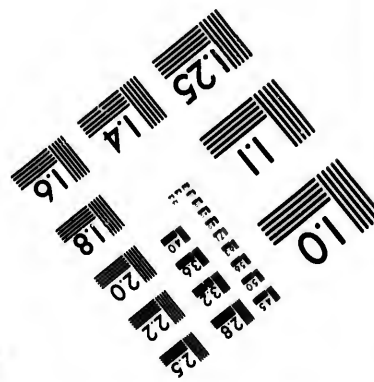
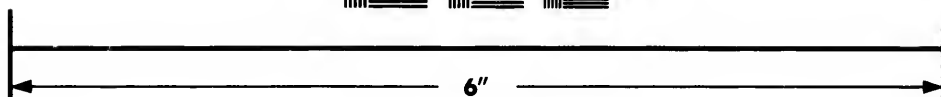
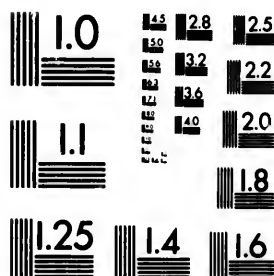


IMAGE EVALUATION TEST TARGET (MT-3)



Photographic
Sciences
Corporation

23 WEST MAIN STREET
WEBSTER, N.Y. 14580
(716) 872-4503

**CIHM/ICMH
Microfiche
Series.**

**CIHM/ICMH
Collection de
microfiches.**



Canadian Institute for Historical Microreproductions / Institut canadien de microreproductions historiques

© 1982

Technical and Bibliographic Notes/Notes techniques et bibliographiques

The Institute has attempted to obtain the best original copy available for filming. Features of this copy which may be bibliographically unique, which may alter any of the images in the reproduction, or which may significantly change the usual method of filming, are checked below.

- ☒ Coloured covers/
Couverture de couleur
- ☒ Covers damaged/
Couverture endommagée
- ☐ Covers restored and/or laminated/
Couverture restaurée et/ou pelliculée
- ☐ Cover title missing/
Le titre de couverture manque
- ☐ Coloured maps/
Cartes géographiques en couleur
- ☐ Coloured ink (i.e. other than blue or black)/
Encre de couleur (i.e. autre que bleue ou noire)
- ☐ Coloured plates and/or illustrations/
Planches et/ou illustrations en couleur
- ☐ Bound with other material/
Relié avec d'autres documents
- ☒ Tight binding may cause shadows or distortion along interior margin/
La reliure serrée peut causer de l'ombre ou de la distortion le long de la marge intérieure
- ☐ Blank leaves added during restoration may appear within the text. Whenever possible, these have been omitted from filming/
Il se peut que certaines pages blanches ajoutées lors d'une restauration apparaissent dans le texte, mais, lorsque cela était possible, ces pages n'ont pas été filmées.
- ☐ Additional comments:/
Commentaires supplémentaires:

L'Institut a microfilmé le meilleur exemplaire qu'il lui a été possible de se procurer. Les détails de cet exemplaire qui sont peut-être uniques du point de vue bibliographique, qui peuvent modifier une image reproduite, ou qui peuvent exiger une modification dans la méthode normale de filmage sont indiqués ci-dessous.

- ☐ Coloured pages/
Pages de couleur
- ☐ Pages damaged/
Pages endommagées
- ☐ Pages restored and/or laminated/
Pages restaurées et/ou pelliculées
- ☒ Pages discoloured, stained or foxed/
Pages décolorées, tachetées ou piquées
- ☐ Pages detached/
Pages détachées
- ☒ Showthrough/
Transparence
- ☐ Quality of print varies/
Qualité inégale de l'impression
- ☐ Includes supplementary material/
Comprend du matériel supplémentaire
- ☐ Only edition available/
Seule édition disponible
- ☐ Pages wholly or partially obscured by errata slips, tissues, etc., have been refilmed to ensure the best possible image/
Les pages totalement ou partiellement obscurcies par un feuillet d'errata, une pelure, etc., ont été filmées à nouveau de façon à obtenir la meilleure image possible.

This item is filmed at the reduction ratio checked below/
Ce document est filmé au taux de réduction indiqué ci-dessous.

10X	14X	18X	22X	26X	30X
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
12X	16X	20X	24X	28X	32X

The co
to the

The im
possibl
of the
filming

Origina
beginn
the las
sion, o
other c
first pa
sion, a
or illus

The las
shall c
TINUE
whiche

Maps,
differen
entirely
beginn
right a
require
metho

The copy filmed here has been reproduced thanks to the generosity of:

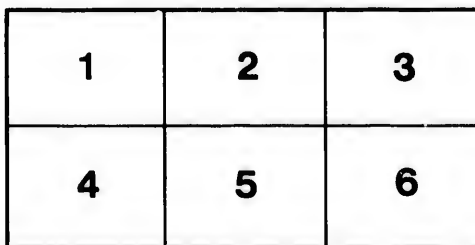
National Library of Canada

The images appearing here are the best quality possible considering the condition and legibility of the original copy and in keeping with the filming contract specifications.

Original copies in printed paper covers are filmed beginning with the front cover and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression, or the back cover when appropriate. All other original copies are filmed beginning on the first page with a printed or illustrated impression, and ending on the last page with a printed or illustrated impression.

The last recorded frame on each microfiche shall contain the symbol → (meaning "CONTINUED"), or the symbol ▼ (meaning "END"), whichever applies.

Maps, plates, charts, etc., may be filmed at different reduction ratios. Those too large to be entirely included in one exposure are filmed beginning in the upper left hand corner, left to right and top to bottom, as many frames as required. The following diagrams illustrate the method:



L'exemplaire filmé fut reproduit grâce à la générosité de:

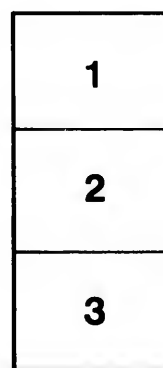
Bibliothèque nationale du Canada

Les images suivantes ont été reproduites avec le plus grand soin, compte tenu de la condition et de la netteté de l'exemplaire filmé, et en conformité avec les conditions du contrat de filmage.

Les exemplaires originaux dont la couverture en papier est imprimée sont filmés en commençant par le premier plat et en terminant soit par la dernière page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration, soit par le second plat, selon le cas. Tous les autres exemplaires originaux sont filmés en commençant par la première page qui comporte une empreinte d'impression ou d'illustration et en terminant par la dernière page qui comporte une telle empreinte.

Un des symboles suivants apparaîtra sur la dernière image de chaque microfiche, selon le cas: le symbole → signifie "A SUIVRE", le symbole ▼ signifie "FIN".

Les cartes, planches, tableaux, etc., peuvent être filmés à des taux de réduction différents. Lorsque le document est trop grand pour être reproduit en un seul cliché, il est filmé à partir de l'angle supérieur gauche, de gauche à droite, et de haut en bas, en prenant le nombre d'images nécessaire. Les diagrammes suivants illustrent la méthode.



Can. - 7 to ship, George P.
and
101
904.

CABOT
BIBLIOGRAPHY



B.

CABOT

BIBLIOGRAPHY

COMPILED BY
GEORGE PARKER WINSHIP

1897

This Bibliography was prepared at the suggestion of Mr. William E. Foster, the Librarian of the Providence Public Library, and was published in the *Bulletin* issued by that Library for June, 1897.

A few copies have been reprinted, in the hope that this form may prove serviceable to students of the period of discovery.

PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND.

June 24, 1897.

G. P. W.

JOH
" Although
and watch
of the Con
covery of A
after the e
the names
directly fro
we have hi
foreign lan
Cabot, man
and third b
these event
age."—Dea

The secti
upon the ad
ments whi
ages, 1476-1
Cabot the
London, 18
aken the st
sited below,
n most insta
question. V
ised the cop
Public Libra
Henry H.
t leurs voy
ould obtain
on the lives
leeds Engla
American m
The comp
ery thorough
ach case to
inent passag
ogued below
acomplete a
Cabot.

Including
containing
works whose
elating to C
The num
he Providen
he Providen
University, o
etters, respec

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

REGARDING

JOHN AND SEBASTIAN CABOT¹

"Although the fact of their voyages had been reported by jealous and watchful liegers at the English Court to the principal cabinets of the Continent . . . the historical literature relating to the discovery of America, as preserved in print, is, for nearly twenty years after the events took place, silent as to the enterprises and even the names of the Cabots. Scarcely anything has come down to us directly from these navigators themselves, and for what we know we have hitherto been chiefly indebted to the uncertain reports, in foreign languages, of conversations originally held with Sebastian Cabot, many years afterwards, and sometimes related at second and third hand . . . For more than two hundred years succeeding these events there was no mention made of more than one voyage."—Deane, in Winsor, *America*, III. 7-8.

The section of SOURCES in the present bibliography is based upon the admirable "*Syllabus* of the original contemporary documents which refer to the Cabots, to their lives, and to their voyages, 1476-1557," which Mr. Harrisse prepared for his *John Cabot the discoverer of North America and Sebastian his son*, London, 1896, pp. 387-469. From these eighty pages have been taken the statements giving the exact location of the manuscripts cited below, and in my references to printed books. The latter have in most instances been verified by examination of the volume in question. Where these were not available in Providence, I have used the copies belonging to Harvard University or to the Boston Public Library.²

Henry Harrisse, in his *Jean et Sébastien Cabot, leur origine et leurs voyages*, printed in 1882, the most authoritative text he could obtain of every document or extract which throws any light on the lives and character of the father and son, upon whose deeds England bases her claim to the discovery of the North American mainland in 1497.

The comprehensive nature of Mr. Harrisse's very careful and very thorough work renders it unnecessary to refer specifically in each case to the pages in his volume where are printed the pertinent passages from documents and narratives which are catalogued below. The few cases where this volume has been found incomplete are such as are noted as printed in Mr. Harrisse's *Cabot*.

¹ Including works written or printed during the XVI. century, containing references to the Cabots. Including also modern works whose chief value is due to the contemporary documents relating to Cabot, which they contain.

² The number following some of the titles is the call-number in the Providence Public Library. Books which were consulted at the Providence Athenæum, the Boston Public Library, Brown University, or Harvard University Libraries, are designated by the letters, respectively, A, B.P.L., B, and H.

A NEW INTERLUDE and a mery of the nature of the
iiij. elementes declaryinge many proper poyntes of
Phyllosophy Naturall and of Dyvers Straunge Landys
and of Dyvers Straunge Effectes and Causis.

The only copy now known to exist of this little volume of
verse, which was probably printed in London between 1510 and
1520, is in the British Museum.

It has been reprinted in Dodsley, *Select Collection of old
English plays*, (Hazlitt edition, I. 1-50), (10801.30 2); and by
the Percy Society, edited by Halliwell, vol. xxii, 1848,
(132.5 22).

The passages "containing the first allusion to the American
discoveries yet found in English literature" are on pp. 28-33 of
the Percy Society edition.

They have been reprinted in NICHOLLS, *Cabot*, 91-98, (3074 17.)
where it is suggested that "the Experyens herein depicted was
none other than Sebastian Cabot himself." Also reprinted in
WINSOR, *America*, III. 14-16 (208.1 3); PAYNE, *America*,
230-241, (208.9.1); and by HALE, *Amer. Antiquarian Society*,
21 October 1865, 29-30, (040.8.6).

AMERICAN HISTORY LEAFLETS.

Documents describing the voyage of John Cabot in
1497.

In *American History Leaflets*, (New York, Lovell), No. ix.
May, 1893, pp. 14. (238.17.)

Edited by Professor Edward Channing of Harvard. Con-
tains good texts of all the important sources for the 1497 voy-
age.

ARBER.

The first Three English Books on America.
[? 1511]-1555 A. D. Being chiefly translations,
compilations, &c., by Richard Eden, edited by Ed-
ward Arber.—Birmingham, 22 June, 1885. H.

pp. xlviii+408. 4to.

This volume contains the interlude of the *Four Elements*,
and the translation of Munster, *Treatyse*, 1553, and of Martyr,
Decades, 1555, entered below under EDEN.

AYALA.

[Dispatch from Pedro de Ayala, the junior Spanish
ambassador in England, to Ferdinand and Isabella,
dated (London) 25 July, 1498.

The original document, written in cipher, is at Simancas (*Patro-
nato Real, Capit. con Inglaterra*. Leg. 2, fo. 198.)

An English translation is in BERGENROTH, *Calendar (Spain)* I.
no. 210, 176-177; omitting an important passage given in HAR-
RISSE, *Cabot*, 396, (3774.2).

The passages referring to "another Genoese like Columbus" are
reprinted in MARKHAM, *Journals*, 208-209; in HALE, *Am. An-
tiquarian Society Proceedings*, 21 Oct. 1865, p. 25-26; PROWSE,
Newfoundland, 29, (205.15); *Histor. Mag.* xlii. 134-135, (250.1.13);
NICHOLLS, *Bristol*, iii. 296-7.

BELLEFOREST.

La cosmographie vniverselle de tovt le monde. Auteur en partie Mvnster, mais beaucoup plus augmentée par Francois de Belle-forest, Comingeois, tant de ses recherches, comme de l'aide de plusieurs memoires enuoyez de diuerses Villes de France, par hommes amateurs de l'histoire et de leur patrie.—Paris, Chesneau, 1575.

2 vols. in 36. maps. folio.

See II. column 2175, for the reference to Cabot's search for the north-west passage.

BERGENROTH.

Calendar of Letters, dispatches, and state papers, relating to the negotiations between England and Spain, preserved in the archives at Simancas and elsewhere, 1485(-1543.) Edited by J. A. Bergenroth.—London, 1862(-1895.) H.

12 volumes, folio.

The Rolls Series of Spanish documents is now being continued by Mr. Martin A. S. Hume.

For the important light thrown upon the Cabot question by the documents brought to light by Mr. Bergenroth, see notes under **AYALA** and **GONZALES DE PUEBLA**.

Cited as **BERGENROTH**, *Calendar* (*Spain*).

BERTIUS, PETRUS.

P Bertij Tabylarvm Geographicarvm contractarvm Libri septem.—Amsterodami, Iudoci Hondij, 1618.

pp. 839, oblong 8vo.

A portion of the Cabot legends are printed on pp. 777-780.

BERWICK Y ALBA.

Autografos de Cristobal Colon y Papeles de America. Los publica la Duquesa de Berwick y de Alba, Condessa de Siruela.—Madrid, 1892. H.

pp. 203. 5 facsimiles, folio.

This work contains four important documents relating to Cabot's La Plata expedition:

Ejecutoria de Isabel Mendez v Francisca Vazquez contra el capitan Sebastian Caboto. Madrid, 15 Setiembre 1530.

Sentencia dada por los Señores del Consejo de las Indias en el pleito entre Catalina Vazquez e sus hijas e el Capitan Sebastian Caboto. Avila, 4 Julio 1531.

Sentencia definitiva dada por los Señores del Consejo de las Indias en el pleito entre Francisco Vazquez e Isabel Mendez y Sebastian Caboto. Medina del Campo, 1 Hebrero 1532.

Informacion pedida por Francisco Leardo y Francisco de Santa Cruz contra Sebastian Caboto. Medina del Campo, 5 Junio; y Segovia, 28 Setiembre 1532.

See HARRISSE's remarks on this admirable publication, in *Revue historique*, Jan. 1893, II. 44-64, (B.)

BESTE.

A true discovrse of the late voyages of discoverie, for the finding of a passage to Cathaya, by the Northveast, vnder the conduct of Martin Frobisher Generall: Deuided into three Bookes. In the first whereof is shewed, his first voyage. Wherein also by the vvay is sette out a Geographically description of the Worlde, and what partes thereof haue bin discovered by the Nauigations of the Englishmen.—London, Henry Bynnyman, 1578.

811+pp. 52+39+68. 2 maps. Small 4to.

The "epistle dedicatorie" is signed by George Beste.

On p. 16, 1508 is given as the year of Sebastian Cabot's discovery of America, the author "probably never having heard of any previous voyage." Mr. Brevoort used this fact in arguing for a possible voyage in that year. See WINSOR, *America*, iii. 28-29, (20S.1.3); on p. 36, Mr. Deane suggests that the date may be a clerical or typographical error.

BREWER.

Letters and papers, foreign and domestic, of the reign of Henry VIII., arranged and catalogued by J. S. Brewer.—London, 1862(-1896.) H.

22 thick folio volumes of the Rolls Series contain these documents, dating from 1500 to 1540. The editorial work has been continued, after Mr. Brewer's death, by Mr. James Gairdner and Mr. R. H. Brodie.

II. pt. ii, 1456, May, 1512; entry of "Paid Sebastian Tabot making of a carde (or map) of Gascoine and Guyon, 20 s."

IV. pt. 1, 154, no. 366, 18 February, 1523; payment to John Goderyk of Tory for conductyng of Sebastian Cabott, master of the Pylotes in Spayne to London.

BROWN, RAWDON.

Ragguagli sulla vita e sulle opere di Marin Sanuto detto il juniore Veneto patrizio e cronista pregevolissimo de' secoli xv, xvi.—Venezia, 1837-1838. B. P. L. 3 parts, pp. 250, 258, 356, Svo.

Contains the letter from Lorenzo Pasqualigo, London, 23 August, 1497, describing the return of Cabot from his first voyage; pt. I. 99-100.

In the Boston Public Library copy of this work, (library call no. 4196-9, v. 1), is inserted a manuscript note:

"Mr. Rawdon Brown will gladly show Mrs. R. E. Apthorp what he considers documentary evidence of John Cabot's English origin; and, of his never having come to Venice, (where he married a Venetian woman who bore him Sebastian & his other sons) until the year 1461.... Casa della Vida Thursday 2 P. M."

The same copy also contains, i. 100-103, a marginal manuscript note, "I printed this in the year 1837; but in 1855-6, it became manifest thro' documents discovered in the Venice archives...." that John Cabot really owed his birth to England, etc.

BROWN, *continued.*

Calendar of State Papers and Manuscripts, relating to English Affairs, existing in the archives and collections of Venice, and in other libraries of Northern Italy. Vol. I., 1202-1509, [-1591], edited by Rawdon Brown.—London, 1864[-1894.] H., B. P. L.

Pp. clvii+375. facsimiles. folio.

This, the first volume of the Rolls series of Venetian documents, contains important papers throwing much light on John Cabot's voyage of discovery, which are referred to in the notes under CON-
TARINI, NAVAGERO, PASQUALIGO and RAIMONDO.

The series has been continued in nine volumes, containing documents dated to 1591.

Cited as BROWN, *Calendar (Venice)*.

BULLO, CARLO.

La vera patria di Nicolo de' Conti e di Giovanni Caboto studj e documenti.—Chioggia, 1880. H.

Pp. xxxiii+91. 8vo.

The Cabot documents are on pp. 59-70.

"Lettera di G. Lanza a C. Bullo, sulla vera patria di Giovanni Caboto" dated, Venezia 29 Marzo 1876; 70-91.

The footnotes afford a useful guide to the Italian secondary literature on the Cabots.

Contents with little force for Chioggia as the birthplace of John Cabot.

BURROUGH.

The Nauigation and discouerie toward the riuer of Ob, made by Master Steuen Burrough, Master of the Pinnesse called the Serch thrift.

In Hakluyt, *Voyages*, I. 274-283.

Dated 27 April 1556.

According to Biddle, *Memoir*, 320-321, the Italian version of Burrough's *Nauigation*, in *Ramusio*, II. fo. 212-219 (ed. 1606) "has been universally referred to Sebastian Cabot," following the heading given to the narrative in Ramusio; even appearing under his name in the Bodleian catalogue.

CABOT, JOHN.

Petition of John Cabotte, Lewes, Sebastian and Sancto his sons, delivered to the Chancellor at Westminster to be acted upon, 5 March 1496.

The original document is in the Public Record Office, London. (*Privy Seals*, and *Chancery Signed Bill*. Hen. VII. no. 51.)

Reprinted in DESIMONI, *Intorno*, p. 47.

SEBASTIAN CABOT.

"It is difficult to believe that administrative incompetency could have characterized very greatly a man who was sought, both by England and Spain, to take the management of their maritime affairs. That his mind was fertile in resources, and that he exercised in matters of detail a superior grasp, seems evident. As a student of phenomena, he was, if not the first, a leading agent to suspect that by observing the variation of the needle a law could be adduced for determining longitude; and on his death bed he talked of it as a secret of the seaman's art. He naturally carried his expectations too far, since first glimpses of nature's laws are likely to incline the imaginative mind to excess of belief; but the continued publication today of magnetic charts, and the occasional use of them in navigation, shows that Cabot's insight was clear." —Winsor, *Controversies*, 11.

[Letter to Juan de Samano, dated Seville, 24 June 1533.

The original, which is perhaps the only specimen of Sebastian Cabot's handwriting in existence, is in the Archives of the Indies at Seville (*Est. 133, Caj. 3, Leg. 2.*) A copy is among the Muñoz Transcripts at Madrid, (*vol. lxxix, fo. 287.*)

A facsimile of this letter, accompanied by a transcript with the abbreviations expanded, is in Harris, *Cabot*, 429-430. Also printed in Tarducci, *Caboto*, 404-405.

See the reference to it in *Relaciones geograficas de Indias*, Madrid 1835, II. p. xii.

MAPPE-MONDE—1544-1549.

Sebastian Caboto, capitan y piloto mayor de la S. c. c. m. del Imperador don Carlos quinto deste nombre, y Rey nuestro sennor hizo esta figura extensa en plano, anno del nascimo de nrõ saluador Iesu Christo de M D X L I I I I. annos, tirada por grados de latitud y longitud con sus uientos, como carta de marear, imitando en parte al Ptolomeo, y en parte a los modernos descubridores, así Espannoles como Portugueses, y parte por su padre, y por el descubierto, por donde podras nauegar como por carta de marear, teniendo respecto a la uariacion que haze el aguia.

In English this is:

"Sebastian Cabot, captain and pilot-major of his sacred imperial majesty the Emperor Charles, the fifth of this name, and our lord the king, made this figure projected on a plane in the year of the birth of our Saviour Jesus Christ, 1544, having drawn it by degrees of latitude and longitude, with the winds, as a sailing chart, following partly Ptolemy and partly the modern discoverers, Spanish and Portuguese, and partly the discovery made by his father and himself; by it you may sail as by a sea-chart, having regard to the variation of the needle. . . ."

From the seventeenth legend on a map, which is described as a copper plate engraving, composed of four separately printed parts, measuring each 80 x 62 centimetres, and pasted together on card board.

CABOT, continued.

The four corners of the plate exhibit each a large engraved head of Eolus, colored by hand, like the coast, figures of men, animals and things within the map. On the upper part, to the left of the reader, there is an engraving of the Annunciation, with a Latin invocation of five lines. To the right, are the engraved arms of the Empire, surmounting an absolutely unintelligible Spanish inscription. In the lower part there is, on each side, a cosmographical table, both within a frame.

As regards the mappamundi proper, it is elliptical, with the orthographic projection devised by Apianus in 1524. It contains indications of magnetic lines with no variation, which Cabot erroneously transforms into meridians, and starting points, calculated, as he imagined, to enable mariners to find the longitude at sea. —adapted from HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 437-38.

An earlier description, by M. d'AVEZAC, is in the *Bulletin de la Société de Géographie*, (1857) 4 ser. xiv, 268-270.

Mr. HARRISSE's examination of all the contemporary references to a Cabot map, in his *Cabot*, pp. 432-443, is one of the very best examples of his marvellous command of the sources upon which the early history of America is based, and of his masterly power of insight into and grasp of the ultimate significance of the statements of chroniclers, disputants and mere chancery scribes.

Mr. HARRISSE concludes that the original map drawn by Sebastian Cabot at Seville, in 1544, was sent to the Low Countries, accompanied by the legends written in Spanish by Dr. Grajales at Puerto de Santa Maria, in Spain. This map was engraved, probably at Antwerp, and the legends were printed, at the same place, in two forms: in two longitudinal tables which were pasted on each side of the printed plate; and in pamphlet form, presumably to accompany the map when sold without the legends pasted thereon. (See note to next title below.)

One copy is known of the first issue of this map. It is on exhibition in the Geographical Department of the Bibliothèque Nationale at Paris. This copy was discovered by von Martius in the house of a curate in Bavaria, in 1843, and was purchased by the French government during the following year.

In 1549 a new issue of the map was made, probably from the original plate, which may have been sent from Belgium to London, where this issue seems to have been published. It was accompanied by two tables of Latin legends only, copied from the Latin text of the earlier edition, but divided into chapters, each with a heading. These were printed in England, and appear to have been edited by Clement Adams. These legends were copied by CHYTRÆUS at Oxford in 1565. Hakluyt speaks of having examined them in London, in 1584 and 1589, at "her maiesties privie gallerie at Westminster, and in many other ancient merchants' houses."

In the first issue, the date of the discovery of America by Cabot is given as 1494. Sebastian Cabot was in England in 1549, and it may have been through his influence that the date was changed, while the edition of that year was being printed, to read, correctly, 1497. Hakluyt mentions a copy of this correctly dated issue, in 1599, and Purchas refers to it in 1625. No copy of either form of this London, 1549, edition is now known to exist.

HARRISSE's argument should be compared with what Mr. Deane says, in Winsor, *America* iii. 35-36, of the efforts to reconstruct a map showing a northwest passage, from the various references to the 1549 English Cabot map.

CABOT, *continued.*

Comparison might also be made with DAWSON, *Voyages*, 106-107, where the various texts of legend 8 (see below), are held to show that "the Paris map of 1544 is not Cabot's in any sense which would make him responsible for its accuracy;" that the Clement Adams map "was essentially different in its American geography from that of 1544;" and that "LOK's map, taken with GILBERT's and WILLIS's statements, affords a useful indication" as to what Sebastian Cabot's charts contained.

"If this map, with the date of its composition, is authentic, it is the first time the name of John Cabot has been introduced to our notice in any printed document, in connection with the discovery of North America . . . on the authority, apparently, of Sebastian Cabot himself."—Deane in Winsor, *America*, iii. 23.

See *Am. Antiq. Socy. Proc.* (20 October, 1866), 12-14, for Mr. Deane's suggestions as to questions raised by the Cabot map, when it was first seriously discussed by American students.

The Cabot map has been reproduced in:

Jomard: *Monuments*, plate xx, in actual size facsimile by E. Rembielinski, an able Polish artist; lacking two principal ornaments and the tabular legends.

Thirteen full size photographic facsimiles were made in 1882, through the efforts of several New England students. Of these, two were retained by the Bibliothèque Nationale, and the others were disposed of to the Massachusetts Historical Society, American Antiquarian Society, Boston Athenæum, Boston Public Library, Harvard University Library, New York Historical Society, Virginia Historical Society, Library Company of Philadelphia, Long Island Historical Society, American Geographical Society (Judge C. P. Daly), and Gen. John Marshall Brown of Portland, Maine.

Careful facsimiles of the map were made for HARRISSE, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, and these were utilized in his *Cabot*, 94, 262, 286. Other copies of the significant portions of this map are given in STEVENS, *Hist. Geog. Notes*, pl. 4; KOHL, *Discovery of Maine*, 358, (248-77); LA GRAVIÈRE, *Marius*, with an essay on the map; NICHOLLS, *Cabot*, (see STEVENS' comment, in note under NICHOLLS); BREVOORT, in *Histor. Mag.*, March, 1868, xlii. 129, (350.1.13); KIDDER, *Discovery*, and *New England Historic Genealogical Register*, xxxii. 351, (a rough sketch), (350.1.32); BRYANT and GAY, *United States*, I. 193, (2085.18.1); ZERI, *Caboto*; DALY, *Cartography*, (the whole map, much reduced); WINSOR, *America*, iii. 22, and *Columbus*, 626, (3064.29); BOURINOT, *Cape Breton*, 177; DAWSON, *Voyages*, 86; KRETSCHMER, *Entdeckung Amerikas*; WINSHIP, *Coronado*, 352; MARKHAM, *Journals*, p. xxxii.

Declaratio | chartæ novæ navi- | gatoriæ domini | almirantis.

A small quarto pamphlet of 24 leaves, signatures A-F, 4 leaves each, having 27 lines on each full page. Printed in Roman letters. No place, name of printer or year, but perhaps printed at Antwerp in 1544.

This pamphlet was not known to modern students of American bibliography prior to its appearance as no. 99 in the "Catalogue of the rich library of the Chateau de Lobris in Silesia, and of other collections, which will be sold at Munich, 22 April, (1895),

CABOT, *continued.*

and following days, under the direction of Ludwig Rosenthal's Antiquariat." This copy, the only one now known to exist, is reported to have been purchased for a New York firm dealing in Americana.

The text of this pamphlet is the same as that of the Spanish and Latin legends which are mentioned above as pasted on the sides of the Cabot map. They appear to have been printed with the same type, but the complete failure of the printer to give the slightest clue to his name or place of occupation, has as yet baffled every effort to establish definitely the locality of their origin in printed form.

The title to the pamphlet given above, "Explanation of the new sailing chart of his Lordship the Admiral," is the same as that at the beginning of a copy of the Spanish text of these same legends, which is preserved in the King's Library at Madrid. This copy is in the handwriting of Dr. Grajales of Puerto de Santa Maria, in Andalusia, and Harris-e is strongly of the opinion that this copy is a first draft, in the handwriting of their author, who derived, doubtless, the necessary information directly from Sebastian Cabot in person.

"The manuscript of these legends must have been sent, together with the manuscript of the map, to the place where the latter was engraved, then printed there after having been translated into Latin by some savant of the locality... The typographical appearance of the legends, and the engraving of the Imperial Arms, seem to betray a Low Countries printing office; although, thus far, we have been unable to ferret it out. In our opinion, however, Belgium is the country where the engraving and printing were executed, probably at Antwerp."—Harris-e, *Cabot*, 436-7.

See note under CHRYTÆUS, for an account of his transcript of the legends.

M. JOMARD, when he issued his facsimile of the Cabot map, promised to publish the text of the accompanying legends. His death prevented the accomplishment of this purpose, but the design was in part carried out by M. Boselli, who had them reproduced in lithographic facsimile for private distribution.

The most convenient form in which to consult the legends as a whole is in the Massachusetts Historical Society *Proceedings*, 12 February 1891, or *New Series* vi. 305-330. Twenty copies of this text were reprinted for private distribution, with the title:

Cabot's Mappe-Monde. Remarks [in communicating] from the papers of the late Charles Deane, copies of the Spanish and Latin Inscriptions on Cabot's Mappe-Monde, now in the National Library at Paris, with a translation of them into English. By Charles C. Smith. [Boston, 1891.] pp. (35), Svo.

The most important of these legends are numbers 8 and 17. The latter gives the title to the map, which is quoted above. This is reprinted in BERTIUS, *Tabularum Geog. Contractarum*, 627 in 1603 edition, 777 in 1617 ed., from Chytræus, *Variorum*, 791-794, in a Latin text; in Harris-e, *Cabot*, 435-436, Spanish text; and 309-311, English text. Another English version is in *Archæologia*, 1870, xliii. 18-19; see MAJOR.

Much more important is Legend 8, of which Deane, in Winsor, *America*, III. 23, says: "Who but Sebastian Cabot would know

CABOT, *continued.*

the facts embodied in it,—namely, that the discovery was made by both the father and the son, on the 24th of June, about five o'clock in the morning; that the land was called *prima vista*, or its equivalent and that the island near by was called St. John, as the discovery was made on St. John's Day?"

This legend was reprinted in HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 432-433, with an English version, 443-444, from the Latin version of Hakluyt, *Principall Navigations*, 511, which shows changes which "simply indicate a gratuitous manipulation by Hakluyt of Adams' text."

Other English versions of Legend 8 are in Markham, *Journals*, 200-201; Major, *True Date*, *Archæologia*, 1870, xliii. 18; Dawson, *Voyages*, 106-107; Bouriaot, *Cape Breton*, 178 and 295; Brevoort, in *Historical Mag.* xlii. 133; *American Hist. Leaflet*, ix. 9-10; Winsor, *America*, iii. 21.

Legend 7 may be found, in English, in Eden, *Decades*, fo. 317, or pp. 343-344 of Arber, *First Three English Books*. The Spanish is in HARRISSE *Cabot*, 433-434.

[Letter to Charles V., dated 21 April 1550.]

The original manuscript copy is in the British Museum, (*Harleyan Mss.* 523, fo. 9.)

An abstract is in J. G. Nichols, *Literary Remains*, Edward vi. (London, 1857, 4to.) I. 189.

HERRERA, *Historia general*, (Dec. iv. lib. viii. cap. xi; p. 168 of 1730 edition) gives an extract from a memoir addressed to Charles v. by Cabot, giving an account of the natives of the La Plata country, and of the natural resources of those regions. It is presumably a direct quotation, in the words of Cabot, from a document which is not now known to exist.

Ordinances, instructions, and advertisements of and for the direction of the intended voyage for Cathay, compiled, made, and delivered by the right worshipfull M. Sebastian Cabota Esquier, gouernour of the mysterie and companie of the Marchants adventures.

Printed in Hakluyt, *Voyages*, I. 226-230.

For reference to an original text, see Sainsbury, *Calendar*, *Colonial*, I. 3.

These instructions, dated 9 May 1553, were drawn up for the voyage undertaken by Willoughby and Chancellor.

Several of the more interesting paragraphs are reprinted in NICHOLLS, *Cabot*, 157-162.

"The conduct of the operations of the Company of Merchants Adventurers by Sebastian Cabot in his old age was of essential service in advancing and opening a new route for English commerce." Sir Clements Markham.

[Letter to Charles V., dated London, 15 November 1553.]

The original copy is at Simancas, (*Estado Corresp. de Inglaterra*, Leg. 808.)

Printed in *Coleccion doc. ined. Espana* (Madrid, 1845) iii. 512-514, (with date misprinted 1554); and in *Bulletin Géog. historique et descrip.* (Paris, 1890) no. 1. 25-27.

CABOT, *continued*.

A copy of this letter was enclosed in one from the Emperor to his son (Philip II), dated 16 February 1554, which is printed with it.

The important portion of this letter is translated in Winsor, *America*, iii. 23-4.

CABOT'S "alleged method for taking the longitude at sea by means of the declination of the sun," written before 1556 is printed by Harrisse, *Cabot*, 454-456, with English translation, 302-306, from the original Spanish manuscript at Madrid, in the Biblioteca Nacional; *Santa Cruz, Libro de Longitudes* (A n, 97).

For references to Sebastian Cabot's career in Spain, see

MUNOZ TRANSCRIPTS, at Madrid; vols. lxxv. fos. 49, 319, 331, 343, 519, printed in Harrisse, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, 333-334; lxxv. 213; lxxvi. 28, printed in Navarrete, *Biblioteca*, II. 698, and Harrisse, *Discovery*, 707; lxxvii. fo. 165, printed in Harrisse, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, 355. *Libro de copias de cédulas (&c) de la Contratación*, 1515-1519, printed in Navarrete, *Colección*, iii. 319, and *Opusculos*, 1.66.

Simancas manuscripts, *Libro de la Camera*, 1513-1516, fo. 63, printed in Harrisse, *Discovery*, 706, and *Cabot*, 401.

Archives of the Indies, Seville; *Est.* 148, *Caj.* 2, *Leg.* 1, and *Caj.* 3, *Leg.* 1, printed in *Colección de Documentos inéditos de Indias*, xxxii. 449-451, 455-461, 479, and 481-482. *Leg.* 1, lib. 1, *Toma de Razon de Titulos*, 1503-1615, fo. 42, printed in Navarrete, *Colección*, iii. 308-309.

See notes under HERRERA and NAVARRETE below.

For references to Sebastian Cabot's second sojourn in England, see

Dasent, *Acts of Privy Council*, (London, 1890) 9 October 1547, (II. 137); 2 September 1549, (II. 320, 374); 26 June, 1550, (III. 55) reprinted in Harrisse, *Cabot*, 448-450.

Hopper in *Notes and Queries*, (1862) 3d Ser. I. 125. This dispatch, dated 25 November, 1549, from the English Ambassadors at Brussels, is in the British Museum (*Mss. Cott. Gabba B.* xii, fo. 124.) It is referred to by Strype, *Memorials*, II. 190. See entry under Charles v.

Harrisse, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, 360, reprinted in his *Cabot*, 450.

Harrisse, *Cabot*, 449-450. Text of reissue of the Letters Patent of 1496 to Sebastian Cabot, 4 June, 1550, from the original entry in the Public Record Office (*Patent Roll*, *Edw.* vi. *Pt.* vi, m. 10.)

Strype, *Memorials*, II, pt. ii. 76. The accuracy of this entry is doubted by Harrisse, *Cabot*, 451.

Lemon, *Calendar, Domestic*, 1547-80, I. 65. This document, Cabot's appointment as governor of the Merchants Adventurers for life, 6 February 1555, is also in Hakluyt, *Voyages*, iii. 10.

The Pension of £ 166, 13s. 4d., granted by Edward vi. to Sebastian Cabot during his life, on 6 January 1549-50, is in Hakluyt, *Voyages*, iii. 10, in Latin and English. The Latin text is in Rymer, *Fœdéra*, iv. pt. iii. 170; (see also iv. pt. iv. 40 and 55. The latter is translated by Harrisse, *Cabot*, 459-460.) Entries of payments made to Cabot on account of this grant are in Harrisse, *Cabot*, 451, 454, 456-460.

CABOT, *continued*.

On 25 December, 1557 William Worthington alone drew the pension which had been granted to him and to Sebastian Cabot jointly, on the preceding 29 May. As Cabot had drawn his share of the payment on 29 September, the inference is that he either relinquished this pension, or that he had died in the interval. This is the last recorded entry of his name, during his lifetime. Printed in *Harrisse, Cabot*, 466.

See note to BORROUGH.

PORTRAIT.

Effigies . Sebastiani Caboti Angli . Filii . Johānis Caboti . Vene ti . Militis Avrati . Primi . invēt oris. Terræ nova sub Hērico vii . Angl læ Rege.

This legend was on a portrait, which was doubtless the same painting as the one that Purchas, *Pilgrimes*, iv. 1812, reported having seen in "the privie gallerie at White Hall." The picture passed into private hands, possibly during the early commonwealth period, and was found in a Scottish gentleman's house early in the present century, by Mr. Charles Joseph Halford of Bristol, England.

See Mr. Biddle's account of the earlier history of the painting, written before he secured it, in his *Memoir*, 317-319. See also a note in the *Historical Magazine*, November, 1869, 2 Ser. vi. 306-307, copied from the Bristol, England, *Daily Times*.

Mr. Halford eventually sold it to Mr. Biddle, who hung it in his house at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, where it was destroyed by fire in 1845.

Fortunately, two careful copies of the portrait had previously been made, for the New York Historical Society, and by John G. Chapman for the Massachusetts Historical Society. See the *Proceedings* of the latter society, for March and June, 1838, ii. 101 and 111.

This portrait was for some time reputed to be by Holbein, but modern discoveries in regard to that painter's career show that this is hardly possible. The portrait is evidently English, and must therefore have been made after Cabot's return to London in 1548, when Holbein appears to have been dead for several years. See under APPLETON, below, for the report on the Massachusetts copy of the portrait, in *Mass. Histor. Socy. Proceedings*, January, 1865, viii. 91-96.

With the exception of the legend no. 8 on the Cabot map, this is the only direct testimony, presumably from Sebastian himself, as to the principal fact involved. But being clumsily expressed, it is uncertain whether the son or the father was intended to be represented as the knight and discoverer. The honor is given to but one of them, but unhappily the only statement clearly expressed is that Sebastian Cabot is an Englishman and the son of John Cabot a Venetian.—Deane in Winsor, *America*, iii. 31.

There is no other evidence that either father or son was ever knighted, although Purchas, *Pilgrimes*, iv. 1177, gives the title of Sir to Sebastian. In the entries referring to his pension, he is styled "armiger" or esquire.

A copy of this picture, printed in the year 1753, hangs in the Sala della Scudo, in the ducal palace in Venice, with a long Latin inscription composed probably at the time the copy was made. See *Notes and Queries*, (1858), 2 Ser. v. 2.

CABOT, *continued*.

One of the best reproductions from this portrait is in SEYER, *Bristol*, ii. 2c8. Other smaller copies are in NICHOLLS' and HAYWARD's biographies, and in WINSOR, *America*, iii. 5.

See under D'AVEZAC, for a note on a Venetian portrait of John and Sebastian Cabot, referred to in the *Bulletin de la Société de Géographie*, Paris, May, 1869, xvii. 406-7.

CESPEDES.

Regimiento de navegacion mando hazer el rei nves tro señor por orden de sv conseio real de las Indias a Andres Garcia de Ces pedes sv cosmografo maior.—(Colophon; Madrid, 1606.)

ll. 184, folio.

Near the top of fol. 137 there is an important reference to a map drawn by Cabot for the King of Castille.

CHARLES V.

[Letter from the Emperor to Mary Tudor, Queen of England, dated Haynnau, 9 September, 1553.]

The French text is printed by CL. HOPPER in *Notes and Queries*, (1892), 3 ser. I. 125.

An extract is translated into English by W. B. Turnbull, *Calendars*, (*Foreign*), 1553-1558, I. no. 30, p. 10.

Relates to Cabot's proposed return to the Spanish service.

CHAUVETON.

Histoire nouvelle dv nouveav monde, extraite de l' Italien de M. Hierosme Benzoni Milanois, & enrichie de plusieurs Disconrs et choses dignes de memoire. Par M. Vrbain Chavveton.—(Geneva.) Evs-tace Vignou, 1579.

20ll.+pp. 726. Small 8vo.

The summary of Cabot's voyage, on p. 141, is credited to Peter Martyr.

CHYTRÆUS.

Variorvm in Evropa itinervm deliciae; sev, ex variis ma-nv-scriptis selectio-ra tantvm inscri-ptionvm max-ime recentium monvmenta. Quibus passim in Italia et Germania, Helvetia et Bohemia, Dania et Cimbria, Belgio et Gallio, Anglia et Polonia, &c. Templā, arae, scholae, bibliothecae, musera....conspicua suntOmnia nuper collecta & hoc modo digesta à Na-thane Chytræo.—Herbornæ Nassouiorum. 1594.

10ll.+pp. 846, 12mo.

A second edition was printed in 1599, and a third in 1606.

See pp. 773-795, (or 599-614 in 1606 edition); "Svb tabulis geogra-phicis sequentes inscriptiones leguntur; quas non tam propter latinitalis, quæ non magna est, elegantiam; quàm propter res ipsas cognitio-ne non indignas hic subicere volumus."

CHYTRÆUS, continued.

In 1565 a young German savant, called Nathan Kochhaff, but generally known under the name of Chytræus, undertook a literary tour through Europe. In the course of that extensive peregrination, he copied a great many inscriptions, chiefly from monuments, but he did not publish them until nearly thirty years after his return home.

What struck Chytræus particularly in Oxford, was a map.... which he fails to describe altogether. His attention was attracted exclusively by the information in the legends, and these he copied, notwithstanding the poor Latin in which they are written.... These inscriptions are . . . only the Latin text of the tabular legends in the Cabotian planisphere of 1544.... The typographical division of the legends was different, (from that of the Paris copy), out.... these differences lead us to presume that the edition of the map seen at Oxford may not have been different in its cartographical part from the one of 1544, but that the tabular legends contained no Spanish texts whatever, while they set forth two more inscriptions in Latin.... But a very important difference is in the date. Where in the legend xvii. of the Paris map we read "plana figura me delineavit, 1544," the Oxford one gives "plana figura me delineavit 1549." "This date, and the modifications in the typographical arrangement of the legends, prove, of course, the existence of a second edition, or issue, of the Cabotian planisphere."—HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 438-440.

See notes under CABOT, MAPPE-MONDE, above.

CONTARINI.

[Dispatch from Gasparo Contarini, the Venetian representative, to the Senate at Venice. Dated Valladolid, 31 December, 1522.

Original in the Marciana Library, Venice, (*Cl. vii, Cod. mix, cart. 281-283*.)

Printed in Bullo, *Vera Patria*, 65-65.

Translated into English by RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar*, (*Venice*), iii. no. 607; and by MARKHAM, *Journals*, 219-223.

[Dispatch to the Senate of Venice, dated 7 March, 1523.

Original in Marciana Library, (*Cl. vii, Cod. mix, cart. 289*).

Printed in BULLO, *Vera Patria*, 66-67.

Translated into English by RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar*, (*Venice*), iii. no. 632, and by MARKHAM, *Journals*, 223-224.

[Report to the Senate of Venice, 16 November, 1525.

Original document in the State Archives at Turin, (cod. r, a, b, x, i, c. 138).

Printed in the *Raccolta Colombiana*, pt. iii, vol. I. no. xxxxi, p. 129.

The important reference to Cabot's voyage to the Moluccas is printed in HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 406.

CONTARINI, *continued*.

[Dispatch to the Doge of Venice, Andrea Gritti, dated Valladolid, 26 July 1523.

Original in Venice, (*Copi del Consiglio de' Dieci. Lettere sottoscritte Filza* no. 6, *Carte* 302, 1523).

Printed in BULLO, *Vera Patria*, 69.

Translated into English by RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar*, (*Venice*), iii. no. 710; and by MARKHAM, *Journals*, 225-6.

See below, under VENICE, for the replies to these dispatches.

COOPER, THOMAS.—See CROWLEY.

CORTES.

[Letters from Hernand Cortes to Sebastian Cabot, and to the members of his expedition. Dated 28 May 1527.

Original copies in the Archives of the Indies, at Seville, (*Patronato Real*, leg. 6).

Printed by NAVARRETE, *Coleccion*, v. 456-4, 7-459.

COSA.

Juan de la cosa la fizo en el puerto de Sa. mja en año de. 1500.

Or, in English, "Juan de la Cosa drew this at the port of Santa Maria in 1500."

A map of the world, in colors, drawn by the Spanish navigator, Juan de la Cosa, on an ox-hide measuring five feet nine inches by three feet two inches.

Originally belonging to the office of the Spanish Minister of Marine at Madrid it was found by Baron Walckenaer, in 1832, in a bric-a-brac shop at Paris. At the sale of his library in 1853, (catalogue no. 2904), it was purchased by the Queen of Spain, and is now in the Naval Museum at Madrid.

In this map, the earliest known on which the western discoveries are drawn, the northern portion of the east coast of the continent lying westward from Europe was depicted, undoubtedly from English sources. A broad legend, "Mar descubiera por inglese," runs along this coast, and the easternmost cape is named "Cauo de ynglaterra."

A photographic facsimile, the size of the original, was made in 1889, and in 1892 an excellent facsimile, colored by hand after the original, was issued with Antonio Vascano's *Juan de la Cosa, Ensayo biografico*, Madrid 1892; and also sold separately. Another facsimile in colors is in JOMARD, *Monuments*, pl. 16, in three sheets.

The map has been reproduced in Humboldt, *Examen*, v., (inaccurately), and in his appendix to Ghillany's *Geschichte des Seefahrers Ritter Martin Behaim*, (Nürnberg, 1853), reissued in the Amsterdam *Seeskabinets*.

Reduced facsimiles are in Stevens, *Notes*, pl. 1; Dawson, *Voyages*, 70; Lelewel, *Geog. du Moyen Age*, planche xli; Winsor, *America*, iii. 8, sketched in his *Columbus*, 380-381; Markham, *Journals*, xx; Thacher, *America*, 195.

The best transcript of the American names on the chart is in HARRISSE, *Discovery*, 412-415.

CRONICON regum Angliæ et series maiorum et vice comitum Civitatis London ab anno primo Henrici tertium ad annum primum Hen. 8.

Manuscript in the British Museum, (Mss. *Cellius, A xvi, fo. 173*).

It contains extracts from an anonymous chronicle of the time of Henry vii, mentioning the first transatlantic voyage of John Cabot (not by name, however,) mixed with details pertaining to the second, but presented as one expedition only.—HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 397.

The passages referring to Cabot are printed by Dr. E. E. HALL, in *Am. Antiquarian Socy. Proceedings*, 21 October 1866, p. 22.

This *Cronicon* was attributed to Robert FABYAN by STOW, who utilized it, with some serious modifications, in his *Chronicles*, 1580, where the Cabot passages, in which Stow changed "a Straunger venisian" into "one Sebastian Gabato a genoaas Sonne," occur on p. 872.

HAKLUYT also used the *Cronicon* in his *Divers Voyages*, 1582; in the *Principall Navigations*, 1589, 515; and *Voyages*, 1600, lib. 9.

Concerning the conflicting statements in Hakluyt, see BIDDLE, *Memoir*, 41-45, and TYTLER, *Histor. View*, 421-427.

CROWLEY.

An Epitome of cronicles. Conteyninge the whole discourse of the histories as well of this realme of England as all other countreys, gathered out of most probable auctours. Firste by Thomas Lanquet, from the beginning of the worlde to the incarnation of Christe, Secondely, to the reigne of our soueraigne lord King Edward the sixt by Thomas Cooper, and thirdly to the reigne of our soueraigne Ladye Quene Elizabeth, by Robert Crowley. Anno 1559, Londini. In ædibus Thomas Marshe.—Imprinted at London by William Seres. 1559.

See HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 16-18, for an elaborate discussion of the authorship and authority of the phrase "a Genoways sonne," applied to Sebastian Cabot, *sub anno* 1552-3. This expression appears to have been interpolated by a London hack-writer, printer, and preacher, Robert Crole or Crowley, who prepared the 1559 edition of Dr. Cooper's continuation of Lanquet's chronicle, for the press. Crowley and Cabot were both living in London between 1551 and 1554.

DAVIS.

The worldes hydrographical discription. Whereby appeares that from England there is a short and speedie passage into the South Seas, to China and India.... by John Davis.—London, Thomas Dawson, 1595.

pp. 48. small 4to.

Reprinted in Hakluyt, *Voyages*, (1812 edition); and in the Hakluyt Society *Davis* volume, entered below under MARKHAM.

The reference to Sebastian Gaboto's unsuccessful voyage in search of a northwest passage is in the opening paragraphs of the text.

EDEN.

A treatyse of the newe India, with other new founde landes and Ilandes, as well eastwarde as westwarde, after the description of Se-bastian Munster in his boke of vni-uersall Cosmographie: Translated out of Latin into Englishe. By Rycharde Eden.—(Colophon; London, Edward Sutton, 1553.)

103 ll. small 4to. (12mo size).

Reprinted in 1572 and 1574.

Also reprinted in ARBER, *First Three English Books*, 3-42.

See the dedication to Northumberland, (l. sig. aa iiiii. or p. 6 of Arber's edition, with comment on p. xiii), for reference to the expedition "vnder the gouernaunce of Sebastian Cabot yet living, & one syr Thomas Perte, whose laynt heart was the cause that that viage toke none effect."

The decades of the newe worlde or west India, Conteynyng the nauigations and conquestes of the Spanyardes, Wrytten in the Latine tounge by Peter Martyr of Angleria, and translated into Englysshe by Rycharde Eden.—Londini. Guilhelmi Powell. 1555.

ll (24)+361+(13). map. small 4to.

Reprinted in ARBER, *First Three English Books*, 43-397.

Eden's *Decades* placed before the English reader for the first time, the several notices of Sebastian Cabot by Martyr, Ramusio, Gomara, and Ziegler.

See "Richarde Eden to the reader," (prelim. leaf, sig. c 1.) for "Sebastiane Cabote touched only in the north corner and most barbarous parte hereof."

"When Eden wrote, Sebastian Cabot, an old man, was still alive in England, and the chronicler's views may be supposed to have been to some extent influenced by the aged mariner's. These opinions of Eden were that it behooved his countrymen, under the warrant of the Cabot discoveries, not to delay longer in taking possession of the New World from Baccalaos to Florida."—Winsor, *Controversies*, 9.

For the 1577 edition, see below under WILLES.

A very necessarie and profitable Booke concerning Nauigation, compiled in Latin by Ioannes Taisnietus, a publike professor in Rome, Ferrara, & other Uniuersities in Italie of the Mathematicall, . . . Translated into Englishe, by Richarde Eden.—London, Richarde Iugge. [n. d., about 1575.]

42 ll. small 4to.

This translation was probably not published earlier than 1574. Captain Markham, in his *Davis's Voyages*, 356, dates it 1579, without comment.

See the third page of the Epistle Dedicatorie. "Of the thyrd engin . . . not certaynely knowen, although Sebastian Cabot on his death bed tolde me that he had the knowledge thereof by diuine reuelation."

See M. d'Avezac's criticism on some of Eden's English renderings, *Revue Critique*, v. 265.

FABYAN.

See *Cronicon*, above.

A manuscript chronicle by Robert Fabyan, not now known to exist, is quoted by Stow, *Chronicles*, 875, (with a misprint, "1468"); and by Hakluyt, *Divers Voyages*, fol. A 3; *Voyages*, iii. 9.

See comments, and quotations, in Harrisse, *Cabot*, 143; Campbell, *Admirals*, I. 374; Markham, *Journals, etc.* 199-200 and *note*; Deane in Winsor, *America*, iii. 38; Dawson, *Voyages*, 96-97; Higginson, *Explorers*, 56-58.

See below, DEXTER, *Testimony of Fabyan's Chronicle*.

FERDINAND OF ARAGON.

[Letter from the king of Spain to Lord Willoughby, dated 13 September, 1512.

The original Spanish text is among the Muñoz Transcripts, at Madrid, (vol. xc, fo. 109 verso.)

Herrera, Dec I. lib. ix, cap. xiii, (vol. I. 254, 1730 ed.) refers to this letter to "Milord de Ulibi," and of the arrangements which the king offered to attract Cabot to his service.

[Letter to Sebastian Caboto, dated 13 September, 1512.

The Spanish text is in the Muñoz Transcripts at Madrid, (vol. xc, fo. 115.)

[Letter to Luis Carro de Villaragut, his Ambassador in England, dated 20 October, 1512.

Original text in the Muñoz Transcripts, (vol. xc, fo. 115.)

Another letter by King Ferdinand, "concerning Sebastian Caboto," written 20 October, 1512, from the same Transcripts, is also printed by Harrisse, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, 331-332.

FOXE.

North-vvest fox, or, Fox from the North-west passage. Beginning with King Arthvrr, . . . Following with briefe Abstracts of the Voyages of Cabot, . . . With the Author his owne Voyage, being the xvith; . . . By Captaine Lyke Foxe of Kingstone vpon Hull, Capt. and Pylot for the Voyage, in his Majesties Pinnace the Charles. Printed by his Majesties Command.—London, Alsop and Favvcet, 1635.

Pp. 272. globe and map. small 4to.

Reprinted by the *Hakluyt Society*, edited by Miller Christy, in 1894. (I, 1-250). See p. cxxvii for collation of the original.

For the account of the Cabot voyages see 13-16, or 31-37 (1894 ed.)

GALVANO.

Tratado. Que compôs o nobre & no-tauel capitão Antonio Galuão, dos diuersos & desuayrados caminhos, . . . & assi de todos os des cobrimentos antigos & modernos, que são feitos ate a era de mil & quinhentos & cincoenta.—(Colophon, 1563.)

ll. (4)+80. small 4to. (12mo size.)

Reprinted at Lisboa, where the 1563 edition was doubtless printed, in 1731.

An English translation has the title:

The discoveries of the World from their first originall vnto the yeere of our Lord 1555. Briefly written in the Portuguese tongue by Antonie Galvano, Gouvernour of Ternate, the chiefe Island of the Malucos. Corrected, quoted, and now published in English by Richard Hakluyt—London, G. Bishop. 1601.

6 ll+pp. 97. small 4to.

This version substituted the name of John Cabot for that of Sebastian, who appears as the discoverer in the Portuguese text. The English also adds the statement "but born in Bristol" to the mention of Sebastian as a Venetian, in connection with the voyage to La Plata.

The Portuguese and English texts were reprinted by the *Hakluyt Society*, edited by vice-admiral Bethune, London, 1862.

The English version was reprinted in the *Oxford Collection of Voyages*, II; and in J. S. Clarke, *Progress of Maritime Discovery* (London, 1803) appendix.

For the passages referring to Cabot, see fo. 25 (1563 ed.), pp. 32-33 (Hakluyt 1601 ed.). 87-89 (*Hakluyt Society*, 1862 ed.)

These passages are reprinted, in English, in Markham, *Journals*, etc. 216; Dawson, *Voyages*, 110; Winsor, *America*, iii. 33.

Galvano's statement that Cabot saw land in latitude 45 degrees north conforms so closely to the testimony of the Cabot map that Deane in Winsor, *America*, iii. 33, suspected that Galvano must have known that cartographical record.—Winsor, *Controversies*, 6.

This account was used by Thomas Prince in his *Chronological History of New England*, Boston, 1736, p. 80; reprinted by S. G. Drake, Boston, 1826, and 1852, p. 82. (208960.36.1)

GILBERT.

A discovrse Of a Discouerie for a new Pas-sage to Cataia. VVritten by Sir Hvm-frey Gilbert, Knight. —London by Hen-ry Middleton for Richarde Ihones. 1576. Aprilis. 12.

44 ll. map. small 4to.

Written at least as early as 1566.

The very inaccurate information concerning Cabot, for which Gilbert's sole authorities are the Cabotian planisphere of 1544 or 1549, and Ramusio, to whom he apparently refers in the marginal note, "Written in the discourses of Nauigation," are on the leaf signature D iij.

GOMARA, FRANCISCO LOPEZ DE.

Primera y segunda parte de la historia general de las Indias con todo el descubrimiento y cosas notables que han acaecido desde que se ganaron ata el año de 1551. Con la cōquista de Mexico y de la nueva España. En Caragoça, 1553 (1552).

ll. cxxii+cxl. map. folio.

Fifteen editions, at least, of Gomara's three works, were printed during the years 1552 to 1555. Reference is usually made, by preference, to the 12mo edition printed at Antwerp in 1554 for Juan Steelsio and Juan Bellerio, as this is the earliest edition having the chapters numbered.

Before the end of the century, translations into Italian and French had been reprinted a score of times. English translations of the *Conquest of the Indies* were printed in 1578 and 1596.

See the account of these various editions in Sabin, *Dictionary of American Books*, New York, 1875, vii. 305-312, which is "said to have been drawn up by Mr. Brevoort."

Gomara, who frequented the Spanish court in his capacity of secretary to Fernando Cortes between 1540 and 1546, had abundant opportunities for meeting Cabot personally, and "might have informed himself as to his early maritime enterprises, but he seems to have neglected his opportunity.... His statement contains little new, and is principally a repetition of Peter Martyr."—Deane in Winsor, *America*, iii. 27.

For "Sebastian Gaboto y su nauegacion," see cap. xxxix, "Los bacallaos." See index to other editions under *Sebastian*, in accordance with old Spanish custom.

EDEN gives an English version of this chapter in his *Decades*, 317; or ARBER's edition, 343.

Reprinted in *Amer. Hist. Leaflet*, ix, p. 14; in Nicholls, *Bristol*, iii. 296; and in WINSOR, *America*, iii. 26-27, ("corrected by the original"). There is another English version of the account of Sebastian Caboto in MARKHAM, *Journals*, 215.

GONZALES DE PUEBLA.

[Dispatch from Ruy Gonzales de Puebla, the senior Spanish Ambassador in England, to Ferdinand and Isabella, dated 28 March, 1496.

The original document is in the Archives at Simancas, (*Capitulaciones con Inglaterra*, Leg. 2, fo. 16).

An English translation by BERGENROTH, in *Calendar*, (*Spain*), I. no. 128, pp. 88-89.

[Dispatch to Ferdinand and Isabella, written about 25 July, 1498.

Original document at Simancas, (*Patronato Real. Capitulaciones con Inglaterra*, Leg. 2, fo. 198).

Printed by HARRISSE, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, 328, with mistakes corrected in his *Cabot*, 395 6.

The reference to Cabot is translated into English by MARKHAM, *Journals*, 207.

GRAFTON, RICHARD.

A chronicle at large and meere History of the af-fayres of Englande and Kinges of the same, deduced from the creation of the worlde, and so by contynuaunce unto the first yere of the reigne of our queene Elizabeth, collected out of sundry aucthors.—London, Denham, 1568-1569.

2 vols. folio.

Reprinted by Ellis as "Grafton's chronicle, or, history of England, to which is added his table of the bailiffs, sheriffs, and mayors, of the city of London, from 1189 to 1558.—London, 1809."

2 vols. folio.

The passage concerning Cabot is found in vol. ii. 1323, or ii. 533, of the 1809 edition. It is also in the *Abridgements* which Grafton published from 1563 till 1572. See 1571 ed., fo. 174.

See note under CROWLEY, above, from whose *Chronicle* this passage appears to have been borrowed.

GRAJALES.

A manuscript copy of the legends to the Cabot map, in the handwriting of Dr. Grajales, a learned Spaniard, was found by Harrisse in the Royal Library at Madrid, and led him to declare that Cabot may have furnished the data to Grajales, who prepared the text.

"There does not seem to be evidence that Grajales may not have copied them from another copy, or from the printed sheets."—Winsor, *Controversies*, 13.

HAKLUYT.

A particular discourse concerning the greate necessitie and manifolde comodities that are like to growe to this Realme of England by the Western discoveries lately attempted, written in the yere 1584, by Richarde Hakluyt of Oxforde, at the requeste and direction of the right worshipfull Mr. Walter Raghly,

This treatise was first printed by the Maine Historical Society, in volume ii. of its *Documentary History*, (Cambridge, 1877; pp. lxi+253.5 facsimiles. See note under KOTL., *Discovery*). It was edited by Charles Deane and Leonard Woods.

In Goldsmid's Edinburgh editions of Hakluyt, the *Western Planting* is printed in vol. xiii (America, ii) 169-276.

In this argument, which was intended to influence the Queen, Hakluyt uses the conversation at the house of Fracastor, from RAMUSIO (see note under LA POPELLINIÈRE, below) to support 1496 as the date of Cabot's discovery.

This date is repeated on the map by "F. G. S." inserted in Hakluyt's edition of MARTYR, *Decades*, published in Paris, 1587.

HAKLUYT, *continued*.

Divers voyages touching the discoverie of America, and the Ilands adiacent vnto the same, made first of all by our Englishmen, and afterward by the Frenchmen and Britons: And certaine notes . . . necessarie for such as shall heereafter make the like attempt.—London, for Thomas VVoodcokke, 1582,

59 ll. 2 maps. small 4to.

Reprinted by the *Hakluyt Society*, edited by JONES, London, 1850.

The passages relating to Cabot are on ll 7-10 (1582 ed.) or pp. 19-26 (1850 ed.)

This little volume contains, besides the quotations from FABYAN and Cabot's letter to RAMUSIO, from the preface to the third volume of the *Navigations*, the interesting statement that Sebastian Cabot's maps and discourses were in the possession of one of his old associates, William Worthington, who was willing to have them examined or published. It also contains the maps mentioned below under LOK and THORNE.

The principall navigations, voia-ges and discoveries of the English nation, made by Sea or ouer Land, to the most remote and farthest distant Quarters of the earth at any time within the compasse of these 1500. yeeres: . . . including the English valiant attempts in searching al-most all the corners of the vaste and new world of America, from 73. de-grees of Northerly latitude Southward, . . . By Richard Hakluyt Master of Artes, and Student sometime of Christ-church in Oxford.—London, Bishop and Newberie, 1589.

8 ll+pp. 825+5 ll. map. folio.

The Cabot documents are on pp. 500-516.

Cited as HAKLUYT, *Principall Navigations*.

Ten years later, Hakluyt issued a new collection, revised and amplified, as follows:

The principal navi-gations, voia-ges, traffiques and disco-ueries of the English Nation. . . . By Richard Hakluyt.—London, Bishop, Newberie and Barker, 1598-1600.

3 vols. folio.

"The Third and last volvme . . . to all parts of the Newfound world of America . . . Collected by Richard Hakluyt Preacher . . . 1600." 8 ll+pp 868. folio.

For the Cabot documents, see pp. 4-11, and 498-499.

Cited as HAKLUYT, *Voyages*.

The Cabot documents and narratives printed by Hakluyt were reprinted in *Old South Leaflet* no. 37, (Boston 1895) with a short supplementary quotation from FISKE, *Discovery of America*, and some bibliographical suggestions by Edwin D. Mead, the editor of the series. Also in *Amer. Histor. Leaflet*, ix. pp. 10-14.

HAKLUYT, *continued.*

"A new edition, with additions" in 5 volumes, was published in an edition of 325 copies, in London, 1800-1812. This included the suppressed portions of the original editions, and some very valuable supplementary narratives.

An edition, edited by Edmund Goldsmid, was published in Edinburgh, 1885-1890. xvi volumes, 8vo.

Volumes xli-xv were also issued with a separate title, as follows:

The voyages of the English nation to America Before the year 1600. from Hakluyt's collection of voyages. (1598-1600.)

Edited by Edmund Goldsmid.—Edinburgh, Goldsmid, 1889-1890. (2781.3)

4 vols. 8vo.

The Cabot documents are in i. (xii) 19-34, and iv. (xv) 120-123.

"I have, in my complete Edition of Hakluyt's Voyages, arranged the Contents of his first two volumes in the order he would have desired, had he not 'lacked sufficient store,' " Editor's note, p. 7, vol. xii, or *America*, i.

See under Galvano, for Hakluyt's edition of the *Discoveries*.

HARRISSE, HENRY.

Jean et Sébastien Cabot, leur origine et leurs voyages. Etude d'histoire critique, suivie d'une cartographie, d'une bibliographie et d'une chronologie des voyages au Nord Ouest, de 1495 à 1550. D'après des documents inédits.—Paris, Leroux, 1882.

pp. 395. map. large 8vo.

Issued in Schefer et Cordier, *Recueil de voyages et de documents pour servir à l'histoire de la géographie, xiii-xvi siècle*.

See the note at the beginning of this section, above.

HART.

American History told by contemporaries. Volume 1. Era of colonization, 1492-1689. Edited by Albert Bushnell Hart.—New York, Macmillan, 1897.

pp. xviii+606. 8vo.

The references to Cabot's voyages in the letter of PASQUALIGO and the dispatches of RAIMONDO DI SONCINO are printed on pp. 69-72.

HENRY VII.

The Letters patentes of King Henry the Seuenth granted vnto Iohn Caboto and his three sonnes, Lewis, Sebastian, and Sancius for the discoverie of new and vnknown lands.

Dated "apud Westmonasterium quinto die Martij." (5 March 1496).

Original manuscript in the Public Record Office, London (*French Rolls*, 11 Hen. vii. m. 23.)

HENRY VII, *continued*.

The Latin text was printed by HAKLUYT, *Divers Voyages*, 19 (1850 edition); *Voyages*, iii. 4. Also in RYMER, *Foedera* v. pt. iv. 89; and in Chalmers' and Hazard's *Historical Collections*.

HAKLUYT gives an English translation in *Divers Voyages*, 21-22; *Voyages*, iii. 4; reprinted in *Old South Leaflet* 37. Both texts are in *American History Leaflet* ix. 2-5. Other English versions are in MARKHAM, *Journals*, 197-199; NICHOLLS, *Bristol*, iii. 294.

[Gratuity "to hym that founde the new Isle," 10 August, 1497.

The original entries of the privy purse expenses of King Henry VII were in the Remembrancer office, where a copy was made by Mr. Craven Orde, which is now in the British Museum, (Addit. Mss. 7099, 12 Henrie VII. fo. 41.)

See note under NICOLAS. Also printed in BIDDLE, *Memoir*, 79, which see for a valuable note.

[Pension of £20 per annum granted to John Cabot, 13 December, 1497.

The original manuscript is in the Record Office, London. (*Privy Seal*, Dec. 13 Henr. VII. no. 40.)

This text was first made known by Mr. Deane, who printed it in WINSOR, *America*, iii. 56. Also printed in HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 302.

[New Letters Patent granted to John Kabotto, or Caboto, dated "apud Westimonasterium tercio die Februarij," (London, 3 February, 1498.)

The original Latin document is in the Record Office, London, (*French Roll*, 13 Hen. VII. no. 439. in. 1.)

This text was first printed by HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 393-394.

A contemporary English translation, now in the Record Office (*Chancery Signed Bills*, 13 Hen. VII. no. 6.) was discovered by Mr. BIDDLE in 1831, and printed in his *Memoir*, 74-75. Reprinted in MARKHAM, *Journals*, 206-207; NICHOLLS, *Bristol*, iii. 296; CONRY, *Bristol*, I. 311-312. DESIMONI printed a "revised text," in his *Intorno*, 56-57.

The Rolls Office memorandum of this licence was printed by Hakluyt in 1589, but its real significance remained wholly unsuspected until the document was found and printed in full by Mr. Biddle.

[Warrant for the payment of John Cabote's pension. "Geven undre oure prive seal at oure Manor of Shene the xxii day of february the xiii yere of oure reign," (22 February 1498).

Printed in HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 394; and in PROWSE, *Newfoundland*, 12.

HENRY VII, *continued*.

[Loan of £20 to Lanslot Thirkill, of London; 22 March 1498.

From the privy purse expenses of Henry VII, (British Museum, additional Mss. No. 7099); see note to the "Gratuity" of 10 August, 1497, above.

Printed in Nicolas, *Excerpta Historica*, 116.

This loan was "for his shipp going towards the new lande." Harrisse states that "this individual was evidently a companion of John Cabot, and owner of one of the vessels in the squadron" which sailed in 1498. There seems, however, to be no evidence that he accompanied his ship, so that his presence in London in 1501 need not be conclusive evidence of the return of that or of any other ship of the 1498 expedition. This would remove "the only thing, thus far, which is known concerning the results of that voyage, except, by implication, the delineations in La Cosa's planisphere"—Harrisse, *Cabot*, 395.

Other similar loans and gratuities by the King were recorded on 1 April, made to Thomas Thirkill, Thomas Bradley, and John Carter, all of whom were "going to the newe ile."

HERRERA.

Historia General de los hechos de los Castellanos en las Islas i tierra firme del Mar oceano escrita por Antonio de Herrera conoista mayor de sv Md.... En quatro Decadas desde el Ano de 1492 hasta el de 1531.—Madrid, emprenta real, 1601-1615.

There are eight decades, each with its own title and pagination, having between 293 and 377 pages text, but they are usually bound in four volumes; folio.

The best edition, as well as the most available, was published at Madrid. (1726)-1730, edited by Andres Gonzales Barcia.

The first three decades were translated into French and printed at Paris, 1659-1671. These decades were translated into English by Captain John Stevens and printed in London, 1725-1726; reissued in 1740.

References to Sebastian Cabot's Spanish services occur in Dec. I. lib. ix. cap. xiii, Dec. III. lib. iv. cap. xx, and lib. ix. cap. iii, and Dec. IV. lib. viii. cap. xi.

HIGGINSON.

A book of American Explorers by Thomas Wentworth Higginson.—Boston, Lee and Shepard, 1877. H.

Pp. 367. 8vo.

A few Cabot documents are on pp. 55-59.

HOLINSHED.

1577. The Firste [Last] volumes of the Chronicles of Englande, Scot-lande, and Irelande. Faithfully gathered and set forth [compiled] by Raphiaell Holinshed.—London. H., B. P. L.

2 vols. folio.

See ii. 1714 for the passage referring to Cabot.

JOMARD, EDMÉ-FRANÇOIS

Les monuments de la géographie ou recueil d'anciennes cartes Européennes et Orientales, publiés en facsimilé de la grandeur des originaux, par M. Jomard. — Paris, 1855-1862. B. P. L.

33 plates, imperial folio.

In this magnificent work, which reproduces 21 maps, each in the size of its original, the Cosa map is no. xvi, and the Cabot map, in four plates, no. xx.

In connection with this work, see

Introduction à l'Atlas des Monuments de la Géographie par feu M. Jomard, publiée par les soins et avec des remarques de M. E. Cortambert. — Paris, 1879. pp. 60. Svo. H.

LA COSA.

Entered above under COSA.

LA POPELLINIÈRE, LANCELOT VOISIN DE.

Les trois mondes, par le seigneur de la Popellinière. — Paris, Pierre l'Huillier, 1582.

ll. 28+55+56+51. map. Svo.

This compilation of translations from various authors contains Gomara's account of Sebastian Gauot's discovery, with a variation in the northern latitude reached, and Ramusio's report of the conversation at the house of Fracastor, on fo. 25 of livre II. This version of the famous conversation was used by Hakluyt for the translation embodied in his *Discourse* of 1584.

LELEWEL.

Géographie du moyen âge, étudiée par Joachim Lelewel. — Bruxelles, 1850-1852.

4 (in 3) volumes, Svo. Atlas, oblong Svo.

A most useful study of mediæval geography, illustrated by admirable engravings from maps and charts.

Reference to the Cabot voyage in § 190, ii. 140.

Gives the most important of the maps which suggest the Cabot discoveries. See notes to COSA and RUYSCH.

LOK.

Illvstri viro, domino Philippo Sidnæo Michael Lok civis Londinensis hanc chartam dedicabat: 1582.

Woodcut map, 15 by 11½ inches.

Published with HAKLUYT, *Divers Voyages*, although often lacking in copies of that book.

Lok's map is the earliest instance of the correct date for Cabot's discovery in a printed document, and it offers beside a clear recognition of John Cabot's agency in the discovery. — Winsor, *Controversies*, 9.

Facsimiles are in Jones edition of *Divers Voyages*, London, 1859; Winsor, *America*, iii. 40, and iv. 44; *Catalogue, Library of John Carter Brown*, Part I. 288, Providence, 1875.

See note on Lok's translation of MARTYR, *Decades*, under that name, below.

MARINO.

[Letter from Hieronimo de Marino to Sebastian Cabot, dated Venice, 28 April 1523.

Original copy in Venice (*Capi del Consiglio de Dieci. Lettere sottoscritte Filza* no. 6, 1523).

Printed in Bullo, *Vera Patria*, 68.

Translated into English by RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar (Venice)* iii. no. 669; and in MARKHAM, *Journal*, 225.

MARKHAM, SIR CLEMENTS ROBERT.

The journal of Christopher Columbus (During his First Voyage, 1492-93), and documents relating to the voyages of John Cabot and Gaspar Corte Real. Translated, with Notes and an Introduction, by Clements R. Markham.—London, Hakluyt Society, 1893.

pp. liv+259. 8vo.

John Cabot, ix; Sebastian Cabot, xxii-xliv. Documents, 197-226.

Gives excellent English versions of all the more important sources of information.

MARTYR—PIETRO MARTIRE D'ANGHERA.

De orbe nouo Decades—(Colophon; Alcalá, Nouèbris, 1516.)

83ll. folio.

This edition contains the first three Decades. They were reprinted at Basle, 1533, with the abridgement of the fourth decade, which had been printed in that city in 1521; and again at Cologne in 1574. A portion, 9 books of the first decade, had previously been printed at Hispali, 1511.

The complete work, in eight decades, was first printed in 1530, at Compluti, (Alcalá, Spain); reprinted at Paris in 1587, edited by Hakluyt.

In his edition, Hakluyt inserted a map by "F. G. S." which has "Bacallaos Ab Anglis, 1496," inscribed on the Labrador mainland just north of the St. Laurence river. See note to HAKLUYT, *Western Planting*.

An English translation of the first three Decades, published in 1555, is entered above under EDEN. MICHAEL LOK republished Eden's version, with the addition of the remaining five books, which he translated out of Hakluyt's Paris edition.—London, 1612; 1628; and undated, possibly 1597, perhaps later than 1628. See note in Sabin, *Dictionary of American Books*, xi. 252; New York, 1879.

The references to Cabot are in Decade iii, lib. vi. (fol. xlvi, 1530 edition). A facsimile of this page is in WINSOR, *America*, iii. 15. Compare the paraphrase in RAMUSTO, iii. fol. 35-36, 1565 edition.

Translated into English by EDEN, *Decades*, 118-119. This text is "revised by the original," by DEANE, in Winsor, *America*, iii. 12-14. Another version is in MARKHAM, *Journals*, 209-211.

Other references to Cabot are in Decade vii, lib. vii, (fol. xcvi, 1530 edition).

MARTYR, *continued.*

"This account by Martyr is the earliest which we have of the printed narratives of Cabot's voyages, and Martyr doubtless obtained the details from Sebastian Cabot, who is known to have been his friend."—Winsor, *Controversies*, 9.

This account was borrowed by Jacob ZIEGLER for the chapter "de Schondia," in his *Opera vari*, (Strasbourg, 1532), fo. xcii, verso, where he speaks of Sebastian as "Anthony" Cabot. Translated into English by EDEN, *Decades*, 267-270. See the passage in EDEN, 263, verso, for the marginal note, "Cabot tould me."

MASON.

Newfovnd land described by Captaine Iohn Mason an industrious Gent: who spent seuen yeares in the Countrey.

Copperplate map, 6 3-4 by 10 1-2 inches.

Belongs in

The Golden Fleece Diuided into three Parts and lastly the wayes to get wealth, and to restore Trading so much com-playned of. Transported from Cambrioll Colchos, out of the Southermost Part of the Iland, commonly called the Newfovndland, By Orpheus Iunior.—London, for Francis Williams, 1626.

14ll, pp. 149+105+96. map. small 4to.

Written by William Vaughn.

This map was probably not issued with John Mason's own tract; *A briefe discourse of the Nevv-found-land*,—Edinbvrgh, Andro Hart, 1620. (7ll, small 4to.)

At Cape Bona Vista are the words, "a Caboto primum reperta;" and a legend in the lower left corner begins, "Insula olim appellata Noua Terra a Cabota Veneto primū reperta Anno Dñi 1499."

Reproduced in facsimile in Winsor, *America*, viii. 188; Prowse, *Newfoundland*, 106.

MOLINEUX, EMMERIE (or EMERIC).

Thou hast here (gentle reader) a true hydrographical description of so much of the world as hath beene hetherto discovered, and is comne to our knowledge:

Engraved map, 25 1-4 by 18 1-2 inches.

Issued with a few copies of Hakluyt, *Voyages*, 1599 1600.

This very rare map has gained considerable reputation from the suggestion sustained by Mr. C. H. Coote in a paper before the New Shakspeare Society, (*Transactions*, 1878, I. 88-100), that this map is the one referred to by Shakspeare in *Twelfth Night*, Act ii, scene 2, as "the new map with the augmentation of the Indies."

In a very suggestive note to the separate reprint of Mr. Coote's paper, Bernard Quaritch states that "the fact had already been stated by me in a catalogue now four years old;" (catalogue no. 321, *Bibliotheca Geographico-Linguistica*, London, February 1879; book no. 11919, pp. 1183-4.) Mr. Quaritch does not refer to *Twelfth Night* in the notes to the copies of Hakluyt, *Voyages*, containing the facsimile of this map, which were advertised in his Catalogue no. 294, *Voyages and Travels*, London, January, 1875, book nos. 1623-1632, pp. 157-158.

which we have of the
Martyr doubtless ob-
o is known to have

FLER for the chapter
burg, 1532), fo. xcii,
ony" Cabot. Trans.
See the passage in
"Cabot could me."

line John Mason
en yeares in the

ee Parts and lastly
e Trading so much
Cambrioll Colchos,
d, commonly called
—London, for Fran.

John Mason's own
land,—Edinbvrgh,

o primum reperta;"
Insula olim appel-
ta Anno Dñi 1499."
merica, viii. 188;

ue hydrograph-
d as hath beene
ur knowledge:

s, 1599 1600.
putation from the
i paper before the
. 88-100), that this
welfth Night, Act
gmentation of the

nt of Mr. Coote's
had already been
;" (catalogue no.
ondon, February
does not refer to
akluyt, *Voyages*,
advertised in his
on, January, 1875,

MOLINEUX, continued.

Mr. Coote repeated his observations on the "New Map" in a note appended to the Introduction to MARKHAM, *Davis's Voyages*, pp. lxxxv-xcv. Captain Markham, in the same volume, pp. xxxiii, lxi, 364, gives his reasons for suspecting that the true author of this map was Edward Wright, a mathematician who perfected and rendered practicable what is now known as Mercator's Projection, which he demonstrated in his *Certain Errors in Navigation Detected*, 1599; first introducing the formulæ accurately in this map.

The date, 1497, on the coast of Labrador in this map, is especially interesting when taken in connection with the change from 1494 to 1497 made by Hakluyt in the 1599 edition of his *Voyages*, for which this map may have been drawn.

A photo-facsimile was issued in separate cover with the Hakluyt Society edition of *Davis's Voyages*, edited by Captain Markham, London, 1880. Twenty-five copies of an autotype facsimile of a later impression, with changes, was issued by Mr. Quaritch in 1874. Cat. no. 294, book no. 1632. See reference in preceeding note.

MUNSTER.

See the English translation of Sebastian Munster's *Cosmographia uniuersalis*, (Basle, 1550) under EDEN, *Treatyse*, 1555.

NAVAGERO.

[Dispatch from Andrea Navagero to the government of Venice, dated 21 September 1525.

Original manuscript among the Cicogna Mss. in Venice, (1985. c. 223.)

Printed in BULLO *Vera Patria*, 69.

The important passage referring to Cabot is printed in HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 405.

Translated into English by RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar (Venice)* iii. no. 1155, p. 481.

NAVARRETE.

Coleccion de los viages y descubrimientos, que hicieron por mar los españoles desde fines del siglo xv, con varios documentos inéditos. . . . Coordinada é ilustrada por don Martin Fernandez de Navarrete,—Madrid, en la imprenta Real, 1825-1837.

5 vols. 4to.

Documents referring to Cabot are in ill. 319, iv. 339, v. 333.

For other works by Sr. Navarrete, see below under his name.

NICOLAS.

The privy purse expenses of King Henry the Eighth, from November M D xxix, to December M D xxxii, with introductory remarks and illustrative notes by Nicholas Harris Nicolas.—London, Pickering, 1827.

H.

pp. xlvi+372. Svo.

NICOLAS, *continued*.

On pp. 116-117 are the royal loans to four men "going to the neve isle," made 22 March and 1 April, 1498. See entries above under HENRY VII, "Loan to Lanslot Thirkill."

See also the *Excerpta Historica, or illustrations of English History*, London, 1831, for the "gratuity to him that found the new Isle," 10 August, 1497, p. 113. See HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 397-398, for comments showing that entries on p. 129, dated 1501 and 1502, refer to expeditions undertaken by others than the Cabots.

OLD SOUTH LEAFLETS.

The Voyages of the Cabots. From Hakluyt's "Principal Navigations, Voyages and Discoveries of the English Nation."

Old South Leaflets, General Series, no. 37, (Boston, 1895), pp. 12, 8vo.

The original narrative is supplemented by short extracts from FISKE, *Discovery of America*, and by a suggestive bibliographical note by the editor of the series, Mr. Edwin D. Mead.

ORTELIUS.

Thea trvm orbis terra rvm—(Colophon, Antverpiae, 1570.)

53 maps, text 37 ll. folio.

The first edition of one of the most important cartographical works of xvi. century. The succeeding editions, in various languages, well-nigh rival the Ptolemies in value, for the study of the growth of geographical knowledge.

A map by Sebastian Cabot was among those cited by Ortelius at the beginning of his work: "Vniuersalem Tabulam; quam impressam aeneis formis vidimus, sed sine nomine loci, & impressoris." Mr. Biddle, *Memoir*, 56, used this fact, in connection with the maps printed by Ortelius, as the basis for several surmises as to the probable aspect of Cabot's map, which have not been substantiated by the discovery of the mappa-monde of 1544, now in Paris.

OVIEDO.

Historia general y natural de las Indias, por el capitan Gonzalo Fernandez de Oviedo y Valdés, primer cronista del nuevo mundo. Publícala la real academia de la historia, cotejada con el códice original, enriquecida con las enmiendas y adiciones del autor, é ilustrada con la vida y el juicio de las obras del mismo por D. José Amador de los Rios.—Madrid, 1851-1855.

4 vols. 4to.

The *Historia General* was written by order of Charles v, who appointed Oviedo "Royal Chronicler of the Indies." The first nineteen books were written before 1532, and printed in 1535, at Seville; reprinted at Salamanca in 1547. These include the history down to the year 1527, but contain no mention of Sebastian Cabot. The remaining books, which remained in manuscript after his death, were first printed in 1852. References to Cabot's expedition

men "going to the
See entries above
Illustrations of English
him that found the new
SE, Cabot, 397-398, for
ted 1501 and 1502, refer
Cabots.

Hakluyt's "Prin-
Discoveries of the

7, (Boston, 1895), pp.

short extracts from
uggestive bibliography
in D. Mead.

hon, Antverpiae,

ortant cartographical
tions, in various lan-
e, for the study of the

e cited by Ortelius at
Tabulam; quam im-
mine loci, & impres-
fact, in connection
asis for several sur-
map, which have not
appa-monde of 1544,

lias, por el capi-
Valdés, primer
la real academia
riginal, enrique-
del autor, é ilus-
s del mismo por
1851-1855.

of Charles v, who
Indies." The first
printed in 1535, at
include the history
f Sebastian Cabot.
anuscript after his
Cabot's expedition

OVIEDO, continued.

to La Plata occur in the earlier chapters' (lib. vi, caps. xxxv, xlii,) in this later edition, but they are taken from manuscript annotations made by Oviedo in his copy of the 1535 edition.—HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 462-463.

The important passage referring to Cabot; lib. xxlii, cap. ii: vol. II. 169 (1851 ed.) is reprinted by HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 462, with English translations, pp. 203, 228-229.

PASQUALIGO.

[Letter from Lorenzo Pasqualigo in London to his brothers in Venice, dated 23 August, 1497.

Preserved in the *Diarii* of MARIN SANUTO, whose manuscripts are in the Marciana Library at Venice.

Printed in SANUTO, *Diarii*, Venezia, 1879, I. 866-868; and in RAWDON BROWN, *Ragguagli*, pt. I. 99.

An English version of this very important narrative of the first voyage of "Zuam Talbot," by Rawdon Brown, is in *Calendar (Venice)* I. no. 752, p. 262; reprinted in Markham, *Journals*, 201-202; in *Amer. Antiquarian Socy. Proceedings*, (21 October, 1865,) 20-21; *Amer. History Leaflets*, ix. 5-6; in *Nova Scotia Hist. Socy. Collections*, ix. 35-36; Nicholls, *Bristol*, iii. 294-5; *Historical Magazine*, xlii. 124; Higginson, *Explorers*, 55-56. Another version by Cheyney, is in the *Philobiblion Society* volume for September, 1864.

PTOLEMY, CLAUDIUS.

See 1508 edition of Ptolemy, *Geography*, under RUYSCH.

PURCHAS.

Pvrchas his pilgrimage, or relations of the world and the religions observed in all ages And places discovered . . . A Theologicall and Geographicall Historie of Asia, Africa, and America, with the Ilands Adiacent. . . . By Samvel Pvrchas, Minister at Estwood in Essex.—London, William Stansby, 1613.

14 ll+pp. 752+10 ll. folio.

There were two editions of this work in 1614, one in 1617, and one, the best, in 1626, forming the fifth volume of the *Pilgrimes*.

Haklvytus posthumus or Pvrchas his Pilgrimes. [vol. iv.] in five bookes. The sixth, Contayning English Voyages, to the East, West, and South parts of America.—London, Stansby, 1625.

5 vols. folio.

The best guide to the confused bibliography of Purchas is that by Mr. Wilberforce Eames, in Sabin, *Dictionary of American Books*, xvi. 112-124, New York, 1886.

For the important references to the London 1549 edition of the Cabot map, see iii. 867, 869; iv. 1812.

RAIMONDO.

[Dispatch from Raimondo di Soncino, his representative in England, to the Duke of Milan, date, London 24 August, 1497.

The original document is in the Archives of the Sforzas, at Milan.

An Italian text is printed in BULLO, *Vera Patria*, 60, which is, according to Harris, "apparently a translation from Rawdon Brown's" English version.

Translated into English by RAWDON BROWN, in *Calendar (Venice)* I. no. 759, p. 260; reprinted in *American History Leaflet* ix. 6-7.

Contains an important allusion to John Cabot's return from his first voyage.

[Dispatch from London to the Duke of Milan, dated 18 December, 1497.

The original manuscript is in the state archives at Milan (*Potenze Estere. Inghilterra, 1497. Decembr.*)

Printed in the *Annuario Scientifico* del 1865 (Milan, 1866), p. 700; in DESIMONI, *Intorno*, 53-55; PEZZI, *Cabotto*, 44-46.

Translated into English by Professor B. H. Nash for Mr. DEANE, in Winsor, *America*, iii. 54-55; reprinted in *American History Leaflet* ix. 7-9; and by Sir Clements MARKHAM, *Journals*, 203-206; reprinted by PROWSE, *Newfoundland*, 11.

RAMIREZ.

[Letter written by Luis Ramirez, 10 July, 1528.

Contemporary copy in the "biblioteca alta" of the Escorial, Madrid.

Printed by Adolfo de Varnhagen in *Revista trimestral do Instituto Historico e Geografico do Brazil*, Rio de Janeiro, 1852, xv. 14-41.

Translated into French, from another manuscript copy, in *Nouvelles Annales des Voyages*, Paris, 1843, iii. 39-73.

A very valuable account of Cabot's expedition to La Plata river.

RAMUSIO, GIOVANNI BATTISTA.

Libro primo della historia de l'Indie occidentali.

Sommario de la generale historia de l'Indie occidentali cavato da li-bri scritti dal Signor don Pietro Martyre.— (Colophon, Vinegia, Ottobre 1534.)

161 ll. map. 4to.

Although based upon Martyr's first three decades, the original arrangement is entirely disregarded, many facts are entirely omitted, and new statements are introduced from the "many other private accounts," for which no authority is given. Of these, one of the most noticeable cases is that referring to Cabot in Martyr's Decade iii, cap. vi.

M. d'Avezac, in his *Année Vêritable de la Naissance de Christophe Colomb*, p. 10, n. 8, gives some facts to show that this work, which was introduced into the third volume of the *Navigazioni et Viaggi* in 1556, was edited by Ramusio. A little confirmatory evidence is in WINSOR, *America*, iii. 19-20.

RAMUSIO, continued.

Primo Volvme delle Navigazioni et Viaggi nel qual si contiene....la Nauigatione attorno il mondo.— Venetia, Givnti, 1550.

ll. (4)+405, folio.

Reprinted in 1554, 1563, and 1587-S. The 1563 edition has Ramusio's name on the title as editor.

For the "account of Sebastian Caboto by an anonymous guest at the house of Hieronimus Fracastor," at Caphi, near Verona, see fol. 414 (1550 ed.).

The word "Mantuan," a clue which has served as basis for several ingenious attempts to identify this anonymous individual, was added to the description of him, by the editor of Ramusio's manuscripts, Tomaso Giunti.

This was translated into English by EDEN, *Decades*, fol. 255, from whom HAKLUYT, *Voyages*, iii. 6-7, borrowed it, although his marginal note refers to Ramusio. Hakluyt's title to this narrative reads:

"A discourse of Sebastian Cabot touching his discovery of part of the West India out of England in the time of king Henry the seuenth, vsed to Galeacius Butrigarius the Popes Legate in Spaine, and reported by the sayd Legate."

In his *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, 338, or better *Cabot*, 463-465, Harrissee follows the hints suggested by d'Avezac in 1861 and Deane in 1884, and shows conclusively that inasmuch as Galeazzo Bottrigari, or Butrigario, died in 1518, before the date of events which Cabot is reported as describing to the "Mantuan gentleman," these two could not have been the same person. None of the other guesses at his identity receive the approval of Harrissee. Deane, in Winsor, *America*, iii. 26, accepts the arguments of Bullo and Desimoni proving him to have been Gian Giacomo Bardolo.

In a careful study of this passage, in the *Revue Critique*, v. 265, d'Avezac fixes the date of the reported interview as approximately 1544 or 1545.

There is another English version of the conversation in MARKHAM, *Journals*, 212-215. See also DEANE's summary, in Winsor, *America*, iii. 25.

Terzo volvme delle navigazioni et viaggi nel quale si contengono Le Nauigationi al Mondo Nuouo.—Venetia, Givnti, 1556.

ll. 6+34+453. 13 maps. folio.

This is the first edition of volume iii. It was reissued in 1565.

In the preface, fol. 4, are the "recollections of a letter from Sebastian Cabot."

Translated into English by MARKHAM, *Journals*, 211-212.

Volume ii was published in 1558-9; reissued in 1573-4, and 1583.

The three volumes were reprinted in 1606, in what is perhaps the most satisfactory working edition. Volume i of this edition was reprinted in 1613.

The best collation of these various issues is that by Wilberforce Eames in Sabin, *Dictionary of Books relating to America*, xvi. 303-316; New York, 1886.

RIBAUT, JEAN.

The vvhole and true discoverie of Terra Florida, (englished the Florishing lande). . . . Written in Frenche by Captaine Ribauld the fyrst that whollye discovered the same. And nowe newly set forthe in Englishe the xxx. of May. 1563.—Prynted at London by Rowland Hall. for Thomas Hacket.

23ll. small 8vo.

Reprinted by HAKLUYT, *Divers Voyages*, fol. E 2, or pp. 91-115, Hakluyt Society edition, and by B. F. French, *Historical Collections of Louisiana and Florida*, New York, 1875, ii. 159-190.

23S.14.2

The short passage referring to Cabot is on leaf Aiiij, or p. 92 of the Hakluyt Society edition of *Divers Voyages*.

This gives the year 1498,—the actual date of the second expedition—as that in which “a very famous straunger named Sebastian Cabote an excellent Pylot, was sent thither by king Henry.” This is the first printed occurrence of this date, although Peter Martyr in 1524 speaks of the discovery of the Bacallaos twenty-six years before.—Deane in Winsor, *America*, iii. 34.

RIBEIRO.

Carta universal en que se contiene todo lo que del mundo Se ha descubierto fasta agora; Hizola Diego Ribero Cosmographo de Su Magestad: Año de 1529.

Or, in English:

Universal map, containing all of the world that has yet been discovered: drawn by Diego Ribero, Royal Cosmographer, 1529.

Manuscript map, measuring 2173 by 891 mm. In the Grand Ducal Library at Weimar.

On the Labrador coasts is a legend which reads, translated,

“This country was discovered by the English, there is nothing in it worth having.”

On a somewhat larger, and more elaborate map, by the same author, and dated the same year, this inscription reads:

“Which was discovered by the English from the city of Bristol.”

See the account of these maps in HARRISSE, *Discovery*, 569-575. There is a careful description in Kohl, *Die beiden ältesten general-karten von America*, Weimar, 1860, large folio, with facsimile of the portion of the map relating to America.

Reproduced in Sprengel, *Ueber J. Ribero's älteste welt-chart*, and in his translation of Muñoz, *Geschichte der neuen Welt*, Weimar, 1795; LELEWEL, *Géographie, atlas*, planches xli-xlii; Murphy, *Verrazano*, 129, 2081.1; De Costa, *Verrazano the Explorer*, 43.

ROMANIN, SAMUELE.

Storia documentata di Venezia di S. Romanin.—
Venezia, 1853-1861. H.

10 vols. 8vo.

Contains, iv. 453, the order to record letters of naturalization granted by the Senate of Venice to "Ioani Caboto," in consequence of a residence of 15 years in the city, dated 28 March, 1476.

Reprinted in HARRISSE, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, p. 318, and in his *Cabot*, p. 337. Translated by RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar*, (*Venice*) i. no. 453.

RYMER.

Foedera, Conventiones, Literæ, Et Cujuscunque
Generis acta publica, inter reges anglie, Et Alios
quosvis imperatores....ab Anno 1101, ad nostra
usque Tempora, Habita aut Tractata; Ex Autogra-
phis,....Accurante Thoma Rymer, Editio secunda
studio Georgii Holmes.—Londini, Tonson, 1727-
1735. H.

20 vols. folio.

Mr. Hardy in 1869-1873-1885, published an English syllabus of this monumental work, in three volumes, including an exhaustive index.

Contains the letters patent of 1496 to the Cabots, v. pt. iv. 89.

RUYSCH.

In hoc opere haec conti-nentvr Geographiæ Cl. Pto-
lemæi....Noua orbis descriptio ac noua Oceani navi-
gatio qua Lisbona ad Indicū peruenitur pelagus Marco
Beneuentano monacho cale-stino ædita, Noua uni-
uersalior Orbis cogniti tabula Ioā. Ruysch Ger-
mano elaborata.—MDviii. Rome.

210ll 34 double page maps, large folio.

See the last map, measuring 21 1/4 x 16 inches; "vni-versalior cogniti orbis tabula, ex recen-tibvs confecta observationi-bvs."

"There is good reason to believe that Cabot's charts were used for the regions of the northeast, (i. e. Asia and America blended), by Ruysch, who produced the earliest engraved map, showing the new discoveries, which appeared in the Ptolemy of 1508."—Winsor, *Controversies*, 12.

STEVENS, *Hist. Geog. Notes*, 32, quotes contemporary statements and the arguments showing that Ruysch may very probably have accompanied Cabot on one of his voyages. See also WIN-
SOR, *America*, iii. 9.

HARRISSE, *Discovery*, 449-453, discusses the probable origin of the Newfoundland portion of this map, with considerable detail.

This map has been reproduced in Winsor, *America*, iii. 9; Nordenskiöld, *Facsimile-Atlas*, Stockholm 1889, pl. xxxii; Prowse, *Newfoundland*, 14, (much reduced); Humboldt, *Examen*, v, and in his essay on the earliest map appended to Ghillany's

RUYSCH, *continued.*

Martin Behaim: HARRISSE, *Discovery*, 451; STEVENS, *Hist. Geog. Notes*, pl. 2, (cf. *Histor. Mag.*, August, 1869, p. 107); SANTAREM, *Atlas*, 51; LELEWEL, *Moyen Age*, planche xlv, (reduced two-fifths); KOHL, *Discovery*, 156, (section); Catalogue, *John Carter Brown Library*, 1 p. 39; VARNHAGEN, *Novas Estudos*, Vienna, 1874; RUGE, *Zeitalters der Entdeckung*; WEISE, *Discoveries*; DALY, *Early Hist. Cartography* (much reduced); H. H. BANCROFT, *Central America*, i. 126. (a sketch, too small to be of value).

SANTAREM, MANUEL FRANCISCO DE BARROS E SOUSA.

Atlas, composé de mappemondes, de porto lans et de cartes hydrographiques et historiques depuis le vie jusqu'au xviii^e siècle, pour la plupart inédites, recueillies et gravées sous la direction du vicomte de Santarem. Publié sous les auspices du gouvernement portugais.—Paris, 1842-53. H.

28 plates, imperial folio.

There is a careful collation of this work, which contains the more important maps for tracing the cartographical history of the Cabot discoveries, in SABIN, *Dictionary of American Books*, xviii. 488-497, New York, 1889.

SANUTO, LIVIUS

Geografia di M. Livio Sanvto distinta in xii libri.—In Vinegia, Zenaro, 1588.

ll. 23+46, 12 maps. folio.

Published long after the author's death, which probably occurred soon after 1551.

The important reference to Cabot occurs in Lib. 1, fo. 2. Translated by HARRISSE, Cabot, 289-290.

Sanuto derived his information, some time between 1548 and 1551, indirectly from Cabot, who may have sent him a map drawn by himself, to which Sanuto makes frequent references.

There is also, *Prima parte*, lib. ii. fol. 17, a brief account of Cabot's voyage, based on the account in the preface to Ramusio's third volume.

SANUTO, MARINO.

I diarii di Marino Sanuto publicato per cura di F. Stefani.—Venezia, 1879-(1895.) H.

44 vols. folio.

Cover the years 1496-1527. It is expected that 14 more volumes will complete the work to 30 September, 1538.

See *Ragguagli sulle vita* under BROWN, RAWDON; and note under PASQUALIGO.

Stevens, *Hist. Geog.*
9, p. 107; Santarem,
(reduced two-fifths);
John Carter Brown
Library, Vienna, 1874;
Discoveries: Daly,
H. H. Bancroft, *Cen-*
tury of value).

BARROS E SOUSA.

de porto lans et
ques depuis le vie
inédites, recueil-
liconte de Santa-
uvernement por-

ch contains the more
history of the Cabot
Books, xviii. 488-497,

ta in xii libri.—

ch probably occurred

Lib. 1, fo. 2. Trans.

e between 1548 and
nt him a map drawn
ferences.

rief account of Ca.
eface to Ramusio's

per cura di F.

at 14 more volumes

RAWDON; and note

STOW.

The Chronicles of England, from Brute unto this
present yeare of Christ 1580 collected by Iohn Stowe
citizen of London.—London, Ralph Newberie.

4to.
The references to Cabot are on 872, 875, 1057, (ed. 1580); or, the
important passage, 804, ed. 1605; 477, ed. 1631, with misprinted
date 1489 for 1498.

These references do not appear in the *Summaries* published by
Stow between 1561 and 1580.

See the discussion of Stow's statements regarding Cabot, in
HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 19-26.

STRYPE.

Ecclesiastical Memorials Relating chiefly to Relig-
ion, and the Reformation of it, under King Henry viii.
King Henry vi, and Queen Mary the First. With
Original Papers, Records, &c. By John Strype.—
London, 1721. H.

3 volumes, folio.

See II. 190, for the dispatch of Thomas Cheyne and Philip Hoby,
and II. 402. See note under CABOT, "references to second so-
journ in England," Hopper.

TAISNER.

See English version under EDEN, circa 1575.

THEVET.

Le grand Insulaire et Pilotage d'André Theuet An-
goumoisins Cosmographe de Roy.

Manuscript, written before 1558. In Paris, Bibliothèque Nation-
ale, (*Fonds Français* no. 15, 245, *vol. I, fo. 143*.)

The passage referring to Sebastian "Babate" is printed in Har-
risse, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, 343.

Les singiari-tez de la Fran-ce antarctique av-tre-
ment nommée Amerique: & de plusieurs Terres & Isles
de-couuertes de nostre temps. Par F. André Theuet,
natif d'Angoulesme.—Paris, 1558.

118+168. small 4to.

Reprinted the same year at Antwerp. A new edition, with notes
by Paul Gaffarel, was printed in Paris in 1878.

Translated into English, as follows:

The new found vvorld, or Antarctike... by Andrevve
Thevet. And now nevvy translated into Englishe. By
Thomas Hacket.—London. (Colophon, 1568.)

118+140. small 4to.

THEVET, *continued.*

The passage concerning "Babate," cap. lxxiv, (reverse of the fol. 148, 1558 Paris edition, or fol. 122, English edition), is a mere perversion of that in Gomara, while it is not at all likely that he had any authority for his wholly unauthorized additional statement regarding the three hundred men who were put ashore and perished in the cold. But Thevet's statement has entered into sober history, and has been quoted and requoted."—Deane in Winsor, *America*, iii. 32.

La cosmogra-phie vniverselle d'André Thevet cosmo-graphe dv roy.—Paris, 1575.

2 vols. 11. (48)+1025. 4 maps. folio.

See livre xxiii, cap. vii, fo. 1022, for the reference to the Cabot expedition turned back from the northwest passage on account of the cold.

THORNE.

This is the forme of a Mappe sent 1527. from Siuill in Spayne by maister Robert Thorne marchaunt, to Doctor Ley Embassadour for King Henry the 8. to Charles the Emperour.

Woodcut map, measuring 17 x 8 7-8 inches, with 9 lines of printed text below.

Issued with HAKLUYT, *Divers Voyages*, 1582.

Against the Labrador coast is the legend: "Terra hec ab Anglis primū fuit inuenta."

The American portion is reproduced in Winsor, *America*, iii. 17.

VANNES.

[Dispatch from Rev. Peter Vannes, the English Ambassador at Venice, 12 September 1551.

Printed by Turnbull, *Calendar, Foreign*, Edw. vi. (London, 1861) 171; Hardy, *Report on Documents in Venice*, (London, 1866) 8.

VARNHAGEN, ADOLFO DE.

Historia Geral do Brazil, isto e do descobrimento, colonosação, legislação.... Por un natural de Sorocaba. — (Madrid) 1854.

2 vols. Square 8vo.

A second edition, with the imprint Rio de Janeiro, was printed at Vienna.

See the *Considerations sur l'histoire du Brésil*, under D'AVEZAC, below.

The letter of Dr. Simão Afonso, dated 2 August, 1530, in which he describes Cabot's return to Seville from his voyage to La Plata, is in I. 439.

This passage is reprinted in HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 42S, translated on p. 250.

VAUGHAN, WILLIAM.

See full title to *Golden Fleece*, under MASON.

VENICE.

[Letters of Naturalization, granted to Giovanni Caboto by the Senate of Venice, 28 March 1476.

The text of these letters was printed in part by BULLO, *Vera Patria*, 59-60; and in full by HARRISSE, *Jean et Sébastien Cabot*, 309-312.

Translated into English by HARRISSE, *Cabot*, 387-389.

"The preamble makes known to us under what conditions John Cabot was made a Venetian citizen."

For the order of the Senate to record these letters, see note under ROMANIN.

[The Council of Ten: Dispatch to Gasparo Contarini, dated 27 September 1522.

Original copy in the State Archives, Venice, (*Capi del Consiglio dei x. Lettere sottoscritte, Filza N. 5, 1522.*)

Printed in BULLO, *Vera Patria*, 61-62.

Translated by RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar (Venice)* iii. no. 557. Another translation is in MARKHAM, *Journals*, 217-218.

Informing the Venetian agent at Madrid of Cabot's proposal to enter the service of Venice. It is accompanied by a memorandum of the reward given to Cabot's secret agent.

[The Council of Ten: Dispatch to Gasparo Contarini, dated 28 April 1523.

Original copy in the Marciana Library (*Cl. vii, Cod. mix, Cart. 289.*)

Printed in BULLO, *Vera Patria*, 67.

Translated into English by RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar (Venice)* iii. no. 669, and MARKHAM, *Journals*, 224.

[The Council of Ten: Dispatch to Giacomo Soranzo, the Venetian Ambassador in England, dated 12 September 1551.

The original copy is in Venice (*Consiglio dei Dieci, Parti Secrete, Filza, N. 8, 1551-4.*)

Printed in BULLO, *Vera Patria*, 70.

An English translation is in RAWDON BROWN, *Calendar (Venice)* v. no. 711, p. 364.

WILLES.

The History of Trauayle in the VWest and East Indies.... Gathered in parte, and done into Englyshe by Richarde Eden. Newly set in order, augmented, and finished by Richarde VVilles.— London, Richarde Iugge. 1577.

ll. 9+466+6. small 4to.

See fol. 232-233 for references to a Cabot map at the Earl of Bedford's place at Cheynies.

ZIEGLER, JACOBUS.

Qvae intvs con tinentvr...Schondia, tradita ab auctoribus, qui in eius o-peris prologo memorantur—Argentorati apud Petrum Opilionem. 1532.

ll. cxii+8 maps. folio.

Reprinted in 1536.

Schondia, in this treatise on the newly discovered and less known portions of the world, is the name applied to the northern regions.

See note under MARTYR, whose narrative is copied on the reverse of fol. xcii. Ziegler added some curious inferences and comments, in regard to the northern regions. See also EDEN, *Decades*, fol. 268.

B. CABOTIANA.

Books and lesser writings which relate to John and Sebastian Cabot, or to the controversies which are associated with their name.

The more important bibliographical material is mentioned in the notes below under BIDDLE, BOURINOT, BULLO, COOTE, DEANE, DESIMONI, HARRISSE, WINSOR.

A short list of titles on the Cabots appeared in the *Monthly Reference Lists* of the Providence Public Library, edited by William E. Foster, August 1884, iv. 26-27.

ANSPACH.

A history of the Island of Newfoundland: by the Rev. Lewis Amadeus Anspach.—London, 1819. H.

pp. 512. 2 maps. Svo.

Chapter II, John and Sebastian Cabot. pp. 23-34.

APPLETON, JOHN.

The Portrait of Sebastian Cabot belonging to the Massachusetts Historical Society.

In the Society's *Proceedings*, January 1865, (Boston 1866,) viii. 91-96. (24S.12.S.)

See note under CABOT, PORTRAIT.

ASHER.

Henry Hudson the navigator. The original documents in which his career is recorded collected, with an introduction, by G. M. Asher.—London, Hakluyt Society, 1860.

pp. ccxviii+292. 2 maps. Svo.

Sketch of the Cabot voyages, lxii-lxxx.

AVEZAC-MACAYA, MARIE ARMAND PASCAL D'.

Les navigations Terre-Neuviennes de Jean et Sébastien Cabot. Lettre au Révérend Léonard Woods par M. d'Avezac.—Paris, 1869. H.

pp. 20. Svo.

"Lue en communication à la séance trimestrielle des cinq académies de l'institut de France le 6 octobre, 1869."

Also printed in the *Bulletin de la Société de Géographie*, (1869) ser. xviii. 300-316. Read before this Society, 8 June 1869.

This letter was translated by Dr. Woods, and printed as an appendix to KOHL, *Discovery*, (Maine Historical Socy. *Collections*, 2 ser. I. 502-514.) 248.7.7

The arguments advanced in this letter were answered by MAJOR in his *True Date*.

Considérations géographiques sur l'histoire du Brésil, examen critique d'une nouvelle histoire par M. François-Adolphe de Varnhagen, par M. d'Avezac.

In the *Bulletin de la Société de Géographie*, Paris, Aout et Septembre, 1857, xiv. 89-368. 2 maps. Svo. B. P. L.

See note K. on Sebastian Cabot, 266-278.

See also M. d'Avezac's study of "Les Mesures itinéraires employées par les marins espagnols et portugais des xv et xvi siècles," in the *Bulletin de la Société de Géographie*, Septembre et Octobre 1856, xvi. 258-312.

In the *Bulletin* of the same society, Paris, May 1869, xvii. 406-7, M. d'Avezac reported a photographic copy of a Venetian portrait of "Jean Cabot et de son fils Sébastien Cabot, âgé d'une vingtaine d'années d'après le tableau de Grizzellini, appartenant à la galerie du palais ducal."

M. d'Avezac was the writer of an important review of NICHOLLS, *Cabot*, in the *Revue Critique d'histoire et de littérature*, Paris, 23 April 1870, v. 264-269.

BACON.

The Historie of the raigne of King Henry the Seventh, written by the right honorable Francis Lord Verulam, viscount St. Albans.—London, Stansby, 1622.

pp. 248. small 4to.

Reprinted in the various editions of Lord Bacon's works. The more recent editions usually have foot-notes, which in several cases correct the reference to Cabot in the text. 022.8.11

The Cabot voyage is mentioned towards the end of the narrative of 14 Henry vii. It follows the account in STOW and in the CHRONICON; mentioned among the SOURCES above.

BANCROFT.

A history of the United States from the discovery of the American continent to the present time. By George Bancroft.—Boston, 1834. (20850.1)

The eight succeeding volumes appeared between 1837 and 1866. All have been repeatedly reprinted, with very considerable varia-

BANCROFT, *continued*.

tions. The important editions are the "Centennial," issued in 1876, and "the Author's latest revision," New York, Appleton, 1883.

The account of the Cabot voyages is in volume I, pp. 8-15 (1834 edition) 9-12 (1883 ed.)

The more important portions of this account are reprinted in Larned, *History for Ready Reference*, 1. 51.

Mr. Bancroft utilized this narrative, adding some material from his manuscript collections, for a careful article in Appleton's *New American Cyclopaedia*, New York, 1859, iv. 185-187, reprinted without change in the 1873 edition, iii. 529-531. Its chief value is as a test of what was known about the Cabots in 1859.

BARRETT.

The history and antiquities of Bristol; compiled from Original Records and authentic manuscripts. In public Offices or private Hands. By William Barrett.—Bristol, 1789. H.

pp. 704. 30 maps and plates. 4to.
For Cabot, see 171-174.

BARROW.

A chronological history of voyages into the Arctic regions; undertaken chiefly for the purpose of discovering a north-east, north-west, or polar passage between the Atlantic and Pacific: from the earliest periods of Scandinavian navigation, by John Barrow.—London, Murray, 1818.

pp. 379+48. map. Svo.

"John and Sebastian Cabota, 1496," 32-37.

"Invaluable, as it not only embodies in a cheap and convenient form all the mistakes of its predecessors, but generally supplies a good deal of curious original error."—Biddle, *Cabot*, 70, cited in Dawson, *Voyages*, 101.

BEAUDOIN.

Jean Cabot, par l'abbé J. D. Beaudoin.

In *Le Canada Français*, (Quebec, University of Laval), October, 1889.

"A careful review of earlier arguments on the Cabot landfall, with cogent reasons for accepting Cape Breton."

BELLEMO.

Giovanni Caboto note critiche per Vincenzo Bellemo

In *Raccolta di documenti e studi pubblicati dalla R. commissione Colombiana pel quarto centenario dalla scoperta dell'America*.—Roma, auspice il ministero della pubblica istruzione, 1894 Parte v, vol. ii. 151-218.

Extracts from the important documents are on 215-218.

BETHUNE, CHARLES RAMSAY DRINKWATER.

See note under GALVANO, above, for vice admiral Bethune's edition of the *Tratado*, published by the *Hakluyt Society* in 1862.

BEYNEN.

The three voyages of William Barents to the arctic regions (1594, 1595, and 1596), by Gerrit de Veer. first edition edited by Charles T. Beke, 1853. Second Edition, with an Introduction, by Lieutenant Koolemans Beynen.—London, Hakluyt Society, 1876.

pp. clxxiv+289. 2 maps. 16 plates. Svo.

See p. lxiv for Cabot's services in fitting out the Willoughby expedition.

BIDDLE.

A memoir of Sebastian Cabot; with a review of the history of Maritime discovery. Illustrated by documents from the rolls, now first published.—Philadelphia, Carey and Lea, 1831. (3074.16)

pp. xlii+327. Svo.

Reissued in London the same year.

A second London edition, in 1832, differs from the preceding ones, in having leaf pp. 77-78 cancelled, in order to insert extracts from "A NEW INTERLUDE and a mery of the nature of the iiii. elements." See under SOURCES, above.

Issued anonymously, although the authorship, by Richard Biddle of Philadelphia, seems to have been understood from the first, except by Brunet, *Manuel du Libraire*, I. 1446, who ascribes "cet ouvrage intéressant" to M. D.-B. Warden.

"It is a work of great value for its authorities, and displays much critical talent; and though composed with little system and with a strong bias in favor of Sebastian Cabot, it may be regarded as the best review of the history of maritime discovery relating to the period of which it treats, that had appeared."—Deane in Winsor, *America*, iii. 43.

Mr. Biddle's chief service was in clearly distinguishing, for the first time since Sebastian Cabot confused them, the details of the two voyages of 1497 and 1498.

The *Memoir* was reviewed by George S. Hillard in the *North American Review*, Boston, April 1832, xxxiv. 405-428. (1537.134)

A summary of this *Memoir* is in the *Penny Cyclopædia* of the Society for the diffusion of useful knowledge, London, (?1846) vi. 94-95, (A.) and in the *Penny Magazine* of the same society, for 27 February 1836, v. 79-80. (052 4.5.)

An account of Cabot, largely based upon Biddle, is in Miniscalchi Erizzo, *Descoperte antiche*, Venezia, 1855.

Mr. Biddle's severe strictures on Hakluyt were the immediate cause of TYTLER's *Historical View*.

BOURINOT.

Cape Breton and its Memorials of the French Régime. By J. G. Bourinot.

Presented to the Royal Society of Canada, 27 May 1891. *Transactions*, ix. Sec. ii. 173-343 (Montreal, 1892.) A.

Also issued separately.—Montreal, 1892. pp. 170, 4to.

Sketch of the Cabot discoveries, pp. 176-180; with some useful bibliographical and other notes, 295-298.

The Story of Canada by J. G. Bourinot.—New York, Putnams, 1896. 2095.17

pp. xx+163. map. Svo. In the "Story of the Nations" series.

"The Dawn of discovery in Canada, 1497-1525," pp. 19-28.

BOURNE, HENRY RICHARD FOX.

English Seamen under the Tudors. by H. R. Fox Bourne—London, Bentley, 1868. B. P. L.

2 vols. Svo.

Chapter ii. "The voyages of the Cabots" I. 24-45.

Mr. Bourne readily accepts whatever adds to the glory of his heroes.

English Merchants, memoirs in illustration of the progress of British commerce by H. R. Fox Bourne.—London, Chatto, 1886. (37783.1)

pp. 492. Svo.

See chapter v, on Henry the Seventh's furtherance of trade and of the Company of Merchants Adventurers. 71-98, for an account of the connection of the Cabots with British commerce and the enterprises of Bristol.

BREVOORT.

John Cabot's Voyages of 1497. By J. Carson Brevoort.

In the *Historical Magazine*, Morrisania, N. Y., March, 1868, 2d Ser. iii. (xiii). 129-135. (250.1.13)

Mr. Brevoort, accepting a voyage of 300 leagues along the coast, accounts for this by arguing that Cabot made the *periplus* of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, passing out at the Straits of Belle Isle, and thence home.

Notes on Giovanni da Verrazano and on a planisphere of 1529, illustrating his American voyage in 1524, with a reduced copy of the map, by James Carson Brevoort.

In the *Journal of the American Geographical Society of New York*, 1874, iv. 144-297. Read November 28, 1871.

See section vi, on Cabot, 213-214.

BROWN.

A history of the Island of Cape Breton, with some account of the discovery and settlement of Canada, Nova Scotia, and Newfoundland, by Richard Brown. — London, 1869. H.

pp. 469. map. Svo.
"The Cabot voyages," S. 16.

BRYANT AND GAY.

A popular history of the United States, by William Cullen Bryant and Sydney Howard Gay. — New York, Scribner, 1876. (2085.18.1)

4 volumes. large Svo.
"Voyages of the Cabots," 129-148.

BULLO.

For the *Vera Patria*, in which Sig. Bullo argues for Chioggia as the birthplace of John Cabot, see above under SOURCES.

CAMPBELL.

Navigantium atque Itinerantium Bibliotheca; or a Complete Collection of Voyages and Travels; consisting of above Six Hundred of the most Authentic Writers; beginning with Hakluit — Now carefully revised, with large additions. — London, 1743-48. (470.34)

2 vols. folio.
First collected and arranged by John Harris in 1705. This edition was edited by Dr. John Campbell, and was reprinted in 1764. The account of Cabot's voyage is in ii. 190.

Lives of the British Admirals: containing an accurate naval history from the earliest periods, by Dr. John Campbell. The naval history continued to the year 1779, by Dr. Burkenhout. A new edition, revised, corrected, and the Historical Part further continued to the year 1780, by the late Henry Redhead Yorke, Esq. And further continued to the last expedition against Algiers in 1816, by William Stevenson. — London, 1817. A.

8 vols. Svo.
"Historical Memoirs of Sir John Cabot," I. 312-316. Sebastian Cabot, I. 373-387.
Until the appearance of BIDDLE, *Memoir*, in 1831, this was probably the standard secondary authority on the Cabots.

CHANNING, EDWARD.

See AMERICAN HISTORY LEAFLET, under SOURCES, above.

CHRISTY.

The voyages of Captain Luke Foxe of Hull, and Captain Thomas James of Bristol, in search of a north-west passage, in 1631-32; with narratives of the earlier north-west voyages... Edited by Miller Christy. — London, Hakluyt Society, 1894.

2 vols. pp. ccxxxi+681, 3 maps, 3 plates. Svo.

See note to Foxe, under SOURCES, above.

CHEYNEY.

See the Philobiblion Society *Miscellanies* for 1856 (ii) and 1864 (ix).

COOTE, CHARLES HENRY.

Sebastian Cabot, 1474-1557.

In the *Dictionary of National Biography*, edited by Leslie Stephen, (New York, Macmillan, 1886), viii. 166-171. A. 317.1.S
Gives an admirable select bibliography of the best authorities.

See MORGAN. Mr. Coote's connection with this work, the Hakluyt Society volume on Jenkinson's voyages to Russia, was for the most part only nominal.

See note under MOLINEAUX, under SOURCES, above.

CORTAMBERT.

Nouvelle histoire des voyages et des grandes découvertes géographiques dans tous les temps et dans tous les pays par Richard Cortambert.—L'Amérique. Le pôle nord.—Paris, (n.d. 1883-1884.) H.

pp. 808. folio.

For an interesting account of the Cabots, from a strictly French point of view, see 207-217.

CORRY.

History of Bristol, civil and ecclesiastical, by John Corry. Bristol, 1816.

2 volumes. Svo.

See i. 311-319, for a narrative of the Cabot voyages, which has the not inconsiderable merit of making honest use of such documentary sources as were then available.

DALY.

On the early history of cartography, or what we know of maps and map-making, before the time of Mercator. By Charles P. Daly.

Presidential address to the American Geographical Society, printed in its *Journal*, New York, 1879, xi. 1-40, plates, Svo.

D'AVEZAC.

See AVEZAC-MACAYA, Marie Armand Pascal d'.

DAWSON.

The voyages of the Cabots in 1497 and 1498, with an attempt to identify their landfall and to identify their island of St. John. By Samuel Edward Dawson. —Montreal, Foster Brown, 1894. 2081.18

From the *Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada*, (May 22, 1894), xlii. 51-112, Section ii. (2081.18). A. Reprinted separately.

Based on an extended examination of early maps, with a view to proving that Scatari Island off Cape Breton headland, is the "isla de S. Juan," represented as near the Cabot landfall by most XVI. century cartographers. See note in *Nation*, ix. 126. 850.12.60

Some suggestive hints on the probable variation of the compass in 1497-1498, and the possible effect of this on the observations reported by the Cabots, are given in § iv, 57-58, and 95-96. A useful summary of the early cartography of the Gulf of St. Lawrence is in § vii, 65-91.

Argues that the legend, "Prima tierra vista," on the Cabot map, applies to the whole island of Newfoundland, and that the true landfall was the proper Cape Breton, at the southeast corner of the island. Dawson's view is in a measure sustained by a Portuguese portolano, usually dated from 1514 to 1520. Prowse, *Newfoundland*, 30, finds that the "liturgical test"—the use of Saint's names to determine course and progress, as applied to Cosa's coast names, supposed to mark Cabot's progress, conflicts with Dawson's theory.—Winsor, *Controversies*, 5-6.

DEANE.

Remarks on Sebastian Cabot's Mappemonde. By Charles Deane.—Cambridge, 1867.

pp. S. Svo.
Fifty copies reprinted from *Amer. Antiquarian Socy. Proceedings*, (20 October 1866,) pp. 10-14. (040.S.6)

These remarks were also reported in the *Historical Magazine* for October 1866, x. 353-354, with an interesting note on the "discovery" of historical documents, by Henry B. Dawson. (250.1.10)

Remarks of Mr. Charles Deane on Sebastian Cabot's mappemonde.

Before the American Antiquarian Society, 24 April 1867, *Proceedings*, 43-50, (Cambridge, 1867). Accompanying the presentation of a copy of the map to the society. (040.S.7.)

Contains the earliest suggestion of Cape Breton as the Cabot landfall, drawn from the map.

Mr. Deane's remarks on presenting the copy of this map to the Massachusetts Historical Society are in its *Proceedings* for October 1882, xix. 387. (24S.11.4S)

DEANE, *continued.*

The voyages of the Cabots, by Charles Deane.

In WINSOR, *America*, Boston, 1884, iii, 1-58. 2 maps. (208.1.3.)
Also issued separately, as "*The Voyages of the Cabots: a Study.*"

"A cautious and thorough examination of all the evidence, extended or brief, worthy of consideration, . . . surveyed in a chronological way. A study of Dr. Deane's treatment is peculiarly indicative of the hazards to which historical statements are subjected during transmission from one writer to another, under the influence of tradition, chance knowledge, inference, and conjecture."—Winsor, *Controversies*, 15.

The "critical essay on the sources of information," which supplements Mr. Deane's narrative, pp 7-58, forms the most satisfactory starting point for a careful study of any phase of the Cabot controversies. Less exhaustive and less thorough than Harris, in the analysis of the actual sources, it is also less dogmatic and less positive in regard to questions where certainty can not be historically established.

As a guide to the Cabot literature of the present century, Mr. Deane's remarks are supplemented by Dr. Winsor's *Cabot Controversies*, which brings the discussion down to the present year 1897.

A very brief summary of Mr. Deane's narrative is given in LARNED, *History for Ready Reference*, i, 52.

See above, under CABOT, LEGENDS, the *Remarks of Mr. Smith*, in communicating Mr. Deane's copies of the Cabot legends to the Massachusetts Historical Society, in 1891.

See also Mr. Deane's notes to HAKLUYT, *Western Planting*, especially pp. 222-230.

DE COSTA, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN.

The Northmen in Maine: a critical examination of views expressed in connection with the subject, by Dr. J. G. Kohl in volume I. of the new series of the Maine Historical Society. To which are added criticisms on other portions of the work, and a chapter on the discovery of Massachusetts Bay. By the Rev. B. F. De Costa.—Albany, Munsell, 1870.

pp. 146. 8vo.

DESIMONI.

Sugli Scopritori Genovesi del medio evo e sul modo come essi furono recentemente giudicati dai Dotti stranieri.

In the *Giornale Ligustico* (Genova, 1874.)
Giovanni Caboto, 308-316.

y Charles Deane.

iii. 1-58. 2 maps. (208.1.3.)
Voyages of the Cabots: a

tion of all the evidence, ex-
n,....surveyed in a chrono-
treatment is peculiarly in-
torical statements are sub-
writer to another, under the
lge, inference, and conjec-

of information," which sup-
7-58, forms the most satis-
y of any phase of the Cabot
ss thorough than HARRISSE,
t is also less dogmatic and
ere certainty can not be his-

of the present century, Mr.
Dr. Winsor's *Cabot Contro-*
own to the present year 1897.
s narrative is given in LAR-
52.

os, the *Remarks of Mr.*
copies of the Cabot legends
y, in 1891.

KLUYT, *Western Planting*,

LIN.

critical examination of
with the subject, by Dr.
new series of the Maine
are added criticisms on
d a chapter on the dis-
By the Rev. B. F. De

l medio evo e sul modo
te giudicati dai Dotti

1874.)

DESIMONI, *continued*.

Intorno a Giovanni Caboto Genovese scopritore del
Labrador e di altre regioni dell' alta America setten-
trionale, Documenti pubblicati ed illustrati dal socio
Cornelio Desimoni.

In *Atti della società Ligure di storia patria* (Genova, 1881) xv.
177-239.

Discusses the identity of "the unknown guest at the house of Fra-
castor." See note under RAMUSIO, above.

The documents occupy pp. 219-239.

The two pages of "Libri consultati direttamente" give the titles
of several useful Continental studies of the Cabot questions.

DEXTER.

Early European voyages in Massachusetts Bay.
By George Dexter.

In Winsor, *Memorial History of Boston*, (Boston, 1880) l. 23-36.
folio. (20896.5.1)

Gives an admirable outline of what is known about the Cabot dis-
coveries, 29-32.

The testimony of Fabyan's Chronicle to Hakluyt's
account of the Cabots. By George Dexter.

In *Amer. Antiquarian Socy. Proceedings*, New Ser. l. 436-441.
(Worcester, 1882.)

DIONNE, N.-E.

A review of HARRISSE, *Cabot*, in the *American Historical Re-*
view, July 1896, l. 717-721, is of some little value for its statement of
the main problems raised and solutions proposed by HARRISSE.

DOYLE, JOHN ANDREWS.

English colonies in America, Virginia, Maryland,
and the Carolinas by J. A. Doyle.—New York, Holt,
1889. (2084.12.1)

pp. 420. large 8vo.

Although not so stated on the title, this volume is virtually the
first of what will, it is to be hoped, become a comprehensive his-
tory of all the English colonies in America.

Chapter iii. 20-41, gives an excellent sketch of the Cabots, al-
though written without a full appreciation of the latest develop-
ments of research in the field.

DOYLE, WILLIAM.

Some account of the British dominions beyond the
Atlantic: . . . Particularly, The important Question
about the north-west passage Is satisfactorily dis-
cussed: By William Doyle.—London. (N. d., 1770.)

pp. xvi+87. map.

Suggests, p. xi, "Sebastia" as a fitting name for British Amer-
ica—"a misapplication quite matching the mishap which gave the
name of America to the Western hemisphere."—Winsor, *America*,
iii. 51.

ERIZZO, MINISCALCHI.

See note under BIDDLE, above.

FERNANDEZ DURO, CESÁREO.

Review of a work on Sebastian Cabot, in *La España Moderna* (noted by Prowse, *Newfoundland*, 30.) in which Captain Duro "brands Cabot as a traitor to Spain."

FISKE.

The discovery of America, with some account of ancient America and the Spanish conquest by John Fiske.—Boston, Houghton Mifflin, 1892. (2081.12)

2 vols. pp. xxxvi+516, xxiv+631. 4 maps. 8vo.

Chapter vii, vol. ii. 1-17, gives a good summary of what was accomplished by the Cabots.

Short extracts from Mr. Fiske's narrative were reprinted by Edwin D. Mead in *Old South Leaflet*, no. 37 (Boston, 1895); see note under HAKLUYT.

GANONG.

The Cartography of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, from Cartier to Champlain. By W. F. Ganong. A.

Presented to the Royal Society of Canada, 8 May 1889, and printed in their *Transactions*. viii. Sec. II, 17-58 (Montreal, 1890.) "Influence of Cartier's Voyages on Early Cartography," 27-43; furnishes a valuable comparison for the student of the influence of the Cabot voyages.

On pp. 35-37 he discusses the Cabot map, of which an outline sketch is given.

See also 45-49, on the "Isle of St. John."

An earlier paper by M. Ganong, on Cartier, in the *Transactions* of the Royal Society for Canada, 1887, v. Sec. II, 121-136, has a little matter of interest to students of Cabot.

GEORGE, WILLIAM.

Sebastian Cabot and Richard Eden.

In *Notes and Queries*, 27 March 1858, 2 Ser. v. 263. A. 052.13.15
A suggestion concerning the evidence of their relative veracity.

HAKLUYT SOCIETY.

The Hakluyt Society was organized in 1847 for the purpose of publishing works relating to the "navigations, voyages, traffics, and discoveries" of Europeans during the period of colonial expansion. The current year, 1897, will bring out the hundredth volume of the society's series of admirably edited translations and reprints. Those works that contain references to the Cabots are entered in the present list under ASHER, BEYNEN, CHRISTY, GALVANO, JONES, MARKHAM, MORGAN, RUNDALL.

HALE, EDWARD EVERETT.

Report of the Council of the American Antiquarian Society; 21 October 1865.

In *Proceedings Amer. Antiquarian Socy.*, Cambridge, 1866, 14-53. (040.S.6)

Dr. Hale reviews the early English references to the Cabots and to America, quoting a few of the documents, on pp. 19-31.

Dr. Hale called attention to the *CHRONICON*, from which he printed, for the first time, the reference to Cabot, in the *Proceedings* of the Antiquarian Society, 25 April 1860, 36-38.

HAMERSLEY, J. HOOKER.

John Cabot, Discoverer of the North American Continent.

An "Open Letter" in the *Century Magazine*, May 1897, liv. 154.

The writer derives his enthusiasm for the celebration of the Cabot anniversary from a comparison of the 1841 and 1862 editions of BANCROFT, *United States*.

HARRISSE.

Bibliotheca Americana Vetustissima a description of works relating to America published between the years 1492 and 1551.—New York, 1866. (11380.13)

pp. liv+519. 4to.

In a foot note to Sebastian Cabot's name, 59-60, are given "several overlooked authorities concerning his memorable voyage."

A supplementary volume, has the title given above, to the dates "1492 and 1551," followed by

ADDITIONS—Paris, Tross, 1872.

pp. xl+199. 4to.

Jean et Sébastien Cabot.—Paris, 1882.

See full title above, under SOURCES.

The Discovery of North America, a critical, documentary, and historic investigation, with An Essay on the Early Cartography of the New World, including Descriptions of Two Hundred and Fifty Maps or Globes existing or lost, constructed before the year 1536; to which are added A Chronology of One Hundred Voyages Westward, Projected, Attempted, or Accomplished between 1431 and 1504; Biographical Accounts of the Three Hundred Pilots who first crossed the Atlantic; and a Copious List of the Original Names of American Regions, Caciqueships, Mountains, Islands, Capes, Gulfs, Rivers, Towns, and Har-

HARRISSE, *continued.*

bours. by Henry Harrisse.—London, B. F. Stevens, 1892. (2081.13)

pp. xii+503. 23 plates. 4to.

380 copies issued.

"The First Voyage of John Cabot, 1497." "The Claims of Sebastian Cabot," "The Second Voyage of John Cabot, 1498-1499(?)," 1-50.

America believed to be distinct from Asia; opinions of John Cabot, 107-108.

Contemporary references to maps by John Cabot, 406-408.

Biography of Sebastian Cabot, 706-708.

Extracts from the Wardens Manuscript Accounts of the Drapers Company of London. From March 1st to April 9th, 1521, concerning Sebastian Cabot. 747-750.

For a review of this work, see under WINSOR.

Sébastien Cabot, navigateur vénétois.

In Ludovic Drapeyron, *Revue de Géographie*, (Paris, Novembre 1894-Mars 1895), xxxv. 331-388, 474-481, xxxvi. 16-23, 97-104, 200-207.

Signed B. A. V.

A review of TARDUCCI, *Cabot*, in Harrisse's most positive style.

John Cabot, the discoverer of North-America and Sebastian his Son, a chapter of the maritime history of England under the Tudors, 1496-1557. By Henry Harrisse—London, B. F. Stevens, 1896. (3774.2) B. A.

pp. xi+501. 10 maps. facsimile. royal 8vo.

Harrisse still contends for the theory of a landfall on the Labrador coast, and "shoves aside the evidence of the Cabot map. This he does in the belief that at this time, 1544, France, through Cartier's exploration, was establishing claims about the St. Lawrence gulf to the prejudice of England, and that Cabot, now in England, in order to rehabilitate the English counter-claim, falsified the record, and inserted the inscription in a way to support the right of England to the territory adjacent to the gulf. It is hardly safe to hold that either ... has established his theory beyond dispute."—Winsor, *Controversies*, 7.

In 1882, Mr. Harrisse printed in a single volume all the scattered documents, narratives, and chance references, from which must be derived any real historical knowledge of the lives, the achievements, and the characters, of John and Sebastian Cabot. In 1896 he supplemented and completed his work, by publishing the arguments and the conclusions at which he had arrived in each of the confusing problems which had made Cabot "the sphynx of American history."

Mr. Harrisse's book is not a history; it is rather a laboratory manual, in which the student finds revealed each step of the processes through which the material of history has been forced, in order that it might be made to render up the truth which was contained within it. The subject is peculiarly suited to the treatment adopted by Mr. Harrisse,—a treatment peculiarly adapted to his personal strength as an investigator of historical problems.

HARRISSE, *continued.*

His estimate of the character of Sebastian Cabot is probably not fair or true; but he has rendered an inestimable service, in that he has made possible, in the future, a characterization which shall be fair to human nature and true to the facts of history. His magnificent services as investigator and as student have transformed one of the most perplexing and most dimly hidden problems of colonial history into one of those most easily understood.

This work has been reviewed in the *Saturday Review*, lxxxi, 255-256; *American Histor. Review*, July 1896, i. 717-721, by N.-E. DIONNE; and in the *Review of Historical Publications relating to Canada*, i. 1895-1896, (Toronto, 1897), University of Toronto Studies in History, Geo. M. Wrong, editor, 25-33.

The note at the beginning of this Bibliography will show how largely Mr. Harrisse's work has contributed to the present compilation.

When did John Cabot discover North America?

In *The Forum*, New York, June 1897, xxiii. 463-475.

In this article, Mr. Harrisse emphasizes, in his most popular form, his established opinion "that with our present sources of information no one is warranted in asserting that John Cabot discovered the continent of North America on June 24, 1497, or that his landfall was Cape Breton."

HART.

American History told by contemporaries. Volume 1. Era of colonization, 1492-1689. Edited by Albert Bushnell Hart.—New York, Macmillan, 1897.

pp. xvii+606. Svo.

The references to Cabot's voyages in the letter of PASQUALIGO and the dispatches of RAIMONDO DI SONCINO are printed on pp. 69-72.

HARVEY, MOSES.

The voyages and discoveries of the Cabots, by the Rev. M. Harvey, of St. John's, Newfoundland.

In *Nova Scotia Historical Society Collections*, for 1893-95, (Halifax, 1895), ix. 17-37. H.

See the *Proceedings* of the Royal Society of Canada, xii. pp. xvi-xvii. (Ottawa, 1895), for an abstract of Dr. Harvey's letter to the Royal Society, stating his reasons for advocating the celebration of the anniversary of Cabot's landfall.

HAYWARD.

Life of Sebastian Cabot, by Charles Hayward, Jr.

(338.1.9)

In Sparks, *Library of American Biography*, ix. 89-162. (Boston, 1838.)

Avowedly based upon BIDDLE, *Memoirs*.

HELLWALD, FRIEDRICH (ANTON HELLER) VON.

Sebastian Cabot. Von Friedrich von Hellwald.—
Berlin, 1871.

pp. 43. 8vo.

In *Sammlung gemeinverständlicher wissenschaftlicher Vorträge, herausgegeben von Rud. Virchow und Fr. v. Holtzendorff*, vi. Ser. iv, (cxxiv).

"Vortrag, gehalten am 17. Mai 1870 in der k. k. geographischen Gesellschaft zu Wien."

HERBERT.

The History of the twelve great livery companies of London; principally compiled from their grants and records, with an historical essay by William Herbert.—London, 1837. H.

2 vols. 8vo.

This contains, I. 410-411, the substance of the "Protest of the Twelve Great Liveries of London against employing Sebastian Cabot to command an English expedition to the New World," March-April, 1521, which is also printed, from the original Wardens Accounts of the Drapers Company, in HARRISSE, *Discovery*, 747-750.

HILLARD.

Sebastian Cabot.

A critical review of BIDDLE, *Memoir*, by George S. Hillard, in the *North American Review*, Boston, April 1832, xxxiv. 405-428.
(1537.1.34)

HOPPER, CL.

See notes above, SOURCES, under CABOT, *Letter to Charles V.*; and under CHARLES V.

HORSFORD.

John Cabot's landfall in 1497, and the Site of Norumbega, a letter to chief-justice Daly, president of the American Geographical Society, by Eben N. Horsford.—Cambridge, 1886. A.

Horsford's letter to Judge Daly we have only as it is included in his second letter to Judge Daly, "The problem of the Northmen" (2081.9)

pp. 42, 8 maps, plate. quarto.

Presents a theory that the Cabot landfall was on Salem Neck, or possibly Cape Ann, Massachusetts, in 42 degrees 34, N. lat.

See note below, under HOWLEY.

The excellent facsimile reproductions of the earliest maps of the New England coast, with which Mr. Horsford illustrated many of his Norumbega publications, give them very considerable value to students to whom the originals are inaccessible.

HELLER) VON.
ich von Hellwald.—

wissenschaftlicher Vor-
und Fr. v. Holtzendorff,
in der k. k. geograp.

eat livery companies
from their grants and
by William Herbert.

ce of the "Protest of the
st employing Sebastian
on to the New World,"
from the original Ward.
n HARRISSE, *Discovery*,

by George S. Hillard, in
ril 1832, xxxiv. 405-428.
(1537-1.34)

T, *Letter to Charles V.*;

and the Site of No-
Daly, president of
y, by Eben N. Hors-

e only as it is included
problem of the Northerners"
(2081.9)

all was on Salem Neck,
42 degrees 34, N. lat.

the earliest maps of the
ford illustrated many of
ry considerable value to
sible.

HOWLAND.

The fourth centenary of Canadian History, by O. A.
Howland, M. P. P.

In the *Canadian Magazine*, Toronto, January, 1895.

HOWLEY, JAMES P.

The Landfall of Cabot.

In the *Bulletin-Transactions* of the Geographical Society of
Quebec, for 1886-1889, no. v. 67-78, (Quebec, 1889).

Written to refute the theory raised by Professor HORSFORD.

HOWLEY, M. F.

Cabot's Landfall. (250.2.26)

In *Mag. Amer. Hist.*, New York, October 1891, xxvi. 267-288.

Gives a suggestive illustrative map.

A Newfoundland, basing his special insight on the personal
knowledge of a native, he "accepts the eastern coast of New-
foundland for the Cabot Landfall, and indicates the particular lo-
cality as being within the southeastern peninsula, or the old col-
ony of Avalon, as granted later to Lord Baltimore.—Winsor, *Con-
troversies*, 6.

HUGUES.

Le navigazioni di G. e S. Cabotto Memoria del
Professore Luigi Hugues. H.

In *Memoire della Società Geografica Italiana*, Roma, 1878,
i. pt. iii, 275-313. Svo.

Professor Hugues also refers to the Cabot voyages in his *Il terzo
viaggio di Amerigo Vespucci*, Firenze, 1878, pp. 5-8.

HUMBOLDT.

Examen critique de l'histoire de la géographie du
nouveau continent et des progrès de l'astronomie
nautique aux quinzième et seizième siècles, par Alex-
andre de Humboldt.—Paris, 1836-1839. B.

5 vols. Svo.

No table of contents or index.

"Les documents les plus important pour l'histoire des deux
premières navigations de Sébastien Cabot," pp. 231-232.

HUNT.

Historic Towns—Bristol, by William Hunt.—Lon-
don, Longmans, 1887. (20701.7)

pp. 230. Svo.

A very good account of the Cabots, following Mr. Deane's work
closely, 126-135.

JONES.

Divers voyages, published by Richard Hakluyt, 1582. Edited, With Notes and an Introduction, by John Winter Jones, of the British Museum.—London, Hakluyt Society, 1850.

pp. cxi+177, facsimile, 2 maps. Svo.

For the Cabots, besides the material in Hakluyt's book (see notes to title under his name, above under SOURCES), see Mr. Jones's introduction, pp. lvii, lxxiii-lxxiii.

JURIEN DE LA GRAVIÈRE, JEAN BAPTISTE EDMOND.

Les marins du xv^e siècle. I. Sébastien Cabot et Sir Hugh Willoughby.

In *Revue des deux mondes*, 1 Juin 1876, xv. 757-784. A. (059.20 223)

This was the first of a series of able papers, which were reprinted in book form, Paris, 1876.

See note under Travers TWISS, below.

KIDDER.

The discovery of America by John Cabot, a first chapter on the history of North America, by Frederick Kidder.—Boston, 1878.

pp. 15. plates. Svo.

Read before the Maine Historical Society, 17 February 1874.

Reprinted from the *N. E. Hist. Gen. Register*, October 1878, xxxii. 381-388. (350.1.32)

Mr. Kidder bases his argument that Cabot sailed around the Gulf of St. Lawrence, upon the reported slack tides, which would be very noticeable when compared with those at the English Bristol.

KOHL, JOHANN GEORG.

A descriptive catalogue of those Maps, Charts, and Surveys, relating to America, which are mentioned in Vol. iii. of Hakluyt's Great Work, by J. G. Kohl.—Washington, 1857.

pp. 86. Svo.

See 11-16 for a discussion of the references to Cabot's map, in Hakluyt.

A history of the discovery of the east coast of North America, particularly the coast of Maine, from the Northmen in 990, to the charter of Gilbert in 1578, by J. G. Kohl of Bremen, Germany. Illustrated by copies of the earliest maps and charts.—Portland, 1869.

pp. 497, Svo.

248.7.7

Richard Hakluyt, 1582.
Introduction, by John
Museum.—London,

al in Hakluyt's book (see
under SOURCES), see Mr.
iii.

BAPTISTE EDMOND.
Sébastien Cabot et Sir

6, xv. 757-784. A. (059.20 223)
papers, which were reprinted
v.

by John Cabot, a first
America, by Frederick

society, 17 February 1874.
Gen. Register, October 1878.
(350.1.32)
at Cabot sailed around the
ted slack tides, which would
with those at the English

ose Maps, Charts, and
which are mentioned in
ork, by J. G. Kohl.—

ferences to Cabot's map, in

the east coast of North
t of Maine, from the
of Gilbert in 1578, by
y. Illustrated by copies
—Portland, 1869.

248.7.7

KOHL, *continued*.

This forms volume I. of a *Documentary History of the State of Maine*, edited by William Willis, which in turn began a "second series" of the *Collections of the Maine Historical Society*.

Chapter iv, 121-146, deals with the Cabot expedition, with an "appendix" on the maps, 147-163.

See notes under AVEZAC, *Lettre au révérend Léonard Woods*, for the Appendix to this volume.

Mr. Kohl's narrative is greatly condensed in Larned, *History for Ready Reference*, i. 54.

LARNED.

History for Ready Reference from the best historians, biographers, and specialists, in the English language, by J. N. Larned, with numerous historical maps from original studies and drawings by Alan C. Reiley.—Springfield, Mass., C. A. Nichols Co. 1894.
210.33

5 vols. folio.

See notes under BANCROFT, DEANE, and KOHL, above, for the narrative of the Cabot discoveries, i. 51-54.

LA ROQUE.

Armorial de la Noblesse de Languedoc généralité de Montpellier par M. Louis de la Roque.—Montpellier, 1860. B. P. L.

2 vols. 8vo.

In ii. 163-165, there is an account of a family of Cabots, belonging to this province, who descended from Jean Cabot, a Venetian nobleman, who settled in Bristol, England, in the reign of Henry vii; was a distinguished navigator, the discoverer of Terre Neuve, thence passing to the service of Spain. He had three sons, of whom two, Louis and Sebastian, have the same names as those mentioned in the Cabot Letters Patent of 1496. The French family claimed descent from Louis, the second son. The device and motto of this family are the same as those of the Jersey family, from whom the New England Cabots are descended, which differ from the motto given on the portrait of Sebastian Cabot.

Harris describes his fruitless efforts to substantiate the claims of this family, in his *Cabot*, 381-384.

LODGE, HENRY CABOT.

The home of the Cabots.

In *The Nineteenth Century*, May 1897, 734-738.

"The strongest evidence we have shows that the men who gave England her title to North America.... sprang from those Channel Islands (Jersey), which have been a part of Great Britain ever since William the Conqueror seized the English Crown."

MACKINTOSH.

Cabot and other western explorers, by the Hon. C. H. Mackintosh, Lieutenant-Governor of the N. W. Territories.

In the *Canadian Magazine*, Toronto, December 1896, viii. 150-156. A.

A glowing sketch of the discovery and exploration of Canada from 1496 to 1885.

MAJOR.

The true date of the English Discovery of the American Continent under John and Sebastian Cabot: a letter addressed by Richard Henry Major to C. S. Perceval. H.

In *Archæologia*, published by the Society of Antiquaries of London, 1871, xliii. 17-42. Reprinted separately, pp. 26. 4to.

Read to the Society 5 May 1870.

The Life of Prince Henry of Portugal, surnamed the Navigator; and its results: comprising the discovery, within one century, of half the world, by Richard Henry Major. London, A. Asher, 1868.

3064.18

pp. lii+487. 5 plates, 4 maps. royal Svo.

Discusses the sometime important problem of whether Columbus, Vesputius, or Cabot, first "discovered" the mainland of the American continent; 367-374. Index refers to "Cabot (John) with his brother Sebastian."

MADERO.

Prowse, *Newfoundland*, 30, cites an article on Sebastian Cabot by E. Madero of Buenos Ayres, which is reviewed by Captain Fernandez Duro of the Royal Spanish Navy in *La España Moderna*. This "throws little fresh light on the lives of the Cabots."

MARKHAM, CAPTAIN.

The voyages and works of John Davis, the navigator, edited by Albert Hastings Markham.—London, Hakluyt Society, 1880.

pp. xcv+392. facsimile. Svo.

See note under MOLINEUX, for the map among SOURCES above, which accompanies this volume.

Reference to Sebastian Gabota's efforts to find a northwest passage, 195.

MARKHAM, SIR CLEMENTS ROBERT.

The voyages of William Baffin, 1612-1622, edited by Clements R. Markham.—London, Hakluyt Society, 1881.

pp. lix+192. 4 maps. Svo.

See p. xxx: "an excellent system of log books, inaugurated by Sebastian Cabot, was enforced by the Muscovy Company."

The Sea Fathers: A Series of lives of great navigators of former times, by Clements R. Markham.—London and New York, Cassell, 1884. A. 3704.1

pp. viii+221. Svo.

An appendix gives very brief "notes on the authorities."

Sebastian Cabota, 89-95.

An admirable boys' book.

A Life of John Davis, the navigator, 1550-1605, discoverer of Davis Straits, by Clements R. Markham.—New York, Dodd Mead. (3074.20)

pp. 301, Svo.

The second chapter, "Preparations for the North," summarizes the work of the Cabots.

Life of Christopher Columbus, by Clements R. Markham.—London, George Philip, 1892. (3064.33)

pp. 375. 3 plates. 6 maps. Svo.

Chap. xii, "Voyages to the Westward, consequent on the achievement of Columbus, I. Cabot." 226-233, gives one of the most satisfactory statements of what is known concerning the Cabot voyages of 1496-1498.

See above, under SOURCES, for Sir Clements Markham's edition of the *Journals of Columbus*, which also contains the important Cabot documents.

MARKLAND, J. H.

Sebastian Cabot.

In *Notes and Queries*, 2 January 1858, 2 ser. v. 1-2. A.

Discussion of evidence as to Sebastian Cabot's birthplace.

MEAD, EDWIN D.

See OLD SOUTH LEAFLETS, under SOURCES, above.

MORGAN.

Early voyages and travels to Russia and Persia by Anthony Jenkinson and other Englishmen. With some account of the first intercourse of the English with Russia.... Edited by E. Delmar Morgan and C. H. Coote.—London, Hakluyt Society, 1886.

2 vols. pp. clxii+496. 2 plates. 3 maps. Svo.

For Sebastian Cabot and the Russian or Muscovy Company, see p. lv.

NAVARRETE.

Disertacion sobre la historia de la Nautica, y de las ciencias matemáticas que han contribuido á sus progresos entre los Españoles, obra póstuma del D. Martin Fernandez Navarrete: la publica la Real Academia de la Historia.—Madrid, 1846. H.

pp. 441. Svo.

See p. 138, where Lord "Ulibe" becomes "Milort Wlive."

Coleccion de opúsculos del D. Martin Fernandez de Navarrete, la dan á luz D. Eustaquio y D. Francisco Fernandez de Navarrete.—Madrid, 1848.

2 vols. Svo.

Vol. I. 1.304, "Biografías de marinos y descubridores." For Cabot, see i. 65-66.

Biblioteca marítima Española, obra póstuma del excmo. señor don Martin Fernandez de Navarrete, Director que fué del Depósito Hidrográfico y de la Academia de la Historia, etc. Impresa de Real orden.—Madrid, 1851.

2 vols. pp. xxxvii+671, +784. Svo.

A biographical dictionary of Spanish seamen; arranged, according to the aggravating plan of older Spanish works of this nature, alphabetically by the first given name of each individual, so that the account of Sebastian Caboto ó Gaboto is given in vol. ii, 697-700.

See *Coleccion de viages*—Madrid, 1825-1837; entered above, under SOURCES.

NICHOLLS.

The Remarkable Life, Adventures, and Discoveries of Sebastian Cabot, of Bristol, the Founder of Great Britain's Maritime Power; Discoverer of America, and its first Colonizer. By J. F. Nicholls, City Librarian, Bristol.—London, Samson Low, 1869. (3074.17)

pp. xv+190. map. cap, 4to.

The style and method of this book may be judged from the author's introductory remark, p. x, that "the land which he first discovered... ought at this day, instead of Amerlca, to be called Cabotia." On p. 188 Mr. Nicholls says: "Emphatically the most scientific seaman of his own, or perhaps many subsequent ages—one of the greatest, bravest, best of men."

Mr. Henry Stevens, in a review of this book, (see entry under his name), justly gives Mr. Nicholls full credit as "a painstaking chronicler, who has used all the materials that the active research of many geographers and antiquaries has turned up in the present century," but "he has studied so lovingly and so persistently that he has (Sebastian) Cabotized all his surroundings."

An important review of Nicholl's book, written by M. d'Avezac, appeared in the *Revue critique d'Histoire et de Littérature*, Paris, 23 April 1870, v. 264-269.

de la N utica, y de las
a contribuido   sus pro-
ra p stuma del D. Mar-
blica la Real Academia
H.

comes "Milort Wlive."

D. Martin Fernandez de
staquio y D. Francisco
lrid, 1848.

inos y descubridores." For

ola, obra p stuma del
andez de Navarrete, Di-
drogr fico y de la Acad-
oresa de Real  rden.—

nish seamen; arranged, ac-
older Spanish works of this
en name of each individual,
oto   Gaboto is given in vol.

, 1825-1837; entered above,

ntures, and Discoveries
the Founder of Great
Discoverer of America,
F. Nicholls, City Libra-
n Low, 1869. (3074.17)

ok may be judged from the
hat "the land which he first
ad of Amerlca, to be called
ys: "Emphatically the most
ups many subsequent ages—
en."

this book, (see entry under
full credit as "a painstaking
rials that the active research
has turned up in the present
ngly and so persistently that
surroundings."

ook, written by M. d'Avezac,
"Histoire et de Litt rature,

NICHOLLS, *continued.*

Bristol past and present, by J. F. Nicholls and John
Taylor.—Bristol, 1881-1882. II.

3 vols. 4to.
For the account of Sebastian Cabot, see I, 243, and especially iii.
290-298.

Mr. Nicholls still argues for a voyage in 1494, and thinks it
"very likely" that John Cabot may have accompanied his son
Sebastian on a voyage in 1497.

NOTES AND QUERIES. A medium of intercom-
munication.—London, 1849-[1897.] A. 052.13

8 series, 12 volumes each. small 4to.
Index volume for each series.

For a discussion of the evidence in regard to Sebastian Cabot's
birthplace, marked rather by patriotic than by critical instinct, see
2 ser. V. 1-2, 154-155, 193-4, 285;
3 ser. I. 48-49, 125, 360;
5 ser. V. 405. 052.13.53

PARTON.

People's Book of Biography; or, short notes of the
most interesting persons of all ages and countries, by
James Parton.—Harford, 1868. (370.2)

pp. 624. Svo.
A subscription-book sketch of Sebastian Cabot, 329-334.

PAYNE.

History of the new world called America by Edward
John Payne. vol. I.—New York, Macmillan, 1892.
(208.9.1)

pp. xxxi+605. Svo.
The reception which this volume received has been, as yet, suf-
ficient to retard the appearance of its successors.

The account of English exploration, and of John Cabot, 231-243,
revives the consolidation of the Cabot voyages of 1497 and 1498,
which had been clearly distinguished sixty years before by Mr.
Biddle.

"The Oxfordian Payne, who, the other day, in his 'New World
called America,' showed himself so content with Hakluyt that he
had never learned there were two Cabot voyages."—Winsor, in
Nation, lviii. 433.

PEDLEY.

The History of Newfoundland from the earliest
times to the year 1860, by the Rev. Charles Pedley.—
London, Longmans, 1863. II.

pp. 525. map. Svo.
Cabot expedition, pp. 4-10.

PESCHEL, OSCAR (FERDINAND).

Geschichte der Erdkunde bis auf Alexander von Humboldt und Carl Ritter. Zweite vermehrte und verbesserte Auflage herausgegeben von Prof. Dr. Sophus Ruge.—München, 1877. H.

pp. 832. 8vo.

This is vol. iv. in the *Geschichte der Wissenschaften in Deutschland, Neuere Zeit*, Herausgegeben durch die Historische Commission bei der (Munich) Königl. Academie der Wissenschaften.

The Cabot voyages are referred to on 287-319.

Geschichte des Zeitalters der Entdeckung von Oscar Peschel.—Stuttgart, 1858. H.

pp. 681. 8vo.

Sebastian Cabot, ii. Buch. cap. vi. 274-282; or 215-221 in the second, 1877, edition.

An excellent account, testing Biddle's conclusions by the documents.

PEZZI.

Di Giovanni Cabotto rivelatore del settentrionale emisfero d'America con documenti inediti esistenti nei RR. archivj di stato di Milano raccolti da Carlo Barbera Pezzi.—Venezia, 1881.

pp. 51. portrait. small 4to.

PINKERTON.

A General Collection of the best and most interesting Voyages and Travels in all parts of the World; Digested on a new plan. By John Pinkerton.—London, Longmans, 1808-1817. H. 470.28

17 vols. plates. 4to.

Volumes xi-xiv, which relate chiefly to America, were reissued in 1819, with separate title pages.

Six volumes were reprinted in Philadelphia, 1810-1812. 4to.

The account of the Cabot voyages xii. 158, is taken from CAMPBELL's edition of Harris's *Navigantium Bibliotheca*.

POPE.

Jacques Cartier. His Life and Voyages. By Joseph Pope.—[Ottawa, 1890.] H.

pp. 168. 8vo.

For an excellent summary of the Cabot voyages see 19-22.

The Cabot Celebration. By the author of the "Memoirs of Sir John Macdonald."

In the *Canadian Magazine*, Toronto, December 1899. viii. 158-164. A.

This paper, which is based upon a considerable personal acquaintance with the best literature on the Cabot controversies, also offers a suggestive glimpse of the difficulties which arose from the proposal to celebrate the anniversary of the Cabot discovery, which was suspected by some French Canadians as an attempt to derogate from the fame and credit of Cartier.

PRICE, GEORGE.

Sebastian Cabot.

In *Notes and Queries*, 20 February 1858. 2 ser. v. 154-155. A.

Discussion of evidence against Bristol as birthplace of Sebastian Cabot. 052.13.15

PROWSE.

A History of Newfoundland from the English, Colonial, and Foreign Records by D. W. Prowse.—London, Macmillan, 1895. B. 2095.15

pp. xxiii+742. 35 plates, map. 4to.

A supplement contains "A history of the Churches in Newfoundland," pp. 56.

Judge Prowse has rendered an especial service by his collection and arrangement of chance references in contemporary documents, and long established customs which are referred to in later papers, to show the paramount importance of the English cod fishery off the Newfoundland coasts, during the first half of the xvi. century.—Winsor, *Controversies*, 8.

Chapter II, Reign of Henry VII. 1485-1509, gives an excellent account of the Cabot voyages, 4-17, and a short sketch of Sebastian Cabot's career, 29-30.

Mr. Prowse doubts the original character of the Cabot map, and contends that there is no positive testimony as to the precise spot of the landfall, which he thinks may have been on the Labrador or Newfoundland outer coast, probably at Cape Bonavista on the latter.—Winsor, *Controversies*, 6.

See note under JOHN MASON.

QUARITCH, BERNARD.

See notes under CABOT, MAPPEMONDE, among the SOURCES above.

REUMONT.

I due Caboto cenni storico-critici di Alfredo Reumont.—Firenze, 1880. H.

pp. 11. Svo.

ROBINSON.

An account of discoveries in the West until 1519, and of voyages to and along the Atlantic coast of North America, from 1520 to 1573. By Conway Robinson.—Richmond, 1848. H. 2081.5

pp. 491. Svo.

"Prepared for The Virginia Historical and Philosophical Society by the chairman of the executive committee."

For Cabot, see chapter viii, 81-93; "a very good resumé of existing knowledge as it stood at that time."

ROYAL SOCIETY OF CANADA.

Mémoires . . . Proceedings and Transactions of the Royal Society of Canada for 1882-(1894).—Montreal, 1883—(Ottawa, 1895). A.

Annual volume, 4to.

See entries under BOURINOT, GANONG, HARVEY, VERREAU.

The Discovery of America by John Cabot in 1497.—Ottawa, 1896.

A pamphlet announcing the proposed exercises at Halifax, Cape Breton, and Bristol, England, in June 1897.

See note by Winsor, in *Nation*, lxiii. 253.

RUNDALL.

Narratives of voyages towards the north-west, in search of a passage to Cathay and India, 1496 to 1631. With selections from the early records of the Honourable the East India Company by Thomas Rundall.—London, Hakluyt Society, 1849.

pp. xx+259. 2 maps. Svo.

"Voyage of Sebastian Cabota," 1-6, from Hakluyt.

SEYER.

Memoirs historical and topographical of Bristol and its neighborhood from the earliest period down to the present time, by the Revd. Samuel Seyer.—Bristol, 1821-1823. H.

2 vols. plates. 4to.

For Cabot, see ii. 208-210.

SMITH, CHARLES C.

See under CABOT, MAPPEMONDE, above under SOURCES, for Mr. Deane's transcript of the legends to the Cabot map, which were communicated to the Massachusetts Historical Society, shortly after Mr. Deane's death, by Mr. Smith.

STEVENS.

Historical and geographical notes, 1453-1530. By Henry Stevens, GMB, FSA, MA Yale, etc. [4 lines] and Blk Bld Athn Clb, Lond.—New Haven (printed) London office of the author, 1869.

pp. 54. 6 photolithographical plates. large Svo.

"A few copies printed for presents. Twenty-five copies printed for sale."

See pp. 29, 48-9, for mention of the Cabot voyages, in their relation to other contemporary expeditions, and to the geographical knowledge of the time.

Transactions of
S2-(1894).—Mont-

ARVEY, VERREAU.

n Cabot in 1497.—

cises at Halifax, Cape

ne north-west, in
ndia, 1496 to 1631.
s of the Honour-
thomas Rundall.—

lakluyt.

cal of Bristol and
eriod down to the
Seyer.—Bristol,

under SOURCES, for
e Cabot map, which
Historical Society,
h.

s; 1453-1530. By
ale, etc. [4 lines]
Haven (printed)

Svo.
y-five copies printed

oyages, in their rela-
to the geographical

STEVENS, *continued*.

Sebastian Cabot—John Cabot=O Endeavored by
Henry Stevens G M B etc.—Boston: Office of the
Daily Advertiser. London: Office of the Author, 4
Trafalgar Square. March 1870. (377.19.)

pp. 32. square 12mo.

This little essay, in Mr. Stevens' best style, was originally published as the first of a series of articles on "Our Golden Candlesticks," printed in the Sunday supplements to the Boston *Daily Advertiser*. The Cabot article appeared 19 March 1870.

See extracts from this criticism of NICHOLS, *Sebastian Cabot*, under the entry of that remarkable work, above.

Mr. Stevens, 18, offers an interesting suggestion that John Cabot may have consulted with Columbus or La Cosa in Seville, between March 1496 and April 1497, or during the next succeeding winter. He also makes a strong presentation of the arguments against the Cabots having explored the American coast south of Nova Scotia.

A considerable extract from this essay was reprinted by Stevens in his *Bibliotheca Historica*, "or a catalogue of 5,000 volumes of books and manuscripts . . . to be sold at auction in Boston 5-8 April 1870"; 230-231.

SULTE.

Histoire des Canadiens-Français; 1608-1880. Par
Benjamin Sulte.—Montreal, 1882-1884. II. 2095.12
8 volumes. map. 4to.

There is a suggestive comment on the Cabot voyage, showing a French Canadian's estimate of the English claim to America by virtue of this discovery, in I. 8.

TARDUCCI.

R. Deputazione Veneta di Storia Patria e Di Giovanni
e Sebastiano Caboto. Memorie raccolte e documentate da F. Tarducci.—Venezia, 1892.

pp. 429. portrait. Svo.

John and Sebastian Cabot: Biographical Notice,
with Documents. By Francesco Tarducci. Translated from the Italian by Henry F. Brownson. Detroit [the translator] 1893. II.

pp. 412. Svo.

"Stubbornly adheres to exploded theories."

Written without intimate acquaintance with Cabot literature in English, especially Mr. Deane's work, of which he appears to be wholly ignorant.

Reviewed by Justin Winsor in the *Nation*, lvii. 433-4. "A pretty good champion for the maligned son (Sebastian) . . . he is somewhat frisky at times when he crosses lances with Harris. We may certainly thank him for full references and for printing many of the contemporary documents, or the essential parts of them, and the translator enables us to read them all in English."

TARDUCCI, *continued*.

See note under Harrisse, for a review of these works, in Drapeyron, *Revue de Géographie*, for 1894-1895.

Francesco Tarducci—La patria di Giovanni Caboto. —Torino, 1892. H.

pp. 39. Svo.

"Estratto dalla *Rivista Storica Italiana*," ix. fasc. 1, 1892.

An elaborate discussion of the evidence as to the birthplace of John Cabot, finding in favor of Venice.—Winsor, *Controversies*, 4.

The Appendix contains references to sixteen different spellings of the name of the Cabots, and extracts from the important documents, 31-39.

THACHER.

The continent of America, its discovery and baptism, an essay....by John Boyd Thacher. — New York, Benjamin, 1896.

pp. 270. 2 plates. 22 maps.

This magnificent volume from the de Vinne press, derives considerable value from its excellent facsimiles of important xvi. century maps and charts. It is most interesting, however, as evidence of the beginnings, in America, of that combination of scholarly labors with the harrassing duties of public political service, which lends so charming a character to much public life in Europe, most notably in England.

For Cabot, see 200-202.

TISS, TRAVERS.

Christopher Columbus and Sebastian Cabot.

In the *Nautical Magazine*, London, July and August 1876, xlv. 577-587, 675-684. B. P. L.

The second article deals especially with Cabot.

This discussion of the relative merits and influence of Columbus and Cabot on American discovery should be compared with a somewhat similar review by Admiral GRAVIER, noted above.

TYTLER.

Historical view of the progress of discovery on the more northern coasts of America from the earliest period to the present time, by Patrick Fraser Tytler. To which is added an Appendix, containing remarks on a late memoir of Sebastian Cabot, with a vindication of Richard Hakluyt.—Edinburgh, 1832.

pp. 444. 12mo.

No. ix in the "Edinburgh Cabinet Library," and reprinted in New York, Harpers 1836, as no. liii. in "The Family Library;" pp. 360. map. 12mo. H.

view of these works, in
1894-1895.

di Giovanni Caboto.

na," ix. fasc. I, 1892.
ce as to the birthplace of
ce.—Winsor, *Controver-*

sixteen different spellings
from the important "acu-

discovery and hap-
yd Thacher. — New

de Vinne press, derives
similes of important xvi.
interesting, however, as evi-
that combination of schol-
public political service,
much public life in Eu-

bastian Cabot.

ly and August 1876, xlv.

a Cabot.

and influence of Columbus
ould be compared with a
AVIER, noted above.

of discovery on the
from the earliest pe-
errick Fraser Tytler.
containing remarks
tbot, with a vindica-
burgh, 1832.

library," and reprinted in
The Family Library,"

VARNHAGEN.

See under d' Avezac, *Considérations Géographiques*.

VERREAU.

There are suggestive references to the Cabot voyagers, from the standpoint of a French Canadian, in papers by the Abbé Hospice Verreau in the *Mémoires* of the Royal Society of Canada for 1891-2; viii. sec. 1, 103-152; ix. sec. 73-83. A.

WEARE.

Cabot's discovery of North America. By G. E. Weare.—London, Macqucen, 1897.

pp. 6+343. 12 maps and plaets. Svo.

This volume is announced as "soon to appear," in June 1897. H.

In a well conceived article, "John Cabot, an Anniversary Study," based upon this book, in *Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine*, June 1897, clxi. 838-851, (954.21.161), it is stated that "Mr. Weare makes the interesting suggestion that Cabot reached the mainland and was there met and killed by Alonso de Hojeda, who, with La Cosa, the map maker, as chief pilot, and Amerigo Vespucci as one of his 'useful companions,' set sail for the North in the spring of 1499. We might thus explain the presence, in La Cosa's map of 1500, of English flags on territory of greatly wider extent than that discovered by Cabot in the 1497 voyage. But all this is conjecture;"—a conjecture which will not have been in vain if it draws from Mr. HARRISSE a serious statement of his opinion thereon.

WEISE.

The discoveries of America to the year 1525. By Arthur James Weise. — London, Bentley, 1884. B.

2081.3

pp. xli+380. 12 "copies of rare maps." large Svo.

Chapter vi, pp. 186-204, deals with the discoveries made by Giovanni and Sebastiano Caboto.

WINSOR.

Narrative and critical history of America, edited by Justin Winsor.—Boston, Houghton-Mifflin (1884)-1889. (208.1.3)

Svols. folio.

Volumes i and viii are dated 1889; iii and iv were copyrighted in 1884; ii, 1886; v and vi, 1887; vii, 1888.

See entry under DEANE for the chapter on the Cabots, iii. 1-58. For other references to their discovery of America, see the indices to volumes i, ii, and iv.

For Sebastian Cabot's voyage to the La Plata country, viii. 384.

Cited as WINSOR, *America*.

WINSOR, *continued*.

Christopher Columbus, and how he received and imparted the spirit of discovery. By Justin Winsor.—Boston, Houghton-Mifflin, 1892. (3064.29)

pp. 674. Svo.

The appendix, "The Geographical Results," 529-660, is especially valuable; it is illustrated with facsimiles and sketches from all the more significant early maps.

For Cabot, see 339-346. Cabot map, 624-627.

Harrisse's Discovery of North America.

Two articles in the *New York Nation*, September 29 and October 6, 1892, lv. 244-246, 264-266. (850.12.55)

In the first, Dr. Winsor discusses the new facts about the Cabots, which claims to have discovered Harrisse.

CABOTIANA.

A review of Tarducci's *Cabot*, in the *New York Nation*, 7 December 1893, lvii. 433-434.

For other notes on Cabot literature, in the *Nation*, see lx. 126, lxiii. 253.

The Cabot controversies and the right of England to North America, by Justin Winsor.—Cambridge, 1896.

Read before the Massachusetts Historical Society, (*Proceedings*, 2d ser. vi.) Reprinted, 100 copies; 16 pp. Svo. 248.12.26

The numerous extracts taken from Dr. Winsor's *Controversies*, which he has called "a survey of the crucial literature," for the notes to the present Bibliography, give the best proof of its value. See in addition, the notes under DEANE, above.

Baptista Agnese, and American Cartography in the sixteenth century, by Justin Winsor.—Cambridge, 1897.

pp. 16. Svo.

"Reprinted, One Hundred Copies, from the Proceedings of the Massachusetts Historical Society, May, 1897."

There is a reference to Cabot on pp. 11-12.

WOODBURY.

The relation of the fisheries to the discovery and settlement of North America by Charles Levi Woodbury.—Boston, 1880. II.

pp. 26. Svo.

Read before the Massachusetts Fish and Game Protection Society at Boston, and the New Hampshire Historical Society, Concord, June 1880.

Claim for Basques antedating Cabot, pp. 4-7.

how he received and
y. By Justin Winsor.
892. (3064.29)

Results," 529-660, is espe-
cimens and sketches from

624-627.

h America.

on, September 29 and Octo-
(850.12.55)
ne new facts about the Ca-
Harris.

e *New York Nation*, 7 De

in the *Nation*, see lx. 126,

the right of England
Winsor.—Cambridge,

Historical Society, (*Proced-*
s; 16 pp. 8vo. 24S.12.26
Dr. Winsor's *Controversies*,
crucial literature," for the
e the best proof of its value.
E, above.

an Cartography in the
Winsor.—Cambridge,

from the Proceedings of the
y, 1897."
11-12.

s to the discovery and
y Charles Levi Wood-

and Game Protection Soci-
e Historical Society, Con-

pp. 4-7.

ZERI.

Giovanni e Sebastiano Caboto. notizia di Augusto
Zeri.—Roma, 1881. II.

pp. 11. map. 8vo.

"Estratto dalla *Rivista Marittima*," March 1881.

ZURLA.

Di Marco Polo e degli altri viaggiatori Veneziani.
più illustri dissertazioni del P. Ab. D. Placido Zurla.
—Venezia, 1818-1819. II.

2 vols. 4 maps. 4to.

For the Cabots, see ii. 274-286.

Gives a plotting of Cabot's voyage, extending down the eastern
seaboard of the United States.

