

YOU'LL BE SURE TO FIND IT IN "The MAIL and ADVOCATE"

THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE

Official Organ of The Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland.

Vol. II. No. 209.

ST. JOHN'S, NEWFOUNDLAND, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1915.

Price: 1 Cent.

VILLAGES HAVE BEEN LEVELLED---CORPSES LIE ALONG THE ROADS AND FIELDS UNBURIED

Bulgarians Crawled on to Babuna Pass in the Dead of Night and Kill Wounded Serbians—Territory Through Which Invaders Have Passed is Only a Smoking Wilderness

PARIS, Nov. 28.—A news agency despatch from Monastir, Serbia, dated Nov. 24, published here this afternoon, says:—"General Vassich, commander of the Southern Serbian Army, which was recently dislodged from the Prilep district, is now concentrated near the Greek frontier to defend Monastir. The Bulgarians crawled on to the Babuna Pass battlefield at night, and are declared to be killing many wounded with knives. From the advanced line of Serb trenches before Monastir, the General started gloomily today. Villages are burning northward, set on fire by the invaders, and all the country through which the Bulgarians have swept is a wilderness with farm houses in smoking ruins. Villages have been levelled, and corpses lie along the road and fields unburied.

Though the Babuna Pass and Prilep have been lost for the time being, the Serbs with French reinforcements are still active in the district, and are ready at the first opportunity to dash forward and recover the ground they have been driven from by superior numbers and equipment of the Bulgarians. From the foregoing it seems that the Serbs and French have effected a junction between Prilep and Monastir."

OFFICIAL

BRITISH

The Governor, Newfoundland:

LONDON, Nov. 27.—General French reports having successfully bombarded the enemy's trenches during the last four days. An enemy bombing attack on the Bethune-Labassee road was repulsed on the 22nd. A German hut encampment was successfully bombarded by twenty-three of our aeroplanes on the 2th.

Elsewhere in France and Russia, nothing special.

Italy.—Progress is continued north-west of Gorizia and Carso.

BONAR LAW.

MONTENEGRO

PARIS, Nov. 28.—The Montenegrin official statement of Nov. 25th, reports that nothing of note has transpired on the Montenegrin fronts. The enemy has confined himself to directing reconnaissance, without, however, being permitted to determine the point against which he should aim his principal movement, which he has undoubtedly been preparing for several days.

RUSSIAN.

PETROGRAD, (Official), Nov. 28.—Excepting failure of the new German attempt to retake the trenches recently lost north of Lake Seventen, calm reigned yesterday along the whole line.

The Caucasus front is without change.

ATTACKED BY AEROPLANES

LONDON, Nov. 28.—A Reuter despatch from Rotterdam says that the British steamer Balgowine, which arrived there from London, reports that she was attacked yesterday near Noord Hinder Lightship by three German aeroplanes. Machine gun and rifle fire as well as bombs, were directed against the steamer for twenty minutes.

She was not damaged.

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nov25,12i R. F. HORWOOD, Secretary.

BULGARS WILL NOT ENTER GREECE.

Copenhagen, Nov. 28.—The Berlin Lokal Anzeiger says that it learns from reliable sources that the Bulgarians have decided not to pursue the Serbs into Greek territory. This decision has been made, it is stated, in order to avoid hurting Greek feelings.

BRITISH TOO MUCH FOR TURKS

Recent Fighting in Mesopotamia Results in Victory for British Forces—Enemy Losses Ammunition Cars and Prisoners

LONDON, Nov. 28.—An official statement received here today from Constantinople confirms the British report that after the recent battle in Mesopotamia, the Turks retired. The statement follows:—

"On the Trak front on November 22nd and 23rd, north Kovo and on the Tigris, west of Koutulmada, the enemy, under protection of ten war vessels, attacked our advanced positions with new reinforcements. Our advanced troops inflicted on the enemy very considerable losses in dead, but withdrew from their main positions. The enemy attempted further to advance, but failed. Our troops made a counter-attack and captured one machine gun, two ammunition cars, and some prisoners. At the same place we captured a fourth enemy aeroplane."

Bulgars Battle For Monastir

PARIS, Nov. 28.—Serbians who occupied Brod and Krushevo, north of Monastir on Friday, entered Molava on the following day, according to a Havas despatch from Monastir, filed on Saturday.

Attacks by two divisions of Bulgarians, numbering 24,000 against 10,000 Serbs in this district have become more vigorous.

The action of the Bulgarians against Monastir is believed to have been delayed pending the arrival of reinforcements.

The wounded Serbians have been transferred to Albania from military hospitals at Monastir.

The Alleged Detention of Parcels

DEAR SIR,—I enclose herewith copies of telegrams which have passed between His Excellency the Governor and Captain Timewell in relation to alleged detention of parcels for the Regiment at Victoria Street, London. I have no doubt that the public will be glad to have Captain Timewell's assurance in connection with this matter.

Yours truly,
J. R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.

November 27, 1915.

No. 294. Telegram to Capt. Timewell (Sent 24th November)

ALLEGED parcels for Regiment accumulating in Victoria Street. Expedite despatch especially Dardanelles.

Numerous complaints non-receipt parcels. If necessary engage temporary help.

GOVERNOR.

No. 650. Code Telegram From Capt. Timewell (Received 25th Nov., 1915)

NO truth in allegations that parcels have accumulated in this office. They are all re-directed and despatched with least possible delay in accordance with my letters 23rd October and 20th Novemb.

—TIMEWELL.

OFFICIAL CASUALTY LIST

FIRST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT

NOVEMBER 29, 1915
Captain Charles Wighton, Duckworth St.; Gazetted as Captain, Oct. 17, 1915. Killed in action, Nov. 25.

107—Private William Mercer, St. John's. Died of wounds, Oct. 17.

The Following Additional Information Respecting Casualties Already Reported Has Been Received

NOVEMBER 29, 1915
345—Private William White, 207—Private James Alexander Bendell, St. John's. Previously reported dangerously ill, fever, Nov. 6. Now reported out of danger, Nov. 22.

685—Private Fred. Ernest Snow, 116 Pleasant St. Previously reported wounded, Nov. 4. Now reported at Malta, Nov. 10; gunshot wound, head; no details.

Loon Bay, N.D.B. Previously reported in error died of wounds, Oct. 17. Now reported still with unit.

1046—Private Arch. W. Bishop, Burin. Previously reported at St. David's Hospital, Malta; no particulars. Now reported Entering, severe, returning to England, Nov. 18.

JOHN R. BENNETT,
Colonial Secretary.

Big Italian Army for Balkans is Mooted

Kitchener and King Victor Emmanuel Watch Italian Shell Coriza—K. of K. Pays Tribute to Fighting Efficiency of Italian Artillery and Valour of Italian Troops

ITALIANS ANXIOUS TO HELP IN BALKANS

Serbian Army Nearing End of its Resistance—Expected Constantine Will Yield to all Allies Demands in Order to Save His Dynasty

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—A cable to the Herald, from London, this morning, says:

"Kitchener, who is now in Milan, watched the shelling of Gorizia by the Italians, on Saturday in company of King Victor Emmanuel and Genl. Cadorna, and before leaving the fighting front, he paid a moving tribute to the valor of the Italian troops and the efficiency of Italian artillery. This was read to the various divisions of the army in an Order of the Day, and was greeted with tremendous cheering for Great Britain and Kitchener.

One result of Great Britain's War Secretary's sojourn in Italy is an agreement to send a big Italian force to the Balkans, if the General War Council, soon to be held in Paris, approves of this course of action. Moreover, I am informed that the General War Council, which is composed of high military experts of the four great Allied Powers, hereafter will decide all great movements by land and sea.

General Cadorna feels, according to despatches from Rome, that his great push against the Austrians will tell effectively for the Allies in the end, but the King and General Cadorna told Kitchener that as co-ordination spelled success, they will abide by the decisions of what soon will be a Supreme General Staff.

The King of Italy agreed with Kitchener that the Franco-British forces have the Germans practically beaten on the Western front, and that the new Russian offensive foreshadowed

TO TAKE ACTION AGAINST MONTENEGRO.

London, Nov. 28.—The statement contained in the recent Montenegrin communication that the Austro-German military authorities have been preparing to inaugurate action against Montenegro, is confirmed, according to well-informed observers in Amsterdam.

ANOTHER CRISIS IN GREECE

Only a Few of the Allies Demands Are Acceptable to Greece—Optimism Has Given Place to Skepticism

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Greek situation is again disquieting. The Athens correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Co., says:—

"With reference to the new Joint Note by the Entente Ministers, optimism has given place to skepticism."

An Athens despatch to Lloyd's News says:—

"The Note demanded a reply at the earliest possible moment. The interview of Premier Skoufoudis with the King lasted an hour, after which the Cabinet Council discussed the various questions at issue for several hours, and held that only several points formulated, are acceptable to Greece. The situation, this despatch adds, is grave."

Embargo Placed On Can. Wheat

WINNIPEG, Nov. 28.—The Chairman of the Grain Commission has commandeered all Nos. 1, 2, and 3 of the northern wheat in the terminal elevators at the head of the lakes. It is understood that the order also applies all over the Dominion.

The general effect is that the Canadian wheat can be consigned only to vessels consigned to the Dominion Government, and that will stop the exportation of wheat in bond or otherwise to the United States, either by lake or rail.

"GOT MIT US" SAYS BERLIN

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—Foreign ships, with a total tonnage of 112,028, have been sunk by submarines in the Mediterranean Sea up to date, according to an official statement issued here. The report from Petrograd that the German cruiser had been sunk by an Allied submarine is denied.

A MADMAN'S ACT

NEW BRUNSWICK, U.S.A., Nov. 28. Six people were found shot to death in a farm house on a country road near here, last night. Five had been murdered, while the sixth apparently committed suicide after shooting the others."

victory in the Eastern theatre. He and General Cadorna, however, strongly impressed on Great Britain's War Secretary that the operations against the Austrians in the Irredentist Provinces were of vital importance to Italy, and when their object there is attained, armies would be sent to join the Russians and the Franco-British forces in the tremendous struggle which all military experts agree will take place in Thrace before the winter is over.

While this news is encouraging, despatches from Athens indicate that the Serbian army, which has been fighting against odds of five to one, with short munitions, is nearing the end of its resistance. This is why the Entente Powers are insisting on all concessions demanded from Greece and though despatches from Athens still are pessimistic in tone, there is an undercurrent of feeling that, despite the Kaiser's threats, King Constantine, realizing that defence of France and Great Britain will mean an end to his dynasty, will make a virtue of necessity and concede everything.

GERMANY'S ANXIETY OVER ROUMANIA MATCHED BY THE ALLIES OVER GREECE

Allies Have Found it Necessary to Send Another Note to Greek Government—They want Withdrawal of Greek Troops From Saloniki and Railway Facilities For Their Troops—Also Closing of Greek Waters Against German Submarines

FIRST SNOW FOR EIGHT YEARS IN SALONIKI

Serbs Northern Army Said to Have Crossed Into Albanian Mountains Where Fresh Supplies Are Reaching Them From the Adriatic—Russian Warships Again Reported off Bulgarian Coast—Roumania Growing more Pro-Ally Daily

LONDON, Nov. 29.—The greater portion of what remains of the Serb's Northern army is believed to have crossed into the mountains of Albania and Montenegro, where the Serbs continue, with the aid of King Nicholas' troops and the supplies which are reaching them from the Adriatic, to offer a stern resistance to the Austro-German and Bulgarian invaders. Like the Belgians, however, the Serbians hold a fringe of their country which widens as it reaches the south-western corner, which Monastir is the centre. The Bulgarians have stopped their march on that city. It is said in some despatches that, having re-occupied the part of Macedonia which is inhabited largely by their fellow nationals, the Bulgarian people and Government are disinclined to push any further west and on this point are in disagreement with their Austro-German allies, who are determined to drive not only the Serbs and Montenegrins, but the French and British troops also, out of the Balkans. While at the present time they have largely superior forces, the task may prove a difficult one. Winter has set in at an unusually early date, and the natives predict it will be severe.

Snow fell at Salonika on Saturday for the first time in eight years, which is taken as a sign that in the mountains of the peninsula there will be a very heavy fall. During the

latter part of the week almost continuous storms compelled the suspension of operations, giving the French and British time to bring up reinforcements, which are being landed at Salonika daily, and also to concentrate their positions.

The Austro-Germans have also had to divert part of their armies down the Danube to the Roumanian border, Roumania having refused the German request for the opening of the Danube throughout its entire length to enable the Germans to send supplies to Bulgaria and Turkey. Roumania insisted that armed ships must not pass Baba, which is on the Danube.

As Roumania is becoming daily more pro-Ally and the Austro-Germans having aided Bulgaria in the campaign against Serbia, which is now cleared, is called upon to protect themselves against aggression from the east.

Russian warships, including a new dreadnought, have again been seen off the Black Sea coast of Bulgaria, but there is no news of any landing or movement of troops.

In both the Eastern and Western fronts, artillery, as was the case last winter, is doing the heaviest part of the work, and it appears doubtful whether either side will attempt an offensive for the present. Italy, on the other hand, undeterred by winter, is pushing her offensive, rendering the Austrian hold on Gorizia and Roverto daily more uncertain.

The Turks have again been showing some activity on Gallipoli, and claim minor successes against the Allies; however, no big action has been fought.

German anxiety over Roumania is matched by that of the Allied Powers with regard to Greece. Last week it was believed all differences between Greece and the Allies had been surmounted, but it was found necessary to send another Note to Greece, a reply which is promised Monday. The Allies now demand not only an assurance for the safety of their troops, but adequate railway facilities for their transport and the withdrawal of Greek troops from the vicinity of Salonika, also the closing of Greek waters against German submarines.

Turks Claim Some Success

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 28.—A surprise attack by the Turks on the position of the Allied Allies near Avi Burnu on the Gallipoli Peninsula, resulted in the Turks carrying a material section of the Allied trenches there, according to an official announcement by the Turkish War Office, received here yesterday from Constantinople.

CONDITION OF ALLIES DESPERATE SAYS BERLIN

BERLIN (via wireless to Sayville Wireless Station).—Among the items given out today by the Overseas News Agency was the following:—

"The Entente Allies' situation in the Balkans is desperate. The French loss at the Krivolak line is estimated at twenty thousand dead, while their retreat is extremely difficult.

"If the occupation of Monastir by the Bulgarians becomes necessary, the Bulgarian Government will give definite promise to Greece that the occupation is only temporary, and it is caused by the most stringent military necessity."

THE PRICE OF FREEDOM

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 28.—Bulgars have taken over three thousand Serbs, and guns, engines, railways and much ammunition.

The Austrians also claim to have captured eleven thousand Serbs since the fall of Mitrovitza.

IS THIS ANOTHER WRECK?

Mr. H. W. Lemessurier had a message from Bay Bulls, Saturday, saying that on the 26th (Friday) a life-buoy was driven ashore at Bay Bulls on which were what appeared to be the letters 'A. H. F. R. I. S. Marstal'.

It looked as if the buoy had been in the water some time. It looks as if the buoy come from the Danish schr. A. H. Friis, Capt. Hansen. She left here for Oporto on Monday last, is a vessel of 96 tons and was loaded by Crosbie & Co.

Not often is a life-buoy washed off the deck of a vessel, as they are generally well secured, and some fear that it is possible the ship has come to grief, though no wreckage has been picked up, as far as we can learn.

THREE DIPHTHERIA CASES.

Since yesterday, three new cases of diphtheria were reported. A child was stricken in a house on New Gower Street, previously infected, this morning, and two others from houses on Field Street were reported yesterday. All were sent to Hospital.

Another Report Gorizia Fallen

GENEVA, Nov. 28.—Reports received here from Chlasso, on the Swiss-Italian border, says that Gorizia has fallen, the Italians having entered the town from the north.

There is no official confirmation of the reports.



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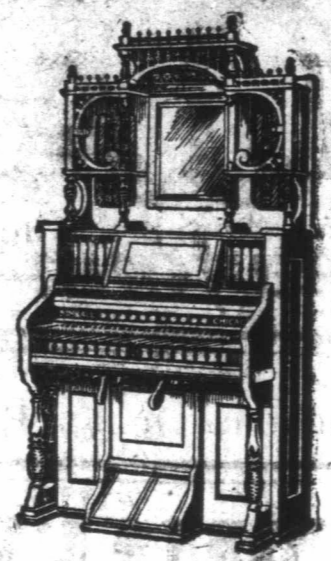
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Winter Again At the Front

Wool and Wood for Dug-Out Homes in the Trenches—Pre- paring for Cold, Wet Days in Low Countries.

GENERAL BRITISH HEADQUARTERS, Nov. 24.—It does not seem long ago since people were asking—*anxiety mingled with hope in their voice*—"Shall we have another winter campaign?" Nobody asks the question now. Here along the British front nature itself gives the answer. Winter is close upon us.

It is here, at least before midday when a white fog fills the trenches, steals down the dug-outs, and drifts densely over the fields. The pale sun gleams for a few hours, giving a fictitious sense of summer, and then when the darkness comes the mist creeps up again from marshes and woods and—*Lo!*—it is cold for any poor-beggar staring towards the German lines through a loophole in the parapet.

It is a sad thing, this passing of the summer across the fields of war, for not even the trenches that scar them, nor the barbed wire that has been planted in them, nor the dead bodies that lie out beyond the parapets could quite spoil the splendour of this natural beauty which strewed its flowers and the fruits of the earth even to the very edge of the war's black trail.

Sister Susie and Warm Garments.

And now there will be another winter campaign. To those who saw the misery of last winter in our boggy trenches it is a horrid thought. Must our men suffer all that again?—The wet mud, the ice-cold water beyond their knees in the communication trenches, the wind that lashed them like sharp whips, the ooze and slime in the dug-outs, the water-spouts through the roofs of broken barns. Yes, all that will have to be gone through again, and there are no illusions on the subject among our men. "We shall have to stick it," is the philosophy with which they face the prospect, and the words are spoken cheerily. Many of the French soldiers have already been supplied with their "small-coats"—those full skins with long hair which make them look like music-hall motorists. Our own men are beginning to think of their old sheepskins, which gave them a pastoral look, and much comfort, last winter. Not yet have our Sister Susies sent out their first batch of woolen comforters and knitted vests. Well, it is time to hurry up, because the men are beginning to sneeze.

It will not be quite so bad this year along some sections of the line. Many of the trenches in which I have been lately have nicely bricked floors, and drains to carry the water away. That will make a big difference to the comforts of the men. Forests of timber, too, have been cut into logs and put in the dug-outs and bridge over the boggy ways. The pioneer battalions have done splendid work in this way, and engineer officers have labored with enthusiasm and skill, begging, borrowing and stealing material to keep the trenches dry.

In The Low Countries.

It will be impossible to keep some of them dry. The lie of the land just empties the water into them. Even in August I waded up to the thighs in a communication trench at the bottom of a sloping field. Nor does there seem wood enough to go round. In some parts of our line officers cry out for more logs with the hungry appetite of so many Oliver Twists. The Third Army has the best of it in that respect, judging from the number of wood-cutters I saw the other day in the thick copes on the banks of the Somme. Those were sylvan scenes, of an old-fashioned type of war-fare, bivouac fires between the trees, so that at night they are filled with ruddy flickering lights and the dark figures of soldiers among painted tents by lines of tethered mules touched with the glow of burning embers.

For some time, at least, it looks as though we shall get back again to the conditions of last winter—the same old trench warfare along a stationary line, with the same old frontal attacks from the enemy, and the daily bombardment on both sides. As I said in my last despatch the enemy's plan of an autumn campaign on this front, and perhaps on other fronts, was much disorganized by our offensive last month and it seems clear that they have been severely sobered in spirit by our successful and most bloody repulse of their various counter-attacks against the positions gained and held since September 25.

For the last few days they have at-

tempted no further infantry attack upon the trenches now held by us in the Hohenzollern Redoubt. Even their artillery fire has slackened down for a time, and our guns were certainly most busy today in the direction of Fosse 3. Our trenches are within thirty yards of the enemy by the quarries and the Redoubt, "re-organized" since we captured them from the Germans, whose dead bodies lie about in dreadful groups between our old lines and the new.

GOOD FOR THE "COP"

A burly man, the picture of perfect health and strength, walked into the office of a prominent accident insurance company the other day and wanted to be insured.

"Are you engaged in any hazardous business," asked the secretary.

"Not in the least replied the applicant. "Does your business make it necessary for you to be without sleep at night?"

"No, sir."

"Would your business ever require you to be where there were excited crowds—for instance, at a riot or a fire?"

"Never, sir."

"Is your business such as to render you liable to injury from carriages or runaway horses?"

"Does your business throw you in contact with the criminal classes?"

"Good gracious! No, sir."

"I think you are eligible. What is your business?"

"I am a policeman."

"Oh, no, sir."

"Does your business throw you in contact with the criminal classes?"

"Good gracious! No, sir."

"I think you are eligible. What is your business?"

"I am a policeman."

THE PENITENT OF OF NOOVE CHAPELLE

The following poem by Lance-Corporal Joseph Lee, 4th Battalion Black Watch, has reached us from France," says the Manchester Guardian:—

As I lay in the trenches at Noove Chapelle,
Where the big guns barked like the Hounds of Hell,

Sez I to mysel', sez I to mysel':—
Billy, me boy, here's the end o' you—
But if, by good luck, ye should chance to slip thro',

Ye'll bid' all ye's evil companions adieu;
Keep the Lord's ten Commands—and Lord Kitchener's two—
Sez I to mysel'—at Noove Chapelle.

No more women, and no more wine,
No more hedgin' to get down the line,
No more higg'in' around like a swine,
After Noove Chapelle—sez I to mysel'.

But only the good God in Heaven knows
The wayward way that a soldier goes,
And He must ha' left me to walk by myself—
For three times I've fell since Noove Chapelle.

Once at Bethune and twice at Estaires,
The devil gripped hould o' me un-awares—
Yet often and often I've prayed me prayers,
Since I prayed by mysel', at Noove Chapelle.

Me throat was dry and the night was damp
And the rum was raw—and bright was the lamp—
And—Billy, me boy, ye'r a bit o' a scamp,
That's the truth to tell—theo' I sez it myself.

What's worrin' me isn't fear that they'll miss
Me out o' the ranks in the realms o' bliss;
It ain't hope o' Heaven, nor horror o' Hell,
God and mysel'—
Made at Noove Chapelle.

Well, there's always a way that is open to men
When they gets the knock-out—that's get up again;
And, sure now, auld Satan ain't yet counted ten,
I'm game for another good bout wi' myself—
As at Noove Chapelle.

Canada and War Scandals.
Stratford Beacon

The following editorial paragraph appears in The Buffalo Express, a paper that is certainly not unfriendly to Canada or to the British cause in this war: "Canada has a new war scandal. This time it relates to shells on which profits of 100 per cent have been charged. No country is ever free of grafters in time of war, but Canada has been particularly prolific in them." This makes unpleasant reading; but perhaps it will do Canadians no harm to see themselves as others see them occasionally.

J. J. St. John
To Shopkeepers:
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Baking Powder at
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ANOTHER HOUSE

RAMSACKED
A few nights since, while Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Howell were absent from their home on Cornwall Avenue, some thief or thieves entered the domicile and completely and systematically ransacked it. They got away with a silk dress and a dress of other material with a silk blouse, owned by Mrs. Howell, took a purse and \$3.00 from a pocket in the dress of Mrs. Howell (Mr. Howell's mother) which was left hanging in her bed-room, and even appropriated a 5-cent piece left on a side-board in the kitchen. The dresses were taken out a bureau in Mrs. Howell's rooms. It is believed that the offender was some person who knew the house well. The police are investigating.

OBITUARY

MRS. A. MCKENZIE.

The death occurred Saturday afternoon at the residence of her sister Patrick Street, of Mrs. Anne Vail McKenzie, widow of the late Alexander McKenzie. The deceased lady was of Scotch descent and was well and favorably known in St. John's. She was kindly and charitable in temperament and is mourned by a large circle of friends. She is survived by four daughters: Mrs. D. G. Nicholson, Mrs. R. G. Ash, and Miss Dorothy in the city, and Mrs. L. G. LeMessurier at Montreal; also two brothers: Mr. James Jardine, H. M. Customs; John Jardine, J.P. Bay Roberts, and three sisters, Mrs. W. G. Cross, Mrs. E. Colton and Mrs. E. W. Bennett, besides a number of grand children, to whom The Mail and Advocate extends sympathy.

S.S. Kyle arrived at Port aux Basques 9.30 a.m. yesterday with the following passengers—J. Pittman, A. Sampson, Miss M. Figery, Miss Mary Collier, Mrs. G. Welch, L. M. Trask, L. Dove, R. N. Merchant, J. Roper, G. Knowing.

LOCAL ITEMS

The marriage of Mr. R. W. Ritchie of Bridgeport, N.S., and Miss Muriel C. Harvey of this city takes place on Dec. 21st prox.

The regular monthly meeting of the Star of the Sea Society was held yesterday afternoon. President J. T. Martin presided. Three new members were enrolled and the Society is making excellent progress.

Mr. Jas. Jardine, Chief Examining Officer of the Customs, was taken suddenly ill Saturday, and had to go to his home. He has, however, improved much since, and his many friends hope to see him about again soon.

There were 10 new cases of diphtheria reported last week and 10 houses were fumigated and disinfected and released from quarantine. Five diphtheria patients are being treated at home and 37 are in hospital. One typhoid case is being attended to in the patient's home.

Work on the fine new offices built for the Commercial Cable Co. on Water St. is now being rushed to completion. A large number of plasters employed by Mr. D. Conroy are doing the interior, and the staff will occupy the building by the end of the year.

The Women's Sewing Association of St. Mary's, South Side, will hold teas and a jumble sale and plain work sale to-morrow evening in St. Mary's Hall. It is for the benefit of the W.P.A. and no doubt will be liberally patronized.

LOOKS GOOD ON PAPER

BERLIN, Nov. 28.—Serb prisoners in German, Austrian and Bulgarian hands now number 101,000, in the headquarters report to the War Office as announced today.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Saturday night the unfortunate man Powell, who was brought here from Halifax last week, was found in Munroe's Cove with a knife in his hand attempting to commit suicide by cutting his throat. Before he could succeed in his design men passing sprung on him and disarmed him. Yesterday forenoon he rushed madly through George's Street and entering the S. A. No. 3 Barracks there terrorized all present. Const. Mercer captured him and brought him to the police station. The man was examined by Dr. Rendell to-day, pronounced insane and will be sent to the asylum.

SHIPPING

The Durango left Halifax at 7 p.m. yesterday for this port.

The schr. Norah cleared Saturday with 2630 qtls. codfish for Figueria. She was loaded by Harvey & Co.

A message to the Fisheries Department today says that herring are plentiful at Bonne Bay and all the boats loaded.

The schr. General Laurie is loading codfish for Brazil at A. Goodridge & Sons.

The S.S. Sagona arrived at Battle Hr. yesterday forenoon, returning from Labrador. Capt. Parsons reports a stormy voyage and a full freight. She brings 19 passengers and should arrive here to-morrow.

In A British Railway Carriage.

Talkative Passenger (trying to get into conversation): "I see—er—you've lost your arm?"
Wounded Officer (rather wearily): "So I have. How careless of me!"

THE NICKEL THEATRE
PRESENTING THE FIRST CHAPTER OF
"THE GODDESS,"
The Serial Beautiful, Light, Airy, Angelic, Kindly, Mystic.
"THE PROFLIGATE."
Bryant Washburn and Ruth Stonehouse in an Essanay Drama.
"OUT OF THE PAST" A powerful two-part Vitagraph drama.
"HIS LUCKLESS LOVE" A Keystone riot.
NOTE—"The Goddess" will be shown at 8.15 and 10.15 each night.

INHABITANTS OF VOLCANO ISLAND FLEE FOR SAFETY.

PALERMO, Nov. 21, via Paris, Nov. 22.—The eruption of Stromboli volcano is assuming serious proportions and the population of the island is fleeing to places of safety. The sides of the volcano are cracking and streams of lava are flowing into the sea, raising immense columns of smoke, which are visible at a distance of forty miles.

Stromboli is the Northeasternmost of the Lipari Islands in the Mediterranean, off the North coast of Sicily. The volcano, of which the island is mainly composed, is remarkable in that it is virtually perpetually active, having been in this condition for the better part of 2,000 years.

READY TO PLEASE.

Customer—I want a quarter's worth of carbolic acid.
Dealer—This is a hardware store. But we have a fine line of ropes, revolvers and razors.

ADMITS SHE IS A GERMAN SPY

Louisa Marksfelt, 19 years old, who has been under arrest in Toronto since May 28, has admitted to the police that she is a German spy.

She refused, however to give the names of her confederates. She has been remanded to jail for a week, when it is expected application will be made for her internment.

The girl, who claims acquaintance with five or six European languages, states she was born in Alsace, came to the United States two years ago and when the war began she was living in Buffalo.

She crossed over to Niagara Falls, Ontario, and made that place her headquarters in assisting German revolutionists to cross over to Buffalo.

"It was only necessary," she is said to have told the police, "to ask in good English at Niagara Falls for two return tickets to Buffalo, and I with a companion, could reach Buffalo at any time I wished."

She is said to have paid visits during last winter to the various military camps and to have made an extensive tour of the Canadian West.

The construction of a new port on the east coast of the island of Luzon is expected to reduce the time for trips between the Pacific coast of the United States and Manila by four days.

BEAR HUNTERS

ALL the talk is now war, hosts are gathered from afar; every mother's son you meet chatters, as he walks the street, how the British or the French (under Joffree) seized a trench. Every brave young British man hopes some day to lead the van on a gory battle-ground, baffled foemen strewn around. Still, in spite of war's alarms, some must work up on their farms; wheels of commerce in their groove somehow must be made to move. Winter's coming, don't forget, the streets are getting mighty wet; you must soon begin to choose just what brand of rubber shoes you will for that season buy for your wife, your girl, your boy. Sometimes you will buy a shoe which will wear a week or two, then you find the heels and soles quickly fill with jagged holes. Some may cost \$1.10, which will wear some days, and then, in through heel and in through toe you will find the water go; coughs and colds with speed will follow—your cheeks become both pale and hollow. Here's advice we give you, friend: your rubber troubles you can end—in any part of Newfoundland you can buy the old Bear Brand. On the sole of every pair you'll find stamped the Polar Bear. The Bear means money saved to you, and likewise 'tis a stylish shoe. No more we'll say, my dear old chap, but add the proverb: "Verbum sap."—nov12,tf

Specials! Specials!

WHAT is meant by Special? Generally speaking it means goods that have been purchased below regular selling prices. Sometimes this is due to manufacturers or the representatives having an oversupply of stock on hand at a time they do not desire and which in order to dispose of quickly they make a cut downwards on their ordinary prices. We have been fortunate in securing a quantity of these SPECIAL VALUE goods and offer them at such attractive prices that we know you will take advantage of YOUR OPPORTUNITY to save money which you can use for buying other necessities or else lay aside for a rainy day.

Men's Underwear SPECIAL!

THIS Underwear is made by a well-known and reliable Canadian manufacturer. The Garments have some slight imperfections which do not in any way affect their excellent wearing qualities. Sale Price... Each **90c.**

Furs! Furs! Furs!

An Extraordinary Offer in FURS of Various Styles and Colors. **LESS THAN HALF PRICE.** A rare opportunity for the Ladies to make a big saving. SEE THEM.

Fancy WOOL SQUARES Reliable quality; good size. Fancy Reds and Greys. Reg. 90c. value. 70c Sale Price, each	BLUE SERGE Suitable for Men's and Boys' wear; 30 in. wide. Reg. 25c. value 22c Sale Price, each	Men's NEGLIGEE SHIRTS In nice Stripe effects. Reg. 80c. value. 69c Sale Price, each	Men's White Laundered COLLARS Regular 15c. value. 12c each.
Fancy Colored Jute Mats. All Fringed. 14c each.	White Shirting. A Nice Soft Finished Article, Free From Dressing. Thickens After Washing. Sale Price, 5 1/2c. Yard.	Straw Mats. In Attractive Designs. Sizes 27 x 54. Only 27c each.	

Specials in Boot Department. Youths' Box Calf Boots; sizes 10 1/2 to 13 1/2. Reg. \$1.60 value. \$1.40 Pair. Boys' Box Calf Boots; sizes 1 to 5. Regular \$2.10 value. \$1.85 Pair.	Rubber Heels. Cheaper than Leather. Women's & Girls' sizes. Pair. 12c Men's and Boys' sizes. Pair. 15c	Child's and Misses' Stocking Supporters. THE biggest 8c. and 10c. value in the market. Nickel pin to hold on makes sewing unnecessary. The full rubber button and flap loop holds the stocking securely without tearing.	Men's Fur Caps. Made from First Quality Skins. Popular Styles. Regular price would be \$2.50 to \$6.00. Sale Price, \$1.60 to \$3.50
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ROSSLEY'S EAST END THEATRE.
St. John's Leading Vaudeville, Dramatic and Picture Theatre.
2 Full Vaudeville Shows 7.30 and 9.10 p.m.
Another Great Laughable Comedy Sketch:—
"KELLEY'S HOTEL"
CARROLL and ELLOR, in their Farewell Week, have kept the Best for the last.
The Finest Pictures in the City.
COMMENCING MONDAY, DEC. 6TH, THE BIGGEST FAVORITES EVER IN ST. JOHN'S—BALLARD BROWN, Actor-Vocalist; and the one and only MADGE LOCKE —Specially engaged for the Christmas Pantomime "THE BEAUTY AND THE BEAST."

OURS---Rossley's West-End Theatre.
5 COMPLETE NEW FILMS.
All New. Never seen anywhere.
The finest in town.
Miss Aneta, Latest New York Songs
2 Shows Nightly---7.30 and 9 p.m. prompt

THE CRESCENT PICTURE PALACE.
Presents ALICE JOYCE and GUY COOMBS in
"THE GIRL OF THE MUSIC HALL"
A 3 Reel Masterpiece Produced by the Kalem Company.
"ALICE OF THE LAKE"
A Great Selig Drama.
"SLIPPERY SLIMS WEDDING DAY"
A Riotous Western Comedy with all the Essanay Stars.
DAN DELMAR, The Popular Crescent Vocalist,
SINGING NOVELTY SONGS AND BALLADS.
GOOD MUSIC AND EFFECTS.
A COMFORTABLE AND WELL VENTILATED THEATRE.
ON WEDNESDAY—
"THE FORK IN THE ROAD"
A 2 Reel Drama with Bessie Eytan.

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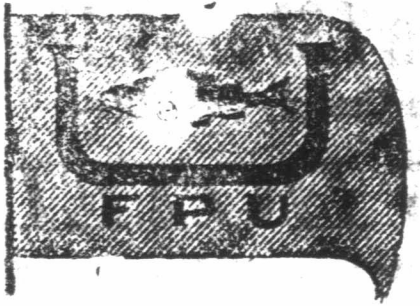
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("To Every Man His Own.")

The Mail and Advocate

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Editor and Business Manager
JOHN J. ST. JOHN

ST. JOHN'S, N.F.L.D., NOV. 29th, 1915

OUR POINT OF VIEW

F.P.U. Convention

THE Seventh Annual Convention of the F.P.U. closed at 11.30 Saturday night. The President, Vice-President and Secretary Treasurer were re-elected unanimously. Saturday night's meeting was a very interesting one. Splendid speeches were made at that meeting by President Coaker, Vice President Broaders, Secretary Halfyard and Messrs. Jennings, Winsor, Stone and Targett, M.H.A's., all brimming over with determination to go on and on and with enthusiasm.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Union Export Company was held on Saturday, when a Board of Directors was elected, consisting of Pres. Coaker, W. W. Halfyard, Dug. White, C. Bryant, John Loder and Elijah Rowe.

Resolutions were adopted on Saturday protesting against the cutting of green pit props on the 3 mile limit and asking the Government to enforce the pit prop law passed last session of the Legislature.

Another resolution was passed, severely censuring the Government for the delay and indifference manifested regarding the dispatch of steamers to search for the missing schooners driven to sea by the gale of the 16th inst.

Resolutions providing for strict inspection of herring barrels and pickled herring and turbot were also passed.

The Government will be asked to consider the establishment of Bait Depots, and to make a start the coming year.

Several matters of concern to Conception Bay were referred to the Convention of Conception Bay District Council, which is to be held at Bay Roberts in January.

The six sessions of the Seventh Convention of the F.P.U. will probably prove of more importance to the Union and Country than any of the preceding Conventions.

The publication of the Journal of Proceedings will prove extremely interesting reading, not only to Unionists but to the public in general.

We congratulate Mr. Coaker upon his election to the high position as President of the Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland for the seventh year; and we also congratulate Vice-

President Broaders and Sec. Treas. Halfyard, who are now serving their fourth year in those capacities. The selection of officers was unanimous, only the one nomination being made in each case.

The attendance of delegates was about the same as last year's Convention at Catalina.

It was thought the next Convention should be held at an Outport, the matter being left to the discretion of the President. The delegates present represented every Union district in the Colony.—From Burin to St. Barbe.

Prohibition

WE endorse the demand of The News for the resignation by Mr. Furlong of the office he holds as Law Clerk of the House of Assembly. Mr. Furlong has been retained by the liquor interests to upset if possible the recent vote on Prohibition; as he framed the Prohibition Act, it would ill become him to go before the Supreme Court entreating the Court to upset the vote, on Prohibition taken under that law, on the ground that the law was defective.

The public will insist upon Mr. Furlong's resignation, and unless it is forthcoming the people will have to know the reason why.

It is just as well for Mr. Furlong and his liquor friends to bow to the wishes of the 25,000 voters who wished the Liquor Saloon should go.

A large preponderance of the electorate favoured Prohibition. No technical flaw in the Act will for a moment cause the people to tolerate the saloons.

If Mr. Furlong wants to smash the Morris Government into atoms when the House of Assembly opens, he will succeed if there is any interference tolerated in the matter of upsetting the Plebiscite on Prohibition, which resulted in a Prohibition victory.

Surely such Prohibition workers as Messrs. Currie, Goodison, Le Feuvre, Parsons and Dowsey will absolutely refuse to be parties to fooling the temperance people of the Colony.

Surely members representing districts that cast a large majority vote for Prohibition will not stand by and see liquor interests triumph.

Surely such men as Messrs. Crosbie, Piccott, Young, Emerson, Bennett and Kennedy will see that their constituents who have supported Prohibition will not have voted in vain.

To compel Prohibitionists to fight this matter out in the House again, will but spell smash for the Morris Government.

The House certainly will not tolerate the indignity of seeing its Solicitor—Mr. Furlong—who is responsible to the House for the wording of the Act—appear in Court as Counsel for the liquor interests, advocating the upsetting of the vote on the grounds that the measure was defective. If Mr. Furlong dare to take such a course he must take the consequence, so far as it relates to his position as Solicitor of the House.

If the liquor interests are silly enough to think the vote can be upset by the Court, and the measure killed, they might as well realize, that there can be no killing of the measure, for if by any fluke the vote could be cancelled it would mean that the measure must become effective by a vote of the Legislature the coming winter.

Delegates Returning

SEVERAL delegates, which had been here attending the F.P.U. Convention returned home by the 6 p.m. train on Saturday. Quite a number left town by the express last evening, and another large batch left by the Prospero to-day.

Messrs. Coaker, Halfyard, Winsor and Abbott were at the station last evening to see the delegates off.

Last evening's express cars were crowded. There should have been an extra first class car, added to

the train, for there was not standing room in the first class car, and complaints of overcrowding were general.

Outlook More Hopeful

BONAR LAW in the British House of Commons a few days ago said that there were two topics which are not pleasant to think of to talk about, namely the position in Serbia and the Dardanelles. He also said that he did not believe that the public should be taken into the Government's confidence at the present time.

Passing to the question of finance he said that the country had to risk bankruptcy to bring the war to a successful issue. Some means would have to be found whereby persons who wished to sell to the Government and trust its credit would be able to do so. He depreciated the fact that people were too extravagant, and that the getting of large loans meant a fictitious prosperity.

We should not become pessimistic but more hopeful for the final issue of this terrific struggle. The matter now is to economize, and the more we do so the more hopeful will be the outlook for ourselves and the Empire. Let us then be up and doing!

The Harvest of the Sea

THE use of fish is increasing because of a shortage in the supply of meats, and, therefore, methods of keeping fish in good condition are interesting. Some new ideas have recently been suggested which may come into general use, and anyway are worthy of the attention of all students of refrigeration.

The first method considered is that of freezing fish by immersion in cold brine. In this scheme the fish are simply placed in brine for freezing, and they do not absorb brine as might naturally be inferred. Whether this can be made to work out or not has not as yet been demonstrated, but the idea is certainly an appealing one for the reason that rather higher brine temperatures than are commonly employed can be utilized.

Another method of freezing is to place the fish in cans similar to those commonly used in the manufacture of ice. A brine temperature of 10 deg. F. will do good work with this method if the cans are not larger than 100 to 150 pounds capacity. This process is said to be economical of refrigeration as well as being extremely practical in service. The cans contain, of course, a certain portion of water and when frozen the cakes of fish can be handled and stored under refrigeration at a temperature of about 25 deg. F.

Whether these two processes, both of which have originated in Europe, will come into commercial use or not remains to be seen, but they are certainly worthy of consideration and trial. Any improvement leading to a more direct application of refrigeration to the work to be done will result in quicker work and lower cost of freezing.—"Cold," Calcium, N.Y.

The World's Press

Would Conscription Pay?
Boston Transcript:—Mines, fisheries, munition factories and other vital interests must be kept going. If the recruiting officer cries out to the civilian, "your country needs you," so does industry. Wars are waged with pick and trowl and at the bench or machine, not less than in the field. Weaken industry and you weaken fighting strength. So it is small wonder that there are Englishmen who ask what use conscription would be. A nation hardly cares to establish a dangerous precedent, in the face of the very militarism it prides itself on combating, when at best the results gained would be by no means proportionate to the risks involved.

"Victory or Death"

London Daily Express:—Blunders at the beginning of the war were generously forgiven. Blunders now mean irreparable disaster. There must be no more gratuitous reticence. There must be no more glossing over unpleasant facts. Our responsibilities are growing every day. The increase is unavoidable, but to ignore it spells ruin. A victorious Germany, even an undefeated Germany, means the end of the British Empire. It also means a century of enormous taxation and heavy food prices, the end of trade union hours and trade union wages, the passing of repressive laws, and a tragic falling in the nation's standard of comfort. We are to-day, in very truth, forced to choose between victory or death. We say "choose" because victory can surely be ours if we throw out full weight into the struggle.

It All Depends

New York Sun:—It is reported that the crew of the German cruiser Prinz Adalbert "got nervous and excited" when attacked by a British submarine. Von Tirpitz should reprimand them. What is there in the sinking of a cruiser to get nervous and excited over when ships full of women and children go down without injury to the Teuton nervous system?

How To Avenge Her

London Daily Mail:—The true way to avenge Miss Cavell is for all who have not already done so to join the Army at once—to fight her murderers and not to rest content with denouncing her murder. Men cannot look to Heaven to deal vengeance unless they stand up themselves faithfully for the right and vindicate it, though it be at the cost of life.

Immortal

Collier's Weekly:—German news papers may heap contempt on "English cant" and revile Brand Whitlock, but they will be explaining Edith Cavell's death just as long as they have to uphold the present system of German Government. As a great French writer, Lamartine, has said: "The murderer has but one hour; the victim has eternity."

READ THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

TO MY MOTHER

THESE verses, written by Ludwig Franz Meyer, since killed in action near Lowicz, were printed in the Liller Kriezeitung, a paper published by the Germans at Lille, France. The translation from the German is by Frances C. Pay.

Not we who fight, who conquer and who fall.

Receive the sorest wounds the war is dealing,

For merry hours thrown in have steeled our feeling—
Our mother's is the hardest fate of all!

Out life out here, tho be it stern and cold,

We learn to bear it, smiling toward the morrow,

While she, with trembling heart and prayerful sorrow,
Is writhing under cruel fears untold.

We learn to eat and relish our dry bread

So well that now our meals seem princely pleasure,

While mother cannot eat her dainty measure:

"Would I could give it to my boy instead!"

Sweet sleep descends upon us in the field,

Altho on rotting straw our limbs be lying,

But mother's agonizing thoughts are flying

To us and her soft bed no rest will yield.

Where may this night have found my soldier son?

"Is he not cold, on earth's bare bosom sleeping?"

And shuddering she lies awake, and weeping;

With burning eyes she greets the morning sun.

To roar of shot and shell we have grown used,

No longer do we fear the whirring missiles;

But when a bullet thru her dreaming whistles

She cries: "My son! Oh, is he killed or bruised?"

When peace returns, the hardships of the war

Will be forgotten while our wounds are healing;

But of these tragic hours, her pain revealing,

Our mother bears the marks on her white hair.

I think that when the nation's work is done

We should bend pious knees before our mother,

And kiss one silv'ry hair after the other:

"O silent heroine thy crown is won!"

"Let me caress thy tender, blessing hands,

"Thy mother-hands that prayed thru anxious hours!"

"If splendid victory at last is ours,

"Thine be the glory, and the Fatherland's!"

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Muskrat, Fox, Otter and Bear TRAPS.

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WHOLESALE ONLY.

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South Coast Service.**

The S.S. GLENCOE will sail from Placentia on Wednesday, Dec. 1st, after arrival of train from St. John's, for the usual ports of call between Placentia & Port aux Basques

We Are Now Buying

Fresh RABBITS, PARTRIDGE, DUCK, VENISON, MUTTON, LAMB, and BEEF.

Also Fresh SALMON, HALIBUT, SMELTS, and CODFISH, in Season.

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At The Casino.

Two Shows Every Afternoon.

Three Shows Every Night.

"OUR BOYS"

The 1st Newfoundland Regiment.

Taken by Special Permission of the British War Office previous to their Departure for the Dardanelles.

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Four Thousand Feet of the Greatest "Heart Interest" Film Ever Taken.

Two Shows Every Afternoon---Admission 20c.---Three Shows Every Night.

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90 cents and \$1.20 each.

We sell hundreds of them. Have you got one? Mail Orders receive our prompt and careful attention.

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Old St. Bon's Boys

We take from the September "Adelphian" the following list of ex-students of St. Bonaventure's College serving with the Allies—to Sept. 30th.

Officers—Lieut-Commander Richard Howley, R.N. (wounded); Capt. Geo. T. Carty, Lieut. Stan Robertson, Lieut-Quartermaster F. Summers, Lieut. James Donnelly, Lieut. John Fox, Lieut. Frank Knight, Lieut. Kevin Keegan, Lieut. Stephen Norris, Sergt. Leo Murphy, Corp. Ralph Burnham, Corp. Gerald Guy Byrne, Corp. M. J. Nugent.

Privates—J. Chaplin, since dead; B. Freebairn, now dead; H. Burdige, G. Colford, R. Callahan, J. Channing, A. Cleary, A. Clouston, B. Collins, J. Canning, J. Ellis, J. Edens, J. Fitzgerald, M. Flynn, W. Gladney, W. Grant, J. Gear, T. Horan, A. Hogan, W. Harvey, J. Houlihan, G. Jackman, M. Jackman, G. Kane, R. Leeseaman, C. Lerner, R. Martin, J. McDonnell, now dead; T. McGrath, J. Morrissey, W. McGrath, W. Norris, F. O'Toole, P. J. O'Brien, now dead; E. Pike, W. Petrie, W. Power, E. Robertson, H. Ross, (wounded); Ryan, T. Smith, Sml. Smith, (wounded); S. Smith, B. Sinnott, J. Tobin,

Canadian Forces

August Keating, (wounded); A. Cleary, D. Walsh, (wounded); L. O'Dea, F. Berteau, G. Byrne, J. Black, Huber Meehan, Augustus Meehan, A. Noseworthy, J. Woodford, S. Walsh, (killed).

French Army

O. LeBreton, F. LeBreton, L. Ozon, L. Briand, J. Lassus.

A BRITISH SEA-CAPTAIN'S STYLE
(E. Ashmead Bartlett, in London Paper.)
After the sinking of the Triumph in the Dardanelles the Admiral transferred his flag to the twenty-year-old Majestic, which was new the only battleship left off Cape Helles. He took me with him.
It was a beautiful night, clear and bright, with the sea as calm as a lake. I went up on the after shelter-deck, which is just above the after-turret, where my bed had been placed, lay down and soon soundly asleep.
It was at 6.40 that someone trod on or stumbled against my chest. This

awoke me, and I called out, "What's the matter?" A voice replied from somewhere, "There's a torpedo coming."

I had just time to scramble to my feet when there came a dull, heavy explosion about fifteen forward of the shelter-deck, on the port side. I mad my way to the quarter deck, was pushed over the side and, rebounding in to the sea and went under.

I swam to a boat, mixed up with a struggling crowd, and managed to get into it.

Captain Talbot, of the Majestic, the moment the ship struck, rushed forward with his yeoman of signals to seize and either save or destroy the confidential signal book. This was accomplished, and then, when the ship went down he was thrown into the water, but was picked up.
Then, seeing two of his men in danger of drowning, he plunged into the sea again and saved them both.

BELGIANS TO SEEK LOAN.

THE HAGUE, November 22, via London—It is announced by the Belgische Dagblad that the Belgian Minister of Finance and the Minister of Justice are about to sail for the United States to arrange a loan.

How Fortune Worked For Prohibition

(Editor Mail and Advocate)

DEAR SIR.—Perhaps the uppermost thing in our minds at the present time is that very important subject of "Prohibition." A subject upon which we might well tire our brain, but thinking never gained the day without action. We might well compare the poem of "William Tell" to the subject matter. We take every man of our Island Home represented as "William Tell" with a vote in his hand as the arrow to shoot at the greatest evil against which Newfoundland has to fight, namely "booze" placed upon the heads of the future generations. The voice of the children might be heard in the words of the poet:—"Shoot straight and quick thine aim is sure. Thou canst not miss today," and we await the result of Thursday's shooting. That the apple has been struck to the wall is certainly the prayer of every clear minded individual.

Let us take a side glance at the prohibition act as passed in the House. In the first place; a level headed man, a man who has a conscience, a man possessing good sound judgment, before placing an act of anything else before such a body of free-thinking people as we have in Newfoundland, would put the questions to himself,—What is my duty to myself, and to the public? What will Newfoundland think of me? and "What will the outside opinion be? Whoever the cap fits may wear it and answer as to his duty to himself; but was his duty to the public such, as to form an act upon as grave a question as prohibition in a way to kill itself? Was that his duty to the public?

Does Newfoundland see in such, an Asquith or Lloyd George? Enough said. Of course the news of Newfoundland's attempt towards prohibition will be spread far and wide. What do you suppose will be the opinion of Canadians, who have been gradually tapping every province in their Dominion and draining them dry? What will be their opinion of our clever leaders to form such an act in such a way as this one has been?

Again, what will be the opinions of those in England who gave the world

to know, that England's greatest enemy at the beginning of the war was "booze"? A greater danger and menace to the Empire than even the Germans, which is about as hot and strong as they could put it. And then to think that Newfoundland has turned out such a lubber-headed act. Are we, England's oldest colony, showing an example which can be held up to the Empire's younger colonies. It is a cruel state of affairs. However, let us pass on and see the efforts which were put forth in Fortune.

Our committee got busy in September and held a public meeting; bringing before the people the responsibility resting upon their shoulders, and giving full explanations of everything in connection with the act. Two weeks later another public meeting was held. The speakers of both meetings were new on the line, and did credit both to themselves and their subject. Our pastor gave us several very interesting and instructive talks on the liquor question.

Not only in the meetings did our committee do their duty, but on the street and in the homes they showed their interest in the work allotted to them. Every home was visited and a personal chat with the men was the means of doing a great amount of good. As a result of such visiting and public work, every voter in Fortune cast his vote on Thursday and every member of the committee feels that he is well repaid for the trouble taken in the cause of Prohibition. The total number voters was about 244, but about 95 were distant, leaving 149 votes which were polled. A delegation was sent, from Grand Bank and here, to canvas along the shore as far as Lord's Cove; and from their reports we feel sure the move was a success. Even if the object for which a person has worked has not been gained there is great satisfaction in that person, knowing that he has done his duty. Of course if prohibition is carried it will be a victory more to be applauded because of the many disadvantages, and the one sided act which the Government formed. It is very easily seen that they formed in the prohibition act, one which would kill itself, or one which had a very feeble chance of being carried, as they think.

However, we have an optimistic feeling towards the results of the poll, and we firmly believe that there is an element on the move in Newfoundland which will give us a dry country in the next year.

So that with this in view, our toast may be, "Here's to the day."

"SANTORIS."

Fortune, Burin District, November 6, 1915.

[The above was evidently delayed in transmission, as it only reached our office on Nov. 25.—Ed.]

The Price of Pit Props

(Editor Mail and Advocate)

DEAR SIR.—On behalf of several men who are cutting pit props in this district, would you kindly let us know in your next issue, what is the price paid for pit props per cord in the Northern districts. We are getting three dollars per cord, but we hear that a much greater price is being paid North. By giving us this information, you will oblige.

Yours truly,

PIT PROP CUTTERS, Placentia, Nov. 24, 1915.

[The price being paid for green timber North is \$4.00 per cord, rounded; \$3.00 on bank unrounded.—Editor.]

Tobacco Needed On Battlefields

"SEND us cigarettes and more cigarettes," is the plea to be found in almost every letter sent home from British soldiers at the front for tobacco seems as necessary to our fighting men as food and drink. There was a time when the military authorities would have stopped the wholesale importation of the weed to the battlefield. Wellington, for instance, was very adverse to his men smoking when on service, but today the commanders realize that tobacco has an inspiring influence on troops which is an asset in warfare that cannot be overlooked. It has been proved that soldiers well supplied with tobacco, if their wind and shooting do not suffer slightly as a result, fight better than those who are deprived of the weed. Today one hears of the Germans lying in the trenches with pipes in their mouths, and even cavalry are known to advance while puffing at cigarettes. In the British trenches troops well supplied with tobacco and matches will lie uncon-

plainingly in water-logged dugouts, but if they are deprived of their smokes their hardships are felt the more and they are restless and irritable, as compared with those who can find solace in pipe or cigarette.

The influence of tobacco on fighting men was well illustrated during the Franco-Prussian war, when it was actually stated by several military authorities that the crushing defeat of the French was to a large extent due to their lack of comforts, especially tobacco, when on the battlefield.

On the other hand, every effort was made to provide the German troops with the weed. Subscriptions, headed by members of the royal court in Berlin, were raised for the purpose of providing the men in the field with tobacco. History tells of how the German Hussars galloped into the charge with huge cigars in their mouths, and the infantry stood shoulder to shoulder while they puffed at their pipes. Bismarck himself set an example to his men in this respect, for he was seldom without a cigar. The Iron Chancellor, at the conclusion of a battle, used to walk among the wounded, and taking cigars from his pocket, would light them and give them to the soldiers to smoke.

General Count Moltke, who did much to bring about the German successes in the Franco-Prussian War, admitted that tobacco was necessary to him when scheming on the battlefield. He took it in the form of snuff, and kept it in a handsome gold casket, which stood at his elbow while he perused over charts in his field tent.

In the present campaign tobacco is finding its way into the hospitals. While being operated upon some soldiers are allowed to smoke cigarettes.

TRY THIS, SISTERS.

Things were slow in the city and Bronson was quite worried. So he felt it was about the last straw when his daughter told him that she had accepted the hand of George McCutbert.

"I'm glad you're happy," he said, with a weary smile; "but I'm afraid that I really cannot stand the expense of a wedding just now."

The fair girl bent over him and stroked his furrowed brow. "Don't worry, father; I'll try and put that right," she cooed. "I think I can scare George into proposing an elopement."

Superb Fur-Like Seal Sets.

THESE splendid sets of Fur-Like, Black, Coney Seal, are made of a fabric that perfectly resembles the famous South Sea Seal—the fur of which throws off beautiful radiating, soft, deep, lustrous, velvety, black and maroon tones, that compel us to centre our attention, and at once crave to possess a garment made of such a rich fur.

Look at the illustration and notice the excellent contour of this fashionable and Comfortable Muff and Throwover—apart from the style and comfort the smart dressy appearance it gives to the wearer will be a source of pleasure as long as the set lasts.

These sets are well made, and richly lined with Black Silk, and styles exactly as illustrated are finished with silk medallions, and long fine, silk-thread tassels, truly marvelous value. These are copies of real, South Sea Seal, one-hundred-dollar sets. Price for this Muff and Throwover, exactly as illustrated. A Set—\$7.00.

Price of Similar Coney Seal Sets in black, finished with wide, knotted, fine, silk-Thread fringe. A Set—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.

Price of Black Coney Seal Sets finished without fringes—\$3.30, \$4.50, \$5.70 and \$7.00.

Remember these are often copied, but never equalled. You buy right, when you buy here. See them to-day, or mail your order to-day—mail now, we have many to choose from.



Anderson's, Water Street, St. John's, N.F.

THE CHRISTMAS SPECIAL NUMBER OF THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE, (guaranteed circulation 15,000 copies) will be issued on Saturday December 18th. All advertisements for this issue must be sent in before Dec. 13th.

72 Hours Clinging to Pinnacle of Rock

Story of Michael Dormidy of the Boat "Maddona" of Ship Hr., Placentia Bay—Sad Sight of Boy Seeing His Father Die in His Arms

A STORY OF PLUCK AND PERSEVERANCE

When Rescued by John Pomeroy of Merasheen Dormidy Was Nigh Dead From Exposure and Suffering—Terra Nova May Well Feel Proud of Such Fishermen as Mike Dormidy

MASTER MICHAEL DORMIDY, the sole survivor of the tragedy near Jude, Ouderin, arrived here a couple of days ago and from whom *The Mail and Advocate* received particulars of a tale of horror, the like of which has not often been told in the annals of the many disasters that have overtaken our brave fishermen.

Dormidy is only a lad of 18 years, and how he lived through such a terrible ordeal, as his story exposes in its recital, while his father, a strong man in the prime of life succumbed, as well as poor Sparrow, is a mystery; for the young chap, though well set up, has not what we would consider as a robust appearance.

The little boat "Maddona" of 38 tons, in command of Robert Sparrow of Ship Hr., Placentia Bay, with Jas. Dormidy and Michael Dormidy, father and son, as a crew, the latter the hero of our story, left St. John's with a general cargo on Monday, Nov. 1st, reached Ferguise that evening and continued her voyage to St. Bride's, the following Friday being detained by stormy weather.

She passed Cape St. Mary's at 8 a.m. Saturday with a stiff easterly wind blowing, reached across Placentia Bay and passed Long Island at 5 p.m. She carried a double-reefed mainsail, single-reefed foresail and jumbo and was running through the passage between the Gull Rock and the land when she mistimed and struck on Little Gull Rock. The wind blew a gale and a heavy sea ran and the craft went on the rock about 5.30 p.m.

Immediately the accident occurred all on board knew

The vessel was doomed and Mr. Dormidy cutting the main sheet allowed the main boom to swing in over the rock, and the two men and boy climbed out on the boom and dropped on this precarious refuge, over which at high tide the sea swept and which was no more than 10 feet square.

Hardly had they landed on the little islet than the vessel was pounded to pieces and sank. Now began a fight for life on the part of the three helpless creatures left alone on this sea-swept rock, which may be imagined but never adequately described. Night was setting in, a terrible storm was raging, the three unfortunates were without food or water, drenched with sea and spray and pierced with the cold wind which blew in from the sea with terrible violence. Covered with slippery kelp as it was with sea after sea running over it the three doomed to remain there so long—two of whom were fated to die on it—could not get a foothold on its dangerous surface, and each expected at any moment to be swept into the turbulent waters which raged round them in fury on all sides.

On the top of the rock which sloped to the water's edge is a small pinnacle and to this the men laying prone clung with their benumbed hands, while sea and spray went over them, while they offered fervent prayers to God for deliverance and while often through the miserable hours of that Saturday night they were almost torn away by the force of the waves rushing over them, from their precarious hold on the jagged edges of this dangerous support.

The lad Dormidy says, that how they passed that terrible night will never be known. Their bodily facul-

ties seemed to have been suspended, but life is sweet and Nature's Primal Law seemed to be the impelling power which enabled them to hold to the pinnacle with tired hands and arms sore and swollen from the terrible struggle. The weather continued with more fury, if possible, all through Sunday, yet they encouraged each other to retain their grip on the rocks, hoping against hope for an abatement in the storm and the chance of possible rescue.

At about 7 o'clock Sunday evening the poor boy Dormidy saw that his father was fast sinking from the effects of the awful ordeal through which all three were passing, and with a prayer on his lips to the All Merciful One above he surrendered his soul to the God who gave it, at 8 p.m., while the heart-broken boy, blinded with tears, looked on unable to render the aid which his heart prompted. The noble-hearted lad un-derstand of his own suffering, increased now by the acutest pang of hunger and thirst; when he realized his father was dead, thrust his left arm under the body and held it tenaciously until Monday morning, when the high tide and heavy sea took the inanimate form from him and swept it into the water. He could not longer hold it as his arm was all but useless with the weight, and as it was

A Constant Battle to retain his hold on the rock with the other hand.

Sparrow, a man of 61 years, made a hard fight for his life until Monday evening when his vitality was completely spent, and the boy saw with feelings of horror that his only companion in misery was fast nearing dissolution. He was not quite dead, when Monday evening a heavy wave caught him, he relaxed his grasp on the piece of rock and was swallowed up by the waves.

The lad's terrible situation now came to him in all its grave reality and he expected nothing but a similar fate to his parent and friend, in a few hours. He says he will never forget the horror of the hours of Monday night and Tuesday morning. He had only a dim consciousness of what was passing, but knew he held with all his strength and with both hands to the rock.

While holding the body of his father young Dormidy several times came near losing his hold but managed to keep his grip in some way which he says he cannot explain.

At noon on Tuesday a boy named Molloy, of Ouderin, reported to Magistrate McGrath that he believed he saw a man or boy

On Gull Rock. Immediately the Magistrate engaged four men to investigate, and taking a glass saw wreckage along the Jude shore and knew there was a wreck in the vicinity. As the men were putting to sea, a boat coming from the Eastward was seen to steer for the Island.

This was John Pomeroy from Merasheen, who found the lad on the rock more dead than alive, and brought him into Ouderin, after being 72 hours on the rock without food or water. He was unconscious and all who saw him feared he could not recover. The kind-hearted fellows in Pomroy's boat took off their own clothing, stripped the boy of his wet apparel and Magistrate McGrath and his good wife placed him in bed in their own home, and after giving him stimulants, fed him at intervals for hours with warm milk from a spoon.

After some hours he revived sufficiently to tell the awful tale of his suffering and the fate of his father and his friend, and Wednesday morning Mr. McGrath sent a crew to, if possible, secure the bodies of Dormidy and Sparrow. At 6 a.m. that day Dormidy's body was found, but though 20 men swept the waters about the rock for 10 days the other body was not recovered. It is thought it did not sink but drifted West up through the reach. They fished a bag of clothes from the bottom belonging to Sparrow, and in a stocking

OUR THEATRES.

THE CASINO. Patrons will assuredly flock in their thousands to the Casino during the current week in order to witness the projection of the most magnificent picture ever shown in Newfoundland. Produced at an enormous expense, taken by an operator of the highest efficiency and staged by a director of international repute, this wonderful film will undoubtedly be a revelation to the public in general. The First Newfoundland Regiment are seen both at Aldershot and Ayr going through their arduous day's work (interspersed with recreation), each and every man connected with the Regiment being brought out with marvellous distinctness.

It is an absolutely flawless production in every particular and one reflecting unbounded credit upon Mr. J. P. Kiely and his co-workers. Doors will be opened each afternoon at 2 o'clock and every evening at 7 o'clock. It is worthy of note that the final evening performances will commence at 9.45. This remarkable picture consists of four thousand feet of the greatest heart-interest subject to have ever been taken.

ROSSLEYS.

There is a splendid all round programme at Rossley's Theatre. Tonight the popular Irish singing and dancing couple, also the finest female impersonator in the world will present a laughable sketch entitled "Kellie's Hotel," one solid laugh. Also another high-class singing act with elegant costumes. The pictures are changed three times weekly. There is a treat in store for patrons: Ballard Brown and Miss Madge Locke will appear next Monday, in all new acts. These favourite artistes have been booked specially for the pantomime. Look out for other big surprises.

THE CRESCENT.

Another great week opening bill is presented at the Crescent Picture Palace to-day. "The Girl of the Music Hall" is a wonderful three-reel feature produced by the Kalem Company. Alive Joyce the noted movie star is featured, assisted by Guy Coombs and a strong cast. A very fine Selig drama is "Alice of the Lake," and the funniest Western comedy you've laughed at sometime is "Slippery Slim's Wedding Day." Mr. Dan Delmar sings, "In the Gloaming of To-morrow," a very pretty Southern ballad. Don't miss seeing this show, you are sure to like the big feature.

ARRESTED FOR LARCENY OF FLOUR.

A man named Coffed, a fisherman of Bonavista, was arrested Saturday evening by Const. O'Neill, under a warrant, issued at Fogo, charging him with the larceny recently of a quantity of flour at Norris Arm. He was remanded today by Hutchings, J.P. for 8 days.

THEIR BAIL RENEWED.

Messrs. Job and Nathan Roberts, who are charged with barratry, and whose bail expired today, renewed their bonds today until the 8th Dec. prox.

The same bondsmen gave the same securities as recorded by us last week.

Police Court News

In the Police Court today, Hutchings, J.P. presided and fined 2 drunk \$1 or days days each. A butcher, summoned by Inspector O'Brien, for having his slaughter-houses unclean was fined \$5.00 or 14 days.

which it contained were \$14.00 in silver. Sparrow was a man of splendid physique, being over 6 feet tall and weighing 240 lbs.

Dormidy, the lad who survived, says he will never forget the kindness of Pomeroy and his crew and Magistrate and Mrs. McGrath to whom under God, he believes he owes his life.

Brothers' Collection Record One

Total Receipts Amount to \$4521.30 —An Increase of \$407.96 Over Last Year—Collection a Proof of Citizens Appreciation of Brothers Good Work

THOSE who interested themselves in this year's collection for the Christian Brothers, and as heretofore, they are many; felt that the response of the Catholic people would be a most generous one, and the result of yesterday's effort realized their most sanguine expectations, the aggregate being \$407.96 in excess of last year and the collection the largest on record. The result is worthy of the good people of St. John's and is a complete testimony of the appreciation they entertain for the excellent achievements of these gentlemen since coming to Newfoundland.

The aggregate of yesterday's collection was \$4,521.30, but likely this will be increased by contributions from various other sources. The aggregate was apportioned as follows:

Cathedral	\$3,178.37
St. Patrick's	1,194.04
St. Joseph's	86.20
Mount Cashel	43.50
Kilbride	19.25

Total \$4,521.30

After last mass at the Cathedral and St. Patrick's the collectors and others, all earnest friends and well-wishers of the Brothers, assembled at Mount St. Francis and were received by Revs. Superior Ryan, Brother Kennedy and the members of the community, amongst whom was Rev. Bro. J. Ryan, Principal of St. Benaventure's College; Hon. J. D. Ryan, Chairman of the Cathedral Collecting Committee; tendered the amount collected there to Brother Ryan in a speech which breathed the sentiments of esteem and regard held by the people for the good Brothers and felicitating them on the excellent outcome of the collection.

Mr. Michael Bambrick, chairman of the St. Patrick's Committee, and Mr. John Fitzpatrick for St. Joseph's, also tendered the amounts collected in these parishes and spoke eloquently and earnestly in praise of the splendid work of the Brothers in our midst, in imparting the blessings of education to the youth of the city, and affording instruction of the highest moral value, fitting their boys to be good citizens and exemplary Christians and Catholics.

Rev. Superior Ryan in an eloquent speech thanked the people for this year's generous collection, which was tangible evidence of the value placed on the efforts of the Brothers and assured all that the interests of their boys would always be their chief care in the future as well as in the past. Excellent speeches were also made by Revs. Brothers Kennedy, Ennis (Mount Cashel) and Ryan (St. Bonaventures) as well as Premier Sir E. P. Morris and others. Again we congratulate our Catholic fellow citizens and the Christian Brothers on the happy outcome of the 1915 collection.

SHIPPING

The Minnie left Pernambuco on the 27th for here, and the Clementine for Oporto the same day.

The Meigle's express arrived here at 2 p.m. and the Kyle's is due at 4 p.m.

The S.S. Vika, from Barry, Wales, has arrived to load a cargo of fish for the Newfoundland Shipping Co.

The schr. Dorothy Baird is loading fish at James Baird, Ltd., for Brazil and sails the latter part of the week.

Saturday last the schr. Assurance arrived at Burgeo from Halifax. She met very severe weather, had her canvas torn and lost several dories off the deck.

GLEANINGS OF GONE BY DAYS

NOVEMBER 29th. CARDINAL WOLSLEY died, 1530. John Colbourne, captain; John Stuckless and son, and Samuel Styles, belonging to schooner "Hit or Miss," drowned in Notre Dame Bay, 1858.

Sir Francis Brady sworn in Chief Justice, and took his seat on Bench for first time, 1847. John Little admitted to Bar, 1857. Horace Greely, editor of New York Tribune, died, 1872.

John O'Dwyer, sr., died, 1878. Thomas Job, Liverpool, died, 1878. Patrick Hayes, cooper, died, 1895. Nelson McDonald, Glover Hotel, died, 1893.

Fire in Blackwood building, Duckworth Street, 1893.

Clear-out of Customs' officials under the so-called Reform Act, 1897. Edward M. Larkin, grocer, opened business, 1899.

Steamer Portland, from Boston to Portland, foundered off Cape Cod, 118 lives lost, 1898.

Schooner Water Witch, Captain Spracklin, lost at Pouch Cove, and nine souls went down, 1875.

Schooner Hopewell, of Harbor Main, lost near Cape St. Francis; 7 men lost, 1 rescued—Walter Waugh, 1875.

We advise trappers to send their furs to Nfld. Fox Exchange, 276 Water Street.—nov23

A MARINE RACE.

The E. S. Hocken, Olinda and the Dorothy Baird are now ready to sail for Pernambuco. An interesting marine race is in prospect, with betting brisk on the outcome and with odds in favor of the Olinda.

CAUSED DISTURBANCE IN HIS HOME.

Saturday night last, a young man was arrested at the instance of his wife, by Const. Emlerly and Wade. He caused a row in his house and his wife in court today testified she lived in bodily fear of him.

He must give bonds to keep the peace or go down to the "Pen" for 30 days.

OURS DOING SPLENDID WORK AT DARDANELLES

In a letter recently addressed by him to His Excellency the Governor, Lieut. Colonel Burton states that the men of the 1st Nfld. Regiment are doing splendid work at the Dardanelles. This testimony from the Commanding Officer of the Regiment will be read with pleasure by the friends of our brave lads who are at present doing their bit at Gallipoli.

Nfld. Fox Exchange at 276 Water Street, pays highest prices for all kinds of Raw Furs.—nov23

ANOTHER ROBBERY REPORTED.

Within the past couple of nights some thief forced the rear door of Mr. B. Dunfield's residence on Waterford Road and stole therefrom a valuable stair-carpet, with some other property.

The police, we hear, are investigating.

Wedding Bells

PARSONS—CLARKE. A very pretty wedding ceremony took place at Gower Street Church last night, when Private Stephen Clarke, of Marystown, led to the altar Miss Gertrude Parsons, of Bauline. The bride, who was handsomely gowned, was given away by Mr. J. Burnstein, with whom she resided and was attended by her sister Miss S. Parsons, while Private Chas. Martin did the honors for the groom.

Rev. D. B. Hemmeon tied the nuptial knot, and after the ceremony a reception was held at Mr. Burnstein's residence, Water Street, where an enjoyable time was spent by several friends of the happy pair.

The F.P.U Convention Closed Saturday Night

OUR SOLDIERS WELL CARED FOR 58 Victoria Street, Westminster, 8th Nov., 1915.

DEAR SIR,—I am desired by the Committee of the Association to inform you that we have received a cable stating that your son Private Herman Noseworthy, was admitted to St. Paul's Hospital, Malta, on the 13th October, suffering from dysentery. He is getting on well, and is being well cared for in hospital.

Arrangements have been made for men of the Newfoundland Regiment to be visited by members of this Association, who will see that any extra comforts they require, and which are not provided by hospital regulations, shall be supplied to them. We trust you will soon hear of his complete recovery, and you may rest assured that everything possible is being done for him.

Yours sincerely, HENRY REEVE, Hon. Secretary.

Mr. John Noseworthy, 160 Casey Street.

The schr. Mildred is loading cod fish at Geo. M. Barr's for Oporto.

Court of Revision

Vacant Lands, 1915

A Court of Revision will be held before the undersigned, who have been appointed by His Excellency the Governor in Council, to revise the Appraisal of Vacant Lands for St. John's, made under Section 122 "Of Cap. 6, 2 Edward VII.

Such Court will be held in the Municipal Office, City Hall, Duckworth Street, during all the month of December next, between the hours of 12.30 p.m., and 2 p.m., every lawful day.

C. O'N. CONROY, ARTHUR HISCOCK, Revisers.

Court of Revision

Triennial Appraisal, 1915.

A Court of Revision will be held before the undersigned, who have been appointed by His Excellency the Governor in Council, to revise the Appraisal of property for St. John's, made during the present year.

Such Court will be held in the Municipal Office, City Hall, Duckworth Street, during all the month of December next, between the hours of 12.30 p.m., and 2 p.m., every lawful day.

C. O'N. CONROY, ARTHUR HISCOCK, Revisers.

St. John's Municipal Board.

TENDERS FOR OATS.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tender for Oats" will be received until Friday, December 3rd, at 5 p.m., for delivery at the Sanitary Stables, Hayward Avenue, from time to time as required, 3500 (Thirty Five Hundred) bushels No. 1 Heavy Black P.E.I. Oats, or 3500 No. 1 White Oats or 3500 bushels Mixed Oats, duty free.

The Board is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order, JNO. L. SLATTERY, Sec. Treas.

nov29,21

Most Important and Successful Convention Yet Held—Great Enthusiasm Shown by Delegates—Important Matters Relative to the Country's Interest Discussed

THE PRESENT OFFICERS UNANIMOUSLY RE-ELECTED

Resolutions Passed Dealing With the Question of Sending Blind Children of the Colony to the Halifax School for the Blind—Government to be Asked to Provide For Five More Candidates

THE adjourned meeting of the F.P.U. Convention was opened by the President at 10 a.m. Saturday. The consideration of the address in reply to the President's address was resumed and adopted as a whole with a slight amendment to action 15.

The following Resolution was unanimously adopted. WHEREAS it is well understood that blindness is an economic loss to any country, as well as to the individual afflicted, for blind persons not educated and properly trained are consumers rather than producers.

AND WHEREAS it is a well-established fact that such education and training as provided at the Central School for the Blind at Halifax, equip the blind boy or girl to earn a living.

RESOLVED that the Fishermen's Protective Union of Newfoundland now in convention assembled, set itself the task of seeing that every blind child of Newfoundland eligible for admission into the school, be sent there at the expense of the Colony.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that in the event of the Government making further provision next year for five children, in addition to the sixteen now being educated at the Halifax school for the blind, that this Convention will undertake to provide maintenance for one child.

Trawl fishery on Labrador within the three-mile limit was discussed.

Resolutions dealing with the herring industry, re its persecution and improved methods for packing were being debated, when the Council adjourned its morning session at 1 p.m.

The Council met again at 3 p.m. and the consideration of the herring fishery resolution was resumed, and a motion adopted as a whole.

The Turbot Resolutions and Bait Depots Resolutions were presented, and after a very interesting debate were adopted. Council adjourned at 6 o'clock.

Council met again at 7.30. The election of officers resulted as follows:— President—W. F. Coaker, re-elected. Vice-Pres.—A. Broader, re-elected. Sec.—Treas.—W. W. Halfyard, re-elected.

The speeches of the President and Vice-President may be ranked among the best ever delivered at our Conventions.

A great feeling of loyalty and patriotism was aroused when the President appealed to all young men in the Union and in the country to volunteer to fight for the protection of our homes and country. He said he worshipped the brave lads who had volunteered for the army and navy, and it was the duty of all young men to volunteer.

The Convention, which was one of the most successful, closed at 11.30 with the singing of "God Save the King."

CONVENTION REPORTER.

PARRY'S ODE TO MUSIC—There will be no practice to night. nov29,11

FOR SALE—One Sewing Machine—almost new. Apply this office.—nov27,11

A HOUSE SURGEON is required for the General Hospital. Application to be made to the General Superintendent. nov11,11,w,41