

THRILLING STORY OF HARDSHIP IN DELIVERING NORTHERN MAIL

Two Young Brothers Reach Fort Vermilion After a Terrible Trip.

FEET OF DOGS FREEZE AND TRAVEL IS IMPEDED

Older Brother Saves Life of Younger when both are Badly Frozen.

Bulletin Special. Peace River Crossing, Feb. 17.—Through the freezing of the feet of the dogs in the mail for Fort Vermilion on January 22, the delivery of mail to its destination was delayed nearly two weeks and the lives of the two young men, brothers of 17 and 20 years of age, who had charge, gravely imperiled. With the arrival here last night of the mail from Fort Vermilion, the story of the hardships suffered by the two boys on the trip to the far northern post and the life of the younger was saved by the elder, became known.

The mail left here on January 2nd in charge of the two brothers. They were equipped with a good dog team and carried 800 pounds of mail. When about 100 miles out they were overtaken by the severe cold weather of January. After passing the Battle river the cold became so intense that the dogs' feet began to freeze and travel became slow. Dog food and provisions were running short, so that when fully 30 miles from their next supply cache the young men were entirely out of provisions. The younger of the two brothers volunteered to strike ahead, get the provisions, and return to meet the outfit. This he did. He made the cache all right, but on the return journey, not meeting his brother as soon as he had expected, he was compelled to camp out at night.

Hands and Feet Frozen. Having no axe or blanket with him his hands and feet were badly frozen. He managed to start a fire with what small sticks he could break over his knee. Putting in the night, however, as the weather had cleared, he struck out next morning and travelled until he met his brother with the mail. The younger brother's feet became so painful that the elder was compelled to unload four sacks of mail and place him on the dog sled. This he did, notwithstanding the fact that his own feet and hands had been badly frozen. On the 23rd of the month, after being 21 days on the trip, the brothers reached Vermilion.

Father Takes Return Trip. The father of the two boys who is the regular courier, started on the return trip to this place with another son on February 1st, and arrived here last night, sixteen days overdue with only two dogs left of his train, the others having dropped by the way. They had no food for the dogs or themselves for two days before reaching this place.

The courier reports that when within 15 miles of this place they had come across evidence of a struggle to the death between a pack of wolves and a bear in his winter quarters on the bank of the river and succeeded in getting him out of his den and on to the ice. From the amount of blood stains and the fur lying around it was evident that brute had put a good fight before being killed.

THE RICH MAN'S BURDEN.

"Most Millionaire's Wives Not Happy," Says Carnegie.

New York, Feb. 16.—"Don't refuse a man simply because he is a millionaire," declared Mr. Carnegie. "They have too many luxuries, and have no mental resources to fall back upon. It would rather be born poor than a millionaire, and I have had some experience in both directions. I want to say that the only right a man has to wealth lies in his acquiring it by some useful labor. The great trouble with the wealth of today is that the sons of millionaires do not realize the very necessity of being of use to the community."

KING'S CLASS COACH BURNED.

Vehicle 200 Years Old Has Been Destroyed.

London, Feb. 16.—The antique glass coach belonging to the King and the barouche owned by the Queen, both of which were to have been used in the Coronation procession next June, were destroyed by a fire in the shop of the coach-builders last night. The coach was very valuable. It was the so-called Acorn coach, and was 200 years old. It was made of English ash, and weighed three tons. It was at the carriage shop for the purpose of being varnished.

SAY WILL NOT RESULT IN WAR

RUSSIA'S LATEST MOVE DOES NOT MEAN CONFLICT WITH CHINA.

Washington, Feb. 16.—That war will not result from the latest move of the Russian government in the confident belief in diplomatic circles here, for it is generally understood that the Chinese are totally unprepared for such a move as Russia at this juncture. It is expected that China will appeal to the powers for fair play. At the same time it does not appear that the "open door" doctrine is involved in this affair, for presumably Russia would not attempt to curtail any right of trade in the affected provinces of Mongolia and Turkestan now enjoyed by citizens of foreign countries.

London, Feb. 16.—The Daily Telegraph's St. Petersburg correspondent, discussing the Russo-Chinese difficulty, points out that the treaty of 1851 will expire in August and that Russia is desirous of re-creating her relations of fifteen years ago. China's standing position under the treaty, she denies violation of the treaty, and, on the contrary, claims that Russia herself has violated the important secret treaty of 1856.

China is willing, continues the correspondent, to refer the matter to arbitration, and says that the United States government possesses all the facts of the subject. American diplomats, conversant with the affairs of both countries, are desirous of reconciling the parties in the present dispute, and argue that these differences would prove an excellent subject for arbitration, and that every indication of an enormous allowance for the changed conditions in China since the eighties, a change for the better, is to be expected. "The Taoson," but in the rapid growth of China's self-consciousness. The greatest curiosity is manifested in the attitude of the Japanese, who play the role which Japan will play in the present crisis, and also respecting Russia's attitude. It is thought, too, that the Russian cabinet will not go beyond a general statement.

ANNEXATION RESOLUTION TURNED DOWN BY THE HOUSE COMMITTEE

Canada and Great Britain Has Explored British Opinion on Bennett's and Clark's Moves in That They Were Both Dictated by Political Expediency.

Washington, Feb. 17.—The house committee on foreign affairs has voted 9 to 1 against the resolution of Representative Bennett, of New York, which suggested that negotiations for the annexation of Canada be opened with Great Britain.

Champ Clark's declaration that he hoped to see the day when the American flag would float over the British North American possessions, had scarcely passed when the cables brought Mr. Bennett's resolution asking the President to enter upon such negotiations with the British government as he might deem expedient for the annexation of the Dominion of Canada to the United States.

At once the dying agitation in opposition to the reciprocity agreement between Canada and the United States was revived. The Liberal press refused to take either the speech of the future speaker of the House or Mr. Bennett's resolution seriously, but a portion of the tariff reform press, which is the most influential in the House of Commons, February 21, Premier Asquith will be asked at that time if he intends to send any communication on the subject to the United States government.

METHODISTS PROPOSE TO RAISE \$1,500,000

Western Committee on Methodist Missions, Church Extension and Foreign Aid Are Extending of J. A. M. Aitken at Winnipeg to Discuss Question.

Winnipeg, Feb. 16.—The Western Committee on Methodist Missions, Church Extension and Foreign Aid are extending of J. A. M. Aitken, at Winnipeg to discuss the question of raising \$1,500,000 during the next five years for the needs of the church in the home and foreign field. He referred to the fact that the salary of the average minister is \$447 per annum, and it was necessary that this be raised and such a condition of affairs is now being looked upon as a shame and a wrong.

The C.N.R. has stated officially that the Camrose-Strathcona cut-off will be built in the spring. The company has also decided to build from Moose Jaw to a point on the Varsity-Gloucester line between Camrose and Stettler and it is quite possible that this point will be Camrose itself. The C.N.R. will also place an agent in Camrose and put on a regular service as early as possible after the spring opens. Information has been received that the C.P.R. will put a first-class through service to Winnipeg in the early summer.

MAY BE EXTRA SENATE SESSION

LEADERS IN UNITED STATES UP-REAR HOUSE NOT SANGUINE OF TARIFF MEASURE.

Washington, Feb. 16.—The Canadian reciprocity measure will be considered by the Senate committee on finance at a special session to be held on Saturday. It is not likely that the bill will be disposed of in the committee in one day, although all its members are agreed that action shall not be delayed unnecessarily.

Senators Lodge and Hoover, who are members of the committee, today assured President Taft that the bill will be returned to the Senate by Wednesday. It may be that no report either favorable or adverse will be made to the committee, but the members of the committee hold to the measure and are agreed that it should be approved.

In view of this attitude, the members of the committee feel that it would be better to submit the whole matter directly to the Senate without recommendation.

BATTLEFORD HAS BIG SALE OF TOWNSITE

Sudden Rush For Lots Has Taken Place As Result of Announcements of Construction Work by the Grand Trunk Pacific and Canadian Northern.

Battleford, Sask., February 15.—The sale of lots here by the town is brisk. Today's sales are one hundred and forty-three lots for the sum of eleven thousand five hundred dollars. Last week's sales were one thousand lots amounting to sixty-one thousand dollars, being a total for the past ten days of one thousand one hundred and seventy-two lots for the sum of seventy-two thousand five hundred dollars.

NOT CURED BY SURGERY.

New York State Parole Board Denies Reformation of Criminal.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 15.—Inconvinced that Edward E. Grimmel, a third-term convict in Clinton Prison, had been cured of his criminal tendencies by surgery, the State Parole Board has refused to parole him, although Governor White, before retiring from office, gave the board the authority by committing his sentence.

POPE IS CONVALESCING.

His Holiness Recovering From Influenza—Audience Suspended.

Rome, Feb. 16.—The pope had a slight rise in temperature this evening, but Dr. Petacci found his holiness in a satisfactory condition and expects that with a few more days of care and rest cure will be complete. He advised, however, that all audiences be suspended until next week. Influenza is quite prevalent here. Cardinal Rampoldi is suffering from a serious attack and although his temperature has not risen above 100, the condition of the cardinal is not such as to offer much resistance in consequence of his overwork and ascetic life.

HURRICANE SWEEPS THE GERMAN COASTS.

Cuxhaven, Germany, Feb. 17.—A hurricane has raged on the German coasts since last night. A number of vessels in a damaged condition have taken refuge here.

Several crafts have grounded in the Baltic sea, due to the heavy gales and enormous seas which are prevailing.

WANT OUTLET ON THE HUDSON BAY

SASKATCHEWAN GOVERNMENT PRESENTS FAR REACHING PROPOSALS TO HOUSE.

Regina, Feb. 15.—Arising out of a resolution moved by Mr. Haultain in the Legislature this afternoon urging upon the Government the advisability of taking steps to secure the water powers and coal areas of the province, one of the most memorable debates in the history of the province took place today.

Mr. Haultain's Resolution. "That in the opinion of this House, the Government should take immediate steps towards obtaining the control of the unalienated coal area and water powers in the province with a view to the ultimate establishment of provincial development and transmission of power for municipal, manufacturing and other purposes in the province, and of a cheap fuel supply under control and operation of the Government."

Following a speech by George Langley, Attorney General Turgeon, took the House completely by surprise by not only supporting the course outlined by Mr. Haultain, but by maintaining that the House should go further and ask for the entire hinterland of Saskatchewan with an outlet on the Hudson Bay, and all lands in the province which were not required for homesteading purposes.

THE WEEK'S MARKETS

Table with market prices for various goods including Hides, Dressed Hogs, and other commodities.

Weekly Trade Review.

Winnipeg, Feb. 17.—The commercial in its review of the trade situation for the week will say tomorrow: "Business in the West continues to be dependent upon the weather for large part of its support and the atmosphere has been much more favorable during the past week than at any other time during the present year. Railways are catching up with their work and with the continuance of the mild weather they expect to be in good shape within the next few days. An immense amount of freight has been stalled on sidings and the task of distributing this will be heavy enough to keep the transportation concerns actively engaged. Particular developments have been few and unimportant. A general tendency toward lower prices in some lines of produce is to be noted, and quotations on manufactured articles are generally steady. A good inquiry for staple lines is reported with an increasing desire to anticipate business for the summer season. Collections in the dry goods trade, due at the first of the month are coming in slowly, and are not available, enough is known to indicate that the totals are below those of last year. The difference is due to several causes and in none of these is there any reason for concern. The wholesale trade is satisfactory in current conditions and is optimistic over the future. Continued activity in business in Minneapolis is reported. The bonspiel has drawn its hundred and the other gatherings have helped to swell the throng."

RAISES PRICE OF CANADA'S WHEAT

THIS IS EFFECT OF TARIFF AGREEMENT SAYS MASTER OF GRANGE.

Concord, N.H., Feb. 17.—In support of his contention that the proposed reciprocity agreement will reduce the price of American wheat and increase the price of Canadian wheat, former Governor Naham J. Bacheider, master of the National Grange, Patrons of Husbandry, today issued a statement in which he compared the wheat movement in the markets of Chicago and Winnipeg as an answer to recent statement by James J. Hill.

Mr. Bacheider's statement says: "James J. Hill is not satisfied with the \$100,000,000 he has made out of the farmers of the north-west states but is seeking to increase his fortune by having his railroads haul Canadian wheat and flour to the consumers in this country. Speaking at Chicago the day before yesterday, Mr. Hill charged that the Opposition to the Canadian reciprocity scheme was dictated by demagogues and was centered on the claim that the free admission of Canadian wheat and barley would reduce the price of these products in this country. That such would be the effect, he declared, is not merely improbable, but ridiculous and impossible."

Mr. Bacheider declares that there has been a "fall of about eight cents per bushel in the price of wheat since the reciprocity bill was introduced in Congress," and continues: "The mere expectation of reciprocity depresses our wheat prices, what would be the result of the enactment of the pending bill?"

"While the price of our wheat has fallen in Winnipeg, has not fallen to the same extent owing to the expectations of the Canadian wheat growers for a better market in this country. Before the reciprocity bill was introduced wheat was higher in Chicago than in Winnipeg, but yesterday was 2.4 cents higher in Winnipeg than in Chicago. Does not this furnish the clearest possible proof that reciprocity will reduce the price of our wheat and increase the price of Canadian wheat?"

J. A. D. McCurdy to THYAGAN. Havana, Feb. 15.—Aviator J. A. D. McCurdy has shipped the aeroplane in which he flew from Havana west to within ten miles of Havana back to the latter city in preparation for another attempt to fly across the Florida Straits within ten days.

Advertisement for 'enjoying ryd's' chocolates and candy.

Advertisement for 'THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE' product.

Advertisement for 'BEWARE OF IMITATIONS SOLD ON THE MERITS OF MINKARD'S LINTMENT'.

Advertisement for 'City Press Shop'.

Advertisement for 'BOB, Proprietor, Hotel Block (Corner Namayo)'.

Advertisement for 'N'S DOLLAR SPECIALS' including Corn Syrup, Beans, etc.

Advertisement for 'WILSON'S' products.

Advertisement for 'AD THIS' and 'HAND BAGS'.

Advertisement for '50c' and 'H. GRAYDON'.

Advertisement for 'H. GRAYDON' pharmacy.

GENERAL DEMAND FOR RECIPROCIITY

ALL CANADA WAS ASKING FOR TARIFF AGREEMENT SAYS HUGH GUTHRIE.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—Interest in the reciprocity debate was somewhat heightened today by the assertion of Champ Clark at Washington, that the agreement would lead to annexation of Canada.

Does the Prime Minister place the matter officially in his hands? asked Coill Hughes. "If so I will proceed to Washington at once."

Mr. Middleboro (Cons.), North Grey also pressed the same question, but Sir Wilfrid said that he had already made his reply.

The debate was confined to Martin Burrell, Yale-Cariboo, who commenced his speech last night, and Hugh Guthrie, Wellington, who presented a long and carefully prepared argument in favor of the agreement.

It is understood that the debate will not be resumed until Tuesday next. Tomorrow the Government bill will be considered in the House.

Mr. Borden had practically proposed that the question of the tariff should be placed in the hands of a permanent tariff commission.

Mr. Guthrie quoted from a recent interview with Hon. Robert Rogers of Manitoba, in which he said that it was his intention to propose that the tariff should be placed in the hands of a permanent tariff commission.

Mr. Burrell moved that the committee should rise and report progress until the responsible ministers returned to the chamber.

Mr. Burrell moved accordingly. During the desultory discussion which ensued, Mr. Peterson was sent for and when he entered the chamber, Mr. Burrell did not press his motion.

MILLET IN CENTRE OF A RICH COUNTRY

Thriving Village on the Calgary and Edmonton Line is Making Progress in Lumber Industry Calls for a Big Expenditure of Money.

Bulletin Staff Correspondence. Millet, Feb. 13.—Thirty miles south of Strathcona, on the Calgary and Edmonton line of the C.P.R., is Millet, an incorporated village with a growing trade from the products of the agriculturalists who engage in mixed farming and from the products of the saw mills in the Pigeon Lake district.

The North-West Lumber Company, which has a mill at Pigeon Lake, has 26 teams hauling steady. They will mean a new roll of \$300 per day for teaming during two or three months. They employ about 125 men and loading and sawing camps. They run a double shift and cut an output of 35,000 feet per day.

These two companies export about 10,000,000 feet of lumber from Millet, which is 25 miles west of town. This will mean a new roll of \$300 per day for teaming during two or three months. They employ about 125 men and loading and sawing camps.

Mr. R. J. Ferguson is manager, and has a staff of 100 men. The road hauling lumber from the mill, which is 25 miles west of town, will mean a new roll of \$300 per day for teaming during two or three months.

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BOTH TAFT AND CLARK FAVOR RECIPROCIITY

Striving Addresses Delivered at Pan American Commercial Conference by President and the New Speaker of Congress—Latter is Behind President.

Washington, Feb. 13.—Reciprocity with Canada, reciprocity with all countries of North and South America and reciprocity in fact, with all nations was advocated by both President Taft and Speaker-to-be Champ Clark in stirring addresses at the opening session of the Pan American commercial conference today.

Speeches favoring closer commercial union with North and South America, with frequent reference to the future influence of the Panama canal, were made by Secretary of State Mr. Knox, James T. Farrell, president of the United States Steel corporation, Senator Calvo, the Costa Rican minister to the United States, Senor Calvo, the Bolivian minister to the United States, and Senor Casassa, formerly the Mexican ambassador to the United States.

Mr. Guthrie retorted that there was nothing in the agreement which would allow the United States to take the natural resources of the country by grafters, grabbers, business men and millionaires. It was a deliberate misrepresentation and he defied any one in the House to state that the agreement gave the American a chance to get at the natural resources.

Mr. Sprout accepted the challenge and asked why it was then that Mr. Taft declared that this agreement saved the United States an opportunity to take the natural resources of the country by grafters, grabbers, business men and millionaires.

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Mr. Guthrie quoted from a recent interview with Hon. Robert Rogers of Manitoba, in which he said that it was his intention to propose that the tariff should be placed in the hands of a permanent tariff commission.

Mr. Burrell moved that the committee should rise and report progress until the responsible ministers returned to the chamber.

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THE MANUFACTURERS OPPOSE RECIPROCIITY

Be Forwarded to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. W. S. Fielding—Different Bodies in the U.S. Approve of Agreement.

Toronto, Feb. 13.—The Canadian Manufacturers' Association has held a series of meetings at which the proposed reciprocity has been discussed. A resolution condemning the proposed reciprocity agreement was adopted by the association.

Mr. Guthrie said it would be illogical to argue that the higher tariff for the farmer would not mean more increase in the cost of living in cities and towns. There would be no immediate big jump in values, but they would gradually increase through contributing to national prosperity and the welfare of all classes of the community.

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WILLIAM D. GRAHAM

37 Howard Avenue, Phone 1972, Edmonton.

Having purchased the old established business formerly controlled by Mills & Manuel, dealers in Farm Machinery, I am now in a position to offer you the following well-known lines at Standard prices, namely:

DEERING HARVESTING & SEEDING MACHINES, GAS TRACTORS, PLOWS, DISCS, ROLLERS, MOWER MACHINES, AND THRESHING, MOLINE PLOW CO'S GOODS, CARRIAGES, SLEIGHS AND IMPLEMENTS.

NEW GRAM ACT DISCUSSED. Sir Richard Cartwright Explains the Proposed New Legislation in the Senate.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—In the Senate, the second reading of the bill providing for the importation of grain from five to twenty thousand dollars and of implementation up to two years. The commission would report to parliament annually and may recommend any changes which they deem desirable.

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PRAIRIE PROVINCES PAY HIGHEST WAGES

For Farm Help, Both Male and Female—Prices and Wages in Canada During 1910 Made Good Record According to Statistics Secured by Department at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Feb. 13.—The Census Monthly for January says that values and wages in Canada made a good record for 1910. The total value of live stock on the farms is \$52,758,000. The total value of horses is \$13,370,000 more than in 1909.

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TARIFF DEBATE DRAGS SLOWLY

LONG SPEECHES WERE YESTERDAY, ONLY THIRTEEN SPEAKERS HEARD.

Ottawa, Feb. 16.—The debate on the reciprocity bill in the Commons today with attendance of the members was again the longest being delivered, by Lennox, South Simcoe, and floor till six o'clock. The provinces were heard from first time at the evening sitting.

Mr. Warburton said that the reciprocity bill was a measure which would be beneficial to the Dominion. He said that the bill was a measure which would be beneficial to the Dominion.

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U.S. TO COPY LABOR LAWS OF DOMINION

The State of Minnesota Follows the Model of Canadian Legislation Dealing With Strikes and Disagreements Between Employers and Employees.

Minneapolis, Feb. 13.—The Canadian system of labor legislation dealing with strikes and disagreements between employers and employees will be copied by the state of Minnesota in a bill to be introduced in the House tomorrow.

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SHOT WOMAN; SAVED BABY.

Then Oregon Man Returned to Home and Committed Suicide.

Enterprise, Or., Feb. 15.—The coroner's jury met yesterday to investigate the death of Will Windsor, who committed suicide here after he had killed his wife, his sister-in-law, Mrs. Fred Rinehart, and had given his baby into the charge of neighbors.

After killing the two women, Windsor wrapped his baby carefully in blankets and took it to the home of George Richards, "his mother," he said to Windsor, "his mother is dead. Give the child to my people when they come. I quarrelled with my wife and kill her. Mrs. Rinehart buried in and I had to kill her. Now I'm going back and finish myself."

Richards attempted to stop the man, but Windsor threatened to add another victim to his list if detained.

When the man returned to the Rinehart home, where he and his wife resided, crawled on a couch by the side of her body and sent a bullet into his brain.

When the officers arrived they found the bodies of the women neatly covered with blankets. Mrs. Windsor had been shot through the forehead and Mrs. Rinehart through the mouth.

Schooner Lost in Storm. Boston, Feb. 15.—Unreported for two weeks, the Gloucester fishing schooner Ella, owned by the late J. B. Weeks of Island, Boston, three weeks ago today, is believed to have been lost in a storm off Cape Cod during last week's storm.

Prince of Wales and His Brother Arrive in Naval Training College. London, Feb. 13.—It was officially announced today that the Prince of Wales and his brother, Prince Albert, are suffering with German measles at the naval training college at Dartmouth. Up to the present time it has been insisted that the young prince was suffering simply from colds and the belated admission is regarded as ominous, because of the fact that the measles are epidemic at Dartmouth and two deaths have already occurred.

Mylius Withdraws Appeal. London, Feb. 13.—Edward E. Mylius, a prominent Canadian lawyer, today withdrew the appeal which he had filed in the case of the Canadian government's appeal against the conviction of a Canadian citizen in an extraordinary case to shut up the British.

Mr. Lennox Continues Debate. Ottawa, Feb. 16.—Mr. Lennox continued his debate on the reciprocity bill in the Commons today. He said that the bill was a measure which would be beneficial to the Dominion.

TARIFF DEBATE DRAGS SLOWLY ON

LONG SPEECHES WERE MADE YESTERDAY, ONLY THREE SPEAKERS HEARD.

Ottawa, Feb. 16.—The debate on the reciprocity agreement dragged on in the Commons today with a slim attendance of the members. Long speeches were again the rule, only three being delivered. Houghton, South Simcoe, held the floor till six o'clock. The Maritime provinces were heard from for the first time at the evening sitting when Edward Island spoke for a couple of hours and the remaining time was occupied by J. E. Armstrong, East Lambton.

There was no wealth of material added to the debate. The main object of the reciprocity agreement was to be the division of the quantity of wheat from present channels into two years, a would result in a 25 per cent. increase in the price of wheat which would mean a 25 per cent. increase in the price of flour.

Mr. Warburton said it would be a fine thing for the provinces down by the sea and for the Dominion as a whole. He expressed the hope that the British preference would be increased to fifty per cent. and asserted that the reciprocity agreement was a cry of "woe."

Mr. Lennox continued the debate. Ottawa, Feb. 16.—Mr. Sharp asked Mr. Fleming if, at the recent conference at Washington, any understanding was reached that the Canadian tariff articles not specifically mentioned in the treaty would not be increased. Mr. Fleming replied: "There is no understanding in the correspondence and the schedules already ready before the House."

Continuing the debate on the reciprocity agreement, Houghton (Cops.) South Simcoe, said that it could not be stated with truth that no interests had been sacrificed in the light of the concessions made to the Government by the fruit growers. He believed that the future prospects of the fruit growers in British Columbia would be completely obliterated if the agreement went into effect.

Mr. Lennox did not believe that there was any reason to believe that the price of wheat would be increased in Liverpool, that there would be any substantial increase in the price for the farmer. However, it would be a benefit to the market for American wheat.

CHAMP CLARK IN HUMOROUS MOOD

SEMI-JOCULAR REMARKS MISCONSTRUED BY SOME IN ENGLAND AND CANADA.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The semi-jocular remarks of Champ Clark, the Democratic speaker-to-be, made in the House yesterday during the debate on the Canadian reciprocity agreement to the effect that he believed that the stars and stripes would one day float over the entire Western hemisphere stirred up most unexpected trouble today.

Mr. Clark's speech on reciprocity yesterday was delivered in a highly humorous, half-taunting vein. The House was in laughter most of the time in return for the laughs which he was creating and their expense some of the Republicans tried to turn the tables on Mr. Clark by chiding him with the fact that he might have been an opponent for the Democratic nomination.

There was a further touch of facetiousness as the debate proceeded. The speaker asked Mr. Clark if he would like to be the first President of the magnificent union he was creating and he replied that he certainly would.

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NOTED PHYSICIAN DEAD

Dr. Janeway, of New York, Had Many Famous Cases in His Time.

New York, Feb. 16.—Dr. Edward Gamaliel Janeway, credited in his three hundred pounds of dynamite with having saved the life of Rudyard Kipling, when Kipling had pneumonia in New York in 1899, died at his home near Summit, N.Y., yesterday in his seventieth year.

As a physician in New York he had a long career, devoted as much to public good and charity as to his private practice. Hundreds of tubercular patients he treated free of charge and he had many advisory positions of a quasi-public character, including membership of the advisory committee on the cholera scare here in 1892.

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HOT DEBATE IN ONTARIO HOUSE

WHITNEY GOVERNMENT CENSURED FOR INTERFERING IN FEDERAL HOUSE.

Toronto, Feb. 15.—The debate on the budget in the Ontario legislature was concluded this afternoon with vigorous addresses from the two leaders of the House, and the first division of the session taken on an amendment proposed by Mr. MacKay, resulted in a vote of 20 to 16 in favor of the Government.

The Hon. A. G. MacKay, leader of the Opposition, spoke for nearly two hours, and devoted about an hour of his speech to reciprocity. He said the statements that trade favored the positions in New York hospitals and was a member of the leading medical societies. He thought the legislature should not be taken seriously, and as a matter of fact, was a fallacy.

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A BUDGET OF NEWS FROM CAPITAL CITY

Requested on Eve of Departure to Edmonton—The Typhoid Epidemic—Big Tour of Canada—Members Rejected—Dissatisfied With Court Decisions.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—On the eve of his departure for Edmonton, Lieutenant Rogers, ex-commander of the Forty-Third Regiment, claimed the honor of a banquet by his comrades in arms at the Laurentian Club last night.

All the officers of the regiment and their families, including Sir Frederick Borden, Inspector General, Col. Benson, Col. Rutherford, Col. MacKay, Col. Anderson, and the commanding officers of the other city regiments, were present.

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KILLED BY EXPLOSION

Three Hundred Pounds of Dynamite While Blasting Out Blow House to Pieces.

Calgary, Feb. 16.—A veritable avalanche of dynamite exploded at the Beaver mine at 3.30 this morning. The blowing-out house where the explosion occurred was demolished, not a vestige remaining on the spot, and windows in nearby buildings were smashed in.

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VETO BILL WILL OCCUPY ALL TIME

THE BRITISH HOUSE DECIDES TO CONSIDER THIS ALONE UNTIL EASTER.

London, Feb. 16.—In the House of Commons today, after a nine-hour debate, Premier Asquith's motion appointing the whole time of the House until Easter to the veto bill in order to get it through before the coronation was carried under closure 156 to 118.

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WOMAN RECEIVES LESSON

Several Hours in Prison and Fined \$200 For Smuggling.

New York, Feb. 15.—As an example to women who have no qualms against smuggling, Judge Martin, in the criminal branch of the United States District Court, today sentenced Mrs. Roberta G. Hill, to the penitentiary for three months and fined her \$200.

OXFORD GRANT CHARGES

Woodstock, Feb. 14.—The crown is not ready to proceed against M. T. Buchanan, J. Young, B. B. McCarty and James Vance on the charges laid in connection with Oxford grant enquiry.

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TOO MUCH GEN PLAY IN N. Y.

Many Homicides by Shooting and Assault.

New York, Feb. 15.—"Pistol toting" popularly supposed to reach its fiercest flower in Kentucky, is one of the greatest menaces to the peace of New York today.

PARACHUTES FOR AIRMEN NOW

Test With Aeroplane Thrown From Eiffel Tower Proves Devise.

Paris, February 15.—A successful test was made today of a parachute for an aeroplane.

HAMILTON LADIES GET MONEY

Stamford, Feb. 15.—Wm. P. Mallory died here last week.

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WATER Famine THREATENED

Toronto Faces Serious Situation—Ice Piling on Intake Pipe.

Toronto, Feb. 16.—Toronto is threatened with a water famine.

CONSPIRACY TO RUIN LEAGUE SECRETARY

Rev. F. W. Patterson Makes Charge That Hotelmen of Calgary Attempted to Ruin Reputation of Rev. G. W. Fortune, of Temperance and Moral Reform League.

Calgary, Feb. 15.—In fighting the liquor dealers we have to deal with an utterly unscrupulous class.

MAN HELD UP

Robbery Occurred in East End of City.

Edmonton, Feb. 15.—A man was held up in the east end of the city.

SMUGGLER OF CHINAMEN

Windsor Man is Arrested in Chicago—A Reported Confession.

Detroit, Feb. 15.—A special despatch from Chicago tonight to the local police authorities announced the capture in that city by the United States Federal officers of Harry Latoro, of Windsor, on charges in connection with the wholesale smuggling of Chinese across the border at this point.

STARVED TO DEATH IN WELL

Graytown, Sask., Feb. 17.—Body of a woman who had been missing for some time was found in an old well north of here and there is every indication that she had starved to death through being unable to pull herself out.

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SEMI-WEEKLY. Published every Monday and Thursday by the Bulletin Company, Ltd., at the office, Bulletin Bldg., 215 Jasper Ave., East.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1911.

SHACKLE THE FARMER.

The Toronto News, which seems to have essayed the role of chief argument provider for those who oppose the reciprocity agreement, takes the position that the free admission of Canadian farm products to the United States must tend to increase the cost of these products to the consumer.

This of course contradicts the other notion put forward that no credit is coming to the Canadian Government for the removal of the duties against our farm products, because the United States would have been true to the former cannot be. If the decision of the United States to remove the duties was brought about solely by the force of economic conditions in that country, and was to no degree affected by the willingness of the Canadian Government to negotiate an agreement, then the Canadian Government is not to be blamed because the duties are to be removed.

If these papers mean anything by the argument that the Canadian Government is blameworthy, what they must mean is that Canadian farm products should be sold at home or in the Old Land, and nowhere else. They would bring this about they have yet to explain, as it rests with the United States Government to say at any time at what rates such products may be shipped into the Republic, and whether any duty shall be charged on them, and therefore to say whether such products shall or shall not be sold in that country.

Most protectionists even will recall from this extreme measure. Much as they might dislike to see the Canadian farmer selling products in the United States they would not be prepared to say by law that he should not do so, or to impose an export duty to prevent him doing so.

AN APPEAL. The dismay into which the high tariff people have been thrown by the reciprocity agreement was well illustrated by the Montreal Star, which on Saturday, February 4th, devoted its front page to an appeal to Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

EDMONTON BULLETIN MONDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1911.

quence to the community would be of the same kind and in pretty nearly the same degree as if he were prevented selling there by an export duty. Matters not how the prevention is brought about, by means direct or indirect, so long as there is prevention of the farmer and all who are dependent upon him suffer. For proof of that we have only to look at the limited amount of his products the Canadian farmer has been heretofore able to sell in the United States, compared with the large amount the protectionists will be able to sell there under free trade.

THE "MARKET." The market situation seems now to have worked itself into a condition that is unanimously unsatisfactory. That the farmers are not satisfied is clear enough from the incipient riots at the market square, from the remarks of the police court, and from the declaration of the chairman of the market committee of the council that the farmers are being "legislated out of the city."

On the principle that when a thing has got about as bad as it can get it can only begin to get better, we seem to have reached a condition where the market question and make Edmonton that it should be the market town and retail centre for the splendid farming country which surrounds it. For it should be borne in mind that a market is not only a place where the farmer and the townsmen meet to buy and sell. It is also the one place where the farmer can provide for drawing to itself the interests of the immediately neighboring country and for securing the trade of the farmers for our retail stores.

The only redeeming feature of the present arrangement is that the city gets \$2020 rental for the market privilege for the year. But if we set this rental at the cost of keeping the farmers out of town we are paying far more than the money is worth. The cost of farm products in Edmonton is and has for years, been ridiculously high. In a city situated on a great market of equal size, far from an export market of any kind, in the midst of one of the best mixed farming districts of the continent, it is not too much to say that it costs the Edmonton house-holder twice what it should cost him for butter, eggs, poultry, vegetables and other farm products during a great part of the year. If for no other reason than that of making living for the house-holder more nearly what it should be, the aim surely ought to be to encourage the farmers to produce these kinds of produce and sell them in Edmonton.

DESPERATE AND DESPICABLE. It turns out that Mr. Champ Clark's language regarding reciprocity and annexation was used in a jocular mood, that it was so understood and treated by the House of Representatives, and that Washington was surprised—and no doubt amused—to learn that it had been spread before the newspaper readers of Canada and Great Britain as a serious statement of the views and aims of the Democratic leader.

through which telegraphic news is supplied to the papers of Canada and to a large number of the tariff papers of the Old Land. To the representatives of Canadian and British protectionist papers in the press gallery at Washington is due without doubt the infamous discredit of having used successfully one of the cheapest and most despicable artifices open to a reporter—that of representing a humorous remark as a serious statement for the purpose of prejudicing the public against the speaker or the cause with which he is associated.

MEANS OF THE KIND ARE OF COURSE only resorted to by desperate men and papers, and by those whose desperation has made also willing to become disreputable. If there remains any rule of decency, honesty, or fairness, which protectionist papers are not prepared to trample under foot in hope of defeating the cause of commercial liberty they would do well to state it without further delay.

DISTRICT NEWS

BAWIF. The Presbyterians have secured the use of the Lutheran church for services on Monday evening, Feb. 20th. A number of Bawif people spent an hour on Monday night at the Chinese New Year's Day. D. Oberger has returned from an extended visit to South Dakota.

NAKAMON. On Monday, February 6th, at the home of W. D. Hambling, general merchant, at the Lake, was the scene of a very pretty wedding, when N. Davenport Kerrison, eldest son of the post master of Lac La Nonne, was united in holy wedlock to Mabel, eldest daughter of W. Cook, of Luton, Eng., England. Miss Mabel was given away by W. D. Hambling. The bridesmaids were Miss Florence Farran and Miss L. Hambling. The best man was F. Hales. At 2:30 o'clock the bride and groom, with their bridesmaids, paraded to the inspiring Mendelssohn's Wedding March, which was played by Roy L. Morrison.

LAC LA NONNE. On Monday, February 6th, at the home of W. D. Hambling, general merchant, at the Lake, was the scene of a very pretty wedding, when N. Davenport Kerrison, eldest son of the post master of Lac La Nonne, was united in holy wedlock to Mabel, eldest daughter of W. Cook, of Luton, Eng., England.

RED DEER. Jas. Bower, president of the U.F.A. Bulletin News Service.

The Royal Trust Co. Capital fully paid up \$1,000,000 Reserve fund \$1,000,000. Directors: Sir H. Montagu Allan, R. B. Angus, A. Baumgarten, E. B. Greenhalgh, C. M. Hays, C. R. Hooper, H. V. Meredith, David Morris, Sir W. G. MacDonald, Hon. R. Mackay, J. Macdonald, J. Macdonald, J. Macdonald, J. Macdonald.

THE EDMONTON DISTRIBUTING CO. LIMITED. Manufacturers' Agents representing The Manitoba Bridge and Iron Works. Grain Elevator Machinery—Write for Catalogue. Structural and Bridge Steel, Wrought Iron Castings.

Edmonton Sawmill Manufactory. Manufacturers of Sawmill. The best that money can buy. Always in stock. Saws hammered and gummed, and all sawmill repairs.

Nichols Bros. 103 Syndicate Avenue. Phone 2312. Edmonton. National Trust Company, Ltd. MONEY TO LOAN. On improved farm property at lowest current rates. Low Expense and no delay. A. M. Stewart, Branch Manager.

LOANS Interest 8% Exceeding 10%. ON IMPROVED FARMS. Advantageous Terms. No commission; Lowest expenses; prompt attention. CREDIT FONCIER, F. C. Edmonton. Corner Jasper and Third St. G. H. GOWAN, Local Manager.

THE VALLEY LUMBER CO., of which Frank Petepher is president, has opened an office on Ross street, owing to the rapid rate at which their business is growing. They have received a large tie contract for the Canadian Northern Railway, which has to be delivered this winter on their line west of here, and they have contracts for bridge timber from the A. C. Railway which will keep them going for some months.

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PROPOSALS WERE SATISFIED at six o'clock Dr. Cash said the proposals submitted by the Western farmers and the Government were satisfactory. The proposal involved the appointment of a supervising engineer to discuss the question of the best course to pursue.

TOPIC DISCUSS WAS ELEVATED. MOST OF SESSION AT YESTERDAY TAKEN UP WITH THIS QUESTION. Ottawa, Feb. 19.—The spent practically the whole sitting discussing a resolution by Dr. Schaffner, Conservative, calling upon the Government for Government ownership of terminal elevators and transfer elevators between ports and the Atlantic coast.

DR. SCHAFNER'S SPEECH with the object of showing the necessity of Government ownership of terminal elevators and transfer elevators between ports and the Atlantic coast.

DR. SCHAFNER THEN MADE a deal in detail with the editorial staff of the Bulletin. He said absolutely no doubt that the ownership of terminal elevators for farmers was a question of the terminal and transfer elevators between ports and the Atlantic coast.

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TOPIC DISCUSSED WAS ELEVATORS

MOST OF SESSION AT OTTAWA YESTERDAY TAKEN UP WITH THIS QUESTION.

Ottawa, Feb. 19.—The Commons... spent practically the whole of today's sitting discussing a resolution moved by Dr. Schaffner, Conservative, Souris, calling upon the Government to go in for Government ownership and control of terminal elevators at Port Arthur and Port William as well as to transfer elevators between those lake ports and the Atlantic seaboard. It was the second time this session this question had been the subject of a full debate as Mr. Martin, Regina, some time ago, invited a discussion on a motion calling upon the Government to take steps to prevent admixture of grain in terminal elevators. Dr. Schaffner shortly after the House met, moved: "That in the opinion of this House, the present system of operating terminals and transfer elevators is detrimental to the interests of the Western grain producers and that the Government should take immediate steps to operate terminal elevators at Port Arthur and Port Arthur and transfer elevators between those terminals and the Atlantic seaboard."

Dr. Schaffner first reviewed the history of the elevator question in the West with the object of showing that if the farmers of these provinces are not at the present time a unit on the question of Government ownership of the line or interior elevators they are agreed as to the necessity of the Government taking over the control of the terminal and transfer elevators. In the past not much stock had been taken in farmers' movements because of their lack of stability, but these days are over. This was illustrated by a delegation of 800 Western farmers who came to Ottawa in December and not with money of James J. Hill, either, and made the Commons chamber ring with enthusiasm. Some people were inclined to say that the farmers asked for too much. Have not the railways and other corporations often asked for too much at Ottawa? One thing was certain, if the farmers had asked too much, they would all be ready to the end to accept what is best for the country. Elevators at Lakes. Dr. Schaffner then proceeded to deal in detail with the operation of the terminal elevators at Port Arthur and Port William. He said there was absolutely no doubt that the stealing of wheat had been going on at the terminal elevators for years. The farmers were convinced as to this. There was also mixing and manipulation. It would surprise most people to learn that the Government maintains a staff of ninety-five men at Port Arthur and Port William to watch this stealing of grain going on. The elevators likewise keep their staffs and the wheat is superior to the wheat. He entered into the details of fines imposed on owners of terminal elevators and how the Government is a simple carrier of grain with no interest in the matter. He believed that no bill could be introduced in parliament and no regulation devised which would prevent stealing and mixing of grain in terminal elevators and that the Government should have power to acquire and operate elevators. The Government was fully convinced, however, of the importance of the question. Mr. Roche, Marquette, argued that as the Government already owned the elevators at Port Arthur and Port William, it should be no reason why the Government should not also own the elevators at Port Arthur and Port William. At ten thirty, Dr. Neely's amendment was adopted on a vote of 96 to 54.

Hon. P. Broder introduced a bill to compel all passenger vessels on the Great Lakes to be equipped with wireless telegraph. The bill applies to all vessels carrying more than fifty passengers except those carrying military personnel. It is a simple matter to equip a vessel with a few wireless telegraph sets. These vessels on the Great Lakes are a danger to life and property. Before the House rose, the third reading was given to the Verulle bill providing for an eight hour day for workmen in Government buildings.

CLUE TO GRAVE ROBBER. Arrests at Erie, Pa., Promised for Today. Erie, Pa., Jan. 16.—Two arrests will be made today as the result of detectives made yesterday by private detectives investigating the disappearance of the Scott mausoleum. While they found the casket containing the body of Mrs. McCullum, the detectives also found in the innermost recesses of the crypt where the casket had been placed a coat, a pickaxe, a jack knife and a can opener. The proprietorship of these articles will form the basis for the arrests.

MUST CHANGE THE CLOCKS. France Orders all Time Pieces Set Forward Twenty-One Seconds. Paris, Feb. 15.—The senate has passed a bill modifying the legal time in France and Algeria, which now is nine minutes, 21 seconds slower than that in use in Western Europe. This action is to be taken so as to bring France within the same time section as England, Belgium, Holland and Spain. All French clocks, therefore, will be set forward as soon as arrangements can be made to put the new time into effect.

Steamer Cathneshire Ashore. New York, Feb. 14.—The steamer Cathneshire, owned by the British Wireless, had the sighted the British barque Cathneshire ashore on a reef on Walling Island in the West Indies. The United States steamship Birmingham, it was added, was taking off the crew. The Birmingham Wireless referred to is presumed to be the coast cruiser Birmingham. The Cathneshire left Wilmington, N.C., on January 17 for Port Arthur, Texas, and Melbourne, Australia.

WEDGES OF FREE TRADE

The agreement was this wedges of full free trade between the two countries, which meant a circle from the frozen seas of the North to Rio de Janeiro and the rest of the world. It should be free trade unimpeded outside that circle would be the world with a tariff wall against it. Reviewing briefly the course of the recent trade negotiations with foreign countries, Mr. Foster said that in every case concession had been given by Canada without any adequate compensation from the other party to the arrangement. He charged Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his associates with the West. He said that the Government should have power to acquire and operate elevators. The Government was fully convinced, however, of the importance of the question.

Mr. Roche, Marquette, argued that as the Government already owned the elevators at Port Arthur and Port William, it should be no reason why the Government should not also own the elevators at Port Arthur and Port William. At ten thirty, Dr. Neely's amendment was adopted on a vote of 96 to 54.

Hon. P. Broder introduced a bill to compel all passenger vessels on the Great Lakes to be equipped with wireless telegraph. The bill applies to all vessels carrying more than fifty passengers except those carrying military personnel. It is a simple matter to equip a vessel with a few wireless telegraph sets. These vessels on the Great Lakes are a danger to life and property. Before the House rose, the third reading was given to the Verulle bill providing for an eight hour day for workmen in Government buildings.

CLUE TO GRAVE ROBBER. Arrests at Erie, Pa., Promised for Today. Erie, Pa., Jan. 16.—Two arrests will be made today as the result of detectives made yesterday by private detectives investigating the disappearance of the Scott mausoleum. While they found the casket containing the body of Mrs. McCullum, the detectives also found in the innermost recesses of the crypt where the casket had been placed a coat, a pickaxe, a jack knife and a can opener. The proprietorship of these articles will form the basis for the arrests.

MUST CHANGE THE CLOCKS. France Orders all Time Pieces Set Forward Twenty-One Seconds. Paris, Feb. 15.—The senate has passed a bill modifying the legal time in France and Algeria, which now is nine minutes, 21 seconds slower than that in use in Western Europe. This action is to be taken so as to bring France within the same time section as England, Belgium, Holland and Spain. All French clocks, therefore, will be set forward as soon as arrangements can be made to put the new time into effect.

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GEORGE E. FOSTER ON TARIFF AGREEMENT

The One Time Minister of Finance Strongly Attacks the Reciprocity Agreement.

Ottawa, Feb. 15.—Resuming the debate on the tariff agreement in the House on Tuesday, George E. Foster said that the most important factor in the agreement would be the effect on production and in turn on capital and labor. The United States press was silent, he pointed out, on the subject of capital being sent into Canada and the establishment of branch industries in Canada. This was in direct contrast with the tendency of the past few years. The United States covers the rich natural resources of the Dominion of Canada, he argued, "not to develop them here, but to drive them to the United States for their manufacturers." The arrangement would not be in operation for five years unless it was maintained in Canada that the Government should have power to acquire and operate elevators. The Government was fully convinced, however, of the importance of the question.

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IT IS LAST CHANCE FOR UNITED STATES

James J. Hill, Railway Magnate, Discusses Reciprocity Before the Minneapolis Club—He Reviews the Working of the Old Treaty of 1854.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 15.—Mr. Jas. J. Hill in a speech last night before the Minneapolis Publicity club, declared for Canadian reciprocity and, while admitting that he had endeavored for years to influence such a measure as is proposed at the present time, denied that he had in any way contributed to any financial campaign to procure such an agreement. Declaring that "reciprocity is statesmanship as distinguished from politics," Mr. Hill reviewed briefly the workings of the old reciprocity treaty between the United States and Canada which was in effect from 1854 to 1866 and which was ratified because of the bitterness growing out of the Civil war, and by the extravagant demands of the protectionists at that time, rather than for any economic reasons. Affects Import Federation. "Public efforts have been made from time to time to secure better trade relations with Canada," said Mr. Hill, "and in my opinion, the present movement is probably the last opportunity this country will have to successfully negotiate a trade agreement with our neighbors to the north. The reason for this is that the British and other world-wide markets for her surplus and for her needs. Without Canada, the imperial federation plan, by which Great Britain would dictate the trade and fiscal policies of her colonies, would be weakened if not rendered hopeless. As it stands, the Dominion might be forced to adopt the federal plan, but if that event, the tariff wall would be broken down, and the world would be more disintegrated to the United States than any trade arrangement now contemplated, could possibly be better to the United States or to Canada." "Canada's Best Customer." "Canada is our third best customer, and would, if properly encouraged, be our best customer. The total imports and exports between Canada and the United States in 1910 were more than \$325,000,000. Of all Canada's imports last year more than half were brought from the United States. The Canadian Year Book reports that for forty-two years the imports from the United States have been 75 per cent. With this show under our present trade and tariff restrictions, which may we not expect under the reciprocity agreement? We receive 30 per cent from Canada and sell them 70 per cent. Can you see the advantage of enlarging such a market as that which may we not expect under the reciprocity agreement? Every element of the situation argues in favor of our encouraging our Canadian trade. They have our resources. One in every six of the people born in Canada live in the United States. Our trade methods are entirely in the hands of Americans. Our connections and relations in this respect are capable of indefinite expansion. Our trade is for the present and for the future with Canada is national." The opposition in the Northwest. Mr. Hill explained, apparently is based on the clause in the agreement which places on the party who declines to give barley, oats and buckwheat. Mr. Hill then went into an elaborate explanation supported by statistics to show that the American producer of these cereals will benefit, rather than suffer, by the operation of the proposed agreement.

IS A CARNIVAL OF BLOOD. Cape Taitien, Hayti, Feb. 14.—Five new death warrants for revolutionary leaders and soldiers have been issued and signed by President Simon. General Duval, formerly of the army, at whose home a great number of his opponents were found, was said to be among the condemned men. General Membré is under arrest and it is believed will be shot within twenty-four hours. General Clement Simons is said to be dying of torture inflicted upon him to make him confess the names of others. Leaders of the revolutionary propaganda who are still at large appealed to the representatives of foreign government today to protest against the carnival of blood which is attending the quelling of the uprising.

MAIL ROUTE. FORT SASKATCHEWAN and PINE CREEK and return via Sturgeonville, Coakville and Myrtle Creek, connecting at Sturgeonville with stage to and from Redwater, Edmonton and Eastgate and at Myrtle Creek with stage to Redwater Centre. Stage leaves Fort Saskatchewan on Fridays 8 a.m., arrives Saturday 8 p.m. Passengers and light baggage carried.

FEED AND SEED GRAIN. We will be glad to name net price delivered your station, Oats, Barley or Flax. Write or wire. Entirely central and you have to ship to our care to be sold to best advantage. Careful attention given grading. Large advances and prompt adjustments. If you wish to sell on track, wire us for net offer soon as you have cars loaded.

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C. H. WEBBER. Auctioneer. Form Sale a specialty. Phone 7422. Residence, Belmont, Alberta. P.O. Address, Box 548, Edmonton.

TEACHERS WANTED. For Heatherbell School. Apply, stating experience and salary desired to W. D. Carey, Cummings P. O., Alberta.

TEACHER WANTED. For Eagle Butte school, 1320, 1st or 2nd class; duties to commence 1st April for month. Apply, stating qualifications and salary to E. H. Kodman, Greenfield, Alberta.

WANTED. —Teacher for Trifaig School No. 2123, second-class certificate required. Apply, stating salary desired to E. H. Kodman, Greenfield, Alberta.

WANTED. —Teacher for Coronation S. S. No. 740, salary \$30 per month. Duties to commence 1st April for month. Applications will be considered up to Feb. 24. Apply Alfred J. Brownson, Edmonton 1911.

\$10 REWARD. LOST—Two Poles, 1 buckskin, 1 blue roan, reward given on notifying Olson and Nelson, contractors, 67 Donald Street, Edmonton.

STRAYED. —Saw about October 15th, 1910, Bay cattle on the premises of J. J. Steer, blackish red, a sort of a brindling color, white spots on forehead, small white spot on throat, with horns on his horns in coming 2 years old, no visible brand.

WOLF WANTED

IN ANY QUANTITY AT BEST MARKET PRICES. I pay best in prices for Mink, Coon, Muskrat, Weasel, Lynx, Bear, etc. I pay, all express charges, charges on commission. I hold fur separate on request. Write for my latest price list.

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ST. JOHN MAN LEFT MILLIONS. Wilow of Lato R. D. Evans Obtains Control from Court. Boston, February 14.—The dispositions of the heirs-at-law and next of kin of the late multi-millionaire, Robert Davidson Evans, of Boston, and the United States will be taken by H. H. Pickett, of St. John, N.B., and Homer Abers, of Boston. Mr. Evans desired to perpetuate the testimony of the heirs-at-law and next of kin, in order that it may be made public in connection with the distribution of several million dollars after her death, Evans having died at Sturgeonville with stage to and from Redwater, Edmonton and Eastgate and at Myrtle Creek with stage to Redwater Centre.

