

THE DUKE IN CANADA'S CAPITAL.

Makes an Admirable Speech in Reply to Civic Address—Enthusiasm Marked the People's Welcome—Conferring of Honors Today.

Ottawa, Sept. 20.—(Special)—The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall received an enthusiastic welcome to the Dominion's capital shortly before noon today. There was no sign of cheering and other manifestations of a hearty welcome in today's reception to the heir apparent to the throne and his consort. Music and the booming of guns marked the arrival of the train and troops were at the depot to escort the royal visitors.

The Duke and Duchess were received by Lord Minto, Governor-General, Sir W. R. Mealy, Chief Justice, and other members of the cabinet ministers, accompanied by their wives and daughters, were in their places. As the accommodation was very limited the police exercised the greatest restrictions in allowing people on the high part of the grounds where the duke was to unveil the monument.

The staff of his royal highness stood to one side of the royal party, and outside the building was the guard of honor of the 43rd Regiment. The decorations were placed on the duke's chest before the duke and a space in the centre before the duke and the duke's wife. The duke's wife, the Duchess of Cornwall, first took the decoration to be conferred and the duke then stepped out of the carriage and walked up the steps to the stand, on a crimson carpet that had been laid for the occasion.

CZOLGOSZ ON TRIAL.

(Continued from page 1.)

third, that there was a gunshot wound in the stomach and there was gangrenous spot back of the stomach as large as a silver dollar. "What was the cause of death?" asked Mr. Penney. "The cause was blood poisoning from the absorption of poisonous matter caused by the gangrene. Primarily it was the gunshot wound."

Family Stopped Search for Bullet.

The family of the president would not allow them to continue any longer or to injure the corpse any more. They would not permit anything to be removed from the body for bacteriological examination. "Not at all. It would simply have shown where the bullet was. It would not have shown the position of the injury in the chest," the family declared.

Dr. Mann on the Stand.

Dr. Matthew D. Mann, another of the physicians who attended President McKinley, was called to the stand. He testified that he saw the bullet in the stomach of the president. He said that he saw the bullet in the stomach of the president. He said that he saw the bullet in the stomach of the president.

SOUTH AMERICAN TROUBLE.

News of Battle Off La Hacha—General Reported Executed. Willmetts, Island of Cebu, Sept. 22.—The Caracas garrison of 1,500 men, including the regulars, withdrew and scattered. The regulars and scattered. The regulars and scattered. The regulars and scattered.

CHINESE THE WORLD OVER.

Government Will Send Commissioners to Gather Subscriptions. Peking, Sept. 21.—Prince Ching has written to the foreign ministers that the government is proposing to dispatch three commissioners, headed by a Taoist and two prelates, to visit America, the Philippines, Australia and elsewhere, for the purpose of soliciting subscriptions from Chinese residents towards the indemnity to be paid to the powers.

Irish Mails Delayed in Delivery.

Queenstown, Sept. 21.—Arrived off the port, steamer Umbra, from New York for Liverpool, and proceeded without communicating, owing to gale.

CZAR LEAVES FOR HOME AND FRENCH OFFICIALS BREATHE A SIGH OF RELIEF.

Was a Trying Time With Responsibility of His Safety Upon Them—Magnificent Military Review, With Thousands on Thousands of Troops.

Paris, Saturday.—The czar of Russia left French soil at Pagny-Sur-Moselle late to night, after bidding farewell to President Loubet at the station at which he was to take a train for Metz. The extraordinary sight of a monarch in France from first to last being without the slightest outward incident. The czar came to see the French army, and he has been seen himself by but few persons except those who were in the immediate vicinity of the train. He was in constant good humor, and evidently enjoyed showing satisfaction in the fact that he was among allies and that he appreciated the efforts made to render his visit agreeable.

On the other hand, the czarina displayed a reserve which probably was largely due to nervousness for the czar's safety, but which, nevertheless, somewhat estranged her from the sympathies of the spectators. At the various ceremonies her smiles appeared to come with less spontaneity than the czar's. President Loubet did not conceal his happiness, and he was evidently highly gratified at the success of the visit. An interesting note of the day was the czar's cordial attitude toward General Andre, whom the Nationalists deny as an object of special dislike so far as the Russian government is concerned. Whenever the czar and General Andre met, however, they chatted amiably, and today at the platform at the station at Betheny, when taking leave of the French host, the Russian emperor spoke with General Andre longer than anyone except President Loubet.

After the first four divisions of infantry came the cavalry, 30 regiments of 1,000 men each, with 20 horses apiece. First the dragoons, carrying lances from which fluttered red and white pennants, advanced at the trot, headed by trumpets, who executed a fanfare. Regiments of hussars, in light blue uniforms, with white facings, and mounted chassateurs, in blue tunics, with dark trimmings, followed.

TESTING THE MENTAL CONDITION OF THE SLAYER OF MCKINLEY.

Saturday and Sunday Experts Were With Him—His Sanity Not Doubted—Tests Show He Did Not Use Poisoned Bullets.

Buffalo, Saturday.—Leon Czolgosz, whose trial for the assassination of President McKinley will begin Monday, was examined as to his sanity or insanity for one hour this afternoon by Dr. McDonald of New York, the eminent alienist who has for years the chairmanship of the state board of lunacy commissions. The prisoner's counsel, former Justices Lorán L. Lewis and Robert C. Titus, were present. At conclusion Dr. McDonald declined to discuss the question.

Dr. McDonald was brought to Buffalo to examine the mental condition of the Eric case, preparing for the purpose of passing upon the murderer's sanity, as the association has promised to assist Judges Lewis and Titus who were suggested as counsel for the defense by the trustees of the bar association.

He talked considerably to District Attorney Penney, and Dr. McDonald, but was not very communicative with Judge Lewis and myself. I would not care to say whether or not he said anything which would serve to help us in forming a basis of defense. "Will Dr. McDonald be a witness for the defense upon the trial?" asked the Associated Press representative.

Along With the Assassin.

Dr. McDonald sat in a chair directly in front of Czolgosz, stooping down and peering into his face. They remained alone for exactly half an hour. Asked whether or not the prisoner would talk to his counsel, Judge Lewis said: "He is talking more freely, but he is not a valuable chap. He said nothing upon which we might work in bringing a defense."

Bullets Not Poisoned.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sunday.—The most important development in the Czolgosz case today was the announcement that no poison had been found on the bullets or revolver with which President McKinley was assassinated. Chemical and bacteriological examinations were made and both revealed the fact that both were free from poison.

20,000 PEOPLE VISITED MCKINLEY'S TOMB.

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Advertisement for The Auer Gas Lamp for the Home. Makes and burns its own gas, gives a soft white light equal to that of 100 candles—no fuel, no oil, no wick, no glass, no splendor for reading or sewing. Cheaper than oil and as easy to run. Your money returned if lamp does not come up to your expectations. Write for free catalogues.

Outside the troops were the dominion... Sydney Sept. 19.—The steamer Albatross will sail tomorrow for Bergen, Norway, with 3,800 tons of coal from the Dominion Coal Company. This will be the first cargo shipped by the company to Europe.

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE.

JACQUET RIVER.

Jaquet River, Restigouche Co., Sept. 21.—A large meeting of farmers was held in the parish hall here Thursday evening, the object being to organize an agricultural society for the parish of Durham. Among those present were Warden Thos. Hayes, Ebenezer McMillan, Pat. Ullian, Alex. Dickie, Felix Ullian, Andrew Donnelly, James Black, Paul J. Doyle, Pat. Doyle, Wm. Frelatte, Michael Shannon, James Brown, Matthew McDonald, Samuel Laughlin, Charles Lammun, Duncan Robertson and a great many others. Ebenezer McMillan was called to the chair and explained the object of the meeting.

charge was laid by Detective Peck, who had searched Steeves' premises and found liquor. Steeves admitted the offence and was fined by the magistrate. Miss Minnie Hoar, daughter of W. E. Hoar, of Moncton, is visiting relatives here. M. M. Tingley is superintending the building of a highway bridge near Alma. Hopewell Hill, Sept. 22.—Mrs. Chas. Lobb Peck is quite ill at her home. Dr. John T. Lewis, of Hillsboro, is in attendance. Mrs. Eliza Milton is ill at the home of Solomon Woodworth. Dr. Garwood is attending her. Miss Mamie Stewart, teacher at Salem, spent Sunday at her home here. She was accompanied by her cousin, Miss Stewart, and her friend, Miss Disher, of Hillsboro. A stalk of corn grown on the farm of Mr. Alton Robinson measured about 10 feet in length.

FREDERICTON.

Fredericton, Sept. 22.—(Special)—A militiaman named Hawkins, who has been at Camp Sussex, with the 1st Regiment, was placed under arrest on arrival of the corps here yesterday, charged with theft of a dissecting table from the camp hospital. The article was missed before camp broke up and diligent search was made for it without success. It was found among the men's baggage, on arrival of the train here, labelled with Hawkins' name. Supposition is that he took it, thinking it was a new style coat. It is likely the prisoner will be court-martialed.

The exhibition was a success financially and those who managed the affair are naturally feeling much elated over the result of their efforts. Total receipts from the show will be close to five thousand dollars, ample to meet expenses. Grants received from local government and city council were nearly all expended on buildings. M. Smith, of San Francisco, president of the Pacific Coast Box Company, shot a moose on the Miramichi last week, with a bullet through the brain. Major Paul Venetberbe, architect of militia department, Ottawa, is in the city. Charles E. Hill's new carding mill at New Brunswick was burned and all machinery and contents of the mill destroyed yesterday morning. The fire originated in the picking machine from a nail or other piece of metal getting into the machinery with the wool. The flames burst out in a flash and were instantly beyond control, as no fire-fighting apparatus was at hand. The picking machine and two carding machines, all of the most modern type, and about 50 bags of wool belonging to the farmers in the locality were burned. The mill was a two-story one, built last year and the machinery was new. The building and machinery were valued at about \$3,500, upon which there was \$100,000 insurance, in the North British Company. Mr. Hill was burned out in 1890. The exhibition closed on Friday morning successfully. The attendance had been beyond the expectations of the promoters, the paid admissions totaling 14,888. The regular special police force maintained excellent order, there not having been a single complaint of theft or fraudulent dealings while the fair was in progress. Exhibitors were busy this morning removing their displays.

SUSSEX.

Sussex, Sept. 20.—Rev. Scott Neales, rector of Trinity church, who has been attending the synod at Montreal, returned here today. Mr. Neales visited the Pan-American while absent from home. Councillor Orin Hayes returned from the west yesterday. He was away about six weeks and visited all the large western cities including Ottawa. Charles Morrison, who has been very ill for some time, is slightly improved and is able to sit up a short time each day. The 3rd and 6th companies of the 73rd regiment entrained for home at 5 p. m. This afternoon the 73rd, 74th and part of the 72nd regiments marched to Appleton, accompanied by the ambulance corps. Sussex, Sept. 21.—There was a cold drizzling rain this morning when the militia struck camp and began the march out, but this soon gave way to fine, warm sunshine which made a beautiful day for the closing of one of the most successful camps held here in many years. The 73rd and 74th infantry regiments entrained about 10 o'clock in the forenoon and the Moncton, Sackville and Bay Verte companies of the 74th, at 1 o'clock. All the officers and men were lustily cheered by the citizens upon their departure and each regiment rolled out of the town to the exploding of torpedoes and loud cheering. The camp has been a great success, and Col. Dunbar is being congratulated by everyone. The soldiers and citizens of Sussex hope that they may have Col. Dunbar as an officer in charge for many years to come. St. Ann's, manager of the Sussex Mineral Springs Company, left this afternoon for Boston on a business trip. The Sussex exhibition, which opens on Monday, September 30, bids fair to be the best show in the province this year. The applications for space in the building are unacceptably large and many have been refused owing to the space being all taken up. The horse races in connection with the exhibition will be held on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 1 and 2, and entries are coming in from all over the maritime provinces.

CAMPBELLTON.

Campbellton, Sept. 19.—Mr. Tiffin, manager of the I. C. R., was in town today. Currie Bros. intend moving their wood-working factory from the west end of the town to the Hardine Point at the east end where they will have more conveniences and room for their increasing business. Robert Currie, of the firm, is ill with typhoid fever, but is slowly recovering. The "old Mans property" has been sold off in lots and will be offered for sale on October 5. The new double house erected by W. Hall is to be occupied by Mr. Gaud, of the Bank of New Brunswick, and Mr. Wm. Wynn, draughtsman, who will have a partner, it is said, from among the firm's ones of St. John. Mrs. J. A. Barbicane and her daughter Annie, of Dalhousie, were in town today. Building operations are still going on and the new houses are up to date in every respect. George Moffat, of Dalhousie, was in town today; also Richard O'Leary, of Richibucto, was here. A. D. McKendrick, postmaster, returned from Sussex yesterday to attend the funeral of the late W. G. Fraser. Miss May Murray, who has been visiting in Quebec, has returned home. Miss Jessie Barbicane has returned from a visit to Jacquet River.

BRISTOL.

Bristol, Carleton county, Sept. 19.—Miss Dora Gordon went to Lowell on Wednesday. Mrs. H. Noble and Miss Beulah Phillips returned yesterday from a pleasant visit to Nova Scotia. Quite a number from the village and vicinity went to the Fredericton exhibition on the special excursion this morning. Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Somerville went to Kings county yesterday to attend the funeral of his father, whose death occurred on Wednesday at his home near Sussex.

WOODSTOCK.

Woodstock, Sept. 19.—Capt. J. J. Bull and Lieut. F. G. McLean, of No. 1 company 67th regiment, left yesterday for a month's tour of the Canadian school of musketry at Ottawa. Prof. W. F. Watson, a Carleton county boy, with his wife and children, were in Woodstock today. The professor holds the chair of chemistry and biology in Furman University, South Carolina. Edward Yurdy, formerly of Fredericton, and probably the best printer in the dominion, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. W. H. Everett, Mr. Yurdy was foreman of the Royal Gazette upwards of 50 years. He has been a resident of Boston for the last 18 years.

MONCTON.

Moncton, Sept. 22.—(Special)—A boy named John Mollins' driver of a horse delivery team, was the victim of a serious runaway accident this afternoon, while driving down Main street. Part of the harness gave way and the horse ran away colliding with a telegraph pole and throwing the boy forcibly to the pavement, inflicting a very severe scalp wound. There were bad sprains of the neck and shoulders. The lad regained consciousness but is still in a precarious condition and his injuries are very serious. The injured lad is the son of John Mollins. ST. STEPHEN. St. Stephen, Sept. 21.—(Special)—On Monday morning ground will be broken for a new court house in Calais. Joseph Rockwood received the contract. Calais is to be the site of the new court house. Sufficient capital has lately been subscribed. Superintendent Thomas, of the St. Croix shoe factory, will be managed and it is expected that the granite building will be used and machinery of the Eastport factory purchased and removed to Calais. DIGBY. Digby, Sept. 21.—Sidney Dakin has purchased the property of the late Mr. J. P. Saunders the photographer business at the light studio, Water street. Mr. Saunders will leave in a few days for Toronto and New York. Mr. Trapp, son-in-law of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Dakin of this town, has the honor of manufacturing the gold trowel which will be used by the Duke of Cornwall in turning the first sod in the new railway to be built in Newfoundland. The trowel, which is a fine piece of work, will afterwards be presented to the duke as a souvenir. A choral society and glee club will be organized here. The society will be composed of Talbot, of London, England, will be engaged as trainer of voice production and culture. A number of Digby sportsmen are looking for moose this week. Work has been commenced on Lettyn's wharf. The repairs will be in charge of W. Coose, of the river. Sydney Wood's portable steam mill will be placed this year near the Raquette bridge, where a siding will be put in by the Dominion Atlantic Railway. A big rain storm and a high wind kicked up a big sea last night. The vessels off port obtained shelter in the lee of Bear Island. One of the yachts belonging to the Digby club went ashore on the eastern side of the Joggins. She will probably be hoisted. July 25—A few tourists remain at Digby. The weather is cold for this season of the year and furnishes have been started in nearly all the places of business throughout the town. Mr. Gidney, Liberal, and Mr. Tobin, Conservative, are both in town today soliciting votes for the coming election. Digby is greatly in need of a suitable wharf for shipping lumber and having connection with the D. A. R. Now many vessels are obliged to go to other ports to receive our lumber, which is shipped to them by rail. Land has been purchased here for quite a large summer hotel, which will be erected in time for next year's tourist business. Our accommodations are increased each year and still the town is taxed to its utmost to take care of the summer travel. It is said that several yachts will be added to the fleet of pleasure boats next summer which are required to handle the tourist business.

THIRTY-TWO LIVES WERE LOST IN WRECK.

Express and Oil Train Collide—Terrible Scenes in Lake of Burning Petroleum. Discharged, Sept. 22.—The collision yesterday at Palata between the Vienna express and the petroleum train appears to have been a most terrible affair. In a few seconds the whole area of the collision became a huge lake of burning petroleum. Trees and everything inflammable within a quarter of a mile radius were destroyed. There were ghastly scenes. A girl was burned to death in front of both her parents, who escaped. M. Dina, a Roumanian milloniere, got his foot jammed in the wreckage and was one of the train guards to sever the foot with an axe, promising a large reward. Before the guard could help him he sank into the flames and was burned to death. Schwartz, the conductor, who was similarly jammed, clung so desperately to the man who tried to extricate him that his hand became a rescuer's painful flesh wound. He was rescued and his leg was amputated just as Schwartz perished in the flames. Most of the 32 who were killed were burned to death.

A MISSING GIRL.

General Alarm for Daughter of William Bloodgood. New York, Sept. 22.—The police of this city have sent out a general alarm for Miss Helen A. Bloodgood, 25 years of age, daughter of William Bloodgood, treasurer of the American Felt Company. Miss Bloodgood has been missing since Sept. 19. The family is well-to-do and the father declares there is absolutely no reason for his daughter having gone voluntarily. She was well dressed and wore expensive jewelry.

DOING MUCH WORK, FOR THE TILLERS OF THE SOIL.

The C. P. R.'s Extensive Improvements in West St. John.

MANY MEN AT WORK. Bay Shore, Sand Point, and Rodney Wharf Are Busy Places in Preparation for the Coming Season's Business--The Work Described.

The C. P. R. improvements in west St. John, being made in expectation of a large winter business at Sand Point—in fact larger than previous seasons—are interesting the people very much. Extra warehouses, tracks and cattle sheds are the chief improvements and the work on these is giving employment to a large number of men. At the Bay Shore a large number of men are at work grading the land in the company's yard. There are also in operation two ballast trains, a steam shovel and 12 wheelbarrows. The ballast is being hauled by one train to the Ross dump at Fairville and another train is hauling to a space which is being filled in the old Greyhound pond at Rodney wharf yard. The improvements at the Bay Shore will be the laying of extra tracks for the accommodation of 1,500 more cars than the yard would hold last winter. In this yard there will also be erected a freight shed which will be about 400 feet long. The improvements at Sand Point during previous seasons was that when the freight could not be handled at Sand Point quickly on account of delayed steamships or bad weather it was found necessary to keep the freight stored in the cars, and meantime these cars were needed west again. The new freight shed at the Bay Shore will handle the cars when not quickly handled at the point, can be discharged at the shed and released.

At Sand Point the work of preparation for the winter port business is also brisk. Besides the men at work on the new impregnation building which is being rapidly erected, the men are busy with the work of getting the space in the rear of No. 4 warehouse filled up with the piles being piled up cattle sheds and cattle additions to these already there. The old cattle sheds have been somewhat changed and have been so arranged that the cattle can be fed from the sheds. The extra tracks being laid in Sand Point yard will not only give accommodation to a great deal more cars, but they are being so placed that the work of loading and unloading can be much more conveniently done. According to the plan there will be three extra tracks, No. 4 warehouse, two extra to No. 2 and extra tracks to No. 2 and 1 warehouses. Last season but one string of cars could be handled at a warehouse. It will now be so arranged that a double row of cars can be handled without the need of shunting, which causes a great delay in the handling of the cars. The extra tracks being laid last season at No. 4 warehouse at one shunt, this season 24 cars can be worked without any shunting after the cars have been placed. At No. 3 warehouse 16 cars can be handled without a shunt, where last season but eight could be handled. This will mean a great saving in the time.

The improvements at Rodney wharf are also extensive. G. S. Mayes has a number of men building a new wharf and the old Greyhound mill pond and the space between this wharf and where the C. P. R. tracks are now, will be filled in with earth being brought there from the Bay Shore. When the wharf is completed and the space filled in extra trucks will be laid and by that time all the available space will be taken up by the C. P. R.

Sorghum as Fodder. We plow the ground in the spring for corn planting, says a Kansas correspondent in Prairie Farmer. The latter part of June is soon enough, because if you sow too early it will get tip and you will have to cut it in the warm weather of August. It is better to plant so you can cut it just before frost. It will keep better and is not liable to sour, as it might do if cut in the warm weather. We sow it broadcast, about two bushels to the acre. He says and sow it thick or it will grow big, rank stalks, which will be hard to handle and stock will not eat so well. We aim to feed it out before Christmas or before it freezes too much. Of course, if it is fine, say like millet, it will keep just as good as any hay. We usually cut it with a mowing machine, rake it, put it in big shocks and feed from the shocks just as needed, as it will keep just as well as if stacked. For if it is coarse and rank the stalks will have lots of juice in them and will not keep if stacked. Sorghum fodder is splendid for all kinds of stock. Hogs will eat it with a relish; cattle and horses like it also.

The Head of the Flock. Lots of bone, large, strong joints and a flat rather than a round, pipstern leg are the things to insist upon. The belly and back line should both be straight, the back broad and the skin bright red, though dark and even lighter skinned rams are sometimes very vigorous. This is not the rule, however.

Beet Pulp For Sheep. Twenty thousand mutton sheep are being fattened at Rocky Ford, Colo., on beet pulp, with a little corn added. There is another "waste product" being utilized—turned into mutton.

SHEEP TICKS AND LICE. Treatment For These Pests—How to Make Dip Mixture. Two insects may be found under the caption sheep ticks or lice—the sheep tick (Melophagus ovinus) and the sheep louse (Trichodectes sphaerophyllus)—says Professor Herbert Osborn in American Agriculturist. The former is a wingless, somewhat flattened creature, with a large abdomen, which pierces the skin and sucks the blood, the latter a small reddish louse which feeds on the epidermal scales and excrements on the skin. Both may be treated by means of dipping, and the use of sheep dips is effectual against 'em.

The treatment is best applied at time of shearing, as then the dipping solution most readily reaches the insects and can be applied with greatest economy. Wool clipped from infested sheep should be stored far enough away from the pens to make sure that no insects can find their way back to the sheep. It is also safer to turn the dipped sheep into a new inclosure and not place them in the pens they occupied before the treatment for at least a week or ten days, long enough so that any insects that have been secreted in litter, cracks or posts or other retreats will have died. For dipping there are a number of valuable solutions. Some of the preparations most readily reaches the insects and can be applied with greatest economy. Wool clipped from infested sheep should be stored far enough away from the pens to make sure that no insects can find their way back to the sheep. 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THIS SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH is published every Wednesday and Saturday at 1:30 a week in advance, by The Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by act of the legislature of New Brunswick.

ADVERTISING RATES. Ordinary commercial advertisements taking the run of the paper. Each insertion \$1.00 per inch.

IMPORTANT NOTICE. Owing to the considerable number of complaints as to the misbehavior of letters addressed to this office, we have to request our subscribers and agents when sending money for the Telegraph to do so by post office or registered letter, in which case the remittance will be at our risk.

FACTS FOR SUBSCRIBERS. Without exception, names of new subscribers will not be entered until the money is received. Subscribers will be required to pay for papers sent them, whether they take them from the office or not, until all arrearages are paid.

RULES FOR CORRESPONDENCE. Be brief. Write plainly and give special names with names. Write on one side of your paper only. Attach your name and address to your communication as an evidence of good faith.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS. The following agents are authorized to canvass and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph, viz.: WM. SOMERVILLE, W. A. FERRIS.

Semi-Weekly Telegraph ST. JOHN, N. B. SEPTEMBER 25, 1901.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

As a great number of our subscribers are interested in the Census Guessing Competition, for which prizes were offered to the persons coming nearest to the correct enumeration of the population for the Dominion of Canada, a given out by the Minister of Agriculture from the results of the recent census, we wish to advise the readers of THE TELEGRAPH that no announcement had yet been made by the Minister of Agriculture.

As soon as the Hon. Mr. Fisher has made the official statement showing the results of the Census, the coupons will be sorted out by the Press Publishing Association of Detroit, and the announcement made of the prize winners in the SEMI WEEKLY TELEGRAPH for several issues, so that all may know who the successful competitors were.

This will save our readers and outelives any trouble of correspondence in regard to the competition. THE TELEGRAPH PUBLISHING CO

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 16. To PRESS PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION, TORONTO:

Official figures are Five Million, Three Hundred and Thirty-eight Thousand, Eight Hundred and Eighty-three, but they are not final. A. BLUE, Director of Census.

As soon as final figures can be obtained, the awards will be made. PRESS PUB. ASS'N.

A BOMB FOR NOVA SCOTIA TORIES.

A political campaign is seldom without some sensational feature, and the one at present under way in Nova Scotia has been favored unexpectedly in this line. It is nothing less than the active deflection to the Liberal ranks of a most eminent and respected gentleman whose staunch opposition has hitherto never been doubted.

The support of such a man in Colchester county should assure the triumphant return of the Liberal ticket at the coming election, if there had been any doubt about it previously; but the Liberal candidates are so strong and able personally, and their platform so solid, that their plurality of votes should have been substantial under any circumstances. Colonel Blair's advocacy of the Liberal cause at the present time, however, means more than the winning of the wavering votes to the standard of Messrs. Lawrence and Pearson. It means that the agricultural element at large throughout Nova Scotia,

of which element the colonel has always been one of the eminent leaders, will accept his judgment that the return of the Murray government is the best thing for the province.

GREATER POLICE HARMONY.

The matter of obtaining the greatest possible degree of police harmony and efficiency is one that has always interested United States President Roosevelt and in furthering this aim he has done much hard and excellent work. Probably as a result of his initiative, his successor as governor of the state of New York gave voice to a plan whereby the municipalities police service throughout that state should be welded into one, with headquarters and control at the state capital, which has been carried into effect. It was left at that time in New York, however, that such a plan had been devised to strengthen a large measure of its power, and the resentment in the metropolis was so strong that nothing practical was accomplished in materialization of the design.

Had the idea been carried out, with the ability in consequence to control from Albany the police of the city of Buffalo as well as of Malabar, and interchange most valuable men where their services become from time to time necessary, it is possible that the recent great disaster of assassination might have been prevented. And although President Roosevelt, after his unexpected accession in consequence of the assassination, made one of his first notable utterances in words to the effect that he preferred to walk about among all citizens without police guard, an utterance that the police wisely did not act upon to the letter, while yet with their eyes on the President, the President will probably recur to the idea and in the interests of time considerable benefit to his nation and the world at large may in consequence result.

It is encouraging to notice the views of leading American journals of the late President's regard in many quarters as marking a very important departure from views previously held by him. The Baltimore Sun declares that his speech was "a frank and unreserved confession that the country has outgrown its Chinese-wall tariff policy," and thinks his utterances "amazing" when it is considered that they emanated from "the statesman whose name is associated with the McKinley tariff act." "If, a few years ago, Mr. McKinley had given utterance to such opinions," adds the Boston Herald (Ind.), "he would have been denounced as an heretical freetrader, desirous of breaking down the national system under which alone American industry had and could prosper."

The New York Evening Post, a staunch Free-Trade advocate, finds it most gratifying to note the broadening of the President's policy, and holds that his attitude is not necessarily inconsistent with his former stand. It says: "It is quite admissible for anybody to say that the times have changed, and that we should change with them. The policy of restriction and exclusiveness which was proper a dozen years ago is no longer desirable; that a system which was intended to build up certain manufactures by tariffs, and enable them to compete in the world's markets, is neither justifiable nor profitable after the manufacturers have proved their ability to undersell foreigners in foreign markets."

It is a sufficient justification for Mr. McKinley to say that he has learned much respecting foreign trade, as well as concerning the coinage of silver, since 1860, when he supported the Sherman bill, as the nearest approach to free coinage which was then possible. Even so, he said that he learned as he grew older, and this privilege must be conceded also to great men of the present day.

Even some of the more pronounced Protectionist papers commend the utterances of the President. For example, the New York Press, a Republican organ, says that the President has adopted the "ultra-Protectionist" interpretation of the term "reciprocity," and that he "stands on this subject where all Republican Presidents have stood since Chester A. Arthur, in 1865, negotiated the Spanish and San Domingo treaties, and thereby inaugurated the reciprocity policy." The Philadelphia Public Ledger says: "Nothing can stop the movement for an enlightened and far-sighted policy with respect to our trade relations. It is only ignorance which prompts the Chinese tariff organs to try to create the impression that the demand for reciprocity is fraught with peril to American trade or to American manufacturers. A succinct commentary on the entire question is found in the action by the National Association of Manufacturers. In accordance with instructions given at the national convention, held last spring, the executive committee met in this city recently to consider the advisability of calling a reciprocity convention. The decision in favor of the convention was unanimous, and of the 1,200 leading manufacturers from all parts of the United States, who compose the National Association, practically all had given their approval to the reciprocity meeting, which will be held this fall in some Western or Southern city not yet chosen."

Police of the United States and Canada, at the last annual meeting, adopted a resolution inviting the heads of foreign police departments, and the discussing calmly, with the country has recently experienced through the assault by an assassin, confirms the belief that the most of resolution should be imposed on foreign officials, with a view of having such of their number present at our next annual meeting as may be able to attend; this with the hope that a closer relationship may be established officially and personally, and that there may be an interchange of opinion as to the best methods to pursue to eliminate from society such organizations and persons as may be evilly disposed towards institutions of government and those charged with their conduct. "This is a most vital question, and if the laws are inadequate to crush such organizations and punish such characters there should be recommendations from a police standpoint which would forever prevent the like in this country, and aid the authorities abroad."

"I trust the members will give this matter close and careful consideration, and offer such suggestions as may aid in accomplishing the desired end, and that the secretary will be authorized to adopt such measures as will bring about a thorough interchange of views with our foreign friends and to secure their presence and co-operation."

"In the memorandum there should be active efforts made looking to the eradication of these evils, and information gathered and disseminated through the National Bureau of Criminal Identification with a view of accomplishing such results."

RICHARD SYLVESTER, President.

THE DAWN OF BETTER DAYS.

Two things quite unlooked for have occurred within the past fortnight which forebadow freer and closer relations between this country and the United States. One was the tragic and melancholy martyrdom of President McKinley, and the other was his significant speech on the day preceding the act of the assassin. These two events were not in any way associated in the connection of cause and effect, but they will long be remembered and considered together. The former has quickened and deepened the ties of brotherhood, while the latter, as we pointed out a day or two ago, has laid the basis for new and larger relations in trade and general commercial co-operation.

It is encouraging to notice the views of leading American journals of the late President's regard in many quarters as marking a very important departure from views previously held by him. The Baltimore Sun declares that his speech was "a frank and unreserved confession that the country has outgrown its Chinese-wall tariff policy," and thinks his utterances "amazing" when it is considered that they emanated from "the statesman whose name is associated with the McKinley tariff act." "If, a few years ago, Mr. McKinley had given utterance to such opinions," adds the Boston Herald (Ind.), "he would have been denounced as an heretical freetrader, desirous of breaking down the national system under which alone American industry had and could prosper."

The New York Evening Post, a staunch Free-Trade advocate, finds it most gratifying to note the broadening of the President's policy, and holds that his attitude is not necessarily inconsistent with his former stand. It says: "It is quite admissible for anybody to say that the times have changed, and that we should change with them. The policy of restriction and exclusiveness which was proper a dozen years ago is no longer desirable; that a system which was intended to build up certain manufactures by tariffs, and enable them to compete in the world's markets, is neither justifiable nor profitable after the manufacturers have proved their ability to undersell foreigners in foreign markets."

It is a sufficient justification for Mr. McKinley to say that he has learned much respecting foreign trade, as well as concerning the coinage of silver, since 1860, when he supported the Sherman bill, as the nearest approach to free coinage which was then possible. Even so, he said that he learned as he grew older, and this privilege must be conceded also to great men of the present day.

Even some of the more pronounced Protectionist papers commend the utterances of the President. For example, the New York Press, a Republican organ, says that the President has adopted the "ultra-Protectionist" interpretation of the term "reciprocity," and that he "stands on this subject where all Republican Presidents have stood since Chester A. Arthur, in 1865, negotiated the Spanish and San Domingo treaties, and thereby inaugurated the reciprocity policy." The Philadelphia Public Ledger says: "Nothing can stop the movement for an enlightened and far-sighted policy with respect to our trade relations. It is only ignorance which prompts the Chinese tariff organs to try to create the impression that the demand for reciprocity is fraught with peril to American trade or to American manufacturers. A succinct commentary on the entire question is found in the action by the National Association of Manufacturers. In accordance with instructions given at the national convention, held last spring, the executive committee met in this city recently to consider the advisability of calling a reciprocity convention. The decision in favor of the convention was unanimous, and of the 1,200 leading manufacturers from all parts of the United States, who compose the National Association, practically all had given their approval to the reciprocity meeting, which will be held this fall in some Western or Southern city not yet chosen."

events with the deepest possible interest. Those things point to the dawn of brighter days.

THE TASK OF AUSTRALIA.

The experiment of creating a new parliament, affords a spectacle for the study and criticism of the civilized world. The fact that the scene of attraction is in such a famous new country as Australia lends additional interest to it. Like a new machine, the cogs of which have not been worn to run smoothly and the quality of the best lubrication for which may be a matter of doubt, there is natural friction, and a good deal of engineering is required before the creation can be got into as good running shape as the monkey-wrench and spirit-level statesmen can effect. Of course the Australians have the advantage of the record of Canada in their work, but their circumstances are different from ours and the conditions that exist under the Southern Cross are in some respects such as to render natural things which might seem of doubtful wisdom to the people reared beneath the scullions of the Great Bear. Still, the solution of the problems now confronting the commonwealth of Australia is being undertaken by genuine Britishers whose valor, pluck and ability have been made so abundantly apparent that they may be trusted to find consolidation and harmony merely a matter of time, and the task a most inspiring one of framing a structure of government which the world shall look upon with admiration.

One of the most interesting of the things that has been done already by the commonwealth constructors is the enactment of a postal law providing that no mail contracts shall be given to vessels not manned by white crews. This was a matter so strongly advocated by the labor element that the premier was obliged to accede to it, but he wisely pointed out that the inclusion of such a clause in the law might result in its failure to receive royal assent. The British shipping interests will no doubt urge that such a law is ultra vires of the Australian parliament, for the restriction of Asiatic labor on mail steamers is manifestly impossible for them to enforce. This is but one matter in which business interests have been overridden for political effect, however, and the grinding down of that cog of the wheel may prove to show that it is a benefit to be a unit of a big and wisely governed empire. In the idea of investing three Australian commissioners with power to regulate interstate and external commerce even as to the decision of what may be reasonable and just rates of freight, the new government will probably also find that a curbing hand is necessary.

THE TRANSMISSION OF BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS.

The question of the transmission of bovine tuberculosis by humane beings is still being discussed by the press and medical men. Dr. Baumgarten, professor of pathological anatomy in the University of Tuebingen, and a scientist who has devoted the past twenty years to the bacteriological study of tuberculosis, gives the result of a series of experiments upon human beings with bovine tubercle bacilli. These experiments were made some years ago by a well-known physician, upon patients who were doomed to death from malignant tumors which could not be operated upon, and were made for the humane purpose of endeavoring to effect a cure of the otherwise incurable disease by the action of certain bacteria. The physician was not successful in his purpose, as it was found that the experiments were neither helpful nor injurious to the patients. The facts, however, are now of interest in view of the question which was raised at the Tuberculosis Congress in London, on transmission of bovine tuberculosis to man. The following is a portion of Professor Baumgarten's report: "Because no effective and pure human bacilli could be obtained at that time, the human and the animal tubercle bacilli were supposed to be identical, and therefore the murrain bacilli were used for these experiments. Large quantities were injected into the place of inoculation, only upon but nowhere could any effect be observed. Sometimes small pustules were noticed at the place of inoculation, but these disappeared with the healing of the wounds. I myself found that the place of inoculation, only of these patients who died, small scars at the place of injection which were entirely free from tubercle or tubercle bacilli, as was proved by microscopic examination. These inoculations on men, with the most virulent murrain bacilli, has as negative a result as my own and Professor Koch's inoculations with human tubercle on cattle, although most of the patients in question survived the inoculation several months and even a year."

This is very strong evidence in support of Professor Koch's contention, and from a source which is not at all favorable to the Berlin scientist. These experiments were probably conducted at Koenigsberg, Prussia, about 1883.

A LESSON FOR APPLE GROWERS.

Now that the apple harvest is attracting the attention of Canadian fruit raisers, and especially in the maritime provinces, it is pertinent to submit for their consideration the facts attending the success in recent years of the export of apples from Tasmania. Mr. N. Hawk, of Tasmania, who is now sojourning in Ontario, has given the Toronto papers specific information in regard to the matter. He states that the Tasmanian apples are of very even size; trees have been found to be most advantageously planted at a distance of ten or twelve feet from each other; the apples when picked are handled

Men's Overcoats.

We don't see how any man needing Clothing can pass our windows without coming in. We are not backward about admitting that others offer bargains; but we do say this:

Nowhere else will you find Clothing of like style and quality and finish at prices as low as ours.

Take our Overcoats at \$8.50 for example. Where else will you find such value? A beautiful Dark Gray Frieze Overcoat, velvet collar, \$8.50. Cannot be matched under \$10; or take our Double Breasted Raglanette Overcoat, of Dark Grey Cheviot, cuffs on sleeve, silk velvet collar, vertical pockets. Linings and finish what they ought to be. Price \$15. Others would ask you \$20 for this coat.

No matter what price you want to pay we know that you'll get a better coat for that price here than anywhere else in St. John.

Fall Overcoats \$5.00 to \$20.00.

ORDERING GOODS BY MAIL.

If you cannot reach our store, our Mail Order Department can serve you to your thorough satisfaction.

Our Style and Sample Book for Fall and Winter is now in the hands of the printer and will be completed in a few days. Let us have your name and we shall forward one as soon as ready.

GREATER OAK HALL,

King Street, Cor. Germain.

SCOVIL BROS. & CO.,

St. John, N. B.

Wool taken in Exchange for Goods.

HON. JUSTICE DAVIES.

The elevation of Sir Louis H. Davies to the Supreme Court bench at Ottawa, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice King, will receive the hearty endorsement of the people of the Maritime Provinces irrespective of their political leanings. The new judge was born in Charlottetown, P. E. I., May 4, 1845, and was educated at the Central Academy and the Prince of Wales College. He was called to the bar of Prince Edward Island in 1866, and appointed a Queen's Counsel in 1870. He was counsel for the Tenantry before the Prince Edward Island Land Commission, of which the late Hon. H. C. Childers was chairman. He was also one of the Canadian Counsel before the International Fishery Commission, which met at Halifax in 1877. He occupied at various times the positions of solicitor-general, premier and attorney-general of his native province. He was first returned to the House of Commons at the general elections of 1882 and re-elected in 1887, 1891, 1896 and 1900. He accepted the portfolio of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries in the Laurier administration and was sworn in a member of the Privy Council July 13, 1896. In 1897 he was joint delegate with Sir W. J. Laurier to Washington for the hearing of a seal question, and was one of the joint high commissioners appointed by Great Britain in 1898 for settlement of all differences with the United States in respect of Canada. He was created K. C. M. G. in 1897. Prior to accepting the position of Minister of Marine and Fisheries in the Laurier administration, Sir Louis Davies enjoyed a large and lucrative legal practice in his native province. He was the leader of the bar of Prince Edward Island and was engaged in all the important cases which came before its courts. Sir Louis Davies will make an able and capable successor to the late Justice King, and will no doubt add to the dignity and judicial status of the court.

CONDITIONS IN NOVA SCOTIA.

The St. John Sun seems to be heaving on the side of Liberalism. It gave space yesterday to editorial comment on the fact that some years ago Attorney-General Longley, of Nova Scotia, argued with eminent good effect, that it would be well for the country if the continuous procession of Tories heading the government at Ottawa, were interrupted. The Nova Scotians agreed with him so heartily that the Tories were peremptorily ousted from their mad career, and an un-pleasantly that there has been no thought of other than Liberal government at Ottawa since. It is likewise worthy of note, as the Sun points out, that harmony now reigns between the provincial government of Nova Scotia and the federal government at Ottawa, and that "there is no division of power between the two parties as there was between 1882 and 1896." This for improvement in the packing of Canadian apples, and it is very safe to say that if they were packed with care equal to the packing of oranges, they would command an infinitely wider range of sale, with incomparably improved prices. Even in competition with American apples in American centres they should sell for as high as the best of our own. The people of Nova Scotia will be very slow to interrupt this satisfactory condition, and, in the light of current affairs, nothing will suit the people better than, as the Sun further observes, "the control of all the governments in Canada and the extension of that control to the end of time."

CHANCE FOR SOME LEGISLATOR.

This perhaps is the time of year when members of parliament devote most minutes to cogitation as to how they can make themselves, of greatest service to their country and most value to their constituents. Our article of yesterday, in regard to the possibility and desirability of police system improvement, opens a field for the formulation of new laws that are slow to take advantage of. This is the case both with those who go to Ottawa and those who go to the provincial capitals. The subject is one that will bear discussion and investigation whether legislation is secured or not. The circumstances in the different provinces, so far as existing police systems are concerned, differ. But there is no reason why general laws should not be established for the dominion in regard to several important matters, such as the inauguration of the Bertillon system for the identification of criminals. The Telegraph hopes to present to the public and to parliamentarians many specific reasons and views upon this topic from men most competent to criticize and

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A POSSIBLE PRESIDENT.

The anti-Tammany politicians of New York city have agreed upon the nomination of Seth Low for mayor. If they had agreed to support him when he ran four years ago, instead of permitting an independent Republican ticket, Mr. Low would have undoubtedly become the first mayor of the consolidated metropolis by defeating the present Mayor Van Wyck. The majority elections in New York during off-presidential years are always regarded as important in showing the relative strength of the parties and trend of the tide of sentiment. On this occasion it is possible that they may indicate, should Mr. Low be successful, the man who will have the opportunity of uniting the Democratic party in opposing President Roosevelt's re-election. Mr. Low possesses the usual characteristics of a most successful presidential candidate; he is wealthy, vigorous, of very eminent family and with a fine record as mayor of Brooklyn some years ago, as well as in other political capacities. In politics he is a follower of Cleveland and strongly opposed to any sort of Bryanism.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The new president of the United States has broken the record not only by being the youngest president, but having the largest family ever taken to the White House.

It is to be hoped that the regrettable shooting accident at Canterbury will be thoroughly investigated. It appears to us that the answer that it was accidental is not sufficient. If persons who go into the woods are liable to shoot at anything they see moving, then no one's life is safe. If the charge of criminal carelessness were preferred against the perpetrator of one of these "accidents," it might have a radically good effect upon shooters generally.

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Late Saturday morning, Hilyard's mill closed down through a death of logs.

There were 18 births, 15 marriages and 12 deaths registered in St. John last week.

The smallpox is now entirely stamped out and the last of the quarantine has been raised in Carleton county.

The various temperance societies in the city are trying to arrange for a big procession to take place at an early date.

Deer were seen near Millidgeville on Saturday, and a young man named Hughson shot one and wounded a second.

Stephen Goding, of Wickham, was kicked by a horse Saturday and seriously injured about the head.

The new Episcopal church at Millidgeville is being rapidly pushed to completion and will be ready for occupancy in a few weeks.

Messrs. Potter Bros., Canning, are having a steamer built to take the place of the Beaver on the Parrsboro route next season.

The postponed sale of the Shore Line Railway took place at St. Stephen on Saturday, and the purchase was made by Col. H. H. McLean at \$25,000.

Albert Veazy, formerly of the Canadian Drug Co., but of New York City, will be married in Boston shortly to Miss May Elston, formerly of Public Landing.

Messrs. D. W. Clark & Sons have been awarded the contract for the C. P. R. freight shed to be built at the Day Street in connection with the new yard improvements.

The charter was effected at New York on Friday last, of the British steamship Baron Farley, 2,801 tons, to load up at this port for South Africa during October.

Messrs. Wm. Carvell, Mark Leighton, and Alfred Simpson returned to their homes here on Saturday from the North-west harvesting fields—a locality which they do not speak favorably of.

At Chubb's corner Saturday, Auctioneer Lantulum sold the yacht Jubilee to John McCrevey for \$750. Auctioneer Gerow sold the Loch Lomond property of the estate of Jas. T. Raymond to C. D. Jones for \$20.

Messrs. A. Cushing & Co., who recently bought the Miller & Woodman mill, will transform it into a box factory.

Messrs. H. Mooney & Sons have the contract for engine and power houses, and Messrs. Fleming the machinery.

At Hampstead on Wednesday, the marriage will take place of Miss Vanwart to Mr. Slipp; on the same day Miss Anne Webster, of Washington, and Mr. Geo. B. Jones, of Shannon Settlement, will be united in marriage.

Canon Agatha, Patricia Millant, L. O. O. P. of Augusta, Me., which has been arranging for a pilgrimage to St. John, will leave Thursday morning. There will be at least 50 in the party. They will be in a special car, having parties from Waterville, Gardiner and South Westville.

Engineer Spence Thompson, in charge of train No. 4, struck a large moose on Saturday evening three miles east of McAdam Junction. A party of men from McAdam went out to the place and found the animal with its back broken. The moose was killed and taken into McAdam.

Dr. Ross' telephone line has been extended to Hartland and an instrument will be placed in W. W. Ross' house. Ten years ago there was not a foot of telephone wire in the county outside of Woodstock, where now a net work covers the country. Dr. Ross' line goes to every district in the upper part of the county.

The new telephone exchange on Chipmunk Hill will not be ready for occupancy before next spring. The new system to be installed for the service will probably be similar to that being utilized in Ontario, and with this system it is necessary only to take the repeater from the hook in order to summon central, the operator receiving the signal by the lighting of a miniature incandescent light.

This season's hunting and game outfit is better than last year's, in point of equipment. Hon. A. T. Dunn, in speaking in the matter last evening, said that he was unable just yet to state the number of licenses which have been taken out, as he has not had time to send in the returns about a month, but he is sure that the season has been a successful one.

The Ship Laborers' Society held a meeting at evening to settle the question of amputation with the Ship Laborers' and the matter of wages for the season, as well as other business. All were packed. President Wm. Arley presided. The communication from the old union, offering an amalgamation, caused a great deal of discussion. Then it was given a six months' rest, which means that as far as the winter season is concerned the societies will be two separate bodies.

The town council of Sydney, Cape Breton, threaten to annul all insurance they have recently established. The insurance men say the risk is too great to afford lower rates and that the way the town has been built since the boom invites the most severe disaster by conflagration, while the water service is notably deficient, especially in the small size of the mains. Such are among the troubles of boom towns, but fire, like war, is what St. John remembers.

PERSONAL INTELLIGENCE.

Miss Kingdon has returned from Montreal.

The engagement is announced of Miss Jean Sprague, daughter of Rev. Howard Sprague, D. D., of Sackville, and Henry W. Nichols, of Calais.

Miss G. Knott, superintendent public schools, left on Thursday for Boston to attend a medical conference.

Thomas Clark, brother of Chief of Police Clark, who is connected with the Boston police force, is here on his vacation.

Rev. Mr. Ross, who succeeds Rev. Mr. Stackhouse as pastor of the Tabernacle

JUDGE McLEOD DECIDES FOR TWO LIQUIDATORS.

Appointed Hon. L. J. Tweedie and A. H. Hanington for Chatham Company.

CASE IS OF INTEREST.

Stand Taken by the Various Counsel Engaged—Judge Says There Appears to Be Unsecured Creditors for Over \$200,000—The Other Courts.

In the matter of the Maritime Sulphite Fibre Company, Ltd., of Chatham Friday morning, the provisional liquidator, Hon. L. J. Tweedie, handed in his report, on the condition of the company, to Judge McLeod in the supreme court chambers. His honor said that he had the right to appoint one or more liquidators in matters of this kind, but before he did so he would like to hear from the creditors of the company.

Attorney General Pugsley stated that he represented some of the unsecured creditors. He understood that the Bank of Montreal claimed all the property of the company under a mortgage given to them to secure a loan. The other creditors were prepared to dispute the validity of this mortgage, under the bills of sale set out in the report.

The creditors he represents are the Bank of Montreal, whether one or more liquidators were appointed was immaterial, and consequently the mortgage, both representing unsecured creditors, agreed with Dr. Pugsley in all he had said.

H. A. Powell, also representing unsecured creditors, claimed that the Bank of Montreal must have known that the company was insolvent when they took the mortgage and consequently the mortgage was illegal. As to the appointment of liquidators, Mr. Tweedie had been for some time the solicitor of the company and Mr. Powell suggested that there be another liquidator appointed, some good practical business man from St. John.

This application was on the return of a summons to the creditors to be present at the court and state their views as to the appointment of a liquidator.

His honor intimated in agreement with Mr. Powell that the matter would be referred to one or more liquidators. In the afternoon the provisional liquidator's report, he had determined to appoint two liquidators. There appeared to be unsecured creditors to the amount of \$200,000. At the present stage he thought that the management of the company required a good lawyer rather than a business man. He would appoint Hon. L. J. Tweedie and A. H. Hanington, K. C., of St. John, liquidators of the company; afterwards if he thought the condition of affairs warranted it he would appoint a third liquidator, a business man. H. H. McLean, K. C., appeared for the Bank of Montreal.

Admiralty Court.

In the case of Clarence McGregor, Roberts vs. the steamship Pawnee, owners Judge McLeod Friday morning, his honor decided that, in reference to the point which was argued before him Thursday afternoon, as to an application by the plaintiff for an order compelling the defendant to give security for costs that he could not make such an order, on the grounds that the application for security had been made too late in the case, and also that the plaintiff was not a voyage over a residence and within the jurisdiction of the court.

H. H. McLean, K. C., appeared for the plaintiff and C. J. Coster for the defendant.

Probate.

In the estate of Catherine Farley letters of administration were granted to A. A. Stoughton, under the will of the deceased. The value of the estate is \$2,200 personal property; Bustin & Porter, executors.

In the estate of William H. Clark, a petition was presented by A. O. Earle, K. C., and Scott E. Morrell, the administrators, to pass the account and the money was returned. His trial will be on Wednesday morning.

Arrested on Telegram from Chief Clark.

The following telegram from Lowell, Mass., appeared in the Boston Globe of Saturday:

Sept. 20—Inspectors LaFamme and Allen and Patrolman Cawley arrested William Ogilvie this afternoon in a boarding house on Middlesex street, on a warrant from St. John, N. B. The telegram received by Supt. Moffatt read:

"Arrest William Ogilvie, aged 24, height 5 feet 10 inches, dark complexion, smooth nose, for burglary and safe blowing at Havelock, Kings county, on Sept. 15, and larceny of \$198 in bills and coin, a check for \$173.72. Was in Havelock on that date and left Monday. Said he was working in Boston. W. W. Clark, chief of police."

Ogilvie says he was visiting his parents in New Brunswick and returned Monday. He will be held for New Brunswick officers. He denies the charge.

The chief of police was seen about the matter last evening, but as the affair did not take place in this city he could not say very much about the case.

Attorney General Pugsley, when asked about the case, said that the robbery had taken place and as Ogilvie was a suspect the arrest had been made. The attorney general said that from the evidence submitted to him he was of the opinion that it was not sufficient to warrant the extradition of the accused and he advised that the prisoner be released from custody, which had been done.

Bangor Horseman Loses by Fire.

Bangor, Me., Sept. 20—Fire tonight damaged the residence and stable of E. A. Gilbert, well-known horseman, to the extent of \$2,500. The fire caught from the sparks of a burning wood heap.

PLANS MATURING. Harbor Illumination for Royal Visit—Contracts for Arches Made—To Keep the Streets Clear.

The executive of the citizens committee preparing for the royal celebration next month, held a meeting Saturday night. The time was chiefly devoted to discussion of details.

A report was received from the fireworks committee, stating that an arrangement had been made with Hand & Co. for a display of fireworks on the harbor during the night of the aquatic illumination. The display will cost \$750 and will be made at Reed's Point.

The committee on arches reported that the contract for erecting arches along the streets was given to E. Bates; that in Lower Cove to John Duffy, and the Mill street affair to James Miles.

A coronator, consisting of Mayor Daniel, W. M. Jarvis and Thomas Walker was appointed to interview the local government and secure information respecting the proposed exhibition.

The question of arrangements for clearing the streets during the royal procession was dealt with. Mayor Daniel said the streets would be closed to electric cars and vehicles. He supposed the city would have the aid of the militia keeping the route clear. His wish was that there was no official word about any outside militia would be here to participate in the celebration.

Those at the meeting besides Mayor Daniel were A. O. Skinner, Hon. R. J. Ritchie, R. O'Brien, Dr. Thomas Walker, George Blake, A. M. Rowan, Alex. Macaulay, Henry Hilyard, Ald. Armstrong, Ald. Baxter, W. M. Jarvis and Major Sturdee.

BOY MISTAKEN FOR DEER SHOT DEAD BY HUNTSMAN

Lamented Accident Near Canterbury Station Saturday—Son of Postmaster Law the Victim.

Woodstock, N. B., Sept. 22—(Special)—A lamentable shooting accident occurred yesterday afternoon, half a mile below Canterbury Station, York county. Claude, the 14-year-old son of Postmaster J. S. Law, accompanied by a young companion, Jack Deane, was in the woods on a shooting expedition. Mansfield Grant, aged about 65, was also in the woods, and, noticing the bushes move, thinking it was a deer, he fired, the bullet striking young Law in the abdomen. The fatally wounded boy shouted "Jack, I am shot," and when his companion reached him he was dead. Mr. Grant is broken over the accident.

Saturday evening, Attorney General Pugsley received a telegram from Canterbury, advising an inquest. He decided that an inquest should take place before Coroner Coplan.

COL. BLAIR OF AMHERST ON LIBERAL STUMP.

Nova Scotia Political Sensation Created When Conservatives Lose Staunch Supporter.

Truro, Sept. 20—(Special)—Col. William Blair, of Amherst, late manager of the government experimental farm, Nappan, has created a sensation in political circles in this county by stumping for the Liberals. He has always been a most staunch Conservative, at one time running an election, and his name was once talked of for nomination to contest the county a second time, when Seymour Gourley, the present member, had him turned down. He accepted the nomination himself. At the last Dominion election Col. Blair was again mentioned, but was ousted by Gourley. Col. Blair was disappointed with this treatment and last night at Karlton, the greatest Conservative section of the constituency, he stumped at a Liberal meeting with Hon. E. A. Lawrence and Mr. Pearson, the Liberal candidates. He stated that the Liberal government will undoubtedly be returned to power and urged the electorate to support the Liberal candidates on their pledge to secure the location of the provincial agricultural college at Truro and do all in their power to get the camp of a party of Lovatt's scouts from Truro to Brule, through Northern Colchester, built at once. Col. Blair is well known throughout the province, especially in this county. He is a tried friend of the farmer and his opinion carries much weight in agricultural districts.

HAMPTON MAN ROBBED OF LIFE-TIME SAVINGS.

Shoemaker Dan McAllister the Victim—Amount Taken Nearly \$500—Detective Ring Working on the Case.

Hampton, Sept. 21—Last evening, between 9 and 10:30 o'clock, the sum of \$462 taken from the shoemaker shop of Dan McAllister. The sum represented the savings of a lifetime. He had been away from home for three hours in the evening, and when he returned he found the door opened and his trunk rifled. About three weeks ago his shop was broken in and four pairs of shoes stolen. It is supposed the same party had a hand in this affair. Mr. McAllister left today to see Detective Ring, of St. John.

At present no one is suspected.

CHATHAM DOCTOR ROBBED OF \$30.

White Enjoying an Evening Nap His Office Was Entered—The Money Returned.

Chatham, Sept. 23—(Special)—While Dr. Baxter was taking a nap in his office Sunday evening a man named William Crane entered and stole \$30. He was arrested and placed in the lock-up and the money was returned. His trial will be on Wednesday morning.

THE ISLAND BOYS.

Contingent Men Will Likely Come to St. John to Receive Their Medals.

P. E. I. members of G. O., 1st contingent at a meeting at Charlottetown Thursday evening last, at which were discussed the present difficulties in the matter of appearing in this city to receive their medals from the Duke of Cornwall.

The committee of arrangements reported that no assistance would be given them from Ottawa in the way of transportation, which decision will cause many of the members to defray the expense of the trip themselves. Others who found such a course impossible will probably be assisted by the Charlottetown citizens. It is, however, practically settled that the boys will be here.

Sheep Show at Pan-American.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 22—Beginning Monday morning the most famous sheep in all the country will be gathered together at the Pan-American exposition for a period of two weeks. Every wool gathering state in the United States will be represented.

Vermont has the record of producing the best merino sheep in America will perhaps be most prominent.

The total number to be exhibited will be close on to 1,500, 70 breeds, 20 of which will be the merino sheep. Angora goats will be included in this exhibition. Superintendent Converse, under whose direction the various cattle and stock shows have been given, promises that the sheep show will establish a precedent in the way of numbers and quality which will be hard to equal.

TRAGIC DEATH OF YOUNG MAN AT SPRINGFIELD

Roland Pickle Wounded to Death in Woods of Kings County.

There, in Dying Condition, He Begged a Drink—As He Received It from Some Ladies He Fell a Corpse—Gloom Cast Over Community by the Event.

Norton, N. B., Sept. 20—(Special)—A shocking accident occurred at Springfield, Kings county, late this afternoon, where by Roland Pickle, the third son of James H. Pickle, a prosperous farmer of that place, lost his life.

It appears that the young man had been spending the afternoon hunting and was leaving the woods when he hit his gun down and, in some unaccountable manner, discharged it, the shot taking effect in the young man's body.

Not being killed instantly, the wounded man forced his way out of the woods on to the main road near the home of Mr. Reid, where he was seen by some of the ladies, wandering aimlessly about.

Seeing the women, he asked for a drink, upon receiving which he dropped dead. The sad affair has cast a gloom over the entire neighborhood; much sympathy is expressed for bereaved family.

COL. BLAIR OF AMHERST ON LIBERAL STUMP.

Nova Scotia Political Sensation Created When Conservatives Lose Staunch Supporter.

Truro, Sept. 20—(Special)—Col. William Blair, of Amherst, late manager of the government experimental farm, Nappan, has created a sensation in political circles in this county by stumping for the Liberals. He has always been a most staunch Conservative, at one time running an election, and his name was once talked of for nomination to contest the county a second time, when Seymour Gourley, the present member, had him turned down. He accepted the nomination himself. At the last Dominion election Col. Blair was again mentioned, but was ousted by Gourley. Col. Blair was disappointed with this treatment and last night at Karlton, the greatest Conservative section of the constituency, he stumped at a Liberal meeting with Hon. E. A. Lawrence and Mr. Pearson, the Liberal candidates. He stated that the Liberal government will undoubtedly be returned to power and urged the electorate to support the Liberal candidates on their pledge to secure the location of the provincial agricultural college at Truro and do all in their power to get the camp of a party of Lovatt's scouts from Truro to Brule, through Northern Colchester, built at once. Col. Blair is well known throughout the province, especially in this county. He is a tried friend of the farmer and his opinion carries much weight in agricultural districts.

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According to the latest advices from Cape Colony, the situation there is very serious, owing to the sympathy and aid which the Dutch are giving the Boer commandoes. The British find it additionally difficult to obtain news of Boer movements.

At Pretoria the strength of the Boers in the field is now estimated at 11,000. If these figures be correct the Boers must be constantly getting recruits. Their supply of arms and ammunition seems to be inexhaustible.

In Boer circles in Holland, it is asserted that everything is prepared for a Dutch rising in both Cape Colony and Natal.

A most alarming letter from Cape Town is published today by the Daily Express.

"The Boers are overrunning Cape Colony they are on both the coast lines and within 40 miles of Cape Town. Even the intelligence department does not know how many colonial rebels have taken up arms in the last fortnight.

"The town guard of Cape Town has been ordered to hand in the magazine rifles and ammunition, ostensibly because these are wanted at the front. Martini-Heurys have been served out instead."

In conclusion the writer declares that "the Dutch element in the colony is in revolt and it is useless to disguise the fact."

ILLEGAL MOOSE KILLING.

A Dozen Found Dead Last Week in Maine Woods--Sharp Measures to Stop Slaughter.

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Valuable Farms for Sale.

No. 1-300 acres on the north side of Bellefleur Bay, opposite Long Point, known as Lake Farm, well wooded, has yielded over fifty tons of hay yearly; on it a good house has been successfully erected, 2 large barns and other outbuildings requiring some repairs. Steamer touches a public wharf in front six times weekly. Church and school house are on the roadside.

Farm for Sale.

THE VALUABLE FARM, situated at Mount Wellington, in the Parish of St. John, St. John County, New Brunswick, about seven miles from Sussex Station, owned and occupied by the late Mr. J. A. McLean, deceased. It contains about 100 acres of fertile and well-watered land, of which nearly ninety are in a high state of cultivation, and the remainder consists of pasture, and lands well wooded with hard wood trees.

WANTED.

AGENTS-MCKINLEY IS DEAD. And we will have ready in a few days a Memorial Volume, containing a complete history of his life and services, including his stirring speeches and far-famed state papers, now ready and published.

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OBITUARY.

Rev. S. E. Sprague.

Rev. Samuel E. Sprague, a well-known minister of the Primitive Baptist, died at his home Beechwood, Carleton county, on Wednesday evening last, after an illness of only a few days. He had been actively engaged in the ministry for over 20 years, during which time he had charge of several churches in Carleton and Victoria counties. He was a faithful preacher who well exemplified the teachings of the gospel with his own life. He was 54 years of age, and leaves a wife and four children.

Hugh Spence.

The death occurred in Minneapolis on the 5th of September of Hugh Spence, Sr., who left his home in this province for the west many years ago. He and his wife were natives of Grand Lake, Queens county. He leaves a wife and one son.

Mrs. A. D. Dewdney.

The death occurred early Friday, at her residence, 219 Duke street, of Kathleen Dewdney, wife of Rev. A. D. Dewdney, of St. James church. Deceased was 30 years of age, and leaves beside her husband two little daughters, Marion and Kathleen. Mrs. Dewdney was formerly a Miss Hombayser, of Glenora, Ontario. She enjoyed the esteem and respect of all who knew her. For the past eight months she had been a sufferer, but bore her illness with patience and resigned fortitude. Mrs. Dewdney and family will receive the deepest sympathy in their bereavement.

Thomas Beech, Hotel Proprietor.

Halifax, Sept. 20.—(Special)—The death occurred at Bedford today of Thomas Beech. Some years ago he conducted Bellevue Hotel at Bedford. Later he went to New Glasgow and ran the Vendome Hotel for two or three years, subsequently returning to Bedford. He has also managed the Waverley Hotel for a time.

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Mrs. Bridget Killen.

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A. F. Irving, of the I. C. R.

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POLITICAL IN NOVA SCOTIA.

Warmest Contest Will Be That in the County of Colchester.

SET AGAINST LAURENCE.

Conservatives Making Every Effort to Down Him, Still It Looks Like Liberal Victory--Restarting of the Iron Works--General News of

Truro, Sept. 21.—A glance over the province at the political situation shows that the contest in Colchester is more keen, and warmer than in any other county. Speaker Laurence, who has sat in the local house unopposed for the last 15 years, and B. F. Pearson, one of the most resolute men in Canada, make a good team and a strong one. Stairs and Black, the Conservative ticket, are men of money and their heifers have their knives out for Mr. Laurence. The cry they have raised throughout the riding is "down Laurence." To do this the Conservatives have summoned every work horse, and are leaving no stone unturned, and as one of their executive stated to his hand recently, "if we are pushed at the end we will do more than any other party." But Laurence is not to be downed and the prospects from every polling section point to a good safe majority for Laurence and Pearson. Most of the candidates will be in the field, and it is altogether likely that the deal will be consummated before election day. This will mean the restarting of the Liberal candidates.

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