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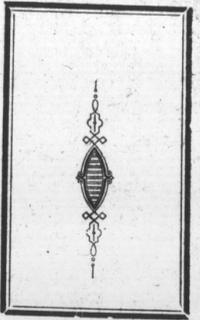
Superior Work  
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The Reporter Office  
Athens, Ont.

# The Athens Reporter

—AND—

COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.



Vol. XXIX. No. 25

Athens, Leeds County, Ontario, Wednesday, June 25, 1913

G. F. Donnelly, Publisher

BROCKVILLE'S GREATEST STORE

## Visit Our Great White Wear Sale

Lay in your summer supply of fine cool, white Undermusings at this sale. The saving is worthy of your prompt attention.

### Cambric Drawers Priced Low

LADIES' DRAWERS—In open or closed styles, some made of fine nainsook, others of good cambric, with frills tucked and finished with lace or fine embroidery. \$1.75 quality for \$1.31; \$1.50 for \$1.19; \$1.00 for 85c; 75c for 59c, 55c for ..... 45c

### See these 39c Corset Covers

Made of choice fine cambric. Yoke made of 2 rows fine torchon lace, with centre of eyelet embroidery insertion. Lace around neck and sleeves. Sale price ..... 39c

ALSO AT 23c—Good Corset Covers fine cambric with deep yoke of torchon lace, lace edging around neck, drawn in with ribbon. Sale Price ..... 23c

1,000 Traveller's Samples of Fine Knit Lisle, Silk and Cotton Underwear at Mill Prices.

The **ROBERT WRIGHT CO.** Limited

BROCKVILLE ONTARIO

This is \$1.95 Week at  
KELLY'S

We have six hundred pairs of shoes to be cleared out this week at the one price, \$1.95. They are all odd lines and broken lots. At \$1.95 we will not have one pair left. Every pair a big money saver.

**KELLY'S**

The Shoe Store of Quality

Next Door West of Robert Wright's.

BROCKVILLE

## VISIT THIS STORE

Here are a few of the many bargains

FANCY SOCKS—20 dozen Silk, and Lisle fancy Socks, these sold at 75c, some at 50c. We clean up the lot at per pair ..... 25c

SWEATER COATS—The balance of our Sweater Coats to clean up—good color combinations, values ranged up to \$6.50. On sale ..... \$2.75

MEN'S ODD PANTS—30 pairs of good tweed pants, good dark stripes and a pant that will give you wear. Per pair ..... \$1.35

WORKING SHIRTS—Black and white stripe, dull and plain black satens, all seams double stitched, and all sizes 50c

OUTING SHIRTS—Light colored Outing Shirts, made with reversible collars and with neat clear stripes, lines that you pay \$1.00 for in other stores, at ..... 75c

BOYS' SUITS—Some 30 Odd Boys' Suits in Norfolk style and plain double-breasted style with bloomer pants, these were sold at \$6.00 and \$8.50, no two alike, but his size is here. Mostly brown tweeds, some greys. Sale price ..... \$5.00

**COLCOCK'S**

Brockville

Ontario

### SHEFFIELD—CROSS

The home of Mr and Mrs Wm Cross was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Wednesday evening, June 18, when their eldest daughter, Mabel Louise, was united in marriage to Harold Lynton Sheffield of Lyndhurst. At eight o'clock, to the strains of Lohegrin's Bridal Chorus, played by Mr Murray H. Dav. Gananogue, the groom took his place in an alcove of evergreens and roses, from the centre of which depended a large white bell. The bride was becomingly gowned in ivory silk appliqued net over silk and wore an embroidered veil over Brussels net, arranged in mob cap effect, caught up with a wreath of orange blossoms, and carried a huge bouquet of bridal roses and maiden-hair fern. The bride took her place beside the groom, leaning on the arm of her father. The only attendant was little Miss Frances Hutton of Smith's Falls, cousin of the bride, who carried the ring concealed in the heart of a rose. She was very prettily dressed in pink silk marquisette. For her services the groom presented her with a pearl ring, Tiffany setting. The ceremony was performed by Rev Geo. Edwards, Athens, in the presence of about seventy-five guests. After congratulations were tendered, the bridal party were led to the dining room, which was exquisitely decorated with evergreens and roses. Miss Gertrude Cross, sister of the bride, acted as maid of honor and wore a pretty dress of pink silk voile and a corsage bouquet of lilies of the valley and maiden-hair fern. Miss Fern Cross, sister of the bride, and Miss Emma Knowlton, assisted by two gentlemen, waited on the other tables. They wore bouquets of orange blossoms. The bride received many beautiful presents in silver, china and cut glass, including several cheques, also a silver bake dish from the Athens Methodist choir, of which she was a member. She also received a handsome tea set of china dishes, banded with 14-K gold.

A pleasant evening was spent by all, after which Mr and Mrs Sheffield motored to Brockville, en route to Toronto and points west. On going away, the bride wore a tailored suit of two-tone whipcord and hat to match, and left amid showers of rice, confetti, and good wishes.

### A KIND FAREWELL

On Friday evening Miss A. Windsor, a popular and efficient teacher on the staff of the Athens High School, was waited upon by the students of Form III Sr. and presented with the following address accompanied with the gift of a handsome cut glass bowl:—  
Dear Miss Windsor,—We, the graduating class of 1913, have learned with deep regret of your contemplated departure from Athens. Your sojourn with us as a teacher has been very pleasant and your labors profitable to each and every one. We know that at times we have been inattentive and have sorely tried your patience; but, however this may be, we shall ever entertain pleasant memories of our acquaintance with you.

The Class begs you to accept this small token of our regard for one who has striven to advance our interests. And may you retain only the happiest memories of the boys and girls of this class. We all join in wishing you a full measure of future happiness and prosperity.

Signed (in behalf of the Class)  
Everett Sly  
Mabel Jacob.

### BURT—WILTSE

A very pretty wedding was quietly celebrated Wednesday at 12 o'clock at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr and Mrs John R. Wiltse, Plum Hollow, when Miss Lena R., their only daughter was united in marriage to Mr Charles Burt.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. G. W. Snell, of Frankville. The bride, who was given away by her father, looked charming in a suit of embroidered mull and carried a beautiful bouquet of white flowers.

The young couple were unattended. Little Miss Gladys Wiltse acted as flower girl, and her little brother as ring bearer.

After the ceremony a dainty wedding dinner was served in the dining room, which was suitably decorated for the occasion. The presents were numerous and testified to the esteem in which the bride is held. Following the ceremony the young couple left for Smith's Falls, where they will take up residence immediately.

### Local Items

There is a big feeling in Mohrtreal to make that city "dry." It is claimed that many prominent citizens are in favor of it and that Catholic and Protestant, English and French are backing it up.

Young men who find the Baptist Church steps a convenient resting place will not be charged anything, but they are kindly requested not to at their initials upon the wood. A week had not elapsed after the erection of new steps before some ambitious young man had left his mark upon them. The owners hope that this friendly word will be sufficient to protect their property from further mutilation.

The enemy of the tent and forest caterpillars has reached Athens. It is a tiny fly, about 1/16 in. long, having a very slim body, ringed or spotted, and when not otherwise engaged it teeters up and down like a sand-piper. Once attacked by this little enemy, the worms grows erratic in its movements, then attaches itself firmly to the bark of the tree and dies in that position. Eventually, only its skin remains. And what hope for the future? Well, these little flies multiply so much more rapidly than the caterpillars that a very large percentage of the worms will be dead before they have time to enter a cocoon, and so next year should witness the end of the scourge.

### A New Swatting Crusade

Rip Saw in New Liskeard Speaker: Is the fly the only thing that needs swatting? The growing disrespect of our boys and girls, their waywardness and impudence, and disregard of parental authority is evidence that some of the swats directed towards the flies might be planted other places where they are badly needed.

### Church Union

A motion favoring the union of the Presbyterian church with the Methodist and Congregational carried at the General Assembly but there was strong and unyielding opposition to it. That those opposed to it are very much in earnest is shown by the formation of an organization "to conserve the rights of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, and to fight the union of the Presbyterian with other churches." A committee was appointed to nominate officers for the different provinces of the Dominion and will complete the organization. Three of the millionaires of the Presbyterian Church have offered to finance the establishment of a Presbyterian paper to campaign against the movement and to delay necessary expenses to carry out its aim.

### RICHARDS—BARBER

On Tuesday, June 17th, at the residence of the bride's father, Plum Hollow, the marriage took place of Miss Keitha Barber, daughter of Mr and Mrs Bert Barber, to Robert Parker Richards, son of Mr and Mrs W. G. Richards of Frankville. Rev Robert Edwards of Newtonville, uncle of the bride, performed the ceremony in the presence of about fifty friends and relatives. The bride wore white nixon trimmed with Irish crochet lace, and carried a bouquet of bridal roses. Miss Dorothy Dowsley, who acted as flower girl, was also daintily gowned. After the ceremony the guests partook of a recherche wedding supper. The numerous gifts which the bride received testified to the esteem in which the couple are held.

Mr and Mrs Richards left on a honeymoon trip to New York and other points.

### DEATH OF ERI HAYES

On Monday morning last at Glen Buell one of the oldest native born residents of that section, Mr Eri Hayes, passed in the 69th year of his age. He was a farmer, a man of strong character, whose word was as good as his bond. He is survived by his wife and two sons, Arthur of Glen Buell and Stanley of Toronto.

**CASTORIA**  
For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of J. C. Watson

## This Week

Women's Long Silk Lisle Gloves—In black, white or colors, very special, 50c.

Women's Long All Pure Silk Gloves—Heavy quality, in black or white all sizes, reg. 65c, special 50c.

Women's Short Silk Lisle Gloves—In black white or colors, all sizes, special 25c.

Women's Summer Combinations—Special 25c.

Women's Silk Lisle Hose,—Regular 45c for 39c.

Imitation Irish Crochet Collars—Regular 50c special 35c.

" " " " " 75c " 39c.

See the New Blouses—The New Neckwear.

New Parasols—All the new Summer Styles.

SHOP HERE THIS WEEK

**C.H. POST**

Phone 54

BROCKVILLE

ONTARIO

NOW FOR

## Summer Comfort

Every Man should give Special care  
for his Summer Wearables

We have some great coolers in Suits, nice light tweeds, serges and worsteds. Then, the Summer outing Trousers, light-weight Underwear, in one or two pieces, short or long sleeves.

A big range of Straw Hats and Panamas, cool Outing Shirts, Jerseys, Belts, and Socks.

Come to Us—We can fit you out in good shape for the summer, and it wouldn't cost you very much, for our prices are lower than in any store in town.

**GLOBE CLOTHING HOUSE**

The Store of Quality

BROCKVILLE

ONTARIO

Suits That  
Stand Out

From the ordinary in the crowd are the regular products of our work rooms. You get none but fashionable clothes here, because that is the only kind we produce. Try us on your new suit and see how perfectly we fit you, and how well the clothes are made.

**M. J. KEHOE**

Clerical Suits a Specialty.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

LESSON XIII.—JUNE 29, 1913. The Victories of Faith.—Review.—Acts 7:9-16; Heb. 11:20-22.

Summary.—Lesson I. Topic: Spiritual blessedness. Place: Beersheba. The name Jacob means "supplanter," one who takes the place of another through fraud. Jacob was properly called by that name, because he took the advantage of his brother Esau to obtain his birthright, and used carefully studied deception to obtain the blessing of the first-born son. Rebekah's scheming should be condemned.

II. Topic: Jacob's vision. Place: Beersheba. Because of Esau's anger and threat to take Jacob's life, the latter was compelled to flee from home. At Bethel, while Jacob was on his way to Padan-aram, he had a remarkable vision, in which God appeared to him and renewed the promise made to Abraham and Isaac. Jacob was humbled and made pledges to God that showed his changed condition.

III. Topic: Misapprehensions corrected. Place: Peniel. After Jacob's twenty years' sojourn with Laban at Padan-aram, the time came for him to return to Canaan. The fear of meeting his brother Esau led him to careful preparation by sending a present to him, by arranging his family and possessions in companies and giving himself up to persistent prayer. His all-night struggle brought the victory, and his name was changed to Israel, prince of God. The meeting with Esau was friendly.

IV. Topic: Obscure providences. Place: Hebron, Shechem; Dothan. Joseph was Jacob's favorite son, and to him his father gave a coat of many colors. Joseph's dream increased his strength, the value and the constancy of his natural affection. The fountain of his natural affection was kept pure by the living spring of divine love.

V. Topic: Intensity to God. Place: Probably Zoan in Egypt. Joseph became a trusted steward in the house of Potiphar. Through base and false accusations he was put in prison. He interpreted the dreams of two fellow prisoners, the chief butler and the chief baker.

VI. Topic: An overruling Providence. Place: Zoan, a city of Egypt. Joseph had two dreams which his wise men could not interpret. The chief butler thought of Joseph who had interpreted his dream in prison. Joseph was brought before Pharaoh and, through Jehovah's help, interpreted the king's dream. Seven years of plenty and seven years of famine were foretold, and Joseph was appointed to provide for the years of famine.

VII. Topic: Methods of divine providence. Place: Zoan. During the seven years of plenty, Joseph gathered and stored in the city of Egypt immense quantities of grain. Jacob and his family moved to Egypt. Joseph sent ten sons of Egypt, keeping Benjamin, his youngest son, with him. Joseph knew his brothers, but they did not know him. Learning about his father and Benjamin, Joseph kept Simeon as a pledge that Benjamin should come to him. Their money was returned to them.

VIII. Topic: Outstanding providences. Place: Zoan. Again Jacob's household needed food, and he went to Egypt for grain. Joseph gave them a feast in his home, and Benjamin was highly favored. The brothers were afraid at first, but Joseph showed them great kindness.

IX. Topic: The crucial test. Place: Zoan. Through a carefully laid plan, Joseph brought back his brothers after they had started for home. Benjamin was accused of stealing Joseph's silver cup. It was found in Benjamin's sack, but Joseph's steward had put it there. Joseph threatened to make Benjamin a slave. Judah made a most earnest plea for his youngest brother.

X. Topic: Fraternal love. Place: Zoan in Egypt; Hebron and Beersheba in Canaan. Joseph was wrought upon by Judah's plea that he could not refrain himself longer, and made himself known to his brothers. He comforted his brothers by saying that God's hand had led him to Egypt to preserve life. He greeted them all affectionately, and gave directions for the removal of the entire family to Egypt.

XI. Topic: Israel in Egypt. Place: Goshen. Jacob and his household arrived in Egypt. Jacob was cordially received by Pharaoh, who permitted him and his family to settle in Goshen, a most favorable part of Egypt. When Jacob saw that his hour was near, he made a request of Joseph to bury him in the burial place of his fathers in Canaan. Joseph promised to grant his request.

XII. Topic: Conditions in Israel. Place: Tekoa; Bethel. Amos was a faithful prophet of the Lord, who decried the wickedness of the nations of Israel. He showed the danger of relying on false hopes, and denounced the sin of pride, idleness, and dishonesty. He warned Israel of the coming destruction.

PRACTICAL SURVEY

Topic: Contending forces.

I. Divine love.

II. Natural affection.

III. Human grief.

I. Divine love.—The lessons of this quarter overflow with evidences of divine love exercised in behalf of the chosen family of God. They portray the complex nature of man, revealing the conflict between propensities. The continued forbearance of God with sinful man and his providential care, despite man's repeated wrongs, show how he carries to completion his designs for man's final victory over sin. God overruled spiritual blindness, which prevented spiritual advancement, retained Jacob's earthly joys, embittered Rebekah's fond hopes and subjected Isaac to serious trial. Divine love is prominent in Jacob's vision at Bethel, which brought him a revelation of God, and resulted in a changed life. Jacob's misapprehensions were corrected, as he planned for protection

against the wrath of Esau, when divine love planned reconciliation and taught him that the secret of true life was an attitude of supplication and submission, rather than of resistance. God's love was at work in the obscure providences of Joseph's early life. Above and beyond all the ill will and crime of Jacob's sons, God was carrying out His purpose for Israel. Divine love found expression in Joseph's life of slavery and imprisonment. His integrity to God gave him opportunity to touch lives which he could have reached in no other place. His testimony to God's power to read all hearts was the key which was to unlock prison doors and advance him to highest opportunities of service. Pharaoh dreamed of trouble, and divine love directed him to Joseph, through whom his nation should be blessed and made a blessing to God's people.

II. Natural affection.—This feature comes out plainly in each lesson, showing the difference between natural affection controlled by grace, and its partiality when governed by its carnal impulse. In Isaac and Rebekah we see the unholy effect of partiality, which blinded them to God's way of overcoming natural difficulties, thus causing hatred to spring up between the children. Years of separation and the discipline of being deceived were necessary to bring Jacob to real dependence upon God, and would enable him to spend a night in prayer for deliverance from his corrupt nature as supplanter. Until Esau perceived that change he could not have recovered natural affection for his unprincipled brother. In his family Jacob manifested strong natural affection; though like his father, he yielded to the weakness of partiality which caused division and deception in the family. Natural affection is seen in its purity in Joseph's conduct under trial and advancement. Natural affection was restored in Jacob's family when hatred and envy yielded to found forgiveness. Reunion was made possible as the result of restored natural affection. Joseph, the hated brother, though innocent, exemplified the strength, the value and the constancy of natural affection. The fountain of his natural affection was kept pure by the living spring of divine love.

III. Human grief.—The struggle between the contending forces of good and evil in the lives of Isaac and Jacob and his sons, could not fail to cause human grief. From first to last in the quarter's lessons we trace it. Isaac was weighed down by it; Jacob suffered much as the result of his folly; his sons deceived him even more grievously than he had his father. His family witnessed greater dissensions than existed in Isaac's family. The constant grief over unconfessed sin made the lives of Jacob's sons unstable; conscience accused them at every possible turn. The supposed death of Joseph was a lifelong grief to Jacob. The surrender of Benjamin caused him the grief natural to unbelief and despondency. Only a surrender to divine providence, with a faith in God's promise to keep covenant with him, enabled Jacob to keep his grasp on life until he could see the unfolding of God's plan.—T. R. A.

FARM GARDEN

A good brood sow is the foundation of one of the most profitable branches of live-stock industry. She should come from a family that fattens easily and has not suffered deterioration through improper crosses or been weakened in constitution by inbreeding.

The brood sow should have no really bad points that are likely to be transmitted to her litters, and should be from a dam that has proved to be a good nurse, a good milker, of a quiet disposition, and the producer of good, large litters, for the rest of a pig is compared with the sow that raises them. When a new brood sow is secured she should be kept just as long as she continues to farrow and raise good litters. That is what she is for, and as long as she is equal to her work she should be kept at it.

The sow should not be bred too early. She should have attained a good size, age and a certain maturity. She should have attained some heart girth, for a young, half-grown sow cannot be expected to bring forth a numerous litter of vigorous, healthy pigs, and breeding the immature sow checks her growth, injuriously affects her vigor and constitution, makes farrowing more difficult for her, and makes her less likely to be a good mother in the care of her pigs. As a rule, for best results, girls are served too young, for the injuries early service inflict upon her are breeding sins which descend to her offspring, even to the fourth generation.

When a new sow is brought to strange surroundings or a new home, the change should preferably be made some eight weeks before he is needed for service. If from a distance he should be isolated or quarantined for half this period, to guard against the possible introduction by him of any disease. No matter how little liability to disease may come from his former home, there is still the chance that he may have acquired deadly germs in transit. Prevention is always advisable.

If the trip has been a long or hard one, he should be lightly fed at first, and any desirable changes from the feed to which he has been accustomed should be made gradually. Time is necessary in a majority of instances to get the boar into good breeding condition, which usually means, if he is from the shows or auctions, that he will need more muscular development, and less fat. Exercise and flesh-forming foods should enter into his care at this period. Exercise is important to the boar when he is not in service, and essential to develop his muscle and vigor.

It may be that the best results will be obtained from a pure-bred boar that shows desirable characteristics, is masculine, is somewhat more compact than the females he is to be used upon, and strong in points in which they are deficient. He should be the best the buyer can purchase, and it is unwise to let a matter of a few dollars prevent making a selection. He should be cared for apart from the other pigs, and be given plenty of exercise and nutritious rather than fattening food. He should be, naturally, and because of proper handling, an animal of quiet disposition and an easy breeder. Preferably his service should not begin in ordinary cases long before he is a year old, and should be continued while he proves himself to be a mature boar. A calf under age if in good condition, not used for six weeks of age, but when about ten weeks old and raised on the cow. Hogs may be used at any time after six weeks, but the most profitable age at which to slaughter is eight to twelve months. Sheep may likewise be used at any time thereafter. They will be at their best previous to reaching two years of age, usually at eight to twelve months.

Extra care is required to properly raise late-hatched chicks. While they first see the light of day in the last of May or June, when nature is at her best, before they are many weeks old the hot days and nights of summer are on, and they feel the depressing effects of heat and draught the same as we of the human family. They require less heat in the brooder, more ventilation, plenty of green feed, fresh water, and more room in their living quarters, than their earlier-hatched brothers and sisters. Natural shade, if possible, artificial if there is no natural shade. The better the conditions to combat the heat of summer the better will be the growth of the chicks. Lice is at its height in the warm months, and must be fought hard.

The poultry show has reduced the beginner so fast in regard to fine specimens that they often expect more for the money than they are willing to give.

The majority of letters in late years come to the breeder's desk, describing almost perfect birds for a small sum. Many beginners when they write this do not realize just what they are asking for. Their minds have been trained by the show room, where only the best is exhibited, and naturally they can see nothing else. This is good and proper, but they should understand that show specimens come high. In fact the majority of breeders do not get enough for their best birds. Again the beginner could often be guided by the breeder who could sell birds not as described in the letter, but birds that would make better breeders at a much less figure. They would be properly mastered to produce results, but the eye of a beginner, trained only to see the near-perfect specimen, cannot grasp the situation that all Madison Square Garden winners in one variety would not produce all winners. It would surprise some beginners to go in the pens of the best breeders in this country and see how the pens were mated to produce results. To be sure they are all standard birds, but with different characteristics. Be guided more by the breeder, by the breeder of experience and you will have little cause to regret.

More trap-nests are in use to-day for improving the laying qualities of the fowls and better breeding than ever before, and better egg yields by those practicing up-to-date methods are obtained than in the past. The public will demand improvement rapidly. Great truths are being unfolded each year, and the poultry industry in years to come will not be one of mystery, as it has been in the past.

To those raising poultry on all grains we would say a mistake has been made. To those raising poultry in a small way good commercial dry mashers are now on the market and should be fed in addition to the grains. These feeds, a part of them at least put up by the leading manufacturers, will give results, as they have been mixed based on experience of practical poultry raisers. It is true that they cannot be called the ideal food as mixed by our leading experts, but they will give paying results and are cheaper to the keeper of small flocks than mixing up their own feeds.

The practical poultry raiser knows by experience the best method toward making poultry pay. It has only been a short time since the experiment stations commenced to investigate poultry culture, and their foundation was laid largely on the experience of successful methods as practiced by old breeders who had made a success. They are solving the problems that the commercial poultry raiser does not have time to experiment with. With up-to-date equipment and men of brains at the head, the experiment stations in the short time they have been working have accomplished wonderful work, but when it comes to steady, large egg yields, to conditions, long years of experience in feeding, and attention under one system to one thing only, egg production. We are speaking now of the up-to-date plants that have been in the business a number of years and have made good, for like all lines of business there are plants that are not making money, and some are about breaking even. Again there are those who are making a fair profit. It is due wholly to the management. Successful poultry keeping is made up largely of many small details; any one of them neglected means a cutting down in returns. It is not a position that should be taken up on a large scale, unless the owner has a liking for fowls and some understanding of the business before entering into large operations.

These are the nights when one must watch the brooder heat—one night cool and the next warm. Before retiring see that you have enough heat, allowing for a rise during the night and early morning. If the night is warm and likely to stay so, do not have too much heat. At this time of the year, especially, too much heat is weakening, and leg weakness will develop. The early hatches are raised more best than those during May and June. Any experienced poultry raiser will state that late May and June brooder chicks must be reared with more care than those brooded earlier. When past the ten-day to three weeks stage, they are pretty sure to make a live of it, and with proper quarters and care will grow like weeds. And if they are not checked during their growing period, will develop into winter layers, especially the Leghorns and lighter breeds.

For the beginner it is simply a matter of choice as to whether he purchase day-old chicks or whether he purchase day-old chicks and wishes top-notch stock, at a fair price, hatching eggs offer a good opportunity to secure some fine future breeders, for he can purchase eggs that are from the breeders' best birds. To be sure, there is an element of chance as to the outcome of the hatch, but considering the low price that the eggs are obtained for from high-grade stocks, if but 50 per cent. hatched it would be well received. If the breeders who sold hatching eggs knew that every egg was fertile and would produce a chick, the majority as good or nearly as good as the parent stock, hatching eggs from the best breeders could not be obtained for the price they are now offered. Five high-grade chicks from thirteen eggs should cause one to complain. Of course, in the majority of cases, better hatches than this are the rule.

Mr. Durtall's invention, it is said, overcomes all these difficulties. It produces currents of high frequency, and also of variable frequency. The generator consists of a prime alternating current with alternating frequency of 3,000 to 10,000 periods per second. Both telegraph and telephone by wireless have hitherto been handicapped by the lack of such generators. A wireless telephone demands currents of frequency greatly higher than the frequency of the sound waves produced by speech, while the efficiency of the wireless telegraph is greatly increased, thereby. Hitherto it has been impossible to construct a dynamo of large output which is capable of producing such currents.

The inventor maintains that it is possible to construct machines of such power that the commercial use of a wireless telephone for a distance of several hundred miles will be immediately possible, and will hasten the development of big centres for wireless distribution of correspondence.

New York, June 23.—Coney Island policeman, mounted as horse man, have become a valuable adjunct to the life-saving forces of that popular resort. Two of the mounted policemen, Edw. Cody and James J. McDonald, who are on regular duty regulating traffic ashore, distinguished themselves yesterday, when they swam their horses about 300 feet out to sea and rescued seven persons in a disabled motorboat.

A thirty-five foot craft was nearly swamped by a choppy sea, and two women in the party, with children in their arms, were screaming for help while the throng of promenade-ashore were helpless. But the two blue-coats, mounted on first-class steeds, did not hesitate for a moment. They simply wheeled their chargers, spurred them down over the embankment onto the beach, and plunged into the surf. The tide was such that the horses had not gone more than 75 feet before they were "off their legs" and had to swim. Horses and riders bobbed up and down, half-submerged, while a great crowd on the beach cheered their efforts. Cody and McDonald not only reached the craft in time to rescue the women and children, but went back a second time and towed in the boat with its men occupants.

Some hysterical women wanted to hug the policemen's horses, and the animals appeared to derive dumb pleasure from being patted and applauded. The hot sun soon dried their trousers and they did not bother to go off duty until their day was over.

THE POULTRY WORLD

A FEW NOTES.

The experienced poultry raiser has good success with late-hatched chicks for future winter layers, because of their art in the knowledge of how to raise them without a check. In spite of the price of the articles regarding the late and June hatched chicks making fall and winter layers, the beginner will not obtain these results only in rare cases, and it is here that the average beginner, never realizing that in his first attempt he cannot equal the experienced breeder in properly raising chicks, that he fails, and is discouraged. For future breeders in the following April, or for show specimens in the winter, these late-hatched birds make good; but for winter layers, and by that we mean from 30 to 40 per cent. lay eggs in November, December and January, when the price of her fruit is always at its highest, they will not do it. The beginner should never be misled in the statement that he can obtain good results as far as egg production in late fall and winter from chicks hatched out in the latter part of May and in June. Many experienced breeders cannot accomplish this feat.

Extra care is required to properly raise late-hatched chicks. While they first see the light of day in the last of May or June, when nature is at her best, before they are many weeks old the hot days and nights of summer are on, and they feel the depressing effects of heat and draught the same as we of the human family. They require less heat in the brooder, more ventilation, plenty of green feed, fresh water, and more room in their living quarters, than their earlier-hatched brothers and sisters. Natural shade, if possible, artificial if there is no natural shade. The better the conditions to combat the heat of summer the better will be the growth of the chicks. Lice is at its height in the warm months, and must be fought hard.

The poultry show has reduced the beginner so fast in regard to fine specimens that they often expect more for the money than they are willing to give.

The majority of letters in late years come to the breeder's desk, describing almost perfect birds for a small sum. Many beginners when they write this do not realize just what they are asking for. Their minds have been trained by the show room, where only the best is exhibited, and naturally they can see nothing else. This is good and proper, but they should understand that show specimens come high. In fact the majority of breeders do not get enough for their best birds. Again the beginner could often be guided by the breeder who could sell birds not as described in the letter, but birds that would make better breeders at a much less figure. They would be properly mastered to produce results, but the eye of a beginner, trained only to see the near-perfect specimen, cannot grasp the situation that all Madison Square Garden winners in one variety would not produce all winners. It would surprise some beginners to go in the pens of the best breeders in this country and see how the pens were mated to produce results. To be sure they are all standard birds, but with different characteristics. Be guided more by the breeder, by the breeder of experience and you will have little cause to regret.

More trap-nests are in use to-day for improving the laying qualities of the fowls and better breeding than ever before, and better egg yields by those practicing up-to-date methods are obtained than in the past. The public will demand improvement rapidly. Great truths are being unfolded each year, and the poultry industry in years to come will not be one of mystery, as it has been in the past.

To those raising poultry on all grains we would say a mistake has been made. To those raising poultry in a small way good commercial dry mashers are now on the market and should be fed in addition to the grains. These feeds, a part of them at least put up by the leading manufacturers, will give results, as they have been mixed based on experience of practical poultry raisers. It is true that they cannot be called the ideal food as mixed by our leading experts, but they will give paying results and are cheaper to the keeper of small flocks than mixing up their own feeds.

The practical poultry raiser knows by experience the best method toward making poultry pay. It has only been a short time since the experiment stations commenced to investigate poultry culture, and their foundation was laid largely on the experience of successful methods as practiced by old breeders who had made a success. They are solving the problems that the commercial poultry raiser does not have time to experiment with. With up-to-date equipment and men of brains at the head, the experiment stations in the short time they have been working have accomplished wonderful work, but when it comes to steady, large egg yields, to conditions, long years of experience in feeding, and attention under one system to one thing only, egg production. We are speaking now of the up-to-date plants that have been in the business a number of years and have made good, for like all lines of business there are plants that are not making money, and some are about breaking even. Again there are those who are making a fair profit. It is due wholly to the management. Successful poultry keeping is made up largely of many small details; any one of them neglected means a cutting down in returns. It is not a position that should be taken up on a large scale, unless the owner has a liking for fowls and some understanding of the business before entering into large operations.

These are the nights when one must watch the brooder heat—one night cool and the next warm. Before retiring see that you have enough heat, allowing for a rise during the night and early morning. If the night is warm and likely to stay so, do not have too much heat. At this time of the year, especially, too much heat is weakening, and leg weakness will develop. The early hatches are raised more best than those during May and June. Any experienced poultry raiser will state that late May and June brooder chicks must be reared with more care than those brooded earlier. When past the ten-day to three weeks stage, they are pretty sure to make a live of it, and with proper quarters and care will grow like weeds. And if they are not checked during their growing period, will develop into winter layers, especially the Leghorns and lighter breeds.

For the beginner it is simply a matter of choice as to whether he purchase day-old chicks or whether he purchase day-old chicks and wishes top-notch stock, at a fair price, hatching eggs offer a good opportunity to secure some fine future breeders, for he can purchase eggs that are from the breeders' best birds. To be sure, there is an element of chance as to the outcome of the hatch, but considering the low price that the eggs are obtained for from high-grade stocks, if but 50 per cent. hatched it would be well received. If the breeders who sold hatching eggs knew that every egg was fertile and would produce a chick, the majority as good or nearly as good as the parent stock, hatching eggs from the best breeders could not be obtained for the price they are now offered. Five high-grade chicks from thirteen eggs should cause one to complain. Of course, in the majority of cases, better hatches than this are the rule.

Mr. Durtall's invention, it is said, overcomes all these difficulties. It produces currents of high frequency, and also of variable frequency. The generator consists of a prime alternating current with alternating frequency of 3,000 to 10,000 periods per second. Both telegraph and telephone by wireless have hitherto been handicapped by the lack of such generators. A wireless telephone demands currents of frequency greatly higher than the frequency of the sound waves produced by speech, while the efficiency of the wireless telegraph is greatly increased, thereby. Hitherto it has been impossible to construct a dynamo of large output which is capable of producing such currents.

The inventor maintains that it is possible to construct machines of such power that the commercial use of a wireless telephone for a distance of several hundred miles will be immediately possible, and will hasten the development of big centres for wireless distribution of correspondence.

New York, June 23.—Coney Island policeman, mounted as horse man, have become a valuable adjunct to the life-saving forces of that popular resort. Two of the mounted policemen, Edw. Cody and James J. McDonald, who are on regular duty regulating traffic ashore, distinguished themselves yesterday, when they swam their horses about 300 feet out to sea and rescued seven persons in a disabled motorboat.

A thirty-five foot craft was nearly swamped by a choppy sea, and two women in the party, with children in their arms, were screaming for help while the throng of promenade-ashore were helpless. But the two blue-coats, mounted on first-class steeds, did not hesitate for a moment. They simply wheeled their chargers, spurred them down over the embankment onto the beach, and plunged into the surf. The tide was such that the horses had not gone more than 75 feet before they were "off their legs" and had to swim. Horses and riders bobbed up and down, half-submerged, while a great crowd on the beach cheered their efforts. Cody and McDonald not only reached the craft in time to rescue the women and children, but went back a second time and towed in the boat with its men occupants.

Some hysterical women wanted to hug the policemen's horses, and the animals appeared to derive dumb pleasure from being patted and applauded. The hot sun soon dried their trousers and they did not bother to go off duty until their day was over.

WIRELESS 'PHONE

English Invention Has Overcome Difficulties.

Long Distance Commercial Use Practicable.

London, June 23.—The Evening Standard, ascribes to William Durtall, an English engineer, an invention which will possibly revolutionize etheric telegraphy and make the long distance wireless telephone commercially possible.

The invention consists of an electric generator capable of producing heavy currents with alternating frequency of 3,000 to 10,000 periods per second. Both telegraph and telephone by wireless have hitherto been handicapped by the lack of such generators. A wireless telephone demands currents of frequency greatly higher than the frequency of the sound waves produced by speech, while the efficiency of the wireless telegraph is greatly increased, thereby. Hitherto it has been impossible to construct a dynamo of large output which is capable of producing such currents.

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HORSES TO RESCUE

Coney Island Mounted Police Aid Disabled Boat.

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Some hysterical women wanted to hug the policemen's horses, and the animals appeared to derive dumb pleasure from being patted and applauded. The hot sun soon dried their trousers and they did not bother to go off duty until their day was over.

MONTREAL LIVE STOCK. Cattle—Receipts 65; milk cows, 1,990; sheep and lambs, 600; hogs, 800. Trade rather dull, with prices of common grassers, fed cattle and sheep declining. A few of the best cattle sold at from 6 to 7 cents, but most of the sales were made at from 4 to 5 cents per pound.

Which cows, \$5 to \$65 each. Calves, 3 to 6 cents. Sheep, 4 to 5 cents. Spring lambs, \$4 to \$6 each. Hogs—About 10 to 14 cents. Bad promises are better broken than kept.—Lincoln.

MARKET REPORTS

TORONTO MARKETS

FARMERS' MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Do, light, Butter, daizen, lb, Eggs, dozing, etc.

SUGAR MARKETS.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Sugars are quoted in London, in bags, per cwt., as follows: Extra, standard, St. Lawrence, etc.

LIVE STOCK.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Export cattle, choice, Butcher cattle, choice, etc.

OTHER MARKETS.

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Wheat, 90 1/2, 90 1/4, 90 1/8, etc.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Minneapolis—Wheat—July 9 1/2c; Rye—No. 1 hard, 92c; No. 2, 91c.

DULUTH GRAIN MARKET.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Duluth—Close: Wheat—No. 1 hard, 93 3/8c; No. 1 northern, 92 3/8c; No. 2, 91 3/8c.

CHEESE MARKETS.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Brockville—At to-day's cheese board meeting offerings were 5,223 boxes, and the sales 1,495 colored and 720 white at 12 3/8c.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Beaves—Receipts 7,253; 9 10; Texas steers, 6 90; 8 00.

BUFFALO LIVE STOCK.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like East Buffalo dispatch: Cattle—Receipts 100 head, active and steady, \$6 to \$10.50.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like steady; No. 1 Man, 25 9 1/2d; No. 2 Man, 25 7d; No. 3 Man, 25 5d.

MARKET REPORTS.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Flour, winter patents, 294 9d; Hops in London (Pacific coast), £4 10s to £5 40s.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Beef, extra India mess, nominal; Pork, prime mess, western, nominal.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Hams, short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, 75c; Bacon, Cumberland cut, 20 to 30 lbs, 67c.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Clear molasses, 14 to 16 lbs, 60c; Long clear middles, light, 25 to 31 lbs, 72c 6d.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Short clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, 52c; Shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, 57c.

Table with 2 columns: Commodity and Price. Includes items like Do., American refined, 55c 6d; Cheese, Canadian, finest white, new, 50c; old, 63c.

# PLOTS THAT FAILED

"We had the good luck to see a carriage coming in the opposite direction, and the occupant has placed it at our disposal. We will lose no time in getting Bab home. I should not like her to open her eyes upon the scene of the tragedy. Her nerves are too badly unstrung now."

"I quite agree with you," returned Clarence. "She cannot be gotten home too quickly."

As there was room for but two in the vehicle, India and the still unconscious Bab were placed in it, Neville and Rupert making their way back on foot.

As he commenced walking, Clarence Neville experienced a sharp pain in his ankle, which caused him to discover that he was suffering from a slight sprain, but he did not mention it to his companion, fearing that the knowledge might worry him.

But by the time they had reached their destination his ankle was so badly swollen that he could not repress the exclamation of pain that rose to his lips as he attempted to mount the steps.

"So you are a little bit the worse for your great leap, after all," said Downing, turning to him quickly.

"It is nothing to speak of," returned Clarence, attempting to speak carelessly. "Still, I shall be glad to get to my room as quickly as possible and remove my riding boots."

This was found to be no easy matter. The boot had to be cut away from the painful and much swollen ankle, which was a pretty fair intimation to Rupert Downing that his friend, whom he now looked upon as his rival, would be housebound for at least a week.

Meanwhile Bab had been carried quickly back to Haven House.

The poor old housekeeper nearly dropped dead of heart failure when she saw the darling of the family was carried in to her thus, and she learned hurriedly from Miss India's lips what had happened, but the shrewd French girl took care to name Mr. Rupert Downing as Bab's rescuer instead of Clarence Neville.

"The poor dear father will fairly go down on his knees to Mr. Downing for what he has done for Bab," sobbed Mrs. Mack, "and well he might, for if his little Bab had been killed there would be nothing left in the world for him to live for. His heart and soul are bound up in his child."

After working an hour over Bab the blue eyes slowly opened.

The first object she beheld was India bending over her, Mrs. Mack having left Bab in her charge a few moments to look after some household duties.

For a moment Bab regarded India with wonder.

"How is it, India, that you are up and dressed so much earlier than I?" she queried, adding: "I have just had such a frightful dream. I thought we were riding along the road when the train came along, and—the words ended in a piercing scream of terror—oh, India, it was no dream! I remember all now—the train and the mad, rearing, plunging horses! How could we have been saved?"

"Mr. Downing saved you at the risk of his own life," replied India. "Just as you fainted he grasped the reins from your hand, then, seeing that he could not turn them aside, from their mad course, he caught you in his arms and made a terrific leap with you down the embankment. That he did not break his neck is a miracle. Of course he could have saved himself easily, but jumping with you in his arms was a perilous matter. Ah, Barbara, a whole lifetime of thankfulness to him for your part can scarcely reward him for his valiant act in risking his own life to save yours."

Barbara Haven covered her face with her trembling little hands.

"I do, indeed, feel grateful to him, India," she faltered. "He must, indeed, have been very brave to have done that."

India made no reply, nor did she say any more on the subject, feeling that she had said enough for the present to set Bab to thinking deeply and earnestly of Rupert Downing, as he had bade her do.

Although her nerves had been terribly upset, Bab's natural youthful fund of vitality quickly returned to her, and by evening she was able to take her place at the table.

During the dinner India noticed how very thoughtful Bab was, and she said, laughingly, but curiously:

"A penny for your thoughts, Bab. That solemn look is becoming to you. Smiles suit you better."

"I was thinking that immediately after dinner I would go to my room and write a letter of thanks to Mr. Downing," she answered, slowly.

"You can spare yourself that trouble by telling him what you have to say in person, for he will call here this evening to see how you are getting along. The poor fellow is so anxious over you, Bab."

India's keen eyes noticed that this intelligence brought no flush to the pretty young face.

"Do you think Mr. Neville will come with him, India?" she asked, eagerly.

"He isn't likely to," replied her cousin, coldly, "for I heard him say yesterday that he had an engagement for this evening. He is to call upon some young ladies of the neighborhood, I believe."

She saw the fair young face flush then suddenly pale, and she read the secret in Bab's heart that the girl herself was not aware of—that the mention that Clarence Neville was to call on other girls brought a stab of keen pain to her girlish heart.

Barbarose hastily from the table, making no comment, but India could see that the girl was disappointed. She had been hoping he would surely come to inquire about the accident.

The lights were hardly lighted ere Rupert Downing put in an appearance. Barbara heard the bell, and pushing her cousin forward, said nervously:

"Please go down and receive him, India. I will be down directly."

Thus it was that India and Rupert

Downing had a few words alone together ere she joined them.

"Well," he said, brusquely, as India glided into the drawing-room, and stood before him. "Did you succeed in making her believe it was I who saved her instead of Neville?"

"Of course," replied the French girl, with a shrug of her shapely shoulders. "She was bound to believe what I told her concerning the affair. Why should she imagine anything different? She is ready to thank you and fall down on her knees to you in gratitude for what you have done."

Rupert Downing laughed a little, uneasy harsh laugh.

"So far so good," he responded, "but I cannot see for the life of me how we are to carry this bold scheme through to a successful finish. Why, the first time Neville sees her or her father he will claim that honor, of course."

"Leave all that to me," said India, coolly. "I have thought a way to get out of that difficulty."

"May I ask how?" he queried, grimly.

"Yes. I will see Mr. Neville and say that Bab sent me to thank him for her, begging that he will never refer to the accident in her presence or her father's, that terrible scene over again, and as that is her wish apparently, what else can he do but give me the consent which will most effectually seal his lips for all time to come?"

"India, what are you, a clever fiend or a cunning woman?" he cried, admiringly. "I should say you were half the one and half of the other. I believe you could carry any scheme through, no matter how impossible it seemed. You take an unusual interest in this matter, I have been thinking. Now tell me the truth—just why you do it. There is something more behind it than the desire to buy my silence regarding the past."

"You are right, Rupert Downing," she answered, slowly. "I have an object, and I do not mind telling you the truth about it. I am doing all in my power to part Bab and Clarence Neville, for the reason that I love—him—myself. Now do you understand?"

A low, incredulous whistle broke from Downing's lips, but before he could reply they heard Bab's step in the corridor without.

CHAPTER XIX.

Left to herself, Rupert Downing was the last man in the world that Bab would have taken a fancy to, but with India to whisper his phrases into her ear night and day, it is little wonder that her foolish little feet wandered directly into the trap covered over with flowers that they had set for her.

Bab's father had been quite correct in his estimate of Rupert Downing. In the gay life which he had led abroad he had squandered much of the vast fortune which had been left him; and his eyes had just opened to the grim fact that he must marry an heiress, and that, too, without delay—or face ruin.

He could not keep up this expensive style of living much longer. He had been on the point of proposing to one of the homeliest maids in Boston, whose pocket, however, was heavy with gold, when he had, by the merest chance, met Bab, in all her fresh, young, innocent beauty.

He had but to meet her to fall in love at first sight; but if she had been a poor girl his infatuation would have led him no further. With her wealth was first, and love a secondary consideration. And this was the shallow-hearted lover who was wooing Bab so ardently.

At the sound of Bab's approaching footsteps, India slipped out of the drawing-room, in accordance with Rupert Downing's wish. When the girl entered she found her visitor there alone.

Bab hurried up to him with outstretched hands.

"Oh, Mr. Downing!" she cried in the deepest emotion, "how can I ever thank you for what you have done! You risked your own precious life to save mine. What words shall I use to convey my gratitude to you?"

He took the little fluttering hands into his and looked down into the sweet blue eyes raised to his, which were fairly drowned in tears.

"Don't try to thank me, Bab," he murmured, hoarsely, "for—let me own the truth to you—I did it for my own sake. I saved you because I could not have lived if you had died—I love you so."

"Oh, forgive me—Miss Haven," she cried, suddenly dropping her hands and turning away; "I never meant to tell you the secret in my heart—which I have striven so hard to keep from every one—you more than any one else; but the words seemed to spring unconsciously to my lips."

He could see that the girl was terribly confused, as he well knew she should be; and he quickly followed up his advantage.

"Do not despise me for telling of my love," he murmured; "for if you do, it will kill me."

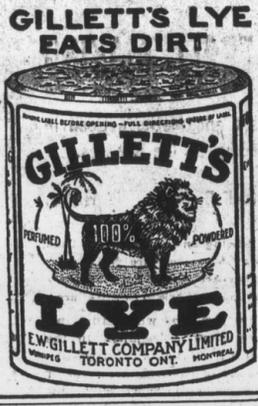
She looked at him with startled eyes. The lovely young face did not pale or flush; and looking at her, Rupert Downing wondered if he would ever be able to awaken that childish heart from its calm sleep if he should ever be able to make her love him.

He saw that she tried to speak, but could not.

"Have I displeased you, Miss Barbara," he whispered in a trembling voice, adding, eloquently: "Assure me that I have not, that I may breathe freely."

"No, I am not angry, Mr. Downing," she said, slowly. "I was only—just a little surprised, you know."

"Your frankness gives me courage to say more," he whispered, "though I am frightened at my own presumption. I love you, Barbara, as man never loved before. If all the poetry in the world were compressed into a single song, it could not describe by idolatrous worship of you. I loved you the first moment my eyes rested upon your fair face. I could have fallen at your feet and cried out to you that my heart had in that instant suddenly gone from me. You



are to me what the sunshine is to the flowers, and the dew is to them; when I am with you my life seems complete; and when I am away from you the world seems shrouded in the deepest gloom."

"Oh, Barbara, what have you to say to me?" he cried. "Will you not give me one little word of hope—only one word?"

Bab was terribly frightened; she was almost in tears. How she wished that India would come to her rescue; that some one would enter the drawing room, "Tell me that you care for me ever so little, Bab," he whispered, "give me just one beam of hope."

"I do not know what to say, Mr. Downing," she faltered, "save that I am sorry you love me so much."

He caught her quickly in his arms, crying out: "Thank you for those words; ay, a thousand thanks for them, Bab! Do you know that pity is the first step toward love? You are the happiest girl in the whole wide world, as you have made me the happiest of men. In this glad moment I am a thousand times repaid for risking my life to save you, my love. Oh, Barbara, what have I done that such dazzling happiness should be mine!"

She was too bewildered to find words in which to answer him. She heard him say that they were betrothed; she did not clearly understand just how it had come about—still she was too much of a child to doubt the assertion which he had made so positively.

"We are betrothed, Bab, darling," he repeated, straining her rapturously to his heart. "You have made me the happiest man on earth, Bab."

At that moment India entered the drawing room, but pretended to beat a hasty retreat at the tableau which greeted her eyes.

"Do not go, Miss India," he cried, stepping forward, leading Bab by the hand. "We have something to tell you. We are betrothed—your sweet Little Cousin Bab and I."

"Dear me! how delightful!" cried India, seizing the still bewildered Bab in her arms. "What a delightful finale to the romantic—ay, the episode of yesterday, and she almost smothered poor Bab's pale, frightened face with kisses.

He did not make a long stay after this, but when he went he kissed Bab, calling her his darling little sweetheart.

India carried her quickly to her room, deciding that she was in no frame of mind to see any one just then, for she was in a state of nervousness bordering almost on hysteria.

Bab sank down in the nearest chair in a little while. Almost as soon as she could find her voice, she cried out pitifully: "Oh, India, is it all a terrible dream, or am I really betrothed—to—Mr. Downing?"

"Yes," answered India, sharply, "and a very proud girl indeed you ought to be over the fact. It is not every one who can win a hero such as he is."

"I thank him with all my heart for saving my life," sobbed Bab; "but oh, India, I don't want to marry for years and years and years yet. It was only last week that I put away my dolls and promised Mrs. Mack not to play with them any more; and now—I am engaged to marry somebody. It seems like an awful dream."

India's brows gathered into a frown.

"What a very ungrateful girl you would lead me to believe you are, Bab," she should give him as his reward the heart that he sprang into the very jaws of a horrible death to save."

"I know it, India," sobbed the distracted girl, adding: "But you don't quite understand what I mean. I thought no young girl ought to marry a young man unless she loved him, and I'm afraid that I don't love Mr. Downing in that way."

"I cannot believe you can be so heartless, Bab," cried the wily French girl; "I cannot be so mistaken in you. You could not help but love so grand a hero as Mr. Downing has proven himself to be. How sorry you would feel if he had lost his life—for your sake!"

"Oh, don't mention such a possibility, India, I see now what a very ungrateful girl I must appear in your eyes. But oh!—I am so bewildered!"

When Mrs. Mack, the old housekeeper, heard the astounding news of little Bab's betrothal from India's suave lips she fainted dead away. When she recovered she fairly flew up to the girl's room.

"Oh, Bab, what is this I hear?" she cried, excitedly. "A betrothal, is it? I should attempt to interfere in young people's love affairs."

"Unless, perhaps, it might be their parents," suggested Mrs. Mack, considerably piqued at the other's words and her tone and manner as well.

India Haven shrugged her shapely shoulders, remarking:

"There are many girls of spirit who would not brook interference—even from them."

"Then they are bad-hearted girls," declared the old housekeeper. "A parent has the right to choose or reject a lover for the child whom he has reared, and upon whom he has lavished for so many years the love of his heart."

She was about to speak her mind freely then and there concerning Mr. Downing, and the suddenness of this love affair of Barbara's, when she was suddenly called from the room by one of the maids to receive a telegram from a lad who was waiting below.

CHAPTER XX.

Mrs. Mack found that the telegram was from Mr. Haven, and was dated from Boston. It read as follows:

"Come to me yourself by next train, or send India to me. Am ill, but on no account mention it to Barbara."

The old housekeeper stared at the telegram in hopeless bewilderment for a moment; then she hastily summoned Miss India.

"Your uncle lies ill at a hotel in Boston," she announced when the girl responded to her call, "and either you or I is to go to him without delay. I feel sure it is nothing serious," she went on, "for he is subject to these spells. He must eat certain things or he will have severe attacks of indigestion."

"I do not mind going," said India. "You would find it rather difficult to leave now that you are just commencing your spring housecleaning."

Mrs. Mack looked relieved. He is dying when he gets these attacks," she said; "but I am sure there is nothing serious the matter, and when you arrive there you will find him as good as new, and the first words he will say are that he is sorry he sent for you."

"It will be a change for me to go," said India. "I should like to see Boston."

So it was settled that India should go at once.

The next train started quite two hours later, and India said to herself that in the interim she should have plenty of time to call upon Clarence Neville and find out how he was getting along with his sprained ankle, and to mention incidentally the clever little plot which she and Rupert Downing had concocted.

The village of East Haven was scarcely an hour's ride from Boston. The inhabitants were wont to come and go frequently to make their purchases, so Bab thought little of her cousin's announcement that she was to take the next train for Boston, but would surely return by nightfall.

(To be Continued.)

# Red Rough Hands Made Soft and White

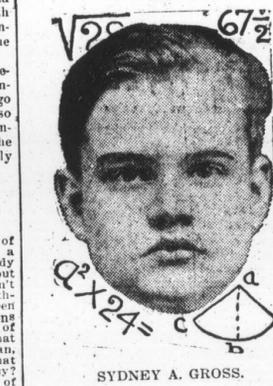


**By Cuticura Soap and Ointment**

Treatment: On retiring, soak the hands in hot water and Cuticura Soap. Dry, anoint with Cuticura Ointment, and wear soft bandages or old loose gloves during the night.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each with 25-cent booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, sent post-free. Address: Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 2012, Boston, U. S. A.

# Schoolboy Mathematician Puts One Over on Euclid, Newton & Co.



A sixteen-year-old boy has solved a mathematical problem that has baffled the world since the beginning of civilization.

He has found a way to divide an angle into three equal parts without the use of higher mathematics. And that's something that neither old Euclid nor Des Cartes nor Newton nor any other mathematical shark that ever lived could do.

This prodigy is Sydney A. Gross, a Philadelphia high school boy.

Sydney wanted to trisect an angle, and wasn't satisfied with the elaborate "high curves" method invented by Euclid 2,100 years ago and used ever since. So he got busy and made a little cardboard device that does the business as simply as a draftsman's pantograph.

Just place it over the angle you want to trisect and work the hinges and in a moment you have your three angles.

The "sector," as it is called, has been examined by Prof. M. J. Babb, of the University of Pennsylvania. Prof. David Eugene Smith of Columbia University, and other experts and has been pronounced a scientific discovery of great value. It will be especially useful in the mechanical arts.

# In the Good Old Summer Time

**KILL THE FLIES.**

The important point of the campaign against flies is to catch them early—early in the spring before they get a start.

Flies, as you well know now, because of the campaign of education that has been waged, carry germs. In their little travelling bags they carry malaria germs, typhoid, infantile paralysis and other deadly microbes. The flies that arrive with the early spring may bring infection into your house as well as the swarms that come later, and it does little good to lock the stables after the horse is gone. If one's tiny girl sickened because the early arrivals brought the germs of disease with them you could not console yourself with waging war on the pests the rest of the summer.

Last year in my little house on the farm I tried swatting flies—and I found that little chickens like to eat them—but the flies flew in faster than I could swat them. It took time to hunt down each single—and married—fly and time, as you probably have learned by this time, is valuable.

Poisoning flies kills them off rapidly, but an inquisitive baby is apt to indulge in a meal of fly poison, and one cannot recommend it as a baby food. Furthermore, the flies have a habit of closing the worst places for their burial ground. They drop in the milk crocks, in the open churn, in the apple butter and in every place where one doesn't want them.

All in all, the most satisfactory method is the sticky fly paper. It catches the germs on the flies' feet as well as

the flies themselves. It can be placed on tables, chairs and window ledges out of reach of babies, dogs and cats. Even if the cat does wade into it you can get the satisfaction of a hearty laugh out of it.

In fighting flies as in many other things prevention is far better than cure. In this case prevention is not only better but easier.

Don't let the flies get started; catch the early birds. Swat 'em, poison 'em or imprison them on fly paper, but "do it early."—Woman's World for June.

# THE HOUSE TYRANT.

The House Tyrant is about the most disgusting object known.

Of all the beings who make us want to fight, burn and generally rampage, the man who has established a rule of fear in his home is the first and foremost.

It is the good and fine woman who suffers most from these beasts. The wife of such one is fortunate if she be phlegmatic and dull-nerved.

More than once or twice I have seen a coarse-grained male set himself, by all the arts of malicious ingenuity, to bring pain, humiliation and wretchedness to the wife doomed to live with him.

There all the laws of the gospel seem to break down. The gentler, kinder, more loving and Christly she is the meaner the old hound gets.

Sometimes he makes existence a hell for the children also, scheming to embitter them against their mother. Generally speaking I believe in human nature, but when I contemplate the petty House Tyrant I am tired of belonging to the same race.

There is only one cure for the House Tyrant, and that is not permitted by our folk laws; it is to lead him out behind the barn and drive him with a maul three feet into the ground.—Dr. Frank Crane in Woman's World for June.

# THE SECRET OF GOOD HEALTH

**Keep the Blood Rich and Pure with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.**

The condition of the blood makes all the difference between health and sickness. Impure blood and strong healthy nerves and muscles never go together. If the blood is thin every part of the body becomes weak. The stomach fails in strength and the appetite becomes poor. The body does not obtain enough nourishment from the food, and soon the nerves begin to complain, and the person becomes irritable, despondent, worn out and nervous. For a time there may be no actual sickness, only a run-down weak condition, but there is no defence against disease and from such a condition spring disorders such as anaemia, rheumatism, indigestion, neuralgia, and even paralysis itself.

"People with impure, thin blood should take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Each dose helps to make new, rich blood, and new blood means health and strength. The step the progress of disease, and red cheeks, good appetite, new strength, declare the general improvement in the health. Here is an example. Miss Ellen Maude McGonigale, Harrison, Ont., says: "I feel it my duty to add my voice to the many now recommending Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. For years I was a sufferer with backaches, rheumatism and nervousness. I was so bad at times that I was confined to my bed. I felt sleepy and heavy after my meals, and had flashes of light before my eyes, and a difficulty in collecting my thoughts. After using several remedies without benefit I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and used ten or twelve boxes in all. They gave me the best health I have enjoyed for years, and I have not since had the least return of the trouble."

You can get these Pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

# For the Woman Who Likes Striking Gowns



The somewhat set figure materials which are called futurists are worn a great deal abroad for afternoon costumes. The one pictured is of mustard colored, printed chiffon with sleeves, collar, belt and underskirt of royal blue satin. A dress of this kind can only be worn a few times, as it is so striking. However, the design, which it is Roizat of Paris, will be especially pretty for a figure cotton voile over plain color, which would harmonize it.



WITH US AGAIN—BLESS HER

**900 DROPS**  
**CASTORIA**  
 Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of  
**INFANTS, CHILDREN**  
 Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. **NOT NARCOTIC.**  
 Recipe of **DR. J. C. PITCHER**  
 Pumpkin Seed  
 Licorice  
 Rochelle Salts  
 Aloe Seed  
 Peppermint  
 Di-Carbonyl-Sulphur  
 Honey Syrup  
 Clarified Sugar  
 Water-glass  
 A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.  
 Facsimile Signature of  
**Dr. J. C. Pitcher**  
 NEW YORK.  
 EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

**CASTORIA**  
 For Infants and Children.  
 The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
 In Use For Over Thirty Years  
**CASTORIA**  
 THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

**SOWING HIS WILD OATS**  
 REAPING A HARVEST OF SORROW



How many young men can look back on their early life and regret their misdeeds. "Sowing their wild oats" in various ways. Excesses, violation of nature's laws, "wine, women and song"—all have their victims. You have reformed but what about the seed you have sown—what about the harvest? Don't trust to luck. If you are at present within the clutches of any secret habit which is sapping your life by degrees; if you are suffering from the results of past indiscretions; if your blood has been tainted from any private disease and you dare not marry; if you are married and live in dread of symptoms breaking out and exposing your past; if you are suffering as the result of a misspent life—**DRS. K. & K. ARE YOUR REFUGE.** Lay your case before them confidentially and they will tell you honestly if you are curable.

**YOU CAN PAY WHEN CURED**

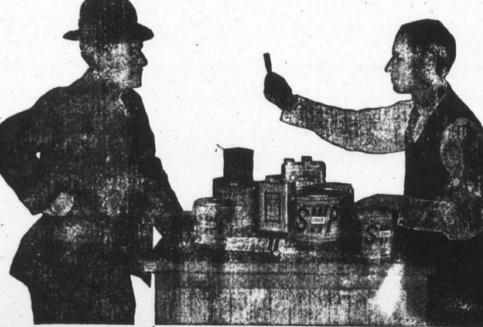
We Treat and Cure **VARICOSE VEINS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD and URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY and BLADDER Diseases and all Diseases Peculiar to Men.**

**CONSULTATION FREE.** Books Free on Diseases of Men. If unable to call, write for a Question Blank for **HOME TREATMENT.**

**DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY**  
 Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

**NOTICE** All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat no patients in our Windsor offices which are used for correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:  
**DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.**  
 Write for our private address.

**A 'CROSS COUNTER TALK**



Customer: "What constitutes good paint?"  
 Dealer: "Good paint depends on the materials used, the processes of manufacture, and the skill of the paint maker—no more, no less."  
 "Sherwin-Williams Paint, Prepared, is good paint—the best paint, in fact, that can be made. No care or detail is lacking in its manufacture. The materials employed are of the highest quality and are properly put together by experienced paint makers. The linseed oil—the vital part of paint—used in S.W.P. is made especially by The S.W. Co. in their own mill. The pigments are selected with greatest care and scrupulously tested. The tinting colors are products of the Company's own dry color works. And the mills used for grinding and mixing are designed and made in the machine shops of the Company. They embody the most advanced ideas in paint making. With such high quality materials, such care and attention, S.W.P. must be and is good paint all the way through."

Everything in Shelf and Heavy Hardware  
 Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Etc.  
**E. J. PURCELL, Athens**

**PRIZE LIST FOR NEXT OTTAWA FAIR**

Increase of \$250 For Poultry.

Improvement in all Departments

At a series of meetings just held, the various committees of the Central Canada Exhibition Association revised the prize list for the coming Ottawa Fair, making several improvements to meet the wishes of exhibitors and the public.

An addition of \$35 was made to the prizes for grade dairy cattle. This provides three prizes of \$20, \$10 and \$5, to be competed for by herds of four animals, each over one year. Many Ottawa Valley breeders will be in this extension. The usual offers of special prizes came from the Herford and Holstein associations and Manager McMahon is in communication with the Jersey and Aberdeen Angus associations regarding their contributions.

An excellent classification for field crop products, drafted by Mr. J. Lockhart Wilson, was adopted by the Agricultural committee. Grain in Sheaves, in sacks, vegetables and other products from the winners in the field crop competitions, will be shown very artistically. Agricultural and horticultural exhibits will be combined for this purpose.

The Horticultural committee, as well as improving classification, decided to have the roof of the hall made water tight for the next Exhibition. It is hoped a new hall will be built for the following year.

The Poultry Committee received an extra \$250. By means of this the second prizes will be increased from \$1 to \$1.50 and the third prizes from 50 to 75 cents. Poultry breeders were given this generous treatment so that their advantage in showing would be equal to that enjoyed by the live stock men, who have freight paid both ways for them. A new egg display was provided for. Prizes of \$2, \$1 and 50 cents are offered for the best dozen collection of each of these classes of eggs. Messrs W. A. Brown, F. H. Gibson, and J. A. Belford were appointed to see that this egg exhibit is made an interesting feature. The class of Indian Runner Ducks was added, with prizes totalling \$12.

The Horse committee augmented the fund for Agricultural classes by transferring \$100 from the General Purpose section. As a general purpose horse has been required to be suitable for either wagon, buggy or plough the change was natural. Prizes in the general purpose class now consist only of single horse and team, attached to vehicles. A new class, Aged Percherons, was added with prizes of \$40, \$30, \$25 and \$20. The special high jumping for \$150 purses, provided last year, as a Dominion Exhibition feature, is responsible for adding \$100 to the open jumping, this year, the special contest being dropped.

Much prominence is to be given lectures and illustrated exhibits by the Dairy committee. The Dominion Dairy branch will be given a space for a valuable feature which Prof. Riddick announced would be furnished for the education of dairymen. The Ontario Department of Agriculture will supply a lecturer at the butter-making competitions, and will also make a display showing fermentations. An innovation in this department will be lectures on bee-keeping in a tent near the Dairy building.

**GRANT FOR FRUIT EXHIBIT**

Harold Jones, the expert Maitland fruit-grower, addressed the Counties Council in support of an application for a grant of \$100 to aid in covering the overhead expenses of making a display of McIntosh Reds from the orchards of Leeds, Grenville, Dundas, Stormont, and Glengarry at the big horticultural show in Toronto next November. Mr. Jones had been assured of a similar grant from the three counties to the east of Leeds and Grenville, which would be supplemented by another \$100 from the Ontario Government. The speaker was very optimistic of the results that would accrue to the St. Lawrence Valley Counties from an advertising standpoint and expressed himself as being very hopeful of winning the banner prize of the show. He had made an inspection of the orchards between Cornwall and Lansdowne, and never saw the prospects better for a great crop of apples in well-sprayed orchards. He believed the cream of the St. Lawrence Counties, carefully selected, could beat the rest of Ontario.

Mr. W. H. Smith of Athens, the District Representative, ably supported the appeal made by Mr. Jones. While this was essentially a dairy district, he believed the farmers could add materially to their revenue by the cultivation of fruit. Along this line the Department was assisting the farmers with good results.

**PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED**  
 In all countries. Ask for our INVENTOR'S ADVISER, which will be sent free.  
**MARION & MARION,**  
 264 University St., Montreal.

**BASEBALL MAKING**

Materials and Methods Used in Building Up the Spheres.

ONLY ONE PROCESS BY HAND.

That is Sewing on the Covers, a Task to Which Machines Are Not Equal. The Yarns Are Wound by Machinery Because Hand Work Was a Failure.

There are few fans who realize just how much work is required in the making of a regulation sized baseball.

The centers of baseballs are made of pure Para rubber in most cases, but the cork center ball, which has been patented, is an exception. The idea of the cork center piece of rubber, of course, is to give the ball resiliency. If a baseball was made without this center piece it would be "dead"—that is, it would not have the desired bounding qualities, the "life." The centerpieces are generally made to order for the baseball factories. The next process in the making of a ball is the winding on of pure woolen yarn. There was a time when the yarn was wound around the Para by hand, but soon it became necessary to get a machine which would do the work of man. It was found in the times when the yarn was wound by hand that the man coming to work at 9 o'clock in the morning was putting out better balls than he was in the afternoon around 3 o'clock. Winding by hand was a tiresome job, and toward the late afternoon the men began to get tired, and consequently the yarn was not wound around the ball tight enough. Many balls were returned to the factory because they did not possess the resilient powers.

Realizing that this personal defect was something which had to be overcome, a machine for the winding purpose was worked upon and perfected. Now all baseballs are wound by mechanical power, and much better work than man did or can do is accomplished. The yarn is wound around the Para under heavy tension, almost to the breaking point. Consequently when enough has been put on the ball is very strong and almost solid, due to the tight tension used. In the days of hand making many balls were soggy and soft because a uniform tension could not be kept by the person winding. There are three layers of woolen yarn over the para. For about an inch in thickness three ply yarn of blue color is used, and over this is wound a thin layer of white two ply yarn. The blue yarn is again brought into use, but is only of one ply.

Naturally it develops that something to cover the wool yarn must be used in order to keep it from unwinding. The ball must be solid, so that when it comes in contact with a bat the threads will not break or move out of place. It has been found that camel's hair stretched yarn is the best for covering the ball after the wool has been put on and the ball is the size desired. This hair is put on wet, and when it dries a contraction takes place, making the ball more firm and at the same time solidifying it. Only a thin layer of the camel's hair is used, just enough to warrant the wool yarn keeping in position. After the drying process is over a very fine layer of specially made cement is applied by means of dipping the ball into the fluid. Then the ball is ready to cover.

Most balls are covered with alum tanned horsehide, the best material, it is claimed, which has been found to be of good use for the hammering which a baseball gets. This is cut into its proper shape by means of pin dies, which also punch small holes around the edge of the hide to be used in the sewing. The ball is sent to the men doing the sewing, which is now and always has been done by hand. Machines have been tried, but not one of them has proved equal to the task. The men who sew on the covers must be experienced and very capable in their work. This sewing process must be done with great accuracy. The work appears to be tiresome and rather tedious, and so it is. A man working at his fastest can do only two to three dozen a day.

With the covers sewed on the finishing up processes come next. Naturally just after the sewing has been completed the seams are rather rough. A good baseball, if one will notice, is smooth over the entire surface, including the seams. A pitcher, if he had to use a ball with rough seams, would not be able to do his best work, as a bulge in the ball would be trying to him. The roughness would make the fingers sore from the continual rubbing. Therefore to do away with this the ball is put in a rolling machine, which presses out the rough seam and makes the ball smooth all over. This done, the trademark is stamped on, together with the guarantee, size and weight of the ball. The balls are then taken to the packing room, where they are wrapped in tissue paper and still further wrapped in tin foil. They are then sealed in pasteboard boxes and are ready for shipment.

There are surprising numbers of baseballs used in this country and in other countries to some extent, but out of every 150 dozen it is claimed that but one ball comes back for being in bad condition—Springfield Republican.

A Technical Move.  
 "What did that young lawyer chap say, Mattida, when you told him it was time to go?"  
 "He immediately began argument for a stay."—Baltimore American.

Fortune leaves always some door open to come at a remedy.—Civilians.

**THE ATHENS REPORTER**  
**OFFICE**

Poster Printing  
 Our job printing department is specially well fitted for all kinds of poster work. Orders for entertainment bills promptly filled at very reasonable prices. If you contemplate holding a concert or social it will pay you to get our figures before placing your order.

Commercial Work  
 Bill-heads, statements, letter heads—business forms of all kinds at lowest rates.

Society Printing  
 Wedding Stationery—latest type designs—you should see these goods. Calling cards of finest quality.

We will be pleased to assist in arranging copy for any kind of advertising. Call and see what we can do for you.

**THE REPORTER, ATHENS.**

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**CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.**  
 "AROUND THE WORLD" on the "Empress of Asia" from Liverpool, JUNE 14 \$639.10  
 Full particulars on application.  
**Homeseekers' 60 Day Return Excursions to the Canadian West**  
 Every Tuesday. Very low fares.  
**A. GRAHAM, CITY AGENT**  
 Brockville City Ticket and Telegraph Office, east corner King St. and Court House Ave.  
 Agency for all Steamship Lines

---

**LUMBERING and SAW-MILLING**  
 I am installing a **New Mill** near Athens and am now in a position to guarantee the best of good work. Custom sawing will be given prompt attention. I am in the market for the purchase of all kinds of logs. Arrangements for sale and delivery may be made now.  
**WOOD**—Orders will be taken for 1,000 cords of wood. Will begin delivering with first sleighing.  
**SHINGLES**—When you want shingles, learn what we have to offer.  
**F. BLANCHER, Athens**

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**FREE TO FUR SHIPPERS**  
 The most accurate, reliable and only Market Report and Price List of its kind published.  
 "The Shubert Shipper"  
 Mailed FREE to those interested in Raw Fur SEND US YOUR NAME ON A POSTAL-TUBBY It's not a Trapper's Guide, but a publication issued every two weeks, which gives you reports of what is doing in all the Markets of the World in American Raw Fur. This information is worth hundreds of dollars to you.  
 Write for it—**FREE**  
**A. B. SHUBERT**  
 The Largest House in the World dealing exclusively in American Raw Fur  
 25-27 W. Michigan St., Dept. 132CHICAGO, ILL., U.S.A.

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**Dr. de Van's Female Pills**  
 A reliable French regulator; never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the reproductive portion of the female system. Refuse all cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at 25 a box, or three for \$10. Mailed to any address.  
 The Sobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

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**FREE TO FUR SHIPPERS**  
 The most accurate, reliable and only Market Report and Price List of its kind published.  
 "The Shubert Shipper"  
 Mailed FREE to those interested in Raw Fur SEND US YOUR NAME ON A POSTAL-TUBBY It's not a Trapper's Guide, but a publication issued every two weeks, which gives you reports of what is doing in all the Markets of the World in American Raw Fur. This information is worth hundreds of dollars to you.  
 Write for it—**FREE**  
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 The Sobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

**FINED FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS**

The Binghamton (N. Y.) Republican-Herald of June 19 says:—  
After William Francis Ronen of Athens, Canada, had pleaded guilty to violation of the immigration laws in bringing another man's wife to this country, attempt was made in United States Court yesterday afternoon by Ronen's attorney to get a reduction of the \$500 fine to \$250. This brought forth emphatic declaration by Judge Ray that there would be no reduction.  
"I want it to be understood by one and all," he said, "that these United States are not to be made a dumping ground for cases of this kind, and that New York State is not to be made a 'house of ill fame'. The immigration agents are to be respected, just as well as all other governmental officers."  
Ronen has until Friday in which to pay his fine.  
Ronen and the woman were both well-to-do residents of Athens. About a month ago the two, left for United States border. In Lisbon Center as they were about to buy a ticket into Central New York State they were arrested.

**PROFESSIONAL CARDS.**

**DR. C. M. B. CORNELL.**

COR. GARDEN AND PINE ST  
BROCKVILLE  
PHYSICIAN SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR

**DR. T. F. ROBERTSON**

COR. VICTORIA AVE. BROCKVILLE  
AND PINE ST. ONT.  
EYE, EAR, THROAT AND NOSE.

**J. A. MCBROOM**

Physician and Surgeon

X-Rays and Electricity employed in treatment of cancer and chronic diseases  
COURT HOUSE SQUARE — BROCKVILLE

**DR. G. H. R. HAMILTON**

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ACCOUCHEUR  
OFFICE HOURS—12.30-2.30 p.m.  
6.30-8.00 p.m.  
ATHENS

**DR. H. C. PRICHARD**

DENTIST  
PIERCE BLOCK, ATHENS  
Open Evenings

**DR. G. J. STEPHENS, V. S.**

Experienced Veterinary  
Main Street — Athens  
Next Kavely & Purcell's Hardware Store  
ell Phone Rural Phone

**Fire Insurance**

**E. J. PURCELL**

AGENT for the Royal, Monarch, Waterloo Mutual Fire Insurance Companies. Risks promptly effected.  
Office and residence, Henry Street, Athens

**Agent Wanted**

FOR

**ATHENS**

to sell for the "The Old Reliable"

**Fonthill Nurseries**

Orders now being taken for Spring delivery 1913. Prospects bright for the season's trade.

Experienced unnecessary. We instruct our salesmen how to sell Fruit Stocks in the country and Ornamental trees in the town.

START NOW and have your territory reserved. Weekly pay. Free Outfit. Write for terms.

**STONE and WELLINGTON**

The Fonthill Nurseries

Toronto — Ontario

**MADAM LAVAL'S**

**Cotton Root Compound Tablets**

A RELIABLE REGULATOR

These Pills are compounded with the greatest care from the most reliable remedies known to science; such as are being used with much success by the most celebrated physicians known. They are a specific for the distressing disorders to which the female constitution is liable.  
Price \$2 a box. No. 2 (much stronger) \$5 a box. Sold at all drug stores, or by mail from The Laval Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

**Electric Restorer for Men**

Phosphonal restores every nerve in the body to its proper tension; restores vim and vitality. Premature decay and all sexual weakness averted at once. Phosphonal will make you a new man. Price \$5 a box, or two for \$5. Mailed to any address. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

**Prof. G. F. THEEL, M.D., D.D.**  
Philadelphia, Pa., U.S.A. Only German Specialist in America. The German Treatment is the only one guaranteed cure for Specific Blood Poison. Cancer, Leucemia, Etc.  
Athens, Ont. 25  
Write for circular, send for Book "Truth" expense free.  
In every City & Country medical & electrical advertising firms

**COUNTIES COUNCIL**

The Counties Council had a busy session in Brckville last week. Among the matters dealt with were the following:—

**AGRICULTURE**

Mr Scott (North Crosby) presented the report of the agricultural committee. It recommended grants of \$25 to each of the Farmers' Institute in the counties, \$20 to each of the Women's Institutes, \$500 to the Athens high school board as portion of salary for district representative; \$15 to the Leeds Beekeepers Association. The different agricultural societies were also given grants, the whole not to exceed \$150.

Report adopted.

**ROADS AND BRIDGES**

Mr Sinson presented the report of the roads and bridges committee, which was considered and passed in committee of the whole.

They recommended that the council pass a by-law by the township council of Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne opening a road forty feet wide near the old Latimer bridge and crossing the Lyndhurst river. A by-law was passed for this purpose.

Mr Langstaff moved and Mr Webster seconded a resolution for the introduction of a by-law for the improvement of the following roads in Gananoque, Athens, Cardinal, Merrickville, Kemptville, Newboro and Westport. By the terms of the by-law the cost will be apportioned as follows:

Gananoque	\$7,660
Athens	2,101
Cardinal	2,759
Westport	1,444
Kemptville	2,955
Newboro	984
Merrickville	2,955

The by-law is to go into force and take effect when approved by the Department of Public Works for Ontario.

**HOUSE OF INDUSTRY**

The report of the House of Industry Committee was presented by the Chairman, Mr Webster. The committee, at a meeting held on March 27, passed for payment accounts amounting to \$114 58. The committee accepted the tender of E. J. Purcell for the forthcoming year's supply of coal at \$7.25, to be delivered on the railway track opposite the institution. The premises were found in a neat and well-kept condition.

**EDUCATION**

Mr Holmes (Athens) presented the report of the education committee, the four clauses of which were adopted.

They had before them a communication from the Department of Education stating that the amounts to be raised for the equipment and accommodation for the rural schools, as an equivalent to the government legislative grants, are \$2,628.83 for Public schools and \$23.06 for Separate schools. The committee recommended that this be done.

They also had the reports of Messrs. Johnston, Kinney and Craig, inspectors for school districts No. 1, 2, and 3, and judging from these reports the schools in the several districts are being properly managed and the money given by the council for the maintenance is properly expended. They recommended that the reports be published in the minutes.

They had before them a statement of claim for maintenance of county pupils as follows: Iroquois high school, \$226 91; Prescott high school \$779.49; Brockville Collegiate Institute, \$4,230 15. The committee recommended that the several claims be referred to a special committee composed of W. Richardson, C. E. Britton and the chairman of this committee, to make full investigation and it fully satisfied as to the validity of claims to make payments.

The committee further recommended that the usual special grant of \$400 be made to each of the high schools, namely, Gananoque, Athens and Kemptville, and to all public schools doing continuation work a special grant of \$100 each; to fifth classes grading A having an average of less than ten pupils, \$25 each; to fifth classes grading B, \$15 each; to fifth classes grading C, \$10 each. Grants to continuation and fifth classes are to be payable only when certified to by the inspectors that the schools have complied with the conditions entitling them to the government grant.

**CHARLESTON**

A party from Prescott has been enjoying the fishing for the past week.

W. G. Crozier has improved the appearance of his place by a new fence.

The cement walks are completed.

Mr C. J. Banta of Brooklyn, N. Y., is occupying his cottage.

Mr J. Wooler is the guest of Mr J. Wemple at the cottage.

The work in C. J. Banta's new garage is completed and the building adds much to the appearance of that part of the village.

Miss Ethel West of Toronto is the guest of Mrs S. C. A. Lamb at the cottage.

Mr Stanley Leeder and sister Mamie were visitors at M. J. Kavanagh's.

W. D. Bogue is preparing to erect a new barn.

**ODDFELLOWS AT CHURCH**

On Sunday afternoon at 3.30 members of Athens Lodge of I.O.O.F., accompanied by a number of Delta brethren, attended divine service in the Methodist church, Mr. E. Barlow of Delta ably discharging the duties of Marshall for the day.

In extending a warm welcome to the Odd Fellows, the pastor expressed his admiration for their order—for its principles and the underlying purpose of its organization—and quoted figures showing the extent of its beneficence. Passing from these highly commendable features of Odd Fellowship, he pointed his hearers to the divine original of all their moral tenets (which tend to piety towards man), to the Church which embraced all these moral obligations and also emphasized the absolute necessity of piety towards God. A good Odd Fellow should be a good churchman and a member of the church would certainly make a good Odd Fellow.

It was a very practical discourse, full of food for thought, and on returning to their lodge room the members passed a hearty vote of thanks to the pastor and also to the choir for their excellent music.

Before adjournment of the lodge a number of brief addresses were delivered appropriate to the occasion.

**A PRESENTATION**

During the two years in which Mr S. A. Hitsman has been principal of the Athens Model School he has gained the respect and esteem of his pupils to an unusual degree, and on Friday evening the students of the fourth form called upon him at his residence and presented him with the following address, accompanied with the gift of a handsome club bag:—

Athens, June 20, 1913

Dear Mr Hitsman,—  
We are making this gathering an occasion on which to say good-bye and extend to you our sincere wishes for future success.

During the two years, which have privileged us to be in your classes, we feel that we have learned much, not only of the subjects of school work but of those ideals which teach us to be men and women. Your example has been one of truth and honor, and we are so pleased that you are to remain a citizen of our town, for we know that you will continue to have an interest in our welfare.

As a slight appreciation of all you have done for us, we wish you to accept this club-bag as a token of our sincere friendship.

Wishing you and yours a full measure of success and happiness, we are, in behalf of the class,

Keitha Smith  
Harold Percival

**BEEKEEPERS' FIELD DAY**

Next to doing a thing yourself, the best way to learn is to see it done. It is one thing to sit in some convention room and hear a man tell how he manages his bees; it is far better to go with him into the apiary and have him show you. That is what you will have a chance to do at the apiary of Mr M. B. Holmes, Athens, Ont., on Saturday, July 5th, 1913, at 1.30 o'clock sharp.

A qualified apiary instructor sent by the Department of Agriculture will show how to examine hives for disease and will actually put a colony through the treatment for cure. He will also render old combs into commercial beeswax by means of the Sibbald Wax Press. Other manipulations will then be shown, such as finding the queen, removing bees from supers, operating to prevent swarming, etc., etc.

Prominent local beekeepers will be asked to take part and assist in the discussion of practical questions. These apiary demonstrations are being held all over Ontario, and it is well worth your while to attend one.

Ladies are especially invited, and all are advised to bring bee veils so they can come right out into the apiary with comfort.

**LEEDS FARMERS' INSTITUTE**

At the annual meeting of the Leeds Farmers' Institute, held in Gananoque, the following directors were elected:

North Crosby—Ephraim Vanderhoof, Westport; G. S. Duncan, Newboro.

Westport—J. V. Malville, Westport.

Newboro—Dr. R. H. Preston, Newboro.

South Crosby—W. M. Bass, Newboro. H. S. Davison, Elgin.

Bastard—H. E. Eyre, Chantry, John Bowser, Delta.

Rear of Leeds and Lansdowne—W. W. Hicock, Seeley's Bay, A. J. Kendrick, Lyndhurst, Jacob Dillon, Ellisville.

Front of Lansdowne—C. F. Rath, Lansdowne, W. J. Webster, Tilley, S. Donevan, Melcombe, O. W. Landon, Melcombe.

Front of Escott—Norman Hutchinson, R. A. Foley, Escott.

Front of Yonge—A. W. Mallory, John Haffie, Mallorstown.

Front of Leeds—Fred McCalpin, W. J. Thompson, South Lake.

Gananoque—W. S. MacDonald, F. Britton.

**District Convention**

A convention of the Athens District of the Holiness Movement will be held in Athens on Tuesday and Wednesday, July 1st and 2nd.

On Tuesday at 1 p.m. a District Meeting will be held at which ministerial and lay delegates will transact business, including the making of arrangements for the annual camp-meeting at Lake Elroida.

Sessions will be held both days at 10.30 a.m. and 2.30 and 7.00 p.m.

**HANSON INCOMPETENT**

Saratoga, June 17—"Old John Barleycorn" was awarded the verdict today, in the proceedings before a Sheriff's jury to have Walter L. Hanson, grandnephew of the late Leland Stanford of California, declared incompetent to manage his person and estate. Hanson's mother appeared in court and urged the verdict, and his young actress wife—formerly Henriette Reutti of the vaudeville stage—opposed the motion.

**Women's Pains**

"I received your sample of Zutoo Tablets, and took them for severe pain (monthly) and headache. At the end of 30 minutes I was entirely free from pain and experienced no more throughout the period. I suffer a great deal at these times and feel grateful that I now have a remedy which affords quick relief. Every woman in the land should know about Zutoo Tablets and what they will do."

MRS. ALLEN WRIGHT, Falford, O.

**Zutoo**

**Scobell's Liquor, Tobacco and Drug Cure** Permanently dispels the seed for Alcohol, Tobacco and Drugs. It counteracts the effects almost instantly—removes all cravings. After taking the treatment there will never be any need to drink intoxicants or use drugs again. Can be given secretly. We have yet to hear of one failure. Mailed under separate cover to any address. Price \$5.00 box, or 3 boxes for \$10.00. The Scobell Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.

**LOST VITALITY**

**Caused by Kidney, Stomach and Bowel Disorders**

St. John, N.B., September 18th, 1911  
—My brother was a great sufferer from kidney, stomach and bowel troubles and was given up by two doctors. He was advised to try your Fig Pills, which he did, and after taking five boxes was completely restored to health and is better to-day than he has been for years. You can't recommend Fig Pills too highly.

J. W. MANVERS

At all dealers, 25 and 50 cents or the Fig Pill Co., St. Thomas, Ont.

**Notice to Creditors**

In the Matter of the Estate of George Gipson, late of the township of Yonge in the County of Leeds, Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the "Statutes of Ontario" I. George V. Chapter 26, Sec. 55, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the said George Gipson who died on or before the fourth day of April, 1913, are required on or before the first day of August, 1913, to send by post prepaid or deliver to T. R. Beale, of the Village of Athens Solicitor for the administrator of the property of the said deceased, their claims and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims, the statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that after such last mentioned date the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 18th day of June, 1913.

T. R. BEALE

Solicitor for Irwin Wiltse, Administrator.

**OTTAWA**

Sept. 5-13, 1913

Central Canada

**EXHIBITION**

Freight paid on All Live Stock Exhibits from Ontario and Quebec Points.

Two Daily Aeroplane Flights starting from front of Grand Stand.

Great Spectacular Show, "Siege of Delhi," and Latest Creations in Fireworks.

Full Programme Six Days and Six Nights  
New \$100,000 Implement Hall Completed

\$20,000 in Premiums  
Industrial Displays  
Free Band Concerts  
Big Improved Midway

Exciting Horse Races  
8 Vandeville Troupes  
Lowest Railway Rates  
Entries Close Aug. 29

Prize List, Programme, Etc., sent on application.

**E. McMahon, Manager,**

26 Sparks St. Ottawa.

**SEASONABLE FASHIONS**

The latest fashion plates now here. Call and select the style of Suit you want for Winter wear.

**LATEST FABRICS**

We have in stock a line of new goods of extra value. Leave your order at "The Old Reliable" and you will get garments that will fit well, look well and wear well.

**A. M. CHASSELS**

**HARDWARE**

The attention of

Farmers - and - Builders

Is directed to my stock  
Shelf and Heavy Hardware  
Paints and Oils  
Glass and Putty  
Gardening Tools  
Spades, Shovels, Forks etc.

All my goods are of the latest design the product of reliable manufacturers and will give good satisfaction.

Choice line of cutlery and many articles for the household.

We ask only a fair price and in vite inspection of the values offered.

Open every evening.

**W. G. JOHNSON**

**B.W. & N. W.**

**RAILWAY TIME-TABLE**

GOING WEST		
	No. 1	No. 3
Brockville (leave)	9.45 a.m.	4.10 p.m.
Lyn	10.10 "	4.25 "
Seeleys	*10.20 "	4.32 "
Forlton	*10.33 "	4.48 "
Elbe	*10.39 "	4.48 "
Athens	*10.53 "	5.15 "
Soperton	*11.13 "	5.12 "
Lyndhurst	*11.20 "	5.19 "
Delta	11.28 "	5.25 "
Elgin	11.47 "	5.39 "
Forfar	*11.55 "	5.45 "
Crosby	*12.08 "	5.50 "
Newboro	12.13 "	6.00 "
Westport (arrive)	12.30 p.m.	6.15 "

GOING EAST		
	No. 2	No. 4
Westport (leave)	7.00 a.m.	2.45 p.m.
Newboro	7.15 "	3.05 "
Crosby	*7.25 "	3.18 "
Forfar	*7.30 "	3.24 "
Elgin	7.36 "	3.27 "
Delta	7.50 "	4.00 "
Lyndhurst	*7.56 "	4.10 "
Soperton	*8.08 "	4.19 "
Athens	8.20 "	4.55 "
Elbe	*8.27 "	5.02 "
Forlton	*8.32 "	5.08 "
Seeleys	*8.43 "	5.20 "
Lyn	8.50 "	5.30 "
Brockville (arrive)	9.05 "	6.00 "

\*Stop on signal

W. J. CURLE, Sup.

SCIENTIFIC PARAGRAPHS

Germany is planning a fleet of 20 giant dirigibles. The earth's fertile area is estimated at 28,269,200 square miles.

An Australian arctic mail reaches a depth of more than 5,000 feet. That the moon is without atmosphere is proved in several different ways.

A miniature acetylene plant has been brought out for installation on a horse-drawn wagon. Taking the whole of Europe into consideration, there are 107 inhabitants to the square mile.

A western railroad lends stump-pullers to farmers at a nominal rental as one way of encouraging business.

The North American continent has 8,037,714 square miles and 110,000,000 inhabitants, nearly 115 per square mile.

Just outside of Chicago there is a locomotive roundhouse which is really round, and which will accommodate 68 engines.

Germany has a Society for the Facilitation of the Divining Rod, with a number of prominent scientific men as members.

An international test for motor sleighs recently took place at Russia under the auspices of the Imperial Automobile Club.

A concrete bungalow in California is built of pipe and is kept cool by a current of water passing through it conduits.

A concrete bungalow has been designed for shipment in parts, which may be assembled or taken apart and shipped as often as desired.

The proportion of females to the thousand males in 1901 was: Great Britain, 1,052; France, 1,033; Germany, 1,032; and the United States, 959.

A tea test is to place a few leaves to a powder on a sheet of white paper, and if there is artificial coloring it will be noticeable on the paper.

Australia has a great number of artesian wells. In the State of Queensland alone there are 785 wells, having an aggregate depth of 334 miles.

The German army has automobiles which are equipped with pockets, in which two motorcycles are carried for use in emergency should the car be disabled.

The latest figures show a total of 28,307 reindeer in Alaska, of which 624 natives own 24,220, or 62 per cent, representing at an average value of \$25 a capital of \$606,775.

A red paint has been recently devised which changes its color to black when subjected to heat. It is especially desirable for bearings to give the alarm when they are becoming overheated.

A new telephone has the transmitter in contact with the throat instead of being held at the lips, and is designed for special use, such as by a miner who is wearing rescue apparatus preventing the free use of the lips.

CHILDHOOD DANGERS

No symptoms that indicate any of the ailments of childhood should be allowed to pass without prompt attention. The ailment may soon become a serious one, and perhaps a little life passes out. If Baby's Own Tablets are kept in the house minor troubles can be promptly cured and serious ones averted.

THE AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL

The new capital of Australia Commonwealth is planned to be built almost on a Utopian principle. It will become a land mark in the history of civilization; and it represents early twentieth century ideals. It will be the kind of city that country would love to have if it were possible.

land centre will be within easy access and linked up to the business centre; the railway centre to the parliamentary centre, and throughout the city cleanliness, health, beauty will prevail and predominate.

The city of Canberra will be the historic manifestation of Australia's national ideals. But it will also represent the ideals of every democratic civilized community. It happens that Australia is commencing to build its capital in 1913 instead of in 1867; and it has the foresight to protect the land from speculation and private monopoly.

For coal oil apply at once buckwheat or wheat flour. Allow to stand two days. Renew every two days until all of the oil has been evaporated.

Oil spots must be treated with paste of fullers earth and magnesia equal parts. Pour over this boiling water to make a thick paste. Spread on all spots while hot. Allow to dry thoroughly.

The citizen who was brandishing a fierce looking razor says it wasn't suicide, but corns he was thinking about. Needless to say, his wife bought him Putnam's Corn Extractor and hid the razor—very wise, because Putnam's cures in 24 hours; try it, 25c at all dealers.

Locusts are to-day eaten in Arabia pretty much as they were in Biblical times. Foreigners as well as natives declare that they are really an excellent article of diet.

The locust or "hopping" legs must be pulled off and the locust held by a wing and dipped into salt before it is eaten. The locust is said to taste like green wheat.

Locusts must be caught in the morning, for then they are benumbed by the dew, so that they cannot fly. They may be found in Arabia clear to the grey under the desert bushes, and they can be literally shovelled into a bag or basket.

Later the sun dries their wings and it is hard to catch them. When in flight they resemble what we call May flies. They fly sideways, drifting, as it were, before the wind.

They devour everything vegetable and are devoured by everything animal—deer, hawks and buzzards like them. The camels munch them in their food. The camels' hounds run snapping after them all day long and eat as many as they catch. The Bedouins often give them their horses—YOUTH'S COMPANION.

It's a study. Old age dances less. So old age should eat less. Exercise and food must balance. Youth's activity burns up fuel tremendously.

At 60 the poor stomach and liver tire of overwork. With excess of food and falling off of exercise they may go on strike. Overeating develops into numerous ills, gout, indigestion, biliousness, short breath and the like.

Youth requires plenty of food, not only for heat and energy, but for processes of growth. Two quarts of water should be drunk each day, between meals, and hot water is very beneficial to those who do not exercise much.

A physician says the following is a good list: Breakfast—Fruit, cream of wheat, a soft-boiled egg, toast, tea or coffee. Luncheon—Fish, creamed potatoes, peas, fresh fruit. Dinner—Clear soup, chicken, mashed potatoes, string beans, lettuce, salad (French dressing), fruit.

And with any diet some exercise is necessary. Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

GROWTH OF MAN. A man's organs and those of his bones which are not subject to pressure grow continuously until he is 40 years old. At that time the heart would become stronger, the capacity of the lungs increase, and the brain should develop steadily until the fourth decade of life.

A man ceases to grow tall, however, at the beginning of the third decade because after that time pressure exerted on the weight of the body while in the erect position compresses the vertebra or small bones in the spine, the disks of cartilage between them, the pelvis and the thigh bones, and this pressure overcomes the natural elasticity of the disks and the growth of these bones.

However, a British scientist contends that were a man a quipped, and therefore free from the downward pressure produced by his weight upon his spinal column, he would continue to grow in height for ten years longer than he does at present, since it has been found that bones not subject to compression increase up to the fourth decade.—Chicago Tribune.

THE WISE GRADUATE. Just the same, many a college graduate has clear an idea of the country's ailments, and what it needs to cure them as some of the distinguished specialists of the "Little Sam" pays large fees for furnishing the diagnosis and doing the prescribing.

To soften and whiten the hands, use almond meal constantly instead of soap.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

HAM SALAD. Chop fine one cup of cold boiled ham. Take one cup of stock or water ham was boiled in and add one small clove of garlic. One bay leaf and two small red pepper pods. Dissolve one even tablespoon of gelatine in one tablespoon cold water and add to stock and heat it very hot, but do not boil.

Strain into the cup of chopped ham. Mix thoroughly turn into mould and set aside to get cold. When ready to serve place on lettuce leaves.

NOT EVEN THAT MUCH. Some people who have been dancing the turkey trot all winter are now troubled with what the doctors call "key leg." A close analysis would probably disclose a turkey brain, also.

Adam and Eve did not quarrel about wearing apparel; it was only what they ate that worried them.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. CURES RHEUMATISM, BRUISES, DIABETES, BACKACHE, GRAVEL, GOUT, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, CALCULI, SANDS, GRAVEL, GOUT, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, SCIATICA, CALCULI, SANDS.

DIABETES CURED

Doctors and retail druggists of Canada are in a position to know just who are suffering from Diabetes; perhaps you know for a fact that these same people have been doctoring for years without being cured or even relieved of their suffering.

For sale at all leading druggists.

REPORT OF FORESTS. The fourteenth annual report of the Canadian Forestry Association has just been issued from the office of the secretary, Mr. James Lawler, Canadian building, Ottawa.

For women's ailments Dr. Martel's Female Pills have been the Standard for 20 years and for 40 years prescribed and recommended by Physicians. Accept no other. At all druggists.

WHEN YOU MAKE SOUP STOCK. Meat and bone must both be used to make soup stock. Meat gives flavor, bone furnishes gelatine.

IS WOMANKIND CHANGING? The truth is, woman has vibrated to the life of her time, and responds to its tone. She has learned that tears are not an argument, but are evidence of weakness; that with her entrance into a wider life and the business world, emotionalism must give place to the practical sense and self-reliance.

PILE CURED AT HOME BY NEW ABSORPTION METHOD. If you suffer from bleeding, itching, blind or protruding piles, send me your address, and I will tell you how to cure yourself at home by the new absorption treatment; and will also send some of this home treatment free for trial, with references from your own locality if requested.

SHE KNEW. YOU HAVE BEEN FISHING AGAIN! I SMELL YOUR BREATH!

TAPIOCA COCOANUT. Half a cup of pearl tapioca, soaked overnight in one pint of water. Boil eggs beaten very light with one scant cup of sugar, pinch of salt. Add one and one-half cups of grated coconut. Mix well and bake in buttered pudding dish thirty minutes. Serve hot with top milk or cream.

BAKED CABBAGE. Slice one-half head of a medium-sized cabbage. Mash and strain. Mix one tablespoon of flour with one egg beaten. Drain the cabbage. Dip the cabbage in this mixture put into buttered casserole over top put one cup of chopped ham or bacon or any cold cooked meat at hand, also a few slices of green pepper. Add one cup of meat stock or water and cover.

LEET FOOT. THE PERFECT SHOE FOR SUMMER SPORTS. ASK YOUR DEALER.

A TIME SAVER Cow Testing a Great Aid to Farmers.

The favorable weather of June is bringing some good records of milk produced by cows trained to the business by far-sighted owners. Grade cows yielding as much as 2,500 pounds of milk and 65 pounds of fat in thirty days are well worth keeping, as many factory patrons can testify.

On the other hand, some poor records were made during May in several districts, not only in yields of milk, but in many instances in peculiarly low percentage of fat; even less than two per cent.

As a matter of fact, cow testing was never more needed than at the present time, when farmers are complaining that it is hard to get good hired help. The time spent in taking a few weights and samples is saved over and over again, a hundred times over, when it proves to a man that he saves time by milking profitable cows only. Why waste precious time month after month, year after year, on cows that test only two per cent of fat?—C. F. W., Dominion Department of Agriculture, Branch of the Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner.

With the increasing inaccessibility of the forests and the consequent high price of wood, the small wooded areas common on the farms of eastern Canada are also increasing in economic value. They frequently occupy soils unutilized for agriculture, and with a little care can be made to furnish the farmer with a continuous revenue in fuel, fence posts, rails, poles and structural timber.

Unfortunately these wood lots are frequently allowed to deteriorate through carelessness or lack of knowledge on the part of the farmer. He takes great care to farm his agricultural lands to the best advantage, but often fails to realize that by farming his wood lot with the same care, he could get the same increase in productivity. Cattle and weeds are not permitted in a wheat field, yet in the wood lot the cattle range at will, and instead of removing the weeds the farmer allows them to increase in number, removing only the trees best suited to his purpose.

The save the farmer from himself, the Dominion Government has appointed a technical forester with headquarters at the Forestry Branch, Ottawa, whose principal duty is to answer all inquiries, and give free advice on these matters. If necessary, arrangement can be made for a personal inspection of woodland properties by this expert. No conditions are imposed on the owner of the woodland, it being assumed that he who is anxious for advice will accept it when given. The expert looks over the stand, determines what species of trees are best suited to the soil and to the local market, shows how to improve the character of the crop and its rate of growth by proper thinning, and, if desired, gives advice regarding tree-planting, hardwood coppicing, felling methods and the most profitable sizes to be grown.

Further information on this subject can be obtained by writing to the Forestry Branch, Ottawa.

EAT, DRINK AND BE HEALTHY. Figs are laxative. Lemons cure colds. Apples soothe the nerves. Lettuce leads gently to sleep.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house. SPREAD THE NEWS. Dogs Told Friends of Good Rest—ing Place.

The fact that dogs have a way of communicating news to one another was demonstrated in a very singular and amusing fashion in a certain district in South Georgia where as yet little provision is made for the comfort of domestic animals.

One bitter night, such as "cold waves" frequently bring to that locality, says Harper's Weekly, a Georgian heard at his front door the unmistakable sounds of scratching and whining. He found, upon opening the door, two of his neighborhood friends, a pug and a little terrier, asking admission.

In the face of the cruel cold it was granted them, and they were made welcome to share the comfortable quarters of the two household dogs. In the morning they took their leave; but great was the astonishment of the Georgian to see them return the following cold evening, this time accompanied by a large Irish setter, who likewise begged admission to the warm quarters of which he seemed to have a knowledge.

If there were any doubt as to whether these loquacious night lodgers were discussed among the shelterless dogs of the neighborhood the doubts were removed on the third night, when the three tramps returned, their number further augmented by another pug and an old pointer. The mute but eloquent language of their wagging tails, the humble appeal in their eyes, were at once unmissable pathetic.

With his own two paws and these five tramps the Georgian had now seven dogs stretched out comfortably before his dining room grate; but their irreproachable behavior and many ingratiating ways had insured for them a welcome at his house as long as the cold wave lasted, which was a week. After the cold subsided they returned no more.

INTERESTING COLORS. Tin. Sand. Khaki. Bronze. Cement. Mustard. Old gold. Dull gold. Chinese red. Balkan blue. Liquid green. Venetian red. Platycodon blue.

2 IN 1 SHOE POLISH 10¢. The Modern Shine! Easier to Use Better for the Shoes.

FARM WOODLOTS

Increase in Value Through Timber Scarcity.

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NEWS OF THE DAY IN BRIEF

Ten Persons Killed in Collision Near Vallejo, Cal.

FELL DOWN WELL

3rd Attempt Fails to Launch Kaiser's New Cruiser.

Amsternburg business men have organized a Board of Trade.

Windsor city officials are deprecating inflation of realty values.

Welland county will have a campaign for the Canadian Temperance Act.

Constable D. H. Felker, of Brantford, has been appointed chief of police at Edson, Alta.

The body of James Carr, of Frankford, missing since Monday, was found in the Trent River.

George Brown, of Harrison, took a weak spell while looking down a well, fell headlong into it and was killed.

Chas. Watt, found guilty at Amherst, N. S., of murdering his sister's infant child, was sentenced to be hanged.

The Union Carbide Company has arranged to build a plant at Welland to cost \$750,000, and employ 700 men.

Francisco Lombardo, 41 years of age, committed suicide by turning on the gas in a gas stove in his room at Malvern, Que.

The bodies of the three boys, Jackson, Gibson and Wallace, who were drowned in Rideau River while playing on logs, were recovered last night.

A fire did \$100,000 worth of damage yesterday to the cork works at Port Colborne, and will necessitate shutting down the plant for some time.

Captain Parry, of London, Eng., who is well known in the Canadian military forces, has been appointed pro tem. Inspector-General of Police in Southern Nigeria.

The elevator on the Michigan Central Railway line at Alvinston, belonging to J. S. Dilliot, of Rutland, was struck by lightning last evening, and was burned to the ground.

Miss Carrie Chapman Catt was yesterday at Budapest, Hungary, re-elected president of the International Woman's Suffrage Alliance by acclamation without any balloting.

William W. Ashdell, superintendent of telegraphs on the G. T. R., died at Montreal yesterday in his 57th year. He was one of the greatest authorities on telegraphs on the continent.

A third attempt was made yesterday to launch the German battleship cruiser Derfflinger but without success. She was christened last Saturday and refused to move from the stocks, and a second attempt to launch her Wednesday failed.

Lightning set fire to the Coffin Island lighthouse near Liverpool, N. S., yesterday, and it burned to the ground. The building was struck 50 feet above the ground, and the whole side of it was torn out.

Queen Victoria of Spain gave birth to a son at Madrid last night. This is the fourth child born to Queen Victoria, the fourth being still-born. King Alfonso and Victoria Ena, Princess of Battenberg, were married May 31, 1906.

Ten adults and one child met death in a collision of inter-urban trains on the San Francisco, Napa & Calistoga electric line near Vallejo, Cal., yesterday. The number of injured is still a matter of doubt, but probably will exceed twenty-five. A mistake order brought the cars head-on together.

C. P. R. STOCK

Majority of the Common Stockholders Live in Britain.

Toronto despatch: Much speculation has been indulged in as to where the stock of the Canadian Pacific Railway is at present held. Sir Thomas Shaughnessy this week informed the Monetary Times that the total number of Canadian Pacific common stock shareholders at the present time is about 27,000, the number of Canadian holders being 3,400.

Of the common stock holders in Great Britain have approximately 90 per cent. About 15 per cent. is held in Germany and France; 23 per cent. is divided equally between Canada and the United States; the remaining 2 per cent. being scattered in the colonies and other countries. Nearly all the 4 per cent. consolidated debenture stock and the 4 per cent. preference stock is still held in Great Britain.

The Monetary Times prints the following interesting table comparing these figures with the position in January, 1911:

Table with 3 columns: Date (Jan. 1911, June 1911, 1913), Total number of common stock shareholders, and Number of common stock shareholders in Canada.

The number of shareholders has increased 3,000 in the two years and a half. A notable gain of 900 Canadian holders is recorded. On June 20, 1911, 815,000,000 common stock of the company was outstanding. On June 2, 1912, \$15,000,000 additional stock was allotted at 150, and on January 2, 1913, \$60,000,000 at 175.

Some women can always find time for pleasure, but their duties are neglected for weeks at a time.

THE WOMEN HISSED

When Huron Synod Discussed Their Vote.

A London, Ont., despatch: By a vote that lacked the necessary two-thirds majority to carry, the resolution to permit women to vote in vestry meetings was rejected by the Anglican Synod of Huron after a vigorous debate here tonight. A scant majority of the lay and clerical delegates favored the innovation, but the two-thirds required could not be raised despite the strenuous efforts of John Ransford, of Clinton, and others responsible for the introduction of the motion.

The debate was one of the most heated in the synod in years, and the greatest interest was taken in the deliberations of the delegates. During an address by Mr. McKibbin, who is secretary of the London Board of Education, some person hissed from the gallery and Bishop Williams strongly deprecated such conduct.

He declared that if any further demonstration were raised he would clear the galleries of all spectators.

Mr. McKibbin spoke very strongly on the question and declared that the motion was but the thin end of the wedge being inserted by suffragettes.

He stated that vestries they would soon vote in all business deliberations. His comment, chiefly to the effect that "the modern woman is a work of art," aroused the ire of members of the fair sex, and it was from a group of ladies in the gallery that the disturbance during his speech came.

Rev. Canon Tucker, D.D., rector of the Cathedral, in the hall of which the session was held, called for order, and the interruptions thereafter were not of such frequent occurrence, although feeling ran very high.

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A 'VARSITY MAN AND INSANE

Was Person Who Broke Up Ascot Race.

NOT A SUFFRAGETTE

Had Just Returned From Canadian Trip.

An Ascot, Eng., cable: Harold Hewitt, a Cambridge graduate who has recently returned from a visit to Canada, was the man who was fatally injured during the race for the Ascot Gold Cup this afternoon, in the same manner in which Emily Wilding Davidson sought and found death in the cause of the militant Suffragette, when she seized the King's horse in the Derby at Epsom.

Hewitt rushed on the track in front of the racers, flourishing a revolver and waving a Suffragette flag, and was struck and knocked down by August Belmont's horse, Tracery, the jockey also falling. Hewitt was fatally injured, but the horse and its rider escaped.

Hewitt was undoubtedly insane. There is no evidence of his connection with the Suffragettes, except their flag, which he carried when he ran on the track, but the contents of his pockets and valise indicate that he was mad in other directions.

He carried a Bible, a diary from the beginning of 1912 to within ninety minutes of the race, and several pamphlets and letters, and a number of other documents. One of the letters reads as though he contemplated committing suicide, but this document was written before the race for the Derby, so that it is not influenced by Miss Davidson's act in grabbing the King's horse. Hewitt was presumably only in the manner of self-destruction.

There is no reference in the diary or elsewhere to Suffragettes, except the statement that he attended Miss Davidson's funeral in London. Hewitt is evidently of a morbid disposition. The diary contains self-pitying references to his homelessness, and the fact that he had "nobody to love" him. There are also references to the Klondike, where, the diary says "there are plenty of girls, but none for me."

In another place Hewitt intimates his intention of "giving my body to the conventions of society." It seems that he had a special aversion to racing. The last entry in the diary reads:—"Ascot Heath, 1.30 p. m.—Oh, the weariness of these races and the crowds they attract. They bring out all that is worst in humanity. If I fall in my intention to stop the race for the Gold Cup I hope I shall not be any of the jockeys."

Hewitt was an educated man, and apparently had money, as he had no occupation. He was a graduate of Cambridge, and had traveled considerably. He relinquished his patrimony in favor of a younger brother, and resided recently in lodgings in London. He had in his pocket a number of Canadian notes to the amount of \$1,000.

King George and Queen Mary, ex-King Manuel, the Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, Princess Patricia and a number of lesser Royalties were watching the race from the Royal stand. Coming down the straight, August Belmont's colt, Tracery, shot in the lead. He was going in a well-oiled piece of machinery, and soon had the nearest horse several lengths behind. Seemingly Tracey was assured of an easy victory.

Suddenly a man jumped from the rails waving a red flag with one hand, and with the other pointing a revolver at Jockey Whalley, who had the mount on Tracery, he shouted "Pull up, pull up, or I'll shoot you!" Whalley did his best to divert the horse's course, but failed. Tracery, striking the man full in the chest with his shoulder, sent him flying several yards and came down on his nose. Whalley shot clear out of the saddle, but, being an adept at taking a toss, fell on his back and rolled to safety under the rails.

In the meantime the other horses came thundering up, and the man who was the author of all the trouble, who lay sprawling, a terrible kick on the head in passing.

Save for some bruises, Whalley was uninjured, and when the King sent for him he walked stiffly to the Royal box to receive congratulations on his escape.

THINKS IT'S A RUBENS.

Melbourne, June 23.—A picture believed to be entirely without value was recently purchased as a speculation by an auctioneer here for 35 cents. He put it up for auction last week, and the canvas changed hands for \$225, the purchaser being Dr. Summers, of Perth, W. A. The doctor is convinced that he has a genuine Rubens and puts the value of the picture at \$100,000. He will leave for London next month in order to submit his canvas to the president of the Royal Academy and other art experts.

BOY KILLED UNDER TRAIN.

A St. Thomas despatch: Wilfred McDonald, the 13-year-old son of John McDonald, a Pere Marquette watchman of this city, was instantly killed, being run over by a freight train this afternoon. The lad was playing baseball in a yard beside the tracks, and as one saw the accident it is supposed the ball was knocked over a standing freight train, and that the boy either climbed or crawled under the train just as it started to move. The baseball glove was found still in his hand. An inquest was held and was opened this evening by Coroner Dr. Guest.

GIRAFFE COMMITS SUICIDE.

Paris, June 23.—The zoo in the Jardin des Plantes was a scene of excitement this afternoon when a giraffe standing fifteen feet high committed suicide. Hundreds of persons saw the animal suddenly swing his back violently several times against the wall. A final swing smashed his skull and the giraffe fell dead.

The keepers of the zoo say the animal had displayed signs of melancholia for the last week. Some people express the opinion that what he needed was fresh hay.

DOMINION COUNCIL

Canadian Medical Reciprocity Now in Operation.

An Ottawa despatch: The Dominion Medical Council, which has been in session here for the past three days, concluded this afternoon. The organization under the Dominion Medical Act was completed and by-laws and regulations were adopted for submission to the Government, whose approval is necessary. Arrangements also were made for the first Dominion examinations. They will begin at Montreal on October 7. The Dominion register will open at Ottawa on July 1, which is not only Confederation Day, but also marks the centenary of the Canadian medical profession. The first annual meeting will be held here on June 16, of next year.

The final establishment of the council marks the completion of medical reciprocity, which has long been advocated. Heretofore there have been a series of Provincial Councils, whose licenses held good in the province where they were issued. The Provincial Councils are not abolished, but a medical graduate who now passes the Dominion Council may, without further examination, practice anywhere in Canada upon registering.

Physicians of good standing for ten years before October, 1912, may secure the diploma without examining on a medical graduate fee of \$100. If a medical graduate located in any province and intends to locate there, the Dominion examination will not be necessary. He cannot, however, practise in any other provinces on the strength of a provincial license. This privilege is granted only to those who pass the Federal Council or register, without examination, after having practised ten years.

AUSTRIA IS HOT

Resents Czar's Lecture to Balkan Allies.

Sees an Attack on Balkan Independence.

Budapest, June 23.—Count Tirza, the Hungarian Premier, after a conference with Count von Berchtold, the Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs, made an important speech to-day in the Hungarian Chamber which is regarded as voicing the resentment of Austria-Hungary to the lecture delivered by Russia to Bulgaria and Serbia in the Czar's message to the rulers of those countries.

The count's speech took the form of an expression of fear for the independence of the Balkan States, and insisted on the rights of the latter to settle their differences as they choose, either by war, mediation or arbitration. Their decision, said the count, must be perfectly free, or otherwise the solution of the difficulty would amount to intervention.

"Such a solution," said the Premier, "we would not accept. We will not allow any power to obtain special privileges in the Balkans."

Despatches from Sofia and Belgrade represent things as daily becoming more dangerous. The latest Bulgarian reply to Serbia's note demanding a revision of the treaty between those countries is tantamount to a refusal to do so. She is determined to fight unless Serbia yields. Bulgaria is still holding off from the conference of Premiers at St. Petersburg, and for this reason Premier Pasich of Serbia has not gone to the Russian capital.

REFORMS AT PEN.

Kingston Prison Methods to be Investigated.

Ottawa, June 23.—The Minister of Justice will shortly arrange for an investigation into the conduct and operation of Kingston Penitentiary. From time to time there have been rumors of unrest in the institution, and when Warden Platt retired during the winter, Lieut.-Col. Irvine was moved down from Stony Mountain Penitentiary to Kingston.

Certain other changes have been made, but there is said to be still reason for enquiry, not only with regard to the staff, but also the whole system of penology in the light of modern ideas of dealing with the criminal class.

The form of the investigation has not been determined as yet, nor the investigator selected, but this will be done in the near future, and the lessons learned from it will be applied to other similar institutions.

FAMOUS PICTURE SOLD.

Florence, Italy, June 23.—The Italian Government to-day purchased from the Martelli family, whose gallery is one of the richest in art treasures in Florence, the famous Donatello statue, "The Child St. John," for \$80,000.

Eight years ago this statue was offered, together with other works of the same period, to the late J. Pierpont Morgan, and the price then asked for the collection was \$1,400,000.

SHERBROOKE INQUEST FAILED.

Sherbrooke despatch: The public temper in Sherbrooke over the Bilodeau bomb mystery is intensely strained. A story was current to-day about a previous attempt on the life of Bilodeau by mailing supposed poisonous pills, but was discredited at the adjourned inquest.

The inquest threw no light upon the mystery, and Jacob Nicol, K.C., a local lawyer, who has been engaged to act for the Crown prosecutor, did not put a single question. P. McSkiff, chief of the Provincial detective force, arrived to-day and was in court.

NEW COMMISSION

To Inquire Into Question of Medical Education.

Whitney's Announcement at Hospital Opening.

Toronto despatch: Sir James Whitney had a surprise in store for the guests at the formal opening of the new General Hospital yesterday afternoon. At the conclusion of his congratulatory remarks the Prime Minister digressed from the theme of the occasion long enough to announce that a Royal Commission would be appointed by the Provincial Government to inquire into the whole question of medical education in Ontario.

As many were aware, explained Sir James, hardly a session of the Legislature passed without applications of a variety of descriptions being received asking that the Government protect and place upon a proper footing in the Province members of various schools of medical thought and medical education. It was most difficult to deal with all such applications. "The Government," he said, "has decided to appoint a commission to deal with the whole subject of medical education and the practice of medicine. The object of this will be to secure information on which to base legislation under which every imaginable application such as I have described can be regulated and controlled and governed in the interest of the people."

Under the powers given to the commission medical treatment will include all means preventing, healing or curing human disorders. It will be the duty of the commission to investigate and report upon any matter relating to the education or practice of medicine; the constitution, powers and by-laws of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario and the Ontario Medical Council; the medical faculty of the University of Toronto; osteopathy and the education of a school or schools in the Province; nursing and the schools for training nurses; the practice in any branch of medicine of Christian Science; opticians and their training in relation to the human eye; dentistry and the training of dentists; the practice of any branch of medicine by the members of any class or sect.

The announcement at first was received with an ominous silence, but, as the Prime Minister concluded, applause broke out from several sections of the crowd.

Speaking to a reporter afterwards, Sir James said that the outline of the scheme had only been drafted, and no move had been taken by the Government to appoint the commission.

ENTRANCE EXAMS.

Correct Answers to Arithmetic Paper.

Here are the questions and answers: No. 1 value 10 marks. Correct answer, \$20.94.

1. What will be the cost (to the nearest cent) of eighteen 2 1/2 inch planks 16 feet long and 10 inches wide, and thirty-three pieces of 2 by 4 scantling, 16 feet long, at \$22 per M, board measure?

Question 2. Value 14 marks. Answer 22 2/11 per cent.

2. A coal dealer bought 400 tons of coal at \$4.75 a ton (2,240 pounds). He paid 75 cents a ton for freighting, and sold the coal at \$6 a short ton (2,000 pounds). What was his gain per cent?

Question 3. Value 14 marks. Answer \$108.86.

3. A man sold 4 loads of hay, each weighing 2,750 lbs., at \$20 a ton. He received in payment a 60-day note, without interest. What would be the proceeds of this note if discounted at a bank at 6 per cent. on the day on which it was received?

Question 4. Value 14 marks. Answer .0027.

4. What decimal of a mile, carried out to four figures, is 4 yards, 2 feet, 5 inches.

Question 5. Value 13 marks. Answer 2,800.

5. A man's farm is mortgaged for two-thirds of its cost. He sells it for \$6,000, which is 25 per cent. above the cost. How much money will he have after paying the mortgage?

Question 6. Value 14 marks. Answer, \$6,300.63.

6. A store valued at \$10,000 and a stock of goods valued at \$15,000, were insured for a year for 75 per cent. of their value at 34 per cent. Before the year expired, the store and its contents were burned. What was the owner's loss, including the sum paid for insurance?

Question 7. Value 9 marks. Answer, \$4.80. (No marks to be given unless the result is correct.)

7. A farmer sold a load of wood 10 feet long, 2 feet, 8 in. wide, and 3 feet high for \$3. What was the price per cord?

Question 8. Value 8 marks. Answer, 45-6. (No marks to be given unless the result is correct.)

8. Simplify (3 1/3 minus 2 1/5) divided by 5/6 of 3/8 divided by 2/3 divided by (1/2 plus 1/4) divided by (8/3 minus 2/3).

Question 9. Value, 8 marks. Answer, \$188.43. (No marks to be given unless the result is correct.)

9. Find the total freight charges, at three-fourths of a cent per ton per mile, on the following shipped from Quebec to Toronto, a distance of 440 miles: 15,000 lbs. of locomotive castings, 31,750 lbs. of flourmill machinery, 17,500 lbs. of pumping machinery, and 49,900 lbs. of sawmill machinery.

No honor, no reward, however great can be equal to the subtle satisfaction that a man feels when he can point to his work and say, "The task I promised to perform with all equality and honesty to the utmost of my ability is finished."

**Athens Lumber Yard**

Building Lumber  
Sash and Doors  
Cedar Shingles  
Asbestos Plaster  
Portland Cement  
Land Fertilizers

**Athens Grain Warehouse**

Hay, Straw and Oats  
Horse Feeds  
Cow and Calf Feeds  
Hog and Pig Feeds  
Hen and Chicken Feeds  
Best kinds of Bread Flour

VERY LOWEST PRICES

**A. M. EATON**  
FUNERAL DIRECTOR  
MAIN STREET - ATHENS  
Rural Phone. Day or night calls responded to promptly.

**A. TAYLOR & SON**  
Agents for  
**BELL AND DOMINION**  
Pianos and Organs  
Main Street Athens

**Cattle and Horses**  
For Holstein cattle any age, pure bred or grades; also horses, any style for any purpose—Apply to  
S. HOLLINGSWORTH, Athens

**Plants:**  
Azaleas  
Tulips  
Daffodils  
Hyacinths, etc.  
**Cut Flowers:**  
Roses  
Carnations  
Violets, etc.  
**R. B. Heather**  
Tel. 223; G. H. 56  
BROCKVILLE, ONTARIO

**Kingston Business College Limited**  
KINGSTON - ONTARIO  
Canada's Highest Grade Business School  
offers superior courses in Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Civil Service, General Improvement and all Commercial Subjects.  
Our graduates secure best positions.  
Particulars free.  
**H. F. METCALFE, Principal**

**DOCTOR**  
**LAWYER**  
Professional Advertising  
The physician has a sign on his door. That is an advertisement to the passer-by. Comparatively few people see the sign however.  
Why not carry your sign into all the best homes in town? You can do so by a Classified Want Ad. and without loss of professional dignity to you.

**The Merchants Bank of Canada**

NOTE THE FOLLOWING  
Paid Up Capital \$6,747,680  
Reserve 6,559,478  
Total Assets (30th Nov. 1912) over 84,000,000  
Your DEPOSITS are SAFE in the MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA.  
MONEY LOANED on favorable terms.  
Seven Branches and Agencies in the district. CHEESE FACTORY cheques cashed as par on all local branches, and at BROCKVILLE if desired. Number of branches in Canada 186.  
Sub-Agencies at Frankville and Addison—open every Wednesday.  
**ATHENS BRANCH: JOHN WATSON, Manager.**

**Local and General**

To-day is "Campaign Day" with the W. M. S.

The departmental examinations are in progress this week.

—One-day pen—will write 600 words—at Maude Addison's.

The county rate of assessment is to be the same as last year.

Kingston Orangemen will go to Cornwall for the 12th.

Mr Wilfrid Hughes, Montreal, visited friends in Athens last week.

The circus has not lost its drawing power and a great throng will go to Brockville on Thursday.

—Live poultry bought every Wednesday afternoon; must be fasted 24 hrs.

—Willson's Meat Market.

The post office at Sand Bay, Leeds Co., has been closed by the rural free delivery.

Rev. B. B. Brown has been appointed associate pastor of St. Jam's Methodist church, Montreal.

Last week Mrs D. Derbyshire and Mrs G. E. Smart of Brockville were guests of Mrs P. P. Slack.

Mr and Mrs James E. Judson and Miss Johnston of Brockville drove to Athens on Sunday and spent the day with friends.

The entrance papers were fair this year and there is no reason why those fully prepared should not be in the pass list.

Mr and Mrs Almeron Robinson and daughter, Miss Carrie, motored to Lansdowne on Monday to visit Mr R. B. Donevan, who is seriously ill.

—If you want what you have not or if you have what you want not, tell the people in the People's Column of the Reporter. Cost—one week, 25c.; each subsequent week, 10c.

Mr C. H. Rowsom, late a student at Brockville Business College, was successful in passing the preliminary examination for the outside civil service, held at Brockville on May 13.

The merchants of Brockville will hold their annual picnic in aid of Brockville Fair, on the first Monday in August. It will probably take place at Delta, but this has not been definitely decided.

On Friday afternoon next Miss Belle Wiltse will entertain the members of her Sunday-school class at a lawn party to be held at her home, Church street. This is an annual event and is always eagerly anticipated by the children.

Last week Geo. P. Mott, a well known farmer residing near Seely's, north of Lyn, met with a decided monetary loss, when his large barn was completely destroyed by fire. The fire was caused by a little grand son of Mr Mott playing with matches in the barn.

On the eve of her marriage, Miss Mabel Cross was presented by the Methodist choir with a beautiful piece of silverware as a token of their appreciation of her services as a member of the choir.

The Earl Construction Company are now fully installed in their new store and factory on Elgin street. The building, erected specially for their purpose, is admirably designed in every way. The store and office are finished in poplar and butternut and present a very attractive appearance.

A plebiscite taken in Prince Edward Island recently showed that ninety per cent of the farmers were opposed to permitting automobiles to use the roads of the island, so there is one part of Canada where the honk of the buzz wagon will not be heard. Wonder how the farmers of Ontario would vote!

An enemy in the form of a destructive disease has declared war with good effect so far on the caterpillars of both varieties and millions of the insects are dying of it, says Dr. Gordon Hewitt, chief entomologist at the experimental farm. From investigations made by Dr. Hewitt and his staff the disease is general all over the district and not merely confined to certain areas. So destructive is the disease that it looks at present as if there will not be such a bad plague of caterpillars next year as there has been this year and last.

**Local and General**

Miss Bessie Johnston, student at Ottawa Normal, is home for vacation.

Frontenac county councillors at their recent meeting voted down an amendment to raise their daily stipend from \$3 to \$5.

Rev. Geo. Snider, a graduate of the A. H. S. Class of '98, now of Saskatchewan, is visiting old friends here and at Addison.

Cheese in Brockville on Thursday last sold at 12¢, an advance of a quarter of a cent over the price for the corresponding week of last year.

Mrs Fraser and family of Ottawa will this week take possession of one of Mrs Johnston's cottages on Bertha Island, Charleston Lake, to remain during the summer.

The finishing touches are now being put on the new post office building and if a formal opening is to take place on Dominion Day the building will probably be ready for the event.

Mrs Fred Brand (nee Miss Gertie Johnston) and children of Vancouver Island are expected to arrive early in July for a visit at the home of her father, Mr William Johnston, I.P.S.

Mr and Mrs James Gallagher and Mrs W. M. Bass of Newboro motored here on Saturday last and have been visiting friends, the latter at the home of her mother, Mrs Halladay, Main st. and the former with Mrs John Wiltse and daughters.

On Friday last about thirty friends of Mr and Mrs G. W. LeGard of Chicago held a picnic in their honor at Charleston Lake. Mr. and Mrs G. E. Judson opened their island for the event and a delightful day was spent.

Mr Ramsay, B. Sc., of the local Department of Agriculture, is giving special attention to farm drainage and exhibits displayed in the office, showing comparative results from drained and undrained lands, are highly educational and should prove convincing.

Rev. W. G. Swayne, Hon. Captain of the 56th Reg., preached to the soldiers in camp at Barriefield on Sunday last. Mr Swayne attended the consecration of Bishop Bidwell on Tuesday and will return in time to attend the lawn social Friday evening.

The Hon. Clifford Sifton motored to Athens on Sunday and met several old friends. Mr Sifton spent his boyhood days here, and at the village schools qualified for his eminent career as a financial magnate and statesman.

Clarence L. Arnold, who has been orchard demonstrator in Leeds and Grenville for the Ontario Department of Agriculture, has been appointed nursery inspector. Mr Arnold left on Saturday last to take up his new position in the fruit district of Western Ontario.

A syndicate of Westport business men leased from the W. H. Fredenburgh estate the large field in that village and will utilize the same for a fair grounds. It is intended to build a race track and have a first-class exhibition this fall.

The Ladies' Guild of Christ's Church will hold their annual lawn social on the church grounds on Friday evening next. There will be addresses by prominent political orators and the Toledo Brass Band will furnish music and there will no doubt be a large attendance. Tickets, 25c.

According to the report of the Bureau of Industries for 1911, just issued, the plutocrats of this burg pay an income tax on \$3,285. Westport is accorded a larger population in this report, and yet its total assessment for income is only \$2,290. We don't know whether to sympathize with the mountaineers in their poverty or to congratulate them on the ability they display in escaping the impositions of the assessor. Gananoque with a population of 3,708 is assessed for income to the value of only \$13,900. Perhaps the dwellers in Birmingham are also skilled in pleading poverty before the assessor.

**Kitley Parish Locum-tenens**

Bishop Bidwell has sent Mr Cantrell, from Sheffield, England, to take the services in Kitley parish till he makes a final appointment. Mr Cantrell is musical, plays well on the organ, is a good organizer, and of a most kindly disposition. He should make his mark in the ministry. He is making his headquarters at Frankville.

Miss Gertrude Cross is ill at her home.

Mr J. Speagle, Westport, was operated upon for appendicitis at Brockville this week.

Service next Sunday (and until further notice) in the Baptist Church will commence at half-past seven.

It has been decided by the Post-office Department to inaugurate the parcels post system on Jan. 1, 1914.

Little Miss Frances Hutton returned to her home, Smith's Falls, after a visit at the home of Mr Wm. Cross.

Mr Meredith Hanton of Frankville was one of the successful candidates at the recent civil service examinations.

Kenneth Watson opened the strawberry season on Monday, bringing home five quart of the delicious wild variety.

Mr and Mrs W. Shipman and son Gerald and the Misses Landon, Ivy Lea, attended the Sheffield-Cross wedding last week.

When the best that people can say of a man is that he is a "good fellow," it is a waste of time to ask what he is good for.

A. E. Donovan, M.P.P., will be the chief speaker to-night at St. Luke's church, Lyndhurst, lawn social. The next week he will speak at Westport at a meeting under the auspices of the Woman's Institute.

Mr A. Haynes, B.A., has severed his connection with the teaching staff of the Athens High School. As a member of the choir of the Methodist Church, Mr Haynes rendered a service that was highly appreciated, and his removal will be regarded as a distinct loss by that excellent musical organization.

**Institute Picnic**

The members of Athens Women's Institute have been invited to join with Delta Institute in attending a picnic at Bass Lake, where they will be guests at the summer home of Mrs George Godkin, on Wednesday, July 9th. This invitation was received with pleasure and if the ladies who can avail themselves of this pleasant outing will kindly leave their names with Mrs Chas. Yates, on or before July 7th, arrangements will be made for conveyance. Mrs Godkin's cottage is situated on the shore of the lake, which does not connect with Charleston waters, but touching on the Godkin farm makes it possible to drive all the way.

**TOWNSHIP COUNCIL**

The council met on Saturday evening, 21st inst. Members all present.

A By-Law to authorize an overdraft on the Merchants Bank was passed.

Councillors Heffernan and Hayes were appointed as a road committee.

The request of Samuel Kavanagh to clear out ditch along his land was granted.

The Clerk was authorized to pay for crushing stone as contract calls for.

A resolution was passed that the bonus on wire fence will not be paid unless they are built according to By-Law 455.

Council adjourned.  
R. E. Cornell, Clerk.

**The People's Column**

**For Sale or to Rent**  
A brick house on Isaac Street, with good barn and well, also an adjoining vacant lot. For particulars, apply to T. R. BEALE, or W. J. TABER, Athens, 187.

**Wanted**

Six bright young chaps, with mechanical bent, to learn the Green Separator business. A chance to put yourself where a good salary can always be secured.

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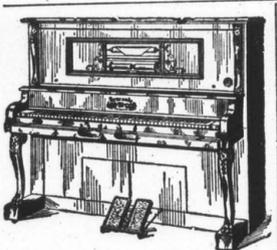
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Whatever work you have to do, there is a Kyanize finish for it. For all floors and interior work we have a finish especially prepared in Natural and seven harmonious colors. Special varnish for outside work.

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H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught having purchased three for Rideau Hall.

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