

THE ATHENS REPORTER, OCT. 31, 1906.

he aroused them from their slumbers. They had no excuse to offer. "It is a sad thing for the church to be sleeping while Christ is suffering and praying." 4. The same words—Not that desus merely repeated the same words each time, but these words were the substance of ilis prayer. This prayer is "a model (1) of earnestness, (2) directness, (3) persoverance (4) foith (5) submission." Sunday School.

NOV. 11. 1008.

Jesus in Gethsemane. Matt. 26; 36-50. Commentary .-- 1. Jesus enters the garden (vs. 30, 37). 36. Then-This was about midnight. Cometh-After they had left the upper room they had eaten the paschal supper room they had ear-en the paschal supper. With them — There were only eleven now; Judas was absent making arrangements for the be-trayal. Unto a place—Jesus oftentimes resorced to this quiet retreat with his disciples (John 18, 2) for refreshment, retirement quiet instruction and nor. disciples (John 18, 2) for refreshment, retirement, quiet instruction and per-haps prayer. Gethsemane—The name means oil press, an emblem of trial, dis-tress, agony; it was given to this garden because there was probably, or had been. a press there for the manufacture of olive oil. It was situated just across olive oil. It was situated just across the Cedron from Jerusalem, near the the Cedron from Jerusalem, near the foot of the western slope of Olivet, prob-ably not far from the present garden of the same name. The present Gethsem-anc is about three-quarters of a mile high priest (v. 51), and, in all probabil-ity, some fanatical chief priests and elders also (Luke xxii, 52), who wished from the wall of Jerusalem, and con-tains eight venerable olive trees.—Eder-sheim. Sit ye here—He left eight of the disciplice at the centreme of the disciplication. to witness the capture .- Schaff. Swords -Or clubs, the 2rms of the temple watch and the crowd. John adds also disciples at the entrance of the garden. Pray-Christ frequently went alone to

pray. 37. Took with him—Farther into the garden, to a spot more retired. "In this hour Jesus needed human sympathy, even while he must tread the wine press alone." Three times he went 'to them during this season of prayer. The de-sire for fellowship in hours of darkness and of sorrow is one of the desires of love, and is strongest in the hearts in which love is the richest."—Abbott. "Ev-ery wise person accepts of all the sym-pathy and help he can get. To throw this away is to reject one of the best aids (iod has given us in our times of trial or of labor." Two sons of Zebedee —James and John. The three disciples 37. Took with him-Farther into the -Schaff

trial or of labor." Two sons of Zebedee James and John. The three disciples Jerus took with him had been witnesses of his transfiguration and glory, and were now to behold his humiliation and called Gethsemane' is, I. A place of supplication. "Sit ye here, while I go and pray yonder" (v. 36). Secret prayer is a never-failing source of strength, comfort, safety and blessing (Matt. vi. 6). "Next to know-ing Christ as Saviour and receiving the Holy Spirit, we know of no act attended with levere could then the fourthing Began to be sorrowful-'To be agony. enetrated with the most exquisite sorrow, and overwhelmed with deep an-guish." Very heavy—Sore troubled; a stronger word than the other. It was a climax of sorrow, a deep and terrible anguish.

II. The bitter cup of sorrow (vs. 38, 39). 38. Even unto death—My soul is so dissolved in sorrow, my spirit is fill-ed with such agony and anguish, that the first hour of the day alone with

ed with such agony and angular, just if speedy succor be not given to my body death must be the immediate conse-quence.—Clarke. "It was agony that would destroy his life if it continued." This sorrow he felt for the sins of a lost race: Isa, 53, 4, explains it. The agony become ac great that his sweat was II. A place of sorrow. "He began to be sorrowful and very heavy. exceeding sorrowful, even unto death" (vs. 37, 38) Christ's anguish was not caused by the race; 1sa, 53, 4, explains it. The agony became so great that his sweat was great drops of blood falling down to the ground. "It was 'with strong crying and tears' (Heb. 5, 7); it was his 'soul' that was sorrowful. The physical suf-ferings of our Lord were never the chiet source of his pain."—W. N. Clark. Tarry ye here — Spoken to the three disciples. sciples. 39. A little farther—About a stone's ist (Luke): one hundred and fifty to disciples

cast (Luke); one hundred and fifty to other sufferings.

two hundred feet. There were now three divisions of the little company— the eight, the three, and Jesus alone two hundred feet. There were now three divisions of the little company— the eight, the three, and Jesus aloue On his face—"This was the ordinary pos-ture of the supplicant when the favor asked was great, and deep humiliation required. The head was put between the knees, and the forehead brought to touch the earth." My father—In all our addresses to the earth." My Father—In all our all our addresses to God, we should eye him as a Father—as our Father; and it is in a special manner helpful eye him as a Father—as our Father; manded. Yet he failed in the lesser ser-and it is in a special manner helpfut to do so when we are in an agony— Henry. If it be possible, etc.—This has often been explained in a way to make it appear that Christ was fervently ask-ing the Father, if possible, to remove the cup of intense suffering, which was done when the angel came strengthening the cup of intense suffering, which was done when the angel came strengthening him. Jesus knew that it was the divine purpose that he should come to the cross and it was in harmony with this plan that he asked that the death agonics of that he asked that the death agonics of



New York, Oct. 29.—Three hundred chaffeaurs, employed by the New York Transportation Company, which oper-ates 350 public electric cabs, went on strike to-day for an increase in wages. As a result nearly all the cabs remained in the big garage at 50th street and Eighth avenue to-day and many of the companey's regular patrons were forced to patronize the elevated and subway trains to reach their places of business. The men declare they are compelled to report for work at the garage every morning at 7 o'clock and some days they are not given any work at all. They are paid at the rate of 16 2-3 cents an hour for the time they work. They demand to relative or dinary machines a unit (1) or carnestness, (2) directness, (3) perseverance, (4) faith, (5) submission." V. Jesus betrayed (vs. 45-50). 45. Sleep on now—Jesus had gained the vic-tory. The hour for watching was over and now they could take their rest. There was now, probably, a short period of time before the coming of the traiter. of time before the coming of the traitor. But Jesus was on the alert, and when He heard the approaching multitude and saw the lanterns and torches he aroused the sleepers. 43. Let us be going-To meet Judas and the soldiers. Jesus is

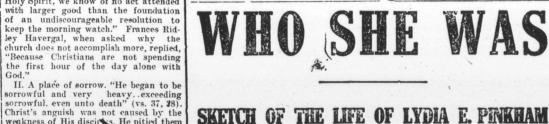
ready; without hesitancy He turns His face toward thei terrible sufferings of the cross. 47. Great multitude—Com-posed of a detachment of the Roman cohort stationed in the Castle Antonia (John xviii, 3, 12, "the band"), of the Jewish temple-watch (Luke xxii, 52, "the captains of the temple"); of others, in cluding servants and dependents of the

NEW BRUNSWICK SHIP'S PLIGHT.

what lay in the nature of the case, that they were provided with 'lanterns and BATTERED VESSEL TRYING TO REACH CUBA. torches," as well as weapons. 48. Kiss —Probably the usual salutation of the disciples to their Master. Her Captain Refused to be Taken Off-He and Six Men Perched on the 49. Kissed Him-A stronger word than Afterhouse of the Ship-Tossed by that used in the last verse. The sign

was a kiss, but the performance a car-essing.—Meyer. 50. Friend—A term of civility though not necessarily of friend-

ship. Christ's meekness and gentleness surpass even the standard which He holds up for His disciples in Matt. v. 39. In this lesson we find that the "place called Gethsemane" is,



And a True Story of How the Vegetable Compound Had Its Birth and How the "Panic of '73" Caused

it to be Offered for Public Sale in Drug Stores.

This remarkable woman, whose maiden name was Estes, was born in Lynn, Mass., February 9th, 1819, com-ing from a good old Quaker family. For some years she taught school, and became known as a woman of an alart

The Pinkhams had no money, and little credit. Their first laboratory was the kitchez, where roots and herbs were the kitchez, where roots and herbs were steeped on the stove, gradually filling a gross of bottles. Then came the question of selling it, for always before they had given it away freely. They hired a job printer to run off some pamphlets setting forth the merits of the medicine, now called Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and these were distributed by the Pinkham sons in Boston, New York, and Brookyn. by the Pingham New York, and Brooklyn. The wonderful curative properties of



and 150 colored cheese at to-day's market. No sales. Bidding 12c. Brockville .- At the regular meeting of the

Curb at 12%c. Cowansville, Que.-At the weekly meeting of the Eastern Townships Dairymen's Ex-change, held here to-day, 24 creameries of-fered 615 boxes cheese. Sales of cheese: J. J. Dickey, 336 boxes at 12 3-16c, and 94 boxes at 12%c; Gun, Langlois & Co., 50 boxes at 12%c; and 75 boxes at 12%c; all sold.

Flour-Manitoba patent, \$3.75, track, To-roato; Ontario, 99 per cent. patents, \$2.75 bid for export; Manitoba patent, special brands, \$1.50; strong bakers', \$4. ma, which ran down on him last Sunday, when she was wallowing in the seas six hundred miles cast of Florida. The captain asked only that he be given St. Lawrence sugars are quoted as follows: Granulated, $\frac{1}{2}4.48$ in barrels, and No. 1 golden, $\frac{1}{2}4.08$ in barrels. These prices are for delivery here; car lots 5c less. supplies to replace those which were ruined when his ship filled with water. When this request was granted the cap-tain and his crew settled down in their

precarious quarters on the roof of the afterhouse and announced their deter-mination to sail the Sirocco to Cuba. The Sirocco sailed from St. John, N. B., He and Six Men Perched on the Afterhouse of the Ship-Tossed by Wind and Scas-The Ship in Poor Shape.

Shape. New York, Oct. 29.—Somewhere far out in the Atlantic, off the Florida coast, half a dozen men, perched on the roof of the afterhouse of the waterlogged Bri-tish schooner Sorceco, are struggling against wind and sea to reach a Cuban port with their almost helpless charge.

-OP-

The Week.

CHEESE MARKETS.

FLOUR PRICES.

TORONTO SUGAR MARKET.

MANITOBA WHEAT.

t the Winnipeg option market to-day following were the closing quotations: 74%c bid, Nov. 74%c, Dec. 71%c, May

TORONTO FARMERS' MARKET.

London .- Three factories offered 530 white

2 50

July

	, top, extra neavy \$0 05	•
	Peaches, inferior 0 20	
	Peaches, inferior 0 20	
	Grapes, Concords and War-	
	dens 0 20	
8	Concord, small 0 20	
r	Red Rogers, large 0 40	
	Red Rogers, small 0 25	
٧.	Bananas, bunch, firsts 1 25	
	Bananas, Jumbos 2 25	
	. Do., part green 1 50	
ł	Do., firsts 1 50	
8	Do., eights (green) 140	
-	Lemons, new Messinas, ber-	
8	rel 6 00	
8	Lemons. Californias 10 00	
n.	Oranges, Jamaicas, bbl 6 00	
1	Tomatges, green 0 15	
6	Potatoes, per bushel, 0 50	
	Good fall apples 175	
g	Celery, per dozen 0 35	
v	Yellow Danvers onions, bag	
	delivered 0 90	
ĭ	Do., outside points 0 70	
-	Onions, Valencias, large 2 75	
b .	New Florida oranges, bbl3 50	
	Malaga grapes, per keg 6 00	
	Cranberries, per bbl 9 00	
f	Sweet potatoes, per bbl 2 25	

BRITISH CATTLE MARKETS.



-and lasting relief. The root of the trou-ble is worked on-the Uric Acid dissolv-ed and carried out of the body, naturally -the entire system put in excellent health-when

Dr. H. H. Mack's

Brockville.—At the regular meeting of the cheese board here to-day, 3,785 cheese were offered, 2,045 colored, balance white: 123/co bid, and about three-quarters sold at that price. Belleville.—There were boarded 2,432 white and 230 colored cheese here to-day. Sales were: 230 colored at 12%c: 1,235 white at 12%c: 515 white at 12 3-16c; balance on curb at 12%c. Covaneylle One —At the weekly meeting which have been given up as hopeless. After investigating the matter thor-oughly, Mr. C. W. Mack, the rubber stamp manufacturer, Toronto, and cou-sin of Dr. Mack, has given this remedy his fullest endorsement, and substantial-ly backed the doctor in placing it before

the public. No business man would do this with an article that was not as represented. If you are suffering from any form of Rheumatism, write for free booklet. Write to-day. Address: Dr. H. H. Mack,

60 Yonge street, Toronto.

Bradstreet's on Trade.

Montreal.-General trade here con-Montreal.—General trade nere con-tinues to show a good tone. The sorting trade is rather more active in all lines. Heavy dry goods lines are moving bet-ter, following touches of winter so scveral parts of the country. Western trade in particular has indulged in a count on this account. Shipments of

Deliveries of grain at St. Lawrence Mar-spurt on this account. Shipments of ket this morning showed little improvement. Barley receipts were very light and prices are firme. Oats are firm. Hay is guoted a little easier this morning(with more of it coming in:-New York, Oct. 29.—Somewhere far out in the Atlantic, off the Florida coast, half a dozen men, perched on the roof of the afterhouse of the waterlogged Bri-tish schooner Sorreco, are strugging against wind and sea to reach a Cuban port with their almost helpess charge. The plight of the men is due in part to the heroic devotion of their captain, who, when help was at hand, chose to face death rather than abanden his ship and her cargo of lumber. He deelined an of-fer of assistance from the steamer Par-**WORTO SCHE WORDS** SHIPS WWARDS **WORHOO SCHE WORDS** WWARDS WARDS are and the steamer Par-**Wast-Steady**. 100 bushels selling at 70c. Data Store one load sold auchanged at 30 for choice light, market this more table were the particularly firm and prices range of st. John, N. B. **WORTO SCHE WORDS** THE WWARDS WARDS WAR

The deliveries of Canadian fruits down at the warehouses of the wholesale firms yes terday reminded one of the "big" days down on Scott street.

the country of the early marketing of grain is being well set forth this year. Collections are better./ All lines of \$0 75 0 30 0 30 trade report a satisfactory business. The sorting trade in dry goods is brisk, and there has been an improvement in the demand for winter lines. Gioceries are $\begin{array}{c} 0 & 30 \\ 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 35 \\ 1 & 75 \\ 1 & 75 \\ 1 & 50 \end{array}$ active, with a firmer tendency to nearly all lines. Arrivals of hardware from the east are heavy and will continue so until

after the close of navigation. Vancouver and Victoria.—There is little change to business conditions along the coast. Following unusual activity in all lines of industry and a steadily grow-ing population the demand for goods of all kinds is very brisk. Never before has the retail trade shown such continued activity as it has during the past two

Hamilton.—There is now a good sorting trade for all winter lines. Dry goods are particularly active, but the movement in hardware is also very brisk. Values hold firm, but despite this fact the demand is very largely for goods of the better class. Travellers in the coun-

this hour might pass from him.—H. C. Hovey in Hom. Review.

III. The disciples Asleep (vs. 40, 41.)

their minds intensely strained, and now a quict smile: 'Never mind. It's all in a reaction had come, of silent stillness the will.' It is such a wonderful thing and darkness. And yet we cannot help for us to get hold of this. 1 am not feeling that if they had had a deeper talking of something away up in the sympathy with Christ and a fuller reali-clouds. There is a strain on our lives zation of the crisis, they would have been found kept awake, and not have been found

kept awake, and not have been found sleeping on guard. Christ's gentle re-proof implies this " Unto Peter—Peter had just made loud prefessions. With me—He was anfiering for them, but only expected that they would watch with him. One hour—Sometimes Christ con-tinued in prayer all night, but he only asked them to watch with him one hour. 41. Watch and pray—A testing time is coming, and you will need to watch the refailly and pray earnestly. The Chris-

is coming, and you will need to watch carefully and pray earnestly. The Christ added, thise. The first sentence talging workl, the flesh and the devil. The per-son who fails to watch opens the doors the flexible that there was still a for the tempter to enter. "Prayer is future before them, with new opportan-future before them, with new opportan-tion and the second second second second second second second future before them, with new opportan-tion and the second second second second second second second future before them, with new opportan-tion and the second sec for the tempter to enter. "Prayer is ons of the means by which we are en-abled to keep awake spiritually." Into temptation—The enemy near at hand; they were about to undergo a very se-vere test. Would their faith and cour-are fail them." (Nod is able to hear) age fail them? God is able to keep us from entering into temptations, even though we may be in the midst of temp-"The ship is safe in the ocean tations. IN THE ABITIBI AND OTHER The spirit.....willing, etc.—They de-sired to watch with Him and thus show Montreal, Oct. 29.-(Special.)-Ther

their symapthy and love for Him, but their bodies and minds were weak. IV. Jesus prevails in prayer (vs. 42.)

42. The second time-His going running down the slope from the height 44). 42. The second time—firs going the second and third time shows how great was the burker, and all's intense enrnestness and perseverance. Curist's the Abitibi and other rivers in the same earnestness and perseverance. Christ's prayer was answered, and answered in the same way that God answered in prayers. The angel strengthening Him (Luke) was a direct answer. What an

(Luke) was a direct answer. What an (Luke) was a direct answer. What an example is this to us! If it was neces-sary for Christ to-pray three tunes. Stevenson Smith, of Hampden, Va., two sary for Christ to-pray three times. Stevenson Smith, of Hampden, Va., two how many times ought we to pray? 43. experts, to prepare a report on the sub-Their eyes were heavy—They could not keep them occn; they were not able to weight droweiness. Mark tells us that arrived. It declares that fish, especially from knew not what to answer him when trout, are abundant in all these rivers.

LOTS OF FISH

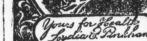
RIVERS IN THAT DISTRICT.

When our hands are folded our strength oczes out of us.

-Carried by the Roman soldiers. Staves

PRACTICAL APPLICATIONS.

IV. A place of submission. "Neverthe-40. Conceth unto the disciples—He did this three times during this awful hour. He apparently desired communion with He apparently desired communion with The apparently desired communication what a gassis (Heb. x. 7; John V. 34). Margar-them and the sympathy and comfort which they could give. Asleep—Luke says they were sleeping for sorrow. "It his fellow servants in passing upset some was very late, after midnight, long after their accustomed hour of sleep; they had been amid very exciting scenes, with lessness. But instead, he only said with



and investigating mind, an earnest seeke after knowledge, and above all, possess of a wonderfully sympathetic nature.

In 1843 she married Isaac Pinkham a builder and real estate operator, and their early married life was marked by prosperity and happiness. They had four children, three sons and a daughter. Lydia E. Pinkham herself did not live to see the great success of this work. She passed to her reward years ago, but not till she had provided means for continu-ing her work as effectively as she could have done it harroff

have done it herself.

In those good old fashioned days it was common for mothers to make their own home medicines from roots and herbs, nature's own remedies—calling in During her long and eventful experiburning her hong and eventual experi-ence she was ever methodical in her work and she was always careful to pre-serve a record of every case that came to her attention. The case of every sick woman who applied to her for advice-and there more thousands evident be to have a series of the specially urgent cases. By tradition and experience many of them gained a wonderful knowledge of the curative properties of the various roots and herbs. and there were thousands-received careful study and the details, including

Mrs. Pinkham took a great interest in the study of roots and herbs, their char-acteristics and power over disease. She maintained thaf just as nature so bounti-fully provides in the harvest-fields and orchards vegetable foods of all kinds; so, if we but take the pains to find them, in the roots and herbs of the field three symptoms, treatment and results recorded for future reference, and to these records, together with hundred ults wer these records, together with numbers of thousands made since, are available to sick gromen the world over, and repre-sent a vast collaboration of information regarding the treatment of woman's ills, which for authenticity and accuracy can be available in our information to the are remedies expressly designed to cure the various ills and weaknesses of the body, and it was her pleasure to search hardly be equaled in any library in the world

these out, and prepare simple and effec-tive medicines for her own family and friends. With Lydia E. Pinkham worked her daughter-in-law, the present Mrs. Pink-ham. She was carefully instructed in

Chief of these was a rare combination all her hard-won knowledge, and for years she assisted her in her vast corres of the choicest medicinal roots and herbs found best adapted for the cure of the pondence.

ham's Vegetable Compound : made from simple roots and heres; the one great medicine for women's ailments, and the

Law mound Williams

form best weaknesses peculiar to the female sex, and Lydia E. Pinkham's friends and neighbors learned that her compound relieved and cured and it became quite To her hands naturally fell the direc-tion of the work when its originator passed away. For nearly twenty-five years she has continued it, and nothing in the work shows when the first Lydia popular among them.

All this so far was done freely, without money and without price as a labor of love. But in 1873 the financial crisis struck Lynn. Its length and severity were too nuch for the large real estate interests of the Pinkham family, as this class of business suffered most from fearful de-pression, so when the Centennial year away. Some other source of income had to be found.

At this point Lydia & Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was made known to the world.

The three gons and the daughter, with | whose name it bears.

the medicine were, to a great extent, self-advertising, for whoever used it re-London.—Canadian cattle in the Brtish market are quoted at 10c to 11%c per lb. refrigerator Leef, 9c to 9% per lb. commended it to others, and the demand radually increased. TORONTO SUGAR MARKETS.

In 1877, by combined efforts the family In 1877, by combined efforts the family had saved enough money to commence newspaper advertising and from that time the growth and success of the enter-prise were assured, until to-day Lydia E. Pinkham and her Vegetable Compound have become household words every-where, and many tons of roots and herbs are used annually in its manufacture.

St. Lawrence sugars are quoted as fol-lows: Granulated, \$4.48 in barrels, and No. 1 golden, \$4.08, in barrels. These prices are for delivery here; car lots 5s less. LEADING WHEAT MARKETS.

New York Detroit Toledo ... St. Louis Minneapolis 78% Duluth LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN AND FROMESIONS. Liverpool Cable.—Closing: Wheat spet firm; No. 2 red western winter 6s; futures firm: Dec. 6s 6d; March 6s 5%d. Corn spot quiet; American mixed 4s 4d; futures firm; Oct. nominal; Dec. 4s 4%d; Jan. 4s 1%d. Butter—Finest U. S. steady 95s; good U. S. steady 85s. Hops at London Pacific coast quiet £4, 4s and £5.

nops at housen Facture coast quet as, of Flour-St. Louis fancy winter steady 8s.
Beef-Extra Indian mess firm 70s.
Pork-Prime mess western dull 81s 3d.
Hams-Short cut 14 and 15 ibs. dull 57s.
Bacon, long clear middles light 28 and 34 lbs.; steady 54s 6d; do heavy 35 and 40 lbs.
steady 54s.
Lard-Prime western in tierces firm 49s; American refined in palls firm 48s 6d.
Turpentine-Spirits firm 49s 3d.

Ivory sold at London yesterday at record prices - £90 10s per cwt. The aver-age of the price last sale was £75.

SIR WM. MACDONALD.

SIR W.M. MACDONALD. Among the stockholders of the defunct Ontario Bank the name of Sir William Mac-donald ligures prominently as the holder of several hundred shares. This is one stock-holder over whom the public will not waste much sympathy, for no one in Canada better than Sir William an afford to lost a few hun-dred dollara. This Scotch Knight, who earned his money by making chewing tobacco for the marses, and whose title came through benefactions to McGill University, is a great believer in putting his surplus capital into hank stocks. Incidentally, it might be men-tion dollars' worth of Bank of Montreal in that institution, and upon whose board of directors he also sits. Sir William is bittle like the average director of Canada's son, and he does know, too, for seldom it is hand agin, he is of an enquiring turn of meas many hand in the bottom of busi-tand and likes to get at the bottom of busi-ter, mich can be done to an upon whose board ind and likes to get at the bottom of busi-tand agin, he is of an enquiring turn of meas many hand he done store and meeting; and agin, he is of an enquiring turn of meas many hand head to be an and the store store and meeting the second the done store and meeting the second the store of bar and the boots on the board and the store of a second the store of the second is bar and agin, he is of an enquiring turn of meas meeting. The second bar and the store of the second second bar and the second bar and the bar and the second second bar and the second bar and bar and the second bar and bar and

Liverpool Apple Market.

Woodall & Co. cabled Eben James as fol-ws:-13,000 bbls selling; market active; estorn Ben Davis and King's firsts, 13s Jas: seconds, 11s to 14s 3d; Baldwina, the Construct 16 CC Suis, 17s

18: Russets, 16s to 18s 60; minger, and rd

try speak very hopefully of prospects for future trade. Collections are generally good. London.—The movement of wholesale

and retail stocks here continues brisk Country trade is in good condition. Ottawa.—There is a continued g Ottawa.—There is a continued good cone to all lines of trade here. Collec-

tions are generally good.



HEALTHFUL, DELICIOUS AND CLEANLY PREPARED CEYLON GREEN TEA is all PURE Tea, and is rapidly taking the place of Japan teas. Lead packets only. 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. At all grocers.



"Suppose we go and find him," said Kenneth to Mary, who blushed vividly, and saying, "If you like," rose and went to find her hat.

Kenneth followed her. As he left the room Mona's eyes met those of War-ing. They both smiled, and she felt that Kenneth had been very confidential to his new friend in their frequent inter-

"Now, what can I do for you?" asked Mona, gently. "The docter says that you are to be amused, though not ex-cited."

"Oh, if you would lap me in Elysium, read to me! I find I get awfully tired holding up a book." "With pleasure; What shall it be? The papers? "No, a book—any book." "Do you deign to read namels?"

"Do you deign to read novels?" "I have liked some novels." "We have nothing very new, but here is a volume of essays — Freemans Es-says, which are more interesting than many novels. Perhaps you have read

"No, never! Would you mind sitting oposite to me? I shall hear you bet-ter. Do you know it seems to me as if some queen of romance was condescend ing to comfort her wounded servant!" You were not wounded in my ser

vice!" said Mona, a smile dimpling mouth. "Now, you must not talk, Mr. Waring." He bent his head, and so disarranged

his cushions Mona gently replaced them, and be

gan her lecture.

Waring listened, apparently with much interest, and occasionally made an ob-servation which proved it; then she herinterest. self became absorbed in the charm of style and idea, and she read on for some time without looking up. When she did so, Waring's eyes were closed, and his head rested against the pillow. Mona thought he slept, and presuming, lest a sudden break might wake him, read a few sentences in a carefully-subdued voice, and then ceased and sat gazing at him with an expression of tenderness and compassion of which she was unaware.

ware. Suddenly Waring opened his eyes and fixed them on her for a moment, with a look of pain and sadness—but only for a moment, the next, he exclaimed— "You thought I was asleep, but I was not; I was only dreaming heavenly dreams."

"That implies sleep," said Mona, shak- Uncle Sandy. "We will come along and ing her head. meet you.'

"I can repeat the two last sentences," said Waring, and he did so. "I like books better than I did," he continued. "I used to be an awfully stupid chap at school. I fancy I was exceedingly youthful, not to say backward, for my

years. Now you are tired, you must be tired; don't read any more." "I read much longer to Uncle Sandy

she did not vegret that she had rejected him. "Then, I should have misunderstood him; we should have drifted apart, as we shall now; but at least I do him jus-tice. All that remains to me is to hide my own feelings (he shall never pity me), and bid him good-bye forever with tolerable composure. Forever! Ah! it is a hard, cruel fate!" Then he was so very reasonable. He had not worried her with any expressive looks or words which insinu-ated lover-like feeling. He liked her to read to him, or to write for him; but he

the invalid most.

tolerable composure. Forever! An! it is a hard, cruel fate!" She was not of the sentimental, weep-ing order of young ladies. She sat, very white and still, and thought it all out, and resolved on her own line of con-duct. She would be a kind, pleasant friend while they were together—and af-ter! Then, indeed, would come anguish and despair—a brief parting, probably to meet no more on earth. Slowly she gathered herself together, and collected her ideas. Then she wrote a long, gossiping letter to Mrs. Fielden, telling all the events of their little word. This accomplished, she gazed critically in the glass, smoothed her hair, and looked for her hat. hoping to efface any sign of emotion before meeting any of the party. It so happened that Waring asked for was nearly as well pleased with the ser-vices of Miss Black-nearly, not quite; and when in a talkative mood, he used

and when in a talkative mood, he used to describe the wild beauty of his Cali-fornian home quite eloquently. He really had more in him than she at one time could have believed. He really had grown quite good-looking, too (Mona was keenly alive to exterior advantages), and she often thought, as he ky back on the sofa cushions, what an honest, strong face he had, and how much the thought-ful sub-expression of sadness it had de-veloped, beautified and ennobled it. Then the temporary weakness of his strong frame appealed to the tenderness of her most womanly heart; there was undoubtedly a friendly sympathy be-

It so happened that Waring asked for one or two particular songs that even-ing. Mona sung them easily and sweetof her most womanly heart; there was undoubtedly a friendly sympathy be-tween them. Her voice never sounded so sweet, so expressive, as when she read or sung to him. But they were rarely alone together. Mary Black was not behindhand in delicate attentions, and, as Kenneth observed, both young ladies wied with each other who should snoil "You have not had any bad news?" h

asked, coming over to stand by the pi-"No. What made you think so?" "Ah, that I can not tell! 'You look so pale. There was something—I do not know what—in your voic that made

vied with each other who should spoil me fancy you mere-not so bright as uşual.

To Mary, however, most of his talk and good-humored chaff was directed. He praised her songs loudly, and said but little about Mona's, except now and then an imploring exclamation of "Do go on", 'Another, please, another." "Why, Mr. Waring, are you growing unciful? You will be writing poetry "Why, Mr. Waring, are you growing fanciful? You will be writing poetry next." "Perhaps I may! Do you and Miss Black never sing duets?" "Oh yes, we have one or two, Wonld you like us to sing togethere"

Uncle Sandy, however good-humcred did not admit of any neglect, and always You fike us to sing togethere" "Yes, very much." "Conce, Mary, and try 'Oh, Wert Thou In the Cauld Blast.' I do not think we can do much in this way." When this was over Mary was called to play chess with her host, Kenneth stole away to enjoy a private smoke, and Mona and Waring were effectually tete-a-tete. demanded an hour or more of Mona's time after their early dinner, while she read to him the better part of the fam-

the sector is the sector part of the fam-ous "Scotsman." and some portion of the Times' weekly edition, which reached them every Saturday. Sometimes #\ar-ing slept on the drawing-room sofa dur-ing this exercise—sometimes he came to tete-a-tete. "You are wonderfully better, Mr. War-

listen, while Mary and Kenneth disappeared; but occasionally the former took her work and sat with the "ill mon." The ing," said Mona, who for once was doing nothing, and sat ensconsed in a deep murmur of their voices while thus en gaged, with occasional bursts of merri-ment, came through the door of com-munication to Mona one afternoon, as armchair, which was well in the shadow armchair, which was weil in the shadowy recess of the window, away from the lamp, near which the chess players were seated, Waring somewhat weary after his walk, lounged on the sofa, from which, being still more in darkness, he could see her profile against the moon-lighted window. "Yes"—suddenly, as if out of his thoughte—"that is exactly what I have

"Dinna let him do too much!" cried

Waring was now permitted to take "No, he has been wonderfully kind,

exercise, and was rapidly recovering. "What shall I read next?" asked Mona. though I have been troublesome enough There is an article on the Soudanto tire you all out."

"Naw." said her uncle—one of his most negative "naws," which always seemed to Mona as if it could stop a torto the you all out." "We are not quite tired out yet." "Oh, you and Miss Black are a brace of angels; and, in short, I must stay till my arm is as strong as ever, which Don-aldson promises it shall be. A right arm is important everywhere, but particular-ly in my new abode. Do I like the idea of returning? Oh I shar't be correct to be of rent—and he sat in thought for a min-ute; then he roused himself. returning? Oh. I shan't be sorry to be at work again; but the mere going will be awfully hard. I mean I shall be very sorry to say good-bye to you all." They were both silent for a few mom-

Waring really loved Mary, or any other woman, how was she to endure it? The mere idea filled her with despair. The a South Kensington aesthetic evening party; but he is a very good fellow, a gentleman as regards keeping his word, mere idea filled her with despair. The terrible conviction grew upon her that, she loved her rejected lover with all the warmth and tenderness of her fine rich nature, not in any half-hearted way, but glowingly, completely. She loved him for the straightforward, honest af-fection which made him hasten to offer and a first rate shot." Another pause. Mona leaned her head against the back of her chair, and gazed dreamily at the moonlight, which slum-bered in silver radiance on the opposite

THE ATHENS REPORTER, OCT 31, 1906.

hill-side. "When was Lisle here," asked Waring

"Oh, let me see. In the autumn- in September and October."

but glowingly, completely. She loved him for the straightforward, honest af-fection which made him hasten to offer her all he had in her hour of need. She loved him for the delicate consideration which had guided him in their brief en-gagement, for the forbearance with which he had offered her his friendship when she had refused his love, for the stand he had made against his own fol-lies and weakness, and for the resolu-tion which he had cast off his attitude of lover to herself. She admired and loved his quiet, unpretending strength, his sunburzed face, his big brown eyes that could say so much if they chose, Never again could she touch his hand without an electric thrill. She loved him! loved as she never before dreamed she could love, and all in vain. He had put off the lover forever. She was from his life a thing apart; and he was, or could he, her whole existence. Yet. through all, she did not vegret that she had rejected him. September and October." "I suppose he is the same cool hand as ever." "I suppose he is the same cool hand as ever." "I see very little change in him, ex-cept that he looks a good deal older." "And he has the family estate now? "I dare say he will make a good land-lord. He understands his own interest." "I have no doubt he does." "I have no doubt he does." "I have done with that world." "It is a pleasant world when one is in it, yet I do not regret it either." "You? Oh, you will flourish in it, I have no doubt." "I imagine I am as much cut off from

"I imagine 1 am as much cut off from it as you can be." "No, no! Women like you must al-

ways be at a premium—in an ornamen-tal, pleasure seeking society; some one will persuade you to enter the ranks once

more. Mona laughed-a low, mocking laugh

"And I shall never forget her either. And Lisle—have you not seen him since." "Not since the autumn, or early win-ter. He called once or twice when I was with Madame Debrisay when she wan so

ill. "Oh, indeed."

Another pause. Then Waring proceeded to inquire for Bertie Everard and many of their former mutual acquaintances most of whom were lost to sight, and were by no means dear to sight, and were by no means dear to Mona's mem

ory. "I suppose I ought to clear out of this about a fortnight," said Waring, as if to himself. "Do not think of travelling until you

feel sure of your strength," returned Mona, earnestly. "It would be dreadful to be laid up in such a place as you describe your home to be." "Home. It certainly is not one's idea cf nome."

"But if the place improves under your hand, you will grow fond of it." I suppose so," rather dejectedly. "Of course, I do not intend to end my days there."

"Oh, no! Of course not. When you make a fortune you will come back to England."

"A fortune. If I can screw competence "Yes. I know you do not care for money," returned Waring, quickly. Then they both blushed and there was a silence of some minutes

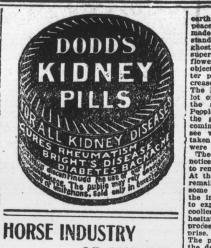
silence of some minutes. "I suppose Lisle will be up here gain," resumed Waring, rather abrupt again,"

ly. (To be continued.)

BABY'S GOOD DAYS.

which, being still more in darkness, he could see her profile against the moon-lighted window. "Yes"—suddenly, as if out of his thoughts—"that is exactly what I have been saying to myselt. In short, I feel as if I were staying here on thisk pretenses. I ought to be on the move." "I am sure my uncle does not think so!" Tablets oure indigestion, colic, constipation, simple fevers, teething troubles, and all the minor ailments of little ones.

They do not contain one particle of the poisonous opiates found in all soothing medicines and most liquid preparations. The Tablets can be given with absolute safety to the babe just born as well as In addition to the work as above outthe child of advanced years. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent by mail at 25 lined, it is being arranged to have one public meeting in each county at some cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams centrally located, and where point Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. special interest is taken in the horse in-dustry. The object of the meeting is



OF ONTARIO. INVESTIGATION BY THE ONTARIO

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. At the last session of the Legislature the Minister of Agriculture secured an

appropriation for the purpose of making Mona laughed—a low, mocking laugh —but did not reply. "How is that capital woman Madame Debrisay—I mean Mrs. Fieldon? I al-ways liked her." "She is very well, I believe, and must be at Biarritz by this time. Yes; she is the kindest, truest soul. How good she was to me, I can never forget." "And I shall never forget her either. And Lisle—have you not seen him since." an investigation into the condition of

to adopt to encourage more extensiv breeding of a better class of horses.

Following are the principal points which will be considered in the course of the investigation:

1. The number, type, quality and breed-ing of stallions and brood mares in the Provi

2. What conditions have affected on are affecting the quality and number of stallions and brood mares in the various sections of the Province, and if the effect is for good whether or not the some conditions could be applied in other sections, and if the conditions have not a good effect what could be done to improve hem.

3. What class of horses can most profitably be raised in different sections of the Province under the natural condi-tions found in those sections.

4. The system of owning horses by a syndicate and any other plan at present adopted in Ontario other than private ownership.

5. The views of horsemen generally as to the advisability of a stallion inspection act. 6. Suggestions from those interested

in the horse business as to what can be done to improve conditions of the horse business generally.

In order to procure this information the Province will be divided into eight districts. Two competent and expert horsemen have been selected and allotted to each district. From five to six weeks will be spent in each district by the com-

will be spent in each district by the com-mittee appointed for that district. The districts will be composed of a number of counties grouped together, the num-ber making up each district being de-cided by the length of time required to go through a county. Each county will require from four to nine days. The information regarding stallions will be as detailed as possible, each stallion in

as detailed as possible, each stallion in the Province being inspected. The inthe Province being inspected. The information regarding mares cannot be got so accurately, but a great deal of information can be procured from the stal-lion owners in each district as to the number, type and quality of the brood mares, the committee having an oppor-tunity of confirming this by noting the mares, the committee having an oppor-tunity of confirming this by noting the appearance of the mares seen while travelling through the district Barged. Barged and a fair trial." appearance of the mares seen while traveling through the district. Regard-ing the other matters of a more general nature, information will be procured by close observation and by conversation with those met by the committee who every nerve in the body. may have any knowledge of the local these pills cure all commo

earth to produce great havoc among the preaceful citizens of Calcutta. This story made a great impression on many of the by-standers, some of whom sheered off leaft the shost lay his hand on those near him. Some superstitutious Hindus went so far as to lay flowers and garlands on the spot with the object of worshipping Shive. During the lat-ter part of the day the crowd largely in-creased and traffic was much incouvenienced. The European polico officer on duty had a lot of trouble in dispersing the orowd and the scene was allogethe? very amusing. People were sometimes running away for fear the ghost should devour theorem, and then coming back to the spot out of curiosity to see whether any further development had taken place. Indeed, curiosity and timidity were in conflict with each other throughout. The matter was at last brought to the botte of the municipal authorities. In order to remove all doubts the place was ercavated. At the time of excavition the people round remained spellbound and anxiously awaited some timid Ocrays ran away in fear. The the portion of the footpath was dug up to the portion of the footpath was dug up to the depth of some four feet but in vain. The renowd had rather thickened and the constituents were apolined to clear the traffic and secure order. The recowd had rather thickened and the constituents were apolined to clear the traffic und secure order. The depth of some four feet but in vain. The sheat the sould by the discovery below the flagzing of the impressions of a had-Punings, ste Mohammedans say. This is the Mo-surrum standard, certainly in Bengal, and a standard, the industion some of the flagzing of the impressions of a had-Punings, ste Mohammedans say. This is the Mo-surrum standard, certainly in Bengal, and a standard, certainly in Bengal, and a standard, certainly in Bengal, and a standard the standard, certainly in Bengal, and a standard the income size of the output of a pir (saint), and it is taken. by some as a sign of the return of Mohamearth to produce great havoc among peaceful citizens of Calcutta. This stu-made a great impression on many of the i standers

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medan ascendency. The processic explanation of the occurrence is that the flagging was laid some years ago above a trench of the old fort. It is as-sumed that an accumulation of water under the pavement caused a large flagstome to buike, assuming the appearance of a tomb.— From the Calcutta Statesman.

LACK OF ENERGY.

Common Trouble Among Growing Boys-A New Blood Supply is Needed-Dr. Williams' Pink **Pills Actually Make** New Blood.

There are thousands of young men just approaching manhood who have no energy, who tire out at the least exertion, and who feel by the time they have done their day's work as though the day was a week long. In some of these cases there is a further sign of warning in the pimples and disfiguring eruptions which break out on the face. These are certain signs that the face. These are certain signs that the blood is out of order, and unless it is promptly enriched, a complete break-down or perhaps consumption may be the result All these young men should take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills ac-tuelly make yiels and the the tually make rich, red, blood, clear the skin of pimples and eruptions, and bring health, strength and energy. Here is a bit of proof. Adolphe Rolland, St. Jerome, Que., is a young man of 9 years, who says: "For more than a year I who says: "For more than a year I suffered from general weakness, and I gradually grew so weak that I was for-ed to abandon my work as a clerk. My appetite failed me, I had occasional vioent headaches, and I began to suffer from indigestion. I was failing so ra-pidly that I began to fear that consumption was fastening itself upon me. Our family doctor treated me, but I did not gain under his care. I was in a very discouraged state when a friend from Montreal came to see me. He strongly advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I did so, and inside of three weeks I began to feel better, my appe-

That is why anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neur-

WAITING FOR THE DOCTOR.

How tiresome it all is. When you get

on a snowy cloth, and held it for him; nor did he eat it up too fast. "I did not think I should put our new

Triendship to the test so soon," he said. "This is not a test, returned Mona, gravely, "it is only the exercise of ordin-

ary humanity." "Then how-" he was beginning, when Uncle Sandy came in full of pleasure and congratulations, and Mona left them to-

gether CHAPTER XXV. Uncle Sandy had rarely appeared to such advantage as he did on this occas-ion. Leslie Waring was associated with perhaps the only well-spring of rom-ance that had ever bubbled up for him in the somewhat arid plain of his life. To him there were but two really great men in modern society, they were Maccachern & Leslie—the creators of the house with which he was so proud CHAPTER XXV.

the house with which he was so proud to have been connected. To have the der his roof, treating him with kindly respect, and making himself pleasantly at home, was a treat to Sandy Craig's lovel if rather rough here's loyal, if rather rough hear?.

Waring's character and bearing too was calculated to gain upon such a nature as his hosts. Society of the higher order had left its stamp upon his sum-ple, unaffected manners, and the ready courage with which he turned from a life of mere pleasure to one of hard work, when he had still enough left to on, delighted the sturdy old "man of the people." Waring was, to his idea, a sort of glorified incarnation of

middle-class merit, the result of plebe-ian energy, which even conquered and appropriated the graces of good-breed-ing.

This satisfaction was reflected on all around him.

The monthly settlement of housekeeping accounts a crucial test which even Mona dreaded was accomplished with-out a single growl. Poor Kenneth's arith-metical errors were passed over with a With a single growl account in the single growl and single growl and single growl and single growly and sing term "blunderin' gowk," and the contra-dictions of Robbie Sanders, the garden-

decightful break in the monotony of ber fing, to see that he was a better and a stronger man than formerly, these were sources of purest pleasure.

"I read much longer to Oncie Sandy; but you must have some jelly now. I wil get it for you." "Was ever any fellow in such clover!" Then she brought it, daintily set forth on a snowy cloth and held it for him. lassie is a guid lassie. I wadna see her vexed. He is a weel-spoken lad forbye-

ut our new the sort to win ony woman's love. Eh, n," he said. Mona?" "I do not think Mary cares much about him, uncle. Tastes differ widely, you know. As to her being no match for him, you must remarker that the

him, you must remember that Mr.

Waring has not much in the way of a home to offer. His.—..." "Hoot, toot," he interrupted. "It will be a fair home enough. Young Leslie is going to be a successful mon after a bit." "I am sure I hope so; but I do not think you need trouble about Mary. As to Mr. Waring. I dare say he admired to Mr. Waring, I dare say he admires her—she is very sweet and charming; but these fancies do not trouble men

ong. "Ay, the sort o' hempies you've been used to. But, my lassie, a real thoucht-fu' mon, if luve. taks hold on his heart, it grips it hard and fast, and wilna let go. If young Leslie has let himself love our Mary, he'll no leave her behind him. He doesna come of the sort that gives "" go.

"Well, 1 do not think that Mary is in

"Well, 1 do not think that Mary is in love with him." "I hope you are right," said her uncle, slowly; then, after a pause, ht began to struggle to his feet. "Come," he saifs "we will go and meet them." "As it is but a short way, uncle, could you get on without me? I have never answered madame—I mean Mrs. Field-en's—last letter, and I should like to do so this afternoon." so this afternoon

"So do, my dearie, so do. I'll just gang a bit down the road. Maybe I'll meet Konneth.' Mona escaped as quickly as she could to her own please

to her own pleasant room, from the win-dow of which she could catch a glimpse of the sca between two hills, and having bestilly mit out here here of the scale o astily put out her writing materials she sat down, leaned her head on bott hands, her elbows resting on the table and fell into profound and painful

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Sells "Broken-In" Shoes, (New York Globe.)

ents after this. Then Mona asked, in a One clerk who had earned the reputation of how dreamy sort of voice— "What is the chief work on a ranche."

low, dreamy sort of voice— "What is the chief work on a ranche." "There is so much that is chief, I trading knows which come first. There are eattle and sheep to be looked after; and fields (we have wheat fields) to be plowed and sown, and reaped; horses to break, etc., etc." "Oh, plenty, and then, lots of sport -such heaps of deer, and birds and Plears. That must be rather fearful. "Bears. That must be rather fearful. I the base and we be show them, bouse ustil they be they ware open the base and we play tradiment of dissatisfied customers and we set back a good many pairs of shoes that tradiment of dissatisfied customers and we set back a good many pairs of shoes that tradiment of dissatisfied customers and we set back a good many pairs of shoes that have been worn around the bouse ustil they are partly broken in. These shoes are much the soles may be a triffe solled, but the consideration does not mind that; consequent-ly fit them on."

"Bears, That must be rather fearful.

Do they ever come near the house." "Yes, they come after the hogs. Part of our stock—a large part too— is a big drove of hogs." "Your partner is not exactly a gentle-

(Philadelphia Record.) Blobbs-He's the most unlucky fellow 1 now. He has just had his watch stolen. Slobbs-Oh, lots of fellows have had their

"Well, one would hardly invite him to

Distressingly Hard Luck.

A Boston schoolboy was tall, weak and sickly.

His arms were soft and flabby. He didn't have a strong muscle in his entire body.

The physician who had attended the family for thirty years prescribed Scott's Emulsion.

NOW:

To feel that boy's arm you would think he was apprenticed to a blacksmith. -

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND \$1.00.

opportunity of expressing his views to the committee. The meeting in each county will be held immediately after the committee has completed the work n that county.

there, breathless perhaps, because some-In each Farmers' Institute district the secretary has been asked to assist in the body is dreadfully sick at home and secretary has been asked to assist in the work of procuring the names and ad-dresses of the stallion owners and laying dresses of the stallion owners and laying is expected in every minute. Will you wait? Or he may be at supper and will He has also been asked to accompany see you shortly. You sit down, and if the committee, and to arrange for the public meeting in the county. In cases those are others waiting, you count the where the number of people who are ahead of you, secretary was unable to do the work, the president of the Farmers' and then as the minutes accumulate you

the work, the president of the Farmers' Institute has been asked to make the necessary arrangements. The dates and points at which the public meetings will be held have been selected. Arrange-ments have also been completed for the dates allowed for each institute division, and the points at which committees will transfer from one institute district to the one following. The work should have the sympathy and co-operation of all owners of stal-lions and of all who are interested in the horse industry. It is hoped that the committees will be given every facility for procuring the information required, and that every person interested will take advantage of the opportunity being given to express his views as to how the be improved. be improved.

A CALCUTTA MYSTERY.

Many Strange Theories to Account for a Bulge in the Pavement.

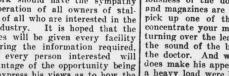
Give Capital a Holiday.

Buige in the Pavement. The other day a portion of the pavement near the steps of the general post office began to buige and one of the havy stones of the steps was found to have become loose. Immediately an immense crowd gathered on the spot. Stories went round that there was once a temple of the Hindu god Shiva on the spot and that the god was rising to the sur-face. Some Mohammedans, on the other hand, said that the Block Hole tragedy oc-curred there and that the dead bodies of the brave Europeans who were cruely mas-sacred by the Nawab Siraj were rising up to wreak a deadly vengeance upon the Mo-hammedans. Another: timid person invented a curious story which spread great conster-nation among the up-country Ooryas and Hindus. He declared that underneadt the stone pavement there was once a grave and the spirit of the dead was coming out of the day for downtrodden capital? This would afford the capitalist an opportunity, now notable by its absence, for the expression of his views. Just as on Labor Day the radical leader makes a point in his public uiterance of emphasizing his conservatism, so on Cap-ital day the possessor of vast accumulations might dwell with convinsing earnestness upon his innate sympathy with his presumably less fortunate brethren and point the way for his associates, at any rate, to live bet-ter and broader lives. Under present condi-tions the millionaire is at a disadvantage as contracted with the spokesmen of the tollers.

able by its absence. for the e5pression of his

forget the long, weary wait, and talk to him as pleasantly as possible, he never suspecting the uncharitable thoughts you were harboring consist. were harboring against him a few min utes before. Might it well be done to set aside a holl-

you see the man of medicine bowing you into his laboratory or reception roo



algia, St. Vitus dance, headaches and ackaches and the special ailments of women and growing girls. You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine or from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., at 50 cents a box or six to give any person who so desires an oxes for \$2.50.



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THE ATRENS REPORTER, OCT. 31, 1906

THE FACE ON THE CENT.

It Is Not That of an Indian, but of a Pretty Little Girl. Mrs. Sarah Longacre Keen, who liv-ed and died in Philadelphia, came nearer being the queen of the American mint than any woman who ever lived. With the exception of Queen Victoria, whose image was engraved on every coin of the British and Indian empires, Mrs. Keen was first in the number of her metal photographs. Her face as a girl of twelve summers is to be seen on every American cent issued since 1836 from Uncle Sam's coin factory. It is usually assumed that the face

on the head side of the copper is that of an Indian, but a close look will reveal a Saxon profile. Just borrow a cent and look at it. The setting is that of an Indian

Between 1828 and 1840 James Barton Longacre was chief engraver in the United States mint in Philadelphia. In 1885 a competition was opened for sketches and engravings for the new copper cent that was to be issued and which has since been in service. There were over a thousand designs offered. The prize was a good one. Longacre racked his brain for some original and singular design that would strike the judges, but for months he failed to satisfy himself. One morning a number of Indians, with their chief, who had been to pay

their respects to the great white chief in Washington, came to the city and were shown through the mint. They were introduced to the white chief's picture maker, who was just then showing his young daughter Sarah the great concern. The old chief was attracted by the sweet faced maiden and her interest in his feathers and paint. She childishly wondered how she would look in the feathered headgear. This was told the chief, who solemnly divested himself of his feathers and had them placed on the girl's head. The effect was so striking that the father took time to make a sketch of the picture, finishing it afterward for his own amusement.

At the last moment of the period given for sending in engravings he bethought himself of the possibility of the combination of Indian feathers and Saxon sweetness. He got it in, and much sport was made of the child at the time in the city because of the incident. The sketch passed through the seventh sifting and finally reached the last round. By one vote it won, and ever since Sarah Longacre's young face has served for the humblest of coins, than which no single coin in the world has such tremendous circulation.

SAID ABOUT WOMEN. A flattered woman is always indulgent.-Chenier. The test of civilization is the estimate of women.-Curtis. Provided a woman be well principle she has dowry enough .-- Plautus. Beauty is the eye's food and the soul's sorrow.-German Proverb. Divination seems heightened to its highest power in woman .-- Bronson Alcott. The more women have risked, the more they are willing to sacrifice .-Duclos. Women are supernumerary swhen present and missed when absent.-Portuguese Proverb. A termagant wife may in some re spects be considered a tolerable blessing.-Washington Irving. Some cunning men choose fools for

All

their wives, thinking to manage them, but they always fail.-Johnson. Telling the Time. One of the accurate ways of telling the time is to use your hand as an

armers not possessed of watches or

the hand at right angles, bending from the wrist forward. If the sun sets at

7 o'clock and is still high in the heav-

ens close one eye and make three meas-

Horses and Oil Cakes.

Somniloquy.

hour mark. Nothing simpler.

A Wonderfel Island of Chalk. The English Island of Thanet, forming a part of the county of Kent, is almost wholly composed of chalk. The island is ten miles in length and about five in breadth and has more chalk exposed on its surface than has any other spot of equal area on the globe. British geologists say that there are not less than 42,000,000,000 tons of chalk "in sight" on Thanet and that it would take 10,000 men and 5,000 horses and carts 20,000 years to move it, providing it were dug up ready to be carted away.

A Peculiar Tree.

A singular maple tree on the left bank of the Oder, in Germany, is at least a century old and has been twisted and cut into a kind of circular house of two stories. A firm, leafy floor has been formed by causing the branches to become gradually woven together. Above this is a smaller second floor, similarly formed, and the ends of the branches have been woven into solid walls, in which eight windows on each

Catholic Priests and Marriage. Marriage by the clergy was first posi-tively forbidden in the year 1074 by Pope Gregory VII. The controversy, however, which had been going on for centuries on that subject was not altogether settled by Gregory's decree. The council of Trent in 1593 was the ec-clesiastical body which formally prohibited priests from forming marriage alliances. That permanently settled the matter.

story have been cut.

The Strenuous Life. There can be no question that the prevalence of certain diseases has increased during the last half century. Conspicuous among these are diabetes and insomnia, both of which are large ly due to the mental stress of a harder truggle for existence.-Practiti

Or Complete Lack of It. Talesman-I wish to be excuse.] from serving on this jury. Judge-What is your reason? Talesman-I'm very absentminded. Judge-Can't ex-cuse you. Absence of mind is the best qualification for a juryman.

Go on and make errors and fall and get up again. Only go on!-Brackett.

"The People's Column" for small dv'ts affords the public a cheap and effective means of buying, selling, renting or changing. If you have any unsatisfied want or if you want to atisfy the want of some wanter, make the fact known through this column. It will do you good.

SALE REGISTER

On Tuesday, Nov. 6, Stephen Sheldon will sell by auction at the Levi Stevens farm, Plum Hollow, 41 bead of choice cattle, 3 horses, 2 brood sows, 34 pigs, etc. See bills. D. C. Healy, auctioneer.

On Thursday, Nov. 3, at Harlem, Mrs. J. F. Chapman will sell a lot of valuable farm stock and implements

J. W. Russel, auctioneer. When auction sale bills are printed at the Reporter office a free notice ppears in the paper until the date of

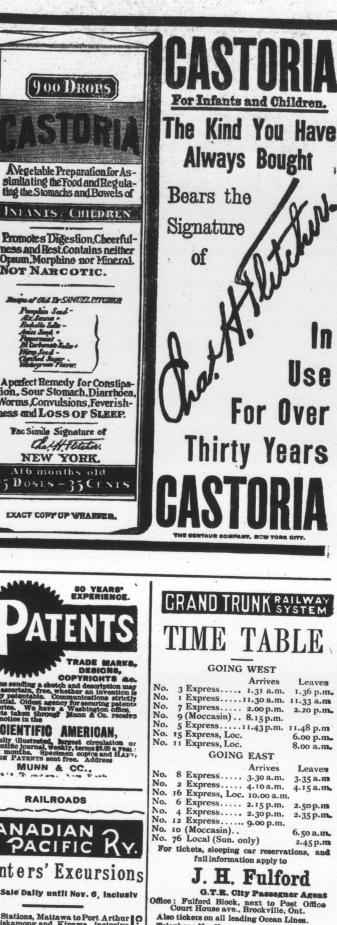
Don't Use Drug Cures for



900 DROPS

NOT NARCOTIC.

Pumptin Seed Alx Senne + Robello Salt -



Telephone No. 68. Canadian Order Foresters COURT ATHENS NO. 789 Meets last Tuesday in each month. Visitor

velopme. The Canadian Order of Foresters is the lead ng fraternal instrance Society in Canada. Its ow rates and high-class security are worthy of vertication. W. H. JACOB, C. F

E. S. CLOW, RS.



CURED HER BOY OF PNEUMONIA

Newmarket Mother is loud in her Praises of the Great Consumption Preventative

ures of the width of the palm near the "My son Laurence was taken down with Pneumonia," says Mrs. A. O. Fisher, of Newmarket, Oat. "Two doctors at-tended him. He lay for three months almost like a dead child. His lungs became so swollen, his heart was pressed over to the right side. Altogether I think we paid \$140 to the doctors, and all the time he was getting worse. Then we commenced the Dr. Slocum treatment. The effect was wonderful. We saw a difference in two days. Our boy was soon strong and well." thumb. Each measure means one hour. Three measures mean three hours, so that the time thus obtained is 7 less 3, or 4 o'clock. With practice you can beat the average watch. "Say, d'you know anything 'bout hosses, hey? D'ye know they'll eat pork? Well, they will when it's fed strong and well.' 'em an' they have to. The heaves

strong and well." Here is a positive proof that Psychine will cure Pneumonia. But why wait till Pneumonia comes. It always starts with a Cold. Cure the Cold and the Cold will care develop in the Psychiatry Starts with stops subsequent, though they're an all fired sight wuss afterwards. Belle went right onto a meat diet, hog meat never develop into Pneumonia, nor the Pneumonia into Consumption. The one sure way to clear out Cold, root and branch, and to build up the body so that the Cold won't come back is to use an' oil cakes. Yep, linseed oil-it'll fat a rail fence. Belle took on weight amazin'. Cur'us thing 'bout oil cakes, though. Once a hoss has been fatted

on 'em an' then grows pickid ag'in there ain't nothin' in the world'll put PSYCHINE flesh onto him a second time. You can try as much as you're mind to; it ain't

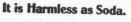
Talking in sleep is more common 50c. Per Bottle than is generally supposed. Of 200 students between the ages of twenty and thirty 41 per cent of the men and 37 per cent of the women talked in Larger eizes \$1 and \$2-all druggiets. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, Toronto. their sleep, and most of them could answer questions.

True of Trouble. "He's out of a job now. He had a DATENTS good opportunity, but he didn't take the trouble to improve it." PROMPTLY SECURED We solicit the business of Manufacturers, gineers and others who realize the advisabi-of having their Patent business transacted Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges "Yes, it's a funny thing about trouble, isn't it? If you don't take it you'll aave it." te. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon re-darion & Marion, Reg'd., New York Life outreal; and Washington, D.C. ILS A

Iledudulle clocks and who have some practical notions of common utilities not invent They Hurt You. Use Zutoo. ed by man, but given to us by the Creator, know the rule. It is necessary Don't think because the drug cures for headache do not make your heart palpitate, dull your nerves or upset your stomach just when you take them, that they are not hurting you, to keep in mind the hour of sunrise and sunset and to hold the arm straight out from the shoulder, with

Handad

for they are. The magazine "Health" speaks tru-I ne magazine "Health" speaks tru-ly when it says: "Every dose of such drugs is at the expense of vitality, and sooner or later the penalty for outraging nature will be exacted." You can avoid this penalty and cure your headaches just as quickly by taking the vegetable cure, Zutoo.





atiful three-color Aluminum Hanger be forwarded for 10 cents in stamps,

J. Stevens Arms & Tool Co.,

P. O. Box 4096

CHICOPEE FALLS, MASS., U.S. A.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS by the principal 7 For office help were made in two C. P. R. C. P. R. C. P. R. C. P. R B.W. & N. W. RAILWAY TIME-TABLE GOING WEST No. 1 No. 3 Brockville (leave) 9.40 a.m 8.40 p.m est, oldest and most influential busi-Lyn..... 10.10 " 8.55 " Seeleys..... *10.20 " 4.02 " Forthton *10.38 " 4.18 " Elbe *10 39 " 4.18 " any time. Athens...... 10 53 " 4.25 " Soperton...... *11.18 " 4.41 " Lyndhurst.... *11 20 " 4.47 " Delta 11.28 " 4.53 " Elgin 11 47 " 507 " Forfar *11.55 ' 5.18 " Crosby *12 03 p.m 5.18 " Newboro 12 12 " 5.28 " Westport (arrive) 12.30 " 5.40 " GOING EAST No. 2 No. 4 districts. Westport (leave) 7.30 a.m. 2.40 p.m. Newboro 7.42 " 2.55 " Crosby *7.52 " 3.06 " Forfar *7.57 " 812 " and for sale by Elgin 8 03 " 3.22 " Soperton *8,29 " 8.56 '

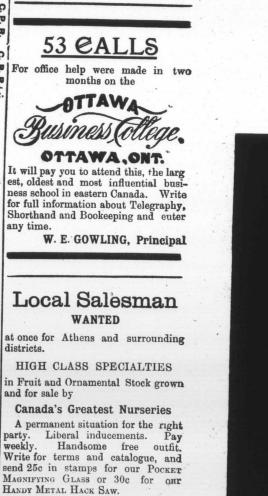
Lyn 9.15 " 5.05 " Brockville (arrive) 9.30 " 5.30 "

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STONE & WELLINGTON

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TORONTO - - ONTARIO

FONTHILL NURSERIES

COD INCOMPANY always spoke of a dish of tea. **ODD INSURANCE RISKS.**

The set of the second s

one of his "Cumberland Ballads," :lescrib-ing a christening, says: Nay, dunnet turn tee-cup down. No more, no more! I've drank two cups-That's nowt; what! I've ta'en four. One or two less known fancies are as-sociated with tea drinking in various parts of the country. In Durham, if you put milk in your tea before sugar, you lose your sweetheart. The late "Cuthbert Beade" has recorded that he knew a woman in a Rutland village who, on returning from a visit, brought with her a teapet, which she gave as a present to a young woman friend. She explain

guard yourself against loss from burst pipes in winter. Dae company guarantees public house li-censes and makes a good thing out of it, some big brewers paying as much as 21,000 a year in premiums, and large sums are often paid when licenses are lost; and quite recently, to illustrate the range of modern insurance, a beard ten feet long was insured if for £100 at a premium of 1 per cent. Quite apart from risks of what might be called an ordinary nature, from loss of em-ployment to loss of a limb, there is an ex-raordinary variety of risks against which the underwriters will protect you for a suit-able consideration. Suppose, for instance, a man after making his will in your favor of leaving you a fat legacy becomes insane they will insure you against the contingency of recovering his sanity and cutting you out of his last testament. If you have been lett a legacy on condition that you should marry assured of an equal amount if the lady wort avaring he stipulated premium you will be sured of an equal amount if the lady wort aver you, or if on consideration you prefer to your faith.

remain single, or if you decide to stick to your faith. If you want to sell your house and the title deeds have gone astray and can't be found you can secure a policy as a substitute for the title, so that you are relieved of all fur-ther responsibility. Similarly, if you have arranged for a garden party and fear that a wet day will involve you loss, you can have you expenses guaranteed, so that, as far as your pocket is concerned, you can smile at a failing barometer, and equally, of course, a farmer can protect his crops against un-kind weather.

gins of disease have covered the little organisms called becteria into such

a farmer can protect his crops against un-kind weather. Suppose, again, you are helr to a bachelor uncle and are fearful that he may mary wed you may be supplanted-you can insure against such an undesirable contingency. So that, whether he weds or not, you will not be a penny the poorer; or if you are engaged to a girl with a nice little dowry I have no doubt you can yrotect yourselt gainst the chance of being jilled even at the eleventh hour. If you are next of kin to a man who has not made his will you can insure against his doing so to your detri-ment, or if has already left you a legacy you can be guaranteed his cancelling it. If you are a chemist you can guard your-self against the financial consequences of a decayed one, nor a medical man for fear of wrong diagnosis. For a modest payment of about £3 per cent. you can face the pos-sibility of becoming the father of twins, and a smaller sum will relieve your anxiety about is shaky, you can insure it against dis-mate. Dee might quote similar examples almost

tion.

been made to ascertain if they existed during the early geological periods. In this connection a prominent Government gealogist gives some interesting information

Not long ago a French scientist, M.

Regnault, announced the discovery of bacteria in coal. A long continued re-search confirmed the evidence that bacteria was probably coeval with the first appearance of organic life on the earth. These bacteria attacked vegetable tis sues,, as well as the bones and teeth of animals, but as a rule they belonged to

A curious custom which used to b

very general, even in the most refined circles, but which would now be looked

upon as quite vulgar, was the practice of placing the spoon in the cup by way of intimation that no further supply of the berger that and further supply of

he beverage was needed. The late Mr. Fitz Edward Hall, so hon

orably known for his philogical work said, writing in 1891, that he remember

said, writing in 1891, that he remember-ed, as a boy in America, that he was always expected, after drinking tea or coffce, if he did not wish for more, to put his spoon into the eup, and he knew that in at least some parts of the United States the custom survived until less than twenty years before the date at which he was writing

than twenty years before the date at which he was writing. Among vulgar folk the same disinclina-tion for more tea was shown by the much more forcible method of turning the cup upside down in the soucer! There could be no possibility of mistaking the significance of this action. Anderson, in one of his "Cumberland Ballads," describ-ing a christening, savs:

to a young woman friend. She explain-ed that she did so "baceuse no one had

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

ANCIENT BACTERIA.

Geologist Finds Microbes in a Vein of

Coal.

Modern discoveries concerning the ori-

rominence that search has of late years

all--or half of them.

species of bacteria organisms quite dis-tinct from those of to-day.

No Wonder.

The recruiting officer leaned back in his chair and eyed the big raw-boned High-lander. "What were you before you en-listed?" he asked. Lachie drew a breath that nearly swept all the attestation forms up into his face, and started—"Ass a poy, sir, she wass a herring fush! Then she wass a night porter during the day aboarding the Igna! Then she cot a chob as a broken stone by the roadside! Then she went as a polissman and a half for a year in Glas-gow! Then she —" But the recruiting-ing officer had fainted. bank is snaxy, you can insure it against div-ater. One might quote similar examples almost similar without covering the entire ground of out of the way risks against which you can protect yourself nowadays; but I have told you enough. I think, to prove that if you are worrried about any earthly contin-gency. from an earthquake to an attack of measles, it is your own fault if you are not protected against its financial consequences.

A druggist can obtain an imitation of Telling Fortunes From the Cup-Lucky MINARD'S LINIMENT from a Teronto house at a very low price, and have it labelled his own product.

With regard to superstitions connected with the teapot, or rather the teacup, the most widely spread, probably, is that This greasy imitation is the poorest one we have yet seen of the many that every Tom, Dick and Harry has tried to

which concerns its use for divinatory purposes. Professors of the domestic black art, says the London Globe, told introduce.

Ask for MINARD'S and you will get it

THE ATHENS REPORTER, OCT. 31, 1906.

llegheny.

ieve it to be 50,000.

Allegheny was annexed.

will be taken in.

rether

will be taken in. Allegheny was a peculiar city in many respects. Although it had a population of 140,000, it had neither a daily newspaper nor a theatre. Some years ago a thertri-cal manager opened a theatre there, but it was very short lived, the people pre-ferring to come to this side of the river. On the other hand, the Pittsburg base-ball club has always played its games in

ball club has always played its games in Alleghen.y Thus it can be seen how closely the two cities were linked to-

Made in Canada and Sold by all Druggists

This coupon is good for one ten cent (10c.) Trial Bottle of the cele-brated

Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill

a sure cire for Indigostion, Billous-ness, Dyspepsia, Constipation and all aliments arising therefrom. Mailed free, in a plain package, on receipt of name and address. Fill in your name and post office address on dotted lines and send to

THE WILSON-FYLE CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

EE

Consolidation.

THE REAL PROPERTY AND A PROPERTY OF THE PROPER PITTSBURG NOW IS SIXTH. Mayes Up in the List of Big Cities by Your Doctor

Can cure your Cough or Cold, no question about that, but-why go to all the trouble and inconvenience of looking him up, and then of having hisprescription filled, when you can step into any drug store in Canada and obtain a bottle of SHILCH'S CURE for a quester. for a quarter

Why pay two to five dollars when a twenty-five cent bottle of SHILOH will cure you

bottle of SHILOH will cure you as quickly? Why not do as hundreds of thousands of Canadians have done for the past thirty-four years: let SHILOH be your doc-tor whenever a Cough or Cold appears. SHILOH will cure you, and all druggists back up this statement with a positive guarantee. The next time you have a Cough or Cold sure it with

A STATISTICS AND A STAT

English Doctors Out of Work.

(New York Globe.)

(New York Globe.) The English doctors are on the verge of financial ruin. For according to the British Medical Journal published in London the day before yesterday the incomes of English doctors have fallen off 25 per cent. within the last air years. Among the causes of this decrease in income are the disappearance of the epidemic of influenza and other sicknesses and the decrease of winter aliments, attribut-able to the mildness of recent winters. But it would be more honorable to the dista-guished profession to attribute ithe declime to the improved sanitary arrangements, or-ganized for the most part by the medical profession, and also for the increased under-standing regarding the condition of health which has been brought about entirely by the study of medical science. If the doctors in London are starving they are starving honor-ably. ed that she did so "baceuse no one had good luck until she had made tea out of her own teapot." The good woman said that this was an old saying, but it will probably be new to many. Another Mid-land woman once remarked that it was bad luck for two to pour out of a pot. Many and devious ways of good and bad luck, and few there are who know them all-or half of them.

states. In creating the Greater Pittsburg no

A Luxury for the Bath. 0 "Royal Crown" Witch-Hazel **Toilet** Soap Only 10c. a cake. 3 cakes for 25c. AT DRUGGISTS AND DIALERS ALL DE

Outrage on a British Workhouse Inmate (London Post.)

A report having been made to the Depwade (Norfolk Board of Guardians that a male nmate of the Pulham Workhouse had reinmate of the Pulham Workhouse had re-fused to do any work, two of the guardians-Messrs. J. G. Prentice and T. Keppel-were deputed to see the man, who coolly told them that he had entered the workhouse for a rest and did not intend to do any work. The guardians, being satisfied that the man was in a fit conditions to work, decided to put him to stone breaking. Mr. Ames re-marking that something would have to be done, as the workhouse had got a name for being a comfortable, easy place. The man was called into the board room, and on being notified of the board's decision he exclaimed:



fabrics. Your money refunded by

e dealer from whom you buy unlight Soap if you find any cause for co Lover Brothers Limited. Toronto

Care of Rugs. A sweeper should be run over a car

pet or rug every day to take off the loose dirt. Once a week a thorough sweeping is necessary to brush out the grit and dust from the nap of a velvet or Wilton, or from the close weave of a body Brus-

sels or an Ingrain. In sweeping take a stiff broom and brush with the weave. After the first dirt is removed sprinkle over the carpet or rug damp tea leaves. Leave them for fifteen or thirty minutes and then brush up lightly, and the brightness of the colors will make the floor covering

look almost like new. Dampened picces of paper spread over a carpet will have the same effect on the colors, for the dampness seems to take up loose dirt that a broom or a

sweeper cannot catch.

FEMALE PILLS 6 safe, sure and reliable monthly regula These Pills have been used in France LE ROY PILL CO., Box 48, Hamilton, Can November Excursion to New York Via West Shore Railroad. November 2nd and November 20th are dates of New York excursions via West. Shore Railroad, \$9.00 round trip from Suspension Bridge or Buffalo. Tickets good going only on above dates in all regular trains. Good ten days for re-turn.

DR. LEROY'S

AGENTS WANTED.

A GOOD SALARY

FARMS FOR SALE.

MISCELLANEOUS

adies and gentlemen; permanent posi-rapid advancement; salary and ex-; genteel, desirable business; exper-

genteel, desirable business; exper-unnecessary; full instructions given.

L. Drago, Canadian Passenger Agent. 691/2 Yonge street, Toronto, for all par-ticulars.

The Buckingham Tragedy. (Montreal Witness.)

<text><text>



and tell fortunes by the grounds and stalks in the cup, as others do by the cards.

TEA DRINKERS SUPERSTITIOUS.

and Unlucky Pots.

When Arthur Clennam in "Little Dor on his return home went over the

old house, he found that the ceilings we are told, were so fantastically cloud ed by smoke and dust that old women might have told fortunes in them better than in "grouts of tea." Grouts, by the way, is a word which is not so often heard nowadays as of yore. John Thos. Smith, the antiquary, in that "Book for a Rainy Day," which has recently been form under the editorial oversight of "John o'London," says that when he was about 12 years old he received not only a tip of half a guinea from Charles Townley, the collector of the famous marbles, but a pat on the head and some encouraging words from the great Samuel Johnson, and consequently began to think, he says, "that there was something in a procrastination announced to my dear mother by an old star gazer or tea grouter that through life I should be favored by persons of high rank."

How fortunes are read from the sedi knoweth not. The process is to turn the up upside down in the saucer and then, returning the cup, to draw intima-tions of the future from observation of the positions assumed by the grouts. An allusian to the performance may be found in a somewhat unexpected quarter. Rossetti in "Dante at Verona" says:

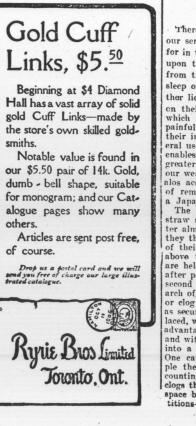
Wherefore should we turn the grout In a drained cup? The grouts or stalks play another part

when they floats of starks play another part when they float on the surface of the tea. Everyone knows that a floating stalk indicates the coming of a stranger; but perhaps every one does not know that if you test the stalk with the teeth and find it each the surface of the stark. and find it soft, the coming stranger is a female, if hard, a male. Again, to con-tinue the divination, you should put the stalk on the back of the left hand, and strike it three times with the back of the right. If the tea stalk fall off, the stranger will not come after all; if it adheres, he is bound to arrive. It is curi-ous that a form of this stranger superstition exists in Japan. The late Miss Bird, in her "Unbeaten Tracks of Japan," tells us that in the north, "if a stalk of tea fall into

tells us that in the north, "if a stalk of tea falls into a teacup, and remains up-right for a second, a stranger is expected from the direction in which it falls." "The habit of "saucering" the tea again is another social danger signal. The peo-ple who quietly pour the tea into the saucer set at naught the customs of re-fined society are yet in the straight fined society, are yet in the straight line of descent from the first tea drink-

Negroes in Northern Cities, (New York World.)

New York in 1900 stood fifth in point o negro population among the cities of the United States. The rapid growth of its col-ored sections since the last federal census has been evident to the most casual oberve A count to-day would probably place this city ahead of Philadelphia, leaving only Washington. Baltimore and New Orleans with great ton, Ealthmore and New Orleans with greater numbers of blacks. For the most part the negroes of New York are industrious and well-behaved. Many are prosperous, a few are rich. They support more than a dozen churches. They have gone into trades, oc-cupations and professions. Their voting strength - It was 31,000 in the state in 1900-has become politically potential.



notified of the board's decision he exclaimed. Very well, gentlemen, if that is your decla-ion I must leave the house rather than sub-mit to it. I came into the house for the rest cure, not to work."

Hint to Sassy Foreigners.

(Boston Globe.) (Boston Globe.) In the last target practice of at least two of Uncle Sam's naval vessels every shot fired hit the target. This extremely signifi-cant fact should be posted in the hat of every foreign diplomat in Washington.

The notion that tea is injurious to rsons of weak nerves is a false idea as has been proven by the eminent sci-entist, Jonathan Hutchinson. Tea is in reality a nerve nutrient and is extremely beneficial to weak nerves, especially when you use pure tea direct from the gardens, packed in scaled lead packages, such as "Solador" tea which reaching uch as "Salada" tea, which received Highest Award and Go'd Medal at the St. Louis Exposition in 1004.



There are neither chairs, beds, nor in our sense, tables, in Japanese dwellings, for in these the people live, so to speak, from trays placed upon the floor; they sleep on it, and during the day they either lie stretched out upon it or sit upon their heels in a crouched position which seems awkward and is quickly painful to those foreigners who make

their initiative attempts at it. This gen-eral use of the floor for living purposes enables the Japanese to do without the greater part of the furniture with which our western dwellings are filled, and it los accounts for the invariable rule f removing one's shoes when entering Japanese house. The Japanese ordinarily wear either

Ine Japanese ordinarily wear either straw sandals or wooden clogs, the lat-ter almost always in wet weather, when they think it desirable to have the soles of their feet raised two or three inches above the wet ground. Both of these are held to the foot by a band which, after passing between the great and the second toe, divides and goes over the second toe, divides and goes over the arch of the foot. By practice the seemdal or elog can be held by this means about as securely to the foot as it would be if

accd, with this-to the Japaneses-great advantage, that it can be immediately and without trouble put off when going into a house and put on when leaving One can generally tell how many peo-ple there are in a Japanese house by

counting up the number of sandals and clogs there are lying in the little ground space between the inner and outer parspace between the inner and titions-Cor. Boston Herald.

There is a true story of one young yoman who had devoted almost a year to pulling wires and using all possible influence to gain an interview with a certain theatrical manager. At last her hopes were realized; she got her ap-pointment and she was finally ushered into the manager's private office. He teceived her most cordially and offered her a chair. "Thank you," she said, gratefully. "I think I will sit down. I've been just ten months getting here and I'm a little tired." And the manager, who is really a great man and bence has a sense of humor, promptly upon the floor. They take their meals engaged her.--Charles Belmont Davis in from trays placed upon the floor; they The Rialto, in the Outing Magazine for October.

SHE GOT A JOB.

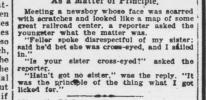
Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

Come Up and Subscribe

There are a few scoundrels in Pollock who do not subscribe for this paper, who do all they can to injure us, but the devils are al-ways borrowing it. If it were not like shoot-ing mice with canister, we would turn the muzzle of our gun on them, exposing the critters, but they are too small, too small.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

As a Matter of Principle



Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

Suburbanite in Big Luck.

Suburbanite in Big Luck. "Did you hear of the ervant girl Back-lotz took out from the city with him the other day? It's marvellous!" Marvellous!" "Marvellous?" quered Kittman, "She's going to stay, eh?" "Oh! better than that! He induced her to buy the place for only a few hundred dellars less than he paid for it."

Salt sprinkled over the carpet before sweeping is often resorted to, though while it does brighten the colors theore is always the danger of the salt that re-mains in the nap rusting the chair and furniture casters, particularly if there is much dampness about the house.—New York Telegram. FOR ALL HUMOURS Eczema, Salt Rheum, Pusules, etc.-no rem reals more quickly than Mira Ointment. Mira relieves inflammation, soothes pain, ca beals more quickly than Mira Ointment. Mira relieves inflammation, soothes pain, causes new time to cover raw surfaces, and restores the aim to heathy smoothness. Mira: J. Webb, 175 Dovecourd Street, Toronto, Mira: J. Webb, 175 Dovecourd Street, Toronto, the street in the street street, toronto, the street is a wonderful cure." J. Treeniett, Heathing to Ference. Mira Tablets and Blood Tonic help to a more thorough cure. At drugging-or from The Chemists' Co. of Canada, Limited, Hamilton-Toronto. Insist on getting



Making a Suitable Change.

a." said the political leader's wife have to get a new policeman assigne-beat; Bridget doesn't like the presen you'll o this "All right," said he, "and while I'm about it I'll get one that likes his meat rare. I'm getting tired of overdone beef."

oudding form. One Ycar Later.

His Wife (during the spat)-I only married you out of pity. Her Husband-Well, everybody pities

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

In the Literary World.

Lady Gushington-So your son is a real au-hor- How distractingly interesting! And does he write for money? Practical dad—Yes. I get his application about once a week.





CUT OF IMPERIAL" PUMPING WINDMILL

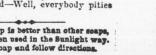
Outfit which won the CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE WORLD against 21 American, British and Canadian manufacturers, after a two months' thorough trial. Made by

GOOLD, SHAPLEY & NUIR CO. LIMITED, Evantford, Canada.

Unwelcome Rice Throwing. (London Tattler.)

Fond Mother-What are you crying for, Mabel?

Mabel? Mabel-We are playing at wedding and Tommy threw rice all over me. Foud mother-Ob, you needn't cry over that; it's to bring luck to the bride. Mabel-But what he used (sob) was in pudding form.



THE ATHENS REPORTER, OCT. 31, 1906.



Four Storey Chamber of Commerce in Kansas City **Destroyed by Fire.**

Kanaas City, Mo., Oct. 29.—More than score of lives are believed to have been ost in a fire that destroyed the four-torey Chamber of Commerce building in the River View district of Kansas City, a score of lives are believed to have been lost in a fire that destroyed the fourstorey Chamber of Commerce building in the River View district of Kansas City, Kansas, early to-day. When the fire broke out 200 persons were asleep in the building, the three upper floors of which

were occupied by families and lodgers. The walls of the building were of brick and stone, but the floors and partitions were of wood. No register was kept of the occupants,

these families. and it is not known exactly how many persons were in the building. Several hours must elapse before the ruins can be searched. Estimates of the number of dead are based largely on the number reported missing. The dead so far as positively known

are: Robert Burton, stone mason; Lynch, Sparks, driver; infant child of John A. Sparks, Lynch, with the Sparks baby in his arms, jumped from the second storey of the building, and fell into the ruins, and ooth perished.

Among the seriously injured are: Unknown baby, fatally injured, drop-ped from second floor; Mr. and Mrs. John A. Sparks, severely burned; Arthur Childers, policeman, ruh over by hose wagon, may die; J. H. Branham, wagon maker, jumped from fourth storey, both legs fractured; W. J. Morely, Missouri Pacific fireman, fractured thigh and Date was a state of the injured, scattered among half maker, jumped from fourth storey, both legs fractured; W. J. Morely, Missouri Pacific fireman, fractured thigh and scalp wounds; Thomas Connor, black-smith, severely burned; E. O. Erhart, fireman, hands burned by sliding on rope; F. P. McAuley, fireman, but by falling glass; Frank Ottoman, railway mail clerk, cut and bruised; Mrs. J. H. as an apartment house.

ation of Church and State, by which the

property for revenues of the churches, in

the event of the clergy persisting in their present rebellious attitude, will be

equestered December 11, but the church-

es themselves will remain open for pub-lic worship, under the law of assembly

of 1881, during the ensuing year, before the law goes finally into effect. In the

meantime, should the clergy refuse to

POSITION OF

vield, a ministerial declaration will be

HOW THE PROFITS OF THE SUN

LIFE ARE DIVIDED.

In Concluding the Investigation of the

WILL SEQUESTER CHURCH REVENUES

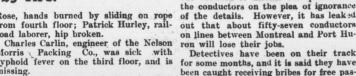
Persist in Rebellious Attitude.

reached a decision regarding the applica-tion of the law providing for the separ-ation of Church and State, by which the

tion of the Cabinet to ask Parliament

years

tor special legislation to meet the store to both the parts print ation. The nature of the measures con-churchwardens and these bave be templated, however, will not be disclos- mally interdicted by the bishops.



missing. Fred Taft, the negro janitor, is miss-ing. He alone had a list of tenants, and could tell who are missing. Mrs. Frances Pergueck, who lived on

Other Details.

been caught receiving bribes for free pas-sages. Consternation reigns among the conductors here. One of them stated to-day that the Railway Conductors' As-sociation would take the matter up and fight the case for them. the third floor, reports her husband and baby missing. Eight families lived on the fourth

floor, ten on the third, eight on the second. There were many children in **INDIAN WORK NEEDS.** Firemen assisted most of the inmates REBUILDING OF KITAMAAT HOME

to safety, and the half-clad refugees hurried away to shelter, so that when LEFT TO COMMITTEE. an attempt was made later to learn if all the families had escaped it was dif-ficult to obtain authentic information. Methodist Women's Missionary Society

Addressed by Missionaries to Foreign Fields-Thanks to Dr. Carman and Dr. Sutherland.

FIFTY-SEVEN MAY GO.

for Free Passages.

he conductors from the service. Messra

F. H. McGuigan and Blackler, the two

heads of the department concerned ar

out of the city and other subordinate

will not make any statement. Mr. Haya returned from New York this morning

but declined to discuss the question o

Kansas City., Mo., Oct. 29.—In the ruins of the old Chamber of Commerce building in Kansas City, Kansas, destroyed by A Belleville desnatch: This morning's fire early to day, there are anywhere from half a dozen to thirty bodies, accord-ing to estimates given out to day by firesession of the Methodist Women's Missionary Society was largely occupied men who had worked at the scene all with discussing the needs of the Indian night. On the other hand Assistant Fire Chief Lind said the dead would not numwork. Dr. Sutherland was present, and by request of the board contributed ber more than six. At 8 o'clock this morning the body of useful and necessary information. On

motion of Mesdames McKay and Knox, it was decided that the rebuilding of the Kitamaat Home, with all matters pertaining thereto, be left to a joint committee. Before the morning session closed the following resolution, on mo-tion of Mesdames Wright and McKay, was unanimously carried: "That the thanks of this convention be tendered the General Superintendent, Dr. Car-man, and the Missionary Secretary, Dr. Sutherland, for their presence with us on the occasion of the silver anniver-

At the afternoon's session the Secretary of the Supply Committee, Mrs. Briggs, Toronto, gave an interesting re-port of the year's effort. Two hun-BUT WILL LEAVE CHURCHES OPEN.

dred and twenty-five auxiliaries, circles, bands and leagues have contributed to the happiness and comfort of hundreds of people on sixty-eight missions. The approximate value of the goods sent is What the French Government Will Do if Clergy

ver seven thousand dollars. An hour with the missionaries was Paris, Oct. 29 .- The Cabinet has | ed, although it is announced that they

replete with tender associations; the Misses Wellwood, Woodsworth and Steele, three young ladies under appoint-ment to China, told the story of their call to the work. Miss Crombie, who has given ten years of faithful effort in Japan, addressed the board. Miss Brim-stin China home on fundation for fine stin, China, home on furlough after five years of successful service, spoke of the joy she found in the work. Dr. Anna Henry, the beloved physician, Miss Brimstin's co-worker, made an urgent plea for more workers for China's whitening harvest fields. Miss Preston, one of the standard bearers of this board in



for special legislation to meet the situ ation. The nature of the measures con-GREATLY IMPRESSED WITH THE CANADIAN WEST. sult of this is that agents' commission

Japan, spoke briefly.

Son of Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone in Montreal on His Return From the great extent. Pacific Coast-Thinks People From

the United States an Acquisition to the Country. Montreal, Oct. 29.-Harry Neville

Gladstone, third son of the late Right

Hon. W. E. Gladstone, was in Mont-

dustries, and it seemed to me that was

all for the good of the country.

an international affair of serious importance, and is worrying the Admin istration. Count Aoki, the Japanese Ambassador, to-day informed Secretary State Root that the Japanese

JAPAN ANGRY

WITH THE STATES

Protest Against Exclusion of Child

ren from Schools.

United States Helpless and Situation

is Serious.

Japan's Rights Infringed Upon-

France Getting Interested.

Washington, Oct. 29 .- The exclusion

Japanese children from the public

hools of San Francisco has become

lovernment desired that the treaty rights of the Japanese in the United States be not infringed upon. This

treaty gives citizens and subjects of Japanese Empire all of the rights and privileges enjoyed by natives citizens of this country, and it now seems certain that in the exclusion of the Japanese children from the schools

of San Francisco there has really been a serious breach of provisions of the Treaty of Commerce and Amity be-tween the United States and Japan,

which was drawn in 1894. The Administration finds itself in The Administration index is a set in a peculiarly difficult position, although the case is not at all unprecedented. A parallel is found in the killing of Italians in Louisiana in 1899, when Chief of Police Hennessey, of New Orleans, was killed by members of the Value Neis. The case of the exclusion Italian Mafia. The case of the exclusion of Japanese children from California schools is identical. The Government at Washington has absolutely no control and can do nothing further than to call to the attention of the authorities in

San Francisco the serious situation which has been brought about, and to ask that they take some measures to

remedy the conditions. There is no concealment in Wash-ington of the fact that an anti-Ameri-

can sentiment is rapidly growing in Japan. At the Japanese Embassy it Japan. At the Japanese Embassy it is said that the people of Japan do not understand that the discrimination against Japanese is confined to only one locality in the United States. There have been numerous other innces

inere have been matrix outer in cidents to which might be attributed the growth of the feeling against America in Japan, but they are all insignificant when compared with the exclusion of the children from the schools. This the Japanese resent more then anything else. They are essen-Majesty. then anything else. They are essen-tially a child-loving race, and discrim-ination of anyone against the Japan-ese children will find a ready and powerful exposition of distaste and obection. The protest of the Ambassador from

Japan to Secretary Root to-day was more or less informal, but, neverthe-Japan reased. less, it brings the matter up in such a way that something must be done. The Ambassador told Mr. Root that

The Ambassador told Mr. Root that his people at home would misunder-stand the situation, and he spoke of the feeling already aroused. Through advices from Ambassador Luke E. Wright, in Tokio, Mr. Root already knows of the conditions in Japan, and he is worried about them.

There is no decrease in the feeling in Washington that if the enmity of Japan should be incurred the commer-cial interests of the United States in the Far East will suffer to a very

complications of the war problem, which the anxious ones are contemplating. It

is only fair to say that sober opinion

as to prevent great and powerful men of

France from taking measures to-day to obtain the best possible information as

to what the immediate future has in

London, Oct. 29.—In a despatch from Tokio, the correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says the Japanese Foreign Of-

store.

BUT TOOK HIS LIFE IN AN UNDER-TAKER'S OFFICE. Europe is Anxious.

Paris, Oct. 29.—The news agencies have from time to time lately brought Chicago, Oct. 29.-August Mocckel, reputed to be a wealthy hardware merword of the differences between Japan chant, living at 527 LaSalle avenue, comand the United States in greater or less detail, intimating that they might mitted suicide late this afternoon in the result in an armed clash between the two countries. The peculiarly happy re-lations of England with the United States, Japan and France add to the

CHINA AWAKENED.

SURPRISE TO THE WORLD.

China's Armies Much Improved-Operations Almost Equal to Those in

A mass meeting held here by the Jap-anese last evening discussed the present situation regarding these children's ex-Changtofu, Oct. 29 .- A notable frature of the autumn manoeuvres of the Chinese Imperial army, which began last Monday in the neighborhood of Changtofu, has been the presence in the field of portable wireless telegraphy apparatus carried upon light wagons, and so adjusted that it can be erected M'GILL IN POLICE COURT- THE in less than thirty minutes. These stations were operated by Chinese of-ficers belonging to the telegraph corps. The manoeuvres came to an end yes-A Toronto, Ont., special report says: The case of Charles McGill, ex-manager of the Ontario Bank, charged with mak-

ing false returns to the Government, army. At a village five miles south of Changtofu this army succeeded in check-ing the advance of the southern army. The manoeuvres began with cavalry op-erations followed on Wednesday by ar-tillery practice. All arms displayed ex-cellent discipline. Experienced military was called in the Police Court this morning. G. Grant, in the absence of his partner, E. J. Johnston, K. C., asked that the case be remanded for a week. Colonel Denison pointed out that owing to the number of important cases now observers are of the opinion that, with the exception of certain minor defects and making allowances for the fact that

sary to find some day which would not conflict with other engagements. Mr. Bain, who appeared for the prosecution, in reply to a question by the Magistrate, stated that the case would take several days. He thought three days would be sufficient. Colonel Deni-son then formally remanded the case un-

til Friday next. Mr. McGill, who appeared with his Mr. McGail, who appeared what his bondsmen, stood in front of the railing, behind his counsel, and renewed his re-cognizance to appear on the date named. His bondsmen, August J. Goughan, Thos, I. McIntyre, P. C. Larkin, and John W. T. Fairweather, who stood beside renewed their bonds for Mr. Mc Gill's appearance in the same amounts as on the former occasion, the first two for \$2,500 each and the others for \$5,000

each. The case of Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn was next called. D. J. Grierson, who appeared for the defence, agreed to a remand of one week. Both cases will be et down for hearing on Monday, Nov. 5. Mr. Cockburn was not present.

sented to Judge Wolverton with the in-tention of making this a test case. The application for the injunction is made on the ground that the present resolution of the Board of Education, ex-cluding Japanese pupils from the city schools, is in violation of the constitu-tion of the Hostical States and the time

tion of the United States and, the Em-

ONTARIO BANK.

COCKBURN CASE.

to the number of important case pending before him, it would be

FIRST BIRTHDAY IN SPAIN.

Prisoners Amnestied in Honor of Quee Victoria.

Madrid, Oct. 29 .- The Queen's 19th birthday, the first that she has spent in Spain, was celebrated enthusiasically to-day here and in the prov Members of the royal family

and the courtiers showered present upon her. The Cortes sent congratula-tions. Teh Ministers and diplomats alled at the palace to felicitate her

A large crowd assembled in the palace square, and in response to their cries the King and Queen appeared up-on a balcony, when they were given a tumultous ovation. A grand reception was held in the palace this afternoon, followed in the evening by a State ban quet. In honor of the day some pri-soners were amnestied and the pay of the soldiers of the Madrid garrison in-

The amnesty benefited all person

convicted of political, press, and strike offences, and also Anarchist propagandists. The Queen, receiving Count Roman

Plea Court to-day to recover \$10,000 ones, Minister of Justice, declared she was happy that her first birthday in in Spain should be associated with those suffering from their political ideas. WANTED CREMATION

es the latter had sustained in an auto obile accident.

ra yard or a total of forty-two

WILITARY MANOEUVRES ADDED A

European Countries.

terday with victory for the northern army. At a village five miles south of these operations were an experiment, the manoeuvres were almost equal to those

conducted in European countries. The artillery and the principal equipment of the troops were manufactured in Japan. The northern army un-doubtedly was better clothed and equipped than the southern. It also dislayed better organization, and had more

fficient advisers. To-day the proceedings came to an end with a grand review of both armies, including all branches, at the conclu-sion of which Yuan Shi Kai, Commander-in-Chief of the forces, invited the for eign observers to lunch. It is estimated that the manoeuvres cost \$500,000.

WANT THREE-CENT FARE.

The Detroit Anti-Franchise League Not Satisfied.

Detroit, Oct. 29.—The anti-franchise league, composed of prominent citizens who are opposed to the granting of the new franchise sought for by the present ceity railway system, which the railway company exploits as "the lowest rates of fare in the world," is negotiating with Mr. F. S. Spence, of Toronto, to come to Detroit and speak at a big mass meeting within two weeks. It was in-tended to have Mayor Dunne of Chi.

tended to have Mayor Dunne, of Chicago, present, but he cannot come on ac-count of the election. The franchise offered gives ten tickets

or twenty-five cents with universal ransfers from 5 to 8 a. m., and 4.30 to 8.30 p. m., and six tickets for twenty-five cents the rest of the day. The Democratic candidate for Mayor,

son, is fighting for a straight three-cent fare with transfers good during twenty-four hours of the day.

TOOK TOO MUCH.

DONATED PART OF HIS SKIN, BUT DOCTORS STOLE MORE.

Cincinnati, Oct. 29 .- Alleging that he was robbed of thirty-six inches of skin, William J. Doll filed a suit in Common

from J. S. Atkins and Drs. George A. Fackler and J. C. Oliver. The doctors are two of the most prominent surgeons in the city, who performed an operation transferring epidermis from Doll's thighs to Atkins to hasten the healing of injur-

In his unusual petition Doll states that he made a contract with Atkins and the surgeons permitting the trans-planting of six inches of skin from his limbs to cover Atkins' wounds, but that while he was under the influence of the anaesthetic and helpless the surgeons helped themselves and peeled off an ex-

un Life Mr. Kent Admits That the Management is of a Very High Standard-Salaries of the Officials.

POLICYHOLDERS.

Montreal, Oct. 29.-Examination of the affairs of the Sun Life Assurance Company before the Insurance Commission was concluded to-day, and the Royal Victoria Life Insurance Comwill be taken up to-morrow. was announced that to-morrow d complete the inquiry in Mont would real, and that an adjournment would be made until next Wednesday, when the Commission would re-assemble at Ottawa, Proceedings to-day took in the question of policies, their nature and preferences, division of profits, cost business, rebate system, and salaries of chief officials.

Preference on Policies.

The morning session opened with Mr. Thomas B. Macaulay, Secretary, again on the stand. In reply to a question on the stand. In reply to a question by Mr. Shepley, regarding preference in policies, he said: "In our own com-pany, as we combine both participating and non-participating policyholders in one branch, and stockholders get five might have got.

Might have got. Asking Mr. Macaulay a personal ques-tion, Mr. Shepley learned that the sal-aries of the Secretary and of the Presi-dnt extended over a period to include 1907. The President's salary in 1905 mag 218 (2004, in 1906, 210 (2004) and 1997 other, naturally it is better, from the stockholders' standpoint, to get parti-chating policies in larger number, bewas \$18,000; in 1906, \$19.000, and next cause they get five per cent. on a larger amount of profit. Our rule is differamount of profit. Our rule is differ-ent from that of most companies, you After that there is no arrangement in either case. Mr. Macaulay, manager of the eastern district, is paid by commisbecause most other companies give ten per cent. from 'with profit' policie and all profits from with profit policies and all profits from 'without profit' policies, and it is just a question of which would be greater." "From either standpoint the share-holder is interested in heuritik sion at a varying rate, with a fixed maximum. The Sun Life has two trus-

holder is interested in benefiting as few policyholders as possible through the division of profits?" was asked. "I do holders we have the more policy-holders we have the more shares to divide. We want to do as much business as we can, and we let the policy-holders choose what they like."

When the investigation was resumed the afternoon Mr. Shepley took up question of the cost of new busines Have you the same trouble with in itial expenses as other companies?" h asked.

"I suppose so," replied Mr. Macaulay. "What are the reasons for this heavy expense?

The uncontrollable reason is keen managers were not immortal, and there competition; companies have to pay might be another era when the manageif to get-new business. Ile re- ment would not be so good.

itself.' Mr. Shepley questioned regarding methods employed by the Sun Life in changing from the high to the low rate of interest required on reserve, mensely struck by the activity of the in accordance with the legislation of lego. real to-day on his return from his first of 1899. people and by the extraordinary pros-pects. During my tour I heard some-thing about capitalists from the United of 1899. Mr. Macaulay said that the old business of the Sun Life and the new as well, was on the 31-2 per cent. States coming in here and starting in has as well, was on the ored to see it. on a 3 per cent, basis. The process of increasing the reserve had been going also saw quite a number of American on ever since 1899.

eration of the question of what consti-tutes a legal association under the law, is prepared to render a decision that

only associations formed with the con-

sent of the former churchwardens and

sent of the former characteristics and parish priests are legally entitled to take over church property, those formed by outsiders having no previous connection with the churchwardens or parish priests

being irregular. If this proves to be cor-

rect, the decision will give an impetus to schism, as of all the associations thus

have gradually risen for a term of

Mr. Shepley then took up the pro-fit and loss account. There was a loss,

s far as form went, of \$570,000 on the

first year's business. "What do you suggest as a remedy

against this great cost of new business?"

"I think that things are righting them-selves. I can imagine no remedy that would not be worse than the disease.

on ever since 1899, "What do you think of the move-ment to bring about the change as slowly as possible in order not to be hard on the policyholders?" "We ap-prove of it, we intended to spread the change over the entire fifteen years, but are the capital to start with. I shall change over the entire fifteen years, but have no hesitation, when I get home, in when we made big profits in the last two years we decided to put the rerecommending all my friends to come out here and invest their money, for

tions to ask prospective insurance can-didates. Of these Mr. Macaulay said the

serve on a higher basis at once." Mr. Macaulay said that in one year, owing to this change, the policyholdthere are great opportunities, and gen-eral conditions are thoroughly sound." ers got \$260,000 less than the previous year, and a million less than they



HIS HOLINESS SENDS GREETINGS TO EMPEROR WILLIAM.

Rome, Oct. 29 .- The Pope to-day reeived the German Foreign Secretary, year it will be \$20,000. The Secretary's ceived the German Foreign Secretary, salary was in 1905 \$13,000; in 1906, Herr von Tschirsky, and Frau von \$14,000, and in 1907 it will be \$15,000. Tschirsky, who were acompanied by the Herr von Tschirsky, and Frau von Tschirsky, who were acompanied by the Prussian Minister to the Vatican, Bacon friendship between Japan and the United von Rotenhan. He asked his visitors to take seats ,and entered into a cordial conversation with them, which lasted

maximum. The Sun Life has two trus-tees in England to look after the amount of \$500,000 there deposited in the inter-veyed to the Pope Emperor William's best wishes, and the Pontiff in return urther there was undoubted evidence further there was undoubted evidence that Japan was deeply pained at the oc-tion of the San Francisco authorities, but it was universally held that the ex-clusion of Japanese children from San Francisco schools was an outcome of ests of British policyholders; these resent His Majesty his warm greetings. ceive each 200 guineas per annum. Mr. Shepley noticed the fact that the Sun Life had a formidable list of ques-

REFUSED HIM

people never complained. Mr. Kent-It seems to me that no AND HE WOUNDED HER AND KILLED HIMSELF. body ever did complain of the Sun Life.

ployed.

Mr. Macaulay-Very seldom. Mr. Shepley then announced that his xamination of Mr. Macaulay was con-New York, Oct. 29 .- Because she had refused to marry him, Frank Dorsey fired four bullets at Miss Josephine uded for the present. Mr. Kent admitted that the manage-Schmidt. Believing he had killed her he ment of the Sun Life was at present at then shot himself dead. The young wo-a very high standard. Yet the present man was only slightly wounded in one managers were not immortal, and there leg. The shooting occurred in a Fourth

avenue bird store where both were em

the present electoral campaign in the

United States.

undertaking establishment of J. H. Hartwick, fig. Centre avenue, by shoot-ing himself in the head. Mocekel was a stranger to the proprie-tor of the establishment. He entered the place and handed a letter to Hartwick. Then he sat down on a couch, placed a revolver to his head and pulled the trig-

regards a war between Japan and the United States as ridiculously improbable, but this feeling has not been so strong "I wish my body to be cremated." wer the only words contained in the letter except the signature. No motive for the act has been found.

STRIKE LEADS TO FRACAS

Trouble Outside Heintzman Factory at Junction.

fice has received a reply through Ambas-sador Viscount Siuzo Aoki, at Washing-ton, to the effect that the exclusion of Japanese children from the schools of A Buckingham despatch says: The workers' strike in the Junction resulted in a small riot on Van Horne street this evening, when the men were leaving Heintzman & Cpmpany's factory at the close of the day's work. The trouble be-San Francisco was quite a local affair. The American Government was not aware of the details of the incident ungan when one of the strikers' pickets from Japan. The American Ambassador at Tokio, Luke W. Wright, has given a started an argument with a non-union man who was going to work. An alterpledge that the United States will not cation took place, in which two men pleage that the United States will not discriminate against Japanese and other foreign children, and that she under-takes to protect Japanese interests fully. Baron Kentaro Kaneko, a member of the Daimy Council the States of the States of

each soide took part, the result be-ing some black eyes. To-night a considerable number of strikers were on hand Heintzmans have about 180 men at work, and when these came out of the factory the strikers gathered ar them, and vewy soon a number of small fights were in progress. Nobody was hurt seriously. Heintzman & Company



ROBBERS GOT OFF WITH BOOTY-A BLOODLESS FIGHT.

Republic from Odin, Ills., says: The Bank of Odin was dynamited and

Suit at San Francisco. San Francisco, Oct. 29.-Judge Wol-erton, of the United States Circuit looted by a gang of safe robbers early to-day. The report of the explosion at-

Court, yesterday issued an order to the Board of Education of San Francisco citing that body to show cause why an imore than 30 shots were fired. The baninjunction compelling the reinstatement of I. Yasuhara, a Japanese pupil recent-ly excluded from the Pacific Heights grammar school, should not be issued. The board is ordered to answer on Nov. 5. This order was issued for the fight there were three or four an application for an injunction pre-tion. the fight school publication, she correspond-the fight there were three or four robbers in the party. The Bank of Odin is a private institu-an application for an injunction pre-tion.

TWO DUELS.

ONE MAN WOUNDED IN THE ARM. THE OTHER IN THE LEG.

Havana, Oct. 29.-Two duels in which hree of the combatants received injures which disabled them, were fought in Havana yesterday. City Councilman Ranon, Mendoza, who acted as aid de camp to General Leonard Wood, during the first period of American intervention had sent a challenge to Eduardo Alonzo, an editorial writer on El. Mundo, alleging offensive editorial expressions. The

two men fought with broad swords and each sustained a severe cut in the arm. Dr. Manuel Socades, a former insurgent officer, had challenged Capt. Poey, who was at one time aide de camp to ex-Pre-sident Palma, because of an alleged personal insult during a political discuss In this fight Capt Poey was badly wounded by a sword thrust in the leg.

THE "VOICE" CALLED.

Former Toronto Student Elopes With Chicago Authoress.

Chicago, Oct. 29 .- The friends of Myrtle Reed, asthoress, learned today of her elopemeit to Grand Haven, Mich., with Sydney McCullough, to whom she was married by Rev. Francis Wedham, of the Episcopai Church. The for-mal announcement of the wedding was made to-day by the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Reed.

The wedding occurred on Mondey, when the bride's friends were expecting cards for an elaborate ceremony. McCullough is widely known as the writer of "Lavender and Old Lace," "The Master's Violin," "Sign of the Jack o' Lantern," and "Shadow of Victory." Her first literary success was "Love Letters of a Musician."

4

of a Musician." Her marriage is the result of a romance that began when Miss Reed was a High school girl in Chicago. As editor of The Voice, a West Division High School publication, she correspond-

St. Louis, Oct. 29 .- A special to the

