAS HUNS

Cattageat Feat Shows Beatty's Men Are Ready.

Fee Plainly Avoided Offered Battle.

London Cable — The British naval success against German mine sweepers in the Cattageat recently, says the Daily Telegraph, is sufficient answer to the Germans who say that the British grand fleet is in hiding.

Contrasting the British fleet's action in the Cattageat with the German raids in the Straits of Dover, the Daily Telegraph points out that while the Germans in their bases on the Belgian coast are only 20 miles from the Straits, the exploit in the Cattageat was a carefully planned operation conducted more than 500 miles from the nearest point on the British coast.

Such a sweep, it adds, can be made only by a power in real control of the sea, confronted by an enemy who will not risk protecting his small craft and suspecting that such intervention might be the prelude to a general action, which he desires to avoid. The Germans had large naval forces near the scene on this particular Monday. They did not send them out, but on the contrary, permitted

CANADA'S PRIDE

CANADIANS have good reason to be proud of the position Canada holds in the world today. This pride is justified by the activities of her people, by her unlimited natural resources, by her splendid institutions, and particularly by her Industries.

Facts about the immensity of some Canadian industries would astonish most people.

These industries, when viewed in the light of comparison with other countries, are simply tremendous.

The growth of any industry is limited to the number of people it can serve, and that is a fact not often properly appreciated when Canadian industries are compared to similar enterprises in, say, the United States.

For example: the population of the United States exceeds 100,000,000. Opportunity for industries there is almost unlimited. In comparison, Canada with its seven million population is a small country—yet in spite of this comparatively small population, Canada possesses several industries which in actual size rank among the biggest in the world.

In shoemaking, one Canadian concern has developed a volume of business and a service to the Canadian people which is not

equalled by another shoe manufacturer anywhere in the world. This concern, if located in the United States, would rank as one of the twelve largest out of some two thousand shoe manufacturers there.

While the sales of the largest shoe manufacturer in the United States—selling to the American people—do not exceed twenty-five cents per capita per year, the sales of Ames Holden McCready to the Canadian people last year were approximately eighty cents per capita.

In a comparative sense, therefore, this Canadian concern is greater than the foremost American shoe manufacturer in the United States.

Thus Ames Holden McCready truly merit the distinction of their title "Shoemakers to the Canadian Nation."

Just imagine for a moment the enormous work of supplying a large portion of Canada's 7,000,000 people with its boots and shoes:

—it requires—huge up-to-date factories equipped with the most modern machinery able to turn out 8,000 pairs of shoes a day.

—it requires—a variety of nearly 800 different styles to meet the requirements of all classes of people, for different grades, shapes and kinds of shoes.

—it requires—the maintenance of six large distributing branches in principal cities from coast to coast, and in these are carried over a million dollars worth of stock, ready for quick delivery to retailers.

—it requires—sixty travelling salesmen to call on the retail trade, because out of approximately 10,000 retail dealers who sell shoes in Canada, more than 5,000 handle A.H.M. Shoes.

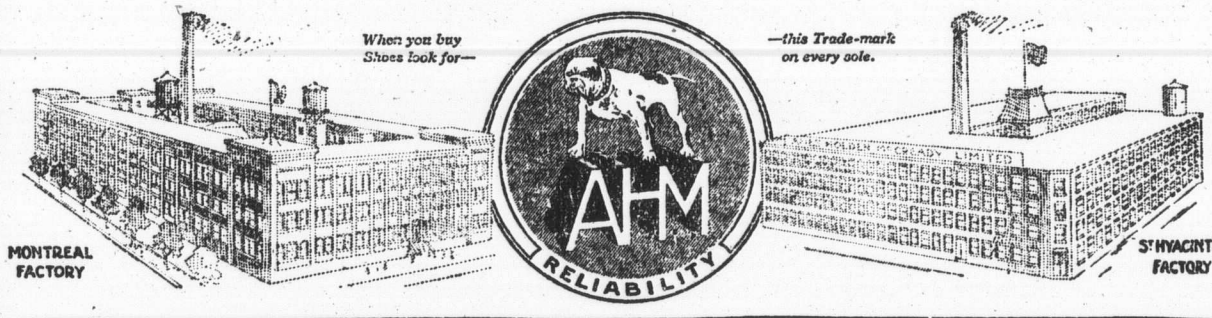
—it requires—many other details of organization and equipment, but this brief outline will give you some slight idea of the part that this great shoe concern is playing in the business of supplying footwear to the Canadian people.

You will be interested in these facts, because the next time you buy footwear bearing the A.H.M. Brand, you will know that they are the product of a large and efficient organization making shoes which will in every case give you the greatest value for your money.

AMES HOLDEN McCREADY LIMITED

"Shoemakers to the Nation"

ST. JOHN MONTREAL TORONTO WINNIPEG EDMONTON VANCOUVER



HUN PUSHED THROUGH A DEATH HAIL

But His Masses Soon Wavered and Finally Broke.

WITH AWFUL LOSSES

Storm Troops Paid Terrible Toll, But Played Out.

With the British Army in France, Cable — For a time the British, fighting magnificently, regained part of the much-contested town of Wytschaete, but were subsequently forced to retire. However, the desperate efforts by great forces of the enemy yesterday afternoon and last night to exploit his successes about Baillieu and Wytschaete met with a costly failure.

The battle west of Baillieu has been continuous and sanguinary. Time after time the enemy forces flung themselves against the defenders in intense assaults, but on each occasion the British troops held their own and threw the onrushing Germans, back with huge losses.

A tremendous artillery duel is racing along the northern front. Throughout the night thousands of guns of all calibres made the war zone hideous with their mighty detonations. There was no cessation of this protracted fencing between the heavy batteries, and this morning the contest was still continuing, the vibration shaking windows 40 and 50 miles away.

The continuous enemy attacks all yesterday afternoon south-west of Baillieu were, without exceptions, repulsed with heavy losses. The German artillery filled the area west of the stricken town with gas and high explosive shells as an adjunct to the infantry attack. At dusk the enemy drove forward again and made a vicious thrust at the British lines.

WAVERED AND BROKE.

The advancing troops pushed through the hail of death, but soon wavered and finally broke. Their casualties were cruel. Further south the vicinity of Westbert was heavily shelled by the enemy, and Givency and La Besse were also under fire.

2,000 GERMANS SUFFOCATED

British Poured Harmless Shells On Them, Then Caught Them Without Gas Masks.

Paris Cable — The evolution of the use of gas shells has taken surprising form in the present battle. One new method is to fire heavy, slowly-dispersing gases along charted lanes against the enemy, filling in the alternate spaces with quickly dissipating poison fumes.

Storming attacks are then made by troops who charge when a sufficient interval of time has been given for the light gases to rise.

The British gunners at one part of the line threw shells charged simply with a stinking composition. The Germans, after a few hours, discovered that this was non-poisonous, and began laying aside their masks. After these shells had been fired for another twelve hours there was a sudden change to poison gases. About 2,000 Germans were caught without their masks and suffocated.

PORTUGAL ROUSED.

Her Troops' Bravery Has Stirred Patriotism.

Lisbon Special Cable — Events on the western front, and the words of praise sent by the British Government to Portugal on the bravery of the Portuguese troops in the first days of the fighting south of Armenteres, have greatly stirred the patriotic feeling in Portugal. All officers of the Lisbon garrison have offered to go to France immediately, to replace and revenge their comrades. All the officers who took part in the December revolution have tendered their services, as has the Minister of the Interior.

DROPS GERMAN TONGUE.

St. Louis, Report, Mo.—The Trinity Evangelical Lutheran Church, founded here seventy years ago, and said to be the oldest church of that denomination in the United States, voted last night to discontinue the use of the German language.

The Holy Cross Lutheran school also decided to discontinue the use of German, making the twenty-second and last Lutheran school in the city to take this action.

MOVIE MAN IN TROUBLE.

Los Angeles, Cal., Despatch.—Robt. Goldstein, a motion picture producer, charged with violation of the Espionage Act, was found guilty last night by a jury in the Federal Court, and will be sentenced later.

Goldstein was charged with exhibiting scenes intended to incite hatred against the British, which were incorporated in a motion picture play dealing with events in the revolutionary war.

Protection and patriotism are reciprocal. This is the road that all great nations have trod.—John C. Calhoun.

REFUSED TO LEAVE HOMES BEFORE HUNS

Hundreds of Flanders Peasants Die by Their Hearths.

LIKE AN INFERNO

When Charming Land Comes Under the Heel of War.

With the British Army in France, Cable — It is difficult for one in the British war zone to adjust himself to the new conditions here. It all seems like a horrid dream—this spreading German blight across the cultivated plains of Flanders, with their ancient picturesque villages.

The plague of war has descended on the countryside. Now one meets his civilian friends—the little folk and the aged—from many hamlets making their way sadly back along the broad highway leading westward from the tide of invasion, which is driving them from all they hold dear.

They look back on the rolling fields that separate them from their little world. By day a bank of grim, grey smoke from burning hamlets and from myriad belching guns marks the zone along which are struggling the splendid British soldiers in their efforts to block further inroads of the enemy. By night the skyline is sometimes a lurid blaze as consuming flames leap up from a hundred homes and great cannon vomit volcanic fire. It is a living hell. It is a part of horrors before untouched Flanders going the way of the devastated regions of the Somme, and so gentle peasant folk stand and look or wander on. As they go they cannot comprehend it. Its awfulness has numbed their brains.

SEEK SHELTER OF GUNS. The correspondent found a little family group crouching beneath huge British howitzers held in reserve. Their eyes were fastened on the mounting columns of smoke which rose from the village whence they came. There were no tears and no words, but the expression on their faces was like that of one just condemned to die.

Why they stopped beside the great guns was unexplained. Possibly it was because it gave them a sense of protection from dangers out beyond. Hundreds of Flemish homes have been shorn of their protectors, who have been called to the French colors, and for these this has been a time of double terror. Some of the peasants, indeed, clung to their cottages amidst the crashing of shells until British soldiers led them away. Some have died by their own hearths before they could be removed. A host of these people must have refused to be dragged from the homes which they had been keeping so patiently, awaiting the return of husbands or brothers from the war. There were many pitiful cases of homes, in which the women, widowed invalids, whom their friends had no means of removing without help from the soldiers.

It was only yesterday that a British official photographer, who was recording the history of the war on his films, discovered a helpless paralytic lying on a house which had already been partly wrecked by shells. The invalid had no relatives, and his friends, who had looked after him, were dead or cut off from him. So, the photographer, with the assistance of a soldier, carried the man to safety, though their road lay through what might have been a horrible death at any moment. This is one instance among many.

Sometimes there is no way of saving valuables of bulk in towns which come first under the fire of the German troops. Relics and treasures representing the savings of years have been abandoned to the flames and plunderers. Many things have been deliberately destroyed by their owners in order that the Germans might not get them.

The correspondent spent a night recently at a small hotel in a hamlet, whose door seemed to be sealed. The gray-haired matron who presided over the destinies of the inn was getting ready to leave. Her husband is an officer in the French army, and she was left alone to plan, not only for her establishment, but for her three children.

It was a touching sight to see her going sadly from room to room of the place, which had been her home since the day she was married. The correspondent found her at one time gazing at a priceless piece of ancient Oriental embroidery, which had been intricately framed and hung on the wall.

"Have you a knife?" she asked, suddenly, as she reached up and removed the treasure. She stood the frame before the correspondent and said: "Cut it, please. I will not leave this to the Boche," and so the silken fabric was slashed from the frame. It seemed like sacrilege or vandalism, but there was no other way. This embroidery and a few more valuables were the only things which could be removed from this combined inn and residence of one of the most prominent families in that part of the country. As the matron passed into another room she was murmuring softly to herself: "Oh, my home; my home!"

One luxury that is actually an economy is Salada tea. It yields more than ordinary tea, and, besides, has that unique, delicious flavor.

Charleston

April 22.—Little Miss Maggie Crozier is ill of croup and pneumonia.

Miss Nellie Hudson has returned from Summit, N.J., where she spent the winter.

W. G. Crozier went to the Outlet last week to see his mother, who had the misfortune to fall and break her leg.

D. Hayes, Brockville, was a visitor here over Sunday.

H. Slack is moving back from Lyndhurst to his farm here.

The Red Cross Society expects to meet at Mrs. E. Webster's next Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Mulvenna and daughter, Miss Hattie, have returned home.

Philpville

April 22.—Mr. John Baker has moved to the Bush factory near Morton. Jesse Brown goes to a factory near Lansdowne station.

Miss Mary Roddick, of Lyndhurst, spent the week-end at the home of Mr. Albert Greenham.

Mrs. Thos. Webster, while painting some woodwork in her home here, had the misfortune to fall and break a couple of ribs.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Bredin, who died on Friday in Brockville, after a long illness, was held from the home of Mrs. Charles Davison. The services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Barker, and the remains were interred in the Baptist Cemetery here.

Mr. J. W. Summers had a sale on Thursday, disposing of his drilling outfit and household effects. Mr. Summers expects to leave shortly for the West. Mrs. Summers accompanied by the family will pay her mother an extended visit.

The many friends of Sergt. Hiram Davison, Royal Air Service, of Fortfar, in this place, are sorry to hear that he has been wounded.

Mrs. Arven Brown had the misfortune recently, cutting her hand badly on the top of a pail. Symptoms of blood-poisoning which developed, were glad to hear, have subsided through the prompt attention of Dr. Kelly, of Delta.

Mrs. Denny is improving but slowly.

Mr. Alfred Elliott, Mr. Burt, and Mr. H. W. Imerson have all purchased new cars.

Some one set fire to the grass in the Baptist Cemetery on Saturday morning while a grave was being dug, necessitating quite a bit of work to protect the fence and headstones before it was put under control.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Howard, of Del-

Brockville Business College
WEEKLY BULLETIN

At the special civil service examinations held here Thursday, fifty-four stenographers and typists presented themselves. All except one were either students or graduates. The appointments that the successful candidates will be called upon to fill carry salaries from \$50.00 to \$85.00 monthly.

Misses Mabel Craig and Ina Connor have been called out to go some stenographic work in connection with the Y.M.C.A. campaign.

Miss Madeline Donaghue writes that she has a splendid position as stenographer in the law offices of S. D. Riniker, Rock Rapids, Iowa.

Miss Ina B. Connor has graduated from our stenographic department.

Miss Ruby Bowen is doing some temporary work for the Canada Carriage Co.

For the information of the public we wish to point out that out of an enrolment of 1100 students for the month we have only 10 boys, and of these only five come from the country, and four of the country boys are only 15 years of age and under; two of the others are returned soldiers. A year ago we dismissed all our boys as soon as seeding started. Our idea is that it is not patriotic in these days for boys to be sitting at Business College desks during the spring, summer, and fall months. On account of so much clerical work and so many enlistments, it has become the patriotic duty for young ladies to qualify for clerical and stenographic positions.

Miss Bridget Boberty writes under date of April 12th: "I am pleased to tell you that at a special examination for C. S. stenographers on March 12th, I was successful out of a number of 1000 candidates. I was appointed in the census branch and was sworn in on the following Monday."

Our fees are: For three months, \$4.00, books included. Students enrolled at any time.

W. T. Rogers, Principal
Address: Fulford Building, 2 Court House Avenue, Brockville, Ont.
Phone 273.

BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE

ta, spent Monday here the guests of A. E. Whitmore.

N. Carr has moved from the Singleton farm to the Davison farm here, which he has leased for a number of years.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Topping, Mr. and Mrs. C. Halladay, E. A. Halladay of Elgin; Mr. and Mrs. D. Davison, of Delta; Riley Davison, of Fortfar, were among those from a distance who attended the funeral on Saturday, of the late Mrs. Bredin.

New Passport Rules.

By amendments to the passport regulations, all visiting trips to the United States have been banned for the summer as far as men in categories "A," "B," and "D" are concerned, while the changes give the military permit issuers the power to order a new medical examination for any man in Class One applying for a passport across the line. The object of this is to make absolutely sure that no man who might be physically fit for the army can get out of the country and stay away, and though the exercise of this new examination right has not been resorted to in many instances, it has already resulted in some men being refused a pass to the United States.

It is announced officially that there will be no reduced fares, week-end rates, or convention or athletic meet special fares on the railways this summer, and no reduction in tourist rates.

Cigarette Prices Increase.

The different tobacconists in Brockville and other places where Athenians must go to purchase their cigarettes, were notified on Saturday that on and after that date an increase in the prices of cigarettes would be necessary. All ten cent packages will be sold at two for 25 cents; 15 cent packages at 18 cents, and the dearer varieties will be sold at increased prices, corresponding with the smaller priced brands.

HOT COFFEE

WHO NEEDS IT?
My Boy—Your Boy—Our Boys at the Front.
WHO SERVES IT?
The Y. M. C. A.
WHO PROVIDES IT?
You.

HOW?
By looking through your possessions for broken, useless, unwanted, bits of gold and silver trinkets, discarded jewelry, sterling table silver. All these articles will be melted down and the proceeds turned into Coffee, Tea, Cocoa.

FOR?
Boys in the Front Line Trenches.

To aid in raising the necessary funds, the W.C.T.U. of this town will hold a

Silver Thimble and Trinket Day, May 1-2
Contributions may be sent to G. W. BEACH'S store where ladies will be present to receive them.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Matter of the Estate of Christopher James Wallace, late of the Village of Athens, in the County of Leeds, Gentleman, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to "The Revised Statutes of Ontario" 1914, Chapter 121, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said Christopher James Wallace, who died on or before the tenth day of February, 1918, are required on or before the tenth day of May, 1918, to send by post prepaid or deliver to Irwin Wiltse, Athens, Ontario, the Administrator of the property of the said deceased, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after such last mentioned date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

Dated at Athens the 10th day of April, 1918.
T. R. BEALE,
Solicitor for Administrator

Athens Clean-up Week

Public notice is hereby given that tin cans, broken crockery and similar refuse will be collected on the following days:

Wednesday, May 1st—All that portion of the village lying south of Main street.

Thursday, May 2nd—All that portion of the village lying north of Main street.

In order to expedite this work of removal, it is requested that brokenglass, cans, and small articles, be placed in a box or receptacle which may be emptied into the wagons with the least possible delay.

It is also requested that leaves, grass, etc., raked from the lawns, be not placed on the streets.

A warning is also given regarding the great danger of burning this dry refuse near any buildings, or when there is a wind blowing, or at or toward evening.

By order of the Athens Village Council.

NOTICE

Notices of future events of any kind and for any purpose, at which an admission fee is charged, collection taken at the door or revenue derived in any other way, are classed as advertising, and will be charged at the regular rates of this newspaper.

ATHENS LUMBER YARD

Cedar Shingles, Spruce Clapboards and Flooring, Wall-board, Asphalt Roofing, Portland Cement, Asbestos Plaster, Prepared Lime.

Prices low as possible.



If you are thinking of taking a course at the Brockville Business College, call at the Reporter office. We can save you money on tuition.

Furniture

When intending Purchasing any kind of Furniture visit our store before doing so.

A Good Selection to Choose From

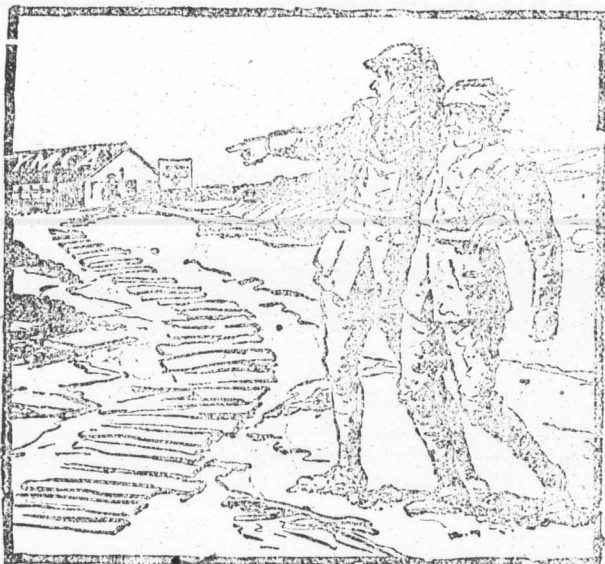
Undertaking

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

GEO. E. JUDSON

ATHENS, ONT.
Bell Phone 41; Rural Phone 28

Vast Issues Depend Upon the Welfare of Our Men!



Cheer Up and Thank God for the Y.M.C.A.

TRY to picture yourself in the muddy cold trenches after exciting days and long nights of mortal danger and intense nervous strain. Rushing "whiz-bangs" and screaming "coal boxes" are no respecters of persons. You are hit! But despite shock and pain you still can face the long weary trudge back to dressing station. Weary, overwrought and depressed, you are prey to wild imaginings of that other coming ordeal with the surgeon. There are other "walking wounded," too! You must wait, wait, wait. And then—

Up comes a cheery Y.M.C.A. man, the ever-present "big brother" to the soldier, with words of manly encouragement. "Close beside the dressing station the good generous folks at home have enabled him to set up a canteen. He hands you biscuits, and chocolate or coffee.



Red Triangle Fund

\$2,250,000, May 7, 8, 9
Canada-Wide Appeal

"In thousands of cases," writes an officer, "it was that hot cup of coffee that dragged the man back to life and sanity." The tremendous helpfulness of the Y.M.C.A. as an aid to the "morale," or fighting spirit, of the soldiers is everywhere praised. No wonder the Germans make every effort to smash the Y.M.C.A. huts out of existence.

The Y.M.C.A. is everywhere. You first met the helpful, manly Y.M.C.A. worker in camp, then on train and boat, as camp in England and in France, close to the firing line. Often he risks his life to reach you in the trenches. He has won the warmest praise from military authorities, statesmen—the King!

Have you a precious boy at the front? You cannot be "over there" to guide him away from fierce temptations of camp and city. You cannot comfort him in his supreme hour of trial. Your parcels to him are necessarily few. But the Y.M.C.A., thank God, is "over there," going where you cannot go—doing the very things you long to do—doing it for you and for him.

Will you help? This vast organization of helpfulness needs at least \$2,250,000 from Canada for 1918. For your boy's sake be GENEROUS!!

National Council, Young Men's Christian Association

Campaign Directors for Red Triangle Fund:

Ontario: Dr. John Brown, Jr., 120 Bay St., Toronto
Quebec: P. S. Dobson, Y.M.C.A., Sherbrooke

War Work Summary

- There are:
 - 67 branches of Canadian Y.M.C.A. in France.
 - 70 branches in England.
 - Dozens of Y.M.C.A. dug-outs in forward trenches under fire.
 - Over 120 Military Secretaries overseas.
 - 300,000 letters a day written in Y.M.C.A. overseas buildings.
 - \$135,000 needed for athletic equipment. (Helps morale of soldiers.)
 - Y.M.C.A. saved hundreds of lives at Vimy Ridge by caring for walking wounded.
 - Over 100 planes in England and France, also 300 gramophones and 27 moving picture machines.
 - Y.M.C.A. helps boys in hospitals.
 - More than 60,000 cups of hot tea and coffee distributed daily in France—free. Estimated cost for 8 months, \$48,000.
 - 150,000 magazines distributed free every month. (Estimated cost \$15,000.)
 - \$125,000 used in 1917 to build huts in France.
 - Concerts, sing-songs, good-night services and personal interviews energetically conducted. Concerts, lectures, etc., cost \$5,000 a month.
 - Thousands of soldiers decide for the better life.
 - Y.M.C.A. sells many needful things to soldiers for their convenience. Profits, if any, all spent for benefit of soldiers.
 - Service to boys in Camp hospitals.
 - Red Triangle Clubs for soldiers in Toronto, St. John and Montreal, Centres in Paris and London for men on leave.
 - Out of Red Triangle Fund, \$75,000 to be contributed to the War Work of the Y.M.C.A.

Boys!

Here's your chance to do a fine stroke in the big war! Help the Y.M.C.A. to help your big brothers overseas by joining in the

"Earn and Give Campaign"

Six thousand Canadian older boys are invited to earn and give at least Ten Dollars (\$10) to the Red Triangle Fund. That means \$60,000 in all! Splendid! Five thousand dollars will be used for boys' work in India and China; another \$5,000 for the National Boys' Work of Canada, and \$50,000 to help big brothers in Khaki. Ask your local Y.M.C.A. representative for information and pledge card. When you have subscribed one or more units of Ten Dollars, you will receive a beautifully engraved certificate.

Proclamation

The New Year Term will open January 2, 1918.
Bookkeeping, Stenographic and Civil Service Courses.
Rates: For three months \$10.00
Each subsequent month 6.00
These fees include cost of text books.
Send for full particulars

BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE
FULFORD BUILDING
Brockville

W. T. ROGERS, Principal

Distinction in Clothes

THERE is a distinctive quality created by good clothes that means much to a man. "Don't judge a man by the coat he wears," is a saying that evidences the natural appraisal that springs up naturally within us. A bankrupt business man bought a new suit with his last few dollars because the moral effect of good clothes is a great factor in civilized life. He knew it—and to-day, he is a successful man.

For years and years, Kehoe's clothes have been the standard for business men, school teachers, clergymen, doctors, and others.

M. J. KEHOE, BROCKVILLE

SCIENTIFIC STORAGE OF FURS

Don't put off storing your Furs until the moths have had a chance to lay their destructive eggs in the warm soft folds of the fur. The first breath of warm weather that comes should be a danger signal to warn you that haste is necessary if you would preserve them in good condition.

Furs require careful handling and when not in use should be placed in the care of competent, reliable furriers.

We will take care of your furs in a scientific manner and hold them until you need them.

Our charges are moderate.

The Robt. Craig Co. Ltd.

Brockville, Ont.