LAST EDITION

London Advertiser

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46TH. YEAR. NO. 19661 THE ADVERTISER, LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MAY 8, 1909—TWENTY PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

MAN WHO STOLE LONDON BICYCLE SHOOTS POLICE HERMAN KRAFT'S DESPERATE DEED IN WINDSOR

Pulled Revolver While Being Searched in Police Station

THREE OFFICERS WERE WOUNDED

One Man Seriously Injured, But All Will Recover—Prisoner Remanded.

William Reid, police sergeant, shot through shoulder, and hit on left hand; not serious.

William Lister, policeman on duty at headquarters, shot through right arm; bullet later removed.

George B. Quamby, caretaker of city hall, shot in left side, bullet not removed, and feared it has reached lungs; serious.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Detroit, May 8.—Herman Kraft, a self-styled "bad man," emptied his revolver in Windsor police headquarters last night, wounding Sergt. William Reid, Patrolman William Lister and Janitor George B. Quamby. He had been arrested on the charge of stealing a bicycle.

The prisoner was being searched by Lister in the office of the chief of police when he suddenly wheeled, dived into his hip pocket and fired. The first shot hit Lister, entering the upper part of his arm and passing up through the shoulder.

Kraft then turned to run out of the office. As he reached the door he fired two shots, one striking George B. Quamby in the left arm and lodging in his shoulder and the other one hitting Sergt Reid on the end of his finger. Sergt. Reid ran after Kraft as he ran through the hall. When the prisoner reached the door he turned and fired two shots at Reid, one passing under his arm, slightly grazing his ribs, and the other smashing the glass door leading to the office.

Throws Gun Away.

After leaving the jail Kraft ran up Assumption street with Reid close behind him. Patrolman Frank Cade was seen coming in the opposite direction on his way to the police station to report for duty. Reid waved to Cade to stop Kraft, but the latter turned and went into McLean's lumber yard, after throwing away his gun. He was captured while trying to hide in a pile of posts. Kraft's revolver was a 38-calibre gun, firing five shots. When the officers were shot he was alone in the office with the three men. Lister was searching him and had emptied three pockets. Sergt. Reid was writing down the description, and Quamby was sitting in a chair at the end of the desk, reading a paper. The first bullet struck him.

Left in Time.

Miss Agnes P. Holton, 49 Windsor avenue, had been called to the station to make arrangements for an old woman who was there to spend the night at the Home for the Friendless, of which Miss Holton is the president. She had just barely gotten outside the door with the woman when the trouble started. Miss Holton put her charge in the police court room and then went back to care for those who were shot.

She called Drs. Manning and Bryan and then cut the clothes away from the wounds in the men's arms and bandaged them temporarily. The doctors soon arrived and Lister and Quamby were taken to their homes, while Sergt. Reid's finger was dressed and he remained on duty.

Has Two Names.

When first arrested on the theft charge Kraft gave his name as Herman Martin and said he lived in Colorado. When arrested the second time he said his name was Herman Kraft, gave his address as Superior, Wis., and said that he had been employed by the Great Northern Railroad in its bridge construction crew.

It is not thought that any of the men wounded are dangerously hurt, although the bullet is still in Quamby's shoulder. Sergt. Reid lives at 70 Caron avenue; Lister at 166 Goyeau street, and has been on the police force for 28 years. Quamby resides at 35 Aylmer avenue, and was for 27 years a member of the fire department before he became janitor of the city hall.

Kraft is 23 years old.

He is said to be wanted in London for the theft of a bicycle from a city hall employee.

Kraft Remanded.

Windsor, May 8.—Kraft, Herm Martin, alias Kraft, the young man who shot two policemen and the caretaker of the city hall last night, was remanded this morning by Magistrate Leggatt for nine days. He said he did not shoot to kill but to get his liberty.

LOCAL SORTING TRADE SHOWS IMPROVEMENT

London reports to Bradstreet's say the sorting trade in drygoods, clothing, etc., has shown some little improvement during the past week, although the movement is still considerably behind expectations. Continual warm weather would greatly help matters in almost all lines of goods. The hardware trade is moving quite briskly. Collections are generally fair.

SOO TONNAGE.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 7.—The April tonnage through the Soo Canal was 227,611 tons. This is in excess of April, 1908. The great bulk of the down-bound freight was wheat, 1,000,000 bushels going through. The total number of vessels locked through was 359. The Weitzel lock is now in commission.

POLICE SAY MARTIN IS THE MAN WHO STOLE BICYCLE IN LONDON

'Henry Martin," or Hermann Kraft, Who Shot Windsor Police Alleged To Be Wanted for Stealing a Wheel From a City Hall Employe Some Days Ago.

The local police are certain that "Henry Martin," the man who shot three constables in Windsor police station last night, is the man who on Thursday last stole George Tambling's wheel from the city hall.

The wheel was stolen about noon, and late in the afternoon the police received a telephone message from Komoka from Mr. Blackwell, stating that a wheel had been sold there a short time before to a young man named William Mowatt.

Mr. Tambling unfortunately did not notify the police that his wheel was missing until later in the evening, so that when Mr. Blackwell's message was received he was told that up to that time no theft of a wheel had been reported.

Wheel Recovered.

As soon, however, as Mr. Tambling reported his loss, Mr. Blackwell was communicated with, and Mr. Tambling recovered his bicycle next day.

It was learned that when Mowatt got the wheel he paid $5 for it, and he obtained a receipt for the money. The receipt was signed Hermann Martin, and Mowatt describes the man as of medium height, about 5 feet 7 inches in height, about 20 years old.

At the time he was wearing a blue suit, and blue cap and heavy boots.

This description corresponds with that of the man arrested in Windsor, and the fact that the Detroit police have learned that the man is really Hermann Krafft, of that city, makes the local police doubly sure that he is the man who was here.

He apparently just rambled into town, and while here stole the wheel. No trace of his having put up at any place can be found.

WHEAT BEING RUSHED OVER GRAND TRUNK

It Is Said 300,000 Bushels a Day Are Now Passing Through City.

The Grand Trunk at the present time is rushing wheat through London at the rate of more than three nundred thousand bushels a day and have five special trains engaged in the fast grain line service between Sarnia and Montreal. Every train that goes through in the wheat specials is made up of sixty cars and is hauled by the big moguls of the "600" class, the fastest freight engines in the service. They can pull their sixty cars along at an average speed of 35 miles an hour. A recent regulation prohibits more than sixty cars being attached to a train as it has been found that numerous accidents occur as a result of the draw bars pulling out. The big engines can, it is stated, haul eighty-five to ninety cars. The Grand Trunk is making a special effort in handing the Great Lake grain trade to beat the roads that haul into New York and that they are succeeding is shown by the constantly-increasing shipments.

TRANSMISSION LINES HOLD DEADLY PERIL

Cable Falls, Causing Death of a Farmer and Shutting Off Power for Toronto.

Toronto, May 7.—At 12:25 p.m. today the Niagara power was shut off for the purpose of allowing the body of Robert Richards, a farmer, who was electrocuted at Beamsville this morning, to be removed from the high tension wires. Later on, about 2:30, the power was again shut off to allow of some repair work being done to the transmission line in the vicinity.

The electrical storm which raged during the early part of the night had broken several insulators on a transmission line tower, letting one cable fall to the ground, and, as everything was wet, the ground, trees and wire fences a short distance from Richards' home were alive with electricity, making a spectacular display.

The farmer went out to find out the trouble, and when he did not return search was made, and his body was discovered lying across the fallen high tension wire. Everything for a considerable distance around was charged with electricity, and it was impossible to rescue the body until noon, when the power was shut off at Niagara for fifteen minutes for this purpose. The body was terribly burned.

COMMONS PASSES THE CONMEE BILL

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, May 8. — The Commons this morning, after an hour's final talk on Mr. Conmee's bill incorporating the Ontario and Michigan power bill, gave it a third reading on a straight party vote of 76 to 39.

DEATH OF MRS. EMMA HUNT

Widow of the Late Charles Hunt, of South London.

The death occurred early this morning at her late residence, Riverview, 50 Ridout street, South London, of Mrs. Emma Hunt, relict of the late Charles Hunt, in her 87th year.

Mrs. Hunt was one of the oldest inhabitants of the city, and had lived in the family home at Riverview for over half a century. She had been a member of St. James' Church, Askin street, ever since its inception, and had been active in all its interests. Mrs. Hunt was a life member of the Woman's Auxiliary of the church, and every interest of church or charitable nature had found in her a staunch friend and champion. Mrs. Hunt had been well loved by all who knew her, and her friends were many, and her death will be no slight loss to the church she attended and to the city at large.

Mrs. Hunt is survived by four sons and two daughter. Charles Hunt, John I. A. Hunt, Walter S. Hunt, A. O. Hunt, and Miss Hunt, all of this city, and Mrs. Hedley Taylor, of Detroit. The funeral will be strictly private.

DANIEL HOLMES DIES IN TORONTO

Was One of the Oldest and Most Popular Ex-Employees of the G. T. R.

The death occurred in Toronto yesterday of Daniel Holmes, one of the oldest and best known conductors of the Grand Trunk. Mr. Holmes was 84 years old, and in 1894 retired from the Niagara Falls to London run. He began his railroad career in 1856 with the old Great Western.

For many years he ran between Niagara Falls and London, and was a general favorite, not only with the railroad men, but with the travelling public.

Upon his retirement he purchased a fruit farm in Essex County, and his wife died there shortly after. Mr. W. Holmes, stationmaster at Acton, is a son of deceased. Mr. William Taylor, of 680 Talbot street, of this city, a retired Grand Trunk conductor, ran alternately with Mr. Holmes for some time.

MAGISTRATE WAS KEPT BUSY WITH JUVENILES

Many Youthful Offenders Were Up Before London's Caliph Hassan Today.

Magistrate Love had a busy time in the juvenile court this morning, as a result of a number of small boys insisting in playing ball in the streets. The future Donovans, Wagners and Cobbs promised not to play on the street any more if they were allowed to go, and the magistrate, always willing to meet the small boy half-way and encourage good sport, let it go at that.

A small boy, who took advantage of the recent snowstorm to heave snowballs at sundry passersby, was allowed to go with a caution.

LONDON METHODISTS INVITE CONFERENCE

To Meet in First Church Here in September 1910—Meeting of Quarterly Board.

At the final meeting for the conference year of the quarterly official board of the First Methodist Church, held in Wesley Hall last night, a unanimous invitation was extended to the General Conference of the Methodist Church to meet in the First Church, London, in September, 1910.

There was a large attendance of officials of the church and missions present.

The financial reports were most satisfactory, showing strong increases in most of the funds on the past year. The membership of the church and missions were reported to be 974, an increase, after numerous removals, of thirty-six.

High-Water Mark.

The Sunday schools and Epworth Leagues reached the high-water mark, and the officers received a resolution of congratulation upon their marked success.

Messrs. George Robinson, J. H. Chapman, S. W. Abbott, G. T. Mann, G. S. Brickenden, J. E. Boomer and Dr. Eccles were elected stewards, and Mr. J. H. Chapman recording steward.

Messrs. Chapman, Boomer and Mann were appointed delegates to the district meeting.

At the conclusion of the meeting a resolution expressing appreciation of the services of the pastor, Rev. W. L. Rutledge, was enthusiastically passed.

Death of Mrs. Topping.

Mrs. Elizabeth C. Topping, widow of the late Jacob Topping, and one of Oxford County's oldest residents, died on Thursday at her home, 356 Queen street, Woodstock, in her 74th year. Mrs. Topping was a charter member of the Oxford Street Baptist Church, Woodstock, and during her life was one of its most earnest and devoted workers. She is survived by one son, John F. Topping, of this city; also three daughters, Mrs. M. S. Canfield, of Beachville, Mrs. D. F. Currey, Woodstock, and Miss Clara Topping, of Toronto. The funeral services will be held on Sunday afternoon.

Predicts Earthquake for Quebec Province

Boston, Mass., May 7.—Dr. Eunice D. Kinney, known far and wide as an earthquake expert, and whose predictions are even accepted by scientists as worthy of consideration, declares that Lower Canada will tomorrow or Sunday, at the latest, be shaken by a seismic disturbance.

"The coming of the disturbance," said Dr. Kinney, "is manifest by a peculiar appearance in the skies. The sky is heavy, as it was at the time of the San Francisco earthquake. The emanations from the ground cast a shadow on the horizon, which I have been studying for the past twelve hours. As near as I can figure the shock will come some time Saturday or Sunday morning, and it will be in Lower Canada."

Dr. Kinney is the woman who became famous through predicting disturbances of the earth, and for 25 years has accurately foretold earthquakes, including the San Francisco and Messina shocks.

"I dislike to create alarm needlessly," says Dr. Kinney, "yet when I know that the shocks are coming I feel it my duty to speak."

ROBERT HAYLOCK IS CAPTAIN OF NORTH END FIRE STATION

New Hall To Be Known as No. 4, Will Be Officially Opened Next Monday Night—Names of the Men Who Have Been Selected to Man the Company.

CAPT. ROBERT HAYLOCK.

The North End Fire Hall will be opened on Monday.

The building has been completed for some time, and the equipment is now installed.

Fire Chief Aitken announced at noon today that everything was ready, and Ald. Garratt, chairman of No. 3 committee, told him to go ahead and open it.

The staff of the new hall has been selected as follows: Capt. Robert Haylock, Lieut. Mason, Firemen Wallace, Bolton and Davis.

The South End Hall will be ready within a short time. Of this list Firemen Wallace and J. Bolton are probationers, and have served on the brigade a couple of months.

Four Probationers.

There are four probationers still on the force, Firemen Tozer, Gleeson, J. Mitchell and Nicholson, and these will be placed when the South End Hall is opened.

Then there will be room for others. Of the new men, Firemen Gleeson and J. Mitchell have had experience, both quitting the force some time ago, but returning several months since.

ONE CANDIDATE GAINS 41,000 TRIP-TO-EUROPE CONTEST KEEN

Standing of the Leaders Up to Thursday Night, May 6—Race Is Growing Extremely Interesting—Only One More Week to Secure the Votes—These Are the Days That Will Decide the Contest.

Below will be found the standing of the candidates in The Advertiser's Free Trip to Europe up to Thursday night, May 6.

The principle change noticed is a very large gain in District No. 4 of over 41,000 votes, whereby the candidate who stood fourth in the list now leads, with a majority of over 3,000 votes.

In District No. 3, an addition of 5,000 ballots makes the race between the first and second candidates still more keen.

In several other districts there have been material gains, but no changes in the relative positions.

There is only one more week in the great contest, and these are the days that will decide the winners in the contest. There is no candidate with a sufficient lead to rest on her oars, and this last pull may mean the changing of the whole complexion of affairs. There are so many coupons held in reserve that no one knows the real standing of the candidates, and it is not well to take any chances in the matter.

DISTRICT NUMBER ONE.

All that territory within the city limits, north of and including both sides of Dundas street, and west of and including both sides of Wellington street.

Miss Katie McLaughlin, 226 Hyman street 134,995
Miss May T. Mountjoy, 126 Mount Pleasant avenue 111,344
Miss E. Ball, 664 Talbot street 78,762
Miss Maude Underwood, 209 Queen's avenue 5,151
Mrs. Norman Roberts, Richmond and John streets 3,342

DISTRICT NUMBER TWO.

All that territory inside the city limits, east of, but not including Wellington street, and north of and including both sides of Dundas street.

Miss Velma Hayes, 574 Adelaide street 79,119
Miss Annie Fitzpatrick, 763 Maitland street 37,223
Miss Ella Dickie, 860 Hellmuth avenue 27,427
Miss Mabel Connor, 474 Princess avenue 24,324
Miss Nellie Weston, 868 Dundas street 15,493
Miss Annie S. Stevenson, 391 Dundas street 7,120
Mrs. Ronald Emery, 338 Dundas street 102

DISTRICT NUMBER THREE.

All that territory inside the city limits, south of, but not including Dundas street, and east of, but not including Wellington street.

Miss Edna Calhoun, 318 Grey street 136,956
Mrs. Ida Willis, 398 Adelaide street 120,543
Miss Gertie Foley, 543 King street 13,511
Miss Margaret Edgar, 130 Dreaney avenue 9,803

DISTRICT NUMBER FOUR.

All that territory inside the city limits, west of and including both sides of Wellington street, and south of, but not including Dundas street.

Miss Winnie Grimason, 229 Richmond street 125,652
Miss Vera B. Hewer, 8 Ingleside strett 122,431
Miss Eva McDowell, 240 King street 110,779
Miss Edith Glanville, 153 Wharncliffe road 85,165
Miss Maude Wheatcroft, 254 Hill street 32,721
Miss Louisa Babbage, 253 Grey street 8,170
Mrs. H. Hundertmark, jun., 150 Bruce street 2,415

DISTRICT NUMBER FIVE.

The County of Middlesex outside the city limits.

Miss Margaret Simmie, Byron .. 111,120
Miss Rose Fraser, Poplar Hill .. 102,210
Miss Margaret J. Kennedy, Ilderton 101,206
Miss Rosa Longfield, Mossley .. 54,053
Miss Ethel Earl, Egerton street 53,757
Miss Grace Shepherd, Lambeth 50,101
Miss Lily Arthur, Lambeth ... 21,488
Miss Sylvia Oliver, Kilworth Bridge 12,318
Miss Rebecca A. Wilkins, Adelaide 10,893
Miss Ethel Grant, Chelsea Green 9,298

DISTRICT NUMBER SIX.

The Counties of Lambton, Kent and Essex.

Miss M. Anderson, Wyoming ... 65,177
Miss Aggie St. Clair, Brigden .. 49,929
Miss Clara Kipp, Chatham 38,245
Miss Irene Marriott, Sarnia ... 14,643
Miss Blance Little, Wallaceburg. 6,940
Miss Velva E. Myers, Florence.. 5,389
Miss Constance E. Cowan, Chatham 3,307
Mrs. Joseph Simpson, Ouvry .. 1,779
Miss Violet Wood, Mooretown .. 272

DISTRICT NUMBER SEVEN.

The Counties of Elgin and Oxford.

Miss Maude Law, Harrietsville 36,193
Miss Maude Sweatman, Tillsonburg 16,566
Miss Eva Taylor, Port Stanley.. 12,807
Miss Bertha Sweet, Tillsonburg. 7,095
Miss Carrie Field, Tillsonburg .. 5,005
Miss Pearl Best, Springfield.... 1,261
Miss Rose Shepherd, Aylmer .. 1,002
Miss Nellie McWilliams, Thamesford 428
Miss Mattie Moore, Bayham .. 224
Miss Christine Macdonald, Kintore..... 55

DISTRICT NUMBER EIGHT.

Counties of Huron, Bruce and Perth.

Miss Mary Gibson, Brucefield .. 40,684
Mrs. J. A. Rumball, Goderich ... 34,243
Miss A. W. Sawers, Brucefield. 30,770
Miss Clara Holden, St. Marys .. 24,293
Miss Florence Pope, Hensall.... 16,196
Miss Alice Mawhinney, Crediton 5,571
Miss Leona Potts, Clinton 341

Young Son Dead.

The death occurred last evening of William E. Campbell, only son of Mr. and Mrs. William G. Campbell, of 137 Sydenham street. Deceased was one year old. The funeral service was held this afternoon and interment will take place on Sunday at Ingersoll.

Goes to Boston.

Mr. Burley W. Bennett, conductor of the Pere Marquette, leaves on Sunday for Boston where he will attend the thirty-second annual convention of the Railway Conductors of America as delegate from District 16. During his absence he will also visit New York.

FOUR FRANCHISES IN LONDON E. I. SIFTON OFFERED $1,000

MR. E. I. SIFTON,
London's Electrical Engineer Who Controls a Franchise in London.

Alleged That City's Electrical Engineer Controls One

SITUATION IS GROWING WORSE

If All That Can Be Learned at the City Hall Is True—Matter To Date.

Whatever the opinion of City Solicitor Meredith on the status of the power franchises in the city, there are some people who consider them valuable, and are willing to take a chance on them. From all accounts there are at present four valid franchises to sell electricity and wire the streets of London. They are:

The London Electric Company.
The Power Equipment Company.
The Helena Costume Company.
The Sifton franchise.

It was stated on the best authority today that an offer of $1,000 was made for the Sifton franchise not long ago. The reason it was not sold was that the price was not high enough.

This franchise is in the hands of Mr. E. I. Sifton, the city's electrical engineer.

The offer takes nothing with it but the right to sell and distribute power over a restricted area down town in the business section. There are no other assets.

That such an offer would be made convinces many that the franchise is good.

Others Are Good.

Of course, there are also the Power Equipment and Helena Costume Company franchises, and both of them are considered valid.

It was understood that an offer had also been made for the Power Equipment franchise to the promoters who have it, but this could not be confirmed.

With these companies in a position to sell out to any power company that may desire to do business in London, there might be interesting developments in case the city decided to purchase the London Electric.

Mr. Meredith has not given his opinion on the question of the franchises as yet.

He has been looking into the matter and will probably give his opinion in a short time.

A Personal Franchise.

The Sifton franchise is a personal one to Mr. Sifton. It was made out some years ago, it is presumed, by mistake in his name, and not in the name of the city.

His franchise, as pointed out, is a very limited one in area, crossing only King, Richmond, Clarence and Dundas streets.

The Power Equipment franchise may cross any streets, as the Helena Costume Company can, and is greater in area.

The franchise was granted in November, 1901, to Mr. Sifton. Later he desired to extend his lines to sell power, and the application was opposed by the London Electric.

They claimed that the franchise was limited to the customers already held by the company.

The Power Equipment Company.

Considerable opposition was made to the claim of Mr. Sifton, and the result was that in 1902 an application for a new franchise was made by the Power Equipment Company. This company, of which Mr Sifton was a member, received its franchise in October, and extended greatly the powers of the Sifton Company.

In granting the new franchise, the old was not cancelled, and in the opinion of some still remains operative.

FALLS POWER LINES CAUSE TWO FIRES

A Two Powerful Current Starts Blaze and Does Great Damage at Toronto.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Ont., May 8. — Too strong a current coming through the wires from Niagara Falls is blamed for two fires which broke out early this morning. Harold A. Wilson's premises on Yonge street, and the Canada Glass Mantles and Tiles Company, on Richmond street east, were the sufferers. Wilson's loss is about $25,000 and the glass company about $10,000. Most of the damage was caused by water. In the Richmond street building one of the men turned on the button of an electric light and it melted in his hand.

CITY HAS NOT POWER TO PASS A BYLAW

To Prevent Children Under Fifteen Years of Age Attending the Nickel Theaters.

Mr. D. A. McDermid who is taking up the question of having the city pass a bylaw to prohibit children under 15 years of age from attending nickel theatres, and to prevent them being out on the streets at night, has after carefully taking the matter up with Alderman Beattie, learned that the city has no power to pass such a bylaw.

He is going right ahead with the matter though, and through the Dominion Alliance will have a measure presented to the provincial Parliament at its next session that will deal with the matter fully.

The members of the alliance have written Mr. McDermid that they are thoroughly in sympathy with his objects and will lend him every assistance in the work.

UNKNOWN MAN FOUND DEAD AT ST. THOMAS

Is Supposed To Have Fallen From the M. C. R. Bridge.

St. Thomas, May 7.—The body of an unknown man was found late this afternoon embedded in the sand along the banks of Kettle Creek where that stream is crossed by the M. C. Railway. The body had lain where found for about 36 hours or more, and, while there appear to be only a few bruises on the head, it is believed the man came to his death by falling off the railway bridge, which is about a hundred feet high. Foul play is not suspected, but an inquest will be held. The dead man was about 50 years of age, of medium height, with grey hair and moustache, fairly well dressed, but minus a coat.

LATER.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Thomas, Ont., May 8. — The dead man found here has been identified as William Tomlinson, machinist's helper, who worked in the Grand Trunk shops here up until the 24th of last month.

FLOUR WENT UP ANOTHER FIFTEEN CENTS

Scarcity of Winter Wheat Is Given as the Cause of the Rise.

The scarcity of winter wheat and the steady demand of the market is having a decided effect all over the country. Flour has been selling for a high price already, but this morning the wholesale price again advanced 15 cents a hundred, and it is now selling at $3 15 for Manitoba milling. It is not known yet whether the other millings will increase in a similar way or not.

In any case, as Manitoba flour is very largely used, there will undoubtedly be a decided increase in the retail trade.

The bakers, whom this change will most directly affect, say that there is no immediate likelihood of a change in the price of bread.

EIGHT ROUNDS TO A DRAW.

Memphis, May 8. — Tommy Devlin, of Philadelphia, and Dannie Goodman, of Chicago, fought eight round to a draw here last night. The fighting was rather slow, and neither man suffered much punishment.

AFRICAN VETERAN DEAD AT ST. THOMAS

Harry Travers Succumbs to Disease That Amazed Physicians.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

St. Thomas, May 8.—Harry Travers, a veteran of the South African War, and a son-in-law of John Farley, K.C., of this city, died at the hospital here this morning. He had been ailing for some years. He had an aneurism of the heart which physicians say was the most remarkable ever known in medical history and in recent years deceased was twice induced to go to the Johns Hopkins Institute as the subject of a clinic. He comes of an old Irish family and his connections in Ireland are prominent people.

TOMORROW—MOSTLY FAIR.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, May 7—8 a.m.

Today—Moderate west to south winds, fine and moderately warm.

Sunday—Fresh east to south winds, a few local showers or thunderstorms, but mostly fair. Not much change in temperature.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	Today. 8 a.m.	Yesterday. Low.	High.
London	62	43	69
Calgary	28	24	50
Winnipeg	36	32	52
Port Arthur	42	28	60
Parry Sound	48	40	58
Toronto	50	42	62
Ottawa	44	40	46
Montreal	46	42	46
Quebec	48	32	54
Father Point	38	..	..
Dawson	..	22	56
Victoria	..	42	52
Vancouver	..	38	50
Edmonton	..	26	54
Battleford	..	32	46
Moosejaw	..	22	57
St. John	..	38	52
Halifax	..	38	60

WEATHER NOTES.

Pressure is low in the Southwest States and over Lake Superior and highest in Alberta. A few showers have occurred in Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, also in Manitoba. The weather remains unseasonably cold in the Western Provinces.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES

GRAND — TORONTO ROWING CLUB MINSTRELS — TWICE TODAY

PRICES—MAT., 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c. NIGHT—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

MONDAY AND TUESDAY

Mammoth Production of the Famous Play,

SHADOWS OF A GREAT CITY

THRILLING RESCUE FROM A RIVER OF REAL WATER BEAUTIFUL SCENIC EFFECTS

SEATS NOW—15c, 25c, 35c, 50c. NO HIGHER.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

THE IMPERIAL SCOTS CONCERT CO.

Under the Auspices of Sons of Scotland Male Chorus.

J. M. HAMILTON, TENOR RUBY SEATH GRANT, SOPRANO

SEATS WEDNESDAY—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

THURSDAY, MAY 20

B. C. WHITNEY'S MUSICAL FARCICALITY

THE LAUGHING SONG PLAY

A SHOW OF A THOUSAND SURPRISES — ORIGINAL CAST OF PRINCIPALS

A BROKEN IDOL

WITH OTIS HARLAN AND THE FAMOUS WHITNEY CHORUS

SEATS MONDAY, MAY 17 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

FRIDAY, SATURDAY and SATURDAY MATINEE, MAY 21-22

CHARLES FROHMAN OFFERS

AN ENGLISHMAN'S HOME

ORIGINAL CAST AND PRODUCTION — DIRECT FROM CRITERION THEATRE, N. Y

The Play That Nearly Caused An Anglo-German War.

SEATS TUESDAY, MAY 18 MAT.—25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00. NIGHT—25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50

GYPSY SMITH" EXCURSION

TO TORONTO, TUESDAY, MAY 18

FARE, $2.35 RETURN.

Special train leaves G. T. R. station, 8:30 a.m. Tickets good for two days. A limited number of seats in Massey Hall have been reserved for Londoners, and these may be obtained "while they last" at Mallagh's Bookshop, 183 Dundas street. 61k-tyw

SALE OF USEFUL AND FANCY articles. Prices reasonable. Lecture room King Street Presbyterian Church, afternoon and evening, May 10 and 11. Musical programme. Admission free. 61c

ST. JOHN'S A. C. MINSTRELS

Bigger and better than ever. Four nights, commencing Tuesday, May 11. Tickets, 25; reserved seats, 10c extra. Plan at Hambly's book store. 57c-ywt

DETROIT — THREE DAYS' EXCURSION, Saturday, June 5, 1909, under auspices Beresford Lodge, S. O. E. Fare $1.45. Children half fare. b

Service of Praise

DUNDAS CENTRE METHODIST CHURCH,

MONDAY NEXT, MAY 10

Madame Eleanor Peocock, dramatic soprano, of Detroit, will assist the choir. Collection of not less than 10c at the door. 60u

NEW ST. JAMES' SUNDAY SCHOOL—Alex. Stuart, K.C., will lecture on "Abraham Lincoln," Monday, May 10, at 8 p.m. Silver collection. b

MENDELSSOHN CENTENARY CONCERT, by the choir of Askin Street Methodist Church, Thursday, May 13, 1909. Forty-second Psalm and selections from the composer's works. Soloists: Mrs. E. Wyatt, soprano; Mr. James E. Fiddes, Sherbourne Street Methodist Church, Toronto, tenor; Messrs. Harding and Spence, baritones; Miss H. Westman, pianiste; E. Goethe Quantz, organist and director. Admission, 25c. 61u-tx

EMPRESSES

CANADIAN PACIFIC ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS

Rates and berth reservations should be secured at C. P. R. head office, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond. W. Fulton, City Passenger Agent. All steamship lines represented. 59 tf wty

C. P. R.

Atlantic lines to Europe. Empress ships and one class cabin boats. Reserve your berths now. Through rail to Montreal and Quebec in connection. F. B. CLARKE, 416 Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce. b

$2.60, LONDON TO DETROIT AND RETURN, via boat, every Saturday and Sunday; White Star Line. Low rate daily; Detroit, Cleveland. F. B. Clarke, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

Ocean Tickets

Allan, C. P. R., White Star Canadian service, Dominion, Cunard, American, Anchor, Donaldson and other lines. Wireless reports posted in window, changed as quick as reports are received. F. B. CLARKE, Richmond street, next Bank of Commerce.

DANCING! DANCING! DANCING!—Palace Auditorium. Advanced class closing Wednesday evening, May 12. Second May hop, Friday evening, May 14. Private lessons any hour. Excellent orchestra for all occasions. Phone. Dayton & McCormick.

Traction Company

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

EVERY HOUR TO ST. THOMAS AND PORT STANLEY

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES, balls, banquets. Phone 1265. Tony Vita's Italian Harpers, 122 Queen's avenue.

TONY CORTESE, ORIGINAL LONDON Harpers, Music furnished for all occasions. 161 Maple. Phone 1570.

Births, Marriages and Deaths.

BIRTHS.

KIRKPATRICK—At "Evergreen Lawn," May 3, to the late Robert Kirkpatrick and Mrs. Kirkpatrick, a son.

MARRIAGES.

RUMBALL—LOCKYER — On Tuesday, May 4, at the home of the bride's parents, 155 Wharncliffe road, South London, Harriet, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Lockyer, to Mr. Albert L. Rumball, of this city.

DEATHS.

HUNT—At her late residence, 582 Princess avenue, on Saturday, May 8, 1909, Louisa A. Hunt, aged 69 years.

Funeral will be held from the Latter-Day Saints' Church, on Monday, May 10, at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

MORTIMER—On May 8, 1909, Arthur E. Mortimer, aged 68 years, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. S. Pope, 710 King street.

Funeral will be held from the Latter-Day Saints' Church, on Monday, May 10, at 3 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

HUNT—Died this (Saturday) morning, at "Riverview," 50 South Ridout street, city, Emma, beloved wife of the late Charles Hunt, in her 87th year

Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

FOX—In this city, on May 6, 1909, at 106 Rectory street, George Fox, aged 83 years and 4 months.

Funeral on Sunday, May 9, at 2:30; service at 2 p.m. Friends and acquaintances please attend. 60u

FLAWN—At White Oak, Westminster Township, on May 6, 1909, Mr. Caleb Flawn, aged 86 years.

Funeral will leave his late residence, lot 20, con. 4, Westminster, on Sunday, at 3:30 p. m. Services at 3 p. m. Interment at White Oak.

Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation. 60u

SITUATIONS WANTED.

RE-ENGAGEMENT REQUIRED BY young lady as housekeeper; capable; entire charge. Please state full particulars, Box 58, Bothwell P. O. 59u-wt

WANTED—POSITION AS STENOGRAPHER, by young woman; good references. Address Box 77, Advertiser. 60c

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED MARRIED man and wife to work on farm. Apply Box 76, this office. 59c

MALE HELP WANTED.

CARRIAGE PAINTERS WANTED. APPLY Abbott's Carriage Factory. 61c

Help Wanted

Electrical Engineer's Assistant and an experienced power and lighting solicitor are wanted by the Corporation of London, Ontario, during the construction of municipal power and lighting distribution plant. Applicants must apply in writing, stating salary expected, experience and qualifications.

E. I. SIFTON, Electrical Engineer.
ALD. D. A. STEWART, Chairman Power Committee. 59c wty

YOUNG MAN WITH EXPERIENCE IN the grocery business. Ryan & Russell, 360 Richmond street. b

WANTED—SINGLE MAN TO ATTEND to horses and to be able to plough. A. R. Murdock, Mount Pleasant avenue. b

WANTED—A BUSINESS MANAGER for woodworking plant in Windsor, who will invest $3,000 in the business, which is established. Address R. H. Evans, secretary and treasurer, 69 Pitcher street, Detroit, Mich. 61u

LEARN TELEGRAPHY — IT PAYS best. Telegraphers in great demand. Send for prospectus of the most successful telegraph school in Canada. Dominion School of Telegraphy, Toronto. t

WANTED—A CARRIAGE PAINTER. Apply S. Turner, 347 Ridout street. 60c

MEN WANTING PASSAGE TO ENGLAND with cattle, apply R. Nelson, 81 Walnut avenue, Toronto. 60bu-vtzy

CARRIAGE PAINTERS WANTED. APPLY John Campbell & Son, King street. 60c

WANTED—A1 CLOTHING SALESMAN; smart dresser; good connection. Box 54, Advertiser. 60c

FIRST-CLASS CANVASSER WANTED. Apply Canadian Electrical Heater COMPANY, 94 Carling street. 59tf

TEN MEN IMMEDIATELY FOR DIGGING and planting trees, and one man for driving team. C. Baker, London Nursery, Ridout street South. Phone 2222. General postoffice. 58g

BARBER WANTED—MUST BE FIRST-CLASS. Highest wages paid. Apply John Cambridge, 244 Dundas street. 57tf

ORGANIZERS WANTED. APPLY TO Alfred Tyler, 355 Clarence street.

LEARN BARBER TRADE — TOOLS free. New system. Constant practice. Careful instructions. Graduates earn twelve to eighteen dollars weekly. Few weeks completes course. Write for free catalogue. Moler Barber College, Toronto. 40tf

SALESMEN WANTED FOR "AUTO-SPRAY," best compressed air hand-sprayer made; sample free to approved agents. Cavers Bros., Galt. 10tf

HAIRCUT 15c, CHILDREN 10c

WM. PUTMAN

New Barber Shop Over Gillean's. RICHMOND ST., NEAR DUNDAS. zxt

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

EXPERIENCED CAP OPERATORS wanted. Apply Tip-Top Cap Company, Greene-Swift Building. b

GIRL WANTED—MUST BE ACCUSTOMED to labelling and wrapping. Apply Canada Pharmacal Company, 96 Carling street. b

WANTED — PANTMAKERS; STEADY employment. Apply Slater Bros., 223 Dundas street. 61c

WANTED—KITCHEN WOMAN FOR two evenings a week. Boomer's, 181 Dundas street. 61c

WANTED FOR THE CHILDREN'S AID Shelter Home, a housemaid for one month. Apply Mrs. Talbot Macbeth, 76 Maple street. 61c

WANTED — A HOUSEMAID. APPLY Mrs. Niven, 423 Colborne street. 60c

WANTED AT ONCE—DINING-ROOM girl. Apply Morkin House, King street. 59c

MAID WANTED—GOOD GENERAL maid, for small family. Mrs. J. M. Daly, 300 Princess avenue. Apply afternoons only. 60tf

GIRL WANTED—APPLY MRS. W. A. Martin, 460 King street. 59c

GENERAL MAID WANTED—APPLY 72 Wellington street. 59c

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT—APPLY 634 Wellington street; no washing. 59c

WANTED — EXPERIENCED HOUSE-PARLORMAID; good references required. Apply to Miss Carling, 564 Wellington street. 59c

TWO HOUSEMAIDS WANTED. APPLY Housekeeper, Victoria Hospital. 58tf

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. APPLY 84 King street. 48tf

GENERAL MAID WANTED. APPLY Mrs. M. M. Fergusson, 765 Hellmuth avenue. 57n

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. APPLY 84 King street. 48tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ONE SOUTH AFRICAN SCRIP FOR sale, $800. Dr. Gunn, Vittoria, Ont. 59n

BOARDING, ROOMS, ETC.

TO RENT — FURNISHED PARLOR bedroom with board. Apply Box 79, this office. 61c

No. 91 VALUE, ONE VOTE.

EUROPEAN TRIP CONTEST OF THE LONDON ADVERTISER

This Vote is Cast For

..... (Name of Candidate.)

As the most popular lady in District No.....

of The London Advertiser European Trip Contest.

VOID AFTER MAY 15.

SATURDAY PROBS.: Warmer.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED

RICHMOND AND DUNDAS STREETS

NOTICE TO CUT-OF-TOWN CUSTOMERS—Make your arrangements to come to the city Tuesday. THE SUIT SALE OF THE SEASON. About 100 Ladies' Tailored Suits at $9.75. All new, this season's styles. See Monday's paper for full particulars, also window display Monday. None sold before Tuesday morning.

Your Black Dress Goods Are Beautiful This Season

We have heard this remark many times from both interested buyers and passers-by who find it hard to pass the displays in this section without stopping to admire the novelties which are exhibited from day to day, and we ourselves can safely say that the styles we are now showing clearly demonstrate that all past efforts on the part of the designers of former seasons have been surpassed. Exquisite creations are here and in dust-shedding summer weights.

Bordered Black Voiles

These have attracted more than their share of attention, and are certainly holding a foremost place. They are woven 48 to 52 inches wide, which makes the depth of your skirt from the width of goods; beautifully designed borders in silk, satin and mohair. Five yards for skirt, or seven for dress. Prices, yard, **$1.00, $1.25, $1.50** and **$1.75.**

Plain Black Voile, **50¢, 75¢, 85¢, $1.00** and **$1.25** yard, in fine and coarse weaves.

Black Resilda Shantung

This, at first sight, you would say, was real Shantung Silk, but is somewhat brighter in color and finish, and being a mixture of wool and mohair, woven only by a process recently discovered, as these yarns hitherto could not be mixed in weaving, owing to the crisp nature of the one and the soft texture of the other. Through some secret chemical process the Mohair is softened and made pliable and the production of this combination is "RESILDA," one of the most beautiful summer fabrics—LIGHT, BRIGHT, DUST-RESISTING, AND WILL NOT CREASE — in stripes and plain weaves. 44-inch, per yard.....**$1.00, $1.25** and **$1.50**

Black Satin Cashmere

Or "Directoire" Cashmere, is very much favored for the new Princess Styles. There is a loud call for Satin-Finished Fabrics of every description, and Directoire Cashmere is much in demand. We are now showing two handsome cloths, 44 and 48 inches wide, at, per yard ..... **$1.00** and **$1.50**

Black Mohairs and Sicilians

Summer materials, and always popular, particularly for the seperate skirt for wearing with odd waists. Bigger variety than ever this season. Stripes, Spots, Checks, Plaids and Borders, in "Priestley's" make; also plain, at all prices, yard, **50¢, 65¢, 75¢, $1.00** and **$1.25**.

Silk Poplins, Bayadere Stripes and Novelty Dresses

A charming collection of exclusive novelty dress patterns in stripes, spots and figured designs, in voile, grenadine and silk poplins, also plain silk poplin cords and fancy satin bayadere stripes. Per yard ..... **$1.50, $2.00, $2.50** and **$3.00**

Blacks are extremely fashionable. Write for samples.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

GOODGE'S ICE CREAM PARLOR NOW open. Boomer's Cream always on hand. Corner Bruce and Wortley. ywt

FOR SALE — SECOND-HAND GAS stove, in good repair. Apply 641 Wellington street. 61c

FOR SALE—BABY CARRIAGE; COST $20; will sell for $5. 919 Colborne. b

EIGHT WELL-BRED LINCOLN EWES in lamb, young, choice. J. P. Fisher, Hyde Park. b

FOR SALE—BROWN LEGHORN HENS and black Minorca rooster and hens. 82 Anderson avenue. 61u

FINE PERSIAN KITTENS FOR SALE cheap. Apply 564 Talbot street. 61c

PRIVATE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD goods at 356½ Princess avenue. Parlor carpet, rugs, sideboard, tables, Pandora range (new), couch bed, 2 beds, springs and mattresses and other articles. 61c

SPEED LATHE FOR SALE, WITH foot power, chuck and attachments. Apply Canadian Electrical Heater Company, 94 Carling street. 61tf

FOR SALE—SMALL STOCK OF DRY-GOODS and gentlemen's furnishings; also two large counters, large size showcase, two Humphrey lamps; must be sold by May 10. Apply evenings, corner Hamilton road and Adelaide street. b

HIGH-GRADE CAMERAS—IF YOU INTEND buying a Camera with an Anastigmatic Lens, of any make, a Seator, Kilos or Focal Plane Shutter, we guarantee to save you 20% over other dealers. Stevenson's Pharmacy, next Opera House, Richmond street. b

TWO NEW MILCH JERSEY COWS. Apply Rifle Range. Phone 2722. b

BUFF ORPINGTONS EGGS FOR BALANCE of season at special prices. Grand fertility. Inspection invited. Wm. Lawrence, 191 Grey street. 49g-tx

BIG, STRONG, CHEAP HORSE, GOOD worker, single or double, true to work and not lazy. London Soap Company. 60tf

FOR SALE—TOY POODLE PUPPIES, $10 each; also two full-grown toy poodles, imported pedigreed stock. 31 Alhambra avenue, Toronto. 60c

PURE-BRED BUFF ORPINGTON 12-pound cock, cockerel and hens for sale. 11 Thornton avenue. 60u

A FIVE-FOOT MOWER, NEW, CHEAP for cash. Apply John Orchard & Sons, 45 York street. 60tf

WE GUARANTEE SATISFACTION

"LONDON"

GAS OR GASOLINE ENGINES.

SCOTT MACHINE COMPANY, Ltd

York St., Opp. G. T. R. Freight Sheds. ywt

OLD BICYCLES ALWAYS GIVE trouble. Why not trade yours in on a new $35 Peerless, and have entire satisfaction? Very easy terms. Second-hand bicycles, all makes and all prices. Terms $5 cash and $1 a week. Envoy bicycle in good condition, $10. Northern, tires almost new, $13. Quickstep, good Dunlop tires, $15. All thoroughly overhauled and many with coasters. Mud guards fitted on $1.50 pair. Open evenings. Cunningham, East London.

FOR SALE—NEW GAS STOVE, ONLY in use short time. Apply 544 Horton street. 59k

FOR SALE — BABY CARRIAGE IN good repair. Apply 474 Colborne street. 59c

SUNGLEE, THE WONDERFUL HAIR grower and dandruff exterminator. Try it. James Gleeson, 482 York. Phone 2223.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—TWO GOOD-SIZED WORK-HORSES, suitable for dray or teamster; 2 light wagons, cheap. Apply F. Moore, 1 Market Square. 59c

LADY LEAVING CITY WISHES TO dispose of piano, almost new. Apply 194 Grey street. 58n

THE OLD UMBRELLA MENDER

Has the material, facility and experience to repair your umbrella with neatness, cheapness and dispatch. A trial order solicited. Keys fitted. Locks repaired. Work called for and delivered.

PERRY DAVID

251 Dundas Street. Phone 2958

PEDIGREED RUSSIAN WOLF HOUND pups. John Sherlock, 349 Cheapside street. 58n

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD AT GOLDBERG'S—$25 worth of furniture and household goods, $1 a week. Also complete line of ladies' and men's clothing. Goldberg's, 251 Wellington street. 58tf

Crystal Lake Ice Co.

Order your ice now, if you wish it all summer. $1 50 per month, or $7 for season. Prices will be higher after June 1. Phone 236.

FOR AUTOMOBILES AND ACCESSORIES, they all say Mitchell's Garage, London. A few good second-hand cars left. Get our prices. 23tf-t

STANDARD

Think of us when in need of anything in the House Furnishing line. More goods for your money than anywhere else.

Standard House Furnishing Co.

Open Evenings. WE TRUST YOU

THEY ALL SAY FISHBIEN'S 638 DUNDAS, for furniture, on easy terms. Open evenings. Also ladies' raincaots, skirts and jackets. ywt

FENCE SLATS—LARGE STOCK, LOW prices for cash. McCann's Saw and Planing Mills, Dorchester Station, ywt

New work a specialty. Furniture and Pianos cleaned and refinished.

JOHN WILSON

HARDWOOD FINISHER.

Hardwood Floors. Estimates given. Iron Beds and Rattan Furniture enameled, etc. 176 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT. t

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Sound, straight, nice size, eight feet long. Have a look at our Turned Posts for fences.

GEO. H. BELTON

Rectory St., North Grand Trunk Railway. xt

THREE DELIVERY WAGONS, BUGGIES and a first-class organ cheap. Scott, Oxford street, opposite Barracks. ywt

OLYMPIA BICYCLES, NEW TIRES, saddle, pedals, refinished like new, $15. Gurd's, 185 Dundas.

THE OLD STAND

LIME, CEMENT, TILE, FIRE BRICK, SEWER PIPE, ETC.

WM. COPP

(Successor to E. E. Skuse.)

96 YORK STREET. PHONE 1044. ywt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THREE GOOD WORK horses. Call from 1 to 2, or from 5:30 to 7 p.m. Johnston Bros., 262 Ottawa avenue. 55tf

FRESH FISH NOW ON SALE—F. S. Onn, Fish Market. Phone 1296.

OUR TWELVE AND SIXTEEN-INCH mixed wood is real dry, good quality and mostly split; best hadwood, in block or split; Lopez anthracite coal, at $6 25 per ton. Green & Co., 496 York street.

FLOUR, FEED AND SEEDS—ORDERS promptly delivered to any part of city. A trial order solicited. E. H. Walker, 318½ Dundas street. Phone 2356.

LAWN FENCING

A hundred new designs in wire and iron, 12 cents to $1 per foot. New catalogue now ready.

Dennis Wire and Iron Works, Ltd.

FOOT DUNDAS STREET. ywt

CLEARING SALE OF STOVES AND winter mitts. Langford's Hardware, Hamilton road.

ON HAND—SALE OF UNPAID CORSETS. Canadian Lady Corset Company, 355 Clarence sereet. Agents wanted.

FAMILY WASHING A SPECIALTY AT the Hand Laundry, 347 Wellington street. Miss Strachan.

IF YOU WANT HELP, SITUATIONS, want to buy or sell real estate, etc., insert an advertisement in the Hamilton Herald, the recognized want medium of the city. Rate, 1c a word, or three consecutive insertions for 2c a word, cash with order. Subscription: Daily, 25c a month, $2 yearly; Saturday edition, 50c yearly. Sample copy sent on application.

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91 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 370. xt

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Now is the time to spray fruit trees, etc. We carry the most complete line of sprayers and insecticides in London. Bordeaux Mixture (ready to use), Paris Green, Slug Shot, Hellebore, etc.

A. J. MORGAN, 113 Dundas Street. t

FOR SALE—ASPARAGUS AND RHUBARB roots; fine stock. Telephone 782. Main & Collyer, South London. 46tf

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Everything for Amateur and Professional Photographers.

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Phone 346. Opposite City Hall. tx

SOUTHCOTT & KETTLE—HARD AND soft coal and wood dealers. Phone 239. Corner Maitland and G. T. R. Prompt delivery. ywt

You have tried all the rest, now try the best

KING SHOE POLISH

Makes a shine in half the time.

PRICE 10 CENTS WORTH $10.00 ywt

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

"GRANNY'S" OLD-TIME SOFT SOAP, for spring cleaning, laundry and all household uses; 5c per pound, or $1 per pail. S. F. Lawrason, corner Adelaide and Nelson streets, London, Ont. Phone 867. 39tf

FOR CARRIAGE AND WAGON REPAIRING, painting and rubber-tiring, go to Smith's, Maple street.

A $250 PIANO THAT HAS BEEN USED; now only $100, payable $3 per month; first-class for practicing. Heintzman & Co., 242 Dundas street.

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ALL SIZES

R. H. SMITH

15 Brighton Street. ywt

KEEP WARM AT SMALL COST—GOOD hard coal, $6 50; good wood, $2 load. Strict attention. Dominion Coal Company. Phone 1788.

FURNITURE OF ALL KINDS AT reasonable prices for cash or on installments. Stoves, beds, dressers, hallracks, rugs, etc. Barnes & Co., 394 Hamilton road.

SOME GOOD SECOND-HAND TOP delivery wagons for sale. Abbott's Carriage Works.

FOR SALE — WOODWORKING MACHINERY of planing mill, and engine and boiler. Apply Joseph Dudley, Grand avenue. 26tf

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—A PEASE furnace, pipes and registers, in first-class condition; owner putting in hot water system. Apply 613 Wellington street. 37tf

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SAPPHIRE ROSARY, ON DUNDAS or Clarence street, Friday evening. Reward at 172 Kent street.

BULL TERRIER PUP, BITCH, DARK gray, with black face. Answers to name of Dink. Reward on return to 128 Waterloo street. b

LOST, THURSDAY NIGHT—BLACK purse, containing $1 75 and accounts, also two prescriptions. Reward if returned to this office. 60u

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN, FROM King street, May 5, black cocker spaniel pup, pointed face. Reward 346½ King Anyone detaining after this notice will be prosecuted. 59c

STRAYED—THREE YOUNG PIGS, TO property of A. Davey, Lambeth. Owner can have same on paying expenses. 60c

LOST, TUESDAY—GOLD HORSESHOE brooch, between 442 Waterloo and 391 Dundas. Suitable reward. Please leave at this office. 59c

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SUNSHINE PARK. THE BEST LOTS JUST OUTSIDE CITY LIMITS. WE INTEND TO OFFER PART OF THIS PROPERTY FOR SALE THIS SPRING. THESE ARE THE BEST LOTS OFFERED FOR SALE IN RECENT YEARS. THEY ARE THE LARGEST LOTS. THE HIGHEST LOTS. THE DRYEST LOTS. THE CHEAPEST LOTS. GRADED STREETS. FREE DEEDS. FIRST CLASS TITLE. NO TAXES THIS YEAR. A NATURAL PARK. CALL AND GET A PLAN OF THE LOTS. $5.00 DOWN AND A SMALL PAYMENT EACH MONTH WILL BUY A LOT. CALL AT ONCE AND GET YOUR PICK OF THE BEST LOTS.

CHELSEA GREEN.—WE ARE GOING TO START SELLING THESE LOTS SOON. NOW IS YOUR TIME TO CHOOSE A LOT. $5.00 DOWN AND A SMALL PAYMENT EACH MONTH WILL SECURE A LOT. CALL AND SEE PLAN.

CARFRAE CRESCENT.—THERE ARE ONLY A FEW LOTS LEFT AT $12.00 PER FOOT.

HYMAN STREET—SEVERAL MODERN RESIDENCES SPLENDIDLY SITUATED. CALL AND GET PARTICULARS; FROM $3,300 TO $8,000.

EMERY STREET—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, workshop, city water, fruit trees and shade trees; lot 40 feet frontage. Price, $1,300.

PALACE STREET—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, gas, barn, good lot. Call for particulars.

GREY STREET—1½-story frame, brick foundation, 6 rooms, gas and fixtures, water inside, good cellar, verandah; lot 30 feet frontage. Call for price.

LORNE AVENUE—Frame cottage, 6 rooms; lot 27.6x150 feet. Price, $1,100.

PORT STANLEY—A 1½-story frame, 7 rooms, pantry; lot 25x150 feet. Call for particulars.

PROSPECT AVENUE — Two-story brick, 11 rooms, all modern conveniences, large verandah; lot 46½x150 feet. Call for particulars.

YORK STREET—1½-story frame, 6 rooms; lot 30x81 feet. Price, $1,200. Will sell on easy terms.

RIDOUT STREET — Two-story red brick, cement foundation, 8 rooms, modern conveniences; lot 40x120 feet. Will trade for smaller property. Call for particulars.

QUEEN'S AVENUE—Two-story brick-veneer, stone foundation, 10 rooms, modern conveniences; lot 35.6x160 feet. Call for particulars.

RIDOUT STREET—Two-story brick, cement foundation, cellar full size, 4 bedrooms, modern conveniences; lot 57.8x132 feet. Call for particulars.

COLBORNE STREET—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 7 rooms, furnace, new barn; lot 35x130 feet. Call for particulars.

KENT STREET—Three-story semi-detached solid brick, stone foundation, verandah, 14 rooms, gas and fixtures, bathroom complete. Call for particulars.

KENT STREET—Two-story solid brick, stone foundation, 8 rooms, bathroom complete, gas and fixtures, verandah, good brick stable. Call for price.

MILL STREET—Two-story semi-detached frame; lot 60x100 feet. Call for particulars.

MAITLAND STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 6 rooms, brick cellar, chicken coop; lot 32x100 feet; 1½-story brick-veneer, cement foundation, partly built, 5 rooms, lot 33 1-3x100 feet; two lots 33 1-3x100 feet. Price for all, $2,400.

YORK STREET—1½-story red brick, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, large cellar, piped for furnace, gas and fixtures, cement walks, plate glass window in front. Call for particulars.

PORT STANLEY—Frame cottage, 8 rooms and furniture. Call for particulars.

LANGARTH STREET — Brick-veneer cottage, cement foundation, 7 rooms, cellar under all, two clothes closets, sink and water in house, connected with sewer; lot 30x119 feet. Price, $1,400.

4 chair barber shop, adjoining hotel, first-class fittings. Rent $30 per month including heating, good business. Call for particulars.

2-story brick residence on Princess avenue, between William and Prospect avenue. Call for particulars.

BYRON AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, cement foundation, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, good stable. Call for particulars.

FLORENCE STREET—Brick cottage, brick cellar, 7 rooms, gas and fixtures, sink, soft and hard water, henhouse; lot 42x168 feet. Call for particulars.

PRINCESS AVENUE—Two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, good cellar, verandah; lot 32 feet frontage. Call for particulars.

CARFRAE CRESCENT — 1½-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 8 rooms; lot 33x81 feet. Call for particulars.

RENWICK AVENUE—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 7 rooms, verandah; lot 33x151 feet; cement walks. Price, $1,250.

WATERLOO STREET—1½-story brick, 9 rooms, modern conveniences. Lot 50x1[illegible] feet. Price $3,200.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story frame, cement foundation, 6 rooms, pantry, cellar. Price $1,350.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story brick veneer, 7 rooms, modern conveniences, cellar under all. Lot 33x136 feet. Price $2,450.

PRINCESS AVENUE—1½-story brick, 7 rooms, hard and soft water, gas and fixtures, cement walks, cellar under all. Lot 40x132 feet. Price $2,100.

CRAIG STREET—2-story frame, brick foundation, 9 rooms, modern conveniences. Call for particulars.

Frame store and dwelling with 5 rooms in north end. Lot 132x168 feet. Call for particulars.

1½-story frame store and dwelling, brick foundation, 6 rooms, electric light, gas and fixtures, water inside. Lot 50x76 feet. In London South. Call for particulars.

To Let—27 Tecumseh avenue—$10.

To Let—846 Colborne street—$18. Newly papered.

WILSON AVENUE — 2-story brick, stone foundation, 10 rooms, bathroom with bath, good cellar, pump and good well. Lot 154.6x375 feet. Call for particulars.

WELLINGTON STREET—2-story brick veneer, stone foundation, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, mantel and grate, veranda. Lot 40x100 feet. Price $3,300.

THREE FINE LOTS on Columbia avenue, West London; $160 for the three. Best lots on Oxford Park.

Store and dwelling with good business. Call for particulars.

RIDOUTSTREET—2-story red brick, cement fondation, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences. Lot 40x120 feet. Call for particulars.

DUNDAS STREET—2-story brick, 8 rooms, gas and fixtures, cellar, piped for furnace, side veranda, cement walks, barn. Lot 50x190 feet. Price $2,300.

RECTORY STREET—Brick cottage, 7 rooms, gas and fixtures, furnace. Price $1,650. Easy terms.

OAKSTREET—Large frame cottage, 7 rooms. Fruit trees. Lot 49½x221 feet. Price $1,000.

SURREY AVENUE—Red pressed brick cottage, 7 rooms, sink and water in the house, wired for electric light, good cellar; lot 34x105 feet. Call for price.

EUCLID AVENUE—1½-story cement brick, 7 rooms, modern conveniences, verandah; lot 30x180 feet; stable. Call for particulars.

ST. JAMES STREET—Two-story brick, semi-detached, 10 rooms, modern conveniences; lot 55x165 feet. Call for particulars.

CENTRAL AVENUE—1½-story brick, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences. Lot 38 feet frontage. Price $3,400.

A first-class restaurant doing a splendid business, selling only on account of poor health.

RIDOUT STREET SOUTH—Two-story brick, 10 rooms, modern conveniences, verandah; lot 103x130 feet. Price, $3,500.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—Two-story and attic brick, cement foundation, cement cellar, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences, verandah. Call for particulars.

WILLIAM STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 7 rooms, all grained, water inside. Price, $1,400. Easy terms.

HORTON STREET—1½-story brick, cement block foundation, 9 rooms, large cellar, modern conveniences; lot 26.6x100 feet. Price, $2,500.

TO RENT—Two-story brick house, modern conveniences. Rent, $25.

BRUCE STREET—Two-story brick, 4 bedrooms, bathroom complete, water heated from furnace, gas and fixtures, furnace, cellar full size, cement floors, veranda with cement posts, cement walks; lot 40x160 feet. Call for price.

LOTS ON QUEEN'S AVENUE, 45x112 feet. $50 per foot.

WELLINGTON STREET — 1½-story cement block, 9 rooms, piped for furnace, gas and fixtures, pantry, good cellar, poultry house. Call for particulars.

GREY STREET — Two-story frame, brick foundation, 7 rooms, pantry, good cellar. Price, $1,900.

ORCHARD STREET—1½-story frame, cement block foundation, 7 rooms, water closet in cellar; lot 72x120 feet. Price, $1,550.

TECUMSEH AVENUE—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, pantry, good cellar, barn; lot 186.8x216 feet. Price, $2,100.

CATHCART STREET—1¾-story brick-veneer, 8 rooms, pantry, clothes closets to all bedrooms, linen closet, bathroom complete, and closet separate; lot 96x139.6 feet. Call for particulars.

BRYDGES STREET—Frame cottage, nearly new, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, pantry, good well, poultry house; lot 50x150 feet. Only $800.

KING STREET—Two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, grate and mantel, verandah, stable, large lot. Price, $4,000.

LORNE AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, 7 rooms, modern conveniences; lot 26½x100 feet. Price, $2,500.

HIGH STREET—Two-story solid brick, 9 rooms, furnace, piped for gas, verandah, good barn, cement floors, driveshed, nice apple orchard, small fruit, 1¾ acres of land. Call for particulars.

THREE ACRES, seven miles from London—Store and dwelling, barn with stable, good orchard, fine garden land; five minutes' walk to churches and school. $1,300.

WILSON AVENUE—1½-story brick-veneer, brick foundation, 7 rooms, hard and soft water, verandah; lot 81x150 feet. Price, $2,000.

WOODWARD AVENUE—Frame cottage on posts, 7 rooms, all in first-class order, hard and soft water: lot 60x150 feet, chicken coop. Call for particulars.

BRICK COTTAGE, 6 rooms, water inside, chicken coop, small fruit; lot 50x131½ feet. Price, $1,250.

GREY STREET—2-story frame, brick foundation, 4 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room and kitchen, summer kitchen, pantry, electric light and fixtures, good cellar, large clothes closets, good veranda. Eight minutes' walk to market. A snap at $2,000.

VACANT LOTS—North end. New survey. Harvard street and Yale street, running east from Waterloo street, and south from Piccadilly street. Some splendid lots in this desirable locality, $300 to $600. A chance of a lifetime; only a few for sale. Must be sold at once. Don't wait, but call and see plan.

TALBOT STREET—2-story and attic, red pressed brick, cement block foundation, 4 bedrooms, attic finished in Georgia pine; parlor, sitting-room, dining-room, kitchen, mantel and grate, oak floors downstairs, all modern conveniences, veranda. Lot 31.6x128 feet. A nice home. Call and get order to see house.

RENWICK AVENUE—1½-story frame, cement foundation, 7 rooms, bath and w.c., wired, cellar, veranda, cement walks. Lot 33.3x151 feet. Price $1,650.

PICCADILLY STREET—2-story brick veneer, 11 rooms, all modern conveniences, front and side veranda. Lot 40x122 to a lane. Call for particulars.

RESTAURANT BUSINESS for sale. Good reasons for selling. Call.

ELIAS STREET—1½-story brick, 7 rooms, all modern conveniences. Lot 27x160 feet. Price $2,250.

INGLESIDE PLACE—1½-story brick veneer, cement block foundation, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, veranda, barn. Lot 41x159 feet. Call for particulars.

PRINCESS AVENUE — Just east of Quebec street. New story and half brick veneer, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, all modern conveniences. Lot 37.6x127 feet. Will sell very cheap. Call and get particulars at once if you want a bargain.

PRICE STREET—Frame cottage, brick foundation, 6 rooms, fruit trees, two-fifths of an acre. Call for particulars.

GREY STREET—1½-story frame, 7 rooms; lot 29.6x165 feet. Price, $1,800.

ADELAIDE STREET—Frame cottage, cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, summer kitchen, pantry, water and sink in house, small barn. Lot 40x125 feet to lane in rear. Will exchange for 50-acre farm.

WANTED—FARMS FOR SALE, near London. We have a great number of inquiries. If you have a farm you want to sell list it with us.

FOR RENT—We have a number of houses to rent at a reasonable rental. Call and see us.

COLBORNE STREET — Two-story brick-veneer, cement block foundation, 8 rooms, all modern conveniences, veranda; lot 33x144 feet. $2,700.

YORK STREET—Frame cottage, 7 rooms, stable; lot 25x200 feet. Price, $1,600.

HELLMUTH AVENUE—Two-story red brick, 4 bedrooms, laundry; choice residence. Lot, 40x144 feet. Call.

HYMAN STREET—Fine residence. Call.

EGERTON STREET, south of Hamilton Road—1½-story frame; lot 64x180 feet; $1,000. 1½-story brick; lot 54x180 feet; $2,000.

ST. JAMES STREET—1½-story brick, modern. $3,000.

SEVERAL FINE RESIDENCES, $5,500 to $14,000.

LOTS ON KENNETH AVENUE—Call for price and size.

OXFORD STREET—Two-story brick, 8 rooms, modern conveniences, good cellar, verandah; lot 23.6x120 feet. Price, $3,000.

EVERGREEN AVENUE — 1½-story brick, 10 rooms, all modern conveniences, cellar under all; lot 50x160 feet. Call for particulars.

ST. JAMES STREET—Frame cottage, 6 rooms; lot 87x330 feet; a splendid lot. Call for particulars.

SUBURBAN LOTS on city limits north, close to car and street lights; good garden land, fruit trees.

CHOICE CORNER, north, with good frame cottage; lot 133x135.

CORNER OF WILLIAM AND OXFORD streets—Best corner in north end. Also lots in every part of city.

RICHMOND STREET—Two vacant lots near Oxford street, and one near College avenue. The best vacant lots in the north end. Call for particulars.

TO LET—No. 970 Princess avenue, modern. $15, no water rates.

DREANEY AVENUE—Brick veneer cottage, cement block foundation, 6 rooms, good cellar. Lot 33x132 feet. Price, $1,550.

EASY TERMS—We have a number of properties that we can sell on easy terms, $50 to $100 down, and balance in monthly payments. Call and see us if you want a property on easy payments.

WILSON AVENUE—Frame cottage brick foundation, 6 rooms, pump, barn; lot 60x114 feet. Only $1,600.

COLBORNE STREET—Splendid lots, $10 to $14 per foot.

WANTED—PROPERTIES FOR SALE. IF YOU HAVE ANY REAL ESTATE YOU WISH SOLD, WE CAN SELL IT FOR YOU, AND WILL NOT CHARGE IF THE PROPERTY IS NOT SOLD BY OR THROUGH US. LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US, AND YOU WILL BE SURE OF HAVING IT WELL ADVERTISED.

THE PROPERTIES ON THIS LIST ARE ONLY A FEW OF THE PROPERTIES THAT WE HAVE FOR SALE. CALL AND SEE US.

FORTY-THREE ACRES—A splendid property to subdivide. A money-maker.

FOR SALE—THAT LARGE AND COMMODIOUS two-story brick residence, 293 King street. Beautifully situated within five minutes' walk of city hall. All modern conveniences, including barn, driving-shed and stable. Easy terms of payment. Inquire on premises. 55n-tyw

ADELAIDE STREET, CHELSEA Green—Frame cottage, cement foundation, three bedrooms, parlor, dining-room, kitchen and summer kitchen, water and sink in house; lot 40x115 feet; $100 cash, balance monthly. Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 61tf-ywt

P. Walsh's Bulletin

COLBORNE STREET—A splendid two-story frame house on brick foundation, 9 rooms, furnace, bath room complete, hot water, frame barn, lot 46x240 feet, at a reasonable figure.

ALEXANDER STREET—New 1½-story brick, 7 rooms, finished in Georgia pine. Price $1,600.

WREAY STREET—New brick cottage, 7 rooms, good deep lot. Price, $1,200. On easy terms.

THORNTON AVENUE—New red pressed brick house, 10 rooms, all modern improvements, frame barn, good lot. Price reasonable.

Look at our Ridout street lots; no better in South London. Several brick houses will be built this coming summer. A few lots left on the Becher Block, Richmond street north.

TALBOT STREET (near Maple street) —1¾-story brick house, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, 5 bedrooms, bath room complete. Lot 40x100 feet. Call at once.

WATERLOO STREET NORTH—2-story brick house, 9 rooms, in good order. Frame barn, lot 38x268 feet. Price $2,400.

If you want a grocery stand in the city call and see us.

WORTLEY ROAD—A new two-story red pressed brick house, reception hall, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, 4 bedrooms, clothes closet, bathroom, furnace, large verandah, electric light and gas. Lot 37.6x160 feet. Price, $3,800.

OXFORD STREET—A new red pressed brick house, slate roof, 8 rooms and attic, oak floors, hot water heating, verandah, Call for price.

FLORENCE STREET—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, finished in style, lot 112x165 feet. Inspect at once.

HILL STREET—A large frame cottage on brick foundation, sewer laid in, lot 40x123 feet. $1,600.

PICCADILLY STREET—Two lots. Get our price.

Several lots on Waterloo and Cheapside streets and Renwick avenue.

WILLIAM STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 9 rooms, modern improvements, corner lot. Price $2,500.

WILLIAM STREET—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms, good lot. Price $1,500.

PICCADILLY STREET—A new 1½-story frame house, brick foundation, lot 50x110 feet. Price $2,100.

HAMILTON ROAD—Five acres sandy loam. A new 1½-story frame house, 4 bedrooms. Price $2,600. Owner leaving for the west.

ELIAS STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 7 rooms, all modern improvements. Price $2,200.

ASHLAND AVENUE—A new 1½-story frame house, 7 rooms, lot 40x150 feet. Price $1,500.

KING STREET—A large brick warehouse for sale or for rent.

OUR BEST LOTS in West London are on Wharncliffe road and Macdonald avenue, north of Oxford street.

PICCADILLY STREET—New two-story brick house, 10 rooms, large verandah, all modern improvements, full size lot. Call for price.

VAN STREET—New 1½-story brick house, 8 rooms, good lot. Price, $1,800.

CHEAP LOTS—On corner of Maitland and Cheapside streets, and corner of Wellington and Victoria streets.

PARTRIDGE STREET—A large frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, bathroom, frame barn; lot 50x150 feet. Price, $1,600.

GROSVENOR STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 4 bedrooms, clothes closets, bathroom, furnace; nice lot. At a low figure.

WOODWARD AVENUE—A new 1½-story brick, 3 bedrooms; lot 40x150 feet. Price, $1,600.

POTTERSBURG—A large frame cottage, on brick foundation, 7 rooms, in good order; lot 53x190 feet. At a bargain.

EDWARD STREET—A new frame cottage, 7 rooms, good lot. Price, $1,050. Easy terms.

PIPE LINE ROAD—12½ acres, 1½-story brick and barn.

CHESTER STREET—Frame cottage, 6 rooms, in good order; lot 66x188 feet. Price, $900.

LORNE AVENUE—A new brick cottage, 6 rooms, good lot. $1,500.

ARGYLL STREET—Brick cottage, 3 bedrooms, good lot. Price, $1,000.

HAMILTON ROAD—A new 1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, furnace. A complete home for $2,800.

WATERLOO STREET—A new 1½-story brick house, 10 rooms, hot water heating, all modern improvements; lot 44x150 feet. Price, $3,200.

RICHMOND STREET—A handsome red pressed brick, stone foundation, hot water heating, 10 rooms, all modern improvements; lot 50x160 feet. Call for particulars.

PALACE STREET—A new 1½-story brick, 7 rooms, modern improvements. Price, $2,400.

ELIZABETH STREET—A large frame cottage, 4 bedrooms, frame barn and lot Price reasonable.

HYMAN STREET — Two new 1½-story brick houses, stone foundation, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, three bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, electric light and gas. At a moderate figure to close bargain.

WYATT STREET — A new 1½-story brick, cement block foundation, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, bathroom complete, three bedrooms; lot 83x132 feet. Price $2,250. Cheap.

OAK STREET—A new frame cottage, six rooms, frame barn; lot 33x100 feet. Price $1,150.

WATERLOO STREET—A splendid 1¾-story frame on brick foundation, 8 rooms, stable with one acre.

GREY STREET—A neat frame cottage, 3 bedrooms, deep lot, $1,300.

CHRISTIE STREET—A new brick cottage, 6 rooms; lot 60x150 feet, $1,400.

COLBORNE STREET—Frame cottage, on cement foundation, 3 bedrooms, frame stable; lot 74 feet 5 inches by 330 feet. Price, $1,350. Cheap property.

PRINCESS AVENUE near Waterloo street—A splendid two-story brick house, double parlors, dining-room, two kitchens, four bedrooms, bathroom complete, furnace, gas, verandah; lot 33x210 feet. Price, $4,300.

ST. GEORGE STREET, near John street—A new 1½-story brick, up-to-date in every respect. Price, $2,800.

WE HAVE ONE OF THE MOST up-to-date residences in the city. Inspection invited.

WELLINGTON STREET NORTH—A new brick cottage, 7 rooms; good lot. Price, $1,700.

PICCADILLY STREET — New brick cottage, 7 rooms; large lot; price $1,700.

QUEEN'S AVENUE, CENTRAL—1½-story brick, 4 bedrooms, modern improvements. Price, $3,000. Inspect at once.

IF YOU WANT A QUICK SALE LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH US. NO EXPENSE UNTIL SOLD.

We have a large list of other properties Call and see us.

P. WALSH
PHONE 1021. 425 RICHMOND ST.

Real Estate for Sale

See today's Free Press for some bargains on my list, and if you want to buy a home don't fail to see me.

If you want to build, get my prices.

If you want to buy a farm, see me.

If you want to purchase factory, store, blacksmith shop, mill or a medical practice, call, write or phone.

SAMUEL WILSON
Building Contractor, Real Estate and Fire Insurance Agent.
OFFICE: 137 WELLINGTON STREET, London, Ont. b

EMERY STREET — TWO - STORY frame, cement foundation, double parlors, dining-room, kitchen, two pantries, four bedrooms, two clothes closets, bathroom, hard and soft water, good cellar, front and back verandahs, fruit trees and two chicken coops, woodshed; lot 83x261 feet. A snap, $1,800. Knott & Sangster, Room 101, Masonic Temple. 57c-ywt

FOR SALE—THE CHADWICK FARM, 100 acres, Oxford street east. Apply 447 King street, city. 56n

ANDERSON & HATCH

Room 22 Phone 2322
BANK OF TORONTO CHAMBERS

5 ACRES And new 1½-story frame house, built last summer. This place is close to the city and can all be sub-divided.

7 ACRES Close to city, fitted for gardening purposes with a nice greenhouse, a brick dwelling, good outbuildings, all kinds of fruit, etc. Can be bought for $2,600 on easy terms.

25 ACRES 3 miles to London market, will be offered for sale on Thursday, the 13th, at 1 o'clock, also the Jersey herd of pure-bred cows and all kinds of farm stock, furniture, tools, implements, etc. On this property is a fine brick dwelling in first-class repair and a modern cement stable and barn and fine clay loam soil.

73 ACRES Close to city, well built upon, can all be sub-divided. A good speculation.

20 ACRES 5 miles out, close to church, school, postoffice, etc., with a new brick house and barn, fine soil, for $2,500. Anybody wanting a fine small place cannot beat this.

We have a nice 2-story house, No. 177 Clarence street, corner Grey, with double parlors, large front window, kitchen, summer kitchen, 3 bedrooms, bath, closet, hard and soft water, pumps, etc., good brick cellar. This is in the best locality on the street. A bright, nice place and will be offered for sale on Monday, May 17, at 5 p.m., on the premises on easy terms.

We will offer for sale on the premises, 637 and 639 Dufferin avenue, two cottages, with large lots, one with barn in the rear, on the premises, Wednesday, May 12, at 3 p.m.

On Wednesday, May 12, at 5 p.m., on the premises, No. 35 Bruce street, a two-story brick residence, all modern, hot water heating. Owner going out of city. Must be sold.

Grocery stock and building, one of the best country stands in the country, from $12,000 to $13,000 turnover annually.

65 ACRES 7 miles to London, close to car line, fine soil, good buildings.

40 ACRES Close to car line, 7 miles to London, all kinds of fruit, running water, a nice small farm.

50 ACRES Very close to city, also the car, 1½-story frame house, two barns, etc., good orchard of fruit.

100 ACRES On the car line, solid brick house, all kinds of outbuildings, 4 acres hard maple, good orchard, etc.

50 ACRES 8 miles to city, clay loam soil, well built upon, for $3,600. Would sell stock and implements.

50 ACRES To exchange on a house in the city, stock, implements, etc.

$800 Grocery, confectionery and ice cream parlor. Dwelling house in connection contains 3 bedrooms, etc. Rent of store and dwelling, $20 per month.

$4000 Hardware stock in one of the best villages in Canada.

$1000 Frame store and dwelling in village of Ailsa Craig.

$300 3-chair barber shop in connection with first-class hotel.

$5000 Brick and tile yard, 40 acres of land, with all necessary buildings and appliances.

$250 Barber shop, 3 chairs, rent $10 per month.

$4000 Brick store and dwelling.

$3000 Grocery stock in the city.

$300 Restaurant and boarding-house, one of the best-paying in the city.

$750 Pottery with all machinery necessary for making flower pots and cement sewer pipes.

$1200 Cheese factory with all necessary machinery for making cheese.

$200 Grocery stock. Will rent store.

To exchange for a farm, a 1½-story new modern brick house.

During the past year we have sold a great number of farms, and we would advise farmers who intend to sell to list their farms with us as soon as possible. Remember our terms are: No sale, no charge.

J. G. ANDERSON, Money to Loan. PHONE 2322. G. A. HATCH, Auctioneer.
INSURANCE EFFECTED.

THE ONTARIO FARMER

Not many years ago when an Ontario farmer wished to retire he generally sold his farm and moved into a city, town or village in order to obtain modern advantages and conveniences and to live in idleness, which often meant misery for want of some occupation to employ his time. During the last few years times have changed and this change is taking place every year for the better. Now when a farmer wishes to retire he generally remains on his farm and tills less land or sells and buys a smaller farm because he has right on his farm many and sometimes all the conveniences and advantages of city life without its disadvantages and burdens. The daily mail, the daily newspaper, the telephone, the trolley and the modern-built farm house are making life in the country a luxury and a privilege. If you are not now an owner of an Ontario farm and you prize health, contentment, happiness and prosperity, buy one now whether it is five acres or one hundred acres, and have all the pleasure as well as the profit resulting from the cultivation of your own farm. We have for sale farms of all sizes and kinds in every county west and north of Toronto.

The following are short descriptions of a few of the farms we have for sale or exchange:

No. 5947—200 acres in the township of North Dorchester, in the county of Middlesex, soil clay loam, 160 acres cleared, all drained by tile, watered by drilled well and windmill, abundance of water, 2-story brick house, frame bank barn 40x50, frame barn 60x40, and other outbuildings. Situated on gravel road, 1 mile to public school, 2 miles to church, 3½ miles to Dorchester railroad station and market, 40 rods to cheese factory, 11 miles to London. Price $14,300.

No. 5941—60 acres in the township of Brantford in the county of Brent, soil mostly clay loam, watered by river and 3 wells, 1-story frame house, frame barn 54x34, brick foundation, stable under barn for 24 head of cattle and 1 box stall. Situated one-quarter of a mile to gravel road, one quarter of a mile to school, church on farm, 2 miles to Brantford railroad station and market. Price $3,300. Will exchange for city property.

No. 5937—218 acres in the township of Colborne, in the county of Huron, soil sand and clay loam, all drained by tile and natural drains, 3 acres of orchard, watered by 2 wells and spring and river, 1½-story frame house, frame barn on stone foundation 44x74, stable under barn for 7 horses and 50 head of cattle, water in stable, cement silo and other outbuildings, all buildings in good condition. Situated on gravel road, school on corner of farm, 2 miles to Methodist church, 7 miles to Clinton market, 9 miles to Goderich, 3 miles to Holmsville railroad station. Price $8,500. Part of money may remain on mortgage at 4½ per cent.

No. 5874—91 acres in the township of Saugeen in the county of Bruce, 65 acres cleared, half an acre of young orchard. 1½-story frame house 18x22, frame barn 20x30, 3 miles to Port Elgin railroad station and market. Price $2,100.

For further list see today's Free Press or send for our catalogue of farms for sale in any county in Western Ontario.

25 HOMESEEKERS WANTED—25.

We are organizing a party of 25 or 30 people to go out to Saskatchewan and Alberta on a tour of inspection on May 18. Anyone who contemplates buying a farm in the west or who wishes to exchange a property in Ontario for one had better write to us at once.

The Western Real Estate Exchange, Ltd

78 DUNDAS STREET. Phone 696. LONDON, ONT.

D. H. TENNENT, President. JAMES BURROWS, Manager.
E. R. TALBOT, SAMUEL WILSON, THOMAS BOLES, GEO. B. CROZIER, Valuators and Inspectors.

REAL ESTATE

BUYERS' INDEX

LEADERS FOR NEXT WEEK

"HOME-HURST" LOANS

We have a large number of attractive real estate propositions to disclose to anyone interested, by calling at our office.

Attractive, well-built modern 2-story brick residence, 5 large bedrooms, all modern appliances, nicely decorated, very suitable for railroad man. Price $3,800.

Semi-detached 2½-story brick, stone foundation, slate roof, near Victoria Park, hot water heating, all modern conveniences, decorated. Price $5,700.

Commodious 2-story brick residence, 5 large bedrooms, suitable for a family who wish to avoid the semblance of the "newly rich," but who want genuine home comforts. Central avenue west. Price $4,500.

Nice 1-story brick cottage on Roberts avenue, near Chesley avenue school, 3 bedrooms, well constructed building. A great snap. Easy terms.

A few lots in this ideal residential survey, near the White works. All houses are new and of a good class. Secure your lot now. Don't delay.

Money to loan in sums of $100 and upwards to complete purchase price, build (money advanced as building progresses). Remodel the old house and pay off old mortgages.

A. A. CAMPBELL
Real Estate, Loans and Investments,
428 RICHMOND ST.
LONDON, ONT. .tf-t

LONDON REAL ESTATE

PHONE 1895K.

LOOK HERE!

$5,000 buys one of the best farms in Ekfrid, known as the late Wm. Mather farm of 100 acres, broke all in and a first-class sugar bush with up-to-date buildings. This farm will not stand long as there is no one to work it. It can be divided into two nice 50 acres. Just 3 miles from Melbourne and on a good gravel road, 2 range, lot 7. Terms $2,000 down, balance on mortgage at 5 per cent. Move quick.

Remember, we have all kinds of good farms for sale and they are selling fast. List your property with us and we will treat you right. All kinds of city property for sale.

$4,000 buys 10 acres, all kinds of fruit on place. Near Woodbank.

$5,000 will buy 40 acres, Biddulph. Good buildings and soil.

$5,000—100 acres near Belmont, close to cheese factory. This is a snap.

$1,200—25 acres on the 15th con., London Township. This is a cheap place.

$2,800—50 acres, 15th con., London Township. Good barn, no house, good sugar bush.

$4,000—50 acres on the 13th con., London Township. A snap.

$7,200—100 acres, Westminster, 6 miles from London city.

WM. REID and B. LAWSON, Auctioneers.
J. HOLLAND, Money to Loan.
Room 14. Over Dominion Bank.

In writing be sure and get the right address. See list of property we have sold the past few weeks on another page. b

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

BRICK HOUSE FOR SALE, EIGHT rooms and bath, furnace, good lot, owner leaving city. Price $2,500, $1,000 cash. Balance arranged. Apply 238 St. George. 61c-tyw

FOR SALE—TWO HUNDRED ACRES in Delaware Township, estate of late Albert Tiffany, near Delaware village; good buildings. Apply Dr. McLellan, 564 Richmond street. 43a-t

TWO HANDSOME NEW HOMES ON Egerton street, south of Hamilton road; six rooms and bathroom, furnace, hard and soft water; only $1,800 each. Apply Bayly & Bayly, barristers, city. 43tf-tzx

VAUXHALL PARK—BUILDING LOTS on Egerton street, south of Hamilton road; lots, $150 upwards; take an Oxford street car and see them. For particulars apply to Bayly & Bayly, barristers, city. 43tf-tzx

TWO TWO-STORY HOUSES FOR sale, Dame and Adelaide streets; cheap, easy terms. W. G. R. Bartram, barrister, Bank of Toronto Chambers. 58u-xt

FOR SALE—NEW COTTAGE, NO. 87 Edward street. Easy terms. 59c-wty

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE PROPERTY of four acres choice land, good brick house, frame barn; one mile west Hensall village; no nicer locality in county. Mrs. R. McArthur, Box 46, Hensall, Ont. 57n

FIFTY ACRES TO EXCHANGE FOR A house in the city; a well built upon farm; choice land; would sell stock, implements and everything. Anderson & Hatch. 39tf

FOR SALE OR TO LET—NEW RED pressed brick residence, one block from Normal School. Apply Cronyn, Betts & Coleridge. 42ug

THAT BEAUTIFUL NINE-ROOMED home, high, dry, healthy and pleasant, modern conveniences. 869 Wellington street. Terms to suit. 40tf

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. ECCLES HAS RETURNED AND resumed practice. Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 till 2.

DR. JAMES D. WILSON—OFFICE REMOVED to 134 Carling street. Specialty, diseases of digestive organs.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P. AND M.R.C.S. (England)—297 King. Phone 839.

DR. PINGEL—OFFICE, 316 QUEEN'S avenue, London. Electrical treatment diseases of women a specialty.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON — Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

DR. G. L. CLARKE (RETURNED FROM Europe)—Eye, ear, nose and throat. 478 King street.

DR. W. J. STEVENSON, 391 DUNDAS —Phone 510. Special attention diseases of women and surgery. X-rays.

DR. McLELLAN, EYE, EAR, NOSE, throat—House, 10 to 4; evenings and Sundays by appointment only. Office, 564 Richmond.

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LONDON, SATURDAY, MAY 8.

SPEAK UP, SIR JAMES!

Sir James Whitney has not yet deigned to show the people of Ontario how he figures out that they will save $500,000 the first year that they discard the present school readers and buy his new ones. So far every published attempt to calculate the saving fails to show that it will be even one-twentieth of the Premier's boasted half-million.

Separate school pupils may be left out of the calculation; their school readers are not cheapened in the least. The latest report of the Minister of Education shows that there are less than 400,000 pupils enrolled in the public schools of the Province. More than a fourth of these are in the primer—the only book estimated to give only a single year's service. Inspector Hughes, of Toronto, in his evidence before the text-book commission, testified that the average length of service of the second reader was five years; of the third and fourth, each six years. He testified further than in Toronto the average cost per pupil each year in a period of fourteen years (1892 to 1905, inclusive), had been only 10¾ cents for readers and all other text-books. At that rate, even if there were 400,000 pupils in the public schools, the total annual bill, not for readers alone, but for them and all other text-books, would have been within $43,000—thousands of dollars less than one-tenth of what Sir James declares that his readers alone will save the people in the first year.

But the maximum total for readers need not be estimated in approximations; it can be stated to a dollar. The publishers were compelled to disclose their lists. Anyone, from returns printed by order of the Legislature, may verify the following statement:

Name of Reader.	Average annual number printed from 1894 to 1905, inclusive.	Value at the maximum retail price.
First Reader, Part I.	70,004	$ 7,000
First Reader, Part II.	51,192	7,678
Second Reader	38,290	7,658
Third Reader	27,244	8,173
Fourth Reader	17,825	7,130
		$37,638

The total annual average at the maximum retail price was less than $40,000, and yet Sir James declares that his books will save over twelve times that amount in the first year.

All the public school readers published in the Province of Ontario for the ten years ending with 1905, if sold at the undiscounted maximum retail price, would have totalled only $342,764, and yet the Premier declares that the new readers will have the people $500,000 in a single year! The pupils now have a partial supply; in spite of the loss caused by discarding these, the people are to save a half-million in the first twelve months!

Did Sir James take the word of one of his educational officials?

Without thought or care of the responsibility that rests on a First Minister's utterances did he make an extravagant guess?

Or was he guilty of a deliberate whopper?

His declaration certainly maintains his reputation for boldness, but by allowing it to stand for quotation in and beyond the Province, he places his honesty in dire hazard.

The text-book commission did the public a good service, which we have no wish to disparage; but apart from the lustre so reflected upon the Whitney Government it has not yet earned much glory by its management of the school-book problem. More than five years will have elapsed before the new readers are for sale, and these are only five out of the half-hundred or more public and high school text-books that are authorized or approved.

We have not noticed a word of praise for any of the few books that have been changed. What would appear to be one of the latest additions to the list approved by the education department, namely, a text-book on etiquette for training schools, is not getting praise for either cheapness or quality. A teacher writing in the Weekly Sun under the caption, "Lawdy-Daws Instead of School Teachers," reviews it in part, by setting the following examination upon it:

1. Servants: In what particular ways do servants "who are generally ignorant, and often impudent and ill-bred," tax their mistress' temper? Give instructions for servants in respect to the use of the front stairs, telephone, tips, and addressing the children of the family. (See pages 77, 95-97.)

2. Dances: State the maximum number of dances permissible on the first evening of an acquaintance. When is it permissible to use the street cars in going to a dance? (Page 47.)

3. Gloves. Give rules for the wearing of gloves at the card-table. When may a man wear light or pearl gloves? (Page 70.)

4. Matrimony: What is the wisest thing for a girl to do "if she discovers very soon after her marriage that she has made a mistake? On what occasions is the re-performance of the marriage ceremony customary?" (Pages 55, 64.)

5. Indicate briefly the differences in the etiquette of chaperonage for young widows and unmarried girls of the same age. (Page 62.)

6. Pink Teas: State the etiquette for eating olives, cheese, chicken-bone, dates, oranges, candy; also for the use of finger-bowls and toothpicks. (Pages 82-94.)

Those politicians who argued that there were too many subjects and too many text-books, will have difficulty in defending additions on the above topics.

NATIONS IN THE MAKING.

Only in the past few years have the inhabitants of the older civilizations to the east ceased to look with half-scornful, half-patronizing eyes upon the nations in the making on the far-flung borders of the "Seven Seas." The terms "Colonial" and "American" were long identified in European minds with immaturity and with a paucity of social and intellectual culture; but this conception is rapidly dying out. It was due in a large measure to the casual and misdirected observations of travellers, and their ill-advised comments upon surface defects. Having paid a fleeting visit to the country, they gazed at a new land with old-world eyes, and went back to write of it with acrimony, because they failed to acquire the new world point of view.

Harriet Martineau happened to enter Boston on the day that William Lloyd Garrison was being dragged through its streets; and in writing of that country, she saw America always in the light of that one act, narrow, fanatical, vulgar and brutal. Charles Dickens also, that keen and kindly observer of human frailties and follies, in "Martin Chuzzlewitt," and "The American Notes" has left a picture of American life that exaggerated its uglier aspects and omitted the redeeming qualities. These writers, and others that might be mentioned, saw only the blatant braggadocia, the self-assertion, the superficial failings of an untried people, whose chief fault lay in an inordinate desire to justify themselves in the eyes of the world.

A writer in the London Nation, commenting upon Europe's changing ideas of America, says:

"It is not a mere matter of luck that 'America is always going to the devil, but never gets there.' The strength of the nation is seen to lie in the abounding general vitality of her citizens, and this vitality is rooted, as de Tocqueville had the genius to recognize, in the personal dignity of manhood and womanhood which democratic institutions alone can afford. From this vitality proceed the self-reliance and the hopefulness which distinguish the 'common people' of America from those of any European country, and the facile, all-pervasive humor which is at once philosophy and entertainment. The intrusive curiosity, which called forth the derisive indignation of the early literary discoverers, is shaping towards an ordered intelligence destined to furnish the largest volume of co-operative intellectual power ever devoted to the furtherance of knowledge. Last, and greatest, democracy in America yields a freer diffusion of personal goodwill, an easier comradeship, a more genuine spirit of sociality, than any other nation has possessed. These are mighty moral assets for civilization, and the great issue which occupies the mind of watchers from Europe is whether they will enable America to maintain her great experiment against the new gathering of plutocratic forces threatening the Union by a lateral and not, as 50 years ago, by a horizontal cleavage."

Much of this applies to Canada, where similar conditions are being reproduced by the physical resemblance of this country to the United States, by the spirit of democracy, and Anglo-Saxon institutions. Canada has been disparaged by both European and United States writers and politicians, but has gone her way doing big things in a big way, till her justification has come.

We are living in a new country, and new world, free from the trammels of traditions and caste, where a man, and not a man's grandfather, is the master of his fate. We carry our future in our own hands. We have thrown our doors open to the world, and people of many races are coming to us from the borders of the earth. They have heard the call of a new land, which offers a new life, free, virile, and youthful, with the glamor of an unrealized, unfathomable destiny to glorify it. We are not only part of the world's greatest empire, but something even greater than that, for we are playing our part as a distinct force in history.

"This is our message and answer,
This is the path we chose,
For we be also a people,
Our Lady of the Snows."

LOW-PRICED ONTARIO FARMS.

The ridiculously low prices at which improved farm properties in the older portions of Ontario are constantly being advertised for sale, prompts the Toronto Sun to ask, "What is the matter with Ontario? A Simcoe County property, which is being offered for sale through the provincial department of colonization, is given as an example. Here is a farm of 100 acres, all but five of which is tillable clay loam, with spring wells, two acres of fruit trees, an eight-room, brick house, large barn, with stone stabling underneath, implement shed, etc. The farm is only about six miles from Barrie, the county town, while a school is but a quarter of a mile distant, and there are churches two miles off. For this property all that is asked is $5,000, or $50 an acre, whereas the buildings alone, if as represented, should be worth nearly that amount.

Undoubtedly the immediate cause of these low prices is pointed out by a correspondent of the Sun in Kent County, who says the young men are leaving general farming districts in such numbers for the cities and for the west that no one remains to buy farms which come upon the market, and the help is not left to properly till the land, the consequence being the throwing of many fine properties on the bargain counter. As a matter of fact there is no good reason for the movement either to the cities or the west. As the Sun says:

"There is, speaking broadly, no cheap land in the west today. In Manitoba, in Saskatchewan, or in Alberta, farms situated as that Simcoe farm is in regard to a railway station will command between $40 and $50 an acre, even with buildings of not over one-fourth the value. Besides, in the west it is a rare thing to find that, as in this Simcoe County case, a public school almost at the door, and a choice of churches within two miles. It is a much rarer thing to find a collegiate within wheeling distance, while the thousand and one comforts and conveniences, which go with a highly developed civilization—including abundance of fruit and flowers—are practically unknown beyond the great lakes. Moreover, the money returns per acre are higher here than they are in the west, the slight difference in yield in bushels being more than offset by difference in selling price, more particularly when sale is on the hoof. Why, then, we ask again, the rush westward? Nor is there any more reason for the movement of young men from Ontario farms to the cities. . . . For the vast majority of these, (the masses, the wage and salary earners), the future holds no promise but a life of toil, the best that is to be hoped for being that the end may not be delayed beyond the period of earning capacity. The rewards of the average Ontario farm are better and surer than the rewards offered the average man in the city."

There is, of course, a marked difference between the prices of properties in general farming districts, such as Simcoe County, and counties where specialized farming is carried on. In the Niagara fruit district, for instance, as much would be demanded for 25 acres as is asked for the Simcoe County 100-acre farm. So, too, in Oxford, where dairying is the specialty, good prices are paid for agricultural land, $7,250 being the price paid on a 94-acre farm with buildings less numerous and less costly than the Simcoe property, which $5,000 will purchase.

When the farmers of this province realize how greatly increased are the returns from specialized farming, and how much higher prices such farms will bring there will be less general farming and fewer farms going begging for purchasers at prices which will no more than pay for the buildings on them. It is doubtful, however, if even a change of agricultural methods will prevent the Ontario farmers' sons from seeking homes in the west. A new country is a powerful attraction to young men.

The Montreal Gazette (Conservative) says that Magna Charta has been repealed in Ontario. It was granted by King John, and has been nullified by King James.

Premier Rutherford of Alberta says his own province will be greater than Ontario. Of course, this is impossible, but the spirit which refuses to see impossibilities is a good one in the making of new countries.

The report that alienists have been consulted in the Kinrade affair is not surprising to those who have had an inkling of the crown's theory of the case. The nature of the crime suggests that it was the work of a disordered mind.

The United States sugar trust has robbed the Government of nine million dollars by false weights, and has been forced to disgorge some of the plunder. But the trust is authorized by the tariff laws to take millions out of the pockets of the people in inordinate profits.

The Newfoundland general election takes place today. The campaign has been savage and bitter beyond anything known even in Canada. At one place Sir Robert Bond, the former premier, was mobbed and thrown into the sea. There is no intelligible issue dividing the parties, but "the smaller the pit, the fiercer the rats fight."

There was no reflection upon Mr. Pugsley in the smallness of the majority with which the resolution of censure was voted down. The debate ended unexpectedly through a misunderstanding between Mr. Carvel and Mr. Foster, and many Government supporters were absent without pairs. Some of the Opposition journals have not dealt fairly with their readers in this matter.

Niagara power prices for householders have been worked out in Toronto by a Detroit expert engaged by the city. A six-roomed house will be lighted for $1 20 a month, compared with $1 60 per month at present. This is not the extraordinary saving that has been promised, and there is not much for the workingman in it. We shall see what becomes of the pre-election claim that every cottage in this city will be lighted by Niagara power.

Lloyd-George is hailed as a convert to the single-tax and is described by others as a socialist, although the single tax and socialism are diametrically opposed. Perhaps if the truth were known, Lloyd-George is not acting upon a theory at all, but is dealing with conditions as he finds them, in the way that seems to him the most practicable at the moment. The British mind usually works in this manner. It reaches its ends by a sort of illogical common sense.

"UNDER A BUSHEL."

[A. W., in Toronto Globe.]

Oh, modest little candle
Beneath the bushel's shade,
Art thou a merry widow,
Or but a merry maid?

The Turkish veil is going,
But the Turks take comfort that
It will never be missed when they
Have got the western hat.

A NEAT THRUST.

(T. P.'s Weekly.)

As a gentleman was having his luncheon in the coffee room of a Birmingham hotel he became irritated at another visitor, who during the whole of the meal stood with his back to the fire, taking up most of the heat, and watching him partake of his repast. At length the man at the table rang the bell and said: "Waiter, kindly turn that gentleman round; I think he is done on that side."

A HERETIC.

(Kingston Standard, Con.)

We wish we might agree with the Toronto Mail that if England put a tariff on goods entering that country it would tax the foreign rather than the home consumer. Unfortunately we do not hold to what view of a tariff tax, which ultimately is borne by the consumer, disguise it as we may. The heavier the tax the more the consumer must pay for his goods.

THE FEAR OF THIRTEEN.

[Success Magazine.]

The fearful grip which this number thirteen superstition continues to have upon the hearts of men and women in all walks of life is incomprehensible. Yet every intelligent person knows that nothing in this world can possibly take place without a cause, and that the cause must be sufficient to produce an effect. The most ignorant person, it would seem, should know that the arbitrary number thirteen has no more power to produce any effect, to cause any calamity, than a drop of ink. The fact that the ink or paint, instead of being in the shape of a round drop, is put into the form of the number thirteen, does not add any force or power to it. A drop of ink or paint on the door of a hotel room would have just as much power to produce harm as it would if formed into the figure thirteen.

INDIAN VICTIMS OF TIGERS.

[London Globe.]

The ferocity of the tiger can be seen from the fact that according to a recent writer he is made responsible for 37 per cent of the human beings killed by the wild animals of Hindustan. The writer adds that once a tiger has tasted human flesh he is satisfied with nothing else, and that in Southern India one of these man-eating tigers has devoured 200 human beings.

OF THOSE WHO WALK ALONE.

[Richard Burton, in the Century.]

Women there are on earth, most sweet and high,
Who lose their own, and walk bereft and lonely,
Loving that one lost heart until they die,
Loving it only.

And so they never see beside them grow
Children, whose coming is like breatn of flowers;
Consoled by subtler loves the angels know
Through childless hours.

Good deeds they do; they comfort and they bless
In duties others put off till the morrow;
Their look is balm, their touch is tenderness
To all in sorrow.

Betimes the world smiles at them, as 'twere shame,
This maiden guise, long after youth's departed;
But in God's book they bear another name—
"The faithful-hearted."

Faithful in life, and faithful unto death,
Such souls, in sooth, illume with lustre splendid
That glimpsed, glad land wherein, the vision saith,
Earth's wrongs are ended.

THE MODERN APARTMENT.

[Harper's Bazar.]

"Binks has a fine new apartment."

"Everything stationary in it, I suppose."

"Absolutely everything—except his wife and the cook."

A DEFERRED REWARD.

[Lippincott's.]

A little boy in Trenton, who has but recently mastered his catechism, confessed his disappointment therein in the following terms:

"Say, dad, I obey the Fifth Commandment and honor my father and mother, yet my days are not a bit longer in the land, for I'm put to bed every night at 7 o'clock just the same."

AN ADDED TRIMMING.

[Louisville Courier-Journal.]

"Drat the cat!"

"What's the matter, girl?"

"Oh, the cat went to sleep on my new hat, and I wore her down town and back."

DEAN STANLEY'S HANDWRITING.

[T. P.'s Weekly.]

Dean Farrar, in his "Reminiscences," says that the first proofs of Dean Stanley's "Sinai and Palestine" informed the reader that from the monastery of Sinai was visible "the horn of the burning beast"! This was a weary compositor's interpretation of the dean's handwriting for "the horizon of the burning bush."

The original proof sheets also stated that on turning the shoulder of Mount Olivet in the walk from Bethany, "there suddenly burst upon the spectator a magnificent view of Jones"! In this startling sentence "Jones" was a transmogrification of "Jerus," the dean's abbreviated way of writing "Jerusalem."

When the dean answered an invitation to dinner, his hostess has been known to write back and inquire whether his note was an acceptance or a refusal, and when he mostly kindly replied to the question of a workingman, the recipient of his letter thanked him, but ventured to request that the tenor of his answer might be written out by someone else, "as he was not familiar with the handwriting of the aristocracy."

THE UNCONQUERED FOE.

[Kingston Whig.]

A London, Ont., paper heads an article, "Seven deaths from cancer; disease appears to be increasing, if records prove anything." Medical science has discovered various toxins of very great value, but so far without a check or cure for cancer.

THE CANNY GROOM.

[Exchange.]

Prospective Best Man—Got the marriage license yet?

Prospective Bridegroom—No; I'm not going to get that until the last thing. She may go back on me.

THE WORST IS OVER.

[Hamilton Times.]

The April customs returns show receipts of over half a million in excess of those of April last year. Canada has passed through the worst of the period of restriction, and business is now on the up-grade.

Carling's Canada Club Lager is the finest and healthiest lager beer brewed, and will be delivered by all dealers to any part of the city in cases containing one dozen pints, for 80 cents.

61k tywt

NO REBELLION IN SIMCOE ST. SCHOOL

Boy Who Sent Penned Epistle Sorry, and Disclaims South American Intentions.

The red flag of rebellion will not wave over the Simcoe street school. The boy who was to lead the revolution, and who brought in the statement to the newspapers now comes forward with a new document, in which he states that he was misinformed, and that the scholars will continue to do business at the old stand, picnic or no picnic.

Whether the change of heart was voluntary is not known, but nevertheless he gives out the statement, which is as follows:

"I am exceedingly sorry that I wrote the letter to you about the picnic, as it does not express the feeling of the boys and girls of Simcoe street school. I meant to say that we would like a picnic, but have no wish to go against the ruling of the school board.

"THE BOY WHO SENT THE OTHER LETTER."

KINDERGARTENS WERE CONSIDERED YESTERDAY

But No Decision Was Arrived At By the School Trustees of No. 1 Committee.

At the meeting of No. 1 committee of the board of education yesterday afternoon, the question of making the kindergarten teachers work two hours in the morning and two hours in the afternoon instead of three hours in the morning was taken up.

Miss Jean R. Laidlaw, supervisor of kindergartens, was present and explained the working of the kindergarten to the committee. She said that the teachers could not work the two sessions and do justice to the kindergarten. She also explained that much of their work was outside of the school altogether.

The organization of Mother's Clubs were very necessary and assisted the teachers a great deal. No recommendation was made regarding them.

The matter of penny savings banks was also discussed informally. Some of the members thought that they had been quite successful in other cities, but it was decided to defer action until further investigation was made.

Those present were Mr. George N. Weekes (chairman), Trustees Hamilton, Teasdall and Mugan.

LONDON CAMP DATES WILL NOT BE CHANGED

Authorities Have Found That, On the Whole, June 8 Will Be Most Satisfactory.

It is likely that the date of London camp will not be changed from June 8 to 15, as the militia authorities, after consulting everybody, have found that, although the date may conflict to some extent with a few of the rural regiments being inconvenient owing to the lateness of the season, it is suited as well as any other for the general needs of the regiments who will go under canvas at London. Several of the regimental commanders who made the strongest representations in regard to having the camp date changed, have since been advised that their regiments will not go in camp at London as other arrangements have been made.

BICYCLE THEIVES BUSY IN LONDON

If You Own a Wheel Lock It Up When You Are Not Sitting on It.

Bicycle thieves are apparently at work in the city, as during the last twenty-four hours two cases of such thefts have been reported to the police. Mr. E. Nicholson left his Brantford bicycle in the Greene-Swift building last night, and when he came to look for it it was gone. The number of the wheel was 187161, and it is described as a wheel in good condition.

A lineman named Jarvis reported that yesterday afternoon he left his wheel standing on Dundas street near Richmond street, while he went into a store and when he came out it was missing. The wheel was a Crescent, and in good condition.

MR. ALEX. BADENOCH LAEVING FOR WEST

Was Tendered a Complimentary Dinner by His Friends Last Night.

Mr. Alex. Badenoch, who has been a traveller for a local firm for the past eight years, was tendered a complimentary dinner last evening by his fellow employees prior to his departure for Winnipeg where he has taken a responsible position. After the dinner Col. Smith called Mr. Badenoch to they regretted that he had to go. He on behalf of the staff, presented him with a fine diamond stick pin. Mr. Nichols referred to Mr. Badenoch's long services for the company, and theyq regretted that he had to go. He wished him great success in the west, and was certain that if work would accomplish that result, it would certainly be achieved.

Complimentary speeches were also made by Col. Smith, John M. Dillon, W. F. Hungerford, N. J. Falls and others.

During the evening songs were given by Mr. S. Friendship and Mr. Chas. Milligan.

Western Ontario

Three thousand dollars' has been owing Chatham for water taxes for years, and payment has been ordered on pain of having water turned off.

Willard Norman, of Strathroy, had his left arm badly torn while operating a machine in a furniture factory.

Stepler's drug store, Strathroy, was entered by burglars Thursday night, and $125 in cash carried off.

Rev. Father Brennan, of St. Marys, is going to a Montreal hospital to undergo an operation.

Latest reports from points all over Western Ontario show that many barns were destroyed in Thursday's electrical storms.

M'GREGOR WELL WAS GIVEN A TEST TODAY

Engineer Moore Says a Mistake Was Made in Boring It Where It Was Located.

The McGregor well was pumped yesterday. Samples of the water were taken by Dr. Hutchinson and forwarded to the provincial analyst.

According to reports there were about 500,000 gallons a day running from the well.

Even with that quantity of water, it is looked upon with suspicion, and there is no doubt, it is alleged, that in face of the evidence concerning it that the water commissioners will not take it over.

Engineer Moore is not impressed with it, according to his statements this morning.

"Those who drilled the well showed bad judgment in selecting the site," he said. "It is only a few feet away from the other wells, that were condemned some time ago, and there is the danger of pollution still.

"If they desired that the well should be acceptable they should have sunk it some distance at least away from the others, and then there would have been no suspicion.

Not Prepared to Speak.

"There is no doubt that there is quite a bit of water there, but as to its permanency I am not prepared to speak. I marvel where the water comes from. The well is on a hill, and I do not understand where it can come from. I have not heard what the commissioners are going to do."

The Beck wells continue to show a fine flow of water. The latest addition, No. 12, is a good one, just as good as any in the series, which is saying considerable.

The water is of excellent quality, and pure, it is said.

Plenty of Water.

In spite of the fact that the wells in that district were said to be showing signs of lessening quantity, they continue to pump as much water as heretofore. The level has been raised a trifle in some instances owing to numerous wells tapping the vein, but the quantity of water is undiminished.

The Beck scheme will be ready within a couple of weeks, and then the citizens will have an opportunity of voting on it.

It is not likely that the water commissioners will refuse to submit it to the people, as they have at the present time no alternative scheme except the McGregor proposition, and no person takes that seriously.

The Vote.

Aq vote could be taken before July, and the problem settled for all time to come.

There was some talk to the effect that the water commissioners would send the proposition to the people and attempt to defeat it by public discussion.

SMALL BOYS GIVE FIRE DEPT. A RUN

An alarm turned in from Box 63, Clarence and Hill streets, by a gang of small boys, gave the fire department a needless run at 2:15 this afternoon. On the approach of the apparatus the lads made off in the direction of the river. Chief Aitken made an effort to identify them but without success.

RUMBALL-LOCKYER

A Very Pretty Wedding of a Popular Couple in South London.

A very pretty event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Lockyer, 155 Wharncliffe road, South London, on Tuesday evening, when their daughter Harriet was united in marriage to Mr. Albert Rumball, of this city.

Only the immediate friends of the family were present, and Rev. James Livingstone, of Mitchell, officiated. Miss Bertha Lockyer, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and Mr. Fred Rumball, brother of the groom was best man, and little Elsie Lockyer as flower girl. After the ceremony all sat down to a dainty spread where the health of the young couple was drunk and the good wishes of all tendered them.

At an early hour Mr. and Mrs. Rumball left for their home at 19 Roberts avenue, East London, where they will reside.

FAILED TO PAY THEIR BOARD BILL

East End Man Is on the Warpath and Is Looking for Two "Slinks."

Mr. G. Kenzie, who keeps a boarding-house at 236 Rectory street, is looking for two young men who left his place suddenly the other day, it is alleged, without settling the bill, after being there a week.

The men came to this city a short time ago and stopped at the boarding-house, saying they were from Chicago. When the time came for cashing in, they could not be found, and as a result Mr. Kenzie is out quite a little.

TODAY'S STOCKS.

By private wire to H. C. Becher, London, from Harris, Winthrop & Co.

New York, May 8.—The week ends with the market in full swing upward London has been a heavy buyer here, and especially in the Copper issues, for several days, which is an exact reverse of their position a week ago. Southern Pacific, Atchison, Baltimore and Ohio, the Rhode Island issues and Wabashes look attractive to us for the next few days. Many of the equipment stocks are said to be booked for higher prices, but we shall be inclined to taking profits should the bull fever continue a few days longer, as we expect it will. We think the Steel stocks are high enough.

LIVE STOCK

CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 8.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 100; market steady; beeves, $5 to $7 25; Texas steers, $4 60 to $5 80; western steers, $4 70 to $5 70; stockers and feeders, $3 60 to $5 60; cows and heifers, $2 40 to $6 25; calves, $5 to $7.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 1,000; market 5c higher; light, $6 85 to $7 25; mixed, $6 95 to $7 35; heavy, $7 to $7 40; roughs, $7 to $7 15; good to choice heavy, $7 15 to $7 40; pigs, $5 75 to $6 70; bulk of sales at $5 70 to $7 30.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 1,000; market steady; natives, $3 90 to $6 50; westerns, $4 to $6 50; yearlings, $6 25 to $7 50; lambs, natives, $6 25 to $9; westerns, $6 60 to $9 35.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, May 8.—Cattle—Slow and steady. Veals—Receipts, 200 head; slow and 5c lower, $6 to $8.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,900; slow and 5c to 10c lower; heavy, $7 50 to $7 60; mixed, $7 45 to $7 60; Yorkers, $6 90 to $7 40; pigs, $6 65 to $6 75; roughs, $6 40 to $6 60; stags, $5 to $5 75; dairies, $7 to $7 40.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 7,200 head; steady; sheep active, lambs slow; lambs, $ 50 to $7 90, a few at $7 95.

20 pay-life rate Endowment

One of our special Reserve Dividend Policies. You pay the ordinary 20 pay life premium, and policy will mature as an Endowment at expectation of life.

Booklet Free.

London Life POLICIES "GOOD AS GOLD"

Geo. McBroom, Inspector.
Geo. F. Emerson District Agent.
J. F. Maine, Sup't. Ind't'l Branch.

BUSINESS PICKING UP SAYS MR. CHAS. CURRY

Who Is a Former Londoner and Now Manager of the Ohio Traction Lines.

Mr. Charles Curry, formerly of this city, and now manager of the North Ohio Light and Traction Company, Akron, Ohio, was a visitor at the mayor's office at noon today. Mr. Curry, who was formerly connected with the London street railway, has been most successful since he left this city, and is making rapid strides in railroad work. He reports that business conditions are rapidly improving in the States.

"There has been a decidedly better tone in business," said Mr. Curry. "We have been doing a much larger business of late than for some time past, and a feeling of optimism is prevalent. We expect a good year.

"The tariff question is creating a great deal of discussion in the United States, and there is a feeling that some re-adjustment will have to be made very soon. It is being discussed everywhere, and business men are taking a deep interest in it.

"The opinion is general that a proper tariff will bring about the prosperous conditions of 1906 and 1907.

"London is making many improvements and there seems to be a go-ahead spirit here."

Mr. Curry who is accompanied by Mrs. Curry and two daughters, will return Sunday to their home in Akron.

MAY BE NEW MOVE IN KINRADE CASE

Report of the Alienists Now Being Considered by the Government.

Toronto, May 7. — The reports of the alienists in the Kinrade case have been handed to the Government.

The crown, it is said, have one course mapped out, should the reports of Drs. Bruce Smith and Clarke prove to be startling.

In the event of such a report being received from the doctors as would support a theory of mental weakness on the part of anyone connected with the case, it would be difficult for the crown to take any direct step. It would still be necessary for a formal charge to be laid, and a formal trial begun.

An adjournment would then probably be made, and a commission be appointed to deal with the findings in the alienists' report.

Even without a commission, the lieutenant-governor could take action himself if he deemed the evidence sufficient.

It is stated on good authority that the crown believes it has secured all the information it needs from the south, and that even in Hamilton further search has ceased.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

May 7.—At New York—La Provence, from Havre; Liguria, from Naples; Raglan Castle, from Hamburg.

At Glasgow—Numidian, from Philadelphia.

At Manchester—Iberian, from Boston.

At Southampton—Adriatic, from New York.

At Rotterdam—Ryndam, from New York.

At Marseilles—Massilia, from New York.

At Naples—Laura, from New York; Koenig Albert, from New York.

At Genoa—Duca di Genova, from New York.

At Rimouski—Virginian, from Liverpool.

At Father Point—Concordia, from Glasgow.

May 8.—At Father Point—Manchester Spinner, from Manchester; Tritonia, from Rotterdam.

At New York—Campania, from Liverpool; Amerika, from Hamburg.

CANADA LIFE BILL.

Toronto, May 8.—The action brought against the Canada Life Assurance Company by William Laidlaw, on behalf of himself and other policy-holders to prevent the enacting of legislation known as the Canada Life bill on the ground of its interfering with the rights of the policy-holders, and promoting at the expense, the interests of the shareholders, was argued this morning.

Red Rose Tea

"Is Good Tea"

Never varies in quality, every package is good.

Advertiser Patterns

DESIGNED BY MARTHA DEAN.

LADIES' BOLERO WITH GUIMPE—A CHARMING DRESS ACCESORY.

No. 8480.

In Irish allover lace, in net or embroidery, or in silk velvet or cloth with pretty trimming, this bolero is most effective. The fronts cross over the back portions at the underarm, and in belt fashion at the centre back. The guimpe may be of any of the materials now in vogue, and may be used for wear with other over-garments. The pattern is cut in three sizes — small, medium, large.

A pattern of this illustration will be mailed to any address upon receipt of 10 cents, in stamps or silver.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE ADVERTISER.

Please send above-mentioned pattern, as per directions given below, to:

Name .....

Street Address .....

Town .....

Province .....

Measurement: Bust Waist

Age (if child's or misses' pattern).....

CAUTION.—Be careful to inclose above illustration and send size of pattern wanted. When the pattern is bust measure, you need only mark 32, 34, or whatever it may be. When in waist measure, 22, 24, 26, or whatever it may be. If a skirt, give waist and length measure. When misses' or child's pattern, write only the figure representing the age. It is not necessary to write "inches" or "years." Patterns cannot reach you in less than one week from the date of order. The price of each pattern is ten cents in cash or in postage stamps.

PATTERN DEPARTMENT,
LONDON ADVERTISER.

EVELYN SETTLES

Mrs. Harry Thaw Pays $250 For Her Contempt of Court.

New York, May 7.—Evelyn Nesbit Thaw did not go to Ludlow street jail today, instead paying the fine $250 imposed upon her by Justice McAver for contempt in failure to appear in supplementary proceedings.

According to the court's order, this sum is to be applied to the extinction of the judgment for $253, secured by Elise A. Hartwig, a milliner, upon which the proceedings for supplementary proceedings were taken.

There still remains to be paid a sum of nearly $100, made up of costs in various courts, before Mrs. Thaw can have her affairs taken out of the hands of the receiver. Unless she pays these amounts, attorneys for Mrs. Thaw's creditors stated today, further actions will be taken and she will again be called in supplementary proceedings.

NEW BAPTIST MISSIONARY.

St. John, N. B., May 7.—The Baptist foreign mission board of the Maritime Provinces, at a meeting here, decided to accept an offer made by Dr. W. R. Morse, of Providence, R. I., to go to India as a medical missionary. It is planned that he shall come here in August for the conference meeting, and shall start for India probably in October next. He will be stationed in the Savara country. Two years will be allowed for the study of the language and his real work will then begin.

CYNTHIA WAKEHAM'S MONEY

BY ANNA K. GREEN.

"'Father,' said I, taking what I thought to be an arch advantage of the situation, 'may I not have a new dress for the ball?'

"He paused, cast a glance at his desk, and then another at me. He had been, though I did not know it, in conversation with Emma and my aunt, and was more alive to the matters of the hour than usual. It was, therefore, with some display of severity that he confronted me and said:

"'You are not going to the ball, Hermione.'

"Struck as by a blow, the more severely that it was wholly unexpected, I gasped:

"'Not going to the ball, when you know what depends upon it? Do you not like, Dr. Sellick, father?'

"He mumbled, something between his lips, and advancing to the desk, took up the letter which he thus knew I had read, and ostentatiously folded it.

"'I like Dr. Sellick well enough,' was his reply, 'but I do not approve of balls, and desire to keep you away from them.'

"'But you said we might go,' I persisted, suspecting nothing, seeing nothing in this but a parent's unreasonable and arbitrary display of power. 'Why have you changed your mind? Is it because Dr. Sellick has fixed upon that time for making me the offer of his hand?'

"'Perhaps,' his dry lips said.

"Angry as I had never been in all my life, I tried to speak, and could not. Had I escaped suicide to have my hopes flung in this wanton way again to the ground, and for no reason that I or anyone else could see?

"'But you must acknowledge,' I managed at last to stammer, 'that you like him.'

"'That is not saying I want him for a son-in-law.'

"'Whom do you want?' I cried. 'Is there anyone else in town superior to him in wit or breeding? If he loves me ——'

"My father's lip curled.

"'He says he does,' I flashed out, fiercely.

"'You should not have read my letters,' was all my father replied.

"I was baffled, exasperated, at my wits' end; all the more that I saw his eye roaming impatiently towards the pneumatic trough where some hydrogen gas was collecting for use.

"'Father, father,' I cried, 'be frank to me. What are your objections to Dr. Sellick? He is your friend; he works with you; he is promising in his profession; he has every qualification but that of wealth——'

"'That is enough,' broke in my father.

"I looked at him in dismay and shrank back. How could I know he was honestly trying to save me from a grief and shame they all thought me unequal to meeting. I saw nothing but his cold smile, heard nothing but his harsh words.

"'You are cruel, you are heartless,' burst from me in a rage. 'You never have shown the least signs of a mercenary spirit before, and now you make Dr. Sellick's lack of money an excuse for breaking my heart.'

"'Hermione,' my father slowly rejoined, 'you have a frightful temper. You had better keep down the exhibitions of it when you are in this room.'

"'This room!' I repeated, almost beside myself. 'This grave rather of every gentle feeling and tender thought which a father should have towards a most unfortunate child. If you loved me but half as well as you love these old jars——'

"But here his face, usually mild in its abstraction, turned so pale and hard that I was frightened at what I had said.

"'Hermione,' he cried, 'there is no use trying to show you any consideration. Know the truth then; know that ——'

"Why did he not go on? Why was he not allowed to tell me what I may have been, but little fitted to hear, but which if I had heard it at that time would have saved me from many grave and fatal mistakes. I think he would have spoken; I think he meant to tell me that Dr. Sellick's offer was for Emma, and not for me, but Emma herself appeared just then at the door, and though I did not detect the gesture she made, I gather that it was one of entreaty, from the way he paused and bit his lip.

"'It is useless to talk,' he exclaimed. 'I have said that you are to stay home from the ball. I also say that you are not to accept or refuse Dr. Sellick's addresses. I will answer his letter, and it will not be one of acceptance.'

"'Why did I not yield to his will and say nothing? When I saw how everything was against me, why did I not succumb to circumstances, and cease to maintain a struggle I knew then to be useless? Because it was not in my nature to do so; because Providence had given me an indomitable will which had never been roused into its utmost action till now. Drawing myself tightly up till I felt that I was taller than he, I advanced with all the fury of suppressed rage, and quietly said the fatal words, which, once uttered, I never knew how to recall.

"'If you play the tyrant, I will play the part of submissive slave. Keep me here, if you will; restrain me from going where my fancy and my desires lead, and I will obey you. But, father, if you do this, if you do not allow me to go to the ball, meet Dr. Sellick, and acept his offer, then mark me, I will never go out of this house again. Where you keep me I will stay till I am carried out a corpse, and no one and nothing shall ever make me change my mind.'

"He stared, laughed, then walked away to his pneumatic trough. 'Suit yourself about that,' said he. "I have nothing more to do with your whims.' Probably he thought I was raving and would forget my words before the day was out.

"But there was another person present who knew me better, and I only realized what I had done when I beheld Emma's slight body lying insensible at my feet."

CHAPTER XXII.
Steel Meets Steel.

Up to this point Frank had read with an absorption which precluded the receiving of all outward impressions. But the secret reached, he drew a long breath, and became suddenly conscious of a lugubrious sound breaking in upon the silence with a gloomy iteration which was anything but cheering.

The fog-horn was blowing out on Dog Island.

"I could have done without that accompaniment," thought he, glancing at the sheets still before him. "It gives me a sense of doom."

But the fog was thick on the coast, and the horn kept on blowing.

Frank took up the remaining sheets.

"Life for me was now at an end, indeed, and not for me only, but for Emma. I had not meant to involve her in my fate. I had forgotten her promise, forgotten! But when I saw her lying there I remembered, and a sharp pang pierced me for all my devouring rage. But I did not recall my words, I could not. I had uttered them with a full sense of what they meant to me, and the scorn with which they were received only deepened my purpose to keep the threat I had made. Can you understand such a disposition, and can you continue to love the possessor of it?

"My father, who was shocked at Emma's fall, knowing better than I did perhaps the real misery which lay behind it, cast me a look which did not tend to soften my obduracy, and advanced to pick her up. When he had carried her to her own room, I went proudly to mine, and such was the depth of my anger and the obstinate nature of my will that I really felt better able to face the future now that I had put myself into a position requiring pride and purpose to sustain it. But I did feel some relenting when I next saw Emma—such a change was visible in her manner. Meekness had taken the place of the merriment which once made the house to ring, and the eye which once sparkled now showed sadness and concern. I did not, however, suspect she had given up anything but freedom, and though this was much, as I very soon began to find, I was not yet by any means so affected by her devotion, that I could do more than beg her to reconsider her own determination and break a promise from which I would be only too happy to release her.

"But the answer with which she always met my remonstrances was, 'Your fate shall be my fate. When it becomes unbearable to us both you will release me by releasing yourself.' Which answer always hardened me again, for I did not wish to be forced to think that the breaking up of our seclusion rested with me, or that anything but a relenting on my father's part could make any change in my conduct.

"Meanwhile that father maintained towards me an air of the utmost indifference. He worked at his experiments as usual, came and went through the sombre house, which was unrelieved now by Emma's once bright sallies and irrepressible laughter, and made no sign that he saw any difference in it or us. Aunt Lovell alone showed sympathy, and when she saw that sympathy accomplished nothing, tried first persuasion and then argument.

"But she had iron and steel to deal with, and she soon ceased her gentle efforts, and at the time of her visit was drawing to a close, returned again to those gentle expressions of silent sympathy more natural to her nature; and so the first week passed.

"We had determined, Emma and I, that no one beside our four selves should ever know the secret of our strange behavior. Neighbors might guess, gossips, might discuss it, but no one should ever know why we no longer showed ourselves in the street, went to any of the social gatherings of the place, or attended the church from which we had never been absent. When, therefore, the ball came off, and we were not seen there, many were the questions asked, and many were the surmises uttered, but we did not betray our secret, nor was it for some time after this that the people about us awoke to the fact that we no longer left our home.

To Be Continued.

The Blood is the Power That Defends the Body

This is the greatest and most important discovery of modern medical science.

It ranks with the discovery of the circulation of the blood, which was made centuries ago.

The blood protects the organs and tissues from disease, but it does so only when it is healthy itself.

Healthy blood is pure blood, and at no season is it more necessary than

In the Spring

when there is so much exposure to disease germs.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes healthy blood.

It is the medicine that purifies and enriches the blood and makes it normal in red and white corpuscles and all other constituents.

It cures all humors and eruptions, catarrh and rheumatism, relieves that tired feeling, restores the appetite, cures paleness, weakness, nervousness, and builds up the whole system.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for a great many years, and I think it the

Best Blood Medicine

in the world. I use it both spring and fall.

"This last winter and spring I was in very poor health.

"I was weak and had lost all my appetite and I was all run down. As soon as I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla my strength came back and my appetite returned.

"I am now a well woman and can go about doing my household duties. I no longer have that tired feeling." MRS. MARION BRUCE, Cumberland, Me.

☞Hood's Sarsaparilla effects its wonderful cures, not simply because it contains sarsaparilla, but because it combines the utmost remedial values of more than 20 different ingredients, each greatly strengthened and enriched by this peculiar combination. These ingredients are the very remedies that successful physicians prescribe for the same diseases and ailments. There is no real substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla. If urged to buy any preparation said to be "just as good," you may be sure it is inferior, costs less to make, and yields the dealer a larger profit.

Begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla today. 100 Doses One Dollar.

WEATHER FEATURES IN FICKLE APRIL

Low Temperatures All Over the Country—Vegetation Is Much Delayed.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, May 6.—The temperature over the Dominion during April was below the average, except in portions of Prince Edward Island and Cape Breton, where the average was somewhat exceeded. The negative departures were marked especially so in the western provinces, where they ranged from 9 to 12 degrees. The northern portions of British Columbia, Ontario and Quebec also recorded as much as 7 and 8 degrees below the normal. The highest temperature reported to this office was at Agassiz, B. C., Point Clark, Ont., and Stoney Creek, Ont., in each of which places it reached 71 degrees. The lowest temperature was 14 degrees below, at Prince Albert.

Precipitation.

In British Columbia the precipitation was much below the average amount, except in Cariboo, where there was more than usual. Calgary recorded 100 per cent above the average, while Battleford experienced 100 per cent below the average quantity. In Manitoba the excess throughout the province ranged from 31 to about 50 per cent. Elsewhere in the Dominion the precipitation was largely above the average, except in the eastern portion of Quebec, and in parts of Prince Edward Island and Cape Breton, where the deficiency was rather marked. In the Province of Ontario the positive departure was generally from two to four inches. Snow fell at intervals, the usual April snowfall record in the several provinces being as a rule much exceeded.

General Notes.

British Columbia.—The weather of April was cool throughout the whole month, and vegetation in most parts of the province is probably two or three weeks later than usual; general conditions for agriculture have been favorable, and seeding is well advanced; fruit trees of all kinds are blooming at Victoria, and the prospects are good for pear, plum and cherry crops. Rain is wanted in nearly all districts; light frosts prevailed in coast districts during the latter part of the month, but tender vegetation was not sufficiently advanced to suffer to any extent.

Western Provinces.—The weather of the month was unusually cold and backward. No growth was noticeable, and very little seeding was accomplished.

Quebec.—April weather was unusually cold and wintry in all portions of the province, precipitation being very light in the eastern half and fairly heavy elsewhere.

New Brunswick.—A cold, dull, wet, and backward month, with precipitation much above the average. There was a marked deficiency of warm, springlike days.

Nova Scotia. — A cold, backward month generally, with rain on eleven days and snow on nine, over eight inches of snow being recorded on the 26th of the month.

Prince Edward Island.—The weather the greater part of April was cold and wet, less forward for the season than previous months.

In Ontario.

The weather of April was unusually cold throughout the Province, and the precipitation greatly exceeded the normal. Snow fell at frequent intervals during the month, the storm of the 30th being especially severe. Conditions generally were very unfavorable for farm work.

Port Arthur—Bay clear of ice, though rivers and streams only open near mouths. Inland lakes not open, many of them covered with snow and ice. Snow still deep in the woods. No signs of vegetation.

London—Season very backward. Severe storm on the 29th, accompanied by hail, thunder and lightning.

Gravenhurst—Gulls and robins were numerous on the 2nd, cranes the 3rd, wild geese and loons on the 11th; willows budding on the 16th, alder in bloom on the 22nd; ice all gone off Muskoka Lake on the 27th.

Renfrew—An unusually large number of birds arrived during April. The farmers commenced plowing about the 26th; soft maples out in flower on the 30th.

Beatrice—Season very backward; nothing done towards cultivation of land.

Lansdowne—First robin seen on the 5th; frogs piping on the 12th; plowing on the 15th; first seeding done on the 29th.

Barrie—General arrival of spring birds on the 1st; ice breaking up on the 27th; bay clear of ice on the 19th; spring plowing and seeding very backward.

Clinton—Fall wheat has suffered slightly from late frosts; crocuses, spring beauties and hepaticas in bloom on the 15th; thunderstorms on the 7th, 18th and 29th; streams dull, and low lands flooded on the 30th; scarcely any seeding done at the end of the month.

Georgetown—Unseasonably cold conditions, with strong winds, marked the weather of the month; butterflies seen on the 4th; kildeer on the 5th; vesper sparrow on the 6th; crocus in bloom on the 8th; hepaticas on the 9th; frost out of ground on the 17th; some seeding done on the 26th. All vegetation backward.

Port Burwell—Season very backward and not much seeding done.

Strathroy—April weather was unusually cold and backward. Heavy snowstorm on the 30th, accompanied by thunder and lightning; farm work well under way.

For Married Men Only.

When your razor is dull as a hoe ask your wife if she wasn't paring her corns. Get her Putnam's Corn Extractor; it's the only painless and safe cure. All dealers sell "Putnam's."

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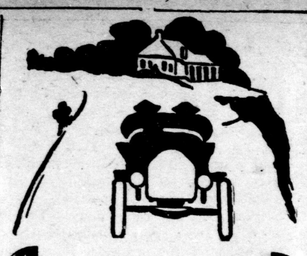

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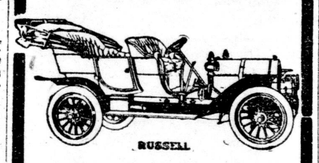

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BLYTH CIRCUIT DID WELL

Encouraging Report of Year's Work—Pastor Is Asked to Remain.

At a largely attended meeting of the official board of the Blyth circuit held on May 3, the work of the year was reviewed, and found to be in a prosperous condition. The Woman's Missinary Society, under the presidency of Mrs. S. H. Gidley; the Ladies' Aid, under the presidency of Mrs. Wilford; the Mission Band, under the presidency of Mrs. Young; the Epworth League, under the presidency of Miss Bentley, and the Sunday school, under the superintendency of Mr. C. H. Beese, with the able staff of officers of each organization, have all done excellent work during the year.

The stewards were all reappointed, with Mr. Wm. Jackson as recording secretary.

The license of Mr. John Wilford, who for so many years has acted as a local preacher and class leader, was renewed, as also was that of his son, Dr. E. C. Wilford, who goes to China next fall as a medical missionary.

Mr. George King, who has acted as class leader for many years, was continued in office.

Mr. A. B. Carr was elected delegate to the annual district meeting to be held in Clinton on May 18 and 19.

Under the direction of Miss Floody, the choir has furnished excellent music, so that the service of song has done much to interest and edify the worship of God in the public congregations.

The Jackson's appointment also reported good work done under the various officials of the church.

Mr. Wm. Skelton, after a period of good work in the Sunday school, retires, and A. H. Howlett acts in his place.

By a unanimous vote the pastor, Rev. W. H. Cooper, was invited to remain for another year, and he accepted, subject, of course, to the conference and stationing committee.

An express train running 60 miles an hour without stopping for 25 hours, would just travel the distance covered by the packets (placed end to end) sold in one year of "Salada" Tea. Annual sale exceeds eighteen million packets. 147

MINARD'S LINIMENT FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

Don't Have "Spring Fever"

"Spring Fever" is just another name for Biliousness, Irregular Bowels, Upset Stomach.

What you must do is to get the blood pure—by stirring up the liver—making the bowels regular and the stomach sweet. The quickest, and surest, and pleasant, way to do all this is to take Abbey's Salt. It's the best spring tonic.

25c and 60c a bottle. 2

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

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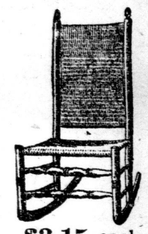

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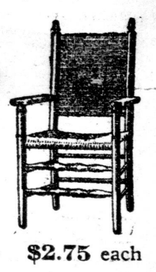

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SIMPLE WASH CURES ECZEMA

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It is now thoroughly established among the best medical authorities that eczema is purely a skin disease, due to a germ, and curable only through the skin. It is not a blood disease at all; in fact, thousands of people suffer with skin disease and are perfectly healthy otherwise, and thereby prove they have no diseased blood.

Smeary salves cannot reach the germs because they do not penetrate the skin. The only way to reach the germs is by means of a **penetrating** liquid.

Such a liquid can be obtained by simply mixing ordinary oil of wintergreen with thymol, glycerine and other healing agents. This compound, known as D.D.D. Prescription, stops the itch instantly—and the cures all appear to be permanent. In fact, it took thousands of cures, case after case, before the best scientific authorities were convinced of the absolute merit of this remedy. D.D.D. Prescription kills the germs in the itching skin. Its effect is seen within one minute after the first application. The cure is even quicker if D.D.D. Soap is used in connection with the treatment.

For free sample bottle write to The D.D.D. Laboratory, Department L. A., 23 Jordan street, Toronto. For sale by all druggists.

Plays, Players and Playgoers--The Week in London Theatres

COMING ATTRACTIONS AT THE GRAND.

Today at 2:30, Toronto Rowing Club Minstrels.
Tonight at 8:15 Toronto Rowing Club Minstrels.
Monday—"Shadows of a Great City."
Tuesday—"Shadows of a Great City."
Friday—Imperial Scots Concert Company, under the auspices of Sons of Scotland Male Chorus.

Toronto Rowing Club Minstrels.

The Toronto Rowing Club's mammoth minstrel company will hold the boards at the Grand Opera House this afternoon and evening.

This organization, consisting of over 75 members, comes direct from a most successful engagement at the Grand Opera House, Toronto, and from what is said is far superior than many of the so-called all-star professional companies now on tour.

During the first part many comedy and musical numbers will be rendered by Messrs. Frank Hill, Dick Newman, Ed. McGrath, Geo. Budway, Roy McKellar, Strathdee, John T. Fiddes and William Laflamme.

The second part of the entertainment will be a new departure in minstrelsy. Along with the vaudeville there will be introduced some very novel ideas, depicting negro life in Dixie, with song, dance and story. It opens with a typical negro sketch,

C. J. REID,
Conductor of the Toronto Rowing Club Minstrels at the Grand This Afternoon and Evening.

wherein the pathetic as well as the humorous side of darkey life is shown. During this scene Len Cameron will introduce his "Troubadors," and will render "Sambo" and "Whistle If You Want Me, Dear." The vaudeville portion of the programme will be given by Joe Hill, in his original darkey steps; Walter Kennedy, the small boy with the large voice; Laflamme and Strathdee in the funny farce, "Stranded," and Victor Lewis in impersonations of celebraties.

"Shadows of a Great City."

One of the most elaborate scenic effects ever produced on the local stage is to be seen in the melodrama "Shadows of a Great City," which comes to the Grand Opera House on Monday and Tuesday evenings.

It is a river of real water which will be held in place by an immense tank covering the stage from wall to wall. It is said to have a capacity of 40,000 gallons. Carpenters travel three days in advance of the company in order to prepare for this great effect. To make room for it all of the house scenery will have to be removed from the theatre.

The scene is supposed to represent Hell Gate, East River, New York, and from all accounts, is a most perfect reproduction of that famous waterway.

It is a beautiful scene, with the city lighted up in the background, and the characters sailing about the stage in boats. The height of dramatic realism is reached when the young sailor boy dives head-foremost into the real water and saves the life of a little girl. There is no fake about this scene it is the real thing, and the play in which it is to be given is one of the oldest and best dramas on the American stage today. It has been before the public constantly for twenty years, and continues to draw great crowds everywhere. There was a time when this play could be seen in only the very high-priced theatres. Now it is being given at popular prices by a splendid cast and with great scenic effects.

The fact that the late Joseph Jefferson had a hand in writing the play and that it is still under the management of his heirs is all the indorsement necessary to assure the public of its standard.

Imperial Scottish Concert Company.

There's goin' tae be a regular tearin' o' the tartans on Friday nicht at the Grand, for a' Jock Tamson's Bairns are gauin' tae assemble tae listen tae the sweetest Scottish tenor in the hale universe. Wheest! I dinna require the mention his name fur every leal Scot should ken it. Onyway, it's J. M. Hamilton, wha ye used tae ken in the auld days as "The Scottish Sim Reeves." He will gar ye greet aricht, as he lilts awa' aboot "Bonnie Doon," an 'ither sweet memories o' Rabbie Burns, an' when he pits on his bonny Hielan' costume an sings wi' patriotic fervor hoo yer faythers foucht an' deed for liberty, the place wull no be big enough tae haud yer enthusiasm.

By oppressions woes and pains,
By oor sons in servile chains,
We wull drain oor dearest veins,
But, we shall be FREE.

Anither thing ye'll no be forgettin'. A bonny leddy—a rale dainty wee lassie, frae the land o' cakes an' heather—in fact, the sweetest soprano in all Scotland, wull be wi' him, an' the duets they wull sing thegither wull mak' a lump come in mony a throat. Aye, and she wull charm yer ears an' tickle yer senses wi' her sympathetic sangs, an' mak a' the laddies want tae jine the sojers when she sings "Blue Bonnets Ower the Border." An' that's no a'. There is a wee Scotch comic comin' tae—a regular clinker, wee Fred Barclay. Losh! but yon's a funny yin. If ye hear him ye'll save mony a doctor's bill. Laugh! Wull, yo no? I'll wager yer sides wull ache next morning. In this muckle country they wid ca' yon wee comic "the limit." Annie McKay has charge of the music-box an it's a michty fine yin. Nathing less than a full-grown graun piano for Annie McKay an' the Imperial Scots Concert Company. Aye, aye, ye'll be richt sorry if ye miss them for they only appear yince—mairs the peety—an' then hame tae Bonny Scotland. Mak a note ye dults an see aboot yer ticket at yince an' remember yer mithers, sweethearts an' wives hae as much richt as ye tae hear the famous singers. Dinna forget.

"A Broken Idol."

Among the many spectacular surprises in "A Broken Idol," the latest success at the Whitney Opera House, in Chicago, there are probably none more startling than the human dragon and the animated apple trees, both of which are creations of the fertile brain of Gus Sohlke, Mr. Whitney's general stage director. In the former, Mr. Sohlke has so arranged and costumed a group of twelve little dancing girls that they come on in the finale of the first act in the form of a huge green dragon, emitting flames and sulphuric fumes, after the most approved manner of the dragon of tradition. As the scene where it is introduced is Chinatown, Los Angeles, during the Oriental New Year celebration, and the dragon chances to be a national emblem of the Chinese, the appropriateness of this arrangement will readily be seen. At a given signal from Otis Harlan, the dragon suddenly transforms into a group of clever miniature maidens.

The second surprise consists of four dwarf apple-trees, profusely laden with blossoms, which stand in full view of the audience for eighteen minutes after the curtain goes up on the second act, with no indication that they are anything but a part of the landscape representation. As the refrain of "Sign of the Honeymoon" is being sung by two of the principals, the trees suddenly change into four little girls.

There is still another spectacular feature, which is probably a greater mystery than either of the two aforementioned. This is the balloon, in which Miss Alice Yorke, a Toronto girl, the prima donna of the company, ascends from the stage, floats over the heads of the audience, and makes a complet circuit of the atmospheric space of the theatre auditorium, singing the refrains of two of the great song hits of the production. So far as the audience can see, the balloon has no mechanical support, and it conveys the impression of being an ordinary white silk gas bag.

"A Broken Idol" comes to the Grand on May 20 for one performance.

"An Englishman's Home."

No play announced for presentation in this city in recent years has aroused more interest than "An Englishman's Home," which will be seen at the Grand Opera House on May 21 and 22, for three performances, under the direction of Charles Frohman, who will offer this much-discussed play with the same company which has been appearing in Major DuMaurier's drama for the last eight weeks at the Criterion Theatre in New York, and which has just concluded record-breaking engagements at Toronto and Montreal.

The Toronto Evening News, in commenting upon the first performance of the play in that city, says: "'An Englishman's Home,' the war play that has aroused all Britain to a fighting mood, stirred a big audience at the Princess Theatre last night to noisy outbursts of patriotic enthusiasm. There is no getting away from the fact that 'An Englishman's Home' does stir the fighting blood of the average Briton, even though some of the most delicate satirical points of the play seemed to pass over the heads of a large number of people last evening. The main points of the satirical sermon were not missed, however. The helplessness of the untrained, undisciplined volunteers, incompetently officered, was painfully apparent. There were hearty cheers, too, for the playwright's shafts of satire at those civilians who declaim against making every able man a soldier—for a time, at least.

"One light-headed, sporty youth, when the house was in the hands of the enemy, tells Prince Yoland, their commander, that he is but a harmless scitizens, and that if a British army went into his country, it would not go about bullying harmless citizens.

"'Perhaps not,' sallied Prince Yoland, 'but in my country none of the men are harmless.'

"The last act, considered as an achievement of stage realism, is alone well worth seeing. The attack on the house and its destruction by shells and flames and bullets, is splendidly done.

"The company is one of the best ever seen in Toronto."

St. John's A. C. Minstrels.

The hum of activity prevails at the St. John's Club, corner of Waterloo and Oxford streets. Painters are putting the finishing touches to the scenery, and carpenters are just completing the orchestra pit, and when the doors are opened on Tuesday night next the club will be in readiness for the large audience that will welcome the St. John's boys in their ninth amateur minstrel show. Mr. A. Eldon Westman has charge of the large chorus, and he is delighted with the results he has attained from the boys. This year seats may be reserved. Mr. Charley Martin as Little Eva, Ed Johnson as Uncle Tom, James McKenzie as Topsy, and Simon Legree portrayed by Harry Milligan, promise to be very funny, as nearly everyone is familiar with "Uncle Tom's Cabin," and as this sketch is a burlesque, one may imagine the situations. Tickets are on sale at the popular price of 25 cents, and the boys no doubt will be greeted by large houses on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings. The St. John's orchestra will be made up of the following well-known musicians: A. Eldon Westman, Maurice Poure, Clarence Robinson, Fred Wilkinson, Arthur Robinson, C. Reed, Frank Rutledge and Chester Panton.

MISS MADGE VOE,
As "Sing Wee," in B. C. Whitney's Mammoth Musical Production, "A Broken Idol," at Grand Opera House, on Thursday, May 20.

THE QUEENS OF TRAGEDY ON THE ENGLISH STAGE

From T. P.'s Weekly.

What place will the present century hold in the history of the English theatre? The seventeenth was the one of great dramatists, the eighteenth of great players, and the nineteeth of great producers, so that there does not seem to be much left for the next hundred years. The age of great players is now almost forgotten, for it is the misfortune of the stage that it leaves nothing permanent behind, and that actors, unlike artists, can give us no record of their work. They pass away, and in a few years even the memories of them are gone.

Where are the passions they essayed,
And where the tears they made to flow?
. . . . . .
Into the night go one and all.

The Tragic Actresses.

To the ordinary playgoer Mrs. Siddons was the one and only great tragic actress, surpassing all her predecessors, not only in degree, but in kind. And yet throughout the eighteenth century the English stage was never without a really great tragic actress, and it is to rescue their names from undeserved oblivion that Mr. John Fyvie has written his "Tragedy Queens of the Georgian Era" (Methuen & Company, 12s 6d net). There are no fewer than thirteen of them, and all were famous in their day, from Elizabeth Barry, who was born in 1658, to Eliza O'Neill, who died as late as 1872. It is safe to say that most of these names are unknown to the fairly well-read men of today, Anne Bracegirdle, Anne Oldfield, Elizabeth Inchbald and Sarah Siddons being probably the only tragic queens of whom he has even the faintest knowledge. Elizabeth Barry really belongs to the Carolina days, but she dominated the stage for twenty years, and her manner and methods profoundly influenced succeeding tragic actresses. She was the beloved of Otway and Rochester, and created over one hundred characters. She it was who as Statira in "The Rival Queens" stabbed her rival, Mrs. Boutel, who play'd Roxana, with such force that she penetrated the stiff stays of the period a quarter of an inch into the flesh.

The Diana of the Stage.

Unlike her predecessor, Anne Bracegirdle established a reputation for the propriety of her private life, but she was the unwitting cause of the murder of poor Will Mountford, the actor, by Capt. Hill and Lord Mohun. She was said to have been driven from the stage by Anne Oldfield, who played "The Amorous Widow" on alternate nights with her, and captured the applause of the beaux and of the general public. Anne Bracegirdle lived for 40 years after her retirement, and Anne Oldfield reigned absolute in tragedy and comedy from the reign of Queen Anne to the second year of George II.

From Barmaid to Actress.

Anne Oldfield was the daughter of a man who wasted his substance, and left her and her mother to keep the latter's sister at the Mitre Tavern in St. James' Market. It was owing to Captain Farquhar that Mrs. Oldfield night at the Mitre, "when he heard Miss Nanny reading a play behind the bar with such proper emphasis and such agreeable turns suitable to each character, that he swore the girl was cut out for the stage, to which she had before expressed her inclination, being very desirous to try her fortune that way." Shortly afterwards Capt. Farquhar recommended her to Rich, who took her into the theatre at a salary of fifteen shillings a week. She made her first appearance when she was only 16 years of age, and her story reads like that of an actress of today. She was the original of Pope's Narcissa, who, it will be remembered, had such a horror of being buried, according to the law, in woollen: "Odious! in woollen! It would a saint provoke."

Old Age in the Abstract.

But little is known of Mrs. Porter, of whom in her latter days Dr. Johnson said she was so wrinkled that a picture of old age in the abstract might have been taken from her countenance. As no breath of scandal had ever tainted her fame, Grub Street did not consider her worthy of one of its characteristic biographies, and it is perhaps owing to the plainness of her face that no painter or engraver ever attempted her portrait. Mrs. Cibber is well known because she was not only a great actress, but married the son of Colley Cibber, Theophilus, "a little, ugly, ungainly man, with a peculiarly shrill voice, features which Bates describes as 'rather disgusting,' a pair of crooked eyes, and a set of equally crooked morals."

"Paws" and "Pause."

What can we say of the rest? There was Hannah Pritchard, who equalled Mrs. Siddons as a blameless wife and mother and a tragedienne, and surpassed her in versatility and range of power. There was Mrs. Yates, whose charming and roguish face looks more suited to comedy than to tragedy, but who, we are told, acted in the "highest style of sublime tragedy." There was Anne Crawford, who for the first fourteen years of her career on the stage was known as Mrs. Dancer, for the next ten years as Mrs. Barry, and for the last twenty-three years as Mrs. Crawford. Unlike modern actresses, she did not think it necessary to keep a stage name for life, but like her compeers of the eighteenth century changed her name on the bills whenever she married again. She it was who said that "the Garrick school was all rapidity and action, while the Kemble school was full of paws and pause." A wit as well as an actress.

"An Honest Actress."

How they go into the night! Elizabeth Pope is quite forgotten now, but we are assured that she was the rival of Mrs. Siddons in tragedy and of Miss Farren in comedy. Mrs. Inchbald is better known, for she was a writer as well as an actress; and Mrs. Siddons is the best known of all, too well known for extended notice here. Of herself she said with modesty and truth that she was "an honest actress," and at all times and in all things endeavored to do her best. There are those still living who can remember Mrs. Glover; and the beautiful Miss O'Neill, who became Lady Becher, quite in the modern style, is said to be the original of Thackerav's Miss Fotheringay. They were handsome and accomplished women, and held audiences spellbound in their day; but what shadows they all are now! A few biographies, frequently spiteful, and a portrait or two, is all that is left of the tragedy queens.

SCENE FROM "SHADOWS OF A GREAT CITY,"
At the Grand on Monday and Tuesday Evenings.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Daniel Jarrett, who plays one of the principal roles in "The Travelling Salesman," was formerly a civil engineer in railroad employ.

Joseph Kane will star next season, probably in "In Panama," in which attraction he is now playing with Mr. Max Rogers.

Grace Hazard, who has been starring for the last two years upon the vaudeville stage, will return next season to the regular theatrical field in "The Parisian Model."

The Shuberts will take Bertha Kalich under their management next season, when they will present her in a new emotional American drama.

Walter Jones and Herbert Cothell are considering a special matinee performance of "A Comedy of Errors," in which they will be the two Dromios.

Joseph Howard is to star next season in a play called "The Wearing of the Green," by Theodore Burt Sayre, who wrote "Thomas Moore" for Andrew Mack.

Cyril Scott heads a company that last week made the first presentation of the "Brass Bowl," a drama of New York life by Winchell Smith and Louis Joseph Vance.

Hattie Williams is to end her season this week in "Fluffy Ruffles." The piece will be taken out next season, but will have another star, as Miss Williams will appear in a new play.

Marie Cahill is to take up her permanent residence in Boston, and is to have her new plays produced in that city. In private life Miss Cahill is the wife of her late manager, Daniel V. Arthur.

"Idols," a dramatization of William T. Locke's story by Roy Homiman, which has met with success in England, has been secured for production next season by Walter N. Lawrence.

Andrew Mack will play a few more weeks in vaudeville and will then rest at Buzzards' Bay, where he has a summer home. In the fall he will begin another season of legitimate Irish comedy.

Roy McCardell's play of Broadway Bohemia, "The Gay Life," was produced last week in New York. Individual hits were made by Thomas Thorne, Katherine DeBarry and Consuelo Bailey.

Cathrine Counties, who is now appearing with her own stock company at Grand Rapids, Mich., has been engaged to play the role of a chorus girl in a play called "Estelle," to be produced by A. H. Woods next season.

Hedwig Reicher, who is to play the leading role in "On the Eve," when Henry B. Harris makes its production next season, was leading lady for the famous German actor, Sonnenthal, who was called the Henry Irving of Germany.

Edward Breeze and Helen Ware will present "An Interlude," a new one-act play by Channing Pollock, at the Friars' annual festival in the New York Theatre on the afternoon of May 14. Mr. Edward Peple's playlet, "The Littlest Rebel," will also be in the bill.

Butler Davenport is to have a theatre in New York next door to the New Theatre, only of more modest proportions, but with much the same plane. Mr. Davenport will install a stock company to present modern plays by American authors. Mr. Davenport says the venture is an individual one, and is not associated with any of the managers.

The Shuberts have secured the American rights to a new German comedy called "Gretchen." It will be produced in its English version next season. The Shuberts have also secured "The Prima Ballerino," a new comic opera which the German critics call another "Merry Widow." The author and composer is Felix Schwartz.

"The Whirlpool" will be done in London next season. A copyright performance was given in London on the day of the dress rehearsal in New York City.

Maximilian Foster is dramatizing his novel "Corrie Who?" which will be produced by the Wagenhals & Kemper Company about the first of the year. At the same time this firm will produce a new play by Eugene Walter.

Elly Barnato, a former prima donna of the Aborn Grand Opera Company, has been engaged to sing at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, next season.

Frances Starr will soon reach her 150th New York performance in "The Easiest Way," at the Belasco Stuyvesant Theatre.

Blanche Bates is in her second and last week at the Lyric Theatre, Philadelphia, where the Belasco star is appearing in her latest great success, "The Fighting Hope." Miss Bates made the trip to New York to Philadelphia in her automobile.

Lillian Russell's receipts for Holy Week, the dullest of the year in theatricals, in Los Angeles, was $14,000. Her success on the Pacific coast has been remarkable. When her season closes in June Miss Russell will make a short visit abroad, returning in August to begin her rehearsals of her new play, "The Widow's Might," by Edmund Day.

"The Right of Way," has had a good season on the Pacific coast. Guy Standing and Theodore Roberts, the co-stars of the attraction, will appear together next season in a play which Klaw & Erlanger will have ready for them before the summer rehearsal time begins.

"Little Nemo," Klaw & Erlanger's big musical comedy, will go to London next year if a theatre can be obtained. Meantime, it is making a prosperous stay in Chicago. Joe Cawthorn, Billy Van and Harry Kelly remain with Klaw & Erlanger for another season.

Eugene Presbrey has completed the new play which Klaw & Erlanger have obtained for Maclyn Arbuckle for next season, entitled, "The Circus Man." Mr. Presbrey read the play to Mr. Arbuckle last week and he is delighted with it. Meantime, while he is playing the fat sheriff in "The Round-Up" he is looking for an elephant, not for a pet, but to use as a "prop" in "The Circus Man." There are thirty-five speaking parts in the play, which will be on the same big order as Klaw & Erlanger's "The Round-Up" and "Ben Hur."

Klaw & Erlanger has acquired for production early next season a play entitled "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm," by Kate Douglas Wiggin and Charlotte Thompson. The play is founded upon two books, "Rebecca of Sunnybrook Farm" and "The Chronicles of Rebecca," written by Miss Wiggin. A clever young actress will be engaged for the title role. The character appeals through its quaintness and the story is one of healthy simplicity.

David Warfield is presenting his repertoire of "A Grand Army Man," and "The Music Master," in Boston. As both plays are greeted with the same enthusiasm and large attendance it is impossible for the famous Belasco star to say which is the more popular.

An announcement of considerable moment to the theatrical world brings together the distinguished names of Clyde Fitch and David Belasco. For years both these men have been doing the great work of the American drama. Both have written many great plays, and have placed them before the public with a perfection that others have seemed unable to master. Without a question there are no two names spoken so universally in connection with the highest type of dramatic art as those of Belasco and Fitch.

Yet, strangely enough, fate has never brought together these two geniuses of the theatre—that is, fate missed the opportunity until quite recently, when they were unexpectedly companion guests at a dinner party. It needed but this meeting, under such happy and sympathetic conditions, to lead the minds of Mr. Fitch and Mr. Belasco to their one great topic, the theatre.

New plays were spoken of. "I always have been ambitious to have you produce one of my plays, Mr. Belasco."

The author-manager was right there with an answer. "I always have wanted the opportunity, Mr. Fitch, and I will contract to produce a play by you during the next season."

The immediate result was that a meeting was arranged for the very next day at Mr. Belasco's studio, a contract was drawn up, and in less than 24 hours Clyde Fitch and David Belasco signed their names to the agreement.

Mr. Belasco has been wearing a smile ever since. He always has been a great admirer of the Fitch style of dramatic writing, and it is a pretty safe prediction that any work from the brilliant pen of Mr. Fitch produced with that masterly care and thought which distinguish the Belasco offerings, will prove one of the most memorable achievements in the history of the American stage. To bring together two such minds, in such an artistic partnership, means more to the native drama than appears on the surface. It is significant of great results, and it is earnestly to be hoped that the Belasco-Fitch association will endure for many years to come.

J. M. HAMILTON,
Scotland's Famous Tenor, Who Will Appear With the Imperial Scots Concert Company, under the auspices of the Sons of Scotland Male Chorus, at the Grand on Friday Evening.

THE SOLDIER KIDDIES,
In B. C. Whitney's Big Musical Comedy, "A Broken Idol," Which Comes to the Grand Opera House, May 20.

Watch The Advertiser Bulletins for the Marathon Race Results Today

HENRY ST. YVES IS FAVORITE PICKED TO WIN NEW YORK DERBY

Thirteen of the World's Greatest Marathoners Race Today.

FRED APPLEBY IS DANGEROUS

Fred Simpson's Chances Are Poor—White's Leg in Bad Shape and He May Not Finish.

New York, May 8.—Thirteen of the greatest professional long-distance runners will compete this afternoon at the Polo Grounds for the Marathon championship of the world. The race carries with it a purse of $10,000, which will be divided among the first seven men, from $5,000 down to $200. The entry list was originally limited to twelve, but Tom Morrisey, of Yonkers, decided at the last minute to break into the professional ranks, which brings the number of entrants up to thirteen, and there is every likelihood that the world's record for the Marathon distance, 26 miles 385 yards, will be smashed.

St. Yves the Favorite.

In view of his former victory Henry St. Yves, of France, will be the natural favorite. The easy manner in which he vanquished his opponents in the Marathon Derby won him a host of friends.

He is credited with a record of 2:31 for the distance, but the course over which he travelled from Windsor to London, was nearly one and a half miles short. John Svanberg, the Swede, is another man of whom great things are expected, but in the last two miles of his match race with Fred Simpson at Celtic Park, he was all in, and his defeat at the shorter distance by Pat White does not augur very well for his victory.

Dorando Is Dangerous.

Dorando is always dangerous. He has undergone special preparation for this event and expects to turn tables on his former vanquisher, St. Yves, Fred Appleby, the English crack, who has a victory to his credit over Shrubb at the latter's favorite distance, 15 miles, is also an unknown quantity, and may not be able to last the route. Should he do so, he is the most dangerous man in the race. John D. Marsh won the Canadian Marathon last Saturday in phenomenal time, but it is almost too much to expect a runner to win two hard Marathon races in one week.

Cibot a Good One.

Tom Morrissey, of Yonkers, is a new comer, but his work of late as an amateur has not been as good as it was formerly. Of the other new men, Louis Orphel and Eduard Cibot, of France, won the recent six-day go-as-you-please race at Madison Square Garden. The latter is rated as the best Marathon runner in Europe.

White in Bad Shape.

Felix Cavajal, of Cuba, competed as an amateur in the St. Louis Fair Marathon; Pat White, of Ireland, would be a dangerous contestant if he was in good shape, but his leg is bad and it is doubtful whether he will finish. Fred Simpson, the Indian, has not done much as a Marathoner, while Ted Crooks, of Fall River, has never figured prominently in Marathon races in the past.

Matt. Maloney is back again, but judging by his last race he will not cause any trouble.

Contestants and Odds.

The list of contestants and the prevailing odds is as follows:

Henry St. Yves, France, 8 to 5.
John Svanberg, Sweden, 2 to 1.
Dorando Pietri, Italy, 2½ to 1.
Fred Appleby, England, 3½ to 1.
John D. Marsh, Canada, 3½ to 1.
Tom Morrissey, United States, 6 to 1.
Matt. Maloney, Irish-American, 6 to 1
Louis Orphel, France, 10 to 1.
Eduard Cibot, France, 12 to 1.
Felix Cavajal, Cuba, 15 to 1.
Pat. White, Ireland, 15 to 1.
Fred Simpson, Canadian Indian, 20 to 1.
Ted Crooks, United States, 20 to 1.

HIGHLANDERS WIN IN THE TWELFTH

Boston Loses Lengthy Contest to Stallings' Men by Score of 4 to 3.

SCRAP ON THE DIAMOND

Elberfeld Attempts to Shove Umpire Hurst Aside and Receives Slap in the Jaw.

AMERICAN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Detroit	14	5	.737
New York	11	6	.647
Boston	9	8	.529
Chicago	8	8	.500
Philadelphia	7	8	.467
Cleveland	7	9	.438
Washington	5	10	.333
St. Louis	5	12	.294

Today's Games.

Detroit at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cleveland.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Boston at New York.

Yesterday's Results.

Philadelphia 1, Washington 0.
New York 4,, Boston 3 (12 innings).

New York, May 7.—New York won an exciting 12-inning game today from Boston by a score of 4 to 3. Lake, who relieved Newton in the fourth, brought in the victory on his double and Cree's single. The locals had the bases filled in the eleventh inning with none out, yet failed to score. Elberfeld disputed with Umpire Hurst in this inning over a decision at the plate and shoved the referee, who retaliated by slapping the player in the jaw. By thus placing his hands on the umpire Elberfeld put himself out of the game, under the rules. The score:

Boston.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
McConnel, 2b	4	0	2	2	7
Lord, 3b	4	0	0	1	2
Speaker, c. f.	5	1	0	2	0
Gessler, r. f.	4	1	1	3	0
Stahl, 1b	5	0	2	17	0
Niles, l. f.	5	0	1	3	1
Wagner, s. s.	5	0	0	2	1
Spencer, c.	3	0	0	2	1
Hooper	1	0	0	0	0
Donohue, c.	1	0	0	1	0
Chech, p.	5	1	1	1	2
Totals	42	3	7	*34	14
New York.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Cree, c. f.	6	1	2	0	0
Keeler, r. f.	5	1	2	2	0
Elberfeld, 3b	4	0	1	1	4
ustin, 3b	0	0	0	0	0
Engle, l. f.	5	1	1	2	0
hase, 1b	5	0	2	20	0
Vard, 2b	5	0	1	1	4
aight, s. s.	5	0	0	3	5
lair, c.	3	0	0	4	1
leinow, c.	1	0	0	3	1
ewton, p.	1	0	1	0	3
ake, p.	4	1	1	0	7
Totals	44	4	11	36	25

*One out when winning run scored.
Batted for Spencer in ninth.
Errors — Wagner, Donohue, Chase, ..rd, Knight, Blair.
Two-base hits—Gessler, Cree Keeler, ..e.
Three-base hits—McConnell, Stahl.
Home run —Keeler.
Sacrifice hits —Lord, Elberfeld, Mc-..nell, Gessler.
Stolen base—Engle.
Left on bases—Boston 7. New York 8.
First on errors—Boston 3, New York 1.
Double play—Niles and Donohue.
Struck out—By Chech 1, Newton 1, ..e 4.
Bases on balls—Off Lake 1.
Hit by pitcher—By Newton (McCon-..).
Wild pitch—Newton.
Hits—Off Newton, 4 in 3 1-3 innings; Lake, 3 in 8 2-3.
Umpires—Hurst and Evans.
Time—2:20.

COLLEGE GAMES.

At New Haven, Conn.—Yale 7, University of Virginia, 1.
At Burlington, Vt.—University of Ver-..., 8; Tufts, 6.
... Syracuse, N. Y.—Syracuse, 10; Car-... 2.

ATHLETICS MAKE THE ONLY TALLY OF GAME

Philadelphia Wins From Washington—A Pitchers' Battle.

Philadelphia, May 7.—Washington was again defeated here today in a pitchers' battle, the score being 1 to 0. With one out in the ninth inning, Murphy hit for three bases and scored when Freeman made a wild throw in returning the ball. The score:

Philadelphia.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Hartsel, l. f.	3	0	1	1	0
Baker, 3b	3	0	1	4	1
Collins, 2b	4	0	0	5	2
Murphy, r. f.	4	1	1	0	0
Davis, 1b	3	0	0	6	1
Barr, c. f.	2	0	1	4	0
Barry, s. s.	3	0	1	1	1
Thomas, c.	3	0	0	5	3
Coombs, p.	3	0	0	1	1
Totals	28	1	5	27	9
Washington.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Ganley, c. f.	3	0	3	3	0
McBride, s. s.	3	0	0	4	0
Unglaub, 1b	4	0	0	5	0
Delehanty, 2b	4	0	0	1	1
Clymer, r. f.	3	0	1	1	0
Conroy, 3b, c. f.	4	0	2	0	1
Milan, c. f.	2	0	0	0	0
Shipke, 3b	3	0	0	0	1
Freeman, l. f.	1	0	0	0	0
Street, c.	3	0	0	11	2
Johnson, p.	4	0	0	0	2
*Gray	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	0	7	†25	7

*Batted for Milan in sixth.
†One out when winning run scored.
Errors—Baker, Murphy, Thomas, McBride, Clymer, Freeman.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Conroy.
Three-base hits—Hartsel, Murphy.
Sacrifice hits—Baker, Ganley, McBride.
Stolen bases—Barr, Ganley.
Left on bases—Philadelphia 5, Washington 9.
First base on balls—Off Coombs 2, Johnson 2.
First base on errors—Philadelphia 1, Washington 2.
Struck out—By Coombs 4, Johnson 9.
Time—1:52.
Umpires—Connolly and Egan.

MAPLE LEAFS LOST GAME TO BALTIMORE

Jersey City Shut Out the Bisons in a Fast Game on Winners' Grounds.

EASTERN LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Rochester	4	2	.666
Jersey City	6	4	.600
Providence	5	4	.555
Montreal	6	5	.545
Toronto	5	5	.500
Buffalo	5	6	.455
Newark	3	5	.375
Baltimore	3	7	.333

Yesterday's Results.

At Buffalo—Jersey City 2, Buffalo 0.
At Toronto—Baltimore 6, Toronto 2.
Rochester-Providence game postponed; wet grounds.
Providence-Montreal game postponed; wet grounds.

Today's Game.

Providence at Rochester.
Jersey City at Buffalo.
Newark at Montreal.
Baltimore at Toronto.

The following are the results of the games in the Eastern League yesterday:

At Toronto—	R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	6	12	3
Toronto	2	12	3

Batteries—Dessau and Byers; Moffitt and Mitchell. Umpire, Connolly.

At Buffalo—			
Jersey City	2	6	2
Buffalo	0	2	2

Batteries—Merritt and Spahr; Taylor and Knotts. Umpire, Stafford.
Providence-Rochester, postponed; wet grounds.
Newark-Montreal, postponed; wet grounds.

McLAREN ACCEPTS CHALLENGE.

To the Sporting Editor:

I hereby accept the challenge of George Crispin for a one mile return race in the Jubilee Rink on Thursday, May 20, published in your paper on Tuesday, May 4. E. McLAREN.

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR THE PIRATES

Clarke's Men Grab Some From Cardinals With 5 to 3 Score.

RHODES IN BAD SHAPE

Barbeau Gets Four Hits, Two of Them Doubles, Out of Four Times Up.

NATIONAL LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Pittsburg	13	6	.684
Philadelphia	9	6	.600
Boston	9	7	.563
Chicago	11	9	.550
Cincinnati	10	12	.455
Brooklyn	7	9	.438
New York	6	9	.400
St Louis	7	14	.333

Games Today.

Cincinnati at Chicago
St. Louis at Pittsburg.
New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Brooklyn

Yesterday's Results.

Pittsburg 5, St. Louis 3.
Chicago 5, Cincinnati 0.
Philadelphia 4, Brooklyn 1.
Boston 2, New York 1.

Pittsburg, May 7.—Pittsburg won from St. Louis today by a score of 5 to 3. Rhodes did not show good form and was relieved in the fifth inning by Sallee, but the locals continued to get hits. Willis was strong at all times. The feature of the game was the batting of Barbeau and Wilson, the former having a perfect batting average, and scoring Wilson three times. Score:

Pittsburg..	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Barbeau, 3b	4	1	4	0	6
Leach, c. f.	4	0	0	3	1
Clarke, l. f.	4	1	2	2	0
Wagner, s. s.	5	0	2	0	1
Abstein, 1b	4	0	2	11	0
J. Miller, 2b	3	0	1	2	1
Wilson, r. f.	4	3	3	2	0
Gibson, c.	3	0	1	6	0
Willis, p.	0	0	0	1	3
Totals	35	5	15	27	12
St. Louis.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Byrne, 3b	4	1	1	0	2
Shaw, c. f.	5	0	1	2	0
Bresnahan, c.	4	1	3	2	0
Konetchey, 1b	4	0	2	11	1
Delehanty, r. f.	3	0	1	1	0
Ellis, l. f.	4	0	0	2	0
Charles, 2b	4	1	0	1	1
Hulswitt, s. s.	4	0	0	5	4
Rhodes, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Sallee, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Phelps	1	0	1	0	0
Totals	36	3	9	24	11

*Batted for Salee in ninth.
Errors—Barbeau 2, Abstein Konetchy, Ellis.

Pittsburg	1	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	*	—5
St. Louis	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Barbeau 2, Konetchy.
Hits—Off Rhodes, 9 in 4 innings ;off Sallee, 6 in 4.
Sacrifice hit—Gibson.
Stolen base—Bresnahan.
Double plays—Leach, Wagner and Miller; Charles and Konetchy; Hulswitt and Konetchy.
Left on bases—Pittsburg 11, St. Louis 8.
First base on balls—Off Willis 2, Rhodes 2, Sallee 2.
First base on errors—Pittsburg 2, St. Louis 2.
Struck out—By Willis 6, Rhodes 1.
Time—1:45.
Umpires—Kane and Klem.

BROOKLYN LOSES GAME TO PHILADELPHIA

Phillies Stop Superbas' Winning Streak With 4 to 1 Victory.

Brooklyn, May 7.—Philadelphia stopped Brooklyn's winning streak today by a 4 to 1 victory. Rucker was batted out of the box in the seventh, when the visitors made five hits for three runs. Foxen was invincible until the ninth, when a double by Jordan and Lennox's single brought in Brooklyn's only run. Acting Captain Hummel was ordered out of the game for kicking. Score:

Philadelphia.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Grant, 3b	4	0	2	2	0
Knabe, 2b	3	0	0	3	5
Titus, r.f.	3	0	1	2	0
Magee, l.f.	4	1	1	0	0
Bransford, 1b	2	1	1	11	0
Osborn, c.f	4	1	1	0	0
Doolan, s.s.	3	1	1	0	3
Dooin, c.	4	0	1	8	3
Foxen, p.	4	0	1	1	1
Totals	31	4	9	27	12
Brooklyn.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Burch, l.f.	4	0	1	1	0
Alperman, 2b	3	0	1	1	6
Hummel, s.s	1	0	0	0	0
McMillan, s.s.	3	0	1	2	3
Sebring, c.f	6	0	0	1	0
Kustus, r.f.	4	0	0	0	0
Jordan, 1b	4	1	2	15	0
Lennox, 3b	4	0	1	2	3
Bergen, c	3	0	1	6	2
Rucker, p.	2	0	0	0	2
*McIlveen	1	0	0	0	0
Wilhelm, p.	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	33	1	8	27	16

*Batted for Rucker in seventh.
Error—Kustus.

Philadelphia	0	1	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—4
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Two-base hits—Magee, Bransfield, Jordan.
Hits—Off Rucker, 7 in 7 innings; off Wilhelm, 2 in 2.
Sacrifice hits—Knabe, Bransfield.
Solen bases—Bransfield, Osborne, Dooin, Burch.
Double plays—Lennox and Jordan; Alperman, McMillan and Jordan.
Left on bases—Philadelphia 5, Brooklyn 8.
First base on balls—Off Rucker 3, Foxen 2.
Hit by pitcher—Foxen (Alperman).
Struck out—By Rucker 6, Foxen 8.
Wild pitch—Foxen.
Time—Two hours.
Umpires—Truby and Rigler.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At St. Paul—	R.	H.	E.
Columbus	3	5	4
St. Paul	2	7	3

Bateries—Kapp and James; Hall and Carisch.

At Kansas City—			
Kansas City	5	8	2
Louisville	2	5	5

Batteries—Wright and Ritter; Puttmann and Pietz.

At Minneapolis—			
Toledo	9	11	1
Minneapolis	3	7	1

Batteries—Surdy and Abbott; Young Oberlin and Rapp. (Called in eight inning on account of darkness.)

At Milwaukee—			
Milwaukee	6	9	1
Indianapolis	2	6	2

Batteries—Schneiberg and Hostetter; Schreiber, Cheney and Reynolds.

MONARCHS AND BEAVERS TIE.

A fast game of baseball was played on the Colborne street diamond yesterday, resulting in a tie—score, 8—8. Batteries—For Beavers, D. Waffles and H. Logan; for Monarchs, L. Harris and J. Bell. Umpire—Fred Wright.

Carling's Canada Club Lager is the finest and healthiest lager beer brewed, and will be delivered by all dealers to any part of the city in cases containing one dozen pints, for 80 cents. 61k tywt

TWO OF THE NEW YORK MARATHONERS

DOVES BEAT MARQUARD BY SCORE OF 2 TO 1

Giants Lose an Exciting Contest to Bowerman's Boston Team.

Boston, May 7.—Boston won today's game from New York, 2 to 1. The visitors scored in the seventh on two hits, following a base on balls. Marquard issued his second pass in the eighth, and Sweeney's two-base hit, an infield out and the "squeeze" play gave Boston two runs. The score:

New York.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Tenney, 1b	2	1	0	7	0
McCormick, r. f.	5	0	2	1	0
Murray, l. f.	5	0	1	2	0
O'Hara, c. f.	4	0	0	0	0
Devlin, 3b	2	0	1	1	1
Bridwell, s. s.	2	0	0	3	1
Schaefer, 2b	4	0	0	2	5
Myers, c.	3	0	0	8	2
Marquard, p.	4	0	0	0	1
Totals	31	1	4	24	10
Boston.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Starr, 2b	3	0	0	5	3
Becker, r. f.	3	0	1	2	0
Bates, l. f.	3	0	0	0	1
Beaumont, c. f.	3	0	0	1	0
Beck, 1b	3	0	0	9	1
Dahlen, s. s.	2	1	1	4	5
Sweeney, 3b	3	1	2	0	1
Bowerman, c.	3	0	0	5	2
Dorner, p.	2	0	0	1	1
*Graham	0	0	0	0	0
Mattern, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	25	2	4	27	15

*Batted for Dorner in eighth.
Errors — Myers, Starr, Dahlen 2, Sweeney.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	*	—2

Two-base hit—Sweeney.
Hits—Off Dorner, 4 in 8 innings.
Sacrifice hit—Graham.
Stolen base—Murray.
Double play—Bridwell and Tenny.
Left on bases—Boston 2, New York 11.
First on ablls—Off Marquard 2, Dorner 7.
First on errors—New York 2.
Hit by pitcher—By Dorner (Bridwell).
Struck out—By Dorner 4, Marquard 6.
Time—1:44.
Umpires—Johnstone and Cusack.
Struck out—By Dorner 4, Marquhard 6.

HAGERMAN ADMINISTERS SHUTOUT TO THE REDS

Chicago Blanks for First Time This Year—Score 5 to 0.

Chicago, May 7.—Hagerman today had the honor of pitching the first shut-out game of the season for Chicago. His work was consistent throughout, especially so with men on bases. Bunched hits, with a couple of errors in the third and sixth, gave Chicago the game from Cincinnati, 5 to 0. The score:

Chicago.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Evers, 2b	5	1	1	1	1
Sheckard, l. f.	3	0	1	0	0
Schulte, r. f.	4	1	3	2	0
Howard, 1b	3	1	0	14	0
Steinfeldt, 3b	4	1	1	0	1
Hoffman, c. f.	4	0	1	1	0
Tinker, s. s.	2	0	1	2	4
Moran, c.	3	0	1	7	2
Hagerman, p.	3	0	0	0	4
Kane, c. f.	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	31	5	9	27	12
Cincinnati.	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.
Egan, 2b	4	0	2	3	2
Oakes, c. f.	3	0	0	2	1
Lobert, 3b	3	0	1	2	2
Mitchel, r. f.	4	0	1	3	0
Bescher, l. f.	4	0	0	2	1
Autrey, 1b	4	0	0	7	1
Mowrey, s. s.	4	0	2	0	1
McLean, c.	2	0	0	5	0
Fromme, p.	3	0	0	0	2
Totals	31	0	6	24	10

Errors—Schulte, Howard, Moran, Egan 2, Oakes.

Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	1	*	—5
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Steinfeldt.
Sacrifice hits—Oakes, Tinker, Hagerman.
Stolen bases—Sheckard, Tinker, Mowrey.
Double play—Bescher and McLean.
Left on bases—Chicago 10, Cincinnati 7.
First base on balls—Off Hagerman 2, off Fromme 4.
First base on errors—Chicago 2.
Struck out—By Hagerman 5, Fromme 4.
Time—1:43.
Umpires—O'Day and Emslie.

COVERPOINT JOLTS

Fort Garry, the Dyment plater, is showing good form in his trials, and it looks as if Johnny Dyment would still have a strong card in the race. Beck's Generous Moore is doing fine work also, and as he can go the distance he should be up among them Seagram, with his seven good candidates, has a strong hand, and the president of the O. J. C. is likely to pull down another plate.

* * *

The Pirates are going away at a lively rate and are now leading by a comfortable margin. They have shown all round improvement in their playing, and should travel fast the rest of the way. The Cubs have taken a brace since they have been entertaining Griffith's Cincinnati Reds. By the way, we wonder what the fans in Boozeville are saying since the Reds have begun to shoot the shoots. Old Fox Griffith's life will not be worth the price of a street car ticket when they get through with him. Nothing but a team that will win every game will suit the Cincy Bugs.

* * *

This is the day of the great Marathon Derby, a race that will prove considerably more interesting than the last one. There are twelve in the race, and everybody has a chance. Marsh is favorite, although it is hard to see why he should be on his one-race form. However, there are other good ones in the race, and the best man should win. Some look for St. Yves to repeat, but he will not have as easy a time.

* * *

The City League opens this afternoon, and as the weather will be quite warm some good games should be shown the fans. All four teams look strong on paper. If the race is as close as we expect, there will be bumper crowds at every game.

* * *

This is the day T. Longboat will be given the toughest beating of his career, for Alfie Shrubb will run the Redskin's nose into the ground at Montreal. He has no more chance than a kitten.

* * *

Flanagan picks St. Yves and Shrubb for the two races today. He is certain to cash in on 50 per cent of his choices at that.

* * *

Joe McGinnity, the iron man, is getting it regularly, and in fine bunches in Newark. This Eastern League is almost as fast as some others.

* * *

Mike Donlin says he will come back to the Giants if the fans want him. We do not know much about the fans, but the Giants need him very badly.

* * *

Here is a real sportsman's creed copied from Francis Nelson's column in The Globe. It is worth repeating or Mr. Nelson would never have had it: And these are the laws of the athlete:

You can heed them or not, as you like,
But they make the code of the runner fleet,
And they check a man when he'd strike,
They tell you how to lay your plan,
And how to carry it through,
They help the man, who's done what he can,
To bear his Waterloo.

You shall give the foeman all his due,
And let him win if he can;
But keep all rights that belong to you,
For that is the law of man.
You shall hold the ground that is yours by right,
And yield not a foot you have trod;
But grant his right in a stand-up fight,
For that is the law of God.

No man shall yield on the football field
Till the final whistle sounds,
No man shall show by a single blow
That he has no place on the grounds,
But when the foe is in racking pain,
And cannot move or fight,
You shall help him up to his feet again,
And chafe his bruise and bind his strain,
To show the make of your own good grain,
For that is fair and right.

The strength of the team, or nine, or crew
Is not the strength of the "star,"
'Tis what the body together can do
That carries the victory far.
So you shall give your mite to the rest,
To bring the whole team through,
And then at the time of your single test,
They shall give their strength to you.

THE IDEAL TEAM WON FIRST PRIZE

Copped Cash in Five-Men Team Events With 2,699.

MAPLE LEAFS SECOND

Feature Score of 656 Made by Dewan Yesterday—The Tallies.

High scores were common in the Western Ontario tourney at the Ideal alleys yesterday. Dewan, of the Ideal five-men team, made 656, being the feature score of any of yesterday's events. Waterworth is second in the singles, with 594, and is tie with Dewan for the highest single score, 233. Whitehall and Dixon still lead in the doubles.

The Five-Men Events.

The five-men events were all drawn to a close yesterday. The Ideals captured first money with 2,699, the Maple Leafs second, and Alf Sheere's Nationals third.

Yesterday's results were:

Five-Men Teams.

Guelph—				
W. O'Connor	185	168	158—	511
N. Dulmage	176	135	159—	470
W. J. Sheridan	170	155	167—	492
G. Heffernan	178	150	170—	498
W. Stockton	122	155	179—	456
Totals	831	763	833—	2427
Pick-Ups, London—				
Abraham	156	182	155—	493
Davison	176	155	173—	504
Brown	134	138	142—	414
Lehman	135	167	158—	460
Graham	103	142	154—	399
Totals	704	784	782—	2270
Ideals, London—				
Dewan	233	204	219—	656
Ayars	149	208	171—	528
Finchamp	174	148	169—	491
Turner	156	178	164—	498
Grandage	171	184	171—	526
Totals	883	822	894—	2699
Nationals, London—				
Whitehall	138	195	169—	502
Dixon	143	189	162—	494
Drummond	137	125	168—	430
Waterworth	151	182	189—	522
A. Sheer	136	166	191—	493
Totals	705	857	879—	2441
Ed Shea's Team, London—				
McCutcheon	168	170	112—	450
J. Smith	140	137	173—	450
J. Bell	142	166	156—	464
Primeau	190	139	145—	474
Shea	153	186	177—	516
Totals	793	798	763—	2354
Baker's Five, London—				
Leckman	174	126	148—	428
Agar	129	135	125—	389
Allen	149	129	157—	435
Baker	160	189	177—	526
A. Fraser	168	158	144—	470
Totals	780	737	751—	2268

Doubles.

London—				
Lehman	147	165	155—	467
J. Smith	165	199	166—	530
Total				997
London—				
McCutcheon	176	131	162—	457
Waterworth	165	143	200—	508
Total				967
London—				
Bell	131	165	187—	483
Shea	179	202	139—	520
Total				1,003
Guelph—				
Dulmage	113	205	125—	443
Sheridan	176	142	186—	504
Total				947
London—				
Dewan	156	162	163—	481
Finchamp	156	162	145—	463
Total				944

Singles.

Hefferman	119	169	167—	455
Stockton	148	148	188—	504
Dulmage	167	148	219—	534
Sheridan	120	184	163—	467
O'Connor	138	138	149—	425
Drummond	157	165	143—	465
Waterworth	168	233	193—	594

STANLEY KETCHEL IS PLAYING GOLF

Incidentally His Bout With Hugh McGann Has Been Postponed.

New York, May 7.—The six-round bout between Stanley Ketchel and Hugh McGann, which was to have been run off in Pittsburg tonight, has been postponed until May 18 in order to give both men more time for training. This bout was intended as a preliminary gallop for Ketchel, who has now begun a long course of training for his fight next October with Jack Johnson at Colma, Cal.

Ketchel has taken to golf as one of his means of getting into condition, and spends much of his time on the Van Cortlandt Park links.

TROUT FISHING SEASON WAS OFFICIALLY OPENED

Pleasant Party Had Great Day's Sport at Dorchester Yesterday.

The trout fishing season was officially opened yesterday, when a number of the members of the London Fishing Club and several guests, spent the day at the club's fishing preserve at Dorchester.

The day was ideal for fishing, but the ponds were badly swollen by the rain, and consequently, quite riled. The catches were not as large as usual, but some very fine speckled beauties were brought home by the members.

A Delightful Dinner.

After spending a good portion of the morning on the ponds, dinner was served in the clubhouse. As would be expected, it was a most delightful one. After the meal was finished, Dr. F. B. Drake, president of the club, introduced a short programme. Speeches were delivered by Mayor Stevely, Ald. Donald Ferguson, Dr. John D. Wilson, Ald. W. J. Stevenson, A. B. Greer, and others. Mr. W. H. Skinner, Dr. Banghart, Dorchester, and R. Arkell sang several songs in excellent voice.

A Presentation.

Mr. James O. Weldon, the indefatigable secretary-treasurer of the club, was called forward, and Dr. John D. Wilson presented him with a handsome fishing rod from the members of the club. He spoke of the great interest Mr. Weldon had taken in the club and gave him credit for being the leading spirit in keeping the club in so prosperous a condition. Mr. Weldon thanked the club for the very fine gift. He was deeply interested in it, and was anxious to see it kept up to the very high standard set by former boards of directors. He gave the officers of the club every credit for its success.

Mr. Weldon initiated the rod into the mysteries of trout fishing, and landed five beauties.

The afternoon was spent on the ponds and streams, and in the early evening the members came back to the city.

The Guests.

The members of the club who attended were: Dr. F. B. Drake, president; John P. Evans, first vice-president; John M. Daly, second vice-president; James O. Weldon, secretary-treasurer; directors, Thomas Gillean, Dr. John D. Wilson, Samuel Munro, A. H. Brener and Joseph S. Walker, and members, Joseph Firstbrook, Capt. W. J. Reid, Ald. W. J. Stevenson and Joseph Smith.

Among the members who could not attend were Major Beattie, M. P., Geo. C. Gibbons, K.C., Hon. C. S. Hyman and Dr. C. S. Moore.

Among the guests were Mr. W. H. Skinner, R. Arkell, W. D. I. Wright, A. B. Greer, Mayor Stevely, Ald. Donald Ferguson, E. Rechnitzer, Squire Chittick, J. H. Fowler, W. P. Hanford, Dr. Banghart (Dorchester), and others.

Tony Vita's Orchestra rendered a fine programme of music during the afternoon.

CHESLEY DEFEATED PRINCESS YESTERDAY

Lornes Won From the Rectorys 16 to 4—Results of Games in Eastern Division of School League.

Chesley avenue school team won from Princess avenue yesterday afternoon in the eastern division of the Public School League, while Rectory lost to Lorne avenue.

Chesley avenue and Princess met on the Rectory school grounds, the score being 14 to 7, favor the former. The game was umpired by Mr. G. R. Theobald. The batteries were: For Princess avenue, Edmunds and Ross; for Chesley avenue, Hill and Campbell.

Lorne vs. Rectory.

Lorne avenue administered a decisive defeat to the Rectorys at Queen's Park, the score being 16 to 4. Mr. Fitzgerald umpired the game. The batteries were: Lorne, Fotheringham, Nickle and Evans; Rectorys, Barre and McLeod.

LAWN TENNIS PLAYERS.

A meeting of the tennis players of the city was held in the Y. M. C. A. last evening, and plans for the coming season discussed. Another meeting will be held next week, and a full attendance is expected.

Other Sports on Page 12

BOWLING TOURNEY
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IDEAL BOWLING ALLEYS
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BACONIAN CLUB'S BRILLIANT BANQUET

Twenty-Fifth Anniversary Was Celebrated By Past and Present Members.

TALES OF THE OLD DAYS

"Random Ruminations" and Reminiscences Whiled Away Pleasant Hours at Pleasant Affair.

The quarter-century banquet of the Baconian Club was held last night in the Tecumseh House. Baconians from far and near were present to do honor to their club, and many were the eloquent tributes paid to the worth of the organization, and the great things it had accomplished. Some of the club members who were not able to be present in the flesh signified by letters that they were with the company in spirit. Mr. T. A. Bryan, the secretary of the club, read letters of regret that had been received from P. E. McKenzie, of Elora; Dr. W. J. Clarke, of Westmount; Mr. O. J. Stephenson, of Queen's University, and Mr. George, of Mount Vernon.

After the toast to "The King" had been drunk, Mr. W. D. Albright presented that of "Our Club." Mr. Albright gave a short resume of the club's history, including a bright eulogy of the president, Mr. T. J. Murphy.

Mr. Murphy responded by reading some communications that were intimately connected with the club's history, and concluded with the list of the original members of the club, the majority of whom, including the first president, Mr. J. L. Payne, were present last night.

Toast to Bacon.

The toast to the club's patron saint, Francis Bacon, was presented by the vice-president, Mr. Albright, who spoke of the perennial freshness of the great philosophy of Bacon, which is as forceful today as it was in the fifteenth century, because it is founded on the universal principle of truth.

"'I count myself in nothing else so happy,'" quoted Judge Hardy, in answering to the toast of "Centenaries," "'as in sole remembering my good friends.'

"A friend of mine said to me the other day, 'Why don't you come to London oftener? Your debts are all outlawed.' But I said to myself, 'No, that can never be; the debt I owe in London can never be outlawed, nor ever be paid.'

"And in speaking of the debt I cannot forget to speak of the influence of J. C. Thompson, who taught many of us here present, and I hope some day to see some fitting memorial of him erected in this city, where he did such splendid work."

Those Born in 1809.

In speaking to the toast, "The Centenaries," Judge Hardy spoke of the great number of celebrities who had had their birth one hundred years ago. Gladstone, not one great man, but a dozen men; a Hellenist whose authority was accepted in the schools, an authority on church policy, a man with a catholic sympathy and a profound wisdom; and there could be no greater tribute paid to any man than that paid to Gladstone by his great political opponent, Lord Salisbury, when he said: "His was the most brilliant intellect given to the service of the state since parliamentary government began."

In another land there was another name, like Gladstone, owing to the catholicity of his sympathies and the breadth of his foresight, Abraham Lincoln was the product of a new country, a man gifted with a direct power of statement and lucidity of word, that clarified the most difficult argument. And besides, he was endowed with the heart of a mother, and was born to be a liberator and an emancipator, for he was dowered with all the qualities that made him heaven-sent for the great mission he was to fulfil.

Like him was another great liberator in the sphere of the mind. Charles Darwin was wonderful in his devotion to the truth, and truth, with her spotless raiment, took him by the hand and led him into many new and boundless spheres. He was the Shakespeare of biology, and lived to see himself the uncrowned king of science.

The First President.

Mr. John Stephenson, with a few bright words, introduced the first president of the club, Mr. J. Lambert Payne, of Ottawa, who spoke on the subject, "Reminiscences and Some Deductions."

"Your faces have always been with me," said Mr. Payne, in rising, "and ten thousand times have I heard your voices in memory, and thanked God for the love that can bridge the years and bring us to our youth again. I do not know what it was that brought us together in the early days when we met in the old Albion Block on Richmond street, unless it be that we were trying to qualify for the work of life, and it was the nudge of necessity that forced us to seek the education that we could not get through other channels in this way. And, I believe, that the rubbing together of bright minds is better than the best course of lectures ever delivered in any university for molding character and fashioning a destiny. Success in life is not to be measured by dollars and cents, and there has never been a time when it was more necessary to call this fact to the attention of men and women. The man who forgets or disregards tangible assets is a fool, but he who gives his life up to such things has lost an estate which is larger than this world. I would rather play even a doubtful part in bringing such a cause as the laymen's missionary movement to a successful issue than change places with Rockefeller. Love in its widest application is the only thing worth while in this world, the only thing that lasts. And it is because this club is founded upon principles of goodness that it has endured and flourished to this day."

Rev. Mr. Talling.

Rev. Dr. Talling spoke on the spiritual trend of the age.

"God is making," said the speaker, "a non-religious spiritual conquest of humanity, and forces not considered religious are still working towards moral ends; indeed, all forces on the life of today, are supporting a tendency towards moral order, and God is producing a higher type of spirituality by producing a higher type of humanity. And even science, instead of being an enemy or religion, is forcing us to hold a higher conception of God.

At this juncture a very interesting change was made in the programme of the evening by Mr. C. G. Jarvis' inimitable rendering of the famous classic "Casey at the Bat."

Mr. W. C. Ferguson, speaking on the subject of "Random Ruminations," gave some very bright and happy incidents of the club's history that had a particular interest in that they were connected with the exploits of a number of members of the club who were present at the gathering last night.

Mr. N. W. Rowell.

To Mr. John M. Gunn fell the honor of introducing Mr. Rowell, a duty which he discharged in his usual happy manner.

Mr. N. W. Rowell spoke very impressively on the subject, "Some Canadian Ideals." One of the most significant things in our Canadian life is that we can now say that we have some Canadian ideals. Twenty years ago there was little that could be called a Canadian conscience or a Canadian consciousness. Our interests were bounded by our own province. But now this new spirit has awakened which finds expression in the spirit of union in our relations with the other parts of the Empire. In the old days of the club we used to consider the questions of annexation to the United States, but there has grown up since then a firmly-settled conviction that now and

CAPTAIN T. J. MURPHY,
President of the Baconian Club of London.

forever Canada's future is associated with that of the Empire We are a nation, a part of a great nation, sharing in its great birthright, partaking in its sorrows, and as it is now it will be forever.

In considering our social and industrial conditions, the making of a millionaire and the exploitation of our great resources should not be the highest aim set before our young men. But rather we should seek such ideals as will secure the widest distribution of wealth to the great masses of the people.

It does not follow because we have settled for ourselves that we should not have a mutual church, that we shall therefore not have a national religious ideal. In this free country untrammelled by the past there should be the widest spirit of toleration and the largest feeling of co-operation for the upbuilding of the highest form of national life. Our religious ideals in political and private life should have as their pattern the life and teaching of the men of Nazareth.

Rev. Mr. Inkster.

In speaking to the toast of "Friendship," Rev. J. G. Inkster gave one of the most thoroughly enjoyed speeches of the evening. Taking as his text Bacon's essay on "Friendship," he made his own application of the great philosopher's teaching to the present day idea with a whimsical humor that delighted his hearers.

"The Critic."

The last toast of the evening was that to "The Critic," which was responded to by Mr. C. G. Jarvis. Mr. Jarvis made mention of the fact that it was the first time in his memory that the critic had been made the subject of a toast. From that Mr. Jarvis went on to discuss the various features of the programme in this characteristic happy vein, that left his hearers in high good humor.

The speeches of the evening were interspersed by a number of vocal and musical selections that added wonderfully to the pleasure of the hours spent together. Mr. Frank Webster, Mr. J. Parnell Morris and Mr. Roselle Pococke were all heartily applauded for their very successful efforts to entertain the members of the club and their guests.

An Original Poem.

An unique feature of the evening was the reading of an original anniversary poem by its author, Mr. Frank Lawson. Mr. Lawson is known as a verse-writer of no mean ability, and the merit of this, his latest composition, was evidenced by the hearty applause that greeted its reading.

Those Present.

Those present at the banquet were as follows: Frank Webster, R. Pococke, Henry B Ashplant, A. T. Macgregor, John L. Whitehead, M. F. Irwin, Harry Bapty, Rev. John Gibson Inkster, W. D Albright, T. A. Bryan, W. F. Tamblyn, John S. Barnard, John Bowman, David Rodger, S. Baker, Chas. T. Glass, Edmund Weld, J. P. Moore, James Kirkwood, T. J. Murphy, N. W. Rowell, M. P. Talling, M. W. Rossie, Rev. G. M. Cox, C. B. Edwards, John M. Gunn, U. A. Buchner, William Meredith, G. W. Armstrong, Dr. P. Macdonald, J. C. Judd, J. Macpherson, R. K. Cowan, J. K. H. Pope, D. H. Arnott, H. B. Elliot, Fred N. Phelps, J. M. Laird, C. B. Chapman, F. E. Perrin, D. C. McNaughton, E. R. Dennis, W. O. Carson, J. S. Lane, E. N. Hannah, Alex G. Calder, P. M. Millman, Jared Vining, E. C. Mitchell, James Colerick, John Cottam, Alex Stuart, G. N. Weekes, John Stevenson, Frank Lawson, John Dearness, C. G. Jarvis, J. L. Payne, A. D. Hardy, W. C. Ferguson, J. M. McEvoy, V. J. Gilpin.

ONTARIO'S SEEDING

Later Than Usual This Year, But a Good Crop Is Expected.

Toronto, May 7.—A number of crop reports from different parts of the province indicate that seeding has as yet hardly commenced.

Seeding is later this year than for a number of years past, and the harvest will be correspondingly late. The ground, however, is in good condition now and seeding will be well under way in a few days.

The season in Western Ontario is at least a week or ten days in advance of the district north and east of Toronto. The wheat crop looks well. One gentleman in the Stratford district claims that the crop will be the best in years. Hay is also in good condition.

The gentleman points out that 33 years ago no seeding was attempted till about May 18, and yet the crops were probably the finest in the history of the province.

So, that though farmers generally are disappointed at the lateness of the season, they are not at all pessimistic about the outcome of harvest.

MR. PUGSLEY SUMMONS ALL THE DIRECTORS

St. John, N. B., May 7.—W. B. Wallace, K. C., has been instructed by Hon. Wm. Pugsley to begin proceedings in equity for an account of expenditure and appropriation of all moneys received by the present and past directors of the New Brunswick Coal and Railway Company from the Dominion, and local governments. Mr. Wallace has had the summons issued against all the directors now living and all other persons concerned. The matter will come before Chief Justice Barker probably, in St. John.

THEBES SANCTORUM VISITED STRATHROY

Fifteen Charter Members and 50 Others Were Initiated Into New Lodge.

The members of Thebes Sanctorum, No. 26, of London, visited Strathroy last evening, for the purpose of instituting Kedemah Sanctorum, No. 117, O. O. H. and P. On reaching Strathroy the tribesmen formed in procession and marched to the hall.

Proceedings were immediately commenced, because of the large number of candidates. There were fifteen charter members who were first admitted. Fully fifty others were then initiated, besides a number of others from London. The pilgrimage over the desert was long and wearisome, the drifting sands at times covering the caravan. It was long before relief appeared, but at last the palms of the distant oasis appeared in sight. There the weary pilgrims encamped, and were instructed in the grand secret of the order.

Officers Installed.

After the ceremony of initiation, the new officers were installed into their seats of power.

At the close of the installation the tribes left for a tour of inspection of the oasis, locating the wells of water and palms. After pasturing the camels and other live stock, the tribesmen returned to the chief's tent, where they were regaled with the food necessary to the sustenance of sons of the desert.

There is no doubt that a good start has been made by Kedemah Sanctorum, and many pleasant evenings are in store for the members.

The Officers.

The following officers were elected: Grand Hyastytee, S. Keyser; vice-grand hyastytee, F. W. Avery; venerable friar, J. H. Argue; grand monitor; A. W. Bixel; registrarallissimo, D. Sands; bankerallissimo, S. Nichols; grand high executioner, A. R. Malone; grand chief guide, W. Howson; grand herald, M. McKellar.

Thebes Sanctorum.

The officers of Thebes Sanctorum who took part in the ceremonies were as follows: Supreme monarchos, S. W. Priestley; grand hyastytee, C. C. James; vice-grand hyastytee, R. Pierce; venerable friar, C. Minors; grand monitor, J. G. Brooks, registrarallissimo, W. A. McRoberts; bankerallissimo, W. Ferguson; grand high executioner, D. Cribbis; grand chief guide, W. Garfat; grand herald, F. Marsh.

The interesting installation was performed by S. W. Priestley, J. L. Goodburne and C. Wallace.

ARMENIANS WERE TROUBLE MAKERS

French Naval Officer Says They Were Insolent and Quarrelsome With Moslems.

Paris, May 7.—A letter received here from an officer on board the army cruiser Victor Hugo, at Merzina, dated April 24, while fully confirming the horror in the recent massacres, says that the previous attitude of the Armenian population undoubtedly was provocative.

The writer declares that after the proclamation of the Turkish constitution in July of last year, the Armenians became insolent and quarrelsome. They boasted openly of their intentions and of their purpose of re-establishing the Armenian kingdom.

At Armenian theatres plays were produced flouting the Turks, the authors of these pieces going back to the days of Tamerlane to find subjects with which to inflame the hatred against Mussulman oppression.

Consequently when the signal for reaction was received from Constantinople the worst passions of the mob were unchained.

JEROME BANQUETTED

Great Demonstration in Honor of New York's District Attorney.

New York, May 7.—William Travers Jerome, district attorney of New York, was the chief speaker and the guest of honor tonight at a dinner given at Delmonico's.

It was a gathering remarkable for the diversity of interests represented—political and otherwise. Tammany leaders sat side by side with prominent Republicans to do honor to the district attorney, who has recently declared before the People's Institute at Copper Union that he desired to "account for his stewardship," to explain to whomsoever asked the administration of his office.

His speech tonight, while giving no concrete examples, was a review of his actions and his attitude as district attorney.

Marine

Detroit, May 7.—Up: Chas. Weston, 1:30 Thursday p.m.; Colborne, 2:40; Benton, 5:40; Clarion, 6:20; Neebing, 7; Wilkesbarre, 7:50; Rome, 7:55; Bevertown, 8:40; America, 1:30 Friday a.m.; Alpena, 4:30.

Down: Huron City, 12:50 Thursday p.m.; Spademan, 12:50; J. B. Ketchum, Seneca, 1; Mary, 4:30; H. H. Rogers, 4:40; Stormont, 5; Gary, 5:15; Delaware, 5:20; Baker, 5:30; Alpena, 5:25; Minneapolis, 5:40; L. C. Hanna, 6; W. E. Corey, 6:15; Donaconna, 6:40; Frick, 12:20; Umbria, 3:45; Fairmount, 4; Princeton, 5:30.

Mackinaw City, Mich., May 7.—Up: Widener, Bennington, 9:15 last night; Superior City, 10; Christie and consort, Earling, 10:30.

Down: Alice, 7:20 Friday a.m.; Chemung, 9:15; F. M. Stephenson, 10:15. Wind—Northwest, light; clear.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 7.—Up: Friday—McGregor, 5:30 a.m.; Allegheny, 6:40; B. F. Jones, 9:30; Manitoba, 10:30; Alva, noon.

Down: Thursday night—Nelson, 9:30.

To Users of Electric Light.

Have you an electric iron? If not, you should see the new style made by the Canadian Electric Heater Company, London, Ont. For convenience, durability, economy of operation and in appearance it is a decided improvement over other irons. Made in many shapes and sizes for all purposes. Be sure you see "Canadian Electrical Heater Company" on the name plate. For sale by Rogers' Electric Company, next to postoffice. 61c

Carling's Canada Club Lager is the finest and healthiest lager beer brewed, and will be delivered by all dealers to any part of the city in cases containing one dozen pints, for 80 cents. 61k tywt

COMMITTEE REPORTS THE CONMEE BILL

Government Insists Upon Amendments to Protect All Ontario Rights.

Ottawa, May 7.—The Conmee bill passed the committee stage tonight, and will be given its third reading tomorrow. The bill is to incorporate the Ontario and Michigan Power Company.

Further amendments were adopted providing that plans of company's works on Nepigon River should be approved by the governor-in-council, and rates to be charged subject to the control of the railway commissioners and that so far as the Pigeon River is concerned the plans should be approved by the governor-in-council and the waterways commission jointly.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the real point was that the Ontario Government had a power policy which had been accepted by the people of the province and that the Dominion Government should do nothing to interfere with that policy.

A new clause was framed protecting the water powers and the crown lands on the Nepigon River from expropriation except for transmission purposes. The bill was then reported.

NEWFOUNDLAND ENDS A BITTER CAMPAIGN

Island Will Today Go to the Polls for Second Time Within Twelve Months.

St. Johns, Nfld., May 7. — The most exciting general election campaign known in Newfoundland since responsible government was established came to an end tonight. Although balloting will begin tomorrow, it is not expected that the outcome will be known until the latter part of next week, as a number of election districts are remote from the railroad and all ballot boxes have to beb rought to St. Johns.

The election is the second within seven months. At the November polling 36 members of the Legislature were elected, 18 supporting Sir Robert Bond, who was then premier, and the other half favoring Sir Edward Morris. After Governor MacGregor had summoned the Legislature half a dozen times, and each time prorogued it, that body finally attempted to elect a speaker, but the deadlock continuing, the governor dissolved the assembly and ordered a new election.

In March, a short time before dissolution, Sir Robert Bond and his cabinet resigned their offices, Sir Edward Morris succeeding to the premiership.

Violence, libel suits, arrests and bitter campaign attacks on the stump and in the party press have characterized the struggle.

The most sensational incident of the campaign was the attack on Sir Robert Bond, when he attempted to land from a steamer at Weston Bay, April 30, for the purpose of addressing a meeting. A crowd of voters in sympathy with the Morris party prevented the former premier from stepping on the wharf. Bond was kicked in the chest and knocked overboard. He saved himself from drowning by seizing the gunwale of a small boat nearby.

Another sensational incident occurred on April 22, when Walter Baine Grieve, a leading merchant and shipowner of St. Johns, was placed under arrest, charged with criminally libeling Sir Edward Morris. Sir Edward sued the Bond newspaper in St. Johns for $5,000 damages for seconding the charges alleged to have been made by Grieve.

The Morrisites made counter-charges that the Bond ministry had been in communication with the Canadian Government regarding the question of annexation.

LISTEN TO LAWSON

Says Vagaries of Whitney Towards Electrical Power Is Hurting Ontario.

London, May 7. — W. R. Lawson, writing to the Financial Times, says: "In these days holders of Canadian securities, particularly municipal and provincial securities, require to be diligent readers of the Canadian papers. Any day they may startle us with an account of some fresh freak financial legislation."

In this new departure, Mr. Lawson says, Ontario is distinguishing itself. The latest vagaries eclipse all that have gone before, till one is compelled to ask himself if some strange craze can have seized the hitherto sane and solid people of Ontario.

The Financier says the Ontario Government's policy with reference to electrical power excites growing wonder and indignation. Canadian indignation is shared here, and the incident will not be quickly forgotten or forgiven. It is bad for legitimate enterprise in Canada.

A LEAD COMBINE

Interests Unite to Dominate Markets on Two Continents.

London, May 7. — Seventy per cent of the entire world's lead supply is to be brought under the absolute control of one group of separate corporations, working together in harmony. Prices are to advance from $68 75 a ton, as at present, to $95 or $100 a ton.

The immense interests concerned comprise the Guggenheims and other large American producers, the Spanish Association of Producers, the Broken Hill interests of Australia and the German Lead Trust. These interests have combined to control seventy per cent of the world's lead supply, and their position in the world's markets will enable them to make what prices they please.

Mr. John A. Macdonald, of New York, who has arranged the deal between the German and the Spanish interests, left this morning by the Kronprinzessin Cecilie for New York to arrange the final details with the American interests, prior to the German trust initiating the advance in prices, which advance will be followed throughout the world.

Mr. Macdonald told the correspondent that the smaller producers would be affected only in a beneficial way.

"Lead is too low, and has been for a long time," said Mr. Macdonald, "but this new arrangement will enable us to put the industry on a safe basis without injuring anyone."

TWO DEGREES ABOVE FREEZING LAST NIGHT

Mercury Became Sorry, However, and Took a Rise—River Also in the Game.

The mercury made a determined effort to crawl down below freezing point last night. It didn't quite get there, however, but it was so near that it has no reason to feel ashamed. Thirty-four degrees above zero, or two above freezing, was the lowest point reached in the downward descent, and from that time it gave up the attmept and started up again.

At 8 o'clock this morning it had reached 54 degrees.

Thursday night it only succeeded in getting as low as 43 degrees, while the highest temperature reached yesterday was 59.5.

Warmer Weather.

The prospects today seem to point to a little warmer weather, though the man who bets on the weather these days should consult an alienist. Still there is every indication that it is getting warmer, and the people are once more basking themselves in the elusive sunshine.

The river has been keeping up its end by rising and falling a little now and then just to maintain the interest. At 8 o'clock this morning there was three feet of water going over the dam at Springbank, but it is gradually dropping at the rate of about half an inch an hour.

MY LADY'S COIFFURE COMES FROM CHINA

Celestials Supply the Material For Switch, Curl, Bang and Rat.

Washington, May 8.—While it is a well known fact that all of the hair displayed by the American woman in her handsome and stylish coiffure is not necessarily her own, it is not so generally known that much of it may have been "grown in China."

But such would seem to be the case according to Vice-Consul General Fuller at Hong Kong, who reports to the bureau of manufactures of 207,414 pounds of human hair was invoiced for shipment to the United States from that port last year. The year previous, but 56,133 pounds had been exported to this country, and then came fashion's edict requiring massive headpieces.

In consequence the women had to have more hair to fill them, and the surplus hair of the celestial kingdom's four hundred millions at once became a marketable commodity.

"The hair reaches Hong Kong from the interior," said Consul Fuller, "and is cleaned and sorted according to length and quality. It is then packed and thoroughly disinfected and shipped to New York. It is said that the hair can be so treated in New York as to alter its color and texture, and that it is used in making the switches, curls, and bangs so fashionable at the presen time."

EIGHT-HOUR DAY ON PUBLIC WORKS

Subject Under Discussion in the Commons When Labor Member Withdraws Bill.

Ottawa, May 7.—The bill to provide for an eight-hour day on public works, which for the third year in succession had been introduced by Alphonse Verville, president of the Trades and Labor Congress, was withdrawn today and a discussion on the subject generally followed.

Mr. Verville began by citing experiences of manufacturers with short hours, who declared their production was increased thereby. He quoted Joseph Chamberlain as saying that the loss of production through shorter hours was less than proportionate to the loss of time. Some manufacturers, he said, were unable to make as great profits through shortened hours, but he did not see why the majority should sacrifice leisure for the sake of the few. He mentioned that the British war office and a number of branches of the American service had an eight-hour day. In Canada it was in force, he said, in the Government printing bureau.

Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux, the minister of labor, said the principle advocated appealed to their sympathies and their sense of sacred justice. He said Mr. Verville's proposal was part of a larger labor demand for a general eight-hour day. This, however, was outside the sphere of the Federal Parliament and would have to be dealt with by the provinces. Until that was done an eight-hour day on public works would clash with provincial usages. Government contractors would have to pay the same wages for an eight-hour day that other contractors paid for a longer day. Other difficulties were the curtailment of the labor supply, the increased cost of labor, the handicap to manufacturers by the long winter and Asiatic competition. He thought, therefore, that the eight-hour day would have to remain in the experimental stage for a good many years to come.

Mr. Maddin asked of Mr. Lemieux would support the bill.

Mr. Lemieux replied that as the bill was drafted he would not but he thought the principle was worthy of consideration.

BOMB EXPLODES IN STREET

Twenty Persons Injured by an Infernal Machine in Buenos Ayres.

Buenos Ayres, May 7.—The explosion of a bomb at the corner of Corrientes and Cerrito streets today injured 20 persons, four of them seriously, and caused a great excitement for a time.

The bomb was hidden in a basket of vegetables, which was placed on the platform of a tramcar, presumably by some one in sympathy with the strike inaugurated on May Day. The passengers heard a noise like the ticking of a clock emanating from the basket and informed the police. The basket was removed by an officer and the explosion followed almost immediately.

Although the socialist party has decided to continue the general strike the situation has decidedly improved.

Business, however, is at a standstill and commerce has suffered enormously as a result of the strike. In fact the situation had become so bad that the Government took steps today to act with the utmost energy to put an end to the present state of affairs.

WM. TRAFFORD FURNITURE CO.
95 TO 97 KING STREET

A BEAUTIFUL CHILD'S CRIB
=FREE=
TO THE LARGEST BABY IN MIDDLESEX COUNTY

Any child born within the last six months ending WEDNESDAY, JUNE 30, 1909 may enter the contest.

Cut out the Coupon and mail it to ABOVE ADDRESS

THIS BEAUTIFUL CRIB WILL BE AWARDED ON SATURDAY, JULY 3, 1909

Every mother whose child is a contestant should call at our store on the above date. It may be that your child will be the fortunate one.

Don't Fail to Send in the Coupon

WM. TRAFFORD FURNITURE CO. LONDON

Have the Largest and Best Display of FURNITURE, BRASS AND IRON BEDS AND CRIBS

Your Name
Baby's Name
Date of birth
Weight at birth
Attending Physician
Your address

It's Easy to Surrender

A pleasure for a necessity. Without a doubt this is **very often** the cause of neglected teeth. If you will surrender a trifling sum on your teeth now, you will be the largest gainer.

WHAT YOU GAIN

By having me giving them the attention they need, you will consider worthy to tell neighbors about. My operations give patients a pleasure that doesn't fade away.

It is well for you to know the condition of your teeth, and I am anxious to tell you.

A delayed call has lost many a tooth.

DR. HUTCHISON
214 DUNDAS STREET. PHONE 1372

Milwaukee Boat Six Days Overdue

Duluth, May 7.—News of the probable destruction of the steamer Adelia shores off Whitefish Point, in Lake Superior, was brought to Duluth this evening by sailors of the steamer Northland. They say as the Northland was passing that point they discovered wreckage strewn all over the lake. In their opinion it belonged to the Adelia Shores.

The Adelia Shores belongs to the S. O. Eneff Transportation Company, of Milwaukee, Wis., and was up bound from Michigan with salt. Rumor says that her passengers and crew numbered 21, but this cannot be verified.

The ship was of 1,250 tons burden, and under command of Captain S. Holmes. The engineer is R. S. Nott. The gale in which the ship is thought to have foundered last week sent down the Aurania, the Russia and the Nester. The wind then gained a velocity of 70 miles an hour.

A violent snowstorm also prevailed for three days, making navigation extremely perilous.

She is six days overdue.

A Local Treat.

"Lady Huntsworth's Experiment" was enacted by local amateurs last evening, but it was as well done, if not better, than the larger percentage of professional troupes that visit London could have presented it. In fact, it is rather difficult to understand how they could have improved on several of the parts at least. The audience was one of the largest and most fashionable of the season, and most appreciative, and they gave the cast every encouragement to do their best.

The story concerns Lady Huntsworth's matrimonial troubles. When quite young, she had been married by arrangement between the parents of the two, to Lord Huntsworth. The latter was a dissipated young fellow, and in a few years, spent all his wife's fortune. Seeing an opportunity of marrying another heiress, he trumps up charges against his wife, and applies for a divorce. Lady Huntsworth begs the co-respondent not to oppose the divorce proceedings, as she was anxious to get out of the entanglement.

The divorce was granted, of course, but she refuses to marry the man in the case. With no funds at her disposal, she decided to engage as cook, and entered the service of Rev. Audley Pillenger. It was soon discovered that this young woman was no common cook, but a lady of social position at some time or other.

In the vicar's house are his niece, and her fiancee, Capt. Dorvaston, a young curate, Rev. Henry Thorsby, and the vicar's sister, Miss Hannah Pillinger. Lady Huntsworth, who was under an assumed name, and was known as Caroline Rayward, soon created havoc in the hearts of the male section of the household. The vicar shows unmistakable signs of deepening interest in her, while Capt. Dorvaston forgets his fiancee, Miss Lucy, quite completely. Their marriage was arranged by their parents, of course, and neither party took more than a passing interest in this event. Gandy, the butler, is also enamored of the cook, and there are complications.

In the meantime Lady Huntsworth comes into a large fortune, and her husband, now posing as a racehorse man, hears of it, and discovers her. He knows of her good luck, but she does not, and he begs her to take him back. He calls one evening, but she refuses, and, as was his custom, he drinks himself into a state of unconsciousness. The cook becomes alarmed at the possibility of someone finding him there, and hides him in the scullery. The vicar is taken ill and repairs to the kitchen, where he commences to talk of love to the cook. Capt. Dorvaston is of the same mind, and he, too, joins the party. The vicar hides in the larder. Capt. Dorvaston just gets nicely into his tale of love, when Miss Hannah, the vicar's sister, comes in, and he is forced to hide in a closet. He is discovered there, and some scandal is bruited. Miss Hannah determines to have the cook dismissed, and the vicar is kindly disposed towards her, of course, and insists that she be not harshly dealt with.

In the meantime, Miss Lucy and the curate have been getting on famously, and aided by Miss Rayward, they elope, and are married.

Lady Huntsworth discovers her good fortune, and resigns to go and claim it. She refuses all offers matrimonial and otherwise, but gives Capt. Dorvaston her address in Brussels, so that he might call on her some time in the future.

When the elopement is known to the captain, he forgives them of course, and immediately departs to find Lady Huntsworth, and it is to be presumed he was successful, as it is suspected there is quite an attachment between them. As would be expected there are many opportunities for good acting. The lines are clever and bright.

There are many opportunities for comedy, and the actors never failed to grasp them and make the most of them.

The greater portion of the work of the evening fell upon Miss Ruby Michie as Lady Huntsworth, and that she gave as finished an interpretation of the role as could be desired is doing her simple justice. She had a thorough appreciation of her lines, and in every scene, she arose to the possibilities of it. It was not to be wondered that all the men in the place from the butler to the vicar fell in love with the cook if she was as delightful as Miss Michie made her.

As the vicar, Dr. E. Pardee Bucke was immense. At no time did he overdo it, and reminded more than one of his auditors of Oscar Figman, which is paying Dr. Bucke a considerable compliment. He did excellent work.

It has been known for a long time that Mrs. F. B. Ware possessed dramatic ability above the ordinary, but she never displayed it to better advantage than last evening in the character of Miss Hannah Pillinger, a very proper, religious, exacting—beg pardon—old maid sister of the vicar. Hers was not an easy role, but it was done justice to.

Col. Frank Reid scored as Gandy, the servant. He was the pompous, dignified butler to the life, and made a decided hit. His acting was easily one of the features of the play.

Miss Patti Maclaren as Keziah, the servant, had a comedy role of more than usual merit, and in this Miss Maclaren lived up to the good opinions already formed of her ability. It was not her first appearance locally, but it was one of her best. Miss Mary Puddicombe as Miss Lucy Pillenger was delightful. She fitted into the part as if it were made specially for her. She was as winsome and as loveable as could be desired, and the curate showed good judgment in falling in love with her.

Capt. H. Campbell Becher as the captain of the Bengal Lancers, Capt. Dorvaston made a palpable hit, and showed real ability. As a sporty, care-free young English officer he was typical.

Mr. W. Forbes-Mitchell as the drunken Lord Huntsworth, alias Mr. Cravall, had a very difficult part, but showed real ability and his work was well received. Mr. Charles Hunt as the curate had little to do but did that well.

Altogether it was a delightful evening's entertainment, one of the best amateur performances ever given in London.

The actors were drilled by Mr. A. D. Holman, and the great success is due largely to him.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has given $1,000,000 for a new school of applied science at Pittsburg.

THE STATE ALIENISTS SAY HAINS WAS SANE

Experts Declare He Was in Right Mind When He Killed Annis.

Flushing, May 7.—After a breathing spell of two days—tomorrow and Sunday—the Hains trial will reach the beginning of the end. On Monday both sides will sum up and unless some unforeseen delay arises Justice Garretson will charge the jury Tuesday morning. Thereafter the fate of Capt. Peter Hains, jun., U. S. A., on trial for the murder of William E. Annis at the Bayside Yacht Club last August, will be in the hands of twelve men.

Three hours will be allowed each side for the final appeal to the jury. John F. McIntyre, chief counsel for the defence, announces that he will utilize every minute of the time for his speech, but it is expected that District Attorney Dewitt will not take so long. Briefs, including that particular matter upon which each side will request Justice Garretson to charge the jury, will be drawn and filed tomorrow.

As the trial nears its end, both prosecution and defence profess confidence as to the outcome. District Attorney Dewitt said that he could not see any other result than a verdict of guilty as charged in the indictment.

Mr. McIntyre, Eugene Young and Daniel O'Reilly, counsel for the defence, on the other hand, say that they feel sure of their client's acquittal.

The proceedings ended abruptly today at the conclusion of the cross-examination of the state's alienist, Dr. George V. Foster, of New York.

The district attorney had said earlier in the day that he had several more witnesses to call in rebuttal, and that they would follow the alienists on the stand. But failing to reach some of the desired witnesses in time, the district attorney decided to rest the people's case with the testimony of alienists. Mr. McIntyre had hinted at calling witnesses in sur-rebuttal to reveal a rumored scandal in army circles in the hope of showing a strong prejudice against the Hains family in the minds of some army officers who testified for the prosecution. This move, however, did not materialize.

Most of the day's session was taken up with the testimony of the state's three insanity experts. They all expressed the opinion, predicated on the hypothetical question prepared by the prosecution, that Captain Hains was sane at the time he shot and killed Annis.

Mr. McIntyre cross-examined the opposing alienists at length, and he succeeded in drawing the admission from each one of them that the facts as set forth in the defence's hypothetical question included symptoms of acute mania in the appearance and actions of the defendant at the time of the shooting. They were, nevertheless, firm in their opinion that the defendant was sane when he committed the murder.

The belief prevails, however, that if he is acquitted on the ground of insanity, the court may deem it necessary to order a lunacy commission to inquire into his present mental condition. The prisoner has sat throughout the trial with scarcely an indication that he realized what was going on around him. He appeared at times more like an automaton, moved about and sat down each day by his keepers, than a human being.

NOVEL SCIENCE TEST FOR MURDER CASE

To Learn If Blood on Stefoff's Clothing Was Murdered Man's.

Toronto, May 7.—Pablo Stefoff, charged with the murder of his fellow Macedonian, Vani Simoff, at 16 Eastern avenue, on April 22 last, was this morning committed for trial by Magistrate Denison. Twenty witnesses were bound over to appear for crown and defence in the assize court.

The effect of blood on the system of a live rabbit will form one of the unique and important links of evidence gathering tightly about Pablo Stefoff. It is very necessary for the crown to prove that the blood stains on the prisoner's clothes, and on the money in his pockets, supposed to have been stolen from the murdered man, is human blood, a theory which the defence disputes.

To find this out Dr. D. Silverthorn, of 266 College street, has been deputed by the crown to make an analysis of the stains which are liberally spattered over the clothing and money taken from the prisoner.

A solution of the mysterious blood will be injected into a rabbit. As it is the nature of animal blood to form a protective fluid under such circumstances, the latter will be taken from the animal and mixed with the pure liquid from human veins. If a "precipitate" forms in the bottom of the testing glass, then the blood of Stefoff's clothing was human, and the crown can proceed on that basis.

HIS MASONIC OATH

Took Precedence Over Everything Testifying, Says a Witness.

Montreal, Que., May 7. — The scandal in connection with No. 12 police station was again before the royal commissioner, Judge Cannon, today, when a sidelight on the situation was furnished by Fred Leclaire, the theatrical man, who yesterday told about the $1,000 commission Pierre Leclerc was to pay Ald. Proulx, chairman of the police committee, when the Leclerc property was sold to the city for a police station.

Fred Leclaire was recalled, and told the commissioner that he was a Freemason, and that his oath as a Freemason took precedence with him when testifying, or, in other words, that he would not injure a brother Mason. A number of experts were called with reference to the value of the property, and there was a good deal of conflicting testimony, some claiming the price was too high and others that it was not.

Tell Cook

To be sure and Boil

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15 minutes

And for your health's sake drink it in place of Coffee.

It makes the rich, red blood of good health.

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By the Christmas Fire—Crothers.
The Angel and the Star—Connor.
The Celestial Railroad—Hawthorne.

Sociology.

Introduction to the Study of Economics—Bullock.
Constitutional History of England—Maitland.
Duels of the Fleet—Cootes.
Education of Teachers—Payne.

Natural Science.

From An Easy Chair—Lancaster.
Elementary Plain Trigonometry—Hobson and Jessop.
Heat—Glazebrook.
Standard Electrical Dictionary—Sloan.
Adventures Among the Wild Beasts—Hyrst.

Useful Arts.

Long Life and How to Attain It—Kintsing.
Daily Training—Benson and Miles.
The Home Garden—Rexford.
The Story of Gold—Meade.
Sheet and Plate Metal Work—Atkins.
Decoration of Wood, Glass, Etc. —Standage.

Fine Arts.

Book of Fern Culture—Hemsley.
Imperial History and Encyclopedia of Music (10 volumes); treats on the following subjects: American music, foreign music, musical biographies, theory, instruments, oratorios and masses, operas and dictionary. (Reference work).
The Opera-Goers' Complete Guide—Meitz.

Literature.

Canzoni (Poems of T. Augustine Daly)—Daly.
Snowbound and Other Poems—Whittier.
The Age of Chaucer—Snell.
Cambridge History of English Literature, volume 3.
Magic Casement—Noyes.
Genius of Shakespeare—Osborne.
Critical and Historical Essays (4 volumes)—Macaulay.
Memories of Gardens—Shand.

Travel.

Rambles in Errin—Bulfin.
An English Honeymoon—Wharton.
From Peking to Mandalay—Johnston.
Alaska—Higginson.

History.

An Introductory History of England (2 volumes)—Fletcher.
Canada—Bourinot.
Story of Old Kingston—Machar.
Peru—Enock.

Biography.

Rossettis, Dante, Gabriel and Christina—Cary.
John Horden, Missionary Bishop—Buckland.

Children's Department.

Story of Stories—Gillie.
Red Book of Animal Stories—Lang.
Tales of Laughter—Wiggin.
Book of the Ocean—Ingersoll.
Animal Story Book—Lang.
The Wonderful House That Jack Has—Millard.
Child's History of Westminster Abbey—Twinning.
Told to the Little Tot—Cooke.

Fiction.

The Mill Lass of Ilderleigh—Inman.
The Quest of Douglas Holmes—Inman.
Gabriel Praed's Castle—Jones.
Show Girl—Pemberton.
Lady Julia's Emerald—Colville.
Yours and Mine—Hocking.
Fraternity—Galsworthy.
The Crysalis—Kramer.
Special Messenger—Chambers.
Tormentilla—Deakin.
A Prince of Dreamers—Steel.
The Alternative—McCutcheon.
The Butler's Story—Train.
Much Ado About Peter—Webster.
The Old Man in the Corner—Orczy.
Aunt Maud—Oldmeadow.
Peggy, the Daughter—Tynan.
The Gun Runner—Stringer.
Felice—Long
A Spirit in Prison—Hitchens.
The Harvest of Moloch—Lawson.
Coffee and a Love Affair—Sheldon.
50-40 or Fight—Hough.
Love and the Poor Suitor—White.
Irresolute Catherine—Jacob.
The Hermit and the Wild Woman—Wharton.
The Red Mouse—Osborne.
The Story of a Log House—Outram.

Juvenile Literature.

Rival and Chums—Carr.
In Strange Quarters—Hodder.
In Captivity in the Pacific—Houston.
Two Runaways—Panting.
The Light Brigade in Spain—Strang.
A Pair of Madcaps—Trowbridge.

SHED SOME LIGHT ON THE PETROSINO CASE

Chicago Detective, Nearly Killed Second of Three Marked by Black Hand.

Chicago, May 6.—A Sicilian captured by the police here tonight in a search for the assailants of Detective Gabriel Longabardi, head of the "Black Hand" squad, who narrowly escaped death last night, told a story that may throw some light upon the murder of Lieut. Joseph Petrosino, of the New York police, and also may prevent a similar attempt upon the life of a New Orleans city detective named Dantonio.

These three detectives—Petrosino, Longabardi and Dantonio — according to the Sicilian's story, were marked for death by the Black Hand Society in the east months ago. They have been active enemies of the society for years. Petrosino was killed in Italy after a most careful plot had been laid for him. Longabardi has been watched for weeks. The New Orleans plot is still in the dark.

The New York Italians, whose identity is known to the police, came here several weeks ago, and opened a little grocery store in the Italian quarter of the west side. From this headquarters, the Sicilian reported, they engineered their plot against Longabardi. They learned his habits and his fearless nature, and decided that the best way to "get" him was to trap him into a combat when he was unarmed. His house was watched night after night. Last night the detective noticed the men prowling in the alley, and went out unarmed to ask them what they wanted. For answer he was attacked with a stilleto.

One man hit the detective in the head. The other stabbed at Longabardi's throat, but missed, and cut the arteries in the detective's left wrist. The Italians then left the alley, thinking they had mortally wounded their man.

Scores of arrests have been made here recently as a result of a number of murders attributed to the Black Hand. Threatening letters have been received by many prominent Italians.

Of the inhabitants of Christiania, Norway, who are over 15 years old 65,960 are males and 91,198 females. There are more female wage earners than male, and of the female workers 34.18 per cent are unmarried. To every 100 unmarried males there are 163 unmarried females.

STARTS CRUSADE AGAINST INTONING

Bishop of Birmingham Proposes That Prayers Be Said in Natural Voice.

London, May 6.—The recommendations as to the use of the natural voice at divine service, which were made by the Bishop of Birmingham to his rural deans, have aroused great interest, and it is probable that they will be largely adopted by the clergy.

The bishop suggested that all prayers in the vestry or in the pulpit should be said and responded to in a natural voice without any organ; that the confession and the Lord's Prayer should be joined in by the people, also in a natural voice and without any organ, and that the third collect should be similarly responded to.

Canon Carnegie, rector of the Birmingham pro-Cathedral, said that it went without saying that the clergy would do all they could do to carry out that and other suggestions on the same lines which the bishop had made, although it was not easy to fall in with the bishop's suggestion in the case of a church of any size. In a large church it was not every man who could make himself heard in the ordinary speaking voice.

The Archdeacon of London (Dr. Sinclair) observed: "I think many will hail Dr. Gore's announcement with great satisfaction. On such matters, of course, a bishop can only suggest, as Dr. Gore has done. It is not in his power to give orders, but many will be encouraged by his recommendations to free themselves from the tyranny of the entirely chanted service. Dr. Temple used to say very much the same thing when Bishop of London. He thought that the almost universal adoption of the singing tone had driven many people from the church.

"The great majority of churches are not large enough to warrant the necessity of intoning, and such portions of the service as the bishop points out would go very pleasantly in the natural voice. There are churches in London, like St. James', Holloway, where the natural voice has always been used, and it has been quite refreshing to attend them.

"Of course, anything like a rhetorical reading of the prayers would be offensive, but, on the other hand, there is this objection to the best-sung service—that it is apt to lull a man to inattention from the very pleasantness of the sound."

TERRIFIC BATTLE WITH SUPERIOR GALE

Reaches Fort William After a Two Days' Combat With Wind and Wave.

Duluth, May 7.—The steamer Hutchinson, an American vessel owned in Cleveland, has arrived at Fort William, Ontario, after a voyage which for unique adventures has seldom been equalled on the great lakes. The Hutchinson left the Soo last Thursday and encountered the terrible storm in Whitefish Bay that disabled and sank the Aurania. She was within a few miles of the latter vessel at the time the Aurania went down.

The Hutchinson carried a crew of 75 Italians and 2 Galicians. She was heavily loaded with coal. Leaving Whitefish the vessel headed for the open lake in the face of a terrific gale and blinding snowstorm, which increased in violence as she advanced.

During the worst of the storm while the decks were awash and the vessel rocking violently, the crew became panic-stricken. They refused to work, and threats and promises on the part of Capt. Logan were alike unavailing. The Italians, under the orders and force of the officers, were compelled to take their places, but nothing could prevail on them to give any assistance. They stood by, shaking with fear and counting their beads.

Finding the foreign crew utterly worthless, Capt. Logan turned the Hutchinson straight into the storm. A series of great waves sunk the deck nearly two inches, causing the hatches to spring out and great quantities of water were washed into the hold, sinking her still lower.

In danger of foundering at any time, the Hutchinson fought her way almost by inches against the wind and high seas. She was on the lake during the whole of the two days' storm. During the latter part of the voyage the two Galicians became violent and it was necessary to lock them in the galley for their own protection.

When the Hutchinson reached Fort William the officers and engineroom force were completely worn out. The crew having been worse than useless, the officers were compelled to divide up their work. Despite the fury of the storm the Hutchinson was practically undamaged when she reached port.

WILL TALK TO MARS VIA THE WIRELESS

Prof. David Todd, of Amherst College, Is Going Up in a Balloon.

Boston, May 7.—Prof. David Todd, of Amherst College, is also ambitious to establish communications with the planet Mars and Venus, but he has plans that are radically different from those which have been put forward recently. He expects to ascend not later than in September to a very high altitude in a balloon fitted with receiving communications from Mars or Venus. He will act on the assumption that the planets may be inhabited by a race of superior intellectual beings who long since perfected wireless telegraphy even beyond the present understanding, and may be using it continually with an effort sufficiently far-reaching to talk with the earth.

Prof. Todd will ascend to a height greater than would freely support life, and accompanied by Aeronaut Leo Stevens, will incase himself in a lightly constructed human cage, fitted with stop cocks and connections, and supplied not only with oxygen to sustain life, but with an artificial air pressure to counteract the effects of rarification and so-called mountain sickness. In this way a greater height may be attained than ever before attempted, greatly increasing the possibility of catching ether waves from the electrical telegraphy of other planets.

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Dear Sirs,—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is our remedy for sore throat, colds and all ordinary ailments.

It never fails to relieve and cure promptly.

CHARLES WHOOTEN.
Port Mulgrave.

QUESTION OF BLOOMERS.

Hamilton, May 7.—Whether it's just the proper caper for pretty girls in bloomer suits to engage in a strenuous basket ball struggle before a mixed audience was the ticklish question the school trustees had to pass judgment upon last night. They agreed that it was not, and that any games played must be played by the girls before their own sex only. The decision cast a gloom over the camp of the Collegiate girls' basketball team, for they had arranged a game with the Collegiate girls of St. Catharines. They refused to play, however, unless the boys were permitted to see the game.

MORSE PENNILESS.

New York, May 7.—Chas. W. Morse, the former banker, who is now in the Tombs prisoner under sentence for violation of the national banking law, has not a share of stock, a bond or a piece of real estate left of his former estate of an estimated value of $30,000,000, according to evidence which he gave in supplementary proceedings last week and which was made public today.

Morse was at one time one of the largest holders of securities of the $60,000,000 Consolidated Steamship Company and controlled three national banks. He testified in the supplementary proceedings that he had given all his property to his creditors to secure his debts and declared that he did not know whether the creditors had sold him out, but asserted that if there was any surplus derived from such sales it would only go to other creditors who have obtained judgments against him, and that he personally would receive none of the proceeds of the sales.

CZAR AND CABINET CLASH

Latter Will Resign If Emperor Surrenders To Reactionaries.

St. Petersburg, May 7.—The outcome of the Russian ministerial crisis is now entirely dependent upon the Emperor's line of action, as Premier Stolypins' exhaustive report, based on the cabinet meeting of May 4, and submitted to his majesty today, left no doubt in the Emperor's mind that the cabinet is a unit in favor of sanctioning the naval bill. The premier had a long audience with the Emperor at Tsarskoe-Selo, and while the primary demand was for his majesty's approval of the bill creating a general staff for the navy, the underlying object of the visit was to force the Emperor to disassociate himself from the hostile campaign of the reactionaries and the courtiers close to him.

The painful necessity of the retirement of the cabinet, in case of an adverse decision was delicately implied, and the Emperor announced at parting with the premier that he would take the matter under consideration for a few days. The conferences of yesterday and today furnish no indication of the nature of the Emperor's ultimate decision.

Pianos To Rent.

Pianos to rent from $2 per month case of purchase. Williams Piano Company, Limited, 261 Dundas street. tf

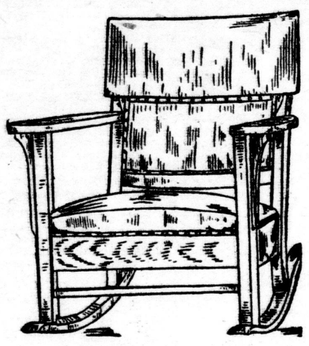
Clean Sweep Furniture Sale

The Balance of Our Stock To Be Cleared Out in One Week Regardless of Cost

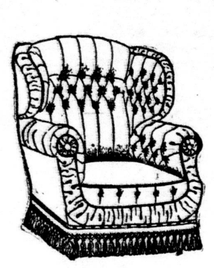
READ THIS—The alterations to our building are nearly finished. Our Alteration Sale was a big success. It greatly reduced our stock and made it possible for us to make room for the builders, but now that most of the flying dust and dirt is over we have about $10,000 worth of stock left. This furniture is only dusty and dirty. It can easily be polished up again. But while it would look first-class in a home we cannot place it side by side with new furniture. There is only one thing for us to do if we wish to start off in the new building with a fresh stock, and that is to CLEAR IT OUT AT ONCE AT ANY PRICE THAT IT WILL BRING. We have marked it down to less than factory price. This is the chance of a lifetime to those who need furniture, rugs, linoleums, etc., this spring.

$10,000 Worth of Slightly Soiled Furniture, Rugs, Linoleums and Lace Curtains at Less Than Factory Prices.

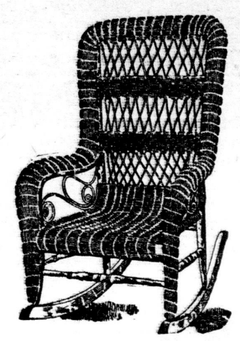
BELOW WE GIVE BUT A PARTIAL LIST OF THE GREAT BARGAINS AWAITING YOU.



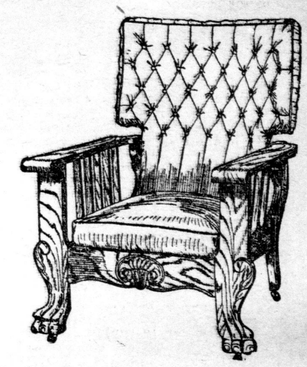
8 Mission Rockers, like cut, in early English finish; solid oak; real Spanish leather upholstering. Worth $12.00. To clear at $5.75
Our $15 Mission Chairs, $7.50
Our $20 Mission Chairs, $10.00



6 big Easy Chairs, upholstered in best Bradley leather; deep tufted; like cut. Worth $30.00. Sale price $14.95



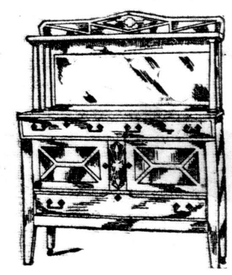
24 Reed Rockers, like cut. Worth $6.00. Sale price $2.95
Our $8 Rockers.. $4.25
Our $10 Rockers $5.65



24 Oak Morris Chairs; best Bradley leather upholstering. Worth $15.00. To clear at $7.50
We have the same chair in the Rocker.

6 Extension Tables, like cut, round or square tops. Worth $13.50. To clear at $8.50
Our $8 TABLES for $5.50
Our $10 TABLES for $6.75
Our $12 TABLES for $7.50
Our $22 TABLES for $14.50

Heavy Iron Beds, like cut. Worth $9.50. To clear at $5.25
Our $6.00 BEDS for $4.25
Our $8.00 BEDS for $5.00
Our $12.00 BEDS for ...$7.75
Our $15.00 BEDS for ...$9.50
Our $35 BRASS BEDS, $23.00
Our $45 BRASS BEDS, $32.00



Solid Oak Buffets, like cut. Worth $25.00, for $16.00
Our $30 Buffets for $21
Our $35 Buffets for $23
Our $45 Buffets for $29

Collapsible Carts, worth $7.50. To clear at.. $4.95
$10 CARTS for $7.50
$12 CARTS for $8.50
$20 Large Cabs for $13.50
$25 Large Cabs for $16.50
$30 Large Cabs for $21.00

Lace Curtains

300 pairs of Lace Curtains to clear out at 1-3 to 1-2 off.
Our 75c CURTAINS for.. 48c
Our $1.00 CURTAINS for 65c
Our $1.50 CURTAINS for 95c
Our $2 CURTAINS for $1.35
Our $3 CURTAINS for $1.95
Our $5 CURTAINS for $3.25

LINOLEUMS

All widths and qualities; to clear out at mill prices. We do not lay Linoleum during the sale. Be sure and see our stock.

ROOM RUGS

All patterns and qualities and sizes; slightly soiled. To be cleared out at less than mill prices. A very large stock to choose from.

MATRESSES

$12.00 MATTRESSES for $9.00
$6.00 MATTRESSES for $4.50
$4.00 MATTRESSES for $2.75

SPRINGS

$4.00 SPRINGS for $2.75
$3.50 SPRINGS for $2.50

The Ontario Furniture Co.

MEN

Weak, Nervous, Restless at Night and Weak, Aching Back, Diseased Kidneys, Despondent, Lack of Energy, Ambition and Strength, Poor Memory, Hollowed Eyes, Dark Circles Under Eyes, Bashful, Melancholia, Weak, Trembles, Varicose Veins, Excessive Drinking, Exposure, Overwork and Worry, Bad Blood.

An endless number of men have one or more of the above symptoms and drag from day to day in despair of a prosperous, happy future, and well they may, for, if neglected, their health is sure to be wrecked by a complete loss of physical and mental power.

My method completely and permanently revives strength and vigor after "cure-all" remedies and "quick-cure" specialists fail even to benefit.

YouCan Be Cured By Me Now Cheaper Than You Ever Hoped

YOU PAY NO MONEY UNTIL YOU ARE SATISFIED

I will give a free consultation and examination to any man, and if he desires me to treat his case until cured he will find my fees reasonable and no more than he is willing to pay. Men have confidence in my professional ability because men have found out by actual experience for many years that they will receive a "square deal" with me, and also because I am a regularly licensed physician with twenty-one years' practical experience. If you cannot call, write a description of your case.

Address or call on DR. RHODES COMPANY, Sixty-one (61) West Fort street, Detroit, Michigan. Office Hours: Daily, 9 to 5; Sundays, 9 to 1; Nights, from 7 to 8, except Fridays.

31-tf-t

DEATH OF JOHN McLEOD

Former London and Thamesford Merchant Passes Away at Toronto.

Toronto, May 7.—John McLeod, head of the grocery firm of John McLeod & Sons, died at the family residence, 698 Spadina avenue, yesterday after an illness lasting some time. Deceased was 62 years of age, a native of Inverness, Scotland, and came to Canada when comparatively young. He carried on an extensive coal and wood business in London and Thamesford until four years ago, when he came to Toronto, and with his sons went into the Spadina avenue business. Deceased is survived by his widow and four children, namely, Miss Netta, at home; Mrs. F. G. Bowley, William J., and John R., all of this city. He was a member of College Street Baptist and a Liberal in politics. The funeral takes place tomorrow at 2 o'clock from the residence, 698 Spadina avenue, to Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

BRASSY FEMALES IN THE POLICE COURT

"Sassed" Magistrate and Threatened a Shoemaker From Whom They Stole Goods.

Florence Bone and Clara Huntley, the latter being known as "Topsy" Chrysler, appeared in the police court this morning on a charge laid by Sol. Ebenstein, a shoemaker, living on Ridout street, near King, of stealing a pair of shoes from his shop yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Bone admitted taking the shoes and giving them to the Huntley girl, who was wearing them when arrested. Both women acted in such a saucy and unbecoming manner in the court room that Magistrate Love ordered them to be removed. They were remanded for a week for sentence.

"I'm getting a week," said the Huntley girl, as she was led away, "But he," indicating Ebenstein with her hand, and putting great emphasis on the pronoun "he," "Will get two weeks when I get out."

George Minnick, of Stratford, who was allowed to go a day or two ago for being drunk, was gathered in again last night, and presented a very delapidated appearance this morning.

"I thought you were going to get out of town," said the court. "Well, I should have, I know," replied Minnick, "I am ashamed of myself."

"Too late now," was the reply, "$5 or 20 days."

Minnick not having the cash will sojourn in the city for the time mentioned.

Joseph Brierly, arrested several weeks ago for being drunk, but who was sent to Victoria Hospital to recover from fits, has left that institution, but has not come up in court, and the clerk was instructed to notify him to appear on Tuesday.

The case of Mrs. Woodruff, charged with breaking the building bylaws, was adjourned until June 7.

STRIKE CONFERENCE VOID OF RESULTS

Dock Laborers Refuse Offer of Company—Ships May Go to Other Ports.

Owen Sound, May 7.—Following yesterday's dock strike conference there was another this morning, when Mr. J. T. Simpson, agent of the C. P. R., offered to take the men back at 16 cents straight time and 17 cents overtime until Superintendent O'Borne could come to town and discuss the affairs with the strike leaders.

A few of the employees accepted this offer at once, but the majority held off and called another meeting. This was held at Victoria Park this afternoon, where 400 strikers gathered.

They declined the offer, and later this afternoon Agent Simpson withdrew it.

The Assiniboia is in with a full load and is scheduled to sail tomorro wat 1:30. To unload and load her is a 24 to 30-hour job for a full gang.

Sunday, Monday and Tuesday will see the Keewatin, Alberta and Manitoba down with full loads. And freight is pouring into town, bound for the west. There is bound to be serious congestion. Agent Simpson when interviewed said that if the strike continued that the steamers Keewatin, Alberta and Manitoba may be sent to Goderich to be unloaded at the new C. P. R. terminal at that port. If the facilities at Goderich were inadequate one or more of the steamers might be sent to Midland or Collingwood. There would be no freight tie-up at Owen Sound as a result of the strike, as the company was now in a position to handle their freight at other ports.

Checkers were put to work at unloading the Assinboia today, but there was no interference by strikers or sympathizers. A force of police kept the wharves clear of all but workers.

NO CHANGE THIS YEAR

In Regard to the Names of Exhibitors in the Poultry Classes at the Western Fair.

The London Poultry and Pet Stock Association held their regular monthly meeting last night in the Albion Block. There was a large attendance of members, and President Wm. McNeill presided.

Some fine specimens of poultry were on exhibition, including: White Wyandottes and White and Brown Leghorns. Mr. R. Oke acted as judge, and awarded the prize to W. A. Gurney, whose cockerel in the Brown Leghorns was a perfect exhibit.

The business of the evening was then continued by the chairman, who read a communication from the secretary of the Western Fair Association, in which it was stated that the recent request of the poultry exhibitors, who wished to change the system of tagging birds before judging, and to erase exhibitors' names from the pens, could not be granted this year by the fair officials, as the advertising matter was all printed, and the former customs would have to be adhered to this year.

Some of the members of the Western Fair committee complained bitterly of the short notice that was given announcing a meeting, often making it impossible for them to attend.

The chairman made a motion to have the dates for meetings arranged more definitely, and it was adopted.

The gentlemen who will judge the birds at the Western Fair are: Messrs. Jarvis, Tucker and Butterfield, in the poultry class, and Mr. Lou Sage will judge the pigeon exhibits.

EDWARD AT PARIS.

Paris, May 8.—King Edward, who has been here several days incognito, left this morning for London. Last night his majesty attended the theatre.

CHANCE MAY GET A HITTER.

Chicago, May 8.—Fred Hopp, a giant of Chicago, may be a new recruit to Captain Frank Chance's aggregation of heavy hitters. He announced his intention yesterday of making application for a position with the club. Hopp has played with the team of the firemen for several seasons, and his batting has been the cause of much talk.

Yesterday in a game between the teams of the fire department and the police, Hopp batted the ball a city block for a home run and victory for the firemen.

MEMSIC WON.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 8. — George Memsic won the decision over Frank Picato last night in a ten-round bout at 133 pounds.

MORE JUDGES

Aylesworth Gives Notice of Resolution to Add to Bench.

Ottawa, May 8. — Hon. Mr. Aylesworth has given notice of a resolution providing for the payment of one additional county court judge and one additional district court judge in Ontario. Each is to receive $2,500 a year during the first three years of service and $3,000 a year after the expiration of that period.

BIG PRICE FOR SEAT.

Montreal, Que., May 8. — Recent activity in dealings on the Montreal stock exchange was reflected in the bid of $24,500 made for a seat today. The last transaction in a seat was at $28,500. Some years ago when there was an extraordinary boom in the stock market the top notch for a seat was $27,500, and today's bid is the nearest approach to those figures. The present level in prices for seats shows a rise of approximately $5,000 within a year or so.

Auction Sale
HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE.

The undersigned has been instructed by W. C. Willis, Esq., to sell at 879 Hellmuth avenue, on Wednesday, May 12, contents of his residence, comprising in part, parlor chairs, rugs, loungs, handsome card table, book case, dining-room suite in oak, leather-seated chairs, hall stand and mirror in oak, bedroom suites, gas stove, typewriter, Fairbanks scales, sundry other articles, found in a well-furnished house. Sale at 10:30. NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer. 61u-ty

Auction Sale

MONDAY, MAY 10, at 697 King street, contents of cottage, comprising parlor, dining and kitchen furniture, bedroom suites, 40 quarts fruit, carpets, new sewing machine, kitchen range, sundry other articles. Sale at 2 o'clock. NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer. b

NEIL COOPER
AUCTIONEER AND VALUATOR,
241 DUNDAS STREET.

Parties intending to have a sale at the house or wishing to have their furniture sold at my rooms, send postcard or phone house 2520, store 1332. Twenty-eight years' experience in the business. b

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD furniture, piano, etc., 580 Talbot street, on Monday, May 10, at 10:30 a.m. J. W. Jones has been instructed by Mrs. J. S. Pearce to sell the whole of her household effects, comprising: Piano, by Nitschke, drawing-room in odd pieces, over-stuffed in silk covers, easy chairs, centre tables, oil paintings, mantel clock, carpets, rugs, sofas, couches, tapestry and lace curtains, parlor lamp, secretaire-desk, books (standard works), ottomans, sideboard, dining-table and chairs, dinner and tea sets, silver tea set, glassware, contents of 3 bedrooms in massive walnut suites, toiletware, hallstand and chair, cupboard, cook stove, Oxford gas stove, garden tools, horse, kitchen utensils, etc. J. W. JONES, auctioneer, 65 Bank of Toronto. 59u-wt

Executor's Sale
Of Valuable Residential Property

Estate of the late Edward Daly. There will be offered by public auction on the premises, corner of Dufferin avenue and William street, on Tuesday, May 11, at 3 p.m.:

Parcel 1—Large, commodious brick dwelling, 13 rooms, modern conveniences; lot 120x113.

Parcel 2—Large brick building, now used as a tea warehouse; can be converted into a dwelling house; with stall stable, having a frontage on William street of 55x120.

Terms: Ten per cent at time of sale, balance in 30 days thereafter. For particulars apply to J. W. JONES, auctioneer, 65 Bank of Toronto. 55u-t

WILL BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION on Tuesday, May 18, at 2:30 p.m., by J. W. Jones, on the premises, 564 Talbot street, in the City of London, that new and modern red pressed brick dwelling occupied by Mrs. J. C. Woods. Possession June 15. The premises can be inspected at any time between 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. For further particulars apply to GIBBONS, HARPER & GIBBONS, solicitors for the vendors. 57-i-4,8,11,13,17

AUCTION SALE.

of valuable real estate, Thursday, May 20, at 3:30, on premises, 76 Forward avenue, West London. Two-story frame house, 8 rooms, furnace, etc.; lot 51x200 feet; vacant lot 48x200 feet. Terms, 20% down, balance 30 days. For particulars apply JOS. BROWN, auctioneer, 97 Carling street, or H. J. SUTHERLAND, 141 King street. 59c-wtt

EXECUTOR'S SALE BY AUCTION OF the property of the late Simpson Thompson will be held on the premises Saturday, 22nd May, 1909, at 4:30 p.m. The property consists of two small houses, Nos. 640 and 640½ Princess avenue, situated on lot 22, and the easterly fifteen feet of lot 23, Block E, Plan 212, and having 70 feet frontage on the north side of Princess avenue, just east of Adelaide street. Further particulars may be obtained from A. M. HUNT, auctioneer, or JOHN M. GUNN, 426 Talbot street, solicitor for URBAN A. BUCHNER, executor. 61c-8,15,18

GEO. HATCH'S SALES

Auction Sale

Residence, No. 177 Clarence street, Monday, May 17, at 5 p.m., on the premises. See Anderson & Hatch's ad. for full particulars. Geo. A. Hatch, auctioneer. b

CLEARING AUCTION SALE.

25-acre farm, pure bred Jersey cows, farm stock, implements (new), furniture, etc., lot 21, con. 4, London Township, 3 miles to the city, Thursday, May 13, at 1 p.m., sharp. Read Anderson & Hatch's ad. or bills for full particulars. J. I. Routledge, proprietor; Geo. A. Hatch, auctioneer. b

AUCTION SALE

Geo. A. Hatch, auctioneer, will offer for sale on May 12, at 3 p.m., on the premises, 637 and 639 Dufferin avenue, two cottages and barn. Read Anderson & Hatch real estate ad. for full particulars. 55u-t

AUCTION SALE

Geo. A. Hatch, auctioneer, will offer for sale on May 12, at 5 p.m., on premises, 35 Bruce street, 2-story brick, modern, hot water, large lot. Read Anderson & Hatch real estate ad. for full particulars. 55u-t

Geo. A. Hatch
Auctioneer

Careful attention given to all kinds of household furniture sales, real estate sold by auction. Terms reasonable. Give us a call. Room 22, Bank of Toronto Chambers. Office phone 2322; house, 2942. 51tf

AUCTIONEERS.

A. R. W. BURROWS, MIDDLEMISS auctioneer for Middlesex and Elgin Counties. Phone connection. Farm sales a specialty. t

D. LAWSON, AUCTIONEER — FARM stock and implements a specialty. Fraser House, Saturdays. Hubrey Postoffice. 1tf-t

CALLS IT HOT AIR

Crown Attorney Says Knows Nothing of Arrest in Kinrade Case.

Hamilton, Ont., May 8.— The authorities here up to noon had received no word from Toronto in connection with the Kinrade case. Crown Attorney Washington says he does not know what is doing, and makes the statement that so far as he knows there is absolutely nothing in all the hot-air which has been rumored about an arrest being made.

Coldstream Women's Institute.

The next regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. John McPherson, Coldstream, on Tuesday, May 11. This is the annual meeting of the branch, and the officers for the year will be elected. Among other interesting features Mrs. McPherson will give a demonstration in "Waffle-making." Roll call will be responded to by current events. All ladies are cordially invited to attend this meeting.

Executors' Notice to Creditors

In the estate of Silvanus Gibson, late of the village of Lucan, in the county of Middlesex, carpenter, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1897, Chapter 129, Section 38, and amending acts, that all creditors and others having claims against the estate of the above-named Silvanus Gibson, who died on or about the 16th day of February, 1909, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to the undersigned, solicitor for the executors, on or before the 29th day of May, 1909, their Christian and surnames, addresses and description, and full particulars of their claims and statement of their accounts, and the nature of the security (if any) held by them, duly verified.

Dated at Lucan this 8th day of May, 1909. W. MacDIARMID, Lucan P. O., Ont. 61c-t

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to R. S. O., 1897, Cap. 129, that all persons having claims against the estate of Wilfred George Cater, late of the City of London, in the County of Middlesex, operator, who died on the 6th day of August, 1908, are to send by post or deliver to the undersigned, on or before Tuesday, the 25th day of May, 1909, full particulars of their claims and of the security held by them, duly verified, and that after the last-mentioned date the administratrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice; and the administratrix will not be liable for the said assets to any person of whose claims she has not received notice at the time of distribution. Dated at London, Ont., April 21, 1909. STUART & SCANDRETT, solicitors for administratrix. 57c-22,M1,8

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Tender for Wharfs at Mouth of Mission River," will be received at this office until 4:30 p.m. on Friday, June 4, 1909, for the construction of wharfs at the mouth of the Mission River, at Fort William, District of Thunder Bay, Ont. Plans, specifications and form of contract may be seen at the offices of H. J. Lamb, Esq., Resident Engineer, London, Ont.; J. G. Sing, Esq., Resident Engineer, Confederation Life Building, Toronto; W. P. Merrick, Esq., Resident Engineer, Fort William, Ont.; A. R. Decary, Esq., Resident Engineer, Postoffice, Quebec; J. L. Michaud, Esq., Resident Engineer, Merchants Bank Building, St. James St., Montreal, and at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied, and signed with their actual signatures, with their occupations, and places of residence. In the case of firms, the actual signature, the nature of the occupation and place of residence of each member of the firm must be given.

An accepted check on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, for thirty-five thousand dollars ($35,000) must accompany each tender. The check will be forfeited if the party tendering decline the contract or fail to complete the work contracted for, and will be returned in case of non-acceptance of tender.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
NAPOLEON TESSIER,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, May 5, 1909.

Newspapers will not be paid for this advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department. 61c-tyw

Executors' Notice to Creditors and Claimants

In the matter of the estate of John Wilkinson, late of the city of London in the county of Middlesex, weaver, deceased:

Notice is hereby given pursuant to R. S. O. 1897, chapter 129, and amending acts, that all persons having claims against or any interest in or entitled to any share of the estate of John Wilkinson, late of the city of London, in the county of Middlesex, weaver, deceased, who died on or about the 11th day of September, A.D. 1907, are required to send by post prepaid, or to deliver to the undersigned executors of the will of the said John Wilkinson, on or before the 15th day of May, A.D., 1909, their names, addresses and descriptions, and a full statement of the particulars of their claims, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them duly certified.

And that after the said last-mentioned date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice, as above required, and the said executors will not be liable for the said assets or for any part thereof to any person of whose claim or interest notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution. JOHN LIGHTFOOT, T. H. LUSCOMBE, executors of the will of the said John Wilkinson, 169 Dundas street, London Canada. By T. H. Luscombe, their solicitor. Dated this 20th day of April, A.D., 1909. 49c-t

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

BUILDING LOTS, 41 FEET, OXFORD, near Talbot, with cottage; bargain, $850. 128 Oxford street. b

TWO FINE LOTS ON QUEEN'S, CORNER of Elizabeth. $25 a foot. Apply 292 King. 61c

FOR SALE—LARGE RESIDENCE, ALL modern conveniences; electric light, gas and grate; first-class condition. Apply 487 King street. b

NEW MODERN RED PRESSED BRICK residence, beautifuly situated, 807 Talbot street, hot water heating system, basement under entire house, with laundry. Walks and lawns complete. Also some good building lots. Alex. Harvey. b

SURVEYORS.

F. W. FARNCOMB, CIVIL ENGINEER and surveyor. Bank Toronto Chambers, Richmond street.

PHYSICAL INSTITUTE.

MAKING SICK, WEAK, DELICATE people permanently strong. Phone 2565. Corner Maple and Talbot.

DETECTIVE AGENCY.

INTERNATIONAL DETECTIVE BUREAU, Limited, Robinson Hall Chambers, 59 Dundas street, London. Head office, Continental Life building, Toronto. We undertake all kinds of legitimate detective work. We carry operatives, experienced in every line. Strictly confidential. Phone 801. ywt

MEETINGS.

SPECIAL MEETING OF THE RATEPAYERS of school section No. 21 will be held in the school house on Monday, May 10, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of ratifying the selection for the trustees of a school site, situated on the corner of Barter street and the 3rd line, the same to be in extent 1½ acres. J. H. Taylor, secretary. 61u

NOTICE! -- ALL MEMBERS OF Hackett L. O. L., No. 805, are requested to meet at 106 Rectory street at 1:45 o'clock on Sunday, May 9, to attend the funeral of the late Bro. George Fox. Sister lodges requested. J. E. Showler, secretary. b

MONTHLY DOG SHOW OF THE LONDON Canine Association, Thursday, May 13, in Foresters' Hall, Albion block, at 8 p.m. Beagles, cockers, pointers and setters will hold the floor. Mrs. Waters, of St. Thomas, will judge. Come and bring your dogs. b

REGULAR MEETING OF ST. JOHN'S Lodge, 209a, A., F. and A. M., in Masonic Temple, this (Friday) evening, 7:30 o'clock. General business and degrees. Visitors welcome. D. H. Bowen, W. M.; J. E. Keenleyside, secretary. P

A. O. U. W. — OFFICERS, MEMBERS requested to attend committee meeting regarding excursion, at Hodgins' Bicycle Shop, Richmond street, near C. P. R. track, Wednesday evening, May 12, 8 o'clock. 61c

SUNDAY AFTERNOON, GRAND Opera House—The anniversary meeting of the Y. M. C. A. Dr. Roland D. Grant, of New York, speaks; subject, "Hypnotism in Revival." Music by the Sons of Scotland Male Chorus and Maurice Poure's Orchestra. Doors open at 3 p.m. The public invited. Silver offering at the door. 58k

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—GOOD GENERAL BUSINESS in village on railway, $2,500 stock. Small rent. For particulars apply M. Masuret & Co. 61k-tyw

WANTED—INFORMATION REGARDING good patent which would be money maker. Only inventor who wishes to sell outright or on royalty basis, need answer. Give price and brief description. S. M., Box 984E, Rochester, N.Y. b

FOR SALE—A WELL-ESTABLISHED and paying business, for cash. No better ever offered in Canada; or will accept house and lot in city as part payment; balance cash. Reason: the owner going west. Box 72, Advertiser. 57c-ywt

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—GENERAL store, restaurant, boarding-house; good openings. John Price, Port Stanley. 53n-wty

HOT PEANUT IN THE SHELL, COIN-CONTROLLED vending machines—The original world inventor offers to a Canadian syndicate or capitalist territory on terms that will make fortune. Beware of imitators. Deal directly with T. S. Wheatcroft, inventor, Brooklyn, N. Y. 59n

PORT STANLEY PRIVILEGES FOR restaurants, shows, pavilions and attractions along new 1,600-foot plank walk, Stanley Beach. Also pavilions and restaurants on Fraser Heights. Apply John Ferguson, Port Stanley, or B. W. Bennet, 386 York street, London. 55bu

WELL - ESTABLISHED TAILORING and furnishing business, in good Western Ontario town, stock $4,500; turnover 12 to 15 thousand; competition just right. Selling reasons, Western businness. Address Box 58, London Advertiser. 53tf

WANTED.

WANTED—BUY OR LEASE, GOOD brick and tile yard. Must be good demand. Address Box 80, Advertiser, London. 61c-t

RESPECTABLE YOUNG COUPLE (NO children) would like to rent or buy nice cottage, or would buy cheap lot. Apply Box 82, Advertiser. 61c

WANTED—FAMILY WASHING, TO take home; experienced laundress. Address Box 81, Advertiser. 61c-tyw

WANTED BY JUNE 1ST, ROOM AND board in private family by two young ladies. Apply Box 78, Advertiser. 61u

WANTED—INFORMATION REGARDING good business for sale; not particular about character, size or location; prefer to deal with owner; give price and full description. Address L. D., Box 984 H, Rochester, N. Y. 37bc-t

WANTED — SECOND-HAND SMALL iron safe, fire-proof. Apply Box 73, Advertiser. 58c-xwt

DRESSMAKER WANTS SEWING BY the day. Apply 85 Dundas street west. 60u

WANTED — THREE GOOD DAIRY cows, for butter. Call, write or phone Drake's Grocery, Hamilton road. 60u

WANTED—FURNITURE TO STORE in the brightest, cleanest storage in London. Rates reasonable. Call and talk it over with us.

Central Storage & Exchange
334-336 CLARENCE ST., NEAR YORK.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS—MOST ATTRACTIVE PROPOSITION are self-generating gas burners for kerosene lamps; brilliant gaslight; liberal inducements; description free. Simplex Gaslight Company, 23 Park Row, New York. b

AGENTS—IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR an article clearing you over 100% profits, and needed in every house, send for particulars of our household articles at once. R. Nagle, 95 Hallawell, Westmount, Que. 49g-t

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY H. J. Childs, druggist, 652 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

DERMATOLOGY.

MISS BEATTIE, GRADUATE GRAHAM Dermatological School, Chicago—Superfluous hair, moles, warts, permanently removed. Chiropody and manicuring. Room 214, Masonic Temple. tzx

COMBINGS WANTED — SELL YOUR combings, any shade. 223½ Dundas street. ywt

BUTLER'S, 235 DUNDAS—HAIR GOODS, hairdressing, face and scalp treatment. Superfluous hair removed.

PERSONAL.

CARL & ROLLIN, TRUTHFUL, RELIABLE, convincing clairvoyants, foretell your future for dime, stamp and birth date. 490 North Clark street, Chicago. b

MARRY RICH—BIG LIST OF DESCRIPTIONS and photos sent free, sealed. Address Standard Corresponding Club, Box 607, Grayslake, Ill. 13tf-t

GARMENT CUTTING.

MRS. K. FRANKS' CUTTING SCHOOL was established in London in 1896. No beter instructions are obtainable than we provide. Correspondence solicited. 243 Dundas street.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

TAMLIN & SCOTT—OFFICE AND HOSPITAL, 458 Talbot street. Phone 865; residence phone 763.

TENNENT & McDONALD, VETERINARY surgeons—Office, 137 King street; residence and infirmary, King and Wellington. Phones: Office, 668; residence, 278.

SLATE ROOFING.

SLATE ROOFING, ASPHALT CEMENT paint for iron roofs. Walter Scott, 504 York street, London.

Puffy Biscuits..

not once, but every time, will greet your eyes when you open the oven door if you use Strong's Baking Powder when you make biscuits. It always contains the same amount of cream tartar, and the same amount of bicarbonate soda. Quality never varies. That's why it's fast taking the place of all other baking powders. Costs but

25c A POUND.

Strong's Drug Store
184 DUNDAS STREET.

Many rare recipes in our new Cook Book. Copy free to housekeepers on application.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES
Dundas Centre Methodist Church, Rev. E. B. Lanceley, Pastor.

Dr. Rowland A. Grant, of New York, one of America's greatest orators, will preach morning and evening. Madame Eleanor Peocock, the noted soprano, of Detroit, will assist the choir and soloists in special musical services and in the Service of Praise Monday night. Mr. Parnell Morris, organist and choirmaster. Bible school at 2:45.

ADELAIDE STREET BAPTIST Church—Rev. T. T. Shields preaches at 11 and 7. Evening subject tomorrow: "The Old Evangel."

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH—REV. T. B. Clarke, pastor. Services as usual.

ASKIN STREET METHODIST CHURCH —Rev. A. K. Birks, pastor, will conduct both services. Evening subject, "Life's Motive." Communion after evening service.

ADVANCED THOUGHT MEETING, ST. George's Hall, opposite postoffice, on Richmond street, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. Subject, "Is It Natural for Humanity To Be Wicked?" Clergy and all other persons invited. Both ladies and gentlemen made welcome. b

BIBLE CLASS, 2:45, SUNDAY AFTERNOON. "Class welcome." First Methodist Sunday School. Visitors always welcome. W. J. Underwood, leader.

CATHEDRAL, ST. PAUL'S — HOLY Communion, 8:30 a.m. Matins, 11 a.m. Preacher, the Venerable Archdeacon Mackenzie, D.C.L. Evenson, 7. Preacher, the Precentor.

CENTENNIAL METHODIST CHURCH —Rev. G. N. Hazen, pastor. 9:45—Quarterly Love Feast. 11 a.m.—The pastor, subject, "The Momentous Hour." 7 p.m.—The pastor, "What Jesus Saw From the Cross." Sacrament of the Lord's Supper after preaching.

CHALMERS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH —Rev. Walter Moffatt, pastor. Morning, Rev. Hector McKay. Afternoon, Sabbath School. Evening, the pastor.

CHAPTER HOUSE, UNITARIAN—SERVICE at 11 a.m. Strangers cordially welcomed.

CHAPTER HOUSE (UNITARIAN), Sunday school, Sunday, May 9, 11 a.m. Open meeting. Subject, "The Great White Plague—Its Cause and Cure." R. C. Barklie. Public cordially invited. No admission. b

CHRIST CHURCH — REV. ROGER Howard, rector. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

COLBORNE STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. Frederick E. Malott, pastor. Morning, "The Mystery of God." Evening, "The Mystery of Man." Good music by a large well-trained choir. Everybody welcome.

CRONYN MEMORIAL CHURCH—ANNUAL Missionary Campaign Sunday. 11 a.m.—Rev. W. J. Andrew, of Berlin. 7 p.m.—Canon Craig, of Petrolea. Holy Communion, 8 a.m.

EGERTON STREET BAPTIST CHURCH —Pastor, Arthur J. Bowen. Morning, Missionary-Elect Rutherford. Evening, the pastor.

EMPRESS AVENUE METHODIST Church—Rev. George W. Dewey, pastor. Morning, "The Human Power To Forgive Sins." Evening, "Why Some Men Cannot Believe." Strangers cordially welcome.

EVANGELIST BELCHER'S SUBJECT, "From Dungeon to Palace," Sunday night, York Street Mission. Morning, Mr. Arthur Piggott. Sunday School, 10 a.m.

FIRST CHRISTIAN WORKERS' Church—11 a.m., Mrs. (Rev.) Mackenzie will preach. Subject, "The Open Secret." 7 p.m.—Fred Rutherford (Missionary-Elect to the Soudan), will deliver his last Sunday address before leaving for Africa.

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST (SCIENTIST), corner Richmond street, Princess and Park avenues—Sunday services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Subject, "Adam and Fallen Man." Sunday school at 11 a.m., Wednesday, testimonial meeting, 8 p.m. Free reading rooms, open every weekday from 2 to 4:30. Everybody welcome. Literature for sale and free distribution.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH— Rev. D. S. Hamilton, B.A., the pastor, will preach at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. All welcome.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH—REV. W. L. Rutledge, B.A., pastor. The pastor will preach at both services. 11 a.m., "The Memorial Supper"; 7 p.m., "Life's True Perspective." Quarterly love feast, 10 a.m. Sacrament of Lord's Supper after morning sermon.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH— Rev. John Gibson Inkster, B.A., minister. Pastor will preach morning and evening.

GOSPEL HALL, HAMILTON ROAD, corner Grey street—Sunday School at 2:30; Bible Class, 3:30; evening, Gospel meeting at 7. All welcome.

HAMILTON ROAD PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. John W. Smith, B.A., pastor. Services as usual.

HILL STREET METHODIST CHURCH —Rev. R. Redmond, the pastor, will conduct both services.

HYATT AVENUE METHODIST Church—Pastor, Rev. J. W. Baird. Mother's Day. Morning, "The Sunset of Life." Evening, "Glimpses of the Beyond." Special music by the choir. Assistant soloists, Miss Phoenix and Mr. Moyer.

KING STREET PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. James Rollins, B.A., pastor. Morning, "Retaliation." Evening, "The Onlooker." Strangers welcome.

LATTER DAY SAINTS—ELDER R. B. Howlett preaches at 11 and 7. You are invited.

LONDON JUNCTION METHODIST Church. 11 a.m.—Rev. Mr. Wickett will preach and administer sacrament. 7 p.m.—The pastor, G. E. Morley, B.A., will preach the first of two sermons on the subject, "Why Is Evil Allowed by a Perfect God?" Solo by Mr. Charles Blyth of the Centennial Methodist choir. b

MAITLAND STREET BAPTIST Church—Pastor, C. M. Carew. Morning, the pastor. Evening, Rev. W. M. Walker, B.A. Seats free. Obliging ushers. All welcome.

NEW ST. JAMES' PRESBYTERIAN Church—Rev. Thomas H. Mitchell, B.D., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

SOUTH LONDON BAPTIST CHURCH— Pastor, W. M. Walker. Brotherhood Bible Class and Sunday School at 3. Everybody welcome.

Joint Savings Accounts at THE BANK OF TORONTO

Are proving to be a very great convenience to many of our friends. With these accounts—

Either of two persons of the household may deposit or withdraw money.

Interest is paid on all balances twice a year.

In the event of the death of either party, the survivor may withdraw the money.

CAPITAL $4,000,000
RESERVE $4,500,000

THREE OFFICES IN LONDON.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

ST. JAMES' CHURCH, SOUTH LONDON—Services, 11 and 7. Rector, Very Rev. E. Davis, D.D.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH—REV. JAS. Ross, D.D., minister. Morning, Ordination of Elders. "The Office and Work of an Elder." Evening, "Have You Found Christ?" Men's Bible Class at 3, "Christ's Discourses at the Communion."

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST—11 A.M., Rev. S. F. Robinson; 7 p.m., Archdeacon Mackenzie. All sittings free in evening.

ST. PAUL'S GERMAN EVANGELICAL Church — Rev. Reinhard Wobus, 104 High street. Sunday School, 10 a.m. German service, 11 a.m.; English service, 7 p.m.

TALBOT STREET BAPTIST CHURCH— Rev. A. J. Vining, pastor. Morning subject, "A Woman of Issachar." Evening subject, "The Briber and the Preacher." Seats free. All welcome.

WELLINGTON STREET METHODIST Church—Rev. H. A. Graham, B.A., paspastor.

HOUSES, ROOMS TO LET.

TO LET—LARGE BRICK COTTAGE, all modern conveniences; fine garden. 805 Richmond. 60c

HOUSE TO LET—20 CARTWRIGHT street. W. G. R. Bartram, barrister, Bank of Toronto Chambers. 61c-ywt

TO LET—HOUSE, ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES; hard and soft water, heated; inspection invited. 831 Dundas street. Phone 1988. 61c

TO LET—BRICK COTTAGE, EIGHT rooms. Apply 448 Oxford street. 61c

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE TO RENT —Very central, all modern conveniences and grates; moderate rent. 385 Central avenue. b

TO LET—SIX-ROOM BRICK HOUSE, 463 Hamilton road. Apply 381 Dufferin avenue. 61c

LARGE COTTAGE TO LET OR FOR sale, with barn. 187 Langarth street. 61c

TO LET—CONVENIENT SIX-ROOMED cottage. Apply A. King, 564 English street. 61c

HOUSE, 310 WOLFE STREET, ALL modern improvements, immediate possession. 61c-tzx

SIX-ROOM COTTAGE, 28 FRONT street. Apply next door east, or 443 Ridout. 61c

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, very central. Apply 301 Dundas street. 60c

UNFURNISHED ROOMS, SUITABLE for housekeeping, at 348 Dufferin avenue. Good locality. Aply 420 Oxford. 59c-wty

TO LET—SIX-ROOMED HOUSE; BARN, large garden; Broughdale, Richmond street north. Apply L. Dickinson, Broughdale P. O. 59c-wtz

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, 867½ Waterloo street. Apply next door north. 54tf-xty

TO LET—ON PRINCESS AVENUE— two-story brick house; nine rooms; every convenience; moderate rent. Apply 553 Adelaide street, J. Garratt. 55c-txt

TO LET—KING STREET, TWO-STORY brick; four bedrooms, bath, W. C., furnace, gas; rent $20; water free. 374 Burwell street, two-story brick, three bedrooms, bath, W. C., furnace, gas, electric light; rent $18; water free. Knott & Sangster, room 101, Masonic Temple. 57c-ywt

DESIRABLE EIGHT-ROOM DWELLING, 474 Dufferin avenue; city and soft water in kitchen. 57c-ywt

TWO-STORY HOUSE, FIVE BLOCKS from market; modern conveniences. Apply 60 Stanley street, belt line. 53n-wtywtz

TO LET—DESIRABLE SUITE OFFICES —Two large rooms with separate entrances, 169½ Dundas street, over London Crockery store. Apply W. L. Fitzgerald. Phone 401. 55n-tyw

TO RENT—OFFICE, WITH VAULT, IN Carling block. Apply to T. H. Carling, or F. J. Hammond. 47tf-ywt

TO RENT—89 RIDOUT, 8 ROOMS, ALL modern conveniences; hot water heating throughout; large lawn and garden; immediate possession. Apply R. M. C. Toothe, Robinson Hall. 56c-zwt

TO LET — NEW COTTAGE, NO. 19 Weston street, corner of Wellington road. 59c-wty

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE. APPLY 315 Hyman, or telephone 684. 60c

TO LET—A DESIRABLE, EIGHT-ROOMED house, modern conveniences; newly-equipped bathroom; newly papered; rent $17. 316 Oxford street. 59c

HOUSE TO LET, FURNISHED. APPLY Kilgour Couch Company. 59tf

COTTAGE TO LET, 133 BATHURST street, 6 rooms, bath, closet; rent moderate. Apply 119 Bathurst street. 58tf

TO LET—209 QUEEN'S AVENUE; CENTRAL, modern. Inquire, Dr. Kingsmill. 57tf

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK, 34 HOPE street. Apply 562 Wellington, or Mr. Francis Love, police court. 44tf

TO LET—TEN-ROOMED HOUSE, NO. 282 Princess avenue; all modern conveniences. Apply J. R. Shuttleworth. Phone 831. 42tf

LARGE BUILDING, DUNDAS STREET, suitable for warehouse or for manufacturing; rent moderate. Apply B. A. Mitchell. 39ug

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, PIANOS and pictures—Separate rooms, clean and dry. Rates reasonable. John J. Biggs, 97 Carling.

TO LET AND FOR SALE—HOUSES and vacant lots in north and east end of city. Apply William Wyatt, 371 St. James.

ALEX. HENDERSON'S MOVING VANS —Largest in city. Good storage. 356 Cheapside. Phone 1724.

FOREST CITY UNION MOVING VANS —Largest improved vans in city. Furniture and pianos carefully moved. W. A. Broughton (successor to John Biggs). Storage, 97 Carling street. Phone: 1162; residence, 1444.

Parsons' Fair and Hardware
Are Keen After Your Hardware Trade

Can save you time and money. Three stores to distribute from. No trouble to show goods. Not afraid to quote prices:

TAR PAPER 49c
RAW and BOILED OIL 65c
CARPET BEATERS 10c
MRS. POTTS' NICKEL-PLATED IRONS 89c
GASOLINE and BENZINE, gallon 25c
READY MIXED PAINT 35c
ALABASTINE, per package 35c
GOOD GLUE, per pound 10c
WIRE NAILS $2 30
25 pounds WHITING 25c
25 pounds PLASTER PARIS 25c
SCREEN DOORS, complete 90c
PURE TURPENTINE, per gallon 80c
GENUINE WHITE LEAD $5 90
LARGE LAMP CHIMNEYS 5c
BRANTFORD ROOFING $1 50
$5 50 FOLDING GO-CARTS, for $4 40
Only five left.

LADIES: Come to us for HAIR FLOOR BROOMS. Dandy, for $1 00.

The Colossal Papeterie was a big "money's worth" at 50 cents, but at 35 cents—well, 96 sheets of paper—good paper, too—and 75 envelopes!

This week only at Omond's.

THE LITTLE DRUG STORE,
468 Dundas Street. Phone 1420.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILWAY CO.'S

SCRANTON COAL

For furnace, stove or range. The very best hard coal.

JOHN M. DALY
KOALMAN
PHONE 348. 19 YORK ST.
Delivery to any part of city. ywt

EX STEAMER MONTEZUMA FROM LIVERPOOL.

560 ROLLS FINEST DOUBLE GALVANIZED ENGLISH

POULTRY NETTING

TAKEN INTO STOCK YESTERDAY

We are selling this as cheap or a little cheaper than the common netting carried by the ordinary retailer. You may as well have the best, particularly when it costs no more.

COWAN'S Hardware
127 DUNDAS STREET. ywt

First-class developing and finishing for the amateur photographer.

J. H. BACK & CO. 4 MASONIC TEMPLE

STILL TIME

It is not yet too late to send those lace curtains and draperies to be cleaned. We are in a position to turn them out quickly and cleaned to your entire satisfaction.

R. PARKER & CO.
Dyers and Cleaners.
400 RICHMOND ST., LONDON, ONT. xt

BROKERS.

WANTED — LONDON LOAN COMPANY'S stock. John Wright, stockbroker, 437 Richmond street, London. Phone 693.

OSTEOPATHY.

DR. WHITE, GRADUATE LOS ANGELES College of Osteopathy, member Ontario and American Osteopathic Association. Acute and chronic diseases. Telephone 2628. Office, 212 Dundas street.

HEDLEY V. CATON, OSTEOPATHIC physician. Consultation free. 554 Richmond street. Phone 1573.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

BUTTER AND EGGS IN ABUNDANCE

Latter Remained Steady at 17 1-2 Cents to 18 Cents a Dozen

BUTTER PRICES EASIER

At From 20 Cents to 22 Cents a Pound—Potatoes Had a Good Sale at 85 Cents a Bag.

There was another very large market this morning, almost every available space being occupied.

The dairy and poultry house was crowded, butter and eggs being shown in great abundance.

There was a good demand for eggs, which kept the price steady at 17½ and 18 cents.

The demand for butter was rather slow, and the price somewhat easier, prices ranging from 20 to 22 cents according to the quality.

The supply of vegetables was somewhat larger than usual. Potatoes had a good sale, the majority of them selling at 85 cents, though some of extra quality were sold at 90 cents. Other vegetables remained high, and consequently, the demand is somewhat slow. Lettuce, at 40 to 50 cents per dozen, has a good sale, as had also green onions at 20 cents.

Butchers' meats had very little demand, beef especially having a very slow sale. The prevailing price varied between $7 and $8. Dressed hogs remained strong, a fair supply being offered, most of which brought the top price of $10.

Oats made another slight advance, some loads bringing $1 52, while the prevailing price was $1 50 to $1 52.

There was a great supply of cut flowers and potted plants offered for sale, which found a ready market. The prices of today's market are as follows:

Grain.			
Wheat, per bu	$1 05	to	$1 22
Oats, per cwt	1 48	to	1 52
Barley, per cwt	1 24	to	1 38
Corn, per cwt	1 35	to	1 40
Peas, per bu	75	to	80
Buckwheat, per cwt	1 25	to	1 30
Beans, per bu	1 15	to	1 60
Rye, per bu	1 05	to	1 10
Hides and Wool.			
Wool, washed, per lb	14	to	16
Wool, unwashed, lb	8	to	10
Hides, No. 1, lb	8	to	8
Hides, No. 2, lb	7	to	7
Hides, No. 3, lb	6	to	6
Tallow, rendered, lb	5	to	6
Tallow, rough, lb	3	to	4
Sheepskins, each	75	to	1 25
Calfskins, No. 1, lb	10	to	12
Calfskins, No. 2, lb	9	to	10
Poultry, Dressed.			
Turkeys, per lb	18	to	20
Old fowl, per lb	12	to	14
Spring chickens, lb	25	to	30
Poultry, Alive.			
Turkeys, per lb	16	to	18
Old fowl, per lb	11	to	12
Spring chickens, lb	20	to	20
Live Stock.			
Select hogs, per cwt	7 10	to	7 25
Fat sows, cwt	4 25	to	4 50
Stags, per cwt	2 00	to	2 00
Export cattle, cwt	4 50	to	5 00
Milch cows, each	30 00	to	55 00
Vegetables.			
Potatoes, per bag	80	to	90
Turnips, per bag	30	to	40
Beets, per bu	50	to	50
Parsnips, per bu	50	to	50
Onions, per bu	55	to	60
Celery, 12 bunches	30	to	35
Lettuce, per dozen	40	to	50
Carrots, per bu	25	to	30
Sage, per dozen	15	to	15
Savory, per dozen	15	to	15
Rhubarb, per dozen	1 00	to	1 00
Green onions, per dozen	20	to	20
Radishes, per dozen	40	to	50
Dairy Produce.			
Butter, creamery, lb	23	to	26
Butter, rolls, lb	20	to	22
Butter, crock, lb	20	to	22
Eggs, crate, per dozen	17½	to	18
Eggs, fresh-laid, dozen	18	to	20
Honey, strained, lb	10	to	12
Honey, in comb	12	to	15
Butchers' Meats.			
Beef, by the carcase	6 50	to	8 00
Beef, hindquarters, cwt	7 00	to	8 50
Beef, hindquarters, cwt	7 50	to	9 00
Mutton, per cwt	7 00	to	9 00
Veal, per cwt	6 00	to	7 00
Spring lamb, by the piece	6 00	to	7 50
Dressed hogs, cwt	9 70	to	10 00
Pork, hindquarters, cwt	10 00	to	11 00
Pork, forequarters, cwt	9 00	to	10 00
Fruit.			
Apples, per barrel	3 75	to	5 00
Apples, per bag	1 50	to	2 00
Hay and Straw.			
Hay, per ton	12 00	to	14 50
Straw, per load	3 75	to	5 00
Straw, per ton	6 50	to	7 00
Millfeed.			
Shorts, wholesale, ton	23 00	to	23 00
Shorts, retail, ton	25 00	to	25 00
Bran, wholesale, ton	23 00	to	23 00
Bran, retail, ton	25 00	to	25 00
Seeds.			
Alsike, per bu	10 00	to	10 00
Lucerne or alfalfa, bu	12 00	to	12 00
Clover, per bu	6 50	to	9 00
Timothy, per bu	2 75	to	2 75
Blue grass, per bu	1 50	to	2 00
Millet, per bu	1 25	to	1 75
Japanese millet, per bu	7 50	to	7 50
Oats, per bu	1 10	to	2 50
Peas, per bu	1 40	to	1 75
Beans, per bu	2 00	to	3 00
Spring wheat, per bu	1 65	to	1 75
Buckwheat, per bu	85	to	1 50
Flint corn, per bu	1 50	to	2 00
Dent corn, per bu	1 15	to	1 50
Fodder corn, per bu	1 15	to	2 50
Siberian millet, per bu	1 50	to	1 50

OIL.

NEW YORK.

New York, May 7.—Rosin steady. Turpentine firm, 41c.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, May 7.—Oil opened and closed at $1 78.

OIL CITY.

Oil City, May 7.—Credit balances. $1 78.

WOOL.

TORONTO.

Toronto, May 7.—Owing to the continued cold weather the clip of wool is rather light, and receipts up to now have been comparatively small. The market in Toronto is firm, at the following quotations: Unwashed wool, 10c to 12c; washed, 17c to 19c; rejects, 13c.

COBALT
IS "MAKING GOOD." BUY NOW
THOS. RAYCRAFT
LONDON LOAN BLOCK, DUNDAS ST.
Phones 2995 and 1736.

SECURITIES
returning attractive rates of interest. listed and always salable. Write or telephone 213.
H. C. BECHER, 432 Richmond
zxt

INSURANCE
FIRE—ACCIDENT—LIFE
Phone 343.
380 Richmond Street.
J. A. Nelles & Son

COTTON.

NEW YORK.

New York, May 7.—Cotton futures opened steady; May, offered, 10.60c; July, 10.35c; August, 10.27c; October, 10.20c; December, 10.17c; January, 10.12c; March, 10.09c bid. Futures closed steady; closing bids, May, 10.62c; June, 10.40c; July, 10.36c; August, 10.28c; October, 10.23c; November, 10.21c; December, 10.20c; January, 10.16c; March, 10.13c. Spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 10.90c; do., gulf, 11.15c. Sales, 800 bales.

NEW YORK.

New York, May 8.—Cotton futures opened steady; May, 10.64c; July, 10.38c; September, 10.27-29c; October, 10.26c; December, 10.26c; January, 10.21c; March, 10.15c bid.

Futures closed steady. Closing bids, May, 10.62c; June, 10.42; July, 10.30; August, 10.30c; November, 10.21c; December, 10.21c; January, 10.17c; March, 10.16c.

Spot cotton closed quiet. Middling uplands, 10.90c; do., Gulf, 11.15c. Sales, 376 bales.

SEEDS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, May 7.—An unusual amount of seeding is being done this spring. Owing to the dry fall farmers were unable to put in their fall wheat and oats, clover and timothy are going in instead. Quotations made today for seeds at country points were: Alsike, No. 1, $6 75 to $7; extra fancy lots a little higher; alsike, No. 2, $6 25 to $6 50; alsike, No. 3, $5 40 to $5 75; alfalfa, per bushel, $8 50 to $9; red clover, $4 50 to $5 65; timothy $1 50 to $2 25.

BEANS.

DETROIT.

Detroit, May 7.—Beans—Spot, $2.52; October, $2.01; both nominal.

POTATO MARKETS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, May 7.—Potatoes—Supply is steady, demand constant and prices for Ontario stock still unchanged. From 90c to 95c per bag on Toronto, and $1 10 to $1 25 for Delawares on the same basis, are the present quotations.

GRAIN.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, May 8.—Wheat—Spot, No. 2 red western winter nominal. Futures irregular; May, 9s ⅛d; July, 9s ⅜d; September, 8s 6½d.

Corn—Spot strong; new American mixed (via Galveston), 6s 4½d Futures quiet; May nominal; July, 5s 5½d.

Flour—Winter patents strong, 36s.

Peas—Canadian, 7s 9d; firm.

Beef—Extra India mess dull, 100s.

Pork—Prime mess western steady, 81s 3d.

Hams—Short cut strong, 53s 6d.

Bacon—Strong; Cumberland cut, 54s 6d; short ribs, 56s 6d; long clear middles, light, 57s 6d; do, heavy, 56s 6d; short clear backs, 53s 6d; clear bellies, 56s; shoulders, 47s 6d

Lard—Firm; prime western, 52s 9d; American refined, 54s 3d.

Cheese—Firm; Canadian finest white, 63s; do, colored, 66s 6d.

Tallow—Prime city steady, 27s 9d; Australian (in London) weak, 30s 11½d.

Turpentine Spirits—Steady, 28s 3d.

Linseed Oil—Steady, 23s 3d.

Hops (at London)—Pacific coast steady, £2 to £2 16s.

Petroleum—Steady, 7½d.

Rosin—Common steady, 8s 6d.

LIVE STOCK.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; dull and a shade lower; prime steers, $6 40 to $6 75. Veals—Receipts, 2,500 head; active and 25c higher, $6 to $8.

Hogs—Receipts, 6,500 head; slow; heavy, steady, light 10c to 15c lower; mixed, $7 50 to $7 70; Yorkers, $6 90 to $7 40; pigs, $6 65 to $6 75; dairies, $7 to $7 40.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 13,400 head; steady; sheep active, lambs slow.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, May, 7.—Cattle—Receipts estimated at 15,000; market weak; beeves, $5 to $7 25; Texas steers, $5 60 to $6 80; stockers and feeders, $3 60 to $5 60; cows and heifers, $2 40 to $6 25; calves, $5 to $7.

Hogs—Receipts estimated at 15,000; market 10c lower; light, $6 80 to $7 20; mixed, $6 90 to $7 30; heavy, $6 95 to $7 35; roughs, $6 95 to $7 10; good to choice heavy, $7 10 to $7 35; pigs, $5 70 to $6 50; bulk of sales at $7 10 to $7 25.

Sheep—Receipts estimated at 5,000; market strong, active; sheep, natives, $3 90 to $6 50; westerns, $4 to $6 50; yearlings, $6 25 to $7 50; lambs, natives, $6 25 to $9; westerns, $6 50 to $9 35.

PRODUCE.

TORONTO.

Toronto, May 7.—Hay, timothy, ton, $15 to $16; baled hay, $12 50 to $14; straw, bundled, $14; do., loose, $7 to $8; butter, dairy, choice, pound, 22c to 25c; do., ordinary, 20c to 21c; chickens, dressed, per pound, 22c to 23c; fowl, 15c to 16c; potatoes, bag, $1 to $1 10; apples, barrel, $3 50 to $7; onions, bag, $1 50 to $1 60; beets, bag, 60c; spinach, peck, 40c; beans, peck, 90c to $1; tomatoes, pound, 15c; eggs, new-laid, 22c to 23c.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

Chicago, May 7, 1909.

Wheat, July	1 16	1 16	1 14¼	1 14¼
Sept	1 07	1 07	1 05¾	1 06¼
Dec	1 05	1 06	1 04¾	1 05⅜
Corn, July	69¼	69¼	68⅜	68½
Sept	67⅛	67½	67	67¼
Dec	58¼	58½	58⅜	58½
Oats, July	51¼	51⅝	51¼	51½
Sept	44⅛	44⅛	43⅝	43⅞
Dec	44½	44½	44	44⅜
Pork, July	18 07	18 10	18 00	18 00
Sept	18 05	18 10	17 97	18 00
Lard, July	10 42	10 47	10 37	10 37
Sept	10 60	10 60	10 47	10 50
Ribs, July	9 95	9 95	9 87	9 87
Sept	10 02	10 02	9 95	9 97

HIDES, TALLOW.

TORONTO.

Toronto, May 7.—Supplies of hides have not been keeping up to the demands of the market, and prices have advanced about ¾c on inspected hides weighing 60 pounds and upwards. Quotations in the Toronto market are: No. 1 inspected steers, 11c; No. 2 inspected steers, 10c; No. 1 inspected cows, 10½c; No. 2 inspetced cows, 9½c; No. 3 inspetced cows, 8½c; country hides, flat, 8½c to 8¾c; calfskins, 10c to 12c; sheepskins, $1 25 to $1 40; dekins, 95c; horsehair, 30c; horsehides, $2 50 to $2 75; tallow, 5c to 6½c.

DAIRY.

PICTON.

Picton, Ont., May 7.—At our cheese board today eleven factories boarded 392 boxes, all colored, 12⅛c bid; all sold, Buyers, Benson, Morgan, Holmes and Sexsmith.

CORNWALL.

Cornwall, Ont., May 7.—At the cheese board today 385 boxes were offered; all sold; 89 boxes white sold at 12¼c and 296 colored at 12 1-16c.

IROQUOIS.

Iroquois, Ont., May 7.—At the cheese board today 462 colored and 25 white boarded; colored sold at 12⅛c and white at 12¼c.

NAPANEE.

Napanee, Ont., May 7.—At the cheese board today 390 colored and 143 white boarded; white sold at 12¼c and colored at 11 15-16c.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 7.—On the produce exchange today the butter market was easy; creameries, 22c to 26c; dairies, 19½c to 24½c. Cheese steady; daisies, 15c to 15½c; twins, 14½c to 15c; young Americans, 14¼c to 14½c; longhorns, 14¼c to 14½c.

NEW YORK.

New York, May 7.—Butter unsettled and lower; receipts, 6,780; creamery specials, 28c to 28½c; official, 28c; thirds to firsts, 22c to 27c; held, 21c to 26c; process, common to special, 17c to 23½c. Cheese weak and lower; receipts, 2,386; new state, full cream, specials, 13½c to 14c; do., fancy, 13c; do., common to fair, 9½c to 11½c; skims, full to special, 2½c to 11½c.

SUGAR.

SUGAR PRICES REDUCED.

New York, May 8.—All grades of refined sugar were reduced 10c per cwt today.

TORONTO.

Toronto, May 7.—Quotations wholesale today were: Montreal, granulated, bbl., $4 70; Montreal, yellow, bbl., $4 30; Paris lumps, 50's, cwt., $5 75; Paris lumps, 25's, cwt., $5 05; Acadia, granulated, bags, bbls., $4 60; Beaver, granulated, bags, $4 40.

TODAY'S STOCKS.

COBALT STOCKS.

Noon quotations on Cobalt mining stocks, telegraphed The Advertiser by Edward Cronyn & Co., members of the Toronto Stock Exchange:

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, May 8.—Noon quotations on the Standard Mining Exchange: Beaver, 18; Green-Meehan, 19; Rochester, 16; Chambers-Ferland, 75; Kerr Lake, 8.15; Scotia, 49; Reserve, 3.08; La Rose, 7.10; Silver Leaf, 12½; Cobalt Lake, 16; Little Nipissing, 26; Silver Queen, 41; Coniagas, 6.25; Nipissing, 10.30; Temiskaming, 1.27; Foster, 31; Otisse, 45; Trethewey, 1.40; Peterson Lake, 28.

Toronto, May 7.—Standard Mining Exchange prices today:

	High.	Last.
Beaver	16	15⅞
Chambers Ferland	74½	74½
City of Cobalt	45¾	45¾
Green Meehan	18¼	18¼
La Rose	7.10	7.10
Little Nipissing	27	27
Peterson Lake	27¾	27¾
Rochester	16	15½
Silver Leaf	13½	12¾
Silver Queen	40	40
Temiskaming	1.27	1.25
Trethewey	1.39	1.37

By private wire to H. C. Becher, London, from Harris, Winthrop & Co.

New York, May 8—Wall Street, 10 a.m. The Turkish situation is still considered to be developing along peacefully.

Seven dock officials of the American Sugar Company indicted for customs frauds.

New York Central and Lake Shore set aside $13,200,000 for immediate improvements.

The Government crop report is taken very conservatively in general newspaper comments.

Bradstreet's says there is some regaining of lost ground in farming operations, and a distinctly more optimistic feeling as to trade.

Dun's Review says improvement is shown in most lines.

Empty cars on April 25, 282,328, a decrease of 14,335 in a fortnight.

Both industrials and roads are making new high records for the year.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Ont., May 8

	Asked.	Bid
Packers A	..	91
Packers B	..	91
Bell Telephone	149	..
Canadian General Electric	120	..
Canadian Pacific Ry	182	..
City Dairy, com	30	27¼
City Dairy, pref	..	88
C. N. W. Land	105	..
Consumers Gas	..	200
Crow's Nest	100	..
Detroit United	..	58
Dominion Coal, com	68	66½
Dominion Steel, com	34	33
Dominion Steel, pfd	118	..
Dominion Telegraph	..	102
Duluth, com	..	16
Electric Development	60	56
Halifax Tramway	..	117
International Coal	..	68½
Illinois Traction, pref	.	96
Lake of the Woods	108¾	108⅛
Laurentide Paper, com	..	113
Laurentide Paper, pref	..	118
McKay, com	79¼	78½
McKay, pref	74	73½
Mexican L. & P.	..	75
Niagara Navigation	135	..
Northern Navigation	114½	114
N. S. Steel, com	63	62⅜
Prairie Lands	..	190
Rio Jan Tram	102	101¼
R. & O. Navigation	84	83
Sao Paulo Tramway	153½	153
St. L. & C. Navigation	118	..
Toronto Electric Light	123	..
Toronto Railway	124	123
Twin City	103¾	103
Winnipeg Railway	168½	167¼
Ogilvie Milling, pref	..	123
Penman, Com		50¾
Porto Rico	51½	50½
Shredded Wheat	29½	..
Shredded Wheat, pref	..	96
La Rose	715	710
Nipissing	10.30	10.25
Trethewey	142	140
Bank of Commerce	178	..
Dominion Bank	240	..
Imperial Bank	228	227
Merchants Bank	..	163
Bank of Montreal	248½	..
Bank of Nova Scotia	284	282¾
Bank of Ottawa	215	205
Standard Bank	..	226
Bank of Toronto	..	220½
Traders Bank	..	139¼
Agricultural Loan	..	122
Canada Landed	..	152
Canada Permanent	163	..
Central Canada	160	..
Dominion Savings	..	70¼
Hamilton Provident	..	127
Huron & Erie	..	190
London & Canadian	..	110½
National Trust	..	163
Ontario Loan, 20%	..	124
Real Estate	..	101½
Toronto General Trusts	..	160
Toronto Mortgage	..	120
Commercial Cable bonds	..	85
Electric Development	..	89¼
Mexican L. & P. Bonds	90	88¾

Closing Sales: C. P. R., 50 at 181½, 200 and 50 at 181¾, 10 at 181¼, 50 at 181⅞, 50 at 181½; Telephone, 2 at 148; Porto Rico, 3 at 51; Mackay, 10 at 78½, 25 at 79; Power, 25 at 117⅜, 41 and 2 at 117¼, 26 at 117½; Detroit, 25 at 58¼, 50 at 59; Iron, preferred, 2 at 116; Illinois, 1 at 96, 100 at 95¾; Soo, common, 50 at 137½, 100 at 137¼; Quebec, common, 10 at 53; Mackay, preferred, 100 at 73½, 100 at 74; Telegraph, 10 at 104; Toronto Railway, 5 at 124, 25 at 123¾; R. & O., 70 at 83½; Ogilvie, 10 at 120, 50 at 119½; Iron, common, 105 at 32, 425 and 150 at 33; Nipissing, 10 at 10.20; Textile, common, 10 at 67, 35 at 67½; Penmans, 34 at 51¼, 1 at 55, 10 at 51¼, 10 and 5 at 51½, 25 at 51¾, 1 at 52; Reserve, 200, 25, 50 and 25 at 3.12, 3,500 and 125 at 3.10, 500 at 3.08, 500 at 3.07; Textile, preferred, 25 and 25 at 104¼, 75, 75 and 50 at 104½, 50 at 104¾, 2 at 104; Dominion Cotton, bonds, 1,500 at 100½; Iron, bonds, 5,000 at 92 flat; Ogilvie, bonds, 2,000 at 110 flat.

MONTREAL

Montreal May 8, 1909

	Asked.	Bid
Bell Telephone	150	146½
Packers A	95	91
Can. Converters	42	40
Canadian Pacific	181¾	181½
Detroit Electric	60	59¾
Dominion Coal, com	67¾	67½
Dominion Coal, pref	109	103
Dominion Iron & Steel	33¼	33
Dominion Iron & Steel, pref	117½	116½
Halifax Electric	115	..
Illinois Traction, pref	96	95½
Lake of the Woods, com	108¾	108½
Mackay, com	79½	79
Mackay, pref	74	73¼
Mexican L. & P., com	..	74½
Minneapolis & St. Paul	137½	137¼
Montreal L. H & P.	117⅜	117¼
Montreal Street Railway	210	208¾
Montreal Steel Works	85	81½
Nipissing	..	10¼
Nor. Ohio T. & L.	28	25
Nova Scotia Steel & Coal	63	62½
Ogilvie Milling, com	119½	119¼
Ogilvie Milling	126	124
R. & O. Navigation	83½	83⅜
Rio de Janeiro	102½	101½
Toledo	11	10¼
Toronto Railway	124	123¾
Tri-City, pref	90	..
Twin City	103	..
Converters	90	..
Quebec Railway	99	..
Shawinigan	96	..
Penman, com	52	51¾
Reserve	305	303
Bank Commerce	179	
Eastern Townships Bank	160	..
Hochelaga	145⅛	144⅞
Merchants Bank	165	164⅛
Molsons Bank	..	204
Bank of Montreal	250½	248
Bank of Nova Scotia	283	282
Quebec Bank	125	..
Royal Bank	..	224
Toronto	225	..
Union Bank	135¾	135⅛
Quebec Railway, com	53¼	52¾
Quebec Railway, pfd	112½	..
Porto Rica	51½	51
Canada Colored Cotton	..	49⅛
Dominion Textile, pref	104½	104¼
Montreal Cotton	130	123
Textile, com	67¾	67⅜
Dominion Coal bonds	98¾	94
Dominion Cotton Bonds	100⅛	..
Dominion Iron & Steel Bonds	91	90
Halifax Tramway Bonds	..	100
Keewatin Milling Bonds	105⅛	103
Laurentide Paper Bonds	113	..
Mexican Electric Bonds	89	..
Mexican L. H. & P. Bonds	90	..
N. S. Steel Bonds	..	109
Nova Scotia Con. Bonds	..	105
Ogilvie Milling bonds	95¾	94¾
Textile, Ser. A	..	91
Textile Ser. B	..	92
Textile Ser. C	..	91
Winnipeg Electric Bonds	105⅛	..
Asbestos	91¾	91½

Closing Sales: Mackay, common, 10 at 79, 25 at 79, 75 at 78⅞; do, preferred, 25 at 73¾, 25 at 73¾, 1 at 74, 1 at 74, 10 at 73¾, 5 at 73¾; Mexican L. & P., bonds, 1,000 at 90 flat, 4,000 at 90 flat, 1,000 at 90 flat; Dominion Steel, 25 at 33, 50 at 33, 25 at 33, 25 at 33, 2 at 33; Canadian Pacific, 10 at 108½; B. C. Packers, A, 25 at 91¼; Northern Navigation, 25 at 114, 5 at 114, 25 at 114, 25 at 114⅛, 25 at 114¼, 25 at 114¼; Montreal Power, 16 at 117; Winnipeg, 25 at 168; Rio, 3 at 101, 5 at 101; do, bonds, 3,000 at 96¾ flat, 1,000 at 96¾; La Rose, 90 at 7.10, 10 at 7.10, 40 at 7.10, 20 at 7.10, 100 at 7.10, 65 at 7.10, 40 at 7.25, 100 at 7.15, 100 at 7.15, 500 at 7.15, 300 at 7.15, 100 at 7.16, 100 at 7.16, 200 at 7.15, 100 at 7.10; Nipissing, 50 at 10.30, 10 at 10.25, 10 at 1.31, 40 at 10.30, 100 at 10.25; Trethewey, 200 at 1.40, 100 at 1.40; Sao Paulo, 15 at 153¼, 10 at 153¼, 15 at 153¼, 10 at 153; Twin City, 25 at 103; Electrical Development, bonds, 7,000 at 89¼, 3,000 at 89¼, 5,000 at 89¼, 5,000 at 89¼; Woods, 25 at 108, 25 at 108, 10 at 1108¼, 25 at 108½; Bank of Commerce, 1 at 176, 12 at 176, 22 at 176; Bank of Hamilton, 10 at 202, 2 at 202; Standard Bank, 5 at 227, 2 at 227, 7 at 227; Dominion Bank, 108 at 39; Canada Permanent, 35 at 163; Rogers, 50 at 111, 10 at 111½, 10 at 11, 25 at 112, 25 at 113, 10 at 114, 20 at 115; Porto Rico, 25 at 5, 25 at 51, 25 at 50⅞, 25 at 50¾; N. S. Steel, 50 at 62½, 5 at 62½; Traders' Bank, 2 at 139¾, 2 at 139¾; Crown Reserve, 500 at 3.05, 200 at 3.05.

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, Stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

New York, May 8.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amel. Copper	84⅜	84¾	83¾	84
American Sugar	134⅞	134⅞	134½	134½
Amer. Locomotive	58¾	58¾	58½	58½
American Foundry	56	56⅜	54⅞	55½
American Refining	95¼	95¼	93¾	93¾
Amer. Cotton Oil	67⅜	67⅜	66½	66¾
Atchison, com.	108½	109¼	108	109¼
Baltimore & Ohio	115⅛	115¼	114⅞	115⅛
Brooklyn Transit	79⅛	79½	79	79⅛
Canadian Pacifis	181¾	181¾	181	181
Chesapeake & Ohio	78	78⅛	77⅞	78
Chicago & G. W.	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
Col. Fuel & Iron	41	41¼	40⅝	40⅝
Distillers	39¾	39¾	39⅜	39⅜
Erie, com.	32⅛	32½	32⅛	32½
Erie, pfd.	49¾	50	49¾	50
G. Northern, pfd.	146	145⅝	145⅞	146
Illinois Central	147	147	145½	146½
Inter-Metropolitan	16⅛	..	..	..
Inter-Met., pfd.	46	46⅜	46	46⅛
Kansas & Texas	43½	43⅝	43½	43⅝
Louisville & Nash	139¼	139⅝	139¼	139⅝
Mexican Central	24⅝	24¾	24⅝	24¾
Missouri Pacific	75	75¼	74¾	74¾
New York Central	132¾	133¼	132½	132¾
Northern Pacific	145⅞	146	145⅝	145⅞
Norfolk & Western	91½	..	..	..
National Lead	89¼	89¼	88¾	88¾
Ontario & Western	49	49¼	48⅞	48⅞
Pacific Mail	30	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	135¾	135⅞	135¼	135¼
People's Gas	114⅞	114⅞	114½	114½
Pressed Steel Car	42½	42¾	42¼	42¼
Reading	153	153⅛	151½	151⅝
Republic Steel	27	27¼	26⅝	27
Rock Island	29⅞	30⅛	29¾	29⅞
Southern Railway	29⅜	29½	29⅜	29½
Southern Ry., pfd.	68¼	68½	68	68
Southern Pacific	123	123⅛	122⅝	122¾
St. Paul	151¼	152⅞	150¾	151⅞
Texas Pacific	34¼	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝
Union Pacific	189⅜	189½	188¾	188⅞
Central Leather	30¾	30¾	30⅜	30⅜
U. S. Rubber	38½	40	38½	39¾
U. S. Steel	57⅞	58⅜	57⅞	58
U. S. Steel, pfd.	120½	120⅝	119½	119½
Wabash, com.	20½	20½	20⅜	20⅜
Wabash, pfd.	53	53¼	52⅜	52⅝
Western Union Tel.	77⅞	78	77	77

EAST LONDON

A NEW SCHOOL FOR CHELSEA GREEN

Work Was Commenced on the New Structure This Morning.

Work was commenced this morning on the new school for Chelsea Green, on the Thompson road, by Contractor Hayman. The building will be rushed through, and will probably be opened immediately after the summer holidays. The structure will cost in the neighborhood of $4,500.

The school is at present being conducted in the Presbyterian Mission on Adelaide street, two teachers being engaged. A staff of about twenty men was put to work on the new building today.

It will be a brick structure and will be large enough to accommodate the pupils of the Green for some years.

LORNE AVENUE MOTHERS' CLUB

Interesting Address Was Given By Rev. Mr. Rollins.

The regular meeting of the Lorne Avenue Mothers' Club which was held in the kindergarten room last evening was in every way a decided success. Rev. Mr. Rollins was present and gave an interesting talk on "Religious Development in the Home." He particularly urged upon the mothers that they keep the children as much as possible under their own observation, that they enforce obedience in the home or they cannot hope to interest their children in higher things, and that they endeavor to create a greater interest in religious subjects by studying the Sunday school lessons in the home, by interesting talks on Bible subjects Sunday afternoons, bedtime talks, etc.

Others taking part in the programme were Mrs. Grant Harris, Misses Gladys Rapsey, Winnifred Shortt, and Watts, and Mr. Blyth.

MRS. LOUISA HUNT DIED IN HER 69TH YEAR

The death is announced at her late residence, 582 Princess avenue, this morning, of Mrs. Louisa A. Hunt, aged 69 years, relict of the late William Henry Hunt. Mrs. George Everett, of Elias street, is the only child in this city. Miss Nellie Reader, of London, is a niece. The funeral will be held on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the Latter Day Saints' Church, services being conducted by Elder Craig.

The late Mr. Hunt died some twenty-three years ago from injuries received in the great oil works fire.

CARPETBALL GAME.

All Saints' carpetball team will meet Trafalgar Lodge for the championship of the city in the hall in the Carling Block Monday evening next.

The teams have met four times recently, and are now tied. Two of the games were played on the Trafalgar floor, and two in the All Saints' Club rooms, and the play-off will be in the lodgerooms of an independent team.

EAST END BALL.

The Queen's Park diamond is in the very best shape for the opening of the East End League season this afternoon, when the Derbys will meet the Ramblers.

Immediately following, the Alerts and Cubs will take the ground and put up a fight. His Worship Mayor Stevely is scheduled to throw the first ball, and two fast games are looked for.

WEEKLY HIGH COURT AT DINNER HOUR

Judge Accommodates a Number of Farmers Whose Minutes Are Golden Now.

A rather unusual precedent is being set by the holding of the weekly high court at 7 o'clock this evening, instead of in the morning, as is customary.

The only question up for consideration is one involving the transfer of some farm land. At this particularly late season of the year compelling a number of farmers to be present to testify would involve a good deal of hardship for them. And in view of the urgency of the seeding operations on the farm, Mr. Justice Britton, who will preside at the court, consented, at some inconvenience to himself, to postpone it till evening, that no unnecessary hardship might be inflicted upon the witnesses in the case.

Local Items

—Canon Hague has been compelled to take complete rest for a couple of weeks, and will be absent from the city. During his absence Rev. W. J. Andrew, of Berlin, Canon Craig, of Petrolea, and Rev. Arthur Carlisle will minister in the Memorial Church.

Miss Wilson Graduates.

Among the graduate nurses at the Roosevelt Hospital, New York, last was Miss Jessie S. Wilson, daughter of Rev. Thomas Wilson, of Walkerton, formerly pastor of King Street Presbyterian Church, of this city.

Seaforth Case.

At Osgoode Hall in Seaforth Milling Company vs. Ontario Seed Company.—H. S. White, for plaintiff, moved for judgment under C. R. 603 F. E. Hodgins, K. C., for defendants, contra. Judgment for amount of draft, with costs, less $60. Plaintiffs to have liberty to proceed for same division court if so advised.

New Houses at the Port.

A London firm of builders and contractors will, it is understood, have the work of erecting cement block houses on the lots owned by Mr. M. Loney, at Port Stanley, north of his cafe on Main street. Mr. L. Dake has completed his summer cottage on the Fraser Heights, west of the Invererie.

Attendance Record.

The attendance record for April at the Toronto public schools was broken by a total of 34,238, compared with the previous record of April, 1908, of 31,711. The high school attendance was: Jarvis 486, Jameson 420, and Harbord 435. Seventy-five teachers were late and 421 pupils received corporal punishment. The addition of West Toronto will make another new record for May.

Address on Lincoln.

Mr. Alex. Stuart, K. C., will give a lecture on "Abraham Lincoln" in New St. James' Presbyterian school room on Monday evening, the 10th inst. A short musical programme will follow in which Miss Halls, soloist, and Mrs. Harris, violinist, will take part. The lecture is under the auspices of the Home Missionary Society of the church, and a most enjoyable evening is assured those who attend.

May Dance.

The opening May dance given by Messrs. Dayton & McCormick at the Palace Auditorium last evening proved one of the most enjoyable evenings of the season. Nearly 200 guests were present, and all were highly pleased with the splendid programme furnished. The large, airy ball room was delightfully cool for dancing. The floor was in excellent condition, and the academy orchestra rendered a choice selection of musical airs, receiving encores for every number on the card. Messrs. Dayton & McCormick will give their second May hop next Friday evening, May 14.

Women's Auxiliary Meeting.

A very large and enthusiastic meeting of the Women's Auxiliary of the Bishop Cronyn Memorial Church was held Friday afternoon, with Mrs. Elizabeth Orr presiding. Mrs. Thomas Treleaven, Mrs. Nash, Mrs. Dreaney, Mrs. Joseph Watson and Mrs. John Manning contributed to a most instructive programme on various phases of the work. Miss Moore, the diocesan literature secretary, was present to give to the branch the "Atlas" won as a prize for answering questions about the work frim the "Leaflet," the official organ of the auxiliary. At the close of the meeting a social time was enjoyed by all present.

Again in Trouble.

Claude St. George Cuff, a young man who figured in the local police court last year for stealing a gold watch and chain from a King street boarding-house and was sentenced by Magistrate Love to six months in the Central Prison, was released on Thursday, and was immediately arrested again on a charge of stealing $48 from John Wiggins, of Toronto. He appeared before Magistrate Denison, and stated that while in jail he had managed to pay back all but $13 of the debt. He was sentenced to fifteen days more in jail.

Practical Teaching.

Students of the Normal School are having a change from the routine work in the city schools this week, as well as gaining a practical training that will be of more value than many lectures. Every morning a boisterous crowd of students board a traction car for Glendale, Lambeth and Scottsville, and villages adjacent to the rural schools. Here their day is spent in getting an idea of the necessities of rural schools, and in the best ways of meeting these necessities. A great many of these teachers will of necessity become teachers of just such schools, and the practical experience they will gain will be of inestimable advantage in their after career. There could not be a better plan adopted than this of studying the actual conditions that they wil some day have to meet.

Married at Princeton.

Mr. Maurice Conray, of this city, was on Wednesday married at Princeton, Ont., to Miss Christer Berry, of that place. The pretty wedding took place in St. Paul's Church, when, at 7 o'clock in the morning, the bridal couple took their places before the altar, while Mendelssohn's Wedding March was softly played by Miss B. Gissing. The bride looked charming in a gown of white silk crepe-de-chine, with white hat, and carried a white prayer book. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Hale in the presence of numerous friends. The happy couple left on the morning train for Chicago and Grand Rapids. The bride's travelling suit was tailor-made of blue shadow-stripe with burnt-straw hat trimmed with fruit and flowers. Mr. and Mrs. Conray will reside in London, and will be at home after June 1 at 245 Hamilton road.

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FRED NESBITT WAS COMMITTED FOR TRIAL

Was Arraigned Before Squire Chittick on a Charge of Stealing.

Fred Nesbitt, the man who was arrested in Preston some days ago by Constable Corsaut on the charge of stealing, appeared before Squire Chittick this morning for his preliminary hearing. He was committed for trial, and will come up before the judge to elect how he shall be tried on Monday.

Nesbitt, it is alleged, is a young man whose acquisitive faculties are rather too highly developed, and there are several persons who are convinced, they say, that he has appropriated certain goods belonging to them. Mr. Leonard Clarke, of London Township, accuses him of stealing a pair of gloves, and Andrew Hogg, also of London Township, accuses him of breaking into his house and departing the richer by a gold watch and locket and a razor, the property of Joseph Blaney.

The evidence of Leonard Clark and his brother were heard, and were considered to warrant Nesbitt's commitment. Mr. E. W. Scatcherd, who is acting for the accused, gave notice that he would endeavor to secure bail.

MANY PETITIONS FOR RURAL MAIL ROUTES

Fifty or Sixty in This Neighborhood Alone Awaiting Action by Government.

Postoffice Inspector Dr. Cl. T. Campbell states that between 50 and 60 rural mail delivery routes in all parts of this district are under consideration at the present time.

"Those wanting free mail delivery," he stated, "send a petition to the department, saying that they want boxes and a courier, and the matter is then taken up. If it is deemed advisable to establish a system in the district, all those signing are required to send their full names and addresses, as well as those of any others who may want the service. As soon as possible the boxes are secured, and as soon as these petitioning send in the $3 which each box costs them, the boxes are forwarded."

"We have sent out more than five hundred boxes," he continued, "and are as busy as can be sending them out every day. We expect to send out between five and six thousand. Routes were recently authorized to be opened between London and Lucan, and between London and Delaware, Paisley-Vesta, Oxley-Railway Station, Lakeside-Thamesford, St. Marys-Granthurst, Cayuga-Kohler, Kingsmill-Mapleton, and there are in operation routes from Strathroy to Amiens, Cayuga-Gypsum Mines, Waterloo-Crosshill, Hagersville - Springvale, Woodstock-Peebles, Simcoe-Waterford, and Palmerston-Cotswold."

A Neat Contrivance.

The boxes are neat receptacles, made of sheet iron, and are painted with a rustproof silver composition, and each one has the owner's name stencilled on it. When in position, the boxed is placed on an iron stand in front of the farmer's house. When the courier has any mail to deposit he reaches out with a stick carried for the purpose, and pulls the box around on the stand so that it faces the road. When the box is in this position the people in the house know that there is mail in their box, and when they go out to get it they turn the box back. The $3 paid for the box at the start is all the cost there is to the farmer, as the Government pays all the costs of the couriers. Each courier receives a salary, and in addition $1 per year for each box on his route.

Personal Mention

Mrs. Rudd, 248 Grey street, left by the eastbound train today to visit friends in the east.

Mrs. W. J. Smith, of 115 Dundas street, left on Thursday evening for England, where she will spend some months visiting relatives.

The Stratford Herald says: Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. King announce the engagement of their only daughter, Beatrice Fuschia, to Mr. William Randle Brown, of London, Ont., eldest son of the late Mr. William Newton Brown, of Prospect Place, Congleton, Cheshire, England. The marriage will take place in June.

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Bondholders are absolutely protected by a first mortgage, and an insurance of double the bond issue.

Bonds are issued in amounts suitable for both large and small investors.

A fully descriptive circular gladly sent free of charge on request.

AEMILIUS JARVIS & CO.
Members of Toronto Stock Exchange.
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CADETS MAY ENTER RIFLE COMPETITION

In a special circular recently issued by Col. F. L. Lessard, adjutant-general of the militia, Canadian schoolboys are invited to participate in the Earl of Meath rifle competition to be held in the various cities on May 24. Miniature rifle or gallery ammunition may be used, and the conditions state that the competition is open to one team of eight schoolboys under 16 years of age in each colony or dependency. Each member of the winning team will receive a medal, and the captain a copy of Lord Roberts' work, "Forty-one Years in India." Each team competing must pay an entrance fee of eight shillings. Score card and targets have been forwarded to the superintendents of education for each province, and a number of Canadian school boy teams will probably compete. The members of the London High School Cadet Corps may enter a team.

MRS. BOYLE FOUND GUILTY OF KIDNAPPING

Mercer, Pa., May 8.—Mrs. Boyle was this morning found guilty of aiding in the kidnapping of Willie Whitla, and holding him for $10,000 ransom. Her husband was committed for the same offence several days ago. The punishment is anywhere from one year to life.

A sale of work of useful and fancy articles for men, women and children, will be held in the King Street Presbyterian Church Monday and Tuesday next. A musical programme will be furnished each evening. There will be no admission.

THE BUSINESS PRACTICE

Department of the

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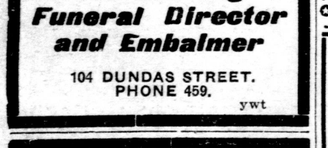

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MAKES EATING A PLEASURE

If your appetite is calling for a change these days, try our "Butter" Bread. It is the richest loaf made. Try it today.

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We have reason to believe that our selection of Pearl Pins and Brooches is more select and finer than any you will find elsewhere, and we bought them right. You get the benefit.

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Hamilton's Porter is fully aged. It is the best. Ask for Hamilton's when you are buying.

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Parnell's Bread

Why do people not use the best Bread when it may be had at the same price as any inferior quality?

We sell our Bread just as cheaply as any other baker, and have one of our drivers bring it right to your door.

All our drivers are obliging and anxious to please their customers. Would you like one to call at your home? Just 'phone 929 or 1390, and we will have one call immediately.

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Tasteful discrimination in the selection of a perfume marks the person of culture and refinement.

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is for those who desire an unobtrusive, delicate perfume. Concentrated, lasting and pervading—one drop sufficient.

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City and District

Vacant Pulpit in Dorchester.

The Presbytery of London, at its meeting in Alma Street Church, St. Thomas, on Tuesday, appointed Rev. A. Henderson, clerk of the Presbytery, to preach and declare the pulpit of Dorchester and Crumlin vacant on Sabbath next, and to act as interim moderator during the vacancy.

Open Meetings.

Commencing next Sunday morning at 11 o'clock, there will be a series of open meetings of the Chapter House Sunday school (Unitarian), when live questions of a broadly humanitarian character will be discussed. Prof. R. C. Barklie will present the subject of "The Great White Plague—Its Cause and Cure" next Sunday. It is expected that the public will welcome the opportunity to hear the testimony of an expert on this subject.

Anniversary Services.

The anniversary services in connection with the Dundas Centre Methodist Church will be held on Sunday and Monday. Rev. Dr. Rowland Grant, of New York City, and formerly of White Temple, Portland, Oregon, will be the preacher. Dr. Grant is one of the finest pulpit orators on the continent. Mrs. Elinore Peocock, of Detroit, who charmed Londoners, in a concert recently given, under the auspices of the Ladies' Musical Club, will assist the choir in a service of song. The service of Praise on Monday night to be given by the choir and Madame Peocock, will be of a high order, and well worth attending.

Y. M. C. A. Anniversary.

The Young Men's Christian Association will hold their anniversary meeting in the Opera House Sunday afternoon, when Dr. Roland D. Grant, A.M., D.D., of New York City, will give the address of the occasion. Dr. Grant is one of the leading platform men on the continent, and was for some years pastor of the noted White Temple built for him in Portland, Oregon, at a cost of $185,000. It has an audience room of 2,500. His subject on Sunday will be "Hypnotism in Revivals." The Sons of Scotland Male Chorus will sing several selections, besides musical numbers from Maurice Poures' orchestra. This meeting is open to both men and women.

THE TURKISH MARRIAGE.

In Turkey marriage is a strictly civil act, the validity of which consists in its being attested by at least two witnesses, and although an imam, or priest, is usually present at the signing of the contract, it is in his legal rather than in his religious capacity. The civil ceremony is simplicity itself. The bridegroom and his witnesses repair to the home of the bride, in the selamlik of which her male relatives discuss with them the payment of the nekiah. This question settled, and the contract drawn up, the bridegroom thrice repeats his desire to marry the daughter of the house, upon which the imam proceeds to the door communicating with the haremlik, behind which the bride and her female relatives are assembled. After announcing the amount of the nekiah agreed upon, the imam asks the maiden if she accepts the suitor for her husband. The question and the affirmative answer having been thrice repeated, the imam returns to the selamlik, where he attests the consent of the bride, and the couple are considered to be legally married.

The bride and groom do not meet, however, until the conclusion of the dughun ziafeti, or week of wedding festivities, which may not be held for some months afterward.—Everybody's.

Carling's Canada Club Lager is the finest and healthiest lager beer brewed, and will be delivered by all dealers to any part of the city in cases containing one dozen pints, for 80 cents.

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FOR SUNDAY.

Special meals. Try them and be convinced of their merit. 35 cents. Hotel Savoy. t

Marathon Races To Be Bulletined at City Hotel.

The City Hotel will bulletin the returns of the $10,000 Marathon race at New York Saturday, May 8. Also, the Shrubb-Longboat 15-mile race at Montreal on the same date. 60u

Order your carriages for weddings in advance. Hueston's Liveries.

LONDON MUSICIANS HOME FROM CHICAGO

Messrs. Angelo and Jack Cortese Have Concluded Their Studies There.

Messrs. Angelo and Jack Cortese returned home from their studies in Chicago last Monday evening. They left London Oct. 1, and have completed their year's work with great success. Mr. Angelo Cortese studied with Enrico Tramonti, first harpist with the Theodore Thomas Orchestra, and he was appointed first harpist with the Chicago Philarmonic Symphony. He scored such a success with the orchestra that before he left he was offered and accepted a contract as first harpist with that organization for next year. The orchestra consists of 120 members. He has brought back with him a grand concert Lyon & Healy harp, and he will be heard on it in his recital to take place some time this month. Mr. Jack Cortese, who has been studying with Prof. A. Queensal, first flutist of the Theodore Thomas Orchestra, has been playing first flute with the University of Chicago Orchestra.

They will spend their summer at Lake Huron Hotel, Sarnia, with the Tony Cortese Orchestra, and next fall will go back to Chicago to resume their studies and take their place with their orchestras. They have often appeared in recitals in Chicago.

CORRESPONDENCE

Canada and the Naval Defence of the Empire.

To the Editor of The Advertiser:

Much has been said and written on the above subject; but there are some facts bearing upon the question, which, while not entirely overlooked, have not received that emphasis which their nature demands.

The first important fact will be found to emerge from a perusal of modern naval warfare; the fact, namely, that victory has invariably perched upon the banner of that nation which placed the largest and most efficient warships in battle array.

In 1894 the Chinese fleet met that of Japan off the mouth of the Yalu River. Each fleet consisted of eleven men-of-war, while China had in addition six torpedo-boats. Victory rested with the Japanese because they had faster ships, better guns and displayed more scientific seamanship.

Four years later the Pacific squadron of the Spanish fleet was vanquished by Commodore Dewey; and, by the way, it may be noted, that the first blow struck for the freedom of Cuba was delivered in Manila Bay, more than 10,000 miles distant. In the Spanish fleet were sixteen vessels, assisted by shore batteries, while the American fleet numbered nine; but so much more superior were the latter in every way that after three or four hours' fighting the Spanish fleet was utterly destroyed, with little or no loss on the American side.

The Spanish Atlantic squadron met a similar fate at the battle of Santiago. The superiority of the Americans in battleships, gun-practice, and seamanship, won a like decisive victory.

Similar observations apply to the Japanese when they met and estroyed the Russian fleet under Admiral Rodjtvensky in the Sea of Japan.

In all these modern sea-fights, the big warships did the business with little or no assistance from torpedo-boats, destroyers or submarines. This probably accounts for the feverish haste in building modern Dreadnoughts, naval experts recognizing that these will decide the issue in the next great naval war.

The British Government has hitherto maintained the two-power standard This was deemed essential for the safety of the empire, by both Liberal and Unionist parties.

A few months ago the British Premier enunciated the two-power standard as meaning a fleet equal to any two other powers, plus ten per cent. Today he is forced to acknowledge that by 1913 Germany will possess a fleet of Dreadnoughts equal in number to that of Great Britain, less three! As Austria is building half-a-dozen also, and as these two powers are practically one, what becomes of the two-power standard? It no longer exists, but is now a matter of past history.

That which was foreseen by many thoughtful men has at length come to pass, namely: that the 40,000,000 of the British Isles could not forever maintain the two-power standard against large and powerful nations like Japan, Germany, the United States and Russia, with populations of 40, 60, 80 and 120 millions respectively.

The British people are face to face with the grim fact that in four or five years their fleet will be offset by another in the North Sea of almost equal proportions. This is, I fancy, the real underlying cause of "the panic."

It ought to be a matter of some concern also to us in Canada. For 150 years we have enjoyed the protection of the British navy and the British taxpayer has paid the whole bill. By 1915 not only will our trade and commerce be menaced but the very existence of the empire will be jeopardized.

But, we are to have a navy ourselves. We propose building ab initio, "from the ground up," and it is to be "all our own."

I am reminded of a passage of Scripture in a certain old book: "What king, going to make war against another king, sitteth not down first and consulteth whether he be able with 10,000 to meet him that cometh against him with 20,000."

The first question, therefore, to ask ourselves is this: Who will be our competitors, and what are the forces to be faced?

When we remember that the leading powers are spending from [illegible] hundred to two hundred millions per annum on their navies; that a modern, up-to-date Dreadnought costs $10,000,000, and a million more each year for maintenance; also that we shall require two fleets, one on the Atlantic and one on the Pacific—not to mention Hudson Bay—when we recall a few items like these, it behooves us to sit down quietly and count the cost. Can we hope to compete with nations like Japan, the United States, France or Germany? We might hope to do so if we possessed two or three essentials, viz.: infinite time, infinite resources, and a large population. The first and third of these are manifestly lacking.

The answer to all this will probably be that we intend to fortify Halifax and Vancouver, and to confine our efforts to coastal defence. So far so good; but will Canadians, and especially British subjects, be content thus to "play the porcupine?"

Under such a policy what becomes of our commerce on the high seas? The British taxpayer will still continue to protect it.

An efficient modern navy cannot be improvised, and many years must elapse before our mosquito fleet can venture from the shore to face the powerful squadrons of warships which the leading nations will possess.

Under the resolution, therefore, adopted at Ottawa, we shall be able to do two things—both negatives. We shall not be able to protect our trade and commerce upon the high seas, and we shall not be able to render any effectual assistance to the empire when its very existence may be threatened.

The policy adopted by the men at Ottawa will probably end in the break-up of the empire. It means a number of weak, struggling navies instead of one strong imperial navy.

The Monroe doctrine has become a part of the constitution of the United States; one might almost say, an article in their religious faith. Its place in Canada is supplied by the term Local Autonomy," which has become a sort of fetish to the Conservative party, on the oen hand, and the good of Liberalism on the other. Everything must be sacrificed to this mysterious deity.

With the break-up of the British Empire what would become of the Monroe doctrine, and Canadian "autonomy?" They must fight for their lives! For, within 50 years after the defeat of the British navy, Canada and the United States of America must face a United States of Europe, the most colossal military despotism the world has ever known. Yours truly,

F. W. DALY.

London, May 6, 1909.

WALSH AND EVERS ARE REINSTATED

Announcement Made By Chairman Herrmann of National Baseball Commission.

Cincinnati, May 7. — Chairman Herrmann, of the National baseball commission, announced this afternoon that Pitcher Walsh, of the Chicago Americans, and Second Baseman Evers, of the Chicago Nationals, have been reinstated, and can again play with their respective teams.

It has not been decided what amount of fine to impose on the players, Herrmann saying that this matter would be settled within the next few days.

QUANTICO AT 4 TO 1 TOOK MARYLAND PURSE

Won Out in Third Event by Half a Length in Wind and Rain Storm.

Baltimore, May 7.—The day started off with fine weather and a good crowd. A wind and rain storm broke over the track at the start of the third race, which was won by Quantico by half a length. Thee were only three starters in the steeplechase and Algie won by a neck. Summaries:

First race, 5½ furlongs—Dull Care, 3 to 2, 1; Fauntleroy 3 to 5, 2; Lollie Hoy, even, 3. Time, :54 4-5.

Second race, selling, 6 furlongs—Jennie Wells, 5 to 2, 1; Edgely, 7 to 5, 2; Rye, 7 to 5, 3. Time, 1:14 4-5.

Third race, selling, Maryland Club, purse, one mile and 40 yards—Quantico, 4 to 1, 1; Mombassa, even 2; Bonnie Kelso, 1 to 3 and out, 3. Time, 1:35 2-5.

Fourth race, Crickmore Memorial steeplechase, about 2½ miles—Algie, 16 to 5, 1; Bencole, 1 to 3, 2; Kara, 1 to 3, 3. Time, 5:38 4-5.

First race, five and one-half furlongs—Dull Care, 3 to 2. Time, 5:33 4-5 Only three starters.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Bethlem, 7 to 5, 1; Goodheart, 1 to 2, 2; Croydon, 1 to 2, 3. Time, 1:15 2-5.

Sixth race, 8 furlongs—King Cobalt, 4 to 5, 1; Cunning, 4 to 1, 2; Momentum, 2 to 1, 3. Time, 1:13 4-5.

Seventh race, selling, 6 furlongs—Giles, 9 to 2, 1; Hoacko, even, 2; Queen of Hills, 3 to 5, 3. Time, 1:15.

HANDICAP SYSTEM IS NOT POPULAR

Because Horses With Extremely Fast Records Have No Chance—The Eel, for Instance.

One reason why the handicap system is not more widely popular among harness horsemen than it has yet become is that in its present stage the horses with extremely fast records seem to have little or no chance to win anything in events so conditioned. Of the six money winners in last year's $50,000 Readville handicap, not one went into the race with a record below 2:11¼, and none was handicapped back of the 2:10 mark. Several of the very fast starters by desperate efforts succeeded in qualifying in the preliminaries, but they never got within shooting distance of the money in the race proper. While it is believed that more judicious handicapping, which will come with experience, will change this, the horsemen are not inclined to give much weight to the opinion, and comparatively few of the real stars have entered for this year's race.

Among the 84 trotters that have been named, but fifteen have records of 2:10 or better, the list being as follows: Oro (2:05¼), Sonoma Girl (2:05¼), Ruth Dillon (2:06½), Sterling McKinney (2:06¾), Lady Jones (2:07¼), Uhlan (2:07¼), San Francisco (2:07¾), Mack Mack (2:08), Carlokin (2:08¼), Daniel (2:08¼), Genteel H. (2:08¼), Zomalta, (2:08½), Jim Ferry (2:09½), Solon Grattan (2:09½), and Miss Adbell (2:09¾).

Only eight of these fifteen may be ranked as young, fresh horses that took their records last year, and as during that season no less than 53 trotters made new records of 2:10 or better it can be seen very readily that it is not thought that 2:10 trotters will have much chance in handicaps by their owners.

A similar condition prevails in the pacing division also. Of its 78 entries only fourteen have 2:10 records, as follows: The Eel (2:02¼), Argot Boy (2:03¼), Baron Grattan (2:03¼), Brenda Yorke (2:04¼), Hidalgo (2:04¼), Jerry B. (2:04¼), Reproachless (2:04¼), Major Brino (2:05¼), Milton S., Jr. (2:06¾), Mendolita (2:07½), Frank S. (2:08¼), Baron Whips (2:08¾), George Stockton (2:09¼), and Shakespeare (2:09¼).

Of this fourteen but seven represent the 132 pacers that took new records of 2:10 or better last year.

Evidently the feeling of the owner of the extreme speed horse, as regards the handicap, is, "What's the use?"

QUEEN'S PARK CRICKET CLUB.

The Queen's Park Cricket Club held a general meeting in Society Hall, East London, on Wednesday evening, when it was decided to open the season as speedily as possible. The secretary, A. G. Toten, 797 King street, will be pleased to receive applications for membership. Entry fee $1, and also for matches with any other clubs in the city. The honorary-president, Major Beattie, M. P., honorary-vice-presidents, Messrs. Labatt and Inspector Sanders.

Ross' Store for Ladies

CLEARANCE OF THE

American "Printzess" Suits

The newest garments in the fashion world.

USUAL $25.00 SUITS.....$19.50

USUAL $33.00 SUITS.....$27.50

USUAL $40.00 SUITS.....$35.00

USUAL $47.00 SUITS.....$39.50

196 DUNDAS STREET

LOUISVILLE TRACK RECORDS BROKEN

Cymbal and Warfield Set New Marks at Churchill Downs.

Louisville, Ky., May 7. — Two track records were broken at Churchill Downs today. Cymbal, in the third race, ran seven furlongs in 1:25 2-5, which was two-fifths of a second faster than the record; and in the fourth race, the handicap, Warfield, which started in the recent Derby, ran a mile and 70 yards in 1:43 4-5, which lowered the Churchill Downs mark a full second. The weather was fair and warm and the track fast.

First race, maiden 3-year-olds, selling, 6 furlongs—Consol, straight $20 35, place $10 15, show $8 55, 1; Project, place $9 10, show, $8, 2; Dextrine, show $49 80, 3. Time, 1:13 2-5.

Second race, selling, 3-year-olds and up, 6 furlongs—Topey Robinson, straight $14 95, place $10 45,show $8 40, 1; Beatrice K., place $15 35, show $13 60, 2; Sorrel Top, show $19 10, 3. Time, 1:13 2-5.

Third race, purse, 7 furlongs—Cymbal, straight $34, place $14 35, show $7 30, 1; Sir Cleges, place $19 40, show $8 80, 2; Lady Esther, show $6 15, 3. Time, 1:12½ (breaks track record).

Fourth race, 1 mile and 70 yards, handicap—Warfield, straight $52 65, place $20 75, show $13 10, 1; St. Elwood, place $8 35, show $7 95, 2; Gilding Belle, show $17 55, 3. Time, 1:43 4-5.

Fifth race, 4½ furlongs, selling — Brunhilde, straight $47 25, place $20 60, show $16 75, 1; Gilpy, place $82 80, show $46 88, 2; Front Row, show $9 95, 3. Time, :54.

Sixth race, 1 1-16 miles, selling — Creel, straight $11 65, place $7 75, show $6 25, 1; J. H. Reed, place $8 75, show $6 90, 2; Orlandot, show $7 70, 3. Time, 1:46.

CRUMLIN WINS AGAIN

Fast Village School Football Team Defeats East London.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Crumlin, May 8.—In one of the best games seen here this season, the Crumlin school team won another victory, defeating the fast C. B. G. team from East London, by a score of 1 to 0. The game was very close, especially during the initial period.

At the last the London boys weakened somewhat, and, but for the good work of their defense, the score would have been much larger, as their forwards were played fairly off their feet.

For Crumlin, Fredin and Robins played a star game, while Sumner and Mussel did good work for the losers.

The effective back-checking of the local boys won them the game.

The match occasioned considerable excitement, a large crowd being present from London, Crumlin, Dorchester and other places.

The London boys and supporters, on the whole, are a fine, clean lot of sports, and made a good impression.

Mr. George Garrett, principal of Dorchester school, refereed in a most effective and impartial manner. Rev. D. S. Hamilton, of London, coached the C. B. G. team, and Mr. O. D. Stevenson the students. Crumlin school have come through the season without a defeat, and are putting up a classy article of soccer.

The line-ups:

Crumlin—Goal, Baker; backs, Quinn and Bailey; halves, DeHart and McLennan; forwards, Bell, Fredin and Robins.

London East—Goal, Wrighton; backs McGee anad Sumner; halves, Steven and Walker; forwards, Gosling, Mussel and Dudley.

Referee—G. Garrett.

MERRY MAITLANDS WON.

The Merry Maitland won from the Piccadillys on the C. P. R. diamond yesterday, by a score of 9 to 3.

WEST NISSOURI SCHOOL.

Following is the report for April of pupils of No. 7, public school, West Nissouri:

"Class V.—Harriet Vining.

Class IV.—Willie Henderson, Harold Dundass, Millie Vining.

Class Junior IV.—Hope Nicholson.

Class III.—Ira Craig, Lovena Henderson.

Class II.—Rita Garner, Lloyd Craig, Jessie Hogg, Johnnie Ramsay, Arthur Hannahson.

Class Part II.—Beatrice Vining.

Class I.—Charlotte Vining, Jimmie Henderson, Clifford Jones, Austin Craig.

MISS HARRIS, Teacher.

UPPER SCHOOL DEFEATED.

The first year defeated the upper school in the L. C. I. League yesterday afternoon, the score being 19 to 11.

The score by innings:

Upper School ..2 4 1 1 2 1 0—11 10 5
First Year ....3 2 5 5 0 4 0—19 17 4

Batteries: Wortman and Hunter; Prodgers, Zeigler, and Lawton. Umpire, Wood

The standing of the teams follows:

	Won.	Lost.
Middle School	2	0
First Year	2	1
Upper School	0	1
Second Year	10	2

LUCAN WANTS GAMES.

The Lucan Irish Baseball Club wants two games at home on May 24. Send terms to C. W. Hawkshaw, Lucan.

BEAVERS WON.

The Junior Beavers defeated the Monarchs by a score of 6 to 2 yesterday. The features of the game was the work of Pengel and Perkins.

A LACROSSE MEETING.

A meeting of lacrosse fans will be held in the Iroquois Hotel on Monday evening at 8:30 and a practice game at 6:45 the same night. The members of the league have secured Tecumseh Park for the coming season. The Londoners will meet Strathroy on Victoria Day.

C. A. A. U. ALLOWS NEW RECORDS

Meeting of the Board of Governors Held Last Night in Toronto.

Toronto, May 7.—President Merrick was in the chair at the meeting of the board of governors of the Canadian Amateur Athletic Union held at the King Edward last night. The following new records were allowed:

Three-mile walk, 22 minutes 32 seconds, George Goulding, Y. M. C. A.

Running broad jump, 23 feet 8½ inches, C. D. Bricker, on M. A. A. A. grounds, June 6, 1908.

Putting 12-pound shot, 51 feet 5½ inches, J. H. Gillies, Vancouver, B. C., indoor champoinship, Dec. 5, 1908.

The board indorsed the rule of the registration committee to refuse sanctions for Marathon races within two weeks of each other in the same district, and made it more stringent by making it apply to races of 15 miles and over.

The affiliation with the Australian Amateur A. U. was reported completed, and that with the A. A. A. of England still in progress. The Garrison A. A. A. is restored to good standing. The policy of the union was made definite by the adoption of a motion disapproving of amateurs acting as officials at professional athletic events. Professionals who are members of military bodies are entitled to compete in closed military events, but it was decided that this shall not apply to reservists or ex-soldiers.

Bowling, in the opinion of the board, is not regarded as an athletic sport, but as a pastime over which the union does not claim jurisdiction A memorandum presented by Secretary Crow in the line of elliminating all friction as to the status and control of amateur athletics in Canada was discussed at great length, but the action taken was not made public. The board approved the daylight bill now before Parliament.

MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMP GAINS NEW HONOR

HENRY GEHRING.

Winning his title as champion by beating every middleweight who has laid claim to consideration, Henry Gehring won the international title, when he defeated Charles Conkle, the Canadian champion, in Cleveland.

Gehring had considerable advantage in weight over his clever opponent, and from start to finish was aggressive. He won in 42½ minutes and 21½ minutes, both falls being gained with crotch and half-Nelsons

THE COMMERCIAL LEAGUE.

The executive of the Commercial League met last evening and decided to bar all players participating in games in other leagues in the city. All games must be played on the evenings scheduled unless the weatherman objects. The league season will open on Monday night, when the Smallman & Ingram team meets the Bank of B. N. A. nine. The resignation of the secretary, Mr. J. Bartlett, was accepted, and Mr. Gilmore appointed pro tem.

POLICE BASEBALL.

The policemen have organized for the coming season and have entered a team in the Commercial League. The following are the officers:

President—Sergt. Birrell.
Manager—Ernie Black.
Assistant Manager—Archie Powell.
Captain—Samuel Probyn.
Assistant Captain—Colin Westman.

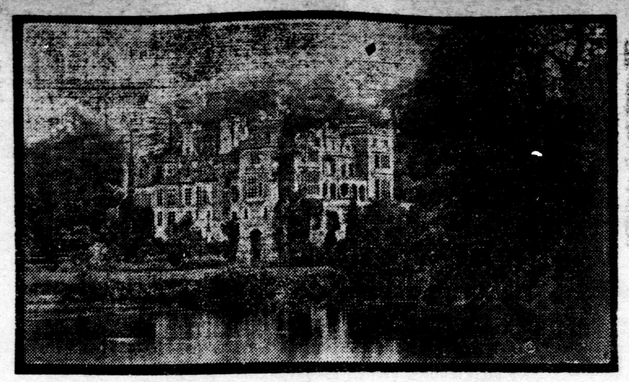
DEFENSE OF BALD-HEADED MEN

It has been noticed by a regretful public that medical men who make sweeping statements are not as cautious and diplomatic as they should be. And frequently they are inclined to accept individual conditions as typical of the characteristics of a class. A few evenings ago a medical man of Philadelphia presented a paper before the College of Physicians and Surgeons, in which he is credited with stating that bald-headed men are degenerates. Needless to say, the bald-headed men of the country are not in sympathy with any such sweeping charge. They do not care to dispute with the Philadelphia man. They prefer to look upon him in pitying silence. They remember that Julius Caesar was bald, and so were Shakespeare and Voltaire and Oliver Goldsmith. The bald-headed man will tell you that the earliest types of mankind, the crudest and most barbaric forms of humanity, were distinguished by luxuriant hair. Barbarism and luxuriant locks go together, and while genius occasionally lets its hair grow, the hairy genius is often a creature with but one talent and one idea. Bald-headed men may number in their ranks persons of unenviable morals, but these must not be taken as guaranteed samples of the thin-haired mass.—Cleveland Plaindealer.

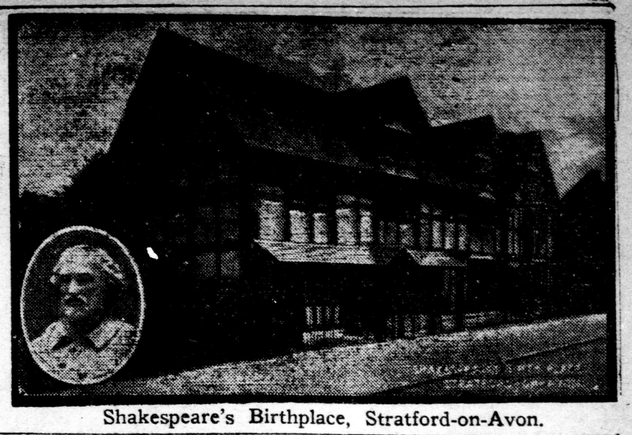
London Conservatory of Music and School of Elocution.

374 Dundas street, F. Linforth Willgoose, Mus. B., A. R. C. O., principal. Unsurpassed advantages for complete musical education. Thorough equipment. Efficient staff. Over 500 students. Faculty and pupils' recitals a feature of the institution. Spring terms began Feb. 1, 1909. Pupils may enroll any time during the term. Write for syllabus. Miss Lottie Armstrong, secretary. zxt

Landing Stage, Liverpool.



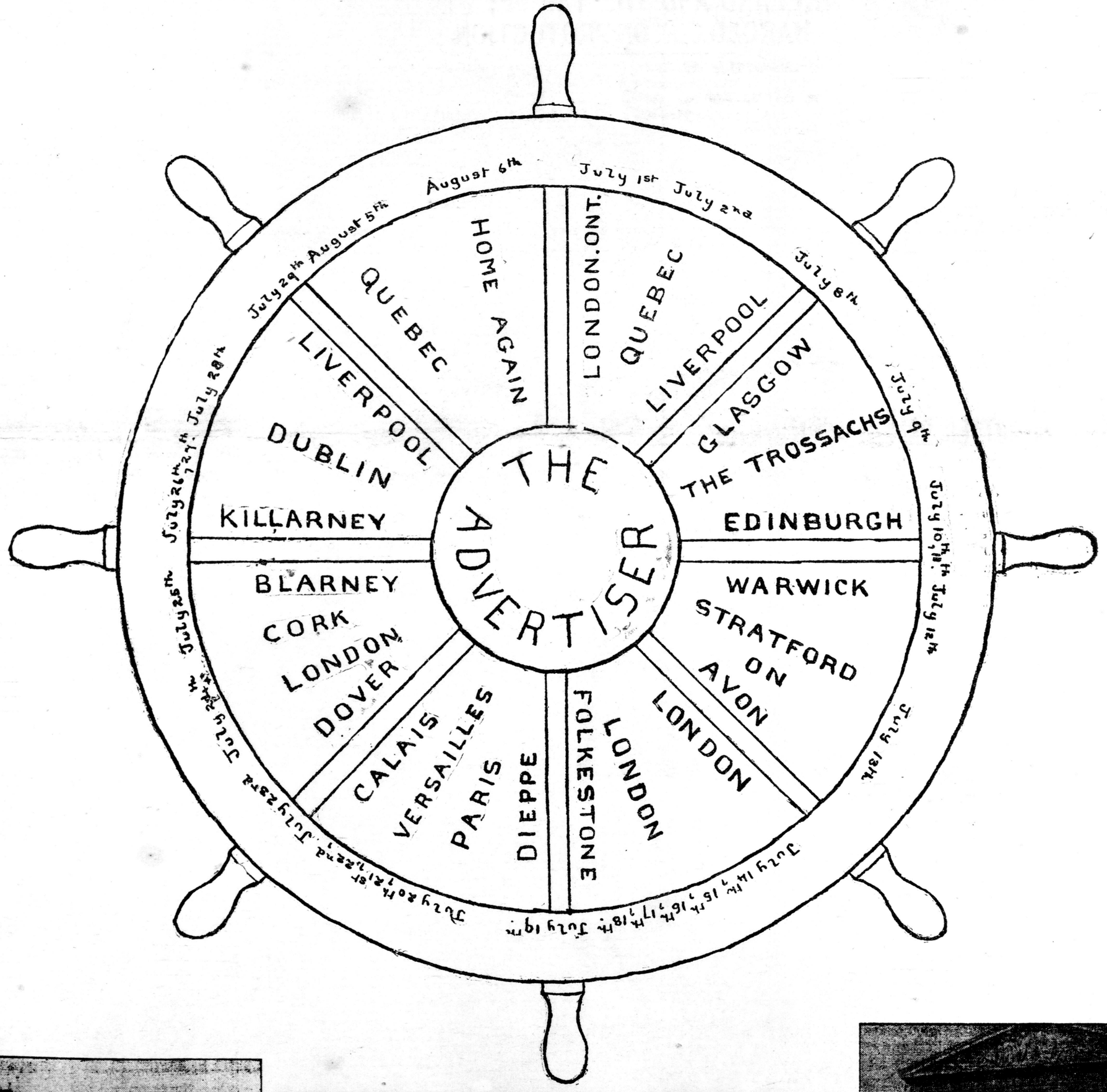
Guy's Cliff, Warwick, England.



Shakespeare's Birthplace, Stratford-on-Avon.

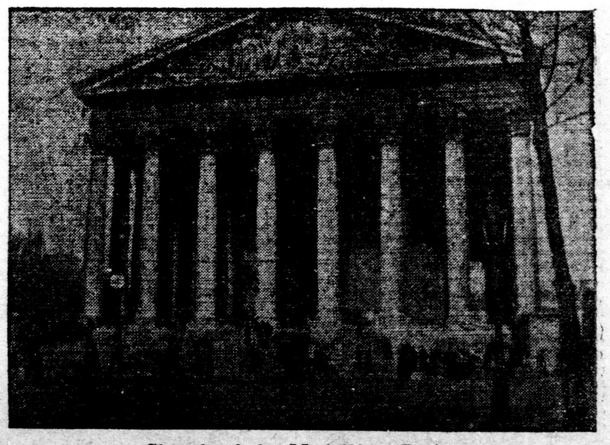
Advertiser's Free Trip To Europe
Consolation Trip to Saguenay River

THE CONTEST CLOSES IN ONE WEEK



Tower Bridge. London, England.

Loch Katrine, the Trossachs, Scotland.



Church of the Madeleine, Paris.

THE PUBLIC LIBRARY

Ernest Thompson-Seaton, or Seaton-Thompson, or whichever combination the discoverer of the "Wild Animals I Have Known" prefers, is at present lecturing in England on the "Ways of Wild Folk."

There is a certain cabdriver in Indianapolis who charges extra fare because Booth Tarkington is accustomed to drive with him when in town. And such is fame.

In this age,, when physical exercise has become something like a fetish, it is rather surprising to hear anyone dare to question this accepted canon. Yet the late Marion Crawford was a strong opponent of the new school. At a gathering of the English Authors' Club he was quoted as saying that exercise exhausted the brain, and that though he had done as much physical work as most men, he did not believe that it had done him any good.

Rudyard Kipling, writing to an American friend, from Rome, said that the Wright brothers had already accomplished in airships what his story, "The Night Mail," described as taking place 2000 A.D.

The two articles which Ouida wrote several years ago, and which she stipulated were not to be published until after her death, are to appear this season in "Lippincott's Magazine." The first "Shall Women Vote?" will be published in the May number. The second is entitled, "Love vs. Avarice."

A new edition of Malory's "Morte d'Arthur" with Aubrey Beardsley's illustrations is to be brought out by Dent. These illustrations cover the first work done by Beardsley for publication. He was then 19 years old. His edition has been for some time out of print, and stray copies sell at high prices.

Lieut. Shackelton's story of his journey to the South Pole is to be published under the title of "The Nimrod Antarctic Expedition." It is believed that the book will contain much that is thrilling.

The six books of fiction which have sold best during the last month are, according to the Bookman's list, "54-40 or Fight," by Hough; "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine," by Fox; Locke's "Septimus," Smith's "Peter," "The Man in Lower Ten," by Rinehart, and "Katrine," Elinor Macartney Lane's novel, published just before her death. Among the "non-fiction" books mentioned frequently in the lists gathered up from many sources, "Religion and Medicine," by Worcester, seems to be a favorite book; "Peace and Happiness," by Avebury, also appears. It is most interesting to note that among the favorite "juveniles" Mrs. Dodge's story of "Hans Brinker" is mentioned.

A very delightful and amusing young person is made known to the reader by Mr. J. J. Bell in "Oh! Christina" (Fleming H. Revell Company). She is a sharp little girl with a rich vocabulary of Glasgow slang and Scots dialect, but natural and child-like in spite of her matchmaking proclivities and her business acumen. There is true humor in the way her elders arrange their own affairs in spite of her management. The views of Scottish village life are pleasing and the love affair will be found to be satisfactory.

An exciting and very readable mystery tale has been built up by Mr. Oliver Cabot in "The Man Without a Shadow" (Appletons), on the theme of the loss of consciousness from a blow. It may be that medical science may find flaws with the successive steps in the hero's discovery of his real identity and it is likely that the experienced reader of fiction may regard the coincidences as of too frequent occurrence, but for the purposes of this story science and adventure seem to be used in the right proportions. The reader will feel sympathy for the hero in his adventures, he will admire the heroine, he will be pleased that the villains are foiled in their efforts. The possibilities are observed throughout, at any rate, and though the story depends on speed for its attraction, the author has had the unusual taste to use good English.

"The Land-Lubbers" (New York: Doubleday, Page & Co.), is a very spirited first novel by Miss Gertrude King. A man and a woman are left on an ocean liner which has been wrecked by an iceberg. The woman, Paulina Harding, is a school teacher who dislikes teaching. She had been on her way to Europe to enjoy the happiness of travel, but she had lost most of her money on a bet on the ship's run, and had made up her mind that it was not worth while being rescued. The man had refused to be saved by his valet, since he was too drunk to care anything about shipwrecks. Miss King's story relates the strange experiences of these two individuals. The story is told with such exactness and vividness that the reader feels as if he were on the wrecked ship himself. There is a robustness and fire in Miss King's narrative which promise very well for the future, while she has secured now an unusual success for a first novel.

Another novelized play has just been published by J. O. Ogilvie, New York. It is "The Gentleman From Mississippi." No author's name appears, but instead those of the managers who launched the plays. This is as it should be, for such books lack all literary qualities and rise little above the level of "books of the play." This book especially is an example of perfunctory dulness.

No favorable view of China will be derived from Mr. Henry Milner Rideout's "Dragon Blood" (Houghton Mifflin Company). It opens with plague and ends in insurrection and massacre, and the Chinese are represented as wholly undesirable persons. There is much grim "realism" in the story, but the reader will be interested in the loves and the exploits of the young men and young women who are involved and in the various curious characters that the author describes with much vividness. Perhaps in fact the East may not be so inscrutable as the writers of romance choose to make it and the Chinatowns of San Francisco and New York not so fathomless as the seekers for Bohemia imagine, but why inquire into that when they present such convenient material for mystery and horror to writers of fiction?

Entertaining and amusing is Mr. Henry Kitchell Webster's "A King in Khaki" (Appletons). The title is unfortunate, for it gives no idea of the story. This deals chiefly with the struggles of a virtuous young administrator against the efforts of a conscienceless millionaire to cheat the stockholders of a company of what is due to them. The scene, however, is placed for the greater part on an island off the Guiana coast, and the incidents, however improbable, are highly dramatic. The actions of the heroine will engage the reader's fancy, and even if he must deem them illogical he will care little so long as she is sure to marry the hero. If the rich men of contemporary fiction are dreadful persons, at any rate their charming daughters make up for them.

It is a story of the hunt for hidden treasure in a Pacific island that Mr. William Wallace Cook tells in "A Quarter to Four." It is naturally exciting in a way and retains the reader's interest. No serious hindrances interfere with the finding of the treasure, and the various misadventures which the hero meets with seem due to his own carelessness. His leniency to the chief villain is inexplicable as well as costly, and the author is equally lenient at the end. The literary quality of the book is very slight.

There is a story in every one of the sixteen tales that Mr. Robert Aitken tells in "Beyond the Skyline" if the reader has the patience to read them. The point, however, is obscured by the author's effort to be impressionistic and emphatic, and occasionally he deviates rather disastrously into humor. The result is a marked sense of artificiality which arouses regret for stories that would have been good if told with sincerity.

"The Buck-Jumper," by Nat Gould, is the latest of Nat Gould's popular sporting novels, as a writer of which the author has become justly famous. Mr. Gould has written over a dozen sporting stories, all clean, healthy, and wholesome, which is saying much in these days of so prolific a supply of nauseating neurotic nonsense. The action of "The Buck-Jumper" is in the land of the Golden Fleece, and while reading it one seems to inhale the breezy atmosphere of Australian life. Some of the sporting incidents are quite thrilling, and the reader can, with but little aid from imagination, believe he sees the race. There is a pretty theme running through the book, which gives that one touch of human interest which makes the whole world akin. "The Buck-Jumper" is well worthy of perusal.

Those who are familiar with Carolyn Wells' verses, and there are few who art not more or less so, for she is a very prolific writer and her verses appear in many of the leading magazines, will be glad to welcome her latest little book, "The Rubaiyat of Bridge." It is one of those joyous little books whose only mission is to make people laugh. It consists of a series of pictures by May Wilson Preston, showing bridge players in supposedly characteristic attitudes, and each picture is described in one of Carolyn Wells' inimitable verses.

Another has been added to the long list of delightful travel books, "One Irish Summer," consists of a series of entertaining sketches of Ireland and the Irish. Mr. William Eleroy Curtis, it's author, is to be congratulated on the comprehensive view he has given of the new Ireland. The book is beautifully illustrated.

The second and final volume of T. J. Wise's "Bibliography of the Writings of Alfred, Lord Tennyson," has just left the hands of the printer. As the work is intended for private circulation only, collectors must make up their minds to wait for a lucky chance. The two volumes, says "The Pall Mall Gazette," make "a handsome combination of 570 pages of a tall, octave size, and are printed in the best manner of the Ashley Press. The work is rich in facsimile pages, reproducing the poet's MS., corrections, title pages of first editions, and passages which have for some reasons or other been suppressed.

A series of educational books projected by the Houghton Mifflin Company will be known as the "Riverside Educational Monographs." This series, the first volume of which has just appeared, will be edited by Dr. Henry Suzzallo, of Teachers' College, Columbia University. "Education for Efficiency" is the title of a volume by President Eliot of Harvard which is to be published soon.

One of the most attractively published books that have recently appeared is "Assisi of St. Francis," by Mrs. Robert Goff, illustrated by Col. R. Goff. One cannot avoid wishing that the means of the public were sufficient to warrant all good books being given a similar treatment. In the first place, it is necessary to say something regarding the subject of this book. It consists largely of an account of the life of St. Francis of Assisi, the founder of the Franciscan Order. The life of St. Francis, in itself, is of such interest that it provides sufficient for the foundation of a good book, but in this case the interest is increased by a description of the town of Assisi and a narrative of its history of strife and religion. One cannot avoid feeling in this case that the story is told with a little too much of religious fervor. It is not essential to the splendid romance of the story of St. Francis that one's intelligence should be given such difficult feats as the acceptance of some of the miracles related in the book with fervent and implied faith.

It would seem as though very little new could be written about any phase of the life of Napoleon the Great, but Edward L. Andrews in his volume on Napoleon and America has chosen the least known aspect of the Emperor's career, and in so doing has made a contribution to the subject that is of undoubted historic value. Though the effect of the great personality of this man was less directly noticeable on America than on the countries of Europe, the influence was none the less there, and the author treats this phase of the subject with a good deal of skill, and shows how profound were the forces that almost overwhelmed Europe, and whose echo had no little effect on the history of a continent across the sea.

A book of undoubted interest and importance has just been published by Cassell & Co., London. Its author is Maclaw Gasiorowski, and under the title "Tragic Russia," he gives a resume of later Russian history of intense dramatic power, it is indeed a tragic volume. It is in the shape of a short history of the rulers of Russia from the days of "Bloody Ivan" to the present day, and the efforts of various bodies—Reformers, Nihilists, revolutionists and many other secret societies—to obtain for their country representative government, or, at least something to take the place of the autocracy that has kept it in a continuous state of turmoil, suffering and discontent. From first to last it is a story of misdoing, terror and unhappiness. Conditions in Turkey and the countries over which the Turk holds sway have for generations aroused the sympathies of English-speaking people, but it is doubtful if Russia should not hold the palm for all that the civilization of more enlightened nations cry out against. From time to time in recent years the veil has been lifted and the outside world has had glimpses of horrors perpetrated in the name of law and order that have caused sympathetic expressions for the people of that unhappy land—but no more, for Russia is still a mighty power, not to be dictated to by outsiders, and for political and military reasons retaining the friendship of several powers. Responsible men — journalists, authors and travellers— have aided in these "lifting of the veils"; their testimony is not to be gainsaid, and it gives additional weight to the book, which, bitterly unsparing as its language is in regard to successive rulers, and those who, as in the case of the present Czar, have surrounded them and practically worked their own will to the ill of the people, bears the impress of truth.

FINDS HIS WORK A PLEASURE NOW

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED THE POSTMASTER'S KIDNEY DISEASE.

Alberta Man Tells How His Troubles Vanished When He Used the Old Reliable Kidney Remedy.

Scona, Alta., May 7.—(Special.)—"I can now do all my work without pain and with pleasure." Those are the words of Postmaster Andrew B. Nelson of this place. As all the postmaster's friends knew, he has been troubled with kidney disease for several years' past, and has been doing everything in his power to find a cure for it. He has found the cure. It is Dodd's Kidney Pills. "Yes, I tried all kinds of medicines for my kidney trouble," the postmaster joyfully states. "None of them seemed to do me any good till I commenced to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. Two boxes of them cured me completely. I highly recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills to all sufferers from kidney disease. I would not be without them."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all diseases of the kidneys, from backache to Bright's disease. They also cure all diseases caused by disordered kidneys failing to strain the impurities out of the blood. That's why they cure dropsy, rheumatism, and heart disease. If you haven't tried them yourself ask your neighbors about them.

IRELAND AND THE TARIFF; HAROLD COX ON PROTECTION

Noted English M. P. Tells How Irish Trade Was Destroyed in the Past—Advises the Irish to Cling to the Present Fiscal Policy.

Mr. Harold Cox, M. P., recently delivered an address on "Ireland's Interest in Free Trade," at the Plunkett House, Merrion Square, Dublin. Sir Horace Plunkett presided, and briefly introduced the lecturer.

Mr. Cox, in the course of his address, said that the common Irish view was that England had profited by free trade and that Ireland had lost. "I hold," said Mr. Cox, "that view to be absolutely unsound." What was true was this, that in a former period England had used her power to destroy Irish industries. That was a fact which no Englishman could deny, and of which every Englishman ought to be ashamed. But it was not a recent fact. It occurred in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. Mr. Cox dealt with the treatment of the Irish cattle industry in the seventeenth century and of the woollen industry at a later period. He enumerated the various acts which were used to injure Irish trade, and said: "The point I want to make is this, that these brutal acts were not the work of a free trade England, but the work of a protectionist England, and they could not have been the work of a free trade England because they are absolutely in defiance of free trade policy and principles." He then dealt with the events which led up to the repeal of the corn laws, and asked as a matter of fact, did the Irish people enjoy the benefit of the protection which existed before that period? He quoted, as an answer to that, words uttered by Daniel O'Connell in 1844, in which he alluded to the smallness of the wages which existed in Ireland, some laborers working at 4d. per day, and very little employment even at those wages. "The real meaning of protection, therefore," said O'Connell, "is robbery of the poor by the rich." Mr. Cox went on to say that the final cause which led to the abolition of the corn laws was the starvation of Ireland. Every one knew that since then there had been an immense increase in the standard of living, but it was pointed out that since then there were fewer people in Ireland. That was perfectly true; but could anyone tell him of any agricultural community in the world in which there were not fewer now than before? Even in France, a protected country, the rural population had declined, and the urban had increased and was increasing. In Germany the purely rural population had increased very slightly, while the urban was increasing very rapidly, and even in the eastern states of Canada the rural population had declined. It was the same all the world over, and no corn laws would say it.

The Way To Increase Population.

His belief was that the decrease in rural population was due to the fact that they were using machinery. Therefore, he held that no country could increase its population except by the establishment of manufactories. They would find that what they were asking was that they should be at liberty to put a protective barrier against imports into Ireland, but simultaneously they were to have liberty to go on exporting their agricultural produce into England while getting protection against the rest of the world. "My belief is," he said, "that Irishmen have too much sense of fair play to ask for such a double protection, and I think most of them have too much political shrewdness to think they will ever get it." (Laughter and applause.) He went on to say that the 38,000,000 of the people of Great Britain would never allow their food to be taxed for the benefit of the Irish farmer and at the same time allow their manufactures to be taxed for the benefit of Irish manufacturers. Ireland might be viewed from two points of view in this matter; first, as an isolated fiscal unit, or fiscally as part of the United Kingdom. Taking Ireland first as an isolated fiscal unit, putting on her own tariff, and responsible to herself alone, how would things work out? His first point was that Ireland was a small country, and, therefore, Ireland must have the relatively large trade. Therefore, at the outset they saw it would be prima facie unwise to put obstacles in the way of that trade, for it must be relatively the larger portion of Irish activity. The United States was so big that it did not matter what fiscal system they had. There was plenty of trade over all that gigantic area. It was the same way with the German Empire.

What Has Ireland To Protect?

But assuming that Ireland was regarded as an isolated fiscal unit, the question he wanted to ask was, What would they protect? He had asked that question in England of tariff "reformers," and he never had been able to get an answer. They could have no protection without an increase of prices, so that in the long run it was broadly true that the increased cost of producing would have to be paid by the consumer. He believed that people were only protectionists because it is so much easier to see one plus than a multitude of minuses. Would they protect the wheat crop? The climate of Ireland was not suitable to produce wheat as compared with oats, and the imports of wheat were five and a half millions sterling in the year, as compared with sixty-one millions sterling of oats. Under such conditions, if protection was to be of any efficacy it was not a paltry duty of 2s. that would have to be adopted. They would want 20s or 30s at least to divert the capital from some other industry into the wheat-growing one. Who was going to pay this duty —the peasant, or the artisan in the towns and the shopkeeper? All these people, who had at present much of this world's goods, were going to be taxed on a staple article of food to encourage an artificial industry. Was that the proposal of the tariff "reformers" of Ireland? The effect of that would be to undo a good deal of the progress already achieved, and the people would be driven back again from wheaten bread to Indian meal. But next they would have to put a duty on maize, and also on other foodstuffs, and therefore they would have not only to tax the food of the people, but the food of the cattle. Was it seriously proposed to put a new tax on the raw material of the farmer's industry, and, if so, how were they to benefit the great agricultural export industry which the farmers of Ireland had built up—the cattle industry? As to bacon, some people held it to be a serious crime that certain Irishmen should import American bacon, instead of using bacon produced at home. He could not see why they should not do this. If they were going to have protection for manufacturers, the farmer would have to pay more for his clothing, furniture, tools, candles, machinery, and everything else that he used. Was he going to profit by that? The farmer's business was an export industry, and if they taxed him upon everything he used they made it more difficult to him to compete in the markets of the world.

The Four Points Argued.

They had been told that the mills had disappeared from the countryside because of free trade. It was not because of free trade. It was because of machinery, because now the mills were located at the ports, where they were conveniently fed by various kinds of corn. He held, then, that Ireland, looked at as a fiscally isolated country, could only lose by a system of protection. Politically the ideal was impossible of attainment, because it was quite certain that England would never permit an independent Ireland to set up tariffs against her. Then they would have the eighteenth century again. Therefore, leaving that hypothesis as unworkable, he took the second hypothesis, viz., assuming Ireland to be fiscally part fo the United Kingdom, the first point he had to make was that it was fairly certain under these circumstances that the common tariff was most likely to be determined to suit the needs of the predominant partner. Here were four points on which the matter was argued, viz., retaliation, colonial preference, protection for home industries, and broadening the basis of taxation. The last was the least important of all from the Irish point of view, as Ireland could not benefit by it. Had Irish agriculture anything to gain from a system of retaliation? There were no foreign markets that the Irish farmer wanted to have forked open for him. The bulk of his market was with Great Britain. Could he gain anything from colonial preference? He thought not, because he would look at colonial preference very much as the English looked at it. The attitude of Ireland towards colonial industry might, he thought, be inferred from the reluctance of Irishmen to welcome with enthusiasm the suggestion that Canadian cattle should be brought free into Ireland. He thought the prohibition on foreign stores was right, because he saw no other way of securing that cattle should be free from disease. As to the linen trade, he pointed out that in Ireland the linen trade, as compared with foreign countries, was more than holding its own, and in face of a tariff of 60 per cent in America they were doing a large business with that country. As regards "dumping," he thought it was the one form of foreign production that was profitable to us. It was the next best thing to getting the goods for nothing. As to cotton, there was no duty that they could possibly conceive that would benefit the cotton industry of Lancashire, and if Ireland did not supply the workers of Lancashire with food Ireland would suffer greatly.

The Only Way To Add To a Country's Wealth.

In conclusion, he said: "I venture to think that Englishmen treat Ireland very well. I am sure that, politically speaking, the majority of Englishmen wish to treat Irishmen very well, but when you get into a difference of morals—(laughter)—and necessarily so, because a man has to live by his business, and he must look at his business from the business point of view. It is quite certain that if we had a protectionist system in the United Kingdom the predominant partner would take care to work that system in the interests of the predominant partner. For these reasons I think Irishmen would do wisely to weigh well the risks they would run under a protectionist system. At present they enjoy complete commercial liberty. They can establish what industries they like, and draw on the world for the machinery and materials they require. Under protection Irishmen's industry would be at the mercy of the Parliamentary majority at Westminster, a majority necessarily ignorant, and possibly corrupt. (Laughter.) What all of us want to do is to add to the wealth of Ireland, and you cannot add to the wealth of any country by taxing things which its people consume. "The only way to add to the wealth of a country is to teach the people to make wise use of their own faculty and the national resources around them." (Applause.)

AEROPLANES FOR SOCIETY FOLK

The Upper Circles Want to Get Higher Still.

Aviation appears likely to become a fad with the men and women of the leisure classes of Europe, says the Chicago Record-Herald, and it naturally follows that smart society on this side of the water will take to it as a diversion if the aristocrats set the fashion. Italian society, a cablegram states, has been so interested by the Wright exhibitions at Rome as to indicate that aeroplaning will become the popular craze.

Once the aeroplane breaks into society inventors no longer will have to depend on the war spirit of Governments to bring financial reward for genius and personal risk. The favor of Mars is no more to be coveted than that of the goddess of fads and fashions. If King Edward, who has seen the Wright machine in flight and evinced a great interest in it, were to order an aeroplane for his personal use the craze would spread like wildfire. But as his majesty is advanced in years and weight to a point where he probably prefers to take his sports involving exceptional risk vicariously, we are not likely to see any royal flying in that quarter. But younger and more daring lights among the aristocracy can create a fad that will keep flying machine factories working day and night for some time to come. It really looks as if the popular stage in aeroplaning might arrive much sooner than expected.

The development of the aeroplane scarcely has gotten beyond the point where ordinary mortals regard the aviator with something akin to awe, and it therefore must surprise many to learn that some 200 women of the "upper classes" have importuned Wilbur Wright to give them a ride in his machine. High society wants to get higher still, and there is nothing for it to do but take to the clouds. So watch out for red and yellow devils of the air and aeroplanes waiting at the stage doors. The fad once started will follow the usual channels. "Joy riders" soon will be seeking substitutes for open bridges and lamp-posts in the altitudes above terra firma.

THE STORY OF OLIVER GOLDSMITH

His Checkered Life Before He Found His True Vocation.

It would be difficult to find the person, or any intellectual standing whatever, who could admit, without a blush, that he had never read "The Traveler," "The Deserted Village," and "The Vicar of Wakefield."

Yet right up to the time of the publication of "The Traveler," his closest friends, doubtless, had not the faintest hopes of Goldsmith ever amounting to anything as an author, or as anything else!

Born in 1728, he graduated, at about 20, with slim honors at Trinity College, Dublin, and forthwith began casting about him for something to do. Not that he was at all anxious to be at work, for a lazier man than Oliver Goldsmith never drew the breath of life.

In rapid turn the young graduate tried six professions—theology, teaching, emigrating, law, medicine and wandering—in all of which he got but his labor for his pains.

He might have been given a church had he presented himself to the bishop in befitting raiment, but when he came before that staid and dignified personage all decked out in scarlet and gold, looking more like a circus poster than a candidate for holy orders, he was most unceremoniously turned down.

As a teacher he was a failure, owing to the fact that, so soon as he had gotten together a few pounds, he would leave the "young ideas" to do their own "shooting" while he was having a "good time" in the company of his friends at some hostelry.

After one of his good times Goldsmith resolved to emigrate to America. But while entertaining some friends the vessel on which he had secured his passage sailed and his emigrating scheme flashed in the pan.

The fund for the study of the law was duly furnished by a loving uncle, but it was spent for more "good times" and so ended the law venture.

From law Goldsmith turned to medicine and surgery. He was what might have been called a "select" practitioner. He remarked one day to an old acquaintance: "I make it a rule to prescribe only for my friends," whereupon the acquaintance replied: "For God's sake, my dear doctor, alter your rule and prescribe only for your enemies." As a bone-sawer and pill-vender the ugly little Irishman was a flat failure.

And what next? Well," said he, "I'll take my flute and make my living as a strolling player," and off he went, wandering over Europe. Through Germany, Switzerland, France and Italy he tramped on and played his flute, reaching home after a two years' pilgrimage, footsore, ragged and penniless.

And then what?

In the black sky of his "night-time" of sorrow and care he saw a star, and in the light of that star he read his true destiny—he would write! write!

True, he was densely ignorant, but that made no difference. "If he can tell a horse from a cow, that is the extent of his knowledge of zoology," declared Dr. Johnson And history? Well, did he not, while writing his history of Greece, come very near making Alexander the Great fight a battle with Montezuma? Nevertheless he would be a pen-wielder, for, though every one knew he "talked like poor Poll," it was yet to be demonstrated that he could "write like an angel"—could write in a way to make the world love him, and love him forever.

SALT AS A PANACEA.

Salt can almost be regarded as a panacea, so many and varied are its uses.

We are told that it cleanses the palate and furred tongue, and a gargle of salt and water is often efficacious.

A pinch of salt on the tongue, followed ten minutes afterward by a drink of cold water, often cures a sick headache. It hardens gums, makes teeth white and sweetens the breath.

Cut flowers may be kept fresh by adding salt to the water.

Weak ankles should be rubbed with a solution of salt, water and alcohol.

Bad colds, hay fever and kindred affections may be much relieved by using fine dry salt like snuff.

Dyspepsia, heartburn and indigestion are relieved by a cup of hot water in which a small spoonful of salt has been melted.

Salt and water will sometimes revive an unconscious person when hurt if brandy or other remedies are not at hand. Hemorrhage from tooth pulling is stopped by filling the mouth with salt and water.

Weak and tired eyes are refreshed by bathing with warm water and salt.

Many public speakers and singers use a wash of salt and water before and after using the voice, as it strengthens the organs of the throat.

Salt rubbed into the scalp or occasionally added to the water in washing prevents the hair falling out.

Feathers uncurled by damp weather are quickly dried by shaking over a fire in which salt has been thrown.

Salt should always be eaten with nuts, and a dessert fruit salt should be specially made.—The Family Doctor.

Since King Edward's visit to Berlin there has been practically no demand for international war risks. That is the report of the experts.

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DOMINION ..	May 22,	June 26,	July 31
MEGANTIC		July 3,	Aug. 7
OTTAWA	May 29,	July 10,	Aug. 14
VANCOUVER			June 5

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TRAVELERS' GUIDE

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Corrected to January 10, 1909.

Arrive from the east—*3:48 a.m., 10:53 a.m., *11:12 a.m., *11:28 a.m., *6:30 p.m. *8:00 p.m., 10:10 p.m.

Arrive from the west—*12:09 a.m., *3:35 a.m., *11:28 a.m., 1:10 p.m., *4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—*12:14 a.m., *3:40 a.m., 7:30 a.m., 9:00 a.m., *11:33 a.m., 2:05 p.m., *4:25 p.m., *5:52 p.m.

Depart for the west—*3:50 a.m., 7:40 a.m., *11:18 a.m., *11:43 a.m., 1:40 p.m., *3:18 p.m.

LONDON AND WINDSOR.

Arrive—10:25 a.m., 4:50 p.m. *6:50 p.m., 11:00 p.m.

Depart—6:35 a.m., *11:35 a.m., 2:20 p.m., *8:10 p.m.

STRATFORD BRANCH.

Arrive—*3:25 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 1:33 p.m., 6:45 p.m., 11:25 p.m.

Depart—6:00 a.m., 10:26 a.m., 2.43 p.m., 4:55 p.m.

LONDON, HURON AND BRUCE.

Arrive—10:10 a.m., 6:10 p.m.

Depart—8:30 a.m., 4:50 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday.

PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Depart—5:40 a.m., *7:10 a.m., 9:43 a.m., 2:30 p.m., *3:40 p.m.

Arrive—8:45 a.m., *12:20 p.m., 1:50 p.m., 4:40 p.m., *9:20 p.m.

* To and from Walkerville, without change. Trains not "starred" to Port Stanley.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Arrive—6:55 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 5:10 p.m., 9:50 p.m.

Depart—7:15 a.m., 2:20 p.m., 5:35 p.m., 10:25 p.m.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Arrive from the east—*11:30 a.m., 8:00 p.m., *10:52 p.m. From the west—*4:30 a.m., †8:35 a.m., *5:20 p.m.

Depart for the east—*4:40 a.m., 8:43 a.m., *5:28 p.m. For the west—*11:38 a.m., †8:10 p.m., *11:00 p.m.

Trains marked * run daily. Those not marked, daily, except Sunday. †From Chatham only. ‡To Chatham only.

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New York—London Direct.

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Royal Mail Steamers.
Montreal — Quebec—Liverpool (Summer).
Portland—Liverpool Direct (Winter).

LEYLAND LINE.
Boston-Liverpool Direct, sailing Wed'days

RED STAR LINE.
New York—Dover—Antwerp.

WHITE STAR LINE.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
N. Y.—Plymouth—Cherbourg—S'hampton.
Boston—Queenstown—Liverpool.
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The Thought Exchange

A COLUMN FOR WOMEN.

The remark of Dr. Samson, regarding slovenly English—although having no apparent relation to the "Annuities Bill," which he exploits so ably—set me thinking of the slovenly methods of life in general, and wondering if, after all, it had not a very great bearing upon pauperism. Dr. Samson spoke affectionately of the dignity of our language, and one could imagine the positive pain with which he had listened to such a remark as "You bet your life, I'll keep that chump chewing the rag for a little while yet." This, from the lips of a young woman!

The habits of life are co-related with success or failure more nearly than at first glance would seem possible. Because some have succeeded in spite of illiterate speech and defective grammar, we need not think all will be so fortunate.

Let me tell you of a young man with a high school education, who in applying for a position, wrote "I would of gone." Needless to say, the vacancy was not filled by that young graduate. This was a case of rank carelessness and lack of observation. The trained eye, and the ear that can detect euphony of sound, need not, and will not, commit errors of this sort, even though the doors of learning have never swung behind him.

To return to the young man. Years passed, and, being of handsome personal appearance and good address, social life opened before him. Family status gave him superior advantages. A young heiress came to visit in the home of his married sister, and by this time he was well past 30, and desirous of matrimony. All went merry as a marriage bell. The heiress seemed impressed with his charm of manner, and although but a clerk in a monetary institution, had she not enough for both? A sudden telegram called the young lady home before the actual proposal and acceptance had taken place. Then began a correspondence, and, presto, what a change? The first letter received by her from the lover, although written in an excellent hand, was glaring in defective phrasing and diction. The old error, "I would of gone," bulked largely in the eyes of the girl. Mortified and angry, she closed the correspondence, and told a friend that she had no intention of marrying an illiterate man. Her decision added one more to the list of bachelors.

* * *

All of which brings us to the many places in life where we make or mar our own fortunes. And it may be wise to heed Dr. Samson's advice and consider the annuity scheme rather than look for a rich husband to keep us in old age. It may not be a mis-spelled word or ungrammatical sentence that makes our plans "gang aft aglee." It may be a gaping waist-band, a soiled collar, a run-down shoe, or an untidy home, as in the case of the blind man who chose to select his wife by running his hand along the edge of the kitchen table to see (?) if it were greasy.

* * *

"Your stationery places you," said a friend by marriage, as I sat in her library one day last summer and began writing a business letter. "Wait and I will get you something better than that," she said, as I insisted that it was only a business letter, and that the stationery was good enough. Since then I have acquired the habit—as slang expressively has it, "Get the habit"—of using good stationery for everything personal, and how it costs! It is like wearing ten-dollar hats, when you have hitherto worn six or four-dollar creations. Go into a store where good chapeaus are on sale, and your taste becomes so cultured, after an hour's trial of this and that artistic combination, that you can never go back to the cheap and garish ones.

* * *

is a far cry from Dr. Samson to h, and I see a yawning chasm between feminine expenditure and old-age pensions, for how is one to lay by even the shilling a week which the good doctor advised, if each year we find personal expenditure, mounting as it has into absurd figures?

* * *

Do we receive as much for our money or present a more attractive appearance than in former years, no sane woman would complain, but we do not. Into the pockets of the manufacturer goes the surplus.

It is well-known saying among business men, that if so-and-so has not made money during the past five years, there is something wrong.

This is specially true of the manufacturer. The middlemen claim they are not doing so well as when prices were lower, we have our doubts of this. When the hat and suit modiste has us poor women, is in the sudden manner with which the general contour is changed. We are perfectly satisfied when we purchase an expensive hat that with a little alteration it will see two seasons. On bringing it to light next year, we fall back with a gasp, for no amount of furbishing will make us look like other women in a passe shape, no matter how smart the trimming may be which we place upon it.

* * *

We were driving along a country road one beautiful autumn day with a friend. It was when low phaetons were in use. We had been discussing husbands, and as my companion, who was driving turned aside to avoid a stone, as all good drivers will, she remarked, "Now to emphasize my point, and use an illustration which has just occurred to me, my husband always guides the domestic coach in such a manner as to drive over as few stones as possible, thus making the journey of life as free from jar as may be.

"Yes," she said, with a sudden brightening of her whole countenance, "I can safely say that every stone which would hurt my feet has been removed from my path."

* * *

"When I was a boy, old men were in fashion; now that I am an old man, young men are in fashion." This is somewhat the attitude of many who find life not going to suit them. It came to my mind when I heard of a woman who complained that her children all had blue eyes, when she always had liked black eyes best. That she "never wanted to live in a small town—the city was her style; but, of course, she would have to remain in this old place." That "men should not have the right to choose the wife, but the wife the husband," and that "it always rained when she gave a garden party." If we cannot have what we like, to like what we have is sane philosophy, and that way points to happiness. But what is the use in giving advice, "there are none so blind as they who will not see."

* * *

Correspondence

H. R. S.—Do not be too severe on the person who does not tell the truth. Remember, Let him who is without sin cast the first stone."

I think it was Ian MacLaren who wrote such an interesting article on the subject of "Truthfulness in Women." He thought they lacked this quality in larger proportion than men, and that the higher woman rose in the social scale, the greater was her want of veracity. I have the article somewhere, and will look it up, and tell you just what he did say on a subject so important. If heaven lies about us in our infancy, then romance floods our very soul in youth. Many young people are not content to wait for adventure, which is sure to come, but must needs start out in search of it. Such an one was Florence Kinrade. That she has "come a cropper" is not surprising, seeing that her pace was so swift. If all the girls who have used fictitious names in correspondence were lined up, there would be a fine array. Remember, I do not sanction such doings; but I know of one very happy marriage. A young girl married a struggling law student, who is now one of the first judges in the land, and neither husband nor wife regret the matrimonial device which brought them together; but it is risky, and I by no means condone it. The other view is this, What a pity that truthfulness, which is a great adornment, should be little taught in the present day in the home.

I remember making the somewhat vigorous and righteous statement not long since, that I had never told a direct lie in my life. A learned and aged professor was present, and smiled humorously, as he said: "Unless the present occasion is the first." No one is really truthful unless all their actions—and we lay very great stress upon actions—as well as words, can bear the most searching investigation. Who can stand before this?

* * *

A reader of The Advertiser is most anxiously inquiring, "Is there a chapter of the 'Daughters of the Empire,' composed exclusively of the descendants of the United Empire Loyalists living in this city? And if not, could such an one not be formed? Also where could she procure literature which would give information regarding the U. E. Loyalists. She is anxious to trace her grandfather and great-grandfather. Will some London daughter address this column, care of "Betty," next week? It may be that Mr. Carson, the librarian, can give the latter information, if so will he reply by letter to the "Thought Exchange."

* * *

W. G. O.—Those who collect old clothes for their proteges should bear in mind Fanny Brough, the English actress, who at a recent meeting of the Theatrical Ladies' Guild, of which she is president, said that she had become a nuisance to her male friends, owing to her greed for their cast-off garments. A short time ago she overheard two ladies discussing her, and one said: "Does she not go in for an old clothes shop?" Being told that such was not the case, the lady added, "At any rate, she is a funny lot." Fanny Brough has a "Poor People's Guild.

* * *

DOLLY.—If skillful with your needle you can make lovely curtains for your room at small expense—but, remember, you must be skillful, or they will not be fit—for the scrapbag.

A woman who hasn't a clear idea of color and who hasn't the inborn knack of getting things right with scissors and needle should turn the work over to the woman who has this power. Many a seamstress has it whose work costs little.

Separate borders can be bought at the large shops with surprising ease by the woman who knows how to root out the artistic thing. They do not come for curtains, as a rule, but they serve admirably.

The foundation color is usually deep tinted, although some good patterns can be got with the foundation in natural crash tones. These are usually the best to work on. They go so well with almost any other cover.

The designs on these borders are Egyptian, Byzantine or whatever name suits best these formal lines in vivid colors.

They can be put at the sides, bottom and top of short, narrow curtains, and one is surprised at the effect.

They not only make an old curtain of use, but they give it new character and style.

These borders can be used as a plain or pleated valance. This fashion has widely returned in decorating rooms, and, although it keeps out light to a certain extent, it gives finish to the top of the window.

Often the effect without a valance is bare. This is especially so when the window jamb is deep and wide.

There is another fashion of using ten-inch borders across the tops of windows and down the sides with pane curtains that are set deep in the window embrasure against the glass.

CURES CATARRH

Stomach dosing was found ineffective, and the principle of inhalation was finally perfected. Even the Romans and ancient Greeks used it, but not in the scientific manner that the physician prescribes today. The most wonderful results have been secured with a new treatment known as "Catarrhozone," which sends germ-destroying vapors directly into the air passages of the nose, throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs.

RICH, PURE ESSENCES ARE BREATHED RIGHT TO THE SPOTS THAT ARE SICK. CURE FOLLOWS.

Catarrhozone proves especially good in those chronic cases where mucus drops down the throat, sickens the stomach, and pollutes the breath. When the nostrils are stuffed, only a few breaths through the inhaler are needed to clear the passages, and where there is coughing and sore bronchial tubes, the soothing, healing properties of Catarrhozone act almost as magic.

Once you stop taking medicine into the stomach and get the healing oils and pure balsams of Catarrhozone at work you can be sure of quick and lasting cure for nose colds, catarrh, weak lungs, bronchitis, and speaker's sore throat.

Catarrhozone

Beware of imitations. Three sizes, 25c, 50c, and $1, the latter being guaranteed. Sold by all dealers in medicine, or by mail from the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

SANTAL-MIDY
Standard remedy for Gleet, Gonorrhoea and Runnings IN 48 HOURS. Cures Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
MIDY

ANNIE OAKLEY

The World's Greatest Lady Rifle Shot

Uses and Recommends

NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE

***The* Original Remedy That Kills the Dandruff Germ**

"Travelling as I do continuously, I have been troubled a great deal with dandruff and falling hair, and until I tried Herpicide I never found a remedy that was satisfactory.

Herpicide is a delightful preparation that fulfills the claims made for it, and no lady's toilet is complete without it. I highly recommend it to my friends."

(Signed) ANNIE OAKLEY.

It is certainly significant that Miss Oakley, the celebrated rifle shot and theatrical star, who has travelled so extensively abroad, should choose Newbro's Herpicide as the most efficacious toilet remedy for the scalp. No one will doubt her opportunity to choose the best and those who have seen the natty and winsome Miss Oakley, will not doubt her power of discrimination in matters of this sort.

Newbro's Herpicide is a scientific germicide and prophylactic for the hair and scalp. It destroys the germ or microbe that causes dandruff, itching scalp and falling hair, after which the hair will grow as nature intended, except in cases of incurable baldness. Extraordinary results sometimes follow the continued use of Newbro's Herpicide.

If your hair is dull, brittle or lustreless, don't wait until it begins to fall, but save and beautify it with Newbro's Herpicide. In addition to its wonderful medicinal qualities, Newbro's Herpicide is the daintiest and most delightfully refreshing hair dressing available. The first application proves its goodness. Try it.

Herpicide contains no grease, it will not stain or dye

STOPS ITCHING OF THE SCALP ALMOST INSTANTLY.

Send 10 cents in stamps to The Herpicide Company, Dept. 18, Detroit, Mich., for samples and booklet. One-dollar bottles guaranteed. At Drug stores. When you call for Herpicide do not accept a substitute. Applications at prominent barber shops.

C. McCALLUM & CO., Corner Dundas and Richmond Streets,
ANDERSON & NELLES, 268 Dundas Street, SPECIAL AGENTS

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY AT BOTH STORES

SEASICKNESS TO BE ABOLISHED

The Gyroscope Will Reduce Or Stop the Roll of Vessels.

Is the roll of the ages about to be abolished? An adaptation of the gyroscope has been made that promises to put a stop to the side-to-side motion of the vessels at sea. If perfected it will do away with seasickness and the shipping of heavy seas, and will enable gunners to shoot accurately. Billiard-balls and the noon meal in the salon will behave as on land. The deck will resemble a middle western prairie, while waves are foaming impotently over the erect and steady side. Storms will become legendary, and special prayer for those that go down to the sea in ships will be obsolete.

Some of that will be a long time coming. But some of it has already come. The gyroscope is an apparatus which heretofore by means of a mighty flywheel sucks up and fights the motion from side to side of the body to which it is attached. Already, R. M. S. Lochiel, plying from Bunessan to Tiree, on the Scotch coast, has diminished her roll from eighteen degrees to about six degrees. She is a vessel of 443 tons displacement, and her gyroscope weighs seven tons. She is close to being stable, even in a severe storm; and in certain ports, riding at anchor, she is used as a dock to which the little lighters, dancing on the waves, tie up, and from which live stock may be safely landed.

Such a gyroscope as successfully operates on the Lochiel is being installed on a Hamburg-American coastwise liner at a cost of about $37,500.

A distant relative of Admiral Sperry's, an electrical experimenter of high professional standing, Elmer A. Sperry, has turned from the European "passive" gyroscope and theorized along new lines. His invention is being installed on a model of one of the new battleships. The navy department is co-operating with him in his experiments. His is the "active" gyroscope, and therein differs from all former adaptations of the flywheel and rotary idea. His instrument is able to impart control impulses in any given direction in rapid succession. The swing of the European gyroscope is that obtained from the comparatively small angle of motion of the ship itself. The Sperry gyroscope gains a full angle swing, as it functions independently of the motion of the ship. More simply stated, the ship must rock to make the European gyroscope operate. In the Sperry gyroscope, external power for developing control is largely derived from the oscillating parts of the machine itself. It develops more powerful impulses with which to fight the rolling ship, and it is far lighter in weight than the European model. It makes up in activity what is lost in weight.

If this instrument shall indeed hold a vessel on a steady keel, ocean travel will lose many of its insecurities.—Collier's Weekly.

MINARD'S LINIMENT RELIEVES NEURALGIA.

SUCCESS AFTER FAILURE

HONORE DE BALZAC

By Rev. Thomas B. Gregory.

In the literature of France, if not in that of the world, Balzac is supreme, standing quite alone in his unapproached and unapproachable excellence.

There is that in Balzac to remind us of Dickens, and yet Balzac is as much greater than Dickens as the Amazon is greater than the Thames. In Balzac, again, we find that which makes us think of Victor Hugo; but not even Victor Hugo is so universal and multiform as Balzac.

Not in all the literature of the world, through all its ages, can "The Human Comedy" be duplicated. Here and there a writer takes his character, or little bunch of characters, and plays a very pretty tune upon them, but in "The Human Comedy" Balzac takes up all characters, from the ghoul to the saint, from the fool to the philosopher, from the beggar in his rags to the prince in his palace and the king on his throne.

"The Secretary of Society," as he fittingly called himself, Balzac left no type of man unrecorded, but drew up the inventory of every virtue and every vice."

It took this wonderful secretary of humanity a long time to find himself. Born in 1799 and dying in 1858, he had gone well beyond the halfway point between those dates before he got hold of the cue that was to lead him to his proper vocation.

He first tried the law, but it was soon made plain to him that nature had not intended him for an advocate. To be a successful advocate is, indeed, to be great, but the Old Mother had another kind of greatness in keeping for Honore de Balzac, and she put it into his head to quit his brief hunting and turn his mind in other directions.

But sometimes nature, as was the case with the old Oracles, speaks in riddles, or, to say the least, in a way that at first confuses us, and once again Balzac went off on the wrong scent.

He went into business. Now, as this world at present goes, business seems to be somewhat necessary, but it is not every man who is fitted for it. To be a successful business man on a large scale one must have quite a large brain, but some of the largest brains are quite unfitted even for the smallest business.

Hence it was that Balzac, as printer, bookseller and typefounder, proved to be such a dismal failure. He did not have the business mind. It was the round peg in the square hole, a great man trying to do something that nature never meant he should do.

After several years of honest struggle Balzac quit the business with a load of debt on his back that tormented him pretty nearly all his life.

Every really great man is at heart honest, and Balzac's debts gave him a whole lot of trouble. He wanted to pay them, and that he might be able to do so he took his pen. He wrote along all lines, wrote incessantly, wrote until even his iron frame seemed to be on the verge of collapse, but the "needful" did not show up except in the most meagre way. In his garret in the Rue Lessdiguieres he was miserable. It seemed like he was fighting the desperate, hopeless battle in which the odds were all against him.

This toil, poverty, misery, lasted for ten years—and then the mighty man, like the prodigal in the New Testament story, "came to himself," discerned his true destiny and fairly set his face toward the sunrise.

He began "The Human Comedy," the series of matchless novels which were to give him money and glory galore.

The lawyer failed, the business man failed, the hack writer failed, but the "Secretary of Society," the painter of the Great Humanity, was a miracle of success.

As lawyer, business man and hack writer, and, above all, as the desperate wanderer about the streets of the great capital, Balzac had been brought in contact with the "real things" of life, with the good and the bad, the glorious and the infamous, in human character, and now he would record it all, to the life, in his immortal stories.

Even genius must have its material to write on, and while he was making his various "failures" Balzac was, unconsciously, perhaps, at the time, laying the foundations upon which, when ready, he was to rear "The Human Comedy"—the most wonderful temple anywhere to be found in the world of letters.

LORD ROSEBERY ON ROBERT BURNS

A Speech Characterized by Sublimity of Thought and Beauty of Expression.

The history of Scotland, in the true sense, remains unwritten, says Hector Macpherson, and he thinks that Lord Rosebery is the man to write it. From both his essays and addresses he is seen to unite the characteristics that would make an ideal historian, this critic observes, adding that Lord Rosebery's studies in Scottish history lead one to the belief "that did he set himself resolutely to the task, he could produce a history of his country which in point of accuracy, catholicity, picturesqueness, and literary power, would easily outdistance all its predecessors." His catholicity of view is illustrated in his treatment of Burns, about which we read in the Bookman (London):

"His attitude to Burns is not that of the moralist ready with copybook maxims to pass stern judgment on the erring poet. No! Lord Rosebery, with the true instinct of the man of letters, lifts the controversy free of all parochialism, and views Burns as a master mind, a sublime genius in a lifelong conflict with himself and an uncongenial environment—a figure which the ecclesiastic might condemn, but the man of letters, whose function is the study of humanity, will compassionate with a regret which ever deepens into pathos. Not since Carlyle's famous essay has anything finer been said of Burns than the words uttered by Lord Rosebery in Dumfries in 1896 on the centenary of the death of the poet."

In the whole region of Burns literature the writer remembers "nothing grander in sublimity of thought, nobility of sentiment, and beauty of expression" than the following from Lord Rosebery's Burns address:

"'I should like to go a step further, and affirm that we have something to be grateful for even in the weaknesses of men like Burns. . . . Mankind is helped in its progress almost as much by the study of imperfection as by the contemplation of perfection. Had we nothing before us in our futile and halting lives but saints and the ideal, we might well fall altogether. We grope blindly along the catacombs of the world, we climb the dark ladder of life, we feel our way to futurity, but we can scarcely see an inch around or before us, we stumble and falter and fall, our hands and knees are bruised and sore, and we look up for light and guidance. Could we see nothing but distant, unapproachable impeccability, we might well sink prostrate in the hopelessness of emulation and the weariness of despair. . . . Man, after all, is not ripened by virtue alone. Were it so, this world were a paradise of angels. No! like the growth of the earth, he is the fruit of all the seasons, the accident of a thousand accidents, a living mystery, moving through the seen to the unseen. He is sown in dishonor, he is matured under all the varieties of heat and cold; in snow and vapors, in the melancholy of autumn, in the torpor of winter, as well as in the rapture and fragrance of summer or the balmy affluence of the spring, its breath, its sunshine, its dew. And at the end he is reaped—the product, not of one climate, but of all; not of good alone, but of evil; not of joy alone, but of sorrow—perhaps mellowed and ripened, perhaps stricken and withered and sour. How, then, shall we judge any one?'"

Lord Rosebery has been careless of his literary reputation, this writer thinks, else he would have his scattered speeches and orations collected and made accessible to the ordinary reader. It is observed:

"As one who has done service in other and higher spheres, Lord Rosebery's literary efforts may seem to him but sparks from the intellectual anvil. His humility is misplaced. In the field of letters he has done enduring work. His speeches, especially on historical and literary topics, do not lose their value with the passing hour. They bear the unmistakable mark of genius. They are the product of a mind which even yet is somewhat of an enigma to his countrymen."

THE WARNING DREAM.

Napoleon believed devoutly in dreams as warnings or even as forecasts of what was to come, and even he who most prides himself upon his freedom from superstition knows of or has experienced at least one dream that cannot be explained as a mere result of overfeeding. When we contemplate dreams and their ramifications, science can help us but little in their explanation. Wilkie Collins showed this to be so in one of his most ingenious novels—"Armadale."

Warning dreams, or "premonitions," may be the result of natural laws which we do not understand. Lincoln was not counted superstitious because he had some confidence in the prophetic character of one dream at least, for it visited his sleep on several occasions, and he spoke of it seriously to members of his family and to his closest friends. In telling of this vision he said he seemed to be in "a singular, indescribable vessel, but always the same, moving with great rapidity toward a dark and indefinite shore."

The dream preceded several marked incidents during his occupancy of the presidential chair, notably before the battles of Antietam, Fredericksburg and Gettysburg. The morning of the memorable April 14 he informed members of his cabinet that he had dreamed this same thing the night before, and believed that they were on the threshold of some momentous issue. So impressive were his remarks that his auditors were profoundly moved. But no seer among them could read the warning aright and foresee the awful news of his assassination which should be flashed that night to a stunned and horrified people!—New York Times.

The average girl, who has to work for her living, understands the value of money and things about her, and, with a glorious sense of independence, she is able to face the world and its troubles bravely. And later on, if fate sends her a fortune to take care of, she knows where to spend it to do most good and make most happy.

It is said that an elephant in Central Park on Monday turned on the water in a hydrant, took a drink and then shut it off.

THE ILLS OF CHILDHOOD HOW TO CURE THEM

In thousands of homes throughout Canada Baby's Own Tablets is the only medicine used when the children are ailing, and the mother who keeps this medicine on hand may feel as safe as though there was a doctor constantly in the home. Baby's Own Tablets cure all stomach and bowel troubles, break up colds, destroy worms, and make teething easy. Guaranteed free from opiates and poisonous drugs. Mrs. George Wilson, Wilson's, N. B., says: "I began using Baby's Own Tablets about five years ago, and since then have used no other medicine for my children. They never fail to bring relief, and I would advise all mothers to try them." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES
NUMBER 23 THE PRICE

PILES

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a certain and guaranteed cure for each and every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles. See testimonials in the press and ask your neighbors about it. You can use it and get your money back if not satisfied. 60c. at all dealers or EDMANSON, BATES & Co., Toronto.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT.

Feather Beds, Pillows and Mattresses renovated and sterilized; also manufacturers of Mattresses, Feather Pillows, Cushions and Spring Beds. Brass and Iron Beds, $3. Stoves, Furniture, Camp Beds, at the Feather Bed, Pillow and Mattress Cleaning Factory. J. F. HUNT & SONS, 593 Richmond street. Phone 997.

How to get a pure white loaf

THE object of all expert bakers and cooks is to make a pure white loaf

And this object is attained by the use of

PURITY FLOUR

Purity is a hard-wheat flour of decidedly superior whiteness. It bakes into a pure white loaf. So, you see, to get the really beautiful white loaf you must use PURITY hard-wheat flour.

"More Bread and better bread."

WESTERN CANADA FLOUR MILLS COMPANY
Purity
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MILITARY GOSSIP

Major-General P. N. Lake, inspector-general of the Canadian militia, will inspect the Twenty-Fifth Regiment at St. Thomas on June 18.

Lieut. W. G. Tyrrell, of Halifax, of the Royal Engineers, of the imperial army of England, who has been on loan in Canada, will shortly be transferred to this district as district engineer.

The consecration of the colors which are to be presented to the members of the St. Thomas Collegiate cadet corps by the citizens and students, will be held on June 4, and a number of London officers have received invitations to attend the ceremony. The consecration will take place in Pinafore Park, St. Thomas has one of the most efficient cadet corps in Canada. It was first organized in 1879, and has been largely attended from the commencement.

There will be five military camps in No. 1 District this season. Of these the largest will be the camp in London, and as far as can be learned at present it will be held from June 8 to June 19. The regiments that will go under canvass here are the Twenty-sixth of Middlesex, Twenty-seventh of Lambton, Twenty-eighth of Perth, Twenty-ninth of Waterloo, Thirty-third of Huron, half of K Company, R. C. R., the First Hussars, the Sixth Field Battery, the Corps of Guides, No. 1 section of the Signalling Corps, half of No. 14 Field Ambulance Unit from Sarnia, No. 15 Field Amublance Unit of London, No. 1 Company, C. A. S. A., of Guelph; No. 1 section, C. O. C., and a detachment of the C. A. P. C. Altogether there will be about 2,500 men.

An artillery camp will be held at Guelph, but the dates have not yet been arranged, and the forces that will go into camp there are the First Brigade of Canadian Field Artillery, and half of No. 14, Field Ambulance Unit of Sarnia.

The Twenty-fourth Regiment, known as "The Grey's Horse," a new regiment, will go into camp in Oxford County. The place and date have not as yet been chosen. The regiment is in command of Lieut.-Col. W. M. Davis, of Berlin.

The Thirtieth Regiment, Wellington Rifles, will go into camp also. Lieut.-Col. Allan, of Elora, will be in command. The place selected for camp has not yet been announced nor has the date.

The Thirty-second Regiment of Bruce County, will hold a camp some place in Bruce. Lieut.-Col. Hugh Clark is in command of this regiment.

The last issue of the Gazette contains the announcement that Major Hayes, reserve of officers, of London, has been transferred to the retired list.

Major P. E. Thackeray, of the Royal Canadian Mounted Rifles, has received the appointment of assistant adjutant general on the headquarters' staff at Ottawa.

Captain A. McMilan, D. S. O., has received the appointment of assistant adjutant general of the signaling corps.

The Thirty-second Regiment of Huron will have a new medical officer in camp this year in Dr. P. J. Houston, of Paisley, who has been appointed in place of Captain H. H. Sinclair, who resigned recently.

Major Shannon, of the local staff, was in Strathroy and Windsor, yesterday making the transfers of the officers of the Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh Regiments.

J. W. Johnston, of Carlow, has been appointed lieutenant in the Thirty-third Huron Regiment.

For the first time in three years the First Hussars will go into camp in London this year.

The Twenty-fifth Regiment of St. Thomas will go to Alvinston, and will be under canvas from May 22 to 24. The outing will not be so much for pleasure as to give the regiment a chance to secure actual training. At the same time the Twenty-fourth Regiment of Chatham, will go into camp for two days on the shores of Lake Erie at a spot not very far distant from Chatham. There being no ranges in Chatham the regiment will have its rifle practice while in camp.

E. M. Hiney, of this city, has accepted an appointment on the staff of military staff clerks, and will leave for Ottawa in a few days to make his headquarters there.

Sergt. A. W. Kelly, C. M. S. C., of the district staff, has been promoted to be color-sergeant.

The camps at Guelph and in Bruce, Wellington and Oxford Counties will be held sometime before June 8, or after June 30, in order that they may be inspected by the inspector-general, General Lake.

This arrangement is causing a great deal of dissatisfaction, as the period from June 8 to June 30 is the only period suitable for camps in this district, owing to agricultural conditions.

The Thirtieth and Thirty-second Regiments are greatly opposed to training at local headquarters, and there is a strong probability of their being brought to London camp.

The order for the regiments to train at local headquarters is in accordance with a recent decision of the militia council to train a certain portion of the militia in this way instead of bringing them to central camps, but from the opposition it is meeting with in this part of the country it is not likely to prove a success.

The pupils of the public schools of Waterloo have formed a cadet corps, and it is one of the largest in the province, numbering at the present time 118 members, and is still growing. The corps is in command of Lieut. D. D. Cunningham, one of the school teachers.

An order has been issued stating that the regular artillery shell practice for all batteries will be held at Petawawa between July 20 and Sept. 1. In addition to training for twelve days in the camps, each battery will have four days' practice at Petawawa.

Lieut. Anderson, formerly engineer officer of this district, and who was sent to the School of Military Engineering at Chatham, England, has completed his course of two years in military engineering and has qualified as captain.

Now that the spring drills have commenced it will be interesting for all ranks to know of the recent regulations laid down governing the training in the future. A recent general order contains the following:

Distribution of Time—The full period of twelve days will be taken up in the practice of the subjects laid down in the syllabus here given, on such days or evenings as may be found most convenient to units. In the distribution of time credit will be given according to the following scale:

(a) For an evening drill of two hours, counting from the time of falling in until after time of dismissal—half day.

(b) For a forenoon (or afternoon) drill or parade, for divine service, musketry, inspection, etc., of less than five hours' duration—half day.

(c) For a practical tactical exercise or drill of five hours' duration—one day.

The following is the syllabus mentioned in the preceding paragraph:

(1) Rifle exercises; (2) company drill, company attack, advance and rear guards, outposts; (3) Battalion drill, battalion attack; (4) musketry; (5) one obligatory practical tactical exercise or drill in the open air, of at least five hours' duration.

Inspection—Units will be practically tested at the annual inspection in (1), (2), (3), and, when practicable (5), of the above syllabus. For musketry, definite evidence will be required that each n.c.o. and man has fired the prescribed number of rounds with service ammunition, or, field ranges not being available, with miniature ammunition.

Roll Books—Company roll books must show a clear record that the number of drills for which pay is claimed have been duly performed.

Recruit drills—Recruits' drills, of which there should be at least ten, should be voluntary, no credit being claimed therefore.

Canada is to be represented in a world-wide military competition in connection with the International Horse Show to be held in London, England, this summer. Some time ago the Dominion Government was notified through the under-secretary of state of the event, and invited to send three officers and horses to compete for a gold international challenge cup, donated by King Edward and valued at $2,500. This cup is given for a jumping contest over the International Horse Show's course, and is open to teams of three officers in uniform, each team to be of one nationality. Only one team from each country is allowed to compete. It was also stated in the communication to the Government that a Canadian team could compete with teams from other parts of the British Empire for the Connaught gold challenge cup, valued at $1,000. The Dominion Government has accepted the invitation and has selected as the Canadian team, Capt. Douglas Young, of the Royal Canadian Dragoons, and A. D. C. to the Lieutenant-Governor; Lieut. Frank Proctor, of the Mississauga Light Horse, Toronto, and Lieut. W. Leonard, of the Artillery Corps, of this city. These three are noted riders and their horses are from the stables of Hon. A. Beck, and among the finest in the country. The Canadian Government pays the expenses of the journey to and from London. While in London the officers will be the guests of the International Horse Show directors.

It may be noted in regard to the King's challenge cup competition that a similar invitation has been sent to the ministers of war of all civilized countries, and has been accepted so far by Italy, France, Holland and Canada.

The strength of the regular troops in South Africa will be considerably reduced for the Government year 1909-10, which commences on April 1. This strength is to return to the number stationed at the Cape, prior to the war—about 9,000—although the Transvaal and Orange River Colony are additional territories. Since 1907 between five and six thousand men have been brought away.

King Edward has intimated through his secretary that he will present a large autograph of himself to the Royal Canadian Regiment. The picture is expected soon and will be placed in the officers' mess at the Wellington Barracks, Halifax.

The crack St. Catharines battery of the Canadian Field Artillery will go to Buffalo on July 1 for the Buffalo midsummer exposition. The battery consists of four field guns, 100 officers, non-commissioned officers and men, and a full complement of horses.

A militia order recently issued makes a departure by basing efficiency pay upon proficiency in musketry practice. This applies to cavalry and infantry, and the order simultaneously cancels the length of service grading for efficiency pay. In the other branches of the service the old order is adhered to. These regulations will, it is expected, appear shortly in general orders. The new order recognizes the great value of shooting ability as a means of national defence. It means that the militiaman who joins now and makes the requisite score at shooting practice will receive as much pay as the man who has served three years.

While considerable interest is evident in military circles in the report that Lord Kitchener is to tour Canada during the coming summer, and make an inspection of Canada's defences for the information of the war office, no official intimation of the proposed visit has yet reached the militia department.

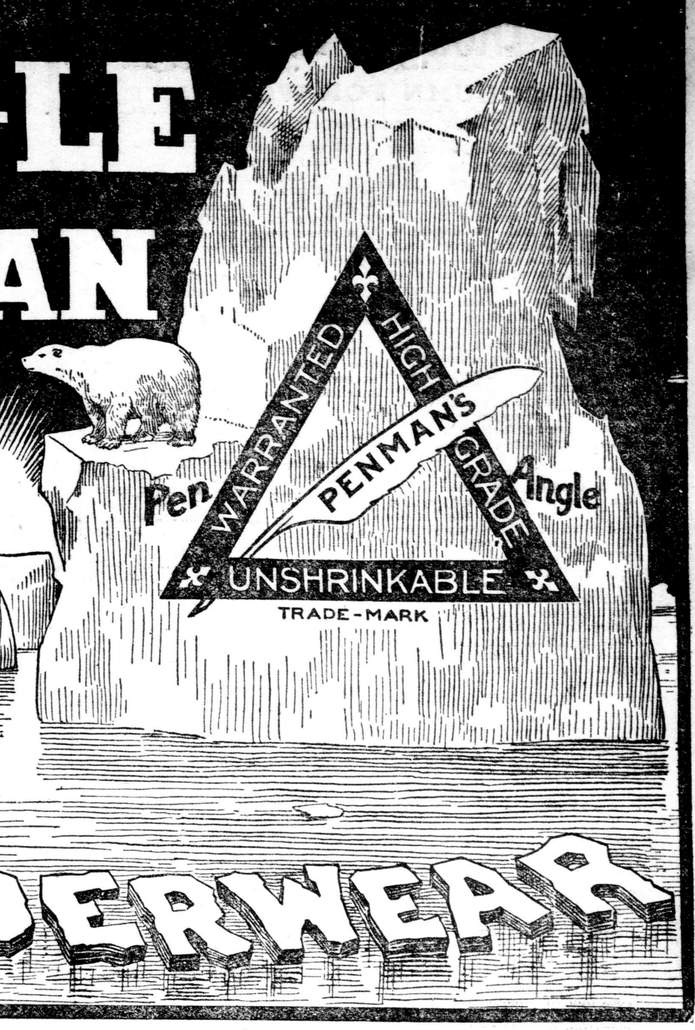
Several alterations have been made in the regulations for the Bisley meeting in July. There will be no change in the dimensions of the first, second, and third class targets, but the whole of the inner of the 200 yards target will be white. For match rifles the weight of barrel, not including any removable appliances, is not to exceed four pounds. The disallowance of a score of an individual is a team match shall involve the disallowance of the score of the whole team. In a competition in which each shot is separately signalled the score of a competitor who fails to fire the requisite number of shots shall be disallowed unless such failure shall be occasioned by illness, or other urgent cause allowed by the Bisley committee. Charges loading will not be allowed except where mentioned in the special condition of a particular competition. The Conan Doyle competition will be shot for in one stage, the distances being 200, 500 and 600 yards, and shooting will take place with the Stock Exchange, a competitor entering for both competitions to shoot them concurrently. To each unit of the Territorial force and contingent of the officers' training corps which shall apply for it a special badge will be given as a memento of the jubilee of the N.R.A., for competition amongst such of its members as have never competed in any competition at a meeting of the N. R. A. The winning of the badge will carry with it the right of a free entry for this year to the King's and St. George's competitions. The winning of the badge to be subject to the following conditions: (1) That the winner attends at Bisley and shoots in the King's and St. George's competitions by virtue of his free entry; (2) that badges be not actually given until the winner has so done; (3) that the winner of the badge is to be the member of the unit taking the highest place in the competition for the badge who complies with the conditions of attendance at Bisley. In all grand aggregate competitions except the Alexandra two practice shots will be allowed immediately before the sighting shot and at the same target as that at which the competitor is about to fire in the competition. In tie shooting, in match rifle competitions, centrals are to count as six, and there are to be five tie shots instead of three. The automatic rifles competition will take place if not less than three rifles are entered. In addition to men over 50 the Cortis competition will be open also to tyros under twenty years of age. The Ashburton and other school matches will be shot for on July 14, and the Elcho shield on the 16th. The council of the association have appointed Capt. F. W. Jones, late assistant secretary, British Olympic council as assistant secretary.

The awarding of badges for best shots in each regiment of cavalry and infantry, in each company of engineers, and in each artillery unit of the active militia which has carried out its class firing, will be continued in 1909, under the following conditions:

The badge which is to be worn on the left forearm will be awarded to the man obtaining the highest "figure of merit" in the class firing of his unit.

The "figure of merit" will be arrived at by dividing the total of the points obtained by the number of rounds fired.

PEN ANGLE BALBRIGGAN



A Garment with a Guarantee

You don't take a single chance when you buy Pen-Angle Two-Thread Egyptian Balbriggan Underwear in natural shade or colors. Fit, wear, and color of fabric guaranteed. No strings to guarantee. If garment is not correct in every way the dealer will return the purchase price. Just ask to be shown the 50c. and 75c. lines.

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COOL UNDERWEAR

"Why I Recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills"

The Particulars of a Remarkable Cure Told by a Presbyterian Clergyman---The Sufferer Brought Back from Death's Door.

St. Andrew's Manse,
Cardigan, P.E.I., Jan., 1908.

Though I have never been sick myself, and have not had occasion to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I thought you ought to know of the remarkable cure they have wrought in Mr. Olding's case.

During a visit to my home in Merigomish, N.S., some years ago, I was grieved to find our next door neighbor and friend, Michael Olding, very low. "He is not expected to live," my mother informed me. "And you must go over and see him as he is liable to pass away at any moment." "Not expected to live," that was the opinion not only of the doctor who attended him, but of his wife and family as well. Upon visiting him myself I found abundant evidence to confirm their opinion.

Mr. Olding had for years been afflicted with asthma and bronchitis, but now a complication of diseases was ravishing his system. He had been confined to his bed for months and was reduced to a skelton. Though evidently glad to see me, he conversed with the greatest difficulty, and seemed to realize that it was the beginning of the end. He was daily growing weaker; his feet were swollen to twice their natural size, and the cold hand of death was upon his brow. "It's no use," he said feebly, "the doctor's medicine is not helping me and I am going down rapidly." I prayed with him as for a man soon to pass into eternity, and when I took his hand in parting it was the last time I expected to see him in the flesh.

Three years later while on another visit to my mother's Michael Olding was seemingly in better health than I had ever seen him, for, as I said, he had always been ailing. In sheer desperation he had asked his wife to get him Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They soon began to help him. His appetite and strength began to improve, and to the astonishment of his family, and friends he rapidly regained his health. Now, though the burden of well nigh four score years is upon him, he is able to do a fair day's work, and is in the enjoyment of good health, even the asthma has ceased to trouble him as in former years.

Mr. Olding himself, as well as his neighbors and the writer of this letter, confidently believe that his rescue from the very jaws of death—seemingly so miraculous—is due under the blessing of God to the timely and continuous use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

REV. EDWIN SMITH, M. A.

Mr. Olding himself writes: "I am glad Rev. Mr. Smith has written you about my wonderful cure, for I confidently believe that if it had not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I would have been dead long ago. It would be impossible to exaggerate the desperate condition I was in when I began to use the pills. No one thought I could get better. I scarcely dared hope myself that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills would bring me through, but they did and I have ever since enjoyed good health. Though I am seventy-nine years old people are always remarking on how young I look—and I feel young I can do a fair day's work, and I am better in every way than I had been for years. I cannot say too much in praise of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I take every opportunity I can to recommend them to friends who are ailing."

MAY BIRTHDAYS.

Many happy returns of the day to—

W. R. Baker, secretary and assistant to president C. P. R., Montreal, born at York, England, May 25, 1852.

G. S. Cantile, general superintendent car service, C. P. R., Montreal, born there May 2, 1867.

J. A. Yorick, Canadian passenger agent, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road, at Toronto, born at London, Ont., May 7, 1872.

W. S. Kinnear, assistant general manager Michigan Central road, and chief engineer Detroit River Tunnel, Detroit, Michigan, born at Circleville, Ohio, May 25, 1864.

J. D. Evans, chief engineer Central Ontario Railway, Trenton, Ontario, born at Goderich, Ontario, May 27, 1843.

C. M. Hays, second vice-president and general manager G. T. R., and president G. T. P. Railway, Montreal, born at Rock Island, Ill., May 16, 1856.

E. Tiffin, general traffic manager, I. C. R., Moncton, N. B., born at Hamilton, Ont., May 5, 1849.

A. L. Ogilvy, general purchasing agent, National Transcontinental Railway Commission, Ottawa, Ont., born at Richwood, Oxford County, Ont., May 23, 1868.

R. B. Hepburn, president and general manager Ontario and Quebec Navigation Company, Picton, Ont., born there May 27, 1876.—Railway and Marine World.

AUTOMATIC SIGNALLING ON RAILWAY.

The board of railway commissioners' secretary has issued the following circular to railway companies: "For some time past the destruction of life and property resulting from accidents caused by main line switches being left open, has been so great that the board is of the opinion that some action must be taken to secure better protection of trains against danger from this cause. The board has been informed that it is possible to install, at moderate cost, an electro-mechanical device which would indicate by a signal to be connected with the switch-lever and act so that the opening of the switch would automatically give the danger signal. Such a device being installed, a rule could be issued prohibiting engineers from passing such a signal at danger, and requiring them to call for the closing of the switch before proceeding further towards the yard or siding. The board will be pleased to have from your company, as soon as possible, an expression of opinion as to what it regards as proper and practicable in the premises."

GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES ON RAILWAYS.

During the year ended March 31, 1908, the total railway expenditure made by the department of railways and canals was $35,495,196.37; of which $23,684,005.25 was charged to capital, $2,215,895.69 to income, and $9,595,295.43 to revenue. The expenditure on capital included $18,910,449.41 for the National Transcontinental Railway; the expenditure on income included $2,037,629.30 paid as subsidies to railways other than Government roads, and $123,679.22 for the board of railway commissioners. The expenditure on the Intercolonial Railway was $13,597,491.55, of which $4,328,494.01 was on capital account, and $9,157,435.53 on revenue account. On the maintenance of the Windsor branch $37,912.11 was expended on revenue account. The expenditure on the Prince Edward Island Railway aggregated $700,109.62, of which $390,461.83 was charged to capital and $399,947.79 to revenue. The revenue from the Government railways was $9,534,569.04. The total Government expenditure on railways prior to and since Confederation up to March 31, 1908. on capital account was $185,734,462.04, which includes $25,000,000 granted to the C. P. R. for its main line. In addition there has been expended from the consolidated fund $179,021,681.56, which includes $37,616,131.84 paid as subsidies to railways in addition to the above for the C. P. R., making a total expenditure of $364,756,143. Of this amount $13,881,460.55 was expended prior to Confederation on the construction of portions of what is now the Intercolonial Railway system.

The total revenue derived from Government railways from July 1, 1867, to March 31, 1908, was $128,614,808.72. The gross earnings of the Government railways for the year ended March 31, 1908, was $9,534,569.04; and the working expenses $9,595,295.43, showing a loss of $60,726.39. The I. C. R. working expenses were $9,157,435.53, and earnings $9,173,558.80, showing a profit of $16,123.27. The Windsor branch maintenance expenditure was $37,912.11, and the Government earnings $56,430.41, leaving a profit of $18,518.30. The Prince Edward Island Railway working expenditure was $399,947.79, and its earnings $304,579.83, the loss being $95,367.96.

The subsidies paid to railways on account of construction during the fiscal year were:

Atlantic and Northwest Railway	$186,000 00
Atlantic, Quebec and Western Railway	64,000 00
Canadian Northern Ontario Railway	244,224 00
Canadian Northern Quebec Railway	256,870 40
Canadian Pacific Railway	3,424 00
Central Ontario Railway	76,861 36
Colchester Coal and Railway Company	12,800 00
Edmonton, Yukon and Pacific Railway	91,200 00
Halifax and Southwestern Railway	316,567 73
Kettle River Valley Railway	97,771 52
Klondike Mines Railway	101,184 00
Midland Railway (Ltd.)	31,892 40
Minudie Coal Company	18,544 00
Napierville Junction Railway	173,440 00
Nicola, Kamloops and Similkameen Railway	190,208 00
Orford Mountain Railway	24,128 00
Ottawa Northern and Western Railway	4,243 20
Quebec Central Railway	55,638 69
Quebec and Lake St. John Railway	73,472 00
York and Carleton Railway	14,560 00
	$2,037,629 30

—Railway and Marine World.

RATE FOR BLANKETS TO WINNIPEG.

In the matter of the application of the Winnipeg Jobbers and Shippers' Association for an order directing the railway companies to provide carloading on blankets from points in Eastern Canada to Winnipeg. Upon hearing the application in the presence of counsel for the C. P. R. and the C. N. R. companies the applicants being represented at the hearing, and what was alleged; it is ordered that the application be dismissed.

SARNIA TUNNEL.

Preparatory work is reported to be in progress at Sarnia, Ont., and Port Huron, Mich., for the relaying of the track in the Sarnia Tunnel with 100-lb. rails. Track-laying will occupy, it is anticipated, about two months, two gangs being employed, one in the early morning and a second after the 3. p.m. train has passed through.

During February 22 railway employees were killed and 17 injured in the course of their work on Canadian railways. Of the fatalities, 10 were due to explosions of dynamite; 3 each to collisions, to being run over and to falling material; 2 by falls and one to being caught between cars. Of the other accidents, 4 were due to being caught between cars; 3 each to derailments and to explosions of steam; 2 each to falls, to falling material and to being run over, and one to a collision.

The C. P. R., between March 15 and April 9, received the following additions to rolling stock: 232 wooden box cars, 49 flat cars, 2 first-class cars and one locomitive, class M4, from its Angus Montreal shops; and 129 steel frame box cars from the Dominion Car and Foundry Company.

The Dominion Parliament has voted $170,550 in the supplies for the year for the Intercolonial Railway. It is proposed out of this vote to provide a commissary car; to equip 500 platform cars with racks to carry pulpwood; to increase the size of steam-heating pipes in passenger cars; and to equip cars with new gas light apparatus.

The C. P. R., between March 15 and April 9, ordered the following rolling stock: 2 locomotives, class D.10; 1 baggage and express car, 1 mail and express car, 61 box cars and 1 stock car at its Angus, Montreal, shops; 1 van at its Farnham, Quebec, shops; 1 steel coal car and 1 Hart-Otis ballast car at the Dominion Car and Foundry Company, Montreal, and 3 60-ton cranes and 1 piledriver in the United States.

The G. T. P., between Feb 15 and April 15, received the following additions to rolling stock: 474 box cars, Nos. 308350 to 308824, from the Canada Car Company, Montreal, and 400 box cars, Nos. 309625 to 310024, from Rhodes, Curry & Co., Amherst, N. S. In our April issue we announced that the G. T. P. had ordered 8 sleeping cars from the Canada Car Company. We are advised that this order has been changed to 8 first-class cars, making 24 first-class, instead of 16 as then stated.

The C. P. R. freight locomotive 1850, which has just been turned out of the Angus, Montreal, shops, is believed to be the heaviest freight locomotive at present operating in Canada, having a weight of 195,000 pounds on the drivers, and 25,000 pounds on the truck, a total of 220,000 pounds. The driving wheels are 63 inch diameter; cylinders 24-inch by 32-inch; boiler pressure, 180 pounds; heating surface, flues, 2,630

MR. GEO. T. BELL

General Passenger Agent of the Grand Trunk System, Who Has Also Been Appointed General Passenger Agent of Grand Trunk Pacific

square feet; firebox, 180 square feet; superheater tubes, 450 square feet, total, 3,260 square feet. It is equipped with the C. P. R. typ of Vaughan-Horsey superheater, an has a tender-capacity of 5,000 gallos of water and 10 tons of coal. Th weight of the tender loaded is 123,00 pounds.

RAILWAY TAXATION IN ONTARIO.

The Ontario Government collected from railways operating in the province taxes amounting to $400,902.71 during the year ended Dec. 31, 1908. Following are details:

Algoma Central and Hudson Bay Railway	$1,365 00
Brockville, Wesport and N. W. Railway	675 00
Brockville, Wesport and N. W. Railway, for 1907	675 00
Bay of Quinte Railway	1,405 12
Canada Atlantic Railway	20,666 08
Canadian Pacific Railway	136,945 98
Canadian Northern Railway	14,140 00
Canada Southern Railway	27,791 00
Central Ontario Railway	2,233 50
Grand Trunk Railway	168,638 80
James Bay Railway	8,808 00
Kingston and Pembroke Railway	1,546 50
Lake Erie and Detroit River Railway	13,348 20
Manitoulin and North Shore Railway	137 78
Niagara, St. Catharines and Toronto Railway	289 70
Nosbonsing and Nipissing Railway	55 00
Ottawa and New York Railway	853 50
Thousand Islands Railway	63 30
Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo Railway	1,265 25

Recent figures compiled on behalf of the railways companies of the United States by Slason Thompson, manager of the Bureau of Railway News and Statistics, indicates that as as result of 2-cent passenger fare legislation in the United States, the railways lost in gross earnings $25,000,000 in the year 1908, although more passengers were carried. This is accounted for by a reduction in average receipts per passenger mile on 94 per cent of the mileage from 2.014 cents in 1907 to 1.932 cents in 1908.

The Happenings of a Week in the Old Land

ENGLAND

Removed from the premises of Messrs. John Rule, of Sunderland, a heavy safe was found in a field two miles distant with the top broken open but the contents—business papers—were untouched.

Mr. Urrban M. Noseda, age 55 years, print seller, of 33 King street, St. James' Square, London, S.W., was found dead in his office. He was in no financial difficulties but since his wife's death he had had fits of depression. Before leaving home he gave his servants the impression that he was going into the country. Really he went to his shop about noon. He joked with and gave money to some boys in the street and then entered his office, boarded up some cracks in the door, tacked paper strips over other cracks, placed a mat at the bottom of the door and closed the windows carefully. When the manager and another of the employees arrived next morning they found Mr. Noseda dead, sitting in a chair in front of a gas heater, all the burners of which were turned on. He was in his overcoat with his gloves on, and had before him a half-empty glass of brandy and water.

"Horses with good bodies, even with their legs worn out, fetch a good price in Antwerp, Rotterdam, and other continental towns for the purpose of human consumption," was the statement made before the Liverpool bench by Mr. Winchester, of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Society, who appeared to prosecute three men for cruelty to a horse. They were seen leading some horses to the station at Liverpool for exportation. The one in question was tied to three others, but because of its infirmity it could not keep up with them and was suffering, and a veterinary surgeon who was called certified it to be unfit for travelling and it was slaughtered. The owner of the horse was fined $10 and costs and his assistants 75 cents each.

It is proposed to form in Manchester a federation of shopworkers and clerks. Representatives of the local branches of the Shop Assistants' Union, the National Union of Clerks, the Railway Clerks' Association, and the Amalgamation Union of Co-operative Employees met to consider the matter, and a resolution that the formation of such a federation was desirable was carried unanimously. The objects of the federation would be the consolidation and voicing of the opinions of shopworkers and clerks on matters directly affecting them, and the furtherance of their welfare locally.

In painting the attractions of service in the Territorials to an audience of young men the other day, says the Manchester Guardian, the commanding officer of one of the units of the East Lancashire division ended up with this enticing picture: "Last scene of all! There is perhaps no more impressive sight than a military funeral. Muffled drums, band playing 'Dead March,' men with arms reversed, and the coffin covered with the Union Jack, on which are placed the arms and accoutrements of the deceased. After the coffin is placed in the grave three volleys are fired in the air, 'Last Post' is sounded on the bugles and the funeral party then marches away in quick time." The officer obviously believed that no young man could resist the prospect of such a lovely funeral.

Fred Richardson, a victim of the laudanum habit, said to belong to Sheffield, was charged on remand at Manchester city police court with breaking into a boot shop and a surgery. He was discovered unconscious in the surgery in Rochdale road, and had apparently taken chlorodyne in mistake for laudanum. He was sent to prison for six months.

George Hallam, collier, brother of Edward Hallam, at present undergoing sentence for the attempted murder at Woodville of a woman with whom he eloped, shot himself dead at Hartsborne, near Burton-on-Trent, in the presence of his mothers and sisters. He had been out of work, but had no other troubles. Hallam was a boxer of considerable repute.

Lieut. Shackleton has been awarded the gold medal of the Royal Geographical Society for his achievements in the south polar regions. The society also decided to present copies of the medal in silver to his comrades.

It was announced in Parliament that a grant had been made out of public funds to Mr. H. W. Cox, who recently suffered serious and permanent injuries in connection with X-rays research work.

Children of the town of Linlithgow, New South Wales, have sent through the British Empire League to the town council of Linlithgow, Scotland, a Union Jack flag measuring 6 feet by 12 feet, to be presented to one of the town schools.

New Scotland Yard are anxious to find the owner of a first-edition copy of De Quincey's "Confessions of an English Opium Eater," which has come into their possession, and which they believe to have been stolen.

In commenting on the smallness of the offertories at his church, the vicar of St. Etheldreda's, Fulham, states that the majority of those who attend his church do not give on an average a penny a Sunday.

Mr. Bertram Straus, M. P., on the bench at the Tower Hamlets petty sessions, acted as interpreter for two defendants who could only speak Yiddish.

During March 1,600,000 tons of coal were shipped from Cardiff to foreign destinations, as against 242,000 in March, 1908. The increase is considered due to fears of labor troubles.

Sudbury, Suffolk—which has a population of 7,109, and owes £40,000—finds itself under the painful obligation of paying a rate of 12s in the pound for the current year.

King Edward, with his beautiful 5-year-old Hoe Forest King, won the championship, the Shire Horse Society's silver medal, and first prize at the Norfolk stallion show.

Bournemouth Town Council decided on Tuesday to apply to the local government board to borrow $385,000 for the erection of a kursaal on Belle Vue site near the pier. The scheme provides for a large ball and promenade, a billard-room, and other rooms.

The British Postmaster-General has decided that the practice of engaging postoffice express messengers to wait outside theatres or other places of entertainment in order to secure seats for members of the public can no longer be allowed.

Mr. John Joseph Olding, who had been connected with the foreign office for 56 years, is dead. He was manager of the printing department at the foreign office and corrector of the press for foreign languages.

The Scottish whaling industry, which is in a very bad way, has received a fillip from the discovery that the Biscayan or Atlantic whale is still to be found in fairly large numbers about 100 miles to the west of Iceland. The Atlantic whale is a Right or bone-bearing whale.

Speaking of the state of some Birmingham streets at a recent city council meeting, a councillor said that it required great care to assure the constable that one was sober, because one was constantly stumbling from one hole into another.

Frank Clark, the globe-trotting tramp, has arrived in London on his seventh tour round the world. Ex-newsboy of New York and able-bodied seaman, Clark has wandered since 1883, and, accordingg to his own statement, has covered 250,000 miles.

The annual dinner in connection with Queen's College, Belfast, was rendered notable this year by reason of the fact that it was a celebration of the transformation of the Queen's College into the Queen's University of Belfast.

The board of Trinity College, Dublin, has elected Miss Constance Elizabeth Maxwell, to be an assistant to the professor of modern history. She is the first woman who has become a member of the teaching staff of the college since its foundation.

Mrs. Kate Cahalane, who had reached the age of 110, was found dead in bed at Carrigdangan, County Cork. Her husband died recently, aged 108.

The Countess of Meath has offered £5,000 to establish a home for sane epileptics if a suitable body will undertake its maintenance and management.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed Mr. Henry Edward O'Brien, Riverdale, Fanure, Roscrea, to the commission of the peace for King's County.

In opening the commission for the county and city of Dublin, Mr. Justice Kenny congratulated the grand juries on the crimelessness of both the county and city.

Mr. Joseph Devlin, M.P., unveiled a memorial cross in Sologhead (County Tipperary) churchyard to the memory of Mr. Michael O'Dwyer, whose name is associated with the Ballycohey affray in 1868.

For the first time in Ireland a detachment of the Royal Engineers are receiving practical training in the work of the postal and telegraphic departments in Cork, so as to fit them for similar work in active service.

A cattle drive has taken place on the evicted farm of a man named Delahunty, the landlord of which is his majesty's lieutenant for the County Waterford, Count De La Poer. It is stated that close on thirty head of cattle were driven, but no arrests have been made.

Drogheda corporation has decided to make no change in the street names, which will continue to have the prefix "Saint"—such as St. John street.

The sum of $25,000 is to be spent for new National schools the coming year.

Waterford corporation has passed a resolution favoring a tax on bachelors over 35 years of age.

As a consequence of the retirement of Mr. William O'Brien from public life, his newspaper, the Irish People, ceases publication.

The workhouse at Longford was almost completely destroyed by fire on the 30th ult. The damage is estimated at £10,000.

A heavy debt having rested on the Lynn Memorial Church, Belfast, for several years past efforts are being made to clear it off.

Emigration statistics for Ireland show that last year fewer people left the country than in any year since 1851, the total being 23,295, as against 39,082 for the year 1907.

Major-General Sir Matthew Wm. E. Gossett, K.C.B., died on the 27th ult. at his country residence, Dedham, Essex. Deceased, who entered the army in 1856, commanded the 1st Dorset regiment from 1887 to 1900. He served in the Indian mutiny, the Kaffir war of 1878, the Zulu war of 1879, the Boer war of 1881, and also in Burmah in 1891 and 1892.

In a lecture before the Royal Society of Arts, Mr. John Ferguson, C.M.G., proprietor of the "Ceylon Observer," estimated that the tea harvest of Ceylon would reach 36,000,000 tons in 1914.

After a reign of some 2,200 years, Euclid is condemned in a board of education report on the "Teaching of Geometry and Graphic Algebra." Memorizing of definitions and axioms does not help progress in geometry, says the report.

Tests made on samples of schoolroom dust, states Mr. W. H. Marsh, staff science master to the Buckinghamshire Education Committee, show that in 1½ lb. of dust swept from one room there were 1,600,000,000 micro-organisms.

In the Parliamentary return of the funds in the Irish Supreme Court (some $30,000,000 in all), several lines of print are devoted to a penny which the accountant has in hand without knowing whether it will be claimed or not.

The Star and Gartar Hotel, Richmond, still remains unsold. No bids were made at the mart, Tokenhouse Yard, in spite of the eloquent description by the auctioneer of this one-time popular riverside resort.

The parishioners of St. Andrew's, Norwich, are to choose a new vicar by vote, in spite of the objection of the clergy. A poll will be taken, accompanied by all the lively incidents of a contested election.

The erection of the new Suffolk County school at Woodbridge has necessitated the removal of a willow grown from a twig from the willow which overhung the tomb of Napoleon at St. Helena.

Master bakers of Witham, Essex, refused to make hot cross buns this year because of the extra work and long hours the work entails and the small profit that is made on the buns.

Two detachments of Baden-Powell Boy Scouts, while marching between Tunbridge Wells and Rusthall, saw a fire burning fiercely. Scoutmaster Dunn immediately ordered the scouts to attack the flames, which they did with staves and haversacks. Some uniforms were badly scorched in the process.

German coal firms have just captured several coal contracts which have for years past been obtained by Welsh collieries. These include a contract for 25,000 tons of large steam coal for the Oriental Railway Company, to be delivered at Constantinople and Salonika.

Lancashire Pensions Committee had before them lately at Preston an application by a man who possessed £1,025 in a bank at two per cent. interest, making his income £20 10s. per annum only. The local government board had telegraphed that the claim for 5s. a week must be allowed.

Dr. Thorpe, principal of the government laboratory, told the Royal Commission on Tuesday that merchants preferred to pay the highest rate of duty on high-class brandies rather than sacrifice a large quantity of spirit to float the hydrometer.

Lord Milner has returned to London from Egypt.

Three teapots of old English pottery were sold for $525 at Christie's.

Eighteen cookery scholarships have been awarded to domestic servants by the London county council.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie has offered to give $75,000 towards the provision of a new public library at Exeter.

Sir John Mark, who started life as a grocer's assistant, and became mayor of Manchester, died at Mold.

Princess Alexander of Teck will open a new wing of the Royal Boscombe Hospital in Bournemouth.

Professor Grunfield, the 'cellist, and two popular singers are giving street concerts in Berlin in aid of charity.

The Middlesex county council intend to oppose Willesden's application for a charter of incorporation.

Many poplar trees in the streets of Leigh-on-Sea, Essex, have been destroyed by the goat moth caterpillar.

The Bournemouth town council decided not to engage Miss Allan to dance at the Winter Gardens.

Including $500 from the Carnegie Hero Fund, $3,230 34 has been received for the injured in the Tottingham outrage.

Bournemouth is to spend $50,000 on a new pavilion on the sea front and $35,000 on improvements in the pleasure gardens.

The Outwood colliery, Stoneclough, Radcliffe, was offered for sale by auction at Manchester and was withdrawn at $500,000.

It was decided at a meeting of the Northumberland coal conciliation board that wages should be reduced 8¾ per cent.

Lord Winterstoke has given $115,000 for the foundation of three university scholarships to be held by Mill Hill boys.

A boy named Piper was stated at a Dover inquest to have died in consequence of his hand being scratched by a gooseberry bush.

Mr. Conway Rose, of Chard, Somerset, has contributed $5,000 towards the cost of completing the Royal Alexandra Hospital, Rhyl.

Charles White, a gardener, jumped into a pond at Woodstockq lane Thames Ditton, before the eyes of his wife and was drowned.

In consequence of the depredations of rooks, farmers in the Crediton district have had to sow some of their wheat fields twice over.

An immense floating dock which left the Tyne in August last in charge of two tugs has arrived safely at Callao, Peru, 10,300 miles away.

At Dewsbury a bench of eighteen magistrates refused a drink license for a new music hall which will accommodate 2,000 people.

Frederick Betts, a motor "scout," was fined $25 at Guildford on Saturday for obstructing the police by warning motorists of a police trap.

During last year 230 malicious calls were received by the Metropolitan fire brigade, and only in twenty-six cases were the guilty persons discovered.

The bodies of the fourteen men who were killed some time ago by the bursting of the cofferdam at the Victoria Dock, Birkenhead, have not been recovered.

The Rev. C. J. Ferguson-Davie, who won the silver medal at Bisley in 1904, has been nominated by the Archbishop of Canterbury to the bishopric of Singapore.

One hundred books in French have been added to the West Norwood public library.

Nearly 13,000 bunches of primroses were used for the Easter decorations at Brixham parish church.

Dr. Whitley Stoks, who was one of the foremost Celtic scholars, died at the age of 79.

Dr. Charles Harriss, the Canadian musician, is endeavoring to form in London an imperial choir of 1,000 voices.

Alderman John Banks, who died at Folkestone, was a member of the town council for fifty-two years and was mayor six times.

Lady members of the congregation of Wickford parish church, Essex, have painted the church gates in order to save expense.

Prince Edward has finished his course at the Royal Naval College, Osborne, and has left to join the Senior Naval College at Dartmouth.

A plague of mice is being experienced in the Eastern Midlands. One farmer has found twelve cats insufficient to deal with the pests.

When a bricklayer was fined at Willesden for using strong language he pleaded that he was "only swearing at the missus to keep her calm."

The London county council will make a profit of £1 this year by letting sites for roundabouts, swings and cocoanut shies in the parks for bank holidays.

Isaac Davies, of Basford House, Augusta street, Llandudno, retired railway guard, left £2,169, and bequeathed his oil painting to his daughter and £100 to his servant.

IRELAND

Waterford corporation passed a resolution favoring a tax on bachelors over 35 years of age.

Most Rev. Dr. Tohill, recently administed the rite of confirmation to over 800 children in St. Peter's Church Belfast.

The workhouse at Longford was almost completely destroyed by fire recently. The damage is estimated at £10,000.

As a consequence of the retirement of Mr. William O'Brien from public life his newspaper, the Irish People, ceases publication.

A heavy debt having rested on the Lynn Memorial Church, Belfast, for several years past, efforts are being made to clear it off.

Castlerea Guardians have decided to ignore the local government board's order regarding the dividing of Castlerea dispensary district.

Cork is to raise a loan of $80,000 for the erection of a new technical school on the site presented by Mr. Sharman Crawford, at Fitton street.

James McGeown, Omagh, has just patented a sort of swimming apparatus which bids fair to be one of the most valuable inventions yet conceived.

James Maguire, a young man residing in the Glenfarne district of County Leitrim, disappeared mysteriously on March 4, which was the day intended for his wedding.

Emigration statistics for Ireland show that last year fewer people left the country than in any year since 1851, the total being 23,295, as against 39,082 for the year 1907.

Dungannon's water inspector has reported to the rural council that the average weekly consumption of water in Dungannon (a town of about five thousand people), was 800,000 gallons.

Irish emigration to America, which has been on the decline for some years, shows signs of renewed activity. The Cunarder Ivernia embarked 731 emigrants at Queenstown, the other day. It is expected that this week's total will be about 2,000.

In two years the number of agrarian outrages in Ireland has increased from 234 to 576.

The death is announced of Lieut.-Colonel Sir Theobald Hubert Burke, Bart, of Glinsk, County Galway, at the age of 76.

The Countess of Meath has offered £5,000 to establish a home for sane epileptics if a suitable body will undertake its maintenance and management.

A local retailer of Irish produce displays a notice in his window intimating that "We don't keep eggs—we sell them." Not a bad specimen of Hibernian wit.

For the first time in Ireland a detachment of the Royal Engineers are receiving practical training in the work of the postal and telegraphic departments in Cork, so as to fit them for similar work in a ctive service.

The news of the death of Mr. George Raphael, Ballymena, came as a great shock to his wide circle of friends. Mr. Raphael was an elder in West Church, Ballymena, and superintendent of the Sabbath school.

The annual dinner in connection with Queen's College, Belfast, was rendered notable this year by reason of the fact that it was a celebration of the transformation of the Queen's College into the Queen's University of Belfast.

Mr. R. H. Henderson arrived in Belfast on the 4th inst. from South Africa on a visit to his friends at Armagh. Mr. Henderson was mayor of Kimberley during the famous siege, and for the past four years has resided in Johannesburg.

The board of Trinity College, Dublin, has elected Miss Constantia Elizabeth Maxwell to be an assistant to the professor of modern history. She is the first woman who has become a member of the teaching staff of the college since its foundation.

The new Earl of Carrick was at one time chief inspector of Irish industries, and once while he held that office he disguised himself in old clothes and so secured a conviction against some Lancashire shopkeepers who were selling margarine as Irish butter.

An allowance of £2 a calendar month has been awarded from the Carnegie Hero Fund to Mrs. Lyttle, widow of James Lyttle, a gateman on the G. N. I. Railway, near Lisburn, who lost his life last November in the effort to remove an obstruction from the line before an oncoming express.

A rather curious action was heard by Lord Justice Holmes at the Londonderry assizes. Miss Cummins, a young lady, sued the committee and session of New Row Presbyterian Church, Coleraine, for injury caused by the falling of part of the church gallery ceiling. Her case was that her father paid for a pew in the middle of the church, but on this particular Sunday there was a special service, and the minister directed her to sit under the gallery. During the service the plaster fell, seriously injuring her. The defence was that just before the accident the church had been thoroughly overhauled. His lordship found for the defendants. He said he could find no negligence on the part of the church committee.

Two Irish boys, named Francis Vaughan, aged 15, and Thomas Flynn, aged 14, both belonging to respectable families in Limerick, left their homes on the 3rd of March and hid in a railway carriage. Both fell asleep and did not wake up until the train reached Tralee. The guard turned them out there, but the inspector paid for their lodgings for the night and gave them refreshments. The next day they got into a train without being observed and got to Mallow, where they were questioned, but a gentleman paid their fare to Cork. On arrival there he sent them to the Soldiers' Institute, where they were fed. The next day they paid a visit to the docks, went on board a sailing ship and stole the captain's dinner from the galley. They travelled from Cork to Queenstown by hiding under the seats, and at the latter town they visited tobacco shops, from which they stole pipes, and were arrested. Their tour occupied nine days.

SCOTLAND

Lord Dalmeny was married on the April 15, to Dorothy, daughter of Lord Henry Grosvenor. Next day a dinner and ball were given to the workpeople on five Rosebery estates—Dalmeny, Rosebery, Malleny, Livingston and Ochiltree.

The Kirkcaldy linoleum trade is again very active, while the prospects are excellent. The linen trade also shows improvement.

The "lang toon" of Kirkcaldy threatens to become even longer. A proposal is on foot to extend the tramway system to Inverkeithing.

Arch Morrison, butcher, Rutherglen, Lanarkshire, accidentally cut his leg on April 3, and bled to death.

Barrhead (Renfrewshire) Nursing Association commences another year with £596 on hand.

According to the postoffice returns the staff at the Ayr postoffice number 93.

Ex-Premier A. J. Balfour is expected to deliver an address in Paisley in the autumn.

The erection of a torpedo factory at Greenock by the Government is to be deferred—perhaps abandoned.

Sir Hugh Shaw Stewart has now handed over Newark Castle, Port Glasgow, to the custody of the Government board of works.

At Clydebank, on the 10th inst., died Mr. Adam McLaurin, of the Singer Manufacturing Company.

Mr. Hugh Paton has presented West Kilbride Library with two volumes of Punch—for 1859 and 1860.

The King is to visit Roseneath Castle, the seat of the Duke of Argyll, in June, during the Clyde Yachting Fortnight.

The number of statutory declarations of conscientious objection to vaccination during last year in Saltcoats was 46.

Bailie Fisher says the authorities are determined to put a stop to betting in Paisley, and so fined William Hamilton £5 for loitering.

Two brothers, named Edwards, bricklayers, were killed by being run down while walking on the line near Gartcosh on the 7th inst.

Mr. and Mrs. David Wood, Stewarton, celebrated their golden wedding on the 2nd inst., and were presented with a purse of sovereigns.

A marriage has been arranged between Capt. W. M. K. Marshall, Gordon Highlanders, and Violet, eldest daughter of Col. J. M. Denny, of Helenslee.

A keen fight is going on over the pastorate of Bothwell Parish Church. It is going to the general assembly. Meantime the kirk session has resigned in a body.

Rev. N. Carmichael, Craignish, who is in his 85th year, in applying to the Presbytery of Inveraray for an assistant, offered to surrender to the latter his whole stipend, reserving only the manse and garden. The application was agreed to.

According to the provost of Govan, Glasgow is the best managed city in the kingdom.

Distinguished students are to be allowed to teach classes in the university during the vacation.

The fruit trade of Scotland has sustained a severe loss in the death of Mr. Wm. H. Barrow on April 9.

A movementh as been started to place a stained glass window in the Bute hall in memory of Miss Galloway, LL.D.

The death is announced of Mr. John McLaren, for 46 years teacher of writing and bookkeeping in Glasgow Academy.

On the 11th inst., the third memorial window to leaders of widening religious thought in the nineteenth century was unveiled and dedicated in Trinity Church.

An unusually large number of students in medicine, science, divinity, law and arts, were capped at Glasgow University spring graduation on the 12th inst.

A roller skating rink is to be opened in Dumbarton road, near Kelvingrove Park. It will have accommodation for 700 or 800 persons, with dressing-rooms, cloakrooms, skaterooms, etc.

On April 7 the Unionists of the central division presented the wife of Mr. Scott Dickson, K.C., M. P., with a brooch bearing the figures 2,113, in diamonds, as a souvenir of the majority obtained by her husband at the recent by-election.

Rev. Dr. Alex. Oliver, of Regent Place U. F. Church, Craigpark, Dennistoun, is the oldest minister, with a single exception, in the city. He was born at the head of the Jed in 1827. Dr. Oliver shows wonderfully vitality for a man of 82 years.

The proposal to establish a state inebriate reformatory for criminal drunkards in the neighborhood of Houston, Crosslee, has been unfavorably received.

The Alloway Tea Gardens were opened for the season on April 3. Never before have they been opened so early in the year.

David Donaldson, the oldest merchant in Ayr, died on April 13. He was a candlemaker, but gave up the business many years ago.

Mr. E. Wiseman, The Nurseries, Elgin, has an order from the commissioners of woods and forests for 45,000 trees to be planted in Argyllsire under the afforestation scheme.

The death is announced of Mr. Chas. Cameron, Tobermory. For over 40 years he held a prominent position among the farmers, cattle dealers, and fleshers of North Argyll.

Mr. William Caird, of Caird & Co., shipbuilders, Greenock, died at Gourock on April 11, aged 58 years. He was for many years yard manager for the firm, but a considerable time ago he retired from active business. Mr. Caird was unmarried.

Information was received in Johnstone on April 14 of the sudden death in London of Mr. Skene Smith, a prominent member of the London Renfrew Association. He was a native of Johnstone, and was closely connected with the movement for the erection of a Wallace memorial at Elderslie.

Edinburgh has three dozen public parks and open spaces, all of which are well cared for under Mr. J. M. McHattie, superintendent of parks and gardens. The festoons of crocuses on the sloping banks in Princess street Gardens have been much admired.

The wheelbarrow man, Bob Carlisle, arrived at Ayr on April 13, having completed a journey of 6,002 miles. He has made in all five tours, and the one now finished was started on Oct. 25, 1905. Bob, who is 61 years of age, has trundled his barrow on an average about 40 miles a day.

Miss Mary Findlay, Grantown, Morayshire, has got the degree of M. A.

Mr. Clark, K.C., has been appointed chairman of the Edinburgh School Board.

The death has occurred in the Royal Infirmary of Harry Morgan, the Edinburgh golfer.

Mr. James Coats, Paisley, has again sent a parcel of books for the Coats Library in Keiss School.

The Edinburgh and Leith Flour Millers' Association advanced the price of flour 1s. per sack on April 12.

Widow Reilly (70), Taylor's Lane, Dundee, was found dead in her house the other day. She could not get work.

Rev. Canon Phelan advises Dundee youth against too much football and frivolous amusements, and to attend continuation classes.

Major Hugh Rose, who succeeds to the estate of Kilravock, entered the Black Watch as second lieutenant in 1884.

The whaling steamer St. Hilda left Dundee on April 5 for Davis Straits. This is the first of the Dundee fleet to sail this season.

Mr. A. L. Fenton, one of the best-known natives of Forfar, died on the 9th April. He was one of the promoters of Forfar Public Library.

Instrumental music has been introduced into the services at Dalry U. F. Church, and so the last U. F. precentor in Edinburgh disappears.

During 1908 the number of adults attending the breakfasts of the Sabbath Breakfast Mission was 36,329, an increase of 4,496 over 1907, in Edinburgh.

Easter, like Christmas, is being more and more recognized in Scotland, and quite a number of local churches had special services announced.

By the death of the Rev. Donald Macaulay at the manse, Reay, on the 12th April, the Church of Scotland has lost one of its well-known old Highland ministers.

Since the advent of the recruiting season the utmost enthusiasm has been displayed by the young men of the Badenoch districts, Inverness-shire, in the territorial force.

On April 10 a cottage at Camusnagul, Little Lochbroom district, was destroyed by fire, and an old woman named Coll, 90 years of age, burned to death.

There was buried at Peterhead, on April 3, one Robert Slessor, a man of 98, who was bred to the sea, and during his stirring career was three times shipwrecked.

Wages were unchanged at Selkirk hiring fair on April 5.

At Newcastleton hiring fair on the 8th April wages ranged from 20s. to 23s. per week.

A sale of work in Hawick in aid of the hospitals in Central Africa has realized £126.

There has been a marked improvement in the woollen industry of the border district in Galashiels.

The death is announced of Mr. John McCallum, who was for 40 years school teacher in Kirkcowan.

Rapid progress is now being made with the opening up of the Cally Copper Mines at Gate House.

Hardgate United Free Church, near Dalbeattie, was destroyed by fire on April 11. It was only insured to the extent of £300.

Mrs. Armstrong, of Paperhaugh, the postmistress for many years, has resigned. She is now in her 85th year.

The losses of lambs on some farms have been considerable this season, as many as half a dozen "falling" in a single morning.

The double villas known as Abbotsford and Stratford Pointhouse Crescent, Rothesay, have been sold for £1,520.

Rothesay School Board propose to erect a new school in connection with the academy for the accommodation of the junior department.

In Glasgow, on April 13, Mr. Guy Spier, late Unionist candidate for the county, was presented with an address and a piece of silver plate.

The death occurred at Moffat on the 13th April, of Mr. Thos. Aitken, who was known as the veteran shepherd of the celebrated Archbank flock of Cheviots.

On April 12, the new school at Sandyholm, near Lockerbie, to be known as Applegarth School, was opened by Mrs. David J. Jardine, of Applegarth.

A memorial brass is being erected in the Roman Catholic Church, Selkirk, for the late Duchess of Buccleuch, mother of the present duke.

Mr. John Turnbull, agent of the Royal Bank at Galashiels, has retired. He has been 53 years in the service of the bank. Mr. Turnbull has been 35 years actuary of Galashiels Savings Bank and still holds that office.

James Inglis, framework knitter, who has died at the age of 76, was for 33 years a member of Hawick Saxon Band. He was one of the best quoiters in the district.

During 11 weeks 14,000 hot dinners have been served to needy school children at Fraserburgh, Aberdeenshire.

Kirkcaldy Burgh has resolved to acquire the local gas works.

Mr. Coats, Paisley, has made an addition to Kilry School Library.

The farmers in Strichen district commenced sowing on April 2.

On March 31 there were 687 patients in Sunnyside Asylum, Montrose.

Sidlaw Sanatorium bill for lighting and heating is said to be £700 a year—about £20 per patient.

The late Mr. John Fraser, of Old Ballikinrain, Balfron, curled hair manufacturer, left personal estate valued at £47,747.

The death, aged 93, is announced of William Hill, bleacher, the oldest man in the parish of Leslie, Fifeshire.

The amalgamation of the Bowhill Coal Company and the Fife Coal Company is practically settled.

By the death of Mr. Wm. Forsyth, in his 71st year, which took place at Elmbank, Peebles, there passed away one who had taken a very great interest in the volunteer movement.

On April 5 Mr. R. A. Small, Dundee, the second mate of the steamer St. Helena, was presented with a gold watch, the gift of the Canadian Government for gallantry at sea.

Pathhead Baptist Church was broken into the other day. The thieves stole the communion plate, consisting of two cups and two plates, electro-plated silver, and a bottle of wine.

The money collected and subscribed for the foundation of a Chair of Scottish History and Literature in Glasgow University amounts to a little over $20,000.

The solicitor-general for Scotland, Mr. James Falconer, M. P., and Sir John Barron, M. P., were successful Liberal candidates in the recent Scottish by-elections.

At Kilmarnock, John Cardner, dairyman, Reform street, Beith, was fined $15, with the alternative of 30 days' imprisonment for having sold from a cart milk deficient in natural fat.

"The concentrated essence of the different problems affecting Scotland at the present time is that of home rule," said Sir George McCrae, M.P., when speaking recently in Edinburgh.

Miss Violet Charlesworth's Scottish home, Flowerburn Cottage, Fortrose, Ross-shire, was sold in Dowell's Rooms, Edinburgh, for £975. It was put up at £853, but bidding was brisk.

A Glasgow man who broke his leg owing to his foot catching in a defective part of the footpath, has obtained a verdict of $1,050 damages, and expenses against the owners of the property.

An Edinburgh headmaster recently received the following executory communication. "Please would you be so kind as to let Agnes away at 10:30 to go to the infirmary with her brother's arm?"

At a special meeting of the U. F. Presbytery of Dumbarton, a call was sustained from the High U. F. Church to the Rev. John T. Allan, M. A., of Maisondieu, Brechin.

Bills introduced and read a first time included one to abolish landlords' hypothec for rent in Scotland, and another by Mr. Cathcart Wason to amend the Local Government (Scotland) Act of 1894.

The sale of the colliery of Lanemark, in the parish of New Cumnock, to Mr. William Hyslop, of the Bank and Afton, is said to have been finally effected. The price is reported as being £17,500.

The Glasgow territorial authorities have hit upon a novel method of securing recruits. Officers attended the principal football matches and appealed to the spectators to join the ranks of the "Terriers."

The Fife Coal Company have decided to make an experiment in the provision of bathing accommodation for their workmen. The Aitken Pit, Kelty, where 1,100 men find employment, has been selected.

The grass parks at Dumfries House belonging to the Marquis of Bute were let by public auction recently. There was a large attendance, and the bidding was brisk, and rents were up nearly 20 per cent upon former rates.

Recruiting at Ayr for the Ayrshire Horse Artillery has been brisker during the last ten days than at any time this season, but the total number enlisted is still about 40 short of the required strength of 221 rank and file.

Mr. Alex. Carmichael, the Celtic scholar, who is to receive the honorary degree of LL.D. from Edinburgh University, was on the 26th ult. presented with a cap and gown by a gathering of ladies and gentlemen interested in Highland literature.

The removal of the torpedo factory from Woolwich to Greenock is evidently not to take place as early as was expected, for the notice inviting employees to volunteer for transfer by a certain date has been withdrawn.

The tail of a salmon weighing a pound and a half was found protruding from the mouth of a dead eel taken from the Exe at Tiverton.

The Second Battalion of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders, stationed at Bloemfontein, has been ordered home to Glasgow.

At a lecture before the Photographic Society on Wednesday Mrs. Minna black population the florin was known as a "Scotsman," because in the old days, when the florin was almost unknown in South Africa, a Scottish contractor paid his workers in florins instead of half-crowns, the natives not knowing the difference at the time.

The ancient church of Bowden Parish, which has now been restored to a condition of strength and beauty, is surrounded with a burial ground which is most interesting. "God's Acre" is finely situated, shaded in dense wood, and thickly studded with tombstones, while a deep silence broods over the whole scenes.

It is stated that the King is to visit Rosneath Castle, the seat of the Duke of Argyll, in June, during the Clyde Yachting Fortnight.

An elderly woman named Marion Kelly, who lived alone, fell from the window of her house, three stories high, at 89 Bowman street, Crosshill, and was instantly killed.

The old chimney stalk at Roxburgh Sugar Refinery, Greenock, has been successfully raised. It was 175 feet in height, and weighed 2,000 tons, yet it practically fell within its own length.

The first ladies to receive the freedom of Paisley are Mrs. Stewart Clark, who instituted a fund of £12,000 for incurables, and Mrs. Polson, who gave £10,000 for the improvement of the ancient cross of Paisley. The presentations were made yesterday.

"We learn on good authority," says the Belfast Evening News, "that the shipbuilding and engineering firm of Messrs. John Brown & Co., Limited, of Glasgow, is about to acquire the entire, or a very large, interest in the well-known Dalton Main Collieries of Rotherham (Yorks)."

Drastic action is to be taken against aliens in Scotland. The authorities will henceforth order criminally disposed Poles and other aliens to be deported on their first appearance at local police courts. These aliens have of late maintained a feud with Scotch miners and iron workers.

The fruit trade of Scotland has sustained a severe loss in the death of Mr. Wm. H. Barrow, which took place at his residence, Calderbank, Cambuslang. Deceased was one of the founders of the firm of Messrs. Boyd, Barrow & Co., fruit bazaar, one of the largest businesses of its kind in Scotland.

Mr. Sydney Gammell, one of the governors of the Aberdeen and North College of Agriculture, has sent a letter to the secretary of the college, stating that he is very anxious that the forestry work of the college should now be developed a little further. He also brings before the governors the desirability of providing a demonstration area for forestry in connection with the college, which would very greatly assist in the training of forestry students, and also allow of the systematic training of working foresters.

HIGH RECORDS IN WHEAT MARKETS

Prices Frequently Soared Beyond Those of the Recent Chicago Wheat Corner.

A United States commercial authority declares that last week's Chicago's price of $1 29 per bushel for wheat was "utterly abnormal," even for recent years of generally high commodity values. It says that only in five years since the days of paper money inflation in the United States has the last week's price been passed. But higher figures were common during greenback times. Here is the record of prices since the close of the United States civil war:

	Highest.		Lowest.	
1898	$1 85	May	62	Oct.
1888	2 00	Sept.	71⅛	April
1882	1 40	April, May	91⅛	Dec.
1881	1 43¼	Oct.	95⅝	Jan.
1880	1 32	Jan.	86½	Aug.
1879	1 33½	Dec.	81⅝	Jan.
1877	1 76½	May	$1 01½	Aug.
1875	1 30½	Aug.	83¼	Feb.
1873	1 46	July	1 01	Nov.
1872	1 61	Aug.	89	Sept.
1871	1 32	Feb., April, Sept.	99½	Aug.
1870	1 31½	July	73¼	April
1869	2 47	Aug.	76½	Dec.
1868	2 20	July,	1 04½	Nov.
1867	2 85	May	1 55	Aug.
1866	2 03	Nov.	78	Feb.

It is pointed out that five of these sixteen high records were achieved in April or May, six in July or August, two in the autumn months, and three in the winter time. Prior to 1879, prices of everything were so far influenced by the American paper money inflation that they are not a fair criterion. But taking the period after specie resumption, January, 1879, the 1879 high price was the result of disastrous European crop failure, which affected prices not only that year but also the next. The world-wide shortage in 1881—a decrease of 147,000,000 bushels in the yield from the year before—was the cause of the high prices that year and the next. There was a 50,000,000 shortage in the United States wheat crop in 1888, but the $2 price was merely the result of a paper corner, very effectively planned and operated. The $1 85 price of May, 1898, was largely caused by European harvest failures in the preceding year and by fears of complications growing out of the Spanish-American war. It is to be remarked that comparatively little of the benefit of these high prices brought about by speculative movement goes to the man who actually grows the wheat.

GRAPEFRUIT AND KUMQUAT.

If an orange and a lemon were married and should have offspring it would be grape-fruit. The other day an old friend in Florida sent me a grape-fruit that weighed seven pounds. That is the record, he said. Grape-fruit, we are told, derived its name from its fancied resemblance to the taste of the grape. It more than likely was an Osage orange in a wild state brought down to domestic cultivation, crossed with the orange or lemon by nature's methods. It is grown in all tropical countries, and is now especially fine in Florida and along the Lower California coast. The acid is better than that of the lime for awakening the liver and thinning the blood.

The kumquat (cumquat or comquot), like the grape-fruit, is misunderstood by many who go into the market for ripe fruit. Names for grape-fruit better known than that by which this big lemon-orange is sold here are pomelos and shaddocks. The kumquat is exactly like a plum-tomato in size and shape, but has a sort of sharp acid pulp and a sweet rind. It came to us from Japan and China, and is fine for preserving.—New York Press.

ODD EXPERIENCES OF CLEVER MEN

Unusual Happenings That Have Fallen to the Lot of Some of Them.

In this article has been brought together a handful of curious experiences that at one time or other have fallen to the lot of clever men. For instance, in imagination one can reconstruct a little scene that was enacted one fine morning almost a quarter of a cetury ago at King's Cross Railway Station. One sees a young man of romantic habit presenting himself at the booking office with the demand for a ticket to Edinburgh. But he has miscalculated the sum required for his fare, and the money he possesses is short the amount demanded a shilling or two. "Take this in," observes the intending traveller, gaily passing a volume to the clerk, who looks at the title of the book—Swinburne's "Queen Mother and Rosamond"—and declines the deal. That was the scene, but we know now what a bargain that booking clerk lost, for the volume contained autograph annotations by its profferer, Robert Louis Stevenson. Today that book would be worth a considerable sum.

Ruskin and the Evil One.

Our next incident relates to another famous man of letters—John Ruskin—who once gave to a friend an elaborate description of his sensations during a severe illness. He appears to have become dtlirious, when he was terror-stricken by the noise made by the fowls below his window—so much so, indeed, that he imagined that he was almost in personal conflict with the Evil One. "I had at that time an old peacock who was good for nothing—and bad for very much; for at that season of the year the weather was abominable, and he was for ever foretelling rain with his ugly croaking voice. I was lying ill upstairs, and so quickly flew my thoughts that every time he croaked I thought I was in a farmyard, and that I was impelled by the tyrant devil to do some fearful wrong, which I strove with all my might and main to resist. But my passionate efforts were of no avail, and every time I did the wrong I heard the voice of the demon—that is, the peacock—give forth a loud croak of triumph. And this was more terrible than I can express in words."

Snakes and a Tailor's Bill.

The great Darwin, author of "The Origin of Species," was in the habit of going into the London Zoological Gardens, and, standing by the glass case containing the cobra de capello, put his forehead against the glass while the cobra struck at him. The glass was between them; Darwin's mind was perfectly convinced as to the inability of the snake to harm him, yet he would always dodge. Time after time he tried it, his will and reason keeping him there, his instinct making him dodge. The instinct was stronger than both will and reason. But some of the unusual experiences of the learned have been of a humorous description. One such episode used to be related by Professor Brander Matthews. He went to dine at a certain dramatic club in New York, and, going to the club letter box, picked up and perused a letter which seemed to be addressed to him. It was a request from a tailor for the settlement of his little bill. But as the man's name was quite strange to him he made a more careful examination, found that he had been mistaken, and put the missive back into its place. Immediately afterwards he saw the real owner take possession of it, walk into the reading-room, read it carefull, and tear it into shreds. Then, assured of an audience, the man whose clothes were still unpaid for assumed the weary smile of an accomplished lady-killer, and remarked, audibly, "Poor silly little girl!"

Professor Milne in Canada.

A still more amusing incident was the little mistake Professor Milne once made. When in Canada, at a meeting of the British Association, he was invited to give a lecture. The clock struck eight as he started, and he went on all right. At a quarter past everything was going splendidly, and he talked till he got to the last sentence. He then looked at the clock, and saw that it was pointing to twenty past eight. He was horrified, and looking at the serried ranks in front of him, he determined that they should not think that a man who had come from England had said all he had got to say in twenty minutes. So he began a story to spin out the time. He saw that Lord Kelvin was looking a bit puzzled, but he went on with the yarn, till someone hit him on the back, and muttered in his ear, "Shut up, Milne! You have been talking an hour and a half; the clock has stopped." That, however, was not so ludicrous as a little contretemps that befell Professor Adams. In an address to teachers at the College of Preceptors he said that he remembered a case of his own when he was teaching a class of intelligent working men. One of them brought him a plan to explain, and he took it home with him at 10 o'clock to study. He managed to come to a complete understanding with it all, excepting about two-thirds of one semi-circle. At 3 a.m. he reluctantly gave it up, in justice to the scholars he had to teach the next morning, and then, as he rolled the plan up, the difficulty disappeared. It was merely a hair which had fallen from his head.

THE SCOT AT WATERLOO

Macdonell, of Glengarry, Held Hougomont, the Key of the Situation.

You find the Scot at Waterloo in the shadow of Newton Hall, off Fleet street, London. In the boardroom of the Scots Corporation Building there he has arrived on canvas. The painter is Mr. Robert Gibb, R.S.A., the King's limner for Scotland, and the hero of Waterloo is Sir James Macdonell, of the ancient clan of the Macdonells of Glengarry, who followed both the Old Pretender and the young one. Scottish patriotism has just placed there, overlookingg the chair in which Sir Isaac Newton sat in the old Royal Society, an immense battle-picture of Waterloo. It is the episode of the holding of the outpost of Hougomont against the wild onslaught of Napoleon's troops by that Celtic warrior from the Highlands the gallant Macdonell of Glengarry. Subscribed bawbees of London Scots are doing it, for the Scot at Waterloo must not fail to arrive at posterity.

In the Danger Zone.

From Hougomont, the danger-zone inside which "Macdon-ell" was placed can be understood. This farm was situated some distance nearer the French than the right wing of Wellington's army. From Napoleon's point of view it was the key to the situation. As the French swept across the low ground from the heights beyond, leaving the desperate Corsican seated behind a small table, with his map before him, issuing his commands, waiting in sublime self-confidence to feast his eyes upon the sight of the retreat of the allies, which to him was inevitable beforehand as destiny itself, they meant to inaugurate the glories of the day by driving "Macdon-ell" out of Hougomont. It looks on the spot now as if the Scots should have been forced to retreat or be annihilated inside those stout old brick walls. Even to the patriot Scot it seems miraculous, when he muses and meditates around the battlefield, that the two regiments should have held Hougomont. What wonder that the Scot, his tongue liberated by a dram, should boast that Waterloo was won by "Macdon-ell," and not by Tennyson's "Great Duke!"

Wellington Knew the Scot.

"Could it be done?" inquired the Prussian officer Muffing, who was on the duke's staff. "Was it possible to keep the dangerous outpost of Hougomont?" "Ah!" replied the duke, "you do not know Macdonell." And, after the field was won, the duke remarked to Muffing, "Well, you see how Macdonell held Hougomont after all."

"Macdon-ell" In Crome Court.

Not the battle of Waterloo, but the episode of Hougomont, is to be seen in the picture now placed in the home of the ancient Scots Corporation. Ill would it become the patriot Scot to spoil the historical sentiment by critical inspection of the composition, draughtsmanship, and color discovered in the canvas. The subject is treated with dignity, and its ghastly realism is relieved by the feeling for the glory of heroic daring which glows in line and pigment. You see "Macdon-ell" there, his sword uplifted in the right hand, his left shoulder placed against the gate by which the French soldiers struggle to enter in vain. There is a stalwart Scot behind "Macdon-ell," pushing the gate forward with the determined puissance of a Samson. The picture suggests the result. "Macdon-ell" in Fleet street, too, has held Hougomont at Waterloo.

Magnanimity of "Macdon-ell."

The second Scot conspicuous in the picture of Hougomont is Sergeant John Graham, of Waterloo tradition. Some time after the battle, before Europe had ceased to discuss the merits and demerits of the combatants, a generous clergyman passed the sum of £500 to the Duke of Wellington, asking him to present the same to the bravest soldier of the British army at Waterloo. Said the duke: "The success of the battle of Waterloo turned upon the closing of the gates of Hougomont. Those gates were closed in the most courageous manner, at the nick of time, by Sir James Macdonell. I can't help thinking that Sir James is the man to whom you should give the £500." But the magnanimous "Macdon-ell" gave the £500 to John Graham, who, he said, "saw with me the importance of the step, rushed forward, and together we shut the gate."

SHOULD DIET FOR DROWSINESS

Attacks of Sleepiness—Often Result of Owlish Habits.

Sleepiness is a normal and healthy condition when it occurs at the usual bedtime, and when not extreme and overpowering, but it is not always associated with sleep. Some persons in perfect health and excellent sleepers hardly know the meaning of drowsiness; they are active mentally and physically until they are in bed; then sleep comes at once, and when it leaves them in the morning they are again in full mental awakeness.

There are less fortunate persons who never have a complete and satisfactory night's rest who are always nodding, but when the head touches the pillow sleep recedes and the night is a succession of drowsy lapses to sleep with the instant return of semi-consciousness.

In general, with the exception noted at the beginning of this article, drowsiness is abnormal and indicates something wrong either in the body of the sufferer or in his habits. Those who habitually cut off their hours of sleep, the "night owls" and the burners of the midnight oil, pay for their bad habit by attacks of sleepiness in the afternoon and early evening; later, unfortunately, after the influence of digestion wears off the drowsiness disappears and then, relieved of his burden, the person "sits up to all hours" again, thinking in that way to make up for the hours lost by the drowsiness. If he would abandon his owlish habit, go to bed betimes and get the seven or eight hours of continuous sleep that he needs his daytime and evening drowsiness would disappear, he could do more and better work and find life much more enjoyable.

A slight drowsiness is often noticed after a hearty meal because active digestion draws a greater volume of blood to the stomach, so that the brain is relatively poorly supplied. In some southern countries this tendency is favored and the siesta after the noon meal is a national custom. With us the after-dinner cup of black coffee often drives away the impulse to sleep—whether for good or ill may be left to the physiologists to determine.

Sometimes we hear of attacks of sleepiness occurring suddenly at certain periods of the day or at irregular intervals. These are altogether abnormal, and in such cases there is almost always some poison at work in the nervous centres—usually a self-manufactured poison which because it is made in too great quantity or because constipation or kidney disease prevents its rapid elimination accumulates in the system.

An essential in the treatment of such cases is dieting. Meat should be given up for a time at least, and the only beverage allowable is water or milk.—Youth's Companion.

ALFONSO COPIES KING EDWARD

Spanish Monarch Trying to Anglicize His Court—The Baby Princes.

Queen Victoria of Spain, who is still Princess Ena to the English, is contemplating another visit to London. This time she will bring the latest baby prince with her and will leave her eldest son, the heir to the throne, in Spain.

Queen Victoria seems unable to tear herself away from English traditions and associations. English is the language she speaks to her immediate attendants, English are some of the nurses who are in charge of the Prince of the Asturias and Don Jaime, the latest arrival, and very English in all their appointments are the nurseries where her two small sons spend most of their lives at present.

Yet the Spanish people do not seem to resent the queen's loyalty to the language and customs of her own country. They are proud of her and so proud of the two princes she has given them that they are quite willing she and the young king should revolutionize Spanish social life and overthrow traditions of generations past.

King Alfonso is cosmopolitan in ideas and tastes. He takes King Edward of England as his model and insists upon going about as England's King does, unostentatiously and freely. He tries also to anglicize his court and his home life and in appearance he has converted himself into as near an approach to a British citizen as is possible for one so distinctly Latin in type as he is.

English suits, hats, ties, waistcoats, an English way of wearing his hair and the long stride and vigorous outdoor air of the English gentleman—all this does the young king struggle to achieve and in part he has succeeded. The gilded youth of Spain follow his example, so that English styles and English manners in Madrid, and an English bulldog is considered the very last touch to this effort to be Anglo-Saxon.

King Alfonso remains a boy in looks and view of life, notwithstanding he is the father of two princes. Spain regards him with affection tinged with respectful toleration. England, on the contrary, frankly admires him as the most romantic figure of present royalty. The whole country rang with his ingenuousness the other day when he refrained from going for a short flight in the Wilbur Wright airship because, as he naively informed those around him, he had "promised the queen he would not." England loved that little story. All the sentiment in the seemingly phlegmatic Briton rose to applaud it, while Spain, the land of sentiment, received it but coldly.

Queen Victoria is a devoted mother and spends more time with her two children than is usual with royal parents. She has become so mature in manner and appearance that any trace of the Princess Ena of only three years ago is hard to find.

The two little princes are fine boys and she has every reason to be proud of them. Spanish photographers have tried to picture them to her liking, but with small success, so she "commanded" the presence of the English photographer who had taken her portrait many times as a girl. He came to Spain straightway and took the photograph, with which the queen has expressed herself absolutely satisfied.

The Prince of the Asturias grows more English in appearance every day. He is very blonde, blue eyed and rosy-cheeked and very like his golden-haired mother in features. He has also her placid temperament.

Don Jaime is a direct contrast to his brother. Though only a few months old he shows already a Spanish type and has all the nervous energy and vitality of King Alfonso, of whom in appearance he is a small counterpart.

The older and more conservative members of the Spanish court have openly wondered if Queen Victoria will realize that Spanish princes must be brought up according to Spanish traditions, but all young Spain is heart and soul with the young queen.

THE SUREST ROAD TO FORTUNE

The Gospel of Saving Money Preached to Deaf Young Ears.

A young man who would have a competency at the end of ten years must make sacrifices for the first two or three years. Say that you, for instance, are earning $30 a week. At the present time you may be spending nearly all of this, as thousands of others are doing. Now, during the first year, you must save $1,000. "Why," you exclaim, "if I should save $1,000 a year that would make $10,000 at the end of ten years, without counting the interest! You're off in your figuring!"

But wait. We are supposing now that you are having your share of prosperity and that at different times within the next few years you will have doctor's bills to pay and may even be without employment at times. These things must be taken into consideration if you would save $10,000 in ten years.

So the first year you save $1,000. This leaves you a little less than $11 a week upon which to live during that time. Perhaps you will have to move out of your present home and rent one that is cheaper. For a time it will also be necessary for you to contract fewer tailoring bills, and in all probability you will get your wife to aid you in economizing; but you must save $1,000 during that year and you will find that you can do it.

In the second year your load will become lighter, and then you will see why it was necessary for you to save $1,000 during the first year. The $1,000 you can easily place out at 5 per cent interest and at the end of the second year it will have earned you $50. So during this second year you have to save only $950. In other words, you have $1 a week more to spend on the comforts of life during the second year than the first. In this way your load continues to get lighter and lighter. You begin your third year with $2,000 out at interest, and during this year need save only $900, which leaves you $2 a week more to spend than during the first year; and so it goes until at the end of your fifth year you are saving only $750 a year, or less than one-half of your $1,560 salary. Each year you have more to spend. At the end of your eighth year you are saving just $12 50 a week, while you have $17 50 to spend.

At the end of your tenth year you have $10,000, which is earning you $500 a year, and which may even bring you $600 or $700 a year if you invest it well. If you were only thirty years of age when you began saving you are still too young to retire on $5 a month; but now you can spend all that you earn, and at the end of another ten years, if you do not gather the "honey" which your $10,000 is making for you, you will be worth a little over $17,000, which at 6 per cent will bring you an income of $85 a month for the rest of your life.

A modification of the above scheme can be made to work to the profit of any wage-earner, no matter what his weekly earnings may be, granting, of course, that they are sufficient to live upon comfortably. For instance, if the man who earns $15 a week could save $7 a week for fourteen years he would have acquired a little fortune of $5,096. This task of saving $7 a week out of $15 a week for 728 weeks seems stupendous at first, but when you figure it out carefully you will see that it is not so difficult after all. In the first place, you would have to save $7 a week only for the first year, just as the man who was working for $10,000 had to save $1,000 for the first year only. At the end of the first year you would have $364. By the end of the second year this would have earned you $18 20 at 5 per cent, so that this year you would need to save only $345 80 instead of $364, or $6 65 a week. During the third year you would have $728 working for you, which at 5 per cent would earn $36 40, leaving you $6 30 to save each week that year. Figuring in this way, in the beginning of your sixth year you would have to lay aside only $5 80 weekly; at the beginning of your ninth, $4 20, and at the beginning of your twelfth, only $3 15. Yet at the end of your fourteenth year you would have saved over $5,000, which, properly employed, would mean a great deal to you in the years to come.

ENGLAND'S DEAD.

Mrs. Hemans.

Sons of the ocean isle!
Where sleep your mighty dead?
Show me what high and stately pile
Is reared o'er Glory's bed.

Go, stranger! track the deep,
Free, free the white sail spread!
Wave may not foam, nor wild wind sweep,
Where rest not England's dead.

On Egypt's burning plains,
By the pyramid o'erswayed,
With fearful power the noonday reigns,
And the palm trees yield no shade.

But let the angry sun
From heaven look fiercely red,
Unfelt by those whose task is done!
There slumber England's dead.

The hurricane hath might
Along the Indian shore,
And far, by Ganges' banks at night,
Is heard the tiger's roar.

But let the sound roll on!
It hath no tone of dread,
For those that from their toils are gone—
There slumber England's dead!

Loud rush the torrent floods
The western wilds among,
And free, in green Columbia's woods,
The hunter's bow is strung.

But let the floods rush on!

SEVEN YEARS AN INVALID

THEN SHE TOOK "FRUIT-A-TIVES" AND IS NOW WELL.

Arnprior, Ont., Nov. 27, 1908.

I was an invalid for seven years from fearful womb trouble. I had falling womb, with constant pain in the back and front of my body and all down my legs. There was a heavy discharge and this made me weak, sleepless, restless and miserable. Often I was obliged to be in bed for a month at a time. I was treated by several doctors, but their treatment did me no permanent good.

A few months ago I was persuaded to try "Fruit-a-tives." I took several boxes, and from the outset of this treatment I was better, the constipation was cured, and the discharge lessened. I took for the paleness, several bottles of the Iron Mixture as recommended in the "Fruit-a-tives" book, but I feel that it was "Fruit-a-tives" alone that cured me.

(Mrs.) Eliza Levesque.

Take Mrs. Levesque's advice. Take "Fruit-a-tives" and cure yourself. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50; trial box 25c. At dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives, Limited, Ottawa.

Let the arrow's flight be sped!
And toss the pine-boughs through the sky,
Like rose leaves on the breeze.

But let the storm rage on!
Let the forest wreaths be shed;
For the Roncesvalles' field is won—
There slumber England's dead.

On the frozen deep's repose
'Tis a dark and dreadful hour,
When round the ship the ice-fields close,
To chain her with their power.

But let the ice drift on!
Let the cold blue desert spread!
Their course with mast and flag is done,
There slumber England's dead.

The warlike of the isles,
The men of field and wave!
Are not the rocks their funeral piles,
The seas and shores their grave?

Go, stranger! track the deep,
Free, free the white sail spread!
Wave may not foam, nor wild wind sweep,
Where rest not England's dead.

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MANY DON'T KNOW

HEART AFFECTED.

More People than Aware of It Have Heart Disease.

"If examinations were made of everyone, people would be surprised at the number of persons walking about suffering from heart disease."

This startling statement was made by a doctor at a recent inquest. "I should not like to say that heart disease is as common as this would imply," said the expert, "but I am sure that the number of persons going about with weak hearts must be very large."

"Hundreds of people go about their daily work on the verge of death, and yet do not know it. It is only when the shock comes that kills them that the unsuspected weakness of the heart is made apparent."

"But undoubtedly heart weakness, not disease, is more prevalent nowadays. I should think that the stress of living, the wear and rush of modern business life, have a lot to do with heart trouble."

There is no doubt but that this is correct, and we would strongly advise any one suffering in any way from heart trouble to try a course of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Price 50 cts. per box or 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers or will be mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.

Mrs. G. M. White, Williamstown, N.B. writes: "I was troubled with weak spells and fluttering of the heart. I was so bad I could scarcely lie down in bed. I procured a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and they helped me so much I got another box and it has made a final cure. I cannot speak too highly of them. I think they are worth their weight in gold."

ANALYSIS OF

ST. LAWRENCE GRANULATED SUGAR

THE STANDARD OF PURITY

Laboratory of Provincial Government Analyst.

MONTREAL, 22nd February, 1909.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have drawn by my own hand ten samples of the St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Co's Extra STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR, indiscriminately taken from four lots of about 150 barrels each and six lots of about 450 bags each. I have analyzed same and find them uniformly to contain 99-99/100 to 100 per cent of pure cane sugar, with no impurities whatever.

(Signed) MILTON L. HERSEY, M.Sc. LL.D.
Provincial Government Analyst.

The St. Lawrence Sugar Refining Company Limited, Montreal. 11

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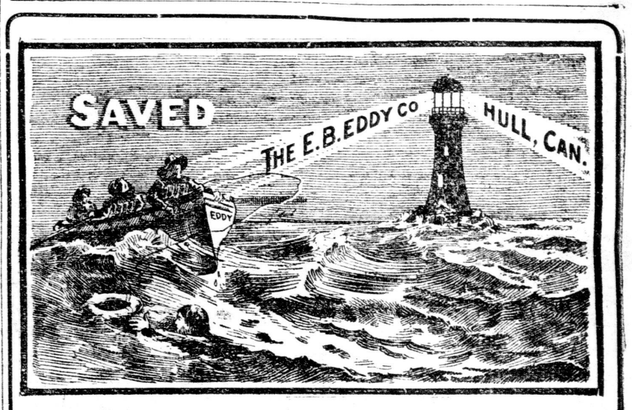

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I will mail, free of any charge, my **home treatment** with full instructions to any sufferer from women's ailments. I want to tell **all** women about this cure—you, my reader, for yourself, your daughter, your mother, or your sister. I want to tell you how to cure yourself at home without the help of a doctor. Men **cannot** understand women's sufferings. What we women know **from experience**, we know better than any doctor. **I know** that my home treatment is a safe and sure cure for **Leucorrhœa** or **Whitish discharge, Ulceration, Displacement** or **Falling** of the **Womb, Profuse, Scanty** or **Painful Periods, Uterine** or **Ovarian Tumors** or **Growths**, also **pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness, creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, desire to cry, hot flashes, weariness, kidney and bladder troubles where caused by weakness peculiar** to our sex.
I want to send you a **complete 10 days treatment entirely free** to prove to you that you can cure yourself at home, easily, quickly and surely. Remember, that **it will cost you nothing** to give the treatment a complete trial; and if you should wish to continue, it will cost you only about 12 cents a week, or less than two cents a day. It will not interfere with your work or occupation. **Just send me your name and address**, tell me how you suffer, if you wish, and I will send you the treatment for your case, entirely free, in plain wrapper, by return mail. I will also send you **free of cost**, my book—"**WOMAN'S OWN MEDICAL ADVISER**" with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer, and how they can easily cure themselves at home. Every woman should **have it and learn to think for herself.** Then when the doctor says—"You must have an operation," you can decide for yourself. Thousands of women have cured themselves with my home remedy. It cures **all, old or young.** To **Mothers** of **Daughters**, I will explain a simple home treatment which speedily and effectually cures Leucorrhœa, Green Sickness, and Painful or Irregular Menstruation in Young Ladies. Plumpness and health always result from its use.
Wherever you live, I can refer you to ladies of your own locality who know and will gladly tell any sufferer that this **Home Treatment** really **cures** all women's diseases and makes women well, strong, plump and robust. **Just send me your address**, and the free ten days' treatment is yours, also the **book.** Write to-day, as you may not see this offer again. Address:

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Usually the trouble begins with torpid, sluggish liver action, and consequent constipation of the bowels, then the kidneys give out and the most painful of diseases begins. To effect cure you must get at the cause of trouble and get the liver and bowels right before you can hope to restore the kidneys to healthful action.

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Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

By their direct and definite action on the filtering organs Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills awaken the action of the liver, overcome constipation of the bowels and bring the kidneys back to health and vigor.

While not in any sense a cure-all, Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are effective in a variety of ailments which arise from a torpid, congested condition of the liver, kidneys and bowels, such as, liver complaint, biliousness, constipation, indigestion, kidney disease and urinary troubles.

One pill a dose, 25 cts. a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto, Ontario. N. Y. Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment positively cures itching, bleeding piles.

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"Duchess" No. 126 is one of the daintiest waists of the new spring season.

It's the new surplice effect, with high Gibson collar, and Mousquetaire sleeves.

The body is white china silk, with yoke of net and allover lace insertion.

We show you the general effect here but you must see the waist itself to really appreciate its style and daintiness.

Leading Dry Goods Houses carry the complete line of "Duchess" Waists. Ask to see them.

All "Duchess" Garments—Waists, Skirts, White Wear, Kimonos etc. —are unconditionally guaranteed by your dealer and by us. When you buy, you have the makers' as well as the retailers' guarantee.

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The Art of Matchmaking

Problems of Mothers With Marriageable Daughters — The Right Propinquity the Important Thing, Says One —As to Differences in Social Position—When to Encourage, When Not To—Good Husbands.

How to marry off a daughter so that the young people shall be reasonably happy and not likely to turn up in the divorce courts is a problem in solving which experience does not seem to be everything. To illustrate:

The mother of a beautiful, accomplished, well-off, but not wealthy, New York debutante sought to marry her to a certain rich young man in her first season. She planned, persistently, patiently, with such success that the marriage took place within a year. After the last handful of rice had been thrown the mother heaved a long sigh of satisfaction, believing that she had done the best in her power to secure her daughter's happiness.

Now the sequel: Before the honeymoon was over, or rather before the period old-fashioned brides and bridegrooms used to allot to the honeymoon had elapsed, the pair were manifestly indifferent to each other. A year later the young husband was seeking pleasures away from his home, and his unhappy wife was proudly showing a cheerful face to the public. Friends and relatives were astonished, none more so than the girl's mother, who confidently expected that the trouble would before long right itself. Instead the wife got a divorce, and went home to her mother. Now, when the subject of marrying off one's daughters comes up, that particular mother has nothing to say.

Another New York matchmaking mother with the very best intentions toward an only daughter used all her skill, which was considerable, to bring about a marriage between her and a young man of good habits and high social position who was on the road to becoming a rich man. All the young woman's relatives agreed that the match would be ideal and when the young man showed every evidence of being willing to fall in with the mother's plans they declared that the mother was a lucky woman.

The mother thought so herself and was inclined for a time to think highly of her own talents as a match maker. The daughter took a different view. She took it into her pretty head to snub the young man, to snub him so unmistakably that in high dudgeon he withdrew and promptly transferred his attentions to a girl whom he soon married.

The mother took it hard. Almost she had seen her daughter's happiness assured, as she thought, and there could be no doubt that her first motive was her daughter's happiness, and then her daughter had coolly declared that she would not have any young man thrown at her head and declined to have her happiness assured. As a match maker the mother had failed for the time being and her daughter's future was still in doubt.

A worldly wise woman who has married off two daughters to their and her own entire satisfaction said when discussing the prospective marriage of a niece to a man twice her own age and of quite a different bringing up:

"Marriage is the biggest gamble I know of, and even the best match makers have never discovered a set of rules bound to work the same in every case. A good general rule, I have always found, is this: Provide just the propinquity you want when a girl is very young. Take no chances. Sometimes it takes considerable study and self-denial to do this.

"The mistake my sister made was in settling down last summer for five consecutive weeks in a large hotel where there was a dearth of young men of her daughter's social circle and no man at all whom she could regard as a possible part! for her daughter. That very fact, I suppose, made her feel secure.

"That a man nearly 40 and of comparatively obscure social position would catch or try to catch the fancy of a girl of 18 did not occur to her till near the end of her stay. Then it was too late to do anything. She knows now that five weeks' association at a summer hotel is equal to five months' association in town under ordinary conditions.

"No, the chances are nine to one that the match will not be happy. The two have no friends in common, the disparity in age is too great. I am certain my niece's fiancee would make a splendid husband for some woman, but not for her. He himself, I think, is making a big mistake in marrying my niece.

"The propinquity I believe in is that representing first and foremost persons who have had in the main the same bringing up, whose associations have been similar, whose social point of view is the same. This I always considered first where my own daughters were concerned.

"Had I five daughters to marry off now I think I would take them to a college town to spend a winter and let them catch the boys young, making sure that the boys who had the entree to my house promised well for the role of husband. Oh, it's not so hard to tell that. There are general indications about a youth's behavior while at college that are a pretty good guide to what he will be in later life, and add to this a knowledge of what his worldly prospects are and something about his family, and a mother is a long way from being in the dark as to the possible result of taking him for a son-in-law.

"Both where young sons or young daughters are concerned mesalliances are to be avoided, but if either must make a mesalliance let it be the daughter. This is contrary, I know, to accepted notions on this point.

"A husband raises or lowers his wife to his social level is what the law says, but it isn't so, except occasionally. As a rule when an ambitious young fellow brought up in metropolitan upper circles marries a young woman of provincial bringing up, entirely ignorant of the ways, thoughts, pleasures, mode of speech even of the women with whom her fiancee has always associated the end of his happiness is in sight. It may not happen for 10 or 20 years if the man has to build up his own fortune, but it is bound to happen.

"At the start the young man is pretty sure to settle down with his pretty, unsophisticated wife to love in a cottage. He can't afford a city establishment or he may dread exposing his young wife to unpleasant comparisons. Working hard and withdrawn more or less from his former world and taken up with the joys and cares of fatherhood perhaps, ten or fifteen years slip along, during which his wife has been a practical helpmeet and he has missed little.

"I know a case like that right now. The man's two boys have gone to boarding school, he himself has won both distinction and money in his profession; he no longer keeps aloof or feels like keeping aloof from the associates of his youth. Naturally his wife is also free to share his social pleasures and he would like to include her in them. For a time he tried to do this and she tried to meet his expectations. But it didn't work.

"His wife and the friends of his mother and sisters and cousins and aunts don't travel in the same orbit at all and the former has not the adaptability to bridge the hiatus and act a new part. The husband, now in the prime of life, is invited here and there without his wife, and he accepts the invitations.

"Both he and his wife are miserably unhappy. And the match came about because his parents spent part of a summer at a dull hotel situated near a couple of lively boarding-houses.

"Provided a man has business ability and decent habits a young wife can do a good deal to remedy any lack of knowledge of social customs, manners and observances and of culture he may lack, even though she may suffer in the doing it, and he will be pretty sure to pass muster in any society because of his wife. But a wife lacking some of these attributes is another story. The world is less kind then.

"The first question with wise matchmakers always is how to prevent a misalliance.

"'A difference of temperament is absolutely essential to the perpetuity of any marriage,' is the opinion of the mother of three happily married daughters who ranks high as a matchmaker because none of her daughters was pretty or had much money.

"'This was illustrated so convincingly,' she continued, 'in the marriage of the daughter of a near friend that it prevented me from making a similar mistake when my daughters arrived at marriageable age.

"'A man rated as a millionaire and past his salad days a good bit paid marked attention to my friend's daughter from the day she was introduced to society. This daughter, by the way, was a beauty and a high strung creature with a capricious temper. The man was noted for a quarrelsome disposition and a high temper.

"'Did the girl's mother oppose the match? Not a bit of it. By a process of reasoning more or less common she thought that marriage would sweeten the man's temper and calm her daughter's imperiousness. The two married and a few years later were divorced after a more than usually tempestuous experience.

"In my daughter's first season she came very near marrying a boy whom I had known since he and she were in pinafores. There was nothing against the youth as a prospective husband except that he had an aimless, unpractical disposition almost a duplicate of that of the girl to whom he was paying attention. He was always at my daughter's elbow and yet—he never seemed to be making love to her. That he intended to ask her to be his wife I was certain, but when was not certain.

"I determined to break it up if I could without hurting the feelings of either. I invited the daughter of a western friend to visit me—a big hustling girl with lots of go in her and plenty of good looks. Before I introduced her to the young man I took care to let the girl know that he was a fine young fellow and worth half a million dollars. She did the rest, my daughter in her aimless way looking on without a protest.

"Neither did the young man protest. The western girl woke him up, put life into him. At first at my request he showed her attention, afterward he kept this up without being asked. The two are now married and ideally happy.

"On the other hand a boy with lots of enterprise who as soon as the way was clear began to court my daughter is making her immensely happy. I flatter myself that my matchmaking saved two persons at least from an unsatisfactory marriage.

"I know a matchmaker who has, I am sure, prevented at least two marriages which might, I think, have been ideally happy. One of these was between her niece and an Englishman, a manly fellow, evidently well fitted to make the girl he fancied a good husband. Her aunt was as pleased with him as her niece was. She determined to help matters along, the Englishman, to her American ideas, being a little slow and needing her help.

"This is where she made her mistake. An Englishman never needs any assistance whatever with his love affairs. When he sees the girl he fancies he goes straight ahead in his own fashion, which may not be tornado-like but is sure to get there unless he is opposed. That he seldom goes courting tentatively is my experience of him and I ought to know, as I have an English son-in-law and two English nephews-in-law.

"The American man on the other hand often does go courting tentatively and if he finds the girl's mother is taking him too seriously he sometimes quits in self-defence.

"In the case of her niece the matchmaker I am speaking of took such pains to make opportunities for the Englishman to see the girl that he had to submit to some good natured raillery, my son-in-law told me, from friends who said the aunt was throwing her niece into his arms. That settled it. Raillery in connection with the girl he is thinking of making his wife goes hard with an Englishman. He planned a little journey which gave him an excuse to leave the place at short notice, and that romance was nipped in the bud.

"The second romance she nipped concerned her elder daughter and a rising young civil engineer of slightly lower social position than her own. Had she given herself a chance to find out something about the man's high culture and superior traits of character she would gladly have welcomed him as a son-in-law. As it was she did everything in her power to keep him and her unsuspecting daughter from meeting until he gave up the game.

"Afterward when he married one of her daughter's most intimate friends she admitted her mistake. Social equality is an important thing to consider but matchmakers make too much of it sometimes.

"In America the true art of marrying off one's daughter well is to give her a husband who is a worker, not an idler; a man in earnest about achieving something besides enjoying himself. The idlers of this country don't make good husbands. There are dozens of illustrations of this among New Yorkers.

"Had I ten unmarried doughters I should try my best to prevent a man without a business or profession, who took no part in the world's real work, from marrying any one of them. The adage about Satan and idle hands is as true now as it ever was."—New York Sun.

HAVE PLANTS INTELLIGENCE?

Proof Adduced to Show Reasoning Faculty in Vegetable Kingdom — Laughing Grain, Weeping Willow and Other Poetic Fancies Nearer Truth Than Fiction, After All.

Have plants intelligence? Do they think? Can they see, hear and feel? Is it an unjust reflection upon the vegetable kingdom to call a man a cabbage head? Is there an ethical and humanitarian basis for the park legends warning the public to keep of the grass? How soon will vegetarians who denounce the cannibalism of meat eaters be convicted of cruelty in devouring their sentient fellowbeings, such as potatoes, turnips and onions? Will the human race become too tender-hearted to cut the throats of pallid lilies and to strangle sobbing little pansies in their beds?

These questions are not suggested by the belated ravings of an Elizabethan poet or the mystic fancies of a Brahmin thinker getting up an exclusive lecture course. Scientists of repute and sobriety are responsible for the issue of plant intelligence. Prof. Francis Darwin, started the ball rolling at the last meeting of the British association in Dublin, when he declared that plants respond to touch, like animals, have memory, develop habits, and exercise as much free will as any anti-Calvinist.

Next Prof. Harold Wager, the well-known botanist, came along, asserting that the outer skins of many leaves act as eyes, which focus the rays of light on the interior of the leaf, and carry an impression to the plant brain. The lenses of the vegetable eyes, he says, are so accurate that photographs can be taken by means of them. Photographs of men and landscapes, lensed by plant eyes, were exhibited by Prof. Wager.

There was no doubt of plant intelligence from the days of Homer until the scientists of the nineteenth century did away with the last vestige of anthropomorphism. Science, in wrathful reaction against the miraculous, banished all poetical conceptions, sent wood nymphs and dryads to limbo, and established the universe on rigid mechanical and business lines. The laughing grain, the weeping willow, and the modest violet were consigned to the limbo of fancy.

A reaction gradually came about, however, owing to the exhaustive botanical researches of such men as Noll, Haberlandt and Nemec. The simple mechanical explanations were not found sufficient to account for the complex phenomena of plant life. Startling similarities between animal and vegetable organisms were discovered. Prof. Haberlandt published in 1904 his discovery of plant eyes, thus antedating the recent announcement of Prof. Wager.

In support of the intelligence theory, it may be cited that plants constantly move about except when they sleep, avoid obstacles at a distance, send their roots unerringly after water, reach for support with their tendrils, shut their leaves when touched, slant their leaves to avoid excessive sunlight, and sometimes smell and reach after animal food like beasts of prey.

There are five hundred species of carnivorous plants. A tree, it is recorded, accidentally planted in an oak crotch, sent down its root to the ground, and the root divided eighteen inches above a stone so as to get over it on either side. Apparently the root solved the problem of dodging the stone a foot and a half before reaching it. The colored hybrid nicotianas open their petals in the day, as if aware that their hues would be wasted on the insectless dark hours when the white variety is open. The adult blue gum tree of Australia turns its leaves edgewise to the zenith to avoid the scorching heat of the sun, while the young shaded tree saves itself this exertion. Many plants have a rhythmic swaying movement in their sleep. Electric light stops their movements, and produces an injurious insomnia. A plant compelled to keep awake looks pale and fagged out. The different sleeping hours of plants have enabled botanists to construct flower clocks. Plants respond to the light, and continue to bend toward it half an hour after the light is drawn.

Many instances of vegetable reasoning or something else are given by R. H. France in his "Germs of Mind in Plants." The rootlets of plants, which Charles Darwin compared to a brain, have a sense of the nearness of water, called hydrotopism, and they have a sense of gravity, termed geotropism. The tendrils of a hop vine swing in wide circles around a chosen branch. Once they have touched it they seize it in about 20 seconds, and acquire such a hold in an hour that it takes force to tear them away. Then the tendrils curl up like a corkscrew, and this shortening pulls up the vine.

The sensitive plant is proverbial. If a branch is touched, the feathery leaves rise, fold together, and the stem sinks down. A real injury to the branch sends a shudder through the entire plant, which closes every leaf in sympathetic woe. This mimosa is liveliest in its native southern haunts, and seems a little stupefied in northern hothouses. The flowers of the barberry cunningly compel the bees to perform a useful service. Baited with tiny cups of honey, the six stamens lie down against the yellow petals, and wait for a bee to release the trap, when they spring up and shower him with pollen. The bee acts as involuntary messenger, taking the pollen to another flower. If the employment of insects for fertilization does not seem conclusive evidence of intelligence, there is the case of a Central American acacia which houses a standing army of black ants in holes bored in the thorns, and feeds them with sausage-like growths at the end of its leaves, which vegetable sausages might be compared to the travelling ration of the German army. The function of the ant army is to defend the trees against bands of leaf-cutting ants, which destroy all other vegetation, and it is said the acacia's soldiers fight in its behalf with valiant success. There is also a species of fern which goes into a mysterious partnership with ants, whom it provides with little dwellings down the sides of its roots.

There are many predatory and tigerish plants, of which the sundew is a notable example. It catches insects in a hairy trap, and digests them with pepsin, the same as human beings and other animals do. The leaf jaws will grasp a pebble, but make no attempt to digest it, and soon the jaws open and let the pebble fall to the ground. Portuguese farmers use the fly-catching drosophyllum instead of mechanical fly traps to clear their houses of insects. In the tropics the stench of decaying insects proclaims the presence of plants with pitcher traps full of prey. A plant without roots that sails in ditches and ponds seeking insects whom it may devour is the Aldrovandi vesiculosa. Unsuspecting water fleas and skippers touch the bristles of its thick-valved leaves once, and no more; they are seized and consumed.

It is the co-operation between the plant parts and the subordination of individual inclinations to the general welfare that argue most strongly for plant intelligence. A number of vegetable sense organs have been discovered by Prof. Haberlandt. He has found that plants are endowed with nerves the same as animals, and these nerves are generally excited by irritable hairs, which are like the whiskers of a cat. The sensitive tendril spurs itself to activity by rubbing its cells against a deposit of crystallized acid; the irritation is produced when it meets an obstacle. The mechanism of various flytraps is based on a hydraulic principle, water pressure being transmitted from cell to cell to operate the valves.

A gravity organ is possessed by all the lower water animals, to enable them to tell when they are standing on their feet or are upside down. The snail carries internally a ball of lime, which rolls in a spherical water pouch, and by rubbing against bristles informs the owner of his position. Similar gravity organs have been discovered in plants by Prof. Haberlandt. There are starch grains stored in large cells, which enable the plant to grow upright. Without these starch kernels the plant acts as if dizzy, and becomes bent.

THE NEW NILE BARRAGE.

The new barrage, or dam, at Esneh, which has just been inaugurated officially by the Khedive, represents the latest achievement in the colossal irrigation works which have been accomplished in the Nile Valley under British direction, and which, when completed, will alter the whole face and immensely multiply the productive capacity of that ancient land.

The barrage just finished at Esneh spans the Nile 110 miles below Assuan, where the immense dam is now being heightened so as to increase the capacity from 1,000,000,000 to 2,200,000,000 tons. Since 1902 there has been another barrage in operation at Assiut, 235 miles north of Esneh, and there has been a third at Zifteh since 1903 at one of the arms of the river which traverse the delta. The new barrage at Esneh, which, begun in 1906, is just finished, stretches across the Nile at a height of about 20 feet above low-water mark. It is 900 metres, or almost 3,000 feet long, and is pierced by 120 doors, having openings of some 15 feet apiece. At the western extremity of the barrage there is a lock 80 metres long by 16 deep. Along the top of the barrage runs a public road six metres wide, connecting the banks of the river.

The stupendous irrigation works to which the new barrage at Esneh forms the latest addition constitute the most majestic benefaction ever conferred on one country by another. Never in the age-long history of the lands of the Pharaohs—not even in the far-off days which preceded the earliest recorded encroachments of the western desert on the ribbon of arable soil—was such capacity of production attained as will have been rendered possible when the huge engineering scheme undertaken by the British Government shall have been wrought out. There is reason to believe that many centuries hence, when the British occupation shall have faded from the native mind as utterly as has that of the Assyrians, the inhabitants of the Nile Valley will continue to bless the tremendous dam at Assuan and the massive supplemental barrage intended to regulate the flow of the life-giving waters.—New York Sun.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DANDRUFF.

A LESSON FROM THE BUSY BEES

Elbert Hubbard on the Spirit of the Hive

Maurice Maeterlinck says that one bee can never make honey, for the reason that a bee alone has no intelligence. Bees succeed only by working for the good of other bees. A single bee, separated from the hive, is absolutely helpless, yet a hive of bees has a very great and well defined purpose and intelligence.

And this intelligence Maeterlinck calls the spirit of the hive.

But occasionally a bee will go off to the hills and come back gorged with honey, bringing nothing for the common stock. And this bee is quickly killed—stung to death by a self-appointed committee who sit on the case and seem to consider that any bee that loses sight of the spirit of the hive and works for private good is sick, criminally insane and cannot be allowed longer to take up good space.

Men are under the domain of natural law as much as bees. Men succeed only by working with other men and for other men. Success lies in mutual service. The great truth concerning the solidarity of the race marks a mental epoch in the onward and upward march. It was hinted at pretty strongly in 1776, and carried into business as a working policy in 1876. It is now no longer an experiment.

With the bee, there is seemingly no evolution; the spirit of the hive is fixed within narrow limits.

With men the spirit of the hive, or, if you prefer, the spirit of the times—or the "Zeitgeist," to borrow a word from our German friends is a constantly changing entity.

Ancient Athens was made and controlled by fourteen men. But these masterly men did not represent the "Zeitgeist," nor were they strong enough to form the Spirit of the Hive. They kept the many in subjection by shows, spectacles, pomps, processions, and when danger at home became imminent, the mob was diverted by a foreign war.

Now, as long as the actual "Zeitgeist" of Greece was satured with fanaticism, superstition, a childish tantrum tendency and an old Harry atmosphere, the fourteen great men of Athens who for just thirty-six years sat on the lid were in a very dangerous position.

Familiarity breeds indifference, if not contempt, and whether there be men now living as great as those fourteen in the time of Pericles, it would be difficult to determine.

But this we know—we have a Spirit of the Hive now that is making honey rapidly, and of a very satisfactory quality, while the honey of Hymettus was made by that immortal fourteen who worked by stealth, by plot and connivance.

Our Spirit of the Times is of a kind unequalled in history. We have thousands upon thousands of men and women who are thinking great and noble thoughts and doing great and splendid work.

Every man who speaks out loud and clear is tinting the "Zeitgeist." Every man who expresses what he honestly thinks is true is changing the Spirit of the Times. Thinkers help other people to think, for they formulate what others are thinking. No person writes or thinks alone—thought is in the air, but its expression is necessary to create a tangible Spirit of the Times. The value of the thinker who writes or a writer who thinks, or a business man who acts, is that he supplies arguments for the people and confirms all who are on his wire in their opinions, often before unuttered.

The Brotherhood of Man is an idea now fully appreciated in business.

Commerce now stands for Mutality—Reciprocity.—Elbert Hubbard.

RIGHTS OF THE PIG.

The status of a pig brought some novel arguments to the court of appeal on Monday. The master of the rolls and Lords Justices Moulton and Buckley had before them the suit of Higgins vs. Searle, in which the defendant appealed against a refusal of Mr. Justice Lawrence at Bodmin to enter judgment for defendant respecting a motoring accident, alleged to have arisen out of the wanderings of a sow on the highway.

Mr. J. A. Hawke, in support of the appeal, said that plaintiff, the owner of a motor car, sued defendant, a farmer in Cornwall, for damages done to plaintiff's motor car. Defendant was the owner of a sow which was lying on the highway on the day of the accident, and plaintiff's case was that the sow had caused the horse in a cart, which was proceeding along the highway from Truro, to shy across the road. Plaintiff, in endeavoring to get out of the way of the cart, ran his motor car into a wall, and the car was damaged.

Mr. Lloyd, in opening the case at Bodmin for the plaintiff, said that the sow got up and snorted. A witness in the case said that the pig barked at the cart, and another that she sat up on her haunches, which caused to horse to shy.

The plaintiff based his case upon the fact that the defendant had occupied the highway with something which was dangerous to the highway.

Mr. Justice Moulton—A man can sit down by the roadside when he's tired; why should not a sow?

Mr. Hawke said that the pig at the trial was given a very good character.

The master of the rolls gave judgment for defendant with costs, both of the action and the appeal.—Lloyd's Weekly.

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Europe Bleeding to Death In the Midst of Peace

Fear Is Master and There Is a Blind, Senseless Competition Toward Bankruptcy—Striking Article in the London Nation.

"Roll up the map of Europe"—so ran the most famous of historic declarations. "It will not be needed for a generation." "Roll up the map of social progress," is the command from whatever malign spirit broods over Europe a century afterwards, "and for an indefinite future concentrate your energies upon the apparatus of war." Nothing new to the student of present affairs has been revealed by the debates and alarms of the past fortnight. That competition in armaments is spreading from the land to the sea, that the nations of Europe are confronting each other across frontiers mined with explosives and bristling with bayonets, that one half the national expenditure of all the peoples is devoted to the apparatus of destruction, that a whole civilization, subtle and cunning in invention, is moving along the pathways of Fear and Hatred towards bankruptcy or some cosmic catastrophe—these are facts which the prophets of modern days have emphasized with mournful iteration. But they are facts specially brought home in such moments as the present, when one particular people is compelled to take stock of its own position. In each human life the individual is running a losing race with death. Sooner or later will come an end of the struggle which each day brings nearer. But, for the most part, he pursues his business undisturbed, thinking that he will endure forever. Only occasionally—in the loss of a friend, through the warning of disease, by some arresting accident—he is brought sharply into contact with reality; in the sudden realization of his hazardous and transitory condition. Something similar to this sharp contact with reality in the life of the individual has happened today in the life of the nation. We face a cross section of a race to ruin. Liberal statesmen, heirs of Gladstone, and Cobden, and Bright, can but proclaim melancholy forebodings and warnings of disaster, such as those which this week in the British House of Commons, a Liberal foreign secretary has proclaimed to an attentive Europe. All those unclean forces which flourish upon confusion and hatred rejoice in the triumph of their cause. The prospect of peace and goodwill, and the effort towards making the life of the laboring populations something removed from an unintelligible struggle in the darkness against hunger and cold, vanish before the vision of the nations concentrating their energies and aims, with treasure wasted as water and all invention directed towards one end, the elaboration, for the destruction of their fellows, of more certain instruments of death.

The actual wealth expended is perhaps the least of the losses involved. Yet this wealth, in the main mulcted from the working peoples, is itself becoming an intolerable burden. Of all the necessary arts of government—education, social reform, adventure against disease, maintenance of public order, encouragement of industry and trade—one-half the total amount extorted from the people with less or greater unfairness between class and class, is today devoted to military and naval armament. And the result—in Germany, in England, in Russia, even in that America which was to reveal a "new start" in the "progress of humanity"—is the exhibition of huge financial deficits, which the wealthy manage steadily to edge off on to the shoulders of the poor. What alternative were possible, if men, as in the romance of a modern novelist, were, through the advent of some kindly comet, suddenly to become sane and kindly and courageous? In these islands alone the liberation of sixty millions a year—now as completely wasted, for all humane and rational purposes, as if spilt in the gutters; a sum which it is scarcely too much to say, if wisely used, would effect almost the complete abolition of "poverty" as it exists today amongst those who inherit little or nothing of the advantage civilization is supposed to bring. But beyond the actual waste of material resource there is the far more deplorable damage in the deflection of intelligence and the highest skill into the ingenuity of destructive weapons. "In the arts of life," is the boast of the Devil of Don Juan, "man invents nothing; but in the arts of death he outdoes Nature herself, and produces by chemistry and machinery all the slaughter of plague, pestilence and famine." "In a battle two bodies of men shoot at one another with bullets and explosive shells until one body runs away, when the others chase the fugitives on horseback and cut them to pieces as they fly. And this, the chronicle concludes, shows the greatness and majesty of empires and the littleness of the vanquished. Over such battles tre people run about in the streets, yelling with delight, and egg their governments on to spend hundreds of millions in the slaughter, while the strongest ministers dare not spend an extra penny in the pound against the poverty and pestilence through which they daily walk." That "Devil" might find a special cause for merriment in the estimates of the British Government of last month—a decrease in the expenditure upon education, an increase of three millions upon armaments.

"So it has been from the beginning," the plain man may say with a shrug of the shoulders; "so will it be to the end." This is a misunderstanding of the situation. So has it never been from the beginning. Wars and rumors of wars have, indeed, scourged mankind since the dawn of history. But never, at least in European history, has there been exhibited the condition of the past thirty years, with—in practice—every male citizen a soldier, and no limit possible or conceivable to the multiplication of the instruments of war. From big ship to bigger ship, from gun of two miles to gun of ten miles ranges, from battle on land to battle on sea, from the surface to underground, soon from war in the ocean to war in the air, the process is never backward or stationary. It is always advancing to more complex, more costly, and more universal absorption in armaments. Where is it all going to end? Or, if it is to have no end, but to be prolonged as a kind of indefinite nightmare, who is to estimate the cost, upon each successive generation, in a burden ever increasing in weight, laid upon nations already troubled by a social discontent which they can neither appease nor forget? And all on such a thin plank of security together, at best like shipwrecked mariners floating on an uncharted sea, the prey to inimical or indifferent natural forces, an earthquake which in five seconds will make an end of a hundred thousand, pestilence, famine, gaunt poverty, an uncertain future, death so speedily coming to each, to make an end (for him) of all labor and delight under the sun.

The governments and the governing classes have failed. That is the lesson of the present controversy. Some speak today in more amicable, others in more truculent accents. The decent, bewildered peasant and artisan populations look on, helpless, while those who stand for their interests glare and gibber at each other across artificial frontiers, encourage the "martial spirit," crimp and conscript them into enormous armies, suck out the fruits of their hard labor to pay for floating islands and sea monsters of destruction.

It would be interesting—and humiliating—to read those pages of history, written as today the history of declining Rome is written, by a generation detached and impartial, telling the real intelligent, human verdict upon twentieth century Europe. It will be the story of a civilization in bondage to governments and governing classes absorbed in their foolish diplomacies, the "game" that they play so assiduously and so clumsily, only revealing at times, as in the memoirs of a Hohenlohe or a Bismarck "with how little wisdom the world is governed." Today, in the announcement made from every capital that Fear is master, and that this race to ruin must continue in blind senseless competition towards bankruptcy, the governing classes proclaim their impotence. Is there more hope from the "intellectuals"; the classes which in early Victorian England stood most completely for the attainment of sanity in international friendliness and agreement? From these, it must be confessed today, least of all. The German "professors" outrival in truculence the intellectuals of our older universities, and descend even to the platforms of the hated Socialists to plead for increase of naval armaments. The high priests of the new religion of humanity excel even the official heads of the established church in the appeal to panic fear. The lunacy of the halfpenny press pales before that of the sixpenny review or the half-crown magazine. Commercial and financial interests perhaps present a bigger hope for the future. Prince Buelow struck a real blow for peace when he emphasized the tenacious web of trading connections which were binding England and Germany together; and although commerce has not altogether fulfilled the high hopes expressed in such poems as those of the early Tennyson, undoubtedly it offers through the time of the present confusion the best guarantee that, though war is always "inevitable," war may never come.

But it is not only war, but the preparation for it which weighs today so heavily upon mankind; and against this preparation commerce is no protector. The "common people" alone would seem to be the real hope of averting this gigantic cataclysm. There is a sentiment and a determination growing up independent of governments which will one day surely ernments which will one day surely declare that this hideous progress must cease. Those who have nothing to gain from any conceivable conflict may be found, to the consternation of all who delight in war, to declare that wars shall cease; that the price paid for the pleasure of this entertainment is more than intelligent human life will continue to pay. In the "Solidarity of Labor" between nation and nation would seem to be bound up all the hope for the future of the world. It may mean revolt, denunciation, sacrifice, individuals in passive resistance, perhaps a "martyr" nation. It may only come from some renewal of a spiritual faith, a new vitality for a religion which in its older forms amongst the industrial peoples is dying or not yet born. "The cause of the wretched condition of the Christian nations," says Tolstoy, "is the absence of a supreme conception, common to them all, of the meaning of life, of faith, and of guidance for conduct resulting from faith." Il n' y a plus d'Europe ("There is no longer any Europe.") is a cry which has been raised this week in face of a particular unpleasant diplomatic incident. Il n' y a plus d'Europe may be a permanent verdict upon a Europe fissuring ever deeper into vertical divisions between nation and nation and horizontal divisions between class and class. It is something if we can still strongly hope, in face of these staggering realities, that the common sentiment of the industrial peoples will come to arrest a progress before which the present governing classes acknowledge their helplessness. Else it may be, as in the old Norse vision, that only after the completion of the catastrophe in a final cosmic struggle between the blind, brutal forces, all destroying, and all at last destroyed, there can rise from "the twilight of the gods" the dawn of a new world. —London Nation.

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The pallid girl always lacks appetite. What little she eats is badly digested. At night she is restless, she dozes but doesn't sleep soundly. Vital force must be increased, new blood must be supplied and a general rebuilding take place before she will feel like she ought. Dr. Hamilton had invaluable experience in these cases and found nothing so prompt in building up the young woman as his vegetable pills of Mandrake and Butternut.

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The following recent letter from Miss Etta McEwen, of Haliburton, speaks for itself: "In using Dr. Hamilton's Pills I find my system is wonderfully built up. It is certainly the most effective remedy I ever used. I have now a good appetite, sleep more soundly and awaken in the morning feeling quite refreshed. Formerly I felt tired and depressed. I looked as if a severe illness was hanging over my head. Nothing could give quicker results than Dr. Hamilton's Pills, and I strongly advise every young woman to use them." All dealers sell Dr. Hamilton's Pills. 25c per box or five boxes for $1, at all dealers.

All Varieties Among Nurses

A Man's Observations During a Spell of Sickness.

The Precise and the Heavy-Footed, the Gentle-Faced and the Severe, the Cheerful and the Nurse Who Said "Dammit!"—All of Them All Right.

"Did you ever make a study of nurses?" asked the man who had been sick for a long while. Then after a pause: "I suppose not. You have been one of those fortunate creatures; never been laid up for months.

"If you had been you might know something about nurses. They're interesting. You know how long they had me tied in a bed—well, I saw a lot of 'em, and soon I was studying 'em.

"No, it wasn't because I was such a crank and they couldn't stand me for more than a week at a time that they rung so many changes on me. A lot of shifts were made because of the conditions over which I had no control and with which I had nothing to do. In fact I was considered a first-class patient—amiable, good natured, not too finicky.

"The result was that I got into the habit of making a close range study of nurses. It wasn't bad fun.

"You may not know it, but there are all kinds of nurses, just as there are all kinds of, say, peaches. You have the blonde and the brunette, the light-footed girl and the heavy-footed, the sweet-faced and the stern visaged, the gentle and the serene, the sunshiny and the solemn, the forgetful and the watchful—oh, all varieties. I saw a specimen of each variety.

"The first nurse I had—after a spell I got used to 'em—scared me. That's just it—she scared me.

"It may sound funny that a full-grown man who had been used to handling men was scared by a little black-haired woman not long out of girlhood, but that is exactly what happened. Of course I was green—green on nurses. That had something to do with it.

"Well, the first thing I knew here was I, who had never been bossed, being bossed in my own room by a little woman who glided noiselessly about. She knew where everything belonged, and it went exactly there.

"When I had to take medicine it was ready right on the dot. When I wanted something I shouldn't have I didn't get it. I was never angry about it as it was done firmly but in a way that did not make me feel that something was being kept from me, you understand.

"After a few days I knew that that particular young woman was going to have her way—always with a smile. Every morning I had to be all dressed up—that is, a clean white spread was draped over the bed.

"I couldn't see the use of that when nobody came to see me, and if anybody had I wouldn't have been allowed to see them. If that white spread was left off for a day, however, I soon discovered that the room did not have that spick and span and refreshed appearance that went with the spread.

"My, but she was particular about having my hair combed. At first I couldn't see the use of that. First place, my hair never would stay combed. An hour after I had gone through the motions it was all fussed up again. Then why have your hair combed when there was no one to see it except that nurse?

"Maybe it became a habit, but after she had left things didn't go right for a whole day if I didn't do that hair-combing stunt in the morning. Afterward I realized that the young woman had in her makeup many of the good qualities of a nurse—gentle yet firm, a remarkable memory, attention to little details and a disposition never ruffled.

"There was the heavy-footed and clumsy nurse. She wasn't large or ungainly, but she couldn't help stumbling into things, generally knocking them over. She never shut a door; it slammed. She seemed to go out of her way to kick things. Every time I saw her I expected to hear a crash or see something go over. It was a diversion. She stamped in the halls and pounded into the rooms. You always knew when she was on the job.

"This nurse was the very opposite of another, a tall, broad-shouldered, heavy woman who had good-sized hands and feet, but seldom made any noise. It was always a wonder to me how a woman so big could move around without disturbing things.

"She would slip—if a big woman can slip—into the room, opening the door without creak and shutting it without a jar. Nothing ever got in her way, or perhaps she never got in the way of anything. She did things gracefully. Her hands were large but not coarse—hands that you expected to find on a woman of her built. They belonged where they were.

"After her was the slim young thing, who had a dreamy, thoughtful expression. She had a mission in life, I'm sure. She was a nice girl, but she made me feel that I ought to be praying or repenting a wicked past.

"Once or twice she tried for an opening on things spiritual, but I sidetracked her. I knew that if we ever got started I would shock her. I think she took up nursing to save souls. She was a perfectly good nurse, too.

"All persons are more or less forgetful, but there was one nurse who could have done without a head so far as memory was concerned. If she picked up a glass and passed it from her right to her left hand she couldn't remember what she had done with it. If you asked her for a glass of water she would pick up a glass and start off with the best intentions of coming back with the water; and she'd come back, but without the water.

"Her face would have a troubled look and it would be plain that far back in that brain of hers she was searching for something she had forgotten. It was then up to you to say, 'The water, please,' and she would reply, 'Oh, yes,' with a smile that dissipated your cross expression. You got the water.

"Perhaps you think she was a nuisance to have around. Not to my way of thinking. I got so that I really liked her.

"Of course, you must remember that she was never intentionally forgetful. She was a very conscientious girl—all nurses seem to be conscientious—and forgetting things worried her much more than it worried me. At first it was annoying, but when I got used to it I made bets with myself on her forgettery.

"The opening odds were even, I taking the end that she would not remember a certain thing or that she would not do a certain thing. The odds were so much in my favor that I lengthened them after I had won the first five bets straight. The odds didn't make any difference and I kept right on winning, just as the bookmakers do at the racetracks. Now and then I lost a bet, but the book I made was always pretty safe for me.

"Naturally there is a great difference between the severe or stern nurse and the gentle nurse. The stern nurse makes it a rule to do everything in a businesslike way. On rare occasions she allows a smile to light up her face, but it is repressed as unexpectedly as it came.

"The doctor's instructions are carried out to the letter. If the doctor while thinking of something else carelessly said that you were to do a handspring over the foot of the bed, you did that handspring if the stern nurse had to flog you to do it. It was merely a matter of machine-like routine to her; she was there to see that you did certain things, and there was no relenting.

"Not so with the gentle nurse. I don't mean the nurse who lets you have your own way in all things. I mean the gentle, womanly nurse who softens your way along the road of sickness.

"She gets you to do things, things that are irritating and unpleasant, and makes you feel that you are doing her a favor, a favor that you would like to do for any sweet girl. When you are out of sorts and the future wears its darkest mask she steals the mask without your knowing it and an invisible sun reveals a brightened roadway with the rough spots smoothed over. Your aches are her aches; at least she seems to suffer with you, and nothing pleases her more than when you are happy.

"She is not exactly what I call the cheerful nurse, although she is cheerful enough. The cheerful nurse bubbles over with good nature. I don't mean forced cheerfulness. That hurts.

"It is a cheerfulness that knows no break; nothing can or does shatter it. She imparts it to you—a mental dish that never before had been so appetizing to you; and with it all she is not careless or slipshod in her work.

"There is the nurse with the gray hair and face of youth. You wonder how she became so gray and her face remained so young. She soothes you like a caress, as the youth of her face softens the gray of her hair. Her manner is reserved, gentle and motherly, in keeping with her appearance. You were not flippant or gay with her.

"I almost forgot the nurse who said 'hell' and 'dammit' with the abandon of a man. She almost shocked me out of the sheets when I first heard her.

"When I got my feet tucked in again I realized that she had no appreciation of what she had said. Once she noticed my astonishment, when she blurted 'dammit' when something went wrong and explained.

"She had just left a patient who had the D. T.'s. You know about the D. T.'s, and T. B.'s signify tuberculosis. Well, he had both, and in addition he was a great cusser. As he didn't know what he was saying—delirious most of the time—and said it so artistically, she fell into the habit without knowing it. She was so frank and honest about it I had a good laugh.

"Oh, they're all good, those nurses, take 'em as you find 'em. You may hit a rough spot here and a too smooth stretch there, but the rest of it—they're all right."

TOO MANY OPPORTUNITIES.

It takes a strong purpose and a great deal of determination to resist the thousand and one attractions in city life and concentrate one's mind upon self-government.

There is such a thing as having too many opportunities, too many facilities. As a rule, boys who are born and brought up in the midst of libraries, books and schools become indifferent to the value of these opportunities; while in the country, where books are rare and opportunities for education limited, the ambitious boy is more anxious to make the most of his time, to seize every opportunity for self-culture with avidity, to redeem himself from mediocrity.

One of the greatest dangers of city life is that of becoming superficial. Where there are so many editions of the daily papers every day, we get in the habit of "skimming," which is very dangerous; we just glance at a paper for a few minutes and throw it aside—just look at the headings and read a few lines of the most important paragraphs; then lay the paper away. This desultory habit is suicidal to all deep and lasting culture. After we acquire this habit, it is almost impossible to get rid of it.

No great and lasting success can be attained until one has formed a habit of continuous, persistent thinking along fundamental lines. A little dipping into this and that, a few minutes' reading with very little thinking, or contemplation, or reviewing of what we read, will result in a most shallow life.—Success Magazine.

ACTORS FOR MOVING PICTURES.

To procure actors who possess the peculiar attributes necessary for moving picture subjects is far more difficult than one would think. Any trained actor will not do, any more than any singer, however good his voice may be, will do for the phonograph. Formerly actors were hired for one day at a time or for one picture, but last year the plan of organizing a regular stock company was adopted and has worked out favorably, better results being obtained by the actors becoming familiar with each other's work. The actors must be photographically good-looking, and they must be versatile. One day they may be required to drink tea in a society drawing-room scene or appear in a costume play, and the next to don Indian clothes and paddle a canoe or to turn policeman and chase a thief over hills and dales, while the camera records the run. High-class actors are engaged and their compensation rates considerably above that drawn by others than a star on the regular stage.—Leslie's Weekly.

PROVISIONS FOR A FISHING SCHOONER.

How much sugar do you suppose 23 men will consume in one week aboard a fishing schooner? About 150 pounds. How much rolled oats and oatmeal? A bushel basket twice full of two-pound packages. How about meat? Half a steer for roasts, steaks, stews and corned beef. Potatoes? About three bushels. Pickles, bacon and cabbage find a place aboard the vessels in large quantities. Then there's the salt pork for fish chowders, and fried fish, for crews of fishing craft are notoriously fond of sea food.

The vessels are kept stocked with provisions to last a week or ten days longer than the time generally required to make a trip to the grounds and return. Some of the schooners have water tanks of 1,000 gallons capacity, which are filled by supply boats at the rate of one-half cent a gallon.—Boston Herald.

Darting Pains Around Shoulders and Spine

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"I fortunately read of the strange, powerful effect Nerviline has over such pain and at once I got five bottles. Four times each day Nerviline was rubbed over the seat of the pain and I could feel it sinking deep into the muscles and sinews that were stiffened and sore. In a short time I was limber, active, free from pain and perfectly cured.

"No other liniment could have cured me but 'Nerviline,' and I strongly urge its use for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, strains and swellings and all other muscular affections." (Signed) A. M. McLelland.

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Williamsdale East, May 9

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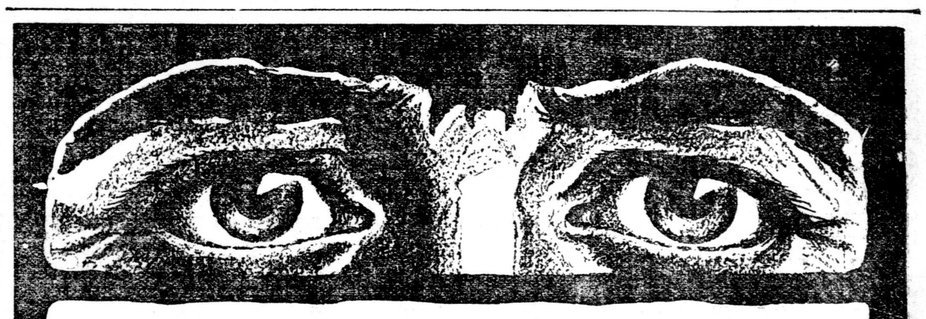

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