

ENGLISH PRINCESS IS QUEEN OF SPAIN;
ROYAL MATING A BRILLIANT SPECTACLEAlfonso and Ena Wedded This Morning in Old Madrid With Splendor and Pomp
—The Happy Couple Acclaimed by Enthusiastic Thousands.

Madrid, May 31. — 1:05 p.m. — The marriage of King Alfonso to Princess Ena was celebrated today. The spectacle was grandiose. King Alfonso and his bride left the church at 12:20 p.m. The announcement of the wedding, by the firing of artillery salutes, was widely acclaimed by the people. The cortege passed the Puerta del Sol. The vast crowds are enthusiastic, the bride being showered with flowers. The scene at the church was a brilliant one. The interior, brilliantly lighted, was filled with flowers. Gold-laced uniforms and attractive toilettes presented a magnificent appearance.

Madrid, May 31. — The city awoke today under a cloudless sky, with dazzling sunshine adding its glories to the bewildering maze of color in which the streets were enveloped. From an early hour the centers presented an aspect of extreme animation. The entire night had been passed amid the din of fireworks, singing and dancing, and thousands of provincials, unable to secure shelter, spent the night in cafes and in the streets. About 8 o'clock crowds densely packed the main thoroughfares, and the troops took up their positions, stopping all traffic, and the whole city took on an air of feverish expectancy. The esplanade fronting the royal palace was occupied by regiments of the Royal Guard in full gala uniforms, with glittering breastplates and helmets. They formed semicircles, guarding the approaches to the palace from the crowds eager to gain points of vantage. The massive outlines of the palace were visible above the heads of the troops lined both sides of the cortege hurried preparations were going on. Troops lined both sides of the streets in solid ranks for miles.

A Blaze of Color.
The scene from the Puerta del Sol to the Prado Palace was one of striking brilliancy. All the buildings were resplendent with the yellow and red colors of Spain, woven into sunburst-like rosettes, and graceful streamers looped from roof to roof, and arches of roses, from which were suspended flower baskets and trailing vines. Under this dazzling canopy of flags and flowers surged dense masses of people in festive attire, the women wearing white mantillas and bunches of bright flowers in their hair, and with bright-colored fans whipping the air. The population of Madrid had turned out in a body, and was augmented twice its usual size by visitors from the country and neighboring towns.

The Bride's Party.
Princess Ena came from the Prado Palace to Madrid early in the morning, accompanied by her mother, Princess Henry of Battenberg, and her ladies of honor, and escorted by a regiment of the Royal Guard. The bride's party was installed in the main hall of the palace, where the ceremony of marriage, which was a simple and quiet affair, was performed. There the princess put on her wedding dress, and Queen Christina greeted the bride, after which the ladies breakfasted together in the blue salon of the ministry.

Wedding Cortege Starts.
The wedding cortege started from the royal palace at 8:30 a.m. amid the ringing of church bells, the firing of artillery salutes, and the clamorous enthusiasm of the crowds massed along the route.

Ahead rode trumpeters in crimson velvet suits of the time of Philip II., sounding the march of the royal party. Following them came the personnel of the royal household: the heralds, mounted on stallions from the royal stud and caparisoned in Oriental style, each led by a cadet of the royal riding academy; the king's favorites, leading the king's favorite horses, with gold embroidered saddle cloths and colored plumes, accompanied by pages and riding masters and all the befitting equipment of a luxurious court.

Next came along a line of gilded coaches of a distinctive color, each of a distinctive color, with panels richly painted, gold-laced and jeweled, and drawn by magnificent horses in silver harness, adorned by tall plumes, matching the livery. Within rode the nobles of Spain; the men with their breasts covered with orders and their breasts covered with orders and their breasts covered with orders.

These coaches formed one of the most striking features of the wedding cortege. They were drawn by magnificent horses in silver harness, adorned by tall plumes, matching the livery. Within rode the nobles of Spain; the men with their breasts covered with orders and their breasts covered with orders.

The most interesting coaches were the Amaranth coach, for the court ladies; the Cypher coach, for the ladies-in-waiting; the coach of the Ducal

GOOD LUCK TO THEM!



KING ALFONSO.



PRINCESS VICTORIA (Ena).

MICHAEL DAVITT
PASSES AWAYFounder of the Irish Land
League Succumbs to Long
Siege of Illness.

Dublin, May 30. — A notable career closed tonight, when, after a long and painful illness, Michael Davitt died peacefully and painlessly at 12 o'clock in the presence of his eldest son, Michael, and his two daughters, who had devotedly attended him through his illness, and of many of his intimate friends, including John Dillon. Shortly before his death, Father Davitt had been with him. Mrs. Davitt, who had been in constant attendance on her husband until a few days ago, when she herself was taken ill, lies prostrated in the same hospital, too weak to leave her room. She has not yet been informed of her husband's death.

It is stated that Mr. Davitt left a written message. The greatest sympathy has been displayed by all classes of society during Mr. Davitt's illness. Today the hospital was besieged by anxious inquirers. John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish party in Parliament, was a frequent inquirer by telephone from the House of Commons, and gave up his proposed continental trip over the Whitehead holidays in consequence of the condition of his friend, the father of the Irish Land League.

After a rally last night, Mr. Davitt was able to speak to those at his bedside, but soon showed that he was losing ground.

Among the last callers at the hospital tonight was Lord Hemphill, on behalf of the Earl of Aberdeen, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, and the Countess of Aberdeen.

Mr. Davitt retired from the representation of South Mayo in Parliament in 1899, but to the last took a keen interest in the politics of his country.

Death was due to blood-poisoning, which followed two operations for necrosis of the jawbone, and spread so rapidly that all efforts to stay its course were unavailing. Mr. Davitt's illness began with an inaudible attack of toothache, to which he paid no attention until John Dillon urged him to have recourse to medical advice. For some time there were hopes of his recovery, but the state of his health, which was undermined by exertions at the recent general elections, greatly hindered his progress.

ALL FOR VITICULTURE

\$750,000 Bequeathed University for
Establishment of a Station.

San Francisco, May 31. — By the terms of the will of the late Theodore Kearney, the noted raisin grower of Fresno, who died suddenly several days ago on the steamship Caronia while en route from New York to Queenstown, his entire estate, valued at \$750,000, is bequeathed to the University of California for the establishment of a viticultural station at Fresno.

The will was made public yesterday by the Union Trust Company, executor of the estate.

TOUCHED JIM FOR TWELVE.
Detroit, Mich., May 31. — James McLean, a young man from Granton, Ont., reported to the police last night that while entering the long corridor of the main postoffice to mail a letter home, he was approached by two men, who pushed him into a corner, and that while one held him the other quickly abstracted his purse, containing \$12, from his pocket, and ran away.

BACK FROM TRIP
TO GOLDEN STATEEx-Ald. Stevely Met Londoners
and Ex-Londoners at
Every Turn.

Ex-Ald. Samuel Stevely returned last evening from a four weeks' trip to California and Mexico. He was accompanied by his brother-in-law, Mr. G. W. Tackaberry, of Cleveland. The trip proved one of the greatest interest from the fact that Mr. Stevely arrived in San Francisco a week or so after the terrible earthquake and fire.

To the Advertiser today, he stated that the scenes in that once beautiful city beggar description. Miles and miles of what were once streets can be traced amongst the ruins of tons of debris. Everywhere the people could be seen lying in shacks and cooking meals on the curbstones. But, strange to say, the vast majority appeared to be cheerful and were making the best of the situation.

A few people Mr. Stevely met were very downcast. They declared that as soon as they could get away from the ruined city they would leave it forever. Not for millions, they declared, would they live there.

In Frisco long lines of people were seen waiting for the daily doses of bread. Some of them had been reckoned millionaires a week before. Now they were penniless. There appeared to be no social lines whatever. All were alike and all took their turn in securing food.

On his trip, Mr. Stevely met many former Londoners and Canadians. One of these was Mr. Harold Richardson, son of Archdeacon Richardson, of St. John's, London Township. Mr. Stevely stopped a day at Mr. Richardson's summer home at Santa Barbara. It is one of the finest estates in all California, and the house, Mr. Stevely says, is a poet's dream.

In Ontario, Cal., Mr. Stevely saw Mr. Thomas McCormick, head of the McCormick Manufacturing Company, of this city.

At Santa Anna, Mr. Stevely met Mr. C. A. Kingston, formerly city clerk of London. Mr. Kingston and Mrs. Kingston are quite well, and the former appears to be in a prosperous business. He is practicing law, and also conducts an insurance business.

At San Pedro, Mr. Stevely and Mr. Tackaberry were about to take a trip to the Cataline Islands, when they saw Mr. Bert McDonald, of Line, McDonald & Co., Mrs. McDonald and Miss McDonald standing on the wharf. To say that all were pleased to meet each other is to put it mildly. The McDonald party are returning via the Canadian route, and will not be home for a week.

In Los Angeles Mr. Stevely called on his sister, Mrs. McKee, who is quite well.

Just out from that city Mr. Tackaberry owns some of the finest orange groves in California. Mr. James Mills, formerly of Ottawa, is interested with him in the enterprise.

At Reno, Nevada, Mr. Stevely met Mr. McMillan, a brother of the late Judge McMillan, who was at one time M. P. for East Middlesex.

VISIT OF EARL
GREY TO LONDONReception Committee Arranging
for Entertainment.

PROGRAMME TO INCLUDE DRIVE

As Well as Luncheon at Kennels, and
Reception and Address at
City Hall.

The reception committee of the council was very busy this morning, making arrangements for the entertainment of his excellency Earl Grey, Governor-General of Canada, on Saturday. The route of the drive was decided upon, and also the order of the carriages, together with the people who will occupy them.

In brief, there will be a luncheon at the Kennels for the Earl and the gentlemen of the party, and a luncheon at Idlewild, South London, the residence of Hon. C. S. Hyman, for the ladies. After the luncheon there will be another short drive, after which his excellency will hold a public reception in the city hall.

Yesterday the following telegram was received from Hon. C. S. Hyman, Minister of Public Works, and Ald. Gill-lean at once called a meeting of the committee to deal with it, the meeting being held last night in the city hall.

"His excellency will arrive in London Saturday morning at 11:30. C. P. R., and leave at 5:25 in the afternoon. The party will consist of Lady Sybil, Miss Howard, and two aides. I would suggest a drive from arrival until 1 o'clock. I will be pleased to arrange for lunch at London Club at 1:30 for his excellency and staff, and also for the ladies of the party at my house. A public reception could be held in the city hall at 2 p.m., and between lunch and reception his excellency could visit one or two public institutions. I am only suggesting this, and gladly fall in with any arrangements reception committee may make. Please write me as soon as possible committee's wishes."

Acting upon the above suggestions, the committee decided on the programme herewith given.

Route for the Drive.
The following route for the drive has been drawn up by City Engineer Graydon, who will lead the procession on Saturday, and will pilot his excellency to the city.

C. P. R. station to Richmond street. Richmond street to Victoria Park. Around Victoria Park to Dufferin avenue. Dufferin avenue to Colborne street. Colborne street to Queen's avenue. Queen's avenue to English street. English street to Lorne avenue. Lorne avenue to Quebec street.

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**BULLDOG MANGLES BOY;
THE BRUTE IS KILLED**

Animal Thought His Victim Was Attack-
ing Master's Children.

St. John, N. B., May 31. — Seven-year-old Roy Campbell, of Carleton, was nearly torn to pieces yesterday by a bulldog acting in imagined defense of his owner's children. The lad was playing with the 5 and 3 year old children of David Robb, when the dog leaped upon him, dragged him down, and began to mangle him.

When the dog was finally restrained by the screams, appeared. With difficulty he beat the dog off, and was carrying the horribly-mangled child upstairs, when the infuriated animal again seized him and tore at his throat.

Finally rescued the boy had one cheek bitten off and the muscles of his arms and legs torn to shreds.

The dog fled, leaped 20 feet down from a wharf, and hid in a coal barge, where he was later found and killed.

Three Children
Dead in Trunk

Kankakee, Ill., May 31. — At the close of a four-hour search for her three young children, Mrs. Adelord Van Slette found them last night dead in a trunk in an upper chamber.

All three were little girls, the youngest a mere baby. One dead body was sitting upright; the others lay huddled together upon a pillow; the lid of the trunk was tightly closed upon them.

It is supposed they had crawled into the trunk during their play, and that the cover fell and latched, and they were suffocated.

They were missing at supper time, and a long search followed. At last the mother found them in a large old-fashioned Saratoga trunk. The trunk is not self-locking but it has clasps that easily might snap and hold it shut against the strength of children.

WOODSTOCK, N.B., FIRE
DOES IMMENSE DAMAGETerritory Formerly Burned Over Again
Destroyed — Loss \$30,000.

Woodstock, N. B., May 31. — Woodstock has again been visited by a serious fire, covering the same area almost as was badly swept four years ago. This time the fire has done its work even more thoroughly. Then the frames of the buildings were left standing. This morning the fire swept everything practically clean from the corner of Main and Connell streets to the building occupied by the Wilson & Co.'s photographic studio, which was badly wrecked by fire and water.

It is almost impossible now to get at the total loss or the individual losses, but it would be a conservative estimate to put the loss at between \$30,000 and \$40,000.

WAKE UP, TORONTO

Queen City Boys Wretched Writers and
Outsiders Take Jobs.

Toronto, May 31. — That education in Toronto schools is badly in need of revision was demonstrated a day or two ago, when one of the big insurance institutions inserted an advertisement for a boy 17 years old who could write a good hand. A large number of applications were received, and some of them so badly written that the names of the applicants were read with difficulty. The successful applicant was a lad 18 years old who arrived in the city a few days ago from Bristol.

His letter was a splendid composition and his writing beautiful. The banking institutions are bringing out young men from England and Scotland to fill positions in the banks.

A FAREWELL BANQUET

Mr. Leonard Tilley Given Suitcase and
Send-Off by Friends.

A farewell banquet was tendered last evening at the Kennels to Mr. Leonard Tilley, of the Bank of Montreal staff, of this city, who has been transferred to the head office at Montreal. About twenty of Mr. Tilley's friends were present, and a most enjoyable evening was spent. After the banquet Mr. Tilley was presented with a suitcase by Capt. George Macbeth. Mr. Tilley made a suitable reply, expressing his thanks to his friends, and his regret at leaving London. The evening was spent right merrily in speeches and song.

Mr. Tilley leaves for Montreal at the end of the week.

MERGER WAS SUCCESSFUL

The Dominion Textile Co.'s First Annual
Report Denotes Prosperity.

Montreal, May 31. — The report of the directors of the Dominion Textile Company, at the first annual meeting today, showed the sales for the year amounted to \$3,332,000, being an increase of \$1,475,000 over the combined sales of the four companies which formed the company for the previous year. The companies absorbed were: Dominion Cotton, Merchants' Cotton, Montgomery Cotton and Colonial Bleaching Company. The company has in operation 8,228 looms and 268,826 spindles, and employs 6,900 hands. The financial statement showed that the net earnings for the year amounted to \$218,830, and after interest and rental charges were paid, there was a surplus of \$117,594. This sum, with dividend received from stocks owned by the company, will increase the balance at credit of profit and loss to \$250,514.

The fourteen directors were re-elected, with David Yule, president; Hon. L. J. Forget, vice-president, and C. B. Gordon, second vice-president and managing director.

24,000 IMMIGRANTS
8,000 More Than Last Year Have Arrived at Union Station.

Toronto, May 31. — Twenty-four thousand immigrants have this year come under the attention of the immigration officials at the Union Station, an increase for the five months of the year over last year. In addition to these figures, a large number of persons have been brought here under the care of the Salvation Army and other organizations.

CRASH IN ST. CLAIR SINKS
S. S. ERIN AND FIVE PERISHCanadian Fishermen Make Gallant Rescue from Ship
Erin, Run Down This Morning Near Courtright.

Courtright, Ont., May 31. — About 3:30 this morning, when the steamer Erin, bound up with barge Donfort in charge, were rounding the bend in St. Clair River about one mile south of here, the Erin was struck midships by a steamer bound down. The Erin sank almost immediately in 20 feet of water. Amos Chester, Fred Chester and Chas. McLeod, fishermen on the Canadian side, being close at hand, saved six people. The lady cook and one lady passenger were drowned. Too much praise cannot be given the fishermen for, undoubtedly, if they had not gone to assist all would have been drowned. The unknown steamer kept right on her course, offering no assistance to the ill-fated craft.

THE DEAD.
MRS. MARY REED, Spanish River, Ont.
WATCHMAN, shipped from Detroit, home Amherstburg, Ont.

WOMAN COOK, from Buffalo, name unknown.
The Erin is owned by Thomas Conlon, of Thorold, Ont., and the Cowle by the United States Transportation Company, of Cleveland.

LATER.
Courtright, Ont., May 31. — The chief engineer, first mate, having the wrecked steamer Erin have come ashore and caught some wreckage and drift.

A LIVELY FIGHT
FOR PRESIDENCYHottest in Years at London
Conference — Three Candidates
Dates for Position.

A special dispatch to The Advertiser from Windsor says that the London Methodist Conference is in ferment over the election of the new president, which takes place this afternoon. Veteran delegates say the contest is the hottest in years.

Ministers and laymen are being openly canvassed by the candidates. Rev. A. H. Going, B.A., chairman of the Exeter district; Rev. W. J. Ford, LL.B., of Gloucester, chairman of the Gloucester district, and Rev. David Rogers, of Thorndale, are seeking election to the presidency.

Mr. Rogers is picked as the probable winner.
Rev. Messrs. Going and Ford are former pastors of the Centennial Methodist Church, East London.

MAY'S VITAL STATISTICS

Few Births, Marriages and Deaths Were
Recorded With City Clerk.

There were only 20 births, 16 marriages and 20 deaths in London in May, according to the vital statistics prepared by City Clerk Baker.

However, the law put into force by the Whitney Government in regard to the details of registration is so strict that it is quite probable many registrations have still to come in.

About double the questions must be answered now that were necessary a couple of months ago.

WANT STREET LOWERED

And Will Agree Not to Bring Damage
Actions Against City.

The residents of Wellington street, between Victoria and Huron, are petitioning the city to grade the street. As about 3 feet must be cut off the street in places, the people agree not to enter actions against the city for damages in case any proper of the thoroughfare. In consideration of all possible claims for damages, they agree to accept the sum of \$1 from the city.

THE GOVT'S WESTERN LAND POLICY;
AN EXCELLENT ADMINISTRATION

Interior Minister Defends Department and Shows How
Conservatives Failed.

Ottawa, May 30. — The promised debate on the western land policy began in the House today, when Mr. Borden moved his want of confidence motion, calling for a special committee of investigation into the land policy.

On opening this afternoon the report of the committee on agriculture was presented by Mr. McKenzie, showing that Mr. W. T. R. Preston had refused to answer certain questions. Mr. Monk moved that inasmuch as it concerned a matter of privilege it be taken into consideration tomorrow. It was eventually decided to take it up on Monday.

Hon. Mr. Lemieux informed Mr. Borden that 891 prisoners had been liberated from the penitentiaries of Canada on ticket-of-leave since the law had been in force, and 78 had to be taken back.

Western Land Policy.
Mr. Oliver said Mr. Borden had spoken a long time, but had been very careful not to say anything, either in his resolution or speech supporting day. The failure of the old govern-

LICENSE FEES UNFAIR TO MINERS

Obnoxious Clause in Whitney's Mining Regulations.

ROADS BADLY NEEDED IN COBALT

The Mineowners Doing Nothing, Men on the Way to Work Have to Plounder Through Swamps.

Cobalt, May 30.—The new mining act is soon to be in force within the Temiskaming mining division, and already Mr. Smith, the recorder, is reading up its dips, spurs and angles. While none of the people here have been able to secure a copy and study it in its entirety, according to an extract read by Mr. Smith, the writer learns that the new act provides that all those connected with the working of a mine, save in a clerical position, are to be compelled to take out a miner's license before they can legally occupy any such position. The iniquity of this system has been long known to the people of British Columbia and the Yukon. Up to about 1899 or 1900 the law obtained in British Columbia that each mine manager must deduct \$5 from each employee's wages for a miner's license, providing the said employee could not produce one, and the same law existed in the Yukon, but for \$10, until about 1902.

As the case stands it appears that this system proved thoroughly obnoxious to the people of British Columbia and of the Yukon, the Ontario Government essay to exact a tax on the mining population of Ontario. In the first reports of the mining bill published by the clause, mention was made of this been trouble times, there would have been looking at the Government.

Legislation in retrospect one cannot feel that this tax is placed upon the laborer in lieu of a tax upon the mine's production; or, in other words, that a royalty met with such opposition from the mine-owners that the Government would not face the music in that direction, but sought to load the burden upon the shoulders of the Knight of the Pick.

And then the price. Here where wages are but \$2 and \$2.50 and board, the price of the license is the same as the Yukon, where wages reached \$15 per day, and it is twice as large as the license in British Columbia, which is \$5 per year, where miners' wages are \$3 to \$5.

The Government will certainly have to climb down from this position, and the quicker they do so the better. The definition of valuable mineral in place as set forth by the new act is valuable mineral in such quantities as will lead to the supposition that mineral in economic quantities exists in the vicinity.

If the inspectors are to live up to the letter of this law a man must have a mine ere he has a prospect, but it is hardly to be anticipated that greater stringency will be exercised now than formerly. One thing that the mining law does not recognize is that a good prospect may exist without the discovery of valuable mineral in place.

Now that it appears the Government's intention is to tax the miners, one would naturally suppose we might look for a quid pro quo in the way of road building. But what is their position? Not long ago I spoke to an official about the probability of the Government putting a road into the Kerr Lake district. "Let the mines put it in," was the answer; "they can stand it." But the mines are not putting in the road, and the consequence is that the laborer going and coming from town must wear out his system plodding through ungraded trails and through muskegs.

There has been a good deal of talk about railroad prospectors by certain correspondents, but if some of these latter would negotiate three or four miles of swamp trail with a pack on his back he would find there was a cause for the railroad prospector, and that his space were better employed in agitating road construction. Both British Columbia and the Yukon are celebrated for their good roads, but the Government's action here in this direction up to date is nil.

Recently a School of Science man in the employ of the Government went north to Abitibi to look into some copper finds reported from there. What the Government's actuating principle is is not known, but if they are shapely to pursue the policy of awaiting the discovery of mineral by prospectors and then gobble the rest they are working to the country's ruin; for the world's history shows that the school graduate makes but a poor miner and an indifferent prospector, and if this is held in doubt read the mining history of America.

On the contrary, the Michigan copper fields were universally condemned by the men of science, as was our own little Rossland and the Rand; in fact the history of the geological surveys of Canada and the United States record but few instances of these exploring parties making finds afterwards developing into mines. No great mine has ever been so discovered.

The Government of Australia, while they have some of the best mining schools in the world, pay big bonuses to the discoverers of new fields. The dream of wealth untold, the vast treasure store of nature that each man schools himself to think is fortune's just reward to him, spur the seeker to the highest effort in him, and, though he wins, his gain is but a poor proportion to the sacrifice. For humanity he overcomes the wilderness.

This, then, is the class the Government apparently would set at naught and would supplant by salaried officers. We'll see.

CONSTITUTION

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

MAY DESERT BROCKVILLE

Rumor Says G. T. R. Employees May Be Removed to Montreal.

Brockville, May 31.—Brockville's population is threatened with depletion if the G. T. R. management carry into effect a rumor that is going the rounds that an order may be received any day requesting the locomotive engineers and firemen to remove to Montreal, which place would mean their headquarters. It is claimed the change is bound to come. The company are desirous of having their engineers centralized in the metropolis so that they can be available for any of the three runs, viz to Ottawa, Island Pond and Brockville. Those residing permanently here now would hereafter make it simply a layover and their trains would be arranged accordingly.

NARROWLY ESCAPED DEATH BY FIRE

400 Teachers and Scholars Flee from Burning Building.

Port Huron, Mich., 30.—Four hundred teachers and students had a narrow escape from cremation when the high school building burned Tuesday afternoon.

At 2 o'clock smoke appeared simultaneously in all the rooms of the building from a central shaft extending from the basement to the belfry, and 15 minutes later the structure, which was an old one, was a mass of glowing ruins.

When the smoke first appeared, teachers and scholars made for the fire escapes and stairways, but before many of them had gotten from the building the flames were in flames.

The last group was in flames just in time as the roof fell, escape just afterward.

None of the school paraphernalia was saved and scholars and teachers alike lost coats and caps, which were in the cloak rooms and were not bothered with in the hasty rush for outdoors.

Several of the women teachers and scholars fainted on reaching safety. The first originated in a huge pile of waste paper which was stored in the basement in some unknown manner. The loss is \$50,000, fully covered by insurance.

It was with mingled joy and pathos that residents of this city watched the building burn. Many of the most prominent citizens received their early education in the structure and its destruction naturally brought back many a fond recollection.

On the other hand, there has long been a movement here for a new and up-to-date building and it was expected that it would be built next year, with the aid to be derived from the payment of the millage back taxes. Now immediate action will have to be taken.

INVADING ARMY IS IN RETREAT

The Guatemalan Revolutionist Army Is Forced to Fall Back.

Mexico City, May 30.—Gen. Castillo, commanding a regiment of Guatemalan revolutionists, after taking the city of Ocozacoatlán, has retired before superior forces. Castillo is now reported to have taken a new base, and will be reinforced by several hundred good fighting men from the steamer Empire City. Gen. Barillas is in the mountains, making his way to Quetzaltenango.

Barillas has with him a fine body of picked men, and is reported to be steadily recruiting his force. No news has been received here from Salvador, but the invading force should by this time be well advanced into Guatemala.

Resident Guatemalans here state that the whole country is ripe for the overthrow of Cabrera. The season of rains has set in and the roads are bad. Communication is difficult owing to the cutting of wires on the Guatemalan side.

Messengers on horseback will be dispatched from Ocoz, where Gen. Castillo has his forces, and from the flying column of Gen. Barillas, who is pushing on to Quetzaltenango, a city of 40,000 inhabitants. This city is likely to be occupied by Gen. Barillas on Thursday of this week. He is immensely popular in that region.

The revolution is said to be the most widely spread of any in the history of Guatemala. Foreign planters here are waiting for months for Gen. Barillas to act. Practically all foreign interests and many of the better class of natives support the revolution. Frequent abuse of power is charged to the government.

Gen. Barillas and Gen. Castillo and two aides left the city by strategy, over the Mexican Central. They boarded the night train, but left it a few miles out and returned here, where they boarded a Pullman car stocked with provisions and carrying their saddles and special luggage.

In the car they went over to Vera Cruz and Tehuantepec railways to Tonala, on the Pacific coast, there switching to the new Pan-American railway, which now approaches the Guatemalan boundary. They start towards the United States outfitting the Guatemalan representatives here.

People who follow reason often fail, but the animal that follows instinct is seldom left at the post. It takes nerve to turn down a holdup man.

ASKED \$20,000 FOR KISS

Denied Charge and Witness Told of Another Kiss.

Baltimore, May 31.—A jury today found it impossible to decide whether a landlord had given a tenant a \$20,000 kiss. The case was that of Mrs. Margaret Hageman against Henry Callender, the plaintiff alleging that the defendant, after collecting the rent, collected a hug and kiss. Callender is 74 years old, Mrs. Hageman is about 27.

"He came to collect the rent as usual," said Mrs. Hageman, "and found me alone with my children. He got the money, and before I knew it he grabbed me in his arms and kissed me. I don't like that kind of business and that's why I want damages."

Mr. Callender said he did not kiss the plaintiff. Then a Mrs. Keefer testified that she went to Mrs. Hageman's boarding-house one day to do washing and saw Mrs. Hageman kissing a boarder.

A BITTER PILL FOR PEASANTS

All Russia Illy Affected by the Refusal to Settle Agrarian Troubles.

London, Wednesday, May 30.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times, recording that the Douma rose early yesterday as a token of respect for M. Andreimoff, a village deputy from Simbirsk, who died as the result of a shock by the Government's refusal to permit a settlement of the agrarian crisis, adds that several peasant members have fallen ill from the same cause. He says these painful facts too eloquently indicate the harrowing effect which Premier Goremykin's declaration is bound to have throughout the country, especially in the famine-stricken districts and in the northeastern provinces, which are threatened by a complete failure of the crops owing to drought.

Telegrams reaching the Douma from various centers report that the peasants are holding mass meetings, at which they unanimously denounce the Government and proclaim their staunch determination to support their representatives. Thus far, the peasants have justified the most sanguine belief in their good sense. There has been no violence reported, but the remotest districts are still to be heard from, and the situation there gives rise to continued apprehensions.

The rural members of the Douma have already agreed among themselves to go in batches to the houses and explain the situation. They will try to instill confidence and patience, but they will go with heavy hearts. They are not confident themselves that the bureaucracy will yield except to force.

As the decorations and illuminations take on their most lurid hues, it is a motley throng, with touches almost barbaric. Swarthy Moors, wrapped in flowing robes, and with red turbans on their heads; Austrian dancers, performing their native jota; gypsies from Cordova and Seville; Salaman herders, in red velvet and tinselled gold, with many representatives of Spain's clergy, and hordes of blind beggars singing the melancholy music of old Spain. At the corners bands play for street dancers.

The municipality has given free rein to the popular rejoicings. The schools and public institutions have been closed and the whole population has given itself up to celebrating the King's marriage.

The chief events of today were the King's reception to the foreign envoys and the signing of the wedding contract. The latter ceremony took place at the Pardo Palace in the presence of Premier Moret, and the other cabinet ministers, with the solemnity befitting a great state ceremonial affecting the future succession to the throne.

The witnesses for Princess Ena were, among others, Sir Maurice Baring, the British ambassador at Madrid, and Lord Hugh Cecil.

The witnesses for the King were Premier Moret, Senor Mauria, Gen. Acaraga, Gen. Montero Pios, the Duke of Solomayor, chief of the Royal Palace; the Marquis de La Mina, chief of the royal hunt; Gen. Pacheco, chief of the royal haidiers, and the Marquis de Borja, intendant general.

The marriage contract appears tonight in the official Gazette. Article 2 gives the bride an annual income of \$90,000, and in the event of the King's death, \$50,000.

In article 3, Princess Victoria renounces all right of succession to the British throne. Other articles relate to the marriage.

Preceding the signatures of the contract, the Spanish Journalists presented to King Alfonso a golden pen, with which to sign the document.

which to sign the document. The King laughingly accepted the gift, declaring that he always had defended the Spanish press against criticism.

Many receptions were held tonight, among them, one at the British embassy to the Prince of Wales.

G. T. P. READY IN 1907 Will Help to Handle This Year's Crop Says Mr. Hays.

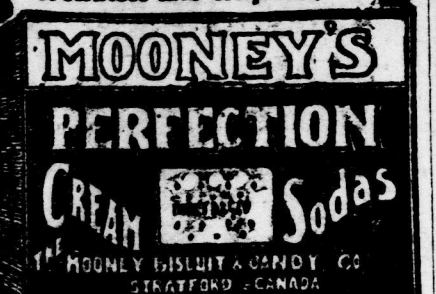
Toronto, May 30.—Mr. C. M. Hays, second vice-president and general manager of the Grand Trunk, and president of the Grand Trunk Pacific, in a statement made tonight said that the policy of the Grand Trunk Pacific in respect to the construction of the Pacific section of the road depended on the results of surveys now being made.

"We cannot say just how or when construction will commence," he replied, when asked whether the road would be built eastward from the Pacific coast. "The company has several survey parties working in the Rocky Mountains, locating the best possible route with the most favorable grades. Until these surveys are completed, reports are made and we decide on a route, we cannot begin construction."

Mr. Hays further explained that it would be the policy of the company to build from the coast eastward from the Pacific coast. "The company has several survey parties working in the Rocky Mountains, locating the best possible route with the most favorable grades. Until these surveys are completed, reports are made and we decide on a route, we cannot begin construction."

Packed at the Oven's Mouth

We do things right at the Mooney bakery. Crackers are packed piping hot from the ovens. The moisture-proof paper and air-tight tins retain all the freshness and crispness, no matter where or when you buy them.



They come to your table just as inviting and delicious as though you ate them at the ovens in the bakery. At all grocers in 1 and 3 lb. packages.

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INSURANCE COMMISSION

A Specific Charge of Bad Faith Is Vigorously Refuted.

Toronto, Ont., May 30.—Specific charges of bad faith against the Confederation Life Assurance Company were partially heard by the Dominion Insurance Commission this morning, and were vigorously refuted by W. C. MacDonald, the attorney of the company, who spent the entire morning on the witness stand. Mr. Shepley asked the witness as to a 15-year annuity endowment policy, upon which a Winnipeg lady had paid fifteen annual premiums of \$35.00. Upon the maturity of the policy a cash payment of \$238.20, a paid-up policy for \$1,332, or an annuity of \$70.08 were offered the lady, who declared that the agent had repeatedly assured her that she would receive a cash settlement of \$1,332. Mr. Wallace Nesbitt, K. C., counsel for the Confederation Life, urged that the agent should have an opportunity of defending himself, but the commission advised the statement of Mr. MacDonald, stating that any agent could present his case if he thought himself injured. Mr. MacDonald said it was impossible that the Winnipeg agent could have made the alleged representation, nor could he have known the value of the policy. With this Mr. Shepley closed his examination.

POTTER PRAISES ENGLAND

American Bishop on Wonderful Transformation of Egypt.

London, May 30.—"The Pilgrims' Society had a dinner in honor of Bishop Potter, of New York, at the Savoy Hotel. About 200 guests were present, including the Archbishop of Canterbury, Lord Allerton, Lord Brassey, Viscount Deerhurst, the Earl of Denbigh, Lord Fairfax, the Earl of Strathmore, the Bishops of Bristol, Nottingham, St. Alban's, Sheffield and Southwark, and other noted persons. The Archbishop of Canterbury, in toasting the guests of the evening, dwelt particularly upon Bishop Potter's claim to honor as a great citizen. He said that everyone knew how he had been to the fore in all that concerned the well-being of the community. America had produced many such men, who always grasped every opportunity, and occupied every opportunity for doing good, or opportunity for lifting local prosaic questions into the highest possible atmosphere. They were witnesses of inherent righteousness and justice, without which no state could end otherwise than in ultimate failure. He did not know what Bishop Potter was going to do the next day, whether he would preside at St. Paul's or attend the Derby, but whatever it was it would be for the advantage of those with whom he associated.

Bishop Potter's reply called for all the laughter, applause and silent emotion. He paid a tribute to Great Britain for achieving an incredible transformation in Egypt, whence he lately returned. Her triumph there, as elsewhere, he said, was founded on a splendid sense of justice, and was not to be ascribed to force or the menace of diplomacy.

IN CAR THREE WEEKS

Miner Wasted from 175 to 80 Pounds and Died of Starvation.

Pottsville, Pa., May 31.—Reduced from 175 pounds to 80 pounds, John Jacob, 35 years old, who was locked in a freight car for three weeks without food or drink, died at the county almshouse today.

When the car was opened, Jacob staggered out of his prison and fell unconscious. He lay in a stupor until death. He was so thin that the skin was drawn over his bones like parchment.

Where he boarded the car is not known, but a ticket was found in his pocket marked Greensburg, Pa., to Fort Falls. The date could not be made out.

When the car was opened, Jacob staggered out of his prison and fell unconscious. He lay in a stupor until death. He was so thin that the skin was drawn over his bones like parchment.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM

THE WEATHER TODAY THE SATISFACTORY STORE

Fine and a little warmer.

Men's Warm-Weather Underwear

Just two or three lines to show the men folks we can just as satisfactorily fill their summer wear needs as we do that of their wives, mothers and sisters.

Fine Cashmere Underwear. Light, soft and comfortable. Pure wool. One of the best lines of light-weight wool underwear for men who prefer wool to cotton—and want coolness, too. Per garment...\$1.25

Two good lines of Balbriggan at 50c. One is made of two-thread Egyptian yarn and the seams are tailored—a thoroughly well-made garment. The other is of good quality cotton and elastic-ribbed. Stretches easily—but keeps its shape. Comfortable—to say the least. Either style for, garment...50c

Big Price Slashes in Tailored Suits These suits must pay the penalty of being odd and broken lines. Must suffer the humiliation of having big slashes made in their prices. Must prepare for a speedy change of owners.

And they'll look better on new owners than hanging on our racks. They need smart dressers to exhibit the fine points of the designing, the fit and the hang. They also need good value judges to appreciate fully the excellence of the materials and workmanship—and the liberality of the price inducements.

Every size in the collection, but not every size in each individual style. On sale now—hurry!

Ladies' Tailored Suits. Navy and Natty Tweed Mixtures. Eton and short coats. Skirts are pleated and trimmed. Were \$8.50. The price ticket now says...\$5.00

Fashionable Tweed Suits—several in light gray. Also navy and black home-spuns. Eton, pony and fitted styles. Skirts nicely pleated and trimmed with braids and strappings. Were \$10 to \$15. If you get here soon...\$8.50

Handsome Tweeds and Broadcloths, Light Gray Homespins, Checks, Etc., make up the third lot. Coats are Eton, pony and fitted; some with vest effects. Skirts are circular or pleated. Were \$15 to \$21. Come immediately and get yours for...\$12.50

Let Us Have Your Mail Orders

We can fill them to your entire satisfaction. Try us and see. On orders of \$5 and over we will pay express to your nearest station, if within 200 miles of London.

Think of a Summer Shirtwaist Suit for \$1.48

A splendid suit for picnics or house wear. Yes! Good enough for street wear, too. Of course, \$1.48 is an exceptionally low price. Only by taking a quantity could we secure such a price temptation.

Suits are good style. Full blouse, tucked at back and front. Wide skirt with deep flounce. Material is print—washable. Peckadots, broken stripes and dots. Five shades...\$1.48

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, 149, 151, 153 and 155 Dundas Street.

WOODS' CORSETS

The Really Easy Corset Most corsets are made as some man thinks they should be—so they have style, usually, but little ease. Here's a corset made on a woman's ideas—with ease paramount. Modish to a degree, every corset that bears the "D & A" mark—well-made, whatever their price, every one; but above all easy—comfort and comfort—that is the "D & A" supreme merit. Ask your favorite store to show you the "D & A"—no matter what make you think you like best, look at this make.

Splendid showing of Fancy Combs at special prices. Big showing of Fine Laces at 10c yard.

WOODS' FAIR

A Little Reminder of Our Fancy Goods Department. We propose having a special sale in our Fancy Goods Department. Our stock is all new and complete, and we have a splendid variety of all kinds of Fancy Goods made up, besides Laces, Cushion Tops, Handkerchiefs, Linens, Repp, Cushion Forms, Ribbons, Cushion Trills and a great many more too numerous to mention. We also make a specialty of stamping; a splendid assortment of patterns to choose from. It will pay you to visit this department, as it is second to none in the city and our prices will surprise you. Be sure and visit the department this week while the assortment is large.

4-Piece Set, 75c 4-piece set, made of celluloid, good-sized mirror, soap box, tooth brush and drinking cup, London souvenir. Sale price, set...75c

Ladies' Hose Supporters, 15c Ladies' Hose Supporters, with strap around waist, saten pad, good strong elastic, nickel clasp, rubber capped. Sale price...15c

Men's Balbriggan Underwear, 50c Men's Fine Balbriggan Underwear, saten trimmed, nicely finished, ribbed wrist and ankles, assorted sizes. Sale price, each...50c

Children's Long Sleeve Vests, taped neck. Sale price...8c

25c Jar of Jelly, 18c Assorted Jellies, peach, pear, plum, etc., large jar, screw top, regular 25c. Sale price...18c

10c Paper, Friday, 3c Quire Best quality Note Paper, regular 10c. Sale price, quire...3c

Tooth Brushes, filled with fine bristles. Sale price...5c

Boys' and Men's Night-shirts. Sale price 50c and 75c.

Ladies' White Handkerchiefs plain or fancy, 5c.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Toronto, Ont.

London Advertiser.

FOUNDED IN 1853.

TWO EDITIONS DAILY - WEEKLY.
TELEPHONE CALLS.Business Office107
Editorial Department134
Job Department175
The London Advertiser Company,
Limited, 191-193 Dundas street, Lon-
don, Ont.LONDON, THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1906.
THE COUNTRY IN GOOD SHAPE.

The last issue of the Labor Gazette continues the serial story of Canadian prosperity. The fall wheat crop of Ontario wintered very well and although the early growth was delayed the roots came uninjured through the light snow-fall of the winter. The excellent reception accorded to Canadian butter and cheese has had the effect of setting the butter and cheese manufacturers in Quebec and Ontario to work at an unusually early date. Most of the factories and creameries were in active operation by the middle of April and the statement is made that the number of cheese factories which have applied or instruction in Ontario is higher than in any previous year, and having regard to the high prices prevailing and the prosperous character of the operations last year a very busy season is expected.

From a survey of the general industrial field it appears that the lobster and mackerel season opened with fair catches on the Atlantic coast; that the lumbering industry in British Columbia, Ontario and the northern provinces has had a busy month in camps and mills; that the mining fields are now the scenes of exceptional activity; that the manufacturing establishments are working to full capacity; that the work of preparation for the unprecedented amount of railroad construction to be undertaken during the year is fully under way and that many thousand men, in addition to those employed upon existing contracts are expected to be at work within a short time. The beginning of building operations in several of the manufacturing centers on a scale never before equaled, and civil employment gives promise of an exceptionally active season.

In a considerable number of trades advances in wages have been conceded and it is noted that 300 mill hands in the employ of the E. B. Eldy Company, of Hull, had their wages voluntarily increased.

The last month has shown a large increase in the number of trade disputes in the Dominion, there being 21 all told as compared with 11 in March and 11 in April of last year. Only small bodies of workmen were as a rule affected by these disturbances, and in some speedy settlement was effected.

GOOD ADVICE TO POLICYHOLDERS

Mr. Fielding counsels Canadian life insurance policyholders not to allow their policies to lapse. This is eminently sound advice. The greatest evil, he said, in connection with life insurance in the United States had been the creation of unnecessary alarm, which caused many people to drop their insurance policies and lose the result of years of saving. If there were life insurance evils to be investigated, Mr. Fielding added, let them be investigated, but care should be taken not to frighten policyholders into a course of disavowal to their own interests. So far as the Canadian investigation had proceeded, while irregularities have been pointed out which may be the subject of inquiry, and may lead to the reform of insurance legislation, no company had been shown unsound or unable to meet its responsibilities.

The same assurance as to the condition of life insurance in the United States is conveyed by Charles E. Hughes, chief counsel for the Armstrong committee, which conducted the insurance investigation in New York State. At a dinner tendered him by the life underwriters of New York, he said: "We have had great companies exposed to close and unsparring analysis, only to find that their solidity was as the rock of Gibraltar." There was no question of solvency, he said, but only of administration.

Mr. Fielding's remarks were called forth by Mr. Maclean's motion for the appointment of a committee of the Commons to take the insurance inquiry out of the hands of the present royal commission. The Government refused to accept the motion, and Mr. Fielding defended the commission against the unwarranted attacks of the member for South York. He pointed out the Canadian inquiry was making a much wider range than the Armstrong investigation. This statement is borne out by Mr. Dawson, the eminent actuary of the Armstrong committee who has been engaged by the Canadian commission. The Armstrong committee examined the affairs of only seventeen companies, while the Canadian commission has to examine the affairs of 52 companies.

The attempt to create a panic among policyholders and undermine confidence in the life insurance business has not succeeded to any great extent in this country, judging by the statistics of

life insurance during the past year. No doubt some people have dropped their insurance, deluded by the sensational press, but the effect of the investigation so far has been to reassure the public by demonstrating the absolute security of the investments of policyholders.

BOOK MAKES A STIR.

A young Chicago man has written a book which is agitating the people of the United States, and has called forth a message to Congress from the President. The title of the book is "The Jungle," and the author is Upton Sinclair, who a few years ago wrote a novel which nobody read. This young man took employment in the Chicago stock yards, in the hope of finding literary material, and prompted also, he claims, by humanitarian motives. He worked his way through the various stages of the meat packing industry. "The Jungle" purports to be a record of his observations, and he tells of a sickening story. He alleges that all sorts of decayed and diseased animal flesh, treated with noxious chemicals, is canned for public consumption, and that the by-products of the slaughter houses are likewise unfit for human use. Even more appalling, the author asserts, is the dehumanizing effect of the whole industry upon the mass of people dependent upon it, whom he describes as being lost in a moral jungle.

The charges made by Sinclair were so revolting and so circumstantial that they could not be overlooked. President Roosevelt urged Congress to prosecute an inquiry, and a committee has been appointed with instructions to make a private report. The packers have not opposed the investigation, but many newspapers are insisting that the report be published.

J. J. Hill is unique in more than one respect. He not only builds railways, without bonuses, but he is that rare bird in the United States—a rock-ribbed free-trader.

The Saskatoon Phoenix is a cheerful philosopher. Saskatoon wanted to be the capital, but Regina won out by a vote of 21 to 2. The Phoenix made a hard fight for its own town, but consoles itself with the remark that failure is the next best thing to success.

The marriage of Ena and Alfonso should mark the dawn of a brighter era for Spain. Both have won the hearts of the Spanish people, and Spain herself shows signs of recuperation since the loss of her colonies, which were a constant drain on the manhood and wealth of the country.

The late Michael Davitt was a man of extraordinary energy, courage, and talent. It is doubtful whether his career can ever be duplicated by another Irishman, so greatly have the relations of England and Ireland been modified by a more sympathetic attitude and policy on the part of British Governments.

A letter written nine years ago by Lord Strathcona has been produced, showing that he favored the bonus system of immigration and approved the arrangement with the North Atlantic Trading Company, showing that secrecy was necessary in order not to collide with continental governments. There is no doubt that the contract with the company proved a good investment for this country.

A WORD TO THE WISE.

[St. Thomas Journal.]
June brides soon. Get one now and avoid the rush.

IN SAME FIX.

[Argonaut.]
Attendance at lectures is not compulsory in Germany, and there are all sorts of yarns about the students' idleness. They say that a young man in Heidelberg once approached another young man and asked: "Where are the university buildings?" The second young man replied: "I really don't know. I'm a student here myself."

READY INVENTION.

[Punch.]
Belated Traveler—What's the matter, Cubby?—Here's a nice go! One of the front wheels 'as bin an' come off!
—B. T.—Well, knock off 'oher, an' make the beastly thing a hansom.

A CRUEL JAB.

[Toronto Star.]
While Alf Jury may have traveled third and charged up first class, he has the moral comfort of reflecting that he is being investigated by persons who use passes and charge up 10 cents a mile.

RETORT COURTEOUS.

[Philadelphia Ledger.]
Mrs. Dolan (boastfully)—Mrs. Carney, the wife of the rich grower, called on me today.
Mrs. Nolan—Well, well, d'ye mind that, now 'Tis a shame for Carney 't be makin' his wife collect his bad bills.

SAFEGUARDING THE BABY.

[Exchange.]
A story is told of the early inventiveness of mind of Sara Jeannette Duncan (Mrs. Coles), the Canadian writer now living in India. When she was quite a young girl a friend called one day to take her for a drive, but found her "minding the baby," and nobody else in the house. It seemed impossible to take the drive, but an idea occurred to the girl, and presently,

radiant, she drove away. The mother, on returning home, could find neither Sara nor the baby, but on searching the house found a bureau drawer a little bit open, and inside it the baby sound asleep. The child in the drawer could neither fall out nor upset anything, while enjoying plenty of air. It is probable, however, that this early exhibition of resourcefulness of mind was not commended by her mother.

NEEDED MORAL BACKING.

[San Francisco Argonaut.]
Few men have ever been so ready and witty as Mark Twain in introducing others to public audiences. At Hartford, Dec. 12, 1877, he presented Mr. Howells, and after a word or two as to his literary work, asked: "But I am not here to speak of his literary reputation, but simply to a long pause—back up his moral character."

CARE OF YOUR SHADE TREES.

[Outing.]
It will be well to look to the shade trees early in the season. The rhyss moth, which infests maples in many parts of the country late last fall may have left eggs which escaped the application of insecticides advised at that time. I would advise going over these trees this month with the following preparation, which I have found better than anything else I have ever tried: Melt a pound of ivory soap and mix it while quite warm with one pint of kerosene. Agitate until complete union takes place. The mixture can then be added to twelve quarts of water. An emulsion will readily be formed by the operation of the sprayer. Spray the trees thoroughly among their branches.

HYGIENIC LIMIT TO INVENTION.

[The Lancet.]
Until motor vehicles have wings, we have heard it said, they will always be an eyesore, an earsore and a nose-sore. While not prepared to accept that view, at any rate, as a condition of things likely to last, we must admit that the accessories of modern life in general are placing greater and greater strain on the faculties of the individual. His eyes are strained by the intense artificial lights, his ears are worried by the unnecessary din of the streets and his nose is offended by the vaporization of offensive fumes of oil or by the fetid air of the "tube." That simpler life appeals to him more than ever which removes him from the maddening sphere of the inventors' activities.

Still, after all, the human machine is wonderful in its power of adapting itself to a new environment, and just as few now look upon the railway, as was formerly the case, as a really offensive invention, so in time to come the present distresses inflicted upon us by modern ingenuity will gradually disappear, partly by the process of adaptation and partly by improvements resulting in mitigation of the kind of evils referred to.

One thing at least may be said, and that is that no account should be taken of modern invention be tolerated, however convenient it may be in one direction, unless it satisfies hygienic requirements.

MERE OPINION.

[Sam Kiser.]
Truth doesn't have to rise very early to be stranger than a good deal of the fiction we get nowadays.

For real happiness it is pretty hard to outclass the hungry man who is about to sit down to a square meal. Some people can't understand how any man who doesn't employ a private secretary is entitled to be listed with the great.

If the Lord had given all girls curly hair they would probably go to a lot of trouble to make it straight. A woman never buys the first thing that is shown to her, even if it is exactly what she wants and only costs half as much as she expected to pay. There is really only one incurable disease, and that is prejudice.

If we must know adversity before we can know our real friends, most of us will prefer to run the risk of being deceived.

SHOULD BE SUPPRESSED.

[Kansas City Times.]
The porter or janitor who sweeps refuse into the street.
The teamster who drives through the streets with dirt sifting through cracks in his wagon or falling from the running gear, where it is left after dumping.
The smoker who throws cigar or cigarette stubs, or cigar boxes, tobacco sacks or burned matches to the pavement.

The man who mows his lawn and throws the grass into the street or alley.
The woman who is neat and tidy at home, but who drops theater programmes, candy boxes and equally offensive things on the street.

The man who reads a letter rather than to throw the pieces on the pavement.
The fruit vendor who throws tissue paper wrappers, banana stems and refuse into the gutter in front of his stand.

The ice cream merchant who places freezers on the curb and lets briny water run into the gutter, leaving a sediment of salt.

The conduct digger who never pretends to clean the street after tearing up the pavement.
The store clerk who does his sweeping out after the streets have been cleaned.

The man who repairs buildings and throws the refuse in the street.
The drivers of meat wagons who litter the streets with brown paper.

The man who gathers garbage from residences and restaurants and scatters it about.
The billboards, which are constantly discarding slabs of old posters.

The foregoing are some of the enemies of a clean Kansas City. If the ordinances were enforced, the people who do the things mentioned would be subject to arrest and fine. Until these practices are stopped clean streets will be impossible.

ONE DANGER AVERTED.

[Washington Star.]
So that college professor spoke favorably of our son?" said the fond mother.
"Sort of favorably," answered the father. "He said there was no danger of his growing up to be one of these pedants who never know anything except what they get in the books."

REPORT PRESTON TO THE HOUSE**Witness Declined to Say How Many Made Up the North Atlantic Company.**

Ottawa, May 31.—Mr. Barker, M. P., renewed his examination of Mr. Preston today to get at the personnel of the North Atlantic Trading Company. "How many men were there in it?" The witness could not say. "Were there twenty?" "The witness did not think there were that many."

"Were there ten?" "Yes," He thought there were more than ten.

"How many members of the company," asked Mr. Barker, "had booked immigrants for Canada under the arrangement that existed prior to the North Atlantic contract?" The witness refused to answer this question on the ground that it led up to the information he had already decided to give, in other words, that it would involve a breach of the pledge he had already given to keep the membership of this company as confidential. Mr. Barker insisted on the answering of his question, and the chairman of the committee, Hon. Mr. Belcourt, on being appealed to, pronounced it a proper question.

Mr. Preston, however, still refused to answer. Thereupon a motion passed by unanimous consent to report his refusal to the House.

Later on Mr. Preston asserted that the pledge not to divulge these names was not given on his own account, and he made the utmost endeavors to be relieved thereof. Since coming to Canada he had gone the length of sending an imploring cable through his secretary, to the members of the North Atlantic Trading Company to be relieved from his promise.

Mr. German—if they relieve you from the pledge will you answer the question?"

Mr. Preston—Yes. In answer to Col. Sam Hughes, Mr. Preston said the question of secrecy originated with the company. Mr. Foster then recalled the statement of Mr. Preston to the effect that he had investigated the financial standing of the members of the syndicate. How could he do that and not know who were in the company till a day or two ago?

Mr. Preston replied that when in Berlin he investigated each person who was negotiating. "It was Mr. Smart," said the witness, "that first approved of the secret arrangement. It was Mr. Smart, however, sanctioned it after, and Mr. Smart is his superior officer, and that was sufficient authority."

DRYDEN IN IRELAND

Opinions Held by the Former Ontario Minister of Agriculture.

London, May 31.—Despite his open mind, Mr. Dryden seems to have satisfied himself as to what Ireland wants, says a Dublin paper. "I apprehend," he observed, "that Ireland's chief need is enthusiasm. The first thing to do is to teach the people to help themselves. That is what we have done in Canada. We have taught farmers in Ontario how and what is best to produce to their own advantage." Mr. Dryden then went on to speak in glowing terms of the methods which have contributed so much to Canada's prosperity. He emphasized the improvement which has been produced in the butter-making industry in Canada, and the success of the bacon industry. "I am looking forward," he said in conclusion, "to going to Ireland, but of the problems to be solved there, I can say nothing at present."

Hon. John Dryden, on his voyage across the Atlantic to sit as member of the commission to inquire into the working of the Irish department of agriculture, has been reading Sir Horace Plunkett's book, "Ireland in the New Century," in an appreciative spirit. Mr. Dryden, who was for fifteen years minister of agriculture for Ontario, was interviewed on his arrival in London from the Dominion. "It comes here with an open mind," said Mr. Dryden, "for I have never visited Ireland. I have read much, however, since I was appointed to the commission. On the steamer I found Sir H. Plunkett's book most valuable."

POEMS THAT LIVE

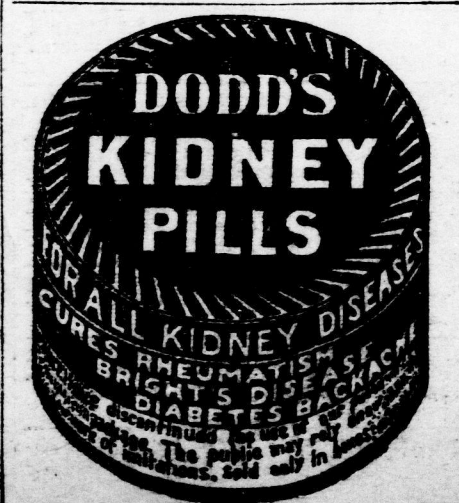
The Arrow and the Song.
[Henry Wadsworth Longfellow.]
(Mrs. Browning's favorite among Longfellow's poems.)

I shot an arrow into the air,
It fell to earth, I knew not where;
For so swiftly it flew, the sight
Could not follow it in its flight.

I breathed a song into the air,
It fell to earth, I knew not where;
For who has sight so keen and strong,
That it can follow the flight of song?

Long, long afterward, in an oak,
I found the arrow, still unbroke;
And the song, from beginning to end,
I found again in the heart of a friend.

Men are apt to scorn dogs, so as to have something in which they can impose implicit confidence.

**J. H. CHAPMAN & CO****Friday Bargains**

More important than usual—made so by many specially-bought lines, the final clearing prices on small lots, and the Summer Carpet Sale just starting. Thrifty housekeepers can do some economical buying here tomorrow for household and personal use.

Summer Carpet Sale

554 yards English Tapestry Carpet, suitable for sitting-rooms and other rooms. Choice selection of colorings, blue, red, terracotta, fawn and green. Our guaranteed 60c quality, at, a yard made and laid50c

Full yard wide, Union Carpet, extra heavy weight in desirable green, red and fawn colorings, scarce goods. Summer sale price, made and laid, a yard50c

Union Carpet, heavy reversible, full yard wide, in green and red colors. Friday, special, a yard35c

Rugs—Well-known Crossley make, velvet pile, size 27x60 inches; were \$2 25, special Friday\$1 50

Door Mats—Axminster, fringed, were 75c and 85c, Friday50c

English Brussels Carpet, were \$1 06 and \$1 15, made and laid at81c

Wash Goods

Timely under-pricing in Wash Goods. Friday specials.

Black Damask Vesting, broad-caded spots and patterns for waists and dresses; best quality of 25c fabrics. Friday special20c

Black Muslins, spots figures and stripes, only 6 pieces. Worth 17c and 20c yard. Friday, special15c

White Irish Vesting, four patterns only, suitable for waists and suits, correct weight, 15c value, Friday special11c

Special Victoria Lawn, white, on sale Friday, a yard7 1-2c

Curtains

Another special Curtain Day. Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, nice patterns, overlook edges. Friday a pair50c

Lace Curtains, 3 1-2 yards long, 48 inches wide; a limited quantity. Value \$1 00 pair, Friday79c

Fine Nottingham Lace Curtains, beautiful patterns, were \$2 50 and \$2 75, extra special this week, a pair\$2 00

Linen Sale

Extraordinary Bleached Linen Bargain. Don't miss it.

60 inches Pure Linen Bleached Tabling, fine quality, unusual special, yard50c

66-inch Bleached Double Damask Tabling; real value, 80c yard. Friday65c

70-inch Pure Double Table Linen, real value \$1 00 yard, Friday75c

72-inch Handsome Double Damask Tabling, regular \$1 25 value, Friday\$1 00

Sheetings

Fine quality Plain Bleached Sheet, 68 inches wide, regular 25c yard, on sale Friday 18c

Best Sheet, in market, 2 1-2 yards wide; our regular price 50c, on sale Friday39c

Back Combs

Nobby Shell Back Combs, rose gold and burnished bands with single jewel and fancy jewel setting. Three lines.

75c kinds at38c
\$1 00 kinds at50c
\$1 25 kinds at62c

Child's Bonnet

2 dozen Dutch Wash Bonnets, with embroidery insertion lawn ties. Special Friday 25c

Waists \$1.00

Elbow Sleeve Shirts waists of white lawn, stripes of shadow embroidery and medallion, pleated back, lace trimmed cuff, Friday special\$1 00

Whitewear

White Petticoats, worth \$1; either lace or embroidery trimmed; Friday,85c

Night Gowns, lace yoke, and lace insertion in body and sleeves; regular, \$1 35; special,\$1 15

Wanted Dress Goods

15 pieces Summer Tweeds and Light-Weight Fancy Suitings, fawns, grays, greens, tan and brown shades, were 45c and 50c yard, on sale Friday25c

Crepe de Chene Silk and Lace Stripe and Cord Silks, in cream, pink and black, were up to 50c yard, clearing tomorrow25c

Black Silk Embroidered Panamas and Roxanas, all wool, black fabrics for present wear, were 65c and 75c yard, on sale Friday49c

Black and White Stripe Glace Silk, excellent 75c value; a few short ends, yard 37 1-2c

Silk Foulards, fashionable for Eton jacket costume or shirt-waist dresses; navy and white and gray and white; worth 75c, special Friday price50c

Millinery Reduced

We will make a positive clearance of the Spring Millinery. There is a splendid variety of very charming trimmed hats remaining and they must be sold.

Hats from \$4.50 to \$8.00, for\$3.75
Hats from \$8.50 to \$12.00, for\$5.00

J. H. Chapman & Co., 126, 128, 128 1/2 Dundas St.**THE WESTERN CROPS.**

Winnipeg, Man., May 30.—The crop report for the week ending May 30 is a record of little progress by the crops on account of the almost invariably cold weather.

For the first time this year reports are to hand of damage being done by

frosts. Rain had been pretty general throughout the week, and this was wanted badly in some districts, and the crops had benefited very considerably, and are now reported to be doing well, though no large growth is reported.

Frost has appeared in many points, but it is exceptional to read of damage being done by the low tempera-

ture. The general need is now for warm weather.

The amount of growth is generally from three to five inches.

Whitney, the inventor of the cotton gin, did not make a cent out of his idea.

Lord Sewardmouth, first lord of the British Admiralty, is an assiduous collector of old china.

Pleases All Users

CEYLON TEA

Admitted to be the finest tea grown in the world.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

LEAD PACKETS ONLY. AT ALL GROCERS.

25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN

TANGLED THREADS

"Oh, that would be perfectly de-ful!" cried Marjorie, clapping her pretty, jeweled hands rapturously. "I surely will take the trouble—it will be so lovely to work together—and you shall give me regular lessons and I shall pay you two dollars an hour—just what Hattie Hilliard pays her teacher."

"Nonsense, Marjorie!" said Helen, flushing again. "You will do no such thing."

"But you told me that you were willing yourself to be a teacher," Marjorie returned sententiously. "Now, wouldn't it be just the thing for you to do?"

"That is very true; but I am not full-fledged yet."

"Never mind; you've had to pay for what you do know, and I'm not going to steal your knowledge," her companion returned sententiously. "Now, wouldn't it be just the thing for you to do?"

"But I should be glad to teach you, just for the pleasure of it. I really do not like the idea of taking money from you," persisted Helen.

"Then I shan't come," retorted Marjorie, with a pouting and a childish shrug of her pretty shoulders that made her friend laugh out merrily. "and I am so disappointed."

"Oh, you child!" exclaimed Helen, amusedly. "do you always manage to get your own way like this?"

"Ah! That means that you will do as I want you to," cried Marjorie, in a gleeful tone, and leaning forward, she implanted an impulsive kiss upon her friend's cheek. "Thank you, thank you, dearie! May I begin to-morrow?"

"Yes, Helen told her that she might, and though she still felt uncomfortable regarding the question of money, she thought best to say no more about the subject at that time."

"They fell to talking of other things, after that, until Marjorie espied a large photograph album upon the lower shelf of a table and pounced eagerly upon it."

"Oh, I'm sure you'll let me—I think it is great fun to look at photos," she said, as she unclasped and opened the cover, revealing the first picture within.

"Do you?" queried Helen, smiling. "I think it is rather stupid looking at the faces of people in whom you have no interest."

"Why, faces always interest me—I always find stories in them," Marjorie replied, as her eyes fastened themselves upon the likeness of a fine-looking man, whose large, full, yet smilingly serene up at her. "Who is this? Your father?" she added, pointing to it with a critical glance.

"No," said Helen, with a soft sigh. "we have no picture of papa, unfortunately; an accident happened to the only one that mamma had when I was a baby, and I have always regretted it so much. That is a photo of Professor Gilbert, who was principal of the high school when I graduated. What kind of a 'story' do you read in his handsome face?" she concluded, with a roguish twinkle in her eyes.

"First and foremost, a consciousness of his own good looks. See?" and the bright little elf posed herself in exact imitation of the professor's self-satisfied attitude. "Second, his sense of superiority and domineering disposition. I am Professor Gilbert!" she pompously declared, as she surveyed the "ladies and gentlemen" with an important flourish of her little white hand. "You will please understand that when I make a rule there will be no exception."

"A professional caricaturist could not have done it better," she said. "Who are these?" inquired Marjorie, and turning another page.

"Harry and Neil Sedley, classmates."

"The Skin Troubles of Babyhood."

Your family doctor will explain to you, if you ask him, the mission of the pores of the skin, and will tell you of the dangers of using pore-clogging powders for the chafings and irritations to which babies are subject.

Any mother who has used Dr. Chase's Ointment for this purpose will tell you of how beautifully soft and smooth it has kept the skin, and of how quickly it has cured the chafing or irritation.

Especially during the teething period children are likely to suffer from eczema, and it is promptly checked and there is danger of it spreading to other parts of the body and becoming chronic.

There is no rival to Dr. Chase's Ointment as a cure for baby eczema, as it is usually called, and it can be used with positive assurance that it will not injure the most delicate skin, but on the contrary, keep it soft and smooth.

Dr. Chase's Ointment is a necessity in every home where its merits are known, and is indispensable in the nursery; 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Richmond, Bates & Co., Toronto.

"And what?" breathed Helen, wondering more and more at the girl's keen perceptive faculties.

"Sweetness, born of some great sorrow," said Marjorie softly, as she threw one arm around Helen's neck and kissed her, as if asking pardon for having looked upon a page of her mother's heart which she would not like her to read.

"How could you tell that?" questioned Helen gravely.

"Look at her eyes, dearie, and that pathetic droop at the corners of her lovely mouth. Did you ever see such an expression on the face of any one who has not patiently suffered? But come," she added, as she closed the book and put it back in its place, for the tremulousness of Helen's lips had not escaped her. "let us go out of doors for awhile. I want to explore the surroundings of this pretty nest in the woods. Are you not afraid to live here all alone by yourselves?"

"No, indeed," replied Helen, as arm-in-arm they left the house. "We have never thought of being afraid, and we are not so 'alone' as you imagine. You will see Judge Kendal's place on the right through the trees, and his man sleeps in that little outhouse behind the hedge, and so near that we could easily call him if we needed anything, while the Ashleys live over there in the fork of the road."

"Ugh!" said Marjorie, shrugging her shoulders suggestively. "I should have the horrors at night, and I am sure I should die of ennui to be so isolated by day."

Helen laughed out merrily.

"I am never lonely—I never feel isolated when I am with mamma; we have the neatest time imaginable together, and we love the quiet after a whole year of roar and rush in the city."

Marjorie shot a queer look at her companion out of the corners of her observing eyes.

"But you like society, do you not? I am sure you were one of the merriest of the company yesterday," she remarked.

"Oh, yes, I like a good time with young people as well as anybody; but there is no one, in my opinion, like one's own mother for solid comfort and enjoyable companionship, especially when one is inclined to give expression to one's inmost thoughts," Helen replied, with an earnestness which bespoke her honesty.

The slightest possible sneer curled the lips of Marjorie Ellsworth as she listened, but it was gone as quickly as it came; then, slipping her arm fondly around the waist of her new friend, she lifted a pair of wistful, regretful eyes to her.

"What a model daughter you must be to be in such perfect harmony with your mother," she said, with a yearning sigh. "Why, with an ingenious but rather bitter laugh, 'I am never at ease one moment when I am with my mother, for it is 'Marjorie, you must do this! Why will you do that? You will never be a lady if you don't pay more attention to the rules of etiquette, and you mortify and annoy me continually, from morning till night. Of course the fault is all in me.' she went on naively. 'I suppose I was born incorrigible and can't help it, though Aunt Eliza and I always manage to get along better together.'"

Helen thought that if she was incorrigible she was very sweetly so, and she did not half believe that she was as inharmonious as she tried to make it appear.

They wandered about for awhile, then returned to the porch and sat in the hammock, exchanging anecdotes and experiences until Mrs. Seymour called them in to tea.

And such a feast! Marjorie went into ecstasies in her pretty way over it.

Such delicious bread and butter, and strawberries as large as English walnuts blushing through the heaviest of cream! Custards like velvet and real pound cake that just melted in one's mouth, and theiced tea, Russian style, was "like nectar."

It was a merry meal, for Mrs. Seymour possessed the rare faculty of forgetting herself and becoming a girl with girls, which was one of her chief charms in the estimation of Helen and her friends.

[To be Continued.]

THE EMPIRE'S SALVATION

Depends Upon Entente Cordiale Between Mother Country and Colonies.

London, May 30.—At the annual meeting the Archbishop of Rupert's Land testified to the value of the grants of the Society for the Propagation of Christian Knowledge in promoting church building in the west.

Sir Cavendish Boyle said at the Empire Club that the entente cordiale between the mother country and the colonies was the only thing that was going to save the Empire.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Gladstone Bottomly admitted £167 had been paid out of the civil service fund to enable the Shuttleworth witness to go to Canada. Mr. Parker asked: "Does the home secretary not consider it an unfriendly act towards the British colony to unload these undesirable aliens on Canada?" There was no answer.

Herbert Haldane's attention has been called to the mode of training in Canada which he believed was much more successful than had been anticipated by the artillery experts. The country had the whole matter under consideration.

ROOSEVELT'S ORATION.

Portsmouth, Va., May 30.—President Roosevelt joined the people of Virginia today in a beautiful and impressive tribute to the nation's dead. Under the auspices of the Army and Navy Union, the organization of the officers and enlisted men of the United States army and navy, the President delivered the memorial address here to an audience numbering thousands.

Immediately after the oration the President unveiled a monument erected in the Naval cemetery by the Army and Navy Union to the memory of its dead comrades.

Malta-Vita

"The Perfect Food"

The grocer who offers you something good has no regard for your judgment or your health. It's delicious.

SOME BIRDS THAT HELP THE FARMER

Hawks and Owls War on Mice and Rats—Woodpeckers' Good Work.

Washington, May 30.—A writer in the Washington Star says that the easiest way to learn which birds are beneficial is to write to the Secretary of Agriculture for free pamphlets, but the best way is to go out in the fields and woods and watch the birds. He adds:

Probably one of the first he will see will be a woodpecker of some kind, and in that case he is sure to see a very useful bird. Of the 40-odd species and sub-species of woodpeckers in this country, only one is sometimes destructive to the trees. This is the yellow-bellied sapsucker. Ten kinds are not so 'alone' as you imagine. You will see Judge Kendal's place on the right through the trees, and his man sleeps in that little outhouse behind the hedge, and so near that we could easily call him if we needed anything, while the Ashleys live over there in the fork of the road."

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[To be Continued.]

Hawk's Good Qualities.

Let the farmer now look over the fields beyond the orchard and observe that clear-cut figure of a hawk, sailing in circles against the sky. If he will but believe it, that is a feathered servant, working conscientiously from dawn until dusk, and without pay, to rid his farm of the rats, mice and other rodents which play such havoc with his property at all times of the year. It is been estimated that the hawk will destroy in one year a thousand insects, and the farmer need not be told what a thousand mice can do to his fruit trees in the course of one year. The hawk knows only too well, perhaps, that they can kill more than many trees, by gnawing them with their teeth, as I saw many a hundred trees killed last winter in the same way.

So, then, when a hawk or some species will go a chicken from his poultry yard, but let him not be hasty to revenge the act. What other workman can be get to do so much honest work at so small a wage? In that hollow apple tree by "the barn" he may find a nest of mice, and at dusk this soft-winged bird will take up the work of mouse hunting where the hawk left off.

If the farmer will only study the habits of the bird, he will see the wisdom of the saying, "shoot only those which he proves have done him more harm than good, as crops will be larger."

You catch a little cold today, by to-morrow it has reached the throat, next day the lungs are affected, and you wish you had used Catarrhoxone, which kills colds in five minutes. In the first place Catarrhoxone soothes the irritated membranes and relieves congestion—then it cuts out the phlegm and destroys the germs. It enables the blood to retain a natural supply of oxygen, lung-food, and vitality. In any cough, bronchitis or lung affection, it is guaranteed to positively cure. Decline any substitute for Catarrhoxone.

People afflicted with chronic ignorance are apt to be subject to acute attacks of superstition. So POPULAR is Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup as a medicine in the treatment of colds and coughs or ailments of the throat, due to exposure to draughts, or sudden changes of temperature, that druggists and all dealers in household medicines keep supplies on hand to meet the demand. It is pleasant to take, and the use of it guarantees freedom from throat and lung diseases.

Orin Steinberger, a well-known artist, of Urbana, Ill., has lived all winter in the top of a majestic oak tree for his health. Under the patronage of the "House-mistress" Union, there has just been opened in Hamburg the first of the schools to be established for the improvement of domestic servants.

The More You Learn About



the more you'll want to learn. When you know the GOURLAY as it is you will be all eagerness to possess one. That is when you know how instantly responsive is the touch, how sympathetic and rich the tone, how exquisitely cased, how lastingly built.

It would interest you to know how many modern pianos of standard make are taken in exchange for GOURLAY Pianos. Nothing but the marked superiority of the GOURLAY could occasion this.

Shall we tell you more of this superiority?

Write for Booklet.

We ship on approval anywhere in Canada.

Gourelay, Winter Leeming

Head Office: 180 Yonge Street, Toronto.

London Representative: C. W. TREADGOLD, 195 Dundas Street.



"Yum-m-m; that's good." The best bracer and most refreshing tonic in the world.

Tona-Cola

Soda Fountains and Hotels—5 CENTS

THE REASON WHY

OTHER KINDS OF

FIBERWARE

DO NOT GIVE SATISFACTION IS BECAUSE

EDDY'S IS THE BEST

If you don't believe it, ask any up-to-date grocer in Canada, and he will tell you so.

TUBS AND PAILS ALL KINDS MADE BY

The E. B. EDDY CO., Limited, Hull, Canada.

DONALD McLEAN, Agent, 426 Richmond St., London.



BAD MAN AT LARGE

Desperate Character Breaks Jail and Makes for the Bush.

Parry Sound, May 30.—A prisoner named Cascanette, a French-Canadian half-breed and a lawless character, who was arrested lately with much difficulty, escaped this morning from the jail here.

He is charged with housebreaking, many thefts, and has terrorized the settlers from Penetanguishene to Moon River with his brutality, low cunning and malicious threats.

His capture was cleverly effected by Provincial Constable McRae and Constable Julian, who safely delivered him into the jail, warning the jailer of the character of the prisoner. The jailer, however, seems to have permitted the prisoner too much liberty, and in failing to keep the means of egress closed, his escape was rendered absurdly easy.

Cascanette is a man of great physical powers, thoroughly familiar with the bush, and as lithe and active as a deer, and the chances of his recapture are thought to be exceedingly few.

LOTT GOING WEST.

Belleville, May 30.—Philip A. Lott, who exposed the bogus ballot box conspiracy in this riding, will leave next Friday for Buyea, Saskatchewan, with his wife. It is said that since Philip made his famous disclosures many of his old friends have gone back on him. He will in future reside in the west.

What Is Catarrh?

Disease Prevalent Now Can Be Cured Quickly With Hyomei.

Until very recent years, it was thought that catarrh was a disease of the blood, but now modern science has proved that catarrh is a germ disease, and can be cured only by a treatment that will kill the germ and heal the mucous membrane of the nose and throat.

Therefore, when you have catarrh, you can readily see that if you want to cure it, you should use Hyomei, which mediates the air you breathe, thus killing the catarrhal germs and healing the smarting and raw membrane of the passages through the nose and throat. In breathing Hyomei you are really treating your catarrhal troubles with the only natural method, for it will make the air you breathe as pure, healing and antiseptic as that found on the mountains where the pine forests give off their fragrant and healing balams.

The complete Hyomei outfit, consisting of an inhaler, a bottle of Hyomei, and a medicine dropper, costs only \$1, while extra bottles can be obtained for 50 cents.

If you cannot obtain Hyomei of your dealer, it will be forwarded by mail, postage paid, on receipt of price. Write today for consultation blank that will entitle you to services of our medical department, without charge. The R. T. Booth Company, Hyomei Building, Ithaca, N. Y.

USE Hunt's Diamond Flour

Better than all-Manitoba for general household use, being a blend of Manitoba and Ontario wheat.

HUNT BROS.

Nothing is better to drink than

Cowan's

Perfection

Cocoa

(Maple Leaf Label.)

It is nutritious, easily digested, and makes people robust and strong.

The Cowan Co., Limited

Toronto.

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City Bindery

Removed to

355 Richmond St.

H. P. BOCK.

INSURANCE.

E. J. MACROBERT.

General and District Agent for Western

Ontario. Fire, Life, Accident and Plate

Glass Insurance effected. English, Ameri-

can and Canadian companies represented.

Room 107, Masonic Temple, corner Rich-

mond and King streets, London, Ont.

Telephone 492. ywt

Queen Insurance Co'y

Funds available for security of Queen

policyholders, \$54,000,000.

J. A. NEILLES, Agent.

426 Richmond Street.

Phone 342. ywt

G. M. Gunn & Son

Insurance Agency

Established 1859

This business will hereafter be carried

on by

GEORGE C. GUNN

along the same lines as heretofore.

Fire, Marine, Accident, Life, Plate

Glass, Boiler and Employers' Liability

Insurance.

Office, 432 Richmond Street, next Free

Press. Telephone 321. 17-bewty

IMPERIAL

CREAM TARTAR

BAKING

POWDER

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Canadian and American, Pure, Fresh, or any imported.

E. W. GILLET LIMITED

TORONTO, ONT.

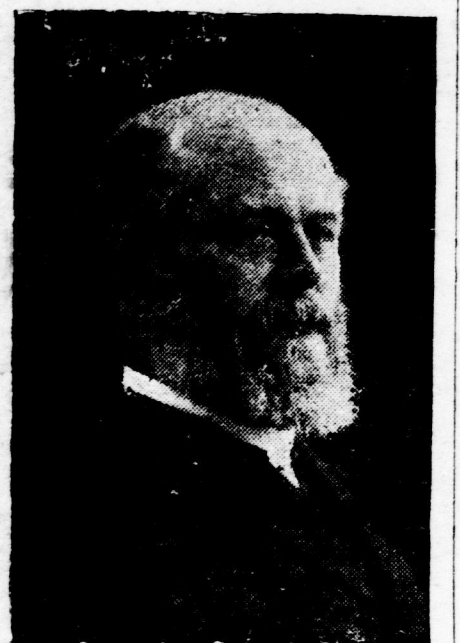
GREAT WORK OF GREAT COLLEGE

Queen's, of Kingston, Has Made Good Her Place in Canadian Life.

[Written for The Advertiser by Rev. Robert Laird, M. A.]

No institution connected with the Presbyterian Church has during recent years commanded the thought and attention of successive general assemblies more seriously than Queen's University; none has been doing finer service for church and country. From small beginnings and through nearly three-quarters of a century of effort and struggle it has grown to splendid proportions. Today, with a roll of 2,700 graduates, with a staff of 90 professors and instructors in the various faculties, and a registration last session of 1,042 students, it ranks as one of the first educational institutions of Canada.

The story of Queen's began when in 1827 the Presbyterian Synod took steps to found an institution of higher learning on lines broad enough to meet the requirements of all classes in the community. The only other college then existing in Upper Canada was hampered by religious tests, and the Presbyterian Church, true to that principle of freedom that has ever been its strength, resolved to establish a college that would be open to all, irrespective of class or creed. After a few years delay, in 1828, subscriptions began to be solicited, and in a comparatively short time \$75,000 (a large sum for those days) was secured, and an act of incorporation passed. In 1842 the new institution was fairly



REV. PRINCIPAL GORDON.

under way with Dr. Liddel, principal and professor of theology; Rev. P. C. Campbell, professor of classics and belles lettres; and Dr. Williamson, professor of mathematics and natural philosophy. The early years were full of difficulty and discouragement. But the power of life was in the sturdy, young institution, loyal men were at its head, and it went on from one modest building to another, steadily increasing in numbers and influence, until in 1858 it was housed in the building that is now the home of the medical faculty.

The gloomiest days were yet to come. No sooner had Dr. Snodgrass, who became principal in 1864, guided the college through a serious internal crisis, than its revenues were hopelessly crippled by the withdrawal of the Government grant, and the greater part of its endowment by the failure of the Commercial Bank. The church rose nobly and met the situation in a spirit that showed how vital was her interest in education, and how precious to her members the college that their fathers had called into life. Dr. Snodgrass and Professor McKerran bore the burden of a most vigorous endowment campaign, which strained the robust constitution of the former and permanently shattered the health of the latter. But they succeeded. In view of their comparatively slender means the people responded with astonishing liberality, and Queen's was put on a new footing.

A period of expansion. The faith of the principal and friends of Queen's had been vindicated, and the way prepared for a period of great expansion. This reached its most notable point under Principal Grant, who is 1877 brought to Queen's not only an unrivaled power of leadership, but unflinching confidence in the mission of the university. Overflowing numbers made a new building imperative, and 1880 saw completed that arts building which has ever since been the finest architectural adornment of the campus. But maintenance and increased teaching power presented even more urgent claims than the problem of accommodation. This was the burden shouldered so heroically by Principal Grant and the many staunch friends of the college. The endowment of \$100,000 secured immediately after his coming was supplemented in less than ten years by what was known as the "Queen's Jubilee Fund," which made possible at once expansion in all departments. Eminent men of strong characters and fine teaching gifts were already serving Queen's: Professors Williamson, Mowat, Dupuis, Watson,

When You Grow Old

The body needs patching—wasted tissues must be rebuilt, played-out organs restored—blood needs extra nourishment. Elderly people need Ferrozone—need it because it vitalizes and rejuvenates as no other remedy can. Ferrozone builds up the kind of strength that makes one feel good—keeps back the decay of old age and makes you look young and handsome again. Forget nervous exhaustion, re-energize your system, again re-enter the life of youth. Your remedy is Ferrozone, only 50 cents per box, at all dealers.

Fletcher and others had given the stamp of thoroughness and independence to the training. Increased revenue made possible the appointment of such men as Professors Cappon, Shortt, MacNaughton, McGilveray and Dyde and the institution became more and more attractive to the youth of the country.

Scientific Education.

But now the trend of the times demanded that more attention should be given to scientific education. Queen's has always kept to the front the importance of a broad and rich general culture, and 60 per cent of her students are still to be found in the arts department. But the needs of a country with rapidly developing physical resources have not been forgotten, and 1889-90 saw the erection of the John Caruthers Science Hall for Chemistry and Mineralogy (said to be the first building of its kind in Canada). This was soon followed by the organization of the School of Mines, in which the Ontario Government aided generously, the establishment of new chairs in biology and applied science, and the equipment of mining and mechanical laboratories. The year 1900 was marked by another forward movement. The 127 students registered that session crowded the classrooms beyond the point of discomfort, and new buildings became an absolute necessity. The university turned first to the city of Kingston. That city had again and again proved her loyalty to the institution of higher learning on lines broad enough to meet the requirements of all classes in the community. The only other college then existing in Upper Canada was hampered by religious tests, and the Presbyterian Church, true to that principle of freedom that has ever been its strength, resolved to establish a college that would be open to all, irrespective of class or creed. After a few years delay, in 1828, subscriptions began to be solicited, and in a comparatively short time \$75,000 (a large sum for those days) was secured, and an act of incorporation passed. In 1842 the new institution was fairly

The Grant Hall.

But while city and state were discharging their duty to the college that had served them so well, the students and younger graduates, with all the old-time enthusiasm of the men of Queen's, completed the present circle of buildings by Grant Hall, whose stately walls are a fitting memorial to him who led the institution through its darkest days. Another generation of students are animated by the same spirit, and only a few weeks ago, they undertook to fill a long and keenly-felt want in the life of Queen's by subscribing nearly half the money required for a gymnasium, which is already in course of construction. Young men who thus help themselves and in the days of their youth make permanent contributions even to the external equipment of their college are surely deserving of the best that public-spirited men can give.

Queen's Has Made Good.

The passing of Principal Grant, after 25 years of unsparring labor for Queen's, and through her for the country, seemed an irreparable loss. But his work remained, and Principal Gordon, his life-long friend, accepted the difficult task with fine spirit, and is carrying on that work to greater magnitude and perfection. Meantime the Presbyterian Church has been awakening to the real importance of Queen's in the educational life of Canada. When the ties that bound church and university were about to sever a few years ago, the conviction grew strong that the church ought not to surrender her interest in an institution whose history had been so closely linked with her own, and whose independent and self-sacrificing spirit had been such an invigorating force in both church and country. That conviction issued in the present undertaking of the church to increase the endowments of the university.

TRUSTEES CAPITULATED

The Friction at Queen's University Over \$50,000 Grant Is Settled.

Kingston, May 30. — Some friction that existed between the local representatives of Queen's University trustees and the medical faculty has been settled, the former being obliged to "capitulate."

The trouble was over the grant of \$50,000 made by the Ontario Legislature to the medical faculty of Queen's for medical education. The trustees wanted to handle the money as they saw fit, but the medical faculty would have nothing to do with it. The money was granted to the medical faculty, and the faculty had decided that it should be expended on a building for biological purposes only, and not contain a department of botany, as the other university authorities desired.

The trustee representatives finally had to concede to the medical faculty, and accept merely the custody of the building. The medical faculty will control its workings and make all appointments.

THE M. P. IN COBALT.

New Liskeard, May 30. — The parliamentary excursionists will spend the night here, after a weary day of sight-seeing at all points from North Bay northward. A New Ontario chilly wind did not dampen the ardor of the party in the least.

At North Bay the Government railway properties were examined. At Cobalt several dynamite explosions were watched, and both the Tremethway and Timmins mines were inspected.

Tomorrow the party will divide itself to take trips, one to the end of steel in the clay belt and the other a boat ride on Temiskaming Lake. The train of five sleepers and two diners is the home of the party, whether grade climbing or side-track. Thursday the Temagami boats will be taken for a lake trip.

MICHAEL DAVITT'S STORMY CAREER

Never a Truer Lover of Emerald Isle, Nor More Courageous Fighter.

London, May 30. — There is sadness and irony in the coincidence that as Michael Davitt lay at death's door as Chief Secretary for Ireland announced that \$22,500,000 would be set aside to provide laborers' cottages in Ireland. To describe the chief secretary's bill as ushering in a new and happier day for Ireland would be inaccurate. It will, however, be cordially welcomed in Ireland, and on that account would fill the heart of Davitt with joy. The Emerald Isle has never had a truer lover than the one-armed man who has become famous throughout the world as a champion of the Nationalist cause.

The esteem and affection which Davitt has won from the people of Ireland equals the strong dislike he has inspired in England. Political opponents might admit his fighting qualities, but in the eyes of the general British public these were obscured by the ferocity of his attacks upon the empire. He has been regarded as the stoutest hater England ever had. At the time of the Boer war his utterances on the subject were treasonable, and in any other country would have earned him several months in jail. His lectures in the United States were bitter denunciations of England, but to do him credit it must be said that he harangued no less fervently in the British House of Commons. On one or two occasions his unsleeping hatred of England brought him within the clutches of the law, and he spent several years in prison, a circumstance that made him even more popular with his constituents.

Michael Davitt represented at once the best and the worst type of Irish agitator, in courage and honesty and effectiveness. He was a man of no prejudice and vitriolic hostility he was away the worst. Unlike many of his associates, who, in culture, are among the flower of the House of Commons, Davitt was plebeian and comparatively uneducated. This accident that deprived him of his right arm had much to do in molding his character in a harsh and narrow form. The misfortune of his peasant parents were dimmed into his ears from infancy; one might say that he was the son of a land from his mother's breast. Bitterness against the system of government that led to the execution of the Davitt family from Mayo must have been one of his first impulses. The loss of his arm in a Lancashire cotton mill soured him of the class of the owned cotton mills and other property.

Michael Davitt was a strippling of 24 years, in 1870, when he was placed on trial for treason-felony. The charge was the raising of Fenian plottings, that contemplated the overthrow of British rule in Ireland and the establishment of a republic. With a number of companions he was sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment. He was released for seven years, and then regained his freedom on a ticket-of-leave. After a visit to the United States he returned to Ireland and began the anti-landlord agitation that bore fruit in the Irish Land League. In this movement he and Parnell were the most prominent directors. His activities had caused the Government considerable anxiety, and a close watch was kept on his movements. In 1881 it was decided that he had violated the understanding on which he had secured his ticket-of-leave, and he was rearrested. Another year in jail was the penalty.

The second punishment was the needed touch to make his political canonization complete, and while he still languished in the various gaols, his devoted followers elected him as their representative in Parliament. But the members of the House would not consent to have a convict as colleague, and they annulled the election. The intense indignation of the Irish Nationalists. In 1891 Davitt was an unsuccessful candidate in Waterford, but at the ensuing general elections he was returned in North Meath. Unfortunately for him, his own bitterness had engendered in him, and others, and his election was protested, with the result that he was unseated. "Intimidation by the clergy," being the verdict of the court. Undaunted Davitt contested a riding in Cork, and at last found a home in Westminster. But the expenses of fighting the Meath petition soon drove him into bankruptcy, and once more he had to leave the House.

In 1895 he was a candidate in East Kerry and South Mayo, and was elected in both places. He chose to sit for Kerry, and remained in Parliament for four years, resigning to devote himself to lecturing tours and the work of raising funds for the Nationalist cause. At the last general election he was elected for the Nationalists. When he married an American girl, in 1887, he received as a wedding present a home known as "Land League Cottage," the gift of the Irish people. In the United States he was remarkably successful, and as a successful speaker for the cause he served so fervently he had no equal, save, perhaps, Parnell.

THE SENATOR "WELCHED"

Tried to Buy Back \$80,000 Gaming Note for Third of Value.

New York, May 31. — A United States senator who wanted to "welch" on a gaming debt of \$80,000 owed to "Dick" Canfield loomed large yesterday in the suit which Canfield's former attorney, John Delahanty, is trying before Justice Newburger, in the supreme court, to recover \$50,000 for legal fees from "Dick." By the grace of Canfield and an agree, and between them, the case of Delahanty the statesman was permitted to pass unnamed. It was not even brought out whether he would be "welched" is still alive. He was said to belong to the west. As soon as District Attorney Jerome struck the trail of Canfield, a man filled the breast of this unsportsmanlike senator, who remembered that "Dick"

had in his strong box a note of hand for \$80,000, Canfield was in London and the senator's proposition to settle was made through a prominent politician to Delahanty. The politician told the attorney that the senator was willing to pay \$20,000 for his note, but when Canfield received this offer his answer by cable was swift and to the point. "No!" was his declaration to Delahanty. "The senator must settle in full and without the intervention of a third party."

SENATOR COX TESTIFIES

Gives Some Interesting Evidence Before Insurance Commission.

Toronto, May 30. — Hon. George A. Cox, president of the Canada Life Assurance Company, was a witness before the Dominion Insurance commission this afternoon. Interest in the proceedings of the commission, which has been waiting during the past few days, revived when it became known that the affairs of the Canada Life would be the next subject of inquiry, and the court room was almost filled with insurance men.

The questions put by Mr. George F. Shepley, K. C., dealt for a time with the commissions paid by the company in its early days, but the examination was largely devoted to the events connected with the building up of the capital stock.

Lastly the most absorbing insurance story that the commission has yet produced was Senator Cox's recital of his contest for control of the company, and of the gradual working out of his ambition to become its president.

According to the narrative told in answer to Mr. Shepley's questions, the antagonists of Senator Cox were Messrs. William Hendrie, and John Stewart, of Hamilton, but the rivalry appeared from the letters produced to have ceased when the present leader of the company obtained a place on its directorate.

The witness, who was three hours on the stand, was attended by a number of the chief officials of the company and Mr. Wallace Nesbitt, K. C., Mr. Leighton McCarthy, M. P., appeared on behalf of the corporation. A great amount of statistics was handed in for the examination of the commission's expert actuary, Mr. W. M. Dawson.

At the conclusion of the session, it was announced that owing to a death in the family of Commissioner Kent, the court would adjourn until Friday morning.

THREE OF CREW PERISH

When P. E. I. Schooner Goes on Rocks Off Louisbourg.

Halifax, N. S., May 30. — The schooner for Louisbourg, was driven ashore at the entrance to four miles harbor last night.

The crew of four men took to the rigging, but soon were swept into the sea, and Capt. Wm. Kane, his son, William, and a seaman, Joseph Murray, were drowned. George Murray, the sole survivor, escaped from the wreck through being miraculously washed ashore on a high wave, and after spending the night on the bleak and lonely beach, walked to Louisbourg this morning.

Fifteen minutes after striking the rocks was dashed to pieces and the men were left struggling for life in the waves.

The drowned all belonged to Summerside. The Thetis left Hakesbury, N. S., a week ago with produce for the Dominion Coal Company. The vessel was not insured.

H. K. Raine, a London artist who painted the portrait of W. P. Frith, R.A., for the next Royal Academy exhibition, London, "I have done it in five sittings," he says. "If I had done it in the light it would have taken double the time."

No man is a hero in the eyes of his valet, and the most genuine of Simur pore heroes do not have valets. About the best way to keep up appearances is to put a roll of bills under them.

Pay More and Get the Best.

A cheap, flesh-burning corn remedy is never satisfactory. The best is Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor; costs but a quarter, and is guaranteed to cure thoroughly. Use only Putnam's.

The TERRIBLE PANGS OF DYSPEPSIA CAN BE CURED

To be dyspeptic is to be miserable, hopeless, confused and depressed in mind, forgetful, irresolute, drowsy, languid and useless.

Constipation, headache, heartburn, sour stomach, distress after eating, belching of wind, faintness, and fullness and distention of the stomach are a few of the many distressing symptoms of the poor, weary dyspeptic.

Dyspepsia is a disease that in one way or another resembles nearly every other disease, and the only way to get rid of it is to tone up the stomach, liver, bowels and blood. This will be quickly done by the use of

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

It regulates the stomach, stimulates the secretion of the saliva and gastric juice to facilitate digestion, removes acidity, purifies the blood, and tones up the entire system.

Mrs. M. A. McNeil, Brook Village, N.S., writes: "Last winter I was very thin and was fast losing flesh owing to the run down state of my system. I suffered from dyspepsia, loss of appetite and bad blood. I tried everything I could get but to no purpose. I finally started to use Burdock Blood Bitters, and from the first day I felt the good effects of my medicine and am strong and well again. I can eat anything now without any ill after effects. It gives me great pleasure to recommend Burdock Blood Bitters, for I feel it saved my life."

As an Oasis to the Weary Traveler, so is a Little Cup of

Blue Ribbon Tea

to the tired housekeeper. Refreshing, vitalizing.

BLACK, GREEN, MIXED—25c to \$1.00 a lb.—ALL GROCERS.

Get a Safe Refrigerator

In cheaply made refrigerators, articles of food absorb moisture and become contaminated and unsafe.

The "Ontario" Refrigerator is built on sanitary principles. Its improved construction insures a constant circulation of pure, dry air with minimum ice consumption. There are no open joints to catch dirt, and every part can be removed for cleaning. It will last twice as long as a cheap refrigerator and soon save enough ice to pay for itself.

The Ontario Furniture Co.,
228-230 DUNDAS STREET

"THE TOAST OF THE TOWN" IS

TRISCO

The shredded whole wheat wafer, MADE IN CANADA, of the choicest Ontario wheat, makes the white flour cracker look sickly and pale. A natural remedy for constipation and indigestion. Try it toasted with butter.

Send for the "Vital Question Cook Book," postpaid. CANADIAN SHREDDED WHEAT CO., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont. Toronto Office, 32 Church Street.

Ocean Steamship Tickets

White Star Line—New York, Boston and Mediterranean services. Leyland Line—Boston-Liverpool.

E. De la Hooke, Sole Agent.

American Line—New York and Philadelphia services. Atlantic Transport Line—New York-London. Dominion Line—Portland-Liverpool in winter; Montreal-Quebec-Liverpool in summer.

Red Star Line—New York-Dover-Antwerp. Sailing lists, rate sheets, etc., on application to

E. De la Hooke or W. Fulton, LOCAL AGENTS.

QUEBEC STEAMSHIP CO., Ltd

River and Gulf of St. Lawrence

Summer Cruises in Cool Latitudes. The well and favorably known S. S. Campana, 1,200 tons, lighted with electricity and having all comforts, leaves Montreal on Monday at 1 p.m., 4th and 20th June, 2nd, 16th and 20th July, 13th and 27th August, 10th and 24th September. For Pilot, N. S., calling at Quebec, Capetown, Port Natal, Cape Town, Grand River, Summerville and Charlottetown, P. E. I.

Bermuda--- Summer excursions, \$30 and upwards, by the new twin-screw S. S. Bermuda, 5,500 tons. Sailings from New York fortnightly, from 6th, 13th, 21st November. Cooled by sea breezes, temperature seldom rises above 80°. The finest trips of the season for health and comfort.

ARTHUR AHERN, Secretary, Quebec. For tickets and waterways apply to E. DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, ticket agents, London, Ontario. ywt

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS To Liverpool

Victorian.....June 21, July 19
Ionian.....May 31, May 21, July 23
Virginia.....June 1, July 5
Tunisian.....June 14, July 18
Numidian.....June 18, July 18
and weekly thereafter.

To Glasgow
Pretorian.....June 6, July 11
Mongolian.....June 20, July 25
For rates and particulars apply to E. DE LA HOOKE or W. FULTON, local agents. tyw

Northern Navigation Company

Home-seekers' Excursions to Northwest, on Steamer Sarnia, June 4 and 20.

FARES TO
Battleford, Sask., and return.....\$39.00
Brandon, Man., and return.....35.50
Calgary, Alta., and return.....40.50
Edmonton, Alta., and return.....42.50
Moose Jaw, Sask., and return.....36.00
Regina, Sask., and return.....35.75
Sarnia, Ont., and return.....32.00
Winnipeg, Man., and return.....32.00

Rates include steamer berth in second class quarters, to limit of steamer's capacity. Meals, 60c each. Steamers leave Sarnia for Port Arthur and Duluth, May 30, June 1, 4, 8, 11, 12, 15, then every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

For Manitoulin Island, Soo and way ports—Leave Collingwood, 1:30 p.m.; Owen Sound, 11 p.m., Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. For Parry Sound, Byng Inlet and French River—Leave Collingwood, 8 a.m.; Penelag, 2 p.m., Monday and Thursday, via inside route.

Full information and tickets from E. DE LA HOOKE, city ticket agent, G. T. R. E. RUSE, station ticket agent, G. T. R. H. H. GILDERLEEVE, manager, C. H. NICHOLSON, traffic manager, Sarnia, Ont. zkw

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIPS OF THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. ROYAL MAIL SERVICE

—FINEST AND FASTEST—

"EMPRESSES"

Montreal, Quebec and Liverpool. June 14, Thursday.....Lake Manitoba
June 23, Saturday.....Empress of Britain
and weekly thereafter.
Montreal to London Direct.
June 17-Lake Michigan (third class).....\$25.50
July 1-Montrose (one class).....\$40.00 ywt

A GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

(Corrected to date.)
MAIN LINE—SARNIA TUNNEL TO SUSPENSION BRIDGE AND TORONTO.

Arrive from the east—4 a.m., 10:45 a.m., 11 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 6:35 p.m., 7:45 p.m., 10 p.m.
Arrive from the west—12:15 a.m., 3:30 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 1:25 p.m., 4:10 p.m., 6:25 p.m.

Depart for the east—12:20 a.m., 3:25 a.m., 8:10 a.m., 11:20 a.m., 2:05 p.m., 4:25 p.m., 6:55 p.m. (Eastern Flyer). The trains leaving at 8:10 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations. The 8:10 a.m. local, and the 11:20 a.m. and 4:25 p.m. expresses have through coach stops only at Ingersoll, Woodstock, Brantford and Hamilton, and go to Toronto.

Depart for the west—4:15 a.m., 7:40 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 11:32 a.m., 1:55 p.m., 8 p.m.

The 7:40 a.m. and the 1:55 p.m. trains stop at all stations. The 4:15 a.m., 11:32 a.m. and 8 p.m. expresses run through to Chicago without change (Eastern Flyer). The trains leaving at 8:10 a.m. and 2:05 p.m. stop at all stations. The 8:10 a.m. local, and the 11:20 a.m. and 4:25 p.m. expresses have through coach stops only at Ingersoll, Woodstock, Brantford and Hamilton, and go to Toronto.

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SNAP-SHOTS AT VARIOUS SPORTS

Toronto and Montreal are having a thrilling race for the cellar championship. Both teams would have done better if they had captured an orphan's home, instead of robbing an aged persons' home.

Neither the "Spuds" nor the Giants can get any lead in the National League. If the other teams do not put it over McGraw's bunch before Donlin and Mathewson get back, there will be nothing doing.

There is great woe in Hamilton since it was discovered that the "racing" game was crooked. Conkle's confessions rank in the same class as those made by one Joe Gans, and make racy reading.

Prospects are none too bright in Hamilton for the bookmakers. With Sherring's blow-out and the "racing" bunco game, there is not enough money left in Blufftown to buy three long ones with collars on.

The horses in the stables of Dan McEwen and Pete Sellers are all well along in their work. Some very good time has been made, several of them putting in miles less than 2:30.

George McCartney drove Golden Text in splendid style in that hair-raising third heat.

W. E. Robinson has a nice pair of "pastors" in Sidney Pointer and Pearl Carter. They were well handled yesterday.

A Newark ball player has had his eyes treated. Toronto papers please copy.

One bookmaker claims that he has lost \$10,000. He must have been playing the other books.

They say that the parade of the bookies before the judge's stand was very imposing. P. M. Denison will give them their positions next week.

Minnie Adams, the champion western filly, is named after Owner Cook's sister-in-law. Mr. Cook paid \$150 for the filly as a yearling. He also purchased about the same time another yearling filly, and named it Mamie Adams, after another sister-in-law. In their trials Mamie Adams proved to be the better filly, and Minnie Adams was offered for sale at \$800. Mr. Gray, who has a string at the Woodbine, has a chance to get the champion at this figure.

A fellow named Mack, a beau, Took a heavyweight girl for a rear. So hard worked young Mack That he strained his poor back. Both arms, his right side, and one tear.

"Life is a quest," says a Chicago preacher. In other words, it is seeking a good thing, that does not come off.

A New York woman has a diamond in her appendix. Before next Woodbine meet, we would advise the bookie-breakers to purchase diamonds and then swallow them. The appendix will hold them all.

Ye shades of Moore!— Though off the preacher sought me, The cash I lost in betting, The books always caught me. In worrying and fretting, I lost my cash, The tout that lies, In bets so rash, My patience tries, No gain they ever brought me. 'Tis really most upsetting. —Telegram.

Owen Sound Sun: An invitation has been extended by the Owen Sound Bowling Club to the London Club to send as many rinks as possible to Owen Sound with the excursion which will be run to this point from Inglewood next Thursday. Preparations are being made for a big day on the green. It is expected that the schedule for the local championship trophy will be begun this week.

It is estimated that the Hamilton public spent over \$3,000 in buying tickets for wrestling matches last year. Just how many matches were on the square, only the contestants can tell.

The wrestling game has been killed in this city. It was considered a gold mine at the beginning of the season, when it was being promoted by men who were in the game for the love of the sport, as well as for the long green. Later, however, the matches have been run in a careless manner, and it is about time the lid was nailed on the coffin. When the wrestlers start to toast about giving each other the double cross, the public should have little trouble in guessing how straight the matches were.

If a grappler will flummox a fellow-grappler, where does the public figure? Simply as a bunch of suckers who furnish the mat artists with a little easy money.

It is a queer law that prevents two men from displaying their fistie abilities and allows acknowledged wrestling crooks to practically pick the pockets of the spectators. But the people seem slow in getting wise.—Hamilton Herald.

PATSY DONOVAN MAY NEVER PLAY AGAIN

Pittsburg, May 30.—Pat Donovan may never get into the limelight again as a player. The clever and popular manager of the Brooklins is thinking seriously of presenting the bats with which he made averages, the shoes that assisted him in stealing bases, and the glove that captured many an unexpected fly, to some museum where heroes' implements of conquest are exhibited.

"I have broken into just one game this year," remarked Donovan at a fanning bee yesterday, "and that was over in St. Louis. I went in to run for Bill Bergen, and I was on the third on one play, slid into the plate on an infield grounder, lost about six inches of skin where it was doing a lot of good—and then suffered the humiliation of being called out by an umpire who said I had committed an error. I was so humiliated that I went to the hospital. Of course, that little experience did not decide me in the matter of not playing again."

"When I went south with the team in the spring I was given to understand that I had carte blanche to arrange my men as I saw fit. After a short time it was plain to me that I could get better results by remaining on the bench and allowing these youngsters to cavort around in the outfield."

"I still believe that my judgment was correct, and so, unless the unforeseen happens, I'll not get nearer a game in the future than wearing a uniform on the coaching lines. The strenuous days of an active participant in the game are about gone for me."

Derby Winners Since 1890.

Year.	Winner.	Jockey.	Time.
1891—Champion	Sir Jas. Miller	J. Watts	2:49 4-5
1892—Sainjain	Sir P. Johnston	Banett	2:56 4-5
1893—Sir Hugo	Lord Bradford	Alsopp	2:44
1894—Ladass	H. McCalmont	T. Loates	2:45 4-5
1895—Sir Vesto	Lord Rosebery	J. Watts	2:43 2-5
1896—Perthammon	Prince of Wales	J. Watts	2:42
1897—Jedidah	Mr. Gubbins	C. Wood	2:44
1898—Flying Fox	Duke of Westminster	M. Cannon	2:42 2-5
1899—Diamond Jubilee	Princes of Wales	H. Jones	2:42
1900—Volodyovski	J. Gubbins	J. H. Martin	2:42 1-5
1901—Ard Patrick	Sir J. Miller	Maher	2:42 4-5
1902—Rock Sand	L. De Rothschild	K. Cannon	2:43 4-5
1903—St. Amant	Lord Rosebery	Maher	2:43 2-5
1904—Cicero	Sir Tatton Sykes	Maher	2:43
1905—Spearmint	Sir Tatton Sykes	Maher	2:43

OLD-TIME RIVALS AT MATINEE; CLIPPER WINS STRAIGHT HEATS

Dr. Wood's Horse Gets Best of Johnnie K.—Good Race in Class B.

The first matinee of the Amateur Road Drivers' Association was a decided success from every standpoint. The racing was good, and the crowd large, considering the cool day. The track was fairly fast, and the time made was good.

The first class brought together the two old-time rivals, Clipper and Johnnie K. This pair furnished a horse race. Both paced true the first heat, and Clipper won in the good time of 1:08 1/2.

In the second heat, they went away like a team, and traveled the first quarter at a fast clip. The quarter pole was made in 33 seconds, but Johnnie K. broke, and Clipper won hands down in 1:10.

Class B was quite a horse race. Sidney Pointer is rounding into shape, and did much better than last week. Golden Text was very unsteady the first heat, and Sidney Pointer was given the heat in slow time. Golden Text and Pointer started out broke in the second heat. He Pointer broke in the back stretch. He in the lead, and could not be beaten. The third heat was a race from wire to wire. Both were steady, and seen-

awed until they turned into the stretch. Golden Text broke, but steadily quickly, and in a driving finish won by a neck in the good time of 1:10.

The next class went three heats also. W. E. Robinson's good mare Pearl Carter, getting the decision. Bobbie L. and Barney H. were unsteady, and left their feet at critical moments. Pearl Carter paced steady and true.

In Class D, Dr. Jack won in straight heats. He was as steady as clockwork. Perfection has lots of speed but was liable to balloon any time.

Mr. R. Wood was starter, and Mr. Norman McLeod was judge. Both performed their duties in a most satisfactory manner. The summaries:

Class A—Clipper, Dr. Fred L. Wood 1 1 Johnnie K., Geo. G. McCormick 2 2 Time—1:08 1/2, 1:10.

Class B—Golden Text, James McCartney 2 1 Sidney Pointer, W. E. Robinson 1 2 Time—1:18, 1:11, 1:10.

Class C—Pearl Carter, W. E. Robinson 2 1 Dr. Fred L. Wood 1 3 Barney H., Dr. Hughson 3 2 Time—1:16 1/2, 1:19, 1:16 1/2.

Class D—Dr. Jack, Drs. Tennant & Barnes 1 1 Perfection, G. Barnes 2 2 Time—1:22, 1:18.

Class E—First race, Lansdowne purse, for 2-year-olds, foaled in Canada, 4 1/2 furlongs—Glimmer, 121 (Romanelli), 1 to 6; Half Cast, 115 (Foley), 20 to 1; 2, 3; 1:16 (Austin), 5 to 1, 3. Time, 1:07.

Second race, Gimcrack purse, selling, for 4-year-olds and up, beaten at this meeting, 5 1/2 furlongs—Bert Osa, 55 (Farrow), 5 to 1; 2, 3; 1:16 (Austin), 5 to 1; 3. Time, 1:07.

Third race, Beaufort purse, for 3-year-olds and up, 1 1/2 miles, non-winners at this meeting—Dishabille, 107 (Kispar), 4 to 5; 1, 2; 1:07. Lady Stranzenz, 112 (Gibson), 10 to 1; 3. Time, 1:07.

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previous wins were on Rocksand and Cicero. Maher is a great favorite in England, and he received an ovation on returning to the scale.

King Edward's entry, Null Secundus, made a poor showing.

Derby Day was favored with ideal weather today and the dusty road from London to Epsom never carried a greater crowd, while the railroads, although they ran scores of specials, were unable to accommodate all the Epsom-bound people.

The contrasts and cosmopolitanism of the throngs composing the road-borne traffic were as marked as ever. The general din of the bugles, cornets, harps, concertinas, violins and mouth-organs, was added to the rattle and throb of motors.

The throngs of the throngs were getting to be a nuisance to the drivers of the motor-cars, who were getting to be a nuisance to the drivers of the motor-cars, who were getting to be a nuisance to the drivers of the motor-cars.

King Edward and a party of friends came down by special train in time for the first race.

The crowd at the course was believed to be a record one.

The May handicap match of the London Golf Club resulted in a tie, J. Parnell-Morris and Fred S. Fisher finishing with a net score of 100. The tie must be played off not later than Saturday, if possible. The new greenkeeper is doing splendid work, and the greens and course are in good shape for play.

The Whitney entry, Burgomaster and Pegasus, were always favorite. Opening at 1 to 2 they were pounded down to 2 to 5. Accountant was heavily played for the place, closing at 9 to 10.

The day was ideal for racing and between 45,000 and 50,000 persons were present.

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CONDENSED LOCAL NEWS

—Sir John Carling was a guest at the Queen's Hotel, Toronto, yesterday.

—Manager Bennett, of Bennett's theatrical enterprises, has returned home after a three weeks' business trip to Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, and Toronto.

—Next Sunday, Miss Sweetman, of Toronto, will conduct the services on the Birr circuit; Wesley in the morning; Birr in the afternoon, and Elderton in the evening.

—In the Toronto police court yesterday, Amos Smart pleaded not guilty to a charge of stealing \$45.00 from the London Life Assurance Company and was remanded for a week. He was allowed out on bail in one surety of \$500.

—The steamer Cuba cleared yesterday from Port Stanley for Windsor after unloading 300 tons of freight for London's wholesale merchants. Large quantities of huge logs are being loaded on cars at the Port for London.

—The funeral of the late Wm. Burdip, the Grand Trunk engineer, of St. Thomas, who was burned to death in the fire following the "Frisco" earthquake, was held at St. Thomas this afternoon. The remains for some years were found in the ruins of one of the hotels and they were forwarded to St. Thomas in an urn.

MAY'S BUILDING PERMITS.

There were nineteen building permits issued in this city during May. It is probable that permits were not secured for more than one-fifth of the buildings commenced during the month. The present scheme is simply a farce.

FIREMEN HAD FOURTEEN RUNS.

The firemen responded to fourteen alarms during the month of May. Of these nine were for fires, two were test runs, one was a chimney fire, and two were false alarms. Eight were box alarms, three came by phone, and three were verbal. The losses during the month were not heavy.

PINCHED IN TORONTO.

William Winslow, a young man, with a local police record, was arrested in Toronto recently on a charge of pickpocketing. He was called Tiffin, as operating during the races. Winslow was caught. The Toronto police have written to Chief Williams for Winslow's record. A couple of photos of Winslow were sent along, and there was no mistaking the man.

COMPLIMENT TO MR. TIFIN.

The Grand Trunk's new terminal port and elevator, situated half a mile from Midland, was called Tiffin, as an enduring memorial to Mr. W. R. Tiffin, the company's superintendent at Allandale. The elevator will be called Aberdeen. Mr. Tiffin is one of the oldest officials in the Grand Trunk service, and is recognized as a thorough railwayman. General manager of the city.

CARADOC SCHOOL.

Following is the report of the May examinations in S. S. No. 13, Caradoc. The names appear in order of standing in the classes: Class V.—Maude McGregor, Carl George, Class IV.—Earl Cobban, Class III.—Lillian George, Mary MacLachlin, Walter Matthews, Roy MacLachlin, Edna Pauls, Class II.—Ethel Cobban, Johnnie Verner, Willie Chambers, Jessie MacLachlin, Part II.—Alma Pauls, Ada Lewis.

RECIAT AT CONSERVATORY.

The following piano pupils of Miss Bessie Moore gave a recital at the Conservatory Hall, last evening, which was much enjoyed by all present. Misses Madeline Simpson, Constance Weid, Vera Martin, Helen Pauls, Ruth Young, Helen Pope, Winifred Stevens, Lottie Hayman, Norah Moore, Jean Macfie, Eulalie Young, Doris Yarker, Barbara Brown, Helen Weid and Master Reginald English. Miss Rosella Phillips, a vocal pupil of Miss Katherine Moore, very ably assisted. She has a clear soprano voice and sings with splendid expression.

HIGHEST BID \$9,700

Property of Late George Burns Offered at Auction and Withdrawn.

The residence of the late George Burns, collector of customs, corner of Park and Dufferin avenues, was offered for sale by Mr. J. W. Jones, auctioneer, last afternoon.

The opening bid was \$5,000, but bids advanced at leaps of \$500 until \$9,500 was reached. Mr. John McNeen offered \$9,600, and Mr. W. G. Coles raised this to \$9,700.

There were no higher bids and the property was withdrawn from the block.

The property overlooks Victoria Park, and is considered one of the best residential sites in the city.

COULDN'T SEE THE JOKE

Unbitter Didn't Like Water Passed to Him, and Trampled Joke.

Arthur Sheldrake was in the bar-room of the Westman House yesterday, when Archibald McKinnon came in and asked for a drink, but was refused, because he had no money. Sheldrake, just as the joke passed a glass of water over to McKinnon, saying: "Here take this. I never refuse any man a drink." McKinnon did not see the joke, and said he could whip Sheldrake, if he would come outside. Sheldrake was not ready to fight, and did not go out until McKinnon had gone. No sooner had Sheldrake left the hotel than he was attacked by McKinnon, who handled him roughly. Fortunately, a policeman arrived on the scene, and took charge of the pair. When they appeared in the dock this morning, all the evidence went to show that McKinnon was to blame for the trouble, and, as he admitted that he had taken about fifteen drinks—some whiskies and some beers, according to the severity of his thirst—he was fined \$5 and costs or 21 days.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Cresoline Tablets, ten cents per box. All druggists.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

LOST THIS MORNING, ON YORK, King or Dundas, east of Richmond, pearl, gold brooch, amethyst in center. Reward if returned to London Advertiser.

VISIT OF EARL GREY TO LONDON

Continued from Page One.

Quebec street to Queen's Park. Through Queen's Park to King street. King street to Rectory street. Rectory street to Hamilton road. Hamilton road to William street. William street to Simcoe street. Simcoe street to Colborne street. Colborne street to South street. South street to Waterloo street. Waterloo street to Hill street. Hill street to Wellington street. Wellington street to Grand avenue. Grand avenue to Ridout street south. Ridout street south to Elmwood avenue. Elmwood avenue to Edward street. Edward street to Bruce street. Bruce street to Cynthia street. Cynthia street to Byron avenue. Byron avenue to Wharncliffe road. Wharncliffe road to Becher street. Becher street to Talbot street. Talbot street to Central avenue. Central avenue to Waterloo street. Waterloo street to Piccadilly street. Piccadilly street to Wellington street. Wellington street to Grosvenor street. Grosvenor street to Richmond street. Richmond street to the Hunt Club.

Order of the Carriages.

The order of precedence of the carriages will be as follows:

No. 1—His Excellency, Mayor Judd. Hon. C. S. Hyman and Hon. Adam Beck.

No. 2—Lady Sybil, Miss Howard, Mrs. (Mayor) Judd, and Mrs. (Senator) Coffey.

No. 3—Col. Peters, Col. Little, and two aides.

No. 4—Senator Coffey, Senator Carling, Judge Macbeth and Judge Elliott.

No. 5—No. 1 committee of the city council.

No. 6—No. 2 committee of the city council.

No. 7—No. 3 committee of the city council.

No. 8—City Clerk Baker, City Treasurer, Police, Chairman, Darch, of the water commission, and Chairman English, of the board of health.

No. 9—Col. McDougall, Col. Smith, Major Cronyn and Major Laybourn.

No. 10—Chairman Secration, of the hospital trust, Chairman Strong, of the board of education; Chairman Hazard, of the Public Library board, and Chairman McPhillips, of the separate school board.

No. 11—Messrs. George C. Gibbons, T. H. Smallman, J. C. Duffield and C. B. Hunt.

No. 12—City Solicitor Meredith, Police Magistrate Love, Sheriff Cameron and Arthur W. White, president of the city of trade.

Manager King, of the London street railway, kindly offered the use of a car for a trip to Springbank, but time would not allow of his excellency going down to the river park.

Address at City Hall.

The city hall will be elaborately decorated for the reception. So far no private decorations of business places or private residences have been made the appearance, but it is thought that the publication of the route of the vehicles will stimulate the citizens to decorate in honor of the distinguished visitor.

At the city hall an address will be presented to his excellency, and the presentation of the city flag will follow. The committee meets again at 8 o'clock tonight to perfect the arrangements.

MANY WANT TO JOIN

Sixty Applicants for Membership in the Seventh Band.

The Seventh Band is already settled down to real hard work under the new bandmaster, Mr. Skutter, and it is expected that it will show a marked improvement when it goes to Ottawa to spend Dominion Day.

Applicants for membership in the band have been presenting themselves at every practice, and the result is that Mr. Skutter has an endless amount of material to choose from. Over 60 and mostly young men are seeking admission—if the rush has been so great that further applications will not be received for the present.

Mr. Skutter's object is to give every bandman a thorough training and make it worth while his while belonging to the organization.

ONE LONE RUSSIAN

Japanese Merchants Rapidly Supplanting Muscovites in Manchuria.

Washington, May 31.—The rapidity with which Japanese have supplanted not only Russian soldiers but merchants of that nationality in Manchuria as a result of the late war is clearly exhibited by the report of the commissioner of customs at Nieu Chwang, the new principal port of the provinces. He states that in 1895 the total number of foreigners residing there was 222, of whom 11 were Japanese, with no Russians; in 1900 the number of foreigners was 1,354, of whom 35 were Japanese and 1,319 Russians, while in 1905, after the war, the number of foreigners was 7,659, of whom 7,408 were Japanese and only one Russian.

HERE'S A NEW RECORD.

Montreal, May 31.—The Allan Line steamship Virginian arrived at Rimouski and landed mail at 8 o'clock this morning. The time from Montreal was 5 days, 22 hours and 40 minutes, beating the best previous record eight hours.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over THIRTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEething, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS THE GUMS, ALLAYS ALL PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHEA. Sold in druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's."

BOMB THROWN AT ROYAL COUPLE

Unsuccessful Attempt Made to Assassinate Alfonso and Ena Today.

London, May 31, 7:02 p.m.—A dispatch to a news agency from Madrid says that a bomb was thrown at King Alfonso and Queen Victoria this afternoon, and that both escaped unhurt.

London, May 31, 7:11 p.m.—The news agency dispatch adds that an enquiry was wounded, and that a child and two horses were killed by the explosion. A 14-year-old boy was arrested.

It is further stated that the king and queen behaved with the greatest calmness, and that after the delay caused by the concussion, they proceeded to the palace.

IS AN EMPIRE OF SNOBBERY

A Celebrated Philosopher Shocks Brevy of English Society Ladies.

London, May 31.—Patriotic Britons proudly ascribe the construction of their great empire to inherent racial qualities which embrace courage, love of adventure and travel, enterprise, and a superiority over other nations in the art of colonization.

It will come as a positive shock to them, therefore, to learn that the real influence in the acquirement of the country's power and possessions has been snobbery. That, at least, is the theory of Dr. Reich, who resumed his lectures on the philosophy of Plato before a large body of society ladies at Claridge's Hotel yesterday afternoon.

Dealing with the subject of the state and the individual from the Platonic point of view, Dr. Reich made this astonishing statement: "Snobbism is the greatest British Empire." His fair auditors gaped with amazement, and some of them looked indignant.

Dr. Reich went into explanations. "This is a country where labor is despised," he said. "You know you do that." He continued, shaking his head at his negative assembly. "You sometimes say you are a nation of snobs, but I do not believe that."

"You have, however, a thorough disdain of manual labor, trade and commerce, and Plato says that when people do not touch such things they have great power, because they devote themselves to the high pursuits of the state."

"Look at British history from the time of the Norman conquest to the present day, and you find that it is the history of a few families who have made that history. England has been made by gentlemen. Some of you think it has been made by the middle classes. Not in the least. Gentlemen and gentlemen's sons have been the predominant influence."

"Trademen and artisans might be replaced by machines, as so many of them have been replaced in the present day, but the people who are prepared to die for their country in wars, who devote themselves to politics and colonization, who are the real power of a nation, are the real power of a nation."

A daring suggestion on the system of government of the empire was also put forward by Dr. Reich. "Your Prime Minister is the unwelcome king of the country," he said. "He does what he likes, especially if he is a great man by his character or deeds."

"Your judges, too, make laws by themselves. They say they go by precedent, but their rulings are the law. The lord chief justice, for instance, says: 'This is the law,' and it is so because he says it is. Your two consuls in Africa and the viceroy of India invariably do exactly as they like in the same way."

Dr. Reich had still another hit in store for British pride. He described the conditions he had elucidated as being in accordance with the doctrine of Plato, and said that the absence of written law also prevailed in the Roman Empire.

"With all due deference," he added, "with a twinkle in his eye, 'that empire was the greatest the world has ever seen. Its possessions were all peopled by whites. There were no colored races in the Roman Empire.' Dr. Reich said this. History tells us, however, that Dr. Reich is superior in some instances to mere dry-as-dust fact."

CASTORIA For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Gifford*

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Gifford*

Members of the new House of Commons have started a prayer meeting. It is held on Tuesday afternoon, in one of the committee rooms.

DO NOT DELAY. When, through debilitated digestive organs, poison finds its way into the blood, the prime consideration is to get the poison out as rapidly and as thoroughly as possible. Delay may mean disaster. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are a most valuable and effective medicine to assault the intruder with. They never fail. They go at once to the seat of the trouble and work a permanent cure.

PURCHASER OF ORIGINAL "JUMBO"

Stories of Showman Bailey—How He Came to Join Forces With Barnum.

New York, May 30.—The few old circus men who were told of the death of James A. Bailey in whispers before the performance in New York the evening he died showed a good deal of feeling. One of the old clowns broke down completely and only stopped sobbing when the bell rang and he had to run into the ring to make the people laugh.

Mr. Bailey was born in Detroit in 1847. He was one of four brothers who were left orphans as children. His father left an estate of \$20,000, but the youngster had to go to work. He hired out to a farmer for \$2 25 a month. The farmer beat him every time he paid him off, so he got a job as a bellboy in a hotel at Pontiac.

One summer day a little one-ring circus owned by Robinson & Lake came to Pontiac. The lad went to see it. Like all boys, he was captivated by the glamor of the thing. He saw the read and gilt wagon, the elephant, the clown, and what not, and decided then and there that his future would be in the circus.

To his wife Nellie, Bailey, general manager of the show, who took a liking to the boy and employed him. Shortly afterwards Robinson died. James Cooper, another circus man, who had heard of Bailey, sent for him. It wasn't long before Bailey, then 21 years old, had an interest in the Cooper show and was its practical manager.

Bailey, with characteristic enterprise and spectacular finish for his act, had started a two-ring show and was fighting Barnum at every point. Barnum felt his foe. Bailey would go into Bridgeport, Barnum's home town, and take in \$2 where Barnum had taken in \$1. Barnum wisely concluded that Bailey had better be sought, so he made a proposal to have the two shows combined under the name of Barnum & Bailey. This was done and Barnum and Bailey became equal owners. And what a partnership it was!

One day Bailey selected Joseph Lee Warner, a former member of Lansing, to go abroad and see what sort of a show he could find. He came back practically empty-handed. "What was the biggest thing you saw over on the other side?" asked Bailey.

"Well," answered Warner after long thought, "I think the greatest thing I saw was an elephant in the London Zoo."

"Go back and buy him," said Bailey. Warner went over and came back with the elephant, which was thereafter known all over the country as "Jumbo."

Jumbo was Jumbo this and Jumbo that, until every man, woman and child in the country had heard of him. His removal from London was made an international incident. Jumbo had become one of the sights of the British capital, and the made a big fuss when he departed. Bailey paid \$10,000 for him. The day in 1882 that Jumbo walked up Broadway and then across the Brooklyn bridge and back, thousands of people came out to see him. Everybody talked about Barnum's Jumbo. He was in reality Bailey's Jumbo, for Bailey had superintended the purchase. But he preferred to remain in the background.

He treated his animals as he treated his men. Mr. Bailey was never sold an old or worn-out animal. Either he gave it to a zoological garden or else kept it to the end of its days in the Bridgeport quarters. To abuse a horse was as much as a man's job was worth, and Mr. Bailey watched his horses like a hawk. All that was bought he selected himself, even the draught horses.

BRAZEN THIEF WAS THIS

Boy Stole Tail of Bronze Horse in New York.

New York, May 31.—With fly time coming on, the brazen theft of the tail of the bronze horse that was placed in 1885 by Mrs. E. A. Moulton above the drinking fountain on Broadway, between Sixty-fifth and Sixty-sixth street, caused genuine amazement yesterday to a passerby who had not been imbibing at the fountain.

Rushing to the West Sixty-eighth street station, he gave a detailed tale of the tallies Pegasus. Investigation by the police proved that the bronze tail had been unscrewed and borne away.

With an intuition born of deep knowledge of the neighborhood, Policeman Carmody hastened to Eleventh avenue. It was just before opening of the pawn shop, and the policeman saw three boys, one of whom was bearing a large paper wrapped parcel. Carmody grabbed the parcel and the bronze tail dropped to earth.

Later it was restored to the horse.

LAST HONORS TO ISBEN.

Christiania, May 31.—It has been arranged that the general public shall have an opportunity of honoring the late Henrik Isben this evening for the last time before his burial. During this period the catafalque will be guarded by a committee of the Association of Artists.

The funeral will be the occasion of the first rapprochement between Swedish and Norwegian since their recent political division of the two peoples. The Swedish representatives and learned officials will send representatives and floral offerings.

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the Arctic explorer, who has been appointed Norwegian ambassador to Great Britain, is a firm believer in women's rights. He and his wife are almost equally proficient in all that relates to athletics and the strenuous life. Apart from his fame as an explorer, Dr. Nansen is well known as a writer on scientific topics.

For the Sick Room

Ice Bags, Hot-Water Bottles, Sick Fevers, Air Cushions, Bed Pans, Syringes, Rubber Sheeting, Fever Thermometers, Medicine Glasses, Medicine Droppers, Lints and Cotton, Oiled Silk, Bandages, Antiseptic Gauzes. In fact anything in this line that is ever required.

Strong's Drug Store
184 Dundas St.

Apply any test you choose to Strong's Baking Powder. You'll find it pure and perfect. 25 cents a pound.

CONFESSED TO HIS DUAL LIFE

Well-Known Chicago Preacher Pleads Guilty to a Charge of Bigamy.

Chicago, May 31.—Almon Clarence Abel, formerly a prominent minister of the Methodist Church, pleaded guilty to a charge of bigamy in Judge Ben M. Smith's court yesterday, and was sentenced to an indefinite term in the state penitentiary. Abel was formerly pastor of the Hammond Avenue M. E. Church, and succeeded the Rev. Frank Crane as pastor of the Trinity M. E. Church.

To his wife Nellie, Abel was known as Clair Clayton. He was arrested on complaint of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Austin. Much secrecy was taken by the court at Abel's arrest, and an effort was made to suppress the facts concerning the case.

After Judge Smith pronounced sentence the former pastor said: "The rule is now complete. My personal sorrow over broken law and the injury and pain I have inflicted on others is so far beyond expression that I can only bow my head before my judges and welcome an opportunity for expiation."

The minister's first matrimonial venture occurred on Feb. 17, 1894, when he was married to Miss Katie Stone, Racine, Wis. They came to Chicago and he was made pastor of the Hammond Avenue church. Two years ago they separated when Abel's health became impaired and he was compelled to abandon his pastoral duties.

Later Abel obtained work as a bookkeeper, and his wife lived with friends. She was unable to discover the whereabouts of her husband. In August, 1895, Abel boarded at the home of Mrs. Belle Austin, No. 236 Michigan avenue. Miss Asenath B. Austin, daughter of the lady, ad Abel went to Juliet on Sept. 30, where they were married. Abel giving the name of Clair Clayton, under which he was known at the boarding-house. Later they returned to the home of Mrs. Austin.

Now, Abel, the minister's wife No. 1, is now said to be a sanatorium. Deserted by her husband, in August, 1895, arrest, it is said, have caused acute nervous prostration.

IMMENSE DAMAGE BY FLOOD.

Portland, Ore., May 31.—A dispatch from the Oregonian from Pendleton, Oregon, says that the damage in that little country from the floods of the past two days may reach one million dollars.

STRICKEN FROM THE ROLLS.

Toronto, Ont., May 31.—T. H. Lloyd, a well-known lawyer, who is now serving eight months in the Central Jail for embezzling the funds of his clients was this morning declared unworthy to be a member of the Law Society of Upper Canada, and his name has been stricken from the rolls. This will prevent Lloyd from ever practicing again.

CLANDEBOYE.

Clandeboye, May 30.—Mr. Pigot, of Clandeboye, recently spent a few days with relatives in this vicinity.

His wife, Mrs. Clandeboye, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Cunningham, in this place.

Mr. James Walstell, of London, is visiting old friends here.

Mr. John Charles, who spent the past week with friends in the village, has returned to her home in Belmont.

Mr. Sutton, of Clandeboye, spent Tuesday with friends in London, and is visiting old friends in this neighborhood.

Mrs. Taylor, of Parkhill, has been here this week visiting her mother, Mrs. Hodgins.

Mr. Collins, of Charlotte, Mehl, spent several days here this week.

To take the census of the British Empire is a matter of difficulty in certain districts. A native official was ordered to take a census of what was known to be a populous port in Uganda. He returned with the report that there was no population, the explanation being that the inhabitants had fled on hearing of his approach. More precise instructions were given to him and he paid another visit to the village. The result of his inquiry was given thus in the tabulated form: Number of huts, 267; inhabitants, men over 18 years of age, 0; women under 18 years of age, 0; women, 0; children, 0; total, 0.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

EAST BUFFALO, May 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; fairly active and steady; prime steers, \$5.25 to \$5.75; shipping, \$4.50 to \$5.00; butchers, \$4.50 to \$5.25. Veals—Receipts, 250 head; active and steady; \$4.50 to \$5.00. Hogs—Receipts, 4,300 head; fairly active and about steady; mixed and heavy, \$6.75; Yorkers, \$6.75 to \$6.75; pigs, \$6.00 to \$6.75.

YOUR DOCTOR

We wish you would ask your doctor what he thinks of Vapo-Cresolene. He will say "It's certainly the best way of reaching the throat and lungs, this inhaling method." You see, it brings the medicine right in contact with the weak places. If it's asthma, bronchitis, whooping-cough, croup, or any such trouble, the Cresolene vapor touches every inflamed place. Relief is quickly certain.

Vapo-Cresolene sold by druggists, or sent express prepaid on receipt of price. A Vapo-Cresolene outfit including a bottle of Cresolene, complete \$1.00. Send for free illustrated booklet. Luzzini, Mills & Co., Ltd., Agents 488 St. James Street, Montreal, Can.

STOCK MARKETS.

H. C. Becker, stockbroker, next Free Press building, received the following by private wire from Bartlett, Frazier & Harrington today:

New York, May 31.—Noon.—Although the market continues to be very professional there has been somewhat brisker trading and slightly more outside interest. St. Paul has been quite strong in anticipation of the benefit of the new financing might bring to the stockholders. Illinois Central has also been strong with no particular news. Towards the Hill group of stocks all showed advancing tendency on rumors that Great Northern were preparing to dispose of its ore lands to the steel corporation. Commission houses continue to complain of a scarcity of business. Money ranged around 4 per cent.

NEW YORK.
Reported by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane, for The Advertiser.

Open.	Low.	High.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper.....	108 1/2	108 1/2	108 1/2
American Sugar Co.....	187 1/2	187 1/2	187 1/2
American Locomotive.....	60 1/2	60 1/2	60 1/2
American Foundry.....	41 1/2	41 1/2	41 1/2
American Refining Co.....	144 1/2	144 1/2	144 1/2
Atchafalpa.....	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Atchafalpa.....	103	103	103
Baltimore & Ohio.....	82 1/2	82 1/2	82 1/2
Brooklyn Transit.....	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
C. P. R.....	104 1/2	104 1/2	104 1/2
Ches. & Ohio.....	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Col. Fuel & Iron.....	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Erle.....	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Gen. S. & O.....	79 1/2	79 1/2	79 1/2
Illinois Central.....	178 1/2	178 1/2	178 1/2
Kansas City.....	178 1/2	178 1/2	178 1/2
Kansas & Texas, pfd.....	68 1/2	68 1/2	68 1/2
Louisville & Nash.....	147 1/2	147 1/2	147 1/2
Mexican Central.....	22 1/2	22 1/2	22 1/2
Missouri Pacific.....	94 1/2	94 1/2	94 1/2
New York Central.....	140 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2
Ontario & Western.....	140 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2
Pacific Mail & S. Co.....	89 1/2	89 1/2	89 1/2
Pendleton Bank.....	140 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2
Reading.....	140 1/2	140 1/2	140 1/2
Repub. Iron & Steel.....	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Rock Island.....	27 1/2	27 1/2	27 1/2
Southern Railway.....	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Southern Pacific.....	63 1/2	63 1/2	63 1/2
St. Paul.....	117 1/2	117 1/2	117 1/2
Texas.....	28 1/2	28 1/2	28 1/2
Tenn. Coal & Iron.....	155 1/2	155 1/2	155 1/2
Union Pacific.....	109 1/2	109 1/2	109 1/2
U. S. Steel.....	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
U. S. Steel.....	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
U. S. Steel.....	107 1/2	107 1/2	107 1/2
U. S. Steel.....	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2

TORONTO.
Toronto, May 3

