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## MICROCOPY RESOIUTION TEST CHART

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## POEMS

BY
THOMAS W. FYLES, D.C.L

# PS8461 <br> YS 4 <br> A17 <br> 1907 

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Entered acsording to Act of the Parliament of Canada, In the year one thousand nine hundred and seven, by Thos. W. Fries, at the Department of Agriculture.

## INTRODUCTION.

- The following poems were written in my youth and early manhood-the greater number of them during a residence in a very secluded neighborhood. Their composition afforded me amusement in many a stormy Winter's night, and in many a lonely ride along the valley-roads of that mountainous part of the country. I could wish that the verses were better, but such as they are I affectionately dedicate them to my Friends.

Levis, Quebec, March 26th, $1907 . \quad$ T. W. F.

## CONTENTS. <br> CONTENTS.

Songs of the Seasons-
In the Sugar Woods Page
Spring ..... 9
In Memoriam, A. M. R. ..... 11
The Pool ..... 13
The Brook ..... 15
The Gloaming ..... 16
The Message-A rrild'e Fancy ..... 17
In the English Meadows-The Song of the Lark ..... 18
The St. Lawrence ..... 20
The Thunder-storm ..... 21
Peace ..... 22
The Invitation ..... 23
A Midnight Walk in the Brome Mountains ..... 24
The Fall ..... 26
October ..... 27
Bopßopodes ..... 29
The Northern Lights ..... 30
Ohanged ..... 31
December ..... 33
The Winter Celebration ..... 34
Departed ..... 36
The Lonely Barn ; or, A Winter Tragedy ..... 38 ..... 40
vi
CONTENTS.
The Cavalier P10s
The Distinguiched Exit of Mr. Richard Rainford ..... 42
Ye Ancyente Ballade of Syr Hew . ..... 51
Florence. A Fragment ..... 60
Two Chapters in a Life History ..... 68
Miscellaneous- ..... 73
Shooting a Cherubim
In an English Church ..... 77
The Cross ..... 80
The Tempest ..... 82
A Prayer ..... 85
"Actaca" ..... 87
'The Defeat of the Midianites ..... 88
A Miniature and its Setting ..... 90
The $\mathbf{R e}^{\mathbf{c}}: \mathbf{i r n}$. ..... 92
Siller vs. Jonscience ..... 94
An Eclogue ..... 95
The English Woods. An Invitation ..... 99
The Grave of the Coureur de Bois ..... 101
A Pioture ..... 103
On a View of the Birthplace of Robert Burns ..... 104
To a Blackbird that Lit in the Rigging of a Ship at
The Indian's Revenge . ..... 109 ..... 110


## IN THE SUGAR WOODS.

Mary.
"The Earth is long entranc'd!"

Emma.
"'Tis cold and bound.
Nor insect's hum, nor song of happy bird, Relieves the craving ear. On all around Sits Silence heavily."

# Robert. <br> "But hark! I heard <br> A rustling: were the beech leaves yonder stirr'd ?" 

## William.

"Perchance a breath came o'er them from the South And shook them lightly."

Emma.
"Sear, as by the mouth Of furnace scorch'd; their decidence deferr'd, They cling around the branches."

## William.

There is a dripping faintly Hark again!
There is a dripping faintly musical."
Robert.
"Yes, into vessels hung by thrifty men To wounded maples, sweet drops slowly fall."

Mary.
"Ere long will course the circulation then,
0 Bounteous Mother, through thine arteries all."

## SPRING.

Merry is the wood-land, In the Spring-time of the year, When birds arc gaily singing, And the star-like flowers appear!
(Refrain.) 0 wealth of starry flowers, 0 tide of silver song,
That greet the sunny hours The plcasant trees ainong.

The Winter's reign is euded,
And the ice and snow are fled; The budding spray, extended,

Flecks the blue sky overhead.
(Refrain.) 0 pleasant green-wood bowers, With broken sunlight gay!
0 rosy-footed hours
That swept the storms away!
The mountain runnels twinkle,
Making merry music near;
The distant sheep-bell's tinkle
Faintly falls upon the ear.
(Refrain.) 0 airs with gladness ringing0 cool, refreshing rills-
To laughing valleys bringing
The love-notes of the hills!

SPRING.

## Ohorus.

Old Winter. near the ingle, Crouch'd forlornly all the day; The boy Spring, blithe and nimble, Loves in leafy woods to stray. Then 01 for the joys of the woodland, For a romp with the infant Spring, Where soft airs blow, and wild flowers grow, And rivulets from the uplands flow, And the birds so merrily sing!

## IN MEMORIAM.

A. M. R.

Ob. June 2nd, 1882.
"Dear Father, pick the flowers!"The words were faint and mild; They fell, that Spring-tide even, From her, his dying child.
" Dear Father, pick the flowers, So fresh and pure and white, So eloquent with promise Of Summer-days' delight."

And fondly he the choicest Secured, an offiring fair, For her so pure and fragileThe sweetest blossom there.

Again he gather'd flowers, Like those she counted dear, And wreath'd them in devices, To deck the lov'd one's bier.

## 14

## IN MEMORIAM.

For God our Father gathers
His flowers one by one, And changes them to Amaranth, For love of His dear Son;

And bids men cease from sorrow, And upward raise their eyes, Forgetting this world's partings In hopes of Paradise.

## THE POOL.

I stand by the pool in the even, The elouds are all gone from the sky; There are stars in the depth of the heaven, And stars in the still water lie.

How broad and how deep is the heaven,The pool it is shallow and small; Yet it gives baek a part of the glory The wonderful heaven lets fall.
'Twas form'd, as we know, from the dropletsThe clouds wept them late in the day-
And to-morrow the sun, as it shineth, Will speedily hale it away.

This pool, in its swift evanescence, An emblem of life is to me:
And the star-spangled depth that surrounds us Eternity seemeth to be.

I would that my life, while it passes, Reflections may ever retain
Of the beauties of Him who inhabits Eternity's boundless domain.

## THE BROOK.

Behold, the rippling rill, with many a bound, As restless as a lambkin in its play, Amid the verdant meadows winds its way-
A band of ribbon on a velvet ground!
Now glancing gaily o'er the pebbled shallows, Now in a deeper channel slowly glidingFondly lingering, but ne'er abidingIt may not stay
Where sleepy lilies make its mimic waves their pillows,
And arrow-heads its bosom pierce.
${ }^{\prime}$ Tis hiding,
Now, amid the meadow-sweet and flags and willows;
And now, with current fierce, It breaks away!


THE GLOAMING.
The twilight is a-dying in the sky;
And ebon clouds are gath'ring for its bier.
Within the East, their hours of revel nigh,
The darkling elves their glimmering lamps uprea*.
The minstrels of the day have gone to rest:
The linnet sleeps with head beneath its wing, In thickest brake the robin hides its breast,
And in the grass the lark is cowering.
While Nature drowses in tranquility,
Night comes in silence to resume her reign;
The deep mysterious sky, the sombre plain, Now seem as things beheld in fantasy; The darkness closes in oppressively,

And e'en the excess of calm becomes a pain.

## 18

## THE MESSAGE-A CHILD'S FANCY.

## "Father, are the stars peep-holes made by the little boys and girls who have gone to heaven and want us to come to them?"

The azure robe of heaven
Is deeked with spangles bright;
It veils from earthly vision
The realms of heavenly light.
And the glimmering points above us
Are peep-holes, made by those
(The blessed ones!) who love us,
In the land of sweet repose.

They've passed the void, hut tarry
Upon the farther strand;
Those twinkling sparklets carry
A message from their hand.
'Tis " Press for heaven above you, That's veiled from human eye;
Forget not those who love you Beyond the starry sky."

## IN THE ENGLISH MEADOWS-THE SONG OF THE LARK.

The little lavrock trills
A joyous song to-day; His voice the welkin fills-
What is it he would say?
"I thank Thee, gracious God, For all that Thou hast given :The ever verdant sod, The clear blue vault of heaven, For life and liberty, For love and happinessSince all things come of Thee, For all things Thee I hless. At morn and mid-day elear, At elosing of the day, Thou still my voice shalt hearAceept the grateful lay!"

Sing on, thou minstrel dear! Arouse to rivairy All tuneful things that hear Thy rapturous melory! And man-his own 1.cart singingShall mark how heaven above, With countless voiees ringing, Is tremulous with love.

## SUNDAY.

Prime day of all the Seven, we greet thee! Now The harsh sounds cease that placid Ease affright, And brawny Labor wipes his moisten'd brow, Descends his car, and robes his arm of might. And Nature's breathings soothe the weary wightThe carol of the sweet bird, from the bough,

Falls, with a soften'd cadence, to delight His ear; the wild bee, murmuring, charms him now. These golden moments earthly cares allow To calm content and communings with God Are in Life's thirsty wilderness, I trow,
The sheltering palms that o'er its fountains nod; Their foliage sheds a fostering umbrage on The limpid founts that bid them bourgeon.


THE ST. Lawrence.

Majestic river of the Western world, Profound, and broad, and swiftly flowing stream! Now o'er some rough descent tumultuous hurl'd, Now gliding silently, thy waters gleam. The pleasant maples, all the Summer green, On either marge hang fondly o'er thy flood; Upon thy flood, when Autumn's breath grows keen, Their foliage is dissolved in tears of blood. The spirtive Naiads, in some happy mood, Have with a thousand islets deck'd thy breastHaunts of the oriole, whose tender brood

She rears above thee, in her pendent nest; The delicate eradle oseillates on high; Thy rimplings underneath sing lullaby.


## CÔTe.Des-NEIGES

The Ethiop night her darkest shadow flings;
With densest cumuli the sky is spread;
And solemn Silence, on her owlet wings,
Glides fitfully around the mountain's head.
The city's many lights below are scatter'd,
And here and there a fire-fly's lamp is seen,Ah, now the tempest comes! The clouds are shatter'd, And from the Thunderer's hand* the lightnings. gleam.
The pines and birches o'er my pathway quiver;
And, for a moment, blue, unearthly bright,
The city and the mountains and the river
(Oh! wondrous fairy vision!) burst in sight.
A moment more, and deafening is the din, As if high heaven's huge dome were tumbling in.

[^0]
## PEACE.

The heavens are hush'd; the earth is still; No sounds assail the list'ning ear, Sape warbled hymns, that sweetly trill From many a bosky temple near.

A ealm is sunk on all aroundThe stream glides by with bosom fair; The aspen leaves, in sleep profound, Forget to twinkle in the air.

Let me partake the general rest, And seek repose, with Nature kind; Let no vain passion move my ireast, Let no vain passion move my ireast,
No anxious thought disturb my mind.

## 24

## THE INVITATION.

I found a spot to-day Where spruce and hawthorn grow; And o'er the sunny way Their pleasant shadows throw.

Shut in from outer sight, Retired and fresh and fair, A temple of delight For loving hearts is there.

The twitter of the birdHimself unscen the whileIs all the sound that's heard Within the bosky aisle.

The purple-spotted leaves Of hawkweed spread the ground;
Its golden buds, in sheaves, On every side abound.

And fair Philodice*
The charm of motion lends, And, flitting silently,

Now here, now there, descends.
Beneath the spreading boughs
White agarics are seen;
And there are fairy knowes-
There sleeps the fairy queen.
Oh, Mary, come with me, To see this temple fair; Be its divinity,

And I'll be worshipper.

[^1]
## A Midnight walk in the brome: MOUNTAINS.

On cither hand arise the rugged hills, And leafy branehes mingle overhead; O'er all heaven's blue unclouded vault is spread, Which the round moon with silver radianee fills. The Grillus ehirrups, the EEcantha shrills-
Ten thousand quavering notes are round us vient;
The shaken air itself seems sibilent; From every brake the constant burden trills. It is to us as an outlandish tongueWe hear it and pass on, acquiring nought; We know not with what meanings it is fraughtWhat triumphs, hopes and fears in it are sung.
To Him who plann'd the universe, alone, Ascends the import of each several tone.

## 87

## "THE FALL."

How quiet is the woodland! Frost has chill'd Its insect population into silence. Far south, with eager flight, the sumnter birds Are gone; and, missing them, the goodly trees Have blush'd deep red, through all their foliage, For shame at the inhospitable tine. Leaves curl'd and crisp alread: strew the sodEarth's wrapping 'gainst the Winter's cold. The fern, So elegant erstwhile, is wilted now.
The golden-rod has paled to siekly ash, And stands a spendthrift, shabby and despisedIts wealth departed ere its day is done.
Where yonder snake-fence bounds the shaggy wood, The daisy, sacred to St. Michael, still Wears purple mourning for the flow'rets gone; And spears of grass that 'seaped the mower's handTheir heads half eaten by the grasshoppersStand tall, and rustle in the passing breeze.

The slanting rays of the Oetober sun
But coldly gild the carth: bencath the beamsIts foison garner'd-all the meadow-land Lies slumbering, like Samson shorn of strength

Afar, and back'd by the empurpled hills, The village lies-a cluster of toy-houses. Its tinn'd church-spire gleams with reflected light, Like bayonet of some tall sentinel Catching the western glow. With shriek and roar The train breaks in upon the restful scene, Then snorts itself away. It leaves behind The pleasing sense that all this quietude Hath yet connection with the busy town.


OCTOBER.
The leaves arc dripping from the recent showers;
Drearily closes the Autumnal day;
The prodigal Earth hath spent its wealth of flowers, That made the Summer landscape look so gay. Baneberries, red and white, beside my way, A faint relief the faded greensward lend"They're poisonous," the country-people say, "Do not on fair appcarances depend." My fleeting moments now to Winter tend, And hopes that cheer'd my early hours are gone; My sober way I warily tread forlorn, Mistrusting joys that with life's sorrows blend. Another year will bring fresh flowers to earth; But youth's dead fancies know no second birth.

## $B O P B \Theta P O \triangle E \Sigma$.

The world is a dirty world!
I have pick'd my way through the muck;
But, at every step of my journey,
Additional filth has stuck.

It is, 0 to wash one's hands From all defilements clean! It is, 0 by the angels of God In decent clothes to be seen!

I am weary of the mud, So slippery, foul and blackPray Heaven the rest of my journey May be in a fairer track.

## THE NORTHERN LIGHTS.

To-nigit the vast profound of heaven Is with th' Aurora's splendors riven; Like flaming swords of cherubim, The flashes glanee where stars show dim; They fire, they fade, they rise, they fall, Like tapers in high earnival.
And still new forms to them are givenThey seem awhile the gates of heaven; And now the throne of God; and now A erown of brilliance for His brow. In Aretic lands of eonstant snow, They cheer the stunted EskimoEnliv'ning, with their ruddy light, His weary Winter of long night.
From Western forests they are seen By dusky Indians, who deem That, in their wild unearthly fires, They see the spirits of their sires, Dancing amid the ruddy glow That veils the mighty Manitou.

And men of southern elimes have seen Strange omens in their wavering sheen: The Glendour, ehieftain brave and bold, Of burning fiery eressets told, That, on the forefront of the sky, Appeared at his nativity, Betokening that his should be A life of strange fatality.

Whate'er besides from them he learns, This truth man evermore discerns, That $H e$ is great, who made them fairTheir silent tongues His power declare; Their brightness publishes the might
Of Him who is the perfeet Light; Of Him it eloquently tells Who in supreme effulgence dwells.

## CHANGED.

'Twas at this spot we met, In leafy Summer-time; The lark o'erhead was singingIts heart less fond than thine.

How changed, in this bleak hour, The dreary land appears! The wintry gales are blowing; The heaven its mourning wears.

But ah, the weary changeThe change I find in thee! Thy glance hath lost the fondness That fill'd my heart with glee.

## DECEMBER.

## I.

The river, the desolate river! Unrippled by plashing of oars, Reflecting the frown of the forest, That heavily burdens its shores.

Its reachcs successively widen, In scallops of headland and bay; Obscured by the lowering heaven, So chill, and so voiecless, and grey.

0 where are the well-freighted vessels That, swan-like, saii'd over its breast, Conveying the old-country treasures, To gladden this world of the West?

The furrows they ploughed are all levell'd;
They've left not a trace of their way; They're gone like a dream of the darkness;
They're gone like the fragrance of May.

For, borne on the breeze from the Aretie, Approacheth the wild Winter king, To roughen with ridges the river, And blinding snow eddies to fling.

## II.

Arrives there in life-time of mortals, When Death is not far from the door, A period of mournful inaction, When serviee and mirth are no more-

When riehss and wisdonı acquired From stores of the carlier born, No longer by them are imparted To those of a subsequent dawn?

Alcs, if it be so appointed!
But store your capaeities right,
And seize ye oceasion for progress, While yet your surroundings are bright.

While season and tide are propitious, Advance ye the good ye have won; And long your memorials shall linger, In good that your serviee hath done.

## THE WINTER CELEBRATION.

Hurrah, for the bracing Winter! Hurrah, for the northern blast, That scatters the flakes o'er the fields and lakes, And binds the torrents fast.

O queenly Hochclaga, Crown'd with the constant pine, Shew all thy skill, with right good will, To welcome the joyous time.

Rear high thy fairy castle
With blocks from the quarried stream;
Set it ablaze with electrie rays
Till its keep and its curtains gleam.
Muster thy sturdy athletes, In quaint Canadian garbIn blanket suit and sash and tuque,

Its battlements to guard.

Let the rockles rise, and sprinkle With stars the frosty night; Light the red fire, till tower and spire Are a rision of weird delight.

Then form the long procession, With torches all aglow, Up the Royal Height, like a serpent bright, By the winding way to go.

While the blatant trumpets blow, And the pipes play shrill and elear, And the drums heat time, and the cymbals chime, And the gather', thonsands cheer.

While the sleigh-bells' pleasant warning Comes with a rhythmic sound, As the gay sleighs, laden with youth and maiden, Glide o'er the frozen ground.

Hurrah for the bracing Winter,
For the ice-lock'd lake and stream, For the landseape fair, and the pure, keen air,
And the woods with their silver sheen!

## DEPARTED.

"The field of God sown with the reode of the re,urrection."-Jeremy
When, in the quiet elureh-yard, sods for coverlet are spread
O'er one whom we have gently laid within his earthy bed,
His beauty, e'en more lovable than it in trutis was known,
Is, to the mourner's tearful eye, in Mem'ry's mirror shew.
We wonder greatly that we did not hold in more esteem The dear one whose deserts we now inestimahle deem. Onr love all his good qualities in one immortelle binds; And every day a thousand things reeall him to our minds.

In less degree we cherish, when we hear the wintry blast,
The memory of pleasures in the Summer that is past.
We marvel all the dreary day that we could lightly prize
The sunny hills, the laughing rills, the tender azure skips,
The honeyed notes from wild birds' throats, the hum of golden bees,
The whisper'd tales of Southern gales that swept along the leas.

DEPARTED.
But though the signs of death surround, though Nature mourns her dead
With wailing winds, and pallid brow, and bare wild arms outspread,
Commingled with our sadness for the Summer that is gone
Is hope that breathes of gladness that the Spring will shortly come-
Will come with all its voiecs, and will come with all its flowers,
Will come with all its freshness and its life-awak'ning showers.

Behold a token where the blast that swept the bloom
Hath away
scatter d seeds to reproduce the charms of yesterday.

And shall we deem the loved ones, whom we mourn, forever lost,
Like momentary meteors that night's dark brow have cost?

Are their lives' rivers mingled with the waters of a sea, Prom which the sun shall never raise bright drops of purity?
Have they, like Summer roses now, been shatter'd by
Have they, unlike the roses, left no germ for hope behind?

Oh, Death, who wrecks our gardens, sows most precious seed, and when
The glorious Spring-tide opens the flowers will come again.

## THE LONELY BARN ; OR, A WINTER TRAGEDY.

## "Owre true a talu."

"Twas distant from "The (irunge," its owner's dwelling;
It stood a gun-shot from the travelled way;
And while the drifts in frequent storms were swelling,
It held unbroken its reserve of hay.
At length, when home supplies were nearly finished, The farmer eame with team and hired man: His nearer barns, he said, must be replenished, With needful fodder, ere a thaw began.

Both man and master worked: the load grew quicklyThe keen eold air no loitering would allow; When he above turned, with a visage siekly,

And said, "Here is a dead man in the mow!"

His fork exposed the body, drawn together, Blue, mottled, and as marble hard and cold. The prowling vermin, in the bitter weather, Had tried to gnaw it-hunger made them bold!
" A stranger's form; and decently attired!" They drove in haste to tell what they had found. "Who can it be?" was eagerly enquired, As neighbors gather'd from the homesteads 'round.

None knew-the awful presenee was a mystery! On elose investigation nought was shown To be an index to his name and history-
The verdiet was, "Found dead, a man unknown."

## THE CAVALIER

## CANTO THE FIRST.

The watch-fire sheds a ruddy light; 'The laughing flame, in fierce delight, Flickers and wavers, and eddies and parts, Curling and hissing as upward it darts; And the sombre night that hath no moon Gathers around with a deeper gloom, As if it would stifle the daring flame For scorning the night of its ancient reign; And the wind, with a hollow despairing sound, Moans in the depths of the forest around, Or clamors and shricks overhead in the sky, In the unknown tongue of its agony.
But in the circle of light and heat Gay voices rise and glad hearts beatGlad hearts that reck not the coming morrow Of toil and strife, and, it may be, Of death ungraced by victoryThat apprehend nor shame nor sorrow.

There are stalworth forms on the mossy ground, There are snorting chargers tethered around, There are sentinels pacing, with watchful eyes, Lest the neighboring foe should the covert surprise;

There are fire-locks near, there are keen blades ready, There are sinewy arms, there are hands that are steady, There are eyes that are true-warin greeting and eheer Would the Roundheads receive were they now to appear.
Oh, but the laughter rings lusty and cheery! The hooting owl flits wond'ring away From the hollow elm tree, where, from break of the day, It mopingly dozed, of the sunshine awearyIts dull ear can brook nought so careless and gay.
The chief of this gallant companie Gather'd beneath the greenwood tree; Mark where he rises with carriage so free. 'Tis Sir Avery Ellsworth, a noble youth, With an iron frame and a heart of truth, And courage tried in deadly fray With the fiercest bands in Skippon's pay. "Comrades," saith he, "I will propose A toast before ye seek repose. Pass round the flagon,-A health to the King! God bless him, and shame on his enemies bring."

With a deep "Amen" from the earth they start, And each man, laying his hand o'er his heart, Fchoes the prayer with a fervor sublime Ere he empties his cup of the generous wine. Then they pile more wood on the blazing heap, Button their buff-coats up to the ehin, Pillow their heads on their saddles, and sleep Sueh sleep as the soldier afield may win. But their leader is not with slumber blest; He hath seated himself on a fallen tree,

And gloomy thoughts to his heart have prest, And his brow is contracted painfully. He thinks of his grey-headed father slain In the cause of his king on Banbury plain, Of his beardless brother, gallant and fair, Who fell on that field so fatal and goryOne ear was green and another was hoaryOf the harvest of loyalty gatherèd there.

Then on his mistress museth heAlas, she deserves not his high regard! She loveth his halls and his scignory; And by sordid love true love is out-barr'd. Pity that aught that is selfish and hard In the bosom of beauty ever should rest! By the dross that sullies the miser's breast That easket fair should never be marr'd.

But Sir Avery loveth the lady well, And his spirit reverts to her distant home, With a longing that weariness cannot dispel; And there is a tenderness in the tone Of his prayer to the God of the battle array That Peace may soon assert her sway, And the royal Charles regain his own.

## CANTO THE SECOND.

Worcester's field with blood hath been red, And the Second Charles hath gone over the sea; And Sir Avery Ellsworth hideth his head In the home of a Royalist family Far away in Berkeley Vale.

Weary and worn and sad is the knight, Feeble in body, with anguish paleHe was sore wounded in the fight. And thus to himsclf he maketh moan,"Would I werc dead-to abide alone In the peopled earth is bitter grief; To feel that the future can bring no reliefNo calm to the tempest-no dawn to the night. I trusted a kinsman: he did ne wrongHe won my domains by chicaneryHe robbed me of one who was dearest to mcOh, her love was feeble-yet niy love was strong. 1 honored my king; and I saw him die-
The gallant Christian gentleman!Beset by fanatical wretehes; whilst I Burn'd, like a chain'd cougar for frecdom, to fly At the throats of the fiends who exulting stood Whilst the crimson stream of the martyr's blood To the shuddering earth from the seaffold ran. My early comrades, one by one, Died for their King on well-fought fields, And now the Brewer of Huntingdon The iron rod of the Commonwealth wields. Harsh greed and smooth hypoerisy Have filld the land with misery. 'Twere r.cil to die: if I may not die, God give me strength that I may fly To lands of strangers o'er the foam, For my native land is alien grown.

## THE CAVALIER.

## OANTO THE THIRD.

'The darker the night, the more welcome the glow Across a desolate waste that shines;
The more lonely the lot, the sweeter the show Of sympathy is to a heart that pines. And Lucy Waynflete pitieth The brave man brought so near to death. And Lucy is wond'rous fair to see, Sweetly bold in her purity; Her cheek hath the flush of innocent youth; Her eye is lit wiih the light of truth; And her words give comfort; her smiles bring cheer To the heart that was wasted and barren and drear; And her influence acts like the sun in Spring-Unbinding-wak'ning-nurturing
The joys that were fetter'd, and hidden, and low, In the heart's bleak Winter-its frost and its snow. And as she lifts her voice in song, Fresh hopes to Ellsworth's bosom throng.

## LUCY WAYNFLETE'S SONG.

## I.

0 take ye courage, loyal men:
For God's Word is all royalty, And kingly rights, and loyalty;
And treason may look bold to-day, But God's Word shall not pass away; And the King shall have his own again.

> THE CAVALIER.

## II.

0 take ye courage, loyal men: For Merrie England, wrapt in gloom, Shall fling the cero-cloth from her soon. A thousand years' traditions eling In this land to the name of King; And Charles shall have his own again.

## III.

0 take ye courage, loyal nien:
Good seed our heroes freely strow'd
On fields that they enrieh'd with blood;
And such a harvest thenee shall spring
As none may gather save a king,
And Charles shall have his own again.

## CANTO THE FOURTH

In the old ehureh tower the glad bells ring;
In Ellsworth Court the gleemen sing; And the hills re-echo with many a shout, Where the tenantry gather the bonfires about; And they sing the song, and tell the tale, And drink deep draughts of nut-brown ale, For Sir Avery Ellsworth has eome to his own, And the King is his guest in his ancient home.

Within the hall, where banners wave
O'er eoats of mail that have elad the brave, Where shield and sword and hunting-spear Are hung with the horns of the fallow-deer,

Knights and nobles of high degree Are seated-a gallant company; And happy and fair at the head of the board, 'The Lady Lucy sits by her lord. And the wine is good, and the viands are rare, And the men are loyal, the ladies fair; And the King looks round with a gladsome eye, And thinks of the days of adversity.
And the merry monareh needs must tell Of his adventure at Boseobel, When Careless and he in the oak abode, While Cromwell's troopers beneath them rode. 'Jhen he ealls on his host to tell the tale Of his own adventures in Berkeley Vale.

## SIR AVERY ELLSWORTH'S STORY.

Sire, on Woreester's fatal day Ralph Waynflete led me from the fray, And, aided by a faithful groom, Along by-lanes, in evening gloom, He bore me to his father's home 'That stands where Severn's waters roam. You know the place: the wateh-tower stands Upon a point, whenee it commands The broad approaehes of the floodA jetty offers landing good. The timber'd frontage far extends; Quaint barge-boards grace its gable ends, The ivy mounts triumphantly Where eluster'd chimneys greet the sky;

> THE CAVALIER.

The ehapel windows, riehly painted, Shew angels bright and worthies sainted; And goodly yew-trees, widely spread, Adorn the garth where sleep the dead.

Within those yew-trees' deepest gloom There is a fairly seulptured tomb, Where rests-for so the gossips tell-
Sir Riehard, who at Bosworth fell. A seeret passage from that tomb Leads to the Hall's seeurest room. And thither I, a weary wight, Was borne by Ralph at dead of night. And there he loving tendanee gave, And saved me from an early grave. It seems that old Sir Ralph had done Some kindness once to Ireton, And the fierce Roundhead let him be From loss and molestation frec. Once only eame a band of men "To seareh the old Malignant's den ": But haply there were faithful eyes Which guarded us against surprise, And in Sir Richard's tomb I lay While passed the tardy hours of day.
When night outspread its ebon wing
Dear Lucy volunteer'd to bring Weleome refreshment, wine and food, And deftly pass'd the sentries rude. Outside one raseal at his post
Swore roundly that he saw a ghost;

But those within in deep carouse Nor mark'd her leave nor gain the house.

Oh, when my lady came that night, A ministering angel bright, Though I was landless, poor and weak, My love I could not fail to speak. And there she sweetly promised me That she my bride ere long would be. I need not tell you of the chance That offer'd of escape to France, Nor how, when times grew calm once more, And my old friend, Sir Ralph, was dead, I found my way to Severn's shore, And Luey and myself were wed.
My faithless kinsman and his wife Together lived a sorry life, Till the Dutch plague came o'er the main, And one day carried off the twain. Then my estates came back to meInjustice may not long prevailSo plase you, Sire, I end my talc, And pray God bless your Majesty.

## THE DISTINGUISHED EXIT OF MR. KICHARD

 RAINFORD, OF KE'IELTHORPE FERRY, IN THE COUNTY OF BLANK.THE SCENE.

Ketelthonpe Coinmon is barren and bare; Little save heather and gorse is found there; They play sad work with the wool, or the hair, Of the walking anatomies Sent to get fat on this Common so dreary, on conmons so spare.

Over Ketelthorpe Common the lapwings fly, And wail to each other lugubriously; And the brown bittern booms from the Flash hard by;

And the wild duek and teal
0 'cr the still waters wheel,
While the grey geese make triangles up in the skr.
Upon Ketelthorpe Common some pits may be seen, With dark water plenished, with duck-weed green.
They yield in the day a malodorous steam,
And sustain in the night
That ridieulous sprite
With St. Vitus's dance--Jack-a-Lantern* I mean.

[^2]EXIT OF MR. RICHARD RAINFORD.
0 the pits they wore dug in tho good old time When ev'ry old dame eultivated the Line,*
Ind spun her own thread-it was strong if not fine;
And in them the flax
Was put to relax,
And to poison the air with a smell eloaeine.

Now in them the effets and tadpoles wriggle; And on them Gyrinidm waltz without fldde, On this side, on that, round about, down the middle;

And dragon-flies flout them, And gnats skim about themTheir antics would make even Niobe giggle.

Ind horses, out at the elbows, $\dagger$ ereep Down to the pools, with vagabond sheep Ind rough Highland bullocks-the water is eheap;

And they drink without fear
Of the horse-leaeh near, Who disdains in their blood his nozzle to steep.

## THE COLPRIT.

A league from the village is Ferry $I$ guess. There doth Diek Rainford a dwelling possess.
Diek is a fellow whom few people bless:
He is sullen and sour,
Doleful and dour-
Not a chap that a lady would wish to earess.

- Linum usitatisimum (Linn.). † Broken-kneed.

Diek hates all his neighbors, and they disliko him; And his eredit is nil at the store and the inn. There is none very anxious to be of his kin-

He courted Miss ——,
I.e., courted her cash, But she turned him adrift with a shrug and a grin.

Dick knows ev'ry part of the common right well; The position of every pool he can tell; He can shew you the pathway to Robin IIood's well, To the Flash, and the " Ho " (Which means Hollow, you know);
And he says that at midnight his way ho can smell.
But at night-time the common would eertainly not By many be deened a delectable spot; One, having more beer than topography got,

In a swamp to the chin,
Or full length in the whin,
Would find himself soon execrating his lot.

## TIIE WITNESS.

'Tis a night in November: the moon is well-nigh On its baek, and in rags of its blanket,* the sky, Is wrapt; so the trav'ler sloould have a good cye, For if such he lack,
He'll not keep in the track Over Ketelthorpe Common, where no coaches ply.

* "Nor heaven peep through the blanket of the dark."
-" Macbeth," Act I., Sc. V.

A shoemaker, having of fiddling the knack, In dim obfuseation is staggering baek From a hamlet adjaeent, where (work being slaek)

He has been to enhance
The delights of a dance, By playing the tunes for a jovial pack.

And he there would have waited the morning's début, Untempting the darkness, unwet by the dew, But Remembranee suggested, "Your wife is a shrew, Whose tongue with a tang
Will bid you go hang, And whose elutch is as close as the grip of a Jew."

With a stiff glass of grog, then, to strengthen his nerve, And another his delicate chest to prescrve From the chill air of night, and a short pipe to serve Of a stopper in place, This pot of disgrace Is aining for home, no rcbuke to deserve.
"What an ëerie place! I ant all of a twitter," Says he to himself, for although full of liquor, He is quite out of spirits; and surely a fitter Promenade for Old Bogey,
The much dreaded fogey, Than this is, to find out, would puzzle the Viear.

So dreary the scene is, the poor lonely jackass Some ill-advised rustic has turned out to pack grass Within itself, when this sad su(i)tor of Bacchus Comes reeling in sight, Is so filled with deligbt
That his boisterous bray would have startled a Gracchus.

The shocmaker stands for a moment in dread: A monster confronts him with horns on its headA grim, hairy monster by B'elzebub sped.

St. Dunstan, the Stout,
Took the Fiend by the snout: From this man all thoughts of defiance have fled,

For he scurries away at the top of his speed; He stumbles, and lurches, and takes little heed To the way he should walk in-the pathway, indeed, He loses, and wanders, Through brambles he flounders, Tears his clothes, tears his person, till face and hands bleed.

At length, quite o'ercome with his terror and drink, He falls, near a pool that resembles bad ink, On a bed of green rushes that grow on its brink.

He thinks himself blest
To have found such a nest, Then, oblivious, catches what some call "a wink."

An hour, or longer it may be, has sped,
When a man, held by poachers and gypsics in dread, A "keeper" on duty, is hitherward led.

He hears a slight sound;
He glances around,
And the cobbler he finds on his cool rushen bed.
He steps up and slakes him: "Hullo, friend, what cheer?
What! A Moses developed? The ark is not here.
The fellow is dead as a herring, I fear.
No; he yawns and he stretches,
He moans and he retehes-
It is only a case of indulgence in beer."
The shoemaker, roused, shakes his poor muddled pate, And exclaims, "It is cold-I am all of a quake! Put some clothes on the bed, and some firc in the grate.

Why did Diek Rainford grope
Around here with a poke?"
The Keeper says, " Nonsense!-for home get-a-gait."*
"Why did Dick Rainford grope?" Did the fellow but dream,
Or talk about something he really had seen? It conld have been nothing but faney, I ween.
"Why did Diek Rainford grope Around here with a poke?"
It could certainly nothing but faney have been.

[^3]
## THE CRIME.

In Ketelthorpe what a commotion to-day!
The folk to the common are hasting away;
Their horses and sheep have been poisoned, they say, Let us follow the crowd Exclaiming so loudLy, and learn what the truth is as soon as we may.

Away to the pool where the fiddler was foundAh, here's a poor hack lying dead on the ground, Like Vilkins's Dinah.* The pathway around

Is all shatter'd and shorn,
In the death struggle torn
By the hoofs that are now in their last iron bound.
Here of two or three sheep lie the carcases coiled;
Their fleeces with purging all sodden and soiled, And their dead staring eyes looking stony and boiled;

While yonder his head
An old ram, not yet dead,
Lifte, and baa's a lament for the good mutton spoiled.
And fierce-looking men mutter deep imprecations, The bass to a treble of shrill exclamations
Sustained by the women, whose gesticulations
Are witch-like, not 'witching-
Decidedly pitching
Into some-one-or-other-or-both demonstrations.

* "As Vilkins ves valking the garding around,

He espied his dear Dinah lying dead on the ground ;
And a vial of pison it lay by her side,
And a billy dux relating that by pison she died."

## 68

 EXIT OF MR. RICHARD RAINFORD.And " Who hath done this?" is echoed around. Aye, who hath done this? Can the villain be found? Were he known to be here, he would soon be unsound.
"Why did Dick Rainford grope
Around here with a poke?"
Was there sense in the words?-"What is this on the ground?"

Exclaims one, "It is meal! For a chemist to see, Take it up; that 'tie poisoned small doubt there can be. By and by all shall meet, from suspicion to free

Themselves, at the Sun.** And what can be done To find out the guilty we then can agree."

## THE TRAGEDY.

They meet, and the cobbler's words whisper about; And suspicion is rapidly growing thereout.
Who is yon ugly fellow? 'Tis Rainford! The lout Is, of one from the Sun, Asking, "What has been done?" And stern is the answer, "Yon soon will find out."

Oh, Conscience, thou scarecrow ! Enough he has said For Ferry runs Rainford, wild thoughts in his head, And hangs himself there from a beam in his shed.

When the constables make
Their appearance, to take
Him, they find him there ghastly, and gaping, and dead.

[^4]EXIT OF MR. RICHARD RAINFORD.
And now for the inquest. The jurymen beIng assembled, determine unanimously
That Dick was a rogue and a "fellow-d'ye-see,"
And that he in scorn, On a sheep-hurdle drawn,
To an unhallowed grave on the common shall be.
That grave by the side of the pathway is dug; And six men the corpse to its resting-place tug;
And a great erowd of women, men, girls and boys strugGle to see the stake prest
Through the suieide's breast-
Even mothers their infants to see the sight lug.
It may be that one or two mutter a prayer, And shudder to see that swart face there; But hisses and other rude sounds rend the air-

A dreadful turmoil!
Aye, fill in the soil,
And lay down the slab that no record shall bear.

## YE ANCYENTE BALLADE OF SYR HEW.

# " Old legende of the monkish page, Traditions of the saint and ange, Tales that have the rime of age, And chronicles of old." <br> -Longfellon. 

## I.

Syr Hew of the Western Marches, And eastward wendeth he, With glaive and helm and hauberkA goodlye syght to see!

To fyght the dowghtye Soldan, Upon the dystante sod,
Yhallowed by the footpryntes Of Chryst the Son of God.

And he hath left hys herytage, Hys eastles and hys land,
Hys grey-honde good, and hys good goshawk That perehed upon hys hand.

And he hath left the harte and hare
To roam the woodlandes thorrow;
And he hath left hys ladye fayre
Yn myekle dule and sorrow.

## YE ANCYENTE BALLADE OF SYR HEW.

The lovelye ladye Eleanor Ys fayre as fayre may beRyght sylken ys her yellow hair, And hasell ys her ee.

Her eyne wyth tears are fylled, Her locks dyshevelled rove, And styll she sygheth, sad ynoughe, And calleth on her love.

Now cheer thee, Ladye Eleanor!
Why dost thou wepe and weale? Thy lord he loves thee veramentHys feth wyll never fayle.

And the heygh God he honoureth
Wyll hys proteetshon be;
And He wyll nerve hys good ryght arm And bryng hym back to thee.

## II.

Syr Hew hath crost the water
And joyned the sturdye band That batail for Chryst's honour, In Chryst's deare natyve land.

In Chryst's deare natyre land, That ynfydels demene With worship payd to Termagaunt, And Mahound rytes unelene.

Beneath the brave De Boyllon He gayns the mountayn's syde, O'erhung wyth Salem's towresWhyeh Salem's name deryde.

And, foremoste yn the conflyet, Hys pennon marks the way, And mightylye he bearyth hym Through many a blodye day.

## III.

Alas! that wrong shulde prosper! Alas! that ryght shulde fayle!
Yt hapnyth yn a trystful houre The Paynym'hosts prevayle.

Syr Hew and hys brave companye, Lyke wode wolves they surrounde; And, after manye harde blows gyven, They hurtle the Knyght to ground.

Bleedyng and bound and sorweful, He thence ys borne awaye,
And yn a donjon drear and dark Ys cast, in soth, I say.

And yn that prysoun hys golden worth The furneys must wythstand;
The Paynym cheffe addresses hym,The \#aynym-
"Come joyn wyth me in hande!

## YE ANCYENTE BALLADE OF SYR HEW. B

" I marked thee yn the mèléeI saw thy blaed on heyghServe Termagaunt, 'twere pytye

So brave a man shulde dye!
" 0 east that rede eroyz from thee,
And take the erescent myldeThou sehalt be heygh advancèd-

Thou schalt have wealth, Syr Chylde."

## 6nx \%ipu-

"My deare Lord left Hys glorye, And lowlye man beeame;
For me He bore chyll povertye;
Sehall I leave Hym for gayne?"

## le fayum-

"But thys thy celle ys laythlye, And hongre byteth kene;
The raek ys not a gew-gaw
To tryfle wyth, I wene."

## Gur $\frac{\text { Firun }}{}$

" 0 Chryst, who dyed on Calvarye, Endurèd more for me-
Then hold thy peaee, thou heathen hounde.
I scorn thy power and thee!"
IV.
"If Thou wylt deygn to suecour me, I mayk thys solempne vowe,-
A hyde of lande Ile freely gyve,
An abbaye to endowe;
" And stane from out my quarry The strueture fayre to rayee,
That holye men for aye may lyft Theyre voyces yn Thy prayse."

Oh! thus in gloomy prysoun, Sir Hew, yn doleful plyght, Declares hys pyous purpose, To Jhesu ever bright.

And Jhesu hath not left hymAwhyle He doth hym try; But styll to bless and comfort hym, He smylyng standeth by.

Once more the hosts of Chrystentye The vyetorye obtayne;
Maugre the myght of Heathenesse, The eytye walles they gayne.
" Saynt George for Merrye Ynglonde!" "Saynt Denys fayre for France!"
Ysehowte the Chrystyan ehyvalrye As onward they advaunce.

The gallant war-stedes neyghThe banners wave y'th ayre,-
"Saynt George for Merrye Ynglonde!" "For France Saynt Denys fayre!"

## YE ANCYENTE BALLADE OF SYR HEW. 65

And fyerslye gleams the seymyter On bassonnetts adowne;
But fyerslyer far the gude brown bylle Greter meany a turbaned crowne!

And twang of bow and arrow's whyrr, And elash of sword and shyeld, And joyous schowte of vyetor stout Affryght the ruddye fyelde.

What guard can stonde the power That spedes a Chrystyan blow, When God dyreets the onslaughte Agaynst Hys people's foe?

The Paynyms faynt on every syde; On every syde they flee!
There never before such a rout was sene Yn soth and veryte!

## V.

As dewdroppes from the mornyng Are swept by Sommer breeze, As yellow leaves by Autumn wynds Are strypt from forest trees,

So blasted and dysperst are they
Who fearless fettled the brande, Agaynst the myght of the Chrystyan's God, Yn deadlye stoure to stande.

And tho ruddye croyz ys ruysed on hygh Where the crescent was sene so long;
And as Kyny of the Holye Cytye They herald the Boyllon.

But for ajo be the wordes remembered Of that chefftayno gude and bolde,-
"Where Chryst dyd wear a crown of thornes lle not wear one of golde."

Syr Hew from hys dreary prysoun Eftsones' ys setten free;
And for Ynglonde fayre and hys own true love He bowns hym spedylyc.

And micany a year, yn Ynglondo fayre, Wyth hys ladye so gudo and so true, Wyth honour and gle and charytye, He spends as a knyght scluulde do.

EXPLYCETH.
Ynote, that the freres of Saynt Benedyet, On lande Syr Hew gave there-for,
Have buylded a goodlye covent, Whereyn, by the chantry doore,

You may see the Knyght's effygy fayrely carved In stone from the quarryes of Caen, Wyth seutcheon and brande and gude pryck-spur And baldrye and gypon.

## YE ANCYENTE bALLADE OF SYR HEW.

The feet on a greyhonde couchant, The head on a pyllow fayre, The legges ycrost in their lynked mayle, The handes upravsed yn preior.

And yn Lombaid witum, wherel: brass, Hys name and ..: and arn fovel.
Now pray ye ill, of wure chan e, He be brought to the flrse ai neaven.

## glossary to sir heiv.

Raldric-A belt.
Bassonnetts-Iron capm.
Brande-8word.
Bouns-Makes ready.
Croyz-Cross.
Chylde-Knlght.
Chrystentye-Christendom.
Covent-Monastery.
Dule-Griep.
Demene-Dishonour.
Eftsones-Soon after:
Fettled-Made ready.
Freres-Brothers.
Gilalve-Sword.
Gypon-A garment worn roumd the waist.
Hauberk- $A$ coat of mnil.
Hurtle-To east with violence.
Hyde- 100 acres.
Laythlye-Loathsome.
Mahound-Mahommedan.
Maugre-Desplte.
Malée-The thick of the fight.
Soth-Truth.
Stour-Confict.
Termagaunt-The God of the Saracens.
Verament-Truly.
Wode-Mad.

## FLORENCE-A FRAGMENT.

## tile meeting.

Green is the forest glade And gay with Summer flowers; The sumshine and the shade Sport in the leafy bowers.

The balmy sout: wind sighs The pleasant trees among, And tender melodies

By birds unseen are sung.

Is it to hear love lays, Or court the Summer breeze, That gentle Florence strays Among the leafy trees?

The open lawn is fann'd More freshly by the gale;
None of the feather'd band Arrests her with its tale.

Who ealls the maiden's name?
Her cheeks outflush the rose
Through mingled joy and shame,
For well the voice she knows.

She parts the hazel boughs
And joins a waiting youth; She listens to his vows;

She questions not his truth.

## THE BURIAL.

Bury her not in sacred gromid
Where the green ivy smiles o'er the body's decay;
Let not the dull. deep death-bell somnd,
That frightens the fiend from the spirit away. Let her lie unblest who hath died unshriven. Who hurried to death ere yet she was claimed, Who, with loss of her virtue and forfeit of heaven, The fleeting love of a false one gained.
Shall we lay her 'neath the willow tree
That fruitlessly weeps by the ehanging river? Shall the mound in the forest her sepulehre be, Where the pale birch sighs and the aspens shiver?
No, we will dig her a grave in the wild,
Where all is lonely and barren and bare,
Like the hearts of the parents who weep for their child-
The child that has perish'd, so frail and so fair.

The lonely cresset bnrns With a dim, uncertain light;
To checker'd gloom it turns The blackness of the night.

He knecls before the altar Of the holy Maiden Mother; Vainly doth he falter, $A v e ́ s ~ g u i l t ~ w o u l d ~ s m o t h e r . ~$

A sound of mocking glee Is in the shaken air, For things of mystery Are congregating there.

And at his startled car, In tones of bitter woe, Is a voice that once was dear', And thus its accents flow:-
" Thou watchest thine armor, Lord Leonard de Lisle, And to-morrow shall see the gilt spur on thy heel; And the brand they shall bear thee right spotless shall be;
But thou art a traitor to love and to ine.
"Young gallants will envy thee; old men will bless thee;
And minstrels will praise thee-thy new love caress thee;
The halls of thy fathers shall eeho with glee, But thou art a traitor to love and to me.
"The feast shall be eaten; the red wine shall flow; It may banish far from thee the shadow of wee; Thy step in the dance may be lithesome and free, But tholl art a traitor to love and to me.
" Yet listen, Lord Leonard, the hour will eome When thou shalt remember the wrong thou hast done, And a weight on thy soul the remembranee shall be, For thou art a traitor to love and to me.

## THE BATTLE-FIELD.

St. George for merry England, the vietory is won!
As snowflakes fly the Winter's wind, the weary foemen shun
The onslaught of our chivalry-they cannot stand the eharge
That's sped with benedietion of our Lady and St. George.
Hurrah! Hurralı| The trumpet blow, and let your voiens ring
With mighty glee, and to the air your stately banners fling;
For voices yet unheard shall yield a tribute to your fame,

## FLORENCE.

And future warriors from your deeds shall inspiration gain.
Unto your tents, brave yeomen; lay your bills and
basnets by
And we will drain the wine-cup, and will feast right
merrily;
And erc the sunset we will come again, and gentiy lay The bodies of our honor'd dead within their couch of clay;
And for their souls shall mass be sung, and minstrels shall declare
To lords in hall their mighty deeds-in bower, to ladies fair.

> Lying
> Untended, alone, Dying, With pitiful moan. No priest to assoilHis thoughts reeoil From the future unknown.
> Yet he, For her he betrayed, Pity
> Feels vainly-" Poor maid," Feebly he saith, for His life-blood runs free;
> "Oh, yes, I was traitor
> To love and to thee!"
> Norr.-" Florence" appoared in the Students' Monthly, of Lennox. ville Univernity, in 1867.
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## TWO CHAPTERS IN A LIFE HISTORY.

## I.

## a conversation.

"My Lave is like a red, red rose That'u newly sprung in June; My Lave is like the melodic That's sweetly play'd in tune.
"As fair art thou, my bonnie lass, So deep in lave am I;
And I will lave thee still, ray Dear, Till a' the sean gang dry." -Burns.
And thus spake he:-
My heart is glad when "O Mary dear, Not blither g thou art near. His tender Cheering his little partner soars, Shelters her Than I; nor true n the falling dew, To his mate than I am to thee."

She said:-
"Oh, then, thou dost compare Thyself to the lark that sings i' the air, That wanders from his lowly home, And loves in brighter spheres to roam;

## 74 TWO CHAPTERS IN A LIFE HISTORY.

That takes a new love every year And leaves her when the earth grows drenr.

Were 1 in very truth to be Thy partner, as thou wishest me, How soon, ineonstant wanderer, Wouldst thou another love prefer?"
"Ah, eruel girl, dost thou not know That one soft note from the bird below Would bring her partner from the sky To nestle by her lovingly?
How knowest thou that, fond of ehange, He takes each year a partner strange?
But Mary, curb awhile thy glee And listen to me soberly: Thou know'st how long and tenderly, How truly I have loved theeHow elose my heart is bound to thineThen, dearest, say thou wilt be mine-Nine-only mine-through good and illThrough Summer's warmth and Winter's ehill."
" Nay, nay, I will not promise thee; I love too well my liberty. Give me a little longer time, And-some day-perhaps-I may be thine."
"Oh, dearest, this denial scems Like shadow fleck'd with sunny gleams'Tis full of promise: Love's distress Compassionate-oh, let me press For full reply in simple yes!"
"If, then, thou wilt not be denied, Yes, Robert, I will be thy bride. Tender and true, thy lot I'll share, Be future days or durk or fair. And let this tree-our trysting treeA witness to my promise be; Carve Mary in its bark, that I May bear my vow in memory."

## II.

## A SOLILOQUY.

"Where are they gone, the benutiful, The young, the fond, the free, Who carv'd their namen upon thy bark, Thou lordly beechen tree?"
—Mackay.
" 0 tree, thou art to me a monument! All thy inseription was one little name; But at the thought of it my heart feels pent; Thiek-coning memories oppress my brain. 'Twas years ago, upon a Summer even, The birds sang joyously, the falling sun Shed its glad radiance from a golden heaven, And tender whisperings shook the leaves, and one, With sunny hair and laughing hazel eye, Gay as a bird and graceful as a fairy, Stood by my'side and watched me lovingly, That in thy rind I cut it. Oh, my Mary,

We little thought that hour that adverse Fate, With wintry breath, was crawing nigh to wither Our budding promise of a joy too great For earth to yield or mortal man to gather. We thought, in our simplicity, alas, The way of life was but a grassy lane, O'er whose bud-broidered earpet we might pass Together, hand-in-hand a heaven to gain Searcely more beauteous or from grief more free Than the bright earth we left behind. What may Have been your lot I know not, but to me life's road has been a very dusty way, Thorny and rough, producing here and there A gaudy poppy or a pale henbane, But few flowers lending fragrance to the air, And none that, gathered, could a charm retain. Oh, Mary, years have passed sinee here we stoodWe never more shall stand together here!This stately tree hath well those years withstood: Me gnarlèd have they left, sapless and sere. Aye, I am sadly changed in outward formThou wouldst not know me, darling! But the scope Of my old love for thee Time hath not drawn-"Tis broad in hopelessness, as 'twas in hope.

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## MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART (ANSI and ISO TEST CHART No. 2)



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## SHOOTING A CHERUBIM.

"To the Editor of the News."
"The following lines are founded upon an occurrence that actually took place in a remote country parish in Sussex, Fingland. It was related to a small party of friends, and one, who was present, on returning home, reproduced the tale in the following poetic form.
"The Narrator." $\dagger$
Jack Wilson lives in London. Onee a year, What time the grain is staeked and leaves are sere, He leaves his city laauts and takes a rom About the stubble-fields, with $\operatorname{dog}$ and gum. Jaek is a worthy fellow, free from guile; He loves to wear a coat in sporting styloAdmires a dog-is learned in dog-lore, Thinks Youatt $\ddagger$ great, Bell's Life§ the Times before, But Jack is harmess, is not prone to drink, Avoids the wanton, does not freely think, Gives all he ean, is never bored by duns, Attends his ehurch-" St. Simon-in-the-Sluus." At ehureh on Sunday, from his cosy pew He has of Sparkins's monument a view. Sparkins was erstwhile alderman. "His worth Was noted by his inonareh, George the Fourth,

[^5]Who honor'd him with knighthood." When he died St. Sinon's Ward his monument suppliedA mural slab, at every corner graced With cherub, winged and white and chubby-faced. Jaek thinks that monument of Art the boast, Thosc cherubs models of the heavenly host. They are his study whilst the beadle tall Conducts the portly parson to his stall. The service drags; the bass makes discord vile; Jaek little heeds-he sees a cherub smile. The prosing preacher more prosaic growsJaek marks the contour of a cherub's no. :And still, to long associations truc, Whene'er he thinks of ehurch he thinks of eherubs, ton.

A friendly relative in Lincolnshire Is of a pleasant neighborhood "the Squire"; And Jack, upon a visit, througl the day Wanders around to bag whate'er he may. Returning in the evening, he takes The path which brings lim to the church-yard gates. He hesitates-the tombstones, white and tall, Stand, spectre-like, beyond the ehurel-yard wall! He musters all his courage, passes throughThe old church-tower looms grandly on his view. The clambering ivy wraps it elosely round, And rustles in the air with solemn sound. As timid householders, of burglars scared, Will shoot to let men know they are prepared, So Jack, to nurse his courage and dispel His fears, lifts up the piece he loves so well.

## SHOOTING A CHERUBIM.

All sportsmen fire to leave the barrel free Before they reach their homes-and so will he. He fires, and hits unwittingly an owl Returning, mouse-fed, from its evening prowl. He sees it fall behind a neighboring tomb, Draws nigh and peers with caution through the gloontHis hair lifts up his hat, his pulses stop, His unnerved fingers let his weapon dropThere, with round licad and big, reproachful cyes, And wings outspread, a pallid object lies. A feeble flutter and a doleful shriek Inerease his terror, and in aecents weak He gasps, "I've done it-done a deadly sillGod help me! I have shot a cherubim !"

Notr.-The writer of the foregoing linee was not aware at the time that Mrs. Gaskell had told a somewhat similar atory, thus :
"Mr. Peter wound up his account hy saying that, of course, at that altitude there were none of the animala to be found that existed in the lower regions; the game-everything was different. Firing one day at some flying creature, he was very much dismayed when it fell to find that he had shot a cheruhim!
"' But Mr. Peter, ahcoting a cheruhim-don't you think-I am afraid that was sacrilege!'
"Mr. Peter composed his countenance in a moinent, and appeared shocked at the idea, which, as he said truly enough, was now presented to him for the first time."-"Oranford," Ch. XVI.


## IN AN ENGLISII CHURCII.

Thincugh the eastern window's traeery
The beans of morning flow, And fall upon the effigy

Of the mighty dead belowThe mighty dead unknown.

Recumbent in his panoply;
With scutcheon and with canopy, All fitly carved in stone.

And radiant is the glory
By that castern window shed:
That window tells the story
Of the rising from the dead,
Of the Mighty One to Save,
The First-fruits of the Grave, Of Christ, the King of Glory,
Who to man salvation gave.
Examine we the figure of the knight Illumined by this glowing morning light. These uncial characters- What do they say? " Gist ici"-and the rest is worn away. $T!$ enem'ry of the gallant deeds he did Ie past and gone; the warrior's name is hid. But this we know: the hands uprais'd in prayer A humble confidence in God declare.

The erossed feet, resting on the couehant hound, Denote he fought on Canaan's distant ground Against the unbelieving Moslem bands, Who on the holy eross laid sinful hands.

And this is all we gather from the stone. But a day will come more glorious, When the Chureh of Christ, vietorious, Shall stand around His throne;

When seeret thoughts shall be attest, And hidden things be manifest, And this man's deeds be known.

And if he fought the fight, and fought it well, Against the powers of flesh, the world and hell, His Master will commend him, aud will say, Have thou in eities five-or ten-the sway; And angels shall his heralds be, and he Shall wear the immortal crown of vietory.* Notr.-The above lines were the first of the Author's verses to appear in print. They were published in the Penny Post many year.

## THE CROSS.

ON LEARNING THAT A PARTY OF ROUGHS HAD PULLED DOWN THE CROSS FROM A vILLAGE CHURCH,

4' 'Twas night-a night of sombrest hue: And guod men slept, when Satan's crew, A wake their father's deeds to do, Pull'd down the Cross.
"The Cross, by history borne high, Faith lifte it atill triumphantly, And higher prophecy; but they Pull'd down the Cross."

When Constantine, the Emperour, Array'd his hosts for battle stour, Angelic hands that glorious hour

Rear'd high the Cross.
When Norman Will, on vengeance bent, Rode iron-heel'd through flowery Kent, Stigand, to guard the flock intent, Held forth the Cross.


Floreated Cross of Calvary from tie Ruins of Tiornton College, Lincolnsiifre.
"- To mark their trust in Christ they spread o'er them the cross."

With cross on breast and cross-hilt sword, Brave knights beat back the Mr ${ }^{\sim 1} \cdot \mathrm{n}$ horde, Who thought to trample in the shard The Christians' Cross.

When mourners laid their honored dead To rest wit'in earth's lowly bed, To mark ir trust in Christ they spread O'er in the Cross.

Where England's might its sign uprears-
"The flag that's brav'd a thousand years The battle and the breeze"-appears The ruddy Cross.

When Britain's monareh took the throne, Whose seat secures the mystie stone,* Within his grasp in splendor shone The Orb and Cross.

St. Paul's majestic temple stands In the vast mart of all the lands, And on its highest vantage stands The golden Cross.

Where daring deeds are dignified, The choicest badge of valor i' edBy effort won, and worn with pride-

Is still?-The Cross.
-Stone of Deotiny, or Coromation Stone.

Mercy, when on the foughten plain She seeks the wounded 'mid the slain, And ealms their fears and soothes their pain, Wears the Red Cross.

The Chureh, when issuing words of ruth, And burning words of zeal and truth, Sets her sign manual in proof-

Faith with the Cross.*
Of Man's Great Son the sign of might, In every country read aright, Denoting, Jesus won the fight!

Hail, holy Cross!
How great a contrast have we hers! Earth's noblest ones the Cross uprear: Darkling, the base canaille, in fear, Pull down the Cross.

[^6]
## 86

## 'THE TEMP'EST.

These roeks stand boldly forth. On either side The land is fretted by th' incoming tide.
The mighty billows, coursers of the deep, Toss their wild manes on high and shoreward leap. I gaze a far-the glom upon the sea Portends the wind hath won its liberty! It comes-the mad wind!-menacing and loud, And sweeps across the zenith many a cloud Of form fantastic and of color dunThe offspring of the ocean and the sun.

Oh, for yon sca-gull's pinions! I would eleave The murky atmosphere with powers that weave The rack into a mantle for the sky, And mark the progress of their ministry.
Great God, how dazzling was that forked tongue Of flame whieh, quivering, for the moment hung 'Twixt cloud and sea! And now the thunder's roar Re-echoes far and wide; the torrents pour From their dark chambers down, as on the day When heaven's windows ope'd to wash a world a way.

Now sighs the wind with mournful note,
Now wildly shrieks around;
And now again the thunder-stroke
Stills every feebler sound.

Oh, many a mariner with fear Beholds the awful Night draw near; Her shimmering gems all laid away, Her visage veil'd in eloud and spray. Alas, by Death from lov'd ones torn May many a dear one be ere dawn, And sunk to rest he many a one Where wakeful Sorrow may not come. Nymphs of the deep, ye Nereids who dwell In pearly caverns 'neath the billow's swellTo whom are known the deep sea's mysteries, Its treasure-troves in sunken argosies, Its many-color'd parterres and its dells, Its summits gay with corals and with shellsYe could a tale unfold of ghastly forms

That lie where denizens of ocean breed, The grim memorials of other storms, Enwrapt with garniture of sad sea-weed. Remains of hapless mortals, they decayThe spirits gone that graced the lowly clay: But yet a day will come when they shail be

Restored, reoceupied-mortality Shall put on immortality and rise To meet the Judge Eternal in the skies. Oh, what a day of wonder, day of dread, When thou, old ocean, shalt give up thy deadWhen all that thou hast cover'd, shame and worth, Shall be east forth in one tremendous birth!

## 87

## A PRAYER.

0 Thou who to Thy cloudy car dost bind Thy steed invisible, the boist'rous wind,Who walkest on the waters, and at will Canst chain the storm, the raging ocean still,For sake of Him who on Mount Calvary Gave up the ghost that men might live to Thee, Receive our prayer for those who plough the wave, And raise Thine arm omnipotent to save. Pity the widow'd mother, old and grey, Whose only son is tost upon the billowThe while she steeps with tears her sleepless pillowOh, sparc to her her comfort and her stay! Pity the wife who, startled from her rest, On her lov'd sailor-lord so wildly crieth. Pity the babe reposing at her breastSo innocent and helpless as it lieth.
Pity the brave, who in their trouble bend
The humbled knee, and quick deliv'rance send;
Bring them in safety o'er the restless sea
To that calm haven where they fain would be.
"The Lord is a man of war."-Ex. xv. 3 .
With strength of His right hand
He brought His people forth, And shed o'er Zoan's land
The fury of His wrath. In darkness, fire and storm, In murrain, death and woe, Till Egypt's power was gone

And Pharaoh's pride was low.
The sea its Maker saw,
And from His presence fled, When, as a Man of War,

His host Jehovah led.
Congeal'd, on either side,
The mighty billows rose,
A passage firm and wide
To open from His foes.

Egyptian maidens mourn'd With wailings of despair, For nevermore return'd

The objects of their care.
Impetuous and proud,
Their lovers passed away;
Beneath the awful cloud
The sea secured its prey.
Who can resist the Lord
Who made the south and north, Who spread the skies abroad

And called the morning forth, Who set the ocean bars And earth's foundations laid, While all the morning stars Harmonious tribute paid?

## THE DEFEAT OF THE MIDIANITES.

We are told in sacred story How the field was fought and won,
When the Lord in power and glory Plied the sword for Gideon.
'lill in death the srupl foemenThick as locusts on the plain-
Lay in Jezreel, spear and bowmenVictors vanquished, slayers slain.

While the sun was yet in heaven, By th' invading multitude,
Carclessly the hours were given To disport and laughter rude. Knew they neither fear nor sorrowAll was levity and glee-
Looking for a joyous morrow, Blinded with security.

## THE DEFEAT OF THE MIDIAN <br> But when Night, on sable pinion,

 Brooded o'er the tented plain, Trembling seiza's hireling train. All their confidence departed, All their boasted valor fled, When the echoes round them started At citation strange and dread.Clangour horrible and clashing, Trumpet's call and warrior's shout Rose where fitful lights were flashing On the hillsides round about.
Then, oh then, in dire illusion, Nach man on his neighbor fell; In the darkness and confusion Friend by friend was sped to hell.

Midian's kings, like worthless cravens, Fron the carnage turn'd and fled, And the jackals and the ravens Trooped to gorge upon the dead. And new victims all the highway Glutted, as the rout roll'd on;
Field adjacent, branching byway, Rang with many a parting groan.

## a miniature and its setting.

How fair a home of sweet content, That quaint old cottage that we saw Upon the margin of the shaw ! The damask rose and jessamine Are round its mullioned windows blent; And, garrulous with honey-bees, Beside it siands a stately lime, Amongst whose boughs the coolest breeze Doth linger all the Summer time.

Of tillage lend perhaps a rood Hath there beel rescued from the wood. Well ordered is the small estateThe privet hedge, the rustic gate, The little lawn, the gravelled way, The garden plot with annuals gay. There sweet sounds evermore are heard, For thither comes full many a birdThe robin with his rapid trill, The merry merle with golden bill, The bullfinch in his handsome dress, The throstle blithe and boisterous; And there the maiden of my lay Makes melody the live-long day.

She is an only child. Her sire Is steward for the neighboring squire. A thrifty, upright man is he, Strong in his tried integrity;

Proud of his daughter's innocence, Her beauty, her intelligenceHe loves her with a love intense ! He sees in her her mother's formThat mother died when she was bornHe deems the future will slew forth In lier that well-lov'd mother's worth, And Hope and Memory have combin'd To paint the daınsel to his mind. And seldom fairer maid is seen! Lithe is her form, and sweet her mien, And lovely in the tender grace Of Saxon beauty is her face. On her warnı clieek the luscious red Of health and purity is spread. Her eyes in hue are like the sky 'Neath which the isles of Summer lie. And rippling falls her golden hair To kiss her neck so soft and fair. And she is just as good and true As she is pleasant to the view, And with obedience strives to prove That she deserves her father's love. Oh maiden, may thy future be Illumined with felicity!
Good angels guard thee on thy way, And pluck th' offensive briers away! May love and friendship bear thee on Till earth be past and heaven be won.


## THE RETURN.

We sail athwart this gloomy northern sea-
A shifting waste of ridges capt with snow. The tempest howls around us drearily, And deals our vessel many a staggering blow. And yet she bears her bravely and doth throw The spray in sparkling showers from her sides, And skips from swell to swell as swift as tho' She wingèd were, like the light gull that glides

So noiselessly around. My thoughts outgo Both bird and bark, and speed across the tide To that dear land where those I love belowThose that on earth have love for me-abide. Oh, be propitious, Æolus! And thou, Earth-smiting Neptune, smooth thy ruffled brow!

## 95

## "SILLER" VERSUS CONSCIENCE.

(Fifty yeare aga.)
One Sunday morning, at an Eastern port, From out the motley crowd of immigrants That of an ocean steamship newly moor'd The deck encumber'd stept a canny Scot, Who to the sailor at the gangway said, "I hae a letter for the agent," "Well, You'll find him in his office on the wharf."

The man passed on, rejoicing to be freed From ship-detention, which, he thougit, would hold Hie fellows through the Sunday. Presently, While standing in the office, he perceived That others were descending from the ship, When thus he and the agent converse held:-

Immigrant.
" My worthy freend, it surely canna be That they lan' passengers the Sawbath morn!"

Agent.
"Indeed they do-we get no Sabbaths here."
Immigrant.
"And wull they lan' the luggage, kist and pock?"

Agent.
"Why certainly, and general cargo, too."
Immigrant.
"What awfu' profanation 0 ' the day! And sae the sailor-lads nae Sawbath get?"

Agent.
"There is no rest for them, no rest for me, No rest for many more. Interpreters, Excisemen, cabmen, catcrers, police, And operators at the telegraphA host of busy men, a hundred strong, Must ply their several tasks throughout the day."

Immigrant.
"What awfu' Sawbath desecration! In Scoartlan' ye wad no be sae depreeved. And do they open shop on Sawbath days?"

> Agent.
"From stores and taverns all along the street The runners come, and by-and-bye you'll see Poor drunken women wand'ring loosely round With maudlin men, and then a fight or two May exercise the guardians of the peace."

## Immigrant.

(Aside) "The Godless folk of this beneeted lan'!
Is that an engine skirling over yon?
They surely dinna run the trains to-day?"

> "SILLER" VERSUS CONSCIENCE.

Agent.
"Why yes! You see, it would not do to leave These people midst temptation: better far To speed them on their way, and scatter them, Since they have been sent down from off the ship. And work makes work-the matter breeds, and so Another host finds full employment here, And engine-drivers, firemen, signalmen, Conductors, brakcsmen speed the labor on To other fields."

## Immigrant.

"Ah, mon, how sad your lot!
In bonnie Scoartlan' ye'd na be depreeved In sic a godless sort, for there the Kirk Has gar'd men haud their gear o' sma' account And luv the Sawbath day!"

## Agent.

"Hold there, my friend, The owners of this ship that brings to us This large amount of Sunday toil and moil Are Scotch, and members of the Kirk to boot. It may be in Saint Mungo's Church e'en now They shed such beams of goodness as may well Blind people to the way the bawbees come."

## Immigrant.

"Ah, mon, ye talk-ye talk! And what's the cost Of biding o'er the Sawbath ?"

Age it.
' At th' hotel
They charge six shillings and three-pence a day."
Immigrani.
"Sax shillens and three-pencel The greedy gleds!
'They shall na mak' a prawfit out o' me! $\mathrm{Na}, \mathrm{na}$, I'll tak' my journey wi' the rest." (Exeunt, saying) "Sax shillens and threc-pence-to think of it l"

## AN ECLOGUE.

> A Dutch farmer and hin con Peter. Timy-Alternonn. Sczms-A farm.yard on the Hndson.

Father.
T'HE elouts voretell some rain-vell, let him comel
Mine hay is in ter parn; ter grass in svath Vill take none hurt. I'll go ant smoke mine bipe Ar 'trink mine peer. Von goot man takes Some obbortunities for doing goot; so I Vill penefit minesel'. But vat has gone Vit nine son Peder? I must drain t'at poy In vays intusdrious-I do not get Enuf of vork from him. (calls) Pete, Pete, I say !

## Pcter.

Ya, fat'er, ya! You'd raise ter dead to life !
Vat for you vake me from mine bleasant sleeb,
V'en I was treaming I mine supper dake
Of von pig durkey all vit sassage filled?
Now you vill haf minc subber to provide.
Father.
'Twas subber, Pede, that I vas t'inking of.
Take you von pag of corn upon ter mare
To Sbaffort's mill, ant make goot haste, or we Shall haf no johnny-cake for subber. Mint
To tie dis stone in von ent of ter pag,
To make ter pa? ance true. Now dat is vat
7

Dey call filosofy. Mind dat, mine sonIt is von lesson goot.
(Peter fetches the mare and a bag of corn.)
Peter.
Now, fat'er, see,
I sling ter pag across, and haf ter corn Hangs on dis ot'er side, and ha'f on dose, And it rides vell, vit'out von stone at all.

Father.
Peder, your fat'er and your grandfat'er Did put von stone for palance in ter pag.
Vat for you make yoursel' more vise as dey?
(Peter, taking the bag of corn on his own shoulder, attempts to mount the mare.)

Father.
You lazy coon, for shame! Ter Biple says Ter merciful man is goot to his own peast; Ant vould you give ter mare von double load?

Peter.
Mine fat'er, see, ter corn is on mine back$I$ carry it: she carries me-t'at's fair.

## Father.

Vell, get you gone. (Aside) I do pelieve ter poy Is vise. t'an his fat'er after all! Ant now, mine duty done, I'll go ant smoke Mine bipe, ant trink mine peer, ant do some goot To von goot man-minesel'.

## THE ENGLISH WOODS.

## an invitation.

Come to the wild woods, come away, Now the sun is bright in the month of May, And the mated birds, in boist'rous glce, Fill the wide heavens with harmony; Now the breezes shake the hyacinth bells, And the pale anemone whitens the dells, And young leaves whisper soothingly, And all is joy and light and loveFor the azure heaven is smiling above, And the green earth laughs for sympathy. Come where the Hair-streak* flutters by Like a living leaf; where the Butterfly, $\dagger$ Whose snowy wings are dashed with green And with rich orange tipp'd, is seen; Where the Chequer’d Skipper, $\ddagger$ as you tread, Springs lightly from his grassy bed;
And clouded-border Moths§ unfold Their tender wings of speckled gold; Where Fuciformis quivers round The stems with honeysuckle bound; And, like a fragment from the sky, Sweet Alexis gambols by;

[^7]Where Falcula, whose hooked wings
Have eye-like spots, to the birch leaf clings;
While near it, where the catkins play, Papilionaria larvæ stray, 'Mid forms like their own safe to be
From prowling Ichneumonidae,
From the busy tit that twitters near And other foes they have to fear. Oh, come to the wild woods, come away, Now the sun is bright in the month of May ! Come, for a thousand sights shall cheer Your eye-a thousand sounds your ear!

## THE GRAVE OF THE COUREUR DE BOIS.

Wh as the margin of the forest In its varied beauty smiles, On the mighty Western river Of the thousand wooded isles, In the pleasant Indian Summer, When the hazy, soft light fell On the crimson leaves of maple That had carpeted the dell Where his lonely dwelling nestled, Health forsook him, and he diedMourners there were none beside him Save his youthful Indian bride. She had left for him her people, And had made his hearth her home, Shared his pleasures, eased his burdens, Lived for him, and him alone. Left forlorn, a grave she fashioned, And with eedar lined it well;
Tenderly she lapt him in it
Ere she, broken-hearted, fell.
Nature mourns-the pine and maple In the breeze their branches wave: Waving still, they sigh for ever, Ever standing round his grave.


A PICTURE.
A cottage window overhung with roses,
'Mongst which a merry bird hath built its nest;
A cot, whose curtain, partly drawn, discloses
A dimpled infant in its healthy rest;
A fair young wife, whose rapid fingers waken The latent music of the ivory keys-
The while she sings swcet songs of faith unshaken, And love unchangeable in adverse breeze;
The husband, from his garden-culture pausing, His voice to hers responsively to raise-
While thoughts of God's good gifts to him are causing His heart to warm with gratitude and praise:
Can lordly palaces present than this
A fairer picture of domestic bliss?

## ON A VIEW OF THE BIRTHPLACE OF ROBERT BURNS.

" 'Tis hut a cot roofed in with straw, A hovel made of clay ; One door ahute out the wind and atorme, One window greets the day ;
And yet I stand within this room, And hold all thrones in ecorn, For here, beneath this lowly thatch, Love's aweetest bard was born." -R. G. Ingersoll.

Yes, it was poor, this cot where Rob was bornUnnoticed by the rich, or viewed with scorn! Blind Fortune, unpropitious, passed it by; But Erato drew near with eager eyeA pearl of price was in that lowly shell To add fresh splendor to her coronal.

Dear Burns, enshrined in many a loving breast Are thy fond images by Nature drest. Bard of the North, beside thy glowing lines The fires are dimm'd in song of Southern climes. Than thine, less fervid was th' impassioned strain That Lesbian Sappho warbled to the $\mathrm{m} \cdot \frac{\mathrm{n}}{}$; Less tender was the plaint that Petrarch made, In Vaucluse solitudes, to Laura's shade.

When the young peasant trod the furrow'd fields He caught the witching power that Nature yields From lintwhite's song, and ripple of the burn, And smile of Spring, and frown of Winter stern, From the dark shade the fir-clad uplands cast, From the loud clarion of the Northern blast, From the sad tale the sobbing South wind tells To whisp'ring leaves and tearful heather-bells. 'Twas then he laid his hand upon the lyre, His bosom panting with the fond desire To sing a song at least for Scotland's sake, Though he no useful plan or beuk: might make. Poetic feeling thrill'd through all his soul, But skill was wanting feeling to control. He struck the chords: the elements of song In wilding cadences came right and wrong. Yet then an act-in tenderness a layHis love of home and country did display: For Scotland's sake he turned the clips aside, And spared the rough burr-thistle spreading wide, The sturdy symbol of his native land, Amid the bearded bear he let it stand.

At length his partner in the merry train That swept the golden harvest from the plain. The sonsie quean, whose fond idea held sway Within his breast for many an after day, Aroused the forming strain, untied his tongue, And Nellie's praise in artless rhyme was sung.
Thenceforth the torch, lit at the muse's shrine, Shed many a beam refulgent and benign,

Throwing its radiance on the fair and free, And gilding worth though linked with poverty, Bright'ning the glory on the warrior's brow, Cheering the swain rough at the rustic plough, Aiding the glow around the cotter's hearth, Smiling on scenes of honest, homely mirth, Wak'ning the fires of love of auld lang syne, Wafting its incense to the realms divine.

Alas! that sometimes, 'mid the world's wild play, It shed a feeble and a flickering ray, And lit on things had better been unsung, Themes unbeooming to the silvern tongue. But e'en the brilliant have their clouded hours, Their words and deeds unworthy of their powers: There's none wi'out a fla' we tra' that, But still, the man's a man for a' that.

Britannia, mistress of the boundless main, Thou Tethys realized of ancient fame, Throned in the waters, mighty in command, Waving thy sceptre over sea and land, Wealthy in all the wealth allowed of Heaven, Learned in all the lore that Time hath given, Boasting thy vig ?rous sons of peace and war, Upholding Commerce, Liberty and Law, How couldst thou in the olden days afford To keep from struggling Genius its reward? Massenger-Otway-Chatterton-and BurnsThe stranger, learning of them, wondering learns.

## 108 THE BIRTHPLACE OF ROBERT BURNS.

But Britain's eyes are opened! One, in thought, A monarch of the mighty ones,* has taughtAnd she accepts the teaching-that 'tis from Its authors that a land's chief glories come. And Burns has now been known, in hall and cot, For years-Shall auld acquaintance be forgot 9 No, Time shall ne'er purloin from Memory His name-'twill live till Time himelf shall die.

St. Andrew's Day, 1876.

- Dr. Johneon.



## TO A BLACKBIRD THAT LIT IN THE

 RIGGING OF A SHIP AT SEA.Poor wanderer above the wild sea-foam, Come rest thy weary wing a little while. What cruel chance hath swept thee from thy home

In copse or hedge-row of thy native isle? When thou shalt wing again thy unknown way, What hope is there that thou canst reach the shore? Th' insatiate waters murmur for their prey

Beneath thee, and around thee rude winds roar; And thy tired wing ralay fail thee in thy need,
And the chill waters wrap thee elosely round, Where none may see thy fall, nor any heed

Thy loss to earth, thou joy of sight and sound! But, should the Fates to thee propitious prove, I sing to thee-go sing to those I love!

## THE INDIAN'S REVENGE.

Besion a river that tirrough Western woods To Erie's lake rolls tributary floods A farmer lived: his neighbors call'd him "smart." Hard was his visage-harder was his heart. " Qet all you can and hold it" was his ruleThe golden maxim taught in mammon's selinol. Yet was he " lib'ral," for he gave abuse Unsparingly; the elaims of country loose He held, and was not " bigoted," they said-For-nrayerless-he eared not how others pray'd.

One stormy night in Winter to his door
A stranger came for shelter to implore.
The open'd door let in the driving blast, Whieh told of perils that the man had past. He stept within. How stately was his form!
He brush'd away the tokens of the storm, And stood reveal'd-the forest's dusky son!
But ere to make request he had begun
The farmer fiercely pointed to the road, And said, " Make tracks, you eursèd Indian toad!"

The years slipt by. Our farmer journeying late, In search of an aequaintance's estate, Pursued, that he might shun a lengthen'd eurve, A path that spann'd the Indian Reserve; But darkness overtook him, and his way He lost, and wander'd more and more astray.

More dark the night, more dense tho forest grew, More dank and chill the downfall of tho dew, And he, discouraged, deen'd that he must stay, Both cold and fasting, in the woods till day. But suddenly there burst upon his sight Tho ruddy flieker of a distant light.

Ho reach'd the house it came from-usk'd relief From one who proved to be tho Indian ehief. "Twas freely given-the best seat by the fire And wholesome food. What more could man lesire? He thanked his entertainer, as was fit, And eraek'd his jokes, and laughed at his own wit. When drowsiness came on he sought repose, Slept well, and then, at carly dawn, arobe. His horse was brought, but cre he rode away He drew his wallet out his host to pay. The Indian refused the guerdon small With which the man had thought to eancel all His obligation, then drew up his form To its full height, and, with a toueh of scorn, "Call you to inind," said he, "ten years ago, An Indian sought shelter from the snow, Of you: benighted, spurn'd from your abode, I, stranger, was that cursed Indian toad! What you refused to give, you have received; By one whom you relieved not, been relieved. Now learn a lesson, For the future do To men as you would have men do to you."



[^0]:    "He had shafts of light coming out of his hand."-Hab. iii. 4.

[^1]:    - Colias Philodic.

[^2]:    - Ignis fatuus.

[^3]:    *Get-a-going.

[^4]:    *This popular inn, the glory of Ketelthorpe, is graced by aign on which the orb of day is seen rising above the hilly, its countenance auffused with a genial smile.

[^5]:    *The St. John's News, P. Que.
    $\dagger$ The Rev. George Slack, M. A., Incumbent of Bedford, P. Que.
    $\ddagger$ Youatt's work on the Dog. Longmans \& Co.
    \& A sporting newspaper of the day.

[^6]:    - The real of the S. P. C. K.

[^7]:    - Thecla rubi. $\mp$ Thymele alveolus.
    + Anthocaris cardanines.
    § Venilia maculata.

