

SMASHING ALLIED GAINS IN BALKANS

(Continued from page 1.)
"Macedonian front: Minor engagements occurred near Florina on Saturday. Repeated strong Serbian attacks against Kaimaktsalan broke down. Weak English detachments, advancing on a wide front in the Struma sector, were repulsed."

The following official account of operations on the eastern front was issued here today:

"Army group of Prince Leopold: The position near Manaja, which was recaptured on Saturday in a counter-attack, was maintained against repeated and strong assaults of the Russians."

"Army of Archduke Francis: The Russians made fruitless attacks on the positions held by Turkish troops. Detachments of the enemy which penetrated Turkish positions were driven out by a counter-attack, and 142 prisoners were taken. In the Ludowa sector, Carpathians, attacks by the Russians were repelled."

"Transylvanian front: Roumanian advances between the Szurduk and Vulcan passes were repulsed."

Vienna Reports Fighting Lively.

"London, Sept. 25.—The official statement via London, Sept. 25.—The official statement from general headquarters issued today says:

"Eastern theatre: Roumanian front: Between Szurduk and Vulcan passes Roumanian advances were repulsed."

"Transylvanian eastern front: There was lively fighting."

"Archduke Charles front: North and east of Kirilhaba there has been continuous fighting."

"In the Fassana sector the Russians again attacked fruitlessly. Near Lipnicadolina the enemy stormed there but was defeated everywhere on this sector."

"Prince Leopold's front: Last night the Russians again attempted to break through north of Perpelikni. Their efforts failed and their losses were heavy. Italian front: The artillery activity of the Germans, for the most part the coastal district was lively in some sectors during the afternoon. In the night an airship flew over our lines and dropped a few bombs in the region of Comen without causing damage."

"On the front of the Fassana Alps two Alpine battalions attacked the Gardinal Cima Buss Alta sector at night, the Germans repulsed them and violently bombarded this sector during the day. The Italians were repulsed, assuming heavy losses after bitter hand-to-hand fighting."

"Enemy detachments also attempted to advance against Forcella Di Coddio. Fifty-two Alpine soldiers, including one officer, were taken prisoner."

"On Monte Climo (the top of which was blown up by an Austrian mine) a number of Italians who had buried under the wreckage, are still alive. They succeeded in liberating themselves and surrendered. The others have been calling for help, which could not be given yet on account of the fire of the Italian artillery and which depends on the acceptance of a local armistice offered to the enemy for the sake of humanity."

"Southeastern theatre: There is nothing new."

Russian Aeroplanes in Fight.

Berlin, Sept. 25, via wire—**To Sayville**—Three large Russian aeroplanes on Sept. 23 attacked, without success, the naval aerodrome on Lake Angern (near the Gulf of Riga), says a semi-official statement given out here today.

"German battle planes pursued the Russian aeroplanes, forcing one of them to land at a point east of Dusnauen. All the German aeroplanes returned safely."

BRITISH AND FRENCH DRIVE ATTACK HOME

(Continued from page 1.)

positions at Combles and Rancourt and defences held by the enemy from the latter village as far as the Somme.

"Northeast of Combles we carried our lines to the outskirts of Friegcourt and captured all the strongly organized ground about that hamlet and Hill 142. The village of Rancourt also fell into our hands."

"East of the Bethune road we extended our positions to a depth of about one kilometre from the Combles road to as far as Bouchavesnes, carried by assault a hill northeast of that village and reached to the southeast of Hill 130. Farther south we carried several systems of trenches in the vicinity of the Canal du Nord, from the Bethune road as far as the Somme."

"The number of unwounded prisoners taken by us and counted up to the present exceeds four thousand."

"There was no event of importance on the remainder of the front, apart from a somewhat lively artillery duel on the right bank of the Meuse in the region of Vaux-Chapitre and Le Chemin."

"Aviation: Sunday night a group of our aeroplanes dropped 150 bombs on stations at Ham, Hombleux and Manancourt and the aviation ground at Vrages."

German Have Not Heard It Yet.

Berlin, Sept. 25, via London, 5.05 p.m.—The failure of further attacks by the Allies on the Somme front is announced by the war office. The statement follows:

"Army group of Prince Rupprecht: The treacherous artillery battle between the Ancre and the Somme continues. Local enemy advances against the Rancourt sector and near Bouchavesnes failed."

"Army group of the German Crown Prince: On Saturday night French hand-grenade attacks at Thiaumont (Verdun front) were repulsed. Yesterday we beat back strong French hand-grenade attacks northwest of Souville."

"In yesterday's numerous aerial engagements we shot down nine aeroplanes. Our anti-aircraft guns have brought down four aeroplanes in the last few days."

"Six citizens were killed and 28 more seriously wounded by an enemy bomb attack on Lens."

BERLIN EXPLAINS BATAVIER'S SEIZURE.

Berlin, Sept. 25, by wireless to Sayville—According to an Overseas News Agency announcement today reporting the seizure yesterday of the Dutch steamer Batavier by a German submarine, which brought her into Zeebrugge, the vessel was bound to London with contraband on board.

It is also declared that among the 38 passengers on the steamer four were Russians, who apparently had escaped from a prison camp.

A Sporting Proposition.

Collector—"This account has been running for some time.

Owens—Well, let's not stop it and maybe it will land a marathon record."

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

The News

VOL. LVI

51 JOHN ST. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1916

NO. 4

BRITISH GUNS, GREATLY SUPERIOR, CONSERVE INFANTRY; RUSSIANS START NEW DRIVE, CAPTURING MORE PRISONERS

BRITISH CARRY REDOUBT AND MORE GROUND WITH SMALL LOSS

Artillery Fire is So Superior That Total Losses are Less Than Twice Number of Prisoners Captured

Important Schwaben Redoubt, Overlooking Ancre Valley, Stormed and Garrison of 600 Taken—German Report Admits Smartness of British Infantry and Skill in Consolidation of Positions—French Keeping Up Heavy Bombardment.

London, Sept. 25.—The British forces have captured the greater part of a German redoubt, north of Combles, which overlooks the northern valley of the Ancre, taking nearly 800 prisoners according to the official statement from general headquarters issued this morning.

The text reads:

"We attacked Schwaben redoubt, most of which is in our hands. In the past twenty-four hours we have taken many prisoners."

"The redoubt is situated about half way up of Thiepval and represents the highest ground on the Thiepval spur, with a full view over the northern sector of the Ancre.

"Elsewhere on our front we consolidated our ground and advanced our lines north and northeast of Combles."

"British troops, as usual, in the past two days, cooperated brilliantly with the cavalry, which dashed and fought to assist the infantry, and have done great损伤 in the attacking operations and patrols on the western side of the Ancre."

GERMAN ADMISSION OF BRITISH SUPERIORITY

An official report on the fighting on the Somme, according to communiqué of a German corps, which participated in the battle, contains a tribute to British methods of warfare, as follows:

"The British infantry is smart in attack, and its great artillery superiority causes mutual stillness with which they consolidate themselves in a newly won position. They show great tenacity in defense. Small parties can conduct themselves with great skill and dash."

THE FOLLOWING sentence shows the effect of our artillery:

"DEFENDING TO OUR INSTRUCTIONS, FROM EXPERIENCE GAINED IN DEFENCE AND ATTACK, WE BASED ON A CAREFULLY CONSTRUCTED TRENCH SYSTEM, THE TROOPS ON THE SOMME SONI FOUND ACTUALLY NO TRENCHES AT ALL."

GERMAN DECLARING VICTORY.

British forces last night advanced at various points on the Somme front from Martinpuich and Gueudecourt, says the official statement today.

The text of the statement says:

"During the night our line was advanced at various points between Martinpuich and Gueudecourt, and posts were established to the west and southwest of Gueudecourt Abbaye and within 300 yards of that village."

"On the left of our front our position was consolidated on the ridge northeast of Thiepval. A battalion of enemy infantry, with transport, was caught on the march by our artillery and successfully shelled."

"THE FIGHTING IN THE PAST FEW DAYS HAS BEEN SINGULARLY ECONOMICAL. OUR LOSSES WERE SMALL NOT ONLY RELATIVELY TO THE IMPORTANCE OF OUR GAINS, BUT ABSOLUTELY. OUR TOTAL CASUALTIES WERE NOT MORE THAN TWICE THE NUMBER OF ENEMY PRISONERS TAKEN. ONE DIVISION WHICH HAD A SPECIALLY DIFFICULT TASK ALLOTTED TO IT TOOK AS MANY PRISONERS AS IT SUFFERED LOSSES."

British in the Balkans.

London, Sept. 26, 1.45 p.m.—The following official account of operations on the Macedonian front was issued here today:

"On the Doiran front our artillery was successful in dispersing enemy working parties. The enemy aircraft have been very active. It is reported one machine was brought down by our fire.

"On the Struma front the royal navy shelled an enemy column near Radolitsa, and French artillery shelled a column at Jeninah.

"The local officers and soldiers of the Entente in Crete, who are said to consist of a third of the Greek force on the island, have requested the Entente to allow them to join the Allied fleet in Salamis Bay."

The king called a conference of Premier Kafogopoulos, General Moschopoulos, the chief of staff; Rear Admiral Venizelos from Athens created nothing like the suppressed excitement evident everywhere this afternoon. The people feel that their long period of expectancy is over to end and the prospect of war with the Bulgarians apparently is welcomed.

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Late in the day it developed that the king had decided on a declaration of war against Bulgaria. The decision has not yet been announced publicly as numerous details remain to be worked out.

They include an ultimatum to Bulgaria, demanding instant evacuation of all Greek Macedonia as well as plans for mobilization under the "committee of national defence" established in Salomiki.

RETURNED IN SAME DIRECTION ATTACKED ALMOST (AFTER MILES NORTHWEST OF BRUSSELS) WITHOUT SUCCESS.

"During the English bomb attack on Brussels, fifteen houses were destroyed, thirteen Belgians were killed and twenty-eight were wounded."

ORDER RELEASE OF U. S. FISHING BOAT SEIZED IN THE BAY

Yarmouth, N.S., Sept. 28—Orders were received today from Ottawa to release the Boston smack E. McNichol, which was seized a few days ago by a Canadian lobster patrol boat for fishing within the three mile limit and brought to this port.

The authorities at Ottawa decided that Jacko Ridge, on which the smack was fishing, is outside the three mile limit.

"Western theatre: Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht of Wurttemberg: Between the Ancre and the Somme the English and French renewed their strong attacks under artillery preparation which even surpassed previous experiences.

"On the great part of the battle-front our unshakable infantry, effectively supported by our artillery and aviators, under command of General Sixt Von Arnim, General Von Hiegel and General von Schneid, victoriously repulsed the enemy.

"Yesterday the English and French, and to the east of Eaucourt l'Abbaye, a violent battle was yet come to a conclusion."

"Especially violent were the attacks repeated towards evening and delivered from the Mortval-Bouchavesnes line. These were made by the enemy regardless of his sanguinary losses during the first storming attack, which failed completely. The enemy succeeded in maintaining his hold on small trench sectors, notwithstanding the fact that he had been repulsed.

No reports have been received of air attacks upon foundries in Luxembourg, the article in the Obermosel being the first intimation that any such attack have occurred.

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FROM ALL OVER THE MARITIME PROVINCES

CHIPMAN

Chipman, N. B., Sept. 22—Mrs. W. E. McIntyre, of St. John, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Branscombe.

Mrs. H. Burns, nurse in attendance with the late Mrs. Robinson Watson, returned to her home in Fredericton on Tuesday.

Mrs. Anna Smith and her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Conn, of Winnipeg, spent a few days of last week in Fredericton.

The funeral of the late James Parkhill was held on Monday afternoon. The service was conducted by Rev. E. E. Mowatt, interment taking place in Red Bank cemetery.

Mr. Arthur Scribner left on Friday for Moncton, where he has a position, and where he expects to remain for the winter.

Mrs. Vernon Lamb, of St. Andrews, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Harry Burton.

Dr. W. W. Blackman and W. J. Blackman, of Maine, are spending a week in Chipman.

Mrs. Sarah Ward left on Friday for Elgin, where she will be a guest of Mrs. Leonard Colpitts.

William White, of Boston, is visiting friends here for a few days.

Mrs. Flora Branscombe, of Cumberland Bay, was a guest of Miss Hassan at the Hassan House over Sunday.

At the house of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Brown on Wednesday afternoon, at 5 p.m., Dr. David Price intended to marry their daughter, Miss Alice Brown, and Joseph Wray and also Jarvis Brown and Miss Zella McAllister of Kingscote (N. B.), and on the same evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Jardine, Miss Mamie Jardine and John Fulton, and Miss Agnes Hopkins and Ellen Laugn, of Plaster Rock, were united in marriage by Rev. E. E. Mowatt. Mr. and Mrs. Langin will reside at Edmundston, N. B., while the couple make their homes here for a time.

Mrs. A. L. Gaultier, of Portland (Me.), is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. William.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. Harry Burton was at home to her friends for the first time since her marriage. She was assisted in receiving by her sister, Mrs. Vernon Lamb, of St. Andrews, and by Mrs. R. C. Ritchie. Miss Doris King, King ushered in the dining room.

Mrs. Harry King poured tea and Miss Margaret Porter and Miss Helen Baird assisted in serving.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Walter Holly, of John, spent part of this week's vacation.

Mrs. A. B. Woodley, of St. John, a guest of friends here recently.

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Bishop L. Jones, of St. John, was in the village this week attending the confirmation service at the Catholic church on Wednesday afternoon.

Miss Dora Barton, of The Range, is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Butler.

S. J. Parkhill, of St. John, was in town this week attending the funeral of his father, the late James Parkhill.

Mrs. M. B. Rees, of Cumberland Point, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Fisher.

Mrs. Frank Reed, of Gagetown, was a guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Darrow, over Sunday.

Miss Olive Porter, of Westfield, is spending a week with friends here.

HARTLAND

Harland, N. B., Sept. 20—Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Campbell and their granddaughter, Miss Eva M. Adam, motored to Fredericton last week.

Private Ruth Weston left Monday for Portland (Me.), where she will visit friends before proceeding to New York. W. D. Keith is attending the Retail Merchants' Association meetings in St. John this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Russel motored from Hodgeson (Me.) and were the guests on Sunday of Rev. George Kincaid and Mrs. Kincaid.

Miss Jean V. Dickinson is spending a few days this week at Fort Fairfield, the guest of her mother.

Miss Smith arrived on Saturday from St. John to take charge of the millinery department at Keith & Plummer's for the fall season.

Miss Jean Miller spent the week-end with friends in Woodstock.

James Jackson, of Houlton (Me.), and Miss Millie Scott, a student at Reicker, Houlton, this year, were guests this week of Rev. George Kincaid and Mrs. Kincaid.

E. A. Morgan and Clyde Rideout attended the Sunday school convention held at East Florenceville Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Miss Smith left on Friday for St. John, where she will enter the business college as a student.

Miss Elsa Sippelle, who has spent the past month in Perth, came home on Wednesday.

About twenty members of the Philistine class of the United Baptist church attended the Sunday school convention.

HOW PNEUMONIA STARTS AND HOW OFTEN PREVENTED

You catch a little cold today, and by tomorrow it has reached the throat, next day the lungs are affected and you wish you had used "Catahrusone" which kills germs in five minutes. In the first place Catahrusone cures the irritated membranes and relieves congestion—the it cuts out the phlegm and destroys the germs. It enables the blood to retain a natural supply of oxygen, lung-food and vitality. In any cough, bronchitis or asthma it's guaranteed to positively cure.

Beware of dangerous substitutes under misleading names for gen-

erous zone which is sold every- containing two small sizes 50c &

met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Read Monday evening and presented to one of their number, Miss Julia McCollum, a cut glass water set. Miss McCollum is the month to be married to Harry Cartell.

Mr. S. S. Miller attended the Sunday school convention at Florenceville on Tuesday.

Mrs. Ziba Olser and daughter, Thelma, spent a few days last week in St. Mary's.

Mr. Jennie Boyer returned on Monday to Fort Fairfield, after spending her vacation at home here.

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Mrs. A. L. Gaultier, of Portland (Me.), is a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Allen.

Mrs. Kathleen Allen, of Upper Cape (N. B.), visited friends here recently.

Mr. Joseph Harper, of Port Elgin (N. B.), made a business trip to this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Ward and daughter, Charlotte, of Upper Cape (N. B.), accompanied by the former's mother, Mrs. Maria Ward, spent Sunday in this place, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Allen.

Miss Dorothy Spence, of St. John, visited here for the first time since her marriage. She was assisted in receiving by her sister, Mrs. Vernon Lamb, of St. Andrews, and by Mrs. R. C. Ritchie. Miss Doris King, King ushered in the dining room.

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MARITIME BOYS FALLING IN DEFENCE OF NEW POSITIONS

Lieut. Cecil P. Smith, of Chatham, Another of 55th Officers, Reported Killed—Ernest Mellor, of City, and George Pierce, of Rothesay, Give Their Lives—Fighting Centered About Corner Held by Maritime Brigade.

Heavy maritime casualties of the last few days find explanation in a despatch from London which states that Nova Scotia and New Brunswick battalions bore the brunt of the fierce counter-attack which the Germans made at Courcelles after they had been forced back in which success the 26th shared a full part.

Percival Phillips, The London Daily Express correspondent, describing the attack, says that no operation could have been more to the liking of the Canadians, who went for the fox silently, clearing craters and attacking the next with cold ferocity and grim thoroughness which has filled the Boche with wholesome dread of the Canadian type of foe. "There was nothing spectacular about the Canadian fighting; it was just plain, straightforward work, ably assisted by the British guns, and the more the Bavarians hung on to their crumbling third line the better their enemies liked it, for they knew the outcome."

On the capture of Courcelles itself, the writer says: "A French-Canadian battalion swept through the village from the eastern side in a brilliant bayonet attack and gradually drove the enemy through the streets leading to the Miramont road. Beyond the cover of the shattered cottages they came under a heavy machine gun fire from the quarry. Here in the cemetery fragments of the garrison made a final stand. The crowded dugouts were successfully bombed and even the gaping graves yielded groups of fugitives."

The 26th Battalion was engaged in attacking the village and trenches westward toward Monceau and by 10 o'clock at night the battalion had accomplished its objective. The trenches and village were in Canadian hands.

Private Ernest Mellor.

Mrs. Mary Jane Mellor, of 129 Elm street, received a telegram from Ottawa yesterday, announcing the death of her husband, Private Ernest Mellor, in the General Hospital at Amiens, France. He received a gunshot wound in the hand on September 21.

Private Mellor was a Yorkshireman,

officers in Lt.-Col. Montgomery Campbell's battalion, and his record at the front was a brilliant one. Besides his parents, two sisters, Misses Annie and Marjorie, and one brother, Roy, all at home, survive.

Marysville Soldier Killed.

Charles Fisher of Marysville has been officially notified that his son, George Andrew Fisher, has been killed in action. He was formerly on the staff of the Bank of Montreal and enlisted at Cookshire in a grenade battalion.

Major Deeds Wounded.

A despatch from London states that Major H. G. Deeds, who left New Brunswick with the 12th Battalion, but was later transferred, has arrived there from the front, wounded in the head and left arm. Lieutenant J. H. Findley who left here with the 35th Battalion and was later transferred, has returned to the front, having recovered.

Pte. Wadman Wounded.

Mrs. Augustus Wadman of this city has received a telegram from Ottawa stating that her husband has been wounded and was admitted to a military hospital in Chatham, England, on September 20, with shrapnel shell wound in the shoulder. Before enlisting he was employed as a boiler maker in the Union Foundry, West St. John. He enlisted with the 26th Battalion and until now had been in the trenches. He has been in the trenches for one year, and a month ago was transferred to the 55th Battalion Artillery. Private Wadman has two brothers here, Mrs. Ernest Dick, whose husband is also a soldier in England, and Miss Matilda Wadman. Many friends will be sorry to hear of Private Wadman being wounded.

Sergt. K. S. Robertson Wounded.

Sergeant Kenneth S. Robertson, No. 69,821, a son of John Robertson of 187 Main Street, was wounded.

Captain Cahan's Condition Serious.

C. H. Cahan, K.C., of Halifax, has received a cable stating that his son, Captain John P. Cahan, 1st Canadian Pioneer Corps, is in No. 7 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, with a wound in the lower part of the spine, and that his condition is serious, though comfortable.

Wm. O'Donnell Wounded.

William O'Donnell, who left St. John with the 55th Battalion, was wounded in the front with a bullet in the shoulder. It will be noticed that in the Canadian Press list he is reported wounded.

Rothesay Boy Dies.

On Sunday at Rothesay word of the death of Gunner George A. Pierce in the Royal Hubert Hospital, England, was received. He was one of the first Rothesay boys to offer his services for his king and country, having gone to England with the rest of the Canadian contingent under Major Frank Macleod. He leaves his mother, Mrs. S. L. Price of Rothesay (Mrs.), and five brothers—Leonard, of Rothesay, William, Turner, Chapman and Stephen, and also two sisters—Mrs. Knox and Mrs. Jedrey, all of the United States.

Fredericton Mourns Two.

Fredericton mourns two gallant officers. The young men were Lieutenant Charles H. Hobkirk, son of Q. M. Sgt. and Mrs. H. B. Hobkirk, and Lieutenant Leslie McKnight, son of Mr. and Mrs. John McKnight.

Lieutenant McKnight was twenty-seven years of age and had been an officer with a western battalion on the firing line. He was principal of the McCauley School at Edmonton (Alta.), previous to securing a commission in the 55th Battalion, with which unit he went to England. Later he transferred to another western unit and accompanied it to the firing line. The gallant young officer died at the front since June and was in charge of the bombing section according to the information contained in the last letter received from him by his parents. The late Lieutenant McKnight was a graduate of the University of New Brunswick having been granted an M. A. He also took a post graduate course at Columbia University, New York, and was recognized as a brilliant school teacher. While at U. N. B. he was prominent in athletics, being a star football player and one of the best basketball players in Eastern Canada. The late Lieutenant McKnight also figured on several baseball teams and was a fine athlete in every way. Besides his parents, two brothers, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gilspie, who for the

(continued on page 7, column 4).

Every Woman's Ambition For Rosy Cheeks Now Easily Satisfied

Hollow cheeks with dark lines, sallow complexion—how a woman hates them. But rosy cheeks, clear skin, bright eyes—give them to a woman and she is happy.

In the blood is found the first sign of trouble.

It grows thin and watery, its color fades, and increasing pallor and sallow cheeks give the outward evidence of the change within.

Soon the nerves weaken, the heart easily tires and palpitates, strength declines.

The delicate mechanism of the woman's body is interfered with and pleasure, activities and even duties are loaden down with the burden of declining health.

What is it that women neglect the first warning?

Usually she waits till she is ready to drop—often then it's too late.

These conditions are easily checked, easily cured at the beginning—but even when long established Ferrozone will remove the cause and cure the trouble.

Ferrozone's action aids the three principal functions of the body—digestion, assimilation, elimination.

By strengthening digestion it forms an abundance of rich, red blood—this gives good color.

By perfecting assimilation, Ferrozone supplies nutrition—this gives strength, vivacity, ability.

Elimination is assured because Ferrozone quietens the actions of the liver, kidneys and bowels—this guarantees the maintenance of vigorous health.

Ferrozone puts you on the right road—the one that leads to health.

Not a man, woman or child needing blood, vigor, endurance—not a person who is weak, nervous or sickly, not a person in ill-health who won't receive immediate help from Ferrozone.

As a tonic and restorative, Ferrozone is unrivaled. It cures because it feeds and nourishes, because it contains the elements that build up and strengthen. Try it yourself—sold everywhere in 30c boxes.

GUNNER GEO. A. PIERCE

Buried lived long in St. John. He went to the front with the 26th Battalion. Besides his wife he leaves four small children. It will be noticed that in the Canadian Press list he is reported wounded.

Rothesay Boy Dies.

On Sunday at Rothesay word of the death of Gunner George A. Pierce in the Royal Hubert Hospital, England, was received. He was one of the first Rothesay boys to offer his services for his king and country, having gone to England with the rest of the Canadian contingent under Major Frank Macleod. He leaves his mother, Mrs. S. L. Price of Rothesay (Mrs.), and five brothers—Leonard, of Rothesay, William, Turner, Chapman and Stephen, and also two sisters—Mrs. Knox and Mrs. Jedrey, all of the United States.

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(continued on page 7, column 4).

THE SPIRIT OF THEIR FOREFATHERS



Vive les Canadiens-Français.

Britain's new war monsters of the land were first introduced that Pte. Kent was wounded. When war broke out and his time was up in the American army he longed for real action, and, following that desire, he went to Montreal, where he enlisted in B Company of the 69th French-Canadians, under Major R. H. K. Williams. On arrival in England the English company of the 69th was transferred to the 23rd reserve battalion, and later young Kent was sent to France in a draft for the 10th battalion, though he was slightly disabled. This was that he was wounded. An official report says that he had been admitted to the first western general hospital at Liverpool. He is thirty-two years of age, and was born near Campbellton, N. B., but was

now residing in the United States. Formerly Miss Doyle, and they have three young children. Mrs. Frank Trebilcar and Mrs. Michael Donovan are sister and brother.

Albert Gives Another

Hopewell Hill, Sept. 27.—(Special)—A telegram was received at Albert today bringing the sad news that Pte. David Rossiter, son of David Rossiter, here, had been killed in action on the Belgian front. The deceased young man was 24 years of age and for some time lived at Albert, where he was highly regarded.

Friends at Albert received letters from him only a week or so ago which were written in a cheerful vein, though it was stated they were having a hot time. Pte. Rossiter went over with the 55th Battalion and was afterwards transferred in a draft to the 23rd. He is survived by his parents and several brothers and sisters.

Captain Cahen's Condition Serious.

C. H. Cahen, K.C., of Halifax, has received a cable stating that his son, Captain John P. Cahen, 1st Canadian Pioneer Corps, is in No. 7 Stationary Hospital, Boulogne, with a wound in the lower part of the spine, and that his condition is serious, though comfortable.

Wm. O'Donnell Wounded.

Among the wounded in Wednesday morning's casualty list is Pioneer Frederick Gardner crossed with the First Canadian Pioneers and his battalion performed some splendid work in the face of dangerous conditions. He, however, went through the most desperate fighting without injury, and it is not until a few days ago that he was wounded.

Pte. Gardner is son of a gaunt family. His father, Pte. H. F. Gardner, of West St. John, is now on the firing line, having crossed to England with the 55th Battalion and was sent to France in a reinforcing detachment. A brother, Pte. F. P. Gardner, tried vainly to enlist with a fighting battalion but was turned down on account of physical disability. Not deterred by this, however, he managed to enlist with a Canadian Construction battalion and has since crossed to England, where he is at present stationed. The Gardner family has thus given its best to the empire in its hour of need. This is its first casualty. Such families represent the sinews of the nation while we are at war.

Pte. John Greaves.

Mrs. John Greaves of 10 Brunswick street, has received word from Ottawa that her husband, Private Greaves, has been admitted to hospital in Chatham, England, suffering from a gunshot wound in the shoulder on September 20. Private Greaves is a native of Stockport, England, and had lived for some time in Campbellton, N. B., before coming to St. John about two years before he was declared. He left St. John with an infantry battalion in the second contingent. He is only twenty-three years of age. His brother-in-law, Albert Edward Peacock, is a member of the first contingent.

Pte. J. J. McGinnis.

Private James Joseph McGinnis, who threw up his position in Melrose, Mass., to come to St. John to enlist, is reported officially to be suffering from a severe attack of the grippe in the grippe. He was admitted to the 1st Military hospital at Newcastle-in-Tyne, on September 20. He enlisted in St. John with the 55th and was sent to the front with the 2nd. He is nineteen years of age. The word was received by Miss Buckland.

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Pte. Stanley Gilbert.

Mrs. H. J. Reinhardt of 125 St. John street, west St. John, has received word from Ottawa that her brother, Corporal Stanley A. Gilbert, has been wounded for the second time, this time in the head, and has been admitted to a hospital in France. He was enlisting in the 6th C. M. R. he was farming at Port Elgin. Mrs. Reinhardt has already suffered the loss of two brothers who have been killed at the front and her husband is at present suffering from shell shock. Her wounded brother is twenty-four years of age.

Pte. McColl Wounded.

A report from Newcastle says that Mr. and Mrs. John McColl, of Old Town Road, received word on Saturday that their son, Pte. James McColl, of the 55th Battalion, had been wounded in the left leg. He was admitted to the Reading War Hospital in England on the 20th of September.

In Appreciation of Officers.

At their meeting on Monday the fire underwriters adopted the following resolution:

The New Brunswick Board of Fire Underwriters have heard with profound regret of the death of Captain Frank R. Fairweather and Charles Mann were deeply grieved to learn of the sudden death of their friend, Captain Fairweather, general agent of the Sun office, who was killed in action at the western front on the 17th day of September, 1916.

Captain Fairweather had been a prominent member of this board for many years. His energy, perseverance and ability were recognized by all.

Upon the outbreak of the war he at once

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH
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R. W. McCREADY,
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Advertisements of Wants. For Sale, etc., one cent a word for each insertion.

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Correspondence must be addressed to the Editor of The Telegraph, St. John.

All letters sent to The Semi-Weekly Telegraph and intended for publication should contain stamps if return of manuscript is desired in case it is not published. Otherwise, rejected letters are destroyed.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph and The News

ST. JOHN, N.B., SEPTEMBER 30, 1916

COMMENT ON CARLETON VERSUS DICT.

Speaking as a Conservative to Conservatives, Mr. J. L. Stewart, M. P. P., editor and proprietor of the Chatham World, has this to say of the Carleton county election:

"Whatever satisfaction we might feel, as Conservatives, at the Conservative victory in Carleton, is overwhelmed by the humiliating thought that it means the endorsement of Mr. Flemming and the racially blackmail scheme he is employing in bleeding lessees of Crown lands."

Just so. New Brunswickers are face to face with the fact that Mr. Flemming was endorsed and embraced by the local and Federal government parties, by the machine, by the party press—including the "independent" section—and was held up as a grand man and a fitting representative by Premier Clarke, by Hon. Mr. Baxter, by the effusive Minister of Agriculture, by the Rev. Mr. Daggett, and by many another leader and lieutenant of the brazen circle that rules New Brunswick.

The reputation of the Clarke-Baxter government, and its chances, are discussed by the Montreal Herald in reviewing the Carleton vote. It says:

"It is a poor enough triumph for the Government which, in other constituencies, has found it impossible to get a new Minister of Public Works elected, owing to the indignation of the people at the long record of political dishonesty with which the present administration is handicapped. * * * Possibly it may mean that they will be able to hang on to office for the rest of the term. It is not likely. New Brunswick will hardly congratulate itself on the outcome of this Carleton county election. It means that New Brunswick alone of all the provinces in the Dominion has failed to deliver a decisive rebuke to political dishonesty. It will be another story, however, when the province at large is heard from."

That is the general conviction here, at least. As to Carleton county, there was much doubt as to the result; but when the electors in the other counties get a chance to speak, New Brunswick will follow Manitoba and British Columbia.

A few newspapers have tried to represent the victory of the Hon. Benjamin Franklin Smith as indicating a willingness on the part of New Brunswick to forgive and forget all the sins of Mr. Flemming and of the men who succeeded him and perpetuated his methods. The Ottawa Journal so misinterpreted the news from Carleton and spoke of Mr. Flemming as having been accused of "misuse of office." The Ottawa Citizen makes this rejoinder:

"How very nice: misuse of office! The political combination found Premier Flemming guilty of taking money from government contractors, and of practically compelling them to pay it. Ex-Premier Flemming, however, has still, perhaps, a promising political career before him. He is the Conservative nominee for the next Federal election, to oppose Mr. Frank Carvel * * * and of course ex-Premier Flemming, sitting by Sir Robert Borden, and Hon. Robert Rogers, would be a true representative of Canadian political ideals in the House of Commons than the unconventional Frank Carvel with his two-edged sword of criticism."

The Fredericton Gleaner: "congratulates Mr. Flemming upon the splendid endorsement which the people of Carleton gave him." As the government candidates endorsed Mr. Flemming, and as all of the cabinet ministers who spoke in Carleton county did so, making his cause their cause, the electors in the other counties know what they have before them. They know what the government stands for. It is well to have these matters perfectly understood. The Carleton county fight was well advertised. The government's public reunion with Mr. Flemming and its selection of Mr. B. F. Smith as head of the largest spending department, will unquestionably strengthen the public determination to strike down the government just so soon as the wretched ministry can persuade itself to go to the country.

BEFORE AND AFTER TAKING.

Two newspaper men who edited daily journals here some years ago, and who are now engaged in that uplifting pursuit in British Columbia—Mr. C. H. Lugin of the Victoria Colonist and Mr. S. D. Scott of the Vancouver News-Advertiser—have been winning additional fame in connection with the recent elections in the Pacific province in which the Bowser government met overwhelming defeat. The new achievements of these former St. John editors are the subject

of an amusing comment by a special writer in the Manitoba Free Press. He says:

"We have added to our scrap-book collection the leading editorial in the Victoria Colonist the day before the elections in British Columbia, predicting a glorious triumph for the Bowser government, and doing so at length how no other outcome of the election was possible. It is almost worthy of a press company with certain vaunting confident predictions that were made in this province before the general elections of two years ago."

"We have also put in our scrap-book the leading editorial in the Vancouver News-Advertiser on Friday last, the day after the elections. It says:

"We do not wish to disguise the fact that the government has met a reverse. The adverse vote of a majority of the electors who did not go to the war is a serious blow. It is not unlikely that Mr. Bowser may find himself in a minority, and that Mr. Brewster shall be called upon to form a ministry."

But the time for the validating election has not arrived. If it shall be found, when the returns come in, that the Bowser Ministry has been retired we shall learn the fact with regret.

"We do not wish to disguise the fact that the government has met a reverse. It is good. It is worthy of preservation."

Peradventure the work of disguising the color of that which has overtaken the Bowser administration, and which to the public eye bears the bilious complexion of something even more than a reverse, will be a work of increasing difficulty. It is set down in the Gospel according to St. Matthew that a prophet is not without honor save in his own country. Also, it is written there: "And if the blind lead the blind, both shall fall into the ditch." And again: "Ye blind guides, which strain at a gnat and swallow a camel." Because a faithful servant of the McBride-Bowser combination had swallowed the Bowser camel for years with seeming pride and delight, it by no means followed that the electorate would do so. The by-elections in Victoria and Vancouver should have prepared almost any type of prophet to recognize the tidal wave when it arrived; but it would appear that in some cases a certain habit of thought, long pursued, dulls the edge of perception of blights frankness of speech and purpose. Those writers who sought to assist Mr. Bowser in keeping the lid on are in no small measure responsible for his downfall and for the harm he was able to do to the people, at last awake, plucked him from the place of honor they had given him.

CONGRATULATIONS.

Said Seneca: "He has committed the crime who has derived the profits." This, says one commentator, "as a general maxim is true, but not without some exceptions."

One of the most pleasing exhibits in connection with the Carleton county election was a sheaf of congratulatory telegrams laid at the feet of the Hon. Benjamin Franklin Smith, in the hour of his victory, the victory of Mr. Flemming, the victory of the Rev. Mr. Daggett, and of Premier Clarke, the Hon. Mr. Baxter, the Hon. James Murray, and others who had actively to do with the recent "uplift" activities in Carleton county.

Foremost among the eager patriots who wired expressions of delight and relief upon learning that Hon. Mr. Smith had carried the day and that there would be no more royal commissions for the present, was Mr. J. W. Brantley. The name seems familiar, and upon second thought it appears that it was this gentleman who visited the Hon. James K. Flemming on one occasion which afterwards became famous, in the Premier's room at the Barker House. It was then that Mr. E. R. Teed was introduced to Mr. Brantley by Mr. Flemming who assured him that anything Mr. Teed said, did, or arranged, would be "all right."

The public will be interested in Mr. Brantley's telegram, and in others, because of the light they shed upon the government party's hypocritical pretense that the old and evil days of Flemming are gone and that after his departure all of the government's transactions were marked by purity and single-hearted devotion to the public interest.

Passing Mr. Brantley by after this identification, we discover a telegram from Mr. M. J. Robichaud. Presumably this is Mr. Martin J. Robichaud, M. P. P., colleague of Mr. A. J. H. Stewart, of Gloucester, who recently lost the number of his political mess through the activities of Mr. Royal Commissioner Chandler. It would, perhaps, be unfair to introduce here, as of a sort of spectre at the feast, Mr. Commissioner Chandler's official opinion regarding Mr. Robichaud. Let us merely identify the author of the telegram and pass on.

"A thousand congratulations to your noble self and Mayor Sutton in your great victory!" These burning words were despatched to the Hon. Benjamin Franklin by Mr. P. J. Mahoney of Westmorland. This glowing pronouncement is of interest merely as showing that Mr. Mahoney learned nothing from the verdict in Westmorland, and prefers to cling to the discredited government in the vain hope that the rest of the province may follow the example of Carleton rather than that of his own county.

"Congratulations; I knew you would do it." Such is the message of Commissioner Rapert N. Wigmore. Do what Mr. Wigmore?

And high on the list of these luminous company of congratulators is discovered Mr. James H. Crocket, from whom a message in this hour must be peculiarly gratifying to Mr. Smith because, only a few months ago, while the Legislature was in session, the Crocket publication warned Mr. Smith to be silent and to mend his ways as he had "already caused the party trouble enough." Evidently something occurred in the interval to lead the sensitive soul of this journalistic mediator between warring contestants, Allies were taken unawares, occupied a great deal of alien soil. But after the

HEROIC BRITISH AVIATOR



Lieutenant William Robinson, the daring English aviator who brought down a Zeppelin during the recent air raid near London.

jamin words which will excite quick laughter wherever read:

"As usual, you have also this time done it up artistically."

What meaning a sophisticated public is to draw from this sentence, and particularly from the words "as usual," is not precisely clear, but evidently the reference is to many other artistic achievements in the career of the Hon. Mr. Smith which naturally excited the approval and admiration of the Gleamer man. "Birds of a feather."

Mr. George B. Jones, M. P. P., of Kings, congratulated Mr. Smith upon winning in spite of the immense corruption fund employed by the vicious opposition. This is a happy conceit indeed, coming from Mr. Jones. The pub-

will remain in public life."

Mr. J. K. Pinder, York county, a battered but faithful stalwart, who has been assailed at times by many leaders on his own side of politics, wires his congratulations and adds: "Lies and mud-slinging never succeed." By this, Mr. Pinder evidently means that he and Mr. Smith have both long been victims of slander, and it may be imagined that his mind dwells with particular resentment upon the exposure of transactions in connection with the famous Southampton railway. He can feel for Mr. Smith. Like Mr. Flemming, Mr. Pinder "intends to remain in public life."

Dr. O. B. Price, Mr. Thomas Nagle, Mr. Philip Grannan, and Mr. Fred Macneill are also included in the list of those who shared Mr. Smith's joy and triumph. Mr. Nagle describes the election as "a great victory for good government."

There is a man measured by his own words.

And, finally, there comes a warm message from the Hon. J. Douglas Hazen, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, whose Federal candidate, Mr. James K. Flemming, was the leading figure on the government side in the Carleton county election. Having ushered Mr. Hazen into his self-chosen place in the glittering company described and identified, why say another word?

HOW THEY STAND.

Omitting the great colonies which the Allies have wrested from Germany, which would, of course, much more than balance the account, the New York Evening Post gives the following table showing approximately how the belligerent Powers stand with respect to the territory they have taken from one another during the war:

Central Powers:	Square miles.
Prussia	11,078
Austria	9,170
Italy	1,000
Poland	40,100
Russia	87,500
Serbia	38,900
Montenegro	5,600
Albania	11,000
Dobrudja	3,200
Total	180,675
The Allies:	Square miles.
Austria	125
To Italy	700
Bukowina	4,000
Galicia	9,000
Transylvania	7,500
Turkey	
Asia Minor	30,000
Mesopotamia	10,000
Total	61,325

The German colonies already captured contain about a million square miles of territory, but although possession of these will undoubtedly exercise a strong influence upon the future of the belligerent nations, it is to territory in Europe and Asia that all eyes are turned today. During the first year and a half of the war Germany, on the aggressive everywhere, and successful because of its long preparation and the fact that the Germans were taken unawares, occupied a great deal of alien soil. But after the

home to assist in meeting these obligations of honor. Failure to meet them would be shameful in the extreme.

The needs of the fund for next year are to be met by taxation, but the money still needed for this year is to be raised by voluntary effort. At present the fund is disbursing more than is being raised, and the deficit must be made good. It is, in the highest sense, a debt of honor. Each must give as he can, according to his ability, if he would be true to the men who are doing our fighting overseas. They have faced perils beyond any previously known in war. They have earned the right to demand an accounting from all who have remained at home. When they ask us how we have lived up to our obligations we should be able to answer without shame or hesitation. If we would do so the Fund must be completed. This is essentially a matter for immediate action.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The Canadian war loan is already over-subscribed by \$100,000,000. In Monday's mail some applications for \$27,000,000 were received in Ottawa. Doubtless another loan will be announced soon. The response is most significant.

** * *

Late is better than never. President Wilson abandons neutrality. In his speech of acceptance he said: "No nation can any longer remain neutral against any wilful disturbance of the peace of the world." Will Mr. Hughes say more, or say much? Will he, like Mr. Wilson, adopt this view, which Mr. Asquith and Sir Edward Grey long ago promulgated?

As an engine of war the Zeppelin is a confessed failure. As an instrument of murder it is successful. "There is," says the New York Tribune, "only one thing that German treachery has accomplished in this world so far. It has dug a gulf between the German and the rest of civilised mankind. Millions of men for the rest of their lifetime will feel toward the German as most of mankind feels toward a snake."

"The change of one set of rulers for another will in itself accomplish little," by means of which they will be able to take from Germany, not only all but some of its own in addition. Since January 1 last the Allies have gained extensive tracts from the Germans in the face of the most desperate resistance. In fact, the Allies have reconquered 40,000 square miles of territory during the present year, during which time Germany and its partners have taken only about 8,400 square miles. Most of the Allies' gains have been since the beginning of this last summer, and at the rate of 10,000 square miles a month, which is the present rate, Germany's holding of enemy soil will soon be reduced to zero. The Post expects the reconquest of Serbia, Montenegro and Albania in the near future, which would place 50,000 square miles additional to the credit of the Allies. Of the situation today the Post makes this impressive summary:

"Thus in the matching of area against battalions it is the battalions that have been winning. At the beginning of the year the conquests of the Central Powers were to the conquests of the Allies as 7 to 1. Today they are only 8 to 1. And that is judging of the progress of the war by Germany's own standard. As a matter of fact Bethmann-Hollweg's war-map had meaning, because its meaning was assumed. The British and French were supposed to be up against a stone wall, and that was completely out of it. The only real permanent factor in the war-map situation was the one that Bethmann-Hollweg left out of the reckoning and that was the sea. The Anglo-French have not been brought to a standstill. The Russians have come back bringing the Roumanians with them. Italy has reasserted herself. There is a Serb army in the field once more. But the sea is closed to Germany, and there is no one in Germany who doubts that it will remain closed. One can imagine France fighting with her occupied departments. One can imagine Russia going on after the loss of Poland and her western provinces. What is impossible to imagine is Germany surviving with the sea shut against her."

The Kaiser, in one of his boastful messages long ago, said that the future of Germany was on the water. He probably had been reading one of the books in which Bernhardi burned incense before enthroned brutality. The Kaiser made a gambler's bid for world power. Today wherever he may look he sees only the dark mists of humiliation and death.

GIVE NOW—A DEBT OF HONOR.

Wednesday, Sept. 27.

Sir Herbert Ames' lucid and striking presentation of the aims, claims and present position of the Patriotic Fund, and of the duty of all of us in connection with it, is among the most interesting and important news of this morning. By enabling a large number of his fellow-citizens to hear the story from Sir Herbert after dinner last evening, Senator Thorne performed, with his customary grace, a public service of no scant merit. That which the chief guest of the evening did so well for the national fund in the way of exposition and advocacy, was done for the local fund by Mr. C. B. Allan, who explained the value of the fund, the absolute necessity for raising it to the level of the need, and the equitable manner in which it is distributed.

Perhaps few if any ever before understood so clearly the duty of the community to those left behind by our fighting men as they understood it when Sir Herbert Ames finished his remarks last evening at the Cliff Club.

When the cause needed men most the volunteers were given certain explicit assurances concerning the support which the country would extend to their dependents. These were sacred pledges which must be met, fully, even generously. It is the duty of everyone here at the time of the war to help the government and the Legislature to assist in meeting these obligations of honor. Failure to meet them would be shameful in the extreme.

peated in the Carleton campaign by several ministers of the Crown, including all of the men from whose number a substitute for Mr. Flemming as a Federal candidate could be chosen. These later proceedings have elicited no protest from the Globe. If it felt strongly on these matters it suppressed its feelings as it suppressed a recent letter on farming out public printing. Candidates of the opposition who seek election to the Legislature should be scrutinized as to character and capacity. If any man has proof that any of them is unfit he should produce his evidence. A new government must come soon. It should be both honest and efficient. Care in the premises, therefore, is a public duty. But it is an obvious and pressing public duty to evict the government of the day. Mr. Stewart of the Chatham Word is a critic of the opposition, it is true, but he has said, and still maintains, that the way to reform the present local government is to "kick it out." How says the Globe on that question? Will it speak for not the opposition—but for the public interest? Or will it continue to nurse its share of the patronage of two governments and pose as a chaste independent?

** * *

Government newspapers report that

Mr. Allan, a Northumbrian M.P., has sought the shelter of public office—receiving an appointment in connection with the pen

The Troop Train.
Through peaceful fields the long train rushes by,
And o'er the rumbling roar of hurrying wheels.
Rises the sound of cheering, loud and high,
While every crowded window-pane reveals
The eager lads, who wave a cheery hand,
Bidding farewell to this most pleasant land.

A pleasant land, yet one whose very peace makes it appeal, that all her sons must hear;

To guard her well until her wars shall cease,

To peril all for her they hold most dear;
Battling against the waves of that grey sea.

Rolled back across the fields of Picardy, from this, the heaven of peace, to that strange land—

Of ruined village and of shell-ploughed earth,
Where they shall meet the foemen hand to hand.

They go triumphantly to prove their worth.

To share a glorious labor, well begun,

To carry on for those whose task is done,

So shall they cheer when up the death-swept slope.

They charge, unheedful of the fiery blast,

And thence steel fulfil the desperate blow,

Winning the crown of victory at last

For those young, ringing voices, proud and gay,

There sounds the pledge of triumph in the fray!

—Touchstone, in London Daily Mail.

SCHOOL GARDEN FAIR.

Hampton, Sept. 22.—On Thursday afternoon in the assembly hall of the Consolidated school the pupils held their first school garden fair and the present intentions are to have it established as an annual event.

Among those present were R. P. Steeves, provincial director of school gardens, and Assistant Director E. C. Robinson.

The exhibits included produce from school gardens and home plots, wood-work, cardboard work, sewing, preserves, pickles, pressed plants, weed seeds, cultivated flowers, wild flowers, plasticine work, writing and drawing.

The following judges were appointed:

Mrs. G. Howard, Mrs. J. E. Angevine, sewing and canning; Miss Turnbull, E. C. Robinson, garden produce; Curtis Hicks, wood-work.

Certificates were awarded to the following pupils who won two or more prizes:

Jack Angevine—1st, green tomatoes;

Eliza Jack—2nd, ripe tomatoes.

Dorothy Macle—1st, nasturtium; sun-tum; 1st, sewing (grade VIII); 2nd, jelly.

Leah Frost—1st, sewing grade VI;

2nd, onions.

Lillian Campbell—1st, carrots; 1st, jelly.

Genevieve Frost—1st, bouquet sweet peas; 2nd, bouquet asters.

Laura Manning—1st, aster bouquet; 1st, sewing (grade V.)

Sadie Ross—1st, wild flowers; 1st, cardboard work.

Mabel Carson—1st, pressed plants.

During the afternoon short addresses were delivered by Mr. Steeves to the different grades and altogether the affair was a very pleasant one.

LUMBERMEN TO ORGANIZE.

Bangor, N. S., Sept. 26.—Lumbermen of Maine and New Brunswick are planning to organize an association that will embrace all branches of the lumber business, with membership including mill owners, operators and timber land owners.

The preliminary meeting for the purpose of forming this organization has just been held in Bangor and a second meeting will be held next month.

A. W. Brown of Van Buren, president of the St. John Lumber Company, the largest lumber company in New England, acted as chairman of the first meeting, and others who were present included John Smith, manager of the Sterns Lumber Co., Bangor; James Q. Duliac, president of the Bangor Lumber Co., of Bangor; Fleetwood Pride, of Houlton; Mr. McWilliams, of the Ashland Lumber Co., and John Morrison, of Fredericton (N. B.).

The organization will be international in character, and for the mutual benefit of the lumbermen members. It is intended to have a big, live and progressive organization.

Albert County News.

Hopewell Hill, Sept. 28.—J. S. Hayward, who has been conducting a general store at Riverside for the past few years, is closing out his business. George W. Newcomb, merchant of this place, has a considerable part of Mr. Hayward's stock, including dry goods, groceries and boots and shoes.

Miss Bessie Graves has bought out the stock and is taking over the millinery business of Mrs. Hayland, at Albert.

Mrs. Richard Hawkins, of Wetaskewin, Alberta, who has been spending some weeks at her old home here, has been quite ill and confined to the house the past week. Dr. Murray, of Albert, has been attending her. Mrs. Hawkins' friends will be glad to know, she is now convalescing though still quite unwell.

The telephones are being sold and appreciated till they are missing, was well illustrated yesterday when the telephone service was closed down during the afternoon and evening, on account of the changing of the switchboard at the Albert central. The workmen were several hours effecting the change, during which communication with the outside world was cut off.

SHOT A BEAR.

Welsford, Sept. 27.—William Speight shot a fine bear on Saturday last in the vicinity of Speight Settlement. It weighed 200 pounds.

Harvest festival services were held last Sunday at the Anglican services, which were well attended. The churches were beautifully decorated, and special sermons were delivered.

The Methodist pulpits last Sunday, were filled by the Rev. A. D. McCull, of Salisbury, having exchanged with the pastor here.

A FINE CROP.

Hopewell Hill, Sept. 27.—Bradbury Robinson has some Seafleet potatoes, which if they are a sample of product in this line hereabout, would certainly indicate a bumper crop. Six of the tubers shown by Mr. Robinson weighed seven pounds. A Seafleet is a variety not supposed to be of particularly large growth; this would seem to be a pretty good record.

Moncton, N. B., Sept. 26.—Mrs. T. W. Van derstine, Sunny Brae, had a narrow escape last evening when a rifle bullet crashed through the window in her house. The bullet, a .308, went through the clock and a wall, lodging in the door. Whether it was fired by a hunter or by a careless youth is unknown.

Canadian Women Prove Great Help in The Munitions Work

Making From \$2 to \$4.50 a Day and in Some Branches Are Better Than Men

Montreal, Sept. 27.—An inspection of some of the big munition plants here by several Ontario manufacturers under the guidance of the Imperial Munitions Board, proved a revelation, especially in reference to the great work being done by women. The Canadian manufacturers are able to do as much as they are doing, due in no small measure to the manner in which the women have taken up work which ordinarily would be considered unsuitable for female labor. Not only have they come forward in a large number in a patriotic desire to assist in the great cause, but their work has proved amazingly efficient, so much so, that in certain operations their labor is admittedly superior to that of the men.

It is believed that the output of many of the big plants would materially increase if it were only realized to what an extent it is possible to utilize female labor. The work is not nearly so laborious as might be supposed owing to the introduction of the most modern labor-saving machinery, and the remuneration is particularly good. The lowest wages paid any of the women is \$2 a day and many of them make as much as \$4.50 a day. After a certain figure is reached the manufacturers pay a bonus which stimulates the workers to put forth their best efforts.

At one plant visited yesterday some 200 women are engaged in various operations on the heaviest shells now being made in Canada. Care has been taken in the classification of work to suit the different operations, with the result that the large plant is running without friction and the output is already going up. So much for the heavy work.

At another plant there are more than 600 women and girls engaged upon lighter and more intricate work. Here where the operations are more delicate and intricate, the more sensitive touch of the women makes them admittedly superior to men, and their reliability from day to day is leading to good results.

At still another plant there are more than 1,000 women and girls employed upon light and more intricate work. Here where the operations are more delicate and intricate, the more sensitive touch of the women makes them admittedly superior to men, and their reliability from day to day is leading to good results.

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At still another

OFFICER PAYS PRICE; POPULAR N.C.O'S OF 26TH ARE IN LIST

Card Received in City Tells of Death of British Officer Who Spent Some Time Here with His Unit—J. W. Casey in Last Night's List as Wounded—Sergt. O. D. White Killed—George Given Reported Killed in Action.

"I've done my soldier bit—I've paid the price." These were the words written on a field card received in St. John a short time ago from an officer who lay dying on a hospital cot in France. The officer, well known in St. John, had crossed the ocean with a Canadian C.E.F. unit and had dropped his majority in order to get to France. He had been there before. One of the first to reach French soil with the first clatter of war, he was wounded, and on recovery returned again.

It was in the big fight on the Somme front that he was wounded on the death and as he lay on his cot he dropped the card to his friend. But a few days ago he wrote, "I've done my soldier bit—I've paid the price." Today he is dead. Tomorrow the nation mourns the passing of a gallant officer.

He did not belong to St. John; he was not even a Canadian, but he spent months here with his battalion before going overseas and made many friends. A soldier by profession he had measured the price—he had probed the sacrifice to its depths—he knew how to die.

Sergeant White Dead.

"He was a splendid soldier, I valued him highly as an N.C.O. and from the time he enlisted he was marked for promotion," was the tribute given by Capt. F. F. May, to the late Sergeant O. B. White of the 26th Battalion who was last night reported in the official casualty list as "died of wounds."

Sergeant White was a Sheldiac (N.B.) boy but at the outbreak of the war he was working 'neath the stars and stripes. He at once threw down his tools and returned to his native province and enlisted in the 26th Battalion, being in the company commanded by Capt. F. F. May. He was a French-Canadian and had the fiery vim and go of that race coupled with the dogged determination of a New Brunsvicker. After Capt. May was wounded and sent to England Sergeant White was again promoted and at the time he himself was wounded he was sergeant in charge of No. 12 platoon.

Sergt.-Major Corey Wounded.

Last night's casualty list contained the name of Sergt.-Major J. W. Corey of the 26th Battalion, a native of Canada, Queens county. This young man is one of the finest soldiers the province has given. He was a trained and qualified sergeant in the cavalry when the war broke out and gave up his rank and enlisted as a private. Later he was restored to his rank as sergeant and shortly after his first battle he was made company sergeant-major. He was a member of the coronation contingent of the 26th Dragoons and during his stay in the city with Colonel McAvity's unit became very popular. His career overseas has been watched with much interest and although he has been in the thick of the fighting for more than a year he has escaped unscathed up till now. His many friends will hope that his wounds are not serious.

Hockey Player Wounded.

Sportmen throughout the maritime provinces will regret to learn of the wounding of Private Marcel F. Belliveau, of the Mounties Rifles. The official telegram received by relatives in Moncton states that he was admitted to No. 8 General Hospital, Rouen, on September 21, dangerous ill with gunshot wound in his chest.

Marcel Belliveau was one of the best hockey players that has ever chased a puck in the maritime provinces and like true sportsman he was enlisted when the call of his king sounded. His many friends will concur in a wish that he will recover from his wounds.

J. A. Chandler Wounded.

Grenadier J. A. Chandler who is reported in the official list as wounded to the head, is listed as missing. It is given as St. John, is a son of E. A. Chandler, formerly divisional surveyor of the C. P. R. with headquarters in St. John, and now resident engineer in Woodstock. Jack, who is twenty-one years of age, was engaged in the engineering department in Woodstock before enlisting. When war was declared he took a course of instruction and qualified as a lieutenant. His appointment did not come soon enough to suit him so he resigned his commission and enlisted in the ranks of the 26th Battalion. Still serving in England he apparently was transferred to the artillery. His father was an artillery lieutenant in the militia and served at Partridge Island for some time after the outbreak of war.

Eugene Woodrow Wounded.

Victor J. Woodrow of 61 Market Place, West St. John, has received word from Ottawa that his son, Driver Eugene F. Woodrow, supply services, was admitted to No. 2 Stationary hospital at Boulogne, France, suffering from wounds in the right leg and thigh. Driver Woodrow, who was nineteen years of age only this month, left St. John with No. 5 company, C. A. S. C. under Major McKeen and this is his first injury. Before enlisting he was employed with Northrup & Co., South Ward.

Corp. J. Edward McKinney

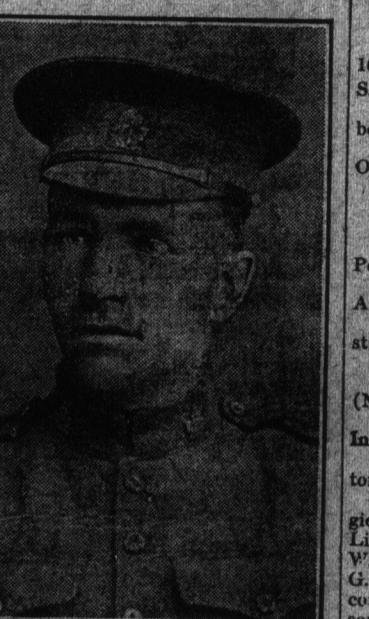
James McKinney of the customs staff received word yesterday that his second son, Corporal J. Edward McKinney, had been wounded. A card from the wounded soldier merely said that he was being removed to the base hospital and was doing well. A letter adds that he was wounded in the groin by a high explosive.

Corp. McKinney was with an explosive unit. He was in the mechanical transport of the Army Service Corps, the only Canadian in it, and was permitted to wear his Canadian army badges. Corp. McKinney was in charge of the motor truck of the fire department here before enlisting. A host of friends will learn with regret that he has been wounded. He has a brother also at the front.

Private Given Killed.

George Given, although not living under the empire's flag when war was declared, heard his country's call and answered. Now, after only a short period of service at the front, he lies beneath the soil of France or Flanders, another who has given his life bravely and cheerfully for the sake of those who remain at home.

Private Given, who was in his twenty-fourth year, was a son of David Given, 47 St. James street. Besides his street, More in This List.



AUSTRALIAN TROOPS ON SALONIKA FRONT

This shows wounded Australian troops being lifted into ambulances in the camps back of the first line trenches on the Salonic front. The wounded have been carried to the camps by hand stretchers.

Died of Wounds.

Harry W. Smith, 69 Russell street, Halifax (N.S.)
John Johnson, Truro (N.S.)

Wounded.
William Pettley, 58 Lewis street, Moncton (N.B.)
Edward A. Power, Halifax (N.S.)
Pioneer Henry Huestis Reinhart, 164 Spring Garden Row, Halifax (N.S.)
Glen Allen Harlow, Sable River, Shelburne Co. (N.S.)
Charles William Hartling, Jeddore Oyster Pond (N.S.)
Charles Sutton, Chandler (P.E.I.)
John Thibodeau, Springfield (N.S.)
William Jason Inverness (C.B.)
Sergeant George L. Gillaspie Point, Victoria Co. (N.S.)
Sergeant Ernest R. M. Malinsson, 246 Agricola street, Halifax (N.S.)
Patrick Joe Moore, 946 Barrington street, Halifax (N.S.)
Stanley Moulton, Newfoundland (N.S.)
E. G. Odew, Vulcan avenue, Sydney (N.S.)
Owen, Ont., Sept. 25.

INFANTRY.

Archibald Parker, Prince William street, St. John (N.B.)
Wounded.
John Robichaud, Yarmouth (N.S.)
John Ross, St. Croix, Hants Co. (N.S.)
Corporal Robert L. Rogers, Yarmouth (N.S.)
Frederick George Rout, 21h Gerris street, Halifax (N.S.)
Owen B. Hodgson, Woods Harbor (N.S.)
Lance Corporal Ernest F. Rogers, Eskine street, Dartmouth (N.S.)
Cyril A. Martin, 62 South Park street, Halifax (N.S.)
Sergt. Philip MacIntosh MacDonald, Sydney (N.S.)
Corporal Wm. Morrison, St. George's Church, Water Bay (N.S.)
Francis Pickover, Lake Road, Caledonia Mines (N.S.)
Robert Remie, Reserve Mines (N.S.)
George W. Reid, Green Hill, Picton Co. (N.S.)
John Matheson, 37 Catherine street, Sydney (N.S.)
Corporal Earl Maxon, Woodstock (N.B.)
Lient. J. D. MacIntyre, P. O. Box 147, Sydney (N.S.)
John J. McLean, Caledonia Mines (N.S.)
Lauchlin McKinnon, Glace Bay (N.S.)
Neil A. McKinnon, Beaver Cove (N.S.)
John J. McLean, Washabuck Cove (N.S.)
Daniel J. McLellan, Reserve Mines (N.S.)
Frank Leo Smith, St. John (N.B.)
Leonard Westcott, Middle River, Yarmouth (N.S.)
Mounting Rifles.

Wounded.

Edward Joseph Powers, Tracadie (P.E.I.)
Amos W. Reator, Parsons (N.S.)
James L. Robinson, Belleside Creek (N.B.)
John W. Hope, Moncton; Henry McGovern, Melford, St. John; Marcel F. Beliveau, Moncton.
Artillery.

Killed in Action.

Cummer James A. McLean, Campbellton N.B.; Died—Gunner George A. Pierce, Rotchesay, N.B.; Wounded—Gunner Edward I. Sutcliffe, Halifax, N.S.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS.

Wounded.

William Clayton Stewart, Melrose, Ont. Men Wounded.

Ottawa, Sept. 26—The 10:30 p.m. list follows:

INFANTRY.

Died of Wounds.

Frank F. Hunter, Shelburne (N.S.)

Killed in Action.

Lient. Cecil P. Smith, Chatham (N.B.); Major James H. Turner, Bedford, N.S.

Wounded—Pte. L. Lehoux, Elm Tree Gloucester county, N.B.; Pte. D. McColl, North East Bay, Northumberland county, N.B.; Pte. L. Corbett, Conception Bay, Nfld.; Pte. J. Gilmore, Belmont Town Reserve, C.B.; Pte. H. Cumming, St. Louis, Kent county, N.B.; Srgt. H. Hulme, North Cape, Borden, N.S.; Lance-Corp. H. Canning, Port Greville, N.S.; Pte. J. F. Foley, Lansdowne, N.S.; Pte. W. J. Hill, Shives Athol, Weymouth, N.S.; Edward Cummings River Hebert, N.S.; Ltent. Oliver K. Island, Ltent. Ralph E. Eaton, Kentville; Arthur Chiasson, New Waterford, C.B.; Kenneth G. Chisholm, Halifax; George A. Conrad, Pictou; Gabriel Bishard, Yarmouth; Dell M. Boutillier, Halifax; George H. Bray, Pictou; Fred M. Buck, Woodstock, N.B.; Pte. L. Walker, Weymouth, N.S.; Edward Cummings River Hebert, N.S.; Ltent. Oliver K. Island; Ltent. Ralph E. Eaton, Kentville; Arthur Chiasson, New Waterford, C.B.; Kenneth G. Chisholm, Halifax; George A. Conrad, Pictou; Gabriel Bishard, Yarmouth; Dell M. 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NUMBERED WHEN COURTELLETTE

Story of French Can-
Down Defended by 1500
Stand of Maritime Bat-
Left Against Determined

cial to the London Chronicle.)
Field, Sept. 23.—The Germans seem to have
and tried to knock them about at
heavy concentrations of artillery, and the
men who devised cunning ways of crawling at
were real Indian tactics between snipers,
carried with a scientific accuracy of detail that
surprised, which the Germans feared.

One counter-attack was repulsed by a
handful of men in a way that gives a
grotesque colour to all that night scene
of war filled with so much death and
terror, and human courage strong in
endurance. A tot of rum had been
served out to each Canadian, to give the
glow of warmth to limbs chilled by the
wet soil of the shell craters, and to
lives fierce excitement. This handful of
men were sitting in a German dugout; they were glad of that rum; it put new
fire into their blood. "German counter-
attacks? Bah!" after this dose of rum
they were ready for the German army.
They laughed and sang, forgetful of the
scenes about them. It was as jolly as
in a log cabin of the west by this dugout
where corpses lay very quiet.

Again they shouted and laughed more
loudly, giving Indian war cries and other wild whoops, and that was when
the counter-attack began.

It did not get very far. A body of
Germans, advancing over No. Man's
Land to the British lines, suddenly
heard the frightful blood-curdling
sounds. It was as if the tribes of the
Blackfeet had come out upon the war-
path, yelling as they swung their tomahawks and dancing round with scalps of their victims. The Germans hated to
hear such noises; it was as if all the
devils of hell were upon them, laughing
diabolically. They turned and fled.

That episode, which shook the shell
craters with laughter, is not heroic, but
belongs to the humor of war, with other
adventures which come lurching into
the midst of horrors like those in
Shakespeare's tragedies.

What is fine and noble is the way
in which all the Canadians had laid
on to their ground through the heavy
rainstorms, which swamped them, and under
the great shell fire re-
solved to die rather than yield a yard
of what they had won.

Brief Despatches

Dawson, Y. T., Sept. 27.—Both sides
are asking for a recount in the Yukon
provincial plebiscite vote.

London, Sept. 27.—The foreign office
stated today that the British reply to the
American note regarding the censorship of
mails is on its way to Washington.

Vancouver, Sept. 27.—Only two con-
stituencies, Penrice and Alberti, gave a
"wet" majority at the recent temperance
referendum.

Ottawa, Sept. 26.—Hon. Robert Rogers
has wired Judge Galt that he will accept
service in Ottawa of the subpoena
reported to have been issued for him in
Winnipeg.

London, Sept. 26.—J. L. Carvin, writing
in The Observer, of which he is editor,
says that another million men are
essential for the army "if Great Britain
is going to win the war clean out as it
means to."

Copenhagen, Denmark, Sept. 27.—Jas.
W. Gerard, the American ambassador at
Berlin, and Mrs. Gerard, will sail for the
United States tomorrow. The ambas-
sador goes home to inform his govern-
ment of conditions in Germany, and will return to Berlin in six or eight weeks.

Liverpool, Sept. 27.—The Cunard liner
Carpathia, which sailed for New York
yesterday, returned to her dock here to-
day and her sailing has been cancelled.

It was announced that her return was
for examination and repairs. The pas-
sengers will go forward on another
steamer.

Montreal, Sept. 27.—The Duke of Con-
naught, who with the Duchess of Con-
naught and Princess Patricia, is making
a week's farewell visit to Montreal, this
afternoon unveiled a bronze tablet on the
new Victoria pier. The tablet commemo-
rates the reign of Queen Victoria and the
Duke's regime as governor-general of
Canada.

Yarmouth, N. S., Sept. 27.—The fisher-
ies patrol boat F. is in port with the
Boston lobster smack E. McNichol,
which was seized for lobster fishing
within the three mile limit. Captain
Isaac Crowell, of the McNichol, claims
that he was within his rights when fish-
ing where he was seized. The smack at
the time was east of Jacko Ridge which is
about in a straight line from Cape
Forchu to Seal Island and Captain
Crowell contends that the three mile limit
follows the trend of shore and not any
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Captain Blackie of the patrol boat
claims the three mile limit is from an
imaginary line from Cape Forchu to
Seal Island and if he is right, it is clear
violation. The matter has been placed
before the authorities at Washington by
United States Consul Bullock and advises
to Ottawa by Collector Harding
and the results of the dispute are anx-
iously awaited. In the meantime the
McNichol is held in port with \$1,200
worth of lobsters in her wells.

AGENTS WANTED

SALESLADIES wanted to all positions
open on our sales staff made vacant
by men enlisted. Either temporary or
permanent. Income \$8 per cent upward.
Address: The Scarborough Co. of Canada,
Ltd., Map Publishers, Hamilton, On-
tario.

RELIABLE representative wanted to
meet the tremendous demand for
fruit trees throughout New Brunswick
at present. We wish to secure three or
four good men to represent us as local
and general agents. The special interest
in the fruit-growing business in
New Brunswick offers exceptional op-
portunities for men of enterprise. We
offer a permanent position and liberal
pay to the right men. Stone & Wellington
Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

WE Offer the very best terms in the
business to reliable, energetic
agents. Exclusive stock and territory.
Cash payments weekly. Our agencies
are valuable. Apply now. Pelham
Nursery Co., Toronto (Ont).

WANTED—Working housekeeper. Ap-
ply Mrs. Percy Fairweather, Rothesay,
4899-10-18-a.w.

WANTED—By September 1 at Neth-
erwood School, Rothesay, two house-
maids; also a cook. Apply to Miss J.
Currie, Netherwood, Rothesay.

LADIES WANTED to do plain and
light sewing at home, whole or spare
time; good pay; work sent any distance;
charges paid. Send stamp for par-
ticulars. National Manufacturing Co., Mon-
real. a-10-7

The First Week In September

Is the beginning of our busy season, but
you can enter at any time.

Catalogues containing Tuition Rates
and full information mailed to any ad-
dress.



S. KERR, Principal

BIRTHS

KEE—To Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Kee, of
88 Paddock street; on Monday, Sept. 25,
1916, a son, Charles Graham.

MARRIAGES

TROTTER-McDONALD—At Welsford,
Sept. 22, Rev. Father Duke, W. J.
to Miss. Mamie A., daughter of
Patrick McDonald, Musgrave, Philadelphia.
RECKER-LAMB—On Wednesday,
September 27, 1916, Frank B. Recker of
St. John (N. B.), to Edna M. Lamb of
Aikewood (N. B.), by Rev. G. N.
Kemps.

DEATHS

SURESTEIN—At Moncton, on the 22nd
inst., after a short illness, at Victoria
Hospital, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Isaias Surestein,
aged 22 years, leaving parents, three sis-
ters and one brother to mourn. (Medi-
cal Hat papers please copy.)

PRATMAN—Entered into rest, Sept.
22, Captain Alfred L. Peatman, leaving
his wife and one son to mourn.

BROCK—Killed in action, Sept. 15,

John Daniel Brock, youngest son of
Patrick McDonald, of Rothesay (N. B.), in the 30th
year of his age.

WATTOOLE—On Sept. 21, by Rev.
Edward Shuklin, Leah Enid, daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Poole of Public
Landing, Kings county, to James Starr
Tait, of this city.

CAMPBELL—In this city, on Tues-
day, Sept. 26, William Campbell, of
Kings county, in his seventy-fifth year,
leaving to mourn his wife, one daughter
and five sons.

GODDARD—On September 26, at the
residence of her son-in-law, 158 King
street East, Helen M. Goddard, widow
of J. M. Barnes; a brother, Henry
B. Barnes, and a son, Edward, of
Cape Breton.

Cape Henry—Sept. 22—Passed out, schr.
Rosalie Bellavuer.

Sept. 24—Passed west, schr. Eva A.
Danenhouwer.

Philadelphia—Sept. 24—Ard, str. Man-
chester Fort, Manchester.

Sept. 24—Passed, schr. Edith Mc-
Namee, New York for eastern ports; Fred
Tyler, do for Edgartown; Neva, Perth
Amboy for Bear River (N. S.); Victoria,
Elizabethport for Canos (N. S.).

Cape Henry—Sept. 22—Passed out, schr.
Jeremiah Smith, for Sanchez.

New York—Sept. 23—Ard, schrs E. F.
Northam, Long Cove; Mattie J. Alles,
Machias; Jas Rothwell, Sulphur; Ken-
neth Calais; J. A. Beckerman, Nova
Scotia.

Gloster, Sept. 22—Ard, schr. I. K.
St. John, for New York.

Sept. 23—Sld, schr. Hattie Dunn, Hall-
ifax; Daniel McLoud, Stephen (N. B.);
Willis and Guy, Calais; Fred, Lubec.

Boston, Sept. 24—Ard, schr. George B.
Bradford, Rockport (Mass.); Norton, do;

Perth Amboy, Sept. 23—Sld, schr. Het-
ter Dunn, Halifax.

New York, Sept. 23—Ard, schr. Elma,
Newgewater; John A. Beckerman, Nova
Scotia port; Emily F. Norton, Long
Cove.

Cape Island, Sept. 23—Passed, schr.
Alacea, St. George (S. I.) for Liverpool
(N. S.); Hattie Dunn, South Amboy for
Halifax; Daniel McLoud, South Amboy
for St. Stephen.

City Island, Sept. 24—Sld, schrs E. F.
Lee, from New York for Calais; St
Maurice, do for Yarmouth (N. S.);
Percy C. from do for St. John; motor
boat Daniel M. Munro, Perth Amboy for
St. John.

Yarmouth Haven, Mass., Sept. 24—Ard
and sld, schr. Ontario, towing two barges
(from Boston) Guttenberg.

Sept. 24—Sld, schr. Abenaki, from
South Amboy for Hollowell; Fred B.
Balano, from do for Lubec; Seth W.
Smith, from Elizabethport for St. John;

Catamaran, from do for Tenants
Harbor; Levinia M. Snow, from Phila-
delphia for Halifax; Fred B. Haward
from Portland for Meteghan (N. S.).

Portland, Sept. 24—Sld, schr. Lila E.
Melanson, Weymouth (N. S.); Ernest T.
Lee, Calais; St. Maurice, Yarmouth (N.
S.); Percy C. St. John; C. M. Gilmore,
Gloucester, N. Y.; McFarland, Boston.

Vineyard Haven, Sept. 24—Sld, schr.

Abenaki, Hallaway; Fred B. Balano, Lubec;

Seth W. Smith, St. John; Catama-
ran, Tenants' Harbor; Levinia M. Snow,
from Boston.

Yarmouth, N. S., Sept. 27.—The fisher-
ies patrol boat F. is in port with the

Boston lobster smack E. McNichol,
which was seized for lobster fishing

within the three mile limit. Captain
Isaac Crowell, of the McNichol, claims
that he was within his rights when fish-
ing where he was seized. The smack at
the time was east of Jacko Ridge which is
about in a straight line from Cape
Forchu to Seal Island and Captain
Crowell contends that the three mile limit
follows the trend of shore and not any
imaginary lines.

Captain Blackie of the patrol boat

claims the three mile limit is from an
imaginary line from Cape Forchu to
Seal Island and if he is right, it is clear
violation. The matter has been placed
before the authorities at Washington by

United States Consul Bullock and advises
to Ottawa by Collector Harding

and the results of the dispute are anx-
iously awaited. In the meantime the
McNichol is held in port with \$1,200
worth of lobsters in her wells.

REV. J. B. CHAMPION LL.

Friends of Rev. J. B. Champion, former
of the Zion Methodist church, of
this city, but now of Centreville (N. B.),
will regret to learn that he is ill in the
General Public Hospital here. Yesterday
he was operated on at the institution
by Dr. A. P. Crockett and Dr. G. A.
B. Addy, and the operation proved very
successful. His speedy recovery is anticipated.

MARINE JOURNAL

POR OF ST. JOHN.

Arrived.

Monday, Sept. 25.

Str Hochelaga, 2,601, Tudor, Sydney,
Dominion Coal Co.

Sch Eskimo, 99, Pike, Boston, ballast,
Tuesday, Sept. 26.

Star Sachem, 941, Afric, London,
Wm. Thomas & Co., Ltd., general.

Star Calvin, Austin, Mitchell, Boston

via Maine ports, pass and gen cargo, A.
Currie.

Wednesday, Sept. 27.

Sch Seth W. Smith, 127, Clark, New

York coal, George Dick, to A. W.
Adams.

Sealed.

Monday, Sept. 25.

Str Governor Cobb, Boston, via Maine

ports, pass and general cargo, Sch

H. S. Laird, 842, Donovan,

Quebec, Ireland.

Tuesday, Sept. 26.

Sch Chas' C. Lester, Robinson, New

York, piling.

Wednesday, Sept. 27.

Str Hochelaga, Sydney (C. B.), Domi-

nion Coal Co.

Sir Austin, Mitchell, Boston

via Maine ports, pass and gen cargo, A.
Currie.

Thursday, Sept. 27.

Sch Seth W. Smith, 127, Clark, New

York coal, George Dick, to A. W.
Adams.

Sealed.

Monday, Sept. 25.

Str Governor Cobb, Boston, via Maine

ports, pass and general cargo, Sch

H. S. Laird, 842, Donovan,

Quebec, Ireland.

Tuesday, Sept. 26.

Sch Chas' C. Lester, Robinson, New

York, piling.

Sir Herbert Ames Speaks On Patriotic Fund Needs

**What Is Expected of New Brunswick—
Striking Story That Should Arouse All
to Sense of Duty**

"Gentlemen, if I were inclined to be conceited, I would only have to go down to any street corner in any Canadian city and as I watch a regiment march by I realize that there is not one man in that regiment but who is doing more than I or any other man who stays at home can possibly do for the benefit of Canada."

Such was the striking opening sentence of Sir Herbert Ames' speech last night at the Cliff Club dinner given by the citizens to the head of the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

Between forty and fifty of the leading citizens were present at the meeting and the occasion marked a new life-giving elixir to the St. John branch of the fund, for problems were discussed informally and a better understanding of the needs of the fund secured by those present.

Sir Herbert, in speaking of giving to the fund, said: "I am asked to give to St. John to give until it starts to give with the drain of their donations."

"It was in a little Nova Scotia town," said the speaker, illustrating his point, "where the donations to the fund had not come quite up to expectations. After I had delivered my address in that town, the next morning a citizen came to me and told me a man and his wife who had already given a son to the colors. They had intended to go to Halifax to see him in uniform but after they heard of the needs of the fund they decided to take the \$40 they had saved, by dint of hard work, and give it to the fund, and their much anticipated visit to see the loved one before he departed for Europe was cancelled."

Sir Herbert said that this was the spirit which should actuate the people of Canada today in their relation to the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

Toasts of Evening.

There were but two toasts drunk one to the King and the other to Sir Herbert Ames. Senator Thorne in his introduction of Sir Herbert said that of all the appointments made in Canada, arising out of the war, none had been more happily fixed than that of Sir Herbert Ames to the head of the patriotic fund.

Attorney General Baxter spoke and paid tribute to the guest of honor. He said that the writer of the fund was one above any question of politics and he felt sure that the public would stand behind the government in its action. It might take in this connection.

Without consulting his colleagues, he could not speak in figures, but he could say absolutely that whatever it would be necessary for the government to do would be done.

Hon. L. J. Tweedie, of Chatham, referred to the work that had been done in Nova Scotia and what that country was prepared to do and congratulated Sir Herbert upon the able and efficient manner in which he was administering the fund.

Judge Armstrong also made a few graceful remarks.

C. B. Allan in his address referred to the splendid work accomplished in this city by the ladies in connection with the fund and gave a very clear and concise explanation of the administration of the fund in this section of country. At the conclusion a hearty vote of thanks was

OBITUARY

Mrs. Z. O. Wilson.

Tuesday, Sept. 26.—Mrs. Nora Lucinda, beloved wife of Z. O. Wilson, passed away in the 56th year of her age. She was an active member of the Main Street Baptist church. She is survived by her loving husband, two sons and one daughter—Bennett W., now in active service with the Divisional Ammunition Column, now in France; Percy, at home, and Mrs. F. E. Hoffman, of this city; also two brothers—James T. Brown, of Calgary, and Walker at Nelson (N. B.). There was a funeral service at the latter residence, 104 Metcalf street, last evening at 8 o'clock. Interment will be on arrival of the steamer Majestic at the Narrows.

Donald Patterson.

Donald Patterson, one of the oldest and most highly respected residents of Cody's, Queens county, passed away on Sept. 18. He was in the 95th year of his life, having the last three years he had been confined to his bed, but retained his mental faculties and bore his long illness with Christian fortitude. Though possessed of a retiring nature, his kindness and staunch Christian character won the esteem of all with whom he came in contact. Besides his wife, who is seriously ill, he is survived by five sons. The funeral was held on the 20th. Services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Mayer. Interment was made in Thornewood Baptist cemetery.

Miss Margaret Surette.

Miss Margaret Surette, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. McLean, died on Saturday last after a short illness at Victoria Hospital, Moncton, aged twenty-two years. She leaves her parents, one brother, J. J. Surette, of this city, and three sisters—Sister Mary Hiltzude of St. Ann's Academy, Victoria (B. C.); Mrs. Edward Laracy, of Moncton, and Miss Bessie, of Moncton.

Seventh Earl of Essex.

London, Sept. 25.—The Earl of Essex was found dead in bed today. He had been ill for some time. The earl's death occurred at Newmarket.

The seventh Earl of Essex, George Devereux de Vere Capell, was fifty-nine years of age. He was a large land holder, owning about 18,000 acres.

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John Ross of St. Martins; John, James and Howard of this place, and Marshall in Vancouver.

The funeral is to take place on Thursday afternoon and burial will be at Bayside.

Mrs. Helen M. Goddard.

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Major T. R. Jolly.

Yarmouth, N. S., Sept. 28.—Major Thomas R. Jolly died at his home this morning. He was well known in business circles, having been a member of the dry goods firm of Dodds & Jolly until it ceased to exist. He took an active part in military movements and attained the rank of major, serving some time in the army. He was also a prominent Freemason. He was a past master of Scotia Lodge and a past high priest of the Royal Arch Chapter. He was a past warden and vestryman. He was 75 years of age, and leaves his wife, two sons and five daughters.

Andrew Dale.

Harcourt, Sept. 27.—In the death of Andrew Dale on Thursday afternoon Harcourt loses one of its old and respected citizens. Although in his 80th year, the late Mr. Dale was quite active and bright until the previous Thursday, when he was stricken with paralysis, and from that time gradually sank, until death ensued just a week later.

He was married three times, and is survived by four daughters—Mrs. Lamb, of Call of Pine Ridge; Mr. Christopher Cameron of Harcourt; and stepsons, all of whom were at his bedside at the time of his death, except Jeremiah, who is on active service in France, having gone out with the first contingent.

The funeral was held on Saturday afternoon. A short service was held at the house, after which the body was taken to Brown's Yard, where service was conducted at St. Paul's church by Rev. W. E. Best of Dorchester, formerly rector of St. Matthew's church here.

Mrs. Sophia Sutherland.

Thursday, Sept. 28.—The death of Mrs. Sophia Sutherland, widow of the late Mr. Sutherland, occurred at 12 o'clock at the residence of her son, Mr. and Mrs. John McLean, of Ottawa, Ontario. She was 87 years of age. She is survived by her son, Mr. and Mrs. John McLean, of Ottawa, Ontario, and a daughter, Mrs. John McLean, of Ottawa, Ontario.

A pretty wedding took place on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of H. J. Davidson, 75 Gloucester street, when Miss Lydia Jane Macmillan, daughter of the bride, was married to Percy S. Branch, of Bathurst, by the Rev. H. Miller of Campbelton. The bride was becomingly dressed in a suit of brown broadcloth with hat to match. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties were present. The happy young pair left on the express for St. John and Boston and on their return will reside in Bathurst.

Reicher Lamb.

A happy event took place on Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lamb, Lakewood, when their daughter, Ethel Maud, was united in marriage to Frederick B. Reicher, of St. John. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. N. Somers in the presence of about fifty invited guests.

The groom was supported by Wesley A. Lamb, a brother of the bride, and the bride was attended by Miss Emma Lamb, a cousin.

The bride, as given away by her father and was becomingly gowned in a blue satin and shadow face veil and orange blossoms, a bouquet of roses and maiden hair fern. The bride was dressed in a lace veil.

The groom's gift to the bride was a pearl necklace and to the bride a pearl cent pin with pearls. After the ceremony the guests were served with a dainty luncheon. There were many beautiful and useful gifts from friends and relatives. After a trip to New England cities they will reside at 68 Portland street, this city.

Herrington-McHarg.

A pretty wedding took place on Wednesday at 8 o'clock at the home of J. H. Davidson, 75 Gloucester street, when Miss Lydia Jane Macmillan, daughter of the bride, was married to Eldon Everett Hargrave, of Ottawa, Ontario.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. A. Cody, rector of St. James' church, St. John, superintended by Mr. and Mrs. Herrington motored to St. John and left for a wedding tour through the provinces carrying the best wishes of many friends.

Among the many beautiful presents consisting of cut glass, silverware, furniture, etc., were a magnificent reading lamp from the employees of the Canadian Oil Company, testifying to the popularity of the groom.

They are attending by Mr. and Mrs. Alfred D. Thomson, sister and brother-in-law of the bride. After the ceremony was performed by Rev. H. A. Cody, rector of St. James' church, St. John, superintended by Mr. and Mrs. Herrington motored to St. John and left for a wedding tour through the provinces carrying the best wishes of many friends.

At the meeting of the provincial executive yesterday measures were discussed for bringing the backward communities up to the line. The executive also decided to hold another meeting in November when they will determine the amount which will be required in 1917 and will allot to each district its fair proportion to be raised.

Soon Spending \$1,000,000 a Month.

Speaking of the requirements of the fund, as a whole, Sir Herbert said: "We have received to date, in actual cash about \$14,000,000 and we have spent \$11,750,000. The total distribution mounted rapidly during last winter, increasing but the requirements did not increase so rapidly during the summer. We are now spending \$75,000 a month and expect that it will increase to \$100,000 a month and we are estimating on that basis for 1917.

The national fund is now aiding in the care of 60,000 families and Manitoba is contributing 10,000 more. This means that 70,000 families have enlisted believing that the patriotic fund will help their families. A like number of women have consented to their men to go on the same understanding. We feel in this case who stay at home and go on with life as usual should make good their promise to these men who have gone overseas to fight their battles for them."

WEDDINGS

Watervale-Reeder.

Salisbury, N. B., Sept. 28.—A pretty home wedding of much interest took place at high noon on Saturday, Sept. 27, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Watervale-Reeder, near this village, where their eldest daughter, Miss Sarah Field Reeder, was united in marriage with Harry Phillip Watervale, of Petticoat. The house decorations were done with much artistic taste. The bridal party during the marriage service stood beneath an arch of pines and sweet peas, only the immediate relatives of the young pair being present. The ceremony was performed by Rev. James Crisp, of Sunnyside, uncle of the bride. The bride was prettily gowned in white silk and carried a shower bouquet of roses and sweet peas. After the congratulations and good wishes luncheon was over, the happy pair went to the depot by motor and were soon aboard the westbound Canadian Pacific express for a tour of the New England States. On their return they will occupy the handsome new residence recently completed by the groom at Petticoat. The bride will be greatly missed in Salisbury. During the past few years she has been at the home of Mr. and Mrs. V. E. Gowland, a companion to Mrs. Gowland. She was president of the Junior Red Cross here and was an earnest worker in every good cause. She will also be greatly missed in the Methodist church and Sunday school. A brother and brother-in-law of the bride are a brother and cousin of the bride who are wearing the khaki, were unable owing to their military duties, to be present at the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Watervale will have the hearty good wishes of many friends for their continued happiness and prosperity.

Allen-Robinson.

Hopewell Hill, Sept. 28.—Friends here have received news of Mr. Charles Robinson, of Almonds (Cal.), announcing the marriage of the latter's daughter, Miss Clytie Anna Robinson, to Harry Abner Allen, of San Francisco.

The happy event took place on Sept. 16. The bride is a daughter of the late Captain John F. Robinson, formerly of this place, who is well remembered here and who met a tragic death some years ago, while in command of a Pacific ocean passenger steamer. Mrs. Robinson, mother of the bride, was formerly Miss Foley, of Buctouche, Kent county.

He leaves to mourn his wife and one son, Harry N. Peatman, of Bathurst, also a sea captain. He was a native of Kings county and the body will be taken to Glenwood, Kings county, for interment. The funeral will be from St. Paul's church, Oak Point, Wednesday morning upon the arrival of the steamer May Queen.

David Barbour.

Waterville, A. Co., Sept. 26.—Friends here will learn with deepest regret of the death of Captain Alfred L. Peatman, which occurred yesterday at his residence, 90 Waterloo street, following a comparatively brief illness. He was 77 years of age. He followed the sea, and he also navigated for a long time on the river, returning from the latter service about eight years ago.

During his career on the river he was president of the Junior Red Cross here and was an earnest worker in every good cause. She will also be greatly missed in the Methodist church and Sunday school. A brother and brother-in-law of the bride are a brother and cousin of the bride who are wearing the khaki, were unable owing to their military duties, to be present at the wedding. Mr. and Mrs. Watervale will have the hearty good wishes of many friends for their continued happiness and prosperity.

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McLeod-Jessamin.

Newcastle, Sept. 26.—The marriage of Miss Belle Hutchinson Jessamin, young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Jessamin, of Winona, Minn., one of the most popular young ladies of that place, to Captain Alex. MacLean, 18 Bay du Vin, of the steamer Miramichi, was solemnized yesterday morning at 8 o'clock at the home of the bride, Rev. Alexander Firth tying the nuptial knot in the presence of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. The bride, who was most charming in her gown, was the belle of the ball. She was the most popular girl in the ship, and the crew, consisting of gold and checked silk, were all in a festive mood. Among the gifts, consisting of gold and checks, were a silver tea set from the Miramichi Steam Navigation Company and its staff.

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Branch-Jamison.

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