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	Additional comments / Commentaires supplémentaires:	In Sessional pap numbered page	Supplement No. 4, page xlii is incorrectly

In Sessional paper No. 3, Reports of Fishery Officers ... 1878, Appendix No. 1, page 183 is incorrectly numbered page 83.

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FIRST SESSION OF THE FOURTH PARLIAMENT

OF THE

## DOMINION OF CANADA

SESSION 1879.



MacLean Roger & Co., Parliamentary and Departmental Printers, Ottawa, Ont.

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No. 46 Esquin  No. 47 Merci  No. 47a.  No. 48 Bar I  No. 49 Macki  No. 50 Purdi  No. 51 Comm  No. 52 Secre  No. 53 Catti	tion of the Province of Manitoba.  SKI, Wharf At:—Return to Order; Report of the Engineers respecting the improvements required to the wharf at Rimouski, to render it more convenient for the landing of the English mails, &c. (Not printed.)  MALT GRAVING Dock:—Return to Address; Correspondence respecting the offer of the Government of British Columbia in 1878, "to grant to the Admiralty the site, plant and material on hand, and work already done" of the proposed Esquimalt Graving Dock.  IER, Pierre Alexis & E. H.:—Return to Order; Statement shewing the number of days during which Pierre Alexis Mercier, an officer of the Custom Department at Montreal, absented himself during the year 1878, with or without leave of absence. (Not printed.)  Return to Order; Statement shewing the number of days during which Edward H. Mercier, an officer of Her Majesty Customs, and a Laudin Waiter at the Port of Montreal, absented himself during the year 1878 with or without leave of absence. (Not printed.)  RON, N.S. & N.B.:—Return to Order; Return shewing the number of tons of bar iro imported into Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, for the year ended 31 December, 1878; and value for duty. (Not printed.)  ERREL:—Return to Order; Correspondence relating to the practice of mackerel seining in the waters of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. (Not printed.)
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No. 47 MERCI No. 47a. No. 48 BAR I No. 49 MACKI No. 50 PURDI No. 51 Comm No. 52 Secre No. 53 Catti	the site, plant and material on hand, and work already done" of the proposed Esquimalt Graving Dock.  ER, Pierre Alexis & E. H.:—Return to Order; Statement shewing the number of days during which Pierre Alexis Mercier, an officer of the Custom Department at Montreal, absented himself during the year 1878, with or without leave of absence. (Not printed.)  Return to Order; Statement shewing the number of days during which Edward H. Mercier, an officer of Her Majesty Customs, and a Laudin Waiter at the Port of Montreal, absented himself during the year 1876 with or without leave of absence. (Not printed.)  RON, N.S. & N.B.:—Return to Order; Return shewing the number of tons of bar iro imported into Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, for the year ended 31 December, 1878; and value for duty. (Not printed.)  EREL:—Return to Order; Correspondence relating to the practice of mackerel seining in the waters of the Gulf of St. Lawrence. (Not printed.)
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No. 53 CATT	on Pleas, Ontario, Court of:—General Rules made by the Court of Common Ples for Ontario, under the Act of the Dominion of Canada, intituled "The Dominion Controverted Elections Act, 1874." (Not printed.)
	TARY OF STATE FOR CANADA:-Report of, for the year ended 31st December, 1878.
No. 54 TEA,	LE TRADE:—Return to Address:—Correspondence between the Government of Uanad and Her Majesty's Imperal Government and the Government of the United States, on the subject of the importation into Great Britain cattle from America.
Ì	Sugar, &c., Duty on: -Return to Order; Amount of duty paid during the month of February, 1879, on the articles of tea, sugar, wines, cottons and spirit respectively. (Not printed.)
No. 55 LACH	INE CANAL, EMPLOYES:—Return to Order; Statement giving the names of all person now permanently or temporarily employed on the Lachine Canal. (No printed.)
No. 56 JORDA	AN BAY BREAKWATER:—Return to Order; Tenders received for the erection of the Break water at Jordan Bay, in the County of Shelburne. (Not printe 1.)
No. 57 BRITIS	SH COLUMBIA PENITENTIARY:—Return to Address; Report made by the Deputy Adjutant General in British Columbia, complaining of the Warden of the Peniten tiary in that Province. (Not printed.)
No. 58 CASCI	UMPEC HARBOR: - Return to Order; Engineers' Plans and Reports, relating to th improvement of Cascumpec Harbor. (Not printed.)
No. 59 YAMA	ASKA RIVER:—Return to Address; Reports of Engineers, during the year 1878, respecting the improvement of navigation on the River Yamaska. (Not printed.)
}	HARNOIS CANAL, EMPLOYÉS:—Return to Order; Shewing the number of persons employe on the Beauharnois Canal and the number dismissed or pensioned sinc
No. 61 CORN	the 5th November, 1873. (Not printed.)

No.	62	CLARK, W. R. Esq.:—Confidential Memorandum from W. F. Whitcher to the Hon. J. C. Pope, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, on account fyled by W. R. Clark, Esq., of Boston, U.S., for services in connection with the Fisheries Commission. (Not printed.)
No.	62a	Return to Address; Correspondence relating to the payment of \$10,000 to . W. R. Clark, for alleged services rendered to the Canadian Government in connection with the Halifax Fishery Commission. (Not printed.)
No.	63	Campbell, W. D.:—Return to Order; Copies of the lease of the rivers of the Seigniory of Bic, in the County of Rimouski, granted to W. D. Campbell, Esquire, Notary, of Quebec. (Not printed.)
No.	64	Canals, U. S., Free Navigation of :—Return to Address; Correspondence subsequent to a Return made on the 5th of April, 1876, respecting the action taken in denying to Canadians the free navigation of the United States or State Canals and the Hudson River.
No.	65	STATUTE LABOR:—Return to Address; Correspondence between the Dominion Government and that of the Province of Quebec, respecting the adjustment of certain statute labor (droits de corvée) in the Parishes of St. Fabien, &c., during the last General Elections. (Not printed.)
No	66	St. John and St. Francis Rivers, Bridging of:—Resolutions of the Legislature of the State of Maine, in relation to the navigation and bridging of the Rivers St. John and St. Francis, where said rivers are the line of boundary between the said United States and the Dominion of Canada. (Not printed.)
No.	67	NATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY OF CANADA:—Annual Report of, to 31st December, 1878.  (Not printed.)
No	. 68.	ACTIVE MILITIA, MILITARY DISTRICT No. 5:—Return to Order; Statement shewing the names of the officers, non-commissioned officers and men, forming No. 1 Company of the 21st Battalion of the Active Militia in Military District No. 5. (Not printed.)
No	<b>. 6</b> 9.	NAVIGATION, SCHOOL OF, QUEBEC:—Return to Address; Correspondence since 1872, between the Dominion Government of the Province of Quebec, in relation to a school of navigation at Quebec. (Not printed.)
No	. 70.	McClary, Peter:—Return to Order; Correspondence which led to the superannuation of Peter McClary, Collector of Inland Revenue, for the City of London, and East Riding of Middlesex. (Not printed.)
No	. 71.	Office, Dismissals from:—Return to Address: Correspondence between His Excellency Lord Dufferin and the Members of the late Administration on dismissal from office of those appointed in October and November, 1873; and also, appointments made between 17th September and 10th October, 1878. (Not printed.)
No	. 72.	CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY EXTENSION:—Return to Address; All contracts or agreements for the extension of the Canada Central Railway, since the 1st day of January, 1878; also, for the construction of the Georgian Bay Branch Railway (Not printed.)
No	. 73	FISHERY AWARD, APPROPRIATION:—Return to Address; Correspondence addressed by the Local Governments to the Dominion Government, upon the question of the appropriation of the Fishery Award.
No	. 73a	Return to Address; Correspondence which has passed between the Loca Government of Prince Edward Island and the Government of the Do- minion, having reference to the award of the Fishery Commission of to the disposal thereof.
No	. 74	Robertson, William:—Return to Order; Correspondence relating to the dismissal or replacement of William Robertson, Clerk of Works and Inspector under the contract for building the Penitentiary, Dorchester, N.B. (No printed.)
No	. 75	Bonded Warehouses: - Return to Order; Return of all Merchandize remaining in the Bonded Warehouses, by Provinces, on the 31st December, 1878; also, from the 1st January to the 31st March, 1879. (Not printed.)

No. 76... Collingwood, Harbor of:—Return to Order; Statement shewing the amount expended one. Harbor of Collingwood during the season of 1878. (Not printed.)

No. 77	IMPORTS AND EXPORTS:—Return to Order; Return of all Imports and Exports, by Provinces, for the six months ending 31st December, 1878; also for the months of January and February, 1879. (Not printed.)
No. 78	CUSTOMS AND EXCISE DUTIES:—Return to Order; Return of the sum paid on account of Customs and Excise Duties during the month of February, 1879. (Not printed.)
No. 79	PENITENTIARY, St. John:—Return to Address; Correspondence relating to the claim of the City and County of St. John, to send prisoners under sentence for less than two years to the St. John Penitentiary.
No. 80	TASCHERBAU, THOMAS:—Return to Address; Correspondence between the late Administration and the Honorable Jean Thomas Taschereau, late Judge of the Supreme Court, respecting his superannuation, &c. (Not printed.)
No. 81	Supreme Court and Court of Excheques:—Return to Address; Statement shewing the number of judgments rendered by the Supreme Court and the Court of Exchequer of Canada, and the number of employes of the said Courts.
No. 82	CARDINAL, REGIS:—Return to Order; Correspondence relating to the recent dismissal of Regis Cardinal, heretofore an employé of the Inland Revenue Department. (Not printed.)
No. 83	MORPETH HARBOR:—Return to Address; Correspondence relating to the construction of a Harbor at or near Morpeth, in the Electoral District of Bothwell, Ontario.
No. 84	Tin Cans, Duty on:—Return to Address; Correspondence relating to the duty imposed by the Government of the United States on Tin Cans containing Lobsters, &c. (Not printed.)
No. 85	QUARTZ MINING MACHINERY, B.C.:—Return to Order; Letters and telegrams received by the Minister of Customs, during the year 1878, from parties in British Columbia, in regard to the admission during that year into the said Province of Machinery for Quartz Mining, on the condition of security being given that the duties thereon would be paid within twelve months. (Not printed.)
	NORTH-WEST TERRITORIES:Ordinances passed by the Lieutenant-Governor and Council of the North-West Territories, on the 2nd August, 1878.
No. 87	LAYTON, RICHARD:—Return to Address; Correspondence with the Government relative to the appointing of Mr. Richard Layton as Warden of the Penitentiary in British Columbia. (Not printe!.)
No. 88	VOTES POLLED, GENERAL ELECTION:—Return shewing the number of votes polled for each Candidate in the different Electoral Districts during the late General Elections.
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No. 89	CANADIAN VESSELS, LAKE MICHIGAN:—Return to Address; Correspondence in relation to Canadian vessels, bound for Lake Michigan, reporting at Port Huron instead of at Sheboygan, as is the practice at present.
No. 90	MILITIA, ACTIVE:—Return to Order; Transmitting the names, rank, &c., of all officers of the Active Militia who offered their services to Great Britain. (Not printed.)
No. 91	RIVER DU LOUP PIER:—Return to Order; Instructions given to the Engineer and Super- intendent, of works done on River du Loup Pier, in the County of Temiscouata, in 1878. (Not printed.)
No. 92	LETTER, PRIVATE:—Return to Order; Correspondence relating to the transmission during the recent Dominion Elections, of a certain letter, marked private and confidential, then on file in the Post office Department, Ottawa, to a voter in the East Riding of Northumberland. (Not printed.)
No. 93	DRUMMONDVILLE, WENDOVER AND SIMPSON MAILS:—Return to Order; Shewing the distance traversed, and the amount paid for the carriage of the mails between Drummondville, Wendover and Simpson. (Not printed.)

No. 94	STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY:—Return to Order; Copies of contract for Mail Service with Steam Navigation Company of Prince Elward Island, at the time the Island entered Confederation (Not printed.)
No. 95	PRITTIE, R. W.—Return to Address; Order in Council, authorizing an arrangement to be made with Mr. R. W. Prittie, and others, relating to the introduction and settlement of settlers in the Province of Manitoba. (Not printed.)
No. 96	Ketchum, Mr., Correspondence:—Return to Order; Correspondence from the Warden of the St John Penitentiary. relating to the Inspector, Mr. Moylan's Report of the investigation of Mr. Ketchum, the Warden. (Not printed.)
No. 97	Ketchum, Mr., and Inspector's Report:—Return to Order; Copy of Inspector Moylan's Report of the investigation of the case of Mr. Ketchum, Warden of St. John, N.B., Penitentiary. (Not printed.)
No. 98	NEW BRUNSWICK, GOVERNMENT OF:—Return (in part) to Address; Correspondence between the Government of New Brunswick and the Government of the Dominion, relating to certain claims preferred by the former against the latter Government.
No. 99	RIMOUSKI, HARBOR OF REFUGE:—Return to Address; Correspondence respecting the non-appropriation by the late Administration of the sum of \$250,000, voted in 1874, for a Harbor of Refuge at Rimouski. (Not printed.)
No. 100.	MERCANTILE MARINE OF CANADA:—Return to Address; Documents relating to the examination before the Boards of Examiners of the Mercantile Marine of Canada of Masters desirous of obtaining certificates as extra Masters. (Not printed.)
No. 101.	TIDAL HARBOR, QUEBRO, AND GRAVING DOCK, LÉVIS:—Return to Address; Return of the names of persons tendering for the construction of the works in the Tidal Harbor at Quebec, and the Graving Dock at Lévis, respectively.
No. 102.	CARON, CLOVIS, FISHERY OVERSEER:—Return to Order; Copies of the complaint made last Autumn by Mr. Clement Rouleau, of St. Anne de la Pocatière, in the County of Kamouraska, against Mr. Clovis Caron, Fishery Overseer. (Not printed.)
No. 103.	St. VINCENT DE PAUL PENITENTIARY:—Return to Order; Statement shewing the names of the several permanent and temporary officers and employes of the Penitentiary of St. Vincent de Paul. (Not printed.)
No. 104.	YARWOOD, C. St. George:—Return to Address; Correspondence respecting the superannuation of C. St. George Yarwood, Landing Water at Chippewa, County of Welland. (Not printed.)
No. 105	OLD Bic Harbor:—Return to Address; Petitions presented since 1875, in relation to the improvements to be made in the Harbor, commonly called "Old Bic." (Not printed.)
No. 106	L'Assomption River:—Return to Order; Correspondence relating to the deepening of the River l'Assomption. (Not printed.)
No. 107	LANGELIER, CHARLES:—Return to Order; Statement of all money paid to Mr. Charles Langelier, for the use of his bridge on the Chambly Canal. (Not printed.)
No. 108	PRINCE EDWARD ISLE, CIVIL SERVICE:—Return to Order; Sessional Paper No. 73, (not printed) 1875, respecting dismissals from, and appointments to the Civil Service, in Prince Edward Island. (Not printed.)
No. 109	BRITISH COLUMBIA IMPORTS, &c.:—Return to Order; Shewing the quantities and values of the different articles of merchandize imported into British Columbia from other Provinces of the Dominion in 1878; also, the Exports, &c. (Not printed.)
<b>N</b> o. 110	COLUMBIA, FISHERIES OF:—Return to Order; Sessional Paper 42 (not printed) 1877, respecting Fisheries of Columbia.
No. 111	NORTH RIVER AND ST. ANDREWS:—Return to Order; Correspondence relating to the dredging of the North River to St. Andrews. (Not printed.)

No. 112. GROSSE ISLE, PUBLIC WORKS:—Return to Order; Contracts for public works, &c., on Grosse Isle, between the 15th November, 1873, and 1st January last. (Not printed.)

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No. 113	INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY, THROUGH FREIGHT RATES:—Return to Order; Correspondence with the Intercolonial and Steamship Companies, with a view of obtaining through freight rates upon grain, as will constitute Halifax the winter shipping port of the Dominion.
No. 114	Indians, Chicoutimi, Vaccination of:—Return to Order; Instructions given to Dr. Lacombe, of Chicoutimi, as to the vaccinating of the Indians of the County of Chicoutimi. (Not printed.)
No. 115.	Official Assignmes, Queenc:—Return to Order; Statement of all moneys paid over by the Official Assignees of the Province of Quebec, under the provisions of the Act 38 Vic., Chap. 16, sec. 42. (Not printed.)
No. 116	VETERANS OF 1812-15:—Return to Order; Giving the names and residences of all the veterans of the war of 1812-15, who received a pension during the year 1878.  (Not printed)
No. 117	Hamilton, City of, Appointments:—Return to Order; Of the names of all persons appointed in the Inland Revenue Office, &c., in the City of Hamilton, between 4th November, 1873, and 10th October, 1878. (Not printed.)
No. 118	Wood, Honorable Chief Justice:—Return to Address; Report of all cases returned to the Government by the Honorable Chief Justice Wood, Commissioner under the Act 38 Vic., Chap. 53. (Not printed.)
<b>N</b> o. 119	Public Property, Transfer of:—Return to Order; Papers relative to the sale or transfer of the Barracks at Fredericton, New Brunswick; also, relative to the lease of certain military properties for the purpose of constructing a Graving Dock at Quebec; also, relating to the transfer of certain military properties at Toronto for the purpose of erecting buildings for the Provincial Exhibition. (Not printed.)
No. 120	Spirits and Tobacco: —Return to Order; Return of the quantity of spirits, malt, malt liquor and tobacco, manufactured, &c., remaining in warehouse, and revenue accruing therefrom, from 1st January to 31st March, 1879. (Not printed.)
No. 121	CHENAL DU Moine Piers:—Return to Address; Correspondence respecting the construction of Piers to be built in the Chenal du Moine. (Not printed.)
No. 122	PRINCE ARTHUR'S LANDING AND KAMI ISTIQUIA:—Return to Orler; Returns of numbers, ton- nage, and weight of general cargo of vessels that have entered and cleared from Prince Arthur's Landing and the Kaministiquia, respec- tively, during the season of 1878. (Not printed.)
No. 123	LADY HEAD STEAMER;—Return to Order; Minutes of the enquiry held as to the loss of the steamer "Lady Head," last autumn, and of the number of vessels the Government has at its disposal for the protection of our Fisheries (Not printe!.)
No. 124.	SARAH E. BRYANT, STEAM TUG: —Return to Order; Correspondence in reference to the seizure of the steam tug, "Sarah E Bryant," of Buffalo, N. Y., by the Customs authorities at Dunnville.
No. 125.	RIVER DU LOUP, FREIGHT: —Return to Order; Shewing the number of car loads of the different kinds of freight forwarded from River du Loup into the Maritime Provinces, &c.
No. 126.	L'Ass MPTION RIVER, BRIDGE:—Return to Order; Correspondence relating to the construction of the bridge over L'Assomption River, at L'Assomption. (Not printed.)
No. 127.	INDIAN LAND CLAIMS:—Return to Address; Correspondence in reference to the arrears due on account of Indian Land Claims on Lakes Huron and Superior
No. 128	GREEN OR ADAM'S ISLAND:—Return to Order; Instructions given to Mr. John Davidson, the Indian Agent at Dundee, respecting Green or Adams Island, in the St. Lawrence. (Not printed.)
No. 129.	VACCINATION—Indians, Saguenay:—Return to Order; Instructions given to Or. F. X. Laterriere, of Chicoutimi, as to vaccinating the Indians of the County of Saguenay. (Not printed.)
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No. 130. INDIANS ENFRANCHISED:—Return to Order; Return of all Indians who have become enfranchised within the past ten years. (Not printed.)

- No. 131.. ALASKA BOUNDARY: -- Return to Address; Memorandum of the circumstances that led to the conclusion of the Convention between Great Britain and Russia, of February, 1825, &c. Also, a copy of the most reliable maps and any Reports respecting the Alaska boundary. (Not printed.)
- No. 132.. Amer Island Breakwater:—Return to Order; Estimates of cost of relaying the Stone Breakwater around Amet Island, in the Province of Nova Scotia. (Not printed)
- No. 133. RIVER St. John, N.B.:—Return to Order; Correspondence in connection with Bridges placed across the River St. John, N.B., at Woodstock and at Andover, County of Victoria. (Not printed.)
- No. 134. ELLA G. McLean, Schooner:—keturn to Order; Correspondence in any way connected with the chartering and purchase of the schooner "Ella G. McLean." (Not printed.)
- No. 135. Deschamps, Antoine:—Return to Order; Papers relating to the discharge of Antoine Deschamps, Light Reeper of St. Anne's, in the County of Jacques Cartier.

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#### SUPPLEMENT No. 2

TO THE

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES BEING FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1878.

## REPORTS

OF THE

CHAIRMEN OF THE BOARDS OF

# STEAMBOAT INSPECTION

AND EXAMINERS OF MASTERS AND MATES,

THE

TORONTO, MONTREAL, QUEBEC AND PICTOU

# HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS,

THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITIES,

THE HARBOUR AND SHIPPING MASTERS, THE PORT WARDENS, AND ON THE HARBOUR POLICE OF MONTREAL AND QUEBEC, TOGETHER WITH STATEMENT OF WRECKS AND CASUALTIES AND LIST OF REWARDS FOR SAVING LIFE,

CHIEFLY UP TO THE

31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1878.

PRINTED BY ORDER OF PARLIAMENT.



OTTAWA:
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1879.

## SUPPLEMENT No. 2.

The Hon. JAMES C. POPE, M.P.,

Minister of Marine.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit herewith Supplement No. 2 to the Eleventh Annual Report of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, being for the Year 1878; containing the Reports of the Chairmen of the Boards of Steamboat Inspection and Examiners of Masters and Mates, the Toronto, Montreal, Quebec and Pictou Harbour Commissioners, the Pilotage Authorities, the Harbour and Shipping Masters, the Port Wardens, and on the Harbour Police of Montreal and Quebec, together with Statement of Wrecks and Casualties and List of Rewardsfor Saving Life.

My remarks, on the subjects specified in the above-mentioned Reports, will be found in the Annual Report of this Department, submitted on the 1st January last.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

WM. SMITH,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa, 9th April, 1879.

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## APPENDIX No. 1.

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF STEAMBOAT INSPEC-TION FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

> BOARD OF STEAMBOAT INSPECTION, CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE.

Honourable J. C. Pope,

TORONTO, 31st December, 1878.

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa

Sir,-I have the honour to submit herewith my Annual Report for the year ended 31st December, 1878.

It is to be regretted that I have to report the loss of two lives in connection with steamboats during the past year. Both occurred in the District of Ontario, but neither of them are traceable to any cause connected with the inspection of the vessels, so far as I am able to judge from the reports of the accidents.

One life, that of a man, was lost from on board the steamer "F. B. Maxwell," an excursion boat running between Toronto and Victoria Park, a place of summer

resort about eight miles below Toronto, on the lake shore.

Considering the number of people that were carried on the "Maxwell," the vessel above referred to during the past season, increasing on the night return trips to perhaps 700 or 800 persons, numbers far beyond the capacity of the steamer to earry; considering too the danger from fire or any accident creating a panic, it is fearful to contemplate the loss of life that might ensue in open water. Away from

help, and in the dark, the chances would be few for anyone. In referring to the "Maxwell," I may state that numerous complaints have been made to me during the past season, in respect to the over-crowding of ferry and excursion steamers, asking me to provide some security against the danger apprehended from this cause, either by limiting the number of passengers, or making some adequate provision for their safety in case of accident. To limit the number of passengers are the low fares. of passengers would be virtually stopping the running of the boats, as the low fares charged will only pay from the large numbers carried. It is also impracticable to carry an equipment of life-saving means in any degree proportionate to the number of passengers. How far the Government would be justified in standing between the wishes of the public, and the danger to which they are thus exposed, the Department can best determine.

The other life lost, which is referred to in the casualty return of this report, is

not accounted for, further than in connection with the burning of the steamer.

It will be satisfactory for you to learn that no complaints have been made to me by owners or masters of steamboats against inspectors in the discharge of their duties, and but few against engineers.

The annual meeting of the Board was held at Montreal, on the 24th instant. There were present Messrs. Smith, from the Maritime Provinces; Samson, from Onabas. Beside Quebee; Befort, from Three Rivers; Burgess, Montreal, and the Chairman. Beside classifying the examination papers of engineers made in the several Districts, by the Inspectors present, the Board passed the following rules for their own guidance:

Rule 1. That Inspectors of Steamboats will, in future, condemn, as far as possible, the use of upright tubular boilers in steamboats, in which the water level is maintained below the upper end of the tubes.

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Rule 2. That the space on the circular portion of the shell of a boiler enclosed by the steam dome shall be strengthened by riveted angle-irons, or otherwise to compensate for the unequal pressure to which that portion of the boiler is subjected.

Rule 3. That Rule 5, passed September, 1873, determining the standard of strength of flues in boilers subjected to external pressure, shall apply in all cases, except where such flues are less than four feet in length, when the working pressure allowable may be increased inversely as their lengths, in the proportion of two to one. Thus for a flue of four feet long, the working pressure being fifty pounds, a similar flue two feet long would admit a working pressure of one hundred pounds.

Rule 4. That in future when bars, or angle-irons, are used for sustaining the crown sheet of the furnace of a boiler, three-fifths of the working pressure allowable upon the crown sheet shall be sustained by hanging stays from the shell of the boiler.

This Rule may not apply to furnaces less than thirty-six inches wide.

The measurement of the crown sheet in applying the above rule to be taken

between the sides and ends of the furnace.

Rule 5. Inspectors are to discourage (except in staying cylindrical furnaces) the use of angle-iron in staying furnaces and crown sheets of steamboat boilers.

Rule 6. That donkey boilers on steamboats are required by law to be provided

with two safety valves, one of which may be locked up.

Rule 7. That the Rule of the Board fixing the area of the safety valves at one-third the width of the front of the boiler, in inches, the locked valve being two-fitths and the open valve three-fifths that area, shall in future be adhered to for all new boilers. That in no case shall the area of the open and locked valves together, be less than half a square inch for each square foot of grate surface in the boilers.

The following Resolutions were submitted. "That applicants for examination as

The following Resolutions were submitted. "That applicants for examination as engineer must be able to read the Rules and Regulations provided for their guidance and write a plain legible hand. That this rule remain in force for one year from

this date, or until otherwise ordered." Approved.

Moved by Mr. W. M. Smith, of the Maritime Provinces, and seconded by Mr. Befort, of the Three Rivers District, "That Inspectors of Steamboats be authorized to issue limited certificates to engineers in their districts, such certificates to be ratified at the first meeting of the Board."—Lost. Mr. Smith and Mr. Befort, voting for, and Burgess, Samson and the Chairman against it.

Some discussion took place on the necessity for providing separate forms of examination papers for chief engineers and also for assistant engineers, the Chairman promising to obtain the opinion of the several inspectors as to the best form of questions for such papers, when the Board adjourned to meet at Toronto on the

2nd December.

According to the adjournment at Montreal a quorum of the Board composed of Inspectors Taylor, and Meneilley, with the Chairman, met on the 2nd December, at Toronto, and continued in session to the 14th, being occupied in classifying examination papers of engineers taken at Kingston, Collingwood, Lindsay, Port Colborne, St. Catharines, Chatham, Windsor, Sarnia, Hamilton, Manitoba and British Columbia.

The following rule was adopted by the Board:

Rule 8. Boilers in which the longitudinal seams, in the cylindrical part of the shell, are single in place of double riveted, shall be subject to a reduction in the working pressure, allowable for a boiler made in the best manner (as prescribed by sub-section 2, section 7 of the Act) of twenty per cent., the limit of pressure in boilers so made not to exceed eighty pounds to the square inch, in place of one hundred pounds as named in the clause of the Act referred to. This Rule to apply to all boilers made after this date.

The following letter with reference to the substitution of steel for iron in the manufacture of steamboat boilers was addressed by the Board to Mr. Inspector

Abell, of the Manitoba District:—

"Toronto, 14th December, 1878.

SIR,—Referring to your letter of the 22nd ultimo, requesting me to lay before the Board whether the use of steel plates in the manufacture of steamboat boilers would not allow a greater working pressure than iron plates, the object being to reduce the weight of the boiler by substituting steel for iron in its construction, the Board is of opinion that the difference is rejected to a boiler by the use of steel the Board is of opinion that the difference in weight of a boiler, by the use of steel in its manufacture in place of iron, would not justify recommending any change in the law, which requires that boilers be made of the best materials in the best manner. That the limit of pressure (one hundred pounds to the square inch) cannot be safely exceeded unless—as in Europe—the practice be followed here of drilling instead of punching the holes in the sheets of the boilers, and condemning plates so punched as

> "I am, Sir, "Your obedient servant,

> > "SAMUEL RISLEY.

"Chairman of the Board of Steamboat Inspection.

"EDWARD R. ABELL, Esq., "Steamboat Inspector,

"Lower Fort Garry, Manitoba."

During the past year, 1,178 engineers' certificates have been issued, classed as follows:-

#### ENGINEERS' CERTIFICATES.

		Total		1 1 1 17 0
side	red spe	confining the cially quali	em to steamers which were confied	125
Third Limited	،، ماء،	"		440
	"		***************************************	177
First-clas	s Assi	stant Engine	eers	340
$\mathbf{Third}$	"	66	*******************	001
	"	"Bincois	•••••••••••••••••	149
First-clas	ss Chie	f Engineers	•••••••••••	68

The sum of twenty-eight hundred and seventy dollars has been paid to me on this account, and transferred to the Receiver-General to be placed to the credit of the Steamboat Inspection Fund.

#### TABLE A

Exhibits the gross and registered tonnage of steamboats in the Dominion at the close of each year, since 1873 to 1878, both years inclusive.

Year.	Gross Tons.	Registered	Gross Tons.	Registered Tons.	Gross Tons.	Registered Tons.
		Tons.	Increase.	Increase.	Decrease.	Decrease.
1873 1874	200,200	56,457	,			
1876	117,251	62,518 72,851 67,996	9,840 15,113	6,061 1 <b>0,333</b>	# 000	4,855
1877 1878		71,713 94,37728	6,635 36,47611	3,717 22,564 <sup>28</sup>	5,298	4,000

Table B Exhibits the gross and registered tonnage of all the steamboats in the several Divisions of the Dominion; also the amount of dues and fees collected on account of their inspection, together with the amount paid by Engineers for certificates during the calendar year ended 31st December, 1878.

TABLE B.

Division.	Gross Tons.	Registered Tons.	Dues and Fees.
West Ontario, Huron and Superior.  East Ontario Montreal Three Rivers Maritime Provinces Quebec British Columbia Manitoha Engineers' fees  Steamboat dues and fees Engineers' fees  Reing a decrease from last year of \$1,662 Total revenue from the foregoing account Steamboat Inspection account Engineers' fees account Decrease from last year on	17,238-00 22,795-00 20,734-00 16,167-00 16,711-00 6,363-15 1,270-53	878	\$12,455 37 \$12,455 37 \$12,455 37 9,585 87 2,870 00

Table C exhibits the number and class of steam vessels in the Dominion at the close of the year. Included under this head are twelve grain elevators, fitted with steam power for moving them about the harbour at Montreal.

TABLE C.

Division.	Number.	Paddle.	Screw.	Passenger.	Freight.	Tug.
West Ontario, Huron and Superior	224	35	189	93	37	94
East Ontario	99 132	30 66	69 65	58 44	13	28 67
Three Rivers.	60	47	13	32	1	28
Quebec	103	53	50	25	1	77
Maritime Provinces	108	43	65	48	5	55
British Columbia	33	18	15	26	}	7
Manitoba	11	7	4	6	3	2
Totals.	771	300	470	333	80	258

STATEMENT of the number of steamers in the Dominion, as reported in Table C, during the ten years ending 31st December, 1878, with the increase from year to year.

Years.	Number of Steamers.	Increase.
1869	401	0
1870	404	3
1871	438	
1372	473	35
1873	554	81
1874	595	41
1875	684	89
1876	689	5
1877	740	51
1878	771	31

From the number of steamers in the above statement, at the close of each year, must be deducted the number put out of service during the same period, less those not inspected, and which are not returned in Table C.

Number of steam do	ners returned, as per not returned	Table C, for do	the year 187 do	8	771 11
Total number of	Total steamers put out of se	ervice during	the year	······································	782 38
Number of steam	ners at the close of the	e year 1878.		· · · · · · · ·	744
STATEMENT of St	eamers added to the I	Dominion du	ring the yes	ır 1878.	

#### TABLE D.

Division.	Number.	Gross Tons.	Registered Tons.	Paddle.	Screw.	Passenger.	Freight.	Tug.
West Ontario, Huron and Superior  Bast Ontario	8 7 4 5	2,729. 53 532 358 683 123 95 1,653. 14 551. 78	1,825. 34 314 167 383 61 91 1,134. 27 379. 04	1 2 4 	13 7 5 5 2 6 3 41	7 7 5 2 6 3 32	2 1 4 1 8	6 1 1 2 5 1

STATEMENT of steamers lost, broken up, or put out of service during the year 1878.

TABLE E.

Division.	Number.	Gross Tons.	Registered Tons.	Paddle.	Screw.	Passenger.	Freight.	Tug.
West Ontario, Huron and Superior  East Ontario  Montreal  Three Rivers  Quebec  Maritime Provinces  British Columbia  Manitoba  Totals	14 4 3 2 4 7 3 1	1,329 <sup>7.8</sup> 493 362 141 574 435 435 <sup>7.1</sup> 15	98268 311 205 47 334 367 32019 10 2,57687	3 1 2 2 3 3 3 1	11 3 1 1 4	2 5 1 1	1	6 2 2 2 1

#### CASUALTY RETURNS.

#### WEST ONTARIO, HURON AND SUPERIOR DIVISIONS.

Two lives were lost in this Division. One, a passenger on the steamer "F. B. Maxwell," an excursion steamer running between Toronto and Victoria Park. The accident is reported to have occurred at night, just after the steamer had left the park, about 500 yards from the landing dock. It was reported to the Captain that there was a man overboard. The steamer was at once stopped, a life preserver thrown-out, and the life boat lowered. The steamer backed up, and after half an hour, as no trace of the man could be found, the search was given up.

The second case occurred by the burning of the steamer "Lake Breeze," a passenger steamer running between Windsor and Leamington. No report has been made

to me of the disaster by the owner or master of the steamer.

The tabular statement marked E exhibits 14 steamers as lost, broken up, or put out of service in this division during the year. Of this number, the tug "Modoc" foundered on Lake Huron in October, 1876, but was not reported to this office until March last.

Steamer "J. Holt," a passenger boat between Wallaceburg and Chatham, while on the route from the former to the latter place on the 21st June, when three miles off the south-west passage, at 2 c'clock in the afternoon, took fire and burned to the water's edge. The fire is reported to have originated at the bottom of the wooden jacket enclosing the smoke pipe, which extended below the main deck of the vessel. The pump hose was put on, but with no effect. It was blowing a gale of wind at the time.

Steamer "Silver Spray," passenger boat on Georgian Bay, was burned at the wharf at Owen Sound, while fitting out in the spring of the year, at night; origin of

the fire not reported.

Steamer "Mary R. Robertson," freight boat. On the 22nd July the vessel left Byng Inlet on Georgian Bay, with a load of lumber for Chicago. On the passage out of the harbour she struck a rock. The captain put back and nearly reached the loading dock when the vessel sank, The engineer of the steamer reports that the ship's boats were in such leaky condition that had the vessel been any distance from shore they would have been useless; two men, he states, could not keep the best boat free of water. Two days after the vessel sunk she took fire from lumber piles on fire on the wharf and is reported a total loss.

and the second s

Steamer "Okoura," passenger boat between Owen Sound and Wiarton on Georgian Bay, at 5 o'clock in the morning, while lying at her dock at, Wiarton, was burned to the water's edge. The fire is supposed to have originated from a lamp, through carelessness of the watchman in charge of the boat.

Tug "Collingwood," out of Collingwood, when one mile west of Byng Inlet Light, at 11 o'clock at night, 19th July, took fire and sunk. Total loss; cause of

fire unknown.

Steam barge "Jacques Cartier," of Windsor, driven ashore in a storm in October, about 8 miles off Goderich on Lake Huron. The crew, eight in number, got ashore in the yawl along with three other persons, whether passengers or not is not reported; one other person, also on the vessel, got ashore on a cedar log. It is shown in this case, where an ordinary yawl boat, 14 feet 6 inches keel was used, that such a boat would not carry more than 11 persons, one of the men preferring to take his chances on a cedar log to the risk of overcrowding the boat.

The presence on the barge of four persons besides the crew, would make it appear as if they were passengers; if such is the fact, the owners of the vessel ought to be prosecuted, as the vessel was equipped for the crew only, as a freight barge, and had no life-saving means for more than the crew; she was also running in violation

of law without a certificate.

Tug "Mystic" lies sunk at Windsor.

Steam barge "Enterprise" when off Cove Island, Lake Huron, took fire near the smoke pipe; the pump and hose being in good working order and ready for instannt use, it is thought was the means of saving the vessel, as it rarely happens that a fire anywhere about the inflammable materials around the boiler does not spread too quicky to be subdued.

Freight barge "Albion" on her way up from Montreal took fire at the wharf at Valleyfield at 5 a.m., 27th October; so rapid was the fire that the crew barely saved themselves. It is reported that they refused to work the fire pumps for fear of the boiler bursting. The town fire engine turned out and succeeded in saving a portion

of the hull of the vessel.

Steamer "Quebec" of the North-West Transportation Company went ashore at full speed on Cockburn Island, Lake Huron, in November, in a snow storm. The vessel was scuttled to save her from going to pieces. After lightening up the cargo she was got off at great expense and taken to Detroit for repairs. Except both arches broken and some damage to the hull, the boat and machinery suffered no material damage. No official report has been furnished me of the disaster.

A few minor accidents to the machinery of steamers occurred, and are reported to me, but as they in no way endangered life, I shall omit further notice of them.

No complaints are reported except one, and that not substantiated, against engineers.

#### EAST ONTARIO DIVISION.

Steamer "Fairy" burned at the wharf October 2nd, at Harwood, Rice Lake.

The "Fairy" was a little yacht, since been rebuilt and is now running.

Propeller "Armenia" when raising steam in the boiler, 20th April, the flange of the steampipe where it joins the steam chest of the engine, broke, the escaping steam dangerously but not fatally scalding the engineer.

Steam barge "Norman" when lying at the wharf at Oswego, had her upper

works burned 27th October.

Steamer "Peerless" run into by the steamer "Olive" and sunk in the Rideau

Canal below Merrickville.

Tug "McArthur" on July 2nd, broke her port screw wheel; again, on the 28th August, the new screw gave way, and on the 10th of October, one of the piston bolts breaking, carrying the cylinder cover away and bending the piston rod.

No complaints against engineers.

#### MONTREAL DIVISION.

Steamer "Lincoln" owned by Sincennes & McNaughton, when in winter quarters at New Edinburgh, near Ottawa, was burnt to the water's edge in March. The "M. 16. D.," owned by the same firm was burnt at the same place in August following.

Steamer "Cantin," lying at anchor at St. Anns, was burnt to the water's edge-

and sunk; reported a total loss.

Steamer "Maude," of the Ottawa River Navigation Company, broke the strop of the skeleton beam while towing below Ottawa, breaking the cylinder, the piston going out through the head of it.

No complaints against engineers.

#### THREE RIVERS DIVISION.

Steamer "Rocket" collided with the steamer "Richelieu," October 22nd, off Cape Madelaine, a few miles below Three Rivers. The "Richelieu" sunk, the "Rocket" received some damage.

No complaints against engineers.

#### QUEBEC DIVISION.

Steamer "St. Croix," 17th October, burnt at the wharf at St. Croix Bay.
Steamer "Becancour," 23rd November, burnt at the Market Wharf, Quebec, at night. The pontoon of St. Andrews wharf broke away from its moorings at the same time and was carried up by the force of the wind and tide against the steamer, when both steamer and pontoon sunk.

No complaints against engineers.

### MARITIME PROVINCES.

The screw passenger steamer "Dominion," from Yarmouth, N.S., to Boston, October 12th, lost her rudder; she was taken into Portland with the assistance of a sailing vessel, and a new rudder got.

No complaints against engineers.

#### BRITISH COLUMBIA DIVISION.

Steamer "Union" on her way down Fraser River, 30th July, with a load of hay. A spark from the boiler chimney set the hay on fire resulting in the total loss of the vessel.

No complaints against engineers.

#### MANITOBA DIVISION.

Steamer "Swallow," 2nd May, turned completely over in a gale of wind, and sunk near the city of Winnipeg, the vessel has been raised and is now employed as a freight boat.

Steamer "Northcote," 17th August, struck a sunken rock running the Coles Falls, on the Saskachewan River. The vessel struck upon the starboard quarter

forward and across to the port side about two-thirds her length, breaking eighty-three frames and damaging her planking; she has been since repaired.

Steamer "Victoria," 28th September, when ten miles below Selkirk, on the Rel River, struck some sunken object which bent her screw shaft.

Except one, not proven, there are no complaints against engineers.

I am, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

> SAMUEL RISLEY, Chairman, Board of Steamboat Inspection.

STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals Place of Residence, the Year of their First Exa last employ, the Date of the Certificate and the	NEE Lesid 7, th	RS' E ence, e Dat	kami the e of t	Examinations and s, the Year of their te of the Certificat	ns an of the rtific	d Reir Finate ar	news st E	ols durin kaminati e Amou	s during the Year enumination and Numb Amount of the Fee.	ding 31st Dece er of Renewals	BOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ending 31st December, 1878, their Class and Place of Residence, the Year of their First Examination and Number of Renewals, the Name of the Steamer last employ, the Date of the Certificate and the Amount of the Fee.	eir Class the Ste	s and amer
Name of Engineer.	Class of Engineer.	Olass of Assistant Engineer.	Date of First Board . Examination.	Draod to redmnN Examination.	No. of Renewals.	Date of First Local Examination.	Number of Local Examination.	Date of Issue.	Place of Residence.	Name of Steamer last employ.	By whom Examined.	Date of Certificate.	Hee.
													♣ cts.
Atkins, William		-	1872		9	1871	-	February.	February . Annapolis	Nil	Board	1878	1 00
Armstrong, John			1876	61		1876	70	April	Morrisburg	Eureka.	Taylor	ф	5 00
A chilles, J. Orson	Ľ.			<del>- i</del>		1878	-	May	Nagouge	Riter	Befort	qo	2 00
Angell, Wm. G	'n			-÷		1874	က	June	Oswego, U.S	Kincardine	Taylor	qo	2 00
Atkinson, Wm		н	1869		6		1	July	Fredericton, N.B Forty-Second		Board	qo	1 00
Blight, Richard	ŗ.					1876	m	May	Victoria, B.C	Grappler	Westgarth	qo	2 00
Bellair, Francois		_	1870		<b>o</b>	1869	-	April	Montreal	C. M. Riter	Board	go,	1 00
Brown, James	'n		1872		9	1878	-	Мау	Niagara	Bouquet	Risley	ďο	00 9
Bell, James		es	1876	~	~			ф	Hamilton	Armenia	Board	qo	1 00
Barton, Wm. J	نر		1874	ო	87	1878	7	do	St. John, N.B	Fawn	Smith	do	2 00
Batte, Geo. E		23	1876	87	··			January	P. Edward Island. Nil.		Board	do	1 00
Bampton, James		~	1870	က	9		i	30	Port Robinson Minerva	Minerva	ф	qo	1 00
Brunette, Honore		-	1870	61	<u>-</u>		Ī	do	Lachine	White Bird	ф ф	qo	1 00
Boldue, Honore	ຕ		1860	-	18			ф	Lévis	Samson	ор	do	1 00
Bowner, Robert		က	1878	<u></u> .				February,	February, Fredericton, N.B	Nil	do ob	do	00 9

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do	do	qo	op	ор	qo	qo	do	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	ф	qo	qo	qo	ф	qo
					:			•							;					:				hd
op	op	Abell	Board	op	Taylor	Smith	Board	ф •••	qo	ф ор	ф	ф	ф ор	ф	ф	ф ор	Taylor	Board	ф	do	ор	ф ор	ф ор	Westgarth
Nil	Nil	. Malaga.	Elfia	Royal	Flight	Fаwn.	Steinhoff	Wales	Wood	ф	Lady Fond	C. Anderson	Carillon	Nil	Alma Munro	Carillon	Lily Nicholson	F. Hotchkiss	Portneuf	Conqueror No. 2	Fog Alarm	Prussia	Longueuil	Оеш
do	Newcastle	Manitoba	Kingston	Quebec	Kingston	St. John, N.B	Chatham	Komoka	Valleyfield	Ormstown	Quebec	August Beauharnois	Kingston	Toronto	Port Dover	Kingston	sockport	Collingwood	Montreal	Lévis	ф	St. Catharines	Montreal	February. Buzzard Inlet
op !	do .	/May	ф	ф	ф ор	ор	ф ор	June	July	ф ор	July	August	do	do	do	do	September Rockport	January	do	do	do	ф ор	т ор	February.
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<u>:</u>	1874	1878			1817	1878	1	1876	Ť	1870	<u> </u>	į		1871		•	1878	1876	•			1875	Ī	1876
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1878	1875		1868	1860	1876	1874	1867	1877	1875	1872	1874	1871	1866	1872	1869	1866	- <del>-</del> -	1874	1860	1876	1876	1872	1860	1878
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Boone, Jared	Bell, David	Brown, George	barron, George	Bellerive, Laurent	Battelle, Fred	Barton, Wm. J	Bartliff, Henry	Brown, Richard	Bothwell, Wm	Bothwell, George	Beaudette, Lazare	Bellefeuille, Joachim	Brown, W.m	Banks, Brastus	Bell, John	Brown, William	Brant, Stuart	Crossley, Livi N	Champagne, E., sen	Carrigan, Delp ine	Couture, Louis	Chestnut, Jaines	Cayen, Jean	Clarke, James A

STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 31st December, 1878—Continued.

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Date of Certifi- cate.		1878.	qo	qo	do	qo	do	ор	ф	qo	op	qo	do	do	do	оp	ф	òρ
By whom Examined.		Board	т ор	Risley	Board,	ф.	A bell	Board	Taylor	Board	Smith	ф	Board.	Meneilley	Abell	Westgarth	Burgess	lBoard
Name of Steamer last employ.		Geo. Maythem	Nil	OBella Taylor	Sunbury	Winnipeg	Lady Ellen	Nil	Enterprise	Fort P. Arthur	B Soulanges	Albert	Ohicora	Prowell Beger	Keewatin	Glendra	Argyle	
Place of Residence.		Goderich	Lindsay	Victoria Harbor, O	St. John, N.B	Oakville	Manitobs	Quebec	Мавзепа	Portage du Fort	Fredericton, N.B	Pictou, N.S	Collingwood	Port Dalhousie	Winnipeg	New Westminster Glendra	Montreal	October Wallaceburg   Nil
Date of Issue.		March	April	op	ф	do	Мау	ф	June	July	do	ф ор	ф	July	August	do	September Montreal	October
Number of Local Examination.		-		က		-	-1		-			67		н	-	61	H	<b>—</b>
Date of First Local Examination.		1875	:	1871	:	1878	1878	i	1878		:	1877	:	1878	1878	1876	1878	1873
Number of Renewals.		<u>.</u> -	18		 		:	жо 		ന	<b>е</b>	7	11	:				4
Number of Board Examination.		2	-	:	-		:	-	-:	63	67	61	81					
Date of First Board Examination.	Ì	1870	1860		1870			1873		1874	1874	1876	1866					1874
Olass of Assistant Engineer.		-	i			i				87							:	m:
Class of Engineer.			က	ن	67	نہ	نہ		Ŀ	;	i	ľ.	63	نہ	ų	Ľ.	ŗ	
Name of Engineer.		Clissold, Joseph	Crandell, George	Craigie, John	Carrick, John	Halk, Michael	Caldwell, W. McC	Cain, John E	Cline, Geo. M	Collins, Anthony	Cossebonne, J. B	Cooke, R. I	Cameron, Allen J	Costello, Patrick	Carment, Wm. M	Cash, James	Clancey, James	Crisner, Warren

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do	оþ	ф	qo	Ş	·	op	qo	оp	ф	ор	op	op	qo	qo	qo	ф	qo	op	qo	qo	qo	qo	фo	qo	qo
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op	op -	op	do .		9 8	op	Risley	op	- qo	op	Board	op	do	op	op	. op	qo ·	op	qo	Westgarth	Board	Board	Smith	Risley	. Meneilley
Ontario	John Egan	Muskegon	СоНото	The state of the s	St. John Baptiste	Nil	Minnie Hall	Ada E. Allen	Dromedary	Mittie Grew	Zealand	Lake Ontario	Mand	Valetta	St. George	Ontario	City of Kingston	Valetta	Rimouski	Grappler	Otter	Venezia	May Queen	W. T. Robb	Jessie
do	January Presectt	Kingston	Well Vellage	milit village	Toronto	ор	Midland City	Walkerville.	Hamilton	Parry Sound	St. Catharines	ф ор	Kingston	Montreal	do	Chatham	Kingston		Quebec	September Victoria, B.C	;		St. John, N.B	Toronto	Dunnville
do	January	February. Kingston	,		ф	March	April	ф	ф ор	Мау	do ob	ф	ф	June	ф	ф ор	July	do	do Quebec	September	January	January Montreal	May	June	qo
e4		-			67		-	63	-	4		-	<del>-</del>		-				_				23	63	- <b>-</b> -
1873		1870			1873		1878	1871	1878	1874		1877	:		1869					1878		:	1875	1875	1878
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1874		1871	1101	1875	1876	1874	:		1874	1875	1874	1873	1870	1862	1860	1865	1861	1874	1868		1876	1877	1877	1875	1872
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<b>ئ</b> و. 		•	<u>:</u>				i		<u>ت</u> م ا	i _3	-		m	63	67	, er	, -		-	٠ ـ			نہ	i	.i
Crioner Warren	Dungen Lohn	Dungan, John	Dickson, Jona m	Day, David	Dunn, Charles G	Daly, Wm	Dillon, Hugh Wm	Dunn. George	Delt William	Dave John	Dewey, Thos.	Davidson, John	LOgraf Wm	Drysdale, James S	Drew Nathaniel	Dunn Henry	Dowig James	Duradele Wm S	Dryedele Thos	Donoten Jemes	Elliott Wm Alfred	Ecrowd. Geo. J.	Evana Wm. B	Ellis, James H	Edgar, James

cts. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 20 10 10 0 10 STEANBOAT Engineers' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 31st December, 1878-Continued. Date of Certifi-cate. qo ф ф do g ф ဍ ဓ ф August .... | Port Robinson ...... | M. R. Mitchell ..... | Risley ...... By whom Examined. Westgarth.... Meneilley..... Board ..... : Befort .... Risley. Board Board ф ф ф qo qo ф မှ ę S. Davis..... Nil..... Victoria, B.C..... Lothair..... Saulenburg...... 0. 0. Kelly..... M. Stevenson..... St. Andrew..... America..... .... | Hero ..... St. Louis..... Oswego Belle..... Name of Steamer last employ. Eaterprise ..... February., Victoria, B.C. ..... Montreal ..... Gananoque ..... ... Victoria, B.C..... Montreal ..... Windsor... ..... Gananoque Sorel. ..... Wallaceburg... ..... Cobden..... Residence. Collingwood ... Windsor.... Levis qo : : January Date of Issue. March April фo June ф ę ခွ ф ф ę ද : Examination. က Number of Local 1878 1878 1876 1878 1878 Examination. 1877 Date of First Local 6 C/I Q 8 က 13 82 138 No. of Renewals. Examination. 63 Number of Board Examination. 1876 1865 1868 1878 1860 1868 1875 1876 1860 1877 1874 1860 1877 1877 1861 1861 Date of First Board \*\*\*\*\*\*\* Kngineer. Class of Assistant က i Ė ä i Class of Engineer. Fero, Solomon ...... Fullerton, John ..... Francombe, George ... Fitzpatrick, James..... Fortin, Antoine ..... Feightner, Joseph ..... Francombe, John ..... Filteau, Octave ....... Fournier, Wm..... Fee, David Findley ..... Foster, Robert ...... Finncan, John ...... Filteau, Benjamin..... Filteau, Joseph...... Finncan, John ...... Name of Engineer. Francombe, Geo .... Foster, James H.

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**A.** 1879

Foley, James	 L	<u>:</u>	<u>!</u>	·	<u>:</u>	1878	1 8	op	Sherbrooke, Que Enterprise	Enterprise	Befort	đo	00 9
Girard, Oliver			1873	3	es 	1872	7	January	January Sorel.	Nil	Board	op	1 00
Galbraith, Wm		1	1877	- 1			<u>.</u>	op	Victoria, B.C	Alexander	ор	qo	1 00
Goyette, Charles	<u>.</u>	<del></del>	1869		<b>∞</b>		_:-	February	February. Kingston	Scotia	ф ор	qo	1 00
Gallivan, John	es	<u>.</u>	. 1867	_	11			op .	ор	Olive	ор	do	1 00
Greigs, Charles		67	1876					February	February Halifax	Shattuck	Board	op	1 00
Grier, James	_	63	1877			1876	63	do .	Thornburg	Rescue	ор	qo	1 00
Grimard, Amie	63		1860	-	18			March	Longueuil	Longueuil	ф ор	do	1 00
Grier, James	1		1877	-		1876	es	April	Collingwood	Rescue	ор	q <sub>0</sub>	2 00
Goulding, Henry	-		1877	-		<u> </u>		qo	Quesnelle	Victoria, B.C	ор	qo	1 00
Glandin, F. X	81		1860	-	18	i		March	Montreal	Nil	op	 0g	1 00
Grant, Gordon F	ы					1877	87	op	Victoria, B.C	Grappler	Westgarth	qo	2 00
Gillies, John F	į	84	1877	-	-			June	Montreal	Nil	Board	op op	00
Gillies, John F	נ		1877	H	-	1878	-1	ф	ор	Lily Nicholson Ti	Taylor	op	2 00
Gillespie, Oliver	L]		1866	7	12	1878	1	ф	Cornwall	F. B. Maxwell Ri	Risley	qo	8
Greenlaw, Robt	H					1878	-	ф ор	Toronto	F. L. Baines M	Meneilley	op	2 00
Gardner, George	ы	i				1878	~	August	August New Westminster	Brunette W	Westgarth	op	2 00
Hamelin, Zepherin	;	-	1871	အ	20			January Montreal	Montreal	Wild Goose	Board	qo	00
Holland, Wm	67	:	1868	1	01			ф ор	ор	Manitoba	ор	go	00
Hattersley, Edward	-	i	1876	64	-			т ор	Kamloops	Marten	ор	op	00 1
Hickey, Patrick	<u>ო</u>		1876	H	63			ф ор	Buzzard Inlet	Etta White	ор	go go	8
Hood, William	-		1860	-	18			ф ор	Montreal	Osprey	ор	go g	00
Hardy, Joseph	က		1865	-	13			February	February Kingston	Alliance	ор		00 1
Hart, James	1	•	1878	1		1878	-	ф ор	Buzzard Inlet	Lily	Westgarth	- op	00
Hickey, Thomas	<b>ന</b> ം		1869	က	٠			op op	Hamilton	Zealand	Board	do do	

Steamboat Engineers	NGIN	EERS,	Exa	Examinations	tions	and F	Renewals	vals dur	during the Year ended		31st December, 1878.—Continued.	Continu	ed.
Name of Engineer.	Class of Engineer.	Class of Assistant Engineer.	Date of First Board Examination.	Number of Board framination.	Number of Renewals.	Date of First Local Examination.	Number of Local Examination.	Date of Issue.	Place of Residence	Name of Steamer last employ.	By whom Examined.	Date of Certifi- cate.	Fee.
													\$ cts.
Hopkins, Wm	m	:	1866		12			February.	Penetanguishene Bella Taylor		Board	1878	1 00
Huff, George	ı	•	1877	7		1877	87	April	do	Mary Beck	Meneilley	ф	2 00
Hardy, Cyrus	נו	:	:	:		1878	-	ор	Victoria, B.C	Gertrude	Westgarth	op	2 00
Howell, John	1					1878	-	op	ор	Emma	do	qo	2 00
9 Hart, Francis	ı		1878	~		1877	2	ор	Meaford	Sandford Davis	Risley	do	2 00
Нау, John	က		1981		11			May	Toronto	Nil	Board	qo	1 00
Hart, John	ij	က	1875	-	63	1877	8	May	Kingston	Grenville	Taylor	op	2 00
Hamel, Alfred		-	1873	m	က			ф	Quebec	St. Lawrence	Board	op	1 00
Hart, John		m	1875	7	က	1877	-	ф	Kingston	Herald	ср	op	1 00
Hall, Alexander	Ŀ		1878	н	i	1251	63	June	Lakefield	Tiger	Taylor	ор	2 00
Ноwe, J. С	i		1878	~		1878	н	do	Port Dalhousie	J. H. Doyle	Meneilley	ф	2 00
Hughes, James	8		1862		16			July	Arnprior	Ripple	Board	do	1 00
Howard, John	63		1868	7	10	i	•	do	Sackett's Harbour, Abyssinian	Abyssinian	ор	op	2 00
Hill, J. E	ŗ		1875	က	-	1874	63	ор	Toronto	Oswego Belle	Meneilley	op	2 00
Hare, Michael,	ij					1878		August	Victoria, B.C	Woodside	Westgarth	do	2 00
Hohn, Henry	i		1878	-		1878	н	qo	Port Lambton	Thane	Risley	do d	2 00
Heverley, Silas					_	1878		do	Owen Sound	Fanny	Meneilley	op	2 00

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ф	qo	ф	qo	do	qo	op	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	đo	do	ф	qo	qo	do	qo	qo	qo
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Board	do	-: - do	op -	r A bel	West	Board	Menei	Board.	Taylor.	Board.	Westgarth	ф	Board	qo	Meneilley	qo	Beard	qo	qo	ф	ф	qo	qo	qo
iUtica	Него	Georgiana	Lake Breeze	City of Manchester Abell	Gertrude	Nil	Maid of Midland Meneilley	Portage du Fort Deux Rivières	Annie Gebt	Revoked	Etta White	Isabel	Кірремв	Canada	Carriella	Prince Alfred	Philip Bicker	Emily May	John Young	Canada	Nil	National	Prussia	Union
Trenton	St. Antoine	February . Penetanguishene	  Amherstburg	Manitoba	Victoria, B. C	Coldwater	ф ор	Portage du Fort	Trenton	Hamilton	Victoria, B.C	Seattle	Pembroke	Hamilton	Meaford	Victoria Harbour . Prince Alfred	Montreal	Orillia	Montreal	Carillon	Rigand.	Montreal	Lachine	Burrard Inlet
January Trenton.	do .	February	March	Мау	ф	June	ф ор	July	qo	March	ф ор	April	do	May			June	ор	January Montreal	- op	do ob	ф ор	do	do
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	1	1871		 1878	1878	1876	1876	   6931	1878	1871	1878	1877		1873	1877	1877	1871							
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1869	1876	1872	1870			1876	1876	1870	1869	1873	<u></u>	<u>:</u> :	1870	1874		1878	1873	1860	1875	1871	1872	1860	1875	1876
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Tohnson Goorna	Simeon	Insent D	lir	Ww	6	irol	leol	atrick	eorge	bert.	tin	David	ence		, a		hilin	ison sen	nbonse	ruouse	lphonse	Pierre	ean B	Jas. King
Tohnson	Tacones Simeon	Lobnson Joseph D.	Iones Pelix	Johnson Wm	Tomos James	Jumes, Sames.	Johnson Nicol	Jardine Patrick	Johnson, George	Kenny Robert	Keelv, Martin,	Kennedy, David	Kanev Terence	Kerr Javid	Trianon Tohn	Kalle John	Conney Dhillin	Kern Atchison sen	Tomor Alphonse	Lemny, Arphonec.	Lelonde Alphonse	Larivièrre. Pierre	Leclaire, Jean B	Lockhar', Jas. King
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Name of Engineer.	Olass of Assistant Rugineer.	Date of First Board Examination,	brand for Board .msrions.	Number of Renewals.	Date of First Locals. Examination.	Namber of Local Examination.	Date of Issue.	Place of Residence.	Name of Steamer last employ.	By whom Examined.	Date of Certi- feate.	Fee.
												\$ cts.
Lee, Christopher 2		1876	<b>-</b>	64	1	-	January	January New Westminster. Glenora		Board	1878	1 00
Lapointe, Jонерр	-	1867	-	Ξ			т ор	Lévis	Aurellia	ор	qo	1 00
Lapointe, Michel	-	1870		· · ·			що ор	ф ор	Norwegian	ф ор	do	1 00
Little, David	_	1877			<u> </u>		February	February. New Westminster. Ada	Ada	ор	do	1 00
Slee, Fred. Augustus L.		1877	-		1877	63	March	ор	Gem	Westgarth	ф	2 00
Langlois, Olivier	-	1870	<del></del> -	9	- <del>†</del>		ор	[Lévis	Rover	Board	ф	1 00
Lapointe, Frank	8	1868	67	6	1875	2	May	Manitoba	M. R. Mills	do ob	qo	00 1
Logan, S. J L.			Ť	Ī	1878	-	June	Morrisburgh	Kendrick	Taylor	op	5 00
Leclair, Wm L.		1868		10	1878	-	ф	Sorel	City of St. John	Befort	оp	2 00
Lumsden, George L.	:				1877	63	August	Winnipeg	Prince Alfred	Abell	do	2 00
Lafleur, Jean B	,I	1869	-	6	- :	:	do	Sorel	Bismark	Board	qo	1 00
Morrison, Donald	p=4	1877			1876	_	January	Silver Islet	Hattie Vinton	ор	ср	1 00
Merrill, S. G	က	1876	-	61			do	Dresden	Nil .	ор	оþ	1 00
Menish, Angus	-	1869	-	6			op	Sorel	Tug	ор	op	1 00
Mallory, Charles	-	1873	က	e3			т ор	Lindsay	Port Perry	do	фo	1 00
Miller, John	_ :	1865	-	13	i	•	- op	Kingston	Franlin	op	4.	1 00
Miller, John	,, ,	1872		9			op -	Windsor	Silver Spray	do		7 00
	ب ب	7191	4	o "	:			William I				

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1878	ф	qо	оp	do	op	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	do	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	op	- op	qo	qo	op Op	qo	olo
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Board	ор	ор	до	Westgarth	Board	ор	do	ор	Taylor	Westgarth	Board	ор	იр	ор	do	A bell	Doard	do	Burgess	Risley	do	do	raylor	Meneilley
		•	-		B	-				<u>*</u>	- Bo						:		Bu			-	T	:
Leviathau	Leviathan	Beaver	Kamloops	т ор	Resolute	Hero		Joe Knight	Pilgrim	Pilot	Nil	Leopard	Ada G		City of Toronto	Northcote	Dennis Bowen	Port Neuf	Orford	Starling	Silver Spray	Neff	Peerless	Ben. Millward.
:	inster	B.C,				-		<u> </u>		Ч				_ <u>;</u> _		land	<u></u>		0	<u>s</u>		;	Ь	
;January;Burrard Inlet.	N. Westminster	Victoria, B.C.	Kamloops.	op	Quebec	Lévis	February . St. John	Marboro'	Mill Point	Nanaimo	St. Catharines.	Halifax, N.S	St. John, N.B.	Ворсяудеоп	Glencoe	St. Louis Island	Hamilton.	Kingston	Ottawa	iagara	Silver Islet.	do P. A. Landing	Perth	Collingwood
- A	:	:	-=		9	_ <u></u> -	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>	_≥	Ž:	_ <u>ss</u> _	<u> </u>	<u>s</u>	_ <u>~</u>			<u> </u>			- <del>\( \overline{Z} \)</del>	<u></u>	<u>a:</u> :	_ <del>a</del> _	_ <u>:</u>
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Marwick, Jas. Holland	Mayers, Christian	Madigan, Benjamin	Menauteau, August	Menautaau, August	Milne, Thos	Morin, Pierre	Mowbray, James	Murphy, Thos., No. 2		—.	Malcolmson, S. S.	n	В.	Montgomery, Saml	Munro, George	ohn A	Witchell. Wm	Marchand, Edward		Morrison, Martin		Morrison, Donald	Moffatt, Thos	Millward, Benjamin
Marwic	Mayers,	. Madigar		7. Menauta	Milne, T.	Morin, Pi	Mowbray	Murphy.	Merrian,	Muir. Arc	Malcolms	Wove, John.	Mays. D. B.	Montgom	Munro, G	Moore, John A	Witchell	Marchan	Munson.	Morrison.	Morin, P	Morrison	Moffatt,	Millward

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Lincoln	Engineer	Comet	Lorens	Clara Louise	Franklin E	Bee	Wenonah	Maggie	Welshman	Nil	Rothsay	D of Sutherland	Tiger				Hyack W	Cariboo Fly	Napoleon III	Champion	Lady Head	Utica	W. Stroud	Enterprise
op	January Ottawa	Chatham	Morrisburg	Newborough	Kingston	January Deschambault	St. Catharines	Burrard Inlet	Ottawa	St. Catharines Nil	St. John	do Manitoba	St. John, N.B	New Westminster. Nellie Taylor	September P. Arthur Landing Three Friends	Quebec Olive		January Victoria, B. C	Quebec	Lévis	ф ор		St. Stephen	Fredericton
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McMurray, J. B.	Newton, James	Nichols, Thomas	Nash, Russel	O'Neill, M. J	Painter, John	Paquin, Narcisse	Potts, Frederick	Paull, Charles	Powers, Jeffrey	Price, Alfred E	Pratt, Wm. T	Philpott, Richd	Parks, Wm. B	Penny, Thos	Pritchard, W	Quigley, James	Quimby, Vestas	Robertson, John	Rolph, Josiah	Roy, Cyrille	Roger, Cleophas	Rochfort, Alex	Ray, Thos	Roach, Thos

8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 31st December, 1878.—Continued. 66 ю n 'n S Ω 10 Date of Certifi-cate. do qo ф ф ф ф ġ By whom Examined. Westgarth .... Meneilly ..... Taylor ..... Risley ..... Meneilley Board .... Smith. Board Board . Board Board. ф go  $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{0}}$ ф ф ....\Montreal .......\St. James...... E. Stewart..... Bob Hackett..... Name of Steamer Peterson Ferry.... Arlington ..... Kate Marks..... Daisy..... Union ..... R. B. McPherson.. Iris..... Kate Marks..... John Pratt ..... last employ. Tommy, Wright Portsmouth. Louise ..... Acadia February. St. John .... nverness, B.C.... Catharines. Prince Edward Place of Residence. Sorel ..... ... Victoria, B.C. August ..... Ottawa ...... ... Southampton Burrard Inlet Bruce Mines September Bruce Mines. Pictou, N.S. .....|Detroit..... Welland ... Kingston Halifax ž Date of Issue. do ..... March. July do ф ф ф qo Examination. Number of Local 1876 1870 Examination. 1878 1877 1877 1878 1877 1876 878 818 1877 1877 1872 1875 Date of First Local Number of Renewals. œ Examination. Number of Board 1873 Examination. 9181 1878 1877 1875 1878 1878 1875 1876 1877 9281 1876 1863 1873 Date of First Board Hagineer. Unatsissa to sesitant Class of Engineer. Ė ä i Smith, John, No. 2. ... ass, George, No. 2... Rennie, Robert...... Rousseau, François.... Stalker, Hugh ..... Steele, Wm. Anderson Rodman, Joseph...... Ranney, Casper ...... Stroner, David ...... Regan, Daniel..... Ritchie, George A ..... Ryan, J. W ..... me of Engineer. Robinson, John ..... Radcliffe, E. D..... Steadworthy, Wm Rennie, Robert .... Rodgers, Wm ...

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Savigney, Andrew B	Smith, James Graf	Smith, Jas. Sunbury	Sheeban, Daniel	Shill, Robert	Scott, Charles	Sutherland, Wm	Sweney, Charles B	Sutherland, Wm	Sharpe, James	Stevens, James	Sweeten, Wm	Strachan, James	Smiley, John	Smiley, John	Thorne, Wm	Troup, Wm. Henry	Tanguay, Joseph	Thorburn, John	Tudhope, George	Thompson, Wm	Van Bramer, James	Wilccx, John	Weir, Robert	Wood, James

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By whom Examined.	Board	Smith	Meneilley	Board	Westgarth	Board	ф	Meneilley	Taylor	Board'	ф	do ob	ф ор	ф ор	Smith	Board	,
Name of Steamer last cmploy.	Albert Wright		Niagara	Nil	Pilot	Nil	Lady Head	Otter	Florence	Grappler	Lincoln	Newfield	City of Dresden	Nil	Xanthus	Corinthian	1
Place of Residence.	February Port Hone		Whitby	September Port Perry	Victoria, B.C	Goderich	Lévis	Toronto	Ogdensburg	Victoria, B.C	St. Catharines	Halifax	Detroit, U.S	Halifax, N.S	St. John, N.B	Napanee	_
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Name of Engineer.	Wright George in		Wheeler, Fred. E	White, George	Wright, Richd	Williamson, Andrew	Wool, Joseph	Waddell, Wm	Wells, Charles	Wallace, James	Wilson, H. T	Warner, Archd	Wilson, J. H	Walker, John G	Wainy, Wm. L	Wadsworth, Thos	

Wright, Robt   L.   1870	-	1870	1	2	1 1872	<b>C3</b>	5   1872   2   do   do		<del></del>	Adda Carter	Adda Carter   Risley	op /	j 5 00	_
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./St. Antoine	Fire Fly	Нитрег	Nil	Gipsy	Gipsy	Beta	Nil	42nd	General	Captain	Vanderbilt	Nil	Transit	Great Western	ф ор	Manitoba	Ontario	Canada	Lake Erie	Lincoln	Carrillon	Nil	Northern Queen
St. Antoine	Lévis	St. Nicholas	Annapolis, N.S	Bathurst	Pietou, N.S	Halıfax	Fredericton, N. B	ш ор	St. John, N.B	ор	Chatham	Wallaceburg	Windsor	ф	ор	Chatham	Collingwood	Hamilton		Toronto		Garville	Collingwood
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Andette, Pierre	Auger, Edward	Aubain, Michel	Atkins, Wm	Andrews James	Anderson, John	Alexander, N. S	Atherton, T. C	Atkinson, Wm	Allan, Harmon	Allan, Bradford	15 Bruce, K. T	Burrows, Charles	Bice, James	Belson, Wm	Bradshaw, Wm	Bassett, Frank	Bell, Wm	Brown, James H	Rlondin, Moses	Panks, Erastus	Burnett, Wm	Bigelow, Ezra	Brackenridge, John
	3 1860 1 19 do St. Antoine St. Antoine do do	3   1860   1   19   do   St. Antoine   St. Antoine   do   do	3   1860   1   19   do   St. Antoine   St. Antoine   Rice Fly   do   d	3   1860   1   19   19   19   19   19   19   19	3	3         1860         1         19         do         St. Antoine.         St. Antoine.         Go.         Lévis.         Antoine.         do         do         do         do         l           2         1         1860         1         19         40         St. Nicholas.         Humber.         do         do         do         l           1         1872         1         7         1871         1         Annapolis, N.S.         Nil.         do         do         l           1         1877         1         2         1876         1         Bathurst.         do         do         do         l           3         3         1869         2         9          Pictou, N.S.         Gipsy         do         n         do         l	3         1860         1         19         40         St. Antoine.         St. Antoine.         Go.         Lévis.         St. Antoine.         do         1           2         1         1868         2         10          do          Krie Fly.         do         do         1           2          1         19          do         St. Nicholas.         Humber.         do         do         1            1         1872         1         7         1874         1         Annapolis, N.S.         Nil.         do         do         1            1         1877         1         2         1876         1         Pietou, N.S.         Gipsy         do         do         1            1         1876         2         9          Pietou, N.S.         Gipsy         do         do         1            1         1876         1          Pietou, N.S.         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Antoine.</td> <td>3         1860         1         19         40         St. Antoine</td> <td>  3   1868   2   10   10   40   10   10   40   10   10</td> <td>  3   1869   1   196   1   19   19   19   19   1</td> <td>  3   1869   1   19   19   19   19   19   19   1</td> <td>  3   1, 1866   1   19   19   19   19   19   19   1</td> <td>3         1 1868         1 1 1968         1 1 1 1968         1 1 1 1 1968         1 1 1 1 1968         1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</td> <td>  3   1860   1   196   2   10     do   St. Antoine</td> <td>  3   1860   1   1961   2   10     20   Lévis</td> <td>  3   1866   1   196   1   19     do     St. Antoine</td> <td>  3   1869   1   196   1   19     do   St. Antoine   St. Antoine</td> <td>  1   1866   1   19   19   19   19   19   19   1</td> <td>  1   1868   2   10   10   10   10   10   10   10</td>	3         1860         1         19         40         St. Antoine.         St. Antoine.         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Class of Engineer.	Class of Assistant Engineer.	Date of First Board Examination.	Number of Board Examination.	Number of Renewals	Date of First Local Examination.	Number of Local Examination.	Date of Issue.	Place of Of Residence.	Name of Steamer last employ.	By whom Examined,	Date of Gertifi- cate.	Fee.
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op /	Peterborough	op	Garden Island	Beauharnois	Carillon	Point Claire	Montreal	St. Anne	Howick	Carillon	Montreal	Ottawa	Sorel	ор	фор	ор	qo	ф	ор	Sorel	Montreal	Sorel	ф ор	ор
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STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 30th December, 1879.—Continued.

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By whom Examined.		Board	ор	ф	ор	ф	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	op	ф	ф	фп	ор	фор	do
Name of Steamer last employ.		Eugenie.	Conqueror, No. 2	Albion	Napoleon III	Lake	Druid	Miramichi	Flora	Wananisk	Sensation	Contest	Norwegian	Fawn	Sultan	Goliah	ор	Neptune
Place of Residence.		Lévis	Quebec	Lotbinière	St. Roch, Quebec .	Lévis	St. Roch, Quebec Druid	Pictou, N.S	Lévis	Quebec	Lévis	St. Apollinaire	Lévis	St. John, N.B	Newcastle	Halifax, N.S	ф	Sydney, C.B
Date of Issue.						:												
Number of Local Examination.					:	2		63		:	7		:	·	:			:
Date of First Local Examination.					i	1874		1874	1875		1870							:
Number of Renewals.			8		-	-		1	က	3	ž	က	4	7	6		ပ	<del></del> -
Mumber of Board to the Month of			က	_	ന	63	67	က	က	က	ო	23	_	4		က		_
Date of First Board Examination.		1879	1874	1879	1876	1877	1878	1876	1874	1874	1873	1875	1875	1874	1870	1877	1873	1875
Olass of Assistant Engineer.		က	1	က	-	-	73		7	-	_	c1	က				-	
Olass of Engineer.					-						<u>:</u>				က	m		
Name of Engineer.		Bolduc, Pierre	Brownrigg, John	Bernard, André	Belanger, Eugene	EBelanger, Joseph	Belanger, Philias	Brown James E	Blais, Joseph	Belanger, Germain	Boufort, Xavier	Barron, Xavior	Beaudoin, Luc.	Barton, Wm, J	Bell, John	Blundell, Wm. R.	Burrows, George	Boutiller. Thos

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Boutiller. Fred	1	1876	-	8				Halifax, N.S	Beta	do		qo	1 00
Bowner, Robt.	. 00	1878						Fredericton, N.B Nil	Nil	op		qo	1 00
Boon, Jared	<b>60</b>	1878			- <u>÷</u>	_		op	Nil	ф		qo	1 00
Barry, Wm 2	-	1868	က	6	1874	<u>_</u>		Halifax, N.S	Alhambra	qo		qo	3 60
Blee, Wm 3		1878			- :			Victoria, B.C	Grappler	qo		qo	1 00
Bramer, James Van	- 7	1876		—	1877	63		Burrard Inlet		qo	:	qo	1 00
Brown, George		1879	<del></del> -		1878	<b>-</b> '.		Wanitoba	Colville	ф	:	фo	2 00
Cosford, J. C 3		1872	4	4	1871	87		Dresden	Enterprise	оp	:	qo	1 00
Chater, Thomas		1875	63	က	1874			Windsor	Grest Western	op		qo	1 00
Cockburn, John 3	:	1875		4	1871	<u> </u>		Gordon P.O	Transfer	оp		qo	1 00
Cameron, James 3		1872	က	ت. 	1871		:	Collingwood	Ontario,	qo		do	1 00
(2) Jarrol, Alexander 3		1875	က			Ì		Hamilton	Florence	qo		qo	8
Chalk, Michael		1879	<u>-</u>		1878	- <u>-</u> -		Toronto	Winnipeg	qo		οþ	2 00
Cahoon, William R		1879		<u> </u>				Manitoba	Lily of the West	qo		ф	5 00
Caldwell, Angus		1879	_ <del>:</del>	-	<u> </u>	İ		Nottawa	Waubuno	qo		оp	2 00
Crossley, Levi N		1874	~~	. 7	1876	<u>:</u> -		Collingwood	P. E. McKerrall	qo		ф	1 00
Chapman, John		1871	<u>е</u>		<u> </u>	Ť		Dunnville	W. J. Aikens	оp		qo	1 00
Cook, William		1875	— <del>-</del>	63	1876	_ <u>-</u> -		Port Colborne	Salty Jack	qo		qo	00 1
Carter, Delvitt		1878		i	i			ор	W. A. Routh	do		qo	2 00
Cherry, Elbert 3	<u>_</u>	1865		 7 7	1873			Dannville	William Hall	qo		фo	1 00
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Coons, Alfred		1872	- 23	9	1871			Port Dalbousie	H. Neelon	qo		do	9
Camp, Robert	٠,,	1876	63	63				Port Robinson	T. R. Scacord	qo		do	1 00
Coveney, John	67	1879	<u>-</u> :	:	<u> </u>			St. Catharines	Scotia	ф		ob	1 00 a

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Olass of Engineer.  Class of Assistant Engineer.  Date of First Board  Date of First Board	Date of First Board		Number of Board Examination,	Number of Benewals	Date of First Local Examination.	Number of Local Examination.	Date of Issue.	Place of Residence.	Name of Steamer last employ.	By whom Examined.	Date of Certifi- cate.	 ည
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1 1875	1875		61	m	i	. !	****	Port Perry	Coboconk	do	ор —	1 00
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STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ending 31st December, 1879.—Continued.

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By whom Examined.	Name of Steamer last empley.		Place of Residence.	Date Place of of lasue. Residence.	Examinatio Date of Ssue.	Mumber of Londination  Examination  Issue of the control of the co	Date of First L Examination. Number of Los Examination.  The State of	noitsuimaxä  Mumber of Ren  I saria to estati noitsuimaxä  I to redmun  Mumber of L  Sala of L  Tanination  Tanination	Mumber of Reading Mumber of Readinarian Mumber of Reading Mumber of Reading Mumber of Lorentz Mumber o	Number of Loc Examination.
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т до	Albert		Pictou, N.S	Pictou, N.S					1	3 1
do	G. A. Good	-	Wolfville, N.S	Wolfville, N.S	1 Wolfville, N.S	1877 1 Wolfville, N.S			1 1877 1	3 1 1877 1
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op	Send		St. John, N.B	St. John, N.B	St. John, N.B	St. John, N.B	8 St. John, N.B		80	2 8
op   no;	Cityof Fredericton	:-	Fredericton, N.B.	Fredericton, N.B	" Fredericton, N.B	Fredericton, N.B.	10 Fredericton, N.B.			1 10
ор	St. Lawrence	-:-	P. Edward Island., St. Lawrence	P. Edward Island	P. Edward Island	P. Edward Island	3 P. Edward Island	Д	Д	1 3 P.
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/St. John, N.B	P. E. Island	St. John, N.B.	Burrard Inlet	New Westminster. Glenora	Manitoha	ф,	Windsor	п до	ор	Sarnia	Petrolia			Montreal	St. Remy	Pike Bay	Port Colborne	St. Catharines	Penetanguishene. Nr. Belle	Downsview	Welland	Peterborough	Prescott	Kingston
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Clark, Junea	Caldwell, James	Caningham, W. A	Clarke, Jas. Anthony.	Cash, James	Cahoon, Wm. R	Carment, Wm	Donovan, D. E	Duval, Francis	Dunn, George	Downey, John	Daly, Wm	CoDoran, John	Davidson, John	Drysdale, Walter S	Donnelly, John, No 2	Davidson, Andrew C	Dayton, Isaac N	Doran, Wm	Dee, John	<b>Dawson</b> , Henry	Dowd, John R	Dion, Leon	Dungan, James	Dickson, John H

-Continued.
, 1879
December,
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Date of Certifi- cate.		1879.	op	op	op	qo	op	op	op	qo	op	op	do	op	do	op	ę	do
By whom Examined.		Board	ф ор	ор	ор	ф ф	ф	ор	do	ф	ф	чо	do	ф	đo	ф ор	do	ф.
Name of Steamer last employ.		Africa	Nil	Chieftain	Milford	S.S. Caniana	Vermont	Beauharnois	C. W. Dennis	Star	Vermont	John Mac	Matawan	Chambly	St. Lambert	Boston	Nil	Montreal
Place of Residence.		Kingston	Bel!eville	Garden Island	Montreal	ор	Lachine	Beauharnois	Montreal	Sorel	ор	ор	ор	фор	ф	ор	Montreal	Sore
Date of Issue.																		
Number of Local Examination.					-		Ī							:				:
Date of First Local Examination.				:	1869			-	•		:	i	1872				:	
Number of Renewals.			12	20	4		က	П	2	က	15	4	က	19	n	13		
Number of Board Examination.		4	-	-	က	73	-	н		က	Н	-23	- 7	-	63			-
Date of First Board Examination.		1876	1867	1874	1870	1878	1876	1878	1867	1874	1864	1874	1875	1860	1875	1867	1878	1865
Olass of Assistant Engineer.			-	က		67	63	m		н		63	63				က	
Class of Engineer.		m	က	:	63			-	m		63	•		~ ~	:	m	i	·
Name of Bugineer.		Dodds, John	Dowser, Charles	Donnelly, John, No. 1	Drew, Nathaniel	Dougall, Peter	Desjardins, Hermiade.	Demuel, Edouard	Daoust, Baptiste	Doucette, Bazile	Ducap, Mathias	Decaire, Joseph	Dupré, Hyacinthe	Dumas, Laurent	Denis, François	Ducharme, Alexis	Dubord, Norbert	Dunn, Peter

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St. Francis	Cultivateur	Rimouski	Merimac	Bahama	Royal	Margaret M	Clyde	Miramichi	Dolphin	N:11	Secret	La Have	Reliance	M. A. McLaughlin.	W. T. Robb	Arlington	Lady Ida	Victor	Venezia	ор	Sir John Young	Beta	Tiger	Olympia
op 1	ор	Quebec	Lévis	New York, U.S	St. Croix	Lévis	ф	ф ор	Sydney, C B	Chatham, N.B	Pictou, N.S	Mill Village	New Westminster. Reliance.	Port Colborne	Toronto	Keene	Omemee	Brockville	Montreal	ор	Sorel	Halifax, N.S	st. John, N.B	Victoria, B.C
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Dumas, Alexis	Edou	ale, Tl	her, L	10n, W	her, S	au, As	Wichel	, Alfre	, Dan	George	Patri	avid.	y, Job	ge, Je	J. H	ton, W	ge, Jo	Chas	1, Geo	1, John	urg, I	, John	Wm.	, Wm.
Duma	Denis,	Drysdale, Thos	Desroc	Davidson, Wm. James	Desrocher, Stanislas	Dagneau, Aselme	Dion, Michel	Depres, Alfred	Devine, Daniel	Dick, George	Doyle, Patrick	SDay, David	Donelly, John, No. 3.	Eldridge, Jesse	Ellis, J. H	Edington, Wm	Eldridge, John W	Evans, Chas. Langley.	Ecroyd, Geo. I	Ecroyd, John R	Ellenb	Ewing, John	Evans, Wm. B	Elliott, Wm. Alfre !
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1879.—Continued.	Date of Certifi- cate.		1879	op	qo	op	qo	op	do	op	op	op	qo	оp	op Op	ф	ор	op	do
nber, 1879.—	By whom Examined.		Board	до	чо	фор	т ор	ор	чо	do	ор	по по по по по по по по по по по по по п	ф	ор	do ob	ф	по по по по по по по по по по по по по п	do	go
nded 31st December,	Name of Steamer last employ.		Enterprise Bo	Prince Alfred	ор	Nil	Niagara	Chicora	S. C. Doty	Dominion	Zealand	Five Brothers	City of St. Cathar's	Prussia	Lizz'e	Mary Ellen	Ruby	Alexandra	Engineer
ing the Year ended	Place of Residence.			Wiadsor	ф ор	Sarnia	Toronto	ор	Collingwood	St. Catharines	Port Burwell	Welland	St. Catharines	do	op	Lindsay	Gananoque	Kingston	Ottawa
Renewals during	Date of Issue.				:							•				:			
lenev	Number of Local Examination.						73	:	ĊΊ			2		:	:				:
and J	Date of First Local Examination.		1878	:			1876		1817			1876	1864				1878	1	
ions	Number of Renewals.			18				:		΄ γο		n	Π	_	1-	00	80	r-	
Examinations	Number of Board Examination.		ര			-	ന	-	m	+3+	,4	63	4		4	63	က	m	_
	Date of First Board Examination.		1817	1981	1879	1879	1877	1879	1876	1871	1878	1875	1865	1878	1369	1870	1869	1870	1879
EERS,	Class of Assistant Engineer.		-	:	က	ന	:	63			ะา	63		ຕ	:	-			.,
NGINI	Class of Engineer.			-			¢3			:2			-		က		2		
STEAMBOAT ENGINEE	Name of Engineer.		Foster, James II	Francembe, George	Francombe, Thos	Ferguson, Wm	Werguson, John C	Fraser, Charles	Feightner, Joseph	Faulds, Wm. F	Foster, D. M	Fero, Solomou	Fletcher, W. S	Free, Henry	Fairbain, Richard	Filion, Paul	Finucan, John	Flanagan, Patrick	Fleck, Alexander

Fortin, Antoine	I	1281	3		1 8781		Sorel	St. Louis	op		op	00 9
Fontigny, John	_	1871	c1		2 6981		тор	Marie	do		ф	1 00
Fortin, John 2		1860	87	13	•		ор	John	ф		оp	1 00
Fugére, Alderic	7	1874	7	4			op	Berthicr	do		qo	1 00
Frechette, Wm 3		1869	67	6		:	ф	Hero	qo		op	1 00
Frenette, Alphonse	-	1876	 	-			Rivière Batiscan	Express	qo		qo	1 00
Frechette, Michel 2	:	1860	-	CI			St. Nicholas	Union	do		оp	1 00
Fortier, Michel	-	1870	23	<b>∞</b>			N. D. of Buckland. Margaret	Margaret	qo		qo	1 00
Filteau, George	-	1874	က	es.			Lévis	Margaret M	ф		qo	1 00
Filteau, Joseph		1860	-	61			ор	St. Lawrence	do		qo	1 00
Fernie, Wm 1	:	1874		ນ			Pictou, N.S	May flower	do	:	op	1 00
Findlay, J. V		1877		~ ~			Halifax, N S	Beta	do		qo	1 00
SFraser, Thomas		1879			•		New Glasgow	Dredge	do	:	qo	2 00
Foster, Robert	67	1879			1878 1		Victoria, B C	Otter	qo	:	ор	2 00
Fullerton, John	.77	1877	-	63			op	Beaver	qo		qo	1 00
Fee, David Findley		1876	_	က			•••••	Enterprise	qo		qo	1 00
Grooms, Asael		1875	. 23	က	1874 2			W. S. Ireland	qo		qo	2 00
Gray, John		1877	7	-			Holland Landing Victoria	Victoria	ф		qo	1 00
Gibson, W. H 3		1879		:	1875 2		Ogdensburg, N.Y. Bob Hackett	Bob Hackett	qo	:	qo	2 00
Gillespie Oliver		1866	83	12	1878 1		Cornwall	F. B. Maxwell	qo	:	do	2 00
Green, Freeman		1872	es .	ıs			Dunnville	D. P. Day	ão	***************************************	do	1 00
Good, Thos		1872	es	ĸ	:		Port Colborne	W. A. Routh	qo		qo	1 00
Graf, Theodore	es 	1878		-			Humberstone	Shop	qo		do	1 00
Gray, John Henry	67	1878	67			-	Toronto	Wales	do		qo	2 00
Gillie, James 2		1868	20	<u>-</u> ,			Kingston	Pierrepont	do		ф	1 00

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Contin	Date of Certifi- cate.		1879	do	оp	ςo	do	qo	qo	άo	do	qo	do	do	qo	ф	qо	do	ф
31st December, 1879.—Continued.	By whom Examined.		Board	ор	ор	ор	чо	ор	ор	чо	ор	ф ор	ор	пор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ф ор
	Name of Steamer last employ.		Water Lily	Elevator	H. F. Brownson	Norman	Ivy	Cerinthian	St. Paul	Corsican	Longueuil	Louise	Trois Rivières	Сото	Delisles	Quebec	St. Francis	Champlain	Spartan
ing the Year ended	Place of Residence.		Kingston	do	ф	ф	Hadson	Lachine	Montreal	Beauharnois	Longueuil	Sorel	do	ф	ор	ор	Beauharnois	Sorel	St. Hyacinthe
Renewals during	Date of Issue.																		
lene l	Number of Local Examination.	•				:			:			-	_	_	-				
	Date of First Local Examination.											1876	1871	1869	1869			1873	
Examinations and	Number of Renewals.		13	7	:		19	1		၁	19	63	ro	ಸ	-	11		10	2
ninat	Number of Board Examination.		-	-	က	1	1	က	¢1	က			67	61	4	63	m	63	က
	Date of First Board Examination.		1867	1865	1877	1879	1860	1876	1878	1871	1860	1877	1873	1873	1869	1867	1879	1873	1875
EERS,	Ulass of Assistant Engineer.				1	23	:	1	က	-		C1	1	7			က		-
NGİN	Class of Engineer.		es	m			က		_;		61		•	•	67	61			
STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS'	Name of Engineer.		Gallivan, John	Gallivan, James	Gaskin, Thos	Goodearl, Humphrey	GGray, Wm	Galbraith, James	Gongeau, Xavier	Graham, Edward	Grimard, Aime	Godin, Pierre	Godin, Leandre	Guillotte, Nazaire	Gendron, Charles	Gendron, J. Bte	Gendron, Wm. Chas	Guilbault, Joseph	Girard, Edward

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Sorol	т ор	ф	тор	ор	St. Nicholas	Portneuf	St. Croix	St. Nicholas	Sherbrooke	Halifax, N.S	- do	ор	Fredericton, N.B Ferry	იხ	op	Halifax, N.S	St. John, N.B	Halifax, N.S	Victoria, B.C	Windsor	Chatham	Wallaceburg	Hamilton	do
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Grannan, James	Gendron, Francis	Gignac, Trefflé	Gendron, François, jun	Coyette, John M	Gagnon, Narcisse	Germain, Salomon	Garneau, Romanld	Gagnon, Louis	Goligeur, Pierre	Gaitey, Andrew	Green, James	EGriffin, Edward	Gill, John A	Gill, F. H	Gill, Justus	Gossip, John G	Gray, Wm. G	Griggs, Charles	Grant, G. Fraser	Head, Thos	Holmes, T. C	Hunter, Walter	Hickey, Thos.	Hawkins, Luke

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Date of Certifi- cate.	3	1879.	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	do	qo	do	op	ф	do	op	qo	op	do
By whom Examined.		Board	ф ор	op	ор	do	ор	ор	ор	ф ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ф ор	ф	ор
Name of Steamer last employ.		;	Sandford Davis	C. M. Carter	Shop.	Georgina	C'y of Owen Sound	Armenia	Oswego Belle	Isaac Butts	Calabria	Glide	ор	Prince Edward	H. F. Brownson	Traveller	Adventure
Place of Residence.	-	Owen Sound	Wiarton	Allenburg	Port Dalhousie	Brighton	Owen Sound	Toronto	ф ор	Kingston	ор	ор	ф	ор	ф ор	Garden Island	Kingston
Date of Issue.									•						<i>'</i> !!		
Number of Local Examination			67		-	63		:	က		•			•	1		m
Date of First Local Examination.		8181	1877		1874	1817			1874					i			1874
Number of Renewals.			-		က		ಸ	•	23	14	83		-	7		17	က
Number of Board Examination.	•		-	63	51	÷1	٠.	cc	က		4		ro.	٠,٠	-	-	2
Date of First Board Examination.	0	1879	1878	1878	1875	1877	1870	1877	1875	1865	187.1	1878	1870	1876	1879	1862	1875
Class of Assistant Engineer.	-	-	63	51	_	61	:	-				က		-	ຕ		
Chase of Engineer.			:		•		63		6	က	က	- :-				ç1	
Name of Engineer.	3	Heverley, Silas	Hart, Francis	Huffa, John	Henry, Michael	Huff, George	Hugo, T. W	Harrington, John	ніі, Ј. Е	Hardy, Joseph	Hazlett, Wm	Hyatt, John	Henderson, George	Hiscock, Edgar	Hazlett, George	Hickey, Jumes	Harrison, John

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/Herald	./H. F. Brownson	Deux Rivières	Manitoba	Elevator No. II	Elevator No. 6	Eureka	C. O. Kelly	Prince of Wales	Messenger	Alliance	Peerless	Cultivateur	Dredge	Castor	S.S. Druid	Champion	Conqueror 2	Union	St. Lawrence	Brenvenue	Empress	St. John	St. George	Dredge
/Kingston	op j::	Prescott	Montreal	ор	Montebello	Champlain	Pembroke	Como	Montreal	Решьгоке	Como	Contrecœur	Sorel	Lotbinière	Valcartier	Lévis	Quebec	Lévis	St. Croix	Lotbinière	St. John, N.B	op	do	Picton, N.B.
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Lotbinière ..... |Montreal Pembroke ..... Prescott. Montebell .....Champlai Montreal.. Pembroke .... Contrecœ Sorel ..... ..... Valcartie St. Croix Lotbinièr ..... St. John, Como ... Lévis.... .... Como Lévis.... 69816

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Hunter, James H. .....

Hamel Urbain ... ...... Hicks, Henry . .....

Hibert, Elie.....

Hodgins, George. .....

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1875

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Hamelin, Zepherin.....

Higgins, James.....

1874

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Haince, Ferdinand ..... Hamilton, Gavin...... 1869 1869 1872

Haddow, George......

Hathaway, H. A .....

Hanrahan, Richard .....

Haley, John ......

1874

Hamel, Alfred .....

Hamel Constant...

Houde, Eusebe. ......

1877

1875

1870 18681874 1874

Hazlett, John ..... . Hallada, Robt. ...... Holland, Wm. ..... Hebert, Paul .....

Hart, John ......

1877

1875

Hamelin, Hercule .....

Harrison, John. ......

Hodgins, Joseph.....

Henault, Peter ...

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December, 1977.	By whom Examined.		Board	do	op op	ф	ф	ф	що	ор	ор	ф ор	ор	ф	οp	ф	do	do
1810	Name of Steamer last employ.		Grappler	do	Shop	C. of Owen Sound.	Francis Smith	Maganettawan	R. B. Hayes	Golden Eye	Jennie Hall	Chaffey	ф ор	City of Belleville	Supt. Engineer	Geneva	Fort Deux Rivières	Star
ing the xear ended	Place of Residence.		Victoria, B.C	op	Kingston	Owen Sound	ф	Collingwood	Belle Ewart	Peterborough	Kingston	Brockville	•••••••••	Trenton	Garden Island	ф	Portage du Fort	Montreal
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	Date of First Board Examination.		1879	1878	1875	1878	1866	1877	1876	1873	1872	1860	1878	1889	1861	1875	1870	1876
EERRS	Olass of Assistant Engineer.			က	~	64			-				73	-			¢1	,
NGIN	Class of Engineer.		co	_ :			- 23		:	65	61	ଦୀ	:		c1	67		_
STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS'	Name of Engineer.		Haves, Thomas	Hosken, Charles	lrwin, Wm	F Jameson, Samuel	Johnston, James	Jacanes, John W	Johnson, Nicol.	Jacobs, Silas H.	Johnson, Gilbert	Jento, Timothy	Jento, Napoleon T	Johnson, George	Johnston, Wm	Jones, Wm	Jardine, Patrick	Joly, Joseph

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Date of Certi- ficate.		1879	op	op	do	op	op	qo	qo	- op	qo	qo	qo	qo	op	qo	op
Ry whom Examined.		Board	ор	ф ор	ор	ор	ф	ф ор	do	ор	ор	ор	ор	фор	ор	ор	ф ор
Name of Steamer last employ.		Gladiator Be	Lake Ontario	Queen	D. E. McFarland	Jas. Norris	C. J. G. Munro	Dominion	Осевп	T. H. Nasmith	Vanderbilt	L. S. Sperry	Mills	Edie May	Nil	Como	St. Peter
Place of - Residence.		Richibuctou	Hamilton	Collingwood	Port Robinson	Welland	ор	St Catharines	ер	Welland	Sarnia	Dundee, P.Q	Prescott	Gatineau Point	Rigand	Pointe Claire	Montreal
Date of Issue.																	
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Date of First Local Examination.		:		1873			1876		•	1871		1877	<u> </u>	•			:
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Date of First Board Examination.		C)&[	1878	1873	1872	1873	1873	1865	1878	1871	1874	1874	1867	1875	1871	1876	1875
Olass of Assistant Engineer.		-	က		_	•		i	г С	<u></u>	<i>r</i>			-		81	
Class of Engineer.				ы 	:	e: :					•		61 C1		i	-	
Name of Engineer.		werby, Jonn	Loyd, Robert	Lockerbie, Win	Leaney, W	± Leetch, Robert	Leetch, Thomas	Linter, Charles	Lintz, Wm. F	Lawrence, Peter	Levely, Edward	Lacert, Roderick	Lamere, Peter	Loyer, Thodore	Lalonde, Alphonse	Lépine, Isidore	Lemay, Alphonse

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Sessional	Papers	(No.	3.)
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/Valleyseld	/Philip Becker	Criquet	Trois Rivières	Albert	City of St. John	Montreal	Calumet	Zebia	Berthier	Cultivateur	Arthur	Nil	Bourgeois	L'Assomption	Napoleon III	William	St. George	Rover	Reindeer	Lady Forest	Nil	Randolf	Eugenie	Becancour
do	Lachine	Sorel	ф ор	ор	ор	ор	ф ор	Rivière-du-Loup	Sorel	ор	Trois Rivières	op	do	do	St. E. de Lotbinère Napoleon III	Lotbinère	Lévis	ор	Deschambault	Cap. St. Ignace	Quebec	Lévis	st. Micholas	Lévia
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Lefehrre, Joseph	Leclaire, Dominique	Lamothe, Olivier	Lafièche, Augustin	Lacombe, Louis	Leclaire, Wm	Lachance, Joseph	Lacombe, Alfred	Langevin, Pierre	Leclaire, Michel	Lavallie, Alfred	Lacroix, Louis	Llacroix, Pierre	Lanneville, Archille	Lussier, Raphael	Lemay, Isaie	Lard, Remi	Lahaye, Francis	Langlois, Olivier	Lafaivre, Hector	Lard, Jos. Gideon	Lachance, Alfred	Lavalliere, François	Lamotte, Louis	Lapointe, Joseph

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/Hamilton				ork, U.S	:	Collingwood	Kingston	Collingwood	Port Colbourne	Dunnviile	Welland	St. Catharines	Orillia	Kingston	Toronto	Collingwood	op	Toronto	Morrisburg	Bedford Mills	Kingston	ø	zaque
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Meade. Wm	Menish. Angus.	_			Mallory, Charles	Morrill, Thos	Marshall, Irwin	Milward, Benjamin	Mitchell, George	Miller, Sopha	Main, Thos	Mills, J. A	Marshall, Thos	Murphy, Thos., No. 1.	Mills, Thos	Morrow, James	Mephan, Wm	Magee, Richard	Merkley, Jacob	Magden, Daniel	Milne, Wm	Maxwell, James	Monck, Rolla C
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STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS	SNGINI	EERS		<b>Examinations</b> and	s suoi		Kenewals	rais during	ing the Year ended	ð lst	December, 1819—Continuea	Continue	a
Name of Engineer.	Olass of Engineer.	Olass of Assistant Engineer,	Date of First Board Examination.	Mumber of Board Examination.	Number of Renewals.	Date of First Local Examination.	Number of Local Examination.	Date of Issue.	Place of Residence.	Name of Steamer last employ.	By whom Examined.	Date of Certifi-	Fee.
													\$ cts.
Merriam, Charles		-	1875	67	es	1878	-	:	Mill Point	Pilgrim	Board	1879.	2 00
Miller, John	67		1865		<u>-</u> -		•		Kingston	Empress of India	ор	op	1 00
Mathews, Jacob		-	1870		— <u>÷</u> ∞	i	•		ор	Marquis of Lorne	ф	op	1 00
Mullin, John		i	1876	4	_ <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	-		Garden Island	Hiram Calvin	ф	qo	2 00
SMundell, John		•	1873	က	*	:	:		Kingston	Cruiser	ф	op .	1 00
Marshall Robert	:	<del></del> 1	1877	<u>-</u>		1876	7		ф ор	Jessie Hall	ф	op	2 00
Murphy, Martin	ო	-	1875	4	<u> </u>		:		Elgin	Victoria	ф	op .	5 00
Morasey, John		67	1879	-	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>			Peterborough	Golden Eye	ф	op	2 00
Mulholland, James		н	1875	က	67	<u>:</u>	:		Kingston	Pearl	ф	op	00 1
Madden, Michael	64	:	1861	-	 81	i	•		ор	D. C. West	ф ор	do	1 00
Martin, Pierre		-	1873		9	1873	-		Montreal	Elevator	do	eg .	1 00
Marchand, Jos., No. 1.	-	63	1874	61	4				Ohamplain	ор	ор	- op	1 00
Morin, Démase		-	1875	ო	67	1873	-		Montreal	Elevator No. 8	ф	op -	1 00
Mallet, Hyacinthe	က	•	1867		12	-	- <del>*-</del>	******	ор	William	ф ор	op	1 00
Mallet, Hyacinthe, jun		က	1879						ор	Celtic	do	op -	<u>د</u> 00
Martineau, Jos., jun		87	1874	61	4		i		ор	Nil.	do	op -	1 80
Morris, Chis. George			8181	~ «		1877		************	op 1	S. S. Moya	op 1	op —	8

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Marchand, Narcisse	farciss	····/····a	/	1	1873	3	4				/Champiain	. /Algerian	, do	\	ф	00 1	
Marchand, Jos., No 2. 3		3	i	<u> </u>	1867	7	12 /	<del>-</del>			op /	Princess	do		ор	00 1	
Martineau, Joseph, sen 2		<u>:</u>	•	<u> </u>	1865	- 1	14	<u>:</u>			Montreal	Portnauf	ф	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	qo	1 60	
Martin, Asa 1		<u></u>			9981		19	<u>.</u>	$\stackrel{+}{\parallel}$		Sorel	Nil	do •••		qo	1 00	
Matte, Charles 2	<u> </u>	<u>:</u>	:		1860	1   1	19		- <u>÷</u>		ор	M. F. Parsons	do		qo	1 00	
Matte, J 2		_ <u>:</u>	:	18	1860		19		<u>:</u> -		ф ор	Canada	op		op	1 00	
Mathiew, Thos 2		<u> </u>	•	18	0981		18	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>		ф ор	John Brown	op		op	00 1	
Martin, Alexis 2	67	<u>:</u>			1862	 	16		- <u>i</u>		ор	Star	т ор		ф	1 00	
Matte, Wm		<del></del>	67		1872	 60	5 18	1878	<u>:</u>		ор	Rocket	op	 !	op	1 00	~~
Milotte, Pierre 3		_ <u>:</u>	•	18	1981	~ 	18		-	:	ор	Lucie	op		qo	00 1	
Matte, J. Bte 3		_ <u>:</u>	:	18	1866		13		- <u> </u>		ор	Terrebonne	op		qo	00 1	
Mandeville, François 2	67	<u>.</u> .			1860		19		_;		ф	Druwdge	op		qo	00 1	_
Marcotte, Thos			က		1874		5 - 18	1873	_ <u>:</u>		ор	Albert	ч ор		qo	1 00	P
Marchand, Hilaire		<del></del> -	64		1878			-	- <u>÷</u>		Champlain	Dagmar	т ор		qo	1 00	
Martin, Joseph			-		1873		4 18	1872	<u>:</u>		Sorel	Dredge	op		op	1 89	(
Meary, James		<b>-</b>	_	- 18	1877		<u>:</u>		- :		do	F. Shop	т ор	:	op o	2 00	•
W chaud Achille		<del>-</del> -	3	18	1879				<u>:</u>		Quebec	S.S. Druid	op		op	2 00	,
Moriu, Joseph			3		1879		<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>		:	ор	do Valetta	т ор		qo	2 00	
Marchand, Jos, No. 3	•		က		1879		<u>-                                    </u>		- <u>:</u>		Champlain	Gatineau	of		qo	2 00	
Mariin Ernest 2	87	_ <del>:</del> -		18	1876			1874		:	Lévis	Champion	op		qo	96 I	
Morin, Pierre 3	.: 8	<u>- :</u>	•		1860				_ <u>:</u>		do	Gatineau	ор		op	1 60	
Moreau, Guillaume	-	<del>-</del> -	60		1876		 	:	-		ор	Eclipse	op		do	1 00	
Marshall, James			-	- 18	1873			<u> </u>	- <u>;</u>	:	Sydney, C.B	Unicorn	op	:	qo	1 00	
Miller, J. C		<del></del>	-	18	1877		2 - 18	9281		:	Miramichi	Derby	ф		qo	1 00	
Mitchell, Wm		<del>-</del>	_	- 18	1875		:	-			P. E Island	Ferry	т ор	:	qo	1 00	•

Name of Engineer.	Class of Engineer.	Jase of Assistant Fogincer.	Date of First Board Examination.	Number of Board Examination.	Rumber of Renewals.	Date of First Local Examination.	Number of Local Examination.	Date of Issue.	Place of Residence.	Name of Steamer last employ.	Py whom Examined.	Date of Certifi- cate.	Fee.
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Morris, James			1873	67	ຜ				St. John, N.B.	Glendon	Board	. 1879.	1 00
Morton, Wm		က	1869		10	i		•	Halifax, N.S	Ferry	ор	do	1 00
Millen, J. D	က		1877	7		1875	-		Yarmouth, N.S	Alida	ф ор	op .	5 00
Montgomery, L. B	რ		1874	4	2				Quebr c	Rocket	ф	op .	5 00
C.Wills, Robert			1877	-	23	1876			Dalhousie	Nil	ор	op	2 00
Moyes, John	က		1877	62		1876			Halifax, N.S	Leopard	ор	op .	5 00
Morris, Malcolm		63	1879			-			St. John, N.B	Nil	ф ор	op	2 00
Madigan, Benjamin	67		1876	-	ю С				Victoria, B.C	Веатег.	ф ор	op 	1 00
Marwick, J. Holland		-	1876	-	റാ				New Westminster	Leviathan	ф	op .	1 00
Menanteau, August		(3	1877		64		:		Катооря	Spallumcheen	qo	op .	1 00
Menanteau, August	1		1877		67	1878	62		ф ор	ф	đo	op	2 00
Meyer, Christian		-	1876		က		:		New Westminster. Leviathan	Leviathan	ф	op -	1 00
McLeod, Kenneth			1877	က	:	1877			Wallaceburg	Barge Beaver	do	op —	2 00
McLaren, Ronald	က		1877		ຕ				Sarnia	J. C. Clark	ор	op .	1 00
McDonald, Duncan F		-	1872	က	NO.	:			Port Lambton	Nil	ф	op	9 -
McDonald, John D	-		1872	~	9				ф ор	ф	ф ор	op .	2 00
McDonald, Stexander.	ري. ان	 	1870	*	8				Sarnia	\Saginaw	do	-\- do	د د س

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Juliette Hattie Vinton	Metamora	Northern Queen	, Will	R. B. McPherson	Maggie	C. M. Carter	Sovereign	ф ор	Ocean	Dredge	Europe	M. R. Mitchell	Maganettawan	Nipissing	Waubuno	Nipissing	H. B. Sherwood	Garden Island Hiram A. Calvin	Eleanor	City of Belleville	Geneva	Rose	Wenoua
/Hamilton	Collingwood	ф ор	ф ор	Dunnville	Port Colborne	ф ор	St. Catharines Sovereign	ф	do	Port Robinson	St. Catharines	Port Robinson	Nottawa	Pitt's Ferry	Nottawa	Gravenhurst	Montreal	Garden Island	Hamlet	Bath	Kingston	Washburne	Bracebridge
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McQuade, Henry	Thomas	McCauley, James	п	McKee, John	McGuinniss, William	McCulloch, John	McMaugh, A. W	McIntyre, Thos. Ross	Wm. J	McCoppen, James	homas	McCracken, Jos. Thos.	David	McArthur, Alex	James	John	McFaull, Michael, jun.	W.m	Peter	Patrick T	atrick	r, James	McArthur, James, Vo. 3
McMeeki McQuade,	McBride, Thomas	McCauley,	McGee, Wm	McKee, Jol	McGuinnis	McCulloch,	McMaugh,	McIntyre, ?	McMaugh, Wm. J	McCoppen,	Maclean, Thomas	McCracken	McQuade, David	Mc.Arthur,	McQuade, James	McKenzie, John	McFaull, M	McReddy, Wm	McNamee, Peter	McManus, Patrick T	McArdle, Patrick	McGillivray, James	McArthur, .

S cts. Fee. 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 S, 8 8 STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 31st December, 1879.—Continued. 10 10 Date of Certifi-cate. မှ ခု ခု ş ခု ę မှ q Board ..... By whom Examined. : ဝှ ф qo မှ ф ф ф g G ф ф ģ ф ф ą ခု ..... |L. Boyer...... Beaverton.....|Shop..... Name of Steamer last employ. Bohemian..... ...... | Peerless ...... Daisy Dredge. .... H. B. Sherwood.... Albion ...... Queen Victoria ..... Newcastle, N.B.... | Androon..... Lady of the Lake Admiral D.P... Maude ..... C. M. Cates Allan's Corners..... Chaudière Dragon . Montreal..... Kingston ..... St. John, N.B..... Glace Bay..... Quebec ..... Pictou, N.S..... Halifax, N.S..... Sydney, C.B..... Place of Residence. Chateauguay Pictou, N.S. Aylmer.... ę ф : Date of Issue. Examination. m Number of Local Examination. 1876 1877 Date of First Local Number of Renewals 7 13 œ 9 13 # 12 က Examination. Number of Board Examination. 1876 1879 1865 1870 1866 1870 1860 1865 1876 1867 1879 1873 1872 1876 1877 1877 1871 Date of First Board Engineer. က Class of Assistant Class of Engineer. က က က 2 McKenzie, D. H...... McElroy, Thos ..... McDonald, Angus ..... McMillan, Wm..... McDonald, John ..... McKenzie, Allan ...... McFaull, Michael ..... McCaig, Duncan..... McArthur, James, No. McReberts, Alex ...... McGowan, Wm. ...... McLean, David ...... Name of Engineer. McRae, Alex ..... McKenzie, Peter ..... McDonald, Daniel McKenzie, J. T. ... McFarlane, D. H..

3   1877   1   2	McMillan, John		1878	1 .	<i>I</i> /		<u>.</u>	···· /··	/P. Edward Island	/P. Edward Island/N. Light	op /		op /	1 00 1	_
2   1877   2   1			./ 1876	I	3	1875		1/		Ferry	do		qo	1 00	_
3   1874   2   1872   1	fcPherson, Alex	<b>63</b>	1877	-	~				ор /	ор	ф		qo	1 00	
3         1874         2         4         1873         1         do	IcDonald, Stephen	63	1877	63	7		_ :		т ор	Beta	do		do	2 00	
3   1875   1   4   1871   1   40   1871   1   40   1871   1   40   1871   2   40   40   1871   2   40   40   1871   2   40   40   40   40   40   40   40	cCarty, Danl	67	1876	7	က	1872	-		St. John, N.B	Derigo	qo		qo	1 00	
3			1874	67	4	1873	-		:	Ferry	စ္	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	op	1 00	
3   1874   3   1877   2   1878   1   1878   1   1878   1   1878   1   1878   1   1878   1   1879   1   1879   1   1879   1   1876   1   1875   2   1875   1   1875   2   1875   1   1875   1   1875   2   1875   1   1875   1   1876   1   1878	eKinnon, A	~	1875	<b>-</b>	4	1874	-		•	Tiger	qo		op	1 00	
2   1878   2   1877   2   New Westminster   1879   1   1879   1   1878   1   Manitoba			1874	က	က	1877	67			Scad	qo		op	2 00	
1   1879   1   1878   1   Manitoba   1   1879   1   1879   1   1870   1   1870   1   1870   1   1870   1   1870   1   1870   1   1875   2   3   1875   1   1875   2   3   1875   1   1875   2   3   1875   1   1875   1   1875   2   3   1875   1   1875			1878	63	:	1877	67			Maggie	do	:	op	2 00	
1   1879   1   1878   1   1870   1   1870   2   8			1878	2		1878	-		New Westminster	Royal City	go		op	2 00	
1   1879   1	Pherson, Thos	63	1879	-		1878	-			Prince Rupert	qo		op	2 00	
1   1870   2   8	ish, Harvey Saml	н	1879		:	:			Owen Sound	City of London	do		op	2 00	
3       1860       1       19       —       do       —         1       1875       2       3       1875       1       —       Owen Sound       —         1       1875       2       3       1875       1       —       Owen Sound       —         1       1875       2       3       1875       1       —       Owen Sound       —         1       1875       2       3       1875       1       —       Oraleton Place       —         1       1873       2       5       1872       1       —       Ottawa       —         2       1878       2       —       1878       1       —       Chatham       —         2       1871       1       18       —       Dottawa       —       Lotbinière         2       1877       2       1       —       Dottawa       —       Lotbinière         2       1870       1       9       —       Lotbinière       —       Lotbinière	oreross, R. R	Н	1870	64	 				Port Colborne	Kittie Haight	do		qo	8	-
1   1875   2   3   1876   1			1860	-	61	;		•		Olivia Gordon	q		op	1 00	
1 1875 2 3 1875 1	ff, Sylvans	-	1875	87	ຕ	1876	-			S. Kneeland	00	•	op	1 00	•
1     1875     2     3     1875     1       1     1875     2     3     1873     3       1     1878     2     6     1872     1       2     1878     2     1878     1       2     1861     1     18       2     1877     2     1       1     1870     1     9	sbet, John	-	1876	က	-	1875	-			C'y of Owen Sound	do		qo	1 00	
1     1875     2     3     1873     3	les, Thes		1875	89	က	1875	-		Wiarton	O'Roura	qo		op	1 00	
1     1873     2     5     1872     1       2     1878     2     1878     1       2     1861     1     18       2     1877     2     1       1     1870     1     9	rton, F. J	7	1875	63	ო	1873	က		Penetanguishene	Mary Beck	qo		op	1 00	-
2     1878     2     1878     1       2     1878     2     1     1       2     1861     1     18     1       2     1877     2     1     1       1     1870     1     9     1	chols, Abner	-	1873	8	20	1872	-		Carleton Place	Enterprise	g		op	1 00	
2 1878 2	wton, James		1878	87		1878	П			Engineer	do.		qo	2 00	
2 1877 2 1	yes, John O	63	1878	73	:				Chatham	Manitoba	ор		qo	2 00	
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1 1870 1 9	el, Itypolite	81	1877	63	~			***************************************		Powerful	qo		op	2 00	
,	deau, Jean	7	1870	н	<b>o</b>			•		Maid of Orleans	do		qo	90	
2	Nieber LJohn D	83	6281	-	:				St. John, N.B	Greenland	go.	************	ę	00 9	

STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 31st December, 1879.—Continued.

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Date of Certifi- cate.		1879	qo	qo	do	qo	qo	qo	qo qo	op	op Op	do	op	qo	, op	qo	do	do
By whom Examined.		Board	ор	ор	ор	ф ор	ф	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	do ob
Name of Steamer last employ.		Laddie	₽ da	Trudeau	Dredge	Hastings	Clara Louise	Crusoe	Elevator	D. C. West	Oswego Belle	Norseman	Nil.	Metamora	Quebec	Great Western	Transfer	Asia
Place of Residence.		Newcastle	New Westminster., Ada	Sarnia	Port Robinson	Kingston	Gananoque	Newborough	Kingston	1gh	ф	Port Hope	St. John, N.B	Newburgh	Sarnia	Windsor		Saraia
Date of Issue.															Í			
Number of Local			Ī			:	•	н						•			1	
Date of First Local Examination,			•	1870			:	1878		-	•							1874
Number of Renewals.		-	63	-	-	13	•	7	14	н		12	~	:	-	14		
Number of Board Examination.		~	-	63	81	81	7	87	П	က	-	-	-	69	ო	H	-	4
Date of First Board Examination.		1872	1877	1871	1871	1865	1879	1877	1865	1876	1878	1867	1872	1878	1870	1865	1879	1875
Class of Assistant Engineer.		-	-		1		67	7		-	8		1	63			61	
Olass of Engineer.		_ :	•	ო		63		i	က			က		i	-	64		10
Name of Bugineer.		Neilson, Robt	Neil, Henry	Odette, Henry	O'Brian, John N	GO'Reilly, Thos	Ormiston, Wm. A	O'Neill, Michael J	O'Brien, Lawrence	O'Meill, James	O'Meill, Thomas	O'Reilly, James	Orchard, Hiram	Palmer, Isaac W	Pettigrew, Thos	Park, Joseph	Pirie, Alex	Pettigrew, George

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Park, James M	-	3   1878	1 /8	1 /			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ср /	Saginaw	do /		do	1 1 00 1
Parent, J. J.	- 3	1878		1	· · · ·		······································	Har ilton	Transit	op		оp	00 1
Patterson, James	~~	1879	-						Columbia	do .		op	2 00
Pratt, Wm. T	_	1872	-	4				St. John, N.B	Rothesay	op		op	1 00
Polly, John		1878	63					Picton	Picton	do	:	op	2 00
Port, Andrew		1871	83	2-		•		Collingwood	Prussia	do		do	2 00
Pcot, George		1873	က	4	:			Welland	Dufferin	go G		qo	1 00
Petts, Frederick 3		1873	4	က	•	- !		St. Catharines	Shop	op •		op	1 00
Paterson, Jose 3		1874	4	73	1873	-		Toronto	Metamora	op		op	1 00
Pendergast, James	~~.	1872	7	မ	1811	-		Cornwall	Norseman	do		ф	1 00
Prieuze, Oliver	67	1869	1	10	:	į		Garden Island	Traveller	do		op	1 00
Peleon, Wm	<b>-</b>	1876	87	87	1877	-		Copourg	Shop	op		qo	1 00
C.Polson, B. Franklin	<b>м</b>	1879	-		•	_		ço	Fairy	do .		op	2 00
Paquin, Trefflé	-	1870	က	-1	•	i		Deschambault	Elevator No. 4	op		op	1 00
Piché, Michael 3		1873	4	ກ		•		Green Point	Mark Twain	u op		op	1 00
Potvin, Jean B		1874	က	ო		:		Longueuil	Bohemian	do		op	1 00
Parent, Pierre 2		1860	. 1	19			:	Beauharnois	St. Paul	op		qo	1 00
Pacquette, Modest 3	•	1865	1	71		:		Montreal	Beauharnois	do	:	op	1 00
Piche Napoleon 2		1872	ю	က		:		ф	Frances	do		op	1 00
Piché, George		1878	67					Deschambault	Cantin	do		qo	2 00
Piché, Ferdinand 2		1871	ю	4	:			Montreal	Milford	do		op	2 00
Physick, Thos 3		1877	63				:	Sorel	City of Toledo	do	:	qo	2 00
Pintal, Aimé	es -	1879	-					Champlain	Wermont	ф .:		do	00 2
Pilot, Philias	64	1874	က	က		:		Lotbinière	May Flower	do		qo	8
Felletier, Edouard	<b>-</b>	1870	<b>64</b>	<b>20</b>	:			Sore	Canada	do do		go	1 00

g 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ending 31st December, 1879.—Continued. O 10 9 10 10 10 Date of Certificate ф မှ ф ф ф ಕಿ <del>Q</del> ę ę ခု By whom Examined. ф ဗု go မှ ф qo မှ g ф ...... Beauharnois ...... |St. Francis ..... Beaver ..... H. Curtis ...... Hercules..... Name of Steamer last employ. New Westminster. | Nellie Taylor...... Joe Mac ..... Alma Munroe ..... Northcote..... Ferry Prowell Beyer. Neptune ..... Maggie ..... Dredge qo Burrard Inlet ..... Port Dalhousie ..... Manitoba ..... Quebec ..... John, N.B. St. John, N.B. Residence. Halifax, N.S. Place of Kingston. ф Montreal ф St. Date of Issue. Examination. Number of Local 1869 1878 1878 1872 1876 Examination. 1877 Date of First Local G 6 9 6 8 13 Number of Renewals. Examination. Number of Board 1875 Ехашіпяцоп. 1879 1870 818 1873 1879 1879 1878 1873 1870 1877 6281 1869 1876 1870 1860 Date of First Board Fagineer Unassistan to sasio Class of Engineer. Quig, John ..... Patrie, Barthelème ..... Parker, Stephen D ..... : Paull, Charles ....... Philpott, Richard ... .. Quin, Patrick ...... Penny, Thomas ...... Pierce, Abraham ..... Payne, James G...... Name of Engineer. Quackenbush, Chas Quigley, James. Pierce, Wm ..... Porter, John E Parks, Wm. B. Paul, Francis Quin, Michael S .W . loo . 8

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	John Young	Dolphin	Alexander	Nichigan	D. R. Van Allen	International	Nil	Nil	Kate Marks	Nil	Ontario	R. B. McPherson	Lincoln	Tive Brothers	M. R. Mitchell	M. R. King	M. R. King	Arlington	McArthur	Transit	Lily	Prince of Wales	<b>Га</b> wр	-
	Sorel	Quebec	Chatham	Windsor			Hamilton		Bruce Mines	Toronto	Wallaceburg	St. Catharines	do	Port Robinson Five Brothers	ор	do	ор	Little Britain	Newborough	Prescott	Kingston	Lachine	Montreal	
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	Querr, Onisime	Quin, Henry	Robert, Joseph	Russell, W. A	No. 3	ert	Reid, Thos. G	<u> </u>	Renaie, Robert	Robinson, Frederick	Reid, Wm. O	D	Ramsey, Alex	Ross, Wm	No. 1.	Ross, Robert	Ross, George, No. 1	Rodman, Joseph	Rice, John	Roy, Francis	Rochfort, Alex	Ryan, Thos	Robitaille, Louis	
	y, Our	Henry	t, Jose	II, W.	Ross. John, No. 3	Reilley, Robert	rbos.	Reynolds, J. F	, Robe	30n, Fı	Wm. 0	GRadeliff, E. D	y, Ale	Wm	Ross, John, No. 1.	Robert	George	ın, Jos	John.	rancis	ırt, Al	Thos	ille, L	
	Que.	Quin	Rober	Russe	Ross.	eille.	leid,	eyn0	Ren ai	Robin	Reid,	Radel	Ramse	Ross,	soss,	coss,	soss,	lodm	lice,	toy, 1	cochf	dyan,	Robite	

STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 31st December, 1879.—Continued.

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Date of Certi - cate.		1879	qo	op	do	op	qo	op	op	qo	op	op	qo	op	do	qo	do	do
By whom Bxamined.		Board	ор	ф оф		ор	ор	ор	ор	ф	ор	ор	ор	ф ор	ф	ф ор	ф	\ op
Name of Steamer last employ.		Mouche-à-Feu Bo	Louise	Nil	Maxwell	St. James	Nil.	Nil.	Champlain	Napoleon III	South	C. H. Curtis	Ranger.	Dauntless d	Lady Head d	Glendon d	Alphad	
Place of Residence.		Sorel	ор	ор	ор	ор	Montreal	Sorel	ор	Quebec	Lévis	Quebec	Lévis	ф ор	ор	Halifax, N.S	Picton, N.S	90
Date of Issue.					:								<del></del> -				<u> </u>	<b></b>
Number of Local Examination.		<u> </u>			<u> </u>	i	-		-	:			_:		- <del>:</del>	- :-	_ :-	
Date of First Local Examination.		1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- :	:				- <u>:</u>			1876			<del>!</del> -	1877
Number of Renewals	·	7.7	15	63	16	11	:	67	က	10	i	-	19	<b>∞</b>	9		73	
Number of Board Examination.		-	1	-	-	7	-	က	-	က	_		-	m	4		- 23	64
Date of First Board Examination.		1981	1864	1877	1863	1867	1879	1875	1876	1867	1879	1879	1860	1869	1870	6281	1876	1878
Class of Assistant Engineer.				m		н	က	-		i	E	-	i	-	:	23	8	~
Class of Engineer.		,	æ	-	က		:		:	-	<u> </u>		က		es			<b></b>
Name of Engineer.	Delent Diesia	nobert, Flacide	Rondeau, Louis	Rondeau, Dieudonne	Racicot, Antoine	Rapple, George	Racette, Moise	Ritter, Edmond A	Raymond, Onisime	Ralph, Josiah	Roussel, Luc	Rigney, Wm	Roupeau, Elisee	Roy, Alfred	Roger, Cleophas	Revel, John	Reed, John	Ryan, J. W

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Sessional Papers (No. 3.)
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op /	qo	ф	qo	op	do	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	<b>q</b> o	qo	do	qo	ф	ф	qo	ф	qo	qo	qo	qo	တို
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Flamborough	W. Extension	Iris.	Cariboo Fly	M. R. Robertson	Celtic	Nipigon	M. R. Robertson	Collingwood	Farming	Hector	H. Neelon	Ontario	L. Shickluna	ор	City of Winnipeg"	Northern	R. A. Reynolds	Samson		J. J. Gooderil, U.S.	Robt. Anglin	Chieftain	John A. Macdonald	Hiram A. Calvin
. Halifax, N.S	St. John, N.B	Victoria, B.C	ор	Chatham	Hamilton	ф	Kincardine	Collingwood	Dunnville	Port Colborne	Port Dalhousie	Lindsay	St, Catharines	Kingston	Collingwood	Huntsville,	Port Rowan	Bobcageon	Kingston	Brockville	Kingston	Matilda	Garden Island	op
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1876	1871	879	1876	1981	1860	1872	9281	1877	1870	1872	1875	1875	9981	1874	1877	1877	1874	1877	6981	1879	1873	1872	1871	1862
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Ritchie, Wm	Retallic, John	Regan, Daniel	Robertson, John	Sutherland, David	Scott, Walter	Scott, Charles	Stroner, David	Smith, James L	Swanson, John	Smith, J. H	Smith, Wm	19 3mith, F. E	Stevens, John	Swift, John	Swain, Wm. J	Smiley, John	Spain, Frederick	Stevens, James	Sullivan, Wm	Sheriff, C, J	Sutherland, Wm	Sommerville, Francis	Simons, John	Smith, Thos

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-Continued.	Date of Certifi- cate.		1879	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	elo elo	ф	do	op	op	op	qo	op
1879.—	By whom Examined.		.rd	ор	ф	ф оф	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	do	ор	пор	фор	go op
ecem	ler ler		Board	·	<del>-</del>	۳ 	ъ 	۳ 	۳ 	· •	۳ 	- P	<del>ت</del> <u>:</u>	ъ 	<del>ق</del> ::	-ਰ  :	~~ 	· ·	
nded 31st December,	Name of Steamer last employ.		Elswood	Carleton	McArthur	Samson	C. J. Brydges	J. B. A	Empress	John Hicklee	Arctic	Montreal	Nil	Lizza	St. Louis	Aurora	Elevateur	John Pratt	St. Maurice
g the Year ended	Place of Residence.		Newborough	Kingston	Portsmouth	Bobcaygeon	Montreal	ф	Portage du Fort	Buffalo	Montreal	Sorel	ф ор	ор	ф ор	ор	ор	ор	Trois Rivières
vals during	Date of lssue.	   	<u>x</u>	<u>K</u>	P	B	M		Ъ	B	M	Š	•		•		•		<u> </u>
Renewals	Number of Local Examination.		:		:	•	-					-	:					-	
	Date of First Local Examination.						1874		1877			1876						1872	 
Examinations and	Number of Renewals		•	į	9		10	10	:	67	2	<u>r-</u>	87	9		13	- 20	4	ъ —
mina	Number of Board Examination.		~~		<u>م</u>		ಣ	es				67		es	67	1	4	es	89 —
	Date of First Board Examination.	<u> </u>	1878	1879	1869	6981	1872	1872	1878	1877	1811	1871	1877	1871	1878	1867	1871	1873	, 1868
EERS	Olass of Assistant Engineer.		2	67		-		<u>.</u>		_			67		67				_; ;
NGIN	Olass of Engineer.				81	:	8	m	က							e 	က	က	ю —.
STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS'	Name of Engineer.		Stevens, David	Smeaton, Alex	Simmons, G. L	Scott, Thomas	Short, Thomas	Seguin, Jean B., sen	Smith, Wm. J	Stroh, George F	Seguin, Jean B., jun	Sheridan, Michel	St. Martin, N cisse	St. Martin, Felix	St. Louis, Hercules	St. Amand, Honore	Spinard, J. Bte	Stadworthy, Wm	St., Pierre, Antoine

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g	qo	Сþ	qo	op	qo	op	op	qo	go	op	op	qo	qo	op	qo	op	qo	qo	qo	qo	op	qo	op
	······································								- <u>-</u>	:		 !	:			:	•				i		•
	т ор	ф	ф	op	•••• ор	ф ор			ф	ф	do	ор	ор	do	ф ор	ор	ф	ф	do	ор	ф	ф ор	ф
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	./Lake	Canima	Miramichi	Canima	Margoret M	Goliah	Delta	Frank	Alpha	M. A. Starr	Wilson G. Hunt	Union	Olympia	Victoria	J. S. Noyes	Michigan	ф ор	Manitoba	ор	e Francis Smith	Sam Lewis	Mary Lewis	Wm. Ross
	Lauzon	New York	Lachute	New York	Lévis	Halifax, N.S	ф ор	P. E. Island	Pictou, N.S	Halifax, N.S	Victoria, B.C	Burrard Inlet	Victoria, B.C	Manitoba	Chatham	Windsor	do	Sarnia	ф ор	Ste. Etienne de Beauharnois	Bowmanville	Penetanguishene Mary Lewis	Collingwood
_														:									
		1					-			:	-			67	61		67	-	:			:	7
_	<u></u>	1873			:		1876		i	i	1878			1872	1873		1873	1875			:		1874
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-	1872	1874	1878	1878	1864	1877	1877	1878	1869	1879	1879	1876	1876	1874	1877	1874	1873	1871	1877	1877	1879	6281	1875
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	7	-			 m		_:				_ <del>-</del> -		67	:			<u></u> -	:_ 81		:	-		i
Lightly Allendaria	Sampon, Ernest	Steel, Wm	Stewart, Wm, Scott	Stewart, James	Samson, Alexander	Salter, Wm. H	Stevens, Douglas	Sweet, James	Sweeton, Wm	Skinner, Wm	Sweeney, C. Botsford.	Stalker, Hugh	Stephen, David	Smith, James Gray	Taylor, Henry	Thorp, George	Taylor, William	Tonkin, John	Tilley, Edwin W	Thereault, Francis, jr.	Tate, David G	Tate, James Wm	Thorne, Wm

STEAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 31st December, 1879.—Continued.

										Transfer of the second of the			
Name of Engineer.	Class of Engineer.	Class of Assistant Engineer.	Date of First Board Examination,	Number of Board Examination.	Number of Renewals.	Date of First Local. Examination.	Number of Local Examination.	Date of Issue.	Place of Residence.	Name of Steamer last employ.	By whom Examined.	Date of Certifi- cate.	F4 6.6.
		-											6
Trotter, Samuel	- <u>-</u> -	:	1873	4	. ო				Chatham	Oswego Belle	Board	1879	
Taylor, David	i	67	1878	81	i				Port Colbourne	Hector	ф	qo	2 00
Thompson, Jos		ന	1879	-					do	Mocking Bird	ф ор	op	2 00
Townsend, Wm	m m		1861		18				Port Dalhousie	H. Neelon	ф	qo	1 00
Taylor, Jos. F	<u>.</u>		1861	-	18	i			St. Catharines	Scotia	ф ф	do	00 1
Thompson, Wm	 	:	1879			1877	~		Yorkville	Dean	ор	op	5 00
Thurston, Henry	67		1870	10	1C)	1869	4		Kingston	Africa	ф	do	1 00
Turnbull, James	~	i	1876		<b>м</b>	<u></u>			Prescott		ор	op	1 00
Trickey, Alex			1875	<u>ო</u>	~- <u>·</u>	- <del>i</del>	•		Cornwall	Lako Erie	ф	qo	5 00
Theriault, Francis	67		1866	-	13	•	_ <u>-</u> -		Beauharnois	John A Macdonald	ф ор	do	1 00
Tetereau, François	m	:	1870		<u></u> ச	•			Montreal	Mac	ор	op	1 00
Trempe, Pierre	<u>:</u> _	:	1864		15	:	<u> </u>		Sorel.	Fire Fly	ор	qo	1 00
Thibodeau, Alexis	m		1870	က	r-	i	- <u>-</u> -		do	St. Lambert	ор	op	00 1
Thompson, Andrew	67	i	1873	4	က	1873	<u>.</u>		ф	Richelieu	ор	op	1 00
Theriault, Simeon, jun	-	m	1879	_ <u>-</u> -	:	· •	<u></u>		Lévis	Saguenay	ор	qo	2 00
Theriault, Simeon, sen	т. С	i	1860		19				Lauzon	Montmagny	ф ор	op	1 00
Thibault Pierre		80	1879	<u></u>					St. Oroix	\Contest,	40 ob	 op	00 9

// 1 00 //	1 00		<u>-</u>	1 00	1 00	1 00	2 00	1 00	2 00	nal S	2 00	1 00	2 00	1 00	1 00	1 00	5 00	2 00	1 00	2 00	1 00	1 8	1 00
op do	- do	·	g G	do	qo	qo	op	qo	qo	op	qo	op	op	qo	qo	qo	cp [	op	op	op	op 	qo	op
																	***						
) do	ج ح	3	op —	do	do	op	go	do	op-	op _	qo	qo	op              p	op	op ;	op							
/North	_	TINI	Norman	Н. ВеПе	St. Lawrence	ор	Nil	Huron	Maude	W. R. Stanley	Chicora	Beaver	ф	City of Dresden	Transfer	Coral	Trudeau	Shickluna	Eva	Ontario	J. L. McEdward	Dromedary	M. R. Mitchell
/ do		St. John, N.B	op	P. E. Island	ор	op	Chatham, N B	Sarnia,	Kingston	St. Thomas	Florence, Ont	Dresden	ор	Windsor	Gordon, Ont	Windsor	Sarnia	. Toronto	ф ор	Sarnia	Port Colbourne	St. Catharines	Port Robinson
										7	•	н		-		1			63				
_				•				:		1873		1877		1870		1874	i		1874				
• ° ° ° ′ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	: -	4	20	9	10	6	•	13		70	63	-		~	13	က	i		64	:	10	<b>∞</b>	-
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7 2901	1001	1875	1872	1872	1869	1870	1879	1866	1879	1874	1875	1875	1878	1870	1865	1875	1879	1879	1877	1879	1867	1869	1876
, ;		æ							73	67		-	63	;			64	က		က			64
	•		က	m				m				:	;	m	63		:				:	64	
Tardie, Napoleon	Tanguay, isadore	Thompson, A. F	horn, J. F	odoin, Daniel	urner, James	rail. Wm	ait. Wm.	reland, David	ince, Samuel	Wright, D. L	Webster, R. A	Vells, Joseph	Vindover, Manly	Vilson, J. H	Westaway, John,	Williams, Peter	Vhitty, D. T. H	Winters, Geo. T	Valton, Thos	Velsh, Thos	Vilcox, David	Wright, Emerson	Wilcox, George H

Webster, R. A...... 9Wells, Joseph.....

STRAMBOAT ENGINEERS' Examinations and Renewals during the Year ended 51st December, 1879.—Continued.

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Date of Certifi- cate.		1879	đo	qo	qo	qo	op —	qo	op —	do	<b>့</b>	ф —	do	qo	op 	qo	qo	ф 
By whom Examined.	•	Board	ор	ф	ор	ор	ор	ф	ор	ф	ор	ф	ф	ф ор	ф	ф	op	
Name of Steamer last employ.		Lincoln	Shop	Colin Munro	Niagara	City of Montreal	M. Sommerville	Anglo-Saxon	Europe	Florence	Shop	Geneva	Algerian	Асадіяп	Lady Head	Newfield	op	NII
Place of Residence.		St. Catharines	Owen Sound	Rondeau	Whitby	Toronto	Harwood	Lindsay	Gananoque	Prescott	Kingston	Newborough	Montreal	Halifax	Lévis	Halifax	do	
Date of 1s. ue.											***********	***************************************						·····
Number of Local Examination.			i	Ī	63	4			i			i	-	~~	-	- <u>-</u> -		
Date of First Local Examination.		1		<u> </u>	1877	1875	1877			1875	i	i	:	1870				1874
Number of Renewals		4	i	63	:	-	-	9	-	:		-	11	10	10	10	81	*
Number of Board Examination.		87	-	H	83	က	63	- С	က	p=4	-	61	61	4	-	-	61	ہ سر
Date of First Board Examination.		1874	1879	1877	1878	1876	1877	1871	1876	1879	1879	1877	1867	1871	1869	1869	1876	1875
Olass of Assistant Engineer.		63	က	2			-	7		87	63	64		;	-	Ī		
.199nignH to easiO		:				m							61	-		-	80	ىر . س
Name of Engineer.		Wilson, Henry Thos	Wilson, James M	Wilson, George E	Wheeler, Fred E	9 Williams, Samuel	White, James L	Walker, David	Watt, James S	Whitney, James	Wilmot, Wm	Welch, Warren	Webster, Wm	Wells, Wm. F	Wool, Joseph	Warner, Arch	Weir, Wm	Walker, J. G.

			Wilder, William Green, 2 (""") and	_									_
Waddle, Chas	<u></u>	- <del>-</del> -	1879	, '	······		7		op /	Robert Burns	ф ор	op	1 2 00
Weir, Robert		~	6281	- -	<u></u>	1877	1 /		ор		ор	op	00 9
Williams, H. C	63		1876	- ·	1	1874	1  -		Cow Bay, C.B		ф ор	op	2 00
Webb, George		7	1878	- 1	1   1	1875		<u> </u>	. E. Island	P. E. Island Nil	ор	op	1 00
Wilson, Thos		-	1875	81	3	1874		<u>H</u>	[alifax	Halifax H. Hoover	ор	op	2 00
Wilson, Wm	•	ო	1872			- <u>!</u>	- <u>:</u>		op	Ferry	ор	op	1 00
Warring, Wm. L		67	1879	- <u>:</u> -		1878	1	<u>s</u>	t. John, N.B	St. John, N.B Xanthus	ор	op	2 00
Welsh, John			1869	~~	6	:	- <u>:</u>		do 0	Dot	ор	op	1 00
Wilson, Alex., jun	~	:	1871		7			:	ор	Ferry	ор	op	1 00
Wilcox, Solon	:		1876			1876		<u>B</u>	urrard Inlet	Burrard Inlet Leondra	ф ор	op	1 00
Young, Francis		~~~	1873		22	. 2781	- :	0	wen Sound	Owen Sound Francis Smith	ф ор	op	1 00
Vork, Edward	3	:	1871		- <u>:</u>	<u>-                                    </u>	- <u>:</u>	B	rock ville	Brockville Shop	ор	qo	1 00

STATEMENT of the Number of Steam Vessels added to the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878;

their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where built, Detroit, U. S., 1872 ...... Passenger and freight, Georgian Bay Ports and Cleveland, U.S., 1877 ...... | Harbour tug Waubaushene River Thames, Ont ... ....... Tug, fishing at Cockburn Island... Ouluth ..... St. Cathavines, 1878.......... Not employed, a canal tug............. Freight, Collingwood and Chicago ...... Port Rowan .... "Excursion boat, Belleville, Ontario." Owen Sound, 1878 ... ..... Fishing tug and passenger, Owen Sound ..... Pleasure and coasting, Lake Superior. ...... Burlington Bay, do qo Tug, Collingwood and Nottawasaga ..... Passenger and freight, Collingwood Freight tug, Lindsay Lakes .... Where and how Employed, ф qo ф Collingwood, 1878 ..... Fishing tug, оp qo qo Gibraltar, U.S., 1870 ...... Prince Arthur's Landing, Burlington Bay, 1878 ..... do 1872..... Collingwood, 1878 .. . ... London, Ontario, 1878 ..... Bobcaygeon, 1878 ..... WEST ONTARIO, HURON AND SUPERIOR DIVISION, qo Where Built. qo ф Buffalo, U.S., ф Buffalo, 16.80 823.63 318 10 12.89 7.31 82.71 26.2840.77 22 40 03.89273-00 Registered Tonnake. 7 20.2818.95 10.75 97.35 32.94 619.13 348.00 1211-21 41.71 59.52 15.77 101.17 រារម្ភេះ 19. 129 Gross Ton-.: ~<u>:</u> Screw ..... Wood ... : : : : ፧ : : Wood or Iron. qo do ф ф ခု οp qo ф qo qo qo ф ф qo : Class. Paddle ..... Paddle..... and where and how employed Screw. ... ф qo ф  $^{\rm qo}$ ф  $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{0}}$  $q_0$ ф  $_{\rm q}$ 64.50 98.927:15 3.90 19.17 30.08 20.00 19.17 72.06 14.34 15 96 6.63Horse Power. 54.00 ..... : R. B. Hayes. ..... City of Belleville..... : Three Friends...... Louis Shickluna..... Forest City..... Beaubocage ..... City of Winnipeg ...... SNew Era ..... Name of Vessel. Resoue ..... Northern Queen ..... Ben Milwood ..... Fanny ..... Niagara ..... Juliette..... Despatch....

J. MENEILLEY, Steamboat Inspector,

Statement of the Number of Steam Vessels added to the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-Power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built, and where and how Employed.

	2000	1011	UL.	<b>ւ</b> աչ		• (·			• )	
sand how Employed.		mer, Rice Lake and Otonabee	qo	mer, Bay of Quinté.	o Clear and Stony Lakes.	o Lake Ontario.	o River St. Lawrence.	o Bay of Quinté.	o River St. Lawrence.	
Where		Passenger tea	op do	Passenger Stea	p op	do d	do d			
Where Built.		Cobourg	Harwood	Trenton	Lakefield	Sorel	Brockville		Brockville	
Registered Ton-			26	23	24	178		11	44	314
Эдвипод геогр		9	33	24	31	339	63	25	72	532
Wood or Iron.		Wood	ор	op	op	op	op	op	do	
Class.		Screw	ф ор	ор	ор	Side-wheel	Screw	ф	ф	
Horse Power.		1.29	5.17	1.59	4.59	43.57	1.03		9.12	66.35
Name of Vessel.		Alert	Arlington	Annie Gilbert	Cruiser	F. B. Maxwell	Victor	Sarah Daly	Ruby	
	Horse Class. Wood on From Where Built. Where and how Employed.	Horse Wood Breed Ton-Power.  Horse Class. Or Tonnage.  Gregistered Monte Built. Where and how Employed.	Horse Class. Wood Tron. Wood Cobourg Passenger teamer, Rice Lake and Otonabee	Horse Power. Class. Wood on Friend Friend Where Built. Where Built. Where and how Employed.  1.29 Screw Wood 6 6 Cobourg	Horse Power. Class. Class. Class. Class. Cor Livon. Wood	Horse Power. Class.   Wood   Fig.   Fig.   Where Built.   Where Bu	Horse Power.    Power.   Promessed   Prome	Horse Power.    Horse	Horse   Class.   Wood   Fig.   Fig.   Where Built.   Where Built.   Where and how Employed.   Fig.   Fig.   Where Built.   Where Built.   Where and how Employed.   Fig.   Fig.   Where Built.   Where Built.   Where Built.   Where and how Employed.   Fig.   Fig.   Where Built.   Where and how Employed.   God   Fig.   Fi	Horse   Class   Class   Wood   Fe   Fe   Fe   Fe   Fe   Fe   Fe   F

JOS. TAYLOR, Steamboat Inspector.

=		
at the Asteam Vessels added to the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878;	orse Power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built,	
STATEMENT of the Nu then of Steam Vessels added to the Dominion,	their Class and Horse Power; whether of Wood or Iron; their	and where and how Employed.

## MONTREAL DIVISION.

Where and how Employed.	109 Montreal Ferry, Montreal and St. Lambert.	Grain Blevating, Montreal Harbour.	2 Ottawa Green Passengers, Ottawa and Grenville.	do Lake St. Francis.	29 Buffalo Towing, Montreal and Cornwall.	6 Ottawa Passengers, above Buckingham.	do Valleyfield and River Grace,	
Where Built.	Montreal	qo	Ottawa	12 New York State	Buffalo	Ottawa	9 Montreal	
Registered Ton- nage.	109		7	12	23	9	6	167
Gross Tonnage.	 172	100	က	17	43	6	4	358
Wood or Iron.	Wood	do	op	op		do	op	
Class.	Centre-wheel Wood	Screw	ор	ор	ор	ор	Side-wheel	
Horse Power.	52	58	4	6	36	4	<u> </u>	142
Name of Vessel.	St. Lambert	Grain Elevator No. 12	Crusader	Rhoda May	Joe Mac	Julia	Valleyfield	

JOHN BURGESS,
Steamboat Inspector.

42 Victor	ia.	Sessional Papers (No. 3.)	<b>A</b> . 1879
Steam Vessels added to the Dominion during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; or; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built, byed.	Where and how Employed.	Sorel	
added to the Dominion during the I Wood or Iron; their Gross and $R$ THREE RIVERS DIVISION.	Where Built.	Sorel	
the Dc r Iron Vers di	Registered Ton- nage.	161 176 24 23 383	
ided to Vood o IREE RI	Gross Tonnage.	306 306 38	
sels ager of V	Wood or Iron.	poo d	
er of Steam Ver -power; wheth Imployed.	Glass.	Side-wheeldo dodo	
Numb Horse how E	Horse Power.	43.57 4.33 4.33 86.47	
Statement of the Number of Stee their Class and Horse-power; and where and how Employed.	Name of Vessel.	Hope	

ere Built,	oyed.						
Tonnage; wl	Where and how Employed.	bour Tug.	op	op	op	qo	
0 4	M	Quebec Har	op	οp	qo	•	
	Where Built.	3 Quebec, 1877 Quebec Harbour Tug.	do 1878	ор	ор	ф	
SION.	Δ	Quebec,		do	op	do	
QUEBEC DIVISION.	Registered Ton- nage.	es	25	4	6	70	19
QUEBE	Gross Tonnage.	6	36	9	13	29	123
	Wood or Iron.	Wood	т ор	ор	т ор	т ор	
oer of Steam Vess e-power; whethe Employed.	Class.	Screw Propeller Wood	ор	qo op	ф ор	ор	
norse-l how E	Horse Power.	က	7	4	91.9	32	58.16
STATEMENT of the Number of Steam Vessels added to the Dominion during the rear ended 51st December, 1919, their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built, and where and how Employed.	Name of Vessel.	Commodore Holliwell	H. C. Curtis,	Lady Forest	May Flower	Rambler	Total

JOS. SAMSON Steam. wat Inspe Statement of the Number of Steam Vessels added to the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built, and

where and how Employed.

· ia	J•	Session	સા	Pa	pers	(14
	Where and how Employed.		Fredericton, N.B Ferry boat, Fredericton, N.B.	Tug boat, Miramichi, N.B.	Steam yacht do	
	Where Built.		Fredericton, N.B	Newcastle, N.B Tug boat, Miramichi, N.B.	Ontario Steam yacht	
	gistered Ton-	.		<b>o</b> o	7	16
	.938 паоТ егот	G.	8	11	3	26
	Wood or Iron.		Wood	т ор	op	
	Class.		Passenger Wood	Tug	Passen ger	
	Horse Power.		22	30	4	29
	Name of Vessel.		Sarah H	Derby	Grip	Total

WM. M. SMITH, Sleamboat Inspector, Maritime Provinces Division.

STATEMENT of the Number of Steam Vessels added to the Dominion during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built, and where and how Employed.

	Where and how Employed.	i	1.85 San Francisco Freight boat, Fraser River.	do Nanaimo,	do Skeena River.	do Fraser River.	4.72 Deas Lake Ferry boat, Deas Lake, Cassiar.	do New Westminster.	Passenger and freight, Victoria to Ne t-minster.	do Kamloops Lake.	do Victoria to Sooke.	do do to New West- minster.	
BRITISH COLUMBIA DIVISION.	Where Built.		San Francisco	31.39 Seattle	13.48 Victoria, B.C	21.01 Puget Sound	Deas Lake	4.05  San Francisco	624.00 New York	50.54 Kamloops	32.87 Sooke	350.36 New York	
UMBIA	Registered Ton- nage.		1.85	31-39	13.48	21.01	4.72	4.05	624.00	50.54	32.87	350-36	1,134.27
H COL	Gross Топпаge.		3.11	33.58	19.32	36 04	11.92	2 88	77.016	<b>5</b> 4 29	50.27	467.96	1,653.14 1,134.27
BRITIS	Wood or 1ron.		Wood	op	т ор	щ ор	ор	ор	op	op	qo	op	<u></u>
	Class.	ŕ	Screw	Side-wheel	1.0 Screw	ор	ор	do	Side-wheel	ф ор	9.0 Screw	55.0 Side-wheel	
	Horse Power.		2.2	1.1	4.0	11.6	4.5	1.0	0.66	4.0	0.6	0.22	192.3
	Name of Vessel.		Brunette	Hyack	Iris	Georgie	Lady of the Lake	Nellie Taylor	Olympia	Spallumcheen	Woodside	Wilson G. Hunt	Totals

THOMAS WESTGARTH,
Steamboat Inspector.

		 				(		., 
Statement of the Number of Steam Vessels added to the Dominion during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross or Registered Tonnage; where Built, and where and how Employed.  MANITORA DIVISION.	Where and how Employed.	12.63 Toronto, Ganada Freight, Red River and Lake Winnipeg to Grand Rapids.	113.93 Breckenridge, U.S Passengers and Freight, Red and Assiniboine Rivers.	85 60 Grand Falls, U.S Passengers and freight, Red and Assniboine Rivers.	do Ferry, City of Winnipeg and St. Boniface.	Tug do to Beren's River.	do do to Winnipeg River.	
minion during the 1; their Gross or R 1310N.	Where uilt.	Toronto, Canada	Breckenridge, U.S	Grand Falls, U.S	op op	St. Catherines, Canada Tug	74.80 Morehead, U.S do	
ded to the Dominic Wood or Iron; th	Registered Ton- nage.	12.63	113-93	85.60	16.85	15.23	74.80	379.04
Wood WANTO	Gross Tonnage.	18.57	180-53	135.86	84.13	22.69	110.00	551.78
ssels ad	Wood or Iron.	Wood	ор	ор	op	op	do	
ber of Steam Ves se power; wheth Employed.	Class,	Screw Wood	Stern-wheel	Side-wheel	ор	Screw	Twin-screw	
Numb Horse how	Horse Power.	4.69	12.36	13.26	6.18	3 57	12.72	52.78
Statement of the Num their Class and Hors and where and how	Name of Vessel.	.ady Ellen	1)pha	beyenne	delaide	7 ictoria	W. M. Robinson	Totals

DWARD R. ABELL, Steamboat Inspec

STATEMENT of the Number of Steam Vessels lost, broken up, or laid up, as unfit for service, in the Dominion, during

Carlo Carlo							
Name of Vessel.	Horse Power.	Class.	Wood or Iron.	Gross Tonnagge.	Registered Ton- nage.	Where Built.	Where and how Employed.
O'Roura	17.97	Screw	Wood	16-91	52.30	Owen Sound, 1868	Passenger and freight, Owen Sound and Col-
Collingwood	18.60	ор	op	44.00	30 00	St. Catharines, 1874	poy's Day. Tug, Georgian Bay
Silver Spray	46.97	Paddle	op	173.00	142.00	Port Dalhousie, 1860	Passenger and freight, Georgian Bay Ports.
Modoc	42 93	Screw	op	26 00		Toledo, U.S	Lumber tug, Collins' Inlet, Georgian Bay.
9 Alexander Jones	6 38	ор	op	22.00	11.00	Amberstburg, 1866	11.00 Amherstburg, 1866 Tug, Sydenham and Detroit Rivers.
J. Holt	9.84	ор	op	70.12	45.18	Oshkosh, U.S., 1866	Passenger and freight, Dresden and Sarnia.
Mary R. Robertson	37.18	ор	ор	378.00	257.00	257.00 Chatham, 1872	Freight, Collingwood and Chicago.
Joe Knight	9	ор	т ор	14.00	11.00	Buffalo, U S., 1867	Tug, dredge tender.
Novelty	19.74	Paddle	do	75.00	65.00	Ball Lake, 1861	do Lindsay Lakes.
Argyle of Dundas	19.36	ф ор	щ ор	121.00	82.00	Hamilton, 1865	Passenger and fishing boat, Long Point Bay.
Watchman	6:33	Screw	op	13.00	13.00	Not known	do ferry, Thunder Bay, Lake Superior.
Jacques Cartier	10.00	op	op	73.70	66.20	Detroit, U.S., 1870	Freight, Kincardine and Pike Bay.
Mystic	32.16	ор		51 00	37.00	Buffalo, U.S., 1865	Tug, Detroit River.
Lake Breeze	29.04	ор	т ор	192.00	171-00	Toledo, U.S., 1868	171-00 Toledo, U.S., 1868 Passenger and freight, Windsor & Leamington.
Totals	302 56			1,329 73	932 68		

W. J. MENEILLEY, Steamboat Inspector.

STATEMENT of the Number of Steam Vessels lost, broken up, or laid up as unfit for scrvice, in the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage, where Built, and where and how Employed. River St. Lawrence and Port Covington, U.S. .. ..... Passenger Steamer, Charleston Lake. Where and how Employed. Bay of Quinte. 7 Brockville ....... Passenger Steamer, Bay of Quinte. Freight do qo 219 |Montreal...... Ogdensburg, U.S.... Where Built. EAST ONTARIO DIVISION. 81 311 nage. Registered Ton-348 12 129 493 Gross Tonnage. : : Screw... Wood ... Wood or fron.  $_{\rm qo}$ qo Side-wheel ..... Class. qo 1.59 52.94 Horse power. 31.11 2.37 88.01 Total Morning Star..... New York .... Name of Vessel.

JOS. TAYLOR, Steamboat Inspector, East Ontario Division.

STATEMENT of the Number of Steam Vessels lost, broken up, or laid up as unfit for service, in the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st Dember, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage, where Built, and where and how Employed. Where and how Employed. 43 Sorel......Ottawa and Grenville, towing ф Quebec, ф ф ą Where Built. 112 Montreal...... MONTREAL DIVISION. ф 2 205 Registered Ton-nage. 206 8 74 362 Side-wheel..... Wood ... Wood or Iron. မှ <del>p</del> Class. 48 63 132 2 Lincoln..... ... .... Z. Cantin...... Name of Vessel.

JOHN BURGESS,
Sleamboal Inspector, Montreal Division.

Statement of the Number of Steam Vessels lost, broken up, or laid up, as unfit for service, in the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built, and where and how Employed.

tori	a. 	Sessional	Pa	pers	_
	Where and how Employed.	40 Montreal Tug, Montreal and Chambly.	7   Yamaska Tug, Three Rivers and St. Maurice River.		
THREE RIVERS DIVISION.	Where Built.	Montreal	Yamaska		
VERS D	Registered Ton-		7	47	
IREE RI	.938 Поппяgе.	126	15	141	
TE	Wood or Iron.	Wood	ор	:	
	Class.	Side-wheel Wood	ор		
	Horse Power.	43.57		60.31	
	Name of Vessel.	Hope	Arthur	Total	
•	•	. #	۷,	79	I

XAVIER BEFORT, Steamboat Inspector.

Statement of the Number of Steam Vessels lost, broken up, or laid up, as unfit for service, in the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built, and where and how Employed.

	Where and how employed.	58 Quebec, 1862 Broken up and engines taken out of her.	Broken up and rebuilt.	Ste. Groix, P.Q., 1875 Burned at her wharf in Ste. Groix Bay, at low water, high and dry.	116 Bécancour, P.Q., 1857 Sunk by collision and storm whilst at her wharf in Quebec Champlain Market.	
:ON.	Where Built,	Quebec, 1862	34 Whitehall, U.S., 1864 Broken up and rebuilt.	Ste. Croix, P.Q., 1875	Bécancour, P.Q., 1857	
QUEBEC DIVISION.	Registered Ton-	28	34	126	116	334
QUEBE	Gross Tonnage.	92	72	226	184	574
	Wood or Iron.	Wood	т ор	op	op	
	Class.	Side-wheel Wood	Screw propeller	Side-wheel	op	••••
'	Horse Power.	34.80	32 00	20.95	12.00	99.75
	Name of Vessel.	Quebec	L. Tourville	Ste. Croix	Bécancour	Total

JOSEPH SAMSON, Steamboat Inspector

Tetoma	l. 	Ses	S10	nai	P	ape	rs	(N	o. 3	5.)
Statement of the Number of Steam Vessels lost, broken up, or laid up, as unfit for service, in the Dominion, during the Year ended the 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where Built, and where and how Employed.  MARITIME PROVINCES DIVISION.	Where and how Employed.	And the state of t	United States Burnt at St. George, N.B., Aug., 1878.	Fredericton, N.B Sold to persons in the United States.	Broken up, Jan. 7, 1878.	United States Sold to persons in Newfoundland.	Halifax, N.SPropeller taken out in 1877.	Newcastle, N.B Sold to persons out of the Dominion.	Broken up, Dec., 1877.	
seels lost, broken up, or laid up, as unber, 1878; their Class and Horse-powhere Built, and where and how Emp	Where Built.		United States	Fredericton, N.B	Matland, N.S Broken up, Jan. 7, 1878.	United States	Halifax, N.S	Newcastle, N.B	Fredericton, N.B Broken up, Dec., 1877.	
roken t, and v	Registered Ton-		11	196	69	15	16	10	49	367
lost, b 1878, e Built	Стояв Топпяде.		17	252	74	15	21	4	49	436
essels ember, wher	Wood or Iron.		Wood	т ор	т ор	т ор	op		op	
iber of Steam V ed the 31st Dec stered Tonnage;	Class.		Passenger Wood	qo op	do	Tug	ф	Passenger	ор	
e Nun ear end d Regi	Ногве Ро <b>ж</b> ег.		40	100	40	22	15	61	25	247
Statement of the during the Yell their Gross and their Gross a	Name of Vessel.		Utopia	City of Fredericton	G. A. Good	C. Wm. T. Mason	Steam Crane Scow	Derby	Forty Second.	Total, 7 steamers
0-0	D									

WM. M. SMITH,

STATEMENT of the Number of Steam Vessels lost, broken up, or laid up, as unfit for service, in the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where built, and where and how Employed.

BRITISH COLUMBIA DIVISION

	Where and how Employed.	11.79 Kamloops Freight boat, Kamloops Lake	
Strings Conducting Division.	Where Built.	Kamloops do do Burrard Inlet	
o mon	Registered Ton-	, ,	320.19
00 101	Gross Tonnage.	21.08 3 <b>75.59</b> 3 <b>9</b> .04	435.71
	Wood or Iron.	op do	
	Class.	Side-wheel Wood Stern-wheel do Side-wheel do	
	Ногве Рожег.	4.00	48.75
	Name of Vessel.	Kamloops	Total

THOS. WESTGARTH,
Steamboat Inspector,

STATEMENT of the Number of Steam Vessels lost, broken up, or laid up, as unfit for service, in the Dominion, during the Year ended 31st December, 1878; their Class and Horse-power; whether of Wood or Iron; their Gross and Registered Tonnage; where built, and where and how Employed.

ictoria	a.	Sessiona	l Papers	(1
	Where and how Employed.	City of Winnipeg		THE THE PERSON
iow Empioyed. Vision.	Where Built.	Oity of Winnipeg		
Wnere and now by MANITOBA DIVISION.	Registered Ton-	10	10	
Waer	Стова Топпаве.	15	15	
iit, and	Wood or Iron.	Wood		
and negistered ionnage; Where built, and Where and how Employed.  MANITOBA DIVISION.	Class.	5.85 Centre-wheelWood		
и топп	Horse Power.	28-82	5.82	
c and negistere	a o Vessel.	City of Winnipeg	Total	

Steamboat Inspector. EDWARD R. ABELL,

1878.
December,
31st
ended
$\mathbf{Y}$ ear
$^{\mathrm{the}}$
for
Inspected
VESSELS
EAM

42	Vic	etoria.		Se	ssic	nal	l P	ape	ers (	No	. 3.)	)			A.	18	73
18.		Remarks.		Screw, Sarnia and Dresden.	do do Wallaceburg.	do do Leke Superior.	do Dresden and Detroit.	do Sarnia and Lake Supericr.	do propeller, Montreal and Chicago.	Screw, freight barge, Detroit River.	do freight propellor, Montreal and Chicago.	Screw, freight barge, Montreal and Chicago.	Screw, freight barge, Chatham and Detroit.	Screw, freight barge, Montreal and Chicago.	Screw, freight propeller, Montreal and Chicago.	do do	do do
er, 18'		Totals.	\$ cts.	14 48	13 80	61 52	15 76	91 79	35 92	10 40	33 04	17 72	8 41	18 87	34 70	83 19	37 00
Decemb	DIVISIONS.	Date of Pay- ment.		March 20	do 11	April 3	6 op	do 3	do 23	do 13	May 4	April 18	do 18	do 19	do 17	do 23	do 18
31st	DIVI	Inspection Rees.	₩	00	80	∞	∞	œ	<b>∞</b>	20	∞	70	ب م	70	<b></b>	00	00 
nded	SUPERIOR	Топпаве Dues.	S cts.	6 48	<b>2</b> 80	53 52	7 76	91 99	27 92	5 40	25 04	12 72	3 41	13 87	26 70	25 19	29 00
Zear e		Registered Ton.		110	86	751	124	955	440	02	397	216	28	247	413	408	469
the Y	N AND	-noT saortO -nogan		162	146	1,104	193	1,403	809	135	626	318	85	347	667	<b>e3</b> 0	3 / 725
d for	э, нивох	Date of Inspec- tion.		April 3	do 3	do 3	do 13	do 3	do 23	do 16	do 17	do 18	do 18	do 19	do 23	do 23	do 23
M VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.	WEST ONTARIO,	Name of Collector.		Mathewson	ор	ор	Benson	Mathewson	Kittson	Benson	ор	Pennefather	ф	Anderson	Kittson	ор	
STEAM VI		Port of Inspection.		Sarnia	ор	ф ор	Windsor	Sarnia		Walkerville	Windsor		ор	Amherstburg	Hamilton	op	
		Name of Vessel.		Hiawatha	J. C. Clark	Ontario	City of Dresden	Quebec	Celtic	Ada E. Allen	Argyle	D. R. Vanallen Ghatham	Alexander	Lincolu	California	Columbia	Oalabria

	V 10	ctori:	<b>a.</b>			Ses	sio	nal	P	ape	rs	(N	o. 3	.)				A. I	.879
freight barge, Montreal bioago.	qo	rew, freight and passenger, Windsor and Leamington.	propeller, Montreal and go.	qo	e tug.	opeller, Montreal and	qo	Screw, barge, Montreal & Chicago.	op o	do do	propellor do	do do	excursion boat, Burlin ton	Screw, excursion boat, Burlington Bay.	de-wheel, excursion boat, To-ronto and Island.	op op	rew, passenger and freight, Sarnia and Wallaceburg.	Side-wheel, passenger and freight, Lake Surerior.	. T. R. car ferry, Point
Screw, freight and Chicago.	op	Screw, freight Windsor and	Screw, pro Chicago.	ор	Screw, lake tug.	Screw, propeller, Chicago.	qo	Screw, bar	do do	do d	do pro	op	do exc Bay.	Screw, exc Bay.	Side-wheel, ronto and	op	Screw, p	Side-wheel, passe Lake Superior.	Screw, G.
) 31 04	8 24	20 05	38 00	37 16	14 57	32 49	38 28	18 92	12 88	23 43	35 36	32 52	10 38	9 25	12 35	13 56	8 24	47 20	42 04
30	17	17	30	30	_	69	18	~	13	9	10	11	14	13	15	16	Ξ	က	10
op /	June	/A pril	qo	qo	May	qo	April	May	July	do	do	qo	qo	ф	qo	do	A pril	ĝ	June
2	2	80	<b>∞</b>	<b>0</b> 0	70	<b>∞</b>	80	<u>-5</u>	٠,	10	<b>∞</b>	00	<b>∞</b>	<b>x</b>	00	•0	10	<b>o</b> o	<b>00</b>
26 04	3 24	12 05	27 00	29 16	9 57	24 49	30 28	13 92	7 88	18 43	27 36	24 52	2 38	1 26	4 35	4 56	3 24	39 20	34 04
/ 403	56	801	412	464	162	373	200	273	137	174	426	364	14	72	49	19	55	574	143
199 /	81	301	675	129	239	612	157	348	191	460	684	613	- 62	31	109	113	831	086	1052
23	23	19	30	30	-		3	ಣ	00	<b>∞</b>	91	91	14	14	16	16	က	4	4
op /	op /	do do	ф	do	May	qo	qo	qo	qo	စ္	qo	qo	qo	go	g <sub>o</sub>	ф	April	June	ę
ор /	Вепвоп	ор	Kittson	ор	Clark	Kittson	Jark	ф ор	Chisholm	Kittson	Benson	ор	Kittson	ф ор	Smith	ор	<b>Ма</b> thеwson	do	ф ор
do	Windsor	ор	-	ор	st. Catharines		3t. Catharines	go op	:		_:	ор		ор		ф ор		ф ор	ор
Zealand	Frank	Lake Breeze	Lake Ontario   Hamilton	Lake Erie	Metamora, St. Catharines	AcadiaHamilton	Persia   St. Catharines   Clark.	Niagara	Enterprise Oakville	CDromedary Hamilton	Sovereign Windsor	Asia	Juliette  Hamilton	Denis Bowen	Transit Toronto	Bouquet	J. Holt Sarnia	Manitoba	International

4.	v ictoria.		Ö	ess:	ion	aı	Paj	oe <b>rs</b>	(1)	0.	ō.)					А. 1	.01
1878—West Ontario, &c. Division—Continued.	Remarks.		Screw, G. T. R. car ferry, Point Edward.	Screw, ferry, Point Edward.	do lake lumber barge.	do lake tug, lumber barge.	do steam yacht, Niagara.	Side-wheel, G. W. R. car boat, Windsor.	do do do	Screw do do	do freight barge, Detroit River.	Side-wheel, ferry, Windsor and Detroit.	Screw, tug, Detroit River.	Paddle, ferry, Windsor and Detroit.	do Car Ferry Boat, Morgan and Stoney Point.	Screw, propeller, Montreal and Unicago.	Screw, freight barge, Detroit Ri-
,io, &c	Totals.	\$ cts.	20 08	7 04	11 76	15 12	5 84	56 40	99 99	50 32	2 08	15 20	10 37	13 68	19 69	36 40	91.6
st Ontai	Date of Pay- ment.		June 12	do 28	April 12	June 1	do 17	do 10	do 10	do 10	do 18	do 18	July 18	g op	do 20	June 22	Aug. 1
We	Inspection Fees.	49	<b>∞</b>	rO.	10	20	70	<b>o</b> o	∞	œ	70	00	70	<b>o</b> o	<u></u>	<del>-7</del> -	<u>a</u>
1878—	Топпаке Dues.	\$ cts.	<b>42</b> 08	2 04	94 9	10 12	0 84	48 40	58 56	42 32	2 08	7 20	5 37	2 68	61 67	28 40	4 76
aber,	Registered Ton- nage.		1137	43	114	172	9	145	922	612	35	113	64	6	971	458	18
Decer	-поТ ввотЮ .эудап		1673	61	170	253	6	1209	1463	1057	52	180	134	141	1,542	110	118
31st	Date of Inspec- tion.		5	20	9	13	14	14	14	14	18	18	y 18	19	12	22	ly 18
ded			June	- <del>Q</del>	- <del>p</del>	- <del>g</del>	- <del>우</del>	- <del></del>	<b>₽</b>	•	- do	ор ——	July	June	- မွ 	용 	_13/
he Year en	me of Collector		Mathewson	ф	ф	Watson	Kirby	Вепвоп	ф	ф	ор	do	do	ф ор	ор	Olark	Benson July
for t	n N		- <u>N</u>		<u></u> -	<u>×</u>	<u> </u>		:	:	<u>.</u>						
inspected	Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.		arnia	ф	do	Collingwood	Niagara	Vindsor	ф	qo op	qo	ор	ф	ф	ор	St. Catharines	Windsor
STEAM VESSELS inspected for the Year ended 31st December,	Name of Vessel.		Huron 0	Sea Gull	Vanderbilt	Wales	Starling	Great Western Windsor	Michigan	Transit	Thames	Норе	Bob Hackett	Essex	Transfer	PrussiaS	Coral Windsor

<b>4</b> 2	Vio	ctor	ia.			S	essi	ion	al	Pap	pe <b>rs</b>	(No	. ყ.)	•			Α.	18	79
wrecking tug, Lake	Screw, excursion boat, Belleville.		and freight boat,	rew, passenger and freight, Prince Arthur's Landing, L.S.	ор	ф	Screw, dredge tug, Lake Superior.	t Co., do	op	Paddle, excursion boat, London, O.	op	car ferry boat, Sarnia and Huron.	er, Collingwood	qo	r, Owen Sound	er and freight, Ports.	g, Georgian Bay	do do	passenger & freight do
Screw, relief, wand River.	Screw, excursion	Screw, canal tug.	Screw, fishing an Bruce Mines.	Screw, passenge Prince Arthur's	op op	op op	crew, dredge tug	Screw, Silver Islet Co.,	do do	addle, excursion	op op	Screw, car ferry Port Huron.	Screw, passenger, and Duluth.	Paddle, do	Screw, passenger, and Colpoy's Bay.	Screw, passenger an Georgian Bay Ports.	Screw, fishing tug, Ports.	p op	do passenger
16 86	12 04	5 64  S	8 78 S	13 16 S	8 91		5 96 S	7 21 '8	10 22	5 11 P	29 9	22 28 S	51 72 8	96 09	80 8	28 52 S	22 23	5 64	32 76
6	792	26	13	- 20			က		31	11			- 22	-	က		4 —	4 -	10
	June	op	July	Aug.	op	åd.	Aug.	op	qo	Sept.	qo	June	April	May	April	do	qo	qo	May
2	8	10	20	00	10	returned.	10	20	5	10	10	00	<b>∞</b>	œ	נט	00	10	10	
11 66	4 04	0 64	3 78	5 16	3 91	Not re	96 0	2 21	5 22	0 11	1 67	14 28	43 72	22 96	3 08	20 52	0 72	0 64	24 76
161 /	69	11	43	74	83	15	19	46	66	7	26	154	743	834	52	349	12	11	318
7278	101	15	54	129	97	15	77	55	130	ო	42	326	1,093	1,324	92	513	18	16	619
19	82	792	31	 	2	2	20		2	က	60	4	63	64	ಣ	4	4	4	4
op /	June	qo	July	Aug.	qo	do	qo	<b>q</b> o	op	Sept.	op	qo	April	ф	qo	qo	op	ф	qo
do	J.				ор	ор	ор	Livingstone	ф ор	***************************************		Mathewson				30n			ор
	Olark	op	Wilson	g Nicholson	ъ	ъ	ъ	Livin		Reid	đo	Math	Stephens	op	ф	Watson	op g	ор —	~ē 
	rines	:	Marie,	Landing	:	- :	:	, L.S	:	nt			pı	•		od	•		
, do	St. Catha	do	Sault Ste.	Prince A. ]	qo	qo	do	Silver Islet	ф	London, O	ф	Sarnia	Owen Sour	qo	op	Collingwo	qo	qo	qo
Prince Aifted	Gity of Belleville  St. Catharines	Louis Shickluna	Kate Marks Sault Ste. Marie,	A. Neff Prince A. Landin	Three Friends	M. J. Mills	Lizzie	Hattie Vinton Silver Islet, L.S	Silver Spray	City of London London, Ont	Forest City	Sagina w	City of Owen Sound Owen Sound	Francis Smith	O'Koura.	Northern Belle Collingwood	Мадсалева	Fred. Hotchkiss	Northern Queen

3	victoria.		~	CSSI	OII		арега		110.	ر.ن				Α.	10	
	Remarks.		Screw, passenger & freight, Toronto and Ogdensburg.	Screw, tug, Georgian Bay.	do freight do	Paddle, passenger and freight, Georgian Bay Ports.	Screw, fishing tug, Georgian Bay Ports.	Paddle, passenger, Lake Ontario.	do do Toronto, Nia-gara and Lewiston.	Paddle, passenger, ferry, Toronto and the Island.	do do do	Screw, passenger and freight, Collingwood and Duluth.	Screw, harbour tug, Collingwood Harbour.	Screw, passenger and freight, Mon- treal and Chicago.	do do do	Screw, tug, Welland Canal.
	Totals.	S cts.	32 52	91 9	10 44	26 60	5 80	25 12	43 92	16 32	12 56	56 44	6 20	32 96	19 44	89 9
	.tnem		20	10	ť	11	12	18	25	21	20	20	28	18	18	202
	Date of Pay-		April	do	do	do	qo	qo	qo	June	April	do	do	op	op.	do do
	Inspection Fees.	69	<b>60</b>	10	20	œ	ъс. - С	<b>∞</b>	œ	00	<b>6</b> 0	œ	ю	00	10	<b>1</b> 0
	Гоппяде Dues,	S cts.	24 52	1 76	5 44	18 60	0 80	17 12	35 92	8 32	4 56	48 44	1 20	24 96	14 44	1 68
•	Registered Ton- nage.		403	င္က	65	293	17	265	513	73	99	823	20	389	284	25
	Стоѕа Топпаge.		612	44	136	465	20	427	868	208	113	1211	98	623	198	4.5
	tion.		9	10	=	11	11	15	15	11	17	19	19	20	22	22
	Date of Inspec-		April	qo	qo	op	do	ච	qo	ф	qo	qo	qo	op	qo -	9 
	Name of Gollector.		Smith	Watson	ф ор	ф ор	ф ор	Smith	ф ор	ор	ор	Watson	ор	Collier	op \	Brownson
- A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A - A	Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.		•	Collingwood	ор	ф ор	ор	 - - -	Niagara	Toronto	ор	Collingwood	ор	Port Maitland	do do	Dunpville
The same of the sa	Name of Vessel.		ArmeniaToronto	CollingwoodCollingwood	P. E. McKerral	Waubuno	& Rescue	Southern BelleToronto	City of Toronto	St. Jean Bartiste Toronto	Princess of Wales	City of Winnipeg	Sandford Davis	Scotia	Clinton	W. J. Aikips Dunpville

_	· 101	oria.				Sea	ssic	nal	Pa	per	9 (	No	). 3	i.)					Α.	18	79
08 do passenger and freight, Toronto and Ogdensburg.	Screw, freight, Montreal & Chicago	do passenger and freight, Lake Couchiching.	Screw, harbour tug, Waubaushene	do passenger and freight, Wau- baushene and Byng Inlet.	Screw, tug, Georgian Bay.	Screw, harbour tug, Waubaushene.	Screw, fishing tug, Georgian Bay.	Screw, passenger, Waubaushene and Penetanguishene.	op op	Screw, tug, Matchedash Bay.	Screw, tug, Welland Canal.	op op	op op	Screw, tug, Port Colborne and Lake Erie.	op op	Screw, tug, Welland Canal.	do do	op op	op op	Screw, tug, Port Colborne Harbour.	Screw, tug, Welland Canal.
18	33 04	91 9	6 24	18 76	8 29	5 76	6 04	80 9	11 16	2 60	08 9	08 9	6 84	80 4	6 80	6 16	5 92	7 40	6 48	6 72	7 64
22	4	4	52	- 01	53	4	- 62		59	56	22	7	es -	22	es	e	<del></del>	<del>د</del>	က	23	3
op /	/May	June	April	Мау	April	qo	qo	March	April	Aug.	May	qo	qo	June	Мау	qo q	qo	qo	qo	June	May
8	∞ <u></u>	20	2	<u>~</u>	20	2	2	2	2	22	ري آيخ	20	70	5 5	- <u>24</u> _	10	Ď	70	70	5 5	2 N
80 82 /	25 04	1 16	1 24	10 76	3 29	92 0	1 04	1 08	6 16	09 0	1 80	1 80	1 84	80 8	1 80	1 16	0 92	2 40	1 48	1 72	2 64
1 357	393	24	21	183	788	13	17	13	104	10	23	32		31	28	23	12	28	56	29	22
226	628	35	30	269	47	19	26	56	165	15	4	45	46	- 19	44	58	22	09	37	43	99
42	27	79	- 62	- 62	 98	30	 96	~ &	 &			~~		- e	<del></del>		<i>m</i>	 භ			
op /	do,	qo	do 2	do 2	do 3	do 3	do 3	do 3	do 3	May	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo
/Smith	op /	ор	ф	Watson	Routledge	Smith	Watson.	Mathewson	Routledge	M op	McFarland	ор	ф	op	ор	ф ор	ор	go	ор	ор.	op
Toronto	ор /	/ Orillia	Waubaushene	do	do	ор	ф ор	ор	do	•••• ор	ne	ф ор	ф ор	ор	ф ор	••• ор	ор	ф ор	: op	ф ор	op
Guba Toronto	L. Shickluna	Oarriella	Prince Alfred	Maganettewan	Minnie Hale	В. В. Науев	Susan C. Doty	Mystic	Georgiana	Maid of Midland	Jane Armstrong Port Colbor	Mocking Bird	Sylvester Kneeland	Wm. A. Routh	Salty Jack	Clara M. Carter	Mary A. Laughlin	Kitty Haight	Maggie	Hector	Mary

Screw, passenger and freight, Montreal and Chicago. STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878—West Ontario, &c., Division—Continued. freight, Screw, tug, St. Lawrence River. Screw, tug, Welland Canal. Screw, tug, Welland River. Screw, tug, Welland Canal. ew, passenger and Montreal and Chicago. ф ф q ф g qo ф ф ф ф Remarks. Screw, passenger Screw, tug qo qo ф ę ဝှ ф ф ф \$ 96 8 Totals. 8 26 26 8 22 88 91 92 12 96 8 40 26 \$ 8 33 9 2 9 20 33 35 33 00 က က 8 12 menr. (A pril Date of Payg May July Oct. φ ф ф q ф ဍ ф ф ф Inspection Fees œ \$ 8 96 12 8 568 26 56 8 64 88 2 Топпаке Dues. 77 0 0 22 26 27 376 nage. 36 14 14 13 439  $\equiv$ 2 92 395 77 31 Registered Ton-009 889 16 644 628 49 2 8 24 25 20 7  $^{22}$  $\frac{4}{2}$ 22 23 Gross Tonnage. ဖ œ tion. Date of Inspec-May ф сp  $^{\mathrm{q}}$ ф ф ф ф qo ф ф  $_{\rm q}$ ф ф ф Collier Port Robinson ..... McFarland ...... ..... Port of Inspection. | Name of Collector H. Nasmith ...... | Welland ...... | McFarland ...... ..... Collier..... ခု ф ф qo ą ф မှ qο q ф : Catharines..... : Thorold,... g ф  $\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{0}}$ ф qυ q မှ ф မှ ф ę ž Jessie L. McEdwards ..... Dominion..... T. N. Seacord. ..... C. J. G. Munro..... Canada..... Europe..... Skive Brothers..... R. Norcross ...... R. B. McPherson..... Maggie R. King..... Maggie R. Mitchell...... Dufferin ..... Wm. Вовя ..... Name of Vessel. F. Wadsworth.. Alma Munro.....

_	V 1C	ioria,	•			Sea	ssion	al P	ape	ers (	No.	<b>3.</b> ]	)			A.	18	379
4   Paddle, passenger, Toronto, Nis-	op op	Screw, freight and tug, Port Dal- housie and Quebec.	Screw, passenger, Welland Canal.	Screw, tug do	do do	Screw, passenger and freight, Lake Ontario.	Paddle, passenger ferry, Toronto and Humber.	Screw, tug and freight, Colling- wood and Chicago.	op op	Screw, passenger and freight, To- ronto and Oswego.	Screw, passenger and freight, Montreal and Chicago.	Screw, tug, Long Point Bay.	do and passenger, Port Stauley and Lake Shore.	Screw, passenger, Chatham and Detroit.	Screw, tug, River Thames and Lake St Clair.	Screw, tug and freight, St. Clair and Detroit Rivers.	op op op	do do do
45 24	41 66	16 88	5 40	89 9	88 9	34 08	18 68	21 52	20 12	26 52	35 72	5 76	6 12	20 48	6 36	00 6	9 20	1 72
17	11	13	11	23	23	9	- 50	4	16	21 -	22	14	87.	13	30		-	
op /	do	op	June	April	qo	Aug.	Мау	qo	qo	qo	qο	Sept.	Мау	June	April	June	qo	qo
8	00	25	20	2	2	8	8	٠,	2		∞	32	ۍ <u>چ</u>	8	2 	20		- 9
37 24	33 56	11 88	0 40	1 68	1 88	26 08	10 68	16 52	15 12	18 62	27 72	92 0	1 12	12 48	1 36	00 4	4 20	2 72
669 / 0	629	250	9	32	41	410	168	281	257	379	440	14	14	508	<del></del>	89	12	37
930	839	297	10	42	47	652	292	413	378	463	693	13	82	312	₹ *	100	105	88
80	6	13	13	- 41	14	41	14	16	16	21					 08	-	က	<del></del>
.i do	do	op	op	op	qo	φo	qo	do	op	do	qo	qo	op	qo	qo	June	qo	qo
/Smith	ор /	Collier	ор	ор	ор	Smith	op	Watson	ор	Smith	Kittson	Mabee	Finlay	Pennefather	op	Fraser	ор	ф
/Toronto	ор /	Port Dalhousie	ф ор	ф ор	do	:	ф		ф ор		Hamilton			Chatham	ор	Wallaceburg	ор	ор
Obicors /Toronto.	Rothsay	Albion Port Dalhousie	Prowett Beyer	Sam. Perry	James Norris	Gity of Montreal Toronto	Watertown	LothairCollingwood	Mary R. Robertson	Oswego Belle Toronto	Lake Michigan	New Era Port Rowan	Colin MunroPort Stanly	J. W. Steinhoff	J. S. Noyes	Manitoba	W. S. Ireland	E. Windsor

,			-sedsu	пвес	-noT i	Dues.	Fees.	Pay-			
Name of Yessel.	Port of Inspection	nspection. Name of Collector.	Date of Intion.	ToT 8801Đ	Registere nage.	Топпяке	Inspection	Date of ment.		Totals.	Remarks.
						es cts.	₩		<u>'</u>	& cts.	e teriki dalah seriman pamitano samitano samitano kanangalana padamana
Ontario Wallaceburg	Wallaceburg	Fraser,	June 3	35	24	1 40	20	June		6 40	Screw, tug and freight, St. Clair and Detroit Rivers.
Beaver of Amherstburgh.	ор	op	d <b>o</b> 3	54	37	2 20	10	qo	~	7 20	do do do
Hy. Sewell	ор	do 4	do 3	24	11	1 00	70	do		00 9	op op op
Jerome	ор	op .	do 3	99	7	2 40	20	qo	8	7 40	do do do
River King	ор	op op	do 3	54	88	2 12	10	qo	က	7 12	Paddle, freight, Wallaceburg and Marine City.
J. B. Newman	op	ор	do 3	26	16	1 04	20	qo	22	6 04	Screw, freight, River Sydenham.
Beaver of Wallaceburg	ор	op	do 3	62	42,	2 48	20	do		7 48	do tug, Dresden and Detroit.
Comet	ф	Pennefather	do 3	22	15	0 88	10	qo	59	5 88	do do Detroit and St. Clair Kivers.
Messenger	elo e	Fraser	do 3	14	13	09 0	٠۵′	ф		2 60	Screw, tug, Wallaceburg and Marrine City.
Victoria.	ор	ор .	do 4	88	02	3 52	70	do	က	8 52	Screw. tug and freight, Detroit and St. Clair Rivers.
Jessie Windsor	Windsor	Benson	do 4	118	65	4 73	70	op	- 56	9 72	Screw, tug, Lake Erie.
J. S. Clark Toronto	Toronto	Smith	do 7	33	13	1 32	20	ę	က	6 32	do Toronto Harbour.
W. T. Robb	ф	ор	do 8	243	159	9 72	жо	op	4	14 73	do The Great Lakes.
J. H. Doyle	op /	Collier	do 10	11	11	89 0	ົລ	Sept.	-6	5 68	do Toronto Harbour.
Wm. Hell	9	/Вгоживов	30 12		- 82 	2.24	ه ر	90	82	7.94	90

Golden City	op /	/Smith	op /	14	32	92	1 40	2/0	/May	91	9 /	40 l do do	*
Little Bvs	ор /:-	op /:.	op /	17 /	12 /	8	0 48	_ 2	June	4	5 48	op op /	=
Emily May	./Barrie	ор ј	op /	34	362	328	14 48	00	July	18	22 48	Paddle, passenger, I.ake Simcoe.	_
Clara	ф	ор	op	24	111	80	0 46	10	June	22	5 46	Screw do Kempenfedlt Bay.	
Victoria	Belle Ewart	do	do ,	24	63	43	2 56	5	May	∞	99 1	do tug, Lake Simcoe.	
Isabella	Bradford	ф ор	do 2		44		1 76	×0	June	24	92 9	op op op	
Kate Pilgrim Meaford		Sing	do 2	- g - g - g		-	0 44	5	qo	792	5 44	do do fishing, Georgian Bay.	
Belle	ор	ф ор	do 2			~-	0 28	2	qo	<b>5</b> 8	5 28	op op op op	
Fanny	ор	Stephens	do 2	27	10	<del>г</del>	0 20	2	Aug.		5 20	do do do & pass. do	DG
Flora L. Bains	Toronto	Smith	do 2	56	<del></del> -		98 0	ر ب	July	67	5 36	do pass., Toronto and Island.	9210
Maple Leaf Lindsay		Вгожи	July		15	13	0 54	2	June		5 54	do do Bobcageon & Lindsay.	1141
Mary Ellen	ор	ор	qo		81	51	3 24	20	ф		8 24	Paddle, tug and freight, Lindsay Lakes.	Las
Beaubocage	ор	ор	qo		129 1	105	1 92		qo		6 92	op op	Jer
Samson	ор	ор	op		139	- 81	5 18		qo		81 01	do do	9 (
Lady Ida	ор	ор	op	4	27	17	1 10	10	qo	30	01 9	op op	77.0
Anglo Saxon	ор	ор	op		69	43	2 76	20	qo	30	92 2	op op	. o
Vanderbilt	ор	ор	op		786	180   11	1 46	<u> </u>	ф	87	19 46	Paddle, passenger, Lindsay and Bobcageon.	. )
Ontario	Bobcaygeon	ф	qo	10	08	20	3 20	70	, op	20	8 20	Paddle, passenger, Bridgeworth and Bobcageon.	
Victoria	ор	ф	qo	9	191   1	120	7 64	- <del>-</del>	фo	24	15 64	Paddle, passenger, Fenelon Falls and Bobcageon.	
Coboconk	op	ор	do (	9			1 69	بم	do	18	69 9	Paddle, passenger, Fenelon Falls and Cobconk.	E
Nipissing	Rousseau	Smith	do 16		243	163	9 72	о О	July	15	17 72	Paddle, passenger, Muskoka Lakes.	L, 10
Simcoe	Gravenhurst	ор	do 16		- Je	- 5	- 04		do	15	6 04	Screw, tug do	519

STEAM VESSELS insp	s inspected fo	r the Year end	ed 31st	Decer	aber,	1878-	-We	st On	taric	, &c.	ected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878—West Ontario, &c., Division—Continued.	
Name of Vessel.	Port of Inspection.	nspection. Name of Collector.	Date of Inspec- tion.	.928 Поппя ge.	Registered Ton- nage.	Топпаве Dues.	Inspection Fees.	Date of Pay-		Totals.	Remarks.	l
						& cts.	€9			& cts.		<del></del>
Wenonah Gravenhurst Smith	Gravenhurst	Smith	July 16	179	113	7 16	<b>∞</b>	July	15	15 16	15 16 Paddle, passenger, Muskoka Lakes	kes
Dean Bayeville	Bayeville	ор	do 17	1	9	0 28	2	qo	25	28	Screw do Lake of Bays.	
Northern   Huntsville	Huntsville	ор	do 18	86	62	3 96	10	op	- 52	96 89	Paddle do Huntsville an Port Sydney.	and
Ben Milwood	Collingwood	Watson	do 20	10	-	0 44	rC.	q <sub>0</sub>	20	5 44	Screw, tug, Collingwood ar Nottawasaga.	and 1
H. Neelon Port Dalhousie	Port Dalhousie	Collier	do 24	65	47	2 56	5	April	22	99 2	Screw, tug, Lake Ontario.	
D. E. McFarland Stonebridge	Stonebridge	McFarland	do 25	22	16	88 0	5	June	2	88 9	do Welland Canal.	
Olivia Gordon Port Colborne	Port Colborne	Collier	do 26	9g ——	18	1 32	TO.	April	- 92	6 32	op op	
D. B. Dey Dunnville	Dunnville	Вгоwпзоп	do 26	=		0 44	žQ.	July	- 92	5 44	do Grand River.	
Louise	Welland	ор	do 26	9	ıo.	0 28	20	qo	- 56	5 28	Screw, passenger, Welland Canal.	
Ada Carter	ор	Collier	do 26	25	15	1 00	20	qo	30	00 9	do tug dο	
Helen	Saugeen	Fleming	do 31		m	0 40	3	qo	16	5 40	do do Saugeen Harbor.	
Tommy Wright	ф ор	ор	do 31	12	9	0 48	70	op	31	5 48	do do Shore of Lake Huron.	<u>.</u>
George Maythem Godericl	ı	Doty	Aug. 1	40	27	2 08	70	qo	31	80 2	do do Goderich Harbor.	
Mary Beck   Collingwood	Collingwood	Routledge	do 13	16	=	09 0	rO.	Мау	23	09 9	do do Georgian Bay.	
Niagara.	Whitby	Carson	do 28	15	11	09 0	20	Sept.	9	9 9	do do Whitby Harbor.	
Emma Munson Frenchman's Bay		Smith	do 29	32	13	2 64	10	Nov.	4	12 64	do do Lake Ontario.	
Minerra   Port Robinson   McFarland   Sept.	Port Robinson	McFarland	Sept. 4	72	61	1 08	20	Sept.	۵	80	do do Welland Canal.	

//		10(0)	ria.			i	Sessio	nal	P	ape	ers	(No	. 3	.)				Α.	18	79
)   do do Pike Bay.	do do do	do freight, Kincardine and Pike Bay.	Screw, tug, Georgian Bay Coast.	op op	Paddle, tug, Port Perry and Bob-caygeon.	Screw, tug and freight, Lake Barge	do do Thames and Detroit Rivers.	do Thessalon River.	do Toronto Harbour.	Serew, fishing boat, Sault St. Marie	Paddle, tug, Lindsay Lakes.	Screw, passenger and freight, Mon- treal and Chicago.	do ferry, Sault. St. Marie.	do passenger and freight, Lake Ontario.	do fishing tug, Manatoulin Island.	do freight, Montreal and Chi-cago.	do tug, Toronto Harbour.	do do Wallaceburg.	do do Port Elgin.	do do Amherstburg,
1 , 5 40	619	7 96	7 60	6 20	12 00	27 32	6 36	í	:	:					5 40		2 44			:
, 11	11	12	16	19	21	30	26	-	_ ;-		-		- <u>+</u>		e	<u> </u>	20	i		
5   do	6 / do	op _	qo	do	đ	Oct.	April						:		July		Nov.			
/ 03		· ·	10	2	2	ю	70		•		:				70		29	-	-	-
0 +0 15	61 o /	2 96	2 60	1 20	7 00	22 32	1 36								0 40		0 44		•	
_	4	99	40	15	110	393	22	- <u>:</u>	9		68	516		491	70	346	6	37		81
_	4	73	65	30	175	228	34		G.	•	141	909	6	564	10	448	11	54		78
77	11	13	16	18	21	-		. <u>.</u> .							•		4	:		
op /	op /.	op /	op	qo	qo						:						Nov.	:		
/Fleming	op /:.	ор	Routledge	Smith	Вгожие	Smith	Pennefather								Fleming		Smith			•
/Saugeen	ор /	op /	Victoria Harbour Routledge	Parry Sound				Not running	op	ор	ор	ор	ор	ор	Saugeen	Not running		Not running	ф оф	ор
Mary Anna	Sarsh E. Day	Jacques Cartier	Bella Taylor	Mittie Grew Parry Sound Smith	Commodore Lindsay	Isaac May Collingwood	A. N. Pike Ghatham	Albert Dyment Not running	Alineda Covell	GBlanche Shelly	Champion	City of St. Catharines	Dime	Enterprise	Fairy Queen	Georgian Not running	Hittie Hort Toronto	Henry Smith Not running	Jennie G. Harper	Minnie Morton

freight, Chicago and Port Colborne. yacht at Penetanguishene. STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878—West Ontario, &c. Division.--Concluded. do fishing, Cockburn land. tug, Bayfield Harbour. ferry, Burlington Bay. do St. Catharines. Screw, tug, Amherstburg. do Windsor. Remarks. ф qo ф ф ф ф 36 32 8 9 13 13 18 28 nent. Date of Pay-April July May Inspection Fees. 32 28 36 Топпаке Dues. 0 543 105 16 13 9 22 75 Registered Ton-633 B 170 36  $^{21}$ 33 132 51 Стояв Топпяке. ဓ္တ Date of Inspec-Hamilton ..... Kittson ..... April Port of Inspection. | Name of Collector. Mystic ...... Not running ...... ..... Not running ф ф ဝှ ф ф Minnie Walker..... ODespatch ...... Florence ..... Name of Vessels. St. Clair..... Tecumseh.....

STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878. EAST ONTARIO DIVISION.

				- wp	<u> </u>		———					
Remarks.		Side-wheel, tug steamer, Lake Ontario & River St, Lawrence.	Screw, passenger, Rivers Ottawa and St. Lawrence.	Side-wheel, passenger. Lake On-tario.	Screw, tug, Port Hope Harbour and vicinity.	Screw, tug, Lake Ontario and River St. Lawrence.	Side-wheel, passenger, Bay of Quinté.	Side-wheel, passenger, Lake On-tario, Bay and River.	Screw, freight, Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.	Side-wheel, tug, River St. Law-rence.	Screw, tug, River St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario.	op op op
		Side- On	Scre	Side-wh tario.	Screv	Screy Riv	Side- Qu	Side-	Screv	Side-wh rence.	Screw	
Totals.	\$ cts.	13 32	88 8	39 32	6 16	7 28	33 52	19 72	11 12	15 93	00 11	11 76
ment.		13	16	11	m	9	<u></u>	-1	7.	17	16	8
Date of Pay-		March	do	April	qo	op	ф	March	April	ф	op	ор
Inspection Fees.	₩	10	10	00	70	10	<b>o</b> o	œ	- <u></u>	25	10	10
Tonnage Dues.	<b>⊕</b> cts.	8 33	3 88	31 33	1 16	2 28	25 52	11 72	6 12	10 92	00 9	92 9
Registered Ton-		86	33	493	29	29	347	133	96	153	†6	11
Стоза Топпаке.		208	46	783	29	26	639	293	153	273	150	169
tion,		n 11	18	4	4	9	<b>o</b> c	Ξ	13	21	ä	50
-padan lo stad		Marc	do	April	do	ф	op	ор	qo	go ,	op	<b>op</b>
Jollector.		gaye		W. Burton April	•	gaye					•	
/ Name of (		W. R. Min	ф	E. J. W. E	op	W. R. Mingaye	оp	ор	, ob	qo	op	op .
Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.		Garden Island	Kingston		op	Kingston	ор	op	ор	Garden Island	Kingston	Jollins, Bay
Name of Vessel.		Traveller Garden Island W. R. Mingaye March	Geneva.	Norseman Port Rope.	Albert Wright	Jessie Hall	Hastings,	Maud	Norman	John A. Macdonald Garden Island	S. S. Edsall	McArthurCollins' Bay

													:=
Remarks.	Screw, passenger, Bay of Quinté	Side-wheel, passenger, Trenton and Montreal.	Side-wheel, passenger, Lake Ontario.	Side-wheel, passenger, between Montreal and Hamilton.	Screw, passenger and freight, Montreal and Chicago.	Screw, tug, River St. Lawrence and Lake Ontario.	Screw, freight, Rideau Canal and River St. Lawrence.	Side-wheel, passenger, between Montreal and Hamilton.	op op op	Screw, passenger, Rideau Canal.	Side-wheel, tug, River St. Law-rence.	Screw, tug, Lake Ontario and River St. Lawrence.	
Totals.	\$ cts.	45 60	40 04	44 56	34 08	8 12	8 8	54 76	56 12	7 40	16 36	10 48	_
Date of Pay-	April 22	do 25	do 25	do 25	do 26	do 26	do 25	do 25	do 25	do 29	do 17	ძი 26	,
Inspection Fees.	- γ - <del> </del> <del> </del> <del> </del> <del> </del> <del> </del> <del> </del> <del> </del> <del> </del> <del> </del> <del> </del>	- <del>-</del> -	- <del>2</del> -	 8	 •	- <u>1</u> 2				<u>ن</u>		10	
Tonnage Dues.	\$ cts.	37 60	32 04	36 56	20 08	3 12	3 84	46 76	48 12	2 40	11 36	5 48	
Registered Ton-	84	250	491	929	404	37	22	829	714	33	158	11	
Gross Tonnage.	109	940	803	914	652	82	96	1169	1203	8	281	137	_
tion.	22	25	25	26	26	26	27	8	စ္တ	33	န	-	
Date of Inspec-	April	Q	do	ę	Qp _	go	op	ф	qo 	go i	op .	May	
Name of Collector.	John S. Clute April	ор	op	W. R. Vingaye	op	do	op	op	ф ор	op	ор	do	
Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.		Pietou	ор	Kingston	ор	ор	ор	do	op		Garden Island	Kingston	
Name of Vessel.	Armenia Kingston	Alexandra Pietou	Picton	Algerian	Africa	Glide	Water Lily	Spartan	Corrican	D. C. West.	Bay of Quinté Garden	II. F. Bronson Kingston	

:	_		_	110	ι.			ì	ses	S101	nai	Pap	ers	()	No. 3	3.)				4	١.	1879
do	Screw, freight, Rideau Canal and		passenger, on Bay of Quinté.	do	do	do	do	do	qo	do	tario.	Canal and	do	do	Kings	Quinté.	ntario.	Janal and	op	au Canal	do	of Quinte
d.	glıt, Ridea	<i>Law</i> rence.	ger, on Ba	do		assen cer.	, o	erry	, ferry	ıger	n Lake On	Rideau Cawrence.	op qo	do	assenger, incent.	er, Bay of	do Lake Ontario.	, Rideau ( .wrence.	do ,	. &c., Ride	ger,	Вау
do	Screw, freig	River St.	do passer	do	/ do tug,	Side-wheel, nassenger.	Screw and tug	Side-wheel, ferry	Centre-wheel, ferry	Screw, passenger	Side-wheel, on Lake Ontario.	Screw, tug, Rideau River St. Lawrence.	op op	do freight	Side-wheel, passenger, and Cape Vincent.	Screw passenger, Bay of Quinté.	Side-wheel d	Screw, freight, Rideau Canal and River St. Lawrence.	do tug,	Screw, freight, &c., Rideau Canal and River St. Lawrence.	Screw, passenger,	do and Oswego.
22 40	8 84		96 9	7 40		7 73 S		88	36	33	31 16 S	f 9	84	40	80	-84 `Ω	26	<u>8</u>	26	88 Sc	6 04 Se	 36
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, j	6 May		5   do	April					May	do do	do	do do	qo	qo	March	Мау	do	do	qo	qo	June	фo
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43	- 8	_	8	2	-			<b></b>			<u>ه</u>											343
do,	qo		qo	qo	_	_						15	17	18	22	23	23	25	27	80	ω,	ιΩ
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,	\ \	_	'J. S. Clute	. F. J. McGuire	Anthony Dixon	John S. Clute	J. Benson.	Anthony Dixon	John S. Clute	J. Benson	John S. Clute	W. R. Mingaye	do	ф	op	qo	qο	op g	do	W. R. Mingaye	op	James T. Wolff
ďo	Kingston		тпс		le				Edward	nt		3										
/	/King		(Trenton	op	Bellevi	do	qo	чo	Prince	Mill Poi	Pictou	Kingston	do	do	ის	do	qo	do	qo	do	do	do.
Objectaln.	Nile		Ulica	Annie Gilbert	Eliza Bonar Belleville	Shannon	B. B. Sherwood	Prince Edward	Poterzon's Ferry Prince Edward	Pilgrim Mill Point	Empress of India Pictou	66 Lily	Grenville	Adventure	Plerrepont	Flight	F. B. Maxwell	Rubt. Anglin	Elswood	Rose	Peerless	Kincardine

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ri.		Say of Quinte	ice Lake and	do	do	do	qo	ор	do	ор	on Clear and	φ	on Luke St.	iver St. Law-	qo	op
Remaks.		Screw, passenger, Bay of Quints and River St. Lawrence.	Screw, passenger, Rice Lake and Otonabee River.	qo	op .	Side-wheel,	Screw,	Side-wheel,	qo	do tug,	Screw, passenger, c Stony Lakes.	do	Screw, passenger, on Frances.	Screw, passenger, River St. Law-	qo	/ do
Totals.	\$ cts.	5 80	630	5 24	5 92	6 24	5 44	7 48	13 28	6 40	6 24	5 08	6 12	6 05	7 32	09 1
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Inspection Feer	440	20	10	10	20	ī	52	'n	တ	10	10	10	το	rO.	10	\\ \alpha \\ \_
Топпаде Dues.	S cts.	0 80	1 30	0 24	0 92	1 24	0 44	2 48	5 28	1 40	1 24	80 0	1 12	1 05	2 32	2 60
Registered Ton- nage.		=	26		œ	112	<b>3</b> 0	25	174	35	24	63	16	13	44	8
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tion.		ဖ	=	Ξ	=	=	=======================================	=	=	13	12	13	18	81	19	3
Date of Inapec-		June	op	op	qo	qo	ф	qo	ф	qo	do	op	qo	do	op /	₩ /.
Name of Collector.		W. R. Mingaye	Goorge Perry	ор	ф ор	James Stratton	George Perry	James Stratton	George Perry	James Stratton	ор	do	R. K. Bullock	Hiram Carman	op	٠٠٠٠ مره /:-
Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.				ор	do	ф ор	ор	ф	ф	Peterboro'	Lakefield	ор	:	ор	Morrisburgh	······································
Name of Vessel,		farquis of Lorne Kingston.	Allington	Alert	Biry	Whistle Wing	Maggie Somerville	Golden Eye	saac Butta	Ala	Jruiser	liger	3. S. Sperry (Cornwall	3. Kendrick	Eareka	Medite

		1010	orie	l.			S	essio	nal	Pap	er	B (	NO.	. 3.)				P	. 18	ľŸ
ο'n	do	op	qo	do	do	leau Canal	passenger, between and Hamilton.	between Trenton	er St. Law-	op	ф	do	ssippi Lake.	deau Canal	y of Quinte	do	er St. Law-	qo	Canal and	do
, tug,	passenger	op	op	qo	do	Screw, passenger, Rideau		rew, freight, betwe and Oswego.	passengers, River St. Law-	qo	qo	tug,	Side-wheel, tug, Mississippi Lake.	rew, passenger, Rideau and Montreal.	Screw, passenger, Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.	tug,	Screw passenger, River St. Law- rence.	ф	Screw, freight, Rideau Canal and River St. Lawrence.	tug,
s Screw, tug,	op /	op _	ф	qo	qo	Screw,	Side-wheel, Montreal s	Screw, and 0	Screw,   rence.	ф	qo	do	Side-wh	Screw, and M	Screw,	qo	Screw p	op -	Screw, f River	do
5 36	13 60	5 24	89 9	5 72	5 16	5 92	49 16	12 36	5 52	6 12	2 80	9 33	7 40	8 65	6 32	5 84	68	5 08	1 93	00 9
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19 /	) <i>61</i>	/ 61	20	20			- 10		9							<b>-</b>	<del></del> -			
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· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, B. D. Jessop	ор /	George Easton	ф	go	W. R. Mingaye	ор	ор	George Easton	W. R. Mingaye	ф	ор	Z. Wilson	ор	W. R. Mingaye	ф ор	George Easton	ор	V. R. Mingaye	ф ор
op /	. /Prescott	ор /	Brockville	ф ор	ф ор	:	ор	op		Kingston	ф ор	ор	Carleton Place	Smith's Falls		ор		ор	Kingston W.	ор
Lorena	Transit	Florence	Chaffey Brockville	Lily Nicholson	Tolford	Mayflower Kingston	Magnet	Saxon	Falcon Brockville .	Crusoe	Clara Louise	Elfin	Enterprise Carleton Place	Olive Smith's Falls	Lady Franklin Kingston	H. M. Mixer	Ruby Brockville	Victor	Herald	Eleanor

42	Victoria.		S	essic	nal	Pap	ers	(No	). შ	.)					Α.	1879	<i>}</i> *
1878-East Ontario Division-Concluded.	Remarks.		Screw, freight, Rideau Canal and River St. Lawrence.	Side-wheel, passenger, Rideau Canal.	THE THE STATE OF T	Screw, tug, steamer, Bay of Quinte	do freight, steamer, Rideau Canal.	op op op	op op op	Screw, tug, steamer, not employed.	Side-wheel, passenger, steamer, not employed.	Screw, tug, steamer, not employed.	freight, do	passenger, do	Side-wheel, do do	do tug, do	21
Div	<u> </u>		72 Ser	12 Side	89		- శ్రీ 	:	<u>-</u> -	Sere	Side   nc	Scre		do	Side		;
ıtario	Totals.	S cts.	10 7	18 1	99	00 9							!	:			:
t Oı	ment.		7	25	25	21	•										:
-Eas	Pate of Pay-		May	June	July	Sept.		:						:		_	
78-	Inspection Fees.		20	<b>6</b> 0	- 20	10		-		•		:		•			
er, 18	Топпаве Dues.		5 72	10 13	1 68	1 05						:					
December,	Registered Ton- nage.		98	176	33	17	83	93	62	40	7		163	10	55	120 /	
it D	Стока Топпаве.		143	253	42	25	128	153	91	12	57	င္က	308	10	81	224	?
31st	tion.		စ္က	sp'd	:	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:	:	-:				
nded	Date of Inspec-		Aug.	Not Insp'd	do do	op —	op	do	qo	op	op 	qo	do	qo	do	op op	:
e Year ended	f Collector.		Z. Wilson	R. Mingaye	ინ	Walter T. Ross	ot paid	ор	ф	ор	••••	ор	ор	ор	ор	0p	
for th	Name c		Z. Wil	W. R. 1		Walter	Dues not paid.	ъ	ъ	7	*0	Ö	T	Ð	Ö	*5 \	
STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the	Port of Iuspection. Name of Collector.	i	Kingston	ор	ор		Kingston	ф	ф	do	Lake eld	Belleville	Kingston	Cornwall	Kingston	Garden Island	5-
STEAM VESSI	Name of Vessel.	:	WelshmanKingston	City of Kingston	Mary Ann	Sarah Daly Picton	Carlyle Kingston	Portsmouth.	Kitty Friel	Wren	Col. Strickland Lake eld	John Bright Belleville	Indian Kingston	Jennie Cornwall	Queen Kingston	City of Hamilton Garden Island Active	

Forest City Barwood	Tarwood	op /	<del></del>	qo	7/	7	46 /		<i>[</i>	·····/···	do   104   46         Side-wheel do	do	#
Truiser	ortsmouth	, do .	<b>\</b>	op		/ 22 /	/*2	77			Screw, passenger, private yacht.	yacht.	_
			_			<u> </u>	4		T				_
	No. of steamers, 99	***************************************	-	Í	17238	1101	625	43		1103 43			.0011
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JOSEPH TAYLOR, Steamboat Inspector.

STEAM VESSELS inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.

CONTREAL DIVISION

Remarks.		Side-wheel, ferry, Longueuil and Montreal.	Blevating grain, Montreal Harbour.	do do	op op	do do	op op	do do	do do	do do	Side-wheel, ferry, Montreal and Longueuil.	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Carillon.	Side-wheel, tug, Lachine and Carrillon.	Side-wheel, ferry, Montreal and Island.	Rlevating grain, Montreal Barbour.
Totals.	cts.	20 68 Si	9 00 E	8 80	00 6	8 80	8 80	8 80	8 80	00 6	18 72 Si	32 40 Si	10 00 Sic	22 64 Sic	8 00 8
Date of Pay- ment.		April 11	June 1	do 1	do 1	do 1	do 1	do 1	do 1	do 1	April 11	May 17	do 10	do 11	6 April 26
Inspection Fees.	69-	00	10	2	10	ro.	20	10	10	20	00	00	rð.	00	
Топпаде Dues.	\$ cts.	. 12 68	4 00	3 80	4 00	3 80	3 80	3 80	3 80	4 00	10 72	24 40	2 00	14 64	388
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Стояз Топпаке.		317	100	95	100	92	93	95	95	100	268	610	125	366	78
·uon		6	92	10	10	01	10	10	10	01	12	17	18	22	22
Date of Inspec-	٠	April	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	ф	ф	op	op	-/ <b>do</b>
ollector.		еу	:		•										\
Name of C		W. Bleakley April	op	qo	do	qo	op	ф	do	qo	qo	op	qo	qo	9
Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.		Longueuil	Montreal	ор	ф ф	ор	ф ор	ф ф	do	ор	Longueuil	Lachine	ор	Longueuil	\Montreal
Name of Vessel,		Longueuil	Grain Elevator, No. 6 Montreal	do No. 3	do No. 11	do No. 5	do No. 4	do No. 2	do No. 1	do No. 9	Montarville	Prince of WalesLachine	Aurora	Ste. Helène Longueuil	Grain Elevator No. 1   Montreal

		corra.	'		K	essi	опа	1 1 11	hera	6 740	U. J.	,					L. J	1019
34 Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Carrillon.	Screw, tug, Montreal and Ottawa.	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Cornwall.	Centre-wheel, freight, Montreal and Ottawa.		Side-wheel, tug, Lachine and Ca-rillon.	Screw, tug, Lachine Canal Improve- ments.	do do do	Screw, freight and passenger, Montreal and Picton.	Side-wheel, tug, Ottawa and Whitehall.	Screw, tug, Montreal & Kingston.	Side-wheel, tug Lachine and Car- illon.	Screw, tug, Montreal Harbour,	do do	do Lachine Ganal Im- provements.	op op	op op	do do	Centre-wheel, ferry, Montreal and St. Lamberts.
13 / 13 24	92 9	63 52	12 32	Not registered as a British Vessel; was seized	11 80	6 56	5 68	34 20	10 12	6 72	9 56	7 12	6 48	6 12	6 52	6 40	5 44	14 88
	20	30	∞	el ; w	70	<b>o</b> o	00	20	-	1-		1-		-		-	9	11
5 June	May	s pril	Aug.	Vess	June	Мау	qo	qo	ф	фo	ф	qo	ф	ор	ф	оp	qo	June
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111 / 20	06 _	069	125	register	66	21	∞ ∞	202	61	23	26	28	13	91	56	24	• မ	601
1 206	44	1,139	183	Not	170	£	17	655	128	43	114	53	37	78	88	32	=	172
97	56	20	20	- 67	- 62	30	30	<b>е</b>	<del>-</del>	~	L-		<del></del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<b>a</b>
op /	op/	op	op	qo	qo	ф	ф	Мау	ф	qo	qo	qo	qο	ф	qo	ф	do	op
							- · <del>-</del>	<u></u> -		i					:			
op /	op /.	op _	op	qo	op .	qo	qo	op	C. Carleton	W. Bleakley	C. Carleton.	W. Bleakley	do	op	do	do	qυ	qo
/Lachine	ор /	do	ор	ф	ф ор	Montreal	ор	ор	i	Montreal	Lachine	Montreal	ор	ор	ф ор	do	3ôte St. Paul	Montreal
Vermont /Lachine	Express	Bohemian	Milford	H. H. Whitney	British America	C. J. Brydges Montreal	C. W. Dennis	Valetta	GCarillon Lachine	Franke Perew	Raron	Georgiana	W. C. Francis	Philip Becker	John Bickler	C. M. Riter	Leslie Côte St. Paul	St. Lambert Montreal

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78-Montreal Divisi
1st December, 18
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VESSELS Insp
EAM.

				<u>.</u>									
Remarks.	Screw, tug and freight, Moutreal and Ottawa.	Screw, tug. Montreal Harbour Improvements.	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Cornwall.	Screw, tug, Ottawa and Quebec.	Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Father Point.	Screw, tug, Ottawa and Chambly.	do do	Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Carillon.	Screw, freight, Montreal and Ottawa.	Screw tag, Montreal Harbour.	Screw, reight, Montreal and Utlawa.	Elevating grain, Montreal Harbour.	40 40 40
Totals.	\$ cts.	6 72	40 12	96 9	21 20	6 20	96 9	12 84	12 72	09 9	12 60	00 6	10 28
ment.	80	22	10	10	9	10	01	20	σo	4	œ		4
Date of Pay-	May	ф	op	do	qo	qo	qo	qo	op	op q	qo	June	ф 
Inspection Fees.		2	œ	10	20	10	50	20	22	,c	2	0	۵
Топпаде Dues.	\$ cts.	1 72	32 12	1 96	16 20	1 20	1 96	4 84	7 72	1 60	7 60	4 00	82.8
Registered Ton- nage.	140	29	471	31	245	77	31	92	120	27	116		8
Gross Tonnage.	255	43	803	67	405	30	49	121	193	40	190	100	132
Date of Inspec- tion.	6	6	10	10	11	11	Ξ		13	13	77	14	4
	May	<b>q</b> o	op_	op	- op	do	9 -	op	do	- g	တ္မ	ор 	<b>8</b> 0
Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.	Z. Wilson	W. Bleakley	ф ф	op	op	••••• op	ф ор	op l	Z. Wilson	W. Bleakley	Z. Wilson	W. Bleakley	op /
Inspection	1					:	•		:				
Port of	Montrea	qo	qo	do	qo	ф	ф	qo	qo	do	qo	qo	<b>3</b>
Name of Vessel.	Louise	St. Peter.	St. Francis.	St. George	Веатег	Zebra	William	National	Arctic	Calumet	Caroline	Grain Elevator, No. 10	do 180.8

	_	or ia.			Ses	sion	ai r	aper	в (17	0.	o. j	,				л	1019.
f  Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal   and Beaubarnois.	Side-wheel, ferry, Montreal and Laprairie.	Side-wheel, ferry, Lachine and Caughnawaga.	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Carillon.	Elevating grain, Montreal Har- bour.	Screw, tug, Ottawa and White-	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Carillon.	Side-wheel, tug, Ottawa and Whitehall.	Screw, tug, Montreal and Beau- harnois.	Side-wheel, ferry, Quebec and Island of Orleans.	Screw, tug, Ottawa and Quebec.	do Lachine Canal.	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Hamilton.	op op op	Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Ottawa.	Screw, tug, Ottawa & Whitehall.	Elevating grain, Montreal Harbour.	Centre-wheel, ferry, Carillon and Point Fortung.
7 21 24	28 93	16 73	24 20	8 92	09 8	22 20	10 84	6 12	17 04	1 96	5 80	49 32	50 44	10 56	7 52	00 6	8 : 8
4	14	11	17		13	31	 0g	10	£3	æ	53	1-	-	60	-	Ξ	27
/May	do	qo	ф	June	May	ф	April	Мау	40	qo	ф	June	qo	qo	ďο	July	May
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13 34	20 93	8 72	16 20	3 92	3 60	14 20	5 84	1 12	<b>†</b> 0 6	2 96	08 0	41 32	42 44	5 56	2 63	<b>4</b> 00	1 08
821 /1	308	137	245	- <del></del>	46	198	89	18	130	<b>2</b> 2	14	592	614	7.	28		18
2 / 331	523	218	405	86	06	355	1.16	78	226	14	20	1,033	1,061	139	63	100	22.
15	13	91	17	17	20	21 }	12	23	23	28	- 53			6	70	9	91
op /	op	do	ор	qo	၀ဉ	qo	qo	ф	ф	<b>q</b> o		June	op.	ф	<b>q</b> o	đo	<b>d</b> 0.
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op /	do do	op	qo	ор	C. Carleton.	W. Bleakley	C. Carleton.	W. Blenkley	Q Q	qo	qo	ор	оф	op	Z. Wilson	W. Bleakley	ф
			]														
ср /	ф 	Lachine	Montrea	qo	qo	ф	op	фo	qo	op	qo	qo	qo	op	оp	qo	Carillon
Beauhardois	Laprairie	Portneuf	Dagmar Montreal	Grain Elevator No. 7	Mink	Manito a	Canada	107	City of Ottawa	Cantin	Tim Doyle	Passport	Corinthian	Matilda	Shickluns	Grain Elevator, No. 12	Nil Desperandum Garillon

STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.—East Ontario Division.—Continued.

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ks.		Carillon	Grenville and	Hawkesbury	L'Orign	nger,		and Whi	Ottawa	Ottawa	Ottawa	Ottawa	qo	Ф
Remarks.		tug, int.	erry, y.	tug, lle.	, ferry	pas abov	Ottav	ttawa	tug,	ferry, oint.	nger,	tug,		
-		Side-wheel, tug, Greeses Point.	Side-wheel, ferry, Hawkesbury.	Centre-wheel, tug, and Grenville.	Centre-wheel, ferry, L'Orignal and Calumet.	Centre-wheel, passe ingbam and above.	Screw, ferry, Ottawa and Island,	Screw, tug, Ottawa and Whitehall	Side-wheel, Greaville	Side-wheel, ferry, Gatineau Point.	Screw, passenger, Grenville.	Side wheel, Grenville.	do	0p 1
Totals.	\$ cts.	8 00	1 96	96 4	5 60	6 24	5 36	8 28	13 24	8 76	5 12	12 64	12 76	13 80
ment		13	10	7	18	က	17	၁	13	11	13	Π	12	27
Date of Pay-		June	July	June	ф	July	June	do	ф	do	July	June	qo	go /
Inspection Fees.	€9	ю	10	ν,	10	10	10	40	20	ıcı	10	70	20	- 20
Топпаке Duos.	S cts.	3 00	2 96	2 96	09 0	1 24	0 36	3 28	8 24	3 76	0 12	7 64	1 76	180
-noT besiesed Ton-		47	43	46	10	21	ಬ	47	112	52	63	112	110	108
Gross Tonnage.		75	74	1.1	15	33	C	83	206	94	m	191	194	198
tion.		10	=	=	=======================================	=	12	12	12	13	12	13	13	13
-paqaal to etal		June	qo	qo	qo	qo	đo	qo	qo	do	qo	qo	op -	-\ -\
nspection. Name of Collector.		W. Bleakley	ор	ор	op	op	Z. Wilson	ф ор	W. Bleakley	O. Carleton	Z. Wilson	C. Carleton	W. Bleakley	\ 80 \
Port of Inspection.		Carillon	Hawkesbury	ор	Calumet	Buckingham	Ottawa	op	ор	op	ф	op		go
Name of Vessel.		Como   Oarillon	Nymph	Manxman	CultivateurCalumet.	James Worthington Buckingham	Edie May Ottawa	Agnes McMahon	M. K. D	Gatineau	Crusader	Мас	Albert	Champlain

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op	op .	op	nd Hull.	Montreal.	Whitehall.	Lachine.	Grenville.	op	Montreal.	Grenville.	Aylmer and Pontiac.	r, Aylmer	d Pontiac.	Denx Ri-	Deux Rivières	toche Cap.	Pembroke and	op	Pembroke	oke and
	passenger	оþ	Screw, ferry, Ottawa and Hull.	о <b>р</b>	qo	qo	qo	tug, do	ф	op	Aylmeraı	passenger, ac.	Screw, tug, Aylmer and Pontiac.	Side-wheel, passenger, Deur vière and Roche Capitaine.	er,	Side-wheel, passenger, Roche Cap- itaine and Joachin.	tug,		Side-wheel, passenger, Pembroke and Joachim.	ry, Pembroke
op /	op	ор	screw, ferry	do tug,	do do	op op	op op	Side-wheel, tug, do	do	оp	op	Side-wheel, p and Pontiac.	crew, tug,	ide-wheel, vidre and	Screw, passeng and Muttawa.	ide-wheel, passenger, itaine and Joachim	Side-wheel, Joachim.	оp	ide-wheel, pa and Joachim.	Screw, ferry,
13 08	99	- 80	-S- 89	92	 &	19	40	3 9 Y	- <del>-</del> -	40	28		44 -S-	92 S	_s	40 5		 	22 22	. 33 - 32 - 32
12 / 13	49 66	34 08	9	5 7	99	9 8	7 4	15 7	8	9.4	16 2	24 5	6.4	12 9	 8	12 4	17.3	11 4	27 7	3
	7		12	13	9	-	1	1	22	13	15	24	20	15	9	15	15	15	13	21
5 / do	op /	op	op	op	May	June	May `	June	op	qo	May	op -	July	May	June	May	qo	qo	ф	June
	*	8	10	33	70	n	22	22	ю	2	2	œ	5	80	73	ъ	20	22	<b>∞</b>	rc.
808 /	41 86	26 08	1 68	0 76	1 68	3 64	2 40	10 76	3 04	4 40	11 28	16 52	1 44	4 92	88 0	4 40	12 32	6 48	19 72	0 26
801 / 8	/ 571	363	28	13	23	45	24	144	34	54	177	257	23	7.2	15	69	153	103	311	00
7 202	1,039	652	42	19	42	91	99	269	76	110	282	413	36	123	22	110	308	162	493	4
13	13	13	14	7.	14	14	77	14 -	15	16	17	17	17	19			20	20	<u></u>	50
op /	op /	qo	op	ф	оp	ф	qo	op	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	op	фo	op	qo	do	op
op /	Z. Wilson	ор	ф ор	C. Carleton	Z. Wilson	ф ор	C. Carleton	Z. Wilson	W. Bleakley	Z. Wilson.	ор	ор	, T. Bartram	. Wilson	ор	ф	ор	ор	ор	Joseph Warren
ор	ф	/ ор	0								1er			Rivières Z.	ор	e Capitaine	nim	roke	ф	ор
/	` ::	<u>-</u> ;-	do	ф 	- Б	. do	ор —	ор —:-	do	op -	. Aylı	о <b>р</b> ————	ę —	Deux		Roche Ca	Josel	Pemb		
Rover.	Peerless	Queen Victoria	Spray	John Heney	Swan	Frances	Engineer	Maud	Ivy	Jane	Chaudiere Aylmer	Dessie Cassels	Resolute	Deux Rivières Deux Rivi	Mattawan	Kippewa	C. O. KellyJoachim	Pembroke Pembroke	John Egan	Ripple

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Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878—Montreal Division—Continued.	. Remarks.		Side-wheel, tug, Allumette Lake.	do passenger, Bryson and Chapeau.	Side-wheel, passenger, Pontiac and Portage du Fort.	Screw, tug, Pontiac and Portage du Fort,	Side-wheel, tug, Aylmer and Pon-	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Carillon.	Screw, tug, Lacbine and Ste. Anne.	op op	Screw, tug, Lachine, Ganal Im- provements.	Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Ottawa.	Screw, tug, Ottawa and Whitehall.	Screw, freight, Montreal and Cornwall.	Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Cornwall.
al Div	Totals.	S cts.	12 52	19 28	18 96	12 08	18 32	31 16	5 88	6 72		11 52	6 84	8 36	9 24
ntre	neat.		16	15	15	15	17	17	27	17	•	18	9	16	21
-Mo	-yad to Pay-		May	qo	do	qo	June	Мау	June	qo	a British Vessel.	July	June	July	Nov.
78-	Inspection Fees.	€	10	<b>0</b> 0	<u></u>	10	10	<b>∞</b>	20	40	tish	õ	۵.	10	10 
er, 18	Топаяке Dues.	\$ cts.	7 52	11 28	10 96	2 08	13 32	23 16	0 88	1 72	88	6 52	1 84	3 36	4 21
ecem	Registered Ton-		95	178	172	86	210	331	15	98	Not registered	68	15		1.0
1st D	Gross Tonnage.		188	282	274	177	333	679	22	43	Not re	163	46	8	106
e pe	tion,		21	21	23	22	23	25	27	27	22	28	15	16	18
end	-pagen 10 otal		June	do	<b>g</b> o	qo	qo	qo	op	op	qo	ę	July	op	å
e Year	Jollector.							ley						ley	•
d for th	Name of (		Z. Wilson	ç <sub>0</sub>	φ	do	op	W. Bleakley	qo	do	- do	op	Z. Wilson	W. Bleakley	'-
	Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.		Lake Allamette	Chapeau	Sand Point	ф	Aylmer		Lachine	ор	ор	Montreal	ф	ф.	Lachine
STRAM VESSELS	Name of Vessel.		Empress Lake Allamette	Sir John Young	Alliance	A. H. Baldwin	Monitor	Princess 00mo	Eureka	Plover	Jennie	Wood Montree	Dandy	C. Anderson	Victoria

<b>**</b>		OI 1(0,					J11 <b>01</b>	1 01	
6 08 Screw, passenger, Aylmer and Popliac.	10 32 Serew, freight, Montreal and / Ott. wa.	5 68 Screw, passenger, Dundee and St. Anicet.	5 52 Centre-wheel, passenger, Beau- harnois and Island.	Screw, freight, Montreal and Ottawa.	Screw, tug, Lachine Canal.	do do Montreal and Corn- wall,	5 36 Screw, passenger, Abore Buck- ingham.	5 56 Side wheel, passenger, Valleysield and River Grace.	
	_	5 68	5 52	9 52	5 63	6 72	5 36	5 56	1527 40
r. 16	es	5	21	29	16	75	19	23	
1408	5 /May	5 Aug.	qo	5 July	5 May	5 Sept.	qo	ор	
<i>•</i>	- 2°	20	ۍ 	το.	<u>-2</u>	10	20	2	899
18 / 1.08 / 5/Aug. 16 /	5 32	89 0	0 52	4 52	89 0	1 72	0 36	0 56	859 40 668
	18	13	6	77	13	59	9		
/ 27 /	133	11	13 ,	113	17	<b>4</b> 3	6	7	485 1
23	7	10		16	20	29	9	23 -	
00/-	Aug.	qo	op	do 1		do 2	ept.	do 2	
		W. Bleakley	op	C. Carleton	W. Bleakley do	op	do Sept.	ор	Total 21485   11950
Astmer			Montreal	do do	ф	op	Buckingham	Montreal	
Witch of the Ware As lines	Gatireau/Montreal	Rboda May   Lancaster	Wild Goose Montreal	Mark Twain	Ste. Anne	Joe Mac	Julia Buckingham	Valleyfield Montreal	1.

JOHN BURGESS, Steamboat Inspect

STEAMERS not Inspected in Montreal Division for Year ended 31st December, 1878, and which were not Employed | Remarks. cts. Total. Date of Pay-ment. laspection Fees. cts. ..... Топпяке Dues. during the Season. 125па Ко. 23 29 56 16 22 10 33 91 83 63 635 Registered Ton-125 314 150 136 124 $^{25}$ 146 1310 င္တ 41 63 92 Gross Tonnage. Date of Inspec-tion. Port of Inspection. | Name of Collector. J. B. A. .... Maggie Bell..... Name of Vessel. Emerald..... Maid of Canada ...... Charlotte ..... Ivanhoe ......

JOHN BURGESS, Steamboat Inspector.

, 1878.	
ELS Inspected during the Year ended 31st December,	
31st	
ended	Α.
Year	OISIAIC
the	TRS 1
during	THREE RIVERS DIVISION.
Inspected	TH
ELS	`

				^								
	Side-wheel, passenger, St. Francis and Montreal.	Screw, tug, dredge tender.	op op	Side-wheel, passenger, Chambly and Montreal.	Side-wheel, passenger, Terrebonne and Montreal.	Screw, tug, dredge tender.	op op	d do	op op	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Three Rivers.	Side-wheel, passenger, Harbour Commissioners' Service.	Side-wheel, passenger, Berthier and Montreal.
\$ cts.	14 32	98 9	9 80	33 88	32 04	7 20	08 9	08 9	8 64	35 76	14 52	52 04
April 2	do 5	do 2	do 4	do 5	do 5	do 4	do 5	do 5	do 5	g op	9 op	do 8
er e9	00	٠	22	<u> </u>	∞		2	2	٠		∞	<b>o</b>
\$ cts.	6 32	1 36	1 80	25 88	24 04	2 20	1 80	1 80	3 61	27 76	6 52	44 04
34	68	23	27	397	361	37	23	17	54	437	103	671
22	158	34	45	647	601	55	45	45	16	694	164	1101
pril 1	do 1	do 2	do 3	do 3	do 4	30 4	10 5	lo 5	lo 5	9 0	9 01	8 op
		- <del>-</del>				:	-					
G. Peltic	op	qo	qo	qo	qo	do	qo	qo	qo	qo	op	do.
							:					
Sore!	do	do	ф	do	qo	do	do	qo	çp	do	ф	<b>g</b>
St. John	Sorel	St. Louis	ESt. Paul	Chambly	Terrebonne	St. Francis	Minnie F. Parsons	Delisle	St. James	Cultivateur.	John Young	Berthier
	5 cts. \$ \$ cts. \$ \$ cts.	Sorel G. Peltier April 1 55 37 2 20 5 April 2 7 20 7 20	Sorel       \$ cts. \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ cts. \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$<	Sorel       G. Peltier       April 1       56       37       2 20       5 April 2       7 20         40       40       40       1       158       89       6 32       8       40       5       14 32         40       40       40       40       2       34       23       136       5       40       2       6 36         40       40       40       40       3       45       27       1 80       5       40       4       6 80	Sorel       G. Peltier       April       1       55       37       2       5       April       2       7       2       5       April       2       7       2       6       3       7       2       6       3       7       2       6       3       7       2       6       3       7       2       6       3       7       2       6       3       7       2       6       3       7       1       3       7       1       3       7       1       3       8       6       3       8       6       3       8       6       3       8       8       8       6       3       8 <td< td=""><td>Sorel       \$ cts. \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td><td>Sorel       \$ cts. \$ \$ cts. \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$</td><td>Sorel       S. Cts.       S. Cts.</td><td>Sorel       \$ cts.       \$ cts.</td><td>Sorel       \$ cts.       \$ cts.</td><td>Sorel         April         1         55         37         2         20         5         April         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         3         4         2         3         4         2         3         4         2         3         4         3         4         3         3         4         3         4         3         4         3         4         3         4         4         4         6         4         6         4         6         3         4         3         4         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         7         7           do         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1</td><td>Sorel       G. Peltier       April       1       55       37       2       5       April       2       7       2       5       April       2       7       2       5       April       2       7       2       6       7       2       7       2       7       2       7       2       7       2       7       7       2       7       2       7       2       7       7       2       7       7       2       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       8       4       6       8       4       6       8       4       6       8       8       4       6       8       8       4       6       8       8       8       6       8</td></td<>	Sorel       \$ cts. \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Sorel       \$ cts. \$ \$ cts. \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$       \$ cts. \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Sorel       S. Cts.       S. Cts.	Sorel       \$ cts.       \$ cts.	Sorel       \$ cts.       \$ cts.	Sorel         April         1         55         37         2         20         5         April         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         3         4         2         3         4         2         3         4         2         3         4         3         4         3         3         4         3         4         3         4         3         4         3         4         4         4         6         4         6         4         6         3         4         3         4         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         6         4         7         7           do         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1         1	Sorel       G. Peltier       April       1       55       37       2       5       April       2       7       2       5       April       2       7       2       5       April       2       7       2       6       7       2       7       2       7       2       7       2       7       2       7       7       2       7       2       7       2       7       7       2       7       7       2       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       7       8       4       6       8       4       6       8       4       6       8       8       4       6       8       8       4       6       8       8       8       6       8

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1879-Three Rivers-Continued.	Remarks.		Side-wheel, passenger, Three Rivers and Montreul.	Screw, tug, dredge tender.	Side-wheel, passenger, Mntraa and Quebec.	Side-wheel, passenger, Harbour Commissioners' Service.	Screw, freight and passenger, Chicago and Quebec.	Side-wheel, tug and passenger, Montreal and Father Point.	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Quebec.	Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Chambly.	do do	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Quebec.	Side-wheel, tug, Ottawa and St. Lawrence Rivers.	Side-wheel, passenger, Montreal and Three Rivers.
ee Riv	Totals.	<b>S</b> ct3	76 40	7 80	96 44	13 04	32 48	31 60	130 24	16 12	22 64	88 36	20 24	14 80
ľhr	*4 11 0 111		∞	10	01	12	16	16	10	т П	က	98	00	က
7-64	Date of Pay-		A pril	op	op	op	qo	op	qo	<b>8</b>	ор 	ф	June	May
	Inspection Fees.	69	œ	70	60	<b>∞</b>	œ	<b>∞</b>	<b>∞</b>	<b>∞</b>	<b>∞</b>		<b>∞</b>	00
the Year ended 31st December	<b>Топпак</b> е Dues.	\$ cts.	68 40	2 80	88 44	5 04	24 48	23 60	122 24	8 12	14 64	80 36	12 24	08 9
st Dec	Hegistered Ton-		1047	21	1279	86	389	329	1794	66	200	1167	161	16
318	. эзвипоТ гвотО		1710	20	2211	126	612	290	3056	203	366	2009	306	169
ende	.non		∞	6	G	==	11	13	16	24	25	30	က	ശ
ear	-pagen lo stad		April	qo	မှ	<b>့</b>	op	op	op g	ę .	Q Q	op _	May	op do
ed for the Y	Name of Inspector.		G. Peltier	do	ор	ор	Wm. Bleakley	ор	Peltier	ф ор	ор	op	Ф	ф ф
pect	n. Na		<u>ئ</u>	<del>.</del>					<u></u>			•	- <u>-</u>	
ELS Ins	of Inspection.			•										
/ESS	Port of		Sorel	qo	ф	qo	ф	qo	qo	qo	de	qo	qo	op/
STRAM VESSELS Inspected for	Name of Yestsl.		Trois Rivières	John Pratt	Montreal	Richelieu	Mattawan	Rocket	Quebec	John	Star	Canada	Норе	Berthier

	Vict	oria.			Sc	ession	nal	Pape	тв (.	No. 8	3.)			A	18	79
80 [Centre-wheel, passenger, Sorel	Side-wheel, passenger, Maskinongé River.	Side-wheel, passenger, Rivière-du- Loup River.	Side-wheel, tug, Quebec and St. Geneviève.	Side-wheel, passenger, Chambly and Montreal.	Side-wheel, passenger, Sherbrooke and Lennoxville.	Centre-wheel, passenger, Rivière-du-Loup River.	Side-wheel, passenger, Sorel and Berthier.	Screw, tug, dredge tender.	Centre-wheel, tug, St. Lawrence River.	Screw, tug, Montreal and Cham- bly.	Side-wheel, tug, Three Riv rs and Quebec.	Side-wheel, tug, Three Rivers and St. Maurice.	Side. wheel, passenger and ferry, Three Rivers and St. Annette.	Side-wheel, passenger and ferry, Three Rivers and St. Geneviève.	Side-wheel, passenger. Did not run.	6 00  Centre-wheel, tug, Nicolet River.
<i>*</i>	7 04	14 92	8 68	20 28	6 50	9	16 56	8 48	5 92	14 40	96 9	6 32	19 97	8 60	00 <b>8</b>	9
ri1 30	22	22	91	10	22	27	9	∞	28		25	26	26	56	~	6
5 April	op /	qo	May	June	July	Мау	June	do	Мау	June	qo	qo	op	qo	Aug.	July
, / 08	20	80	10	<b>o</b> o	10	10	<b>x</b>	20	, co	 	ıç.	10	· ·	10	00	<u> </u>
	2 04	6 92	<b>3</b> 68	12 28	1 50	1 00	8 56	3 48	0 92	6 40	1,96	1 32	11 97	. 3 60		1 00
88 /6	78	97	28	176	24	11	129	59	16	98	31	22	83	33	813	16
69	19	173	92	30.6	38	25	214	87	23	160	49	33	171	06	602	24
·	6	91	20	72	24	27	9				24		25		56	6
do	op /	op	qo	do	qo	qo	June	op	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	do	'uly
							<u>-</u>				A. Lemeux			:		Peltier July
·/ do	op /	qo	οp	qo	C. E. Perry	3. Peltier	qo	ф	qo	do	H. A. Lem	qo	op	op .	op	k. Peltier
op /	op/	ф	St. Generière	Sorel	Sherbrooke	Sorel G.	ор	ф	ф	ор	St. Maurice	op	Three Rivers	op	St. Maurice	Sorel
L'Assomption	Naskinongé	? Kiviëre-du-Loup	(Astore	liero   Sorel	Enterprise	St. Léon St.	Fire Ply	115 chu Br wn	Мя іе	Champion	La Prgue S	Arthur	Bourgeois	Laval	Ciy ef St. Jehns   St. Maurice	Lucie, Sorel

	-	.6	-0	•	.s		_	_	And the state of t
Inspection. Name of Inspector.	Date of Inspec	Gross Tonnag	Registered To	Топпяке Dues	Inspection Fee	Date of Pay-	T <sub>o</sub>	tals.	Remarks,
				\$ cts.	€		€9	cts	
3. Peltier		15	=	0 64	າດ				Centre-wheel, tug, Montreal and Three Rivers.
იხ	do 15	20	52	0 84	بر -	qo		8	Centre-wheel, ferry, Charlemagne and Bout de l'Isle.
3. Peltier		30	19	1 20	າວ			30	Centre-wheel, tug, St. Pierre and St. Geneviève.
ф	do 24	40	20	1 60	7.0	qo			Side-wheel, tug, Quebec & Sorel.
do		<u>-=</u>	ted at dues pa	Moulin, id then.	<b>o</b> o	Aug.	9	8	Centre-wheel, ferry, St. Lamberts and Montreal.
C. S. Channell	do 27	209	698	24 28	<b>o</b> o	qο	- S		Side-wheel, pass, Lake Magog
	do 27	& 	26	1 52	10			52	Centre-wheel, pass, Georgeville and Bolton.
ор	do 27	6	9	0 38	20	op		 82	Screw, pass., Magog and Newport.
angue G. Peltier	do 28	37	25	1 48	2			48	Centre-wheel, ferry, Montreal and Pond du Lesle.
			10878	68 202			1,03	68 2	
			do do do 27 2 27 27 2 11 18 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	July July Date of Inspection do do 27 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	July 15 100 15 20 13 0 84 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	Date of Inspection Fees   Connage of Inspection Fees	July 15 Gross Tonnage.  July 15 Gross Tonnage.  July 18 30 19 120 Gross Tonnage.  July 18 30 19 1 20 Gross Tonnage.  Aug. 6 Inspected at Moulin, 8 and dues paid then.  do 27 59 6 6 0 38 8 6  do 28 7 707 89 330	July 15 Gross Tonnage.  July 15 Gross Tonnage.  July 15 Gross Tonnage.  July 18 30 19 1 20 5 July 17 Gross Tonnage.  Aug. 6 Inspected at Moulin, and dues paid then.  do 27 607 369 24 28 8 do 24  do 28 7 25 1 48 5 Aug. 70 18  do 28 5 6 0 38 5 6 do 13  Gross Tonnage.  Hegistered Ton-  Gross Tonnage.  Gr	July 15 17 20 18 4 5 July 17 5 64  do 27 607 369 24 28 8 do 27 6 60 38 6 do 13 6 5 38  do 27 607 369 24 28 8 do 24 6 6 00 18  do 27 607 369 24 28 8 do 24 6 6 00 18  do 27 607 369 24 28 8 do 28 6 6 5 8 00  do 28 37 25 148 5 Aug. 17 6 48  do 28 37 25 148 5 Aug. 17 6 48  do 28 37 25 148 5 Aug. 17 6 48  do 28 37 25 148 5 Aug. 18 6 538  do 28 37 25 148 5 Aug. 18 6 538

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Abyssinian					1064	726				726         Side-wheel, passenger.	
Victoria					392	226	•			do tug.	~
Meteor					337	181		-		do passenger and tug.	
Ignatius Tyler					126	92				do tug.	
Abcnakes	:				145	1.1	:	•		Centre-wheel, tug.	
Bismarck		•	:		18	- 61		_ ;-		do do	
New York					312	71:		i	:	Side-wheel, tug.	
Iris		:		:	2-			•		Sorew, tug.	
Nora		:	,		8	19		-	•	Side-wheel, tug.	
Total 60 Vessels					2461	1475		Π			

XAVIER BEFORT, Steamboat Inspector.

STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.

QUEBEC DIVISION.

		<u> </u>	. and	Har			land	and	River	Lévis	qo	ferry,		and	New
	, 60		passenger ind Camp	g, Quebec	do	op	, Montres	, Quebec agny.	aguenay	ebec and	Ö	winter 1	qo	Quebec	pus oeqa
	Remarks		crew, propeller, passenger and freight, Quebec and Campbell-town, N.B.	peller, tu <sub>l</sub>	•	-	passenger, Montreal and Pictou, N.S.	passenger, Quebec and Montmagny.	towing, Saguenay River	ferry, Quebec and Lévis	do	rew, propeller, Quebec and Lévis.		i, ferry, Q Lévis.	ferry, Quebec and New
			Screw, pu freight, town, N	Sèrew, propeller, tug, Quebec Harbour.	do	Side-wheel	op	op	qo	do	qo	Screw, p	qo	Side-wheel,	c p
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	Date of Pay-		April	op	do	op	ор —	May	op	do	qo	op	op —	ф	op /
	Inspection Fees.	66	. <del> </del>	- <b>-</b>	10		œ	∞	- 22	∞	- <del></del>	<b>∞</b>	∞ .	<b>∞</b>	
	Топпаве Dues.	e cts.	5 84	2 00	2 36	2 08	28 88	8 00	6 72	10 20	8 12	6 48	6 12	15 16	1 5 08
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	<b>Стояя</b> Топпаде		146	20	59	52	722	200	168	255	203	162	153	379	127
	tion.		16	23	26	56	24	25	-	36	30	30	20	20	22
•	Date of Inspec-		April	do	qo	qo	qo	do	May	A pril	qo	qo	May	A pril	qo
	ollector.		scomb	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	inspection. Name of Collector.		Indian Cove, Lévis J. W, Dunscomb April	ор	qo	qo	qo	qo	đo	do	qo	qo	do	qo	qo
	ion. N	 	evis J.	:	•	•	- <del></del>	:		16	:	:		ne.	
	spect		ve, L			:		:		Hall's Boom, Que				m, Q	
			an Co	:	•	:	·· əəq	•	· ·	's Boc	qo		:	's Boc	
	Port of		Indi	op	qo	ę —	Quebec .	op -	Lévi	Hall		Lévis	op d	Hall'	one,
	ssel.						diramichi	Nontmagny	Sampson Lévis			rince Edward		forth Hall's Boom, Que.	Inmes
	of Ve			:	:					:	•	ard	•		
	Name of Vessel.		eaver		8ambler	Jity	ichi .	ոռԶոյ	30n	South	t. George	Edw		:	70
	Z		eave.	7lora	(ann)	lity.	liran	Ion tr	amp	outh	t. Ge	rince	rctic	<b>forth</b>	sme

	v ict	or <b>la.</b>			Se	oisas	n <b>al</b>	Pape	rs (	No. 3	.)				A. 1	579
do passenger, Quebec and	do passenger, Quebec and Lotbinière.	Screw, propeller, coasting, Gaspé and Campbellton, N.B.	Side-wheel, passenger, Quebec and St. Ann.	do passenger, Quebec and St. Antoine.	do passenger, Quebec and St John, 1.0.	do passenger, Quebec and St. Uroix.	Screw, propeller, tug, Quebec Harbour.	Side-wheel, ferry, Quebec & Island of Urleans.	Screw, propeller, Quebec Harbour Tug.	Screw, propeller, tug, Quebec and Gulf.	Side-wheel, do	Screw, propeller, do	de Quebec Harbour Tug.	Screw, propeller, tug, Montreal and Gulf.	Side-wheel, passenger, Quebec and St. Ann.	Side wheel, tug, Montreal and Gulf,
14 08	15 36	12 52	13 64	14 32	12 00	17 04	6 48	12 76	24	12 40	17 92	10 24	77 8	10 80	16 32	14 32
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7 13	181	113	141	158	100	226	37	119	15	185	323	131	86	145	208	233
		23	11	21	67.	21	4		6	20	25	13	20	14	17	50
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Stolle do	Bécancour do	Margaretha Stevenson Hall's Boom, Que	Tiger Gampson's Boom,	St. Autoine Quebec	Express do	St. Croix do	C. W. Jones do	6 Valed of Orleans do do do	Sonsation Lampson's Bocm, Quebec.	Champion No. 1 Indian Cove, Lévis	Champion No. 2 do	Norwegian Quebec	Merrimac do	Lake do	William do	Conqueror No. 2   Hall's Boom, Que

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17   67   36   26   68   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5	
May         17         67         36         2 68         5 July         10         7 68           do         10         81         65         3 24         5 do         10         7 68           do         10         81         65         3 24         5 do         10         7 68           do         18         269         40         10 76         6 do         10         8 24           June         6         13         3         0 20         5 do         13         5 20           June         6         61         32         2 44         5 do         17         7 44           do         10         13         9         0 52         5 do         17         7 44           do         10         13         9         0 68         5 do         20         5 52           June         8         11         3         0 44         5 do         20         5 56           do         10         14         2         0 66         5 do         25         5 44           do         10         11         7         0 44         5 do         25         5 56 <tr< td=""><td>Z Z</td></tr<>	Z Z
10         81         65         324         5         do         10         8         24           18         269         40         10         5         do         10         15         76           6         13         3         0         20         5         do         13         5         20           6         61         13         3         0         52         5         do         13         5         20           10         13         9         0         52         5         do         17         7         44           10         14         2         0         68         5         do         20         5         54           10         11         7         0         44         5         do         20         5         64           20         687         432         27         48         8         do         25         5         44           20         687         432         27         48         8         do         26         35         48           1         54         34         2         6         <	
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9     17     9     0     68     5     do     20     5     68       8     11     3     0     44     5     do     23     5     44       10     14     2     0     56     5     do     25     5     5     44       20     687     432     27     48     8     do     26     35     48       1     54     34     2     16     5     Aug.     7     7     16       22     125     36     5     0     14     10     0	
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do do Montreal and Gulf.	do do Quebec Harbour.	   Screw-propeller, Quebec Har-   Four	do do tug, Montreal and Bic.	Side-wheel, tug, do	Screw-propeller, tug, do	do tug, Quebec Harbour.	op op op	do do do	do do do	Side-wheel, do Montreal and Quebec.	Screw-propeller, tug, Quebec Har- bour.	op op op	Side-wheel, passenger, Quebec and St. Nicholas.	Screw-propeller, tug, Quebec Har- bour.	Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Quebec.	Side-wheel, tug, Montreal and Bic.	Screw, propeller, tug, Quebec Harbour.	op op op op	l op op op
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<b>\</b>																		_	
т ф	Indian Cove, Lév	Lampson's Boom,	Dinning's Boom, Quebec	op	··· op	op	Lampson's Boom, Quebec	op	op	Lévis	Quebec	ф	ф	ор	New Liverpool	Lévis	Quebcc	ор	op
Angleses	St. Joseph Judian Cove, Lévis	Honkey Dorey	Resolute	Rupert	Reindeer	Rover	May Flower	Randolph	Норе	151 Hector Lévis	H. C. Curtis Quebec	Patrick Murphy	Eugenie	Activity	Providence "New Liverpool	Rhoda	Aurelia Queb:c	Asilda	Lady Forest

Remarks.  Remarks.  ropeller, tug o do o do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	do do do do ()  Side-wheel, passenger, Quebec ()  Wild Et. Jean des Challons.
ion—Continued.  Remarks.  Ride-wheel, propeller, tug, Harbour.  do do do  do do do  do do do do  do do do do  do do do do  do do do do  do do do do  do do do do  do do do do  do do do do do  do do do do do  do do do do do  do do do do do do  do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	
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Carbected for the Year of Collector.  Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.  Quebec	
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	! !
STEAM VESSELS   Name of Vessel.   Port of In	op %
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STEAM Name of Vessel.  Ply  atherine  indore Holiwell  Softcal  ory  ory  lenger	
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STEAM V  Name of Vessel.  St. Catherine	Albion
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	. 10(	oria,	•		S	essio	nal	Pap	er	8 (N	lo. 3.	.)			A	. 1	57 <b>9</b> -
tug, Montreal and	passenger, Quebec	r, tug, Montreal	, tug, Quebec	Montreal and	Montreal and	Montreal and	op	οp	qo	, tug, Quebec	tug, Montreal	Montreal and	Montreal and	do	senger, Quebec	qo	Montreal and
Side-wheel, tu	Side-wheel, passe	Screw, propeller, and Bic.	Screw, propeller, Harbour.	Side-wheel, tug, Quebec.	Side-wheel, tug, Gulf.	Side-wheel, tug, Quebec.	do	do	qo	Screw, propeller, Harbour.	Screw, propeller, and Gulf.	Side-wheel, tug, Quebec.	Side-wheel, tug, Bic.	ор	Side-wheel, passenger, and Chicoutini.	qo	Side-wheel, tug, Quebec.
			2 5 20						`								
op op	op op	op op	5 Dec.	Dues not paid	op	do	op	do	do	· op	op	op	· op	do	ор	do	do
/ 33/	149	103	4 0 20	19 Du	06	33		131	85	34	267	99	125	152	469	654	7.1
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/0ct.	'July	April 1	June 8	April 17	July 10	Aug. 3	0ct. 8	Aug. 6	do 8	May 18	June 25	do 25	April 28	May 29	do 24	June 10	do 10
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Boston	Cly Je	Admiral D. D	Ruby	Canada	Contest	Eclipse	Gatineau	12. Hero.	Helen	Mersey	Progress	Scotchman	Powerful	Ranger	St. Lawrence	Saguenay	St. Charles

Quebec Not running, nor inspected ф ф ф ф Screw, propeller, tug, Harbour. STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.—Quebec Division.—Concluded. Remarks. ф ф Totals. ..... Dues not paid ..... 56825 ment. Date of Pay-446 оþ ф ф မှ ф aspection Fees 56 cts. Tonnage Dues. 379 : 8744 293 137 8 23 nage. 199 11211 ಜ 466 9 Gross Tonnage. 20 Date of Inspec-Lampson's Boom, J. W. Dunscomb... | May Not running ...... Not inspected ...... Port of Inspection. Name of Collector. မှ ф ф Shannon..... St. Andrew .... Conqueror, No. 1 ..... Secret Secret Name of Vessel. Betsiamis.....

JOS. SAMSON, Steamboat Inspector.

STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878. MARITIVE PROVINCES DIVISION.

	• *			11(1);		aja	, ,, (	11.5.	0.7								
Remarks.	M adol 30 sus	Screw, tug, Sv. sonn, 19.5.	do do	do do	do do	op op	Screw, passengers, St. John, N.B.; Yanmouth, N.S.; Boston, U.S.	Screw, tug, Halifax, N.S.	do do	Sea-going, freight and passengers.	Screw, lighthouse service.	Screw, lighthouse and buoy service.	Screw, tug, St. John, N.B.	do do	Paddle do	Paddle, passengers, River St John.	Screw, tug
Totals.	\$ cts.		1 28	88 9	6 48	6 16	48 18	89 8	6 72	34 24	:		7 80	7 72	11 36	26 44	1 68
Date of Pay. ment.			dn 27	March 8	do 11	do 22	do 14	do 26	do 26	do 26			March 28	do 28	do 28	April 6	ż op
Inspection Fees.		 ດຸ	ۍ.	بر سے –	10	10	<b>o</b>	5	20		_ <u>·</u>		. <u> </u>	25	2	<del></del>	20
Топпаве Dues,	\$ cts.	1 84	2 28	1 88	1 48	1 16	40 18	3 68	1 72	26 24			• 2 80	2 72	6 36	18 44	89 8
Registered Ton- nage.	,	12	21	32	18	6	390	65	23	202			48	21	24	328	13
Gross Tonna e.		46	22	47	37	53	574	76	43	656			20	89	159	461	19
Date of Inspec-	ì	0. 13	23	March 8	11	21	21	23	23	22	56	26	53	53	98	ril 2	~ ·
Name of Collector.		J. R. Ruel Feb.	ор ор	do Ma	ор ор	ор ор	Н. А. Hood do	Wm. Ross do	ор ор	ор ор	Steamer. do	op op	J. R. Ruel do	ор ор	op op	do April	op op
Port of Inspection.		John, N.B	ор	ф ор	ф ор	ф ор	ор	lifax, N.S	ор	ор	Dominion	op		ф ор	фор	ор	op
Name of Vessel.		Norman	Derigo	St. John	St. G orge	12 Victor	Dominion	Goliah Halifax, N	Henry Hoover	Venezia	Newfield	Glendon	Richard Doan St. John, N.B	Captain	General	Starr	G. D. Hunter

Name of Vessel.	Port of Inspection.	nspection. Name of Collector.	ctor.	Date of Inspec- tion.	Gross Tonnage.	Registered Ton- nage.	Tonnage Dues.	Inspection Fees.	Date of Pay-	ment.	Totals.	Ветагкя.
		o N				9	\$ cts.	<b>69</b> 4		9	\$ cts.	Podd
Hercules		do		Aprii do	2 4 3 8	87 24	- m	. ro	April		8 48	Screw, tug
Sunbury	do	do		qo	6   18	184   109	7 36	ري. دي	April	18	12 36	d 1 g do
Ada G	op	do		qo	6 10	102 31	4 08	10	qo	18	80 6	op op
Lincoln	ф ор	op		qo	9	87   33	3 48	22	qo	18	8 48	op op
Xanthus	ф ор	op		do 1	10	64 23	2 56	20	qo	10	99 4	Screw, tug do
Piger	ф ор	ф		do 1	11   10	105 20	4 20	70	March	28	9 30	Paddle, tug, do
David Weston	op	qo		do 1	12 76	765   552	č9 0E	<u></u>	April	81	38 60	do pass, do
May Queen	ф ор	ф ор	:	do 1	12   50	502 361	20 08	<b>∞</b>	qo	18	28 08	op op op
Ражи	ф	•••• op	i	do 1	17 62	621   457	24 84	<b>∞</b>	op 	18	32 84	op op op
Empress	ор	do.	:	do 2	20 93	099   626	37 16	<b>∞</b>	qo	18	45 16	do do Bay of Fundy.
Annie Stuart	Halifax, N.S.	Wm. Ross	i	do 3	30	35 21	1 40	2	op	30	6 40	Screw, steam yacht, Hallfax, N.S.
Lady Head	ор	ор		do 3	30 Доп	Dominion steamer.	eamer.					do light-house service.
Marysville	Fredericton, N.B A. F. Street.	A. F. Street	***	May 1	10 2	25 25	1 00	7.0	op	œ.	00 9	Paddle, ferry-boat, Fredericton.
Sarah H	op	e e	i	do 1	10 8	81 81	3 24	70	<b>&amp;</b>	9	8 24	op op op
Soulanges	op	op -	i	do 1	10 31	318 200	12 72	∞	op	17	20 72	do passenger, St. John River.
Flamborough	St. John, N.B	. J. R. Ruel		qo	9 /11	670 455	26 80	8 	ор 	20	34 80	Screw, freight steamer.
Prince bribar	3	3	<b>(</b>	1. 80	1	544/2	BY 18 / EME	6	P LI URA	32	_	29 18 Paddle, passenger, St. John River.

<b>4</b> 2 =	V	ict	orı	ı.				Se	ssior	nal E	ape	ers	(1)	lo.	3.	)				Δ.	187	79-
8   Screw, tug, St John, N.B.	do steam yacht, Halifax, NS.	do do do	do pass., Halifax to St. Pierre.	do steam yacht, Halifax, N.S.	do tug, Pictou, N S.	do do do	do ferry-boat, Pictou, N.S.	Paddle, tug, do	Screw, pass., Pictou to Magdalen Islands.	Paddle, passenger, P. E. Island, Nova Scotia and N. Brunswick.	Paddle, ferry, Charlottet'n, P.E.I.	Screw, tug do	op op	Paddle, passenger, P. E. I nd.	Screw, tug, P. E. Island.	Paddle, ferry do	Screw, freight do	Screw, ferrry, Georgetown, P.E.I.	Paddle, passenger, P. E. Island, Nova Scotia and N. Brunswick.	Paddle, ferry, Newcastle, N.B.	Stern-wheel, pass. do	Screw, tug do
80 2 18	6 40	5 24	22 48	5 44	7 40	5 68		10 44	14 96	45 40	17 60	2 48	6 52	15 40	2 40	12 88	88 91	2 80	41 80	88 9	15 40	2 00
1 33	23	23	22	23	23	01		25	10		78	31	4	31	30	25	31	7		17	12	12
5 May	5 / do	do /	do	op /	qo	ф .		qo	ф -	June	op	May	June	May	qo	June	Мау	June	qo	qo	ф	ф
~. •			8	9	5	2		20	· ·	<b>0</b> 0	ໝົ	20	70	80	10	∞	00	10	<b>o</b> o	70	00	20
80 8 16	0+0 /	0 24	14 48	0 44	2 40	89 0	ner.	5 44	96 9	37 49	09 6	0 48	1 52	7 40	0 40	4 88	88 88	08 0	33 80	1 88	7.40	2 00
61 / 29	·*	33	257	6	- 38	=======================================	n steamer.	59	8.2	630	186	6	36	95	2	34	149	20	675	88	139	15
_	01 /	9	362	111	09	17	Dominion	136	174	935	239	12	88	185	01	122	222	20	845	1.7	185	09
11 op	33	22	23	23	24	24	25 [	25	27	29	53	29	 e	30	31	31			က	13	13	13
-	/ do	op /:	op /	do	qo	qo	qo	qo	, do	qo	qo	qo	qo	op	qo	qo	June	op	ਾਰ	qo	qo	op
do	Ross	1			nald	:	i	:	-							:		E.I Chas. Owen		Наседом		:
p /	/Wm. 1	op /:	op /	op	D. McDonald	qo	qo	ф	op	D. Carrie.	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	op	Chas. Ow	E.I D. Currie	R. B. Hac	do	qo
do	I, N.S			i	i		:			et'n, P.E.I.		:		- ::		:		wa, P.E.I	et'n, P.E.I	:	<del></del> :	-:
/	/Halifa	/ do	op /	do	Pictou,	do	ф	do	do	Charlotte	do	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	Georgeto	Charlott	Newcast	qo	qo
Neptune	Arrow  Halifar, N.S.	Carrie	G.o. Shattnek	Whisper	Tiger N.S	Gipsy	Mayflower	Dragon	Albert.	Princess of Wales Charlottet'n, P.E. I. D.	South o.t.	Winnie	Henry Aitkin	Heather Belle	Daisy	Elfin	Alpha	LionGeorgetown, P.	St. Lawrence Oharlottet'n, P.	Lady Dufferir Newcastle, N.B	Andover	Bultan

							١				
Name of Vessel.	Port of Inspection	Port of Inspection. Name of Collector.	Date of Inspec- tion.	Gross Tonnage.	Registered Ton- nage.	Топпяке Dues.	Inspection Fees	Date of Pay-	ment.	Totals.	Remarks.
			   	<u> </u>		& cts.	69		 	ets.	
New Era	Newcastle, N.B	R. B. Haddow	June 14	54	43	2 16		June	12	7 16	Paddle, ferry, Newcastle, N.B.
Grip.	op	ор	do 14		2	0 12	10	do	17	5 12	Screw, yacht do
Derby	op	ф ор	do 14		~	0 44	20	July	23	5 44	do tug boat, do
Relief Chatham,	N.B	D. Ferguson	do 15	92	17	3 04	. دم	June	4.	8 04	do tug, Chatham, N.B.
Teaser	op	ор	do 15	43	24	1 68	20	qo	<del>-</del>	89 9	Paddle ferry do
St. Patrick	do	ор	do 17	- 22	13	2 08	25	qo	7	80 2	Screw, tug do
Laddie	ор	op	do 17	42	- 58	1 68	20	qo	17	89 9	do do
Gipsy Bathurst	Bathurst	. Wm. J. O'Brien	do 18	53	23	2 12	20	qo	50	7 13	Paddle, tug, fathurst, N.B.
Eastriding Dalbousie.	Dalhousie	. Wm. Montgomery	do 19	82	43	3 40	20	qo	e:	8 40	do Dalhousie, N.B.
Gladiator Richibucto,		N.B J. Rush	do 20	02	37	2 80	-6	qo	21	7 80	Screw, ing, Richibucto, N.B.
Utopia St. George,		do J. A. Moran	do 27	17	17	89 0	20	qo	· · · · ·	5 68	do St. George, do
Fred. ClinchMusquash,	Musquash, do	J. R. Ruel	do 29	13	က	0 52	70	May	50	5 52	do Musquash, do
Enterprise	St. John, do	ор	July 4	7.3		2 88	20	June	76	88 1	Paddle, ferry, Millidgeville, N.B.
Alida	Yarmouth, N.S	. Н. А. Ноод	do 8	64	29	2 56	25	July	9	7 56	Screw, tug, Yarmouth, N.S.
G. W. Johnston	op	op	qo 8	7.5	35	2 88	ಬ	op	ς	1 88	do do
Wm. Stroud	St. Stephen, N.B H.	H. Webber	do 17	229	156	16 03	00	Jany.	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	24 03	Screw, passenger, St. Stephen to Grand Manan Island.
Breek		N.B J. B. Buel	80	- - - -		* 1   		5 3 uly	2	44 0	Screw, tug, St. John River,

7	₹ V ==	ict	ori	a.			S	ess	ion	al	Pa	per	s (	No	. 3	.)				A	<b>.</b> 1	879
3 / do passenger, Coastwise, N.S.	op op /	Screw, ballast boat, Halifax, N.S.	do water boat, do	Paddle, ferry, Gondola Point, N.B.	Screw, passenger, Minas Basin, N.S.	Paddle, ferry, St. John, N.B.	do Fredericton, N.B.	Paddle, tug, do	op op	Paddle, ferry, Grandique, C.B.	Screw, tug, Sydney, C B.	Paddle, ferry, do	Screw, tug, do	Screw, tug, Cow Bay, C.B.	do Caledonia, C.B.	do Little Glace Bay, C B.	Paddle, tug, Lingan, C B.	Screw, tug, Sydney, C.B.	Paddle, passenger, Eydney, C.B.	Screw, passenger and freight, Hali- fax, N.S.	do steam yacht, Halifax, N.S.	14 00 fraddle, ferry, Halifax, N S.
1 17 76	11 88	8 56	5 24	6 12	14 80	24 96	5 72	6 84 I	96 9	92 9	5 52 5	7 44 [	6 84 5	10 60 S	8 40	8 48	7 88 F	7 04	13 52 1	33 72 8	5 12	14 00 ft
33	22	4	20	<u> —</u>	63	ا مر	21	-	11	<b>5</b> 6	- - - - - -	- 5c	797	-	- 2	~~	24	23	-	22	23	17
8 / do	op/	op /	do	Aug.	qo	Sept.	May	June	Мау	Sept.	qo	qo	do	Oct.	Dec.	Oct.	Sept.	Oct.	qo	op	July	Oct.
19,	8/	- 2	20	20	- œ	<u></u> ∞	ທ	10	10	10	10	10	2	- 20	-10	70	10	٠. -	· ω	œ	10	<u>-</u>
916 / 8	88 6 /	3 58	0 24	1 12	03 9	16 96	0 72	1 84	1 96	1 76	0 52	2 44	1 84	5 60	3 40	3 +8	2 88	2 04	5 53	25 72	0 12	00 9
991 / 71	1 183	69	20	- F1	93	169	18	46	10	33	30	 %	20	 8	46	46	45	24	7.3	215		150
7 244	/ 247	89	9	28	170	424	18	46	49	44	13	19	46	140	26	28	73	51	138	613	n	150
33	33	23	23	31	64	 9		=		24 -	25	25	56	26	27	27	- 12	82	- 58			13
, <b>d</b> o	op /	op	op	op	Aug.	qo	Sept. 1	do 1	do 1	do 2	do 2	do 2	do 2	do 2	do 2	do 2	do 2	do 2	do 2	Oct.	do	
/Wm. Ross		op	) op	. R. Ruel	A. J. Townsend A	J. R. Ruel	F. Street	ор ор	ор	B J. Flynn	S. Bown	р ор	ор	Wm. Bown	D. McKeen	H. Rigby	R. D. Laffin	T. S. Brown	C. E. Leonard	Wm. Ross	ρορ	do
/Halifax, N.S	ор /:	/ do	/op	3t. John, N.B			redericton, N.B	op	ор	randique, C.B J.	vdney, C.B T.	т ор	ф ор	-		ittle Glace Bay, C. C. B.		rdney, C.B	do	alifax, N.S	op	ор
M. A. Starr  Halifax,	Edgar Stuart	Robbie Burns	Water Boat	J. C. Vail  St. John, N.B	Earl Dufferin Parsborough, N.S.	Western Extension St. John, N.B	New Dominion Fredericton, N.B., A.	Nypias	Bismark	Richmond Grandique, C.	Annie Sydney, C.B	CLady of the Lake	Unicorn	D. P. Ingraham Cow Bay, C.B	L. Boyer Caledonia, C.B	E. M. Cates Little Glace C.B.	Dolphia C.B	Favorite Sydney, C.B	Neptune	DeltaHalifax, N.S	Wintle	Mic Mac

STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878-Maritime Provinces Division-Continued.

Nowood of Woods	Done of Transcotion Name of Collector	Nome of Collector	-pədsuI	.oganno?	-noT bər	ge Dues.	sees noi	-ys4 1	Totals.	. Remarks.
Name of Vessel.	rore or mapecaton.		Date of tion,	r ssorð	etsigeA egan	ввипоТ	Juspec	Date o		
						S cts.	<del>60</del>		♣ cts.	
Chebucto   Halifax, N.	Halifax, N.S	.S Wm. Ross	Nov. 12	108	108	4 32	∞	0ct. 17	12 32	Paddle, ferry, Halifax, N S.
Sir G. Ogle	ор	ор	do 13	126	126	5 04	œ	do 17	13 04	op op
A. C. Whitney	ф	ф ор	do 13	62	#	2 48	20	Nov. 14	7 48	Screw, tug do
Perseverance	Woodstock, N.B	D. F. Merritt	Not insp'd	20	20	Laid	up, r	Laid up, not in use	- :	Paddle, ferry, Woodstock, N.B.
Frank Summersid	Summerside, P.E.1	C. W. Strong	op	96	31	į	qo			do Summerside, P.E.I.
<b>EDot</b> 3t. John, N.B		J. R. Ruel	op	3.	10	:	do			Screw, tug, St. John, N.B.
Lion Wallace, N.S	Wallace, N.S	Wm. MacNab	do	10	4	•	do			do Wallace, N.S.
Wellington Pictou, N.S	Pictou, N.S	D. McDonald	qo	75	21		do			Paddle, tug, Antigonish, N.S.
La HaveBridgewater, N.S	Bridgewater, N.S	H. A. Harley	do	48	32	į	do			Screw, tug, Bridgewater, N.S.
Onangondy St. John, N.B	St. John, N.B	J. R. Ruel	qo	294	86	Laid up,	up, r	repairing boiler	oiler	Paddle, ferry, St. John, N.B.
Seud	op	ф ор	Nov. 7	481	286	19 24	<b>o</b> o	Nov. 30	27 24	do passenger, Bay of Fundy,
AlphaPicton, N.S	Pictou, N.S	D. McDonald Dec.	Dec. 12	36	25	1 44	10	May 25	6 44	Screw, tug, Pictou, N.S.
Daisy Halfax. N.S.	Halfax, N.S	Wm. Ross.	do 14	47	<b>x</b>	1 88	70	Dec. 16	88 9	do Halifax, N.S.
Total, 108 Steamers.			, [	15873	1666	619 93	577		1226 93	

W.M. M. SMIIIH, Deputy Chairman, Board of Steamboat Inspection.

STEAM VESSELS Inspected for the Year ended 81st December, 1878. BRITISH COLUMBIA DIVISION.

Remarks.		Passenger and freight, Victoria to Nanaimo.	Passenger and freight, Victoria to Wrangle.	Tug boat, Burrard Inlet.	Passenger and freight, Victoria to New Westminster.	Freight boat.	Passenger and freight, New West- minster to Yale.	op op	Freight and Tug.	Freight boat, Skeena River.	Passenger and freight, Victoria to Nanaimo.	Tug boat.	Ferry boat, New Westminster.	Freight boat, Fraser River.	Passenger and freight, Stickecn River.
Totals.		16 56	15 44	8 92	26 72	15 76	25 56	20 56	6 40	2 80	20 08	21 28	5 24	5 16	20 08
Date of Pay- ment.		y. 29	. 12	ch 20	ri1 23	8	00	8	e3	9 '	e e	7 29	30	9 30	8 6
		Jany.	Feb.	March	April	July	op	<b>9</b>	June	Мау	June	May	op —	June	July
Inspection Fees.	₩	<b>∞</b>		.c				· <del></del>		20	<b>∞</b>		¥0 ———	<u>20</u>	<b>∞</b>
Топпаде Dues.	\$ cts.	8 56	7 44	3 92	18 72	92 4	17 56	12 56	1 40	0 80	12 08	13 28	0 24	0 16	12 08
Registered Ton- nage.		156	128	83	350	149	322	216	22	13	232	192	4	63	178
Стоза Топпаде.		213	186	86	468	193	439	314	35	19	302	332	•	m	302
tion.		14	11	1 18	22	26	26	26	39	4	20	28	27	18	-
Date of Ingper		Jany.	Feb.	March 18	April	do do	op -	qo	do	Мау	op	op ,	ф	June	July
spection. Name of Collector.		B.C Wymond Hamley Jany.	op	op	do	Wm. Henry Lowe	·· op	ф ор	Wymond Hamley	ор	т ор	т ор	ф	ф	Alex. Hunter July
aspection.		B.C				minster.	:		В.С			:	Ī	•	
Port of In		Victoria,	qo	do	qo	New West	qo	qo	Victoria,	qo	qo	go	do	đo	Wrangle.
Name of Vessel.		MandeVictoria,	Grappler	Etta White	EWilson G. Hunt	Glenora New Westminster.	Royal City	Reliance	EmmaVictoria,	III	Cariboo Fly	Alexander	Nellie Taylor	Brunette	Gertrude Wrangle

ht, Burrard
Passenger and freight, Burr Inlet. Freight and tug, Fraser River.
6 16
25
qo
5
1 16
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2
2
9
wm. Henry Lowe.
TO LIGHT TO THE TOTAL THE MAN AND PRINTING POTENTIAL IN THE

=	_				Dei
;00t. 22   158   108   8 40   8  00t. 23   14 40  Tug boat.	do 28   971   634   38 84   8   do 31   46 84   Passenger and freight, Victoria to New Westminster.	7 44 Passenger and freight, Fraser River.	7 85 Passenger and freight, New West- minster to Nanaimo.	6 36 Freight boat, Nanaimo.	
7 14 40	46 84	7 44	7 85	98 9	467 93
. 83	31			=	-
1000	op/	Nov.	đo	op	-
8 10	8	20	10	۰۵	
40/6	/ 38 84	27 2 44 5 Nov. 11	71 57 2 85 5 do	31 1 36 5 do	264 93 2
ior /	<b>₹</b> 59 /	27	22	31	,514
991 /	116	2 60	11	33	368
23	82		20		9
,'Oot.	./ do	Nov.	op	qo	
op /	op /	stminster/John S. Clute/Nov.	op	T. Peck do	6,368 4,514 254 93 213
·······	:-	tminster	:	T	
/ de	op /	New Wes	op	Nanaimo	
Beaver	Olympia	Gem /New Web	Ada	Hyack N	Total

THOS. WESTGARTH,
Steamboat Inspector.

STEAM VESLELS Inspected for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.

MANITUBA DIVISION.

		ght, City Rapids.	freight,	and As-	qo	freight,	wer Fort Is.	freight, vers.	of Winni-	nd Rap-	ipeg and	f Winni-		tor.
	Remarks.	Screw, passenger and freight, City of Winnipeg and Grand Rapids.	Stern-wheel, passenger & freight, Red and Assiniboine Rivers.	Side-wheel, freight, Red and Assiniboine Rivers.	qo	Stern-wheel, passenger & freight, Red and Assiniboine Rivers.	Twin-screw, freight, Lower Garry and Grand Rapids.	Side-wheel, passenger and freight, Red and Assiniboine Rivers.	Side-wheel, ferry, City or peg and St. Boniface,	Stern-wheel, freight, Grand Rapids and Edmonton.	Screw, tug, City of Winnipeg and Beren's River.	Twin-screw, tug. City of Winni-	dogues and god	ABELL, Steamboat Inspector
	Totals.	\$ cts.	7 66	6 75	7 10	17 67	16 48	14 52	8 36	37 27	5 91	9 40	137 45	ABEL
	Date of Pay- ment.	E 1	50	12	March 28	rii 25	12	13	15	ii 12	g. 21	19		站
	Inspection Fees.	5 April	5 do	2 do	5. Ma₃	5 April	5 do	5 June	- qo	5 April	5 Aug.	5 do	1 20	EDW ARD
	see'M doitheam!	33	99	- 12:	- - 21	67	48		98	27	16	40	45 65	N C
	Tonnage Dues.	<b>9</b>		-	8	12 6	11	6	88	32.2	。 。	4	82 4	团
TOTAL	Registered Ton-	13	33	23	78	114	134	98	1.1	291	15	74	888	
AANII OBA DIVISION.	Gress Tonnage.	61		- 52	ဓ	180	164	136	<b></b>	461	23	110	1,269	
LIN	tion,	-	12	16	22	25	1-	13	14	27	12	13		
- W	Date o Inspec-	April	op Op	မွ	do	qo	May	June	op	qo	Aug.	qo_	<u>.</u>	
	Inspection. Name of Collector.	. Spencer	ор	ф 	ор	qo op	op	ор	ор	ор	op	ор		
	Name c	Geo. B												
	of Inspection.	r Fort Garry.	ор	do	ф ор	ipeg	r Fort Garry.	ipeg		Rapids	jpeg		•	
	Port of	Lowe	<del></del>			Winn	Lower F	Winn.	ор —	Grane	Winn	op -		
	Name of Vessel.	Lady Ellen Lower Fort Garry. Geo. B. Spencer April	Swallow	Keewatin	Prince Rupert	Alpha Winnipe	Colvile	Cheyenne Winnipe	Adelaide	Northcote Grand Rapids	Victoria Winnipe	W. M. Robinson	Totals	

## APPENDIX No. 3.

STATEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties reported as having occurred to British, Canadian and Foreign Sca-going vessels in Canadian waters, and to Canadian Sea-going vessels, in other waters, from 1st January, 1878, to 31st December, 1878.

Amount.	\$ 16,000 cargo 2,500	Triffing.	1,200 cargo 75	5,000	2,800	15,000	4,000
Isitra or Partial Loss.		Partial	Total	т ор	Partial	Total	Partial.
Lives Lost.		:					,
Casualty	Chains parted.	Loss of sails, Stress of wea Partial., Triffing ther.	Drifted on a Current Total rock in a calm.	Error of judg- ment.	Current	Tug cast off Total the ship.	Fog Partial.
Nature of Casualty.	Stranded	Loss of sails.	Drifted on a rock in a calm.	Stranded on bar.	Stranded	op	do
Place where Casualty happened.	626 Joe Flogger Break- Stranded Chains parted Total U.S.	to Schooner 124 Banks of New-foundland.	81 Bay of Fundy	266 Nassau, New Pro-Stranded on Error of judg bar. ment.	237 North Rock, Baha- Stranded Current Partial ma Bank, W.1.	Sapelo Island, Doboy, U.S.	796 20 miles S.E. of S. W. Point, Anti-
Register Tonnage.	626	124		266	237	1046	796
E. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	Barque	Schooser	op	Brigantine	qo	Ship	to Barque
Port sailed from.	mouth, N.S. Antwerp to Phila-Barque	rlottetown Canso, N. S., to E.I. Greenock, G.B.	dsor, N.S. Cheverie, N.S., to Bangor, U.S.	sboro, N.S Wilmington, U.S., to Brigantine Porto Rico, W.I.	Halifax, N.S Halifax, N.S., to Matanyas, W.I.	obn, N.B. Darien, U.S., to Glass-Ship 1046, Sapelo Island, Dogrobn, G.B.	G.B.,
Port of Registry.	Yarmouth, N.S.	Charlottetown P.E.I.	Windsor, N.S.	Parrsboro, N.S	Halifax, N.S	St. John, N.B.	Alloa London, Quebec.
- <del>V</del> Ee•	13	10	11	12	87	21	22
Name of Vessel.	Abigail	Alice Myrick	April 26 Acorn	Arctic	10 Athol Cran	19 Americana	6 Adriatic
Date of Casualty.	13 <b>5</b>	Jan	April 26	Mar	do 10	do 19	Мау 6

Vessels.—Continued.
Sea-going
2
Casualties
and (
of Wrecks
of
STATEMENT

Amount.	\$ 20,050	20,000	2,300	1,200	3,000	1,300	6,000	2,500 cargo 264	1,600	120
Taitra To fatoT Loss.	10 Total	op	Partial	op	Total	Partial	Total	op	op	Partial.
Lives Lost.	10				į		i	<u> </u>		
Cause of Casualty.		of Heavy sea Dismasted	Error of judg- ment,	Fog	Parted chains	of Loss of masts Squall	Stranded Strong current Total heavy sea.	Thick fog and drifted.	Thick fog	
Nature of Casualty.	Nothing heard of the vessel since sailg	Неату веа	Stranded	Collision	Stranded	Loss of masts	Stranded	op	op	RottonMain-
Place where Casualty happened.	492 Atlantic Ocean N	634 100 miles S.E. of Sandy Hook, Atlantic Ocean.	155 Near Darke Har- Stranded Error of judg- bour, Grand Ma-	573 Off Brier Island, Collision Fog Bay of Fundy.	81 Bathurst Harbour, Stranded Parted chains Total	99 80 miles S.W. of Cape Sable, N.S	148 Heart's Point, Newfoundland.	118 West side of Gan- ret Rock Ledge.	22 Wining P'nt Beach Cape Breton, N.S	63 Lat. 41° 38" N.
Register Tonnage.		634				6	148	118	22	_
.g. %	Barque	do	to Schooner	Barque	Schooner	do	ф ор	do	ор	op
Port sailed from Port bound to.	4½ Charlottetown New York, U.S., to Barque Queenstown, G.B.	New York, U.S., to Dunkirk.	W.I., N.B.	Galway, Irl'd, to St. Barque John, N.B.	Bathurst Harbour, N.B.	Liverpool, N.S.St. John to Boston, U.S.	ohn, N.B New York, U.S., to St. John, Nrd.	Parrsboro, N.S St. John, N.B., to Queenstown, 1rl'd.	Yarmouth, N.S., to Cape Breton, N.S.	do 28/Alex McKenzie 11 Shelburne, N.S. Lockport, N.S., to
Port of Registry.	Charlottetown P. E.I.	Windsor, N.S., New York, Dunkirk.	St. John, N.B	ор	op	Liverpool, N.S.	St. John, N.B.	Parrsboro, N.S	17 Yarmouth, N.S.	Shelburne, N.E
Age.	<u> </u>	4	=	4	- œ	15	IO.	90	11	تا م
Name of Vessel.	Unkno'n Assyrian	16 Advocate	Sune 13 A.F. Randolph 11 St. John, N.B. Barbadocs, St. John,	23 Antwerp	14 Annie W	18 A. C. Major	Aug. 19 Addie & Nellie	6 Adria	July 10 Alice May	 3 Alex McKenzie
Date of Cagualty.	Unkno'n	May 16	136	do 23	July 14	do 18	Aug. 19	Sept. 6	July 10	do 26

34.7v 1

	ctori:	<b>3.</b>		Ses	sion	al Pa	pe <b>rs</b>	(No.	3.)				<b>A</b> . 1	.879
\ 1,200	2,400	2,000	Triffing.	Not known.	8,000	100	6,000	2,500	2,500 cargo 1,250	1,800 cargo 600	Partial Not known.	25	3,500	4,000 cargo 1,960
Total	Partial.	т ор	т ор	op	Total	Partial	lotal	do		op	artial	op	op	lotal
	_			1	-		:		:		<u> </u>		i	-
/Thick fog an floodtide see ting vesse on shore.	./Error of judg-	Stress of wea.	Error of judg	at Stress of wea-	- ор	Misstayed	Stress of wea	ор	Heavy sea and strong tide.	Stress of wea- ther.	Sportaneous combustion.	Steamer "Countess."		Fog
off Stranded,	Collision	Leaky	Ground Stranded rse, River wrence.		Stranded	op	Dismasted & leaky.	Stranded	qo	do	Burnt	Collision	Loss of sails & b'lwarks	Stranded
114 Green Island, of Stranded, Thick fog and Cape Sable Isl'd, difference of the Cape Sable Isl'd, the case on the case on the cape on shore.	463/Off Bellechasse   Light.	635 Lat. 40° N., Lon, Leaky.	1119 Middle Ground Traverse, River St. Lawrence.	1533 During the voyage Damaged sea.	86 Red Island, Labra-Stranded	233 Near Point St. Lawrence, River St. Lawrence.	307 Lat. 40° 20' N., Dismasted & Stress of wea Total Lon. 55° 56' W. leaky. ther.	93 Hurly Burly, P.Q Stranded	133 12 miles east of Oape Ray, Nfld.	66 Little Harbour, N.S.	479 Port Louis, Mauri-Burnt	562 Quebec Harbour Collision	629 During the voyage Loss of sails Stress of wea-	96 Ship Harbour Bay, Stranded Fog rotal
7	463	635	1611	533 1	-98 -	233 	307	93.F	133 1		479 I	562 (	  -    -	-96
op	to Barque	ор		do	Cape Schooner	to krigantine	op	Rio Schooner	ор	op	Barque	qo	ор	Schooner
14  Arlohat, N.S Boston, U.S., to   Arlohat, N.S.	G.B.,	New York U.S., to Amsterdam.	.B Bristol, G.B., to Que-Ship bec.	Callao, S.A., to Fal- mouth, G.B.	Quebec to Cape Charles, Labrador	Sligo, Ireland, to l Quebec.	N.B., St. John, N.R., to Queenstown, Irel'd	Gaspé, P.Q., to Rio	.B St. Johns, Nfd., to Cow Bay, N.S.	Campbellton, Big Bras d'Or, C.B., to Halifax, N.S.	N.S. Monte Video to Port Barque Louis, Mauritius.	Nor-Quebec Harbour	Baltimore to Bordeaux.	Charlottetown, P.B. Schooner
' 14  Ariohat, N.A	26 New Ross, Ire-Glasgow,   Quebec.	Sweden	Bristol, G.	St. John, N.B.	Quebec	ор	St. John, N B	Jersey, G.B	Arichat, C.B	Halifax, N.S	Shelburne, N.S.	13 Tonsberg, Nor- (	n, N.B	op
		15	31	~ ~	63	91	24	9	13	=	က		4	9
//	28 Albinus	26 Arab Steed	3 A cme	23 Anglo-America.	10 A. Talbot	19 America	Sept. 16 Anglo	9 Aura	1 Alpha	28 Alcyone	5 Alice Muir	Oct. 11 Artemis	Sept Alex. Keith	Nov. 20 Annie B
Sept			_ <del></del>	23 A	10 A	19 A	16 A	<u>8</u>	1 			11 4	- <del></del>	20 A
V	op	qo	do	Oct.	op	දි 1	Sept.	Nov.	do	qo	Aug.	Oct.	Sept	Nov.

STATEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going Vessels.—Continued.

	O +	<u> </u>	•	O 60	00	00	00	50	•	28
Amount.	\$3,800 cargo not known.	1,479	10,000	450 33	1,80 4,00	5,30 2,70	11,24 6,50	$^{9,000}_{1,275}$	8,000	0.50
Am	carg			cargo	1,800 cargo 4,000	5,000 cargo 2,700	11,240 bargo 6,500	cargo		cargo 2,000
Total or Partial Loss.	:	ial	:		:	:	÷	-	:	op
Laitaq to latoT	Total	Part	op	Total	op	op	qo	op	op	
Lives Lost.		Partial.		<u>.</u>						
e ži	₩ ea-	:	:	:		ոdg-		ress of wea- ther & leaky	жеа-	:
Cause of Casualty.	в оf г.	do	do ·	qo		of j	у	s of r & l	s of	op .
ှိ ရ <del>ှိ</del>	Stress	J	Ü		Fog.	Error of judg- ment.	Leak	Stress of wea- ther & leaky	Stress of wea-	
fy.	ed &	and	d R	:	-		led		æ	red
Nature of Casualty	naste	oss of an- chors and chains.	nage a.	nded	qo	qo	ndor	ф		unde
Z GE	178 Lat. 43° 28' N., Dismasted & Stress of wea- Lon. 61° 56' W. abandoned ther.	562 Ulslet, P.Q Loss of chors chains.	at. 38° 5' N., Damaged et Lon. 68° 20' W.   sea.	mile west of Pea Stranded Point Light, Deadman's Har- bour, N.B.			at. 47° 22' N., Abandoned. Leaky		t. 41° 56' N', Sprung Lon. 48° 50' W. leak.	2204Lat, 17º N., Lon Foundered
alty L	×××		×××	mile west of Pea Point Light, Deadman's Har- bour, N.B.	Island,	arble	×.	at. 37° 27' N., Lon. 59° 22' W.	××	3
Place Where Casualty happened.	28 1° 56'	Ġ	30 20	est of the Lands and S. H. B.		11, M	22, 20 47	27, 30, 22,	s 56'	ZZ
Pl lere ( bapp	43°	let, P	n. 88	mile west Point Deadman' bour, N.B.	ame B.	ort Snell, M Head, U.S.	47° n. 32	37° n. 59	419 20. 48	11°
Wh	Lat. Lo		634 Lat.   Lo	 8°8°™	69 Madame C.B.	161 Fort Snell, Marble Head, U.S.	281 Lat. 47° 22' Lon. 32° 47'	182 Lat. 37° Lon. 59°	294 Lat. 41° Lon. 48°	Lat
Register Tonnage.				63 1						22
	to Schooner	to London, Barque		on Woodboat	:	:	tine.	ne	to Brigantine	
Rig.	0001	dne.	op	oqpo	1000	qo	dnen	ganti	ganti	g qo
	Sch				_gc		Bar Bar	Brig	Brig	-3
to.		ndon			o St	. 53. 5	.; t	3., to uba.		00 Z
Port sailed from Port bound to.	N.B	Ļ	, U.8 er, G	John, N.B., fishing voyage.	tpe Canso to Pierre Miquelon	ortland, U.S., New York, U.S.	G.B.	ow Bay, C.B., t St. Jago de Cuba	oville, Ireland St. John, N B.	18, N
r sail	ille, okha	ಭ • .	York	obn, ng v	Can re M	nd, Yor	olis, don,	Bay, fago	le, I John	ago.
Por	Sackville, Grookha	uebe G.B.	ew Glo	t. Je fishi	ape Pier	Portland, New You	Lon	Cow Bay, C.B., to Brigantine St. Jago de Cuba.	Moville, Ireland   St. John, N B.	Pascagoula, N.S., to
		Tonsberg, Nor-Quebec way.	Genoa, Italy New York, U.S., to Gloucester, G.B.	ohn, N.B St. John, N.B., fishing voyage.	Carlisle, Cape Canso to St. Schooner		Liverpool, N.S. Annapolis, N.S., to Barquentine.			
Port of gistry.	rican	rg,N	Ital	n, m	Jarli	ohn, N.B.	o <b>ol,</b> 1	, N.	nn, N	rerpool,
Regi	Americ	onsbe way.	snoa,	St. Joh	New C P.Q.		verp(	Halifax, N.S.	St. John, N.B	Jiver M.
A ge.	2 VI	13 To	_ 2 2	10 St	10 N	7 St. J	4 <u>Li</u>	4 HB	13 St	13/49
	<u> </u>									
me sel.			gelo	lla	and.			Ada Fulton	i	8 Blanche
Name of Vessel.	ta .	emis	hang	រានពរ]	Carc	30пв.	. noı	1 Ful	ruty.	lanc
	13 Anits	5 Artemis	2 Archangelo	22 Armanilla	<del>`</del>	21 Ancons	9 Albion	G A dg	11 Beauty	-8/
Date of Casualty.	li .				Nov. 13 A. Carcand				ä	Jen.
	0 ct.	Nov.	ວຸດ 138	ф	No	Dec.	Nov.	Oct.	Feb.	

~	$rac{V_{ ext{ict}_0}}{=}$	oria.		S	Session	al Pa	pers	(No	. 3.)	)			, <b>A.</b>	1879
000,01	cargo 1,000	2,700	350	2,500 cargo 1,000	100,000	Triffing.	op	8,000	009	2,000	300	8,000 cargo 6,000	30,000	009
op /	op /	т ор	Partial.	Total	т ор	Partial	do	Total	Partial.	do do	op	Total	op	Partial.
<u></u>	<u></u>				•	•	•			-		-	•	- =
#og	do	Heavy squall	Dense fog	Fog.	Девве fog	Fog	Compasses de- ranged.	Stress of wea-	т ор	Fault of tug	N., Lon. Loss of sails Stress of weather.	of Stranded Strong current	Dense fog	tug Jom-
1 Stranded.	. op	Dismasted & abandoned	Collision	Stranded Fog	qo	op	op	<b>o</b> p	Lon. Loss of sails	Collision	Loss of sails	Stranded	т ор	Collision
229/St. Paul's Island Stranded   Fog	155/Rose Head, N.S	$\frac{108}{100}$ Gulf of Florida,	986 Lon. 54° W., Lat. Collision Dense fog	91 Whales Cove, Campbell's, N.B.	1307 S. W. Reef of Bic, River St. Law- rence.	1027 St. Vallier, River St. Lawrence.	Steamer 1216 Isle aux Monts, Cape Ray, Nfid.	Stranger's Key, Ba- hamas, W.I.	681 Lat. 33° N., Lon. 57° 30' W.	681 Annapolis Collision Fault of tug	453 Lat. 41° N., Lon. 51° W.	104 10 miles S.W. of Arago, Porto Rica	802 Black Rock, Ketch Harbor, N.S.	562 Indian Cove, River Collision Fault of St. Lawrence. modgre, modgre.
<b>)</b>					1307	1027	1216	180	681			-	802	
to/Brig	-/ do	Schooner	Barque	Schooner	to Steamer	Barque	Steamer	to Schooner	to Ship	ор	Barkentine	Brigantine	Hali-Barque	ор
Limerick, Ireland, to Brig    Miramichi, N.B.	Boston, U.S., to Lu-   nenburg, N.S.	Mobile, U.S., to Ha-Schooner	Bristol, G.B., to Phi-Barque ladelphia, U.S.	St. John, N.B., St. John, N.B., to Schooner	Newport, G. B., to Montreal, P.Q.	Quebec to London, G.B.	B Cadiz, Spain, to Mon treal, P.Q.	N.B. Manzanilla W.I., to New York, U.S.	N.S Baltimore, U.S., to Rotterdam.	Shelburne, N.S., to Baltimore, U.S.	Wilmington, U.S., to Barkentine	S St. John, Porto Rica, to Ponce, P.R.	to	Quebec to Aberdeen, G.B.
7 Dublin, Ire- Isad.	4 /Lunenburg, N.S.	ор	Yarmouth, N.S.	St. John, N.B.	Exeter, G.B	Newcastle, G.B.	Dundee, G.B	St. John, N.B.	Yarmouth,	op	Windsor, N.S.		Windsor, N.S., Rotterdam	17 Aberdeen, Scotland.
<u> </u>	·-·	<b></b>	4	10	4	16	пеж	-	13	12	62	new	က	11
April 5/Barbara	24/eta	24 Belle	18 B. Hilton	8 Belle Barbour.	5 Blenheim	July 12 Bavelau	9 Barcelona new Dundee, G	5 Bright Star	6 Bessie Crosby.	25 Bessie Grosby 12	7 Birdstow	13 Carleton new Halifax, N	8 Chebucto	25 Commodore
Apı	June 24	qo ;	do 1	Oct. 8	Aug. 5	July 12	0ct. 9	do 5	g op	Aug. 25	Oct. 7	Jan. 13	Мау 8	do 25

Vessels—Continued.
Sea-going
Casualties to
of Wrecks and Casualti
STATEMENTS of

Amount.	9 \$	4,600 cargo 935	25,000 cargo Not known	200	30,000	riffing.	009	Triffing.	3,000 cargo 3,000
laista or Pater laioT .sso.l	artial.	Total	op G	op	op	artialT	ф	do T	op
Lives Lost.		<u>е</u>	m	<u> </u>	:		•		
Cause of Casualty.	Current	Dense fog	S.; lon. Foundered Stress of wea-	Stormy	Stress of wea-	Tow line part-	Stress of Wea-	Error of judg-	Bog
Nature of Casualty.	Stranded	Collision	Foundered	Stranded	ор	Collision	Loss of sails	Collision	Stranded
Place where Casualty happened.	779 White Island Reef, Stranded Current Partial River St. Law-	221 Brier Island, bore Collision Dense fog N.N.E. about 20 miles, Atlantic Ocean	<b>4</b> 9° ₩.	114 St. Jean de Chail- Stranded Stormy	742 Brouse's Island	490 Quebec Marbor Collision Tow line part Partial Trifling.	1098 During the Voyage Loss of sails Stress of wes	1278 Belle Chasse, Riv- Collision Error of judg- er St. Lawrence,	310/10 miles south of Stranded Rog
Register Tonnage.			1124			490	1098	1278	310
Rig.	to Barque	Brigantine	Ship	Barge	to Barque	do	ор	to Steamer	Schooner
Port sailed from. Port bound to.	Cork, Ireland. Cork, Ireland, to	Philadelphia, U.S., to Brigantine St. John, N.B.	ohn, N.B., Pabellon de Pica to Ship 1124 Lat. Cork, Ireland.	Montreal, P.Q. Montreal to Quebec Barge	Yarmouth, N.S Brouse, Ireland, to Hamburg.	shields, G.B., to Montreal, P Q.	London, G.B., to New York.		Wis-Quebec to Liverpool, Schooner
Port of Registry.	Cork, Ireland	Digby, N.S	St. John, N.B	Montreal, P.Q.	Yarmouth, N.S.	North Shields, Shields, G B. Montr	St. John, N.B	4 Glasgow, G.B. London, G.B., Montreal.	Racine, Wis-
Age.	37	10	E	13	-	<del></del>	<del></del>	+	
Name. of Vessel.	8 Canada	June 23 Confederate	29 Cambrian	8 Chas. Edwards	11 Carleton	7 Campsie Glen	20 Cedar Cross	Sept. 30 Cybele	Aug. 16 City of Manitowoo
Date of Casualtv.	May 8	June 23	0 Mny 29	July 8	Mar. 11	Sept. 7	Aug. 20	Sept. 30	Aug. 10

-	Victor	ria.		Sea	sional	Pap	pers	(No.	3.)				Α. 1	879
/004 /	, 67,000 cargo60,000	5,000 cargo 7,500	400 cargo 700	450 cargo 100	Partial Not known.	45,000	Triffing.	3,000	2,000	17,000	200	32,000	1,000	Triffing.
op /	/ Total	op	op	т ор	Partial	Total	Partial.	Total	ор	ор	ф	т ор	ор	Partial . Triffing.
/_		_						9		1	į		က	
/Error of judg-/	Fog	Stress of wea-	Stress of wea-	Error of judg- ment.	Dragged an- chors.	Error of judgr- ment.	op	ор	Stress of wea-	т ор	Error of judg- ment.	Parted chains.	Heavy wind & dark night.	Fog
do	Collision	Dism <b>a</b> sted	Stranded	ор	ор	op	op	ор	op	Abandoned at sea.	Stranded	··· op	т. ор	op op
432/Contrecœur, River	1297 Off Hastings, G. n. Collision	103 Atlantic Ocean Dismasted	17 Crow Island, Charlotte County, New Brunswick.	S.E. end of St. Andrews Chan- nel, Canso, N.S.	199 Sand Point Shoal, Gut of Canso.	1259 Statten Island, South Atlantic.	1170 Traverse, River St. Lawrence.	112 Libby Island	102 Whitehead, N.S	433 Lat. 44° N., Lon. Abandoned 36° W. at sea.	12 Sandy Hook Shoals, S Magdalen Islands	652 Dough Island, Donegal, Ireland	18 Outer Point of Petite Passage, Bay of Fundy.	986 Off Crane Island, Riv.St.Lawrence
		103	17	25	199	1259	170/1	112	102	433	12	652]	18	986
Throo/Steamer	o/Ship	to Ja-Brigantine	a Schooner	ф ор	Brigantine		to Barque	to Schooner	ор	Brigantine	Schooner	to Barque	to Schooner	to Steamer
ţ	.S/Philadelphia, U.S., to/Ship	Halifar, N.S. to Ja- maica, W.I.	St. John, N.B., on a fishing voyage.	ardigan, P.E.I., to Halifax, N.S.	Queenstown, G.B., to Brigantine Gut of Canso, N.S.	St. John, N.B. Rio Janeiro to Calleo Ship	B. London, G.B., to Quebec.	K, N.S.	Halifar, N.S., to PortCaledonia, N.S.	N.S. New York, U.S., to Brigantine Leith, G.B.	Rustico, P.E.I, to Magdalen Islands.	Liverpool, G.B., to St. John, N.B.	St. John, N.B., to Weymouth, N.S.	B. Cardiff, GB., to Montreal.
4  Montreal, P.Q.  Montreal Rivers.	1  Shelburne, .S	Halifax, N.S	St. John, N.B.	10 Charlottetown Cardigan, P.E.I. Halifax,	ор 	St. John, N.B. Ri	21 London, G.B Lo	Windsor, N.S. Yarmouth,	St. John, N.B. He	Windsor, N.S. Ne	4 Charlottetw'n, R. P.E.I.	St. John, N.B. Li	_	5 London, G. B. Ce
<i>)</i>		10	6	2	က	-	77	1-	02	က	4	67	New	ທ
Nov. 12 Ouitivateur	Oct. 26 Commerce	Comrade	Dec. 10 Gelt	5 Centreville	19 Garmenta	4 Cosmopolis	3 Countess of Minto.	7 Caledonia	22 Conquest ,	2 D. M. Dickie	11 Dolphin	8 Danube	13 D. M. Smith New Weymouth, N.S.	July 16 Derwent
Nor.	Oct. 2	do 4	Dec. 10.	Nov. 5	do 19		Sept. 3	Dec. 7	do 22	Mar. 2	May 11	Mar. 8	do 13	July 161

Vessels.—Continued.
s to Sea-going Vessels.
Casualties to
Wrecks and Casualties
STATEMENT of WI

Amount.	\$ 1,800	400	100	3,000	300	200	<b>&amp;</b> n	009	400	700	200
Ато	•	cargo	Withdraw Cong Market		cargo		Triffing 				
Taitra To LatoT Loss.	Partial	чо	ор	ф	ф	Total	Partial. Triffing	do	ф	do	
Lives Lost.				•				:			
Cause of Casualty.	Fog	Leaky	Abutment gave away.	Stress of wea- ther.	List to port.	Fog	Chains parted	Unknown	Tce	St. Law- Collision Thick fog	Not known
Nature of Casualty.	Stranded	op	Damaged by Abutment fall of deals gave awa on deck.	Dismasted	Capsized at low water.	Stranded	op	Fire	Collis'n with Ice.	Collision	gg /
Place where Casualty happened.	to Barque 1213 Grand Manan, Bay Stranded Fog	56 Outer Bar, Mira- michi, N.B.	61 At Wharf,St.John, N.B.	236 Lat. 37° N., Lon 62° 30' W.	55 Victoria Dock, St. Capsized at List to port.	46 Quaco Beach, N.B. Stranded Fog	291 Vineyard Haven, U.S.	39 Spry Bay, N.S	1779 Labrador coast	499 Gulf of St. Law-	90 Yarmouth Harbour
Register Tonnage.	1213							_ ලදි			
Rig.	Barque	to Schooner	op	to Brigautine	to Schooner	op	to Barkentine	Schooner	to Ship	to Barque	o Schooner
Port sailed from. Port bound to.	G.B., N.B.	Tracadie, N.B., to Chatham, N.B.	ohn, N.B., At Wharf, St. John, N.B.	Barbadoes, W.I.	St. John, N.B., to Yarmouth, N.S.	Hall's Harbour, N.S., to St. John, N.B.	Dublin, Ireland, to St. John, N.B.	Halifax, N.S Laid up Schooner	G.B.,	st, Irel'nd Belfast, Ireland, to Chatham, N.B.	Martinique, W.I., to Schooner
Port of Registry.	Liverpool, G.B. Liverpool, St. John,		St. John, N.B	Digby, N.S	Yarmouth, N.S.	Windsor, N.S	St. John, N.B	Halifax, N.S	Glasgow, G.B. Greenock,	Belfa	Weymouth,
Age.	41	Not k'n		es	- <del>-</del>	4	φ	9	24	19	
Name of Vessel.	3D'vd Malcolm- 14	29 Daddy Not Miramichi.	8 Dom Pedro	Delma C	12 Digby	22 Daystar	11 Emily Ray- mond.	21 Eliza A	24 Enoch Train	6 Eva	June 23 Emily Babine . new Weymouth,
Date of Casualty.	July 3	Aug. 29	∞ 50 142	т ор	Nov. 12	Dec. 22	Jan. 11	do 21	April 24	May 6	Jane .

dog 20/Enum.         20/Enum.         1. Ton.         2. Stanks.         6   St. John, N.B.   Habibar, N.S., to Poor!         do         37   Otherword.         Stranded	Viete	ria.			Sessi	ional	Pa	pers	(No.	3.)			<b>A.</b> 1	8 <b>79</b>
Emile			. 20,000	6,000	10,000 cargo 2,503	2,000	250	Not known.	009	400	1,500 cargo 3,500	15,000 c'rgo 20,600	280	4,000 cargo 600
Shahks	./Total				:	Partial			Partial		:	;		Total
Shahks	<u> </u>		•	i	•	-	:							
Bunna J.   6   St. John, N.B.   Gharlottetown, P.E. I   do	Stress of weather.	Parted both chains and drove ashore	go	Stress of wea-	op	go.	Current	Hurrican:	Careless n e s s on part of	Stress of wea-		Hurricane	Stress of wea- ther.	
Emma J.   6   St. John, N.B.   Halifax, N.S., to Port   do	/Stranded	đo	ор	Dismasted & s	ор	Collis'n with I	Collision	Dismasted	Collision	Sprugaleak	Foundered	Thrown on beam ends and badly strained.	Loss of spars and sails.	Stranded
	st/Chimney Oorner	Aspé Bay, Cape North, Cape Bre- ton, N.S.	N.E. Bar of Sable Island, N.S.	Lat 31° 14' N., Lon. 66° 20' W.	Lat. 32° 44' N., Lon. 69° 10' W.	Lat. 51° N., Lon. 48° W.	Montreal	15 miles of S. end of Cuba, W.I.	22 miles S.E. of Cross Island, N.S.	Near Cape St. Law- rence.	10 miles S. of Shel- burne Light, N.S	Lat. 389 25' N., Lon. 70° W.		<u> </u>
Emma J. 6 St. John, N.B. Halifax, N.S., to Port and Emma J. 6 St. John, N.B. Halifax, N.S., to Port and Shanks.  Emily Babine 1 Weymouth, Gaudaloup, W.I., to School Freline	_	-	206	06	192	779	47		166	147	59	1233	762	88
Emma J.	op /	op /	Barque	Schooner	Brigantine	Barque	Schooner		Brigantine	т ор	Schooner	Ship	Barque	Schooner
Emma J.	Oharlottetown, P.E.	Halifax, N.S., to Port Caledonia, C.B.	ondon, G.B., to Philadelphia, U.S.	audaloup, W.I., to Yarmouth, N.S.			fontreal to Quebec.	Iontego Bay, W.I., to Inaquas, W.I.	unenburg, N.S., to Ponce, Porto Rico.	tichibucto, N.B., to Clyde, G.B.		lew York, U.S., to Antwerp.	selfast, Ireland, to Delaware Break- water, U.S.	dary's Point, N.B
Emma J.   6     Emma J.   6     Emma J.   6     Emily Babine   7     Emily Babine   15     Eveline   7     Eulilie   4     Eunice   14     Emblem   6     Emblem   6     Emily Low-   6     Emily Low-   8     ther.   1	a/Halifax, N.S	St. John, N.B.	Norwegian		- #	Greenock, G.B L	:	e e	تو وو		h, N.S.	St. John, N.B.	Yarmouth, N.S	St. John, N.B.
Aug. 20/E. L. Hat mond.         do 22/Emma J. Shanks.         do 22/Emma J. Shanks.         do 28/Emily Babine         Oct. 5/Emily Babine         Aug. 11/Eveline         Oct England         Nov. 18/Emblem         do 25/Emily Low-ther.         do 25/Emily Low-ther.         do 25/Emily Low-ther.         do 25/Emily Low-ther.         Dec. 11/Elysia A	JON A	9	1-					new	do			9	00	-
Aug. 24 El El El El El El El El El El El El El	E. L. Han	Smma J. Shanks.	mma	nily Babine	nily	reline	ıgland		nms	anice	mblem	dith Troop	mily Low-	lysia A
T.W.	Aug. 20	do 22/E				Aug. 11 Ev	OctEn	ng		Oct	Nov. 18 Et	Oct. 12 E		Dec. 11 El

Vessels—Continued.	
o Sea-going	
Casualties to	
Wrecks and	
STATEMENT of	

Amount.	\$ 2,500 cargo 1,475	Partial No loss.	2,500	No damage.	800	3,000	400	Not known. cargo, none.	250 cargo, 250	008 /-
Total or Partial	Total	Partial	Total		Partial	do	op :	e Op	op	. op
· Lives Lost.										
Cause of Casualty.	Snow storm	Fog	Stress of wea Total	Darkness	Ran against wharf.	Stress of wea- ther.	ad carried away mainmast.	Error of judg- ment.	Stress of wea-	Error of judg-
Nature of Casualty.	Stranded	qo	op	op	Damaged by Wharf.	Heavy squall or water-spout.	Forenast he with the	Stranded	qo	op \
Place where Gasualty happened.	120 S. E. Pt. Duck Is-Stranded Snow storm	456 Hell Gate, Long Island Sound, U.S.	133 Dipper Harbor, N.B.	S.E. end of Peter's Island, P.E.I.	137 Wentworthloading Damaged by Ran against ground, Windsor, Wharf. wharf. N.S.	430 Lat. 40° 33' N., Heavy squall Stress of wea- Lon. 66° 5' W. or water ther.	66 Off Cashe's Ledge, Foremast head carried away U.S.	Manicougan Shoal, Glf. St. Lawrence.	26 Trout Cove, N.S	299 St. Peter's Island, P.E.I.
Register Tonnage.	120	456		181	137		99	1134	56	
Rig	Schooner	to Steamer	Schooner	Brigantine	to Schooner	Barque	Schooner	Ship	to Schooner	Brigantine .
Port sailed from. Port bound to.	John, N.B., Machiasport to New Schooner Haven, Conn.	Cow Bay, C.B., to New York, U.S.	John, N.B., St., John, N.B., to Schooner Barbadoes, W.I.	Bermuda to Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Tremont, Mai-Bastport, Maine, to ne, U.S. Windsor, N.S.	wegian New York, U.S., to Barque	napolis, N.S Boston, U.S., to Bridgetown, N.S.	Liverpool, G.B. Quebec to Liverpool, Ship 1134 Manicougan Shoal, Stranded Error of judg-G.B. G.B.	St. John, N.B., to Meteghan, N.S.	arlotteto'n, Oharlot'town, P.E.I., Brigantine P.E.I.
Port of Registry.	St. John, N.B.	Quebec.	St. John, N.B	Charlotteto'n, P.E.L.	Tremont, Maine, ne, U.S.	Norwegian	Annapolis, N.S	Liverpool, G.B.	Weymouth,	Charlotteto'n, P.E.L.
-A g.e.	13	10	=	4	9	4	=	12	new	
Name of Vessel.	22 Ellen	14 Flamborough	25 Free Trade	Fleetwood	12 Fred C.Holden	Notka'a Frieso	June Forest	14 Friga	Notkn'n Fisteno new	6 Fandy
Date of Gasualty.	Dec. 22	Jan. 14	ġo	ор <b>44</b>	May 12	Notkn'n	June	July 14	Notkn'n	June 6

	- 1011	oria.			Ses	ssiona	1 Pa	ipers (	No.	5.)			•	A. 1	2713
970	16,000	2,000	16,000 cargo, 3,000	Partial Unknown.	cargo, 3,000	cargo, 4,600	24,000 cargo20,000	810	200	411	0.	\$,000	12	009	Partial. Unknowa.
op /	op /	op	Total	artial	Total	op	op	Partial	do	do ob	do	op	do 	Total	artial
	_ !			<del></del> -	<u>-</u> -	<del>-</del> -	15		<del>-</del>	•	:	-;	-	- <del></del>	<u> </u>
weather/	gales Sprung a leak	Misstayed	Hurricane	Error in judg-	Not known	Current		A w k w a r d handling of the "Harry Langdale."	Thick fog	Error in judg	Hawser parted	Stress of wea ther.	Errer of judge	do	a Unknown
N., Lon. Heavy we	./Heavy gale:	Stranded Misstayed	Abandoned	Stranded		Stranded	Missing	Collision	Stranded	Collision	ор	N., Leaky	Collision	Stranded	
141/Lat. 52° N., Lo	808/Atlantic Ocean.	133 S. E. point of Spectage lace is and, N.S.	259 Lat. 31° N., Lon Abandoned. Hurricane	104 Glasgow Head, Canso, N.S.	318 Lat. 31° N., Lon. Burnt. 75° 45' W.	33 Bemo Ledge, Cape Stranded Gurrent	771 Not known Missing Not known	888 Norfolk, U.S	50 Big Shippegan Stranded Thick fog Gully, N.B.	715 Off Bellechasse, R. St. Lawrence.	Quebec Harbour	39° 55' n. 65° W.	1084 Upper Traverse, St. Lawrence.	42 Entrance to Canso Stranded Harbour, N.S.	187 Off the Isle of Man. Sprung
_	80%	133	259	104	318	33	77.1	888	20-	212	1295	544 Lat. Lo	084	42	187
to/Schooner	-/Barque	to Schooner	ф ор	ор	to Brigantine	to Schooner	to Barque	ор	Schooner	to Barque		-	do	Schooner	Brigantine
John, N. B./St. John, N.B., to/Schooner	20/Freeman Den- 13 /Yarmouth, N.S/Bristol, G.B., to Phi-Barque	St. John, N.B., Dungarvon, G.B.	St. John, N.B., to Havana, W.I.	Cascumpec, P.E.I., to Boston, U.S.	Savannah, U.S., to London, G.B.	ib, N.S Portland, U.S., to Boston, U.S.	Baltimore, U.S., to Cork, Ireland.	Ont London, G.B., to Bel- fast, Ireland.	United States. Percé, P.Q., fishing. Schooner	Greenock, G.B Montreal, P.Q., to Sharpness, G.B.	Quebec to Liverpool, Ship	Littlehampton Bull River, S.C., U.S., Barque. G.B.	k, G.B Greenock, G.B., to Quebec.	West Arichat, C.B., Schooner to Halifax, N.S	N.S Clyde, Scotland, to Lbemerara, B.G.
7 St. John, N.	3  Yarmouth, N	12 St. John, N.B.	op	Sydney, C.B., N.S.	Annapolis, N.S.	Yarmouth, N.S	op	Kingston, Ont	United States.	Greenock, G.B		Littlehampton l G.B.	Greenoc	Arichat, N.S	
<i>\)</i>	/-u	_ 	2	13	9	-	က	-	16	67	пеж	63	16	27	77
30 Frances	o/Freeman Dev nis.	24 Free Trade	6 Freddie C. Eb-	4 Four Brothers.	6 Florence	Nov. 25 Frank H. Wil- son.	Notkn n Glennala	Garden Island	2 Glad Tidings	Sept. 28 Goatfell	7 Germanic new Quebec	6 Gratitude	4 Geo. Gilroy	10 Glendora	4 Grace Girdler, 24 Halifax,
May	Oct. 2	3. 24				- [97				78	-				
4		-b 10	Oct.	Nov.	Oet.	Nov.	Notk	ខ្ញុំ 145	July	Sept.	op	Oct.	Sept.	Dec.	qo

	Amount.	\$ 5,000 cargo 1,550	23,000	190 cargo 200	13,000	85 cargo 200	250	300		1001
	Total or Partial Lesso.	Total	op	Partial	Total	Partial	op .	- op	No loss	Partial .
ļ	Lives Lost.	:				<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	_		_!
ontinued	Gause of Casualty.	Heating an - chor stock with a fire on deck.	Stress of wea-	op	Dense fog and error of judg- ment in pilot	Stress of wea- ther.	Strong tides	Dragged an-	Ice	Lightning
Vessels—C	Nature of Casualty.	Burnt.	Stranded	Waterlogg'd	Stranded	Dismasted	Stranded	op	Stranded	Mainması  shattered by  lightning.
to Sea-going	Place where Gasualty bappened.	On Flats below Burnt Victoria Bridge.	1564 Gulliver's Hole, Stranded	co Off Cape Cod, U.S. Waterlogg'd	748 South-West Wolf, Stranded Dense fog and Bay of Fundy.	75 miles east from Dismasted Stress of wea Partial cargo Tabusintac, N.B.	1046 Tide Warth, 3 miles Stranded Strong tides below Albert River, N.S.	72 Smith's Island, Pt. Hood, N.S.	558 6 miles E.N.E. from Shippegan Gully, N.B.	72 Port Daniel, P.Q., Mainmast Lightning
sə	AgannoT 19teig9A	171	1564	03	748	75	1046	73	558	- <sup>22</sup>
d Casualti	Big	Schooner	:	to Schooner	Barque	to Schooner	N.S., Barque	Schoc ner	Barque	Schooner
EMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going Vessels—Continued	Port sailed from. Port bound to.	N.S Bear River, N.S., to Schooner 171 On Variation	Havre, France, to St. Ship John, N.B.	St. John, N.B., to New York, U.S.	Antwerp to St. John, Barque	N.B,	Londonderry, N.S., to St. John, N.B.	Port Hood, N.S., to Schotner Halifax, N.S.	Hull, G.B., to Chat-Barque	United States.   Port Daniel, P.Q., Schooner.
Statement	Port of Registry.	Digby,	St. John, N.B.	ор	Porsgrund, Norway.	St. John, N.B., Tracadie, Chatham.	Halifax, N.S Londonderry, to St. John,	т ор		Duited States.
	Age.	9	77	10	23	13	:	70	пеж	=
	Name of Vessel,	8 Heiress	27 Harmonides	9 June 22 Harriett Chase	27 Hebe	8 Hirondelle	24 Howard	H.H. McCurdy	Hertha new Norway	6 Isasc Patch
	Date of Casualty.	Jan, 8	July 27	22 eun 146	Aug. 27	Oct. 8	Nov. 24	Dec. 3	May 6	July

_	Vi <sub>etori</sub> -	a.		8	Sessi	onal	Pap	ers	(No.	3.)				<b>A.</b> 3	1879
008 /	1,500	1,500	10,000 cargo 7,000	2,500	6,000	5,000	2,000 cargo 3,000	5,000	14,500	10,000	2,500	400	Uuknown.	qo	12,000
op /	Total	Partial	Total	••• op	op	••• op	Partial	Total	op	do	Partial	op	 	op	Total
Col./	an-/	<del>-</del>		- <del>!</del> -	9		:		: - <del></del>	÷ - <del>:</del>		- :			
Schoon'r '' Ellswortl		Want of wind	Thick fog	Foundered Stress of weather.	Not known	Hurri <b>c</b> ane	ф ор	Carelessness	Error of ju'g- ment.	F0g	Stress of wea-	до 	т ор	Jables parted.	op
/Collision	Stranded	Collision	Stranded	Foundered	op	Stranded Hurricane	Dismasted			Bay Stranded	Damaged by Sea.	Loss of sails	Damaged at	Stranded	do
65 Cape Cove, P. Q/Oollision Schoon'r "Col.	193/Devine's Landing, Stranded Dragged Dipper Harbour, N.B.	484 Point St. Lawrence Collision	93 Emulow Breakers, Stranded	49 60 miles N.E. from St. Paul's Island	98 Not known	193 Dog Rocks, Boha- ma Banks, W.I.	121 Lat. 21° 27' N., Dismasted Lou. 56° 50' W.	339 North Cape, P.E.I Stranded	672 Off Heligoland Collision	289 Port George, Bay s	218 Lat. 34° 0' N., Len. Damaged by 33° 0' W.	298 Lat. 50° 0' N., Lon. Loss of sails 3° 0' W.	810 Off Montauk Point, Damaged U.S. sea.	412 Entrance to Esqui-Stranded Cables parted. malt Harbour.	481 Royal Roads, Vic- toria, B.C.
	1/261	- 184 P.	93 Er	49 60	98 NC	93 Dc	21 La	39 No	12,0f	- 68 	 	_8i	1000	2 En	- R.
, op /ø	to/Brigantine	to Barque	to Schooner	т ор	т ор	to Brigantine 1		:	9   · ··· op	to Brigantine	g op	do		op	do 48
Basin, Quebec to Cape Cove) $\left  egin{array}{c} P.Q. \end{array}  ight $	Parrsboro', N.S   St. John, N.B., to     Parrsboro', N.S.	G.B'Burryport, G.B, to B	Gloucester, U.S., to S Fishing Bank.	Bay St. Lawrence to Halifax, N.S.	Halifax, N.S., to Demerara, B.G.	,N.S.St. John, N.B., to B. Cuba, W.I.	N.S. Liverpool to Berbice, Schooner B.G.	Dublin, Irel'nd Richibucto, N.B, to Barque United Kingdom.	Philadelphia, U.S., to Hamburg	S Sackville, N.B., to Br Great Britain.	Palermo, Italy, to Baltimore, U.S.	Barrow, G.B., to St. John, N.B.	New York, U.S., to Barque	.B London, G.B., to Esquimalt, B.C.	Honolulu, S.S.I., to Victoria, B.C.
4  Gaspé Basi   	Parrsboro', N.S		1 Gloucester, 6 U.S.	Halifax, N.S B		7 Parrsboro', N.S.S.		Oublin, Irel'nd R	N.S.	6 Halifax, N.S Se	do Po	St John, N.B. Be	ор	9 London, G.B Lo	<del>"</del>
<u> </u>	8	33	-		Me M	1 2	<del>-</del>	23	14 -	9	4-	<u>~</u>	6	6	. <u></u>
Sopt. 18/1deal	4/J. H. Gillespie	May 24 John Abbott 33 Maryport,	April 26 Julia Wood	30 Jas. A. McKean 17	Notkn'n Jessie Purney new Shelburne,	do J. H. Gillespie	Sept. 15 J. C. Tupper Liverpool,	Sept Jane Anna	8 J. B. Duffus 14 Yarmouth	3 John D. Tup- per.	8 Kate	7 Kate Upham 14	Dec. 11 Kate Covert	9 Lady Lampson	29 Lunalillo 20 Hawaiian
Sopt.		24	1 26	<del>2</del> 00	n'n	:	15 1	<del></del> -	-8 -18		<u>8</u>	7 K	11   K	-1-6 -1-	
	±5 3—b 1	δη 0 <del>1</del> / <sub>2</sub>	Apri	Oct.	Notk	op	idag 147	Sept.	Oct.	Aug.	J.IP.	Oct.	l'ec.	Jan.	op

STATEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going Vessels—Continued.

Total.	150	12,000	1,000 cargo 800	12,000	2,000	1,375	4,000	200,000	433	2,500	40,000
Teitra To LatoT Leso.L	Partial	Total	op	Partial	Тотя1	Partial	op	Total	Partial	do	Total
Lives Lost.				_ !_		<u>:</u>				_ :	
Cause of Casualty.	Stress of wea-	Fog	Error of judg-	Fog	Error of com-	The "Emma" had no lights	Stress of wea-	Error of judg- ment.	Stress of wea-	ор	F 0g
Nature of Casualty.	Loss of sails	of Collision	op	Stranded	op	Collision With Emma	Loss of rudder, yards and sails.	Stranded	op	op	op /
Place where Gasnalty happened.	742 During the voyage Loss of sails Stress of wea Partial.	342 35 miles N.E. of Tuskar, G.B.	146 10 miles W.N.W. of Seal island.	845 Split Rock Cove, Stranded Fog	56 Emulous Breakers, near Lockeport.	615 Robin Hood's Bay, Collision G.B.	948 Lat. 44° 54° V., Loss of rud-Stress of wea- Lon 36° 48' W. der, yards ther.	Otter River, Anti- costi, G. St. L.	87 Fisher's Island, Long Island S'd,	57 Cole's Reef, near Pictou, N.S.	168 Point Jaune, P.Q.
Register Tonnage.	742	-	146	845	26		948	1445	18		168
Rig.	to Barque	to Brigantine	op	to Barque	to Schooner	oarque	ор	Steamer	Schooner	т ор	Steamer
Port sailed from.	John, N.B. Dublin, Ireland, to New York, U.S.	Paraibo, S.A., to Liverpool, G.B	Halifax, N.S., to Yarmouth, N.S.	W.I., in, N.B.	Argyle, N.S., to Prospect, N.S.	New York to Queens-barquetown, Ireland.	fax, N.S St. Thomas, W.!., to Amsterdam.	treal, P.Q. Quebec to Liverpool. Steamer 1445 Otter River, Anti-Stranded Error of judg- costi, G. St. L. ment.	ohn, N.B Providence, U.S. to Schooner	rican Halifax, N.S., to Charlottetown.	21 Ottawa, Ont Anticosti, G. St. L., Steamer
Port of Registry.	st	Windsor, N.S	Arichat, C.B Halifax,	St. John, N.B., Havana,	Portsmouth, U.S.	St. John, N.B	Halifax, N.S	Montreal, P.Q.	St. John, N.B	Ame	Ottawa, Ont
A ge.	70	es	15	ne w	13		9	n	2-	13	
Name of Vessel.	Jan. 16 Lottie Stewart	27 Lauretta	9 Leader	25 Liffey new St. J	April 14 Light of Home 12	26 L. H. DeVeber	21 Lara	22 Lake Megantic	18 Lorne	30 Lida & Lizzie	Ang 10 Lady Head
Date of Casualty.	Jan. 16	Feb. 27	6 Phril 6	%Mar. 25	April 14	Mar. 26	<b>Ја</b> п. 21	July 22	May 18	Oct. 30	Aug 10

42	Victor	ia.		Ses	sion	al P	apers	$(N_{0})$	o. 3.)			•	A. 1	S7 <b>9</b>
No damage.	200	1,000	600 cargo 500	2,000	Partial Not known.	Triffing.	4,000	Priffing.	15,000	. 500	22,000	1,300 cargo 600	100	100
	. Partial	Total	Partial	Total	Partial.	qo	Total	Partial.	. Total	. Partial	Total	op	Partial	op
-			<u> </u>	<u>:</u> -		<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>						
.'Fault of tug	Loss of spars Stress of wea- and other ther.	ор	do	Parted chains	Stress of weather.	Fog	Chains parted.	Squall	Stress of wea- ther	Fog	тор	Snow storm	Stress of wea-	op
/Vollision	Loss of spars and other damage.	Stranded	Thrown on beam ends	Stranded	op	op	op	Capsized	N., Lon. Loss of rud-Stress of der & other ther damage.	Collision	Stranded	op	ор	Loss of spars
Ship 1060 At Montreal CollisionFault of tug	561/At sea	62 E. end Little Cran-Stranded berry Island, U.S	100 50 miles W.S.W. Thrown from Westport, beam N.S.	248 Liverpool H'rbour, Stranded Parted chains.	85 Western entrance to Barrington.	96 Frenchman's Rock, near Mary Joseph	122 Spectacle Islan i, La Have Harbour	532 Liverpool, G.B Capsized Squall	780 Lat. 37° 0' N., Lon. 35° 0' W	off Seal Island, N.S.	1095 Shag Island, Mag-Stranded dalen Islands	31 Petite Passage, N.B.	73 Herring Cove, n'r Salmon R., N.B.	236 During the voyage Loss of spars
/1060	261	62 E	100	248 I	85	- 96 I	122 8	532	780	464 Off N	3601	31	73	236
/Ship	to/Barque	to New Schooner	ор	to Barque	P.E I., to Schooner	op	op	Barque	•••• ор	to Brigantine	to Barque	to Schooner	op	Brigantine
Oct. 31/Lake Ontario.   10   Montreal, P. Q/At Montreal	N.B., Point, I.	N.S. Alma, N.B., to New York, U.S.	Digby, N.S., to St. John's, Nfid.	Demerara, B.G., to Bridgewater, N.S	Montague, P.E I., to Boston, U.S.	town Mary Joseph, N.S., to Holme's Hole, U.S.	Nfid La Have, N.S., to St. John, Nfid.	At Liverpool, G.B	Philadelphia, U.S., to Antwerp, Ger.	Liverpool, G.B., to St. John, N.B.	Lisbon, Portugal, to Quebec.	S Eastport, U.S., to Yarmouth, N.S.	N.B. Joggins, N.S., to St John, N.B.	Ayr, Scotland, to St. Brigantine
Montreal, P.C	Annapolis, N.S St. John, Warren	Windsor, N.S.	Halifax, N.S	Liverpol, N.S.	:	1 Charlottetown P.E.I.	St. Johns, Nfid I	N.S.	St. John, N.B	op	29 South Shields, G.B.	Digby, N.S	St. John, N.B.	op
/ 16	,00	13	New	11	19	-	- 6	new	6	-1		9	9	
31/Lake Ontario.	Not kn'n Lalia W	2 Lyra	5 Lairg New Halifax, N.S	11 Linda Abbott	12 Lizzie M.Stew- 19 American. art.	10 Lizzie & Emma	5 Miriam	18 Medford new Windsor,	7 Maggie Chap- man.	8 Mabel	May 10 Magnolia	Mar. 3. Migumowesoo.	Minnie	Jan. 30 Maid of Llaugollen.
Oct.	Not kn'	Dec. 2	do	do 11	do 12	do 10	149	Feb. 18	do 7	April 8	May 10	Mar. 3	feb. 1	<b>Jan.</b> 3(

STATEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going Vessels-Continued.

Amount,	\$ Triffing.	4,000		1,200	5,000 cargo10,400	4,000 cargo 2,400	10,000	100	5,000	30,000	20,000
Total or Partial .	Partial.	ор	Not k'n.	Total	op	ф ····	ф	Partial.	Total	ф	do
Lives Lost.	•				-	•				21	
Cause of Casualty.	Want of wind	Stranded Error of judg	Неату зев	Sprung a leak, caused by ice.	Marie Stranded Thick fog and current.	Cargo lime got wet.	Wind failed	Hawser parted	Stress of wea-	Not known	
Nature of A	Collision	Stranded	Leaked	Foundered	Stranded		Stranded	Collision	Loss of spars, sails, &c.	Not known.	Burnt
Ріясе where Casnalty happened.	Lat. 47° 08' N., Collision Want of wind   Partial	746 Green Island, St. Lawrence River.	972 Atlantic Leaked Heavy sea	55 E. point of Anti-Foundered. Sprung a leak, costi, G. of St. L	215 Ledge off Marie Joseph.	84 Pictou, N.S   Fire	399, PersacolaBar, U.S Stranded Wind failed	512 Montreal Collision Hawser parted	177 Lat. 21° 40' N., Loss of spars, Stress of wea   Total   Lon. 61° 30' W.   sails, &c.   ther.	1228 Not known Not known Not known	704 Lat. 48° 45' N. ; Burnt Spontaneous
Register Tonnage.	1511	746	972	55	215	84	399	512	177	228	104
. Rig	to Barque 1511 Lat. 47°	ор	ор	Schooner	Brigar tine	to Schooner	Brigantine	Barque	to Brigantine	to Ship1	G.B., to Barque
Port sailed from. Port, bound to.	G.B.,	do	of Glas- Leith, G.B., to Que-	Port au Basque, Nfld, on a sailing voyage	N.S Antigna, W.L., to St. Brigartine	Miramichi, N. B New castle, N. B., to Pictou, N.S.	Pensacola, U.S., to Brigantine	egian Montreal to Queens-Barque town, Ireland.	W f., break	sor, N.S New York, U.S., to: London, G.B.	
Port of Registry.	  South'Shields, London,  G.B. Quebe	Norwegian	Port gow	Halifax, N.S	Digby,	Miramichi, N. B	St. John, N.B., F	Norwegian	Liverpool, N.S.St. Kitts, Delaware water.	Windsor, N.S. N	30 Greenock, G.B Greenock,
Age.	29		20	12	12	63	Ξ		=====	10	98
Name of Vessel.	April 20 Marco Polo	5 Matador	14 Maxwell	6 Mayflower	June 24 Mary	17 Maggie B	4 Mohawk	3 Minerva	3 Mand Potter	Malta	Aug 13 Marion
Date of Casualty.	April 20		9 150		June 24	Aug. 17	May 4	June 3	May 3	Not known.	Aug. 13

42 Victoria.				S	ession	al P	apers	3.)			<b>A</b> . 1879		
002	2,072	Triffing.	1,600 cargo 170	2,500 cargo 200	8,000 cargo 855	200	33,000		6,000 cargo 700	7,500 cargo12,000	300		8,000 cargo 700
Partial.	т ор	Partial. Triffing.	Total	Partial	Total	Partial .	Total	No dam- age.	Partial	Total	op		Total
	:	•	•								4		
Loak caused    by straining.	Wyoming	Stress of wea-	ор	••• ор	ор	Dragged anchor.	Foundered Stress of wea-	Error of judg- ment.	Hurricane	Error of judg- ment.	St. Collision Parted chains	Not known	Stress of wea- ther,
./Waterlog-	Collision	op	Stranded	Loss of sail,	Dismasted & abandoned	Stranded Dragged	Foundered	Collision	op	Stranded	Collision	Machinery damaged.	Loss of sails, sprung leak
ner   327 Not known	468 South Shoal Light- Collision Wyoming ship, bearing W.	926 Quebec Нигвог	84 Cape Tormentine. Stranded	114 60 miles south of Loss of sail, Mount Desert. &c.	193 S. From Liberty Dismasted & Head, South Shoal abandoned Light Vessel.	92 Eastern Head, Point Wolfe, N.B	1110 Not known	Cape à la Roche, River St. Law- rence.	124 Lying at Santiago, W.I.	144 St. Augustine, La-Stranded Error of judg- brador.	15 Crane Island, St. Lawrence.	49° 27' N.	to Brigantine 172 During Voyage Loss of sails, Stress of wea Total
·:	468	926			193	92	1110	2013				1595	172
	Barque	OŢ	to Schooner	ор	op	•••• ор	•	Steamer	Brigantine	Schooner	ф	Steamer	Brigantine
U.S/Gaspé, P.Q., to Wick-	N.B. Cienfuegos, W.I., to Barque Boston, U.S.	24 Newcastle, G.B Quebec to Newcastle	N. S., nam, N.B.	Harborville, N.S., to Boston, U.S.	St. Jchn, N.B., to New York, U.S.	Point Wolfe, N.B., to St. John, N.B.	Carthagena, C.A., to Barque Philadelphia, U.S.	B. Montreal to Quebec. Steamer 2013 Cape à la Roche, Collision	N.S Lying at Santiago de Brigantine Cuba.	St. Augustine, Labra-Schooner dor, to Liverpool, N.S.	Quebec to Rivière- du-Loup, P.Q.	Liverpool, G.B Quebec to Liverpool, Steamer 1595 Lat. G.B.	6 St. John, N.B. St. John, N.B., to Dungaryon, G.B.
8 Buffslo, U.S	/ St. John,	Newcastle, G.B	Arichat, C.B Pictou, Chath	Windsor, N.S.	St. John, N.B.	ф	Wey nouth,	Glasgow, G B.	Halifax, N.S	Liverpool, N.S.	Quebec		St. John, N.B.
	φ		16		10	20		4	œ	ne L		-	
June 17 Mary Elizabeth	July 15 Mary Stewart	Sept. 12 Maryborough	22 Мигу Јапе	13 Mayfair.	16 Moss Glen	8 Maggie L	Mary E Good-	R Moravian	6 M. H. Morris	22 Mabel Claire ne	Marie Henri- ette.	7 Memphis	Oct Muriel
June 1	Jaly 15	Sept. 12	do 22 A	Oct. 13 N	do 16 N	No 7. 8	151	Nov. R	Sept. 6	Oct. 22	Nov. 22 Marie	Aug. 7	Oct

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STATEMENT

Amcunt.	\$ cts.	Not known	100 cargo 2,100	46	06	8,000	30,000 c'go 250,000	400	22,500	4,000	do Triffing.
Total or Partial Loss.	Total	-	Partial.	ор	op	ор	Total	Partial	Total	Partial.	
Lives Lost.			•						•	•	
Casualty.	Fog	Error of judg- ment.	Dragged anchors.	Stress of wea- ther.	Error of judg- ment.	Not known	Abandoned. Stress of wear Total	Stress of wea-	N.; Foundered Heavy wea-		ор
Nature of Casualty.	Stranded	op	ор	Loss rudder.	Collision	op	Abandoned	Stranded	Foundered	Stranded	op
Place where Casualty happened.	29 Port Herbert, N.S. Stranded Fog Total	518 North Point, P.E. Island.	106 Mouth of Habitant River, N.S.	151 Off Brier Island, Loss rudder. Stress of wea- Bay of Fundy.	212 Quebec Gollision Brror of judg-	440 Lat 45° 0' N.; Lon. 50° 0' W.	1465 Lat. 47° 52' N Lon. 30° 07' W.	19 Amberst Island, Stranded Stress of weadelf. St. Lawrence	451 Lat. 45° 58' N.; Lon. 59° 26'	888 Sandy Hook, U.S. Stranded Fog	Brazil Rock, off
Register Tonnage.	29	518	106	151	212	440	1465	19	451	888	174
Rig.	Schooner	Wira-Barque	Schooner	ор	Steamer	Brigantine	to Ship	Schooner	to Barque	ор	Schooner
Port sailed from. Port bound to.	Yarmouth, N.S. Tusket Wedge, N.S., Schooner	gian Sharpness to Mira- michi, N.B.	Windsor, N.S., Cornwallis, N.S., to Schooner	Windsor, N.S., to New York.	Ottawa, Ont At the wharf Quebec Steamer	April 25 Nellie Crosby 12   Yarmouth, N.S Amsterdam to Balti-Brigantine	Galveston, U.S., to Liverpool, G.B.	1t, N. S. Arichat, N.S., on a Schooner	ork, U.S. Cow Bay, C.B., to New York.	Yarmouth, N.S. New York, U.S., to Havre, France.	Halifax, N.S St. Peter's Bay,N.S., Schooner  174 Brazil Rock, to Portland, U.S.
Port of Registry.		Norwegian		ор		Yarmouth, N.S	ор	Arich	New Y	Yarmouth, N.S.	
Age.	67	23	9	m	21	12	13	28	12	10	80
Name of Vessel.		July Moss	Nov. 11 Malanta	24 MaggieMasters	3 Napoleon III	Nellie Crosby	14 N. & E. Gard- ner.	20 Nancy	20 Neversink	3 Nellie T. Guest	July 14 North America
Date of Gasualty.	Nov. 20 M	July	Nov 15	15 Oct. 24	Мау 3	April 25	Mar. 14	Aug. 20	do 20	May 3	July 14

*44	V 1ct	oria.			Ses	ssional	Pa	pers	(No	. 3.)			<b>A</b> . 1	1879
3,000	1,500	400	15,000	5,000 cargo 1,000	4,000	4,000	18,000 cargo 7,000	100 cargo 200	200	40,000	250	No loss.	2,250	12,000
Total	Partiai	ф	Total	Partial	op	Total	op	Partial	do	Total	Partial		Total	op
·				_ i	<u>:</u>		-					<u> </u>	_	10
Hurricane	Parted chains	Stress of wea- ther.	ор	Fog & compass out of order.	Loss of sails, Stress of wea-	ор	т ор	ор	Heated hay	Stress of wea  Total	Mira-Stranded Thick fog Partial	Tow line parted, collided with Sandringham.	Stranded Thick weather Total	Sprung a leak 10
;/Dismasted	Stranded	Driven to sea & dismasted	Cargo shifted.	Stranded	Loss of sails,	Stranded	op	op			Stranded	:		ф
98/Lat. 20° 11' N. ; Dismasted Hurricane  Total	162 Martha's Vineyard Stranded Parted chains U.S.	59 Musquash Harbor, Driven to sea Stress of wea-	336 Lat. 37° 26' N.; Cargo Lon 70° 0' W. shift	Seal Island, one of Tusket Islands.	397 Lat. 46° 26' N.; Lon. 52° 07' W.	113 Island of Cuba Stranded	974 Godfrey's Ledge, West Quoddy, N.B	232 Shepody Flats, N.B	232 St. John, N.B Fire	877 Lat. 28° 10' N.; Abandoned Lon. 67° 58' W. at sea.	623 Outer Bar, Mira- michi Bay, N.B.	1269 Port of Quebec Collision	75 Samson Rocks, S. side Scatterie Island, N.S.	318 Abaco, W.I
_	162	262	336 ]	162	397	113-	974	232	232	877	- - - - -	269	75	318
to/ do	ор	ор	to Barque	Schooner	Barque	to Schooner	to Ship	to Barkentine	ф ор	•	ор	op	Schooner	to Barque
Lockport, W.S., t. Barbadoes, W.I.	New Beatord, U.S., to Windsor.	John, N.B., to Musquash, N.B.	U.S., er, G.B.	Boston, U.S., to Cork, Schooner	N,S Galway, Ireland, to Barque			N.B. Sackville, N.B., to Barbadoes, W.I.	John, N.B., to Barbadoes, W.I.	er, U.S., to Barque	Belfast, Ireland, to Chatham, N.B.	k, G.B., to	a Have, N.S., to Schooner Rose Blanche, Nff'd	U.S.,
	New Beaton	_x	Baltimore, Gloucest	Boston, U	Galway, Irels Pictou, N.S.	Kingstor   Turks 	St. Jehn	Sackville Barbac	St John Barbad	N.S. Bull River, London.	Belfast, Chath	k, G.B Greenock, Quebec.	. 4	Portland, Havana,
Sbelburne,N	4 Windsor, N.S.	St. John, N.B	1 P.E. Island	11 Cork, Ireland	Pictou, N,S	Guysboro', N.S Kingston, W.I., Turks Island.	21 New York, U.S. St. Jehn, N.B., Liverpool, G.B.	St. John,	ор	Amherst,	Belfast	14 Greenock, G.B	5 St. John's, I Newf'dland.	12 Windsor, N.S. Portland, Havana
		36	-	1	10	9	21	10	10	64	15	14	ъ	12
Sept. 15 N. H. White	Oct. 12 Northern	do 12 Nashwaak 26 St. John, N.B	3 Orlando	5 Orange	22 Osage	Sept. 5 Ocean Lilly	3 Ожеgo	6 Octacilius	ф ф	March Pretty Jemima	8 Presto	29 Pearl of India.	June 24 Phopero	July 11 Palestine
Sept	Oct. 1	do 15	Feb. 3	15	July 22	Sept. £		9 op 33	do 19	March	Мау 8	do 29	June 24	July 11

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STATEMENT

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	Amount.	\$ Triffing.	1,500	1,600 cargo 4,000	Partial Not known.	150	1,000	1,000	3,000	20	Triffing.	4,000 cargo, 400
	Total or Partial	Partial.	ф	Total	Partial	т ор	Total	ор	щ ор	Partial	op	Total
	Lives Lost.		•					•	•	•		
ontinued.	Cause of Casualty.	Want of wind.	Fog	ор	Error of judg- ment.	Stress of wea-	Fog	Stress of wea-	Darkness	Stress of wea-	Reef, Stranded Strong current	Stress of wea Total
esselsC	Nature of Casualty.	Stranded	ор	ор .	Collision	Loss of rudder.	Stranded	qo	qo	Collision	Stranded	go
Sea-going V	Place where Casualty happened.	\$ 249 Buctouche Bar, N.B Stranded Want of wind Partial Trifling	269 Harriet's Ledge, Tusket Islands.	56 Great Island, New- toundland.	to Steamer 1484 Cape La Roche, Collision Error of judg	447 At Sea Loss of rue	98 Martinicus, U.S Stranded Fog	64 Point St. Peter, P.Q.	147 Dartmouth Ledges N.S.	Batiscan, River St. Lawrence.	1403 St. Mary's Reef, Labrador.	100 Abraham's Reef, Bahamas, W.I.
es to	Register Tonnage.	249	269		1484	447	86		147	1794	1403	1000
d Casualti	Rig	to Brig	ор	Schooner	Steamer	Barque	to Schooner	т ор	op	Steamer	ор	Brigantine
STATEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going VesselsContinued.	Port sailed from.	Charlottetown Buctouche, N.B., to	St. John, N.B., to Valentia.	6 Charlottetown Souris, P.E.I., to Har-Schooner	Montreal, P.Q., to Glasgow, G.B.	North Sydney, N.S., Barque to Monte Video.	Boston, Mass., to Bear River, N.S.	Basin, New Carlisle, P.Q., to Gaspé Basin, P.Q.	St. John, N.B. Yarmouth, N.S., to St. John, N.B.	Montreal, P.Q. Quebec to Monreal. Steamer 1794 Batiscan, River St. Collision Stress of wea Partial Lawrence.	Liverpool, G.B., to Quebec.	Shelburne, N.S. Inagua, W.I., to Liv-Brigantine.
Statemen	P. rt of Registry.	Charlottetown PRI	5 Toestrand, Norway.	Charlottetown P.E.I.	Glasgow, G.B.	Sydney, C.B	Annapolis, N.S	Gaspé P.Q.		Montreal, P.Q.	Liverpool, G.B. Liverpool, Quebec.	
•	-98Α		_		×0	9	12	- 21	- % 	13	71	9
	Name of Vessel.	9 Peeress	Sept. 20 Prosperite	4 Pathfinder	8 Phænician	Sept Pohno	April 26 Pomono	Nov. 22 Pilot	21 Potomac	13 Quebec	3 Quebec	Nov. 24/Qui Vive
	Date of Casnaliy.	0ct. 8	Sept. 20		54 54	Sept	April 26	Nov. 22	Dec. 21	July 13	Aug. 3	Nov. 24

_														
1,000	100	2,000	1,200	009	Not known.	12,000	4,000	150	6,000 cargo, 1,050	1,400	170	Triffing.	300	4,000
Partial	:	:	:	:			tial	:	Total	tial	:	ф	:	нl
•	cp	op	ор 	op	op	Tota	Partial.	op		Par	op		op .	Total
-											!	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>	<u>:</u>
qo	Sncw storm.	Stress of wea- ther.	Fog	Not known	Stress of wea-	Fog Total	ор	Stress of wea-	т. ор	Thick weather	Stress of weather.	Strong tide	Error of judg	Thick snow storm.
N., Lon./Loss of sails	Stranded	Loss of sails	Collision	Fire	Sprung a leak.	Stranded	op	Loss of sails	of Foundered	Stranded	Collision	do	op	Harbour Stranded Thick assachu-
48° W.	70 New River Beach, Stranded Sncw storm	137 On the Voyage Loss of sails Stress of wea	699 40 miles N. W. of Collision Bird Rocks, Gulf St. Lawrence.	592 During the Voyage Fire Not known	••• ор	237 St. Esprit, N.S	630 Mille Vaches, Riv. St. Lawrence.	482 During the Voyage Loss of sails Stress of wea-	137 15 miles S.E. of Rastnet Rock.	53 East end of Guyon Stranded Thick weather Partial Island, C.B.	907 Quebec Harbor Collision Stress of wea-	ф 	329 Cape La Made- leine, River St. Lawrence.	99 Nansett Harbour Bar, Massachu- setts, U.S.
./145	02	137	669	592	391	237	630	482	137	53	106	633	329	66
to/Ship 1464 Lat.	to Schooner	do	to 3arque	ор	ор	Brigantine	Barque	go	Schooner	ор	G.B., Barque	40	Steamer	Schooner
7. B.,	St. John, N.B. St. John, N.B., to St. George, N.B.	Fayal, Azores, to Boston, U.S.	C. B., al.	G.B Leith, G.B., to Que-	ooson's River to Newcastle, G.B.	Sydney, C.B New York, U.S., to Brigantine Sydney, N.S.	Bristol, G.B., to Sa-Barque	Liverpool, G.B., to Sandy Hook, U.S.	Kinsale, Ireland, to Schooner Bath, Maine.	GulfSt. Lawrence, on a Fishing Voyage.		Quebec Quebec to Liverpool, G.B.	Montreal, P.Q. Quebec to Montreal. Steamer	ew York, U.S., to Schooner
1   Windsor, N.S./Liverpool, C	St. John, N.B	т ор	Charlottetown Sydney, P.E.1. Montre	Alloa, G.B	Newcastle, G.B Cooson's Newcast	Sydney, C.B	Frederickstad, Norway.	St. John, N.B	do	Gloucester, U.S.	Liverpool, G.B Southampton, to Quebec.			St. John, N.B., New York, St. John,
	10		~	34	16	-	19	9	20	81	20	13	12	4
8'Quebec	9 Ranger	7 Rubina.	7 Ralph B. Peake	9 Royalist	Ranavola	6 Rockland	Rosa	GJanuary Royal Harrie	July 11 Rubina	2 Rival	12 Rosalie	7 Roma	22 Rocket	3 Sea Lion
Oct.	Jan.	op	June 7	April 9	op	May 6	ှင် ရ	GJanuary	July 11	Sept. 2	do 12	June 7	Oct. 22	Jan. 3

Vessels.—Continued.
Sea-going
description of Casualties to Sea-going Vessels.
f Wrecks and
Jo
STATEMENT of

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					· · · · ·			===
	Amount.	\$ 12,000	400	:	30	2,000	100	10,000 cargo20,000	600 cargo 200	do Not known.
	ross.	. [a]	- :-	ng.	   B	:		:	:	-:
	Total or Partial Loss.	Partial	op —	Triffing.	Partial.	op	qo	Tota	op	
	Lives Lost.		!_	•		<u> </u>		:	<u> </u>	
Continued.	Cause of Casualty.	Unkn'wn shoal	Stress of wea-	Misstayed	a Sunken wreck.	Fault of tug. towing the Commodore.	Error of judg- ment.	Squall	Strong tide & foggy wea-	Stress of wea-
Vessels.—	Nature of Casualty.	Stranded	Dismasted	Stranded	Char-Fouled a n. sunken wreck.	Collision	qo	Foundered	Stranded	Foundered
to Sea-going	Place where Casualty happened.	587 Shoals near Station Stranded Unkn'wn shoal	76 Lat. 28° N., Lon. Dismasted Stress of wear ther.	828 McNut's Island, Stranded Misstayed	42 Barbour, Charlottetown.	618 Indian Cove, River Collision Fault towi	45 Near Beacon, St. John Harbour.	460 Lat, 36° 30' N., Foundered Squall Total Lon. 76° 25' W.	55 Off Petit de Grat, Stranded Strong tide & Richmond Co., N.S. ther.	47 Wreck Cove, near Foundered Stress of wear
es	Register Tonnage.	289	92			618				47
d Casualti	Rig.	Barque	to Schooner	to Barque	Schooner	Barque	Schooner	Brig	to Schooner	ф ф
EMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going Vessels.—Continued	Port sailed from Port bound to.	Yarmouth, N.Si Genoa, Italy, to Bal- Barque	Digby, N.S St. Kitts, W.L., to Digby, N.S	Yarmouth, N.S Shelburne, N.S., to Deleware, U.S.	14 Charlottetown At. Charlottetown, Schooner P.E.I.	Quebec to London, Barque	sor, N.S Shulee, N.S., to St. Schooner John, N.B.	nam, N.B. Fernandina, U.S., to Brig Liverpool, G.B.	Ed-Sydney, N.S., to sl'nd Charlottetown, P. E.I.	N.S  Halifax, N.S. to Aspey Bay, N.S.
Śtatement	Port of Registry.		Digby, N.S	Yarmouth, N.S.	Charlottetown. P.E.I.	Christiana, Norway.	Windsor, N.S	Chatham, N.B.	Prince Ed- ward's Isl'nd	Halifax,
	Age.		-	63		27	11	<b>1-</b>		. ——
	Name of Vessel.	24 Southern Belle	28 Sea Bird	4 April 11 Souvenir	9 St. Martine Packet.	25 Scheld	8 Susan M	23 St. Michel	June 17 Snipe	27 Secret
	Date of Casnalty.	Jan. 24	Feb. 28	4 April 11	June 6	May 25	do 8	do 23	June 17	do 27

	v ictori:	a.		Sess	sional	Pap	ers	(No.	3.)				<b>A</b> . 1	1879
000'+	50	Not known.	1,000	400	Not known.	900 cargo 500	800 cargo 120	6,000 cargo,13,000	250	14,000	Not known.	069	5,000	4,000
ор	Partial		Total	Partial	go .	Total	ф	ор	Partial	Total		Total	т ор	до
		•			•	į	- :	•			•		•	•
s Stress of wea	Brook-Lightning Lightning struck Roy- al Mast.	Thick fog	Stress of wea- ther.	Object under water.	Stress of wea- ther.	ор	ф	Stranded Hurricane	sails Stress of wea- ther.	Fire	Snow storm	Wheel gear parted.	Misstayed	Stress of wea-
$\left\langle \begin{array}{c} r, /Lossof spar \\ and sails. \end{array} \right\rangle$	Lightning struck Roy- al Mast.	Stranded		N., Lon. Collision	Loss of an- chors and chains.	Stranded	Elizabeth, Stranded & loss of sails		Loss of sails	:	Stranded	•••• ор	qo	Sprung a leak.
132/Lat. 41° 40' N', Loss of spars Stress of wea-    Los. 14° 9' W.   and sails. ther.	707 Red Hook, Brook lyn, U.S.	199 Western Shoal, Stranded Thick fog	14' E. N. E. from Dismasted Flint Island, N.S	231 Lat 48° N., Lon. 47° W.	849 Red Island, River Loss of an-Stress of wea-chors and ther.	48 English Bay, Anti- Stranded	123 Cape Elizabeth, U.S.	233 Cardmas Bay	92 Lat. 38° 0' N.; Loss of Lon. 66° 40' W.	125 St. Croix, P.Q Burnt	146 Lingan Head, N.S. Stranded Snow storm	46 St. Andrew's Island, Canso.	104 Cariboo Cove, Gut of Canso.	117 During the voyage. Sprung a leak.
£1 /	707	199	46	231	849	48	123	233	85	125	146	46	101	117
op	tc Barque	Brigantine	Schooner	Brigantine	Barque	to Schooner	ф	to Brigantine	to Schooner	Steamer	Brigantine	Schooner	ф ор	ф ор
Cardiff, G.B., to    Buenos Ayres, S.A.	St. John, N B. Plymouth, G.B., tc	Cha lottetown New York, U.S., to Brigantine P.E.I. E.I. E.I.	N·S Burges, Nfld., to Hall-Schooner fax, N.S.	Glasson Dock to Que-Brigantine	15 North Shields, Portsmouth, G.B., to Barque Quebec.	P.Q Mal Baie, P.Q., to Anticosti.	N.S. Granville, N.S., to Portland, U.S.	St. John, N.B, to Cardmas, W.I.	N.S St. John, N.B., to Boston, U.S.	At St. Croix Wharf, Steamer	North Sydney, N.S., Brigantine to St. John, Nff'd.	Canso, N.S., to Hali-Schooner fax, N.S.	St. John's, Nff'd., to P.E. Island.	N.B. Mayaquez, W.I., to New Haven, U.S.
3 Charlottetown/Cardiff, P.E.I. Bueno	St. John, N B.	Cha lottetowa P.E.I.	Halifax, N.S	3 Quebec	North Shields, F.G.B.	Gaspé, l	Windsor,	Liverpool, N.S	Halifax, N.S	3 Quebec	John's, lewf'dland.	Lunenburg, C	St. John's, S Newf'dland.	7 St. John, N.B.
	-	4	14		15	16	18	=	67	က	14 St.	20	-	-
3 Sopbia Bowen.	July 15 St. Patrick	Notku'n Swiftsure	Aug. 19 Sarah	10.St. François	June 22 Sebastopol	10'St. Anne	23 Saladin	30 Saml. Muir	10 Swan	Oct. 17 St. Croix	Dec. 13 Susan	24 Swan	32 Speed	Mar. 10 The Star
May	July 15	Notku'n	Aug. 19	do 10	June 22	75 157	do 23	July 30	Nov. 10	Oct. 17	Dec. 13	do 24	do 32	Mar. 10

14	victoria.	Dess	oioira	ııa	pers	(110.	o. j			А.	1010
	Amount	35,000	4,000	Not known.	6,000 cargo, 5,000	5,000 cargo, 8,500	4,000	600 cargo 500	5,700	Not known.	000'1
	Total or Partial Loss.	Total	Partial.	ор	Total	op	op	op	Partial.	ор	
	Lives Lost.		į	-					ಣ	•	
Vessels.—Continued.	Cause of Casualty.	Not known	Fog	Misstayed	Stress of wea-	Misstayed	Wessel unmanageable,	Change of wind & shal- low water.	Thick fog	ор	Stress of wea-
essels.—(	Nature of Casualty.	Missin g	Stranded	ор	Loss of sails	Stranded	ф ор	op	ор	ф ор	Loss of spars
	Place where Casualty happened.	929 Not known Missing Not known 14	1024 Red Island, River Stranded Fog St. fawrence.	110 Cape Auget, N.S	130 Lat. 13° 14' N.; Loss of sails Stress of wea Total Lon. 64° 5' W.	112 North Bimini, Ba-Stranded Misstayed	84 N. W. reef of Grand Turk, one of the Bahama Islands.	65 Eastern Reef, Rus- tico Harbor, P. E. I	459 3 miles below English Point, Gulf St. Lawrence.	507 Scatterie Island, N.S.	612 At Sea Loss of spars Stress of wea
es t	Register Tonnage,	929	1024	110	130	112	84	65	459	507	612
l Casualtie	E is	to Barque	qo	Schooner	to Brigantine	op	to Schooner	ф ор	Barque	Steamer	to Barkentine.
STATEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going	Port sailed from. Port bound to.	0.S.,	Liverpool, G.B., to Quebec.	Charlottetown, P.E.I Schooner	Trinidad, W.I., to Boston, U.S.	Halifax, N.S Cunruegos, Cuba, to Halifax, N.S.	rne, N.S. Trinidad, W.I., to Lockport, N.S.	N.S Gloucester, U.S., to Rustico, P.E.I.	Krogero, Norway, to Barque Quebec.	Montreal, P.Q. Charlottetown, P.E.I Steamer	Elemore, U.S., to Sydney, N.S.
Statement	Port of Registry.	Yarmouth, N.S Baltimore, London,	Skien, Norway Liverpool, Quebec.	Pictou, N.S	Shelburne, N.S.		Shelburne, N.S.	Halifax, N.S	Christiana, Norway.	Montreal, P.Q.	Somerset, U.S.A.
	γ ge-	70	12	13	4	16	က	23	13	13	9
	Name of Vessel.	Toledo	6 Terzo	9 Tracy Jane	3 Tycoon	April 24 Thomas Albert	2 Ulalume	4 Villager	9, Vestalinden	June 27 Venezia	Veteran
	Date of Casualty.	/	May 6			April 24	Feb. 2	June 4	May 9	June 27	

42	5 % 1	ria.			Se	ssion	al.	Papers	(No.	3.)			Α.	1879
004 /	Triffing.	Partial Not known.	45,000 cargo18,000	18,000 cargo20,000	2,500	50,000 c'go 350,000	2,500	Not known.	10,000	4,500	5,000 cargo 350	1,500	8,000	1,200
Total		Partial	Total	ор	ор	op	Partial	т ор	Total	Partial	6 Total	do op	т ор	Partial.
				77	<u>:</u>		•				9			
Misstayed	Fog	Error of judg-	т ор	Foundered Stress of wea-	Sudden calm	Spontaneous combustion.	Error of judg- ment.	Stress of wea- ther.	Fog	Fog	Foundered Supposed hur-	Stress of wea- ther.	Not known	F0g
it./Stranded	op j	op	ор	Foundered	Stranded	N.,  Fire	Collision	Loss of spars and sails.	Stranded	qo	Foundered	Stranded	op	Collision
56 Straight Shore, St. Stranded Misstayed   Total   John, N.B.	1268/Fox Bay, Anticosti	St. Roch Shoal, Riv. St. Lawrence	507 Swivel Point, N.S.	376 Lat 24° 5' N. ; Lon. 54° 24' W.	114 Head Harbour, U S Stranded	931 Lat. 30° 36' N., Lon. 35° 34'	666 Lat. 40° 40'N., Lon. Collision	438 Lat. 49° 5' N., Lon. Loss of spars Stress of wea- 19° 13' W. and sails. ther.	b57 Western Muro Stranded Fog Ledge, Bay of Fundy.	135 Petries Ledge, entrance to North Sydney, N.S.	100 Not known	Western entrance to Barrington, N.S.	207 Brandies Rock, Harbour Grace.	918 Lat. 47° 50' N., Collision Fog
_	1268	1268 St.	507	376	114]	931	  -  -	438 1	129	135	1001	- 119	207	918
to Schooner	to Steamer	op	ор	Barque	Schooner	Ship	Barque	to Barquentine.	to Barque	to Schooner	Brigantine	Schooner	Brigantine	Steamer
Aug. 21 Violet 14 St. John, N.B./St. John, N.B., t	G.B., Barrow, G.B., to Montreal, P.Q.	т ор	ontreal to North Sydney, N.S.	Philadelphia, U.S., to Bayonne, Spain.	N.S. Cranberry Island, W. S., to Cornwallis,	N.S Buenos Ayres to Ant-Ship	th, N.S Hamburg to Phila-Barque delphia, U.S.	London, G.B., to Charlottetown, P.E.I.	G.B N.B.	G.B. St. Johns, Nfid., to North Sydney.	ne, N.S. Turks Island, W.I., to Lockeport, N.S.	American, New London, P.E.L., Schooner to Boston, U.S.	N.S Sydney, C.B., to Har-Brigantine	Liverpool, G.B Montreal to Queens-Steamer
St. John, N.B.	London,	т ор	Montreal, P.Q. Montreal Sydney	Digby, N.S	10 Windsor, N.S C	Halifax,	Yarmou	Charlotte- town, P.E.I.	Liverpool, G.B Carnarvon, St. John,	Brixham, G.B. St	Shelburne, N.S. T	American	Halifax, N.S S.	Liverpool, G.B
<u>18</u>	-	П	13	20	10	70	9	- 67	23	13	70		70	80
Violet	17 Vandolana	ор	l Venezia	31 Viking	22 W. E. Duryea	9 W. J. Lewis	9 W.T. Harward	694 pril 20 W. D. Stewart	Sept. 14 Walton	Nov Whim	Notkn'n Walloon	Dcc. 12 Watson Baker	July 26 Zenobia	Not kn'n Zerbeno
8. 21	17	16		31 V	22 W	<u> </u>		20 W	14 ™ 	<u>=</u>	a' <u>n</u>	12 A	28 Z	n'n   Z
Αυį	ф	Sept. 16	Oct.	qo	Jan.	May	q.,	159	Sept.	Nov	Notkr	Dcc.	July	Not kr

# APPENDIX No. 4.

STATEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties reported as having occurred to Inland Vessels, from 1st January, 1878, to 31st December, 1878.

Amount.	\$ Not known.	ing.	6,500	8,000	2,700 o 2,600	50	8,000	400 A
Am	Not ]	Triffing.			cargo			-  cargo
Total or Partial Loss.	Partial.	ч ор	Total	ор	do	Partial	Тота	Partial
Lives Lost.	10							
Cause of Casualty.	Squall	to Net known	Rudder gear parted, loss of sails	Unknown	Waterlogged	Lose of spars Collision with sch. Albatron	Want of water at entrance of harbor.	Stress of wea Partial
Nature of Casualty.	Capsized		Stranded	Burnt	Stranded	Lose of spars		Damamged by sea.
Place where Casualty happened.	15 miles above the Capsized Squall lighthouse, Port Eurwell, Ont.	109 Dames dock, Bay Damage of Quinte.	181 At 30 Mile Point, Stranded	44 mile from Byng Burnt Unknown	95 20 miles E. of Long Stranded Waterlogged	209 Port Colborne, Ont.	149 Port Burwell, Ont. Stranded	126 miles west of Damanged Oswego, U.S. by sea.
Register Tonnage.		109		44	95		_	126
Rig.	oner	mer	ooner	mer	oner	ф ор	ор	op
	Scho	Stea	Scho	Stea	Sche			_
Port sailed from. Port bound to.	Buffalo, U S., to Port Schooner	on, Ont Bath to Picton, Ont. Steamer	gston, Ont. Toronto to Charlotte, Schooner	t. Catharines Byng Inlet to Col-Steamer	Kingsville, Ont., to Schooner	Burwell, Toledo, U.S., to	Napanee, Ont. Wallaceburg to Buf- falo, U.S.	Oct. 19 Hannah Butler 21 Cobourg, Ont. Cobourg to Oswego,
Port of Registry.	Port Dover, Ont.	Pict	Kin	4 St. Catharines Ont.	Port Dover, Ont.	Port Ont		Cobourg, Ont.
λge.		es	9		=	4	13	- <u>12</u>
Name of Vessel.	June 16 James Scott	8 Armenia	Nov. 22 Annandale	July 19 Collingwood	8 David Sharp	20 Fellowcraft	Sept. 8 H. J. Rathbun	Hannah Butle
Date of Casualty.	91 June 160	Aug. 8	Nov. 22	July 19	Sept. 8	May 20	Sept. 8	Oct. 18

							- "1"		(	• • ,					
3,600	6,500 cargo 2,500	10,000	Partial Not known.	18,000	7,000	1,000 cargo 120	1,600	1,000	200	3,000	1,500	1,000	250	Triffing.	20,000 cargo 2,000
tal	. op	:	tial	Total	•	tial		•	•	 	:	tial	:	op	:
Total		ор — —	Par	Tot	ор ———	Par	op	qo	op	Total	qo	Partial	op		о <del>р</del>
-		-	:					<u> </u>						<u> </u>	
op /	ор	Fire	Struck a rock.	Millyard took fire.	from Stranded Stress of wea- Man- ther.	Fault of tug Partial	Dragged anchors.	Unknown	Parted lines	Unknown	Stress of wea-	Unknown	Collision with Str. "Olive"	" Southern Belle."	Shoals, Stranded Fogron.
nt Foundered	т ор	Burnt	Foundered	Burnt	Stranded	op	op		Stranded	Burnt.		Whart, Burnt	Foundered	Collision	Stranded
' 120 Opposite Bath, Oat, Foundered	279'20 miles E. from Lg. Pt.,Lake Erie	198 Leamington Dock, Burnt Fire	257 Byng Inlet Harbor Foundered Struck a rock.	ор	208 mile S.W. from Walker's Pt. Manitoulan Island.	245 Collingwood Harbour.	308 3 miles from Gode- rich Harbour	112 East Cove, Oswego Burnt	1 mile west of Bronte Lake, Ont	52 Wiaton Wharf, Ont Burnt	224 Near Port Rowan, Foundered	92 Smith's Wharf, Collingwood.	14 Rideau Canal	450 At the Wharf, Port Collision Dalhousie.	955 Magnetic Shoals, Lake Huron.
.'. 12	275	198	257	257	208	245	308	112	22	52	224	93	4.	450	955
;	:	i	 :	•		- :	:	-				:	:	:	•
op /-	op	Steamer	qo	op	to Schooner.	ор	op	Steamer.	Schooner	Steamer.	Schooner	Steamer.	qo	qo	ф
Mill Point to Ganan- oque, Ont.	St. Catharines/Rondeau, Ont., to Ont. Port Dalhousie, Ont	Point au Pelee Island Steamer to Windsor, Ont.	Byng Inlet to Chica-	op	can Cbicago, U.S., to Collingwood, Ont.	Ohicago, U.S., to Collingwood, Ont.	Goderich to Mid- land, Ont.	ton, Ont. Trenton to Oswego, U.S.	At Oakville, Ont	Sound, Owen Sound to Wia-Steamer	Fairhaven to Toledo, Schooner U.S.	At Collingwood, Ont. Steamer	on, Ont. Manotic to Kingston	At Port Dalhousie	Southampton, Ont., to Duluth, U.S.
$\theta / Darlington, Ont.$		10 Windsor, Ont	Chatham, Ont	ор	Ameri	Chicago, U.S Chicago,	Montreal Goderich	Kings	Toronto	10 Owen Sound, Ont.	American	Wallaceburg, Ont.	Kingst	Picton, Ont	4 Sarnia
_	- R		01	10	F-	<u>~</u>	16	9		10				t-	
Nov/Hibernia	Oct. 28/J. W. McGrath	9 Nov. 26 Lake Breeze	20 Mary R. Robertson	ор	9 Mary McVie	8 Metropolis	190ct. 27 M. C. Cameron	Sept. 27 Norman	13 Nameless	5 Okonza	July 27 Portage	3 P. E. McKerrel	9 Peerless	Aug. 12 Picton	Oct. 28 Quebec
Α.	28	26	20	22			27 B	27 N	13	5	27 F		6	12	38
No	-8 Oct.	-b 11	July	op	Oct.	Nov.	161 161	Sept.	οp	qo	July	Sept.	Oct.	Aug.	Oct.

Vessels,—Continued
[n]and
\$
Casualties
and
of Wrecks
ENT of

Amount.	\$ 18,000	Unknown.	1,400	2,000	Trıfling.
Total or Partial Loss.	Total	Partial	op	Total	Partial., Trifling.
Lives lost.				•	•
Cause of Casualty.	<b>Unknown</b> ,	Error of judg- ment.	Squall	Stress of wea-	ор
Nature of Casualty.	Burnt	Stranded	Foundered	Stranded	тор
Place where Casualty happened.	142 Owen Sound, Ont. Burnt Unknown Total	25 6 miles from Point Stranded Error of judg Partial  Unknown. Bassie.	33 mile from Winni- Foundered Squall	227 Charlotte, U.S Stranded Stress of wea Total	294 St. Helena Island, U.S.
Register Tonnage.	142	25	33	227	294
원 99	Steamer	ор	ор	to Schooner	ор
Port sailed from.  Port bound to.	Oalhousie In winter quarters Steamer	rich, Ont. Collingwood, Ont., to Waubaushene, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man Selkirk to Winnipeg	nee, Ont. Port Dalhousie to Kingston.	St. Catharines, Collingwood to Chi- Ont.
Port of Registry.	13   Port Dalhousie Ont.	Goderich, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man	Napa	St. Catharines, Ont.
Age.	13	ဖ	10	20	4
Narne of Vessel.	29 Silver Spray	24 S. C. Doty	Julyl Swallow	15 Oct. 25 Star	23'Sligo
Date of Casualty.	Mar. 29	July 2	lylul	150et. 2	do 2:

APPENDIX No. 5.

Su	SUPPLEMENT to the S	to 1	he Statemer Forei	tatement of Wrecks and Casualties reported as having occurred to British, Canadian and Foreign Sea-going Vessels, during the Calendar Year of 1877.	l Casualtie ssels, dur	es re ing	and Casualties reported as having occurred to Vessels, during the Calendar Year of 1877.	ing occurr Year of	ed to Britis 1877.	sh, (	Janadis	ın and
Date of Canualty.	Xame of Vessel.	- Υ Κο·	Port of Registry.	Port sailed from. Port bound to.	Rig.	Register Tonnage.	Place where Casualty happened.	Nature of Casualty.	Cause of Casualty.	Lives Lost.	laitra To lato T secol	Amount.
1877. 07. 24	1877. Nov. 24 Armstrong	14		Windsor, N.S. Fleetwood, G.B., to Ship	Ship	918	816 Sylecroft, White-	Stranded	White-Stranded Stress of wea Total		lotal	\$ 16,400
og	Alpheus Mar-shall.		4 Digby, N.S	oy, N.S Antwerp to New York, U.S.	New Barque	992	992 In the Downs, G.B. Collision Not known	Collision			Partial	120
0ct. 28	29 Agnes Camp- bell.	<u></u>	op	Bonner to Shelburne, N.S.	о <b>р</b>	069	690 Faroe Island Damaged by Stress of wea-	Damaged by Sea.	Stress of wea-	<u>-</u> -	Total	26,000
ov. 1?	Nov. 17 Annie Troop	=-	Z.	ohn, N.B. Londonderry, Irela'd, to New York, U.S.	do	511	511 During the voyage Loss of sails	Loss of sails	ф ор		Partial.	20
ec. 11	Dec. 11 Albert L	m 	Hali	fax, N.S At North Sydney, Schooner 108 North Sydney, N.S. Stranded Dragged anchors.	Schooner	108	North Sydney, N.S.	Stranded			Total	3,500
Nov.	6 Acadia		St. 5	ohn, N.B. St. John, N.B., to Georgetown, P.E.I.	op		73 15 miles from Burin, Newff'd.	ор	Stress of west-		op	2,500
ot k'n.	Notk'n. Abby Alice	01		Halifax, N.S Halifax, N.S., to Bay St. George, Newfill.	op	12	72 Entrance to Bay St. George, N'ff'd.	ор	Fog	<u> </u>	Partial	0230
Nov	Alleppo	~ _		Charlottetown Liverpool, G.B., to Brigantine. Sydney, N.S.	Brigantine.	249	249 Lat. 59° 30' N., Foundered Stress of wea Lon. 7° 30' W.	Foundered.	Stress of wea-		Total	10,000
0ct. 22	22 Amity	<del>-</del>	<u>x</u>	ohn, N.B Monte Video, S.A., to Barque Richibacto, N.B.	Ватqче	535	535 Cape Tormentine, Stranded		Error of judgenerate		Partial	8,000
pt. 22	Sept. 22 Abeona	<u></u>	Arichat, N.S	Arichat, N.S., Sydney, N.S., to Halifax, N.S.	to Schooner		99 Cook's Cove, Chebucto Bay, N.S.	op	Loss of sails Total	· <del></del>	lotal ,	200

			1	`	•					
Amount.	\$ 7,500 cargo 100	30,000	750	1,250	420	Not known.	8,000	Unknown.	000,6	3,000   cargo 9,000
Tail or Partial Least.	Partial.	ор	ф	т ор	ор	що	Total	Partial.	Total	Partial.
Lives Lost.			•	•			•		:	
Canse of Casualty.	Stress of wea- ther.	Fog	Stress of wea-	Run into while at anchor.	Stress of wea- ther.	Not known	Stress of wea- ther.	op	Sprung a leak.	Stress of wea-
Nature of Cusualty.	Loss of rudder and mizzen mast.	Stranded	Loss of suils	Collision	Damaged at sea.	Sprung leak.	Dismasted &		Abandoned at sea.	Hove on
Place where Casualty happened.	During the voyage	Antigua, W.I	During the voyage	Off the North Foreland, G.B.	During voyage	Not known	Atlantic Ocean	ор	180 miles from Ber- muda.	157 Lat. 42° 46 N., Hove on Stress of wea Partial
Register Tonnage.	1314	1133	294	1195	400	671		26		157
Rig.		qo	Brigantine	Ship	Barquentine	Barque	Brigantine	Schooner	Brigantine	do 1
Port sailed from.	G.B., Red Sea.	Plymouth, G.B., to New Orleans, U.S.	Port Rush, Ireland, to St. John, N.B.	Londoz, G.B., to Sandy Hook, U.S.	Bristol Channel to Deleware Break- water, U.S.	Pictou, N.S., to Liver erpool, G.B.	Poole, G.B., to Charlottetown, P.E.I.	Halifax, N.S., to Ponce, Porto Rico.	u.s.,	Liverpool, N.S. New York, U.S., tol
Port of Registry.		op	op	Windsor, N.S.	St. John, N.B.	w Pictou, N.S	Charlottetown P.E.I.	Halifax, N.S	_	Liverpool, N.S.
Age.						ne	nev.	- <del>-</del> -		
Nam of Vessel.	. Albula	Agnes Suther land.	) Beauty	2 British Queen.	6 Belle Walters	Beaconsfield	7 Belle	C. W. Ander-	   Chillian Wal-   lah.	31 D. F. Brown
Date of Casualty.	July	Oct	Nov. 2	do 1	Mar. 1		Nov. 2	Sept. 14	Dec. 4	do 3
	Nam Port Port sailed from.  Rig. There Cause of Port bound to.  Registry. Port bound to.  Rig. There Cause of Casualty of Casualty.  Registry. The control of Casualty of Casualty of Casualty.  Registry. The control of Casualty of Casualty of Casualty of Casualty.  Rig. The control of Casualty	Nam Port Port sailed from. Rig. From the Place Nature Cause of Of Of Of Of Of Of Of Of Of Of Of Of Of	Nam Port Port sailed from. Rig. Fr where Casualty of Ousualty. Casualty. Casualty. Casualty. Fr casualty. Casualty. Casualty. Fr casualty. Casualt	Nam Of Vessel.  Registry.  Port bound to.  Albula  Agnes Suther- 2 do Plymouth, G.B., to St. John, N.B.  Deauty  Rig. From Page of the control of the co	Nam Port Port sailed from. Rig. Fort bound to. Albula 6 St. John, N.B. Cardiff, G.B., to Ship	Nam	Name	Nam	Nam	Name

42 V	Victoria	ð.,		Se	ssiona	l Paj	pers	(No	. 3)			4	1. 18	379
15,000	10,000 cargo 400	2,400	200	5,000 cargo 1,400	95,000 c'go 125,000	3,300 cargol2,000	Not known.	1,000 cargo 4,800	5,000	250	12,000	3,500	1,000	100
	a.l	Partial	-:-	al	:	÷		Partial		Partial	 	:	Partial.	:
_	Total		op	Total.	ор —:—	- <del></del>			Total	Par	Total	<b>P</b>		₽ —:—
-			<u>.</u>	9		<u>:</u>	<u>:</u> -	<u>ო</u> –	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	о ————	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	<u>;</u>
'Fault of tug	Fog	Chains parted.	Stress of wea-	op	Struck on sun ken rock.	Dismasted Stress of wea-	op	op	Collision Thick rain	Stress of wes	Collision with str. "Potts- ville,"	Stranded Fog	Stress of wea- ther.	Collision Error of judg-
r,/Stranded	Collision	Stranded	op	Dismasted and passed direlict.	Stranded	Dismasted	Stranded	Damaged at sea.		Loss of spars and sails.	Foundered	Stranded	Loss of sails.	Collision
33/Point St. Vallied R. St. Lawrence	184 Near Plum Island, Collision   Long   sln n d   Sound, U.S.	148 Canal Flats, Vine- yard Haven, U.S.	15 Entrance to Mar- gaiee H'rb'r, N.S	148 Not known Dismasted and pass	1713 Bremerbaven, Hol. Stranded Struck on sun-ken rock.	76 Lat. 37° 9' N., Lon. 56° 56' W.	25 Off Jeddore, Hall-Stranded fax County, N.S.	213 360 miles N.E., of Damaged Bermuda.	120 Оп тоувде	124.14 miles off Anti-Loss of spars Stress of wea-	249 South of Martha's Foundered Collision with Vineyard, U.S. str. "Potts-ville."	74 Cape Rouge, N.S.	1152 During the voyage Loss of sails. Stress of ther.	59 Vanwart's Point, River St. John.
/108					1713	92					249		1152	
/Ship	to Schooner	т ор	ор	ор	Ship	Schooner	ор	to Brigantine	Schooner	op	Brig	Schooner	to Ship	to Schooner
'Quebec to Liverpool, Ship	N.S., ork, U.S.	St. Martins, W.I., to Eastport, U.S.	Charlottetown West Point, P.E.I., to Campbelton, do	Charlottetown to New York, U.S.	N.B. Pabillon de Pica, S.A to Queenstown, G.B	N.B. Picton, N.S., to Bar-Schooner.	Not known	Baltimore, U.S., to Pernambuco.	St. Thomas, W.I., to Schooner	Antigua, W.I., to Yarmouth, N.S.	Amboy, N.S., to Halifax.	N. B. Pubnico, N.S., to Crookhaven, G.B.	New York, U.S., to Bristol, G.B.	Nashwaak, N.B., to St. John, N.B.
/Quebec	Halifax, N.S Windsor,	St. John, N.B.	Charlottetown P.E.I.	4 Lunenburg,	St. John, N.B.	Chatham, N.B.	Port Hawkes- bury, N.S.	Windsor, N.S.	St. John, N.B.	14 Yarmouth, N.S.	Halifax, N.S.		op	op
/nev	62	10	מו	4	-	20	30	70	70	77	<b>k</b> -	01	9	
May 28/Dunsyre/now/Quedec.	17 Decoré	5 Eddie & Willie	5 Endeavor	3 Hvading	Nov. 25 Empress of India.	20 Electa	13 Flag of Truce	10 Florence May	5 Glanmire	5 Gladiator	7 G. M. Jones	Sept. 18 G. F. DeForest 10 St, John,	Geo H.Oulton	Oct. 13 Gold Finder
Мау	Oct.	op	Nov.	Dec.	Nov. 2	မိ	දි 16 <b>5</b>	do 1	op	op	Oct.	Sept.	Nov.	Oct.

						`							
	Amount.	€9	riffing.	No damage.	800 cargo 4,000	8,000 cargo 1,500	Triffing.	3,000 cargo 2,000	3,700	4,500	2,000	3,000	1,279
d.	Total or Partial Leed.		Partial Triffing		Total		Partial., Triffing.	Total	Partial.	·· op	ор	op	op
inne	Lives Lost.					-		<u> </u>			•	•	
Vessels—Continued.	Cause of Casualty.		Stranded Error of judgen-	Want of light on board 'St. Joseph,"	Not known	Fog	Stress of wea-	ор	ор	op	do		Stress of wear
a-going Ve	Nature of Gasualty.		Stranded	Collision	Joseph, Stranded	qo	op	Damaged by sea.	Stranded	Collision	Spreng B	Loss of spars	Sprung a
Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going	Place where Casualty bappened.		659 Cape Traverse, P.E.I.	659 Off Bellechasse Light, Gulf St. Lawrence.	41 Off Marie Joseph, N.S.	199 4-mile West of C'pe George, N.S.	178 Pwilhell, North Wales.	644 During voyage	276 Joseph's Bay, N.S Stranded	to Barquentine 419 Mersey River, G.B. Collision	419 Lat. 47° 17' N.; Spring Lon. 14° 24' W. leak.	170 Pensacola Harbor, Loss of spars Hurricane	During the voyage
l Ca	Register Tonnage.		629	629	41		178	644	276	419	419	170	325
recks and	Rig		Steamer	op	Schooner	Brigantine	ор	Barque	St. Schooner	Barquentine	ор	Schooner	Brigantine
to the Statement of V	Port sailed from.		Pictou, N.S., to Mon-Steamer	Quebec to Pictou, N S.	Cheticamp, N.S., to Schooner Halifax, N.S.	Charlottetown Cadiz, Spain, to Cas-Brigantine cumpec, P.E.I.	Dundalk Island, to Sydney, C.B.	Boston, U.S., to Cork, Barque Ireland.	St. John, N.B., Sydney, N.S. to St. John, N.B.	Richibucto, N.B., Liverpool, G.B.	Liverpool, G.B., to St John, N.B.	Charlottetown At Pensacola, U.S Schooner	ohn, N.B. New York, U.S., to Brigantine 325 During the voyage Sprung leak.
	Port of Registry.		Sunderland, G.B.	op	Halifax, N.S.	Charlottetown P.E.I.	St. John, N.B.	Digby, N.S	St. John, N.B.	op	op	Charlottetown P.E.I.	St. John, N.B.
LEI	Age.		10	10			•	4	20	9	•	ო	_;;
Supplement	Name of Vessel.		23 Hadji	ор г	22 Hawk	23 Idlewilde	23 Julia A.Mirritt	John Boyd	20 Jessie Hoyt	14 Jane Wright	13 Jane Wright	J. M. S	Nov. 15 Julia Lingley. 11
	Date of Gasualty.	1877.	Oct. 23	Nov. 8	do 22	Dec. 23	Nov. 23	Dec	<b>do 2</b> 0	Nov. 14	Dec. 13	do 28	Nov. 1

44	V ictor	ria.		Sei	ssiona	l Pape	ers (	(No. 8	3)			<b>A.</b> 1	1879
009'1	10,000	30	1,000	No damage.	Triffing.	625	4,000	1,000	09	Not known.	320	17,000	625
op /	т ор	ф	т ор		Partial	op	Total	Partial.	ор	тор	т ор	Total	Partial,
<u></u>		•											
./Error of judg  § ment.	Stress of wea- ther.	Fault of "America."	In charge of Pilot.	Mistook) ves- sel's riding lightfor"(Pil- grims'."	Stress of wea- ther.	Collision Str. "Zephyr." with ste'mr "Zephyr."	F og	do	Stranded Brror of judg- ment.	Stress of wea- ther.	ор	Stranded Thick weather	F0g
h,/Stranded	Loss of spars on beam- ends.	Collision	Stranded	Collision	Sprung a 1'k and pumps choked.	Collision with ste'mr "Zephyr."	Stranded	Collision	Stranded	maged by	Loss of sails	Stranded	op
99 Glace 'Bay 'Beach, Stranded  Error of judg-     N.S.   R. ment.	825 Lat. 55° N.; Lon. Loss of spars Stress of weals of W. and beam- ther. ends.	to Steamer 1445 Quebec Harbor Collision Fault of "America"	210 Wexford Bar, Ire-Stranded In charge land.	1274 Off the Pilgrims, River St. Law-	315 Off Rimouski and Sprung a Vk Stress of wea Partial Trifling. Bic, River St. and pumps, ther. Lawrence.	948 River Mersey	252 Dover Head, N.S Stranded Fog Total	380 5 Miles off Dunge-Collision	77 West entrance to St. Marie Joseph Harbor, N.S.	531 Lat. 39° 56' N., Damaged by Lon. 61° 33' W sea.	194 Chebucto Head, bearing NW 8 miles.	328 NE. point of Burini Island.	399 Gamden Point, Queenstown Har- bour.
		1445		1274				380	7.2	531		328	
to/Schooner /	to Barque	Steamer	to Brigantine	to Ship	dontreal, P.Q., to Barque Queenstown, Irel'nd	do	to Brigantine.	Brig	N.S., Marie Joseph, N.S., Schooner to Boston, U.S.	Barque	to Schooner	to Brigantine	to Ship
Bay, N'fld., ' tx, N.S.		Liverpool, G.B., to Montreal, P.Q.	C.B St. John, N.B., to Wexford, Ireland	Liverpool, G.B., to Montreal, P.Q.	Montreal, P.Q., to Queenstown, Irel'nd	N.S At Anchor	B.G.,	N.B. Deal, G. B., to Charl Brig lottetown, P.E.I.	seph, N.S., ton, U.S.	niladelphia, U.S., to Cork for orders.		N.B. Sharpness, G.B., tc Doboy, U.S.	tetown Charlottetown, to Queenstown, Ir'Ind
/Boone Halifa	Greenoc New Y	Liverpoo Montre	St. John Wexfor	Liverpoo Montre	Montreal Queenst	At Anch	Demerara, B.( Halifax, N.S.	Deal, G. lotteto	Marie Jo to Bos	Philadelphia, to Cork for c	Richmon Halifa	Sharpne	Charlott Queen
Halifax, N.S.	St. John, N.B	Montreal	Sydney, C.B	Montreal	Quebec	Halifax, N.S	ор	St. John, N.B	Amherst, N.S	Sunderland, G.B.	St. John, N.B. Richmond, U.S., Hahfax, N.S.	St. John, N.B.	Charlottetown P.E.I.
e; i/:	new	61		σο 	<u> </u>	10	14	4			4	70	<u></u>
James Dwyre   '3  Halifax, N.S Boone Bay, N'fld., 'to Schooner    Halifax, N.S.	11; Kentigern new St. John, N.B Greenock, G.B.,	July 25 Lake Megantic	7 Lord Dufferin.	11 Lake Superior	Nov, 15 Loraine	Sept. 17 Lara	July 20 Louisa	Sept. 15 Little Harry	Dec. 19 LeRoy	Nov. 10 Mary A. Mar- 10 shall.	10 Moss Glen	25 Morning Dew.	31 Midas
do .	do 11	July 25	0ct 7	do 11	Nov. 15	Wept. 17	July 20	Sept. 15	Dec. 19	Nov. 10	do 10	Dec. 25	do 31

	Amount.	€€	450	820	68	Unknown.	2,000 cargo10,000	2,800	4,000	6,000	200	5,000 cargo 2,000	6,000
	Total or Partial Loss.		Partial.	т ор	ф ор	op	т ор	Total	Partial	op	op	Total	Partial.
	Lives Lost.				:			•		:		<b>∞</b>	
Sontinued.	Cause of Casualty.		Fault of str.	Stranded Stress of wea-	ор	Fog	at Stress of wea-	ор	т ор	Squall	Stress of wea- ther.		Stranded Fog
Vessels—(	Nature of Casualty.		Collision	Stranded	:: op	ор	N., Lon. Damaged at sea.	Peter, Stranded	··· op	Loss of mizenmast.	Stranded	Foundered	Stranded
to Sea-going	Place where Casualty happened.		84 Off Eaton's Rock, Collision Fault of str.	240 Port Hastings, N.S.	89 Deer Island, Bay of Fundy.	1250 Green Island, Riv. St. Lawrence.	743 Lat. 44° N., Lon.	95 Point St. Peter, Gaspé.	327 Murray's Reef, Bermuda.	1072 Sandee Island, en-Loss of trance to Clyde. mizenmast.	44 Antigonish Bar Stranded Stress of wea-	175 Off East Point, P.E.I.	151 Jones' Reef, Inagua. FELL
ies	Register Tonnage.					1250				1072			151
d Casuali	Rig.		to Schooner	Brigantine	to Schooner		ф ор	Schooner	to Brigantine	Ship	Schooner	Brigantine	ор
TEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going Vessels—Continued.	Port sailed from. Port bound to.		ohn, N.B. Crapand, P.E.I., to	lottetown Georgetown, P.E I., Brigantine	ohn, N.E. St. John, N.B., to Boston, U.S.	Glasgow. Glasgow to Quebec. Bark	Yarmouth, N.S Baltimore to London-derry.	Quebec Quebec to Glasgow Schooner	lsor, N.S. Cork, Ireland, to Bermuda.	Yarmouth, N.S Quebec to Greenock. Ship	N.S Pictou, N.S., to Anti-Schooner gonish, N.S.	Turks Island, Cascumpec, P.E.I., Brigantine	Halifax, N.S Petit Goniane, Hayti,
STATEMENT	Port of Registry.		St. John, N.B.	Charlottetown P.E.I.	St. John, N.E.	Port Glasgow.	<del></del>	Quebec	Windsor, N.S	Yarmouth, N.S	Halifax, N.S	Turks Island, W.I.	
	.9gA.		1-	rew	m	23	œ 		4	61	9	<u>о</u>	12
	Name of Vessel.		7 Milo	7 Maggie A new Charl	14 Mary Pickard	18 Madrass	17 Mary Lawton	17 Mary Almida	31 Magenta	Sept. 14 Natant	16 New Dominion	Dec. 15 Nebo	Nov. 27 Nazarine
j	Oate of Casualty.		Dec. 7	do	Nov. 1	89 Aug. 18	0ct. 17	do 17	Dec. 31	Sept. 14	Oct. 16	Dec. 1Ē	Nov. 2

	f 1Ct	oria.			Se	ssion	al I	'apers	(No	), ə, <b>)</b>				A	1919
1,000 /	1,570	1,800	No damage.	8,000 cargo 6,000	15,000	009	3,000	10,000 cargo 3,000	10,000	6,000	2,000	1,000	2,000	4,000	7,500 7,500 cargo 600
op /	ор	Partial		Partial.	Total	т ор	Partial.	op	do g	Total	op	Partial .	Total	т ор	Partial
1								•	•		•	:	80		_ !
op /	River Ganges gave her foul berth.	Stress of wea-	Low water	Stress of wea-	т ор	Chains parted.	Loss of spars Stress of wea- and sails. ther.	op	entrance to Stranded Hawser parted ve Pass.	Fog	Stress of wea-	Error of judg	Not known. Missing	Stress of wea- ther.	ор
Dismasted   do	Collision	Loss of spars	Stranded	Sprung a leak.	Gulch, Foundered	Stranded,	Loss of spars and sails.	Leaky and oth'r damage	Stranded	op	do do	Collision	Not known	Foundered	Damaged at sea.
281/Kish Light, W.	1059 In the Downs, G.B.	137 During the voyage Loss of spars	1126 Off Champlain, Ri-Stranded	227 Atlantic Ocean	587 Coneyne Gulch,	53 Big Glace Bay, C.B Stranded, Chains parted.	984 Atlantic Ocean	745 [Lat. 38° 58' N., Leaky Lon. 65° 44' W., oth'r dan		129 Judique Shoals, C.B.	Aspey Bay, C.B	201 Akerly's Point, St John River.	208 Not known	242 Lat. 35º 23' N., Foundered Stress of wea-	322 North Atlantic Damaged sea.
.:- 28	1058	137	1126	227	587	53	984	745	1095	129	52	201	208	243	322
op	South-Ship	Schooner	Steamer	Brigantine,	Barque	to Schooner	Bristol, Barque	ор	Ship	P.E.I., Schooner	ор	Steamer	Schooner	Brigantine	Brig
3 St. John, N.B., Dublin to St. John,	London to South-West Pass, U.S.	N.B.: Ballyshannon, to Sydney, C.B.	on Montreal to Queens-	N.S New York to St. Mi- Brigantine, chaels, Azores.	Bett's Cove, Nff'd, to Barque Liverpool.	Louisburg, C.B., to Big Glace Bay, C.B	N.S Quebec to Bristol, G.B.	Yarmouth, N.S. Philadelphia to Bre- men.	San Francisco to Ship 1095 S. W. Burrard Inlet, B.C.	Cascumpec, P.E.I., to Queenstown.	N.S Sydney, C.B., to Aspey Bay, C.B.	N.B. St. John, N.B., to Fredericton, N.B.	Limerick to Sydney, Schooner		Pictou to Matanzas, Brig Cuba.
S St. John, N.B	op	St. John, N.B.	ele G.E	Halifax, N.S		<u>.:</u>	Halifax, N.S		Newcastle, G.B San Bu	Charlot'town, P.E.I.	Halifax, N.S	St. John, N.B.	Windsor, N.S	Arichat, C.B	ор
~_	12	10	new	6	2.4	DWORN	انن	13	16	ī	11	-	m		00
13 Para	2 Prince Patrick	15 Rubina.	6 Rossend Castle new Newcast	4 Rhone	19 Resoluda	9 Superb Nown Sydney, G.	25 Snow Queen	5 Susan M Dud- maa.	25 St. Lawrence	22 St. Hubert	Sabrina	8 Soulanges	S. H. Sweet	April 16 Sabina	Nov. 18 Spray Bloom
ф	Dec.	Oct. 15	Ang. 6	Nov. 4	do 19	6 op	1 Oct.	69 Dec. 5	Nov. 25	do 22	Sept	Nov. 8	т ор	April 16	Nov. 18

STATEMENT of Wrecks and Casualties to Sea-going Vessels—Continued.

Amount.	€9	1,700	3,000	300	6,000 cargo 300	2,300	1,100	200	7,000	6,000
faittaq to fateT Lesed.		Partial .	ор	moor Total	ор	Partial	Total	Partial.	op	Total
Lives lost.		:	-	i		•				
Cause of Casualty.		Stress of wea- ther.	op		Struck a sunk-	Error of judg Partial	Stress of wea Total	Squall	Fog	Stranded Stress of wea Total
Nature of Casualty.		Loss of sails.	do	Stranded	op	op	ф	Dismasted	Collision	Stranded
Place where Casualty happened.		223 During the voyage Loss of sails. Stress of wea Partial ther.	95 90 miles from Hat- teras.	36 Souris, P.E.I Stranded Parted ings.	159 Port Caledonia, C.B.	358 Entrance to Sables d'Alonne.	28 Coastof Newfound- land.	53 Grand Banks Dismasted Squall	06 Lat. 458 20' 0'' N.,   Lon. 54° 16' W.	272 Peter's Ledges, C.B.
- РедвипоТ тэтвідэЯ	<u>                                      </u>	-:			≃ :			<del></del>		
Rig.		Brigantine.	Schooner.	op	qo	Brigantine	Schooner	op	Ship	Brigantine
Port sailed from. Port bound to.		Londonderry, N.S., Brigantine	John, N.B., St. Martins, W.I., to Schooner	At Souris, P.E.I	Pictou, N.S Port Caledonia to Halifax, N.S.	Bound to Sables d'Alonne.	Halifax, N.S Not known Schooner	Plymouth, Mass., to Grand Banks.	Windsor, N.S. Chatham to London. Ship 1006 Lat. 458 20' 0" N., Collision Fog	10 Pictou, N.S Whycocomuh, C.B., Brigantine to Leith, G.B.
Port of Registry.		Parrsboro', N.S.	st.	Charlottet'n, P.E.I.		Parrsboro', N.S.	Halifax, N.S	American		Pictou, N.S
₽£6.		- ~	4	43	10	9	=		12	10
Name of Vessel.		Dec The Charley	21 Ulalume	15 Voltaire	8 William B	29 Wesley & Sey- mour.	7 Whisper	Wате	9 Wellington	Dec W. W. Lord
Date of Casualty.		Dec	do 21	đo	.9 170	0ct. 29	May 7	do 21	July	Dec

	_
e Statement of Wrecks and Casualties reported as having occurred on the Inland Waters of	
r occu	
having	1877.
as	r 01
Casualties reported	Canada, during the Calendar Year of 1877.
and	duri
f Wrecks	Canada, e
t 07	
Statemen	
the	
to	
SUPPLEMENT	

	Amount.	1,000	1,000	do Not known.
	Teital or Partial Loss.	Total	Partial	
١	Lives Lost.			
	Cause of Casualty.	Unknown	Parted chains	ment. Bror of judg-
	Nature of Casualty.	Burnt.	Stranded	qo
	Place where Casualty happened.	11 Babbit's Dock Burnt Unknown	63 McDowell's Point, Stranded Parted chains Partial	k Old Cut near Port
	Register Tonnage.	=======================================	ε <sub>α,</sub>	Not kno
	Rig.	Steamer	•	i
	Port sailed from.	Amherstburg, Williamsburg, Ont., Steamer Ont. Unt.	Nov. 2 Flying Scud 10 Kingston, Ont. Oswego, U.S., to West Point.	No date. Rising Star American Chicago to Oswego Schooner
	Port of Registry.	Amherstburg, Ont.	Kingston, Ont.	American
	γ Re·	12	10	
	Name of Vessel.	Aug. 11 Alex. Jones 12	Flying Scud	Rising Star
	Date of Casualty.	Aug. 11	Nov. 2	171 171 171

### APPENDIX No. 6.

#### REPORT ON THE LOSS OF THE STEAMSHIP "LAKE MEGANTIC,"

Made after an investigation held by the Quebec Harbour Commissioners under the authority of an Order in Council, dated the 29th August, 1878, constituting said Harbour Commission a Court or Tribunal to hold a formal investigation into the wreck of the steamships "Lake Megantie" and "Blenheim."

QUEBEC, 19th September, 1878.

Pursuant to an Order in Council, dated Government House, Ottawa, 29th August 1878, appointing the Harbour Commissioners of Quebec a Court or Tribunal to hold a formal investigation into the wreck of the steamship "Lake Megantic," in accordance with provisions of the 4th section of the Canadian Act, 37 Victoria, cap. 39, and the 5th section, Act 32–3 Victoria, cap. 38, a quorum of the members of the Quebec Harbour Commission met at their office, Custom House, City of Quebec, 10th September, 1878, and having taken the oath prescribed by law, opened the investigation into the loss of the steamship "Lake Megantic;" continued same next day, and on the 14th September; only available witnesses being Captain Battersby, John Davidson (2nd mate), who holds master's certificate, John Walsh (fireman), and Mr. F. Carbray, the agent of the steamer in Quebec; also examined ship's log-book, signed by Captain Battersby, Wm. Kinning, 1st officer, and others, and ship's protest attested to by same.

The Court was assisted in its deliberations by Mr. R. Alleyn, Q.C., and Mr. F. Gourdeau, Acting Harbour Master. The Captain and owners of the steamship "Lake

Megantic" were represented by Hon. A. R. Angers.

The steamship "Lake Megantic," of Montreal, registered tonnage 1,445, gross 2019. owned by Canada Shipping Company, barque-rigged, Clyde-built of iron, commanded by Captain John Battersby, who holds certificate of competency as master No. 18,072, sailed from Quebec on the morning of 20th July, with a crew of 44, 13 cabin passengers, 13 men in charge of cattle, laden with a general cargo from Mon treal, and 226 horned cattle, bound for Liverpool; discharged pilot same evening; passed Cape Magdalen at 10 a.m on 21st, weather hazy; shaped course to pass ton miles off South Point, Anticosti; made said light about 10:3) same p.m, altered course to S.S.E.: owing to smoke from funnel the four-point bearings could not be taken, and ship's distance from the light, which was passed at 11 p.m., was estimated by chief officer at eight miles, and by Captain Battersby at five miles. No cast of the lead was then or subsequently taken. At 11:15 course was altered to S.E. by S. and at 11:30 to east \( \frac{3}{4} \) south; at 12:15 a m. on 22nd, land was seen on port bow, helm was put hard a port, but in about two minutes she struck a reef off Otter River Point, situated eight miles east of South Point, and has since become a total wreck. The weather at the time was raining and misty, with strong south east gale. the occurrence all that could possibly be done was extended to by Captain Battersby. and in due course passengers, cattle-men, and crew were safely landed on Anticosti-The ship was insured for £35,000; there was also insurance on most of the cargo; a very small portion of the latter was brought to Quebec and sold at auction. cattle were also a total loss, as such of them as were not drowned strayed on the island and could not be recovered.

#### JUDGMENT.

The Court is of opinion that considering the weather which existed at the time the "Lake Megantic" made South Point, Captain Battersby should not have contented himself with a more estimate of ship's distance off the light, but should have verified it by using his lead, when he would have found himself dangerously close to shore, as the course steered and the subsequent wreck of his vessel proved him to have been. Further, the Court is of opinion that the light at South Point was all that was necessary to give ship a good departure; and to attempt to coast Anticosti in such weather as prevailed that night in order to pass five miles off Heath Point light, as Captain Battersby deposes to have been his intention, was extremely imprudent, and should entail a heavier penalty on Captain Battersby than the Court is disposed to inflict. The Court therefore decides, in virtue of its authority, to suspend the certificate of said Captain Battersby, and doth hereby suspend said certificate for a period of three calendar months from 19th instant.

A. WOODS. Chairman.
WILLIAM RAE,
J. H. SIMMONS,
E. W. SEWELL,
JOSEPH PLAMONDON,
JOSEPH SHEHYN,
RICHARD DOBELL,
Quebec Harbour Commissioners.

A. H. VERRET,
Sec.-Treas. Quebec Harbour Commissioners.

I hereby certify the judgment given in this case 8th October, 1878.

A. J. SMITH,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

## APPENDIX No. 7.

#### REPORT ON THE LOSS OF THE STEAMSHIP "BLENHEIM."

Made after an investigation held by the Quebec Harbour Commissioners under the authority of an Order in Council, dated the 29th August, 1878, constituting said Harbour Commissioners a Court or Tribunal to hold a formal investigation into the wreck of the steamships "Lake Megantic" and "Blenheim."

Quebec, 19th September, 1878.

Pursuant to an Order in Council, dated Government House, Ottawa, 29th August, 1878, appointing the Harbour Commissioners of Quebec a Court or Tribunal to hold a formal investigation into the loss of the steamship "Blenheim," in accordance with provisions of the 4th section of the Canadian Act, 37 Victoria, chapter 39, and the 5th section, Act 32-3 Victoria, chapter 38, a quorum of the members of the Quebec Harbour Commission met at their office, Custom House, City of Quebec, 10th September, 1878, and having taken the oath prescribed by law, opened the investigation into the loss of the steamship "Blenheim;" continued same 12th, 13th and 14th instant; only available witnesses being Captain Holman, R. T. Barrow, chief officer; Joseph Griffiths, chief engineer, and Captain J. H. C. Leahy, surveyor United Kingdom Mutual Steamship Association; also examined ships protest signed by Captain Holman, chief officer, second officer and others, and attested copy of ship's official log signed by same parties.

The Court was assisted in its deliberation, by Mr. R. Alleyn, Q.C., and Mr. F. Gourdeau, acting Harbour Master. The captain and owners of the "Blenheim" were

represented by the Honorable A. R. Angers.

The steamship "Blenheim" was an iron steamer, four years old, brig rigged, of Exeter, England, classed 20 years A 1, John Holman, of England, being registered and managing owner; tonnage 1,307, gross 2,021; sailed from Newport in Wales in ballast, bound to Montreal 24th July last, commanded by Ambrose Crudy Holman, who holds certificate of competency as master No. 11,428; passed Father Point 5th August, and proceeded to northward of Bic to obtain a pilot, erroneously under the belief that pilotage ground began at latter station, from the supplement to "Light houses of the World," published by R. H. Lawrie, London, edited by A. G. Findlay, F. R. G. S., and published in 1878. About noon, some distance below Bic, it became foggy, and heard gun of Bicquette 2:30 p. m., stopped and went dead slow alternately, used the steam-whistle and sounded constantly, hoping momentarily for fog to lift and obtain pilot, standing off and on in the meanwhile, keeping ship in deep water; at 6 p.m. got anchor to house pipe intending to stand into anchorage ground and let go anchor, if pilot did not reach ship before dark; 7:30 p.m. got glimpse of Bicquette light, bearing to all appearance about south-east, distant eight miles.

Ship was kept going slow on south-west course; at 8:10 p.m. a schooner was seen (fog having lifted a little) to the southward, with mainsail and foresail set, which

was taken for pilot schooner.

A blue light was burned as a signal on board the "Blenheim," which was replied to by the schooner showing a bright white light over the rail abaft main mast, which was taken by the "Blenheim" to be pilot signal; helm was put to starboard and ship put on a course south by east, going slow to make the schooner; rope ladder was put over the side, and preparations made to receive the pilot, when at 8.25, the ship struck on what was afterward ascertained to be north-west reef of Bicquette.

There were only ten feet of water under foremast and eleven fathoms aft.

Steam pumps, men, and materials were obtained from Quebec, and everything Possible that could be done to save the ship was attended to; but on 26th August

a heavy gale from westward sprung up which made the "Blenheim" a total wreck.

The schooner that showed the bright light turned out to be the "Diver," a wrecking vessel at work on the remains of the steamship "Strathtay"; they stated the light with the state of the steamship "Strathtay". the light was shown, as they feared it was a tug-boat going to run them down, but

the excuse was valueless, as they were anchored inside the reef.

The judgment of the Court, therefore, is that, although it was questionable policy in Captain Holman to cruise in such a dangerous locality in search of a pilot, he used every precaution to keep his ship in safety, and that the loss would not have occurred had it not been for the schooner "Diver" acting unintentionally as a decoy; it

therefore exonerates Captain Holman and returns him his certificate.

The Court is of opinion that a distinct fog-signal should be used by pilot schooners to distinguish them, as in all probability one was close to the "Blenheim" that afternoon, and there was no means of ascertaining it. Further the Court recommends that a bell-buoy be placed on this dangerous reef, where two steamers have already been lost, and other accidents happened; also that schooners engaged in such a locality for wrecking purposes should be compelled by law to exhibit a red light by night, and red flag by day, as is done in England.

> A. WOODS, Chairman. WILLIAM RAE, J. H. SIMMONS, E. W. SEWELL, JOSEPH PLAMONDON, JOSEPH SHEHYN, RICHARD DOBELL,

> > Quebec Harbour Commissioners.

A II. VERRET,

Secretary-Treasurer, Quebec Harbour Commissioners.

1 hereby confirm the judgment given in this case, 8th October, 1878.

A. J. SMITH,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

# APPENDIX No. 8.

# REPORT OF THE QUEBEC HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS ON THE LOSS OF THE GOVERNMENT STEAMSHIP "LADY HEAD."

Pursuant to an Order in Council, dated Government House, Ottawa, 3rd September 1878, appointing the Harbour Commissioners of Quebec, a court or tribunal to hold a formal investigation into the wreck of the steamship "Lady Head" in accordance with the provisions of the 4th section of the Canadian Act 37 Vict., chap. 39, and the 5th section Act 32 and 33 Vict., chap. 38, a quorum of the members of the Quebec Harbour Commissioners met at their office, Custom House, City of Quebec, 24th September 1878, and, having taken the oath prescribed by law, opened the investigation into the loss of the steamship "Lady Head," continued it until 25th and 30th of the same month, and concluded on the 14th instant, witnesses being: Napoleon Lavoie, fishery officer; Cyprien Morin, sailing master; Achill Boucher, 1st officer; Nazaire Deroy, 2nd officer; Phillippe Fraser, sailor, and L. A. Blanchet, clerk in Marine and Fisheries Department, Quebec.

The steamship "Lady Head," registered tonnage two hundred and eight-three, owned by the Government of the Dominion of Canada for the protection of the fisheries, sailed from Ellis Bay, Anticosti, near the West Point Light at 7.35 p.m., ninth of August, weather fine and calm. At about 10.30 p.m., it became overcast and hazy, and a few minutes after midnight fog set in, which momentarily increased in density, till one a.m., when engines were slowed. At about 1.30 the lookout-man called out "land ahead," the engines were stopped and reversed, but the ship immediately took the ground and remained fast on what was afterwards ascertained to

be Point Jaune, eight miles west of Fox River.

Pumps, men and material were obtained in due course, every exertion was made

to save her, but without avail, and she became a total wreck.

The "Lady Head" had a crew of 26 hands all told, was commanded by Napoleon Lavoie, fishery officer, who held his appointment direct from the Marine and Fisheries Department, Ottawa, and by same authority he selected officers and crew, no articles were signed and the legal means of enforcing discipline on board was thus wanting.

Commander Lavoie appointed Cyprien Morin, who held second class certificate as master, to navigate the vessel; Achille Boucher as 1st mate; Nazaire Deroy, 2nd mate, neither of whom held certificates, and in event of the sailing master being off duty from sickness or otherwise, there was no one on board who could pretend to

navigate the vessel with safety.

The commander seems to have occupied a peculiar position; he only commanded in port, and the sailing master had charge at other times. In this way, there was a

divided authority which was subversive of discipline.

On the night in question, the ninth of August, Boucher, the first mate, went on duty at eight o'clock off West Point Light, and the sailing master gave him the course to make Cape Rosier Light. In his evidence, the sailing master states he had no confidence in the accuracy of his first or second mate, yet on this short voyage from Anticosti to Gaspè, he went below about 9.30 p.m. and did not return to the deck till 12.20 a.m., at which time the weather was very foggy, and on going on the bridge, where second mate was in charge, having relieved first mate at midnight, he found the compass lights out, and the officer on duty quite unconcerned at the circumstance. He then enquired of the "lookout" if he had seen Cape Rosier Light, and was answered in the negative. How he could have expected it to have been seen

at that time, does not appear. He then went aloft to try if he could see over the fog, and remained there fifteen or twenty minutes. On returning to deck he ordered the engines to be put at half speed, gave orders to haul in the patent log and found forty-five or forty-six miles of distance was recorded, went below to examine his chart, returned on deck just in time to hear signal from bridge, "to stop the engines," ran there himself and ordered them "full speed astern." In about two or three minutes the ship was hard and fast ashore about ten miles out of her course, in a voyage of less than fifty miles. During the previous hour and a half of dense fog the ship was crossing the path of upward and downward steamers and sailing ships, yet the regulation to sound the steam whistle was entirely neglected, nor was the lead once used. Atogether, it has become painfully apparent to the Commissioners that there was an entire absence of discipline on board, and a condition of things existing that made the loss of the vessel only a question of time.

#### JUDGMENT.

The Court decides in virtue of its authority to suspend the certificate of Cyprien Morin for a period of six calendar months from the sixteenth instant, and finds that first and second mates were incompetent to fulfil the duties they had to perform

Quebec, 16th October, 1878.

A. WOODS,

Chairman.

JOSEPH SHEHYN,
JOSEPH PLAMONDON
WILLIAM RAE.
E. W. SEWELL,
J. H. SIMMONS,

A. H. VERRET,

Secretary-Treasurer Q. H. C., Clerk of the Court.

Confirmed,

J. C. Pope,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

# APPENDIX No. 9.

#### BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF MASTERS AND MATES.

HALIFAX, 3rd December, 1878.

SIR,—In obedience to the instructions contained in your telegrams, dated the 15th and 16th November, to hold an investigation into the cause of the loss of the schooner "Mabel Claire" upon the coast of Labrador, on the 22nd October last, I have the honor to inform you that no time was lost in forwarding the necessary subpoens to those parties required to give evidence in this case.

The examination of the witnesses commenced on Wednesday, the 27th ult., at

10 a.m., and ended at 1 p.m., on the 29th.

Having very carefully weighed the evidence from beginning to end, I am led to the conclusion that the loss of the "Mabel Claire" was caused by the pilot who had charge of her mistaking the position of the ledge, and as the vessel struck with great force, she sustained such serious damage as to render it impossible to get her afloat again.

An attempt was made immediately to lighten the vessel by jettisoning the cargo, but as it was near high water at the time she struck, when the tide fell she strained badly, and started her "hooding or wooden ends." A survey was held the same day,

and the perishable part of the cargo sold for \$700.

During the ebb-tide on the morning of the 23rd, she fell over on her starboard broadside, and as it was deemed impossible to save her a second survey ordered the hull and cargo to be sold. The master of the schooner "Polar Star" bought the hull, and after stripping the vessel and cutting away the lower masts, he landed the most of it in a place of safety. The hull brought \$275. The remainder of the cargo was bought by a son of the master of the "Polar Star" for \$225, but was not recovered, as owing to the lateness of the season they had to leave the coast and return home.

It will be seen that every reasonable effort was made to save the vessel and cargo, there being nothing in evidence to prove collusion between the master and

pilot to defraud the underwriters.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

P. A. SCOTT,

Captain.

The Deputy of the Minister of Marine, &c. Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 10.

REPORT OF THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF MASTERS AND MATES FOR THE CALENDER YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

HALIFAX, N.S., 2nd January, 1879.

Timbras, 14.5., and building, 1010.
Sir,—I have the honour to submit a Report of the proceedings of the Board of Examiners of Masters and Mates, to the 31st December, 1878.  P. R. I. Board sat at the Ports of Halifax, N.S., St. John, N.B., Charlottetown,
P. E. I., Quebec and Yarmouth, N.S., as follows:—
At Halifax, N.S., on 3rd and 4th January.
Masters who obtained Certificates 3 Mate do do 1
At St. John, N.B., on 17th and 13th January.
Masters who obtained Certificates
At St. John, N.B., on 14th and 15th February.
Master who obtained a Certificate
One Candidate for the grade of Mate having failed in Seamanship.
At Halifax, N.S., on 19th and 20th February.
Master who obtained a Certificate
At Charlottetown, P.E.I., on 9th and 11th March.
Masters who obtained Certificates
Two Candidates for the grade of Master having failed in Navigation, and one for Seamanship.
At St. John, N.B., on 19th and 20th March.
Masters who obtained Certificates including one for "Fore and Aft rigged Vessels," only
One Candidate for the grade of Mate having failed in Navigation.
At Halifax, N.S., on 22nd and 23rd March.
Master who obtained a Certificate
Navigation. One Candidate for the grade of Master and one for that of Mate having failed in
At St. John, N.B., on 10th and 11th April.
Masters who obtained Certificates
179

Two	Candidates for			er having failed in Navigation.	
At G	Quebec, on 15tl	and 16th	April.		
		obtained Co do	ertificate do	s'	
One	Candidate for	the grade of	of Mate	having failed in Navigation.	
	Halifax, N. S.,	4.7			
				nd aft rigged vessel, only	
At C	Charlottetown,	P. E. I., or	6th an	l 7th May.	
	Masters who o	btain <b>e</b> d Ce do	rtificate do	s	
At S	St. John, N. B.	on 10th ar	nd 11th	May.	
	Masters who c	btnined Ce do	rtificate: do	8	
Four	r Candidates fo	r the gr do	of Mas	ter having failed in Navigation.	
At I	Halifax, N. S.,	on 21st and	. 22nd M	lay.	
	Masters who o	btained Ce do	rtificate do	sN	
One	Candidate for	the grade of	of Maste	r having failed in Navigation.	
	St. John, N. B.			<u>,</u>	
	,	•		s	5
	Mates	do	do		1
One in <b>N</b> avig	Candidate for ation.	the grade o	of Mas'e	r and one for that of Mate ha	ving failed
aminers i	tain Thomas I for the Port of the 14th and 1	Yarmouth,	Captain N. S.,	Henry Lewis, having been ap	pointed ex- ne at that
•	Masters who c	btained Ce	rtificate	8	2
	Mate	da	do	•••••	1
At I	Halifax, N. S.,				
	Mate	do	do	S	
At S	t. John, N. B.,		•		
	Mates	áo	do	s	3
One <b>Navig</b> ati	Candidate for	the grade o	of Maste	r and two for that of Mate havin	ng failed in
At G	Quebec on 8th :	and 9th Jul	y.		
	Master who ol Mate	otained a C do	ertifi <b>ca</b> to do	e	
One	Candidate for	the grade	of Mate	having failed in Navigation.	
	Yarmouth, N. S	~		_	
	•	•		0	
	MARCO	uv			

One Cand	lidate for the grad	e of Master having fa	iled in Navigation.	
	ıx, N. S., on 18th	-	_	
Mast Mate		Certificatesdo		
One Cand	idate for the grad	e of Master having fai	led in Navigation.	
At St. Jol	hn, N. B., on 7th	and 8th August.		
Mast Mate			3 3	
In Navigation	lidates for the gra	de of Master and one	for that of Mate having	g failed
		on 10th and 12th Aug	gust.	
Mast Mate				
At Halifa	x, N. S., on 19th	and 20th August.		
Mast Mate				
At Yarm	outh, N. S., on th	4th and 5th Septemb	oer.	
Mast Mate		Certificates	2	
Two Can	didates for the gr	de of Master having f	ailed in Navigation.	
		and 7th September.		
Mast Mate			Nil	
Four Can	didates for the gr	ade of Master having f	failed in Navigation.	
	-	nd 24th Soptember.		
Mast Mate			1 Nil	
One Cano	lidate for the grad	e of Master having fai	led in Navigation.	
	lın, N.B., on 3rd a		J	
Mast Mate		Certificatesdo		
Seamanship.	didates for the gra	de of Mate having fa	iled in Navigation and	one in
	outh, N.S., on the	5th and 7th October.		
	ers who obtained	Certificatesdo	2 2	
failed in Navi	didate for the g	rade of Master and	one for that of Mate	having
At Halifa	x, N.S., on 21st a	nd 22nd October.	,	
	er who obtained a	Certificate	1	
		le of Mate having fail		
	e on 24th and 25		0	
	er who obtained	. Certificate	1	
	40	101		

	At Yarmouth, N.S., on 6th and 7th November.
	Masters who obtained Certificates
	Two Candidates for the grade of Master having failed in Navigation.
	At St. John, N.B., on the 8th and 9th November.
	Masters who obtained Certificates
in	Two Candidates for the grade of Master and two for that of Mate having failed Navigation.
	At Halifax, N.S., on 20th and 21st November.
	Masters who obtained Certificates
	One Candidate for the grade of Mate having failed in Navigation.
	At Charlottetown, P.E.I., on 9th and 1 th Debember.
	Master who obtained a Certificate
	One Candidate for the grade of Master having failed in Navigation.
	At St. John, N.B., on 12th and 13th December.
	Masters who obtained Certificates3Matesdo3
in	Three Candidates for the grade of Master and one for that of Mate having faile Navigation.
	At Yarmouth, N.S., on 16th and 17th December.
	Masters who obtained Certificates
	At Halifax, N.S., on 20th and 21st December.
	Masters who obtained Certificates

One Candidate for the grade of Master having failed in Navigation.

Thus it will be seen that during the year at the Portof Saint John, N.B., twenty-seven (27) passed for the grade of Master and twenty nine (29) for that of Mate; at Halifax, N.S., twenty-seven (27) as Master and sixteen (16) as Mate; at Charlotte town, P.E.I., nine (9) as Master and two (2) as Mate; at Quebec, four (4) as Master and three (3) as Mate; and at Yarmouth, N.S., twelve (12) as Master and five (5) as Mate.

Eight (8) Certificates of service as Master and nine (9) as Mate have also been issued during the year.

I would beg, again, to most respectfully call the attention of the Department to the necessity of our having a Certificate in Canada for the grade of Second Mate. Officers serving in that capacity have now to clear in a British Port as Boatswain, and are unable to take their proper position until after the vessel has proceeded to sea.

It has been suggested that provision should be made for the examination of the Masters of all vessels propelled by steam, employed in carrying passengers either upon the lakes or sea-board of the Dominion; the examination to be confined to such subjects as the circumstances in each case may require. The qualifications might be kept very low for a few years, with the understanding that the standard might be raised as the Honorable Minister of Marine may direct.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

> P. A. SCOTT, Chairman.

The Deputy of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries,

		COMPETENCY	TENCY.		
Number of Cer- tificate.  Octuficate Octuficate	.e.		Address,	Where Examination was Passed.	
1878.					ets.
January 1	1099 January 10 Albert Woods Buchanan	Master	Master Miramichi, N.B Halifax	Halifax	10 00
1100 do 1	10 Eldridge Lorenzo Dinsmore	Mate	Mate Noel, Hants County, N.S	ор	5 00
op 1011 184	10 Nelson Sylvanius Swindell	Master	Canada Creek, King's County, N.S	ор	10 00
op	10 Joseph Howe	ор	Maitland, N.S	ор	10 00
1103 do 2	24 Rudolph Cann	ор	Yarmouth, N.S	St. John, N.B	10 00
1104 do 2	24 Peter Anderson	ор	Blue Rock, Carleton, N.B	ор	10 00
1105 do 2		Mate	St. John, N.B.	ор	5 00
Dec. 2	24 Charles Thomas Fraser	d)	Partsboro', N.S	Ottawa	No fee rcq.
Febry 2	1107 Feb'ry 20 Guilford Pairweather	ор	St. John, N.B	St. John, N.B	5 00
do 2		Master	op	ор	10 00
1109 do 20	26 Charles Inkerman Dowling	Mate	Mate Lunenburg, N.S	Halifax, N.S	5 00
1110 March 12	12 Alonzo G. Virgie	Master	Master Hillsboro', N.B	St. John, N.B	10 00
1111 do 10	16 Thomas McRae	ор	Charlottetown, P.E.I	Charlottetown, P. E. I	10 00
1112   do 1	16 George Michael Young	do	Georgetown, P.E.I	ор	10 00
1113 / 40	16 Lemuel Gordon	Mate	op	op op	×

+	\$114 . 00		23 (William Dungan Wasson	Master	Indiantowa, N.B		10 où //	
					Granville N.S	ф ор	10 00	
1115	<i>ao</i>	57 C	23 Damiel I oung	:			-	
1116	op	23 W	23 Wilfred Smith Carter	Master	St. John, N.B.	St. John	00 01	
1117	op	23 Ne	Nelson Melville Clark	Mate	ор	ор	2 00	
1118	qo	23 Na	Nathan Rose Eldridge	фор	op	ор	2 00	
1119	qo	23 Jos	23 Joseph Wallace Moran	- op	ор	ор	00 9	
1120	do	23 OE	Omer Cosseboom	Master, Digby, N.S.	Digby, N.S	ф ор	10 00	
1121	do	28 Ma	28 Mathias Smeltzer	ор	Lunenburg, N.S	Halifax	10 00	
1122	qo -	28 Ge	Geo. Noble Layton	Mate	Mount Denson, N.S.	ор	2 00	
	April	13 Jes	Jesse Willis Jones	ф	St. John, N.B	St. John	2 00	
	qo	13 Ric	Richard Bradley	Master	ф	ор	10 00	
1125	op -	  13   Lu	13   Luke Desmond	ор	ф	ор	10 00	
9211	qo	13 Ja	13 Jas. Aswell Gendall	Mate	ор	ор	2 00	
1127	qo	13 Eu	13 Eugene Stanley Bogart	do	Granville, N.S	ор .	2 00	
1128	qo	20 Da	20 David Mitchell Tennyson	Master	Manchester, Ont	Quebec	10 00	•
1129	qo	20 Oc	Octave Côté	ф ор	St. Thomas, Que	qo op	10 00	
1130	op -	20 Y	Yves Marie L'Hostis	Mate	Quebec	op	2 00	•
1131	qo	30 A1:	Alfred McNutt	Master	Master Masstown, N.S	Halifax	10 00	
1132	qo	30 W	Wm. James Farrell	Mate	Halifax, N.S	op	2 00	
1133	ф ——	30 Ne	30 Nelson Brady	Master	Cheverie, N.S.	ф ор	10 00	
1134	op —	30 Jo	30 John Stirling Owen	ф ор	Yarmouth, N.S	op	10 00	
1135	o <del>p</del>	30 CE	30 Chas, Alexander B)rden	ф	Ganning, N.S.	op	10 00	
1136	မွ :	30 Jo	30 John Wm. Elder	ор	Hantsport, N.S	ор	10 00	
1137	. op			Mate.	Fourche, G.E	do ob	2 00	
	40	ınd aft ri	re and aft riceed vessels.					

re and aft rigged versels.

Fee.	\$ cts.	10 00	10 00	2 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	2 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	2 00	10 00
Where Examination Was Passed.	Halifax	Charlottetown, P. E. I	op	op	St. John	ф	ф	ор	Halifax	ор	St. John, N.B	ор	ор	ор	op	ор	Tarmouth N.S
Address.	Parrsboto', N.S	Charlottetown, P.E.L Charlottetown, P.E.I.	ф	ф	St. John, N.B	ор	ор	Mate Yarmouth, N.S	Arichat, N.S	Five Islands, N.S.	St. John, N.B	ф	ф	ф	ор	ф	Varmouth, N.S
Grade.	Mate*	Master	do	Mate	Master	ф	ф ор	Mate	Master	ф ор	ор	ф	do	ф ор	ор	Mate	Master
Name,	30 Benjamin DeWolf King Mate*	John Nicholson	Samuel Buchanan	Philip Griffin	Jonas Grundmark	Thomas Howard Holder	Warren Lawrence	Wilfred Goudey	Edward Ganion, jun	James Robert Aylward	Wm. Frederick Goudey	Nelson Howard Crowell	Alfred Moses Shaw	George Wm. Stailing	John James Fleet	Fred. Anderson	John Killam
Date of Certificate.	j	y 13	do 13	do 13	do 18	do 18	do 18	do 18	do 28	28	ie 11	11	=	11	11	11	do 22
Number of Cer- tificate.		1139 Мау	1140 d	1141 d	1142 d	186 1143 q		1145 d	1146 d	1147 do	1148 June	1149 do	1150 do	1151 do	1152 do	1153 do	1154 d

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00 8 0	10 00	10 00	10 00	2 00	10 00	2 00	10 00	2 00	2 00	10 00	2 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	10 00	5 00	5 00	No fee req.	2 00	10 00	10 00	2 00	10 00	
ф				:	St. John, N.B							th, N.S	Halifax						n, N.B					
<u>-</u>	/Halifax	op .	qo	qo	St. John	do	qo	qo	qo	Quebec.	qo	Yarmou	Halifax	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	St. John, N.B.	do	qo	qo	ф	
do /-	Hantsport, N.S	wolfville, N.S	ф	Shelburne, N.S	Master St. John, N.B	ор	ф	ф	ор	Master L'Islet, Que Quebec	op	Port la Tour, N.S N.S Yarmouth, N.S.	Sydney, C.B	Windsor, N.S	Antigonish, N.S	Mate Londonderry, N.S	Halifax, N.S	Londonderry, N.S	St. John, N B	ор	ф	op	ф	
./Wate	Master	ор	ор	Mate	Master	Mate	Master	Mate	ор	Master	Mate	Master	ор	ор	ф ор	Mate	ср	ор	ор	Master	ор	Mate	Muster	
22   Moses Leander Porter	25 Wilmer Davison	25 George J. Graham	25 James Clarence Eagles	John Peter S. Bruce	John Henry Grant	9 Herbert Edgett	James R. Bartaby	9 James Daly Winchester	Elisha Shelton Andrews	Edmond Bernier	11   Calixte Bernier	William Henry Swaine	William Kennedy	William Johnson Scott	Angus Macdonald	Samuel George McCully	25 James Johnson Logan,	Clarence Wier	William Bruce Knight	12 James Sutherland	John Frank Robinson	12 William Rosenel Cole	12 Holmes Newcombe	Fore and aft rigged vessels,
do ,				25	G	6	6	6	6	11	11	20	25	25	25	25	25	31 2	12	12	12			and a
_	7 do	do do	op	qo	July	op —	ор —	op	op	qo	op	op —	q <sub>0</sub>	do	op	qo	do	August	do	qo	op	op	qo	* Fore
1158	1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	1166	1167	8911 187	1169	1170	1111	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1117	1178	1179	

LIST of Certificates of Competency granted to Masters and Males-Continued

- e	Date of Certificate.	Name.	Grade.	Address.	When Examination was Passed.	Fee
1						& cts.
F	gust 12	August 12 Charles Wesley Sprague	Mate	St. John, N.B.	St. John, N.B	5 00
þ	do 19	Henry Nyren Silver.	Master	Master Charlottetown, P.E.L	Charlottetown, P.E.I	10 00
q	do 19	Duncan MacDougall	ор	ор	т ор	10 00
þ	do 19	William Anderson Beattic	ф	op	op	10 00
ф	0 19	Timothy Buckley	ф ор	op	ор	10 00
q	do 23	Thomas Albert Masters	ф	Hantsport, N.S	Halifax, N.S.	10 00
þ	do 23	John McKenzie	ф ор	Pietou, N S	ор	10 00
þ	do 23	Robert Hill	Mate	Mate Londonderry, N.S	ор	5 00
q	do 23	Angus Grant	ф	Little Harbour, N.S	ор	2 00
do	0 23	Clarence Coalfleet	ф ор		op	2 00
ď	Sept'r 10	10 Raymond W. Corning	Master	Master Yarmouth, N.S	Yarmouth, N.S	10 00
ф		10 Joseph C. Furse	ор	ор	ф ор	10 00
qo	0 12	Ainsley Augustus Perry	Mate	St. John, N.B	St. John, N.B	5 00
ďυ		12 Alexander Douglas	ор	ф	ф ор	2 00
qo	0 12	Roland Teed	ор	ор	ор	5 00
P	do 28	John Alexander McKay	Master	Master Pictou, N.S.	Halifaz, N.S	10 00
Sc.	1196 October 8	Alexander J. Morrison	Mate	MateSt. John, N.B	St. John, N.B	S 00
1011					~~	8

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2 00	10 00	10 00	5 00	10 00	10 00	5 00	10 00	5 00	10 00	10 00	5 00 5	10 00	10 00	5 00	2 00	5 00	5 00	5 00	10 00	10 00	5 00	10 00	5 00	3 00
······		:	N.S	:		:	:			N.S				:	K.B		:	:		:	:	own, P.E.I	N.B	
op /	op /	op	Yarmouth, N.S.	do	ф	ф	Halifex	Quebec	ор	Yarmouth, N.S	qo	qo	qo	ор	St. John, N.B	qo q	op	op	Halifax	op	ор	Charlottetown, P.E.I	St. John, N.B	op do
				I.S		er, N.S	N.S	Q	er, N.S		N.S	ge, N.S	N.S	***************************************	i. B			***************************************	oour, N.S	rbour, N.S	M.S	own, P.E.L.,		*****
op /"	op /	op	Cheboque, N S.	Sandford, N.S.	Obio, N.S	Beaver River, N.S.	Granville, N.S	St. Vallier, Q	Beaver Rive	Yarmouth, N.S.	Pembroke, N.S.	Lake George, N.S.	Yarmouth, N.S	do	St. John, N.B	op	do	op	Sheet Harbour, N.S.	Isaac's Harbour, N.S.	Maitland, N.S.	Charlottetown, P.E.I	St. John, N.B	op —
, do	/ Master	ф		Master	do	Mate	Master	Mate	Master Beaver River, N.S	ф	Mate	Master	ор	Mate	ф ор	ф ор	do	ф	Master	ф	Mate	Master	Mate	ф ор
8 Alfred Foresth	Stephen Know Iton	& Christopher Bennett.			14 George M Cosman		John B. Roney	Edmond Lemieux	Joseph F. Corning	1208 Novem. 13 Charles Sauter	***************************************		13 Edgar M. Treat.	ler.		14 Albert S. Davis	14 Arthur F. Nobles	14 Gordon John Ross	26 Neil Hall	26 Stephen Henry Holley.		1320 Uncom 17 Alexander McLeod	d	18 Wm. Frederick Wolfe
		ά	, -	: :	: 3	7	200	67	53	. 13	13	13	13	13	1 7	: :	: #	14	26	26	96	17	: <u> </u>	<b>20</b>
40	_			3 5	9 7	3 6	<b>3</b> - 2	do do	do	Novem	do			g	} - e	9	9	go q	g op	g Q	- C	O Contraction	- F	
8611	0611	1 200	1001	1202	1.003	1204	1205	1206	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1320	1201	1222

	List of Certificates of Competency granted to Masters and Mates—Continued.	ency gran	ted to Masters and Mates—Con	tinued.	
Date ef Certificate.	Name.	Grade.	Addr ss.	Where Examination was passed.	٦٠ 6 9
1					sto &
35	18 Frederick T. Collins	Mate	MateSt. John, N.B	St. John, N.B	2 00
18	Neil McCallum	Master	ор	ор	10 00
18	Andrew Henry Rourke	ф ф	op	ор	10 00
18	James Henry L. Slocomb	ф ор	op	ф ор	10 00
	Albert Charles Haines	ф ор	Brooklyn, N.S	Yarmouth, N.S	10 00
23	John Henry Tedford	ф ф	Hebron, N.S	ф ф	10 00
27	Thomas Babin	op	Arichat, N.S	Halifax, N.S	10 00
27	James Foster Mitchell	Mate	Mate Dartmouth, N.S	ор	2 00
22	Reuben Priest	op	Windsor, N.S	op	5 00
22	Charles Smith Howard	Master	Master Parrsboro', N.S	o.p	10 00
27	Murdock Boudrot	op	Arichat, N S	ор	10 00
27	Edward M. To	Mate	wnsend	ор	2 00
		<del>-</del>	Fees received from Candidates who failed to obtain their Certificates		\$1,065 00 130 00
			•		\$1,195 00
	1				T

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		THE FOLLOWING PERSONS RI	CORIVED	THE FOLLOWING PERSONS RECEIVED RENEWAL CERTIFICATES OF COMPETENCY.	
706		Alfred N. Kimball	Master	mball St. John, N.B.	2 00
504		George B. Winchester.	ф	Lower Granville, N.S.	2 00
983		983	ор	St. John, N.B	2 00
199		Robert Roberts	ор	Liverpool, N.S	2 00
66		Randall A. Morris	ор	Advocate Harbor, N.S	2 00
379		379 J. C. Winchester	ф	Bear River, N.S	2 00
786	•	786Andrew Jackson, jr	ор	St. John, N.B	2 00
800		800 George Lyon	ф ор	op	2 00
1017		John B. Simpson	ф ор	do	2 00
				Total received in connection with Certificates of Competency for the year ended 31st December, 1878	\$1,240 00

h-			_			The second secon	
Number of Cer- tificate.	Date of Certificate.	of ate.	Name.	Grade.	Address.	Where Examination was Passed.	Fec.
1102 F	Feb'y	20	Wm. O'Cobbor	Mate	St. John, N.B.	St. John	\$ cts.
1103	ф	26	John F. Deveau	Master	Master Metegan, N.S	Halifax	2 00
1104 March	arch	2	George E. Hill	ф	Cheverie, N.S.	ი <b>p</b>	5 00
1105	do	13	Robert H. Dexter	ф	ор	ор	5 00
1106	<b>A</b> pril	13	David Rourke	Mate	Portland, N.B	St. John	3 30
195	ф	25	Wm, H. Marshall	ф	Windsor, N. S.	Halifax	3 00
	May	82	Matthew Murphy	т ор	Charlottetown, P.E i	Charlottetown	8 8
1109 Ju	June	က	Neil McInnis	Master	ф	Halifax	5 00
1110	op	7	Chas. E. MacArthur	Mate	ор	Charlottetown	3 60
1111	do	1	Seth C. Doane	Master	Halifax, N. S.	Halifax	5 60
11112	ф	28	Chas. McNeil,	ф ор	St. John, N.B	St. John. N.B	2 00
1113 Ju	July	œ	James McClaire	ор	Metegan, N.S.	Hølifax	5 00
_\$	1114 Septem. 13	13	Bethel McLeod	Mate	St. John, N.B.	St. John	3 00
1116	qo	24	24 Wm. C. 0'Dell	do	op	op	3 00
<u>ဝ</u> ိ	ctober	10	1116 October 10 John W. Dealy	ор	Pointe du Chêne, N.B.	Halıfax	3 00
1117 NG	Novem.	້າບ	Peter R. Peters	Muster	Muster Lockport, N.S	do	3 00
1118	qo	23	23 Robert Bookman	ф	Charlottetown	Charlottetown	5 00
-						<u></u>	660.00

	2 50	1 50	1 50	1 50	\$76 00						
) IE.							<u>.</u>				s received. te fact of the whose certifi-
THE FOLLOWING PERSONS RECEIVED RENEWAL CERTIFICATES OF SERVICE.	Annapolis, N.S.	Ma(e   Canning, N.S	do Halifax, N.S	ф	Total fees received in connection with Certificates of Service, for the year ended 31st December, 1878	в У.	& cts.	ncy 1,240 00	Service 76 00	Total amount of fees received during the year ended 31st December, 1878 \$1,316 60	of the Receiver-General on account of fees thown by the statement, is owing to the eived and deposited fees for candidates 1878.
RECEIVED !	Master	Mate	do	do		SUMMARY.	v	of Compete	Service	during the yea	to the credit unt and that rs having rece st December,
THE FOLLOWING PERSONS 1	8 John LeGain	3  C. O. Hiles	601 October 2 Thos. McMahon	23 James Esson				Total fees received for Certificates of Competency	op op	Total amount of fees received o	Norg.—The sum of \$1,318.60 has been deposited to the credit of the Receiver-General on account of fees received. The difference, \$2.50 between this amount and that shown by the statement, is owing to the fact of the Chairman of the Board of Braminers having received and deposited fees for candidates whose certificates had not been issued on the 31st December, 1879.
			را د	23							
	399 April	403 July	Octobe	op							
	399	403	601	658							
						. ,		100			

List of Canadian Certificates of Competency and Service which have been Cancelled during the Year ended 31st

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	Number of Ger- tificate.	D	Date of Certificate.	Мяте.	Grade,	Cause	Cause of Cancellation	noi	[Date of Oancellation.	Date of of of other of of the other of the other of the other of the other oth	
1											<del></del>
	429	429 November 11, 1873 George	r 11, 187.	Thomas Seely	Master	Master Died of small-pox	•••••••••		February	17, 18	<u></u>
	970	970 March	14, 187	14, 1877 William Ross	Mate	Mate. Died.			January 24, 1878	24, 18	<u></u>
	106	106 May	25, 187	25, 1872 Alexander McDonald	Master	Master Drowned at sea			December 10, 1877	10, 18	<u></u>
194		328 April	22, 187	22, 1873 Neil Hall	Mate	Mate Passed for a higher grade certificate November 26, 1878	de certificate		Novembe	r 26, 18	<u></u>
Ł		Decembe	r 21, 187a	802 December 21, 1875 S. H. Holley	ф	qo	do		qo	26, 1878	
	1020	1020 June	11, 187	11, 1877 W. E. C Dugal	Master	Master Died of yellow fever		June	June	27, 1878	<b></b>
	883	893 August	9, 187	9, 1876 A. H. White	ф	Died at sea March			March	14, 1878	<u>∞</u>
	280	280 January		7, 1873 L. McFarlane	ф	qo		eunf June	June	27, 1878	<u></u>
	827	827 March	17, 1876	17, 1876 O. Cosseboom	Mate	Mate Passed for a higher grade cortificate	de cortificate		March	23, 1878	<u></u>
	825	op	17, 1876	17, 1876 J. T. Sylvester	do	op	qo		April	2, 1878	<u></u>
	536	June	25, 1874	25, 1874 W. Davison	do	do	qo	June	June	20, 1878	<u></u>
	752	August 3	18, 1875	August 3 18, 1875 J. J. Fleet	ф ор	do	qo		ф	7, 1878	<u></u>
	737	July	30, 1875	39, 1875 J. Killam	ф	фo	фo		do	15, 1878	<b>20</b>
	883	do	11, 1876	11, 1876 G. W. Doty	do	qo	do		do	15, 1878	<u>,</u>
	622	622 November 3, 1874   G. W.	r 3, 187	4 G. W. Stailing	do	do	do		do	7, 1878	<u>@</u>
	18	784 October 30, 1876 N. H.	30, 18	16 N. H. Orowell		, do	go.	op \	/ <b>d</b> o	7, 1878	25 E

612         October         14, 1874         J. R. Aylwaçd (renewal).         do         1917         3,1878         22, 1878         22, 1878         22, 1878         23, 1878         23, 1878         24, 1874         R. Aylwaçd (renewal).         do         do         do         do         do         19, 1878         32	1878 //	818	878	8.28	878	878	878	878	378	878	378	378	878	878	879
	24, 1878	22, 1878	<b>9,</b> 187S	19, 1878	19, 1878	20, 1878	12, 1878	, 1878	-, 1878	7, 1878	4, 1878	er 27, 18	er 18, 18	28, 1878	18, 18
	./April	May	July	qo	ф	August	qο	October	qo	qo	op	Novemb	Decemb	qo	January
											•		Bte		ate
	đo	op	op	qo	qo	qo	<b>0</b> p	ф	qo	op	qo	sconduct	er grade certific	illoth	ner grade certific
	_		qo	op	qo	op	qo	qo	qo	qo	qo	Cancelled for mi	Passed for a high	Found dead at S	Passed for a higl
	Ş	do	0								•	ster	te	ster	te
			J.							arms.		T. E. Cann	N. McCallum	W. Kennedy	A. Browne Mai
612 686 842 N 840 N 840 N 932 N 840 N 929 N 966 F 700 N 908 J 110 J 110 J 1109 J		/August 14, 1674 October 14 1974	Sentember 2, 1874	[arch 24 1876]	ovember 14, 1876	arch 24 1876	ovember 9, 1876	Bhruary 28, 1877	pril 14, 1874		anuary 21, 1876	nne 5. 1872		ulv 25, 1878	ebruary 27, 1872
100		`					<u> </u>	<u> </u>				_=	<u></u>	-	<u></u>

List of Canadian Certificates of Competency and Service which have been Cancelled, &c. --Continued.

												7	7				
	tion.	20, 1878	20, 1878	24, 1878	24, 1878	7, 1878	22, 1878	11, 1878	19, 1878	19, 1878	20, 1877	December 27, 1878	January 30, 1879	30, 1879	November, 1877	September -, 1877	27, 1878
	Date of Cancellation.		ñ		8	•	83	~	Ä			nber 2	ary 30		mber -	mber-	
	చ్	  April	July	A pril	op	qo	Мау	op	July	August	op	Dece	Janu	qo	Nove.	Septe	June
	llation.	ate			***************************************			***************************************	July			***************************************					
	Cause of Cancellation.	er grade certific	qo	qo	op	do	qo	ор	do	qo	qo	op	do	qo	•		ever
·		Passed for a high	op	ор	op	op	gc	op	op	op.	op	op	op	qo	Died	Drowned	Died of yellow fever
SEG VIOL	Grade.			:		ч ор	:	do	Master		Mate	Master			:		
	Ð	Maste	qo	Mate	Maste	op	Mate		Mast	op 		Mast	op -	op	op	op	op .
	Name.	October 11, 1873 Octave Cot6	W. H. Swaine.	5, 1875 A. McNutt	27, 1872 N. Brady	6, 1875 J. Nichol on	E. Ganion	T. H. Holder	W. Kennedy	H. N. Silver	Jno. McKenzie	M. Boudrot	W. E. Toyé	7, 1872 A. Scott	28, 1874 John Rice	23, 1873 H. Boudrot	C. H. Gerroir
	Date of Certificate.	October 11, 1873	656 December 18, 1873 W. H.	August 5, 1875	July 27, 1872	898 April 6, 1875	633 October 31, 1873 E. Ganion	November 2, 1875 T. H.	867 December 3, 1874 W. Kennedy	June 14, 1876 H. N.	November 3, 1874 Jno. M	January 5, 1875 M. Boudrot	November 4, 1873 W. E.	do 7, 1872	May 28, 1874	April 23, 1873	348 January 4, 1873 C. H.
	Number of Oer- tificate.	621	656	039	99		89 86	816	198	1037	845	883	989	262	134	465	348

# APPENDIX No. 11.

List of Persons to whom Rewards have been granted by the Government of the Dominion of Canada, from 1st January to 31st December, 1878, for gallant and humane services rendered in saving life from ship-wrecked Canadian vessels and on the Shores of Canada.

Names and Designations of Persons.	Nature of Services Rendered.	Dates of Services Rendered.	Description of Rewards Granted.
Der Pommer." of	Nova Scotia, while on a voyage from Naw		Thanks of the Government.
an all Kuhl, chief			£3 sterling.
Mr. August Kracht,			do
Beaman Seefeld,			do
Oaptain Plesse, mar- ter of the "Jes- sonda," of Bremen			
Bilbao.	For rescuing the Captain and crew of the sbipwrecked and abandoned barque "Maggie Chapman," of St. John, N.B., and receiving them on board his vessel.		Government.
master of "City of Vienna."	For services in rescuing crew of the wrecked ship "Ellen Goudey," of Yarmouth, N.S.	Oct., 1876	Gold watch, value £20 stg., thanks of the Government.
master of the Ger- master of the Ger- mas barque "Louise Wichards" of Stettin	For rescuing 15 of the crew of the ship- wrecked ship "America," of St. John, N.B., they being found by him at sea in an open boat.	Dec. 2, 1873	Gold watch, value £15 sterling, and thanks of the Government.
-0.	For his exertions in saving the schooners, "Eulalia," of Shelburne, N.S., and "Ocean Lily," of Halifax, N.S., during a severe hurricane.	Sept. 3, 1878	<b>\$2</b> 0.
- " Uf the Now!	For rescuing the Captain and crew of the brigantine "Florence," of Annapolis, N.S., burned at sea, while on a voyage from	Oct. 7, 1878	Thanks of the Gov- ernment.
"H. R. Tilton."	burned at sea, while on a voyage from Savannah to London.		do
tianser, master of the barque "Tele- graph," of Lota	For rescuing Captain, son, and crew of the wrecked ship "Cambrian," of St. John, N.B.		
master S.S. "Ayrabire," of Glasgow	For rescuing crew of the water-logged schooner "Moero," of Yarmouth, N.S., wrecked during a severe hurricane.	Sept. 28, 1878	Gold watch and chain, value £24 3s. 1d.
	4.05		

APPENDIX No. 11.—List of Persons to whom Rewards have been granted by he Government of the Dominion of Canada, &c.—Continued.

Names and Designations of Persons.	Nature of Services Rendered.	Dates of Services. Rendered.	Description of Rewards Granted.
Robt. Roddick, Light- house Keeper, Gull Island, Port Hope, Ontario.		tably zoth	Gold watch, value £15 sterling.
Capt. Job Crowell, Master of the schooner "Match- less," of Barring- ton, N S.	vessel was capsized in a squall off Cape		Gold watch to Captain, value £15 sterling.
Messrs.Jos. Williams, Henry Brown, Reu- ben Perry, Judah Crowell, Benj. C. Crowell, Nathaniel Crowell, Hilman Nickerson, George Philips and Paley Nickerson, seamen Eleazer Crowell, ow- ner.			\$15 to each seaman
Capt. Edwin O. Doir, master of the Am- erican schooner "Ohio," of Buck- sport, Me.	being in the hold, were supposed to have		Gold watch, value £20 sterling.
John Thos. Gwinn, fisherman. Samuel Gwinn, fisher- man.	For rescuing from drowning Murdoch McLeod and Cornelius Kerr, fishermen, whose boat had been capsized during a gale in Aspy Bay, C.B.		\$20. 20.
John Maguire	ine," of Prince Edward Island, who were proceeding ashore to obtain provisions, but whose boat capsized in a storm in the Strait		\$40. 40. 40. 20. 20. 20.

APPENDIX No. 12.

List or Persons, sur Foreign Governm saving life from sl	List of Persons, subjects of the Dominion of Canada, to whom rewards have been granted by the British or Foreign Governments, from 1st January to 31st December, 1878, for gallant and humane services rendered in saving life from shipwrecked British and Foreign Vessels.	m rewards ha	ve been granted and humane se	by the British or rvices rendered in
Names and Designations of Persons.	Nature of Service Rendered.	Date of Services Rendered.	Description of Rewards granted.	Government Granting.
Captain William Macdonald, Rescribiations, and Mr. H. W. Machald, Mate, of the bright "Grizelda," of Baddeck,	Rescuing crew of shipwrecked French schooner "Bas-October, 1876 A gold medal and President of the French assury," which foundered at sea.  A silver medal and diploma.	October, 1876	A gold medal and diploma. A silver medal and diploma.	President of the French Republic.
Francis McDonald, seaman		100 francs.	100 francs.	
Duncan McDonald, seaman John McKinnon, seaman	Duncan McDonald, seaman John McKinnon, seaman	100 francs.	100 francs.	

# APPENDIX No. 13.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS OF MONTREAL FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
MONTREAL, 22nd January, 1879.

. Wm. Smith, Esq.,
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honour, by desire of the Harbour Commissioners of Montreal, to send you herewith, for the information of the Honorable the Minister, statements showing the receipts and expenditures of this Trust for the year ended 31st December, 1878.

The Receipts from all sources were as follows, viz:—

Inwards	THE RECEIPTS From all sources were as follows, viz:	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Commonstants   Comm		\$	cts.	\$	cts
Outwards   Court   C					
Nating continued to the continued to t	From Collector of Customs, Montreal, on goods subject to specific wharfage.	59,215	87		
LOCAL TRAFFIC.   GROSS   12   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	OUTWARDS.	1			
LOCAL TRAFFIC.   Color   Col	"harfages collected upon sailing vessels, steamers and their cargoes.	103,046	31	162,262	18
18,497   66   67   68   68   68   68   68   6		i '	1	,	
A company   A co	do steamers	18,497 5,168	52 06 27 98		
Net Revenue	do do wood do	1,617 1,220 1,060 717	15 01 00 75		
FROM THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT.  Received on account of new channel operations.  SUNDRY AMOUNTS RECEIVED FOR CREDIT OF NEW CHANNEL OPERATIONS.  Sincennes, McNaughton Line, timber, &c				:	86
115,000   115,	Net Revenue		<b> </b>	222,610	04
Sincennes, McNaughton Line, timber, &c	FROM THE DOMINION GOVERNMENT.		1		
Comparison	AMOUNTS RECEIVED FOR CREDIT OF NEW CHANNEL OPERATIONS	.]		115,000	0
Board of Rngineers, general average case of reports. Rindmill Point Wharf, overpaid Ryan, returned.  Bent of old building.  Interest of offices in new building.  Sunday Amounts Received for Credit of Harbour Dredging.  J. Worthington & Co., towing scows.  Sunday Amounts Received for Credit of Harbour Dredging.  J. Worthington & Co., towing scows.  J. Worthington & Co., towing scows.  J. Peck, Benny & Co., scrap iron.  Peck, Benny & Co., scrap iron.  Parton & Co., coal oil barrels.  R. Brison, damage to dredge.  Harbour Repairs.  Received by J. T. Therien, sale of old plank.  27 00 do do gravel.  28 22  8 22  8 24  1,310  2,500  85  7,507	do rent.  do rent.  Paull, oak.  Bauchemin & Fils, oak.  Girard, oak.  Sarious Parties, oak	347 260 2 7 77 49 35	00 82 00 47 50 66 80		
Sunday Amounts Received for Credit of Harbour Dredging.  I. Worthington & Co., towing scows 1,134 00 29 30 424 20 29 424 20 424 20 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	Seard of Engineers, general average case of reports				5 6 4
Two thington & Co., towing scows 1,134 00 peck, Benny & Co., scrap iron 424 20 8 50 Prison, damage to dredge 10 00 Pharbour Repairs.  Received by J. T. Therien, sale of old plank 27 00 do do gravel 30 gravel 1,134 00 29 30 424 20 8 50 10 00 1,606 00 30 30 424 20 8 50 10 00 1,606 00	Thes collected	l .	1 1		00
Pation & Co., scrap iron	Worthington b. Co. Assessment For Credit of Harbour Dredging.		i		İ
HARBOUR REPAIRS.  Peccived by J. T. Therien, sale of old plank	Di Detilly & Co. seren iron	424 8	30 20 50	1 1000	
				1,006	0
I	do do graveldo	27		30	R
	Total Receipts			<del></del>	4

THE Expenditure was as follows, viz.:-

				_
	\$	cts.	\$	cti
New channel operations  Board of Engineers			159,348 4,951 2,439 1,436 46,945 2,640	40 62 41 60 00 94
Construction Account.		li		
Windmill Point Wharf	5,302 3,876 7,496 6,672	09 03 41 96 78 21	,	•
New building  Harbour dredging  Harbour expenses  Buoys and beacons  Printing, advertising and stationery  Paris Exhibition Plans  Interest on harbour debt  Travelling and incidental expenses  Wharfages returned  Harbour repairs  Harbour survey  Lamps and lighting wharves			28,462 499 19,075 25,726 3,740 1,839 597 111,779 411 241 19,004 277 1,270	48 06 71 93 26 12 22 70 42 32 59 81
Chain tug Harbour Railway			382 326	5
Total Expenditure			431,397	2

A comparison of the receipts from wharfage with those of last year shows an increase of \$2,897, viz: \$2,143 in sea-going traffic, and \$754 in the local traffic. This the Commissioners consider a satisfactory exhibit, in view of the general depression of business and the large decrease shown at other important ports.

For particulars of the work done in the harbour during the past year, I beg to

refer you to the report of the chief engineer, a copy of which is forwarded you.

In connection with this report I would draw attention to the reduction in the average cost of dredging from 45 cents per cubic yard in 1875, to 23 cents per cubic yard in 1878. This is, of course, partially owing to the decrease in the price of labor, coal and other supplies, but more largely to the greatly increased efficiency in the working of the dredges.

I also enclose copies of the annual reports of the Harbour Master with compara-

tive statements of the trade of the port, and of the superintendent of pilots.

The deepening of the ship channel between Montreal and Quebec is progressing most favorably. A channel 22 feet deep at low water, and of a minimum width of 300 feet has been obtained, and was officially inspected and tested on the 18th and 19th November last by the Commissioners, accompanied by several branch pilots and various officers of the Trust. A full report on this work up to the close of the fiscal Year has been forwarded to the Department of Public Works, under whose super-

vision these operations are being carried on.

The report of the Board of Engineers on Harbour Improvements, with plans, was (as was expected) received in January, and copies forwarded to the Department well as generally distributed. No action on the report has yet been taken, as considerable addition to the wharf accommodation is not at present required.

In September, after some negotiation, an understanding was reached between the Commissioners and the Department of Agriculture and Public Works, Quebec, whereby accommodation was given for the business of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway on the wharves. The Board agreed to construct the necessary tracks and sidings, to be and remain the property of the Trust, but to permit the use of them by the Railway at a stipulated yearly rental, subject to revision at the close of each season of navigation, and also subject to such conditions, rules and regulations as the Commissioners may from time to time require to be observed. his arrangement does not include any interchange of traffic with the Grand Trunk, or any other railway, and the Commissioners retain full power to remove the tracks etange their location whenever advisable. A small charge will also be made for ch car coming on the wharves.

 $^{
m On}$  the 20th November, application was made by the Quebec Government for the right of way over part of the Harbour property for access to the proposed railway terminus at the Quebec Gate Barracks. After giving the matter very careful constant of the request for a singleconsideration, the Commissioners have consented to grant the request for a single track skirting the river bank in rear of the wharves as far as Monarque Street, on Certain conditions, subject to the approval of the Governor General in Council, but

final action in this matter seems for the present to be deferred.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient Servant,

H. D. WHITNEY,

Asst. Secty.

## REPORT BY THE HARBOUR MASTER.

HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE,
MONTREAL, 31st December, 1878.

H. D. WHITNEY, Esq.,
Asst. Secretary of the
Harbour Commissioners of Montreal.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit the following as my annual report for 1878, with the accompanying comparative statements, showing the dates of the opening and closing of navigation, of the first arrival from sea, and the last departure for seaf of the numbers, tonnage and classification of seagoing vessels; the greatest number in port at one time, and at what date; also the number and tonnage of inland vessels; the greatest number in port at one time, and at what date, as well as the number, tonnage and classification of vessels from the Maritime Provinces for the past ten

years.

On the 1st January the harbour was almost free from ice, with the exception of some small quantities that were lying upon the shores. The Longueuil Ferry steamer was running her regular trips during the forenoon, and in the afternoon left the harbour with a party of about 500 people on a pleasure excursion to Boucherville, and returned at about 5 p. m. On the 2nd, the weather being cold, ice formed rapidly, and the water began to rise. The Longueuil Ferry steamer made several trips during the morning, and at 3 p. m. left the port for Boucherville to lay up for the winter, she being the last vessel of the season. After that date the ice increased daily, and the water kept rising; on the 10th it was level with the wharves. On the 17th people crossed the ice to and from Longueuil. On the 24th teams crossed at the same place. On the 29th the water reached its highest point,  $34\frac{3}{12}$  feet on No. 1 Lock-sill of the Lachine Canal, or  $17\frac{3}{12}$  feet above the usual summer level. On the 31st the river was full of ice, and stationary and of sufficient strength as to admit of a road being made from St. Lambert to the city. The 7th January was the coldest day of the winter, thermometer marking, at 8 a. m., 15° below zero.

On the first February teams crossed the ice from St. Lambert to the City. On the 18th a road was made to Laprairie, and on the last day of the month these roads were considered unsafe; people were warned and the roads abandened. The weather in February was generally mild and pleasant, only one day the temperature being below zero; that occurred on the 15th, the thermometer at 8 a. m. marking 1

below zero. The water fell, during the month,  $4\frac{2}{12}$  feet.

The weather in March was changeable, but generally mild, the first of the month being the coldest day, thermometer at 8 a. m. marking 3°; the cold snap strengthened the ice in the river, and on the 2nd teams again crossed to St. Lambert and Laprairie, and on the 12th were again abandoned, being considered unsafe. On the 16th the first open water was to be seen in the middle of the river near Victoris Bridge. The first shove of the ice took place opposite the City on the 18th, the whole body moving downwards, which put a stop to the crossing at Longueuil; the water then began to fall rapidly, leaving a large quantity of ice upon the wharves in front of the city. On the 20th it was level with the wharves, on the 22nd the channel was clear as far as Pointe aux Trembles, on the 29th the Steamer "Montarville" came up into the harbor, blew her whistle and returned to Boucherville. On the 30th the brigantine "Corinne" arrived in port from Boucherville (in tow of steamer "Francis"), where they wintered. The water fell this month 9 feet 4 inches.

The weather in April was mild and pleasant; the lowest temperature was on the 13th, thermometer at 8 a.m. marking 41°. On the 3rd, the Longueuil Ferry commenced running her regular trips; on the 4th, several schooners arrived in port from Boucherville, also two tug steamers, four dredges and a derrick, belonging to the Harbour Commissioners, and the steamer "Chambly," from Sorel. The water still

kept falling, leaving considerable quantities of ice upon the shores. On the 10th it reached its lowest point,  $18\frac{10}{12}$  feet on the lock-sill of the Lachine Canal, or  $1\frac{10}{12}$  feet above the summer level; on the 11th it began to rise again, and kept well up during the whole navigable season. The first arrival from sea was on the 13th, steamship "Venezia," from Cow Bay, C. B., laden with coal, and on the 28th, ships "Glenfinart" and "Lake Michigan" arrived in port—the first vessels from Europe. From that date vessels arrived daily, and business fairly commenced. The arrivals from sea were considerably greater up to the month of September than the previous year, but in the latter part of the season they had greatly fallen off, but still leaving a ballance in favor of this year of three vessels and 20,407 tons.

The number and tonnage of inland vessels have fallen short of the previous

year, viz: 831 vessels and 83,735 tons.

Great improvements have been made in the harbour this year in deepening and widening the channel, and building and repairing wharves, which will, no doubt,

prove to be of great advantage to the trade of the port.

The dredges were at work in the harbor up to the 9th December, doing good work in the basins and around the wharves, which was much needed. Part of the harbour plant was sent to Sorel on the 9th December, and the balance on the 10th December to the same place (on account of the accumulation of ice in the basins), there to lay up for the winter.

The ferry steamer "Laprairie" left port on the 16th December for Boucherville; the ferry steamer "Longueuil" on the 19th December, and the ferry steamer "St. Lambert" on the 23rd December, all for the same place to lay up for the winter.

The lumber trade to South America is again reviving, twenty vessels of the aggregate tonnage of 11,013 tons, carrying 8,680,000 feet of lumber, loaded at this Port this season, against ten vessels of the aggregate tonnage of 4,387 tons, carrying 3,400,000 feet of lumber in 1876.

516 sea-going vessels visited the port this year of the aggregate tonnage of 397,-266 tons, 249 of which were built of iron, of the aggregate tonnage of 311,968 tons, and 267 were built of wood, of the aggregate tonnage of 85,298 tons, composed of

the following nationalities, numbers and tonnage:

	Vessels.	Tonnage.
British		382,056
Norwegian	17	7,839
American		
Belgian	2	1,902
Austrian	3	1,304
German	4	1,255
Italian	1	534
Swedish	1	322
	516	397.266

These vessels were navigated by 12,610 seamen.

On the last of the year the river was full of driftice, and the water  $4\frac{10}{12}$  feet above the summer level.

Submitting the foregoing for the consideration of the Harbour Commissioners,

I am, Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

A. M. Rudolf, Harbour Master.

## PORT OF MONTREAL.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, showing the Number and Tonnage of Inland Vessels that arrived in Port the past ten years, with the dates of the Greatest Number in Port at one time.

	No. of Vessels.	Tonnage.	Greatest Number in Port at one time.
1869	5,866	721,324	259, November 5.
1870	6,345	819,476	255, October 6.
1871	6,878	824,787	281 do 6.
1872	7,150	936,782	309, June 8.
1873	6,751	933,462	296 do 8.
1874	<b>6,85</b> 5	956,837	301 do 14.
1875	6,178	811,410	256, August 4
1876	6,083	786,083	262, November 9.
1877	6,333	847,978	258, October 3.
1878	5,202	764,243	261 do 15.

# A. M. RUDOLF,

Harbour Master.

## HARBOUR OFFICE,

MONTREAL, 31st Dec., 1878.

# PORT OF MONTREAL.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT, showing the dates of the Opening and Closing of Navigation, First Arrival from Sea and Last Departure for Sea, the past ten years.

	_ c	ning f ation.	Close of Navigatio	on.	Arriva	rst al from ea.	Last Departure Sea.	for
1869	April	25	December	6	April	30	November	24
1870	do	18	đo	18	do	22	do	27
1871	do	8	   dio	1	do	22	do	29
1872	May	1	do	8	May	5	do	28
1873	April		November	_	do	4	do	21
1874	do		December		do	11	do	21
1875			1					
1876	May		November		do	9	do	22
1876	April		December		do	8	do	23
1877	do	17	Jan. 2, 1	878	April	29	do	24
1878	March	30	December	23	do	20	do	24

A. M. RUDOLF,

Harbour Master

HARBOUR OFFICE, MONTREAL, 31st Dec., 1878.

# PORT OF MONTREAL.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT showing the Number, Tonnage and Classification of Sea-going Vessels that arrived in Port the past ten years, with the dates of the greatest number in Port at one time, each year.

Greatest Number in Port at one time.	61, Nov. 4 62, June 20 89, Oct. 27 88, do 30 84, Aug. 28 76, July 28 61, July 24 61, July 24 65, June 3
Total Tonnage.	259,863 316,846 66,846 412,721 8812,423 77 423,423 74 386,112 381,180 5376,869 44,3423 74,833
Total Number of Vessels.	657 680 664 727 727 731 642 663 642 653 613
Гопия ge.	17,726 19,428 16,551 14,388 12,583 19,096 13,981 14,498 8,7498 11,953
Schoon- ers.	204 223 180 1175 1175 1183 1183 1183 109
Tonnage.	9,243 10,351 7,839 11,504 8,581 10,648 9,801 5,848 4,848 4,537
Brig- antines.	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
Tonnage.	4 4 73 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Brigs.	9 113 113 113 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115
Tonnage.	45,710 75,797 82,363 87,199 75,594 80,677 80,677 83,167 66,002 56,909 56,909
Barques.	103 157 170 170 182 164 167 138 108 113
Tonnage.	64,484 73,175 92,502 62,775 65,873 66,938 46,938 37,903 411,904 411,577 41,577
Ships.	66 77 87 87 67 72 72 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74
Tonnage.	117,965 113,915 146,927 146,927 147,713 145,036 262,036 265,435 265,436 261,784 261,784 261,784
Steam ships.	111 144 1442 2415 2415 240 240 247
	869 1860 1870 1872 1872 1873 1878 1878

A. M. RUDOLF, Harbour Master.

> HARBOUR OFFICE, MONTREAL, 31st December, 1878.

PORT OF MONTREAL

Classification of Sea-going Vessels that arrived in the past ten years.	Total Tounsge.	38,072 50.437 77,450 77,450 96,748 88,781 75,924 64,576 50,536
ssels that	Total No. of Vessels.	225 255 233 233 273 275 279 279 160 160
going Ve	Tonnage.	10,740 12,486 9,213 11,572 8,526 10,493 7,322 7,322 3,924 6,683
n of Sea years.	Schooners	142 150 133 147 98 108 92 67 37
Classification of S the past ten years.	Tonnage.	4, 907 4, 007 3, 929 7, 545 6, 036 6, 036 7, 220 7, 244 8, 144 9, 144
	Brig- antines.	28 4 8 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Number, Tonnage and the Maritime Provinces	Brigs. Tonnage.	952 768 1,714 523 1,422 331 993 758
r, Ton itime	Brigs.	40000000400
Number the Mar	Tonnage.	9,433 13,411 16,067 16,067 18,695 13,180 13,180 15,451 13,566
showing the Port from	Barques.	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
T showi	Tonnage.	9,034 3,488 2,361 2,046 1,814 1,314 1,132
EMEN	Ships.	64 44 60 60 60 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12
TE STAT.	Tonnage.	11,970 17,731 18,469 39,378 53,903 69,544 47,199 39,277 21,812
COMPARATIVE STATEMENT	Steam- ships.	24 4 5 5 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
COM	1	209 1181 1181 1181 1181 1181 1181 1181 11

HARBOUR OFFICE, MONTREAL, 31st December, 1878.

3-6 14

## HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS OF MONTREAL.

CHIEF ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MONTREAL, 13th January, 1879.

H. D. WHITNEY, Esq., Asst. Secretary,

Srr,-I beg to submit for the information of the Board of Harbour Combined the Charles and the missioners, the following report upon the works in the Harbour of Montreal during

the year 1878.

The principal works of the year are the deepening of the ship channel through the harbour, up to the lower entrance of the Lachine Canal, in order to keep Page with the deepening of the channel in the river below; the deepening of the Basins in Sections 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the Section 12 to 14, and 18 to 23 inclusive, to afford increased accommodation the research telephone of the section 12 to 14 to vessels taking advantage of the full depth of water in the channel, and enlarging, are approach to Windmill Point; the widening and renewal in deep water of the what on two sides of King's Basin (Section 15), and on part of the upper side of Victoria Pier (Section 20); the construction of a wharf in place of the Timber Basin, opposite the jail (Section 29); the construction of a new wharf at Longue Pointe; and the laying down of a railway track four-fifths of a mile in length from the end of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway track, below the Longuettate Ferry wharf to a little distance below the add Millian Talk. Ferry wharf, to a little distance below the old Military Hospital in order to facilitate the interchange of traffic between that and other railways and the harbour.

The following are the chief details:

Sections 6 to 11, Windmill Point Wharf and Basin.—The upper end of the crib work wharf, 200 feet in length, which was built up to low-water mark in 1877; bas been acquired up to the fell like the fell lik been carried up to the full height and completed. The back-filling has also been made up to the purpose level and of the back-filling has also the made up to the proper level, and of the breadth of the harbour property, and the

roadway from Black's Bridge has been much improved.

The water approach from the foot of the old Lachine Canal to the lower end of basin has been greatly widered and interest and in the lower end of the lower end the basin has been greatly widened and improved by dredging, so as to afford sufficient room for vessely to swing and an analysis of the lower energy and an analysis of the l ficient room for vessels to swing end on to the current when passing round the corner of the where at the entrepres of the entrepres of the entre corner of the wharf at the entrance of the basin. A few boulders and small ridges, which were left in the marriage of the basin. which were left in the previous year's dredging in Sections 9 and 10, have also dredged out. dredged out.

The expenditures are:—Crib-work, \$1,290; back-filling, \$200; dredging, \$8,722.

Total, \$12,023.

Sections 12 and 13, Queen's Basin.—The greater part of the area of the basin had deepened to between 24 and 25 coard area. been deepened to between 24 and 25 feet deep at low water. The wharfing is founded at a depth of only about 20 feet and the deep at low water. at a depth of only about 20 feet, and the deep dredging, therefore, cannot be carried entirely to the face, but it has been breached. tirely to the face, but it has been brought in sufficiently close to the main-breast wharf to allow of vessels lying alongside without sufficiently close to the main-breast wharf to allow of vessels lying alongside without serious inconvenience.

Section 14, Metcalfe and Elgin Basins.—About half the area of the upper of calfe Basin has been dredged from a formation of the upper o Metcalfe Basin has been dredged from a former depth of about 19 feet to an average of 23 feet and the remaining position is set and the remaining position is set and the remaining position is set and the remaining position.

of 23 feet, and the remaining portion is yet to be done. Expenditure \$696.74. The central part of Elgin Basin, with the exception of a few points yet to the pleted, has been deepened to 22 feet at low and the property of the pleter. completed, has been deepened to 23 feet at low water, and the dredging, as in the other cases, is carried as close to the whatever as a seried as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as close to the whatever as a seried as a other cases, is carried as close to the wharves as can be done without endangering their foundation. Expenditure \$447.01

their foundation. Expenditure \$447.91.

King's Basin.—For the past three or four years nothing but the most urgent temporary repairs have been done to the delapidated wherves surrounding the King's Basin, in order that any paper and the delapidated wherves surrounding the King's Basin, in order that any paper and the delapidated where surrounding the control of the delapidated where surrounding the control of the delapidated where surrounding the control of the delapidated where surrounding the control of the delapidated where surrounding the control of the delapidated where surrounding the control of the control of the delapidated where surrounding the control of the co Section 15, ing the King's Basin, in order that any permanent works might be made so as form part of the general scheme of bankoun improvements. form part of the general scheme of harbour improvements which might be recommended by the Board of Engineers. After it was a which might be recommended by the Board of Engineers. mended by the Board of Engineers. After it was found that the proposed scheme contemplated the ultimate filling up of the basin, various methods of dealing with it were considered by the Commissioners and a suggestion. were considered by the Commissioners, and a suggestion to widen the inshore wharf and the lower side of the Albort Powers from the following the state of the Albort Powers from the following the state of the Albort Powers from the following the state of the Albort Powers from the following the state of the Albort Powers from the state of the and the lower side of the Albert Pier by a facing of open pile work was sanctioned. Work was commenced in the early part of the summer, and an effective breadth of 30 feet was added to the shore wharf and 29 feet to the pier, changing the character of both from being little more than roadways with shallow water to moderately roomy wharves, with 20 to 23 feet of water alongside. An open pile work wharf would have been inadmissible in a part of the harbour less protected from ice movement, and even here is subject to some risk of damage from very severe shoves; but this is more than counterbalanced by the great saving in first cost as compared with dredging and crib-work. The total expenditure for a frontage of 696 feet has been

Sections 19 and 20, Victoria Pier and Bonsecours Basin.—The refacing of the pper side of Victoria Pier which was done at the outer end in 1861, was this year continued inward 200 feet to the line of the inshore wharf on the lower side of the pier. The continuation is 38 feet in width, corresponding with that formerly done, and. and is of the usual crib-work sunk in 23 feet of water. In order to make the improvements of the Victoria Pier more fully available, the central part of the basin has been dredged to a depth of 25 feet, with the exception of some insignificant lumps that that yet require to be cleared off. Cost of crib-work, \$4,650; back-filling, \$606; dredging in basin and for crib-work, \$5,549. Total, \$10,805.

Sections 20 to 23.—The approach and entrance to the Military Basin at the Victoria Pier side, the upper part of the Basin at the inshore side and along the breast breast wharf in Section, 22 and 23, have been dredged out to 25 feet at low water, with executive states of the section of the exception of a few points which remain to be cleared off. Expenditure \$5,723.

Section 29.—The piece of beach opposite the jail, formerly reserved for a Timber Basin, has been wharved across in line with the wharf above, leaving an off-set of 35 feet has been wharved across in line with the wharf above, leaving an off-set of 35 feet at the junction with the wharf below. The off-set thus formed affords slack water the junction with the wharf below. water for mooring a crib or two of timber, and a slip has been provided for convenience in hauling out.

The mouth of the Colborne Avenue outfall sewer was prolonged to the face of the new wharf by appropriate crib-work, at the cost of the City Corporation; and instead of wharf by appropriate crib-work, at the cost of the City Corporation; and instead of wharf by appropriate crib-work, at the cost of the City Corporation; and instead of wharf by appropriate crib-work, at the cost of the City Corporation; and instead of the City Corporation; and the City Corpora stead of the former half-open mouth discharging sewage deposit into the basin below water. water line, and fetid gases above, the new opening is submerged, and all discharge is swept away by the swittest part of the current St. Mary.

The wharf is of the usual crib-work, is in 14 feet depth of water, and 470 feet length of frontage (including the offset). Cost of timber-work exclusive of sewer extenses frontage (including the offset). Total. \$8.660. extension, \$5,952; back-filling, \$1,986; dredging, \$722. Total, \$8,660.

Longue Point Wharf.—A new crib-work wharf, 55 feet front, and 17 feet depth of Water at lowest level, has been built at a distance of 300 feet above the Parish Charat lowest level, has been built at a distance of 300 feet above the Parish charat lowest level, has been built at a distance of 300 feet above the Parish characteristics. Church. Cost of timber-work, back-filling, and approach, \$1,873; dredging, \$199. Total, \$2,072.

Harbour Railway. - In accordance with an agreement with the Provincial Government of Quebec, a track belonging to the Harbour Commissioners has been laid down at the 1 at the back part of the space along the wharves, a distance of 4,800 feet, from Section 33 to 25 inclusive (or from immediately below the Longueuil Ferry to near Panet St. Panet Street), in order to allow the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa & Occidental Railway (and otherwise), in order to allow the Quebec, may be made) to exchange freight (and other railways with which arrangements may be made) to exchange freight with vessels in that part of the harbour.

Ship Channel through the Harbour.—Although the deepening of the channel in the harbour belongs, strictly speaking, to the general deepening of the ship channel throughout the ship channel throughout the ship channel throughout the ship channel throughout the ship channel throughout the ship channel throughout the ship channel throughout the ship channel throughout the ship channel through the ship throughout the river, and is chargeable to that work, the harbour dredging plant, from being hout being best adapted to the purpose, is being employed to do this section, and for this reason with the harbour work proper, it may apreason, as well as from its close connection with the harbour work proper, it may appropriate propriately be mentioned here.

The dredging of the main channel lying between the line of the outermost ends of the wharves and the opposite shoals was commenced last year off the Victoria Pier and on the Island Shoal, but this year, in order to keep pace with the other sections of the Island Shoal, but this year, in order to keep pace with the other sections of the Island Shoal, but this year, in order to keep pace with the other sections of the Island Shoal, but this year, in order to keep pace with the other sections. tions of the work, a force of two to four dredges was engaged upon it; and by the close of the work, a force of two to four dredges was engaged upon it; and by the close of the work, a force of two to four dreages was engaged between the summer, the whole distance where dredging was required between the

head of the current St Mary and Lachine Canal was deepened to 25 feet at low water, with the exception of such spots as may have been omitted by the dredges, and remain to be found by careful soundings and examination.

An increase in the breadth at the bends at Victoria Pier, and at the Island

Shoal, also remains to be made.

Lachine Canal.—As intimately connected with the improvement of the harbour and the interests of the port, it may be noted that the enlargement of the Lachine Canal by the Dominion Government is being steadily carried on, and is fast ap

proaching completion.

The construction of the new entrance and lower basin at Windmill Point has been pushed forward throughout the summer, and is now practically completed. In the early part of the season, the harbour wharf in Section 11 was cut through, and by the close of navigation the crib-work forming the sides of the entrance, and the embankments, paving, &c., separating the basin from the Windmill Point wharf, had been very nearly finished.

Harbour Repairs.—The repairs for the year have been confined to light works of maintenance which, though considerable in the aggregate, are scarcely worthy of note in datail

in detail.

The supply of macadamizing stone (2,816 cubic yards), timber, deals,&c., has, as usual, been by contract; the work has been done by the Commissioners' own men.

Early in the spring proposals were received from the Gas Company for lighting wharves with gas, but in view of the considerable the wharves with gas, but in view of the considerable outlay required to lay down nines and the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by the recent of the promise afforded by pipes, and the promise afforded by the recent rapid improvement in electric lighting, it was deemed best for the Board to continue the petroleum for the present.

Fitteen additional lamps were erected, making a total of sixty-six lamps, and all provided with two burners instead of one or before

were provided with two burners instead of one, as before.

The total expenditure for harbour repairs during the past year has amounted to \$18.974, and compares as follows with the three previous years:

1875	\$16,449
1876	35,711
1877	26,077
1878	18,947

Dredging.—Dredging has, as usual, been carried on with the Commissioners' of the Commiss plant. That employed in the harbour work proper has consisted of one to spoon dredges, two clam-shall domish. spoon dredges, two clam-shell derricks (for unloading scows), three screw tugs, sixteen flat scows two to six dumping scows and an analysis of the screw tugs, sixteen flat scows, two to six dumping scows, and one floating shop (for machinery repairs). Two new flat scows of 70 cubic yards capacity were built during winter at the Commissioners' works, Sorel, at a cost of \$1,320.50 each, and have been added to the stock been added to the stock.

In consequence of the delay which it was feared the new works might cause the opening of the Lachine Canal in apping the opening of the Lachine Canal in spring, and in order to take advantage of Commissioners' shops for machine was reared the new works might cause the commissioners' shops for machine was reared to take advantage of works. Commissioners' shops for machinery repairs, the dredges, derricks and tugs wintered at Sorel, with the execution of one dead of the dredges, derricks and tugs wintered at Sorel. wintered at Sorel, with the exception of one dredge and one tug, which were quartered in Cantin's dry-dock on the canal for parameters. tered in Cantin's dry-dock on the canal, for repairs to their hulls. The scows were, usual, wintered at Boncherville

usual, wintered at Boucherville.

The season's work is remarkable as being, so far as is known, the largest of ord. The four dredges with the true and described as is known, the largest of order. record. The four dredges with the tugs and derricks which wintered at Sore with enabled, by the unusually early breaking up of the enabled, by the unusually early breaking up of the ice, to leave Sorel on the 3rd April and commenced work on the 8th April and the art the and commenced work on the 8th April, and the same number were enabled by lateress of the fall to continue work all the 9th Daniel lateness of the fall to continue work till the 9th December, thus making a continue working season of 8 months. The dredge and the which working season of 8 months. working season of S months. The dredge and tug which wintered in dry-dock were detained for the opening of the canal till the 10th Manu detained for the opening of the canal till the 10th May, and one dredge in quence of an accident, was laid up on the 20th November 1 quence of an accident, was laid up on the 29th November.

One dredge was engaged 20 days in deepening the ship channel at Varenges for 14 days at Pointe any Grouphing and two to a one for 14 days at Pointe aux Trembles, and two to four spent an aggregate of days in the ship channel within the barbour making a spirit and aggregate of ship days in the ship channel within the harbour, making a total of 4844 days in channel work. In the harbour work proper there were spent 5282 days, making an gregate of 1,013 days' service for all the dredges for the season, or an average of 2027 days each. The nominal working time is 10 hours per day, which is 9975 hours that the catual working time after deducting total time of service in the harbour; but the actual working time, after deducting time lost for repairs, changing positions, waiting for scows, detention by vessels, thort days in autumn, and all other causes, is reduced to 8,613 hours, or an average of  $87_{\frac{98}{100}}$  per cent. of the gross time of service as against  $88_{\frac{86}{100}}$  for 1877,  $84_{\frac{6}{10}}$  for 1876, and only per cent. and 82 15 for 1875. The falling off of nearly one per cent. as compared with 1877, is more than accounted for by the unusual loss of time suffered by the dredges ence. engaged in the channel in the Harbour, they being obliged to move off and be sometimes for several hours waiting for the larger vessels to enter or leave the different

The cost of the fleet for work in the harbour was \$48,748, which includes wages, fuel, stores and the proportion of general charges for insurance, spring outfit, repairs,

and all other charges except interest and depreciation. The total quantity of dredging done was 211,731 cubic yards, and the average cost is, therefore, 23 cents per cubic yard for dredging, towing and unloading the materials, therefore, 23 cents per cubic yard for dredging, towing and unloading the being unloaded by steam derricks, and material; 97,110 cubic yards, or 46 per cent., being unloaded by steam derricks, and the remainder dumped from hopper seows.

Compared with the three previous years, the results are as follows:-

Year.	Cost.	Cubic Yards Dredged.	Cost per Cubic Yard.
	\$		Cents.
1875	68,979	151,719	45
1876	55,462	156,082	35½
1877	45,103	173,449	26
1878	48,748	211,731	23
		1	

The following are the different parts of the harbour at which dredging has been done, and the cost of the same:—

Sections 9 to 11, Windmill Point —Enlarging and deepening the approach to the basin, and clearing small lumps and boulders from the lower end. Hardpan, boulders and small lumps and boulders from the lower end. Hardpan, boulders and small lumps and boulders from the lower end. Hardpan, boulders and small lumps and boulders from the lower end. Hardpan, boulders and small lumps and boulders from the lower end. Hardpan, boulders and small lumps and boulders from the lower end. Hardpan, boulders and small lumps and boulders from the lower end. and gravel, 15 to 28 feet water (actual depths at dates of dredging), 26,993 cubic yards, costing \$8,722, or  $32_{100}^{31}$  per cubic yard.

Sections 12 and 13, Queen's Basin.—Deeping 3 to 5 feet, hardpan, gravel and boulders, 20 to 27 feet water, 10,775 cubic yards, co ting \$3,907 or 63½ cents por Cubic yards. cubic yard. Section 14.—Deepening in Metcalfe Basin about 4 feet hardpan and stones and section 14.—Deepening in Metcalfe Basin about 4 feet hardpan and stones and section \$697. or 14.79 cents per stones 22 to 25 feet depth of water, 4,710 cubic yards, costing \$697, or  $14\frac{79}{100}$  cents per

Property of Water, 1,760 cubic yards, costing \$148 or 25 \frac{45}{100} cents per cubic yard. Deepening in Elgin Basin; sewage deposit, gravel, hardpan and boulders, 20 to

Section 18, Market Basin. - Cleaning out deposit, and and stones, 20 to 24 feet of water 1,025 cubic yards, co-ting \$348 or 34 cents per cubic yard.

Sections 19 and 20. Bonsecours Basin and Victoria Pier.—Deeping centre and Sections 19 and 20. Bonsecours Basin and Victoria rier.—Deeping of water side of basin, and preparing site for crib-work; sand and gravel, 20 to 27 feet of water 20 cm 13 92 cents per cubic yard. of water, 27,860 cubic yards, costing \$5,549 or 13 92 cents per cubic yard.

Sections 20 to 22, Military Basin.—Deepening basin; sand, gravel and mud, 29 to 27 feet of water, 27,170 cubic vards, costing \$5,574, or  $20\frac{51}{100}$  cents per cubic yard. Section 23, Commissioners Wharf.—Cleaning alongside of wharf; gravel, stone belief to 24 to 25 feet of materials. ballast &c., 24 to 26 feet of water, 420 cubic yards, costing \$149 or 35,55 cents per

cubic yard.

Section 29, opposite Jail.—Dredging foundation for new wharf; clay, gravel boulders and builders' rubbish, 10 to 15 feet of water, 3,375 cubic yards, costing \$722 or  $21\frac{38}{100}$  cents per cubic yard.

Longue Pointe.—Dredging foundations for new wharf; quicksand, gravel and boulders, 8 to 18 feet of water, 600 cubic yards, costing \$199 or 33 18 cents per

cubic yard.

Ship Channel in the Harbour. - Deepening between the head of Current St. Mary and the Lachine Canal, sand, gravel and boulders, 20 to 27 feet of water; 107,043

cubic yards, costing \$22,433 or  $20_{100}^{100}$  cents per cubic yard.

Chain Tug "A. G. Nish."—The chain tng was wintered in the Lachine Canal, and soon after coming out in the spring was fitted up for service and placed on her station about the middle of June, and continued till 29th of November. She was kept throughout the summer in continual readiness for service, in charge of a fireman and watchman, with arrangements for summoning a crew at any moment when needed, but her services were not called for.

> I am sir. Your obedient servant,

> > JOHN KENNEDY.

Chief Engineer.

ABSTRACT of Dredging done in different parts of the Harbor of Montreal in 1878.

					_
Places where Dredges Worked.	Dredges.		Quantities dredged at each place.	Dredged Totals.	Remarks.
Sa			Cubic Yards.	Cubic Yards.	
Sections 9 to 11, Windmill Point	Dredge No.	4	888		
do do	do	5	7,980	1	
	do	6	18,993	00.000	17
Sections 12 and 13, Queen's Basin do do	đo	2	2,170	26,993	Hardpan and boulders.
do do	do	4	7,435	İ	ĺ
do do	do	6	1,170		
Section 14, Metcalfe Basin	do	6	630	10,775	Hardpan, gravel and boulders.
do do	do	7	4,080	ł	ĺ
Section 14, Elgin Basin			<u> </u>	4,710	Hardpan and stones.
do Elgin Basin	do	2	280		ł !
do do	do do	5 6	1,220		ļ.
	""	٠		1,760	Sewage deposit, gravel, hard-
Section 18, Market Basin	i.	_		i '	pan and boulders.
Ranket Basin.	do	6	1,025	1.005	Sand and stones.
19 Ropesson Posts	do	2	27,860	1,025	Sand and stones.
Sections 20 to 22, Military Basin		-		27,860	Sand and gravel.
do to 22, Military Basin	do	2	4,840	1	1
un 1-	do do	6 7	7,715	l	· ·
Section	1	٠	14,010	27,170	Sand and gravel.
Section 23, Commissioners' Wharf	do	2	420	1	
do do do	do		9 025	420	Gravel and stone ballast.
do do	i do	2 5	2,925 450	1	1
Sections	1	•		3,375	Clay, gravel, boulders, rub- bish, &c.
Sections 12 to 20, Ship Channel and island Shoal	١.		20.020		bish, &c.
island Shoal do	do do	4	30,258 38,480	1	!
do	i do	6	3,025	ļ	1
, do	do	7	35,280	1	
Rus Points	! .	_	i	107,043	Sand, gravel and boulders.
Lengue Pointe	do	2	609	- 600	Quicksand, gravel and stone
					-   -
	I		Total	211,731	
	ļ		Į.	1	1

				1
Remarks.	2,170 Hardpan, gravel and boulders. 2,170 Sewage deposit, gravel, hardpan and boulders. 7,860 Sand and gravel. 4,810 Gravel and stone ballast. 2,925 Clay, gravel, boulders, rubbish, &c. 600 Quicksand, gravel and stones.	888	18,126 do gravel and boulders.  1,176 do gravel and boulders. 630 do and stones. 360 Sewage deposit, gravel, hardpan and boulders. 1,026 do gravel. 7,715 do gravel. 3,025 gravel and boulders.	o. 9.190 Section 14, Metcalfe Basin
Total Dredged.	yds. Cu. yds. 2,170 280 1,840 4,840 2,925 600	888 7,435 0,2 8 38,581 1,120 1,120 17,580	8,126 1,170 1,026 360 1,026 7,715 3,025	53,975 211,731
Quantities Dredged at each place.	Ou. yds. Ou. yds. 2,170 280 4,840 4,840 2,926 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 6	6 6	18,126 1,170 630 360 1,026 7,715 3,025	4,080 35,280 14,615
Places at which Work was done.	dys   Gueen's Basin   Hes   Section 14, Elgin Basin   Hes   do 19, Bonsecour's Busin   Hes   do 21, Band 22, Miliary Basin   Hes   do 23, Commissioners' Wharf   Hes   Longue Pointe   Hes   Longue Pointe   Hes   Longue Pointe   Hes   Longue Pointe   Hes   Longue Pointe   Hes   Longue Pointe   Hes   Longue Pointe   Longue Pointe   Longue Pointe   Longue Pointe   Longue Pointe   Longue Longue   Longue Longue   Longue Longue   Longue	9 2104 Section 8, Windmill Point	202 do 12 and 13, Queen's Basin	90 Section 14, Metcalfe Basin
	90 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9 210 9 210 9 210 7 209 7 209 7 209	29 202 29 202 29 202 29 203 29 203 29 203 29 203	9 190 9 190 9 190
Stopped Work- ing.	10 Dec.	8 Dec. 8 do 8 Dec. 8 Dec. 8 do	Мо <del>у</del> . фо фо фо	8 do 9
Commenced Working.	20000000000000000000000000000000000000	April do do do do do do do do		
Dredges.	Dredge No. 2	Dredge No. 4	Dredge No. 6 April do	Dredge No. 7 April do do do do do

Harbour Commissioners' Dredging Plant employed in the Harbour of Montreal in 1878.

·
Length Breadth of over all. Beam.
Ft. in. Ft. in.
77 0 26 6 77 3 27 0 77 6 27 0 77 0 27 0
56 8 23 9 61 9 23 6 84 0
67 0 15 0 71 6 16 6 65 6 15 0
103 4 21 5
80 0 16 0 70 0 18 0 75 0 20 0 75 0 20 0

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE DISTRICT OF MONTREAL FOR CALENDAR YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

## HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS OF MONTREAL, SECRETARY'S OFFICE,

MONTREAL, 2nd January, 1879.

WM. SMITH, Esq., Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisherics, Ottawa.

Sir,-By direction of the Harbour Commissioners of Montreal, I beg to transmit herewith, for the information of the Honourable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, the following report of the Pilotage District of Montreal for the year ended 31st December, 1878, as required by the 24th section of the P lotage Act of 1873.

On the 15th and 16th of January last, an examination of apprentices was held by the Commissioners, at which Alex. Gauthier and Louis Z Bouille received their licenses as Branch Pilots, and at a subsequent examination, held on the 14th November, Joseph Toupin was also licensed.

Pilots Onesime Naud, the elder, aged 74, and Joseph Barrabe dit Lafreniere,

aged 65, were, after examination, granted a license to pilot for one year.

Two pilots have died during the year, viz.: Eusebe Toupin, aged 53, on the 5th April last; and Leandre Mayrand, aged 55, on the 31st August.

The following is a list giving the name and age of each pilot, for and above the Harbour of Quebec, acting under the authority of the Harbour Commissioners of Montreal, with the earnings of each, during the season of navigation of 1878:—

1   Onesime Naud	No.	Name.	Age.	Earnings.	Remarks.
Onesime Naud	_			\$ cts.	
Part   Marc   Matheu   58   1,650   36     F. A. Mayrand   58   23   84     Joseph Leveille   60   60     Hector Hamelin   69   883   92     P. Gaillardet   62   373   66     Joseph Barnabé dit Lafreniere   65   453   80     Cyrille Belisle   50   484   20     Adulphe Lesée   48   947   80     George Raymond   48   1,214   98     Augustin Naud   51   660   87     Hubert A Belisle   47   411   84     Athanase Dufresne   44   1,706   40     L. N. Bouillé   55   473   87     Fierre Gagnon   50   1,015   54     George Belisle   38   602   19     Onesme Naud   No. 1   37   1,177   13     George Belisle   38   602   19     Onesme Naud   51   542   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   542   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   542   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   542   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   542   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   44   543   01     J. Octave Hanelin   45   58   13     Gelestin Brunet   36   686   74     J. Octave Hanelin   46   74   74     J. Octave Hanelin   47   74   74   74     J. Octave Hanelin   47   74   74   74     J. Octave Hanelin   47   74   74   74     J. Octave Hanelin   47   74   74   74   74     J. Octave Hanelin   47   74   74   74   74   74     J. Octave Hanelin   47   74   74   74   74   74   74   7	1	   On a store   West	74		
F. A. Mayrand	-				
Joseph Leveille	3				
Hector Hamelin	4				
Sephérin Bouillie.	5			621 59	
P. Gaillardet			49	882 92	
Octage   Description   Satisfact   Satis					
Adulphe Lesée	-				
1					1
12					
13   Hubert A Belisle			1 27		
Athanase Oufresse					İ
Jean B. Dorval.		Athanaga Dufnugua		:	i
16					
Redouard Naud	16				Pllot steamer "Montreal."
Pierre Gagnon					
George Belisle				1,015 54	İ
Onesime Naud, No. I				602 19	i
J. Octave Hamelin					
Suspended from 12th Cct., pending enquiry into conduct.   Suspended from 12th Cct., pending enquiry into conduct.			44		1
Prudent Boudet		Joseph Chandonnet			G 116 - 101 Oct
Prudent Boudet		Louis A. Bouillie	i 38	465 47	
Sizear Belisle		Prudent Boudet	36	1,435 68	, , ,
Juseph Pleau			43	472 62	!
Selestin B-linet   Siz   1,324 45     29					
Damase Usien   37					
Damass Calen   30   603 93   Suspended 1 year from 8th Nov.   31   Alfred Frenette   38   496 17   Alfred St. Arnaud   34   496 74   Alfred St. Arnaud   39   524 99   34   Victor Gagnon   39   583 42   35   Narcisse Perrault   40   470 01   Trefle Toupin   30   480 32   Cleophas Auger   31   578 77   38   François Desjordy   33   439 85   François Desjordy   33   439 85   Ferdinand Lastranche   32   1,498 75   David Perrault   36   507 18   Alexis Gauthier   31   634 30   Louis Z. Bouillie   29   624 32     29,919 69					
Alfred Frenette					Sugnanded I wear from 9th Now
Alfred St. Arnaud   34   496 74					Sushenden I Jewt Hom our Mos-
Phillipe Belanger   39   524 99					
Victor Gagnon   39   583 42     Narcisse Perrault   40   470 01     Trefle Toupin   30   480 32     Oleophas Auger   31   578 77     François Desjordy   33   439 85     Ferdinand LaBranche   32   1,498 75     David Perrault   36   507 18     Alexis Gauthier   31   634 30     Louis Z. Bouilhe   29   624 32       29,919 69		Phillips Relanger			
Narcisse Perrault.		Victor Gagnon	39		i
Trefle Toupin		Narcisse Perrault	40		
Cleophas Auger		Trefle Toupin.	1 30		!
François Desjordy 33 439 85 Ferdinand Labranche 32 1,498 75 David Perrault 36 507 18 Alexis Gauthier 31 634 30 Louis Z. Bouilhe 29 624 32  29,919 69		Cleophas Auger	. 31	578 77	
Ferdinand Labranche. 32 1,498 75 David Perrault 36 507 18 Alexis Gauthier 31 634 30 Louis Z. Bouilhe 29 624 32  29,919 69		François Desjordy			1
Alexis Gauthier 31 634 30 Louis Z. Bouillie 29 624 32 29,919 69		Ferdinand LaBranche			
42 Louis Z. Bouillie 29 624 32 29,919 69					
29,919 69					•
				29 919 69	-
		Leandre Mayrand	1	496 43	

This amount, \$30,416.12, was derived from the following sources, viz.:-

### BRITISH.

Steamships. Sailing Vessels. FOREIGN.	\$19, <b>5</b> 08 31 8,887 43	<b>\$2</b> 8,395	74
POREIGN.			
Steamships	<b>\$</b> 189 37		
Sailing Vessels	1,831 01		
<b>%</b>		\$2,020	38
Total	*****	<b>\$</b> 30.416	12

The following list shows the Name and Age of each Apprentice serving his time under the authority of this Trust:—

No.	Name.	Age.	No.	Name.	Age.
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Leon Croteau  Jean Arcand Alphonse Cossette Delosie Naud  Norbert Arcand Ulvic Toupin  Nestor Arcand Gideon Groleau Wilbrod Gauthier  Noré Belisle Louis Myrand Hubert Perrault Odilon Portelance	26 24 25 23 27 27 27 80	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	,	23 19 25 31 24 28 24

With one exception the casualties to vessels on the river during the past season have been of a minor character and unaccompanied by any serious loss or damage-

The following is an account of the same:—

On the 3rd June, as the Barque "Minerva" was leaving her berth at the Island Wharf, in the Harbour of Montreal, in tow of the tug "Champion," owing to her not having enough steerage-way she was driven in by the wind and current towards the wharves, and the tug. in endeavoring to get her out, broke the tow-line, and the barque drifted broad-side on the bows of the steamers "Quebec" and "Canada," lying at the Richelieu Pier, and was considerably damaged. The pilot in charge, D. Perrault, was summoned before the Commissioners, and the evidence of the captain and other officers and men of the barque was taken, as well as that of several eyewitnesses of the accident. As there was great difference of opinion among the witnesses as to the cause of the disaster, the Commissioners did not inflict any penalty, but being of opinion that if the vessel had been worked with the tug along-side instead of ahead, the collision would have been avoided; they ordered that he be reprimanded for not having fully considered all the circumstances of the case before starting.

During the afternoon of the 11th June, the steamship "Valetta," pilot, A. Dufresne, grounded off Cape St. Michael, but succeeded in getting off next day with the aid of a tug without sustaining any injury. An investigation was held, at which the evidence went to show that the buoy at Isle Delorier was slightly out of position, so the case was not pressed against the pilot, although the Commissioners considered he should not have been guided by the buoy alone, but should have taken the landmarks as well.

The ship "Glenfinart," pilot Alexis Gauthier, went a ground a little above Lanoraie on the night of the 20th June, in consequence of the upper Lavaltrie Light not being lit, the lower light and its reflection on the smooth water being mistaken for the two lights. The vessel was not damaged, and got off after lightering. No

complaint was made against the pilot.

On the 2nd August the steamship "Copia" went a-ground in the Coutrecœur Channel on her way to Quebec. The vessel received no damage, but was delayed several days by having to lighter. As she proceeded to sea without making any report of the accident or complaint against the pilot, Hector Hamelin, the investigation was necessarily postponed until her return. She safely reached her destination and started on her return voyage to this port, but has since been reported as missing.

On the 12th October, the agents of the steamship "Semirande" made certain charges against pilot L. A. Bouillie. Owing to his absence from the city no investigation has yet been held, but he has been placed under suspension in the

meantime.

On the morning of the 8th November, the steamships "Moravian" and "Phœnician," in charge of pilots' Adolphe Liseé and Ulric Groleau respectively, came into collision at Cap a la Roche, and both vessels, and a portion of the cargo of

the "Phænician" received very serious injury.

The result of a preliminary enquiry into the matter, showed that pilot Grolean was in fault, he having violated Article No. 133 of the Harbour By-Laws by not keeping his vessel, which was coming up, below Cap à la Roche, allowing the "Moravian" to pass down. Pilot Groleau then waived a formal trial and admitted he was in the wrong, and the Commissioners have since decided that he be suspended for one year from the date of the accident.

The maintenance of the buoys (11 in number) in the Richelieu River, between St. Johns and Rouse's Point, and those in the Rivière des Prairies (8), which is a charge on the revenues of the Trust, have as usual been properly attended to, and

thoroughly inspected by the Superintendent of Pilots.

Several cases of encroachment on the beach and river, by the building of wharves or piers, have been brought before the Commissioners during the past season, and the necessary steps have been taken to maintain the rights and jurisdiction of the Trust.

Tariff of pilotage now in force in the Pilotage District of Montreal:-

## Quebec to Montreal, or vice versá.

1		ards.	Downwards.			
Pilotage of vessels in tow of a steamer, for each foot of draught of water	. \$2	00		<b>\$</b> 2	00	
Pilotage of vessels propelled by steam, for each foot of draught of water  Pilotage of vessels under sail, for each foot o	. 2	<b>5</b> 0		2	50	
draught of water	. 4	20		2	80	
the Harbour of Montreal, or from foot of current into the Harbour	f	00	•••••	5	00	

The amount received for poundage, being 5 per cent. on the earnings of the pilots, was \$1,532.83 for the year, including also that received on vessels coming only to Three Rivers. Besides this, there was received, as interest on investments, the sum of \$1,857.92, and several small items amounting to \$43.50, making a total of

The disbursements were \$2,147.70, paid as pensions to old and infirm pilots, and

the widows of pilots.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

H. D. WHITNEY,

Assistant-Secretary.

## HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS OF MONTREAL.

OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT OF PILOTS, Montreal, January, 1879.

H. D. WHITNEY, Esq., Asst. Secretary.

SIR.—I have the honor to submit, for the information of the Harbour Commissioners of Montreal, the following report on my work in connection with placing and maintaining the buoys in the River St. Lawrence between Montreal and Quebec, for

the season of 1878:-

The steamer "Richelieu" was employed by me 54 days in the service, and the steamer "John Young" four days in the autumn taking up the buoys. In connection with this work I made about ten trips down the river, of more or less length, according to the amount of work to be done. It is unnecessary to give a detailed account of these trips, as the nature of the work is already known. It consists in placing the buoys wherever it is necessary, and maintaining them in the best possible order, that they may be sure guides to pilots going up or down in charge of ships. As the buoys are often dragged by rafts or vessels, and the chains attached to them get too long or too short, according to the height of the water, they must be frequently inspected so that those out of position may be replaced, the chains lengthened or shortened as the case may be, those that are too old replaced by new ones, and such as are not conspicuous enough repainted; in fact, to keep them in such good order that they may be of the greatest possible service.

I have pleasure in stating that the number of buoys moved out of position this season was much smaller than in previous years. As I have said before, the new buoys are much less likely to be carried away than the old.

The most important of my trips are the first and the last. The first is to replace the buoys taken up in the fall, and to put everything in order for navigation. I left this year on the 15th April. I found all the buoys left last autumn except seven—five at Capala Roche and two at Flat Islands, which were carried away by the ice. This is a very small proportion to the number left in place, 67. During the summer I found three of these buoys, so there were only four actually lost. Nearly all the buoys, however, were out of position; I replaced them, and put new ones in the place of some that were damaged. I also put some additional ones down during the summer as the water fell. The total number I had this fall was 153, of which 122 ways wooden 12 iver which 123 were wooden, 13 iron, and the remainder (20) casks, apart from the 7 buoys in the harbor; of these I have left down for winter (in safe positions) 58 wooden and 12 iron buoys, a total of 70. I took up 64 wooden buoys, all the barrels (20) and one iron buoy, that of Becancour.

During the summer I raised two old iron buoys, one in Lake St. Peter, and the other at Pointe aux Trembles. The latter was 20 feet in length, and therefore difficult to raise. It had been being set the bettern for five on six years.

oult to raise. It had been lying at the bottom for five or six years.

I put down three new iron buoys in Lake St. Peter, and when doing so thought it advisable to anchor them by the other end opposite that which has heretofore been used, as by this means a weight of two hundred pounds is sufficient, while the other way requires a weight of 1,000 to 2,000 pounds, and at the same time they are more conspicuous. I hope to be as successful with those in the lake as with those at No. 3 lightship and Nicolet, which have not been disturbed, and with which the pilots are well pleased.

I employed anchors for the buoys at Capala Loche only; everywhere else I used cast-iron weights (commonly called "picassis"). These are much less expensive. I bought fifty fathoms of chain for the buoys, which was sufficient for all my wants.

The beacons were all in order, and only a few had to be repainted.

There are in the Sorel shippard some 30 to 35 anchors (found in the river), and also about 140 buoys; the latter will be used as occasion requires; they need to be renewed every two or three years, and there are always some damaged ones to be replaced. This year I only lost six, but I renewed several.

All the buoys employed between the Richelieu Rapids and Three Rivers have

been stored in the latter place to avoid an unnecessary trip to Sorel.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient seravnt,

> JOSEPH LEVEILLE, Superintendent of Pilots.

# APPENDIX No. 14.

# QUEBEC HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1878

(Under the 38 Victoria, Chap. 55, Section 14.)

Quebec, 16th January, 1879.

To the Hon. JAMES C. POPE,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, &c., &c., &c., Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit the following on the doings of the Quebec

Harbour Commissioners for the year 1878.

Having reported to the Public Works Department on the works of the harbour improvements and the graving dock, and on the operations of the lifting barge, for the year 1878, I beg leave to state that, under these titles, this report will contain what I have already reported to the aforesaid Department.

## The Harbour Improvements in the River St. Charles.

During the winter of the year 1877-78 the damage done to the works in progress was slight. The extraordinary mildness of the season doubtless contributed to this result; but the fact is worthy of record as a test of their general stability.

During this period, beyond the improvement, repair and increase of the contractors' plant, little beyond the preparation and miscellaneous iron work was done by

the contractors.

In the construction of new and improved plant and other appliance, much energy was displayed; and the following engine moved, and labor a-saving tools were placed on the works to commence operations in the spring:—

One clam-shell dredge of the largest kind yet manufactured.

One dipper or shovel dredge on the principle of the well-known steam navy, equal to moving at each dip 84 cubic feet of material, or upwards of three cubic yards. One steam revolving derrick of 110 feet radius, or 220 feet diameter, carrying

buckets of equal capacity with the dipper dredge.

Two steam tugs, two pile engines, six hoppers and other barges, and one double

cylinder concrete mixer.

These works, which are under contract with Messrs. Peters, Moore & Wright, as referred to in my report, dated 10th January, 1878, form a section of a general scheme for harbour improvements in the River St. Charles, as proposed by Messrs. Kinniple & Morris in their report of November, 1874.

This section includes the construction of a length of embankment of 300 feet in width, the entire distance between the ballast wharf and the gas wharf, and only a short space from the present terminus of the North Shore Railway, with which it is

ultimately intended to connect it.

A ship channel of 150 feet wide and a quay wall on a concrete foundation, are in course of completion for an entire length of 3,500 feet. These forming a part of a Tidal Harbour and Wet Dock, respectively, on a line to be determined by the production of Peters street or Dalhousie street, or partly of both.

The work for the year 1878 has been solely continued from the ballast wharf end, obviously the better, unless a commencement at both ends had been within the

resources of the contractors.

The outer open crib work, forming the northern face and foundation of the slope of the embankment, has been completed to coping level in the first 120 feet in length, reported in position and completed to 9 feet above low water last year, and further extension of 1,500 feet has since taken place in the direction of the Gas wharf, and 3,030 feet required to complete a junction with the crib-work at that end of the works previously reported, of 790 feet in length.

The excavation of the deep trench and the 150 feet deep channel of the ultimate tidal basin has been continued and nearly completed, with the exception of the slopes and final grading, to a length 1,250, or nearly the entire deep-water section.

In the deep trench nine 120 feet crib-work caissons have been sunk and concreted up to 3 feet above low water, preliminary to planting on the 12-inch square rock elm capping under the ashlar masonry of the stone face, which is to have a height of of 24 feet to coping level, including, with the concrete foundation, an entire height of 48 feet, 24 of which is below low-water spring tides.

The timber work of the deep crib-work caissons have a special character, at the same time embodying the best form of construction in its front face of solid entremise fill: filling dovetailed into the crossties. In the cross sections considerable novelty has been introduced by the insertion of blocking pieces between the corps-morts or crosssties, which, being notched in 12 inch, and otherwise closely fitting, give great strength to the work, producing such a distance between the crossties, vertically, as insures the solidity of the concrete placed in the intervening spaces and compartments of the cribwork as to make it really constitute one solid mass or monolith throughout.

The timber work has been most carefully constructed by one of the contractors, Mr. Simon Peters, and afterwards sunk in position, not without difficulty, but at the same time with complete success.

One of these cribs in progress of construction is shown in the photograph, Annex No. 1, accompanying this Report.

The concreting of these deep cribs has been effected in the most approved method in general use, by adopting skips, or boxes of as large a size as possible, with spring and trigger doors opening below. They are made to contain one cubic yard of the doors when open. of and trigger doors opening below. They are made to deposit at once of the 80 as to prevent wash and disturbrace, and also, to insure the deposit at once of the combination of sand, broken stone and cement, in the form in which it is placed in the skips.

Nine thousand yards have in this way been successfully deposited, levelled below by divers, and brought up to the level of three feet above low water, ready to receives, and brought up to the level of three level and brought up to the level of three level as finishing course on which to commence the stone face at the back of elm.

A general view of the cribs, sunk and concreted, as far as No. 7, is shown in photograph Annex No. 2, accompanying this Report, weighted with stone to be used for back filling. This excellent picture shows the level in cross sections at the end of the crib No. 7, with regard to low water, and the success with which the general line and the crib No. 3, with regard to low water, and the success with which the general line and the crib No. 3 shows line and level of the crib-work blocks have been maintained. Annex No. 3 shows the the contractors' plant in position particularly well, the large dipper dredge, and the 220 c. 220 feet diameter derrick, with the three divers and others of the men employed.

The amount paid on account of these works up to the last day of the year has reached the sum of \$211,033.65.

It may be well to recur, in conclusion, to the importance of these works now in progress, forming part of a scheme for the perfect accommodation of some 110 Vessels at one time, of an average length of 250 feet, or of 1,600 for the working season, connecting at the same time the North Shore Railway at once with deep wata. water quay walls, presumably the entire western traffic of this line as far as Ottawa, next, probably of Toronto, and ultimately of the Pacific.

## Graving Dock.

During the latter part of the year 1877 the Commissioners resolved to proceed with the dock excavations at Point Lévis. A commencement was made on the 12th November, 1877, and the work was continued without intermission until the month of April last, when tenders for the completion of the entire works were invited by the Commissioners. The entire quantity of excavation up to that time was 10,267 yards.

The total expenditure connected with these works up to the 31st December last amounts to thirty-five thousand six hundred and thirty-one dollars and thirty

eight cents (\$35,631.38).

These works were formally contracted to Messrs. Larkin, Connolly & Co. on the 17th August, 1878, for a sum of three hundred and thirty thousand nine hundred and thirty-two dollars (\$330,932), since which time the contractors have continued the excavation to one foot below coping. The Government wharf forming the abutment of the western wing wall of the dock works having been filled in with spoil and suitable refuse from the rock-cutting and excavations.

The whole of these works have been performed under the superintendence of the resident engineer, M. Woodward Pilkington, M.I., C.E., whose ability has given

great satisfaction to the Commissioners.

The question respecting the co-operation of the Montreal Harbour Commissioners in the management of the Graving Dock, has been re-opened during the month January by the Quebec Harbour Commissioners, and resulted in a satisfactory arrangement. In order to put this arrangement into effect it will be necessary to amend the Act 38 Victoria, chapter 56, respecting the Graving Dock.

# Lifting Barge.

The barge having undergone a very severe test during the working season to as stated in my report for that year was sent to Device working season to 1877, as stated in my report for that year, was sent to Davie's Dock in order, and have personnel in a stated in my report for that year, was sent to Davie's Dock in order, and have been personnel in a stated in my report for that year, was sent to Davie's Dock in order, and have been personnel in a stated in my report for that year, was sent to Davie's Dock in order, and the personnel in the stated in my report for that year, was sent to Davie's Dock in order, and the personnel in the stated in my report for that year, was sent to Davie's Dock in order, and the personnel in the stated in my report for that year, was sent to Davie's Dock in order, and the personnel in the stated in my report for that year, was sent to Davie's Dock in order, and the personnel in the stated in have her repaired in accordance with the recommendations of the Port Warden,

On the 6th May the Port Warden forwarded the following report on the repairs

done to the barge under his supervision:

## " PORT WARDEN'S OFFICE, 128 St. Peter Street.

"QUEBEC, 6th May, 1878.

" A. H. VERRET, Esq.,

"Secretary-Treasurer Quebec Harbour Commissioners.

"Sir,—In compliance with your letter dated April 13th, 1878, I beg to inform that the following residue in a information and the following residue in the following residue you that the following repairs were found necessary to be made on the Lifting

Barge before undocking.

"In addition to the diagonal iron straps originally on the inside (14) fourteen have been added viz seven reinstances. pairs have been added, viz., seven pairs at each end of the vessel; all are through bolted with quarter-inch round iron elenched on rings. For placing the above straps, parts of the cabins and flooring had to be removed. parts of the cabins and flooring had to be removed. which have been replaced.

"The diagonal wood bracing each side of the well have been additionally tree-nailed In the spaces of the cooking and engineer's rooms, the joints have been caulked and filled with wood bettened over the cooking and engineer's rooms, the joints have been caulked and the filled with wood battened over. On each side of the well the vacant spaces over the

heads of the stanchions have been filled solid with wood.

"Outside the well has been caulked all over. The iron linings on its lower edges removed for caulking. All have been replaced. Six pieces of plates had to be new."

The stern and stern posts where there are included to be new.

"The stern and sternposts, where there was indication of straining, have been nothered by sight straining of iron belief to and strengthened by eight straps of iron bolted to each other through the stern and stern posts and otherwise through balted and alarged posts and otherwise through bolted and clenched on the inside. One rudder brace broken, removed required and replaced broken, removed, repaired and replaced.

"The batts in bottom at blud of bows and quarters have been additionally bolted.

"Caulking has been done from the keel to rails, including parts on deck; seams have all been coated with pitch and rosin, the bottom coated with coal-tar; paint work above water-line twice coated with paint, including boats, &c.

#### On Deck.

"Iron stanchion sockets on both sides have been secured with new bolts. One additional scuttle-hatch has been made in midships on port side. Deck glasses with those broken in sky-lights have been all made good. Engine frames additionally fastened with screw bolts and with sundry other iron work repaired.

I am also of opinion that the work as above ennumerated has been completed

in a most satisfactory manner, and to the entire satisfaction of your

"Most obedient servant,

#### "JOHN DICK."

Port Warden,

These repairs, including the cost of docking the barge for the winter, have amounted to the sum of eleven hundred and ninety-one dollars and thirty cents

The Captain, Claude Giguére, was re-engaged in the month of April, and took tharge of the craft immediately after his appointment. He was directed to search and try to secure the two large nests of anchors and chains that were known yet to exist. In the beginning of May the barge was towed in the stream and the search was commenced without delay.

After two weeks of steady searching the Captain reported that he had failed to fasten the barge on either of the nests, although he had not abandoned hopes of

securing them.

He was therefore ordered to cease his search till further orders, and to raise the steamer "Bidder," sunk some ten years ago in front of the ferry landing at Lévis. After two months work the whole wreck, comprising the engines, the boiler and the hull, was safely landed on Carrier's premises, at Lévis.

The wreck having not been claimed under the authority of the 5th Section of the 29, 30 Victoria, Chap. 59, was disposed of as provided for by Section 2 of the 22nd victoria, Chap. 59, was disposed of as provided and fifty dollars, \$150. Victoria, Chap. 31. The sale only realized one hundred and fifty dollars, \$150.

The obstruction caused by this wreck was as dangerous, if not more so, to shipping than a nest of anchors, and all interested have learned with satisfaction of its

As soon as the lifting barge had landed the wreck, Captain Giguere received instructions to resume his search for nests of anchors and chains for which he had already searched in the beginning of the season. His search proved again unsuccessful search proved again unsuccessfu ceaseful, and it has been inferred that no more nests were in existence, or that if such reall, and it has been inferred that no more nests were in existence, or that if such really exist, they were covered with sand and were as obstruction considered of no more consequence.

During his search the master of the barge has succeeded in raising five anchors and about sixty-six fathoms of chain. One of these anchors was claimed by its owners, the Allan Steamship Company, and delivered to them on payment of the

Amongst these anchors there is one which is the largest that has ever been raised by the barge. It weighs 5,985 pounds, and according to experts, must have been under water for at least sixty years. It has been established by marks thereon that it belonged to an English frigate.

The wreck of the steamboat "Ottawa," sunk some sixteen years ago off the wharf belonging to the Montreal Ocean Steamship Company, has been surveyed during the month of August, and the master of the lifting barge has reported that the whole wreck was covered with sand, and declared that he was of opinion it could not injure the shipping even if the sand over it were washed, inasmuch as it is so close to the wharf vessels are not supposed to anchor there.

On the recommendation of the Lifting Barge Committee it was agreed to order the barge on the Fly Bank in order to remove the largest boulders that were con-

sidered the most dangerous obstructions.

The barge was at work about twenty days on that spot, and eighteen boulders were secured and removed. They were all of a very large size, one of them was eight feet and another six feet high, the first weighing over twelve tons and the latter ten.

Some years ago a vessel belonging to the Allan Line touched the first mentioned boulder and sustained damages to the amount of eight thousand dollars. (\$8,000.)

The question of raising the wreck of the ship known as "L'Orignal," sunk in the harbour since October, 1750, according to the "Jesuits Journal," was discussed during the summer by the Commissioners, and it was decided to remove that so long existing obstruction.

The captain of the barge was accordingly ordered to suspend the work of removing the boulders and to commence operations on the wreck in .uestion. After a tho ough survey he reported the wreck 170 feet long, 40 feet beam, and under 95 feet

of water.

It having been ascertained that this obstruction could not be removed without the aid of explosive material, a contract was entered into with the firm Cochrane, Lewis & Co., of Montreal, by which they undertook, for the sum of one thousand dollars, to blow up the wreck with dynamite. They were bound to furnish their operator with the explosive material and instruments, and all possible assistance was to be given by the lifting barge with her crew. It was also necessary to secure the services of a di er.

The work of blasting was commenced on the 24th September, and continued, weather permitting, till the close of navigation. After each explosion the barge was

engaged in securing the broken pieces of the wreck.

The work has been progressing favourably, but more slowly than anticipated, and about one-fourth of the wreck has been secured. At the end of the year's operations the whole of the salvage, consisting of a quantity of broken pieces, four beams and some timbers, were safely landed on one of the wharves of the Commission.

Three anchors with thirty fathoms of chain have been also secured from the

wreck.

Judging by the time it has taken to raise the portion of the wreck that has been blasted and removed, it will take at least four months to clear away the remainder of this obstruction. If you add to that the time it will take to remove the boulders that were left untouched inside the Fly Bank the barge will be engaged the whole of the season of 1879 to complete the work remaining unfinished.

It is to be hoped that the Government will include in their estimates of next Session the usual appropriation in order that the Commissioners may be enabled to

continue the work of clearing the harbour.

By referring to the working expenses of the lifting barge for the last two years, it may be inferred that a sum of twelve thousand dollars will be sufficient to meet the expenses of the coming season.

The annexed statement, No. 4, shows the cost of the barge, her yearly working expenses, also, the yearly quantity of anchors, chains, &c., saved by her since the

beginning of her operations in 1875.

In conclusion, I am happy to state that Captain Giguére, the master of the barge, has given as much satisfaction this year as in previous years.

#### Ballast.

The new by-law sanctioned in June, 1877, to regulate the discharging of the ballast, has continued to give satisfaction to the Commissioners.

Forty-three vessels have been ordered to the breakwater during the season to

discharge their ballast.

The aggregate quantity discharged amounted to seventeen thousand one hundred and eighteen tons (17,118). By adding to that amount the total of the previous Year, seventeen thousand and twenty-five tons (17,025) it gives a total of thirty-four thousand one hundred and forty-three tons (34,143) discharged in the breakwater since the by-law has been in operation, representing the ballast of eighty-nine vessels. A very small proportion of this ballast is of stone; it is composed chiefly of sand or clay.

The expenditure in connection with the breakwater, including repairs, &c., amounts to the sum of two thousand three hundred and forty-five dollars and

twenty-eight cents (\$2,345.28) for the year.

All the ballast that could be secured from the demolition of the Jesuits' barracks has been deposited in Pointe-à-Carey wharf. Three thousand three hundred and eighty-nine tons (3,389) have been obtained from the demolition, and carted at the

Price of 30 cents per ton.

With this material a roadway of six hundred feet (600) long and the width of feet has been constructed. It is the intention of the Commissioners, if they can Secure the material, to cause this road to be continued some three hundred feet more in length, in order to reach the end of the wharf. The road has been properly leveled and covered with sand; but in consequence of the large circulation of heavy loaded vehicles on this portion of the Commissioners' wharves, it will be necessary to macadamize it at an early date.

The sand used to cover the roal has been secured from the ballast of 2 vessels,

and guage 50 tons.

The necessity of filling up the whole Pointe-à-Carey wharf is felt more than ever, and the Commissioners will loose no opportunity of having such an improvement

One thousand and eleven tons of stone have been bought at the price of 30 cents per ton, and deposited also in the same way.

# Repairs to Property.

The necessary repairs have been done as usual to the property of the Com-mission. The sum expended for that branch of the service amounts to the round and of twenty-four hundred dollars (\$2,400) out of that sum nineteen hundred and thirty dollars (\$1,930) were applied to the Pointe à Carey wharf, exclusive of the amount paid for ballast already mentioned. As long as the filling up of that long wharf is not completed, its yearly repairs will always be somewhat heavy, in consequence of the renewal of the broken beams and the decayed planking which are brought to this state, the first by the weight of coals and other heavy goods that are \*tored on it and the other by the action of the air underneath.

# Coasting and Foreign Trade.

As stated in the last report, the law does not compel the coasting traders to re-port their outward cargoes, the Commissioners can only furnish, as usual, a statement of the arrivals of the season, which stands as follows:—

Cargoes by	Schooners	1,382
	Batteaux	
	Barges	238
"	Steamboats	380
		<del></del>

Forty-two thousand six hundred passengers, (42,600,) have been landed at the

port during the year by the vossels engaged in the coasting trade.

The annexed Comparative Statements, Annex No. 5, prepared by the Custom's authorities, contain the whole information in reference to the foreign trade of this port for this year and the previous years therein mentioned.

## Investigations.

Under the authority of two Orders in Council, respectively dated the 29th August and the 3rd September, the Commissioners have held an investigation into the loss of the steamships "Lake Megantic," "Blenheim" and "Lady Head." Thirteen sittings of an average length of three hours were spent in hearing the evidence adduced in the three cases. The Commissioners have spared no trouble to arrive at a thorough knowledge of the circumstances connected with the three wrecks and they have learnt with satisfaction that you have approved of and confirmed their report and judgment in each case.

During the investigation into the loss of the "Blenheim" it has been ascertained by the evidence of the captain that he had been misled, as to the beginning of the pilotage ground in the harbour, by the supplement to "Lighthouses of the World," published in 1878 by Mr. Richard Holmes Laurie, of London, and edited by Mr. A. G. Findlay. Orders were immediately given to write to the publisher in order to have the error corrected in the future edition of the work. Meanwhile a copy of the letter was forwarded to the "Shipping and Mercantile Gazette," with a

request to publish it in the interest of mariners.

The Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway terminis to deep water.

Negotiations are progressing favorably with regard to the arrangements to be made for bringing the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway to deep water in the harbour over the wharves now under contract. The contractors have declared themselves ready to deliver, on the 15th July next, a length of 800 feet of crib-work up to coping level on the west end of the works. If their offer is accepted the cars will be able to run at that date on this portion of the Harbour Works.

#### Revenue.

The following is a Comparative Statement of the revenue of the Commission for this and the previous year:—

Bill a I Administration	1877.	1878.	Difference in 1878.
Tonnage Dues	\$ cts. 40,816 90 2,787 69 10,957 88 3,913 76 24,951 62 2,980 13 2,482 87 138 31	\$ cts. 24,677 12 2,993 47 6,105 86 3,834 23 23,652 24 2,916 54 2,175 37 1 00	\$ cts. 16,139 78 Decrease. 205 78 Increase. 4,852 02 Decrease. 79 53 do 1,299 38 do 63 59 do 307 50 do 137 31 do
Total	89,029 16	66,355 83	22,673 33 do

The large decrease in the revenue is entirely due to the great depression of busi-

ness that has prevailed the whole year.

Notwithstanding this state of affairs, the Commissioners have, however, ascertained with satisfaction that they have had a surplus of revenue of eight thousand three hundred and eight-nine dollars and ninty-five cents (\$8,389.95) over the expenditure of the year.

The whole respectfully submitted,

A. H. VERRET,

Secretary-Treasurer.

	Dr. REVEN	REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE	EXPEN	DITURE.	CR.	
1878.		S cts.	1878.		e cts.	
232	To Beach and Deep Water Lots	2,175 37 2,916 54 1 00 2,24 1 00 4,066 67 1,300 00 6,000 00 6,105 86 6,105 86 6,105 86 3,834 23 3,834 23	Dec. 31	By Officers' salaries for year Schooner reporters for year Legal expenses do Akkinson's Wharf, repairs East India and Wellington Wharves, repairs Reynar's Wharf, repairs Pointe-à-Carcy Wharf, repairs Reakwater Commissioners, attendance Auditors for 1877 Printing codified statutes Frinting codified statutes Auditors for 1877 Printing codified statutes Frinting codified statutes Ganton, codified statutes Frinsmith work Office expenses, printing, advertising, stationery, cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Stationery, cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc. Cleaning, etc.	6,373 27 850 00 345 76 126 50 264 50 342 81 11,930 11 10,930 11 10,00 10,000 221 80 49 54 127 02 24 80 49 54 127 02 24 80 49 54 127 02 32 00 76 64 775 06	
		66,355 83			66,355 83	
	Jas. Woods, Book-keeper.			A. H. VERRET, Secretary-Treasurer.	ısurer.	1

HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, QUEBEC, 16th January, 1879.

1,086,844 50

STATEMENT of Assets and	i Liabili	ties, per	inr of Assets and Liabilities, per Balance Sheet.—Quebec, 31st December, 1878.	ır, 1878.	
ASSETS.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	Liabilities.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Real Estate: — Reynar's Wharf	8,452 70	,_	Quedec Harbour Debentures		723,000 00
	268,673 15		Dominion Government:— Account of Harbour Improvements	175,000 00 50,000 00	225.000 00
<u>`                                    </u>	¥	676,372 30	Sundry Competitors:— On deposit for Copies of Specification		199 50
une, 1878	35,348 49 4,179 88 1,241 44	10 760 81	Surplus-composed as follows: Beach and Deep-water Lots at Credit	43,932 50	
Cash:— On hand	159 23 62,483 30	10 00 00	Excess of Revenue	51,995 84	138,645 00
Dominion Government:— Lifting barge expenses Investigation expenses	8,249 16 1,366 29	02,042 03			
Harbour Improvements.— Peters, Moore & Wright	178,613 67 32,419 98	9,010 43			
Graving Dock:— Larkin, Connolly & Co  Engineering and sundries	18,137 50 17,393 88	26 103 20			
		50,551,56 42,716 66 5,393 96			

JAS. Woods, Book-keeper, Hatbour Commissioners' Office, Quebec, 16th January, 1879.

256 40 394 87 342 70 513 76 8 00 1,253 03

Jackscrews :-- On hand ......

1,086,844 50

Dr. BALANCE S	HEET	of	31st December, 1878.	Cr.	
DR. BALANCE S  To Office furniture	\$ 1,253 39,528 5,393 256 8,462 50,945 84,605 48,268 268,673 215,427 178,613 18,137 32,419 17,393 9,615 394 342	ets. 03 37 96 40 79 10 15 40 67 50 98 88 00 45 87	By Beach and deep-water lots Quebec Harbour Debentures Sinking Fund James Boyd	\$ 43,932 723,000 42,716 50 45 56	2 56 3 66 3 66 3 66 3 66 3 66 4 66
La Banque Nationale		23 76			
-	1,086,844	50		1,086,84	4 6

# A. H. VERRET,

Secretary-Treasurer.

JAS. Woods,

Book-keeper.

HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE, QUEBEC, 16th January, 1879.

QUEBEC HARBOUR COMMISSION.

STATEMENT of Contracts awarded by the Quebec Harbour Commissioners in connection with the Harbour Improvements and the Graving Dock, together with Expenditure up to 31st December, 1878, connected with same.	Total amount paid for engineer- irg and Sundries.	\$ cts.	211,033 65	35,531 38
mprovemene. ne.	Total amount paid for engineer- irg and Sundries.	\$ cts.	32,419 98	17,393 88
ed with sar	Total amount paid to Contractofs.	S cts.	178,613 67	18,137 50
Graving Dock, together with Expenditure up to 31st December, 1878, connected with same.	Total amount of Contracts with Additions.	S cts.	15,306 07   544,602 38	337,715 89
ecember, 18	Net Amount tive value of additions to Contracts.	\$ cts.	15,306 07	1,762 00
np to 31st L	Net Amount of Contracts.	S cts.	529,296 31	330,953 89
n omnanedyr n	To Whom Awarded.		Peters, Moore & Wright	Larkin, Connolly & Co
S (	Dates of Completion of Contracts.		October 2, 1880	June 1, 1882
	Dates of Contracts.		arbour Improve- ments	August 17, 1878
	Nature of Contracts.		Harbour Improve- ments	Graving Dock August 17, 1878 June 1, 1882 farkin, Connolly & Co

A. H. VERRET, Secretary-Treasurer.

## QUEBEC HARBOUR COMMIS

STATEMENT showing the cost of the Lifting Barge, her yearly working expenses; remaining

Cost of the Lifting Barge built in 1874-75.	Working ex- penses in 1875.	Working ex- penses in 1876, including repairs.	Working ex- penses in 1877, including repairs.	Working ex- penses in 1878, including repairs.		tity of A		
		1		,	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
\$ cts. 35,184 56	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 11,766 00	\$ cts.	Four anchors and about 250 fathoms of chain.	Fifty-seven anchors and 1,425 fathoms of chain.	One hundred and one anchors and 3,291 fathoms of chain.	Eight anchors, 96 fathoms of chain, 18 boulders, the wreck of the steamer "Bidder," and about one-fourth of the wreck known as "L'Orignal."

N.B.—The anchors entered in the above Statement do not include 24 broken anchors which have 8 anchors raised in 1878 was claimed by its owners, the Allan Steamship Company, and surrendered on returned in 1878. One anchor belonging to the stock on hand was transformed into a grapnel in chain, sold for \$175.03, are yet unpaid.

## SIONERS' LIFTING BARGE,

also, yearly quantity of Chains, Anchors, &c., saved and disposed of, and what on hand.

Quantit	ty of And dispos	hors, Chs ed of in	ains, &c.,	Quantity of Anchors and Chains on hand the	Proc	ceeds of the sa Chains, d	le of Anchor	8,
1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	December, 1878.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
None.	Eleven anchors and 3,231 lbs. of chain.	Thirty-six anchors and 99,074 lbs. of chain, broken anchors, &c., sold as scrap.	Fourteen anchors, 79,080 lbs chain, 7 shackies and 1 stock.	Eighty-Six anchors, about 300 tons of chain and 176 shackles.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.

also been secured, and are classed as scrap. Twelve of these anchors were sold in 1877. One of the the payment of salvage. Two anchors, with 135 fathoms chain and one shackle, sold in 1877, were October, and sent to the Barge to replace one that had been broken. Five anchors and 7,210 lbs.

Certified.

A. H. VERRET,

Secretary-Treasurer.

PORT OF QUEBEC.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of Inwards and Outwards, came and for which the	MENT tward rich d		mber ar Years e ed, whet	nd Ton nding her in	nage of Son the 31 cargo or	sailing 1st Dec ballast	the Number and Tonnage of Sailing Vessels and Steamers, with the Number of Men employed, entered for the Years ending on the 31st December, 1877 and 1878; showing the Countries from whence they y cleared, whether in cargo or ballast; also, distinguishing the Countries to which they belonged.	with; shorthe	the Num wing the ountries	ber of A Countr to which	fen en ies frc b they	aployed, om when belonge	e they
•	Retur		I Vessels Inwards for the Yea	ds for t 1877 au	of Vessels Inwards for the Years ending 31st December, 1877 and 1878.	ıding		Refu	rn of Vesse 31st D	Vessels Outwards for the Yes 31st December, 1877 and 1878	urds for 1877 au	Return of Vessels Outwards for the Years ending 31st December, 1877 and 1878.	ending
		1877.			1878.				1877.			1878.	
	Ves- sels.	Tons.	Men.	Ves- sels.	Tons.	Men.		Ves- sels.	Tons.	Men.	Ves- sels.	Tons.	Men.
Total Vessels arrived	982	872,100	20,919	999	616,523	15,892	Total Vessel cleared	992	864,017	20,629	672	603,705	15,473
Vessels with cargoes	403	409,566	11,367	325 341	357,804 258,719	10,372 5,520	Vessels with cargoes	290 2	863,429 588	20,607	672	603,705	15,473
Total	982	872,100	20,919	999	616,523	15,893	Total	266	864,017	20,629	672	603,705	15,473
Number of Steamers	100 882	160,383 711,717	5,975 14,944	107	177,672	6,517	Number of Steamers do Sailing Vestels	906	143,969 720,048	5,428 15,201	93	157,461 446,244	5,993 9,480
Total	982	872,100	20,919	999	616,523	15,892	Totul	992	864,017	20,629	672	603,705	15,473
British Vessels Foreign do	685 297	674,947 197,153	16,585 4,334	475 191	482,551 133,972	13,020 2,872	British Vessels	700 293	672,896	16,440 4,189	489 183	475,779 127,926	12,727 2,746
Total	985	872,100	20,919	999	616,523	15,892	Тотя	992	864,017	20,629	672	603, 705	15,473
Under what Flags.							Under what Flags.						_
Pritish	685	674,947	16,585	475	482,551	13,020	British United States	100	672,896	16,440	489	475,779	12,727 80
French Norwegian and Swedish German Empire	255 23	739 172,762 11,456 742		165 11	1,618 116,762 5,931	2,484 146	Norwegian and Swedish German Empire Spanish	245 22 1	164,899 11,322 610	3,568 284 13	159 5	6,539 6,539	2,413
Spanish	, <b></b> 	019	13				Portuguese	20	1,497	02	7	1,689	33

	and the second second second		
88	15,473	14,626 211 211 250 250 250 253 273 284 884 886	10,413
2,249	603,705	574,839 3,940 784 1,889 1,898 871 777 459 1,639 2,022 4,623	603,705
2	672	<u> </u>	672
43 54 19 11	20,629	19,634 277 177 181 107 113 35 39 39 31 12 12 12 12 12 130 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 130 130 140 150 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17	20,629
1,904 2,928 1,093 400	864,017	829, 692 4, 730 4, 730 4, 945 1, 328 1, 328 1, 299 1, 299 349 4, 88 319 5, 691 1, 404 1, 404 1, 404 1, 404 1, 408	864,017
x c	893	89.00 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6	993
Russian Dauish Belgian Italian	Total	For echat Country. United Kingdom. Newfoundland. ISt. Pierre et Miquelon. Spain. Portugal Belgium. Holland. Germany. Norway and Sweden. Finland. Gibraltar. South America. Africa. Australia. Greenland.	Total
38	15,893	14,145 121 121 30 30 30 403 31 11,2 11,2 11,2 139 68 69 69	15,892
1,509 2,249 1,505	616,523	542,021 2,015 608 608 1,1186 1,226 1,235 4,725 1,235 1	616,523
1 2 1	999	461 461 462 444 445 700 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	999
46 53 56	20,919	18,051 135 135 145 145 174 150 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 161 16	20,919
1,238 1,881 2,928	872,100	46,063 1,927 2,112 26,792 26,792 13,356 3959 1,146 1,474 1,474 1,474 1,474	872,100
40,0	983	25.2 4112004.38 s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s s	983
Portuguese 3 Russian 3 Danish 3	Total	Whence Arrived.   785	Total

N.B.-Flags.-Under the German Empire are included vessels of Prussia, Hamburg, Bremen, Mecklenberg, &c.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of Vessels entered Inwards and Outwards at the Port of Quebec, showing the Number of Vessels, Tennage and Number of Men employed, distinguishing the Nember of Vessels Entered and Cleared at Out-Ports, for the Years 1874. 1875, 1875, 1875, 1875, 1875, 1876, 1877, and 18.8.

INWARDS.

		1874.	-		1875.			1876.			1877.			1878.	
 	Ves- sels.	Tons.	Men.	Ves- sels.	Tons.	Men.	Ves- sels.	Tons.	Men.	Ves- sels.	Tons.	Men.	Ves-	Tons.	Men.
Port of Quebec. 959 Out-Port of Chicoutimi 45 do Tadousac. 7 do Escoumains 7 do Sault-au-Coch'n do Betsiamits.	959	798,370 25,538 3,170 3,623	22,284 642 87 90	34 34 5 1 1 8	552,627 17,292 2,021 654 3,272 1,449	17,661 442 57 14 18 39	920 29 14 4	795,531 16,081 1,258 6,799 2,061 2,886	20,428 399 37 173 50 77	928 27 5 1 1 13	836.822 17,945 3,215 271 4,441 9,406	20,135 400 72 9 105 198	606 32 7 7 8 8	580,642 22,620 2,737 1,752 3,745 5,027	15,050 485 77 59 102 119
Ogrand Total for Quebec 1,018	1,018	830,701	23,103	824	577,316	18,291	916	824,616	21,164	983	872,100	20,919	999	616,523	15,892

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	_	-					-					-			
Fort of Quebec.	066	808.840	21,930	110	637, 232	17,525	0.6	743,088	19,313	826	828, 739	19,845	610	567.069	14.612
Out-Port of Chicoutimi	46	26,271	657	35	17,401	448	53	16.681	399	27	17,945	400	33	22.802	1.65
do Tadousac	-	3,170	87	20	2,021	29	 	1,258	37	20	3,215	7.5	20	3,310	æ
do Escoumains	۲	3,623	8		654	14	7	6,799	173	_	271	G	2	1,752	200
do Sault-au-Coch'n	:			9	3,272	- 82	4	2,061	20	ж ж	4,441	105	00	3,745	1057
do Betsiamits			:	m	1,449	68	9	2,886	1.1	13	9,406	198	œ	5,027	119
Grand Total for Quebec 1,050	1,050	842,944	22,764	820	662,029	18,161	986	772,173	20,049	992	864,017	20,629	67.2	603,705	15,473
			-	-i			-		-	-[	-	-	-		

# APPENDIX No. 15.

REPORT ON THE OPERATIONS OF THE HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS OF TORONTO, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

#### TORONTO HARBOUR.

Secretary of Harbour Trust in account with the Harbour Commissioners for 1878.

1	R.	(	BENERA	L E	BALANCI	E SHEET.	Cr.	
Dec. do do do do do do	31 31 31 31	Wharf property, Lighthouse, &c	952 486 786 72	03 53 80 77 05	do 31	Suspense account		ets. 00 39
			71,146	39			71,146	39

Having examined the Books, Accounts and Vouchers, and compared the Balance Sheet as above with the Books, we certify the same are correct, and represent a true statement of the affairs of the Trust to 31st December, 1878.

JOHN CARR,

Harbour Master.

E. G. HELLIWELL,

Deputy Harbour Master.

JAMES E. DAY, A. B. CAMPBELL, Auditors.

JAMES G. WORTS, Chairman, GEORGE H. WYATT, JOHN CORNELL,

Harbour Commissioners.

TORONTO, 31st December, 1878.

# STATEMENT IN DETAIL.

1878.	PROPERTY ACCOUNT.	3 cts.	\$ cts.	S ct
		•		<b>.</b>
Jan. 2	Balance as per ledger, page 199		71,622 32	
	Credit.			
	1			
Dec. 31	Allowance for wear and tear, 5 per cent	•••••	3,581 11	68,041 23
	Office Furniture.	l		
			1	
Jan. 2 Sept. 24	Balance as per ledger, page 207		800 53 6 50	807 03
	TORONTO, GREY AND BRUCE RAILWAY Co.			807 00
Tan (	i	952 53	i	
Jan. 2 Dec. 31	Balance as per ledger, page 209	2,100 00	3,052 53	
	Credit.		0,000 00	
do 31	Payments made on behalf of rent	•••••	2,100 00	952 5
	LIFE-BOAT.		{ !	
Jan.	Balance as per ledger, page 223	•••••		486 86
	INSURANCE ACCOUNT.			
do 23	Premium on Queen's Wharf storehouses		52 50 8 50	
	1			61 00
	PRINTING, STATIONERY AND STAMPS.			
Mar. 27 Ang. 2	Clougher Bros.' account	•••••	11 55 13 50	
Nov. 27	do do		24 25	
Dec. 31	Sundry items, as per petty cash	•••••	30 88	80 18
	INTEREST ACCOUNT.			
do 3	Charged by Bank upon overdrawn account for the year			162 86
	Dredging Account.			
April 30	Boat purchased	•••••	19 00	
May 18	Dredging Certificate No. 1		493 50	
do 3		······································	603 75	
June 14 do 29	do do 4		600 90 566 10	
July 18	3, do do 5	•••••	610 99	
do 29	do do 6		567 67	
Aug. 13			676 35	
Sept. 2				
Oct, 2			538 <b>3</b> 3   712 77	
do 3	Storage of boat	*****************	5 75	6,217 2
				76,808 8
	Carried forward		<i>3</i> 1	

# STATEMENT IN DETAIL-Continued.

1878.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
-	Brought forward			76,808 87
1	NEWSPAPERS AND ADVERTISING.		l ì	
June 29	Daily Leader, printing circulars	***************************************	12 00 7 00 14 00 16 25	49 25-
	LIGHTS, BUOYS, &c.			
June 29 July 9 do 9 Aug. 2 Sept. 25 Dec. 24 do 24	Neil & Sons' account for repairs, buoys, &c	114 40 64 02 20 00 55 05 10 20 9 50 26 40 1 80 5 00 168 57	474 94	
	Credit.		•	
Feb. 13	A. Wilson, payment for spile carried away		2 50	472 44
	CHARGES ACCOUNT.			
Jan. 11 do 11	Commissioners' fees for 1877	***************************************	196 00 50 00	246 00·
	Salaries.			
do 31	John Carr, Harbour Master	***************************************	1,200 00 800 00 600 00	2,600 00
	Office Expenses.		·	,
Nov. 12 Dec. 24	John Leith, in full, for services as Night-watchman John Kay's account	360 00	478,90	
	Oredit.			
Sept. 24	Amounts paid, refunded by Mr. Cockburn		11 23	467 67
	COAL, WOOD, WATER AND GAS.			#01 01
Nor of	Gas account to 29th December		11 00 11 50 7 67 26 00 47 65	103 82
				80,748 05

3.5	PR	PROFIT AND LOSS.	LOSÉ.			Св.
1878.		& cts.	1878.			t cts
######################################	3 H. S. Alexander, painting buildings, Queen's Wearf. 2 Tinning Bros., removing boat-house. 30 Sundry items, as per petty cash. 31 Insurance are of life-boat for year. 31 Insurance account. 31 Insurance account. 31 Insurance account. 31 Interest account. 31 Inferest account.	22 45 22 45 9 82 6 9 82 6 10 6 28 11 6 28 18 162 86 162 86 162 86 2,600 00 467 67 103 82 70,610 39	Jan. 2 Mar. 30 June 29 Sept. 6 do 30 do 31	Mar. 30 Quarter's rent of Queen's Wharf, due by Toronto, June 29 Grey & Bruce Railway  Sept. 6 Proceeds from sale of stone, Queen's Wharf, do 30 Grey & Bruce Railway  Grey & Bruce Railway  Grey & Bruce Railway  do 31 Harbour dues		71,976 89 525 00 525 00 525 00 525 00 525 00 10,761 26
•		84,856 25			œ.	84,856 25
14				JOHN CARR, Harbour Master.	ır Mast	er.
		•			.L, ır Ması	er.
ľ	Deore, 31st December, 1878.	Αυ	lited and	Awrited and found correct. ${ m JAMES~E.~DAY,} \ { m A.~B.~CAMPBELL.} \ { m A}$	$\left. iggr\} Audin$	078.

Comparative Statement.—Arriving by Steamers and Vessels for 1877 and 1878.

Description-	1877.	1878
Merchandise and all unenumerated articles.  Coal.  Wood. Cords.  Stone. Lime, plaster, &c. Fish, tallow, oil, &c. Grain. Salt. Lumber. Fire brick. Common brick.  Potatoes and other vegetables. Horses, carts, &c. Whiskey. Moulding sand. Unwrought building stone. Four. Poter, cider, &c. Hoye. Poter, cider, &c. Flour. Barrels. Flour.  Barrels.  Lumber.  #### Common brick.  ###################################	12,578 174,417 3,215 2,645 9,154 398 108,249 1,800 697,366 131,155 475,000 829 5,375 22,303 51,604 240 177 801 1,808 1,588 1,588 200 2,900	16,991 158,297 3,751 2,658 9,917 666 245,742 3,153 534,445 46,700 236,800 942 7,558 15,675 24,991 268 17 1,712 4,477 318 22 593
Laths and hoops	346,000	1,325,000 390

Comparative Statement for the different kinds of Coal imported in the Years 1876, 1877 and 1878.

		1085	1070
Description.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Hard coal	97,654	100,072	85,571
Boft coal	54,394	72,598	72,726
Blossburg coal	271	1,747	
	152,319	174,417	158,297

To the Board of Harbour Commissioners, Toronto.

GENTLEMEN,—I would respectfully submit, for the information of the Board, this my Annaul Report of the operations of the Harbour Trust for the past year, 1878, which I regret to state turned out to be one of considerable dulness in connection with the shipping interests, and consequently a falling off in Harbour Receipts.

Opening of Navigation, &c.—The opening of navigation took place on the 20th March, the harbour being quite clear of ice, and the closing of the same on the 18th December. On the 14th December the harbour was frozen over, but broke up again

in three days.

Harbour Receipts.—the total receipts for harbour dues were \$10,761.36, being a falling off from the previous year of \$566.89. There was a falling of in almost all importations, with the exception of grain.

The total revenue for 1878 was \$12,995.89. The total expenditure for 1878 was \$12,139.07.

The indebtedness of the Trust to the Bank of Toronto on the last annual meeting to the 31st December, 1877, was \$1,465.82. During the year there was deposited to the eredit of the Trust, \$12,642.23; deducting the amount expended on harbour works, &c., &c., \$11,855.46, leaving a balance to the credit of the Trust on 31st December, 1878, of \$786.77.

Importations.—The total importation of coal during the past season was 158,297 tons, showing a falling off from previous year of 16,120 tons; 50,000 tons of the above were discharged on the Don Docks. The falling off in the importation of coal may be accounted for in the fact that a considerable quantity of coal was held over from

the previous year.

Local Items.—The following is a statement of vessels frequenting our harbour during the season of 1878:—

Steamboats, loaded	541
" light—	136
Propellers, loaded	230
" light	65
Sailing Vessels, loaded	107
" light	147
Total	226

Being a decrease from 1877, of 142 vessels. There was the usual number of tugs employed in towing vessels, rafts, &c., besides ferry boats running to the Island,

the Humber, Victoria Park, &c.

Vessels Wintering in Harbour.—The number of vessels wintering in our harbour is 79, including steamboats, propellers, &c.; being 13 more than in 1877. There are 17 vessels moored in the Don Channel; 10 of these are very large vessels, laden with about 200,000 bushels of corn, brought down from Chicago, giving this channel quite a business-like appearance.

The total tonnage of vessels wintering in our harbour amounts to 16,450 tons,

3,987 tons increase over 1877.

State of Water.—The water in the harbour kept favourable during the season, averaging 15½ inches above zero. The highest point registered was on the 14th December, being 25 inches above zero; the lowest point on the 5th January, 1878, being one inch below zero. The fluctuation during the latter part of the season up to 31st December was somewhat remarkable, showing as high as 25 inches above zero, being higher than on any occasion during 1878. In the West Channel proper, the water averaged 13 feet; the Don Channel, after dredging done, 10 feet 3 inches, except after the September floods, which left a considerable deposit, causing extra dredging therein. The Eastern Gap had 6 feet water during the greater part of the season.

I would take the opportunity, in connection with the waters of our harbour, to state that since the opening breach in the eastern part of the Island, which occurred in 1852, there are currents passing through the water from east to west and vice versa, according to the strength and direction of the wind, varying from 1 to 4 miles per hour. Also, that there are scarcely any weeds or rushes to be met with around the harbour or docks, there being a time when these nuisances were so great that a row boat could only with great difficulty be dragged out from the esplanade into clear water. The same may be said on approaching the north side of the Island, which has been of great benefit to our harbour, and a great blessing to the city from a sanitary point of view.

Storm Signal.—The storm signal was hoisted 22 times during the season, under the direction of Professor Kingston, of the Magnetic Observatory; also, the signal on Gibraltar Point following as soon as observed. These signals appear to work

satisfactorily.

Lighthouse.—I would most respectfully once more renew the question of the great necessity of a change being made on the lighthouse on Gibraltar Point on the Island, to one of the latest improvement, the Board having before communicated a request for this improvement. As this is a matter of much importance to the shipping interests of Lake Ontario as well as to the City of Toronto, it is to be hoved that the Honourable the Minister of Marine and Fisheries will take this into his favorable consideration.

Buoys.—The buoys were placed out to mark the different channels on the opening of navigation, between the 2nd and 5th of April, as follows: Western Channel, April 2nd; Lighthouse Point, April 3rd; Don Channel, April 4th; and East Gap, April 5th; and were taken up at the Eastern Gap, November 18th; Lighthouse Point, December 4th; and Western Channel, December 18th. The buoys in the Don Channel froze in, and will be taken up through the ice. During the season there were two buoys carried away by the great flood on the 13th September. No new buoys will be required for the next season.

Lighthouse.—The lights on the Queen's Wharf Pier Lighthouse were lighted on the 20th March, and discontinued on the 23 December. I found it unnecessary to make the change in the white light last spring, until after the work on the channel is completed. Everything connected with the lighthouses appears to have given satisfaction. On the 27th November, while the "H. Folger" was being removed from this pier by the tug "Rob," her bowsprit got foul of the White Lighthouse, turning it completely over. I had Charles Robertson at once notified to replace the same, which was done the following day satisfactorily. I believe this was purely accidental.

Dredging.—The dredging operations by the Trust during the past season of 1878 Were as follows: Mr. Pearce received a contract for dredging in the harbour; the Quantity dredged was 37,889 yards, at a total cost of \$6,192.51. The principal work done was in the Don Channel, which had been considerably filled in during the Previous winter, and afterwards by the great floods of 13th September, which latter caused extra dredging. The material dredged was dumped close to the breach in the Island.

Government Works.—The Government works on the West Channel were again continued in the spring by Messrs. Murray and Hunter, contractors, with the dredgo Goliath," under the direction of W. Kingsford, Esq., C. E., and superintended by Captain Paul. This work so far has been done well and carefully. The dredging done in the south-west entrance to the channel has greatly improved the same, so that during the season the buoys on that point were taken up and placed 240 feet back to the new ridge left after dredging, giving considerably more room to vessels entering and leaving the harbour. I have great pleasure in bearing testimony to the care and diligence displayed by Captain Paul in the management of this work. It is to be hoped that the Government will continue this work until it is finally completed.

Harbour Property.—The Queen's Wharf and Don Channel Breakwater, the property of the Trust, are in good condition. There are certain repairs required on the roadway, &c., to the Queen's Wharf; in wet weather it is almost impassable. It is my opinion that the only way in which this can be properly done is by a good tramway being constructed on one side of the roadway.

Island and Harbour.—The changes which have taken place on the Island and harbour during the past year have not been very remarkable, all things considered. The Eastern Gap opening on the Island was considerably widened during the year, a portion of the sand bank east being washed away; this may be partly accounted for by the fact of the water keeping from eight to fifteen inches higher than in 1877,

consequently covering more of the sandbank out of sight.

Floods, &c. On the 13th September last our harbour was visited by such a spectacle as I believe has never taken place in the recollection of the oldest inhabitants of Toronto. The heavy rains which continued for three days previously caused the flooding of the Don to a serious extent, carrying bridges and everything before it. On the 13th, the sight of the harbour was something fearful to look at, being completely covered with all description of timber, also scows, boat-houses, barrels of beer, oil, &c., &c., so that it was almost impossible for a steamboat to approach the docks; the appearance of the Don was alarming, owing to the rapidity with which the floating wreck passed through the stream. By the change of wind and current, the greater portion of material was carried out through the Easterp Gap. No injury was done to any of the trust or dock property as far as I am aware of, with the exception of the carrying away of the two buoys.

Main Sewer.—It is to be regretted that the Corporation did not proceed with the construction of the main sewer along Front Street, to carry off all other sewerage. I have no doubt that it will be necessary in the spring to again dredge out the

different slips on account of the deposit from the city public sewers.

Accidents.—I feel much pleasure in again having to report that no accident occurred to any vessel in connection with our Harbor during the past season, 1878. Although there was considerable competition in the steamboat line the complaints were hmited.

Life Boat.—The services of the Life-Boat were not required during the past year, although kept ready for any case of emergency. The boat-house was removed from the east side of the York Street slip to the west side, making it much more convenient

when required.

Meetings of the Board.—There were twelve meetings of the Board during the past year; also, the Commissioners made two inspections of the harbour. On both occasions they were accompanied by the representatives of the city in the House of Commons, and other citizens who take an interest in the Harbor.

Monthly Reports.—There were other matters in my monthly reports to the Trust of a more local nature, which I consider unnecessary to repeat in my Annual Report-

In conclusion, I have much pleasure in stating that my two deputies have performed their respective duties satisfactorily during the past year-Mr. Helliwell, in connection with the Office, and Capt Taylor, in charge of the Queen's Wharf, Lights, Buoys, Beacons and Storm Signal.

Hoping the management of the Trust for the year will meet the approval of the Board of Harbour Commissioners of Toronto, and respectfully submitting the above

report,

I have the honor to remain,

JOHN CARR.

Harbor Master.

HARBOR MASTER'S OFFICE,

January 1st, 1879.

#### TORONTO HARBOR WORKS.

Toronto, January 10th, 1879.

SIR, I have the honor to report on the dredging operations during the year.

In accordance with the agreement made with Mr. Pearse, the dredge commenced working at the Don Channel on the 2nd of May last, and operations were continued during the season until the 21st of October, the quantity dredged being 37,889 cubic Jards. Three cuts, 66 feet in width, were made from the entrance to the eastern end of the crib work on the south side of the channel, and also on the south side of the Grand Trunk Railway Wharf. One cut, 22 feet in width, was made between the Grand Trunk Railway Wharf and Messrs. Gooderham & Worts' Wharf, on the north side of the Channel; the average depth of the water when the dredging was completed was 13 feet. This dredging was indispensible, owing to the great deposit in the channel opposite the Grand Trunk Railway Wharf, and also along the line of the channel to the entrance caused by the flood in the latter part of February, when the ice was broken up in the river. With a few exceptions, the traffic was uninterrupted during the season, the dredging having been commenced at an early period, so as to enable vessels to unload at the Grand Trunk Railway Wharf at the opening of navigation.

The second flood, which occurred on the 12th of September, deposited a large quantity of sand and gravel in the Don Channel between the Grand Trunk Railway Wharf and the entrance, and the dredge was engaged more than a month in removing this deposit. The principal obstruction caused by the flood was the formation of a bar on the outside of and opposite to the entrance of the channel, on which there was only 10 feet of water, though a channel with about six inches more water was found to the north of the straight line of entrance, but it is unreliable for

ordinary traffic.

Several of the slips were examined and reported on as directed, and some of them will have to be dredged during the year, as the deposit from the city sewers is constantly increasing, and is a great inconvenience to the owners. The expense of dredging these slips cannot be avoided until the sewers are diverted from the Bay, as recently recommended by the City Engineer to the City Council.

I have the honor to remain, Your obedient Servant,

KIVAS TULLY,

J. G. Worts, Esq.,

Engineer.

Chairman, Toronto Harbor Commissioners.

# APPENDIX No. 16.

REPORT OF HARBOUR COMMISSIONERS OF PICTOU, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Pictou, N.S., 6th January, 1879.

Sin,—The Commissioners of Pictou Harbour beg to submit the accompanying attested account of their receipts and expenditures for the year ending 31st Dec., 1878.

They also enclose the Harbour Master's Report.

Being short of funds the Commissioners have delayed the expenditure necessary to complete the Market Street Wharf until the coming spring.

The balance in the hands of the Treasurer, as will appear by the accounts, is seventy-one dollars and five cents.

We have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient Servants,

R. P. GRANT,
J. A. GORDON,
JAMES D. McGREGOR.

To Wm. Smith, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

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mber, 1878. Cs.	<b>\$</b> ct8.	1,065 14 22 67 7 00 105 45 30 82 30 82 115 87 100 00 100 00 71 05 1,778 95	ers Sour.
Account of Moncys Received and Expended by the Commissioners of Pictou Harbour, for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.    Or.	Moneys Expended.	To Paid Bank balance from last account  do interest  Paid printing harbour regulations  taking buoys, material and labour, putting out and taking in the same, and bushing channels  do labour and repairs on Public Wharf  do do Narket St. Wharf  Wharfinger's salary  Secretary's salary  Commission expending \$612, at, 5 per cent  Balance in Commissioners' hands	F. P. GRANT, J. A. GORDON, JAS. D. MoGREGGOR, Pictou Harbour.
Commissio	S cts.	1,320 00	TIBRON, J
Account of Moncys Received and Expended by the Dr.	Moneys Received.	Wharfage from Collector of Customs	Sworn to at Pictou before me this sixth A. J. Patrerson, J.P. day of January, 1879.

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Pictou, N.S., 31st December, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honour to report that the following vessels have entered the harbour of Pictou during the year ending this date:—

Vessels				Tons.
267	British	Steamers		33,134
6	do	Ships		<b>5</b> ,833
25	do	Barques		13,170
6	do	Barkentines		2,092
3	do	Brigs		<b>77</b> 9
23	do	Brigantines		6,993
1,036	do	Schooners	•••••	48,547
1,366			-	110,548
			Tons.	
		SteamersVessels	27,397 $2,377$	
	8			29,774
1,416			-	140,322
			-	

There are no fees collected, except the harbour dues paid into the hands of the Collector of Customs, out of which fund my salary of four hundred dollars as Harbour Master, and two hundred dollars for expenses of crew and boat are paid.

have the honour to be, Sir,
Your most obedient Servant,

JOHN GUNN,

Harbour Master-

Sworn before me at Pictou, this 2nd  $\left. \begin{array}{c} \text{2nd} \\ \text{day of January, 1879.} \end{array} \right\}$  R. P. Grant, J.P.

To WM. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries. Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 17.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF BADDECK, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

BADDECK, 15th January, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honour to enclose my annual report, with statement of vessels arriving at this port liable to pay harbour masters' fees. Many of the vessels arriving at this Port I collected nothing from, they having two receipts for previous payments. I have collected nearly double the amount of last year; the amount for this year being \$36, chiefly from foreign vessels arriving at this port for plaster.

I have to complain. I have to state, with pleasure, that fees collected on vessels arriving at said port have been paid without any trouble by the captains of said vessels. I appointed a place for depositing ballast last year in this harbour, and this year I appointed another place, about two miles distant, at the plaster quarry at the

head of Baddeck Bay.

I am sorry to inform you that the wood of the buoys we put down on the 12th June were so badly worm eaten that they would not bear taking up. I engaged a man near there, Duncan Ferguson, for \$12 a year, being the lowest offer I could get, to take them up in the fall and put them down in the spring, he being with me when I put them down, and they being about ten miles from me I could not attend them myself; he being a seafaring man I felt satisfied he quite understood the work. The fall being so open and vessels passing to and from Whycocomah, it seemed necessary to leave them till late: so on account of not hearing from him sconer, I am late sending my report.

I think I can get the chains and rock either when ice comes, or in the spring;

and when I see D. Ferguson, I can send you further particulars.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

STEPHEN ATWATER,

Harbour Master:

**W**и. Ѕигн, Езq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 18.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF BRIDGE-WATER, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR 1878.

To the Honourable

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my annual report, being that for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

I am sorry to find a falling-off in the larger class of vessels, which no doubt is

caused by the depressed state of business.

I am happy to say nothing has transpired during the season to which I have to call your attention.

Below please find copy of the receipts and expenditure for the year.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JOS. R. WYMAN.

Rig.	Number of Vessels.	Register Tonnage.	Fees Collected.
Schooners Brigantines Brigs Barques	126 25 2 5	8,169 5,474 424 2,684	34 00 28 50 3 50 16 00
To paid an aesistant			82 00 8 00
Amount reverting to Harbour Master;		•••••••	74 00

Sworn to before me at Bridgewater, the 9th day of January, 1879,

J. WHITEFORD, J. P.

# APPENDIX No. 19.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF HALIFAX, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE,

HALIFAX, N.S., 2nd January, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my report for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

Nothing of importance has transpired during the year, to which I have to call your attention, everything in connection with the duties of my office having worked

smoothly and harmoniously.

I am very happy to be able to inform you that Halifax as the winter mail port for the Dominion has, thus far, proved to be a great success, and I do not anticipate that any obstruction, in the shape of ice, will be met with to mar its prosperity in the future. It is with much pleasure that I have seen the large quantities of merchandise landed here to be forwarded by rail to the Upper Provinces, and I hope the day is not far distant when the produce of the west will be brought to Halifax for shipment to Europe, at least during that portion of the year in which the navigation of the St. Lawrence is closed.

Enclosed will be found a statement of the receipts and expenditure for the year

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

ELIJAH WOOD,

Harbour Master.

WM. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa. RECEIPTS and Expenditure of the Harbour Master, from 1st January to 31st December, 1878.

		Register	Fees
Rig.	Number.	Tonnage.	Collected
RECEIPTS.			s cts
AND ONLY			
Steamers	64	93,376	303 50
Ships		2,700	15 00
Barques		30,569	198 50
Barquentines		820	6 00
Brigs		1,209	9 50
Brigantines		18,640	180 50
Schooners	767	43,863	609 50
Total Receipts	 		1,322 50
Expenditure.		\$ cts.	
Paid for man and boats to board vessels			
Stationery			
Office expenses, &c	•• •••••	160 00	
			327 00
Amount reverting to Harbour Master	•••••		995 50

ELIJAH WOOD,

Harbour Master.

Sworn to before me, at Halifax, this second day of January, 1879,

DAVID HUNTER, J.P. for County of Halifax.

# APPENDIX No. 20.

REPORT ON THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF JORDAN BAY, COUNTY OF SHELBURNE, NOVA SCOTIA, FOR THE YEAR ENDED-31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Sir,-I have the honour to submit my second report as Harbour Master for the

Port of Jordan Bay for the year ended 3.st December, 1878.

I have to state, with pleasure, that the fees collected on vessels arriving at said Port, or leaving the same, have been paid willingly by the masters or owners of said vessels; and I met with no difficulty in the execution of my duty in the collection of said fees. The number of vessels that arrived during the year was 44, but the most had paid their fees before arriving at this port, as the greater number are consters.

The amount received by me was \$24.50.

I remain, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

MATTHEW D. McKENZIE,

Harbour Master.

Sworn to, at Shelburne, before me, this 4th of January, 1879.

W. T. KELLY, J.P.

# APPENDIX No. 21.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF LIVERPOOL, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

LIVERPOOL, N.S., 2nd January, 1879.

Sir,—Herewith I forward the returns of vessels from which harbour dues have been collected during the year ended 31st December, 1878.

Owing to the recent appointments of harbour masters to other ports, and the loss of some and the sale of others of our own shipping, the fees have not amounted

to as much as in a similar period heretofore.

A lighthouse has been erected lately on the breakwater at Brooklyn, in which a white light to the southward and a green one to the westward are exhibited. Ship-masters have informed me that when approaching from the southward the lights of vessels anchored in the harbour inside the breakwater, together with those on the shore, render it difficult to distinguish that on the breakwater from others until the green light becomes visible, which does not before the vessel is abreast of it. If a green light was shown all around, no mistake could occur. I spoke to Captain Harvey Doan, of the steamship "Edgar Stuart," who visits this port twice a week, on this matter, and he told me he had some difficulty from the cause named above. Since the new lantern and powerful reflectors have been placed in the lighthouse on Coffie's Island, the light is considered second to none on our coast. On the morning of the 11th ult., during a very heavy south-easterly gale, with a high sea, the bark "Linda Abbott," at anchor near the breakwater, parted both her chains, and was driven on shore and became a total wreck. This accident I do not attribute to any fault of the harbour of Brooklyn. In the same gale the spar buoy off Fort Point parted from the mooring and went adrift. I am preparing to replace this, as well as the one taken away by the ice last winter from the Barrel Rock.

Please find enclosed a rough pen sketch of our harbour.

I am, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

W. A. KENNY,

Harbour Master.

# APPENDIX No. 22.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF LUNENBURG, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

LUNENBURG, 1st January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honour to enclose my annual report, with statements of vessels arriving at this port, liable to pay harbour-master fees. Many of the vessels arriving at this port I collect nothing from, they having two receipts for previous payments. The heavy storm on the first part of November last parted chain of Sculpin Shoal can buoy, and drifted it ashore on Battery Beach. Nothing damaged; the anchor is still on shoal. I intend trying to get it next summer when it is calm weather. The can buoys are all taken up and put away for the winter, and sparbuoys put down in their place.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

WILLIAM BEGG,

Harbour Master.

To the Honorable,
The Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

## APPENDIX No. 23.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR PORT HOOD, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

PORT HOOD, 9th January, 1879.

Sir,-I have the honor to submit my annual report for the year ended 31st December, 1878.

Early in April I had all the buoys painted and repaired.

The colour of the buoys on Smith's Spit or Shoal was changed in colour from black to red, by order of Mr. Roache, the Inspector, so as to suit the entrance through the north channel.

I also received a new anchor for Judique, which answers the purpose better

than to moor it in the Bight from two flow anchors.

I had the buoys placed as soon as the drift ice would permit. I also had them taken up and secured between the 14th and 26th of November.

I also beg leave to state that the buoys are in good condition and repair, with

the exception of one chain, which is something the worse for ware.

The fees collected by me during the year are very small in proportion to the number of vessels which frequent this port, such fees having been collected on or before passing through the Strait of Canso.

Your obedient servant,

### JOHN H. MURPHY,

Harbour Master.

To Hon. J. C. POPE,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

Sworn to before me this 10th day of January, 1879,

ALEX. McDONALD, J.P.

## APPENDIX No. 24.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF PUGWASH, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Pugwash, 29th December, 1878.

Sir, -- I have the honour to submit to you my first annual report for the year

ending 31st December, 1878.

On the examination of the buoys, the 1st of April last, I found them to be casks of thirty-five and forty gallons each, which were quite sufficient for inside use, but Very much too small for bar buoy. At the entrance to the harbour I also found them Quite decayed, and in some cases very leaky. By instruction from the Inspector, I Procured two casks, 120 gallons each, got them ironed, bound and painted, and attached to stone kedges of 700 pounds each, and placed them at the entrance to the harbour, one on each side of the channel, on the bars which are almost opposite. I also got a new set of stone kedges for the small casks, of about 500 pounds each, the former being too light, and were frequently dragged from their moorings in heavy storms during the season. There is from twenty to twenty-three fathoms of suitable chain attached to each buoy, and made fast to the stone kedges by ring bolts passing. through the stone.

I was also instructed to place on Fisherman's Reefe east side of entrance to the. harbour, a spar buoy, thirty-four feet long, and one same length one and a-half miles north-west from said Fisherman's Reefe, on a shoal or bank which frequently brings ap loaded ships leaving the port. These spars are made fast to stone kedges of 1,400 Pounds each, and placed in three and a half and four fathoms of water at low tide; all of which have been painted according to instructions, and put down in their proper

Places, and given good satisfaction to all shipping coming to this port.

There has been quite a number of schooners in this port during the shipping season, but you will see by my return that dues have been collected from very few, they having generally paid twice before arriving here.

A small scow or lighter is very much required for placing and lifting the buoy. It is a difficult matter to obtain one here when it is required. Please give this

matter your due consideration.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

A. A. STEVENS,

Harbour Master.

То Ноп. Ј. С. Роре,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Sworn to before me, at Pugwash, County of Cumberland, the 29th day of December, 1878.

LEVI BORDEN, J.P.

# APPENDIX No. 25.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF McNAIR'S COVE, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

COUNTY OF ANTIGONISH, McNair's COVE,

January 9th, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my annual report as Harbour Master for the year ending 31st December, 1878. I have to state that the trade of this port is greatly on the increase; it is one of the best fishing stations on the coast. Fourteen vessels have entered this port during the year, paying harbour fees to the amount of nine dollars. I would recommend repairs on the wharf as soon as possible—some of the fenders have gone off, and the outer south-west corner has settled down about three feet since the last repairs. I am very glad to inform you that I have been enabled to perform my duty as Harbour Master without any interruption.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

RONALD McEACHERN,

Harbour Master.

To the Honourable Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

Sworn to at Cape George the 9th day of January, 1879, before me,

LAUCHLIN MoISAAC, J. P.

#### APPENDIX No. 26.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF RIVER JOHN, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

RIVER JOHN, January 2nd, 1879.

SIR,—I am in receipt of a printed circular of the 12th ult., calling my attention to the 3rd section of the Act for the appointment of Harbour Masters. I now beg to hand you my report in duplicate; the fees collected only amount to the sum of two dollars. Although there has been a number of arrivals this season, it has happened that nearly all of them were exempt from harbour dues, having previously paid them in two other ports. Owing to the depression in business there has not been as many arrivals during the past season as formerly. Last summer I applied for buoys for the harbour; you replied they would be furnished when the harbour was dredged. I hope it will be convenient to supply them next spring. It is expected there will be a large quantity of barytes shipped from here next season, and a larger class of vessels than heretofore will frequent the place, making it necessary for the safe and easy navigation of the port that buoys be furnished.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

WILLIAM LAUDER,

Harbour Master.

WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.

Deputy Minister of Marine,
Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 27.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER POR THE PORT OF TUSKET, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

TUSKET. YARMOUTH COUNTY, 31st December, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my annual report, being that for the year ended 31st December, 1878. The number of vessels entering our port were three, with a tonnage of 300; fees collected, \$3.

You will see my fees are very small, owing to most of the vessels having paid

their dues elsewhere.

We build from two to six ships here every year, which ballast and have the use of the buoys in going out of the river, but refuse to pay harbour dues on account of their not being rigged; they are towed to Yarmouth Town and rigged there. Please inform me if I can collect fees from such vessels.

The buoys are left down as usual, and no doubt many of them will be carried away by the ice and others displaced, but the way they are put down, with big stone, and having no boat of my own, it would cost more to take them up than they are worth, as we could only work on slack tide, and then only in fine weather; consequently, hire of boat and labour would make it quite expensive.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

NORMAN HATFIELD,

Harbour Master.

To the Honourable
The Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

Sworn before me at Tusket, the 4th January, 1879.

ENOS. GARDNER, J. P.

### APPENDIX No. 28.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF YARMOUTH, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

YARMOUTH, N.S., January, 1879.

Sir,-I have the honour to submit to you my report for the calendar year

ending 31st December, 1878.

I am glad to report the largest amount ever collected at Yarmouth as harbour dues, namely \$.384,50. As you will see by the enclosed account there is a balance over the expenditure of \$41.77. If allowed to retain this amount to buy piles with this winter, I have no hesitation to say the harbour can be made self-supporting from this out.

During my absence from home last March, one of the buoys had to be replaced through decay; there being no funds on hand at that time, the deputy harbour master got the work done and drew the exact amount from Halifax. In my report or account I have made no other mention of it.

During the coming spring there are six bunches of piles that will require to be renewed; it takes three piles for each bunch of thirty feet in length, the buoys are

now in fair order, with one exception.

I have collected harbour dues from 404 vessels of all classes; whole amount of tonnage, 37,791; besides this, about one-third of the vessels coming here have paid elsewhere

I have the honour to remain, Sir, Your obedient servant,

EBEN. SCOTT,

Harbour Master.

The Honourable J. C. Pope,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 29.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF CHATHAM, N.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

CHATHAM, 2nd January, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honour to inform you that, for the year ended 31st December, 1878, the trade of this port has decreased, as fees to amount of \$655.50 having only been collected against \$779.50 for 1877.

Statement of dues collected for Port of Chatham for year ending 31st December,

1878:--

Amount of dues collected per return			<b>\$655</b>	<b>5</b> 0
do salary	<b>\$30</b> 0	00		
Paid advertising buoys	3	<b>5</b> 0		
do William Gordon, per voucher	1	<b>50</b>		
Deposited at Bank of Montreal to credit of				
Receiver-General, per receipt	350	<b>50</b>		
•			\$655	50

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

JOHN BROWN,

Harbour Master.

The Honourable
The Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 30.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF HILLSBORO', N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

HILLSBORO', 1st January, 1879.

Sir,—Agreeably to your request, I have much pleasure in forwarding my returns for the year 1878. I have no complaints to make of any violation of the law this year. You will find by the returns the amount collected this year is much less than last, owing to the shipping of this port arriving much later in the season, and, of course, paying their harbour-master tees in other ports before arriving in Hillsboro'.

I am, Sir, Your obedient servant,

NEHEMIAH BENNETT,

Harbour Master.

WM. SMITH, Esq.,
Deputy Minister Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 31.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF MUSQUASH, N.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Port of Musquash, 28th December, 1878.

Sir,—I beg leave to submit the following report of the vessels that have arrived

at this port since my last statement.

Nothing worthy of your attention has transpired during the year about to close, but it may interest you to learn that the "Spar Buoys" are in good condition, and will probably not receive damage from ice this winter, as it had little, if any, effect on them during last winter.

Owing to the limited number of square-rigged vessels that enter this port, and owing to the fact that vessels are only compelled to pay dues twice in each year, the fees are consequently small and, as you will observe, not at all remunerative, inasmuch as the amount received is quite out of proportion to the service performed.

I am happy to inform you that the duties of my office have been discharged

without my having met with interruption or unpleasantness.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> SAMUEL HAYWARD, Harbour Master.

To Wm. Smith, Esq.,

Deputy-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

RECEIPTS of the Harbour Master from date of last Statement.

No.	Rig.	Register Tonnage.	Fees Collected.
1 7 2 40	Ship	994 5,973 331 2,511 9,809	\$ cts.  5 00 33 00 3 00 29 50  70 \$0

#### SAMUEL HAYWARD,

Harbour Master

Sworn before me at the Town of Portland, N.B., this 28th day of December, A.D., 1878.

THOS. DALE, J.P.

# APPENDIX No. 32.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF SHEDIAC, N.B. FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Shediac, 31st December, 1878.

Sir,-I have the honour to enclose my annual report for the year ending 31st

December, 1878.

One of the greatest difficulties in my duties was the necessity of having a good ballast wharf, but it is now overcome by the excellent wharf built during the past summer, which is a great improvement to the port. I have also to inform you of the necessity of repairs to be made on Pointe du Chêne wharf which is fast filling up the end of the wharf and dock, and if neglected will need constant dredging, and for the benefit of the port next year will need to be dredged early next summer. You will observe that the dues on coasters and steamers was not collected by me on all, owing to the captains producing two receipts of having paid dues at other ports. The amount of dues collected by me was two hundred and one dollars and fifty cents (\$201.50).

RECEIPTS and Expenditure of Harbour Master from 1st Jan. to 31st Dec., 1878.

Rig.	Register Tonnage.	Collec	
		\$	cts
			50
'B			00
nes			
	768		00
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,081		50
nes	776	5	50
Total	146,879	201	50
y paid Stationery	\$2 00	-	
	rotal y paid Stationery.	Total 115,435 8,092 17,078 3,649 768 1,081 776 Total 146,879  y paid Stationery \$2 00	\$   115,435   20   26   17,078   113   3,649   23   26   1,081   6   6   1,081   6   6   1,081   6   5   1,081   6

A. McQUEEN,

Harbour Master.

The Hon. JAMES POPE,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

Balance reverting to Harbour Master.....

Westmoreland County to wit:-

Personally appeared before me, the undersigned, a Justice of the Peace in and for the County of Westmoreland, Alexander McQueen, Harbour Master for the Port of Shediac, and maketh oath that the above report and returns are correct.

W. B. DEACON, J.P.

SHEDIAC, 51st December, 1878.

P.S.—The filling up of the channel at the end of the wharf, and in the dock is caused by the facing of the wharf being in such a dilapidated condition that the ballast is all running out of the wharf into the water.

A. McQUEEN.

# APPENDIX No. 33.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF TRACADIE, N B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

TRACADIE, N.B., 31st December, 1878.

Port of Tracadie, N.B., for the year ended this date.

Two spar-buoys have been lost at the South Gully late in the season, which have not been replaced; the two others have been lifted up and stored for the winter.

Three spar-buoys have also been lost at the Big Gully, and one cask-buoy carried away, which has been raised and replaced; the three spar-buoys have been replaced by new ones.

It is very difficult to keep the buoys at this gully at their proper place, owing to the number of rafts of logs and deals which are coming in and going out of the harbour.

The amount of fees collected at this port for the year 1878, as stated in the enclosed, is five dollars.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

VITAL ARCENO,

Harbour Master.

To the Honourable
The Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

I, Vital Arceno, of Tracadie, N.B., farmer, do make oath and say that all the statements set forth in the above and foregoing report are true.

VITAL ARCENO.

Sworn to, before me, at Tracadie, N.B., this 31st day of December, 1878.

WM. DAVIDSON, J.P.

## APPENDIX No. 34.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF BAY FORTUNE, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

BAY FORTUNE, P.E.I., 16th January, 1878.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my annual report for the year ended 31st

December, 1878.

The buoys placed by me last spring in channel were damaged and shifted from their position by storm. There was a lot of sunken logs and ballast around wharf which was removed, which is a material benefit to the harbour; and next year intend to remove others from channel.

The number of vessels arrived at this port during the current year was 17 which

loaded

I have not received any harbour dues as all vessels arriving had previou ly paid at other ports.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

JOHN R. COFFIN,

Harbour Master.

Hon. J. C. POPE,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

# APPENDIX No. 35.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF CHARLOTTE-TOWN, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER. 1878.

> HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE. CHARLOTTETOWN, P.E.I., 2nd January, 1879.

Sir,—In submitting herewith a summary showing receipts, &c., of this office for the year ending 31st December, 1878, I beg most respectfully to also state for the information of your Department, that :-

1st. The navigation of the harbour opened about the middle of April, and closed

on the 23rd December, 1878.

2nd. The harbour buoys were placed in position on the 11th and 12th of May, and kept up in an efficient state until a vessel or steamer ran foul of the black buoy on or about the 24th November, and damaged same to cause it to sink, thereby rendering Its removal necessary, which was accordingly done, and a spar-buoy put in its place. The buoys were taken up on the 30th November and 2nd December, and replaced by Spar buoys—an improvement which captains and pilots of mail steamers, entering into and out from the harbour, have much appreciated.

3rd. The barque "L. D. V. Chipman," Capt. Archibald, loaded with cargo of rail-

way iron, went ashore on Battery Point while entering the harbour on 25th October last, but after having portion of eargo discharged, was got off without sustaining

much damage.

4th. Admiral Inglefield, of Her Majesty's flag-ship "Bellerophon," accompanied with two other war ships, the "Argus" and "Sirius," visited this harbour on 23rd September last when on a cruise from Halifax to Quebec.

Department to the remains of the barque "Emigrant" as becoming every year more dangerous to vessels entering and leaving this harbour.

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > DAVID SMALL, Harbour Master.

The Hon. J. C. POPE,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries Department, Ottawa.

Statement of Harbour Masters' Fees paid, for which vessels entering the Port of Charlottetown were liable under the provisions of the Dominion Acts of Parliament, for the appointment of Harbour Masters at certain Ports, from the 31st December, 1877, to 31st December, 1878.

1, 273   3, 3, 5, 4   4, 3, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,		Province of P. E. Island.	ince f sland.	Province of Nova Scotia.		Province of New Brunswick.	ince f nswick.	Province of Quebec.	ince f b <b>ec.</b>	Province of Newfoundland	ince	Great Britain and Ireland.	Sritain d nd.	United States.	States.	Total.	a].
\$ cts.       \$ cts.       \$ cts.       \$ cts.         3,534       52 00       2,500       35 00       1,012       15 00       955       12 50       599       8 50         4,344       33 50       179       1 50       50       50       8 50       50         1,346       24 50       221       2 00       50       50       50       50       50         1,273       9 00       1,796       14 00       150       1,514       11 00       1,514       11 00       1,514       11 00       8 50	Rie g.	Registered Tonnage.	Fees Collected.	Registered Tonnage.	Fees Collected.	Registerod Tonnage.	Fees Collected.	hegistered Tonnage.		Бедіяtеred Топпяде.	Fees Collected.	Registered Tonnage.	Fees Collected.	Registered Tonnage.	Fees Collected.	Registered Tonnage.	Fees Collected.
3,534       52 00       2,500       35 00       1,012       15 00       955       12 50       509       8 50         4,344       33 50       179       1 50			i		i		i		i		i		ets.		S cts.		& cts.
4,344     33 50     179     1 50       3,458     24 50     221     2 00       1,273     9 00       1,796     14 00       1,506     11 00     166     1 50       1,506     11 00     1,514     11 00	Schooners		52 00	2,500		1,012		955		299				2,186	26 50	10,786	149 50
3,458     24 50     221     2 00       1,832     12 00       1,273     9 00       1,796     14 00       1,505     11 00     166     1 50       1,504     11 00     23 50     599     8 50	Brigantines			179			- :						i			4,523	35 00
1,332     12 00       1,736     14 00       1,505     11 00       1,505     11 00       1,505     11 00       1,505     1,514       1,506     1,514       1,507     1,514       1,508     8 50	Prigs			221												3,679	26 50
1,796 14 00	Barkentines									•				394	2 50	2,226	14 50
1,505 11 00 166 1 50	Barques	1,273					į	•	<del>;</del> -			:				1,273	00 6
1,505 11 00 166 1 50 1,514 11 00	Ships	1,796										:	:	:	:	1,796	14 00
23 50 599 8 50	Steamships	1,505	11 00	166				1,514	11 00		:		:	1,744	10 00	4,929	33 50
11, 142 180 00 3,000 40 00 1,012 15 00 4,100 20 50 50	Totals	17,742	156 00	3,066	40 00	1,012	15 00	2,469	23 50	599	8 50	)		4,324	39 00	29,212	282 00

DAVID SMALL,

Harbour Master.

Sworn to as correct before me this 2nd day of January, 1879.

# APPENDIX No. 36,

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF CARDIGAN RIVER, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

CARDIGAN RIVER, P E.I., 18th January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honor to report that since my appointment to the office of Harbour Master for the port of Cardigan River, on the 12th July, 1878. The following vessels liable to pay harbour dues up to the 31st December, 1878, viz:

Schooner	Clytie, Glouceste	r, Tonnage	72	\$1	00	Fees.
						. "
"	O. M. Marrett	f.t.	164	1	<b>50</b>	"
	Total		33 <b>5</b>	<b>\$</b> 3	50	

Of the above-mentioned vessels arriving at this port liable to pay harbour-masters' fees, many of them have paid no fees to me, having two receipts for previous payments.

I hope that this year will show a much greater collection of fees than the past. I am happy to inform you that nothing has transpired during the past year of which to complain. The navigation is now closed some time with ice, and shipping over for the present season.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant.

#### HERCULES McDONALD,

Harbour Master.

Personally appeared before me this eleventh day of February, A.D., 1879, Hercules McDonald, of Cardigan, (Harbor Master,) who maketh oath and saith that the within statement of fees collected for harbour dues are correct.

Sworn to before me at Georgetown, this 11th day of February, 1879, WILLIAM WIGHTMAN, J.P.

I hereby certify that the within statement is correct.

#### HERCULES McDONALD.

Harbour Master.

То Wм. Sмітн, Ева.,

Deputy-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 37.

REPORT OF THE HARBUOR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF CRAPAUDr P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

> HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE, CRAPAUD, P.E.I., 31st December, 1878.

Sir,—I beg to transmit my annual report for the year ended 31st December, 1878.

I placed the buoys in their proper places in the spring, as early as was practical, carefully attended them; also had seven new spar-buoys made in the spring and carefully placed along the channel leading from the basin to the wharves; lifted them in

the month of November, and landed them safely.

I have again to report the great necessity there is for a bell buoy on that very dangerous reef called Tyron Shoals. On the night of the 26th July, 1878, the schooner "Marie Prudentine," 62 tons, belonging to Quebee, Elie Roy, master and owner, went ashore on the above-mentioned shoal; the schooner was new and strong, that being the first voyage; the crew saved their lives by taking to the boat, but had a very serious time of it. The schooner was a total wreck; was coal laden; the wreck and cargo was sold for about seventy dollars; this was a very serious loss to Captain Roy, it being his little all. The schooner "Kathleen," of St. John, N.B., 144 tons, Brown, master, went ashore also on the same reef; she being of light draft and in small ballast, beat over the bar and came to anchor in the basin, receiving little or no injury.

I also again beg the privilege of asking for range lights, they are very much needed for this harbour. As it is, our very obliging Collector of Customs, Mr. Solomon J. B. Leard, lives in one of the houses that has been used for years by pilots and captains as a land-mark or beacon for entering the harbour in the day-time by the captains belonging to the port, and sailing out of here. When away, if at all possible, they telegraph the Collector, and he keeps a light in the window of his house, which

makes a very good range light.

The pilots also, when they are bringing vessels in after night, make the same use of the Collector's house; he has done this ever since he came into office, and we believe without any remuneration. I would to suggest that the Department thank him for his very great kindness to ship-owners and sea-faring men, if nothing more.

I also send you an account of all vessels that have paid their harbour fees at

this port this season.

Hoping that before another annual report will be sent to your honourable Department, we will be blest with the very few, but very important and long-looked-for and much-needed improvements.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> WESLEY MYERS, Harbour Master.

To the Honourable J. C. POPE, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, &c., Ottawa.

Sworn before me this 31st December, 1878.

John J. Coghlan, J.P. 276

# APPENDIX No. 38.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF GEORGETOWN, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1878.

Georgetown, P.E.I., 21st January, 1879.

Sir, I have the honour to submit my report, with a list of the vessels paying harbour dues at the port of Georgetown, for the year ending 31st December, 1878. I fitted up the buoys for the harbour on the opening of navigation last spring,

and had them properly placed. They were taken up about the 24th of December. The harbour remaining open for a considerable time after the above date, and vessels entering and departing, I placed, by the order of Mr. Mitchell, three spar buoys in the place of those taken up, two at the entrance of the harbour and one at the Thrum-cap Shoal.

The buoys on the Knoll Shoal and Thrum Shoal I consider insufficient, being only kerosene casks, and should be replaced by two can-buoys of much larger dimensions.

I have the honour to be, Sir Your obedient servant,

JOHN HAGGART.

Harbour Master.

To WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

VESSELS entering the port of Georgetown. P.E.I., which paid harbour dues for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

Rig.	Number.	Tonnage.	Fees Collected.
Barques	3	1,306	<b>\$</b> 8 <b>50</b>
Barquentines	. 1	<b>4</b> 38	3 00
Brigantines	9	1,993	16 00
Schooners	128	8,476	110 50
	141	12.213	<b>\$</b> 138 00

1 declare that the foregoing, with the account, is just and true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JOHN HAGGART.

Sworn and declared before me at Georgetown, in King's County, P. E. Island, this 21st day of January, 1879.

A. C. STEWART, J.P.

# APPENDIX No. 39-

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF NEW LONDON, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

New London, 2nd January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my annual report for the year ending 31st

December, 1878.

The harbour breakwater is in good order and stands well; the water is good across the bar, and still improving. The buoys were taken up in good order; the boat-moorings are all taken up. I do not think the boat-moorings injure the channels in the harbour, although some parties think they do. When I find any injury to the channels in the harbour caused by boat-moorings, I will inform the Department of it. The reason fees are so small captains coming here have receipts. My fees were eight dollars this year.

I have the honour to be, Sir.
Your most obedient servant,

GEORGE McKENZIE,

Harbour Master.

Sworn before me, this 3rd day of January, A.D 1879, at French River Queens County, P.E.I.

J. W. PIDGEON, J.P.

## APPENDIX No. 40.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF NORTH PINETTE, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

NORTH PINETTE, P.E.I., 31st December, 1878.

Sir,—I beg to transmit my annual report for the year ended 31st December 1878. There were four buoys placed in the harbour and on the bar by me as soon as the ice cleared away in the spring. All went on well till November, when the schr. "A. C. Magor," Capt. Dauphnee, ran down two that were placed in the channel inside of the bar. The captain put to sea, bound for New York with a cargo of Potatoes. He having no pilot on board, I could get no satisfaction from anyone. I had to place two more buoys out to enable the vessels that were loading to go out. I have also to call your attention to the fact that out of one hundred and seventeen (117) vessels that entered this harbour, I could collect only two dollars and fifty cents this season. I lifted the buoys on the 1st December. I attended to the duties of my office to the best of my knowledge.

I am, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

NIEL McLEOD.

Harbour Master.

Sworn\_before me, at Pinette, this 7th day of January, 1879.

ALEX. WILLIAMS, J.P.

## AIPENDIX No. 41.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF ROLLO BAY, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

KALLO BAY, P.E.I., 8th January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit my annual report for Rollo Bay Harbour for year 1878.

There were three new buoys placed by me last spring, the old ones being unfit.

There were only three vessels arrived here during year, but a number of small fishing vessels occasionally arrived for shelter, &c.

I have not received any fees from vessels arrived at this port, having previously

paid at other ports.

I have the honour to remain Your obedient servant,

CHARLES DEAGLE,

Harbour Master.

# APPENDIX No. 42.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF SOURIS, P.E.I., FOR THE CALFNDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Souris, P.E.I.

SIR,-I have the honour to submit my annual report as Harbour Master for the

Port of Souris for the year ended 31st December, 1878.

Owing to a portion of breakwater being carried away by storm in December, it was expedient to place a buoy at end of damaged portion. Immediately on the opening of the navigation, I placed a buoy at outer end breakwater, and also a buoy on a rock laying on inside breakwater, distant about 250 yards and having only about seven feet water at ebb-tide, and very dangerous to vessels arriving, particular ticularly with an in-shore wind.

There were a larger number of vessels arrived at this port this year than former years for shelter owing to the breakwater, and there would have been a greater

number had breakwater not been damaged.

The number of coasting vessels entered at this port during year was about 160. The number of vessels arrived liable to pay harbour dues are according to the list forwarded.

There were during year about 200 American fishing vessels anchored for shelter,

but refused to pay harbour dues (with the exception of a few).

I experienced a good deal of trouble in collecting harbour dues, and also with masters of vessels in not complying with the harbour regulations. All vessels that had ballast to discharge were ordered to discharge at the sea side of the breakwater.

I would suggest that a light of some description should be placed at the end of the breakwater or on the point, as this port is difficult to make, particularly in a dark night.

S. H. McDONALD,

Harbour Master.

To the Honourable Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 43.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF SUMMERSIDE, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE,

January 8th, 1879.

SIR,—I beg leave to submit a report of fees collected by me at Summerside, P.E.I., for the year ending 31st of December, 1878. No. of vessels 39, tomage 4,361, fees \$44.50.

I have the honour to remain, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

RONALD CAMPBELL,

Harbour Master.

To the Minister of Marine and Fisheries of Canada.

I, Ronald Campbell, do solemnly swear that the statement above written is true according to its purport. So help me God.

RONALD CAMPBELL.

Sworn before me at Summerside this 11th day of January, 1879.

H. C. GREEN, J.P.,

For the County of Prince, P.E.I.

## APPENDIX No. 44.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF TRACADIE, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

TRACADIE, P.E.I., January 6, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit to you my annual report for Tracadie Har-bour for the year ending the 31st day of December, 1878.

That the buoys were placed by me in their respective positions in the spring. Sometime after the prevailing winds from the north drove the ice in and took the buoys up the bay, and I replaced them.

And the outer buoy broke loose in the gale of the 22nd of August, I also

replaced it.

I received one dollar and fifty cents for harbour fees through the entire summer. I took up the buoys and stored them up at the close of navigation.

> I have the honour to remain, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

# HUGH CAMPBELL,

Harbour Master.

I, Hugh Campbell, do swear that the foregoing statements are correct. Sworn to before me this 6th day of January, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

JOHN ANGUS McDonald, J.P.

P.S.—The total amount of fees collected for the year was \$1.50.

# APPENDIX No. 45.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF EGMONT BAY, P.E.I., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

EGMONT BAY, 31st December, 1878.

Sin,—I beg to transmit my annual report for the year ended 31st December, 1878. That the buoys were properly placed and kept in place, and carefully attended to the entire season.

There were no vessels came in this summer that had to pay dues, as they had

previously paid in other ports of the Island.

One of the buoys was carried away late in the month of November by a furious storm. I have had the remainder landed and in safe keeping for the winter.

I consider that the cask buoys are far superior to the spars. There ought to be one of them placed in the next spring.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

#### ALEXANDER McARTHUR,

Harbour Master.

WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy-Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

Sworn before me this 6th day of January, A.D. 1879.

WM. HENRY HOPGOOD, J.P.

# APPENDIX No. 46.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF GASPÉ, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

GASPÉ, 12th December, 1878.

Honourable Sir,—The season of navigation having now closed at this port, I beg to forward you herewith a statement of the vessels entered at this office during this season, and which have paid harbour masters' dues; there being eight steamers, one barque, one barquentine, four brigs, twelve brigantines, twenty topsail sea-going schooners, and eighty-four fore-and-aft schooners, in all 130 vessels of all classes; amount of fees, \$131.50; being nine vessels more than in 1877, and increase of fees of \$19.

The trade of the port has increased in consequence of more sea-going vessels this year carrying cargoes of dry codfish to the Brazil, Mediterranean, Jersey and West India ports. The lightship on Sandy Beach Point was taken up on the 23rd November, and the buoys on the 2nd December. The last vessel left port on the 9th inst., for Jersey. A large number of American fishing vessels visited our harbour this season, but in consequence of having been at other ports in the Gulf did not pay harbour dues; also several vessels from the Maritime Provinces had paid theirs also

before arriving here.

There have been three wreeks on the coast this season: The topsail schooner "Aura," at Little Point St. Peters; the schooners "Mermaid and "Pilot," the former at Magdelin River, and the other at Green Point, entrance to Mal Bay. A petition asking for the erection of a lighthouse on Flat Island, near Point St. Peters, is now being signed by all the leading firms and inhabitants along the coast. I would strongly recommend the erection of the same, as the island is so very low it cannot be seen at any distance from it, and would be a guide for vessels entering either Mal Bay or Gaspé Bay in thick weather. I beg to enclose also the list of buoys and beacons for the year 1878, with my remarks on same.

I beg to remain, Honourable Sir, Your obedient servant,

JOSEPH EDEN,

Harbour Master.

The Hon. J. C. Pope,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

## APPENDIX No. 47.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF MATANE, FOR THE CADENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

MATANE, COUNTY OF RIMOUSKI, 2nd December. 1878.

Sir,-1 have the honour to submit my annual report ended 31st December, 1878;

also a list of vessels paying harbour tees.

During last summer I was furnished by the Department at Quebec with a large size buoy and two spar-buoys which have done good service, having saved a vessel from running ashore in foggy weather just a few days after placing them.

from running ashore in foggy weather just a few days after placing them.

It will be necessary to have a flat bottom boat or a scow made this winter to enable me to put down and replace the buoys next spring. It is almost impossible to

hire a suitable boat here for that purpose.

A good number of vessels, merely calling at the harbour for orders; I have not exacted fees from them, as they will have to pay at their loading places.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

E. LACROIX.

Harbour Master.

To WM. SMITH, Esq,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 48.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF PASPEBIAC, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

PORT OF PASPEBIAC, 30th December, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my annual report, being that for the year

ending the 31st December, 1878.

Nothing of importance has transpired during the year to which I have to call your attention, except the placing of a ballast buoy at the Port of Paspebiac, which is much required at said port.

Annexed please find a copy of the receipts and expenditures of the Port of Paspebiac, for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

HUGH CHRISTIE,

Harbour Master

To the Honourable, Minister of Marine and Fisheries,

RECEIPTS and Expenditure for the year ending the 31st December, 1878.

No.	Registered Tonnage.	Fees Received.
3	Barques 1,024	9 00
9	Brigs	16 00
12	Brigantines	12 00
11	Schooners	8 50
	Total Receipts	45 50
	By paid putting out and Raisin Point buoy \$10 00 By boat hire for season	
		14 00
	Bulance in favour of Harbour Master	31 50

HUGH CHRISTIE,

Harbour Master.

Sworn before me at New Carlisle this 30th day of December, 1878.

G. LE BEL, J.P.

# APPENDIX No. 49.

(Translation.)

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF THREE RIVERS. FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

THREE RIVERS, 13th January, 1879.

Sir,-I have the honour to submit herewith my annual report. As you will observe, my report still records a decrease in the receipts, which I attribute to the commercial depression not only here but in England.

The ocean vessels have not visited our port this year as in former years, in con-

sequence of the small demand there has been for lumber.

I am happy to be able to state that no accident has happened within the limits of the port, nor any loss of life. I have, &c.,

> U. F. LANGLOIS, Harvour Master.

# APPENDIX No. 50.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF CHETICAMP, C.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE,

CHETICAMP, C.B., 31st December, 1878.

SIR,-I have to submit my annual report, being that for the year ending 31st

December, 1878.

April 8th, bought from Mr. Doucet twelve cedar buoys, and I had them painted according to law, and also they were duly placed in the spring in there proper places, and it is also a conv of and kept in good order until the 25th December; and you will find also a copy of receipts and expenditures of the office for the year.

d by me. Many of them have paid none to me, having two receipts for previous

payments; and the fees that I collected are very small, \$16.50.

I have also attended to the duties of my office according to the Act and instructions furnished to me.

I beg to state it is almost impossible to make this harbour without light. It is in a very bad condition for vessels to come through it in a dark night.

I require two beacon lights, they can be placed straight in the channel, two good lamps with a reflector per lamp. The beacons can be built here. I again recommend chains and flat anchors. I consider chains would be less cost to the Department, and less trouble for me; I trust the Department will give this special attention.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> F. AU COIN. Harbour Master.

Sworn to before me at Cheticamp, the 31st day of December, 1878.

M. A. ROSS, J.P.

WM. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy-Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

# APPENDIX No. 51.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF VICTORIA, B.C., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

VICTORIA, B.C., 2nd January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honour to inform you that the undermentioned vessels loaded at the Ports of Victoria and Esquimalt during the year 1878:—

```
"Lady Sampson," 412 tons, Captain Marston, for San Francisco.
" Brierly Hill,"
                                     Baird, for London.
                   520
" Princess Royal," 613
                         "
                                "
                                     Anderson,
                         "
                                     Matthews,
" Chocorua,"
                 1,200
                         "
                                "
                                     Barfield,
" Lady Head,"
                   450
" Hazelhurst,"
                                "
                                    Goudie, for Hong-Kong.
                   700
                        "
                        ¥
                                    Heath, for Sydney, N.S.W.
" Bothwell Castle," 592
```

The cargoes consisted of oil, salmon, furs, coal and lumber; and the vessels were not loaded up to their load lines.

All English vessels that arrive here have invariably their deck and load lines

marked on their sides.

No vessels were loaded wholly or partially with grain.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

J. W. NAGLE,

Harbour Master.

To WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries,

Ottawa.

STATEMENT of the Receipts and Expenditure connected with the Office of Harbour Master for the Ports of Victoria and Esquimalt, from 31si December, 1877, to 31st December, 1878.

	28 31 30 31 31 31 31 31	do do do do do do do	Fees received to do do do do do do do do do do do do do	date	\$ cts. 46 00 27 00 24 00 16 00 15 00 31 50 23 00 20 00 29 00 24 00	\$ cts.
Novemb	91	ao	do do		24 00 26 50	
December	31	do	do		14 00	296 00

J. W. NAGLE,

Harbour Master.

January 2nd, 1879.

 $k_{\mbox{nowledge.}}^{\mbox{ I hereby}}$  solemnly swear that the above account is correct to the best of my

J. W. NAGLE.

Sworn to in my presence, this 2nd of January, 1879.

A. J. LANGLEY, J. P.

# APPENDIX No. 52.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF GODERICH FOR THE CALENDER YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Goderich, January 2nd, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honour to enclose for your information my annual report of fees collected during the season and year ending the 31st December, 1878.

I beg to report that the water on the bar formed at the entrance to the harbour

is still getting less, and will require dredging as early as possible in the spring.

I also beg to report that there is now about eight million feet of lumber on the breakwater; about two millions of which are piled on the elevated portion. There are twenty vessels laid up here, four of which are American bottoms. Navigation osed on the 12th of December.

I have the honor to be, Your obedient servant,

> T. N. DANCEY, Harbour Master.

# APPENDIX No. 53.

REPORT OF THE HARBOUR MASTER FOR THE PORT OF SOUTHAMPTON, FOR THE CALENDER YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

SOUTHAMPTON, December 31st, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my annual report for the year ended Decem-

ber 31st, 1878.

The enclosed list of vessels were not all that came to this port. Many of them had to run in for shelter during adverse winds. Having no boat, I could not board them. Many of the vessels arriving I collected nothing from having receipts for previous payments, others refusing to pay. I have considerable repairs to make next spring, and will require all the fees that can be collected. Part of the walling of the breakwater washed off and came ashore this fall. I collected all I could find of it, and will have it replaced next spring. Also, some of the iron straps on the corner of the landing pier will have to be replaced. I would also call your attention to the fact that the landing pier will very soon become useless, owing to the sand filling in round on the south side. At present there is not water sufficient to float a small size schooner. You will kindly send me a copy of the harbour rules in force for this port, not having received any, as I am at a loss to know what course to take to recover damage done to piers by vessels through carelessness. As a case in point, the schooner Sarah Jane came to outside of breakwater, making its chains fast to the pier, considerable of the walling and plank was torn off and broke. Damage to the amount of eight dollars. Demanding payment, I was refused, but finally received two dollars, which, with my own labour, helped to repair the damage. Also, I would like to call your attention to the insufficiency of the red light on end of the breakwater. Many of the captains complain that they cannot see it until close to it.

I have the honour to be, Your obedient servant,

D. CASCADEN,

Harbour Master.

I hereby certify that David Caseaden, Harbour Master for the Port of Southampton, whose signature is appended to the foregoing report, appeared before me and made oath that the said report, to the best of his knowledge and belief is correct.

Sworn to before me this sixteenth day of December, A.D. 1878.

T. ADAIR, J. P.

To the Honorable Minister of Marine, &c., Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 54.

Table showing the names of Ports proclaimed under the Dominion Acts, 36 Vic., chap. 9, 37 Vic., chap. 34, and 38 Vic., chap. 30, for the appointment of Harbour Masters, the dates of proclamation, the names of the Harbour Masters appointed under the Acts named, and the Acts 35 Vic., chap. 42, and 36 Vic., chap. 12 and 63, the dates of the appointment of Harbour Masters, the amount which each of their salaries is not to exceed, the amount of fees collected by each of them during the calendar year ended 31st December, 1878, and the overplus, if any, paid into the credit of the Receiver-General.

#### PROTINCE OF ONTARIO.

Name of Port.	Date of Proclamation.	Name of Harbour Master.	Date of Appointment.	Amount from the fees of office salary not to exceed.	Amount collected in 1878.	Amount paid over to Receiver-General.
Collingwood	3 Mar., 1877.	Andrew Lockerbie	3 Mar., 1877	\$ ets. 200 00	\$ cts. 207 50	\$ cts. 7.50
Goderich	28 April, 1876	Thomas Dancey	22 April, 1876	300 00	265 50	
Penetanguishene	2 Feb., 1877	Louis Columbus	2 Feb., 1877.	200 00	12 00	
Rondeau	4 May, 1878	Thos. Harrison	4 May, 1878	100 00	102 00	2 00
Southampton	23 Sept., 1875	David Cascaden	13 Sept., 1875	100 00	24 50	

#### PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

<b>Gas</b> pé ,	25 Sept.,	1874 .	Joseph Eden	22	Sept.,	1874	500	00	131 50	
Matane	19 Oct.,	1877	Edward Lacroix	19	Oct.,	1877	<b>20</b> 0	00	19 50	
Metis	7 Feb.,	1878	P. F. Leggat	7	Feb.,	1878	200	00	41 00	 
Paspebiac	12 May,	1877	Hugh Christie	22	May,	1877	150	00	45 50	
Rimouski	5 Mar.,	1877	Jos. St. Laurent	30	May,	1878	200	00	Nil.	
St. Johns	1	Within the harbour of	Julien Napoleon Bourassa	21	July,	1876	400	00	659 50	
Sorel	harbou		Pierre Bellefeuille	20	April	1875	300	00	462 00	162 00
Three Rivers	Montre		Uldoric Frederick Langlois	. 14	June,	1875.	300	00	267 00	
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1_					1	<u> </u>

#### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

<b>.</b>			1		i	1	
Bathurst 30 May,	1873	Peter J. Hachey	12 Dec.,	1874	200 00	73 50	
Bay Verte 30 May,	1873	No appointment		••••••			
		John Keswick					
Campbelltown 30 May,	1873	William Mott	9 July,	1873	200 00	0 50	,,,,,
		294					

Table showing the names of Ports proclaimed under the Dominion Acts, &c.—Continued.

#### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK-Concluded.

		1001	INCE OF NEW BRONSWI	OIL - Concounted	·		
Name of Port.	Date of Proclama		Name of Harbour Master.	Date of Appointment.	Amount from the fees of office salary not to exceed.	Amount collected in 1878.	Amount paid over to Receiver-General.
Campobello	30 May.	1888	John Benjamin Beatty	7 July, 1873	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Caraquet	30 May		Gervais Basil Paulin		150 00	34 50	
Chatham	20 Mar		John Brown ,	7 July, 1873		655 <b>5</b> 0	355 <b>50</b>
Cocagne	20 May,				100 00	18 50	300 00
Dalhousie	30 May,		John Brooks	7 July, 1873			************
Dorchester	30 May,		Joseph W. Cullen	2 Sept., 1878	200 00	27 50	
Frederica	30 May,		Joshua King.	i	200 00	51 00	
Fredericton	30 May,	1873	No appointment	•••••••			
Great Co	18 Sept.,	1876	James A. Pettis	18 Sept., 1876		No re	turn. I
Hemogue	17 May,	1875	John Avard	10 May, 1875	100 00	Nil.	
Harvey	30 May,	1873	Joseph McAlmon	10 April, 1875	100 00	14 50	
Hillsborough	30 May,	1873	Nehemiah Bennett	30 April, 1874	150 00	32 00	ļ
Ledge of St. Stephens.	30 May,	1873	Charles Young	  2 <b>2 A</b> pril, 1876	100 00	16 00	<b></b>
Moncton	30 May,	1873	No appointment				ļ
quash	26 Mar	1874	Samuel Hayward	26 Mar., 1874.	100 00	70 50	
Castle	30 May.	1873	  John Niven	7 July, 1873.	300 00	156 50	
Joggins	30 May,	1873	No appointment				·····
Fort Elgin	6 Feb.,	1878	Jacob Silliker	6 Feb., 1878	200 00	15 50	
-Montoucto	30 May.		James Alexander Jardine		1	160 00	
Rockland	30 May.		No appointment	1	ĺ	<b></b>	l
Sackville	30 May.		No appointment	1			
St. Andrews	30 May		John Balson	i .	100 00	36 00	[
St. George	30 May		James Dick	1	1	34 50	
St. Martins	14 May		ł	1	1	1 00	
Shediac	30 Man	10/4.	Joseph Carson	10 May, 1874.	100 00	201 50	
Shippegan	20 May,	1073.	Alexander McQueen	119 мау, 1876	300 00		
Tracadie	ou May,	1873.	Peter DeGrace	1 June, 1876.	100 00	3 00	***********
	May,	1875	Vital Arceno	9 July, 1875	100 00	5 00	

TABLE showing the names of Ports proclaimed under the Dominion Acts, &c.—Continued.

## PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Name of Port.	Date of Proclamation.	Name of Harbour Master.	Date of Appointment.	Amount from the fees of office salary not to exceed.	Amount collected in 1878.	Amount paid over to Receiver-General.
Annapolis	12 Mar., 1875	Jacob Troop Starratt	25 Feb. 1875	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 57 50	\$ cts.
	1	Stephen Atwater	1	100 00	36 00	
		William Fenwick Hennigar.		100 00	38 00	
		Joseph Robins Wyman		100 00	74 00	
Bras d'Or, in- cluding New		Francis Dunlap	- 1	200 00	2 50	
		William Walsh		100 00	43 50	
		Fulgence Aucoin		100 00	16 50	*********
		Thomas Tracey	)	i	13 00	
	l .	James A. Hughes		300 00	15 00	(*************************************
	1	George Henry Zwicker	· ·	<b>3</b> 00 00	63 50	
	i	Elijah Wood			1322 50	
Indian Bay	25 Oct., 1876	Matthew Drips McKenzie	25 Oct., 1876	150 00	24 50	
Little Glace Bay	3 Aug., 1874	Henry Mitchell	23 July, 1874	200 00	Nil.	
Liverpool	19 Jan., 1877	Wm. A Kenney	19 Jan., 1877	200 00	171 50	
Lunenburg	3 Dec., 1875	William Henry Begg	3 Dec., 1875	150 00	83 50	
McNair's Cove	12 Mar., 1875	Ronald McEachen	8 Mar., 1875.	150 00	9 00	
Margaretville	26 Mar., 1878	Robert Early	26 Mar., 1878	100 00	20 00	
Margaret's Bay	16 July, 1875	Peter Francis Boutillier	9 July, 1875	100 00	33 00	
Merigomish	26 Mar., 1878.	W. C. Olding	26 Mar., 1878.	100 00	2 50	
Neil's Harbour	28 April, 1876.	Angus Buchanan	11 April, 1876.	100 00	No ret	urn.
North Sydney	9 April, 1874.	George Bennett Ingraham	9 April, 1874.	500 00	495 50	
Nortwest Cove, Coleman's Cove and Aspotogan Harbour	1 2 :	William Murphy	29 Dec., 1876.	200 00	2 00	,
	l .	Edward Walter Beaty	ľ	I .	34 00	
	l .	John Gunn	1	4	1320 00	
	-y 000	296	•	•	į	ı

Table showing the names of Ports proclaimed under the Dominion Acts, &c.—Continued.

## PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA-Continued.

Name of Port.	Date of Proclamation.	Name of Harbour Master.	Date of Appointment.	Amount from the fees of office salary not to exceed.	Amount collected in 1878.	Arrount paid over to Receiver-General.
Pt. Hawkesbury. Port Hood Port Mulgrave Pugwash Sheet Harbour Shelburne Tatamagouche Tusket Wallace Windsor	1 May, 1877  16 July, 1875  16 July, 1875  8 Mar., 1876  22 Oct, 1873  26 Mar., 1878  14 May, 1874  27 Aug., 1877  27 Feb., 1878  18 Mar., 1875  24 Sept., 1874  29 Oct., 1875	Donald Fraser	1 May, 1877 9 July, 1875 9 July, 1875 23 Mar., 1876 22 Oct., 1873 26 Mar., 1878 14 May, 1874 27 Aug., 1877 27 Feb., 1878 1 Mar., 1875 22 Oct., 1873 22 Sept., 1874	150 00 200 00 200 00 100 00 200 00 400 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00	\$ cts. 2 50 6 50 145 25 2 50 235 00 57 00 2 00 18 00 27 00 14 00 3 00 8 00 201 00 6 50 384 50	\$ cts.
	10 Mar., 1875	Loenezer Scott	19 Oct., 1877	250 00	384 50	Balauce used in rep'ring Harbor.

#### PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Bay Fortune	10 April	1075	John R. Coffin		1070				
Cardigan River,	To Hpin,	1010	John K. Comp	ze Aprii,	1878.	200	00	Nil.	*** *******
including Uar- digan Bridge	0.7.			Í					
Cascompo-	2 July,	1878	Hercules McDonald	2 July,	1878	200	00	3 50	•••••••
Charless	15 July,	1874	George Wells	17 June,	1874	<b>2</b> 00	00	39 00	•••
**************************************	15 July	1074	Da =: 3 Cm = 11	1 T			00	282 00	••••
							00	15 50	*** *******
	110 411117	1971	! A laws = 3 35 . A - 43	1	1		1	Nil.	
***************************************	HO JIHV.	1874	Lohn Hammont	1 - K T	20-1		00	138 00	
Grand River	10 April,	1875	Ronald S. McDonald	10 April.	1875	200	00	8 50	

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Table showing the names of Ports proclaimed under the Dominion Acts, &c.—Continued.

## PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND .- Continued.

Name of Port.	Date of Proclamation.	Name of Harbour Master.	D <b>a</b> te of Appointment.	Amount from the fees of office salary not to exceed.	Amount collected in 1878.	Amount paid over to Receiver-General.
Malpeque	10 July, 1874	Vacant	*******	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
		Daniel C. Campbell	1	200 00	16 50	
		William Millar	1	1	4 50	
	l '	George Mackenzie			8 00	
		Niel McLeod	]	1	2 50	
Port Hill	15 July, 1874	James Ellis	17 June, 1874	200 00	5 00	
Rollo Bay	10 April, 1875.	Charles Deagle	  10 April, 1875	200 00	Nil.	
Rustico	17 May, 1875.	Vacant				
St. Peter's Bay	10 April, 1875.	George Anderson	7 Dec., 1878	200 00	No re	turn.
Souris East	10 April, 1875.	Stephen H. McDonald	8 Oct., 1877.	200 00	38 30	
Souris West	10 April, 1875.	Alexander Halloran	10 April, 1875.	200 00	No re	turn.
Summerside	15 July, 1874.	Ronald Campbell	17 June, 1874.	200 00	44 50	
Tracadie	17 May, 1875.	Hugh Campbell	5 May, 1875.	200 00	1 50	
Tryon	12 April, 1877.	Alexander Howatt	12 April, 1877.	200 00	No re	turn.
Vernon River Bridge		John Furness	   17 June, 1874.	200 00	12 00	12 999
West River	17 May, 1875.	No appointment				
Bridge	19 July, 1874.	j	1	1	12 00	

#### PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

							<del></del>				
Burrard Inlet	4 D	ec.,	1876	Isaac Johns	4 Dec.,	1876	400 (	00	235	00	
Nanaimo	10 A	April,	1875	Thomas Eric Peck	25 April,	1876	500 (	00	438	50	. * * * * * * * *
Quadra	17 A	April,	1877	John Kenney	17 April,	1877	300	00	No	ret	urn.
Victoria and Esquimalt	20 M	lar.,	1875	Jeremiah Nagle	8 Mar.,	1875	600	00	296	00	

WM. SMITH,
Deputy Minister of Marine, &c.

OTTAWA,

1st, January, 1879.

# APPENDIX No. 55.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY OF QUEBEC, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

QUEBEC, 16th January, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit the following report of the Quebec Harbour

Commissioners, as pilotage authority for the year 1878.

The operations of the year open on the 11th April by the departure for the pilotage ground of the schooner No. 2, with seven pilots. The 16th of the same month, schooner No. 3 left with eight pilots. On the 19th, schooner No. 5 took her departure with twenty pilots, and eleven days afterwards twenty-four left by schooner No. 4. On the 2nd of May thirty-eight more were sent by the schooner No. 1.

The service was made during the whole season by these five schooners, with the exception of some instances when it has been found necessary to forward pilots by railway or steamers to replace those who were on duty. One hundred and fifty nine pilots were thus conveyed to the different stations in order to meet the wants of the shipping.

The Annex No. 1 contains a list of the branch pilots for and below the Harbour Quebec, according to seniority, on the 31st December, 1878, and gives all the particulars in reference to the work performed by each pilot, as also the information with

regard to casualties in each case.

#### Old Pilots.

The old pilots of the age of 65 and over were all called to be examined, according to law, before the opening of the navigation. Twenty-two presented themselves. Twenty-one were found able to continue to practice and their licenses were accordingly. ingly renewed for one year; the other was refused, the Commissioners having come to the conclusion that, in consequence of impaired sight and hearing, he was no more fitted to perform the duties of a pilot. He has been immediately placed on the Pension list.

#### Trials.

There has been only six trials during the season on complaints lodged by shipmasters, against sixteen held the previous year. As compared to the trials of 1877 they were all of less importance, and the marked improvement in this branch has been ascertained with satisfaction.

The Annex No 2 contains all the particulars connected with the six above-men-

ioned trials.

It is with much pleasure that the Commissioners have to state that not one complaint has been lodged by the Corporation of Pilots against any member of their body for infringment of their regulations.

Three complaints have been lodged on behalf of ship-masters against the management of the Corporation. They were all referred to the Board of Pilots, and their answer in each case proved they were groundless.

Two complaints were also lodged by pilots against the management of the Corporation, and the answer in each case from the Board was accepted as satisfactory.

#### Licenses Awarded.

The Annex No. 1 shows that five new licenses were granted during the year, to the following named apprentice pilots, after having been examined according to the provisions of the law, viz.:—

Alexis Vézina, Adjutor Baillargeon, Samuel Rioux, Chas. Octave Clavet and Joseph Dion.

#### Pilots Pensioned.

Five pilots have been pensioned during the year, four at their own request on account of their bad health, and the other by order of the Commissioners as stated in the above paragraph, under the title of old pilots.

## Apprentice Pilots.

No apprentices have been indentured since the 11th July, 1877.

The Annex No. 3 contains the names of the apprentices on the active list, on the 31st December.

Survey of the North and South Channels of the St. Lawrence, by the Apprentice Pilots.

During the month of June, the Commissioners have had under their consideration the advisability of reviving the old practice of sending the apprentice pilots on a survey of the north and south channels of the St. Lawrence, within the pilotage limits. The Harbour Master was directed to report on the subject, and on the 11th of the same month he reported as follows:—

"HARBOUR COMMISSION,
OFFICE OF THE HARBOUR MASTER,
"QUEBEC, 11th June, 1878,

"To the Chairman and to the Members of the Harbour Commission, &c., &c., Quebec:

"Gentlemen,—In answer to your request, I beg leave most respectfully to report that I am strongly in favor of reviving the old practice of sending the apprentice pilots on a survey of the north and south channels of the St. Lawrence, within the limits of the pilotage.

"Under the existence of the Trinity House, the apprentice pilots were accompanied in their exploration by the junior superintendent of pilots; but, inasmuch as such an office does no more exist, and as my duties prevent me from performing such a work, I would recommend that the exploration party, if the practice in question is revived, should be placed under the superintendence of the Chairman of the Corporation of Pilots, or, in his absence, of one of the members of his Board.

"According to the 21st section of the Act 12th Victoria, Chapter 114, now in force, an apprentice pilot, before being admitted to practice, must be perfectly well acquainted with both north and south channels; but as he has no means now to explore the north channel, he is obliged to learn it theoretically only, which in my opinion, is very deficient.

"The 22nd section of the same Act, which has been repealed, read as follows:
"That the Trinity House of Quebec, in order to provide the pilot apprentices with the means of becoming acquainted with the north channel, shall send their vessel at least twice a year to explore the same, and shall admit on board, under the inspection of

the inspection of one of the Superintendents of Pilots, all pilot apprentices.'

"As on one side, the law compels the apprentices to be acquainted with the north channel, and, on the other side, does not furnish them with the means of properly studying the same; I would respectfully suggest that a request be addressed to the Federal Government in order to be allowed the use of one of their steamers for that purpose.

"The whole respectfully submitted,

" (Signed)

F. GOURDEAU,

" Harbour Master."

This report, in which the Harbour Master strongly advocates the reviving of the old practice, has been forwarded to your Department for consideration. The answer received was that there was no steamer available to perform such a work.

In consequence of the importance of the subject and in the interest of the shipping, the Commissioners take the liberty of renewing their request, in the hope that

Your Department will make arrangements to comply with it.

Opening and Closing of Navigation at the Port.

For the information of your Department, I beg leave to add to this report a return, Annex No. 4, published by the *Morning Chronicle* of this City, showing the dates of the opening of navigation and of the closing thereof, from 1830 to 1878, inclusively.

The whole retpectfully submitted,

A. H. VERRET,

Secretary-Treasurer.

To the Honorable

J. C. POPE,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, &c., Ottawa.

STATEMENT showing the Number of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec on the Active List on the 31st December, 1878, the number who were retired, struck off the active list or died during the year; the number temporarily suspended; the number who were unable to serve; the number in charge of the Government Steamers and those in charge of Lighthouses, &c.		Casualties and Remarks.	Pensioned 11th September.  Has been unable to serve during 25 days.  Pensioned 31st December. Has been unable to serve during one month.  Employed the whole season by the Allan Line of steamships.  Has been unable to serve during 34 months.  Has been unable to serve during 35 days.  Pensioned 14th August.  Employed the whole season by the Allan Line of steamships.
n the A year; t teamers	otages	Moorages.	<b>೧೯೮೮ ೧೯೯೯ ೧ ೯೯೯ ೧೯೯೯ ೧೯೯೯ ೧೯೯೯</b> ೧೯೯೯ ೧೯೯೯
uebec o ng the ment S	Number of Pilotages effected.	Ромпжагда.	<b>5000000000000000000000000000000000000</b>
ur of Q d durir e Gover	Nump	Upwards.	המע מים מים מים מים מים מים אין אים מים מים מים מים אים מים מים מים מים מים מים מים מים מים מ
ta for and below the Harbe toff the active list or dishe number in charge of th		Residence.	Green Island St. John, Isle of Orleans.  St. John, Isle of Orleans.  Ouebec.  Orleand On do On Green Island Onebec. St. Michel, Bellechasse Other St. Michel, Bellechasse Onebec. St. Michel, Bellechasse Onebec. St. Michel, Bellechasse Onebec. St. John, Isle of Orleans Onebec. St. John, Isle of Orleans Onebec. St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of St. Laurent, Isle of St. Laurent, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans
of Pilot, struck erve; t		Age.	284568888 4 144488228448888888888888888888888
EMENT showing the Number the number who were retired number who were unable to		Names.	Edouard Petitgrew Joseph Pepin Frederick Bernier Charles Nolet Louis Jos Lavoie Lunis Jos Lavoie Thomas Goulilard Després Laurent Tremblay Dominique Girard Gouard Marcoux Charles Pouliot Thomas Simard Jean Audet dit Lapointe Edouard Autil dit St. Jean Regis Menard Laurent Larochelle CharlesBernier Regis Menard Jean Dufreste Jean Pouliot Fre Vézine Helie Normand Alexandre Vaillarcourt Hilaire Raymond Jean Proliot Fighlaire Jorin Jean Baptiste Bernier
State:		Number.	2222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 222 2
			302

	The state of the s													=
Has been unable to serve during nine days.	Has been unable to serve during the whole season.		Master of the Government Steamship "Druid."	Has had the command of the Pilot Schooner No. 2 during the whole season.				Pensioned 12th June.  Has had the command of the Pilot Schooner No. 5 during the wnole season.		Employed by the Donaldson Line of Steamships.		Has been unable to serve during one month.		•
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	St. John Quebec do do	do St. John, Isle of Orleans			do Ste. Pétronille, Isle of Orleans. Ste. Agathe	Lauzon, Lévis St. John, Isle of Orleans	St. Laurent, Isle of Orleans Quebec, St. Sauveur	St. Jean, Port JoliSt. Michelle, Bellechasse	Trois-Pistoles St. Jean, Port Joli	St. Laurent, Isle of Orleans	St. John, Isle of Orleans	Oacouna Lauzon, Lévis Green Island	Michim Notre Dame, Lévis St. Laurent, Isle of Orleans Orane Island	Ste. Pétronille, Isle of Orleans.
-	5282	58888	8.668	09 19 19	8888	3833	8228	63 61 61	62 62	1282	22 22	8228	8 21 22 28	8
18 Pierre Peltier	Jacques Tremblay Jean Dugas Oyprien Raymond Damien Boulanger		Louis Cottin Dugar Edouard Genest Pierre Lapierre	Anselme Marmen Magloire Delisle Jean Esptiste Talbot, 1st Frs. Kav. Delisle, 1st			Isaie Marticotte François Dallaire Laurient Godbout, 1st		Hubert Dumas Damase Babin		Edonard Labreque	Jean Chasse	-	
888	. K & K & K	***	344	<b>3</b> 433	7484	52	822	82.58	80	<b>28</b> 8	2,33	8888	2222	22

			ration of ction held		oner No. 4		August.		hips.	mships.	FIIOUS BE	ployed by		mships.
	,	Cagualties and Remarks.	One of the Directors of the Corporation of Plots Not re-elected at the election held	one total December.	Died 28th June. Has had the command of the vilot schooner No. 4	the whole season.	Suspended from last year till the 24th August.		Employed by the Allan Line of steamships.	inployed by the Acadian Line of ste	blected Director of the Corporation of Filous at the election held 10th December.	Has been since the 27th August employed by the Dominion Line of steamshins.		Master of the lightship "Red Island," Employed by the Allan Line of steamships.
tages		Moorings.	16	9999			70 4 0 0			~		99	99	2
Number of Pilotages effected.		.abrawnwoQ	5	400	သင		Ф 4 rc	יט יט זים	w-100	ာမဂ္ဂ	io ro	0-0	ממ	8
Numbe		Upwards.	10	νο το 4·	63 FO		ro 4 ro	10 to 10	ro oo r	2 4 W	ים יכ	တ္	ממ	8
	•	Residence.	Notre Dame, LévisQuebec	do do St. Michel, Bellechasse	Ste. Petronille, Isle of Orleans. Quebec.	CICCH VEIGHT.	Quebec. Trois-Pistoles. N. D. Aux., Buckland	St. Michel, Bellechasse	St. John, Isle of Orleans	St. Luce, Rimouski Lauzon, Lévis	Baie St. PaulSt. John Isla of Orleans	Quebec.		
		Age.	57	62 64 64	62 62 63	5	¥88	8 55 83	<b>42</b> 8	3 <b>4 8</b>	<b>8</b>	222	51	_
Number of Pilotages effected.		<b>Name</b> s.	Jean Giroux	Nicholas Fortin Magloire Mercier Louis Olivier Leclerc	rembla	ninen Dion	Pierre Lemieux Edouard Rousseau Louis Fontaine	Δ:	Jos. Blouin.	Fierre Fontaine	Joseph Plante	Charles Francis Brown		David Damour Obarles Verina
		Number.	75	77 87 87	08 <b>3</b> 8	7	8 % %	80.00	888	866 837 837	<b>%</b> 8	385	<b>8</b> 8	88

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Suspended from last year till the 30th June.	Une of the Directors of the Corporation of Pilots. Not re-elected at the election held the other broadher.	8.4	Master of the Government steamship "Napo-	<u>i</u>	the 10th December.  Employed by the Allan Line of steamships.  One of the Directors of the Corporation of Pilots. Re-elected at the election held the 10th December.		One of the Directors of the Corporation of Pilots. Re-elected at the election held the 10th December. Elected Chairman of the Corporation on the 11th same month.	Has been unable to serve during 56 days.  Employed by the Dominion Line of Steamships.  do  do  Has been unable to serve during 15 days.	Has been unable to serve during 23 days.  Employed by the Temperley Line of Steamships.  Suspended the whole season.  Employed by the Acadian Line of Steamships.
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Quebec	St. Michel, Bellechasse	do do do QuebecQ	do Bienville, Lévis.	St. Joseph, Lévis	duebec	St. John, Isle of Orleans Quebec Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. Laurent, Isle of Orleans	St. John do St. Michel, Bellechasse	Pointe-aux-Péres	Queboc.  St. John, Iale of Orleans  do  Queboc.  Ste. Pétronille, Isle of Orleans.  Queboc.  St. Walter.  St. Valier.  St. John, Isle of Orleans.
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2 Joride Dick	Michel Nill Asselin	Numa Lachance	Jos. Gravel Desprès	Eustache Doiron	Joseph Paquet	Moise Lachance Joseph S. Brown Hubert Rsymond Achille Damour.	Joseph Pouliot, [3rd	Ant. Thomas Chouinard. Siméon Plante Laurent Godbout, 2nd Pierre S. Laprise Adeline Pouliot Bart. Pepin dit Lachance, 2nd Frs. X. Delisle, 2nd	Jos. Pepin dit Lachance Damien Eugéne Boulanger. Uyprien Langlois Jean Delisie. Nazaire Gurodeau. Oharles Normand. Napoleon Rioux Jean Baptiste Tremblay, 2nd. Rag. Bosquet dit Lamontagne. François Xavier Lamarre. Woise Pouliot.
102	103	104	106 107	109	111	113	118	120 121 123 124 126 126	128 129 130 131 132 138 136 136

STATEMENT showing the Number of Pilots for and below the Harbour of Quebec, &c.—Continued.

	Casualties and Remarks.	6 5 0 Ore of the Directors of the Corporation of Pilots	Not re-elected at the election held 10th Dec Commands a steamboat on one of the upper lakes,	6 Elected Director of the Corporation of Pilots at	the election neighborhoods.  7 Employed by the Allan Line of Steamships.  6 Elected Director of the Corporation of Pilots at		kmployed by the Gulf Ports Steamship Co.	200		:	o thas been unable to serve during one mouth.	Cs1	5   0   Reminered for the Amelian I income Communical		6 Employed by the Allen I inc. of Champhing on	bulletoyed by the Allah Line of Steamships as
lotages 1.	Моотя ges.		<u> </u>													
Number of Pilotages effected.	.ebrawarde.	4 5		9	10	9	. 9	4 20 4	+ <b>4</b> +		4 9	10 10	ر دو د		10 	<u></u>
(lmn/N	Upwards.	ರ		4	<b>မ</b> ေတမ	4	20 rO (	ο 4 π	. rc		4 4	10 to	200	2		
	Residence.	St. John, Isle of Orleans Quebecdo	St. Michel, Bellechasse	ор ор	do do St. André. Lauzon, Lévis	Ste. Pétronille, Isle of Orleans	Ste. Luce, Rimouski	do do do do do do do St. Michal Rallachassa.	John, Isle of Orleans	Tall .	St. Anne de la Pocatière	Ste. Petronille, Isle of Orleans St John, Isle of Orleans.	L'Islet Notre Dame Lévis	Quebec, St. Sauveur	do do Bienville Lévis	
	<b>₽</b> 8e.	33 0 83 33 0 83	40	32	88 33 33	31		* 68 66 **	888	3 8	29	28 28 28	34 x	31	88	} 
	Names.	Paul Gobeil	Louis Honorius Lachance	L. B. O. Gautron dit Larochelle	Chas. Hermie alias A. Bernier Louis Robert Demers	Joseph G. Dupil	Louis Fortuna Lavoie	Nostor Lachance Cyril Andet dit Lenginte	Edouard Turgeon.	Conde depointement	Pierre Pepin dit Lachance	Theophile Gourdeau	Jean Tvariste Adam	Thec bile Corriveau	Elze? - Godbout.	
	Mumber.	138	141	142	1443			150				160			161	

· totoria.	Gessional Lapers (110. 0.)	
Employed by the Acadian Line of Steamships.    Employed by the Acadian Line of Steamships.	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
<b>10</b> 10 4 10 4 10 4 10 11 11	0 10 4 4 10 10 0 4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
-0 10 4 10 4 10 10 10 10 10 TO		
4004 000 000 C	4 fc f2 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0 f0	
St. John, Isle of Orleans	St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans St. John, Isle of Orleans Ao Germain, Rimouski St. Germain, Rimouski St. Pétronille, Isle of Orleans Trois-Pistoles St. Michel, Bellechasse St. John, Isle of Orleans do do Ste. Luce Crane Island St. Petronille, Isle of Orleans Guebec St. Michel, Bellechasse St. Michel, Bellechasse St. Michel, Bellechasse St. Michel, Bellechasse St. Michel, Bellechasse	
28 23 24 25 26 26 26 27 28 28 28 26 26	<b>88844</b> 4282428888844448	
163 [Pierre Gobeit	Jos. FrsXavier Bernier FrsXavier Demeule Louis Honoré Lapierre Jos. Eugène Lachance Jos. Eugène Lachance Jacques George Dugas Jos. Victor Gourdeau Louis aitas Treffié Delisle Jean-Bte. Couillard Chas. Pelletier Jos. Aitas Philéas Langlois. Nazaire Delisle J. E. Bonaventure Lavoie Alaris Vézina Adjutor Baillargeon Samuel Rioux Chs. Oct Clavet.	
and de de de de de de de de de de de de de	176 177 177 178 179 183 183 184 188 188 189 190 191 193	

A. H. VERRET, Secretary Treasurer

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List of Apprentice Pilots acting immediately under the Quebec Harbour Commissioner's Pilotage Authority, on the 31st December, 1878.

Number.	Names.	When Indentured.
1	Arcadins Gauvin	 
2	Paul Lachance	
3	Louis Philippe Lavoie	
4	Leon Labrèque	
5	Paul Lachance	do 22, 1872.
6	Joseph Pouliot	
7	Joseph Larochelle	do 22, 1872.
8	Adjutor Lachance	November 8, 1872
9	Prudent Marmen	October 14, 1874.
10	Elzear Normand	
11	Ernest Nollet	
12	Arthur Koenig	do 20, 1874.
13	François Goudreau, jun	do 20, 1874.
14	David Dumas	do 21, 1874.
15	Eugène Anctil	do 21, 1874.
16	Alphonse Pouliot	do 21, 1874.
17	Paul Pâquet, jun	do 21, 1874.
18	Joseph Lachance	
19	Jean S. Bernier	
20	Joseph Paquet	do 31, 1874.
21	Jean Alphonse Lachance	
22	Arthur Pelletier	October 12, 1875.
23	Herménègilde Guénard	do 12, 1875.
24 25	Arthur Baillargeon	
26 26	John William Irvine	
20 27	Cains Fortin	November 2 1975
28	Horace Pelletier	May 4 1876
29	Elzéar Desrosiers	do 4, 1876.
30	Fredérick Bouffard	
31	Jules Asselin	
32	Alfred Dion	April 7, 1877.
33	Lucien Lachance	
34	Odilon Lapierre	
35	Camile Bernier	
36	Philéas Lachance	do 11, 1877.
37	Moise Blouin	do 11, 1877.
38	Alfred Goudreau	
39	Alfred Raymond	do 11, 1877.
40	Moise Goudbout	do 11, 1877.

(Cortified) A. H. VERRET, Secretary-Treasurer.

d during the year 1878, before the Harbour Commissioners, under the Act respecting Pilotage, 36 Vic., chap. 54.	Remarks.			This case was dismissed on account of the master of the bark failing to appear with his witnesses.	ran ashore the steam- 18th Sept., at 26th Sept. & 1st Dismissed	This case was dismissed on the ground that the complaint was lodged too late, but the defendant was reprimantled for laving moved the chiract the last constant of the	unoved the super the state of the tide, instance as it was his duty to ascertain the draught of said ship before moving her at such tide.	A. H. VERRET, Secretary-Treasurer
Commissioners,	Judgments.	Convicted, suspended for 10 days, and condemned to pay costs.	Convicted & fined \$10 and costs.	Dismissed	Dismissed		S20 and costs.	Α.
fore the Harbour 36 Vic., chap. 54.	Date of trials		23rd September	23rd September	26th Sept. & 1st Oct.	30th September	5th October	
. <i>1878, befo</i> re 36	When complaints lodged,	18th July, at 1 o'clock, p.m.	4th Sept., at 2 30 o'clock, p.m.	13th Sept., at 4 o'clock, p.m.	18th Sept., at 3.30 o'clock, p.m.	9th Sept., at 10 o'clock, p.m.	2nd Oct., at 10 o'clock, a.m.	Certified.
' Trials held during the year	Nature of complaints lodged.	For having ran ashore the steamer 18th July, at 1/26th July ("Derwent" on Grane Island, the o'clock, p.m.	For having ran to the ground the 4th Sept., at 2 30,23rd September. Convicted & fined bark "Countess of Minto" in the o'clock, p.m. South Traverse Channel, the 3rd September, at 5.50 o'clock, a.m.	Ror having caused the loss of an 13th Sept., at 4 23rd September. Dismissed	Jean Dufresne For having ran ashore the steamship "Vindolana" during the night of the 16th September, in the Traverse.	Jean Pepin dit La-For having ran ashore on the Fly 9th Sept., at 10 30th September. Dismissed chance.  Bank the ship "Givendoline," on o'clock, p.m. the 7th September.	Laurent Larochelle For having, on the 28th Sept., whilst 2nd Oct., at 10 5th October Convicted & fined in charge of the ship "Goaffell," o'clock, a.m. collided with the bark "Albina," at 11 o'clock, p.m., close to Bellechasse Lighthouse.	
Statement of Trials hel	Names of Pilots tried.	Theophile Gourdeau. For having ra	Gabriel Lachance	Jos. F. X. Bernier	Jean Dufresne	Jean Pepin dit La- chance.	Laurent Larochelle	

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RETURN showing the Opening of Navigation at the Port of Quebec in each year, from 1830 to 1878 inclusive; also, the date of closing thereof during that period.

Years.	Arriv fro Mont Steam	m real.	Arri from Shi	Sea.		ed for	Years.	Arri fro Mont Steam	m	Arri from Shi		Saile	d for
	Da	te.	, Da	te.	Da	ite.	1	Da	te.	Da	te.	' Da	te.
1830	do do do do May do do April do do May April May April	21 29 18 1 28 21 21 21 24 25 17 8 6	May do do do April do May April May do April May do April Mo April Mo April Mo April Mo April Ap	4 10 6 2 11 29 8 25 18 1 24 8 1 28 28 20 15	Nov. do do do do do do do do do do do do do	26 18 20 23 29 28 28 28 22 26 27 26 21 25 28 27		April do do do do May April do do May April do do do do do do do do do do do do do	27 17 26 26 21 21 28 30 28 30 29 10 9 9	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	29 29 29 22 16 27 29 17 23 27 16	do do do do do Dec. Nov. do do do do do do do do do do do do do	22 23 24 25 26 26 29 27 30 28 27 29 28 27 26 27 26 27 26 27 26 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27

(Translation.)

Quebec, 31st December, 1878.

Sir,-I hasten to transmit herewith a statement, such as demanded by your letter of the 16th instant, of the Decayed Pilot Fund of Quebec, for the year ending to-day; and I also have the honor to furnish the following information as likewise demanded by your letter, viz :-

The total receipts of the Corporation of Pilots for the Port of Quebec and below Quebec, for the year 1878, were \$104,816.78; and the total expenses, \$20,927.29. 184 pilots received an average net dividend of \$455.90.

I have, &c., C. R. MICHAUD, Secretary Corporation Pilots, Quebec.

To WM. SMITH, Esq., Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 56.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF ST. JOHN, N.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Office of Pilot Commissioners, District of St. John, N.B., 3rd January, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honor of enclosing you the Returns of our office, made up to

I am, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

> J. U. THOMAS, Secretary-Treasurer.

To W. SMITH, Esq., Deputy Minister of Marine. Ottawa.

E. & O. E.

Office of Pilot Commissioners, District of St. John, N.B., 31st December, 1878.

STATEMENT of Receipts and Expenditures for the year ending this day.

Licenses:				
45 Pilots, at \$5, and 7 boats at \$10	<b>\$</b> 295	00		
ing Musquash, 1877	20	<b>5</b> 0		
ing this Port to date	1,941	74		
_	160	10		
Examining Fees charged Pilots	45	00		
9		\$	2,462	<b>54</b>
Expenditure.			,	
Assistance to worn-out Pilots, Widows and Children	430	00		
adulting account last year		00		
wary of Secretary 12 months	800			
	200			
"" LIABIUINING L'AMMITTAG		00		
		00		
		00		
		10		
		00		
Filling up Licenses for Pilots.	_	25		
C 1		-	1,646	35

J. U. THOMAS,

Secretary-Treasurer.

\$815 99

## OFFICE OF PILOT COMMISSIONERS,

DISTRICT OF ST. JOHN, N.B.,

31st December, 1878.

RETURNS of Vessels piloted in and out of this District, for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

Barks and ships	258
Brigs	
Schooners	
Steamers	
•	
Total	571

Amount of pilotage received...... \$26,536 48

#### British.

Barks and ships	204
Brigs	99
Schooners	33
Steamers	
Total	342

Amount of pilotage received...... \$17,443 37

# Foreign.

Barks and ships	54 10
Schooners	163
Steamers	- <u>z</u>
Total	- 990

Amount of pilotage received...... \$9,093 11

E. & O. E.

# J. U. THOMAS,

Secretary-Treasurer.

# OFFICE OF PILOT COMMISSIONERS,

DISTRICT OF ST. JOHN, N.B.,

31st December, 1878.

RATES of Pilotage chargeable on vessels in the District of St. John.

#### INWARDS.

1st D	istrict.	, per foo	ot	81	00
2nd	do	do	**************		25
3rd	do	do	****** ********************************	1	50
4th	$\mathbf{do}$	do	************************************	1	75
5th	do	do	*****	$\tilde{2}$	25
			312	_	

#### OUTWARDS.

From the Harbor of St. John to outside of Partridge Island, \$1.25 per foot.

Down the Bay of Fundy, when required, \$2 per foot above the \$1.25 harbor pilotage.

#### TRANSPORTING VESSELS IN THE HARBOR ST. JOHN.

Vessels not over 100 tons	50
do over 100 not exceeding 200 tons	00
do do 200 do 300 tons 3	
do do 300 do 400 tons 4	
And 25 cents additional for every 50 tons over 400 tons.	

#### HARBOR OF MUSQUASH-INWARD.

1st District, \$1.75 per foot, and 25 cents per foot additional for each District boarded beyond the said first District.

#### OUTWARD.

Within the 1st District, \$1.00 per foot.

# Office of Pilot Commissioners, DISTRICT St. John, N. B., 31st December, 1878.

Returns of Pilot Licenses for the District of St. John for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

, == 10.			
Name.	Age.	Name.	Age.
Thomas Trayner	25	John Spears (third)	29
Cumuel Rutherford	46		_
460. D M		Charles Daley	
James C	30	William Lahey	
Mand T To	91	Richard Cline	
30bu 6" 2000001	υı	James McPartland	
40hp 0.	0.4	Daniel Daley	49
Thomas Vaughan	31	James S. Spears	33
Joseph Vaughan	<b>5</b> 9	Michael Garrity	
Joseph Doherty	32	Charles Bridges	
John L. C. Sherrand	44	John Trayner	
William Hatfield	$\vec{62}$	James E. Mantle	~~
James Doyle	41	Robert Thomas	
HD branch	- I		
ounh mi	~ .	William Quinn	
		Daniel Mulherrin	_
ABOM A TO THE PROPERTY OF THE		William Millen	
Will Do 14	00	Robert Reed	
	37	Samuel L. Tutton	29
		Alfred Cline	22
John Sproul Richard Scott.	61	William Scott	
Rich Sproul	42	Thos. John Stone	
Richard Scott.  Patrick Conlin.	$\frac{12}{27}$	James Reed	
	28	· ·	
ames Reed inn		John McAnulty, for Musquash	70
_ / J	<b>3</b> 2		
- morior of St. John		44 pilots.	
do Musquash		1 pilot.	
1		······································	

J. U. THOMAS,

Secretary-Treasurer.

# APPENDIX No. 57.

**REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF BUC- TOUCHE, N.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER**,
1878.

BUCTOUCHE, 3rd January, 1879.

SIR,—Enclosed I transmit Pilotage Returns, District of Buctouche, N. B., for year 1878, as required under provisions of the 24th Section of the Act 36 Vic., Cap. 54, which I hope will be satisfactory.

As Secretary to the Pilotage Authority, I kept a number of other particulars, but

believe the Return includes all specified in the law.

As two of the Commissioners live some distance from here, and there might not be an opportunity of getting their signatures within the time required, I have signed the Return as Secretary, under the impression that that will be sufficient.

Your most obedient servant,

#### JOHN C. ROSS,

Secretary to Buctouche Pilotage Authority.

WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

PILOTAGE RETURNS, DISTRICT OF BUCTOUCHE, PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, FOR THE YEAR 1878, ACT 36 VIC., CAP. 54, SEC. 24.

1. Name and age of Pilots licensed.

Name.	Age.
John S. Dixon	45
Frederick Legere	41
Caliste Legere	45
Thade Pellerin	42
Matthew Smith	39
John Smith	32
Alfred Smith	31

2. The above named pilots are all licensed to undertake the pilotage of vessels of every description within and throughout the pilotage district of Buctouche.

3. Pilotage dues as per rules and regulations, section 12, viz.: One dollar and fifty cents (\$1.50) per foot draught of water, both inward and outward bound. For removal of any ship or vessel, and seeing the same properly secured and moored, two sum of one dollar and fifty cents for vessels not exceeding 100 tons; the sum of dollars for vessels over 100 and not exceeding 200 tons; the sum of three dollars for vessels over 200 and not exceeding 300 tons; and the sum of four dollars for all vessels exceeding 300 tons.

4. Total amount received for pilotage dues \$381, of which \$309.75 was received from British ships, and \$71.25 was received from foreign ships. All for inward and outward pilotage at the rate of \$1.50 per foot draught of water.

5. The pilotage dues as above were paid to the different pilots who performed

the duties as such for the respective vessels.

According to the rules and regulations a fee of \$2 was paid by each pilot to the Pilotage Authority on receiving his license, making in all \$14, of which \$3 was expended for printing rules and regulations, balance of \$11 being in hands of Pilotage Authority.

#### JOHN C. ROSS,

Secretary to Buctouche Pilotage Authority.

BUCTOUCHE, 3rd January, 1879.

# APPENDIX No. 58.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF CHARLOTTE, N.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DF-CEMBER, 1878.

SAINT ANDREWS, N. B.,

31st December, 1878.

SIR,—Annexed please find Returns of Pilotage Commissioners for year ending 31st December, 1878.

I am, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

### C. E. O. HATHEWAY,

Commissioner and Secretary.

To W. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries. Ottawa, Canada.

# PILOTAGE RETURNS FOR DISTRICT OF CHARLOTTE, N. B.

Licensed Pilots acting for year 1878:—

No.	1.	Confe	7, Thomas	48	year	8	For Pilotage District	of the County
		•	•				of Charlotte.	•
	2.	Cline,	William	68	do	•••••	do	do
	3.	Boyd,	Joseph	<b>4</b> 3	do	•••••	do	do

4. Cline, Wellington.... 37 do ..... do do do 5. Pine, James D..... 53 do ..... do do do 6. Cline, Edward..... 63 do ..... do do

#### Pilot Boat Licensed.

Sloop "Pilot," ...... W. Cline, Master.

Amount Received by Pilots for Pilotage in the County.

					•	J		
British v	ressel	S					\$342	75
	!	Total	· • • • • • •	••••••		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$512	25

#### Rates of Pilotage.

Longest	pilotage distance,	inward and	outward	<b>\$</b> 2	25	per foot	aft water
Second	do	do	******	1	60	do	
Third	$\mathbf{do}$	do	•••••	1	<b>5</b> 0	do	

Inwards or outwards to Campobello, 20 cents per foot less than above rates. Fourth Pilotage distance, inwards or outwards, \$1 per foot aft water.

C. E. O HATHEWAY;

\$41 00

E. C.

Commissioner and Acting Secretary.

# APPENDIX No. 59.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF COCAGNE, N.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DEC., 1878.

COCAGNE, KENT Co., N.B., January 2nd, 1879.

SIR,—We, the Pilotage Authority for the Port of Cocagne, in the County of Kent, in the Province of New Brunswick, have the honor to transmit to you our Returns respecting the pilots for said port.

Names of Pilots.	Ages	•
1st. Eustache Martin	41	Licensed.
Sylvain Hebert	44	do
Camile Duprey		do

2nd. The services of each and every of the above pilots are to pilot ships and vessels in and out of said port, and removing them when required.

3rd. Each and every pilot receives \$1.40 per foot for piloting vessels in and out

of the Port of Cocagne, and \$4 for each and every removal.

4th. Received \$184.90 from British ships; \$69.30 from foreign ships; total, 254.20.

5th. Received from pilots of said port \$6, and expended for blank l-censes and regulations, &c., \$4.

We have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servants,

THOMAS IRVING,
THEOPHILUS BILODEAU,
JOHN BROOKS.

To the Honorable

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries,

Ottawa.

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	The second secon		The second second second			The Personal Property and Personal Property				-		
Date.	Where Spoken or Roarded	Name of Vessel and Rice	Name Of	' Nationality.	Draugh Water, Inv	t of vards.	Draught of Draught of Water, Outwards.	t of wards.	her under am, Sail, g towot a mer.	Amount o	Amount of Pilotage.	
		.00 6			Forward.	Aft.	Forward.	Aft.	Whete ste i ro ste	Inward.	Inward.   Outward.	
					Feet.	Feet.	Feet.	Feet.		ets.	S cts.	
May 23	May 23 Off Buctouche	" Emilie," bark L. A. Simanson. Foreign	L. A. Simanson	Foreign	10	=	$13\frac{1}{2}$	143	Sail	15 40	20 30	
June 28	. Shediac ("1	"Linwood," brigantine D. Davies British	D. Davies.	British	r-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	123	13½	do	11 20	18 99	
do 8	. Cocagne	"Kong Oscar," barque. J. M. Jensen Norwegian	J. M. Jensen	Norwegian	<u>"</u>	10	13	14	do ob		33 60	
	ф ор	"Annie Barker," brig. J. Walsh British	J. Walsh	British	8	6	13	7	ф		40 00	
3	ф	"Forest Queen" P. Blanchfield	P. Blanchfield	qo	5	9	∞	6	ф	8 40	12 60	
19	ф ор	"Village Bell"	- Evans	op	G	о С	14	14	ф	12 60	19 60	1,01
	P. E. Island	retie"	- Brisky	ор	<b>∞</b>	<b>60</b>	13	14	do	11 20	19 60	~ (
•	Cocagne		— Horn	ф	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	σο 	13	17	do	11 20	19 60	
					-		-	. !	-			•

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{CAMILE DUPREY,} \\ \text{SYLVAIN HEBERT,} \\ \text{EUSTACHE MARTIN,} \end{array} \right\} P \mathcal{U}$ 

# APPENDIX No. 60.

REPORT OF THE PIPOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF MIRA-MICHI, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, 31st December, 1878.

Sir,—I have the honor to enclose herewith the Pilotage Returns for the Pilotage District of Miramichi, for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> R. R. CALL, Secretary, Pilotage Commissioners

WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,
Deputy-Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

PILOTAGE RETURNS for the District of Miramichi for the calendar year 1878.

No. of License.	Name of Pilot.	Age.	For what Service Granted.
2 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 18 19 20 21 12 22 23 24 26 27 28 10 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	Joseph Jemmo Louis Jemmo Angus McEachern Mitchell Martin. Frank Martin. Maxime Martin Alexander Martin Alexander Wilson Robert Walls George Savoy Reuben Nowlan John McEachern Charles McLean James Walls William McBachern Oliver Foster Michael Muzerall William Walls William Tait Allan McEachern John McCallum John McCallum John McCallum John McCallum James Nowlan Dudley P. Walls George Sutton James A. Nowlan George Tait	24 59 49 44 33	Full License for the District.  do do do do do Inwards only. Full License for the District. do do do do do do do do do do do do do

R. R. CALL, Secretary, Pilotage Commissioners.

Newcastle, Miramichi, N.B., 31st December, 1878.

Rates of Pilotage chargeable at this Port, on all vessels, When iuward bound	\$2 25 per foot. 1 75 " 2 00 "
	onus or \$4.
For the removal and mooring of any ship or vessel:—	
Vessels not exceeding 100 tons	$\begin{array}{cccc} \dots & 2 & 00 \\ \dots & 3 & 00 \end{array}$
And when the distance of removal exceeds four miles, 50 the foregoing rates.	per cent. to be added to
Vessels reported inwards:—	
BritishForeign	
	240
Vessels reported outwards:—	
BritishForeign	
	241
Total amount of pilotage inward:—	
British	
·	\$6,258 11
Total amount of pilotage outward :-	<b>v</b> 0,200 22
BritishForeign	\$2,401 04 5,078 19
-	\$7,479 23
I	R. R. CALL,
Sccretary Scretary	, Pilotage Commissioners.
Newcastle, Miramichi, N.B.	•

Newcastle, Miramichi, N.B. 31st December, 1878.

	Brit I	British Vessels Inwards.	Brit	British Vessels Outwards.	Fore	Foreign Vessels Iawards.	Forei O	Foreign Vessels Outwards.		Total Amount of
Name of Phot.	No.	Amount of Fees.	No.	Amount of Fees.	No.	Amount of Fees.	No.	Amount of Fees.	1 IstoT 9V lo	Fees Received.
		\$ cts.		& cts.		\$ cts.		♣ cts.		& cts.
Joseph Jemmo.	23		4		9		2		17	
Louis Jemmo	יט ינ	127 13	·C	24 50	r- 60	185 63	თ ა	97 88	16	435 14
Mitchell Martin	. v		9 0		~		100		78	
Frank Martin	4		9		6		10		53	
Maxime Martin	27 0		eo 		00 m		ი 		75	
Angus McLean	3 4		4	•	-1			•	22	
Alexander Wilson	7		?7		9		2		17	
Robert Walls.	co :		m ·		<b>∞</b>		<u></u>		22	
George Savoy	9		4 -		4 00		o c		27.5	
John McRachern	+ vo		+ 40	180 25	- 00		. m	91 88	1.7	
Charles McLean			-		-				က	
James Walls	67		က		က		8		Ξ	
William McEachern	_		-		_		6		œ :	
Oliver Foster.	ee ,		:n		ω.		φ,		<u></u>	
Michael Muzerali					c		(	36 00	<u>.</u>	
William Walls	000		70 es	150 75	n a		2		77	
Allan McRacharn	٠.		<b>9</b> 4				* 9		98	
John McCallum	3 5		* <b>-</b> -		-		ς α		2 00	
James Nowlan	1 1-		-1		~		o 6.		 : 6:	
Dudlev P. Walls.	- 63		• 🕶		7		000		21	
George Sutton	-				9			•	7	
James A. Nowlan			•				9	160 63	6	
George Tait	9				ဗ	162 00			17	
Toto!	8	00 001 0	1 8			9, 9, 1				10 404 01

NEWCASTLE, MIRAMICHI, N.B., 31st December, 1878. Statement of Boats and the Tonnage, &c., of each licensed by the Pilotage Authorities, for Year 1878.

No.	Name.	Ton- nage.	Captain's Name.	When Licensed.	When Renewed.
3 6 7 9 11 12 13	Spray Industry Venus Phantom Advance Whitewing May Queen Peterl Mitchell Two Brothers Empress	16:00 18:00 20:00 23:00 20:00 22:56 26:10 25:00	John Brown Mitchen Martin George Savoy James Walls Angus McBachern Maxime Martin Allan McEachern Joseph Jemmo William Tait Frank Martin	do	do

R. R. CALL,

Secretary, Pilotage Commissioners.

N<sub>EWCASTLE</sub>, MIRAMICHI, N.B., 31st December, 1878.

Receipts and Expenditure of all money received by or on behalf of the Pilotage Authority in respect of Pilots or Pilotage.

Received from 23 Pilots for renewal of License, \$4.00 each  od 4 Pilots for new License, \$5.00 each  For renewals of 6 Pilot Boat Licenses, \$5.00 each  or 4 Pilot Boat Licenses (new) \$10.00 each	\$ 92 20 30 40	00
	182	00
Paid John Brown & James Walls, examining applicants for License		
3300	182	00

R. R. CALL,

Secretary, Pilotage Commissioners.

WILLIAM PARK, Chairman.

Newcastle, Miramichi, N.B., 31st December, 1878.

# APPENDIX No. 61.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF RESTRICTOR N.B., FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Dalhousie, N.B., 10th January, 1879.

Sir,—I beg to enclose the Returns of the Pilotage Commissioners for the Pilotage District of Restigouche, trusting the form adopted is as full as necessary.

I am, Your obedient servant,

DAVID RITCHIE,

Secretary, Pilotage Commissioners.

To Wm. Smith, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine, &c.,

Ottawa.

RETURN of the Pilotage Authority of the District of Restigouche, N.B., for the Year ended 31st December, 1878.

1.						:					=		_				-		_	-					-		
		Total.	& cts.	15 40 12 60	15 40	35.50	16 45	38 60	40 50	12 60	26 50	46 50	31 00	27 20 27	34 8	12 60	15 40	46 50	200	23 80	15 40	36 00	00 07	26.50	21 70	75 00	
		Rate.		0 70	2	2 6	0,0	88	200	32	8	1 20	8	38	88	0 20	0 70	000	2 5	02.0	0 70	1 50	3 6	28	02.0	1 00	
	Draught.	Ju0	<u>ب</u> بن	13	13	21	: 4	22	2 9	27	12	13	65	<u> </u>	20°	-	13	61	9 6	200	13	7.	2 5	3 2	6	13	•
	<u>a</u>	In.	Ft.	6.	. o	17	90	91	27	1.	Ξ.	12	12	ဘ <b>ဖ</b>	14	2	6	12	Ξ:	14	6	20	× :	<b>#</b> =	12	တ	
		Crew		œ «		12	6	25	12	-	. 4	=	= '	ο «	28	9	œ	Ξ:	2 0	19	80	œ ·	و د	G 7	14	œ	00 00 00 00
	g	вппоТ		261	241	533	239	1330	200	200	583	513	1065	722	1127	199	261	450	40 <del>4</del> 0	822	197	၁၈	120	583	526	281	\$0 1
		Whence.		Maryport.	Maryport	Norway	Londonderry	Havre	Norway.	Madeira	Glason Dock	Liverpool	Науге	D E Island	Pictou.	Madeira	Douglass	Norway	Laurveg.	Cardiff	Douglass	Norway	Vormen.	Liverpool	do		
		Master.		Augustus Fox	-	Pobert Hyburn				D. Morgan				4 Nielson					A. Bureger				_	W. Sharn	C. Pederson	James McNiel	ver Benjamin
		Port of Registry.		Maryport	St. John, N.B.	St. John N.B.		Liverpool	do	<u> </u>			:	Belrast				Norway.	St Tobn N R	Norway	Belfast		Normo			Liverpool	Jacquet River and River Benjamin Dalbousie
		Name.		Morning Star		Annahella	Helen Douglass	l'imour	Deodota	) heater.	Olive Mont	Annie Williams		Aldorado					Annahella					Dive Mont		Rambler	Rate of pilotage for Jacquet River and River Benjamin do Dalhousie
		Rig.		Barque	-	Ship			I op		$\simeq$	***************************************	op op	Schooner		I		op 0	7		=	Barque	::		H	Brig B	
		Date.			90				9 e 0	11 0	0 14	0 20				0 15	18. I3	51.0	1 12	15	91	25	3 00	1,4	16	21	
		<u> </u>	<del></del>	1 May	8	₽ E	9	ים ים	6	0	P -	7 7 70 7	C 7	 	. J. 9	٠ ا	AT Y	-				90					
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## List of Pilots, District of Restigouche, N.B.

Pilots.	Age.	Services.	Licenses.	Pilot Boat.	Total.
William Esligar	51 49 34 39	Pilotingdododo	5 00	\$ cts. 5 00 5 00 5 00	\$ cts.

ROBERT MOFFAT, Chairman.

DAVID RITCHIE, Secretary.

> ROBERT MOFFAT, Chairman.

DALHOUSIE, 9th January, 1879.

## APPENDIX No. 62.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF RICHIBUCTO, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEM-BER, 1878.

RICHIBUCTO, N.B., 15th February, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honour to forward the foregoing Returns of the Pilotage

authority of Richibucto District for 1878.

A complaint having been against John Long, one of the pilots of this port by Captain H. A. T. Neilson, of the barque "Draupner," of Kragero, Norway, that his vessel while under the charge of Pilot Long grounded in entering the harbour on the morning of 24th May last, and sustained damage, the full Board of Commissioners met and held an investigation.

Robert Hutchinson, Esq., barrister, Norwegian Consul for the port, conducted the case forthe captain, whose statements with those of the first officer; Mr. Thomas Jardine, shipbuilder; pilots, John Long, George Long, Michaud, McNeil and Richard,

and the Harbour Master, were heard.

The conclusion arrived at was that the accident occurred not from carelessness or incompetency on the part of Pilot Long, who is one of the oldest and most successful pilots of the port, but from the following causes:

1st. The farewell or outer buoy had not been placed on account of the great

quantity of drift ice outside.

2nd. The weather was so rough that morning as to prevent the pilot from see-

ing the Spar Buoy on the Bar.

3rd. It appeared that in the absence of the buoys the pilot had sometimes been guided by the wreck of the "Margaret Hatfield" which lay on the south beach in a direct line with the channel at the entrance. This morning the water covered up the wreck, but a small camp had been put up near the place by fishermen the night before, which he mistook for part of the "Hatfield" and was thus led to take a course too far westward.

It was the opinion of the Pilotage Commissioners that the buoys should be placed down earlier and left later, even at the risk of losing a buoy or two occasionally a control of the state of angre buoys to be ally by ice, and that the Harbour Master should apply for a set of spare buoys to be kept to replace any carried away. They are pleased to find that beacon lights are being erected on the south beach, which, if properly placed, will prevent mishaps like that which befel the "Draupner," besides being invaluable to fishermen and coasters wishing the wishing to enter during the night, and of great service during autumn, when the best

tides are at night to deep laden vessels going over bar.

I am directed to mention an obstruction which at present is in the channel, opposite Jardine's shipyard, within the pilotage limits, in the hope that steps may be taken of Richibucto taken for its removal. A sunken schooner broke adrift from the flats off Richibucto town, and drove up the harbour to its present position, a few feet of the top of the masts are above water. She is directly opposite Messrs. Jardine's building berth, and will be in the way of the new vessel being launched, and will prove a source of trouble and expense to vessels if left where she is, as the ice will probably break off the masts and the nuisance become greater.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

W. J. SMITH,

Secretary to the Pilotage Authority at Richibucto.

To WILLIAM SMITH, Esq., Deputy Minister of Marine, &c., Ottawa.

Secretary.

PILOTAGE RETURNS for the District of Richibucto, N.B., for the year ended  $31 \rm st$  December, 1878.

December, 1878.	
$Pilots. \hspace{1.5cm} Age.$	Licensed.
George Irving	To Pilot any vessel within the Pilotage District of Richibucto.
Rate	es of Pilotage.
District of Richibucto:—	•
Inward or Outward, \$1.50 per foo	t.
Up River District:—	
Upward or Downward, \$1.00 per	foot.
For the removal of any ship or vessel.	and seeing the same properly moored:
\$1.50 for vessels not exceeding 10	0 tons. I not exceeding 200 tons. " 300 "
Vessels inward and outward at the por	et of Richibucto:—
British and Colonial	28- 19-
Amounts collected by Dilete for Dilete	47
Amounts collected by Pilots for Pilota	ge:— \$1,050 00°
	712 50
-	\$1,762 50
Collected by Commissioners:	φ·:,•~-
Balance on hand 31st December, 13 Licenses	1877
77	<b>\$</b> 16 00.
Expenditure:—	nses and regulations
	nses and regulations
	\$8 75
	\$37 25.
	W. J. SMITH,

Richibucto, N.B., 15th February, 1879.

# APPENDIX No. 63.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF GREAT AND LITTLE BRAS D'OR LAKES, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

#### 1. LICENSED PILOTS.

Name.	Residence.	Age.	Amount Receiv- ed by Each.	Remarks.
Archibald Livingston  John Connell	do  Big Bras d'Or Baddeck	47 50 21 29 67 53 40	54 00 31 00	Did not act.  No Return,  Left the country.

#### 2. CERTIFICATED MASTERS WHO ACT AS PILOTS.

No.	Name and Residence.	Vessel.	Tons.
1	James McDonald, Baddeck	Master schooner "Anne Jane"	103
2	Hector McLean, do	do "W. C. Silver"	106

3. The services for which Pilots were licensed: "To undertake the pilotage of vessels of every description within and throughout the pilotage district of the Great and Little Bras d'Or Lakes."

4. Services for which Masters were certified: "To undertake the pilotage of the vessel named in his certificate, and of any vessel of her class for which he may be acting a strong hour the limits acting as Master or Mate at the time, but no other, within or throughout the limits of the of the pilotage district of the Great and Little Bras d'Or Lakes.

5. The pilotage dues for the time being in force are as set forth in the scale hereunto annexed.

6. As we have no pilotage fund, each Pilot takes what he earns. Amount received for liceasing Pilots for the year, \$35.00.

Amount paid Secretary for the year, \$17.50.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

JOHN A. FRASER, Commissioners of Pilots. WM. McDONALD,

BRAS D'OR, VICTORIA COUNTY, Nova Scotia, 31st December, 1878. Scale of Pilotage Fees for the Pilotage District of Bras d'Or, Cape Breton.

Tonnage of Vessels each way.	Bras d'Or.	Plaster Harbour.	Baddeck.	Whycoco- mah.	East Bay.	Little Bras d'Or.	West Bay
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
80 to 100	3	5	7	i 11	10	8	11
00 to 150	4	6	9	12	11	10	13
50 to 200	5	8	10	14	13	1 12	14
200 to 250	6	8	12	16	16	13	16
250 to 300		9	13	16	16	14	18
300 to 350		10	13	18	17	16	19
350 to 400	9	12	14	19	l 18	17	10
100 to 450	10	12	14	29	19	17	20 22 23
150 to 500	11	14	15	22	20	17	25
500 to 600	11	14	15	24	22	18	25
500 to 700	12	15	18	26	24	19	25 28
700 to 800	13	16	20	28	26	20	20

St. Anns the same pilotage fee as Plaster Harbour. And River Dennis the same pilotage fee as Whycocomah.

JOHN A. FRASER, DONALD MORRISON, Commissioners of Pilots. WM. McDONALD,

PRIVY COUNCIL CHAMBER, OTTAWA, 12th April, 1878.

I hereby certify that the foregoing by-laws and regulations were this day approved by His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

W. A. HIMSWORTH,

Clerk Privy Council.

# APPENDIX No. 64.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF HALIFAX, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DEC-EMBER, 1878.

Office of Commissioners of Pilots, Halifax, N.S., 11th January, 1879.

Sir,—In compliance with the law, I herewith have the honour to transmit the Annual Returns of the Pilotage Authority for the District of Halifax, N.S., as follows:—

Return of vessels, inwards, British and foreign. Return of vessels, outwards, British and foreign. Statement of receipts and disbursements. Scale of pilotage dues. List of licensed pilots.

> I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > FRED. D. CORBETT,

Secretary and Treasurer

WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

STATEMENT of Receipts and Disbursements from 1st January, 1878, to 31st December, 1878.

				≕.
RECEIPTS.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.
By Amount collected, Inward and Outward Pilotage, net	12,346 184 522 208	22	13,261	23
EXPENDITURE.			,	
To Amount paid Pilots as per Receipt Book Expenses account, office rent, Secretary's salary, printing, fuel, etc Cash on hand this date	10,790 1,922 548	56		
			13,261	23

E. & O. E.

FRED. D. CORBETT,

Secretary and Treasurer.

RETURN of Vessels entered Outwards, at the Port of Halifax, N.S., from 1st January to 31st December, 1878, subject to compulsory pilotage dues.

### BRITISH.

Schooner. Brigantine.		Brig.	Barque.	Ship.	Steamer.	Tonnage	Amount of Dues.			
4	15	5	40	6	193	271,394	\$ cts- 2,762 72			
FOREIGN.										
3	3	1	19	1	95	89,933	808 10			
7	18	6	59	7	288	361,327	3,570 82			

E. & O. E.

## FRED. D. CORBETT,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Return of Vessels entered Inwards, at the Port of Halifax, N.S., from 1st January, to 31st December, 1878, subject to compulsory pilotage dues.

### BRITISH.

chooner.	Brigantine.	Brig.	Barque.	Ship.	Steamer.	Tonnage.	Amount. of Dues.
131	189	5	41	5	178	320,140	\$ ct 7,039 70
	,		FOR	EIGN.			
49	4	3	21	2	79	85,568	1,736 0
180	193	8	65	7	257	405,708	8,775 7

E. & O. E.

## FRED. D. CORBETT,

Secretary and Treasurer.

Scale of Pilotage Dues for the Port of Halifax, N.S.:-

		Inwards.	Outwards.
Vessels of	of 200 tons and under	\$8 00	<b>\$5</b> 00
do	200 to 300	11 00	7 00
do	300 to 400	14 00	9 00
do	400 to 500	16 00	10 00
do	500 to 600	18 00	11 00

Over 600 tons an additional fifty cents for every 100 tons (or fractional part thereof) above 600 tons, inwards; and twenty-five cents, outwards.

Outward pilotage for all vessels of 200 tons and upwards to be compulsory.

Ships of Her Majesty's navy and all ships of war, when taking a pilot, to pay the

same rates of pilotage as merchant vessels.

All vessels laden with coal from coal ports in the Province of Nova Scotia, being over 80 tons and under 250 tons register tonnage, shall pay one-half the tariff rates if spoken hy a pilot, and his services are not accepted, but any such vessel taking a pilot voluntarily shall pay full tariff rates.

### FRED. D. CORBETT,

Secretary and Treasurer.

## LIST of Pilots for the Port of Halifax, N.S., 1878.

Number.	Name.	Residence.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	John Fleming Thomas Holland James Holland William Baker Bernard Gallagher Daniel Martin Joseph Rhino Patrick Hayes Hugh Munro Jeremiah Holland Edward Bayers James Hanrahan William Beazley John Hayes Timothy Saul Thomas Beazley Charles Glazebrook Richard O'Neil William Smith	Duncan's Cove. do Halifax. do Ketch Harbour. Herring Cove. do Duncan's Cove. Ketch Harbour. Ferguson's Cove. do Herring Cove. Upper Prospect. Ferguson's Cove. do Portuguese Cove.

### FRED. D. CORBETT.

Secretary and Treasurer.

# APPENDIX No. 65.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF THE COUNTY OF HANTS, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

WINDSOR, February th, 1879.

Sir,—The Pilotage Authority of the Pilotage District of the County of Hants, N.S., have the honour to transmit their returns for the past year.

PILOTAGE RETURNS for the District of the County of Hants, N.S., for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

	Name.	Residence.	Age.
1.	James Chandler		
	Charles L. Card	Chiverie	48
	Thomas Murphy	Chiverie	54
	Leonard Martin	Mount Dennison	63

- 2. Certificates-Masser or Mates, none.
- 3. Services for which pilots were licensed: To undertake the pilotage of vessels of every description within and throughout the Sub-Division No. 1, in the Pilotage District of the County of Hants.
  - 4. There has been no pilots licensed for Sub-Division No. 2.

Owing to the closing of navigation about the time of the licensing of the pilots, no work has been performed by them, and they will not enter upon their duties until on or about the first of April next.

#### RATES OF PILOTAGE FOR THE COUNTY OF HANTS.

### Sub-Division No. 1.

1st S	Station,	Inward and	Outwar	·d	40	cents per foot
2nd	do	do	do			
3rd	do	do	do		40	do
4th	do	do	do		40	do
5th	do	do	do	•••••	40	do

#### Sub-Division No. 2.

1st S	tation,	Inward a	ind Outward	 40	cents per foot.
2nd	do	do	${ m d} \alpha$	 20	do
3rd	do	do	do	 40	do
4th	do	do	do	 40	do

### JAMES S. WILEY,

Secretary-Treasurer.

Amounts received by Commissioners, 1878:—  Four licenses and regulations to pilots	1 00
	1 00
Charges:—	•
Paid for printing by-laws and Act, and blank	5 00
postage and stationery 1	5 00
Paid for surveying and reporting on two pilot boats	00
Examining four applicants for licenses	3 00
	1 00
D. Excepted.	
JAMES S. WILEY,	
Secretary-7	reas

To the Honourable

E.

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

## APPENDIX No. 66.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF PICTOU, NOVA SCOTIA, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

l'iciou, N.S., 6th January, 1879.

Sir.—The Pilotage Authority for Pictou District have the honour to submit the Pilotage Returns in duplicate for the past year.

We have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servants.

R. P. GRANT,
J. A. GORDON,
JAMES D. McGREGOR,
A. J. PATTERSON,
DANIEL McDONALD,

To WM. SMITH, Esq.,
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries.
Ottawa.

PILOTAGE RETURNS for the District of Pictou, N.S., for the year ending 31st December, 1878, as required by Section 24 of Chap. 54, 36 Vict., entitled "An Act respecting Pilotage."

### LICENSED PILOTS.

Na ne.	Residence.	Αg
Robert Powell	Boat Harbour	7
A. Thos. Powell	do	6
James Fraser.	Pictou	4
Bryant Rodgers	do	4
Wm. A. Cooke	do	4
Angus McDonald	do	3
Henry H. Powell	Boat Harbour	3
Charles Cooke	Pictou	3
Geo. W. Powell	Boat Harbour	2
Daniel J. Smith	Pictou	2
John R. Powell	Boat Harbour	3
Wm. Munro	Pictou	4
Daniel McLeod	do	3
Ronald McDonald	do	5
Allan McDonald	do	2

### Certificated Masters and Mates:-

Daniel Hedge, Master, Steamship "Worcester." S. E. Wright, Master, Steamship "Carroll." Amabel Bacquet, Master, Steamship "Miramichi.' Mates—none. Services for which Pilots were licensed-

pervices for v							
To unde	rtake the	pilotage	of vessels of	every descr	iption v	vithin :	and
thro	ughout the I	Pilotage I	District of Picto	ou.			
The Pilotage	dues, for the	e time be	ing, in force ar	e as follows:			
				inwards.	Outwar	ds.	
Vessels o	of 80 and m	nder 150	tons	\$ 6 00	8 4	00	
do			do			00	
do		400	do	12 00		00	
do	400 do		do		9		
do	500 de		do		10	1	
do	600 de		do		ii		
do	800 de		do		12		
		•	cents per ton	-	d 4 cer	ats per	ton
DIAMO.							
All steamers	to be rated	at net tor	inage.		., , ,	11	
Pilotago to	ound inward	s, not re	quiring the se	ervices or a.	piiot, sn	an pay	nair
Pilotage to any pi	lot offering	his servi	Ces.				.1 - 4
shall new bold it	zer 190 tons	Dilat Bar	ut, and not rec	fairing me	Bervices	orap	щ,
hall pay half pile	otage to the	PHOL Ful	na. pilotage dues .		<b>6</b> 2 020	<i>C</i> 1	
o. Total	amount rec	eivea for	photage dues .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>\$3,</b> 040	01	
Of the above							
Possing	I from Duiti	ah ahina			89 907	KR	
	I Iroui Drivi	en 40			221	05	
de	) rore	gn uo.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 ب ت	บอ	
					\$3,028	61	
					\$3,020	UI	
Of the above	total -						
Received	i from eailin	w wasan's			\$1 745	AR	
do	ulliad moll i	ahina	*****************		1 983	15	
uo	BUGAIL	юші}м	*	*************	1,=00		
					\$3,028	61	
. 6. Page	1 700 11				•		
Authority in 188	nd Expendi	tures of al	l money receiv	ea by or on b	enall of	the Pilo	tage
Authority in resp	ect of Pilou	s or Pilot	age.				
			RECEIPTS.				
D			-		A 17	00	
Prom 10	Pilots for s	innual bo	nds	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	¥ 10	00	
Pilotage	dues as abo	ve		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,028		
Dalance	in hand from	m last ye	ar		184	25	
					40.00		
					<b>\$</b> 3,2 <b>2</b> 7	86	
			PENDITURE.				
Paid Pil	ots the bala	nce from	last year	\$ 184 25			
Frinting	g bonds, cert	tificates.	&c	11 50	1		
Faid Pil	ots for pilot	tage		2,812 61			
<b>ce</b> cretar	v's salarv			100 00	)		
Commis	sioners atter	nding me	etings of Board	. 50 <b>0</b> 0	1		
		•	•		<b>\$3,158</b>	36	
	Dalas	:	a		460	5.O	
	-DWM III		d	•••••	<b>\$</b> 69	บับ	
			P. GRANT,	)			
			L. GORDON,	P	ilotage A for Picton D	uthority	1
			MES D. McGR	EGOR, }	for		
			J. PATTERSO	N, 1	Pictou D	istrict.	
		DA	NIEL McDON	TALD,			
2. 200			<b>3</b> 37				
3-4 22							

# APPENDIX No. 67.

REPORT OF PILOTAGE AUTHORITY OF THE PILOTAGE DISTRICT OF PUGWASH, NOVA SCOTIA, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Names of Pilots.	Age.
James Seaman (licensed for one year from 1st May, 1878)	76 years
John Seaman	46 "
Norman McIver	58 "
Joseph O. Read	26 "
John Evans	62 "
Colin McLean	48 "

All the above named Pilots are licensed to Pilot vessels of every description within the limits of said district.

Pilotage dues in force :-

V	essels	of 80	and unde	r 140	tons,	<b>\$</b> 6 00	inward,	and \$5.00	outward.
	"	140	"	230	"	8.00	"	7.00	: 6
	44	230	"	300	"	10.00	"	9.00	"
	"	300	"	400	"	14.00	"	12.00	"
	44	400	"	<b>50</b> 0	"	16.00	"	14.00	"
	"	500		600	"	17.00	"	15.00	"
	"	600	"	700	"	18.00	"	16.00	"
	"	700	tons and	upwa	rds 3	cents	per ton	inward.	
	"	700	"	•	$^{2}$		? .	outward.	

On all vessels under 80 tons, 5 cents per ton inward, and 4 cents per ton outward. Steamers employing Pilots to be rated at net tonnage.

Amount of pilotage dues received :-

Dues paid by British ships to the Pilots whose services they required, all classes of ships paying according to		
they required, all classes of ships paying according to	**	
the above scale		00
Amount of dues paid by foreign ships to the Pilots who		
performed the service, same rate of dues as charged to		•
British ships	174	00
Total pilotage dues	717	00

Receipts and expenditures of all money received :-

All pilotage dues are paid to each Pilot individually, as earned by them. of license fee of five dollars was paid by Colin McLean, who was licensed in place Donald McLean, deceased, and applied toward defraying the expenses of the Board. Respectfully submitted.

A. McDONALD, PETER McDONALD, JAMES STEWART, Commissioners.

To the Honorable

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Canada.

## APPENDIX No. 68.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF RICHMOND, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

ARICHAT, December 31st, 1878.

Pilotage Returns for the Pilotage District of the County of Richmond, for the year .

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

### CHARLES LENOIR,

Commissioner and Acting Secretary.

To  $\psi_{M. \text{ Smith}, \text{ Esq.}}$ ,

Deputy Minister of Marine, &c.,

Ottawa.

PILOTAGE Returns for the County of Richmond for the Year 1878.

No.	Name.	Age.	For what servic	e Licensed.
3	Murdoch Morrison Robert Richard Peter Richard Docité Richard John Godieche	34 33 42 50 35	Ptlotage District of do do do do do do	the County. do do do do do

Rates of Pilotage for the County of Richmond :-

_						~	w <i>s</i>	rds.
V	essels unde	r 100 t	ons		••••••	\$	5	50
V	essels from	100 to	150	tons	***************************************	**	6	50
	"	150 to	200				7	50
	"	200 to	250					90
÷	"	250 to	300	"		1	0	00
	"	300 to	350	"		]	1	00
	"	300 to	400	"		1	2	00

and for every additional ton or fraction thereof, 75 cents.

Outwards, one-half the above rates. Steamers taking a pilot shall pay the same as sailing vessels.

Amounts received by Pilots for pilotage for the year 1878 :— British vessels Foreign "	<b>\$15</b> 5 38	75 75
Paid Dilate the full amount of vilators assisted #104.50	\$194	50
Paid Pilots the full amount of pilotage received, \$194.50.		
Amount received by Commissioners, 1878:		
Five licenses to Pilots	<b>\$</b> 50	00
CHARGES.		
Paid Isidore Leblanc, Commissioner, expenses	<b>\$</b> 16	00
" Victor Labash, " "	16	00
" Charles Lenoir, Acting Secretary, "	18	00
	850	00

## CHARLES LENOIR,

Commissioner and Acting Secretary-

ARICHAT, 31st December, 1878.

# APPENDIX No. 69.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF SYDNEY, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DEC., 1878.

Office of the Pilotage Authority of Sydney, North Sydney, C.B., 10th January, 1879.

SIR,—I have the honour of transmitting Returns of the Pilotage Authority this District, for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

W. PURVES.

Chairman and Treasurer.

WM. SMITH, Eeq.,
Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY, DISTRICT OF SYDNEY, CAPE BRETON, FOR THE YEAR 1878.

The Name and Age of each and every Pilot, &c., for the Ports of Sydney and North Sydney, are as follows:—

No.	Name.	Age.	No.	Name.	Age.
5 6 7 8 9	D. McGillivray James Petrie John Curran John Brown David Mullins Peter Madore D. McGillivray (second) John Carroll Thomas Doyle John Petrie Robert Mullins Cornelius Mullins D. McGillivray (third)	59 53 60	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	John Caim Thomas Townsend John Brown (second) John Mullins Sylvester Shannahan Andrew Ratchford John Fraser James McGillivray George Townsend Angus McNeil John Daly Hugh McGillivray (D.)	28 39 28 28 36 34 38 66 56 59

For P	ort	of	Lingan	:
-------	-----	----	--------	---

No.	Name.	Age.	No.	Name.	Age.
2	Thomas Laffin	59 41 38	4 5 6	Neil Robertson Patrick Young Walter Handrigan	26 23 22

For Little Glace Bay and Port Caledonia:-

No.	Name.	Age.	No.	Name.	Age.
1 2 3 4	Hugh RobertsonPatrick RyanWilliam HealenJoseph Shannahan	59 41 49 36	6 7	Edmond[Petrie	36 47 41 41

The number of Shipmasters licensed at North Sydney were 11; at Lingan, 2, and at Glace Bay, 2.

The rates of Pilotage for this District are the same as last year, and as follows:

	To Sydney.	To N. Sydney.
For vessels under 100 tons	<b>\$</b> 6.50	\$ 5.00
From 100 to 150 "	7.00	6.00
" 150 to 200 "	8.00	7.00
" 200 to 250 "	9.00	8.00
" 250 to 300 "	10.00	9.00
" 300 to 350 "	11.00	10.00
" 350 to 400 "	12.00	11.00

and for every additional 50 tons or fractional part thereof, \$1. Outward pilotage shall be the same as inward. Vessels upon being hailed by a licensed Pilot outside the limits of the port for which he is licensed and refusing to, or not taking such pilot, shall pay half pilotage inward; and upon being offered the services of a licensed Pilot within twenty-four hours before being ready for sea and refusing the services of such pilot, shall be liable to half pilotage rates outward. Should the services of a pilot so offering be accepted by the Master and afterwards declined, then the vessel shall be liable for full pilotage rates, and any Pilot placed in charge of a vessel by the Master shall be entitled to receive, in addition to full pilotage rates, the sum of \$2 per diem for each day the vessel may be detained while he is waiting on her, through stress of weather or otherwise. Vessels changing ports in this pilotage district shall only be liable for inward pilotage at the port of arrival, unless a Pilot be employed in changing ports, in which case full tariff rates will be charged. Pilots delivering orders outside of port limits, to vessels to proceed elsewhere, shall be entitled to receive full inward and one-half of the outward pilotage from such vessels, and if, in any case, another regular Pilot belonging to the same port be found in charge, the amount of pilotage collected shall be equally divided

between the Pilot in charge and the Pilot delivering orders. Vessels arriving from sea without being spoken inwards by a Pilot, shall be exempt from outward pilotage unless a Pilot be employed. The rates of pilotage from Lingan, Little Glace Bay and Port Caledonia, shall be the same as from North Sydney.

The total number of arrivals at the Port of Sydney paying pilotage, was 16, consisting of—

3 Steamers	British	Tonnage.	1.350
4 "	Foreign	"	3,600
o Sailing Vessels	British		3,100
1 do	Foreign		<b>5</b> 60
	-		
_ Total 1	tonnage		8,610
The amount of pilotage of	collected at Sydney was a	as follows:—	
From British Vessel	g		151.00
Foreign "	••••••		177.00
Total		 8:	328.00

The total number of arrivals at the Port of North Sydney paying pilotage was consisting of:—

45 334 70	Steamers, British	28,753 110,473 32,949
449	Total tonnage	172,175
e amo	ant of pilotage collected at North Sydney was as follo	ows:—

Total pilotage...... \$7,170 00

7, consisting of:—
The total number of arrivals at the Port of South Bar paying pilotage was
Tonnage.

Steamer, Bri Sailing vessel	tishls, Foreign	1,224 707
The amount of pilota	Total tonnagege collected at South Bar was as follows	1,931 ows —
From British sh	ips	\$95 00
ing of:The total number	er of arrivals at Lingan paying pile	otage was 34, consist-
		Tonnage.

	•		Tonnage.
	28	Sailing vessels, British	3.883
	6	do Foreign	1.406
	-		
Pires	34	Total tonnage	5,289
Тре	amo	ount pilotage collected at Lingan was:—	·

From British vessels \$247 00
From Foreign do 88 00

Total pilotage ...... \$335 00

age consisted of
Tonnage. 6,420 2,290
8,710
\$344 00 96 00
<b>\$</b> 440 00
se was 115, con-
Tonnage.
17,691 2,278
19,969
1
\$751 50 85 50
\$837 00
Amount
328 00 7,170 00 95 00 335 00 440 00 837 00

Port.	No. of Vessels.	Tonnage.	Amount	
Sydney	16	8,610	328 00	
North Sydney	449	172,175	7,170 00	1
South Bar	7	1,931	95 00	
Lingan	34	5,289	335 00	1
Little Glace Bay	35	8,710	440 00	)
Port Caledonia	115	19,969	837 00	
			\$9,205 00	)

STATEMENT of receipts and disbursements by the pilotage authority of Sydney from 1st January to 31st December, 1878.

### RECEIPTS.

North Sydney:—Licenses and bonds, \$81; masters', \$140; boats, \$18	\$239	00
Lingan:—Licenses, bonds, &c., \$22; masters, \$20 Glace Bay and Port Caledonia:—Licenses and bonds,	42	00
Glace Bay and Port Caledonia: - Licenses and bonds,		
&c., \$40; Masters, \$20	60	00
Total pilotage, as per statement	9,205	00
Balance from last year	17	
Total receipts	9,563	28

### EXPENDITURE.

Commission paid 6 Collectors	\$522	30
Paid Pilots per receipt books	8.652	
Secretary and Treasurer	120	
Expenses of 5 Commissioners, \$20 each	100	00
Attorney and Counsel, &c., suit, E. Mahon	25	80
Witnesses and other expenses do	40	00
Printing and stationery, &c	53	00
Balance on hand	19	48
•	9,563	28

## W. PURVES,

Chairman and Treasurer.

NORTH SYDNEY, C.B., January 10th, 1879.

List of Masters licensed by the Pilotage Authority of Sydney, C.B., from the following Ports, during the year 1878, with the names of the vessels.

### FROM NORTH SYDNEY.

Name.	Port of Registry.	Name of Ship.
A. Angrove. A. McMaster. A. McMaster. D. A. Terrio. Anderson Ormiston Desmond. Q. Ormiston Q. Griffin McSachern Phyoir	Montreal Sydney	Steamship "George Shattuck. do "Venezia." Brigantine "J. L. Stewart." do "Milo." Steamship "Valetta." Schooner "Matilda Hopewell. Bark "Lothair." Schooner "Uharles Valentine. do "Bonnabelle." do "W. H. Hatfield." Brigantine "Gen. Pellissier."
	FROM LINGAN.	
M. McDenald	Sydney Halifax	Brigantine "Seaside." do "Leader."
	FROM GLACE BAY.	
G. O'Leary	SydneyHalifax	Schooner "Four Brothers." do "Freedom."

W. PURVES,

Chairman, Pilotage Authority.

NORTH SYDNEY, C.B., 19th February, 1879.

PILOTAGE Returns, Cascumpec, P.E.I., for the Year ending 31st December, 1878.

Name.	Age	Service.	Amount Received.			Remarks.		
John Champion	38	Cascumpec	B. F.	174	ots. 00 00	All Pilots licensed to Pilot in Cascumped Harbor and rivers		
Total	 	***************************************		204	00	Harbor and rivers adjacent.		
George Wells Partners	. 48 58	do	B. F.		00 00			
Total				134	00			
William Skerry Peter Gallant John McIntyre	36 34 52	do do	В. В.		00 00			
Total	 			447	00	1		
James Wells	<b></b> .					Drowned in November.		

JAMES F. WHITE,

Pilotage Commissioner.

CASCUMPEC, P.E.I., 31st December, 1878.

# APPENDIX No. 70.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW LONDON, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

STANLEY BRIDGE, 2nd January, 1879.

to report, in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., Chap. 54, Sec. 24, for the year ending 31st December, 1878.

1. Pilots names and ages :-

Name.		Age.
Johnathan McLeod	About	43 years
John McKay ("Northern Light")	"	40 "
George Andrew Bell.	"	3 <b>5</b> "

- and out. 2. The service for which each Pilot is licensed is for ports in New London, in
- 3. Pilotage dues for the time being in force as per scale published in Royal azette of 13th July, 1878.

4. The amount received and paid to Pilots for pilotage dues amounted to :—

One square-rigged brig and coasting schooner.

5. No money received by Pilotage Authority, the pilotage dues being collected by Pilotage

JAMES A. McKIE, GEORGE BELL, JAS. SQUAREBORG, JOHN JOHNSON, GEO. A. McLEOD,

JAMES SQUAREBORG.

Secretary, Pilotage Authority.

To the Honorable

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 71.

REPORT OF THE PILOTAGE AUTHORITY FOR THE DISTRICT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

PILOTAGE AUTHORITY, VICTORIA, B.C., 10th January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honour to transmit herewith the returns required under Section 24 of the "Canadian Pilotage Act," as far as the first three clauses are concerned.

The information required in Clauses 4 and 5 was only arrived at very late last evening, and will be audited, signed by the Commissioners, and forwarded by the mail, viá Puget Sound, on Monday next.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant, EDGAR CROW BAKER,

Becretary

To the Honourable

The Minister of Marine and Fisheries,

Ottawa.

RETURNS by the British Columbian Pilotage Authority to 31st December, 1878. (Vide "Canadian Pilotage Act, 1873, p. 212, Cap. 54, Sec. 24.)

The part of the pa

### LICENSED PILOTS.

		_												
No. of License.	Date	of :	Lesue.	Seniority as Pilot.				Name.		Age.		Remar	ka.	
1	April	1,	1877	Aug.	10,	1870	John S	abiston		49	Passed un	der Old 1	Board.	
2	do	ı,	1877	Jan.	9,	1873	James	McIntosh		50	do		do	
3	do	1,	1877	June	9,	1873	James	Ramsey .		48	do		do .	
4	дo	1,	1877	Dec.	10,	1874	Freder	ick Revel	y	40	do		do	
5	March				8,	1876	George	e Rudlın		43	Comm'r. s	teamer '	'Maude."	
	1 -		1877	·			i .	m Scott			Passed un	der New	System.	
7	April	1,	1877	June	13,	1876	John	Ramsay		41	do		do	
8	do		1877	1				Christen		38	do		do	
9	June			1			ł	m Ettersh		36	do		đo	
10	March	4.	1878	March	4	1878	Rober	t Hicks		49	Confirmed	anth Ga		
11	June	-, R	1878	Trans							1			
_	1		1878	i			i	Holmes Phompson		1	6 months		n (spare.) er '' Carol	in <b>a.''</b>
_				1			1			i	1			

### REMARKS.

No apprentices employed up to 31st December, 1878. No applications.

No acting pilots, save Messrs. Holmes and Thompson, included in above return.

No person acting under the Pilotage Authority without license or authority.

21st November, 1877, and 7th August, 1878, respectively. Mr. Ramsey has since commanded the steamer "Wilson G. Hunt" (temporary certificate). Mr. Revely has since resigned his position as a For list of certificated Masters and Mates, See Return No. 3.

EDGAR CROW BAKER,

Secretary, P.A.

VICTORIA, B.C., 9th January, 1879.

### RETURNS to 31st December, 1878, Sec. 24, Cap. 2.

No.				Name.	Age.	Service.
					1	
1 Au	g.	10,	1870	John Sabiston	49	)
2 Jar	١.	9,	1873	James McIntosh	50	
3 Jui	ne	9,	1873	James Ramsey	48	
4 De	c.	10,	1874	Frederick Revely	40	From the shores of Washington Ter-
5 Ma	rch	8,	1876	George Rudlin	43	Province which includes the harbours
6 d	)	8,	1876	William Scott	39	Noncina, Esquimait, Burraid (Port
7 Jur	ıe	13,	1876	John Ramsay	41	Augusta) and Caviehan (as also the navigable waters between same),
8 Jul	y	7,	1876	James Christensen	38	Fraser and Skeene Rivers, the Straits of Juan de Fuca, Haro and Rosario.
9 Jur	ie :	21,	1877	William Ettershank	36	
10 Ma	rch	4,	1878	Robert Hicks	48	
11 Jur	16	8,	1878	Peter Holmes	58	
12 De	э.	4,	1878	John Thompson	29	Victoria and Esquimalt only.

#### REMARKS.

The service for which every Pilot is licensed by the British Columbia Pilotage Authority is the entire district, with its harbours and rivers, from Cape Flattery to the mouth of the Skeene River, but is more generally understood to mean from Royal Roads (which is free to all) to the harbours loading coal and lumber. viz: Nanaimo and Burrard Inlet, through the accepted navigable channels, a pilotage distance of some 85 miles; also, of course, Fraser River to New Westminster, Victoria and Eaquimalt Harbours, the latter being now free to vessels seeking either charter or shelter, provided they do not discharge or receive cargo (Feb., 1878). Pilots on board "Carolina" cruize off Albert William's Harbour and Race Rocks.

EDGAR CROW BAKER,

Secretary, P. A.

VICTORIA, B.C., 9th January, 1879.

### List of Certificated Masters.

No.	Name.	Date.	Vessel.	Rank.	Limit.
5 6 7 8	Lewis, Herbert G	do 29   do 29   do 29   do 30   do 30   do 30   do 28   July 3   Aug. 8	Maude. Etta White	do   do   do   do   do   do   do   do   do   Master	do do do do do do do do Verente Sound to Victoria.
14 15 16 17	Stothard, Thomas Ramsey, James	April 2 July 19 Aug. 22	UnemployedOlympia Wilson J. HuntAlexander	Master do	Victoria, Esquimalt and P. Sound, Entire District (temporary).

#### REMARKS.

Captain Morrison b	as been	transferred from the	"Maude" to "Isabel."
Captain Rudlin	do	do	"Cariboo Fly" to "Maude."
Captain Holmes	do	$\mathbf{do}$	"Cariboo Fly" to Pilot Service.
Captain Gardiner	do	do	"Isabel" to "Pilot."
Captain Irvino	do	do	"Royal City" to "W. J. Hunt."
Cantain Lawis	da	do	"Fritanniaa" to "Alumnia"

Steamer "Olympia" having been purchased by the Hudson Bay Company now takes the place of the "Enterprise" during winter months.

### STEAMBOAT SERVICE.

"Otter" runs between Victoria, Sitka, Wrangel, Fort Simpson, &c. "Enterprise" and "Olympia," between Victoria and New Westminster. "Maude" and "Carriboo Fly," between Victoria, Nanaimo and Comox. "Isabel," mail service, Victoria and Puget Sound.

"North Pacific" do

"Grappler," Victoria, Wrangel, Sitka and Fort Simpson.
"Royal City" and "Reliance," Fraser River to Yale.
"Wilson J. Hunt," Victoria, Esquimalt and New Westminster.

"Alexander," general towage service.

"Beaver" "Etta White" do do "Pilot" do do

EDGAR CROW BAKER,

Secretary, P.A.

VICTORIA, B.C.,

9th January, 1879.

## List of Exempted Vessels under Section 3 of the Pilotage By-Laws.

No. of Certificate.	Names.	Rig.	Master.	Tonnage.	Rauk.
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Black Diamond	do do do do do Schooner Steamer Steamer do	Herbert G. Lewis  George Rudlin  Henry Smith  Daniel Morrison  George Rudlin  John Hayes  Chas. Clancey	158 97 317 138 128 488 98 172 81 183 109	Victoria to Fort Simpson, &c. Victoria and New Westminster, summer. Victoria to Nanaimo, winter. General towage and Jervis Inlet. Victoria and Port Townsend. Victoria to Comox, summer. Victoria to Wrangel and Sitka. Victoria and Puget Sound. Esquimalt to New Westminster, &c. Victoria and Fraser River. Victoria, Esquimalt and Nanaimo. General towage and P.M.S.S. Co. General towage service.  do Victoria to New Westminster, winter.

N.B.—All the foregoing steamers pay \$100 per annum, and schooners \$30 per annum, when commanded by Masters holding Pilot Certificates which exempt them from the payment of the ordinary. Pilotage Dues laid down in the By-laws, as shown in Return No. 5, Sheet 6, of these Returns.

EDGAR CROW BAKER,

Secretary, P.A.

VICTORIA, B.C., 9th January, 1879.

 $R_{\text{ETURN}}$  showing the Total Amount of Pilotage Dues received 31st December, 1878.

American   British   French   Chilian   Other   National   Canadian   Special   Months   Service									
S cts.   \$ c	American.	British.	French.	and Nica-	Nationali-	Canadian.		Months.	
Section   Sect				raguan.	ties.				
Section   Sect									
21 00 55 50 43 00 66 00 55 110 50 123 140 75 00 10 00 46 00 10 00 58 00 11 50 110 10 10 10 00 58 00 11 50 110 10 10 10 00 50 00 12 0	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.		\$ cts.
40 00						54 00	188 00	January	20 00
43	40 00							do	10 00
Section   73 00		48 00						1 -	
43 30							142 87		
95 00	43 50								
70 00		76 00						1	
60 00	70 00						183 00	1 , 1	
199   50   68   50   12   20   96   00   56   00   194   00   do   10   00	60 na		41 50						
118	109 50	68 50							
36 00	118 00						150 75	do	
00	36 00		•••••	73 50				1 4	
103 50	60 00					80 00			
208 5j	163 50				55 50		120 37		
100 50	208 50								
140 62   do	100 50				41 50				
104 50	36 იი	1					140 62		
315 00	104 50								
280 00 57 00	315 00								
244 50	280 00								
338 00   30 00   191 00   May   20 00	244 50		•••••	•••••	••••••				
1423   50   46 50   191 00   00   00   20 00	338 00				*** ********	l			
128 75   58 50   191 00   46   20 00	423 50						141 75		
172 00	42 <b>5</b> 75								
191 00 do   30 00	207 00 172 00	47 25							
159 00	-322 50			••••••			191 00	do	30 00
101 00	159 00							1 .	
12 00	230 00	52 00							
16   50   11   25   145   12   do   10   00	72 <b>0</b> 0							July	20 00
99 75 50 50	46 50								
105 00	99 75								
241 50       67 00       141 5 August       20 00         221 00       74 50       172 12 do       20 00         268 50       64 00       133 00 do       10 00         187 56       46 00       145 12 do       10 00         27 00       81 00       176 62 do       10 00         36 00       20 25       132 00 do       10 00         189 00       145 12 do       20 60         135 50       46 50       September.       10 00         168 75       46 50       Go       20 00         44 00       30 25       Go       Go       20 00         440 00       18 75       Go       Go       10 00         440 00       65 5J       Go       Go       10 00         108 00       Go       Go       10 00         10 50       Go       Go       10 00         10 50       Go       Go       10 00         45 00       Go       Go       10 00	105 60								
263 50	211 50		***************************************						
187   58   46   60     176   62   do   10   00	268 50								
27 00         81 00         10 00           36 00         20 25         132 00         do         10 00           189 00         60 00         145 12         do         20 60           135 50         46 50         September.         10 00           168 75         67 00         do         20 00           54 00         30 25         do         10 00           440 00         18 75         do         10 00           440 00         65 5J         do         10 00           81 00         do         10 00           90 00         October.         10 00           110 50         do         10 00           91 50         de         10 00           45 00         de         10 00	187 5a		•••••		}			1	
189 00         20 25         145 12         do         20 60           135 50         60 00         September.         10 00           168 75         67 00         do         20 00           54 00         30 25         do         10 00           440 00         18 75         do         10 00           108 00         65 50         do         10 00           81 00         0         0         0         10 00           90 00         0         0         0         10 00           110 50         0         0         10 00           45 00         0         0         10 00	27 00 36 00	81 00	·····		******				
135 50	189 00								
54 00         30 25         do         20 00           165 00         18 75         do         10 00           440 00         65 50         do         10 00           81 00         do         10 00           90 00         0         0         0           110 50         do         10 00           91 50         de         10 00           45 00         do         10 00	135 50								
165 00	168 75	67 00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1	1		
10 00 10 00	165 00							ا ـد )	
81 00	440 nn					]		ا د ا	
90 00	408 00					· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
110 50 do 10 00 91 50 de 10 00 45 00 do 10 00	90 00				\ . · • • • · • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			October	10 00
45 00 de 10 00 do 10 00	110 50								
do! 10 00	45 00					l	} ! • • • • • • • • • • • • •	de	
	- 00		1	••••••	353	·····		do	

Return showing the Total Amount of Pilotage Dues, received 31st December, 1878.—Continued.

American		British.		French.		Chilian and Nica- raguan.		Nat	ther ionali-Canadian. Special Rates.		sial es.	Months.		Special Services.		
\$ ct	s.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts.	\$	cts	\$	cts.			\$ cts.
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#### RECAPITULATION.

American British French Chilian and Nicaraguan German, Norwegian, Russian, &c Canadian and Colonial Special Rates (mail steamers &c.)	13,578 2,830 430 827 1,270 770	09 75 25 62 74
Gross Less Refunds	27,102 438	
Nett Dues collected	26,661	38

Audited and found correct.

EDGAR CROW BAKER.

10th January, 1879.

#### SPECIAL RATES.

These are for vessels coming under section 12, clause E of the By-Laws, i.e., in cases where the dues would otherwise exceed \$6 per foot in and out, and apply more particularly to the mail steamers "Dakota," "Alaska," "City of Panama," "California" fornia" and "Empire" (all American vessels).

#### SPECIAL SERVICES.

The dues shown as collected under this heading, being in red figures, denote that they are included in the actual dues collected, and expressed under the headings indicates are included in the actual dues collected, and expressed under the headings in fact. indicating their nationality, the total for this service being \$1,430, and is in fact gulf pilotage of vessels in transit from Royal Roads on Race Rocks, &c., to Nanaimo, Burnal age of vessels in transit from Royal Roads includes the amount paid to Burrard Inlet, Baynes Sound, &c., and vice versa; it also includes the amount paid to pilots for the removal of vessels within the limits of a port.

#### EARNINGS OF R. C. PILOTS.

\$23,489 20
\$23,489 20 63 48
48
97
бк
00
9 <b>5</b>
00
00
<b></b> \$6,530 <b>69</b>

Net earnings..... **\$16,958 51** 

The individual earnings per annum would therefore be as follows:—With eight pilots, \$2,119.81; with nine pilots, \$1,884.28; with ten pilots, \$1,695.85; average, \$1,899.98 per annum, or from \$150 to \$170 per man per month.

EDGÁR CROW BAKER,

Secretary-Treasurer.

VICTORIA, B. C., 10th January, 1879.

Approved and certified correct.

R. FINLAYSON, Chairman, W. W. CLARKE, Commissioners. JOHN DEVEREUX COOTE M. CHAMBERS

VICTORIA, B.C., 11th January, 1879.

نبلا	Victoria. Sessional Papers (No. 5.)	Δ.
Cn.	\$ cts. 23,489 23 406 48 13,287 76 1,164 00 28,347 44	asurer.
	\$ C13. 432 42 1,200 00 114 96 56 80 44 35 42 56 22 50 45 62 22 50 440 00 440 00 440 00	BAKER, Secretary-Treasurer.
No. 6-Receipts and Expenditure-Return under Section 24, Clause V.	au. 1878.  do Revenue Services (commission on condictions)	EDGAR CROW BAKER
-Return	Jag78.  Jau. 18t to Dec. 31st, do do do do do do do do do do do do	ers.
KPENDITURE	\$ cts. 26,664 38 100 00 1,290 00 120 00 56 00 62 21 14 85 28,347 44	Commissioners.
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No. 6-Receipt	License Fees (vide Return No. 5) License Fees (vide Sec. 2, By-Laws) Certificate Fees (vide Sec. 3, By-Laws) Examination Fees (vide Sec. 2 & 3, By-Laws) Fines and Forfeitures (vide Sec. 2, by-Laws) Laws) Survey Fees (vide Sec. 4, By-Laws) Interest Account on Savings Bank Deposits Commission Account on additional collections	Approved and certified correct.  R. Finlarson, Chairman, W. W. CLARKE, TOWN DEFERMENT
ĎŘ.	1878. Jan. 18t to Dec. 31st To do do do do	Appi

356

TRIAL BALANCE	i.		D <sub>R</sub> .	•	Cr.
To Pilotage dues collected, 1	balanc	e	\$26,664	38	
License fees	do			00	
Certificate fees	do		1,290	00	,
Examination fees	do				
Fines and forfeitures	do			00	
Survey fees	do			00	
Interest account	do	•••••			
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do Balan	ce to	credit o	$\mathbf{f}$		
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			28,347	44	28,317 44
British Columbia Pilot Fund:-					
Jan. 21.—In Savings Bank	fuam 1	last man	<b>61</b> COE	25	Ø1 605 95
Tune 20 Interest seemed	to dot	ast year.	\$1,685		<b>\$1,685</b> 35
June 30.—Interest accrued	to date	9	59	16	
Dec. 31.—Balance now tran	sferre	d	1,164	00	1,223 16
Total in fun	d		2,908	51	2,908 51
Total III Idii	u	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			2,300 31
				*	
Мемо.	ог В	ALANCES,	&c.		
		·			
Due Pilot John Sabiston, 31	st Dec	cember	\$185	08	
do James McIntosh		io		54	
do John Ramsey		lo		05	
do James Christenser		lo	184		
do Wm. Etteeshank		do			
				. 08	
do William Scott	• 0	_	$\frac{252}{100}$		
do Robert Hicks		io		70	
do Peter Holmes	C	io		61	
do John Thompson		lo	Ni	il.	
			1,320	02	
			1,020		<u>.</u>
<b>.</b>					
Balance in Savings Bank, 3:	lst De	cember	\$1,904	30	
do on hand, 31st Decer				31	
Invested in pilot boats and	station	as	567		
•					\$ 2,484 02
Less balances as al	bove.				1,320 02
Balance to credit o	f Pilo	tage Auth	nority	<b>.</b>	1,164 00
Balance as per Re	venue	and Exp	enditure.		1,164 00
-		ı			

Now transferred to British Columbia Pilot Fund, as under:-	
Invested in British Columbia pilot boats, at	
1 per cent. money \$567 41	
Invested in Savings Banks, 5 per cent. acct. 584 28	
Balance in hand, now deposited 12 31	
	1,164 00

## EDGAR CROW BAKER,

Secretary.

WIACTORIA, B.C., 11th January, 1879.

## VICTORIA, B.C., January 11th, 1879.

I certify that I have examined "Cash Accounts, Books and Vouchers" belonging to the Pilotage Authority kept by and in charge of Edgar Crow Baker, Esquire, Secretary and Treasurer, and find the same correct and in perfect order, showing the following results:—

Cash in hand	584	<b>2</b> 8
·	1,164	00

To the credit of the Pilotage Authority and now transferred to the creditor of British Columbia Pilot Fund.

### COOTE M. CHAMBERS,

Accountant Savings Bank.

# APPENDIX No. 72.

RERORT OF THE MONTREAL RIVER POLICE, FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED 20th JUNE, 1878.

Montreal, 2nd September, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit for the information of the Department a return showing the number of persons that have been arrested and protected by the Montreal Government River Police, for the fiscal year ended the 30th June,

The force was sworn in as usual on the 1st May, 1877, and consisted of one chief constable, four sergeants and nineteen constables, and so continued to date.

The number of persons arrested during the year was 234, and 65 were sheltered. I am happy to say that considering the increased tonnage that has arrived in the port, the evil of drunkenness and usual misdemeanors have materially decreased.

On the other hand, I regret to report that there has been an increase in the number drowned. The record shows that twenty so lost their lives, while only fifteen were saved, though the Department has added to the appliances for rescuing and

recovering persons falling into the water.

During the year one chief constable and one constable died, and two constables resigned; the latter vacancies were filled up by parties who, after due examination, were approved by the Department. Mr. George Murphy, on the recommendation of the honorable Minister, was appointed by an Order in Council to fill the post Vacant by the demise of John McLoughlin, and was sworn in on the 1st May, 1878. He has diligently attended to his duties, and in a remarkably short space of time has acquired a general knowledge of the varied routine of his office. It affords me much pleasure to add that when the necessary experience (which can only be acquired by time and practice) has been obtained, he will doubtless prove that the important trust committed to his care has not been misplaced.

There have been four inspections by the Deputy Minister during the fiscal year, in connection with his other duties in Montreal, and he was good enough to express his his satisfaction with the bearing and appearance of the staff and men, and the

cleanliness and order of the station.

The men are drilled periodically, and become more perfect after each course of The general conduct of the force has been satisfactory, and the staff have performed their duty with zear, discretion and ability.

Thanking you for the valuable suggestions and assistance so often and generously

afforded me in the performance of my duties,

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

H. St. A. ORMOND,

Inspector.

WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

RETURN of Prisoners arrested by the Gove ninent River Police of Montreal for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1878.

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Tolal.		87 	58	21	21	34	<u> </u>			:	-	27	46	523
Protection.		4	4	8	į	13	i	•	•		•	13	23	3
Killing Birds.		•	Ī	-				-	i		:			-
Obstructing passengers on the wharf.		:		•				:	-					
Attempting to Stab.					•		•	-	:	•	1	•		
Assaulting to commit murder.		•	1	•	~	•		:	-					-
Rape.			:	7		•				;		•		_
Sailors deserting their Ship.				2	•	•		•	:		i	:	-	က
Ran away from his parents.			22	က	_	_		Ę	-	:	-	-		6
Insanity.			e .	က	2	-		•	-		_			6
Attempt to commit Suicide.		:	_	•	-	-	•		:	-	-	-	:	61
Bathing opposite the City.			7					•	-	:		-		61
Vagrancy.		က	7	20	•		:	Ī	-	•	•		:	10
Larceny.		6	10	۲.	∞				•	Ī	1	-		29
Fighting on the wharf.		_	_		•			•	•		i			<b>~</b>
Carters impeding on the wharf.		67	4					i	Ī		-		-	9
Orimping Seamen.			1	-	•	•		-	-	:		•		63
Stealing Shirs' cargo.			-	~	:	•		:		•				က
Refusing duty on board		67	7	-	4	:		ļ		•	-	7		2
Sailors absent from Ship without leave.		က	67	5	က	က					•	-	Ī	17
Sailors assaulting their Officers.		-		က				•		•		•	į	4
Sailors drunk, disorderly on board ship.		-	83	70	က	•			:	:	•	10	4	ន
Drunk and Disorderly.		-	79	5	m	6		•			•		4	24
Огипк.		4	17	9	19	2		į	_;			40	00	89
Assault and Battery.		_	-		4	7				:	:	1	:	œ
Assaulting the Police.		-								•	•	П,	64	20
	1877.	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	

RETURN OF ACCIDENTS ON THE WHARVES, &c., FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 1878.

July 4th, 1877.—A horse attached to a truck going up the slope from the wharf with a lead of tin, the horse backed over the revetment wall.

July 9th.—The schooner "Adelaide" collided with the barge "P. L." near the Wellington Bridge; the jib boom of the barge was broken.

July 11th.—Francis More, while on his way to Luchine on board a barge was drowned.

"Spartan" struck his head against the side of the vessel, fell into the basin and wasdrowned. Body found. Coroner notified.

July 12th.—Robert Forshaw, seaman, of the steamship "Caspain," while going on board fell into the river and was drowned. Body found. Coroner notified.

July 18th.—The steamer "Readwater," unloading at Hochelaga; a man working on board was struck by a large tub and knocked into the hold. Was sent to hospital.

July 19th.—A horse belonging to St. Onge fell into the basin and was drowned July 19th.—A laborer working on the steamship "Lake Champlain" full into

July 19th.—A laborer working on the steamship "Lake Champlain" fell into hold and was badly hurt. Removed to the General Hospital.

July 23rd.—The body of a man was seen floating in the river. The body recovered and coroner notified.

the basin and was drowned. The body was recovered by the constable on duty. Coroner notified.

August 4th.—A man working on the steamer "Peruvian" fell down the hatch-way and badly injured. He was conveyed to the General Hospital.

August 13th.—One of the firemen belonging to the steamship "Dominion," when going on board, fell into the river, but was saved by the constable on duty.

feet. August 14th.—A man while going home fell into the new basin, a distance of 30 Was badly hurt. Sent to the General Hospital.

August 16th.—A man named Francis McGuire fell into the basin and was drowned. The body recovered. Coroner notified.

August 17th.—A man sitting on the gangway of the ship "Lake Superior" was struck by a plank, breaking his arm.

August 21st.—A man working on the ship "Lake Ontario" fell from the scaffold ing, breaking his leg. Was sent to the General Hospital.

August 21st.—A man was very badly hurt on board the steamship "Quebec by a chain used for hoisting.

Coroner notified. William Best was drowned while bathing. The body was found.

September 7th.—A carriage proceeding up the canal wharf with a load, was struck by the Grand Trunk engine and badly broken.

September 11th.—A man working on deck of a barge fell, striking his knee against a large spike, which injured him very badly. He was conveyed to the General Hospital.

"Martin Suter" lost his footing, falling into the basin, and was drowned. Coroner notified.

September 13th.—A man attempting to jump from the steamer "Bohemian" caught his foot in a rope, causing him to fall, cutting his head very badly. Conveyed to the station and doctor sent for.

September 14th.—A man fell through the hatchway of the steamship "Memphis" severely injuring himself. Removed to the General Hospital.

September 16th.—The body of a drowned man was seen floating in the river and taken ashore. Coroner notified.

September 25th.—A screw steamer moving out of the harbour, collided with a grain barge, making a large hole in the latter beneath the water-line; she filled rapidly with water.

October 2nd.—The body of a boy named Joseph Chartebois was found in the canal drowned. Coroner notified.

October 8th.—Patrick McGauvran, while working on board a barge, fell into the basin and was drowned. The body was found and coroner notified.

October 10th.—The body of a man named Michael Courtney was found floating in the river opposite the city. Coroner notified.

October 12th.—A seaman, while walking the wharf, fell into the basin and saved by the constable on duty.

October 16th.—The chief mate of the steamship "Ermendale" was drowned while going on board his ship. Coroner notified.

October 22nd.—A seaman named Michael Bratt, belonging to the steamship "Emma Lawson" while going on board, fell off the gangway into the basin and was drowned. Coroner notified.

October 25th.—A seaman belonging to the steamship "Polynesian," while going along the revetment wall, fell to the wharf, was very badly injured and conveyed to the General Hospital by the constable on duty.

November 1st.—A boy fell into the canal basin, and would have been drowned but for the assistance of the constable on duty.

November 3rd.—A horse and truck ascending the slope from the wharf, the horse backed over the revetment wall with a hogshead of sugar and was killed.

November 8th.—A lockman while attempting to jump on board the steamer "St. Francis," missed his footing and fell into the canal. He was saved by the constable on duty.

November 8th—A canal man, while oiling the winch at No. 1 lock, the handle slipped round, hitting him on the nose and breaking it. Conveyed to the General Hospital.

November 13th.—A man belonging to a barge of the Montreal Transportation Company fell overboard, but was saved.

April, 1878.—A widow woman attempted to drown herself by jumping into the canal basin. She was saved by the lockman.

May 6th.—A boy playing with a derrick in the canal used by the contractor for hoisting stones, the handle gave way and hit the boy on the head. He was badly hurt and conveyed to the General Hospital by the constable on duty.

May 20th—A laborer fell down the hatchway on board the steamship "Quebec" and very badly hurt. He died at 7 o'clock a.m. Coroner notified.

May 24th—A man fell into the canal, near the flour sheds. Through the exertions of the constable on duty he was saved.

May 25th.—A laborer working on a barge in the King's basin, fell into the water. He was saved by the hands on board.

June 4th.—A collision occurred near the wharf of the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation Company, the steamer "Canada," bound for Quebec was run into by a barque bound for Liverpool. Both vessels were damaged.

June 5th.—A laborer while working on the wharf had both his legs broken by a marble slab falling on them. He was conveyed to the General Hospital by the constable on duty.

June 5th.—A boy fell into the river and would have been drowned but for the assistance of Mr. John Jordan, who has saved several lives.

June 7th.—A man walking along the canal bank, stepped into a well made for the purpose of working the lock-gates. He was saved by a passer-by.

June 8th.—The steamer "Berthier," crossing to St. Helens Island, her rudder-chain broke; the vessel began to drift down the current. After some difficulty the mischief was repaired.

June 8th.—A man rowing up the river, his skiff was struck by a small tow-boat and capsized. He succeeded in holding on to the boat until assistance arrived.

June 8th.—A laborer at work on board the ship "Hebour Buccari," a lump of coal fell from the bucket on his head, cutting him very badly. Removed to the hospital.

June 15th. -- A boy named P. Garrigan, fell into the canal and was drowned. The body was recovered by the constable on duty and sent to his parents.

June 17th.—The steam-tug "H. H. Whitney" took fire while lying in the canal near Blocks Bridge; the steam-tug "T. Doyle" played on the burning vessel and put out the fire.

### GEORGE MURPHY,

Chief Government River Police.

# APPENDIX No. 73.

REPORT OF THE CHIEF OF THE QUEBEC RIVER POLICE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

QUEBEC, 18th January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honor to submit my Annual Report as Chief of the Quebec

River Police, for the year ended 31st December, 1878.

To this my report is appended a statement giving the number of persons arrested by the men under my charge; the various offences of which they were guilty, and the nationality of the said offenders.

On the 1st May the River Police, consisted of the Chief, who is also shipping-

master for the port, at a salary of twelve hundred dollars per annum.

One chief coxswain acting as steersman for steamer No. 1, at \$2.20 per day; one steersman for steamer No. 2, at \$1.70 per day; six coxswains at \$1.70 per day, one of whom acts as clerk in the shipping office; and thirty-seven constables, at \$1.40 per day, were sworn in for duty, under the command of my predecessor in office, Mr. R. H. Russell. To the above should be added two engineers and one assistant, at fifty, forty-five and twenty-five dollars per month, respectively; and this force remained subject to his control until the 1st June, at which date Captain Russell having retired I assumed the duties of Chief Constable, being appointed thereto by Order in Council bearing date 22nd May, 1878. In the said Order in Council I was also appointed Shipping Master for this port, the duties of which office I have since fulfilled.

On referring to the daily journal of my predecessor for the month of May, I do not find anything calling for your special attention, the ordinary or routine business

of the office being duly performed.

Reverting to the instructions contained in your letter of the 7th June, I have to state that the rules and practice pursued by my predecessor have been strictly adhered to, and the duties of the office have been faithfully attended to as follows, viz: On the river the steamers have performed the usual day duty. The force is divided into crews consisting of one coxswain and six constables, who patrel the river in boats during the night. Warrants are executed on the river and on shore by the men who also search for boats, lumber, or other articles which may have gone astray on the river

When necessary, the Harbor Master or assistant is furnished with a steamer or

Crimping has been very effectually repressed by the operation of the Act 36

Vie., cap. 129.

Care has been taken to inform seamen of the day and hour, as per the Articles which they sign, when they should be on board; a register being kept of the houses where they lodge, we are enabled to call for them, should they falt to be in attendance at the proper time; and the usual system of remaining on board until the ship hauls off, and all is well, has been, whenever required, followed by the men under my charge.

In addition to the foregoing ordinary police duty, one of the men is regularly taken from the force in the month of May and sent to the Tadousac "Fish Breeding Establishment," where he remains until November, in which month an additional man is detailed for duty at the same place, while two others are sent to enforce the laws for the protection of the fisheries on Lake Memphremagoz, during the same

month.

The force being composed of men acquainted with different trades, such as carpenters, sailmakers, painters, &c., they in addition to the regular police duty are employed in various kinds of work in and about the Department, viz:—Making and repairing boats, life preservers, fenders, sails, and other general work required on the Premises.

Owing to the commercial depression, the fleet visiting this port during the season has been very small, from that fact the police duty has been unusually light; and nothing deserving record has occurred beyond the share taken by the force in attempting to suppress a riot which broke out on the 10th June. On that occasion the rioters, numbering about 1,000, threatened the property of a cove owner. The available force at the moment being inadequate to contend with them, several of the men receiving injuries in the attempt, being overpowered, we had to retreat. Serious consequences were subsequently feared until the demands of the rioters were acceded to; the above being the only part taken by the men under my command, in the unfortunate occurrence of that date.

In concluding this report I desire to express my thanks to the Agent, Mr. J. U. Gregory, for the courtesies he extended to me in the discharge of my duties, and also to bear testimony to the worth and excellence of the chief coxswain, Mr. James Cunningham, whose indefatigable zeal, united to forty years experience, renders him a most efficient officer. I would add that the attention of the other officers to their various duties, merits my approval.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

BENJ. TRUDELL,

Chief, Quebec River Police, and Shipping Moster.

WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisherics. Ottawa. A STATEMENT giving the number of persons arrested by the Quebes River Police; the various offences committed by these persons, and their nationality, during the season of navigation, 1878.

Offence.	Number of times Committed.	Nationality.	Number of Persons.
Desertion	28	England,	74
Absence without leave	122	Ireland.	77
Refusal of duty	43	Scotland	55
Refusal to proceed to sea	10	Wales	3
Neglecting to join ship	9	Canada	31
Warrants for assaults	6	Newfoundland	2
Assaults on board ship	9	Malta	2 2 1
do by captains on crew	1	West Indies	1
do by chief mates on crew	ĩ	United States	17
Chief mates assaulted by crew	4	France	- 9
Drunk on wharves and streets	35	Norway	13
Drunk and fighting on board		Sweden	13
Thefts on board	3	Greece	1
Thefts on shore	5	Belgium	2
Cutting and wounding	ĭ	Prussia	3
Protection for the night.	35	Russia	2
Stowaways		Holland	1
Embezzling ships stores		Spain	1
Crimps loitering near a ship		Portugal	1
Going on board without permission	ī	Germany	14
Threatening to shoot with revolver	1	Denmark	3
Swimming at Queen's Wharf		Finland	6
i i	1	Austria	1
		Italy	2
Total	334	Total	334

# APPENDIX No. 74.

REPORT OF THE PORT WARDEN FOR THE PORT OF MONTREAL, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

PORT WARDEN'S OFFICE, MONTREAL, 31st December, 1878.

Sir,-I have the honour to submit the following report and financial statement

for the year just closed.

The season of navigation having come to a close, I have to report on the affairs of the office during the past year, accompanied by a statement showing the amount of moneys received and expended during the year ending this day.

The river was clear of ice this year earlier than usual, but our first arrival from

sea was not until the 29th of April.

The general stagnation of business from which trade and commerce generally have been suffering during the past three years, and from which the shipping interest has not been exempt, still continues to some extent, and has had a tendency to limit the amount of grain shipped during the season, which, notwithstanding this drawback, has been larger in quantity than last year and considerably in excess of the two preceding years.

One noticeable feature in the season's grain-shipping business was the steady, uniform nature of it, and the absence of any more than ordinary briskness and activity on the one hand, or dulness and falling-off on the other; the season having begun with a fair amount of business, it continued steadily about the same until

near the close.

Another noticeable feature in our season's business is the falling-off in the amount of fees collected for surveys on damaged goods and damage to ships. This is very satisfactory as it shows that cargoes generally have been landed in better order than formerly, and that there has been less damage done to ships from grounding, collision, contact with ice and other causes.

There is a marked falling-off in the export of lumber, but an increase in the

shipment of phosphates.

There has been a very considerable increase in the export of cattle this year over former years. I cannot view without much concern the practice some of our spar-decked ocean steamships have got into of fitting up stalls for carrying cattle on their upper decks; the decks are so lumbered up with them and by hay in bales that in case the vessel should, by accident, lose the use of her engines, it would be

be very difficult to work the ship under canvas.

These stalls are put up generally in a very slight and flimsy manner, fastened to the deek by cut nails, and altogether unfit to resist any strain which might be brought to bear upon them through encountering bad weather; were they constructed otherwise, the danger to the ship from so much top weight would be very great; but in case of a ship being struck by a sea and thrown over on her side, these frail structures could not stand the force of a sea which would most certainly wash away cattle, stalls and all pertaining to them; the ship, thus relieved, would righten up again and be out of danger. On the whole, then, I cannot say that such ships are in an unseaworthy condition, which they most certainly would be if the structures referred to were of a more substantial character. Still the practice is a bad one and tends to loss and damage as well as having a tendency to check the export trade in cattle and give the port a bad name.

It is exceedingly satisfactory to be able to report that I have not heard of the loss of any vessel that loaded grain here this season, from shifting of cargo or from overloading, although two very time steamships, with valuable grain cargoes, were wrecked from other causes, viz:—The "Lake Megantic," on the Island of Anticosti, and the "Vindoland" in the Traverse.

The deepening of the channel of the river between this city and Quebec has resulted in attracting a class of ships to this port of a much larger size than formerly, and many of them were able to load full cargoes, thus saving a large amount of money for lighterage to Qeebec. As an instance of this I might mention the case of the steamship "Erl King," of the Donaldson Line, which left this harbour on the 2nd day of November, drawing twenty-two feet two inches, and the steamship "Brooklyn," of the Dominion Line, which left this port on the 7th day of November, drawing twenty-two feet four inches, a thing unprecedented at that time of the year. This, though largely, may not be altogether owing to the deepening of the channel, as a large rain-fall, accompanied by easterly winds prevailed about that time, and no doubt had something to do with raising the water higher than usual; but it is nevertheless a fact that these ships passed down from Montreal to Quebec drawing that water. In former years ships could only load down to that draft in the spring, when the water, owing to the melting of the snow, rises several feet above its ordinary level.

There has been an increase during the year in the number of licenses issued to stevedores and ship liners, notwithstanding which there is still, and always will be, more or less difficulty experienced so long as incompetent and inexperienced men are permitted to work in the harbour as stevedores, and others, equally incompetent, undertake to practice the trade of ship liners. The only effectual remedy which I can see for these evils, is to compel every one by law to be examined as to his qualitications and fitness to perform the work he engages to do, and grant liceness to those who may be found competent. The Act 28 Vic., chap. 14, assented to 18th March, 1865, which deals with this matter, is very good so far as it goes; its only defect is that it does not make it compulsory for these men to take out licenses.

I have not experienced any difficulty in the performance of my official duties generally, and during the season I have had no complaints lodged with me from ship-owners, ship-masters, merchants, shippers or others, in regard to such duties.

I am, Sir, Your obedient servant,

DAVID ROSS KERR,

Port Warden.

CR.	3,789 31 456 59 33 141 21 203 41 60 00 200 00	1,811 83 6,897 38	1,557 38 254 45 1,811 83
	\$ cts. 2,000 00 266 64 666 64 700 00 156 00		
STATEMENT of Cash Account for Year ending 31st December, 1878.	By Paid D. R. Kerr, Port Warden do J. G. Shaw, Deputy Port Warden, four months' salary, at \$800 do J. G. Shaw, Deputy Port Warden, eight months' salary, at \$1,000 do W. J. Anderson, Clerk, twelve months' salary, at \$700 do Office boy	By Balance	Balance
Year e	1878.		
scount for	\$ cts. 1,774 62 173 74 162 68 128 31 128 31 139 62 13 96 1,419 20 1,419 20 1,603 00 6,897 38 6,897 38	1,811 83	,
STATEMENT of Cash Au	To Amount of revenue derived from following sources:    Rees on grain.		
DR.	1878. TO A F	1879. To Be	<u> </u>

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# APPENDIX No. 75.

REPORT OF THE PORT WARDEN FOR THE PORT OF QUEBEC FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

PORT WARDEN'S OFFICE, VICTORIA CHAMBERS,

Quebec, 31st December, 1878.

Sir,—I have the honour to submit this my annual report of the affairs of this office during the past season, accompanied by a statement of fees collected, and expenses during the past year.

In August last, the steamship "Nellie Martin," Capt. Fox, left this harbour in violation of the Port Wardens' Act. The circumstances of this case was duly forwarded to Mr. J. W. Dunscomb, Collector of Her Majesty's Customs of this port,

and to the Department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

On the 28th of last September, the steamship "Brooklyn," Capt. C. J. Lindall, Dominion Steamship Co., was refused certificate and clearance, on the plea of the vessel being overloaded (and too deep), and, in my opinion, not in a seaworthy condition. On the awning or shed deck (besides cabins, boats and other fixtures) there were sixteen hundred (1,000) sheep in cribs, with a large quantity of provender for the use of said sheep and cattle. Capt. Lindall was notified by letter that his vessel was overloaded, and not in a seaworthy condition. It was after agreed on to land from her 'tween decks (150) one hundered and fifty tons of cargo, to place the provender in the 'tween decks. This having been done, the vessel properly trimmed, and the 'tween decks cargo secured, the certificate and clearance was granted, and the vessel proceeded on her voyage to Liverpool.

I must respectfully solicit your attention to the Amendment Deck Load Act (assented to 10th May, 1878). I am of opinion that it has, this past season, unduly been taken advantage of and carried into abuse, more particularly with that class of steam vessels constructed with temporary decks (named shed decks), and those with

only shed coverings crected for carrying live stock.

From my practicable experience of the past season, and taking into consider ation the probable increase in the shipment of live stock this coming season, I am therefore of opinion some stringent measure should be taken to regulate the carry ing of the same on the decks above named, and of steamers of different construction; Taking into consideration the manner that vessels have been carrying cattle (and other live stock) from here and Montreal is, in many cases, inconsistent and danger-

ous, as well as cruelty to animals. It frequently came under my supervision that the top-deck was encumbered to such an extent with live stock and provender that their was not space enough left to prepare the necessary food for the cattle, which had to be done on the top of the sheds. In many cases I have found the boats not available for immediate use by being built in with the sheds erected for the cattle, at same time used for tanks, and filled with water for the use of the cattle. On several occasions during the past season I had to detain the vessels until the boats were cleared of water, and the provender removed from the top of the temporary sheds. From these encumbrances the duties of the seamen can and are only prosecuted at the risk of their lives, having to pass over the top of the sheds and stalls, from forward to aft, and vice versa.

### REMARKS ON THE ABOVE.

Flush-deck steamers should not be allowed to carry more than live stock, in sheds properly constructed, to a limited height of seven feet above the deck.

Spar-deck steamers to have the same privilege for  $(\frac{3}{4})$  three fourths the length of

the upper deck in midships.

Awning-deck steamers to have the privilege of carrying on said deck  $\binom{2}{3}$  two-

thirds its length in midships.

Shed-decked steamers to be allowed to carry one height of sheep cribs the whole length of the deck, and in no case to be allowed to carry provender over any of the above.

I have most respectfully to inform you that, during the past season of navigation, numerous complaints have been made verbally by the masters of vessels, who have called my attention to the danger their crews are subject to, by the encumbrance of the deck loads, and expressively hoping that the Government would take this matter into their serious consideration.

The subject of free board continues to be a vexed question, more particularly with vessels carrying large loads of live stock in their 'tween decks, where they have to keep open hatches. This is a matter which demands more free board than those

entirely loaded with grain.

Amount of fees received as per statement	\$1,648	<b>50</b>
harbour limits		36
	\$1,159	14

The whole respectfully submitted.

I am, Sir, Your obedient servant,

JOHN DICK,

Port Warden.

WM. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

# APPENDIX No. 76.

REPORT OF THE PORT WARDEN FOR THE PORT OF HALIFAX, FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

> PORT WARDEN'S OFFICE. Halifax, N.S., 31st December, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my report of the affairs of this office for the year 1878, accompanied by a statement of the fees collected and the expenses incurred during that period.

Enclosed will be found a list of the vessels that have arrived here in distress, and vessels requiring repairs, upon which surveys have been held by the Port Warden

during the year.

The schooner "Joseph Hughes" or "The Star" still remains in port. No re-

pairs have been made to this vessel since her arrival here.

The schooner "Free Trade" is also still in port and has not received any repairs. The cargo of this vessel was sold at auction by instructions from the shippers, under the authority of the underwriters.

The schooner "Anita," which was towed into this port as a direlict, was sold with her cargo at auction, by consent of the salvors and other parties concerned.

The barque "Leonora," which was undergoing repairs at the date of my last report, after having been repaired, reloaded her cargo and sailed for her destination; After leaving port she encountered a succession of heavy gales, during which she had her decks swept and her bulwarks and stanchions carried away, and was subsequently abandoned. The crew were taken off by a passing vessel and landed at Queenstown,

The barques "Arcangelo" and "Kate Covert," and schooner "Lizzie and Emma"

still remain in port undergoing repairs.

All the vessels bound to other ports with their cargoes, which arrived here in a damaged condition, that have been repaired, have reloaded their cargoes and proceeded upon their respective voyages, and all the vessels that are due at their destinations have arrived, excepting the barque "Leonora" above alluded to.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

DAVID HUNTER,

Port Warden.

WM. SMITH, Esq.

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

ъ.		
MECEIPTS and Expenditure of	the Port Warden, Halifax, N.S., from	1 4 Tanana 4911
and Mapondicule of	the role warden, mannax, A.S., from	ist january tili
_	31st December, 1878	-
$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{R}_{\star}}$	,	On
		Cr.

				CR.	
To Fees for surveys of hatches, stow-	\$	cts.	By Paid food to assistants	\$ 215	cts.
Fees for survey of vessels	575	50	By Paid fees to assistants		54
Fees from all other sources	433 113		Balance carried down	745	
Total	1,122	00	Total	1,122	00
To Balance brought down	745	46	By Amount reverting to Port Warden.	745	46

# DAVID HUNTER,

Port Warden.

E & O. E.

HALIFAX, N.S., 31st December, 1878.

List of Damaged Vessels, and Vessels requiring Repairs, Survoyed by Port Warden, Halifax, N.S.

Name of Vessel.	Port of Registry.	Rig.	Where from.	Where bound.	Description of Cargo.	Nature of Damage.
Commonwealth	North Shields, G.B St. John, N.B Beverley, U.S Newcastle, G.B A rendal, Norway	Steamship do Barque Schooner Barque	Portland	Glasgow	Grain and flour.  Grain  Phosphate  Grain.	Commonwealth       North Shields, G.B.       Steamship       Portland       Portland       Glasgow         Minia       London, G.B.       do       Atlantic Telegraph Oable Service       Renewring decks.         Bletta       St. John, N.B.       Barque       Reverley         Ranavola       Newcastle, G.B.       Barque       Barque         Barque       Barque       Revenley       Fishing voyage         Ranavola       Newcastle, G.B.       Barque       Barque         Barque       New York       Robenbagen       Loss of spars, sails, &c.
The Star. Star. St. John, N.B.	St. John, N.B	Schooner	Turk's IslandSt. John, N.B	Halifax, N.S	Salt	The Star
London Steed  London Steed  Gratitude  Edith Troop  Anita  Arcangelo  Lizzie and Emma  Kate Oovert	Gottenburg Littlehampton, G.B St. John, N.B Genoa, Italy Charlottetown	Barque Barquentine Barque Schooner Sarque	New York Cape Breton Bull River, S. C. Sackwille, N. B. New York New York New York New York New York New York	Amsterdam. New York Birkenhead. Antwerp Crookhayen Gloucester, G.B. Halmes' Hole, U.S.	Petroleum Coal. Phosphate Grain Deals Grain, flour, & c. Potatoes General: and	Leaky from stress of weather.  2. Dominique Arab Steed Arichat, C.B. Barquentine Cape Breton New York Coal.  2. Dominique Arab Steed Barquentine Cape Breton New York Coal.  3. Littlehampton, G.B. Barquentine Barquentine Cape Breton New York Cookhaven Coal.  4. Littlehampton, G.B. Barquentine Cape Breton New York Anita Cookhaven Garline Phosphate Caperal Sackwille, N.B. Cookhaven Gloucester, G.B. Grain, flour, &c. Leaky; loss of spars, spars, &c. Leaky Schooner Sackwille, N.B. Gloucester, G.B. Potatoes Charlottetown Schooner Summerside, P.E.I. Holmes Hole U.S. Potatoes Caperal Schooner Summerside, P.E.I. Holmes Hole U.S. Potatoes Caperal Stranded; leaky: hull damaged in least of the Stranded of

# APPENDIX No. 77.

REPORT OF THE PORT WARDEN FOR THE PORT OF NORTH SYDNEY, C.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

NORTH SYDNEY, C.B., 31st December, 1878.

SIR,-I beg to hand you herewith my report as Port Warden of North Sydney for the past year.

You will notice a great falling off of bunker steamers during the past year as compared with the former year, and that the receipts of the office are very little in

excess of its expenses.

Vessels bound foreign, and calling at this port for bunker coal, grain laden, avail themselves with satisfaction of my services, but vessels loading at this port with coal, with scarcely an exception, do not ask for a certificate of seaworthiness, which, in many cases, I would have to refuse, as they frequently load too deep. I would be the services of this point. would like explicit instructions as to my duty in this point.

During the past year I have been called upon to survey and report on vessels,

cargoes and hatches on sixty occasions.

The total number of vessels visited were forty, which consisted of-

Steamers for bunker, coal, grain laden	15
do injured and requiring repairs	5
Sailing vessels do do	11
Surveys of cargo	6
do hatches	3
•	
	40

The total fees received at this office during the past year in accordance with the annexed scale of fees, which have been approved by the Cape Breton Board of Trade, were \$365.25.

The expenses in connection with the office were as follows:

do	office rent and fuel	12
	•	<b>8</b> 216

Five reports of auction sales have been filed in this office during the year.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most ohedient servant,

ANDREW NISBET.

Port Warden.

The Honorable The Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

### SCALE OF FRES.

First survey of hatches, and certificate  Every subsequent survey of cargo, and certificate	\$2 2	50 00
Survey of cargo when hatches have not been previously surveyed and certificate.	5	00
Every survey of damaged goods on wharf or in store, value under \$200, and certificate	3	00
Every survey of damaged goods on wharf or in store, value \$200 and under 500, and certificate	_	00
Every survey of damaged goods on wharf or in store, value \$500 and over, and certificate		00
Survey of vessel damaged or arriving in distress, and		-
certificate		00
Every subsequent survey, and certificate	Ð	00
Valuation of a vessel for average—under 200 tons, and	_	
certificate	ð	00
Valuation of a vessel for average—over 200 tons, and	_	~^
under 500 tons, and certificate	7	50
Valuation of a vessel for average- 500 tons and upwards, and	10	00
certificate		00
All outre series of seriffectes when required		50
All extra copies of certificates when required		00
Hearing and settling disputes between master and con-)	1	vv
signee of ship, and owners of cargo. \$200 value, \$2.00;		
\$200 to \$500, \$3.00; \$500 to \$1,000 \$4.00; \$1,000 and		
over, \$5.00		
Filing papers of auctioneers, &c	Λ	25
Ascertaining if vessel is seaworthy, and certificate.	Q	00
Survey that repairs ordered if not seaworthy have been )	0	vv
made, and certificate, 200 tons and under, \$3.00; all		
over 200 tons, \$5.00		
General superintendence of a vessel loading	5	00
Vessels putting in in distress or otherwise, from Foreign)	•	•
Ports for every 1,000 bushels and every proportion-		
ate quantity of Wheat and Peas, 15cts. For every		
1,000 bushels and every proportionate quantity of		
1,000 bushels and every proportionate quantity of Barley 12cts. For every 1,000 bushels and every		
proportionate quantity of Oats, 10cts. For every		
1,000 bushels and every proportionate quantity of		
1,000 bushels and every proportionate quantity of Corn, 10cts. For every 1,000 barrels Flour, 75cts.		
Coal Oil per barrel, ½ cont. Ores and Minerals per		
per ton, Ballast excepted, 4cts		
Lumber and all other descriptions of Timber per ton weight	. 0	02

# APPENDIX No. 78.

REPORT OF THE PORT WARDEN OF PICTOU, N. S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Receipts and expenditure of the Port Warden, Pictou, from April 1st, till 31st December, 1878:—

May 14th, surv	ey of	schooner "A. H. C.," of Halifax	<b>\$</b> 4	00
June 22nd,	do	brig "Fanny," of P. E. Island	5	00
July 10th,	do	"Sarah," do	12	00
Sept. 22nd,	do	steamer "Greenland," Newfoundland.	16	00
* do	do	brig "Premier," Halifax	5	00
Nov. 22nd,	do	bark "L. D. Chipman," St. John	16	00
			\$58	00
Expenditure :-				
Rent of Office	• • • • •		\$ 4	00
_				00

I am, Sir, Your obedient servant,

DANIEL McDONALD.

\$16 00

Pictou, N. S., December 31st, 1878.

# ALPENDIX No. 79.

# REPORT OF THE PORT WARDEN OF PORT HAWKESBURY, N.S., FOR THE CALENDER YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Port Hawkesbury, 31st December, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honour to submit my annual report of the affairs of this office,

accompanied by a statement of fees collected by me during the past year.

Enclosed please find list of vessels that arrived in a damaged condition at this port during the past year on which surveys have been held by the Port Warden. Al the damaged vessels that came to the port were repaired, and they proceeded to their ports of destination, but the schooner "Speed," and she is now ready to leave port.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

DANIEL W. HENESEY,

Port Warden.

WILLIAM SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister Marine & Fisheries, Ottawa.

STATEMENT of the Receipts and Expenditure of the Port Warden at Port Hawkesbury, for the Year ending 31st December, 1878.

To Fees for surveys on schooner "Swan"  2 surveys on schooner "Emilienne" do do "Bloomingdale" do do "Water Lilly" do do "Four Brothers"  2 surveys and attendance, brigantine "Carmenta"	\$ cts. 23 00 23 00 33 00 23 00 23 00 23 00 13 00 23 00 22 00 105 00	Paid surveyors	10 10 20 10 10 10	00 00 00 00 00 00
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D. W. HENESEY,

Port Warden.

Port Hawkesbury, 31st December, 1878.

List of Damaged Vessels Surveyed by the Port Warden at Port Hawkesbury.

	LIST Of Dai	naged V	ssels Surveyed by	sr of Damaged Vessels Surveyed by the Port Warden at Port Hawkesbury.	at Port	Hawkesb	ury.	=
Name of Vessel.	Where from.	Rig.	Where Bound.	Port of Registry.	Cargo.	Ballast.	Nature of Damage.	
Swan	Swan   Cape Canso   Schooner.   Picton   Halifax   Ballast   Stranded ; hull damaged.	Schooner.	Pictou	Halifax		Ballast	Stranded; hull damaged.	
Emilienae	Emilienne Wallace	що ор	St. Johns, Na'd	do St. Johns, Nfl'd Wallace Stone	Stone	•	do do	
Bloomingdale	Bloomingdale	т ор	Port Hood	Port Hawkesbury		Ballast	Port Hood Port Hawkesbury Sallast Fore-mast broken; sails torn.	
Water Lilly	Water Lilly Charlettetown	ор	New York	Yarmouth	Potatoes	:	New York Yarmouth Potatoes Stress of weather; leaky.	
Four Brothers	Four Brothers Cape Canso	ор	Boston	Boston Sydney	т ор	Ballast	do Ballast Stranded; damaged cargo.	
Carmenta Queenstown, I	Queenstown, Ireland	Brigantine	Charlottetown	reland Brigantine Charlottetown P. E. Island			do Stranded; hull damaged.	
Tracey Jane		Schooner	New York	Schooner. New York Halifax Potatoes	Potatoes		do do	
H. H. McCurdy	H. H. McCaráy Port Hood	op	Port Hood	do Ballast		Ballast	op op	
Speed	Speed Cariboo Cove	qo	P. E. Island	P. E. Island St. Johns, Nfid		ор	op op	
				-				

# APPENDIX No. 80.

REPORT OF THE PORT WARDEN FOR THE PORT OF SYDNEY, C.B.'
FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

SYDNEY, C.B., 31st December, 1878.

The total number of steamers for bunker coals and requiring surveys on cargo, hatches and certificates from Port Warden: Steamers for bunker coals, grain laden, five.

3	1	\$	cts.	<u> </u>	\$	cts.
June 5	Steamer "Copia":-	-		Expense of Office :		- •
	Survey on hatches and cargo	8	00	Rent of office	20	00
	Certificate		00	Seal and office books	16	00
				Printing and stationery	21	20
do 23	Steamer "Bothel":			l manning and some song		
2011	Survey on hatches and cargo		00	1	57	20
	Certificate		00			
	Of attractive management	•		il :		
July 3	Steamer "Peer of the Realm":-			1		
wury o	Survey on hatches and cargo	,	00			
	Certificate		3 00			
	Oet etticaec	•	, 00			
A A	Steamer "Copia":-			!		
Aug. J	Survey on hatches and cargo		5 00	1		
	Certificate		3 00			
	Ceruncate	•	• 00	[		
O 10	G4 (4 D	l				
pehr. 19"	. Steamer "Reupor":	l .		1		
	Survey on hatches and cargo		5 00	!		
	Certificate		3 00	[]		
		ļ——		ll l	46	00
	1	44	00	11	31	
	!	١		!		7 80
	1			Port Warden's loss for the year	1	,

JOHN LORWAY,

Port Warden.

Dated at Sydney, C.B., this 31st day of December, 1878.

Sworn to before me,

CHARLES MUGGOT, J.P.

# APPENDIX No. 81.

STATEMENT of Receipts and Expenditure connected with the Office of Port Warden for the Ports of Victoria and Esquimalt, from 31st December, 1877, to 31st December, 1878.

Jan.   17.   Survey of goods ez "Lady Lampson," Rickman & Ofner   3tahlschmidt & Ward   do   A. B. Gray   do   do   A. B. Gray   do   do   A. B. Gray   do   do   do   Bagnall   do   do   do   do   Turner & Co.   do   26.   do   do   do   W. A. and J. Wilson.   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   26.   do   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   26.   do   do   do   Stewart & Keast   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   do   do   do   do   d					
10			To Amounts received for surveys, &c. :—	\$	cts.
00   23   00   00   0.   0.   0.   0.   0.		17	Survey of goods ex "Lady Lampson," Rickman & Ofner	5	<b>00</b>
do   23.   do   do   do   Baggall   do   26.   do   do   Turner & Co.   do   26.   do   do   W. and J. Wilson.   do   26.   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   26.   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   do   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   do   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   do   do   do   do   d	•	23			00
00   26   00   00   00   00   00   00   00	•				00
do   do   do   do   Wand J Wilson   do   26   do   do   do   Findlay, Durham & Brodie.   do   26   do   do   do   Gasamayou & Co   do   26   do   do   do   Rome & Co.   do   26   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   Langley & Co.   do   26   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   do   do   do   do   d	•		do do Bagnall		00
25 do do do W. and J. Wilson do 26 do do do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do Rome & Co do 26 do do do W. Fisher do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do W. Fisher do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do W. Fisher do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do W. Fisher do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do W. Fisher do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do W. Fisher do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do W. Fisher do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do W. Fisher do Gasmayou & Co do 26 do do do Rev. Duncan	•		do do Turner & Co	5	00
do   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   28   do   do   do   Gasamayou & Co.   do   28   do   do   do   Kome & Co.   do   28   do   do   do   Kome & Co.   do   28   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   26   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   26   do   do   do   W. Fisher   do   do   do   Mangley & Co.   do   do   do   A. Carr   do   26   do   do   do   A. Carr   do   26   do   do   do   Rev. H. Hall   do   do   Rev. H. Hall   do   do   Rev. H. Hall   do   do   Rev. Hall   do   do   Rev. Duncan   do   26   do   do   do   Rev. Duncan   do   26   do   do   Rev. Duncan   do   do   Rev. Duncan   do   26   do   do   do   Rev. Duncan   do   26   do   do   do   Rev. Duncan   do   26   do   do   do   Rev. Duncan   do   26   do   do   do   Matthews, Richards & Tye.   do   26   do   do   Matthews, Richards & Tye.   do   26   do   do   Matthews, Richards & Tye.   do   26   do   do   Matthews, Richards & Tye.   do   26   do   do   Henry Short   do   26   do   do   Henry Short   do   22   do   do   do   Henry Short   do   22   do   do   do   Henry Short   do   22   do   do   do   R. Marvin   do   22   do   do   do   R. Marvin   do   22   do   do   do   Matthews, Richards & Tye.   do   22   do   do   do   R. Modes & Co   do   do   25   do   do   Turner & Co   do   do   Turner & Co   do   do   Turner & Co   do   do   do   Turner & Co   do   do   do   Turner & Co   do   do   do   do   do   do   do	-		do do W. and J. Wilson	5	00
do   26   do   do   Rome & Co.	-			3	00
do   26   do   do   Stewart & Keast	-			5	00
do   26   do   do   do   W. Fisher	-				00
do 26 do do do Langley & Co do 26 do do do Welch, Rithet & Co. do 26 do do do A. Carr.  do 26 do do do A. Carr.  do 26 do do do Englehardt & Co. do 26 do do Rev. H. Hall do 26 do do Rev. H. Hall do 26 do do Rev. H. Hall do 26 do do Rev. H. Hall do 26 do do Rev. Collinson do 26 do do do Rev. Collinson do 26 do do do Fellowes & Roscoe do 26 do do do Henry Short do 26 do do do Henry Short do 26 do do do Henry Short do 26 do do do Henry Short do 26 do do do Henry Short do 26 do do do Henry Short do 22 do goods ex "Lady Lampson," Ed. Marvin do 22 do goods ex "Lady Lampson," Ed. Marvin do 22 do do Ado Rodes & Co do Rhodes & Co do Rhodes & Co do 25 do do Rhodes & Co do Rhodes & Co do 25 Two surveys on board do Turner & Co do 25 Two surveys on board do Turner & Co do 25 Survey of goods ex do Turner & Co do 8 do load mark "Locksley Hall" do hatches, "Barracouta" do sargo do cargo do mrs. Moore do anches, "Barracouta" do anches, "Barracouta" do anches, "Barracouta" do anches, "Barracouta" do anches, "Garracouta" do do anches, "Garracouta" do do anches, "Garracouta" do do anches, "Garracouta" do anches, "Garracouta" do anches, "Garracouta" do anches, "Garracouta" do anches, "Garracouta" do anches, "Garracouta" do anche					00
do   26   do   do   Welch, Rithet & Co     do   26   do   do   A. Carr     do   26   do   do   A. Carr     do   26   do   do   A. Carr     do   26   do   do   Rev. H. Hall     do   26   do   do   Rev. Duncan				3	00
do	•			5	00
do 26. do do do Rey. Hall	-	۷۴	do do Welch, Rithet & Co	3	00
do	-	26	do do A. Carr	3	00
do   do   do   Rev. H. Hall   do   do   do   Rev. Collinson   do   26.   do   do   Rev. Collinson   do   26.   do   do   do   Fellowes & Roscoe   do   26.   do   do   do   E. Brown   do   26.   do   do   Matthews, Richards & Tye.   do   26.   do   do   Matthews, Richards & Tye.   do   26.   do   do   Henry Short   Hadson Bay Co.   2   do   do   Henry Short   do   22.   do   do   Henry Short   do   22.   do   do   Henry Short   do   22.   do   do   G. Brown   do   D. Brown   D. Brow	-		do do Englehardt & Co	4	00
do   26.   do   do   Rev. Collinson.   do   26.   do   do   Gev. Collinson.   do   26.   do   do   Gev. Collinson.   do   26.   do   do   Gev. Collinson.   do   28.   do   do   Gev. Gev.   do   do   Hadson Bay Co.   28.   do   do   Hadson Bay Co.   29.   do   do   Hadson Bay Co.   29.   do   do   Hadson Bay Co.   29.   do   do   Gev. Gev.   do   Gev.   do   Gev. Gev.   do   Gev. Gev.   do   Gev. Gev.   do   Gev.   do   Gev.   do   Gev.   do   Gev.   do   Gev.   do   Gev.   do	-	26		3	00
do 26 do do Fellowes & Roscoe  do 26 do do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 26 do do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 26 do do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 26 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 28 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 28 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 28 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 28 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 28 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 28 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 29 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 21 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 22 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 22 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do 22 do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Harch & Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Harch & Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Roscoe  do Gellowes & Gel				3	00
do   26   do   do   do   Matthews, Richards & Tye	- 4			3	00
do 26 do do Henry Short	_	26	do do Fellowes & Roscoe	5	00
do 26 do do Henry Short	_			5	00
do   26   do   do   Henry Short   do   26   do   do   Hedson Bay Co.   2   do   Goods ex "Lady Lampson," Ed. Marvin   1   do   22   do   do   do   Hedson Bay Co.   2   do   do   do   Hedson Bay Co.   do   22   do   do   do   Hedson Bay Co.   do   22   do   do   Hedson Bay Co.   do   22   do   do   Hedson Bay Co.   do   25   do   do   Hedson Bay Co.   do   Goods ex   Lady Lampson," Ed. Marvin   do   Goods ex   do   Turner & Co.   do   25   do   do   Turner & Co.   do   25   Survey of goods ex   do   Turner & Co.   do   25   Survey of goods ex   do   Turner & Co.   do   8   do   goods ex "Lady Lampson," Stahlschmidt & Ward   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   do   Hedson Bay Co.   do   Alpril   2   do   cargo   do   Mrs. Moore   do   Hedson Bay Co.   do   Hedson	4	26	do do Matthews, Richards & Tye	5	00
Peb. 7.   Survey of hull of barque "Lulalila"   1	-	26	do do Henry Short	3	00
Survey of hull of barque "Lulalila"	' '		do do Hudson Bay Co	20	00
do   22			Survey of hull of barque "Lulalila"	16	00
do   22	- 4		do goods ex "Lady Lampson," Ed. Marvin	3	00
do   22   do   do   Rhodes & Co     do   25   do   do   Rhodes & Co     do   25   do   do   Turner & Co     do   25   Survey of goods ex   do   Turner & Co     do   8   do   load mark "Locksley Hall"	_		do do E. Brown	5	00
do 25.   do   do   Turner & Co.   do 25.   do   25.   Two surveys on board   do   25.   Survey of goods ex   do   Turner & Co.     do 25.   do   do   do   Turner & Co.     do   25.   do   do   do   do   Turner & Co.     do   do   do   do   do   do   do	. •			5	00
do 25   do do Turner & Co   do 25   Two surveys on board do   Turner & Co   do 25   Survey of goods ex   do   Turner & Co   do   load mark "Locksley Hall"   do   8   do   load mark "Locksley Hall"   do   load mark "Locksley Hall"   do   hatches, "Barracoula"   do   hatches, "Barracoula"   do   hatches, "Barracoula"   do   do   do   do   do   do   do   d	•			5	00
Two surveys on board   do   Turner & Co.	•		do do Turner & Co	5	00
March 4   do   load mark "Locksley Hall"					00
do   8   do   foad mark "Locksley Hall"   18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"   18   do   do   do   Mrs. Moore   do   do   do   Mrs. Moore   do   do   do   Mrs. Moore   do   do   do   Mrs. Moore   do   do   do   Mrs. Moore   do   do   do   Mrs. Moore   do   do   do   Kwong Lee   do   do   do   Kwong Lee   do   do   do   Cargo and hold   do   do   do   do   do   do   do	, , ;	<b>25</b>		4	00
So   So   So   So   So   So   So   So	LCD	4	do load mark "Locksley Hall"		00
18   do   hatches, "Barracouta"	•		do goods ex "Lady Lampson," Stahlschmidt & Ward	- 5	00
A   ril   23			do hatches, "Barracouta"		00
do   9   do   hatches, "Mignon"   do   9   do   goods ex   do   Kwong Lee		23	do cargo do	25	00
do   9   do   hatches, "Mignon"   do   9   do   goods ex   do   Kwong Lee	cH	2	do carboy do Mrs. Moore	1	50
do   goods ez   do   kwong Lee	y			5	00
June   1.		9	do goods ex do Kwong Lee	3	50
do   17   do   do   do   Quickstep     do   21   do   do   do   Gargo and hold   do   Gargo and hold   do   Gargo and hold   do   Gargo and hold   do   Gargo and hold   do   Gargo and hold   do   Gargo and hold   do   do   do   do   do   do   do	,	9	do cargo do	20	00
do   17   do   do   Cargo and hold do   do   do   funday & Co.   do   do   do   do   funday & Co.   do   do   do   do   funday & Co.   do   do   do   do   do   do   do		.1	do hatches, "Princess Royal"	8	00
do   21   do   goods ex   do   Kwong Lee     do   do   do   Findlay & Co.     do   do   do   Gargo and hold   do   do   do   do   do   do   do			do do "Quickstep"	5	00
do   21   do   goods ex   do   Kwong Lee		17	do cargo and hold do	25	00
July 1         do do do Findlay & Co.           do 3         do do do "Princess Royal," Stahlschmidt & Ward           do 15         do do do do do do           do 15         do cargo and hold do hatches, "River Clyde"           do 31         do cargo do batches, "Lady Head"           do 19         do hatches, "Lady Head"           do 19         do cargo and hold do cargo and hold do cargo and hold do cargo and hold do do cargo and hold do do cargo and hold do do cargo and hold do do do do do do do do do do do do do		41		3	00
do   3   do   do   do   do   do   do   do	v-			5	00
do   15   do   do   do   do   do   do   do	7		do do "Princess Royal," Stahlschmidt & Ward		00
do   19			do do do do	4	00
Aug. 7.         do         hatches, "River Clyde".           do 31         do         cargo do           Sept. 17         do         hatches, "Lady Head".           do 19         do         goods ex do           do 23         do         cargo and hold do           Nov. 12         do         goods ex do           Dec. 9         do         hatches, "Ethel".           do 10         do         goods ex do           do 10         do         Stahlschmidt & Ward.           do 10         do         cargo ex "Ethel".		10	do cargo and hold do		00
do   31   do   hatches, "Lady Head"   do   19   do   goods ex   do   Findlay & Co   do   23   do   goods ex   do   Hudson Bay Co   do   hatches, "Ethel"   do   do "Prince Rupert"   do   10   do   goods ex   do   Stahlschmidt & Ward   do   cargo ex "Ethel"   do   cargo ex	, j		do hatches, "River Clyde"		00
do   10   do   goods ex   do   Findlay & Co.     2			do cargo do		00
do   10   do   goods ex   do   Findlay & Co.     2	,,	31	do hatches, "Lady Head"	8	00
do   23   do   cargo and hold   do   do	. 1	17	do goods ex do Findlay & Co	3	00
Nov. 12 do goods ex do Hudson Bay Co		00	do cargo and hold do		00
do 10 do do "Prince Rupert" do 10 do goods ex do Stahlschmidt & Ward do cargo ex "Ethel"	. 2	43	do goods ex do Hudson Bay Co		00
do 10 do goods ex do Stahlschmidt & Ward do cargo ex "Ethel"	· . ]	12	do hatches, "Ethel"		00
do 10 do goods ex do Stahlschmidt & Ward do cargo ex "Ethel"			do do "Prince Rupert"		00
do cargo ex "Ethel"		10	do goods ex do Stahlschmidt & Ward		00
do "Antioch"			do cargo ex "Ethel"		00
	. 2	47	do "Antioch"		00
Total			Total	477	00

I hereby declare this account to be correct.

J. NAGLE,

Port Warden.

Sworn to before me at Victoria, this second day of January, 1879.

### APPENDIX No. 82.

REPORT OF THE SHIPPING MASTER FOR THE PORT OF MONTREAL FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

Custom House, Montreal, 17th January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honor to enclose herewith, statement of fees collected by me for the year ending 31st December, 1878, on account of the following:—

Seamen shippeddo dismissed	47	<b>40</b>
	\$220	00

Being the amount collected by me, as Shipping Master, from 1st January to October 1878, when Mr. George Smith was appointed to the office.

The amount has been placed to my credit.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

W. B. SIMPSON,

Collector.

Wм. Sмітн, Евq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

RETURN to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., chap. 129, by the Shipping Master, or Officer acting in that capacity, at the Port of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the half year ended 30th June, 1878.

154 seamen shipped, paying 50 cents each	12 0 <b>0</b>
Amount of fees received	\$98 00
Amount reverting to Shipping Master	\$98 00

W. B. SIMPSON,

Shipping Master.

Montreal, 30th June, 1878.

RETURN to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., chap. 129, by the Shipping Master, or Officer acting in that capacity, at the Port of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, for the year ended 31st December, 1878.

188 seamen shipped, paying 50 cents each	\$94 ( 35 4 2 (	<b>4</b> 0
Amount of fees received	<b>\$</b> 131 4	<u>40</u>
Amount reverting to Shipping Master	\$131	40

My duties as Shipping Master ceased in the month of October last, when a new Officer was appointed.

W. B. SIMPSON,

Shipping Master.

MONTREAL, 31st December, 1878.

Return to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., chap. 120, by the Shipping Master, or Officer acting in that capacity, at the Port of Montreal, in the Province of Quebec, from 26th October to 31st December, 1878.

54 seamen shipped, paying 50 cents each	$\begin{array}{c} \$27 \\ 14 \end{array}$	
Amount of fees received	\$41	70

From which deduct the following expenses, viz.:-

Paid for blank forms	<b>\$20 43</b>		
Less recouped	2 50		
1		17	93
Paid for office rent		15	00

### \$32 93

Amount reverting to Shipping Master..... ### \$8 77

I have respectfully to call your attention to the fact that the appointment was only surrendered to me on the 26th of October last, by Mr. Simpson, although ready to perform the duty from the date of my appointment.

GEORGE SMITH, Shipping Master.

Montreal, 31st December, 1878.

# APPENDIX No. 83.

REPORT OF THE SHIPPING MASTER FOR THE PORT OF QUEBEC FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER 1878.

SHIPPING MASTER'S OFFICE,

QUEBEC, 2nd January, 1878.

Sir,—I have the honor to forward you my yearly return of fees received and disbursements made at the Shipping Office, Quebec, from 1st January to the 31st day of December, 1878. The vouchers for the expenditure and the fees received, were handed monthly to Mr. J. U. Gregory, in accordance with your instructions.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

BENJAMIN TRUDEL,

Shipping Master.

WM. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

BENJAMIN TRUDEL, Shipping Master.

	Дв.			Statement.	C.R.	1
*3		es ets.	1878.	20	e cts.	
b 25				Statement of Payments made during same period :-		
5	Snipping Omes, Queocc, for the year from 18th January to 31st December, 1878:—			By Paid passage for a Seaman of ship "Magnolia" to Halifax  Deputy Minister for 8 log books		
	British Ships.		<del></del> :-	Subscription to Morning Chronicle		
	395 seamen shipped, at 50 cents	197 50 37 80		W. Dawson, register for ships articles	10000	~~~
					7	
	Dominion Ships.		Sept.	30 Middleton & Dawson, Merchant Navy List	4.03	
	659 seamen shipped, at 50 cents	329 50 72 00	do Oct.		20.0	
	388		9 9	· # [	m oc	
-	Foreign Ships.		<b>8</b> 8		9 69	
	8c seamen shipped, at 50 cents	40 00	Dec.		18 00 00 73 15 70	
	Scamen's Extension Act, 1873, 38 Vict., 1875.	¥	9 g		4	
	17 seameu shipped, at 40 cents	08 9	op _	13 By Balance handed to Mr. J. U. Gregory	548 07	
		683 60			683 60	
	41 B 41 D 21 B	British seamen Dominion do British do Were dischar	n of stea	British seamen of steamship "Lake Megantic," wrecked.  Dominion do "Lake B enheim," do British do do "Vindolana," do  Were discharged, for which no fees were charged.		
	103 8¢	103 seamen.		Certified,		

UEBEC, 31st Docember, 1878.

# APPENDIX No. 84.

REPORT OF THE SHIPPING MASTER FOR THE PORT OF ST. JOHN, N.B., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

### SHIPPING OFFICE,

St. John, N.B., 5th July, 1878.

SIR,—I enclose herewith statement of the business transacted at this office for the half-year ended 30th June, showing an increase of two men shipped and discharged over the estimated number for the corresponding period last year; monthly wages have ranged from \$8 to \$16, and runs from \$20 to \$30, being at the latter figures at this date.

I am Sir, Your obedient servant,

ALLAN McLEAN,

Shipping Master.

### STATEMENT.

1,597 men shipped, at 50 cents	<b>\$798</b>	õ0
755 men discharged, at 30 cents	226	<b>50</b>
	\$1,025	00

### LESS.

Assistant's salary and incidental expenses	<b>\$</b> 433	01
Net income of office	\$591	99

Sir Albert J. Smith,

Minister of Marine, &c., Ottawa.

### SHIPPING OFFICE,

St. John, N.B., 4th January, 1879.

SIR,—I herewith forward you statement of the business transacted at this officer for the half-year ended 31st December, 1878, showing an increase of 109 men shipped and discharged over the corresponding period last year. The business depression has kept wages low, the amounts paid varying from \$18 to \$i4 by the month and \$30 to \$20 by the run to the United Kingdom, at which latter figures they remain at present.

Thinking it may be a matter of interest, I also forward a statement showing the nationalities of the seamen shipped at this port during the year, by which it will be seen that more than half of the entire number are natives of Canada, and that our ships are manned in a great measure by our own men.

> I am Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > ALLAN McLEAN, Shipping Master.

Hon. J. C. POPE,

Minister of Marine, &c., Ottawa.

### STATEMENT

Of business transacted at the Shipping Office, Port of St. John, N.B., for the half-year ended 31st, December, 1878:

		cents30 cents		)33 259	50 50
	_				
			\$1.9	293	00

### LESS.

Assistant's salary and incidental expenses	449 50
Net income of office.	\$844 50

ALLAN McLEAN,

Shipping Master.

St. John, N.B., 4th January, 1879.

STATEMENT showing the nationalties of the seamen shipped at the Port of St. John, N.B., during the year 1878.

- outtry.	o. of men shipped.		of men ipped.
Dominion of Canada	1.840	Greece	12
United Kingdom	696	Belgium	
- 41000 Otales	309	Spain	
~ weuen	160	Portugal	
~\01WXV	155	Australia	
		Africa	
		South America	
		Manilla	_
		India	
		Malta	
		Canaries	-
		-	•
Newfoundland	. 23	Ceylon	-
Austria.	. 19	Turkey	
Russia	15		3.664
***************************************	19	ý4.	0,00%

# APPENDIX No. 85.

REPORT OF THE SHIPPING MASTER FOR THE PORT OF HALIFAX FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

HALIFAX, N.S., 1st July, 1878.

SIR,—Enclosed please find statement of income and expenditure in connection with this office to 30th June, 1878, which I hope will prove satisfactory.

I am, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

JOHN D. CUMMINS,

Shipping Master.

WM. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

RETURN to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., cap. 129, by the Shipping Master, (or officer acting in that capacity,) at the Port of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the half-year ended 30th June, 1878.

1.328 ser men shipped, paying 50 cents each	<b>\$</b> 664 <b>3</b> 09	
Amount of fees received	<b>\$</b> 973	00
From which deduct the following expenses, viz:  Clerk, office rent, fuel, and incidental expenses	<b>\$</b> 508	00
Amount reverting to Shipping Master	<b>\$</b> 465	00

Business has been very dull this season, wages have ruled low for seamen the past half-year, never having been over fitteen doilars, either to the United Kingdom, West Indies or elsewhere.

JOHN D. CUMMINS,

Shipping Master.

Halifax, N.S., 1st July, 1878.

SHIPPING OFFICE,

HALIFAX, N.S., 2nd January, 1879.

Sir,—I have the honour to hand you the returns of the Shipping Office at this

Port for the half-year ending 31st December, 1878.

The one return will show the number of men shipped and discharged to the death of Mr. John D. Cummins, with expenses attending the office as near as I can

The other will show the number of men shipped and discharged from the time I have taken charge to the end of the year.

Hoping they will prove satisfactory.

I am, Sir, Your obedient servant,

W. McNAUGHTON,

Acting Shipping Master.

Wm. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

RETURN to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the previsions of the Act 36 Vic., cap. 129, by the Shipping Master, (or officer acting in that capacity,) at the port of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the half-year ended 31st December, 1878.

1,257 seamen shipped, paying 50 cents each	\$628 265	50 80
Amount of fees received	\$894	30
Prom which deduct the following expenses, viz:		
Assistant		
Office rent		
Incidental expenses 110 00		
·	479	24

Owing to the large number of men being ashore this past half-year wages have only been fifteen dollars per month for West Indies, United Kingdom or elsewhere.

Amount reverting to Shipping Master..... \$415 06

W. McNAUGHTON,

Acting Shipping Master.

Halifax, N.S., 2nd January, 1879.

RETURN to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., cap. 129, by the Shipping Master. (or officer acting in that capacity) at the port of Halifax, in the County of Halifax, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the half-year ended 31st December, 1878.

83 seamen shipped, paying 50 cents each	\$41 28	50 20
Amount of fees received	<b>\$</b> 69	70
From which deduct the following expenses, viz:		
Office rent		
Assistant 16 00		
Expenses 8 00		
	39	<b>3</b> 8
Amount reverting to Shipping Master	<b>\$</b> 30	32

W. McNAUGHTON,

Acting Shipping Master.

Halifax, N.S., 2nd January, 1879.

## APPENDIX No. 86.

REPORT OF THE SHIPPING MASTER OF THE PORT OF LIVERPOOL, N.S., FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

LIVERPOOL, N.S., 27th July, 1878.

SIR,—I herewith enclose returns of seamon shipped and discharged at this office during the six months ended 30th June, 1878, which I trust you will find in order. Please excuse the delay in not forwarding the returns sooner, as they were mislaid in this office.

I am, Sir, Your most obedient servant,

> W. A. KENNEY, Shipping Master.

То WM. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

Return to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., chap. 129, by the Shipping Master, or (officer acting in that capacity), at the Port of Liverpool, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the half-Year ending 30th June, 1878.

422 seamen shipped, paying 50 cents each	<b>\$</b> 211 63	00 60
Amount of fees received	\$274	60
From which deduct the following expenses viz.:-		
Office rent and taxes \$33 50		
Fuel, stationery, &c 10 00	43	50
Amount reverting to Shipping Master	\$231	10

W. A. KENNEY.

Shipping Master.

LIVERPOOL, N.S., 30th June, 1878.

LIVERPOOL, N.S., 2nd January, 1879.

Sir,—I herewith euclose returns of seamen shipped and discharged at this office during the half-year ended 31st December, 1878, which I trust you will find in order.

I am, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

W. A. KENNEY,

Shipping Master.

WM. SMITH, Esq.,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

RETURN to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., chap. 129, by the Shipping Master (or officer acting in that capacity) at the Port of Liverpool, in the County of Queens, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the half-year ended 31st December, 1878.

223 seaman shipped, paying 50 cents each	\$111 96	50 90	
Amount of fees received			
From which deduct the following expenses, viz.:-			
ruel, stationery, &c	43	00	
Amount reverting to Shipping Master	<b>\$165</b>	40	

W. A. KENNEY,

Shipping Master-

LIVERPOOL, N.S., 31st December, 1878.

# APPENDIX No. 87.

REPORT OF THE SHIPPING MASTER FOR THE PORT OF YARMOUTH, N.S., FOR THE CADENDAR YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1878.

SIR,—I have the honour to hand you returns of the shipping office of this Port for the half-year ended 30th June, 1878, showing a small increase compared with the corresponding half-year ended 30th June, 1877. Average rate of wages \$16.

Yarmouth, N.S., 3rd July, 1878.

C. W. CLEMENTS, Shipping Master.

RETURN to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., cap. 129, by the Shipping Master, (or officer acting in that capacity,) at the Port of Yarmouth, in the County of Yarmouth, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the half-year ended June 30th, 1878.

292 seamen shipped, paying 50 cents each	\$146	00
280 seamen discharged, paying 30 cents each	84	00
Amount of fees received	<b>\$2</b> 30	00
From which deduct the following expenses, viz. —		
Office rent \$37 50		
Fuel and incidental expenses 5 00		
	42	50 —
Amount reverting to Shipping Master	<b>\$</b> 186	50

SIR,—I have the honour to hand you the returns of the shipping office at this Port for the half-year ending 31st December, 1878, showing increase of 86 men shipped, as compared with the corresponding half-year ended 31st December, 1877; the result is owing to the 9 new ships sailing from here this fall. Wages \$14.

# I am Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Hon. J. C. Pope, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawn. C. W. CLEMENTS, Shipping Master.

RETURN to the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., cap. 129, by the Shipping Master, (or officer acting in that capacity) at the Port of Yarmouth, in the County of Yarmouth, in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the half year ended December 31st, 1878.

460 seamen shipped, paying 50 cents each	<b>\$2</b> 30 <b>65</b>	
Amount of fees received	<b>\$</b> 295	10
From which deduct the following expenses, viz:-		
Office rent		
1	<b>\$</b> 49	50
Amount reverting to Shipping Master	\$245	60
Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, 31st December, 1878.		

# APPENDIX No. 88.

STATEMENT showing results of certain Returns respecting shipping and discharging of Scamen, received by the Department of Marine and Fisheries in accordance with the provisions of the Act 36 Vic., chap. 129, from Shipping Masters throughout the Dominion, for the half-years ended 30th June and 31st December, 1878.

QUEBEC.

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	Nemo	22	For Half-y	For Half-year ended 30th June,	toth June,	For Ha	For Half-year ended 31st December: 1878.	ed 31st	Total	Total	
Name of Port.	of County.	Shipping Master.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Dis- charged.	Amount.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Dis- charged.	Amount.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Dis- charged.	Total Amouut.
					S cts.			e cts.			& cts.
GEscoumains Bonaventure John E. Barry	Bonaventure	John E. Barry				No return. No return.	No return.		Deficient returns.	eturns.	
Gaspé Gaspé	Gaspé	Brnest Têtu	70	4	3 70	No return. No return.	No return.		Deficient returns.	eturns.	
Magdalen Islands Gaspé	Gaspé	J. J. Fox		17	No charge   No return. No return.	No return.	No return.		Deficient returns.	eturns.	
Montreal Montreal	Montreal	W. B. Simpson Geo. Smith	154	40	00 68	242	167	171 10	396	207	260 10
New Carlisle Bonaventure	Bonaventure	W. Montgomery	6		4 50	No return. No return.			Deficient returns.	eturns.	
Percé Gaspé	Gaspć	G. LeBoutillier,	1 crew.		1 70						1 70
Quebec Quebec	Quebec	B. Trudel	453	115	259 60	869	354	424 00	1,151	469	683 60
Rimouski Rimouski	Rimouski	P. L. Gauvreau									
St. John'sSt. John's	St. John's	E. D. Philips			-	No return. No return.	No return.		Deficient returns.	eturns.	
Sorel Richelieu G. Peltier	Richelieu	G. Peltier				No return. No return.	No return.		Deficient returns	eturns.	
Three Rivers Three Rivers C. H. Godby	Three Rivers	C. H. Godby			No return. No return.	Ne return.	No return.	,	Deficient returns	eturns.	
			-								

				NEW BR	BRUNSWICK					***************************************	
Alma /Albert	./Albert	Robert Wright	91 /	3	8 90	1		3 50	23	3	12 40
Bathurst Gloucester.	Gloucester	W. J. O'Brien		******		9	9	4 8)	9	9	4 80
BuctoucheKent	Kent	R. Douglas			:	24	80	14 40	24	80	14 40
Chatham Northimber	North:mberl'd	l'd J. J. Brown	99	13	36 90	111	52	71 10	177	65	108 00
Cocagne Kent.	:	A. K. Dysart		:		σο 	П	4 30	00	H	4 30
Dalhousie Restigouche		W. Montgomerie			_						
Fredericton York	York	A. F. Stree		:				:			
Grand Manan Charlotte	Charlotte	T. Wooster	18		00 6	10		00 9	28		14 00
Harvey Albert	Albert	W. J. Reid	18	H	9 30	18	-	11 10	36	80	20 40
Hillsborough Albert	Albert	Wm. Wallace		H	4 80	27	10	15 00	36	9	19 80
Lepreaux Charlotte	Charlotte	G. K. Hansoh						:			
Musquash St. John	St. John	A. T. Dunn	2		3.50	32	7	19 60	42	1	23 10
New Bandon Gloucester		P. J. Foley			2 00			:			
Newcastle Northumber!'d R. B. Haddow	Northumberl'd	R. B. Haddow	14	က	1 90	No return.	No return.		Dec	Deficient returns.	ns.
Northilloggins Westmorela	Westmoreland	nd Rufus Cole	4		2 00	15	10	00 6	19	ĸ	11 00
Quaco St. John		J. Carson									
Richibucto Kent	•	John Rusk	29	31	23 80	32	22	22 60	19	53	46 40
Sackville Westmorela	Westmoreland	nd J. D. Dixon	16	ĸ	9 60	Ne return.	No return.		De	Deficient returns.	ns.
St. Andrew's Charlotte		Samuel Billings	98	31	62 30	41	22	27 10	127	53	19 40
St. George Charlotte		J. A. Moran	15	ĸ	00 8	9	-	3 30	21	9	12 30
St. John St. John	St. John	Allan McLean	1,697	755	1,025 00	2,067	865	1,293 90	3,664	1,620	2,318 00
St. Stephen's Charlotte	Charlotte	H. Webber	17	10	11 50	10	m	6 90	27	13	17 40
Shediac Westmorela		nd Hon. D. Hanington		•		No return.	No return No return.		ص ا	Deficient returns	rns.
ShippeganGloucester.	Gloucester	Henry A. Sormany								,	

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STATEMENT showing results of certain Returns respecting shipping and discharging of seamen, &c.—Continued.	

	Z	, and	For Half.	For Half-year ended 30th June, 1878.	30th June,	For Ha	For Half-year ending 31st December, 1878.	ing 31st 378.		Total	
Name of Port.	County.	Sbipping Master.	Seamen. Shipped.	Seamen Dis- charged.	Amount.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Dis- charged.	Amount.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Dis- charged.	Total Amount
Advocate	Cumberland	C. Ward	9	3	\$ cts.			S cts.	De De	Deficient returns.	cis.
Amberst Cumberland	Cumberland	Nathan Tupper	10		5 00	-					
Annapolis	Annapolis	A. Fullerton	7.5	10	40 60	42	40	33 00	1117	020	73 50
Antigonish Antigonish	- :	Н. МсРые	e 	6	4 20	No return.	No return. No return.		De	l Deficient returns.	, ras.
Apple River	Cumberland	J. W. Ward		63	09 0	17	ъс.	10 00	17	7	10 60
& Arichat Richmond	-:	D. O' C. Madden	128	21	79 30	98	100	73 00	214	151	152 30
Aspey Bay Victoria	- :-	D. McDonald				:					
Baddeck Victoria,		А. Сатегоп	21		10 50	40	_	2 75	28	-	13 25
BarringtonShelburne		D. Sargent	#	4	8 20	17	က	9 40	31	2	17 60
Bayfield Antigonish		E. G. Randall	7		1 00 1	No return. No return.	No return.		Del	Deficient returns.	os.
Beliveau Ocve Digby	:	J. V. Stuart	20	1	12 10	· · ·	15	8 20	28	23	20 60
Bear River	Digby	D. J. Morse	Number not	t given	91 00	115	103	88 40	:		179 40
Beaver River	Colebester	R. Perry				No return. No return.	No return.	•	Det	 Deficient returns.	ns.
Bridgetown	Annapolis	S. S. Ruggles	8	87	1 60	80	4	5 20	10	9	08 9
Canada Creek	King's	C. V. Rawling	14		00 4	2		2 50	19		9 50
Canso Guysboro'	Guysboro'	John Jeffery	17	10	10 00	15	10	00 6	32	10	19 00
Clementsport Annapol's	Annapol's	C. F. Ditmars	37	16	21 80	22	91	15 50	26	31	37 30
Acamana Nic			-	-		_	_		_		

4	2 (	/ict	tori	a.				S	e 88	ion	al	Paj	per	B (	No	. ម	<b>)</b>				I	۷.	187	79
33 40 !	31 60		2 30		7 80	2 00	1,937 00		15 00	6 10		13 60		15 60	00 96	1 00		25 20		483 00	456 40		11 00	00 60 <del>*</del>
81	69	eturns.	-		1		2,010	turns.	01	-1	turns.	-1	turns.	12	20	,	eturns.	19	:	535	448	turns.		380
, 54	62	Deficient returns	4	No returns.	15	4	2,660	Deficient returns.	24		Deficient returns.	23	Deficient returns.	24	150	22	Peficient returns	39		645	584	Deficient returns.	22	200
14 50	01 01		0 50		3 80		964 00		10 20	2 90		09 9		5 00	62 00	1 00		08 6		208 40	178 50		0 20	206 60
*		No return.			,	:	086	No return.	6	· 60	No return.	1	No return, No return.		40		No return.	=		323	202	No return.		212
97 !!	61	No return.	-		2-		1,340	No return.	15	4	No return. No return	6	No return.	10	80	7	No return.	13		223	234	No retura.		286
17 90	21 50	2 90	1 80		4	2 00	973 00	10 10	4 80	3 20		1 00	8 50	10 60	44 00		1 00	15 40		274 60	249 90		10 50	202 40
13		e	П				1,030	12	֝֟֝ <u>֚</u>	4				12	30			80		212	243			168
28	43	4	83		80	4	1,328	13	6	*	:	. 41	17	14	02		63	26		422	350		21	304
Isaac Archibald	Botsford Viets	Isaiab Thurber	J. E. Orpen	B. Rynard	D. Campbell	J. A. Tory	J. H. H. Naughton	(acting.) Wm. Davison	E. Corbet	Henry Morris	E. DeWolf	J. D. Giffin	J. Moffat	M. D. McKenzie	J. H. Wade	Matthew Roche	M. McDonald	J. E. Hitchins	James Hemlow	W. A. Kenney	George Stalker	Robert Dill	W. H. Mc.Alpine	Joseph Creighton
Cape Breton	Digby	Digby	Kings		Cape Breton	Guysboro'	Halifax	Hants	Ancigonish	Kings	Kings	Guysboro'	Cumberland	Shelburne	Lunenburg	Cape Breton	Cape Breton	Cape Breton	Guysboro'	Queens	Shelburne	Colchester	Cape Breton	Lunenburg
Cow Bay   Cape Breton   Isaac Archibald	Dighy Digby Botsford V	Freeport Digby	French Cross Kings J. E. Orpen	Getson 8 Cove	Great Bras d'Or Cape Breton D. Campbel	Guysboro' Guysboro' J. A. Tory	Halifax	Hantsport Hants Wm. Davison	Harbour au Bouche Ancigonish E. Corbet	HarbourvilleKings Henry Morr	Horton E. DeWolf	Elsasc Harbour  Guysboro' J. D. Giffin.	J. Moffat J. Moffat	Jordan Bay   Shelburne M. D. McKenzie	La Have J. H. Wade	Lingan   Cape Breton   Matthew Roche	Little Bras d'Or   Cape Breton M. McDonald	Little Glace Bay Cape Breton J. E. Hitchi	Liscomb   Guysboro' James Hemlow	Liverpool Queens W. A. Kenn	Lockeport Shelburne George Stal	Londonderry   Colchester   Robert Dill	Louisburg Cape Breton W. H. McAlpine	Luneaburg Luneaburg Joseph Creighton

42 110	ctoria.		Dessi	OHe				,	740		, 							
	5	Total	\$ cts.						201 60		216 80	37 60	10 4 >			9 00	56 40	01 11 /
ntinued.	Total	Deamen Dis- charged.	10		turns.		turns.	turus.	212	turns.	171	37	8	turns.	turns.		48	о 
n, &c.—Co	Total	Seamen Shipped.	14	:	Deficient returns		Deficient returns.	Deficient returns.	262	Deficient returns	331	53	16	Deficient returns.	Deficient returns.	12	***	18
of Seamer	ed 31st 78.	Amount.	\$ cts.		:				161 70		124 90	24 80	2 90				26 00	0 8 40
charging	For half-year ended December, 1878.	Seamen Dis- charged.	10		No return.		No return.	No return. No return.	159	No return.	113	31	m	No return.	No return		25	8
g and dis	For ha	Seamen Shipped.	10		No return.		No return.	No return.	208	No return. No return.	182	31	4	No return. No return	No return. No return		37	<b>8</b> 0
pecting Shipping SCOTIA.—Continued.	oth June,	Amount.	\$ cts.	•	00 9		6 59		39 80		91 90	12 80	2 50	43 30	4 80	00 9	30 40	2 30
respectin A SCOTI	For half-year ended 30th June, 1878.	Seamen Dis- charged.			:				43	:	58	9	۵	36	1	•	23	
Returns re	For half-ye	Beamen Shipped.	4		12		13		54	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	149	22	12	65	6	13	47	01
results of certain Returns respecting Shipping and discharging of Seamen, &c.—Continued.  NOVA SCOTIA.—Continued.	Name	of Shipping Master.	Charles D. Mader.,	Geo. Rigby	Alex. Roy	James Ross.	D. W. Landers	Robert Murray	Albert Corbett	4. S. Townshend	M. Campbell	A. Bourneuf	J. MacKinnon	R. Sanderson	E. D. Tremain	J. Swain	J. J. Letson	D. Murray, jun
Statement showing res		County.				Inverness	Annapolis	Pictou		Cumberland	Pietou	Digby	:	-:	:			-
Statemen		Name of Port.	Mahone Bay Lunenburg	Main à Dieu   Cape Breton.	Maitland Hants	Margaree Inverness	Margaretsville Annapolis	Merigomish Pictou Robert Murray	North Sydney Cape Breton .	Parrsborough Cumberland A. S. Townshend.	Pictou Pictou	Port Acadie Digby	Port Caledonia Cape Breton.	Port Gilbert Digby	Port Hood Inverness	Port la Tour Shelburne	Port Medway	Port Mulgrave   Guysboro'

Don't Hilliam King's(G S. Lockwood	Kings	(G. S. Lockwood	į			101	······	00 5	107		2 00	-
Pubnico   Yarmouth   P. S. D'Entremont No return No return	Yarmouth	P. S D'Entremont	No return.	No return.		32		16 00	Del	l Deficient returns.	ns.	
Pugwash Cumberland	Cumberland	J. H. Black	13	20	12 50	No return.	No return. No return.			op		
Ratchford's River	•	F. F. Hatfield	6	:	4 50	23	10	14 50	32	10	19 00	
Port Richmond Richmond	Richmond	A. McDonald	4		2 00	87	4	2 20	9	4	4 20	
St. Ann's Cape Breton	Cape Breton	D. McAuley				က		1 50	က		1 50	
St. Mary's River   Guysboro'	:	A. P. McKenzie				e	67	2 10	ന	61	2 10	
S. Peter's Richmond	- ;	Donald Urquhart	 о	:	4 50	4	က	2 90	13	e	7 40	
Sheet Harbour Halifax		M. Macfarlane	4		3 20	No return.	No return. No return.		Def	Deficient returns.		
Shelburne	Shelburne	W. F. Atwood	28	8	29 60	24	<b>00</b>	14 40	82	10	44 00	
Ship Harbour Halifax		Edgar Hill	ന	63	2 10						:	
South Bar Cape Breton		P. Hullins			:	-		0 20	_		0 20	
Sydney Cape Breton		R. J. Ingraham		~	08 0	10	10	4 00	20	9	4 30	···
Thorne's Cove Annapolis E.	Annapolis	E. H. Porter	45	61	23 10	12	<b>†1</b>	10 20	29	16	33 30	
Truro Colchester	•	J. Т. Сгоwе									:	
Tatumagouche Colchester J. A. G. Campbell	Colchester	J. A. G. Campbell	29		2 50	7	8	1 00 1	9	2	3 60	
Wallace Cumberland.	Cumberland	W. McNab	2	:	1 00	6	11	08 2	11	,	8 80	
Walton Hants	Hants	A. McN. Parker										
Weymouth Digby	Digby	Sterns Jones	21	6	13 20	9		3 00	27	6	16 20	
Windsor Hants		E. 0'Brien	œ	9	5 80	33	15	21 00	33	21	26 80	
Wilmot G. B. Reed	Annapolis	G. B. Reed	12		00 9	No return.	No return. No return.		Def	Deficient returns.	18.	
Ya.mouth Yarmouth C. W. Clements	Yarmouth	C. W. Clements	292	280	230 00	460	217	295 10	152	497	525 10	

STATEMENT showing results of cortain Returns respecting shipping and discharging of Scamen, &c .- Continued.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

				THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF		.7.					
	N o M	o me N	For Half.y	For Half year ended 30th Jure, 1878.	30th Juse,	For Ha	For Half-year ended 31st December, 1878.	ed 31st 78.	Total	Total	E
Name of Port.	County	Of Shipping Master.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Dis- charged.	Amount.	Seamen Shipped.	Seamen Dis- charged.	Amount.	Seamen Shipped.	Scamen Dis- charged.	Total Amount.
					s cts.			♣ cts.			\$ cts.
Cascumpec			No return. No return	No return.				:	De	Deficient returns.	ns.
Charlottetown Queen's	Queen's	Wm. Koughan	263	80	198 50	358	297	318 00	621	377	216 50
Crapaud Queen's	Queen's	S. J. B. Leard	2		1 00	14	-	7 30	16	-	8 30
Georgetown		Сhas. Оwen	21	-1	12 60	104	41	64 30	125	48	16 90
Malpeque		J. M. Macvorit	63		1 00	No return. No return	No return.		Del	Deficient returns.	ns.
Montague Bridge Ning's	King's	М. Rowe				13	4	7 70	13	4	7 70
Murray Harbour King's	King's	H. J. Brehaut						:			
Pinette Queen's	Queen's	A. Murchison									
Port Hill Prince	Prince	W. Hopgood		13	3 90	15		7 50	15	13	11 40
St. Peter's Bay King's	King's	R. D. McCallum				-		0 20		:	0 20
Souris King's	King's	Jas. Moynagh	88		21 40	53	10	17 50	67	18	38 90
Summerside Prince	Prince	C. W. Strong	12	-	6 30	28	11	34 20	70	18	40 50
Tignish Geo. Conroy, acting		Geo. Conroy, actir			3 00	No return.	No return. No return.		Del	Deficient returns.	ns.
West Cape Prince		Charles Stewart				op	ф			op	

**	V 1C	tor	18.				Sessional	Papers	į No.	<b>5.</b> )			4
	32 70					47 70	ine.						
	49	Vo return.	To return.	To return.	To return.	£	er of Man						
٠	36	No return. No return.	No return. No return.	No return. No return.	No return. No return.	94	WM. SMITH, Deputy Minister of Marine.						
	20 00					17 70	VM. SMI'	•					
	20	No return. No return.	No return No return.	No return. No return.	No return. No return.	6	<b>P</b>					÷	
ند	28	No return.	No return	No return.	No return.	<u>&amp;</u>							
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	12 70		:			32 00							
BRITISH	29	No return.	No return.	No return.	No return.	30							
	8	No return. No return.	No return.	No return.	No return.	46		y, 1879					
	ohns		:		No return. No return.	W. Hamley		NE AND FISHERIES, OTTAWA, 1st January, 1879	FISHERIES,				
	N. Westminster	Victoria	Vale.	N. Westminster		:		F MARINE ANI OTTAW					
	Ruchard Inlot	Manimolt Victoria	Kontanav Vale	Now Westminster.	Conthorn Roundary	Victoria Victoria W. Hamley		DEPARTMENT OF MARINE .					

# APPENDIX No. 89.

RETURN by the Collector of Customs of the amount of collections of Tonnage Dues at the Harbour of Cow Bay, and amount of Tolls collected on merchandise landed on the pier, during the year ended 31st December, 1878.

			Tonnage Wharfa Dues	
For the	quarter ended	31st March, 1878	\$ 210	96
do		30th June, 1878		
do		30th September, 1878		
do	do	31st December, 1878		
	Total		<b>\$</b> 3,086	86

### WM. SMITH,

Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisherics.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES, OTTAWA, 1st January, 1879.

# SUPPLEMENT No. 4

TO THE ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
MINISTER OF MARINE AND FISHERIES
FOR THE YEAR, 1878.

# REPORT

OF THE

# COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER,

1878



OTTAWA:
PRINTED BY MACLEAN, ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET;
1279.

## CONTENTS.

#### REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES.

# THE FISHERIES OF CANADA.

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF

W. F. WHITCHER, Esq,,

Commissioner of Fisheries.

DEPARTMENT OF MARINE AND FISHERIES,
OTTAWA, 31st March, 1879.

To the Hon. J. C. Pope,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

Sir,-The preliminary report on the Fisheries Service of Canada, which was submitted to Parliament early in the present Session, consisted chiefly of an account of expenditure and receipts during the calendar year, ending the 31st December, 1878. It also embraced the results of operations in the artificial hatching of fish, giving the numbers of young fish so hatched and distributed from the deposit of 1877, and the quantities of vivified eggs deposited in the fall of 1878, now in process of incubation. Necessarily, the present statements repeat in detail much of the information embraced in the partial report above referred to. In addition, however, it affords detailed information concerning various branches of the service. The reports of the Several Fishery Officers engaged in the service are printed in the Appendices. They contain particulars of the year's business in each of the Provinces and Fishery Divisions; they also include details respecting the quantity and value of fish caught in sub-divisions of the respective Fishery Districts; describing the condition of different tishings, the state of the rivers, the observance of Fishery Laws, and proceedings taken to enforce the same. Reports of the different officers connected with 3 d--B

the cultivation of fishes by artificial means, also form part of these Appendices. The efficiency and industry manifested by the officers, to whose reports attention is directed, together with the important matters forming the subjects of their statements, commend this interesting information to careful perusal.

#### PRODUCE AND VALUE OF THE CANADIAN FISHERIES.

It is very satisfactory to be enabled to state that the fisheries of Canada are still improving in their condition and yield. Their produce for last year compares favorably with the returns of preceding years, as shown by the following comparative table. The value in 1877 had reached \$12,029,957; and in 1878, it increased to \$13,215,678. There are no details of the catch in Manitoba and other portions of the North-West Territory, but it may be estimated at \$49,000. The increase over last year is \$1,225,721. This difference is principally in the cod, mackerel, salmon and lobster fisheries.

#### COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Production in each Branch of Fishing within the respective Provinces of the Dominion of Canada, in 1877 and 1878.

#### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Kinds of Fish.	187	77.	187	8.
Kinus of Fish.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		\$ ets.		\$ ct:
odfish cwt.	467,728	1,996,344 00	527,640	2,242,470 00
orings bris.	113,098	452,392 00	130,219	520,876 00
do smokedboxes. ackerelbrls.	28,780 113,638 <del>1</del>	7,195 00   1,136,385 00	7,165 129,698	1,791 25 1,296,980 00
	125,036	18,755 40	70,875	10.631 25
addock cwt	118,635½	415,224 25	100,867	353,034 50
	33,820	18,370 00	41,517	145,309 50
	29,4351	103,024 25	38,266	133,931 00
alibut lbs. almon, pickled brls.	668,060 9503	40,083 60 14,261 25	692,866 1,107	41,571 96 $16,605 06$
do fresh, in ice lbs.	420,919	63,137 85	350,344	52,551 60
uo smoked "	17,910	2,686 50	26,880	4,032 00
do preserved come	48,715	7,307 25	54,680	8,202 00
lewives	5,433	19,015 50	5.738	20,083 00
routlbs.	65,645	3,938 70	66,620	3,997 20
had.	313,302 4,536	18,798 12 36,288 00	288,155 7,245	17.289 30 57.960 00
	1,501	13,509 00	2,020	18,180 00
	1,275	76 50	8,000	480 00
	980	2,940 00	918	2,754 00
	4,982,026	747,303 90	5,574,092	836,113 80
ish Guanotons.	531	7,965 00	840	12,600 00
od Topous	9,779 905	4,889 50	10,105	5,052 50
	007 150	6,335 00 219,160 50	$\begin{array}{c c} 922 \\ 329.934 \end{array}$	6,454 0 214,489 6
resh fish sold in Digby Countydo Guyshoro' County	001,110	213,100 30	0.0,074	6,480 0
do Guysboro' County		l	' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	15,803 0
do Halifax County	i	25,000 00		34,878 2
do Inverness County		36.297 30		
do Shelhurne County	***************************************	11,175 🐠		11,509 0
do Victoria County		•••••		25,000 00 11,125 0
do Queen's County				3,236 0
do Halifax Ceunty  do Inverness County  do Lunenburg County  do Shelburne Ceunty  do Victoria County  do Queen's County  do Stewiacke				137 0
Total	1			6,131,599 6
PROVINC	B OF NEW 1	RUNSWICK.	1	
odfish cwt.	! 60.000	000 000 07	20.070	900 147 5
Something the second se	68,209 120,158	289,888 25 480,632 00	<b>68</b> ,270 111,491	290,147 5 445,964 0
do smokedboxes.	519,725	129,931 25		152,575 0
brls.	4.472	44,720 00	9,080	90,800 0
addook Proserved Cans.	65,040	9,756 00	43,814	6,572 1
ollack ewt.	14,690		9,8633	34,522 6
Aka	24,926	87,241 00	18,027	63,091 5
GILL	40,590 121,200	124,065 00 7,272 00	61,419   147,090	214,966 5 8,825 4
allout 1he	1 121,000	5,340 00	111,030	1,680 0
almon, pickled	356			000, 200 1
do fresh, in ice lbs.	1,348,007	202,201 05	1,530,021	229,503 1
almon, pickled	1,348,007 62,350	202,201 05 9,352 50	56,020	8,403 (
almon, pickled brls.  do fresh, in ice lbs.  do smoked "  do preserved cans.	1,348,007 62,350	9,352 50 16,761 00	56,020 155,331	8,403 € 23,299 €
almon, pickled bris. do fresh, in ice lbs. do smoked '' do preserved cans. lewives bris.	1,348,007 62,350 111,740 9,135	202,201 05 9,352 50 16,761 00 45,675 00	56,020 155,331 8,936	8,403 0 23,299 6 44,680 0
almon, pickled	1,348,007 62,350 111,740 9,135 56,338	202,201 05 9,352 50 16,761 00 45,675 00 3,380 28	56,020 155,331 8,936 59,489	8,403 0 23,299 6 44,680 0 3,568 8
almon, pickled	1,348,007 62,350 111,740 9,135	202,201 05 9,352 50 16,761 00 45,675 00	56,020 155,331 8,936	229,503 1 8,403 0 23,299 6 44,680 0 3,508 8 72,808 5 37,976 0

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT—Continued. PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK—Concluded.

W. J. A.D. J.	187	77.	18'	78.
Kinds of Fish,	Quantities.	Value.	Quantities.	Value.
Bass	228,954 7,738 1,988,974 890 5,951 1,294 121,335	\$ cts. 13,737 24 23,214 60 298,346 10 13,350 00 2,975 50 9,061 50 78,867 75	259,553 11,270 2,759,711 1,095 6,400 433 120,314	\$ cts 15,573 18 33,810 00 413,956 65 16,425 00 3,200 00 3,031 00 78,204 10
Total		2,133,236 97	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,305,790 69

#### PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

		,	1	
Summer Cod-fishing qntls.	225,816	1,129,080 00	1) 000 000	1 404 400 00
Autumn do	37,626	188,130 00	292,936	1,464,680 00
Herrings, pickled brls.	73,924	358,925 50	53,983	269,915 00
do smoked boxes.	700	175 00	22	5 50
o fresh-water brls.	25	125 00	11	55 00
Mackerel	5,343 <del>1</del>	53,435 00	8,659	86,590 00
do preserved in cans lbs.	960	144 00	5,136	770 40
Haddockqutls.	248	1,240 00	666	3,330 00
ling	99	495 00	25	125 00
Hahbat brls.	2271	1,365 00	286	1,716 00
Salmon, pickled "	$2,\overline{232\frac{1}{2}}$	26,790 00	2,729	32,748 00
	326.548	16,327 40	489,786	24 489 30
				10 004 00
do pieces.	8,806	8,806 00	12,024	12,024 00
do smoked box.	100.005	4 00	700 554	00.000.10
do preserved, in cans lbs.	100,605	15,090 75	139,574	20,936 10
Winnonish pieces.		822 50	4,045	1,011 25
Trout (sea) brls.	276½	2,217 00	134	1,072 00
do speckled and grey lbs.	458,740	36,687 20	509,740	40,779 20
Sturgeon brls.	$617\frac{1}{2}$	4,940 00	523	4,784 00
Bar and Whitefish doz.	10,539	21,078 00	9,017	18,034 00
Bar Fishpieces.	2,642	1,321 00	1,560	780 00
Shad "	52,647	5,264 70	27,033	2,703 30
Sardines brls.	8,130	40,650 00	4,905	24,525 00
Eels "	23	230 00	17	170 00
do pieces,	182,744	28,274 40	372,376	37,237 60
Bass brls.	525	5,250 00	1,614	16,140 00
Pike "	773	7,750 00	1,148	11,480 00
Pickerel "	1,870#	18,705 00	2,272	22,720 00
Tom Cod bush.	20,000	10,000 00	25,000	12,500 00
Tanny brls.	´ 2	10 00		
Small and mixed Fish "	6,313	3,156 50	3,762	1,876 00
Mixed Fish	16,778	83,890 00	16,810	84,050 00
Maskinongepieces.	767	1,534 00	880	1,760 00
Shark"	40	240 00	1	2,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Seal Skins	14,612	18,265 00	28,007	35,008 75
Porpoise Skins	137	548 00	103	412 00
Lobsters, preserved, in cans lbs.	450,669	67,600 35	731,008	109,651 20
do fresh	5,000	250 00	131,000	100,001
Fish and Clams, used as bait and	0,000	250 00		
manure brls.	206,649	187,859 25	102,145	93,827 50
Fish used for local consumption	11,5542			43,684 00
	234	46,218 00	10,921	2,178 00
Cod Tongues and Sounds, " Seal Oil galls.		2,106 00		2,170 00
Whole Oil	73,560	36,780 00	127,848	63,924 00
Whale Oil	13,716	6,858 00	5,600	2,800 00
Torpoide Off	11,188	8,950 40	10,104	8,083 20
Cod Oil "	225,129	112,564 50	212,160	106,080 00
		0.500.147 :5	1	0.004.055.20
		2,560,147 45	·	2,664,055 30
	7:111			

# COMPARATIVE STATEMENT—Continued. PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Kinds of Fish.	187	7.	1878	
	Quantities.	Value.	Quantities.	Value.
This e		\$ cts.		\$ cts
whitefish brls.	7,776	77,760 00	4,061	40,610 00
dolbs.	1,876,300	93,815 00	1,160,200	58,010 00
dopieces		30,105 00	722,300	72,250 00
rout brls.	12,526	125,260 00	5,691	56,910 00
CITIES	10,288	51,440 00	8,762	43,810 00
	1,505	7,525 00	822	4,110 00
	786 <del>]</del>	3,932 50	1,801	9,005 00
1400	1,624	8,122 50	2,701	13,505 00
440	995	4,977 50	1,073	5,365 00
	2,931	14,657 50	3,095	15,475 00
oarse Fish	5,157	20,628 00	7,268	29,072 00
		438,223 00		348,122 00
PROVINCE (	F PRINCE ED	WARD ISLA	ND.	
odfish cwt.	13,590	57,757 50	13,625	54,500 00
-CILITIOS NEG	9,493	37,972 00	13,570	54,280 00
lackerel	40,462	404,620 00	36,482	291,856 0
Un procorred the	1 20,202	404,020 00	1,200	120 00
addock "	129,048	7,742 88	111,504	3,345 1
lake cwt.		26,001 50	11,708	35,124 00
almon, pickled brls.	7,429	450 00	27	270 00
do fresh in ice	0.440	1,416 00	7,313	438 7
lewives brls.	9,440 745	2 607 80	1,366	4,781 00
lalibut lbs.	140	2,607 50	2,255	135 30
rout lbs.	200	12 00		
melts	33,700	2,022 00	25,985	1,559 10 186 <b>0</b> 0
888	2,200	132 00	3,100	70 9
lela	2,200	132 00	1,182	216 00
dels brls.	17	153 00	36	
ysters	20,850	62,550 00	17,902	53,706 00
obsters, preserved cases	. 663,900	99,585 00	*1,649,800	329,960 0
Y 1000mas and Nonnas hris	7334	1,634 50	4742	5,219 50
*64 VIIR	. 8,074	5,248 10	9,053	4,526 5
ish used for local consumption in	1	<b>** **</b>		
the Counties of Prince and Kings \$		<b>53,000 0</b> 0		50 <b>0</b>
ish used as manure brls.			100	
	<u> </u>	763,035 93		840,344 2
PROVING	DE OF BRITIS	H COLUMBIA.	• L	be.
almon, pickled brls.	3,561	28,483 00	5,465	43,720 0
do preserved, in cans lbs.	3,234,576	436,667 76	5,452,880	736,138 8
do smoked	0,002,010	600 00	16,741	1,339 2
do do e				800 0
lerrings, pickled brls.	263	2,104 00		
do smoked	203	1,200 00	25	250 0
3		1,200 00		1,200 0
tergeon preserved the	1,000	125 00		_,
lixed Fish, other than Salmon brls.	1,000		50	300 0
laddock, dry	50	300 00	1	100 0
Jaddock, dry		100 00		3,000 0
Oolûhans, pickled brls.			118	944 0
Seal Skinspieces	# 7AA	05 050 00		43,168 5
Oogfish, Seal and Porpoise Oil galls	5,700	25,650 00	9,593	60,206 4
Olahan ()ii	. 115,495	46,198 00	150,516	1,600 0
Jolahan Oil	10,000	10,000 00	1,600	
Terring Oil	·····		2,000	1,000 0
resh fish, sold on markets		30,000 00		30,000 0 2,000 0
son nome admanmbatoff***		2,000 00		-,

## GENERAL RECAPITULATION of the Yield and Value of the Fisheries

774 ) 6 54	Nova	Scotia.	New Bi	rnnswick.	Qu	ebe <b>c.</b>
Kinds of Fish.	Quanti- ties.	Value.	Quanti- ties.	Value.	Quanti- ties.	Value.
		\$ cts.		\$ ets.		\$ cts.
Codfishcwt. & qtls. Herrings, pickled brls. do smokedboxes.	527,640 130,219 7,165	2,242,470 00 520,876 00 1,791 25	68,270 111,491 610,300	290,147 50 445,964 00 152,575 00	292,93 <b>6</b> 53,983 22	1,464,680 00 269,915 00 5 50
do do brls. do dovalue.	•••••	*********		,		
do dovalue. do fresh water brls.				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	11	55 00
Sciscos do		********		•••••		********
Mackerel do do preserved in cans lbs.	129,698 70,875	1,296,980 00	9,080		8,659	86,590 00 770 40
Haddock qtls, & cwt		10,631 25 353,034 50	43,814 9,863§		5,136 666	3,330 00
do lbs.		1				
do smoked value.						125 00
Pollack cwt.	41,517	145,309 50	18,027	63,094 50	25	125 00
Hake do	38,266	133,931 00	61,419	214,966 50	1	
Halibut lbs. dovalue.	692,866	41,571 96	147,090	8,825 40		
do brls.					286	1,716 00
Salmon, pickled do	1,107	16,605 00	112	1,680 00	2,729	32,748 00
do fresh, in ice lbs.	350,344	52,551 60	1,530,021	229,503 15	489,786	24,489 30
do dopieces. do smoked los.	26,880	4,032 00	56,020	9 402 00	12,024	12,024 00
do do value.	20,000	4,032 00	30,020	8,403 00	************	
do preserved in cans lbs.	54,680	8,202 00	155,331	23,299 65	139,574	20,936 10
Alewives brls.	5,738	20,083 00		44,680 00	*****	
do sea brls.	66,620	3,997 20	59,480	3,568 80		1,072 00
				***************************************	134 509,740	40,779 20
do do brls. Winonishpieces.					000,140	
Winonishpieces.	•••••				4,045	1,011 25
Sturgeon brls. Bar and Whitefish doz.			•••••	 	523 9,017	4,184 00 18,034 00
Barfishpieces.					1,560	780 00
Whitefish brls.	·····			 	! ! *****	
dolbs.						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
do pieces. Sardines brls.				•••••	4,905	24,525 00
Eels do	2.020	18 180 00	1 356	12 204 00	17	170 00
do pieces.				, <b></b>	372,376	27,237 60
Pike brls. Pickerel do	••••••					11 480 00 22,720 00
	******				2,272	16,140 00
do lbs.	8,000	480 00	259,553	15,573 18	1	
Maskinongé brls. do pieces.				,		
				*******		1,760 00
Coarse Fish do	******					*****
Smells lbs.	288,155	17,289 30	2,426,952	72,808 56	•••••	
Shad brls. dopieces.	7,245	57,960 00	4,747	37,976 00	97 022	2,703 30
Small and Mixed Fish brls.		 		••••• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	27,033 3,762	1.876 0
Tom Cod bush.					25,000	: 12.500 V
Mixed Fish brls.	010	9 774 00	11 000		16,810	
Oysters do Lobsters, preserved, in	918	2,754 00	11,270	33,810 00		
		000	1 2 222 211			109,651 20
cans lbs.	5,574,093	836,113 80	2,759,711	413,956 65	731.008	109,601
Cod Tongues & Sounds bris.	5,574,092 922	836,113 80 6,454 00	2,759,711	413,956 <b>65</b> 3,031 00	731,008 242	2,178 00
cans lbs.	922					2,178 00

Within the Dominion of Canada, for the Year 1878.

On	tario.	Prince Edv	vard Island.	British C	olumbia.	Tot	al.
Quanti- ties.	Value.	Quanti- ties.	Value.	Quantities.	Value.	Quantities.	Value.
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.
************	*****	13,625	54,500 00	********		902,471	4,051,797 50
8,762	43,810 00	13,570	54,280 00			318,025	1,334,845 00
******	*********	······································	******	25	250 00	617,487	154,371 75 250 00
*****	***************************************			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,200 00		1,260 00
822				•••••		11	55 00
*****	4,110 00	36 482				822   183,919	4,110 00 1,766,226 00
******	******	1,200	120 00			121,025	18,093 75
*******			3,345 12		•••••	111,3963	390,887 10
***	****	111,504	3,345 12		100 00	111,504	3,345 12 100 00
*****						25	125 00
****	******					59,544	208,404 00
*******	7744744 4 1444744					111,393   842,211	384,021 <b>50</b> 50,532 <b>66</b>
******	******	2,255	150 50		3,000 00	042,211	3,000 00
*******						286	1,716 00
******		27 !	270 00	5,465		9,440	95,023 00
********		7,313	438 78			2,377,464	306,982 <b>83</b> 12,024 00
************	******************			16,741	1,339 28	99,641	13,774 28
******					800 00		800 00
*****	***************	1 266	4 791 00	5,452,880		5,802,465 16,040	788,576 55 69,544 00
********		25,985	4,781 00 1,559 10			152,085	9,125 10
****						134	1,072 00
5,691	56.010.00					509,740   5,691	40,779 <b>20</b> 56,910 <b>00</b>
********			l			4,045	1,011 25
****	********		·····			523	4,184 00
*****						9,017	18,034 00 780 00
4,061	40,610 00		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1	1,560   4,061	40,610 00
1,160,200 722,300	58.010 00		l	l		1,160,200	58,010 00
20,300	72,250 00	·····			•••••	722,300	72,250 00
*****		36	216 00			4,905   3,429	24,525 00 30,770 00
1.000						372,376	37,237 60
1,073 3,095	5,365 00					2,221	16,845 00
2,701	15,475 00					5,367   4,315	38,195 00 29,645 00
*****		1,182					16,124 10
1,801	9,005 00					1,801	9,005 00
********	***************************************			118		880	1,760 00 944 00
7,268	29,072 00			118	944 00	7,268	29,072 00
****		3,100				2,718,207	90,283 86
******				.		11,992	95,936 00
**********	***************************************					27,033 3,762	2,703 30 1,876 00
*****						25,000	12,500 00
*****	·;·····			50	300 00	16,860	84,350 00
• •••	`	17,902	53,706 00			30,090	90,270 00
*****		1,649,800	329,960 00			10,714,611	1,689,681 65
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	474	5,219 50			2,0711	16,882 50
***********		-			20,000	լ -	138,160 18
	1			.	30,000	I	100,100 10

# GENERAL RECAPITULATION of the Yield and Value of the Fisheries

	Nova	Scotia.	New Br	unswick.	Quebec.	
Kinds of Fish.	Quanti- ties.	Value.	Quanti- ties.	Value.	Quanti- ties.	Value.
Fish used for local con-		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ ct
sumption brls. Fish used for local con- sumption value.	<b></b>		•••••		10,921	43,684
Fish Guano tons. Fish and Clams used as	840	12,600 00	1,095	16,425 00		1
Bait and Manure brls. Seal Skins pieces.	10,105	5,C52 50	6,400	3,200 00	102,145 28,007	
Porpoise Skins do				1	103 212.160	414
Seal Oil do Whale Oil do	***************************************				127,848 5,600	63,924
Porpoise Oil do Dogfish, Seal and Por-	******	*********	******		10,104	2,800 8,0 <b>\$</b> 3
poise Oil do Herring Oil do		***************************************		.,	******	
Oolâhan Oil do	329,984	214,489 60	120,314	78,204 10		
Total.	•	6,131,599 64	i '	2,305,790 69		2,664,055

within the Dominion of Canada, for the Year 1878—Concluded

On	Ontario.		ward Island.	. British Columbia.		To	otal.	
Quanti- ties.	Value.	Quanti- ties.	Value.	Quantities.	Value.	Quantities.	Value.	
	\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$ cts.		\$	cts.
************************	***********					10,921	43,684	00
94066000 -00000 *****************************					2,000 00	1,935	2,000 <b>2</b> 9,025	
**************************************	***************************************	100	50 00	9,593	<b>4</b> 3,1 <b>68 5</b> 0	118,750 37,600 103	102,130 78,177 412	25
*******************************	***************************************					212,160 127,848 5,600 10,104	106,080 63,924 2,800 8,083	00 00
**********				150,516 2,000 1,600	60,206 40 1,000 00 1,600 00	150,516 2,000 1,600	60,206 1,000 1,600	40
*****		9,053	4,526 50	1,000	1,000 00	459,351	297,220	
••••••	348,122 00		840,344 22		925,766 98		13,215,678	83

#### FISH TRADE OF CANADA.

The tables below, compiled from the Trade Returns and the records of the Customs Department, exhibit the exports and imports of fish during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1878, and the subsequent half-year to 31st December, 1878. In the former period the value of these exports amounted to \$6,929,366; being an increase over the preceeding year of \$1,055,006. About half of the fish so exported were disposed of in United States markets. The imports are valued at \$1,300,468, being \$66,882 less than the previous year. Nearly half of these fish were imported from the United States. In the latter period, from 1st July to 31st December 1878, the total exports were \$4,846,566. The United States took little more than a third of this amount. The imports are valued at \$851,075. Nearly all of these imports were from the United States.

§TATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish and Products of Fish Exported from the Dominion of Canada during the Fiscal Year ending 30th June, 1878.

ARTICLES.	Countries.		E PRODUCE	Goods, Produce o	NOT THE F CANADA.	Total I Produce Prod	AND NOT
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Codfish, including Haddeck, Ling and Pallock,		Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
front - alloca,	United States	40	4		******	40	4
	Great Britain United States Newfoundland British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies French W. Indies Danish W. Indies Datish W. Indies Datish W. Indies Datish Guiana South America Spain Portugal Italy Maderia Austria	Cwt.* 17,602 85,801 17,875 260,724 177,925 54,814 4,676 105 4,264 25,038 76,884 8 10,476 32,880 3,291 2,302	72,071 277,062 84,121 1,084,056 719,504 •204,271 20,136 437 19,483 32 50,979 144,166 14,585 11,510		410 120 60 590	Cwt. 17,602 85,880 17,875 260,757 177,925 54,814 4,691 105 4,264 25,038 76,884 8 10,476 32,880 3,291 2,302	72,071 277,472 84,121 1,084,176 719,504 204,271 20,196 437 19,483 106,510 380,413 32 50,979 144,166 14,585 11,510
do Wet Salted	Great Britain	Cwt. 18	66			Cwt. 18	66
do Pickled	Great Britain United States British W. Indies	Brls. 252 477 32	1,100 1,630 80			Brls. 252 477 32	1,100 1,630 80
	1	761	2,810			761	2,810
Mackerel, fresh	United States	Lbs. 152,821	7,019			Lbs. 152,821	7,019
do Preserved	Great Britain United States	Lbs. 15,922 53,104	2,015 4,980			Lbs. 15,922 53,104	2,015 4,980
	1	69,026	6,995			69,026	6,995
do Pickled	Great Britain United States British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies French W. Indies Danish W. Indies United W. Indies Hayti	18,178 7,118 1,008 296 5 652	2,310 823,963 124,203 50,202 5,583 2,392 36 5,768	651	7,771	Brls. 378 101,022 18,178 7,118 1,008 299 5	2,310 831,734 124,203 50,202 5,583 2,416 36 5,768
	Guiana	948	7,229			948	7,229
		128,954	1,021,686	654	7,795	129,608	1,029,481

STATEMENT showing the Value of Fish, &c.—Dominion of Canada—Continued.

Halibut, smoked United States   1,700   85	Articles.	Countries.		GOODS, THE PRODUCE OF CANADA.		NOT THE F CANADA.	TOTAL EXPORTS, PRODUCE AND NOT PRODUCE.	
Halibut, smoked   United States   1,700   85     1,700   85			Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Herring, fresh	,		Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
Herring, fresh	Halibut, smoked	United States	1,700	85			1,700	85
Demark	Herring, fresh	United States		12,505	<u></u>			12,505
British W. Indies   46,285   186,570   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,043   69,03   20,044   20,004	do Pickled	United States	170 26,758	100,950	378	1,630	170 27,136	645 102,580 60
British Guiana   2,532   10,717   2,532   10,717   30   100   1,000		British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies French W. Indies Danish W. Indies	46,285 20,043 3,269 3,555	186,570 69,031 10,543 11,567			46,285 20,043 3,269 3,555	69,031 10,543 11,567 235
Madeira		British Guiana Spain Denmark	2,532 50	10,717 200			2,532 50 1,000	10,717 200 4,000 17,900
Color		Madeira	70	208			70 1	2,064
Great Britain   239,951   12,150   239,951   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,802,961   14,895   3,952   30,576   2,844   30,576   2,844   30,576   2,844   30,576   2,844   30,576   2,844   30,602   2,840   30,600   37,895   30,600   37,995   30,600   37,995   30,600   37,995   30,600   37,995   30,600   37,995   37,99			107,850	406,382	2,814	9,938	110,664	416,320
Spanish W. Indies		United States	239,951 3,802,961 3,152	<b>44</b> ,895 60			239,951 3,802,961 3,152	12,150 44,895 00 4,259
Hayti		SpanishW.Indies French W.Indies Danish W.Indies	30,576 80,062 19,894	785 2,840 635			30,576 80,062 19,894	2,840 635 100
Quelon   982   34   982   2,800   40   2,800   40   2,800   67,400		Hayti British Guiana Maderia South America	30,600 13,008 4,000 9,952	790 373 190			30,600 13,005 4,000	373 19 <b>6</b> 257
Sea Fish, other, fresh		quelon	2,800 ——————	40			2,800	34 40 
Sea Fish, other.         Brls.         Brls.         96           United States	Sea Fish, other.		4,401,559	67,408			4,401,559	
pickled         Great Britain         352         960         352         28,67           United States         2,456         28,675         2,456         28,675           British W. Indies         1,170         5,307         1,170           Spanish W.Indies         85         436         85         21           Danish W.Indies         37         218         37         1,066           Hayti         165         1,066         165         1,066           British Guiana         82         417         82         20	fresh	United States		43,699				43,690
07.07	Sea Fish, other.	United States British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies Danish W. Indies Hayti	352 2,456 1,170 85 37 165	28,675 5,307 436 218 1,066			352 2,456 1,170 85 37 165	960 28,675 5,307 436 218 1,066 417
1 4,341 31,019 4.341 1		etingii Guigna	4,347	37,079			4,347	37,079

STATEMENT showing the Value of Fish, &c.—Dominion of Canada—Continued.

ARTICLES.	Countries.	Goods, the		Goods, PRODUCE O		TOTAL E. PRODUCE . PRODU	AND NOT
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		<b>T</b> 1	.9.	(1		T 1	e e
Sea Fish, other,		Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
preserved	United States	1,160	116			1,160	116
Oysters, fresh	Great Britain	Brls. 18 <b>2</b>	282	Brls.	l	182	282
,	O III COLL COLLEGE DIVIN	, ,	135			79	135
	Newfoundland Danish W.Indies	202	384 10	10000 1000000		202	384 10
	St. Pierre et Mi- quelon	100	262	12	90	112	352
		565	1,073	12	90	577	1,163
				<u>'</u>			
Lohsters, fresh	United States	Brls. 139	668			Bris. 139	668
		<b>,</b> ,		Lbs.		Lbs.	
do Preserved	Great Britain	6,589,784	742,068	313,824	<b>3</b> 8,496	6,903,608	780,564
	onited States	1,400,110	180,990	7,468	936	1,496,183	181,926
	British W. Indies SpanishW.Indies	20,532 2,016	$\frac{2,696}{270}$			20,532 2,016	$\frac{2,696}{270}$
	Danish W.Indies	648	70			648	70
	Dutch W. Indies  St. Pierre et Mi-	2,400	275	į		2,400	275
	quelon	336	40			336	40
	Madeira	1,440	180	221 202	20 122	1,440 8,427,163	966,021
	i 1	8,105,871	926,589	321,292	39,432	0,421,103	
Bait	Newfoundland		350	i			350
	St. Pierre et Mi-		806	1			806
	quelon			·			
			1,156	<u> </u>			1,156
Salmon, fresh	g	Lbs.		Lbs.		Lbs.	. 10
Salmon, fresh	United States	120 2,865,597	$12 \\ 260,845$	1,800	150	2,867,397	260,995
	British W. Indies St. Pierre et Mi-	24,187	2,027			24,187	2,027
	quelon	3,564	275			3,564	275
		2,893,468	263,159	1,800	150	2,895,268	263,309
do Smoked	Great Britain	Lbs. 281	29			Lbs. 281	2:
•	United States	26,243	3,059		ļ	26,243	3,05
	British W. Indies Danish W. Indies	807 660	60 89			807 660	8:
		27,991	3,237			27,991	3,23
	1			-	I <del></del>		

STATEMENT showing the Value of Fish, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

Articles.	Countries.	Goods, THI OF CA		Goods, Reoduce o	NOT THE F CANADA.	TOTAL E PRODUCE PROD	AND NOT
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
		Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
Salmon, Canned	Great Britain United States British W. Indies South America		161,685 203,078 163 650	,		1,204,328 1,802,164 892 4,800	161,685 203,078 163 650 200
	Madeira Australia	314,256	41,935			314,256	41,935
		3,327,400	407,711			3,327,400	407,711
do Pickled	Great Britain United States British W. Indies	Brls. 68 4,775 1,228	670 53,478 -5,782	Brls.	10,656	Brls. 68 5,780 1,228	670 64,134 15,782 876
	Spanish W. Indies Danish W. Indies Hayti British Guiana	94 51 1 51	876 606 19 555			94 51 1 51	606 19 555 95
	South America Australia Sandwich Isl'nds Italy	10 1,805 50	95 13,369 350 15			1,805 50 1	13,369 350 15
		8,134	85,815	1,005	10,656	9,139	96,471
Fish, all other, fresh	Great Britain United States		54 164,427				54 164,427
			164,481				164,481
de Pickled	Great Britain United States British W. Indies British Guiana	Brls. 261 3,956 5	318 15,674 37 30			Brls. 261 3,956 5	318 15,67 <b>4</b> 37 30
		4,224	16,059			4,224	16,059
Fish Oil, Cod	Great Britain United States British W. Indies	Galls. 54,480 161,997	25,928 80,846 696	Galls.	80	Galls. 54,480 162,157 1,202	25,928 80,926 696
		217,679	107,470	160	80	217,839	107,550
do Seal	Great Britain United States	1 100	3,908 120			7,023	3,908
		7,155	4,028		}	7,155	4,028
do Whale	Great Britain	10,461	4,498			10,461	4,498
do Other	Great Britain United States	3,494 36,066	2,085 13,469			3,494 36,066	2,085 13,469
		39,560	15,554		<del></del>	39,560	15,554

STATEMENT showing the Value of Fish, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

ARTICLES.	Countries.	Goods, THE PRODUCE OF CANADA.		Goods, not the Produce of Canada.		TOTAL EXPORTS, PRODUCE AND NOT PRODUCE.	
_		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Furs and Skins of		Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
Marine Animals	Great Britain	*******	9,111		2,667		11,778
	United States Newfoudland		326		2,000	•••••	2,900 326
			9,437		4,667		14,104
Other Articles	Great Britain United States		1,574 44,635		386 1,577		1,960 <b>46</b> ,212
	Newfoundland British W. Indies		4 404	***************************************	30		4 434
,	Spanish W. Indies		89 20	ļ			89
	Danish W. Indiés Hayti	******	1,120		**************		$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 1,120 \end{array}$
!	St. Pierre et Mi- quelon		4				4
		·····	47,850		1,993		49,843

#### RECAPITULATION.

	i				į l	
COUNTRIES.						
Great Britain		1,043,539		41.549		1,085,088
Outled States	1	1.2.367.007				
New foundland		85,305		20,210		85,305
British West Indies		1,426,340				
Spanish West Indies		841,193				841,193
French West Indies		223,237				
Danish W. at T. 1:		25,231	•••••••			223,237
Danish West Indies		35,743				35,827
Dutch West Indies		1,083	***********	······		1,083
British Car		28,246				28,246
			·····			125,831
		1,421		90		1,511
						381,415
		40			l	40
			<b> </b>	l		232
						50,9 <b>79</b>
			:	1	1	144,181
				4,000		4,000
						17,900
						11,510
					•••••	15,363
				1		
Sandwich Island		57,368	1	·····		57,368
Sandwich Islands.		350				359
Total		6,853,975		75,391		6,929,366
		1-5555,415				-,020,000
Total Export of Fish to United						
States	<b>'</b> I	2,367,007	Í	25,210		0 200 015
Total Export of Fish to other		2,301,001	************	20,210		2,392,217
Countries.	i.	4 100 000		FO 101		4 505 140
O O WIT OF TODS		4,450,968		50,181		4,537,149
Grand Total		C 050 075	ļ	77.007		0.000.000
wranu IUMI		6,853,975		75,391		6.929.366

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish and Products of Fish Imported and Entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada, also the Duty collected thereon, during the Fiscal Year ending 30th June, 1878.

	Convenie	Impor	TED.	Entered a Consum		Duty.
Articles.	Countries.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Amount Collected
DUTIABLE.		Lbs.	\$ cts.	Lbs.	\$	   \$
Fish, salted or smoked	Great Britain	9,106	876	9,106	876	91 06
\ 	United States	33,141	2,304	34,351	2,353	
·	ţ	42,247	3,180	43,457	3,229	434 57
do Oysters, fresh, in cans	United States		248		248	43 47
do do Preserved	United States China	Lbs. 13,842 1,284	2,327 214	Lbs. 13,236 764	2,176 129	380 81 22 57
		15,126	2,541	14,000	2,305	403 38
do Lobsters, preserved	Great Britain United States	Lbs. 529 6,592	97 1,166	Lbs. 529 5,856	97 1,482	16 97 259 32
		7,121	1,763	6,385	1,579	276 29
do Other, preserved in Oil.	Great Britain United States France Germany China		22,328 12,705 7,877 9 383		23,470 11,157 7,016 9 229	4,107 64 1,952 33 1,227 80 1 57 40 07
			43,302		41,881	7,329 41
do do Fresh, from Inland Waters	United States	Lbs. 33,254	1,159	Lbs. 33,254	1,159	203 08
do Oil, Cod Liver, medici- nal preparations	Great Britain United States	Galls. 1,362 1,763	1,754 1,721	Galls. 1,362 1,763	1,754 1,721	307 44 300 91
		3,125	3,475	3,125	3,475	608 35
do do Other	United States	Galls. 4,412	3,870	Galls. 4,412	3,870	677 31
FREE.						1
do Cod, Haddock, Ling	United States	Lbs. 2,216,020	70,579	Lbs. 2,216,020	70,579	
do do Dry salted	United States Newfoundland	qtx. 42,380 2,106	129,740 8,415	qtx. 42,380 2,106	129,740 8,415	
!		44,486	138,155	44,486	138,155	

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Imported, &c,—Dominion of Canada.—Continuea.

Anguer	Commercia	Імров	TED.	Entred F Consun		Duty.
Articles.	Countries.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Amount Collected.
FREE Continued.		Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	\$ cts.
Fish, Cod, &c., wet salted	United States Newfoundland	151 400	453 600	151 400	453 600	
		551	1,053	551	1,053	
do do Pickled	United States	Brls. 38	157	Brls.	157	
do do Smoked	United States	Lbs. 794,070	45,474	Lbs. 794,070	45,474	
do Mackerel, fresh	United States	9,932	809	9,932	809	
do do Pickled	United States British W. Indies	Brls. 1,195 1 <b>64</b>	8,052 820	Brls. 1,195 164	8,052 820	
		1,359	8,872	1,359	8,872	
do Halibut, fresh	United States	Lbs. 22,822	999	Lbs. 22,822	999	
do do Pickled	United States	Brls.	66	Brls.	66	
do Herrings, fresh	United States	Lbs. 294,212	4,780	Lbs. 294,212	4,780	ļ 
do do Pickled	United States Newfoundland St. Pierre et Mi-	Brls. 4,633 1,521	13,592 6,4 <b>0</b> 9	Brls. 4,633 1,521	13,592 6,4 <b>6</b> 9	
	quelon	60	120	60	120	
		6,214	20,181	6,214	20,181	
do do Smoked	United States	Lbs. 401,786	11,852	Lbs. 401,786	11,852	
do Sea, Other, fresh	United States	Lbs. 18,913	1,077	Lbs. 18,913	1,077	
do do Pickled	United States	Brls.	72	Brls.	72	

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Imported, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

		Canada	.—Continu	ued.			
		İ	Јмрог	RTED.	Entered Consu	FOR HOME	Dall.
	Articles.	COUNTRIES.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	A mount Collected.
781.1	FREE,—Continued.	Waite I G	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	\$ cts.
risn, do	Oysters, fresh, in shell.		805 Brls. 2,689	11,514	Brls. 2,689	11,514	
do	do in cans	United States	Lbs. 1,154,159	98,123	Lbs. 1,154,159	98,123	
do	do Shelled, in bulk	United States	Galls. 108,948	94,371	Galls. 108,948	94,371	
do	Lobsters, fresh	United States	Brls. 462	2,723	Brls. 462	2,723	
do	do Fresh in cans	United States St. Pierre et Miquelon	Lbs. 31,514 4,752	<b>4,4</b> 56 <b>4</b> 00	Lbs. 31,514 4,752	4,456 400	
		-	36,266	4,856	36,266	4,856	
do	do Preserved, in cans	United States	Lbs. 31,440	4,555	Lbs. 34,440	4,555	······
, do	Bait	United States	Brls. 1,690	7,387	Brls. 1,690	7,387	
do	Clams or other	United States	1,504	7,997	1,504	7,997	
do	Salmon, fresh	United States Newfoundland	Lbs. 7,071 20	765 3	Lbs. 7,071 20	765 3	
			7,091	768	7,091	769	
do	do Smoked	United States	Lbs. 3,449	364	Lbs. 3,449	364	
do	do Canned	United States	Lbs. 198,493	24,220	Lbs. 198,493	24,220	
do	do Pickled	United States	Brls. 35	396	Brls. 35	396	

Statement showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Imported, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

Articles.	G	Impor	TED.	Entered Consu	vor Home uption.	Duty.
TATIOLES.	Countries.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Amount Collected.
Fish, All other, fresh	United States	Lbs.	<b>\$</b> 3,774	Lbs.	<b>\$</b> 3,774	\$ cts.
do do Pickled		Brls. 128	641	Brls. 128	641	
do Oil, not elsewhere spe- cified, Cod	United States Newtoundland	Galls. 47,845 1,947	21,273 1,104		21,273 1,104	
		49,792	22,377	49,792	22,377	
do do Seal	United States	Galls.	205	Galls.	205	
do do Whale	United States Newfoundland	6,631 36	4,228 25	6,631 36	<b>4,</b> 228 25	
		6,667	4,253	6,667	4,253	
do do Otter Furs or skins, the produce of Fish or Marine Animals	United States	62,505	22,955	62,505	22,955	
Fish or Marine Animals	United States St. Pierre et Mi- quelon		1,899 880		1,899 880	
	Newfoundland		3,231		3,231	<u> </u>
Fish			6,010		<b>6</b> ,010	
Fish and Products of Fish, the produce of Newfoundland	  Newfoundland		509,977		509,977	
Pish Oil do do	Newfoundland	Galls. 205,460	109,272	Galls. 205,460	109,272	

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Imported, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

#### RECAPITULATION.

Countries.	Імро	RTED.		FOR HOME	Duty.
COUNTRIES.	Dutiable.	Free.	Dutiable.	Free.	Amount Collected.
And the second s	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ ,,
Great Britain	25,055 26,000 7,877	599,614 639,096	25,297 24,166 7,016	59 <b>9</b> ,614 639,096	4,523 11 4,160 74 4,160 75 1,227 80 1 57
Germany China St. Pierre et Miquelon British West Indies	597	1,400	358	1,400	62 64
Total	59,538	1,240,930	56,846	1,240,930	9,975 86
Total imports from United States do Other Countries		599,614 641,316	24,166 32,680	599,614 641,316	4,160 74 5,815 12
Total	59,538	1,240,930	56,846	1,240,930	9,975 86
	Імро	RTED.		FOR HOME	DUTY COLLECTED
		\$		\$	\$ cts.
Total, Dutiable do Free		9,538 0,930		6,846 0,930	9,975 86
Total Imports of Fish and Fish Products, for the year ending 30th June, 1878	1,300,468		1,297,776		9,975 86

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish and Products of Fish Exported from the Dominion of Canada, during the Six Months ending the 31st December, 1878.

ARTICLES.	Countries to which Exported.	Goods, the	r Produce	Goods, :	NOT THE F CANADA.	Total E Produce Prod	AND NOT
	WHICH EXPORTED.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
Cala							
Codfish-including Haddock, Ling and Pollack, dry		Cwt.	\$		\$	Cwt.	\$
salted	Great Britain	29,786	124,888			29,786	124,888
	United States	49,547	129,164			49,547	129,164
	Newfoundland British W. Indies	3,324 131,695	12,236			3,324	12,236
	SpanishW.Indies		431,661			131,695 117,635	532,870 431,661
	French W.Indies		106,333			31,855	106 333
	Danish W. Indies			¦		3,305	13,978
	British Guiana					23,836	100,556
	South America	54,216				51,216 20,201	264,552 91,751
	Portugal Italy	30,067				30,067	124,030
	Madeira	1,689	8,281			1,689	8,281
	<b>i</b> <b>i</b>	497,156				497,156	1,940,300
						i	
÷		Cwt.		ł	l	Cwt.	
do Wetsalted	Great Britain	11	22			11	22
	United States	88	410		•••••	88	410
		99	432			99	432
						1	
A		Brls.		ļ		Brls.	
do Pickled	United States	266	818			266	818
	British W. Indies	60	342			60	342
		326	1,160			326	1,160
Mackerel, fresh	United States	Lbs. 64,754	3,513			Lbs. 64,751	3,513
do Preserved	Great Britain	Lbs. 3,840	317			Lbs. 3,840	317
		<b>D</b> .		İ	,	i	
do Picklad	Great Britain	Brls. 605	2,876	1	Ì	Brls.	9 976
-o rickled	United States	73,094			67,444	80,245	2,876 562,108
	British W. Indies	12,224				12,224	66,369
4	Spanish W. Indies	7,291				7,291	32,611
	French W.Indies					1,146	4,656 6,481
	Danish W. Indies British Guiana					1,129 1,223	6,638
Ţ	Madeira	1,223	0,036			1,223	4
					<u> </u>		
	]	96,713	614,299	7,151	67,444	103,864	681,743
h	į	Lbs.				Lbs.	
Halibut, smoked	United States	500	- 65			500	65
	French W.Indies	160	21			160	21
		660	86			660	86
				· <del></del>			

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Exported, &c — Dominion of Canada—Continued.

Articles.	Countries to		Goods, THE PRODUCE OF CANADA.		Not the of Canada.	TOTAL E. PRODUCE . PROD	AND NOT
	WHICH EXPORTED.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
	( 	Lbs.	\$		     \$	Lbs.	\$
Herrings, fresh	United States	372,900	2,535	 		372,90 <b>0</b>	2,535
		Brls.		Brls.		Bris.	
do Pickled	Great Britain United States Newfoundland British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies	158 28,721 45 25,131 9,761		1,037	3,036		883 96,485 180 93,770 33,105
	French W.Indies Danish W. Indies British Guiana Madeira	1,199 1,554 1,444 160	4,574 6, <b>227</b>			1,199 1,554 1,444 160	3,435 4,574 6,227 525
		68,173	235,734	1,127	3,450	69,300	239,184
		Lbs		Lbs.		Lbs.	
Herring, Smoked	United States British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies French W. Indies Danish W. Indies	15.290 1,816,417 46,500 3,125 64,320 4,900	21,960 1,213 87 1,953 151			15,290 1,816,417 46,500 3,125 64,320 4,900	622 21,960 1,213 87 1,953 151 45
	British Guiana St. Pierre et Miquelon France Portugal Madeira	1,000 11,100 2,400 8,385	222	30	6	1,000 30 11,100 2,400 8,385	6 222 110 320
,	Canary Islands	1,977,937	92			4,500	92 26,781
Sea Fish, other,	Great Brita n		26,775	30	6	1,977,967	20,1
11 CDII., 1911,	United States	******	91 9,645				9,645
			9,736		······		9,736
Sea Fish, other,		Brls.		Brls.		Brls.	
pickled	Great Britain United States British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies Danish W. Iudies	425 2,414 1,229 28	5,468 114	32	252	425 2,446 1,229 28 5	1,391 17,753 5,468 114 21
		4,101	24,495	33	252	4,133	24,747

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Exported, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

Articles.	COUNTRIES TO WHICH EXPORTED.	Goods, th	E PRODUCE		NOT THE OF CANADA.	TOTAL E. PRODUCE PRODU	ND NOT
	WHICH EXPORTED.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
F							
Sea Fish, other,		Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$
preserved	Great Britain'	8,400				8,400	87
	United States!				••••	2,160	21
	British W. Indies	960 432	100 54		*****	960 432	10
	1					433	5
	i	11,952	1,245			11,952	1,24
0		Brls.		Brls.		Brls.	
Oysters, fresh	Great Britain	92				92	18
	United States Newfoundland	17 218		l .		17 218	4
	St Pierre et Mi-	210	303			1 210	39
	quelon	31	41			31	4:
		358	669			358	66
	1	Lbs.		Lbs.		Lbs.	
do in cans	United States	10,425	1,826	*******		10,425	1,82
	British W. Indies	48	5		·····	48	• 1
	;	10,473	1,831			10,473	1,83
Lobetone forth	II	Brls.		Brls.		Brls.	
Lobsters, fresh	United States	1	2			1	
		T h		7.			
do Preserved	Great Britain	Lbs. 6,725,823	713,481	Lbs. 309,216	26,729	Lbs. 7,035,039	740 91
	United States	1,351,934	141,452	106,208		1,458,192	740,31 153,09
!	British W. Indies	30,851	4,698			30,851	4,69
	French W.Indi-s Danish W. Indies	340 60	35 8		********	340	3
	France	294,258				294,258	36,78
	Germany	35,040		******		35,040	4,87
	South America	384				384	· 9
!	Italy	240 13,920				240 13,920	12
		8,452,900	<u> </u>	'		-	1,44
_		Brls.				8,868,324	941,37
Bait	United States	D(18.		Brls.	90	Brls.	9
	St. Pierre et Miquelon	60	248			60	24
	•	60		20	90		33
	: !	Lbs.		Lbs.		Lbs.	
Salmon, fresh	Great Britain,	9,600	1,400	. ma.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	9,600	1,40
	United States	1,062,9.7	100,349			1,062,927	100,34
	St. Pierre et Mi-			96	14	96	,
	Danish W.Indies	130	30			130	3
		1,072,657	101,779	93	14	1,072,753	101,79
		1,014,00(	1011112	1 30	14	1,014,103	101,79

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Exported, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

Articles.	Countries to	į l		Goods, not the Produce of Canada.		TOTAL EXPORTS, PRODUCE AND NOT PRODUCE.	
	WHICH EXPORTED.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
·		Lbs.	\$		\$	Lbs.	\$
Salmon, Smoked	Great Britain United States British W. Indies Danish W. Indies		1,143 83		·····	301 12,925 525 80	45 1,143 82 5
		13,831	1,275		*****	13,831	1,275
do Canned	Great Britain United States British W. Indies Danish W Indies	Lbs. 2,792,734 1,289,382 600 100	350,910 155,235 100 27			Lbs. 2,801,934 1,289,382 600	352,270 1 <b>55</b> ,235 100 27
	South America Australia	8,640 388,896	1,080			100 8,640 388,896	1,080 45,612
		4,480,352	552,964	9,200	1,360	4,489,552	554,324
do Pickled	Great Britain United States Newfoundland		146 <b>4</b> 4,112 30			Brls. 16 5,080	146 49,103 30
	British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies Danish W. Indies	702 30 22	7,838 300 232			702 30 22	7,838 300 237 4
	Madeira	86 24	20		l	5 86 2 274	839 20 <b>2,29</b> 9
		5,632	55,857	588	4,991	6,220	60,845
Fish, all other, fresh	United States Danish W.Indies		54,958 16				54,958 16
			51,974				54,97
	Great Britain United States British W. Indies Spanish W.Indies	860	8,469 3,694	:		860	158 11,109 3,69
	Danish W.Indies Australia	8 67	42 477			2 8 67	4? 47'
		2,491	12,849	300	2,640	2,791	15,48
Fish Oil, Cod	Great Britain United States Newfoundland British W. Indies French W.Indies	3,171	17,623 34,831 1,304 1,231	160			18,477 34,911 1,304 1,23
		134,121	55,624	1,630	930	135,751	55,95

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STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Exported, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

		Canada	—Conun	iaca•				
Articles.	CONVENIENCE TO		DS, THE PRODUCE GOODS, OF CANADA. PRODUCE OF			PRODUCE	TOTAL EXPORTS, PRODUCE AND NOT PRODUCE.	
		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
		Galis.	\$		\$	Galls.	\$	
Fish Oil, Seal	Great Britain	21,645	10,410			21,645	10,410	
do Whale	Great Britain	Galls. 3,920	2,542		 	Galls. 3,920	2,542	
do Other	Great Britain United States British W. Indies					Galls. 79,900 19,126 356	19,978 5,528 106	
		99,382	25,612	<u> </u>		99,382		
Furs and Skins of marine animals.	Great Britain United States		15,577 50		1		15,877 50	
	<u>}</u>		15,627		300		. 15,927	
Other Articles	Great Britain United States British W. Indies Spanish W. Indies Danish W. Indies		2,622 68,289 357 49 77		35		2,622 68,324 357 49	
			71,394		35		71,429	
	I	RECAPI	TULA	TION.		1	1	
Great Britain United States Newfoundland British West Indie Spanish West Indie French West Indie Danish West Indie	8		1,390,233 14,143 718,243 497,936		90,215		1.296,282 1,480,448 14.143 718,243 497,936 116,468 25,642	
South America St. Pierre et Mique France	elon		114,305 265,748 289				114,305 265,748 309 37,008	
Portugal Italy Madeira Canary Islands	······································		4,870 91,861 124,150 9,177				4,870 91,861 124,150 9,177	
	ustralia.		49.884				49,884	
Total Exports to t	he United States	ļ		3	·		1,480,44	
40 0	ther Countries		3,336,445	·	29,673		3,366,118	
Grand	l Total		4,726,678		119,888		4,846,566	

STATEMENT shewing the Quantity and Value of Fish, and Products of Fish, Imported and Entered for Consumption in the Dominion of Canada, also the Duty collected thereon, during the Six Months ending 31st December, 1878.

	Corrections	Imported.		Entered for Home Consumption.		Dutr.	
Articles.	Countries.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Amount Received.	
DUTIABLE.		Lbs.	\$	Lbs.	\$	\$ cts.	
Fish, salted or smoked	Great Britain United States	1,712	167 883	1,712	167	17 12 156 45	
	Officed States,	15,645	1,050	15,645	1,050	173 57	
do Oysters, in cans, fresh	United States	Lbs. 170	14	Lbs. 170	14	2 45	
do do Preserved	United States	Lbs. 26,227	789	Lbs. 35,060	1,054	184 34	
do Lobsters, preserved	Great Britain United States	Lbs. 360 10,790	56 540	Lbs. 360 12,490	56 575	9 8 <i>0</i> 100 66	
		11,150	596	12,850	631	110 46	
do Other, preserved in oil.	Great Britain United States France China		27,551 10,737 3,534 326		22,740 6,634 4,091 518	4,079 79 1,060 95 715 92 90 65	
			42,148		33,983	5,947 31	
do Fresh, from Inland Lakes	United States	5,793	267	5,793	267	47 56	
do Oil, Cod Liver	Great Britain United States Norway	558	681 682 1,022	152 558 252	159 682 <b>2</b> 56	27 82 119 35 132 28	
		1,535	2,385	962	1,597	279 45	
do do Other, not else- where specified	Great Britain United States		452 1,756	305 1,915	452 1,796	79 10 314 29	
FREE.		2,220	2,248	2,220	2,248	393 39	
Fish, Cod, Haddock, Ling and Pollack, fresh	United States	Lbs. 757,109	20,409	Lbs. 757,1 <b>0</b> 9	20,409		
do do Dry salted	United States Labrador	Cwt. 20,453 2,700	54,311 10,800	Cwt. 20,453 2,700	54,311 10,800		
		23,153	65,111	23,153	65,111		
do do Wetsalted	United States	Cwt.	67	Cwt. 52	67		

Statement showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Imported, &c.—Dominion of Canada.—Continued.

Anna	Campana	Imported.		Entered I Consu		Duty.	
ARTICLES.	Countries.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Amount Received.	
FREE—Continue 1.		Brls.	\$	Brls.	\$	\$ cts.	
Fish, Cod, Haddock, Ling and Pollack, Pickled	United States	76	627	76	627		
do do Smoked	United States	Lbs. 428,668	23,459	Lbs. 428,668	23,459		
do Mackerel, fresh	United States	Lbs. 40,408	856	Lbs. 40,408	856		
do do Pickled	United States	Brls. 377	1,850	Brls. 377	1,850		
do Halibut, fresh	United States	Lbs. 3,400	132	Lbs. 3,400	132		
do do Pickled	United States	Brls. 15 ;	61	Brls.	61		
do Herring, fresh	United States	Lbs. 52,030	839	Lbs. 52,030	839		
	United States St. Pierre et Mi-	Brls. 878	2,588	Brls. 878	2,588 86	100000	
 	quelon Labrador	100	3,089		415		
do do Smoked	United States	Lbs. 211,749	6,035	Lbs. 211,749	6,035		
Sea Fish, Other, fresh	i		7		7		
do nu	United States	Brls.	8	Brls 2	8	!	
do Preserved	United States	Lbs,	9	Lbs. 102	9		
Oysters, fresh, in shell	United States	Erls. 1,050	4,444	Brls. 1,050	4,444		

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Imported, &c.—Dominion of Canady.—Continued.

<del></del>	Canada	.— Сонини				
, 4	Countries.	Imported.		Entered in Consum	Dury.	
A RTICLES.	COUNTRIES.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Amount Collected.
FREE Continued.		Lbs.	<b>\$</b>	Lbs.	\$	\$ cts.
Oysters, fresh, in cans	United States	528,908	51,134	528,908	51,134	
do Shelled, in bulk	United States	Galls. 52,276	45,069	Galls. 52,276	45,069	
Lobsters, fresh	United States	Brls. 422	1,556	Brls. 422	1,556	
do Fresh, in cans	United States	Lbs. 28,877	3,027	Lbs. 28,877	3,027	
do Preserved, ia cans	United States	Lbs. 12,187	2,047	Lbs. 12,187	2,047	<u></u>
Bait, fish	United States	Brls. 971	4,237	Brls. 971	4,237	
do Clams or other	United States	Brls. 360	1,622	Brls. 360	1,622	
Salmon, fresh	United States	Lbs. 27,539	2,280	Lbs. 27,539	2,280	<u> </u>
do Smoked	United States	Lbs. 11,398	789	Lbs. 11,398	789	
do Canned	United States	Lbs. 220,614	23,792	Lbs. 220,614	23,792	
do Pickled	United States	Brls.	473	Brls. 47	473	
Fish, all other, fresh	United States		780		780	
do do Pickled	United States	Brls.	70	Brls.	70	
Fish Oil, Cod, not elsewhere specified.	United States Labrador Newfoundland	1,595	23,767 636 93	Galls 69,387 1,595 186	23,767 636 93	
		71,168	24,496	71,168	24,496	

STATEMENT showing the Quantity and Value of Fish Imported, &c.—Dominion of Canada—Continued.

		Imported.		Entered for Home Consumption.		Duty.
Articles.	Countries.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Amount Collected.
FREE—Concluded.		Galls.	\$	Galls.	\$	\$ cts.
Fish Oil, Seal	Newfoundland	16,324	8,168	16,324	8,168	
do Whale,	United States	Galls. 1,632	<b>8</b> 53	Galls. 1,632	853	
do Other	United States	Galls. 38,943	14,311	Galls. 38,943	14,311	
Furs or Skins, the produce of fish or marine animals	United States		9,150		9,150	 
Fish, the produce of Newfoundland	  Newfoundland		407,085		407,085	
Fish Oil do do	  Newfoundland	Galls. 136,868	73,596	Galls. 136,868	73,596	

### RECAPITULATION.

Total Dutiable	******	\$ 49,497		\$ 40,844	\$ c
do Free		801,578		801,578	
m + 1 T - + + + + m + 1 - + + 1 Donalo + + + + + 6			ì———		!
Total Imports of Fish and Products of Fish, for six months ending 31st December, 1878		851,075		842,422	7,138 5

#### EPENDITURE AND RECEIPTS.

The following are statements of amounts expended and collected during the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1878, and the current expenses from the 1st July to 31st December, 1878. The expenditure for the period first above named is subdivided for the several Provinces and services as follows:—

#### ONTARIO.

Fishery Overseers' salaries and disbursements	<b>\$</b> 12,723	88
Fish-breeding	•	
	\$17,9 <b>5</b> 8	65
QUEBEC.		
Fishery Overseers' salaries and disbursements	<b>\$</b> 13,662	55
Fish-breeding	7,059	95*
Fisheries Protection vessel		11
	<b>\$</b> 40,689	61
NOVA SCOTIA.		
Fishery Overseers' salaries and disbursements	<b>\$</b> 15,292	82
Fish-breeding.		
	<b>\$</b> 18,842	82
NEW BRUNSWICK.		
Fishery Overseers' and Inspector of Fisheries, salaries		•
and disbursements	\$10,926	11
Fish-breeding	1,468	22
	\$12,394	33
Under the head of Fish Breeding must also be reckoned Mr. Samuel Wilmot's salary and travelling disbursements as being applicable to the several Establishments in the Dominion		86

<sup>\*</sup> The expenses of the Restigouche Hatchery are charged in the aggregate of Quebec expenditure,—this establishment being situate on the Quebec side of the river—although New Brunswick derives a large share of the benefit of its operations.

#### PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

	PRINCE E	DWARD ISLAND.			
Fishery Overseers	' salaries an	d disbursements		\$1,836	54
	BRITIS	H COLUMBIA.			
Inspector of Fishe	ries' salary a	and disbursemen	its	<b>\$</b> 690	00
	Mź	ANITOBA.			
Fishery Overseers	salary		••••••	<b>\$</b> 200	00
	Total Exp	enditure	••••••	<b>\$</b> 95,387	81
And for the subsequen	t half-year a	s follows:—			
Ontario, Fishery C	verseers' sa	laries and disbur	rsements.	<b>\$</b> 6,110	82
Quebec,	do	. do		8,716	
Nova Scotia,	do	do	•••	7,230	00
New Brunswick,	do	do	•••	5,105	67
Prince Edward Is	land	····		687	<b>5</b> 0
Manitoba		•••		200	00
British Columbia		••••••	•••••	850	00
Fisheries Protection	on Steamer '	'Lady Head''		8,699	96
Fish-breeding				11,129	98
	Total	•••••	••••••	\$48,730	57
The collections during	the fiscal ye	ar are arranged	under th	e followi	ng heads
	(	NTARIO.			
Rents, license fees	s, fines and	confiscations		<b>\$</b> 5.202	00
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,			#0,200	
	1	QUEBEC.			
Rents, license fees	s, fines and o	confiscations		5,453	27
	NO.	VA SCOTIA.			
Taxes on nets, fin				1,442	38
·	NEW	BRUNSWICK.			
Rents, taxes on n			••••	2,015	46
,	·	xxxv			

#### LICENSES ISSUED.

The number of Fishery Licenses issued during the season of 1878 are as follows:

## ONTARIO.

	•••••	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	328
r			31
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		39
			163
0 0 1			1,393
Spearing licens	es		125
		QUEBEC.	
Salmon-net fish	ing licens	ses	369
Sea-Trout	do	***************************************	44
Brush Weirs	do		179
Eel Weirs	do		11
Seine	do		104
Gill-net	do	•••••	228
		NEW BRUNSWICK.	
Salmon-net fish	ing licens	ses	731
Herring weirs	do	***************************************	79
Bass	do	****************	682
Smelt	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	428
Angling permi	ts		55
		NOVA SCOTIA.	
Tran-net licen	ses		87
Weirs "			8
	Т	otal	5,084
		OF FISHERY OFFICERS.	
1878 the staff of	'fishery o	fficers consisted of the following:—	
	~	rseers (ex-officio Magistrates) and	
Fishery G	uardians		93
QUEBEC-Fishe	er <b>y</b> Overs	eers (ex-officio Magistrates) and Fish-	
ery Guard	ians		99
Nova Scotia-	-Inspecto	r, Fishery Overseers (ex-officio Magis	•
trate) and	Fishery	Wardens	350
		<b>x</b> xxvi	

NEW BRUNSWICK—Inspector, Fishery Overseers (ex-officio Magistrates) and Fishery Wardens	118
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—Fishery Overseers (ex-officio Magistrates) and Fishery Wardens	3 <b>5</b>
British Columbia—Inspector of Fisheries and Fishery Over-	2
Manitoba—Fishery Overseer (ex-officio Magistrate)	. 1
GULF OF St. LAWRENCE—Commander and crew of Fisheries Protection Steamer "Lady Head"	26 ——
Making the total number of Fishery Officers now employed in the Outside Service	624

This regular staff receives occasional aid from lock-masters on the Government canals and lighthouse keepers, which arrangement saves employing in certain places other fishery officers at separate salaries.

#### FISH CULTURE.

The total expenditure on account of this service for the fiscal year ended 30th June, 1878, amounts to \$20,088.80, divided as follows among the seven establishments engaged in the artificial reproduction of fish:—

Newcastle, Ontario	<b>\$2,403</b>	<b>56</b>
Sandwich, do	2,546	21
Tadoussac, Quebec	3,060	93
Gaspé Basin, do	2,069	05
Restigouche, do	1,555	87
Bedford Basin, Nova Scotia	3,400	00
Miramichi, New Brunswick	1,468	<b>22</b>
General disbursements, including Mr. S. Wilmot's salary		
and travelling expenses	3,584	98
	\$20,088	80

A statement in detail of this expenditure will be found at Appendix No. 40 No new establishments were opened during the past season, but indispensable repairs and necessary improvements were made at Sandwich, Bedford and Miramichi.

#### FISH BREEDING.

The whole number of young fish distributed during the Spring of 1878 was 27,554,000, apportioned as follows:—

STATEMENT of the distribution of young fish at the several breeding Establishments in the Dominion of Canada, during the Spring of 1878, from the hatching of 1877.

#### NEWCASTLE ESTABLISHMENT, ONTARIO.

	Kinds of Fish.							
Names of Rivers or Places where Fry were placed or sent.	Salmon.	California Salmon.	Salmon Trout.	Speckled Trout.	Whitefish.			
Wilmot's Creek, Ontario  Barber's do do  Duffin's do do  Grafton do do  Trent River do  Saugeen River do  Rouge do do  Humber do do  Ontario Lake do  Balsam do do  Clear do do  Sandy do do  North River, Quebec  Magog Lake and River, Quebec  Bedford Lakes, Nova Scotia  Adirondack Lakes, United States  Cushog do Quebec	10,000	1,000 1,000 5,000	50,000 500,000 20,000 20,000 20,000 10,000 10,000	10,000	1,000,000 1,000,000 200,000 30,000 30,000			
To Lord Exeter, England			10,000 10,000	******	30,000			
Total	600,000	35,000	650,000	20,000	1,300,000			

#### SANDWICH ESTABLISHMENT, ONTARIO.

Toronto Bay, Ontario			 	20,000,000
10(81	•••••	•••••	 •••••	20,440,01

STATEMENT of the distribution of young fish, &c .- Dominion of Canada .- Continued.

### BEDFORD ESTABLISHMENT, NOVA SCOTIA.

Names of	Rivers or Places				Kinds of Fis	н.	
where Fry w	ere placed or sent.	.	Salmon.	California Salmon.	Salmon Trout.	Salmon Trout.	Whitefish.
	<del></del>						<del></del>
		1					
Musquodoboit R	iver, Co. Halifax, 1	8	120,000				
	do do	,	80,000				
Ollubenacadia	do do		50,000				
DIE Salmon	do do		20,000				
Little Salmon	do do		20,000				
Mosher	do do	!	20,000				
Nine Miles	do do		20,000	********		******	
Pennant	do do		20,000				*****
Indian	do do		20,000				
Ingraham	do do	•••	20,000				
140	do do	•••					
Man - 3	do do	_ •••				******	* ***** ******
W/:- 1	do Co. Hants, N	.S	40,000	*****		********	
	do do	•••	40,000				
	go go	•••	40,000				
110mm	do do	••••	40,000				
	<b>ģ</b> o ģo	•••	40,000		{ ·····		
	do do .		40,000				
	o. Cumberland, N		80,000	******************************	••••••		
L COMMON P	do	•••	40,000	••••••			
	do	•••		·····			
Oalmon J.	do		20,000				
Otewis also D	Co. Colchester, N		80,000	······································			
	do do	•••	40,000				
Debert 3	do	•••	40,000	********			
Denich 1	do	•••	20,000 20,000				ware
rrench do	do	•••	20,000				
1.011.6	do	•••	00'000	ļ	i	***************************************	20,000
Likai	Co. Pictou, N		70,000	***************************************			20,000
West	do do		80,000				
Middle	3.		70,000				1
Sutherland's Ri			40,000		İ	1	
	, Co. Annapolis, N	S	50,000	\	1	/	
Lily do	. Halifax, N.S				8,000		120,000
Sund do	do			}			10,000
Sandy do	do						10,000
-							
Total			1,400,000		8,000		160,000
-			1	1	1	l	1

STATEMENT of the distribution of young fish, &c .- Dominion of Canada .- Continued.

### TADOUSSAC ESTABLISHMENT, QUEBEC.

					:	Kinds or Fis	н.	
Names of I				Salmon.	California Salmon.	Salmon Trout.	Speckled Trout.	Whitefish.
Ste. Marguerité E Petites Isles, Anse St. Jean Anse à Cheval A Mars Petit Saguenay St. David St. Thomas Jacques Cartier Fresh Water Por	do do do do do do do	Quebec do do do do do do do	3	90,000 68,000 67,000 32,000				
	•		••••••••	707,000				

#### GASPÉ BASIN ESTABLISHMENT, QUEBEC.

	t.	1	1	1	t
Dartmouth River, Quebec	300,000				
St. John do					
York do	150,000				
Malbaie do	40,000	i		<b> </b>	
Grand do	30,000				1
Grand Pabos do	30,000	<b> </b>	Í	<b></b>	
Total	750,000			<b>}</b>	
	1		1	1	,
		·			

#### RISTIGOUGHE ESTABLISHMENT, QUEBEC.

Main Restigouche I Grand Cascapedia Metapedia Upsalquitch Amqui Causapscal Little Nipissiquit Little Cascapedia Bonaventure	do	 90,000 50,000 250,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 40,000		 
Total	•••••	 1,015,000	 	 

STATEMENT of the distribution of young fish, &c .- Dominion of Canada -- Continued.

#### MIRAMICHI ESTABLISHMENT, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Figh Drooding Data Millians			Kinds of Fig	н.	
Fish-Breeding Establishment.	Salmon.	California Salmon.	Salmon Trout.	Speckled Trout.	Whitefish.
North-West, Miramichi River, N.B  Main South-West do do Little do do do  Nappan River, N.B  Black do  Shediac do  Tabusintac do  Sevogie do  Bartibog do  Burnt Church  Salmon do  Canaan do  Total	100,000 100,000 95,000 50,000 50,000 45,000 45,000 40,000 30,000 20,009				

### RECAPITULATION.

Tadoussac         do         do         750,000           Miramichi         do         N.B.         665,000	Gaspe do M.E. Gaspe do do Tadoussac do do Miramichi do N.B.	1,404,000 bec. 1,015,000 lo 750,000 lo 707,000 665,000	35,000	650,000 8,000 	20,000	1,300,000 20,440,000 160,000
---	---	--	--------	----------------------	--------	------------------------------------

Salmon. California Salmon Salmon Trout. Speckled Trout. Whitefish	35,000 658,000 20,000
Grand Total	27.754.000

#### SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS IN THE AUTUMN OF 1878.

The following numbers of Vivified Eggs were deposited in the Hatching-troughs of the several Fish-breeding Establishments in the Dominion, in the Fall of 1878.

Establishments.	Salmon.	Salmon Trout.	Speckled Trout.	Whitefish.
Newcastle, Ontario. { Lake Ontario, Salmon California do	· ·		144,000	1,000,000
Sandwich do				15,000,000
Gaspé, Quebec	1,650,000	·		
Tadoussac, Quebec	1,375,000			
Restigouche do	1,560,000		25,000	
Bedford, N.E	2,500,000			
Miramichi, N.B	1,000,000			
Total	8,912,000	1,840,000	169,000	16,000,000

#### RECAPITULATION.

Establishments.	Number of Vivified Eggs.
Newcastle, Ontario	3,841,000
Sandwich do	15,000,000
Gaspé, Quebec	1,650,000
Tadousac, Quebec	1,375,000
Restigouche do	1,585,000
Bedford, N.E	2,500,000
Miramichi, N.E	1,000,000
Total	26,951,000

#### SALMON ANGLING.

The total sum accruing as rents under leases of angling privileges amounts to about \$5,000.

The number of salmon caught by anglers is reported at 2,713, about the same as last year's catch. Some of the best streams on the north coast, such as the Natashquan, St. John and Romaine were not angled, and others, such as the Mingan, Kegashca, &c., &c., were only partially fished.

It is also apprehended that in some streams the actual catch is much underrated, owing to the difficulty of procuring accurate returns from the lessees and their friends.

The local fishery officers uniformly report the spawning grounds as having been filled with breeding fish last season, and the rivers swarming with fry.

Schedule of Salmon Angling in the Leased Rivers of the Provinces of Quebec and New Brunswick during the Season of 1878.

			٠ :	<b>a</b> 1	60 · 1	
Names of Rivers.	No. of Salmon.	Total Weight.	Average Weigh	Weight of the Largest Fish.	Weight of the Smallest Fish.	Remarks.
			I			
		Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	
Nn O - m	_ [	- 1	!	1		
u Gouffre	7	105 175	15   174			
te. Marguerite, N.E. Branch	8	1,021	161	33	9	3 Grilse and 2 Winnonish.
no NW do	l	1,021				No returns.
Mars	28	366	1316	26		1 Grilse.
TILLE SACHENGY	7	105	15	25	10	Anglers arrived too late.
	3	38	123			W-43-3
Aut an Cochon			••••••			Not angled.
odbout.		0.011	113	26	7	do Water low; no fishing in lower poo
*OULAINE	239	2,811	114	20	۱ ' ا	Not angled.
Tugan.	17	2391	141	31	84	Angled only during four days.
	i	5				Only partially angled.
- COCIH	3	38	12%	18	10	do
dation.						Not angled.
.01916	154	3,396	$22\frac{1}{19}$	39	7	
Cegashka	6	90	15			Angled only during a couple
St. John	1 .			1	İ	Not angled.
						do
				1		do
						do
	1 74	1,200	18	30	10	
		937	221	44	12	
		129	10	41	8	
		149	61	12	$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{0}$	
Ste. Anne-des-Monts Madeleine York		1,248	201	39 31	9 7	
		268	1418 2218	351	9	
		2,149 817	125	002		
		1,740	23	1		
		2,165	$16\frac{3}{4}$	32	7	
		189	101	17	6	
			1		• } • • • • • • •	Not angled.
		664	163	28		• 1
Grand do	. 7	200	287	50	•	One salmon, 56½ lbs., killed.
Matapedia	1 221	3,173	16 23	41	····	. One sammon, sog ross, knied.
		3,952	83	41		Only angled one day.
G-40HC, LIUWER INVISION	177	2,887	22	16		only angion
middle do	. 413	9,402	223	40		.
00 11		5,928	167	32		1
outulet.		120	10			
		138	10,8	121		
Nipissiguit		630				No return.
	45	030	-	-	-	
Total	2,713	47,653	174	50	31/2	

#### GENERAL REMARKS.

In order to avoid increasing the bulk of this report, many subjects connected with the state and improvement of the Fisheries Services are dealt with in special statements submitted for your consideration. These will be duly commented upon in my next report, when such of the suggestions as meet your approval shall have been tried in practice.

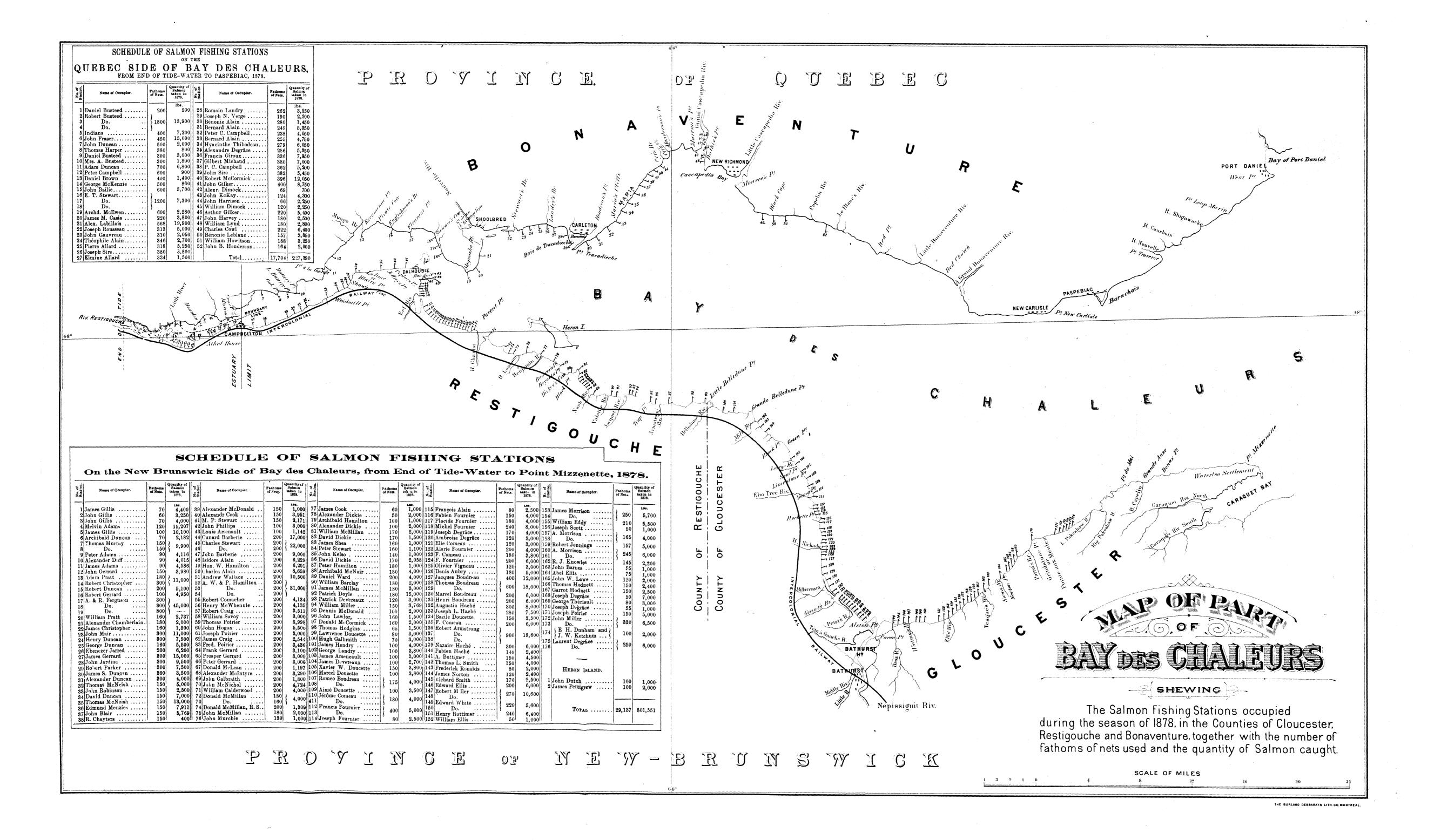
#### CONCLUSION.

The Fisheries business of the Department has grown to such an important extent, and the duties of the inside and outside staff are now so much increased, it has become necessary to revise the organization, and to place the service on a more satisfactory footing as regards officers and their pay.

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

W. F. WHITCHER,

Commissioner of Fisheries.



### APPENDIX No. 1

TO THE

# REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES.

## REPORTS

ΟF

# FISHERY OFFICERS

OF THE

DOMINION OF CANADA,

1878.

Printed by Onden of Panliament.



#### OTTAWA:

PRINTED BY MACLEAN ROGER & CO., WELLINGTON STREET. 1879.

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TO THE

# REPORTS OF FISHERY OFFICERS

IN THE

### DOMINION OF CANADA.

### FOR THE YEAR 1878.

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### APPENDIX No. 1.

Schedule of Fishery Officers in the Provinces of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, British Columbia, and Manitoba, appointed under the Fisheries Act (1868), with District, Post Office Address, Salary, &c., &c., distinguishing those who, being Fishery Overseers, are instructed to act ex officio as Magistrates, from those who act in the capacity of Fishery Wardens, and do not exercise magisterial powers.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
Samuel Wilmot	<		Super- intendent intendent ing estab- lishments in the Do- minion.	\$ cts.

#### PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Ħ.	1				
John Hunt	Larue's IslandLindoe Island	Rocknort	Warden	20	00
J D Wallace	Larue's IslandLindoe IslandLake St. Francis, from Cornwall to	Langdowne	do	50	00
D. McMillan	Lindoe IslandLake St. Francis, from Cornwall to		" "	•	00
	Côteau du Lac, on the north side,		1 :		
	and from St. Régis to Valleyfield,		1		
	on the south side, including Lake		l i		
	St. Francis and Salmon and La-				
John M.	Guerre Rivers	Dundee, P.O	Overseer	50	00
Peter Wooney	Guerre Rivers	Prescott	do	200	
Miel	Brockville to Cornwall	1 1000011	ا س		••
1	waters around down to Brockville,	i			
_	and inland waters. County of Fron-	]			
David Co-	tenac	Wolfe Island	do	200	00
Peter Huge	Carrying Place to Point Peter	Wellington	do!	100	00
Till Kot-1-1 Juli	West Point to Point Peter	Picton	do	50	00
Abraham W.	Carrying Place to Point Peter West Point to Point Peter Point Peter to Petticoat Point Point Traverse to Black River Bluff, Prince Edward Ray, including Tim-	Cherry Valley	do1	50	00
Welbanks	Point Traverse to Black River Bluff.		l i		
	Prince Edward Dow including Tim.	1	! }		
Wegley High	Prince Edward Bay, including Tim- ber Island	South Bay	do	75	00
	reducoat Point to Point Traverse	i	1		
Tr-	and all islands within such limits		}		
Wm. Plews	excepting Timber Island	do	do!		00
Charles Gilchrist	excepting Timber Island  Black River to Bongard's Wharf  Rice Lake and part of Lake Ontario, fronting on the County of North-	Prinyer	do	100	00
3	fronting on the County of North-				
Thompson	umberland	Port Hope	_ do	400	
-varpaou.	fronting on the County of North- umberland	Brockville	Warden	50	00
			i :	1 400	~~
1—46	Carried forward			1,420	w

### PROVINCE OF ONTARIO -Continued.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
	Brought forward			\$ ets. 1,420 00
Hugh Thompson	Westerly limit, County South Leeds to Cole's Ferry, and Islands oppo-	i		) 
David Hamilton	site in St. Lawrence River, including Howe Island Charleston Lake, Gananoque Lake	Gananoque	Overseer	50 00
	and River	Charleston Lake,, P.O	Warden	50 00
John McAllister	Lake Scugog, including Lindsay or Scugog River to its mouth		Overseer. Warden	50 0 <b>€</b>
Alfred Knight	Lake shore and island waters, Counties of Lennox and Addington	Petworth		200 00
Charles Wilkins	Waters of the Bay of Quinte fronting on County of Hastings, and from Carrying Place castward to Mill			- 00
John W. Kerr	Whitby Harbor to Moulton Bay	Hamilton	do	200 00 500 00
	River Credit, from mouth of river up to Norval That part of the Counties of Norfolk	Port Credit	do	<sub>50</sub> 00
Onds. D. Dinguian.	read Haldimand fronting on Lake Evie and extending from the divi- sion line between the Counti's of Elgin and Norfolk to the division line between the Townships of			
Alam MaDuila	Raicham and South Cayuga	Rowan Mills	do	250 00
	That part of Lake Eric fronting on the County of Elgin Lake Eric frontage, County of Kent	Port Burwell	do	50 00 50 00
Andrew Hughson	River Credit, from Orangeville to Norval, together with the Town- ships of Mono, East Garapaxa, Albion, Amaranth, Luther and			<sub>50</sub> 00
Peter McCann	Cale ion to Church's Mills Cataract From London to Thamesville on the	_	do	200 00
E. Boismier	Thames River		do	200 00
	Point Pélée Point Pélée Island Baby's Point, on River St Clair, to		Warden	50 00
	Kettle Point, on Lake Huron Kettle Point to Point Clarke, Lake	Sarnia	Overseer	200 00
	Huron Point Clarke to Cape Hurd, including	Goderich	do	100 00
	Owen Sound to Cape Hurd	Port Elgin Owen Sound	do	100 00
James Patton	Collingwood to Point Rich	Collingwood	do	250 00 100 00
Samuel Fraser Farquhar McRae	Point Cockbarn to Moose Point Sydenham River and Lake St. Clair, from Baptiste Creek to Baby's Point		do	150 00
Geo. B. Abrey		· ·	l i	100 00
	From Moose Deer Point to Byng Inlet, Georgian Bay		١.	50 00
	Thessalon River to head of Lake	Sault Ste. Marie	'	100 00
James Dickson	Lake Superior, extending from Slate Island to mouth of Pigeon River		1	100 00
	Carried forward			4,770 00

#### PROVINCE OF ONTARIO .- Continued.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
	Brought forward			\$ cts. 4,770 00
Alex. McKenzie Wm. Hastings	Lake Simcoe and tributaries Lake Simcoe from Cook's Bay to		1 !	50 00
	Beaverton		do	50 00
Daniel Bowen	mong Lakes	Lakeneld	do	250 00
Jam.			do!	100 00
Jan 1 " Fadden				30 00
Andrew Telfor	Madawaska River and Lake des Chats	Arnprior	do	50 00
James Sutherland	Inland waters, N.R. County Victoria,		do	50 00
John Man	Fenelon Falls	Woodville Westport	do Warden	100 00 75 00
Robert Watt	ing from South Cayuga to Moulton Bay Grand River and its tributaries from Brantford unwards		Overseer	100 00
Wm. E. Foot	Brantford upwards	Brantford	do	100 00
Wellington Hull	The Rivers Credit and Speed, with their tributaries, in the townships of Eramosa, Erin, Caledon and		}	125 00
John Morrow	Esquessing. Upper waters of the River Madawaska and tributaries in the County of	Erin	do	50 00
	Renfrew	Dacre, P.O	do	25,00
W. D. Par.	chere, and tributaries in the County of Renfrew	Renfrew	do	25 00
John A. Cameron	Inland waters of the Townships of Bedford, Oso, Olden, Palmerston,	Bronte	Warden	30 00
Hugh McFayden	Clarendon and Miller in the County of Addington	Westport	Overseer	50700
Timothy McQueen.	tributaries	,	do	40 00
	That part of the River Thames ex-	Chatham.	do	<b>5</b> 0 00
Thomas Cartier	tending from Lewisville to Cash- mere	CashmereTilbury West	do Guardian	40 00 <b>20 00</b>
	}		1	6,180 00

### PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer	Salary.
			Warden.	
	Í			e cts
Napoleon Lavoie	Lower St. Lawrence River and Gulf	Gaspé Basin (in sum-		\$
		mer), L'Islet (in		
	t 1	winter)	Officer in charge of	
			Gov. st'm-	
	·		er for pro-	1
			tection of Fisheries	l i
Clovis Caron	Point Lévis to River Ouelle	L'Islet	Overseer.	200 00
Jules Gauvreau	River Onelle to Point à la Loupe,			100 00
H Martin	Point à la Loupe, Green Island, to	Isle Verte	do	
11. 1101 0111	Rimouski River (same included)		do	100 00
	Rimouski to River Blanche	do	do	100 00
Vital Charest	River Blanche to Cape Chatte Inland waters, County Témiscouata	Matane	do	30 00
Cyrille Dubé	Lake Témiscouata and neighboring	St. Epipuane	warden	
	waters, County Temiscouata	Notre Dame du Lac	do	30 00°
Alfred Blais	Lake Matapedia and River Matapedia	0		100 00
J. J. Letourneau	to Causapscal	Causapscal	Overseer	
	Monts	Ste. Anne des Monts	dο	100 00
P. Vibert, jun	York, Dartmouth and St. John Rivers.			200 00
John Phelan	Gaspé Basin to Point Maquerean Point Maquereau to Paspebiac Point	Gaspe Basin	do	50 00
R. W. H. Dimock	Paspebiac Point to Maguasha Point	New Richmond	do	200 00
John Mowat	That part of the County of Bonaven-		uo	
	ture extending from Maguasha Point			
	upwards, and including the Rivers Matapedia and Restigouche and			201
	their tributaries	Dee Side, Matapedia	do	300 00
Daniel Rosa	Lakes Beauport, St. Charles and ad-	· -		50 00
L. P. Huot	jacent LakesLakes Philippe, Gagné and adjacent	Quebec	Warden	)
	Lakes, and the inland of Orleans	St. Roch, Quebec	Overseer	100 00
J. E. Demeule	River du Gouffre to Canard River,			i
	including inland Lakes adjacent to Murray Bay and St. Paul's Bay		do	50 00
	•	Murray Bay	do	
Etienne Tremblay.	Lakes in rear of Murray Bay and	Bay St. Paul		30 00 40 00
Jos. Simard Antoine Filion	Bay St. Paul		do	30 00
	· ·	(Bay St. Paul	do	
T. E. Saucier	Waters in Counties of Chicoutimi			150 00"
Ich Rilodean	and Saguenay Lake St. John and tributaries, Upper	Chicoutimi	Overseer	
Job Diloueau	Saguenay	Metabechonan	Warden	50 00
Joseph Boily	Escoumains to Bersimis	Mille Vaches	do	50 00
G. L. Duguay	North Shore, from Manicouagan to	1		
	Point des Monts, including Becscie, Mistassini and Godbout Rivers	Godbout	do	150,00
J. O. Belanger	North Shore River St. Lawrence, from	G 040041	uo	
Ü	Point des Monts to Baie des Rochers,			
	including Trinity and Pentecost Rivers	Montmagny	40	150 00
G. Mathurin	Moisie District, from Point Jambon to	montmakni	do …	
	Point St. Charles, including Moisie		i	150 00
D R Medie	River	Natashquan		100 00
	Esquimaux Point to Sheldrake River	rurt Daniel	do	4,110 00
			,	. 1 00

### PROVINCE OF QUEBEC .- Continued.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
!	Brought forward			\$ cts. 4,110 00
P. C. Gobeil	Watsheeshoo District, from Ateepetal Bay West to Little Watsheeshoo	] 	i	
	1 24, 1100 10 221111	1	Wandan	150.00
J. B. Couillard	River East Western Division Natashquan, includ- ing River Agwanus, Nabissippi and	Natashquan	Warden	150 00
J. Legonrá			Overseer	150 00
W H	Natashquan St. Augustine Division, from Cape Whittle to Checatica	Pacachoo	Warden	100 00
Whitely	Whittle to Checatica	Ronna Fanáranca	do	100 00
W. J. Fox	catica to Blanc Sablon Magdalen Islands	Amherst	Overseer	50 00
H. W. Willis	catica to Blanc Sablon  Magdalen Islands  Waters in District of St. Francis  Richelien River and tributaries from	Sherbrooke	do	150 00
	THE CHAINCE THE CT WHE CITE CHAILED STORE	1		200 00
. F. Copp.	Lake Memphremagog, in the Counties	!	1 1	100 00
J. B. Chevalier.	Richelian River from St. John to Lake	1	: :	100 00
Pierro T	Champlain	Iberville	do	100 00
Latraverse.	Champlain That part of the River St. Lawrence bordering on the Counties of Riche-			
	lieu, Yamaska and Berthier, in the		!	
<b>5</b> .	Province of Quebec, including	1	Warden	100 00
P. E. Luke	Mississquoi Bay in Lake Champlair.	<i>1</i>	! !	-
			Overseer	50 00
Andrew Watt	and Pike River	Huntingdon	do	50 00
Alexander D	village	Chateauguay Basin	do	<b>5</b> 0 00
Beaton.	The inland waters in rear of the County of Argenteuil	Lost River, P.O., Har-		
L. J. T.	County of Argentourin.	rington	do	30 00
m.	The inland waters of the County of	St. Sauveur	do	100 00
tuomas Evans	Terrebonne	Die Die Control	,	
	the County of Argenteuil, and those of the Seigniory of Mille			
•	I Isle and Township of Morin, in the	1	do	30 00
Duncan Dewar	County of Terrebonne		uo	30 00
			1	
J.D 0	and Grenville, in the County of	St. Andrews	do	30_00
Gerin Lajoie.	Unland waters and Lakes in the Coun-			40.00
Ulivier Laflêche.	ties of St. Maurice and Champlain That part of the River St. Lawrence fronting Counties of Berthier and	Ste. Flore	do	40_00
-	fronting Counties of Berthier and		۱ . ا	40.00
Wm. McLeod	Maskinonge	River du Loup(en haut)	do	40 00
	Rivers Kegaskea, Musquarro, Wash-		1	
R	Leecontai and Romaine or Olomo.	.1	do	100 00
wariste Chaurette	nosheeboo	TOTE Daniel		
	fronting on the County of Jacques	Ste. Geneviéve	do	50 0 <b>0</b>
	1		1	5 000 00
	Total			5,880 00

SCHEDULE of Fishery Officers in the several Provinces, etc.—Continued.

#### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Sala	r5. ——
W. H. Wylde	Nova Scotia	Port Mulgrave	Inspect or of Fisher-	\$	cts.
W. H. Rogers	do	Amherst	ies Fishery Officer	1,400 800	
	Annapolis County.				
	Annapolis County Laurencetown Bridge to Clarke's	_	1 1	120	00 · 00 ·
James B. Dobson	Laurencetown Bridge to County		1 1		00
J. H. Pineo Thomas Devers A. F. Morton	Line, including Nictaux River Nictaux River Lovett's Brook	Round Hill	do do do	25 25 25 25	00 00 00 00
	Antigonish County.				00:
A. W. McDonald Angus McDonald	Antigonish County	i	Overseer	125	00
J. R. Aymer	Brook, including French Settle- ment Brook and Tarbitts	Tracadie	Warden	25	00-
	on the Black River to Falls	Pomquet Forks, Antigonish	do do	25 15	00
[	liams or St. Andrew's Bridge	Lower South River, Antigonish	do	25	00
Lochlin Cameron.	From McWilliam's Bridge to Frazer's Bridge, including Big Brook	Upper South, River,		30	-00
John Cumming	From Fraser's Bridge to County line at head of lake	Antigonish Upper South River,	do		
John Dexter	From Antigonish Harbor (foot of marsh), to Trotter's Mill Brook, thence up said Brook to Trotter's	Antigonish	do	20	00
Donald Chisholm.	Mill, including both branches of West River and Bailey's Brook From Trotter's Mill Brook to W.	Antigonish	do	30	00
Alex. Macadam	Thompson's dam	nish	do	25	00
Hugh Cameron	Forks' Bridge to Pinkeytown	West River, Addington Forks, Antigonish	do	25	00
Duncan France	Bridge, including Jones River and Beaver River	Addington, W.O	do	25	00
Duncan Fraser	From Pinkeytown Bridge to Stewar: s Mill	Ohio	do	20	
1	Carried forward 6			2 885	00

### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.—Continued.

Name.	Distri <b>e</b> t.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
, ' '	Brought forward			\$ cts. 2,885 00
Jon	Antigonish County.—Continued.			
Tames Chisholm	From Campbell's Rock, on Pomquet River to V. Chisholm's Mill on the Eastern Branch, and to Alexander McDonald's Mill on the Western			
James McDougald.	Branch	!	Warden	25 00
	bing Head, St. George's Bay  Cape Breton County.			25 00
Francis Quinan	From Lew Point to South Head of Cow Bay, and north side of Mira Bay, including Salmon River and	i .		
Anthon- a	Sydney River	Sydney	Overseer	120 00
wm. Burke	Mira River, Black Brook	Mira Gut, W.O Burke's Bridge, Mira	Warden	25 00
				25 00
Thos. Moore	Salmon River Balls and Leitche's Creeks Sydney River and Forks	North Sydney	do	25 00 20 00
Alex McDonald	Sydney River and Forks	Lingan	do	20 00
York Barrington	Balls and Leitche's Creeks Sydney River and Forks		1	20 00
Alex. Man.	Island	Sydney Mines	Overseer	120 00
Allan McAdam	Island South of East Bay to Salmon River Eskasoni Marion Bridge, Mira	East Bary	Warden    do	120 00 25 00
				25 00
				25 00
M. McLadonald	Salmon Holes, Sydney Forks	Sydney	do	25 00
P. Keefe	Salmon Holes, Sydney Forks	Rory Brack's Brook	do	25 00
				25 00
John McNeil	tributaries Leitche's Creek and George's River Benecadie River emptying into Bras d'Or Lake	Leitche's Creek, W.O	do	25 00
	d'Or Lake	Benacadie, W.O	do	25 00
G 35	Colchester County.			
Samuel Fristie	Salmon River	Truro	Warden	25 00
R. J. Poll-	Shubenacadie River	Shubenacadie River	do	25 00
George Fulton J. Bonyman.	Salmon River Shubenacadie River Stewiacke River (lower portion) do (upper portion) Northern Division, Co. Colchester, comprising Tatamagouche Bay,	Lower Stewiackie StewiackeRiver, Brook- field	Overseer	75 00 25 00
	comprising Tatamagouche Bay,	11012 11111111 111111111111111111111111	" ardea	
J. W. Davigor	comprising Tatamagouche Bay, French and Waugh's Rivers.	New Annan	Overseer	40 00
Urqubart.	French and Waugh's Rivers Colchester County, West Division Waugh's River	Upper Economy	Worden	100 00 50 00
Henry II	Colchester County, West Division Waugh's River De Bert River Folly River	Londonderry	do	25 00
T. Davidson hart	De Bert River Folly River Portapique River Economy River	do	do,	25 00
George Moore	Portapique River Economy River Salmon River Lower Stewingle River	Portapique, W.O	do	$\begin{array}{ccc} 25 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$
Will G. Murray	Salmon River	Truro	do	25 00 25 00
Alfred Winton	Salmon River	Lower Stewiack.e	do	25 00
Alfred Wright	do do	do	do	25 00
	Carried forward 7	ļ	·	4,145 00

# SCHEDULE of Fishery Officers in the several Provinces, etc.—Continued.

### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA .- Continued.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
	Brought forward  Cumberland County.			\$ cts. 4,145 00
Oliver Fillmore John W. Moore Jer. Brownell Asa Fillmore James King  David Corbett Moses Harrison C. Pugsley Francis L. Jenks	Cumberland Co., Eastern Division, embracing all streams emptying into the Straits of Northumberland River Philip Hanam's Falls, upwards do do do downwards Shinimicas River	River Philip do Shinimicas, Goose River River Philip do Amherst do Maccan, W O River Hebert Parrsboro' Wallace do Wallace	Overseer  do  do  do  Overseer  do  do  do  do	100 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
	Island to Spencer Island  Digby County.	Diligent River, Parrs- boro'	do	30 00
Lochlin McKay Robert Journey J. P. Thibodeau Holland E. Payson	Digby County Joggins River Salmon River St. Mary's Bay Sissaboo River Metaghan River and Comeau's Brook Brier and Long Island West Division Digby County, below Sissiboo River	St. Mary's Bay, W.O   Weymouth   Metaghan River   Brier Island	do do	120 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 50 00
James A. Tory James Cook	Guysborough County.  Guysborough County Salmon River from mouth to Gra	-	;	25.00
James Cahill	ham's West Line From Graham's West Line to Foot of Neil's Lake, including North Branch and Lake From foot of Neil's Lake to Beave	Salmon River, W.O 	1	20 00
Donald Gunn	Dam Lake, inclusive, and all the lakes through which it passes  From mouth of Scott's Place to Country Harbor Lake, including	Salmon River, Wes   Branch, Guysboro'		15 00
William Pride	Gunn's Brook, from Main River to Hurley's Lake	Cross Roads		30 00
Thomas McKeen	From Wine Harbor to Lake From Forks to County Line, including McQueen's Will and Brook to Lake		do	30 00
	Carried forward 8	.1	.1	5,275 00

### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA .- Continued.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
	Brought forward	······································		\$ cts. 5,275 00
	Guysborough County.—Continued.			
Edward Jordan Robert McKay	From Forks to Indian Man's Brook From head of tide to head of Inter- vale on the North Branch, and to Cameron's Mill on the Valley	Glenelg	Warden	30 00
	Branch	Guysborough, Inter-		15.00
James R. Bruce	From mouth of Clam Harbor River to	vale, W.O	do	15 00
James Nickerson	Upper FallsFrom Beach to Falls, including North	Gursborough	do	10 00
Allan McOnarrio	West Brook	New Harbor, W.O	do	15 00
John se -	St. mary's River	brooke	dø	40 00
Adam Kirk	District of St. Mary'sSt. Mary's River extending from	Sherbrooke	Overseer	100 00
	Mier ross (anove suit waters) to		777	30 00
Alex. Ross	Hugh Halters' on the West River St. Mary's River From Sinclair's Mill to Headwater			25 00
Luke Harnell	St. Mary's River From Sinclair's Mill to Headwater From mouth to head of Indian River	Goshen St. Marr's	do	20 00
				15 00
oameron, sen	West River St. Mary's from Wallace Bridge to head of River	Hnner Caledonia	do	20 00
rederick Mattie	Tracadie River in Counties of Guys-	1 • .	1	20 00
	boro' and Autigonish	Tracadie, County of Antigonish		15 00
	Halifax County.			
William A.	The state of the s		<u> </u>	
James To	Halifax County, East Division, Dart-	l Musquodoboit Harbor	Overseer	150 00
Blakely	mouth to Ecum Secum	Ohin Hauban	Warden	30 00
William Hall John Fitzgerald	Sheet Harbor	Sheet Harbor	do	40 00
Arch:	Sheet Harbor	Portuguese Cove	Overseer	150 00
-remoald Kidston	From Peggy's Cove to Terrance Bay,		1	40 00
<sup>Nathaniel</sup> Mason	Nine Mile and Prospect Rivers From Hubert's to Peggy's Cove, Margaret Bay, Ingraham and Indian	Spryneid	warden	40 00
	Margaret Bay, Ingraham and Indian Rivers	Margaret Roy Peggy's		
Daniel M.	1	Cove, W.O	do	40 00
Donald McCllcom	Cow Bay Run Chezzetcook River Salmon River	Cow Bay, Dartmouth	do	20 00 30 00
Jenry Balcam	Chezzetcook River Salmon River Middle Musquodoboit Tangier River Pennant River	Sulmon River	do	30 00
Jone McCurdy	Middle Musquodohoit	Middle Musquodoboit	do	30 00
Neil Maller	Tangier River	Tangier River	do	30 00
Jas Condean	Tangier River Pennant River	Hubbard's Cove	do	40 00
John Torland	Pennant River	Musquodoboit Harber.	do'	30 00
			do	30 00
-oo. Parker	Upper Musquodoboit	Upper Musquodoboit		20.00
Daniel Cameron	Moser's River and Ecum Secum and	)		30 00
	James o introl and incum Debutt and	11 1 D'	do	30 00
Geo, Keiza-	Smith's Brook	Moser's River	do	
Geo. Keizer.	Smith's BrookLake Porter and streams	Lake Porter	do	30 00

### SCHEDULE of Fishery Officers in the several Provinces, etc.—Continued.

### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.—Continued.

Name.	District	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
	Brought forward			\$ cts.
			1	0,350
	Halifax County.—Continued.			
Wm. Geo. Walker.	Little Salmon River	Little Salmon River, Preston Road	Warden	20 00
James Crook	Big Salmon River or Lawrencetown River			25 00
F. G. Tolson	Sackville River	Sackville River	do	47 00
	Hants County.			
P. S. Burnham	Hants County, Western Division, from Western County Line to Walton	777		100 00.
John B. Colter	Rivers Meander and Hebert, from	Milford	do	30 00
<b>T.</b> B. O'Brien	East Division, from Walton to Col-	1	l i	30 00
Joseph Mosher	Chester Line	Maitland	Overseer	100 00
	head of tide	[Newport	Warden	50 00 30 00
	Inverness County.			
Hugh Gillis	Inverness County, East Division	Forks Margaree	Overseer	100 00
Murdoch A. Ross Peter Coady	' do do From mouth of Margaree River to	N.E. Margaree	do	160 00
Neil McKay	South-west Chapel	υ,		25 00
The o'	garee River	S.W. Margaree River	Warden	$\frac{25}{100} \frac{00}{00}$
John Uameron	Mabou River Western Division	River Inhabitants	Overseer	25 00
Michael McDoneld	River Dennis	River Dennis W O	do	25 00
Donald McDonald	Dissau Lubahitanta	Dimon Inhabitanta W O.	do	25 00
A. McLellan		Broad Cove	do,	25 00
Hugh Comeron			do	25 00
James McGarry	Ainslie Lake	Margaree	do	25 00
Kenneth McKenzie	Crowdis Bridge to head of river	Big Intervale. Mar-		oo
	'	garee, W.O	do	25 00
Malcolm McLeod	do do	N.E. Margaree	do	25 00
Mark Crowdis	From Crowdis Bridge to Forks, North-	!	1 _ 1	25 00
a v 1	east Margaree River do do	Big Intervale	do	25 00 25 00
George Ingraham	GO GO	N.E. Margaree	də	20 0
John Carroll	From Margaree Harbor to South-west		4.	25 00
Donald MaDonald	Chapel	Whyse some sh	do	25 00
Malcolm McKay	Why cocomagh Bay Trout River	Lake Ainslie	do	20 00
	King's County.	,		
Adolphus Rishon	King's County	Kentville	Overseer	125 00
John E. Starr		Port William	do	250 00
W McIntyre	Annanolis River	Kentville	Worden	30 00
Irad Benjamin	Campronny	Gaenaraany	do	20 00
John Bachanan	do	do	do	20 00
Ehas Bishop	do	do	do	20 00
•	1	1	1 1	7,950 00

### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA .- Continued.

Brought forward	Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
		Drought forward			\$ ct
					1,330 00
	n			1	
Section   Sect	seo. Redden				
Name   Nober   Lower Gold River   Beach Hill, Chester   do   25 of	Jeo, Moland			Overseer	
Name   Nober   Lower Gold River   Beach Hill, Chester   do   25 of	as. Corkum	Middle Dimen	do Posin		
Oan Hutt	m. Mook	Taracte Later Comments	Dubit		
As Langille				do	
wilkie's Cove to Henry Koch's Bridgewater do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Mahove River. New Germany, W.O do 25 00 dward Mahove Bay do 25 00 dward Mehone Bay do 25 00 dward Hebb Petite River, mouth to Wallace Brook Petite River do 25 00 dward River from Wallace Brook Petite River do 25 00 dward River from Bongald's Point to Gold River Branch, thence to Clark's Clinton's and Henry's Lakes do do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Barney's River Barney's River, W.O. Warden 25 00 dward Rankin Sutherland River Barney's River, W.O. Warden 25 00 dward Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River French River Bailey's Brook, W.O do 25 00 dward Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River Graiby Retory to East Branch Lake Bridgeville do 25 00 dward Riv	ward Boylan	Gold River, Upper	New Ross	do!	25 00
wilkie's Cove to Henry Koch's Bridgewater do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Mahove River. New Germany, W.O do 25 00 dward Mahove Bay do 25 00 dward Mehone Bay do 25 00 dward Hebb Petite River, mouth to Wallace Brook Petite River do 25 00 dward River from Wallace Brook Petite River do 25 00 dward River from Bongald's Point to Gold River Branch, thence to Clark's Clinton's and Henry's Lakes do do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Barney's River Barney's River, W.O. Warden 25 00 dward Rankin Sutherland River Barney's River, W.O. Warden 25 00 dward Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River French River Bailey's Brook, W.O do 25 00 dward Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River Graiby Retory to East Branch Lake Bridgeville do 25 00 dward Riv	Langille	Martin's River	Chester	do	25 00
wilkie's Cove to Henry Koch's Bridgewater do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Mahove River. New Germany, W.O do 25 00 dward Mahove Bay do 25 00 dward Mehone Bay do 25 00 dward Hebb Petite River, mouth to Wallace Brook Petite River do 25 00 dward River from Wallace Brook Petite River do 25 00 dward River from Bongald's Point to Gold River Branch, thence to Clark's Clinton's and Henry's Lakes do do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Barney's River Barney's River, W.O. Warden 25 00 dward Rankin Sutherland River Barney's River, W.O. Warden 25 00 dward Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River French River Bailey's Brook, W.O do 25 00 dward Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River Graiby Retory to East Branch Lake Bridgeville do 25 00 dward Riv	has Doot	Lunenburg County, West Division	Lunenburg	Overseer	100 00
wilkie's Cove to Henry Koch's Bridgewater do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Lunenburg do 25 00 dward Morgan Knock's to source of Lahave River Mahove River. New Germany, W.O do 25 00 dward Mahove Bay do 25 00 dward Mehone Bay do 25 00 dward Hebb Petite River, mouth to Wallace Brook Petite River do 25 00 dward River from Wallace Brook Petite River do 25 00 dward River from Bongald's Point to Gold River Branch, thence to Clark's Clinton's and Henry's Lakes do do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Barney's River Barney's River, W.O. Warden 25 00 dward Rankin Sutherland River Barney's River, W.O. Warden 25 00 dward Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River French River Bailey's Brook, W.O do 25 00 dward Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward Middle River do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River John River John do 25 00 dward River Graiby Retory to East Branch Lake Bridgeville do 25 00 dward Riv	rernette	From mouth of Lahave River to			
Andrews					
Andrews	as. Mossman	Wilkie's Cove to Henry Koch's	Bridgewater		
ohn Andrews  to A. Nesbitt.  Petite River, mouth to Wallace Brook to source.  Petite River, from Wallace Brook to source.  Petite River, from Wallace Brook to source.  Petite River, from Wallace Brook to source.  Petite River, from Wallace Brook to source.  Petite River, from Wallace Brook to source.  Petite River, from Bongald's Conquerall.  Point to Gold River Branch, thence to Clark's Clinton's and Henry's Lakes.  Pictou County.  Pictou County.  Pictou County.  Ohn McDonald.  Pictou County, East Division, including Sutherland's French and Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor  Eastward to County Line.  Barney's River.  Barney's River, W.O.  Warden.  25 00  Ponds, W.O.  Overseer.  170 00  Ponds, W.O.  Overseer.  Ponds, W.O.  Overseer.  170 00  Ponds, W.O.  Overseer.  170 00  Ponds, W.O.  Overseer.  Prench River, do 25 00  do 25 00  Overseer.  170 00  Ponds, W.O.  Overseer.  170 00  Ponds, W.O.  Overseer.  Prench River.  Barney's River, wo. Warden.  25 00  Alley's Brook, Bailey's Brook, Bailey's Brook, W.O.  Bailey's Brook, Bailey's Brook, W.O.  Doert Archibald, Middle River  Middle River.  Prench River.  Bast River.  Middle River.  Middle River.  Middle River.  Moder Mexiver.  Middle River.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder River.  Moder River.  Moder Mexiver.  Moder River.  Mo	dward Morgan	Knock's to source of Labora River	Lunenburg Naw	uo	25 00
Mahone Bay   do   25 00	6	james of the bounds of the transfer of the contract of the con		do	25 00
Petite River, from Wallace Brook to source.  Filliam Croft. East Gold River, from Bongald's Point to Gold River Branch, thence to Clark's Clinton's and Henry's Lakes.  Pictou County.  Ohn McDonald. Pictou County, East Division, including Sutherland's French and Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line.  McKay Onald Rankin. Sutherland River. Barney's River, W.O. Warden. 25 00 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	vun Ana.	120 2 2 2 2	24.3		25 00
Filliam Croft. East Gold River, from Bongald's Point to Gold River Branch, thence to Clark's Clinton's and Henry's Lakes. Chester Easin. do 25 00 Pictou County.  Pictou County.  Pictou County.  Pictou County. East Division, including Sutherland's French and Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fisherty from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line. Barney's River Marshall. Pictou County Line. Barney's River. New Glasgow. do 25 00 Sutherland River. New Glasgow. do 25 00 Sutherland River. Bailey's Brook.	eo A. Nesbitt	Petite River, mouth to Wallace Brook	Petite River		25 00
Pictou County.  Ohn McDonald Pictou County. East Division, including Sutherland's French and Sarney's River, Bailey's Brook and Sarney's River. Barney's River, W.O. Warden. 25 of Savid Marshall Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo Ohn Turner. Toney and John Rivers. French River. Bast River. do 25 of Savid Langille. Cariboo River. Mekar. Sutherland River. Sound John Rivers. French River. Savid Marshall. Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo River. Sast River. do 25 of Savid Langille. Cariboo River. Sutherland River. Sound John Rivers French River. Sast River. do 25 of Savid Langille. River Middle River. Middle River. do 25 of Savid Langille. River Middle River. Sutherland River. Sound McDonald. Barney's River, from McDonald's Bridge to Head. Savid Langille. Sart River. Grant's Factory, from tide to Iron Bridge Coal Mine. Sartery River, W.O. do 25 of Grant's Factory to East Branch Lake Bridgeville. Stridgeville. '11 Hebb	Petite River, from Wallace Brook to		1		
to Clark's Clinton's and Henry's Lakes	Villiam C.	source	Hebb's Cross, West	l <u> </u>	
Pictou County.  Pictou County.  Pictou County.  Pictou County, East Division, including Sutherland's French and Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line.  Sutherland River.  Ponds, W.O.  New Glasgow.  N	Croft			do	<b>2</b> 5 00
Pictou County.  Pictou County, East Division, including Sutherland's French and Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line				05	25.00
Ohn McDonald  Pictou County, East Division, including Sutherland's French and Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line			Onester Bushamin W.		-0
Ohn McDonald  Pictou County, East Division, including Sutherland's French and Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line				i	
Ohn McDonald  Pictou County, East Division, including Sutherland's French and Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line		Pietov County	; 	i i	
Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	ob	Fiction Country.			
Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	oun McDonald				
Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line		Pictou County, East Division, in-			
Eastward to County Line		Pictou County, East Division, in- cluding Sutherland's French and			
avid Marshall   Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo.   New Glasgow   Overseer   140 00	·· 461U	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and			
avid Marshall   Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo.   New Glasgow   Overseer   140 00		Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and			170.00
avid Marshall   Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo.   New Glasgow   Overseer   140 00		Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and		Overseer	
avid Marshall   Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo.   New Glasgow   Overseer   140 00		Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and		Overseer Warden	25 00
Cluding Middle, East, West, Cariboo   New Glasgow   Overseer   140 00	McKay onald Rankin	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line Barney's River Sutherland River.	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow.	Overseer Warden do	25 00 25 00
Cluding Middle, East, West, Cariboo   New Glasgow   Overseer   140 00	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line Barney's River Sutherland River French River	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow French River	Overseer Warden do do	25 00 25 00 25 00
Toney and John Rivers. New Glasgow. Overseer. 140 00 Im. Turner. French River. French River. Warden. 25 00 Obert Archibald. Middle River Middle River. do 25 00 Mr. Evans. West River. West River. do 25 00 Obert Archibald. River Middle River. do 25 00 West River John Siver Mest River. do 25 00 Cariboo River John do 25 00 Cariboo River John do 25 00 Cariboo River John do 25 00 Cariboo River do 25 00 Cariboo River McDonald's Barney's River, from McDonald's Barney's River, from Inou Bridge to Grant's Factory, from tide to Iron Bridge Coal Mine Churchville. do 25 00 Cariboo River W.O. do 25 00 Cariboo River W.O. do 25 00 Cariboo River Cariboo River Cariboo River Milliam Frazer. Grant's Factory, from tide to Iron Churchville. Churchville. do 25 00 Cariboo River W.O. do 25 00 Cariboo	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O	Overseer Warden do do do	25 00 25 00 25 00
corpe McKenzie. Cariboo River	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart an. McLean avid Marshall	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O	do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00
corpe McKenzie. Cariboo River	McKay Onaid Rankin Villiam Stewart an McLean avid Marshall	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O	do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00
corpe McKenzie. Cariboo River	McKay Onaid Rankin Villiam Stewart an McLean avid Marshall	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O	do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00 140 00 25 00
corpe McKenzie. Cariboo River	McKay Onaid Rankin Villiam Stewart an McLean avid Marshall	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O	do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00 140 00 25 00 25 00
Barney's River, from McDonald's  Delaney Bridge to Head	McKay	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow Bailey's Brook, W.O  New Glasgow French River Bast River Bast River	do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00 140 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
Barney's River, from McDonald's  Delaney Bridge to Head	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart an McLean avid Marshall Ohn Turner In Smith Obert Archibald Vm. Evans	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow. French Kiver. Bailey's Brook, W.O  New Glasgow. French River. East River. Middle River. West River.	Overseer Warden do do do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00 140 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
Bridge to Head	McKay onald Rankin villiam Stewart an McLean avid Marshall ohn Turner m Smith. obert Archibald ym. Evans avid Langille	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow. French Kiver. Bailey's Brook, W.O  New Glasgow. French River. East River. Middle River. West River.	Overseer Warden do do do do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00 140 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
Filliam FrazerGrant's Factory, iron tide to from Churchville	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart an. McLean Pavid Marshall Ohn Turner Vm. Smith Obert Archibald Vm. Evans avid Langille	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow. French Kiver. Bailey's Brook, W.O  New Glasgow. French River. East River. Middle River. West River.	Overseer Warden do do do do	170 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 30 00 140 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
Filliam FrazerGrant's Factory, iron tide to from Churchville	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart Oan. McLean avid Marshall Ohn Turner Vm. Smith Obert Archibald Avid Langille eorge McKenzie Ohn McDonald	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O	Overseer Warden do do do do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00 140 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
Illiam Frazer Grant's Factory to East Branch Lake Bridgeville	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart Oan. McLean avid Marshall Ohn Turner Vm. Smith Obert Archibald Avid Langille eorge McKenzie Ohn McDonald	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow. French River. Bailey's Brook, W.O  New Glasgow. French River. East River. Middle River. West River. River John Cariboo River Barney's River, W.O	Overseer Warden do do do do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00 140 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
Onald Frazer Grant's Factory to East Branch Lake Bridgeville do 25 00 Onald Miller East River of St. Mary's Garden of Eden 20 00	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart Oan. McLean avid Marshall  Ohn Turner Vm. Smith Obert Archibald Vm. Evans Avid Langille eorge McKenzie Ohn McDonald	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line	Ponds, W.O	Overseer Warden do do do do do do	25 00 25 00 25 00 30 00 140 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
onald Miller East River of St. Mary's Garden of Eden do 25 00	McKay Onald Rankin Villiam Stewart an. McLean avid Marshall  ohn Turner Vm. Smith obert Archibald Vm. Evans avid Langille deorge McKenzie ohn McDonald  Delaney	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line  Barney's River Sutherland River French River Bailey's Brook Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River East River Middle River West River River John Cariboo River Barney's River, from McDonald's Bridge to Head East River, from Iron Bridge to Grant's Factory, from tide to Iron. Bridge Coal Mine	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow. French River. Bailey's Brook, W.O  New Glasgow. French River. East River. Middle River. West River. River John Cariboo River. Barney's River, W.O  Churchville.	Overseer Warden do do do do do do	25 000 25 000 25 000 37) 00 140 000 25 000 25 000 25 000 25 000 25 000 25 000 25 000 25 000
Carden of Eden do 20 00	McKay  Onald Rankin  Villiam Stewart  Ohn Turner  Vm. Smith  Sobert Archibald  Vm. Evans  avid Langille  etorge McKenzie  Ohn McDonald  Delaney  Villiam Frazer	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line  Barney's River Sutherland River French River Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River East River Middle River West River River John Cariboo River Barney's River, from McDonald's Bridge to Head East River, from Iron Bridge to Grant's Factory, from tide to Iron. Bridge Coal Mine Grant's Factory to East Branch Lake	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow. French Kiver. Bailey's Brook, W.O  New Glasgow. French River. East River. Middle River. West River. River John Cariboo River Barney's River, W.O  Churchville. Bridgeville	Overseer Warden do do do do do do do	25 00 25 00 25 00 37 00 140 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
	McKay onald Rankin Villiam Stewart an. McLean savid Marshall Ohn Turner Vm. Smith obert Archibald Vm. Evans avid Langille deorge McKenzie ohn McDonald  Delaney Villiam Frazer	Barney's Rivers, Bailey's Brook and Shore Fishery from Pictou Harbor Eastward to County Line  Barney's River Sutherland River French River Pictou County, West Division, including Middle, East, West, Cariboo. Toney and John Rivers French River East River Middle River West River River John Cariboo River Barney's River, from McDonald's Bridge to Head East River, from Iron Bridge to Grant's Factory, from tide to Iron. Bridge Coal Mine Grant's Factory to East Branch Lake	Ponds, W.O Barney's River, W.O New Glasgow. French Kiver. Bailey's Brook, W.O  New Glasgow. French River. East River. Middle River. West River. River John Cariboo River Barney's River, W.O  Churchville. Bridgeville	Overseer Warden do do do do do do do do	25 00 25 00 25 00 39 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00

# SCHEDULE of Fishery Officers in the several Provinces, etc.—Continued.

### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.—Continued.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
	Brought forward			\$ cts 9,185
İ	Queen's County.			
Samuel T.N. Sellon	Queen's County	Liverpool	Overseer	190 00
Stephen Clements.	Fort Point to Salmon Rocks, Milton Bridge, on Liverpool River	do	Warden	25 00
Theodosius Ford	Milton Bridge up to Port Liverpool	·	1	50 00
Geo. Snadden	River Salmon Rock to Puddingpan Island,		'	
	around the Coast	Liverpool	do	20 00
•	up Port Medway River to Dog Cove	Port Medway	do	30 00
John Fitzgerald	From Steam Mills to Salter's Falls on Port Medway River	!		30 00
Barnabas Miles	Salter's Falls to Pawn Hook on Port	1	1	20 00
Stephen Smith	Medway River Pawn Hook to Brookfield	Greenfield, W.O	do	20 00
Jonathan Smith	Fort Point to Western Head, Liver-	do	do	15 00
James Farquhar	Western Head, Liverpool Harbor, to		u0	
_	Broad River, Port Mouton and Port	do	do	30 00
Selomon Lonas	Port Medway River			30 00
	Richmond County.	<u> </u> 		l
Duncan Cameron.	Eastern Division, from River Bour-		į į	
	geoise to East Boundary of County, including said river.	St Potons	Ororgoor	125 00
John Murchison	Grand River	Grand River, W.O		
Edward H. Ballam	Western Division, from River Bour- geoise to West Boundary of County	·i		125 00
P. W. Grouchy	Decousse River	do	Warden	30 00
John Proctor, sen.	Inhabitants River	Port Hawkesbury	1 do	20 00
Abroham Sampson	Datit Dograt Inlat	Potit Dograt	1 40	30 00
Justinian Sampson	L'Ardoise.	L'Ardoise	do	30 00
Charles Grant	River Inhabitants	River Inhabitants	do	20 00
Alex. Smith	West Ray Black River.	West Bay	do	30 00
Edward Madden	L'Ardoise. Biver Inbabitants West Bay, Black River Rear of River Bourgeoise	River Bourgeoise	. do	30 00
Geo. Donahoe	Rear of River Bourgeoise	River Moulin, Gran-	.1	
		digue Ferry, W.O	.ı do	30 00
				25 00
Felix Gerroir	Grand Ruisseau	Grand Ruisseau, Ari	_	
		chat	. do	25 00
William Kehoe	False Bay and Breen's Brook	River Bourgeoise, W.C	do	
	Shelburne County.			
			i	125 00
Samuel Muir	Shelburne County	. Shelburne		1 00 00
William McKay	. Clyde River	· do	.Warden	20 00
M. Greenwood	Round Bay River and Indian Brook	. Clyde River, W.O	. do	15 00
Cenroe Archer	Rirchtown River	Shelhurne	.) do	20 00
Richard McGill	. Roseway River	. do		30 00
James Turner	Roseway River	- do	. do	. 30 00
Henry Ackerman.	Green Harbor	.   Ragged Island, Locke'	8	20 00
	\$	Island, W.O	. do	.1 20 00
	i .		• 1	./ 20/181
P. Crowell	Barrington River	Barrington	do	20 00
P. Crowell	Barrington River	Barrington	do	10,490 00

### PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA .- Concluded.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
	Brought forward Victoria County.			\$ ct 10,490 0
. W. Burke	Victoria County, North Division, from			
onald McRee inn		Raddack	do	120 0 120 0
			warden	25 0
onn McDonald	Middle River, Upper Settlement	Baddeck	do	25 0
			3	25 0 25 0
onald McAuley	Baddeck River	do	do	25 0 25 0
		North River, W.O	do	25 0 25 0
Ouald McRae	Baddeck River and tributaries	Baddeck	do{	25 0
rancis Arnold	do North Branch	do	do	25 0
		Washabuck River	do	30 0
Odrick Passes	Indian Brook	Middle River	do	30 0
Villiam Fords	Data da Danala	D-44 - P. Dimer	40	30 0 30 0
			ا من ا	30 0
onald Bochaman.	Barachois River.	Barachois River	do	30 0
alcom McIvor	Indian Brook	Indian Brook	do	30 0
os. Guinn	North River	North River	do	30 0
os Burton	Salmon River, Bay St. Lawrence	Bay St Lawrence, W.O.	do	
os. Hellen	Cape North	Cape North	do	30 0
	Yarmouth County.			
nos Gardner	Yarmouth County	Tusket	Overseer	150 0
	I Tom recymend a Paris to Donce Mai-	l <u>-</u>	1	50 0
Villiam Kavanagh			do	0.7
Tillam Prosser	pranonos or involutoro recjama		_	
Dato on and	L Childs	1 40		25 0
dward Por	Salmon River	Yarmouth,	do	25 0
erome D.	1211010 161701		, 40	25 0 30 0
ital Muise	Salmon River Little River Tusket River Tusket Forks	Tueket Forks	do	25 0
				25 0
m. Thurston, sen	Chegoggin River	Chegoggin River	do	25 0
· ugraham Brand	Eel Lake Chegoggin River Pubnico and Argyle.	W. Publico	do	25 0
	i Total		1	11,660 0

#### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

W. H. Venning	New Brunswick	St. John.	N.B	Inspector	
C. R. Venning	······	do		Fisheries Clerk	1,400 00 400 00
	Albert County			•	
Winthrop Akerly Wallace Taylor	County of Albert	  Harvey  Coverdale	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Overseer Warden	100 00 40 00
	Carried forward			***************************************	1,940 00

#### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK .- Continued,

John L. Veno	Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salar	r <b>y</b> .
C. Mc atchey		Ü			\$ 1,940	cts 00
Hugh Miller	Jacob Beck J. E. Kinne	Mouth of Petitcodiac River and Dor- chester Bay	Hillshoro'ElginHopewell Corner	do	30 40	00 00
Waters to Forks. St. John River, from Eel River to Woodstock.  William Thompson		Carleton County.				
Charlotte County.   Chamcook, W.O.   Overseer   70 00	George Burt J. W. Scott	Waters to Forks St. John River St. John River, from Eel River to Woodstock The Upper Waters of the South West	Glassville Upper Woodstock Canterbury East Glassville,Smith's	do	30	00
B. L. Cunningham James Brown			w o	do	30	00
James Brown. Campo Bello and West Isles, with coast and streams in Charlotte Co. St. Croix River and tributaries. St. Stephen. do 120 00 W. B. McLaughlin. Grand Manan Island and spawning grounds Grand Manan Island and spawning grounds. St. George to Reaver Harbour. La Tête, W.O. Warden. 30 00 Robert Dixon. Seeley's Cove to Lepreaux. Lepreaux. do 30 00 Leonard Best. East District, from La Tête to Lepreaux. Deer Island.		Charlotte County.				
Frank Todd. St. Croix River and tributaries. St. Stephen do 120 00 W. B. McLaughlin Grand Manan Island and spawning grounds	B. L. Cunningham James Brown	Campo Bello and West Isles, with				
Samuel Dick St. George to Reaver Harbour La Tête, W.O. Warden. 30 00 Robert Dixon. Seeley's Cove to Lepreaux Leonard Best. East District, from La Tête to Lepreaux. Beaver Harbour, W.O. Overseer. 100 00 J. M. Lord. Deer Island Deer Island Deer Island St. Andrews to mouth of St. Croix River. St. Andrews. Warden. 30 00 Rodward Carroll. Whitehead Island Dohn Thomson. West side, Deer Island D		St. Croix River and tributaries Grand Manan Island and spawning	St. Stephen	do	120	00
Lepreaux. Deer Island Deer Isl	Robert Dixon	St. George to Beaver Harbour! Seeley's Cove to Lepreaux	La Tête, W.O	Warden	30	00
Andrew Gilmour.  Edward Carroll.  Northern Head, Grand Manan.  Milter Nepissiguit and tributaries, with sea coast and streams from Belledune River to Grindstone Point.  Justinien Savoy.  Justinien Savoy.  James Hickson.  Justinien Savoy.  Jerderic Comeau.  Frederic Comeau.  Frederic Comeau.  Miles Dempsey.  Salmon Beach, from Bass River to Grindstone Point to Grande Anse.  Miles Dempsey.  Salmon Beach, from Bass River to Grande Anse.  Grand Manan.  Grand Manan.  do  30 00  Grand Manan.  do  30 00  Deer Island.  Doer Island.  Deer Island.  Overseer.  250 00  Warden.  50 00  Caraquet.  Dear Grand Manan.  Coverseer.  250 00  Warden.  50 00  Caraquet.  Dokemouche.  Pokemouche.  Pokemouche.  Salmon Beach, from Bass River to Grindstone Point to Grande Anse.  Grande Anse.  Grande Anse.  Salmon Beach.  Grande Anse.  Solo Od  30 00  30 00  Ad 00  30 00  Ad 00  30 00  Ad 00	J. M. Lord	Lepreaux Deer Island	Beaver Harbour, W.O Deer Island		100 <b>70</b>	00 00
James Hickson River Nepissiguit and tributaries, with sea coast and streams from Belledune River to Grindstone Point Bathurst	Andrew Gilmour.	Croix River	Grand Manan	l do	30 30	00 00
William Bateman. Nepissiguit River. do Warden. Juste Haché. Oyster Beds in County, Caraquet and Shippegan. Tracadie. Tracadie, W.O. Warden. 30 00 John L. Veno. Pokemouche Pokemouche Petit Rocher, from Belledune to Mill Stream. Stream. Salmon Beach, from Bass River to Grindstone Point to Grande Anse. Grande Anse. Grande Anse. do 30 00 30 00		Gloucester County.				
William Bateman. Nepissiguit River	James Hickson	River Nepissiguit and tributaries, with sea coast and streams from Belle-	Bathurst	Osarsaar	250	00
Justinien Savoy Tracadie Tracadie, W.O Warden 30 00  John L. Veno Pokemouche Pokemouche do 30 00  Frederic Comeau Petit Rocher, from Belledune to Mill Stream Elm Tree, Madisco do 40 00  Miles Dempsey Salmon Beach, from Bass River to Grindstone Point Salmon Beach do 30 00  m. Coughlan Grindstone Point to Grande Anse Grande Anse do 30 00	William Bateman Juste Haché	Nepissiguit River	do	Warden	100	00
Miles Dempsey Salmon Beach, from Bass River to Grindstone Point Salmon Beach do 30 00 m. Coughlan Grindstone Point to Grande Anse Grande Anse Grande Anse do 30 00	Justinien Savoy John L. Veno	Pokemouche	Tracadie, W.O	Warden	30 (	00
m. Coughlan Grindstone Point to Grande Anse Grande Anse do 30 00	Date of the second second	StreamSalmon Beach, from Bass River to	,	!		
	m. Coughlan	Grindstone Point to Grande Anse	Grande Anse		30 (	00 —

<sup>\*</sup> Includes boat hire.,

### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK -Continued.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salar <b>y</b>	<b>y</b> .
	Brought forward	 	•••••	\$ 0 3,650	
Adolphe Haché W. Rogers John Calnan, jun	Gloucester County.—Continued.  Shippegan		Warden do	30 ( 25 (	
Alexia I and .	a mile above the Mill Dam to the source of said River	Kinsale	do Overseer do	25 ( 50 ( 30 (	00
	Kent County.				
James Harnett James Harnett	Cocagne River	Cocagne Richibucto Little Buctouche River Buctouche	do Warden do	100 ( 75 ( 30 ( 30 (	00 00
Lazare Guimoa	the Richibucto upwards, including Nicholas River	Weldford	do	30 (	00
Nichelas Muzzeroll	River	Kouchibouquacis	do	75 ( 50 (	
	Kings County.				
Oampal p -	From mouth of Smith's Creek up- wards	Smith's Creek, W.O Studholm, Apohaqui	Overseer Warden	100 ( 30 (	
	streams running thereinto	Westfield	Overseer	50	00
•	Northumberland County.	Pearson's W.O	Warden	30 (	0 <b>0</b>
William Batymast	Burnt Church River and tributaries, and Upper Tabusintac	Stymast Road, Neguac	Overseer Warden Overseer	100 ( 50 ( 50 (	00
·	Tabusintac River, tributaries and Bay Miramichi River and Bay, east of Beaubair's Island, in the Parishes of Glenelg and Chatham Miramichi River and tributaries from Beaubair's Island to Blackville	l	do	100	00
N. B. T. Underhill.	Beaubair's Island to Blackville From Lower line of Blackville to	Upper Nelson	do	160 ( 160 (	
Hogan	Miramichi River (N.W.) and tribu-		: Í	400 (	
	taries from Chatham Ferry upwards Miramichi River (S.W.) and tribu- taris from Nelson's to Heal of Hovey Island		Warden	30 (	00
Kenneth Cameron.	From Elm Tree Brook to Squire Under- hill's, on the S.W. Miramichi River Miramichi River (S.W.) from line of	Derby, W.O	1	30	00
	tributaries	Boiestown	Overseer	100	00
	Carried forward			5,590	00

### SCHEDULE of Fishery Officers in the several Provinces, etc.—Continued.

### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK .- Continued.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
	Brought forward			\$ cts. 5,590 00
	Northumberland County Continued.			
Patrick Bergin	From Underhill's to Stephen Mit- chell's, on S.W. Miramichi	Dumphey, W.O., Parish of Blackville, S.W.	1	
Thomas Smith	From lower end of Fingley's Island, on N.W. Miramichi, upwards, and the Big Sevogle	Miramichi	Warden	30 00
J. A. Somers	From lower side of Ox Bow, on the	w.o	do	30 00"
Patrick Gillis Denis Hogan Michael Donovan Thomas McKenzie.	Little South West, upwards Little S.W. River and tributaries Renous River and tributaries Renous River From Dunbar's Point on N.W. Mira- michi to lower end of Fingley's Island; on Little South West to	do do Renous Bridge, W.O Renous Bridge	Overseer Warden do do	30 00° 30 00° 18 00°
Henry Oldfield FindlayMcDiarmid	Big Sevogle to Square Forks	do do	do do	30 00. 30 00.
-	Bay du Vin River and Bay, with Parish of Hardwick, Fox and other	Nappan, W.O., Chat- ham	do	30 00.
	Islands and Stations on South side of Main Channel Miramichi River Miramichi Bay and Feeders South West Miramichi, within Parish	Bay du Vin, W.O Lower Newcastle	do	100 00'
Samuel Freeze	of Blissfield	Blissfield	Warden	50 00
John Holmes	West Miramichi River From lower side Ox Bow, on Little	Doaktown, Miramichi	Overseer	100 00,
	South West Miramichi, upwards Arbo Settlement, Parish of Blackville,	Ox Bow, Miramichi	do	50 00'
	South West Miramichi	Arbo Settlement	. 1	30 00,
John Doyle Peter Russell	ville, South West Miramichi	Bartinog	do!	30 00°
ļ	Queen's County.			
Isaiah Langan	Salmon River	Chipman, W.O., Gas- pereaux.	Warden	30 00°
John Secord I. T. Hetherington	From Cole's Island, to foot of Washademoak Lake.			100 00
W. H. Clark	Headwaters, Washademoak Lake	Cambridge	Warden do do	25 00° 25 00° 30 00° 25 00°
C. Estabrook Solomon Thorne	Between Maguapit and Grand Lakes. New Canaan River	New Canaan	do do do	30 00; 30 00; 30 00;
Hiram Starkey	New Castle River	Salmon River, Chip- man, P.O	do	30 00
	Carried forward			6,803 00

 ${\tt Schedule} \ \ {\tt of} \ \ {\tt Fishery} \ \ {\tt Officers} \ \ {\tt in} \ \ {\tt the} \ \ {\tt several} \ \ {\tt Provinces}, \quad {\tt tc.--} \ {\tt Continued}.$ 

### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK .- Concluded.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
;     	Brought forward  Restigouche County.			\$ cts. 6,803 00
Mowat	Little Dune River to Morris Rock Charlo Kiver		Overseer Warden do do	100 00 25 00 25 00 25 00
	quitch, Eel, Charlot, Jacquet and their tributaries		Overseer	No salary,
G. W. Hoben	Sunbury County.  St. John River, Indiantown, to County line of York	Burton, W.O	Overseer	100 00
Joseph Com	St. John County.			150 00
	from Quaco Head to Goose River  Victoria County.	St. Martins	do	100 00
C. McClusky Chas. Roberts Jno. McDougall	County of Victoria Lower Division, Tobique River Three Brooks, branch of Tobique River	Grand Falls	Overseer Warden.,	100 00 30 00
G. Bedell Donald Fraser Thos. Edgar Edward Maloney	River Salmon River Tobique River Middle Division, Tobique River Upper Division do	Rocky Brook, Parish of Lorne	do do do do	30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00
	Westmoreland County.	Of DOING	uo	30 0 <b>0</b>
D. T. Cormier Bugh Davidson	Shediac Harbour and River Dorchester Bay	ShediacGautreau Village	do	100 00 60 00 100 0 <del>0</del>
	York County.		do	100 00
	Grand Pass on St. John River up- wards from Crock's Point to Lower Line of York County, including Nashwaak River	·!	Warden	60 00
0WI	St. John River, from Upper Line of York County to Crock's Point, or			
ir	River St. John	Southampton	_	30 00
	Total			8,018 00

# SCHEDULE of Fishery Officers in the several Provinces, etc.—Continued.

### PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Name.	District.	Address.	Overseer or Warden.	Salary.
Ewen Clark		Duuk River Winter River do do South West River Pinette River West River	Warden do do do do do do do	150 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00
Laurence Phee James T. Reid James Ramsay Hugh McIntosh Peter H. Perry Abraham Wail Patrick McBride Wm. Burus.	Dunk River, Lot 25do do do	Nail Pond	Warden do do do do do	150 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00
James Maclunis	do Midgett River North Lake Bay Fortune River Naufrage River Grand River	do do Midgell River North Lake Bay Fortune River Naufrage River Grand River	do	150 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00
Andrew Whelan	Murray HarborSouris RiverHead Waters, Morell River	Murray Harbour Souris River	do	30 00 30 00 25 00 1,375 00

#### PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Alex. C. Anderson British	Columbia	Rosebank,	Victoria	Inspector Fisheries	600 00

# $S_{CHEDULE}$ of Fishery Officers in the several Provinces, etc.—Continued.

### PROVINCE OF MANITOBA.

Name.	District,	Address.	Overseér or Warden.	Salary.
Donald Gunn	Manitoba	LittleBritain, Winnipeg	Overseer	200 00

#### RECAPITULATION.

Samuel Wilmot, Superintendent Fish-Breeding Establishments in the Dominion	<b>2.</b> 000 00
Ontario	6,180 00
Quebec	5,380 00
Nova Scotia New Brunswick	11,660 00 8,018 00
Prince Edward Island	1,375 00
British Columbia	600 00
Manitoba	200 00
Total	35,913 00

JAMES C. POPE, Minister of Marine and Fisheries.

(Certified.)

W. F. WHITCHER,

Commissioner of Fisheries.

### APPENDIX No. 2.

STATEMENT of Expenditure on account of Fisheries, for the Fiscal Year ended 30th June, 1878.

To whom paid.	Service.		Amount.		Total.		
. ,	ONT	'ARIO.		\$	cts.	\$	ct
J. W. Kerr	For 12 months' salary as	Fishery Overseer,	to 30th				
	June, 1878			500	1		
Chas. Gilchrist	do	фo		400			
James Patton	do	ďο	•••••	259			
A. Knight	do	do	*****	250			
Peter Kiel E. Boismier	do do	do do		200 200			
D. McMaster	do	do	•••••	200			
Charles Wilkins		do		200			
George Cochrane	do	do		200			
C. G. Bingham		do		200			
J. Mooney		do	*****	200			
P. McCann	do	do		175	00		
F. McRae	l do	do		150	00		
W. E. Foot	do	do	•••••	125	00		
A. C. McKinnon	do	do	•••••	100			
J. Wilson	do	do		100			
Wm. Plews	do	do	•••••	100		Ġ	
Geo. S. Miller	do	do	•••••	100	- 1		
G. B. Abrey James Sutherland	do do	do do	•••••	100 100			
David Conger	do	do	•••••	100			
James Muir		do		100			
Henry Lawe		do		100			
Samuel Fraser	do	do		100			
James Dickson	do	do		100	00		
Daniel Bowen	do	do		100	00		
Robert Watt	do	do		100	00		
John McGregor	do	do		75	00		
J. Wallace	do	do	• - • • •		00		
J. D. McMillan	do	do	•••••		00	,	
P. Huff	do	do	•••••		00		
W. A Palen	do do	do do	*****		00	i i	
J. L. Thompson Hugh Thompson	do	do	******		00		
David Hamilton	l do	do	••••••		00	1	
A. J. Harrington	l do	do	*****		00	į.	
J. MoAllister	do	do			00		
J. G. Wilcox	do	do			00	ğ	
Alex. McBride	do	do			00	pr I	
J. McMichael	do	do			00		
A. Hughson		do	•••••		00		
Alex. McKenzie	ďο	do			00	l	
John Lyon	ďο	фo			00	Ř	
A, Telfer	do	do		50	00	Ĕ	
A, Telfer	Carried	do forward 20		5,425			

To whom paid.		Service.		Amount.	Total.
	Bro	ought forward		\$ cts. 5,425 00	\$ cts
		TARIO.—Continued.			
ames Cummins	For 12 months' sa	lary as Fishery Overseer	to 30th		<b>!</b> }
Vm. McGown				50 00	
Hull Mes McFadden	do do	do do		50 00 37 50	1
m b	do	do		30 00	145
Chim to accessor and accessor	do	do	•••••	30 00	ł
. R Tr ********	do	do	•••••	20 00	ļ
(† D	9 do 6 do	do do		37 50 50 00	İ
lex Proulx	do	do		25 00	
. Mo 80	5 do	do		20 80	
. I. D	3 do	ďο	•••••	6 25	l
L. W-11,	uo	do	•••••	6 25	
V. 12: 1	2 Q0	do do	******	12 50 12 50	l
A. Cameron	do do	do	*****	8 33	ĺ
V. () 70	do	do		6 66	
	uu	. do		5 00	ļ
AW P CODOCT	OBLIBITY BIS SIDE	cial Fishery Constable		368 00	į
, Moning	uo	do		10 00 48 00	1
				20 00	l
homas Cartier McQueen	Salary as spe	cial Guardian, Thames R	iver	40 00	!
L. Rm. 3	do	do do		27 06	ļ
	ďo	do do		26 23	
Via. Fahey	do	do Lake Con	stant	51 00	}
han on	to 30th J	sbursements as Fishery Cune, 1878	Verseer	870 20	
has. Gilchrist	do	do		864 45	
• Will • ***************	do	ďο		377 00	
. I. D	do	do do		346 00 333 00	
ames Patton	do do	do		323 19	
	do	do		313 90	
1. 1.0 -1	do	do		278 20	
· Chel.	фо	do		186 85	
	do	do do		128 89 128 25	
J. Harrington	do do	do	*****	115 3 <b>5</b>	
	do	do		106 33	
	do	do		106 27	
	αo	do	•••••	104 00	
MoD.	do	do	•••••	97 85	
McKenzie Hamilton	do do	do do	*****	90 77 79 98 .	
To R A 2	do	do		69 82	
To N 15:22 J "**********	do	do	•••••	63 50	
	αo	do		54 25	
	do	do		45 75 45 55	
Diekson	do do	do do	•••••	44 00	
	do	do		38 40	
	do	do		38 00	
	фo	do		36 65	
	do	do	•••••	27 00	
L. Thompson	do do	do do	•••••	25 25 23 10	
7	αo	uυ	••••••	43 10	

To whom paid.	Se	rvice.		Amount.	Total.	
·	Brought f	orward		\$ cts. 11,785 33	\$ cts	
	ONTARIO	-Continued.				
W. R. Young	For 12 months' disburse		verseer,			
Wm. Plews	to 30th June, 18	378do		21 77 20 00		
H. Griffiths	do do	do		19 05		
Jas. McFadden		do		16 00		
J. Lyon	do	do		15 00		
J. G. Hicks		ģο	•••••	14 65		
D. Bowen H. Lawe		do	•••••	13 50		
Peter Huff		do do		11 00 8 00		
H. Hunt	Í do	ob	[	8 00 1		
James S. Webster	Disbursements as Spec	ial Fishery Consta	ble, to			
	30th June, 1878	•• •••••••• •••••••		144 20		
John Grimes	do	do		189 28		
W. C. Besserer J. Connor	do do	do do	•-•••	85 60 75 70		
C. Barbeau		do		110 00		
A. Dallaire		do		25 00		
J. Hughes		do		20 00		
E. J. O'Neil	do Disbursements as Specia	do	4 - 0047	14 00		
wm. raney	June, 1878	Lrisnery Guardian	to 30th	97 00		
Thomas Cartier	do	do		27 00 20 30		
T. McQueen	l do	do		15 00		
J. C. Darke.,	Repairs to boat	•- ••••••• ••••		14 00		
Department of Interior	Rent of Bluff Island	*****		51 50	12,723 88	
		222	j			
	l -	EBEC.	-			
John Mowat	For 12 months' salary as	Fishery Overseer,	to 30th	200.00		
C. Caron	June, 1878 do	do		300 00 200 00		
H. W. Austin	do	do		200 00	}	
R. W. H. Dimock		do		200 00		
P. Vibert		do		200 00		
W. C. Willis	do	do		150 00		
G. L. Duguay		do do		150 00 150 00		
P. C. Gobeil		do		150 00	,	
G. Mathurin		do		150 00		
J. B. Couillard		do		150 00		
		do		150 00		
J. F. Saillant		do	******	100 00		
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau	1			100 00		
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau V. Charest	do	do				
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau V. Charest A. Blais	do do	do		100 00 100 00		
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau V. Charest	do do do			100 00		
J. F. Saillant	do do do do do	do do do		100 00 100 00 100 00		
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau A. Blais J. J. Letourneau L. P. Hout D. B. McGie	do do do do do do	do do do do do		100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00	·	
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau A. Blais J. J. Letourneau L. P. Hout J. Legouve D. B. McGie W. H. Whitely	do do do do do do	do do do do do		100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00		
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau V. Charest J. J. Letourneau J. J. Letourneau L. P. Hout J. Legouve D. B. McGie W. H. Whitely S. F. Copp	do do do do do do	do do do do do do		100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00		
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau V. Charest A. Blais J. J. Letourneau L. P. Hout J. Legouve D. B. McGie W. H. Whitely J. F. Copp J. B. Chevalier	do do do do do do do	do do do do do do		100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00		
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau V. Charest A. Blais J. J. Letourneau L. P. Hout J. Legouve D. B. McGie W. H. Whitely S. F. Copp J. B. Chevalier P. Latraverse	do do do do do do do do	do do do do do do		100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00		
J. F. Saillant	do do do do do do do do	do do do do do do do		100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00		
J. F. Saillant J. Gauvreau V. Charest A. Blais J. J. Letourneau L. P. Hout J. Legouve D. B. McGie W. H. Whitely J. F. Copp J. B. Chevalier	do do do do do do do do do do	do do do do do do do		100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00 100 00		

To whom paid.		Amount.	Total.		
,		Brought forward		\$ cts. 3,450 00	cts
	оп	EBEC. — Continued.		ł	
E. Grondin			أسوو	1	
p.	For 12 months' so June. 18'	lary as Fishery Overseer,	10 30th	100 00	
Rosa Phelan E. Demaylo	do	do		50 00	
E D.	do do	do do	*****	50 00   50 00	
b Bilodeau	do do	do		50 00	
E 1	do	do		50 00	
D. Clude	do do	do do		50 00 50 00	
Watt Boily	do	do		50 00	
Simo	αo	do		50 00	
Tramel 1	ao	do do		40 00 30 00	
GagnonDubé	do	do		30 00	
Filiar	do	do		30 00	
. Rank	do do	do do		30 00	
Dam wans	do	do		30 00	
R ()	do	đo		30 00	
Mar unjoie	4 do 2 do	do do	•••••	13 33 16 66	
CharetteLaffeche	2 do do	do		8 33	
Laffêche	do	do		6 66	
Coatel,	Salary as Sp	ecial Fishery Constable,		362 00	
bert W. Jones	Salary as Sp	ecial Fishery Guardian,	o 30th	302 00	
Fair	June, 187	8		50 00	
H. N. Bruce	do	do do	*****	50 00 50 00	
W:1.	do do	đọ đo		35 00	
	do	do		20 00	
Po - "ucau	do	do		50 00 30 00	
TI'N'	do do	do do		30 00	
	do	do		30 00	
	do	do		20 00	
. K	do do	do do	• • • • • •	10 00 5 00	
	12 months' di	sbursements as Fishery O	erseer,		
	to 30th J	une, 1878		1,372 89	
F. Saillant B. McGie	do do	đo đo		616 05 589 05	
	do	do		495 95	
	do	do	•••••	424 30	
Mos	40	do	•••••	349 70   253 38	
	do do	do do		232 67	
	do	đo		219 63	
Mathurin	do	do		154 50	
B. Gobeil	ob do	do do		144 30   118 70	
	do	do		112 00	
	do	do		106 40	
Roser Pau	do do	do do		104 05 103 45	
Beaton	do	do		90 85	
B. Chevalier	do	do		87 90	

To whom paid.	Serv	ice		Amount.	Total.	
	Brought f	orward		\$ cts.	\$	cts
1	QUEBEC.—	Continued.	1	1		
P. E. Luke	For 12 months' disburseme	ents as Fishery Ov	erseer,			
R. W. H. Dimock	to 30th June, 1878		······	61 30 59 58		•
J. J. Letourneau	do do	do do		58 97		
H. W. Austin	do	do		58 80		
Wm. McLeod	do	фo		50 00		
J. J. Fox		do	•••••	42 50		
J. Boily J. E. Demeule		do do	•••••	41 50 41 50		
J. Phelan		go	•••••	35 50		
D. Dewar	do	do	••••	25 00		
Thos. Evans	do	do		21 78		
Job Bilodeau		do	•••••	19 50		
J. P. Huot		do	•••••••	18 95 17 00		
Wm. Clyde L. Watt	do do	do do	*****	15 00 1		
J. Simard	do	do		4 00		
	Dispursements as Special I		to 30th	1		
	June, 1878			120 00		
J. Barbeau	Wages and disbursements	as Special Fisher	y Con-	1		
Deleine	stable, to 30th June, l		•••••	700 98		
A. Dalaire A. Eschemback	do do	đo do	• • • • •	148 50   72 45		
Legouvé	Salary as Fishery Guardia	n to 30th June 1	878	118 61		
I. G. Patterson	Salary as Fishery Guard 30th June, 1878	ian, St. John Ri	ver, to	172 00		
A. Malouin	Salary as Fishery Guard	lian, Anticosti,		60.00		
Г. Gagne	June, 1878	do		60 00		
Jerry Miller	Salary as Fishery Guardia June, 1878	ın, Bergeronnes,	to 30th	75 00	,	
Donald McLaren	Salary as Fishery Guardi	an, Upper Sague	nay, to			
H Royahard	30th June, 1878			100 00 1		
H. Bouchard A. Simard	do do	do <b>do</b>	•••••	92 00 92 00		
E. Bouchard	do	do	******	40 00		
E. Poitras	l do	do		20 00		
	Salary as Fishery Guardie June, 1878		to 30th	80 00		
A. Fairbairn	Disbursements as Special June, 1878	Fishery Guardian	to 30th	67 50		
P. Latraverse	do	do		50 00		
E. J. O'Neil Ottawa River Navigation		do	•••••	35 00		
Co // Sa	Passages, Special Constal			130 80		
Steamer "Saguenay" Jos. Fortier	l do Guardia ! do do	ins		1 50 1 48		
	Boatman	**** **********************************		20 00		
	Professional services			10 00		
S. McDonell				9 90		
J. O. Laferrière				7 60		
	Plans			8 00 ;		
	Disbursements as Fishery			67 00		
D. Dionne	Taking prisoners to goal			49 00   28 10		
	Blankets for constables			4 00		
	Advance on account of s			37 50		
·		-	~ 1	1	12,66	_

To whom paid.	Service.			Amount.	Total.
	NOVA	SCOTIA.		\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	SALARIES OF FISHERY	Overseers and V	VARDENS.		
		of Annapolis.			
W. T. Carty	For 12 months' salary,	to 30th June, 18	78	120 00	
Milder Cloub	u.o		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	25 00	
H. Pines	do do	do do		25 00   25 00	
C. Barteaux	do	do		25 00	
J. B. Dobson.		do		25 00	
A. F. Morton	do	do		25 00	
J. H. Parker	do	do	••••••	25 00	295 - 00
	County	of Antigonish.	Ì		233 00
A. W. McDonald Lochlin Cameron			e	125 00	
Lochlin Cameron John Dexter	do	do		30 00	
Onn Davies	i áo	do		30 00 1	
ngus McDonald		do		25 00	
Jolin Ob.	do	do		25 00	
1 PA 12	do	do		<b>25</b> 00	
Jonald Cutam	<b>₹</b>	<b>₫•</b>		<b>25</b> 00	
Hugh Constitution	1 (10)	do	••••••••	25 00	
Ohn O	l do	do do	*** *********	25 00 20 00	
Duncan Frazer	do do	do		20 00	
Albert Randall	do	do		15 00	
ames McDongeld	11 do	do		22 92	
ames McDougald	4 do	do	•••••••	6 25	419 17
	County o	f Cape Breton.			419 16
Francis Quinan	i	, oapt 2,000.00	o 1	190.00	
A. McDonald	For 12 months' salary,	to soin June, 187	8	120 00 120 00	
	do do	do do		120 00	
Anthony Spencer	do	do		25 00	
Morrison	do	do		25 00	i
J. Man ar Puly	do	do		25 00	
H M - r	1 00	do		<b>25 00</b>	
Atpint 70	1 00	qo	•••••••	25 00	ĺ
John La Le Communication Commu	l do	do	••••	25 00	
Ohn is the outside the contract of the contrac	1 00	do	••• •••••	25 00 25 00	İ
William Burke	do do	do do	••• ••••••	25 00	
Allan McAdam	do	do		25 00	
McEachen Thomas Muore	. do	do		25 00	
Unnally will be the server of	do	do		20 00	
Donald McDonald	do	do		20 00	
Alex. McLean	do	do	••• •••••	20 00	695 00
_	County	of Colchester.			
William Blair	1	- north T	70	100 00	
J. W. Davidson	ror 12 months' salary,	to som June, 18	(5	100 00 100 00	[
Pollock	do	do do	******		<u>l</u>
· · orquhart	do		******		
	1	~~			l
R. J. Pollock J. Urquhart.	do do	do do ed forward 25		75 00 50 00	1,40

To whom paid.	Service.			Amount.	Total.
	Brough	at forward		\$ cts.	\$ cts 1,409 17
	NOVA SCO	TIA.—Continue	<i>i</i> .	i 1	·
	Salaries, e	TC.—Continued.		-	
	County of Anna	<i>apolis.</i> —Continu	ed.		
James Bonyman	For 12 months' salary,	to 30th June, 18	78	40 00	
G. N. Obristie	do	do		25 00	
Samuel Frazer	do do	do do		25 00 } 25 00	
Wm. McElheney	do	do		25 00 1	
Henry Urquhart	do	do		25 00	
Thomas Davidsen	do	do		25 00	
George Moore	do	do		25 00	
M. G. Murray	do	do		25 00	
Wm. Winton	do do	do do	*****	25 00   25 00	
antea wildie	uo			25 00	615 00
	County of	f Cumberland.	ì	ļ	
saac J. Hingley	For 12 months' salary,	to 30th June, 18	78	100 00	
James King	do	do ´	***********	100 00	
Elijah Fowler	qo	фo	***********	30 00	
Oliver Fillmore	do	do	•••••	25 00	
J. W. Mcore J. Brownell	do do	do do	***********	25 00 1 25 00 1	
Asa Fillmore	do	do		25 00	
David Corbett	do	do		25 00	
Moses Harrison	do	do	************	25 00	
F. L. Jenks	do	ďο		25 00	
W. C. Rindress	8 do	ďο		20 00	
Collingwood Pugsley	6 do 4 do	do	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	12 50	
Henry Fountain	4 do do	do do	***************************************	10 00 ( 12 50	. 01
				i	460 00
		ty of Digby.			
J. H. Morehouse	For 12 months' salary,		78	120 00	
L. A. Melancon H. E. Payson,	do do	do do	********	75 00   50 00	
A. L. Gavil	do	do	7	25 00	
J. M. Devault	do	do		25 00	
Lochlin McKay	do	do		25 00	
Robert Journey	do	do		25 00	
J. P. Thibodeau	do	do	***************************************	25 00	370 0
	County o	f Guysborough.	Ì	{	
Jas. A. Tory	For 12 months' salary,		178	150 00	
John McDaniel	do	do	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	100 00	
Allan McQuarrie	do	do	***************************************	40 00	
Donald Gunn	do	do		30 00	
Wm. Pride	do	do		30 00 (	
Edward Jordan	do	do	****	30 00	
Adam Kirk James Clark	do do	do do		30 00 25 00	
**************************************	uu	uυ	**********	40 00	_

To whom paid.	To whom paid. Service			Amount.	Total.
		Brought forward		\$ cts.	\$ cts 2,854 17
	NOV	A SCOTIA Continued.			
	SAL	ARIES, ETC Continued.	1	1	
`	County	of Guysborough.—Continued	ı. j	!	
Alex. Ross	For 12 months'	salary to 30th June, 1878		25 00	
James Cahill	do	ųo .		20 00	
Robert Move	do	do .		20 00	
James Nickerson	do do	do . do		15 00	
Charles Kenney.	1 .	do .		15 00 15 00	
R. Bruce	do	do .		10 00	
Thos. McKeen Luke Harnell	6 do	фо		15 00	
Junear Derr	j o do	ďo .		3 75	
red M. Jameron.	j z do	do .	•••••	3 33	
hos. McKeen	Salary from 1st	January, to 31st December,	1877	2 50 30 00	
	Dutary Hom 100	oudday, to olst December,	-		609 58
	1	County of Halifax.	-	Ì	
William Anderson	For 12 months'	salary, to 30th June, 1878 do		150 00	
John Fitzgerald William Hall	do	do .		150 00	
Archd V: 1	ao	do .		40 00	
Nathanial Matton	<b>d</b> o	do .		40 00	
Neil McLean	do do	do .		40 00	
James Blakely	do	do . do .		40 00 30 00	
Donald McLean	do	do .		30 00	
John Macoulline	do	do .		30 00	
amen of the same	i ao	do .		30 00 1	
Ohn To-1	, ao	do .		30 00	
George 7	. uo	do . do .	••••••	30 00	
George Keizer	do	do .		30 00 }	
Uanial ar """"""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	l uo	do		30 00	
Jone 14 34 - Tolder	do	do .		20 00	
W. C. Brondard	l II do	do .		27 50	
C	l 9 do	do .		15 00	
John Frazer	6 do 6 do	do . do .		20 00	
amon of """	6 do	do .		15 00 10 00	
F. G. m.,	2 do	do .		4 17	
oseph Hemila	Salary from	lst April, to 31st Decembe	r, 1877	30 00	
oseph Hamilton	Salary from	1st July, to 31st March, 18	77	30 00	901 67
	,	County of Hart			
P. S. Burnham P. B. O'Brien	_	County of Hants.	1		
I. B. O'Brien	For 12 months'	salary, to 30th June, 1878.		100 00 1	
Oganl as """ "" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	do	do .		100 00	
Mosher	do do	do . do .		50 00 30 00 V	
. W	do	do .		30 00	
W. Dinsmore B. Colter	11 do	do .		27 50	
J. B. Colter.	1 do	do .		2 50	, trace = :
			{ }		340 00
	l .	Carried forward		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,705 49

To whom paid.	Service		Amount.	Total.	
	Brough	t forward		\$ cts.	\$ cts 4,705 42
	NOVA SCOT	IIA.—Continued	ı.	!	
	Salaries, e	тс.—Continued.		1	
	County of	of Inverness.		i !	
M. A. Ross	For 12 months' salary,	to 30th June, 18	78	100 00	
Hugh Gillies	do	до		100 00	
John Cameron	do	do		100 00	
Peter Coady Neil McKay	do do	do do		25 00 { 25 00 }	
John Meagher		do		25 00	
Kenneth McKenzie	do	đo		25 00	
Michael McDonald	do	do		25 00	
A. McLellan	qo	go.	••••••	25 00	
Hugh Cameron	d• do	do do		25 00   25 00	
Malcolm McLeod	do	do		25 00	
Mark Crowdis	do	do		25 00	
George Ingraham	фo	do		25 00	
John Carroll	ďο	do		25 00	
Donald McDonald	do <b>do</b>	do do		25 00 1 20 00 1	
Malcolm McKay Donald McDonald	7	do.	************	25 00	
J. McRae				10 42	680 45
J. E. Starr		y of Kings. to 30th June 18	78	250 00	
Adolphus Bishop		do		125 00	
W. McIntyre	do	фo		30 00	
Irad Benjamin	do	do		20 00	
John Bochaman,	do do	00 <b>do</b>		20 00   3 33	
Elias Bishop	ασ	uo		3 33	448 3
	County o	f Lunenburg.			
George Redden	For 12 months' salary.	to 30th June. 18	78	100 00	
H. S. Jost	do	do	**********	100 00	
George Moland	do	ģo		25 00	
James Corkum	do	do		25 00	
William Mosher Hohn Hutt	do do	do do		25 00 25 00	٠
James Langille	do	do	1	25 00	
Charles Pernette	do	do		25 00	
Iohn Anta	do	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	25 00	
	do do	do do		25 00 25 00	
James Mossman	uU		**********	25 00	
John Artz James Mossman Edward Morgan John Andrews		uo	***************************************		
James Mossman Edward Morgan John Andrews	do do	do do		25 00 \	
James Mossman	do		***********	25 00 25 00	
James Mossman	do do do do	do do do	••••••	25 00 25 00	
James MossmanEdward Morgan	do do do	do do		25 00	550 0

 ${\tt Statement} \ \ of \ \ Expenditure \ on \ account \ of \ \ Fisheries, etc. \color{red} -- \textit{Continued}.$ 

To whom paid.		Servics.		Amount.	Total.
		Brought forward		\$ cts.	\$ cts. 6,384 17
· 1	NOV	A SCOTIA.—Continue	d.	1	
	SAL	ARIES, ETC Continued	. !	3	
I		County of Pictou.	j		
McDonald	For 12 months'	salary, to 30th June,	1878	170 00	
	ao	do.		140 00	
Daniel McLean	do do	do do	•••••	30 CO   25 OO	
	do	do		25 00	
" HIRM Storrowt	do	do		25 00	
	da	, do		25 00	
	do	do		25 00	
William Evans Robert Archibald	do do	do do	************	25 00 ( 25 00	
	do	do		25 00	
	á a	do		25 00 i	
John McDonald	do	do		25 00	
	ao	do		25 00 1	
Oonald Fraser William Frazer	do	do	***************************************	25 00   25 00	
	do 10 do	do do	***************************************	22 92	
Donald Miller.	2 do	do		3 33	
		County of Queens.			691 25
S. T. N. Sellon Theo. Ford	For 12 months'	salary, to 30th June.	1878.	170 00	
Theo. Ford	do	do	10.0	50 00	
Henry Hooker	do	do		30 00	
John Fitzgerald	do	do		30 00	
Solomon I	do	do		30 00   30 00	
Barnahaa Mil	do do	do do	******	20 00	
Stephen Smith		do	***************************************	20 00 1	
George Snadden	do	do		20 00	
Stephen Clements	do	do	*****	25 00	
Jonathan Smith.	do	do	•••••	15 00	440 00
					440 00
D		County of Richmond.			
Duncan Cameron Edward Ballam	For 12 months'	salary, to 30th June, 1	878	125 00	
" W. Gronah-	do		********	125 00	
Abraham V.	do	do	**********	30 00 30 00	
Alex o compount	; 40	do do	**********	30 00	
Justinien Sampson Edward Madden	do	do	***********	30 00	
Edward Madden George Donaboo	do	do	******	30 00	
J. Milnobi-	ι ασ	do		30 00 1	
Patrick W	g ao	do	•••••	30 00 25 00	
Telia U	l ao	, do do	**********	25 00	
William Kehoe	do	do	******	25 00	
J. Proctor, sen Charles Grant	do	do	******	20 00	
105 Urrant	do	do		20 00	
*****************	1			I	575 0

To whom paid.	Service.			Amount.	Total.
	В	rought forward		\$ cts.	\$ cts. 8,090 42
1	NOVA	SCOTIA.—Continue	ı.		
	SALAR	ies, etc.—Continued.			
		unty of Shelburne.	1	1	
Samuel Muir			78	125 00	
James Turner	do do	do		30 00	
Henry Ackerman	do	do	•••••	30 00 1 20 00 1	
P. Crowell	do do	do do		20 00	
William McKay	do	do		20 00	
Richard McGill	do	do		20 00	
George Archer	do	do		15 00	
L. Freeman	10 do	do	******	25 00	305 00
		ounty of Victoria.			
J. W. Burke	For 12 months' sa	lary, to 30th June, 18	78	120 00	
Donald McRae, jun	do	do		120 00	
Angus McDonald	do	do		30 00	
Kenneth Campbell	do	do	•••••	30 00	
Roderick Beaton	do	do do	•••••	30 00 30 00	
John McCharles	do do	do	******	30 00	
Donald Bochaman		do		30 00	
Malcolm McIver		do		30 00	
Joseph Guinn		do	•••••	30 00	
George Burton		do	•••••	30 00	•
Joseph Hellen		do do		25 00	
John McLellan John McDonald		do	******	25 00	
Donald McQuarrie		do	******	25 00	
Donald McMillan		do		25 00	
Donald McAuley		do	******	25 00	
Hector McKenzie		do do		25 00 25 00	
Frs. Arnold	do do	do	******	25 00	740 00
					130
	<b>!</b>	ounty of Yarmouth.			,
Enos Gardner			78	150 00	
J. A. Hatfield Jerome Doucette	do do	do do	•••••	50 00 30 00	
Wm. Kavanagh	do	do	** **	05 00 1	
Wm. Prosser	do	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	25 00	
Eustace Nickersen	do	do	*****		
Edward Perry	do	do	•• ···	25 00	
Vital Muise	do do	do <b>d</b> o	*****	25 00	
Joseph M. White		do	•••••	1 0 00 1	
John Ingraham Brand	2 do	do		' 17 !	409 17
		Darried forward !			9,544 59

To whom paid.	Serv	ice.		Amount.	Total.
	Brought	forward		•••••••	9,544 59
	NOVA SCOTI	A Continued.			
	DISBURSEMENTS OF	Fishery Overseers	.		
Samuel Muir	For 12 months' disbursem	ents, to 31st Dec.,	1877	145 95	
William Andanaa	do do	do	•••}	126 47	
	do	do do	•••	83 00 170 50	i
	do	do	•••	131 00	
	do	do		76 04	
	do	do	}	71 98	
W. T. Comman	do	do	•!	66 25	
O'Brian	do do	do	•••[	<b>6</b> 3 00   <b>57 7</b> 0	
	do	do		54 00	
	do	do		50 65	
Alex. McDonald	do	do	•••	50 00	
	φo	do	•	48 26	
H. Rollow	do	do	••••	47 00	
George Redden	do do	do do	•••	45 75	
ames King	do	do	:::	45 00 44 00	
eter S Burnham	do	do	:::	42 50	
	do	do	••••	40 75	
David Marshall	do	do		41 30	
Henry S Jan	do	do	•••	40 50	
John McDaniel	do do	do do	•••{	40 00	
Yorke Barrington	do	do	•••	39 85 39 00	l
J. W. Davidson	do	do	•••	38 65	
Peter Coady John McDonald	do	do	•••	38 50	
A. W. Ma O	do	do		37 50	
A. Richam	do	do	•••	37 12	
Juncan diam	do do	do do	•••	34 55 32 05	ļ
A. Melançon	do	do	]	32 03 32 00	
Hugh Gillis James Bonymon	do	do	]	25 00	
James Bonyman	do	do		20 00	
Wm Rial-Bicy ······	ďο	do		16 75	
d. R D.	do	do	•	8 75	
R. J. Pollock	do do	do do	• • •	6 75 5 75	
' !	uo	uo	••• !		1,993 8
W. H. Wylde			.		·
Receiver-General	13 months' salary as	Inspector of Fisher	ies	1,486 29	
W. H D. Golding	Superannuation tax of 13 months' salary as	on W. H. Wylde's s	alary	28 00	i
Receiver-General	Superannuation tax	on W. H. Roger's s	alary	849 30 20 00	ĺ
Donald Miller W. H. Wylde	Night watchman on	River Philip		90 00	
W. H. Wylde	12 months' disbursem	ients as Inspector o			
W G P 1	eries	•••••••••		300 00	{
W. H. Rogers W. F. Whitcher	12 months' disbursen	ients as Fishery Of	ncer	700 00	
	Travelling expenses			100 00	
F. Romans.	Board of Guardians,	Sackville River		31 72	
U. W 1	Cases for papers			10 00	l
G. Brandan	do`			6 00	
R. Brander. Andrew King	Mounting maps	•••• ••••• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		3 00	l
with	Horse hire			87 50	1

<b>****</b> ********************************			77.1	
To whom paid.	Serv	rice.	Amount.	Total.
	)	forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts 11,538 41
	I NOVA SCOTI	A.—Continued.	i i	
	Disbursements,	ETC.—Continued.		
C. Neal Blackader Bros Grant & Co E. G. Stayner	Subscription to Acad Building fish-pass at	lian Recorder	20 00	o 754 4 <sup>1</sup>
				15,292 82
			i 1	15,292 02
	NEW BRU	UNSWICK.		
	SALARIES OF FISHERY O	VERSEERS AND WARDENS.		
	County .	of Albert.	i l	
Winthrop Akerley Wallace Taylor O. McLatchey		dodo	100 00 40 00 40 00	
J. C. Kinne B. Oliver		dodo	40 00 40 00	
Jacob Beck	do	do	30 00	290 00
				20.
	1	f Carleton.		
Hugh Harrison	For 12 months' salary, to	do	100 00	
George Burt	do	do	30 00	
J. W. Scott		dodo	30 00 30 00	220 00
				220 0
	County of	f Charlotte.		
W. B. McLaughlan	For 12 months' salary, to		240 00	
Leonard Best	do do	do	100 00	
J. M. Lord	do	do	50 00.	
B. L. Cunningham		do	40 00	
Robert Dixon		do	30 00 30 00	
James Russell	do	do	30 00	
Andrew Gilmour		do	30 00	
Edward Carroll		dodo	30 00	
J. Catharan		do	30 00 50 00	į
Patrick Curran	6 do	do	1 00 00	820 00
	[County of	Gloucester.		
James Hickson	For 12 months' salary, to		250 00	
Juste Haché		dodo	100 00	
Wm. Bateman		do	50 00 50 00	•
Fred. Comeau		do	40 00	
		forward		1,330 00

To whom paid.	Servi	Amount.	Total.		
•	Brought f	orward		\$ cts.	\$ cts. 1,330 00
	_		İ		1,550 00
	NEW BRUNSWI	CK.—Continu	ed.		
	SALARIES, ETC.	.—Continued.			
	County of Glouces			1	
ustinien Savoy	For 12 months' salary, to	30th June, 18	78	30 00	
ullea Domes	do do	do * do		30 00	
limothy Coughlan Villiam Rogers	do	do		30 00	
Ohn Colner	do	do		25 00	
dolpho II Jun	do 9 do	do do	***********	25 00 22 50	
I. A. Sormany	3 do	do		7 50	
,,	0 40	•			690 <b>00</b>
	County o			i	
harles Cormier	For 12 months' salary, to	30th June, 18	78	100 00	
McD. Sutherland	do	do		75 00	
Vicholos Millou	do	do		75 00	
R I and Breezeron	l do	ďο		50 00	
I. A O.Satt	do do	do do		30 00	
ames Harnett	do	do		30 00	
		4.5			390 00
_	County of				
Samuel Gosline	For 12 months' salary to	30th June. 1	878	100 00	
V. H. DeVeber	do	do		50 00	
F. Ryan	do	do		30 00	
Gamblain	do	do		30 00	210 00
	County of Nor	thumberland		ĺ	
ohn Hogan	For 12 months' salary, to	20th Iuna 1	070	400 00	
William Wyse	do	do	310	200 00	
R T Cushman	do	do		160 00	
amea D. Tucilliii	do	do		160 00	
Imog D	d <b>o</b>	do	•••••••	150 00	
Kenneth Cameron	do do	do d <b>o</b>		100 00 100 00	
Tildom a To Journ	do	do		100 00	
oampol ra	do	do		100 00	
VIII 10 - D. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	do	do		100 00	
Bomes	do	do		50 00 j 50 00 j	
ohn Stymast	do do	do do		50 00	
Adron IT	10	do		50 00	
TEO Prop D	do	do		30 00	
Militar D Community	1 60	do		30 00	
		do		30 00	
	do	do		30 00   30 00	
HOmes 19	1 (10)	do do		30 00	
rhomas McKenzie Henry Oldfield	do	do		30 00	
Joinneld	do	do ·		30 00	

	Service.			Amount.	Total.
		Brought forward		\$ cts.	\$ cts 2,620 00
	NEW	BRUNSWICK Contr	nued.		
	SA	LARIES, ETC Continue	d.		
	County of	Northumberland.—Co	ntinued.		
Findlay McDairmaid N. Morehouse J. T. Coughlan J. A. Somers Michael Donavan	do do	salary, to 30th June, do do do do do	1878	30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 18 00	
John Doyle P. Russell	14 do	do do	••••••	35 00   7 50	
I. Russell	2 40	uo	••••••		2,190,50
		County of Queens.			
Isaiah Langan	do do do do do	do do do do do	1878	30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 25 00	
Robert McMann Robert Philip	do	, do do	••••	25 00   25 00	
Solomon Thorne R. P. Yeoman.		do do		5 00 5 00	
Hiram Starkey		do		5 00	240 00
		County of Restigouche.			
57 D	1	•	070	100.00	
E. Ferguson	do	do	518	100 00   25 00	
J. McMillan Dugald Carmichael		do do		25 00   25 00	00
_					175 00
		County of Sunbury.	j		
G. W. Hoben	For 12 months'	salary to 30th June, 18	378		100 00
		County of St. John.			
Joseph O'Brien	For 12 months'	•	378	150 00	
William Skillen	do	do		100 00	250 00
		County of Victoria.			
Ohaalaa WaOluahaa	For 12 months?			100.00	
Charles McCluskey Charles Roberts	do	do	518	100 00 30 00	
J. McDougall	do do	do do		30 00	
Donald Frazer	do	do	***************************************	30 00	
Thomas Edgar Edward Maloney	do do	do do		30 00 I	20
Zawara Maroney	1	40			280 00 5,855 50

To whom paid.	<b>.</b> ,	Ser <b>v</b> ice		Amount.	Total.
	Broug	ght forward		\$ cts.	\$ cts 5,855 50
	NEW BRIIN	SWICK.—Continu	,,,d	į	
	Salaries,	ETC.—Continued.			
		of Westmoreland.	ļ	1	
V. B. Deacon Hugh Davidson	For 12 months' salary	to 30th June, 187	8	100 00	
Hugh Davidson	do do	do do		100 00 60 00	
	uo	uo			<b>260</b> 00
	Cou	nty of York.	}		
Campbell		V -	,, i	60 00	
Campbell	For 12 months' salary	to 30th June, 18		60 00	
llex. Moir	do	do		30 00	150 0
	į				130 0
•		OF FISHERY OVER			
ames Hickson	For 12 months' disbu	rsements to 31st	t December,		
Onn LT.		do		157 46 i 134 42	
William Wyse	do	do	*********	82 37	
Samuel Gosline	do	of		78 76	
3. 1. O. oacon	l do	do		77 50	
ames D.	; ao	do do		71 75 66 70	
ohn Williston	do	do		59 00	
Men Ourran	do	do	••••	56 00	
Osenh Outherland	l <b>a</b> o	do	•••••	55 25 54 00	
W. D. 10 Dilett	ao ao	do do	•••••	50 00	
Thomas Taylor	do	do		48 45	
Uharla- is a service construction	լ աս	do		47 19	
400h D	u u	do	••••••	43 75   43 00 .	
N. R. T. T. Cason	1 00	do do	••••••	39 75	
Samuel Freeze	do	do	********	38 95	
D. T. O. OHL	i ao	do		37 50	
G. W Trimler	l ao	do	•••••	34 00 1	
8meg Mr. Tooth	ı ao	do do	••••	33 66 31 00	
Hugh Harrison	do	do	**********	20 75	
Charles C Cool	ao ao	do	*****	30 00	
rudent Dati in	do	ďο	•••••	30 00	
Amon D - Concuaux	do do	do do	******	30 00 80 00	
E. Ferguson William Bateman	do	do		26 50	
10880 W	do	do	**********	26 00	
AM III IO TO TO TAKE OUTLAND	· uo	ģo	•••••••	22 00	
Ustinia	ol ao	do	•••••••	18 95   18 00	
William Blake	do do	do do	**********	15 00	
ABDDALL	i QO	do	*** *** ****	14 00	
Mon Sumerou.	ıl do	do		14 00	
John St	i do	do	•••••••	13 50 12 25	
	do	do		14 40	
Hugh Miller	do	do	***	12 00	

To whom paid.	whom paid. Service.			Amount.	Total.
	Broug	ht forward		\$ cts. 1,683 41	\$ cts. 6,265 50
	NEW BRUNS	WICK.—Continue	d.	1	
	l	S, ETC.—Continue	i		
Juste HachéLeonard BestAlexis LandryJ. W. Taylor	For 12 months' disburs do do do	sements, to 31st D do do do	ec., 1877	11 60 9 00 4 00 3 60	1,711 61
W. H. Venning	Superannuation ta	x on W. H. Venni	ng's salary	1,371 96 28 00	1,112
C. R. Venning Receiver General W. H. Venning	Superannuation ta 12 months' disbu	x on C. R. Vennin	g's salary.	394 92 5 00	
C. R. Venning Lordly, Howe & Co	Fisheries Arrears of salary t Office furniture to	o 30th June, 1877.	stroved by	382 31 325 42	
G. F. Simonson  G. G. Berryman  Bowes, Campbell & Ellis  R. P. & W. F. Starr  J. L. McCoskery  R. D. McArthur  J. L. McCoskery  F. Robidoux  D. G. Smith  D. McAlpine	Rent of office Hardware fittings Stoves, etc., fitting Coal Stationery Maps Postage stamps do Advertising in Mo	for officegsgs	e	101 60 200 00 14 55 19 58 30 99 19 75 3 25 20 00 10 00 15 66 1 60 2 00	
Thomas Mack	Freight			2 41	2,949 00
		Total		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,926 11
Martin MacInnis	SALARIES OF FISHERY  Coun  For 12 months' salary  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  do  d	ty of Kings.	Vardens.	150 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 30 00 4 17	489 17

To whom paid.	Se	ervice.	!	Amount.	Total.
	Broug	ht forward		\$ cts.	\$ cts 489 17
	PRINCE EDWAR		1		
			1	1	
l l		BTC.—Continued.	·	.	
ohn m		y of Prince.	i	1	
ohn Clark	For 12 months' salary	to 30th June, 181 do	78	150 00   30 00	
MINES D	do do	do		30 00	
ugh McIntosh	do	do		30 00	
eter H. Perry	do	do		30 00	
Atrich ve - All	фo	do		30 00	
Villiam Bebride	do	do	•••••••	30 00	
Athl le Durus	ao	do do		30 00 30 00	
awrence Phee	do do	do		30 00	
200	u0	40			420 00
		y of Queen's.	}	!	
Saac Thompsonwen Clark	For 12 months' selery	to 30th June.	1878	150 00	
wen Clark	18 do	do		45 00	
ichael Rea dy	12 do	do		30 00	
lonel O	do	ďο	•••••	30 00	•
Villiam William	ao (	do	••••••	30 00	
homas Murphy	do	do do		30 00   30 00	
oderick Morrison	l do I do	do	**********	30 00 1	
lex. McRae	do	do		30 00	
avid Rattray ohn McMillan	do	go		30 00	
ohn McMillan	do	do	*****	30 00	465 0
	Disbursements of	F FISHERY OVE	rseers.		200
fartin MacInnis ohn Clark				150 00	
ohn Clark.	do	do		100 00	
seac Thompson	do	do		78 55	
atrick McInnis.	l do	do		30 00	
atrick McBride	do	do		15 00	
ausay	Disoursements in	connection with	prosecutions	84 82	
William Mitchell	Postage	M Pisueries Acc.		4 00 1	
	I Ostage				462 3
	<b>[</b>	Total			1,836 5
۸ ۵		ish Columbia.			
A. C. Anderson	For 12 months' salary	as Inspector of	Fisheries, to		
do	Disbursements as	Inspector of Fis	heries	90 00	<b>6</b> 90 (
		Manitoha.			
				1	
Donald Gunn	For 12 months' salary	m: 1 0	manage to south	}	

To whom paid.	Service.	Amount.	Total.
	FISH-BREEDING.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Samuel Wilmot	For 12 months' salary as Fishery Officer in charge		
Receiver-General	of the several Fish Breeding Establish- ments in the Dominon, to 30th June, 1878 Superannuation tax on S. Wilmot's salary	1,960 00	
	12 month's disbursements  Newcastle Establishment, Ontario.	775 86	2,775 86
Wm. Parker	For 9 months' wages as Caretaker, to 31st Decem-		
C. E Lowe	ber, 1877 9 months' wages as Assistant Caretaker, to	375 00	
Wm. Parker	31st December, 1877. Disbursements as Caretaker	300 00	
C. E. Lowe	do Assistant Caretaker	145 85 59 92	
John Otten	Labour at Fish-Breeding Establishment	31 50	
John Kelsey	do do	23 00	
Patrick Nugent	do do	9 00	
Joseph Nevin Thomas Goursoll	do do	15 00	
Richard Spencer	Labour at dam and racewaydo do do	63 12	
Alex. Parker	do do Fishing trap-nets, Lake Ontario	55 32 1 115 00 1	
Mathew Wilson	do do	15 00	
Alfred Bright	Picking ova	22 80	
D. J. Hinman	Collecting ova	24 25	
M. Begg McDonald Patterson	1 7 6	30 00	
James Speen	do Grafton do Cedar posts, timber, etc	49 50	
D. Cornstock	Lumber	109 00 { 22 26	
George Haynes	do	3 81	
W. McSpadden	Coal	73 20	
J. R. Barefeldt	Coal oil, hardware	38 35	
R. Fothergill	do	17 09	
S. Wilmot H. Soper.	Rental of premises, Fish-breeding Establishment	250 00	
Thomas Douglas	Rent of water privileges, Barber's Creek	5 00	
Montreal Telegraph Co	Express charges on California salmon, etc Telegrams	186 82	
Dominion do	do	48 02   29 15	
A. F. Wallbridge	Postages	13 84	
Thomas Reno	Baskets	2 50	
E. Manning	Barrels	1 60	
James Wright	Cotton batting Tinware	2 65	
Haskins & Sons	Fish cans	9 83 24 50	
James Wright	Galvanized iron tank	25 69	
Wm. Hooper	Masonry	10 49	
Bomanville Co Forest and Stream News-	rurniture	7 70	
paper	Subscription.	5 00	
Professor Baird	I MADUISES OII USIIIUPDIA SAIMON OVO I	4 70	
A A Grantly	Galvanized iron	23 85	
A. A. Grantly	Taxidermy	16 00	
John Wilmot	Fish eyes	16 00	
J. H. Roffe	Painting	5 2 <b>5</b> 40 36	
Wm. Sands	Blacksmith's work	28 89	
Land an t Water	Newspaper subscription	18 25	
W.R. <sub>0</sub> Clinnie L. St ne	Printing	6 25	
A. O. 110	California salmon ova	23 25	2,403 56
	Carried forward	į-	5,179 42
			N 1/3 74

To whom paid.	Service.	Amount.	Total.
	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts 5,179 42
	FISH-BREFDING.—Continued.		,
	Sandwich Establishment, Ontario.	į	
ames Nevin	For 15 months' wages as Caretaker, to 31st Decem-		
) T	ber, 1877	700 00	
Lemonde	Wages as Engineer	274 50	
ames Non:	wages as Assistant Engineer.	54 00	
Vm. Vandarame	Disbursements distributing fry	223 35 6 40	
Vm. Shields	do	32 00	
Ifred Bondy	do	6 00	
lbert D.	00	6 00	
red Niel	00	11 20 12 00	
		20 25	
rsène Joli.	do	24 80	
harles Adoma	do	10 50	
harles Adams	do	21 20	
teorge E	Collecting ova	13 00	
m. Hill	00	21 25   73 00	
Masters.	Labour at Fish-Breeding Establishment	28 00	
		45 00	
erreal & Ovellette	Coal		
obert do Ouenette	i Lumoer	34 70	
homes B	00	$\begin{array}{c} 5 & 00 \\ 2 & 12 \end{array}$	
Vm. McMahon	do Spawning fish.	36 00	
laskin & Sonhomas C. Sutton	Tin fish-hatchers.	82 00	
homas C. Sutton	Sponges, &c	12 40	
etroit Man	norse nire	14 50	
ameg M.	fron tubing	27 89 6 50	
ry Dock Cohomas Wilson	Paraffine varnish	20 87	
homas Wilson	Diver's work putting down pipes	28 00	
Lemonde	Water for engine	4 30	
· Boism:	Repairs to machinery	3 50	
amuel B	do do	13 00	
m wanaru	Corawood	96 25   18 40	
Purser & Son	Iron vats	193 02	
equenot & Co	Hardware	29 20	
m H:11	UII	20 94	
Mage	Uarrying ova	15 50	
H. Eastonhomas Dowe	Log for pipe	11 12 2 56	
homas Dowe.	Freight.	2 17	
nach - omonde	DORUMITE	20 00	
труустан об об об об об об об об об об об об об	Patent taps	78 43	
. K. D DOIL	U11 CIULICB	21 22	
elegra-1 C	Rubber tubing	10 06   2 00	
err R	Telegrams	3 45	
Obert Adamson	Teaming	8 00	
T. McLeodames McKee	Postage stamps	9 75	
ames McKee	Rent of grounds	40 00 (	
Petrimoulx	Boarding men	12 50	0 5 4 4 4
			2,546 2

# 

To whom paid.	Service.	Amount.	Total.
	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts 7,725 63
	FISH-BREEDING.—Continued.		
	Tadoussac Establishment, Quebec.		
Pierre Plourde	For twelve months' wages as Caretaker, to 31st March, 1877	308 00	
do Faustin Boivin	Disbursements distributing fry	13 90	
Henry Plourde	HouseLabour at Fish-house	45 25	
D. McLaren	do do	$\begin{array}{c c} 36 & 45 \\ 25 & 00 \end{array}$	
John Fortin	do do	6 00	
F. Côté	1	1 40	
Flamand Bouliane Thomas Therrien		0 50	
Alex. Tremblay	do do	0 20	
Mary Tremblay	do do	0 80	
Emma Plourde	do do	1 20	
Denise Tremblay	do do	6 00	
Emélie Lavoie Bell Manning	do do	8 00	
Sophie Tremblay		18 00	
A. Fortier		$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 40 \\ 11 & 75 \end{bmatrix}$	
Grégoire Boulliane	do Fish Pond	4 65	
Theo. Charron	do do	1 35	
Frs. Boulliane  David Therrien	do do	11 40	
Joseph Morin	do dodo	8 40	
Luc Mallart	do dodo do	6 30	
Thos. Maltais	do do	12 94 13 00	
Roger Therrien	do do	5 93	
D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D. D	do distributing salmon fry	7 20	
L. D. Pednault	00 do	13 86	
Philibert Ottis	do dodo	10 50	
oseph Boulliane		6 00 1 2 40 1	
Donald McLaren	do do	14 54	
. Lévesque	do Caretakers' house	2 00	
Varcisse Simard Alfred Hovington	Tending Petite He Fishery	20 00	
ules Boulliane	do dodo l'Anse aux Pilotes Fishery.	2 10	
Richard Morin	do l'Anse aux Pilotes Fisherydo do	1 13	
Dosac Poitras	do Point Rouge Fishery.	75 18 1 00	
Simon Godreau	Bervices as Boatman	65 33	
Bell Manning	do	36 00	
Alex. Tremblay	do	10 67	
Maurice Dumesnil		1 80	
ohn Gauthier	Boat hire	75 00 3 00	
red. Dufour	Expenses transporting fry	32 00	
oseph Radford	do	15 50	
oseph Boucher	do	4 90	
st. Lawrence Steamboat	Towing boats with salmon fry	16 00	
Co	Passages, freight, &c	77 04	
Valter Rae	r reight and express charges on barrels	77 84   7 50	
rice Bros	Lumber, hardware, &c	376 45	
Bourgeoin	40	17 25	
oseph Radford	Shingles.	10 40	
	Carried forward		7,725 63

Brought forward	To whom paid.	Service.	Amount.	Total.
Jourdain   For Shingles		Brought forward		\$ ets 7,725 63
Jourdain   For Shingles		FISH-BREEDING.—Continued.		
Auton Cotto				
Auton Cotto	Jourdain	For Shingles	3 60	
Salien   Coté   Carpenters   Work   4   45			3 00	
Tremblay	ahian OALL	Carpenters work		
Sapoleon Rouleau   Sizeksmitus work   1 85	drelien Lavoie	do		
Oseph   Solanger	anolos Total	. Diacksmiths work		
Oseph Dion   Section   S	Osenh Danduleau	.) 40		
Lacroix	Osenh D. Turket	wages and board as opecial Guardian		
Avien   Temblay   Flat for Petite   Ile Fishery   6 00   7   17   17   17   18   18   18   18	The street of th	I DORTURS UU		
Ym   Parker	Sview m	, do do	22 50	
Seiffert	Vm D. Stomblay	Flat for Petite He Fishery		
Boulliane	. No. or	i travelling disoursements to New castle		
Ottis	I. Row 11. **********************************	Repairs		
Second   S		I Duppiles	4 80	
Seining Front, Steining Fron		Night watching		
National	ORanh D	ening trout, Ste. Marguerite		
Core   Core	V Sutherland	Water casks and tubs		
Refer Marquis.   Cartage	DOMA- D	Grass seed for grounds		
Proceiming troit ova	lerre Manuellan	Kent of house for Bergeronnes Guardian		
Calculation   Calculation	Donata O'luis	Procuring trout ova		
Amien Tremblay	Degin - Dadicall	Uartage		
Cleaning   Tremblay   Sire House   Sire House   Sire House   Sire House   Survey and plan, Tadoussac Establishment   25 00	amion Boivin	do		
Note   Postages and telegrams   4 25   7 80	Sin m	Uleaning Fish-nouse,		
Note	Usenh D	r frewood for bergeronnes Guardian		
Addet & Robitaille   Rope, &c.   136 76	Onh D	I USTREES AND TELEPTAMS		
Rober Radford	onn Wilmot	Survey and plan. Tadoussac Establishment		
M. Tardivel   June, 1878.   400 00	Oseph P Robitaille	Rope, &c		
M. Tardivel   June, 1878   400 00	radford	Allowance for conducting rish-breeding his-	(	
Stephens			400.00	
Stephens	M. Tardivel	Glass		
Fitzhenry	. Ne	l lime		
A. Belanger				
Codlines   34 90   Supplying parent salmon for manipulation   271 50   Supplying parent salmon for manipulation   271 50   3,060 90				
Supplying parent salmon for manipulation				
Gaspé Basin Establishment, Quebec.   375 00	Price	Supplying parent salmon for manipulation		
Vibert		ļ i		3,060 93
Ing Establishment	Vil.	Gaspe Basin Estaolishment, Queoec.	}	
Ing Establishment	do	For 15 months' salary as Fishery Officer in charge	375 00	
B. Coffin				•
B. Coffin	enry Davis.	ing Establishment		
D. Coffin				
GU GO GO GO GO GO GO GO GO GO GO GO GO GO				
			18 20	
Davis do do 22 10 do do 89 80				
do do	· Davis	do do		
	- ** ****** ********	1 ao ao	08 80	

To whom paid.	Service.	Amount.	Total.
	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts
ļ	FISH-BREEDING.—Continued.		•
	Gaspé Basin Establishment, Quebec Continued.		
	For supplying parent salmon	8 75	
ohn Coffin	Distributing salmon-fry	32 2 <b>5</b>	
obert Coffin	do	47 25 45 75	
elix Annett	do	34 00	
eter Miller	do	34 00	
lfred Davis	do	63 00	
7. C. Davis	do	52 50 6 00	
ames Coffinames Slaffin	Assistance	27 70	
lfred Davis	do	18 00	
S. Davis	do	39 00	
/C. Davis		21 50	
. E. Collas	Paint, oil, rope, hardware	82 34	
. Leboutillier & Co . Eden & Son	Salmon twine, hardware, &c	44 67   19 24	
ames Beattie	Hardware.	2 30	
m. Carter	Grapnels	4 00	
all, Kaye & Co	Perforated zinc	6 72	
m. Shanley	Making fence	18 07	
Vidow C. Coffin	Making and repairing nets	$\begin{array}{c c} 25 & 50 \\ 6 & 00 \end{array}$	
ohn Ross	Building dam	132 00	
I. A. Moutgomery	Views of Fish-breeding Establishment	8 00	
oseph N. Lavoie		1 45	
eorge Coffin	Carting salmon ova	27 50	
Vm. Howe	Horse-hire	4 40	
oseph Cass	Carpenter's work	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
rs. LeBranoseph Eden	Casks	13 50	
oseph Edea	Restigouche Establishment, Quebec-		2,069
ohn Mowat		300 00	
do	Disbursements in connection with distribution		
	of salmon fry, &c	262 40	
oseph Beaulieu		320 00	
ames McMillan Vm. Robertson		4 00 0 28 00 1	
loore & Gracey	1	24 00	
Vm. Robertson		65 00	
ames Miles	do	<b>39</b> 00	
Mowat	do	20 00	
ohn Hearn.		30 00 ( 4 <b>8</b> 00 (	
ohn Mowat 'homas Copeland		1	
Alex. Ferguson			
ames Lee	Cans	16 00	
Shields Connors	Sockets for nets.		!
O. Frazer			
l. Mowat			
American Net&TwineUo A. Asker			}
John Ferguson	Boat		1,555
	1	1	14,411

To whom paid.	Service.	Amount.	Total.
	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts
!	FISH-BREEDING.—Continued.		,
	Bedford Basin Establishment, Nova Scotia.	j	
. B. Wilmot	For 13 months' salary as Officer in charge	866 58	
· G. Tolson	Disbursements distributing fry, &c Labour as Assistant at Bedford Fish-Breeding	691 53	
eorge Reeves		345 00	
ohn Tolson	ment	45 00	
Hefler	do do do do	16 00 5 00	
	1	36 85	
ohn Eastwood	do do	14 00	
K. Fillman	Catching and guarding saimon	80 00	
		125 10   190 00	
Tolson.	Cartage of salmon fry, &c	145 31	
Vm. Moore.	do do	20 50	
mith & O	Glassware, paint, oil, &c	38 14	
V. H &	Tinware	70 04	
Welsh	Breeding tubs	12 00 13 40	
lack Bros. & Co	do	3 75	
heakston & Angevin J. Hingley	Hardware	39 19	
Hamilton	1 _ uo	8 38	
oir & C.	Lumper	6 98	
amee D.	1 40 011, &C	19 42   23 00	
Roche, jun	Coal	54 00	
Mitchell	Hauling coal	6 00	
W. Chrain	reignt on coal	12 00	
Iford W	Lamp chimneys and oil	9 68	
. W D OOTEH CO	wooden ware	20 00 1 33 00 1	
V. L. Lowell & Co	Paraffine varnish	8 82	
L. B. Wilmot.	Freight on varnish.	1 83	
L. M. Customs	Import duty	1 85	
F 14-15	Paper, Oli, &c.,	7 50	
M:4-1	1 Ce	6 00 {	
. E W:	Hauling gravel Pumps	5 00 i	
Oseph Eastwood	Picking ova	10 00	
Vm •M	Horse hire transporting fry	28 00	
Vood Th.	Board and horse hire	24 00	
ten y thanks	Rent of land at Kiver Philip	12 00	
nomas of the Co	Rupper poots	13 00   25 00	,
H. CogswellVestern Union Tel. Co	Thermometer	1 50	
. biu rer. co	1 elegrams	4 45	
CDonald and will will will be	Stationery,	5 40	
L. R 17., " OU	Connection nose	3 55	•
/. R T_ \_ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Nursing lanks, &c	50 00 l	
. L. Wila-	Tubs and nitings	29 25   1 85	
B. Wilmot	Repairs and improvements to Establish-	1 03	
	ment	200 00	
			0.400.4
	1		3,400 (

To whom paid.	Ser <del>v</del> ice.	Amount.	Total.
	Brought forward	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
	FISH-BREEDING.—Continued.	İ	
	Miramichi Establishment, New Brunswick.		
Isaac Sheasgreen	For 13 months' salary as Officer in Charge	433 29	
do John Hogan	Disbursements distributing fry, &c	121 00	
D. T. Johnston	1 do do	148 00   6 00	
John Hogan Michael Jordan,		273 43	
J. Bateman	For catching salmon	9 80   3 00	
J. Boucher	do	3 00	
J. Chamberlain	dodo	3 00	
Ed. Whitney:	Catching shad	6 00   3 00	
Hector Morrison John Walsh	do	2 00	
J. T. Hetherington	do Labour and nets	5 00 1 80 00 i	
James Copp	Labour	15 00	
James W. Lee K. F. Burns.	Fish cans Rope, cordage, &c	31 00	
R. R. Call	Coal	10 00   36 00	
J. Sheasgreen	Cartage on coal and sawdust	25 75	
M. Jordan Tbos. Harris	Carting ice	4 20	
J. D. Weldon	do	6 75 \ 6 50 \	
D. J. Johnston Wm. Brown		8 00	
Samuel Wilmot	Lumber	1 95	
	michi Fish-Breeding Establishment	226 55	
	_	———i	1,468 22
_	GENERAL DISBURSEMENTS.		
G. B. Burland	For Printing description and views of Newcastle	140.00	
A. A. Campbell	Fish-Breeding Establishment Lease of fishing privileges, Campbell's Bay	140 00 60 00	
J. Girard	To pay guardians, à Mars River	198 58	
L. N. Biais	Labour and materials repairing fishway, Ma- tane River	10 20 i	
James Patton	Collecting salmon trout ova	42 39 30 00	
C. Barbeau	Freight expenses placing live bass in Camp-		
H. P. Adams	bell's Bay Building fishway, Saugeen River	52 00 75 00	
Edwin Turner	do Credit River	40 00	
B. K. Claire J. Fitzgerald		1 13	
H. S, Jost,	l do Petite do i	100 00 50 00	
D. Rosa	Travelling expenses as Special Guardian	20 00	10
			809 10
	FISHERIES PROTECTION STEAMER "LADY HEAD."		20,088 80
Napoleon Lavoie	For 12 months' salary as Commander	1 400 00	
_ αο	do Disbursements	1,400 00	
Pay-list	Wages of Sailing Master, Engineers, Mates and		
	crew, as per pay-list	4,353 11	
	Carried forward	7,201 54	<b></b>

To whom paid.	Service.	Amount.	Total.
	Brought forward	\$ cts. 7,201 54	\$ cts.
	FISHERIES PROTECTION STEAMER "LADY	1,201 54	•• ••• •• •• •••
	HEAD."—Continued.		
ouis Bourget	Provisions	1,902 21	
* Bouchard	do	830 62	
Poitras	do	710 90	
X. Grenieroseph Eden	do	614 37   256 35	
4. Arel	do	235 42	
3. D. Dion	do	51 50	
Oussaint & Frères	do	2 80	
· Plamondon	do Fish	17 80	
J. Marois	do Vegetables	111 65	
J. A. Eden.		533 38 i 34 23 i	
John Davidson	do do	68 40	
U. Langlois	do Milk	3 47	
Lacte & Co.	do Preserved meats	58 56	
G. I. Philips	Repairs	580 37	
· Di. Tardival	' do	212 20	
L. Guerard	do	58 13	
J. Routier. Joseph Eden	do	49 55 15 85	
Las Modillas d	1 do	2 00	
. D. Marsan	1 00	68 13	
U. II. (iore	1 Cementing	2 50	
U. and W. Wurtele	Iron	112 97	
Intercolonial Coal Co	Coal	541 80	
Wm. Neilson.	do	36 <b>6</b> 00	
Craser & Cla	1 do 1	277 20   1,105 50	
USCON Eden	! do : 1	955 80	
vale Coal Co	1 do	174 80	
uuel & Kohitailla	Shin's stores	758 95	
a. J. Shaw & Co	Powder rubber &c	320 <b>6</b> 8	
S. Bédard. George Bissett	Kitchen utensils, pipes, &c	169 42 2 26	
" WILL BOLLONG	1 Sido-lights	8 00	
		44 60	
*· Farent	1 Domesta	13 50	
•• DOIVIN	Paint hrushes iron	30 50	
ALCHER AT CO	( Lumbar	7 62	
H. Denning & Co	do	6 25	
		10 00 30 00	
~• LOUThiar	1 Perha	10 75	
* · Deroma	1 Dicales	2 50	
• Duigin	U and was no	9 90	
Dechene	Uniforms for crew	202 38	
N. Lavoie	Blankets, &c	243 95 30 00	
'' 41. 1'91f	( Notton monto	10 20	
		4 50	
		53 30	i
		25 50	
		102 20	
		3 70 3 00	i
Fisher & Dia			
Fisher & Blouin John Baile	Covering for marine glass	18 00	

To whom paid.	Service.	≛Amount.	Total.
	Brought forward  FISHERIES PROTECTION STEAMER "LADY HEAD."—Concluded.	\$ cts. 19,280 66	\$ cts.
Joseph Vandry	Olive oil	464 <b>6</b> 0 131 60 43 <b>2</b> 5 9 <b>7</b> 0	
	Total		19,967 11

### RECAPITULATION.

Fisheries,	OntarioQuebeg	\$12,723 8	8
do	Quebec	13,662 5	5
do	Nova Scotia	15,292 8	2
do	New Brunswick	10,926 1	
фo	Prince Edward Island	1,836 5	4
фo	British Columbia	690 A	0
do	Manitoba	200 0	0
Fish-Bree	ding	20,088 8	0
Fisheries	Protection Steamer.	19,967 1	
	Total	\$95,387 8	

## APPENDIX No. 3.

REPORT OF THE CRUISE OF THE GOVERNMENT STEAMER "LADY HEAD" IN THE PROTECTION OF THE FISHERIES OF THE GULF AND RIVER ST. LAWRENCE, DURING THE SEASON OF 1878, UNDER COMMAND OF NAPOLEON LAVOIE, ESQ., FISHERY OFFICER.

L'Islet, 31st December, 1878.

To the Honorable J. C. Pope, Minister of Marine and Fisheries. Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honour to transmit herewith my tenth Annual Report on the result of the cruise of the Fisheries' Protection Steamship "Lady Head" in the waters of the Gulf and Lower St. Lawrence for the past season.

DATE OF THE DEPARTURE OF THE FISHERIES PROTECTION STEAMER FOR QUEBEC.

When the vessel had completed her work in the Fisheries service last fall, she was despatched to Halifax to assist in the lighthouse service during the winter. We took charge of her on the 5th May, and sailed on the 17th from Pictou for the Magdalen Islands, where we arrived on the same evening.

Our cruise in that vessel lasted a little over three months, when she was unfortunately wrecked at Point Jaune, six miles above Fox River, on the south shore of

the River St. Lawrence; the cause of this lamentable accident being fully explained in my Reports to your Department, I need not further allude to it here.

During the month of September I visited the north coast, Magdalen Islands and Anticosti, in the steamship "Napoleon III," engaged in the lighthouse service, and in addition to the standard the whole of the south shore and Bay des Chaleurs. addition to this, visited by land the whole of the south shore and Bay des Chaleurs, from Cape Chatte to Maguasha.

The Magdalen Islands were visited three times, the coast of Labrador twice,

Anticosti Island twice, the coast of Gaspé and Bay des Chaleurs twice.

## GENERAL REMARKS ON THE GULF FISHERIES DURING THE SEASON OF 1878.

The ice having disappeared from the Gulf early last spring, the fishing season opened at the usual time.

### COD FISHERY.

Cod appeared on the shores of Gaspe and Magdalen Islands during the beginning of the month of May, and at least two weeks earlier on the Labrador coast. The summer fishery was almost everywhere better than that of last season, but the fall follows. fall fishing was a comparative failure, owing to stormy weather, fog, rain and wind, which was a comparative failure, owing to stormy weather, fog, rain and wind, which prevented fishermen from going out three fourths of the time. On the coast of Laboratory whilst book and line of Labrador, fishermen having seines did exceedingly well, whilst hook and line fishing failed to a great extent, although the fish were very abundant in the Strait of Belle Isle. This failure is accounted for by the fact that cod did not bite readily, owing, no doubt, to the great quantity of food in the sea.

The total catch is, however, above that of last year. It amounts to 290,246 quintals, against 261,222 quintals in 1877, without reckoning 100,000 quintals caught by Dominion and foreign schooners on the coast of Labrador; 30,000 quintals by schooners from Cape Breton fishing around the Magdalen Islands, and about 8,000 quintals caught by Americans in the same waters.

The price of codfish was about fifty cents higher than last year, that is to say

from \$3 to \$3.50 a quintal.

### SALMON FISHERY.

Salmon fishing was exceedingly good, being considered one of the most remunerative catches since the establishment of the fishery license system. The statistics establish the yield as follows:

<b>VALUE 1</b>	1877.	1878.
Salmon, Pickled, brls	2,232	2,729
" Fresh, in ice, lbs	326,548	489,786
" Preserved in cans, lbs		139,574
Or about 1,500 barrels more than last year.		
The total value is computed as follows:—		
1877		\$58,207
1878	••••••	78,173
Increase		\$19.966

Pickled salmon sold on the coast of Labrador at from \$7 to \$9 a barrel, but on the coast of Gaspé and Bay des Chaleurs it sold fresh at from three and a half to seven cents a pound. Breeding salmon were reported as being unusually abundant in the rivers last fall.

#### MACKEREL FISHEREY.

As predicted in 1877, mackerel have returned to our shores in their usual numbers. These fish were this season found everywhere in the Gulf, from Godbout to Bonne Esperance on the north coast, around Anticosti, and from Cape Chatte Bonaventure on the south shore. At Magdalen Islands the catch was heavy, but the fish were of a small size. The statistics establish to total catch at 8,583 barrels against 5,339 in 1877.

A larger number of American vessels visited our shores this year than during the past four or five seasons. Most of them secured good cargoes, especially those who fished around the coast of Gaspé and the north coast from Moisie to Godbout.

### HERRING FISHERY.

Although these fish have rather increased than otherwise on our coasts, the statistics, nevertheless, show a large falling off in the total catch. But this is due to the fact that these fish struck so early at Magdalen Islands that foreign schooners arrived too late and were three reported forms. arrived too late and were thus prevented from securing full fares. The schooners from Esquimanx Point also failed in their research from Esquimanx Point also failed in their research from Esquimanx Point also failed in their research from Esquimanx Point also failed in their research from Esquimanx Point also failed in their research from the school of the school from Esquimaux Point also failed in their voyage to Newfoundland; but all the fishermen agree in station that the fishermen agree in stating that there were more herring in our waters this season than ever before and to this fact of all is than ever before, and to this fact as well as to the reappearance of mackerel, is attributed their success in cod febing attributed their success in cod fishing.

The total catch is reckoned at 44,853 barrels against 63,229 in 1877.

### HALIBUT FISHERY.

The few halibut reckoned in the fishery statistics are caught when fishing for This pursuit is not remied on in a result cod. This pursuit is not carried on in a regular manner. The returns show a catch of 238 harrely against 227 in 1977. of 238 barrels against 227 in 1877. Of this amount, 122 barrels were caught at Anticosti. No foreign vessels what average and the same of the control of the Anticosti. No foreign vessels whatever were this season engaged in halibut fishing.

### SEAL FISHING AND HUNTING.

Seal hunting on the ice by schooners was successful this season; the total yield g 26,404 seals against 12 007 billed in 1987 being 26,404 seals against 13,097 killed in 1877 and 9,615 in 1876.

#### WHALE FISHERY

Only one schooner was engaged in this pursuit during the present season; having brought back 5,600 gallons of oil against 13,716 gallons secured by three

vessels last season, including the proceeds of a whale found dead ashore.

I notice in Mr. Joseph Eden's annual report on the trade of Gaspé, a statement to the effect that the old whalers claim the decrease of whales in the Gulf as attributable to the indiscriminate slaughter by modern fishermen of old whales, whereas it was the rule in olden times among Gaspé whalers to kill the calves and spare the dams.

### LOBSTER FISHRRY.

It will be sufficient to state here that 731,008 pounds of lobsters were put up in cans this season against 450,669 pounds last year, and 245,335 pounds in 1876, to enable any one to understand the immense development of this industry and the dangers to be guarded against for the future.

Taken as a whole, this season's fishing may be called good, at least so far as applies to the yield. With regard to the value, the results are not quite so satisfactor. factory; cod and salmon being the only fish which maintained their price, other

kinds having fallen in value.

The following table will show at a glance the increase and decrease in the yield and the value of each particular fishery. For more ample details, the statistics published at the end of each division may be consulted.

Comparative Statement of the value of the several fisheries in the Gaspé, Bonaventure, Labrador, Magdalon Islands and Anticosti Island Divisions, during the Years 1877 and 1878.

Kinds of Fish.	Quan	tities.	Val	ue.
Min's of Fish.	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Summer cod fishing Qtls. Autumn " Herrings, pickled Brls. " " " " " " " Mackerel, pickled Brls. " " " " Haddock Utls. " Halibut Bbls. Salmon, plckled " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	223,596 37,626 63,229½ 700 5,339½ 960 248 99 227½ 2,232½ 326.548 100,605 1 276½ 23 60 2 450,669 5,000 234 13,097 12 58,470 9 13,716 224,875 181,596 11,554½	253,902 36,344 44,853 22 8,583 5,136 666 2,729 489,786 139,574 134 17 731,008 242 26,404 111,833 100 5,600 211,870 91,055	\$ cts. 1,117,980 00 188,130 00 316,147 50 53,395 00 1,44 00 4,95 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 40 15,090 70 230 00 300 00 10 00 67,600 35 2,50 00 16,371 25 48 00 29,235 00 6,858 00 112,437 50 181,596 00 46,218 00 2,202,831 75	
Total	*****	1	2,202,031 13	2,202,831 75
Increase	 			88,161 25

### GASPÉ AND BONAVENTURE DIVISIONS.

If we are to believe the traditions reported by early French writers on

New France, the coasts of Gaspé were known before the eleventh century.

Father Chrétien Leclerc, who is one of the earliest writers on Canada, remarks that those who first visited Gaspé, noticed the Indians possessed a wonderful know; ledge of navigation, and had accurate ideas of a Deity. This knowledge they could only have acquired from northmen from Greenland or Iceland, where extensive fishery establishments formerly existed, and whose inhabitants during the course of their excursions to the southern shores of our continent, had penetrated as far as the coasts of Gaspé. A celebrated Danish professor and archaeologist, Rafu, relying upon tradition and olden history, has even stated in his works that Gaspe was a fishing post frequented and maintained by northmen during the eleventh, twelfth and thirteenth centuries.

Setting aside, however, these legendary traditions, history shows that Cartier visited the coasts of Gaspé as early as 1534, and that by the beginning of the seven teenth century, when Champlain had hardly commenced to found the future capital of New France, and Poutrincourt chosen Port Royal in Acadia as the settlement of 3 small French colony, fishing stations were already scattered on the coasts of Gaspe. Cargoes of codfish, as well as furs purchased from the Indians for powder and shot, were even at this early date shipped to France. In spite, however, of all the combined natural advantages of the soil and waters, it seems as if this extensive region, which is now denominated Gaspesia, and whose history is, comparatively speaking of an ancient date, did not follow the march of progress in the same ratio as the rest

of our country, under far less favorable circumstances.

Gaspesia is composed of two counties, Gaspe and Bonaventure, with an extent of coast of 224 miles, abundantly frequented during the fishing season by cod, herring mackerel, salmon and numerous other fish of considerable value and excellent quality. These inexhaustible sources of wealth must have induced the sailors of old France to follow up that coast after discovering it, and soon after we find large fleets of vessels busily employed taking cargoes of fish at Gaspé, Percé and Pabos. must have become already numerous, since Bishop de St. Valier visited the place in person, and the early Governors of Quebec used to send there for the purposes of despatching news to France, or procuring provisions. Percé, Pabos and Gaspé were thus the most important localities in the early days of the Colony, both on account of the abundance of fish as well as safe harbors.

I have already alluded, in previous Reports, to the sufferings and hardships of the first settlers scattered on that coast under the French domination. often made victims of the continuous wars between France and England during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, and vessels of the enemy more than once destroyed at one blow the expectations and wealth of fishermen.

After the conquest, new settlers replaced the French; they were no more exempt from incursions of the enemy, but being courageous and firm, they resisted adversity, and some of them hailing from the Island of Jersey succeeded in founding establish ments which still exist, and have become powerful by mastering the wealth of the

seas, and acquiring possession of the soil.

To this immigration from Jersey were soon added other people from Canada, Ireland, Scotland, Acadia and U. E. Loyalists, who settled on the coasts of Gaspé and Bay des Chaleurs. Of all, the above merchants being excepted, those only who succeeded in reaching a state of independency, were such as were engaged in farming. The others, who Most of the latter are settled on the shores of Bay des Chaleurs. took to the precarious mode of a fishermen's life, did not succeed as well, and in the course of time found themselves under the yoke of merchants, and were thus prevented from following any other occupation but that of fishing.

One of the principal causes which delayed the colonization of Gaspesia was the absence of communication. Up to 1830, the resident population amounted to only 7,677 souls, but so soon as some means of communication had been opened, emigration

made rapid strides, and in 1850 the population had already swelled up to 21,748 souls. Since then, and especially during the past few years, thanks to the energy and continuous efforts of some of our public men, numerous colonization roads have been opened. Opened; steamers now frequent these shores; telegraph lines have overcome distance; travellers appear on all sides, distributing money; business men strive to enlarge the field of their operations; settlers eagerly take hold of a virgin soil; large clearances are made, and people now find in the soil a mode of living which is denied them by the sea. I was enabled this summer, whilst travelling over the Maritime road, to convince myself of the great advantages this means of communication affords colonization. At the various posts scattered along it, where ten years ago there Were only a few huts, occupied by poor fishermen, most of the time in danger of being starved during the long winter months, there are now pleasing villages whose inhabitants depend solely upon the farming of their lands for a living. I was enabled, during my journey, to admire the luxuriant crops which meet the eye and easure prosperity to that portion of our country.

It will thus be seen that, if at the outset the fishing industry occupied the first Position in the importance of Gaspesia, agriculture and the lumber trade have opened a new field in this distant land. Let us hope that Gaspesia will soon rival other places, and that improvements, steam communications and telegraph lines will

place it on a level with more favored localities.

The past season has been one of the most remunerative kind experienced for a long time on the coast of Gaspé. Crops were good and fishing also. In the County of Gaspé the population is generally employed in fishing. In Bonaventure, where communication is easier and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, the resident population is made and competition more active, and competition more active, and competition more active, and competition more active, and competition more active, and competition more active, and competition more active, and competition more active, and competition more active active more active. is more addicted to farming. The markets are, besides, handier, produce sells better and settlers are generally better off.

Although there are some establishments in the County of Gaspé for the canning of salmon and lobsters, and that salmon is mostly sold fresh at renunerative prices, the greatest number of canning establishments are located on the shores of Bay des

Chaleurs, at Port Daniel, Maria, Pabos and Grand River. Establishments of this nature create competition, and help the circulation of money in places where they are more numerous. One industry gives rise to another, and it is places where they are more numerous. and if I am to believe the rumor, a French firm intends purchasing salmon on the spot and shipping it in a fresh state. This cannot but give an additional impulse to

#### COD FISHERY.

Of all the different industries carried on on the coasts of Gaspé and Bonaventure, cod fishing undoubtedly ranks first, as well on account of the number of hands employing undoubtedly ranks first, as well on account of the number of hands employed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the proceed and the capital invested as by the trade to which it gives rise and the procedure. ceeds derived therefrom. About eight hundred men were employed this season fishing on the capital invested as by the creation of hands were engaged on shore in ing on the coasts of Gaspé, and an equal number of hands were engaged on shore in the process of Gaspé, and an equal number of hands were engaged on shore in the process of Gaspé, and an equal number of hands and flats is reckoned at the preparation of the fish. The number of fishing boats and flats is reckoned at 1.819 If, to the value of these small vessels, be added that of larger ones engaged trading or carrying fish to foreign countries, some idea may be formed of the value and importance of the cod fishing industry on these coasts.

Between Cape Chatte and Cape des Rosiers, and from Anse aux Gascons to Bonaventure, fishermen are not in the habit of going far out to fish, whilst those from Point St. Peter to Newport—and especially from Cape Cove to Newport—after attending to the season on attending to spring fishing near the shores, spend the remainder of the season on the Green Books which are situated six. eight or ten the Green Banks, Miscou and Orphan Banks, which are situated six, eight or ten leagues outside.

The energy evinced by Gaspé fishermen and the knowledge they display in the management of their small open boats, with twenty or twenty-five feet keel, when coin agement of their small open boats, with twenty which cause anxiety to when going out into the Gulf or anchored during storms which cause anxiety to sailors: What anxiety sailors in large vessels, is a subject of admiration to every stranger. is felt in beholding these frail shells battling against winds and stormy seas!

Unfortunately, in spite of all the ability displayed by these fishermen, painful

accidents, wrecks and loss of life have to be recorded. The memory of that terrible storm which made such a large number of orphans among the householders of Bay des Chaleurs is still fresh in the people's hearts. The spot where so many lives were lost has received the appellation of Orphan Bank. Even this year, during a fright ful storm which was experienced on the same grounds, four men were drowned, and it is a wonder that three hundred of them did not share a similar fate. during the latter end of June, and so discouraged our hardy fishermen that for se eral weeks they hardly dared venture any distance from the shore; but the past was by degrees once more forgotten, and when autmun came they repaired to the banks with as much confidence as heretofore.

Miscou, Green and Orphan Banks are perhaps the best in the world for the abundance of fish, but it will easily be understood from what has been said above; how only a portion of the Gaspé fishermen can take advantage of their wealth, and even then by running the greatest dangers. Should we be willing to do so, however, we have it in our power to make better use of them than Americans and Frenchmen who come from great distances to fish on the same grounds and even on others still more dangerous, taking back wealth and profit to their own countries, Fishermen from the Maritime Provinces and others from Newfoundland understand They are provided with a larger class of better their own interests than we do. vessels, and being thus able to repair to the banks at all times, fare better than our own people. The fact of the matter is, that these vessels alone can be depended upon for reliable success. I visited about forty of them on the banks this summer (the names of which I shall give further on when speaking of Magdalen Islands,) and all of those I met hid completed their second cargo. Some liberal-minded Canadians assisted Quebec fishermen this spring and fitted out a vessel for cod fishing on the Moisie banks. The success of that enterprise was only partial, as the vessel left too late; but should this example be followed by others, and with timely preparations, success will be a sure thing.

Of all the known coasts there are none perhaps where the migrations of the cod have been so steady and regular as on those of Gaspé. Certain fallings off have of course been occasionally noticed in some localities or during certain years, but a steady equilibrium has been maintained for hundreds of years, and this is easily understood when the enormous reproductive power of cod and the large extent of our fishing grounds as a transfer of the state of the our fishing grounds, so abundantly provided with food, is taken into consideration. The absence of the latter may sometimes cause fish to abandon places where they used to be found in abundance; currents, winds and temperature may, in a greater or lesser degree influence the migration of cod and occasion great disappointment and loss to fishermen and outfitters, but under ordinary circumstances fish are almost sure to be found in abundance. Cod is one of the first fish to appear on our shores in the spring, chasing the smaller fish, on which it preys, when not prevented by foreign obstacles such as the ice, which delays its appearance, and unlike other fishes it

leaves the shores only when ice forms on the surface of the sea.

During the early part of the seasons of 1876 and 1877 the migration of cod did not follow the usual rules, and although herring and capelin appeared at their proper time on the coasts of Gaspé, cod struck only at the end of June, when bait was becoming search. The influence of salt and the end of June, when bait was become ing scarce. The influence of cold weather had already been observed in connection with the migrations of cod, but the experience of these two seasons was a most collvincing fact of this. Whilst this was experienced at Gaspé, codfishing had begun two or three weeks earlier than usual on the north coast, consequent on the Straits of Belle Isle being free from ice during the first days of April. The spring having opened as usual last season, cod struck very early in the Gulf, especially on the coast of Gaspé where the best fishing time is during Mars and T of Gaspé where the best fishing time is during May and June.

Bait being abundant, cod fishing was generally good from Cape Chatte to Bons In some localities such as St. Anne des Monts, Gaspé, La Madeleine, New Port Daniel where there was a series of the series where there was a series of the s port and Port Daniel, where there was a great abundance of launce and mackerel, a large increase is apparent over last year's catch. At St. Anne des Monts where fishermen were heretofore compelled to procure thousands of barrels of clams from the north shore to be used as bait, the reappearance of mackerel saved them considerate the saved the siderable delays and additional expense, whilst this season's catch was greatly in excess of that of last year, taking into consideration the number of boats employed.

A fisherman of the locality alone caught one hundred quintals of fish. Cod does not seem to have had any special favorite resorts this season; it was abundant everywhere. The best catch, however, took place as usual from Grand River to Newport; the people of these localities being in the habit of repairing to the banks whence they bring the finest quality of fish. From Cape Chatte to Cape des Rosings of the banks whence they bring the finest quality of fish. Rosiers, the catch averaged fifty quintals per boat; but it must be borne in mind that People on that portion of the coast follow farming as well as fishing, so that their

time is divided between both occupations, which is certainly no misfortune for them. Towards the end of the summer it rained for three consecutive weeks, interfering

very much with the preparation of fish.

Cod-fishing is carried on on the coast of Gaspé with hand-lines and trawls, most of the fish being caught with the latter apparatus. Some fishermen are opposed to the to this mode of fishing, and claim that it will ruin our grounds; but I feel inclined to believe that this is a mistake, and that one cause is taken for another. just as many fish caught now on the Orphan and Miscou Banks, and on the coast of Newfoundland, where trawls have been in use for years, as there were at the first. I, however, believe that the greater or lesser disposition of cod to bite, depends upon certain. certain physiological causes, and that as many fish are caught with lines as with

trawls, all circumstances being equal.

During the month of June, whilst at Magdalen Islands, I examined a boat just coming ashore with codfish. I selected one hundred of the largest fish, and on open included that only two had not ing them I found that eighty of these were female fish, and that only two had not yet spawned. These cod had been caught with hand-lines, at a distance of about one mile and the cod is more voracious mile and a-half from shore. This would go far to prove that cod is more voracious and hungry after depositing its eggs than before, and that no matter what kind of bait is then offered, it is always ready to take it. I made a similar observation some time after at Kegashca, and out of five quintals of cod caught at a distance of eight at the balance females with and eight mlies outside, three-fourths were males, and the balance females with and without eggs; thus proving, in my opinion, that in this locality at least, the females had not represent the proving of these fish had also had not yet deposited their eggs, and were not voracious. These fish had also been a yet deposited their eggs, and were not very not yet of course. been caught with handlines. These observations on my part have not yet, of course, been sufficiently extended to be conclusive, but I intend to further elucidate this matter. matter during the course of next season, if opportunity permits.

Most of the codfish caught at or brought to Gaspé is exported to Italy, Brazil or the West Indies. During a long time our fish met with no competition on these markets. markets, but a few years past Norwegians have been in the habit of shipping a large quantity to our own, and not as quantity of fish there. It is, however, inferior in quality to our own, and not as well prepared, and does not always realize as high a price. The profits are nevertheless theless considered sufficient, because the catching of fish and its transport to foreign

markets costs very little in Norway.

In 1876, the fish sold at an unusually high price on the coasts of the Gulf, but the heavy losses which merchants experienced caused it to fall to the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the course of the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the course of the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the course of the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the course of the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the course of the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the course of the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the course of the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the lowest possible rate in 1976, the fish sold at an unusually night price on the lowest possible rate in 1976, the lowest possible rate in rate in 1877. It is difficult to ascertain prices on foreign markets during the past winter winter, merchants, as a rule, being rather reticent on this point; but I was informed that retired that retired that retired the retired that reti that prices varied from eight to twelve dollars a tub, which must have left a good margin on the spot, and margin for profits, when one takes into consideration the prices paid on the spot, and those the profits, when one takes into consideration the prices paid on the spot, and those charged on goods and provisions supplied the fishermen. The usual prices given this season on the coast of Gaspé were from \$3.50 to \$3.75.

Gaspé and Paspebiac are the greatest fish emporiums in this Division. the vessels loading for foreign ports take their cargoes there. A few, hovever, go to Perce Consoling for foreign ports take their cargoes there. A few, hovever, go to Percé, Cape Cove and Malbaie; but these localities are exposed to sea winds and anchorage Cove and Malbaie; but these localities are exposed to sea winds and anchorage is not so safe. Thirty-nine vessels loaded at Paspebiac this season, taking 68.195 68,195 quintals of cod to foreign ports. Last year thirty-three loaded there with

65,221 quintals of cod; 2,015 quintals of haddock; 230 barrels of green codfish; 1,904 barrels of herring; 7,805 barrels of cod tongues, and 4,451 barrels of cod oil. At Gaspé twenty-four vessels loaded for foreign countries.

The total quantity of codfish cought in the counties of Gaspé and Bonaventure amounts to 100 252 quintals against 100 752 in 1057 and 105 fish

amoents to 109,282 quintals, against 100,773 in 1877; without reckoning the fish

used for local consumption.

RETURN of Vessels engaged in the Fish Trade which took Cargoes at Gaspé in 1878.

Names of Vessels.	Tons.	• Destination.	Contents of Cargo.	Value.
Dawn Orient Star Dewdrop Brittany Warrior Zouave Alliance Seud Brothers Graphic Ocean Queen Snowdrop Village Belle Gleaner Undine Esperance Critic Glenfeadon Albatross Standard Dawn John Clark Cornucopia J. L. B.	95 101 93 126 115 70 173 59 149 136 94 141 96 128 79 93 154 86	do do Civita Vecchia Rio Janeiro Civita Vecchia Rio Janeiro do Bahia Lisbon Vienna Bahia Jersey Lisbon Jersey Lisbon do do do do do do do do	1,533 tubs	9,270 00 7,000 00 11,660 00

RETURN of Vessels engaged in the Fish Trade which took Cargoes at Percé in 1876.

Names of Vessels.	Tons.	Destination.	Contents of Cargo.	Value.
Heroine Canada. G. D. T. Col. Ellsworth. Zingara Heroine Canada.	156 118 78 74 97	Bahia Pernambuco Barbadoes	1,817 do 910 do 2,780 do 2,460 do	10,350 00 8,750 00 3,650 00 14,610 00 12,300 00

### Herring Fishery.

This fishery yielded during the present season 7,373 barrels against 2,756 in 1877. The quantity used as bait for cod-fishing amounted to 9,165 barrels, against 6,955 in 1877; which gives a total yield of 16,558 for 1878. These figures show that in spite of the poor success experienced in 1876 and 1877, herring has returned as abundantly as ever on our shores, a matter of rejoicing, because with the return of herring and mackerel we may rely upon remunerative cod-fishing. These fish were most abundant last spring and summer from Cape Chatte to Carleton, although somewhat scarce at Percé and Point St. Peter.

Return of all Ships and Vessels that have entered Inwards, with Fish only, Season of 1878.

### · PORT OF NEW CARLISLE.

Date of Report.	Name of Vessel.	Tons.	Men.	From Whence.	Codfish, in quintals.
1878.  July 27  Sept. 27  Oct. 2  do 23	Hebe Adelina Flying Fish Marie Georgiana	236 91 65 98	11 6 4 6	Labrador	852 529 1,645 527 3,553

RETURN of all Ships and Vessels that have Cleared Outwards, with Fish only, Season of 1878.

	Mackerel, Pickled, in barrels.	
	Seal Oil, in gallons.	798
	Salmon, in barrela.	18
	Cod Oil, in gallons.	14,111
î	dod Tongues, in los.	
	Cod Sounds, in lbs.	
	Herring, Smoked, in boxes.	
	Herring, Pickled, in barrels.	5 35 1 197 8 8 8 117 117 117 995
	Cod Roes, in bar- rels.	
	Codfish, Green, in barrels.	10
LE.	Ling, Dry, in quin- tals.	8 8 83
CARLISLE	Haddock, Dry, in quintals.	238 238 11 12 20 730 730
NEW	Codfish, Dry, in quintals.	1,902 1,035 1,035 1,000 1,400 1,400 1,400 1,631 1,518 1,518 1,518 1,800 2,042 2,354 2,354 2,354 2,354 2,350 1,970 1,970 1,970
PORT OF	Where Bound.	Barbadoes  do do do do do Bio Janeiro Barbadoes Barbadoes Go do do do Brazil and Bahia Barbadoes Go Jerey Newfoundland Rio Janeiro Italy Italy Rio Janeiro Boston Rio Janeiro
	Men.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Tons.	95 137 160 99 98 98 248 174 193 174 193 181 180 180 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193
	Name of Vessel.	Standard   Standard
	Date of Report.	April 30  May 130  May 130  do 23  do 28  do 31  June 31  do 27  do 29  do 27  do 27  do 27  do 27  do 10  do 10  do 10  do 15

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		Маскетеl, іп ратгеlз.	98
		Oysters, in barrels.	14
378.		Olams, in barrels.	782
Season of 1878.		Herring, Pickled, in barrels.	56 56 547
		Codfish, Green, in barrels,	
Coastways,		Codfish Oil, in gal- lons.	08
		Ling, Dry, in quin- tals.	
ed Inw	LISLE.	Haddock, Dry, in quintals.	347
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RETURN of all Ships and Vessels that have Entered Outwards, Coastways, Season of 1878.

	200 60 200 108 175
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Herring, Smoked, Boxes.	35 30 20 85
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Return showing the Number and Value of Ships and Vessels owned and engaged in the Fish Trade, in the County of Bonaventure, from Maguachie Point to Paspebiac Point, during the Season of 1878.

in whi	nes of Firms ch Vessels are engaged.	Name o	of Place,	Name of Vessel.	Tons.	Amount
Jaron						\$ ct
Tonce Ham	ilton & Co	New Carl	ısie	Isabella	45	2,000 0
has. Robin &	Co	Paspebiac		Centuary	181	9,000 0
		do		Ranger	137	6,000 0
ďο		do	*********	Sea Flower	352	18,000 0
ďο		do	******	Diton	78	4,000 0
ďο		do		Robin	150	7,000 0
do		do		O. Blanchard	260	13,000.0
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ďο		do		Reaper	137	6,000 0
ďο		do		Homely	129	11,000 0
ģο		do		C. R. C	248	12,000 0
ďο		do		Union	193	10,000 0
фо		do		Hematope	76	3,500 0
do	****** ********* *****	do			35	800 0
фo		do		Beaver	28	620 0
ďo		l do		Epopt	12	400 0
фo		! do		Paspebiac	57	3,000 0
gо		do		Keplevin	7	200 0
qo	****** *********	do		Providence	48	1,500 0
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do		l do		Tickler	96	6,000 0
do	***** (*****************	l do		Ant	53	3,000 0
do	***************************************	do		Fly	9	200 0
do		do		Nova Scotia	49	1,200 (
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4 January	orothers	do		Sharston	320	15,000 0
do	*******************************	do		Lady Young	106	5,000 0
do		do		Marie Georgiana	98	3,920 (
do	********	do		Hebe.	236	9,440 (
do				. Industry	143	6,000 (
do	***************************************	do		Firm	126	5,040 (
do	****** ***** ******	do		Glenar	59	2,360 (
go	***************************************	do		Bismark	19	709 (
ďο	****************************	do		. G. D. T	65	2,600 (
go	****** ******* , ****** , *****	do		Adelina	91	3,600 (
do		do		Regala	59	2,360 (
uo.	*********************	do	••••••	St. Breara	99	3,960 (
				}	1,421	59,980 (

## Lobster Fishery.

Wise laws have been enacted by the Department for the protection of this industry, and during two seasons, the local fishery overseers were engaged enforcing them.

The slightest acquaintance with the physiology of these crustaceans will convince any one that the carrying out of these laws must have had some good effect, because the simple fact of being compelled to return to the water female lobsters with eggs attached or those under the regular size, or the cessation of fishing during two or three weeks in the middle of summer, must necessarily have saved thousands of parent lobsters from being destroyed and thus kept them for purposes of future reproduction, but unfortunately packers on the one side in their anxiety to reap larger profits, and fishermen on the other who thus experienced inconvenience in being compelled to observe these laws, found some causes of complaint against them, and if I am to judge from the petitions sent to your Department, all sorts of reasons are brought forth to obtain an exemption from compliance with these regulations, Physiological causes are discussed in connection with their adoption; delays and damages occasioned by bad weather are pleaded in order to gain an extension of time and thus escape the close season; another petition speaks strongly in favour of the poor people who are thus compelled to lose a most precious time during the summer season; and with all these excuses some point or another was eventually gained. This year the whole thing gave way, and for one reason or another, this fishing was carried on uninterruptedly from May till October. All regulations tending to protection must necessarily inconvenience to some extent, but experience is there to teach us that they are necessary, and I must say that of all the regulations affecting the lobster fishery, the mose efficient in my opinion is the one establishing a close

In my last reports I tried to establish that, as the result of my experience and that of several fishermen on various parts of the Gulf Shores, berried lob sters were met with at almost every season of the year from the beginning of spring to the fall, and the same facts were again noticed this season. I also stated that the appearance of lobsters on our shores at earlier or later periods depended upon various circumstances, such as prevailing winds and the temperature of water. I added that, as no fixed close time could surely cover the spawning period of these crustaceans, and that to stop fishing for two or three weeks during the middle of the season would certainly be considered a great hardship, it might possibly be wiser to fix the date when fishing should begin on the tenth of June, and let it terminate on the twenty of the control of the state of t tieth of October. This would give fishermen the best period of the season to carry on their industry, because after the middle of October the weather is usually boister. ous and fishing becomes uncertain. Anyhow we may feel satisfied of two things; first, that if lobsters are not protected they will be nearly destroyed in a couple of years, and second, that in order to save them a close season is absolutely necessary.

The dates which I now recommend would, I am sure, be acceptable to fishermen, and guarantee that a sufficient number of parent lobsters would thus be saved to

ensure an equilibrium in the species on our coasts.

I have already alluded to the rapid increase of lobster canning establishments in previous reports; I shall now return to the subject once more for some additional

The first lobster cannery was started in 1874 at Carleton. In 1875 three additional ones were opened at Maria, New Richmond and Bonaventure; in 1877 two others at Port Daniel and Little River, and this season lobster fishing was carried on on a remunerative scale at Newport and Pabos.

The following is a list of the number of pounds of lobsters canned at each

Maria, 14,112 pounds; Capelin, 35,000; Port Daniel, 100,000; Newport, 51,000; Grand Pabos, 38,000; and Little River, 1,900. Total, 340,960 pounds, against 173,565 in 1877.

Mr. Holliday, of Quebec, opened a canning establishment at Sandy Beach, Gaspé, in 1875, when he prepared 60,000 pounds of lobsters. Being fully alive to the injurious effect of excessive fishing, and desiring to preserve these grounds so as to be able to rely upon a good yield each year, he took care to fish them with moderation, leaving early in the season and occasionally changing the localities. In 1876, he fished at Sandy Beach and Malbaie, preserving 50,000 pounds of lobsters. In 1877, he fished only at Malbaie, when he canned 43,000 pounds; but this season he operated on new grounds. He caught 74,000 pounds at Seal Cove and 75,000 at Percé; altogether, 149,000 pounds. This gives for the coast of Gaspé a total of 389,012 pounds of lobsters canned.

Mackerel Fishery.

It is with a sensible pleasure that I am able to state in the present Report that this valuable fish, which had become so scarce that our fishery statistics for 1875 and 1876 hardly mentioned it, has reappeared on our shores as abundantly as ever. This happy event is not due to any protective regulation, but to the fact that United States fishing vessels have abandoned our waters for several years past, since they could not find any mackered there. Their absence produced more good than prohibitory laws would have done.

We had occasion to state in our Report of last year, basing our assertion on the writings of the Canadian Commissioner of Fisheries and those of Professor Hind, that all fish were local, that is to say, abandoned only for a time our shores where they had been attracted in the spring in quest of food, or impelled thereto by the wants of natural reproduction when winter or the temperature of the sea caused them to seek colder water where they could find more abundant food. We also stated that the movements of fish were more or less influenced by the appearance of bait, the prevalence of certain winds, currents and temperature of water. To prove this, we include the fish which then We instanced several facts establishing that, during the winter, the fish which then repaired to our coasts did not move far away, and we added that, should these opinions prove to be unfounded, we might reasonably despuir for ever to see mackerel and herring frequenting the Canadian shores in sufficient numbers to make fishing a remunerative pursuit. The fancy theories propounded by our neighbors that mackerel was a southern sea fish, and that it appeared only by chance in the waters of the contained in the face of exof the Gulf, have happily no foundation and cannot be maintained in the face of experience and facts. Is it not the case, indeed, that the catch of mackerel was abundant in our waters for consecutive seasons? Did it not fall off by degrees under the exhaustive fishing pursued by fleets of one thousand to twelve hundred sail repairing to all points of the Gulf and carrying destruction and ruin everywhere? Is it not also true that, since United States fishing vessels have disappeared, mackerel has gradually increased every year? The above reasons and the slight increase which was noticed in 1877 led us to expect an abundant catch of mackerel this season. season; and should American theorists still decline to acknowledge the truth of these onin; opinions they must enquire from their own fishermen who understand these matters better they must enquire from their own fishermen who understand these matters better than they do. The latter were satisfied that mackerel fishing would be good this. this year, and they were on the grounds at the proper time when success crowned their lahour. labours and justified their expectations.

American fishermen were, of course, more benefitted by the reappearance of mackerel than our own people, but the returns show that there were more fish canche. caught and prepared than for many years past on our shores. Besides, the abundance of the prepared than for many years past on our shores. Besides, the abundance of the prepared than for many years past on our shores. of these fish was of the greatest assistance in supplying bait for cod-fishing, especial. The fishermen of these localities especially from Ste. Anne des Monts to Paspebiac. The fishermen of these localities agree: agree in saying that, had it not been for mackerel, the catch of cod would perhaps have been one-fourth less than it was.

Our fishermen fish for mackerel with hand lines, there being only one ordinary seine in use on the north coast. American fishermen use hand lines and purse-seines. Large schools of mackerel visited the shores of Gaspé as well as those of the north coast this season. About ten schooners entered Gaspé Bay where they took their coast this season. About ten schooners between Godbout and the Cawees. their cargoes; eight others caught 3,500 barrels between Godbout and the Cawees, and completed their cargoes on the south shore between Ste. Anne des Monts and Magdalen River, whence they took at least 850 barrels to the knowledge of the local fishery guardians. Three hundred schooners repaired to Bay des Chaleurs, and according to the reports of the local Fishery Overseer at Port Daniel, most of them were provided with purse-scines and took full cargoes. It can be easily imagined what terrible have these two hundred and fifty purse-scines must make when engaged during two or three consecutive months in sweeping the same grounds. Nothing can escape them, and it is admitted by American fishermen themselves that a schooner making her catch with these fishing engines destroys an equal number of young herring and mackerel. These scines ought, in my opinion, to be for ever banished from our waters, and their use especially prevented in the small bays where fish are wont to go for the purpose of depositing their eggs and where they breed and grow.

The above might seem to contradict what I wrote last year as to the use of seines for cod fishing on the coast of Labrador; but I shall proceed to explain the difference in both cases. Were seines not used on that coast, no cod could be caught most of the time, as these fish do not bite during certain seasons of the year, owing to the large quantity of food constantly brought over by the ice, and one might fish for any length of time without taking any fish, although the waters were thick with them. Besides this, the coast of Labrador is the only spot where cod can be seined without any danger arising to the species, an I because where food is found, cod is

always met with.

Moreover, when cod are met with in shoals at Blanc Sablon, there are no other fish with them, and most of the cod caught with seines are large, merchantable fish. Anyhow, such is the result of my own observations. I might also add that, as cod spawn all over the sea and at at all seasons of the year, it is not likely that the use of three or four seines during two or three weeks in a secluded place on the Gulf shore can have any material influence on the number frequenting our waters.

Although the mackerel catch by our people is larger than usual, it still dwindles into insignificance when compared with that of our neighbours; still, this season's

yield shows a large increase over that of last year.

The south shore gave 1,242 barrels against, 193 last year, and the north coast 185 barrels, against 28 in 1877, making thus a total catch of 1,425 barrels, against 221 in 1877. Out of the latter number of barrels must be reckoned 183 barrels caught

with seines at Meccatina and 80 barrels in a trap-net at Seven Islands.

The permission to set a trap (the most destructive fishing engine known) at Seven Islands was granted by the Department as an experiment. I must state here that I saw with regret the granting of such a license. The locating of this net where it was, at Point a la Chasse, must later or sooner cause a terrible destruction among the fish frequenting this Division. It is true that very few mackerel were caught in it last season; this is not, however, due to the net itself but to the fact that horse mackerel broke through the meshes. Large quantities of small fish of all kinds were destroyed in it, as it was impossible to get rid of them; the owner having no other option but to let them perish at the bottom. The licensee, Mr. Cunningham will not deny these facts, and as he intends setting on a larger scale next season, 1 hope the Department will take timely notice and not renew his license. The fisher-mens' reports may be somewhat exaggerated, but I incline to believe, as already stated that bays like those of Seven Islands or Gaspé, which are known to be the resort of young fish, ought to be specially protected and, that no fishing engines of so destructive a nature as trap nets are known to be, ought to be allowed either at the entrance or near them. Their use might be less objectionable on the open sea coasts or the shores of the Gulf, but they ought to be prohibited in all places where fish resort for spawning and growth.

Mackerel sold at \$7 on the spot this season.

During the course of our cruise I was unable to visit a large number of mackerel vessels, owing to an accident to our steamer at Seven Islands and its subsequent loss on the South Shore. I was informed that an American schooner entered Gaspé on

Sunday, split and cured their fish, and afterwards threw the offals overboard After enquiry from the local Fishery Overseer, Mr. Vibert, I ascertained that this report was incorrect.

I boarded the following vessels in the Gulf:-

Name of Vessel.	Master.	Port.	Number of Men.	Tonnage.	Boats.	Barrels of Mackerel.
	Taylor	Provincetown	13	57 33 50 80 60	4 3 4 4 3	40 15 5 25 100

The crews of these vessels agreed in stating that mackerel were plenty, but that the weather kept so stormy it was almost impossible to fish.

On the north coast I also visited the following vessels:--

Name of Vessel.	Master.	Port.	Number of Men.	Tonnage.	Nets.	Boats.	Barrels of Mackerel.
Eureka		,	12 12 7 12	50 50 54 90	1 seine 1 do. 1 do. 2 do.	2 2 2 2 2	30 50 100

These vessels had not been long in when I boarded them.

## Halibut Fishery.

There is not much to say about halibut fishing, neither our fishermen nor strangers being engaged in it. A few fish may be caught now and then with cod hooks, but that is all. United States fishermen seem to have given up this pursuit entirely in our waters, either to follow it up somewhere else, or because our own grounds. grounds are ruined. The statistics show but 46 barrels against 101 in 1877.

### Bait.

All the kinds of fish employed in cod-fishing are known under the name of bait. It is an indispensible article, and it is alleged that its destruction is more fatal to cod-fishing than the destruction of cod itself, because the latter which is one of the most voracious fish known, preys upon the smaller kinds of the species, and when these are destroyed cod also disappears. Thanks to the re-appearance of herring and mackerel on our shores this season, bait was generally abundant; it failed partially, however, in some localities, such as Percé and Point St. Peter. No capelin were seen at Ste. Anne des Monts, although thousands of barrels were used last year for manuring purposes. It is not at all improbable that this great destruction may have been the cause of its scarcity this season. The want of bait at Percé often compels owners of large establishments to send to Gaspé for it. This necessitates the employment of a special vessel. In order to be enabled to secure this indispensible sible article, I am told that the Messrs. Robin intend building a steamer for carrying

bait during the fishing season. This enterprise cannot fail to be remunerative, as large quantities of cod are lost overy season for want of bait, and such a vessel could easily supply all the fishermen on the coast of Gaspé.

The following statement shows the quantities of bait used by our fishermen:

	Barrels.
Capelin	73,639
Herring	14,018
Clams	
Squid	530
Smelt	
Trout	17

I am, however, inclined to believe that these figures are much underrated. local fishery officers are not yet well informed as to the approximate quantities o bait required to catch a determined number of cod, and fishermen are unable to supply reliable data on this point.

Proportionally speaking, more bait is used when fishing is bad than when it

is good.

### Salmon Fishery.

The success experienced in this season's salmon fishing is the crowning work of those who so well understood the wants of our fishermen, and what could be effected by means of reasoning and well applied science. Indeed, this year's results exceed anything that had been experienced since the system of fishing licenses has

been put in operation.

This unusual abundance must not, however, lead us to lose sight of the fact that it would be an unwise thing to release our enforcing the laws of protection. Most of the success experienced is undoubtedly due to the observance of wise and timely regulations, and to our artificial breeding establishments which have now been in operation for the past six years; but, it must also be added that the season was exceptionally fine and favorable for salmon fishing; the whether cool and calm, no loss of nets or time; twenty years may occur before such a chance again befals Gaspé fishermen. When one considers the number of incidental causes which may influence not only each season's fishing, but also the reproduction of salmon in streams, such a dry summer or fall, freshets, ice, drift timber, and other causes which may destroy the best founded expectations, it will easily be admitted that it is safer to wait a few years more before increasing in a sensible manner salmon fishing stations on the coast of Gaspé.

Salmon appeared early in May this year on the coasts of Gaspé, Bay des Chaleurs and Restigouche, and in such abundance that, by the beginning of June some stations had caught more salmon than they did last year during the whole of the season. On the 1st June, Mr. Holliday, who was buying fresh fish at Gaspe Basin had already shipped 250 boxes of salmon to Quebec, against 47 in 1877. It was also noticed that fish had increased in size on the whole of the coast. In Magdalen River and Ste. Anne des Monts divisions where salmon fishing is carried on with greater difficulties on account of winds and storms, 74 barrels of salmon were caught against 52 last year, although there were two stations less. According to the reports made by the local Fishery Overseer, Ste. Anne des Monts River is full of fish, and Mr. Richardson, of the Geological Survey, who had occasion in the course of his work to observe the spawning beds of that stream, says they were literally swarming

with breeding fish.

According to information received from the same gentleman, the River Cape Chatte also appears to have a good stock of parent salmon and trout, three times as much as last year; but the local Fishery Overseer states that he found some negogues and other traces of spearing operations on the banks, and I cannot but recommend the placing of a reliable guardian on that stream next season. It is very difficult to protect it efficiently, as there are settlers for twelve miles up along the banks and in

the neighborhood of spawning pools and the occasions for temptation are very great. Ste. Anne River was only angled a few days; this is the reason why there is a slight decrease in the catch. In order to have any success on that stream, anglers should be on the spot early in the spring, because at a later date, when the water gets clear, salmon will not take the fly so readily, although the pools may be full of

In Gaspé Bay and the estuaries of rivers, the catch was unprecedented. The statistics show that 507 barrels of salmon were caught against 233 in 1877, and this with five stations less; whilst in 1876 the catch amounted to only 203 barrels. From Point St. Peter to Newport there is a slight falling off; 147 barrels this season against 185 in 1877. The whole catch, with the exception of two barrels and a half, was either canned or shipped fresh to Quebec, Montreal and the United States markets via the Gulf Ports steamers or the Intercolonial Railway.

His Excellency Lord Dufferin paid a visit to Gaspé this summer, but being

unexpectedly recalled to Quebec he had barely time to enjoy any sport.

Fly-fishing was very good in St. John and Dartmouth Rivers, considering the short time anglers remained there. Eighty-two fish were caught in the first against 64 in 1877, and 73 in the other against 55 during the previous year. The Grand River lessee was very successful, having caught 130 fish against 92 in 1877. I have no returns from York River; the local Fishery Overseer will undoubtedly be able to furnish the figures.

In the Division of Port Daniel, the catch of salmon with nets was above anything experienced until the present season. Fishing began about the 20th May and continued abundant until the end of June, so much so that, although Messrs. Hogg & Co. had made extensive preparations for the canning of fish, they were often at a loss to know how to put up all the salmon that was brought before it spoiled. There

were caught among a few stations 203 barrels against 146 in 1877.

In the Cascapedia Division fishing began on the 17th May, and was just as good, if not better, than at Gaspé and Port Daniel. The same quantity of nets caught 789 barrels of salmon against 355 in 1877. These figures speak for themselves and need no further explanations to illustrate the state of improvement our rivers have reached. Fly-fishing on the Grand Cascapedia kept on a par both with regard to the number as well as the size of fish caught. Nine rods caught 279 fish and left fishing on the 17th During the month of August, General Warner spent a few days on the river; but the water was too high and he caught only four fish. General Arthur, of New York, caught a salmon weighing fifty pounds, and Mr. Dane, of the same city, one which weighed fifty-six and a half pounds. It is needless to say that with such bright achievements these gentlemen left more than satisfied.

In Little Cascapedia River six fish were killed, but the river was angled only during one day. In 1877 Grand Cascapedia River yielded 331 salmon to 20 rods;

Bonaventure River 43, and Little Cascapedia the same number as this season.

When it has been explained how the catch of salmon was unprecedented on the coasts of Gaspé and Bay des Chaleurs, no one will wonder at similar success in Restigouche River, which has always been considered as the best salmon stream in the whole of that district. And as the fishermen of this division are in close proximity to the best markets, the profits are worth looking after. The large quantities of salmon caught on the Quebec, as well as on the New Brunswick sides of the Restigouche, have helped to create and develop new industries, and increased the margin of profits. Besides the advantages arising from the sale of fish in a fresh state, canning establishments and refrigerators have been opened at Campbelltown and Charlot River, which enable purchasers to wait for a rise in prices before sending their fish away, and thus to double their profits.

The quantity of salmon caught this season on the Quebec side of the Restigouche, amounts to 280 barrels, or 56 barrels more than last year, and 6 barrels more than in 1873, which is reckoned the best catch in that river since the establishment than in 1873, which is reckoned the ment of the license system. With the exception of 41 barrels which were salted, the

balance was sold fresh, frozen or canned.

Salmon sold at four and a-half cents a pound fresh at Gaspé, and as high as seven cents in Bay des Chaleurs, thanks to competition. Some idea may be formed of the profits realized by several fishermen, when it is reported that Mr. La Billois sold 120,000 pounds of fish; Mr. Stuart, 7,300; Mr. Bailie, 5,700, &c.

The total quantity of salmon caught this season on the coast of Gaspé was 2,146

barrels, against 1,261 in 1877, and 1,222 in 1876.

It is reported that a representative of French firms, one Mr. Lemesurier, visited the coasts of Gaspé and Bay des Chaleurs for the purpose of making contracts with fishermen and purchasing their salmon fresh. It is Mr. Lemesurier's intention to ship fish to France in a fast sailing steamer, so that they may arrive there as fresh as possible, and in the primest possible condition, whilst he claims that the fish will retain all their original flavor and delicacy, owing to a peculiar mode of preservation which they have invented. This will, undoubtedly, give a still greater impotus to

that branch of industry.

Should we desire to keep for our salmon rivers the reputation they have earned in foreign countries, and preserve this source of wealth without exhausting it, we must enforce efficient guardianship and protection, and choose good officers for that purpose. I must however declare, to the credit of the service, that it is almost impossible to procure a better staff of Overseers than those we have now. Most of them, indeed, fulfil their important and arduous duties more from a sense of interest in the development of our fisheries than for the sake of the paltry salary attached to the situation, and I am happy to record the fact that, with the exception of a violation of the Sunday clause at Restigouche, a few disregards of the Overseer of the Cascapedia division's instructions relative to the mode of setting nets, one violation of the law at Magdalen River, and perhaps a few other slight irregularities which may have occurred without our knowledge, the law was strictly observed everywhere. This shows that better counsels prevail, and that fishermen now understand their true interests.

### FISH BREEDING ESTABLISHMENTS.

Although the Restigouche and Gaspé hatcheries are not under my immediate supervision, I feel that, as a Fishery Officer, my duty is not only to see to a proper enforcement of the law, but to note also all facts which may more or less influence the progress and development of the fishing industry. In this connection I was naturally led to take a great interest in these experiments, new in our country it is

true, but which had been known and practised for years before in France.

When these essays were first tried on the coast of Gaspé they were met with the same sneers and doubts of success on the part of fishermen as when the fishery license system was introduced. The officers who have charge of these establishments, being new in their business naturally met with many difficulties at the start and experience great disappointments, but success eventually crowned their perseverance, and I am proud to acknowledge that at the present time the hatching establishments of Rectigouche and George under charge of the second se Restigouche and Gaspé, under charge of Messrs. Mowat and Vibert, are a perfect success. Their work must undoubtedly have had something to do with the splendid results experienced in salmon fishing this season, and I hope similar results next year will again confirm my opinion.

I had no opportunity during the past season of visiting the Restigouche Estab lishment, but I am satisfied, from information given by Mr. Mowat, that everything is

in a capital condition.

Two hundred thousand salmon fry were last spring placed in the Bonaventure and Cascapedia Rivers, and there are nearly two millions ova on the hatching troughe

at the present date.

Mr. Mowat also placed 5,000 land-locked salmon in Lake Metapedia. The over were procured from the State of Maine, and hatched in the Restigouche Establishment. ment. Let us earnestly hope that success will crown this experiment, and that these fish will thrive in this bequited should be a successive the successive fish will thrive in this beautiful sheet of water, one of the finest to be found anywhere and capable of accommodating thousands of fish.

I had occasion to visit the Gaspé hatching house several times during the spring summer and fall. In 1876 I inspected it during the fall when I counted as many as 900,000 salmon ova on the breeding troughs; during the spring of 1877'I was enabled to satisfy myself that at least ninety per cent of the eggs had matured and produced young salmon. During the fall of 1877, success was equally good, and ninety-five per cent of the ova came to maturity.

I noticed with pleasure the care, attention and cleanliness bestowed by Mr. Vibert on the establishment under his charge. He had on hand in October last, when I visited the place, 1,500,000 ova, which were in the most healthy condition possible. Unless some unforseen circumstance arises, he will have a fine return of young fish

this spring.

Since these establishments have been opened on the coast of Gaspé, I have repeatedly urged the importance of locating one at Ste Anne des Monts. Should it be found impossible to do so, I am sure the fishermen and residents of the locality would take it as a special favor if a few thousands salmon fry could be placed in the Ste. Anne or Cape Chatte rivers, from the Restigouche or Gaspé nurseries.

### RESTIGOUCHE INDIANS.

For every summer during the past ten years I have visited twice during the season the village of these Indians, and I have found invariably poverty and want, in spite of the numerous advantages and resources enjoyed by this population. Had they been inclined to cultivate the lands at their disposal, they might have secured independence. Moreover, they receive every year a grant of money from the Government, and for some seasons past they have enjoyed the proceeds of one of the best salmon stations in that neighbourhood. The good wages they earned by hiring themselves to anglers and other incidental opportunities brought a good deal of money among them, which in most instances was shamefully wasted. But all these advantages combined together with the ease with which they could earn money have, up to the present time, been more an opportunity for debauchery than a means of improving the condition of their village and families. In 1877 they indulged in such excess that the sportsmen on the Restigouche decided not to employ them any longer. Frightened by this threat, or perhaps taking better counsel, they have behaved exceedingly well this season. Peace and order prevailed in the village; the Indians who was a season. who were not employed in the upper part of the river worked on their farms and they reaped a sufficiency for the winter.

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels,

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number of Men, kinds of Nets used, &c., &c.

GASPÉ DIVISION.

### NETS AND SEINES.

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RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men,

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NAME OF PLACE.		v	essels.			hing ats.		lat ats.	Fishermen.	Shoremen.		Salmo Nets.		s	Codeine		He	erri	ing
	No.	Tons.	Value.	No. of Sailors.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No. of Fig	No. of Sh	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.
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Barachois River Corner Beach Cannes de Roches	1 2 1	24 105 61	3800	3 10 5	40 22 6	2400 1265 303	15 27 6	150 266 49	80 44 11	30 22 6	3 2	1500 100	600 72	i	100	72			
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Cape Cove Cap d'Espoir	4	301	12200	26	35 55 14	2418 3880 772	21 34 10	176 324 78	70 110 29	33 77 9	1	200	30				1	50	100
Little River Grand River Little Pabos					33 84 53	2132 5805 2970	13 37 22	130 436 209	66 168 106	25 102 64	 3 2	350 776	280 630		••••		:::		
Grand Pabos Newport					25 83	1930 5690	11 33	108 298	106 46 168	20 106	3 2	350 300	105 100						
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kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c., &c.—Continued.

DIVISION.-Continued.

## NETS AND SEINES.

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RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Mer,

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	Salmon, barrels,	Salmon, fresh, in ice, lbs.	Salmon,	Salmon,	Cod, quintals.	Ood, qnintals.	Haddock, quintals.	Ling, quintals.	Ialibut,	Herrings, barrels.
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Cape ChatteSte. Anne des Monts					2,350		 			25 65
Rivières à Marthe and Marsouis	I				3,465 500					
Rivière Claude Rivière à Pierre	10	·••••			250		ļ		5	20
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Ruisseau des Olives			•••••		275	50		¦ • • •		30 14
Anse PleureuseGros Mâle	13				150 250	75 80			1	- 1
Gros Mâle					270				2	18 16
Petite Rivière MadeleineRivière Madeleine	10				100					12
Cap à l'Ours				l'	900	250			4	
Grande Anse	1				75	30		ļ	1	20
Grande Vallée	4		•••••	<b> ···</b>	1,200	300		¦	5	4
Petite Vallée	1		i . <b></b>		150 400	30 75				
Pointe à la Frégate	١				450	90				3
Petite AnseGrand Cloridorme					400			ļ		20
Petit Cloridorme	4				975 600				2	(
Pointe Sêche	1				700				ļ	1
Grand EtangAnse à Valeau	····			ļ	1,900				4	1
Pointe Jaune,	<u>                                     </u>				500 350				3	1
Echourie	١				350	150				24 1
Grande AnsePetit Cap	¦····	j			250					1
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Anse à Gris Fond	1				20					2
Anse à Fougère Anse à Gris Fond Trois Ruisseaux	1			:::	2,300 150	900			6	
Jersey Cove		1			125					1
Anse à la Louise					800				i	1
Ship Head, Indian Cove and St. George's Cove			!	1	1,400 1,181				1	4
Little Gaspé and Grande Grève		8,164			1,909	723				8
Cap aux Os and Seal Rock			¦ ······	ļ	214		J			
North-West Bay and River				Ì	174	5				
South-West Bay and River		25,845			25	. <b></b>		1		
Gaspé Basin										
Douglastown and Seal Cove					451 700					
Chien Blanc	1	{		<b> </b>	960					24
Point St. Peter		300			3,535	455	5	į		45
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Barachois River		7,000		١						5 3
Corner Beach	1	1,700		1	935	530	j 3	¦	•••	9
Cannes des Roches				1	136	: 89		1	1	

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c., &c.

GASPÉ	DIVISION —Continued	
	101 V ISILIN — Continued	

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oxes.						ınds, brl.	ar	Wh	als, ale Po	s r-		C	ils		]	Fish :	and (	Clam:		i a:	s Bai	t .		-dunsuo
Smoked Herring, boxes	Mackerel, barrels.	Trout, barrels.	Sardines, barrels.	Eels barrels.	Tunny, barrels.	Cod Tongues and Sounds,	No. of Seals.	-		1	Seal Oil, gallons.	Whale Oil, gals.	Porpoise Oil, gals.	Coal Oil, gallons.	Herring, barrels.	Capelin, barrels.	Smelt, barrels.	Squid, barrels,	Cod Roes barrels.	Trout.	Launce.	Clams.	Lobsters, in cans.	Fish used for local consumption.
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***	29 6 115	٠.,				12		•••	••••		•••			3,829	8 354	80	12						75,000	2 25
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RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men,

					C	OUNTY	7 0	F	GI	ISP
NAME OF PLACE.	Salmon, barrels, cured.	Salmon, fresh, in ice, lbs.	Salmon, in cans, lbs.	Salmon, smoked, boxes.	Summer Fishing.	Fall Fishing.	Haddock, quintals.	ing, quintals.	Halibut, barrels.	Herring, barrels.
Bonaventure Island Anse à Beaufils. Cape Cove		7,000 6,100 10,129 3,804 4,740	19,200		3,292 1,798 3,014 446 1,942 3,642 2,655 1,335	800 1,571 240 654 2,250 1,015 575 1,551	156 156	100	2	1,4
Fly-fishing:—River Ste. Anne des M do Magdalen do York do St. John do Dartmouth do Grand Pabos					**********	1,248 lb 268 2,149 818 1,740 2,165 190 8,578	s. Sa do do do do do do	lm	0 <b>1</b> 2	

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c., &c.—Concluded.

## DIVISION.—Concluded.

es.	Seals, Whales oil and Porpoises.								ils.		Fish and Clams used as Bait and Manure.									Con-				
Smoked Herring, boxes.	Mackerel, barrels.	Trout, barrels.	Sardines, barrels.	Eels, barrels.	) 1	Cod Tongues and Scharrels.	of Seals.	No. of Seal-skins.	No. of Whales.	of Porpoises.	Seal Oil, gallons.	1, 8	Porpoise Oil, gallons.	Cod Oil, gallons.	Herrings, barrels.	Capelin, barrels.	Smelt, barrels.	Squid, barrels.	Cod Roes, barrels.	Trout.	Launce.	Clams.	Lobsters, in cans.	Fish used for Local sumption.
···· ··· ··· 12 ··· ···	54 1 139 12					1 1 5 2 1 5	3	2			2			1,291 1,130 1,620 265 1,390 2,994 1,830 875 3,138	993 158 172 500 190 125	80 195 36 184 	55 2 40		8 1 9  56 85 40	 			1,960 38,400 51, <del>0</del> 00	11 15 20 10 18 20 7 10 18
15	124	2 20		-		20	2 2	2 2	9	<u>'</u>	2	5120		45,196	8649	1529	146	530	263	17	2537	170	240,960	2,118

## RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the different fisheries of Gaspé Division in 1878.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Prices.	Value.
Summer Cod fishing Autumn do Herrings, pickled do Smoked Haddock Ling Halibut Mackerel Salmon, pickled do fresh in ice. do preserved in cans.  Trout Cod Tongues and Sounds Lobsters, preserved in cans Seal Skins Seal Oil Whale Oil Cod Oil Fish and Clams used as bait and manure Fish used for home consumption.	1,242 do	0 15 1 25 0 50 0 50 0 50 1 00	\$ cts 358,170 00 116,295 00 7,465 00 3 75 1,110 00 276 00 276 00 12,420 00 912 00 10,097 30 3,480 00 1,818 00 36,144 00 2,560 0 22,598 00 22,598 00 13,841 00 8,472 00
Total value of the	products of the Fisheries	in 1878	595,925 55
do	do do	1877	616,309 20
	Decrease		\$20,383 65

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men,

## COUNTY OF

Name of Place.		V	essels.			hing ats.		lat ats.	men.	men.	Sa	lmon N	ets.	Se	Cocin	
	No.	Tons.	Value.	No. of Sa lors.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No. of Fishermen.	No. of Shoremen.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.
Anse au Gascon					52	\$ 2100			104		1	130				
Anse à la Barbe Port Daniel Pointe Loup Marin				·••••	15 42 2	600 1680 80	61	100 500	84	:	1 9 2	120 2775 330	1020 160			•••
Chegouac					111	440	5	40	22		1	200	90			•••
Nouvelle	į				32	1280	10	100	64						•••	
Paspebiac					25	1000	8	80	50		1	160	60	•••	•••	
Paspebiac, West Point	41	4340	200580	249	50	2500		330	100				••••••	,		
New Carlisle Grand and Little Bon-		45	2000	4	6	300	6	<b>6</b> 0	12	4	•••••	•••••	********			
aventure					58	4560	58	580	116	60				ا <sup>ا</sup>		•••
New Richmond, Cape-				,,		1000		550								١.
lin and Black Cape	ļ				9	324	4	40			131	3002	1347		•••	
Maria					15	568	6,	60				7518	4102		•••	
Carleton			ļ	ļ	9	390	6	60	18		180	5566	2733	,]	•••	
Nouvelle					5	250	5	50 10	10		63	2176	1088	1		
Fleurant's Point							3.	60	4		4		900			
Englishman's Brook							1	15	ī		i		250			
Escuminac Point							î	10	î		î		200		•••	
Pointe à la Garde	1						2	50	3				650			
Battery Point							1	10		1	1					1.
Little Battery							1	10			1		,	)!		
Oak Point							1	10			1 2					
Cross Point					•••••		2	40 30			3			)		٠.
Little River	1						1	10	1 -		1					
Nets set by 11 settlers	1						*	10		1	1			1	1	
above tide-water		İ	İ	j	1	ĺ	i		١					i		 
(Restigouche River).		ļ		<b> </b>						ļ	11	550	274	ŀ	i	ـــا
	1-	1000	100250	0.00		1.0053	1-050	0455		\ <del></del>	00:	1 20277	14016	 \	آ	
	42	4385	202580	253	351	16072	250	2455	743	214	631	30377	14910	••••	1	L
	1		1			•						1	1			

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c., &c.

# BONAVENTURE.

### NETS AND SEINES.

Herring Seines,	Herring 1	Tets.		kerel ines.		acker Nets.			Cape Seine			un			Seal lets		Bru Fishe	ish eries		Frout Nets.	
No.   Yards.   Value.	No. Yards.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.
\$	80 2888 15 500 60 2100 120 4500 40 1440 55 200 6 210 58 208	120 500 960 320 440 300 630 72		\$	50	1600	600 72	8 	80 200 280 160 300 160 680	40 100 140 80 160 80 612 288		•••									\$
	9 32 15 54 9 32 5 18	180 180 108 60				320 324 96	120 108 36	3	40 120	36 72							5 1	50 6		 35 75	12 25 7
	562 2029	5104		-	145	4696	1734	99	3740	 2920		 		 	 		6	56	5 9		23 67

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men,

## COUNTY OF BONAVENTURE

Anse au Gascon												 
Anse à la Barbe	Name of Station.		Salmon, Fresh, in ice, lbs.		smoked, boxes.	Fishing.	Fishing.	Haddock, quintals.	Ling, quintals.	Halibut, barrels.		Mackerel, barrels.
Little Battery       3000         Oak Point       800         Cross Point       17000         Mission Point       7200         Bourdon Point       9500         Little River       500         Nets set by 11 settlers above tide-water (Restigouche River)       41         Fly-fishing       31224	Anse à la Barbe	188 2 4 4 37 5 5 41	30800 76350 27100 25980 13000 860 1140 7700 1800 9500 9500 500	2187 60429		300 540 560 60 1250 180 108 1450 150 50	170 1460 1250 55 522 655 30	180 6 220 12 8 7			80 550 160 120 130 150 130 1600 1210 650 840 190 20	 10 5 6 80 26 6 10 6 6

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c., &c.—Continued.

# ${\tt DIVISION.--} Continued.$

				Sounds.	Sea	ls, W Port	hales	and s.		Oi	ls.					ms used		<i>i</i>	-duinst
Trout, barrels.	Sardines, barrels.	Eels, barrels.	Tunny, barrel.	Ood Tongues and Sou	No. of Seals.	No of Seal-skins.	No. of Whales.	No. of Porpoises.	Seal Oil, gallons.	Whale Oil, gallons.	Porpoise Oil, gallons,	Cod Oil, gallons.	Herring and Mackerel, barrels.	Capelin, barrels.	Smelt, barrels.	Flat Fish and Squid, barrels.	Clams, barrels.	Lobsters, Canned, lbs.	Fish used for local consump- tion, barrels.
15		•••••• •••••										2000 700 1300 560 200  2600 1200 1800	600	1500 3280 1035	10 65 160	537	140	100000	140 100 160 150 180 200 243 164 812
21		15								1		140 90 43 40	12 18 	100 150		400	25 20	35000 14112	569
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******																			
36		17		 							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10773	1119	7215	520	1137	304	149112	3669

Fly-fishing :-Ri	ver Bonaventure	6 <b>6</b> 5 lb	s. Salmon.
do	Little Cascapedia	200	do
do	Grand do	8,173	do
do	Metapedia	3.952	do
ďо	Upsalquitch	17	do
do	Restigouche, Lower Division	2,887	do
do	do Middle do	9,402	do
do	do Upper do	5,928	do
	Total	31.224	do

### RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the Fisheries in Bonaventure Division in 1878.

Kinds of Fish;		Qua	ntities.	Prices.	Value	
Herring Mackerel Ling Haddock Salmon, pickled do fresh, in ice do preserved, in cans Trout Eels Lobsters, preserved, in cans Cod Oil Fish and Clams used as bait and m	anure	6,388 5,880 185 5 441 107 253,954 116,374 36 17 149,112 10,773 10,295 3,669	quintalsdo barrelsbbbarrelsdo lbsgallonsbarrelsdo	1877	\$ 27,565 31,940 29,400 1,850 25 2,205 1,284 12,697 17,456 288 10,295 14,676  177,605 130,715 46,889	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

## LABRADOR DIVISION.

As already stated in previous reports, this Division comprises more than five hundred miles of coast and extends from Manicouagan to Blanc Sablon, the eastern limit of the Dominion of Canada. It is placed altogether under my immediate

supervision.

Although the importance of the north shore, as well as of the coast of Labrador, has vastly augmented of late years, both with regard to its increasing population as well as to the wealth in its waters, sundry places are, however, met with here and there where the inhabitants find a difficulty at times in procuring the necessaries of life; and on so large an extent of coast where no communication exists for at least six months of the year, it can easily be imagined what an amount of suffering settlers have to undergo.

In spite of the abundance of vegetables in 1877 and the successful yield of the cod, salmon and seal fisheries throughout most of the settlements, a good many fisher-

men were unsuccessful.

Such was the case with those at Esquimaux Point, Betchouan, Kegashca and Whale Head, who, owing to the failure of summer and fall fishing, experienced great

difficulties in procuring their necessary supplies for the winter.

In 1875 and 1876, when the cod fishery utterly failed upon that part of the coast extending from Point des Monts to Seven Islands, the population was for want of timely relief reduced to great misery. The only food obtainable during those lengthy spring weeks were clams, which these suffering people would boil, after extracting them with difficulty from the ice and frozen banks of streams. When we paid our usual visit to that part of the coast, these poor people resembled skeletons more than living beings.

The settlers of Esquimaux Point, Kegashca, and Whale Head were more fortunate last spring; they received timely assistance from the Local Government,

which enabled them to wait until the arrival of the first trading vessels. about the latter end of June when we visited this part of the coast, most of the families had experienced great want; several fishermen were so weak from privations as to be unable to go out for the purpose of codfishing, thereby losing the best part of the season when fish were very abundant. Most of them were also unprovided with warm clothing with which to protect themselves against the cold rainy weather of spring. Deeply moved by the painful circumstances under which these poor people were labouring, especially those from Kegashca, I deemed it my duty to render them assistance. We distributed some provisions among them, and cast off clothes from the crew were given to the most needy.

In 1876, certain hard-hearted traders taking advantage of the wants of the fishermen and their state of poverty, sold them goods and provisions at exorbitant prices, rating the products of these poor fishermen at only one fourth their value. One of these merchants went even so far as to take their goods for sale to the Quebec

markets, bringing them in return third-rate provisions.

By an unexplained fatality, those fishermen who were most unlucky in 1877 experienced similar misfortunes during the present season. It will thus be easily understood how this series of misfortunes has discouraged a great many and caused the utmost apprehensions among them with regard to the approaching winter. It is not therefore to be wordered at that several families made up their minds to return amongst their friends at Magdalen Islands and Newfoundland. There is no apprehension to be had with regard to those who choose to remain, the Quebec Government having forwarded them ample relief.

With the exceptions of the above-named localities where fishermen could not secure sufficient fish to enable them to procure winter supplies, fishing may be said to have been generally good, and even better than in 1877. Prices were unfortu-

nately low.

The total yield of cod fishery in 1877, including the catch by strangers and foreign fishing schooners, amounted to 131,183 quintals. This year it was 160,479 quintals. Fish sold at \$3.50.

Salmon fishing yielded 2,090 barrels in 1877, against 2,561 this season.

Herring fishing which gave 6,028 barrels in 1877, yielded this season 1,569 barrels caught by Canadian vessels and fishermen, and 13,770 barrels by strangers and fishermen. and foreigners. Total 15,339 barrels.

Mackerel, 565 barrels against 188 in 1877. To this must be added about 3,500

barrels caught by American fishing vessels.

A large increase is also noticeable in seal fishing, the catch in 1877 being 7,898

against 20,075 this season.

In order to ensure the enforcement of the fishery laws, and to give better protection to fishermen, this part of the coast has been subdivided into nine districts, which are placed under charge of local Fishery Guardians. instructed to act under the immediate control of the officer commanding the Fisheries Protection vessel, and their divisions are distributed as follows:—

Manicouagan, Trinity, Moisie, St. John, Watsheeshoo, Natashquan, Washeecootai, Ste. Augustine and Bonne Esperance.

The Washeecootai Division is a subdivision of the Natashquan district and com-Prises the following streams: Kegashca, Musquarro, Washeecootai and Romaine. The principal fisheries carried on within its limits are those of cod, herring and salmon. Upwards of thirty schooners from the States and the Maritime Provinces fished there at different times during the season for herring; several also came for

the purpose of codfishing. The population frquenting this district is a floating one most difficult to deal with, thus showing the great necessity of having a local Fishery Guardian located there. During hours of forced leisure, when the crews of these vessels were aware of the absence of any fishery officer to compel them to observe the law, they simply for the pleasure of making mischief did not fail to destroy the feathered game, rob the eggs, and set fire to the bush on the islands, thus destroying the best and most reliable means of assistance and relief to the settlers. These wanton acts were again renewed this spring before the arrival of the guardian.

Besides strangers, who thus seem to take pleasure in destroying everything on that coast, Washeecootai Division is known to be the favorite resort of poachers. Thanks, however, to the perseverance and energy of the new Guardian, Mr. McLeod, the whole set has been found out, and most of them have gone away, being satisfied that their days of theft and plunder were over. The remainder being too poor to take their departure have thrown themselves upon the mercy of the fishery officers.

Owing to the unfortunate accident which befel the Fisheries Protection vessel, I was unable to visit the Godbout Division which has latterly been placed under my charge; but I am informed by the local Fishery Overseer, Mr. Duguay, that every

thing was in order.

The limits of this report will not allow my referring at any length to the first adventurers who visited these shores for the purpose of securing a portion at least of its inexhaustible waters; let it suffice here to remark that it is hardly possible to determine the exact date at which this portion of our country was discovered, except that it was known and frequented several hundred years before the south shore. According to tradition, the Basques were the first to visit the north coast, and if any reliance is to be placed upon the historical documents we possess, they had been in the Gulf and even in the River St. Lawrence long previous to 1490, for the purpose of carrying on whale and seal fishing. This fact is corroborated by the names given to certain posts, such as Point aux Basques at Seven Islands, and Isle aux Basque opposite Trois Pistoles.

The documents above alluded to also demonstrate that Cabot found the Basques had been before him in places which he visited, and Jacques Cartier states that on his first voyage in 1534, he met a Spanish vessel loaded with fish in search of the harbour of Brest, which is said to have been founded by the Britons in 1508. This rock, which is situated at the bottom of Old Fort Bay, was subsequently strengthened by

the French, as a defence against native and foreign enemies.

Thus it would appear as if the north coast had been the cradle of civilization in the new world. Immense fortunes were derived therefrom during the period of French domination. These inhospitable shores were divided into so many Seigniories and distributed among favourities of the King of France. A company was formed to work the King's posts, composed of Tadoussac, Portneuf, Jeremie Islets and Seven Islands.

The names of some of these ancient Seigniories and of the grantees have been preserved. One Mr. Godefroy had, for alleged services rendered his country received a grant of the Seigniory of St. Paul, within which is situated the river of the same name. One Mr. Lafontaine had for his share the islands of Mecatina, where he carried on seal fishing. He married a Montagnaise squaw, and his grandchildren, who still preserve his name, number several families among the Montagnais of the interior. The Seigniory of La Romaine was granted to one Mr. Latourte. It consisted of a post at Romaine and the other at Coacoachoo. vessels loaded with furs and oil used to be yearly despatched therefrom. Netagamiou and the adjacent islands belonged to Mr. Dumouriez, who gave his name to a cape known as Point à Dumouriez, near Mr. Gilbert Jones' residence. Seigniories belong to the period of Louis XIV. Several years before, Henry IV. granted Bradore Bay to the Sieur Le Gardeur de Courtemanche, who strengthened it. This part of the coast subsequently fell into the hands of one Mr. Foucher, who, in order to render his name illustrious, added to it that of Labrador. Members of this family are said to be still in existence.

The English took possession of these posts after the conquest, and soon after Vessels from the United States frequented them under provisions of the treaties. The latter finding elsewhere, I presume, greater facilities for their fishing pursuits, come

there in very limited numbers as compared with previous years.

It has already been stated in previous Reports, that after the conquest the north coast was occupied by powerful companies, such as the Hudson's Bay Company on the west, and the Lymburner, Woolsey & Co.'s Company on the east. had leased the King's Posts from the Government and the Mingan Seigniory from its Presumed owners. About the beginning of the present century, the Lymburner Company having been dissolved, and the Hudson's Bay Company given up its claims to the sea and rivers of this territory, an Act of the Legislature opened them to the Public. Numerous fishermen from the Counties of Bonaventure, Gaspé, Rimouski, and the Magdalen Islands crossed over to seek their fortunes on these shores in 1850 and 1852. Success having crowned their venture, they decided upon settling there with their families.

. Such was the beginning of the numerous villages which are now scattered in the most favourable localities for fishing pursuits, viz: Seven Islands, Sheldrake, Thunder

River, Magpie, St. John, Esquimaux Point, Natashquan, Kegashca, &c.

According to the census of 1852, the population of the north coast amounted to 2,055 souls. In 1861 it reached 4,369, and in 1871, 5,484 souls. It has increased very little since 1877, owing generally to successive failures in fishing pursuits, and to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the fact that several families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the families at the families of the families at the families of the families at the families employed at the mines of Moisie and St. John returned to the families at the families to their former abodes. This must have caused the population to remain stationary.

Following in the wake of fishermen who crossed over from the south shore, the former employés of the old firms settled on the coasts and founded establishments which soon rivalled those of the south in elegance, size and dealings, and where the

mode of trading known as "truck" is most popular.

Fish and furs compose the main resources of the north coast settler, and form the Principal articles of trade; the former especially so. Working at the iron mines and the canning of salmon did, for a certain period, give employment to a large number of hands, but the depression of trade soon put a stop to these industries, and the chief resource of settlers is now to be found in cod fishing. It is true that hunting formerly used to yield ample profits to those who were engaged in it, but Prices have fallen so much of late that no reliance can be placed on this pursuit as a means of procuring the necessary provisions and maintenance. Times are no longer as they formerly were when a single settler (Joseph Tanguay) could earn £650 out of a season's hunt.

Fur bearing animals were quite abundant last winter, but prices ruled so very

low that it would not pay to hunt them.

On the coast of Labrador, properly so called, where bare rock is the natural ground, the only resources are to be found in following hunting and fishing pursuits. Higher up, from Kegashca to Point des Monts, some good plots of land may be found, where vegetables grow, and where, with the assistance of some extra labour, settlers can procure a part of their winter supplies. Stimulated by the example of certain merchants and intelligent settlers, whose gardens were all that could be wished, others have made clearances and successfully planted turnips, potators, cabbages, &c.

In 1852, on an extent of 500 miles of coast, there were only  $67\frac{1}{2}$  acres of land cleared, when in 1871 there were 175 acres, including the Island of Anticosti. The latter yielded 11,213 bushels of potatoes, 910 bushels of turnips, and 23 bushels of

other roots.

With the exception of very few articles, fishermen on the coast of Labrador are compelled to purchase everything they want, and comparatively speaking, I must say that, be it through improvidence or neglect, they spend double what our farmers do. This, it will easily be understood, must keep up a very active trade on the coast, and about thirty schooners from Quebec, Gaspé and the Maritime Provinces, are continually engaged during the whole season in trading articles required for fishermen's use, and taking in exchange their fish, oil and furs.

Several new vessels from the Maritime Provinces made their appearance on the coast this season. The general depression in trade has, I presume, induced them to seek their fortune there.

Among those which I visited, three had not paid Customs' dues, the "Swallow," of Halitax, Captain Reid; "Aura May," of Bonne Bay, Captain Cullen; "Mabel Clare," of Liverpool, Captain Kennedy. The last named vessel was totally lost on

the coast during the month of October.

Whilst speaking of this subject, I would suggest the advisability of placing a Collector of Customs at Bonne Espérance, as it is absolutely necessary to put an end to such illicit trade. Should it be allowed to continue with impunity, it must necessarily increase to the great injury of the public revenue, as well as to that of those traders who pay the dues, and even of fishermen with whom old merchants will have no further dealings when the former abandon them to truck with new arrivals. I am most anxious to be of some assistance to the Government in this matter, but having received no copy of the tariff, nor any instructions since I was appointed Revenue Officer, I am often at a loss to know what to charge on dutiable articles. This frequently places me in an embarrassing position. It is true that I could scize or stop the vessels, but that would entail a considerable loss of time, and, moreover, when the owners are well disposed to pay, I consider that it would be wiser to take their money on the spot rather than compel them to go and procure a clearance at Esquimaux Point, 200 miles away, and thus delay their trip by several weeks.

These trading vessels, together with the mail packet plying between Gaspé, the north coast and the Island of Anticosti, and the steamship "Beaver," belonging to Messrs. Fraser & Holliday, make a visit to the north coast comparatively easy now. I also learn, with pleasure, that the Government has decided to send a mail from Quebec to Bonne Espérance this winter. The wisdom of this decision cannot be enough eulogized, nor its advantages sufficiently appreciated. When navigation has closed, numberless accidents may arise, placing the life of settlers in danger. With the help of this mail during winter, timely notice can be given, and assistance sent early in the spring. Again, a successful seal or game hunt during the winter may enable them to make preparations for the ensuing season, by advising their merchants, and procuring at an early date in the spring such articles as they most

require.

Were it not for some difficulties between cod fishermen in the Bonne Espérance division, which I shall allude to further on, and some slight violations of the fishery and game laws, one might almost say that, in spite of the large number of strangers frequenting these shores during the summer, there is only cause for rejoicing at the manner in which peace and order prevailed everywhere. It is, however, to be regretted that the visits of the stipendiary magistrate, employed by the Local Government, do not yield the good results which might reasonably be expected. In my Report of 1876, I stated that this magistrate is often placed at a disadvantage, and in a somewhat ridiculous position, from being unable to have his authority respected or his judgments executed, owing to the difficulty and enormous cost of taking prisoners to jail.

Such circumstances are indeed more apt to encourage evil than to repress it. A slight amendment to the law which would allow of sending prisoners to Perce jail, where communications are frequent and easy, would obviate many difficulties. An understanding to that effect between the Federal and Local Governments might possibly lead to some plan which would enable the officer in command of the Fisheries Protection vessel to give assistance to the stipendiary magistrate and enable the

latter to have his orders and judgments carried out.

The above suggestions I consider of the greatest importance. Up to the present time the magistrate has been very successful; there have, however, been no drawbacks, and a single misfortune is sufficient to wipe up the prestige which must surround justice in every country. I cannot therefore too strongly insist upon that point.

#### COD FISHERY.

Mention is made in the preceding article of the first fishing establishments on the north shore and on the coast of Labrador. These existed in the divisions of St. Augustine and Bonne Espérance long before the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries. The French having disappeared with the conquest of the country, other nations took possession of these fishing posts; but the companies which were then formed did all in their power to check new arrivals, and it was only in 1850, when monopolies had ceased, or rather since that date, that cod fishing was fully developed. Before that Period, the cod fishing industry was reckoned very low amongst the revenues of the coast, all the available capital and labor being engaged in other pursuits. But when everything else was ruined, owing to inconsiderate fishing, and no other opening was left, people had to fall back on cod which frequented the fishing banks and indeed all the waters of the coast in a marvellous manner. The census of 1852 and 1861 will enable any one to form a comparison between the yield of both these years and of the increase which took place, especially at the latter end of that period. The catch in 1852 amounted to 4,800 quintals, whilst in 1861 it reached 43,878 quintals, and in 1877 56,241 quintals. This is exclusive of the catch by strangers and foreign fisher-

The largest establishments for cod fishing before the conquest were located at Blanc Sablon, Bonne Espérance and Salmon Bay. These are still in existence, whilst others have sprung up at Natashquan, Mutton Bay, Harrington Islets, St. John River, &c., &c. The best cod banks are to be found opposite the above named

Cod fishing on the north coast is, as elsewhere, divided into two periods; summer and fall fishing. The latter yielded very little if we except Trinity Bay Division, where most of the fish were caught during that season. Although the summer fishing was not equally successful everywhere, it was better than that of last year, and Would have been still more so had fishermen been prepared when the fish struck on the coast. It came fully three weeks earlier than usual, which fact ought to have been foreseen owing to an unprecedented mild winter. Another circumstance which militated very much against a better catch was, that the fish did not remain near the shores as usual and would not bite so readily, although noticed in thick shoals on the This was undoubtedly due to the great abundance of food to be found there. From Blanc Sablon to Harrington Islets, fishermen from these localities, as well as strangers, and those who crossed over from the Straits of Belle Isle, agree in stating that the banks were crowded with fish. Still, in spite of this great abundance, line fishermen from St. Augustine and Bonne Espérance divisions caught only fifty quintals per boat. Practical fishermen claim that had the wind blown from the west instead of from the east, the catch would have been unprecedented. These men report also that the fish kept in deep water, and this is undoubtedly the reason why deep seines had a magnificent catch whilst small ones did almost nothing. Owing to similar causes, fishermen who had licenses to set trap-nets caught very few fish. For instance, Mr. Joyce caught only fifty quintals; Mr. Whitely, one hundred, and Mr. Buckle, three hundred.

In the Divisions of Washeecootai and Natashquan there was a slight falling off, owing to the reasons above stated, but the fish sold better. At St. John, Moisie, Trinity and Godbout, fishing was better than last year, notwithstanding the time lost at the beginning of the season.

On the French coast of Newfoundland where fishing almost entirely failed in 1877, it was unprecedented this season. About 40,000 quintals of cod were caught, prepared and sent to France from Portachoix and two neighbouring establishments.

The activity displayed from the above named localities must however be taken into account. Fishermen go out to the Banks almost every day, and the only men who can compete with them for boldness and energy are those from Gaspé and Bay des Chalcurs. The north coast fishermen seem to pursue cod fishing more as amateurs than otherwise. Most of them give it up when the summer season is over and the fish recede from their shores together with capelin. Their labours can thus be reckoned at only three or four weeks' duration. It is no wonder that they are so often compelled to rely upon Government assistance. However, since the arrival of Newfoundlanders, there has been some improvement in this respect. The latter belong to a hard working class, accustomed to labour summer and winter, and they have brought to our shores their habits of industry which enable them to overcome cold weather, contrary winds and strong currents.

When we visited Blane Sablon and Bonne Esperance during the latter part of October, there was still a great abundance of fish on the Banks, but no one visited

those fishing grounds.

In the Division of Bonne Esperance, most of the cod is caught by the crews of foreign vessels and is taken home to be prepared. At St. John, Moisie and Trinity, the fish are dried on the spot. In the latter division, however, a large proportion of the fish caught is taken to the south shore where it is prepared at the several establishments there. It is, however, reported that a wealthy merchant from the south shore, Mr. Lamontagne, of Ste. Anne des Monts, intends putting up a large establishment at Point aux Anglais, in the latter division, for the preparation of fish. The yield amounted to 3,082 quintals.

Cod was most abundant at Godbout; only 479 quintals were however, taken;

most of the people being engaged in other occupations besides fishing.

Although considered inferior to that of Gaspé, the cod caught on the north coast sells just as well, owing to keener competition among traders. It is taken to Gaspé, Paspebiac, Halifax, and to several ports in Newfoundland, whence it is shipped to foreign markets.

Fishermen on the north coast usually employ hand lines; some of them, but very few, use trawls, and amongst residents, seines are used only at Sheldrake and Bonne Esperance. The grounds are so unfavourable at the former place that this mode of fishing is seldom used, and at Bonne Esperance seines were scarcely of any service, owing to the fact that the fish did not come near the shores. Cod sold at \$3.50. The price of goods was one-fourth less than usual, so that thepeople who had any fish to sell had no difficulty in procuring their winter supplies.

About 230 schooners from Nova Scotia and Newfoundland and two from the United States repaired to the division of Bonne Esperance this season for the purpose of cod fishing. About forty of them had seines and they fished daily between Green Island, Bradore Bay and Long Point. They all did well, with the exception of those

who having no seines took only average cargoes.

The local Fishery Overseer, Mr. Whitely, estimates at 500 quintals each the catch of eighty schooners from Newfoundland and at 400 quintals that of schooners from Nova Scotia, which are of a heavier tonnage and whose crews use hand lines. This swells up the total catch to 100,000 quintals against 61,800 in 1877. Should any reliance be placed upon information received from the residents, it is not at all improbable that vessels will visit this part of the coast in much larger numbers next season.

List of schooners fishing for cod at Bonne Esperance, Labrador during the season of 1878:—

Name of Vessel.	Port.	Name of Vessel.	Port.
Eclipse	Halifax	Ripple	Newfoundland.
M. Malvina		Indian Lass	do
Snow Queen		Fortune	
Hiawatha	Newburyport, U.S.		do
Stadacona		Rive	do
Maria		Star	do
Adeline		Janet	
Delta		Mary Ann Bell	
Speed	_	Rose	Halifax.
	8	ð	

Name of Vessel. Port.	Name of Vessel. Port.
Rosedale Nova Scotia.	Can't help it Halifax.
Spring Bird do	Java do
Vivace do	W. Boak do
Ellen May do	Golden West Nova Scotia.
U. A. W do	E. O. Myra do
Dahlia do	Cordelia Volger do
vantagedo	Anna A. Seel do
1,166flA q0	Armanda do
* 18Sh	$\mathbf{A}$ nn do
Nimbledo	Mayflower Brixham, En'g.
Doreas do	Rose of Soindze do
Marinerdo	Mabel Clare Nova Scotia.
Edithdo	Crown Point Newburyport, U.S.
W. Rogers do	Maracaibo Boston.
Nolling Wave Newfoundland.	G. P. Palmer Gaspé.
Greyhound do	Dexter Halifax.
Julia Burton do	Lord Eldon do

### CODFISH SEINING.

The accident which befel our steamer in the month of Jane, whilst at Seven Islands, necessitated certain repairs. We were compelled to delay our visit to the north shore and thus were prevented from being at Bonne Esperance during the time that cod fishing by vessels from the States and the Maritime Provinces was being carried on. It was, however, reported that seiners stood considerably in the way of hand-line fishermen, and that the former paid no attention to the regulations which provide that each party shall keep within certain limits, so as not to interfere with the other. This created great dissatisfaction among fishermen from Lunenburg, Nova Scotia, who could thus secure only half a cargo and who blamed the seines for their want of success. However, I am not at all satisfied that the whole blame rests with the seine fishermen, and feel rather inclined to believe that the best fishing time being over when these schooners arrived, the fish did not bite so readily. Were it otherwise, how does it happen that the line fishermen of Mr. Le Boutillier who were fishing on the same banks, caught eighty quintals of fish per boat during the summer season?

I have no doubt also, that during our absence, some of the seine fishermen did behave badly, and used seines of an illegal mesh. A proof of this is to be found in the fact that a prosecution having been brought against Captain Farrell, of the schooner "Henrietta Clinton." he was proved guilty, and was fined ten dollars.

schooner "Henrietta Clinton," he was proved guilty, and was fined ten dollars.

The Lunenburg fishermen left the grounds grumbling against cod seines, against the want of protection, and even threatened to withdraw from the Confederation of the Provinces if the use of these fishing engines was not put a stop to. I am, however, confident that your Department will pause before adopting so harsh a measure, since it is a well-established fact among unprejudiced people that the development of the codfishing industry could not prosper without the use of seines sufficiently to ensure the success of the establishments, which diffuse wealth and

abundance equally among owners and employés.

For four consecutive seasons, the schooners of Magdalen Islands and Esquimaux Point, which resort to the north coast for the purpose of cod-fishing, have entirely failed of success for want of seines, although they are unanimous in admitting that the banks were crowded with fish. When at Bonne Esperance, we met a poor fellow from Whale Head, named Joseph Hébert, who told us that, after fourtcen days' consecutive fishing, he had succeeded in catching only four fish, although he could see the cod by thousands on the grounds round his lines. This man had gone to Bonne Esperance to purchase a seine in partnership with eight others, in order to try and secure the necessary food for themselves and children. He told me that had he owned a seine, he would undoubtedly have caught sufficient fish to buy pro-

visions, whilst he and his neighbours had taken only forty quintals of cod, which was quite insufficient for the wants of their families. It may here be added that, had it not been for the seines of Messrs. Whitely, Buckle and Joyce, of Bonne Esperance,

fishermen of this division would have fared very badly.

Whilst on the subject of seines, and the difficulties experienced by fishermen of these localities, it will not be amiss to draw the attention of your Department to the necessity of appointing a local fishery guardian for Bradore Bay, who would assist in the enforcement of the law and protect fishermen. This officer being on the spot could note violations of the law, take the names of offenders as well as of vessels, and during the fall assist in collecting reliable and interesting statistics. present arrangement, Mr. Whitely is unable to attend to a proper observance of fishery laws and regulations at Bradore Bay, most of his time being taken up at home with his own men, and with strangers and foreign vessels. An additional officer could be employed without extra expense by subdividing the large district now under charge of Mr. Whitely, and giving him the western division, whilst this new overseer would have the eastern portion; one-half the salary actually paid Mr. Whitely, if matters could not be arranged otherwise, might be given to him. This arrangement, I am sure, would prevent much trouble and put an end to numberless causes of complaint, which cannot fail to be very annoying to your Department.

During the course of a visit to Bradore Bay, I made enquiries relative to a proper person for this position, and I think, succeeded in finding such an one in Mr. Ralph Jones, of Bradore. He is an honest man, with a fair education, very powerful and energetic. He would, I feel sure, faithfully execute all the instructions given him. I respectfully submit the above arrangement to your favorable consideration. It has now become doubly necessary, owing to the large amount of business at

present transacted in the Bonne Esperance Division.

### SEAL FISHERY.

Most of the people carrying on fall seal fishing on the coast of Labrador, becoming discouraged by continued ill success during a number of years, had abandoned their stations, owing to the expenses having become larger than the receipts, when, during the fall of 1876, seals returned in the Straits of Belle Isle as numerous as ever. Full of joy and enthusiasm at seeing the reappearance of these animals, whose presence on the coast had formerly made living so easy and pleasant, the owners returned to their old stands, and last fall ten stations caught 1,933 seals, valued at \$5 each, or 1,744 more than last year. According to the fishermen's statements, it appears that had they been as abundantly provided with nets as formerly, the catch would have been double what it was. Before 1876, I shared the opinion of several naturalists and other experienced persons, that the disappearance of scals was due to inconsiderate destruction of these animals both in the Gulf and in the northern seas, but their reappearance in larger herds than ever, and the great success lately experienced, conclusively proves, I think, that the species, far from decreasing, will show itself as numerous as ever, provided always that no impediment occurs to prevent them from pursuing the course of their accustomed migrations. It is already well known that seals ascend the Straits of Belle Isle about the latter part of November, or the beginning of December. They are then caught with nets in St. Augustine division. Prompted by nature, these animals enter the Gulf and ascend sometimes as high up as the Saguenay before climbing on the ice to bring forth their young. Seal fishing with nets during the winter is carried on only in St. Augustine Division. Large herds of these animals have been seen to ascend the Gulf near Seven Islands, Carousel and Grosse Boule Islands, where they are however but very seldom sought after. But in the neighbourhood of Point des Monts and Godbout, several people have, during the past few years, been engaged in seal hunting during the winter. Last season, fifteen canoes killed 258 seals; that is, 144 more than during the previous wihter. must, however, be remembered that the unprecedented mildness of the weather specially favoured this pursuit. In the neighbourhood of Manicouagan, the number of seals killed with the gun amounted to 200. The quantity of oil is reckoned at 150 gallons.

#### SCHEDULE OF SEAL FISHING STATIONS.

Name of Owner.	Station.	No. of Seals Killed.
- Company - Company - PAN - Company		
Daniel Mauger	Whale Head	72
Widow Mauger	Whale Head	40
oseph Gallichon	Whale Head	63
Michael Kenty	Mutton Bay	80
X. Gallichon	Red BayLa Labatière	50
S. Robertson	La Labatière.	875
o. Gaumont.	Grand Meccatina	170
J. Gallichon	Old Fort	340
J. Gallichon	Lac Salé	200
W. Kennedy	St. Augustine	49
	Total	1,939

### SPRING SEAL FISHING.

Two years ago the number of seals which usually resorted to the coast of Labrador during the spring began to decline, and it was apprehended that the species was doomed to complete destruction, when suddenly, and least expected, the few nets which had been set more by habit than otherwise at Bradore Bay and Long Point, were one morning found filled with fine large seals. Joy reigned supreme, and the half-starved population could, with difficulty, gather sufficient strength to reap the rich spoils which were bringing abundance among them. When the products of that isselve had been converted into money, the people were very careful in making good of it, instead of wasting it as they had formerly done. The good catch which continued to prevail during two successive seasons has helped to improve the position of our fishermen. Considerable preparations were made last spring but the seals unfortunately kept at a long distance from the shores.

The ten following stations yielded only 604 seals against 3,027 in 1877:—

W. Jones, Bradore Bay	109 seals.
L. Jones, do	50 "
W. Labadie, Anse des Dunes	110 "
A. Guay, Long Point	50 "
W. Etridge, do	28 "
W. Luce, do	54 "
— Dumas, do	29 "
Israel Griffin, Five Leagues,	109 "
- Holmes, Portage Cove	30 "
James Dear, Dog Island,	45 "
, , ,	
m - 4 - 1	Catasala

It has already been explained how, since the arrival of Newfoundland sealing steamers within the Gulf, this fishery was nearly destroyed, and it was held that the principal cause of failure did not lay amongst our people. This opinion appears very plausible when the successive fishings of 1876 and 1877 are taken into consideration. During the above named years, steamers did not enter the Gulf, but last season they returned and fishing again failed. Would it not be possible that, without being killed to any very great extent, seals may become shy and avoid the shores during the presence of the steamers, and return when natural instinct teaches them that danger is over?

During the course of a visit to Bradore Bay some fishermen complained of parties from Forteau and elsewhere who had set seal nets on their grounds, thereby doing them considerable damage. Having been requested to settle the matter so as to obviate further trouble, I did so by issuing special licenses with correct descriptions of each station, and directing each licensee to seize and keep until I returned the nets which might be set on their grounds.

According to the statistics annexed to his report, the number of seals killed in nets or with the gun on the north coast amounts to 3,245, and yielded 10,434 gallons

of oil.

### SEAL HUNTING ON THE ICE.

One of the main causes of the poverty now existing at Esquimaux Point and Betchouan is due undoubtedly to the successive failures experienced for several seasons past in seal hunting. The yield was however somewhat better last spring, but previous poverty added to the poor success experienced in preceding seasons entirely prostrated the fishermen there last fall, and had it not been for the timely assistance sent them by the Local Government I would be at a loss to imagine what would become of this enterprising sestlement, the former prosperity of which was always accounted as the result of intelligence and industry.

Schooners from Natashquan, the names of which are given, in the list below, killed 4,500 seals, about one-third of which were large ones. Those from Betchouan, 700; one-half large ones, and those from Esquimaux Point, 12,500, large and small. The following shows that thirty-two schooners were this season engaged in seal hunting, against 27 in 1877, and that 17,400 seals were killed against 2,404 in the previous season. Seal oil sold at forty cents truck and thirty-six cents for

eash. Pelts fetched eighty cents each.

List of Schooners belonging to Esquimaux Point, engaged in the Seal, Cod and Herring Fisheries during the Season of 1878.

Name of Ves <b>sel</b> .	Master.	Port.	Tons.	Men.	No. of Seals.	Quintals of Cod.	Herrings, Barrels
Iberville. Labrabdor Amelia Marie Anne Marguerite. Progress Ice Bird D.H.P I. C. Miller Acara D. Cronan Busy Ste. Marie. Blizabeth Marie Louise Gleaner Ailsa Victoria Fleetwing Gorilla C.L.B	Onesime Turbide  Hyp. Boudreau  Placide Doyle  Paul Cormier  Dominique Landry  J. B Cormier  Nathaniel Boudreau  Villebon Terriault  Samuel Doyle  Amedée Vigneau  André Vigneau  André Vigneau  Atte Marquand  J B. Petipas  Alex. Sherer  Luke Cormier  Mathias Roberge  Benj. Landry  Frank Cummings  Gab iel Cormier  Julien Boudreau  Vital Boudreau  Chas Landry  Charles Le Brun	do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	46 41 43 50 35 27 52 39 29 39 38 37 27 11 46 47 40 18 36	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 7 7 10 10 7 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	800 1,100 150 260 660 1,000 330 130 500 300 1,000 40 305 550 500 540 500 540 520 290 610	71 120 180 170 50 40 120 90 120 60 130 63 60 50 44 60 130 20 95 54 187	38 40 50 50 48 30 48 22 15 30 10 60 35 60 35 60 35 50 55 53 50 887

Name of Vessel.	Tons.	Master's Name.	Where Registered.	Remarks.
J. W. Arnold. St. Anne Frank. An Amelia An Amelia Primrose Carrier Dove. Palmer. Motre'Dame de Victoire Wolverine. Is Victoire Callawrence Is Victoire Callawrence Is Victoire La Victoire	55 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	William Arnold. Gilbert McNiel. Louis Dugal Joseph Verge. F. H. Metivier. Charles Peters. Charles Peters. Xavier Joncas. E. Kadams. I. Kenady I. Kenady I. Kenady John Moulin David Law John Moulin David Lew Joseph Lepage Frank Leblanc. Abel Huard. John Moulin David Law Joseph Lepage Frank Leblanc. J. B. Mercier Wm. Lucas J. B. Mercier Capt. Le Scelleur Capt. Le Scelleur Capt. Mabee Capt. Mabee	Halifax, N.S Quebec Quebec Quebec Quebec Quebec Quebec Gaspé Quebec Gaspé do do do do do do do do do do do do do	William Arnold.  Willia

### HERRING FISHERY.

This fishery is divided into two periods; spring and fall fishing.

The first fish to appear on the north as well as the south shores are herrings. They usually strike in immense schools at Point des Monts, Cailles Rouges, Seven Islands and along the coast as far down as Blanc Sablon, and enter the small and large bays for the purpose of spawning. The period at which these fish deposit their eggs does not appear to be the same in every locality. On the western part of the coast, herring spawn in April and May, whilst in other places, for instance at Washeecootai, Coacoachoo, &c., they frequent the bays until the month of July. Whilst at Coacoachoo this season, on the 19th June, I noticed schooners loading with herrings full of eggs, and the master of one told me that he once took a cargo of 600 barrels of herring at this place on the 6th July. At a later period, about the end of August, herrings again approach the shores and are sometimes caught in large numbers at Natashquan, Kegashca, La Tabatière, Mutton Bay, Bonne Espérance, Bradore Bay and Blanc Sablon. The later in the season these fish are caught, the better they are; they are known under the name of Labrador Herring and always fetch a high price on the Quebec markets.

Herrings were abundant during the spring on the coast, but fishermen did not profit much by this good fortune owing to the want of salt. On the 19th June, at Coacoachoo, we met thirty-three schooners which had failed to secure cargoes at Magdalen Islands and Anticosti, fifteen of which were fishing and loading. Two days before, eighteen other schooners had left with 400 barrels each, or about 11,770

barrels altogether.

We noticed that the herrings caught at this period of the year were larger than the spring fish caught on the coasts of Gaspé, at Magdalen Islands and even at Seven Islands; a fact which would tend to prove that, when fattened, the fish are identical with those caught at a later date and which are then known under the name of Labrador herring. It is quite possible that all the herring in our waters may belong to the same species, but that found on the coast of Labrador evidently owes its increase

in size to the better quality of food found in the Straits of Belle Isle.

Fall fishing utterly failed on the north coast as well as on the shores of Newfoundland. Over one hundred and fifty vessels awaited the appearance of herrings for tive or six weeks, and had finally to return without a cargo. I lean to the belief that inconsiderate fishing during the fall and winter, as practised on the north shores of Newfoundland, at Bay of Islands, Bonne Bay and even on the north coast during the spawning season, may have something to do with this want of success and the disappearance of the fish last fall; and that the inconsiderate use of seines at a time when herrings approach the shore to deposit their eggs, thus closing to them the entrance of bays, where they resort to spawn, may operate injuriously upon the reproduction of the species, the more so as it is alleged in a comprehensive and satisfactory manner by Professor Hind, that herring is a local fish.

The resident fishermen caught 1,596 barrels of herring this season, including the fish used as bait; the catch by strangers and foreign vessels being reckoned at

13,770 barrels.

List of Vessels engaged in herring fishing on the North Coast.

Name of Vessels.	Master.	Port.	Tonnage.	No. of Men.	No. of Boats.	No. of Nets.	No. of Barrels of Herring.
Union Enterprise Brothers Laura Marga	Garnier	do do	55 72 29 55 36 52 37 50 24 26 40 40 78	4 8 6 4 6 6 7 6 5 5 8 6 6 6 6 10	1 3 2 1 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 2 3 3	1 seine. 3 nets.  1 6 2 7 1 1 6 7 1 1 6 6 7 7	500 150 250 600 56 500 430 412 350 250 356 450 454 454 812
				· ·	ļ	1	6,370

The last named vessel in the above list loaded for Stockholm, Sweden.

### SALMON FISHING.

On the coast of Labrador, as well as on the south shore, people are more than ever convinced of the wisdom and efficiency of the regulations made for the Protection of our salmon fisheries. The truth of the above assertion is more especially felt now that fishermen can appreciate the difficult position they would be placed in if our salmon streams had remained in the deplorable condition they were

reduced to by a long reign of improvidence and greediness. So soon as the different companies ceased to engage in salmon fishing, each individual fisherman selected a stand for himself. The experiment did not then pay much, but as herring, cod and seal were abundant, everyone lived well on the coast, without paying particular attention to salmon fishing or being over concerned about the unremunerative conditions into which salmon streams had fallen. This state of things is entirely changed now when almost every year brings with it a renewed failure in deep-sea fishing, and these people would be in a bad position if they had not their salmon stations to fall back upon, and on which they can rely with certainty, since they have not failed for ten years past but on the contrary have gone on steadily improving since.

Last season's salmon fishing is one of the most productive ever heard of on the north coast since the establishment of the fisheries protective service. A large increase over the catch of 1877 is noticed at almost every station, and wherever there is any falling off, the fact is due to the nets being set too late. The winter was so mild and spring so early, that salmon arrived before its usual time, and those who had set their nets early, began to catch fish in June. The weather was everything that could be wished for. The most successful fishing took place in the large rivers and on the large rivers and the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers and the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers and the large rivers and the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the large rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the rivers are recommended by the ri on those parts of the coast sheltered from north-east winds. From Natashquan to Watsheeshoo and from Moisie to Seven Islands, as well as in the neighbourhood of Point des Monts, a slight falling off is noticed owing to stormy weather and prevailing off is noticed owing to stormy weather and prevailing off is noticed owing to stormy weather and prevailing off is noticed owing to stormy weather and prevailing off is not on the story were set too late. But every iny easterly winds, as well as to the fact that the nets were set too late. But everywhere else there is a large increase.

Trout fishing is not so satisfactory; this is undoubtedly due to the fact that salmon fishing having principally engaged the fishermens' attention, little regard was paid to trout when the price of salmon was seen to fall so low. In the Trinity Division for instance, only twenty three barrels of trout were caught. A disease seemed to prevail among these fish from Pentecost River to Trinity, there having been as many as three barrels of dead trout found in one day on the shore.

The following figures show the relative catch of salmon during the two seasons past:—

	1878.	1879.
Moisie	800	445
St. John	300	212
Natashquan	400	318
St. Augustine	25	18
Washeecotai	24	17
Etamamu	56	40
Trinity	<b>5</b> 6	49
Mingan	45	100
Romaine	23	5
Magpie	100	29
St. Paul	54	50
Nabissipi	13	30
Agwanus	16	21
	1.830	$\frac{-}{1.409}$
	1,000	1,100

The following streams were fished with the fly: -Watsheeshoo, Moisie, Mingan,

Kegashca, Trinity, Becscie, Mistassini and Godbout.

At Moisie River 270 salmon were caught, against 107 in 1877. Watsheeshoo, 21 fish, the largest of which weighed 18 pounds. The lessees arrived too late; they fished only for a few days, but appeared very well satisfied with their sport. Salmon are reported as being in very great abundance on the spawning beds of Moisie River. As may be seen from the above table, the catch with nets in Mingan River has doubled; the same thing, however, cannot be said of rod fishing. This is due to the fact that the Indiaus who were camped at the mouth of the river went to the falls armed with spears in broad daylight and there, alongside of the lessee, speared about thirty salmon, which fact so disgusted Mr. Molson that he left the river and crossed over to Gaspé. We were away at Anticosti and in the western Division of Labrador when this violation of the law occurred. When we returned to Mingan, the Indians had left for the interior. Up to the present time I never had any cause of complaint against these Indians who always listened to my advice respectfully and deferentially. The Hudson's Bay Company's agent at Mingan, Mr. Scott, says that they were reduced to the utmost state of poverty, and that it was only as a last resort, in order to save their families from actual starvation, and after accountaining that reliable Mr. after ascertaining that neither Mr. Scott nor Mr. Molson could, or would, advance them provisions that they determined on spearing. They did so quietly and in broad daylight, openly disavowing all the while any bad intention. As already stated, Mr. Scott reports that they may have speared about thirty fish, which were divided among fifteen families to feed upon after they left Mingan and during the first portion of their journey towards the interior. Mr. Scott himself avers that these families were starving and that no law or force could have prevented them from going to the falls. Had I been on the spot when this unfortunate occurrence took place, I might possibly have prevented it by giving the Indians some provisions in the Government's page of the beginning at the Indians of the beginning at the Indians of the beginning at the Indians of the beginning at the Indians of the beginning at the Indians of the beginning at the Indians of the beginning at the Indians of the Box of the Box of the Indians ment's name, after having satisfied myself of their wants. But, if I had arrived there after the deed, I sincerely confess that it would have given me great trouble to take the chief perpetrators to jail, as I should have had to provide means for the support of the root of the families. I should have had to provide means for the support of the rest of the families. I should have certainly felt under an obligation to ant. Molson if he had only given them a few provisions on behalf of the Government. The Indians would not then in all probability have resorted to spearing, which is a 96

bad precedent, and Mr. Molson would in consequence have been at liberty to peaceably enjoy his sport more agreeably, whilst now he perhaps holds an idea that his river has not been sufficiently protected by the Department. I am aware that Mr. Holliday is in the practice of giving provisions to the Moisie Indians every year in return for their promise not to spear whilst on their way to the interior, and that the Indians being thankful for such acts of kindness comply with his requests. When the Indians left Mingan, Mr. Molson had caught thirty fish with the fly. Manitou River was not angled. The Reverend Mr. Roe, who spent two days at Regashca, in the course of his visit to the Protestant settlers of the coast, killed seven salmon with the fly.

Although Natashquan and Romaine Rivers were let, they were not angled during the past season; but the lessees have had houses built for next year. Twenty salmon were killed with the fly in Trinity River. Godbout River, which is so efficiently and carefully guarded by its generous lessee, took the lead as usual among the angling rivers of the north coast. Colonel Gilmour and party killed 367 fish, averaging fifteen pounds weight, and over 200 trout. Four salmon and 200 trout were killed in Becscie River.

We had several violations of the law to punish in 1877 upon the north coast, in the Washeecootai Division especially. These infractions were not however renewed a such an extensive scale this season, thanks to the energy and activity displayed by the new local Fishery Overseer, Mr. McLeod, who has at least succeeded in ferreting out the poachers who had hitherto not been known, in becoming master of their deceitful tricks by which they managed to escape punishment for pillaging the streams and dividing the spoils. The most notorious poachers are parties holding licenses, such as J. B. Guilmette and B. Deraspe and possibly Old Metivier, the lessee of Watsheeshoo River. The Overseer found his nets set near the falls, seized them, and by dint of active search also ascertained that the others were supplied with nets more for the purpose of fishing at the falls than for legitimate use on their licensed stations. It was impossible for me to prosecute them for want of time, but I understand that a couple of them abandoned the locality forever when they found out that their designs were known, and that a local Guardian was to reside in future among them; the intention being that this officer shall reside at Romaine next season. I intend compelling to remain from the locality, at least those whose ordinary mode of living is by theft and illegal fishing, by refusing to renew their licenses should they be found guilty, as I have no doubt they will be. In doing so, a great service will be rendered to the honest portion of that settlement which is constantly infested by loafers who never work but live on the property of others.

In the Watsheeshoo Division, the local Fishery Guardian, Mr. Gobeil, seized some nets belonging to Indians fishing in a lake five miles back of the mouth of the river. No further proceedings were taken for want of time, and also because these Indians who are very poor were fishing for a living and not for purposes of trade. Anyhow, the confiscation of their nets is a great punishment to them. At St. Johns River, two fishermen were accused of having set their nets illegally during the night, on several occasions. Owing to their absence on our first visit to the river, we were compelled to postpone their trial to a subsequent voyage; the loss of our vessel unfortunately prevented this result.

The fishery statistics show that 3,191 barrels of salmon were caught on the north coast this season, against 2,404 in 1877. I am, however, inclined to believe that the returns of net fishermen may not always be strictly correct, for the purpose of escaping payment of additional license fees. I intend, next year, to make some of them swear to their statements.

In spite of this great catch, the profits were not large, owing to low prices; seven dollars being the highest offer for a barrel of 200 pounds of salmon. From Natashquan to Point des Monts, prices went to eight and nine dollars, and at Moisie, some fishermen sold their fish fresh at three cents and a-half a pound.

#### INDIANS OF THE NORTH SHORE.

As explained in a previous article, the Indians were not as successful as might have been expected during the past season, although their hunt was good, but the low prices at which furs sold prevented them from getting a supply of provisions, and repaying advances made. Indeed, the visit of the Indians to the north coast, from St. Augustine to Seven Islands, has long ceased to be a pleasure to them. After their long winter tramps, their hard word and their deprivations, they used to find on the sea shore a sufficient quantity of feathered game and seals to enable them to live in a quiet and satisfied manner, and to recruit their strength for the time when they should return to their nomadic life. But at the present time, birds which used to form their principal article of diet, have disappeared; seals are mostly all destroyed; hunting in the woods has fallen off, and to add to all, the Hudson's Bay Company, which used to make them advances on their season's hunt, has changed that practice and given it up. It will thus be easily understood how all these causes combined, must have resulted in great deprivations to the Indians last summer. Matters must but go from bad to worse, and should no timely assistance be given these poor people, they will sooner or later disappear from the coast. Fisheries Department has always shown the utmost care and consideration towards Two years ago they were supplied with nets, and with one of the best salmon fishing stands in the immediate neighborhood of Mingan River, but they pay no attention whatever to it, this mode of fishing being unsuited to their tastes; and I am afraid it will almost be an impossibility to make them understand the usefulness of this station, and the profits they might derive therefrom. Their nets would have all been lost this summer through sheer carelessness, had it not been for the timely assistance of the local Fishery Overseer.

Out of eighty families that came to the sea this season, between St. Augustine and Mingan, about one-half remained at Natashquan, the other half went to Mingan. It is the latter that suffered most.

#### INSPECTION OF FISH.

Among the grounds of complaint which came under my notice on the coast of Labrador, the greatest was the inspection of fish, and I must admit that in several instances these complaints appear to be well founded. For two seasons past, I paid particular attention to the manner in which this inspection is practised on the Quebec wharves, and I am bound to declare that it cannot possibly improve the quality and standing of our fish, and that both fishermen and consumers would fare better were this inspection made on the spot where the fish are caught. In the opinion of all parties who claim to have any practical knowledge of the matter, the best prepared fish is that which is kept in its first pickle. Fish on being barrelled a second time, after having lost its first pickle, is always of an inferior quality, in spite of all precautions. This is a well established fact among the trade. To my personal knowledge a Quebec merchant, who claims to be a connaisseur, came on the wharf in 1877, and offered nine dollars a barrel for mackerel before it was inspected, but as the Inspector insisted upon seeing the fish, this merchant informed the owner that he was satisfied with the fish as it was, but after its inspection he would give no more than eight dollars, for the reasons above stated.

To the danger of thus depreciating the value of fish, must be added the careless way in which some of the Inspectors perform their work by breaking or otherwise injuring the barrels, thus entailing additional costs on the fishermen. The delays occasioned by this inspection, and several other annoying circumstances, also help to place Canadian fishermen on a footing of inferiority on their own markets, when compared with those from Newfoundland who are not obliged to have their fish inspected in Quebec, and pay but a nominal sum to have this inspection made in their own Province. They are thus enabled to undersell our people on their own markets. For the above reasons, I am of opinion that, it would be advisable to have Inspectors distributed on different parts of the Gulf Shores who might inspect the

fish before it be shipped to Quebec, and also on the coast of Labrador. I am not aware of any persons better qualified for these duties than our local Fishery Overseers.

## THE FEATHERED GAME OF THE COAST OF LABRADOR.

It has already and repeatedly been explained how the settlers on the coast of Labrador drew the principal part of their living from the sea; there are, however, other sources of wealth which are of the greatest assistance to them during the summer and winter. I allude to the feathered game frequenting the islands and coast, and to their eggs, which supply a ready food, whilst the feathers and down are

sold for ready cash, thus enabling settlers to procure articles of clothing.

Although the destruction and production of fish have been almost equally balanced since the beginning of the present century on the north coast, it has not been 80 with birds, which a sort of half protection could not efficiently defend against continuous warfare at the hands of people having no other object in view but present gain, without any regard whatever for the future. I am not aware that the coast was visited either this season or last by vessels specially engaged in gathering eggs; such expeditions would no longer be considered remunerative, the destruction having taken place on too large a scale in previous years, but our own fishermen, and those from the Maritime Provinces are completing the destruction of the last broods of birds, by frequenting the Islands, killing the birds at all seasons of the year, robbing the nests, destroying the eggs, and often setting fire to the islands most frequented by the feathered game, as has been the case for the past two years. No punishment would be too severe for such shameful conduct, because it is nothing else but a wanton destruction of a reliable source of sustenance to a population which for seven long months is left to its own resources already too restricted. Years like the present, when almost every one on the coast is complaining of starvation, Indians have been known to be on the point of death for want of food, and several of the oldest inhabitants were compelled to leave the coast for want of provisions.

As the game laws of the Provinces are under the control of Local Legislatures, it becomes their imperative duty that some attention be paid to the protection of game on the coast of Labrador. I think that this end could easily be attained by an understanding with the Local Government by which fishery overseers might at the same time be empowered to act as game-keepers. In a few years birds would again be abundant on the coast, and poor as well as rich would feel the benefit of this change; the former in having always on hand cheap and reliable food, the latter in being able to procure as reasonable prices feathers and down, which are now so scarce on our market.

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DIVISION.—Continued.	Flat Boats,		Value.		33 30 16	8 .	•		90 550		Ļ,		
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LABRADOR	Fishing Boats.		Value.	€9-	20	72			20°5°		ຄົ	,	_
ABR	E H		.oN			- 87	60		10	<u>80 4 4</u>	4-	101	
L/			lo .oV   Sailors.			<u> </u>					18		
	sels.		Value.	€€					1,500		6,030		
	Vessels		Tons.						40		350		
			.oN								4		
		Name of Place.		10		Chicaftea Nabittini Rivar		Dog Island Pêche à Lizotte		~~~			L'Anse des Dunes

	Mo.   M	Yardas.	v Value. vi	No. No.	Macker   Mac	BB Walue.	Mackerel Nather   Mackerel Nat	Hards term   Pares   P	Wo. Ga	No.   Capelin   Natio	LABRALOOR DIVISION.—Continued.  es.  Walue.  Wo.  Wo.  Walue.  Wo.  Walue.  Wo.  Wo.  Walue.  Wo.  Wo.  Wo.  Wo.  Wo.  Wo.  Wo.  W	nued.	S spirat   S sides		0N 4, 4, 4, 1, 4, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne Ne N	Nalue. → Nalue.	No. crisish Aslue. de Halle.	A Value.	Ag Value.
Bonne Esperance St. Paul's River Pigeon Island Stick Point Salmon Bay Little Fishery Five Leagues Belles Amours L' Anse des Dunes.	4	200 200	100				<u></u>	40 20	9 7 9	200 80 460 80	110 40 360 50		50 200 40 40	60 200 40 40	4	200 200 200 600 600	200 200 200 200 600 600			

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			LA	BR.	LABRADOR DIVISION.—Continued.	DIV	7ISIO	N.—(	Yontin	ued.			ļ			]		
	٥	7		Ŧ	Fishing	Flat						z	ETS 4	Nets and Seines.	NES.			
	•	• 610000		ğ	ats.	Bog		nəm19de	oremen.	σč	Salmon Nets.	Vets.	Ď	Cod Seines.	#0 0	H <sub>0</sub>	Herring Nets.	ets.
,0N	Tons.	Value,	No. of Sailors.	·oN	Value.	.oN	Value.	No. of Fig	No. of Sh	.оИ	.spraY	Value.	No.	Tards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.
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	10	1000			· '	• 1								1	1			
222	8 2,167	08,950	957	212	38,395	533	7,74	1,834	1,085	372	40,253	12,668	63	6,070	7,350	8	5,650	4,113

		ets.	Value.	<b>6</b> €	•		13
	İ	ut N	Yarda.		:		12
		Tro	No.				4
		ush sh- ies.	.enlaV		:	- [	20
		B.F.	No.		<u>:</u>	_:[	7
		te.	Value.				9,787
		Ne			1,100		10,764
		Sea	Yards.				
			No.		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		178
		eines.	.enlaV	₩	<u> </u>		1,718 179
đ.	wi.	unce S	Yards.				1,565
nne	BINE	La	.oN		<u>.</u>		38
-Contr	AND E	eines.	Value.	•	20		5,231
ON	Nate	elin S	.abtaY		100		5,269
[S]/		Car	No.		7	i	82
DI		=	Value.	49			245
<u> </u>		ckere lets.	Yards.				009
AD(		Ma	No.			i	18
LBR		. G-	Value.	•			216
I./		acker	Yards.				410
		N ≥ 202	.oM		<u>:</u>		~
		Vets.	Value.	•			1,603
		ring ]	-abraT				4,139
		Her	.oN	i			86
		Name of Place.	<u>.                                    </u>		Long Point	the Division of Bonne Espe-	
	LABRADOR DIVISION.—Continued.	LABRADOR DIVISION.—Continued.  Nets and Shines.	LABRADOR DIVISIO  LABRADOR DIVISIO  Mackerel Mackerel Capel  Seines. Seines. Nets.	LABRADOR DIVISION.—Continued.  Nara and Saines.  Herring Nets.  Seines.  Narkerel Mackerel Mackerel Nets.  Nara and Saines.  Nara and Saines.  Nara and Saines.  Nara and Saines.  Nara and Seines.  Nara and Saines.  Nara and Saines.  Nara and Saines.  Nara and Saines.  Na and Saines.  Saines.	TABRADOR DIVISION.—Continued.  Nars and Saines.  Nars and Saines.  Nars and Saines.  Nars and Saines.  Nars and Saines.  Nars and Saines.  Nars and Saines.  Nards.  No.  Yaids.  Yaids.  Wo.  Yaids.	Name of Place. Herring Nets. Seines. Mackerel Mackerel Capelin Seines. Launce Seines. Seal Nets. Flish. Trout N. Mackerel Nets. Seines. Mackerel Capelin Seines. Launce Seines. Seal Nets. Flish. Trout N. Mackerel Nets. Nets	Name of Place. Herring Nets. Seines. Seines. Seines. Launce Seines Eige. Launce Seines Launce Seines Eige. Launce Seines Eige. Launce Seines Eige. Laun

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of

## LABRADOR

									UAI		ブエ 一
	ģ	ce, lbs.		boxes.	Summer Fishing,	Fall Fishing.					oxes.
Name of Place.	Salmon, Cured, brls.	Salmon, Fresh, in ice, lbs	in cans, lbs.	Smoked,	Cod, quintals.	Jod, quintals.	Haddock, quintals.	Ling, quintals.	brls.	Herring, brls.	Smoked Herring, boxes.
	o,	on,	on,	on,	d <sub>u</sub>	nb	00	9	at	ing	Ke
	Salm	Salm	Salm	Salmon,	Cod,	Cod,	Hade	Ling	Halibut,	Herr	Smo
Manicouagan				 	20		ļ	 		 	
St. Pancrace							١				
Les Mistassius										\	
Pointe des Monts					30	84		١	2		.
Trinity Bay and River Petit May River	56					42		ļ			1:::
Islets à Caribou	44			1		1,155					
Calumet River							i	1			
Isle aux Œufs Pointe aux Anglais			1	١	1	376	l	1 1	1		
Rivière Pentecôte			١			470		! !	l . <b>.</b>	i	
Cailles Rouges						7 575 25	•••	•••	46		1
do (American schooners)		   ••	i	l	1			٠ا		\	1
Pointe Jambon	16	*********			243						
Sent Isles			l	١	400				1 6	75	
Moisie		30,702	l		1,266		<b> </b>		4		
Pigou Tront River	393		••	•••	600 623		••••	 			
Trout River					500	100	•••		l		
ShelldrakePrimrose Cove	9	·······	•••		5,250						
Thunder River					100 3,125						}
Indian Harbour	<b></b>				1,300						
Ridge Point	23	•••••	•••		1,200						Ĭ
Magpie	į				8,200	300	<b> </b>			5	
St. John River.		l			7,500	25	•••	•••	•••••		:::
Long Point	6				1,050	150	3		25		
Mingan River	100	240	<b> </b>							·	
Romaine River Esquimaux Point				· ·	2013						
Betchouan	1		•••		251						·
Ateepetal Bay	1			•••	47				1	3	
Corneille.	10	•••••			·						•••
Grand WatsheeshooLittle Watsheeshoo											ì
Nabissipi	16									11	
Agwanus	13			•••	171						•••
Washtahwooka Bay Natashquan Harbour											
Natashquan	47			•••	355	(				50	
Natashquan River Kegashka River	400 26	90			.40	154	•••	••••			
Kegashka Harbour					350						
Micmac Point	5				10	!	٠١	ا			•••
Washeecoutai River					10:		•				•••
Washeecoutai Point	. 8				10						•••
	1	10									

Men, kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c.

# DIVISION.

					nds, brls.	Seals,	Whales orpoises.	an	d		(	Oils.			Fish an use Bait and	ed a	18		Consump-
/Mackerel, bris.	Trout, brls.	Sardines, brls.	Eels, bris.	Tunny, brls.	Cod Tongues & Sounds, brls.	No. of Seals.	No. of Seal-skins.	No. of Whales.	No. of Porpoises.	Seal Oil, galls.	Whale Oil, galls.	Porpoise Oil, galls.	Cod Oil, galls.	Herring and Mack- erel, brls	Capelin & Launce, brls.	Smelt, brls.	Cod Roes, brls.	Clams, brls.	Fish used for Local Consumption, brls.
9						141	141		 1	1,865		100	8 4 63		19				
5	8 4 4						208				}		96 26 269 853	52	23			4 20 40 4	
3,500													205 263 310	20 10	14 9			8 12 25 350	16 12 11
39 8 130 20 11						60	60			335			550 800		200		300 12		100
6	3									***************************************	 :		4,300 60 2,750		160				
*********	5				•	***********					 		900 15 5,000		400 15 1,900	 			600
******** ******* ******* ****	5			١	15		30			44175	 		900 1299	420	1000	 			45
***************************************	1					31 7 4 14	31 7						18		90				3
9 3 6 51	ĭ				2	20 23 300	20			80 72 1100 16450			86	10	32 51 66 50 59				1 5 8 2 10
********	4					30 2 100	30 2 100			90 15 300			128 15 1 <b>2</b> 5	60	1000			*** ***	15
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RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men,

								I	ΑB	RADO	- R 一
	<b>3</b>	ce, lbs.	lbs.	oxes.	Summer Fishing.	Fall Fishing.					oxes.
Name of Place.	Salmon, Cured, brls.	Salmon, Fresh, in ice, lbs.		Salmon, Smoked, boxes.	Cod, quintals.	Cod, quintals.	Haddock, quintals.	Ling, quintals.	Halibut, brls.	Herring, brls.	Smoked Herring, boxes
Becscie River		38	<u> </u>								 
Mistassini River		5									•••
Romain River.	22	*********			15						•••
Cocoachoo	10	·		ļ	ļ		ļ		<b> </b>		
Cape Whittle.	2	· •••••••		•••	8			•••			1
Pointe du Mourier	5			•••				•••			i
St. Mary's Island	68	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		•••	18						
Netagamion River	6	••••••	ļ		49					6	
Little Meccatina.	6	***************************************	1	•••					l		
Gull Island, Meccatina	5		1	1					1		,
Rigolet au Chat					61	l	l	l			
Sloop Harbour			i • • •		119		I				···
Whale's Head, Meccatina	29		<b></b>	١	128		ł	ì		:	1
Rivière and Baie des Moutons	51		١		895	108	·				
Grand Meccatina	12		•••	•••	100			••••			
Baie Rouge.	12		1		1 80		`	····			
Tabatière	10		•••	•••	'·····································						
Sandy Cove				•••	45						.[
Meccatina Island	6		,,,,,,		3	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1				.
Fonderie Fecteau	12						١				, · • • •
Kikapoe Island	7		1				١				•••
Kikapoe River	5										
Pointe Rouge Pacachoo	6			•••			! <b></b>				
Pacachoo Island	24										١
Little Rigolet	10							<b> •••</b>			
Big kigolet					 						
St. Augustine Island	15						i	1	Ì		1
St. Augustine River	25	i .									
St. Augustine Bay											,
St. Augustine Harbour	2										
Salt Lake, St. Augustine	40		١				<b> </b>	ļ			1
Dog Islama, St. Augustine											
Sandy Island	10										i
Pointe à Giroux									j		1
Canso Harbour	12	1	·[···	···	1 12				•••••		١
Bull Cove				!		1 [		!			
Bay of Rocks											,i
Lydia's Cove	1		,		! 10	l	1	i			
Dog Island	13				1 10	3	i		1		• • • • •
Peche à Lizotte	8										
Old Fort Island	<b> </b>	ļ		١							
Burnt Island			·!	····							
Bonne Espérance	20				1,700		ļ	١	·····		
St. Paul's River	1 90		1	j	200		1	1	1		.1
Stick Point	17		1		1 900		1				, •••
Salr on Bay					6.510		1				
Little Fishery	i 20		١	I	100		١	1	1	Ì	
Five Leagues	8				150		١	l			.1•••
	. 1	12		•							
	-										

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c .- Continued.

		-	e wine a	-	Page 1	aparen														<del></del>
DIA]	SI	0	N		-(	Cor	tinued.													
						Sounds, brls.	Seals, Po	Whales rpoises.	an	d	Oils.				Fish ar use Bait and	d s	13		Con-	
/ Mackerel, brls.	Trout, bris.	Sardines, bris.	Lola bela	reces, or as.	Tunny, brls.	Cod Tongues & Sou	No. of Seals.	No. of Seal-skins.	No. of Whales.	No. of Porpoises.	Seal Oil, galls.	Whale Oil, galls.	Porpoise Oil, galls.	Cod Oil, galls.	Herring and Mack- erel, brls.	Capelin & Launce, brls.	Smelt, brls.	Cod Roes, brls.	Clams, brls.	Fish used for Local Consumption, brls.
**************************************							40	40	 		120			15						*************
			. '. . '. . '.						·					12 35 358						
3!			.  -	••			45 75 88				315									
1	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	ļ	• •	¦ ¦	<sup>1</sup>	••••	88 49 631 875 31	49 631 875		   	343 4,417 3,000 40	•••		25	27	451	   			•••••••••
*******			<u>.</u>  :	\ 	••••	į	********		 					١						
******	2 7 2 1						35	35			90		 	(						
******	5 5 7							***************************************						7						
******	4 2 2			•••							300	:::		10						
*********  ********  ********  *******	• 1 • • •				•••		16							150 20 1,790						2,58
******	1.			••			32 96			:::	200 600			6,510				]		

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men,

								Ι	ıΑΒ	RADO	R
Name of Place.	Salmon, Cured, brls.	Salmon, Fresh, in ice, lbs,	Salmon, in cans, lbs.	Salmon, Smoked, boxes.	Cod, quintals.	Fall Fishing.	tals.	Ling, quintals.	Halibut, brls.	Herring, bris.	Smoked Herring, boxes.
Belles Amours Bradore	4 1				20 35 50 1,270					13,770	
\\\	2,449	33,886	-		155,381		3		109		_
Fly-Fishing :—River Godbout       2,811 lbs. of S         do       do       Moisie       3,396 do         do       do       do       90 do         do       do       Mingan       240 do         do       do       do       5 do         do       do       Becscie       38 do										do do do	n.
Т	otal		••••				6,5	80		do	_

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c.-Continued.

DIVIS	SION.	Continued.
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			•		inds, bris.	Seals,	Whales	an	d	Oils.					-	Consump-			
Mackerel, brls.	Trout, brls.	Sardines, brls.	Eels, bris.	ny, brls.	Cod Tongues & Sound	No, of Seals.	No. of Seal-skins.	No. of Whales.	No. of Porpoises.	Seal Oil, galls.	Whale Oil, galls.	Porpoise Oil, galls.	Cod Oil, galls.	Herring and Mack- erel, brls.	Capelin & Launce, brls.	Smelt, brls.	Cod Roe, brls.	Clams, brls.	Fish used for Local Consumption, brls.
*********						47 143 48 176	143 48	•••		300			20 35 50 1,270						
4,077	69				32	20,075	20,075		1	83,759		100	104,000		60,142		1,157	539	3,51 2

## RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the different Fisheries of the Labrador Division in 1878.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Prices.	Value.
Summer Codfishing  Autumn do  Mackerel  Herrings, pickled  do smoked  Salmon, pickled  do fresh in ice  Trout  Haddock  Hailbut  Cod Tongues and Sound  Seal Skins  Porpoise Skins  Seal Oil  Cod Oil  Porpoise Oil  Fish and Clams used as bait and manure	4,077 barrels 15,116 do 7 boxes 2,449 barrels 33,886 lbs 69 barrels 3 quintals 109 barrels 32 do 20,075 pieces 1 do 83,759 gallons 145,336 do 100 do	4 00   0 50   0 50   0 80   1 00	\$ cts.  776,905 00  25,490 00  40,770 00  75,550 00  1 75  29,388 00  1,694 30  552 00  15 00  654 00  288 00  25,093 75  4 00  41,879 50  72,668 00  80 00  62,443 00
Fish used for local consumption  Total value of the prodo	3,012 00	4 00   es in 1878 1877	\$1,167,554 30 954,285 50

#### MAGDALEN ISLANDS.

Although it may appear as if the several industries which the population of these Islands is engaged in have not prospered in the same ratio as on other parts of the coasts of the Guif, it must, however, be admitted that a marked improvement has taken place since means of communication have become easier and the Islands have been more frequented.

Jacques Cartier, who discovered this archipelago in 1534, and Champlain, who visited it seventy-two years later, write enthusiastically of the wealth of its waters, and Jacques Cartier found the soil so excellent that he praises it as being far superior to that of Newfoundland; but I apprehend that the illustrious discoverer had visited the

latter island during foggy weather.

However, it was not until 1663, more than one century after the Magdalen Islands had been discovered, that their fisheries began to be worked to any perceptible degree. Before that period, they were visited by a few fishermen whom the fear of English fleets prevented from settling there. The first grantee was one Captain Doublet, who tormed a Company and engaged in fishing, but from various causes he failed to achieve success. During the year 1717, one Mr. De St. Pierre, became possessor of these Islands, but the Company which he formed did not prosper better than its predecessors. When this Company left, certain Acadian families, flying from their enemies, crossed over and settled there in 1749, living in comparative security until 1798, when a new master, Sir Isaac Coffin, abruptly appeared on the field to establish his claim to this land. In my previous Reports, I explained fully how ho became the owner of these Islands; under what sort of tenure he held them; the effect of such tenure on the settlers and their hopes for a more successful future.

Fishing being at first, as it is still now, far easier to pursue than agriculture, as it required no apprenticeship, no great expense for outfit or tools, and fish being so abundant, it is no wonder that the first settlers took to it with such enthusiasm; the more so since the men could find in every day's fishing a source of easy profits requiring but little work, whilst agricultural pursuits demand steady attention in order to insure to the tiller of the soil a success which may after all be achieved only through years of toil. Besides, the first settlements on the Islands, as well as on other parts of the shores of the Gulf were not permanent, and when they became 50, the determined habits which the settlers had acquired, and the few advantages which the owners of the Island were willing to offer them, were scarcely such as to induce them to turn their ideas towards farming.

This season's fishing was generally satisfactory, with the exception of mackerel fishery. Crops were better than for many years past. At House Harbour, however, where the inhabitants engage in cod-fishing on the coast of Labrador with their schooners, and also actively follow mackerel fishing, the failure of both these fisheries may have caused great anxiety in the minds of the people. I believe, however, that should they have failed to obtain assistance from the Local Government, they have saved sufficiently in previous years to be able to get safely through the winter.

It is a source of great satisfaction to be enabled to say that in spite of the large number of strangers and foreign vessels which repaired to the Islands this season, peace and order prevailed everywhere. The municipal council passed a resolution last year, prohibiting the sale of intoxicating liquors. This well-timed measure will do more towards the preservation of the peace than the most elaborate police system.

The Islanders feel under the greatest sense of obligation to the Government for the establishment of a mail service between their Islands and the mainland. Although somewhat deficient with regard to comfort and the accommodation of passengers, the vessel employed in that service performed its work in a regular and satisfactory manner; but, as business appears to be largely on the increase, it would be desirable that for the accommodation of the ability of the accommodation of the that, for the accommodation of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read a small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the public and the advantages of the Islands, this service should be read to small of the Islands of t vice should be made a weekly one. Should (and I entertain no doubt that this day will soon arrive) these Islands be placed in communication with the outer world by means of a cable telegraph, they will become one of the most desirable of sum mer resorts. With such a combination of natural and other advantages, I feel

sauguine that a trip to Magdalen Islands will become quite fashionable during the summer season, there being few places more healthy, and it is remarkable how valetudinarians visiting there soon pick up their lost health and strength.

## Seal Hunting on the Ice.

Seal hunting on the ice was a failure this season, owing to the prevalence of easterly winds which drove the whelping ice to the westward of the Islands. Thirteen sealing vessels from House Harbour sailed for the Gulf fishing on the 12th March, and returned with 5,467 seals, worth from \$10 to \$12 each. Last year, seven schooners killed 2,544 seals, but as these were met with late in May, they were lean and of an inferior quality. In 1876, the yield of this fishery amounted to only 642 seals. The quantity of oil amounted to 27,178 gallons, against 14,749 in 1877.

The constant foggy weather which prevailed during the months of March and April, prevented the Islanders from running the chance of killing seals on the floating ice round the Islands, although they were sighted by thousands during the few days of clear weather which occasionally happened there. Some idea may be formed of the duration of that foggy weather, when it is stated that 1,126 pounds more of powder were used in firing alarm guns than usual. The catch thus amounted to only 483 seals, against 1,514 in 1877.

The net seal fishery was also a failure. The quantity of fathoms of seal nets set amounted to 8,455, and only 89 seals were captured, against 679 in 1877.

Here are the names of parties fishing with nets:-

*				
W. Leslie	20	nets.	37	seals.
D. Bourque	9	"	6	"
W. Landry	10	"	19	"
E. Arseneau	6	"	0	44
L. Bouffard	6	46	0	"
A. Malaison	6	"	6	"
A. Vigneault	4	"	0	
E. Chevrier	6	"	0	"
L. Nadeau	10	"	9	"
Neil McPhail	11	"	12	"
Theophile Boudreault	•••	"	•••	"
		-		
			89	

Fishermen claim that the cause of this want of success is due to the act that herring stuck too late or else remained outside, which kept the seals off the shores, thus preventing them from being caught in the nets.

Being informed by the local Fishery Overseer, Mr. Fox, that there were several disputes among seal fishermen respecting their grounds, I visited the spot and fixed the stations which each should occupy, giving to each a frontage of fifty yards, with a distance of three hundred yards between every stand; that is to say that one man with six nets will occupy a shore space of three hundred yards with, an additional ground between this and the nearest stand.

The total yield of this fishery is as follows:—

Caught on drift ice	5,467	seals "

Total...... 6,039 seals

Being 1,201 more than were killed last year.

RETURN of the Number and Tonnage of Vessels, with Boats and Men, engaged in the Seal Fishery at the Magdalen Islands during the Season of 1878.

Name of Vessel.	Master.	Tons.	Men.	Boats.	Number of Seals Taken.
Marie Emélie	Bourgue	10 46 44 32 42 35 53 50	12   10   12   10   5   10   10   10   10   12   12   12   12	5 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 5 5	550 740 1,300 643 34 220 230 440 160 400 320
Total, 13 Vessels	•••••	523	135	53	5,467

## Herring Fishery.

Although this fishery did not yield all that could be expected, it turned out better for our people than for foreign fishermen. Eighty-nine vessels (seventeen less than in 1877) repaired to the Islands this spring for herring fishing, but they came too late to take advantage of the first schools of fish which struck on the 17th April, and were netted in Pleasant Bay on the 22nd. Several of them had to return empty, owing to the scarcity of fish, and seek a cargo at Anticosti and other places on the coast of Labrador. The prevalence of easterly winds during the month of April, drove all the fish past the Islands when the bays were yet full of ice, and the other schools were of small size. It is at this period, however, that the Islanders caught the fish, which secured them provisions for the winter and bait for mackerel. Those who had seines made sufficiently to clear from \$40 to \$50 each man. The inhabitants of House Harbour and Etang du Nord did better than those of Amherst Island, and their fish were larger, being caught during the month of April, when the first schools struck.

Out of the 89 schooners which came to the Islands for herring fishing, there were but two from the States. They caught only 660 barrels of fish. Other vessels from the Dominion took 7,854 barrels, and the Magdalen Islands schooners, 2,030 barrels. To this must be added 3,331 barrels caught by flats or boats, giving a total catch of 13,875 barrels, or 25,346 barrels less than last year.

During the summer, American as well as Canadian fishermen, set their mackerel and herring nets between Grand Entry and Entry Island. Their success was a cause of astonishment not only with regard to the quantity of fish caught, but also as to the size of the fish. In the short space of a fortnight, these men netted 150 barrels of mackerel and 300 barrels of herring of such a large size that men who had been in the habit of repairing to the coast of Labrador for the last fifty years declared they had never seen anything like it. This is the first time that herring fishing is pursued at such a season of the year, and the Islanders were astonished at their success. The knowledge they have thus acquired is due to strangers, by whom they were made aware of the wealth which surrounds their Island.

Return of the Number and Tonnage of Vessels, with the Boats, Men and Seines, engaged in the Spring Herring Fishery, at the Magdalen Islands, during the Season of 1878.

			1				
_							Barrels
Name of Vessel.	Master.	From Whence.	Tons	Men.	Boats.	Seines	of Fish taken.
		·		1			rish taken.
			_	-			
Eagle	Noves	United States	102	5			400
Hattie A. White	Bellatty	<u> </u>	120		5	1	
Francia Dil	Jennson	do	i 70 ; 98		$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\2 \end{vmatrix}$		
Balance	Cousins	do	1		2		
A. B. Higgins	Higgins	do	42	4	1		60
		do			3	1	
Fleetwin	r eareboy	do	1 ^^		2		120
Marshall Ney Sea Spray	Royd	do	1		2	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	120
Sea Spray	Holmes	ا ا	1		lī		
Harvest Home	Hodgkins	do	78		3	1	
H, S. Boynton	Leach	uo	1		2		!
Silver troung.	Davis	do	1		3 3		••••••
M. H. Kinn	Dorgans	do	1 200		4	1	
C. A. Ropes	Stubbs	do	1 100		1 3	i	
Amiel Ropes	Thompson	4.0	64		2		80
			41				200
Ancilla	MCKay	1 40	1 40		1		700
Enternain	waipoie	do			1		600
Black For	Della	! qu	1 ~~		1 2		50
J. W	17	3-			İ		220
OnwardRiver Onean	Squarebrigs	do			2	1	100
River Queen Reality	Squarebrigs	do			2	¦	50
Mygton	1 011 3				2		100
Marpardi	lar D	3-			1 1		60
Olive	mchae	, 40			! i		100
Day Stote	Saltano minimo	do			i		160
Marie Emma William	White	do	1 0				300
Morell "	Diggins	do			¦		150
40rnin - C	Dicorded Committee						50 20
Travole State	incoonaid		51		4	1	150
40. S D. 1.	ttomacy		68		3		180
Cordelia Vogler	Ritcey	do			2		160
anto	Conrod				2		250
Anguara	Colkum	do			3	1	300
Zuickot-	*** ***********************************	, 40			3 3	1	100
Over 1 .	Dutter	,			3	l	100
Happy Go-Lucky	Hayward	do	1		3		100
Armada City Queen	Smith	do			3	1	100
ALIDA Itaa	1 Hoj	1 40			3		100
Aun A m	. 1110011114111	1 40			$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$		200 150
TIVEN D.	1 1 1 1 1 C y	, uo			3		100
44811DA-	. 11 3 0 0 11	do			3	1	300
		do	1 10/		3	1	260
DUAD	·   E valus	do			2		100
					. 2		150
Ollvan U.	. Uroit	dodo			3 2	1	60 50
MELA L	•   1 1 14 UI W	., 40		-	2		110
			80		3	1	
		do .	3'	7   9	3	1	150
Opal Hound	. Steele		49		2		
	. Wentzel	Landing and and	3	9   6	' 3	'	' 100
		119					

Return of the Number and Tonnage of Vessels, with the Boats. Men and Seines, engaged in the Spring Herring Fishery, at the Magdalen Islands, during the Season of 1878.—Continued.

··		<del></del>					
Name of Vessel.	Master.	From Whence.	Tons.	Men.	Boats.	Seines	Rarrels of Fish taken.
River Queen Atlas Prince Consort. Jewel. Harvest Home Edith Ella Swan Mabel Donna Belle. Mary A. Taylor Manchester. Ella and Winnie S. E. Cove. Maria Elizabeth.	Gorkum. Heisler	do	41 51 52 38 52 59 113 39 46 44 45 51 45 49	5 7 8 6 7 7 10 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 6	2 2 3 2 4 3 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 4 2 4 2 2 1	1	
Annie Leonard Anemone East Lynn Marie Euphrosyne Silver Lake Delany Cora May Arctic	Myers Boudro. Chiasson Holmes Holmes Bourque Terrieau Doucette Vigneau	Guysboro'	51 31 17 12 60 89 10 36 39 61	8 6 6 4 6 7 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	300 125 60 120 360 200 500 300 300 250 10,544

## RECAPITULATION.

	No.	Tons.	Men.	Boats.	Seines	Bairels of Fish taken.
From United States	18 45 2 17 7	1,551 2,263 149 565 285 4,813	127 298 13 62 31	41 115 3 14 8	5 12 1 2 20	2,994 2,030 10,544

## Mackerel Fishery.

Mackerel fishing to which the inhabitants of the Islands have turned their attention for several years, and which forms no small share of their prosperity, in a greater or lesser degree, would have been highly successful, had not the fish struck earlier than usual and taken the fishermen unawares. The recurrence of this event has always been a source of wonder to me, as it seems that their long experience should enable these people to foresee the causes which influence the migrations of fish. The netting of mackerel commenced on Pleasant Bay on the 27th May and ended on the 7th June. This being an earlier date than usual, the nets were not ready, and the vessels which usually resort to the Islands for this fishery had not yet left port when it was nearly over; so that the best time was almost entirely lost. Fish struck in abundance, and were so unusually large that several fishermen complain of having lost a great many barrels owing to the small meshes of their nets. Twelve schooners from the Maritime Provinces which arrived too late caught 794 barrels, whilst the catch of ten vessels in 1877 amounted to 1.033 barrels.

Settlers being on the spot, were more fortunate; they caught 919 barrels against

493 in 1877.

The catch was therefore as follows:—		
By vessels	794	barrels.
"inhabitants	917	"

Being an increase of 185 barrels over that of last season.

Several of these mackerel vessels follow the netting of herring in the Gulf after the mackerel fishery is over at the Islands, and this season they met with good success. About 1,000 barrels of this fish were taken by this means; and they were very large and fat and superior to the best Labrador.

RETURN of the Number and Tonnage of Vessels, with the Boats, Men and Nets employed in the spring Mackerel Fishing at the Magdalen Islands, during the Season of 1878

Name of Vessel.	Master.	From whence.	Tons.	Men.	Boats.	Nets.	Brls. of Fish taken.
Lavinia Elizabeth Victory. Franklin Jane Otis. James Henry Mary Ellen Rough and Ready Antelope. P. Martin. Elizabeth Eliza A Mist	Landsburg. Fougere	Sheet Harbour Port Mulgrave Sheet Harbour Port Mulgrave Provincetown, U.S do Sheet Harbour		7 11 9 4 6 8 9 11 3	4 5 4 2 2 3 4 4 3 4 5 2	50 110 120 50 40 50 25 25 50 80 100 18	130 210 140 45 50 75 20 20 22 22 45 15
Total—12 Vessels	1	, i	421	92	42	718	794

Summer Mackerel Fishery.

This fishery, which for many years was pursued only by foreigners, has now become the main occupation of a large number of the inhabitants of the Islands, especially those from Allright Island located on Pleasant Bay, and those from Grosse Isle. The remunerative prices obtained during the past two seasons gave great hopes for this year. Our people thus entered this

pursuit with great energy; the more so since their cod-fishing voyage had been a comparative failure, but unfortunately very few large fat mackerel were seen during the season, although great quantities of small fish called tinkers remained near the coast until the end of August. Our fishermen who are always ready to find reasons for their failures, attribute their poor success to the corruption of the water, caused by decayed bait in lobster traps; but this is hardly probable, because this bait is not allowed to putrify, and also because this scarcity of mackerel was felt all around the Islands.

Very few American schooners were noticed, and during our last trips to Magdalen Islands, in October, we counted only 20 which had just arrived. There were 3,012 barrels of tinkers caught, but fishermen could not find a sale for them; the large catches at other places in the Dominion had glutted the market, and not more than two dollars per barrel could be obtained. Last year there were 3,386 barrels caught which realized from ten to fourteen dollars per barrel.

It is worthy of remark that the Gulf has abounded with small herring and

mackerel during the whole of the summer months.

## Cod Fishery.

The season having proved just as propitious at the Islands as elsewhere, codfish visited these coasts very early. It struck in abundance on the 20th May and continued plentiful on the inshore banks during the greater part of the season. Had the weather allowed going out during the fall, the catch would have been unusually large; but after the month of August, fishermen were not able to go out more than three fourths of the time.

The sixteen schooners belonging to the Islands, as well as those of Esquimaux Point which repaired to the coast of Labrador for cod-fishing, arrived too late, and after that time the fish, although abundant, did not bite readily. As these vessels were not provided with seines, their voyage was almost entirely lost. The abovementioned sixteen schooners took only 3,000 quintals of cod, being 150 quintals less than in 1877, which was reckoned a very poor season. The hook and line fishermen caught with their boats 12,297 quintals, against 7,837 quintals last year. The total catch is thus reckoned at 15,297 quintals, against 10,987 in 1877. To this quantity should be added the fish caught by men from Cape Breton who all fish within the three mile limits. These vessels arrive at the Islands in the beginning of May; they usually secure two cargoes of from 250 to 300 quintals of fish each, and use about fifteen barrels of herring as bait on each voyage. These schooners which usually average a small tonnage—from fifteen to forty-five tons—are built to resist the heaviest storms. Fifty of them were engaged this season fishing around the Islands. They, for the most part, hail from Arichat, Cheticamp and other ports on the coast of Cape Breton.

I visited the following:—

Name of Vessel.	Master.	Port.	Tonnage.	No. of Men.	No. of Nets.	No. of Boats. Quintals of
Ida May Muskrat. Quick Queen Kingfisher. Queen Daisy Mary Stephens Hector Mary Shooting Star. Renfrew	N. Leblanc Raymond Giasson Leblanc Poirrier Samson Poirrier Samson Orrier Arsenault Cordeau	Cheticamp	45 19 20 15 20 25 35 34 25 45 34 45	10 6 6 4 5 5 10 9 9 10 10	4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1	9 3 1 10 1 60 1 4 8 1 10 1 36 1 30 1 45 3 80 2 80

I visited these schooners during the beginning of the fishing season, but I am aware that most of them made two trips before commencing to fish for mackerel. Averaging the catch of each of them at 300 quintals, would give about 70,000 quintals. To these must be added the catch by American vessels fishing around the shores of the Magdalen Islands whose catch cannot amount to much less than 1,000 or 1,200 quintals each. About eight of these vessels were thus engaged during the present season.

## Lobster Fishery.

The canning of lobsters was begun four years ago at Magdalen Islands, and I strongly doubt whether a superior place than the shores of Pleasant Bay could be found for that pursuit. At any rate, I am not aware that other places have given more profitable results. When speaking of this industry in Gaspé and Bonaventure, I stated that it must have been very remunerative to the owners; but some further idea of its profits may be gained, when it is stated that four establishments at Magdalen Islands canned 150,036 pounds of lobsters, being more than ten in Gaspé and Bay des Chaleurs, with one fourth of the number of hands.

The lobster traps were set in Pleasant Bay early in May, but fishing was poor until the first weeks in June, either on account of stormy weather or because lobsters had not yet begun moving towards the shores. It has been noticed that at Magdalen Islands such migration always begins late in the spring. I attribute this to the fact that the waters being comparatively shallow, the bait is more evenly

distributed and food more commonly found.

As already stated, there have been four establishments in operation during the season, two at Grand Entry, one at House Harbour, and another at Amherst Harbour. These factories employed 47 boats with 92 men in catching lobsters, and 48 men and 52 women in packing and case-making. The season's business is as follows :-

> At Grand Entry: -At House Harbour :-

> > Total...... 395,184 lbs.

valued at \$41,150 and being 117,120 lbs. more than last season.

I must here say, to Mr. Webb's credit that, if he has made large profits since he took the direction of these establishments, he also behaved in the most generous manner towards his employes, paying them regularly and being always ready to take the lead whenever any measure for the progress of the Islands or the improvement of the condition of its inhabitants was brought forward. The men had wages one dollar per day and ten cents for every hundred pounds of lobsters brought to the establishments; women and children earned from forty to sixty cents a day.

I shall not here repeat what I have already said about the necessity of instituting a close time for lobsters as too tedious, but I cannot omit stating that this year an exemption from compliance was obtained for several reasons, prominent among which was the fact that mackerel fishing having failed, permission to catch lobsters during the whole time would much assist the Islanders. A similar request was granted last year, because the owners had suffered much loss by the lateness of the Another year, it is most likely that the excuse set forth will be the number of lobsters has so much fallen off that it is absolutely necessary to again extend the time of fishing in order to save the owners of these establishments from ruin. This will undoubtedly be the final result, because such large catches as those of last season, must necessarily impoverish the grounds, and I feel quite satisfied that, had the same grounds again been worked upon this season, the yield would have

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been much smaller. In connection therewith, it is well to remark that the places tried this season at Amherst and Grand Entry were new, whilst at House Harbour, where 134,000 lbs. of lobsters were canned in 1877, there were only 82,128 pounds this season.

These establishments have done so much good to the Islands, that I would be loth to be considered as trying to in any way impede their progress, but I feel sure that Mr. Webb himself, who is so thoroughly cognizant of the physiology of these crustaceans and of the causes of their decrease in other localities, would be most happy to have a proper close time established, so long as it does not materially interfere with legitimate operations kept within reasonable bounds.

A smaller number of lobsters with eggs attached were found this season than last, and most of these were taken during the month of July. Lobsters were also

this year of a larger size; they may have belonged to different schools.

The local Fishery Overseer reports that the regulation ordering the liberation of lobsters with eggs attached, and of soft shelled lobsters, was strictly carried out.

All the lobsters caught at the Magdalen Islands were shipped to European markets via Halifax.

#### TRAP NETS.

The trap-net licensed by the Department to Mr. Goodwin, of Argyle, N.S., was located by the Fishery Overseer at Old Harry Head, Coffin Island, on the 30th July, and the night after it was completed and set, it was totally destroyed by a gale, involving a loss to the owner of \$1,000. No fish were taken. The local Fishery Overseer states that he does not think it advisable for the Department to encourage this mode of fishing at the Islands. Moreover, public opinion is against it.

Ports.   P	Toral Exports of Fish and Fish Oil from Magdalen Islands, showing whence same were Exported, during the Season of 1878.	d Fish Oi	l from M	<i>[agdalen</i>	Islands, s	howing w	грепсо ял	no wero	Exported	l, during	tho Season	of 1878.
FORBIGN.   Gwts.   Brls.   Brls.   Brls.   No.   Galls.   Lbs.	Ports.	Dry Codfish.	Pickled Godfish.		Mackerel.	Seal Skins.	Seal Cil.	Cod Oil.	Whale Oil.	Preserved Lobsters.	Preserved Mackerel.	Value.
Forbidal.   Forbidal.		Cwts.	Brls.	Brls.	Brls.	No.	Galls.	Galls.	Galls.	Lbs.	Lbs.	,
Coasified States	Foreign.											∯
Colorestwise.         To Ports in Dominion.         13,709         20         7,583         2,741         6,067         16,606         3,160         450         390,018           Prince Edward Island				099	67		06					1,375
13,709         20         7,583         2,741         6,067         16,606         3,160         450         890,018           1,500         60         101         8,425         2,045              15,209         20         11,107         3,006         6,067         25,391         5,205         450         390,048												
13,709         20         7,683         2,741         6,067         16,606         3,160         450         890,018           1,500         60         101         8,425         2,045         8,204         60 <th>To Ports in Dominion.</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	To Ports in Dominion.											
1,500         60         101         8,425         2,045           250         350         3,006         6,067         25,391         450         390,048			20	7,583	2,741	6,067	16,606	3,160	450	390,048	5,136	112,388
15,209 20 11,107 3,006 6,067 25,391 5,205 450		ii		977,6	101		8, 425	2,045		··_		11,376
	Total	_	20	11,107	3,006	6,067	25,391	5,205	450	390,048	5,136	161,677

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men,

V	
Salmon	Cod

MAGDALEN

Name of Place.		١	√essels.			shing coats.		at ats.	Fishermen.	Shoremen.		alm Net			Cod	
	No.	Tons.	Value.	No. of Sailors.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No. of Fig	of	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.
Amherst Island.			\$			\$		\$					\$			\$
Pleasant Bay and Amherst Harbour Basin L'Anse au Moulin L'Anse à la Cabane. Etang du Cap	2 		••••••		43 28 8 30 18	1,720 1,120 320 1,200 720	4 4	24 24 30		50 10					.	, ,
Grindstone Island.  Etang du Nord  Hospitals  Cape Mull					68 15 4	3,400 600 160	10 3 2	60 18 12	181 40 10	150 30 6						•••• •••• ••••
Allright Island.  House Harbour L'Anse à Elie Pointe Basse South Beach			21,600		62 14 2 49	2,480 560 80 1,960	53 4 1 30	24 6	206 42 6 145	2						  
Grosse Isle & Grand Entry		ا 			36	1,440	8	84	72	48	 :					
Bryon Island Entry Island					20	800 240	4 2	24 12	42 7	10						
Total	17	649	25,200	76	403	16,800	142		1,035	496					- 	

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c., &c.

ISLANDS DIVISION.

#### NETS AND SEINES.

H	erri ein	ng es.		Herrin Nets.	g		acke eine			Mackere Nets.	el		apel eine		La Se	un (			Seal Net	s.	Brush	Fish'ries
/ No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Value.
		\$			\$			\$			\$			\$			\$			\$		\$
3		600	16 51 22 69 33	640 2,040 1,080 2,760 1,320	220 690				150 121 82 111 30	7,500 6,050 4,100 5,550 1,500	1,800 1,452 984 1,332 360			 			 	13 28  13	780 1,720 800	390 860 400		
1	200	<b>2</b> 00		1,560 40,					46	2,300	552	   						72 20	4,360 1,200	2,180 600		   
***** ***** ****			10 10 1 34	400 400 40 1,360		<u> </u>			5  17		,,,,,,,,,	 	300	200				95 4			<u> </u>	
****			8 15	<b>32</b> 0 <b>60</b> 0	80 1 <b>5</b> 0	1		<u> </u>	 З	150	36		 					20	1,140	560		! !
4	700	700	309			<u> </u>			69 634	3,450	828		420	320		    		265			\ 	

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men,

												Μ.	AGI	)AI.	EN
Name of Place.	Salmon, Cured, barrels.	Salmon, Fresh, in ice, lbs.	Salmon, in cans, lbs.	Salmon, Smoked, boxes.	Coo quint	i	Haddock, quintals.	Ling, quintals.	Halibut, barrels.	Herring, barrels.	Herring, Smoked, boxes.	Mackerel, barrels.	Trout, barrels.	Sardines, tarrels.	Eels, barrels.
· recryptor —		<u> </u>	! 	- <del>-</del> -											<u> </u>
Amherst Island.				1											
Pleasant Bay and Amherst Harbour Basin L'Anse au Moulin L'Anse à la Cabane Etang du Cap		 			1450 448 1539	200				181 104 266		$   \begin{array}{r}     320 \\     162 \\     277   \end{array} $			
Grindstone Islands.	1														
Etang du Nord			 		5090 241	447				212	••••••				
Allright Island.															
House Harbour L'Anse à Elie Pointe Basse South Beach		!		1	701					221 24		126 4			  
Grosse Isle and Grand Entry Bryon Island Entry Island					76 565 62					264					
Total					15397	654			9	5361		3012			

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c.—Continued.

# ISLANDS.

	Sounds,	Se	als, V Por	Whale poise	es an es.	d		Oil	g.		Fish Ba	and ait ar	Clam nd Ma	s use inure	d as		, lbs.	Con-
Tunny, barrels.	Cod Tongues and Sc barrels.	No. of Seals.	No. of Seal-skins.	No. of Whales.	No. of Porpoises.	No. of Porpoise- skins.	Seal Oil, gallons.	Whale Oil, gallons.	Porpoise Oil, gallons.	Cod Oil, gallons.	Herring, barrels.	Capelin, barrels.	Smelt, barrels.	Cod Roes, barrels.	Clams, barrels.	Lobsters, cans, lbs.	Mackerel, Preserved, lbs.	Fish used for Local Consumption, barrels.
******* ****** ***** ****		145 67 166 37				,	900 268 664 150			685 585 188 769 284	75 99 96 279 77				2 26 8 27 15			62 39 9 37 41
*****		8	8		   		32			2545 120			 		191 5 1			136 113 26
*****		557 <b>5</b>						480		1387 35 408	•3 6							44 119 18 427
*****									}	37 245 28	100			 	3	278400		37 53 16
••••		6039	6039	1	-	<u> </u>	27178	480			1523	-		<u> </u>	321	390048	15136	

## RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the different Fisheries of the Magdalen Islands Division in 1878.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Prices.	Value.
Summer Cod fishing	654 do	6 00 1 25 0 50 0 50 0 50 0 15 1 00 4 00	\$ cts. 76,985 00 3,270 00 26,805 00 30,120 00 770 40 54 00 7,548 75 13,559 00 3,658 00 240 00 58,507 20 1,844 00 4,708 00  228,099 35 366,170 10

#### THE ISLAND OF ANTICOSTI.

The most forward settlement on the Island of Anticosti is that of English Bay. That at Fox Bay, however, has nothing to complain of, with provisions in abundance, owing to a successful harvest and fishing, and articles saved from wrecks. settlement at South-West Point is not so well off. Fishing was unsuccessful, and there were no wrecks on that part of the coast of the Island. I am, however, satisfied that it will be far easier for these people to live on twenty quintals of cod, which is the average catch per family, one hundred bushels of potatoes, game of all kinds, and fuel at their discretion, than for a great many families on the south shore who have no such resources to depend upon, no means whatever of making money, and must in most instances fall back upon public charity. I am induced to make the above remarks, because I see every year, and this season especially, fishermen petitioning the Government for help, when a little forethought and attention might

have enabled them to meet the most pressing wants.

Mr. Jolliette, to whom the Island of Anticosti was granted in recompense for services rendered by the discovery of the Mississippi River, was its first settler. After the conquest of the country, I think that the first Canadian who went to reside them.

His sately is beginning the country of the Mississippi River, was its first settler. there was Gamache. His establishment was located at Ellis Bay; he lived on wrecking, hunting, fishing and tillage of the soil. After his death, his improvements fell into the hands of Captain Setter, who owns now a large farm and raises fine cattle

 $\mathsf{thereon}_{.}$ 

There were four wrecks on Anticosti Island this season; the steamship "Lake Megantic," at South Point; the steamship "Vandolina," at Fox Bay; the schooner "St. Anne," at English Bay, and an American schooner, the "Manitona," at Cape Henry. The wreck of these vessels proved a God-send to fishermen and settlers on the Island. The "Lake Megantic" had on board a quantity of provisions of all sorts, and a stock of live cattle, quite a number of which found their way, somehow or another, among the residents. Some fishermed as much as \$15.00 in four days with the wreck of the "Vandolina," The "St. Anne" had on board a cargo of provisions, which, being damaged, was sold for almost nothing, and the "Manitona" left sufficient lumber strewn around the shores of Strawberry Cove to enable the settlets to procure their winter supplies.

The local fishery guardians and fishermen themselves state that there was an abundance of fish around the shores of Anticosti; the catch was not, however, what it should have been, half of the people being engaged most of the season working at the wrecks. It is presumed that they made more money in this way than if they

had been engaged fishing.

Communication with the Island of Anticosti is now very easy. The mail Packet from Gaspé calls at the principal places once every fortnight, and with favorable winds there are almost daily arrivals and departures from Gaspé, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, or the Island. Should Anticosti be at a future date, as I hope it will be, connected with the mainland by an electric wire, it will then become

an inhabitable place.

It is with unfeigned pleasure I am able to state that we had no further occasion to repress and punish robberies of provision depôts. The lesson which was given in 1876 had the very best results, and put a final stop to an evil which might have had the most disastrous results, had any wreeks occurred after the depôts of provisions had been robbed. The way some of the settlers behaved for two or three seasons past, was the less excusable, since most of them robbed without necessity, and only for cupidity's sake. They seem now determined to lead a quieter and happier life by securing in advance and through their own labour, the necessary provisions for Winter's use.

#### COD FISHERY.

Although we possess no reliable statistics of the cod fisheries around Antico-ti before 1864, it is a well-established fact that its shores had a great renown, which the success of its first settlers still contributed to increase. Fishing is carried on

around the Island just as easily, i not more so, than anywhere ilse, since fishermen have only to repair to a short distance to meet fish. The latter are to be found everywhere, and it some places are reputed better than others, it is due to the advantage of better harbours.

Owing to its geographical position in the Gulf, the shores of Anticosti are among the first to be clear of ice in the spring. Cod strikes very early, and fishermen from Magpie, St. John, &c., always pay ashort visit to the Lland before repairing

to other banks on the north coast.

The migration of cod occurred as usual this spring; fish were abundant early in the season, but bait having failed the fish disappeared. The bait usually employed here is caplin; at a later period herring and mackerel are used, and sometimes clams. Had it not been for the appearance of mackerel the catch would have been poor, as most of the fall fishing was carried on with mackerel as bait. On the east side of Anticosti, cod was abundant during the whole summer. As already stated, most of the hands being engaged on board wrecked vessels, codfishing was rather neglected. This accounts for the falling off in the catch of the present scason as compared with that of last year. The returns are 6,922 quintals, against 8,303 in Fish sold at from \$3 to \$3.50 a quintal.

Besides the resident fishermen engaged cod-fishing, Messrs. J. & E. Collas, of Point St. Peter, Gaspé, own a large establishment at English Bay, where they employ queit a number of hands, some of whom are hired and the others fish on shares. On the north side of the Island, fishermen from Gaspé cross over every spring and return during the fall. Their advances being procured from Gaspé firms, they also bring their fish there. The Messrs. Couture, of St. Thomas, have extensive establishments at Cape Observation and Capelin Bay. They take down their own men with them

in the spring, but the fish goes to Gaspé whence the advances are derived.

#### HERRING, MACKEREL AND HALIBUT FISHERIES.

Several bays around the shores of the Island of Anticosti are celebrated for the large schools of herring resorting thereto; the most renowned are Ellis and Fox

Up to the present season these bays, the latter especially, were visited every spring by thick schools of fish, impelled thereon by the natural laws of reproduction, and for the purposes of depositing their eggs. The inconsiderate fishing and seining practised in 1877 have I apprehend, destroyed too many of the species and so broken the schools that some years may possibly elapse before the success of previous seasons may again be experienced. Thirty two vessels entered Fox Bay this spring for the purpose of herring fishing. These vessels had twenty-two seines with them, and the greediness of these fishermen was so great that, so soon as fish were signalled outside the bars, the seines were in the water, thus preventing them from entering and depositing their ova in the accustomed places. These inconsiderate practices must undoubtedly result in completing the ruin of these fisheries, which was begun in 1877, and the result will not be felt in that locality alone, but for a distance of twenty or thirty leagues.

The schooners being too numerous for the area of Fox Bay, caught only 14,640 barrels. Two other schooners, whose names I could not ascertain, took eargoes of 800 barrels each at Ellis Bay, which, added to the catch by local fishermen, gives a Up to the present season, mackerel total of 17,668 barrels against 15,414 in 1877. fishing had not been pursued to any extent around the shores of Anticosti; the few fish which were entered in the returns being caught in herring nets. however, Fox Bay settlers, advised by foreign fishermen, began fishing with lines, and thus caught 42 barrels. Those from East Point intend trying the same experiment section. next year. At English Bay 25 barrels of mackerel were caught in herring nets, which, added to 10 barrels caught by a schooner from Prince Edward Island, gives a total catch of 67 barrels against 18 in 1877. According to information received, mackerel was abundant during the whole season, and until the very last days of the fall; the

fish were also of a superior quality.

As already stated in other parts of this report, halibut fishing is altogether abandoned, although the waters of Anticosti Island are considered the best grounds in the Gulf for this kind of fishing. Excessive fishing by Americans has almost ruined it, and this is the reason, I presume, why it has been abandoned. A few years rest may restore it to its former value. But it is to be apprehended that our neighbours will become aware of this fact before us, should we judge from their hasty return to the shores of Gaspé so soon as they became aware of the reappearance of mackerel there. Halibut fishing yielded 122 barrels this season against 164 in 1877.

Capelin was so abundant at East Point, and it remained so long about the shores, that a few barrels were salted. These were so well appreciated by the traders that they paid three dollars a barrel for it. There were used of this fish for bait or other-

Wise 2,632 barrels.

#### SALMON FISHERY.

The yield of salmon which had been very poor for several seasons past gave extraordinary results this year, at least in the number of barrels caught, if not in money value. The weather was most favorable for the migration of fish in the rivers, and fishermen assert that a much larger number than usual went up the streams. will help to remedy the evils caused by the heavy rains of 1874, which washed away the eggs and the drought of 1875, which prevented the fish from ascending the rivers

to spawn. The yield was 97 barrels this season against 75 in 1877.

The fishery districts of the two guardians stationed at Anticosti are so extensive, and navigation is so difficult around the shores of Anticosti, that violations of the law must occur which it is almost impossible for us to repress or punish at once; I must, however, say that, without the assistance of these guardians, these violations would be far more numerous, and that there would be no security whatever for occupiers of salmon fishing stations. Several violations of the law committed during the summer came to our knowledge, but it being impossible to be there in time to try the guilty parties, we could take no action. I apprehend, however, from the statements of the local Fishery Guardian at East Point that we will have a heavy calendar next summer.

#### SEAL HUNTING.

The shores of Anticosti, especially in the neighborhood of rivers, are frequented by seals every summer. There were 288 killed in nets and with guns during the present season, and 356 in 1877. The quantity of oil amounted to 424 gallons. The seals above stated are reported as having been killed in the western division, but am inclined to believe that an equal number were killed in the eastern division since the fishery statistics return 470 gallons of oil.

In spite of all the fishermens' endeavors they have still been unable to rig a schooner for carrying on seal-hunting on the ice. As soon as it will be possible to do so, I feet satisfied that this venture will give good results, because the surroundings of A results.

of Anticosti are largely frequented by seals during the month of April.

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kind of Vessels, number of Men,

											I	SLA	ND	OI	A.	NTI —
Name of Place.		Vess	sels.		Fish Bos		F1 Boa		Fishermen.	Shoremen.	Saln	non l	vets.	Co	d Sei	nes.
	No.	Tons.	Value.	No. of Sailors.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No. of Fig	No. of Sh	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.
English Bay					1 11 28 6 3 3 4 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 3 4 2 2 3 3 4 2 3 3 4 3 4	15 840 300 150 300 450 100 300 50	3 6 4 3 2 6 3	20 60 30	12 12	3 2 1 3	1		15 22 40 38 30 30 18 10 25 40			80
to a Double in the interest of	34	i	<u> </u>		147	6145	154	1567	300	78	3 14	1101	369		1 12	0 80

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c .- Continued.

COSTI DIVISION.

#### Nets and Seines.

H	errin eines	g	Her	ring N	ets.			erel es.		acke: Nets			Cape: Seine	lin es.		aunc		Se	al Ne	ts.		ush eries
/No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Value.
		\$			\$			\$			\$			\$			\$			\$		\$
	140	200	227 122 66 8 12 7 4 4 40	880 1104 300 150 400	435 185 90 120 180 105 60 135 60 675				3	150	45		45 50 60 50 60	20 								
1	140	200	248	10630	4453		- -		4	200	<b>6</b> 0	22	1185	1115								

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, Number of Men,

											_
									is	IAND	oF
Name of Place.	Salmon, Cured, bris.	Salmon, Fresh in ice, lbs.	Salmon, in cans, lbs.	Salmon, Smoked, boxes.	Cod, quintals.	Cod, quintals.	Haddock, quintals.	Ling, quintals.	Halibut, brls.	Herring, brls.	Smoked Herring, boxes.
English Bay  Strawberry Cove  Ellis Bay  Becscie River  Otter River  Jupiter River  South-West Point  Chaloupe Creek  Dauphine River  Bay River  Belle River  Cormorant Point  Fox Bay  Manzerolle Cove  Spider Cove  Cape Observation  Capelin Bay  Cow Point  Potato es Cove  Cape Cove  Salmon River  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  Ellis Bay  Salmon River  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  Ellis Bay  Strawberry Cove  Cape Cove  Salmon River  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  Ellis Bay  Salmon River  McDonald's Cove  Solve  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  Solve  McDonald's Cove  Solve  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  Solve  McDonald's Cove  Solve  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  Solve  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove  McDonald's Cove	1				2,000 350 251 40 822 375 125 310 295 145 80 180 5	150 75 30 25 95 80 50			50 15 8 8 1 1 1 2 1 2	14,000 14,1,600 25 14,000 14,000 14,000 14,000 16,000 16,000 17,000 18,000 19,000 10,000	
Total	97				5,977	945			123	17,003	

kinds of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c., &c., Continued.

# ANTICOSTI.—Continued.

				Sounds,	Seals	s, Wha	ales a	and		Со	d,			h and ( used a and M	lS .	e.	Con-
/ Mackerel, brls.	Trout, brls.	Sardines, brls.	Eels, brls,	Cod Tongues and S	No. of Seals.	No. of Seal-Skins.	No. of Whales.	No. of Porpoises.	Seal Cil, galls.	Whale Oil, galls.	Porpoise Uil, galls.	Cod Oil, galls.	Herring, bris.	Capelin, brls.	Smelt, brls.	Cod Roes, brls.	Fish used for Local sumption, brls.
20 4 4 1 2 3 30 1 1 1 8 8	6			2	50 8 4 100	50 8 4 100			120 20 95 235			1,600 200 180 35 349 325 125 175 205 100 40 90	162 25 15 45 35 15 30	350 120 112 35 340 60 36 65 50 35 15 35		1	40 10 1 3 1 2 22 6 5 5 3 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
67	9			 8	288	288			894			3,249)	1,153	1,455		24	445

# RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the different Fisheries of the Island of Anticosti Division.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Prices.	Value.
Summer Codfishing	945 do 17,003 barrels 122 do 97 do 9 do 8 do 288 pieces 894 gallons 3,249 do 2,632 barrels	\$ cts. 5 00 5 00 6 00 10 00 12 00 8 06 9 00 1 25 0 50 1 00 4 00	\$ cts. 29,885 00 4,725 00 85,015 00 732 00 670 00 1,164 00 72 00 72 00 360 00 447 00 1,624 59 2,632 09 1,780 00
Total value of the pro do	ducts of the Fisherie do	1877	\$129,178 50 135,352 75 \$6,174 25

\$ 200 € 286 Nets. Value. Value. Herring Seines. 348 202 710 34(1260, : Trout 5650 700, 140 Yards 6540 RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, kinds of Vessels, number of Men, kind of Nets used, kinds of Fish and Fish Oils, &c. \$ 210 111 56 9 70 14 Yarda. : oN 336 Brush Fisheries. 84 Value. .oN 7007 80 7502 ·oN ·enlaV NETS AND SEINES. 17727 Cod Seines. Value. 6290 Seal Nets. Yards. 27674 16910 : Yards. 31 .oN 444 : ON. 14940 12668 36491 2742 024 Value, Launce Seines. Value. Salmon Nets. 96414 2130 565 Yards. 28 22 1133 .oV NETS AND SEINES. ·oN GENERAL RECAPITULATION. 14423 \$4837 2920 5231 320 3115 Capelin Seines. Value. 694 1085 496 78 3567 No. of Shoremen. 16945 3331 3740 5269 420 1185 Yards. 3372 743 1834 1035 300 7284 No. of Fishermen. 137 82 82 22 345 ·oN 2455 7744 852 1567 24969 11373 1726 1734 245 7608 60 Value Mackerel Nets. Value. Flat Boats. 2328 42277, 91700 31700 200 .oN 50**8**1 4696 Yards. 96165 16072 38395 16800 173577 931 Value. Fishing Boats. .oN 491 872 872 403 147 Value. Mackerel Seines. oN. 410 Yards. 223 253 296 296 76 160 8001 No. of Sailors. ñ o<sub>N</sub> 105100 202580 58950 25:200 56872 391830 : 09 Valne.  $v_{slu}$ Vessels. Herring Nets. 4385 2167 609 91001 156103 10290 20292 4139 10630 .ano T Tards. 4829 428872 436 oN. ON. County of Gaspé......County of Bonaventure.... Anticosti Island..... Labrador ..... Magdalen Islanda..... Anticosti Island..... Divisions. Divisions. Total .

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			Yan	T D A	T. DEC	CENEDAT. DECADIMITATION	TIT, A T	NOI	-Continued	ned.						
			מפוז	DRA	שמי ח	JAFIL	типо	1011	Consess	and a			-	-	-	
	.al:	.eo.i	pa•	N.F.	SUMMER FISHING. F	FIBRING.	.8				· novee.					-spuno
Divisions.	Salmen, Oured, bi	Salmon, Fresh, in	Salmon, in cans, l	Salmon, Smoked.	Cod, quintals.	Ood, quintals.	Haddock, quintal	Ling, quintals.	Halibut, brls.	Herring, brls.	Herring, Smoked	Mackerel, bris.	Trout, bris.	Eela, brls.	Tunny, bils.	Cod Tongnes & S
County of Gaspé County of Bonaventure Labrador. Magdalen Island Anticosti Island	76 107 2449 97	201946 253954 33886 349785	23200 116374 139574		71634 6513 16397 16397 5977	23259 6388 5098 654 945 36344	222 441 3 3	25 50	46 109 9 286	1493 5880 15116 5361 17003	 	1242 185 4077 3013 67 8583	20 36 69 9		17	33 33 242
	Seals,		Whales and Porpoises.	-\	-	-1 6	Oila.	-	Fish	and and	Clams used d Manure.	d as Bait	-	- пт 'рэ.	ni ,bə	-noO le
Di risions.	No. of Seals.	No. of Seal-skins	No. of Whales.	No. of Porpoises.	Seal Oil, galla.	Whale Oil, galls.	Porpoise Oil, galls.	Cod Oil, galls.	Herring & Mack- erel, bris.	Oapelin and Launce, bris.	Smelt, Squid and Trout, brls.	Cod Roes, brls.	Clams, bris.	Lobaters, Preserv	Маскетеl, Ртезету салв, lbs.	Fish used for Location, bris.
County of Gaspé County of Gaspé Labrador Magdalen Islands Anticosti Island.	20075 6039 288	20075 6039 288	6 7		83759 83759 27178 894	2 5120 59 480	100	45196 10773 145336 7316 3249	8649 1119 605 1523 1153	4066 7215 60142 1455	693	263 1137 1167 24	170 304 539 321	240960 149112 390048	5136	2118 3669 3512 1177 445
Total	26404	26404	<sup>2</sup>		111833	23 2600	100	211870	13049	72878	1213	2581	1334	780120	5136	10921

#### EXTRACT

FROM THE LOG-BOOK OF THE FISHBRIES PROTECTION STEAMER "LADY HEAD" FOR THE SEASON OF 1878.

May 5.—Took charge of steamship "Lady Head" at Government Wharf, Halifax, 10.25 a.m.

May 8.—Left Government Wharf, 2.30 p. m., anchored at Horse Shoe Island,

May 11.—Left Horse Shoe Island, 8.30 p.m.

May 12.- Anchored at Isle de Sable, o a.m. Left Isle de Sable, 10 a.m. Anchored at Canso Point, 8.30 p.m.

May 14.—Left Pictou Harbour, 4.30 p.m. Moored at the Mine's Wharf, 6.10 p.m. May 16.—Left the Mine's Wharf, 8.30 a.m. Anchored at Pictou Harbour, 8.50 a.m.

May 17 - Left Pictou Harbour, 11.10 a.m. Anchored at West Point, Magdalen Islands, 10.50 p.m.

May 18.—Left West Point, Magdalen Islands, 5. a.m. Anchored at Amherst,

7.25 a.m.

May 19. - Left Amherst, 3.15 p.m. Anchored at House Harbour, 4.30 p.m.

May 20.—Left House Harbour, 3.30 p.m. Anchored at Amherst, 4.20 p m. May 22.—Left Amherst, 1.10 p. m. Brought to at Amherst on account of the fog, 2.20 p.m.

May 26. Left Amherst, 6 a.m. Anchored at the Lighthouse, West Point,

Magdalen Islands, 9.15 a.m.

May 27.—Left West Point, Magdalen Islands, 3.45 a.m. Anchored at Gaspé Basin, 7.50 p.m.

May 29.—Left Gaspé Basin, 10 a.m. Anchored at Barachois, 1.30 p.m. Left

Barachois, 3 p.m. Anchored at Port Daniel, 7.45 p.m.

May 30.—Left Port Daniel, 6.55 p.m. Anchored at Paspebiac, 8.45 p.m.

May 31.—Left Paspebiac 12.40 p.m. Anchored off Cascapedia River, 6.35 p.m. Anchored at Maria, 7 p.m.

June 1.—Left Maria, 12.30 p.m. Anchored at Carleton, 1.43 p m. June 2.—Left Carleton, 12 a.m. Anchored at Campbellton, 2.30 p.m. June 5.—Left Campbellton, 10.10 a.m. Anchored at Carleton, 5 p.m.

June 6.—Left Carleton, 5.15 a.m. Anchored at Cascapedia River, 6.40 a.m. Left Cascapedia River, 11 a.m. Brought to at Carlisle, 2 p.m. Left Carlisle, 2.15

Anchored at Port Daniel, 4.15 p.m.

Pabos, 10.20 a.m. Anchored at Malbaie, 1.30 p.m. Left Malbaie, 3.10 p.m. Moored at the Wharf, Gaspé Basin, 5.50 p.m.

June 8. Left the Wharf and anchored in Gaspé Basin, 5.50 p.m.

June 9.—Left Gaspé Basin, 1.45 p.m. Anchored at Sandy Beach, 2.10 p.m.

June 10.—Left Sandy Beach, 4.15 p.m. Anchored at Grande Grève Cove, 6 p.m. June 11.—Left Grande Grève Cove, 12,30 a.m. Anchored at West Point, Magdalen Islands, 1.20 p.m.

June 13.—Left West Point, Magdalen Island, 4.05 a.m. Anchored at House Harbour, 6.40 a.m. Left House Harbour, 11.36 a.m. Anchored at Amherst, 12.50

June 14.—Left Amherst, 12.55 p.m. Anchored at Bryon Island, 5.45 p.m. Left Bryon Island, 7.55 p.m.

June 15.—Anchored at East Point, Anticosti, 3.45 a.m. Left East Point, Anticosti, 4.55 am. Anchored at Fox Bay, 6.20 a.m. Left Fox Bay, 9.20 a.m. Anchored at Kegashea, 3.30 p.m.

June 20.—Left Kegashca, 7 a.m. Brought to on account of the fog, 11 a.m.

Weighed anchor, 2 p.m. Anchored at Coacoachoo, 6.12 p.m.

June 21.—Left Coacoachoo, 9.50 a.m. Anchored in Coacoachoo Bay, 10.10 a.m. Left the Bay, 11.40 a.m. Anchored at Kegashea, 7.15 p.m.

June 22.—Left Kegashca, 4 a.m. Anchored at Natashquan River, 7 a.m. Left Natashquan River, 1.50 p.m. Anchored at Little Natashquan Harbour, 2.02 p.m.

June 23.—Left Little Natashquan Harbour, 8.05 a.m. Anchored at Manicou-

agan Bay, 12,35 p.m. June 24.—Weighed anchor, 3.30 p.m. Anchored nearer to the shore, 3.40 p.m. June 26.-Left Manicouagan Bay, 12 a.m. Anchored at Esquimaux Point, 3.50 p.m.

June 27.—Left Esquimaux Point, 1.55 p.m. Anchored at Mingan, 3.55 p.m.

Left Mingan, 6.30 p.m. Anchored at St. John River, 8 p.m.

June 28 .- Left St. John River, 9 a.m. Brought to at Sheldrake, 11.35 a.m. Left Sheldrake, 1.15 p.m. Brought to at Pigou, 4 p.m. Left Pigou, 5.05 p.m. Brought to at Moisie River, 7 p.m. Left Moisie River, 7.10 p.m. Anchored at Seven Islands,

July 1.—Left Seven Islands, 10.35 a.m. Stopped to repair rudder, 12.20 p.m.

Left at 12.33 p.m.

July 2.—Anchored at Gaspé Basin, 4.45 a.m.

July 3.—Left Gaspé Basin, 2.15 p.m. Passed Miscou, 9.30 p.m.

July 4.—Anchored at Pictou Harbour, 6.30 p.m.

July 9.—Left Pictou Harbour, 3.30 p.m. Placed vessel on slip, 6.10 p.m.

July 13.—Vessel set affoat. Anchored in Harbour, 7.40 a.m.

July 15.—Left Pictou Harbour, 1.35 p.m. Anchored at Pictou Mines, 2.05 p.m. Moored at Mines Wharf, 3 p.m.

July 17.—Left the Mines Wharf, 12.55 p.m. Anchored at Pictou Harbour, 1.12

July 18.—Left Pictou Harbour, 7.40 p.m. Anchored off Pictou Lighthouse

on account of fog, 8 p.m.

July 19.—Left Pictou Lighthouse, 5.35 a.m. Anchored at East Point, Prince

Edward Island, 1.20 p.m.

July 20.—Left East Point, Prince Edward Island, 4.30 a.m. Anchored at East Point Lighthouse, 6.15 a.m. Left the lighthouse, 11.10 a.m. Anchored at Cove Harbour, 12.20 p.m. Left Cove Harbour, P.E.I., 8.10 p.m.

July 21.—Anchored at Amherst, Magdalen Islands, 4.30 a.m. Left Amherst,

6.10 p.m. Anchored in the Bay near the sand bar, 6.25 p.m.

July 23.—Left the Bay, 3.10 p.m. Anchored at House Harbour.

July 24.—Left House Harbour, 8.25 a.m. Brought to at Amherst, 9.25 a.m. Left Amherst, 10.30 a.m. Passed off East Point, Magda'en Islands, 2 p.m.

July 25.—Anchored at Wapitigun, 8 a.m.

July 26.—Left Wapitigun, 7.55 a.m. Anchored at Harrington Inlet, 11.30 a.m. Left Harrington Inlet, 3.53 p.m. Anchored at Whale Head, Little Meccatina, 5.40 p.m.

July 27.—Left Whale Head, Little Meccatina, 7.50 a.m. Anchored near Island

off Whale Head, 9.15 a.m.

July 28.—Left the Island, 12.40 p.m. Anchored at Bay des Moutons, 2.25 p.m. July 29.—Left Bay des Moutons, 12.15 p.m. Anchored at La Tabatiere, 1.50 p.m. Left La Tabatière, 2.20 p.m. Anchored at Whale Head, Pocachoo, 5.20 p.m. July 30.—Left Whale Head, Pocachoo, 5.50 a.m. Anchored at St. Augustine, 7 a.m. Left St. Augustine, 9.40 a.m. Anchored at Chicatica, 11.10 a.m. Left Chicatica, 1.20 a.m. Anchored at Bay des Rochers, 2 20 p.m.

July 31.—Left Bay des Rochers, 4.35 a.m. Anchored at Bonne Espérance, 11.05. am. Anchored at Green Island, Labrador, 1.30 p.m. Left Green Island, Labrador,

4.30 p.m. Anchored at Bradore Harbour, 5.30 p.m.

August 2.—Left Bradore Harbour, 6 a.m. Anchored at Bonne Espérance, 8.10 a.m. August 3.—Left Bonne Espérance, 12.35 p.m. Anchored at Salt Lake, St.

Augustine, 5.25 p.m. August 5.—Left Salt Lake, St. Augustine, 9.15 a.m. Brought to at Fonderie de Fecteau, 3.35 p.m. Left Fonderie de Fecteau, 3.50 p.m. Anchored at Bay des Moutons, 5.20 p.m.

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August 6.—Left Bay des Moutons, 6 a.m. Brought to at Whale Head, Little Moccatina, 7.35 a.m. Left Whale Head, Little Meccatina 8.35 a.m. Brought to at Coacoachoo Bay, 3.05 p.m. Left Coacoachoo Bay, 4.35 p.m. Anchored at Kegashca,

August 7.—Left Keagshca, 9.15 a.m. Anchored at Natashquan River, 12.35 p.m. August 8.—Left Natashquan River, 1.40 p.m. Anchored at Ste. Geneviève

Island 5.40 p.m.

August 25.—Left St. Geneviève Island, 4.43 a.m. Anchored at Esquimaux Point, 8.05 a.m. Left Esquimaux Point, 9.40 a.m. Brought to at Mingan, 11.25 a.m. Left Mingan, 12.15 p.m. Anchored at English Bay, Anticosti, 3.30 p.m. Left English Bay, 7.30 p.m.
August 10.—The ship is wrecked at Pointe Jaune, 1.40 a.m.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> N. LAVOIE, Fishery Officer in command of the Fisheries Protection Steamer "Lady Head."

# APPENDIX

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, Number and Value of Fishing Boats and Nets,
Shore of the River St. Lawrence, from Pointe

							K	inds of	Nвтв	Usmd.			
		hing ats.			almon a			Brush isheries with Nets.		Brush heries.	Fis	Eel heries.	
Names of Places.	No.	Value.	No. of Fishermen.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No. of Salmon.
		\$				\$		\$		\$			
Pointe Lévis Beaumont St. Michel St. Valier Berthier St. Thomas Cap St. Ignace Frane and Goose Islands Anse à Gilles Fislet St. Jean, Port Joli St. Roch Ste. Anne Rivière Quelle do North-East St. Denis Kamouraska sle aux Patins and other Islands, Kamouraska			6 4 4 16 24 6 37 37 37 37 4 71 29 36	3 1	200	100		1,240 1,420 3,500 1,640	22 7 4 3 6	999 37 480 90 560	13 17 3 17 37 15  62 21 18	845 600 202 1,094 1,155 1,550 4,105 740	32
St. André Notre Dame du Portage			40 33					\ 	8	830 62			
Rivière du Loupsle Vertedo Mainland	19 <b>47</b>	153 176 376	34 20 48	He	rring 1	Nets. 224			6 13 24 18		7		
Lake Temiscouata and Touladi River	15 2 3 1 1 1 2 2	12	15 7 2 7 2 3				1 3 2 5 1	36 91 20	2 1	213 20 45 20			44 1 1 1 1 2 2
Baie de Ha! Ha!	<sub>2</sub>		3			ļ			2 2 3	40			1

No. 4.

Number of Men, together with the Yield, Value and Kinds of Fish on the South Lévis to Cape Chatte, during the Year 1878.

					Kini	s of F	`isn.						
No. of Shad.	Herrings, barrels.	No. of Bels.	Sturgeon, barrels.	Sardines, barrels.	Bar and Whitefish, doz.	No. of Bar Fish.	Small and Mixed Fish.	Mackerel, barrels.	Codfish, quintals.	Cod Oil, galls.	No. of Seals and Skins.	Seal Oil, galls.	Fish for Manure, galls.
1,870 600 560 500	200	6,040 7,600 77,450			121 930 825 1,430	1,400	5 179 525 99 177						25 100 100
250 110 135 1,173	391 391 391 391 391 391 391 391	9,630 6,430 2,530 999	9	120 1,075 5 88 1,215 10			20						95 1,525 2,133
12d 14 12d 14 2 10	5 50 50 100 900 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		2	25 10 25 15			2 4						

RETURN OF FISHING STATIONS, Number and Value of Fishing Boats and Nets, Shore of the River St. Lawrence, from Point Lévis

							K	INDS OF	Nets	USED.			
		hing ats.			almon :	Vata !	Fi	Brush sheries th Nets.		rush heries.		Eel heries.	
Names of Places.	No.	Value.	No. of Fishermen.	No.	Yards.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No.	Value.	No. of Salmon,
	_	<u></u> s	<u>~</u>	-		\$	_	<u> </u>		\$			
Cap Enragé			2	1	100		••••						320 103
Islet Brûlée			6				••••		3	85			550
Rivière Hâtée	2		6		•••••		1	40	2	70			70
Anse au Sable						-	••••		10 1	355 120			150
Islet à Carmel Isle St. Barnabé		••••••	2	••••			•••		3	60			132
Rimouski						30!	•••		9	130			323
Ste. Luce				i	75			******	18	288			685
Ste. Flavie							· · ·		2				45
Metis							•••		6	80			150
Boules					100	60							150 25
Rivière Blanche									3				11
St. Ulric				•••		,			9	156			58
Matane				,					18	337			21
Ste. Félicité								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16	310	,		10
Islets des Méchins Mechins	6	120		2 3	60 100	40				••••••	•••••		150
Mechins	. 0	. 120	0	3	Trout		••••			••••••	,	•••••	
Capucins	9	200	9	1					3	60			
Fly Fishing:—	1					;					!		74
R <sub>1</sub> mouski River Matane do	[				•••••			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••		6
Métis do				:::	i .	4 1					1		4
pictis do						·							8,76
Total	1 1 5 77	1 022	600	40	1.045	7/11	99	10,227	255	10,441	974	13,499	8,76

Number of Men, together with the Yield, Value and Kinds of Fish, on the South to Cape Chatte, during the Year 1878.—Continued.

	-				Kini	s of F	ish.						
No. of Shad.	Herrings, barrels.	No. of Eele.	Sturgeon, barrels.	Sardines, barrels.	Bar and White Fish, doz.	No. of Bar Fish.	Smell and Mixed Fish, brls.	Mackerel, barrels.	Codfish, quintals.	Cod Oil, gallons.	No. of Seals and Skins.	Seal Oil, gallons.	Fish for Manure, barrels.
25 3 4 3,300 460	43 450 628 60 1,400 94 1,265 200 380 40 274	1,300		13 60 56 60 148 450 100 180 5 25 24 7			5 15 4 217	71	450	40		15	230 58 65
12,361	8,995	215,502	218	4,681	3,511	1,560	3,041	76	2,690	290	3	15	5,587

# RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the Different Fisheries from Point Lévis to Cape Chatte in 1878-

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Price.	Value.
Codfish Shad Herring Salmon Sturgeon Bar and Whitefish Bar Fish Sardines Eels Small and mixed fish Mackerel Seal Oil Cod Oil Fish used as manure  Total Value of the Products of the Fisheries for 1878	3,041 barrels. 76 do 3 pieces. 15 gallons. 290 do 5,587 barrels.	\$ cts. 5 00 0 10 5 00 1 00 8 00 2 00 0 50 0 10 0 50 10 00 1 25 0 50 0 50 0 50	\$ cts.  13,450 00 1,236 10 44,975 00 8,765 00 1,714 00 7,022 00 780 00 23,405 00 21,550 20 1,520 50 760 00 1,396 75 145 00 1,396 75
do do do 1877		!-	133,285 90 6,525 10

# APPENDIX No. 5.

RETURN of Fishing Stations, Number and Value of Fishing Boats and Nets, Number of Men, together with the Tield, Value and Kinds of Fish, &c., on the north side of the River St. Lawrence, from Quebec to Bersimis, during the Year 1878.

.,	danure, bri	1 Tol fisia	
	Oil, galls.	i	7097
	galls.	liu lass	
Skins.	pas sesioq	No. of Po	
.81	ii <b>l</b> Z bas els	No. of Se	
	.dsigonai	W lo .ek	
	Grey &	Speckled	
	nd Mixed	Small and Pish, b	38 23 24
<u>د</u>	fisiA erid	Doz.	169 260
Fish	brls.	Sardines,	
le of	, slid ,	Sturgeon	
Kinds of Fish	els.	No. of E	2025 900 900 900 900 100 100 100 100 100 81179 81170
	brls,	Herring,	
	.bя	No. of Sh	1000
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	Rel Fish- eries.	Value.	88 86 80 17.0 20 18.7 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3 19.3
į	e Fi	No.	6 4 1 9 2 8 7 9 7
. <del> </del>	Brush Fish- eries.	Value,	\$ 142 180 53
. sş	•	.oN	8 O
Net	Brush Fisheries with Nets.	Value	<del></del>
Kinds of Nets used		No.	
Kir	Nets.	Value.	\$ 220
	Salmon	Yards.	. 440
	Sal	.oN	~
	emrahsi4 1	Number o	16
	hing ats.	Value.	99
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	Name of Places.		St. Laurent St. Laurent St. François (south side of the Island) St. François (south side of the Island) St. François (north side of the Island) St. Famille (north side of the Island) St. Pierre (north side of the Island) St. Pierre (north side of the Island) St. Pierre (north side of the Island) St. Pierre (north side of the Island) St. Pierre (north side of the Island) St. Pierre (north side of the Island) St. Joachim (Parish) St. Joachim (Parish) St. Joachim (Parish) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm) St. Joachim (Farm)

Value and		Manure, br	101 1181 4		000		
lue	,		109 45:A		1092 1070 992	992	
ಜ !	•	Oil, galla.	Porpoise				
		s, <b>ga</b> lls.	Seal Oils				
Yiel	d Skins.	пв вэгіодто	No. of P				
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with $d$ .		.dsinonni					375 125 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 195 19
together with the Yield, -Continued.	Grey Speckled and Sea Trout, lbs.					7000 11000 1000 1000 3000 12000 8000	200 220 150 140 220 220 220 180 315
toge		sh, brls.	ia Ilame		29		88,112,250
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	of Fish.		Sturgeon		125	16	
umber of Lawrence,	Kinds of		No. of E		6935 798 164		
tum La	Ki	l	H 10 ok		- <del></del> -		
r St.			No. of St		- <u>                                     </u>		
d Nets River			No. of S			140	
ls an the		<u>'</u> -	Value.	₩	735 116 100		
		Eel Fish- eries.			<u> </u>		
ing Boar	ed.	Brush Fish- eries.	Value.	€9-	570 480 458	30 m	
Fish	ts us	: 1	.oN		. 15 15	10-	
ue of Fish	Kinds of Nets used	Brush Fisheries with Nets.	Value.	₩	<b> :</b> :		
alue n th	o spu		.oV				
	ΙΞ	Nets	Value.	<del>•••</del>	100	150	24 0 24 0 24 0 24 0 108 0 120 0 120 0 120 0 120
· and h. &c		Salmon	Yards.		164	264	240 1800 600 2400 1080 1200 1400 5
Number 8 of Fish.	<u></u>		No.		74 24	n n	20 20 20 20 24 24 15 15 15 15
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io <b>ns,</b> Kind	1	Fishing Boats.	.9nlaV		- ! ! ! !		
statio ]			.o.V			o o	
RETURN of Fishing Stations,		Names of Places.			Les Boulements	St. Agnès:— Little Lake Nairne Grand Lake Nairne Lake Hilation Lake Hilation Lake Pointe à Jérôme Long & DesMouts Lakes Luc Ajacot. Luc Comportée. Lac Comportée. Lac Gravelle Lac Morin St. Fidele. St. Siméon	Luke St. John:— Salmon River (angling) Mistassini St. Félicien Ashuapmouchonan Roberval Charlevoix Metabetchonau (East) do Signay Labarre

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3800 1400 450 50 50 50 60 60 60 60 60	5 193
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Ste. A une Chicoutimi Sie. A une Chicoutimi Si. Fulgence Grande Baie and Anse h Berjamin Petites Isles (for breeding purposes) Purposes) Pointe Rouge Riviere au Ganard Pointe Rouge Riviere au Ganard Rouge au Bouleut. Anse Ste. Catherine Anse Ste. Catherine Pointe au Bouleut. Anse Puante Pointe i la Cariole Pointe i la Cariole Anse aux Basques and Bergeronnes Berconnains. Little Fecounains Little Fecounains Little Fecounains Little Rougenes Route aux Colombiers. Islets Jerenie. Sault au Coclom Pointe aux Colombiers. Islets Jerenie. Bersimis From Kivière au Canard to Bersimis	ishi er E. er d rray rray rray To
Ste. Anne Chicoutimi. Sie. Anne Chicoutimi. Si. Fulgence Grande Beis and Benjamin. Petites Isles (for burposes) Pointe Rouge Rivière au Canard Pointe au Bouleau Annes Ste. Catherin Anne Puante Pointe il la Carioli Anne Puante Pointe il la Carioli Anne Puante Rouge Bergeronnes Bergeronnes Islets Penchés Little Escoumains Little Escoumains Little Escoumains Little Romaine Sault au Goclom. Pointe aux Golom Pointe aux Golom Pointe aux Colom Islets fermie Sault au Greinie Serimis Estermis Estermis From Kivière au Fro	River Ste. Marguerite, NE. Branch

# RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the different Fisheries from Quebec to Bersimis in 1878.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Price.	Value.
Salmon	135 barrels 1,000 pieces 224 barrels 4,045 pieces 13 barrels 981 doz 50,819 pieces 711 barrels 1,600 pieces 102 do 10,004 do 5,493 barrels	5 00 0 25 0 08 8 00 2 00 0 10 0 50 1 25 4 00 0 50 0 50 0 50 0 50 0 50 0 50 0 5	\$ cts. 3,259 00 675 00 100 00 1,120 00 1,011 25 33,979 20 104 00 1,962 00 5,081 90 355 50 2,000 00 408 00 8,000 00 8,003 20 1,373 25 \$67,432 30 62,366 50 \$ 5,065 80

# APPENDIX No. 6.

		Manure,	of dai'd	<b>-</b>		•	40	00				0 10	
	erel, barrels. , barrels. d Fish, bar-		Mixed F rels.		004 002 003 003			88	2550		200	16810	
l			Pike, ba		100	3				450 250	268	1148	
			Pickerel		06	900	167	9		300 300 300	78	2272 1148	
	İ	rels.	Bass, bar			9	1474	6			117	880 1614	
<u>1</u>		eskinonge	No. of M		3	3	•	န	8_	700		<u>'</u>	
Tinds of	5	, bush.	Tom Co		2000 25000							25000	
T.in.		Whitefish,	Bar and doz.		2000	3		12	: 8	200	1900	4525	
	.!		Trout,		1500	10000		500	3000	3	70000 1900	2000	
		barrels.	Sturgeon			207	8	22		35.		292 8	
		•s[s•	No. of E		1000	000	46355	3000	006	3000	•	11 106055 292 85000 4525 25000	
		ter Her-	ew-da914 rings,			=======================================			•			1	
		.bad.	No. of Si		0006	1000	3662		01		:	13672	
		lmon.	S to ov		11							ĪI	
		Fish'ries	Value.		_ :-!		- 6			<u> </u>		4 3088	
		·	l	Value.	€9		<u>:</u>	100			<u> </u>		100
•	sed.	Pound Nets.	·oN		-	<u>:</u>	-					†	
:	ets U	les.	.aulaV	↔		1500	317	400	200		1	2607	
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	Kinds of Nets Used	80	·9uIsV	·	•			23	ణ	1350 3286 2000 800		4666	
i	<b>.</b>	Gill Nets.	Yards.		20	2500		006	400	-		17170	
			.oV			100		40		380		621	
		permen.	No. of Fig		200	200	;	. 23	20 8	130	150	1,	
		Fishing Boats.	Value.	€	6500	1600	113	401	1000	400	3	12014	
		E. S.	.oV		200	200	15	14 240	202	1001		1192	
	-	Names of Places.			Three Rivers Division	op,	ngog do do do seisguoi		Terrebonne do Chatcauguay and Beau- harnois Division	Argenteuil Division	Gatineau Lakes Division	:	
				1	51	Sorel	Mag M 38	Rich	Terr Cha ha	Arg	Gatte	2	

# RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the different Fisheries in the Districts above Quebec in 1878.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Prices.	Value.
Shad Fresh-water Herrings. Eels. Sturgeon Speckled and Grey Trout. Bar and Whitefish. Tom Cod Maskinongé. Bass. Pickerel Pike. Mixed Fish Fish used as manure.  Total Value of the Products of the Fisheries, 18' do do 18'  Increase.	106,055 pieces 292 barrels 85,000 lbs 4,525 dozen 25,000 bushels 880 pieces 1,614 barrels 2,272 do 1,148 do 16,810 do 10 do	5 00 0 10 8 00 0 08 2 00 0 50 2 00 10 00 10 00 5 00 0 25	\$ cts.  1, 367 20 55 00  10,665 50 2,336 00 6,800 00 9,050 00 12,5 0 00 1,769 00 16,140 00 22,720 00 11,480 0 84,050 00 84,050 00  \$15,8866 20 166,663 30 \$12,202 90

# APPENDIX No. 7.

# GENERAL RECAPITULATION

OF the Yiel and Value of the Fisheries on the North and South Shores of the River and Gulf St. Lawrence, from Quebec to Blanc Sablon, and from Point Lévis to Baie des Chaleurs, and in the Districts above Quebec, during the years 1877 and 1878.

Kinds of Fish.  Od fish	263,442 73,924 700 25 5,313½ 960 248 99 227½ 2,232½ 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	292,936 53,983 22 11 8,659 5,136 666 25 286 2,729 489,786 12,024	\$ cts. 1,317,270 00 358,925 50 175 00 125 00 53,435 00 144 00 1,240 00 495 60 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00 15,090 75	\$ ci 1,464,680 0 269,915 0 5 5 55 0 86,590 0 125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3 12,024 0
do smoked	73,924 700 25 5,343½ 960 248 99 227½ 2,232½ 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	53,983   22   11   8,659   5,136   666   25   286   2,729   489,786   12,024	1,317,270 00 358,925 50 175 00 125 00 53,435 00 1,240 00 495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,806 00 4 00	1,464,680 0 269,915 0 5 5 55 0 86,590 0 770 4 3,330 0 125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
do smoked	73,924 700 25 5,343½ 960 248 99 227½ 2,232½ 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	53,983   22   11   8,659   5,136   666   25   286   2,729   489,786   12,024	1,317,270 00 358,925 50 175 00 125 00 53,435 00 1,240 00 495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,806 00 4 00	1,464,680 0 269,915 0 5 5 55 0 86,590 0 770 4 3,330 0 125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
do smoked	73,924 700 25 5,343½ 960 248 99 227½ 2,232½ 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	53,983   22   11   8,659   5,136   666   25   286   2,729   489,786   12,024	358,925 50 175 00 125 00 125 00 53,435 00 144 00 1,240 00 495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00	269,915 0 5 5 5 5 86,590 0 770 4 3,330 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
do smoked	700 25 5,343½ 960 248 99 227½ 2,232½ 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	22 11 8,659 5,136 666 25 286 2,729 489,786 12,024	175 00 125 00 53,435 00 144 00 1,240 00 495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,806 00 4 00	5 5 5 6 5 5 0 86,590 0 770 4 3,330 0 125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
do fresh-water Bris.  ackerel. "  do preserved in cans Lbs. addock Qntls.  ng. "  alibut Bris.  lmon, pickled "  do fresh on ice Lbs.  do Pieces	25 5,3132 960 248 99 2273 2,2322 326,548 8,806 1 1 100,605 3,290	11   8,659   5,136   666   25   286   2,729   489,786   12,024   139,574	125 00 53,435 00 144 00 1,240 00 495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00	55 0 86,590 0 770 4 3,330 0 125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
do preserved in cans Lbs. addock Qntls. ng	5,343½ 960 248 99 227½ 2,232⅓ 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	8,659 5,136 666 25 286 2,729 489,786 12,024	53,435 00 144 00 1,240 00 495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00	86,590 0 770 4 3,330 0 125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
addock Constitution preserved in cans Los.  Qutils.  Qutils.  Constitution Constitu	960 248 99 2273 2,2323 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	5,136 666 25   286 2,729 489,786 12,024	144 00 1,240 00 495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00	770 4 3,330 0 125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
addock Constitution preserved in cans Los.  Qutils.  Qutils.  Constitution Constitu	248   99   227\$; 2,232\$; 326,548   8,806   1   100,605   3,290	25   286   2,729   489,786   12,024   139,574	1,240 00 495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,806 00 4 00	3,330 0 125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
alibut Brls. dlmon, pickled	99 227 2,232 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	25 286 2,729 489,786 12,024	495 00 1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00	125 0 1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
alibut Brls. dlmon, pickled	227½ 2,232½ 326,548 8,806 1 100,605 3,290	286 2,729 489,786 12,024 139,574	1,365 00 26,790 00 16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00	1,716 0 32,748 0 24,489 3
do fresh on ice	$ \begin{array}{r} 2,232\frac{7}{2} \\ 326,548 \\ 8,806 \\ 1 \\ 100,605 \\ 3,290 \end{array} $	2,729 489,786 12,024 139,574	26,790 00 16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00	32,748 0 24,489 3
do fresh on ice	326,548 8,806 1 1 100,605 3,290	489,786 12,024 139,574	16,327 00 8,866 00 4 00	24,489 3
do do Pieces	8,806 1 100,605 3,290	12,024	8,866 00   4 00	
	1 100,605 3,290	139,574	4 00	12,024
	100,605 3,290			
do smoked	3,290		1 5 000 7% l	
innonish				20,936 1
ront (a) Pieces		4,045	892 50	1,011 2
	276	134	2,212 00	1,072
do Speckled and Grey Lbs.	458,740	509,740	36,687 20	40,779
	617	523	4,940 00	1,184
ar and Whitefish Doz.	10,539	9,017	21,078 00	18,034
ar Fish Pieces	2,642	1,560	1,321 00	780 (
lad	52,647	27,033	5,264 70	2,703
ardines. Brls.	8,130	4,905	40,650 00	24,525 (
els	23	17	230 00	170 (
do Pieces	282,744	372,376	28,274 0	37,23 <b>7</b>
ass. Pieces ke. Bris.	525	1,614	5,250 00	16,140
ike Bris.	775	1,148	7,750 00	11,480
ickerel " om Cod Back	1,870⅓	2,272	18,705 00	22,720
om Cod Bush.	20,000	25,000	10,000 00	12,500
unny Bush. Bush. Bris. Mall and mixed Fish		*******	10 00	
mall and mixed Fish	6,313	3,753	3,156 50	1,876
ixed Fish " askinongé Pieces	16,778	16,810	83,890 00	84,050
askinongé Pieces hark	767	880	1,534 00	1,760
hark Pieces	40		240 00	
eal Skins	14,612	28,007	18,265 00	35,008
orpoise Skins	137	103	548 00	412
A Proceed to the Cause	450,669	780,120	67,600 35	117,018
do fresh "  ish and Clams used as bait and manure. Brls. ish used for local consumption."	5,400		250 00	
and Clams used as bait and manure. Brls.	206,649	10°,145	187,859 25	93,827
ish used for local consumption	11,554	10,921	46,218 00	43,684
od Tongues and Sounds	231	242	2,106 00	2,178
eal Oil Galls.	73,560	127,848	36,780 00	63,924
Vhale Oil	13,716	5,600	6,858 00	2,800
orpoise Oil	11.188	10,104	9,950 40	8,083
God Oil "	225,129	212,160	112,564 50	106,080
1		1		0.051.400
Total		*********	2,560,147 45	2,671,422
		ĺ	i	2,560,147
Increase				111,274

# APPENDIX No. 8.

SYNOPSES OF FISHERY OVERSEERS' AND GUARDIANS' REPORTS IN THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, FOR THE YEAR 1878.

SOUTH SHORE DIVISION FROM POINT LÉVIS TO CAPE CHATTE.

CLOVIS CARON,

JULES GAUVREAU,

HERMENEGILDE MARTIN,

L. E. GRONDIN,

VITAL CHAREST,

The following comparative table exhibits the yield of the fisheries in this division:

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	7 5.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Salmon (pieces) Shad do Herrings (brls) Sturgeon do Sardines (brls.) Cod (quintals) Eels (pieces) Porpoises Bar-fish (doz) do (pieces) Small and mixed	16,249 6,671 219 6,688 4,900 109,125 208	25,035 2,169 242 1,443 2,200 109,204 115	7,174° 130 1,658 300 73,353 6	18,094 12 545 298 868 96,734	20,583 12,903 523 900 3,200 121,442	85,822 6,311 263 930 2,500 125,550	117,927 8,474 362 1,642 4,000 144,726	$ 33,936 $ $ 10,995 $ $ 323\frac{1}{2} $ $ 7,410 $ $ 2,220 $ $ 158,143 $ $ 11 $ $ 2,361 $	8,705 12,361 8,816 218 4,681 2,690 215,502 3,511 1,560
fish (brls.) Seal skins (pieces) Seal oil (galls.) Cod do					110,899			124,328	3,041 3 15 290

This district is divided as follows:-

1st Division, from Rimouski to River Ouelle, under charge of Mr. Caron; 2nd Division, from River Ouelle to Pointe à la Loupe (Isle Verte) to the Rimouski River, under charge of Mr. Gaurreau;

3rd Division, from Point La Loupe (Isle Verte) to the River Rimouski, under

charge of Mr. Martin;

4th Division, from River Rimouski to River Blanche, under charge of Mr. Grondin;

5th Division, from River Blanche to Cape Chatte, under charge of Mr. Charest; Mr. Caron reports fishing as having been better than last year, especially for salmon and cels; but although the yield was larger, the value was less, owing to a decrease in prices.

The following is a comparative statement of the yield of salmon in Overseer's Caron's Division for the past five years:-

In	1874,	527	salmon,	weighing	8,959	lbs.;	average	weight	17	lbs.
	1875,	335	"	"	4,020	"	ii ii	• •	12	46
	1876,	700	"	"	7,000	"	"		10	"
	1877,	871	"	"	8,710	46	"		10	"
	1878, 1	,830	"	"	21,960	"	"		12	"

Thus showing an increase of 959 fish over the catch of 1877.

Shad fishing is steadily falling off, which has the effect of raising the prices. Fishermen cannot ascribe any cause for the rapid decrease of that fishery.

Comparative statement of the yield of shad for the last three years;

In	1876	50,571
٠,	1877	10,000
"	1878	4,590

No shad were caught below Berthier. This decrease in the catch caused a rise in prices. These fish sold at \$16 per hundred, whilst \$10 was the highest price heretofore paid for them.

A large increase is noticed in the eel fishery, the catch being larger than in any previous comparative statement.

In	1874	58,641	eels.
"	1875	62,133	"
"	1876	64,436	"
"	1877	93,741	"
"	1878	103,826	"

Bar-fish is also on the increase; 3,511 dozen having been caught this season against 2,361 dozen in 1877. Besides this, 1,560 bar-fish, which could not, owing to their large size, be sold by the dozen, were also caught and sold separately. Their average weight was five pounds.

Mr. Gauvreau reports a slight decrease in the shad, herring and sardine fisheries. This he attributes to the strong south-westerly winds which prevailed during the migration of these fish. Eels were very abundant, and the fishery laws were well

Mr. Martin states that the yield of the fisheries in his division was very satisfactory except in the lower part thereof, where fishing was not so good, owing to the inferior materials employed and want of proper care. Herring and sardines were plentier than last year.

Mr. Grondin says that the fishery laws were well observed in his district, with the exception of one case of spearing on Metis River, committed by Indians who

immediately took to the woods and thus escaped being caught.

Mr. Charest reports fishing in his division as being generally good, except the herring and small fish fisheries, which yielded less than in 1877. Poachers are numerous and bold; one of them was fined, and two others condemned to a month's imprisonment for illegally catching salmon with nets.

The following is the score of salmon angling in Rimouski River for the past fourteen years:—

		Salmon.
	1865	8
	1866	32
	1867	36
	1868	48
	1869	57
	1870	18
	1871	68
	1872	47
	1873	43
	1874	<b>7</b> 3
	1875	27
	1876	3 <b>5</b>
	1877	40
	1878	74
	1870	52 57 146 36 19
An	d in Matane River:	
	1874	49
	1875	62
	1876	121
	1877	51
	1878	60

# TEMISCOUTA DIVISION.

GEORGE GAGNON, CYRILLE DUBÉ,  $\left. \begin{array}{c} Guardians. \end{array} \right.$ 

The yield of fisheries in this division is estimated at 179 barrels of herrings or 103 barrels less than last year. This falling off is not, however, attributed to a scarcity of fish, but to the smaller number of persons who were engaged in fishing.

#### CAPE CHATTE DIVISION.

#### Joseph I. Létourneau, Overseer.

Comparative Statement of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

Kinds of Fish.	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish quintals Halibut barrels Salmon do do (fish in ice) lbs	25	8,666 7 20	6,354 11 8	5,625	4,160 3 23½	3,860 2 12	6,840 7 5	7,090	6,922 3 13 1,248
Herring barrels  Mackerel do  Trout do  Sardings	?5 8	34 13	37 10	27	45 3½	2 24	376 48 <del>]</del>	1 51 34 54 <u>1</u> 60	90 47 11
Sounds and do No. of Seals and Skins	.,							2 2	
Cod Oil do Fish used as beit and manure		122 5,280	787 2,353	1,078	1,604	1,995	3,040	20 60 2,955	2,840
barrels		300	1,300	260	1,500	3,000	12,266	12,770 458	187 479

Although the above statement exhibits a slight decrease in the yield of codfishing, as compared with the catch of 1877, it was, nevertheless, better than last year; most of the men having fished for a shorter period than usual, and caught larger quantities of fish. Such of the boats as fished during the whole season caught from 150 to 300 quintals of codfish. On the whole, and considering the scarcity of bait, fishermen are well pleased with the result of their season's work. Only one net was set this year in Ste. Anne des Monts River, and 13 barrels of salmon were caught. Salmon were plentiful in that stream as well as in the other rivers of this division, and the breeding grounds were well frequented. In Cap Chatte River, a noticeable improvement has occurred, the fish being one-third more numerous than ever be-The only drawback with this stream is that it is difficult to guard; a number of Indians and white men being settled along the banks who make a practice of spearing. Jack-lights and spears were found and destroyed, but the violators of the law could not be found.

The number of salmon caught with the fly in Ste Anne des Monts River since 1871 is as follows:—

Year	No. of Salmon	Average weight.
1871	8	
1872	13	
1873	87	175
1874	140	$$ $19\frac{7}{2}$
1875	69	21
1876	116	$$ 19 $\frac{1}{2}$
1877	76	$18\frac{7}{2}$
1878	67	201

Herrings appear to return to this coast. The quantity cured this season is not very large, it is true, but a great quantity was employed as bait and it is very desirable that these fish should again become plentiful for that purpose.

Mackerel which had failed for some years past, struck again this season in large numbers, and had fishermen been prepared with seines they could have secured as abundant harvest. About 50 barrels were caught with hooks and lines. The spring run was composed of lean fish, but in the fall they were large and fat.

Capelin, which abounded in 1877, failed this season, owing to contrary winds

during the spring.

#### MAGDALEN RIVER DIVISION.

MAGLOIRE LAURENDEAU, Guardian.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

Kinds of Fish.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish	28 4 70	20,151 76 28 6 52 1,000 18,534 6,310 788	28,453 41 601 254 4 60 268 14,670 3,692 1,664

Codfishing shows an increase of 8,302 quintals over last year. Mackerel was abundant, 254 barrels being cured this season, against 28 in 1877.

Herring appeared in large numbers, 601 barrels being caught. Capelin was

scarce.

Salmon ascended Magdalen River in large numbers, and although the anglers killed only 35 fish, against 50 in 1877—the river seemed well stocked and this Guardian states that they were numerous on the breeding ground.

# GASPÉ, MALBAIE AND PABOS DIVISIONS.

PHILIP VIBERT, JUN., Overseer.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

Kinds of Fish.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish quintals  Herring barrels do (smoked boxes	2,529	46,623 1,527	61,691 552	60,993 1,239	73,537 429	59,331 802 15
Mackerel         barrels           Salmon (pickled)         do           do (fresh, in ice)         lbs           do (preserved, in cans)         lbs           Haddock         quintals	563 361	170 99 118,304	49 76,717	2 96 72,554	131 99 99,482	970 3 200,430 23,200 23,23
Ling					62	28 2 2 202
No of Seal Skins         gallons           Seal Oil         do           Whale Oil         do           Cod Oil         do	11,692 36.960	16,300 29,398	20,306	9,368 39,987	40 8,614 59,714	5,120 27,678 9,662
Fish used as bait and manure barrels do for local consumption do					150	284 240,960

#### Salmon Fishing.

This fishery yielded double that of last year. Very few salmon were pickled, the whole being sold fresh or canned.

## Cod Fishing.

The yield of this fishery was much below that of 1877, and did not average over quintals per boat. One of the causes of this falling off was the scarcity of bait. Capelin, which is usually found in abundance on this coast, remained only a short time. Launce and squid were the principal baits used.

## Mackerel Fishing.

Mackerel was abundant; about 300 barrels were caught at Sandy Beach, 170 at Peninsula, and 500 at Gaspé Basin.

## Whale Fishing.

Only one vessel engaged in this fishing, capturing nine whales which yielded 5,120 gallons of oil.

## Lobster Fishing.

Five large establishments were engaged in preserving lobsters, besides a small one which was in operation only for a short time near Grand River. Altogether 240,960 pounds were canned, showing an increase of 167,960 pounds over the operations of 1877.

## Salmon Angling.

Salmon angling was good. In Dartmouth River, seventy-three salmon were killed with the fly, their total weight being 1,740 pounds. Anglers on St. John's River killed 67 fish. The several Guardians report the fish on the spawning beds as having been very numerous. Malbaie River is improving. Over 133 salmon were counted in the several pools during the month of October.

Three rods killed 129 salmon, weighing 2,165 pounds, in Grand River, against

92 in 1877.

In Little and in Grand Pabos Rivers, the increase is also appreciable.

# Fishery Laws.

The fishery laws were well observed in this division, only two parties being aned, one for neglecting to raise his nets on Sunday and the other for setting a salmon net in contravention of the law.

#### PORT DANIEL DIVISION.

# JOHN PHELAN, Overseer.

COMPARATIVE Statement of the yield of the Fisheries in this Division.

	1 <b>86</b> 8.	1869.	18 <b>70</b> .	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish	515	370	695	1,231	830	148 280	7110 710	,020	68 1,755	7 $41,801$ $1,090$	1,090
Fish used as bait and manurebrls Fish used for local		••••••								5,120 7,475	, 
consumptionbrls Lobsters (preserved in cans)lbs										1,030 63, <b>365</b>	930 100,000

Salmon fishing was better than usual, the fish being also of a larger size. Most of the catch was disposed of fresh at the canning establishments, and although the proprietors had made the necessary preparations, they found it very difficult to get the fish canned in time; the supply being far in excees of what they had expected. A new ice house is being put up this fall to meet increasing wants.

Cod fishing yielded more than an average catch, especially during the fall.

Lobster fishing began about the 15th of May, with good prospects, but the season did not prove so favourable as anticipated on account of easterly winds which prevailed most of the time. The catch, however, shows an increase over that of 1877, but it must be borne in mind that double the number of traps were set.

#### CASCAPEDIA AND MARIA DIVISIONS.

R. W. H. DIMOCK, Overseer.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of the Fisheries in this Division.

	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish quintals Herrings barrels. do (smoked) boxes. Mackerel barrels. Haddock quintals Salmon, (pickled) barrels. do lbs. do (preserved in cans) do Ling quintals Trout barrels. Eels do Cod Tongues and Sounds. do Cod Oil galls. Fish used as bait and manure barrels.	8,990 104 133 96,800	116,955	95,824	76 24,386	17	35 21 12 3 051	4,111 4,790 164 41 42 160,230 62,616 5 36 17 
Fish used for local consumption do Lobsters lbs		<b></b>		5,844	5,016	1,716 35,200	2,739 49,112

Salmon appeared earlier than usual, and no freshets occurring, ascended the rivers immediately after their arrival. The nets were set on the 16th May, and the first salmon was caught on the 17th. The catch with the same number of fishermen, exceeded that of 1877 by about 450 barrels. Angling was also very good on the Grand Cascapedia. On the Little Cascapedia, six salmon were killed, during a short stay, by Messrs. Davidson and Doran.

Forty fish were killed with the fly in the Bonaventure River.

The guardians report the Grand Čascapedia River as being perfectly alive with salmon. Little Cascapedia is also well stocked. Bonaventure River shows a noticable increase.

The following is the score of angling during the last eight years:-

#### GRAND CASCAPEDIA RIVER.

,	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Weight in lbs	1,012 23	136 3,100 22 <del>{</del>	68 1,434 21 <del>]</del>	418 9,902 23 <del>11</del>	269 6,862 21½	369 8,998 24 <del>]</del>	313 7,085 22 <del>]</del>	305 3,173 16

#### LITTLE CASCAPEDIA RIVER.

Number of salmon	Notanoriea. ∢ i	11 194 17 <u>}</u>	3 57 17 <u>5</u>	4 120 22	14 210 15	4 84 21	6 200 284

#### BONAVENTURE RIVER.

							1	
Number of salmon	60	30	22	15	26	45	21	40
A TRUE IN INC	770	487	366	225	290	622	331 <del>1</del>	664
Average weight in lbs	13	16	16	15	1126	14	16	163
_		i	i	i	1	1	I	-

Herring fishing was better than last year. Mackerel were also more abundant. Lobster fishing was on an average at Maria, but better at Capelin. The catch shows a slight increase over that of 1877.

#### METAPEDIA AND RESTIGOUCHE DIVISIONS.

#### JOHN MOWAT, Overseer.

Mr. Mowat reports that the salmon fishing, in his division, is conducted under two methods:—

1st. From Belledune River to Dalhousie Harbour, the nets are set from anchors or kellocks.

2nd. From Dalhousie to Tide Head, the nets are set entirely on stakes driven into the bottom from snore and on the "Middle Grounds."

From Belledune to River Jacquet, the coast is rough, the water deep, the nets not very thick, and fishing generally poor. From Jacquet River to Black Point the nets are very close, the fresh water of the river, no doubt, inducing the fish to run inshore. From Black Point to River Charlot, fish are scarce, and although the nets are set about a mile apart, the yield does not pay working expenses. Above River Charlot, nets are set very close, and the fishing is excellent, some stations having taken as much as 15,000 lbs. of fish this season.

On the New Brunswick, or the south side of Bay des Chalcurs, more fish are caught than on the Quebec side; there being three times the number of stations.

During this season, six of the best stations caught from 15,000 to 25,000 pounds, and the catch of the others was from 900 to 5,000 pounds. The total yield was 41 barrels cured, and 93,724 pounds sold fresh.

Angling was very satisfactory. The number of fish killed is as follows:-

In	Metapedia R	iver	•		***************************************	171	salmon.
"	Upsalguitch	"				<b>2</b>	"
"	Restigouche	"	Lower	Division		177	"
	٧.						"
"	"	"	Upper	"		367	"

Making a total of.......1,130

against 761 killed in 1877.

From all reports, the stock of parent fish was abundant in all the rivers of this division, and especially in the upper waters, owing to the heavy freshets which occurred during the early part of August, and allowed the salmon to ascend Kedgwick River.

Signs of poachers were noticed in one instance, but the offenders could not be caught. In the lower division, six drift nets and three canoes were seized. Two of the nets and the canoes were destroyed, the guardians being unable to carry them safely, besides being of little value. Two drift nets were also taken upon the Metapedia River. Thomas Downs was caught with a net which he had set and illegally used, and a fine of \$20 was imposed. The Indians, as a rule, behaved well. A few of them spear eels, and they are allowed to catch trout with hook and line at all seasons of the year.

# QUEBEC AND MONTMORENCY DIVISIONS.

L. P. Huot, Overseer.

D. Rosa, Guardian.

The following is a comparative statement of the Fisheries in this division:—

		1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
	SalmonShadEels	96 1,057 19,05 <b>9</b>	91 1,100 1 <b>4</b> ,728		1,600	2,250 11,856	60 1,850 5,317	52 2,450 8,628	1,500	
do do	Sturgeondoz. Bar and Whitefish brls. Small Fish	1,314 1,902 271	2,126	1,901 2,074	88 447	32½ 712 92	12 294 40	18 338 51		

The bar-fish and eel fisheries were very successful, the latter especially. The lakes around Quebec are reported as teeming with fish.

#### MURRAY BAY DIVISION.

J. E. DEMEULES,
ANT. FILION,
JOS. SIMARD,
ETIENNE TREMBLAY,

Guardians.

Mr. Demeules states that the fishery laws were well observed; not a single case

of infraction being traced out.

The lakes in this division are reported as being well stocked with trout, and increasing steadily. Ecl fishing was exceptionally good, especially so in the upper part of this division.

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#### LAKE ST. JOHN DIVISION.

JOB BILODEAU, Guardian.

Comparative statement of the yield of the Fisheries in this Division :-

	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
No. of Winnonish	. ,	9,050	3,000	3,050	4,045
do doz. of Whitefish	1,162	440	350	285	390

The eatch of winnonish is larger than that of last year, and the Guardian expresses a hope that this increase will be still further developed.

#### SAGUENAY DIVISION.

T. E. SAUCIER, Overseer.

JOSEPH BOILY, Guardian.

Yield of salmon net-fishing for the past eight years:-

	Salmon.
1870	3,275
1871	3,462
1872	3,312
1873	
1874	2,482
1875	
1876	. 2,830
1877	
1878	2,746

The following is the score of angling in the Saguenay Rivers for the past seven Jears:

	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
River St. Marguerite, N.W. Branch	112	125	133	77	25	159	No returns
N.E. Branch	53	50	150	55	49	46	63
River à Mars do Anse St Jean	3	28	75	28	57	51	28
do Anse St. Jean	13	39	71	31	25	8	3
do Petit Saguenay do Laval	11	No returns	83	39	14	No returns	7
do Lavaldo du Gonffre	Not angl'd	do	Not angl'd	Not angl'd	6	Not angl'd	Not angl'd
do du Gouffre	do	do	do	do	do	do 🔻	7
do Murray.	do	do	do	do	do	do	8
	1					1	ļ

During the course of the season, it was found necessary to dispense with the services of the former Overseer, Mr. Saillant, for inattention to his duties. He was replaced by Mr. Saucier, who does not appear to have done anything. This Department is indebted to Mr. Radford, who has charge of the Tadoussac fish-breeding establishment, for the usual statistics of the yield and value of the fisheries.

#### GODBOUT DIVISION.

## GEORGE L. DUGUAY, Guardian.

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

<del></del>	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish		305 4	219 4 7
Salmon (pickled)	. 10	1 5,754	27
Frout barrels Number of Seal Skins gallons of Od Oil do do	. 190 . 705	5½ 200 1,000 100	159 2,005 87
Porpoise Oilgallons gallons barrels barrels do for local consumption do		115 27	100 33 26

The following is the number of salmon caught with the fly in Godbout River for the past nine years:—

	Salmon.
1870	390
1871	509
1872	275
1873	130
1874	273
1875	
1876	213
1877	
1878	239

Salmon was abundant in Mistassini and Becscie Rivers, the height of water allowing the fish to ascend the falls without difficulty. The net fishermen were successful, salmon being plenty all along the shore. Codfish was abundant, but fishermen began too late to fish, and the catch was only 219 quintals, against 305 in 1877. Mackerel struck in abundantly this season, but owing to fishermen being unrepared, seven barrels only were caught. Seal fishing was good.

# PENTECOST AND SEVEN ISLANDS DIVISIONS.

#### J. G. BELANGER, Guardian.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

							,	
-	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1975.	1876.	1877.	1878.
	l	<b> </b>	!				<u> </u>	!
Codfish         quintals.           Herring         barrels.           Mackerel         do           Salmon (pickled)         do           Trout         barrels.           No. of Seal Skins.         barrels.           Cod Oil         gallons           Seal Oil         do           Fish used for bait and manure         barrels.           do         local consumption         do	430	1,346	880 300	545	297 570	678 264	3,307 277 4,037 61½ 114 1,342 767 2,404 111	3,528 112
•	i .		1	t	l		1	!

This division is treated at length in Dr. Lavoie's Report.

#### MOISIE DIVISION.

# G. MATHURIN, Guardian.

\* COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

	186 <b>9.</b>	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
<b>`</b>	<u> </u> -	<u>'——</u>	<u></u>			<u> </u>		<u>'</u>		
Codfish quintals Salmon (pickled) barrels.	1,830	5,131	5.151	4,030	2,250	3,783	2,414	4,064	6,958 31	3,19 <b>2</b> 41
do (fresh in ice) lbsgallons.		1,104			204,000	60,200	102,400	105,335	135,711	319,000
										2,620 26
Halibut gallons Herring do Maokerel						*********			500	31 <b>5</b> 21 <b>4</b>
Cod Ton									26	5
No. of Sales and Sounds do	•••••							• •••••	20	60
Seal Oil gallons.										335
Fish used as bait and manurebrls. do for local con-						• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••		1,464	1,457
sumptionbarrels.		<b></b> .							94	100
	<u> </u>	]	1	1	<u> </u>	l	<u> </u>	1	l 	

The following is the score of angling in Moisie River for the past six years:

	Salmon.
1873	281
1874	256
1875	97
1876	68
1877	107
1878	154

#### MINGAN DIVISION.

# Donald B. McGie, Overseer.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

	1870.	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish quintals.  Herring barrels.  Salmon (pickled) do do (fresh in ice) lbs.  No. of Seal Skins Seal Oil do Whale Oil do Haddock quintals Halibut barrels.  Trout do Cod Tongues and Sounds do No. of Porpoise Skins.  Fish used as bait and manure.brls.	3,057 727 22,006	3,431 426 5,600 24,252 34,702	4,6 0 364 4,242 7,128 28,390	4,579 217 59,489 3,987 9,247 12,570	5,710 16 55,876 5,520 13,995 22,710	6,240 196 3,910 5,002 21,341 21,878	1,463 320 1,395 20,621 6,467	3,992 398 2,971 23,515 12,273 2,262 50 15 3	11,090 20,704 44,235 3 32 7
do for local con- sumptionbarrels								350	600

Details of the fisheries of this division will be found in Dr. Lavoie's Report.

# NATASHQUAN DIVISION.

J. B. COUILLARD, Guardian.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

	1871.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878
Codfish	114 298	5,794 654 <b>6</b> 05	403 150	3,615 420 404 50,000	1,250 125 398 90,000	4,340 203 400	4,004 821 504	2,87 5 47
do fresh on ice) do Mackerelbrls Trout do	******						245 7 64	6
Tunny	2,118	1,674	1,085	1,213 2,494 2,947	1,330 1,800 6,820	122 3,876 450	2 421 2,991 1,063	4,96 1,04 17,71
Fish used as bait and manurebrls Fish used for local con- sumption,do			······································				513 47	28

## WASHEECOOTAL DIVISION.

## WM. McLeod, Overseer.

This division comprised of the Rivers Kegashca, Musquaro, Washeecootai and Romaine or Olomanosheeboo was, last season, placed under Mr. McLeod's charge.

The yield of the fisheries was as follows:

Codfish	465 quintals.
Salmon, pickled	80 barrels.
Seal skins	142 pieces.
Seal skins	260 gallons.
Seal oil	

For further details, see Dr. Lavoie's Report.

#### WATSHESHOO DIVISION.

P. C. GOBEIL, Guardian.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877,	1878.
Codfish quintals Salmon barrels do fresh in ice lbs		380 52	560 33	110 25	865 30	389 45 28	318 22
Numbers of Seal Skins barrels		80 <b>9</b>	967 329	519	840	2 163 250 <del>1</del>	764 3
Seal Oil do gallons.  Cod Oil gallons.							3,041 158 1,393
Fish used as bait and manurebarrels						10 <del>1</del>	49

Details in Dr. Lavoie's Report.

### PACACHOO DIVISION.

J. LEGOUVÉ, Guardian.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
used as bait and manure do	200 180 8 1,144 1,574 9,526 400	3,760 955 2 248 2,954 1,745	206 37 173 590 1,238	1,560 426 485 35 310 1,127 751	1,969 353½ 22½ 779 1,901 4,306 49 169½ 2,388 32	2,375 504 2,074 1,822 10,568 118 195 478 17

## BONNE ESPERANCE DIVISION.

W. H. WHITELY, Guardian.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish	4,960 172	7,710	5,062 118	61,800 312	85,975 201	116,005 26\$ 21
Herring do Mackerel do	250			•••••	240 12	
No. of Seal Skins				3,027	3,230	605
Cod Oil	6,170 1,160	5,060 2,630	4,357 5,660 1,500	8,085 20,700	85,975 22,060	12,00 <b>\$</b> 3,800
Fish used as bait and manure. brls.	*****		1,500		105,050	47,340
do for local consumption do Lobsters, fresh			*****		4,500 5,000	2,580

Details of the fisheries of this division are given in Dr. Lavoie's report.

### MAGDALEN ISLANDS DIVISION.

J. J. Fox, Overseer.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Codfish         quin.           Herring         brls.           Mackerel         do           Seal Skins         No.           Cod Oil         galls.           Seal Oil         do           Whale Oil         do           Lobsters         lbs.           Mackerel, preserved         do           Fish used as hait and manure         brls.           ao for local consumption         do	8,040 2,162	17,048 4,847 5,494 5,590 6,050 19,685			*** -~******	11,179   38,231   4,912   4,838   10,705   15,799   277,104   960   1,923   1,767	16,051 5,361 3,012 6,039 7,315 27,178 480 390,048 5,136 1,844 4,708

Details on the fisheries of Magdalen Islands are given in Dr. Lavoie's report being compiled from information and tatistics supplied by the fishery overseer, Mr. Fox.

#### ANTICOSTI DIVISION.

A. Malouin, Guardians. THOMAS GAGNÉ.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield of Fisheries in this Division.

	1876.	1877.	1 < 78.
Codfish         quin           Herring         brls.           Mackerel         do           Halibut         do           Salmon, pickled         do           Trout         do           Eel         do           God Tongues and Sounds         do           Seal Skins         pieces           Seal Oil         galls           Whale Oil         do           Cod Oil         do           Fish used as bait and manure         brls.           do         for local consumption         do	6,806 4,410 94 72 14 1 8 145 318 250 5,681	8,303 16,214 18 16. 75½ 14 2 35 356 8°1 2,840 4,935 3,636 469	6,922 17,003 67 122 97 9 8 288 894 3,249 2,632 1,780

Details of the fisheries of this division are given in Dr. Lavoie's report.

### ST. FRANCIS DIVISION.

W. C. WILLIS, Overseer.

A. H. N. BRUCE, Guardians.

Mr. Willis reports that fishing in his division does not seem to have been so good as in previous years, although during the early part of the season there was every promise of a good yield. In Magog River, anglers for trout did not succeed as well as well as might have been expected. The trout fry deposited in this stream during the spring of 1877, have nevertheless, been noticed in large numbers late in the fall at the mouths of several creeks. The run of salmon was remarkably good, high water at the proper time affording the fish a fine opportunity to go up. The number of salmon which cleared Scottstewn dam was much larger than usual, and the fish Were generally of a larger breed. No salmon licenses were granted this year. Three nets. nets were seized and confiscated for violation of the fishery laws; one in Brompton, and two in Massawippi Lake. During the month of July large numbers of dead pickerel were noticed floating along the shores of the St. Francis River, presumed to have been poisoned by feeding on the potato bugs destroyed with Paris Green.

Mr. Bruce states that the several kinds of fish in his division were plentiful and

poaching on the decrease.

#### LAKE MEMPHREMAGOG DIVISION.

## S. F. Copp, Overseer.

Fish were plentiful in Lake Memphremagon this season, but, owing to the low prices, and the want of a market, no more than half the usual quantity was caught The total yield may be estimated at:-

Lunge or Lake Trout.	20	Barrels.
Fresh Water Herrings	150	"
Pickerel	100	"

The same system of protection which was of late years extended to the waters of Lake Memphremagog, was again enforced this season, with complete success. No illegal fishing of any kind was carried on, and no violations of the close season occurred, thanks to the attention and energy displayed by the local Fishery Overseer and the special constables acting under his order.

## MISSIQUOI BAY DIVISION.

## P. E. LUKE, Overseer.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Yield of the Fisheries in this Division:—

	1876.	1877	1878.
Value of fishing boats and nets	\$778 00	\$412 00	<b>\$</b> 530 00
" Shad		256 00	366 20
" Pickerel	450 00	960 00	1,670 00
" Mixed fish	60 00	250 00	270 00
8	1,555 00	\$1,778 00	\$2,836 20

### IBERVILLE DIVISION.

## J. B. CHEVALIER, Overseer.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the Yield of the Fishereis in this Division:—

			1877.	1878.
No. of	Eels	•••••••••	41,135	46,355
		of Sturgeons		
"	44	Pickerel	841	915
	"	Bass	1,308	1,474
"	"	Mixed fish	477	560

This Overseer seized and confiscated four nets, and one hoop net, for being set without license.

#### CHAMBLY DIVISION.

## H. W. Austin, Overseer.

This Overseer states that the season proved most satisfactory to fishermen. From early March to the 12th of December, they were enabled to ply their trade with very profitable results. The absence of violations of the fishery laws is also a most gratifying feature. Pickerel seem to be on the increase; bass are diminishing. Large numbers of eels were seen during the season lying dead on the shores, or at the bottom of the stream. The cause of this disease is not apparent: presumably they were poisoned by feeding on potato bugs.

#### BERTHIER AND SOREL DIVISIONS.

PIERRE LATRAVERSE, OLIVER LAFLECHE, Guardians.

The license system already enforced in the county of Richelieu, was this seasen extended to the counties of Berthier and Yamaska, with success. A new Guardian, M. Lafleche, was appointed for the north shore of the St. Lawrence, froating on the County of Berthier. Forty-eight licenses were issued. Fishing was good and the law was generally complied with.

### HUNTINGDON AND CHATEAGUAY DIVISIONS.

WM. CLYDE, ANDREW WATT, J. D. McMillan,

Fish are reported as being on the increase in the waters of this division, except at Chateauguay, where Mr. Watt complains of their becoming scarce. This he attributes to seining and over fishing.

#### LAKE OF TWO MOUNTAINS DIVISION.

E. CHAURETTE, Overseer.

The illegal netting and fishing so loudly complained of by the public in the neighborhood of Montreal, compelled this Department to despatch special fishery constables on the spot. After great difficulties and resistance, they succeeded in seizing a seine which was afterwards rescued. The parties implicated in this illegal of them, Paul Vardon, was fined \$30 and costs, and his associate, John Stalker, \$10, and costs. This energetic action appears to have put a stop to illegal netting. Parties have since been allowed to fish at proper times under licenses.

Mr. Chaurette was appointed Fishery Overseer at St. Géneviéve, on the River des Prairies, but he never did anything and subsequently resigned.

## ARGENTEUIL DIVISION.

ALEXANDER BEATON,
DUNCAN DEWAR,
Overseers. THOMAS EVANS,

The inland waters of this Division require constant attention in order to prevent poaching which was so prevalent in previous years. The officers here appear to perform their duties with energy. The stocking of North River with salmon was continued; 10,000 fry being deposited in that stream last spring.

#### TERREBONE DIVISION.

L. J. Loranger, Overseer.

No violations of the fishery laws are reported.

### OTTAWA COUNTY DIVISION.

Everything worked in a very satisfactory manner in this Division. Efficient pecial guardians were located during the close seasons at the most central places. Tishermen now comply with the law. They appreciate the benefit to be derived from a wise system of protection. Two hundred and twenty-four licenses were issued, with the large inland lakes was very issued during the season. The catch of fish in the large inland lakes was very to the Ottawa and Montreal markets. In the Ottawa River the yield of fish proved remunerative.

# APPENDIX No. 9.

Schedule of Salmon Angling in the Leased Rivers of the Provinces of Quebec and New Brunswick during the Season of 1878.

					OUBOII	or <b>20</b> (0.
Names of Rivers.	No. of Salmon.	Total Weight.	Average Weight.	Weight, of the Largest Fish.	Weight of the Smallest Fish.	Remarks.
			!		1	
		Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	Lbs.	
Du Gouffre	7	105	15			
Murray	8	175	177			
Ste. Marguerite, N.E. Branch	6	1,021	16	33	9	3 Grilse and 2 Winnonish.
do N.W. do						No returns,
A Mars	28	366	1316	26	8	1 Grilse.
Little Saguenay	7	105	15	25	10	Anglers arrived too late.
Anse St. Jean	3	38	123			
Laval		*****		1 1		Not angled.
Godbout	239	2,811	113	26	7	do Water low; no fishing in lower poo
Romaine.		(10000	114		1	Not angled.
Mingan.	17	2391	141	31	8 <del>1</del>	Angled only during four days.
Mistassini	1	5	ļ	!		Only partially angled.
Besocie	3	38	123	18	10	do
Manitou				····		Not angled.
Moisie	154	3,396	2219	39	7	
Kegashka	6	90	15		<b> </b>	Angled only during a couple of
St. John	l			j	ĺ	days.
Natashquan				1		Not angled.
Watsheeshoo						do
Washeecootai						do
Rimouski	74	1,200	18	30	10	1
Metis	42	937	223	44	12	
Matane	60	600	10			
Little S.W. Bic.	· 23	149	6	12	31/2	1
St. Anne des Monts	62	1,248	201	39	9	
York	18 97	268 2,149	1418		7	
St. John	67	817	$22\frac{1}{6}$	35½	9	
Dartmouth	73	1,740	23	 		
Grand	129	2,165	$16\frac{3}{4}$	32	7	
Grand Pabos	18	189	10	17	6	 
Little Pabos						Not angled.
Bonaventure	40	664	163	28	<b></b>	
Little Cascapedia		200	28#	<b> </b>		
Grand do	305	3,173	16	50		One salmon, 56½ lbs., killed.
Matapedia	171	3,952	23	41	•••••	
Restigouche, Lower Division	177	17	$\begin{array}{c} 8\frac{1}{2} \\ 22 \end{array}$	16	·····	Only angled one day.
do Middle do		2,887 9,402	22 22 <del>3</del>	16 40	•••••	i
do Upper do	367	5,928	164	32	1	<u> </u>
Jacquet	12	120	107			
S. W. Miramichi		138	10,8	121	7	1
Nepissiguit		••••			ļ	No returns.
do (Rough Waters)	45	630				
Total	2 604	10.000	122		<u></u>	
i Utal	2,684	46,962	171	50	31/2	
	·		1/79		·	!

## APPENDIX No. 10.

REPORT OF W. H. WYLDE, ESQ., INSPECTOR OF FISHERIES FOR THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, FOR THE YEAR 1878.

Port Mulgrave, 31st December, 1878.

To the Hon. JAMES C. POPE, Minister of Marine and Fisheries,

Sir,—I have the honour to transmit my third annual report of the yield and value of the fisheries of Nova Scotia for the year 1878, amounting to \$6,131,599.64, showing an increase of \$603,741.27 over last year. This is a pleasing fact to note, when we have had to contend with a very depressed market for the past season, for the most of these staples, which I hope may assist many engaged in the fisheries to still prosecute that business another year.

Enclosed you will find tables showing the increase and decrease of amounts from the several counties for the years 1877 and 1878 compared; and also a statement of the number of licensed fish-traps with the approximate quantities of fish taken in

the year 1878.

The catch of mackerel in Yarmouth and Shelburne counties has been upon the whole, I think, profitable for those engaged in the trap net fishing, and although the size of the mackerel taken has been something smaller than in former years, yet by having the means of quick transit and packing them in ice, they have been able to Obtain a good price for the most of them, and there has been a good demand for the balance by vessels engaged in the bank fishing.

The lobster fishing shows an increase over last year of 592,066 cans; this is becoming a large business in the Province, but in too many places the labelers at the packing establishments do not give this Province the credit, for they use labels from Portland and Boston and other ports of the United States on the cans and boxes

Put up in this Province.

In the county of Shelburne the total value has increased \$213,880.50 over last year; cod has increased 28,872 quintals; herrings, 8,793 brls.; and lobsters, 242,024

It is very difficult to come at the exact amount of fish consumed in this Province, but in as far as can be ascertained by the returns, and comparing them, they will average about 10 per cent of the whole amount.

will forward copies of the reports received from the Overseers of the several counties, which will show the opinions of some, the suggestions of others, and the complaints of a few, all of which I hope may be beneficial for the general improvement of the fishery laws and regulations.

The decrease in the fisheries are from salmon fresh in ice, mackerel in cans, smoked herrings, haddock, smelt and fish oil. The catch of other kinds of fish have all increased, and some largely.

The catch of small mackerel taken in Guysboro' county have been valued at \$3 per barrel.

Hake sounds are becoming quite a valuable article of export, and I fear they have been left out of many of the returns on account of not having a column for such an account of many of the returns of account of many of the returns of account of many of the addition of an article, and I recommend that new blanks be struck off, with the addition of hake sounds and a few more articles of the fishery that are now becoming valuable for exportation.

I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, WM. H. WYLDE, Inspector of Fisheries for Nova Scotia. Table showing the actual increase of the several productions of the Fisheries in the Province of Nova Scotia over the Year 1877.

		1	
Salmon	barrels, in ice smoked, in cans, barrels, cans, barrels, boxes, barrels, cwt. do do lbs, barrels, lbs, do do cans, gallons, tons,	157  8,970 5,965 16,060  17,121  305 57,912 17 7,697 8,831  24,806 2,709 6,725 975  519  592,066	70,575  54,161  21,615  17,768  25,147  62  7,186

Comparatine Statement of Value of the Fisheries in each County of the Province of Nova Scotia, for the Years 1877 and 1878.

Counties.	1877.		1878.		Increase.		Decrease.	
		cts.				ot a		
A	Φ	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	cts,	\$	cts.	\$ cts.	
Annapolis.	78,053	50	58,939	25	<b></b>		19,114 25	
~4UmoniaL	63,129	00	63,464		335	40	1	
Cumberland Colchester	60,614	75	40,483				20,131 00	
Colchester Cape Broton	30,770	50	52,596	65	21,826	15		
Cape Breton	191,127	80	240,179	65	49,051		***************************************	
Guysborough	282,704	90	421,905		139,200			
Guysborough Halifar	474,011	55	464,094	74	,		9,916 81	
Halifax	819,943	10	966,955	70	147,012	60		
Hants	5,626	20	8,701	25	3,075			
nverness Aings	358,906	72	395,971	27	37,064			
Kings	65,075	50	89,494	75	24,419			
unenburg	952,860	00	961,096	60	8,236	60		
ictou	23,643	10	23,952	95		85	1	
dueens.	228,993	80	312,558	78	83,564	98		
ichmond.	545,863	75	360,816	80			185,046 95	
Shelburne Victoria	649,376	85	863,257	35	213,880	50		
victoria	158,861	85	133,034	50	, !- <i></i>		25,827 35	
Yarmouth	538,295	50	674,095	65	135,800	15		
Total	5,527,858	37	6,131,599	64	863,777	63	260,036 36	
	• •		, -,		260,036			
Increase			•••••		603,741	27	1	

S<sub>TATEMENT</sub> of the Number of Licensed Fish-Traps with the Approximate Quantities of Fish taken, for the Year 1878.

/No. of Traps.	Counties.	Fees.	Value of Traps.	Barrels of Mackerel.	Barrels of Herring.	Barrels of Ale- wives.	Cwt. of Pollock
5 1 1 4	Yarmouth Shelburne Queens Digby Lunenburg Guysborough Victoria	\$ 1,200 920 200 40 40 160 80  2,640	\$ 58,000 38,750 8,800 1,000 1,200 7,600 3,260  118,610	9,769 7,327 5,360 80 2,200 1,100 500	890 768 4,764 3,620 560	150	83

## APPENDIX No. 11.

REPORT OF W. H. ROGERS, ESQ., FISHERY OFFICER FOR NOVA SCOTIA, ON THE STATE AND CONDITION OF FISHWAYS IN NOVA SCOTIA DURING THE SEASON OF 1878.

AMHERST, Nova Scotia, 31st December, 1878.

To the Honourable J. C. POPE,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

Sir, -I have the honour to submit the following Report on the state of the fishways and other matters coming under my immediate supervision, as Assistant Inspector of fisheries for Nova Scotia:—

#### FISHWAYS.

The mode formerly adopted of allowing the local Overseers to construct fishways, has not proved a success, I am sorry to say, in too many instances. At that time I was furnished with wooden models of these structures, and was instructed to direct the local officers to have fishways put into the dams. It was not then thought necessary for me to remain to see each structure properly located and built; the consequence was that but few of them have proved effectual. In a majority of cases, these officers had ideas of their own, which they almost invariably added to the model and my directions. For instance, the Shelburne Overseer had a notion that salmon would swim through a square hole in the bottom of a dam under an eight to ten foot head of water. I could not persuade him to the contrary, and, notwithstanding the positive instructions I gave him to put the upper end of the fishway near the top of the dam, he placed it near the bottom. I did not visit that county again for two or three years, while, of course, no fish ascended, and the people interested became thoroughly prejudiced against the wooden fishway. To satisfy these people and their local officer, I consented to have a brook or bye-water made around the end of the dam at Shelburne, on the Roseway River, telling them at the same time that I had not much faith in it, as in most cases we have had to abandon them and adopt the wooden fishway, which, when properly constructed, will admit the fish to pass whether the season is wet or dry, while the bye-water in a wet season would have too much force of water through it, and in a dry season there would not be sufficient water for the fish to swim in. Accordingly, when I visited the Shelburne dam, in the spring of 1877, about the close of the fishery season, I found the people a good deal excited over what they considered the destruction of their fishery, on account of the inefficiency of the fish-pass, constructed by the local officer, and in accordance with their own ideas. These people, however, like those on the Gaspereau River, in Kings County, did not know that the fish had fallen off every where that year, whether there were mill-dams to cause it or not. They were determined to have one-third of the dam taken out, but this of course could not be done legally, and I refused to comply with their unreasonable wishes, but set about building a wooden fishway, which I succeeded in doing amid sundry threats to tear it down as fast as I built it, a deputation of a dozen or so of citizens coming to the dam for the purpose of preventing your officer from discharging his legal duty. fishway was however built, in due course, and the fish ascended easily, amid the cheers of several lookers-on. This state of things was continued during my stay of

I am decidedly of the opinion that there should be an officer in your Department charged with this business alone, to devote his whole time to the removal of artificial, as well as natural, obstructions to the ascent of fish in our rivers, for there

are in addition to mill dams and natural falls on the larger streams, numberless small streams and outlets from lakes around the shores of this Province, which require openings for the more ready ascent of alwives, smelts, trout, &c., as was done at Ketch Harbour in Halifax County to great profit, a few years ago. The coast fisheries of this Province can be increased almost indefinitely by a proper attention to this, which is a vital part of our whole business; the outlet of many of our small streams are literary closed up with stones, and beaches as is the case with the mouth of the Nine Mile River near Margaret's Bay. A few hundred dollars spent in this service each year in the removal of such obstacles would tell immensely to the advantage of our whole fishery, and the more so as most of our large fish crop is taken in open boats, around our own shores, within the three mile limit.

#### CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

The new dam built at Oxford last year does not require any fishway, as it is constructed so that the fish can swim over it, the head of water being but about four feet, and the dam so constructed that the water has the form and appearance of passing over a ledge of rocks, rather than a mill dam.

A new fishway was put in Mr. Thompson's dam next above. The next one owned by Mr. Bent, is so low that it does not require a fishway; we have not been arxious, heretofore, to get the fish up the river, as we required all we could catch at Oxford, below the dam, for the Bedford Hatching House.

A new fishway was put in Kerr's dam on Wallace River, as also one on Howard's dam next above. These are two heavy dams, and the new fishways are good; there can be no difficulty for fish of any kind to ascend them.

The fish do not appear to frequent the side of the river where the fishway is located at River Herbert mill dam. The structure is a good one, but another will have to be added on the opposite side of the river, before the fish will ascend properly. I was not present when it was built or I think I should have located it properly in the first instance. It is a most important part of the business to ascertain on which side of the river the fish usually travel in their ascent; this is particularly true of alewives. There are several other fishways to be built in this county next summer.

#### COLCHESTER COUNTY.

Seven new fishways were built in this county during the present season. Salmon were more plentiful on Waugh's River this fall, than for many years, and fully as abundant above the dam as below. The new fishway, Warden Urquhart says, works well, as they always will when properly built and located. There will be four or five more needed in this county next summer.

#### HANTS COUNTY.

The fishways in this county will require to be rebuilt next summer; the old ones being out of repair and inefficient.

#### KINGS COUNTY.

The principal fishway in this county is that on the dam at White Rock Mills, and no better one can be found in the Dominion.

#### ANNAPOLIS COUNTY.

The fishways in this county are all out of repair, and will require to be rebuilt. Annapolis River being an important stream, must be attended to next summer. The difficulty in finding the proper owner of the Morton dam prevented anything being done during the past season; Morton's being the lower mildam on the river, it is useless to attend to those above until a passage is made through that one.

#### LUNENBURG CCUUTY.

The fishways on Lahave River are all out of repair. A few hours work would have been sufficient to set them in order; yet nothing was done till I got  $3d-12\frac{1}{2}$ 

there, although the fishing season was nearly over. The local officers did not even ask the mill-owners to repair them. Sometimes the fishway was filled with stones by the Indians to prevent the fish from ascending, so that they could be the more easily caught below, and at other times I found a net set right across the lower end of the fishway, so that no fish could possibly get into it, and this in daylight, while the Warden lives but half-a-mile from the dam. I had them repaired, and I am informed that several salmon have been seen above the two lower dams this fall. It is useless to build good fishways if the local officers will not see that they are kept in order during the proper season, and poachers are kept away from them. Fish will not enter a fishway while they are continually chased by poachers.

There are several new fishways required in this county which will need atten-

tion next summer.

#### QUEENS COUNTY.

The fishways on the dams at Milton, on the Mersey, are good, but the river being wide, additional accommodation by adding more ladders is much needed, particularly for alewives. Salmon have largely increased on this stream during the past few years, and many salmon smolts have been seen above the dams each year.

There are three or four public fishing berths in the Liverpool Harbour whic ought to be sold at public tender, as the fishery officers have much difficulty in settling disputes among rival claimants, and often serious quarreling cannot be pre-

vented.

#### SHELBURNE COUNTY.

The state of matters on Roseway River is pretty fully discussed in the former part of this Report. The tishways on Clyde and Gordon rivers are out of order and will have to be put right next summer, if the people of those districts will condescend to allow your Department to have anything to do with their affairs. At Shelburne they take the law into their own hands, and many do so in other parts of the county, as such procedure unpunished becomes very contagious.

### YARMOUTH AND DIGBY COUNTIES.

These two counties were not visited during the past year, and I cannot say from personal knowledge how the fishways are there. I built two in the former county three years ago, which ought to give satisfaction. I think there are one or two new ones needed on Salmon River in Digby county.

#### MALIFAX COUNTY.

I did not visit the fishways on Ingraham and Indian Rivers at Margaret's Bay, but hear no complaint. Mr. Todd, the owner of the dams, informs me that he keeps them all in order. A new one was built on Nine Miles River last summer while the alewives were running, which worked well, many fish having ascended it while I was there. This fact was also witnessed by several parties at the time.

I have not visited East Halifax during the past year, but Mr. A. B. Wilmot informs me that the fishway on the Musqodoboit dam works well; he and Overseer Anderson caught several hundred fine salmon at the head of it, as they entered the mill pond, in a few days, both in 1877 and 1878, and that they took 85 in one afternoon. As I have not seen the reports of the local overseers this year, I do not know what Mr. Anderson has to say on those further east in his district. Mr. Wylde will probably furnish some information on that matter in his report.

#### PICTOU COUNTY.

Fishways were built on the two lower dams on River John two years ago but it is a most difficult river in which to locate good fishways, the banks being high and rocky. The river is also subject to heavy ice freshets in the winter and spring, and carries everything before it; not absolutely a part of the dam. The fishways were built so as to avoid this if possible, and as the fish are very scarce in that river I am not prepared to assert that the fishways are all that are necessary. The dams on

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Middle and East Rivers were supplied with good fishways in 1877, which I believe are giving satisfaction. The fishway on the dam owned by Mr. Cameron at the Garden of Eden was rebuilt. There are a few fishways still required in this county.

#### GUYSBOROUGH COUNTY.

Good fishways were placed on McKeen's and Fisher's dams on St. Mary's River, also one on Chisholm's dam on Salmon River, in this county. These are all three built after the most approved model, and ought to admit fish of any kind without difficulty. I am quite sure they will do so.

This concludes all I have done in the improvement of fishways during the past year.

My whole attention should be devoted to this branch of my duties next year.

It will require two or three years more to get the whole Province in good order in this respect, personal attention being absolutely necessary in each case, at least until the local officers get a better knowledge of the business than most of them now possess. Some of them however, are beginning to understand the business better. Much progress has doubtless been made, but here is ample room for more. Were the people to be benefitted by the labours of your Department generally possessed of a more intelligent knowledge of the benefits to be conferred upon them, their co-operation instead of their opposition would be better secured.

## SAWDUST, &C.

Almost every man you meet has an idea that saw-dust kills the fish and is a great injury to the fisheries. While I would not say it does no injury, I do not believe it does a tithe of the harm generally supposed. When I ask such people how they know that sawdust destroys the fish, the answer is, "it gets into their gills and kills them."—How do you know the sawdust kills them? Did you ever see a fish dead which you had reason to suppose was killed with sawdust?—"Well no, I cannot say I have, but everybody says it kills fish." True, but if it killed fish so as to depopulate the rivers, you would see thousands of dead fish along the streams during spawning seasons. I have been about rivers all my life and have caught many thousands of fish among the sawdust as readily as in clear water. Some of the oldest sportsmen in Nova Scotia told me that they would expect to raise a salmon as readily in a river-full of sawdust as in clear water, and that they had done so in the one as often as in the other.

Medway River, in Queens County, was as much afflicted with sawdust as any stream of its size in the Dominion, for more than eight years past, still it is one of the most prolific in its production of salmon, alewives and trout. The same is true of other rivers. The notion that where mills are located at the heads of streams, the sawdust settles on the spawning beds below, is not borne out by facts, at least so far as salmon are concerned, because they spawn in running water in the rapids, and gravel bottoms, where sawdust never lodges. I have carefully examined many rivers in relation to this matter, and found no sawdust where salmon would spawn. Where there are lakes below mills, sawdust will, of course, lodge, and probably injure the quality of the bottom for producing or hatching alewives and other fish which spawn in still waters. But mills are not very common above lakes, this being the case only in two or three places in this Province. Where sawdust settles on the bottom of estuaries and bays around the coast, of course it has the effect of destroying all young fish, and consequently fish food and to whatever extent it may so settle or lodge, it injures the fisheries. But whether the injury done in this way is of sufficient importance to warrant the enforcement of this law against the lumbering interests, which would have the effect of closing up very many mills, and putting many others to a large amount of expense, I very much doubt. If we can succeed in getting a passage for the fish up and down our rivers, and a fair measure of protection from being destroyed by poachers during close season. I think we shall be able to endure all the injury inflicted upon them by sawdust. All other mill rubbish of connections. course, can, and must be, kept out of the streams for many obvious reasons.

#### CLOSE TIME FOR SALMON.

The old Nova Scotia law permitted salmon fishing in salt water until the 20th of October, which gave the inhabitants along the rivers emptying into the Strait of Northumberland a chance to get a few fish in the fall. As the law is at present, they cannot take any legally, hence they fish in close season. I think it would prove advantageous to all concerned if the time was extended to the 5th, or 10th of October on those rivers, as the fish do not enter them in the spring or summer months as they do in other parts of the country. These rivers being short, with estuaries of considerable length, the fish are fit for food a month later than on the Miramichi and other large rivers, nor do they spawn as early by three or four weeks; hence the close time might be later without injury to the fishery. I think Mr. A. B. Wilmot will corroborate my statement as to the difference of spawning time on the different rivers. The reason for the difference is, doubtless, because on the larger rivers the fish run up into the fresh water carlier than in the small ones, as in the latter they wait in the estuaries until the fall rains come before they can go up, and of course do not develop into the spawning condition so rapidly in salt as in fresh water. If the rains come, as they sometimes do, early in September, they run up then, and consequently spawn earlier; but if not till the first of October, as was the case last year, they spawn correspondingly late, as was the case last year, hence the fish became fit for food much later on the small streams. If the time was extended, as I suggest, the people would more cheerfully obey the law after that date, and I think the fish would really receive better protection than they do under the present law, while it would make it much easier for your officers, and consequently less expensive. I am aware that these rivers are the nurseries which keep up the salmon fisheries on the Merrigomish beaches and elsewhere in the Gulf, and hence the necessity that they should receive proper protection, which I believe will be better attained by allowing the people to fish in salt water as late as stated above.

#### ALEWIVES.

In 1874 and 1875, the Province of Nova Scotia produced nearly 14,000 barrels of these fish each year, while they fell off to about 7,000 barrels in 1875, and to 5,000 in 1877. The decrease is the same on rivers obstructed, like the Tusket in Yarmouth and Margarle in Inverness counties, as on rivers having mill-dams like the Gaspereau, in Kings, or the Roseway, in Shelburne county. The movements of these fish are as uncertain and as difficult to be accounted for as the usual fluctuating movements of other wild animals or wild birds. I have no idea that they are leaving us altogether; they will return shortly and more abundant than ever. When they do return they will find the obstacles to their ascent much less than when they were last here, as many new and commodious fishways have been constructed in the milldams during the past two or three years. The alewives are a very important fish. If they leave us, so will the cod and others of this race in large measure. If the young alewives are not found in our bays and estuaries in abundance, mackerel will not visit our shores, but seek food in other latitudes. Hence, I would strongly urge the passage of a law or Regulation, to allow no fishing for alewives from Thursday evening at 6 o'clock to the same hour on Monday morning of each week. Brush weirs and seines should also be prohibited in rivers and estuaries, except for the purpose of taking coast or sea fish.

#### SMELTS.

These fish are becoming more and more valuable each ear since the opening of our railways. We require a close time for them in this Province, from the 1st April to the 30th June.

#### LOBSTERS.

The present close time is about right for the central portion of the Province, but it should be ten days earlier in the western, and ten days later in the eastern Counties, as all migratory or river fish enter the rivers in the western Countie

three weeks earlier than in the eastern, and lobsters are governed by the same general influences, I have no doubt. Nearly all the lobster packers located at the upper portion of the Straits of Northumberland have been compelled to suspend operations, as they find it impossible to pack them so that they won't spoil. money has been lost in that section in this business. The cause of this is difficult to ascertain. I am inclined to think, however, that inasmuch as that section of the Gulf is shallow, the water much warmer in the summer months, affects the fish so that they will not keep, no matter how well they are put up. This will account for the large falling off in the yield of lobsters in Cumberland County during the past two years. These fish are very abundant and very fine in that locality, but cannot at present, at all events, be utilized for commercial purposes, which is a serious loss and inconvenience to the inhabitants of that portion of the county.

#### SHAD FISHERIES.

There are caught annually, chiefly in the Bay of Fundy, from five to eight thousand barrels of these fish in this Province. They are chiefly marketed in the United States, and are worth from \$9 to \$10 per barrel. They always meet with a ready sale, because of their nice flavour and fatness.

They are usually caught between the 20th of June and the end of July. They are not propagated in our streams, but spawn in American rivers, further south, Probably early in March, and come north to the Bay of Fundy to feed on a peculiar worm called by our fishermen the "shad worm," which abounds on the flats of the bay. These fish, as well as salmon, become very fat in consequence of the food they

obtain in the muddy waters of the Bay of Fundy.

These fish are caught in brush weirs, stake and drift nets, with meshes of 4½.

These fish are caught in brush weirs, stake and drift nets, with meshes of 4½. inches, extension length. The chief difficulty with this fishery is that it is overfished. I think the brush weirs should pay a license fee like other traps, and the fishermen should be compelled to put a netting in the bunt of each weir, sufficient to allow all small fish to escape, and to open them from Saturday night until Monday, or forfeit their license. Drift nets should not be allowed, except a certain length for each boat; what that length should be I am not at present prepared to say. The length of stake nets is already fixed by regulations. What few shad enter our rivers for spawning are sufficiently protected by the laws and regulations relating to alewives, as they ascend the rivers at the same time. There being an Inspector of Pisheries in this Province who has given his whole attention to these subjects which come more immediately under his supervision, I presume he will report more fully upon many abuses which need remedying than I am able to do; my time having for the most part been taken up with the construction and repair of fishways during the past three or four years.

The County Regulations will need revision in at least some of the counties, but this could not be properly done except by conferring with county officers on the subject. I could, of course, suggest many changes and improvements, but as it is not desirable to change these regulations often, I would respectfully suggest that it be left for the present, and that the Inspector should collect all necessary information next summer, by personal conference with the local officers, to enable him to amend the regulations, which is very much needed, in some counties in

particular.

As I am not in possession of the statistical returns of the yield of fish for this year, I cannot say anything as to the decrease or increase, or the causes for such fluctuations in any of the fisheries during the past year. Your Inspector will, however, furnish you with all necessary information and suggestions on these points.

An industry which yields annually to the people of Nova Scotia alone over six millions of dollars per annum, and which may be made to produce double that amount, is worthy of being fostered.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

W. H. ROGERS, Fishery Officer.

# APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats engaged in Fish, and the Total Number of Men employed, &c.,

	V	esele			ATS HING.		OYED	Fishing	з Ма	TBI	RIAL.				·				
Counties		Vess	els.		E	Boats		Net	s.	W	eirs.		, in ice,		ns, lbs.	ri.	cans.	mi.	Smoked, in
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value,	No.	Value.	Salmon, bris.		Salmon, Smoked,	Salmon, in cans,	Mackerel, brls.	Mackerel, in	Herrings, brls.	Herrings, Sme
Annapolis,			\$			\$		,	\$		\$								
Margaretville		14	<b>25</b> 0 <b>37</b> 00	4 20		340 360	44 36		1000 1200				900 115					1200 10 <b>00</b>	
Port William Chute's Cove	···				20 20	400 300	40 40	1300 2400	1250 1200									2000 1500	
Young Cove				:::	20 15 10	180	30	400		•••					·			1160 1000	
Gut Station	٠		500		20	400	40	2000	1000 1500	. 2						100		350 100 100	1000
Annapolis Laquille River	1	·	2000	6		20				1	25		500						
Annapolis River Nictaux River Round Hill					4	40	20	90	45	2	100	 	1200 200						
Total	5	!	6450	30	175	3500	370	15590	9245	18	1125	-	2915	!	-	210		8410	2600

### RECAPITULATION.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon	2,915 brls. at	\$ cts.  15 00 0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 00 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50 3 50	\$ cts- 437 25 2,100 00 33,640 00 87 50 6,502 50 2,187 50 5,512 50

No. 12.

the Fisheries, Quantity and Value of Fishing Material; Kinds and Quantities of in the Province of Nova Scotia, for the Year, 1878.

_		Kin	DS 01	r Fis	н.				-						вн 1	Pro-		
Alewives, bris.	God, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, brls.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, brls.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, 1bs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, brls.	Oysters, brls.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oit, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, bris.	ALUE.	WHERE MARKETED
	100 350 50 100 100 50 100 		25 150 70 25 25 100 50 100	300 500 175 100 100 100	50 250 100 180 200 100 		10	1000	200 100					100 400 100 500 750 150 300 10 300 		500 250 100 200 360 90 50 40 40	\$ cts.  6,745 00 9,499 75 8,655 00 8,895 00 9,297 50 5,267 50 2,210 00 2,556 50 3,020 60 174 50 350 00 12 00 36 00	St. John, Boston, Halifax and An- napclis. Eight per cent. used in the County.

# ANN APOLIS.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Haddock Halibut Shad Bass Trout Snett Eels Cysters Lobst:rs Fish Oil Pish Guano Fish used as manure Total	1,000 lbs. "	\$ cts. 3 50 0 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 0 06 9 00 0 15 0 65 15 00 0 50	\$ cts. 3,430 00 1,578 00 80,00 60 00 60 00 1,794 00 820 00 58,939 25.

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels

	-									-									
	v		ELS A				M-	Fishi	NG MA	rer	IAL.								
Counties.		Ves	sels.		I	Boats		Ne	ts.	w	eirs		, in	ed, lbs.	cans, lbs.	50	cans.		loked,
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, brls.	Salmon, fresh, in ice, lbs.	almon, smok	Salmon, in ca	Mackerel, brls	Mackerel, in	Herring, brls.	Herrings, smoked, in boxes.
	=		<u> </u>	-	_		-			-				202	- 02	-	<u>-</u>	<del> </del>	 
Antigonish.			\$			\$			\$		\$					 			
<b>▲</b> ntigonish		 			15	600	45	3284	3960			40	   <b>1400</b> 0	ļ	 	400	} ,	200	
Arasaig		ļ			25	750	75	4670	5750	ļ		<b></b>	1000	···		259		60	
Morristown	1	25	600	5	60	1800	180	9820	10500	<b></b>					ļ	750	 	400	
Tracadie	6	300	9000	60	55	2200	165	4000	5000			<b> </b>	· <b></b>	ļ 	2640	500		500	
	-	<u> </u> _		_		—	<u>'</u>	i	¦	-				-	!				
Total	7	325	9600	65	155	5350	465	21774	25210	•••		40	15000	 I	2640	1900	!	1160	

# RECAPITULATION-

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Totals.
Salmon  do Fresh, in ice do Smoked do in cans  Mackerel do in cans  Herrings do Smoked, in boxes  Alewives  Cod Cod Tongues and Sounds  Pollack  Hake	15,000 lbs. "	\$ cts. 15 00 0 15 0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 00 0 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50 3 50	\$ cts. 600 00 2,250 00 396 00 19,000 00 4,640 00 11,602 50 4,550 00

and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c .- Continued.

_		F	INI	08 OF	Fise	ı.									SH P					
/ Alewives, bris.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, brls	Bass, 1bs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, brls.	Oysters, brls.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, brls.	Valu	FE.	WHEE MARKET	
			_			_										 			48	18
																į	\$	cts.	\$55,964 7,500	\$63,464
•••••	800	·   •••••		500	200		ļ			600	190	150		200	' •••••	ļ	14,866	00	. 855 7.	9
•••••	-00			100	100	••••								20			4,580	50	tate ty.	
••••	1500		l	650	200									210		ļ	18,586	50	United States lifax	
••••	200		ļ	50		ļ					40		110136	200			2 <b>5</b> ,431	40	Juit ifax in C	
/	_					<u>'</u>	<u> </u> _		!		<u> </u>					<u> </u>		<del></del>	Shipped United States and Halfax	
••••	2730			1300	<b>5</b> 00					60 <b>0</b>	140	150	110136	630	ļ 		63,464	40	nipp and	

ANTIGONISH.

Kinds of Fish.	uanti ties.	Rate.	Totals.
Haddock Halibut Shad Bass Trout Eels Cysters Lobeters Fish Oil Fish Guano Fish as Manure	600 lbs. at	\$ cts. 3 50 0 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 0 06 0 06 0 06 0 05 15 00	\$ cts. 1,750 00  36 00 1,260 00 450 00 16,520 40 409 50
Fish as Manure  Total		0 50	63,464 40

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels

	V	essel	IN B	р Вол Гізн	ats E	MPLO	YED	J	Fisi Mate										
Counties.		Ve	sols.		E	Boats.		Ne	ts.	We	irs.		ni, di	ced, lbs.	as, 1bs.	<b>1</b>	cans.	'n	ooked,
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, bris.	Salmon, Fresh, in ice, lbs.	Salmon, Smok	Salmon, in ear	Mackerel, bris.	Mackerel, in	Herrings, brls.	Herrings, Smoked,
Cumberland.			\$			\$			\$		\$								
ort Lawrence							8	200	150			•••	100	ļ				•••••	
mherst Ianudie			• • • • • • •				16 11	400 650	550				500 1000	١					
pple River						40 120		100 300	50 150	i	 40	<b> </b>	100	ļ		75		100 250	i.
pence's Island					4	300	15	150	75	1	75			ļ		25	٠	450	1
ort Grenville			•••	•••••	5 3	250 150	15 15	·••••	•••••	5 3	100 60	· ·	500 400		•••	10	· • • • '	300 250	
wa Islands	١			١									1000		••••		<b></b>	250	
oose River													ļ. <b></b> .			40	ļ	ю́0 30	
orth Port	١		•••••		••••	•••••		•••••				• • • •	¦		••••		••••	30 25	
ugwash River	ì		1																!
iver Philip																			-
idnish			<b>}</b>	İ		120	6			700	700		i					330	
oney Bay						120												40	Ī
Tallaga					_		   ,_	! !		400						i Í	1		
Vallace Vallace Bay and River	1			 	5	150	10			* 400 } 	300				; ;				
	-				-					-			·	·:	·				-
Total			•••••		25	1130	108	1800	1275	1113	1395	···	3600	٠		200	• • • • •	2075	1

# RECAPITULATION.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Totals.
Salmon	200 brls. at	\$ cts. 15 00 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 00 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50	\$ cts- 540 00°  2,000 00°  8,300 00°  1,697 50°  2,125 00°  1,032 50°  1,032 50°
Hake.	325 cwt. "	3 50	1,032 50

and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Continued.

I	Kinds (	or Fi	SH.										PRO	DU 181				
Alewives, bris.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, brls.	Bass, 1bs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, brls.	Uysters, bris.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, brls.	VALUE	s.	WHERE MARKETED.
10 5 25	50	290 500 255 1000 60 40	50	•••	500 4000 1000 1500 1200	75 350 425  1 200		250 200 500 100	10004000		300	18432		 10 5 4 		667 2,988 3,973 754 2,616 2,560 3,328 1,868 3,370 600 240 4,100 2,411 4,084 8,800	70 50 75 50 25 25 25 25 00 00 00 00	Home consumption. do do do do do do do do do do Halifax. Home consumption and West 'Indies. England and
485 50	00	295	325	 	4650	 1051	6000	1850	9100		40 200 640	76032	273		 	120 600 40,483	00	home consumption. do

Kinds of Fish. Rate. Quantities. Totals. \$ cts. Haddock Halibut Shad Bass 3 50 279 00 8,408 00 4,650 lbs. 0.06 Base Ton: 1,051 brls. 8 00 Tront Smelt Rela 360 00 6,000 lbs. 0 06 111 00 546 00 0 06 1,850 lbs. 9,100 lbs. 0 06 135 00 15 brls. 9 00 640 brls. 3 00 1.920 06 Fush Cit...
Pish Guano... 11,404 80 177\_45 0 15 76,032 cans 273 galls. " 0 65 Pish used as Manure 19 tons " ..... 15 00 285**2**00 0 50 Total ..... 40,483 75

## RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels

	V	SSEL		ND BO	ATS I	EMPLO	OYED	Fishir	ng M	AT	ERIAL.								
Counties.		Vess	els	l. /		Boats.		Net	s	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Weirs.		fresh, in ice,	Smoked, lbs.	cans, lbs.	8.	cans.	50	loked, in
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, brls.	Salmon, fresh lbs.	Salmon, Smo	Salmon, in ca	Mackerel, brls.	Mackerel, in	Herrings, brls.	Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.
Colchester.			\$			\$			\$		\$								
Five Islands Economy Village Economy Point. Upper Economy Little Bass River Bass River Brich Hill Portapique Highland Village Great Village Point Great Village Little Dyke Debert Moss Town Stirling Lower Stewiacke Forest Glen Middle Stewiacke Fresch Fish wead her in					5 1 10 3 2 3 1 5 5 2 7 2 5 18 10	300 100 50 100 40 200 200	22 10		600 200 100 150 300 200 120 280 100 250	10 6 5 2 2 1 4 1 	3500 6000 1600 200 800 700 150	 6 2 2 3 2	400 100 150 150		' 	٠		25 75 20 25 10	
Fresh Fish used by in- habitants of Stewi- acke	 	<u></u>				2145	194	14045	0717		14250			 	 		 	205	100

## RECAPITULATION.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantity.	Rate.	Total.
Salmon	205 brls. at	\$ cts. 15 00 0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 14 00 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50 3 50 3 50	\$ cts. 390 00 1,004 25 

and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c. -Continued

-																			
,	K <sub>IN</sub>	DS O	F I	7181	н.											Pro-			
/ Alewives, bris.	God, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, brls.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, brls.	Oysters, brls.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, brls.	VALU	E.	WHERE MARKETED.
		į					   										<b>\$</b>	cts.	
	80 20						130 520 490 580 130 180 239 262	•••		5000		 		30 20			1,559 4,583 4,000 4,890 1,125 1,492 1,979 2,426	00 00 00 00 50 50	Three-fourths exported
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	****** ****** ***** ***** ****						170 100 30 75 50 124		3000	• ••••			155000				1,465 905 300 750 526 1,280 24,230	00 00 00 06 00 75	to United States and New Brunswick; one- fourth in Nova Scotia.
**• **•	•••••						1		400 200 200	12000		 			 		869	50 00	Home consumption and in the Province.
: / :	100		-		 	<u></u>	3083	<u></u>	3800	27000	 	-	155000	50	 		137		
/			ļ		•		3003		3600	21000		<u> </u>	133000	100			02,000		

COLCHESTER.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantity.	Rate.	Total.
Halibut Shad Bass Trout Smelt Kels Oysters Pish Oil Fish Guano Fish Guano Fresh Fish used in Stewiacke Total	3,800 lbs. at	\$ cts. 0 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 9 00 3 00 0 15 0 65 15 00 0 50	\$ cts.  24,664 00  228 00 1,620 00  23,250 00 32 50  137 90  52,596 65

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and

						Boats Fishin	g.	Fish	ng M	ATE	NAL.							
Counties.		Ve	essels			Boats	3.	N	ets.	w	eirs.		n ice,	l, 1bs.	, Iba.		18, lbs.	
OUDMILES.	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, bris.	Salmon, fresh, in lbs.	Salmon, smoked, lbs.	Salmon, in cans,	Mackerel, brls.	Mackerel, in cans, lbs.	Herrings, brls.
Cape Breton.			8			\$			\$		\$							
Sydney, Fork's River					7	56	7	120	50	ļ	<u> </u>							
Coxheath Point Edward					10 9		22 18					 5	200				 	139 170
S. side of N. W. Arm Albert Bridge Mira River Mira Gut		••••		••••	8	80 80	8 18	512 570	112 180	·····		•••••	4					132 14 20
Round Island				••••	10	90	18	900	320	` 		6	1200	3500				105
False Bay Beach Wadden's Cove				••••	16 17			440 600		\ ,••• <del>-</del>		4	400				,	140 250
South Cow Bay Flint Island Black Brook	;	!			12 1 2		31 2 4	1280 40 260	14	ļ								580 10 110
North Cow Bay Long Beach Schooner Pond Big Glace Bay		••••		••••	37 6 11 10	36	67 12 21 22	660 280 480 600	98 166				250					190 66 100 250
Little Glace Bay Bridgeport Lingan Barachois.		اا			21 17 10	440 308 192	42 33 23	1520 480 400								•••••		600 210 128
Low Point Shore	¦		••••		3 <b>3</b>	462	62	1740	623			•					•••••	503
N. W. Brook and Grand Lake	- 1	- 1		1	42	470	66 15	2540 270				ì	5800		ì	·····		538
Salmon River Kilkenny Lake	••• ;			······]	• • • • • •	!	2	49										
Black Brook Belfrey Gabarus Kennington Cove	1	36	700	7	12 86 9	720 2600 226,	36 256 25	720 8000 <b>400</b>	360 4300 200	500	<b>6</b> 50					430		1720 1720 270
LouisburgBig LoraineLittle LoraineBaulin.					60 33 19 15	1800 1260 780 550	140 72 45 35	2200 5660 2750 950	1075 2490 1270			10 15 25 20	600 600			720 600 400		1800 806 800 400
Main à Dieu and Scatarie					36	1487	100	4320	2160			20			9600	540		900
telone				!	49	1470	120	4400 190	2200		}	50				400		1019

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia.—Continued.

	İ		SH UC	F1 PROD										зн.	Fis	3 OF	Kinds		
WHERE MARKETED.	VALUE.	Fish used as Manure, brls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish Oil, galls.	Lobsters, cans.	Oysters, bris.	Eels, brls.	Smelt, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Bass, Ibs.	Shad, brls.	Halibut, lbs.	Haddock, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Pollack, cwt.	Sounds, brls.	Cod, cwt.	Alewives, brls.	
	\$ cts.																		
Home con-	187 50						10	<b>6</b> 00	500							****		9	•••••
sumptio do Home and Sydne	912 15 944 75			26 5			8 6	400 1000	300			 				•••••	53 10	::- :-:	••••
do	553 50																6		••••
do do	598 00 584 95		•••	20 8			4 8	1000				250	6	16 2		••••	40 15	24	••••
Home, Halif			•••	290				2000	1000			3200		2		•••••	580	2	••••
and Sydna Home, Halif	1,728 75		5	45			3									•••••	90		٠٠٠,
& Cow Ba	2,263 75		2	125			20	700	400			1800	16		 		250		٠
Home and				330		•••		•••••	•••••			3400		••••			<b>6</b> 60		••••
Halif do	6,586 00	ļ ļ		400		i						2600	60		,	•••••			••••
Cow Bay. Home and									300			1400	 16				$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 190 \end{array}$		••••
Halif Cow Bay.	•						20	1000		۱ ۱	1	1	6				490		٠
	378 05					•••			•••••								25		٠
do	806 50		•••	30	.,				·····		·	2200				•••••	60		••••
Home and Halif	1,663 75		4	15			15	2500	200	ا••••ا	<u> </u>	700		••••	•••	•••••	30	'''	
	4,218 00		3	150	.,						l	5800	15	••••	i'		300		••••
do	2,284 25			~ m				1200	••••				10	ļ			190		•
Lingan and Halif	1,884 25		•••	115			25		••• •	••••	<u>'</u>  ····	1000	10	•••••		•••••	230	'''	•
Home and	3,793 40		15	146	<b> </b>							2800	15				292		••••
Halif do	4,852 25			140		İ	35	2400	 		,	600	10				281	ļ!	••••
ļ					]			ļ		l		Ì	]					20	••••
Home. do	88 00 264 15		•••	11		• • •	••••	2000	30 <del>0</del> 300	•••	• • • • •			••••		•••••		5	••••
	24 00		•••	11					400		1		1				*****	1	*****
do	36 00							ļ	600										••••
	4,747 50					ļ	5	8000						 lanc			600 6020		••••
Home and	40,960 20 1,974 50				2448	i			<u> </u>		)		250 90	200			90		••••
Halif					1	1	1	!				1	1		1		2000		••••
	33,364 00 18,225 50		•••	2000		<b> ···</b>			100		?}	400	600		1		3600 1650		••••
	14,131 50	. ,		1000 700					100	ļ	 ?	150		' 			1330	٠,•	····
Home and Halif									ļ		)	100	400				550	•	••••
	90 /41 50			1050	İ		ļ		1			1 1400	200	İ		ļ	<b>36</b> 00		••••
do	28,441 50		•••	1990		1		*******		•••	1	1400	300			1			•••
do	24,768 50			1860		١	J	l	l	l	)	1 200	100	ļ.		l	3390	1	

# RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and

						BOATS PISHING	<del></del>	Fish	in <b>e M</b> a	TER	IAL.		-					
Counties.	-  _	Ve	ssels			Boats		Ne	ets.	We	eirs.		in ice,	d, lbs.	s, lbs.		cans. lbs.	
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, brls.	fresb,	Salmon, smoked,	Salmon, in cans,	Mackerel, bris.	Mackerel, in ca	Herrings, brls.
Cape BretonCon-			\$			\$			\$		\$							
Mira River and Lewis Bay East Bay, Big Pond N. of E. Bay in-					28 20			,	,	İ	ļ I		.2	400		2		300
cluding Bouls- dric Islands	20								6750 27279			188	4000 16670	_	9 <b>6</b> 00	3273		500 12877

## RECAPITULATION .-

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon Salmon, fresh, in ice Salmon, smoked	16,670 lbs. "	\$ cts. 15 00 0 15 0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 00 0 25 3 50 3 50 3 50	\$ cts. 2,820 00 2,500 50 585 00 1,440 00 32,730 00 51,508 00 120,173 00

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia.—Continued.

_		Kini	)8 OF	F	ISH.										F Pro	JUG 181					
Herrings, smoked, in boxes.	Alewives, bris.	Cod, Cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, bris.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, 1bs.	Eels, brls.	Oysters, brls.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, brls.	VALC	Ε.		ERE
																		\$	cts.		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	15	12						2	<b></b>	300	1500	! 			ļ			28	7 50	Home.	
•••••		200								100	500	60	60		150			2,94	1 00	do	
;;	!	2600					15000		 -				25		550	_				Home	and Halifa <b>x.</b>
	00	28276		····	218	2619	49400	3	•••	5700	24800	279	98	2448	15013	31	ļ	240,17	9 65	!	

## CAPE BRETON.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Haddock Halibut. Shad Bass Trout Smelt Bels Oysters Lobsters Fish Oil Fish Guano Fish used as Manure.  Total	5,700 lbs. "	\$ cts. 3 50 0 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 0 06 9 00 3 00 0 15 0 65 15 00 0 50	\$ cts. 9,166 50 2,964 00 24 00  342 00 1,488 00 2,511 00 294 00 367 20 9,758 45 465 00

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels

	v	essel	S AND			EMPLO	YED	Fish	ing M	ATE	RIAL.								
Counties.		Ves	ssels.			Boats		Ne	ets.	W	eirs.	1	Fresh, in ice,	red, lbs.	ns, lbs.	rels.	cans.	rels.	oked, in
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon, Fresl	Salmon, Smoked, lbs.	Salmon, in cans, lbs.	Mackerel, barrels.	Mackerel, in cans.	Herriugs, barrels.	Herrings, Smoked, in boxes,
Digby.			\$			\$			\$		\$			!					
Digby Digby Gut	8	335	6600	64	22 20						800		 					400 400	
Gulliver's Cove Centerville Sandy and Mink	4	100	<b>26</b> 00	35	25 17	600 450								ļ !					
CoveLittle RiverSea WallSt. Mary's	4		1600	24	22 25 10 60	450 900 200 1800	50 20	660	650	3	200 600 2600			 	ļ	200 250 300 1576		230	700
Weymouth	 2 1		3000 3000	16 6	20 12	400 240 500	40	600 275	250	3 2 8	1100 150 1600 1000					500		50	500
Beliveau's Cove Grosses Coques Church Point	2	75		10 15	5 21		42	420 75 420	40 240	1 1 1	200 200 200					600 150 200	·	10 75	
Meteghan	7	150 240	<b>50</b> 00	30 50	8	320	20 60 40 16	3000 3000 160	1500 1500 96				500			60 30		20 300	
Beaver River			· • • • • • • •	170	75	2000		<b> </b>	1550							80	!	276	500
Freeport	18	330	11480	80	55	1650	110	3000	1500	1	200		200			) 1 110		300	175
Tiverton	8	180	6000	60	34	700	<b>6</b> 8	3000	1500	\ 						28		160	1000
									<b> </b>	_		_			 				0975
Totals	101	2160	59950	560	542	14550	1084	21985	12686	35	9850		4200	100	•••	<b>542</b> 2		4122	

and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia—Continued.

~			<b>-</b>												==			
_		Kn	NDS OI	F Fish										Fise	Р			
/ Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Rels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as manure, barrels.	Value.	WHERE MARKETED.
																	\$ cts.	
***	1600 500		1600 300							<b></b>			25000	950 900		100 <b>6</b> 0	24,813 00 7,043 00	the
•••	225 1600		250 500										*******	700 975		75 250	6,526 75 25,219 75	bth of
*** *** *** *** *** *** ***	450 300 200 20 50 900 250	ī	413 275 100 35 25 60 23	425 300 50 60	350 150 750 72 57	2000	485		3000	5000 7000			90000	440 650 300 52 36 850 50		100 150 200 60 100 50	8,367 00 22,464 50 6,077 00 20,997 30 9,103 40 5,124 50 6,710 00 9,200 00 10,118 25	nth. About one-eighth of the
***	25 500 50 4000	3 1 3	500 500	100	80	1000 1000			•••••	•••••				115 115 25			2,089 05 10,000 75 1,290 75	d Yarmouth. is used in the
2	4000 50 20	5 	2500 2500 20 5		3000 4000 75	1000					 25		••••••	1000 75			38,331 00 43,143 75 867 00 207 50	s and
•••	8600	21	83 2435	1964	5439	6200							44144	<b>600</b> 0		500	1,090 50 84,832 60	d States and this return is
٦٠,	2000	20	2000	950	2000	2000	20	2,	000 1	bs. fre	sh	fisk	unds at	ents p	er	lb	2,000 00 60 00	Unite ish in
	- 5	20	2000	<i>3</i> 50		2000	30	_	850 I	bs. Ha	ke	801	inds at	\$1 pe	r l	b	31,458 75 850 00 60 00	John, l
	2966	20	1434	2964	2700	2200										—	40,344 50	Halifax, St.
	i	į											inds at				3,450 00 60 00	Halif
2	28356	901	15193	11798	23763	26725		-	4500	12000	47		159144	19355		1945	421,905 60	

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels.

RECAPITULA

Kinds of Fish.		Quanti	ties.	Rate.	Value.
				\$ cte	s cts
Salmon	······			15 00	
do Fresh, in ice	4,200	lbs.	at	0 15	630 00
do Smoked	100	do	"	0 15	15 00
do in cans				0 15	
Mackerel	5,422	brls.	at	10 00	54,220 00
do in cans				0 15	
Herrings	4,122	brls.	at	4 00	16,488 00
do Smoked	2,875	boxes	"	θ 25	718 75
Alewives	2	brls.	"	3 50	7 00
Cod	28,356	cwt.	"	4 25	120,513 00
Cod Tongues and Sounds	902	brls.	"	7 00	633 50
Pollack	15,193	ewt.	"	3 50	53,175 50
Hake	11,798	do	"	3 50	41,293 00
Haddock	23,763	do	"	3 50	83,170 60

and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia—Continued. TION.—DIGBY.

						فليطيب بين نبست بالمالات
Kinds of Fish.		Quant	ies.	Rat	<b>.</b>	Value.
				\$	cts.	\$ cta.
Halibut	26,725	lbs.	at	0	66	1,603 50
8bad	515	brls.	"	8	00	4,120 00
Bagg		••••	*****	θ	06	
Tront	4,500		at	6	06	270 00
Smelt	12,000	do	"	8	06	720 00
Rela	,	brls,	"	9	00	423 00
Oysters				3	00	***************************************
Lobsters, in cans	159,144	lbs.	at	٥	15	23,871 60
Pish Oil	19,355		"		65	12,580 75
Fish Guano		-		15	00	*************
Fish used as manure	1.945		at	! I 0	50	972 50
Hake Sounds	6,300		"	,	00	6,300 00
Fresh Fish	6,000		"	0	03	180 00
Total		•••••••	·,			421,905 60

## RETURN showing the Number, Tonuage and Value of Vessels and

	V:	esse	Le ani In		ATS I	EMPLO:	red	Fishin	е Ма	Material.								
District.		Ve	ssels.		]	Boats.		Net	8.	w	eirs.	els.	Fresh in	ked, lbs	ns, Ibs.	rrels.	cans.	rrels.
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon, Fre ice, lbs.	Salmon, Smoked, lbs	Salmon in cans, lbs.	Mackerel, barrels.	Mackerel, in cans.	Herrings, barrels.
Guysborough.			\$			\$			\$		\$				1		1	
Fisherman's Harbour to Coddles Harbour New Harbour Torbay to Charlos' Cove Charles Cove to Raspberry South Shore Canso, Dover, &c Guysborough North Shore Strait of Canso. Green Island Fox Island Dover Bay	1 6 2 4	240 60 199 50	1500 12000 1200 6400	30 10 56	260 115 164 100 95	60 60	314 150 135	7200 16000 20800 13000 31200 20000	10400 6500 15600 10000 9000	 2 19 20 5 4					1152	350 200 240 500 2500 250 225 2100 100 120		2750 600 350 3250 2000 500 1357 2000 150 70 21*
Bickerton Holland's Harbour Indian Harbour St. Mary's Gegogan Little Liscomb Spanish Bay Big Liscomb Marie Joseph Ecum Secum					8 40 13 14 6 16 35 29	460 100 632 204 350 150 320 700 580	19 34 65 32	1500 480 1600 480 1400 280 320 2400 800	499 525 168 480 144 490 98 112 840 280		15215	8	600 400 1015	8400 700 700	l	24 10 10 20 75		300 52 245 320 385 120 145 56 172 340 409 15974

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia—Continued.

		K	INDS (	OF.	Fish.										Pro	DUC HBI																
Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.	Alewives, barrels.	Cod, ewt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels	Lobsters, cans,	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, barrels.	VALUE.		VALUE.		VALUE.		VALUE.		VALUE.		Value.		VALUE.		WHERE MARKETED
******* ****** ***** ***** ***** ***** ****	10 50 50 50 10	2000 750 2520 1755 300 3120 150	50 50 50 20 144		200 250 100 200	2600 450 2080 200 200	3110			1200		3 10 5 10 15		181152	375 1260 872 700 2000 175 110			54,758 9,361 46,484 63,226 22,592 100,059 7,722 9,441 31,383 1,635 1,280 2,706	25 80 35 00 20 25 50 00 00	United States and West Indies. cent. of whole amount used for Home Consumption.												
****** ****** ******	9		3	4		220 4,628 38	1600	Sc	uik nal	300 130	4 00 kercl	, A	\$	59184			• •• •••	1,048 880 13,875	00 00 00 40 20 80	United Scent. of Con												
	35 4 25	450 250 1085 264 865 2320 1025	) 1 5 5	4		75 52 20 210 200	950 210 3420 1100 4270 4674 1240			1200 400 450 210 225 700	1050 650	12		75984	250 960 264 784 2320 1025			18,343 2,042 17,923 1,736 5,490 23,414 8,496	40 60 05 60 15 74 15	Halifar, One-eighth per												

		RECAP	ITULATION.		
Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.		
		\$ cts.	\$ 018-		
Salmon	184 bris., at	15 00	2,760 00		
" Fresh, in ice	20,765 lbs. ''	0 15	3,114 75		
"Smoked	9,800 " "	0 15	1,470 00		
" in cans	1,152 " "	0 15	172 80°		
Mackerel	7,033 brls. "	10 00	70,330 <sup>00</sup>		
in cans		0 15			
Herrings	15,974 " "	4 00	<b>63,8</b> 96 00		
Smoked, in boxes	61	0 25	*********		
Alewives	398 " "	3 50	1,393 00		
Cod.,	18,082 cwt. ''	4 25	76,848 <sup>50°</sup>		
Cod Tongues and Sounds	89 brls. "	7 00	623 00		
Pollack	13 cwt. "	3 <b>50</b>	45 50		
Hake	1,350 " "	3 50	4,725 00		
Haddock	7,695 4 44	3 50	26,932 <sup>50</sup>		
Halibut	48,974 lbs. "	0 06	2,988 44		

# GUYSBOROUGH.

	l				l l		
Kinds of Fish.	Quanti	ties.	Rate	<b>.</b>	Value.		
Andrewskin various automatic that . Matthewards strong .			\$	cts.	\$	cts.	
Shad.	l ••••••	at	8	00		•••	
Dass		"	0	06	ļ 		
Trout	11,415 lbs.	"	0	06	684	90	
8melt	4,300 "	<sup>{{</sup>	0	06	258	00	
Rels.	60 bris.	"	9	00	540	OD	
Oysters			_			4.	
Lobsters.	1 214 372 cans	(1	_	15	182,155		
Fish Oil	14 487 malla	"	_	65	9,403		
Fish Guano	14,401 gails	66	_	00	· ·		
Pigh no.	************			- 1			
Fish used as Manure		"	_	50	••••••	•	
Horse Mackerel	262 brls.	"	4	00	1,048	00	
Squid	220 "	"	4	00	880	00	
Small Mackerel	4,625 "	"	3	00	13,875	QΩ	
					404.55		
Total	•••••••		•••••••	•••••	464,094	74	

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage, and Value of Vessels and Boats engaged in the Fisheries &c.-Nova Scotia-Continued.

Principle   Prin	1	s <b>x</b> a	Smoked,in		<del></del>	:						
Vessels   Ave Sevels   Boats   Nets.			Herrings,			<u>.</u>						
Vessels And Boarts Ratioting   Printing		-180			<u> </u>							
Counties	H	u				1						
Verset   Action   Prist   Action   Action   Prist   Action   Act		-7.80			3700 4500 22000 6000 8800 1050 1050 1050 1050 1050 1050 1	28232						
Verset   Action   Prist   Action   Action   Prist   Action   Act	INDS C				288	0071						
Vessels AND BOATE EMPLOYED IN FIGHTING MATERIAL.   Vessels   Ves	×	lbs.	Salmon, Smoked,		1080 6840 40 150 2220	10330						
Vassels And Boars Employed   Vassels   Vasse		ʻqse	Salmon, fre									
Vessels. AND BOATS EMPLOTED IN FIREING MATERIAL PRINTING.   Page 18   Page		-12	Salmon, b									
Nessels And Boats   Nessels   Ness	AL.	eirs.	Value.	€								
Margaret's Bay   Fresh: 0.5	ATERI	×	No.									
Margaret's Bay   Fresh: 0.5	ING M	ta.	Value.	₩.								
Margaret's Bay   Figure   Possets and Dourses   Posset	Fisi	Ne	Ne Ne	Fathoms.		10250 7000 86000 86000 110000 45000 5250 30000 7150 4000 7150 7120 3220 3220 71780 7120 7120 7120 7120 7120 7120 7120 712	0.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7.7					
Margaret's Bay   Margaret's Margaret's Bay   Margaret's Bay   Margaret's Bay   Margaret's Margaret's Margaret's Bay   Margaret's Margare	2		Men.		190 200 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	7.007						
Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay	OMED!	Boats.	Value.	•	2000 1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 1950 1	68/64						
Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay	S EMP		.oV									
Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay	SOAT SEI	Vessels.	Vessels.	Vessels.	Vessels.	Vessels.	Vessels.	Vessels.	Men.		- <b>! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !</b>	
Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay	AND F								Value.	•	11200 11000 12000 7500 7600 9900 3700 9150 7135	74350
Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay  Bay	BBBLS								Vess	Ves	Ves	Tonnage.
Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  East Margaret's Bay  Indian Harbour  Peggy's Cove  Upper Prospect  Lower do  Rambro  Rennant  Core do  Retch Harbour  Portuguese Cove  Herring Cove  Haliax fish market  Haliax, East.  Haliax, East.  Haliax, East.  Haliax fish market  Haliax fish market  Haliax fish market  Haliax fish market  Haliax fish market  Haliax fish market  Haliax fish market  Haliax fish market  Cove Harbour to Ship  West side Ship Harbour to Eastern Passage  Cole Harbour to Eastern Passage  Total	A A		.өИ		110000 0000 11000	E						
222 220 220 220 4 23 21 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22		O A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P	1997 1900	Halifux, West.	Harbour Cove Trospect Asrbour Asrbour Harbour Harbour Tospect do t do Tose Goe Shabour Harbour Sland in Halifax fish market Hariyaz, East. Hariyaz, East. Hariyaz, East. Harbour Sland to Sheet do to Ship de Ship Harbour to Clam Bay de West Jedtore de Chezzetcook to Lawrence subour to Eastern Passage. The Cook Tospect of Clam Bay Tospect Tosp	Total						
			No.		The state of the s							

=		1	Dobbonut Tapos (210. 0.)		
Vessels and Boats engaged in the Fisheries &c.—Nova Scotia—Continued.		<b>W</b> нвкв Маккетер.	Halifax.  do do do do do do do do do do do do do d	م م م م	**************************************
1 Scotia—		VALUE.	\$\psi \text{7.5} \text	25,119 45 14,140 42 9,878 28	966,955 70
-Nov	Гізн Ркориств.	sa bseu dsi Annare, bar- Lels.			
dec	Рвог	Fish Guano, tons.			
hories	Fish	Fish Oil, gal- lons.	60 480 330 1140 1140 660 1800 2460 240 1500 1600 240 1500 1600 240 1600 240 1600 240 1600 240 1600 240 1600 260 260 260 260 260 260 260 260 260	1747	29486
the Fis		Lobsters, cans.	15000 130000 95000 72650 440000 168000 120000 145000		1234036
l in		Oysters, bar- rels.	<u></u>		
ago		Eels, barrels.	30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 3	19.	337
s eng		Smelt, lbs.	800 1300 15000 700 2000 3200	110000	12590 135180
I Boat		Trout, lbs.	1200 1500 1500 630 500 3600	1680 850	12590
anc	Fish.	Bass, Ibs.			
7 ossols	KINDS OF F	Halibut, lbs.	9000 9000 60000 24000 24000 1200 8300 5000	4200	154102
Jo 1	Kin	Haddock, cwt.	2000 2000 2000 4000 100 100 135 135 135 135 135 291 291 292	274	
luc		Hake, cwt.	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	17	302 8680 4207
1 Va		Pollack, cwt.	126 126 54 54	44 ::	302
Tonnage, and Value of		Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	4 4 4 2 113 13 22 4 4 5 2 2 2 2 4 4 5 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6		183
[onna		Cod, cwt.	4000 4000 11000 13000 11000 3260 3260 4000 24000 24000 2400 2500 2600 2701 282 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283 283	2002	40268
		Alewives, bar- rels.	120 20 20 20 10 10 10 10	115	260
Return showing the Number,		COUNTIES.	Margaret's Bay.  East Margaret's Bay.  East Marbour Degg's Cove. Upper Prospect Lower Cower Cower Cower Cove		Total
7		.oN	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	2, 23	

203

n 10		1	Dessio.			a.p.		<u> </u>		J.,		:				A.	==	_
		Value.		\$ cts.	750 00	11,628 60	1,549 50	193 20	393,320 00	10,221 00	68,464 00	***************************************	1,960 00	171,139 00	1,274 00	1,057 90	30,380 00	
		Rate.		& cts.	15 00	0 15	0 15	0 15	00 01	0 15	4 00	0 25	3 50	4 25	00 4	3 20	3 50	
	RECAPITULATION—BALIFAX COUNTY.	Quantities.			50 barrels at	77,524 lbs. "	10,330 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	1,288 cans "	39,332 barrels "	68,140 cans "	17,116 barrels "		560 barrefs at	40,268 cwt, "	182 barrels "	302 cwt, "	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	RECAP	Kinds of Fish.			Salmon	Salmon, Fresh, in ice	Salmon, Smoked	Salmon, in cans	Mackerel	Mackerel, in cans	Herrings	Herrings, Smoked, in boxes	Alewires	Cod	Cod Tongues and Sounds	Pollack	Нако	

-			ori					Ses		nal —:		apeı		N
	***************************************		755 40	8,110 80	3,033 00		185,105 40	19,165 90	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		25,000 00	9,878 28	966,955 70	
	00 8	90 0	90 0	90 0	00 6	3 00	0 15	0 65	15 00	0 20				
			lbs. at	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	337 barrels "		,, sue	galls. "			t8		Total	The second secon
			12,590 lbs.	135,180 "	337 b	•	1,234,036 cans	29,486 galls.						
	Shad	Bass	Trout	Smelt	Eels	Oyste18	Lobsters	Fish Oil	Fish Guano	Fish used as Manure	Fresh Fish sold in Halifax fish markets	Sconsumed in Eastern District	Total	

	VESSELS AND BOATS EMPLOYED IN FISHING.							Fish	ing I	(ATE	RIAL.								
Counties.	,	Ves	sels		Boats.			Nets.		We	irs.	89	in ice.	ed, lbs.	s, Ibs.	ols.	cans, lbs.	els.	Smoked, in
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels	Salmon, Fresh,	Salmon, Smoked,	Salmon, in cans,	Mackerel, harrels	Mackerel, in ca	Herrings, barrels	Herrings, Smo
Hants.			\$			\$			\$		\$								!   !
Maitland					1 2 2  3 2 2 4 3 18	170 90 100  190 110 210 200 450	<b>2</b> 3	400 415 850 450 475 890 675 3100	170 175 275 185 200 300 359	1 1 1	50	19 57 3 10 4 2 1 3	500					40 35	

Note.—Chiefly used for Home Consump

# RECAPITULATION .-

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon	500 lbs. "	\$ cts.  15 00 0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 00 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50 3 50	\$ cts. 810 00 75 00 300 00

and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c. -Nova Scotia-Continued.

_	Kinds of Fish.														Fish loduc				
/ Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Fels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure,	VALU	F.	WHERE MARKETED.
		l   									ļ	!					\$	cts.	
:	25 16 19 10 29 20 25 15				20  25  10  55		80 47 90 104 80 214			3800	<u> </u>						50 56 40 1,00 52 1,05 1,05	0 75 5 00 5 00	

tion. A small part shipped to Boston.

# HANTS COUNTY.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value,
Haddock Halibut Shad Bass Trout Smelt Eels Oysters Lobsters Fish Oil Fish used as Manure	1,000 lbs. "	\$ cts. 3 50 0 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 0 06 9 00 3 00 0 15 0 65 15 00 0 50	\$ cts. 192 50 6,360 00 60 00 228 00
Total	(**************************************		8,701 25

===					
nued.			Cod, cwt.		360 1430 1614 1614 1614 1614 350 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 1000 1700 170
onti		.slər	Alewives, ban		212 212 212 200 200 200 200 200 200 200
0		oked,	Herrings, Sm sexod ni		
Scoti	H.	rela,	неттіпка, раг		30 122 122 122 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
078	F Fis	.sass	Mackerel, in		
Vessels and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia—Continued.	KINDS OF FISH.	rels.	Маскеге], раг		160 230 203 203 203 203 420 160 160 160 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167 167
ies, &c	<b>F</b>	'su	Salmon, in ca lbs.	-	40000
sheri		'pəx	Salmon, Smo lbs.		
e Fi	*		Salmon, Fres		3000
n th			Salmon, barre		1 3 36 50 112
ged i	ĀĽ.	irs.	Value.	<del>69</del>	2800
nga	ATERI.	Weirs.	.oN		130
ats e	FISHING MATERIAL	ts.	Value.	€	125 765 601 134 740 740 380 1800 1260 1260 1260 1260 1260 1260 1260 12
nd Bo	Fish	Nets.	Fathoms.		430 1365 1176 281 1450 1450 600 840 1800 1280 1800 1280 2310 300 300 300 300 300 300
els a			Men.		121 141 144 144 165 165 168 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 17
	VESSELS AND BOATS EMPLOYED IN FISHING.	Boats.	Value.	<del>69</del>	285 280 415 1260 408 96 1080 1080 140 3100 3600 2100 640 465 465 2760 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17
ю оf	rs En		.oN		22 22 22 22 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
Value of	BOATS FISHING		<b>Ж</b> еп.		110011110111101111111111111111111111111
	A AND IN ]	Vessels.	Value.	₩	2800 2800 3600 3600
nage	[E88]	Ves	. од вппоТ		28 28 83 83
Ton			·oN		000
RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and	•	Corrented		Inverness.	Dousett Cove Chance Cove. West side Margaree Harbour. Bast side Coal Mines, C. C. Lake Ainslie and Loch Rain Margaree Forks Broad Cove Marsh Port Bann Trout River Tout River Cheticanp Point Big Pond, Cheticamp Pollet's Cove. Cheticanp Cove. Black Rock, Cove. Black Rock, Cheticamp Frier Head. Rock, Cheticamp Frier Head. Black Rock, Cheticamp Frier Head. Cheticanp Frier Head. Black Rock, Cheticamp Frier Head. Cheticanp Frier Head. Black Rock, Cheticamp Frier Head. Rock Rock Rock Rock Rock Rock Rock Rock
H			.oN		
					208

27         Port Hastlugs         470         60         200           28         Port Jawkesbury         20         1060         200         100         1060         100         1060         1060         200         1060			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	270 2500 2500 2500 2500 2500 2500 2500 2	1990	49174
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	7	200	8382
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	6		
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	333 925 90 200	100	1 - 1
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			40000
= 13   696   10500   65   10   100   20   600   200   200			
= 13   696   10500   65   10   100   20   600   200   200			1531
= 13   696   10500   65   109   108   18   550   190   200			179
= 13   696   10500   65   109   108   18   550   190   200			
= 13   696   10500   65   10   100   20   600   200			1
= 13   696   10500   65   10   100   25	200 200 250 350 350 350 160 175 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80		15669
= 13   696   10500   65   10   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   100   20   2		200	26032
= 13   696   10500   65   10   100		202	167
27 1074 25100 165		120 80 72	
7 13 696 10500 66 66 66 67 10500 65 67 10500 65 67 1051	$\sim$	0 <del>4</del> 0	427
7 13 696 10500	99		
27 1074			25100
27			1074
Port Hastings   Port Hastings   Port Hawkesbury   Port Hood   Mabou   Unique   Judique Banks   Point			27
02500000000000000000000000000000000000	7   Port Hastings	North Mountain West Bay Red Banks	

\*Figh used for consumption in the Parish of Cheticamp.

			A မွာ
	<b>W</b> неке М <b>а</b> нкетер.		Halifax, N.S.  do do do do do do do do do do do do do
	VALUE.	\$ cts.	990 990 990 990 990 990 990
CTS.	Fish used as Ma- nure, barrels.		
порр	Fish Guano, tons.		145 8877 1377 1377 1377 1377 1377 1377 1377
Гізн Раористя.	Fish Oil, gallons.		145 130 137 137 1400 400 1900 1900 1900 170 170 170 170 170 170 1881 1881 188
	Lobsters, cans.		2000
	Oysters, barrels.		
	Eels, barrels.	-	100
	Smelt, lbs.		6000
Fish.	Trout, lbs.		500
OF F	Bass, lbs.		
Kinds of	Shad, barrels.		
Ϋ́	Halibut, lbs.		40 400 60 320 213 90 40 1000 40 1000 70 300 7 7 7 7 62 7 62
	Haddock, cwt.		
	Наке, смт.		26 400 400 35 35 30 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
	Pollack, cwt.		
	Ood Tongues and Sounds, barrels.		2112
,	Countars,	Inverness.	Dousett Cove.  We st side Margaree Harbour. We st side Margaree Harbour. Bast side Ado Coal Minea, B.C. Lake Ainslie and Loch Rain. Margaree Floand Broad Cove Marsh. Whale Cove. Port Bann. Trout River. Cheticamp Point. B. Harbour. B. Harbour. Pleasant Bay, C.N. Pollet's Cove, C.N. Pleasant Bay, C.N. Pleasant Bay, C.N. Pleasant Bay, C.N. Pleasant Bay, C.N. Pleasant Bay, C.N. Big Pond, Cheticamp. Prier Head. Delaney's Cove. Aucoin's Cove. B. Cheticamp. Plarish of Cove. B. Cheticamp. Plarish of Margaree. N. E. Margaree.
	·oN		22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22

00		Value.	\$ cts. 16,975 00 214 92 336 00 1,368 00 12,505 35 395,971 27
do do do do do do do do do do do do do		Rate.	# cts 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
21,309 00   3,980 00   4,682 50   -1,460 00   800 00   800 00   800 00   1,200 00   1,210 50   486 00 495 00   495 00   435 00   Halifax 395,971 27	:	Quantities.	4,850 cwt. at. 3,582 lbs. " 5,600 lbs. at. 1,600 lbs. " 1,230 cans at. 19,239 galls. "
	-		
300 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	RECAPITULATION.—INVERNESS COUNTY.	Kinds of Fish.	\$ cts. \$ cts.   Baddock   Haddock   15 00   2,686 00   Haddock   130 10   Haddock   130 10   130 10   Bass   10 00   15   6,000 00   Bass   10 00   10,120 00   Trout   10 00   25   33,540 00   Eels   208,389 50   Fish Guano   101 50   Fish Guano   101 50   Fish used for consumption in the Parish of Cheticamp.
9400 2840	ITULATION	Value.	\$ cts. 2,685 00 1,130 10 6,000 00 100,120 00 33,540 00 208,989 50 101 50 8,515 50
	RECAP	Rate.	# cts. 15 00 15 00 15 00 16 00 16 00 16 00 18 25 00 28 25 00 28 55
24 29 2433		Quantities.	bris, at.  lbs. at.  lbs. at.  bris. at.  bris. at.  cvet. "  cvet. "  do "
			7,57 40,00 10,00 8,33 8,34 2,45,1
29   Port Hood   Makbou   32   Judique Banks   33   Judique Banks   34   Low Point   35   Voregnish   36   Whycocomah   37   L. Whycocomah   39   Malagwatch   39   Marble Mountain   40   Basia R. Dennis   41   Boom   42   North Mountain   43   West Bay   44   Red Banks   Totals		Kinds of Fish.	Salmon. 179  do Fresh, in ice. 7,534  do Smoked. 40,000  Mackerel. 10,012  do in cans. 10,012  do Smoked, in boxes. 8,386  do Smoked, in boxes. 892  Cod Tongues and Sounds. 24  Pollack. 24  Hake. 2,433
	2	11	

	_											_				
	V	SSE			DATS I	RMPLO	YED	Fishin	G Ма	TEI	RIAL.					
Counties.		Ve	ssels		I	Boats.		Net	s.	w	eirs.	els.	resh, in	ked,lbs.	cans, lbs.	arrels.
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon, Fr	Salmon, Smoked, lbs	Salmon, in c	Mackerel, barrels.
Kings.	-	-	\$			\$			\$		\$	<del></del> 			 	
Starr's Point	 	50			40 8 15 8 4 2 6 20	100 450 160	16 30 32 20 6	1200 2500 320 500 320 320 800 2000	350 300 600 100 150 100 240 1000 240	2 4 6 1 3 6 2	400 200 400 600 100 300		2200 750 600 1500 400 200			500 100 300 140 25 16 200
Total	5	80	1400	12	109	1650	380	13840	4130	41	4100				<u> </u>	1480

Note.—Those exported are shipped to the United States

# RECAPITULATION.

Articles.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon  do Fresh, in ice  do Smoked  do in cans  Muckerel  do in cans  Herrings  do Smoked, in boxes  Alewives  Cod  Cod Tongues and Sounds  Pollack  Hake  Haddock	5,850 lbs. "	\$ cts. 15 00 0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 10 00 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50 3 50 3 50	\$ cts 877 50 14,800 00 29,020 00 372 50 7 00 11,989 25 5,075 00 8,050 00

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia.—Continued.

	Kinds of Fish.												Рво	Pis DU								
Herrings, barrels.		Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.	Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, ewt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	I Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Kels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as manure, barrels.	VALUE.		Webre Marketed
	-														İ					<b>\$</b> 0	ts.	
· ···	•-				•••••	••••	•••	•••••					•••••	ļ	} 			 	120	2,460		i
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12	5	1000		41			•••		:::										80	790		
1:::							•••			75	i				!				30	615		
1200	Ю.	••••	•••	1100		200		11000	i	1	١			١	اا		1300		720	27,410	00	
		•••••				50		300			ļ			•••		•••	150		100	4,397		
. 80	90	•••••	•••	600		600		•••••	1	•••••				•••	····	•••	1000	f	800	11,212		,
. 20	101	•••••	•••	100	•••••	•••••	•••		•••	******				•••	····	•••	100 200		300 100	5,730 2,080		
	30	·•••••	· · · ·	200	!		i	† 	1		l			1	1 1		200		100	670		1
10	00	•••••		100				!		i	1			1	'		100		50	2 140		
- 180	Ю,	·····		600		600	•••	1000						١			1200		1000	18,630	00	1
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	٠.!	•••••	•••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••	i • • • • •		100	•••			•••	•••	•••		···	20	810		
	١.	•••••		*****			•••			75 	i···	······	4000	1::		•••				600		1
	"	•••••	2	•••••	 		•••	, <b></b>		•••••	• • • 	<b>6</b> 00	4000 8000	10	••••	•••	•••••	ļ		397 558		
											***	2000	8000	3		•••	! • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	····	•••••		00	
٠		••••••		*****								100		١						21	00	
1-	-1		_				_		1—		<u> </u>			_	-		٠	¹				1
·  728	55	1490	2	2821		1450		2300	<b></b>	1748	ļ	1000	12000	13	1		4050	•••	3580	89,494	75	į

About one-fourth are consumed in the county.

# KINGS COUNTY.

Articles.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.		
Ialibut had ass ses Trout melt tels cols obsters ish Oil, gallons ish uano	1,000 lbs. " 12,000 " " 13 brls. " 13 brls. " 14,050 brls. "	\$ cts. 0 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 0 06 9 00 3 00 0 15 0 65	\$ cts 13,984 00 60 00 720 00 117 00 2,632 50		
ish used as manure	3,580 brls. "	0 50	1,790 00 89,494 75		

KINDS OF FISH.	ice, Ibs.	Salmon, bris. Salmon, Fresh, in Salmon, Smoked, Salmon, in cans, Mackerel, bris. Mackerel, bris.		1200 250 150 200	650 200 600	1100 800 1850 2200	2850 1400 1700 50 3500	1600         8000         200         20           600         2000         200	200
ATERIAL,	Weirs.	No. 	-	<del></del>				:	9 9 9
Fishing Material.	Nets.	.sulaV	6	19000	8100		14100	•	04 8 00 8 00 8
	N.	Fathoms.		17690		_	12500	1600	
IING.		Men.		6		490	220	•	2000
in Fish	Boats					_	0084	750	
Vesebls and Boats employed in Fishing		No.		338			260		52.4
ATS BM		Жеп.					0 374	37	
AND BC	Vessels.	Value.	"	2789 119828	9 53000		0 85000	14000	<u> : :</u>
	Ď	Топпаке.			• • •		4 1870	3 160 4 180	
		Мо.					34	<u> </u>	
	Counties.	,	Lambing	From Lunenburg to	Mahone Bay to Mur- der Point & Islands.	Lahave River to Iron Bound Island	County line West to W. side Lahave River Fish used in Western	District	Fox Point

~ 10	or	1a.	
		i	
300		14370	
200 1200 800 900		300	
		16900	
400/ 1000 200 900		- 2	
-		20000	
000			
8 2400  2 2400  7 1400  1200	•	21600	
H 4		8	
800/ 800/ 100		71650	
1260 1600 800 200		76490	
140 50 40 40	•	2900	
300 375 300	:	41883	
20220		1450	
8	:	1736	-
38 800		8030 374525	`
38		8030	-
	-	140	•
16   Little Tancook	Fish used in Eastern District	Total	
118	<u>.</u>		_

A. 1879

	Webre Marrefed.			West Indies	do.	ор	qo	Halifax, Lu-	Portland. do do do do do do do
	VALUE.		€ cts.	311,381 25	88,455 00	181,036 15	211,676 70	6,000 00 44,741 00	8,311 00 10,325 00 12,100 00 6,212 50 11,534 00
JOTS.	Fish used as Manure, orls.			250	100	150	200	40	
IGOB,	Fish Guano, tons.			55	19	02	20	98	
FISH PRODUCTS.	Fish Oil, galls.			29625	8250	17531	19938	800	009
	Lobsters, cans.			150000			<b>4</b> 0000	170000	
	Oysters, brls.					•	•		
	Kela, bria.			20	25	30	26	\$1	
	Smelt, lbs.			2000	2500	2000	3000		
	Trout, lbs.			2500	2000	2000	4200	200	
rá	Вава, јра.					•			
F18	Shad, bris.				10	01	20		
Kinds of Pish.	Halibut, Ibs.			8000 102000	40000	22000	00009		
M	Haddock, cwt.			8000	1800	3800	2000	224	98
	Hake, cwt.			3200	720	1350	1950		50
	Pollack, cwt.			4000	650	1300	2000		
	Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.			90	10	38	16	10	
	Cod, cwt.			39000	12000	26000	29000	1600	1232
	Alewives, bris.			2	09	-64	20	20	2 0 2
	Courties.		Luneuburg.	From Lunenburg to Cross Island	Point and Islands	Bound Island	County line west to W. side Lahave River. Fish used in Western	District	Martin's River Fox Point Mill Gove Lodge Rorth-West Gove
		<u> </u>					4 ×		2860H

	<u> </u>	20000000000000000000000000000000000000
99999999999999999999999999999999999999	Value.	\$ ct 3,000 00 169,000 50 169,000 50 13,480 00 13,480 00 13,480 00 27,480 00 27,530 00 28,670 00 28,670 00 28,670 00 28,670 00 28,670 00 15,400 00 15,500 00 3,000 00 5,500 00 5,500 00
3,540,00 14,173,00 3,43,73,00 15,135,00 12,930,00 5,500,00 961,096,60	Rate.	₩ 0 0 0 0 4 8 4 7 5 8 8 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
40   200	Quantities.	bb. st. do do cewt. do do do do do do do do do do do do do
13   Sandy Beaches	Kinds of Fish.	Salmon, Fresh, in ice 20,000 2,750  Mackerel do in cans 2,750  Herrings 330  Herrings 383  Cod Tongues and Sounds 7,950  Haddock 19,901  Balbut 25,000  Sale 19,904  Hallbut 25,000  Sale 119,914  Fish Gale 10,905  Fish used as Manure 7,444  Fish used fresh in Western District 200  Figure 200  F

		Vessels and Boats employed in Fishing.  Fishing Material.									LL.							
Counties.		Ve	ssels		]	Boats.		Net	8.	We	irs.	els.	, in ice,	ked, lbs.	cans.	barrels.	cans.	rrels.
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.		Salmon, barrels.	Salmon.Fresh, in ice, lbs.		е.	Mackerel, in	Mackerel, in	Herrings, barrels
Pictou.			\$			\$			\$		\$				i			
West Pictou					43 14 14 7 4 7 4 27	265 150 110 55 68	19 19 10 6 11 6 33	1,435 1,720 2,050 880 1,190 1,080	736 780 258				1,020 17,500 16,430 37,600 9,500 13,500 14,450 2,500			29		55 1 74 3 14 6 211

# RECAPITULATION-

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Totals.
Salmon  do Fresh, in ice	112,500 lbs. "	\$ cts. 15 00 0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 00 0 25 3 50 1 25 7 00 3 50	\$ cts. 16,875 00 860 00 1,456 00 2,069 75

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia—Continued.

	Kinds of Fish.														PR	Fish oduc				
-	Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, owt. Halibut, Ibs. Shad, barrels. Bass, Ibs.		Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.		Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans,	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as manure, barrels,	VALUE	ı.	Where Marketed.		
	•••	100 16 31 			50					90	200 460  150	3 2 1 1 5		12,000	15 30  85			3,238 2,745 2,962 5,661 1,434 2,843	75 75 00 00 25	do do do do
1		300 487		 	10  160	 	   	 	 		1,100  1,910		-	12,000	260 398			2,405 2,663 23,952	00	do

PICTOU COUNTY.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Totals.
Halibut Shad Shad Bass Trout Smelt Bels Cysters Lobsters Fish Oil Fish Guano Fish used as manure Total	715 lbs. "	\$ cts. 9 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 9 00 3 00 0 15 0 65 15 00 0 50	\$ cts. 42 90 114 60 126 00 1,800 00 258 70 23,952 95

	,	Vessi	LS ANI	Boa Fish		MPLOY	ED	Fishi	ng Ma	TE)	RIAL.						
Counties.		Ve	ssels.			Boats.		Ne	ts.	w	eirs.		Fresh, in ice,	Smoked, lbs.	ns, lbs.	.	ans, lbs
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, brls.	Salmon, Fresh lbs.	Salmon, Smok	Salmon, in cans,	Mackerel, brls.	Mackerel, in cans, lbs
Queens.			\$		j	\$			\$		\$						
Liverpool	16 3 1 1 2 4 1	480 78 28 25 28 50 101	6000	82 24 7 7 8 16  24	1500 488 600 200 77 15 300 200 255 166 700 5 5 12 111 8	2400 1200 1600 400 120 400 500 320 460 1000 50 300 225 600	86 120 30 14 30 60 40 50 35 70 100 10 24 22	100 540 720	1920 900 150 120 600 1000 400 350 400 625 2000 100 450 480	1 3 	500 1400 500 500		7850		 	431	1765
Total	56	2041	90950	361	547	10575	1009	22798	12645	8	12800	100	43371			6270	2435

# RECAPITULATION.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon  do Fresh, in ice  do Smoked  do in cans  Mackerel  do in cans  Herrings  do Smoked, in boxes  Alewives  Cod  Cod Tongues and Sounds  Pollack  Hake  Haddock  Haddock  Halibut	43,371 lbs. "	\$ cts.  15 00 0 15 0 15 0 05 10 00 0 15 4 00 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50 3 50 0 06	\$ cts. 1,500 00 6,505 65 62,700 00 365 25 21,096 00 119,514 25 5,624 50 6,615 00 3,145 98

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia—Continued.

	K	INDS	or F	ISH												Fi Prop	SH	TS.			
Herrings, bris.	boxes.	Alewives, brls.			Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, brls	Bass, lbs.	Trout, Ibs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, brls.	Oysters, brls.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, brls.	VALUI	G.	WHERE MARKETED.
1634 888 450 12 10 10 300 155 140 25 30 30 20		40	9770 8933 2200 300 160 1050 135 610 183 1600 400 400			3000 3677 100 35, 100 300 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 2	500 125 40 10 200 25 20 20 400 75 90 25	000 lb	s. in	Гrа	рs,	89	50 40 20 40 25 mon brls	us	74000 118804 115000 950000 50000	6897 1300 1500 1050 1800 1800 1800 2000 2000 5000 150	nty		103, 27. 73, 76 41, 58 16, 29 8, 49 7, 93 13, 56 1, 88 1, 67 26, 20 4, 45 2, 47 1, 66	9 28 3 00 6 00 0 00 0 00 5 75 2 50 0 00 5 75 0 00 6 00 6 00 6 00	ngland, West Indies, Sou United State
5274	•	120	2812	1	_  ···	1607	·	5243					185	)	brls. (	·	7	-	312,58	58 78	1

# QUEENS COUNTY.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Shad Bass. Trout Smelt Eels. Coysters Lobsters Fish Oil Fish Guano Fish Salmon used in the County Albacore, caught in traps Clams, dug in Queen's County.  Total.	185 brls. " 452,804 cans 18,847 galls. " 14,000 lbs. " 89 brls. " 230 " "	\$ cts. 8 00 0 06 0 08 0 06 9 00 3 00 0 15 0 65 15 00 0 50	\$ cts. 1,665 00 67,920 60 12,250 55 2,100 00 356 00 780 00 312,558 78

	v	esse			ATS HING.	Емрьс	YED		Fishin ATERI									
Counties.		Ve	ssels.			Boats	,	Ne	ts.	w	eirs	els.	h,in ice,	Smoked, lbs.	cans, lbs.		cans.	, mi
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon, Fresh,in	Salmon, Smol	Salmon, in ca	-	Mackarel, in can	Herrings, brls.
Richmond.	1		\$			\$			\$		\$							1
Larchérique Grand River Point Machew L'Ardoise St. Peter's Island St. Peter's Island St. Peters River Bourgeoise Arichat. Arichat, West Petit de Grat Cape Hogan Port Royal Descousse Lower Descousse Polimand Port Richmond Cape Le Rond Rocky Bay Little Antz Gros Nez River Inbabitants and Basin Black River	2  10  12 6 3 2 	38 65 1300 50 350 480 240 120 75	7000 2800 1200 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	9 100 360 10  1000 500 21 10	166 77 133 322 244 156 422 466 15 800 1000 84 40 14 100 5 3 31 366 60 40	320 224 520 1280 640 3800 672 700 300 1600 2000 2000 100 400 900 900 930 1080 1200	388 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188 188	3120 11200 66000 3580 7360 1000 4000 4000 2400 2400 1000 750 3000 6000 4000 5000	1024 840 1248 4480 3500 3600 1790 2000 2000 2000 1200 400 500 375 1500 2000 2000 2000 2500			30 5 28 10	400 500 100 400 300 200			2044   800   499   1044   2244   2200   11000   2000   2000   2000   2000   3		448
Martinique and Lennox Passage	1	30	400	3	6	120	12	600	300	•••								100
Totals	<u>-</u>	2872	66800	657	994	22932	2096	110810	<b>4667</b> 3	<u></u>		94	3400			7244		14305

# RECAPITULATION .-

Kinds of Pish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon	7,244 brls. " 14,205 brls. " 417 brls. " 29,687 cwt. "	\$ cts.  15 00 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 00 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50 3 50 3 50	\$ cts- 1,410 00 510 00 72,440 00 56,820 00 1,459 50 125,744 75 1,407 00 35 00 2,100 00 45,675 00
1			

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c. - Nova Scotia - Continued.

		Kind	s of	Fis	н.									-	F Pro	ISH DUC			
Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.	Alewives, brls.		Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, brls.	Bass, Ibs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, brls.	Oysters, brls.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	6	Fish used as Manure, brls.	Value.	WHERE MARKETED,
	20 20 20 20 40 10 10 20 50 15 30	3400 192 84 156 100 300 2400 110 500 500 100 5500 1250 100 750 100	56 66 1000 500 200 5	5	100 100 130 100 20 20 20 20	1700 500 300 200 100 50 50 800 40	1500 4000 1600 1000 200 400 300	5		200	10000	50 50 10 6 2		35000 11000 146544 63192	750 60			3,470 44 1,994 37 9,262 56 6,874 00 45,260 00 45,260 00 134,877 00 55,814 66 12,082 00 27,290 00 6,806 00 3,967 5 36,633 8 15,001 0 6,602 5 3,796 5 6,076 2 12,318 5 13,271 0 6,584 0	Quebec, United States and poppopopopopopopopopopopopopopopopopop
	100 5 17	20 75 500 29587			10	400				500 400 200	2000 1000 500	15	 	252736				7,936 0 1,040 2 4,161 5 360,816 8	Halife

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Halibut Shad Bass Trout Smelt Eels Oysters Lobaters Fish Oil Fish Guano Fish used as Manure  Total	14,000 " "	\$ cts. 0 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 0 06 0 06 9 00 3 00 0 15 0 65 15 00 0 50	\$ cts. 549 00 40 00 84 00 1,917 00 90 00 37,910 40 11,785 15 360,816 80

	V	essel	s and E	SOATS SHING		LOYED	IN	Fishi	ng Ma	TE	BIAL.							
Counties		V	essels.			Boats		Ne	ts.	w	eirs.	els.	resh, in	Smoked, lbs.	cans, lbs.	rrels.	cans.	rrels.
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon Fre	Salmon, Smo	Salmon, in c	Mackerel, barrels.	Mackerel, in	Herrings, barrels.
Shelburne.			\$			\$			\$		\$				'		1	
Jordan Bay	1	60	3000	14	24	1500	37	2500	875						٠	100	•••	360
West Side, Jordan Ferry Wood's Harbour	2	129 240				900 1160		1700 2880	595 1008		<b>5</b> 800	•••			ļ	178 1230		610 200
Shag Harbour	8	245	7300	96	50	1300	60	6000	1500			•••			•••	600		300 150
Bear Point West Barrington	3 17	100 378		30 100		180 200		4200 1800	1470 600			•••				90 160		200
Port Latour }	2	100	5800		155	2850	158	8000	2800	1	2000					300		725
Bacarro	17	765	22500	170	86	2560	162	6000	2100	13	14800				İ	6120		   2060
Blanch S Upper Port Latour	7	280		63		810	106	2700	949						1	230		625
Cape Negro \	6	450	22200	49		1550	100	4500	1575	1	1929					470		1574
East Blanch 5 Port Clvde	9	314	1	91	15	750	30		360	1		•••	*****			100		450
North-West Harb'r.	4	203	8700		6 8	240	18	480	168 280	1	600	••••	•••••	ļ	•••	84		307
Black Point	1	45	3000	14	-	600	24	800			1000	•••						600
Red Head	1	30	800	'	12		32	1800	630		1000	••••	•••••	•••	1	050	•••	590
Cape Negro Island. Roseway	•••••			••••	8	450	16	800	280			••••	•••••	•••		250		1200
McNutt's Island.	•••	****			25	2000	75	2500	850			•••	•••••	····	;	125		
West Shelburne	1. 9	59	2500 17000	12 83	44 24	1794 700	43 50	1560 4000	546 1400	••••		••••	•••••			115 100		1300
East Shelburne Lockeport	_	416 1700				3200	100	3500	2000	1	1500	••••		<u>                                     </u>		800		
Fish consumed in							i							1	1	1		1
the County	•••••				• • • •	•••••												
Total	124	5515	241800	1207	742	23644	1227	56020	19986	23	27629					11052		13691

RECAPITULATION .-

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon	11,052 brls. " 13,691 brls. " 130 brls. " 96,972 cwt. "	0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 09 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50	\$ cts. 110,520 00 54,764 00 455 00 412,131 00 16,625 00 350 00 19,495 00

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.-Nova Scotia. -Continued.

		Kinds	of F	гізн.											Pro	'ise DUC			
Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.	Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass. lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, barrels.	VALUE.	WHERE MARKETED.
																		\$ cts	
••••••		4025			•••••	75		• • •		' 		····			1575	: 		20,832 50	Halifax and
*****	25  75 30	3450 1800 2600		50		300 50 50 200			 		•••	<b> </b>		425000 196000	560			23,751 25 89,712 50 22,576 50 39,115 00 15,297 50 25,361 00	Portland & Halifax. Halifax. do
*****		9373		100	<b></b>	250	. <b></b>	l	ļ		:	 		255000	5000	; !		152,000 25	Portland &
······		5905	1		ı	150						10				1		,	(I .);e,
	•	7722		1020	····	2060	· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ļ	ļ		ļ	···		139000	4435	ļ		78,327 <b>2</b> 5	Halifax.
•••••	ļ	6900 1880											٠	•	1 3380 1 915			34,322 00 10,652 75	
*****									ļ				••••		540			6,726 00	
•••••	<b>.</b>	850	·	250	ļ	60			ļ	ļ	ļ		! 		825	ļ	ļ	7,633 75	do
•••••		400	]	50		20		<b> </b>	<b>]</b>		ļ		<b></b> .		200	ļ	<b></b>	6,935 00	do
٠٠		2500		50	<b></b>	200		ļ	ļ		<b> </b>	ļ			1250	ļ		18,362 50	do
•••••		1800				300		<b></b> .	ļ		ļ	; 	ļ	07000				15,612 25	
	•••••	7422 31000		400	100	800 120	30000					 						56,504 50 181,073 <b>6</b> 0	do do
·····					ļ			ļ			 			······				25,000 00	1
•••••	130	96972		4750	100	5570	30000					25		1199024	64675			863,257 35	

SHELBURNE COUNTY.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Halibut Shad Bass Trout. Smelt Bels Oysters Lobsters Fish Oil do Guano. do used as Manure do used in the County.	25 brls. " 1,199,024 cans " 64,675 galls. "	0 65 15 00	\$ cts. 1,800 00 225 00 179,853 60 42,038 75
Total			863,257 35

	VE	SSELS			ATS HING.	EMPL	OYED	Fishi	NG M	ATE	RIAL								
Counties.		Vess	sels.		F	Boats	•	Ne	ts.	w	eirs.	barrels.	sh, in ice,	Smoked, lbs.	cans, lbs.	rrels.	cans.	barrels.	loked,
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, bar	Salmon, Fresh, in ice, lbs.	Salmon, Smc	Salmon, 1n c	Mackerel, barrels.	Mackerel, in	Herrings, ba	Herrings, Smoked in boxes.
Victoria.			\$			\$			\$		<b>\$</b>								
New Campbellton Great Bras d'Or Boulaider French River North Shore English Town Grand Narrows Wreck Cove St. Ann's Bay Fish used in District	1	50			25 30 4 13 12 80 12	500 600 80 260 240 1600 240	50 60 8 26 24 160 24 	800 870 80 300 300 4000 240	435 40 150 150 2200		1800	1 15 1 15 20				40 65 20 40 110		100 100 100 150 10	
Bay St. Lawrence North Harbour White Point New Haven Neil's Harbour South Bay Greea Cove Ingonish Fish used in District	2  1	30  15	800 400 500	 5	17 43 13 25 60 20	1254	40 35 86 26 50 120 40 100	840 1440 1470 1500 3600	336 369 490 600 1440 720			10 6 42  19 5 58				10 13 15 120 500 20 600		150  10 60 160 150 100	
Total	9	200	3300	42	424	8976	849	21740	9121	1	1800	192			-	1878	-	1090	

# RECAPITULATION-

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon do Fresh, in ice do Smoked do in cans Mackere! do in cans Herrings do Smoked, in boxes Alewives. Cod Cod Cod Tongues and Sounds Pollack Hake	1.878 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	\$ cts. 15 00 0 15 0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 10 00 0 25 3 50 4 25 7 00 3 50 3 50 3 50	\$ cts- 2,880 00 18,780 00 4,360 00 4,360 00 82,705 00 3 50 17 50 7,829 50

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia—Continued.

	Kinds	з ог Е	risi	Ι.											Fish oduc	TS.		
Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, cwt.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, Ibs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, barrels.	VALUE.	Where Marketed.
	1100 1000 1000 1200 960 250 2000 258  1700 550 2000 22000 1852 3210 1000 2750 	12		5	300 300 300 275  100  260 215 150 250 2237	500								500 900 10 250 100 450 600 160 430 800 800 500 1000			\$ cts. 6,865 00 7,160 00 64 00 3,312 50 1,735 00 1,141 50 1,265 00 4,346 50 2,619 00 9,804 00 10,063 50 10,741 00 21,295 00 5,975 00 20,482 50 9,625 00 133,034 50	Halifax.  do do do do do do do do do H'f'x, Arichat, Sydney Halifax. do Halifax and Arichat. Halifax.

# VICTORIA COUNTY.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Vaiue.
Halibut. Shad. Bass. Trout. Smelt. Eels. Oysters. Lobsters Fish Oil. Fish Guano. Fish used as Manure. Fish used in the County.	8,160 galls."	\$ cts. 0 06 8 00 0 06 0 06 0 06 9 00 0 15 0 65 15 00 0 50	\$ cts. 30 00 5,304 00
Total	1		133,034 50

ued.		'spu	Cod Tongues and Sou barrels.			787	1	28,	256
Contin			Cod, cwt.		3920 26125	9000	3130	23925	71085
tia.—			Alewives, barrels,		09	2000	250021	20	2244
် ကို	H.	poxes.	Herrings, Smoked, in					: :	
lova	Kinds of Fish	,	Herrings, barrels.		503	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	326 326	825	3571
7	IND		Mackerel, in cans.		11	<u> </u>	ULI		
3, &c.	×		Mackerel, barrels.		6165 1925	2780	670 780 780	2689	17406
rie			Salmon, in cans, lbs.		<u>::</u>		<u>: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : </u>		
ahe			Salmon, Smoked, Ibs.		<del>-</del>			-:-	-:
o Fig	100	lbs.	Salmon, Fresh, in ice,			2800	::		9820
#			Salmon, barrels.		:::	<u> </u>			.:-
ed in	AĽ.	Weirs.	Value.		24000	• •			59400
Sa <sub>C</sub>	TER	×	No.		13	7 00		-1-	37
its ong	FISHING MATERIAL.		Value.		1200	2,150 1250 1250	1800 800 600 600	2800	22000
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RETURN showing the Number,			Counties.	Yarmouth.	Bay Shore to Yarmouth Town	Cheboque	Tusket East River East Lake and East Brook Argyle	Argyle Sound	Total
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Fis	CTS.	Figh used as Manure, barrels.	2000
tþ	корд	Fish Guano, tons.	400 100 100 100 80 590
ged in	Fish Products	Fish Oil, gallons.	4875 13220 100 100 100 30 755 1400 850 8850 8850
enga		Lobsters, cans.	20160 156000 170000
ats		Orsters, barrels.	
Bo		Hela, barrela.	
ls and		Smelt, lbs.	126 6000 25000 31125
6886	KINDS OF FISH.	Trout, lbs.	500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500
A		Ваяв, Ірв.	
0	SQ	Shad, barrela.	
Value	Kin	Halibut, lbs.	82
and		Haddock, cwt.	1466 1380 175 47 3700 200 500 500 450 3075
age		Hake, cwt.	225 200 200 130
, Tonn		Pollack, cwt.	2565 3970 100 20 570 570 150 450 2625 10900
Return showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &cNova ScotiaContinued.		Counties.	Bay Shore to Yarmouth.   Bay Shore to Yarmouth Town   Yarmouth Town
	•		1 420

Kinds of Fish.		Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
			\$ cts.	es cts.
Salmon, Fresh, in ice	9,820 lbs		15 00 0 15	1,473 00
Satting, buloked Satting, in cans. Mackerel	17,406 barrels,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	10 00	174,060 00
Mackerel, in cans	3,571 barrels,	77	0 4 0	14,284 00
Alewives.	2,244 barrels, 71,085 cwt.,	"		7,854 00 302,111 25
	205 Darrels, 10,900 cwt.,			38,150 00
Haddock Halibut	11,237 " 30,050 lbs.,	77	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	39,329 50 1,803 00
Bass	2 0 0 0 0 C	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)		00 141
Produ Produ Bels	2,650 108., 31,125 370 barrels.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		1,867 50
	010 100	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3 00	51 994 00
	345, 150 cans, 37,006 gallons,			24,053 90
	590 tons, 2,200 barrels,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	15 00	8,850 00 1,100 00
Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			674,095 65

RECAPITULATION showing the Total Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, Quantity and Value of Fishing Material (in the Province of Nova Scotia), for the Year 1878.

<b> </b> }		VE	SSELS A	VESSELS AND BOATS EMPLOYED IN FISHING.	B EMP	LOYED 1	N FISHI	NG.	FISE	FISHING MATERIAL.	TERI7	- E				KINDS	OF FISH			1
			Ves	Vessels;			Boats.	İ	Nets.	l s.	We	Weirs.	's	'qs		.sd	.sl:	-	·si-	l
N o	Counties.	.oN	Топпаge.	.enlaV	Men.	·on	Value.	Men.	.smodis¶	Value.	.0N	Value.	Salmon, brl	Salmon, Fre edi ,əsi ni	Salmon, Smo	Salmon, in cans, l	Mackerel, bi	Mackerel, in cans.	Herrings, bi	Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.
~0 to 4	Annapolis	122	325	6450 9600	30	175 155 25 82	\$ 3500 5350 1130 2145	370 465 108 184	15590 21774 1800 14045	9245 25210 1275 2717	1113	\$ 1125 1395 14250	9 9	2915. 15000: 3600 6695		2640	210 1900 200		8410 1160 2075 205	2600
	Cape BretonDigby	101	657 2160	7000 59950	151 560	698 542	16508 14550	1501	50668 21985	27279 12686	35	650 9850	188	16670 4200	3900	0096	3273 5422		12877	2875
231		22	948	29509	149	1459	44946	2327	170860	96172	62	15215	184	20765	0086	1152	7033		15974	
∞	Balifax West	30 43	680	39700	224	1630	56100 12664	1817	154750	46425	470	94000	20	62800	10330	1288	36200	47468	7240	
9 10 11 12	Hants	27 5 140	16 1074 80 8030	25100 1400 171525	6 165 12 1736	40 427 109 1450	1620 19891 1650 41883	67 1157 380 2900	8080 26032 13840 76490	3085 15669 4130 71650	130 41 100	625 2600 4100 21600	179	500 7534 5850 20000	2750	40000	10012 1480 16900	300	75 8385 7255 14370	1490
13	Pictou. Queens	1 56	$\frac{12}{2041}$	250 90950	198	120.	1709	171	10087 22798	7274 12645		12800	1000	12500 43371			86 6270	2435	364	
15 16	RichmondShelburne.	87 124	2872 5515	56800	657 1207	994	22932 23644	2096 1227	110810	46673	23	27629	94	3400			7244 11052		14205 13691	
11	Victoria	6	200	3200	42	424	9268	813	21740	9121		1800	192	<u> </u>	•		1878		1090	•
18	18 Yermouth	115	5121	273450	1446	471	17910	877	43830	22000	3.5	59400	•	9820			17406		3571	
	Total	793	31080	1264934	7057	10574 3	307683	3 02 161	913719	469302	2577 2	267039	1107	350344	26880	24680 1	129698	70875	130219	7165

RECAPITULATION showing the Total Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—Nova Scotia.—Concluded.

	VALUE.	\$ cts 58,3464 40,483 25 63,464 40,483 75 52,458 75 240,179 65 415,425 60 448,291 74 1,048 00 13,85 00 13,85 00 13,87 00 14,87 00	25,000 00 347,935 72 28 8,701 25 89,494 75 89,51 27 89,51
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Рівн Рвориств	Fish used as Manure, bris.	1640 9 1 1945 1 1945 3 per lb.	rict 13680 13680 1740
PRO	Fish Guano,	60	84 559 6 Eu
FIBH	Fish Oil, galls.	2760 273 273 273 273 273 20 1 in Stew 1555 14467 Mackerel Mackerel 14850 14850	Halifa 1463 1463 1923 1923 1923 1845 1884 1884 1813 1813 1813 1813 1813 1813
	Lobsters, cans.	: F % ( 5)	921386 14656 921386 14656 008umed in this II 200 19329 360000 77444 Fish used in the 12000 398 4556 230 bris. Clams (6 252736 18131 1199024 646761 Fish used in the 75574092 329984
	Oysters, brls.		
	Kela, brla.		Fresh 227 152 1152 1152 1152 1152 1152 1152 1155
	Smelt, lbs.	600 9100 27000 24800 4300	3800 2840 12000 9500 1910 1910 11000 14000 31125
	Trout, lbs.	1000 1850 3800 4500 11415	12590 5600 14200 14200 14200 14200 2850 66620
	Bass, lbs.	1000 6000 Hake	795 1000 748
Fish.	Shad, bris.	10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10 1 10	795 36 35 5 5 245
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	Наке, стс.	1575 1300 325 325 11708 1350 7000	1680 2433 7620 100 1607 100 100 555 555
	Pollack, cwt.	625 295 16193	302 1450 1450 7950 1050 4750 4750 4750
	Ood Tongues& Sird , span Son S	901	24 79 79 00 used 201 201 256
	Cod, cwt.	1530 2730 500 100 28276 28356 18082	22118 159 10932 28121 28121 28121 28121 29587 296972 19460 19460 1086 527640
	alid ,esviwelA	255 4855 80 80 393 80	892 892 892 120 120 130 130 130 130 2244
	Counties.	Annapolis. Antigonish Cumberland Colchester. Digby Guysboro'	Halifax   East
	No.		8 60110 111111111111111111111111111111111

	Value.	\$ cta.  1,296,980 00 1,296,980 00 1,296,980 00 1,296,980 00 2,242,470 00 2,242,470 00 2,242,470 00 2,242,480 00 1,296,000 2,342,878 00 2,342,480 00 1,360 00 2,342,480 00 1,360 00 2,342,480 00 1,360 00 2,342,480 00 1,360 00 2,343 00 2,344
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isheries of Nova Scotia, during the Year 1878	Quantities.	1,107 brls. at 26,880 " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
VALUE of the different Fisheries of	Kinds of Fish.	Salmon  do Fresh, in ice  do Smoked  do in cans.  do in cans.  Herrings  do Smoked, in boxes  do Smoked, in boxes  Alewives  Cod Tongues and Sounds  Cod Tongues and Sounds  Cod Tongues and Sounds  Cod Tongues  Ealibut  Bast  Bast  Bast  Trout  Brith  Bri

# APPENDIX No. 13.

SYNOPSES OF FISHERY OVERSEERS' REPORTS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, FOR THE YEAR 1878.

### ANNAPOLIS COUNTY.

W. T. CARTY, Overseer.

I have to report a great falling off in the fisheries of this County for the past season. I believe excessive trawling, practised by vessels fishing at the mouth of the bay and fishermen along the coast, has a tendency to bring about this result. The inhabitants attribute it to sawdust in Bear River. Annapolis Basin

yielded comparatively nothing this season.

Laquille and Round Hill are still frequented by salmon and alewives. Very few were taken, there having been a vigilant watch kept on those streams by the Wardens. Annapolis River had a large amount of salmon and bass this season. Some fine shad made their way up as far as Lawrencetown dam, but could get no further, thus depriving the upper part of the County of the advantage of the shad fishery. Nictaux River, above McOwer's dam, has shown no signs of salmon for some years. I would recommend that the mill-owners above that dam be exempted from keeping up fishways.

#### CAPE BRETON COUNTY.

# YORK BARRINGTON, Overseer.

The fishways in my district are in good order. This has been a good year for all kinds of fish except cod, which promised to be very plentiful. Early in the scason they struck in with the capelin, which is the best bait, but never stays long on the coast; and when they leave the cod follow them, and since that time they have been very scarce. Herrings were taken in great abundance, but quantities spoiled owing to the scarcity of salt at the time.

The salmon fishing is greatly improving. I have had no difficulty in having the

laws observed.

### Francis Quinan, Overseer.

I am very happy to have to state that in my district the catch for the past season of some kinds of fish has been far above that of last year, and the increase is especially noticeable in regard to salmon, herring and codfish. The mackerel fishery, however, was almost a total failure—scarcely any fish of that kind fit for market, being taken on our coast this season. There has been a great run of small mackerel, but they were sought after only by amateurs for sport, or by the people of the shore as a change of diet; many persons thought them unwholesome for food. The increase in the salmon catch is owing, I think, to the increased protection of that fish in our rivers—there having been a larger number of them up our rivers for the past season than for years before. The increase in the herring and cod fisheries is entirely due to the favorable summer and fautumn weather, and to the great facilities for getting

bait on our shores this season. The principal abuse that I have to notice is one that cannot be attributed to our fishermen, but must be laid at the door of vessels coming on the banks for trawl fishing and discharging thereon their offal, and thereby keeping the fish outside. Our fishermen complain loudly of this, and opine that if it continues they will be forced to abandon the shore fisheries. I can hardly say in what manner the abuse may be remedied, but a remedy is asked for.

The close season, as far as I can ascertain, has been pretty well kept, except in one case, wherein the parties offending were foreigners who did not know our law.

There are two fishways in my district; one of them, a new one, has been but one year in operation. As it did not give satisfaction, I caused it to be lengthened this spring, and now it works well. Of the other, I hear no complaint. A third one

is about being attached to a dam now building.

I must again remark this year, as I did last, that some of our best brooks are completely choked by windfalls, old timber, &c., which prevent the fish ascending and descending in due season. To this, in a great measure, I attribute the disappearance of alewives from our fishery returns to what it used to be. Time and again I have reasoned with the settlers along the streams, urging them for their own sake to lend a hand in clearing away the obstructions; but they seem to think it the duty of the Department to keep the brooks clear. At one time I succeeded in getting two streams cleared out, but they are again in a partially obstructed state.

I think I am safe in estimating that about one-half of the salmon and herring and one-third of the codfish are consumed at home, the rest, together with all the haddock caught, goes to Halifax. All the smaller and less marketable kinds of fish

are consumed at home.

In closing my report I beg to suggest a close season for smelts, from the 20th May to the 30th June.

## ALEX. McDonald, Overseer.

There is an increase in the catch of cod, herring and mackerel; alewives are a total failure on this coast. Halibut will soon be among the things that were, but their scarcity is attributed to trawl fishing. The eastern portion of this district was noted some years ago for the abundance of that kind of fish, but now the reverse is the case, and the fishing of halibut is less pursued than in former years. The salmon catch in this district is below that of last year, but fishing was not so vigorously carried on as usual, for the following reasons: 1st. The fish approached our shores earlier than in former years, and consequently the fishermen could not set their nets so early. 2nd. Salmon commanded a low price on the markets, so much so that fishermen found it more remunerative to follow other fishing pursuits, such as codfishing, herring. &c.

Lobster fishing was not prosecuted less vigorously than usual. The "Canadian" factory was only in operation for a few weeks in the early spring. The "Gabarus"

factory was opened during the whole fishing season.

Tront-fishing is below the usual average, and this season was a poor one for angling, rivers and streams being remarkably low and few fish being enabled to ascend during the angling season. The close time was strictly observed except in one case. A salmon net was seized by one of the Wardens, and having no name on it, consequently we could not impose a fine, and the net is yet in possession of the Warden.

#### COLCHESTER COUNTY.

### R. J. POLLACK, Overseer.

Smelts were abundant as usual, but the eatch not so good as that of last year; therivers being so low, the fish made only a short stay. The catch of shad was less than last year, the rivers being too high for the setting of nets, except in the eddies on the

shore during the latter part of the season. Salmon were unusually scarce in Stewiacke; parties having nets appear to take very little interest in fishing with them. I have made diligent and careful enquiry, and can hear of but 145 salmon being caught. From the close of the fishing season until the first of November, the river was unusually low and filled with marsh mud. The water was quite thick, so much so that the fish could not live in it. In the months of September and October, there was not a salmon to be seen. The close season was well observed, and when the fall rains came and the mud was partly washed out of the river, the salmon began to go up and appeared quite numerous in the small streams. Salmon fry are not caught by either men or boys in this district, except an odd one when fishing for trout, which they put back in the river immediately.

### JAMES BONYMAN, Overseer.

Since the change in the law which makes the close season to begin in the middle of August instead of 20th October, as it used to be, we have no report to give of salmon-fishing, which creates a good deal of dissatisfaction amongst the people, and I would respectfully suggest that the Department reconsider the matter, with the view of giving them a chance to have a taste of good salmon without violating the law. Smelts were plentiful; sea-trout rather scarce, but the lakes afforded the usual amount of sport. This season, unlike the last, was a poor one for salmon-spawning; the rain not coming soon enough to let them up the rivers. We noticed this summer what we never saw before, towards the end of June, quite a lot of young salmon in the rivers of the Northern Division of Colchester County. We knew them to be salmon by comparison with those put in by Mr. Wilmot, but they could not be the same ones, they were so much further down the river, and there were so many of them.

There were some violations of the law, but none of an aggravated kind. No fines were imposed, but I have three salmon-nets in my possession that were unlawfully set; two of which I promised to return when it is lawful to set them, if the Department does not object.

## J. W. Davison, Overseer.

I am pleased to notice that a more encouraging state of things exists than it has been my privilege to record for some years past. The catch of shad was considerably larger than for several years previous. These fish came in large quantities upon the feeding grounds, consequently a large proportion of them were caught in weirs which are in general use along the shores of Cobequid Bay. Prices were fair, and fishermen fairly remunerated for their expenses and labor. If more pains were taken to select and pack up fish properly, the market would probably be steadier. The fishermen are not fully alive to the injury they do themselves by sending large and small fish, promiscuously branded No. 1, into the market. In order to remedy this evil, I would respectfully recommend the appointment of an Inspector of pickled fish for this County. There has been some falling off in the catch of salmon, but it must be remarked that although there are about ten rivers frequented by salmon in this district, all the salmon caught are taken in shad-nets set in the bay, and those nets are neither large enough in the mesh nor strong enough to hold large salmon. Our rivers form nurseries for other parts; no seines, brush-weirs, or fishing apparatus of any kind, ever existed on any of them for capturing fish. Salmon are generally taken more plentifully in windy weather, and this season being a very calmone, this may account for the small catch. The quantity taken in the bay is by no means a true index to the numbers that frequent the rivers.

Six new fish-ladders were built this season under the superintendence of Mr. W.

H. Rogers, of which he will no doubt give full particulars.

Salmon were seen in the act of ascending by means of those ladders, thus proving satisfactorily their efficiency.

Codfish still continue scarce. This is largely attributed to the use of trawls. which has been carried on for some years past, and which is very generally condemned by the people of the vicinity.

## CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

### JAMES KING, Overseer.

Fishing at the head of the Bay of Fundy has been very good this season for shad, and alewives have been very plentiful in all the rivers frequented by them; there was not a very large quantity caught, as the people did not fish to any great extent for them.

Salmon were scarce during the open season, and not over plentiful in the close season.

Line fish were about as usual, there being a few less men engaged in the business; the catch is, consequently, below that of last year. Herring, in the early part of the season, were less plentiful than last year, yet there were more weirs set, and the men engaged worked diligently, so that a considerable quantity was caught. The fish passes are in a tolerably fair state for general use. Violations of the law Were immaterial, requiring nothing more than severe reprimands.

### J. J. HINGLEY, Overseer.

The lobster business was not very good this season. At Amherst Shore it was a complete failure, owing to the lobsters spoiling in the cans shortly after sealing. The factories lost 5,000 cans in this way, and it is reported that 8,496 cans were shipped and lost in the same way. The Pugwash factory was removed to Caribou in the spring, and nothing was done at Pugwash last summer. The factory at Wallace did a very good business, and no loss is reported there. I have been informed that Syres' establishment, on Wallace River, for the purpose of freezing fresh fish, has been a failure from different causes, the principal one being that the fish thawed, and spoiled while in transport.

There has been a considerable falling off in the catch of herrings. This did not result from the scarcity of fish, but because the people did not make any effort to catch them. Most of those caught were secured by the lobster men for bait. The run of mackerel was very good, but the catch was small, owing to no preparations being made to take them in nets. Those taken were nearly all got with the hook and line. In September last I engaged two special guardians for night service on River Philip to protect the salmon from poachers during the fall; Timothy Patton and Niron Thompson being employed for that purpose. They only seized two nets during the season. This arises from the fact that the people are beginning to respect the laws more than they ever did before. The run of salmon this fall was larger than it had been for some years. Mr. A.B. Wilmot's men secured at Oxford 125 good salmon for spawning purposes. They caught them in a shorter time, and With less labor than in former years.

The large majority of the people in this district, who were so bitterly opposed to the taking of spawn from this river, are now becoming convinced that the scheme 18 a success. They have seen to some extent the error of their ways, and believe that the artificial method of re-stocking our rivers with this noble fish is the only Possible way. Therefore I think they have made up their minds generally not to

Oppose the Department any longer.

### DIGBY COUNTY.

#### J. H. Moorehouse, Overseer.

It will be observed by the statistics for this county that the results of the fish-\*Pries, as a whole, are about equal to last year, which, although not as satisfactory as we could wish, still they are sufficient, with the abundant harvest and low prices of

all the necessaries of life, to give comfort to our fishermen.

I regret to state that the Bay of Fundy fisheries continue to show signs of gradual decrease. Various reasons are assigned for this. Among them is the practice of throwing overboard on the fishing-grounds the offals of fish. As the law stands, there is great difficulty in convicting the guilty parties. The law should be amended so as to compel parties suspected of the offence, to show on oath, what they have done with their gurry, and the crew should be held equally liable. The practice of thrawl fishing is also, unquestionably, most injurious; this I think I rully

demonstrated in my report of last year.

I regret to report the continued failure of the herring fisheries of Digby Basin-It is stated that heavy shoals of these fish were to be seen in the Bay of Fundy during the summer months, but none approached the coast. It is difficult to understand the habits of these fish. The reason why they do not enter the basin as formerly is attributed by many to the sawdust passing out of the basin to the sea-But the same failure occurred in the Grand Manan herring fisheries for the last three years, where there are no mills, and consequently no sawdust. It must also be observed that sawdust or other substances can only pass from the Basin to the sea during ebb-tide, when such fish need not enter if they choose. It is, therefore, evident that they must enter with the flood, when it is always clear water, so that even admitting the sawdust to be distasteful to these fish, it is evidently no impediment to their entering the Basin. The cause must, therefore, be sought for in another direction. Years ago, before lumbering was carried on in this section of the country, these periodical failures occurred; they were then thought to be caused by the Indians shooting porpoises (which preyed upon the herring), and drove them in shore, where they would strike the Digby Gut tide and enter the Basin. This theory, whether correct or not, certainly commends itself to our judgment as the most reasonable.

Bear River, although once visited in large quantities by salmon, bass, shad and gaspereaux, has long since been surrendered to the lumbering interests. Occasionally, there are to be seen adventurers, perhaps from the icy north, seeking admission, it may be, to their birth-place, but they find the way securely barred against them. There are eight heavy dams on the river, that completely bar the passage of fish to the lakes, which are converted into vast reservoirs by means of dams at their outlets. The water thus kept back reduces the river to a mere brook during summer, affording a most imperfect idea of its real character, when the surplus water from its numerous lakes is pouring its way to the sea, over its rocky bed. In the summer of 1870, Mr. Venning, then Inspector of Fisheries for Nova Scotia, visited this locality. I fully explained these particulars to him. After consideration, he thought best not to exact the building of fishways, but for the protection of the herring fishery and harbor, to enforce the clause prohibiting the throwing of sawdust and other rubbish into the river. I have endeavored to do, but the struggle has been severe up-hill work. I have had to oppose prejudice and heavy money interests; while those most interested, instead of availing themselves of the liberal provisions of the law to assist me, have weakened my efforts by finding fault. I have had five cases in the Supreme Court with one firm, and am heavily out of pocket.

I find that the determination of the late Government to withold the fines due to prosecutors from Wardens, is working badly. Men will not incur heavy risks without a prospect of being reimbursed, which they fail to see in the small salary

they receive.

Sissaboo is a noble river, fed by many fine lakes, with beautiful sandy shores admirably adapted to the breeding of salmon and gaspereaux, if they could be reached from the sea; but unfortunately this is prevented by a perpendicular ledger crossing the river, over which fish cannot pass. I have repeatedly urged in my reports the necessity of a small outlay by the Government to overcome this difficulty.

which would secure a great boon to the people, and eventually a revenue to the country

I am glad to report that the mackerel fishery at St. Mary's Bay has shown decided marks of improvement. Three traps were licensed this summer, and their eatch has been satisfactory. The fish, though small, are decidely better than last year, and it is quite probable that the next season's fishing will be a prosperous one if not destroyed by foreigners throwing their gurry into the bay and polluting the waters.

## GUYSBORO' COUNTY.

# JAMES A. TORY, Overseer.

A large falling off in the yield of the fisheries of this County is noticed when compared with that of last year. Salmon were undoubtedly on the increase, and from all informations received, larger quantities ascended the rivers this season than for many years past. The deficiency is attributable to several fishermen heretofore following that fishery in other places, when this year it was totally abandoned.

Mackerel fishing, which may be called the mainstay of most of our people, shows a falling off of nearly one-third, and the loss sustained is felt severely by the inhabitants of the eastern portion of the County, but more especially by fishermen and merchants. One cause of the short catch was owing to a continuance of heavy east winds in the spring, which prevented nearly all the fishermen from getting to their usual fishing grounds along the coast of Cape Breton. This led to nearly a total failure of the spring catch; the fish having passed before the fishermen got located. The summer catch, taking into account the small mackerel, was an average one. But the fall run (the most important one) was a total failure on the shores of this County, excepting a small catch at Canso, unusually late in the season. It is asserted that large schools were seen passing; but why so late may be accounted for by the prevailing warm weather during the latter part of the fishing season.

Herrings, although a short catch in some places, was about the same as during the

Previous year.

Codfish and haddock show a considerable falling off. Fishermen account for this by the scarcity of bait, which they were unable to procure while those fish were on the coast.

Hake has increased. This may be attributed to two reasons,—first, the short catch of other and more profitable fish compelled a portion of the fishermen to turn their attention to those fish, secondly; the sounds of those fish have become so yaluable (\$1 per lb) that numbers are caught on that account.

The increase in oil is due to the extra catch of hake and the taking of horse

mackerel in trap-nets, besides a run of dog fish upon the coast this season.

The catch of lobsters has materially increased, but the fish have diminished in size to such an extent that it now requires over fifty per cent in number to make the same weight that it did a few years ago, or when the fishery first commenced. This fact, I think, calls for more stringent regulations in respect to the size of the lobsters allowed to be caught, and also a stricter watch upon the canning establishments to see that the regulations are carried out—that is, if the fishery is to be protected or preserved for future years,—as the present drain upon it must exhaust the supply, and in a very few years totally destroy it, thereby depriving the country of a increative source of wealth and the Dominion of a large article of export.

All other kinds of fish have been about upon a par with other seasons.

As regards the river fisheries, I have nothing special to report—except that I have heard of a few instances of torches having been seen about the rivers, but have been unable, up to the present, to ascertain who the parties were.

Regulations respecting the shore or salt-water fisheries are much needed, and considerable inconvenience is felt by fishermen for the want of the same, and of

officers in the immediate neighbourhood to carry them out.

During the past season there has been four licences granted by the Department for traps in this portion of the County, but only three availed themselves of the privilege granted, and it being late in the season, the spring fishing was over before the traps were set, in consequence of which they have not done as well as they otherwise might have done; the quantities taken by each you will find in the statistical returns. I would here remark that I fear a very important provision of the law, and also a clause in the licences, are violated by the trap not fishermen—that is, in taking or, rather, in not releasing salmon when taken in the traps, for it seems impossible that those fish can escape from being caught, and if so, the temptation is so great that none, or a very few, are ever released alive; but at the same time I have not heard of any such violation.

## HALIFAX COUNTY.

# WILLIAM ANDERSON, Overseer.

I have nothing particular to note in the yield of fisheries in the Eastern Division of this County. The returns show a small increase in mackerel, herring, codfish and oil — the last item caused by a small run of dogfish, which for several years had deserted our coast. There were fair prospects for a good summer's fishing in the early part of the season; but as it advanced bait became scarce and continued so. There was no falk herring or mackerel catch, excepting those too small to either mesh or sell. Late in the season codfish, in some places, were plenty, but neither bait nor weather to catch them.

season codfish, in some places, were plenty, but neither bait nor weather to catch them.

I had some trouble with Messrs. Nauffts' and Slaughnwhite's nets. They set them about a mile west of the entrance to the harbor of Musquodoboit, and when settled the matter, John Naufft disputed my authority outside of the harbor.

reported the facts to the Department.

All the fishways in my district are in good order, and I have only a two dollar fine to report. The law was well observed during the close season by the lobster packing establishments.

Mr. Rogers visited with me all the rivers and fishways in my district. His

directions and recommendations were all carried out.

I would recommend that something be done for the improvement of West River and Chezetcook, to enable the fish to ascend at any size of water. Please refer to Ey report of last year.

## JOHN FITZGERALD, Overseer.

The returns of the yield and value of the fisheries in my district show an increase over that of last year. The largest increase is in mackerel; in salmon and herring it is much less; codfish is about the same. There were more hake caught than for the last two years.

The rivers in my district are in good order, except Hubbard's River. I met Mr. Rogers, and he told me that he would attend to it; but I suppose he was so busy he

could not do so.

Fall mackerel fishery was a total failure, no fat mackerel being seen after the

1st of October.

There are four lobster factories in my district, and they kept the close time strictly.

## HANTS COUNTY.

# TIMOTHY O'BRIEN, Overseer.

I am pleased to be able to report an increase in the number of fish taken this tewon. There was a considerable increase in the catch of salmon, and of other kinds, and as shad, codfish, haddock and herrings. More than an average amount have been

taken, although there are not so many people engaged in fishing as in former years; the inhabitants of this district having turned their attention more closely to farming

than formerly.

The mill-owners feel vere much aggrieved at being compelled to prevent sawdest from passing into the streams; and even one of them stopped operations for a while, declaring the law too stringent, but finally considered it wiser on his part to comply with the regulations than to suffer pecuniary loss. I have, of course, made no distinction, but treated all alike. Complaints were made to me by the fishermen that mill-owners permitted sawdust to be cast into the streams. These complaints proved in several cases to be groundless.

I believe fishermen are beginning to appreciate the benefits resulting from the carrying out of the regulations in regard to the preservation of fish, so that I antici-

Mte less trouble in enforcing them in future than I have had in the past.

In conclusion, I am pleased to be able to report everything working smoothly now and to my entire satisfaction.

# P. S. Burnham, Overseer.

Shad were more plentiful in Avon River this season than they have been for the veral years, and very fine. Salmon were scarce and small, very few exceeding four pounds. I have not much to say as regards salmon in our fresh water rivers; they some up here very late—not till the last of June—and generally the water is low, and by that time they have but small chance of getting over the ladder. However, on the west branch of the Avon River the only dam of any consequence was swept away by a freshet, and has not been replaced. On the south branch, the river has been kept opened, and I am in hopes that, by another spring, that the only dam which offers any impediment to the ascent of fish will be carried away, as it is of no use.

# INVERNESS COUNTY.

# M. A. Ross, Overseer.

The value of the year's products in my district is \$223,339.42 for exportable fish, being an increase of \$53,593.59 over last year. The quantity of fish used for home consumption and bait amounts to \$139,113.60, making a total value of \$267,453.02.

There has been a great number of small mackerel and small herring this year, and that is one reason why so many have been kept for home use; they were unfit

for foreign markets.

Salmon fishing was remarkably good, although I am not in a position to show the number canned at Margaree during the season, that being in Mr. Coady's district. North River having been well stocked with salmon this fall, heavy schools went up to the spawning-grounds.

The alewives fishery was considered good, and I am in hopes that in a few years

the returns will shew a large catch.

## JOHN CAMERON, Overseer.

I find all kinds of fish on the decrease. The abuse which exists in my district is setting nets across the rivers. The nets stolen from me last fall, during my absence on official business from home, I again seized in the river this fall, and have new in my possession. In several cases I had to use the knife and destroy nets found in the rivers in violation of law.

One of the best rivers in my district is Whycocomah; I am desirous that some measure be taken to clear it of rubbish which is accumulating in its bed to the injury of fish. Sawmills are the great trouble. Last spring I had to take action against a

man at Mabou, and the case was brought before the County Court, and came against the outsider who lodged the complaint. The amount of twenty dollars in fines was taken from other parties, but was paid out in costs. In the above cases I may say that a wholesome check has been given to law-breakers.

Improvements have been made in mills to keep sawdust and rubbish from falling

int the streams, although a great deal more is needed.

## KINGS COUNTY.

# A. BISHOP, Overseer.

I have to report that the mill on Gaspercaux River, formerly known as Calder's now Benjamin's mill, being idle, no material can be had to build the proposed new fish passage without water to get logs to the mill. Mr. Benjamin expresses his willingness to build the fishway if I will insure the safety of the dam. I could not think of giving any such assurance. He proposes to get ready for the work so soon as he can get logs down, and to build the fishway when the water subsides next year, which will be after the alewives have gone. With respect to the number of menboats, nets, weirs, material, &c., engaged in the fisheries on this river, I beg to say that, in former years, there were an average of 12 boats with two men each, and 36 square nets with one maneach. In the tide there were 6 brush weirs, giving employment in all to about 65 men, most of whom were poor and were largely indebted to their employers for a subsistence. My return for this year shows an entire failure of this fishery, as I formerly predicted, notwithstanding that Mr. Rogers, in his report, says that even I will be surprised to see the river teeming with fish this year.

The catch of eels and smelts this year was beyond the average, both in respect to number and quality. Alewives have been a failure. Salmon, which in former years were numerous in the best pools above the dam, are this year almost a failure. Those which were put in by the Government may keep up the supply in the future if they can ascend to their spawning-beds, otherwise I look for an entire failure of this fish,

not one having yet been seen above the dam.

Gaspereaux River is now clear of all obstructions from the tide to the lake, with

the exception of the dam at Benjamin's mill.

Cornwallis River shows a falling off in the yield of salmon, but I think this is owing to the extreme low water on account of dry season. Smelts were numerous and of good quality; trout were plenty and much fished for.

In North and South Aylsford I see no material change. The mill-owners have been watched, and have generally complied with the law in respect to mill rubbish. The people having generally complied with the law; I have no fines to report.

# J. E. STABR, Overseer.

It is satisfactory to note that the yield of the fisheries has steadily increased year after year, from \$32,000 in 1869 to \$88,467 for the past year. This you will perceive

is an increase of nearly \$24,900 over last year.

The herring fishery has been a failure all along the coast; the fish for some reason do not appear to have run up the Bay of Fundy. Notwithstanding, the fishermen seem to have increased their exertions in the other branches of fishing, with the above very gratifying results, which, when it is considered that this is much more of an agricultural than a fishing County, I think speaks more forcibly than words of the general efficiency and good management of all concerned.

I have no fines to remit, nor can I think of any alteration or additions to the

law that would be both practical and beneficial.

## LUNENBURG COUNTY.

# H. S. Jost, Overseer.

Few vessels went to Labrador this year, and those few barely averaged half a load each. The cod-fishing Bay vessels did well, with few exceptions, making a full average catch. The majority of our fishing vessels were bankers, which, on the Whele, made average voyages, some vessels doing very well.

The only trap-net set in this county, at Fire Cove, Lunenburg Harbour, was not

a success this year, the whole value of proceeds being but little over \$1,000.

I have to report some improvement in the fishery of Petite Rivière. Salmon went above the mil's and reached Big Lake, while quite a number were taken at

different points up the river.

Alewives were also more numerous than of late years, and went up through Wallace Brook to the waters above, since the rubbish and old stumps were removed by means of the grant of \$50 from the Government expended there last year. I am informed that some parties are utilizing this brook now by bringing down logs, and I am told that it was more for logging than for fishing purposes they wished it to be cleared of obstructions. I shall visit it soon for information.

By direction of W. H. Rogers, Esq., I notified the mill-owners on Lahave and other rivers, where complaints had been made, that the law relating to the throwing of sawdust or mill-rubbish in the rivers, or allowing it to fall therein, would be en-<sup>10</sup>rced this fall, if the practice was continued. I had clauses of the Act of 1873 Printed and sent with the notices to the mill-owners. The two mill-dams belonging to Mr. Davidson—one, half a mile, and the other a mile, above Bridgewater Bridge and Cook's mill and dam, one mile further up, are in about the same state as last Year. Before these dams were built, salmon and alewives were found fifteen or twenty miles above on the main river, as well as on the north branch. Since then, these fish have declined, and for the last eight or ten years, at least, there is no authentic information of either kind having been taken above the dams. The two Wardens up there have nothing to do—there are no fish in the river to be cared for; none come up, they say, and such is the general testimony. There is a difference of opinion in reference to the cause of the fish not getting above the dams. The people, as a rule and very generally say, that the three dams built quite across the river prevent the fish from ascending; that the fish-ladders are insufficient and do not secure a passage, and that it cannot be expected that salmon and alewives will press on and run the gauntlet of those three fishways. Mr. Rogers thinks the fishways are sufficient, and blames the Indians for the mischief. There was a run of salmon up to the dam in September; some were taken with the rod. Two were found dead under the dam.

## GEORGE REDDEN, Overseer.

I have the honor to make the following report concerning the state of the tisheries of this division. :-

The rivers are in good working order, except Middle River Branch, which requires

a new fish-way, as reported last year.

There has been a marked increase of salmon in this district, also an increase of gaspereaux; large quantities of the latter having been caught and consumed fresh. Five anglers on Gold River caught about three hundred pounds each of salmon, and some have caught more than that quantity. There were more fish taken in the river this season than for the last five years. Salmon ascended earlier than for many Years, and in large quantities during the month of March. There has been some Poaching on Middle River, owing to the illness of the Warden.

There is a falling-off in the catch of cod and hake on our shores this season, and herrings were very scarce owing to so many lobster-traps along the shores; mackerel

has been plentiful but of a poor quality.

The close seasons were well observed, with few exceptions. The lobster catching at Chester was successful, but the lobsters were very small, and if there is not some restriction placed on cathing them they will soon be destroyed altogether.

Trapping for lobsters hinders other fish from coming in shore; herrings and other fish will not trim where lobster-traps are moored. It seems to me that fisher men think of nothing but the present, or they would be more careful of the small fish, knowing that their future hopes depend on them.

With regard to seine fishing, there will have to be some law made to apply to this, for strangers come from other districts and crowd the natives out, creating continual dispute which is almost impossible for fishery officers to settle.

## PICIOU COUNTY.

# JOHN Mclonald, Overseer.

My duties as Oversear of fisheries for the eastern part of Pictou County having terminated for the season, owing to the approach of the winter, I beg to submit the

following report:-

1st. I have filled the blank forms supplied by the Department with the statistics required, and I have taken every available pains to make them as reliable as possible under the circumstances. When fish were exported there were no trouble in securing accurate returns; but when they were made use of for home consumption, it was not so easy, owing to the absence in many cases of written data, to collect all the requisite information without fear of mistake. However, I do not believe that there can be any considerable errors in the returns furnished me by fishermen and others, as well as those collected by myself through personal observation.

2nd. In acknowledging the receipt of Mr. Whitcher's circular (Sept., 1877), 1 made at the time such observations as the nature of the queries seemed to require and I wish now to add to what I then advanced, the following remarks and suggest

tions, which I beg to submit :-

There being no decrease in the catch of fish this year as compared with last

season's, the first query requires no answer.

4th. The abuses existing in this district were spearing in some of the streams, but not to a great extent, and netting on a large scale at French River during the Efficient Wardens, on whose diligence the Overseer could reasonably rely, would, of course, remedy the evil; but in this connection I would remark, that at French River, where I made a seizure of five nets, the Warden, Mr. William B. Stewart, gave me no assistance. Hence, I was constrained to employ Mr. Angus McDonald to perform with myself, a labor which ought to have been accomplished, This is not the only instance of Mr. Stewart's inefficiency and neglect; so nothing remains for me to do but to recommend his dismissal in the interests of the fishery.

As to spearing in the close season during the past year, it is gratifying to report that it was not, so far as known, practised to any great extent. In fact I have heard, and that only by rumor, which I failed to trace to any creditable source—of but one or two attempts altogether. The netting, besides, was done principally in French River, where an efficient Warden could, without difficulty, entirely prevent every

violation of the law.

5th. There are no fishways in any of the dams on the streams in this district, not do I see the necessity of their erection so long as no mills are erected no nearer the tidal waters than are the ones at present in operation. I would add these reasons: (1) Only in one case (that of the west branch of Barney's River) are there available grounds which are anyways extensive for spawning beds above the location of the existing mill dams; (2) in all cases, there are spacious spawning beds for long distances below them; and (3) the dams are now so far up stream, and the current so small above them, that it should be impossible, in the few places in which there are spawning-beds, to prevent peaching simply because it could be carried on in the daytime by persons walking along the banks. Fishways in these circumstances do not seem to be necessary; their cost, partic ularly, would appear to counterbalance any advantage they would possibly add to the fishery.

6th. For the better enforcement of the law I would suggest, (1) that in cases like that of French River and some others which I shall report more fully hereafter, inefficient Wardens be replaced by better ones; (2) that in case of fine for violation of the law, one-half the penalty be paid to prosecuting Wardens as a reward and inducement both; and (3) that the law as regards the punishment of witnesses who refuse to appear or to give evidence before the Overseer in action against poachers, be assimilated to that which, by the Nova Scotia statute, governs witnesses in prosecutions for violation of the liquor license law. Men have refused to answer their subpænas before me, and I had no recourse but by the expensive proceeding of an action in the Supreme Court. In similiar cases, the clerk of license could proceed

7th. The quantity and value of fish, as near as I can arrive at, is found in my returns which I herewith enclose, and, summed up, amounts this year to \$20,714.10

\*gainst \$17,554.85 in 1877, being an increase in value of \$3,123.10.

by a more effective method, because less costly and more summary.

8th. In concluding, I beg to call attention to the state of the law in reference to coast fisheries, because it seems to require additional legislation, as far as this district concerned. The Act, indeed, makes provisions expressly for cases, in which netting berths are located on the rivers; but nothing is said as to the berths on the sea coast, although the latter is included in my district, and I have been called upon to settle difficulties by parties who consider that they have been encroached upon by neighbouring fishermen. The trouble at Sandy Covo, about which I have reported to the Department is an instance in point. It so happened that I succeeded in making an amicable arrangement in every case; but I am not clear as to what ought to be the procedure of the Overseer in cases where exception would be taken to the jurisdiction conferred on him by his commission. Suppose his decision in a matter appertaining to the coast fishery to be set at naught by interested parties, what are the legal steps to be adopted in order to carry it into effective practice? The answer to this question, I would suggest, can only be more satisfactorily given by additional legislation.

On the whole, I am happy to be able to report progress in the results of the fishing industry, so far as it came under my observation during the year 1878.

Much dissatisfaction is expressed on many parts of the seaboard at the method now growing common of trawling for hake and codfish. It is contended that the great number of fish necessarily lost after every storm by this method, and left to rotten in mid ocean, tends to drive away and make fish scarcer year by year. It is further contended that, were all the trawls prohibited, the aggregate catch by process of ordinary hook and line would be just as great as it is, if not greater, and this without fear of future diminution. Trawls in other words, will ultimately decimate the fish, according to this opinion, and render the industry less valuable, if not entirely unremunerative, in some places.

Again it is contended by fishermen that some limit should be a signed to the length of salmon-nets, which now on the coast vary from 300 fathoms downwards.

I bring this to the notice of the Department, for the two matters alluded to may possibly in the near future lead to trouble if no legislation be enacted to meet the requirements of the case, At present I cannot make any suggestion, owing to the difficulty of the subject, other than to state the fact that dissatisfaction exists, which may or may not be productive of more serious evils.

## QUEEN'S COUNTY.

## S. T. N. SELLON, Overseer.

In sending my annual report, it gives me pleasure to say that the fisheries under my control have largely increased. Several alterations and improvements have been made by your Department for our inland fisheries, which are destined to be of more importance to the people living along the rivers and harbours than the lumber interests; and though our fish-ladders are pronounced good, they do not suit Liverpool River, and as a result, our alewives fishing is no. a success, I have recommended that a slope or inclined plane be built at the Milton and Tannock mill dams. A number of years ago, a slope was in use at the Milton dam; and, though a very imperfect structure, it gave satisfaction. One is now required for the increase of our inland fisheries, more particularly for alewives. It would be beneficial for salmon going up to the spawning-grounds, and would be an inexpensive work.

Medway River has been a success, particularly for salmon. Fortunately, we have no fish-ladders on that river and mill owners permitted and assisted me to make bye waters by cutting off, say 30 feet from the end of Charleston dam and 28 feet from Saltus Falls dam. As the mills are on one side of the stream, this is all that is required on this river. The fact is proved by the increase of salmon going up the river, or seen in the lakes many miles from the sea during the fall, and also from the large number of young salmon seen in May going to the salt water, commencing about the 14th of May. Salmon has largely increased in number and size, during the last eight or nine years, and at no time during my long residence here have I seen so many large salmon caught as during the last fishing season. This is

due to the protection of the river fisheries by your Department.

But to increase our river fisheries in number and amount, I respectfully suggest that a change is necessary in the law relating to the setting of salmon-nets, for the law which suited when the families were less in number than at this present time now requires an alteration. Shorten the time for net-fishing, so that salmon-fishing on our rivers shall end on the 15th July, instead of the 31st, as at present, and for two reasons—first, the fish has lost its good quality, and grisle are numerous. In the second instance, far too many grilse are taken, which sell for about 25 cents each, and the fishery-officer has no means to ascertain whether they are taken in a legal salmon net or one made for the purpose. No person should set more than one net, and not, as at present, set one in another name besides. This leads to imposition, and prevents many families from setting a net.

Also, that the three salmon-berths, the Government property on this river, the Salmon Rock Station, so called, and the two berths at the Breakwater, should be sold at auction before the fishing season begins; this would realise quite a sum to meet expenses. Salmon-berths should not be taken up before twelve o'clock on the first Monday in March. This will put a stop to confusion, false swearing and trouble at any time, but more so if the month happens to begin on Sunday at midnight.

Lobster-fishing was extensively carried on, and the catch large. The close time is satisfactory to the factories and the fishermen; but I fear it is an unfortunate feature of the law that these fine fish are allowed to be caught under nine inches

long.

Alewive fishing is not so much of a success as we would desire..

Fish-traps, though not remunerative to the owners and employes, were an element of success for our line fishing; many vessels belonging to this and other countries, as well as from the States largely depended on getting bait from the traps, and with it caught a fair supply of cod, haddock and other deep-sea fish. Traps require protection, as they are expensive in the first outlay and in the working expenses. It is to be regretted that storms compelled some owners in this harbour to take up their traps before the fall fishing, and that evil disposed persons so destroyed them at Port Mouton, by cutting the twine and ropes, that they could not be repaired, and by that act serious loss was the result. Mackerel visited our shores in fair numbers.

more so than for many years. The first were of small size, but were followed by large ones.

In addition to other fish factories, a manufactory was started this season at Port Mouton for the preparation of the garbage of lob ters and shipping it in its crude state to Boston, to be converted into fertilizers. About thirty tons were shipped, but next season, with increased information and improved machinery, it will be prepared for some use, and will be of profit and service.

# RICHMOND COUNTY.

# EDWARD H. BALLAM, Overseer.

The catch of mackerel was about the same as last year, the greater portion being taken by seines and with the jig. The catch of herring was something above that of last year; lobsters about the same. The haddock-fishery proved a failure; therebeing no more than half the quantity taken this season than last, and nine-tenths of the fishermen attribute the scarcity of this fish to the use of trawls. Now, as many of our fishermen depend in a great measure upon the haddock-fishery as a means of support, I should certainly suggest that an Act be passed to prevent the use of the above-na med fishing engines in future.

I did not hear of any breach of the fishery law in my district this season.

## D. CAMERON, Overseer.

In submitting, for the information of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, a statistical report, of the fisheries of this district for the year 1878, it is needless to call attention to the deplorable decrease in the products of this industry which marks the labours of the past season. Compared with last year, some of its-branches present an almost utter blank, while not one has proved more lucrative. The most remarkable falling-off is in the mackerel, cod and lobster fisheries. From the returns of this year and the last I make the following extracts:—

1877 1878	Mackerel. Brls. 12.940 2,720	Cod. Cwt. 18,400 12,742	Lobsters. Cans. 124,000 46,000
Decrease	10,220	5,658	78,000

Thus it will be seen that the mackerel catch is about one-fifth that of last year; the cod about two-thirds, and the lobsters about one-third. And considering that our fisheries have been as vigorously prosecuted this year as ever before, it must be concluded that our fishermen have been but slightly remunerated.

## SHELBURNE COUNTY.

## SAMUEL MUIR, Ove seer.

I herewith send you the annual report of the fisheries in my district. There-have been 18 vessels added to the fishing business with an increase of 23,872 quintals cod, 265 quintals haddock, 595 quintals pollack, 16,126 galls. oil, 8,793 bbls. herring and 242,024 cans lobsters. There is a falling-off in the mackerel of 1,989 bbls. as compaired with last year. This is on account of the strong north-east winds which prevailed during the fishing season. Halibut and hake were scarce, and alewives almostatotal failure. Unless the wooden "fish-ladders," as they are called, are done away with, the alewives will soon be a thing of the past.

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There were several ladders built in Shelbourne County at different times, at a large expense to the mill-owners, and they have all proved worthless. The late Overseer Ryer caused a way to be dug around the dam, but in the latter part of the fishing season of 1876 Mr. Rogers had a wooden fish-ladder built. The mill-owners were willing to build a wing-dam and many persons who were present offered to give a lift, but Mr. Rogers said: "I will have the ladder and no other way," and if it did not answer, the Government would have the expense of moving the dam. I had not at that time any practical knowledge of fish-ladders, having only been in office about one month, and as Mr. Rogers was my superior officer, all I could do was to persuade him to build the wing dam. However, the ladder was built, but the alewives would not climb it. I saw myself a few fish enter the ladder, but they would return again. It being the very last of the fishing season, and the alewives so scarce, it could not be proved until the spring of 1877, so we left it with the hope it would be all that was required to let the fish up. Some time after the alewives made their appearance in the river in the spring of 1877, parties came to me with complaints that the fish would not go up the ladder, and wanted me to have it removed, but I said I would do nothing of the kind until I gave it a fair trial. After carefully watching the ladder and being satisfied the fish would not go through, I then removed that portion, which crossed the old fishway around the dam, and in doing so I took out seven dead alwives and one dead eel, and none of them above the third lock. A good many alewives went the old way, it being so late when the ladder was built. do challenge Mr. Rogers to produce a man that ever saw an ale vive go through one of the many fish-ladders he has had built in Shelbourne County. These are facts which cannot be denied, and I could give you the signatures of every man in the County to certify that this is correct.

Messrs. Stewart, Freeman & Co., at Jordan, opened a portion of the main stream to the head of the river. It will cost about \$300 to put Shelbourne River in a proper way to let the fish up, and on Clyde River about \$400. The work would have to be of split granite as the bed of the river is sandy. The river fisheries will be totally destroyed if some steps are not taken to let the fish ascend to their spawning-grounds.

I recommend to your Department the petition of the inhabitants of Roseway, for a resident Warden for Round Bay Brook, as a great many fishermen depend on the alewives from this brook for bait. I destroyed two dams and two fish-traps on it this summer, but being so far from any Warden it is impossible to protect it from poachers. They have chosen John Doan as a suitable person for Warden.

The close season for lobsters was strictly observed.

### VICTORIA COUNTY.

# DONALD MCRAE, JR., Overseer.

I am happy to report that the salmon rivers in the southern division of this County are in good order. The Wardens are vigilant, and endeavoring to perform their duty well. As already stated, the only difficulty is at Middle River, where three wardens reside close beside one another, and it is a difficult matter for them to perform their duties satisfactorily. I would therefore recommend that a change be made in this district, and that another be Warden appointed between Wardens John McLellan and Donald McQuarrie's district, which is a most important part of the river.

I am also pleased to be able to report that fishermen in my district have had, during the past year, an average catch, although the fell mackerel did not strike in. Still, the spring catch was exceedingly good, which made up the loss. There were about 200 barrels of herrings used for home consumption, which are not entered in the returns.

The fish tran licensed by the Department caused quite an excitement among our fishermen and the surrounding districts. The fishermen are of the opinion that those traps will ruin their fishing-grounds if continued. There was a trap set which had no license, and I immediately ordered it up when the thing came to my notice, and had the owner brought up for violation, when he stated that the reason he set his trap without license was that he had made an application, and he was under the impression it would be granted although he had not received it. Consequently I imposed only a small penalty.

I also brought up the owner of the trap who had a license for violation of the law by catching salmon in said trap. The penalty in this case would not have been so light, only that he acknowledged his guilt and pleaded ignorance of the law. The feeling among fishermen in this district seems to be very much against this mode of fishery. Those who recommended last spring a license in favor of John McLean, declare they did not think at that time that the use of these nets would so much

interfere with fishermen; otherwise they would not have done so.

I found it impossible to locate Messrs. Stoneman & Co.'s trap so as not to give rise to complaints; still the owner insisted on setting it, stating he was instructed to do so from headquarters. This I reported to the inspector at the time.

# J. W. BURKE, Overseer.

You will find that cod were not so plentiful as last year, in May and June; codfishing was, however, good. Bait was very scarce. The squid which visit our shores in July struck as usual, but a heavy breeze of wind from sea swept along our coast, driving them in deep water, where the cod followed them. Mackerel were plentiful, but most of them small, so much so that it would not pay to send them to market. The catch of large mackerel was, however, greater than that of last year. The herring catch is small; some districts having only enough for their own consumption.

During the close season I gave my attention to the rivers night and day, especially in the night, and found several signs of trespassing. But by constant

watching the intruders desisted.

## YARMOUTH COUNTY.

# ENOS GARDNER, Overseer.

The enclosed returns for the County of Yarmouth for the year 1878, show an increase of over \$130,000, as compared with those of last year. Although there have been a number of new vessels as ded those lost and sold from the County only leave an increase of one vessel over last year. A larger portion of the fishing vessels this year were engaged bank-fishing, which will account for the large proportion of cod in the returns. The bank and shore fishermen were successful in getting good fares, but at present the market for all kinds of fish is very low, and should there be no improvement, it will be a hard year for the fishermen, notwithstanding the large catch.

There were thirty-traps put down on our shores during the present year for mackerel. This makes a large increase in the return of mackerel, but with a few exceptions, these traps were not profitable to the fishermen. Mackerel were abundant in the Bay, but owing to a prevailing east wind during the season for this fishery, the fish did not follow the shore near enough to get into the traps, except in some outside traps. They were, however, of great advantage to the shore fishermen for a supply of fresh bait. The law regarding fish offal was strictly observed, it being carefully removed from the traps and used for manure on the Bay shore. At Pubnico and the Islands it was sold to lobster fishermen for bait. There is some complaint from net fishermen about lobster pots; they say that the fish offal used by them for bait is injuring the herring fishery by polluting the waters

inshore. The lobster industry is getting to be quite important, and if they are not allowed to use the fish offal for the purpose of catching lobsters, it would of course

destroy this fishery.

I regret that I cannot give a more favorable account of our river fishery. eatch of alewives is a little better, but salmon fishing is very small. At the beginning of the season both these fisheries promised to be good, but after a few weeks they fell off very suddenly to almost nothing. Early in the season there was a good freshet, and the fish went up well, but during the summer and autumn the river was very dry, and the young fish had but a poor chance to get down. many places they were assisted, or they could not have got from the lakes. weirs were found at several places on the river, which caught quite a large number of young fish. These were taken out and destroyed whenever found, and some of the parties were complained against and fined. It is difficult to prove the ownership of these eel weirs, as the parties who put them in are very shy, and it is hard to eatch them fishing. These violations occurred mostly in Warden Wm. Kavanagh's district, at East River, and as complaints came from several persons that no attention was paid to the regulations there, and that no enquiry, I found this to be the case, I made an arrangement with David Hurlburt to give him half the fines on all parties he could catch putting in eal we'rs or violating the regulations in any way. He made complaints against several parties for doing so, but could only get convictions against two. He also complained against Abraham Kavanagh and his sons for taking a large quantity of alewives on Saturday, one of the close days; they were fined. In talking the matter over with Warden Wm. Kavanagh, a short time ago, he said he was indifferent about the office. The salary was too small, and he would get the illwill of his neighbors if he complained against them, and particularly his brother Abraham Kavanagh and his family, who nearly monopolize the fishery at the Long Falls. He did not wish to have a quarrel with them. He certainly does not discharge his duty faithfully, and I think that if David Hurlburt was appointed in his place for the East River district it would be a great improvement and advantage to the river fishery.

In 1876 Mr. Regers filled in the river where its course had been altered by Mr. Edward Reynard, and fined him, and made him pay the expenses of filling in and removing obstructions. Last year Mr. Reynard died, and his property is in the hands of his widow and sons, and will be sold early in the spring. Some persons, this autumn, opened the passage that was filled up, and also put in obstructions just

as bad as those removed by Mr. Rogers.

You will observe that a large increase of vessels is put down in the district of Yarmouth town. The reason is that Messrs. W. A. Killam & Co. removed their establishment from Pubnico to Yarmouth, and their vessels—eleven—went with them.

As usual, I visited the mill-dams in my district, and found them generally all right and open where required. The fish-ladder at Carleton was kept in good repair, and some fish do go up. On the 19th August I was there and saw a large quantity of young fish coming down, but still I do not think the passage sufficient for a large increase of fish. This river used to be the best for alewives of any in the county, but at present it is the poorest, and the fishermen on the river do not get fish enough for their own use.

The lobster factories have been well looked after, and the persons in charge show every disposition to observe the law and regulations.

# APPENDIX No. 14.

REPORT OF W. H. VENNING, Esq.. INSPECTOR OF FISHERIES FOR THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK, FOR THE YEAR 1878.

St. Joun, N. B., 31st December, 1878.

Hor. J. C. Pope,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

SIR.—I have the honor to submit the following report and remarks on the Fisheries of New Brunswick during the past year:—

#### SALMON FISHERY.

The increased facilities for getting fresh salmon to western markets given by the introduction of refrigerator cars have greatly stimulated the export of this fish. This increased demand has led to a greatly increased pursuit of this fishery in all localities to which salmon resort. Numbers of men who never before engaged in this business, are making application for new fishing stands, which, if granted, cannot fail to impose on this fishery all the disastrous results of overfishing, which have almost exterminated shad and gasperaux, and are now threatening to destroy bass and smelts. If this tendency to excessive fishing is not checked, all the advantages now being derived from protection and artificial culture will soon be lost. These remarks are especially applicable to the Counties of Northumberland, Gloucester, and Restigouche. In the former, as there is no chance now to increase the number of stands, seeing that every available place is occupied, the fishermen seek to gain their end by annual petitions for permission to extend their fishing into the close season. In the latter two counties nets are being multiplied to such an extent that, while the aggregate catch is largely increased, the average catch of each fisherman scarcely pays for outlay and labor.

In former annual and special reports, now on record, I have called the attention of your predecessors to the destructive practice of drifting for salmon, to which

I respectfully beg to refer.

It is alloged that outside of three miles from shore, the jurisdiction of fishery officers ceases, and that they have no authority to enforce the Fisheries Act beyond that limit. In a case recently tried in Restigouche County, which is still before the Courts, the Judge is said to have laid down the dictum:—"Outside of three miles a man may legally fish when, where and how he pleases."

If this opinion is sound, and our law is really insufficient to prevent this destructive practice, it will be absolutely necessary, for the preservation of the salmon

fisheries, to procure the requisite legislation to supplement it.

Should this mode of fishing be permitted and become general, nothing can save our salmon fishery from ultimate extermination, and in the meantime a great injustice will be done to all who now pay license fees for the privilege of fishing in accordance with the law, by those who claim exemption from all its provisions.

## BASS FISHERY.

In the St. John River this fishery has continued to improve ever since the close season has been enforced. In Gloucester also, where the fishery is pursued mostly

by hook and line, the catch is increasing; but last year and up to the present date this season the fishery in Northumberland and Kent has scarcely been remunerative. There can no longer be any doubt that overfishing and the great destruction of gravid and young fish, have led to this result. Formerly, the seines were the great source of this destruction; but for the last two years the bag-nets used in the smelt fishery have largely aided them. Since the smelt fishery commenced this season, many tons of young bass not four inches in length have been taken in the bag-nets and utterly wasted. Bass are now bringing readily at the fishing holes in the North-West Miramichi River, twelve cents per lb., while smelts are bringing but one centfor culled fish. The folly of killing tons of young bass worth, when mature, twelve cents per pound, for the sake of taking smelts must be too apparent to you to need further This terrible destruction of bass, too small to be of any value for commercial or domestic use, is greatly to be deprecated, and I cannot but regret that my earnest and repeated warnings of the inevitable consequences were allowed to pass unheeded by your precedessor. I can now only repeat my conviction that if this destruction of the young fish in winter by bag-nets and of gravid fish in spring by seines is allowed to continue, this important fishery, once the most valuable in the Counties of Northumberland and Kent, will in a very few years be utterly and hopelessly destroyed, for artificial culture has not yet succeeded in hatching the snawn of this species.

In my last annual report I made the following remarks on this fishery, and I beg to repeat them here as proof of the absolute correctness of the opinion then expressed. I have only to add that the conviction above recorded will be found just as correct if the warning now given is much longer unheeded: " Bass are now "bringing to fishermen from nine cents to twelve cents per pound, and are consequent-"ly more valuable to them than salmon, which brought only six cents per pound the "past season. The catch, however, is not so large as that of last winter, and unless "the destruction of young bass is immediately stopped, that of next winter will be "still smaller. The results of the great waste of gravid fish that has been caused of "late years by spring fishing, are now plainly to be seen in the falling off which marks this winter's yield. Nothing short of the measures I have urged will keep up the supply of this valuable fish. The experience of the past has proved that "the nets set estensibly for bass, after the 1st September, have taken more gravid "salmon than bass, and the profit obtained from the latter does not compensate for "the loss sustained by killing the former. Hence it will be advisable to confine all bass fishing between the 1st September and the freezing of the rivers to hook and "line, by which mode nearly as many bass will be taken as the nets capture, and a-"serious destruction of gravid salmon will be prevented."

## SHAD FISHERY.

This fishery still continues to decline. There can be no doubt that the falling off is due to overfishing. Every year, the contest between reproductive powers of the fish and the destructive power of fishermen is becoming more unequal. Unless some protective measure is provided, the result is no longer doubtful. There can be no question that a great many young fish are killed in the brush weirs, and possibly the suppression of these everywhere might have beneficial results. A close time of three days in the week would doubtless help the fish in their struggle for existence. But any restriction on the catch would be considered a great hardship by those who pursue the fishery. In their devotion to present gain and their utter blindness to inevitable results, all fishermen are much alike, and it becomes the duty of the Government to restrain them from the total destruction of the stock upon which their present and future livelihood depends.

### GASPERAUX FISHERY.

As all my former reports have predicted, the catch of this valuable fish is every year becoming less. In Minamichi, where formerly an annual catch of some 250

thousands of barrels was a common yield, the fishery is now scarce worth pursuing while in all other counties it is dwindling into insignificance. In St. John Harbour and River, which formerly yielded an enormous annual catch, the fishery has of late Jears declined so steadily that its speedy extinction is now threatened. The cause of this falling off is everywhere the same—excessive and wasteful fishing. John Harbour this over fishing is supplemented by the destruction of vast quantities of young fry in the weirs, which it is said to be impossible to separate from the This destruction of small and useless fish is so great, that it will be hopeless to look for any improvement as long as it continues. In my last annual report, I considered it my duty to state that I saw no reasonable grounds to hope that this valuable fishery would ever regain its former importance. The experience of another year leaves me no room to doubt that it will continue to diminish year by Year, simply because the reproductive powers of the fish are not able to keep up the supply in the face of the yearly increasing numbers of those who engage in their capture. All the fish taken are parent fish on the point of spawning, and it cannot be expected that if all the breeding stock is destroyed an undiminished supply of Young fish can be kept up. If some measure of protection is not at once provided. the total extinction of this species in our waters is as certain as anything yet future can be. In my last report I urged, as the only reasonable hope of preserving this food fish in our waters, the total prohibition of its catch everywhere for three years; after that, to allow fishing only two days in the week until it was shewn that the increase would permit of three days' fishing in each week. I can only repeat my strengthened conviction that beyond this the natural increase of the fish will not allow, with any safety to the preservation of a stock, sufficient to keep up such a supply as will stand even this annual drain. I am well aware that this measure, or indeed any measure of protection that will be effective, will be met by a most determined opposition on the part of fishermen and dealers; but the choice now lies between a temporary privation of three years, with a reasonable hope of increased profits afterwards and a total deprivation for all time, by a law of nature from which there is no appeal.

### HERRING FISHERY.

This fishery shows a falling off in every county, except St. John. Less than an average catch of qualities suitable for smoking and salting was made in Charlotte County, but increased quantities of fresh frozen fish have been marketed at very remunerative prices. The smaller sizes have been put up as "sardines," and this branch of business will probably grow into one of considerable importance.

Overseer McLaughlin, of Grand Manan, who is well informed on the subject, surmises that the reappearance of the herring on the northern coast of Europe may be owing to a large migration from this side of the Atlantic. If this opinion is

correct, it will account for the falling off in our waters.

In the northern counties, the catch shows a decrease which is there attributed to the increasing operations of American fishermen, and to the large purse seines employed by them. But it quite possible that Mr. McLaughlin's explanation may offer the true solution of what is otherwise involved in mystery.

### SMELT FISHERY.

The wasteful and destructive mode in which this fishery has been carried on for the last two years still continues, and calls loudly for some restrictive measures. The enormous quantities that have been put upon the markets have kept them glutted to such an extent that the prices obtained have left no profit for shippers, while those paid to fishermen have scarcely remunerated them for the time and labor expended on their catch. At present the price quoted in American markets is but three cents per pound, not sufficient to pay the charges for freight, cartage and commission; that paid the fishermen is but one cent per pound for culled

Were there no other objection to the use of bag nets in this fishery than the over production which makes it unremunerative alike to fishermen and shippers, they might be left to work their own cure. But from personal observations made on my last visit to Miramichi, and from evidence collected there from fishermen as well as from local officers, I am led to believe that for every ton of marketable smelts exported, nearly half a ton of small smelts, young bass, tom-cods and flat fish is wasted. I saw vast quantities of small smelts and tom-cods lying on the ice and in the neighborhood of the packing houses, which I was informed were sold at tencents per barrel for the purpose of making compost for manure. The destruction of young bass is greatly to be deplored, as this fish, when mature, is the most valuable and profitable species caught in our waters. It now commands twelve cents per 1b. on the ice, and affords shippers a handsome profit in western markets. Were it not for the serious consequences involved, there would be something grimly ludicrous in the idea of grown men, possessing common sense, destroying tons of young bass, worth when mature twelve cents per pound, in their pursuit of a fish which yields them less than one cent per pound. The bass thus destroyed would, in a year or two, be more valuable than salmon, and the smelts thus wasted, because they are too small for market, are of more value as food producers for deep-sea fish than they can possibly be for manure. Indeed, this enormous waste of young smelts and tom-cods must inevitably have a most injurious effect upon the coast fisheries, for it destroys the food or bait which attracts the deep sea fishes to our coasts and bays. When, owing to the waste of the anadromous fishes which produce the supply of food, the deep-sea fishes can no longer obtain it, they will desert our coasts and seek in other waters that food which ours will no longer afford. For this reason, if for no other, the present mode of conducting the smelt fishery should be restrained, and it is a question for grave consideration whether the proper protection of our fisheries will not require the prohibition of bag-nets everywhere, for no fishery can long stand the drain so large an annual destruction will make on it. This is no mere asserting, for we have the experience of the neighboring States in this very fishery, as a warning of the inevitable consequences. In Maine, Massachussetts and New York, where formerly this fish was almost as abundant as it is now in our waters, smelts have become very scarce from the same causes that are at work in this Province. These States are now dependent on our fisheries for their supply; Boston and New York furnishing the principal markets for our shipments. These States have found it necessary to make stringent laws for the preservation of the species in their waters, and we should not ignore the lesson they teach us. The following extracts from their law will show how they protect it;

"1st. Whoever offers for sale, or has in his possession, any smelts between the "1sth day of March and the first day of June, in each year, shall forfeit for each

"and every smelt so sold or had in his possession the sum of one dollar.

"2nd. Whosoever takes or catches any smelt or smelts with a net of any kind, or in any other manner than by naturally or artificially baited hook and hand lines, shall forfeit for each and every smelt so caught or taken, the sum of one dollar, and the burden of proof shall be upon the defendant to show that they were

" legally caught."

The leading papers of the Province have recently called attention to this subject and deprecated the wasteful mode in which the fishery is being pursued, and as I write, the following appears in the morning's issue of the Freeman, the editor of which is the representative of the County of Gloucester, where the fishery was once profitable, but where it is now abandoned in consequence of glutted markets and remunerative prices:—"The reckless destruction of smelts in the Miramichi must soon render the fishery worthless. Meantime, the price has fallen so low in the American markets, because of the enormous quantities forced upon them, that in several instances the proceeds of the sales were not sufficient to pay the cost of forwarding. Surely something should be done to prevent this desperate waste."

In view of these facts, the time has come when this monstrous waste ought to be looked at with the eye of common sense. What are the facts? This is but the

third season of its existence as a systematic and organized fishery. The returns in the Tables show that in these three seasons it has grown from nothing to its present vast proportions. These returns, which fall far short of the whole catch, show that 1,213 tons of smelts have been shipped. Add to this large quantity half as much more for small smelts, young bass and tom-cods wasted, and take into account that these returns are only made up to 31st December, that two months more of this destructive work will continue, and we will have the astounding quantity of at least 2,000 tons of smelts and young bass, tom cods and flat-fish taken from our waters in a single winter. Is it creditable that any fishery can stand this annual drain? this enormous quantity of fish, sent out of the County, brought any considerable amount of money into it, there might be some faint excuse for allowing it to continue. But with one cent per pound paid to fishermen, and but three cents realized in American markets, it is quite plain that no profit can accrue, and that no money comes back to the Province. This is shown by the above extract, and is corrobrated by the accounts sales that have been published, copies of which were sent you recently in a special report.

### LOBSTER FISHERY.

This fishery also is threatened from over production, and serious grounds exist for fearing the same depletion of our waters that has taken place in the neighboring States. In my last Annual Report I made the following remarks, and as they are even more applicable now, I cannot do better than repeat them: "The catch of "lobsters continues to increase, but the average size of the fish continues to diminish." The increased catch is caused by the larger number of persons engaged in the "fishery, to supply the demands of new factories which are constantly being opened. The decrease in the size of the fish is caused by this excessive fishing, and the time "is not far distant when the average size will be so reduced that the business will "yield but small returns. In some localities it takes three and even four lobsters to "fill a pound can, and as each of these requires more handling than a five pound fish, it follows that the labor is increasing while the profits are diminishing. "In some places the canners are asking for more protection, while in others they complain that their operations are impeded by a close season that commences "too early."

I still hold the opinion expressed in all my reports—because accumulated experience proves it correct—that the present close time is not sufficient to give this shell-fish the protection necessary to foster its multiplication and growth. Almost everywhere the business is increasing, and the catch becoming annually larger. The first phase of exhaustion has been passed. The largest sized fish are now rarely to be seen, and the average size has decreased from four and three pounds to two and a half and one and a half pounds, and even of these the supply in some localities is falling off. These facts have been indisputably proven by evidence now on record, and the question for the Department to consider is, whether it is not advisable to restrict the catch within reasonable limits before the fishery becomes as completely exhausted

as it is now in the neighboring States?

## OYSTER FISHERY.

With respect to this once valuable fishery, I can only repeat the oft-told tale of its rapidly approaching extinction. The beds that now remain yield but small returns for excessive and laborious raking. This yield is every year becoming less and the size smaller. The close time affords no adequate protection because the constant raking of the beds prevents the growth of the young. There is no system, at care, no thought for the future. Nothing but blind and ignorant labor, year after year, in raking the nearly exhausted beds. As no effort at artificial culture has yet been made in this Province, and as none of the beds are allowed the rest necessary for their recuperation, the total extinction of all is inevitable and not far distant. The only 3d-17

protective measure I can now suggest is a compulsory rest of several years, and after that, stringent regulations for the proper working of the beds in such rotation as will permit the fish to multiply and the young to attain maturity.

### ST. JOHN HARBOUR FISHERIES.

In former reports I have directed attention to the manner in which the fisheries are pursued inside and outside the Harbour of St. John. Especially have I called attention to the injurious effects produced by the practice of drifting for salmon, and pointed out how unfair it was to those who are compelled by law to pay either a license fee to the Dominion Government or a price to the Corporation of St. John for the privilege of fishing. The fisheries of the Harbour and River are year by year growing less and less, and year after year this pernicious practice of drifting, which the Fisheries Act prohibits, is allowed to continue without check or hindrance. While all other salmon fishers are compelled to pay for the privilege of fishing in accordance with the law, these drifters, under the plea of being outside the jurisdiction of officers, claim exemption from all its provisions. The whole subject of the Harbour fisheries of St. John, as now conducted under the control of the Common Council, requires revision. The weirs and seines in the Harbor destroy vast quantities of young fish, and no effort is made by the Council to prevent it. The Harbor virtually controls the fisheries of the whole River, and no fewer than seven counties are dependent on this River for their fish supplies. All these are at the mercy of the Common Council and the fishermen of the Harbor and Bay. The subject is of great importance, and the serious falling off in the fisheries of both Harbour and River, in consequence of the destructive manner in which they have been pursued, calls loudly for some immediate Departmental action. All the Council seems to care for is to secure the proceeds of the sale; the protection of the fisheries seems to be a matter of small concern.

### SAW-DUST AND MILL REFUSE.

In every Annual Report made to your predecessor, I have called special attention to the injury that sawdust and mill refuse have caused and are still causing to the fisheries. I regret to say that nothing effectual has been done, and the evil is increasing, rather than diminishing, in all the counties where lumbering is pursued and saw mills are in operation. Mills are being multiplied all over the Province, but no proper provision is made for disposing of their sawdust and rubbish. The great bulk of these are either thrown into the streams or deposited on the banks in such positions that every freshet washes it into them. The effects of this on the fisheries I have constantly pointed out, and urged on the Department the necessity of abating them; but the influence of mill owners and politicians has been sufficient to set the law aside, and the monstrous evil continues unchecked. On the Upper St. John all, or nearly all, the mills dispose of their rubbish by placing it in the River.

In the County of Carleton alone there are now thirty-six mills of various kinds and the whole of their rubbish is allowed to pass into the River. This has entirely ruined the fisheries in that County, and has had a most injurious effect upon the salmon and shad fisheries along the whole extent of the river. If this is allowed to continue but a few years longer there can be no doubt that it will destroy the fisheries, for it is fast covering the spawning grounds and driving the fish from their accustomed haunts. In view of these facts I would most respectfully urge that all fishery officers be instructed to enforce the law, and that they be sustained in their efforts to compel mill owners to comply with its provisions. To this end I would urge that the draft circular submitted to your predecessor in my letter on this subject, dated 23rd December, 1876, be at once printed and sent to every Overseer in the Province, with special instructions to act as it directs.

### FISH CULTURE.

The steady falling off in the three most valuable food fishes which resort to the St. John River, viz: salmon, shad and gasperaux, has become so marked of late Years that there are substantial grounds for apprehending their total extinction at no distant day. Advancing civilization is producing its usual results. The settling of the country, the clearing up of the wilderness, the extension of lumbering operations, the multiplication of mills, and above all, the increasing extent to which fishing is pursued along its whole extent, all combine to alter the old condition of things, which were more favorable to the natural increase of fish. It is not a matter of surprise that the supply is becoming less, because the breeding stock is yearly becoming smaller.

The only remedy I can suggest for this natural result is the extension of artificial hatching. By the natural process it is shewn by those who have made the subject a special study, that not over five per cent of the eggs deposited by a female salmon are developed into young fish. By the artificial process it has been proven that seventy-five per cent can be hatched with certainty. A hatching-house for salmon at some suitable place on the St. John River, and the artificial process of hatching shad, might yet

restore these fisheries to a healthy state.

At a comparatively small outlay several millions of young salmon and shad might annually be placed in the river. These, in addition to the natural increase of the parent fish that reach their spawning places, would keep up the supply and replace the drain now annually made on the diminishing stock. The seven Counties through which the St. John flows before the Grand Falls are reached, would all derive benefit from this expenditure. There is no river in the Dominion where an extensive hatchery would so well repay the expense of its establishment and support, nor is there one which so much needs its assistance.

The following remarks on the fisheries of the several Counties, and the returns accompanying them in tabular form, compose the substance of the reports received

from the several District Overseers.

### RESTIGOUCHE COUNTY.

Overseer Mowat, of the upper division of this County, reports the catch of salmon to be double that of last year. This great increase he attributes almost entirely to the success of artificial culture, which has added so largely to the natural stock of the river. He reports that this increase in the catch of those fishermen who have pursued the business through all the years when it scarcely paid them for outlay and labor, has incited a great number of persons, who never before engaged in the fisheries, to apply for licenses for new stands to come in between the old fishermen. As it is quite impossible that the number of stands can be increased with a due regard to the continued prosperity of the business, these applications will require careful consideration, and a report from Overseer Mowat, or myself, upon the merits of each, with a view to prevent the over-fishing which will soon counteract all the advantages gained from years of careful protection and culture. In no case should a new stand be licensed unless a clear space of 800 yards will be left between it and the next stand above and below it. I consider this absolutely necessary to the continued prosperity of the fishery. In this division no other fishery is pursued for commercial purposes, although large numbers of trout are taken for home consumption, and by anglers for sport.

Overseer Ferguson, of the coast division, also reports that the catch of salmon was double that of the previous year; and he also attributes it to protection and artificial culture. He reports the lobster fishery as having been good, and mentions the erection af a new canning establishment at Armstrong's Brook. Mackerel and codfish were plentiful, but these fisheries are not largely pursued in his division. For the last few years political influence has been allowed to interfere with that provision of the law which provided for the observance of a weekly close time. All the nets

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in this division have been allowed to remain in fishing order from Saturday night to Monday morning, in direct violation of the law. The pretence has been that it is not practicable to raise them. There is really no force in this excuse, for on the opposite side of the bay, where any difficulty that exists is even greater, the law is duly observed, except in rare instances of severe gales. All that is necessary is to open the hooks or pounds so that the fish can pass through them; and this can always be done except in rare cases. I cannot too strongly urge that this objectionable tampering with the law through political influence be sternly repressed, and that all Overseers be required to enforce it impartially everywhere.

#### GLOUCESTER COUNTY.

OVERSEER HICKSON has sent a full report of the several fisheries pursued in his

County, of which the following is the substance:-

While salmon were more plentiful along our whole coast during the past season than they have been for many previous years, the catch has not been largely increased. This was attributable to the very rough weather which prevailed during the early part of the summer, preventing fishermen from setting their nets until long after the usual time. Having succeeded in getting them set, they were driven ashore no fewer than three times by as many violent storms. These mishaps greatly discouraged the fishermen, particularly those of Salmon Beach, in the lower part of the district, who sustained severe losses, and were unable to take advantage of the largest runs of fish. In this County, also, numerous applications are being made for new stands by persons who never fished before. The same remarks made in reference to Restigouche County are applicable here. The tendency is to an undue multiplication of nets. I would here also recommend that no new stands be licensed without a special report on each application; and that in no case should new stands come closer to old ones than 800 yards on each side. The eatch of herrings at Grand Anse, Caraquet, and all along the coast from Bathurst to Shippegan, was very good. This was a great boon to the poor people who, with but little outlay, were able to secure enough fish for their families. The lobster fishery, which in Gloucester is next to that of salmon in importance, is largely increasing. New canning establishments are being erected every year, and there are now no fewer than six in operation. This shell fish is yet plentiful in the county; but there seems to be more than usual difficulty in getting bait necessary to keep the large number of traps employed. The smelt fishery, which was formerly a profitable business in this County, is now abandoned in consequence of glutted markets and low prices, caused by the enormous quantities of inferior fish sent forward from Miramichi and other places where bag nets are allowed. The price now obtained is too small to induce any one to fish for smelts with hook and line, which mode of fishing formerly gave employment to a large number of poor families.

The Nepissiguit River was well stocked with salmon during the whole season; but, owing to the great height of water, angling was not so good as in former years. During the early part of the season the fish nearly all went up the tributaries, where they remained until the water fell. Though the river was well stocked with parent fish in the fall, Overseer Hickson is strongly of opinion that in consequence of the great drain made on it by constant angling and the increasing coast fishery, it needs assistance from the neighboring hatching-houses. As both these houses are now well supplied with ova, and the brood of young fish promises to be large, I would respectfully suggest that not less than 200,000 from each house be next spring planted in the Nepissiguit, so that this County may receive a fair share of the benefits to be derived from artificial culture. The Gaspereau fishery, in this County, has been failing steadily for years; but this year the catch has dwindled down to 860 barrels, against 3,120 last year. This fishery may now be considered practically at an end in Glowcester. It is questionable whether a sufficient remnant is left to

restore it, even under a compulsory rest of several years.

### NORTHUMBERLAND COUNTY.

The returns from this County show a falling off from the catch of last year, which I account for from the fact that there are no returns from Escuminac district, the Overseer having been dismissed and his office abolished—for what reason I have not been officially informed. The district is a most important one, in which the Principal part of the lobster and herring fisheries is carried on. Overseer Wyse was the most intelligent and active officer in the lower part of the river, and his dismissal has left an important district without any supervision. He informs me that he was dismissed in consequence of his political support of the late Member for the County, and contrary to a requisition signed by a majority of the leading fishermen and dealers that he would not resign his position. The requisition ought to be on record in the Department. So far as I am aware, the only charges ever substantiated against Mr. Wyse were activity, faithfulness and impartiality in the performance of his official duties.

Overseer Williston, of Bay du Vin district, reports salmon as having been more plentiful than during the previous season; but that owing to the boisterous and stormy weather that prevailed there as well as in Gloucester County, the fishery could not be carried on effectively in consequence of damage done to nets and fastenings. The fall fishery for herrings and mackerel, which was formerly an important industry in this district, he reports as a total facture; and he attributes it to the increasing operations of American fishing vessels in the bay and inshores. Overseer Williston forcibly expresses his opinion that if bag-nets for smelts are allowed to operate as they are now doing, they will soon utterly destroy the bass

ishery.

Overseer Robichaux, of Neguac district, again reports a very poor catch of herrings and mackerel, which he also attributes to the large purse seines used by American fishing vessels both inside and outside the bay. The catch of salmon in this district was curtailed by stormy weather, and serious damage done to fishing apparatus, which was a subject of regret, as the fish were more plentiful than usual. A letter just received from Mr. Robichaux, in reference to the smelt fishery, states that its continued prosecution, as now conducted, must have an injurious effect on the supply of food for the deep sea fish which seek it in the waters of the bay.

Overseer Blake, of Tabusintac, reports that the gaspereau fishery, which was formerly the principal one in the district, has been a failure, in consequence of the almost total disappearance of the fish. This is the natural consequence of the destructive use of the seine, and the same result will certainly follow its use in all localities where it is permitted. For the last three years a considerable number of young salmon from the North Esk hatching-house has been annually placed in the Tabusintac head waters, and it is very gratifying to find that Overseer Blake reports large numbers having gone up the river last fall. Overseer Stymast also reports that salmon were seen in large numbers ascending the river. This officer states that large numbers of young bass are killed in the bag-nets used for taking smelts, and he expresses his conviction that their continued use will soon exterminate both smelts and bass.

Overseer Russell, of Portage Island and Burnt Church District, reports a large falling off in the catch of salmon in the lower part of his division, which he attributes to the heavy storms during the fishery season. In this he is no doubt correct, as in the upper part of the district there was an increased take compared with last year. The catch of bass was very small, which he attributes to a scarcity of this fish. He expresses no opinion as to the cause of this falling off in the stock of bass; but there can be no doubt that over-fishing and destruction of the young by bag-nets will fully explain it. He states that a large number of persons were engaged in the smelt fishing last winter in his district, and that a large quantity was taken; but that in consequence of glutted markets and low prices, the business was unremunerative. A letter just received from Mr. Russell, respecting this fishery as at present carried on in his district, states that smelts are now bringing on the ice but three-quarters of a cent

per pound; that from 25 to 30 per cent. of those now caught are too small for market; that the great quantities taken in the bag-nots must lessen the food of deep sea fishes.

OVERSEER PERLEY, of Chatham District, reports that salmon were very plentiful until about the 20th June, when they began to fall off, and were scarcer to the end He assigns no cause for this, nor expresses any opinion in of the season. explanation of the unusual occurrence. He reports a great scarcity of gaspereaux and a very small catch. The bass and shad fisheries were failures, and hardly worth taking into account. The catch of smelts was very large in the aggregate, but not surprising, considering the number of bag-nets employed in their capture. This officer gives his opinions on the smelt fishery, and as he no doubt considers them very valuable, I will record them verbatim et literatim. He says: "In my opinion (if it "could be put a stop to) that no smelt bag-nets should be allowed to fish on the "Miramichi River opposite the Town of Chatham, for this reason: I find that there "is no place in the district that there are so many small bass caught as in that "locality. I would recommend that this fishery (if allowed) should be confined from "the east end of Middle Island to Miramichi Bay on the main river, and no bag-nets "whatevor be set to west of that island. I think there is about four tons of waste "fish taken for every ten tons of fish suitable for market. If this fishery could be "carried on in a small way, it would be better, but 159 of these bag-nets, worked by "180 men and boys, is far too much in one district. This is my opinion of the smelt "fishery; but perhaps it will work its own cure, as many of the fishermen did not make enough to pay their board last winter." Though I have given the above opinions of Mr. Perley just as he expressed them, I must add that some of them are so much at variance with the opinions of other officers and fishermen, and so contrary to my own personal observations during the last three winters, I consider them entitled to no weight. The testimony of officers Robichaux, Williston, Stymast and Russell show that young bass are killed as well below Middle Island as above it; and my own observation at Black Brook and Napan fully corroborates their statements. With some of his opinions, however, I agree. It would, indeed, be much better to compel the fishery to be carried on in a smaller way. As at present pursued, the smelt fishery will soon "work its own cure" by exterminating the species. But, unfortunately, in doing this it will also destroy the bass fishery, the most valuable and profitable one in the county. Nor are these the only consequences which will flow from its continuance. It will destroy the principal sources of the food supply which now attracts deep sea fishes within the reach of our fishermen. All these deplorable consequences are certain to follow the present wasteful and destructive mode of pursuing a fishery which now yields but an insignificant profit, if any, to either fishermen or exporters.

OVERSEER HOGAN, of Newcastle and North Esk District, reports a largely increased catch of salmon, but a great falling off in that of bass, shad and gaspereaux. The prices obtained for bass last winter, and the still higher prices they command now, is a great incentive to resort to illegal modes of capturing them. As the fishing is done entirely in the night, it is extremely difficult for him to detect and punish violators of the law. All the officers in the bass district, except Warden Russell, are engaged in the fishery, and give little or no assistance in the disagreeable task of detecting their fellow-fishermen in illegal work. Year after year I have reported these facts and asked permission to authorize Overseer Hogan to employ an assistant for the efficient performance of the arduous and unpleasant duty of watching and detecting fishermen whose utmost ingenuity is exercised in evading the requirements of the law. But no such permission has yet been given, and Mr. Hogan is without the help absolutely necessary to enable him to protect the fishery. He reports that the enormous destruction of young bass and small unmarketable smelts by bag-nets described by him last winter, is being pursued on a still larger scale at present; and he again urges the necessity of prohibiting this monstrous waste. He strongly recommends that no bass-nets be allowed in North Esk until the ice is formed, as the only fish taken in the so-called bass-nets set in October, are gravid salmon. I fully agree in the advisability of this measure, and in view of the

great destruction of young bass that has now gone on unchecked for three winters, and the additional destruction of gravid fish by seines in the spring, I must again repeat my conviction that the preservation of this fishery demands a prolongation of the close season, which, for some years at least, should be extended from the beginning of March to the end of October. I consider that the greater part of the young fish Produced for three successive years have been destroyed by the bag-nets. If this opinion is correct, as my observations lead me to believe, it is plain that, to make up for the loss, the annual drain on the remaining stock should be considerably curtailed.

Overseer Cushman, of Upper Nelson and Derby, reports a good catch of salmon in the early part of the season, but states that it fell off greatly towards the close. The catch of shad and gasperaux was smaller then ever before known. The information given by this officer is of the most meagre description, the above being its entire substance. From other and reliable sources, I have reason to believe that much illegal fishing was done in this district, and was continued for weeks after the close time was commenced. In my last annual report I had occasion to make a similar statement, and I laid before your predecessor the evidence on which it was founded. I regret to add that the state of the district has not improved during the past season.

OVERSEER UNDERHILL, of Blackville District, sends the following report, which has at least the merit of brevity. "We had a very fine run of salmon in the river "this season, the best that has been for a number of years. The salmon were very "large. The fishermen did a good business. I have known them to take as high as "twenty dollars for a day and night's fishing. I should like to have a warden appointed at the forks of Cain's River, and also one at Indian Town." This officer's report of last year was of the same meagre description, and they both show but little appreciation of the important duties entrusted to him. Last year I was obliged to report that, from reliable sources, I had very definite information which showed that more lawlessness and illegal fishing prevailed in his district than in any other division on the whole course of the river. I regret to have to say that further information to the same effect, received during the past season, goes to show that spearing, drifting, Sunday fishing and illegally set nets are the prevailing rule in the district, which is the more to be deprecated as this part of the river is the key to all its upper waters. The facilities for poaching are here so great, that the whole run of fish may be intercepted and taken. It is quite impossible that this state of things could continue if the overseer and wardens paid even partial attention to their I have reported the facts so often, that I am at a loss to know what more I Can say or do to have the disgraceful state of things improved. The remedy is beyond my reach—the disease requires active treatment from headquarters, which I trust it will now receive at your hands.

Overseer Thomas Taylor, of Blissfield District, reports a good run of salmon, which the high water and running lumber in the river, at the time of their appearance, enabled to pass up. He still reports much illegal fishing in the districts below, and I regret to say there is too much reason to believe that his statements are correct. The officer in this district requires the constant use of a canoe. In my last report I requested that Mr. Taylor should be allowed to purchase one. This permission was not given; and I now repeat the recommendation, as the canoe is

necessary in the performance of his duties,

Overseer Freeze, of Doaktown, reports gaspereaux as having become so scarce that only a few persons in the district attempt to fish for them. He says a few were caught, which shows that a small remnant still fights a desperate battle for existence. A compulsory cessation from fishing for several years might enable these to multiply, but I much fear the matter has been delayed too long. Mr. Freeze reports that large drives of lumber in the river, during the month of July, prevented the usual overfishing, and enabled large numbers of salmon to get up river under better protection than overseers and wardens could render. The report of this officer shows a most determined disposition on the part of poachers to evade the law in every conceivable way, and it is a matter of impossibility for a single officer in this district to do much

in the way of apprehending them. The most he can do is to seize the illegally set nots and confiscate the canoes and spears which their owners desert when in danger of apprehension. He is watched much more effectually than he can watch the poachers'; and the fact has become apparent, that as this is the case alo: g all the upper waters of this river, the machinery at present in operation is quite inadequate to secure a due observance of the law where the facilities for evading it are so great-

OVERSEER CAMERON, of the Upper District of the South-West, reports that the whole catch of gaspereaux in his division did not exceed five barrels. Salmon were more plentiful than last year, for the reason given by Overseer Freeze, -the drives of lumber preventing the setting of nets in the lower part of the river. Mr. Cameron again states his opinion that no nets should be allowed in the river above the head of the tide; and again I must repeat my conviction that nets should never be allowed on the spawning grounds of salmon. As long as this outrage on common sense is permitted, it is simple folly to hope for any improvement in the fishery, except by an extensive system of artificial hatching. In concluding my observations on the fisheries of this county, I can only repeat to your Honor what I have endeavoured to enforce upon your predecessors in office, that in no other river in the civilized world, so far as I am intormed, are salmon allowed to be netted on their spawning beds, after escaping the toils of innumerable nets from the mouth of the river along a course of over a hundred miles. The comparatively few fish that succeed in reaching these spawning beds, after running the gauntlet of a perfect maze of nets, should be allowed to propagate undisturbed. In all my former reports I have felt it my duty to give expression to this conviction. Every year's experience not only strengthens it, but proves beyond dispute that if the breeding fish are systematically destroyed year after year, the fishery must in time—and that time is fast approaching—most certainly be destroyed.

#### KENT COUNTY.

OVERSEER SUTHERLAND, of the Upper Division, reports that the catch of both salmon and lobsters is about the same as last year, while that of mackerel, cod and herring is in excess. The depression in the lumber business has had the effect of stimulating these branches of fishing, and he expects to see them carried on much more extensively during the coming season. These fish are plentiful on the coast of

this county, and the facilities for pursuing them are unsurpassed.

Overseer Cormier, of the Lower District, reports an average catch of all kinds of fish during the past season. The lobster fishery shows a large increase; additional canning-houses are being built, and every year adds to the number of persons employed in this business. The once famous oyster beds of Buctouche and Cocagne are fast becoming exhausted from constant over-fishing, and unless some protective measure is applied they will soon be as unproductive as those of Shediac now are. The smelt fishery is largely pursued with bag-nets in this division, and the same destruction of young unmarketable fish, as I have described in Miramichi, goes on unchecked.

### WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

Overseer Deacon, of Shediac Division, reports a good catch during the season. The lobster fishery has now increased to enormous proportions, and last year's catch amounts to nearly half a million cans. There are now ten factories in operation, and several new ones in course of erection for next season. Mr. Deacon reports that the fish were not so plentiful as formally. This is but the natural consequence of such extensive operations, and, of course, every year the supply will continue to diminish.

He says:—"The canning establishments cannot be watched too closely, for I "find that both proprietors and fishermen will evade the regulations whenever they "can. Both spawning lobsters and those under the legal size are taken indis"eriminately, and to stop it effectually would require an officer stationed perman"ently in every establishment."

Numbers of salmon and grilse were seen in the Shediac River last summer, and if the quota of fry planted there last spring attain maturity, a good breeding stock will have been supplied. It will now be necessary to prohibit net fishing for some

years to allow the stock to increase by natural propagation.

Overseer Davidson, of Bay Verte District, reports no material improvement in the fisheries. A few gaspereaux still continue to ascend the passes in Tidnish and Port Elgin Rivers, and he expresses the hope that they may yet be restocked. He reports mackerel as having been plentiful in Bay Verte last season, but the fish were

small and the quality poor.

OVERSEER CORNIER, of Dorchester Bay District, reports a good catch of shad of a quality better than usual. Mr. Cormier repeats the opinion expressed by him last year, that the brush weirs in Albert County are injurious to the shad fishery on account of the large numbers of small fish taken in them. There can be no question as to the correctness of this opinion, nor any doubt that this fishery ought to be confined entirely to nets with a mesh sufficiently large to allow all small fish to escape. The decrease of shad in all our waters is too plainly seen year after year to be ignored, and every mode of fishing that adds to this decrease by destroying young fish should be prevented.

### ALBERT COUNTY.

Overseer Akerley, also reports a fair eatch of shad of good quality and a slightly increased eatch of gaspereaux, but a falling off in salmon. The latter he attributes to lumbering operations and mill refuse on the rivers. He expresses the opinion again after another year's experience, that there is no hope of ever restoring migratory fish to Coverdale and Pollet Rivers. With this opinion I am forced to agree. These rivers are small; lumbering operations are extensive and of much more importance to the inhabitants than any fishery that could now be formed. Under these circumstances both these rivers might be exempted from the operations of the "Fisheries Act" without any injury to public interests, for it would seem useless to compel mill-owners to maintain fishways that are of no practica benefit.

## VICTORIA COUNTY.

Overseer McCluskey reports no improvement in the Tobique River, which was once the great spawning-ground for salmon that ascend the St. John. The lands on this river are being rapidly settled, and with increasing population comes increased fishing. The settlers and Indians who frequent it in summer have always been accustomed to use the spear in taking salmon. They cannot be persuaded to use nets, and the long stretches of unsettled lands along the shore offer every facility for evading the Wardens. The only practicable method I can recommend to prevent this illegal fishing is that of employing special Wardens from June until October, who should be continually on the river, and devote their whole time and attention to the work of protecting the fish. If Overseer McCluskey were empowered to employ two suitable men for this purpose to travel up and down the river constantly, with authority to see that the stationary Wardens attended to their duty and to act in concert with them, something effectual might be done. At present there are but four Wardens in a district of a hundred miles and more. These men receive a salary of \$30 each, and it is quite evident that for this sum they cannot spend much time in preventing illegal fishing at points distant from their homes. Some more effectual means for the protection of this river than are now in operation have become absolutely necessary.

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#### CARLETON COUNTY.

In August last Overseer Harrison, the faithful officer in charge of this County for many years, laid down his duties and his life. I immediately notified the Department and urged the necessity and great importance of supplying his place by a competent successor; but I regret to say that the county has ever since been without an officer. I am therefore without any report or returns from this division. His son, who was accustomed to assist his father, imforms me that there is no improvement to be hoped for until the mill-owners are compelled to keep their sawdust and mill-rubbish out of the river. By Mr. Harrison's death the service has lost one of its oldest and most conscientious officers. Fully sensible of the great importance of protecting the fisheries, his heart was in his work, and he gave his best efforts to the duty. He devoted to its performance long experience and matured judgment. His greatest regret was that his well-meant endeavours met with so little appreciation or assistance from those who should have given him material and moral support, and he laid down his trust with the painful consciousness that, owing to circumstances he could not control, he left the fisheries of his district worse than he found them, and that all his labour and anxiety to improve them had been in vain. Some competent officer is needed to supply his loss, and some changes are needed on the head waters of the Miramichi which flow through this county. These changes, and the reasons which make them necessary, have been explained in letters on file in the Department, to which I beg to refer.

### YORK COUNTY.

The reports of Wardens Brown and Campbell state that salmon were more plentiful than usual; but that in consequence of very high water during the first of the season fishermen were not able to secure their nets, amd many were swept away by the freshet. The fish had thus a better opportunity of ascending the river, and if they could be properly protected in the Tobique, good results in future years might reasonably be expected. After the water had fallen fish were scarce, and the catch throughout the whole river was very small. Warden Brown still urges, as he did last year, the great importance of a more effective enforcement of the sawdust law; and repeats his oft-expressed belief that no great or permanent improvement can be expected in the river without the assistance of a hatching-house.

## SUNBURY AND QUEEN'S COUNTIES.

Overseer Hoben reports a better catch of gaspereaux, but a diminished catch of salmon and bass. The former diminution was caused by the great freshet in July, which interfered with fishing in the main river and all its tributaries. There is no diminution of the sawdust nuisance, which he strongly urges should be abated.

Overseer Hetherington, of Washademoak and Canaan District, reports a

Overseer Hetherington, of Washademoak and Canaan District, reports a better run of salmon into Canaan River than has been known for some years. Fortunately these did not arrive until after the close season had commenced, and the entire run ascended to the spawning-grounds undisturbed. The shad fishery still continues to be a failure in this as well as in other districts on the St. John. A series of experiments and observations made by Mr. Hetherington last summer, lead him to think that a sufficient number of spawning fish might be taken in Canaan River to try the experiment of artificial hatching. Gaspereaux have now become so scarce in this district that there is but little inducement to fish for them. Mr. Hetherington thinks that a weekly close time of three days would enable them to reach their spawning-places in sufficient numbers to restock the river. My own opinion is that nothing short of a total cessation of fishing everywhere, for at least three years, will ever restore this fishery so that it will be a profitable one.

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Overseer De Veber, of Westfield and Nerepis District, reports a great decrease in the catch of salmon as compared with the previous year. Shad and gasperaux still continue to grow scarcer year after year, but bass are increasing because they are not so much fished for. That over fishing has been the cause of the falling off in salmon, shad and gasperaux, is proved by the fact that sturgeon, bass, pickerel and trout, which are not fished for in a systematic manner or to any great extent, are rapidly increasing in numbers. Mr. De Veber, who is an old and experienced fisherman, repeats his opinion that nothing will keep up the stock of salmon and shad except artificial hatching.

OVERSEER GOSLINE, of Kennebecasis and its several tributaries, reports no improvement in his district. Salmon still frequent all the streams in small numbers, but the conditions are not now favorable to a large increase. Young salmon in the Parr state are caught by boys with hook and line, and the facilities for doing this are so great that it is quite impossible to prevent them. Shad and gaspereaux are now so

scarce that the fishery may be said to be practically abandoned.

### ST. JOHN COUNTY.

OVERSEER O'BRIEN reports that the herring fishery continues to improve. The catch last winter was the best ever known in the waters of the county, but owing to the mildness of the season the fish could not be trozen sufficiently to admit of shipment to American markets in a fresh state, and consequently large quantities had to be salted and sold at low prices. The catch of shad has been the smallest known in the harbor for many years. That of salmon and gaspereaux gave a small increase over the catch of last year. But it was still by no means profitable to the fishermen, as not one weir in the harbor did much more than pay the expenses of material and labor. Mr. O'Brien urges the extreme necessity of some means being adopted to prevent the destruction of young gaspereaux in the weirs. Every season large quantities are destroyed, for the fishermen assert that it is impossible to separate them from the large fish. If this be so, then this mode of fishing should be entirely prohibited, as also should seining, for there can be no doubt that to these two wasteful and destructive modes of fishing may be attributed, almost entirely, the steady decline of this fishery in the river and harbor of St. John. At the present time, when its total extinction is a question of only a few years longer, it is manifestly wrong for Government to allow them, and excessively foolish for fishermen, to persist in their use. If the enormous destruction of young gaspereaux caused by weirs and seines in the harbor Were at once stopped, there might be some small hope of deferring to a more distant day the impending annihilation of this species of fish in these waters. rights the Corporation of St. John may claim in the fisheries of the harbor, it seems absurd that they should have the right of perpetuating these destructive modes of fishing. As a matter of public expediency and of justice to the future interests of the River Counties, the Corporation should aid rather than resist the efforts now being made to have these wasteful modes of fishing abolished. The fisheries of the harbor of St. John have never been properly appreciated in past years, and they have been Pursued in a very wasteful manner. Heretofore the fishermen of St. John, without going more than a cable-length from their own doors, could catch salmon, shad, bass and gaspereaux, which have always found a ready market at good prices, both at home and in the neighboring States. Now that the wasteful mode of pursuing these fisheries is threatening them with destruction, intelligent people are becoming alarmed at the prospect, and are just beginning to do what has been too long delayed. Strange to say, the Corporation of the city, which claims to control these fisheries, and which ought to have been their guardian, are actually resisting the well meant efforts of those who seek to save them from annihilation. As the River St. John washes the shores of seven counties in its course, all of which are dependent on the harbor of St. John for their fish supply, it becomes a matter of vital importance to them all that that supply should not be wantonly destroyed. If the corporation of the city is unable or unwilling to prevent this destruction, it devolves upon your Department to take the necessary action. Experience has proved that the fisheries have been prosecuted beyond the powers of the fish to reproduce. The natural process of reproduction cannot keep up the supply, especially when the modes of fishing are wasteful and destructive. The first care of the Department should be to suppress all modes of capture which destroy the breeding fish and the young. Its next care should be to keep the fisheries within such limits as will enable a sufficient stock of fish to perform their procreative functions unmolested. If these means fail to keep up the supply by natural increase, it remains for the Government to consider whether it will not be a wise expenditure of revenue to increase that supply by means of artificial culture, which is now adopted by all enlightened countries with the most beneficial results, and by none with more signal success than has attended its adoption in Canada in all the waters adapted to it, and in all the establishments that have been properly constructed and arranged, and placed under the care of men competent to manage them.

OVERSEER SKILLEN, of St. Martin's District, reports a great improvement in the catch in his division. The fishway in Salmon River has been found effective, and salmon passed up last fall without difficulty. The pass in the dam across Mosher's River is defective, and a proper fish-ladder will have to be constructed to allow fish

to pass it freely.

### CHARLOTTE COUNTY.

In my last annual report I announced the death of Overseer Curran of the St. Croix District, the most important division in this county; and I urged the necessity of immediately supplying his place with an officer of sufficient intelligence and ability to carry on the great work which he had so successfully and creditably commenced, opening up and restocking what was formerly one of the best fish rivers in the Province, but which impassable dams had caused to be deserted. But the division was left without an officer for nine months, and only in October last was his place supplied. Overseer Todd entered upon his duties after the fishing season had closed, consequently he was unable to furnish any detailed report of the state of the district. He has, however, furnished as full statistics as it was possible to procure at that late date, but they, no doubt, fall far short of the actual catch. Judging from his correspondence, and the intelligent zeal he displays in his new duties, I am pleased to think that Overseer Curran will have a very competent and most efficient He reports that the fishways were kept open during the season, and are in good repair. The principal violation of the law now consists in drifting for salmon at night near the first fishway. This it will be impossible to suppress entirely without an officer on the spot constantly, and I would respectfully urge that Overseer Todd be authorized to employ a special guardian at this place when his assistance is necessary to prevent this illegal and destructive work.

Overseer Cunningham, of Inner Passamaquoddy Bay, reports that the herring fishery has continued to be fair throughout the year. There has been an increase in mackerel, the size and quality being better than ast year. This fish appeared early in August and remained until the middle of October, and the bay was visited by a large number of vessels and boats from other places. This promised return of the mackerel to the shores and bays of Charlotte County, where formerly they were very abundant, is a cheering prospect for fishermen. The catch of haddock and hake was about the same as last year. Mr. Cunningham still more strongly expresses his opinion that the use of trawls or bultows will eventually exhaust the fishery inshore. The catch of pollack was not so large as that of last year. The lobster fishery shows an increased catch, but the average size of the fish still remains about two pounds. In this county the fishery is not pursued later than August, which fully accounts for the fact that the fish shows no decreae in size and numbers. In consequence of Mr. Cunningham's close attention to his duties, the law has been well observed. He submits that his salary is an inadequate compensation for the time and attention his

duties require. As Mr. Cunningham is an old and faithful officer, I think his services entitle him to favorable consideration.

OVERSEER BEST, of Peaver Harbor and Latéte District, reports that herring have been less plentiful than in previous years. The principal part of the catch in this district is frozen, and sold fresh for American markets, and for bait to vessels engaged in the cod fishery on the banks. The catch of cod, pollack and haddock inshore has not been so good as last year, but that of hake has been better. A large catch of lobsters was made in this district, but as there is no canning establishment there, these were sold in bulk to American buyers.

OVERSEERS Brown and LORD, of West Isles, report less than an average catch of herrings in this district, but a fair average of cod, haddock and pollack. In hake

there has been an increase, and a larger catch of lobsters.

OVERSEER McLaughlin, of Grand Manan District, furnishes the following interesting report: "The fishery season in my district has closed for the year with "favorable results to those engaged in this industry. Mackerel of good quality have "been plentiful in the waters of Grand Manan; but our people have been so long out "of this branch of fishing that very little effort was made to take advantage of their "unexpected return. The catch, therefore has, not been large; herrings for smoking "were very late in approaching our shores. In August and September, when the "weirs usually fish well, very few herrings were taken. October and November brought excellent fishing, the catch being of superior quality, so that the weir fishermen made a good season's work. Many of the weirs, however, were not built "on account of the low price obtained for smoked fish. In net herrings for salting "there has been little improvement since my last report. There has therefore been "a falling off in the catch compared with previous years. I can give no reason for this other than that surmised in my last report, viz., the migration of a great body of adult herrings to the coast of Europe. Even should this surmise be cor-"rect, we may look for a gradual improvement in net fishing after this year from "the natural growth of the fry. This scarcity of net herring has made it more "difficult to obtain bait for line fish, both inshore and outside, which, with the ex-ception of pollack, have been abundant. Even with this drawback, the catch of cod "has been equal to that of last year, with extra good fishing at the present time.
"The catch of hake has far exceeded that of any year in the history of our island. "Probably not less than 40,000 quintals have been taken. Halibut and haddock "fishing has been good; but scarcity of bait has interfered with its steady prosecu"tion. The lobster fishery shows an encouraging increase of 28,000 cans over last "year's catch, with no more hands engaged. In addition to this our fishermen have "sold in bulk to American buyers a quantity equal to 19,200 cans. There is no "doubt that this improvement is due to the enforcement of the close season, and to "the protection given the spawning fish. To render this improvement permanent, I "am satisfied from past experience that the close time should commence not later "than 15th July, and continue until 1st September. Both canners and fishermen "now see the necessity of this measure, and will readily comply with it. Had bait been plentiful the catch of all kinds of fish, except herrings, would have far "exceeded that of any previous year in my district. All things considered, the fisheries of the island have been successful, and will foot up little short of half a "million dollars. My assistants have performed their duties well. Warden Gilmour "was ill during the early part of the season; but as not herrings were scarce, the "temptation to Sunday fishing was less than usual, and the law was seldom violated. "I must again repeat that this officer is very much in need of a boat, the purchase of "which I have often urged on the Department, and I again respectfully request that "the much-needed want be supplied. Warden Carroll, at White Head, has had all he could do to take care of the fisheries in his division. Fishermen who resort to "Gull Cove seem determined to fish in contravention of the weekly close time, and "kept him constantly on the alert to enforce it. I was on several occasions obliged "to go to his assistance and disperse the offenders. The proprietors of Three "Islands are still much annoyed by the irregular conduct of transient fishermen; and "I again respectfully urge that Mr. David Engalls be appointed Warden at this

"place, as requested in my last report."

From my own knowledge of the facts related by Overseer McLaughlin, I can corroborate his statements,—first, that Warden Gilmour much needs a suitable boat to enable him better to perform his duties, in preventing illegal fishing; and second, that the constant irregularities of transient fishermen at Three Islands, a long distance from any officer, need to be suppressed. The first of these necessities I have urged upon your predecessor in my last three Annual Reports, and in several letters on file. The second I strongly urged last year, but no notice has yet been taken of either request. I again respectfully, but urgently remind the Department of the facts, and trust that your honor will direct that both these wants be supplied in time to be of service during the coming season.

I cannot conclude this, the first report I have the honor to make to you as the

Head of the Department, without begging your attention to the facts stated, and to the following remarks, for the freedom of which I crave your indulgence:—

My experience as a Fishery Officer, and my opportunities of knowing the facts, convince me that the time has come when our fisheries require for their preservation more effective measures than have yet been provided by the Department charged with their conservation. A careful reading of the foregoing abstracts cannot fail to show your honor several momentous facts that require your careful consideration, with a view to the adoption of such measures as you consider best calculated to prevent results which are shown to be every year becoming more immi-As remarked in my last report to your predecessor, the facts then brought to his attention (and now respectfully urged on yours, because another year's experience has more fully established them) show a very alarming decrease in the stock of all the anadromous fishes that frequent our waters. They show, beyond a doubt, that this decrease has been caused by wasteful and extravagant modes of fishing in some places, and by over-fishing, and insufficient protection everywhere. They show that these causes are still actively at work—that fishing operations are annually extending, while protection is annually becoming less; that all the causes of exhaustion which follow in the train of rapidly increasing population, are in full and increasing activity. They show that everywhere, except where artificial culture has arrested the decrease, the salmon fishing is in the same danger. They show that the bass and smelt fisheries are being conducted in most wasteful and destructive modes. They show that the Harbor and River Fisheries of St. John cannot possibly withstand the annual drain made upon their fast diminishing stocks. show that our once valuable and apparently inexhaustible oyster beds are all but annihilated. But they also show just as clearly that proper close seasons to curtail over-fishing, and due protection to breeding fish, will foster and increase the supply. All past experience in this and other countries shows that nothing is to be hoped for from the foresight or prudence of fishermen, nor from their voluntary adoption of any of the means which will protect and prolong the supply upon which their present and future prosperity depends. It also shows that they will, if allowed, continue this over-fishing and these wasteful modes of fishing, which have been described in the foregoing pages, unchecked by any consideration of the disastrous consequences to which they obstinately close their eyes. These facts being undeniable, the question that presents itself for your serious consideration is this: is most advisable—that such protective measures as are absolutely necessary to preserve the fisheries from certain destruction, shall be made compulsory and fishermen called on to submit to what will be only a partial deprivation and perhaps only a temporary one—or, that they be allowed to continue on in the old wasteful and destructive ways, with the certainty that, ere long, they will be compelled by a law of nature, from which there is no appeal, to suffer a total and permanent deprivation of this great source of employment and wealth; a deprivation from which no earthly Government can save them, and which no unavailing regrets will ever restore to them? No doubt many selfish and ignorant fishermen, many grasping and unfeeling dealers, will protest against measures which will conduce to their own ultimate benefit. 266

doubt many such will strive to prevent their adoption, and abuse the officers and Government that seek to save them from the consequences of their own ignorance and cupidity. Still, I am persuaded a large number are intelligent and reasonable enough to see that this is the least of the two evils they have to face, and that by submitting to it they will avert the greater one, and escape the consequences they see are inevitable under their present modes of carrying on their business. We are now passing through that phase of experience which has been the lot of all older countries; but, more fortunate than they, we have the results of that experience to guide us. The laissez-faire policy has already been too long pursued in this country. The consequences are seen in the facts above submitted to you. Common sense now demands a do something policy of strict and stern protection. If the present generation of fishermen are determined to pursue their calling in modes so wasteful and destructive as to annihilate the fisheries, it becomes the duty of the Government to prevent the consequences of their vandalism, and to save the fisheries for future generations who will, it is hoped, better appreciate and more judiciously use the gifts of a more benificent Providence which their fathers so lightly prize and so wantonly abuse.

> I have the honor to be, Sir, Your obedient servant,

> > W. H. VENNING,
> > Inspector of Fisheries for New Brunswick.

# APPENDIX

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats and Quantities of Fish, and the Total Number of Men employed,

	v	essei			OATS	EMPLO	YED		'ISHING TERIA						•				
Counties.		Ves	sels.			Boats.		Ne	1	Weirs.		h, in	ked, lbs	us, lbs.	rels.	cans.	rels.		
		Топпяве.	Value.	Men.		Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon, Fresh, ice, lbs.	Salmon, Smoked	Salmon, in cans,	Mackerel, barrels	Mackerel, in	Herrings, barrels	
Restigouche.																			
From Belledune to Morris Rock					120	1440	150	1 <b>789</b> 0	95 <b>2</b> 0	 		30	39 <b>912</b> 9		9 <b>489</b> 9	50		1200	
Gloucester.  From Belledune to Grindstone																			
Point Caraquet District Pokemouche and	13		11800 <b>25</b> 00			40200	500	8000	3480				180812	 	21880	50		10070 <b>6000</b>	
Shippegan Tracadie District	3	<b>6</b> 0	1200	12	<b>6</b> 0 <b>3</b> 0			1500 12000							5000	60 400		70 200 <del>0</del>	
Total	19	582	15550	68	1014	118750	2285	62015	22443				180812		26880	6170	13320	18140	

No. 15.

engaged in the Fisheries; Quantity and Value of Fishing Material; Kinds &c., in the Province of New Brunswick, for the Year 1877

		Kin	DS O	F F	'ish.											lsh Odu			
Herrings, Smoked, in	Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, lbs.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, barrels.	<b>V</b> ALU:	<b>:</b> .
•••••	·••	200	*****			•••	••••	•••	•••••	1400	1000	20		1 <b>2542</b> 8	80	335	400	105,089	40
•••••	330	31 <b>9</b> 00 8400	45 180		7000 <b>20</b> 0	 650	2400 <b>890</b>		9500 8 <b>5</b> 0	10200 <b>35</b> 00	140000 15 <b>0</b> 00	180	3000 3000	458460	21120 . 5000		300	386,076 7 <b>5,3</b> 47	80 15
••••	130 400	300 3000			1000	 200	100		3000 4000	1200 8000				6300 <b>140000</b>		 		6,330 5 <b>5,156</b>	
	860	42700	225		<b>820</b> 0	85 <b>0</b>	3390		17350	22900	<b>227000</b>	380	6000	604760	<b>2</b> 7240	<u> </u>	309	522,909	96

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and

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	,		ELS .			ATS E	¥-	Fish	ing M	ATER	I <b>AL.</b>						
Counties.		Ve	ssels			Boats	 s.	Ne	its.	We		els.	ıb, in	ked, lbs.	cans, lbs.	rrels.	ans,1bs.
	No.	Tonnage.	Value,	Men.	No.	Value.	No.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon, Fresh, ice, lbs.	Salmon, Smoked, lbs	Salmon, in ce	Mackerel, barrels.	Mackerel, in cans, lbs
Northumberland.			\$			\$			\$		\$						
Tabusintac Bay and River	 	 	 		10	100	12	800	120					••••		16	
From Neguac Island to Burnt Church	2	16	500	6	50	1500	100	4900	1780				10300	<b></b>		10	
From Portage Island to Lower Newcastle Point Escuminac, Huck-	2	45	1000	4	99	1680	90	19 <b>9</b> 00	9160				120856			8	
lebury, Egg, Fox and Bay du Vin Islands and Bay Napan and Black Rivers From Bay du Vin to Beaubair's Island	50 		•••••	••••	••••		 		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					' 	3 <b>5</b> 52	40	12844
From Chatham Ferry to Head Waters, North- West		10	300	_	40	310	09	4034	2101	-159	4110		296271		•••••	26	• •••••
From Beaubair's Island to Blackville Blackville Parish Blissfield		4			34	380 345			1611 343 100				27720 4780 530				
From Doaktown to Hovey Island			 	  -				417	208				4390 1847	 			
	65	325	4560	224	384	6161	479	41674	23649	159	4770		667784	6020	3552	100	12844

<sup>&</sup>quot;Bag nets.

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c .- New Brunswick .- Continued.

-				Kind	s of	Fish	•								ļ	Pro	TISI DU	I CTS.		
Herrings, barrels.	Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.	Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, lbs.	Halibut, Ibs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, 1bs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Kels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, barrels.	Value.	
															.				\$ c1	ts.
	}	40									2000	32000	15	430					2,865	00
200	i	<b>e</b> .	80	· • • • • •						4000	1600	4000	9			80	••••		3,338	00
			<b></b> .					<b></b> .		1000	1000	225231		100	1440			! !!	25,601	33
320		25 92	<b>25</b> 0			290			20	3390 5200		1319 <b>65</b> 12788	 	<b>225</b> 0	63896	160		İ	49,036 4,608	
******		66		,			•••••		4	1600		396718					; ;		21,442	•
*****			, <b></b> .							1 <b>2</b> 5193		10150	5				 	 	52,606	88
•••••		135							4	300		8000	¦	ļ			<b> </b>		5,123	00
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520		366	330			290			28	140593	4600	935952	29	2780	65336	240			166,429	04

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and

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	1					ATS E	] <b>л</b> -		Fishin Lateri		,						*.
Countries.		Ves	sels.			Boats		Ne	Weirs.			Fresh, in	ked,lbs.	ıns, İbs.		cans.	
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value,	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, brls.	Salmon, Fre	Salmon, Smoked, lbs	Salmon, in cans,	Mackerel, brls.	Mackarel, in cans
Kent.	_		\$			\$			\$		\$						
From Shediac to Richibucto From Richibucto to Escu- minac	1 1			١.	, ;			1			760			1	·		1650 16000
												_					17650
Westmoreland.				· -										 			
Dorchester Bay and Cum- berland Basin to Shepody																	<u> </u>
Bay Verte to Cape Tormen- tine		30	550	i	43 13				4160 715			47	•••••	` 	••••	30	
Shediac River to Cape Jourimain				!		5000								<u></u>		350	
Total.	4	30	550	20	556	5730	182	18600	7275			47 —				380	<u> </u>
Albert. From Hopewell to Point				Ì		-											<u> </u> 
Wolfe River				-	24	480	190	3500	2200	8	750	30		-	ļ		
Victoria.  From Carleton Co. line to																<u> </u> !	
Grand Falls	=		<u></u>	-				90	i 110	` ,	 	5		<u> </u>			
From Sunbury Co. line to Carleton Co. line					30	120	30	629	314	   	ļ 	   	7467				

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c .- New Brunswick .- Continued.

			Kin	DS OF	, <b>v</b> <sub>I</sub>	sн.										I Pro	Pisi DU	i ots	,	
Herrings, bris.	Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.	Alewives, brls.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, lbs.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, brls.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, brls.	Oysters, brls.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, brls.	VALUI	e. 
<b>2</b> 650		495	745	10	475	326	12050			2000	<b>52</b> 80	490000	265	2050	751000	910			165977	30
			,	l									l .		349000					
3350		575	1 <b>5</b> 9 <b>5</b>	45	475	876	12050			50000	9280	900000	430	2240	1100000	1460	m		267712	30
1400	1300 1500				199	188			ļ	<b></b>			į		482016		ļ		6225	00
-	<b>'</b>				199	188		_	3640	3000	7500	350000	443	250	482016	1000		300	154308	90
	200				   								   				 	•••••	8403	
			•••••		<u></u>	<u>.</u>		<u></u>	10			ļ			*********		<u> </u>		155	-00
******			  - 				••••			15									1240	05

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels-

	V	SSE	LS AND IN		ATS		YED	Fishi	ng Ma	TEI	RIAL.						=
Counties.		Ve	essels.			Boats.		Net	ts.	N	eirs.		h, in	ked, jbs	ns, lbs.	-	cans
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Vaiue.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, bris.	Salmon, Fresh, ice, lbs.	Salmon, Smoked, ibs	Solmon, in cans, l	Mackerel, brl	Mackerel, in
Queens and Sunbury.			\$			\$			\$		\$				İ		
French Lake, Sheffield ()romocto River Maquapet Lake Hart's Lake Jemseg and vicinity Otnabog St. John River Oromocto, French Lake Upper Gagetown Sheffield Washademoak Total					10 12 8 20 6 45 20 10 10	60 450 200 100	20 24  40 12 90 40 20 20 200	200 750 200 2000 400 200 200	110 150 300 100 1000 200 100 100 600				200 100 1000 200 100				
Kennebecasis and Smith's Creek Westfield and Nerepis Total		••••	I	1	·		43	2940	1155								
St. John.  From Quaco Head to Point Lepreaux, including Har- bour of St. John  From Goose River to Quaco Head	28	1	13000 3500	ļ			710		70000	1	l	١ ١	180000				
Total	36	795	16500	229	302	11025	730	100250	71000	31	10100		180400	50000	 	<del>-</del>	

and Boats in the Fisheries.—New Brunswick—Continued.

						Kin	ds of F	`isn.			-						Fise			=
Herrings, bris.	Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.	Alewives.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, lbs.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, brls.	Bass, 1bs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, bris.	Oysters, brls.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, brls.	Value.	
																			\$ ct	s.
5									50 150 150 254	600   1000   200   1000   500   5000   2000   1000   1000	400					450			658 0422 04358 0422 045670 045	0000000000
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780 12180	<u></u>		4500	ļ	500	10 	100000 6000 106000	1900	! !	30000	<u>.</u>	 	50  50		15000  15000	80	ļ —	300	156,165 00 24,466 00 180,631 00	0

RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and

	v	essei	s and in F			EMPLO.	YED	Fishi	NG M	TB	RIAL.								-
Counties.		Ve	ssels.			Boats		Ne	ts	w	eirs.	ß.	, in ice,	Smoked, lbs.	g, lbs.	els.	cans.	els.	Smoked, in
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon, Fresh, Ibs.	Salmor, Smoke	Salmon, in ean		Mackerel, in ce		Herrings, Smo boxes.
Charlotte.	_		\$			\$			\$					_	_				
St. Croix District	7	120	2900	 28	26 34		70	3000	1300		 	 	2500			250 800			
Deer Island Campo Bello Grand Manan	33 21 14	480 201		147 51	250 116	13400 5019	258 212	21350 16400 7779 14000	9600 7779	22 25	8800 2500	 			::			46400 3500 11166 5500	28000
Total	93	1768	44975	487	882	56069	1180	62649	42429	86	25740	į	2500			1100		69016	607300

Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c .- New Brunswick .- Continued.

		I	Kinds	of F	1										Fish		-		
Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Ood Tongues and Sounds, bris.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, lbs.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as manure, barrels.	Val	LUE.	•
		— 															\$	ct	8.
250	150				22400	 		 	 	4000			76000				178	66 !	50
30	·····		250	765	12000				1900	<b></b>			89400	1200		1500	365	76	50
******	1750 2400 645 10000		4100 4438	6000 2615	302000 28000 1360 500000				••••				18680	8324	350	600	2466 875 909 4059	82 ( 54 (	00
280	14945	43	14838	48480	865760	50000			1900	4000			367171	87604	760	5100	8855	98	10

RECAPITULATION showing the Number, Tonnage, and Value of Vessels and Boats ongaged in the Fisheries, &c.-New Bruns wick.—Continued.

						=
		ni ,	Herrings, Smoked boxes.		2800 200 200 607300	
			Herrings, barrels.		13320 1200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	
	H.		Mackerel, in cans.		<u> </u>	
	F Fis		Mackerel, barrels.		50 100 1280 1280 380 1100 1100	
	KINDS OF FISH.	.sd.	Salmon, in cans, l		6020 3600 1280 3800 1280 3800 1280 3800 1280 3800 1280 3800 1280 3800 3800 3800 3800 3800 3800 3800 3	
		lbs.	Salmon, Smoked,			
		ice, lbs	Salmon, Fresh, in		30 399129 180812 667784 47 81200 5 7467 2000 18040 18040 112 1530021	
			Salmon, barrela.		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	ij	rs.	Value.	₩	4770 760 750 750 25740 42120	
	FISHING MATERIAL.	Weirs.	·0N		*159 500 88 86 86	
	SHING N	ts.	Value.	€9	150 17890 9520 2225 62015 22443 479 41674 23849 1847 41975 24100 182 18600 7276 190 3500 2200 200 6700 2970 43 2940 1155 730 100250 71005 1180 62649 42429 17622 358912 207165	
	E4	Nets.	Fathoms.		17890 62015 41674 41975 18600 3500 99 629 6700 2940 100250 62649	
	HING.		Men.			
	IN FIS	Boats.	Value.	€	120 1440 1014 118750 384 6161 556 5730 24 480 30 120 30 120 43 610 30 120 43 610 30 120 43 610 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40	
	PLOYED		.оИ			
Ì	ATS RWI		Меп-		224 62 20 20 229 487 1090	
	urd Bo.	Vessels.	Value.	€	15500 4560 3200 550 16500 44975 85285	
	Veseels and Boats employed in Fishing.	Ve	Топпаке.		582 325 273 30 70 795 1768	
	Δ×		No.		19 65 58 58 58 4 4 4 77 58	
		Correste			Restigouche Gloucester Gloucester Northumberland Kent Westmoreland Albert Albert Oriceia Queens and Sunbury Kings St. Jehn Charlotte	
Į	ł		No.		- a a 4 x & x & c   1   2	

Bag nets

·······································	<u> </u>		± 00#00000000	
Value of Vessels and Boats engaged in the Fisheries, &c.—New Bruns-		VALUE.	\$ cts. 105,089 40 522,909 95 106,429 04 267,742 30 154,308 30 8,403 50 1,50 00 1,50 00 3,976 95 180,631 00 885,598 10	2,305,790 69
.c.	JOT8.	Fish used as Manure, parrels.	300	6100
, se,	корт	Fish Guano, tons.	335	1095
isberic	FISH PRODUCTS.	Fish Oil, gallons.	80 27240 240 1460 1000 160 450 2080	2759711 120314 1095 6100
the F	-	Lobstets, cans.	125428 604760 65336 1100000 482016	
ged in		Oysters, barrels.	6000 2780 2240 250	11270
nga		Eels, barrels.	20 380 29 4430 4430 50	1356
Boats e		Smelt, lbs.	1000 227000 93555 900000 350000 9000	2426952 1356
and		Trout, lbs.	1400 22900 4600 9280 7500 11000 1900	29180
of Vessels —Continued	Fisit.	Basa, 1bs.	17350 140593 50000 3000 1200 14300 3110 30000	4747 259553
of V	KINDS OF	Shad, barrela.	3640 650 100 100 100	
Vaine wick.	Kın	Halibut, lbs.	3390 1800 1800 20000 20000	147090
pua		Haddock, lbs.	8200 850 290 850 186 12050 145 1700 30 850	61419 986360 147090
the Number, Tonnage, and		Наке, смс.		
; Ton	1	Pollack, cwt.	475 199 15 15 15 16 1838	18027
nber		God Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	225 45 120 43	433
» Nur		Cod, cwt.	200 330 1595 480 20 20 8000	68270
- 1		Alewives, barrels.	860 366 575 575 1160 310 5300 280	8936
RECAPITULATION showing		COUNTIES	Restigouche   840     Gloucester   840     Korthumberland   356     Westmoreland   575     A lbert   85     York   900     Cueens and Sunbury   1160     Kings   310     St. John   5300     Charlotte   5300	Total 8936
N. I		No.	779	
			# 1 U	

## RECAPITULATION

Of the Yield and Value of the Fisherie of New Brunswick during the Year 1878.

Kinds of Fish.		Quantit	ies.	Prices.	Value	
Salmon, Pickleddo Fresh, in ice	112 1,530,021	lbs.	at	\$ cts.	1,680 229,503	
do Smoked	56,020 155,331 9,080 43,814 111,491	" barrels cans barrels		0 15 0 15 10 00 0 15 4 00	8,403 23,299 90,800 6,572 445,964	6 0 1 0
do Smoked	610,300 8,936 68,270 433 18,027 61,419	boxes barrels cwt. barrels cwt.		0 25   5 00   4 25   7 00   3 50   3 50	152,575 44,680 290,147 3,031 63,094	500
laddock.    alibut	9,863,500 147,090 4,747 259,553 59,480	lbs. barrels lbs.	#	3 50 6 06 8 00 0 06	214,966 34,522 8,825 37,976 15,573 3,568	(
melt	2,426,952 1,356 11,270 2,759,711	barrels cans galls.	٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠٠	0 03 9 00 3 00 0 15	72,808 12,204 33,810 413,956 78,204	
do Guano	1,095 6,400 878	tons barrels	"	15 00 0 50	16,425 3,200 2,305,790 2,133,236	-
				` <b>}-</b> -	172,553	_

# APPENDIX No. 16.

REPORT ON THE FISHERIES OF THE PROVINCE OF PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, FOR THE YEAR 1878.

## KING'S COUNTY.

MARTIN McInnis, Overseer.

I have the honour to submit the following report on the fisheries of King's County, Prince Edward Island, for the year 1878.

Salmon and trout, as well as bass, have largely increased in this county, owing to the efficient restrictions placed upon the illegal practices of the old poachers. The enforcement of the close season has also been in a great measure conducive to the amelioration of this fishery. Mackerel were plentiful; the yield shows an increase of 661 barrels over last year's catch. The fishermen did not, nevertheless, prosecute mackerel fishing on such a large scale as they might have done, owing to the low prices offered on the American market. It must also be remarked that these fish are generally of very small size now, and this is attributed to the destructive practice of seining and to the use of trawls and bag nets. There is no doubt but that these fishing engines, besides destroying large numbers of fish, are surely driving them from their usual places of resort. The trawl, in particular, being left in the water all the time, the fish are thrown off the hooks in great numbers by the violence of the sea to die and rotten at the bottom, and thus render the water unfit for fish to live there. It is a fact that cod and haddock are fast decreasing in number on our coast, and I cannot too strongly recommend the prohibition of trawl-fishing. Hake fishing was good, yielding 3,946 cwt. over last year's catch. Messrs. Fuller, of Souris, have started an establishment where they put up hake as boneless fish in 14lb. boxes, and ship it to the different markets. This new industry will give a great importance to the hake fishery. Gaspereaux are finding their way back to their old places of resort. Owing to the vigilance of the fishery officers, this fishery is increasing, and should the obstruction thrown across the North Lake Inlet in the shape of a causeway bridge be removed, I am sure this fishery would soon become as good, if not better, than in previous years. Smelt and tom-cod fishing was far better than in 1877; 3,100 lbs. being caught this season, against 2,200 lbs. in the previous Oyster-fishing is not very productive in this County, owing to large accumulations of sand and mud washed over the oyster beds by the currents. nevertheless, utilize the decayed oysters and shells as manure, and thousands of cartloads are spread over the soil during the winter, proving a rich and valuable fertilizer.

Lobster-fishing was actively prosecuted and very productive this season. There are several establishments in this county for the packing of lobsters, and the total quantity put up was 957,000 lbs., against 542,980 lbs. in 1877, or an increase of 414,020 lbs.

On the whole, fishing was good, and the value of the catch shows an increase of \$77,205 over that of 1877.

## QUEEN'S COUNTY.

## ISAAC THOMPSON, Overseer.

I have the honour to submit the following report on the fisheries of Queen's County, Prince Edward Island, during the year 1878.

#### Mackerel.

This fish was very plentiful during the past season, though generally of a poor quality, and as a consequence low prices have prevailed. The system of seining adopted by certain American fishermen has been the means of raking large quantities of fish, and the practice of heaving overboard the of small unmerchantable fish is considered to be very injurious to the fisheries. It is a general opinion among the sea-faring population, that seining, if not prohibited, should at least be carried on subject to certain regulations, one of which should prohibit the casting of small fish overboard.

## Herrings.

In consequence of the ice remaining late on the coast, the quantity of herring taken this spring was comparatively small, and the catch was, for the most part, used as bait.

## Lobsters.

The lobster fishery has become a very important branch of our fishing industry, but some caution is necessary lest this thriving business should be ruined by over fishing. My experience of last summer, tends to confirm the observations I made in my previous report, relative to the spawning season, and the necessity of extending the close time. I would now recommend that the close season should be made at least two weeks longer, for the in-shore traps, but I believe that at a distance of from two to three miles from shore, fishing might continue without interruption.

#### Salmon.

In Winter and West Rivers, and especially in the former stream, this fish is rapidly increasing. I wish to bring under your notice the desirability of commencing a salmon-breeding establishment on the Island. for which purpose Winter River might be suitable, as there is in this stream a space of two miles in length above tide water. without any obstruction, which might be used as breeding-ponds, and an abundance of parent fish are available to commence with. The vicinity of the Suffolk Road railway station would also be very advantageous for the purpose, as the fry might be conveniently distributed to other parts of the Island. Winter River was full of spawning salmon until lately, and last summer great numbers of salmon were seen in Tracadie Bay. These fish may fairly be presumed to have been bred in Winter River.

No infringement of the fishery law has been brought to my notice, except the case of an Indian who killed five salmon in the bay. I fined him and sent him away from the neighbourhood.

#### Alewives.

A person should be appointed to look after the ponds at Curran's Run, near "Campbell, New London, and another at the ponds near Bedford Bay; otherwise this fish will soon be extinct.

#### Oysters.

The quantity of oysters taken during the past season was about the same as in previous years. I would again recommend the appointment of a Fishery Warden for Charlottetown, unless one could be appointed for the East, and another for the West River.

On the whole, it appears from the returns that, notwithstanding the partial failure of some branches of the fisheries in this County during the past season, the total value of the yield exceeds that of the preceding year by \$43,885.90; the respective values for the two last years being:

1877	\$176,083	10
1878	219,969	

#### PRINCE COUNTY.

## JOHN CLARK, Overseer.

I have the honor to transmit my annual report of the yield and value of the

fisheries in Prince County, Prince Edward Island, for the year 1878.

The total value of the fish caught in this County during 1878 is \$268,914.58, showing a decrease of \$43,792, as compared with that of 1877. This falling-off is principally in the mackerel fishery. Fishing was never more vigorously prosecuted than last season, 614 boats and 2,086 men being engaged in this industry; but the fishermen state that owing to so many vessels fishing with seines and throwing overboard large quantities of dead fish, mackerel would not take the bait. They also say that, if this practice is not stopped, the fisheries in the strait and in North Bay will be ruined before three years have elapsed. Lobster-fishing was also very productive and actively prosecuted this year. The total quantity put up in cans was 226,800 pounds, or 112,880 pounds more than in 1877. With reference to a close season for this fish, it is not an easy matter to determine the dates. I have seen female lobsters with eggs in the month of November, but I never saw any having eggs in deep water at any time of the year. I believe they come ashore to deposit their eggs, then cast their shell and return into deep water so soon as the shell is again hard.

Salmon fishing is not actively prosecuted, I am sorry to say. It is not for want of fish, for our rivers are literally filled with them in the spawning season, and consequently they must be very plentiful on the outside shore during the fishing season. Mill, Pierre Jacques, Wilmot, and Dunk Rivers are the principal salmon streams in Prince County. They were all well stocked with this kind of fish last fall, especially Dunk River, where salmon had never been seen in such numbers.

The yield of oyster-fishing shows a decrease of 2,900 barrels as compared with the yield of 1877. This falling-off is owing to the low prices offered on the markets, which deterred many from engaging in the business. Nearly all the oysters sold

this year were taken in Richmond Bay and the Narrows.

The fishery regulations have been well observed as regard oysters, but I am sorry to say that the wardens on Dunk River had a great deal of trouble with the peachers.

RETURN shewing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats and Quantities of Fish, and the Total Number of Men employed,

<u> </u>																
	v	essi	LS AN		BOATS ISHIN		OYED	Fis	HING MA	TER	RIAL.					
Counties.		Ve	ssels.			Boats			Nets.	w	eirs.	barrels.	Fresh in ice,	ked,lbs.	ans.	rrels.
•	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, bar		Salmon, Smo	Salmon, in cans.	Mackerel, barrels
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Kings.			\$			\$	,	1	·\$ cts.		\$	i			1	ŀ
County Line to White Sands White Sands to Gurnsey Cove Gurnsey Cove to Cape Bear Cape Bear to Sable Point Sable Point to Sable Point South Point to Sturgeon Bay Sturgeon Bay to St. Mary's Bay St. Mary's Bay to Albion Bay Albion Bay to Indian Point Indian Point to St. Andrew's Point Georgetown to Bruce Point, (Annandale included) Bruce Point to Sprey Point Sprey Boint to Sprey Point Sprey Boint to Sprey Cove Sprey Cove to Howe Bay, Howe Bay to Fortune Bay Fortune Bay to Colville Bay Colville Bay'to Little Harbour Little Harbour to Bastion Head Bastion Head to East Point Black Point to North Lake. North Lake to Fairfield Fairfield to Long Point Long Point to Black Bush, Black Bush to Bear River Bear River to Big Cape Big Cape to Cable Head Cable Head to Greenwich St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour St. Peter's Harbour	 2  1 	102	7200 2040 1680	13	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	240 450 1500 650 300 1000 650 2255 500 650 2500 650 2400 1475 93 900 450 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	186 362 1522 499 233 144 300 1088 1266 844 22 1000 866 844 22 1000 866 844 23 28 28 28	138 81 127 140 30 54 86 108 109 204 46 22 180 189 224 260 380 189 300 380 189 379 60 302 271	69 00 40 50 63 50 64 50 70 00 15 00 27 00 43 00 54 00 54 00 226 00 90 00 120 00 43 00 112 00 130 00 112 00 151 60 151 60 149 60 24 00 150 00 151 60 153 50			4	842			380 278: 60- 62: 104 318: 310 200- 172: 118: 107 1622 302: 184: 497 296: 382 440 600 89 89 100
Savage Harbour Midgell River					18	450	52	199	99 50		•••••					420
Total	12	578	12000	63	833	20199	1666	5672	2645 90		·····	22	3313			8838

engaged in the Fisheries; Quantity and Value of Fishing Material; Kinds &c., in the Province of Prince Edward Island, for the Year 1878.

				Kinds	OF	Fis	H.										PRO	P18	H CTS.	
Mackérel, in ogne.	Herrings, barrels.	Herrings, Smoked, in boxes.	Alewives, lbs.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Poilack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, lbs.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, barrels	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons,	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, barrels.	VALUE.
																				\$ cta
1200	310 62 32 344 186 66 15 30 40 122 72 62 84 100 82 200 346 382 247 60 200 81		526	410 968 2988 8588 3022 2166 566 71 196 248 248 1166 2600 1300 1300 1300 1300 148 379 402 402 402 403 404 404 404 404 405 407 407 407 407 407 407 407 407 407 407	50 64 68 26 30 2 2 ½ 5 5 66 10 4 66 124 220 36 6 4 8 9 3 10 7 1 18 1 4		722 150 346 330 400 200 162 184 396 100 192 280 40 40 40 40 40 81 16 81 16 81	2000 800 2000 800 284 200 106 192 700 2600 5200 1600 4600 22978 600 800 3000 8006 14982 16871 1874	1100 844 400 166 							167000	140 211 396 162 200 24 30 36 100 102 162 60 99 396 89 89 100 220 396 89 100 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210 210			6,498 (11,604 (4 3,126 4 4 780 (4 5 4 780 (4 5 4 780 (4 5 4 780 (4 5 4 780 (4 5 4 780 (4 5 4 780 (4 5 4 780 (4 5 5 3 7 1 4 8 2 4 5 6 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
200		•••••			<u></u>					<u></u>		201	3100				100			412 9

# RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats

	Væ	888			Водт Івни	S BMPL	OYED		F18H MATRI									
Counties.	,	Ve	ssels	•		Boats.		Ne	ets.	N	eirs.	12	b, in	ed, lbs	cans, lbs.	barrels.	ans.	els.
	No.	Топпяве.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	Fathoms.	Value.	No.	Value.	Salmon, barrela	Salmon, Fresh, ice, lbs.	Salmon, Smoked, lbs	Salmon, in ca	Mackerel, bar	Mackerel, in cans.	Herrings, barrels
Queens.			\$			\$			\$		\$			!				
Rustico to Cavendish Shore		!		 	110	16026	512	2239	550		 		} ;		•••	6295	<b>.</b>	119
From Cavendish to Sand Hill Point		.			11	500	50					!				1000	[	
New London	3	75	2600	16	75			1200	50	١		1				2833		
Wood Island		1		١														8
locky Point		1		<b></b>											İ			
oint Prim	]								j	<b></b>				•••	•••			
inette		۱															<b></b>	
Cape Head					11	650								•••	•••	536		18
Vernon River				۱۰۰۰	20	400	55					•••		•••	••••	50		1
Tracadie					22	2200	110					•••	2000	•		1500		10
French Village	l;		•••••	<b> -</b>	25	750	75	300	75	٠				••••		700	`•••	12
From Victoria to St. Peter's					68	1422	223	1 <b>63</b> 5	758							198		23
Total	3	75	2600	16	342	30448	1375	5272	1659				2000			13112		193

engaged in the Fisheries, &c.-Prince Edward Island.-Continued.

			18	INI	s or	Fisi	ı.								Pro	'ISI DU			
boxes.	Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Cod Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, lbs.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, gallons.	Fish Guano, tons.	Fish used as Manure, barrels.	VALCE	•
••••	•••	793			. <b></b> .		••••		/ <b>***</b> **				,		483			58,553	5
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RETURN showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats

	V:	888	ELS			DATS E	MP	roabd	Fishi	ng M	ATE	RIA	ն.					
Counties.	'	Ves	sel	s.		Boa	ts.		N	Tets.			Weira.	els.	Fresh, in ice,	Smoked, lbs.	cans, lbs.	rels
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.		Men.	Fathoms.	Value.		No.	Value,	Salmon, barrels.	Salmon, Fres	Salmon, Smol	Salmon, in ca	, a
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Vest Point and Campbellton					40				3000	1200	00							111
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ignish, including lots 1 and 2.	•••	••••		٠٠٠İ			00		2850				٠	اي			•••	597
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engaged in the Fisheries, &c .- Prince Edward Island .- Continued.

				F	Cinds	OF	Fis	H.										Fis	H CTS.	,
Mackerel in cans.	Herrings, barrels.	Herrings, Smoked,	Alewives, barrels.	Cod, cwt.	Ood Tongues and Sounds, barrels.	Pollack, cwt.	Hake, cwt.	Haddock, lbs.	Halibut, lbs.	Shad, barrels.	Bass, lbs.	Trout, lbs.	Smelt, lbs.	Eels, barrels.	Oysters, barrels.	Lobsters, cans.	Fish Oil, galls.	Fish Guano, tons.		VALUE.
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ince		ked,	Herrings, Smo	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	ei.	cta 64 58	72
Quantity and Value of the Province of Prince			Herrings, brls	4049 1937 7584	13570		VALUE.	\$351,460 219,969 268,914	840,344
and vince	H	sus.	Mackerel, in c	1200	1200		Fish used as Ma- nure, brls.	8 1	100
untity Pro	KINDS OF FISH.	.8	Mackerel, brl	8838 13112 14532	36482	FISH PRODUCTS.	Fish Gasno, tons.	40-	]
n the	ZINDS	'su'	Salmon, in ca lbs.		:	Pa	Fish Oil, galls.	5104 998 2951	9053
ščc., i			Salmon, Smol lbs.				Lobsters, cans.	957000 466000 226800	1649900
Fishe yed,		ու զ	Salmon, Fres ice, los.	3313 2000 2000	7313			1540	17902 16
the mplo			Salmon, brla.	22	27		Oysters, brls.		36 178
ed in	AL.	Weirs.	Value.			,	Smelt, lbs. Eels, brls.	1 : 1	3100
ngag of M	ATERI	-	.0N	cts.			Trout, lbs.	1485 3100	25985 31
ber	Fishing Material.	Nets.	Value.	\$ cts. 2645 90 1659 00 6830 00	28269 11134 90			182 1 1000 24	1182 25
Num	Fisi	ž	Fathoms.	5672 5272 17325	8269	<b>F</b> 18н.	Bass, Iba.		
3a1		<u> </u>	·	828		8	Shad, brls.		
rot.	SHING.		Men.	1666 1375 2086	7 61217	KINDS OF FISH	Halibut, lbs.	8 2255	4 2255
of ♥	IN P	Boats.	Value.	\$ 20199 30448 68400	119047		Haddock, lbs.	7508 109968 2255 150 1536	111504
ralue h, and	VERSELS AND BOATS EMPLOYED IN PISHING.		.oV	833 342 614	1789		Наће, сwt.	7508 150 4050	11708
Fisl	TS EM		Men.	63	19		Pollack, cwt.		1
es of	πυ ΒοΔ	els.	Value.	12000	14600		Cod Tongues and Sounds, bris.	399.	4742
Tonr antiti	SELS A.	Vessels.	Топпаде,	578 75	653		God, cwt.	8596 2109 2920	13625
aber, 1 Qu 1878.	VES		No.	128	15		'Alewives, brls.	1366	1366
RECAPITELATION showing the Number, Tonnage and Value of Vessels and Boats engaged in the Fisheries; Quantity and Value of Fishing Material; Kinds and Quantities of Fish, and the Total Number of Men employed, &c., in the Province of Prince Edward Island, for the Year 1878.			Couvies.	Kings Queens Prince	Total		Codnties.	Kings Queens Prince	Total
Ž.				. 426					
			,	2	90			•	

## RECAPITULATION

Of the Yield of the Fisheries of Prince Edward Island during the Year 1878.

Kinds of Fish.		Qu	an ti ti	e <b>s.</b>		Pric	es.	Value.	
						\$	cts.	\$	cte
odfish		13,625	cwt.	at		4	00	54,500	00
erring		13,570	brls.	"			00	54,280	
Ackerel		36,482	do	"			00	291,856	
do preserved in cans		1,200	lbs.	"		Õ	10		00
*ddock		111,504	do	"		Ó	03	3,345	
&Ke		11,708	cwt.	"		ã	1 00	35,124	
almon, Pickled		27	brls.	"		10	00		00
do Fresh in ice		7,313	lbs.	"		0	06		78
lewives		1,366	brls.	"		3	50	4,781	
ront		25,985	lbs.	"		O	06	1,559	
L88		1,182	do	"		0	06 i		92
alibut		2,255	do	* 6		0	06	135	30
nelt		3,100	do	"		0	06	186	00
B18		36	brla.	"		6	00	216	00
od Pongues and Sounds		474		"		11	00 j	5,219	50
ysters		17,902	do	"		3	00	53,706	00
Obsters, preserved in cans		1,649,800	lbs.	"		0	20	329,960	00
sh Oil		9,053				0	50	4,526	50
sh used as Manure		100	bris.	**		0	50	50	00
Total value of th	e produc	ts of the F	'isheri	es	for 1878			\$840,344	22
do	do		do					763,035	

# APPENDIX No. 17.

REPORT OF THE INSPECTOR OF FISHERIES FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA FOR THE YEAR 1878.

VICTORIA, B. C., 3rd January, 1879.

To the Hon. James C. Pope, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

Sir,-I have the honor to transmit herewith return-statement and other

documents connected with the fisheries in this Province for the past year.

1. The result is very encouraging, and may be accepted in earnest of still greater and more rapid improvement in the near future. Upon Fraser River, where chiefly the salmon business is at present carried on, the successive runs of fish continued with much regularity throughout the season, and the several canneries were enabled to put up more than one hundred thousand cases of tinned salmon, and upwards of five thousand barrels of salted fish, chiefly for exportation. Copious supplies, too, have reached the upper waters, spreading contentment among the natives along the banks, to whom the salmon are a chief source of subsistence, and plentifully re-stocking the spawning beds in the remote interior.

2. Acting on the authority previously given to me by the Department, I, in July, employed Captain George Pittendreigh, as Fishery Officer for the Lower Fraser and its neighbourhood. A check was thus maintained against possible abuse of the fishery enactments; and though on several occasions it was found necessary to inflict moderate fines for partial violations of the law, the recurrence of the unseemly discords complained of as having existed during the previous season was effectually pre-

vented.

3. I have every reason to feel satisfied that the operations of the past year have been conducted with economy, and that no avoidable waste of fish has occurred. Of course, from accidental causes, some sacrifice of fish for mercantile purposes has occasionally happened; but, in such cases the cannery proprietors have usually presented the fish gratuitously to the natives around, who have cured the fish by

drying for their own consumption.

4. The several Orders in Council for the regulation of the fisheries in this Province, with subsequent modification by telegram, were duly promulgated as soon as received. Some verbal alterations in the proclamation will be necessary, and these, with such suggestions in regard to the general provisions of the Fisheries Act, as required to be modified to suit the circumstance of this Province, from the subject of a special report which will accompany this, in accordance with the instructions contained in your circular letter of the 7th December last.

5. In this connection I may state that, early in July, I received from the Provincial Attorney-General a letter covering a communication to him from Chief Justice Sir Matthew B. Begbie, in relation to the supposed operation of the Order, in Council. Copies of these, with my reply, have already been submitted for the in-

formation of the Department.

6. The question of the Indian fishing rights, to which allusion is made in Sir Matthew Begbie's letter, is of extreme importance and should be decisively dealt with. I have, however, already expressed myself so strongly on this subject in my previous reports that it seems almost needless to dwell on it at any length, and the

less so since it is again referred to in the special report already mentioned. I may add, that by the letter of the Minister of the 8th August, I was duly authorized to suspend the application in regard to the Indians, of the fishery enactments. Previously thereto, however, I had in anticipation of the support of the Department, given directions that the Indian propulation should not be interfered with, save in cases of obvious abuse, while fishing for their own use in their accustomed way. At the same time, it was stipulated that, where fishing with white men and with modern appliances, the Indians so fishing should be considered as coming in all respects under the general law.

7. While treating of this subject I respectfully refer you to the remarks contained in my last year's report. To these I have little to add, though I would willingly quiet the alarm of those zealous agitators (few, possibly, in number) who contend that the untrammelled exercise of the aboriginal fishing rights must necessaarily cause theruin of the fisheries. These objectors are oblivious of the fact that, up at least to the advent of the white man, the fisheries throughout the Province were admittedly unimpaired. Yet. up to that period, from time immemorial, and while the natives were much more numerous than they now are, the aboriginal fisheries both on the coast and in the interior, were prosecuted, after the hereditary fashion, without that deplorable consequence which, in ignorance or through oversight, some well meaning individuals may now, possibly, choose to foreshadow. Any deterioration that may have appeared of late years in the fisheries either of the coast or in the interior, therefore, must be scribed to other causes than that referred to. That such deterioration is apparent, however, to any material extent, I am nowise prepared to admit; though in a special instance, (that of Victoria Harbor) it has been found necessary to recommend restrictive measures—but these restrictions affect the white fishermen and not the Indians, whose local interests have partially suffered n common with those of the rest of the community.

8. I have so far sought to place this subject before the Department on grounds solely of humanity, of justice, and of prudential consideration. I have now to add that, in my opinion, the exercise of the aboriginal fishing rights cannot be legally interfered with. I refer you to a pamphlet which accompanies this, published by the Provincial Government on the Indian Land Question, containing copies of the treaties with the Indians of the several tribes under which the settlement of a portion of the Province was commenced and has proceeded. In all of these treaties the following clause appears:—"It is understood, however, that the land itself, with "these small exceptions, becomes the entire property of the white people forever; "it is also understood that we are at liberty to hunt over the unoccupied lands, and

"to carry on our fisheries as formerly."

Fourteen tribes, under distinct treaty, have their fishing rights thus indefeasibly secured to them; and the same right, though unexpressed in writing, has of necessity been understood, as settlement extended, to be secured to all the rest.

9. I earnestly repeat, therefore, my former recommendation, that the Indians of this Province be formally exempted, by Order in Council, from the application of the general fishery law. In this way their position will be publicly understood; and the risk will be avoided that, in some remote part of this wide region, some over-zealous official may, through ignorance, be tempted to misapply the intention of the law as at present authorized, and thus originate troubles which it will be more

easy to excite than to allay.

10. As notified in my letter of the 23rd September, I judged it necessary to visit during the summer some of the northern fisheries of the coast. After my return, I addressed Lt.-Col. Powell, Indian Superintendent in Victoria, officially, on the objects of my visit, pointing out to him the urgency that steps should be taken to reconcile the disagreements which had arisen in certain localities, between white fishermen lately settled there, and the native occupants of the vicinity. Colone Powell informs me that he has addressed his Department on the subject; and I assume that the head of that Department has conferred with you regarding it. Judiciously treated these matters may, I opine, be satisfactorily arranged both at the

points in question and elsewhere along the coast; and I have assured the Superintendent that I shall gladly co-operate with him in as far as may be in my power, towards that end.

11. Without going into particulars of my northern visit, noticed in the letter

just cited, I subjoin the result of some notes made during its prosecution.

Nass River—This stream which discharges into the arm of the sea, terminating in the Observatory Inlet of Vancouver, close to the Alaska Boundary, is of some magnitude, and with steamers of light draught, might be navigated for twenty miles or more from its entrance. In the lower part the mountains rise, generally, abruptly from the shore. Some miles higher up, they recede in parts, leaving flat alluvial banks of moderate extent. The fishing station of Mr. Robertson, -the only station at present established here—is situated on the right bank, close to the main. Oolahan fishery of the Indians, who, during spring and early summer, resort thither from many quarters, and in large numbers. Three miles above this point Mr. Robertson has a house, with a considerable patch of land under cultivation, where, during the period of my visit, most of the ordinary culinary vegetables were growing in the most flourishing manner. There is a small steam saw mill here, the timber sawn (of which there is a copious supply) being chiefly, if not entirely, the spruce, or menzies fir, a wood easily wrought and of excellent quality. The main buildings connected with the fishery are, however, at the lower station; and I was much struck with the evidences of industry and energy which were there apparent. With very moderate aid from white and skilled labor, though when necessary with the hired assistance of the Indians of the neighborhood, Mr. Robertson had succeeded in erecting since last year, besides other buildings, a large and substantial structure for present and future operations. This building, 81 feet in breadth, and with the extension of the lower portion upwards of 100 feet in length, was two stories in height, and in every part well finished and neatly glazed. Attached to the lower part was an extension containing the steam apparatus for heating the vats for extracting the oolahan oil, a business prospectively of much importance. On the whole, I was much pleased with my inspection, and from the interviews which I had with the native chiefs I concluded that Mr. Robertson, who holds a commission as Justice of the Peace, conducts his business, with relation to those around him, with commendable prudence.

The Oolahan, though frequenting some other rivers along the coast, including Fraser River, is nowhere found of so fine a quality as in the Nass. Of this fish the Phaleichshys, or Osmerus Richardsonii, I have already spoken in previous reports. The shoals, on their way to the spawning beds, reach the entrance of the Nass about the end of March. The river thenceforward till the termination of the season is crowded with the ascending fish as far as the tide water extends—the limit of their spawning ground. This point, on the Nass River, is some twenty miles above the mouth. After spawning the fish return to the ocean in the ordinary way; but no

knowledge of their resort during the interval of their visits is obtainable.

The following varieties of salmon frequent the Nass:

1st Run—About 20th April to 10th June; 27 to 48 lbs. weight; called by the natives Yee-agh, and corresponds apparently with the Saw-quai of Fraser River.

2nd Run-About 20th June; 7 to 12 lbs.; called by the natives Missaugh, and

corresponds apparently with the Suck-kai of Fraser River.

3rd Run-About 20th August to end of September; about 15 lbs; called by the

natives Mil-laet, and corresponds apparently with the Co hues of Fraser River.

4th Run—A fine silver salmon of from 10 to 12 lbs. weight, succeeds for a short interval. This variety is called by the natives You-āgh. The hook-nosed salmon (S. Canis), locally called Kāi-neesh; and the Stum-maun (Hun-nun or Hone of the Lower Fraser), succeed in the late autumn. The former of the last two varieties is a fish of no commercial value, though dried by the natives for their own use, and when caught in the salt water before entering the rivers to spawn, not unpalatable to more fastidious tastes. The Stum-maun, a white-fleshed variety, last mentioned, though palatable when fresh, is not valued for curing; though some were, I have

understood, canned at the Skeenå tisheries during the past season—injudiciously, I think, if intended for market. The first four varieties, which may be regarded as the staple salmon products of the river, are fish of superior quality, and well fitted

either for canning or salting.

In addition to the true salmon that ascend the Nass, there is a variety of seatrout of considerable size (10 or 12 lbs. or more), which enter the river late in the season, and are caught near the outlets of the interior lakes in early spring. These fish, known here as  $Ld \cdot alh$ , and corresponding apparently with the Tays-lay of the Upper Skeena, are of fine quality; and if procurable in sufficient abundance would be valuable for market purposes. Continuing to feed voraciously after they leave the salt water, these trout (unlike the salmon in both respects) do not deteriorate as they ascend. Unlike the salmon of these waters, too, they return to the sea after spawning, after the fashion of the genus elsewhere.

I was particular in my enquiries as to the condition of the spawning-beds on the upper waters; and I was glad to be assured by Mr. Robertson that, from his own personal observation, great care is extended by the natives towards their protection. No one is allowed to fish within certain limits; and several circumstances were mentioned by Mr. Robertson, all tending to show that the Indians both understand and appreciate the importance of preserving the nursery grounds from injury.

Through adverse circumstances and the deficiency of time for preparation to meet the requirements of the business, the exertions of Mr. Robertson have not obtained, during the past season, that measure of success which he is entitled eventually to expect. This will appear by reference to the return statement. New arrangements, however, which I understand have been entered upon since my visit, accompanied by the introduction of more capital, justify me in anticipating for

another year a very different showing.

In conclusion of this portion of my subject, I may remark that on the whole my visit to this section of the Province, though not performed under the most attractive circumstances, was productive of much satisfaction. I found the Indians of the Nass and its vicinity, who more than forty years ago I had known in a condition of unmitigated barbarism, and some of the elders of whom now eagerly claimed recognition, signally ameliorated in all their social attributes. The humanizing influence of Christian teaching has here done its work as elsewhere in divers parts of the Province; and if the effect has been, so far, only partially and very sparsely extended by zealous teachers, the angury for the future at least is happy, and we must not forget that the field is wide while the labourers are few. I am not, however, to pen a moral disquisition, but to compile a fishery report. Nevertheless, I am tempted, even for relief from monotony of the subject, to dwell briefly on the efforts made for

To Mr. Wm. Duncan, an emissary of the Church Missionary Society of England is due the credit of opening this remote field of Christian operation. The mission station of this gentleman is at Met-hla-Kâtla, some thirty miles from the Nass Strait. I had not the opportunity to visit this station, but it has been more than once described, and due justice awarded to the zeal and energy of the founder. Near Fort Simpson, the point where I awaited the return of the steamer from Alaska, the Rev. Mr. Crosby, a Wesleyan Missionary, has been established for some years, and has effected much good. There is a capacious church here, built under his superintendence by the natives; a neat, well-finished edifice, of good exterior mien, and commodious interior arrangement. Evidences of material improvement are all around. Subsidiary to these stations are one at Kincolith, at the entrance of Nass River, where there is a church to which a school is attached, and another some twenty miles up the river, where a school is carried on. The former of these is attached to the Met-hla-Kâtla Mission, the latter to that of Fort Simpson.

Skeena River—this stream, the mouth of which is about 50 miles south of Fort Simpson, and about 500 from Victoria, is of somewhat greater volume than the Nass. Circumstances did not permit me to ascend it as in the other case, and my visit was

confined to the entrance, near which two canneries are established.

The Skeena, however, has always been regarded by the agents of the Hudson's Bay Company as one of the most prolific streams of the north-west coast, and one less subject to those vicissitudes of supply which have always been characteristic of the Fraser. Indeed the Babine Post, seated on Lake Na-ta at the head of one of the tributaries of the Skeena, has always been a staple mart where large supplies of dried fish were procurable, for the supply of other posts, less fortunately situated on the head waters of the Fraser, not far distant. Twenty or thirty thousand salmon, or more if required, have thus been annually procured by the Company for many years, bought from the Indians out of their enormous superfluity. The quality of these fish, too, and their richness, have always been conspicuous, when compared with the salmon caught in a corresponding position in the waters of the Fraser. This difference is ascribable, doubtless, in part to the fact that their travelled course has been shorter; but there are grounds, too, for believing that their condition was originally better.

The success of the canneries at Skeenâ-mouth, so far, has not been conspicuous; though one of them, it is true, has been only recently established, and cannot, therefore, be fairly judged. Some Indian complications, too, which I have explained elsewhere, and which are now under the consideration of the Indian Department, caused partial impediment during the past season, the recurrence of which, it is to be hoped, will be averted for the future. I cannot conceal my opinion, however, that much of the ill-success complained of may be ascribed to the line of proceeding adopted. My recommendation would be that the main stream of the Skeenâ itself should be regarded as the chief source of supply, with the certainty of obtaining fish of the choicest quality only. The small streams in the neighborhood, however, which during the past season appear to have been the chief source of attraction, yield only varieties of a comparatively inferior description; and there are other objections too, which, under fuller information, I shall hereafter make the subject of a special report.

The varieties of salmon resorting to the Skeena are identical, so far as I have

been able to ascertain, with those found in the Nass.

Alert Bay—This station is on Cormorant Island, on the eastern or inner shore of Vancouver, and near the mouth of the Nim-Kish River, about 230 miles from Victoria. Mr. Huson, the proprietor, has a lease of the Island, obtained from the former Colonial Government for 21 years, of which some 9 or 10 have now expired. His operations so far, have been confined to the curing of salmon in barrels, or in the shape of smoked or kippered salmon; but the intention is entertained, I understand, of erecting a cannery on a large scale, in which parties in Victoria will be interested. At present Mr. Huson procures his supply of fish chiefly from the Indians of the Nim-Kish River, at a very economical rate; confining the operations of his own fishermen to the seining grounds in the neighborhood, in the salt water. Several varieties of very superior salmon ascend the Nim-Kish, and the supply appears to be abundant. Mr. Huson kindly presented me on my way down with a small package of his smoked salmon as a sample. The quality, on trial, proved to be very fine; and salmon thus prepared might, I believe, be profitably exported on a much larger scale than has hitherto been practised.

12. Reverting to the Fraser. As will be perceived by the return, the business of this section has materially increased since last year. Three additional canning establishments have been in operation, making eight now in existence between the vicinity of New Westminister and the mouth of the river. The erection of another, I am informed, is in contemplation. The subjects referred to in the Commissioner's letters of the 28th May have received due attention. With regard to one of these (the question of the disposal of the sawdust at the mills) I am happy to say that the mill owners at once evinced their readiness to comply with the regulations, and all cause for complaint has ceased. These mills are worked by steam, and much of the refuse is consumed in the furnaces, the superfluity being employed for embanking or road making around the premises, or, where not required for these purposes, will be otherwise disposed of. I am glad to have the opportunity of testifying to the

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alacrity with which the gentlemen in question have met the views of the Department when signified to them by the local officer, Captain Pittendreigh. I had some misgivings about the disposal of the offal from the canneries, lest, possibly, some evil effect as regards the public health might arise—though, as I last year remarked, the greater portion rapidly disappears before the innumerable small fishes. I accordingly wrote recently to Dr. McInnes, the Member for the district, suggesting measures whereby, possibly, the refuse of the canneries might be profitably utilized, as I am told is now done on the Columbia River. After enquiry, Dr. McInnes writes to me that from all he can learn, this measure would not be at present practicable. He agrees with me that, for sanitary, if for no other reasons, it would be impracticable to dispose of the offal by burial on shore; and suggests as the alternative, that the fish curers should be required to convey their offal into mid-channel, whence it would be speedily carried out seaward, and cause no detriment. The cannery proprietors, with whom, at my request, Dr. McInnes consulted, concur in this view, so that there will be no difficulty in securing its general adoption.

13. It would be superfluous for me to attempt to describe the various conditions of a canning establishments as organized for the prosecution of the salmon industry in this Province. I may, however, briefly state that many ingenious devices, with labor-saving apparatus of divers kinds, are eagerly adopted as necessity suggests. It is of course only by an organized system of action and the minute subdivision of labour that the operations of the industry, from the cutting up of the tin plates, the shaping, the soldering up to the final labelling of the cans, after the insertion and cooking of the contents, can be profitably or successfully carried on. to witness the order and regularity with which these various processes are accomplished, and I cheerfully bear witness, after having visited the various canneries in succession, to the prudent regulations which are obviously in force, and the admirable measures to secure cleanliness that prevail. The structure of these establishments, too, and their various internal appointments, bear evidence of confidence in the permanency of the business. There is no appearance of make shift contrivance to serve a temporary purpose; but everything wears a lasting and substantial air. The importance of the industry, from an economical point of view, and in view of its future extension, cannot be disregarded. Already, on the Fraser alone, nearly 2,500 men are employed during the fishing season. Among these, there is a proportion of Your g Indian men, who are valuable as assistants in the fishery, and readily acquire In the indoor operations a good many Chinese are employed. services of these last are of special value in the canneries. In consequence of a local law which was passed during the last session of the Provincial Legislature some difficulty with regard to the employment of the Chinese was at one time apprehended, and the cannery proprietors addressed to you a memorial on the subject, of which a copy was transmitted to me. That document nuts the question very fairly before you; and on my return from the north I also addressed the Department on the subject. I am happy to add that the evil consequences at one time apprehended were averted.

14. Herring Fishery.—As mentioned in my report of last year a quantity of these tish were put up by a firm in New Westminster in barrels for exportation. The result was unfortunate: through some defect in the packing process the whole lot spoiled and was unmarketable. I am persuaded, however, that it only requires a due knowledge of the art to prepare these fish profitably for market in the usual way. Formerly, it was contended that the herring of this coast were too dry to be worth the trouble of packing; now it is asserted that they are too fat to undergo it. In the one case, caught out of season, they were doubtless worthless; in the other, caught on the banks while in their prime, they are in my opinion a superior fish, fit for curing in any way. I think public attention is now turning towards them, and that a more successful attempt during the coming season will bear me out in the opinion I have always entertained. Then, as I have elsewhere remarked, an industry of

boundless extent will become developed.

Meanwhile, failing their more legitimate application, the herrings have been recently turned to account in another way. This is the extraction of their oil for commercial purposes. Late in November I was notified by the Fishery Officer at New Westminster that two persons, Messes. Hanson and Rouster, had commenced a herring fishery in Burrard Inlet, in that neighbourhood, and were extracting the oil, preserving the refuse for sale as manure. In twenty-five days they had succeeded in getting 1,500 gallons of oil, reported to be of fine quality, and valued at a somewhat higher rate than the ordinary fish oils. I have not yet obtained the return of the whole proceeds of the undertaking up to the end of the year; but, it will doubtless come to hand before the closing of the general abstract which will accompany this.

The establishment of these new adventurers is not a stationary one, but being on a kind of seow, or flat boat, is movable from place to place. The apparatus is described as consisting of a steam boiler, which supplies steam to four vats in which the herring are steamed, and afterwards pressed by means of powerful screws attached to the vats. The oil flows out through perforations in the bottom. The whole outfit is estimated to cost about one thousand dollars. Messrs. Hanson and Rouster, in addition to their own labor, employ five men, and use one boat with

eighty yards of net.

Captain Pittendreigh, who supplied the above particulars, adds in his report: "The herrings I saw yesterday, (i. e. at Burrard Inlet) were of fine quality, and equal to any on the Atlantic seaboard." The latter conclusion may be fairly questioned, but while unprepared to admit its correctness, I am equally unprepared

to controvert it.

15. The deep-sea fishing for halibut, cod and other fish, along the Provincial coast, has not so far received attention to any material extent, the curing of salmon having apparently, almost entirely absorbed the attention of investors. During the past year, however, some parties in Victoria have introduced the practice of shipping fresh halibut in ice to San Francisco, by the steamers which communicate regularly three times a month. The amount thus shipped is computed in the return at \$3,000 value, which is, I am led to believe, under the truth. This branch of business is open to great increase, for there is a constant demand for halibut in the San Francisco market, where from its rarity it commands a high price, being under present circumstances retailed at fifty cents per pound.

With skill and energy, supported by moderate capital, there lies in the fishing of the Province, as I conceive, a vast and prolific source of wealth—so far only very partially developed. Its varied products I have already at various times described, and when it is taken into consideration that British Columbia possesses at least three thousand miles of coast line, the future of her sea fishing alone, exclusively of the present river fisheries, must be apparent. By our neighbors in California the importance of the cod fishery along the north-west coast seems to be constantly more appreciated. About twenty vessels, owned in San Francisco, and varying in tonnage from 30 to 350 tons, were last year engaged in this fishery, as against six vessels in 1872. Of these, the smaller craft confine their operations to the Alaska Coast, the Choumagin group of Islands being a favorite station.

The larger vessels prosecute the fisheries as far as the Sea of Okhosk; but the fish from that quarter are considered to be of a quality inferior to the Alaskan cod. Upon our own coast, while the value of the cod banks, from deficiency of examination, has not hitherto been so confidently asserted, the productiveness of the halibut fishery, and especially along the outer shores of the Queen Charlotte

group, has been long established.

While on this subject, I may mention that some months ago I received a letter from a gentleman in New Brunswick, asking for information concerning the fisheries of this Province. In reply to him, I, gave such general information as occurred to me, and authorized him to give publicity to my communication, if he thought it might be of interest to others besides myself.

. 16. Attention has recently been directed towards the improvement of certain natural oyster beds upon the Gulf of Georgia. Application was made to me by a Mr.

Owen Browne, and others, for a lease of flats in the neighbourhood of Fraser River. This application I had the honor to forward for your approval, under date the 1st October last.

17. With regard to the establishment of a salmon hatchery on the Fraser, I have the honour to refer you to my letters of the 30th November, and 2nd December last, the former covering a copy of resolutions passed by the Board of Cannery Owners at New Westminster, in connexion with the subject referred to. I also transmit herewith copy of a letter recently addressed to me by S. D. Adair, Esq., partially descriptive of the proceedings at the fish establishment not long ago established in Oregon, on a branch of the Columbia River. Whatever the steps adopted in regard to this important matter, I trust that the introduction of the large salmon of the Columbia will not be lost sight of. For this purpose, the position mentioned in my report of last year, conjoined with other general purposes of propagation, still appears to me the most advantageous, but on the other hand it would be more costly, both to erect and to maintain an establishment in that remote position. The question of position, however, as remarked in my letter, is one which an expert alone would be competent to decide; and I am, therefore, the more diffident of expressing an opinion (further than I have already done in my letter) on this point, for such an opinion, coming from an unprofessional, could command little confidence, and might be gravely erroneous.

18. Since writing the foregoing I have completed in town, the abstract of Returns produced from different sources. For the purposes of comparison I have retained the same prices as last year, though from the general depression of trade there has probably been a fall in some items, while there certainly has been a large increase in others. The result shows a total for 1878 of \$925,766.98, as against \$583,432.76 in 1877, an

increase in favor of this year of \$342,334.22.

As I have stated in the opening passage of my report everything promises favorably for a continued and rapid increase in the development of the wide resources of the Province. At present, even, apart from the direct money value, and the benefits locally accruing from the prosecution of the fishery interests, its indirect effect on the commerce of the country is important. The tonnage required for the export of the canned fish alone, reckoned at the customary rate of 26 cases to the measurement ton, amounts to about 4,400 tons; of the barrelled salmon to about 900 tons; of the fish oils upwards of 100 tons; so that in the aggregate between five and six thousand tons of ship accommodation is called into demand for foreign export, besides the large business that is created for internal freightage to the points of

19. To secure, however, the future development of our fisheries in the outlying portion of the seaboard, and to give that feeling of confidence in the case of the Government, without which no operation can be prosecuted with energy, some measures beyond any that have yet been taken, require to be adopted. It is or should be, with the Indian Department that the onus rest, or should rest. In my previous letters to and recent interviews with the Superintendent, Col. Powell, I have dwelt forcibly on the necessity of immediate action being taken, and that in the most decided way, to settle definitely the question of the Indian rights in those localities along the coast where trouble has already arisen, and elsewhere where possibly similar difficulties will shortly arise. As may have been gathered from what I have already said on this subject in this report, I am quite prepared to advocate and to sustain the legitimate and hereditary rights which I conceive to be inalienably secured to the Indians, both upon grounds of abstract justice, and of formal concession by the Crown. But I am no advocate for that excess of consideration, should such anywhere exist, which would encourage the Indians, secure in the unfettered exercise of their own privileges, to dispute with their white co-citizens a share in the copious sea riches with which nature has blessed our shores. I repeat, therefore, my hope that the Superintendent of the Indian Department in Victoria, with whom I have at all times cheerfully co-operated, will be at once instructed to deal with this matter in the most effective way. If, in this matter, I may appear unduly urgent, the urgency arises, as I trust you will perceive, from the deep sense which I entertain of its importance. No light obstacle should be allowed to impede its speedy settlement, from whatever standpoint we may regard it—whether as concerning the future welfare of the Indians themselves, the immediate care of the Indian Department, or the prospective development of the vast resources of this sentence, the peculiar care of your own Department.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

ALEX. C. ANDERSON.

Inspector of Fisheries for British Columbia.

RETURN showing the Number and Value of Vessels, Boats, Nets, &c., in t'e Province of British Columbia, for the Year 1878.

North-Western         Com- mercial Co.         150 4200         4         30         1050         4         325         65         30         153         30000         6120         4         420         250         250           Winder Canning Co.         110         200         2         6         142         8         4         2         320         160         150         2         4         2         30         160         150         2         4         4         4         4         2         2         6         1         4         2         3         4         8         4         2         3         1         4         4         2         2         4         2         3         1         4         4         2         3         1         4         4         2         3         1         4         4         2         3         4         8         4         2         3         3         4         8         4         2         3         3         4         8         4         3         3         4         8         4         3         3         4         4         4         4	TS AND SEINES.  IN SALMON HERRING	E   Raida.		Zards. Series Se		NEW NO. 100 INTERPRETATION OF THE PROPERTY OF	5 \ \\ \frac{\alpha_{\text{No.}}}{\text{shray}} \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	20 7	Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z		0 000 000000 : 040 : :	12000 122800 17500 17500 10800	No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No. No.		.пэштэнат 70. 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	100 Walue. 44.000 36.00 Walue. 325.25.25.25.000 36.000 Walue.		O V T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	, VN	tariors to onl	2000 2000 Allue.		7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	NAME OF FITTER- British Columbia ing Co	NAME OF PLACE.  New Weatminster, Fraser River.  New Westminster.  New Westminster.  New Westminister.  New Westminister.  Od do do do do do do do do do do do do do
North-Western Com-	Nake of Fitter-Out.   Nate of Fitter-Out.   Nate of Fitter-Out.   Nate of Fitter-Out.   Nate of Fitter-Out.   Nate of Fitter-Out.   Nate of Fitter-Out.   Nate of Sailors										0000	600 12000 10800	120	225 113	120 120 3		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				2000			Frederick F King & Co Lane, Pike Hanson & F North, West	do do rrard do rrard Net
King & Co. Lance Pike & Nelson	Name		200	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					<del>-:-::</del> -		12000 22800 17500 1600	00008	300 300 4		150				<del>-:::::</del>				Findlay, Brodie Holbrook Samuel Ho	w Westminister
Findlay, Durham &   Excise   Brodie   Colored   Colore	Mo. of Eishermen.   Mo. of Shoremen.   Mo. of Mo. of Shoremen.   Mo. of Mo. of Shoremen.   Mo. of Shoremen	_:::: <u>-</u>				 						14000 6180 7800	37 80 60	180 250 130							<u></u>			Delta Company English & Co Ewen & Wise	W Westminsterdo
Durham         &         20         700         1         100         160         180         37         14000         7000            Vise         26         1840         2         400         108         250         27         6480         2700	Mo. of Sailors.  No. of Sailors.  No. of Sailors.  No. of Sailors.  No. of Shoremen.			$-\frac{\cdot}{1}$		 <u> </u>	<u>-</u>	-÷		}-	4500	0006	ခွ	130	100		;		— ⊱ 		<u> </u>		Pack-	British Columbia	River
Durham         &         20         700         100         130         30         9300         4500         4500           Durham         &         20         700         100         160         180         27         1400         700 <td>NAME OF FITTER-OUT.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Shines.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.</td> <td>- Xarda.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>!</td> <td> </td> <td><u>+</u></td> <td></td> <td><u>-</u></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>.sbraY</td> <td>·oN</td> <td>lo .oV</td> <td>lo .oV</td> <td>.es Value.</td> <td>.0N</td> <td>• Value.</td> <td>.oN;</td> <td>No. of</td> <td>1111</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>h.</td> <td>Weatminster, Frase</td>	NAME OF FITTER-OUT.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Shines.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.  Sailors.	- Xarda.			!	 	<u>+</u>		<u>-</u>		1	.sbraY	·oN	lo .oV	lo .oV	.es Value.	.0N	• Value.	.oN;	No. of	1111			h.	Weatminster, Frase
Jumbia Pack         Wo. of Structure           Palme.		Seines.		ETE.	<b>~</b> [	 INES.	<b>2</b>		T3	ž	ń			потете.	ishermen.					erolis.		j —		<u> </u>	NAME OF PLACE.

RETURN showing the Kinds, Quantities and Prices of Fish, in the Province of British Columbia, for the Year 1878.

									1						_							_		
	Where Marketed.						London, Australia,	Francisco. Canada.	Victoria, B.C.							London, chiefly The		d as having	ers to traders across the	frontier, in Washington Territory.	<ul> <li>Oil, chieffy to Lond</li> <li>Fresh Halibut, in ice</li> </ul>	San Francisco, per	ner.	
anure,	Fish used as M Herrings, to		:		•			-	-		2	•	1		:						٦º	1	i	
	Golúhan Oil, galla.				:			•	Ī	-		_	Ī	•	168			7	1		189	Ť	:	
Оптв.	Dogfish, Por- poise sand other Fish Oils, galls.				:			- - -						:	:		*100516	0000	lonnoc -		150516			88
İ	Herring Oil, galls.	<u> </u>			_		-	•		-	500			1	:				<u>!</u>		000   000	1	<u>!</u>	\$30,000
.aniz	No. of Seal Si	ļ		i	•	;		:				_	_	_	:	9593			<u> </u>		118 9593			<b>\$</b>
eja.	Trad , nadûloO	<u> </u>			•			:					•	-	118				<u> </u>	_ !				
	Assorted Fish				i	:	-	<u>:</u>		<u>:</u>				:	:				:	20	18		:	
reg,	Herring, Smol				<u>.</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			25	:			:				value	1200 11200	25		3000 1200	ption
٠́۲	Halibut, Fresh	₩			:			•												100 13000 1200			3000	rkets.
.eu	Haddock, val	69											•	:						100		Ī	100	n Ma
.ad1,bs.	Salmon, Smok				:			•						15041	200				value		16741		800	Fish i
	Salmon, cans.		000000		-	578480			681380		24.600	264000	144000							:	5452880			Sales of Fresh Fish in Markets
.8/6	Salmon, barre		376	375	1155	300	20	120	3,6	200	-	15		258	41				:	100	5465	Ī	-	lales
	NAME OF OWNER.		British Columbia PackingCo. Delta Company	<b>.</b>	-	Findiay, Durnam & Broale Holbrook & Co.	Samuel Herring.	John Ibbotson	Frederick Kaye	Lane Pike & Nelson	Hanson & Rouster	North-West'n Commercial Co.	Windsor Canning Co	Mr. Huson	Mr. Robertson	Victoria Merchants, including	the state of the s			Several Parties				App-Estimated S
	NAME OF STATION,	New Westminster, Fraser	River	New Westminster English	do	Near Mouth of Fraser Kiver Findle, New Westminster  Holbro	ор					Inverness, Skeena River		Alert Bay.	Nass River	Coast of British Columbia	Export, per Custom Return	Local Consumption Mills,	Per Steamers, in ice, to San	Francisco, Victoria and	Total Product		Total Value	

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#### RECAPITULATION.

YIELD and Value of the different Fisheries in the Province of British Columbia during the Year 1878.

Kinds of Fish.	Quantities.	Rate.	Value.
Salmon, Salted	16,741 do "	6 00 10 00 8 00 1 00 0 50 0 40 4 50	\$ cts 43,720 00 736,138 80 300 00 1,450 00 1,600 00 1,000 00 60,206 40 43,168 50 100 00 3,000 00 3,000 00 2,000 00
Total Value of the Products of the	Fisheries in 1878 do 1877		925,766 98 583,432 76
Increase	·	••••	342,334 22

Number and Value of Vessels and Nets engaged in the different Fisheries in the Province of British Columbia, during the Year 1878.

2 Steamers, 10 and 50 tons	\$ 6,400 200 19,760 2,600 56,444 450 500 250 4,000	00 00 00 00 00 00
1,200 Fishermen. 1,596 Shoremen. 2 Engineers. 6 Sailors. 10 Canning Establishments, value	\$90,604	•••

# APPENDIX

# PROVINCE OF

RETURN of the Number and Value of Vessels, Boats, Nets., &c, together with

\	Vrs	SKLS		Boat Shing		IPLOY	ED		Ni	its,	rhe	:IR	Νt	MBER	ı, S	Size,
Station.		Vess	sels.	.	F	Boats		Gil	ll Ne	ts.	Se	ine	s.		our	
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.
Lake Superior Division.			\$			\$				\$			\$			\$
Fort William (Indians) Welcome Island. Thunder Bay. Pays Plat. Naomigan. Black Bay. *Wilson Island. *Jackfish Bay. Michipicoten Island. *Lizzard Island. *North Mamainse. *South do Goulais Bay. *Sault Ste. Marie's Rapids. Duck Islands *Bigsby Island †Grand Sable.		75	1000		1 2 10	80	12' 2 2 8 2 2 25	12	820	745 270				2 2 4		500 500 1000
Total	2	83	3000	6	30	5255	61	110	7244	2080	—  ···	-		8		200

<sup>\*</sup> No returns of the catch in these stations. 

† Steamer.

Note.-43 Angling Permits were issued to fish in Nepigon River,

No 18.

# ONTARIO.

the Yield and Value of Fish in the Province of Ontario, for the Year 1878.

Nets.	Scoop Nets.	Whitefish, barrels.	Whitefish, lbs.	Whitefish, No.	Trout, be	Herring, barrels.	Sciscos, barrels.	Maskinonge, barrels.	Bass, barrels.	Pike, barrels.	Pickerel, barrels.	Coarse Fish, barrels.	Total No. of barrels of Fish.	e Fresh.	• Picked.	Value.
\$	-	Whitefish,		Whitefish,	Trout, be	Herring, bar	Sciscos, barr	Maskinonge,	Bass, barrels	Pike, barrels	Pickerel, bas	Coarse Fish,	Total No. of of Figh.			
	\$					-			_					\$	\$	\$ ct
				!	ł						l .	1	!			
**************************************		20 250 20 20 20 20 250 20	2000 7000		175 104 175 175						5 75 495		70 135 364 38 180 600 195 10 1175 450	100		3,640 00 355 00 1,425 00 3,525 00 1,950 00 100 00

RETURN of the Number and Value of

	V	essel			OATS BHING	Emplo	YRD		4		Ne	rs, TI	ieib :	Numb	er, S	312 <b>2,</b>
Station.		Vess	els.			Boats.			Gill Ne	ts	ន	eines	.	Pou	nd N	ets.
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.
Manitoulin Island and Lake Huron Division.			\$			\$				\$			\$	,		\$
Bayfield Sound and Lake Wolsey	1	10	500	3	6 22 2 40 3 1 5 10 8 13 4 2 5 3	1825 575 240 385 60 30	. 8 6 22	134 240 155	5250	150 60 30 30 2500 4000 500 360 6500 2300 815	4	3700 3700 415 575 44 18 61	1400 1375 200 100 305 145			240
Total	1	10	500	4	116	9257	390	1903	34910	17245	33	4852	3525	4800		240

<sup>\*</sup>No fishing. †Indians. ‡Hooks on trout lines.

Vessels, Boats, Nets, &c.—Ontario—Continued.

VALI	or, &	c.			Kinds and Quartities of Fish.											VAL	UE.	Total.		
Hoop Nets.		Scoop Nets.		barrels.			ls.	rrels.	els.	barrels.		-	rrels.	barrels.	of barrels					
No.	Value.	No.	Value.	Whitefish, b		Whitefish, lbs.	Whitefish, No.	Trout, barrels.	Herrings, barrels.	Sciscos, barrels.	Maskinonge,	Bass, barrels	Pike, barrel	Pickerel, barrels.	Coarse Fish, barrels	Total No. o of Fish.	Fresh.	Pickled.	Value.	
	\$		\$													\$	\$	\$	cts	
	•••••			40			35						•••••		75	350	400	75)	00	
~~~~.	•••••	•••••		15							••••	•••		•••••	15	150		150	00	
••••	•••••				<b></b>	ļ				•••		•••						•••••		
*****	•••••	•••••		50			50 8	·····	•••	•••	]	٠	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*****	100 15	500 75	500 75	1,000 150		
*****		······		225		3000	200		••••	•••	••••	i	•••••	,	455	90	4460	4,55)		
	*****			223			500								500	5000		5,000		
						160000	47								1647	16000	470	16,470	00	
•••••	•••••							115	<sup> </sup>	•••			•••••	•••	115		575	575		
••••		¦				16000	4			•••	٠!				164	1600	40	1,640		
*****		•••••				145000	*****	80		•••	••1	••••	•••••	•••••	1530	14500	400	14,900		
*****	•••••				231000	••••••	705			•••	•••	•••	*****		1860 73 <b>9</b>	11550 4350	7050 2595	18,600 6,945		
*****	*****	•••••			91000	*******	215 10		i***	••••	•••		*****		304	4300	1570	1,570	00	
****		******			42400	*********	10	148	اا		64		155		579	2120	1835	3.955		
				i		*********	67	542				1	173		870	1602	3031	4,633		
•••••	*****			2				780			!		175	15	972	1240	3615	4,855	00	
•••••								230			••••	2	25	8	265	510	807	1,317		
*****	••••••				•••••	******		688	····¦	•••	••••	•••	40		728	300	3340			
	•••••	•••••	*****		*******	********		296	<u></u>	•••	••••	;			296	60	1420	1,480	UU	
				220	361600	324000	1941	2262		_	6±	2	568	105	11229	59997	32183	92,180	Δ0	

RETURN of the Number and Value of Vessels,

	VESSELS AND BOATS EMPLOYED FISHING.								NETS, THEIR NUMBER, SIZE,									
Station.	Vessels.					Boats	·	(	Fill Ne	Seines.			Pound Nets.					
	No.	Tennage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.		
Georgian Bay Division.			\$			\$		1		\$			\$			\$		
Byng Inlet	*1 1	30	1500 400				26 13 5	25 144 80 20 3	2500 14406 960 680 300	875 5040 400 250 105								
Midland Station and Penetanguishene from Point Cock- burn to Moose Deer									0,700									
Point	*1	10	400	4	34 9 1 5	1350 50 750		241 156 7 106	636	5460 245								
KillarneyOwen Soun I		\ 			2 4 4 2	300 430 330	4 8 8	32 33 10	2908 3090 1150	1120 1155 530								
Vail's Point Lion's Head		 	2300		3	145	5 4	6 7 	405 260 59431	295 205 21124								

<sup>\*</sup>Tug.

Boats, Nets, &c.—Ontario—Continued.

VALU	e, &	c.			F	KINDS,	Quan	TITIE	S AN	PRI	CES (	of F1	SH,			VAL	UR.	Total.
Ho	oop ets.	Sc Ne	oop	barrels.	bs.	No.	als.	rrels.	rels.	, barrels.	si .	zá l	rrels.	, barrels.	of barrels.			
No.	Value.	No.	Value.	Whitefish, b	Whitefish, lbs.	Whitefish,	Trout, barrels.	Herring, barrels.	Sciscos, barrels.	Maskinonge,	Bass, barrels.	Pike, barrels.	Pickerel, barrels.	Coarse Fish, barrels.	Total No. o	Fresh.	Pickled.	Value.
	\$		\$															\$
****	*******  ******			60 3 100 70 16			10				*****			•••••	295 917 110 75 16	2200 9140	750 30 1100 750 160	2950 9170 1100 750 160
••••					100000	•••••					••••	<b></b> .	<b></b>		500	5000		5000
16	240			180 8 4 15		51600 1800 86600 40400 29400 18400		10 20 4							242 516 18 866 404 291 184 454 85 103 94	5160 180 8660 4040 2940 1840	1495 	1495 5160 186 4040 2940 1840 4470 740 985
16	240			504	100000	<b>3416</b> 00	519	176					58		5173	39160	11400	5056

## RETURN of the Number and Value of Vessels,

	_						_	_						_		
	V		LOYE			OATS	EM-				NE	TS, T	неія	Νt	MBER	, Size
·		Ves	sels.			Boats	3.	G	ill N	ets.	s	eines	1.	P	ound	Nets.
STATIONS.*																
•	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.
Thames River and Lake St. Clair Division.			\$			\$							\$			\$
Mitchell's Bay Little Lake Dawn Mills, Sydenham River Thames River, Lake St. Clair Lake St. Clair	•••			•••	1 1 12	41 10 10 118	12 3 4 42	•••	••••	•••••	4 1 1 8	158 34 15 84	380 130 36 380	•••		••••••
Total	-			-	_	179	61	<u>-</u>			14	291	926	= =	 	
Detroit River Division.							i									
Detroit River					i	205 50 70 320 275 #5	14 2 18 77 61				7 4 1 3 16 10 1 42	200 10 60 350 333	800 30 300 2400 1890 25	:::		*****
Lake Erie Division.	1									ļ						
Point Pelee Point Pelee Island Rondeau Port Stanley Port Bruce Port Burwell Turkey Point Port Dover Nanticoke Selkirk Rainham Centre Rainham Grand River, Sulphur Creek, Dunnville, Haldimand and Port Maitland Moulton Bay, Low Banks Olo Fort Erie, L. E. (hooks & lines)		10	250		11 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	70 35 10 70 200 100 14 28 15	20 2 6 2 18 11 4 3 2 2	1 1 1 2	40 30	200 50	1 1 5	40 20 88	80 60 455	4 9 1 1 1 4 2		24 15 28 3 3 3 
Olo Fort Erie, L.E. (hooks & lines) Grand River Division (angling) Total	-	·	<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			ا٠	<u></u>	390	·	298	103	41		13

<sup>\*</sup>Dip Nets. †Spearing.

Boats, Nets, &c.—Ontario—Continued.

V	LUE,	&c.			K	inds, Q	UANT	riti <b>e</b> s	ANI	o F	RICE	<b>S</b> 0	r Fis	н.		VALUM.		TOTAL.
Ho.	Value.	No.	Value.	Whitefish, barrels.	Whitefish, lbs.	Whitefish, No.	Trout, barrels.	Herring, barrels.	Seiscos, barrels.	Maskinonge, barrels.	Bass, barrels.	Pike, barrels.	Pickerel, barrels.	Coarse Fish, barrels.	Total Number of bar- rels of Fish.	Fresh.	Pickled.	Value.
	\$	*9	\$ 31				135	378	<u> </u>			6 9 33	3 283 125	60 8 25 465 95	172 59 29 1557 297	\$ ets. 800 00 287 00 120 00 9,170 00 1,390 00		\$ cte. 800 00 287 00 120 00 9,170 00 1,390 00
		9	31	235		1300 300 9000 20000 15200		3		9	14	17  2  10 8 2	416 48 1 1 1 10 34 1 -	215 1 3 25 189 3	319 5 7 91 845 404 6	1,445 00 39 00 32 00 905 00 5,200 00 2,591 00 10,239 00		1,445 00 39 00 32 00 905 00 5,200 00 2,591 00 27 00
				127 76 46		2600		37 1191 200			355 84 79		320 266  35 151 75			3,463 00 8,606 00 338 00 726 00 56 00 588 00 8,620 00 1,865 00 20 00		11,582 00 3,483 00 8,606 00 726 00 588 00 588 00 8,620 00 1,865 00 10 00
  		6			126400	200		140 5  3086		3 1 4	15 4	6				1,871 00 124 00 665 00 135 00 38,679 00	-	1,871 00 124 00 665 00 135 00 38,679 00

RETURN of the Number and Value of Vessels,

	VES	SELS		Вол'		<b>M</b> bro.	YED				Naz	18, TI	irir 1	Numb	er, S	lize,
Division.		Vess	els.			oats.			Gill Ne	ts.	s	eines	.	Pou	nd N	ets-
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.
Niagara River and Lake Ontario Division.			\$			\$				\$						\$
Fort Erie, Niagara								. 1		1		ĺ	i	i	į	
River					2	60	4			*******	2	50	150		[	
Bertie, North River Willoughby, N.R			•••••	•••••	2		20	•••••	*******	••••••	2	40 20	150 70	•••••		·••••
Navy Island					î						î	20	70			
Queenstown, North				i		1	!								- 1	
River,	•••••				4 2	45 40	10 8	•••••			1 8	90'	150 240			550
Tannery, N. River Viagara and River				,	. 8		10	12	2500	850	4	180, 150,				
wo Mile Creek					2	100	4			550	1	75				
en Mile Creek					2	50		1	80	100	1	15				
Port Dalhousie Sixteen Mile Creek			•••••		, 1	120 180	2	5 2	1050 200		1	50				
Ewenty Mile Creek				•••	2 2	120	2 4	2		110	1	50	200	••••	•••••	••••
Olinton				,	1		2	1								
l'hirty Mile Creek					1			2	130							
Grimsby	••••		•••••		8	205 75		8	1320	460 400			.,		•••••	•••••
Burlington Bay and	*****	l •••••• l	*****	*****	1	10	_	•	1200	400						••••
Beach					41	1940	49	42	4198	2230	15	1017	2380			
Burlington Bay and		1						}		ļ		1				
Dundas Marsb From Burlington					50	250	96			•••••			****		******	
Bay to the Humber	ļ	l	Í. <b>.</b>							! `********		ا				
Bronte			•••••		3			12	1269	640	*****					
Port Credit			*****		1			2		100		50			•••••	
The Humber					2 4			12		110 925						••••
Toronto Island Ashbridge's Bay		1			2	80	3	1 6					000			•••••
Leslieville	1				5	430		24	3236	1100			١			
Gates Gully The Rouge	j	·····			1				360	200		30	80			•••••
Frenchman's Bay			•••••		1 6				1150	480	1		100			
Whitby	1		<b> </b>	·	3				60							
brighton and Presqu'	1	1				1 22.	١				١.	١			1	1
Ile Bay Colborne		*****		`·····	7 2							80	100			
Cobourg					8											
Cobourg Port Hope		1	ļ		l ä	145	4	2			1	20	25			
do Britaindo Granby		ļ	ļ		2					******	2	40				¦
Newcastle	1				1				······		1 1				ì	••••
Bowmanville			1	1	1 5				400	62						
Oshawa	ļ			1	ĭ				1		1 1	20		1		
	_	1					<u> </u>	-	-	1000	-		<u> </u>			
		1			189	6745	365	200	34633	12509	į 58	2407	5700	. 3		56

<sup>•</sup> Did not fish.

<sup>†</sup> Machines.

<sup>‡</sup> Spearing.

<sup>¶</sup> Angling for domestic use.

Boats, Nets, &c.-Ontario-Continued.

VALU	ie, &	<b>.</b>				Kind	s, Qt	ÄNTI	TIES .	AND I	Price	s of	F18H		· !	VALU	E.	Total	١.
Ho Ne	op ts.	Sco Ne	oop ts.	arrels.	 -	ö	į.	rels.	els.	barrels.			rels.	barrels.	barrels		; 		
No.	Value.	No.	Value.	Whitefish, barrels.	Whitefish, lbs.	Whitefish, No.	Trout, barrels.	Herring, barrels.	Sciscos, barrels.	Maskinonge,	Bass, barrels.	Pike, barrels.	Pickerel, barrels.	Coarse Fish, barrels.	Total No. of barrels of Fish.	Fresh.	Pickled.	Value.	
	ૡ		<del>()</del>									.		1	•	\$	\$	\$	
******								6 			5		10	6	27	129		129	00
				41 20				83 19 70 8 12	10		27 3 4		13 35 42 10 4	14 5 21 8	137 62 188 54 36	671 305 1124 362 160		671 305 1,124 362 160	00 00 00
,				9 8 3 3 3 35			40	8 2 3 2 2	8 3 4 7 28		10	20	6	10 12 19	41 13	240 105 243 136		240 105 243 136	00 00 00 00 00
				30 27			21	10 172	25 377		12	73		4 40	90	701 3600		701 3,600	00
			·····	7			5	40	240		60 34	60 50		 20 4		500		500 1,336	00
40000				66			40	15 10 26	50		9	10 20 45 25		27 12 60 5	64 42 296 34	353 198 1950 165		353 198 1,950 165	00 00 00
******				18 13 2 54			6 12  48	15 8  12 6	10		9	32		10  5 23 9	33 7 147	290 40		560 290	00 00 00
******																			,
******							1000		 	500	500			500	2500	17000		17,000	00
*****				351			1172	529	770	500	677	345	120	<b>2</b> 35	5303	33295		33,295	00

RETURN of the Number and Value of

•	,				о Во Гізн		Ем-				Næ	тв, т	HEIR	Num	BER,	Size
STATION.	_	۷e	ssels		1	Boats	.	G	ill Net	8,	s	Seines	3.	Pou	nd N	Tets-
	No.	Tounage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.
Prince Edward County and Bay of Quinté Divisions.			\$			\$				\$			\$			\$
Weller's Beach, P.E. Co Spencer Station do Wellington Beach do East Lake and Beach, P.E. Co Salmon Point, P.E. Co Atkins' Point do Point Peter do	:::  :::				8 4 8 5 6 3	150 50	32 7 48 28 12 7		7640		8 8 3	400 269	400			
coat Point, P.E. Co	2	8	2100	 5	8 19 2 4 9	595 80 180	21 40 4 7 18	35 6 12	8058 1400 2900	1602 280 580	1	25 20	50 60			
Green's Island do Point Peasant (Bay and Lake sides) P.E. Co Sophiasburg, P.E. Co Big Bay do Misquito Bay do Ameliasburg do	 				10 5 3 3 6	250 150	30 18	20 91 	280		 2 6	120	400			
Sidney, Bay of Quinté Negro Island do Cedar do do Zuick do do Mud Creek do Point Ann do Tyendinaga do	\ 				3 2 1 1 5 8	50 50 50	6 6 6 30	•••••	200	200	3 2 1 1 2	180 120 60 60	600 400 200 200			!
Winter fishing in Bay of Quinté	<u> </u>		2100	5					41593			2404				

Vessels, Boats, Nets, &c.—Ontario—Continued.

Valt	e, &	J.			К	inds,	Qυ▲	NTIT	ies A	ND P	RICES	or I	Isu.		ļ	VALU	734.	TOTAL.	
Ho Ne		Sco Ne		rrels.	ø.	No.	.6	rrels.	els.	barrels.			rels.	barrels.	of barrels				
No.	Value.	No.	Value.	Whitefish, barrels.	Whitefish, lbs.	Whitefish, N	Trout, barrels.	Herrings, barrels.	Sciscos, barrels.	Maskinonge, barrels.	Bass, barrels.	Pike, barrels.	Pickerel, barrels.	Coarse Fish, barrels.	Total No. of of Fish.	Fresh.	Pickled.	Value.	-
	\$		\$								1		1			\$	\$	<b>\$</b> c1	ts.
4	40			37 5	133400 7000 16400		75 95					 9			53	220	1486 310	700 310 7,420 395 2,140 530	00 00 00 00
				50	20800										50 104	500 1 <b>04</b> 0	!!	500 1,040	
	105			358 131 75 170	26000 15000 67600	 	79 168						10	150	733 261 229 676 150 60	6620 2610 1390 3260 600 550	900 3500	7,320 2,610 2,290 6,760 600 550	00 00 00
14				35 19 191 82				192 73 62						282 184 375 49 42	316 377 395 375 313 186	2855 1778 1886 1500 2471 1298		2,855 1,778 1,886 1,500 2,471 1,298	00 00 00
4 2 4	200 100 200			40 10 40  59 102				5 50						22   5   15   50   130   100	105 50 261	588 145 710 200 1470 1955		588 145 710 200 1,470 1,955	00 00 00
•••••		ļ		ļ		ļ. <b></b>	ļ		ļ	İ	ļ	, ,		1250	1250	5000	 	5,000	00

# RETURN of the Number and Value of Vessels,

	V:	essel		р Вол		CMPLO	YED				Nı	ets, 1	THE IR	Num	BER,	Size,
Station.		Ves	sseis.		]	Boats		G	ill Ne	ts.	S	Seine:	3.	Pou	nd N	ets.
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.
Lennox and Addington Counties Division.			\$			\$				\$			\$			\$
Varty Napanee River Hay Bay Adolphustown	·				1 1 2 1	10 10 20 15	2 2 5 2		20 16 100 200							
Total					5	55	11	7	336	94	••••					
Kingston Division.												i				
Rideau Canal and Lakes.  Granberry Lake  Openicon Lake  Amherst Island  Bayfield Bay  Pigeon Island  Simcoe Island		••••			8 1 1 2 1 2	25 160	2 4 1 5		200	80 30 200						
Total	) )		J		16	495	29	107	1120							
Gananoque Division	(a	nglin	g.)													 
Cornwall Division			 		50	800	<b>5</b> 0									
Muskoka Division.																
Lakes Muskoka, Rosseau, Joseph, Trading, Three Mile, Leonard, Fairy, Peninsula, Vernon, Long, Doe, Walker, Whitefish, Bruce, Ma- ple, Sand, Keleton, Sucker, Long, Round and Mountford					94	470	94	200	10295	510	(31	speci	al p	ermit	s for	ang
Lake Simcoe Division.										<u> </u>	-		<u> </u>		_	
Orillia  Hawkeston Barrie  Beaverton Port Bolster Thorah laland Lake Simcoe		••••			1 1 4 2 1 1 5	25 30 330 55 10 40 75	1 7 2 4	1 1 2	1000	100 529 125	1	30	20 25			
Total	!		ļ	<b></b> ,	15	565	29	24	6908	1638	2	60	45	<b></b>		

Boats, Nets, &c .- Ontario -- Continued.

V <sub>ALU</sub>	<b>B, &amp;</b> C	•			F	CINDS,	, Qυ4	NTIT	ies ai	nd Pe	LICES	of F	ISH.			VALU	E.	Тотац.
Hoo Ne	Value.	Sco. Net		Whitefish, barrels.	Whitefish, lbs.	Whitefish, No.	Trout, barrels.	Herring, barrels.	Sciscos, barrels.	Maskinongé, barrels.	Bass, barrels.	Pike, barrels.	Pickerel, barrels.	Coarse Fish, barrels.	Total No. of barrels of Fish.	Fresh	Pickled.	Value.
No.	Δ	No.	V	<b>B</b>	<b>A</b>	▶		<u>#</u>	ő	Ä	8	<u> </u>		Ö	T		<u> </u>	
7				5	400		¹				5 11 5	12 22 10		33 12	37 98 46	175 0 467 0 253 0	0	467 00 253 00
7	70	<u></u>			400						21	44	52	65 	191	935 0	0	935 00
	540 200 150			18								6	4	255	60 40 31 6 50 24	160 ( 245 ( 30 ( 500 ( 195 (	00 00 00 00	240 00 160 00 245 00 30 00 500 00 195 00
58	890	<u></u>	<u> </u>	33			51	14			13	6	10	355	481	2,470	<u> </u>	2,470 00
•••••	<u></u>	ļ				<u></u>					16	! 	<u></u>	<u></u>	16	80 (	<u> </u>	. 80 0
		<u></u>	ļ	<u> </u>	 			<u> </u>		<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u> </u>	250	250	1,000	00	1,000 0
ling	y were	issue	(d.)	. 10			15	21	:				10	<u></u>	. 62	435	00	435 0
****						200 3800	159	) <u></u>			50			2	l 16	1,970 110	<b>0</b> 0	480 0 1,970 0 110 0
		.		·	:  }	3700	14	L	.  		10	) 	.	.l	. 61	560	00	560 0
••••					.]	7700	199	2	5		70	j	1	2	373	3,245	00	3,245 (

## RETURN of the Number and Value of Vessels,

	V	essel		BOA		MPLO	YED	,			N	ITS, S	raeir	Num	Ber, i	Sizer
STATIONS.		Ves	sels.			Nets.		Gi	ll Ne	ts.	   	Seine	s.	Pou	nd N	iets.
	No.	Tonnage.	Value.	Men.	No.	Value.	Men.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value.	No.	Rods.	Value,
Lake Scugog Division.			\$			\$				\$			\$			\$
Port Perry and Lindsay					30 50		213 378		••••••		(356 (378	spec	ial p	ermit lo	s fo <b>r</b>	ang
Total					80	800	591	<u></u>			(734			lo		
Rice Lake and Trent River Division		·••••		· <b></b>	103	2020	400	•••••			(579		ć	lo		
Peterboro' and Victoria Counties Division					10	190	10									
Charleston & Gananoque Lakes Division.																
Charleston Lake to Gan- anoque	ļ				3	46	6	26	116	98						0-20
Upper Delta to Lower Delta Beverly Lakes to Squaw	 				1		4									
Point Griffin Lake South Lake	ļ	•••••			2 1 1	15 10 10	1 1		 							
Total					8	101	16	26	116	98				<u> </u>		
Mississippi River and Lake Division	<u> </u>				4	40	6		ļ	ļ						
Madawaska River and Lake des Chats Division.													-			
Madawaska River and adjoining lakes Mouth of Mississippi River and Head of					2	20	4							ļ		
Chats Rapid Arnprior Mouth of Bonnechere	•		. <b></b>		8	80	' 8									
River Bonnechere River and			. <b></b> .		3	<b>3</b> 0	່ 3 							 ł		
Lakes in County of Renfrew		·		<u></u>	101		185				 		ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total		••••			114	635	200	86	622	344			ļ	ļ		ļ

Boats, Nets, &c .- Ontario-Continued.

VALU	ъ, &	3.			F	Cinds	, Qv.	ANTII	ries A	ND F	BIÇE	S OF	Fish			<b>V</b> A	LUE	;.	Total	Ľ.
Hoo Net	op is.	Sec Ne	op.	arrels.	98.	ó		rels.	els.	barrels.			rels.	barrels.	r of bar-	-	-		***************************************	_
No.	Value.	No.	Value.	Whitefish, barrels.	Whitefish, lbs.	Whitefish, No.	Trout, barrels.	Herring; barrels.	Sciscos, barrels.	Maskinonge,	Bass, barrels.	Pike, barrels.	Pickerel, barrels.	Coarse Fish, barrels.	Total Number of bar- rels of Fish.	Fresh.		Pickled.	Value.	
	\$		\$													<b>\$</b> 0	ts.	\$	\$ 0	cts.
ling	were du	issue 	d.)				•••••			150 400	50 11				200 411	1,000 2,055	00			•••••
	do	•								550	61				611	3,055	00		3,055	00
	do	· 								400	600				1000	5,000	00	q w	5,000	00
	<b>.</b>	·					<b>6</b> 0	5		<b>2</b> 89	188		12	50	604	3,270	00	•••••	3,270	00
		••••		•••••	1400	*****	6	,,,,	21		19		11		64	385	00		385	00
			•••••				****				10	12		4	26	126	00		126	00
						•••••	6			· ··	8 6 4	7 6 3		2 4 3	23 16 10		00 00 00		76	00
				ļ <u>'</u>	1400		12		21		47	28	11	13	139	777	00		777	00
						·					25	360	28	128	541	2,577	00		2,577	00
••••			******		*****					2	6	7	10	10	35	165	00		165	s 00
		8	 15							2 2	18 20		25 35	15 25	65 87		00			00
		3	6	••••			10.007	<i></i>		1	4	4	ŀ		29		00			00
				68			83		30	41	25	90	20	170	527	3,220	. ^^		3,220	00
		11	21				83		30	48					-	4,242			4,242	<del></del>

TOTAL.	Value.		2939	9218(	20560	11767	10239	38679	33295	55021	932	2470	ž	001	43	3246	3055	one o	3270	7.7.7	4242	
i i	Pickled.	•	21256	36683	11400					9689			:	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		:::		•••••				
VALUE	Fresk.	€	8040	55497	39160	11767	10239	38679	33295	48125	932	2470	08	0001	430	3246	3002	2000	3270		223	_
	Total No. of barrels to Derrels		3217	11229	5173	2114	1677	7122	6288	1456	161	48	9	Ş	70	373	6119	3	\$ 5	3	143	_
	Coarse Fish, brls.			105				1496		••				200		•	•	:			228	
	Pickerel, brls.		575	268	88			984				,			9	64			2	⊒ 8	102	•
F Fish.	Pike, brla.			~			-	55						:		:	:	:	•		118	•
RICES C	Bass, brls.		-	*9		233		573		8	7	23	97	:	9					4 6	3.5	
AND P	Maskinongé, brls.			-			<b>.</b>	4		:			:	!	:	***************************************	200	200	697		87	
TIES	Sciscos, brls.		•	•		:		7	220	:	•	:	:	:	•	:	:	:		7	8	
KINDS, QUANTITIES AND PRICES OF FISH	Herrings, brls.		:		176	378	623	3086	673	643	:	74	:	-	77	22	:		Ö.	:		
Kinds,	Trout, bris.		1015		519				1172	282	2	51			12	199	•		3	77	88	•
	Whitefish, No.		_	361600 324000	341600		45800	3300		:		:	:	:		7100	•	:	:	:		
	Whitefish, lbs.			361600	100000	:		126400		411	400	:	:				:	:		1400		
	Whitefish, brls.		832	339	503	235		749	351	1435	0	8	-		=	:	•	:	:	-	88	
	Біуізіона.		Lake Superior	Manitoulin Island and Lake Huron		Plames River and Lake St. Clair		Leke Brie		Prince Edward County and Bay of Quinte	sennox and Addington Counties	Lingston	Jananodne (anging)	Granwall	MUSKOKB	Lake Simcoe	Lake Scugog.	tice Lake and Trent Kiver.	eterboro and Victoria Counties	onarieston and Gananoque Lakes	Matsussippi niver and bake	
	o N		=	2	:0		;o	9	-	00	二, 。	٠٠. ص		_			_	-	<u>-</u>	_	202	-

## RECAPITULATION

Or the Yield and Value of the Fisheries in the Province of Ontario, during the Year 1878.

	Kinds of Fish.	Quantity.	Price.	Value.
			\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Whitefish,	brls	4,061	10 00	40,610 00
do	lbs	1,160,200	0 05	58,010 00 72,250 00
do Trout,	No	722,300 5,691	10 00	56.910 00
Herrings,	do	8,762	5 00	43,810 00
Sciscos,	do	822	5 00	4.110 00
	do		5 00	9,005 90
Bass,	do	2,701	5 00	13,505 00
Pike,	do		5 09	5,365 00
Pickerel,	do		5 00	15,475 00
Coarse Fish	, do	7,268	4 00	29,072 00
	Total value of the Fisheries in 1878do do 1877			348,122 00 438,223 00
	Decrease			90,101 00

# APPENDIX No. 19.

SYNOPSES OF FISHERY OVERSEERS' REPORTS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, FOR THE YEAR 1878.

#### LAKE SUPERICR DIVISION

JOSEPH WILSON, JAMES DICKSON, Overseers.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division : -

Kinds of Fish.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1,876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, brlsdo fresh, lbs,	1,958	2,275 7,000	2,580	2,117	2,043	2,178 74,200	832 159,000
Trout, brls	1,252 70	1,500	1,684	955	3,392	4,41 11	1,015 5 <b>75</b>
Total in barrels	3,280	3,755	4,261	2,172	5,6421	6,9632	3,217
Value	\$19,384	\$18,035	\$42,664	\$21,720	\$56,425	\$69,635	\$_9,295

Overseer Dickson reports as follows: The only gill-net stations in this division, which were fished last season, with one exception, are situate in Thunder Bay. The catch was lighter than in 1877 during this summer, although no decrease in the quantity of the fish was noticeable afterwards. The fall was unusually open and the gill-net fishermen continued to fish till the latter part of December; the fish remaining on the grounds until the ice began to form. Pound-net fishing, which was tried as an experiment this season, was a failure, the reason being attributed by the Overseer to an unjudicious selection of localities.

The tishery regulations and close season appear to have been well observed.

Overseer Wilson states that whitefish and treut continue to be as plentiful as ever in the waters of his division. The fall catch was, however, smaller than that of 1877, owing to continued heavy gales which prevailed during the months of October and November, and which occasioned the loss of several nets. This Overseer complains of the difficulty of procuring from fishermen, returns of their eatch, he having been unable to procure any from six stations this year. All the fishing grounds in Lake Huron were visited during the close season, stormy weather preventing the Overseer from visiting those of Lake Superior at the same time. But he states he has reason to believe that the close time was well observed everywhere. During the month of August, Overseer Wilson also visited the angling grounds of Nepigon and found everything to his satisfaction. Angling continues to be as good as formerly, and one advantage resulting from the permit system is that the river is now visited by a greater number of sportsmen and less poachers. Forty-three permits were issued to foreigners.

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After his visit to the Nepigon, extensive fires occurred in some of the portages, evidently the result of carelessness on the part of Indians and sportsmen neglecting to extinguish their camp fires. A hope is expressed that steps will be taken by the Local Government to prevent such accidents in future, as besides other consequences, the ashes and cinders blown from these bush fires might possible drive away the speckled trout from their usual haunts.

This Overseer also suggests that Root River be set apart for the natural reproduction of fish, it being the spawning ground, and indeed the nursery, of St. Mary's-

River.

The fishery laws and regulations were well observed in this division.

## MANITOULIN ISLAND DIVISION.

### G. B. ABREY, Overseer.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this divison.

Whitefish.	brls	1877. 1,368	1878. 337
do	Nosbrls:	2,000	3,000 293
Trout,	Total in barrels		660
,	Value	<i>'</i> —	\$10,700

The yield of the fisheries in this division was much lower than usual. This decrease is attributed to the low prices which prevailed, and to the want of demand for pickled fish. No preparations appear to have yet been made in this division for forwarding fresh fish, and they seem to have displaced the cured fish on the markets. No violations of the law are reported, except in the case of a sawmill owner permitting sawdust and mill rubbish to fall into the stream. The owner was notified, and promised to be more careful in future.

About four hundred barrels of fish are reported as having been used for home

consumption.

#### LAKE HURON DIVISION.

JAMES MUIR, A. C. McKinnon, DAVID McMaster, Hugh McFayden.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries of this division.

Whitefish.	brls	1877. 51	1878.
	lbs		361,600
	Nos	*****	321,000
Trout,	brls	$2,594\frac{1}{2}$	1,048
Herring,	do	$4,262^{-}$	3,262
Bass,	do	76	64
	do	<b>2</b>	2
Pickerel,	do	$524\frac{1}{2}$	568
	do		105
	Total in barrels	13,409	10,069
	Value	109,007.50	\$81,480·

Overseer Muir, whose division comprises that portion of the shore of Lake-Huron extending from Point Clark to Cape Hurd, including adjacent Islands, sends the following report:—The past season was a very bad one for fishermen, the yield being smaller than usual, and the prices hardly remunerative. In some cases, indeed, the fishermen could not dispose of their pickled fish at any price. The season opened early owing to an unusually mild winter, but the fish did not appear to be as plentiful as usual, and they continued scarce all through the season, and the stormy weather experienced during the fall completed the failure of the fishery operations. The close seasons were well observed.

Overseer McKinnon, who has charge of the division extending from Kettle Point to Point Clark, reports the yield of the fisheries in his divison as being one-third less than in 1877, and attributes this to three causes: 1st, to the rubbish carried through the ditch cut by the Canada Company from Lakes George, Smith and Burwell, and which remains on the seining grounds all spring, and prevents the fish-from coming to their favourite baunts; 2nd, to the muddy state of the water caused by the mildness of the winter, which prevented the formation of ice, the waters of the lake washing against the clay banks all winter; and 3rd, to a less vigorous prosecution of the fisheries in some stations, a large number of fishermen of this division having migrated to Manitoba and Muskoka.

There is only one fishway in this division; it was kept in good repair and open all

through the season.

The close seasons are well observeed and they give entire satisfaction.

Overseer McMaster, whose division extends from Kettle Point, on Lake-Huron, to Baby's Point, on River St. Clair, states that there was an increase of forty-five per cent. in the yield of the fisheries in his division, as compared with 1877; the increase being principally in herrings. Twenty-five per cent. of the fish caught were exported to the United States, the balance being used for home consumption. This Overseer complains of the difficulty of getting reliable returns from the fishermen, who; he states, underrate the catch under the erroneous impression that their license fees shall be increased if they show too good returns.

A fact to be noticed is the demand for sturgeon which commenced this season. This fish is purchased by parties from New York for the purpose of making caviar, and also for exportation to Germany in cans. It is to be hoped that the demand will continue, as sturgeon are very numerous on this coast, and this fishing, which was almost useless, may become a profitable industry. The fishery laws and regulations

were well observed.

Overseer McFayden, who has charge of the Saugeen River and tributaries within the County of Grey, and of Beaver River, was appointed during the past season. He states in his annual report that after receiving his appointment he visited his division and found many abuses being practised, especially by the saw-mill owners in letting sawdust and rubbish run from their mills into the stream, but that after he had made known the fishery regulations he found a great improvement; everyone generally taking steps to comply with the requirements of the fishery laws, This officer reports that there is a great decrease in the number of fish frequenting thewaters of his division, generally attributed to former pollution of the spawning-beds-by sawdust and mill-rubbish.

#### GEORGIAN BAY DIVISION.

JAMES PATTON,
SAMUEL FRAZER,
G. S. MILLER,
WILLIAM MOGOWN, Guardian.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries of this division.

		1877.	1878.
Whitefish,	brls	2,256	504
	lbs	149,200	100,000
" ·	Nos		341,600
Trout,	brls	910 <del>1</del>	519
Herrings,	"	289	176
Pike,	<b>(</b> (	36	*****
Pickerel,	"	31	58
Coarse fish	"	71	•••••
	Total in barrels	$7,297\frac{1}{2}$	5,173
	Value	\$70,769	<b>\$</b> 50,560

Overseer Patton, who has charge of that part of Georgian Bay comprising the fishing grounds around Collingwood and east of Manitoulin Island, merely sends in the returns of the catch of fish within his district, and fails to make any special re-

Overseer Frazer, in charge of the Midland and Penetanguishene Divisions, reports fishing as having been very unsuccessful, owing to the stormy weather, and also to a heavy falling off in prices, which kept many from pursuing fishing. Some of the holders of free licenses could not even avail themselves of their privilege, being too poor to procure an outfit. Thirty-six free licenses were issued this year against seventy-three in 1877. The number of other licenses was also smaller, owing, probably, to the same cause which reduced the demand for free licenses—poverty and low prices of fish. The cheapness of pork prevented traders from making any advances to the fishermen for fall fishing, but although this may have been considered a hardship at the outset, it turned out for the best, as the latter did not incur any debts on the strength of their catch, which was smaller than expected. Thirty-four boats were engaged in the fisheries with sixty-two men, who fished 3,738 rods of gill-nets and sixteen sets of hoop-nets. The catch amounted to:—

Trout, Herrings, Pike, Pickerel,	brls	9 12 11 6
Coarse usn,	Total 29	

This, says the Overseer, is certainly a great falling-off from last year, which was not even considered an average season.

Overseer Miller, whose district comprises the fishing grounds around Owen. Sound, also reports a decrease in this season's catch. One complaint of illegal fishing was brought before him, but, after due investigation, sufficient evidence could not be supplied to warrant further proceedings.

### LAKE ST. CLAIR AND THAMES RIVER DIVISION.

PERER MCCANN, F. McRAE, A. BRADY, T. McQUEEN.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:-

	1875.	1876	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, brls	• • • • • • •	299	141	235
" lbs				
" No				•••••
Trout, brls		140	190	135
Herring, brls		500	445	378
Maskinonge, brls		1	11	
Bass, "	39	96	302	<b>2</b> 33
Pike, "		4	39	64
Pickerel, "	1,302	492	642	414
Coarse fish	704	635	531	655
Total in barrels	2,045	2,167		2,114
Value	\$10,225	\$12,395	\$12,581 50	<b>\$</b> 11,767

Overseers McCann and Brady, who have charge of the Thames River, state that the fish were more plentiful than ever in that stream, and attribute this fact to the unprecedented mildness of the winter, which left the waters free from ice and gave a clear field to the fish. The fishermen could not, however, reap all the benefits of this increase; the low prices offered for fish on the Detroit markets compelling many to discontinue their operations. The fishery laws were well observed except in a few instances. Mr. McCann confiscated four spears and prosecuted one party for fishing without licence; a fine of \$15 was imposed in the last-mentioned case.

Overseer McRae, who has charge of the Sydenham River and Lake St. Clair, also reports an abundance of fish, and good success. The close seasons were

strictly complied with in his division.

Overseer McQueen, who has charge of the River Thames as far as Louisville, states that the increase of the fish in his division is quite sensible, and attributes this to the same reasons as given in Messrs. McCann and McRae's reports.

#### DETROIT RIVER DIVISION.

## Ed. Boismier, Overseer.

omparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:—

	1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, No	72,275	72,000	<b>45,</b> 80 <b>0</b>
Trout, brls		•••••	•••••
Herrings, "	υÜ	*****	623
Maskinonge"	• • • • • •	4	10
Bass, "	2	14	15
Pike, "	•••••	•••••	39
Pickerel, "	4	10	96
Coarse fish, "	117	217	436
Total in barrels	1,051½	860	1,677
Value\$	8,025 50	\$7,158 00	\$10,239

The yield of the fisheries in this division shows an increase over that of 1877; the catch of herrings, especially, being very abundant, over one million of these fish being caught in the river alone. This result is attributed by the local Overseer to the fact that the pound-nets in Lake Eric were set late in the season, thus giving a chance to the fish to enter the River Detroit. The value of the fish used for home consumption does not amount to more than \$500, as most of it is sent to the American market.

There is an increase in the catch of whitefish, although the figures given in the tables are smaller than those of 1877; the reason of this apparent discrepancy being that, during that year, Mr. Boismier included in his returns the whitefish caught around Point Pelée, on Lake Erie, whilst in the present instance, they are reckoned in the division of Mr. Prosser. The total quantity would thus amount to 160,000 lbs-

#### POINT PELEE DIVISION.

#### WILLIAM PROSSER, Guardian.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:

		1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish,	brls		161	127
"	lbs		10,500	88,800
"	No	13,850	*****	
Herring,	44	1,952	1,038	201
Bass,	"	55	.97	3 <b>55</b>
Pike,	"	•••••	` 1	
Pickerel,	"	37	75 <del>1</del>	320
Coarse fish,	"	131 <u>1</u>	285	373
Total i	n barrels	$2,341\frac{1}{2}$	1,710	1,820
Pike, Pickerel, Coarse fish,	"	37 131 <u>1</u>	1 75½ 285	320 37

The amount realized from the issue of pound-net licenses in this division during the season of 1878, is \$600.

Value......\$12,131 00 \$9,332 50 \$11,582

#### POINT PELEE ISLAND DIVISION.

## JAMES CUMMINS, Guardian.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:

	1876.	1877.	1878.
White fish, brls			76
" <u>lbs</u>	1,800	10,400	15,600
" No	• • • • • •		
Trout, brls		•••••	
Herring, "	201	90	239
Maskinonge, "			•••••
Bass, "	42	10	84
Pike, "		10	
Pickerel, "		*****	*****
~	•••••	•••••	•••••
Coarse fish, "	14	15	87
Total in barrels	266	167	<b>554</b>
. Volue	1 1) (1 1) (1)	<b>41</b> 000 00	0 0 400
Value \$1	เ,ฮอม บบ	<b>\$1,080 00</b>	<b>\$</b> 3,463

The fishery laws were well observed in this division, Mr. Cummins paying particular attention to his duties and preventing foreigners from encroaching upon Canadian grounds.

#### LAKE ERIE DIVISION.

JOHN MCMICHAEL, ALEX. McBride, C. L. Bingham, Overseers. HENRY LAWE.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:—

	1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, brls	3003		46
" lbs	7,043	87,000	22,000
" Nos	1,000	300	3,200
Herring, brls	1,149	1,644	2,646
Maskinonge, "	1	7	4
Bass, "	43 <del>]</del>	76	134
Pike, "	$28\frac{7}{2}$	44	65
Pickerel, "	686	839	664
Coarse fish, "	1,019	8721	1,046
Total in barrels	3,262	$3,920\frac{1}{2}$	4,748
Value	\$17,071 25	\$20,920 00	\$23,634

The increase in the catch, as shown by the above statement, Overseer McMichael attributes to a larger number of fishermen. This officer reports no violation of the law. He estimates the quantity of fish used for home consumption at 1,505 barrels of all kinds.

Overseer MoBride, states that in his district the eatch was smaller than last year, owing to fewer men being engaged fishing and, also, to the stormy weather

which prevailed throughout the fall season.

Overseer Bingham, reports the catch of fish in his district as very light during the spring and summer, and attributes this scarcity to the heavy winds which prevailed early in the season and riled the waters. Pound nets did well enough, but most of the seine fishermen had to give up fishing, as they did not cover expenses. The various close seasons appear to have been well observed, only two persons being fined for violating the law. This Overseer alludes to a very destructive practice, that of setting nets in spring brooks frequented by speckled trout. He seized four of these during the season and destroyed them, being unable to discover the owners.

Overseer Lowe, who has charge of Grand River from its mouth to Caledonia,

reports an increase in the yield of the fisheries of his division, which he attributes to a more vigorous prosecution of fishing and to the continuance of open weather. No violations of the law came to his notice.

### NIAGARA RIVER AND LAKE ONTARIO DIVISION.

J. W. KERR, CHAS. GILCHRIST, ANDREW HUGHSON, W. HULL,

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division :-

Kinds of Fish.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, brlsdo lbsdo No		498 93,958 466	482 96,500	623	<b>433</b>	9 59,600	351
Trout, bris	166	55	99	43	7863	943	1,172
Herrings, do	512	405	405	268	4313	462	
Sciscos, do	219	289	134	188	304	1,495	770
Maskinonge, orls	8	12	42	77	35	32	500
Pike and Bass, brls	280	488	620	251	271	487 <del>1</del>	1,022
Pickerel, do	261	444	723	156	337	216	120
Coarse fish, do	653	780	798	236	5242	7442	835
Total in barrels	2,714	3,436	3,303	1,842	3,1321	4,687	5,303
Value	\$16,601	\$25,899	\$24,783	\$13,542	\$21,286 50	\$28,943	\$33,295

Overseer Kerr sends the following report:-

## Whitefish.

These fish appeared in large quantities on the shores of this division, and fishermen in almost every instance abandoned seine fishing owing to the great number of young whitefish which would thus have been destroyed. Large samples of whitefish and some very fine salmon trout were caught in gill-nets.

#### Sciscos and Herrings.

Smoked herring and seiscos are now in great demand and fetch remunerative prices. Their yield is on the increase.

#### Bass and Pickerel.

The yield of this fishery was fair.

#### Salmon.

Salmon were more numerous during this season than for the past fourteer Twenty-three of these fish, weighing from five to eleven pounds, were accidentally caught in Lake Ontario, and returned to the waters whenever possible. In Lyon's Creek, salmon and salmon-beds were noticed in larger numbers than usual during the fall. About one hundred and fifty salmon spawned in Duffin's Creek. These fish were large and the creek in fine condition for the reception of the parent salmon; the water being high and clear. Salmon were also numerous in River Credit. They were noticed to ascend this stream during the month of September-At Springfield they were also abundant and of a large size. Quite a number were also noticed above Streetsville. An old resident reports them as being different in appearance from those he had previously seen in that stream, being darker in colour-He says he observed them closely, and states that they spawned near his farm. probably were the California salmon. Salmon could also be noticed in the Credit River up to the 12th day of December. The fish were not molested, owing to the activity displayed by the local fishery guardians. Two salmon were seen spawning in Sixteen-Mile creek, and two others in Twelve-Mile creeks.

The fishery laws were generally well complied with. This Overseer was, however, compelled to enforce the law in a few instances. The seines of eighteen fishermen who persisted in fishing without license were seized, and a fish dealer was fined for having in his possession speckled trout caught with gill-nets. The party who caught the fish was also fined.

## LENNOX AND ADDINGTON COUNTIES DIVISION.

### ALFRED KNIGHT, Overseer.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:-

	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, brls	46	18	• • • •	5
" lbs			7,800	400
" No		6,500		
Trout, brls	8	51	13	2
Herrings "	4	43	10	*****
Sciscos, "		12		
Maskinonge, brls	10	20		
Bass. "	8	14	50	21
Pike, "	52	51	63	44
Pickerel, "	92	89	97	52
Coarse fish, "	124	146	69	65
Total in barrels	344	4974	341	191
Value	\$1,994	\$3,124	\$1,896	<b>\$</b> 935

## PRINCE EDWARD COUNTY AND BAY OF QUINTE DIVISIONS.

CHARLES WILKINS, WESLEY HICKS,
A. WELLBANKS,
WM. PLEWS,
ELI KETCHUM,
PETER HUFF, jun.,
DAVID CONGER,

Overseers.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in these divisions:

	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, brls		1,162	361	1,435
" lbs		114,825	296,600	411,400
" No		22,327	2,950	
Trout, brls	430	<b>~ 85</b> 3	737 <del>1</del>	587
Herrings, "	1,945	2,608	1,980	643
Sciscos, "	8	•••••		
Maskinonge, brls	<b>5</b> 8		10	
Bass, "	24	10	116	20
Pike, "	30	35	73	9
Pickerel, "	77	31	<b>24</b> 8	51
Coarse fish, "	232	1,999	1,093	2,654
Total in barrels	5,472	7,391	6,131	7,456
Value	<b>\$43,2</b> 93	<b>\$</b> 49,539.95	\$42,617	\$55,021

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Overseer Wilkins reports a decrease in the catch of fish in that part of the Bay of Quinte under his charge, but attributes the same to the fish following the top of the water and passing above the nets. The fisherys laws was not generally well observed; the Overseer being compelled to prosecute several parties. Two complaints for violation of the law relating to saw-dust and mill-rubbish, were also laid before the Overseer, and the mill owners were fined \$20 each on their own acknowledgement of the offence.

The Department appointed three new officers in this division, during the past season, to replace Messrs. John G. Hicks and Wm. Plews, deceased. They report a large increase in the yield of the fisheries, as compared with that of 1877. The catch of whitefish, especially, was above all expectations; fishermen being enabled to carry on fishing for a long period after the expiration of the close season, owing to the mildness of the weather. The close time was well kept, and the fishery laws

were generally complied with.

Overseer Conger states that seine fishermen in his division had poor luck. He attributes the cause of this ill success to the gill nets, which are set miles from the shore, and prevent the fish from reaching the seine hauling grounds.

## KINGSTON DIVISION—WOLFE AND AMHERST ISLANDS.

P. KIEL, Overseer.

\*Comparative Statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:

Kinds of Fish.	1872.	1873.	1874	18 <b>75</b> .	1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, brls do lbs do No		151 1,500 3,950	302	694	256	311	33
Trout, brls	554	418	272	325	217	310	51
Herrings, do	12	12		12			14
Pike and bass, brls	77	182	591	317	46	133	18
Pickerel, do	27	56	110	172	46	142	10
Coarse fish, do	166	217	639	647	564	539	355
Total	1,146	1,036	1,914	2,167	1,129	1,435	481
Value	\$8,310	\$8,945	\$11,100	\$15,942	\$7,446	\$9,741	\$2,470

Fishing in this division was not carried on so actively as usual, and did not prove remunerative to those who were engaged in the business. This result the Overseer attributes to stormy weather and the low prices which prevailed during the fishing season. The close seasons were well observed, no complaint of illegal fishing having reached the Overseer.

## PRESCOTT, CORNWALL AND GANONOQUE DIVISIONS.

JOHN MOONEY,
JOHN D. McMillan,
Hugh Thompson,

Overseers.

Overseer Mooney states that the fish are increasing steadily since seine-fishing was prohibited in his division.

Overseer McMillan reports fishing as satisfactory in the district under his

charge.

Overseer Thompson says that a large quantity of fish were taken by American tourists with hook and line in his district, and that the fishery laws were strictly complied with.

## MUSKOKA DIVISION.

## WM. E. FOOT, Overseer.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:

			1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish,	barre!	ls	8	4	10
Trout	do	***************************************	6	15	15
Herrings	do		18	17	21
Bass	do	*************************		3 <del>1</del>	6
Pickerel	do		2	$\frac{3\frac{1}{2}}{3\frac{1}{2}}$	10
Total barrels			34	43	62
	10	tai vaii vis	·-		
	٧a	lue	<b>\$24</b> 0	<b>\$</b> 310	<b>\$4</b> 35

The number of licenses issued in this division during the season amounts to eighty, against seventy-two in 1877. Only six of these licenses paid fees, the others being granted free to settlers who fish for their own use only. Fines amounting to three dollars were imposed for illegal fishing during the season. This Overseer states he has every reason to be satisfied that illegal fishing is on a decrease and that the close seasons are fairly observed. Thirty-one angling permits were issued during the summer.

#### LAKE SIMCOE DIVISION.

A. MoKenzie, Ww. Hastings, Overseers.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division :-

Kinds of Fish.	1872.	1873.	1874.	1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, brlsdo No	46	4,940	116	124	19,250	268 619	7,700 199
Modo fresh, No	7	1	30	20	17,875 30 2 60	40 1	25 70 2
Total in barrels	113	203	454	491	543	933	373
Value	\$1,010	\$1,677	\$4,390	\$4,836	\$5,830	\$9,100	\$3,245

#### LAKE SCUGOG DIVISION.

A. J. Harrington, John McAllister, } Overseers.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:-

Maskinonge, barrels	1876. 47 <del>1</del> 3	1877. 12 <b>0</b> 2	1878. <b>550</b> 61
Total in barrels	50½	122	611
Value	252 50	\$610 00	\$3.055

The run of fish was unusually fine this season, and the catch far in excess of any previous year. The close times were well observed. Overseer Harrington issued 355 special angling permits, and Overseer McAllister, 378.

#### RICE LAKE DIVISION.

## CHARLES GILCHRIST, Overseer.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:-

36 11 3 1	1876.	1877.	1878.
Maskinonge, barrels	50 ა 300	500 400	400 600
Bass, barrels		400	
Total in barrels	800	900	1,000
Value	\$4,000 00	\$4.500 00	\$5,000

Fishing was about the same as usual. Five hundred and forty-six special angling permits were issued to citizens of Canada during this season. Thirty-three angling permits were also issued to anglers from the States, yielding \$141.00.

Three persons were fined \$25 each for violation of the fishery laws.

#### PETERBOROUGH AND VICTORIA DIVISIONS.

GEORGE COCHRANE,

JAMES SUTHERLAND,

Overseers.

Statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in these divisions for the years 1877 and 1878:—

Trout harrel	s	1877. 50	1878. 60
	rrels		5
Maskinonge,	barrels	75	289
Bass,	dodo	80	188
Pickerel,	do	• • •	12
Coarse fish	do	30	50
Tot	240	604	
Val		\$1,420,00	\$3.270

The Overseers attribute the increase of fish in this division to the general observance of the fishery laws which is now prevailing. They appear satisfied with the good dispositions of the people in this respect.

## CHARLESTON AND GANANOQUE LAKES DIVISION.

DAVID HAMILTON, Guardian.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:-

			1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, b	arre	ls	${f 2}$	3	7
Trout,	do		15	9	12
Herrings	do		$1\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
Sciscos,	do	**** **********************************	•••	•••	21
Bass,	do	**********************	63	46	47
Pike	do		68	<b>50</b>	28
Pickerel	do	*****	•••	• •	11
Coarse fish,	do	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	$203\frac{1}{2}$	17	13
To	tal b	arrels	353	$125\frac{1}{2}$	139
∇a	lue	\$1,	646 50 \$6	670 <b>50</b>	\$777

Only three angling permits were issued in this division during the season.

## LANSDOWNE, ROCKPORT AND BROCKVILLE DIVISIONS.

JOHN WALLACE, HENRY HUNT, Jos. L. THOMPSON.

These guardians report a continuance in the increase of fish, owing to the protection afforded by the fishery regulations.

#### MISSISSIPPI RIVER AND LAKE DIVISION.

JAMES McFADDEN, Overseer.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:-

	1876	1877	1878
Bass, barrels	12	18	25
Pike, do	150	270	360
Pickerel, do		25	28
Coarse fish, barrels		70	128
Total barrels	217	383	541
Value	\$1,055	\$1,845	\$2,577

The yield of the fisheries in this division was better than in any previous year. The local officer attributes this to a greater number of men engaged in the business owing to the scarcity of all kinds of work. He also states that people take to fishing through the ice, and that this mode of fishing pays well. Complaints are made against mill-owners for not complying with the law relating to sawdust and mill-rubbish.

## MADAWASKA RIVER AND LAKE DES CHATS DIVISION.

John Lyon,
Andrew Telfer,
W. L. Russell,

Overseers.

Comparative statement of the yield and value of the fisheries in this division:-

			1876.	1877.	1878.
Whitefish, b	arre	ls	30	50	68
Trout,			90	87	83
Sciscos,	do		•••	10	30
Maskinonge,			35	27	48
Bass,	do		40	66	73
Pike,	do		75	30	111
Pickerel,			<b>55</b>	63	102
Coarse fish,	do		120	103	228
Tota	al ba	rrels	445	436	743
Valu	ue		2,705	\$2,762	\$4,242

Fishing was very good in this division, owing to the strict watch kept by the ocal fishery officers.

## PART 2

TO THE

## REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONER OF FISHERIES.

## REPORT

ИO

# FISH-BREEDING

IN THE

# DOMINION OF CANADA

FOR THE YEAR

1878.

Frinted by Order of Farliament.



OTTAWA:
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## FISH-BREEDING.

REPORT OF SAMUEL WILMOT, ESQ., ON THE SEVERAL FISH-BREEDING ESTABLISHMENTS AND FISH-CULTURE IN CANADA, DURING THE SEASON OF 1878.

NEWCASTLE, ONT., 31st December, 1878.

To the Hon. JAMES C. POPE,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I beg to submit for your favourable consideration the following report, which will relate the general transactions which have taken place during the past year at the several fish-breeding establishments now in operation in the different provinces in the Dominion.

There will be found attached hereto reports from several of the officers who are in charge of these fish hatcheries, and as each of these will treat more particularly of the details therein, I shall, in order to make my general statement as brief, as possible, collate from these minor reports, and give as succinctly as may be consistent with the importance of the subject, such information as will lay clearly before you the work performed at each of the nurseries, during the past year.

This information will embody with it an account of the numbers and kinds of young fry that were reared in each of the nurseries during the past season or spring of 1878, and also the several waters or streams in the different provinces into which the young fish were planted. A further statement will also be given of the numbers of fish eggs of various kinds that have been collected and placed in the hatching troughs during the past season or fall of 1878, and of the present condition and prospects of the ova thus laid down and now undergoing the process of incubation at each of the fish-cultural works in the Dominion.

The practical operations in connection with the science of rearing fish by the artificial methods of propagation have been of a more than ordinarily progressive nature in Canada since its first inauguration into the country but a few years ago. The status which fish-culture holds in the Dominion may be said to be second to none in any other country, either on this Continent or in the old world. This very desirable state of affairs for the improvement of a source of great national wealth has been brought about by the liberality of a wise and politic Government, which having within its boundaries all the elements necessary for producing the higher order of fishes, has adopted the now generally acknowledged wise policy of encouraging the science of pisciculture, wherewith to assist nature in the reproduction of more increased supplies of fish food for domestic purposes and for foreign traffic.

supplies of fish food for domestic purposes and for foreign traffic.

This desirable means of "tilling" extensive areas of water is by no means a work pursued in Canada alone, for it is found spreading itself rapidly, from State to State, throughout almost the whole of the territory of the adjoining Republic; and although fish culture was not adopted as a governmental work in any of the States of

the Union till after its practical application in Canada, it has nevertheless made prodigious strides since, quite eclipsing in its onward course any other country in the world. At the present time no less than twenty-seven State Legislatures enact laws and grant aid towards the encouragement and advancement of the science of artificial fish-culture, and the work is being pushed on most successfully under the efficient management of Prof. Baird, the Federal Commissioner of Fisheries, and no less than eighty-two State Commissioners. In addition to this individual State jurisdiction for the extension and preservation of their fisheries, an effort is being made to obtain the passage of a law by Congress, similar in its character to the Canadian Act, for the increase and protection of fish in the great lakes. To carry out this, it is proposed to appoint a General Superintendent of Fisheries and sixteen Federal Commissioners, who shall constitute a Board or Fish Commission, who shall have supervision of the fisheries of all the great lakes in the Union.

As a matter of private enterprise, and as a commercial and speculative undertaking, it would be quite impossible to mention here the great number of artificial fish-breeding establishments that are being carried on throughout almost every section of the United States. So general has the traffic in fish-eggs and young fry become that circulars and price-lists of the several kinds are now regularly published in the leading newspapers; and pamphlets and catalogues relating to these fish-nurseries are being widely disseminated everywhere in like manner, as publicity is

given to the sale of live stock, cereals, and other commodities of trade.

Whilst Canada stands quite equal, if not foremost, in extending this work in a public or national point of view, as a private enterprise, fish-culture is only just beginning to take hold of the minds of the people of this country; but it is confidently expected, with the success that must attend the few that have entered into it, only a short time will elapse before the industry will become more general, particularly in the rearing of speckled trout; these fish, being local in their nature, can be easily kept within circumscribed limits, and in small preserves, where they readily become

a source of pleasure to the angler, and a luxurious delicacy for the table.

The marked success which has already attended the protection of the salmon rivers in Canada, particularly on some of those in the Maritime Provinces, cannot be gainsaid, for it has now become notorious beyond a peradventure that the increase of the catch of salmon within the past few years in the estuary fisheries of the Saguenay, and of the Restigouche Rivers especially, have been known to be more than doubled. In like manner the scores made by salmon anglers in the above mentioned rivers and in their tributaries, have, within the same period of time, become quadrupled in numbers. Upon each of these rivers is located a large fish-breeding establishment, from which tens of thousands of young salmon have been turned annually into the waters of these streams and their numerous affluents.

By the above means the Restigouche River has risen to such a standard of excellence that it may be now quoted as one of the foremost rivers on this continent for the numbers of salmon that are netted in its tidal waters, and also for the scores

taken by anglers.

A similar record might be given of the improved commercial and angling success in the River Saguenay. Only a few years ago a general outcry was heard from the anglers and net fishermen of the Saguenay that it was useless to lease rivers from the Department for fly-fishing purposes or netting-stands for salmon, as their scarcity was such as not to warrant successful returns from the undertaking. This state of things has now become wonderfully changed. So much so was it the case last season that salmon—from the great numbers which were taken at the tidal fisheries—became almost a drug in the market, selling in many instances at the very low figure of three cents per pound, and it was not unusual to hear statements made by the mere prominent of the angling lessees of the rivers tributary to the Saguenay, that "salmon were, really, too numerous, the pools in many instances being quite over-erowded, so much so that in hooking a fish, and in his wild efforts to escape such a turmoil would be created among the numerous inmates of the pool that a long time

had to elapse before they became sufficiently quieted down to enable the angler to cast his fly again with any degree of certainty for luring another."

Since the commencement of the Tadoussac Nursery up to the present time, upwards of two millions and a half of salmon-fry have been deposited in the waters of

the Saguenay.

The accounts received from Gaspé with regard to the successful catch of salmon are of a very satisfactory nature also. Here, too, has been erected a breeding-establisment upon the Dartmouth River, one of the three important streams which enter directly into Gaspé Basin and Bay. These rivers have received already a

million and a half of salmon-fry from this nursery.

It will invariably be found that very successful scores made by fly-fishermen on a river are a sure index of a satisfactory commercial catch of salmon at the estuary fisheries of the stream, and along the adjacent coast; and as it is pretty generally understood that in killing salmon with the fly it is the "exception" only, and not the "rule" therefore when large scores are made by fly-fishermen, it must be taken as conclusive that very great numbers of salmon are "running," and consequently the fishermen in the tidal waters would necessarily have secured correspondingly heavy draughts in their nets below; the numbers thus taken, however, would be in a superlative degree very much greater by comparison than the catch of the anglers This must be a very reasonable deduction from the fact that the fish killed up river by anglers are an infinitessimally small proportion only of those which have escaped the endless stands of nets that are set all along the lower portions of the river, and in the tidal waters.

To bear out these statements, and also to show the great contrast between the state of the Restigouche at the present time (brought about by protection) to what it was in 1868, when the total catch in the river by anglers was only twenty salmon, and the commercial yield thirty-seven thousand pounds; the fact may be here related that one angler alone (out of the hundreds that were fishing the river in 1878), in sixteen days, killed with his own rod eighty salmon, seventy-five of which averaged a trifle over twenty-six pounds each, whilst at the same time the numbers which were being taken by the net-fishermen below, for commercial purposes, were prodigious and beyond precedent, amounting in the aggregate in that one division alone (not counting local and home consumption) to the enormous weight of half a million pounds (500,000).

The above is given as an illustration of what may yet be done for obtaining similar results from rivers in other sections of the Maritime Provinces, which at one time were the nurseries for producing great sources of wealth, but have now become almost barren from the effects of over-avariciousness on the part of settlers and others in exterminating the gravid fish on their spawning-beds, and by the erection of dams and other obstructions across streams, which prevent the ascent of the salmon to their natural breeding-grounds. It is alike unnatural, unwise, and impolitic to allow any portion of a community to commit selfish acts, for their individual greed or agrandisement, which shuts off from the general public a means devised by Providence, in its wisdom, for securing extensive supplies of food and wealth to the inhabitants of a country.

The total number of salmon-fry turned out from the several hatcheries into the rivers flowing into the Gulf of St. Lawrence during the past year amounted to upwards of five millions. A large proportion of these, together with upwards of twenty millions of fish-eggs secured last fall, would, but for the introduction of fish-breeding establishments, have become wholly lost for reproductive purposes, from the fact that the parent fish from which they were obtained would otherwise have been sold

on the markets for consumption.

This clear gain of fish-eggs and fry will be shown with greater force and clearness when applied to the artificial impregnation of the many millions of whitefish and salmon-trout ova which were vitalised and laid in the hatching-troughs of the Newcastle and Sandwich Nurseries in Ontario.

The fifteen millions of whitefish eggs obtained last fall in the Detroit River were wholly taken from the fish after being hauled on shore, and in the act of being carried to the markets; and the same process was applied to the gathering of the ova of the salmon-trout at Collingwood, on Lake Huron.

The benefits resulting from the introduction of artificial fish culture into Canada have not been experienced in the Dominion alone, for its success has also been felt

in the neighboring Republic.

This will be shown to be the case in a marked degree by the letters of Professor Baird, United States Commissioner of Fisheries, and Dr. Hudson, of Hartford,

appended hereto.

In the early commencement of the salmon-breeding establishment at Newcastle, it was not unfrequently visited by prominent Fishery Commissioners, from several States of the Union, for the purpose of obtaining personal insight into the practical workings of the establishment, previous to commencing similar enterprises in their own country. These inspections were evidently of a satisfactory nature, from the fact that most of the States immediately afterwards commenced operations in restocking their rivers, either by the erection of breeding-houses or by the purchase of impreguated eggs for distribution in their rivers.

The Commissioners from Connecticut obtained several thousands of salmon ova from this nursery, which were put in the Connecticut River. Large numbers of eggs were also procured by other States' Commissioners for a like purpose. Thaddeus Norris, Esq., one of the pioneers of fish culture in the United States, procured several thousand salmon eggs from this hatchery to stock the Delaware and Susquehannah Rivers with. The success of the Connecticut and Delaware ventures will he best understood by the perusal of the following correspondence:—

## United States Commission, Fish and Fisheries,

Washington, June 7th, 1878.

My Dear Sir,—Yours of the 3rd June is to hand. I have numbers of carpbreeding ponds fitted up in Washington for the purpose, and should I be fortunate in obtaining a supply of young, I will with pleasure send you some of them. I will also do what I can to meet your application for the California salmon.

The results of the experiments in introducing salmon into the waters of the United States are just beginning to appear, over five hundred (500) having been taken in the Connecticut, and large numbers were known to have passed up the river.

About twenty (20) mature salmon have been captured in the Delaware; one of these, weighing 23½ lbs., I have in my possession. I think there is little doubt that these are derived from eggs that Thaddeus Norris purchased from you somewhere about 1871.

I have also a 19. lb salmon from the Susquehannah; but so far no "quinnat" salmon have shewn themselves. I hope to see some of them next year.

Sincerely yours,

(Signed) SPENCER F. BAIRD,

Commissioner.

SAMUEL WILMOT, Esq.,
Fish Culturist,
Newcastle, Ontario.

## STATE OF CONNECTICUT

FISH COMMISSION,

HARTFORD, CONN., May 28th, 1878.

DEAR SIR,—Please accept my thanks for report just received.

You may be interested to learn that we are now having a fine run of salmon in the Connecticut River, for the first time in three-quarters of a century. They are the product of a large planting of young fry, made in the upper waters of the river in May, 1874.

Probably about three hundred have been taken, ranging from ten to fifteen

pounds in weight, and they are still running in large numbers.

Considerable astonishment has been expressed that all those opened have proved to be males; but I notice that this is in exact accordance with your observations, as printed on page 20 of your report, now before me.

Yours very truly,

(Signed) WM. M. HUDSON.

MR. SAMUEL WILMOT.

In connection with this subject of artificial fish-culture, I desire to draw your attention to the system pursued in carrying on the work at Huningue in Germany.

Huningue is on the Rhine, and the fish breeding institution is described "as a "gigantic fish nursery and egg depot for the supply of eggs and the disseminating "of the art, both in Germany, France and other countries." It is, I believe, the oldest and most extensive establishment of the kind in Europe. It was considered as the centre of the French system of pisciculture, and was erected in 1852-1854 for the breeding and acclimatising of foreign 6sh, at a cost originally of £10,607 sterling. From a late English paper, Land and Water, I quote the following:—"The returns "issued by the Provincial Government at Colmar, concerning the activity of the "Imperial fish-hatching establishment at Huningue, proclaim the result of the past "year's proceedings to be the most favorable since this establishment has come under "Cerman management. This result, according to the German Fishing Gazette, is "a counted for by the greatly increased demand, made for hatched ova, which, on "account of the persevering energy of the German Piscatorial Society, have this

"year been larger than was ever known before."

"The total of fish ova purchased during the period of 1877-78, amounted to four "millions, eight hundred and thirty eight thousand (4,838,000) eggs; consisting of trout, "lake trout, salmon, char, corregonus, grayling and hybrid species. The establishment "itself produced four hundred and fifteen thousand (415,000) trout, and one thousand "(1000) lake trout ova. Nearly three millions of impregnated eggs have been sold, "out of which Germany procured to itself for home use, above two millions and a "half of eggs; England, one hundred and thirty-two thousand (132,000); France, "one hundred and eighteen thousand (118,000); Austria, forty-six thousand (46,000); "Luxemburg, thirty thousand (30,000); Switzerland, twenty-seven thousand (27,-"000); Spain, twenty-five thousand (25,000); Italy, four thousand (4000); and "Belgium, two thousand (2000). The following fish were also hatched at Hüningue, "namely, five hundred and ninety thousand (590,000) young salmon, distributed as "follows: half a million (500,000) in the Rhine; eighty thousand (80,000) in the "Saar and Mosel; and ten thousand (10,000) in the Canals passing through the "establishment); also, fifteen thousand (15,000) murina fry in the White and Black "Lake; and lastly, forty-five thousand (45,000) eels at Mittendorf and ponds at " Rixenden.

"The receipts have, in consequence of the extensive sales of ova and fry, been "more than double the amount of previous years, whilst the expenses have been "about as usual; thus necessitating less subsidy from the German Government than

"had been expected."

It would appear from the above that the system of obtaining the eggs, and disposing of the fry afterwards by sale, to their own people in Germany, and to foreign countries, is different to that pursued in this country, where the distribution of the young fish into the different public waters of the Dominion is performed by your Department, out of the general funds, with a view to improve the fisheries generally, and to enhance the commercial traffic in fish; and, although the results from the Imperial Fish-breeding Institution in Germany are of a very flattering description, yet, in comparison with the Canadian hatcheries, the returns from the latter appear to be very largely in advance of the former, as will be shewn from the following official statistics collected from the past year's operations, namely:—

The numbers of young fry distributed, and the eggs deposited in the Canadian establishments during the year 1878, (which were all of the higher orders or Salmonidæ family) were,—fry turned out in the spring of 1878, twenty-seven millions, five hundred and eighty-two thousand (27,582,000), and eggs deposited on the several kinds of hatching apparatus during the autumn of 1878, twenty-six millions nine hundred and fifty-one thousand (26,951,000); all of these ova were from the salmon

tribes also.

These figures combined present a very creditable display of the amount of work performed by the Canadian Fishery Department in re-stocking and improving the fisheries of the country. In the aggregate the numbers of eggs and of fry for the past year amount to fifty-four millions five hundred and thirty-three thousand (54,533,000.)

A schedule is here given, shewing the numbers and kinds of eggs and fry at

each of the establishments for the past year.

A tabulated form is also given, shewing the number of eggs laid down and fry produced in each year, at the several institutions, since their commencement up to the present time.

TABLE showing Number of Fry and Vitalized Ova in the several Fish Nurseries of the Dominion of Canada, in the Year 1878.	ving Nun	nber of Fi	ry and Vi	talized Ov	ra in the se	veral Fish	Nurseries	s of the D	ominion	of Canada	, in the Yo	ar 1878.
		Fry	distributed	Fry distributed in Spring of 1878.	of 1878.			1893	gs laid dow	Eggs laid down in Fall of 1878.	f 1878.	
	Salmon.	Salmon Trout.	California Speckled Salmon. Trout.	Speckled Trout.	Whitefish.	Total.	Salmon.	Salmon Trout.	Salmon California Speckled Trout. Salmon. Trout.	Speckled Trout.	Whitefish.	Total.
Bedford 1,400,000	1,400,000	8,000			160,000	1,568,000	2,250,000				1,568,000   2,250,000	2,250,000
Miramichi	665,000					665,000	665,000 1,250,000					1,250,000
Restigouche 1,015,000	1,015,000					1,015,000	1,015,000 1,560,000			25,000		1,585,000
Свяре	750,000					150,000	750,000 1,650,000			-		1,650,000
Tadoussac	707,000	:				107,000	707,000 1,375,000					1,375,000
Sandwich					20,440,000	20,440,000				:	15,000,000	15,000,000
Newcastle	600,000	650,000	35,000	20,000	1,300,000	2,605,000	856,000	1,840,000	1,000	144,000	1,000,000	3,841,000
Total 5,137,600	5,137,600	658,000	35,000	20,000	21,900,000	27,750,000 8,941,000 1,840,000	8,941,000	1,840,000	1,000	<u> </u>	169,000 16,000,000	26,951,000

TABLE showing the Places where, and the Years in which, the several Fish-breeding down and Fry hatched in each,

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Locality.	Eggs.	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.
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) ]		+		100000		150000		240000		280000	120000	300000	880000	350000
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Gaspé, Que {			ļ		 								200000	**********
Tadoussac, Que												*********	<b>+</b> 60000	
Tauvussau, vyue		j	-	ļ 	<u> </u> 		! -!		 	 			+	
Bedford, N.S				! 	.	ļ	ļ		-					
Sandwich, Ont	[]	. ··	.		 { !				-			,		
Total	-	:	-	100000	-	150000	 D'	240000		280000	420000	300000	3440000	51000

<sup>N.B.—Artificial Salmon-breeding was commenced in 1865 at Newcastle, Ont., as a private enterprise, by Mr. Wilmot, and adopted as a Government work in 1868.
At Newcastle, the above figures include Salmon, Salmon-Trout and Whitefish.
At Sandwich, they refer only to Whitefish.
At all the other places, the figures show Salmon only.
The + will indicate the year in which the Hatchery was built.</sup> 

Establishments have been erected, together with the Numbers of Fish-eggs laid annually, since they were built.

187	5.	187	76.	18	77.	187	78.	, <b>T</b> o1	tal.
Eggs.	Fry.	E 80 88	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.	Eggs.	Fry.
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# TRANSACTIONS AT THE SEVERAL FISH NURSERIES IN THE DOMINION DURING THE YEAR 1878.

## PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

#### TADOUSSAC FISH-BREEDING ESTABLISHMENT.

I visited this hatchery in the month of August last, and found the premises throughout in the usual neat and orderly state, so characteristic of Mr. Radford, the

efficient officer in charge.

Upon inspection it was found that the foundation sills on one side of the hatching house, from constant exposure to moisture, and the want of sufficient circulation of air, had become very much decayed, and quite unsafe to sustain the great weight of the superstructure. Fearing that serious consequences might ensue at a time, too, perhaps, when the eggs would be in the process of hatching, I caused the decayed sills and portions of the floor to be removed, and to be replaced by new material. The greater part of this work was performed under my own supervision, leaving the final completion of it to the oversight of Mr. Radford. Some slight alterations were also ordered to be made in connection with the tanks.

The general arrangements throughout the building, together with the cleanly and orderly manner in which the troughs, trays, and other apparatus were kept was most satisfactory; in fact, the whole establishment with its surroundings gave unmistakable evidence of the great care and personal oversight which have been given

to the premises by Mr. Radford.

My attention was drawn to the necessity of building a more permanent dam across the very narrow passage leading from the little lake above to the small feeding pond which supplies the hatchery. This is of vital importance to the welfare of the nursery in order to prevent the possibility of a failure of water for the hatching troughs during the winter when the ova are undergoing the process of incubation.

The enclosed cove or reception pond for the parent salmon was safely arranged for the security of the large number of fine healthy looking fish that were enclosed in it; a stock of two hundred and fifty salmon had been previously obtained and safely

conveyed to this very snug and highly attractive enclosure.

The success attending the hatching out of the million and a quarter of eggs that had been deposited in this nursery during the fall of 1877, was reported to be most satisfactory. The young fry, during last May and June, were deposited in many of the rivers and streams in the Saguenay District. The officer in charge reported the fry to have been satisfactorily conveyed and planted in the several localities selected for them, namely:—

Ste. Marguerite, Petites Isles, Anse St. Jean, Anse à Cheval, A Mars, Petit

Saguenay, Du Sud, St. Thomas, and Jacques Cartier Rivers-

The number of eggs procured at this establishment during last fall was considerably in excess of any former year. One million three hundred and seventy-five thousand (1,375,000) were placed on the hatching trays at Tadoussac; in addition to these a large number (for the want of room for them in the troughs) were impregnated and planted in some of the tributaries of the Saguenay.

#### GASPÉ FISH-BREEDING ESTABLISHMENT.

The operations at this hatchery during the past year were of a much more satisfactory nature than formerly. This pleasing result has, no doubt, been achieved by the greater amount of experience which has been gained by the employees engaged

at the works. Mr. Vibert, the officer in charge, reports everything in connection with the building and ponds to be in a very satisfactory condition. Besides the ordinary work in connection with renovating the interior of the hatchery, and cleans ing and varnishing the trays, the whole exterior of the building has been coated with fire-proof paint. Some improvements were also made since last year in strengthening reception pond No. 2; a railing was also placed along the dam of pond No. 1.

These receptacles for keeping the parent fish in, have now proved to be well adapted for the purpose, particularly pond No. 2, the area of which is not by any means large; facilities, however, are afforded by which the salmon can partake of a constant, though somewhat limited, flow of fresh water, which runs over the bed of a small stream. Here it has been most satisfactorily demonstrated that with the exercise of care in the capturing of fish, and in the conveyance of them in properly constructed scows to their destination, no losses need occur; and it is further to be noted that, at the Gaspe establishment, the parent salmon were caught in their first "run" up the river in June and July, and immediately taken to these small ponds; in one of which two hundred and thirty two salmon, averaging well on to twenty pounds each were safely retained till the latter end of the month of October; when they were spawned and returned to the river in a healthy state, a loss of only four fish taking place during the whole season.

The officers, in carrying out this work at Gaspé, have most implicitly complied with the instructions given to them for the performance of the critical work of capturing the fish, and carefully conveying them to the ponds in the vessels specially ordered and prepared for the purpose. The experimenting of novices and theorists has not been indulged in here, as was the case at the Miramichi works, where, from disobedience of instructions in years previous to the last, the results proved to be of

a most disastrous nature.

Seven hundred and fifty thousand (750,000) salmon-fry were reared in this nursery during the spring of 1878, and under Mr. Vibert's supervision, were distributed in the Dartmouth, York and St. John Rivers, which empty in Gaspé Bay; and others were transported to the Malbay, Grand and Pabos Rivers, in the Bay des Chaleurs.

The success in removing all the young fry was said to be very great.

Operations for taking a supply of parent fish for this establishment commenced on the Dartmouth River the latter end of May, and terminated most successfully by the end of July, in the capturing of 232 salmon; seventeen more were purchased from fishermen, making a total of 249; of this number, 155 females and 86 males. A total of 241 fish were manipulated in October last, and produced the large number of one million, six hundred and fifty thousand eggs (1,650,000), or an average of 10,650 from each female. This very abundant crop of eggs were, from the last accounts received from Mr. Vibert, most healthy, and progressing very satisfactorily. Hitherto this establishment has been laboring under extremely great disadvantages from the unwillingness of the fly-fishermen to permit parent salmon to be taken in the rivers leased by them at Gaspé. This great drawback to filling the Gaspé Nursery with eggs in former years has militated very seriously against greater success, which would otherwise have attended operations there.

Having drawn the attention of your Department to this subject in previous reports, I am now pleased to learn that the Dartmouth River (upon the banks of which the establishment is erected) will in future be reserved wholly for the use of

the batchery.

This wise determination of your Department will place the Gaspé establishment in such a sasisfactory position as will enable it to fully develope the objects for which it was originally built, and for which it was located on the Dartmouth River, namely: convenience for procuring a supply of eggs, and for transporting fry from it to other parts of the Gaspé District.

#### RESTIGOUCHE FISH-BREEDING ESTABLISHMENT.

In my report of last year I drew attention to the necessity for works of a more extended character being required on the Restigouche River. The building there being considerably delapidated, and having insufficient accommodation for the actual requirements of the situation has, this season, become seriously defective in its structure; and for the lack of sufficient room for the larger number of ova procured last fall over previous years, doubts are entertained by the officer in charge whether sufficient space will be afforded for the safety of the young fry when hatched out.

The importance of the Restigouche River as a feeder to the extensive salmon fisheries of the Bay des Chaleurs, would warrant the construction of an establishment with a capacity for laying down, at least, five millions of salmon ova. It would be almost impossible to form an adequate estimate of the vast amount of wealth procurable by the utilization of this magnificent river, with its numerous tributaries for the rearing of young salmon, both by the natural and artificial methods of propagation. Its immense area of the purest of water, taking its rise in the far interior of an almost uninhabited section of the country, and flowing through innumerable tributary streams and brooks till it reaches the tidal waters, gives unlimited space and abundant supplies of food for the growth and sustenance of the young fry, before passing down to the sea. These great natural advantages call forth the urgency of husbanding on the most extensive scale this prolific nursery for wealth.

The benefits already arising from the protection and stocking which have been given to this river of late is a sure guarantee of what mighty results would be derived from it, if the same policy were carried out on such an enlarged scale as might be both

easily and cheaply accomplished.

Mr. Mowat, the officer for this division, reports the paramount necessity that exists for utilizing the great breeding capacity of the Restigouche, which it naturally and geographically possesses for the enhancement of the value of the commercial fisheries below, and recommends the construction of an establishment upon such a basis as would be commensurate with the requirements of that section of the country.

With these views I fully coincide, and would strongly urge upon your Department the importance of carrying out the project by commencing operations for its accom-

plishment forthwith.

By instructions from your Department in 1877, Mr. Mowat was ordered to build a reception pond at some convenient point up the river, where facilities would be

afforded for easily catching a supply of parent fish.

The Indian House Brook (and pool alongside) was selected by that officer as possessing greater advantages than any other place. A substantial dam has been built across the brook, forming a commodious pond which is capable of safely keeping a large number of salmon through the season till ripe for spawning. This spot has also great natural advantages as an eligible site for successfully carrying on the work of artificial salmon-breeding on a very extensive scale.

The operations at the Dee Side nursery on the Restigouche last spring were quite satisfactory. After transferring to the Miramichi hatchery, two hundred thousand (200,000) vitalized eggs, upwards of a million fry were hatched out from the stock of

eggs secured the previous fall.

These young fish were put into the Restigouche, Cascapedia, Metapedia, Upsalquitch, Amqui, Causapscal, Little Nipissiquit, Bonaventure and Little Cascapedia

Rivers.

The plan I suggested to Mr. Mowat of transporting several hundred thousand fry at a time in a boat or a scow prepared for the purpose, by allowing a free current of water to pass through it and amongst the little fish which were divided off into compartments, answered admirably. In towing this vessel up stream, sufficient water was let into the upper end, or bow, through perforated zinc screens, and running freely through the entire length, gave a constant supply of pure aerated water for the fry.

In this manner they were carried long distances up river without any loss whatever until the cargo was wholly disposed of. This was done by throwing the fry

over-board at proper intervals, in thousands here and there, in well selected spots,

both in the main river and in many of its tributary streams.

The number of parent salmon captured last season to supply the Restigouche Hatchery with eggs and milt was two hundred and seventeen (217). Of these, one hundred and thirty-nine (139) were females and seventy-eight (78) were males. The quantity of ova procured and laid down in the hatching trays amounted to one million five hundred and sixty thousand (1,560,000). The percentage of vitalized eggs is reported to be extremely large, and these were, from latest accounts, in a healthy and satisfactory state. The officer in charge is, however, very anxious to be relieved of a quarter of a million of his stock, fearing that, when hatched out, the fry will be too over-crowded in the limited space of the old breeding-room.

An effort was made to procure a quantity of speckled trout ova from the Restigouche (where these fish abound), with the view of transferring them to Ontario for general distribution when hatched out. Operations, however, were not commenced in time by Mr. Mowat, consequently, a supply of eggs were not obtained.

It is proposed to overcome this difficulty next season by catching a lot of parent trout during the early season and retaining them in the ponds (in like manner as the salmon) till ripe for manipulation.

Total number of fry put out from Restigouche nursery	
in the Spring of 1878	1,005,000
Total number of eggs laid down in tall of 1878	1,585,000
Grand total of salmon fry distributed from this nursery	
since its commencement	2,615,000

# PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

#### MIRAMICHI FISH-BREEDING ESTABLISHMENT.

This institution was visited by me in July last, under very propitious circum stances, on account of the presence there at the same time of your Commissioner of

Fisheries, whose duties had called him to the Miramichi District.

Notwithstanding the knowledge which I had obtained proviously by my own personal inspection, and through other sources of a most reliable character, concerning the misfortunes that occurred the season previous in the loss of parent salmon, and consequent reduction in the supply of eggs for this establishment, I considered it o importance that your Commissioner should also ascertain if possible the real causes of the disaster, by personal enquiries, and by inspecting the hatchery, and its appliances which were originally arranged for successfully carrying on this fish-breeding establishment.

I will not here pre-conceive the conclusions the Commissioner arrived at from this visit to the Mirimachi hatchery; but I may state this, that upon examining the boxes or crates in which the salmon were brought down the river to the ponds, they were unhesitatingly condemned as being the most perfect "salmon killers" that could well be contrived. "The roughness of their construction, jagged edges," and sharp splinters of wood with the points of nails or spikes projecting through the inside, were sufficient, if not to kill the fish outright on the journey down, at any rate to bruise them so as to leave no cause of doubt why "large blotches of fungus appeared on their bodies," and that they should have "sickened and died."

After making the closest inspection of the buildings, dams, apparatus, and all other appliances in connection with this establishment, I was unable to discern any really serious defect either in the location, the construction of the works, or in the appuratenances belonging to it, or in the general adaptability for its special work.

Although the institution has undoubtedly met with serious drawbacks to success previous to the past year, from want of forethought and lack of judgment on the part of previous caretakers, and of others, and from disobedience of instructions; yet, notwithstanding all this, its present position and future prospects are very satisfactory indeed.

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It has been alleged by those who are grossly and childishly ignorant of everything that pertains to the working of such an establishment, that its whole conception as to place, construction, and convenience was formed in error, that the water was unsuited for fish-breeding, and that poisonous sedimentary matter was engendered in the stream, by which the objects for which the institution was built, would prove absolutely abortive.

But, after all, the sequel has proved the very reverse, and if viewed in the light in which experts in the science of fish-culture would pronounce it, the Miramachi fish-breeding establishment will, at the present day, bear a fair comparison with any other institution now in operation for similar purposes on the Continent of America.

From the manner in which Mr. Sheasgreen has complied with instructions given to him during the past year, and from the careful application which he has lately given to all matters in connection with the Miramichi Hatchery, a more pleasing record of operations will, I trust, be shown in the future. In the rearing and distribution of the fry last spring, and the more successful handling of the parent fish, and gathering of eggs last fall, results have been quite creditable and altogether satisfactory. This is the more pleasing for me to relate in reference to this officer now, because formerly it became my duty to pass ceusure upon him and others in relation to misfortunes which befell that establishment.

The parent salmon for stocking this nursery were captured, as in former years, near the head of the tide-way of the Miramachi River, and conveyed to the pond at the nursery in cribs or scows, without any serious loss. The number taken was three hundred and eighty-eight (388); of these two hundred and eighteen (218) were males, and one hundred and seventy (170) females. The latter, when stripped, gave one million (1,000,000) eggs, or an average of six thousand (6000) each. These

were placed upon the metal trays in the hatching troughs.

An additional supply of two hundred and fifty thousand ova was transferred to this nursery from Bedford, where it was considered advisable that the excessively large stock of eggs should be reduced. The latest reports from Mr. Sheasgreen are:— "Eggs all doing well;"—"No difference in any of the troughs, they appear all alike;"—"All inconnection with hatching-house going on well;"—"Can see signs of life in the first eggs laid down."

The stock of salmon fry reared from the eggs of the previous year was reported to be six hundred and sixty-five thousand (665,000.) These were planted in lots varying from twenty thousand (20,000) to one hundred thousand (100,000), in the following rivers in the Province of New Brunswick, namely:—North-West, Main South-West and Little South-West Miramichi Rivers; also, the Black, Shediac,

Tabusintac, Sevogle, Bartibog, Burnt Church, Salmon and Canaan Rivers.

The account given by an officer sent specially from Ontario to the establishment during the season of hatching and distribution of the fry, was: "That the "eggs, some six hundred and fifty thousand (650,000), were shortly afterwards "hatched into a like number of healthy fish, and when the fish were ready for distribution, I saw that they were distributed according to instructions and in good order."

This officer, after a full examination of the building and premises during a month's stay, says:—"Generally speaking, I found things in good order. I have "been seven years under instructions; I have laid down eggs in the Sandwich "House, the one on the Saguenay River, the Newcastle House, and also visited the "house on the Restigouche River, and I consider that the Miramachi House is equal "to any of them, so far as regards the hatching of fish. I believe, if the Superin-"tendent's explicit instructions were more thoroughly carried out, the losses would be much less."

Mr. Parker's report of his doings at Miramichi is herewith appended:—

Newcastle, Ont., 31st December, 1878.

W. F. WHITCHER, Esq.,

Commissioner of Fisheries.

SIR,—Under instructions from the Superintendent of Fish Culture, I proceeded, on the 7th May last, to Miramichi, for the purpose of ascertaining the state of affairs at the breeding-house there, and of rendering the care-taker any assistance or advice that I considered necessary.

Generally speaking, I found things in good order. The fish had just commenced hatching, and the whole of the eggs, some six hundred and fifty thousand (650,000), were shortly afterwards hatched into a like number of healthy fish. This house, being well supplied with water, is capable of hatching double this number of fish.

While I was there (until the latter part of June), I watched all the different changes of the stream during both high and low water, and, so far as I could observe, there was but very little sediment came down the stream, much less than in most streams throughout the country.

One rain will bring down more sediment in a creek in Ontario, than I saw

during my whole visit at Miramichi.

When the fish were ready for distribution, Mr. Sheasgreen attended to the house, and I saw that the fish were distributed according to instructions, and in good order.

I thoroughly examined the reception pond, and consider it well adapted for the purpose for which it was laid out. I found that the upper part had a gravelly bottom, and the lower part a sandy one, with a good living stream of water flowing constantly through it. As for size, it is capable of containing eight hundred (800) parent fish.

It has been rumoured that a large proportion of the parent fish die after being placed in this receptacle; some say on account of the badness of the water. From this opinion, sir, I beg to differ, as I consider it is from the way the fish are handled

during their conveyance to the pond.

Mr. Sheasgreen (a brother of the officer in charge) says that he has seen them drawing them up one of the slides with a horse and stick half way up, and the fish lying partly dry and knocked about on the rough made cribs they use for transporting them. Consequently, the fish get badly bruised before reaching the pond. When they get thus injured, there is a growth of fungus begins upon the bruises, and under these conditions the fish soon sicken and dic.

I have been over seven years under instructions of S. Wilmot, Esq., the Superintendent of Fish Culture. I have laid down eggs in the Sandwich House, the one on the Saguenay River, the Newcastle House and also visited the house on the Restigouche River, and I consider that the Miramachi House is equal to any of them so

far as regards the hatching of fish.

Four years ago last fall, I laid down the fish eggs (one and a half million) in the Miramichi House. We had three hundred and seventy-five (375) parent fish in the pond, and I got them into the reception house without much difficulty, spawned them, and released them without any loss. I believe, that if the Superintendent's explicit instructions were more thoroughly carried out the losses would be much less.

Mr. Hogan, who got the fish up the river, and Mr. Sheasgreen gave me an account of the number of fish that were put into the pond and the reception house. Mr.

Hogan's own account given to me, is as follows:-

"Started men to get salmon for hatching house; set net September 3rd; on the "4th we had 17 fish, on the 5th 15 died. Went on getting fish."

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September 15th, put 20 salmon in pond. do 17th, do 70 do do 22nd, do 30 do do house. 26th, do 50 do do do do 29th, do 70 do do 5th, do 49 October do pond. 16th, do 85 house.

Two hundred and thirty-five (235) put in house and one hundred and thirty-nine

(139) put in the pond; total three hundred and seventy-four (374).

I desire to say something about the different kinds of trays in the Miramachi House because some people lay blame for killing the eggs to them. There are zinc trays covered with varnish, also wire trays. Both these kinds of trays are used at Newcastle in Ontario, and at Restigouche, Saguenay, Gaspé and Sandwich, and I do not know any difference in them.

It is impossible for any injury to come from any of these trays after being covered with parrilian varnish. I have used them myself for seven years and know this from long experience in trying them. Mr. Sheasgreen had some of the earthen trays. They are very clumsy to handle, and take up twice the room of the other trays in the troughs. The eggs at the Miramachi house were put on all the trays, zinc, wire and earthenware, and I did not know the difference with the eggs on any of the trays. The fish hatched out on them all alike. There was some little difference with the eggs that came from the Restigouche River. I attribute this to their being carried a long distance.

I noticed the head of water, and the quantity running into the house. There was

plenty water coming into the house to hatch over a million of fish.

There are three pump logs of two-inch holes each to carry the water into the house to supply about sixteen troughs. There is a head of three or four feet above the level of the troughs at the feeding pond. This should give a very large supply of water for the eggs.

The Newcastle fish house in Ontario is fed with two three-inch holes with about six inches head, and feeds forty troughs with one inch outlet pipes to each trough, so that there cannot be any want of water at the Miramachi house if the pipes and

dam are kept clean and tight.

I got home from New Brunswick in the end of June. My account for expenses and travelling will be found herewith.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed)

WM. PARKER,

Caretaker Newcastle Fish-Breeding Establishment.

# PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

## BELFORD BASIN FISH BREEDING ESTABLISHMENT.

This nursery has given very satisfactory results in the great number of salmon fry which have been turned out from it since its commencement. As this is the last establishment built it necessarily possesses advantages resulting from the experience gained at all the others.

The officer in charge gives in his report a statement in detail of the manner and the places in which the parent salmon were taken to supply this nursery with eggs.

It is mentioned that forty-two salmon were captured in the Sackville River just along side of the nursery; the remainder were taken in the Musquodoboit, Phillip, and West Rivers. The distance of these last mentioned rivers from the hatchery necessitates considerable trouble and expense in the process of capturing and "penning up" the fish till ripe for spawning; also, in the carrying of the ova from these receptacles or ponds by railway to the hatching house. The Sackville River having given forty-two parent fish this year, may be looked forward to for yielding the whole supply in a few years hence.

A number of the eggs of the whitefish and salmon-trout were sent to this establishment from the Newcastle hatchery in Ontario. These were successfully hatched

out and put into some of the interior lakes of Nova Scotia.

The immense number of lakes throughout this Province offer great advantages for producing supplies of fresh-water fishes of the better kinds, such as whitefish and salmon trout. These being indigenous to nearly all of the lakes in Western Canada, would no doubt, thrive well in the pure cold water of the lakes in Nova Scotia.

The project of stocking these waters with a more valuable fish than those which

now inhabit them should be vigoroesly carried out.

The total number of salmon taken to supply the Bedford nursery with eggs was four hundred and seventy-six (476), of these three hundred and fourteen (514) were females, and one hundred and sixty-two (162) males. The females gave an average of eight thousand (8000) eggs each; the gross number of ova reported to

be produced being two million five hundred and twenty thousand (2,520,000).

Two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) of these were transferred to the Miramichi nursery, where sufficient hatching room was open for them, whilst at Bedford the stock yet on hand of two million and a quarter would, I fear, still cause overcrowding; although the officer in charge says that "the establishment has ample room for the accommodation of three millions of salmon ova and one millon of whitefish ova." Should success attend the hatching out of this very large stock at Bedford it will be very gratifying.

I am unable to give particulars of the state of the ova at Bedford at present, except through the medium of a copy of Mr. A. B. Wilmot's annual report of the 31st December last, in which he says "appearances warrant me in predicting a hatching

of at least two millions of young fry next spring."

The number of salmon fry hatched out last spring was very large, being as per report of distribution, one million four hundred thousand (1,400,000.) This would show a vield of about ninety-six and a half  $(96\frac{1}{2})$  per cent. from the eggs laid down during the previous fall. As this percentage could not be produced under any circumstances,

an error either in the count of the ova or of the fry, must have occurred.

On account of the great facilities afforded by the numerous lines of railway running through Nova Scotia the fry have been distributed throughout a very large portion of the Province. Thirty-five rivers in the Counties of Halifax, Hants, Cumberland, Colchester, Pictou, Annapolis and Lunenburg received quotas of young fish varying from twenty thousand (20,000) to one hundred and twenty thousand for each river. The whitefish, one hundred and fifty thousand (150,000), and salmon trout, eight thousand (8,000), were put in Grand Lake, Lily Lake and Sandy Lake, all in Halifax County, and one lot of twenty thousand (20,000) whitefish was distributed in Folly's Lake in Colchester County. The general success in the transportation of the fry was considered most satisfactory.

The building tanks and apparatus of all kinds, together with the outside arrangements in connection with this establishment, are reported by the officer in

charge, all in first class condition.

Total salmon fry turned out of this nursery in spring of	
1878,	1.400.000
Total of salmon trout, do	8,000
" whitefish, do	160.000
Total number of salmon eggs laid down in fall of 1878	2.250,000
Total number of young fish turened out since com-	•
mencement of works	2,795,000

## PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

## NEWCASTLE FISH-BREEDING ESTABLISHMENT ..

Here, during the past season, operations have been carried on upon a more extensive scale than in any former years, both in the number of eggs laid down and in the quantity of fry hatched out. It will be unnecessary to give particular details

at this time in relation to this establishment, as they have been so fully described in former reports. No particular improvements have been made to the nursery or premises, neither have there been any experiments made, nor apparatus invented which would call forth any special remarks. Everything in connection with the internal arrangements and the breeding apparatus is in first-class condition, and working with the utmost satisfaction. The external works are also in good order.

One improvement is, however, necessary to be carried out during the coming season, namely, to re-arrange and permanently build the lower portion or foundation of the reception house, where the parent salmon are kept. Part of the building, after several years exposure, is becoming badly decayed and is causing the upper portion of the house to get displaced, and if not remedied next summer by a small outlay, will by remaining longer in this state, entail considerable expense in the re-erection of a new reception house. The necessary cedar timbers have already been purchased; it only therefore requires an expenditure for labour to excavate the foundations and raceway and lay the timbers down.

From the stock of eggs deposited in the hatching troughs of this establishment

in the fall of 1877, the percentage which produced fry was very satisfactory.

These were distributed over a very large extent of country. The young salmon amounting in number to six hundred thousand (600,000) were principally put into streams in Ontario; others were sent to the Province of Quebec, and a considerable number were dispatched to England, and also to the United States.

The distribution for Ontario was made in Wilmot's, Barber's, Duffin's and Grafton Creeks; in the Trent, Saugeen, Rouge, Humber, and Credit Rivers. Deposits were also made in the following lakes:—Ontario, Balsam, Clear. Sandy, and Cushog.

Those for Quebec were sent to North River and Magog River. A lot was also sent to the Adirondack Lakes, in the United States. Several thousands were forwarded to the estates of Lord Exeter, in England, and upwards of forty thousand (40,000) were taken by the hands of Mr. Begg for distribution in England and Scotland.

The California salmon fry, thirty-five thousand (35,000) in number, were all put in streams in Ontario; and the young salmon trout, six hundred and fifty thousand (650,000), were principally placed in Lake Ontario. Balsam, Clear and Sandy Lakes also got a fair supply, and a number were sent to Magog Lake in Quebec, and to Bedford, Nova Scotia. Several thousands of the ova of these fish were also sent to England.

Upwards of a million of the whitefish fry raised here were planted in Lake Ontario, and the balance of three hundred thousand (300,000) were sent in the egg

form to Nova Scotia and England,

It would be absurd to report that all of these fry and eggs were distributed without losses or mishaps of any kind, for it would be quite impossible to perform the extremely critical and laborious undertaking of transporting to long distance in cans or barrels by waggon and railway the enormous number of nearly three miliions of little delicate creatures like fish fry without misfortunes taking place on some of the longer and more tiresome journeys; but it is, nevertheless, a matter of congratulation that this service was performed with an astonishing amount of safety.

## CALIFORNIA SALMON.

It is to be regretted that the consignment of salmon cggs, made by Professor Baird to your Department, from the McLeod River in California, should have arrived in such an unfortunate condition as to prove worthless, with the exception of a thousand or so.

From the correspondence entered into with Prof. Baird and Livingston Stone, Esq., Assistant Commissioner, to ascertain the cause of the disaster, no clue has been found how, or in what part of the route it occurred. With consignments of this kind, in future, a special messenger will be despatched to meet the eggs on arrival of the Pacific cars at Chicago, to see to their safety till they reach this establishment.

#### SPECKLED TROUT.

A number of speckled trout eggs were laid down here, which were obtained from the Tadoussac Nursery, on the Saguenay River, and they are all doing remarkably well.

It is proposed to collect a very large number of trout ova another year, both at the Saguenay and Restigouche establishments, to be forwarded to this nursery with a view to general distribution throughout Ontario, where in many localities these fish have become exceedingly scarce, and in many of the streams in the older settled

sections quite extinct.

It might not be considered advisable to distribute the trout-fry gratis, as the greater portion of the streams and ponds in the settled parts of Ontario have become private property; but as the demand is now becoming very great for supplies of these fish, the trifling charge that would be made for covering the expense of transporting the eggs and hatching out the fry, would be readily paid by the numerous applicants that would want them, if it were publicly known that they could get them in this way.

#### SALMON-TROUT.

A very large quantity of the ova of the salmon-trout (salmo amethystus) were

obtained in the neighbourhood of Meaford and Thorndale, on Lake Huron.

The collection of these eggs is attended with a great deal of risk and trouble, as they are taken from the salmon-trout after being captured in gill-nets in the open lake, which at the spawning season is generally rough and tempestuous, being in the month of November, when cold inclement weather prevails. On this account the stripping of the fish and the impregnation of the eggs becomes not only a difficult and disagreeable work, but also a very precarious one in the percentage of eggs that may become vitalized. Therefore the same reliance cannot be placed upon a satisfactory impregnation of salmon-trout ova as with other kirds of fish eggs where greater facilities are afforded for carrying out the work.

One million eight hundred thousand (1,800,000) were collected, and notwithstanding the difficulties above alluded to, and the carriage of them by railway from Collingwood to Newcastle, fully sixty per cent. are now showing the embryo within them, and, judging from present indications, the number will be but slightly reduced at the

time of hatching out.

The salmon trout are, perhaps, at the present time the most valuable fish taken in the great lakes, and should be very closely cared for at the spawning season, with the view to continue a regular supply for the future in the markets of the country. The traffic in these fish is now very considerable, and the demand is constantly increasing. This calls forth extra energies to capture them on the part of the fishermen.

Hitherto this business has not been so systematically carried on, either by the most improved modes of taking the fish, or the employment of much capital. But during the past year or so companies have been formed with large capital, employing skilled fishermen, and using machinery of the most improved description for the methodical capture of the fish—in fact, the greatest skill and ingenuity is brought to

bear that will best repay the investment put into the enterprise.

The great demand for fish food of this superior kind, and the best schemes being devised to supply the market with it, will soon tell very seriously indeed upon its natural production, unless reasonably restricted by Departmental regulations, and by the strictest observance of the proper close seasons, in which these fish may be permitted to deposit their eggs in their natural spawning grounds unmolested.

It is extremely unwise to gratify the ambitious desires and avarice of a certain portion of the community (whose only object is speedy gains for the present) out of this source of national wealth, and thereby seriously injuring this industry and shortly exterminating it, when it might otherwise be made to last indefinitely, and

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be made the means of supplying employment, food and riches to the inhabitants for

generations to come.

Should this determined desire (by fishermen) to "kill and" (the public to) "eat" pregnant, gravid fish continue and be unrestricted, the only means left open would be to assist nature by saving from total destruction a proportionate amount of the reproductive qualities of the fish thus unnaturally slaughtered; by extensively employing artificial methods of propagation; by the crection of such necessary hatching establishments at points where these fish are numerously caught, and in which the eggs, after being taken from the fish and impregnated, could be laid down and properly cared for till hatched out, and the young fish returned to the waters where (had the parent fish not been destroyed) they would have been brought forth naturally.

In this way millions upon millions of the eggs now irretrievably lost might be made to yield a large percentage of living fry. The practicability of carrying out this industry is now beyond all cavil, as shown from the results already achieved,

not only in Canada, but throughout the civilized world.

## Salmon.

Eight hundred and fifty-six thousand (856,000) eggs of salmon were deposited in the hatching-troughs of the Newcastle Nursery last fall. These, although progressing very satisfactorily now, have not equalled the standard of some other years in their healthy character. The embryo is quite discernable at the present

time, and promises well for an abundant crop of fry next spring.

The quantity of eggs laid in the natural way in the bed of the stream during the past autumn, judging from the great numbers of salmon engaged in the work, must have been immense. The unusually high water caused a more than ordinary "run" of salmon to ascend the stream. These fish were unceasingly engaged in laying their spawn on the gravel beds during the continuance of the freshet. subsidence of the high water the fish also descended to the lake, leaving the unmistakeable marks of their labor in the numerous "nests or beds" of uprooted gravel, which they had displaced in the act of laying their eggs and covering them u.p. These spawning-beds were continuous throughout the length of the stream, from the breeding house to the lake. Tens of thousands of the eggs must have been laid in this way.

# Whitefish.

A million of the ova of the whitefish, "Coregonus Albus," were put into the patent hatching-cans here. These eggs were got from the Sandwich Nursery and

are doing remarkably well, the embryos being plainly visible in them.

Arrangements were made for the laying down of ten millions of these eggs here, but difficulties arose which prevented the anticipated number being secured on the Detroit River. Arrangements are in progress by which a quantity even in excess of the ten millions will be secured for this establishment next autumn. The eggs now on hand will become fry about the middle of March, when they will be turned into Lake Ontario.

One million three hundred thousand (1,300,000) young whitefish were hatched out here last spring, and distributed in the waters of Lake Ontario and other lakes

in this Province. A number were also sent to foreign countries.

At the commencement of the undertaking to hatch whitefish by artificial means, it was considered the most hazardous enterprise in fish-culture; the very small size of the eggs, and the difficulty of handling them for cleansing purposes entailed end-less labour and expense, and great anxiety was always felt for their safety. Now, from the improvements which have been made and from the introduction of the patent hatching can invented here, the whitefish eggs are found to be very easily and cheaply managed, and also to be hatched out with greater certainty of success than any other of that class of fish ova which require a great length of time during the winter months for their development.

	**********			
Total number	of salmon fry hatched out o	of the l	Newcastle	
	Spring of 1878			
	of Salmon-trout fry, Spring			
do	California salmon fry.	do		5,000 ت
do	Speckled trout fev	do		20,000
do	Whitefish fry,	do	•••••	
m. tal mumban	Fotal fry of salmon fry eggs laid dov		V.maaatla	2,605,000
Nursery,	n Fall of 1878	,	Nowcastie	857,000
Total number	of Salmon trout eggs, Fall	of 187	8	1,840,000
do	Speckled trout eggs,	do		144,000
ço	Whitefish eggs,	do	•••	1,000,000
ŗ	Total eggs	•••••	•••••••	3,841,000
Grand total of establishm	young fish of all kinds turnent since commencement	ned or	it of this	6,675,00)

# SANDWICH FISH-BREEDING ESTABLISHMENT.

This institution was very successful in its operations last spring in hatching out about twenty millions of whitefish, the percentage of young fry obtained from the

eggs laid down being very satisfactory.

Two hundred and twenty thousand (220,000) of these young fish were carried to Hamilton and deposited in the Bay. A similar number were also taken by railway to Toronto, and placed in the waters of that harbor. The balance of this large crop was carried directly from the hatchery into the Detroit River. The whole work of distributing this immense number of delicate little fish was performed most satisfactorily.

This very extensive fish-breeding establishment was built with the view of rearing whitefish by the artificial methods on a very large scale. Its capacity, if worked up to the fullest extent, would (by the use of the Patent Incubators),

accommodate some eighty millions and upwards of whitefish eggs.

Hitherto it has been found very difficult, indeed, to secure even a moderate supply of eggs for this nursery, and it would therefore be wise to make such necessary arrangements during the coming season by which this institution will be able to carry out more extensively the object for which it was originally intended.

Only fifteen millions (15,000,000) of eggs were laid down at this hatchery last autumn, when, at the commencement of the season, it was confidently expected that

at least double this quantity would have been collected.

This, however, could not be accomplished on account of the very peculiar and extremely selfish disposition of the greater number of persons engaged in fishing on the Detroit River. Great unwillingness is shown by them to assist, and with some, even, serious obstructions are thrown in the way of the employés engaged in collecting eggs for the works. Should this disposition be further indulged in, or no steps taken to remedy the evidently increasing avaricious tendency among the fishermen, the success of this breeding establishment cannot possibly be of a progressive character.

It has therefore become highly expedient that some plan should be adopted by which the establishment shall be enabled to secure its necessary supply of eggs, quite independent of the greed and caprice of some of the more prominent of the fishermen who now monopolise the use of those fishing-grounds, where it has been found that any reliance can be placed upon securing a proper supply of eggs with reasonable

certainty of success.

From the experience already gained in connection with the gathering of fish eggs, and with the practical knowledge now obtained, concerning the merits of the fishing361

stations on the Detroit River, and with the view, also, to fully realize the benefits for which the fish hatchery was built, it has become absolutely necessary to permanently secure and thoroughly control one or more of the fishing-stations that may be best adapted for the procuring a supply of parent fish for the uses of the nursery; where the netting of the whitefish can be carried on either by the employés of the hatchery, or by arrangements specially made with some reliable fishermen who shall, at all times during the period of capturing fish, be under the control and orders of the officer in charge, who shall be at liberty to exercise his judgment as to the time and manner in which the fish captured by the fishermen shall be used for the purpose of obtaining from them the ova.

In view of carrying out this plan, which is essentially necessary, early arrangements should be made by which a pen or pens should be constructed (at such fishing stations as may be secured) for impounding the early caught fish (if found necessary)

until they become thoroughly ripe for spawning purposes.

By this mode of procedure, and being in possession of suitable fishing stations and managing the fishery in the manner described, it may be most safely concluded, that a permanent and satisfactory means would be established by which the Sandwich Fish Hatchery could be enabled to rely, with reasonable certainty, upon securing, annually, a full stock of eggs, the number of which would be so great as not only to fairly satisfy the wants of that immediate locality, but also furnish supplies for other parts of the Dominion where urgent demands are now being made for the introduction of this valuable commercial fish.

Mr. Nevin, the officer in charge of the Sandwich Hatchery (in his report appended hereto), draws attention to the importance of making some permanent and satisfactory arrangement for obtaining his supply of eggs. He also draws attention to certain improvements being made to the hatchery itself, which, if carried out in connection with the means recommended for securing the eggs, would warrant great success.

With these views I fully coincide, and would recommend that the project of securing fishing-grounds for the use of the hatchery be carried out, and that upon its consummation the improvements in connection with extending the hatching capacity

of the building should also be proceeded with.

The eggs now undergoing the process of hatching, some fifteen millions (15,000,000) in number, are far advanced, and will no doubt be in readiness for distribution as fry, during the month of March.

The engine and other machinery, with the several kinds of material and breeding

apparatus belonging to the establishment, are all in first-class condition.

Improvements were made during the past summer by fencing in the ground and buildings, which adds materially to the safety and general appearance of the establishment.

## EVIDENCES OF SALMON IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

During the past fall the evidence of the presence (in the waters of this Province) of salmon in increased numbers was ample and conclusive, both as regards streams where they have been observed of late years, and others where for several

years past no fish of this species has been seen.

Wilmot's Creek, near Newcastle, from which the parent fish are obtained for the hatchery was literally alive with salmon, in fact, from the middle of October till the middle of November hundreds could be counted throughout the stream and on the spawning-beds. Just below the Gravel Road Bridge it was no uncommon sight to see a score of fish at one time engaged in depositing their eggs. Great numbers must have passed in and out of the stream unobserved on account of the height of

water consequent on the heavy rains.

Barber's Creek, Bowmanville. Of this stream Mr. P. Coleman, the guardian, reports :- "Salmon began running very early-quite a number up creek on 5th Oct. "I believe there was a large increase over former years."

Grafton Creek. The following extracts from the report of the guardian appointed to watch this creek, show the salmon there to have been very abundant. He says:-"Upon 27th October a large school of salmon entered the creek and went up stream "about four miles. About two hundred salmon came up to the pool below the dam,

"we counted thirty beds in which the fish laid their eggs."

Mr. Gilchrist, Fishery Overseer, Port Hope, writes of the River Trent:—" I can "say that a great many salmon entered it; a great many were seen at Stirling. "There were also a great many fish seen at Chisholm's Dam; they were also to be "seen at many places along the river. Quite a number of spawning bods were seen in the shallow parts of the river. I should judge by what I saw myself, and "what was told me by others, that a very great many more salmon came into the "Trent last fall than formerly. There were also a number of salmon to be seen in "the Cobourg stream. Gage's Creek, Port Hope Creek, Brand's Creek, and in fact "every stream that empties itself into Lake Ontario in my division. They came "into streams last fall where they have not been known for many long years past.

The following extracts from the report of Mr. J. W. Kerr, Fishery Overseer, Hamilton, are also submitted as showing the marked increase of salmnon in his

division :-

"Salmon were more numerous last season than for fourteen years past, both in

"Lake Ontario and the numerous rivers and creeks in my district.

"In Duffin's Creek, where the first fish of this kind was seen in 1869 (three in "number), there have been several hundreds noticed this year by the guardian and

"numerous other persons residing in the neighborhood of the stream.

"In many places salmon have been taken (either by persons ignorant of the "law or by wilful transgressors), namely: in Frenchman's Bay, two salmon 10½ "lbs. each; in Lake Ontario (off Frenchman's Bay), one salmon of 10 lbs.; in the "Humber River, one salmon (last spring); in Lake Ontario (Port Credit), one "captured weighing 8½ lbs., and several others seen also in the lake off Bronte; two were netted; at Burlington Beach, three killed, one speared; at Winona, two taken, "5 and 8 lbs. respectively; in the Dundas Marsh, one speared; and off Grimsby, one "netted weighing 8 lbs.

"Six large salmon were also killed in the Niagara River, three at Niagara and

"three at Queenston.

"The guardian and others report having seen several salmon and spawning-beds

"in Lyons' Creek last fall.

"In Duffin's Creek the fish noticed in the act of spawning amounted to about "one hundred and fifty, all very large. There were about sixty spawning-beds.

"In the River Credit salmon were seen by the guardian as early as September, "near Indian Village. At Springfield, also, these fish were abundant, one being crushed by the mill-wheel, Turner's Mill at this place. Two miles above Streetsville "numbers of salmon were seen by Solomon Carter (an old salmon spearer), who "describes them as being of different shape and darker color than those he used to "spear in bygone days. Query: Would these be California salmon? From the time "of the freshet in September, when these fish evidently got over the Streetsville dams, "they were seen daily.

Several salmon were also seen in the Sixteen Mile Creek, Oakville, and in the

"Twelve Mile Creek near Bronté."

## OBJECTIONS TO FISH CULTURE.

Much criticism has been and is still indulged in by many persons inimical to this enterprise of fish-breeding in Ontario, concerning the non-appearance in the 363

lake of such large numbers of the salmon as should (in their opinion) be reasonably looked for, considering the magnitude of the operations carried on at the Newcastle Nursery, and the consequently large numbers of fry which have been there hatched and successfully distributed into the numerous rivers and streams flowing into Lake Ontario. But this apparent (not real) "short crop" from "labour expended" and "seed sown" should be fairly viewed from various standpoints of reasoning, and regarded without bias or prejudice; when it cannot but be obvious, even to the most sceptically inclined, that it would be unreasonable to expect, at present, more gratifying results than those which have already ensued from the introduction of artificial salmon culture:

When it is considered how great and radical are the changes which (within the last quarter of a century) have taken place in everything relating to the natural requirements of the salmon in Lake Ontario, and in the several stream of the country, the wonder is, that at the present time its waters contain any such fish at all; and certain it is, that, were it not for their reproduction by the artificial means which have been adopted, and the protection afforded them afterwards, the lake

would long ere this have ceased to be frequented by this noble fish.

It is alike fair and just that the opinions and views of the enthusiast and reflecting man on the one hand, and the discontented and ignorant person on the other, should receive due attention from the Government of a country, where the subject under consideration is of national importance; but in this matter the objections raised are in many instances not only the result of want of judgment and reflection, but in most cases are the outcome of the greed and spleen of disappointed poachers.

It is within the memory of many of the inhabitants of this Province now living that salmon were so abundant in many of the creeks and rivers tributary to Lake Ontario, that thousands have been speared in one stream in a single night, when the fish were gravid and ascending to the upper waters, according to nature's law, for

the purpose of depositing their spawn.

This unholy and sinful destruction of pregnant egg-bearing fish was considered then (as it would be considered now) by lawless ignorant and avaricious men to be their right and inheritance; and under this notion of proprietorship and privilege to "kill and eat," they wantonly destroyed a gift bestowed by God upon man for him to "use" and not "abuse."

This barbarous practice was continued till the "creature that laid the golden eggs" had become almost extinct in the waters of this Province, and would have totally disappeared but for the application of the new science of artificial fish culture, through the instrumentality of which numerous streams in certain localities have already been restocked with large numbers of salmon. These fish would, were it not for the enforcement of judicious protective laws, soon share the fate of their ancestors by being mercilessly slaughtered by the same description of lawless people.

Amongst this class then (as at the present time) were found the unfair critic, the sceptic, the ignorant grumbler, and the poacher, and it is these now who, baulked in their efforts to have their sway to "kill and destroy," are found clamoring about the alleged want of success of an undertaking which is not only fostered and encouraged in Canada, but in almost every civilized country in the world, each of which is striving with laudable rivalry to obtain the pre-eminence.

It is a question in the minds of many whether there are not a very large number of salmon in Lake Ontario now quite equal to any expectations that might reasonably be indulged in, considering the time in which its re-stocking by artificial means has been carried on and the numbers of artificially-hatched fry deposited in

its streams.

The only attempts hitherto made to ascertain whether salmon (in large numbers) frequent the shores of Lake Ontario, have been by the employment of a few trapnets near Port Newcastle, and these trials can be considered by no means unsatisfactory, when it is understood that the nets used were of a very complicated construc-

tion, requiring great experience and care in their management and (during the fish-

ing season) an almost daily overhauling.

So far, these trial-nets have not had experts to manage them, in fact few men are now to be found who thoroughly understand the proper method of setting and fishing them. These nets were made many years ago, and are consequently very much decayed, so much so that the persons using them last season report that more fish broke through than were captured.

It must be stated, to give the results a fair comparison with those of bygone years, that upwards of twenty years ago, when the taking of salmon by trap-nets was at its height in Lake Ontario, the nets were invariably set as early as April or May, and kept continually in use till October (which latter month was at that time the commencement of the close season); but now, by statute, salmon fishing is not allowed after August, except when the limit has been extended by Departmental regulation to the 15th of August.

The use of these few nets of late being only for experimental purposes, has not been worked up to that business standard which would otherwise be the case. With unsound nets, and fishermen comparatively unskilled in their use, the results must necessarily prove less satisfactory than would be the case if the fishing were carried

on as a purely mercantile enterprise.

These trials have seldom been commenced before the end of June, and sometimes not till the early part of July, and the nets have been finally removed by the 15th August. It will thus be seen that, formerly, the whole season (or six months of the year) was occupied (by experienced fishermen) in trap-net fishing, while latterly this has not been carried on more than six weeks, or two months at the utmost, and then only as an experiment with unskilled fishermen and defective machinery.

It is but just to mention another circumstance which militates most seriously against the taking of salmon with these trap-nets, which are only set at points along the lake shore miles apart, and running out but some ten rods into the lake, so that salmon are only captured in them when coasting for food, or when their reproduc-

tive instincts urge their migration along the shore in search of their native streams.

The herring, which was the principal food of the salmon in the lake, (having now become almost exterminated) are found in such very few numbers along the coast that no inducement is offered the salmon to approach the shore during the early summer months, and when in the fall their instinct prompts them to enter the

creeks for spawning, the season for netting has long passed by.

It is, therefore, very possible (and judging from the great numbers that now enter many streams for spawning purposes it is very probable) that large numbers of salmon at the present time frequent Lake Ontario; yet, from the causes above described, it is found extremely difficult to capture them during the summer months whilst on their feeding-grounds in deep water. As an illustration of this it may be mentioned that salmon, although inhabiting the ocean in myriads, are never taken on their feeding-grounds in the open sea, but are only netted when on their migration along the coast to, and in the estuaries of, their native rivers for breeding purposes.

REMARKS ON THE PLANTING OF SALMON-FRY IN THE SAUGEEN RIVER ON LAKE HURON.

The expectations for which the first lot of Ontario salmon-fry was placed in the Saugeen River in 1872 (with renewals every year since), ought by this time to have given some evidence of whether salmon would become acclimated to, and reproduce their species in, Lake Huron, the waters of which were not originally their habitat.

No positive evidence has yet been given of any adult fish having been seen or taken in the Luke Huron, but several young salmon of the parr and smolt size have not only been seen, but also caught with hook and line in branches of the Saugeen River. This fact of the young fish having been taken in the river as far back as the summer of 1876, should by this time have produced evidence of their return to the stream in the adult state for the reproduction of their species; that is assuming that they had reached maturity in Lake Huron, and possessed the instinctive feelings found with salmon elsewhere of invariably returning for spawning purposes to the same stream in which they were bred.

This, however, may have taken place in a large river like the Saugeen unobserved, and even if seen (and killed, as they undoubtedly would have been) it is unlikely

that information would be given of the circumstance.

In addition to the planting of our own salmon-fry in the Saugeen, a number of the California fry were similarly deposited in that river in 1876. The experiment was repeated in 1877, and in 1878, as previously related, another lot was also planted there. These may bring about the solution of the experiment more effectually and perhaps more speedily than has been the case with their cousins, the Ontario-salmon, as they have already given positive evidence of early acclimatization to other waters than their own of the Pacific Ocean, from the fact that adults of the California salmon have been already taken in Lake Ontario and Wilmot's Creek, reared from the hatching out of California eggs brought from Sacramento in October, 1874 and 1875. These fish, it is rationally held, have not passed down to the Atlantic (certainly not to the Pacific), but have made Lake Ontario their habitat.

It must not be contended yet that because the Ontario salmon that were put in the Saugeen River have not been seen or caught as adult fish, the experiment of acclimatizing them has failed, or that it is impossible succeed in the enterprise; for if this conclusion is come to, it must be held that the salmon so plentiful in former days, and somewhat numerous now in Lake Ontario, must of necessity migrate annually to and from the ocean in like manner as their congenors in the rivers of the Maritime Provinces and in other parts of the world. And, following out this reasoning, the salmon put in Lake Huron must also have passed down the Niagara to the sea, but from the impassable nature of the great falls.

have been prevented from ascending to the waters of their early youth.

If the so-called Ontario salmon are only acclimatized, or have become indigenous to the waters they now dwell in, or if they are the initials or aboriginals of their species in Lake Ontario, then no reason whatever can be assigned why they should not easily be made natives of the great fresh-water seas of Huron and Superior, the waters of which are identically the same as those of Ontario and inhabited by pre-

, cisely the same tribes of fishes.

The conformation, character, and habits of the Ontario salmon and the "salmosalar" are so identical, that there can be no doubt or uncertainty as to their being the same fish, yet many of the former have unmistakably from acclimatization become natives of Lake Ontario, which to them is now their sea, in like manner as the Atlantic is to those salmon that frequent the rivers of the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

If on the other hand the salmon found in Lake Ontario are the original of their species, why would it not be reasonable to suppose that they should also have been found in Huron and the other greater lakes of the far west? The more rational conclusion must prevail that they were (and may be at the present time, for no decided proof can be shown to the contrary) originally the true "salmo salar," but in their migrations up the St. Lawrence, fulfilling the great law of nature in seeking abodes for reproduction, have, after carrying out the work of spawning in some of the well-adapted streams for that purpose running into Lake Ontario, dropped down to the Lake as hungry "kelts," and finding food congenial to their wants in the broad expanse of the Lake, and being satisfied had no desire to continue a further journey in search of nutriment, and thus resting satisfied with their new home became eventually acclimatized to it.

Now, had not nature's impassable barrier at Niagara stood in the way, the same instinctive, onward and upward tendency for the further colonization of their race would have carried them on through the continuation of the waters of the mighty St. Lawrence, on through the immense areas of Huron and Superior, where by the same described process of nature that took place in Ontario, myriads of these noble fish would now be found disporting themselves in the vast waters of the great

inland seas of America.

Entertaining these views induced the experiment to be tried of planting salmonfry in a tributary river to Lake Huron, and overstepping if possible by the ingenuity of man, Niagara's stupendous cataract; which, had it not formed this mighty barrier, would have left open the easy and natural channel by which the now greatly desired object of stocking the expansive western waters of the Dominion with the lordly salmon by artificial means, would have been accomplished by nature ages ago.

# INSPECTION OF THE MAGOG LAKES.

Having received instructions to visit the Magog Lakes, in the Eastern Townships, with the view to selecting a favourable site for the establishment of fish-cultural works in that section of the country, I beg to state that the result of my proceedings in connection therewith will be found in a report submitted to your Department in August last.

#### CONCLUSION.

In concluding this report upon the transactions connected with artificial fish-culture in Canada, I desire to draw attention to the very satisfactory policy which has obtained in the construction of the several creditable and commodious buildings now in use for carrying on this industry in the country. "That which is worth doing at all is worth doing well," has been adhered to in the erection of six out of the seven institutions now in full operation.

The cause of the Restigouche building being the exception was that it was the first establishment of the kind erected in the Maritime Provinces, and being the primary or experimental one there, was very rudely constructed, and therefore, after having done good service in the past, now requires rebuilding in a style at least equal to the

others, which combine durability, convenience and sightliness of character.

The success attending these several fish-breeding establishments in the Dominion at the present time, with the immense stores of vitalized fish-eggs now within their walls, is a matter of much congratulation for your Department; and the progress made in the science of fish-culture in Canada since its inception, I may here be permitted to say, is quite beyond the most sanguine expectations either of its originator or of the Government under whose favourable and patronizing auspices

the work has been so nobly and liberally carried on.

When it is shown that within the few years since the birth of this industry seven imposing structures for the artificial propagation of fish have been erected, all of which stand unrivalled on this continent for their practical application and utility; and when, during the infancy of this enterprise, it is shown that ninety-four millions (94,000,000) of fish-eggs of the salmon family have been collected and laid down in these buildings; that nearly twenty-seven millions (27,000,000) of these are at the present time far advanced towards incubation; and that fifty-three millions and upwards of young fish have been hatched out and distributed in the waters of this country—what mighty results may we not reasonably look forward to realize from the introduction of fish-culture into Canada when it shall have arrived at its strength of manhood and experience of ripe old age?

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

## SAMUEL WILMOT.

Superintendent Fish-breeding Establishments.

REPORTS OF THE SEVERAL OFFICERS IN CHARGE OF THE FISH-BREEDING ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE DOMINION OF CANADA, FOR THE YEAR 1878.

# PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

#### SANDWICH ESTABLISHMENT.

SANDWICH, 31st December, 1878.

Hon. JAMES C. POPE,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

Sir,—I herewith beg leave to present my annual report, as officer in charge of the fish-breeding establishment at Sandwich.

Last year I stated that some twenty-two millions (22,000,000) of white-fish eggs were laid down in good order on the hatching-trays and in our patent hatching-cans. Of these eighty per cent. were hatched.

The fish commenced hatching earlier than usual. On the eighth of March last, we had about four millions (4,000,000) hatched in one day. The cause of such a number hatching on that day was because we had to stop the water to repair the engine, and the water becoming a few degrees warmer in the cans, caused the eggs to hatch faster than I ever saw them hatch before. Mr. Wilmot caused a large tank to be made twenty-four feet long and seven feet wide, for the reception of the fry as they were hatched. This tank got so full of living fish that we had to commence carrying to the river. We carried some two hundred five-gallon cans of fish to the river on that day. The fish after that hatched more moderately. Young fish were carried to the river every day till the seventh of April, on which day we carried out one hundred and fifty cans. This closed our work for the season.

These large quantities of young whitefish were turned loose in Detroit River,

These large quantities of young whitefish were turned loose in Detroit River, with the exception of four hundred and twenty thousand (420,000). Two hundred and ten thousand (210,000) were taken to Burlington Bay, Hamilton, and two hundred and ten thousand to Toronto Bay. Mr. Kerr, the Fishery Overseer for that district assisted on both occasions.

Our fishermen were highly pleased to see such a large quantity of young fish turned into the Detroit River. The eggs saved in this way would otherwise have been a total loss.

We were not so successful in getting our supply of eggs this fall. The table below will show the names of the parties from whom we procured the eggs, with the places, and the quantity also:—

hting Island	)0
nd frost	00

We gathered in all eighteen million five hundred thousand (18,500,000). Three million five hundred thousand (3,500,000) proved to be worthless and bad. There were some sharp cold nights when the eggs were taken, which my men think was the chief cause of losing so many. This left us about fifteen millions (15,000,000) of good eggs. The eggs at this date are better than they have been in former years.

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Owing to the small catch of fish on Fighting Island, we were unable to get our full supply of eggs. Mr. Paxton, who owns Fighting Island, assisted us all that he could,

and deserves great credit.

The chief cause of not getting more eggs than we did, was on account of parties having fish, keeping them in their pens, and not selling them at the prices offered. From the first of November to the sixteenth, prices offered were from \$9 to \$10 per hundred fish, and on the twenty-fifth of November parties were selling them for \$22 and \$25 per hundred fish.

A. Rankin, Esq., having sold Bois Blanc Island to his son, McKee Rankin, and Alexander McKee, the fishing station therefore changed hands from Mr. Peterymough to A. McKee and Jas. McKee. The former always gave us all the assistance that he possibly could in procuring eggs, while the latter gave us all the opposition they possibly could. A. McKee said he would not have the eggs taken out of his fish, and Jas. Mekee would not let us have them unless we paid him at the rate of three dollars per hundred fish.

The fish at Bois Blanc were hauled ashore and shipped to C. W. Gauthier's freezing establishment every morning, and were contracted for beforehand at the

rate of four cents per pound.

All the eggs we did get from these fish would otherwise have been strewn on the beach or otherwise lost. I consider it downright selfishness of the McKee's preventing us from getting their eggs. No fishermen in Detroit River ever acted with us in the same manner. As this fishery was the only place on the river where there were eggs of any amount to be had, my men (four in number) consulted among themselves what was best to be done. They proposed to the McKee's to help to make up one set of men, and turn in and help to fish if they could only get the eggs. This was agreed to. The men caught in the neighborhood of seventeen hundred fish for McKee; those fish would average four pounds each, which at four cents per pound, would yield the McKee's two hundred and seventy-two dollars. I do not consider that McKee gave us any eggs of his free will.

What I would recommend is, that the Bois Blanc fishery be set apart for the purposes of the fish-breeding establishment to get the supply of eggs from annually, and that the Overseer of the fish-breeding house should have the privilege of taking

the eggs and the handling of the fish whenever he thought proper.

A great drawback in the spawning season is the scarcity of male fish. Perhaps out of a catch of eighty fish there will only be about five males, therefore we can only spawn a like number of females. What I would recommend would be for the Department to take the fishery in its own hands, or to let it to Mr. Peterymough, who would fish it under our orders and build a small pen capable of holding two thousand fish. Two-thirds of the first run of fish, from the 10th of October to the 1st of November are males. Then when the female runs of fish come along later in the spawning season we would have these early run male fish to impregnate the eggs with, and by this means we would be able to get our full supply of eggs from this one fishery to supply the establishment at its full capacity. We would then know beforehand where we were going to get our eggs, and be independent of the other fishermen.

The whitefish that are caught at Bois Blanc fishery are larger than the usual

run of fish of this kind.

I took particular pains to find out what amount of eggs could be got from each of these fish. I took fifty female fish as they came and spawned them, and they averaged twenty-five thousand eggs per fish.

Three thousand spawning fish from Bois Blanc fishery would give us seventy-

five millions of eggs.

The Newcastle fish-breeding establishment, with Mr. Wlimot's new patent cans, would hatch out annually twenty millions of the whitefish if eggs were to be had, which would go towards supplying Lake Ontario, which, at the present time, is nearly run out of these superior fish.

Edward Boismier, Esq., Fishery Overseer for this district, has taken great

interest in this establishment, and rendered me all the assistance he could.

Mr. Wilmot, our Superintendent, deserves great credit for his ingenuity in inventing the Wilmot hatching-can. Ever since Mr. Wilmot has had anything to do with the eggs of the white fish, it has been his constant study to invent something for the easy cleaning and washing of these small eggs. To my knowledge, it is some eight years since he began the experiments which he successfully accomplished two years ago and brought into practical use the patent hatchers, which effect a great saving of labor, and are not injurious to the eggs. One man is all that has been required to look after fifteen millions of eggs this fall, and one man would do the same (with these hatching-cans) with sixty millions after the first of January in each year.

The engine and pumps work well and are kept in good order by Daniel Semandre,

my night engineer, who is a good and faithful servant.

William Hill, my assistant, also takes great interest in his work, and has now

got a good practical knowledge of the business.

It is very necessary that your Department should make arrangements to lay down at least seventy-five millions of eggs here next year. To do this would require more water than our pumps are able to draw from the river. A larger and more powerful engine could be got for the price of the one here now, and it should be placed in a small engine-house outside the main building, which would give a great deal more room for hatching-cans inside, and also keep everything cleaner. There should also be larger pumps got, and a larger conductor pipe to bring more water from the river to hatch the eggs.

With these improvements, and by having a fishing-station and a pen of our own, I would be safe in promising sixty millions of young fish next year from this fish-

breeding house.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant.

# JAMES NEVIN,

Fishery Officer in charge of the Sandwich Fish-breeding Establishment.

# PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

GASPÉ ESTABLISHMENT.

GASPÉ BASIN, 4th December, 1878.

To the Honourable James C. Pope,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to submit my report on the operations in connection with

the Gaspe Fish breeding Establishment for the past year.

It is estimated that 800,000 ova were deposited in the month of October, 1877; the result was that in June last, the following number of fry were deposited in the rivers of Gaspé County:—

HUY	
n Řiver	300.000
**	
**	
	n Řiver

750,000

The success in removing all the young fish was very great. I went myself to Grand River with 25,000, and travelled two nights, changing the water as often as we deemed necessary; and, on arrival at Grand River, I took a scow and went six miles up the river; it was satisfactory to find that only about 60 fish had died in the two casks. This trip was made as an experiment, and proves that salmon-fry can be carried long distances by land with care and attention. Another season I will endeavour to transport them by steamer to Grand Pabos and Grand River, being less expensive, but not so reliable in case of rough weather

On 25th May, a net was set in Dartmouth River, and by the 8th June, forty-two salmon had been caught; next day, 9th June, we were compelled to raise the net, on account of a heavy rain fall. It was put out again 15th June, and, fortunately, we were not forced to remove it again until 22nd July, when all was taken up, river rising fast, with heavy rain storm, by this time 232 salmon had been captured. There was no chance of setting our net again in July or August on account of continual wet weather. I am pleased to have to state that these salmon, 232 in number, did remarkably well in Pond No. 2, only four died during the season.

Seventeen fish were purchased from net fishermen, and placed in Pond No. 1. Out of these two died, and two others leaned the floom, as only 13 could be found in October; these all looked very healthy and well.

At spawning time there were 147 female fish, and 81 males, at Pond No. 2, also eight females and five males below, making in all of 155 female salmon, and 86

male—total 241.

The work of manipulating these fish commenced on 12th October, and was completed the 1st November. The number of ova obtained, and successfully placed in the hatching house, was 1,650,000, all at present looking very well, and I trust a large number of young fry will be the result of our operations.

Indispensable repairs were made at the upper dam of Pond No. 2, which, although considered safe last year, gave way this spring, but is now, I hope, as safe as it can be made against freshets. Scows, and all apparatus used for fishing, have been secured for winter, and the establishment banked with sea-weed.

In order to prevent the possibility of fish escaping at the lower pond, a good

wooden railing has been placed all along the dam.

The troughs were all properly dried and varnished, as also the trays; the posts and outside of the troughs were painted, and the outside of the building was covered with fire-proof paint.

Galvanized iron stovepipes were procured from Quebec, and some necsssary

repairs made to the stove. Three and a-half tons of coal have been purchased.

The flow of water, and the working of the establishment is at present in a very satisfactory condition.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

PHILIP VIBERT,

Fishery Officer in charge of the Gaspé Fish-Breeding Establishment.

#### RESTIGOUCHE ESTABLISHMENT.

MATAPEDIA, 31st December, 1878.

To the Hon. JAMES C. POPE, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

Sir,-In accordance with Mr. Wilmot's instructions the auxillary dam at Indian House was thoroughly repaired and gravelled, and the work has proved most satisfactory, now being able to raise a head of six feet of water.

I also built a hewed log-house there, 22x26, which was absolutely necessary, both for the accommodation of the men as well as to have a proper place to preserve

our plant.

Owing to the very heavy August freshets a larger portion than usual of the parent fish reached the upper waters, and when I commenced to collect them on the 15th September, I found I had to go thirty miles above the Indian House and bring them down in cribs.

Stripping commenced on the 12th October, ending on the 25th, at Indian House, and during that period the fish were tried for ova every third day. Most of them, being clean stripped were put into the river, and the eggs immediately sent down to

the Deeside House packed in moss.

The ova at present look well; so far, less dead ones than formerly. I remained at the Indian House myself taking eight hundred and ten thousand (810,000) eggs there. My son Alexander had charge of the Dee Side House. From his former experience in assisting, I considered him fully competent. As the signs of fish were very poor when I left it in September, I was agreeably surprised to find he had secured one hundred and fifteen (115) fish, producing seven hundred and fifty thousand (750,000) ova. He commenced with two men to secure his fish on the 20th September, and finished on the 25th October, and the ova look to be in fine condition. The total loss of fish at both places has been eleven, two males and nine females, eaused by injury in catching, not disease.

The total catch is therefore:-

	Males.	Females.	Total Eggs.
At Indian House	35	78	810,000
" Decside "	45	70	750,000
		1.10	
	80	148	
Less died	2	9	
Nett Total	78	139	1,560,000

This gives an average of over eleven thousand (11,000) eggs per female, and I have placed more than the usual quantity of eggs on the trays by at least ten per

cent. There is at least sixty thousand eggs over the estimate.

No expense has been placed on the Dee Side House excepting what was absolutely necessary to pass it through the winter. Trays and troughs were re-varnished, the troughs re-levelled from the action of the frost and settling of the building; the supply pipes stripped and repaired; a few more braces and bolts placed in order to prevent as much as possible the throwing of the building from the hill and hope nothing may occur to prevent successful hatching of the ova.

I shall expect to be relieved of half a million of eggs in January or when fit tomove, as from my last experience of hatching a million in my limited space it was

fearfully over-crowded.

At the same time I desire to respectfully bring under your notice, that should it be intended to carry out fish-breeding here, the urgent necessity existing for a better building, and would suggest an appropriation for the building to be got out this winter, as it can be got so much cheaper and the house would be better not to be got out too rapidly, but in any case it should be ready for ova by the fall of 1880, thus utilizing the house now in use another season. (The following extracts from this officer's general report are appended here as bearing especially on fish culture.)

I believe this is the first season we fully experienced the benefits of fish-breeding. Notwithstanding the increase of net stations on the coast and estuary these last three years, the catch has been gradually increasing, and from this time forward, and so long as the present protective measures are continued along with the valuable assistance given the rivers by pisciculture, a steady continuation of prosperous seasons may be assured until a maximum be reached, which will depend entirely upon a

sufficient quantity of parent fish being allowed to enter and reach their spawning

grounds.

Before the adoption of pisciculture the rule in the Bay des Chaleurs fisheries was two fair years and three bad or indifferent seasons out of every five. The cause of this untoward state of matters now disappearing can, I think, be explained. Of course we do not know what may happen to a shoal of salmon while on their feeding grounds in winter or how many of them are exterminated, which we cannot help, but we can assist our rivers when the young fry and ova are destroyed therein by natural or artificial means.

The fall freshets often occur just as the salmon are depositing their ova always in shoal water, the current during freshets outside drives them on shores and bars. The water always falling with the intense frost leaves the great majority of the beds dry, thus destroying the greater portion of the ova, if not the whole. In other seasons we have very heavy ice runs, both fall and spring tearing up and changing the gravel beds; in such seasons, only those eggs escape which are deposited so far

towards the head waters as to be beyond its influence.

From personal examination of the spawn-beds I am firmly of opinion not more than one-fourth of the ova ever fructify, on account of non-impregnation, or from injury to the eggs while being covered by the parent fish; again the drawing of scows over shoal-hars and spawn-beds, with the action of the horses' feet, injures the beds. These few years past but little of this work is done in this river owing to the failure of the lumber trade.

I want to show your honour that the protective and piscicultural measures adopted by your Department have not only been the means of creating a great industry before valueless, but the means of forty thousand dollars (\$40,000) being expended in hard cash this year for salmon in Restigouche County, and also the means of at least five thousand dollars (\$5,000) being expended in the country by anglers, but has also been the means of a great increase of salmon both in Gloucester and Gaspé.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

JOHN MOWAT,

Fishery Officer in charge of the Restigouche
Fish-breeding Establishment.

# PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

## BEDFORD ESTABLISAMENT.

BEDFORD, 31st December, 1878.

The Honorable James C. Pope,
Minister of Marine and Fisheries,
Ottawa.

SIR,—I have the honor to report that I have completed the work of collecting a stock of ova for this season and have now safely deposited in the hatching-troughs of this establishment about two millions two hundred and fifty thousand (2,250,000) of the eggs of the salmo salar, or sea salmon.

As yet the embryo is not discernible, but from their healthy appearance I entertain no doubt of as successful an issue as has attended the operations for the last

three years in this establishment.

In addition to the above number there were conveyed two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) to the Miramachi House, as instructed by Mr. Samuel Wilmot. These were safely laid down in the troughs of that institution.

As will appear from the above, the total number of eggs collected this season was two millions five hundred thousand (2,500,000), an excess of nearly one million over that of last year. As in former years the parent salmon were taken at the Musquodoboit, West, Philip and Sackville Rivers, as per the following statement shewing the number of fish taken and the quantity of eggs obtained from each.

Rivers.	Fish taken.	Eggs obtained.
Musquodoboit	127	600,000 300,000
Sackvine	476	

By this it will be seen that four hundred and seventy-six (476) parent fish were caught; of this number one hundred and sixty-two (162) were males and three hundred and fourteen (314) females showing an average of eight thousand (8,000) per female fish. This average is somewhat lower than that obtained in previous seasons but is accounted for by the smaller size of the fish entering the rivers this fall. Salmon appeared to be very plentiful in all the rivers which were operated on, but very few exceeded twenty pounds in weight, while last season the average was much above that weight, and a number were found to exceed thirty pounds.

The precarious nature of all fishing operations, especially those conducted in the fall of the year, when heavy freshets, cold storms, and high winds prevail, makes the work of securing a large number of the parent fish not only very laborious and unpleasant, but is attended by great anxiety of mind, as upon the success of the catch entirely depends the stock of ova I am enabled to obtain. This fall, owing to the favorable nature of the weather, this labour was much lightened. No freshets occurred until the 12th October, when an unusually large number of salmon entered the rivers at one time, and all that were necessary were secured in a few weeks.

During the past summer the different reception tanks were repaired and improved, as they required, but as you were informed in a previous letter, the tank on the West River, Pictou County, was destroyed by fire shortly after it had been repaired, and just as the fishing commenced, and it became necessary to construct a temporary tank at considerable expense to answer the purpose for this fall. This fire was the work of an incendiary, and will give your Department an idea of the ill-feeling and determined opposition to be contended with on some of the rivers.

As explained in my report of last year, this opposition to the operations arises from the fact that the fish are prevented by the nets from ascending the rivers any great distance, so that the opportunities for peaching are greatly lessened, and the inhabitants are thus deprived of the glorious privilege of securing their usual number of foul fish.

Fishermen in this Province are, as a rule, the most ignorant and selfish class of people I have ever come in contact with, and it is quite impossible to make them see that the fall fishing is unwise and very injurious to the future supply of salmon. They appear to live and care only for the present, and cannot be taught that the present fishery laws were introduced to protect their interest, and that as good citizens they should assist in enforcing them.

Frequent attempts and threats to destroy the fish are made, and it is only by the strictest vigilance, and by positive orders to the men to protect the fish in the tanks by any means necessary that these lawless characters can be kept under.

On River Philip, I am happy to say, a better feeling towards the operations exists now than was the case in former years, and very little peaching was attempted this year. On the Musquedoboit River, as yet, I have met with no active opposition, but frequent threats have been made, and to prevent any injury extra vigilance is required, and thus increased expense is entailed upon the work.

I intended laying down a quantity of the ova of the sea-trout, and had made arrangements to catch a supply of the parent fish at Little Salmon River in this County, where I was informed large numbers could be taken, but from some cause none were observed in the river this fall, and time could not be spared from other work to make any attempt elsewhere.

However, I shall endeavor to obtain some next season. The hatching-troughs are capable of accomodating about three millions of ova, and as the cost of attending that quantity is no greater than that required for a smaller number, it is very desirable that all should be filled each year with the eggs of some of our most

valuable fish.

The success attending the final hatching of the large numbers of ova laid down in this establishment last year was very satisfactory. The loss from the 31st December (the date of my last annual report) until the bursting of the shell, which took place about the 1st April was quite inappreciable, and the cool and favorable weather which prevailed during the month of May prevented the water from attaining too high a degree of temperature, and enabled me to retain the young fry in the nursery troughs until ready for distribution without any loss.

Having a much larger number of fry than the hatching-troughs could accommodate for any length of time, without a risk of loss from overcrowding and want of sufficient aeration of the water, it was necessary to build two large nursing tanks, such thirty-two feet long and four feet wide, outside of the hatching-room. These each thirty two feet long and four feet wide, outside of the hatching-room. tanks being bountifully supplied with water, and giving a largely increased superficial area for nursing purposes, the fish were kept with greater safety than could have been done in the hatching-troughs alone.

Being strongly and firmly built they will last for a number of years, and are of sufficient area to safely accommodate one million fry, thus increasing the rearing

capacity of this establishment by that number of fish annually.

Being anxious to try the experiment of introducing into the lakes of Nova Scotia the whitefish and salmon-trout of the great lakes of the west, I applied to and obtained from Mr. Samuel Wilmot two hundred thousand (200,000) ova of the former and ten thousand (10,000) of the latter. These were shipped from the fish-breeding establishment at Newcastle, Ontario, by express, and arrived in splendid condition, there being but a very few dead eggs amongst them, and the young fish could be seen moving about within the transparent shells which confined them. Mr. S. Wilmot's patent hatchers, in which the whitefish ova were packed, and in which they were subsequently hatched, are most ingenious contrivances for the purpose and may be said to be self-operating. By their introduction the endless labor and care formerly required in hatching these minute specimens of fish ova, has been almost entirely removed, and by their use the hatching of millions of whitefish is rendered possible and easy of accomplishment. They are also wonderful economizers of space, and with them I can hatch in this establishment several millions of these fish annually at a cost very little over that necessary to collect and transport the ova to this point.

As the fry burst the shell and are ready for distribution some time before the salmon, a large number might be hatched here without in any way interfering with the hatching of salmon. The success which attended the final development of the small number obtained last season, and the possibility of procuring annually a large number of these fish from the Sandwich whitefish hatchery, induces me to suggest to your Department the advisability of endeavoring to increase the usefulness of this establishment by extending the operations to the hatching of both whitefish and The importance of this project, if found feasible, becomes apparent salmon trout. when we consider the great number and extent of the inland lakes of this Province now useless and of no value whatever, as they contain few, if any, commercial fish, and it appears a very desirable object to stock, if possible, these lakes with those valuable

By so doing the value of the fisheries of Nova Scotia would be largely increased, and an extensive inland fishery would be created which would afford remunerative employment and a partial means of subsistence to hundreds of people living at a distance from the sea coast.

That the ova can be brought here safely and hatched the success last year proves, but it yet remains to be proved whether these fish can be acclimatized to these waters. To ascertain this it will require but a few years, and an experiment on a large scale should be instituted at once by placing into some one of the many lakes in this vicinity at least a million fry so that if the scheme proves successful some positive evidences of it may be seen as soon as the fish have attained their growth.

## DISTRIBUTION OF FRY LAST SPRING.

This highly interesting and important part of the work was commenced as soon as the fry had attained a proper age and strength to enable them to withstand the dangers of transportation. The magnitude of this, the completion of the season's labors, and the anxiety of mind attending it can only be understood by those engaged in it. To prevent loss the entire distribution should be performed in the short space of three weeks, that is, while the fry are between the ages of three and six weeks hence the necessity for the greatest possible despatch. The success with which this work has been performed in the past has been largely due to the convenience afforded by the lines of railway, as by this conveyance all the rivers of central Nova Scotia can be reached by a journey of but a few hours' duration, and, except in one or two instances, the rivers are not more than five miles from the railway stations.

I am thus enabled, with two or three assistants, to earry to their destination about one hundred thousand (100,000) fry daily, and return to the hatchery house the same

The distribution in accordance with the instructions received from your Department was as follows:—

# Salmon Fry.

Sackville River	, Halifax Co	ounty	80,000		
Musquodoboit	"	*********************	120,000		
Shubenacadie	"	****************	50,000		
Big Salmon	· · · ·		20,000		
Little Salmon	"		20,000		
Mosher's	4.		20,000		
Nine Mile	46		20,000		
Pennant	"		20,000		
Indian	46		20,000		
Ingraham	. "	*************************	20,000		
North-East	"	************************	20,000		
Guays	CC :	***************	20,000		
	TT 114 ~				
Total,	Halifax Cou	nty	430,000		
Meander River	Hanta Con	nty	40,000		
Windsor	11		40,000		
Kennetcook	"	***************************************	40,000		
Herbert	"		40,000		
Total, Hants County					
Cornwallis Rive	r, King's Co	eanty	40,000		
Gaspereaux	, <sub>(</sub> ()	***************************************	40,000		
Total,	King's Coun	ty	80,000		

Philip Riv	er. Cumberland	County	80,000
Wallace	"		40,000
	"		20,000
Pugwash	"		
Maccan	•		20,000
$\mathbf{T}$	otal, Cumberlar	nd County	160,000
		•	
Salmon Riv	ver. Colchester	County	80,000
Stewiacke	"	******************	40,000
North	"	****** ****** * **************	40,000
Debert			20,000
	"	************************	
Ishgonish	"	***************************************	20,000
French's		********************	20,000
Folly	"		20,000
•			
$\mathbf{T}$	otal, Colchester	County	240,000
Foot River	Picton Counts	y	70,000
	, 1100ma coant		
West	"	******	80,000
Middle		***************************************	70,000
Sutherland	ıs ''	***************************************	40,000
T	otal, Pictou Co	unty	260,000
	To: .	. ~	
		lis County	50,000
La Have (	Head waters)		20,000
T	otal, Annapolis	County	70,000
	•		
Т	otal of salmon	fry	1,400,000
		Salmon Trout.	
Grand Lak	ce, Halifax Cou	nty	8,000
T	otal Salmon Tr	out	8,000
		1	-
		Whitefish.	
Grand Lal	ke, Halifax Cor	inty	120,000
Lily	,	•••••	
Sandy	"		
Folly, "	Cumperiano	County	20,000
T	Cotal whitefish.	••••••	160,000
	Total N	umber of Fry Distributed.	
Salmon for	Ψ	•••••	1 400 000
Samon it	y	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1,400,000
			160,000
Salmon-tre	out	***************************************	8,000
	Showing a total	of	1,508,000

fry distributed as the result of operations for the past year. Add to this number those distributed in 1877, being one million (1,000,000), and in 1876, four hundred thousand (400,000), and the grand total of two millions nine hundred and sixty-eight 377

thousand (2,968,000), or nearly three millions, of young fish have been distributed amongst the principal rivers and lakes of Nova Scotia from this establishment in the

short space of three years.

Of the thirty-five rivers, as per above list, eleven empty directly into the Atlantic Ocean, sixteen into the Bay of Fundy, and eight into the Gulf of St. Lawrence; thus the natural reproduction along the whole coast of this Province has been supplemented to the extent of the above number of young fish. Sufficient time not having yet elapsed for the return of these young salmon to the rivers in which they were planted, no evidence of the good results of the artificial propagation have as yet been observed, but I hope in the course of a year or two to be enabled to report a slight improvement in some of these streams; but to expect any marked increase in the coast or estuary fishery, as the result of the limited operations of this establishment, would be erroneous.

That the natural reproduction of salmon is very much restricted by the extension of manufacturing and lumbering interests is apparent, and it is beyond doubt that our present supply cannot be maintained by nature's process alone for any length of time in the face of the many unfavorable conditions it has to contend with.

The increasing demands upon that limited supply consequent upon the extension of lines of railway, and the opening up of many new markets in connection with the recent improvements in the art of preserving and shipping fish in a fresh state, renders it necessary that the supply should be increased by artificial means.

In this Province an urgent demand exists for increased propagation, and more hatching-houses are required, and if the proper system be adopted, twenty millions of young salmon could be turned into these rivers annually, and at a cost which, when compared with the increased wealth which would accrue, sinks into insignificance.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

A. B. WILMOT,

Fishery Officer in charge of the Bedford Fish Breeding Establishment.

#### PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

# MIRAMICHI ESTABLISHMENT.

North Esk, Miramichi, 31st December, 1878.

To the Hon. JAMES C. POPE,

Minister of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa.

SIR,—I beg to send you herewith my report of the proceedings at the Miramichi F: 1-Breeding Establishment in the Province of New Brunswick.

The ova laid down in the hatching-house in the fall of 1877, was as follows:—From the Miramichi, salmon, three hundred and ten thousand (310,000); from Halifax, two hundred thousand (200,000); and from Restigouche, two hundred and four thousand (204,000), making a total of seven hundred and fourteen thousand (714,000.)

These continued to do well, and were hatched out with little loss. In due time they were distributed in the following rivers:

North-West Rive	r,	100,000
Little South-Wes	t River,	95,000
Sevogle	((	45,000
Bartibog		40,000
Burnt Church	((	40,000
Tabusintac	((	45,000
Napan		50,000
Black	**	50,000
Salmon	66	20,000
Canaan	(4	20,000
Shediac		50,000
W. J. Davidson's	Salmon River,	10,000

no losses occuring in the distribution.

During the summer season all necessary repairs were done about the hatching house, and in the fall of 1878 three hundred and eighty-eight (388) breeding salmon were procured, all of which were placed in the pond. Great difficulty was experienced in getting these fish into the reception-house; they would not go up the stream. Nets had to be used to take them from the pond, then they had to be carried into the reception-house, thus causing a great amount of labour. No loss, however, occurred. A few of the fish could not be got out of the pond, as the rough bottom prevented the use of sweeping nets.

One million (1,000,000) healthy ova were procured from these parent salmon

One million (1,000,000) healthy ova were produced from these parent salmon and were successfully laid down in the breeding-troughs, and two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) more were brought from Halifax, by Mr. A. B. Wilmot, making in all one million two hundred and fifty thousand (1,250,000.) These progressed

favorably with little loss, and continue to do so up to the present date.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

ISAAC SHEASGREEN,

Fishery Officer in charge of the Miramichi Fish-Breeding Establishment.