

The Semi-Weekly Telegraph

NO. 45

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1904.

War Be... is now the earliest possible...

SALESMA... Whole or Part...

WANTED... introduce...

GIRL WAN... work...

WANTED... case...

WANTED... sex...

WANTED... for...

WANTED... in...

WANTED... to...

WANTED... for...

WANTED... to...

WANTED... for...

WANTED... to...

T. P. CHANGES NOW COMPLETED

Finishing Touch Thursday.

net and Directors Both... to Be Satisfied--Stockholders Will Meet March...

Moncton Threatened WITH FUEL FAMINE.

Blockade of Railways Responsible for Shortage. I. C. R. Machinists' Delegation Interviews General Manager About Increase in Wages--Another Dress Suit Case Stolen from I. C. R., Found at Oxford Junction.

Millions Lost by SNOW BLOCKADE.

Trains in and Out of Montreal Still Uncertain, and Freight Traffic Generally Suspended. Montreal, Feb. 19--Very few trains are arriving or leaving Montreal today...

Brooklyn Man Shot DEAD IN HIS OFFICE.

George B. Jennings Victim of Frank McNamara--Murderer Arrested.

Nearly a Coal Famine in Galt.

Galt, Ont., Feb. 18--A serious coal famine faces the people of Galt. Its grip is today felt in at least 300 homes...

SAY GOOD WORDS FOR US AND ORDER MORE PAPERS

Campbellton, Feb. 4, 1904. You may send me 10 copies extra of the Daily Telegraph every Saturday.

JAPAN MAKES OFFICIAL DENIAL OF LOSSES OF WARSHIPS AND ANNOUNCES FLEET INTACT.

It is Now Believed Russians Will Abandon Port Arthur.

The Whole of Southern Manchuria to be Left to the Japs-- United States Closes Discussion of Restricting War Area Without Hearing from the Czar and the Bear Construes This as Unfriendly--Tokio Government Denies Losses of Men in Attempting to Land.

Belgians Quit AT BEERSVILLE.

Men Claim They Were Promised Big Money to Come to Canada. ONLY GOT \$1.50 PER DAY

LIVELY TILT IN CONGRESS OVER PHILIPPINES.

Washington, Feb. 18--The house today passed appropriations bill...

TURKISH TROOPS ROUT ALBANIANS WITH GREAT SLAUGHTER.

Salonica, Feb. 18--The Albanians who were besieging Shkumir (with)...

BALKAN SITUATION CONSIDERED SERIOUS.

Rome, Feb. 18--The situation in the Balkans, especially since the revolt of the Albanians in the district of Diakova...

MANY VESSELS BLOCKED AT VINEYARD HAVEN.

Drift Ice Heaviest of the Winter--Schooner Beaver Rescued by a Tug.

ST. JOHN MAY BE THE TERMINUS

NO OUTSIDERS NEED APPLY AT BALTIMORE

There is Only Enough Work for Their Own People. Hundreds of Mechanics Coming in From Other Places--Insurance Men Think Their Losses Now Will Not Be Over \$40,000,000.

Moncton Notion Abandoned.

Such is the Opinion in Montreal Railway Circles of the G. T. P. Modifications--Grand Trunk Shareholders to Meet in London and Discuss Changes in Contract.

NEW BRUNSWICK CASES UP IN SUPREME COURT

Two Cases Argued Thursday, and Travers vs. Casey Next on the List.

NO AMERICAN SLAVE TRADERS IN PHILIPPINES.

Secretary Taft Stamps the Report False, But Admits the Moros Are Doing Something in That Line.

TELEPHONE LINEMEN TO WEAR SNOWSHOES.

London, Ont., Feb. 18--The local manager of the Bell Telephone Company has sent to Montreal for snowshoes for linemen.

KING EDWARD'S WARM TRIBUTE TO ROBERTS.

His Majesty Expressed Deep Regard in Bidding Farewell to His Field Marshal, and He Asked All Ranks to Profit By the Example of His Illustrious Career.

meant upon relinquishing the high office of commander-in-chief, which will not again be filled. I am unable to part with my commander-in-chief without returning to him publicly my thanks, and those of the army he commanded, for the invaluable services he has rendered the empire. 'I ask all ranks to profit by the example of his illustrious career and his single-minded devotion to his sovereign and country.'

ELEVEN RUSSIAN WARSHIPS NOW REPORTED DISABLED.

Such is the Contentment of London Times Correspondent-- Japan Said to Have 120,000 Troops in Korea-- Four Hundred Torpedos, Two Thirds of Russia Supply, Blown Up in the Varlag--Czar Contemplates Invasion of India If Britain Gives Cause.

London, Feb. 17--A despatch dated Feb. 17, from a correspondent of the Times gives a description of seven Russian warships which he says are lying disabled there. They include the battleships Sevastopol and Potemkin, which have not been named in previous reports of the action. The correspondent says that altogether eleven Russian ships were put out of action at Port Arthur.

Continuing he declares that the Japanese were driven from the neighborhood of Km Chau, near Newchwang, after a skirmish in which 130 Japanese were taken prisoner and seventy Russians killed.

In an editorial article the Times remarks that this correspondent does not mention the injuries sustained by the battleships and the Kinchoo story has not been reported from any other source, it would be well to accept his reports with some reserve.

Japan Has 120,000 Troops in Korea. London, Feb. 17--According to special despatches published here this morning from Tokio, the Russian squadron has returned to Vladivostok.

The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Mail says in a despatch that two Russian warships appeared off Okinawa Island, in the Southern part of the Japanese sea on Sunday.

The correspondent at Chemulpo of the Daily Express makes the astonishing statement that Japan has already landed 120,000 troops in Korea, 80,000 of whom are along the fighting front south of the Yalu river.

No war news of importance appears in the London newspapers this morning but the press attaches the greatest significance to the departure of Vice-roy Alexieff from Port Arthur and comments upon the sudden showing of Russian troops into Newchwang as indicating Russian apprehensions that Japan has already landed 120,000 troops in Korea, 80,000 of whom are along the fighting front south of the Yalu river.

According to a despatch to the Paris edition of the New York Herald, 400 torpedoes being two thirds of Russian stock available supply of this article, were destroyed on board the Russian cruiser Varlag at Chemulpo.

The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says it is estimated that several thousand Russian troops have reached Antung and it is rumored that 20,000 Russians have arrived at Ping Yang on the Tatsung river, in central Korea.

The Chronicle however, regards this rumor as quite untrustworthy, and says that the Japanese attack may after all be made where it is expected on the Yalu. All the reports tend to confirm the impression that Russia has nothing to expect from sea operations.

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COMMODORE NICHOLSON OF OUR NAVY Recommends Pe-ru-na--Other Prominent Men Testify.

Japan Can Traverse Korean Territory. Seoul, Feb. 16--The Korean government has granted Japan the right to traverse the country. It is reported that Japanese warships have trapped three Russian ships at Yongampo. No details regarding the results of this naval exploit have been received.

Cable Communication Restored. St. Francisco, Feb. 16--The Commercial Cable Company has been advised that cable between Hong Kong and Foo Chow has been repaired, restoring normal communication between Hong Kong and Shanghai and Japan.

The Japanese government states that all telegrams to and from Nagasaki or in transit through Nagasaki since Feb. 15 are subject to military censorship.

Mine Blows Up Another Russian Cruiser. St. Petersburg, Feb. 16--The Russian second-class cruiser Boyarin was blown up by a mine February 13, in the same manner as was the Russian torpedo transport Yezh. She had on board 197 officers and men, all of whom, it is understood, were lost. No details of the disaster have been given.

On the 13th of February, a detachment of torpedo boat destroyers proceeded, having the three north storm, toward Port Arthur. At 3 o'clock the next morning the Asagiri, a Japanese torpedo boat destroyer, amidst a shower of shells from the enemy's fort and ships, torpedoed a Russian man-of-war and, farther, firing on the Japanese guard boat, safely returned to headquarters.

The Asagiri, another Japanese torpedo boat destroyer, at 5 o'clock of the same morning, approached the Russian man-of-war, and fired on the enemy's men-of-war and, in defiance of their firing, immediately torpedoed one of them with effective explosion and safely withdrew.

Two Russian Battleships Destroyed. London, Feb. 16--The correspondent at the Top of the Paris edition of the New York Herald, in a despatch which he reports the arrival of junks bearing Japanese wounded from the Port Arthur engagement, reports that Port Arthur brings the statement that the Russian squadron has again put to sea.

Japs Capture Two Russian Steamers. London, Feb. 16--Despatches published in London newspapers this morning continue to give descriptions of the capture and destruction of Russian ships. In fact of this embarkation occurring secretly from Ujina, as was the case during the Chinese-Japanese war, reports are coming from the East Asiatic Company's steamer Manchuria, as well as the Siberian railway's steamer of the same name, is confirmed.

Czar Blesses Departing Soldiers. St. Petersburg, Feb. 17--In the court yard of the Winter Palace the czar today reviewed the third battalion of the First Siberian Rifle, which is proceeding to the far east. The review took place in the presence of the czar, the dowager empress, Grand Duke Michael, War Minister Kurapatkin, General Sakharoff, chief of staff, and a number of court officials.

After the inspection the rendering of the national anthem by the band and cheers from the spectators, his majesty made a speech to the departing soldiers, in which he said: "I am happy to be able to see you all before you leave, and I wish you a good journey. I am firmly convinced that you will all uphold the honor of your ancient regiment and readily risk your lives for your fatherland."

"Remember your fee is brave, confident and crafty. From my heart I wish you success over your opponents. I bless you, my brothers, and wish you the First Siberian Regiment, my first Saraphan pray for you and accompany you in all your ways. God bless you."

The battalion accompanied by its bag gage wagons then marched past, the czar calling out to the men as they went by: "Good bye, my brothers."

"Must Wait Patiently for Russian Victories." St. Petersburg, Feb. 17--A despatch has been received from Major General Pflug, chief of staff to Vice-roy Alexieff, saying that Yuan Shikai, commander-in-chief of the Chinese army and navy, has ordered 2,300 men to Tsin Chou to maintain order. Continuing he says everything is quiet at Newchwang and that a forward land movement supported by properly equipped bases. Possibly 250,000 men will be in the field before a collision takes place in the Russian line. Report naval opinion in Berlin justified the Japanese in landing before the Russian fleet is destroyed, as to wait until that is accomplished might mean delay in land operations for months, constituting a strengthening of Russia's forces. The expectation ex-

pressed by a technical newspaper which reviews the situation is that Japan probably will, in the beginning, have considerable land success through hard fighting. What may happen after the early period of the land operations no technical person ventures to predict in writing, though it is doubted if the Siberian railway will be at all adequate to reinforce and supply the Russian army.

Critic Says Russians Blundered. The Marine Rundschau, the semi-official publication of the admiralty, has issued the first of a series of pamphlets designed to keep German naval officers informed as to what is happening in the Far East and the meaning thereof. After reciting the preparations on both sides and professional estimates of the strength of the fleets, the Marine Rundschau says: "The Russians blundered in the first shot from the Korietz (of Chemulpo) doubtless because the Japanese torpedo boats were creeping near."

The Russian Port Arthur squadron relied too much on protective nets and obviously was surprised. The commander made a serious blunder in having two ships at Chemulpo and one at Cheloo (Shanghai) separated from the main body. If these ships were sent to observe the Japanese they did it badly.

When the Japanese squadron withdrew from Port Arthur, February 10, the Russians ought to have followed and kept in touch with it by means of swift scouts, as the Russian commander now is ignorant of where it went.

"The conduct of the Russian ships in retreating to cover in the inner harbor indicates that they will not again engage the enemy sea. In the harbor many of the Russian guns will not be effective."

The war despatches do not indicate that the Russians had a ship at Cheloo at the time of the outbreak of hostilities, but the Russian gubnet Mandjur was at Shanghai when war broke out and she is still in the river there. It has been asserted that two Japanese warships were watching for her at the mouth of the river and it has also been reported that it was decided to dismantle the Mandjur and take her further up the river.

Wholesale Arrests of Japs. Tien Tsin, Feb. 17--The Russians explain that the wholesale arrest of Japanese at Harbin and elsewhere was due to the discovery that Japan had in these districts upwards of a hundred spies, of whom sixty belonged to the Japanese general staff.

It is feared that the British steamer Hsi ping, bound from Chin Wang Tiao for Shanghai, with passengers and ballast, has been captured. She is five days overdue and was last seen in Port Arthur Roads.

Japanese Cavalry Land at Korea. Tokyo, Feb. 17--Eight transports with Japanese troops from Nagasaki and several additional vessels carrying war munitions are on their way to the west coast of Korea. Detachments of Japanese troops have already landed at Ajijon on the Yalu river.

Prayers for Russia's Success Interrupted by Bomb Thru. Baku, Russian Trans-Caucasia, Feb. 15--During a patriotic service in the Armenian church here today, just as the clergy had begun chanting a Te Deum and praying for the success of the Russian arms, a bomb was thrown into the sanctuary by a fanatic. Two persons were killed and several were injured. After the excitement had been allayed the congregation marched in procession to the residence of the governor, carrying the czar's portrait, and presented the governor with a patriotic address and \$500 for the families of the victims of the outrage.

An Eye Witness' Account of Chemulpo Battle. London, Feb. 17--In an interview with the Daily Mail's Seoul correspondent, Brigadier General H. T. Allen of the Phillips and Humber's, who accompanied the Russian army and who watched the naval fight at Chemulpo at close quarters and returned round the Russian ships before they were destroyed, said: "I have never seen or heard of anything resembling the effect of the shrapnel fire. The Varlag was literally peppered in many places as though she had been played on at close quarters with machine guns. Evidently time-fuse shrapnel was used with blinding bewildering effect. The heavy artillery work emphasizes the fact that you fire a tremendous amount of shell for it. The firing lasted fifty-two minutes and there were ten shots a minute. Only two heavy shells struck the Varlag's hull. One shot exploded on the bridge and strikingly demonstrated the effect of shell fire, everything around being torn to tatters and resembling the debris of a machine gun. The shells were filled after the fight, indicating that none had been fired. The Russians knew evidently that they were going to inevitable death, yet they fought until their ship was unmanageable. The commander did well to bring the ship into harbor. Further fighting would have been madness."

Fuereils of Japs Killed at Port Arthur. Sasebo, Japan, Feb. 17--Impressive funeral services were held here today over the remains of three officers and two men of the Japanese battleship Fuji, who were killed by the Russian fire during the first attack on Port Arthur. The religious ceremonies were conducted by a Shinto priest and the funeral oration was delivered by Admiral Sampei.

Russian Steamer Damaged by Japanese. St. Petersburg, Feb. 17--A despatch received here from Port Arthur dated February 17, says that in the action of that port of February 14, the Russian volunteer fleet steamer Klerson was struck by a 12-inch shell in her upper works. A slight fire broke out which was quickly extinguished. There was no loss of life.

Supreme Court of Canada. Ottawa, Feb. 16--(Special)--The first appeal heard on the maritime provinces was in the case of Wood vs. LeBlanc. The action was by appellant to recover a quantity of logs cut in the "Sickles Settlement," Westmorland county (N. B.). The real issue, however, being the title to the lands on which the timber was found. Neither party proved documentary title but their respective claims are based upon alleged possession and upon the findings of the jury. Upon the evidence the trial court judge directed a verdict for the defendant. The full court affirmed the verdict and refused a new trial by the judgment under appeal.

The arguments will be concluded on Thursday morning. The court will not sit tomorrow, being Ash Wednesday.

CONSERVATIVES AND LIBERALS BREAK EVEN IN BYE-ELECTIONS.

Ontario Constituencies Stick to the Opposition With Increased Majorities, While the Quebec Ridings Remain With the Government, But in Many Cases by Largely Reduced Margins--Queens (P. E. I.), Liberal by 200 Less Than Before.

Montreal, Feb. 16--(Special)--The Liberals retained both constituencies in Montreal in bye-elections today.

In St. James, Honore Gervais had a majority of 638 over Mr. Bergeron, the Conservative, who was defeated by 647 in 1902 by Joseph Brunet, subsequently unseated for illegal practices at the polls by his agents.

In Hochelaga, the Conservatives had a strong candidate in Dr. Bernard, but he was beaten by L. A. Rivet, a young advocate, who received 301 more votes than his opponent. At the general election in 1900 there was a Liberal majority of 633 in Hochelaga.

Westmount, the only English district in the two constituencies, gave a Conservative majority of 318.

Hochelaga-River (Lib.), 4,106; Bernard (Con.), 3,985. Majority for Rivet, 301.

St. James-Gervais, 3,211; Bergeron, 2,573. Majority for Gervais, 638. St. Hyacinthe--J. B. Blanchet (Liberal) elected over M. Roussin (Conservative) by 500, an increase of 87.

St. Lambert (Ont.)--In 1900 M. Simons, Con., defeated J. Fraser, Lib., by 221 majority.

East Hastings (Ont.)--In 1900 Henry Carlin, Con., defeated John Commins, Lib., by 43 majority.

West Queens (P. E. I.)--In the last election in this constituency Donald Farquharson, Lib., defeated A. McLean, Con., by 475 majority.

Montmagny (Que.)--In 1900 P. R. L. Montmagny (Que.) defeated A. Bernier, Con., by 213 majority. The constituency has been Liberal since 1887.

St. Hyacinthe (Que.)--In 1900 M. E. Bernier, Lib., defeated A. P. Carriere, Con., by 1,111 majority.

Hochelaga (Que.)--In 1900 J. A. C. Madore, Lib., defeated S. Lachapelle, Con., by 633 majority.

St. James (Montreal)--In 1902 Joseph Brunet, Lib., defeated Mr. Bergeron by 647 majority.

St. Lambert (Ont.)--In 1900 M. Simons, Con., defeated J. Fraser, Lib., by 221 majority.

THE SCOTIA QUEEN SINKS, BUT CREW LIKELY SAVED.

Hyannis, Mass., Feb. 16--After battling against high gales, great ice fields, blustering snow and zero weather, in Nanantucket Sound for more than two weeks, the little schooner Scotia Queen, bound from River Hebert (N. S.) for New York, with a cargo of lumber, all but succumbed to a heavy gale, forced ashore at Nantucket by the ice fields that had held her, blown off by a favorable breeze, thrown on a shoal again six hours later by a shift of the wind into the opposite quarter, given up for lost by the Muskeget life savers, and finally worked off the Nantucket shoal and across the ice filled sound to shelter from today's blizzard under Point Gammon, where seemingly exhausted by her efforts she gradually lifted with water just as aid for her crew arrived. It is thought that with a moderate breeze she could be pumped out and so continue on her voyage.

The tug Lehigh was alongside the little schooner for two hours today but when she returned to the harbor the heavy ice prevented her from making any attempt to take the schooner on board from commencing to take anything more than a note that the schooner was full of water, but under these conditions, it is not believed that the crew could remain on board.

When the Lehigh returned shortly after sunset, the harbor was so full of ice that she could not get within a quarter of a mile of the shore. Those on the wharf here tried hard to ascertain the fate of the schooner's crew, but all that could be heard from the tug in the roar of the gale was that she was the Scotia Queen and that she was full of water. From the length of time the tug was alongside the schooner it was believed by those on shore that Captain Merriam and the crew did not care to remain with their vessel while she was in such a condition.

Fredericton, Feb. 17--(Special)--Deputy Sheriff Foster, of Carleton county, was in the city this evening, on his way home from Little River, Sunbury county, where he has been searching for a young man named Wood Albright, who is wanted by the authorities for obtaining a note for another for \$125 in cash, and giving his name as Harry Albright. He bought a pump from Chester Ester, of Woodstock, and settled for the same with a note for \$125 in cash, and gave his name as Frederick Dann.

He afterwards called on Balmain Bros., and after he had gone the case was put in the hands of Deputy Sheriff Foster, who was not long in ascertaining that the signatures of the two notes, as well as that of the bill of sale of the horse given to the Houston man, were in the same handwriting.

He learned also that Albright had gone to his former home at Little River, Sunbury county, and he decided to follow him to that place. He drove from the city yesterday and found that his man had preceded him by about ten days and, after slipping off of the horse and piling to his brother for \$125 in cash, had decamped for parts unknown.

The horse and pump were recovered and brought to the city this evening for shipment to Woodstock.

Albright is about 23 years of age and has been living at Monticello (Me.) for some time. He is now thought to be in the United States.

Polsonia--How you do love to make new friends? Bustards--Yes, they are so much more polite than old ones.--Detroit Free Press.

WOOD ALBRIGHT OF SUNBURY MUCH WANTED.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Pain in the Chest, Asthma, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, and all Throat and Lung Troubles.

It is pleasant to take and is soothing and healing to the throat. There is nothing else that does so much for the throat as this.

Price 25c. at all Dealers.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

OUR COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE.

FREDERICTON.

Fredricton, N. B., Feb. 16 (Special)—The result of the St. John election was a genuine surprise to both Liberals and Conservatives...

The railway train service has been badly upset by the morning storm. The first train to reach Fredericton over the Fredericton branch since 9 o'clock last night did not arrive till one o'clock this afternoon...

Dr. O. E. Macleod, of Kowak, and wardens of York county, and Miss Maud Harris, youngest daughter of Henry Harris, of Kowak, were married today.

The hearing of Edecoombe Brothers' application for a writ of mandamus was held in the court of the county clerk on Monday last...

Dr. A. F. McVeany, St. John, Dr. G. C. Murray, of Moncton, Dr. G. J. Sprague, Chatham, re-appointed members of the Council of Dental Surgeons...

County of Carleton—Herbert N. Boyer, Hartland; Lewis Armstrong, Madawaska; Charles Shaw, Middle Simonds; Theodore Jamieson, Kenochoy; Richard Owens, Newburg Junction, justices of the peace...

Westonland—William E. Weldon and Ephraim Price, justices of the peace. Wm. H. Irving is appointed as a deputy sheriff of Northumberland.

Victoria—Alma Turner, justice of the peace; Andreas Jensen, justice of marriage licenses. Westonland—William E. Weldon and Ephraim Price, justices of the peace.

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RIVERSIDE.

Riverside, Albert county, Feb. 16.—D. W. Stuart and Capt. Edmund Kinzie have returned from attending the Liberal convention in St. John.

Miss Esther Johnson has been making a short visit to friends here. Her father was formerly pastor of the Methodist church in this village.

Rev. A. W. and Mrs. Smithers entertained Hon. A. R. and Mrs. McLaughlin and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McSully of Albert, at a dinner on Saturday evening.

The court house question is again to the front with the Albert people and a petition to the owners that has been circulated during the past week...

Harvey Station, Feb. 16.—Messrs. Meredy and Irvine, of St. Stephen, came in last evening from Kingscote with a dove of about twenty five birds...

Wm. Moser, Jr., who has a slaughter house at Tweedie, has purchased a considerable number of fat cattle in this locality recently.

These Robinsons, who are carrying on lumbering operations near the Magalloway Lake, has had the misfortune to lose a valuable stallion.

Harry McCulloch is quite ill from pneumonia. He is under the treatment of Dr. B. M. Keith.

Ms. Elizabeth Wilson, of the Rear Settlement, went to Boston today to visit her daughter who resides there.

Albert, Albert county, Feb. 16.—Mr. and Mrs. David Archibald, of Moncton, are visiting friends here and are rejoicing over the advent of a son.

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JAPAN MAKES OFFICIAL DENIAL OF LOSSES.

Am Ambassador McCormick has presented to the authorities here the case of the American ship Peleides, reported to be at Port Arthur, but they do not know the circumstances of the occurrence and have referred the matter to Viceroy Alexieff.

ALIAIFF'S ACCOUNT OF FIRST BATTLE.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 18.—A long official despatch from Viceroy Alexieff, recounting the details of the night of Feb. 9 at Port Arthur, was given out today.

After the night torpedo attack the Japanese fleet, consisting of 16 warships, appeared at 10 o'clock in the morning of Feb. 10, and the appearance was noted by the coast signal stations as well as by the ships of our squadron which lay in the outer roadstead fully prepared for action.

The following vessels took part in the battle: In the front line were the battleships Perestroika (flying the flag of Rear Admiral Surov), and the cruiser Gakow (Jakovlev), the Sevastopol, the Poltava, the Admiral Stark and Rear Admiral Bogoyavlentsev (flying the flag of Vice Admiral Surov) and the cruiser Gakow (Jakovlev).

Yarmouth, N. S., Feb. 17 (Special)—The lights of Yarmouth are back again to Yarmouth. She arrived here this morning at 11 o'clock and left for the harbor at 12 o'clock.

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DEAFNESS

It Will Tell You the Way To Regain Perfect Hearing. A work that will bring joy and quick relief to all deaf persons is now being distributed absolutely free of charge.

BOOK FREE

SEND FOR IT AT ONCE. Do not delay! The demand for the book has been so tremendous that its author, Dr. Sorokin, the distinguished specialist, has just gotten out a second edition, that will give more than 100,000 deaf persons a chance to get their hearing restored.

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AGE FENCES Near Best

It is the fence that will stand the test of time—stands the heaviest strain—never lets the animals get over the top—under through our local agent or direct from the manufacturer.

We Paid \$1000.00

For Liquezone—Yet We Give You a 50c. Bottle Free. The result is a product that does what oxygen does. Oxygen is the very source of all vitality, the most essential element of life.

Table listing various ailments and their treatments, including Asthma, Hay Fever, Rheumatism, and others. Includes a coupon for a free bottle of Liquezone.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1903.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH. Published every Wednesday and Saturday at \$1.00 a year, in advance, by The Telegraph Publishing Company, of St. John, a company incorporated by act of the legislature of New Brunswick.

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IMPORTANT NOTICE. All remittances should be sent by post office order or registered letter, and addressed to The Telegraph Publishing Company.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS. The following agents are authorized to receive and collect for The Semi-Weekly Telegraph.

Wm. Somerville, W. A. Ferris. Subscribers are asked to pay their subscriptions to the agents when they call.

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 20, 1903.

THE ST. JOHN ELECTION.

The lesson of Tuesday's election in this constituency should be taken to heart by the government and the St. John Liberals. A change from a Liberal majority of 907 in 1900 to a Conservative majority of over 300 in 1903 is not brought about without cause.

Nevertheless, the result was a surprise all round. Though the Conservatives were confident of victory, they only hoped to win by a bare majority.

There was still another issue which tended to weaken the government. It had to do with the question of patronage. There has been for some years a feeling of dissatisfaction on that point, and it found expression yesterday.

The attitude of the Globe newspaper was also a cause for complaint on the part of the Liberal party. Professedly a strong Liberal organ, and an ardent supporter, after Mr. Blair's defection, of the Grand Trunk Pacific scheme, it was not in any sense a campaign paper during this struggle.

There will be a degree of sympathy for Mr. McKewen in his defeat, and also for Hon. Mr. Emmerson, but the people have spoken. It now remains for the government to consider its course, and for the Liberal party in this constituency to do a little heart-searching to discover where its weakness lies, that it may be in a position to make a better record in the general elections.

plastic endorsement his candidature has received at the hands of the electors. Hon. Mr. Emmerson has at least the satisfaction of knowing that no Liberal candidate could have won in this city, and that even in the constituency where Sir Wilfrid Laurier himself appealed in behalf of the Liberal candidate the Liberal majority was slightly reduced.

Just what effect the rivalry between Mr. McKewen and Mr. O'Brien for the Liberal nomination may have had, it is impossible to determine. Mr. O'Brien's friends were keenly disappointed, and some of them took no active part in the campaign.

This mysterious suggestion of direful conditions, which the Globe could not prevail upon itself to publish to the world through the medium of inquiring newspapers, east and west, is further emphasized by a declaration in another article, to the effect that the people "gave their vote very largely upon matters operating within the constituency, matters personal, local and elementary, to which reference may be made in good time."

The Gazette, however, offers some information on this point, off-hand. Among the causes it mentions is the following: "It was an error of the highest kind to enter into the campaign without a morning paper. It was of course hoped that this weakness would be repaired by a sympathetic support from the Globe.

This is rather unkind to the Globe, for this journal devoted its whole attention to "educational methods," respecting the G. T. P. The Gazette says the Globe is not "an active proser."

"It will be necessary to place the party management upon a wider and more representative basis. The idea had taken root, that the patronage of the party was controlled by a few persons to advance selfish purposes. The notion may have been altogether unfounded one. It is liable to creep in under the most benevolent conditions. It is, however, fatal to good feeling in a party. A management should be established that will be wholly free from this suspicion."

Both the Globe and the Gazette, Hon. Mr. Emmerson, Hon. Mr. McKewen and their friends, did all in their power to convince the people that the Grand Trunk Pacific was the great issue. The people took them at their word, and the result was the triumphant election of a Conservative. Why not say so frankly, and advise the government to abandon that indefensible measure, for which there is not and has never been any popular demand?

In Tuesday's bye-elections the Liberals held the four seats in Quebec and one in P. E. Island, but three of them by reduced majorities. In Ontario the Conservatives held East Bruce by an increased majority, and East Lambton also. This city went overwhelmingly Conservative.

and that it should be abandoned. Had this been a general election, the general result might have been very serious for the government. If it still persists in going on with the proposed contract, further modified as proposed in the interests of the Grand Trunk Pacific Company, there is good reason to fear a further loss of prestige and popularity.

The following, from an article in the New York Mail and Express, gives a very good idea of the difficulties that confront Russia in the fighting on land that must be a part of the present war:

Russia's main problem of communication may be likened to Britain's in the Boer war without exaggerating Russian difficulties. It is probable that by Great Britain's line, with its immense equipment of rapid transport, between the mouth and Cape Town, an equal number of men and an equal weight of munitions and supplies could have been delivered on the African coast more promptly than they can by the Trans-Siberian Railway.

For the information of those who do not read the United States papers, it may be stated that the rest of the world never does anything without first considering its effect upon the attitude of the American government and people.

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"What will be done next?" asked people wondering, after the president had cut through the Panama knot with his sword. We advise them to keep their eye upon San Domingo. Naval commanders of ours are hastening to Dominican waters, with instructions to do what they see fit as correctors of public morals on this impious island.

He is thus apparently going to set up an exercise of public morals on this impious island. He is willing to begin by his spoiled reverence a vigorous exhortation; he has already in his message to the congress severely told them up and told them to be good; but if they pay no heed to his fatherly advice, why, he is not the man to spare the rod.

The Globe Wednesday had a most remarkable tribute to its own lack of influence as a newspaper. For days before the election it published at the head of its editorial column two sections of the Grand Trunk Pacific contract, for the purpose of assuring doubtful electors, and throughout the campaign the Globe, like Hon. Mr. Emmerson and Hon. Mr. McKewen, made the G. T. P. the chief issue. Indeed, with the Globe it was the only issue, for that paper did not attempt to force the fighting on any other ground.

parts of Canada may feel justified in assuming that it was a condemnation of the great railway policy of the administration. Although that question was much in the canvass, although the Liberals strenuously got a favorable judgment pronounced upon the proposition and were not successful, it will be found that the great scheme did not greatly affect the vote.

MR. EMERSON SPEAKS. On Tuesday night The Telegraph gave Hon. H. R. Emmerson an opportunity to state his views upon the election. He replied that there was nothing to be said, as the people had spoken.

"Hon. Mr. Emmerson talked freely to a representative of the Chronicle about the result of the St. John election, and seemed to be nowise depressed by the outcome. He said: "The result in St. John was due to a number of causes, most of them quite foreign to the general policy of the government.

NOTE AND COMMENT. Now who will get the judgeship for the western counties of the province? The docks are now cleared for the provincial by-elections. Who will be the city candidate?

A SERIOUS CASE. The Halifax Chronicle, which brings to the discussion of public questions the dignity and diction of the prize ring, has again described St. John as "Maritime Hogtown," and makes this further reference to the port:—"Bah for the Gamey-Tarte combination! They won in St. John yesterday by persuading the people of that city that the government ought to catch their harbor."

SPECIAL NOTICE. We are now making eight draft through the bank on all subscribers to the Semi-Weekly Telegraph who are in arrears to the amount of \$5 and over. If the parties on whom these drafts are made will kindly pay the same when presented they will confer a favor that will be very much appreciated.

Yours, etc., THE TELEGRAPH PUBLISHING CO.

at food tide some day, spike it down, and then fetch the Grand Trunk Pacific down the St. John river to it between barbed-wire fences to keep other parts of the Maritime Provinces off the track.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS bears the Signature of

What is CASTORIA? Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It cures Colic, Wind Colic, Teething Troubles, Stomach and Bowel Complaints, Diarrhoea, Indigestion, and all the ailments of the young child.

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THE CENTURY COMPANY, 71 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

CASTORIA advertisement with signature of Charles H. Fletcher and text describing the product's benefits for infants and children.

Suits and Pants advertisement listing prices for Men's Suits, Boys' 3-Piece Suits, and Boys' 2-Piece Suits.

Neverslip Calks advertisement featuring an illustration of a calk and text describing its use for sealing shoes and boots.

FERRY'S SEEDS advertisement listing various seed types and their prices, along with contact information for D. M. FERRY & CO.

SHARP'S BALSAM advertisement with an illustration of a man and text describing the balm's effectiveness for various ailments.

SHAD, THEIR PROPAGATION AND PROTECTIVE MEASURES.

To the Editor of The Telegraph: Sir: In your issue of Feb. 6th you say...

Your correspondence from Westmorland don't seem to have studied the habits of the shad, or he said I do not agree in reference to their propogations. I suppose he refers to the (so-called) fall shad, that are taken at the head of the bay. Let me say those fish are not the fish that have spawned the previous spring, as their size shows...

In our waters, the spring shad feed on a kind of jelly substance, that forms on their bottom in the eddies, or on round particles of decaying vegetable matter. I have never been able to find, with the naked eye, anything in the jelly substance resembling worms, but have with a magnifying glass...

Now, after over twenty years of careful study and observation, I am firmly convinced that the position of the water of the bay has had the effect of destroying the feeding grounds and that in consequence the young fish have had to seek pasture elsewhere.

I do not know just what the average percentage of the shad caught in a St. John harbor are "roe" shad, but placing them at thirty per cent, of the catch, then multiply by say 10,000 fertile eggs to the fish destroyed, the result will, I am sure, show the cause of our depleted fisheries.

Your correspondent says "while every effort is made to protect the lobster and herring, the shad is left uncared for and unprotected." Now, sir, that statement is not only misleading, but a suggestion that the fishery office in New Brunswick are a set of officers who receive their salaries, but render no service therefor, which is not in accordance with the facts of the case, as I am prepared to prove.

Reading shad artificially is a subject to which I have given considerable time and study, together with some experimenting, and find it is entirely practicable. The difficulty is in procuring the parent fish at the proper time, and from the correct spawning grounds, and in being able to keep the parent fish until the roe matures, as in the case of salmon.

Your correspondent refers to the willingness of the government, and asks by way of saying "all that is really needed is to bring the real facts to their notice."

Now, sir, that sounds very plausible. But it so happens that I am in a position to know several things. Now, sir, I think and I believe you will agree with me, that it makes quite a difference in the action of the government, when they take the personal of their informant into consideration. I know that I informed the late government of my experiments and success in hatching shad, and desired to proceed to restock this stream, if they would give me the right to take the parent fish, and I only asked them to pay the expense of an assistant which would not exceed 40 or 50 per year. I made that offer more than once. Did they agree? No. I was only an officer of the Fisheries. Still they never asked an investigation.

Permit me to thank you and your correspondent for bringing this subject before the public, and I trust that others may assist to agitate the need of restocking the rivers with shad. And especially so, when it does not cost as much to hatch and protect them until they are quite shad as desired, the tidal rivers of this country could be literally crowded with them.

BRITAIN PREPARING FOR EMERGENCIES

Every Available Soldier of Royal Garrison Artillery Ordered to Man the Forts for Practice. Halifax, Feb. 16.—A very important and rather significant order was issued today at the instance of Major General Sir Charles Parsons, commander-in-chief of the imperial forces of Canada.

A summons of the above nature, commanding that in the middle of winter with the snow leading to the various fortifications banked with snow, together with the fact that two European powers are at war with each other, has been issued in England in preparation for another war.

"What does all this mean," asked a correspondent of one of the Royal Artillery officers. "It means very much," replied the officer. "We do not know when Britain will be compelled to take a hand in the war some day in progress between Russia and Japan. We are certainly getting ready for any emergency that may arise."

"Can you say why orders have been issued for the manning of the forts in winter?" "I am working order and to remedy any defects considered necessary—identically the same thing that would be done if the forts were engaged in actual warfare. Every gun will be discharged and thoroughly tested and when the men leave at the end of the month they will be in readiness for practical use. The Royal Artillery will embark for the fortifications on transports, which will leave the King's wharf and Imperial wharf in a month or two after."

It is the grim tenacity of purpose, in the methods employed, in the number enlisted on both sides in proportion to the population of the state, and in the appalling cost, both in life and property, the industrial war now going on in Colorado is one of the most interesting ever recorded in the history of the world.

Thirty-five thousand workmen all on an average of five months each; 4,000,000 working days lost; \$10,000,000 a low estimate of the loss of the state, and a conservative estimate—loss from direct damage and non-production; \$50,000,000 cost of National Guard ordered to three or four parts of the state during the nine months for the protection of life and property.

The result: A declaration of war between capital and organized labor as reported in the mining districts and in the National Guard from 350 men in March, 1903, to 3,000 men fully armed and equipped; courts and civil writs superseded in the mining districts and martial law declared; the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus and the enforcement of the "vag" law in the mining camps and the official execution of all men who refused to work. And with all of this, the 25,000 miners in the metalliferous and coal camps are still out, and threaten to stay out for months.

It has passed the point where one can refer to it as an "industrial upheaval." It is a rebellion—a rebellion against every recognized standard of business as it exists today—a rebellion brought about by the determination of organized labor to force a change in the conditions of modern times were organized against every recognized standard of business as it exists today.

No more! The heavy armaments, no more! There is a cure for this. This must be removed from the system. We have a permanent cure for the effects of the "vag" law, and the "vag" law is a result of the "vag" law, and the "vag" law is a result of the "vag" law.

MRS. MAYBRICK, HER CRIME AND TRIAL.

Florence Maybrick, after having served nearly fifteen years in prison for the murder of her husband, James Maybrick, is again accused of a crime. Sunshine, the winds, trees and the sea are words which must now take on a new meaning for it who has never risen to the bad name of Perfect Liberty of Britain.

It is to be hoped that the end of Mrs. Maybrick's imprisonment will also be the end of the case which was also the most famous murder trial of the last quarter of the nineteenth century. It has been discussed pretty steadily ever since James Maybrick was found dead in his Liverpool home one day in 1858.

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COLORADO'S COSTLY INDUSTRIAL WAR.

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MR. WYNDHAM IN BRITISH HOUSE INTIMATES AS MUCH—CANADIAN TRADE WORTH CATERS TO HE SAYS.

Montreal, Feb. 16.—(Special)—The Star's London cable says: "Mr. Wyndham's speech in the house of commons last night marks a new stage in the fiscal discussion. He confirmed previous statements as to the government's attitude, namely, the adoption of retaliation against unfair foreign tariffs as the sole policy for the next election, leaving the preferential policy to be adopted as public opinion ripens."

"But he went on to define retaliation in a way which shows that the ministry is entirely in sympathy towards Canada and other colonies. Mr. Wyndham intimated that the government of Canada and other colonies would retaliate and sternly deprecated language which belittled the enormous value of the sentiment which underlies the Canadian, South African and New Zealand tariff preference."

"The Canadian preference had been of great value to British trade, he said. Continuing Mr. Wyndham added: "We do not make jobs or indulge in gibes about imperial dumping. For my part, if Canada places goods on our market in a manner that would be resented if so placed by another country, I would not look too seriously on that. I should distinguish between a blood-red and a blue-red complexion."

"The radicals jeered, and turning angrily to them, Mr. Wyndham added: "We, at any rate, decline to regard the colonies as in all matters upon exactly the same basis as foreign competitors. If we talk about the throne and the flag, that is supposed to be high faluting and melodramatic, but we have the foreign office for our colonies as well as for ourselves, and also the army and navy. It is not absurd to incur those heavy expenses for these common services, and then say that in matters of trade you are only entitled to treat your colonies as foreign competitors—no preference to colonies involving taxation of food or of raw material. I hope that now and ever this country will cherish the warmest possible feeling towards the colonies and the greatest gratitude for the sacrifices they have made in the common cause."

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 17.—(Special)—A. A. Mader, of the U.S. Army, at Fort Warrenton, who fought under Lord Roberts in the Boer war, is in this country in the interest of the Transvaal Consolidated Land Company, which controls 3,500,000 acres of fertile lands in Pretoria, a large part of which it proposes to plant in cotton. He is travelling through the cotton belt of the south studying the conditions of cotton culture. He says Pretoria is similar to this section as to climate, and he is of the opinion that the staple can be successfully raised.

He—"What should you say were I to ask you to be my wife?" She—"I should fall into your arms and say: 'O George!'" He—"I know, but it is the name of the man whom I name to marry."

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Vapo-Resolene. Established 1879. Whooping Cough, Croup, Bronchitis, Cough, Croup, Asthma, Diphtheria. CRESOLENE IS A BOON TO ASHMATIC PATIENTS. It is a long established and approved remedy for the diseases indicated. It is because the air resorted to in the treatment of the diseased respiratory tract is free from germs, giving relief and constant treatment. Those of a constitutive tendency, or those who have been treated with other remedies, find immediate relief from coughs or influenza caused by the use of this simple and effective medicine. LEMING, HILES & CO. 1611 Street Montreel, Canadian Agents.

DOUBLE TRAGEDY IN MASSACHUSETTS.

Pittsfield, Mass., Feb. 17.—The police of this city were notified this evening that Lyman Jordan, a farmer of Washington, a mountain town about six miles from here, had committed suicide about 3 o'clock this afternoon; also that Jordan's housekeeper, Mrs. Ellen Frumma, had been found frozen to death in a field near the house. Deputy Sheriff E. M. Mannix and Medical Examiner C. L. Pratt left for the scene of the double tragedy about 8 o'clock and returned about midnight.

Jordan, who was about 35 years of age, occupied what is known as the John Newbery farm, located a short distance north of Ashley Lake. Mrs. Frumma, who was about 25 years old, was the daughter of Mrs. Ellen Conway of this city. She was the wife of Charles Frumma, a barber, who left her a few years ago. Three of her four children were taken from her by the court and are being cared for in this city. Her eldest boy, who was with her in Washington, found the body of his mother this afternoon lying face downward in the snow.

The double tragedy followed a quarrel between Jordan and the woman. Jordan kicked and beat her, afterwards driving her outside the house, where, weakened by her injuries, she succumbed to the cold.

TO RAISE COTTON IN PRETORIA.

The Crop to Be Tested on a 3,000,000 Acre Tract.

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COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONE FREE RECORD. It Plays Itself. No music and no tone record—Eloise, The Old, Anne Marie, The Rose Tree, The Song of the Sea, The Song of the Wind, The Song of the Rain, The Song of the Sun, The Song of the Moon, The Song of the Stars, The Song of the Earth, The Song of the Sky, The Song of the Ocean, The Song of the Forest, The Song of the Mountain, The Song of the Valley, The Song of the Plain, The Song of the Desert, The Song of the Snow, The Song of the Ice, The Song of the Fire, The Song of the Earth, The Song of the Sky, The Song of the Ocean, The Song of the Forest, The Song of the Mountain, The Song of the Valley, The Song of the Plain, The Song of the Desert, The Song of the Snow, The Song of the Ice, The Song of the Fire, The Song of the Earth, The Song of the Sky, The Song of the Ocean, The Song of the Forest, The Song of the Mountain, The Song of the Valley, The Song of the Plain, The Song of the Desert, The Song of the Snow, The Song of the Ice, The Song of the Fire, The Song of the Earth, The Song of the 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THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1913.

ST. JOHN EMPHATICALLY
DECLARES AGAINST THE
G. T. P. RAILWAY CONTRACT.

Dr. Daniel, Conservative, Chosen to
Represent This City at
Ottawa.

Hon. H. A. McKeown Defeated by 307 Votes--Mr. Blair's
Stand on the Transportation Measure Upheld--Vote
Smaller Than in 1910, But Opposition Carry All
But Three Wards--Speeches of Candidates
and Others After the Battle
of Ballots.

Dr. J. W. Daniel was the choice of a majority of the St. John electors who went to the polls Tuesday to declare their selection of a representative in the parliament at Ottawa. He won by 307 votes over Hon. H. A. McKeown, making a change of nearly 600 from the election of 1910 when Hon. Mr. Blair defeated Hon. Geo. E. Foster by 697.

The Conservatives are jubilant and celebrated by a wild and enthusiastic mass meeting in York Theatre Tuesday following on an equally enthusiastic gathering there to hear the returns as they were received from the wards.

The Liberals gathered in Berryman's Hall to hear the returns but when the vote was found to have gone against them they dispersed after hearing speeches from Mr. McKeown and George Robertson, M. P. P.

Dr. Daniel carried ten wards and Mr. McKeown won three and also had the non-resident majority in Blair-Foster contest the Liberals won ten wards and the non-residents, and lost three wards. Mr. McKeown captured Kings, Wellington and Prince, but Wellington did the best for him. In fact one of the surprises of the day was in this ward for the Conservatives felt sure of winning it. Mr. McKeown's majority there was only some thirty below Mr. Blair's, and with a lighter vote.

Carlton went against the Liberals as expected, but Mr. McKeown came out of the west with better results than Mr. Blair did. Dulac, Quers and Sydney which gave good Liberal majorities in 1910, changed and Mr. McKeown lost by a small margin in all three.

In the North End Lorne, which had gone against Mr. Blair, increased its Conservative majority yesterday. Lansdowne, Juffere, Victoria and Stanley all changed Liberal into Conservative victory.

IN BERRYMAN'S HALL.
The News of Defeat--Speeches by Hon. Mr. McKeown and George Robertson, M. P. P. Some Causes.

There was no joy at Liberal headquarters in Berryman's Hall. As of old the great news gathered there early in the morning, and a large blackboard was used for the display of the figures and calculation of majority. Hon. Mr. McKeown was there early.

From the first figures almost, there was fear that all was not well for the Liberal candidate, and as the returns came in, a gloom which did not improve, except when cheering news of victory in some section was received. This gloom and defeat had to be acknowledged, however unwillingly.

Hon. Mr. McKeown.
Hon. Mr. McKeown was called on and briefly addressed the gathering. He was given three hearty cheers and a tiger. He said he had no feeling of regret so far as the effect of the election upon himself personally was concerned. He expressed his hearty gratitude for the party workers. No contest had been carried on under greater difficulties--the circumstances under which the seat had become vacant and the loss of the Liberal organizing staff had made insuperable difficulties.

He had put up the best fight he could. He regretted the standard had not been placed in stronger hands but he had no right to be angry. He said he would not be taken too much to heart. He had been honored by the party here more than once in being made their standard bearer; they had stood by him under pressing circumstances and he regretted the accident that now overtook them as a party. As an incident in his life, his feelings were not of regret. It was burdensome to be a representative, and a relief to lay down public duties in that connection.

Mr. Robertson.
Geo. Robertson, M. P. P., was called on to speak and was heartily cheered. He said nothing would make up a party like a clip. The Liberal party was not knocked out and did not lose heart; he would leave a party did it lose heart at defeat. They had behind them the record of the government and the government is in power and will be in power after the next general election. (Applause.)

They had been harassed through no fault of the party, to enter into this campaign and the opposition had cleverly--and he did not blame them--taken their opportunity and had gained a temporary victory.

Dr. Daniel had been sent to Ottawa; no doubt the Conservatives will be satisfied. He would not be the one to say the government would change its policy in St. John because Dr. Daniel had been returned, the party was too great and there was too big a mob at the head of it, but he thought all in the city would say the government had done something for this

port worthy of something else than the defeat administered here, but influences were such that the result has been as we find it. The Liberals, he said, should draw their ranks together tighter and see that they have a morning paper in favor of the government, (cheers) and also that every paper claiming to be Liberal is really a Liberal paper. (Hear, hear.)

If they would do this and bear in mind that within twelve months they would have to meet the enemy again, they will win in the general elections and they would be cowards not to take this defeat as an incentive to buckle on their armor and fight like men.

He was not despondent, Mr. Hazen had so far forgotten himself as to call him (Robertson) a traitor and men were imported from one place and another who ridiculed him, but he had spoken but ten minutes in the campaign and then he spoke of Dr. Daniel's good character.

Mr. Robertson referred to the Star's work as scandalous. He also spoke of his letter to the Globe and said it had provoked the "conscience of the opposition because they knew how mean a thing they were doing and he said St. John had done the meanest thing, politically it had ever done. If the Conservatives had not whipped the party or defeated Mr. McKeown they were mistaken. Mr. McKeown's majority was the standard bearer again. (Cheers.)

LEARN OF VICTORY.
Conservatives Rejoice in York Theatre as the News Comes in from the Wards.

By 5:30 o'clock York Theatre was about half filled with anxiety-ridden electors, some of whom had been waiting since early in the afternoon. The blackboard, showing the ward returns was the object on which all eyes were focused, eyes which looked supremely satisfied, and eyes which looked otherwise, after J. D. Hazen made his first announcement, repeating the result. He had been busy figuring, but presently arose and said:

"From the returns so far, Dr. Daniel is elected with a majority of 314." There wasn't any need to call for cheers. Mr. Hazen had hardly ceased speaking when all present jumped to their feet, and with waving hats and hands roared out their acclaim. By 6 o'clock the hall was rapidly filling, for people coming from work preferred to call at the theatre and learn as many particulars as possible, rather than eat, fast, and learn afterwards.

Mr. Hazen's announcement, which was given with the assurance that the figures might be in error opened with great rapidity. News comes looked at the board, and being at first unable to learn from it, just what the situation was, asked eagerly who was ahead, and what the majority was. The audience seemed a Daniel one, in its entirety.

The North End ward workers and electors, as the returns from the North End wards came in waxed uproarious. The North End had given Dr. Daniel notable support.

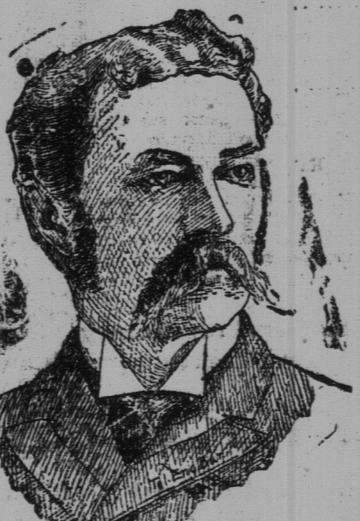
There were hurrahs and cheers. Men turned in their seats, and seeing some colleague, two chairs in the rear, would manage to grasp his hand, by dint of severe stretching over the backs of the seats, and the heads of the people in the middle row.

The Successful Candidate Appears.
Shortly after 6 o'clock the people became hungry for a sight of the new representative.

He spoke briefly. He said Mr. Emmerson had said Mr. McKeown would be returned with over a thousand of a majority, and drew attention to the victory as being that of the people. The laboring men of the city had been with the Liberal Conservatives. He had been through civic elections and had experienced both defeat and victory, but in this contest for higher honors, the bitterness of defeat was now on the other side.

J. D. Hazen, M. P. P.
In response to repeated calls J. D. Hazen came forward and was received with cheers. He thanked the Liberal Conservatives of St. John for the splendid victory which had been accomplished.

From the contact he believed the government would be defeated, and not once had he faltered in his belief. The thinking vote of the people was absolutely against the G. T. P. scheme, the action of Mr. Blair in resigning rather than support such an iniquitous measure had been endorsed by the people of St. John. In 1891 the Conservatives were solidly united, and this union would continue until after the next general election, come when it might.



DR. J. W. DANIEL.
Tuesday Elected M. P. for the City of St. John.

best. The zeal and interest shown had never been equalled here before. The speaker wishes to extend his warmest thanks to them and to the executive committee. The victory for St. John would be far reaching in its effects. Canada would be ringing with praise for St. John's action, and it would prove to be a large nail in the coffin of the Laurier administration.

Other speakers were Geo. V. Maloney, Alderman Macree, Dr. Silas Alward, John Killen, Henry Green and W. S. Beecher.

When the speeches were ended, Dr. Daniel was placed in a sleigh and with men in the shade, he was escorted home by cheering throngs. From his door step he briefly addressed the crowd, expressing thanks for the escort.

CELEBRATING VICTORY.
Jubilant at Mass Meeting of Conservatives in York Theatre.

The York Theatre was crowded at night when the Conservatives held a jubilant meeting.

Mr. Stanley.
William Stanley, of the Ship Laborers' Union, said he was delighted with the outcome of the election and at the fact that laborers could not be bought like sheep. Astenoga had been made in all the booths to buy votes but the interests of the labor men had been carefully guarded. The methods employed by the Liberal government to better the lot of the laborers were by no means liberal. Sir Wilfrid Laurier would see in Mr. McKeown's victory the triumph of the Liberal party throughout Canada.

Dr. Gilchrist and Colonel Tucker.
Dr. Gilchrist was received with cheers. He said it was always a sound policy to fight the enemy. Dr. Daniel would be but the advance guard of the men in this case. He said he had no objection to oppose a corrupt administration. It was time, he said, that the fossil politician who had represented this constituency should be supplanted by a more efficient representative. It was fitting that when the fossil politician referred to was dead a monument representing a lobster should be placed over his grave.

Mr. Hazen.
J. D. Hazen, M. P. P., who was received with round after round of applause, said the reception given him was enough to make him believe he occupied a warm place in their hearts. He congratulated them on the splendid victory. Much praise was due the ward workers. He himself had been giving his whole time for two weeks for the cause but he claimed no credit as it was only what many more had done and what was merely his duty. The victory would ring through Canada as no other since 1898.

Dr. Daniel.
Dr. Daniel was received with great cheering. He said the present moment was one of the proudest of his life. The victory had been won by the people. Their voice had done the work that had been placed clearly before the electors. Mr. Hazen was especially due the gratitude of the people of St. John. He had stood up in parliament for the interests of St. John when the representative of St. John was especially due the gratitude of the people of St. John. He had stood up in parliament for the interests of St. John when the representative of St. John was especially due the gratitude of the people of St. John.

Disapproval of the G. T. P.
In this election the people of their own accord had been calmly thinking out the issues, and without intimidation they had voted their disapproval of the G. T. P. scheme. The electors had acted right in supporting the action of Mr. Blair.

The speaker said that when he went to Ottawa the electors could depend that he would look after his constituents' interests. He was for the constituency as long as he represented it, no matter what government was in power. He would represent it whether his attitude pleased the party in power or not. The victory would boost the opposition to the G. T. P.

Interruption Raises Uproar.
At this point a man standing in the aisle shouted some remark hostile to Dr. Daniel's victory. He was only quieted by being threatened with the evening. What he had said couldn't be heard owing to the uproar.

The speaker took no credit to himself for the result of the election. The work had been magnificent in the committee rooms. He had never seen better organization. He thanked all for their hearty co-operation, and when he returned from Ottawa to submit his stewardship to the electors he would return with honesty of heart and of intention.

George V. Maloney said that judging from the fervor of the reception given him he himself might be the successful candidate. He congratulated the people on the splendid victory in the cause of good government. Dr. Daniel had entered the contest when there seemed no chance of winning but some of them had said that the great heart of this constituency beat true to the principles of conservatism. Great credit was due the laboring men for the manner in which they had cast their ballots. The government had sent a large sum of money to the city but they had showed the powers at Ottawa they were not to be bribed and not only the city but the whole country would ring with applause of their staunchness to principle.

W. H. Thorne.
W. H. Thorne said all he could do was to give and receive congratulations. The people were aware that eight by-elections were being held in the Dominion and it was hardy to be expected that the majority would be carried in view of the strength of the influence the government would throw in-behind of the Liberal candidates. However, the peoples' power could not be kept down. In St. John a good candidate had been handsomely returned.

D. Mullin, K. C.
Daniel Mullin, K. C., said he had not come to make a speech. But to rejoice at the great victory won. They had every reason to be proud. They had gone into the contest handicapped with the majority which Mr. Blair had rolled up. They would be ringing through the length and breadth of the Dominion heralding the fact that the Conservative party were on the eve of a great victory. Considering the state of affairs in the Dominion, the Liberal Government had taken on the G. T. P. scheme, he had reason to be proud of his old constituency, as it was a practical endorsement of his views. As far as he (Mr. Mullin) was concerned he might be counted on to be where he had always been, fighting in the ranks of the Liberal Conservative party.

John Killen.
Mr. Killen was obliged to come forward in response to loud cheers. He said that during the polling he had been accused of saying the labor vote but this he indignantly repudiated. In future elections he believed the vote of the labor element would be of great importance. The labor men had learned to vote for themselves.

Ald. Macree.
Ald. Macree enlarged upon the greatness of the triumph. It had been a genuine victory. The government was notified in an unmistakable way of St. John's attitude toward the G. T. P. scheme.

Dr. Daniel's election was the writing on the wall. If the G. T. P. was ever built it was now practically certain that the government and the Liberal party were under obligation to those staunch Liberals who had the day before yesterday before and voted with them. One prominent Liberal worker had assured him that from the manner in which affairs were going he believed that the Conservative standard and when they did they would find that they were a united party with no squabbling among themselves.

Ald. Baxter said that amid their rejoicings they should extend their sympathies to those whom they had defeated. The Conservative party knew what it was to suffer defeat and also how to face it. There had never been a set of circumstances that had compelled them to go around the country telling one story in one part and another in another. Mr. McKeown reminded him of the dog which was crossing the bridge with a bone in his mouth and dropped it to snatch at the reflection in the stream. The Conservative party stands for impartial justice to the people of St. John and declared the old flag to be good enough for them. Mr. McKeown had gone to the local legislature and there he had defined pledges, none of which he had kept, he had promised a secret ballot for the provincial elections, which he had not made any of. Mr. Emmerson might not have had the secret ballot they should never have achieved the victory they were now first step towards it.

Through the dominion carrying the Conservative party to victory. If they kept on working faithfully it would be found that Mr. Emmerson might not have thirteen constituencies at his back nor even, it might be, his own.

E. R. Chapman.
E. R. Chapman said he was a member of the Conservative committee in Queens ward where Mr. Blair had a majority of 140 but the same ward had given Dr. Daniel a majority of 23. The workers in all the wards had done well but there were no more enthusiastic men in the ranks than in his ward. He would make an allusion to what he named the acrobatic political career of Mr. McKeown.

Congratulatory Telegrams.
Telegrams congratulating Dr. Daniel were read from the following: D. Morrison, Newcastle; P. G. Mahoney, Sackville; G. T. Collier, Fredericton; John McNeill, Colebrook; Philip Cox, Chatham; G. W. Fowler, Sussex; Joseph McLeod, Fredericton; S. A. McLeod, Sussex; F. M. Sprout, Hampton; Elsie Stewart, Bathurst; Jacob White, Bathurst; J. N. W. Winslow, Woodstock; Fred Watson, St. Stephen; York Co. Conservative Club, H. L. Landry, Grand Falls; G. E. Dewitt, Wolfville; C. L. Hannington, Dorchester; I. E. Sheehan, Woodstock; J. W. Y. Smith, Moncton; G. W. Ganong, J. D. Chipman, St. Stephen; L. H. Bliss, E. Byron Winslow, Fredericton; Dr. Dundas, Hoyt; G. M. Duncan, Bathurst; B. E. Smith, Florenceville; I. T. Whitlock, St. Stephen; S. M. McCully, J. D. Johnson, Chatham; J. C. Hartley, Colebrook.

There were calls for other speakers but the meeting finished with cheers for the King and the newly elected candidate.

Where once lived a prince in Boloma
Where only dwelt was so
Few dollars, that he
Might sail o'er the sea,
And win Hasty Green
New Orleans Times-Democrat.

F. W. DANIEL & CO.,
London House, St. John.

Write for
Samples
of our
New Spring
Dress Materials.

The great popularity of
the three-quarter length
coat suit brings out a lot
of pretty new tweed effects
of subdued mixtures.

Prices 75c to \$1.50
per yard.

Then there is a whole
lot of new things in light
weight materials specially
adapted for their attractive
draping qualities.

Suitings in Tweed Effects.

- "Mannock" Suitings, 44 in., 85c
- Knape Tweed " 44 in., 75c
- Lanark Skirt " 56 in., \$1 35
- "Puritan" " 56 in., 1 50
- "Aberdeen" " 54 in., 1 00

Voiles, Etamines, et

- Albatross, 40 in, all colors,
- Panama, 42 in,
- Etamine, 40 in,
- Canvas Suiting, 46 in,
- Silk Striped Voile,

Write for Samples.

LONDON HOUSE,
CHARLOTTE STREET.

F. W. DANIEL & CO

WRITE TODAY. Be sure and say you saw the advertisement in "THE TEL"

THE VOTE BY WARDS.

Tables Showing the Count of Tuesday's
Ballots--Comparison with Blair-Foster
Election.

Wards.	McKeown	Daniel	Difference
Kings	190	188	2
Wellington	403	332	71
Prince	476	564	87
Queens	318	327	9
Dulac	282	242	40
Sydney	220	232	12
Days	282	282	0
Brooks	284	238	46
Lorne	256	272	16
Lansdowne	262	242	20
Dufferin	297	359	62
Victoria	277	307	30
Stanley	54	81	27
Non-resident	17	13	4
	3,383	3,690	307

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Carlton County (North) Scarlet Chapter.

Florenceville, N. B., Feb. 16--Carlton county (North) Royal Scarlet Chapter met in Farley L. O. L. room, Mount Pleasant yesterday. The attendance was good, one candidate was exalted, and officers chosen for the year. They were:

- S. Wilbur Smith, W. C. in C.
- Dr. A. S. Estey, ex-conv.
- A. A. Belyea, comp. chap.
- B. R. Clark, comp. scribe.
- Frank Alt, comp. treat.
- W. H. Christie, herald knight.
- Coles Richards, I. herald.
- John Clark, O. Herald.

The chapter adjourned to meet at Hartland on Friday evening, when other candidates will be presented for exaltation.

SEAMEN'S MISSION.

Adjourned Annual Meeting--Officers
Elected, But Question of New
Building Not Decided.

At the adjourned annual meeting of the Seamen's Mission, held in their rooms Thursday night, the following officers were elected:

- President, Herbert C. Tilley.
- Secretary, James N. Rogers.
- Treasurer, John W. Cassidy.
- Vice-presidents and managing committee, G. Mitchell, W. M. Parks, Rev. J. A. Richardson, Mrs. S. L. Corbett, Mrs. T. Walker, Mrs. A. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Joseph McKeown, Mrs. M. J. Hasine, Mrs. A. Estey, W. F. Nobles, Mrs. D. McLean, Rev. G. Campbell, Rev. S. Stratton, S. L. Corbett, J. N. Rogers, Rev. C. T. Phillips, Mrs. J. N. Rogers, Mrs. W. J. Parks, J. S. Flagg, Mrs. W. J. Parrell, J. W. Cassidy, J. E. Irvine, Mrs. G. Hevener, R. Morton Smith, T. H. Bullock, Mrs. D. Jamieson, Mrs. A. McNeill, Dr. J. H. Scammell, Lady Tilley, Mrs. Robert Croutank, Mrs. T. Graham, Mrs. Joseph Allison, Miss A. Thompson, Mrs. W. J. Parks, Miss C. A. Francis, Mrs. L. Lovitt, Mrs. G. A. McDonald, Mrs. Joseph Seymour, G. A. Henderson, T. Graham, and Mrs. George Mitchell.

After the election of officers the meeting adjourned Tuesday night, when the question of erecting a new building will come up for discussion.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

U. N. B. and Normal School.
To the Editor of The Telegraph:
Sir--The article in Saturday's edition of your paper entitled "U. N. B. students invade Normal School" contains several inaccuracies. The U. N. B. students certainly visited the Normal School Friday morning and there was a scuffle at the door. This was when one of the students was struck by the janitor, who was doing scullery duty.

It is to be regretted that the affair has been so widely publicized, but since the other side has taken the trouble to air their grievances the public should know both sides. Before the present principal was appointed, and indeed for a while after, the exercises were public, and college students, many of them graduates of the institution, were often present, not for the purpose of flirting with the young ladies of the institution, as your correspondent alleges. I think in making that statement he is very unfair to the young ladies, most of whom are as well bred as any of your correspondent himself. Besides, the conditions are not very favorable to flirting when considerable distance intervenes between the spectator and the students and the eyes of six or seven teachers are on the lookout.

As for disturbing the devotional exercises, I think this has never been done. But if any disturbance had taken place it certainly was the duty of the principal to find out the offender and to take proceedings against him. Instead of that, he closes the partial exercises of the school to the whole student body, innocent and guilty alike. It is true he demands apology for past offences and promises for better behavior in future before students of the university may be admitted to the school. Are you so generous committed by former students and to promise that future classes shall be well behaved? I think any fair-minded person can see the foolishness of the demand. Nor can we guarantee that no student among those now in college shall do anything to fret the principal. In 1902 we decided that any disturbance created at the Normal School was at the risk of the disturber, and this resolution was made known to the authorities of that institution.

Now, as Canadians we are inclined to hold as a privilege we have had in the past;

Deranged Nerves

AND
"GET A BOX OF
MILBURN'S
HEART AND NERVE
PILLS"

He says I have been ailing for about a year from deranged nerves, and my often weak spells would come over me as he says that I sometimes thought would be unable to survive them. I have been treated by doctors and have taken many preparations but none of them helped me in the least. I finally got a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. Before taking them I did not feel able to do any work, but now I can work as well as ever thanks to one box of your pills. The advice to any person troubled as I was, to get a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

Price 50 cts. per box, or 3 for \$1.25
made in U.S.A.
THE T. MILBURN CO., Limited
NEW YORK, U.S.A.