

Watford Guide-Advocate

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WATFORD, ONT., FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1918

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LOCAL HAPPENINGS

THIS GUIDE-ADVOCATE welcomes all items of interest for this column. Call Phone 11, send by mail or drop item in GUIDE-ADVOCATE Letter Box.

No peace with an undetected Germany CANADA has one automobile for every 38 people.

COATS for girls 10, 12 and 14 at January Sale prices.—SWIFT'S.

STOCKTAKING is keeping many of our merchants busy these days.

The New York express (No. 2) is now timed to stop at Watford at 2.52 instead of 3.05.

The local hydro system stood the test of the big storm, there being no interruptions.

No less than 2,717 public and high school boys worked on Ontario farmers last year.

It did not take the merchants long to count the cash receipts for the day, on Saturday.

REFORM seems to be the watchword of most of the new municipal councils sworn in on Monday.

RAW COTTON 33 cents—4 years ago 11c. Goods at present prices are money makers.—SWIFT'S.

GERMAN Socialists protest against their government's annexation plans. What new trick is this to deceive Russia?

THE GUIDE-ADVOCATE has plenty of those pink receipts on hand. If you have not already done so call and get one.

HOW would you like the job of car 1 mail carrier during January and February? Be kind to the poor fellows, their lot is a hard one.

WHAT a lot of time we waste wondering about things that are none of our business and worrying about things that never happen.

MR. E. H. HAWN, Tessier, Sask., is visiting his brother, Mr. Nelson Hawn. It is ten years last fall since Mr. Hawn made a trip east.

12 LADIES' COATS, \$4.50. You should see them.—SWIFT'S January Sale.

WATFORD BOYS don't seem to have lost their grip on hockey judging from the score at the exhibition game at Alvinston on Monday night.

THOSE twenty-five thousand German soldiers who revolted on the Russian front may have started something that will finish the Kaiser. Let's hope so.

THOSE knitting bags are voluminous enough for the women, but one doubts whether they would comfortably hold all that the average man carries in his twelve to seventeen pockets.

GOOD stock of fine suitings and costings. Blue and grey vested suits to order from \$25.00. Best value in Ontario.—SWIFT'S Tailoring Department.

MR. W. L. DOAN received a telegram on Tuesday announcing the death of Mr. Wesley Clark, a former resident of Watford, who passed away suddenly on Monday at his home at Monroe, Wash.

ADVERTISING is a creative force and so long as there are people to experience needs, and merchants and manufacturers to cater to these needs, there is a field for the profitable work of advertising.

THERE is an old saying that a hard beginning of winter means an easy finish. If that is true then we must be in for delightful weather during the latter part of January and February.

LET every woman Do her bit To beat the Hun. Sew and knit Till the war is won.

ON account of the storm the Q. P. Club were unable to make their collection of paper last Saturday. Weather permitting, the collection will be made next Saturday, January 19th. Please have your papers ready.

Men's heavy wool shirts and drawers, Penman's and Tiger brand. Selling now at \$1.25 each. Buy for next year.—SWIFT'S.

JOHNNY—"Sis thinks a lot more of you than she did." He—"Fine! What makes you think so?" Johnny—"Well, she told Ma that with everybody that amounts to anything gone to the war she didn't see where she could do better."

MUNICIPAL COUNCILS having been sworn in the members will now proceed to talk about probable tax rates. Most people will not object to a few cents extra on their slips if some permanent improvements are commenced.

It has been officially announced that the Ontario Legislature will meet on Tuesday, February 5th. By meeting on this date the Legislature will have a session of seven weeks and three days to Easter and this, while shorter than usual, is expected to be long enough to give adequate consideration to all the business likely to come before the members.

FREE PRESS Jan. 14th, contained the following:—Pte. Verne Arnold, who went overseas with the 142nd Battalion, officially reported wounded and missing. Pte. Arnold had been in France about a week and two months and in the trenches a week. He resided at 129 Clarence street, London, previous to enlisting. Verne is an old Watford boy, being born here and spent the greater part of his boyhood days.

Rev. W. J. ASHTON's subject on Sunday evening in the Armory will be "The King's Face." Come and hear him.

PETROLEA had no mail by way of Wyoming from Friday night until Monday afternoon. It was carried by sleigh, the G.T.R. service being out of commission.

THERE will be a meeting for women in the Presbyterian Church next Sunday at 8.45 p.m. to be addressed by Mrs. (Rev.) E. H. Sowers. Special music will be furnished. All the women are invited.

PENMAN'S shirts and drawers for boys 8 to 16 years; fine stock. Buy now.—SWIFT'S January Sale.

THE regular demoralization of the mail service very little correspondence has arrived for The Guide-Advocate this week, and the limited train service now supplied will make the prompt delivery of the paper uncertain until spring.

THE services of the Methodist church will be held in the Armory next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock instead of in the church, Rev. W. J. Ashton, B. D. of Washington St. Methodist Church, London, will preach. The Sunday school will be held there at usual hour also.

THE regular meeting of the Women's Institute was held at the home of Mrs. G. Stevenson, on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 16th, president presiding. Letters of appreciation were received from the soldiers at the front who had received socks. A donation of \$10 was sent to Halifax sufferers. The afternoon was spent in quilting and other work planned for our next meeting.—SNC.

THE contest for half a dozen silver knives and forks, Rogers 1847, held by Lambert Chapter, I.O.O.F., was closed on Wednesday. The lucky ticket was No. 22 and was held by Mr. Frank Glover, of Windsor, formerly of Arkona. The amount realized from the contest was \$31.85, which will be used for Red Cross purposes. The members of the Chapter return thanks to the public for their liberal patronage.

Two lots of odd corsets 49c and 79c—January Sale prices.—SWIFT'S.

THE minutes of the Watford Council containing the names of the municipal officers for 1918 will be found on another page. Most of the old officers have been reappointed, some at the old salary while others have been given an increase. Messrs. D. Roche and F. J. Hughes have been appointed auditors for 1918. A motion was passed requesting better post-office accommodation.

ON account of the severe storm of last Saturday and Sunday the service in the Baptist Church, Watford, was cancelled, much to the regret of those who were planning to hear the Rev. E. H. Sowers, who had kindly consented to preach. Next Sunday, Jan. 20th, Rev. A. C. Tiffin, pastor of the Methodist Church, will preach at 11 a.m. Sunday school at 2.30 p.m. The public is cordially invited to these services.

WHY is it that the collections of paper have dwindled off? Is it that the people of Watford are losing interest in the movement, or is it merely thoughtlessness on their part? Papers have fallen greatly in price and so, to realize as much as we did last year, the Q. P. Club must have almost twice as many papers. Won't you help us to make at least as much, if not more, for the Red Cross as last year. Next collection on Saturday, January 19th.

A REWARD of \$10 will be paid to any civil police or peace officer for the apprehension and delivery into military custody of a deserter or absentee without leave from the C. E. F. or from the active militia of Canada on active service, or of a man who is absent without leave from the military forces of Canada, on account of his failure to comply with the terms of the Military Service Act.

DURING the seizure of Paris in the Franco-Prussian war of 1870 the following were the prices of fresh foods:—Elephant, \$3 75 a lb.; mule, \$2.50 a lb.; cat, \$2.81 each; crow, \$1.12 each; rat, 43c. each; dog, 68c. lb.; goose, \$32.85 each; hens, \$13.12 each; rabbit, \$11.25 each; bear, \$2.75 lb.; and horse flesh, \$1.12 lb. Yet some people grumble about the high prices in Ontario at the present time.

A COMMUNICATION from Detroit dated Jan. 11th, says:—"While waiting for a car on Grand River Avenue an unknown man suddenly dropped dead. He was taken into a store and the police ambulance called. Chester Schlemmer, who got off a car at the same stop, identified him as his uncle's father, who had been over to see them and had just left for home. Mrs. Fred Roberts, a daughter-in-law, is a sister of Harry Schlemmer a well-known resident of Watford."

10 LADIES' COATS, \$2.50 each. The cloth is worth \$7.50.—SWIFT'S January Sale.

THE meetings in the Armory are being splendidly attended all week. Owing to the storm Rev. Mr. Ashton did not arrive on Monday evening as announced but Rev. Mr. Tiffin took his place and preached an appropriate sermon on "The kind of men God can use." Mr. Ashton arrived in good time for Tuesday's meeting and is to remain all week and all day next Sunday, Jan. 20th. Every person who has heard Mr. Ashton is much pleased and all are very expectant of very profitable meetings. The meetings start during week at 7.45 p.m. with song service. All are invited to join in these meetings, they are a real treat.

By proclamation of the British government the importation into the United Kingdom of newspapers and periodicals other than in single copies has been strictly forbidden. This means that any person mailing newspapers or periodicals to friends or soldiers in either England or France must place each copy in a separate wrapper, properly addressed. The rate on Canadian newspapers or periodicals for Great Britain is one cent per four ounces, to France one cent per two ounces. American publications one cent for two ounces.

As a village we have much to be thankful for. Our public schools were never in better running condition—thanks to the Board of Education and to a thoroughly efficient and conscientious corps of teachers. To the membership of our churches large additions have been made, and between the ministers and members thereof there exists at this time a firmer bond of Christian brotherhood than ever before, and the union prayer services that are being held will help to cement that bond.

THE Committee in charge of the Union special services in the Armory feel that they made no mistake in securing Mr. E. A. Baskerville to take charge of the singing. He is a sweet and impressive singer of gospel songs and an expert in securing the best services possible from a large union choir already numbering between 70 and 80 voices. It is a real treat to hear this choir sing. Mr. Baskerville has in training a male quartet of some of the best talent in the town. They will give a selection to-night (Thursday) and again on Sunday. Don't fail to hear them sing. Bring someone with you.

MUCH interest is aroused among patriotic organizations in a sweeping enactment recently promulgated at Ottawa, under which it is made an offence to take up any collection anywhere in Canada for patriotic purposes without the permission of an executive which will be authorized to deal with the granting of such authority. The measure provides that no patriotic collection of any kind may be undertaken, unless it be in connection with divine service in a church without such a permit. Thus all other days and other ventures of the week will be dependent upon the issuing of such permission.

It is worthy of note that in many places union services are being held by the Protestant churches in order to conserve the fuel supply. Would it not be greatly in the interests of everyone in Watford if similar action were adopted here? The amount of coal consumed in the local churches in preparation for the Sunday services is no small item, sufficient, we venture to say, to bring relief to quite a number of homes if confronted with actual distress. The fact should be borne in mind that according to records the two coldest winter months are yet to be experienced. December was unusually severe, but the zero weather and the blizzards that must be anticipated during January and February, when transportation facilities are likely to be more crippled than in any other month, should make plain the duty of every one in regard to fuel economy. This getting together for the public good indicates a spirit of union and co-operation and an earnest desire to serve the community and conserve the fuel. The heating of two buildings where one would answer the purpose is not the brand of economy required during the fuel crisis.

WARWICK

I WISH to take this opportunity to express to the electors of the Township of Warwick, my appreciation of their vote on the 7th.—M. D. CAMPBELL.

The Warwick Women's Institute held their regular meeting at the home of Mrs. D. Fallon on Jan. 11th. Meeting opened with singing and prayer. 12 members were present and spent a very busy afternoon in sewing and knitting soldiers' comforts. Mrs. Robinson read an interesting clipping explaining what is done with the damaged and soiled clothing at the front. Also an item from Mrs. McPhedran requesting knitters to make the legs of socks only 10 inches. Bale packed for Hyman Hall contained 16 grey flannel shirts, 4 pyjamas suits, 1 pair of socks. Also 33 pairs of socks for Toronto. Meeting was then brought to a close.

Will the people of the township, who are not collecting for other societies, kindly do their best to make this Red Cross shipment of papers from Watford a success. You may do this by saving every scrap of 1 cardboard and waste paper of every description, as well as 2 newspapers and 3 magazines, and separating them as much as possible. For some reason as many papers have not been brought in this year as last, and although the work is heavier, as prices have fallen, we will not realize a great deal unless you help us as much as possible. Mr. Swift and Mr. Johnston have kindly consented to look after your papers if left at either of their stores.—Q. P. CLUB.

A lady recently crossing the border at Port Huron and landing in Sarnia was questioned in regard to her baggage, she told the officer she had nothing but wearing apparel in it, and being searched there were several bottles of liquor in one of her trunks and when questioned as to its presence there she stated they were her husband's night caps.

BROOKE

Brooke Council minutes did not come to hand in time for this issue, although mailed by the Clerk. Slow train service is responsible.

Tipperary Red Cross Entertainment this (Friday) evening. Bethesda orchestra will furnish the music. Follow the crowd, good accommodation for horses.

Did it snow in Brooke? It did in Watford! Nevertheless the work of collecting papers for the Red Cross is still going on. Throughout this cold weather, as well as the hot, the workers have been very busy, and as prices have dropped considerably, they ask the heartiest co-operation of every citizen of Brooke in this good work.—Q. P. CLUB.

The North Brooke Branch of the Woman's Institute met last Thursday at the home of Miss P. Maddock. Owing to the severity of the weather the attendance was small. Roll-call was answered by many good resolutions for the New Year. Rev. Pollock, of Alvinston, gave an interesting and profitable address on the "Kingship of Self-Control," for which the ladies tendered him a hearty vote of thanks. Miss R. Clark rendered a very pleasing solo. The meeting then closed with the National Anthem, and the hostess served refreshments. The next meeting will be held on the 14th of Feb. at the home of Mrs. S. Hair.

Mrs. Howard Shirley and children, had a close call from serious accident and the house from destruction by fire on Sunday morning last when the hot water system in the kitchen of their home on the 12th line exploded. Mr. Shirley had gone outdoors to do the chores when the explosion occurred. The stove was completely wrecked, the window blown out and the room caught fire. A live coal landed on the clothes of the baby setting them on fire, causing a slight burn on the child's neck. Mrs. Shirley promptly attended to the child then went and called her husband and the fire was extinguished before much damage was done to the building. The explosion is supposed to have been caused by water freezing in the pipes.

WARWICK COUNCIL

Warwick, January 15th, 1918.

The newly elected council met to-day and after signing their declaration of qualification and oath of office took their seats as follows: D. D. Brodie, Reeve; Wm. E. Parker, Deputy Reeve; Walter Percy, Adam Higgins and M. D. Campbell, Councillors.

Bylaw No. 1 was passed in the usual way appointing M. E. Barrett and E. O. Herbert auditors at a salary of \$10 each; Robert James assessor, at a salary of \$43; Robert McKenzie collector, at a salary of \$50, and C. E. Smith member of the Board of Health.

The following accounts were passed:—Dr. Siddall, examination of J. Johnston for inmate of House of Refuge.....\$ 1 00

A. Higgins, expense sending J. Johnston to Sarnia..... 2 00

Walter Annett, Brooke Telephone rates collected by Warwick.....356 45

Robert Smith, sheep and lambs killed and worried by dogs..... 50 00

N. Herbert, postage and supplies..... 29 30

Reuben Frayn, refund dog tax..... 1 00

Municipal World, supplies..... 17 95

Robt. Gault, rep. bridge 24 S.R..... 1 00

John Manders, error in assessment..... 60

C. A. Jones, attending court on Wynne Award appeal..... 10 00

N. Herbert, services Wynne appeal..... 5 00

Wm. Marwick, ref. assess. Cook dr..... 1 41

Wm. Fenner..... 6 15

C. E. Jones, postage, telephoning and supplies..... 15 95

N. Herbert, election expenses..... 70 00

Percy-Higgins, that the Reeve and Mr. Campbell be authorized to look after Mr. Blythe and daughter during their illness, with power to act.—Carried.

Bylaw No. 2, authorizing the Reeve and Treasurer to borrow money from private parties was passed in the usual way.

Bylaw No. 3 on the McManus drain was read the first and second times and provisionally adopted.

The Council then adjourned to meet on Monday, the 18th day of February, at one o'clock, p.m., as a court of revision on the McManus drain and for general business.

N. HERBERT, Clerk.

Letter From a Former Petrolea Newspaper Man

Mr. R. T. Lowery, a well known British Columbia editor and publisher, is in the south and will spend the winter between California, Arizona and Mexico. His object in visiting these places is health, pleasure and material for his newspaper work. The following is from his pen:

"Mexico is a country of surprises to the seeker after knowledge. It was civilized probably about 5,600 years ago, and may have had its pyramids before Egypt. In politeness some of the Mexicans are several laps ahead of the French. Some of them are the dirtiest and most dishonorable people on earth, while others are just the reverse. There are about 4,000,000 Indians in Mexico, speaking about 167 different dialects. None of the tribes associate with each other, and have nothing in common; hence it is difficult for any one leader to control the bunch. It is worse than Quebec. In that land of ease, sunshine,

cigarettes and red peppers, a native will work all week burning charcoal, for getting something else ready for the market. He will pack his week's product on his back to the city Saturday evening and sell it for about 75 cents in the market Sunday morning. Then he goes to church, and then to the bullfight. After the bullfight he hikes to a pulque shop (saloon) and hits the booze until he is broke. Monday morning he goes back to the country to make another 75-cent for the next Sunday's blowout. The pulque shops are generally called after some saint, and the walls are decorated with pictures of saints. There is no near beer in Mexico, and a fighting jag can be obtained for about a dime.

Death of Miss Sifton

Ida A. Sifton, returned missionary to Japan, passed away at Moosejaw, Sask., on Dec. 30th, after a lingering illness. Deceased was born in Westminster Township, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Sifton. She attended the Strathroy Collegiate Institute and took an arts course at Victoria University. After teaching school for a few years, Miss Sifton took up missionary work and was later sent to Japan by the General Mission Board of the Methodist church.

After spending seven years in that heated land, she returned home on a year's furlough and many were the tales told of the hardships of a missionary's life, as well as blessings, as she unfolded the needs of missions. She returned to the Flowery Kingdom and spent another five years in mission work, but the strain had begun to tell upon her health and she was sent home by her doctor. Since returning to Canada seven years ago, she has made her home with her brother, J. D. Sifton, of Moosejaw, where she passed away on Dec. 30th at the age of 50 years. The remains were brought here by her brothers, Truman and Wright Sifton, and the funeral was held to Strathroy cemetery from Tanton's undertaking parlors on Thursday last. The Rev. J. C. Reid, officiated. Miss M. Fox sang an appropriate solo during the service, accompanied by Miss Walls. The pallbearers were six nephews of deceased:—Messrs. Clarence, Winston and Dalton Sifton, and Sharon, Floyd and Eber Kelly. Besides the brothers mentioned above, she leaves two sisters, Mrs. Sarah Kelly, of Lambeth, and Mrs. Mary Colwell, of Toronto. The deceased had in her possession one of the greatest collections of curios from Japan, among them being many Japanese idols or gods, as well as specimens of their beautiful art work. Miss Sifton, while in Japan, had in charge two daughters of the Chief of the Head Hunters, who would often show her with considerable pride the number of scalps he had taken.—Strathroy Age.

War Notes

From January 1 to 10 the French brought down 27 German aeroplanes.

The British destroyer Racoon was wrecked off the Irish coast and all on board were lost.

The Bavarian Legislature has ordered the closing of crematories on account of the scarcity of coal.

Britain has so far enrolled 7,500,000 fighting and labor battalion forces, of which 900,000 were raised by the Dominionions.

More than 50 per cent. of the Australian soldiers at the front are said to have expressed a desire to settle on the land when the war ends.

A member of the French Parliament expresses the belief that the decisive battle of the war will be fought in the air in the coming spring. On such an issue, he says, France must stake everything.

The British Ambassador to Russia says there is no power in sight in Russia strong enough to overturn the Bolshevik Government. Its strength is, he says, based on the war weariness of the Russian people.

The British Government, on widening the age limit, and reducing the list of exemptions, in industries of special importance, propose to add half a million men to the forces in the field. Ireland is, however, still to be exempt from conscription.

When The War Will End

Absolute knowledge I have none, But my aunt's washerwoman's sister's son

Heard a policeman on his beat Say to a laborer on the street That he had a letter just last week Written in the finest Greek

From a Chinese Coolie in Timbuctoo Who said the negroes in Cuba knew Of a colored man in a Texas town, Who got it straight from a circus clown, That a man in Klondike heard the news From a gang of South American Jews About somebody in Borneo, Who heard a man who claimed to know Of a swell society female fake, Whose mother-in-law will undertake To prove that her seventh husband's sister's niece

Had stated in a printed piece That she has a son who has a friend Who knows when the war is going to end!

Sarnia postoffice officials have been vaccinated as a precautionary measure against small pox which is prevalent in some parts of Ontario.

WOMAN HAD NERVOUS TROUBLE

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her.

West Danby, N. Y.—"I have had nervous trouble all my life until I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for nerves and for female troubles and it straightened me out in good shape. I work nearly all the time, as we live on a farm and I have four girls. I do all my sewing and other work with their help, so it shows that I stand it real well. I took the Compound when my ten year old daughter came and it helped me a lot. I have also had my oldest girl take it and it did her lots of good. I keep it in the house all the time and recommend it."—Mrs. DEWITT SINCEBAUGH, West Danby, N. Y.



Sleeplessness, nervousness, irritability, backache, headaches, dragging sensations, all point to female derangements which may be overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from native roots and herbs, has for forty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and invigorator of the female organism. Women everywhere bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Guide-Advocate

Watford, Ont.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
Subscription \$1.50 per annum in advance. \$2.00 in advance to the United States.

ADVERTISING RATES.

YEARLY CONTRACT
1500 inches 8 cents per inch.
1000 inches 9 cents per inch.
500 inches 10 cents per inch.
Shorter periods 12 cents per running inch.

Advertisers will be allowed a change of matter every two weeks. Weekly changes can be had at a slight extra cost. Copy of change must be in printer's hands by Tuesday noon.

LOCAL ADVERTISING—First insertion per line, 10 cents; subsequent insertions 5 cents each time per line. Adverts measure 14 lines to the inch.

BUSINESS CARDS—One inch and under, per year \$6.00.

ADVERTISER CARDS—\$5.00 a year.

LOCALS—10c, per line each insertion. Minimum Charge 25 cents.

Advertisements without specific directions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

HARRIS & CO.
PROPRIETORS

Guide-Advocate

HARRIS & CO. PROPRIETORS.
WATFORD, JANUARY 18, 1918
NOTE AND COMMENT

Christian Science Monitor: Calamity, on one side of the line or on the other was not necessary to the awaking in these later times, of kindly sentiment and warm friendship between the two countries, but it will serve in this instance to reveal in the United States something of the extent and genuineness of the admiration, respect and neighborliness which the mass of its sons and daughters entertain for their kinsfolk of the north. The opportunity which the disaster affords of putting into tangible form sentiments of regard for Canada and for Canadians, so often expressed by them during the last three years, will not be overlooked or neglected by the people of the south.

The Dominion Government is planning to place the country on a war basis with a view to conserving all of Canada's resources and throwing our full efforts into the war. It is expected that there will be much more drastic food regulations shortly and it would not be surprising if Canadians were put on a card system basis for sugar and other commodities of which there is a scarcity. There is absolutely to be a curtailment of the use of all kinds of luxuries as in Great Britain. Hotels and restaurants also will probably be restricted in their menus. The opening of spring will also probably see a curtailment of the use of gasoline for joy riding. Mobilization of farm labor to increase agricultural production and vigorous steps to stimulate production are expected.

As a vermicide there is no preparation that equals Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. It has saved the lives of countless children.

The Chicago Milk Drivers' union is seeking women to replace the men drivers who have been called away to war.

Who Shall go Short in 1918?

At the beginning of a New Year the Food Controller appeals to all public-spirited citizens to study the facts of the world food situation and their own personal responsibilities in connection with the food shortage. Food is the most essential material thing in the world to-day. The situation in Great Britain, France and Italy is exceedingly grave. In all the neutral countries of Europe it is desperate. In Germany the workers have so deteriorated by reason of malnutrition that the output per capita has been reduced by about 33 per cent as compared with the first year of the war. There is not enough food in the world to go around on the same generous scale as before the war. Who shall go short?

The world shortage of supplies up to the present has been felt in this country only indirectly through the rapid advance in prices. Important saving has been effected in beef, ham, bacon and white flour, but far greater economies are required. As yet the great majority of the people have made practically no real food sacrifices. The need overseas is such that this continent must do its utmost. The people of Canada who have food in abundance must reduce their own consumption of certain foods and share with those who have not enough to maintain their physical efficiency. The Allied armies and civilian populations will then be given the support which they must have to win. There will be much suffering in Europe despite the best efforts of the people on this side of the Atlantic, but we at least have it within our power to ensure that such privations will be no greater than is absolutely necessary. It is our plain duty and privilege to support the morale of the fighting men and the civilian populations of Europe and ensure it from being endangered by the menace of starvation.

A Better Machine Gun

Announcement has been made of the development of an America machine gun capable of continuous firing, says "Popular Mechanics." Ammunition is carried to its feed block by an endless belt kept filled by an automatic reloading mechanism. Supply hoppers contain from 2,500 to 10,000 cartridges and are replenished or replaced without interfering with operation. Most machine guns fire about 500 shots a minute and are supplied with ammunition by belts holding approximately 250 cartridges. Thus they are able to fire uninterruptedly for only 30 seconds, while the new instrument spits thousands of missiles without pausing, and thereby does the work of two ordinary pieces.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and this is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Cure that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Red Cross in France

There are 20,060 children in France at the present time receiving American Red Cross assistance, according to a cablegram just received from the Paris headquarters of the Red Cross. Complete medical care is being extended to 700 of this army of children, while dispensary medical care claims 3060 patients. Orphans and other children who are aided by the Red Cross directly or indirectly account for the remainder. Five hundred children per day, for instance, receive medical attention at the point of repatriation for nationals of France who are being returned from behind the German lines.—United States Bulletin.

THE OIL FOR THE FARMER.—A bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the farm house will save many journeys for a doctor. It is not only good for the children when taken with colds or croup, and for the mature who suffer from pains and aches, but there are directions for its use on sick cattle. There should always be a bottle of it in the house.



The Ford Saves the Hay and Oats the Horses Eat

IT HAS been estimated that five acres of land are required to maintain one horse for a year, and that the same five acres would produce nearly enough food for two people. If 50,000 Canadian farmers each replaced one horse with a Ford, 250,000 acres would be added to the Nation's source of food supply and enough extra food made available to feed 100,000 people.

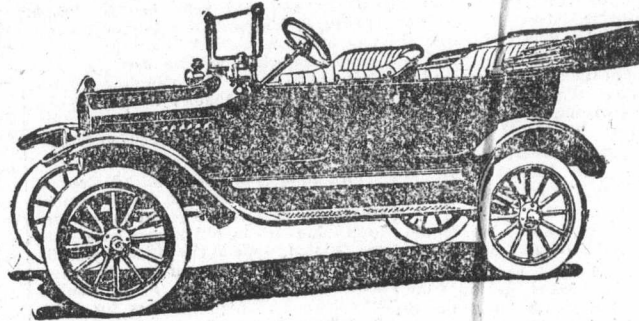
Just think what a great service this means to the country at the present time and the benefit to the farmers from the sale of food produced on this acreage.

A Ford car also saves the farmer a week or more of valuable time each year, which can be used for further productive work. The Ford travels three times as fast as a horse and rig—costs less to run and keep, and is far easier to take care of. With labor so scarce and high priced, time means money, so do not delay in getting your Ford.

Ford

- Runabout - \$475
- Touring - \$495
- Coupe - \$770
- Sedan - \$970

E. O. B. FORD, ONT.



RAY MORNINGSTAR - Dealer - Watford.

The Guide-Advocate JOB PRINTING DEPARTMENT

YOUR ORDER SOLICITED
ALL WORK SATISFACTORILY DONE
PRICE REASONABLE

THIS is no time to be practising False Economy. Don't imagine because you have a fire on that it is cheaper to bake your own Bread and Cakes. Remember, you must have extra heat, and you know the cost of wood and coal these days! So Save your Fuel and Buy your Bread and Cakes from **LOVELL'S**

Made the Supreme Sacrifice

- WATFORD AND VICINITY
- Lt.-Col. R. G. Kelly
 - Capt. Thos. L. Swift
 - Sergt-Major L. G. Newell
 - Pte. Alfred Woodward
 - Pte. Percy Mitchell
 - Pte. R. Whalton
 - Pte. Thos. Lamb
 - Pte. J. Ward
 - Pte. Sid Brown
 - Pte. Gordon Patterson
 - Pte. F. Wakelin, D. C. M.
 - Pte. J. Wakelin
 - Pte. G. M. Fountain
 - Pte. H. Holmes
 - Pte. J. Stillwell
 - Pte. Macklin Hagle
 - Sergt. Clayton O. Fuller
 - Gunner Russell Howard Trenouth.
 - Pte. Nichol McLachlan
 - Corp. Clarence L. Gibson
 - Signaller Roy E. Acton.

Every rose has its thorn — and the thorn outlasts the rose.

No matter how deep-rooted the corn or wart may be, it must yield to Holloway's Corn Cure if used as directed. m

VINOL

Positive—C

It is all very but can they b the formula c statements we
Cod Liver oil
Manganese
Iron
Sodium Citrate
Phosphates, Ca
Any doctor ingredients of above, combi needed to mak All weak, nervous men this at our exp There is not store strength old people, de persons who r Try it. If y ished, we wil without quest fairness and

Taylor & Son, Also at the best towns.

MEN WHO

149 BA

- Lieut. W. I. Ottawa.
- Laet. R. D.
- Sergt. W. I.
- Sergt. M. W.
- Sergt. S. H.
- Sergt. E. A.
- Sergt. W. C.
- Sergt. Geo.
- Sergt. H. M.
- Sergt. C. F.
- Corp. W. M.
- Corp. J. C.
- Corp. J. Me.
- Corp. S. E.
- Corp. H. C.
- Corp. C. Sk.
- Corp. C. E.
- L. Corp. A.
- B. O. S. B.
- C. O. S. C.
- Pte. A. Ban.
- Pte. F. Coll.
- Pte. A. Den.
- Pte. J. R. G.
- Pte. H. Jam.
- Pte. G. Law.
- Pte. R. J. I.
- Pte. C. F. I.
- Pte. W. C. J.
- Pte. T. E. S.
- Pte. A. H. I.
- Pte. G. A. I.
- Pte. A. W. I.
- Pte. W. J. S.
- Pte. W. C. J.
- Pte. R. Clar.
- Pte. S. L. M.
- Pte. J. McC.
- Pte. C. Atcl.
- Pte. H. J. M.
- Pte. H. B. J.
- Pte. G. Voi.
- Pte. T. A. C.
- Pte. D. Ben.
- Pte. F. J. R.
- Pte. E. May.
- Pte. C. Has.
- Pte. S. Gral.
- Pte. W. Pal.
- Pte. H. Tho.
- Pte. F. T. W.
- Pte. B. Tre.
- Pte. E. A. S.
- Pte. W. Zav.
- Pte. W. J. S.
- Pte. Lot Ni.
- Pte. John L.
- Pte. Eston.
- Pte. E. Co.
- Pte. F. A.
- Pte. F. Wh.
- Pte. Edgar.
- Pte. White.
- Pte. McGar.
- Pte. Wilson.
- Pte. Richa.
- Pte. L. H.

No Fr

The Guide- with other pe makes a charg ed of Coming mission fees Under this h Church Fur services. Lodge and Entertainment Women's I Christmas Farmers' C Red Cross Any Comin Our charge five cents per 25c. Six wor sending in not sponible for 1 with order.

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VINOL CREATES STRENGTH

Positive—Convincing Proof

It is all very well to make claims, but can they be proven? We publish the formula of Vinol to prove the statements we make about it.

It Cod Liver and Beef Peptones, Iron and Manganese Peptones, Iron and Ammonium Citrate, Lime and Soda Glycero-phosphates, Casein.

Any doctor will tell you that the ingredients of Vinol as published above, combine the very elements needed to make strength.

All weak, run-down, overworked nervous men and women may prove this at our expense.

There is nothing like Vinol to restore strength and vitality to feeble old people, delicate children and all persons who need more strength.

Try it. If you are not entirely satisfied, we will return your money without question; that proves our fairness and your protection.

Taylor & Son, Druggist, Watford, Ont. Also at the best druggists in all Ontario towns.

MEN WHO ENLISTED IN 149 BATT. AT WATFORD

- Lieut. W. H. Smyth, Headquarters Ottawa.
 Lieut. R. D. Swift, Scout Officer.
 Sergt. W. D. Lamb
 Sergt. M. W. Davies
 Sergt. S. H. Hawkins
 Sergt. E. A. Dodds
 Sergt. W. C. McKinnon
 Sergt. Geo. Gibbs
 Sergt. H. Murphy
 Sergt. C. F. Roche
 Corp. W. M. Bruce
 Corp. J. C. Anderson
 Corp. J. Menzies
 Corp. S. E. Dodds
 Corp. H. Cooper
 Corp. C. Skillen
 Corp. C. E. Sisson
 L. Corp. A. I. Small
 B. O. S.—B. C. Cully
 C. O. S.—C. McCormick
 Pte. A. Banks
 Pte. F. Collins
 Pte. A. Dempsey
 Pte. J. R. Garrett
 Pte. H. Jamieson
 Pte. G. Lawrence
 Pte. R. J. Lawrence
 Pte. C. F. Lang
 Pte. W. C. Pearce
 Pte. T. E. Stilwell
 Pte. A. H. Lewis, Band
 Pte. G. A. Parker
 Pte. A. W. Stilwell
 Pte. W. J. Saunders
 Pte. A. Armond
 Pte. W. C. Aylesworth, Band
 Pte. R. Clark, Bugler
 Pte. S. L. McClung
 Pte. J. McClung
 Pte. C. Atchison
 Pte. H. J. McFeley
 Pte. H. B. Hubbard
 Pte. G. Young
 Pte. T. A. Gilliland
 Pte. D. Bennett
 Pte. F. J. Russell
 Pte. E. Hayes
 Pte. C. Haskett
 Pte. S. Graham
 Pte. W. Palmer
 Pte. H. Thomas
 Pte. F. Thomas
 Pte. B. Trenouth
 Pte. B. A. Shanessy
 Pte. W. Zavitz
 Pte. W. J. Sayers
 Pte. Lot Nicholls
 Pte. John Lamb
 Pte. Eston Fowler
 Pte. E. Cooper
 Pte. F. A. Conne ly.
 Pte. F. Whitman
 Pte. Edgar Oke.
 Pte. White.
 Pte. McGarrity.
 Pte. Wilson.
 Pte. Richard Watson, Cen. Engineer
 Pte. L. H. Aylesworth, Band.

No Free Notices

The Guide-Advocate, in common with other papers in Ontario, now makes a charge for all notices inserted of Coming Events, whether admission fees are charged or not. Under this head comes all notices of Church Functions, except religious services.

Lodge and Society Meetings and Entertainments.

- Women's Institutes.
- Christmas Trees.
- Farmers' Clubs,
- Red Cross meetings,
- Any Coming Event.

Our charge for these notices is five cents per line. Minimum charge 25c. Six words make a line. When sending in notices state who is responsible for payment or send cash with order.

Reports of all meetings inserted free of charge and welcomed. It is the advance notice only that is subject to charge.

DRAFTING AN ARMY

Conscription Had Its Origin In France In 1798.

THEN SPREAD OVER EUROPE.

The Terrible Power It Placed In Napoleon's Hands Forced The Other Nations To Adopt The System—Its Introduction Into This Country.

Conscription originated in France in 1798. At that time the country had just passed through the long and bloody war of the French revolution, which the monarchs of Europe had banded together to crush. France, under Napoleon, had come forth victorious, but her army was exhausted, and it was evident that some new system of recruiting would be necessary, as volunteer enlistment no longer sufficed. It was then that General Jourdan brought forth and passed the law establishing conscription. Since then it has been the basis of all French military legislation and, to a certain extent, of that of all other countries.

It was through the terrible power of conscription that Napoleon was enabled to carry on the gigantic wars which characterized his reign and by means of it, after losing in the snows of Russia the largest army that up till that time had ever been put into the field, to reappear a few months later with another army almost as large. Out of necessity the other nations were forced to follow France's example, and conscription became general. Under the French regime every citizen between the ages of twenty and twenty-five was liable to service for five years. Prussia, however, still further developed the powers of conscription by reducing the period of service in the ranks and passing her soldiers as soon as they were sufficiently trained into a reserve force, thus by degrees training her whole population.

This latter system, which was considered as one of the most far-reaching and important events of the last century, owed its origin to the conditions imposed on Prussia by Napoleon at the treaty of Tilsit, whereby Prussia was restricted to a standing army of 43,000 men. She kept to the letter of the law by maintaining her army at the prescribed number, but her trained citizen reserve force was limited only by the population of the country.

The military history of the United States is as remarkable as the rise and rapid growth of the nation itself. In 1790, as fixed by an act of congress, the rank and file of our army amounted to 1,216 men, and in 1814 an English expedition with only 3,500 men was able to seize and burn Washington.

Conscription first made its appearance here at the time of the war between the states. At the beginning of the war in 1861 our whole regular force was but 14,000 men. At first the northern army was increased by volunteer enlistment, but the unexpected prolongation of the war proved this method too slow to replenish the waste of the armies, and in 1863 the government resorted to a draft.

The first attempt to carry it out met with forcible resistance and led to a serious riot in the city of New York, which lasted for several days. All opposition, however, was put down and the draft executed with all possible forbearance and justice. Exemptions and substitute purchases were so freely given in the north that the draft had little effect except as a stimulus to the states in bringing to full strength their quotas of, volunteers by voting bounties.

In the south, however, conscription was sweeping from the first, and toward the end of the war it became omnivorous. Every man between the ages of seventeen and fifty-five was legally liable to service, the only excuse being physical incapacity.

The total number of men called under arms by the government of the United States between April, 1861, and April, 1865, amounted to more than 2,750,000, nearly half of this number being raised by conscription. If to this we add the 1,100,000 men from the southern states the total armed force of the country at that time amounted to almost 4,000,000, drawn from a population of only 32,000,000.

COULD HARDLY LIVE FOR ASTHMA. Writes one man who after years of suffering has found complete relief through Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. Now he knows how needless has been his suffering. This matchless remedy gives sure help to all afflicted with asthma. Inhaled as a smoke or vapor it brings the help so long needed. Every dealer has it or can get it for you from his wholesaler.

Coal mining companies in the Lehigh Valley district of Pennsylvania will employ women in positions outside the shafts. Among the jobs which they are eligible for are those of breaker hands, head tenders, weighers and runners.

END THAT COUGH!

Peps will end it! Simply dissolve Peps tablets in your mouth. The fine forest vapors which are thus released are breathed down to the remotest parts of the air passages and lungs, soothing and healing the inflamed membranes and bringing quick relief from that irritating and exhausting cough.

Mrs. Luther Brown, of Wilson's Beach, N.B. writes: "For two years I was troubled with a very bad cough. At nights it became worse and I coughed incessantly and could not sleep. I tried every remedy I had ever heard of, but nothing did me any good until I used Peps. Even the first few tablets gave me relief. I continued their use, with the result that my cough has entirely disappeared."

These breatheable Peps are also recommended for colds, sore throat, bronchitis, catarrh, asthma and chest and lung troubles. 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25. All dealers or Peps Co., Toronto.

PEPS

Latest of New Devices in War

The latest of new devices in the present war is in the use of luminous paint. This is used not only on land, but on sea and in the air. A piece of linen ten inches square, covered with luminous paint, is tacked on the back of the shoulders of infantry attacking enemy trenches in the dark. This is done so that when the first line of men go over the top, they will not be mistaken for enemies in the dark by the second line of men who follow. The paint is also used for the purpose of making compasses luminous at night. Over 100,000 marching compasses are in daily use by the Allied armies, each fitted with a luminous radium dial readable at any time, even on the darkest night. Aeroplanes skim along through the night, the aviators guided by radium-bedecked compasses. At sea, the doughty little sub destroyers shoot hither and thither with never a light to be seen—the radium-lighted compass-dial answers the question. The man using it can see the dial all the time, while the ship itself is shrouded in darkness.

Zinc sulfid has long been known for its ability to "store" light. Exposure to sunlight will cause it to glow feebly for some time in the dark. By mingling with it an almost infinitesimal quantity of radium, the exciting function of the sunlight is rendered unnecessary, and the glow is rendered practically permanent.

Safety First Hints

Some safety hints for the wise, which are intended to guard against serious accidents and a possible loss of life, are being sent out broadcast by the electric light companies. From them may be selected the following: Do not cover an electric globe with paper or cloth. It may start a fire. Do not hang an ordinary lamp cord over a nail or metal work. Do not leave a cord connected when you are through with it. Do not touch any wire that is down on the ground, whether it be electric or telephone or guy wire. In an emergency, remove a wire with an instrument equipped with a wooden handle, keeping the full length of the handle between yourself and the wire.—Popular Science Monthly.

Knew Where to Find One

The Christmas shopping craze had increased the business of the local music store a hundredfold, and the proprietor had been compelled to take on an extra boy, a somewhat raw specimen.

"If a customer should come in whilst I am not in the shop and wants to see a flute, banjo or mandolin, you know what to show him, don't you?" he asked the boy, after having explained these details to him carefully. The boy nodded.

The proprietor was then about to give him instructions regarding those instruments that were out of stock, and began:

"Suppose a customer should ask for a lyre?"
 "I'll send for you at once, sir," put in the young hopeful.

Britain's New Sea Lord

Sir Rosslyn Wemyss, England's new Sea Lord, was born in Wemyss Castle, Fife, Scotland, April 12, 1864, his father being Sir Rosslyn Erskine Wemyss, and his mother the only daughter of the late Sir Robert Morier, G.C.B., a well-known diplomat who matched his wits more than once with Bismark. It is said, indeed, that he was the first British diplomat to perceive the peril to the rest of Europe and the Empire that Bismark was building up. The first Sea Lord was aloft almost from the cradle, fishing and sailing being his favorite sports. He entered the navy in 1877 as an ensign, became a lieutenant ten years later and became a commander in 1898 and a captain in 1901. He was appointed Rear-Admiral in 1911, and was made Vice-Admiral at the time he went to the East Indian appointment a year ago. He was sent to the Mediterranean shortly after war broke out, but was recalled to the Grand Fleet because his specialty was the handling of big ships. As commander of one of the naval units he took part in the Battle of Jutland, and was mentioned in despatches for his fine work.

Hard on the Lions

The Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon's keen wit was always based on sterling common sense. One day he remarked to one of his sons:

"Can you tell me the reason why the lions didn't eat Daniel?"

"No, sir, why was it?"
 "Because the most of him was backbone and the rest was grit."—Tit-Bits.

She Was Bound To Get It

Day by day, as a Pennsylvania housewife saw her household and kitchen furniture slowly disappear, she perceived that the moment approached when a final stand must be made. One morning, when Tommy, son of the borrower, appeared at the back door with the statement, "Ma wants the wash boiler," the housewife determined to act.

"You tell your ma that when she brings back what she has already borrowed, I will lend her the boiler."

In a little while Tommy reappeared. "Ma wants to know what she has borrowed."

"There is a pound of flour," began the other, "a peck of potatoes, a cup of sugar, a can of coffee, a half-pound of lard, some onions, and butter and spices, the screwdriver, the hatchet, a pair of scissors and—"

she paused reflectively—"three spools of thread, a paper of needles, and—"

But Tommy was gone. Presently he rapt on the back door again.

"Ma says for you to write them down. I forgot some of them."

Whereupon the housewife sat down with pencil and patiently made an alphabetical list of all the articles she could remember.

Tommy took the list and disappeared. A half hour later he once more appeared at the back door and announced:

"Ma says if you will lend her the wash boiler to carry them in, she'll bring them home."

The Pants—That Mother Used to Make

We praise her doughnuts and her pies, Her biscuits and her cake;
 But where's the man who sighs for pants Like mother used to make?

She used to take a pair of pa's, When they were worn and frayed,
 And decorate them with a patch Of some contrasting shade.

And cut them off about the knees And take the waist in, too,
 And say that they for every day Were just the thing for you.

And then she sent us off to school, And when you didn't go,
 She wondered what got into boys That they played truant so.

Yes, still we praise her jam, her pie, Her coffee and her steak,
 But where's the man who sighs for pants Like mother used to make?

Taking No Chance

There is a certain church in Toronto blessed with a very handsome young minister who always makes it a point of standing at the church door after the services to greet his congregation as they pass out. One Sabbath morning along came a bright-looking servant lass just from the Highlands, and with his usual cordiality, the minister grasped her hand, saying, "I am very glad to see you here this morning. Will you not tell me your name and address, so that I may call on you soon?"

"Thank ye, sir," replied the maid, withdrawing her hand, "but, ye see, I've got a sweetheart at home already, and I'm thinking he wadna like it."

Women compose one-third of the employees employed in the chemical industry in Sweden.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

SELF DEFENSE

DEFEAT BACKACHE AND KIDNEY TROUBLE WITH ANURIC.

Many people in Canada have suffered from rheumatism and kidney trouble and have found Anuric to be the most successful remedy to overcome these painful and dangerous ailments.

The lucky people are those who have heeded Nature's warning signal in time to correct their trouble with that new discovery of Dr. Pierce's called "Anuric." You should promptly heed these warnings, some of which are dizzy spells, backache, irregularity of the urine or the painful twinges of rheumatism, sciatica or lumbago. To delay may make possible the dangerous forms of kidney disease, such as diabetes or stone in the bladder.

To overcome these distressing conditions you should take plenty of exercise in the open air, avoid a heavy meat diet, drink freely of water and at each meal take Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets (double strength). You will, in a short time, find that you are one of the firm indorsers of Anuric, as are many of your neighbors. Send Dr. V. M. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., or Bridgeburg, Ont., 10c for trial pkg.

St. Catharines, Ont.—For several years I suffered with gravel and with uric acid, causing rheumatic pains. Nothing ever helped me until I commenced to take 'Anuric,' and the first thing I noticed was that the gravel had disappeared and has never made a reappearance. My general health has improved and I have a better nerve condition and my eyesight seems better, too. I used to have such dizzy spells at times I thought I would faint, but these no longer trouble me. My only regret is that I did not know of Anuric before."

—Mrs. H. MARJONAM, 124 Albert St.



INSURANCE

J. H. HUME.

AGENT FOR FIRE, ACCIDENT AND SICK BENEFIT COMPANIES. REPRESENTING Five Old and Reliable Fire Insurance Companies. If you want your property insured, call on J. H. HUME and get his rates.

—ALSO AGENT FOR— P. R. Telegraph and Canada Permanent Loan and Saving Co.

Licent Agent For C. P. R.—Tickets to all points in Manitoba, Northwest and British Columbia

THE LAMBTON

Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company. (Established in 1875)

JOHN W. KINGSTON PRESIDENT
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Painter and Decorator WATFORD - ONTARIO

GOOD WORK

PROMPT ATTENTION
 REASONABLE PRICES
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 ESTIMATES FURNISHED
 RESIDENCE—ST. CLAIR STREET

CHANTRY FARM

SHORTHORN CATTLE and LINCOLN SHEEP SOLD OUT

Will buy any number of registered or good grade Lincoln ram lambs or yearlings for immediate or September delivery, write or phone.

ED. de GEX Kerwood

Auctioneer

J. F. ELLIOT.

Licensed Auctioneer For the County of Lambton. PROMPT attention to all orders, reasonable terms. Orders may be left at the Guide-Advocate office.

Guide-Advocate

HARRIS & CO. PROPRIETORS.

WATFORD, JANUARY 18, 1918

NOTE AND COMMENT

Boston Globe: Now that Johnny cake is in fashion on wheatless days, some may be interested in the explanation of a Canadian officer who has been given the English folks the recipe, that "Johnny" is a corruption of the French word "Jaune," yellow being the color of Johnny cake and the early French-Canadians being adepts at making it.

Regina Leader:—One of the pressing duties to which Union Government must early devote its attention is the finding of an adequate supply of farm labor. The Leader believes that every ex-farmer now living in cities and towns and engaged in other occupations should be drafted back to the land. This may involve a sacrifice, but what is it compared to the sacrifice involved in being drafted into the army? If Canada approves of the latter, it certainly approves of the former.

The word "Victory" is a good word. You press your teeth firmly against the lower lip and in the very first and accented syllable give articulate expression to a determination to see the thing through. The noun "victory," employed as an adjective induced the people of Great Britain to lend about \$4,800,000,000 for winning the war. It has persuaded the 8,000,000 inhabitants of Canada to subscribe over \$415,000,000 to the same object. There were over 871,756 subscribers to the Canadian loan. Proportionately, Canada has done as well as we did with the second Liberty Loan, and it may be a little better. Without victory there will be no liberty; without liberty, victory would turn into defeat.—New York Sun.

London Daily Mail: The increase of price all about us is a grievous thing, and we are grumbling. Meat has gone up, bacon has gone up, currants have gone up and it is hard for us to procure supplies. Some of us have to wait in queues outside shops. Still we get sufficient food to keep us in bodily health anyway, and we manage to carry on. Are any of the inconveniences we undergo comparable for one moment with the dangers, the suffering, the pains, the privations of those glorious boys at the front? Here is the very flower of our race exposing itself to death and perishing in the trenches, in the open battle, by land and sea, and those for whom the youth of the nation is fighting are groaning about prices and supplies; and young men of military age sheltered in their munition works, are meeting to discuss increase of wages or striking the streets "on strike." The contrast is bitter.

Food Prospects for 1918

The food situation in the Allied countries of western Europe is graver than it has been at any time since the beginning of the war. Information has been received by the Food Controller which shows that the utmost efforts must be made to increase spring acreage and to secure a much larger production of bread grains in 1918 than was done in 1917. Mr. Hoover has already pointed out that if ships have to be sent to more distant countries to carry food stuff to Europe, fewer ships will be available to carry soldiers and supplies from this continent, with a result that the continued participation of the United States and Canada in the war will be greatly hampered.

The situation has been thoroughly canvassed, and among those who have studied it, there is unanimous agreement that the only solution of the food problem is greater production in North America. In this connection it is especially important that the spring acreage sown in bread grains should be as large as it can possibly be made.

Every person who can possibly produce food must do so, no matter how small his or her contribution may be. Those who cannot produce food, can at least conserve it. The utmost economy is imperative. The situation to-day is critical and the world is rapidly approaching that condition when price will not be the most important question, but when even the people of Canada may be glad to eat any food which they can

obtain. The successful prosecution of the war by the Allies will depend to a very large extent upon the extent of food production and food conservation this year by the people of North America.

Electric Beds

The use of electric beds for desperately wounded in the war zone has been so increased that now most up-to-date field hospitals are furnished with a few of these wonderful inventions. Extreme cases brought in straight from the battlefield to the field hospital might sometimes be saved could they only live to endure the necessary operation. Too often, however, the action of the heart is so weak as to be imperceptible and in that case little can be done to save a man's life. Now however, the man is placed first and foremost on the electric bed, which benignly warms him through and through. No pulse in a number of cases becomes some pulse. The heart-beats grow stronger, until the man is able to bear what is before him. Patients who are using these beds require, of course, the minutest attention for two or three hours, but it is little exaggeration to say that the beds do really bring back the dead to life.

CHOP STUFF

Pte. H. M. McOwen, Petrolia, is reported gassed.

John O'Neil a retired farmer living in Strathroy, died Saturday last. He was a former resident of Metcalfe and 77 years old.

Dogs are prohibited from running at large in Townsend Township, Norfolk county, as a precaution against rabies and sheep worrying.

Mr. Geo. Harrower, fisherman, Port Frank, has harvested 1400 pieces of ice, which he cut on the river. It is of excellent quality and is about fourteen inches thick.

Pte. Thos. Canning on furlough, now in England and whose mother resides in Sarnia has been awarded the military medal and will be decorated on his return to France.

Following the escape of George Marrello, convicted burglar, from the Middlesex county jail, Turnkey Wm. McLeod has been suspended pending an investigation.

Signaller John Harper, who at the outbreak of the war was employed by Mr. E. Batley, Jericho, has been awarded the military medal for bravery. Harper went to the front with the Mounted Rifles.

T. H. King, Appin, has disposed of his blacksmithing business in that village to Russell Moore, of Strathroy, and purposes locating in Detroit. Mr. King has been in business in Appin for 22 years.

Ed. Englehart, of Dunwich, lost four valuable head of cattle a few days ago by drowning in the Thames river. The cattle walked out on the ice and broke through and were unable to extricate themselves.

In June a swarm of bees settled in the chimney of Samuel McQuade's house at Kemptonville, and Mr. McQuade took fifteen pounds of good honey out of the chimney, leaving enough to feed the bees over winter.

A serious accident occurred at a sawing-see at J. B. Douglas, Plympton, when just as the last stick was being cut James Taylor slipped, his foot going under the saw, the toes, except the little one, were cut off close to the foot.

Mrs. Annie Sherwood Hawks, a well-known hymn writer, is dead at Bennington, Vt. She is the author of "I Need Thee Every Hour," "Worthy Lamb," "Wholly Thine," "Beautiful Valley of Eden," and many other hymns.

Rev. Frederick Smith, father of Dr. C. H. Smith, of Petrolia, died at Oil Springs Sunday, Jan. 6. Deceased was eighty years of age, but despite his length of years had been preaching regularly in the Presbyterian parish of Oil Springs, Oil city, and St. John's church, Enniskillen.

BORN

In Petrolia, on Thursday, Jan. 10th., to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Stevens, East End, a daughter.

In Galt, on Thursday, January 10th, 1918, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Leo Watson, a daughter—"June Clare."

DIED

In Forest, on Wednesday, Jan. 9th, 1918, J. J. Kemp, son of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Kemp, aged 2 years and 8 months.

In Brooke, on Saturday, Jan. 5th, 1918, Alfred Maitland Smith, aged 79 years, 1 month and 7 days.

In Calgary, Alberta, on Thursday, Jan. 3rd., Mrs. E. J. Flavin, formerly of Forest.

In Winnipeg, Man., on Dec. 16th, Caroline Elizabeth Ross, wife of the late J. A. Ross, and a sister of Mrs. Stephen Hartly, of Arkona, aged 53 years.

In Monro, Wash., on Monday, Jan. 14th, 1918, Wesley Clark, formerly of Watford.

Mrs. J. W. Gale, recently elected as an alderman in Calgary, is the first woman to hold such a position in Canada.

**Men's Underwear
Men's Overcoats
Men's Clothing**

It will pay you to buy next year's supply now.

January Sale Prices

—SWIFT'S

**Blankets
Comforters
and Rugs**

Heavy goods from all departments

at

January Sale Prices

—SWIFT'S

**Ladies', Misses'
and
Children's Coats**

Coats from \$2.50 to \$5.00—half price. They must be sold. The cloth in some of these large coats would cost twice the price.

January Sale

—SWIFT'S

DIRECT IMPORTERS - **SWIFT, SONS & CO.** - JANUARY SALE

WANT COLUMN.

FOR SALE—One wood turning lathe, nearly new. Apply to H. McNALLY, Watford. s28-tf

FOR SALE—square rosewood piano, in good repair. Going cheap. Apply J. J. SPACKMAN, Watford. j11-tf

LOST—In Watford on Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday morning the sum of \$5.00—a Five and a One. Liberal reward on return to REG. P. BROWN.

THREE new Aladdin Table Lamps for sale. This will be your last chance to obtain these lamps at the old prices.—Apply to C. M. FITZGERALD, Watford.

FOR SALE—A mare colt, rising 4 years old, at T. Kidds, 12th line, Brooke. Also a buggy and cutter in Watford.—Apply to J. GRIFFITH, Watford. j11-tf

LOST—On Tuesday, either in the store or on the sidewalk in front, three five dollar bills. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same with ALEX. ELLIOT at W. D. Cameron's store.

WORN OUT HORSES and fallen animals of any kind bought.—LETT BROS., fur ranchers, lot 18, con. 13, Brooke; Rural phone 4821. Watford P. O. Phone messages at our expense. tf

FOR SALE—a comfortable eight-roomed dining house, with pantry, dumb waiter, bathroom and large cellar with furnace. Wired for hydro. Also capacious barn with new foundation and good garden lot. Good hard and soft water. Everything in the best of repair. Reason for selling, owner leaving town. Apply J. J. SPACKMAN, Watford. j11-tf

TENDERS WANTED

The Watford Board of Education will receive tenders up to Saturday, January 26th, 1918, for 15 cords of 20 inch hard wood, preferably maple to be delivered at the Public and High Schools. W. H. HARPER, 18-2t Chairman Supply Committee.

Toronto Markets

Union stockyards, Toronto, Jan. 15.—Live stock receipts to-day were 50 cars, with 296 cattle, one calf, 3,150 hogs and 68 sheep and lambs.

The market was still held up to-day as a result of the week-end storms, which blocked up the railroads on the branch lines and country roads generally. A few belated cars began to arrive late this morning and one train of nine cars arrived about noon from London and Ingersoll district. Business was practically suspended for the day except for a few small lots of cattle, which had succeeded in getting through early. Prices were necessarily firm owing to the scarcity of offerings, but the transactions were so few as scarcely to constitute a regular market. Quotations are, therefore, unchanged from yesterday's prices. Hogs were mostly delivered direct through on contract, the market remaining practically unchanged at \$19 fed and watered.

Quotations:

Export cattle choice	\$12 00 to \$12 75
do, bulls	9 00 to 10 50
Butcher cattle, choice	10 50 to 11 85
do, medium	7 50 to 8 50
do, common	6 25 to 7 25
do, cows, choice	8 75 to 10 50
do, medium	7 50 to 8 50
do, canners	6 00 to 6 25
do, bulls	7 50 to 8 50
Feeding steers	8 50 to 9 75
Stockers, choice	7 75 to 8 75
do, light	6 50 to 7 00
Milkers, choice, each	90 00 to 140 00
Springers	90 00 to 140 00
Sheep, ewes	12 50 to 14 50
Bucks and culls	7 50 to 9 50
Lambs	18 50 to 19 00
Hogs, fed and watered	18 50 to 19 00
Calves	15 00 to 16 00



As fresh as summer roses in early dew.

Such are the groceries sold at this store. The delicate aroma of the coffee, the delicious taste of the butter—all the appetizing points of good, sweet, clean food are carefully preserved at this grocery. Even our canned and carton goods are kept in lowest quantities—so that they may be constantly renewed. Everything is pure and clean—cleanliness is next to godliness here.

All our groceries are as delightfully fresh as a wild rose sparkling with dew on an early summer morning. Let a trial convince you. Send or come with an order, or phone, and it will be promptly delivered.

Some specials this week:

—everything beautifully fresh—

- TURNIPS PARSNIPS POTATOES
- APPLES ONIONS CELERY LETTUCE

P. DODDS & SON

MARKETS

WATFORD		MISCELLANEOUS—	
Wheat, fall, per bush	\$2 10 to \$2 10	Wood	3 00 4 50
Oats, per bush	75 to 75	Tallow	11 12
Barley, per bush	1 10 1 20	Hides	16 18
Timothy	3 00 3 50	Wool	00 00
Clover Seed	9 00 10 00	Hay, per ton	7 00 9 00
Alsike	10 00 11 00		
POULTRY—		POULTRY—	
Butter, per pound	35 35	Turkeys, per lb.	23 00
Lard	29 30	Chickens, per lb.	14 00
Eggs, per doz	40 40	Fowl	13 00
Pork	21 00 21 00	Ducks	15 00
Flour, per cwt	5 80 6 50	Geese	15 00
Brar, per ton	40 00 40 00		
Shots, per ton	44 00 45 00		
		LONDON	
		Wheat	\$ 2 12 to \$ 2 12
		Oats, cwt	2 30 to 2 42
		Butter	48 to 52
		Eggs	45 to 50
		Pork	21 00 to 22 50

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AUTOINTOXICATION OR SELF-POISONING

The Dangerous Condition Which Produces Many Well Known Diseases.

HOW TO GUARD AGAINST THIS TROUBLE

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" - The Wonderful Fruit Medicine - will Protect You

Autointoxication means self-poisoning, caused by continuous or partial constipation, or insufficient action of the bowels.

Instead of the refuse matter passing daily from the body, it is absorbed by the blood. As a result, the Kidneys and Skin are overworked, in their efforts to rid the blood of this poisoning.

Poisoning of the blood in this way often causes Indigestion, Loss of Appetite and Disturbed Stomach. It may produce Headaches and Sleeplessness. It may irritate the Kidneys and bring on Pain in the Back, Rheumatism, Gout, and Rheumatic Pains. It is the chief cause of Eczema - and keeps the whole system unhealthy by the constant absorption into the blood of this refuse matter.

"Fruit-a-tives" will always cure Auto-intoxication or self-poisoning - as "Fruit-a-tives" acts gently on bowels, kidneys and skin, strengthens the bowels and tones up the nervous system. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. All dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

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JAMES NEWELL, PH. B., M. D. L. R. C. P. & S., M. B. M. A., England. Corner County of Lambton, Watford, Ont.

OFFICE - Main St., next door to Merchants Bank. Residence - Front street, one block east of Main street.

O. W. SAWERS, M. D. WATFORD, ONT.

FORMERLY OF NAPIER) OFFICE - Main Street, formerly occupied by Dr. Kelly. Phone 133. A. Residence - Ontario Street, opposite Mr. A. McDonnell's. Night calls Phone 133.

W. G. SIDDALL, M. D. WATFORD ONTARIO

Formerly of Victoria Hospital, London. OFFICE - Main street, in office formerly occupied by Dr. Brandon. Day and night calls' phone 1418.

DENTAL.

GEORGE HICKS,

D. D. S., TRINITY UNIVERSITY, L. D. S., Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Post graduate of Bridge and Crown work, Orthodontia and Porcelain work. The best methods employed to preserve the natural teeth. OFFICE - Opposite Taylor & Son's drug store - MAIN ST., Watford. At Queen's Hotel, Arkona, 1st and 3rd Thursday, of each month.

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GRADUATE of the Royal College of Dental Surgeons, of Ontario, and the University of Toronto. Only the Latest and Most Approved Appliances and Methods used. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. OFFICE - Over Dr. Kelly's Surgery, MAIN ST., WATFORD

Veterinary Surgeon.

J. McGILLIQUDDY Veterinary Surgeon.

HONOR GRADUATE ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE, DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY. All diseases of domestic animals treated on scientific principles. OFFICE - Two doors south of the Guide-Advocate office. Residence - Main Street, one door north of Dr. Siddall's office.

Winter Term from January 2nd

CENTRAL Business College WATFORD, ONT.

We employ experienced instructors, give thorough courses, give individual attention to pupils and place graduates in positions. This school is one of the largest and best Commercial schools in Canada.

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W. J. Elliott, D. A. McLachlan, President. Principal.

By Order of Court

By Archey Cameron New

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Sleepy desolation settled more thickly on the courthouse square at placid Euclid Corners as the mercury steadily rose in the tube and the county seat sizzled under the fierce summer heat. Even the few horses hitched outside the general store while their masters dawdled on the steps with old Zeb Marks, were too lazy to brush aside the flies that swarmed about their sweaty flanks.

In the old courthouse across the square the county clerk and his single assistant, perched upon their high wooden stools, scrawling at the docket, bemoaned the fate that kept them there while the summer recess afforded some of their more fortunate brethren a chance to get away to cooler climes. But off in one corner of the old gray building, in a small chamber, rather imperfectly cooled by a large electric fan, lounged one individual who seemed to care not whether the rest of the world was sizzling. For behind a desk, heaped high with law books, stenographers' copies, blue-prints and papers of every description, his feet encased in large, roomy galers, and resting on the desk before him, a huge silk "kerchief" wrapped about his seamy neck and an old green eyeshade perched atop his broad, humorous nose, old Judge Bates sat drowsily staring at the printed page before him, his thoughts afar off.

And into his musings, as if it were a dream, there stole the sounds of the rustle of a woman's dress, and suddenly he turned his head toward the half-opened door, and brought his feet abruptly to the floor. For a young, deliciously cool little apparition in a thin blue frock, revealing a white, rounded throat and a slender, graceful figure from the top of her glorious golden head to the tip of her tiny slippers, advanced toward him, a troubled look in her big blue eyes.

"Well, bless my soul!" exclaimed the judge, kindly, rising and extending his horny brown paw and grasping her slim white hand cordially; "little Ruth Marston. What brings you in town today?"

"I came—for advice," faltered the girl nervously.

"Well, this is the place," said the other, smilingly. "Here—sit down." And he graciously brushed the dust from an old armchair and beckoned the orphaned daughter of his old law partner to be seated. "What is the trouble?"

She regarded him a moment in doubt, then plunged ahead.

"I—er—if—er," she stammered, and he leaned forward and patted her hand reassuringly.

"Go ahead," he urged, in a kindly tone. "Don't be afraid, Ruth. You're just like my own daughter. Is it—er—a love affair?"

She stared and looked into his keen eyes before replying.

"Yes—yes," she admitted, blushing furiously. "I—wanted to know if I could—that is, can a young man—go back on you whenever he wants to?"

The old judge whistled.

"So," he exclaimed. "Is that it? Who's the feller? Is he—all right, Ruth?"

"I—I don't know as I ought to tell you," she continued, "but I thought maybe I could sue him for breach of promise."

"What!" almost yelled the judge. "A daughter of Sam Marston suing a man for breach of promise? Never. My dear girl, where's your pride? The idea!"

She dropped her eyes and bitshad more furiously than ever.

"Well, I thought—" she started, then breaking into tears, she cried, through clenched hands, "but, judge, I love him so! And I do want him. He's so fine, so noble. And maybe it's my fault. He—"

The judge, who was gazing at her sympathetically, felt a wave of paternal interest surge through him, as he reached forward again and patted her arm.

"Come, come," he soothed her. "Brace up and tell me all about it. Breach of promise suits never bring 'em back. Maybe there's another way. Tell me, who's the man? And what's the trouble?"

"It's John Summers," she answered brokenly, and the judge jumped again.

"Not that young feller that's practicing law over th' way?" demanded the judge, incredulously. "What! Well, see here, he's a nice boy. Tell me the rest."

"Well," she continued, "he was going with me until papa died. Then he started to grow cold. He stopped coming to the house, except once in a while, and then he didn't come at all. And—now he's going with the girl next to us. They moved here from the city six months ago, and he's boarding at her house. They're always together. What can I do?"

The judge bit an end off his plug of tobacco and settled back in his chair to think. Young John Summers! Why, he was one of the brightest and finest young men that practiced before him. Upright, honorable, always courteous to the court and considerate to his clients—what few he had! There was something back of it. But what? For a few moments he shut his eyes, and it seemed to her that he had drowsed off again. The old clock on the wall ticked away the minutes and she was getting impatient—a bit angry—for it seemed as if her father's friend had deserted her in her hour of extremity, when his eyes opened and he brought his fist down on the desk heavily, jolting a few papers to the floor.

"See here," he told her, "you leave this to me. I'll tend to it."

"But, judge," she demurred, gently. "I—I have no right to trouble you—about that. You—"

"Never mind!" he interrupted, running his hand contentedly over his broad, bald pate. "Jes' leave it to me. Us old fellows don't have much fun these days. Nothin' new to interest us. This here business will give me something new to think about. Now, you jes' run along, and come back here—let's see—a week from today, that's it—a week from today."

And he settled back again in his chair and seemed to be drowsing. She started to speak, then checked herself, and, looking at him doubtfully, half lovingly, she tiptoed from the room and closed the door.

A clean-limbed young man, with a girl at his side, emerged from the Burns cottage, laughing merrily. They swung down the village street in step, he carrying a suitcase, and she a large box. On the opposite side, from behind the wide trunk of an oak, there stepped a gray-haired but vigorous old gentleman, and, starting after them, he shook his fist at their backs menacingly.

"Well, John Summers," grated Judge Bates between his teeth, for it was he who had been watching the house opposite for nearly an hour. "So you're jittin' Ruth, eh? He started to mutter something else, when a sudden resolution seized him and he swung across to the watched cottage and rang the bell.

"Judge Bates!" exclaimed Mrs. Burns in surprise, as she opened the door. "What brings you here?"

"I want to see young Summers," he answered, jumping at an excuse.

"Why, you just missed him," answered the woman; "he and Katherine just left. She's going back to the city for six weeks. He's taking her to the station. You see, Kit's going to marry John's brother. He works up in the city. Wanted her to come up and help pick out the furniture."

Judge Bates stood and gasped. She stared at him in amazement, and he caught her stare and brought himself back to earth with a bump.

"Can—I—er—would you," he stammered confusedly, "show me his room? I—er—I'd like to see how the young man is fixed."

"Why—no!" answered the surprised Mrs. Burns, taken aback at the unusual request. "This way, judge."

Judge Bates prowled about John Summers' room, and several times paused and took various photos in his hand, then set them down without comment. Five minutes later he left the house, but a humorous twinkle had set in the corners of his keen old eyes and there was a grim set to his lips, as he ambled back toward the courthouse.

It was early morning, three days later, as Judge Bates sat across his desk from John Summers. For several seconds he had stared at the young man silently, then he broke into speech.

"You're a funny mixture, Summers," he was saying. "You're a whopping big fool, and a darn fine man. I kinda reckoned you was a bit proud. But th' fool part of it is—stoppin' speakin' to a girl jes' 'cause she's got money an' you haven't. Hang it, boy, haven't you got gumption enough to be lookin' forward? D'ye expect t' be poor all your life? Y' got th' counselorbip fer th' plow works over t' Grandin. An' you're th' lawyer for the two Smith old maids. You're gettin' on. What's the matter with you?"

"But I haven't as much as Ruth has, judge," stubbornly persisted the young lawyer. "And I don't want her for her money."

"Stop!" thundered the judge, bringing his fist down upon the desk. "Stop before I—before this court loses its temper. Now, see here, you proud young fool, God bless you. I'm trustee for Ruth's money and her two brothers and sister, besides. Now I'm getting too old for that job. It's about time it went to a younger man. The

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law allows 7 per cent commission on the estate. That, with what you've got now, will be as much as Ruth's got. D'ye see?"

"Yes, but—" John started to protest, but again the judge exploded.

"No buts," he snapped; "you're appointed trustee for the Marston estate—to take effect at once. It's—it's an order of this court. And what's more—ye'll find Ruth over there in the next room. You've had your fill at looking 'round your room at her picture. Now, go get a good look!" And a second later a resounding smack from the next room acquainted Judge Bates with the fact that the order of court had been obeyed.

Knockers. "Oh, well, her complexion is the real thing, at any rate."

"I don't care. Her smile is artificial."

"That's not so bad."

"Furthermore, she kisses all her woman friends effusively. That's a sure sign of a deceitful nature."

Just So. "It might help a lot."

"Eh."

"If some of our bureau fighters would take their ferocity to the front."

Why He Loved It. "He used to vow he loved the ground she walked on."

"The ancestral domain, eh?"

"Yes. Pretended he loved the ground she walked on, and now he's trying to mortgage a lot of it."

Had Enough Trouble. "Darting, I have decided to speak to your father tonight."

"Oh, not tonight, Alfred. He has cut himself shaving, missed a train, broken his glasses and lost an umbrella—all since this morning."—Browning's Magazine.

Miller's Worm Powders not only make the infantile system untenable for worms, but by their action on the stomach, liver and bowels they correct such troubles as lack of appetite, biliousness and other internal disorders that the worms create. Children thrive upon them and no matter in what condition their worm-infested stomachs may be in, they will show improvement as soon as the treatment begins.

Why They Have Green Backs. Why the United States banknotes are printed with green backs is not generally known, although there is a most excellent reason for it. The great drawback to paper currency, says the Baltimore American, is the likelihood of its being counterfeited, and therefore experts are constantly at work to contrive ways of making it impossible to copy such bills.

Stacy J. Edson was the man who in 1857 invented the green ink that Uncle Sam uses on his bank bills. The ink, which was patented, is anti-photographic—that is, it cannot be photographed, nor can counterfeiters in trying to get a facsimile of the notes move it with alkalis. The secret of the ingredients of the ink of course is carefully preserved.

An Arabian Titbit. Cheese today is not common among the Bedouin Arabs, butter being preferred. There is a substance closely corresponding to cheese mentioned in Samuel. This consists of coagulated buttermilk, which is dried until it becomes quite hard. It is then ground, and the Arabs eat it mixed with butter.

He is twice a conqueror who can restrain himself in the hour of victory.—Cyrus.

Over 50 per cent of the munition works in Lyons, France, are women.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

THE PLATE ON THE MUMMY.

Curious Story of a Prophecy That Was Fulfilled.

Visitors at museums often comment on the address of the present state of the Egyptian mummies who were buried with such great care in hope that their rest might never be disturbed. But such thoughts never enter the minds of natives who pillage the tombs of their ancestors' graves, nor do they disturb the more civilized explorer. To a superstitious person, however, a story of a mummy that R. Caton Woodville tells in "Random Recollections" might have a sinister meaning.

After the ill fated expedition to relieve Gordon, Walter Ingram brought to London the mummy of an Egyptian high priest that he had bought from an Arab near Assuan. When he unrolled the mummy he found on its chest a gold plate, upon which was inscribed: "He who disturbs my rest and takes me to a distant land shall die a violent death. His bones shall never be found. They shall be scattered to the four points of the world."

Shortly afterward Ingram went to Somaliland on a big game expedition. He had a four bore rifle and when in the elephant region got two good tuskers. So he lent his rifle to one of his companions, who had not so heavy a weapon, to give him a better chance of bagging an elephant. He himself mounted a pony and went off with three Somalis, armed with a .450 express, which shoots bullets of only 200 grains, to bag an antelope or perhaps a panther.

As luck would have it, Ingram came upon a fine old rogue elephant with a magnificent pair of tusks. It was too great a temptation to be resisted. Galloping up to the elephant, the hunter fired both barrels at the beast's forehead from about fifteen yards. The bullets flattened upon the animal's skull and only made him very angry. Ingram galloped out of reach and reloaded, rode up and fired again, with a similar result; again galloped away and reloaded, and so on until he had expended all of the cartridges.

As he was galloping away after his last shot, with the furious brute in pursuit, his pony suddenly stopped stock still, apparently for no reason whatever. The elephant thundered up, whisked the hunter out of the saddle, dashed him to the ground and trampled him to death. The tragedy occurred in the bed of a dry nullah and was witnessed by the three Somalis, who had climbed for safety to the tops of trees. They were armed only with spears, which, of course, were useless weapons against the elephant. After the brute had gone they climbed down, dug a hole with their spears, placed the body of poor Ingram in it and returned to camp with their sad story.

Some time afterward Mrs. Ingram, the hunter's mother, sent out an expedition to find and bring back to England the remains of her son. The spot was found, but two rainy seasons had passed, and the dry nullah had become a roaring river that had washed away the remains to the four points of the earth. Thus was the prophecy fulfilled.

Don't Shut Yourself Up in an Office. The man who shuts himself up in an office makes a great mistake, thinks Thomas E. Wilson, the Chicago packer. In the American Magazine he says:

"The trouble with the executive who is too inaccessible is that he loses more by the arrangement than anybody else: in shutting others out he shuts himself in—away from the numerous advantages of personal contact and points of view. There's nothing like looking a man in the eye and hearing his story to get at the meat of a situation. Most executives prefer to have everything brought to their attention in writing. That plan may be a time saver, but my own experience has been that it will pay to get all information possible by face to face interviews."

Lessons Learned by Divers. Experiments made by the British admiralty and the United States navy prove that deep sea diving is feasible. It has been found that the shorter the time a diver takes in getting to the bottom the better, because his body absorbs less nitrogen. Also, the diver must have at least one and one-half cubic feet of air per minute at all depths. Lacking the legs of the diver's suit increases his stability and permits him to come to an erect position with ease. It also lessens the danger of his falling or being suddenly blown to the surface.

A Ready Witted Parson. The evening lesson was from the book of Job, and the minister had just read, "Yea, the light of the wicked shall be put out," when immediately the church was in total darkness.

"Brethren," said the minister, with scarcely a moment's pause, "in view of the sudden and startling fulfillment of this prophecy, we will spend a few minutes in silent prayer for the electric lighting company."

ROLL OF

Men From and Vicinity The I

27TH REGT.—Thos. L. Swift since June 15, 1917, Bury C. Bir killed in action, C. N. Newell, T. Alf Woodward, Cunningham, M. R. W. Bailey, A. Johnston, G. M. W. G. Nichol, F. I. E. W. Smith, C. Ward, killed in D. C. M., killed in wounded—missit Hardy.

PRINCESS P. Gerald H. Bro 18TH I C. W. Barnes, G. Watson, G. S. Burns, C. Blunt P. Shanks, Pte. 2ND DIVISION Lorne Lucas, Potter.

33RD Percy Mitchell Oct. 14th, 1916 Geo. Fountain, 16, 1916, Gordon in Victoria

34TH E. C. Crohn, Rogers, Macklin Oct. 8, 1916; H in action Sept. 2 ming, Leonard I.

29TH Wm. Mitchell 70TH I Ernest Lawrence

C. H. Loveday, A. ton, killed in act Burns, Jos. M. Brown, Sid. Bro Sept. 15, 1916, A., Corp. V. W.

28TH Thomas Lamb MOUNTED Fred A. Taylor PIC

Wm. Macnall ENG J. Tomlin ARMY ME

T. A. Brando McKenzie, M. D. Jerrold W. Snell Wm. McCausland

135TH N. McLaohle only 16th, 1917. 3RD RESERV Alfred Levi

116TH Clayton O. F. April 18th, 1917 196

R. R. Annett 70TH R. H. Trenon on May 8th, 19 ster.

142ND Austin Potter C. Russ. G. Ch

John J. Brown ARMY D. Elgin D. Hie ARMY S. Frank Elliot Arthur MoK

Roy E. Act 64TH C. F. Luckb 65TH Walter A. F ROYAL

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ROLL OF HONOR

Men From Watford and Vicinity Serving The Empire

27TH REGT.—1ST BATTALION
Thos. L. Swift, reported missing, since June 15, 1915, Rich. H. Stapleford, Bury C. Binks, L. Gunn Newell, killed in action, Arthur Owens, F. C. N. Newell, T. Ward, Sid Welsh, Alf Woodward, killed in action, M. Cunningham, M. Blondel, W. Blun, R. W. Bailey, A. L. Johnston, R. A. Johnston, G. Mathews, C. Manning, W. G. Nichol, F. Phelps, H. F. Small, E. W. Smith, C. Toop, C. Ward, J. Ward, killed in action, F. Wakelin, D. C. M., killed in action, T. Wakelin, wounded—missing, H. Whittitt, B. Hardy.

PRINCESS PATRICIA'S C.L.L.
Gerald H. Brown

18TH BATTALION
C. W. Barnes, Geo. Ferris, Edmund Watson, G. Shanks, J. Burns, F. Burns, C. Blunt, Wm. Autterson, S. P. Shanks, Pte. Walter Woolvett.

2ND DIVISIONAL CAVALRY
Lorne Lucas, Frank Yerks, Chas. Potter.

33RD BATTALION
Percy Mitchell, died from wounds Oct. 14th, 1916; Lloyd Howden, Geo. Fountain, killed in action Sept. 16, 1916, Gordon H. Patterson, died in Victoria Hospital, London.

34TH BATTALION
E. C. Crohn, S. Newell, Stanley Rogers, Macklin Hagle, missing since Oct. 8, 1916; Henry Holmes, killed in action Sept. 27, 1916, Wm. Manning, Leonard Lees, C. Jamieson.

29TH BATTERY
Wm. Mitchell, John Howard.

70TH BATTALION
Ernest Lawrence, Alfred Emmerson, C. H. Loveday, A. Banks, S. R. Whalton, killed in action Oct. 1916, Thos. Meyers, Jos. M. Wardman, Vern Brown, Sid Brown, killed in action Sept. 15, 1916, Alf. Bullough, C. F. A., Corp. V. W. Willoughby.

28TH BATTALION
Thomas Lamb, killed in action.

MOUNTED RIFLES
Fred A. Taylor

PIONEERS
Wm. Maenally, W. F. Goodman.

ENGINEERS
J. Tomlin

ARMY MEDICAL CORPS
T. A. Brandon, M. D., Capt. W. J. McKenzie, M. D., Norman McKenzie, Jerold W. Snell, Allen W. Edwards, Wm. McCausland.

135TH BATTALION
N. McLachlan, killed in action July 6th, 1917.

3RD RESERVE BATTERY, C.F.A.
Alfred Levi

116TH BATTALION
Clayton O. Fuller, killed in action April 18th, 1917.

196TH BATT.
R. R. Annett.

70TH BATTERY
R. H. Trenouth, killed in action on May 8th, 1917; Murray M. Forster.

142ND BATTALION
Austin Potter.

GUNNER
Russ. G. Clark.

R. N. C. V. R.
John J. Brown

ARMY DENTAL CORPS
Elgin D. Hicks, H. D. Taylor.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS
Frank Elliot, R. H. Acton, Arthur McKercher.

98TH BATTALION
Roy E. Acton.

64TH BATTERY
C. F. Luckham.

65TH BATTERY
Walter A. Restorick.

ROYAL FLYING CORPS
Lieut. M. R. James.

If the name of your soldier boy does not appear in this column, kindly notify us and it will be placed there.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

TIME TABLE

Trains leave Watford Station as follows:

GOING WEST	
Accommodation, 75	8 44 a.m.
Chicago Express, 13	12 31 a.m.
Accommodation, 83	6 44 p.m.
GOING EAST	
Accommodation, 80	7 48 a.m.
New York Express, 6	11 16 a.m.
New York Express, 2	2 52 p.m.
C. Vail, Agent, Watford	

Help the Soldiers!

Send your soldier friend a box of Zam-Buk, which for its great healing power and compactness is called "A surgery in a two-inch box." It is indispensable in France for bad feet, poisoned wounds, frost bite, cold cracks, chapped hands, chilblains and sores of all kinds.

Pte E. Westfield, of "C" Company, 3rd Worcester Regiment, writes home: "I wish we could get more Zam-Buk out here instead of so much tobacco. We need Zam-Buk badly and nothing can take its place."

Be sure to include at least one box of Zam-Buk in your next parcel. All dealers or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, 50c. box, 3 for \$1.25.



GAY HUES PREVAIL

Some Petticoats Match Trimming of the Millinery or Gown.

Many Women Refuse to Discard Garment Despite Coming of Narrow Skirt into Fashion Again.

Petticoats are said to be going out of fashion because narrow skirts are coming into fashion again. Nevertheless, there are many women who will never be prevailed upon, style or no style, to discard the most feminine garment of the wardrobe.

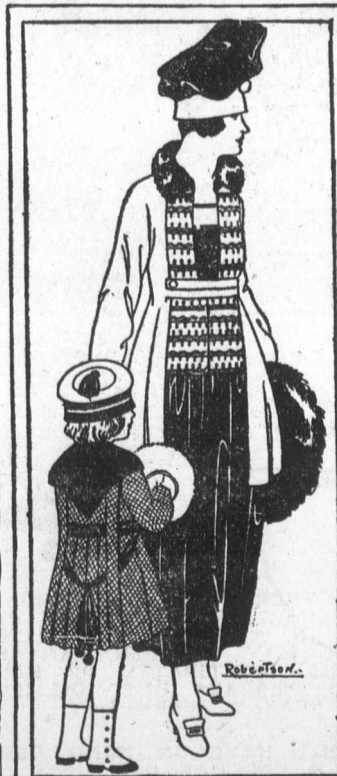
For them have been provided many charming models of soft silks and of chiffon taffetas. These materials do not add any perceptible bulk to the silhouette, while they give just enough backing or foundation to the dress to preserve the original lines.

The black petticoat is a rarity. One no longer considers the extremely practical phase of dress, but regards it more or less of a duty to wear cheerful clothes. If purple and scarlet, green and yellow are too pronounced for outer habiliments, then they may be merely glimpsed beneath the tailored skirt or the trottier of serge or satin.

It is a pretty idea to have the petticoat match the trimming of the millinery or of the gown, if the latter shows garniture of a contrasting color.

Some women have the petticoat of a color corresponding with the hosiery; but if the former is very gay, it is questionable taste to extend its jubilant note to the ankles and thereby practically destroy the charming effect of the color suggestion in the undergarment.

FOR MOTHER AND CHILD



The mother's frock consists of a fascinating coat of gray cloth, with a waistcoat embroidered in black, silver and cherry red soutache, and a small skunk collar. It is worn over a frock of black satin and gray chiffon. The little girl's coat is made of black-and-white checked cheviot, with collar and sash of bright green jersey cloth finished with wool balls.

A CAPTURED ZEPPELIN

Came Down With Its Nose in a Brook and Its Stern in a Pine Grove.

I personally inspected the German zeppelin brought down near Bourne-Co-Barns in the Vosges, writes Henri Bazin, inside and outside and underneath its entire length, from the stern to the forward section. The landing having been made in a mountainous country, the airship had pitched down and lay at an angle of 20 degrees, with its nose buried in a stream. The stern was resting amid a clump of pines. Walking underneath the ship it was possible to see nearly its full length.

The total length of the zeppelin is 600 feet, with a diameter of ninety feet. It has an aluminum frame, with longitudinal and horizontal ribs, and is covered with stout, interlaced cord. Over this is the outside cover of linen, painted black. The shape is that of an exaggerated fat cigar. Two silk balloons fill the interior, holding the hydrogen gas which gives the lifting power. Slatted runways, nine inches wide, with pine guide-rails, extend the length of the airship. There are sleeping quarters, an electric kitchen, telephones, and an elaborate system of electric push buttons. The five great steel engines have twelve cylinders of vertical type. The propellers are of wood. One is suspended forward next to the chart room and the commander's quarters. Two are placed amidship, one on the starboard and the other on the port side. Two more are at the stern. Access to the body of the dirigible is obtained by means of fixed ladders.

The equipment included Arctic clothing, an oxygen manufacturing apparatus for use in high altitudes, condensed foods, medicinal supplies and charts elaborately squared, showing France, England, Holland, Switzerland, and Germany.

A bomb-dropping apparatus is located directly amidships. The bombs are suspended over a trap-door, which opens electrically, releasing the bombs. There is space for twelve bombs, but all had been dropped. An electric fire extinguishing apparatus is also included in the equipment. In fact, there is every appliance for facilitating murder from the air.

Just before being brought to earth the commander emptied the contents of an automatic revolver into the forward engine in a vain effort to wreck it. Six unused incendiary bombs were found in the commander's quarters. Barring, some tears and rips to the envelope, and the buckling of the stern, where it rested amid the pines, the airship was absolutely undamaged.

This is the most complete capture that has been made in the war or is likely to be made.

An airship like this captured one could readily be constructed from this model. The zeppelin had painted forward and also on the stern "L-49" in red letters, with the German white cross on the sides amidships. I encircled the airship completely after I had been through the interior. The spectacle was magnificent, amid the autumn tints of the foliage and the blue-clouded sky.

German newspapers found in the forward gondola of the zeppelin L-49 indicate that the captured monster may have made the longest airship flight in history. A copy of the Reichsenbachen Tabeblatt, published in Reichsenbachen, Saxony, on Thursday, October 18, was found. Since the zeppelins reached London late Friday night, it seems possible that the airship started either from Reichsenbachen or the immediate vicinity, as it is unlikely that a newspaper from the small Saxony town would be on sale in all parts of Germany.

The approximate distance from Reichsenbachen to London is about 620 miles, and the approximate distance from London here is 372 miles.

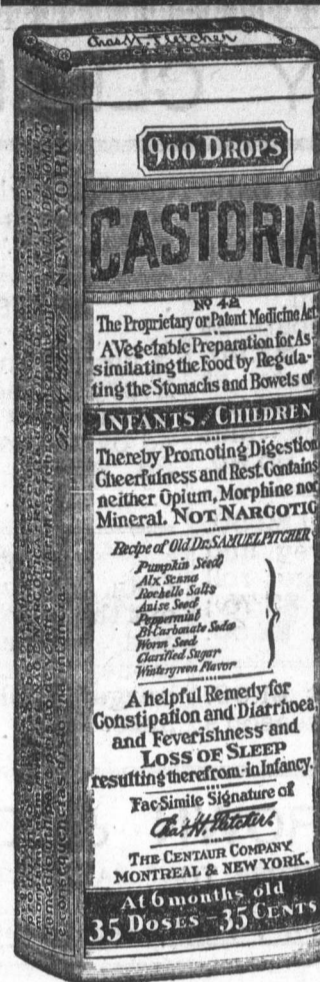
The zeppelin's instrument for calculating altitude showed she had ascended a distance of 42,000 feet, perhaps setting a new world's record for altitude, if the reading is correct. The face of one member of the crew was frozen, despite his heavy clothing.

The French Minister of Aviation and several air experts from Paris visited the zeppelin but for fear of vandalism nobody was allowed to approach the dirigible except on a signed order from the commanding colonel. Nevertheless, there has been a steady pilgrimage to the scene from many distant cities. Among the crowds could be seen mothers pushing baby carriages.

A gang of workmen has begun to dismantle the zeppelin, fearing that a severe storm might wreck it. It will be reconstructed and set up for French aeronautic experts to study.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, the ardent suffragist, is being boomed for a seat in congress from the nineteenth district of New York.

A PILL FOR BRAIN WORKERS.—The man who works with his brains is more liable to derangement of the digestive system than the man who works with his hands, because the one calls upon his nervous energy while the other applies only his muscular strength. Brain fog begets irregularities of the stomach and liver, and the best remedy that can be used is Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They are especially compounded for such cases and all those who use them can certify to their superior power.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always

Bears the

Signature

of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

NOTHING BUT THE BEST

IN HOUSE FURNISHINGS we aim to keep the latest and most popular goods in our line. Everything for the Parlor, Bedroom, Dining Room or Kitchen. We are not after Big Profits but aim to supply goods of Elegance, Durability and Good Value. Let us show you our stock. Any article manufactured obtained on short notice.

Agents for MASON & RISCH PIANOS, GRAMAPHONES, STRING INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, EDISON RECORDS, &c., AND ALL KINDS OF REPAIRS. NEW AND SECOND HAND SEWING MACHINES AND ALL SUPPLIES.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT, AS LOW AS IS CONSISTENT WITH RELIABLE GOODS

HARPER BROS.

PHONE 31.

FINE FURNITURE MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS UNDERIARERS



TRENOUTH & CO.

DEALERS IN

Flour, Oatmeal, Cornmeal, Wheat Kernells, Flak d Wheat and Barley, All Kinds Feed, Grain, Seeds and Poultry Food.

We Carry a Full Stock of

INTERNATIONAL STOCK FOOD

FOR HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, HOGS AND POULTRY.

CALDWELL'S MOLASSES MEAL

AND THREE DIFFERENT MAKES OF CELEBRATED CALF MEAL

ALL KINDS OF GRAIN TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

Chopping and Rolling Done While You Wait

PHONE 39

Guide-Advocate Want Ads. Get Quick Results

JANUARY CLEARANCE

LADIES' COATS—25 only, Ladies' Coats made from finest imported tweeds and broadcloths in browns, greens and mixtures—January prices one-third off.
 10 only good quality coats at\$3.95.
 8 only Chinchilla coats at\$4.95.
 13 only, coats in blacks and mixtures at\$5.95.

MEN'S SWEATERS at \$2.50. Very heavy quality in grey and khaki, Jumbo stitch, large roll collars, regular \$3.25 and \$3.75; January price\$2.50.

TRIMMED HATS at \$1.00. About three dozen of the season's

correct styles in trimmed hats, some worth up to \$6.00; January price\$1.00

MEN'S OVERCOATS at \$12.00. A limited number only, of men's heavy tweed ulsters, made from extra heavy Canadian tweed, belted backs, convertible collars, sizes 36, 37, 38 and 40, clearing at\$12.00.

Sale of Remnants and Odd Lots. Every department throughout the store is displaying odd lots and remnants at remarkable money saving prices. Watch our bargain tables for these clearing lines.

A. BROWN & CO.
 THE STORE THAT SATISFIES

C. H. BUTLER

PLUMBER and TINSMITH
 [OPPOSITE TAYLOR'S DRUG STORE]
 WATFORD

Contracts taken for the Proper and Economical Heating of Buildings, also for Plumbing, Eave-roughing, etc. Good work guaranteed at reasonable prices.

PUMPS and ACCESSORIES always on hand.

Prompt and Careful Attention given to Repairing of all kinds.

Your patronage solicited.

C. H. BUTLER.

PHONE 85
 FOR SALE—A second-hand Cook stove in good condition.

BUNDLE OF NERVES

HOW often a doctor says to a patient who is suffering from nervousness and headaches, "You are a bundle of nerves." Perhaps this has been your own experience—and yet treatment and drugs gave you no relief.

Did you ever stop to think it might be your eyes that are causing you your suffering—your headaches—your nervousness. It may be, and if it is, it is our business as Opticians to locate your eye trouble and make for you Glasses that will relieve. Good Honest Glasses.

CARL CLASS
 Jeweler and Optician
 ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM HOLBROOK, late of Warwick Township, Ont., Farmer, deceased.
 Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Statute in that behalf that all persons having claims against the estate of the above named William Holbrook, deceased, who died on the 15th day of October, 1917, are required to send statements of their claims duly verified to the undersigned solicitor for Robert McKenzie and Charles Hawkins, both of said Township of Warwick, the executors, on or before the 21st day of January 1918.
 And further take notice that after said date the said executors will proceed to distribute said estate among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have notice.
 Dated at Watford, Ont. this 25th day of December 1917.
 W. R. FITZGERALD
 Watford, Ont.
 Solicitor for the above named executors.

COMMUNITY SILVERWARE

in a new pattern—
 "THE PATRICIAN"

- Tea Spoons.....\$5.50
- Dessert Spoons..... 9.50
- Table Spoons.....10.50
- Cold Meat Forks..... 1.50
- Berry Spoons..... 2.25
- Tomato Servers..... 2.50

We still have a large stock of OLD COLONY and IRVING patterns in ROGERS' goods.

The N. B. Howden Est.



Goes to Press

January 18

Please report changes required to our Local Office, to-day.

The Bell Telephone Co. of Canada

Geo. Wipers, near Leamington, fell from his silo, a distance of about 15 feet, landing on a saw horse. He received a bad shaking up which kept him in bed for a week. Fortunately no bones were broken.

Stephenson Francis Griffith, for many years a prominent Petrolia lawyer died recently in London. He came to Petrolia when the town was first established. For some time he was in partnership with the late Geo. Mourciff.

THE BIG STORM

Saturday, Jan. 12th, a Day Long to be Remembered

Last Saturday's blizzard was probably the worst ever experienced in Watford or district, and for two days practically the whole of Ontario was in the grip of bitter cold and wind of terrific velocity, accompanied by snow. Trains and snow plows were stalled on all lines of railway and traffic was completely suspended for more than 24 hours. The train from London due in Watford at 8.44 Saturday morning did not arrive until after three p. m., and was stalled here until Sunday evening. The passengers and crews of this train and several freights were accommodated at the hotels where the staffs were kept very busy supplying their wants. There was only one lady passenger who, fortunately, had a friend in town to aid her in her distress.

The country roads were so badly drifted, the storm so violent and the cold so intense that it was impossible for the rural mail carriers to start out on Saturday, and only three of them braved the snow-bound highways on Monday.

All day Saturday business was at a standstill, the stores, barber shops and other places of business shut up early in the evening after waiting all day for customers who failed to appear, and the proprietors and their help sought the comforts of home. It was a day long to be remembered by all, especially those who were without an adequate supply of fuel, and they are numerous. The immense drifts of snow on the west side of Main street required a long seige of hard work on Monday morning to remove.

On Sunday nearly all the rural churches were closed, and in town the congregations were small. At the union song service in the Methodist church about 200 were present. This service was advertised to be held in the Armory but weather conditions prevented the holding of that building.

On Monday morning the high and public schools were dismissed until the buildings were thoroughly heated. Hundreds of people suffered from frost-bite and in Kent county an Indian was found frozen to death.

The London weather bureau recorded 10 below zero during Saturday's blizzard, and characterized the storm as the worst on record, with a snowfall of nine inches Saturday and Sunday. During all day Sunday only three trains passed through the city and those many hours late.

In many places telephone and telegraph wires were down in addition to the complete paralyzation of the train service. At Sarnia the mercury dropped to 15 below zero during Saturday's blizzard. There were many cases of minor frost-bite, but none of a serious nature. A girl was found in Victoria Park Saturday morning about 8 o'clock in a serious condition from the cold and would, it is believed, soon have frozen to death had a passerby not come along and taken her to a doctor's office. She had become exhausted and had sat down to rest.

During Saturday's severe blizzard the roof was blown off the main building of Rivers' basket factory, Strathroy, while 15 employees were in the building. None however, were injured. A considerable portion of the front wall of the plant also fell down.

It was estimated that 35 homes in Lon-

don were without fuel on Sunday last. The Mayor issued a proclamation calling on citizens having coal to share their supplies with the unfortunates. This was read in the churches. Many of the church services throughout the city were held in the S. S. rooms or other small buildings to conserve coal.

The blizzard extended from Canada to the Gulf of Mexico and from the Rocky Mountains almost to the Alleghenies.

Sixteen C. T. R. engines were stalled between London and Sarnia. The tempest reached a climax Saturday forenoon, when the velocity of the wind commenced to decrease although it continued blowing hard all day and part of the night.

65 miles an hour is the estimate of the wind's velocity.

A DISLIKE FOR FOOD

Victims of Indigestion Often Dislike the Sight and Smell of Food

Every healthy man and woman should have a natural desire for food at meal times. This means that the digestion is in working order and that the blood is in good condition. But if you feel a dislike for food—if the sight and smell of wholesome food repels you—then you may be sure that all is not well. If after a night's rest you have no appetite for breakfast your digestion requires attention. If your food is distasteful, or if you feel that it is a trouble to eat, your stomach is rebelling. You do not digest properly the food you are taking and therefore are not hungry.

All these symptoms of a disordered digestion mean that the blood is not absorbing proper nourishment from food, for the work of the blood is to collect proper nourishment from food and impart it to the system. The stomach tries to refuse food the nutriment from which the blood cannot absorb, and this causes the lack of appetite. If you force yourself to eat, the undigested food becomes a clog to the system. Nature is warning you. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills alone give the blood the richness and purity that it requires to perform its natural function. That is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure the most obstinate cases of indigestion—why they will cure any trouble due to poor blood. Miss Lizzie Ashton, Thamesville, Ont., says:—"I suffered for years with stomach trouble. At times the distress was so great that vomiting would follow, and there was always severe pain after eating. I tried several remedies but they did not help me. On the contrary the trouble was growing worse, and got so bad at last that I could not keep anything on my stomach. Finally I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and gradually the trouble began to leave me, and I regained in all respects my customary good health, and enjoyment of food. I make this statement voluntarily so that others may know of the wonderful results that follow the use of this medicine."

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Forest public library has been closed for a time on account of shortage of fuel.

Family Dr. says: Have Medicines in your home all the time.

A THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED "MEDICINE CHEST" IS A SOURCE OF COMFORT IN EVERY HOME. A SCALD, A BURN, A CUT, A TOOTHACHE, EARACHE OR BACKACHE MAY "HAPPEN" ANYTIME; EVERYBODY BECOMES CONSTIPATED, OR HAS DIARRHEA, CATCHES COLD "BREAKS OUT" OR HAS SOME ILL BEFALL HIM NEARLY EVERY DAY.

THEN HAVE ON HAND OUR "REXALL REMEDIES" WHICH YOU CAN USE UNTIL THE FAMILY DOCTOR COMES. HAVING THESE THINGS ON HAND MAY PREVENT SERIOUS RESULTS FROM BLOOD POISONING AND NOT ALLOW PNEUMONIA TO TAKE HOLD. HAVE REMEDIES IN THE HOUSEHOLD ON WHICH YOU CAN RELY.

J. W. McLAREN
 DRUGGIST, The Rexall Store, STATIONER

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