

4 O'clock London Advertiser. Two Cents

EDITION.

PER COPY.

WHOLE NO. 9149.

Anxiety for Albert Victor.

Serious Illness of the Queen's Grandson.

Reporters Shut Out from Sandringham Hall.

Late Bulletins Give No Hope of the Prince's Recovery.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Reports from Sandringham received at noon yesterday state that the Prince of Wales, who is suffering from a severe attack of influenza, has developed into a more serious type than is announced by the physicians in their statements for the information of the public. The Queen, who is at Sandringham, is deeply distressed at the illness of her grandson, and has ordered that information be immediately telegraphed to her of the change in the Duke's condition. It is considered highly probable, that, unless there is soon a change for the better, her Majesty will go to Sandringham.

REPORTERS SHUT OUT.
Inquiries have been made at Sandringham Hall to ascertain the actual condition of the Duke of Clarence, but all information beyond that contained in the bulletins is refused. Special precautions have now been taken to prevent reporters from approaching the hall, and the physicians issued by the Sandringham yesterday morning state that the inflammation of the lungs from which the Duke is suffering is pursuing its course. They add that his strength is well maintained, but that no improvement can be reported. This

GRAVE SYMPTOMS.
The physicians are taken to indicate that the condition of the Duke is less favorable than it has been lately.

GRAVE SYMPTOMS.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—Great apprehension is felt in all classes of society regarding the condition of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale. The attack of pneumonia from which he is suffering has developed into a very serious case, and the opinion is freely and openly expressed that the Duke will not recover. A bulletin issued from Sandringham Hall at 9:30 o'clock this morning states that the condition of the Duke is critical. The physicians in attendance upon the Duke have naturally sought to prevent the impression getting abroad that his Royal Highness was in any danger, and the bulletins hitherto posted have been somewhat optimistic in their wording. The news that they now acknowledge dangerous symptoms is taken by the general public to mean that they have given up hope. Of course the ground of this belief is very slight, but the fact cannot be denied that it generally prevails.

THE CROWD AT SANDRINGHAM HOUSE.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—An immense crowd is gathered about the gates of Marlborough House, the Prince of Wales' residence. As soon as the bulletins from Sandringham Hall are received they are pasted on the gates. The crowd is composed of people of all kinds and conditions, men, women, and children, and expressions of the deepest regret for the members of the royal family are heard. There is no use in denying the fact that the engagement of the Duke of Clarence and Avondale to Princess Victoria Mary of Teck has endeared him to the hearts of the English people, and particularly those of the working classes with whom Princess Mary has always been a favorite because of her kind and unassuming manner and her many charitable deeds.

INTENSE EXCITEMENT.
Many of the West End clubs are filled with groups of men, all of whom are engaged in a discussion of the Duke's condition and the possibilities that may arise should his death occur. The most intense excitement is shown in their words and actions, and it is readily seen what a widespread effect the death of the Duke would have. In the vicinity of Sandringham the excitement, though subdued to a certain extent by the nearness of the patient, is most intense. No one is allowed to enter the grounds save a privileged few, and no vehicles are permitted to pass along the roads in the vicinity.

LETTERS HELD OUT.
Everything that human skill and medical science can suggest is being done, but despite the knowledge that if human means can save the life of the Duke he will live, the words of the last bulletin are taken by the public to mean that the doctors have given up hope. The physicians, however, visited the parish church for the purpose of offering up prayers that the life of the Duke may be spared. The bulletins issued from Sandringham do not hold out any hope. The condition of the Duke is very serious, and there is no abatement in the grave symptoms that have developed. The condition of the Duke is the

SOLE TOPIC OF CONVERSATION
in clubs, hotels and every place where numbers of people congregate. The bulletins from Sandringham are also posted at the Mansion House, the official residence of the Lord Mayor of London, and here, too, an enormous crowd has congregated, waiting to learn the latest news from the bedside of the sick Prince.

A BASELESS RUMOR.
The rumor circulated on the Stock Exchange that the Duke was dead, was baseless. At 1 p.m. a bulletin posted at Marlborough House stated that there had been no change in the condition of the Duke. His pulse is 120 and his temperature 107.

STILL CONSCIOUS.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—3:30 p.m.—The latest intelligence from Sandringham shows that the Duke has not lost consciousness, or at least had not a short time ago.

THE VACANT PROFESSORSHIP AT VICTORIA.
TORONTO, Jan. 13.—The committee of the Board of Regents of Victoria University appointed to make arrangements for carrying on the work left unprovided for by the resignation of Professor G. C. Workman has decided to invite Dr. W. G. Workman to the vacant position. Dr. Workman's work between Dr. Burwash and Dr. Badgley, Mr. E. C. Huxley will relieve these professors of some of their lectures in order to give them time to take up Dr. Workman's classes.

AN AWFUL CATASTROPHE!

Over 400 Persons Find a Watery Grave.

By the Sinking of a Steamer—No Chance to Get Out of the Boats.

HONG KONG, Jan. 13.—The steamer Meifoo has arrived here, bringing intelligence of the loss of the steamer Nanchow off Cupid Point. The Nanchow's shaft broke, supposedly at the point where it emerges from the hull. This allowed the water to rush into the shaft hole and make its way to the engine-room, and thence into the fire-room. The steamer's fires were soon extinguished, and she filled rapidly and foundered.

The Nanchow was employed in trading locally in China seas, and she had on board a very large number of Chinese passengers. She sank so rapidly that it was impossible to launch her boats. When she went down she carried with her 414 persons, every one of whom was drowned.

The steamer was officered by Europeans, and her crew also consisted of sailors, firemen, etc., from different European countries. They stood to their posts to the last and did everything possible to save the vessel. All of them went down with the steamer.

IN ASHES.
SMITH'S FALLS, Ont., Jan. 13.—Fire yesterday did serious damage to Frost & Wood's foundry. The loss is covered by insurance.

OTTAWA, Jan. 13.—The carriage factory of E. Gauthier, St. Patrick's street, was burned yesterday. Loss estimated at \$4,000.

PORT STANLEY, Ont., Jan. 13.—The Masonic Hall was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The first floor was occupied by Weir & Balkwill, grocers, the second floor being occupied by St. Mark's Lodge of Freemasons. The building and contents were all destroyed. Insurance on building, \$1,500; on Weir & Balkwill's stock, \$2,000. The walls fell on a small building owned by John Manson, of Sand Beach, Mich., used as a barber shop, and wrecked it; insured for \$150. All insured in the Laneshire.

DELHI, Ont., Jan. 13.—Fire here yesterday caused the following losses: James Kemp, shop, dwelling and house furniture; A. Laur, shoes and tinware; James Whiteside, shop, occupied as jewelry store by B. Barker (Barker's goods saved); brick store owned and occupied by John Lamb; E. Kitchen, frame residence.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 13.—The extensive carpet house of J. B. Brady & Co. was burned this morning. The firm carried a stock worth \$300,000.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The St. Saviours flour mill on Tooley street was destroyed by fire yesterday. Two thousand eight hundred bags of flour were burned. Several firemen were injured.

CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 13.—The six story brick Power block, on the Viaduct, was totally destroyed by fire this morning. It was occupied by the Cleveland Electric Supply Company, the Chesapeake & Saginaw Lumber Company, and the National Iron Works. All suffered total loss, which amounts in the aggregate to \$140,000. The building was owned by F. N. York. All the firms carried insurance.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 13.—The fire that visited Rochester yesterday destroyed the large light building by Hiram Seibely on East Main street and seriously damaged the adjacent block, which belongs to the Sibley estate, and the Second Baptist Church. Loss over \$150,000.

IN DARKEST RUSSIA.
Sad Results of Recent Anti-Jewish Riots—Characteristic Utterances of Rev. Charles Spurgeon.

VIENNA, Jan. 13.—In the recent anti-Jewish riots in the Governments of Posen and Silesia, Russia, several hundred Jews were wounded, 90 houses were destroyed and 2,000 Jewish families were reduced to beggary. The police made no attempt to interfere with the rioters.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Mr. Spurgeon, referring to the work "Darkest Russia," writes: "If I had all the heart and strength that could fall to the lot of man, I should be quite unable to express my feelings on reading of Russian persecution of the Jews and dissenters. That such conduct should be sanctioned by a country bearing the name of Christianity is as bad as it is strange. The cause is greatly injured by its own country being guilty of such a crime. No country can trample upon Israel with impunity. Jehovah is patient, but as there was a day for Pharaoh, so is there a time for every oppressor."

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The Chronicle correspondent at St. Petersburg says: "Crime is becoming rampant in the towns as well as in the country. A peasant in a village in the Tula Government, incensed by the refusal of a tradesman to give him bread to save him from starving, drenched his rival's house with kerosene, and set fire to it at midnight, three women and seven children perishing in the flames."

GARZA'S BAND.
DEMING, N. M., Jan. 13.—A cowboy from Mexico brings a report that the revolutionists have captured Garza Grande, a town south of Asencion, after a hard fight in which several persons were killed. The revolutionists have added daily to their ranks and are strong in numbers.

A WELL-KNOWN HAMILTONIAN KILLED.
HAMILTON, Ont., Jan. 13.—Monday evening, while working on the propeller St. Magnus, A. M. Robertson, ship builder, fell through the open trap door into the hold of the propeller and broke his neck. Mr. Robertson was dead before his son John, who was working near by, could reach him. Deceased was owner of the propeller St. Magnus, and was well known in marine circles. He leaves a widow and grown-up family of two sons and two daughters.

THE RUSSIAN TREASURY IN A TIGHT PLACE.
PARIS, Jan. 13.—Large parcels of the Russian loan have been offered in the Coubert market from Paris financiers acting for the Russian treasury, but Consoliers have not responded. Inquiry showed that the Russian Finance Minister has been trying to dispose of the residue of the loan through the Paris agents. The first order to sell was obtained from several members of the official parquet, who feared that they were unable to execute the orders, and who then tried the Consoliers. The inference is that the Russian treasury, in spite of the pretensions that it had a hard reserve, is really in a tight place.

"Pay Laura Quickly."

A "Medium's" Message Ends a Will Case.

The Dead Millionaire Anderson Said to Have Advised His Son to Settle with the Sister.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—How much the disembodied spirit of old John Anderson, the millionaire, had to do with the settlement of the Anderson will case in the Supreme Court Monday, will probably never be fully known, and it is not likely that a spiritualistic medium of this city could make the details public. The case was brought to a close unexpectedly, and the startling eccentricities of the dead to a medium may not be rehearsed again for years; possibly there is peace for the Anderson heirs for all time.

Anderson's pleasure in stating to your Honors said Col. James, counsel for Mrs. Appleton, when Judge Patterson had taken his seat in the Supreme Court, "and to the gentleman of the jury, that since the last sitting of this court a settlement has been arrived at which is satisfactory and honorable to all concerned."

The New York Life Insurance Company, thanked judge and jury for their attention. Judge Patterson then dismissed the jury, who had been listening to the evidence in the case for three weary weeks, and the celebrated spirit of St. Mark's Appleton against the New York Life Insurance Company was stricken from the docket.

Although the insurance company was nominally the defendant, John Charles Anderson, son and chief beneficiary under the will, was more deeply interested in the suit, as the ultimate object of the litigation was to have the will declared void on account of the alleged insanity of the father. The company had been given a warranty deed of the Anderson interest in the Plaza Hotel property some years ago by John Charles Anderson, and he was compelled to defend the title.

When the millionaire's son sat nursing his guilty limb in his elegant home, No. 17 East Seventy-first street, on Sunday evening, a person called whom he recognized as a spiritualistic medium of rare power. As the son of the inventor of "uniflow" tobacco had drifted away from him, in fact, departed from the faith of his father, he was surprised at the presence of his visitor and astonished at his mission. The guest lost no time in stating that the spirit of old Anderson wished to communicate with his son. Puzzled as to what to do, and uneasy from the swiftness of the gony leg, the son gazed in blank astonishment, while the "medium" proceeded to give the details of how, when and where the father was to communicate with the son. Silently the preparation was made for the dead to communicate with the living.

Spreading a large silk handkerchief over the theater table, the medium drew from the folds of his cloak the long cedar sticks which fitted together in a little framework. There were some simple mechanical fittings which might be such as are used by a lithograph operator, something like a key, a hammer and a large coil of insulating wire led over the table to the floor. "Click, tick, tick," went the little instrument. "Click, click, click," the Morse characters were sounded. So the informant says.

"A message from your father," said the visitor, when a large light was drawn from the "instrument." "The jury is against you—J. A. was the brief communication. Others followed, one of which was, 'Pay Laura quickly.'"

How much effect these manifestations had upon the rich son can only be conjectured when it is known that he had been told the next day for a settlement of the pending case out of court. Some of the messages were long and contained information of a private nature and known only to the dead millionaire and his son.

Strangely enough, when a reporter interviewed the twelve jurors in the case, it was discovered that they were nearly all for the woman. She would undoubtedly have gotten a verdict. John Charles had carried out the injunction to "pay Laura."

An intimate friend of the family in East Seventy-first street, at whose home the spiritual telegraphy was held, declared that the "medium" had said "nothing in it." There were no manifestations of occult force, no psychical tests.

THE TANGIER TROUBLE.
TANGIER, Jan. 13.—Information has reached this city which is practically leagued on the Landward side by the natives who are in rebellion against the French. It is stated that the mountain tribes in Angora have demanded that the governor of the territory occupied by them be dismissed.

BRITAIN THE ARAB'S BEST FRIEND.
CAIRO, Jan. 13.—The Moabay, an Arab paper hitherto opposed to the English occupation of Egypt, now gratefully acknowledges that benefits have been derived from the occupation, and expresses the hope that it will be long continued. The paper admits that the presence of the English frustrated a foreign intrigue against the succession of Abbas Pasha, the consummation of which might have resulted in dangerous disorders.

CARDINAL MANNING SERIOUSLY ILL.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—Cardinal Manning, who was announced yesterday as suffering from a severe cold, has grown worse rapidly since the last bulletin issued last evening, and this morning his physicians declared without hesitation that his condition is very grave. The sacrament of the church has been administered to him. The cardinal is suffering from bronchitis and congestion of the lungs.

DEATH OF MURDERER PENCE'S WIDOW.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—The widow of the notorious burglar and murderer, Charles Pence, died on Saturday at Barnhill, close to Sheffield. She was 72 years of age. Although she was on several occasions a victim of Pence's brutality, she remained faithful to him during the years he eluded the police. She visited him under sentence of death, and it was through her that the first intimation crept out that Pence was preparing a statement acknowledging he was the man who shot Police Constable Cook whilst attempting to commit a burglary near Manchester, and for which a young man named Harbison had been sentenced to penal servitude for life.

Dress suits made first-class in every particular. HARRY LEXOX.

The Political Kaleidoscope.

Chapleau Anxious To Get Out of the Cabinet.

Speculations Regarding Further Changes in the Ministry.

Nominations in East Simcoe, South Ontario and Halton—More Revenue Officers to be Appointed.

CHAPLEAU MAY RESIGN.
An Associated Press dispatch says: "It is rumored that Hon. J. A. Chapleau, Secretary of State, will shortly resign owing to ill-health. Mr. Chapleau is again very seriously ill. He is confined to his bed by a renewal of the influenza and pneumonia, from which he has been suffering since Christmas, and is under the constant care of his physicians. Although forbidden to see any visitors, all of whom are refused access to the house, Mr. Chapleau still transacts business, and spent the greater part of the morning dictating to his secretary."

HON. GEORGE FOSTER, Minister of Finance, is indisposed.

BAGGART'S SUCCESSOR.
J. C. Patterson, ex-M.P. for Essex, arrived here yesterday morning and had a conference with Premier Abbott. It was pretty well understood in the leading conservative circles that he is to enter the Cabinet as Postmaster-General. He will have to be raised to the Senate or a seat found for him in the Commons.

CHAPLEAU'S PLANS.
It is reported that Mr. Chapleau has again requested Premier Abbott to accept his resignation. An intimate friend of the Secretary of State told me this morning that Chapleau will resign from the Ministry and sit as an independent member in Parliament. In this way, it is claimed, he will hold the balance of power.—(Ottawa correspondence Toronto World.)

NOTES.
Laval (Que.) election Feb. 1—nomination Jan. 25.

Hon. J. A. Oulmet and Hon. John Haggart have been sworn in for their new positions.

The Quebec Royal Commission met on Tuesday, organized, and adjourned until Monday, 18th inst.

The petition against the return of Mr. S. Burdett (Lib.) M. P. for East Hastings, has been dismissed.

By-elections for the Manitoba Legislature for South Winnipeg and Manitou take place to-day (Wednesday).

The writ for Laval, rendered vacant by Hon. J. A. Oulmet's acceptance of office, was issued yesterday afternoon.

At the Reform convention held in Orillia on Tuesday, Dr. Spohn, of Penetanguishene, was chosen to contest the by-election in East Simcoe.

South Ontario Conservatives have nominated Wm. Smith, who was defeated last March by James I. Davidson, for the House of Commons.

The Conservatives of Halton on Wednesday nominated D. Henderson, the unsentenced man, as their candidate in the election to be held on the 28th inst.

A. G. Jones and Dr. E. Farrell were on Tuesday nominated by the Liberals to contest Halifax for the vacant seats in the House of Commons. Stairs and Kenny, who were unseated, will probably be nominated by the Conservatives.

Mr. Hugh Ryan, a prominent Government contractor, was put up at the Rideau Club by the Hon. John Haggart and black-balled. Mr. Ryan's friends say he would have been elected if proposed by anyone else.

The change of policy in the Northwest Legislature in regard to the liquor question will necessitate a very great increase in the Dominion inland revenue staff, and provision will have to be made for brewery and distillery licenses, and for the appointment of supervisors, excisemen, etc., throughout the Northwest district, says Hon. John Costigan, Minister of Inland Revenue.

GRIP'S TWIN SISTER.
Influenza Caused 95 Deaths in Old London Last Week.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The number of deaths in London from influenza was 95 last week. This number exceeds the aggregate for each preceding week.

MACDONALD'S MEETING.
STRATFORD, Jan. 13.—The provincial convention of the Order of the Knights of the Oddfellow of this World was held in the Oddfellow's Hall here yesterday. There were 70 delegates present. Sir Kt. Provincial Commander Elijah Hodgins, Stratford, occupied the chair. The report of the provincial record keeper, Sir Kt. H. E. Trent, of Toronto, was a very satisfactory one. The membership in Ontario has now reached 2,000. The following officers were elected: Provincial commander, Sir Kt. Joseph Cairns, of Camanche; provincial past commander, Sir Kt. Elijah Hodgins, of Stratford; provincial lieutenant commander, Sir Kt. F. E. Titus, Presque Isle; provincial record keeper, Sir Kt. H. E. Trent, of Toronto; provincial finance keeper, Sir Kt. John G. Muir, Hamilton; provincial chaplain, Sir Kt. Rev. G. R. Beamish, Stratford; provincial physician, Sir Kt. Robert Gibson, Watford; provincial master-at-arms, Sir Kt. H. A. Coombs, Stony Creek; provincial secretary, Sir Kt. Alex. Gardiner, London; provincial picket, Sir Kt. R. Mackie, Hamilton; representatives to Fraternal Association, to be held in Toronto Jan. 14, Sir Kt. Trent, of Toronto, and Scott, of Hamilton. It was decided to meet in Toronto on the second Tuesday of April, 1893. After discussion the sense of the convention was declared to be that a great camp should be organized in the Province of Ontario as soon as practicable.

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.
Jan. 12. At. From.
Siberian.....Glasgow.....New York
Sicilian.....Liverpool.....Hamburg
Sicilian.....New York.....Hamburg
Jan. 13. From.
Furness.....Marseille.....New York
The Queen.....Liverpool.....New York
City of Paris.....Quebec.....New York

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Be a well man, a free man, a happy man by taking K. D. C.—the great restorative for all stomach diseases.

IS IT CRUELTY?

The Well Known Dehorning Case Comes Up Again.

Two New Defendants—J. H. Wilson, V.S., in the Box—The Effect of His Evidence is Decidedly Against the Practice.

The case of William York, of North Dorchester, charge by Detective Allen with cruelty to animals in dehorning a herd of about 30 cattle, was resumed at the court house this morning, having been started last Wednesday. Informations have been laid against Edward York, of Oxford, brother of William, and W. A. Elliot, of Oxford, son-in-law of Edward. They are charged with having taken part in the dehorning of the cattle. The evidence of C. S. Tamlin, V.S., had been read over for the benefit of E. R. Cameron, counsel for the defense, and after several mistakes made in taking it down had been rectified, work was commenced at 11:30 instead of at 10 o'clock.

The two new defendants admitted having cut off the horns, but did not plead guilty to the charge set down in the informations against them. Elliot did the cutting and Edward York assisted. The prosecution and defense agreed that all subsequent evidence should apply to all three of the defendants.

Crown Attorney Hutchinson submitted the following points for the consideration and guidance of the presiding magistrates, J. B. Smyth and R. F. Lacey:

First—Whether the horns of the cows referred to in said informations were cut off as alleged therein by, or by the orders, or with the aid of, said defendants or any of them.

Second—Whether the cutting of said horns cruelly tortured said cows in the manner it was done, close to their heads and without proper precautions taken to lessen the pain at the time and to protect the cows afterwards from the consequences of said cruelty.

Third—Whether there was any necessity for cutting off the horns of these particular cows.

Fourth—Whether cutting off their horns was any advantage to the cows.

Fifth—Whether it was of so much advantage to the public generally as to compensate for the suffering and torture endured by the cows.

Sixth—Whether there were any public disadvantages connected with cutting off the horns of milk cows especially which exceed in proportion any possible advantage.

James H. Wilson, V.S., of this city, was the first witness called. He had been practicing as a veterinary surgeon in London for about 24 years. He had heard the previous witness' evidence.

Q.—Have you had much experience with cattle during those 24 years? A.—Yes, quite a little. We treat a good many of them.

Q.—Do you agree in general with what Mr. Tamlin said? A.—Yes.

Q.—Would the cutting off of the horns close to the head as described cause intense pain? A.—Yes.

Q.—What would be the cause of the pain? A.—Cutting through the inner portion of the skin and the mucous membrane of the inner cavity of the horn.

Q.—Would extreme sensitiveness be greatest close to the head where the horns were cut off? A.—In my opinion that would be the most sensitive spot.

Q.—The further down the horn towards the consolidated part the less would be the pain? A.—I think so.

Q.—Would cutting through the consolidated part of the horn cause any pain? A.—Very little, if any.

Q.—Were the horns produced out off close to the head? A.—Yes.

Q.—What would be the effect on the health of the cow? A.—It would affect the air to get into the cavity of the horn, and the inflammatory action would be set up in the mucous membrane lining the cavity. It might also effect the brain. With proper care it could be partially guarded against. A proper cover or medicated plaster would tend to decrease the inflammation.

Q.—How long would this inflammation last? A.—It would be about a week. A.—Until the cavity had filled itself up by natural process.

Q.—What would be the effect of the inflammation on the general health of the cow? A.—It would be almost sure to derange the system to a greater or less degree.

Q.—Would it have any effect on the milk of the cow? A.—It might affect the secretion so that she would not yield as much milk.

Q.—While the fever continued would it affect the quality of the milk? A.—It is almost certain to affect it more or less.

Q.—If the milk was affected? Would it be wholesome to drink? A.—No.

Q.—Could the cutting off of the horns benefit the animal in any way? A.—No.

Q.—The advantage, if any there be, must be to the owner of the cows? A.—Yes.

COUGHS AND COLDS.

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hours after the dehorning there was no diminution in the amount of milk show that the inflammatory action had disappeared. A.—It would indicate that the system of the cow had resisted and overcome the inflammatory action if there had been any.

The evidence was not finished when the court adjourned.

A BROKEN RAIL

Caused the Indiana Disaster—Fatal Collision on the Lehigh Valley Railway.

CHAPFORDVILLE, Ind., Jan. 13.—The cause of the accident two miles north of this place on Monday afternoon, by which a Monon train was wrecked, two passengers killed and nearly all the other persons on the cars injured, was the breaking of a rail. The piece broken off was eight feet long. The locomotive and baggage car moved it out of position and escaped.

The mail and express car made a header down the steep hill which was fully 25 feet high and stopped right side up, resting on the Pulman chair car went over side-wise and stopped 100 feet from the track. Forty passengers were in the smoker and it took fire and burned up. One end of the Pullman fell on the ladies' car, in which was the City Club Opera Company. Then the trucks came rolling down the steep slope.

One struck the Pullman and smashed; another crashed through the ladies' car. Fifteen men cutting ice a few feet away rushed to the rescue and prevented a holocaust. They got everybody out of all the cars and saved those in the smoker. The train was running 30 miles an hour when the accident happened.

CASTLE, N. Y., Jan. 13.—A rear-end collision between two Lehigh Valley freight trains occurred in the Erie yard here at 5 o'clock yesterday. Flagman McCarthy, of Buffalo, and a brakeman named Woodruff, who was making his first trip, were in the caboose, and were instantly killed. Ten cars were wrecked, five of which, oil-laden, caught fire and were entirely consumed, burning the bodies of the dead men.

IN LABOR'S FIELD.

Railway Engineers Strike Ended—The Parisian Cabmen Win.

The difficulty between the New York and New Haven Railroad and its engineers and firemen has been settled by the men accepting the propositions made last week by the company.

The strike of the Paris cab drivers is ended. The men having succeeded in having their demands granted though in a modified form.

Schooner and Crew Lost.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—News of the loss of the schooner Jodie D. and her crew of three men near Genoa Island, Lower California, has been received here.

Child's Insult to Uncle Sam.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 13.—Regarding the investigation of the assault on the Baltimore crew at Valparaiso now being held at Vallejo, the Chronicle says editorially: "No one can read the testimony of the sailors of the Baltimore without feeling at once that the subject of the Valparaiso attack has assumed such a phase that the hurt cannot be cured by a mere apology from Chile. It is clearly the duty of the United States to demand complete reparation and suitable indemnity."

Stand on Tiptoe and Open Your Mouth.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—It is stated that during a trial of the ten-ton guns at Gardiner's Bay, three of the officers were rendered deaf by the bursting of their ear drums caused by the concussion following the discharge of one of the guns. Surgeon Kane of the Miantonomah refused either to confirm or deny the statement, but said that accidents could be easily averted if the men stood upon the tips of their toes and opened their mouths. On every ship carrying guns of even moderately large caliber this is a familiar axiom.

A bottle of Angostura Bitters to flavor your lemonade or any other cold drink will keep you free from Dyspepsia, Colic, Diarrhea and all diseases originating from the digestive organs. Be sure to get the genuine Angostura, manufactured by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

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Britain, believing that such a status would
be best for Canada, best for Great Britain,
and promotive of the best attainable re-
lationships with the United States. As to
Imperial Federation, sometimes spoken of,
the ADVERTISER has yet seen nothing
proposed that bears any stamp of practi-
cability, and in any case infinitely prefer-
able to a federation of the English-speaking
peoples of the world.The Advertiser advocates prohibition
of the manufacture
and sale of intoxicating liquor; and all ex-
cellent general legislation and persuasion
in the meantime.The Advertiser is an advocate of
equal rights for
women, whether as regards the franchise,
or equal wages for equal work.The Advertiser is a believer in Chris-
tian Union, and con-
sider the time has come when the various
Christian denominations should come closer
together. Those bodies which are now
nearest should unite first. Under the present
system there is an unjustifiable waste of
men, means and effort. The ADVERTISER
will endeavor to promote the movement for
Christian union not alone by direct appeal
and argument, but by seeking to present
the best rather than the worst side of each
denomination.The Advertiser advocates Obligatory
Voting as such neces-
sary and practicable. Nothing would so
much purify electoral contests. Nothing
would so much enforce the idea that the
franchise is a duty, not a chattel.God is in His Heaven,
All's right with the world.

—[BROWNING.]

London, Wednesday, Jan. 13.

MR. LAURIER AT KINGSTON.

That was a good point which Hon. Wil-
frid Laurier made in his speech at Kingston
last night. The Liberal leader argued
strongly in favor of the greatest possible
freedom to trade with our neighbors. As
to the cry that a change to beneficial would
lead to annexation, he pointed out that
every reform since 1837—and he might
have said long before that date—had been
looked askance at by some as suggesting
annexation. That is a truth.When municipal institutions were
first mooted, the Family Compact
centralizers resisted the change, be-
cause a complete local self-government
would make our institutions too much like
those of the Yankees, and certainly lead to
annexation!When it was proposed to repeal the ab-
surd law that prevented Methodist preachers
from performing the ceremony of marriage,
it was objected by the "loyalists" of that
day that the Methodist preachers were
Yankees in disguise, and to give them any
power would help along annexation!When it was proposed to discontinue with
pounds, shillings and pence and adopt
decimal currency, there were many super-
loyal men in Canada who strenuously op-
posed the change as tending to assimilate
our institutions and promote annexation!And so it has always been. The men
who argue in this way may be honest
enough in their beliefs, but they pay a very
poor tribute to the loyalty of their country-
men. It is safe to trust a man to buy
or sell one class of goods from or to
his neighbor in the States, why would
his loyalty be in danger of being
overwhelmed by trading in others? Yet
the trade restrictionist professes to be able
to keep Canada loyal only through keeping
him from using his money to the best ad-
vantage in freely trading with his neigh-
bors!Mr. Laurier is prepared to vouch for the
stability of the loyalty of the Liberals.Let the Conservative leaders take their
weak-kneed followers in tow. In any case,
as the Liberal leader points out, the electors
of Canada have votes, and no change in
our political status could be set on foot
unless the majority of the people so voted.
Then why raise "hokey"?

THE GREAT TRIUMPH.

Though the election in Richelieu was
fought on the straight issues of freedom of
trade or complete subservience to the com-
bines, the Conservative papers are loathe
to acknowledge the fact. They would
rather have their readers believe that the
trouble arose solely from the demoraliza-
tion of the Administration and from the
absence of Thomas McGreevy from his
customary post as distributor of boodle
and premier of Government favors.We would be the last to seek to deprive
the high tax papers of what little comfort
they can obtain from the publication of
such confessions of the breakdown
of the machine which has hitherto
elected their candidates in many of the
constituencies. But the herculean efforts
of Mr. Oulmet, the new Minister of Public
Works, has to be taken into account. They
were all exercised to secure the return of
Mr. Morgan, and even Mr. Chapleau, sick
man though he apparently is, went down to
the riding and earnestly urged the return of
the trade restrictionist candidate.The defeat cannot be accounted for on
the ground of Mr. McGreevy's defection,
because the returns show that not only in
the old county town of Sorel, with its
6,500 inhabitants, but in every district of
the constituency, the victorious Liberal
candidate made gains. At St. Roch, at St.
Aime, at St. Anne and other centers, he
won many new friends for the policy he ad-
vocated, and there is no reason for sup-
posing that the vote polled by him does not
fairly represent the views of the majority
of the electorate.We frankly admit that the Liberal can-
didate had some things in his favor. He
did not have to meet the open, brazen offers
of bribery to the constituency, by means of
which not only Richelieu but many other
constituencies were influenced at the gen-
eral election. The surplus in
the treasury is no longer large
enough to enable the Ottawa high
tax managers to offer wholesale bribes
of public works in every constituency. In-
deed, their promises at the general election
are even now bringing them into trouble.
They then promised far more offices of
emolument and public works than they
could supply in many years, and their
troubles in meeting the demands of the
men whom they so influenced are daily in-
creasing. It is well that it should be so.
Honest men do not desire to see constitu-
encies carried by either public or private
bribery. With both removed we have faith
that the great majority of the electors
will vote for what they believe will best
advance their interests as a whole, leaving
the combines and favor-seekers to forage
for themselves. We have seen how great a
change can be effected when such a course
was compelled, by force of circumstances,
in Richelieu. There is no reason why like
changes should not follow in every elec-
tion.

MR. TARTE'S SERVICES.

Mr. Tarte, till recently Conservative
member for Montmorency, and now a can-
didate in the bye-election, is traduced by
the chief organs of the Government at
Ottawa. His offense is that he exposed the
wrongdoing of the Ministers and showed
how the country had been robbed of hun-
dreds of thousands of dollars by their con-
nivance with hoodlums, who, in turn, gave
a share of their pickings to elect Conserva-
tive members. When Mr. Tarte first dis-
covered these facts he asked several
Conservative leaders to help him,
but they persistently refused, and
tried to bring him into disrepute. We
all know the immense value of his
labors to the taxpayers of Canada. But
for his action, backed by the Liberal
leaders, there would have been no exposure,
and no attempt even to get rid of the boot-
lers. Is it not the height of impudence,
then, to claim for Mr. Abbott and his
friends the credit of effecting a change?

FREE CRITICISM OF A PRINCE.

Sometimes Liberal journals are berated
by their Conservative contemporaries be-
cause they point a moral to the conduct of
offending royal nabobs. They call criticism
of that sort "treason." Listen to the
traitor of the Berlin (Out.) News—A Con-
servative journal.
"The feeling with many of the best and
most loyal of the subjects of our beloved
Queen is that she may outlive her eldest
son. The latter has done many things
which would make it anything but com-
fortable for the empire's best people to see
him wearing the crown. There is ample
room for considerably more effective pray-
ing for the Prince of Wales by the preach-
ers of the realm."Is not a declaration that the people will
not stand irregularities on the part of those
who they retain in places of power and
prestige the first requisite? If a Prince
knew that his emoluments would be cut
off, and that he would have to get down to
hard pan, every-day struggle for a living,
like the rest of us, if he continued to mis-
behave himself, he would think twice be-
fore he yielded to temptation.

TOPICS OF THE DAY.

THERE are three daily papers in Duluth,
but the sheriff is managing and editing
one of them on behalf of its creditors.The poet thus describes the scene in the
rural regions which are agitated by by-
elections these days:A stonking horse from the country lands,
The creek of a rust gate,
A joke and a terrible shaking hands,
And there is your candidate.The London Advertiser styles that city
"the capital of Western Ontario."
Vanity is a great thing.—[Brookville Re-
corder.]We see no vanity in the declaration,
It is simple truth, gentle contemporary.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A unique experiment will be tried in the
February issue of the Ladies' Home Journal.
The entire number has been contributed in
prose, fiction and verse by the daughters of
famous parents, as a proof that genius is
often hereditary. The work of 50 of these
"daughters" will be represented. These
will comprise the daughters of Thackeray,
Hawthorne, Dickens, James Fenimore
Cooper, Horace Greeley, Mr. Gladstone,
President Harrison, William Dean Howells,
Senator Ingalls, Dean Bradley of West-
minster, Julia Ward Howe, General Siver-
land, Jefferson Davis and nearly a score of
others.With the number bearing date Jan. 2,
Littell's Living Age began its 192nd volume.
This standard weekly magazine grows more
essential every year to readers who wish to
keep abreast with the best current work in
literature and science. It is really an ad-
mirable publication. For 52 numbers of 64
large pages each for more than 3,200 pages
a year the subscription price (\$8) is low,
while for \$10 50 the publishers offer to send
any one of the American \$4 monthlies or
weeklies with the Living Age for a year,
both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, are
the publishers.

A PROMOTER.

[Hilena Independent.]
A Chicago man gives a definition of the
word "promoter" which should be incor-
porated in all the dictionaries. He defines
it as "a man who sells a thing he does not
own, to a man who doesn't want it."

MOLDERS' WAGES.

[Toronto Mail.]
The proposed reduction of wages of
molders in Hamilton does not indicate that
the tariff is accomplishing much for the
working class. The tariff has reduced wages
in a large number of industries, but the ex-
planation given is the dullness of trade and competition from
outside. It is rapidly becoming apparent
that manufacturers confined to a limited
area by protective walls become the com-
petitors of each other, while the tariff
burdens upon raw material render their
product so costly that the general public
is unable to purchase to any large extent.

THEIR IDEA OF ECONOMY.

[Ottawa Free Press.]
One of the first acts of the new Quebec
Tory Ministers was to draw a month's
salary in advance. Evidently these gentle-
men do not expect to be long in office and
believe in making hay while the sun shines.
They have also created an office worth \$1-
500 a year for Mr. Bourboulain, of Soulanges,
in order to induce the latter to desert Mr.
Maurice's party, and propose to reward
another renegade, Mr. Owen Murphy, with
a seat in the Legislative Council. These
outrages have been perpetrated in the
name of "economy and good government,"
which terms, in the Quebec Tory vocabulary,
are synonymous with wholesale bribery.

IMPORTANT TO RICH MEN.

[D. Willis James in Independent.]
A rich man holds his wealth simply as a
trustee between his Maker and humanity.
Unless he wants to become the slave of his
money he must give it freely until he feels
that there is some sacrifice in the giving.
My observation for a great many years has
led me to have a strong opinion on that
subject. It is for the good of the man him-
self that he should look at the subject from
this point of view. I do not believe there
is much philanthropy or charity in pro-
viding that your money shall be given after
death, when you are dead, and you hold it
better give of your means as you go along
through life, leaving of your wealth to
others who after you will, in the exercise
of their stewardship, follow the same
course.

ONTARIO'S POOR REPRESENTATION.

[Toronto Globe.]
Ontario used to be well represented in
the Dominion Cabinet, and it was fitting
that she should, for her people contribute
thrust of the taxes which keep the machine
running. The Old Man, Hinks, Macdoug-
all, Campbell, Howland, Atkins, Morris,
O'Connor, Gibbs, etc., on the Conservative
side, and Mackenzie, Blake, Cartwright,
Mills, Scott, etc., on the Liberal, were all
men of mark. But to-day the Province is
reduced to Bowell, Carling, Frank Smith
and Mr. John Graham Haggart. Even
their colleagues think so ill of their ability
that they are carefully kept out of the by-
elections, and we have to depend for
guidance upon Sir John Thompson, Mr.
Foster and Young Mr. Tupper, who would
be told to go home and restore prosperity
to the waning populations of Picton, Kings
and Antigonish before coming here to pose
as boom-makers.

THE MONOPOLISTS' MONEY.

[Woodstock Sentinel-Review.]
It seems to be a clearly established fact
now that the funds for the protests against
the Liberals in Ontario came from Ottawa
or the Red Fort Exchequer. When the
action was taken by Mr. James Grieve in
North Perth was dismissed, the local
Conservatives accepted the verdict
manfully and concluded not to further con-
test Mr. Grieve's seat in the courts. But
several days later a legal firm in Toronto
paid into court a security for costs of \$100,
deposited as security for costs of Mr. Grieve
on the appeal taken to the Supreme
Court. The Beacon says: "Not one dollar
of this money came from the Conserva-
tives in North Perth—not a Conservative of
North Perth suggested an appeal, nor
thought of an appeal. Even the Conserva-
tive organ in Stratford did not know it un-
til Dec. 31, that an appeal was being made."
This evidence should satisfy the public as
to the source of the Conservative campaign
funds.

WHERE THE N. P. SCORED.

[Hamilton Times.]
It is not very often that the Times gets a
chance to say a good word for the N.P.,
therefore we seize an opportunity fairly on
our way it would be most unfair to neglect
it. If it had not been for the N. P. the fire
which destroyed the Wanzler building the
other night would have thrown several
hundred men out of employment and caused
distress to them and their families, as well
as appreciable loss to the trade of Hamilton.
As it was, nobody was hurt except the in-
surance companies, for the building was
empty of men, and the machinery had long
been standing idle. Before the N. P. blight
fell upon the land, Mr. Wanzler employed
hundreds of men at good wages manufac-
turing sewing machines for the Canadian
and foreign markets. His price lists were
printed in 32 languages, and in every civil-
ized and semi-civilized country the names of
Wanzler and Hamilton were household
words. What a disaster the destruction of
the Wanzler factory by fire would have
been! The N. P. eased the situation.
It closed the factory and scattered the men
years before the fire broke out, so that
when the factory went up in smoke nobody's
daily bread was imperilled by the destruc-
tive agent. Give the N. P. devil its dues.Scotch tweed trousers, fine selection,
close prices. HARRY LENOX, the tailor,
47a

DILKE'S WARNING.

England Must Abandon the Idea of Pro-
serving Belgian Neutrality or
Prepare to Fight.LONDON, Jan. 12.—Sir Charles Dilke de-
livered a speech at Sydney last evening
which is likely to attract attention and
arouse discussion throughout Europe. He
declared that the Liberals in England were
trying the Government's foreign policy in
testing the Government's foreign policy.
There were times when the traditional
non-interference by the Opposition with
the foreign policy of the party in power
might properly be abandoned. He be-
lieved that neither Germany nor France
wished for an alliance with England, since
both cherished designs on Belgium, whose
neutrality England had guaranteed. Lord
Salisbury was allowing that matter to drift,
whereas England ought to be jealous of the
encroachments in that direction, and
should make up her mind whether or not
to fight in order to preserve the autonomy
of Belgium. It was decided that the
guarantee was worth supporting by force
of arms, then preparations for the inevitable
should begin without delay.

Western Ontario Daymen.

BRANTFORD, Jan. 13.—The Daymen's
Association of Western Ontario opened
their fifteenth annual convention here
yesterday afternoon in Wycliffe Hall, John
Geary, of London, in the chair. There is
a large number present from all parts.
Professor H. Dean addressed the conven-
tion on the work of the traveling daymen
and the benefits the country will receive
from it.

WORST FORM ECZEMA.

Baffled Best Medical Skill for Eight
Months, Cured in Two Months
by CUTICURA Remedies.This is to certify that a child of mine had
eczema in its worst form, which baffled the
best medical skill that could be employed
here. The little sufferer was wrapped in agony
for at least eight months. Six months of that
time its suffering was such that it could not
be comforted. In two months the dreadful
disease had ceased its ravages, and my dar-
ling boy had rest, and to all appearance the
disease had yielded, but continued to re-
appear for several months after. The doctors
here watched the disease with much interest,
and could only say "Well done!" The case was
known far and wide, and everybody was much
surprised. But thanks to CUTICURA REME-
DIES, could there be anything on earth that
would cause a father to rejoice it surely would
be when the little innocent one could have
such a remedy at hand. (See portrait here-
with.) J. A. NICOLEX, Bunker Hill, Ind.A child was brought to me with chronic
eczema that had defied splendid treatment
from many good doctors. As a regular M.D.,
I should have continued similar treatment, but
thought it useless. So put it on CUTICURA.
The child is well.

C. L. GURNEY, M.D., Doon, Ia.

Cuticurea Resolvent

The new Blood and Skin Purifier, internally,
and CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTI-
CURE SOAP, the exquisite Skin Beautifier, ex-
ternally, instantly relieve and speedily cure
every disease and humor of the skin, scalp and
blood, with loss of hair, from infancy to age,
from pimples to scrofula.Sold everywhere. Price, CUTICURA, 75c
per box; RESOLVENT, \$1.00. Prepared by the
POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CORPORATION
Boston.Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases,"
64 pages, 50 illustrations, and 100 testimonials.BABY'S Skin and Scalp purified and beautified
by CUTICURE SOAP. Absolutely
pure.

WEAK, PAINFUL BACKS,

Kidney and Urinary Pains and Weak-
nesses, relieved in one minute by the
Cuticurea Anti-Pain Elixir, the
only instantaneous pain-killer plaster.

JANUARY 1st, 1892.

75th Semi-Annual Financial Statement of the

PHENIX INSURANCE CO'Y

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

At Close of Business, December 31st, 1891.

CASH CAPITAL, \$2,000,000 00

Assets Available for Fire Losses,

\$5,676,386 79,

AS FOLLOWS:

Cash on hand, in Bank and with Agents.....	\$ 68,379 93
State Stocks and Bonds.....	30,500 00
Bank Stocks.....	1,022,824 00
Corporation and Railroad Stocks and Bonds.....	2,497,079 00
County, City and Water Bonds.....	350,390 00
Real Estate.....	303,296 97
Loans on Collateral.....	118,322 50
Real Estate Loans.....	545,634 48
Accumulated Interest and Rents.....	59,960 81
Total Cash Assets.....	\$5,676,386 79

LIABILITIES.

Cash Capital.....	\$2,000,000 00
Reserve for Outstanding Losses.....	391,242 30
Reserve for Reinsurance.....	1,950,693 68
NET SURPLUS.....	1,334,460 81

Total Assets.....\$5,676,386 79

TOTAL LOSSES PAID SINCE ORGANIZATION OF COMPANY,

\$29,027,788 02.

PREMIUM INCOME, 1891, \$3,007,591 32

D. W. C. SKILTON, President.

GEO. H. BURDICK, Secretary.

JOHN B. KNOX, Assistant Secretary.

H. M. MAGILL, General Agent Western Department, Cincinnati, Ohio.

FRED. F. SHEAR, Assistant General Agent Western Department, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A. E. MAGILL, General Agent Pacific Department, San Francisco, California.

GERALD E. HART, General Manager Canadian Department and Newfoundland, MONTREAL, CANADA.

CANADA BRANCH, Head Office, 114 St. James Street, Montreal.

Statement for the First Full Year:

Gross amount written.....	\$19,997,511 00
Premiums thereon.....	164,868 08
Losses incurred.....	77,754 74
Deposits with the Dominion Government and Investments in Canada.....	139,860 00

J. H. FLOOD, EDWARD TOWE, AGENTS, LONDON.

47c

NO BUSINESS COLLEGE IN CANADA

is sufficiently acquainted with the staff of teachers, equipment, course
of study, general management, etc., of all its competitors to warrant it
in claiming to be "the best" in everything or "the largest" in existence without descending to bombast and idle boasting. A warning reputation
for good honest work leads to this method of attracting public attention, but the wise student is not caught by such tactics. He goes where
the experience of his friends warrants him to expect careful, businesslike instruction productive of satisfactory results. He selects a school
which enjoys a wide reputation, honest work in behalf of its patrons. Thus thefinds no necessity for making invidious comparisons. It enjoys a large and constantly increasing attendance, for wherever its work is known
it has no competitors. The winter term will begin on Monday, Jan. 4 next, and general particulars will be cheerfully furnished in the near
future to all young people who contemplate a practical business training or a thorough course of shorthand study and practice.

W. H. SHAW, PRINCIPAL.

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

ARE NOT A POS-
sible Mode.
They are a
BLOOD-BUILDER,
Tonic and Re-
construction, as they
supply in a condensed
form the substances
actually needed to en-
rich the blood, curing
all diseases coming
from Poon and War-
rior blood, or from
starvation, and also
restoring the blood,
and the blood and
strength when broken
down by overwork,
mental worry, dis-
eases, and dis-
cussions. They have a
SPECIFIC ACTION ON
THE SPECIAL SYSTEM OF
BOTH MEN AND WOMEN,
restoring TOB VIGOR
and correcting all
the ANEMIAS and
ST. PHOSPHORUS.

EVERY MAN who finds his mental fac-
ulty failing, or his physical powers fading, should take these
PILLS. They will restore his lost energies, both
physical and mental.

EVERY WOMAN should take them
because they cure all sup-
pressions and irregularities, which inevitably
attend sickness when neglected.

YOUNG MEN should take these PILLS
because they cure the system of youthful bad habits, and strengthen the
system.

YOUNG WOMEN should take them
because these PILLS will cure the system of
youthful bad habits, and strengthen the
system.

For sale by all druggists, or will be sent upon
receipt of price (60c. per box), by addressing
THE DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS CO.,
Brookville, O.

Rodgers' Cutlery
And All Plate,
Solid Silver Spoons
—AND—
Fine Electro-Plate.

HOBBS
Hardware Company,
LONDON, ONTARIO.

DR. PINGEL,
Office—Queen's Avenue and
Wellington Street.
LEADING HOTELS.
THE TECUMSEH HOUSE
LONDON, ONT.
Largest and Best Hotel in Western
Ontario.
Large sample rooms free; no charge for bag-
gage; elevator day and night. Rates \$2 50 and
\$2 per day. Special rates for boarders and ex-
cursion parties.
C. W. DAVIS,
Proprietor.

ROSSIN HOUSE
TORONTO.
Remodeled and refurnished. The most com-
plete, luxurious and liberally managed hotel
in Toronto. Immunity from noxious gases and
malaria guaranteed by the most perfect system
of ventilation traps and thorough plumbing
known to sanitary science.
MEDICAL.
A CARD.
To all who are suffering from the errors and
indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness,
early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send
a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF
CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered
by a missionary in South America. Send a
self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T.
INMAN, Station D, New York City.

Do You Want A Good Tonic?
TAKE THE
INDIGENOUS BITTERS
THE most economic, and at the same
time the most effectual stomachic
and aid to digestion.
A 25 cents package is sufficient to make
3 large bottles of the best Bitters.

TO WEAK MEN
suffering from
the effects of
early decay, wasting weakness, loss of manhood, etc.,
I will send a valuable treatise containing
full particulars for home cure, FREE OF CHARGE.
A splendid medical work should be read by the
man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,
FRED. F. C. FOWLER, Medico, Conn.

CURE FOR ALL!!!
Is an infallible remedy for
Bad Legs, Bad Breasts,
Old Wounds, Sores,
and Ulcers. It is
famous for Gout
and Rheu-
matism.
For
Disorders
of the Chest
it has no equal.
FOR SCROFULA,
BRONCHITIS, COUGHS,
COLDS,
Glandular Swellings, and all Skin
Diseases it has no rival; and for con-
sumption and all its kind it acts like a charm.
Manufactured only at 75, NEW OXFORD STREET (late
253, OXFORD STREET), LONDON, and sold by all
Medicine Vendors throughout the World.
Purchasers should look to the Label on the
Bottle and Boxes. If the address is not 75,
OXFORD STREET, LONDON, the address is not 75.

B. B. B.
BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS
Purifies the Blood.
BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS
Tones the System.
BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS
Acts on the Stomach, Liver
and Bowels, removing
all impurities.
Price \$1 per bottle, 6 for \$5, or Less
than 10c a Dose.

W. H. SHAW, PRINCIPAL.

LONDON
Conservatory of Music
AND
School of Elocution and Expression.
MR. WM. CAVEN BARRON,
PRINCIPAL.
BEST HOURS.—Intending pupils should arrange now to secure the best hours.

Fate of Sir Hugh.

It was with feeling of annoyance and very real discomfort, then, that Crystal caught sight of him as he came down the steps of Upton House. He was walking quickly down the street, and evidently perceived her at once. There would be no chance of escaping him, so she walked slowly on, quite aware that he would overtake her in another minute. As they were to part so soon, she must put up with his escort. Of course he had been to Beulah Place, and was now in search of her; poor foolish boy!

The next moment she heard his footsteps behind her.
"Miss Davenport, this is too delightful," and his handsome face wore a look of pleased eagerness. "I thought I should have to wait some time from Fern's account, but I have not been here a moment. There is no hurry, is there? I am checking her pace as Crystal seemed inclined to walk fast."

"We are busy people, Mr. Trafford," she answered, pleasantly, "and can never afford to walk slowly. Why did you not wait with your sister? You have not seen her for a long time."
"Has it seemed a long time to you?" he returned, eagerly. "I wish I could believe that you had missed me, that you had even given me a thought during my absence," and he looked wistfully at the girl as he spoke.

"I am sure your mother and Fern missed you," she replied, gravely. "She wanted to keep him in good humor, and avoid any dangerous topics. She would like to leave him, if possible, with some kindly memory of his interview. In spite of his sins against her, she could not altogether harden her heart against Fern's brother."

Any stranger meeting her there, a finely matched couple. Percy's refined aristocratic face and distinguished carriage made a splendid foil for Crystal's dark beauty and girlish grace. As Percy's eyes rested on her they scarcely noticed the shabby dress she wore. He was thinking as usual that he had never seen any one so comely with this young governess; and he wondered, as he had wondered a hundred times before, if her mother had been an Englishwoman; his mother would never tell him anything about Miss Davenport, except that she was of good birth and an orphan.

"Did you bring Mr. Huntingdon with you?" she asked, rather hurriedly, for she was quite aware of the fixed look that always annoyed her. The admiration of men was odious to her now the only eyes she had cared to please never looked at her again.

"Do you mean Mr. Trafford?" she asked, smiling. "Oh, no, my dear, I was thinking of some other game to bring down," and here there was a slightly mocking tone in Percy's voice. "He is with the belle Evelyn as usual. I am afraid he does not quite hit it as an ardent lover; he is too much of a hearted. He asked me to go down to Victoria station to meet his visitor, but I declined with thanks. I had other business on hand, and I could not care to be ordered about so the carriage must go alone."

"You are expecting visitors at Belgrave House then?" she asked; and there was no interest in her manner. She only wanted to keep conversation to general subjects. She would talk of Belgrave House or of anything he liked if he would only not make love to her. If he only knew how she hated it, and from him of all men.

"Oh, it is not my visitor," she replied; "it is only some old fellow or other that he has picked up at Sandycroft—Erie has a craze about picking up odd people. Fancy inflicting a blind parson on us, by way of a change."

He was looking at the girl as she spoke, or he must have seen the startled look on her face. The next moment she had turned her long neck aside.
"Do you mean he is actually blind, and a clergyman? How very strange!"
"Yes; the result of some accident or other. His name is Ferrers. Erie raved about him to my grandfather; but then he terribly raved about people. He is coming up to London, on some quest or other, no one knows what it is. Erie is so very mysterious about the whole thing."

"Oh, indeed," rather faintly; "and you—you are to meet him, Mr. Trafford?"
"On the contrary, I am going to do nothing of the kind," she replied, imperiously. "I told Erie that at 6:30, the time the train was due, I was booked for a pressing engagement. I did not mention the engagement was with my mother, and that I should probably be partaking of a cup of tea; but the fact is true nevertheless."

Crystal did not answer; perhaps she could not. He was coming to London, actually to Belgrave House, and on this very evening. Mr. Trafford had got scent of her secret—how or in what manner she could not guess; but all the same, it must be Erie who had betrayed her. She had thought him a little odd, and constrained the last few times she had seen him; she had noticed more than once that his eyes had been fixed thoughtfully on her face as though he had been watching her, and he had seemed somewhat confused when he had found himself detected. What did it all mean; but never mind that now. Ruby would be coming to Beulah Place, but she would be hundreds of miles away before that; she was safe, quite safe; but if only she could see him before she went. If she could only get rid of this tiresome Percy, who would stay, perhaps, for hours. Could she give him the slip? She could never remain in his company through a

long evening; it would drive her frantic to listen to him, and to know all the time that Ruby was near, and she could not see him. And then all at once a wild idea came to her, and her pale cheeks flushed, and her eyes grew bright, and she began to talk rather quickly and in an excited manner.
"Oh! I don't pretend to be Erie's mentor," he returned, a little sulky; for he thought he saw her drift to keep him from talking of his own feelings. "I never interfere with other fellows."
"Yes, but Fern is your sister," in a reproachful voice; "and I do think you are to blame, Mr. Trafford, if you do not tell him that he must leave your sister alone, and keep to Miss Selby. Your grandfather would be very angry if he knew of these visits to Beulah Place, and then Mr. Erie would get into trouble."

"I can't help that," was the indifferent answer. "Erie must take his chance with the rest of us; he knows as well as I do the risk he runs." And in spite of her preoccupation, Crystal noticed a curious change in Percy's tone.

"Do you mean that he would get into serious trouble? Is that what you would imply? I do not think you are doing your duty, Mr. Trafford, if you do not warn him of Mr. Huntingdon's displeasure. Mr. Erie is weak, he is easily guided, but he has good principles; you could soon induce him to break off his visits."

"I don't see that I need trouble myself about another fellow's love affair; I have too much on my own mind. Of course you are right, Miss Davenport, it is a crime to speak of my own feelings; but how can you expect me to take interest in another fellow when I am so utterly miserable myself?"

"Mr. Trafford," she said, trying to control her impatience, "I wish you would let me speak to you for once, as though I were your friend," she would have substituted the word sister, but she feared to provoke one of his outbursts of indignant pleading. "You know you may say what you like to me," he returned, moved by the gentleness of her speech, for he had never been so gentle to her before. "You have influence over me more than any one else in the world. If you could make me a better man, Miss Davenport."

"I would give much to do it," she answered, in a low voice that thrilled him strangely. "Mr. Trafford, will you be angry with me if I speak to you very frankly, and earnestly—as earnestly," here she paused, "as though we were bidding each other good-bye, to-night, for a long time."

"If you will call me Percy," he replied, with sudden vehemence, "you shall say what you like to me." "You shall," she answered, with a faint smile at his boyish insistence, "it shall be Percy then—no, do not interrupt me," as he seemed about to speak. "I am very troubled or unhappy about Mr. Erie's visits; they are doing harm to Fern, and I must tell you, once for all, that I am not doing your duty either to your sister or to you."

"Erie again," he muttered, moodily. "Yes, because the matter lies very close to my heart, for I dearly love your sister. Mr. Trafford—Percy, I mean—you have youth, health, talents—the whole world lies before you; why do you envy your cousin, because he is likely to be a richer man than you?"

"He has robbed me of my rightful inheritance," was the moody answer. "It could never be yours," she returned, quickly; "a Trafford will never be Mr. Huntingdon's heir."

"I would change my name," he said. "That would avail you little," with a touch of her old scorn, for the speech displeased her. "Mr. Huntingdon would never leave his money to the son of the man whom he hated, and of the daughter whose disobedience embittered his life. Mr. Erie has to answer for no crime; but his name is a curse."

"He had better be careful though," was the quick response.
(To be continued.)

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You must be healthy. Would you be healthy, always keep within reach, ready for any emergency, Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, the perfection of physical health, biliousness, constipation, a coated tongue, always indicate a torpid liver. These magical Pellets act directly upon the liver—the fountain-head of many ills—correcting all disorders, driving out all impurities, stimulating healthy action. The best Liver Pills; mildly giving all the benefit and none of the discomfort of other pills.

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Old Lady (excitedly)—When is the train to New York due? Ticket Agent—In two hours and 40 minutes. Old Lady (with a sigh of relief) I am so glad I am not too late.

My mother suffered for many years without relief till she used B.B.B. Three bottles cured her. Millie B. Parker, Norland, Ont.

The last word in the dictionary is "zythum," a kind of beer. The unwillingness of blood to be betrayed here. She had thought him a little odd, and constrained the last few times she had seen him; she had noticed more than once that his eyes had been fixed thoughtfully on her face as though he had been watching her, and he had seemed somewhat confused when he had found himself detected. What did it all mean; but never mind that now. Ruby would be coming to Beulah Place, but she would be hundreds of miles away before that; she was safe, quite safe; but if only she could see him before she went. If she could only get rid of this tiresome Percy, who would stay, perhaps, for hours. Could she give him the slip? She could never remain in his company through a

Van Houten's Cocoa.

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FITZGERALD, SCANDRETT & CO.,

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INVENTORS TAKE HEED.

The Crying Needs of America To-day Are Inkwells and Keyholes.
(Philadelphia Times.)

American scientists waste too much time grappling with the mightier problems, and do not devote sufficient attention to smoothing the rocky roads of every day life. Especially in this error common with inventors who, in their anxiety to produce something big and complicated, neglect the practical wants of humanity and thereby miss opportunities of acquiring much wealth.

We do not pass so loudly for perpetual motion as we do for non-bagging trousers. Instead of staying away of nights cogitating over a motor that will not move let Keeley produce a turkey composed entirely of white meat.

Give us an ink well that sounds an alarm on the approach of a mutinying bluish above all, devise for us a lock that needs no key—one that will open at the pronouncing of some magical word, for example.

The American citizen who, in the cold, gray dawn, with the mercury chasing zero, has shivered for minutes that seem centuries, chasing a key hole all over his front door, will rise up and call the inventor of such a lock blessed.

And if there be truth in spiritualism Ezra Tailcoat of Montana came home after a protracted seance with the flowing bowl. Not being in a frame of mind proper for nice distinctions he attempted to open his front door with a revolver.

During the heat of a musing debate between the keyhole and the shooting iron the trigger took a hand, and a bullet found shelter in Ezra's abdomen. The funeral occurred several days after.

Here is a case which accentuates the crying want of an improved keyhole. Now, then, you inventors, come down out of the clouds and get to work.

Mr. Gladstone's Methods of Reading.
An article in the Young Man describes Mr. Gladstone's system of marking a book. "The upright cross, the line down the side, the V, are different degrees of N.B., and when he wishes to qualify the text the Italian word 'ma' (but) is written on the margin. A St. Andrew's cross (X) or a wavy line expresses disapproval or disagreement, at the end of the book a list of pages is always to be found with headings of what has most struck him in the volume." He is also particular in the order and variation of reading. "Last summer, for instance, the three books he had on hand at one time were Dr. Langen's Roman History (in German), for morning reading; Virgil afternoon, and in the evening a novel." Unlike Dr. Johnson, Mr. Gladstone delights in reading a book right through, but it must be worth reading. "Last summer, for instance, the three books he had on hand at one time were Dr. Langen's Roman History (in German), for morning reading; Virgil afternoon, and in the evening a novel." 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TEA!

Just received: Ten half chests of Young Hyson.

No presents, but good value for your money.

C. J. WALL, Grocer,
TELEPHONE 420.

LARGE VARIETY OF EASELS.

Brass, Bamboo, Oak,
White and Gold.

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TRUMPSIT
This Brand of Flour
Always makes the
BEST BREAD
OR PASTRY.
USE NO OTHER.
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257 York Street,
TELEPHONE 115.

R.K. Cowan
Bartender, etc., ever Bank of Commerce,
London.

W. FAIRBAIRN
FASHIONABLE TAILOR,
Over Woods Store, corner Dundas and Rich-
mond streets.

DOMINION MILLS.

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Bitterly cooked and easily digested. Ask your
grocer for it and you will see to it.
GARTLEY & THOMSON
231 to 233 Talbot street, London, Ont.

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New designs from \$5 up.

R. R. BLAND
Mechanics' Institute, Dundas street.

INDIA TEA.

The most popular brand now in
the market is MONSIEUR. Put
up in one-pound caddies. Price
40, 50 and 60 cents. For sale by

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Next Door to Postoffice.

THERE IS JUST ONE THING THAT
the citizens of London and vicinity
would do well to make a note of, that, at 181
Dundas street, books and magazines of all
kinds and styles are bound neatly, cheaply
and tastefully, suitable for Christmas pres-
ents.

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SKATES.

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ACME GILT TOP SKATES at GURD'S
GUN SHOP, 185 Dundas street.
Skates sharpened and repaired.

CHOICE FLOWERS
CUT FLOWERS.
Wedding and Funeral Designs made up on the
shortest notice.

S. S. WORTMAN,
Telephone 518, 210 Dundas St.

STREET RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

DUNDAS STREET—(44 Minute Time.)
First car leaves Egerton street for G. T. R.
7:05 a.m. First car leaves G. T. R. for
Egerton street 7:27 a.m.
Last car leaves Egerton street for G. T. R.
10:40 p.m. Last car leaves G. T. R. for
Egerton street 11 p.m.

**SOUTH LONDON AND RICHMOND
STREET—(42 Minute Time.)**
First car leaves at 6:45 a.m., leaving
G. T. R. for South London at 7 a.m. First
car leaves South London for G. T. R. and
Mount Hope at 7:15 a.m.
Second car leaves at 6:50 a.m., leaving
G. T. R. for Mount Hope at 7 a.m. First
car leaves Mount Hope for G. T. R. and
South London at 7:15 a.m.

**HAMILTON ROAD AND PALL MALL—
(48 Minute Time.)**
First car from G. T. R. for Hamilton
road and Adelaide street 7:11 a.m., leaving
Hamilton road and Adelaide street for
G. T. R. and Pall Mall 7:30 a.m.
First car from G. T. R. for Pall Mall and
Adelaide streets 7:05 a.m., leaving Pall
Mall and Adelaide streets for G. T. R. and
Hamilton road and Adelaide streets 7:28
a.m.

Last car leaves G. T. R. for Hamilton
road and Adelaide street 9:55 p.m. Last
car leaves Hamilton road and Adelaide
street for G. T. R. and at 10:08 p.m.
Last car leaves G. T. R. for Pall Mall and
Adelaide streets 9:47 p.m. Last car
leaves Pall Mall and Adelaide streets 10:08
p.m. for G. T. R. and at 10:08 p.m.

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Priddis Bros.
ARE SELLING

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Underwear

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Before Stocktaking.

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Hais, Ventana and Patras Currants, Seven
Crown Eggs, Oysters and Poultry daily for
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Alex. Wilson. T. J. Ranahan
Late of Wilson Bros. Telephone 50.

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—AGENT FOR—

The Citizens' London and Lan-
cashire, Atlas, National and
Quebec Fire Companies.

Office, Allion Buildings, Telephone, 735.
Ground floor, No. 42 Richmond street.

THE WEATHER.

Toronto, Ont., Jan. 12-11 p.m.—The
depression mentioned yesterday has passed
northward across the lakes, giving
mild weather, with local rain and snow.
In Eastern Canada the pressure has de-
creased a little, and the weather has be-
come cloudy and comparatively mild. In
Manitoba and the Northwest Territories
there has been little change either in
pressure or temperature.

Minimum and maximum temperatures:
Edmonton, 30° below—6°; Battleford, 14°
below—12° below; Qu'Appelle, 30° below
—10° below; Winnipeg, 22° below—14° be-
low; Winnipeg, 22° below—12° below;
Toronto, 25°—37°; Montreal, 20°—38°;
Quebec, 18°—30°.

TO-DAY'S PROBABILITIES.

Toronto, Jan. 13-1 a.m.—The indica-
tions for the next 24 hours for the lower
lakes region (covering the peninsula and
as far east as Belleville) are: Fresh to
strong northeast to northwest winds;
colder weather, with local snow falls.

At the recent meeting of Court Du-
ferin, No. 4, I. O. F., the following officers
were elected: Chief ranger, John Prit-
chard; deputy, Wm. Gerry; vice-
chief ranger, Joseph Welby; recording
and financial secretary, Alex. Gunn; treas-
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Davis; superintendent juvenile foresters,
F. R. Whiting; senior woodward, Ira B.
Harris; junior woodward, L. London;
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LONDON AND ENVIRONS.

—Street Commissioner Owen is laid up.

—J. Frith Jeffers, M.A., is confined to
his house through illness.

—A typhoid fever case has been placed
at the corner of Clarence and Horton
streets.

—Conductor Wm. Leat, of the G. T. R.,
is lying very ill in this city of la grippe
and heart troubles.

—Miss Maude Stephenson, city, is an-
nounced to take part in a St. Andrew's
Church concert in Guelph to-morrow eve-
ning.

—Numbers of rigs are being driven around
the city minus the statutory sleigh-bells,
thus endangering pedestrians who are not
on the alert.

—Remember the missionary song service,
"Open Doors," at the Memorial Church
school this evening. Bishop Baldwin will
deliver an address.

—Miss Maggie Downie, of Seaforth, was
in the city to-day for a short time on her
way to London, where she intends entering
a convent.

—Walt Whitman has had another slight
attack of hiccoughing, and was greatly
weakened by it. He was able to take but
little nourishment, and lay in a stupor
most of the day.

—B. Johnson, the contractor for the
Victoria bridge, expects to
commence the work on Monday. He fur-
nished his securities and signed the con-
tract this afternoon.

—Lena White, the young woman of
doubtful character, who was given a week's
remand by the police magistrate has been
released. She left the city with her sister
and will try to reclaim her from her past
ways.

—On Monday evening last about 35
children were given a sleigh ride around
the city and then driven to the residence of
Mr. Wm. Garlat, South London, where they
amused themselves until the "wreath
hours." In the morning they were fur-
nished their securities and signed the con-
tract this afternoon.

—Mr. John W. Russell, a resident of the
Grove, who has spent some time at the
University is studying preparatory to enter-
ing the ministry, has left for the territory
adjacent to North Bay, where he will do
missionary work for a time. He is the
first missionary ever sent into that district.

—Orders have been issued to American
express agents in villages and small towns
where deliveries are made, to deliver all
packages immediately after their arrival.
The custom of leaving express packages
from late trains in the office overnight will
thus be abolished. The change has been
made on account of recent robberies in
small offices.

—Two busses carried the charming lady
operators of the Bell Telephone Company
and their male escorts to Niagara and back
last night. They were entertained
near that village at a friend's residence and
had a capital time, returning about 5 o'clock
this morning. The merry "hallos" that
rang out on the moonlit air told of happy
hours and good habits.

—The crowd at the Queen's avenue rink
last night was the largest this winter, the
Seventh Band being a strong drawing card.
The ice was good and happy youth and
beauty enjoyed the pleasurable exercise
which skating affords. The preponderance
of the fair sex was very noticeable and it
seemed a pity to see so many racy-checked
girls skating together because male partici-
pants were scarce.

—The semi-annual meeting of the Talbot
Street Baptist Y. P. S. C. E. was held last
night. When reports of committees were
received, Rev. J. P. S. C. E. H. Hick
(acc.); F. S. Alex. Akman (acc.); Treas.,
Alf Smallman (acc.); Chap., Alf Padfield;
S. W. A. Evans (acc.); J. W. N. Peter-
son (acc.); S. B. F. North; J. R. A. A.
Scott; the secretary-treasurer, J. A. Mor-
rison; finance committee, J. A. Mor-
rison, Alf Padfield. The officers were in-
stalled by J. F. Hicks, P. D. H. C. R., as-
sisted by James Lucas and A. Smallman.

—The London Medical Association held
its regular monthly meeting in the Medical
College on Monday evening, Jan. 11. A
large number of the medical men of the
city were present, also a few outsiders.
The president, Dr. MacArthur, occupied the
chair. The minutes of the previous meet-
ing were read and adopted. Several
matters were discussed and disposed of.
One new member was elected and two
others proposed for the next meeting. Dr.
Meek read a very interesting paper on
"Lacerations of the Cervix," which was
well discussed by Drs. Graham, Wilson,
Arnott, Jones and Wishart. Dr. Wishart
gave a discourse on the subject of "Heal-
ing by diagrams," which was well illus-
trated by diagrams and blackboard
illustrations. Dr. Butler also discussed
the subject, Dr. Arnott and Wishart also
taking part.

—W. A. Honner, Attorney-at-Law, telegraph
operator, has removed to this city.

—O. S. and C. Bennett, of this city, were
registered in London, England, last week.

—O. W. Smith, of T. R. station agent
at St. Thomas, formerly of this city, has
been very ill during the past week, but is
now convalescing.

—That pun about the street car in this
morning's Free Press is decidedly grey-
headed, "was the remedy of a man who used
to send comic almanacs a quarter of a
century ago."

—Rev. A. C. Courville will preach the
anniversary sermon at the Central Metho-
dist Church, Stratford, on Sunday, Monday
evening he will deliver his lecture, "Specu-
lation in Futures."

A. Smith & Co., cigar manufacturers of
London, having purchased the plant and
stock of the Globe Tobacco Works, intend
to give their long experience in the tobacco
business for the furtherance of their new
undertaking. Owing to the fact that
Mr. Smith will personally superintend the
works, the public may rest assured that
the goods placed upon the market will be
of the finest quality only.

—The Order of Railway Conductors in St.
Thomas, having received word that William
Shand, conductor on the Missouri, Kansas
and Texas Railway was killed at Denison,
Texas, on Monday night. Mr. Shand was
for six or seven years a conductor on the M.
C. R. He left St. Thomas about three years
ago. His bereaved wife, of St. Thomas,
and a sister of Messrs. George and William
and Miss Annie Metcalfe. He leaves a

family of five or six. A brother of the
deceased is an employee of the M. C. R. in
this city.

—The popular pastor of the Melrose Metho-
dist Church sends the following publi-
cation in the ADVERTISER: "The covenant
service will (D.V.) be conducted in the
Melrose Methodist Church next Sabbath
morning and a sermon will be delivered in
the evening on the evils of intemperance by
the pastor."

—W. T. T. V.
Seventy-three members were present at
the regular monthly meeting of the W. C.
T. U. yesterday afternoon, and seven new
members were received. The devotional
exercises were led by Mrs. Sage, in which
the members heartily joined, thanking God
for the many mercies of the past year, and
with him as their captain they feel strong
to begin the work of 1892. After the usual
business routine a recitation was nicely
given by one of the little girls of the in-
dustrial school, followed by a most in-
structive paper on scientific temperance by
Miss Coyne. A most suitable and well-
rendered solo was given by Mrs. R. Kilgour,
and the meeting was dismissed.

—The police magistrate this morning gave
judgment on two liquor cases in favor of
the defendants. James W. Martin, late of
the Martin House, was charged with hav-
ing a light burning in his bar-room after
12 o'clock, and P. C. Weir and Alton
previously gave evidence to that effect.
Mr. Martin and John R. Smyth
were charged to the contrary. Thomas S.
Hodgins was charged with selling
liquor during prohibited hours. He proved
that the persons to whom he sold it
were guests of the house, and the magis-
trate decided that a hotel-keeper was not
amenable for supplying his guests with
refreshment. It was a pretty close call,
he said, for Hodgins, but he would give him
the benefit of the doubt.

—The next little church of the Methodists
at the Grove was crowded three times on
Sunday in celebration of the anniversary.
The pulpit was occupied morning and even-
ing by Rev. J. P. Rice, who preached very
able and interesting sermons. Rev. A. C.
Courville was the preacher in the afternoon,
and from the text, I. Corinthians, xv, 13-14,
he gave one of the best sermons ever heard
in that district. The musical part of the
services was a special feature, the choir
from Zion and Siloam joining with the
singers of the Grove, and the combined
singing rendered the hymns in a manner
 seldom known outside the larger city
churches. Rev. W. C. Crews is the pastor
at the Grove, and his ministrations are
greatly appreciated by his congregation.

—The Sunday school anniversary entertain-
ment of the First Congregational Church
held last night was a very happy affair.
From 7:30 to 9:30 o'clock tea was served in
the basement by the ladies. Artistically
laid out tables supported many good things,
and appropriate to the occasion, and this
part of the entertainment was thor-
oughly enjoyed. The choir was taken by
George Anderson, superintendent of the
school, who introduced the following
well-rendered programme: Trio, Messrs.
Brock, Anderson and Greenway; duet,
Messrs. Anderson and Fleming; trio, duo,
Messrs. Brock and Johnston; chorus, infant
class solo, Fred C. Greenway; hymn
selections, Messrs. Greenway and Dixon;
recitation, Hattie Moule. The attendance
was large.

—The anniversary tea meeting of the Ken-
sington Methodist Church was held Monday
night. The church was crowded, speakers
and others scarcely having room to stand
on the platform, while many in the audience
were unable to get seats. After the ladies
had supplied all with a good substantial
tea, Thomas McCormick took the chair and
read the report of the year. J. W. San-
sby, the secretary-treasurer, submitted
the Sunday school report, showing its
remarkable growth in a year. Rev. Mr.
Lloyd continued with a telling address.
Then followed the programme: Song, Dr.
W. H. Ziegler; addresses, Rev. Mr. Mc-
Vittie and James Wilkins; recitation, Miss
Laidlaw; addresses, Messrs. Hamilton, S.
McDermid and John Green; recitations, Miss
Nixon and Mr. Joseph Mitchell; solo,
Rev. O. E. Ziegler; addresses, Rev. Mr.
Goswin and M. A. Powell. The ladies
of Kensington, under the direction of Mrs.
Nixon (chairwoman), deserve great praise
for the way they managed the refreshment
part during the evening.

—Some members of the "My Colleen"
Theatrical Company got in trouble at the
Grigg House on the night of Jan. 5, and
caused the proprietor, Mr. Ed. Horsman,
to appear in the Police Court this morning.
Mr. Horsman granted them the use of a
room near the bar after the show. They
told him they wanted to do a number of
tricks in order to discuss business matters
quietly, but it was between 1 and 2 a.m. when they
emerged, to wind up with a fight in the
hall. P. C. Campbell was near by, and
said he was told by George Elm, the night
porter, that the men had been drinking
in the bar after midnight. Elm, how-
ever, denied this in the witness box
this morning. The bartender, Thomas
Horsman, swore that the bar was
closed sharply at 12 o'clock, and that
the showmen got no liquor after that
hour. Mr. Horsman, the proprietor, said
he had given strict instructions that the
law must be respected. He was in bed at
the time. The magistrate accordingly dis-
missed the case. The police say that Elm
came to the station next day, and asked
if they were going to prosecute Mr. Horsman,
and peculiarly enough Elm denied the
whole thing.

—Dr. Ryckman Raises a Brozo.
An Ottawa dispatch (Associated Press)
says: The Ottawa from the Dominion Church
programme of the week of prayer of the
back leader, advertising Mrs. Ryckman,
developed an interesting phase. Rev. Dr.
Ryckman, of the Dominion Church, being
asked by a committee of investigation if
he had any idea who had torn the adver-
tisement off, promptly admitted he did.
Asked his reason for so doing, he replied
that the backs in question principally
verified Mrs. J. K. Barney's addresses be-
fore the W. C. T. U. afternoon meetings,
and as he did not know who Mrs. Barney
was, he did not wish her advertised
before the congregation. The ladies
of the W. C. T. U. feel pretty sore
over the matter, and say that if Dr. Ryck-
man did not know who Mrs. Barney was
he did know the W. C. T. U. and might
have trusted to their good judgment. Rev.
Dr. Ryckman being seen again, said he did
not know who Mrs. Barney was and knew
nothing of her character or the doctrine she
might teach, and, therefore, did not wish
to take the responsibility of recommending
her to his congregation. It might be urged
that the fact that the Gospel Mission Ar-
tion had brought her here would be sufficient
proof of the character and doctrine. But in
reply to that he would say that the
Gospel Union brought Mrs. Barney here,
and Mrs. Barney, in his opinion, besides
preaching a great deal that was nonsense,
held doctrines regarding the Lord's second
coming and the judgment which he could
not at all indorse. It was suggested that
the net was that of one who objected to

THE PLACE FOR

CHEAP DRYGOODS

—IS—
POWELL

The cutting and slashing of all prices of
winter goods will startle buyers of Dry-
goods, Millinery and Mantles. We can-
not hold our stock one day longer
than we can push the goods out, and
be remembered that we can afford to
awfully cheap because we are clearing
and clearing lines of goods that are
sale houses at desperately low prices.
Buying bankrupt stocks when the
good stock at a high price, this enables
underneath houses who buy their goods
regular way. Don't forget, please,
January will be the month you
lines of winter Drygoods from the
cost of hundreds of many
lines of goods. We could not
price if we did not buy bank-
rupt, and clear out job lots.

—Ladies' Mantles, Jackets, and
Ullsters, Girls' Reefers and M-
Mantle Cloths, Sealotte for M-
Black Henriettes,