

The Northwest Review.

"AD MAJOREM DEI GLORIAM."

VOL. 2.

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1886.

NO 26

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THE GOLD WULFRIC.

PART II

On the Thursday week following, when my wounds were all getting well, the whole body of convicts was duly paraded at half past eleven in front of the governors house.

The governor came out, holding an official looking paper in his right hand "No. 1430," he said in a loud voice stand forward.

And I stood forward. "No. 1430. I have the pleasant duty of informing you, in face of all your fellow prisoners, that your heroic and self-devotion in saving the life of Warder James Woollocott, when he was attacked and almost overpowered on the 20th of this month by a rebellious gang of convicts, has been reported to her Majesty's secretary of State of the home department; and that on this recommendation her Majesty has been graciously pleased to grant you a free pardon for the remainder of the time during which you were sentenced to penal servitude."

For a moment I felt quite stunned and speechless. I reeled on my feet so much that two of the warders jumped forward to support me. It was a great thing to have at least one's freedom. But in another minute the real meaning of the thing came clearer upon me, and I recoiled from the dare sound of these horrid words—a free pardon! I didn't want to be pardoned like a convicted felon, I wanted to have my innocence proved before the eyes of all England. For my own sake, and still more for Emily's sake; rehabilitation was all I cared for.

"Sir," I said, touching my hat respectfully, and saluting the governor accordingly to our wonted prison discipline, I am very greatly obliged to you for your kindness in having made this representation to the home secretary; but I feel compelled to say I cannot accept a free pardon. I am wholly guiltless of the crime of which I have been convicted; and I wish that, instead of pardoning me the home secretary would give instructions to the detective police to make a thorough investigation of the case, with the object of proving my complete innocence. Till that is done I prefer to remain an inmate of Portland prison. What I wish is not pardon, but to be restored an honest man to the society of my equals."

The governor paused for a moment, and consulted quietly in an undertone with one or two of his subordinates. Then he turned to me with great kindness, and said in a loud voice: "No. 1430, I have no power here any longer to retain you in this prison, even if I wished to do so, after you have once obtained her Majesty's free pardon: My duty is to dismiss you at once, in accordance with the terms of this document. However, I will communicate the substance of your request to the home secretary, with whom such a petition, so made, will doubtless have the full weight that may rightly attach to it. You must now go with these warders, who will restore you your own clothes, and then formally set you at liberty. But, if there is anything further you would wish to speak to me about, you can do so after wards in your private capacity as a free man at two o'clock in my own office."

I thanked him quietly, and then with drew. At two o'clock I duly presented myself in ordinary clothes at the governor's office. "We had a long and confidential interview, in the course of which I was able to narrate to the governor at full length all the facts of my strange story exactly as I have here detailed them. He listened to me with the greatest interest, checking and confirming my statements at length by reference to the file of papers brought to him by a clerk. When I had finished my whole story, he said to me quite simply, "Mr. Tait, it may be imprudent of me in my position and under such peculiar circumstances to say so, but I fully and unreservedly believe your statement. If anything that I can say or do can be of any assistance to you in proving your innocence, I shall be happy, indeed, to exert all my influence in your favor. I thanked him warmly with tears in my eyes.

"And there is one point in your story he went on, to which I, who have seen a good deal of such doubtful cases, attach the very highest importance. You say that gold clippings, pronounced to be similar in character to the gold Wulfric, were found shortly after by a cleaner at the museum on the cocoa nut matting of the floor where the coin was examined by you?"

I nodded blushing crimson. "That," I said, seems to me the strangest and most damning circumstances against me in the whole story.

"Precisely," the governor answered quietly; "and, if what you say is the truth as I believe it to be, it is also the circumstances which best gives us a cue to use against the real culprit. The person who stole the coin was too clever by half, or else not clever enough, for his own protection. In manufacturing that last fatal piece of evidence against

you he was also giving you a certain clue to his own identity."

"You are right," I cried, brightening up at the luminous suggestion; you are right, obviously. And there is only one man who could have seen and heard enough to carry out this abominable plot—McFavish!"

"Well, find him out and prove the case against him, Mr. Tait," the governor said warmly; "and, if you send him here to us, I can promise you that he will be well taken care of."

I bowed and thanked him, and was about to withdraw, but he held out his hand to me with perfect frankness. "Mr. Tait," he said, "can't let him go away so. Let me have your hand in token that you bear us no grudge for the way we have treated you during your unfortunate imprisonment, and that I, for my own part, am absolutely satisfied of the truth of your statement."

The moment I arrived in London I drove straight of without delay to Emily I had telegraphed beforehand that I had been granted a free pardon, but had not stopped to tell her why or under what conditions.

Emily met me in tears in the passage "Harold! Harold! she cried, flinging her arms around wildly me. "Oh, my darling my darling! how can I ever say it to you? Mama says she won't allow me to see you any longer."

It was a terrible blow, but I was not unprepared for it. How could I expect that poor, conventional, commonplace, old lady to have any faith in me after all she had read about me in the news papers?

"Emily," I said, kissing her over and over again tenderly, "you must come out with me then, this very minute: for I want to talk with you over matters of importance. Whether your mother wishes it or not, you must come out with me this very minute."

Emily put on her bonnet hastily and walked out with me into the streets of London. It was growing dark, and the neighborhood was very quiet one; or else perhaps even my own Emily would have felt a little ashamed of walking about the streets of London with a man whose hair was still cropped short around his head like a common felon.

I told her all the story of my release, and Emily listened to it in profound silence.

"Harold!" she cried, "my darling Harold! when I told her the tale of my desperate battle over the fallen warder, 'you are the bravest and best of men. I knew you would vindicate yourself sooner or later. What you have to do now is to show that McFavish stole the Wulfric. I knew he stole it: I read it at the trail in his clean shaven face. I shall prove it still, and then you will be justified in the eyes of everybody.'"

"But how can we manage to communicate meanwhile, darling?" I cried eagerly. "If your mother won't allow you to see me, how are we ever to meet and consult about it?"

"There's only one way Harold, only one way: 'and, as things now stand you mustn't think it strange of me to propose it. Harold, you must marry me immediately, whether mama will let us or not."

"Emily," I cried, "my own darling! your confidence and trust in me makes me I can't tell you how proud and happy. That you should be willing to marry me, even when I am under such a cloud as this, gives me a greater proof of your love than anything else you could possibly do for me. But, darling, I am too proud to take you at your word. For your sake, Emily, I will never marry you until all the world has been compelled unreservedly to admit my innocence."

Emily blushed and cried a little. "As you will, Harold, dearest," she answered, trembling, "I can afford to wait for you. I know that in the end the truth will be established."

IV
A week or two later I was astonished one morning at receiving a visit in my London Lodgings from the Warder Woolacott, whose life I had been happily instrumental in saving at Portland prison.

"Well, sir," he said, grasping my hand warmly and gratefully "you see I haven't yet entirely recovered from that terrible morning. I shall bear the marks of it about me for the remainder of my life. The governor says I shall never again be fit for duty; so they have pensioned me off very honorably."

I told him how pleased I was that he should have been liberally treated, and then we fell into conversation about myself and the means of re-establishing my perfect innocence. "Sir," said he, "I shall have plenty of leisure, and shall be comfortably off now. If there's anything that I can do to be of service to you in the matter, I shall gladly do it. My time is entirely at your disposal."

I thanked him warmly, but told him already that the affair was in the hands of the regular detectives, who had been set to work upon it by the governors in fluence with the home secretary.

TO BE CONTINUED

THE ANCIENT CAPITAL EN FETE

HOW THE NEWS OF MGR. TASCHEREAU'S ELEVATION TO THE CARDINALATE WAS CELEBRATED IN QUEBEC.—NOTES.
From our Special Correspondent

Quebec June 15.

A grand day for Quebec and one that will go down in its annals from generation to generation and be looked back to by the faithful was June 8th last. On that day the official notification from the Holy Fathers was flashed under the broad Atlantic and received amid the acclamation of the populace of the capital of nouvelle France, the stronghold of Catholicity in the new world, and the joyous news was heralded that a prince of the Church had been created, whose See was Quebec and the honor of whose nomination was participated in by the whole of the vast country whose eastern and western shores are laved by the two great oceans. From the moment when it was announced that His Holiness had resolved on bestowing on Canada such a high honor it was almost impossible to describe the joy that filled the hearts of the faithful and which found vent in the hundreds of messages of congratulation that were showered in on the venerable patriarch of Quebec. Great were the expectations and magnificent the preparations; the staid old French capital probably never before experienced such a thrill of joyous excitement, certainly never had greater or better reason; the inhabitants were all agog and business seemed a minor consideration, and that indescribable feeling made itself outwardly visibly that people experience when some great event, known before hand, and which likely only occurs once in a lifetime, is about to take place. To say that bunting was at a premium would give you but the faintest idea of the demand for that festal article, and the wonder was when passing along the gaily decorated streets where such quantities of the var-colored fabric came from; every nation seemed to take part in the joyful celebration, at least every nation's pennants and colors were pressed into service and helped to make each street a kaleidoscopic vision as the brilliant and varying hues gently undulated in the summer breeze.

From early noon until late at night the city was given up to demonstration of rejoicing, and in the evening grand pyrotechnic displays, made the city almost like a scene in fairy land. Before the cardinals palace were massed ten thousand persons. There seemed a charm about the place that held people and made it difficult to leave the scene that hereafter will be historic, and when the bands finally played 'Vive la Canadienne' and 'God Save the Queen' and the vast assemblage gradually dispersed, it was with such a cheer from the lusty throats of the thousands assembled that its very strength and heartiness must have carried to Cardinal Taschereau a message of the love and patriotism that filled the hearts of his devoted subjects. At two o'clock in the afternoon the members of the Legislative council and the House of Assembly proceeded in state to the Palace led by the Hon Speakers Dr. la Bruyere and Wurtile, who appeared in their court dress and robes of office, Major Fiset, sergeant at arms to the council. Mr. Hatt, gentleman usher to the black rod, and Dr. Larocque, sergeant at arms to the assembly carried the maces of their respective chambers. His Eminence received his visitors in the throne room, and the members were introduced by Mr. Speaker Wurtele.

The following address from both houses were then read to his Eminence; To his Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop of Quebec.

We the members of this Legislative Assembly of Quebec in session assembled, are happy to be at this moment the interpreters of the population of this province. We have heard with deep satisfaction of the elevation of Your Grace to the dignity of Cardinal of the Roman Catholic Church. This great distinction conferred upon a prelate of the Church in Canada, gives additional importance to our country in the eyes of other nations and will mark an era in our national history. The members of this house are happy to see the venerable and worthy successor of the illustrious Bishop de Montmorency Laval called upon to occupy a place among the princes of the church of Rome. This house hastens to tender its congratulations to Your Eminence on the occasion of this happy event, which is at once a great honor for our people and the worthy crowning of a life devoted to the service of God and our country.

This address was adopted by both houses on the previous evening when the cablegram of notification arrived. In speaking to the motion to adopt the address Hon Mr. Lynch, as representative of the Protestant minority of the province, joined in the congratulatory address to Cardinal Taschereau. The province of Quebec was no insignificant part of the British Empire, and the dignity was not only conferred upon the man but upon the country at large. Canada to day was due in no small degree to the zealous missionaries who planted the sign of

Christianity and devoted their lives to the welfare of the people. Cardinal Taschereau has done his duty to his God and good service to his country, and every Canadian ought to be ready to congratulate him on the high dignity to which he had been elevated. The hon gentleman then referred to the noble services the Cardinal had rendered to the fever patients at Grosse Isle in 1848 and extended to His Grace the Cardinal the congratulations of the Irish people.

Hon. Mr. Blanchet, Mr. Faucher de St. Maurie and Mr. Marchand endorsed the sentiments expressed by the others. Mr. Carbray, as an Irish representative, said that there were no people in the province more rejoiced to hear of the dignity conferred on the Archbishop of Quebec than were the Irish Catholics.

After the reading of the address his Eminence replied as follows:— Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council and of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Quebec:

I accept with joy and gratitude the address which you have been good enough to present me on the occasion of my elevation to the cardinalate. In his admirable Encyclical Immortale Dei the Sovereign Pontiff Leo XIII., after having perfectly defined the mutual right and relations of church and state, devotes several pages to show the inestimable advantages which flow from their accord. The present incident is an evident proof of the good relations existing between church and state in our province of Quebec; and I venture to say in the whole of Canada. I am thoroughly convinced that His Holiness will learn of it with satisfaction, and in choosing a son of this province of Quebec, and I venture to say in the whole of Canada. I am thoroughly convinced that His Holiness will learn of it with satisfaction, and in choosing a son of this province, and of the successor of Mgr. de Laval to associate him to his own universal solicitude, he has drawn tighter together the bonds which bind our country to the Holy See and imparted to our civil relations with the members of other religions beliefs an altogether special character of cordiality well calculated to testify to the peace and prosperity of the country. During my frequent journeys to Rome, I have more than once had occasion to hold converse with exalted personages upon the relation which exists between the Catholic church and the civil authorities, particularly in this province of Quebec.

They have often expressed to me their admiration of the true liberty and protection which you enjoy under the aegis of the great British Empire. Several have even manifested their wish that all Christian nations could partake of this condition of affairs. What has particularly struck them is the admirable concord which forms the basis of our educational system, in which Church and state lend each other mutual aid in the formation of good Christians and good citizens. Without doubt our laws are in this like all other human work, that they have their inevitable imperfections but in this the perfection exists in being as little imperfect as possible. Once more, honorable gentlemen, accept the expression of my gratitude and my best wishes for the prosperity of our common country.

Cablegrams were sent from Quebec to Cardinal Jacobini acquainting him with the celebrations in Canada, and return dispatches were received from Rome detailing how well pleased the Holy Father was and carrying the apostolic benediction. One of the notable features of the occasion was the visit of Bishop Bond of Montreal, the Anglican bishop to the Cardinal, accompanied by several clergymen who happened to be in Quebec advancing their interests in the Dio. cesan college bill. The visit was, one of congratulation, but of this I shall have more to say in another letter, because events that have transpired during the past year may make interesting reading to people even so far away as Winnipeg.

I understand that yesterday the Montreal City Council passed resolutions of congratulation to the new Cardinal. Montreal has also occasion to be jubilant over the news that his Holiness has resolved to create Montreal an arch diocese. Of this more anon, J. R.

ST JEAN BAPTIST.

Our friends in St. Boniface celebrated on Thursday their national fête day as only French Canadians can. At the Cathedral in the morning Mass was celebrated by His Grace, assisted by Rev Fathers Cherrier and Cahill. The service was well attended by the people of the town among whom was noticed Lieut-Governor Aikins and many other prominent gentlemen from Winnipeg. After Mass the President of St Jean Baptist Society read to His Grace a very warm address to which he replied in a becoming manner. Several speeches of a patriotic nature were afterwards delivered by prominent gentlemen of the place.

THE VIOLINIST.

I know that one of the greatest violinists I have heard told me that Paganini's studies were at the time so unusual and an enigma which very few undertook to solve, and it would be interesting to know how many would be able to solve it in a satisfactory manner.

THE HAIR PIN

Archimedes is said to have boasted had he a lever long enough he could move the world. Let the average woman have a hair pin and she will give Archimedes points and beat him.

hair pin again. It is with the hair pin that she rips open the uncut leaves of a book or magazine: it is a hair pin with which she marks her progress in her favourite book; if a trunk key is missing a hair pin opens the refractory lock as neatly as a burglar's skeleton key would.

HOW TO BEAT THE TELEPHONE

Carrier pigeons are being put to a novel use in Brussels. A baker in that city who does an immense business, having a central depot and fifteen branch establishments throughout the town, applied recently to the telephone company for an estimate of the yearly cost of communication among the different shops.

A STRANGE WAY OF READING MENS CHARACTER

A Spanish shoe maker of a philosophical of mind affirms that men's characters and dispositions are accurately read in the way they wear their boots and shoes than in their physiognomy, or even their hand writing.

THE GROWTH OF CHILDREN

Anything connected with the growth and development of children is interesting. For nearly three years the 130 pupil (boys and girls) of the Rev. Malling Hansen have been weighed and measured with extreme care, four times every day.

ant bearing on the training of children as suggesting the best times of the year for their vacations, and when they need the most nutritious diet.

USEFUL KNOWLEDGE

A pace is three feet. A span is ten and seven eighths inches. One fathom is six feet. A palm is three inches. There are 2,750 languages. Two persons die every second. A storm moves thirty six miles per hour.



Provincial Statutes of Manitoba

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT

The following applications for license in the Province of Manitoba have been received:

SHOPS

P. Rigney, Minnedosa; J. J. Caulfield, Virden; Edwin de Pencier, Manitow; Hudson's Bay Co., Emerson; Cluxton & Co., Emerson, McKeuzie, & Smith, Selkirk; Hudson's Bay Co., Lower Fort; M. Rouglau, Otterburn; A. Coblenz, Grctna; Hudson Bay Co., Portage la Prairie; A. Gouldie, Killarney; F. Monder, St. Boniface; R. Gilland, Portage la Prairie; J. O'Reilly, Portage la Prairie

HOTELS

S. Swanson, Virden; A. Gouldie, Killarney; F. Monder, St. Boniface; Jas. Bell, Portage la Prairie; Amos Barnes, East Selkirk; C. Bower, Stonewall; Wm. Elliot, John, Cobb, Virden; Jas. Young, Souris; Thos. Macivan, Thornhill; Geo. Whelan, Manitow; G. Aerial, St. Boniface; N. Houde, St. Boniface; H. Beauregard, St. Boniface; E. Cassin, St. Boniface; J. W. Kastner, Morris; H. Wexelbaum, Emerson; Jas. Reid, Emerson; Jas. Smith, Emerson; Jas. Doundell, Emerson; Geo. Brad, Dominion City; J. M. Ross, St. James; W. S. Pyroo, St. James; J. A. McIntire St. Charles; S. Cowan, Head; Ingly, Chas. Bell, Grctna; Simoneau, Bros. Gauthier; Jas. Land, Portage la Prairie; Wm. Lyons, Portage la Prairie; H. Cranes, Portage la Prairie; Adams and Jackson, Portage la Prairie; Howde and Scarry, Selkirk; J. H. Montgomery, Selkirk; W. Bullock, Selkirk; B. M. Gunn, St. Andrews; R. Rutherford, Balmoral; Davis Little, Stony Mountain; Isaac Riley, Stonewall.

R. LA TOUCHE TUPPER Secretary Board License Commissioners. Winnipeg, May 28, 1886



Provincial Statutes of Manitoba

LIQUOR LICENSE ACT

The following applications for Licenses in the City of Winnipeg have been received:

HOTELS AND SALOONS

Barry & ODonohoe; Z. Laporte; A. Bright; J. W. Points; Jas. M. Ross; Jas. Hemmingson; O'Connor & Brown; Tessier & Scully; A. Sylvain; E. MacIntosh; W. J. O'Connor; Malthy & McIntosh; E. West; Sidney Burr; J. W. Johnson; J. Hobbs & Dade; John Baird; O'Connor & Lennon; Alex. McLennan; D. Storey; John Anderson; J. H. Grady; Angus Monroe; Jas. F. Mulligan; A. Ems; O. Simonson; R. Arthur; D. McArthur; R. McKittrick; J. McLaren; W. D. Douglas; S. Hirsburg; R. H. Shore; Boreland & O'Connell; Bunnell & Tremblay; G. G. Harrstone; Chas. Creethers; J. Bernhart; W. W. Carter; H. Keighler; McDonald & Rutley; Thomas Dunn; John Whelan; M. Gerrie; H. McIntosh; McDonough & Shea; H. Brawn; J. A. Osborne; W. Bennett; J. Whitelaw; J. F. Campbell; J. A. Brooks; M. T. Conway; G. W. Sloan; G. Marotta; W. Clougher; T. G. Points; M. B. Wood; C. B. Wilson; T. D. Naismith; B. Boore; J. & W. Ems; T. Montgomery; W. Cleverley; Geo. Velle

WHOLESALE

A. Colquhoun; G. F. & J. Galt; SHOPS; B. Moffat; Cummings & Co.; Mrs. Cranson; A. Bright; S. E. Egan; J. A. Wood; Owens & Co.; N. Shaw; Thos. Broad; Hunter & Co.; G. L. Garden

R. LA TOUCHE TUPPER Secretary Board License Commissioners. Winnipeg, May 28, 1886

COMPARATIVE WORTH OF BAKING POWDERS.

Table listing various brands of baking powder and their comparative worth, including ROYAL, GRANT'S, BUNFORD'S, HANFORD'S, REDHEAD'S, CHARM, AMAZON, CLEVELAND'S, PIONEER, CZAR, DR. PRICE'S, SNOW FLAKE, LEWIS', PEARL, HECKEE'S, GILLET'S, ANDREWS & CO., and BULK.

REPORTS OF GOVERNMENT CHEMISTS

As to Purity and Wholesomeness of the Royal Baking Powder.

"I have tested a package of Royal Baking Powder, which I purchased in the open market, and find it composed of pure and wholesome ingredients. It is a cream of tartar powder of a high degree of merit, and does not contain either alum or phosphates, or other injurious substances. E. G. LOVY, Ph.D." "It is a scientific fact that the Royal Baking Powder is absolutely pure. H. A. MOTT, Ph.D."

"I have examined a package of Royal Baking Powder, purchased by myself in the market. I find it entirely free from alum, terra alba, or any other injurious substance. HENRY MORTON, Ph.D., President of Stevens Institute of Technology."

"I have analyzed a package of Royal Baking Powder. The materials of which it is composed are pure and wholesome. S. DANA HAYES, State Assayer, Mass."

The Royal Baking Powder received the highest award over all competitors at the Vienna World's Exposition, 1873; at the Centennial, Philadelphia, 1876; at the American Institute, New York, and at State Fairs throughout the country.

No other article of human food has ever received such high, emphatic, and universal endorsement from eminent chemists, physicians, scientists, and Boards of Health all over the world.

NOTE—The above DIAGRAM illustrates the comparative worth of various Baking Powders, as shown by Chemical Analysis and experiments made by Prof. Schedler. A pound can of each powder was taken, the total leavening power or volume in each can calculated, the result being as indicated. This practical test for worth by Prof. Schedler only proves what every observant consumer of the Royal Baking Powder knows by practical experience, that, while it costs a few cents per pound more than ordinary kinds, it is far more economical, and, besides, affords the advantage of better work. A single trial of the Royal Baking Powder will convince any fair-minded person of these facts.

* While the diagram shows some of the alum powders to be of a higher degree of strength than other powders ranked below them, it is not to be taken as indicating that they have any value. All alum powders, no matter how high their strength, are to be avoided as dangerous.

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The NORTHWEST REVIEW will be mailed free to any address for \$2.50 per annum strictly in advance. The price is slightly in excess of that charged for other papers published in the Northwest, but our friends will readily understand that there are great difficulties to be met with in issuing a Catholic paper, especially so in this new country, a we trust that the extra fifty cents will not deter any of our friends from giving their warm support to the only paper in the Northwest published in the interest of Catholics in the English Language

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KING'S.

The cattle and effects of the Clonan tenants were seized and sold on May 22, by Mr. W. Egan, North King street, Dublin. The farms of Mr. John Maher and Mrs. M. Maher were first visited, and the cattle were found to cover the amount of rent due. The next case was that of John McDonnell, who protested utter inability to pay. In his case the sale was adjourned. After the sale a procession was formed headed by the Roscrea brass band and banner, and proceeded into town.

WICKLOW.

That the members of this Branch of the National League, comprising upwards of nearly one thousand residents of Bray, learn with regret of the action of the Dublin, Wicklow and Wexford Railway Company in playing into the hands of the members of the L.P.U., by dismissing a number of workmen on the same day chosen by certain individuals (Verner, etc.) to dismiss Catholic members of this association, under the pretence of non requirement, and we earnestly hope that the company will take immediate steps to reinstate those men, and so prevent any further irritation of the hostile feeling created in the locality by their dismissal under existing circumstances.

ANTRIM.

A young man named George McCracken was accidentally killed on May 22, at the Belfast Terminus of the Northern Counties Railway while some wagons were being shunted.

The petition inaugurated by the Lady Mayoress has been signed by several thousand women in Belfast. Throughout the province of Ulster the number of names sent forward was enormous. Many Protestant ladies have signed it in Belfast, and the eagerness of the fair sex to affix their names caused great throngs at the doors of the Catholic churches.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed Mr Michael McCartan, of Crossgar House Dromara, to the Commission of the Peace. Mr. McCartan is the only Catholic Magistrate in the Dromore, Dromara or Ballynahinch Petty Sessions district.

ARMAGH.

On the evening of May 24th a terrible murder was committed at Tullykirk near Blackwatertown, by a small farmer named Hugh Daly, who kicked his wife to death. He gave himself up to the police in Blackwatertown, telling them that he had murdered his wife.

CAYAN.

The clergy and laity throughout the diocese of Kilmore are vigorously taking up the project of getting up a testimonial to Bishop elect Eimnegan.

DERRY.

On May 23 a very large concourse of citizens attended the funeral of a Derry artisan who in his way, in the past party and political excitement of Derry was a somewhat prominent figure. The deceased John McGeoghegan was an O'Connell Repealer, and preserved his card of initiation with care and pride to the last. His remains were interred in the old Long Tower burying ground.

A Mrs. McMaster of Favor Royal near Ballygawley, died suddenly on May 21st after returning from Derry, where she had been transacting business.

DONEGAL.

A convention for East Donegal was held Letterkenny on May 24th. The convention was called together at the instance of Mr. John O'Meara, solicitor, who has been sent down by the executive of the National League to organize the working of the branches for the registration of voters in the divisions of North Tyrone, East Donegal and South Derry. The Convention was well attended, Mr. O'Meara explained in detail the steps necessary to be taken to carry out the objects of the Convention, and arrangements were made for the formation of committees for the various districts in the divisions.

KILDARE.

Only three members of the Naas Board of Guardians were opposed to tendering a vote of thanks to Mr. Gladstone for his efforts in regard to self-government for Ireland.

Jeremiah Mara, solicitor, have been appointed Clerk of the Crown for the County Kildare, in the room of the late John Galloway.

A lady, who was stated to be in possession of property worth four or five hundred pounds a year, applied recently to the Kilkenny Board of Guardians for relief because her tenants would not pay their rents. The board refused the application, offering an order for admittance to the workhouse.

The Month's Mind Office and High Mass for the repose of the soul of the late Very Rev. Cannon Maher, P. P. Windgap, Callan was celebrated on May 24, in the parochial church Windgap, Dr. Brownrigg, Bishop of Ossory, presiding.

DUBLIN.

On the evening of May 28, the Father Burke Memorial Church bazaar in the Rotunda, Dublin, was closed after three days of unprecedented success. The sum realized was very handsome, and there is every hope that if augmented by a little it will, with the large proceeds from the grand drawing of prizes, be sufficient to entirely complete the Memorial Church erected to the great Dominican at Tallaght.

The Irish Amateur Athletic Association at a recent meeting adopted the following resolution: That all clubs affiliated to this association be recommended to purchase prizes only of Irish manufacture.

John Stafford, No. 58 Great Britain street, provision dealer, and John Henry Nicholson, of No. 13 Upper Sackville street, in the city of Dublin, merchant tailor, have been adjudged bankrupts.

CARTOW.

At a meeting of the Rathvilly, Ficknock and Talbotstown L.N.L., held recently Rev. John Phelan, P. P., in the chair a vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Deering for surrendering a farm he had grabbed and recognizing the principles of the Irish National League.

DOWN.

At the Newry Petty Sessions on May 26th three Protestants named McMeehan, Smith and McCague were put forward on a charge of waylaying and assaulting a Roman Catholic named Patrick Larkin on the 20th inst. The injured man appeared in court and bore every evidence of having received barbarous treatment at the hands of his cowardly assailants. Eleven wounds were inflicted on his head and face, and his arms and body were absolutely covered with bruises and contusions. The bench decided to return the accused for trial on a charge of unlawful assault.

WATERFORD.

On May 21 some bailiffs seized a large number of cattle on the farm of a man named Daniel McGrath, near Cap poquin for 75 pounds, arrears for rent alleged to be due. They were driven to Lismore, where they were impounded. A short time after the cattle were seized a number of persons came to Lismore and claimed them, stating they did not belong to McGrath, but were only on his land as graziers. The bailiffs, however refused to give up the cattle, even though the owners made affidavits stating the cattle were theirs.

Mr. Edmond Burke has been appointed Local Government Inspector for the Dungarvan district. Robert A. Egan, of Nos. 25 and 30 Barronstreet, Waterford, grocer and publican, has been adjudged a bankrupt.

GALWAY.

On May 24, Messrs. Reddington, Fraser and Mahony, the three commissioners appointed by the Lord Lieutenant to advise as to the proper expenditure of the 20,000 pounds granted by Parliament for relief works in the west of Ireland, embarked on board the gunboat 'Banter' at, Cleagan for Inisboffin, in order to report upon the piers and the road works about to be begun thereunder the Relief of distress Act.

TIPPERARY.

At the meeting of the Tipperary National League on May 23 the Very Rev. Canon Cahill, P. P., in the chair. Mr. Breen, T. C., referred to the eviction of the Sisters of Mercy by Mr. Smith Barry expressing a hope that the lands of which the religious sisters were unjustly deprived would be restored to them. The land is now used as a lawn tennis park, and has proved an intolerable annoyance to the sisterhood. A public meeting is to be held to protest against the eviction if the landlord does not restore the ground.

On May 22 there was a great demonstration at Roscrea the occasion being the sale of some cattle for rent at the instance of the landlord, Mr. W. Egan seed merchant, Dublin. The tenants asked a reduction of 25 per cent. owing to the depression of the times, and this having been refused they refused to pay and thence the proceedings.

The death is announced of the pastor of Ballyneal, Rev. John Dee. The deceased had reached the age of 75.

At the meeting of the Drangan L.N.L. held on May 23. Rev. M. O'Connor, P. P., in the chair, Mr. Cusack, secretary, announced the receipt of £4 from the Rev. Thomas Cleary, Milwood, Lincoln Co., Missouri, U.S.A. in aid of the evicted tenants' fund.

LIMERICK.

A largely attended meeting of the ladies of Limerick was held on May 22 the Mayoress (Mrs. O'Meara), presiding, when a number of resolutions were adopted expressing pleasure at the appointment of the new Bishop of the diocese. A subscription list was also opened with the object of presenting a suitable testimonial to his Lordship.

At the meeting of the Limerick Urban Sanitary Board on May 25 the following resolution was adopted: That the attention of the Corporation as the curators of the health and well being of the citizens be called to the erection of a blood factory in the city, and request in the strongest manner the Council to take immediate steps to prevent such a manufactory to continue in such a populous locality and in the near vicinity of such public buildings as the Lunatic Asylum, the County Hospital, Male Prison, etc.

A series of evictions took place on May 25 and 26 in the neighborhood of Listowel, on Lord Ormathwaite's property, which is under the agency of Mr. George Sandes, J. P. A large force of police was drafted into the town. The amount of rent in each case was for one year. The sheriff handed over each farm to Mr. Power, who represented Lord Ormathwaite. The Local tenants Defence Association have decided on erecting Land League huts for the evicted tenants. On the 26th six families were evicted on the property of Miss Fitzmaurice.

James Larkin of Miltown grocer, and John Kelleher, of Killarney, grocer and shopkeeper have been adjudged bankrupts.

CORK.

On May 27 the body of a man named Thomas Bransfield was found floating in Queenstown Harbor.

The Cork and Passage Railway Company have resolved to use in future Irish tweeds and serges exclusively for their employees.

A man named Clifford fell into a well near Charleville and was drowned. The Rathcourse tenants on the estate of the Provost Fellows, and the students of Trinity College, Dublin, have been granted an abatement of 15 per cent. in their rents.

William Casey, the Square, Macroom, was attached by an elephant and sustained serious injuries.

DANIEL CAREY.

Barrister, Attorney, Solicitor and Notary Public. Commissioner for Quebec and Manitoba. 25 LOMBARD STREET WINNIPEG.

DR. DUFRESNE.

Physician, Surgeon and Obstetrician. COR. MAIN AND MARKET STS. Opposite City Hall. Winnipeg, Man.

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FIRST-CLASS TAILOR AND CUTTER. Repairing a Specialty. Prices Most Reasonable. 43 McDermott St., Winnipeg.

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STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING, PLUMBING AND GARBITTING, 93 Perth Avenue, Winnipeg. Plans, Specifications and Estimates furnished on application. P. O. Box 471.

DO YOU WANT

TO BUY OR SELL A FARM. Examined list of "FARMS FOR SALE" AND "FARMS WANTED" in the DAILY AND WEEKLY MAIL. THE MAIL has become a recognized medium for Farm Advertisements.

Examined list of "FARMS FOR SALE" AND "FARMS WANTED" in the DAILY AND WEEKLY MAIL. THE MAIL has become a recognized medium for Farm Advertisements.

YOUR BAKING POWDER TO-DAY! and advertised as absolutely pure CONTAIN AMMONIA.

THE TEST: Place a can top down on a hot stove until heated, then remove the cover and smell. A chemical will not be required to detect the presence of ammonia.



DOES NOT CONTAIN AMMONIA. THE HEALTHFULNESS HAS NEVER BEEN QUESTIONED. IN A million homes for a quarter of a century it has stood the consumer's test. THE TEST OF THE OVEN. PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., MAKERS OF Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts, Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gums. FOR SALE BY GROCERS. ST. LOUIS, MO. ST. LOUIS, MO.

PHELAN BROS.

FRUIT & CONFECTIONERY

BOOKS, PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, TOYS 404 MAIN STREET

Table listing various goods and prices for Phelan Bros. including meats, produce, and household items.

Dr. Clarke advertisement for a medical treatment, featuring a portrait of the doctor and text describing his methods for treating various ailments.

RETAIL MEAT MARKET

Table of retail meat prices including beef, pork, mutton, and various cuts.

Table of wholesale meat and cattle market prices, including items like mutton chops, beef, and various cuts.

Table of vegetable and fruit prices, including potatoes, cabbages, and various fruits.

TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "Tender for oats," and addressed to the Commissioner N. W. M. Police Regina, N.W.T., will be received up to noon on Saturday, the 12th June, for furnishing five thousand bushels of oats to be delivered at the C. P. R. Stations, Regina, not later than 30th June.

The lowest and only tender not necessarily accepted. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian bank cheque of an amount equal to per cent. of the total value of the Oats tendered must for which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned.

FRFD. WHITE, Comptroller, N. W. M. Police, Ottawa, 19th May, 1886.

Advertisement for CH. MUMM & CO'S CHAMPAGNE, featuring a bottle illustration and text about 49,312 cases imported in 1879.

22,526 Cases MORE than of any other brand. CAUTION.—Beware of imitations or mistakes, owing to the great number of cans and labels, under which inferior brands of Champagne are sold. In ordering G. H. MUMM & CO'S Champagne, see that the labels and cans bear its name and initials.

"The Northwest Review"

IS PUBLISHED AT
No. 13 Owen Street, Winnipeg
Every Saturday morning
Subscription:—One year, \$2.50; Six months \$1.50. Clubs of five, \$2.00. Strictly cash in advance.
ADVERTISING RATES.
Full Column, 12 months ... \$200.00
Half Column, 12 months ... 120.00
Quarter Column, 12 months ... 75.00
One-Eighth Column, 12 months ... 45.00
Transient advertising, 12 cents per line first insertion; 10 cents each subsequent insertion.
Orders to discontinue advertisements must be sent to the office in writing.
Special Notices, set in nonpareil type, leaded, and located on the eighth page immediately over the city news, 10 cents per word each insertion. No notice inserted for less than \$1.
Professional cards (run in and without display) \$1 per month.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Notice of Births, Marriages and Deaths, 50 cents each insertion.
Correspondence conveying facts of interest will be welcomed and published.
J. J. CHADOCK,
Editor and Publisher

THE PRESS—THE PEOPLE'S DUTY.—If you wish to have an honest press you must honestly support it.—Archbishop MacHale.

CALENDAR FOR JUNE.

- Consecrated to the Most Precious Blood of Our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ and to the Most Sacred Heart of Jesus.
- 1. Tuesday. St. Angela Merici V. Rogation Day.
- 2. Wednesday. The Blessed Virgin, Mother of Grace.
- 3. Thursday. The Ascension of Our Lord Holy Day of Obligation.
- 4. Friday. St. Francis Caracciolo C.
- 5. Saturday. St. Boniface. Band Monday.
- 6. Sunday within the Octave of the Ascension St. Norbert B and C.
- 7. Monday. Of the Octave.
- 8. Tuesday. Of the Octave.
- 9. Wednesday. Of the Octave.
- 10. Thursday. Octave of the Ascension.
- 11. St. Barnabas. Apost.
- 12. Saturday. Octave of St. Boniface. Vigil of Pentecost. Fast of obligation.
- 13. Sunday. Pentecost.
- 14. Monday. Of the Octave.
- 15. Tuesday. Of the Octave.
- 16. Wednesday. Ember day. Fast of Obligation.
- 17. Thursday. Of the Octave.
- 18. Friday. Ember day. Fast of Obligation.
- 19. Saturday. Ember day. Fast of Obligation.
- 20. Sunday. First day after Pentecost. The most Holy Trinity.
- 21. Monday. St. Aloysius Gonzaga, Confessor
- 22. Tuesday. St. Basil the Great D and C
- 23. Wednesday. Votive office of St. Joseph
- 24. Thursday. Corpus Christi
- 25. Friday. Nativity of St. John the Baptist
- 26. Saturday. Of the Octave of Corpus Christi
- 27. Sunday. Second day after Pentecost
- 28. Monday. Of the Octave
- 29. Tuesday. St. Peter and Paul. Apostles
- 30. Wednesday. Of the Octave.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The Rev. Father Drummond S. J. is announced to preach at St. Mary's Church to-morrow at 10.30. am.
On Sunday, the 4th of July, the Rev. Father Drummond, of St. Boniface College will begin a mission at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Point Douglas.
The prizes will be awarded to the pupils of St. Joseph's school on Monday, the 23 inst, and at Mary's the following day, 29th inst. at the same hour. The parents and friends of the scholars are cordially invited to be present.
Mr. M. Haverty well and favorably known to our numerous readers, has purchased the Tecumseh House which he has renovated and will in the future conduct a hotel on first class principles.
The News says Mr. Gladstone struck the keynote when he said this election is the people's election. The question resolves itself into Home Rule versus Coercion. The people will not be easily frightened by the bugbears of Lord Salisbury and his allies.
The graphic description of the fete at Quebec in honor of Cardinal Taschereau should be read by our readers. We have made arrangements (and trust that our efforts will be appreciated by our numerous readers) to have specially reported for the Review all events in connection with this very important affair in Canadian history and one of the greatest interest to every Catholic.

Our respected friend of Tontogan, Mr. William Shannon, spent a few days in the city last week. He was heartily welcomed by his numerous friends here who esteem him for his many noble characteristics. He returned with his daughters who have been attending St. Mary's Academy, one of whom (Miss Catherine) secured the gold medal from that institution for general excellence in the English and French languages.

We take the liberty of sending the NORTHWEST REVIEW to many of our friends to whom we hope it will be acceptable, and to all it will be delivered at the very reasonable cost of \$2.00 per year. The reading matter of the NORTHWEST REVIEW is selected with care, and every paragraph will be found interesting. It will compare favourably with weekly papers of the Northwest and we believe it deserves a warm support, especially among Catholics. We trust our friends will help to increase the circulation of the NORTHWEST REVIEW by sending in their names with the subscription fee mentioned, to the office, 13 Owen street, Winnipeg.

Mr. Gladstone, in addressing the multitude who gathered to hear him at Glasgow, put the question at issue very concisely to his hearers. He said: 'Attempts have been made, and will be made, to divert your attention from the real question at issue. This question is solely whether Ireland shall be trusted, or managed by her own affairs. Those who deny Ireland this right admit that Canada and the other British colonies enjoy such rights. We are to trust our fellow subjects in Ireland and govern by love, or we are to adopt the policy of the Government's enemies and introduce into Ireland government by force?' It has been demonstrated to the world that England has not force enough to govern Ireland. The world will be greatly interested indeed to know the extent and power of England's love!

ARCHBISHOP FABRE.
We find the following in L'Etendard of the 12th inst.
We have just received the subjoined letter, which is an official confirmation of the happy news that we some days ago were the first to publish.
Montreal, June 11, 1886,
Mr. Editor You will please bring under the notice of your readers the agreeable news of the erection of Montreal into an Archdiocese. A telegram received here from Rome brings this consoling information.
I have the honor to be, Mr. Editor, your very humble servant,
L. D. A. MARECHAL,
Vicar General.

This we are sure is a very pleasing announcement to our numerous readers. Bishop Fabre's Episcopacy has been a very trying one for the ten years in which he has had control of that very important see, and the singular ability with which he has administered the affairs of the diocese has been very marked. Unswervingly he has stood by the commands of the Holy See, not being deterred in his duty by obliquity or calumny to which is due his promotion. That God may confer on him His choicest blessings and long spare him to his people and archepiscopacy is the heartfelt wish of every Catholic.

THE C. P. R. AND THE NORTHWEST.

The efforts now being put forth abroad by the C. P. R. to bring the Northwest prominently before the eyes of Europe is certainly deserving of praise from the inhabitants of this country. Those very unreasonable people who are continually decrying the Northwest ought surely be satisfied now that the C.P.R. is not working against but for the country.
It must be plain to those who will see that the interest of the C.P.R. are bound up in the prosperity of the Northwest; that its interests are identical with those of the people. Those who contend that the "ironheeled monopoly" is crushing the settlers, contend falsely. To retard the progress of the settlers would be to endanger the success of the road which in itself shows the absurdity and unreasonableness of the allegation. It is quite true that there is not now, happily, the hostility to this great national undertaking that there formerly was but there are still too many individuals, and public journals who, we regret to say, are actuated by no other motive than political triumph, endeavor to cripple this gigantic undertaking by circulating vicious slander about the road and the territory through which it passes, which of course, are quickly gobbled up by the newspaper correspondents and immediately dispatched to Europe, (and it is certain they lose nothing in transit) there to do the work of killing immigration to the Northwest and putting an estoppel upon the progress of the Canadian Pacific Railway. But the practical manner in which the company has performed its work has most effectively crushed the fabrications about this country which obtained so much credence in England and has made it impossible for enemies of the Northwest to get anything like the hearing they formerly received.
The exhibits from the Northwest shown by the C. P. R. at the Colonial Exhibition

has also created a very excellent impression on the English, showing as they forcibly do, what this country can produce and also indicating what class of settlers will thrive here. This practical way of advertising the Canadian Northwest will save us from an influx of the old country drapers' clerks, mechanics, poor relations and decayed gentlemen who would, if enticed here by exaggerated reports, simply live in summer and become mendicants in winter. But this false policy has been disproved by the C. P. R. and the Canadian Government and henceforth we may expect a class of immigrants suited to the country and we will thus be saved from an idle population of men who would spend their time in cursing the country and in dying, of which, unfortunately, we have already had a sad experience.

HUDSON'S BAY RAILWAY.

Mr. Shelford, the consulting engineer of the Hudson's Bay Railway, who, it will be remembered, made trip to Norway House last fall in connection with the Hudson's Bay Railway, and sent his assistant, Mr. Mooney, to the York Factory to look over the route, has written an article on the scheme for the National Review. After pointing out the great advantages to be gained by the opening up of such a route as the Hudson's Bay, Mr. Shelford goes on to speak of the possibility of the scheme in the following terms:

It is conceded by all who know the district, and has been ascertained by actual survey, that the country is well adapted to the construction of a cheap line and that Port Nelson, on Hudson's Bay, will admit ocean steamships. The same unanimity of opinion among disinterested persons may be said to prevail as to the navigation of Hudson's Bay and Strait. For 276 years they have been traversed by sailing vessels of different classes, from the boat of the whaler to the ship of war, and for almost every year during the past century and a half they have been visited by the vessels of the Hudson's Bay Company, without any but the most trifling loss. Had not the Hudson's Bay route been feasible, the company's traders would have fared badly.

C. P. R. LANDS.

From scores of sources come evidences of the drawing of a better era on the Northwest. One of the most conclusive is the fact that this year the Canadian Pacific Railway have sold twice as much land as they did last year. The C. P. R. lands are mainly sold to people who have considerable capital since the poorest classes all select Government land, which is free. The increased sales of lands therefore means the presence in the country of an increased number of moderately wealthy farmers. Some of the purchasers of land are new comers, but the majority are men who have been here for two or three years and have prospered to such an extent that they want to enlarge their farms. The C. P. R. immigration agencies, contrary to the general belief are not employed in securing settlers for C. P. R. lands, but devote their energies towards settling immigrants on Government property, the company recognising the fact that the filling up of Dominion lands will enhance the value of their own. The C. P. R. lands are consequently left much to themselves and the doubling of the demand for them is held to be a strong proof of the substantial prosperity of the farmers of the Northwest.

VANCOUVER FIRE

Victoria Colonist. The rumors of various incidents at the Vancouver fire are numerous, but it being impossible to authenticate them at present some are given below for what they are worth:—
It is said that the barkeeper of one of the hotels, who had to jump into the water to escape the fearful heat, swam past the bodies of two men, who, taking to the water had been drowned. Four men are also reported to have pushed into the water on a log, which afterwards, beginning to roll, threw them of and drowned them. Harry Edwards, the telegraph editor at Vancouver, had to jump for his life into the water and swam one hundred yards to a place of safety. The losses among some of the Victoria merchants will be heavy. One of them lost about 15,000 dollars in a stock of men's furnishing goods. Another had forwarded a stationary stock valued at about \$1,500, which fortunately did not arrive before the fire.
Mrs. Carl Green, whose husband was injured some months ago by falling from the roof of the C. P. R. depot, desires to thank the employes of the building and bridge department of the C. P. R. and all others who assisted in raising \$100 for the benefit of herself and family.
The Port Arthur train brought in about forty immigrants Saturday, besides a couple of carloads of navvies for the Rockies. The majority departed by the western train.

OUR SCHOOLS.

THE PRIZE LISTS OF THE DIFFERENT INSTITUTIONS.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

The closing exercises at the above institute were very interesting and delighted all who were present, among whom, besides His Grace the Archbishop, were a large number of clergy and many distinguished Protestant and Catholic citizens. The opening oration by several lady pianists, was very cleverly executed and well received by all present. The performers were the Misses Soucisse, Gelley, McCarthy, Hughes, Watson and Adams. The following pieces on the programme, including choruses and other instrumental performances were all given in an exceptionally good style. Miss C. Shannon's valedictory was a very creditable essay; clearly showing that she possesses much ability which her quiet and assuming disposition somewhat concealed.
The address to His Grace was presented by Miss Soucisse to which he replied in a very becoming manner. The audience then proceeded to inspect the fancy work of the pupils which was on exhibition in another room, and which, also, elicited the admiration of all who examined the numerous specimens of painting, crayon drawing and needle work displayed. The classes will resume studies on the 17th of August.
Bronze medal, presented by His Excellency, the Governor General, to the English speaking pupil who has obtained the best success in the French language awarded to Miss Isabella Chevrier.
Gold medal for proficiency in the English and French languages awarded to Miss Catherine Shannon.

- Ribbons of Honor, 1st Course:—
1, Mary Lamb and Isabella Chevrier;
2, Mary A. Ryan; 3, Ann Chevrier; 4, Josephine Soucisse; 5, Flora Laporte; 6, Florence Adams; 7, Emma Gelley and Agnes Smith.
2nd. Course:—1, Blanche Carey, 2, Ellen Egan; 3, Ethel Douglass and Anna Drummond; 4, Agnes Haverty and Ann Lawler; 5, Anna Shannon; 6, Marie Louise Laporte.
3rd Course:—1, Seraphine Messner; 2, Isabella Shannon; 3, Marie Miller and Winifred Cummings; 4, Majorie Harrison; 5, Mary Martineau; 6, Marie Louise Trudel.
Religious Instruction, prizes awarded by the Rev. Fathers of St. Mary's church, Senior course:—1 prize, Ann Chevrier; 2 prize, Flora Laporte. 1 accessit, Isabella Chevrier; 2 accessit, Emma Gelley; 3 accessit, Agnes Haverty and A. McCaffrey. Junior course:—1 prize, Seraphine Messner; 2 prize, Catherine Lynett. 1 accessit, Winifred Cummings; 2 accessit, Marie Louise Trudel, 3 accessit, Catherine Haverty.
Good conduct.—Prize awarded to Mary Lamb; 1 accessit, Isabelle Chevrier; 2 accessit, Annie Chevrier; 3 accessit, Flora Laporte. Good notes.—Prize awarded to Isabella Chevrier and M. A. Ryan. 1 accessit, Ann Chevrier, 2 accessit, Mary E. Shannon; 3 accessit, Esther Soucisse.
Prize for general application presented by the Board of Education, awarded to Catherine Shannon.
Regular attendance.—Prize awarded to Isabella Chevrier, Flora Laporte, Ann Chevrier, Ann McCaffrey, Sarah Harkness and Winifred Cummings who have not missed a single day in the whole year.
Domestic Economy, Prizes presented by the Rev. Father Doucet:—Senior Course, Mary Lamb. Junior course 1 accessit, Josephine Soucisse; 2 accessit, Charlotte Ellis, 3 accessit, Seraphine Mesner.
Gold medal for proficiency in music awarded to Josephine Soucisse.
Miss M. A. Ryan—Prize for application, geography, history, natural history, composition, declamation, 2 accessit to prize of arithmetic, 7 English division, prize for parsing, accessit to prize of epistolary art, 4th French division, 2 accessit to prize of oil painting, and the 1 accessit to vocal music, 1st course.
Miss Emma Gelley—Prizes for parsing, natural history, geography, penmanship, 1 accessit to prize of linear drawing, 7th French division, prize for book-keeping, 6th English Division, 1st for instrumental music, 2nd course, 1st in vocal music, 1st course and 1st accessit to painting, water colors.
Miss Agnes Smith, prizes for grammar, map-drawing, book-keeping, algebra, 1st accessit to geography, history, zoology, composition, 2nd accessit to linear drawing, 7th English division, 2nd prize for translation, 4th French, and the 1st accessit to black crayon and oil painting.
Miss Joseph Soucisse—Prizes for application, spelling, grammar, linear drawing, 7th division, prizes for plain sewing and darned on net.
Miss Eva McCarthy—Prizes for arithmetic and analysis, accessit to map drawing, 7th English division, 1st prize of grammar, (Fasquelles French course.) 2nd prize of reading, 1st accessit to spelling, 4th French division, and 2nd accessit to drawing, black crayon.
Miss Isabella Chevrier—Prizes for grammar, History of Canada, arithmetic, elocution, composition, 1st accessit to spelling, geography, parsing, penmanship, 6th French division, 1st prize of darned on net and 2nd prize of vocal music, 1st course.
Miss Mary Ellen Shannon—Prizes for parsing, elements of natural philosophy, 1st accessit to grammar, 2nd accessit to geography, History of Canada, spelling, book-keeping, 6th English division, prizes of parsing, elements of astronomy, 6th French division, 2nd prize of vocal music, and prize of French conversation, 1st course.
Miss Ann Chevrier—Prizes for application, geography, elements of astronomy, 1st accessit to History of Canada,

- elocution, arithmetic, 2nd accessit to parsing, 3rd accessit to linear drawing, 6th English division, prizes of grammar, epistolary art; accessit to prizes of application and parsing, 6th French division, and the 2nd accessit to darned on net, 1st course.
Miss Esther Soucisse—Prizes for spelling, 6th French division, 1st prize of parsing, 2nd prizes of grammar, arithmetic, 1st accessit to spelling, analysis, geography, 5th English division, and prize of English conversation, 1st course.
Miss Florence Adams—Prizes for spelling, map-drawing, 1st accessit to application, elements of natural philosophy, composition, book-keeping, 2nd accessit to elements of astronomy, 6th English division, prize for spelling, 1st accessit to application, and grammar, 5th French division, and 1st prize of instrumental music, 3rd course.
Miss Caroline McCarthy—1st prize of Intellectual arithmetic, 1st accessit to geography, History of Canada, 2nd accessit to application, 6th English division, 2nd prize of reading, 3rd prize of grammar, (Fasquelles French course.) 4th French division, and the 1st accessit to instrumental music, 1st course.
Miss Edith Wilson—Prizes for arithmetic, elements of astronomy, 1st accessit to map drawing, 6th English division, prize for vocabulary, third French division, and 2nd accessit to vocal music 1st course.
Miss Mary Lamb—Prizes for application, third French division, and prize of Household order, 1st course.
Miss Louisa Hughes—2nd accessit to spelling penmanship, 6th English division, prize of reading and accessit to spelling, 5th French division.
Miss Matilda Watson—2nd accessit to History of Canada, 6th English division, 1st prize of reading, 2nd accessit to the prize of grammar, (Fasquelles French course.) 4th French division, and the 1st accessit to instrumental music, second course.
Miss Ethel Douglass—1st prize of grammar and arithmetic, 2nd prizes of geography and oral lessons, 1st accessit to History of Canada, 2nd accessit to accessit to analysis, 5th English division 1st prize of application, 2nd prize of grammar (Fasquelles French course,) third French division, and 2nd prize of crocheted work 1st course.
Miss Ethel Lemon—1st prizes of geography, spelling, letter writing, second prize of arithmetic, 1st accessit to oral lessons and linear drawing, second accessit to grammar and History of Canada, 5th English Division, 1st prizes of application and grammar, (Fasquelles French course) and second accessit to spelling, 4th French division.
Miss Ann Lawler—1st prizes of mental and practical arithmetic, second accessit to reading, 5th English division, third prize of application, third French division 1st prize of instrumental music, 4th course, the 1st accessit to vocal music, second course; and 1st accessit to crocheted work 2nd course.
Miss Rosemary Barrett 1st prizes of reading, Analysis, Oral Lessons, 1st accessit to parsing and mental arithmetic, 2nd accessit to letter writing-5th English division.
Miss Flora Laporte—2nd prize of application and spelling, 1st accessit to grammar, arithmetic and penmanship, 2nd accessit to parsing, 5th English division; prize of application, accessit to reading, French division, and 1st accessit to instrumental music, 4th course,
Miss Hannah Dunlea.—Prize of Application 2nd accessit to oral lessons, 5th English division; 2nd prize of dictation 4, French division; 1st of tapestry work and 2nd of household order 1st course.
Miss Ellen Egan—2nd prize of reading and mental arithmetic 5th English division 3rd of grammar, (Fasquelles) 3rd French division; 2nd accessit to crocheted work, 2nd course and 2nd accessit to instrumental music, 4th course.
Miss Agnes Haverty—2nd prizes of analysis and parsing, 1st accessit to letter writing, 2nd accessit to geography, 5, English division; and 2nd prize of French conversation, 2nd course.
Miss Giovanna Austin— 1st prize of linear drawing, 2nd of letter writing, 1st accessit to reading, 1st prize of orthography and 1st accessit to reading 4th French division.
Miss Blanche Carey— 1st accessit to application, 5th English division, 1st prize vocal music and 1st accessit to household order, 2nd course.
Miss Ethel Harrison—2nd prize of translation, 3rd French division.
Miss Seraphine Mesner—1st prizes of spelling, grammar, reading and history, 4th English division; 1st prizes of reading and grammar, (Fasquelles Fr. Method) 3rd French division.
Miss Winifred Cummings—2nd prizes of spelling and grammar, 1st accessit to parsing, 4th English division; 3rd prize of reading, 3rd French division, and 1st prize of instrumental music 5th course.
Miss Anna Shannon—1st prize of dictation, 2nd of penmanship, 1st accessit to grammar, 2nd accessit to geography 4th English division, 3rd accessit to spelling, 3rd French division; 1st prize of crocheted work, and 2nd accessit to vocal music, 2nd course.
Miss Anna Drummond 1st prizes of geography and penmanship, second accessit to application and Sacred history 4th English division, 1st prize of plain sewing, second course, and 1st accessit to instrumental music, 4th course.
Miss Charlotte Ellis— 1st prize of application, 1st accessit to writing, 4th English division; 1st prize of embroidery and second of household order, 1st course,
Miss Sarah Harkness—1st prize of sacred history and mental arithmetic, 4th English division; second prize of grammar and second accessit to reading 4th French division.
Miss Isabella Shannon—1st prize of arithmetic, second prize of application, 4th English division; second prize of spel-

ling, 3rd French division, and 1st accessit to household order, third course.

Miss Marie Louise Laporte—1st prize grammar, 2nd of dictation, second accessit to penmanship, 4th English division; and second prize instrumental music, 5th course.

Miss Marie Miller—1st prize reading, second arithmetic, 4th English division; and 1st accessit to instrumental music, 5th course.

Miss Gertrude Codd—second prize of arithmetic, 4th English Division; second reading, third French division; and the 1st accessit to vocal music, second course.

Miss Victorine Rocan—Second prize geography 1st accessit to application and history, 4th English division and prize of macrame work, second course.

Miss Josephine Egan—Prize of Sacred History (New Testament) and 3rd accessit to instrumental music, 5th course.

Miss Mary Coyle—Prize of penmanship and second prize of application, 3rd French division.

Miss Margaret Naggengast—2nd prizes of spelling and catechism, 4th English division.

Miss Anna McCaffry—1st accessit to geography, 4th English division; and 2nd prize of translation, Third French division.

Miss Mabel Todd—Second prize of mental arithmetic, 4th English division.

Miss Rose Carey—1st prizes reading spelling, geography, 1st accessit to Sacred history, second accessit to grammar and mental arithmetic, third English division, and second prize of reading, third French division.

Miss Marjorie Harrison—1st prize of Sacred history, second of dictation, 1st accessit to reading, grammar and geography, 3rd English division, and second of reading, 3rd French division.

Miss Laetitia Lana—1st prize application, second mental arithmetic, and 1st accessit to spelling and dictation, 3rd English division.

Miss Sarah Maddigan—1st prize of dictation, 1st accessit to application and arithmetic, second accessit to Sacred history, third English division.

Miss Catherine Haverty—First prize of grammar, and second accessit to geography, third English division.

Miss Ellen McCaffry—Second prize of Sacred history, and second accessit to application, third English division.

Miss Mary Marotta—Second prize of spelling and second accessit to dictation third English division.

Miss Caroline Egan—First prizes of application, geography, Sacred history, and penmanship, third English division.

Miss Carona Robert—First prizes of reading and spelling, second of Sacred history, third English division, first of reading, third French division.

Miss Marie Carrier—First prize of arithmetic, first accessit to geography, third French division; first prize of oral lessons, second English division, and first of plain sewing, third course.

Miss Delphine Beliveau, first prize of Sacred history, second of arithmetic and first accessit to geography, third French division.

Miss Marie Louise Trudel, First accessit to application and arithmetic, third French division; first prize of application and first accessit to reading and oral lessons, second English division.

Miss Catherine Beckett, second prize of geography and second accessit to arithmetic and Sacred history, third English division.

Miss Evelyn Golden, second prize of reading, second accessit to Sacred history, third English division and second accessit to instrumental music, sixth course.

Miss Elizabeth Miller, first accessit to arithmetic, third English division, and third of reading, second division.

Miss Emily Maddigan, first prize of arithmetic, third English division.

Miss Catherine Lynett, first accessit to geography, third English division.

Miss Mary Martineau, second prize of arithmetic, second English division, second of plain sewing and first of household order, third course.

Miss Anna Hndon, first prize of reading second accessit to oral lessons, second English division, and second accessit to household order, third course.

Miss Praxede Bourassa, prize of arithmetic and accessit to catechism, second French division.

Miss Edith Donoghue, second prize of spelling, second English division.

Miss Philomene Landry, prizes of reading and writing, first French division.

Miss Jane Nolan, first prizes of application and arithmetic, first English division.

Miss Ellen Brown, second prize of application, second accessit to catechism and arithmetic, first English division.

Miss Mary Jane McPherson, first prize of reading and first accessit to arithmetic, first English division.

Miss Susan Naggengast, prize of catechism and first accessit to reading, first English division.

Miss Eva Sissons, second prize of writing, first English division.

Miss Jemima Campbell, second prize of spelling, first English division.

Miss Angelica Campbell, second prize of reading, first English division.

Miss Leonie Laroque, second prize of catechism, first French division.

Prizes of Encouragement—Julia Naggengast, Rose Anna Desautels, Bridget Fullerton, Caroline Marotta, Ethel Soper, Josephine Soper, Lydia Desautels, Alexandra Laroque, Esther Banks, Lydia Begin, Ethel Peltet, Lucinda Cadaret, Adelaide Miller, Anna Sinclair, Helina Campbell.

ST. BONIFACE ACADEMY.

The close of studies at this institute occurred on Saturday last when took place a very pleasing finale to the scholastic year. The room in which the affair took place, though a very spacious one, was inadequate to accommodate the large number who attended to see the ladies of this excellent institution, which is conducted by the Sisters of Charity) receive their rewards for pro-

ciency in the different studies. His Grace the Archbishop was present, and was surrounded on either side by the Rev. Fathers Lory, Drummond, Dugast, Quellerie, Cahill, French, and others, as well as Hon. Mr. LaRiviere, Hon. J. Royal, Mr. T. A. Bernier, Senator Girard, Judge Dubuc, etc. The programme was one of exceptional excellence, and the different pieces were executed in a very accurate and efficient manner. The address to His Grace was read by Miss Blanche de Lorimier, the finishing pupil of the Normal school branch of the Academy.

Those of the pupils who distinguished themselves in the different divisions were: Miss Annie des Gagniers was the winner of the Governor-General's medal, which she won by her achievements in English. In the English division Miss Lloyd was the most successful pupil and in the 7th French division Miss Marcoux is specially mentioned. In the 6th division, Miss Richer was the most successful, winning the prize of the Board of Education. Miss Gingras a very talented pupil, was conspicuous in division 5. In division 4 the Misses Maggie Erwin and E. Paquin lead all other competitors. In music the most accomplished ladies were the Misses G. Magor, K. Erwin, Miss Gingras. Miss F. Flett received special honor for her wax-work. The proceedings were brought to a close by some highly complimentary remarks of His Grace to the ability of the sisters as teachers and to the pupils for their successes. This academy will re-open on the 19th of August.

ST. BONIFACE COLLEGE.

The closing scenes of the academic year 1886, at this old and classical institute, were of a very intellectual and entertaining nature. The large hall in the basement of the college was closely packed in every part. The Archbishop of St. Boniface presided and was supported by the Rev. Father Lory, S. J. Rector, and Rev. Father Drummond, vice-president. Among the clergy and laity present were: Rev. Fathers Ouillet, Cahill, Charrier, French, Dugast, etc., and the Hon. Mr. LaRiviere, Hon. Joseph Royal, Senator Girard, Judge Dubuc, T. A. Bernier, Superintendent of Education.

The proceedings opened with a selection of orchestral music, followed by discourses by Messrs. LaRiviere and Royal, choral singing and dialogues, and the distribution of prizes. At the conclusion of the programme, the Archbishop delivered a brief address. He expressed his gratitude for the delightful treat of the evening and also for the admirable work done by the Jesuit Fathers in the past year. He believed this gratifying progress would continue and increase and that St. Boniface College, would become more and more capable of giving to the growing youth of the country an education of the highest intellectual order. The prize list was as follows:—

Bronze medal, presented by His Excellency, the Governor General, for general proficiency was awarded to Roger Goulet.

Good conduct, Senior Division, prize David Brisbois. accessits: Roger Goulet, Edmund Dunlea, Francois; Carriere Junior Division; Alexandre La Riviere, accessits: Edmond Buron, Theophile Milord, Alexander McDermot.

Religious Instruction, First Course, Prize, Alphonse LaRiviere, B. A. accessit Henri Royal. Second Course, Arthur Beliveau, accessits, Francis Carriere, Joseph Samson. 3rd Course, Roger Goulet, accessit, Ernest Clement, Alexandre LaRiviere. 4th Course, Henri Fisher; accessits, Alexandre Desautels, Anne Begin, Alexandre Bourbeau. 5th Course, Edmund Dunlea; accessits, Myles McDermot, Hubert Lloyd, 6th Course, Horace Despage; accessits, Edmond Buron, Joseph Bernier. 7th course, Theophile Milord; accessits, Charles R. McDonnell, Paul Martin, Charles Gaudet. 8th course Antoine Gingras; accessits, William Lane, Joseph Asselin. 9th Course, Lucien Dubuc, accessits, Alphonse Samson, Joseph LaRiviere. 10th Course, John Ryan accessits, Ed. Wood, William Burke.

Classical course; Philosophy second year Moral Philosophy, prize, Alphonse LaRiviere, B. A. Political economy, Alphonse LaRiviere, B. A. Natural Science, Elie Rocan, B. A. First year, Moral Philosophy, Alexandre de Laronde. Political Economy, Eug. Gauthier Landreville. Natural Sciences; prize, Alexandre de Laronde.

Rhetoric; Prize for excellence, Henri Royal. Diligence, Henri Royal, French, David Brisbois. Latin, David Brisbois. Greek, Henri Royal. English; Henri Royal. Mathematics; Henri Royal. Botany; Henri Royal.

Method-Versification; Prize for excellence, Honorius Daignault; accessits, Francois Carriere, Arthur Beliveau. Diligence Honorius Daignault; accessits, Francois Carriere, Arthur Beliveau. Latin theme; Honorius Daignault; accessits, Edmond Dunlea; Francois Carriere. Latin Version; Pierre Gelly; accessits, Frs. Carriere, Joseph Samson. Latin verse; Edmond Dunlea; accessits, Pierre Gelly, Hon. Daignault. Greek; Louis Brisbois; accessits, Pierre Gelly, Frs. Carriere. French narrative; Arthur Beliveau; accessits Hon. Daignault, Joseph Samson. Precepts and Analysis; Edmond Dunlea; accessits, Hon. Daignault, Joseph Samson. English, Edmond Dunlea; accessits, Frs. Carriere, Joseph Samson. History; Arthur Beliveau, accessits, Pierre Gelly, Hon. Daignault. Algebra; Edmond Dunlea. accessits Frs. Carriere, Arthur Beliveau. Prize for 9 accessits Francois Carriere. 5 accessits Joseph Samson.

Elementary syntax—Excellence, Ernest Clement, accessits, Gustave Jean, Roger Goulet. Diligence—Gustave Jean; accessits: Ernest Clement, Roger Goulet. Latin theme—Ernest Clement; accessits. Roger Goulet, Victor Bourdeau. Latin version: Victor Bourdeau; accessits: Joseph Dubuc, Ernest

Clement. Precepts and analysis: Victor Bourdeau; accessits: Gustave Jean, Joseph Dubuc. French orthograph: Gustave Jean, accessits: Roger Goulet, Ernest Clement. Greek. Victor Bourdeau; accessits: Gustave Jean, Roger Goulet. English: Roger Goulet; accessits Ernest Clement, Victor Bourdeau. History: Joseph Dubuc; accessits Roger Goulet, Ernest Clement. Arithmetic, Ernest Clement, accessits, Gustave Jean, Roger Goulet.

Commercial course—Excellence, Delphis Begin; accessits, Henry Fisher, Myles McDermott, John Gaudet. Diligence, Delphis Begin, accessits Henry Fisher, Myles McDermot, John Gaudet. Orthography, Delphis Begin, accessits Elisee Desgagnes, Delphis Begin, Alexander Bourdeau. Precepts and analysis Gustave Dubuc, accessits Elisee Desgagnes, Gustave Duduc, Alexander Bourdeau. French Composition, Gustave Dubuc, accessits Alexandre Desautels, Hubert Lloyd, Amie Begin. Arithmetic, Hubert Lloyd, accessits Delphis Begin, Henry Fisher, Alex. Desautels. Book-keeping, Myles McDermott, accessits Hubert Lloyd, Alex. Bourdeau, John Gaudet. English language; Myles McDermot, accessits Hubert Lloyd, Alex. Bourdeau, Gustave Dubuc. History of Canada, prize given by Mr. T. A. Bernier—Delphis Begin, accessits Elisee Desgagnes, Gustave Duduc, John Gaudet. Geography, Gustave Dubuc, accessits, Alex. Desautels, Hubert Lloyd, Napoleon Lavhnture Calligraphy, Hubert Lloyd, accessits Delphis Begin, John McKay, Hector Milford. Prize for having obtained 4 accessits, Alex. Bourdeau, Alex. Desautels, John Gaudet.

Preparatory course—first course—Excellence, Horace Despars, accessits Fortunat Letourneau, Joseph Bernier. Diligence, Adelard Grenier, accessits Joseph Bernier, Fortunat Letourneau. Orthography, John Lloyd, accessits, Fort. Letourneau. Precepts and analysis John Lloyd, accessits, Edmond Buron, Horace Despars. English language Horace Despars, accessits, John Lloyd, Zephir Robert. History of Canada, Stanislas Jean, accessits, Adelard Grenier, Fort. Letourneau. Geography, Edmond Buron, accessits, Fort. Letourneau, Adelard Grenier. Arithmetic, Adelard Grenier, accessits, Fort Letourneau, Zephir Robert, French composition, Fort Letourneau, accessits, Joseph Bernier, Horace Despars. Calligraphy, Gillespie Peters, accessits, John Lloyd, Zephir Robert.

Second section—Excellence, William Letendre, accessits Pierre Leveque, Henri Deschambault, Louis St. Mars. Diligence, William Letendre, accessit Henri Deschambault, Pierre Leveque, Paul Martin. Orthography, Paul Martin, accessits Pierre Leveque, Joseph Leclerc, Joseph Landry. English language, William Letendre, accessits, H. Deschambault, Charles Gaudet, Theophile Milford. Arithmetic, William Letendre accessits, Joseph Leclerc, Charles McDonell, Pierre Leveque. Geography, H. Deschaumbault, accessits, Pierre Leveque, Wm. Letendre, Paul Martin, French composition, Paul Martin accessits, Wm. Letendre, Pierre Leveque, H. Deschambault. Calligraphy, Charles McDonell, Pierre Leveque. H. Deschambault. Prize for 4 accessits, Joseph Bernier.

Third Section; Excellence, Antoine Gingras; accessits, Cecil Lloyd, Joseph Asselin. Diligence, Antoine Gingras, accessits, Fabien Chenier, Joseph Healy. Orthography; Cecil Lloyd accessits Alphonse Dubord, William Lane. Precepts and Analysis, Fabien Chenier, accessits, Antoine Gingras, Joseph Asselin. Sacred History—Antoine Gingras; accessit William Lane, Jules Turenne. Arithmetic, Cecil Lloyd accessits Fabien Chenier, Alphonse Dubord. Geography—Antoine Gingras accessits Joseph Asselin Jules Turenne, Calligraphy; Joseph Healy; accessits, Antoine Gingras, Cecil Lloyd.

Fourth Section, Excellence—John Ryan, accessits, Raoul Bourdeau, Joseph Burke, Joseph LaRiviere. Diligence—John Ryan; accessits, Raoul Bourdeau, Lucien Dubuc, Joseph LaRiviere. Prize for 4 accessits, Joseph Asselin. French Orthography, Joseph LaRiviere, accessits Lucien Dubuc, Raoul Bourdeau, Joseph Burke. English orthography, John Ryan, accessits Joseph Burke, Edmond Wood, Wm. Burke. Sacred history, French, Lucien Dubuc, Raoul Bourdeau, accessits Alphonse Samson, Joseph LaRiviere, David Hogue. Sacred history English, Joseph Burke, accessits John Ryan, Edmond Wood, Wm. Burke. French lecture, Lucien Dubuc, accessit Jos. LaRiviere, Alphonse Samson Raoul Bourdeau. English lecture, Joseph Burke, accessits, John Ryan, Edmond Wood, Wm. Burke. Arithmetic, John Ryan, accessits Alexander Breland, Joseph Burke, Raoul Bourdeau. Calligraphy, Alphonse Samson, accessits, Edmond Wood, John Ryan, Raoul Bourdeau. Prize for having obtained 5 accessits, Edmond Wood. Prize for having obtained 4, Wm. Burke.

Music Piano—Alphonse LaRiviere, B. A., accessits, Alexandre de Laronde, Taillefer Leveque.

Tenders for a License to cut timber on Dominion Lands in the Province of British Columbia.

SEALED TENDER, addressed to the undersigned and marked "Tenders for a timber berth" will be received at this office until noon on Monday 10 day of May next, for any berth of two square miles each situated on the Columbia River about eight miles west of Donald station on line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, in the Province of British Columbia. Bids for these berths showing the position approximately of the berths together with the conditions on which the will be licensed may be obtained at this Department or at the Crown timber offices, Winnipeg, Calgary, and Victoria British Columbia. A. BURGES, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

MOORE'S CHINA HALL!

SILVER BAZAAR

The Central Depot for Pratt's Celebrated Astral Oil

Delivered Free to Any Part of the City

PAROR LAMPS NEW ELECTRIC LAMPS

THE LARGEST STOCK OF PLATED WARE IN THE CITY

Suitable for Wedding Presents

Rodger's Guaranteed Quality Knives, Forks, Spoons

House and Bar Glassware a Specialty

Telephone Communication All Goods at Moderate Prices

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Retail Department, 430 Main St Wholesale, 30 Albert St

MOORE & COY., PROPRIETORS.

THE "CLIMAX,"

IS THE PLACE

Wholesale & Retail Grocers

Call on us and we will convince you that we sell the Cheapest and Best

Groceries, Wines, and Spirits and Goods and Cured Meats

THAT THE MARKET AFFORDS.

TRY OUR BUTTER!

Whave contracted with some of the very best butter makers to supply us with only the choicest of the season.

TRY OUR ALE AND GUINNESS' STOUT, \$3.00 PER DOZEN

SEE OUR BASS' ALE AND GUINNESS' STOUT, \$3.00 PER DOZEN

Cor Princess and Market Streets

PALACE STABLES,

177, 179 and 181 Smith St, Winnipeg

BEST ACCOMMODATION IN CANADA.

NEW LIVERY, OUTFIT, EVERYTHING COMPLETE

HACKS, COUPES, SADDLE HORSES

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

Ladies' Waiting Room. Horses Boarded. Telephone Connection

W. J. HINMAN VETERINARY SURGEON



TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "Tender for oats" and addressed to the Commissioner N. W. M. Police Regina. N. W. T., will be received up to noon on Saturday, the 12th June, for furnishing five thousands bushels Oats, to be delivered at the C.P. R. Stations, Regina, not later than 30th Jnne.

Oats to be delivered in gunny sacks to be furnished by the contractor without extra charge and to be retained by the Police.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian bank cheque of an amount equal to per cent, of the total value of the Oats tendered must for which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority.

FRFD. WHITE, Comptroller, N. W. M. Police, Ottawa, 19th May, 1886.



TENDERS.

SEALED TENDERS, marked "For Mounted Police Provisions and Light Supplies," and addressed to the Honourable the President of the Privy Council Ottawa, will be received up to noon on Wednesday, 30th Jnne.

Printed forms of tenders, containing full information as to the articles and approximate quantities required, may be had on application at any of the Mounted Police Posts in the North West, or at the office of the undersigned.

No tender will be received unless made on such printed forms.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted Canadian Bank Cheque for an amount equal to ten per cent. of the total value of the articles tendered for which will be forfeited if the party declines to enter into a contract when called upon to do so; or if he fails to complete the service contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

No payment will be made to newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority having been first obtained.

FRED WHITE, Comptroller. Ottawa, 18th May, 1886.

THE COLOR OF THE SEA.

The changes in the color of the sea have attracted the attention of seafaring men from the earliest times.

Of late years numerous scientific expeditions have been fitted out and dispatched by the governments of England Norway, and America for the express purpose of exploring the secrets of the deep.

On comparing the specific gravity of green water with that of blue water it was found that the latter is always heavier than the former.

PERSONALS.

Alfonso.—The interesting fact goes on record that when the infant King of Spain was being christened Isidoro Leon Fernando Maria Santiago Isidoro Pascual Maroiano he protested several times in a loud voice.

Fulton.—Augustus Fulton, the only colored student ever sent from the United States to the Propaganda in Rome has been ordained, and will return to this country to take charge of a colored Catholic Church in New Orleans.

Hauk.—Mme. Minne Hauk has let her Swiss castle for the season to a Russian family, and will spend the summer travelling in this country.

Croke.—Archbishop Croke recently received a present from Boston, with the inscription: 'To the unchanged and unchangeable Archbishop and patriot. The joy and pride of the sea-divided Gael: a small tribute from the three of them.'

Moran.—His Eminence, Cardinal Moran, addressing a meeting of Catholics in Sydney recently, said that some years ago he made a visit to Cologne with the special object of obtaining if possible, a relic of the great St. Brigid.

Ranke.—The late Van Ranke, the great German historian had two secretaries, whom he kept busily engaged in

reading, looking up authorities, making excerpts and writing from his dictation. Since he commenced his English History he had dictated, and he found that some of his works thus produced had been better received than others.

MacMahon.—Marshal MacMahon, the illustrious General of whom France is justly proud, is engaged upon the compilation of his memoirs.

LISZT.

Many persons, it seems, are under the impression that Liszt, on account of his ecclesiastical title of Abbe, is a priest. He wished to be one, and sought the direction of Pius IX His Holiness, who saw with a keen eye that music had and at Liszt's age would probably keep, a large part of his heart than a priest could give.

RELIABLE RECIPES.

Custard Pudding.—Beat six eggs till light, add a quart of milk, 6 blanched almonds, a little lemon peel and sugar to taste.

Currant Pudding.—Make a good paste and roll out thin; have ready some currants, picked and washed: Strew thickly all over the paste, roll it up scald and flour a thick cloth, roll the pudding in it and tie tightly at each end; put into boiling water and boil for two hours.

Bake Apple Pudding.—Pare tart apples remove the cores and put them into a saucepan with half a cup of water; boil till they are soft and thick; beat well, and stir in sugar enough to sweeten the juice of two lemons, the peel of two lemons cut thin, theyolk of eight eggs to twelve apples; mix all together, put in a pudding dish, cover with a crust and bake.

Baked Tomatoes.—Dip some tomatoes in hot water, peel them cut them in half and remove the pipe. Rub a baking sheet with shallot, butter it well and lay the tomatoes in it filling each half with the following-composition: Two pinches of bread crumbs, one part finely minced, and, according to taste, parsley and sweet herbs also finely minced, and pepper and salt. Put a piece of butter on each half tomato and bake them a quarter of an hour. Have ready some round pieces of butter toast.

Stewed Chicken with Rice.—Cut the remnants of cold boiled or roasted chicken in small pieces. Make a sauce of one pint of cream two ounces of butter, the yolk of one egg, beaten, and a tablespoonful of corn starch or arrowroot, seasoning with salt and white pepper, a little sugar, one teaspoonful of anchovy sauce and one bay leaf. Put the pieces of chicken into this sauce in a stew pan and simmer for half an hour.

LORD BEACONFIELD'S RELIGION

With reference to the statement that Lord Beaconfield died a Catholic, the following letter from the Rev. Father Clarke, S.J. appears:

'May 25; 1886. 'As I was absent from London during the whole time of Lord Beaconfield's illness and death, it is needless to say that the report of my having received him into the Church is without foundation. I sincerely hope that he may have put what the 'Pall Mall Gazette' calls his 'adjuration' into the hands of some other Catholic clergyman, but I was certainly not aware that he had done so.'

NO REST ELSEWHERE. Our heart was made for God, therefore creatures can never satisfy his desires. Even the most exciting pleasures leave behind them a void which nothing earthly can replenish.

Ecclesiastical Directory

PROVINCE OF ST. BONIFACE. This Province was erected by His Holiness Pius IX. Sept. 22, 1871, and comprehends 1st. The Archdiocese of St. Boniface. 2nd, The Diocese of St. Albert. 3rd, The Vicariate Apostolic of Athabasca Mackenzie. 4th, The Vicariate Apostolic of British Columbia.

St. Boniface Cathedral, Rev. F. A. Dugas, P. P. J. Messier, curate; A. Maisonneuve, O. M. I., agent for St. Rémy, A. Dupont, O. M. I., George Duguay-Bellefleur, the academy, Joseph Gué, O. M. I., secretary. St. Vital, attended for St. Boniface. St. Mary's Winnipeg; Revs. M. Ouillette, O. M. I. P. P. and F. Cahill, O. M. I. Curate. Church of Immaculate Conception, Winnipeg; Rev. A. A. Chertier.

EDUCATIONAL AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS. Theological Seminary and College of St. Boniface—Teaching staff: Rev. Fathers Lory S. J. (director), Drummond, S. J.; Lynch S. J.; Blain, S. J.; O'Brien, S. J.; Belliveau S. J.; Pagnon S. J.; Rev. J. Cloutier and J. Lussier, S. J.; Ecclesiastical Students: Messrs. Cameron, Gillis, Montreuil, Dubois, Turcotte, Langlois, Brothers Gaudet S. J.; Forrier S. J.; Blouin, S. J.; Lesbvre S. J.

TENDERS.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY. Is the Fast Short Line from St. Paul and Minneapolis via La Crosse and Milwaukee to Chicago and all points in the Eastern States and Canada.

Blue Store, 426 MAIN STREET. Suits Worth \$12 at \$7.50! Suits Worth \$18 at \$10! Suits Worth \$22.50, \$12 Overcoats a Specialty.

RAILROAD TICKETS CAN BE FURNISHED City Ticket Office, 471 Main Street EAST WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH Anywhere else you want to go. Give us a call and we will try and please you.

P. QUEALY, FURNITURE BOOTS AND SHOES Wholesale and Retail M. HUGHES & CO 275 to 285 Main Street

REV. FATHER LABELLE'S National Lottery OF COLONIZATION Established under the Provincial Act, Quebec, 32 Vic., Chap. 36

GRAND FINAL DRAWING OF PRIZES in this Lottery, will take place Wednesday, August 11th. The Large Prizes at this Drawing

St Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba RAILWAY. THE ALL RAIL ROUTE TO ONTARIO, QUEBEC, UNITED STATES. Passenger Trains, Palace Sleeping Cars Attached, Leave Winnipeg Daily for St. Paul, Without Change, where close connections are made for the South, East and West, at 9.45 a.m.

School Desks OFFICE FURNISHINGS & C CONSTANTLY ON HAND UNDERTAKING in all its branches given our prompt attention

M. Hughes & Co. Wesley Hall Block, Winnipeg HOTEL DU CANADA. Lombard Street, near Main. ONLY FRENCH-CANADIAN HOTEL IN WINNIPEG.

THE BEST & CHEAPEST MEATS IN THE CITY AT PENROS & ROCAN -BUICHEES!- 289 Main Street & City Market

DEVOTION OF THE HOLY FACE.

In the various communications with our Lord had with the holy Carmelite of Tours, Sister St. Pierre, He expressed His desire that a devotion should be instituted for the especial purpose of making reparation for blasphemies and the profanation of Sunday. The sister declared that the sensible sign of this devotion should be the adorable Face of our Lord as it appeared after its ignominious treatment in the Passion.

To any one actuated by the spirit of faith and love of our Blessed Redeemer, it may seem strange that the wonderful revelations made to Sister St. Pierre and recorded in her life by Father Janvier, her French biographer, should have failed to secure the immediate approval of the ecclesiastical authorities. But the Church is proverbially cautious in dealing with the alleged supernatural manifestations, and in this, vindicates her title to wisdom inspired from on high. Bearing this principle in mind, we are prepared to learn that it took three years before Sister St. Pierre could succeed in inducing the Ordinary of the diocese to give his former sanction to the work of reparation. After many and painful trials endured by the sister, her superiors became convinced of the divine character of her revelations, and a leaflet containing an abridgement of her supernatural communications. This was submitted to the Archbishop of Tours in manuscript, and received his approval.

In the course of time, one of these leaflets came into the possession of Bishop Parisis, of Langres, France, who had been contemplating the establishment of just such a pious association as the one prayed for by Sister St. Pierre in the name of our Lord. He therefore took the initiative, and by episcopal ordinance of date the 28th of June, 1847 erected the Confraternity for the Reparation of Blasphemy and the Desecration of Sunday at St. Dizier.

The idea of organizing, for so laudable a purpose, an association of Catholics took such a firm hold on the mind of the good Bishop of Langres, that he became desirous of causing it to spread over the whole Christian world, and with that object in view, he despatched a trusty messenger to the Holy See for the purpose of securing for the association the rank, title and privileges of an Arch-confraternity. Pope Pius IX., then happily reigning, received the petition of Bishop Parisis with unfeigned pleasure and gave utterance to those memorable words: "The Reparation is a work which is destined to save society." The Holy Father granted the prayer of the petition in all respects, conferring upon it all the required spiritual privileges and indulgences, and besought the honor of having his name inscribed the first on the register of the new Arch-confraternity.

The significance of the words used by Pius IX. when the matter of the work of Reparation was brought to his attention; lies in the fact that the crimes of blasphemy and desecration of the Lords Day have a direct tendency to sap the very foundation of social order. No nation can be said to possess in itself the elements of perpetuity, whose citizens are allowed to indulge, unchecked, in the social iniquities which it is the office of the Archconfraternity of the Reparation to atone for. As these social disorders are now so prevalent and so baneful in their outcroppings, the devotion of the Holy Face presents itself, opportunistly to change the aspect of affairs for the better and to disarm the wrath of Almighty God, excited by so many outrages inflicted on His Divine Majesty,

AN IRISH SOLDIER COMES OUT AND SAYS HIS FIRST DUTY IS TO HIS COUNTRY

The following letter will be read with interest at the present time. It is from the Pall Mall Gazette:—

"London, May 11, 1886.
Sir—We hear a great deal about what the English officers of the army would do in leading the Orangemen. But, sir, has it ever occurred to the officers that there are privates and corporals and sergeants in Her Majesty's army—Irish men loving their own country and loyal to her. Do you think, sir, we would stand by and see her countrymen and co-religionists mowed down by landlords, sons and Orangemen, and not stir a finger! No, sir, by G—, no.
I have served and fought for the Queen. God bless her, these many years past, but my poor, suffering country can claim and will get my service if she need it. The snobs and the puppies that can make themselves officers may go if they like, but so will we. Sir, there are one hundred and odd Irishmen in my regiment, and more than thirty thousand in the army. Sir, if the officers go to fight for the Orangemen, we, sir—

I speak for the men in my regiment— will desert and join our fellow-Catholics and fellow-countrymen. The Orangemen have not reckoned on us, but they may have to, and God help them if ever they do.

"Sir, all we want is peace and quietness, but if the British officer tries to cut the throat of a Celtic and Catholic population of Ireland the Irish private will be there to meet him. If it comes to a war of races, and a rebellion is to be permitted, I and my fellow Irishmen serving the Queen will fight for our own side, and who can blame us?"

"I have never spoken treason against Her Majesty, and at this moment I would lay down my life to serve her at her bidding, but Ireland my dear land is first in my thought."

"Sir, the Irish soldiers in the army are loyal and brave, as even our English culminators admit, but they follow events as well as our little snobs of officers, and although they do not muster they are ready. Irish soldiers have built up your Empire, and at the end of it all they are not going to see their own kith and kin slaughtered by snobs and Orangemen. Sir, fair is fair. In Ireland the people! If it does come to blows, if the landlords rise against the Queen's authority and the Parliament of the realm, the Irish soldiers will put down the rebellion. But may God in His mercy grant that things may go on peaceful."

"Under bitter provocation, sir I write you this. The landlords and their ragged mob won't have it in their own way."
"A Loyal Irish Private."

BREEDING SOWS IN SPRING.

Not many kinds of animals will pay the farmer better than a good, prolific, motherly breeding sow or a good breed if well managed. The Live Stock Journal tells how they should be treated in spring as follows,

"The value of breeding sows depends largely upon their ability to properly raise good-sized litters. The Draught upon a brood sow's system when suckling seven or eight pigs is very considerable, and she must necessarily be provided with a good ration of nourishing food; ground oats and corn, two parts oats to one of corn, and a pint of linseed oil meal added to each day's feed will be found excellent diet. It should be cooked and fed in a thin slop. When the pigs are three weeks old they should be taught to take cows' milk; skim-milk may be used advantageously, but it will not do after that age to depend upon the cow's milk altogether. The pigs should get all the food they want in order that their growth may not be checked.

If cow's milk be scarce, ground oats and shorts, cooked with one-fiftieth part flax seed, feed blood-worm in a thin slop, will be eaten greedily by young pigs. This food will be easily to wean them on which should be done when they are six weeks old, and gradually, so as not to injure the sow. After weaning the pigs, the sow should be fed liberally to hasten her recovery from the heavy draught imposed on the system during the raising of the litter, and when grass come she should have a good pasture to enable her to recover and get ready for another litter. There is no reason why, with this treatment, a good breeding sow should not be kept for that purpose until four or five years old.

MOSCOW CATHEDRAL

The great Cathedral of St. Peter at Moscow, built to commemorate the release of that city from the French invasion, is now almost completed, and its said that its vast cupola rival in coloring the gold and scarlet of the sun. And no less than nine hundred pounds of gold were used in overlaying them. The doors of the temple cost 90,000 pounds and upon the marble floors were expended 300,000 pounds. Ten thousand work-shippers can be accommodated at one time in this vast temple.

The Queen's offer of the use of Claremont to the Comte de Paris during his approaching exile from France may possibly offend some of the French Republicans. But constitutional changes come so rapidly in France that neither Royalists; Imperialists nor Republicans can well afford to grumble at the hospitality of England. When Napoleon III was Her Majesty's guest she told him that she could not withdraw her personal friendship from the exiled Royal Family of France, and the Emperor, like a sensible man, made no objection to the position taken by the Queen. A day came when he must have felt more than ever satisfied that the friendship and hospitality of the Queen to French sovereigns should outlast the period of their reign.

THOUGHTS

A fool may be known by five things: anger without cause, speech without profit; inquiry without object; putting trust in a stranger and mistaking his foes for his friends.—

Let us gather up the Sunbeams,
Lying all around our path;
Let us keep the wheat and roses,
Casting out the thorns and chaff.

"How long will it be therefore we shall learn that for every wound which betrays itself to the sight by a scar there are a thousand unseen mutilations that cripple, each of them, some one or more of our higher faculties."

There are griefs which men never put into words—there are fears which must not be spoken—intimate matters of consciousness which must be carried, as bullets which have been driven deep into the living tissues are sometimes carried, for a whole lifetime—encysted griefs, if we may borrow the chiurgieous term, never to be reached, never to be seen, never to be thrown out, but to go into the dust with the form that bore them about with it during long years of anguish known only to the sufferer and his maker.

The present life is sleeping and waking; it is good night on going to bed, and good morning on getting up, it is to wonder what the day will bring forth; it is to rain on the window as one sits by the fire; it is to walk in the garden and see the flowers, and hear the birds sing; it is to have news from the east, west, north and south; as it is to read old books and new books; it is to see pictures and hear music; it is to have Sundays; it is to pray with a family morning and evening, it is to sit in the twilight and meditate, it is to have friends and love; it is to have sight of dear old faces, and with some men it is to be kissed with the same loving lips fifty years; and it is to know themselves thought of many time a day, in many places, by children and grandchildren and many friends.



SEALED TENDERS,

addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Drain at Union Point or at St. Francois Xavier (as the case may be)" will be received at the department of Public Works up to noon on Tuesday June 29th instant for a Drain at Union Point and two Drains in St. Francois Xavier.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at this Department, on and after the 23rd instant. The work on the Drains in St. Francois Xavier may be let in Section of half a mile or a mile in length. An accepted cheque for \$50 must accompany each tender which cheque will be forfeited should the party tendering decline to enter into contract in accordance with his tender. Security acceptable to the Government for the completion of the contract will be required. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

In tendering for short sections of the drains in St. Francois Xavier the deposit of \$20 will not be insisted upon.
C. P. BROWN,
Minister of Public Works.
Winnipeg June 15 1886

MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS RY AND THE "FAMOUS ALBERT LEA ROUTE."



The above is a correct map of the ALBERT LEA ROUTE, and its immediate connections. Through Trains daily from ST. PAUL AND MINNEAPOLIS TO CHICAGO, without change, connecting with all lines EAST AND SOUTH-EAST. The only line running Through Cars between MINNEAPOLIS AND DES MOINES, Iowa. Through Trains between MINNEAPOLIS AND ST. LOUIS, connecting in Union Depot at all Points South and Southwest. Close connections with St. P., M. & N. P. and St. P. & Duluth R. Roads, from and to all points North and North-West. THROUGH TRAINS DAILY FROM ST. PAUL THROUGH CHICAGO TO ST. LOUIS, and vice versa, and to all points East and South. For full particulars, rates of fare, etc., call upon nearest Ticket Agent, or address B. F. GYLL.

**New Prints,
New Muslins
New Embroideries
New Laces**

GENTS' WHITE AND COLORED SHIRTS!

**WM. BELL, 288 MAIN ST
CORNER GRAHAM**



NOTICE.

Weights and Measures
The following balances only are to be admitted for verification:
A. Balances having equal arms and on which the load is suspended below the fulcrum.
B. Balances commonly known as steel yard or Roman Balances, having equal arms.
C. Weigh Bridges.
D. Balance with equal arms and on which the load is placed above the fulcrum.
E. Hydromatic balances for weighing
By order,
W. HIMSWORTH,
Secretary.
Inland Revenue Department,
Ottawa, Feb 24th, 1886

**BLUE STORE!
425 Main St.**

TO THE PUBLIC
The Greatest Sacrifice of Ready Made Clothing that ever took place in Winnipeg

Come & examine our black Worsted Suits at \$7.75. See our all-wool Suits at 8.50. See our very fine Canadian Suits at 12.00. See our very fine English Tweed Suits at 11.50. The very best Worsted Suits, worth \$35, for 20.90. No Deception. Call and Judge For Yourselves
ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES.
See Tickets on them at the Door.
No trouble to show Goods. The finest and cheapest assortment of Pants ever shown in Winnipeg Remember the Place:
BLUE STORE, 426 MAIN ST.

\$500 REWARD!
The Managers of the Hudson Bay Photograph Parlor agree to pay out of their Reserve Fund \$500 to any person who will produce better or more highly finished photographs (taken either in the largest cities of Europe or on the American continent) than those taken at their Parlor, 24 main street, Winnipeg. This offer to hold good until further notice.

T. R. COLPITS, ARTIST.

Cheap Cash Store
Corner Notre Dame & Ellen Sts., WINNIPEG.

A. Anderson, Groceries,
—DEALER IN—
PROVISIONS CANNED GOODS, ETC
butter and Eggs a Specialty.
OUR MOTTO! Small profits and quick turns. Free Delivery.

**OR THE
FINEST QUALITY
PHOTO-S
GO TO
PARKIN**

**THE PHOTOGRAPHER
434 Main Street
Up Stairs
F. CLOUTIER**

began to announce to the public that he has bought out the business formerly carried on by Cloutier & L'Heureux and is prepared to sell

**Groceries, Provisions
ETC., ETC. — 252
CHEAPER THAN EVER
— AT —
252 Main Street**

Choice Butter, Fresh Eggs & Everything AT BOTTOM PRICES

F. CLOUTIER, 252 MAIN ST

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. It is invaluable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers; there is no mistake about it. It cures Dysentery and Diarrhoea, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures wind colic, softens the Gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething is pleasant to taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.



TENDERS for a license to cut timber on Dominion Lands in the District of Alberta, N. W. T.

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, and marked 'Tenders for a timber birth,' will be received at this office until noon on Monday, 5th day of July next, for two timber berths of eighteen and nineteen and one-half square miles respectively, situated on the head-waters of the Bow River, in the district of Alberta. Sketches showing the position approximately of these berths, together with the conditions on which they will be licensed, may be obtained at this Department or at the Crown Timber offices at Winnipeg and Calgary.
A. M. Burgess,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

ST. BONIFACE COLLEGE

The College of St. Boniface, incorporated by an Act of Parliament, and affiliated to the University of Manitoba, is, since the 19th of August, 1885, directed by the Fathers of the Society of Jesus, under the high patronage of His Grace the Archbishop of St. Boniface. Its course of studies comprises the Greek, Latin, French and English languages and literature; History, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, higher Mathematics, mental Philosophy, Natural Sciences and Theology. Although chiefly intended to prepare young men for the study of the liberal professions and divinity, it is also calculated to fit them for commercial pursuits. Its large and spacious grounds, secluded from the city, offers all the advantages of a country life, and are so near the cities of St. Boniface and Winnipeg as to secure all the advantages of a town residence. The College can accommodate a hundred students, of whom eighty may be boarders. The terms have been made as easy as possible. \$15 a month for boarding, and \$5 a month for those who take their meals in town and sleep in the college, beside a small additional fee for a few dormitory articles, of \$2 a year; the whole to be paid half-yearly in advance. The uniform consists of a frock coat, with trousers, necktie and felt hat. Each student is to be sufficiently provided with other articles of clothing. The discipline of the College, strict in point of morality, is, as far as possible, paternal in character. The scholastic year opens on the third Wednesday of August, and ends about the 20th of June.
ST. BONIFACE, AUGUST 29th, 1885.

CHANGE OF TIME.

Through Trains with Sleeping Cars attached will be run daily between Winnipeg and St. Paul as follows:—Leave Winnipeg at 9.45 a.m. (via St. Vincent, Crookston, Bardsville, Breckenridge and Morris) arriving in St. Paul at 7.30 a.m. Returning leave St. Paul at 7 p.m. (via same route) arriving in Winnipeg at 8.25 p.m. For full information and tickets to all points in Canada and United States, also Ocean Tickets to and from any place in Europe at LOWEST RATES and by the BEST LINES. Apply to the City Ticket Office of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba Railway 368 Main street, Winnipeg. E. C. MCMICKEN, Agent.

AGENCY FOR THE FOLLOWING STEAMSHIP LINES
**ALLAN, ANCHOR, GUNARD,
GUION, ELABOUR, INMAN,
NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE**

CHURCH NOTICES.

CATHEDRAL, ST. BONIFACE.

Sundays—Masses at 7.30 and 10 a. m. Masses at 3 p. m.
Week Days—Masses at 6.30 and 7.30 a. m.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH.

Situated on the corner of St. Mary and Argave Streets. Rev. Father Ouellette, Rector; Rev. Father Cahill, assistant.

Sundays—Masses at 7.00, 8.30, and 10.30 a. m.; Vespers at 7.15 p. m. Catechism for perseverance at 2.30 p. m.
Week Days—Masses at 6.15 and 7.30 a. m.

IMMACULATE CONCEPTION.

Situated in Point Douglas. Rev. Father Cherrier, rector.

Sundays—Masses at 8.30 and 10.30 a. m. Vespers at 7.15 p. m.
Week Days—Mass at 7.30 a. m.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1886

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

Hon. S.B. Biggs is building a row of ten solid brick, stone foundation, houses on James street east. They are what Mr Biggs terms "permanent" structures, which have "come to stay."

A flaw has been discovered in the block of Selkirk stone from which the statue for the volunteers' monument is being carved in Montreal. It is possible a new statue will have to be made.

The debris of the disastrous fire at the corner of Main and Market streets is now being removed to make way for the new Fould's block.

Six car loads of cattle from the Stewart ranche at Calgary were shipped from Montreal to London, Eng., by the Allen line a few days ago.

The body of an unknown man, who had probably been dead a fortnight, was found yesterday morning in the rear of the St. Boniface convent.

The brick for erection of the new store at the corner of McWilliam and Main streets is now on the ground and its erection will shortly begin.

The plastering of the new post office being completed; it is expected that the building will be handed over by the contractor early in September.

The Government dredge having completed dredging at the coal wharf, Selkirk, was taken to the mouth of the river on Wednesday, where it will be engaged all summer deepening the channel.

The completion of the volunteer monument will be delayed owing to the discovery of a serious flaw in the stone from which the statue is being cut in Montreal.

Mr. Livingstone, the railroad contractor recently had shipped to the Toronto Zoo a number of bears, wolves, foxes, coyotes, and lynxes, as a collection.

Fifty immigrants, consisting of Scandinavians, Finlanders, English, Scotch, and Irish, arrived by the Port Arthur train Friday. Three cars of navvies also started for the Rockies.

The Manitoba Southwestern Colonization railway is being extended west from the present terminus. About 200 men are at work near Treherne.

A sample of wheat was brought into Virden last week measuring 22 inches the sample was from the farm of Messrs. Roe, and was a sample from twenty-two acres.

Sales of land for arrears of taxes are announced as follows: Woodlands, July twenty-sixth, at Marquette; McDonald July twenty-eight, at Scoones, auction rooms, Winnipeg.

A number of cases of glanders have recently occurred among horses in the Portage la Prairie district. District Veterinarian Rutherford attributes the real introduction of the disease to a car load of ponies brought from Calgary by McIntyre and Davidson, and he strongly urges that the authorities of the Northwest Territories should take some steps to secure the routing out of the disease in the Territories.

Seventy emigrants came in yesterday morning including a number of Germans and Scotch, the latter of whom went west this morning. They are of a good class, with means to make farming a success. This morning's train from the east brought in a few immigrants and a couple of carloads of navvies.

The railway employees at Moosejaw have organized a C. P. R. reading room and library; on the model of the similar organization established in connection with the workshops in this city. There are now similar libraries at Fort William, Rat Portage, Moosejaw and Gleichen, the latter being united with the public library and reading room. One hundred new volumes have just been added to the library here. This makes a total of 900 hundred volumes on the library shelves.

The preparations for through travel over the Western and Pacific divisions are now completed. Dining cars will be run from Port Arthur as far west as Ignace, and two dining cars will run between Swift Current and Gleichen. Dinner will be taken at broadview, and the style of table maintained may be judged when it is known that the dining-hall has been taken hold of by Mr. Perley, the well known Carbery caterer, whose boiled chicken is known and loved throughout the length and breadth of this great lone land. He will also serve dinner at Carbery as usual, and at Moosejaw breakfast will be served. A new dining hall has been opened by the company at Field the next station to Stephen at the foot of the big grade, and on the Pacific division three dining cars will run between Donald and the Coast.

COLONIAL EXHIBITION.

What a Winnipegger thinks of it—Canada Ahead as Usual.

Major Forrest, who has recently returned from England, says that the Colonial Exhibition is one of the great sights of London at present. Everyone visits its spacious courts filled with the product of every part of the vast empire on which the sun never sets. Canadians are here in abundance, and they are a somewhat proud lot for the exhibit sent the Dominion simply dwarfs the courts of the other colonies into almost utter insignificance. The great diversity of exhibits and the vast amount of space occupied is inclined to knock the Australian cold, to use a current phrase more forcible than elegant. Some of them entertain a firm belief that Canada either borrowed, begged, stole or bought half the manufacture of that United States and shipped them over to fool the simple-minded Europeans. The latter are somewhat surprised themselves. Probably the majority of them when they enter the Canadian court expect to travel over fields of ice and see representations of fur clad Canadians hunting polar bears among the icebergs. To find machinery rivaling in excellence the best products of England's most famous factories, works of art of agricultural exhibits surpassing everything ever seen by them before luscious fruits, pictures, etc., to the extent of several calculate to make them feel dizzy at first. The major says he stayed right in the exhibition for four days, and even then did not become familiar with the entire exhibition, so great is it in extent and so varied are its exhibits. The Canadian court, which is in the centre of the building and occupies fully one-fourth of the entire space is the central point of attraction. One of the most striking exhibits was the wreath of sheaves of wheat over the south entrance. It was a proof of the fertility of Canada which astonished the tens of thousands of visitors. The major says he saw crowds of people standing before it open mouthed with wonder. The Bell Farming exhibit attracted a great deal of attention, and the Port Arthur collection of minerals was second to none. Last but not least, were greatly admired was Hubbard's pavilion, commonly known as Hubbard's exhibit. It contains specimens of all kinds of Northwest animals and wild fowl, sporting articles of every kind, and a handsome arm seat made of buffalo horns, and constructed by Mr. D. Hope, of this city. Major Forrest saw Her Majesty, by His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, sitting in his seat for quite a while. Mr. Hubbard was talking away to them with great freedom, apparently entirely unawed by the presence of royalty.

The exhibits of the other colonies are not only much smaller than those of Canada, but they are not so diversified. Most of the other dependencies of Great Britain confine themselves to some speciality for which they are noted, while Canada is represented by nearly everything imaginable. The exhibition cannot but do Canada a vast amount of good.

MAN. AND N. W. T.

Rat Portage, June 16. Mr. Alfred Jones of Winnipeg, has been here on behalf of the Caledonian and Western Insurance Company adjusting the losses of the recent fire. The companies are acting very liberally with the unfortunate sufferers.

Miss Woodhouse, of Winnipeg, is at present on a visit here.

The weather in this district is lovely, and Lake of the Woods cannot be surpassed for natural beauty. Many families from Winnipeg and elsewhere are expected here for several months this summer. Judge Ardagh and family may probably take a house in July and remain for several months, and taking everything into consideration Rat Portage cannot be surpassed as a summer resort.

Brandon, June 18.—A meeting was held yesterday at Routhwaite school house to organize a Conservative association for township 17 and 18. municipal of Oakland. There was a good attendance of leading Conservatives. An association was formed with the following officers: Geo. Stewart president, Percy Selwyn. Wm. Noble, James McFadden; Clark and Rogers, vice presidents in their respective townships. W. S. Moody, secretary treasurer of Oakland, was made secretary treasurer of the Association.

Prince Albert, June 18.—The weather is fine; crops doing well doing well but need rain.

The town council have sent a delegation to Ottawa to press upon the government the claims of this town to have the police barracks here instead of at Batoche, where rumor says they are going to be built! The council voted six hundred dollars to defray the expense of the delegates.

Minnedosa, June 18.—Messrs. A. F. Eden, C. J. Brydges, Capt. Howard, Capt. Grahame and H. H. Smith have returned from an inspection of the Manitoba and Northwestern colonies of New Sweden and Hungary. All express hem-

selves as highly pleased with the progress made and the advanced condition of the surrounding country. The party left for Winnipeg in Mr. Baker's coach this morning.

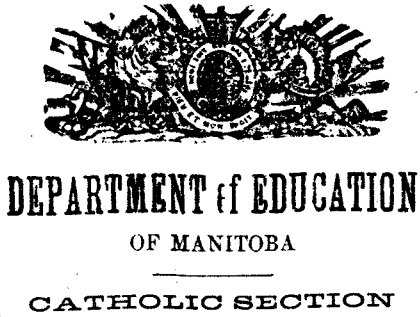
Birtle, June 17.—The local improvement by law for ten thousand dollars, was voted on yesterday and carried.

Professor Barre delivered an interesting discourse on dairying yesterday. He will lecture here again on Saturday night.

Sight, June 16.—Track laying commenced between here and Birtle yesterday. All the grading is done as far as Birtle and the bridges will be completed in a few days. We expect the track to be completed to Birtle about the 28th of this month.

We have had some refreshing showers these last few days, and the crops are looking splendid.

Regina, June 16.—Lt. Col. Herchmer, the Commissioner of the Northwest Mounted Police, arrived home by train from the west last evening. He said that the only thing they wanted out west was more rain.



DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OF MANITOBA CATHOLIC SECTION

The Examination of persons who desire to obtain diplomas granting them the privilege of teaching under the control of the Catholic section of the department of Education will take place on Tuesday the 20th day of July next, in the City Hall, St. Boniface. The Superintendent will receive the application for admission to such Examination until Monday the 19th of July prox.

The application must be accompanied by certificates.

The School Commissioners are reminded that they are to engage but those teachers who hold diplomas for this province. All persons, therefore, who, not having diplomas, wish to teach or continue teaching require to present themselves for Examination. No fee chargeable for the same.

T. A. BERNIER, Superintendent, St. Boniface June 15, 1886.



MAIL CONTRACTS

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Post-Office will be received at Ottawa until 20th JULY, 1886, for the conveyance of Her Majesty's mails, on proposed contracts for four years over each of the following routes, from the 1st of October next:

- Brandon and Two Rivers, twice per week; computed distance 31 miles.
- Broadview and Railway Station, twice times per week; computed distance 1-8 of a mile.
- Burnside and Railway Station, twice per week computed distance 5 1/2 miles.
- Qu'Appelle Station, six times per week computed distance 18 miles.
- Qu'Appelle Station and Railway Station, 12 times per week, computed distance 1-5 mile.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed contracts may be seen and blank forms of tender may be obtained at the post offices at the termini of the respective routes.

W. W. McLEOD, Post Office Inspector. Post Office Inspector's Office, Winnipeg, June 16, 1886.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

Directed by the Sisters of the Holy Names of Jesus and Mary. WINNIPEG MAN.

The Sisters are happy to inform their friends and the public that the new and commodious Building which they have recently erected will enable them to bestow additional care upon the education of their Pupils.

The Teachers will devote themselves with unremitting attention and labor to the intellectual and moral training of their Pupils as well as to forming their manners to the usages of polite society.

Pupils of every denomination are admitted and no interference is made with their religious convictions; they are, however, required to conform to the general rules of the institution.

The Scholastic Year, comprising ten months, consists of two sessions, commencing respectively on the 13th Tuesday of August and the third Tuesday of January.

TERMS.—Board and Tuition, per Session \$80.00. Music Lessons and Use of Piano, \$17.50. Private Singing Lessons, \$20.00. Oil Painting, \$20.00. Drawing and Painting (Water Colours), \$7.00. Bed and Bedding, if furnished by the Institution, \$5.00. Washing \$4.00. Entrance Fee (payable once \$5.00. Each Session is payable in advance.

Singing in Concert. Calisthenics, Sewing and Fancy Work do not form extra charges.

The uniform which is worn on Sundays and Thursdays, consists of a black Merino Dress for winter, and a black Alpaca for Summer. Parents before making the above dresses will oblige by asking information at the Academy. If desirable, material will be supplied and made up at the institution, when paid for in advance. Each pupil should be provided with a Toilet Box, a Knife, Fork, and Table Spoons, and a Garter; also a sufficient supply of Under linen, Six Table Napkins, Six Towels and a Black and White Boquet Veil.

Parents residing at a distance will please furnish sufficient funds to purchase such clothing as may be required, also materials for Drawing, Fancy Work, etc. Pupils from other institutions will not be admitted without a recommendation from Superiors Books and Letters are subject to the inspection of the Directress. Pupils are admitted at any time, charges falling from absence. No deduction will be made for partial absence, or for withdrawal before the close of a session, in case of illness or other grave and unavoidable reasons. Pupils are allowed to receive visitors on Sundays, from one to five o'clock, and on Thursdays from one to three p. m. Only Parents, Guardians and such persons as are duly authorized, will be admitted. Address: SUPERIOR, St. Mary's Academy, Winnipeg, Man.



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