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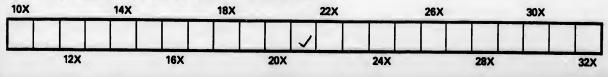
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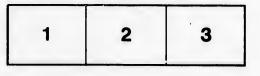
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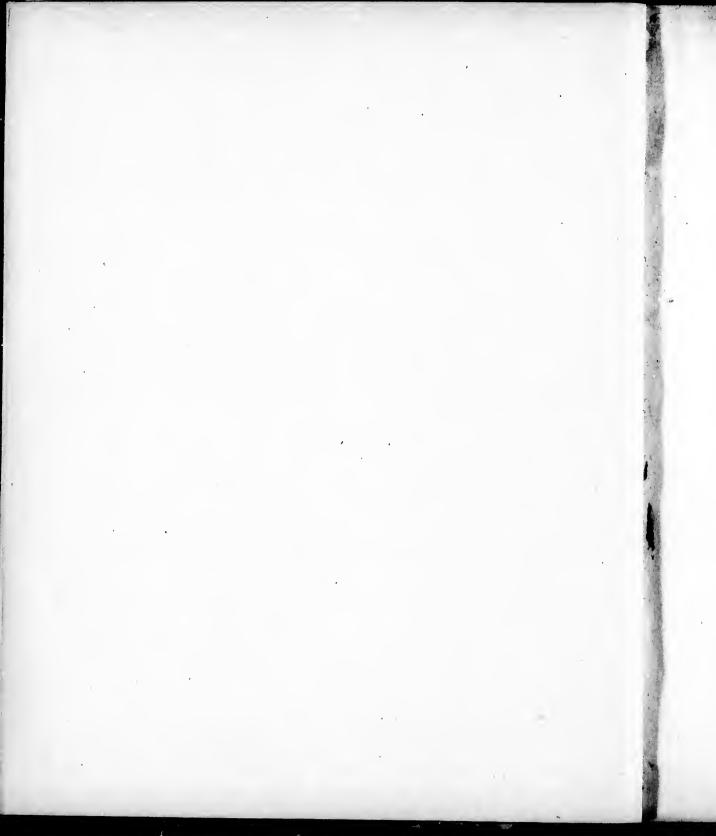
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SERMON

Preached before the RIGHT HONOURABLE the

Α

LORD-MAYOR,

THE

COURT OF ALDERMEN,

AND THE

LIVERIES of the feveral COMPANIES of the CITY of LONDON,

IN THE

CATHEDRAL CHURCH of St. PAUL,

On THURSDAY, November 29, 1759;

Being the Day appointed by Proclamation for a GENERAL THANKSGIVING tO GOD;

For vouchfafing fuch fignal Succeffes to His Majefty's Arms, both by Sea and Land, particularly by the Defeat of the *French* Army in *Canada*, and the Taking of *Quebec*; and for most feasionably granting us at this Time an uncommonly plentiful Harvest.

By JAMES TOWNLEY, M.A.

Rector of the united Parishes of St. Bennet, Grace-Church, and St. Leonard, Eastcheap, and Lecturer of St. Dunstan's in the East.

LONDON:

Printed for H. KENT, in Finch-lane, near the Royal Exchange; T. FIELD, in Cheapfide; and J. WALTER, at Charing-Crofs. 1759.

[Price Six-pence.]

CHITTY, Mayor.

Tuesday the 11th Day of December, 1759, and in the Thirty-third Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the Second, of Great Britain, Sc.

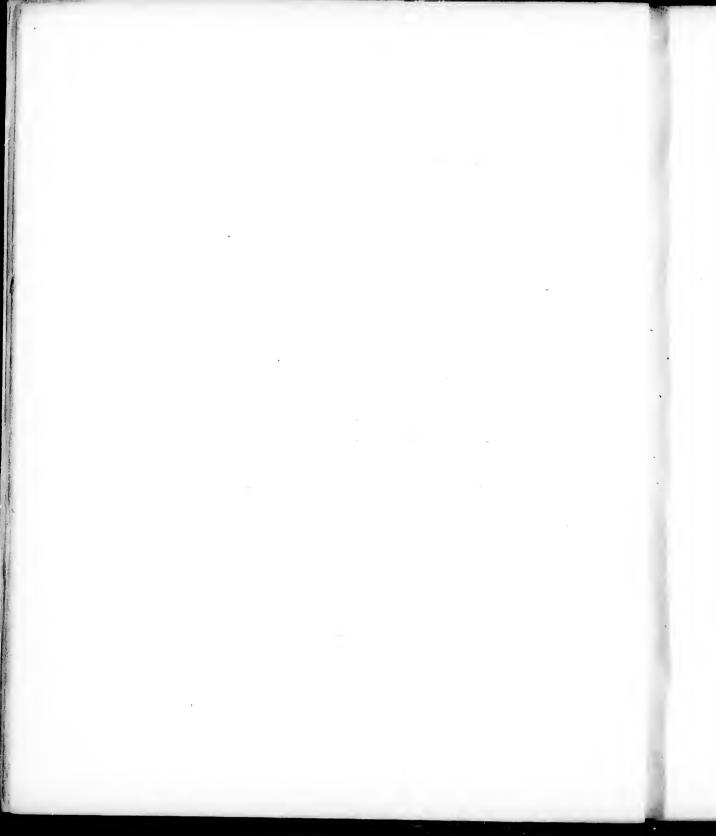
I is ordered that the Thanks of this Court be given to the Reverend Mr. Townley, for his Sermon preached before the Lord-Mayor and Aldermen, and feveral of the Livery Companies of this City, at the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, on Thurfday the 29th Day of November laft, being the Day appointed by His Majefty for a public Thankfgiving, and that he be defired to print the fame.

HODGES.

To the RIGHT HONOURABLE Sir THOMAS CHITTY, Knt. LORD-MAYOR, THE ALDERME N, AND CITIZENS of LONDON, THIS \mathbf{M} S E R 0 N, Is, with all RESPECT, Dedicated, by Their most obliged, and Most obedient Servant, :Dec. 31, 1759.

15am

James Townley.



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PSALM CXXII. 6.

They shall prosper that love Thee.

HIS Pfalm was composed by holy David, for the Use of the People of Israel, when they went up to Jerusalem, to worship at the appointed Solemnities: And the Defign of it was to infpire them with a Regard and Love for their Coun-His principal Care therefore was to try. confider what Means would be most effectual to this Purpose; and his Wisdom and Experience foon led him to obferve, that nothing was fo likely to raife this public Spirit, as a Promife of Profperity; a Motive which would have great Influence on the human Mind, and, more particularly, among a People who were intently fixed on the Enjoyment of temporal Happiness.

B

The

The Love which a Man bears to the Country wherein he was born is an univerfal Principle, which was, no Doubt, implanted in the human Breaft, by the all-wife Creator, as an Incentive to great and good Actions; and indeed the Effects of it have been fuch as a Principle less extensive could never have produced.

Hiftory will furnish us with numberless Examples of this Truth, but happy is it for us that we need not look farther than our own Age and Nation.

All Men are born with this exalted Principle; it is ftamp'd upon every Heart: But to be in a Situation that may make it of great and fignal Service is the Lot only of a Few: The common People feel it very ftrongly; but cannot, as Individuals, make it of any material Advantage. In Perfons of Rank, and with Abilities equal to their Rank, it may have its utmost Scope; nor can they, at any Time, forget the Duty which it prefcribes

The Right Honourable the LORD-MAYOR. 7 fcribes, without making themfelves the Objects of perpetual Difgrace.

This perhaps may be more clearly underflood, by pointing out an Inflance or two, in which this great Principle, THE LOVE OF OUR COUNTRY, may be exerted.

He, who is blefs'd with fuperior Talents, and in a proper Situation to exert them, will give the fureft Proof of his Patriotifm, by the Reverence which he pays to the Religion of his Country; and this not only by affenting in general to the Doctrines of it, but by a strict Obfervance of the Duties which it prefcribes. Piety gives the best Lustre to Greatness. It ennobles the Faculties of the Mind, and fanctifies their Ufe, making them, as Solomon elegantly speaks, like Apples of Gold in Pictures The Man who is of this happy Difof Silver. position has an infinite Advantage over those whofe irreligious Sentiments, and depraved Morals, exactly, but fatally correspond : For they can never obtain the Confidence of the Publick,

Publick, becaufe, having no Principle, they will of courfe difregard every Obligation : Whereas a religious Man meets with, and deferves the implicit Truft that is repofed in him; a Truft which he can never abufe who confiders himfelf as accountable to God for all his Actions.

Again; He who loves his Country, will confcientioufly observe the Laws which it has eftablished. In every well regulated State equal Regard is paid to the Power of the Governor, and to the Liberties of those who are governed. It is extremely difficult to avoid particular Attachments. Men incline to a Side or Party, as Interest, or Education, or Humour happens to direct ; but the true Patriot forms his Judgment and determines his Actions by the golden Mean : He faithfully renders all due Respect and Service to the Majefty of Princes, but without facrificing the Liberty of the Subject, and zealoufly exerts every Ability, left Power should grow into Tyranny,

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Tyranny, or Liberty degenerate into Licentioufnefs.

Farther; Every one of great Abilities, who is employed in the Service of his Country will endeavour to cherifh in his Mind all those Virtues which his Station is capable of exercifing. He who holds the Reins of Government, a Task so arduous that few have even a Conception of it, may be cautious; but he must be void of Fear. The confcious Integrity of his Heart will fupply him with Steadinefs and Courage; and though the Weight of Power may fometimes opprefs, yet will the Uprightness of his Intentions inspire him with a Refolution fuperior to every Difficulty. He acts with uncommon Vigor in detecting, by Vigilance, the false Friends; and opposing, by Intrepidity, the avowed Enemies of his Country. He calls forth every Virtue for the Service of his royal Mafter, and, what is infeparably connected with it, the general Welfure of the State. Generofity, Honour, and a Regard for the public Good are confpicuous С

fpicuous in him; without which the moft diftinguished Abilities are, to all virtuous and honourable Purpofes, utterly ineffectual: And these great and necessary Virtues will be fo conftantly guarded and defended by him, that no bold prefumptuous Vice, or little Meannefs, will be able to mix with them, and by that Means, either fully or debase their Excellence. For can the Avaritious, the Profligate, or the Ambitious, whofe fole Aim, is to devour, to corrupt, and to enflave, be called LOVERS OF THEIR COUNTRY ?

But we shall be fully instructed in this great and amiable Character, by fumming up every Circumstance belonging to it, in the concise and expressive Terms of one who derived his Knowledge from the Fountain of Truth -.. LOVE THE BROTHERHOOD - FEAR GOD -HONOUR THE KING.

Having thus pointed out fome particular Infances, in which that great Principle, THE LOVE OF

OF OUR COUNTRY, may be properly exerted, it will be of Use to examine into the Reasons on which the Assertion in the Text may be founded, They shall prosper that love Thee.

The true Lover of his Country has Reafon to hope for Profperity, from the Means which he makes use of to attain Success. A good Intention, however laudable, will not be fufficient of itfelf to make any Defign prosperous; but if the Plan be well laid, and the conftituent Parts are firm and well connected, and if these Effentials are founded on the best Intention, namely, the true Interest of a Nation, we shall not only be ready to approve of, but even to answer for the Success of any Enterprize concerted with fo much Wifdom. We of this happy Kingdom are able to produce aftonishing Proofs of the great Confequence of proper Means, wifely and uprightly employed. We have feen Defigns that have had for their Foundation, the Honour and Dignity of the Crown, and the Rights and Advantages of the People, that have been planned

ned by the greateft Abilities, and executed with equal Talents, fucceed beyond the moft fanguine Expectations. But I would not prefume too much on thefe fortunate Events, the final Iffue of which it is not in the Power of human Sagacity to forefee. All that can be pronounced with Certainty is, that where Wifdom, Integrity, and Refolution are united, they are the moft likely Means, as far as human Power extends, to obtain Succefs.

It is wonderful to think what a Man of this great Character can do. — He fills every Breaft with his own Spirit — Men are eager to imitate his Virtues — They are afhamed not to do their Duty — They catch the noble Flame — They carry it into diftant Regions — The perfuasive, the animating Example excites them to facrifice their Eafe, their Fortunes, their Health, their Lives, in Support of fo wife, fo juft, fo virtuous an Administration.

I can fairly appeal, not only to every Member of this great and honourable City, which is

is clofely connected with this renowned Merit, and happy in the Connection, but to every Man, — to every difinterefted Man, in the Nation, if his Heart does not glow with a Love and Admiration of these illustrious Virtues.

But all human Power is Weaknefs, all Man's Wifdom Foolifhnefs, without the Aid and Guidance of the great Lord of the Univerfe : All Knowledge and Experience, all Strength and Courage, every Quality, and every Ability, is weak and vain, unlefs He is pleafed to fend his Bleffing upon them.

It is not the Sword or the Spear, or the Multitude of an Hoft, that can bring Succefs, unlefs the King of Kings, and Governor of all Things, whofe Power no Creature is able to refift, fhall fave and deliver his Servants from the Hands of their Enemies. Yet must it be an unspeakable Joy, to every great and good Man, and a neverfailing Support in the Duties of his Station, to think that God hath promifed, in his holy Word, in the Book of eternal Life, to protect D and

and affift those who put their Trust and Confidence in him, who call upon him out of a pure Heart — The Lord upholdeth the Righteous, — He shall give his Angels Charge over thee — The Salvation of the Righteous cometh of the Lord, who is also their Strength in the Day of Trouble. — Great Prosperity giveth he to his King, to his Anointed, and to his Seed for evermore.

Let us then confirm these divine Truths; let us proclaim the great Mercy and Goodness of God, in vouchfasting successes to his Majesty's Arms; and sending his Blessing on those Endeavours which have been used for the Chastisfement of a faithless and infolent Enemy. Let us in the deepest Sense of our own Unworthiness, in a profound Veneration of God's infinite Power, and in the Voice of Praise and Thanksgiving, fay, with the heavenly Host; Salvation, and Honour, and Power, and Glory, be unto bim that sitteth on the Throne. — Great and marvellous are thy Works, O Lord God Almighty 1 Just and true are thy Ways, O King of Saints !"

It

It would be unneceffary to repeat all the Inftances of Succefs with which the divine Providence hath bleffed the Arms and Councels of our most gracious Sovereign: But fome striking Particulars must not be omitted, tho' it is difficult to fay where we shall begin to speak of the Bleffings of Heaven to these Kingdoms, or open the Scene of his Majesty's Glory and Happines.

· lates ·

When his Enemies, for a while victorious, threatned utter Deftruction to his Dominions, and prefumptuoufly flattered themfelves with the Certainty of Succefs; the God of Heaven interposed, gave a wonderful Prefence of Mind to the Princely Commander, Firmness and Intrepidity to the Soldiers, and, by a total Defeat of the Enemy, turned the King's Mourning into Victory : A Victory which will be remembered to the Honour of the British Infantry, as long as the Sun endureth; and which, confidered in all its Circumstances, plainly difcovered the Hand of Heaven, and proved that the Lord God of Ifrael fought for Israel.

But

But the Affiftance of Heaven on our Side hath not been confined to one Part of the Globe; His Majefty's Arms, under the divine Direction, have been victorious in every Quarter of the World; the Triumphs on the American Continent, obtained under the Difadvantages of Climate, Situation and difproportionate Numbers, are great and aftonifhing. Every Man beholds those Wonders with Rapture and Amazement; though his Joy must feel a Check, at the Loss of that gallant Commander who fell in compleating the wonderful Victory.

God hath been pleafed alfo, particularly to blefs his Majefty in the Friendship of his great and Royal Ally, who by his extraordinary Wisdom, Valour and Experience, by every great, and every amiable Quality, hath purchased to himself a Name surpassing all the Names of Antiquity.

And yet our Happiness doth not even end here. We triumph on the other Element, and the

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the Seas bear the Enfigns of our Glory : And furely it is a Circumftance never to be forgotten, that the Number of the Slain in Battle, on our Part, is finall and inconfiderable, when compared to the great Variety and Importance of our Conquefts.

Let then the facred Truth burft from our Lips, in the religious Sentiment of the royal Pfalmift, The Lord of Hosts is with us; The God of Jacob is our Refuge.

The Bounties of Heaven are unlimited — We have another Bleffing which calls aloud for Acknowledgment and Gratitude.

We are affembled to return our unfeigned Thanks to God, for most feasonably granting us at this Time, an uncommonly plentiful Harvest. The Lord giveth and the Lord taketh away. He turneth the Floods into a Wilderness, and drieth up the Water Springs. A fruitful Land maketh he barren, for the Wickedness of them that dwell therein. Again he maketh the Wilderness a standing Water, and E Water

Water Springs of a dry Ground. — While other Nations have fuffered by Scarcity, while their Land has been drenched with Blood, and their Fields have languished and mourned; God hath crowned our Year with Goodness; our Folds have been firl of Sheep; our Vallies have shood so thick with Jorn, that they have laughed and fung.

This is an Æra in the Annals of Great Britain, which Pofterity will remember with Admiration and Reverence. They will think us an happy Generation; Surely then we ought to think ourfelves fo. We ought to make fuch a religious and moral Ufe of the marvellous Things which God hath done for us, as may beft express our Gratitude to him, and fecure his future Favour : And, in the Height of our Joy and Thankfgiving, to confider that he, who hath given us fuch Cause to rejoice, expects that we should not fuffer our Prosperity to destroy us, by being led to think our Hill so strong that it cannot be removed.

With

With our fincere and hearty Thanks for these wonderful and manifold Bleffings, let us add our unfeigned Prayers to the Throne of Grace, and befeech Almighty God to defend and protect these Kingdoms in their Religion, Liberties, and Commerce, and to give us, in his good Time, a fecure, lafting, and honourable Peace ; that he would be pleafed, as the most happy Means to fo glorious an End, to guard and prolong the Life of our most gracious Sovereign, and to blefs and preferve the Royal Family; that when the greatest and beft of Kings, full of Days and Honour, shall change his temporal for an eternal Crown, We may never want a Prince, of his Illustrious House, bleffed with all the Virtues of his Anceftors, to reign over these Kingdoms, in great Dignity and Prosperity, and to govern a free, dutiful, and united People, in Righteoufnefs, Justice and Mercy. Amen.

FINIS.

