

THE SEMI-WEEKLY NUGGET.

VOL. 6 NO. 27

DAWSON, Y. T., THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1901.

PRICE 25 CENTS

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

BOODLE CHARGES

Made by Ex-Member of Parliament Cook Are Being Investigated.

CAMERON QUOTED \$10,000 AS PRICE

of Senatorship in Presence of Sir Richard Cartwright.

DID NOT OFFER TO BUY SEAT.

Archbishop Lewis Growing Gradually Worse - Shipment of Beef Cattle From Calgary.

From Wednesday's Daily Ottawa, March 28, via Skagway, April 3.—The Cook investigation is growing decidedly racy. Before the investigation committee Mr. Cook testified that Cameron told him that a senatorship would cost him the sum of \$10,000. Cook then created a sensation by turning to Sir Richard Cartwright and inquiring from him if such was not the case. Sir Richard answered that the statement was correct.

THE LATEST
...IN....

**HATS
SHOES
CLOTHING**

Sargent & Pinska
"The Corner Store"

Hotel McDonald
THE ONLY FIRST-CLASS HOTEL IN DAWSON.
JOHN O. BOZORTH, Manager

Orr & Tukey.
FREIGHTERS

DAILY STAGE
TO AND FROM GRAND FORKS
9 A. M. AND 3 P. M.

Office - A. C. Co. Building

H. H. HONNEN, FREIGHTING

Daily Stage Leaves Forks for Dawson..... 9:00 a. m.
Daily Stage Leaves Dawson for Forks..... 3:30 p. m.

OFFICE A. C. COMPANY'S BUILDING TELEPHONE No. 6

SHERWIN WILLIAMS' PAINTS

THE ONLY READY MIXED.
We also have a full line of Painter's Brushes, Boiled Oil and White Lead.

HARNESS MADE AND REPAIRED.

McLENNAN, McFEELY & CO.
LIMITED

Cook further swore that he had never offered to pay \$5000 or one cent for a senatorship.

(H. H. Cook referred to in the above dispatch has been a life long supporter of the Liberal party and has represented for a number of years his district, North Simcoe, Ontario, in the Dominion parliament. During the late election he abandoned the Liberal party and in doing so made a declaration that he had been offered a senatorship by representatives of that party, provided he would contribute the sum of \$10,000 to the Liberal election fund. In his statement which was given wide publicity he gave details of the meeting at which the offer was made, declining, however, to disclose the identity of the parties who conducted the negotiations. The investigation of the case was undertaken at the instance of Sir McKenzie-Bowells, and is attracting widespread interest throughout Canada.

Growing Worse.
New York, March 28, via Skagway, April 3.—The condition of Archbishop Lewis of Ontario, is gradually growing worse and there are now no hopes for his recovery.

Cattle From Calgary.
Skagway, April 3.—Jack Box is shipping 55 head of Calgary cattle to Dawson.

WARRANT TO BE SERVED

On Mrs. Luella Day McConnell This Afternoon.

Another failure to have Mrs. Luella Day McConnell, charged by Yukon Councilmen Senkler, Dugas, Ogilvie and Wood with criminal libel, appear in police court either in person or by attorney was recorded this afternoon when the hour set for her appearance arrived and sped on just as if it was not expected to bring anything. Dr. Catto, defendant's physician whom the court had also instructed to appear before it, was likewise not on hand.

This repeated ignoring of the court's orders that defendant appear either in person or by attorney has, in the opinion of the court, gone on sufficiently long although the magistrate is not desirous of having defendant appear if she is physically unable to do so. He does, however, insist that she shall be represented by some one and to bring about the latter condition, and on written request of Attorney Pattullo for the prosecution, a warrant for Mrs. McConnell's arrest was issued from the court and has doubtless been served by the time this paper is issued.

If unable to be taken to the barracks the defendant will be guarded at her room until she is able to appear in person or secures an attorney to represent her in court.

Take a Serious View.
London, March 13.—The afternoon papers express some alarm over the friction which has arisen at Tien-Tsin between the British and the Russians over a piece of land alleged to have belonged to the railway company for some years, which they consider may possibly lead to unpleasant complications. They think the incident proves that the harmony of the nations is liable at any moment to be disturbed.

Oranges, Lemons. Selman & Myers.
We fit glasses. Pioneer drug store.
Choice loins at Denver Market.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

BANQUETTED AND SUNG TO

Is Experience of New Commissioner Ross.

Skagway, April 3.—It may be some time for the new commissioner of the Yukon, Hon. J. H. Ross, reaches Dawson if he is treated all the way along as he has been on the first part of the trip.

After leaving here Monday morning he was met at the summit by a deputation of citizens of Bennett to which place he was escorted and banquetted. Yesterday he proceeded on to Whitehorse where a big banquet with music and speeches was held in his honor last night. He left the latter place this morning accompanied by McKinnon and Harrison of the executive department at Ottawa.

More Wade Creek Trouble.

Skagway, April 3.—The Jack Wade creek mining case is again on in the district court on a motion to dissolve the injunction and discharge the receiver. The decision is withheld until the defendants purge themselves of the charge of contempt in that they worked during the winter in the absence of the receiver.

Steamers Transported.

Skagway, April 3.—The three steamers purchased by the railroad company are being rapidly torn to pieces and shipped to Whitehorse where the work of reconstruction has already commenced.

ABROAD IN THE LAND.

Undeniable Spring Harbingers in Police Court.

That we are upon the threshold of spring can no longer be gainsaid. Although the howling blasts of Boreas were yesterday sweeping over the land like measles over a country school district, the unmistakable harbingers of spring were in evidence. The human barometer never sounds a false alarm and after what happened yesterday, no matter if snow falls to the depth of seven feet, spring is here. One swallow does not make a spring, but three men and numerous swallows of the slumber brand of whisky—so completely inaugurated a spring season that Bory and all his satellites can not hold back the glad season. It is here and all nature can now take her spring clothes out of hock and don them.

The cause for the above unqualified assertion was found in police court this morning when three men were upon the charge of having yesterday looked too long and too frequently upon the oil of joy. It was the slumber brand and its effects were such as to warrant the statement that it has lost none of its potency. In fact, as early as 10 o'clock in the forenoon of yesterday, notwithstanding the fact that the pure white snow was silently falling (snow usually falls silently instead of in a "Come on, boys" tone of voice) J. Norris wrapped himself up in the climate in front of the Melbourne and laid down to gentle slumber on the sidewalk where he was found by Constable Stutt. When the government supplies sleeping quarters of the above description it always therefor charges \$5 and trimmings or eight days' reduction of fuel.

Later on in the day Jacob Whitford and Wm. McDonald were found on First avenue by the same constable who evidently knew that spring had arrived. Jacob and William had not reached the point where they were ready to retire on the sidewalk but they were rapidly approaching it through the "wabble" stage. Another three fingers would have caused them to mistake the mantle of "beautiful" for eiderdown and to have gone to bed in it. With evidences of that fifth of

July taste in their mouths they each pleaded guilty this morning and were given the option of paying \$5 and costs into the royal coffers or of expending bone and sinew on the fuel works for a period of eight days.

Police court this morning presented somewhat the appearance of a kindergarten, A. R. Somerville being up on the charge of assaulting Jack Dormer. Nearly an entire ward was present as witnesses and when the evidence was all in a fine of \$15 and costs was imposed.

Magistrate Starnes presided and seated beside him on the bench was Inspector Wroughton who was getting onto the nature of the work and the conduct of the court. He will probably take his turn with the other magistrates in holding court in the future.

COMING AND GOING.

Joe Curby, of Grand Forks, and F. S. Wilson and wife of Eldorado, are registered at the McDonald hotel.

Mrs. Sam Wall has returned to Dawson from a trip to the coast bringing back with her a shipment of fresh eggs and fruit.

Room E in the A. C. office building, formerly occupied by the Board of Trade, is being fitted up for the U. S. consul's office.

The C. D. stage left this morning for Whitehorse carrying 411 pounds of mail and the following passengers: W. S. McCrag, A. Van Valtenberg, I. Tillin, A. Smedsurd, P. J. Baldwin and N. G. McLeod for Stewart river.

SNOWSLIDE ON CHILKOOT

Occurred Three Years Ago Today, Killing 52 Persons.

Just three years ago today, in the early forenoon of April 3d, 1898, on a dark Sunday morning while a heavy snow was falling there occurred on the Chilkoot trail between Dyea and the summit the most terrible disaster in the history incident to the discovery of gold in the Klondike. On that morning an avalanche of snow, rocks and trees rushed down the mountain side carrying with it death to 52 persons and suspense, anxiety and heartaches to thousands all over the land who had friends in the northland en route to the gold fields at that time.

There are many people in Dawson today who were on the trail or at Dyea or Skagway on that fateful day and who visited the scene of wholesale death and destruction and saw the bruised, crushed and mutilated bodies excavated from beneath the tons of debris which covered them; but none who witnessed will ever forget the weird spectacle.

Spurred on with the one magic word, "Gold," the victims, all strangers to the country and, nearly all strangers to each other, were laboring for the same end and in a moment were caught and borne down to death without even a moment for prayer or thought of loved ones far away for whose sakes they had risked all and were being swept to death.

Bodies never identified were recovered and buried by strangers and it is doubtful if even yet there are not those in the faraway who are hoping and praying that there may have been some mistake and that their particular loved one, husband, father, son or brother, may yet be alive and will some day return with the gold, the desire for which drove him to leave home and to risk all, even to his life.

To those who witnessed the death and destruction of that day, the third day of April will ever be associated with weird and gruesome recollections.

Notice.

The Ridge cable will close operations for the season on Thursday, April 4th.

Winchell Sisters in Belfry Chimes, Savoy.

RECEIVED BY WIRE

BOERS ROUTED

General Babbington Goes After Them in a Business Way.

UNABLE TO TAKE AND HOLD POSITION

They Flee Pell Mell Pursued by British Cavalry.

BETTER BRITISH MAIL SERVICE.

American Citizen's Cubans War Claims Aggregate \$30,000,000 - Mike King's Railroad.

From Wednesday's Daily Pretoria, March 28, via Skagway,

April 3.—Gen. Babbington's action against the Boers was a brilliant success as he lost but two men and had seven wounded. The Boers left 22 dead on the field and had 30 wounded. They were so utterly routed that they were unable to take up a position but precipitately fled pursued by the British cavalry.

To Improve Mail Service.

London, March 28, via Skagway, April 3.—Postmaster General Muloch spoke before the inter-department cable committee favoring expansion by the constructing of a state-owned cable between Britain and Canada and also an acquisition line to Australia via Singapore and Hong Kong. Mr. Muloch has gone to Australia to improve the mail service between that country and Canada.

Spanish War Claims.

Washington, March 28, via Skagway, April 3.—The Spanish war claims committee has received claims from American citizens residing in Cuba, aggregating \$30,000,000.

Mike King's Railroad.

Victoria, March 28, via Skagway, April 3.—Mike King's Lake Bennett railroad bill has been favorably reported upon by the committee.

Arctic Brotherhood.

The Arctic Brotherhood is becoming one of the most popular orders in the city and now numbers among its membership the leading business and professional men of Dawson as well as a large number of miners.

At the regular weekly meeting last night Thos. A. McGowan, Sherman Dewey, Dr. H. L. Hedger and Chas. Adler, were introduced to the Arctic Queen. After the initiation a fine lunch was served which added considerably to the enjoyment of those present.

The boys preparing the musical travesty to be given for the benefit of the camp are working hard, two rehearsals now being held every week.

See the "Mermaid" at Savoy.

Fresh eggs. Selman & Myers.

Wholesale - A. M. CO. - Retail

...Large Hydraulic Canvass Hose....

Also full line Hardware, Steam Hose and Steam Supplies

AMES MERCANTILE COMPANY

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APPEAL DENIED

Alex. McKenzie Turned Down by United States Supreme Court

MUST SERVE ONE YEAR IN JAIL

As Sentenced by United States Court of Appeals.

DEATH DEALING TORNADO

Sweeps Over Alabama and Georgia—Heavy Storms and Floods in the South.

[From Monday and Tuesday's Daily.] Washington, March 26, via Skagway, April 1.—The supreme court has denied the application of Alex McKenzie, late receiver of valuable Nome claims under Judge Noyes, to file a petition for a writ of habeas corpus releasing him from imprisonment at San Francisco. In denying the application the supreme court says: "We hold that the circuit court of appeals had jurisdiction in the premises and was clothed with power to pass on all questions in respect to means taken to enforce its orders. We do not feel called upon to reverse its conclusions or to grant this application."

(The above ruling by the U. S. supreme court leaves Alexander McKenzie no other alternative than to serve the one year's sentence imposed upon him by the California court of appeals.)

Alabama Tornado.

Birmingham, Ala., March 25, via Skagway, April 1.—A fearful tornado from a funnel-shaped cloud swept over this city today. Twenty-five persons were killed outright and scores of others injured. The loss to property in this city alone is over a quarter of a million dollars. Several nearby towns were destroyed.

Storm in Georgia.

Buena Vista, Ga., March 25, via Skagway, April 1.—Many people were killed by a tornado which visited this town today. Twenty cabins and many residences were destroyed. Heavy storms prevail all over the south; railroad tracks are being washed away and much damage done to property.

Territorial Court.

The territorial courts resumed business this morning after a week's vacation. Before taking up the criminal cases Justice Dugas rendered decisions in the case of Criterion vs. Lynch, dismissing the case with costs. In the case of Burns vs. Atkinson judgment was given for plaintiff.

Madame Renio was called to the prisoner's box and charged with being engaged in the practice of witchcraft, sorcery and other black arts by means of which she is said to obtain her living other than in accordance with the law which says, "By the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread." She pleaded not guilty to the charge and as the crown had no evidence to offer, she was dismissed.

John Langeon charged with stealing \$62.50 from a roadhouse at Gold Run pleaded guilty and was given four months at hard labor and instructed to leave the country at the expiration of his term.

Howard Morgan was also called on the same charge, but as there was no evidence against him, his case was dismissed.

Gilbert Sherwood charged with stealing six spruce boards valued at \$15 from John McCloud's tent pleaded not guilty, but the evidence as produced by the crown was so conclusive that the justice found him guilty and sentenced him to one month at hard labor.

Justice Craig sat in chambers this morning and a large number of motions for trial were heard by him.

ROYALTY REDUCED.

Official News Has Been Received That the Tax Has Been Cut Down to Five Per Cent.

From Monday and Tuesday's Daily.

The great news has received official confirmation. The royalty has been reduced to 5 per cent. This news came in private advices a week or more ago but today official stamp has been placed upon it. The following telegram was received by Gold Commissioner Senkler yesterday:—

Ottawa, Ont., March 27,
Via. Bennett B. C., March 31, 1901.

To E. C. Senkler,
Gold Commissioner, Dawson.

Five per cent. royalty to be collected on output of gold after the 17th of April.

This news while coming on the 1st of April is no fool's joke and will be hailed with joy by everyone in the territory whether directly or indirectly connected with mining.

Mr. Pattullo was asked what interpretation the commissioner was going to put on it with regard to the dirt now on the dumps and in reply said: "In 1898 when the royalty was first assessed nearly every claim owner from whom royalty was collected filed a protest with the government asking for a rebate on the ground that their claims had been renewed prior to the issuing of the order. Their protests were heard and in cases where the claims had actually been renewed prior to the enforcing of the tax the rebate will be granted.

"Taking that fact as a precedent, it is evident from a letter received from Ottawa in regard to one of the cases in volved where this question was raised that it is the evident intention of the authorities to collect the ten per cent on all the claims renewed before the new order goes into effect, which would apply to nearly all the ground now being worked.

"Mr. Senkler has taken a different view of the matter, however, and has issued instructions to collect the five per cent on the entire output allowing no exemption, and irrespective of the date of renewals. A wire has been sent to Ottawa for a more complete interpretation of the telegram and no doubt an answer will be received before the order goes into effect."

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

UNCLE SAM STANDS PAT

Will Not Interfere Between Chinese and Russians.

Washington, March 26, via Skagway, April 1.—The United States has positively declined to enter a protest against the seizure of Manchuria by the Russians although approached by the other powers to do so, but she has again warned China that no treaty made with any one nation will be recognized. The time for signing the Manchuria treaty ends today and at 6 o'clock this evening it is still unsigned. China is imploring for an extension of time and Russia stubbornly refusing.

They Do Say—

That the stamperders to the Anderson and McRae & Williams concessions got a wrong hunch.

That Harry Hershberg's guessing contest on the opening of the river is assuming large proportions.

That H. H. Honnen is doing an immense freighting business these days.

That the entertainment being prepared by the Arctic Brotherhood is going to be the best ever given in Dawson.

That the iceberg growing on the hill is a curiosity.

That there will be a building boom in Dawson this summer.

That more gold will be taken from the mines this year than ever before.

That the wind yesterday blew up the river.

That the law which prevents a man doing wrong makes it easier for him to do right.

That every man who attends the smoker at the public library tonight is assured a fine time.

That the cold snap we have had the last two days will give the freighters a chance to use their sleds a little longer. That the stages to Grand Forks are drawn by four horses attached to them now instead of two.

That the Ottawa government played the citizens of the Yukon a great April fool's joke by reducing the royalty on the placer output to five per cent.

That owing to the strong north wind today the practical jokers have not been very much in evidence.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

AGUINALDO CAPTURED

Daring Project of General Funston Successful.

Manila, March 28, via Skagway, April 1.—Gen. Frederick Funston's daring project to capture Aguinaldo who was in hiding on Abella Island, Luzon, was entirely successful. He was captured on the 23d instant and brought safely to this place today on a gunboat.

The plan worked by Funston was this: A former official under Aguinaldo betrayed his hiding place to Funston who arranged with the natives to pretend to capture Funston and his guard and march them to the interior to turn them over to Aguinaldo as prisoners. The plan worked and when the supposed prisoners had reached the outlaw's camp and were to be turned over to him they suddenly revealed their hidden arms, assaulted Aguinaldo and his force and after a short but sharp engagement captured the daring leader who for two years past has been the cause of the guerrilla warfare in the Philippines.

Funston's daring project so successfully carried out is destined to be recorded as one of the most brilliant and heroic measures of the entire American-Spanish war.

Bear Creek O. K.

In the murky past Bear creek has not been considered of much account, but from late developments it looks as though it is destined to yet attain an enviable reputation as a gold producer. On Tom Chisholm's claim, 21 above, last Friday a workman who was sinking a shaft struck the pay streak only three feet below the surface and from three pans of dirt, washed out \$1.75 among which was a 40-cent nugget. The prospector, when he discovered what he had found, rushed off to Dawson with the gold to inform Chisholm of his good fortune, returning to the claim Saturday. Chisholm is convinced that he has a good thing and is making immediate arrangements for extensive work.

Special Power of Attorney forms for sale at the Nugget office.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

FOR HIS NEW POST.

Commissioner J. H. Ross Leaves Skagway Today.

Skagway, April 1.—J. H. Ross, new commissioner for the Yukon, arrived here yesterday evening and left on today's train for Whitehorse en route to Dawson. He is accompanied by F. E. Conglon from Halifax who goes to Dawson to fill the position of legal adviser to the Yukon council vice W. H. P. Clement, resigned. McKinnon, formerly mentioned as going to Dawson to be chief of police, is also a member of the commissioner's party. Instead of being chief of police he will be a chief of the license bureau with a staff to enforce the new liquor laws and look out for violations of the same.

Late arrivals from Dawson say the upper end of the river trail is in bad shape and all predict early navigation.

Whitehorse is crowded to its utmost capacity and many people now there are unable to secure beds. Freight is also piling up there very rapidly.

White Man Lynched.

Chicago, March 30.—A dispatch to the Record from Carthage, N. C., says: L. J. Jones, Dr. M. E. Street, David Andrews and William Harding, well known citizens of Eastern North Carolina, were arrested last night and lodged in jail charged with being responsible for the horrible death of Silas Martindale.

The jail of Moore county was broken in yesterday by a mob of 50 men, who secured Martindale—confined on a charge of assault—and hanged him to a tree. The jailer was forced to give up the keys of the cell. Martindale was hanged just outside the corporate limit. He was choked to death, and from indications about the scene it is supposed the lynchers raised and lowered him many times in order to extort a confession.

Martindale was said to have attacked Mrs. Brewer, a school teacher, living near Carthage. Mrs. Brewer informed her husband of the attack and he soon gathered a mob.

This is the first time in 50 years that a white man has met death at the hands of a mob in North Carolina.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

GOULD'S SCHEME

To Combine Three Hundred Million Dollars' Worth of Wealth

PROGRESSES WITH GENERAL SANCTION

Dynamite Discovered Under Palace of the Czar.

BOLD BANK ROBBERY IN OHIO

Jeffries and Ruhlin Fetched—Brazil Threatened With Revolution—African War News.

From Monday and Tuesday's Daily.

New York, March 26, via Skagway, April 1.—George Gould's scheme to combine three hundred million dollars' worth of railroads is progressing and is approved by Morgan, Rockefeller, the Harriman syndicate and other capitalists. The unification of the roads will be under the management of the Missouri Pacific. The names of the roads entering the combine have not as yet been made public.

Czar May be Dynamited.

London, March 26, via Skagway, April 1.—A mine filled with dynamite has been discovered under the czar's palace 17 miles south of St. Petersburg. Several notables are interested in the plot. The czar is said to be very nervous.

Ohio Bank Robbed.

Columbus, Ohio, March 26, via Skagway, April 1.—Seven men robbed a bank at Somerset of \$5000 in cash and securities amounting to \$30,000. The safe was blown open with dynamite, the explosion arousing several citizens who came out and fired at the burglars, but the latter stole teams and escaped.

(Somerset is a little mining town 40 miles south of Newark on the Stratsville division of the Baltimore & Ohio road. Previous to the civil war it was the home of General Phil Sheridan.)

Jeffries and Ruhlin Matched.

San Francisco, March 26, via Skagway, April 1.—Arrangements have been completed whereby Jeffries and Ruhlin will fight for the championship in this city on July 1st. The National Sporting Club has offered the principals 50 per cent of the gate receipts.

Trouble in Brazil.

New York, March 26, via Skagway, April 1.—A dispatch to the Herald from Brazil says that country is threatened with a revolution. Admiral Melles is under arrest. The purpose of the conspirators was to give a signal for a general outbreak when the president would be assassinated and during the consequent excitement the monarchists were to take possession of the city and government. Great excitement prevails.

War Is Resumed.

London, March 26, via Skagway, April 1.—Active fighting in South Africa has followed the failure of Kitchener and Botha to arrive at a truce, and war correspondents say there is now no doubt but that it will be several months before Boer resistance will be crushed.

Lewis Neilson has been made secretary of the Pennsylvania railroad, taking the place of the late J. C. Sigler. Mr. Neilson was formerly assistant secretary.

Emperor William has officially confirmed the honorary doctorate recently conferred upon United States Ambassador White by the Berlin Academy of Science.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

TURKEY'S SULTAN

Flees From His Palace on Account of Intricate Financial Difficulties.

SALARIES EIGHT MONTHS IN ARREARS

Brother of Present Sultan Will be Proclaimed Mohammed V.

J. HILL REPORTED AFTER C. P.

Report Causes Boom in Stock—British Government Protests Against Russian Aggressiveness.

From Tuesday's Daily. Constantinople, March 27, via Skagway, April 2.—The sultan has fled from his palace and the finances of the Turkish government are in inextricable confusion. The salaries of all government officials are eight months in arrears and nothing on hand where-with to pay them. There is no doubt that the Ottoman troops have received a severe check at the hands of the Arabian insurgents who have issued a manifesto in which the present sultan is denounced and his brother proclaimed sultan with the title of Mohammed V. The insurrection is daily growing more exciting and the probabilities are the new party will be successful.

Jim Hill After C. P.

Montreal, March 28, via Skagway, April 1.—Canadian Pacific stock yesterday jumped up 3 1/2 points on account of what appears to be a well-authenticated rumor that Jim Hill is buying up the road.

England and Japan.

London, March 28, via Skagway, April 2.—The British government has entered a protest against Russian aggressiveness in China, and there are indications that England will join hands with Japan in the inevitable struggle.

FREE LIBRARY SMOKER

Entertainment Punctuated With "Puffs" Last Night.

It was well for Peter Steil and Miss McRae that they did not attend the smoker given at the public library last night, for had they witnessed the big clouds of smoke which filled the room in all probability they would not have lived to tell the tale this morning. The hall was well filled with men who while the program was being rendered enjoyed themselves by puffing fragrant Havanas or cigarettes, while others who preferred their pipes were given the best brand of smoking tobacco from Dawson's supply. The cigars, etc., were furnished by the A. C. and A. E. companies, Charles Milne and others. The affair was all that was promised by the committee; the program was not too long and each number was well rendered. Mr. R. P. McLennan was to have presided but not being present Mr. McPherson was asked to take his place. Mr. Hall opened the program with a piano solo followed by Mr. Cowan in dialect and stuttering recitations. Wm. Ashe in coon songs did himself proud. The fire hall instrumental quartet composed of a banjo, guitar, mandolin and flute makes very fine music and were compelled to play several times. The feature of the evening was "The Mocking Bird," played by Chief Stewart on the harmonica, with a banjo accompaniment. As an encore he played a highland reel imitation of the bagpipes, which caused Col. MacGregor to light his pipe and it looked for a time as if he were going to get on the

platform and give a correct imitation of the reel. He contented himself with keeping time with his foot and thereby deprived the audience of a rare treat. Messrs. McPherson, Chataway and Nye rendered solos and each had to respond to encores. The meeting closed with "God Save the King," and everyone departed, having spent a very pleasant evening.

Fatal Gift of Beauty.

If Louisa Parris had not been endowed with the gift of beauty, she would now in all probability be languishing behind the walls and bars of a North Carolina prison. Within no long time she expects to be free to go where she will. And freedom means that she will marry at least the man for whose sake she has sinned and suffered.

Tryon City, Polk county, N. C., is in the heart of the mountains, and it is there that the moonshiners carry on their secret work. The Parris family own a farm about four miles from Tryon City, and here Louisa, a typical mountain beauty, lived until she was 16. In spite of her lack of education she was the belle of the town. Joining the Parris farm is the home of the Redmond family, near relatives of the well known moonshiner and outlaw, Redmond of South Carolina. In this family was a son, Ralph Redmond, and these two, seeing each other at school and about the farm work, fell in love. When the Parris family moved to Tryon City, Ralph and Louisa were engaged to be married. The girl was ignorant of the fact that her lover was a moonshiner, and he was careful to prevent her finding it out.

In Tryon City Louisa became a greater belle than ever, and soon William Johnson, one of the young men of the town, fell desperately in love with the girl. He proposed to Miss Parris and was rejected. This was the beginning of his jealousy.

Johnson had heard it reported that Redmond was a moonshiner, and it was easy to find proofs of his connection with the distillery which he had been running for several years. So far, however, he had escaped discovery, as his plant was so well hidden in the mountains that the revenue officers had never been able to find him. With Johnson's efforts and the help of a special officer Redmond was caught at work at the still, which was running at full power.

They were all put in Columbus jail, but with the assistance of friends on the outside they soon escaped to the mountains. Redmond's absence gave Johnson a clear field, and he renewed his suit.

The friends of Redmond had not been idle. They had satisfied themselves that Johnson had furnished the information on which Redmond had been arrested and the distillery seized and broken up. Miss Parris was informed of this. When Johnson made his next visit, he was charged with treachery and was advised never to return. Johnson became desperate. He tried to malign the character of Miss Parris by slandering her to the other young men of the town. His declarations were made known to Miss Parris, and she sent him a note asking that he call to see her.

He came promptly. They met on the front porch. After accusing him of telling lies about her she plunged a penknife into his heart, and he died at her feet. Miss Parris showed no emotion when she saw Johnson breathe his last. She expressed no regret. At the next term of the superior court Miss Parris was indicted for murder. She was represented by the best lawyers and by their advice pleaded guilty of murder in the second degree and was sentenced to the penitentiary for 15 years.

The beauty of the untaught mountaineer impressed her jailers and the good ladies who visited the prison. The King's Daughters of Raleigh especially took great interest in the fair convict.

They readily induced Miss Parris to sign an agreement that if released she would surrender herself to the King's Daughters and go to the House of the Good Shepherd in Maryland and there remain until she had been trained so that she could make an honest living. She was pardoned on this condition and was immediately taken to the House of the Good Shepherd.—Ex.

When J. R. Gandolfo first arrived in Dawson in the spring of '98 he brought with him 115 cases of oranges and lemons which he sold at \$75 per case and thought he was making a big thing. Last spring, two years after, he purchased at wholesale lemons at \$85 per case. This year they have gone down to \$30 and \$35 per case, all of which goes to show that the Dawson market is very unstable.

RECEIVED BY WIRE.

HENRY J. WOODSIDE

Fears American Methods and Lawlessness in Dawson.

Vancouver, March 28, via Skagway, April 2.—Henry J. Woodside, formerly editor of the Yukon Sun, in correspondence to the outside press opposes the incorporation of the city of Dawson as calculated to strengthen the dominion of American over Canadian influence in that town. He says incorporation will lead to the adoption of American methods and to lawlessness. He denies the solidity of the proposers of incorporation and advises the Canadian press to not take seriously actions and resolutions passed by the Dawson Board of Trade. He says: "The Board of Trade is at present controlled by those whose interests are chiefly in Alaska or whose interests in Dawson are only temporary."

GAME MAY BE SOLD

Will Constitute "Fleet" of Committees Report to Council.

The committee appointed by the Yukon council to look into the status of the game situation met last evening and after due deliberation decided to present a favorable report to the council requesting that those having game on hand be given an opportunity to dispose of it, but to prohibit any further amount of game to be brought in for disposal. On the 29th of last month a report was obtained from all the meat markets in town as to the amount of game on hand and it aggregated 5225 pounds of caribou and moose and 1029 ptarmigans. Most of this has been disposed of by this time leaving only a small balance on hand at the present time.

On the 24th of last month one party had a cache of ten tons a short distance up the Klondike and there were several other parties with smaller amounts, but it is understood that these have all been brought to town and disposed of and what is left is included in the amount as obtained on the 29th, so that there will be very little if any left up the creeks to spoil. The police are going to take a systematic record of all game in the market fortnightly so as to apprehend any which is brought into the market during the closed period.

NO MORE HIGH LIFE

For Grace Drummond's Ex-Husband, Charley Anderson.

I've had my fling with people,
Nobbed with the upper ten;
Back where I want to be;
I'm tired of high-life notions—
Lord, let me live with men!

I'm going back to Dawson,
Back where I want to be;
I'm tired of high-life notions
And swell society.

I've lived and loved—and lost her—
She's fixed for life, all right;
Back on the banks of Bonanza
I'll make just one more fight

I've gone the limit in clothing—
Pung hat and swallow-tail,
And diamonds and patent leathers
That made the sun turn pale.

I've run the hotel paces,
And traveled East and West;
But the mud log Klondike cabin
Of all the earth is best.

I've had my fling with people,
Nobbed with the upper ten;
I've gone right through the social swim—
Lord, let me live with men.

Another Klondike romance has had its ending in the divorce court. Mrs. Grace Anderson has been granted a legal separation from Charles J. Anderson, a reputed millionaire, on the ground of cruelty, and before the parties left the courtroom they settled their financial differences, after which they parted on apparently good terms.

The most interesting chapter in the Anderson family history was the experience in Dawson. He was owner of a rich placer claim and she was an actress in a variety theater. He began his attentions by throwing handfuls of gold nuggets on the stage in lieu of roses, which were too expensive. The little actress was impressed by Anderson's method of paying court to her, and when he proposed she accepted him. That was a little over a year ago.

At the time of the marriage Anderson was credited with being worth \$1,000,000. The wedding dinner, consisting of all the delicacies of the Yukon valley, cost a fabulous sum, and the rejoicings of the friends of the happy couple, lasting about a week, were also very expensive. The high price of champagne caused no diminution in the supply. Then came the journey to San Francisco. At every stopping place the groom insisted on buying expensive presents for his bride. Mere gold was too common to be considered, so she graciously consented to accept diamonds, pearls, emeralds and other baubles.

Before leaving the Klondike Anderson invested in a few additional claims, and so when he got to San Francisco he had only about \$300,000 in cash. He bought a fine residence and furnished it luxuriously. After that he hired a safe deposit box, which once a day he visited for the purpose of drawing money to be used by his wife. On his visits to the bank Anderson used to wear a dress suit, including what he called his "plug hat and his claw hampered coat" outfit. But all this came to an end yesterday. In a complaint filed against his wife, Anderson said that she took advantage of his absence from the city to obtain possession of all his property, safe deposit box and all. It was shown that Anderson had cruelly threatened to shoot his wife and that he kept a loaded pistol under his pillow. Therefore her demand for a divorce was granted. Anderson said he was willing to have the marriage ties dissolved if he could only get enough to pay his expenses to Dawson. She gave him back the \$50,000 mansion and furniture, besides \$10,000 in cash. For herself she kept \$130,000 worth of real estate and whatever trifling sums of money she may have saved after paying household and court expenses.

"No more society life for me; I'm going back to the Klondike," Anderson said.—S. F. Examiner.

According to Letter From Former Dawson Printer. A letter from Nome dated January 20th was received in Dawson by the last Nome mail which arrived last Friday afternoon. It was from Phil Ernest, formerly in the employ of the Nugget. The writer states that up to the date the letter was written no mail had been received from any point up river above the Tanana. A letter written here the 17th of September was received by him about a week prior to his writing, but the letter must have reached Tanana by boat before the river closed. No news had been received from the outside since early in the fall and they were not even informed as to who was elected president of the United States at the November election. Nome he says is a very dull camp in the winter time and everything is very cheap. There are a few saloons and a little gambling, but aside from that here is very little going on. The Topkuk mining case which involves hundreds of thousands of dollars, was soon to be tried and as there is a big array of legal talent on both sides the contest would probably prove interesting.

David B. Tewksbury who was employed on the Nugget staff last year is now United States commissioner and recorder for Koungrook district. On the 19th of January there occurred a very heavy blizzard and the snow banked up to the eaves of the cabins and there were drifts in the streets 10 feet deep. The thermometer that day was 15 below, but had registered 36 below.

Bonanza King Alone Sold.

Sheriff Ellbeck did not get entirely out of the steamboat business this afternoon, but he did by his auction materially reduce his stock. Today at 2:30 o'clock was the advertised time for offering at public auction the steamers Eldorado and Bonanza King, but when the former was put up only \$3500 was offered on her and, as the order of sale explicitly stipulated that no bid under \$7500 would be considered, she was put back on the shelf.

The Bonanza King sold for \$7500, M. McDougal of the Victoria Market, being the purchaser.

The sheriff says that he will later receive private bids for the Eldorado. The bidding started today at \$500 for the Eldorado and \$3000 for the Bonanza King.

Richard Yates, the new governor of Illinois, is the first native of the state ever elected to his office. He was inaugurated January 14, which was the exact date of the inauguration of his father, Richard Yates, as governor of the same state 40 years ago.

VALDES GROWING

The City of the West Coast Now Contains 500 People.

MANY IMPROVEMENTS ARE MADE.

Has Chamber of Commerce and Arctic Brotherhood Camp.

BUILDING MATERIAL CHEAP.

Many Good Strikes Lately Made—Good Wages for Mechanics—Future Prospects Bright.

[From Tuesday's Daily.] According to E. F. Miller, an old-time Skagwayan, but now of Valdes, who came from Juneau by the Senator, that town is in a very flourishing condition and promises to go ahead rapidly until it becomes one of the important places of Alaska.

Reciting some of the things which took place in the Prince William sound port in the past few weeks, he enumerated the organization of a chamber of commerce, of which F. D. Kelsey, a former prominent attorney of Juneau, is president, and Bert Rockford, late of this city, is secretary, and the organization of a camp of the Arctic Brotherhood, with a membership of 75 or 80.

The population he estimates at 500. The citizens have subscribed \$4000 for the building of a wharf, and Mr. Miller is now going to Seattle to get a piledriver to do the work.

The town already has a paper—the Valdes News—edited by Mr. Rockford. It is a very creditable sheet. While at Sitka Mr. Miller purchased a quantity of lumber, which will be sent to Valdes to build a town hall, and shortly the place will put on metropolitan airs by incorporating.

The government telegraph line is completed and in operation for 100 miles from the town, and the work of building it to Fort Egbert on the Yukon will shortly be prosecuted from both ends.

As to developments in the mineral line Mr. Miller spoke freely, saying that the Virgin Bay mine, after drifting all winter, has just struck a rich vein. From as far back as 200 miles in the interior fine specimens of copper ore have been brought out, and the reports are of the most encouraging kind. In fact, at many places along the government wagon road splendid copper prospects are being found, and on those developed the most the showing is all that could be desired.

The wooden bridge which is being built from the city to the trail by the government is nearly completed. The town already wears an air of permanency. Buildings are going up as fast as material can be obtained, and there are very few tents to be seen. The government quarters are all of logs. A fine postoffice building is up and seven saloons and three churches are in course of construction.

Coal is quoted at \$18 to \$20 per ton, and rough lumber at \$30 per thousand. Carpenters are in ready demand at \$5 and \$6 per day for private work, but the government pays only \$5. The town is provided with an abundance of fine water and water power, which it is contemplated to utilize in the future for generating electricity and furnishing power for other purposes.

The new wharf at Valdes will be a great boon for the commercial interests of that place and will make the slow and dangerous process of unloading vessels with barges, which has so impeded progress there, a thing of the past. The citizens subscribed liberally to a fund to build it, but it is understood the Alaska Mail Steamship Company, which operates the Aloha on the run from Juneau to Unalaska touching Valdes and other intermediate points, took the long end of it and will control the dock. It is calculated to have it ready for use within 90 days.—Alaskan, March 23.

As a means of showing his appreciation of the good work of the police boys Justice Craig made them a present of a \$50 check to be applied to their library and recreation room.

The Klondike Nugget

TELEPHONE NUMBER 12
(DAWSON'S PIONEER PAPER)
ISSUED DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.
ALLEN BROS., Publishers

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

DAILY

Yearly, in advance.....\$40 00
Six months.....20 00
Three months.....11 00
Per month by carrier in city, in advance. 4 00
Single copies.....25

SEMI-WEEKLY

Yearly, in advance.....\$24 00
Six months.....12 00
Three months.....6 00
Per month by carrier in city, in advance. 2 00
Single copies.....25

NOTICE.
When a newspaper offers its advertising space at a nominal figure, it is a practical admission of "no circulation." THE KLONDIKE NUGGET asks a good figure for its space and in justification thereof guarantees to its advertisers a paid circulation five times that of any other paper published between Juneau and the North Pole.

LETTERS
And Small Packages can be sent to the Creeks by our carriers on the following days: Every Wednesday and Saturday to Eldorado, Bonanza, Hunter, Dominion, Gold Run, Sulphur, Quartz and Canyon.

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1901.

From Wednesday's Daily. UNNECESSARY DELAYS.

The Weekly Columbian is a newspaper published at New Westminster, British Columbia. In its issue of March 20 appears the following dispatch: "Ottawa, March 12.—The government decided after three hours discussion that the Yukon royalty be reduced to five per cent."

There is nothing particularly startling about the above, aside from the fact that it required 19 days, after the reduction of the royalty was announced in Ottawa, before the news was officially received in Dawson.

The matter may appear to many as being of little moment, but from our point of view, it is of considerable importance.

The royalty reduction is a measure which the people of this territory have sought with much earnestness for three years past.

Every possible influence has been brought to bear upon the government to secure relief from the royalty burden, and while the entire territory was waiting with utmost anxiety to know the result, 19 days were being consumed in the slow process of sending the news from Ottawa to Dawson. It is impossible to understand why such delays should occur. Five days at the outside should be sufficient for messages to reach this city from the capital. Press dispatches require no longer time and certainly the Dominion government which owns the telegraph line should be able to do equally as well, particularly where matters of such importance are concerned.

It would do no harm to address the government on the matter and ascertain if information respecting legislation affecting this territory cannot be forwarded to Dawson with more expedition.

THE UBIQUITOUS NEWSPAPER MAN.

The town of Valdes has a newspaper. There is not much evidence at hand to indicate that Valdes has much else to boast of in the way of civilizing influences, but the ubiquitous newspaper man is on hand ready to grow up or down with the country just as the case may be. There is no class on earth who can so easily adapt themselves to circumstances and who are so ready and willing to grapple with the varying twists and turns of the road to fortune as the frontier newspaper man.

Wherever a handful of people gather together, it makes little difference for what purpose or under what conditions, there is almost certain to be found among them the man who is willing to establish a newspaper. If the sunshine of prosperity beams kindly upon him, and dame fortune vouchsafes to smile benignly upon his efforts, well and good. He knows perfectly well that he is justly entitled to all the favors the gods may see fit to bestow. And on the other hand—and as is ordinarily the case—should the dark clouds of adversity hover threateningly near, and the fickle goddess, who presides over the pokes and pocketbooks of mankind, refuse even a glance of encouragement, he is neither cast down

nor disheartened, for he is essentially a philosopher. His equanimity is never disturbed, for if his reward does not come in the shape of dollars and cents, or nuggets and gold dust he has at least the knowledge that he is playing a part in the noble work of redeeming the wilderness and making it fit for the habitation of man.

The frontier newspaper man with his little press under one arm, his cigar box full of type under the other has always been in the vanguard of civilization, since civilization has been a thing worth speaking about. We have no doubt that when some hardy discoverer finally reaches the north pole he will be greeted with a request to purchase the latest edition of the Daily Iceberg—or a paper with some other equally appropriate name.

Elsewhere in this issue we publish the address delivered by Mr. R. S. Harris on the occasion of the presentation of the Nugget's presidential souvenir to Hon. William Jennings Bryan. Mr. Harris' speech of presentation is a most able effort and will be read with much satisfaction by all who participated in the election which resulted in the souvenir being awarded to Mr. Bryan. The Nugget takes occasion again to acknowledge its deep obligation to Mr. Harris for the manner in which he has executed the important mission entrusted to him. His services in this connection are greatly appreciated not only by this paper but by the hundreds of miners in the territory who cast ballots in favor of the distinguished Nebraskan.

The poor old News has been nibbling around the incorporation hook for a matter of four months, but has never mustered courage sufficiently to take a good substantial bite. Finally the silly old thing has sent a man all the way to Skagway to tell the people of Dawson what a joyful thing it would be to incorporate. But the News man in Skagway got just as far away from the facts as the News usually does in Dawson. Verily it doth appear that our good friend and neighbor would take unto itself a tumble.

Carnegie's gifts to libraries and other public institutions now amount to more than \$16,000,000.

Mrs. Nation and Literature.

A paper somewhere in the west announced a few days ago that Mrs. Carrie Nation was to be divorced. Mrs. Nation wrote a letter of comment upon the statement. Her letter read as follows:

"Tell that editor to correct that lie and do it quick by telling the people that what he wrote was manufactured in hell and is in the mouth of devils. 'CARRIE NATION.'"

Mrs. Nation's literary style may be open to criticism but he thought, like her hatchet, is a smasher when it comes to argument.

Mrs. Nation has been indulging in a hand to hand fight with what she considers a great evil. She has entered barrooms in defiance of all masculine threats and smashed glass and spilled liquor. There has been no display of etiquette, senatorial courtesy or society folderol in Mrs. Nation's calls. Neither do we see in her literary style the graces of a Howells, nor the picturesque of a Kipling. In each we see a determined mind, an unusual courage and a quick-impulse to arrive at results. Mrs. Nation's hatchet first caused the United States to laugh and then to philosophize. Later it involved the police and lawmaking forces of the country in a serious problem. In a like manner her speech and her written thoughts, if allowed free rein in their frank honesty and crude portrayal, would cause more disturbance in this quiet world than did her hatchet in Kansas. There is spice in variety and the humdrum of life is only relieved by the unusual. We, who are looking on, can thank Mrs. Nation both for her efforts to increase the glassware trade and her contribution to American literature.—Ex.

Slip of the Tongue.


Eager Freshman—I'm sorry but, professor, but I really couldn't get back in time. I was detained by important business.

Professor—So you wanted two more days of grace, did you?

Eager Freshman (off his guard)—No, sir; of Laura.—Yale Record.

Fresh oysters. Selman & Myers.

When will the ICE Go Out?



The Contest Closes
April 28th, 10 p. m.

JUST FOR FUN
As you know we are having a little guessing contest. If you can tell nearest the time the ice will go out in front of Dawson we will give you
A Tailor Made Suit
A New Hat
A Pair of Shoes
A Fine Shirt
Two Collars
A Pair of Cuffs
A Necktie
It Costs Nothing to Guess.

HOW ABOUT A HAT?

We have a particularly Fine Stock of Hats, all nobby shapes, and the latest outside styles. All the popular makers are represented in our stock. We will fit your head to one with the same care as we fit your form when you order from us a suit of clothes.

OPPOSITE
WHITE PASS DOCK

HERSHBERG

STROLLER'S COLUMN.

"Pechew, pechew, pechew."
It was around the stove of the Free and Easy and everybody knew that when the owner of the three-legged dog "pechewed" three times at the crack in the stove that there was something on his mind and that it would be expressed very soon. With a scornful look at the man who had just said he thought snow here in April was unusual the old man said:

"Pears ter me zif I would keep my mouth shet 'bout habits of a kentry 'at I'd been in only fourteen year. You don't know nothin' 'bout it and nobody about 'speets you to know nothin' 'bout it. Yet you have the gall to up an 'talk 'bout 'unprecedented weather' zif you'd bin here upwards of half a century. Sich presumption makes my bones ache. You ain't bin here long 'nuff to know what's unprecedented and what ain't."

Having thus given vent to his outraged feelings, the old man's voice assumed a more kindly tone and his conversation took a reminiscent turn. He said:

"'Twas two winters after I seed the first blue snow and that was in '67, so the time I'm speakin' of would be in '69. Ther winter'd bin fairly 'bout 89 below zero on an average, an' after me an' Limpin' Grouse hed got up somethin' like 200 pounds of cured ice worms to make soup outen ther next summer, I reckoned as how we'd order be havin spring purty soon, it bein' then the tust of Aprile. Limpin' Grouse axed me had I seed a purple ptarmigan peckin roun' our tent door durin' ther winter an' I said as how I had. Then she told me till not show my ignorance by talkin' 'bout spring; that purple ptarmigan was a sure sign of lots of snow in Aprile an' a very late spring. Since that time which, if you have 'nuff sense to figer, you'll see is 42 year, an' durin' all that time I never seed purple ptarmigan in winter what warn't followed by a cold, late spring.

"Did I see any purple ptarmigans this winter? Well, I reckon I ain't blind yit! If I seed one I seed a thousand an' a more pronounced purple I never seed in 45 year. The rest of youse could 'er seed 'em if you'd bin able ter tell a ptarmigan from a raven which youse ain't. I've bin not only lookin' fer this snow but I'm lookin fer a hull lot 'wot's goin' ter come yit. Ther spring of '69 the ice never moved from the river till June 23d and ther war s'much ice runnin' 'at canoin' warn't safe till latter part of July. Ain't one 'er you fellers gon' to say sumphin'?"

One man bought a drink and another slipped a dollar in the patriarch's hand who, when he slipped it into his pocket drew out a piece of dried salmon and fondly held it to his nose. It caused him to think of his family and large tears protruded from his eyes. He was invited to take another drink and, being human, he took it.

Renegade Willy Wally Astor is having a rather hard time in his efforts to extricate himself from his lonely circle. Snubbed by Europeans, despised and loathed by Americans, his hermaphroditic nationality has placed him in the same class as was the bird spoken of by the Dutchman who, in his attempt to quote the old saying, "Birds of a feather flock together," got it mixed and said "a bird mit only one feather in his tail goes in von crowd mit himself."

Willy Wally's last effort to square himself cost him a very large sum but left him in the same steamboat slough of despair. His last act was to present to the Queen Alexandria fund for the benefit of widows and orphans of the British soldiers killed in the Boer war a check for \$25,000. Considering the source from whence it came and knowing that it was not prompted by any feeling of compassion

for widows and orphans, the queen at first refused to accept it, but finally did so after having explicitly stated that the gift in no way altered her previous opinion of Mr. Astor. John respects Johnathan and vice versa; but neither John nor Johnathan respect Johnnyrenegadeathan.

"Oh, the lovely, sweet things!"
The Stroller heard the above exclamation from a lady who was gazing into a show window of a dry goods store and, thinking that something out of the ordinary was on exhibition, he stopped to take a look for himself and this is what he saw: A lot of light and airy summer shirt waists, collar-ettes, chemisettes, tan gloves and a pair of corsets.

Who Supplied the News?

London, March 16.—In the house of commons yesterday the chancellor of the exchequer presented the report of the select committee on the civil list with reference to the publication in the London Times of confidential statements on the subject, and recommending the speaker to take steps, either by the expulsion of the Times representative from the house or otherwise, as he saw fit, to prevent a recurrence of such an offense. The speaker promised to render an early decision.

The members of the house of commons are greatly stirred up by the London Times' alleged breach of secrecy in regard to the publishing in advance the government's civil list proposals. A curious feature which has not leaked out in the papers is the implication of the Birmingham Post in the same charges, and there is a half-humorous and half-serious attempt upon the part of the Irish members to connect Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's warmest supporters, and if the Liberals can get this organ punished they will take it as a personal score off the much disliked secretary.

A Conservative member of parliament

informed a representative of the Associated Press that the majority of his party would be delighted to see the London Times suspended for, say a week, not with the idea of seriously affecting its news service but with giving it "a much needed lesson."

Mr. A. J. Balfour, the government leader in the house of commons, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader, and Mr. Wm. Court Gull, the speaker, have been consulting together during the week. Among the suggestions which they will consider is one to examine all the members of the civil list committee separately under oath, and so run down the culprit.

The Daily Mail prints an editorial in this connection headed "Unusually direct charge of venality in high places," in the course of which it says: "Should the speaker, as he certainly won't, decide to have the London Times reporter thrown out of the house, our contemporary would have no difficulty in employing further honorable members or officials to supply it with as much news as it may desire to publish. If the committee cannot find powers to act as the guardian of its own honor and to prevent the disclosure of information which is solely in its possession there is no remedy."

That's All.

"In proof of the assertion that the world is growing better," remarked Optim, "let me mention the fact that we never find stones in the coffee we buy at the grocery stores nowadays."
"No," growled Pessim. "The reason for that is that most persons who buy coffee have it ground when they buy it. The grocers pick out the stones for fear of ruining their mills. The world is growing more enlightened in its selfishness. That's all."—Chicago Tribune.

The Pacific Cold Storage Co. offers every facility for keeping frozen products.

Elegantly furnished rooms with electric lights at the Regina Club hotel.

Answer This "Ad" Quick!!
..AND GET A BARGAIN..

FOR SALE

...A "SNOW" PUMP...

10 inch Cylinder; 16 inch Stroke; 8 inch Suction; 7 inch Discharge.

Ask Any Engineer About It.

S-Y-T. CO.

Second Avenue 'Phone 39

AMUSEMENTS

The Standard Theatre Week of APRIL 1st

Thursday Night, Ladies Night **"COL. RAVEN"** Special Vaudeville Features This Week
Magnificently Staged Gorgeous Costumes

ORPHEUM THEATRE TO-NIGHT!
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 3 P. M.

J. H. HEARDE'S "FIRST MAYOR OF DAWSON"
ED. DOLAN'S "JUST JUSTICE"
JOHN FLYNN'S Gaiety Girls, in "King for a Day"

Reserved Seats for Matinee at Reid's Drug Store NO BAR.

MR. HARRIS RETURNS.

Bearer of Nugget's Presidential Souvenir Arrives in Dawson.

CARRIED THE SOUVENIR TO CHICAGO IN PERSON

And Delivered an Address on Occasion of the Jackson Day Banquet.

Wide Spread Publicity Was Given Both to the Speech of Presentation and to Mr. Bryan's Response—Mr. Harris' Address Was an Able Effort and Well Deserved the Attention It Received—The Speech in Full.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Mr. R. S. Harris, the gentleman who delivered the Nugget's Bryan souvenir to that distinguished gentleman returned to Dawson yesterday. As has been reported in the Nugget previously Mr. Harris went direct to Seattle where the souvenir was exhibited for several days in the window of the Seattle Times.

From that city he journeyed to Chicago in which city he presented the souvenir to Mr. Bryan. The occasion upon which the presentation was made was the Jackson day banquet given by the leading Democrats of the United States in Mr. Bryan's honor. Mr. Harris' presentation speech as well as the reply of the distinguished Nebraskan were given widespread publication by the press of the country.

Mr. Bryan's speech was along the lines of the letter of acknowledgment published in the Nugget some time ago.

The presentation speech delivered by Mr. Harris was couched in the following language:

"An American election on foreign soil was an unique event of that most eventful day, November 6, 1900.

"Headed by Dawson's leading paper, the Klondike Nugget the Americans there expressed their will at the polls as they would have done had they been at home.

"A souvenir commemorating this event was to be given the choice of Americans in the Klondike. The gold standard advocates contended that the world's greatest gold camp would give it to the gold standard candidate, but when the 3300 votes were counted out more than 2000, or nearly two to one decreed that it be awarded to the trinity of devotion, courage and patriotism.

"This remarkable moment consists of a typical Klondike mining claim in miniature-relief, wrought of native virgin gold within a golden gold pan, intended for a paper weight.

"The cabin in the background is the emblem of home, whether on Plymouth Rock, at Fort Dearborn, or those intrepid argonauts who are building that to be unparalleled empire where the unsleeps in the water—they are ever the foundation stones of our castles of liberty; the enemy of every mode of oppression and the friend of every form of freedom; the destroyers of old conditions and the creators of the new.

"The pick and shovel are the written and spoken word—the tools that dig holes through the crust of superstition and find the paystreak of knowledge.

"The sluice box, so prominent in the center ground, represents that great channel, the public conscience, where the waters of intelligence washes away the dirt and keeps the gold.

"The heaps of nuggets everywhere are the golden truths drawn from the dark, cold caverns of ignorance by the handle of the windlass, called the 'crank'—the synonym of him who

moves things—who thinks ahead of his fellows, the child of intelligence and the father of progress; the crank of today and the saint or hero of tomorrow.

"The golden pan, which holds all, will remind you of our nation which encircles all we have and are, and all we do and dare, our lives, our homes, and all we love.

"Mr. Bryan: On behalf of that pioneer paper, The Klondike Nugget, and its editor, Mr. Geo. M. Allen, and especially on behalf of the loyal thousands who decreed to whom it should be awarded, I beg you to accept this token of personal friendship, not because of its emblematic or its intrinsic value, nor because it's the shining thing that fools admire and call a god, but rather because it contains the hearts of 2000 pioneers, though in a foreign land, dedicated to the eternal principles you so nobly advocate. That the various organs of government should perform their natural functions without private help is a principle that will live till government dies. That the power to govern should come from the consent of the governed, and not from any through whatsoever its name, will endure till the millenium is forgotten and man is dust. Eternal principles are never destroyed. Defeat is the mother of triumph. In the womb of the grain of corn lies greater victory unborn. An oak within the acorn lies, a truth once planted never dies. The seed time is here; the harvest is coming. A little more sunshine of education, a little more reign of knowledge and Columbia will then give answer to the problems that have knocked for solution at the door of the world for 1900 years. Too many of our brothers reason with their hands and think with their stomachs. Those who so plainly see the blessings they might have chafe because they are not, while those who see not are content with what they have. Thus it has always been; so it may always be. Nature's duality must work man's destiny.

"But when I see the trembling mother under the flag of old England, with her soul in Africa and her face toward heaven praying, 'O God, protect my boy,' and the bended form in the Transvaal hell praying to the same God, 'Mein Gott im himmel, beschutze unser heim,' then turning the picture over I see our American mothers, our Stars and Stripes and the Philippines—when I behold such scenes as these under two such flags as ours I can only exclaim: 'May another Lincoln incarnate come, or some genii from the gods, and take both flags to some Alladin laundry and wash them into one pure composite emblem with the warp of justice and the wool of love, under whose shadow every question shall be arbitrated, and whose waving folds will close the gates of hell on earth forever.'"

Imperial Army Changes.

New York, March 11.—The correspondent of the New York Tribune, Mr. Ford, says in a special cable this morning: "Military experts are divided respecting the utility and necessity of the military changes proposed by the secretary of war. They perceive an evident intention on the part of the military authorities to imitate German and French methods of organization of separate army corps in districts with annual maneuvers, but they do not agree upon the practical efficiency of the proposed system without conscription. The trend of military opinion is strong in the direction of universal military service, but the ministry does not venture to propose it, advocating either the adoption of a tentative six army corps, with the systematic use of reserves both the militia and volunteers.

Frozen eggs 25c. Selman & Myers.

Ruined by a Dictionary.

When the son of the president of the Big Mountain Lumber Company came into the mountains to learn the business, so to speak, I knew within 15 minutes that he had come to the wrong place. He was a city chap, newly graduated and thoroughly out of touch with everything mountainous. He was a bright fellow, however, and amply capable, only the mountains were not the field for his development. As time elapsed his distaste grew, and it was all he could do not to express his opinion of the mountain people, their manners, customs, homes, morals and everything connected with them. He was wise enough to confide in me alone and bided his time to get away to some more congenial clime. And he got away sooner than he expected.

It happened that there was a public meeting one night at the sawmill shed, and he was called on to make a few remarks. Every other man at the meeting except myself, who acted as chairman, was of the mountains, and their illiterate talk had roused the young college fellow to the limit. He saw a chance to get even in his own mind at least, and when the call came for him he responded promptly. His speech, quite brief but to the point was as follows, copied from his own manuscript, even the (applause) part:

"My friends, I am glad to meet you on this occasion, for I have wished to say to you publicly what I think of you, though our acquaintance has not been long. Coming as a stranger among you, I was only partly prepared for what was in store. Now, let me say to you that hall has not been told me. (Applause.) In the inter-necine arena your lethiferous conduct has astounded me by the trucidation and occision characterizing it among no men I have ever known. (Loud applause.) In the diversified field of mendacity your efforts would make Machiavelli take to the tall timber. (Up-roarious applause.) In all furacious, saptorial and predacious pursuits you have done such wonders that the gifted and great Jonathan Wild would have felt his latrocinny was a sounding brass and his direption a tinkling cymbal. (Great applause.) In the broad expanse of labor your torpescent oscitation has made you sui generis among all pandiculate mankind. (Cheers and shouts of 'Good for us!') As good livers, your tables groan beneath their stercoraceous and impetiginous burden, and as drinkers, your temulent bibacity has made the crapulous reputation of Bacchus to be a sign of puritanical abstemiousness. (Loud applause.) As for yourselves, I take pleasure in saying here to you, without fear of successful contradiction, that your nugacity is forever established; as observers of the law, your aberrance is teratological, and personally you are a cohesive concatenation of rubigant exuvia, that I take especial pleasure in believing does not exist elsewhere on earth. (Vociferous applause.)"

When the enthusiasm had cooled down somewhat, he proceeded to speak on the subjects before the meeting and sat down. The mountaineers were pleased to death with the college man's high flown speech about them, and though I didn't know the meaning of all the big words he used I did know that he had been calling them liars and murderers and thieves and scoundrels and drones and lawless drunkards, besides condemning their fare and anathematizing the lot of them personally. But not one of them suspected, and I was hoping nothing would come of it and they would forget, even if any of the large words were remembered, when one day a book agent drove up to the office in a buckboard and announced that he was selling Webster's Unabridged Dictionary for \$2 a copy and showed a sample that was as big as a box of soap.

Nobody had ever seen so much book or the money, nor had anybody ever seen a dictionary in that neighborhood, and when the agent began to tell what a valuable thing it was to be in every family the men became interested, and it wasn't long until the agent had sold 25 copies, to be delivered the following week. When he had gone away with his sample, I called the young man into the private office for consultation.

"Don't say a word," he began as soon as he had closed the door. "I know exactly where I am at, and I'll be some place else before Mr. Webster arrives to throw any light on my recent remarks. I am not shedding any tears, and in order that the dictionary buyers and others may know just what I think of them I shall leave two dozen copies of my speech for 'distribution' on the morning of my departure."

He did just as he said he would and it was a good thing for him that he never came back any more.—Ex.

Cecil Marton, operatic prima donna. Savoy.

Steam Hose

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Troxwell and Evans, knockabout and trick house, smallest on record, at Savoy.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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J. B. TYRRELL—Mining Engineer—Mines laid out or managed. Properties valued. Mission St., next door to public school, and 44 below discovery, Hunker Creek.

SOCIETIES.

THE REGULAR COMMUNICATION of Yukon Lodge, (U. D.) A. F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic hall, Mission street, monthly, Thursday on or before full moon at 8:30 p. m. C. H. Wells, W. M. J. A. Donald, Sec'y

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We can satisfy your wants and fill your complete order without your going outside the store.

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The Printer's Devils

ARE HERE DISPLAYED HARD AT WORK (7)....

This is a sample engraving for illustrative purposes.

We Make All Kinds of Cuts

The Nugget

We Have the Only Engraving Plant in the Territory

The Klondike Nugget

TELEPHONE NUMBER 12
(DAWSON'S PIONEER PAPER)
ISSUED DAILY AND SEMI-WEEKLY.
ALLEN BROS., Publishers

A QUESTION OF INTERPRETATION.

The suggestion has been made that the government in reducing the royalty to five per cent, intends by the same measure to lay the tax upon the entire output, without allowing any exemption.

We can scarcely believe that such is the intention. It is not so stated in the telegram received by Gold Commissioner Senkler yesterday and until an official interpretation to that effect is given it is fair to assume that the exemption continues.

As a matter of fact, without the exemption clause, the advantage of the reduction, so far as the general interests of the territory are concerned will be comparatively slight. The exemption of \$5000 does not mean a great deal to owners of claims which are heavy producers, but it is a consideration of the utmost importance to the great body of claim owners whose properties are not of Eldorado richness.

A great many claims will not produce in the course of a year an amount of gold to exceed \$10,000. In such cases, if the exemption is withdrawn, the reduction in the royalty affords no relief whatsoever. It is just as easy to pay ten per cent on \$5000 as it is to pay five per cent on \$10,000. If a claim yields between \$5000 and \$10,000 the amount of royalty will be greater at five per cent without the exemption than at ten per cent the exemption being allowed. For instance under the former regulation a yield of \$8000 would require payment of ten per cent on \$3000 or \$300. Under the new regulation without any exemption the same claim would pay five per cent on \$8000 or \$400, a difference of \$100 against the claim owner.

Such an interpretation of the new law would result entirely to the benefit of the heavy producer and against the small owner, which, as noted above, we do not believe to be the government's intention.

THE END CROWNS THE WORK.

On the fifth of July, 1898, in the fifth issue of this paper after its publication had been begun, the opening gun in the fight which has since been waged against the ten per cent royalty tax was fired. The Nugget was the only paper in Dawson which sought to represent the public thought of the community and for more than a year this paper stood single handed and alone in demanding from the government complete abolishment or at least a substantial reduction in the royalty tax.

For a period of almost three years the Nugget has maintained the attitude originally assumed in the matter and today we have the satisfaction of recording the fact that a substantial victory—a victory which will be far reaching in its effects—has been won.

There is no longer any doubt respecting the matter—official confirmation of the private advice recently received has arrived and the royalty has been cut in two. It is a matter of intense satisfaction to the Nugget to contemplate the part which it has played in this work. In season and out of season this paper has steadfastly applied its efforts in the direction of attaining from the federal government the rights which it was evident must be granted to the miner and prospector before the development of the resources of this territory could fairly be said to have begun.

This work, undertaken, as noted above, almost single handed and alone, has been participated in finally by almost every person having substantial interests in the territory. Men who at first were apathetic because they believed nothing could be done, came around at last to the point where they pulled off their coats, figuratively speaking, and threw their entire energies into the work.

Others who supported the govern-

ment's attitude simply because they feared to go on record as opponents of any governmental policy, were brought finally to see that a change must be brought about or the territory was doomed.

The local officials, after acquainting themselves thoroughly with the conditions came, one after another, to realize that something must be done, and their influence has been a potent factor in securing the concessions which one after another have been granted during the past eight months.

We doubt very strongly if an instance can be noted where a better or more successful fight has been made for recognition of the rights of a new country.

Changes have been made in the mining regulations which many people maintained in 1898 would never be made. Concessions have been granted to the miner and prospector which it was claimed, and claimed by those who were in a position to know whereof they spoke, would never be granted and at the present time we have the highest of authorities in the United States paying the Canadian government the compliment of giving to the Yukon territory the best mining regulations in the world.

This is what has been accomplished since the fifth day of July, 1898, when the Nugget originated the first systematic effort to gain the recognition for this territory to which it is entitled. The results of this work speak for themselves. The Nugget does not lay claim to the entire credit for what has been accomplished, but we are well satisfied with the part which this paper has performed.

The fight for the rights of the Yukon territory to which this paper promised its every assistance in its initial number has been fought out to a successful conclusion. We congratulate the people of the territory that our mutual efforts have been so gloriously crowned.

PUBLIC OPINION.

The history of the Yukon territory during the past three years has furnished a most striking example of the force of public opinion. If the people of a community unite in a determination to secure a certain object or objects, they cannot fail to meet with success, if honesty of purpose is shown. The effort to secure proper recognition for this territory from the federal government has met with many hindrances. There has been no direct representation at Ottawa. Communication with the capital has been slow and uncertain and many stumbling blocks have, at times been thrown in the way as the result of misrepresentations on the part of men who have sought personal favors from the government. But in spite of all obstacles, the great work of rescuing the territory from the burden of unjust and oppressive legislation, placed upon it three years ago, has been pressed unceasingly, until nearly everything that was sought has been attained.

No responsible government can fly in the face of public opinion and survive. Popular sentiment intelligently directed is all powerful, which fact has been demonstrated in this territory in a manner absolutely unmistakable.

LONG-RANGE POLITICS.

A representative of the News has announced through a Skagway paper that Dawson is to be incorporated immediately; that all the big commercial concerns are favorable to the project and that Mr. John Grant will be mayor of Dawson before June 1. This is all very refreshing news. There is a delightful tinge of romance about it which is characteristic of the sayings and doings of our amateur neighbor.

We must say, however, that the News has not been absolutely just to its candidate. It looks very much to us like a case of long-range politics. Why should our contemporary go all the way to Skagway to boom Mr. Grant for the Dawson mayoralty? Why should it go 500 miles away from home in order to break the news that Dawson's commer-

cial interests are supporting incorporation?

If these marvelous things are all true why not say so in Dawson rather than in Skagway? Why does not the News come out in Dawson to the support of the gentleman whom the representative of that paper has assured the people of Skagway will be mayor of this city before the first of June?

Certainly the News cannot expect to secure incorporation, or elect its candidate through the newspapers of Skagway, and we doubt very much if the aforesaid candidate is looking for that particular class of newspaper support. Here is a most remarkable situation to which the explanation editor of our contemporary may well devote consideration of a most serious nature.

The decision of the supreme court of the United States in refusing to interfere on behalf of Alex McKenzie, now serving a sentence of one year in jail for contempt of court, will be well received by the people of the States generally. McKenzie transgressed the laws of his country and although influences of a most powerful nature were brought to bear in his behalf, the decision of the court of appeals could not be shaken. While the integrity of the courts remain unimpeachable the liberties of the people are safe.

Carnegie has given away to public libraries and charitable institutions almost as much money as the total output of this territory for one year.

To the News re Capt. Woodside: *De mortuis nihil nisi bonum.*

How many times were you fooled.

TOMORROW THE LIMIT.

Mrs. McConnell Must Then Appear in Person or by Counsel.

Only echo answered this morning when the McConnell case was called in police court by Magistrate Starnes. Previous to the opening of court it was known that the defendant would not be present for the reason that the warrant issued yesterday to compel attendance this morning either in person or by attorney was not executed. In again postponing the date of hearing until 2 o'clock tomorrow the court said:

"I carefully considered the matter of having the warrant issued yesterday served on Mrs. McConnell, and decided to not do so, but to give her one more opportunity of coming before the court either in person or by attorney. I will write her today telling her she must be so represented tomorrow at 2 p. m. No more of Dr. Catto's certificates will be accepted but if Mrs. McConnell cannot come and is represented by counsel, Dr. Catto must also appear before me and answer such questions as I shall put to him relative to the defendant's condition in order that I may satisfy myself as to her physical condition. She has written me numerous letters in which she states she is unable to secure an attorney when I well know she is able to do so. She may be sick, but she should consent to see some other doctor, as she was asked to do some days ago. This matter must be brought to a head, and if the defendant is really not able to be present in person she can be represented by counsel and the case can be proceeded with. If there is no representation of defendant present at 2 o'clock tomorrow, the warrant already issued will surely be served."

Attorney Pattullo, for the prosecution notified all his witnesses to be present tomorrow.

There was no other business before the court this morning.

Over the Ice.

Abe Stein, the intrepid ice traveler who made several round trips between Dawson and Skagway last winter, and who went out over the ice this year, arrived this morning with two heavy sleds laden with general merchandise. He says reports that the trail is breaking up are unfounded and he expects to return to Whitehorse on the ice. He says there are many teams now on the river headed this way. Mrs. Sam Wall is up the river a short distance and will reach Dawson some time tomorrow.

Mr. G. H. Hartman, of Philadelphia arrived on the stage last evening and will join Mr. Schrader's arctic exploration party. While in Dawson he is stopping at the McDonald hotel.

PREMIER'S GREAT SPEECH

In Parliament in Reply to Mr. Bourassa.

Took Him But Thirty Minutes to Answer Speech Five Times as Long—Everybody Cheered Him.

Ottawa, March 13.—The reply of Sir Wilfrid Laurier to Mr. Bourassa was a splendid effort of oratory, and is being generally commented upon as another great tribute of Canadian loyalty to the empire. Mr. Bourassa's speech lasted two hours and a half. The premier occupied but half an hour in replying, but in that time he effectually disposed of the arguments of the lonely Canadian pro-Boer.

Sir Wilfrid said: "I must confess Mr. Speaker, that it is with a great deal of regret—and with some surprise that I have seen my honorable friend persist in his determination to present the motion of which he gave notice some few days ago, and which he has now placed in your hands. Well remembering the uncompromising hostility which my honored friend showed to our policy nearly two years ago, of sending contingents to South Africa, well knowing from a long acquaintance and a long friendship the logical mind of my honorable friend, remembering also that he had on more than one occasion announced himself as entirely opposed to what he called Imperialism, remembering also that he had somewhat ostentatiously and most persistently refused assent to the policy we advocated of sending troops to South Africa for the prosecution of the war, I must say I was little prepared for the attitude he has now adopted. I would have supposed that he would be a stalwart to the end, and that having refused to send troops to South Africa he would not ask us to send advice to England, but my honorable friend has taken an attitude altogether different from that. He now wants to send advice. He would not fight for the cause of England, but he is willing to sit at the council board in discussing the cause of England today. (Hear, hear.) Whether this conduct of my honorable friend is in keeping with his former well known views, is a problem as to which I shall offer no opinion of my own, but which I shall leave for his own pondering."

"As to the right on our part, asserted in this motion, of making representations to the imperial authorities on all questions that may affect the British empire in whole or in part, this is a right which is no longer in question. We asserted it nearly twenty years ago, when on the 20th of April, 1882, we passed a resolution in favor of home rule for Ireland. We asserted it again a few days ago, when we passed a resolution on coronation declaration. The fact that we sent contingents to South Africa almost two years ago does not in any way affect our right in this respect. It is today what it was before. It has not been altered in any way. It is no longer and no smaller than it was. We have a perfect right to offer advice, and we claim we have the privilege of making representations to the imperial authorities. Therefore, we can approach the question submitted by my honorable friend on its merits and on its merits alone.

"The question which we have before us is not so much the speech of my honorable friend, which has no bearing on the motion which he has presented, but upon the motion itself. Shall we adopt this motion or shall we not? The conclusions of it are to be found in the last two paragraphs. First let me take the last one, which states that no Canadian troops should be sent to South Africa, and that no enlistments for the South African police should be permitted in this country. As to the first conclusion of this proposition—that there is no necessity for sending Canadian troops to South Africa—I must admit I altogether agree with our honorable friend, not for the same reasons that have prompted him, but for the reason that the war is at an end. (Hear, hear.)

"There may be still some guerilla warfare, there may be still some brigandage under the name of war, but war is no longer at issue. Though my honorable friend pretends to be very much in doubt as to the issue of war, for my part I am ready to leave the issue in the hands of the men who have it in hand now and to say with my honorable friend that there is no necessity for sending Canadian troops to South Africa. As to the other portion of the conclusion, namely, that the enlistment of recruits for the constabulary should not be allowed to take

place in Canada, I ask my honorable friend what reason can there be why enlistment of men for this force should be put an end to in Canada? If there are men in Canada, I care not for what motive, whether high or low, whether dignified or undignified, whether because they desire to get a living or from a spirit of adventure, or from the nobler impulse of fighting for their sovereign, who wish to take service in South African constabulary on what principle should a Canadian government interfere and prevent their liberty being so exercised?

"My honorable friend has spoken well and eloquently upon the cause of liberty of which he has constituted himself the almost sole champion in this house, but I must ask him what kind of liberty is it which will not permit a British subject if he chooses to offer his king to serve him in any capacity?"

"I am a Liberal as, my honorable friend declares himself to be, but my idea of liberty does not agree with one that will not allow that freedom to every British subject in Canada. (Cheers.) But, sir, the gist of the motion of my honorable friend is in the last paragraph of this motion which means that we are to invite the British authorities to restore the two republics, the South African republic and the Orange Free State to their independence.

"My honorable friend will not deny that this is the meaning he has in his mind, although, strange to say, he never said a word as to that proposition. I would have expected him to deal at length with this point which after all was a noble and worthy subject to consider, and which after all might invite discussion. I would have expected him to give his reasons and arguments why the British authorities should be invited by the Canadian parliament to undo what they have done and to restore to the two republics the independence which they forfeited on the 9th of October, 1899.

"My honorable friend did not speak a word upon that subject, and, sir, perhaps I might sit down and not utter another syllable upon this subject, and I would do so were it not for the fact that my honorable friend in some of his arguments has been so unjust, so unfair, to the British government, that I feel constrained to put before the house the other side of this question." (Cheers.)

Sir Wilfrid proceeded to review his story of the war before and after hostilities broke out, to show that the war was a just one, the British government could not have made any other course than it did, and that Kruger was entirely to blame.

The premier went on to say: "The issuing of the fatal ultimatum was the mistake. It was the sending of this fatal ultimatum which brought all these calamities upon the Boers which Mr. Bourassa deprecates now. Let me tell the honorable gentleman that the responsibility for this does not lie upon any other head than on the ex-president of the Transvaal republic, who has been the first victim of his own doings and notwithstanding that he has brought all this on his own head, considering his age, I cannot help feeling for Mr. Kruger a great deal of sympathy.

"Mr. Bourassa deprecates the war. I do not deprecate it as much as he does, but I believe perhaps it is the greatest calamity which has befallen England within the last 40 years or so, because it places on England the burden and the duty of governing South Africa with its two races estranged perhaps for generations by the cruel memories of war, but, sir, even from that view we must take the situation as it is. The problem of South Africa is this: That you have in that country two races so mixed and intermingled that it is not possible to separate them. These two races must be governed by the same power and the same authority and that power has either to be the power of England or the power of the Dutch. It has either to be the liberal and enlightened civilization of England of today or the old bigoted and narrow civilization of the Dutch of 200 years ago. (Hear, hear.)

"Let my honorable friend forget for a moment that he and I are British subjects and in the name of civilization and the name of humanity I ask him which is the power that ought to govern in that distant land? Is it the enlightened power of England or is it the semi-barbarous civilization of the Dutch? (Hear, hear.)

"There is but one future for the Dutch. They have been conquered, but I pledge my reputation and name as a British subject that if they have lost their independence they have not lost their freedom. (Hear, hear.)

"There is but one future for South Africa, and that future is a grand confederation on the pattern of the Canadian confederation. It is federation on which Cape Colony, Natal, the Orange River colony, the Transvaal and Rhodesia will be united together in a federal constitution under the British flag and under the sovereignty of England. My honorable friend will agree with me that with the British flag flying over South Africa they shall have that which has been found everywhere during the last 60 years under that British flag—liberty for all, equality for all, justice and civil rights, for English and Dutch alike.

"For this reason I have to ask the house that they shall not agree to this motion but shall vote it down."

Prolonged cheering from both sides of the house followed the premier's speech.

ANOTHER STORY OF VALDES

Which Says the Town is a Bad One.

Conditions Too Unsettled to Warrant Expenditure of Money—Has Several Rivals.

From Wednesday's Daily.

Juneau, March 20.—Valdes is not booming just now. The Alaska Commercial Company's steamship Excelsior arrived from the westward last night with little news calculate to create an immediate stampede to the town.

Four commercial travelers returned, and while they left with bosoms full of hope they returned with order books empty of orders. Naturally they think Valdes is a poor town with no business.

Mr. Mays, of the New York Exchange, who recently leased the Valdes opera house and who went there again two weeks ago to open up, returned on the Excelsior. He says the business prospects of Valdes are too unsettled at present to warrant anyone putting in much money, and he will not open for 60 days yet anyway, perhaps not until July 1.

It seems that it is not yet settled which of the rival townships is going to win. Blumhauer, who owns one, is in Seattle now is expected back in a few days with money to build a wharf. If he does the town of Valdes may move across the bay, for at present there is not much to move.

On the other hand, W. D. Kelsey, a Juneau attorney, who moved to the new scene of activity last spring, is organizing a company to build a wharf at Valdes. Arrivals on the Excelsior report that he has already been promised \$4500. This is only about \$35,000 short of the amount required, but it may all be forthcoming yet. This would probably keep the town at Valdes. Mr. Kelsey is building a house and seems pleased with the place.

It is thought that Valdes will be lively this summer and fall, but at present most of the recent arrivals there have gone straight through to the various gold camps of the interior, and the town is quiet in consequence.

EVENTS RECORDED

As They Happened on Eldorado and Bonanza.

Messrs. Shultz, Weis, Jensen and Capt. Matheson, of Monte Cristo hill, were in town Tuesday.

Mr. Taylor, of Chechako Hill, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Oscar Cornelius, one of the general proprietors of the best claim on American Hill, was shaking hands with his friends in Dawson last Tuesday.

Mr. H. C. Bull, of 31 Eldorado, was in town today.

Mr. Geo. Byrne, of 35 above Bonanza, made a flying business trip to Dawson last Tuesday.

Mr. Clarence Berry, of 6 Eldorado, was in town on business Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ensley, of Chechako Hill, were made happy by the arrival at their home of a ten-pound boy. J. C. has grown four inches taller since the occurrence.

Mr. R. A. Lamphier, manager of the Armstrong and Bergeson saw mill on 34 below Bonanza, says they have an immense lot of orders for sluice lumber, and that business will be brisk all summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, of 43 above Bonanza, were visiting friends in Dawson Wednesday.

Messrs. Ketcheson, Gansley and Lolewellyn, laymen on the Sechrist claim on Adams Hill, have a 40 inch pay streak that goes 30 cents to the pan.

Mr. Will James left Seattle on the 7th ult. for Dawson to look after his father's interests in this country.

Mr. Robert Frazer, of 19 Eldorado, who is interested on 22 above discovery, Bear creek, says, "We have a three foot pay streak 20 feet wide that will go from 20 cents to 75 cents per pan."

Mrs. M. P. Rothweiler, of the Magnet roadhouse, is making extensive improvements on her already large establishment, and says she will have a hundred regular boarders the coming season.

The new find on 3 Eldorado is the topic of much dispute in and about Grand Forks, many of the old sour doughs claiming it is simply a drop in

the bedrock. Messrs. Frank Anderson and Chas. Clauson who have a lay on 3 say while they are down 55 feet, it must be remembered that they are up on high ground. This, together with the fact that there may be a drop of eight or ten feet in the bedrock at this particular place (it is conceded that the bedrock is very uneven) might easily account for the depth which they have gone. Mr. Frank Anderson, when asked about the \$50 pans laughed at the idea and said "There is no truth in it whatever: sometimes we find colors and sometimes fairly good pans."

Messrs. McDowell and Protzman who have also a lay on the same ground, seem to be more enthusiastic. Mr. McDowell says they worked out the first pay streak then went through 13 feet of black muck and found a second pay streak that will run \$1 to the pan. Further developments on 3 and 3a Eldorado only will tell if there is a second pay streak.

On last Monday evening a pleasant social affair took place on Magnet gulch in honor of Miss Clara Barjion who was the guest of Miss Jennie Parry. A sumptuous repast was served, and "small bots" were not scarce. Those present were: Mrs. Prjmus, Mrs. Bowles, Miss Olsen, Miss Jennie Parry and the Misses Barjion, Messrs. Sam Weis, John and Tom Boyle, Chas. Mathews, Jno. Miles, Jno. Sewsky, Fred and Bert Moors, A. M. Gibbs and L. Doggett.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. White, of the Boulder hotel, 33 below Bonanza, gave one of their most pleasant dancing parties last Friday night. Mr. Ralph Hatten, the floor manager, gave everybody an opportunity to enjoy themselves, while the Stockade orchestra discoursed sweet music. The cuisine was all that could be desired, and the jolly refined Irish wit and sallies that were passed from one to another during the various courses was refreshing and made the closing scene of the evening one to be remembered. Those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames White, Frame, Davis, Barnes, Overlund, Bowles, Ore, Bonnafield, Bjeremark and Hickock; Misses Olsen, Barnes, Parker, Jones, Bentz, Moore and Johnson; Messrs. Nicholson, Hatten, Hansen, Clark, Moore, Smith, Rowe, Frame, Drs. Clark, King, Vincent, Lamphier, Cropp, Tom Jones, Pritchard, Marks, Mahoney, Mullen, Ask, Steil and Burton.

Seattle a Gay Town. Seattle today is one of the most cosmopolitan cities in the world and within its confines one can witness sights as strange and interesting as in any city in America. During the quiet hours of night when the good people of the town are sunk in peaceful slumber a scene of unusual interest can be witnessed by any one who visits the district in which dame fortune is wooed, by her votaries.

The swell place is the Monte Carlo and is what is called among the "per-fesh" a combination house, where different games of chance can be played, such as craps, stud poker, black jack, roulette and faro. The latter game is played for higher stakes in that house than in any other in the country, there being practically no limit, but the inclination of the bettor. Thousands of dollars change hands there every night. The place is one of the handsomest club rooms in the country and is owned by Jack Smith a former Klondiker well known to the sporting fraternity of this city.

W. M. Woodburn, of Grand Forks, is in town for a few days and is stopping at the Regina hotel.

The river closed last fall at 4 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 2d. This is stated at the request of a subscriber who wishes to settle a dispute.

The funeral of the late Frank O. Mundahl, B.A., who died at S. Mary's hospital Tuesday morning, will be held at St. Paul's church at 2 p. m., April 4th. Friends of the deceased are invited to be present.

At the meeting of the Board of Trade tonight the question of the establishment of an assay office in Dawson will be fully discussed. The meeting promises to be an interesting one as there is considerable difference of opinion on the subject.

E. D. Layman, formerly advertising man with the News, has formed a partnership with W. A. Beddoe in the publication of the Yukon mining journal. This month's issue promises to be of particular excellence and will be seen on the streets within a few days.

Young veal at Denver Market.

Celia De Lacey at the Savoy.

Fresh turkeys at the Denver Market.

White fish at Denver Market.

TWELVE TEAMS

Are Being in Thirty Tons For S. F. Clothing House.

S. Weisberg, of the San Francisco clothing house received a wire today from his partner, H. Hamburger, dated at Selwyn in which he is advised that an immense shipment of goods for his store has passed that point. The consignment consists of 182 cases of fine clothing, Stetson hats, shoes and neckwear and is drawn by 12 double teams. By measurement this invoice of goods totals 30 tons and completes shipments to the value of \$80,000 which this concern has brought in over the ice this winter, there having been 70 cases previously received.

Mr. Weisberg has engaged the premises formerly occupied by the Standard Commercial Co. for a wholesale depot, the building in the rear being utilized for warehouse purposes in which at present a force of men is at work preparing the stock for the coming season. In an interview today Mr. Weisberg said: "The stock of clothing carried by us I honestly believe to be as great as all that carried by the big companies combined. We are selling goods at a comparatively low price as it is the intention of our firm to do a large volume of business which will be remunerative to us, as we purchase direct from the manufacturers at special discounts. Next summer our shipments by boat will be heavier than any other concern outside of the big companies."

A Home Destroyed.

Yesterday afternoon about 4:30 the cabin of Mr. and Mrs. Schultzer at the corner of Eighth avenue and Second street, caught fire and in a very short time was burned to the ground.

Mrs. Schultzer runs a laundry and clothes cleaning establishment and uses gasoline for cleaning purposes. A piece of silk which she had cleaned and placed by the stove to dry suddenly caught fire and before it could be extinguished had set some hanging drapery. There being so much gasoline around it was only a short time before the entire cabin was in flames. There were four cases of gasoline in the house of which two were saved, the other two catching and spreading the fire.

It is said that Mr. Schultzer in attempting to save some of the furniture was badly burned about the face and hands. The fire department responded promptly to the alarm with the chemical, also with a line of hose and a few moments later the fire was under control, but not until the contents of the house were nearly all destroyed.

Hay-Pauncetote Treaty.

London, March 12.—The foreign office officials are nettled at the statement cabled here that no opening is left for further action in the case of Great Britain's reply to the United States note, referring to the senate's amendments to the Hay-Pauncetote treaty. It is pointed out that Great Britain's reply invites further proposals from the United States. Moreover the foreign office understands that something of this sort is already contemplated in Washington.

A representative of the Associated Press has been officially informed that there is no desire on the part of the British government that the matter should be dropped. They confidently expect further negotiations and hope for a satisfactory conclusion, though this does not lessen their insistence on the integrity of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, until both signatories consent to its abrogation.

Henry A. de Lille, who died in poverty in London recently, was prominent as a journalist in Paris during the reign of Napoleon III of France. He was once one of Louis Napoleon's confidential secretaries. Major General Sir Henry Colville, who recently commanded the Ninth division of the South Africa field force and later was in command of an infantry brigade at Gibraltar, has been placed on the retired list, with pay.

For choice meats go to the Denver Market.

Fresh cabbage at Meeker's.

BOILERS FOR SALE

Tubular Boilers from 15 to 35 horse power; 2 Engines for 5 and 6 inch Centrifugal Pumps; One 6 horse power Hoist with extended shaft and pulley; Stay Bolt Thaw Points, one inch pipe. One Remington Typewriter. J. I. SEABROOK, Agt. for A. I. W. Co. Opp. Dr. Bourke's Hotel, Third Ave.

Now It's Shoes!

Babies' Shoes
Children's Shoes
Misses' Shoes
Boy's Shoes
Ladies' Shoes
Men's Shoes

KING.....
QUALITY

SHOES FOR THE HOUSE, STREET OR TRAIL.

J. P. McLENNAN

Instantly Killed.
Ottawa, Ont., March 12.—George Burke, 38 years old, and married, an employee of the government, fell off the West block yesterday, while engaged in shoveling snow off the roof, and was instantly killed.

Electric Light
Dawson Electric Light & Power Co. Ltd.
Donald B. Olson, Manager.
City Office Joslyn Building, Power House near Klondike Tel. No 1

Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given that the following survey, notice of which is published below, has been approved by Wm. Ogilvie, Commissioner of the Yukon Territory, and unless protested within three months from the date of first publication of such approval in the Klondike Nugget newspaper, the boundaries of property as established by said survey shall constitute the true and unalterable boundaries of such property by virtue of an order in council passed at Ottawa the 2nd day of March, 1900.

CREEK CLAIMS No 32, 36a, 37 and 38 Gold Run creek and creek claim No. 2 on a tributary at 36 Gold Run creek, in the Dominion mining division of the Dawson mining district, a plan of which is deposited in the Gold Commissioner's office at Dawson, Y. T. under No. 40 by T. D. Green, D. L. S. First published February 6th, 1901.

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We have also reduced our price on Havana Cigars
Largest Stock in the City to Select from.
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Ribbons, Laces, Kid Gloves, Fancy Jabot Ties, Belts, Shoes, Hosiery, Silk waists and Skirts, Jackets and Jacket Suits.

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Complete Line of Shoes, Stockings, Suits, Etc.

For Men
Fedora Hats in Brown, Tan, Grey and Black; also Shoes in Chocolate, Tan and Black, all at Popular Prices.

A. E. Co.

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"White Pass and Yukon Route."
A Daily Train Each Way Between Whitehorse and Skagway.....
...Comfortable Upholstered Coaches...
NORTH—Leave Skagway daily, except Sundays, 8:30 a. m. Bennett 12:15 a. m. Arrive at Whitehorse, 5:15 p. m.
SOUTH—Leave Whitehorse daily, except Sundays, 8:00 a. m. Bennett 1:25 p. m. Arrive at Skagway, 4:40 p. m.

E. C. HAWKINS, General Manager
J. FRANCIS LEE, Traffic Manager
J. H. ROGERS, Agent

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Films of all kinds at Goetzman's.

New Blouses
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EXCEPTIONALLY
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CAN NOW BE OBTAINED
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