

**RENTAL AUCTION MART**  
**1818 ST. JOHN'S ST.**  
 1 door South of THE SIGNAL OFFICE  
 Bought and Sold on Commission.

AGENT FOR THE  
**LTON LOAN SOCIETY.**  
 Lend at Lowest Rate of Interest.  
 ADVANCEMENT OF GOODS SENT TO  
 THE MART FOR SALE.  
**S. POLLOCK,**  
 Real Estate and Financial Agent  
 Goderich, Ont.  
 1884. 1887-19

**000 TO LOAN AT 6 PER CENT.**  
 RENTON GENERAL TRUSTS COY  
 lend to loan money at 6 per cent., pay  
 yearly.

**DS TO SUIT BORROWERS,**  
 on first-class farm security,  
 to  
**AMERSON, HOLT & CAMERON,**  
 Barristers, Goderich,  
 for the Toronto General Trusts Co.,  
 1884. 1887-19

**AMERSON, HOLT & CAMERON** have  
 an amount of private funds to loan  
 on farm security.  
 Oct. 4, 1883. 1887-19

**Prescription Drug Store.**  
 Pain of Health.  
 Sulphur & Iron Bitters.  
 Lightning. Electric Bitters.  
 Bitters. London Purple

**PURE**  
**ARIS GREEN**  
 AND  
**HELEBORE.**  
**S. WILSON.**

of our Stock of  
**Millinery!**

**duction.**  
 antique, Oriental, Gupine and  
 1 Cream.  
 in, adding, as the demand in-  
 crases,  
**NOVELTIES**

**LDSS GOODS**  
 S AND DESIGNS.  
 Plain, Striped and Black.  
 Fancy and Plain. An excel-  
 lented Counterpanes.

**Short Notice.**  
 New Kitchen Cabinet.  
 used this week.

**RVIN,**  
 e Square, Goderich.

**KENZIE**

**IF BUSINESS**  
 connections that he is able and will

**BARGAINS**

**RDWARE!**  
 d that his house in the future, as in

**PARE**  
**JM.**

**if Cash Sales!**

**INZIE'S**  
**S. \$10**  
**ed Suits**  
**0.00**  
**& CO'S.**  
**S. \$10**

# The Goderich General

DEVOTED TO COUNTY NEWS AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE

GODERICH, ONT., FRIDAY, JULY 18, 1884.

THIRTY-SIXTH YEAR.  
 WHOLE NUMBER 1902.

**Dentistry.**  
**NICHOLSON, L.D.S., SURGEON**  
 Dentist. Office and residence, West  
 Street three doors below Bank of Montreal,  
 Goderich.

**The People's Column.**  
**MUSIC—MISS SKIMMINGS IS**  
 prepared to take a limited number of  
 pupils, for instruction in instrumental music,  
 (Piano and Organ) during the midsummer vac-  
 ation. Practice free.  
 Goderich, July 18, 1884.

**NOTICE—THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY**  
 cautioned against giving credit to  
 any person on my behalf, unless on a written  
 order from me, as I will not be responsible  
 for any debts contracted in any other way.  
 E. M. WARD. 1861-4

**NOTICE—NOTICE IS HEREBY**  
 given that the Corporation of the Town  
 of Wingham will on MONDAY, the FIRST  
 DAY of SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1884, pass a By-law  
 for stopping up that portion of William street  
 in the Town of Wingham between the  
 southerly limit of Patrick street and the northerly  
 limit of John street; also that portion of  
 Patrick street in said town lying westward of  
 the westerly limit of William street aforesaid;  
 also that portion of the lane or roadway in  
 said town lying between the southerly limit  
 of Patrick street and the northerly limit  
 of John street, and lying between Lots 53, 54,  
 55 and 57 in Peter Fisher's mill privileges sur-  
 vey on the one side, and Lots 287, 288, 289  
 and 400, Government survey, on the other  
 side; and for the purpose of selling and con-  
 veying the positions of said streets, lane and  
 roadway, as aforesaid to be stopped up, to  
 George and the several owners of said lots.  
 Dated this 7th day of July, A. D. 1884.

**WEAVING—THE PUBLIC ARE**  
 hereby informed that Milligan & Son,  
 have opened their rooms, in Capt. Dan-  
 ford's frame building, in a nearly centrally  
 opposite the bank of Montreal, and are prepared  
 to fill all orders in carpet, and other weaving,  
 in the best style. Terms reasonable. See  
 circulars your orders. 1450-4

**WOOD WANTED—200 to 300 CORDS**  
 of wood, for which cash will be paid on  
 delivery. Apply to NORTH AMERICA  
 CHEMICAL, Goderich, May 29th, 1884. 1945-4

**PASTURAGE—THE SUBSCRIBER**  
 is prepared to pasture stock at the Falls  
 house. There are nearly a thousand acres  
 of good pasture land. Price for yearlings 75c  
 per month; 3 year olds and upwards, \$1 per  
 month. Apply to M. D. L. L. 1345-4

**FOR SALE—A FEW A1 LAND**  
 Rollers and Iron Harrows, will be sold  
 cheap at the Goderich Foundry. The heavy  
 rollers and repairs for the same can also  
 be procured from the Goderich Foundry or  
 by application by mail to H. S. BROWN, 4th  
 Goderich, Ont. 1946-4

**EDWARD SHERMAN,**  
**BRICKLAYER AND PLASTERER,**  
 is still ready to do any work in his line at  
 moderate prices. Lime, Bricks, Firebricks, and  
 other Building Material kept on hand for sale.  
 Goderich, March 29th, 1884. 1950-4m

**For Sale or to Let.**  
**FINE HOUSE FOR SALE—THAT**  
 fine new frame house on Nelson-st. near  
 opposite St. Patrick's ward school, is offered  
 for sale on reasonable terms. Has eight  
 large bed-rooms, besides parlors, dining room,  
 kitchen, bath, and a small business  
 room. All thoroughly finished inside. The owner  
 offers it at a bargain. Apply to the owner  
 F. S. KEATH, Goderich Ont. 1950-3m

**FOR SALE OR TO RENT—THAT**  
 valuable property, known as the Millburn  
 Exchange Hotel, at present occupied by Mr.  
 Fred Horton, is offered for sale on reasonable  
 terms. The hotel is situated on the gravel roads  
 between Goderich and Port Albert, and Goderich  
 and Huron, and does a small business.  
 Possession on 1st of Sept. or sooner if required.  
 Terms reasonable. For particulars apply to  
 A. ALLEN, Dundas P. O. 1950-3m

**FARMS FOR SALE—LOTS 8 AND**  
 9, a first class concession, township of Goderich,  
 two beautiful farms adjoining, containing in  
 all 29 acres; about 21 miles from Goderich,  
 Lake Huron; well watered. A. M. SMITH,  
 London, Ont. 1946-4

**HOUSE TO RENT—A BRICK**  
 house, consisting of eight rooms, together  
 with a quarter-acre garden, on Palmation  
 street. It is situated on St. David's street, con-  
 venient to the station, and will be rented on  
 reasonable terms. For particulars apply to  
 D. HOLMES, corner of East and Victoria  
 streets. 1947-1

**FARM FOR SALE—THE WESTER-**  
 LY 50 acres, of the easterly 180 acres of  
 block "F" in the 7th concession of the town-  
 ship of Colborne. Thirty acres cleared, re-  
 maining well timbered, good frame barn,  
 good water, nice orchard, well fenced, about  
 four miles from Goderich. Terms easy. For  
 further particulars apply to E. CAMPION,  
 Barrister, Goderich, or to ARTHUR HAYGH-  
 BERRY, on the premises. 1947-2m

**STORE TO RENT OR SELL—HOUSE**  
 on corner of good gravel road. House  
 11 stories, in good repair. Store 20x24, with  
 store room, wood shed, stable and 1 acre land.  
 P.O. and daily mail. Terms easy. Apply to  
 R. T. HAYNES, Sheppardton. 1953-

**SHEPPARDTON FARM TO RENT**  
 OR SELL. 60 acres, 50 acres cleared and  
 free of stumps; all well fenced; 2 wells;  
 good barn and shed and other buildings, in-  
 cluding brick cottage 22x28, with cellar full  
 size of house; a splendid orchard; large creek  
 runs across the lot. Terms easy. Apply on  
 premises, Lot 18, Lake Shore Road, township  
 of Colborne, R. T. HAYNES, Sheppardton.  
 March 29th, 1884. 1953-

**50 ACRE LOT IN ASHFIELD FOR**  
 SALE—On 3rd Con. E.D. 30 acres clear-  
 ed, balance good hardwood. A good orchard  
 and apple house. Fields slope to a creek running  
 across the lot, and are easily drained. Terms  
 easy. Apply to R. T. HAYNES, Sheppardton.  
 March 29, 1884. 1953-

**THE HURON HOTEL.**  
**CRAIG & SAULTS, PROPRIETORS.**  
 "The Huron Hotel" into the "Woodbine"  
 has recently been refitted in every  
 particular, and is capable of giving satisfaction in every  
 particular to the travelling public. The  
 stable in connection has been specially fitted  
 up for the farmer's convenience, and is in  
 charge of a first-class hostler. Rates for trans-  
 ient travellers, \$1 per day; special terms for  
 weekly boarders. 1953-

**NEWS ABOUT HOME.**  
 "A child's amang ye, takin' notes  
 An' faith he'll print it."

**TOWN TOPICS.**  
 Ask for the "Solid Comfort" or "Olivetree"  
 Goderich cigar.

American visitors who desire good photo-  
 graphs by a Canadian artist should call on G.  
 E. Johnson, and see his specimen cabinet.  
 Remember the name—Robson.

In PAPE.—It always pays to get your cloth-  
 ing made up by first-class tailors, and that is  
 the reason why F. & A. Priddy, got so large  
 a share of the trade. Call and see our tweeds.

The Bradford excursionists will likely be  
 heard enquiring on every hand for Salloves,  
 the popular photographer. He will photo-  
 graph them in companies, singly, and with  
 their girls.

A package of the American Fruit Preserv-  
 ing Powder and Liquid will preserve 250 lbs.  
 of Fruit, either with or without sugar for  
 years. No need to keep the fruit air tight.  
 JAS. IMRIE, Agent.

There is one place in town where you may  
 be sure of not being humbugged, and that is  
 at W. L. Horton's, where you can get the  
 cheapest and best grades of imported wines,  
 and liquors. South St., corner of Albion block.

Just Received.—A variety of oil cooking  
 stoves, which I will guarantee. The Victory,  
 with its extension top, the Dietz Tubular Hot  
 Blast; also the summer Queen. Prices from  
 \$1.50 up to \$10.00. About ten kinds of coal oil  
 in stock. G. N. DAVIS.

Seasonable goods just received at Saunders'  
 Variety Store, Fruit jars, preserving kettles,  
 coal oil stoves, milk pans and pails, and  
 another large lot of window shades, hand-  
 some patterns. Call and see samples. Shades  
 fitted on one hour's notice. The cheapest  
 house under the sun.

Berry picking all the rage.  
 Rev. Mr. Setton was in town this  
 week.

Harry Clucas left for Toronto this  
 week.  
 Miss Fannie Rothwell has returned to  
 town.

Mrs. John Wilkinson, of Winnipeg, is  
 in town.  
 George Acheson will visit Grimshy  
 camp meeting.

Mr. Ed. and Miss E. Logan are visit-  
 ing at Clinton.

Capt. and Mrs. Fraser, have returned  
 from Michigan.

Miss Lou Trainer is spending her  
 vacation in town.

Miss Atkin of Toronto, is the guest of  
 the Messrs. Beck, Saltford.

Arakott Bright, of Walkerton, is  
 spending a few days in town.

P. R. Street, Q.C., of London, and  
 family, are at the Point Farm.

Mrs. Carrol, of Ottawa, is travelling  
 with her son in the Northwest.

Miss Marks, of Bruesfield, is the guest  
 of the Messrs. C. K. North street.

Dr. W. A. Ross, of the C. P. R., is  
 spending a short vacation at home.

R. Radcliffe and Joseph Beck, have  
 been elected officers of the Grand Chap-  
 ter.

Miss Reynolds, of Hullett, has been  
 spending a few days in town visiting  
 friends.

The Methodist church Sunday School,  
 Clinton, postponed the date of the picnic  
 and will hold it in Goderich on Thursday  
 next, the 24th inst.

Mrs. Miss and Master Hoffman, of St.  
 Paul, who are spending a few weeks in  
 town, are the guests of the lady's mother,  
 Mrs. J. H. Egan, Esq. street.

Frank Keadie, formerly of E. B.  
 Smith & Co., is visiting his parents,  
 Frank is in a good position in Cleveland,  
 and likes that city immensely.

The death is announced of Mr. Alex.  
 Sinclair, of Almonte, father of Judge  
 Sinclair, of Hamilton, formerly of Goderich,  
 King, in the 77th year of his age.

We are glad to notice that our talented  
 young townsman, J. C. Robertson, B.A.,  
 has been reappointed to the classical fel-  
 lowship in University College for next  
 session.

D. D. Wilson, of Seaforth, took part  
 in the S. S. exercises in Knox church  
 on Sunday last. His family will be  
 residents of the town for the next couple  
 of months.

Thos. Trimble, telegraph operator,  
 of Windsor, formerly of Goderich, is  
 visiting friends hereabouts. Tom looks  
 well, and has grown quite stout during  
 his sojourn south.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Walters will, we  
 understand, leave shortly for Niagara,  
 where the rev. gentleman has been ap-  
 pointed assistant rector. They will  
 carry with them the good wishes of a  
 number of friends of all denominations in  
 this section.

John Haldan, of Toronto, formerly  
 headmaster of Goderich High School, is  
 enjoying the breezes of Huron once  
 more, while visiting old friends in and  
 about Goderich. He and Mrs. Haldan  
 are at present the guests of R. Williams,  
 Landanburgh, Dundas.

Mrs. George Acheson, Mrs. Wm. Mc-  
 Lean and daughter, left this week for  
 Peak's Island, Portland, Maine, for  
 ocean air, and also to attend the great  
 prohibitory demonstration to be held  
 shortly.

Mrs. Acheson has already  
 spent a week on the Island.

Over Holiday.—Clinton proposes to  
 spend in with Goderich, and have a civic  
 holiday on the 6th of August. The G.  
 T. R. offers to give an excursion to  
 Toronto on that day, tickets good until  
 \$1.50. Some of our business men  
 would petition the mayor to proclaim  
 the 6th of August as the civic holiday.

VISITORS ON BICYCLES.—On Wednes-  
 day evening last a party consisting of  
 nine bicyclers arrived in Goderich. Their  
 names were: C. E. Alvord, Chas. Kud-  
 ner, R. R. Lanning, and R. H. Weekes,  
 Detroit; F. Curtis, Morpeth; F. N.  
 Buffalo; O. E. Fleming, Windsor; F. E.  
 Hunt, Elkhart. They were cordially  
 received by our local bicyclers, and  
 shown around in good style.

The following is from the society  
 column of the Buffalo Courier: Gen. and  
 Mrs. Geo. S. Field, of Delaware Avenue  
 and Belmont, Ontario, and Gen. and  
 Mrs. J. C. Faraworth, and Judge Advocate  
 General Horatio C. King of Brooklyn at  
 breakfast yesterday morning. Those  
 present were Governor Cleveland, Gen.  
 Farnsworth, Judge Advocate Genl.  
 and Mrs. Field, and Miss  
 Radcliffe, of Goderich, Ont.

St. George's Church.—There is to be  
 a meeting of the ladies of this church in  
 the school house on Wednesday evening  
 next at seven o'clock. All are earnestly  
 invited to attend. A vestry meeting of  
 the members of this church generally is  
 to be held on Monday evening next at  
 eight o'clock to take into further con-  
 sideration the appointment of an assistant  
 minister to succeed the Rev. J. Walters.  
 There seems to be much difficulty in  
 making this appointment.

Rev. G. C. Morrow, who was secre-  
 tary of the Scott Act Alliance in the  
 county of Oxford during the campaign,  
 will speak on the Scott Act in Goderich  
 on Monday, the 28th of July. Mr.  
 Morrow is one of the ablest speakers on  
 the Scott Act side, and his admirers  
 claim that he is more than a match for  
 the redoubtable King Dods. It is ex-  
 pected that the meeting will be crowded.  
 Further particulars as to place of meet-  
 ing will be given next week.

The Stratford Herald says:—"At the  
 meeting held in the temperance hall yester-  
 day the petitioners asking the Govern-  
 ment to submit the Scott Act to the  
 voters were handed in and the signatures  
 counted, when it was found that nearly  
 one-third (3,000) of the voters of the  
 county had signed them. There are  
 about 10,000 parliamentary electors in  
 Perth and only one-fourth of their sig-  
 natures is required to submit the Act.  
 It is expected to be voted upon in Sep-  
 tember or October."

R. Miller, principal of Auburn school,  
 and son of W. Miller, of this town, was  
 the recipient of a valuable oil painting  
 recently, accompanied by an address  
 from his pupils as a mark of esteem, on  
 his resigning his position here, owing to  
 bad health. He left last week for St.  
 Helens, where he intends going into  
 business. A surprise party was called  
 upon Mr. Miller and presented him with  
 a purse containing \$20 as a mark of esteem  
 for his services in leading the singing in  
 the Presbyterian church.

MR. TURNBULL'S INDUCTION.—The St.  
 Mary's correspondent of the Stratford  
 Beacon sent the following last week:—  
 "The induction of the Rev. Mr. Turn-  
 bull into the pastorate of the Widda-at-  
 Presbyterian church took place on the  
 8th inst. The Rev. Mr. Crayal preached  
 an excellent sermon, Rev. Messrs.  
 Gordon and Tully addressed the newly  
 inducted pastor and congregation re-

spectively. The Presbytery were enter-  
 tained by the ladies to dinner and tea in  
 the basement. At night a garden party  
 was held on the church lawn, which was  
 brilliantly illuminated for the occasion.  
 The town band discoursed choice music,  
 and a large number visited the ground.  
 The Ladies' Aid netted \$120. Mr. and  
 Mrs. Turnbull received a warm welcome  
 and will take immediate possession of the  
 manse, which has been thoroughly re-  
 novated for their reception."

The County of Huron Photographic  
 Association, met at the Point Farm, on  
 the 3rd inst. The president, Mr. Bay-  
 ley, of Clinton, in the chair. As this was  
 the first meeting of the Association for  
 their second year, a election of officers  
 took place, resulting as follows: Presi-  
 dent, Brockenshire, Wingham; 1st Vice  
 President, Uren, Brussels; 2nd Vice  
 President, Wade, Seaforth; Secretary  
 and Treasurer, Robson, Goderich. The  
 report of the retiring treasurer being  
 read, the members expressed themselves  
 as highly pleased with the success of the  
 association, both financially and socially,  
 and seemed anxious that they should  
 still hold themselves together as an as-  
 sociation.

THE LORD'S ARMY.—The Army did  
 not visit Saltford on Tuesday, in order  
 to avoid a conflict with the roughs of that  
 place.—Capt. Lathwell, of Mitchell, is  
 visiting Goderich station, and intends  
 remaining for several days.—The "ban-  
 quet" on Tuesday next promises to be  
 one of the biggest tea-meetings held in  
 town. Officers from various stations  
 along the line are expected, and a large  
 contingent from Clinton have already  
 sent assurances of their presence. The  
 tickets are selling quickly, and a monster  
 turn out is expected. How many will go  
 through the "all night" exercise remains  
 to be seen. The tea-meeting will be in  
 the drill shed. Tea will be served from 5  
 to 7 o'clock p.m.

THE MRS. LACEY STUBBERS.—The con-  
 cert given by this Italian band in Victoria  
 hall on Thursday of last week was a  
 musical treat. The concerted pieces were  
 rendered with taste and feeling, and  
 were rapturously applauded by the lovers  
 of musical music in a noisy manner. The  
 concert was exquisitely given, and the violin  
 solos by Giuseppe Gioia, who also con-  
 ducted the orchestra, stamped him as an  
 artist of much promise. We hope they  
 will come again. We would not miss the  
 beautiful music of the "Mocking Bird"  
 which was given in a noisy manner. The  
 young Italians should they again favor  
 us with a visit. During the evening  
 Reeve Johnston had occasion to repro-  
 pose some young rascals in the rear for  
 their bad behaviour. These lads usually be-  
 come a nuisance to the public, and then  
 get themselves in a noisy manner to the  
 annoyance of both performers and  
 audience. Some of those scamps who  
 kick up their dices at public entertain-  
 ments will be surprised to find them-  
 selves some morning before the mayor.

**Public School Board Meeting.**  
 The Board met according to adjourn-  
 ment on Tuesday, July 15th.  
 All present except Mr. Buchanan.  
 The minutes of previous meeting were  
 read and confirmed.

Miss M. G. Robertson applied for the  
 position of teacher of senior division of  
 a ward school for the remainder of 1884.  
 The application was accepted. Mr. J. C.  
 The contingent committee was in-  
 structed to make all necessary repairs  
 and improvements in the schools during  
 the holidays.

The question of contagious diseases  
 was presented by the Board and ex-  
 pressed themselves as in favor of taking  
 stricter measures to prevent the spread  
 of disease by children in school.  
 The Board then adjourned.

**Arrivals at the Point Farm.**  
 Miss Howitt and Master Howitt,  
 Guelph.  
 Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Tittmann, child  
 and nurse, Detroit.

Mrs. Col. James, Miss Tombridge,  
 Miss Annie Tombridge, Wichita Falls,  
 Texas.

G. G. Runney, Mrs. Runney, child  
 and nurse; F. Zabriakie, Mrs. Zabriakie,  
 child and nurse; Miss Helen E. Batwell,  
 Detroit.

King, Miss King, Miss Elsie  
 King, Buffalo.

Mr. E. Benson, Miss Maud Benson,  
 Mrs. Maloney, Mrs. Capt. Olmsted and  
 daughter, Mrs. C. B. James, Ed. James,  
 W. James, Miss Addie James, Detroit.

Mrs. Macdonald, Miss Ethel Mac-  
 donald, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. R. Street,  
 four children and nurse, London.  
 Mr. Hodges, Detroit.

**Mr. Morrow's Meetings.**  
 Rev. G. C. Morrow, the eloquent  
 champion of the Scott Act, will address  
 public meetings in the county as follows:  
 Monday 21, Brussels, Town hall.  
 Tuesday 22, Gorrie.  
 Wednesday 23, Land's church in Ash-  
 field.

Thursday 24, Clinton, town hall.  
 Friday 25, Varna, Temperance hall.  
 Saturday 26, Wilkinson's corners,  
 church.

Monday 28, Goderich.  
 Will also preach in Goderich North  
 St. Methodist church on 27th.  
 Mr. Morrow opened his campaign in  
 Exeter on Tuesday evening. A corres-  
 pondent writes:—

"Capital meeting in Exeter last night.  
 Crowded hall. Moir in opposition.  
 Morrow gave him magnificent scolding.  
 Vote two to one in favor of Scott Act."

The immigration returns for June  
 show a decided decrease on those for the  
 same month last year.

**Death of Richard Hawley.**  
 The Detroit Free Press of Tuesday, the  
 8th inst., had the following obituary  
 sketch of a gentleman who was well-  
 known and highly esteemed in Goderich:—

Richard Hawley, for many years one of  
 the best known citizens of Detroit, died  
 last night at the house of his son, Thos.  
 D. Hawley, 1055 Woodward avenue. He  
 suffered from a complication of diseases,  
 for about four years, but early in the  
 summer of 1883, he grew rapidly weak,  
 and on the 1st of July he sailed for  
 Europe. There he remained until May,  
 1884, and in the meantime consulted the  
 most celebrated trans-Atlantic physi-  
 cians, none of whom were able to help  
 him in any degree. He arrived home on  
 the 15th of May, and a month later it  
 became evident to his friends that his  
 end was near at hand. Since  
 about June 15 he had been kept alive  
 by the so-called oxygen treatment, as the  
 family believe, and he retained full con-  
 sciousness until the very hour of disolu-  
 tion. His death was singularly peace-  
 ful and in presence of all his family, with  
 one exception—a death that he would  
 have chosen had he been the choice.

Mr. Hawley was a native of Shrews-  
 bury, England, and was 69 years old.  
 He was descended from an old English  
 family which early settled in Shrews-  
 bury. The family property, Cause Castle,  
 is mentioned in "The Subject Museum  
 of the World," published by Charles  
 Hulber in 1825, and was one of the  
 twenty-four lordships held by Roger de  
 Corbet from Roger de Montgomery.  
 Mr. Hawley's father emigrated to the  
 United States in 1818. Richard received  
 only a common school education in  
 his youth, though in his maturer years  
 he accomplished a surprising quantity  
 of solid reading. He began business on his  
 own account in a comparatively early  
 age when he was 17 years old and prospered  
 exceedingly; but the disastrous panic of  
 1837 swallowed up his property and left  
 him to begin the struggle anew. He  
 chose Erie, Pa., for his second battle  
 ground, and in a comparatively short  
 time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,  
 own account, and in a comparatively  
 short time thereafter he paid all of his  
 obligations with good interest. Forty-  
 one years ago he moved to Detroit and  
 established here a brewery, which he  
 managed successfully for twelve years,

How will it Affect Business.

The above is a question that is frequently asked in reference to the Temperance or Scott Act. It is one of the bugsaboo dangled by the whiskey men before the eyes of men who are not by any means temperance men, at least what is usually termed a temperance man. But these men are given to solve business problems in a business manner, and the result is that the Baker says that "if the man who spends the dollar in whiskey that should be used in buying bread to feed his children were prevented from buying whiskey, he (the baker) would then get the trade that belonged to him, and the children the bread.

The Butcher says that were whiskey done away with he would be selling joints of meat to families that today have to content with potatoes and point, (point the potato at a bene that has perhaps served a week's dinners.)

The Shoemaker says that were it not for whiskey he would do a much larger trade in women's and children's boots and shoes.

The Grocer says that were whiskey done away with, tea would be used as a substitute by the whiskey drinkers themselves, and of course along with tea would go sugar, and all the other concomitants that go to make an enjoyable meal.

The Tailor says that no whiskey would mean to his trade no rags, consequently more clothing.

The Furniture man says no whiskey more weddings. The man who is now content to put up with the side of a plank, would then begin to think he wanted something better and would buy beds and bedding.

The Barber says that the fellow who goes now with his face like a blacking brush, because he wants his ten cents for his whiskey, will want a clean face for Sunday. And so these men figure it, and who says they are not right in their calculations.

The only ones who seem to really imagine, with good cause, it will hurt their business, are whiskey sellers themselves.

The Constables say it will hurt their business, as only one half the number will be required that is required now.

The Doctors say it will hurt their business, (unless they go into the prescription business largely, and that they hold is dangerous) as it will do away with a fruitful source of disease.

The Undertaker and the grave-digger says it will affect their business, as whiskey furnishes them with one quarter of all business they do.

This is how it will affect business. Canadian electors, how do you like it? Whose business do you want to help, the butcher's, the baker's, the grocer's, shoemaker's, tailor's, furniture dealer's, hardware man, &c., or the hotel-keepers, the undertaker's, the grave-digger's, the constables, &c. Which?—[South Simcoe Battle Axe.

Causes of Poverty.

The reasons why the poor are always with us it might be worth while to inquire into much more carefully and systematically than has yet been done. In general the causes of poverty in the United States at least are susceptible of being determined, yet there is in fact very little definite knowledge on this important subject. The executive committee of the Associated Charities of Boston have been at the trouble of collecting the statistics in regard to the same brought under their notice. These they have given to the public in an elaborate report. For its principal causes are given, which cover all but a very small percentage of the total number of instances brought under the society's notice. They are intemperance, ignorance, laziness and pride.

Nine-tenths of all the poverty was and to be owing to intemperance, leaving the other tenth to be divided among the other causes. Only a very small percentage of real want was found to be due to loss or bad luck, notwithstanding that two causes get the credit of a great deal of misery in the world. What was and to be true in Boston would doubtless be found to be true the country over, the same care was taken to gather the statistics and analyze the causes.

The reader will say that there is nothing new in this statement and that everybody knew these facts before. In a general way this is true, and yet the presentation of the facts and figures is admirable when and wherever possible. The charitable associations in this town and the city over could do no better work to collect statistics on this subject than publish them, too. Preachers and others should impress them and reiterate them before their audiences and the like.

It has become the fashion of late to trample on the poor Richard idea of insisting upon the principles of economy, temperance and industry in training the young, and hence the increasing tide of crime and mendacity. The line upon method of instilling proper knowledge the public mind is old-fashioned, but the only method that is good for any good, after all.

Rescued at Last.

H. Crocker, druggist of Waterdown, when all other remedies fail for Croup Complaints, then Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry comes to the rescue.

A well known strengthening preparation of Iron, combined with other tonics most perfect nerve, are found in Dr. Fowler's Iron Pills, which strengthen the system and body, and improve the blood complexion.

An Editor's Tribute.

Dr. P. Keator, editor of Ft. Wayne Gazette, writes: "For the past five years I have always used Dr. King's New Discovery for coughs of most severe character, as well as for those of milder kind. It never fails to effect a speedy cure. My friends to whom I have recommended it speak of it in some high terms. Having been cured by it of every ailment, the only reliable and sure cure for coughs, colds, etc." Call at Wilson's Store and get a Free Trial Bottle, size \$1.00.

Farm and Garden.

How to Make a Garden.

A paper on the "Fertilization of Flowers," read before the Albany Institute, by Chas. H. Peck, the State Botanist, was listened to with general interest. The lecturer was concise, clear and comprehensive. The fertilization of flowers, he said, consists in the application of the proper pollen to their stigmas and the consequent transfer of the pollen contents to the young seed case or ovules. It involves two processes: first, the transportation of the pollen from the anthers, where it is produced, to the stigma and second its germination on the stigma and transfer of the pollen contents, by means of the growing pollen tube to the ovules, which otherwise would not develop and form seeds. The first process is accomplished by various agents, but especially by winds and insects. The former carry most of the pollen of grasses and cereals and of many of our forest trees, and generally of such plants as have small, inconspicuous flowers with numerous anthers and abundance of pollen. The latter carry the pollen of those flowers that are highly colored or fragrant and that secrete nectar, which with pollen is the natural food of many insects and the bait that allures them to the reward the insect offers for their services.

There are two kinds of fertilization: self-fertilization, in which the same plant produces both the pollen and the stigma to which it is applied, and cross-fertilization, on which the two are produced on different plants of the same species. The latter, as a rule, is much better for the progeny of the plant than the former, and there are many special and curious structural contrivances in flowers by which it is favored and secured even in cases where both pollen and stigma are produced in one and the same flower. Even many floral structures, which at first sight appear admirably adapted to secure self-fertilization, are found by closer investigation to be ingenious arrangements for insuring cross-fertilization. Examples of these various structures were noticed and illustrated by diagrams. Yet notwithstanding the evident designs in so many instances to bring about self-fertilization, self-fertilization is in many flowers allowed to and in some clearly designed, as if nature was intent on the preservation of the species through the agency of the seed produced even by the latter method if through any mishap the former should fail. In many flowers there are special structures calculated to favor the visits of certain kinds of insects which are good pollen carriers, and to exclude those that are small or wingless and therefore poor pollen-carriers.

A knowledge of this subject adds much to the interest with which we study flowers and gives to their endless variation in structure, form, color and appendages a meaning and a significance which they would not otherwise have. It enables us to explain many phenomena in variation, fruitage and sterility which would otherwise be inexplicable. It gives to the horticulturist and the florist power to secure and render permanent and desirable variety of his cultivated plants, to improve poor or undesirable varieties and even to originate new varieties by resorting to a judicious system of fertilization. It is also necessary for those who raise plant seeds for sale; for either ignorance or neglect of its laws and requirements will be likely to result in a failure of the variety to "come true to seed" and will occasion sore disappointment if not a pecuniary loss. Finally, a knowledge of this subject is almost sure to lead the thoughts from the contemplation of the striking evidences of design which it displays to the designer, and to cause us to see these minute objects that there is a God in Nature.—[Albany Evening Journal.

Hopeful Words.

Mrs. McArthur, of Hepeville, Ont., says she couldn't keep house without Hagyard's Pectoral Balm to cure prevailing throat and lung troubles.

How a Woman Puts on Shoes.

When a woman has a new pair of shoes sent home she performs altogether different from a man. She never shoves her toes into them and yanks and yanks until she is red in the face and all out of breath, and then she stamps and kicking around, but pulls them on part way very carefully, twitches them off again to take a last look and see if she has got the right one, puts them on again, looks at them dreamily, says they are just right, then takes another look, stops suddenly to smooth out the wrinkles, twists around and surveys them sideways, exclaims: "Mercy! how loose they are!" looks at them again square in front, works her feet around so they won't hurt her quite so much, takes them off, looks at the heels, to toe, the bottom, and then inside, puts them on again, walks up and down the room once or twice, remarks to her better half that she won't have them at any price, tilts down the mirror so that she can see how they look, turns in every possible direction, and nearly indicates her neck trying to see how they look from that way, looks off, steps up again, takes thirty or forty farewell looks, says they make her feet look awful big, and will never do in the world, puts them off and on three or four times more, asks her husband what he thinks about it and pays no attention to what he says, goes through it all again, and finally says she will take them. It is a very simple matter indeed.

To the Medical Profession, and all whom it may concern.

Phosphatine, or Nerve Food, a Phosphate Element based upon Scientific Facts, Formulated by Professor Austin, M. D. of Boston, Mass., cures Pulmonary Consumption, Sick Headache, Nervous Attacks, Vertigo and Neuralgia and all wasting diseases of the human system. Phosphatine is not a Medicine, but a Nutrient, because it contains no Vegetable or Mineral Poisons, Opium, Narcotics, or Stimulants, but simply the Phosphatic and Gartic Elements found in our daily food. A single bottle is sufficient to convince. All Druggists sell it. \$1.00 per bottle. Lowrey & Co., sole agents for the Dominion, 55 Front Street East Toronto

Gilston.

On Wednesday night a man named W. Smith, agent for Perpetual Calendar, was summoned before the mayor at the instance of R. Holmes, charged with assaulting and striking him, in the New Era office—both charges being proved he was fined \$10 and costs.

Hosses News.—Mr. S. Beattie has bought W. Shipley's driving pony. Mr. Geo. Cox, of Detroit, recently bought of Mooney & Rattenbury their splendid seral team of mares, paying therefor \$4000. The trotting stallion Fulton, one of the fastest in Canada, has been bought by a resident of Blake. Mr. D. Tiplady lately bought of Mr. Herbert Cricht, Tuckersmith, a mare at \$200, for which he shortly after refused \$220.

BRIDGES.—The bridge over the Bayfield river here is now beginning to show signs of weakness, and will be repaired as soon as the busy season is over; it is still perfectly safe. Mr. Geo. Tedford will soon have Rathwell bridge completed between Goderich township and Stanley. Messrs. Elliott and Gibson, road commissioners, went out to Holmesville on Friday to see how the work of the new bridge was progressing; three of the bents were completed, and work progressing favorably. On Tuesday Mr. Elliott visited Grieve's bridge in McKillop, in company with a draughtsman from the works of the Hamilton Iron Co., who took measurements for the new bridge at that place.—[New Era.

For Old or Young.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry is the remedy for Cholera, Colic, Diarrhea and Dysentery. No person is safe without it.

Why should a man whose blood is warm within

Sit to his grandfire cut in alabaster? Or let his hair grow rusty, scant and thin. When "CINGALESE" will make it grow the faster. For sale by J. Wilson 2m

True Manliness.

Every young man considers it high praise to be called "a manly fellow," and yet, how many false ideas there are of manliness. Physical strength is not the test. Sampson was endowed with tremendous powers. He was a grand specimen of humanity. See him rending the lion as he would a kid, or carrying away the gates of Gaza! But he was a weak creature after all, unable to resist the wiles of an artful woman. Nor is great intellectual powers the test of true manhood. Some of the most intellectual men who have ever lived were not manly. Lord Francis Bacon was a prodigy of intellect. The scientists at his feet extolling him as his benefactor, yet we see him led down Tower Hill, a prisoner for swindling. To be manly is to be honest, good, brave, pure, noble in speech and life. The highest form of manliness is godliness. Some one has said, "An honest man is the noblest work of God;" and the true Christian man, honest toward God and toward his fellow man, commands this high distinction.—[John B. Gough.

If you are tired taking the large, old-fashioned gripping pills try Carter's Little Liver Pills and you will soon see that a man can't stand everything. One pill a dose.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—For pimples, blotches, tan, and all itching tumors of the skin, use Prof. Low's Magic Sulphur Soap.

Four persons were poisoned at St. Valier, Que., a day or two ago by eating tongue which was not sufficiently salted. They are under medical treatment, and will recover.

The signs of worms are well known, but the remedy is not always so well determined. Dr. Freeman's Worm Powders will destroy them.

Not another Pill shall go down my throat again, said a citizen, "when I can get such a prompt and pleasant cure for my bilious attacks, as Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters. It renders the blood pure and cool and makes a splendid spring medicine. Large bottles 50 cents.

A Startling Discovery.

Wm. Johnson, of Huron, Dak., writes that his wife had been troubled with acute Bronchitis for many years, and that all remedies tried gave no permanent relief, until he procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which had a magical effect, and produced a permanent cure. It is guaranteed to cure all diseases of Throat, Lungs or Bronchial Tubes. Trial bottles free at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1.00.

Wheeler's Tissue Phosphates, Ed.

NATIONAL DYSPEPSIA, MILD IN its character, but with no actual suffering, often occasions persistent restlessness and want of sleep. The symptoms are mostly dryness of the mouth, occasional burning of the soles of the feet, heat and throbbing in the head, feverishness, resulting commonly from a too acid condition of the stomach from eating fatty, highly seasoned food, and, in some cases, taking too much wine. By securing complete digestion and assimilation, Wheeler's Phosphates and Galissia has proved the most reliable means of curing this form of irritability.

A BANKER'S TESTIMONY.

For a Cough, Cold or any Bronchial affection. "Pectoria," in my opinion, is just the thing. I have used it in my family for Coughs and Colds for the past four years with the most unvaried success, and to-day my opinion of it is that I continue to think still more of that which I believe, an thinking well of.

Geo. Kepp, Manager Ontario Bank, Pickering.

Price 25 cents at all druggists. National Pills purify the blood, regulate stomach, liver and bowels.

GOOD THE YEAR ROUND.—National Pills are a good blood purifier, liver regulator, and mild purgative for all seasons.

The Dominion Line S. S. Oregon, which left Liverpool on the 3rd inst., has on board \$100,000 sterling in sovereigns for the bank of Montreal.

"Why! What's the matter?" "Lady—With face enveloped in roll of hot cloths—'Oh! I'm crazy with that Neuralgia that continually troubles me.'"

"Well, how foolish! Why don't you go to G. Rhyland's Store and get a bottle of Fluid Lightning? It cured me in one minute always keep a bottle in the house. It only costs 25 cents.

A Firm Opinion.

The firm of Ormand & Walsh, druggists, of Peterboro, say Dr. Fowler's Wild Strawberry is one of their best Standard Medicines for Summer Complaints.

New Life for Functions Weakened by Disease, Debility and Dissipation.

The Great German Invigorator is the only specific for impotency, nervous debility, universal lassitude, forgetfulness, pain in the back or sides, no matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any kind, the Great German Remedy will restore the lost functions and secure health and happiness. \$1.00 per box, six boxes for \$5.00. Sold by all druggists. Sent on receipt of price, postage paid, by F. J. Cheney, Toledo, Ohio, sole agent for the United States. Circulars and testimonials sent free. Sold by Geo. Eynnas, sole agent for Goderich 3m.

There is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good sorous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plaster.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

May 15th, 1886. GENTLEMEN—Having been a sufferer for a long time from nervous prostration and general debility, I was advised to try Hop Bitters. I have taken one bottle, and I have been rapidly getting better ever since, and I think it the best medicine I ever used. I am now gaining strength and appetite, which was all gone, and I was in despair until I tried your Bitters. I am now well, able to go about and do my own work. Before taking it I was completely prostrated.

Mrs. MARY STUART.

James Brayley, Hamilton, says: "I read the testimonials for McGreggor's Speedy Cure and found I had a case of the same. I got a bottle and it helped me right away. I was as bad with Bilious Fever and Indigestion as I think any one could be. I have taken three bottles and am nearly well and can eat any kind of food without it hurting me. I may say I am better than I ever expected to be. Free trial bottles at G. Rhyland's."

In the history of medicines no preparation has received such universal commendation for the alleviation it affords, and the permanent cure it effects in kidney diseases, as Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure. Its action in these distressing complaints is simply wonderful. Sold by J. Wilson. 2m

A REWARD.—Of one dozen "TEABERRY" to any one sending the best four line rhyme on "TEABERRY," the remarkable little gem for the Teeth and Eats. Ask your druggist for address.

Thousands say so. T. W. Aitkins, Girard, Kan., writes: "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure Kidney and Liver complaints. Purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at 50 cts. a bottle by J. Wilson. [3]

Well Rewarded.

A liberal reward will be paid to any party who will produce a case of Liver, Kidney or Stomach complaint that Electric Bitters will not speedily cure. Bring them along, it will cost you nothing for the medicine if it fails to cure, and you will be well rewarded for your trouble besides. All Blood diseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, and general debility are quickly cured. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price only fifty cents per bottle. For sale by J. Wilson. [5]

CINGALESE.—A name well known in connection with the Hair Renewer which restores grey hair to its natural color by a few weeks use. Sold at 50 cents per bottle by James Wilson. 2m

These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whatever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by J. Wilson. [4]

Fonthill Nurseries.

325 ACRES. THE LARGEST IN THE DOMINION. SALESMEN WANTED. To begin work at once on Fall Sales. Steady employment at fixed salaries to all willing to work. MEN AND WOMEN can have Pleasant Work the Year Round.

Good agents are earning from \$10 to \$75 per month and expenses. Address: STONE & WELLINGTON, Toronto, Ont. 1938-3m.

DANIEL GORDON, CABINETMAKER

Leading Undertaker, Has on hand now the LARGEST STOCK of First-Class Furniture in the County, and as I now purchase for cash, will not be undersold by any one else. I offer Tapestry Carpet Lounges, from \$5.00 up. What's good, good, from \$2.50 up. Bew Beck Chairs, from \$7c. up, and everything else in the same proportion.

AT THE OLD STAND Between the Post Office & Bank of Montreal GODERICH, Oct. 18th, 1885. 1913.

DON'T READ THIS!

McCOLL BROS. & Co., TORONTO, Manufacture all kinds of Machinery Oils of the best quality. Also Bolt Cutting, Wool and Cylinder Oils.

LARDINE

MACHINE OIL 1881-8m Cannot be beaten for price and quality. For sale by all Dealers.

HUGH DUNLOP, Fashionable Tailor,

WEST STREET, Has the Finest Assortment of Summer Goods to Choose From. IF YOU WANT

A Nobby Suit at a Reasonable Price, HUGH DUNLOP.

CIGARS. CIGARS. IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC THE BEST ASSORTMENT IN TOWN

A full line of all the Leading Patent Medicines always kept on hand (Physicians Prescriptions a Specialty.)

GEORGE RHYNAS, BLAKE'S BLOCK, THE SQUARE

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co. LAND REGULATIONS.

The Company offer lands within the Railway Belt along the main line, and in Southern Manitoba, at prices ranging from \$2.50 PER ACRE upwards, with conditions requiring cultivation.

A rebate for cultivation of from \$1.25 to \$3.50 per acre, according to price paid for the land, allowed on certain conditions. The Company also offer Lands without conditions of settlement or cultivation.

THE RESERVED SECTIONS

along the Main Line, &c., the odd numbered Sections within one mile of the Railway, are now offered for sale on a (privilege) terms, to parties prepared to undertake their immediate cultivation.

TERMS OF PAYMENT:--

Purchasers may pay one-sixth in cash, and the balance in five annual instalments, with interest at SIX PER CENT. per annum, payable in advance. Parties purchasing without conditions of cultivation, will receive a Deed of Conveyance at time of purchase, if payment is made in full.

Payments may be made in LAND GRANT BONDS, which will be accepted at ten per cent. premium on their par value and accrued interest. These bonds can be obtained on application at the Bank of Montreal, Montreal; or at any of its agencies.

FOR PRICES AND CONDITIONS OF SALE and all information with respect to the purchase of Lands, apply to JOHN H. McTAVISH, Land Commissioner, Winnipeg. By order of the Board. CHARLES DRINKWATER, Secretary. 1937-3m

DOMINION CARRIAGE WORKS, GODERICH, ONT.

ALEX. MORTON, MANUFACTURER OF FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES. SIDE BAR BUGGIES. Repairing in All Its Branches. FACTORY...OPPOSITE COLBORNE HOTEL. 1935

Art Designs in Wall Paper.

Now is the time, if you wish one or two nice rooms at home, to see Putler's room paper. He has over 20,000 Rolls of the Latest Designs Beautiful colors, and at prices less than very much inferior goods. Call and see them at the best value in town, and must be had.

The Latest Spring Bazaar Patterns and Fashions, AT BUTLER'S

Eustace,

CHAPTER AN UNE

Willy drew his neck and waded nals of the solitary island. No could be made, between them, an could not make than the form of man. Of what they could not do once of even one an indication th to be obtained o it all the more d gain a landing, their hearts to fi effort they made swept slowly out 'No use, no 'That cruel curse See, we have pass are running to th Jack and Will seeing that this v less exertions, an despair.

Oh, it was bitter the very point of again into the b south, where they less sea stretched of miles, and dea In wistful sadness the sinking sun crowning the rugg with glory. The omniscience on wh was running along towards the round was nearest them. his figure clear, golden sky, and d ceived that he wa sailor.

He approached reef and made sig their efforts. Th was not so broken breakers so loud, voice, borne to th uttering the joyfu 'The tide is tur 'By Harry, an Jack, jumping up the current is bezi way.'

This was indeed stead of being o island, they were broken water.

'Thank God,' as long, grateful sigh 'Ay, ay, air,' ex 'we'll go ashore ye little craft don't b these ugly bits of

Such a catastro means unlikely, f the black points c themselves amid th an one of these m bers. The keen e exercised in the effort tinguency, and th graze, accompanie occasionally took steady course for t eat outlying lea the sailor await through all three i moment too much particularly, Cle which he stood wa water and Eustace guide the boat to in this he succee ran into the little l to rest.

'My eye, but he voice right [abov they beheld, the shelf starting at th 'The moment Wi his eyes, likewise he could only stan ishment and retur prise of Eustace also excessive.

'Dear me! Rah! quated. 'The very ident 'Ain't this a quee in?'

'How have you Falcon wrecked? 'Not so far as ing here I have ye or to thank for th 'Randolph left place?'

'Ay, to starve. be for his good it so took this meth But this ain't the logs, as the sailo have had hard look both tired at 'We are, ind dreadful two day; tens anxiety, an Can we have a desolate place?'

'Precious little, is three days sine and in that time

Eustace, the Outcast.

CHAPTER XVI—(Continued.) AN UNEXPECTED MEETING.

Willy drew his handkerchief from his neck and waved it, as answer to the signals of the solitary occupant of that lonely island. No further communication could be made, for the broad reef lay between them, and at that distance they could not make out anything further than the form they saw was that of a man. Of what country or color he was they could not determine, but the presence of even one human being there was an indication that food of some kind was to be obtained on the island. This made it all the more desirable that they should gain a landing. It was doubly bitter to their hearts to find that in spite of every effort they made their boat was being swept slowly out to sea.

'No use, no use,' groaned Eustace. 'That cruel current dooms us to perish. See, we have passed the island now and are running to the south.' Jack and Willy looked round, and, seeing that this was so, ceased their useless exertions, and sat down panting in despair.

Oh, it was bitter, bitter to be thus at the very point of rescue and cast back again into the boundless deep. To the south, where they were going, the limitless sea stretched on and on for hundreds of miles, and death was inevitable there. In wistful sadness they looked back to the island they were thus leaving, and the sinking sun shone brightly forth, crowning the rugged heights of the island with glory. The man had quitted the eminence on which he had stood, and was running along the crest of the height towards the round southern point which was nearest them. They could now see his figure clearly defined against the golden sky, and to their amazement perceived that he wore the dress of a British sailor.

He approached to the very edge of the reef and made signs to them to continue their efforts. The water at this point was not so broken nor the sound of the breakers so loud, and they heard his voice, borne to them across the foam, uttering the joyful words—'The tide is turning!'

'By Harry, and so it is!' exclaimed Jack, jumping up. 'See, Mr. Grahame, the current is beginning to set the other way.'

This was indeed the case, and now, instead of being carried away from the island, they were floated back to it, and would soon be among the white and broken water.

'Thank God,' said Eustace, leaving a long, grateful sigh. 'Ay, ay, sir,' exclaimed Jack, cheerily, 'we'll go ashore yet, if the bottom of our little craft don't be stove in by some of these ugly bits of rock.'

Such a catastrophe as this was by no means unlikely, for on all sides of them the black points of sharp ledges showed themselves amid the foam, and a bump on one of these might knock in the timbers. The keen eye of Eustace was exercised in the effort to avoid such a contingency, and though a momentary craze, accompanied by a sharp grating, occasionally took place, the boat kept a steady course for the shore, on the furthest outlying ledge of which stood the sailor awaiting their landing, though all three in the boat were at the moment too much engaged to notice him particularly. Close under the ledge on which he stood was a space of smooth water and Eustace was doing his best to guide the boat to it, as to a good berth. In this he succeeded, and she at length ran into the little haven and was brought to rest.

'My eye, but here's a go,' exclaimed a voice right above them, and looking up they beheld the seaman hanging over the shelf staring at them with amazement. 'The moment Willy caught sight of him his eyes likewise opened very wide, and he could only stand in motionless astonishment and return the stare. The surprise of Eustace in beholding him was also excessive.

the boat and the worst of it. A few shell fish scattered over the rocks about the edge of the water and some roots in a hollow about the middle of the island is about the whole that can be had in the way of grub. There was no water when I first landed, but the thunderstorm has filled the holes. Come in and I'll help you to find your first meal.'

Gladly the three adventurers got out of the boat, and having securely fastened it, they followed Ralph over the rocks. They had gone but a few yards, however, when all three sank fairly prostrated. The incessant toil they had endured and the want of food and sleep had utterly exhausted them, and no sooner had they begun to climb over the rough and ragged masses of rock than they at once succumbed.

Ralph looked on them for a moment lying helpless before him, and his novice tender nature was moved by the condition.

'Look, you,' he said 'you can't lie there to sleep. The hollow where the roots are is the place for a snooze. I'll bring you a few shell fish and a drop of water in my milkin cup, and after you take that you must try to crawl to the place.'

They were too powerless to make any reply to the gamekeeper's suggestion, and he walked away on his friendly errand. He was gone away half an hour, and when he returned they had all sunk into a state of drowsy stupor, from which, in a rough fashion, but with real kindness, he awoke them and made partake of such food as he had brought. They ate ravenously, and greedily drank the water from his cup, and having so eaten and drunk, they were sufficiently revived to proceed, slowly and painfully, over the rocks to the centre of the island. This they reached at last, and found the spot Ralph had told them of to be a large hollow basin about an acre in extent. Here sand had lodged to the depth of several feet, and in this sand a species of gorse or bent had grown, sending down long thick roots into the soft bed. These roots were sweet tasted and served along with the shell fish to mitigate their hunger.

The long grassy sward, with the sand beach, also formed a soft couch to lie on, and as they were here sheltered from the freshening breeze of night, they laid themselves out in a delicious repose of restfulness, and in a few moments all three of them had sunk into a deep and dreamless state of slumber.

Out of this sleep Eustace was the first to come, and that not till noon of the following day. The sun shone brightly in the soft blue sky, the air was warm and pleasant, and innumerable grasshoppers jumped and chirruped among the coarse grass. Eustace rose up perfectly refreshed. The long unbroken slumber had fully recruited his youthful, vigorous frame, and the calm, cheery brightness of the day sent a sort of elasticity into his spirits. Willy and Joe lay fast asleep still, but Ralph loured upon his elbow a little distance off, listlessly chewing a root which he had just pulled out of the sand. Eustace walked forward and joined him.

'Good morning, Ralph,' he remarked. 'We had not strength last night to thank you for your invaluable services. But for you we would have come badly on.'

'You'd have been sleeping your last sleep by this time,' was Ralph's blunt rejoinder. 'But I'm glad you've got up afore the other two, for I've got something to say to you, Mr. Eustace.'

'All right, my friend—say on.' 'It's a thousand chances,' returned Ralph, 'if we should be picked off this here island. It lies a long way out of the track of ships, and ne'er a one comes near it unless driven by a storm. This may not happen for months, or may be years, and by that time our bones may be bleaching on the black rocks. Howsoever, live or die, I've something to tell you that I don't want the other chaps to know. Look ye here.'

And as he spoke Ralph whipt off his jacket and shirt and exhibited to Eustace his back marked all across by black and blue stripes.

'Good God, what does that mean?' ejaculated the youth in horror. 'Were you—' 'Oh, out with it!' said Ralph, with bitter ferocity. 'This back of mine tells the tale well enough. Yes, I was flogged—lashed like a dog—by his orders.'

'My stepmother's brother!' exclaimed Eustace. 'Impossible.'

'Fact; our father was a shoemaker, fond o' drink like me, and he died a pauper in the poor house. Nell thought she had given all her friends the slip when she became mistress of Bengarry, but I happened to find her own, and now you know why she and her precious son wanted me out of the way—lest I should blab, in which case they know your father would never settle the estate on Randolph—the grandson of a shoemaker.'

'This is indeed news to me,' said Eustace. 'They have both been playing a deep game—and to all appearance they have won it.'

'Perhaps not,' replied Ralph. 'You knew the old proverb, Mr. Eustace—'There's many a slip between the cup and the lip, and for all the bad luck in which we are at present we may—Eh! what? Hurrah—a sail!'

Ralph leapt to his feet and wildly waved his arm toward the sea. Eustace eagerly turned his gaze in the same direction, and with a thrill of joy saw a vessel in the distance bearing towards the island with all her sails set. In his frantic joy Ralph shouted like a madman and the noise awoke Willy and Joe who were made glad likewise with the welcome intelligence that the hope of deliverance was at hand.

CHAPTER XVII.

THE RESCUE—ON BOARD A SMUGGLER—A CRITICAL POSITION AT ST. ABB'S HEAD.

In silent and almost unbearable suspense Eustace and his companions stood watching the issue.

'She don't see us,' said Ralph in a savage tone.

'I fear it is so,' said Eustace, with a sigh.

'She does see us,' called out Joe a moment after. 'She's wearing, measmates, she's wearing.'

'Joe was right, for the vessel had now turned in her course and was sailing directly towards the island. On seeing this, and being made certain that they would now be rescued, Ralph, Joe and Willy burst out in wild shouts of joy, but Eustace turned away, and seeing the shelter of a rock burst into tears. His great strong nature, silent in its despair, was overcome with emotion under the hope of again returning to Lillias, and his emotion was too sacred to be witnessed even by his solitary companions.

When he came forth again the vessel was lying to about a quarter of a mile off, and a boat was being lowered over the side. The ship proved to be a Dutch merchant vessel bound for Amsterdam, and the captain received the outcasts very kindly, giving them food and clothing, and ministering in every way to their comfort. He was even glad to render this service to British subjects, and give them a passage in his vessel, for the Dutch being, as well as the French, at war with Britain, he was in hourly dread of being captured by a British cruiser. Should this contingency now occur, he could confidently hope that the service he was rendering to Eustace and his companions would purchase his immunity. Thus actuated alike by inclination and interest, he did all in his power to promote the comfort of the rescued ones.

Favored now by fair winds, the vessel sped rapidly on her homeward voyage, and, as luck would have it, no British ship came across them till they made the port of Amsterdam. Here Eustace and his companions were in a hostile country and liable to be kept as prisoners, but the captain stood their friend, gave them dresses by which they might pass as a portion of his crew, and promised to do his utmost to have them shipped across the channel.

The vessel made its way across the canal right into the heart of the city and came to anchor under the dark shadows of a huge pile of warehouses. It was evening, and as soon as the ship was properly moored all work was suspended until the following morning, when the cargo would be transferred to the building overhead. At this juncture the captain disappeared, and, after being absent for nearly half an hour, returned in company with a tall, strong man, muffled up in a huge pea-jacket, with his head and ears covered by a sealskin cap. Eustace was gazing at the romantic sight of a city whose streets were water courses but he turned round when the captain with the stranger approached him.

'Mein Gott! dia is the very man for you,' he remarked in his broken English, and at the same time the stranger said in a low voice—'My friend Van Bracken has told me he picked you up in a deserted island, and that you want a passage to Scotland.'

'We do sir. Can you help us in the matter?' asked Eustace.

'I will gladly give you a passage,' 'Most willingly,' answered the youth. 'Stay a moment,' returned the stranger, 'I am a frank, straightforward man, and wouldn't like to draw you into a scrape—I am what is called a free-trader—in other words, a smuggler. You take it?'

'Perfectly; and I am not less your man on that account,' cried Eustace, with animation. 'I am no friend of the government, I assure you. I have had only too much cause to hate it. Nothing will give me greater pleasure than to help you land your cargo.'

'Say you so,' exclaimed the other, in a highly satisfied tone, and then he immediately added, 'but what about the others? Are they to be trusted?'

'Every man of them,' answered Eustace, emphatically. 'They have as good reason to hate the Government as I have, and will glory in helping to make our venture successful.'

The captain held out his hand, and Eustace, responding to the action, felt his hand grasped with great intensity.

'Then it's a bargain. My name is Dick Donaldson.'

'And mine is Eustace Grahame.'

'I like you, Mr. Grahame—I like you very much, and I have never yet been deceived in my liking and disliking to strangers. If your companions are as sterling as yourself we'll make St. Abb's and land our stuff at Lowden Shore in spite of this new cutter that I heard had just been seen upon the coast.'

Before midnight Eustace and his companions were on board the Delight, a smart, clean-looking craft of lugger rig which had laid at her berth a day or two ready to sail, but could not be got out owing to a deficiency in the crew. In coming across a week or two before the Delight had been boarded by a King's vessel, and nearly half her men pressed away into the naval service, leaving Capt. Donaldson to shift as he best might; and but for the fortunate arrival of Eustace and the others, he might have remained where he was for an indefinite period. Their coming, however, and their ready agreement with him, enabled him to weigh anchor at once and depart for the Scottish coast, at a certain point of which his arrival was anxiously looked for.

'You think me a queer fish, don't you now, Mr. Grahame?' exclaimed the Captain, with a laugh. 'I haven't the look of your ideal smuggler, have I? There's nothing of that drunken, ferocious savage about me, and you cannot understand why a fellow of my inches should be leading this kind of life.'

'You have guessed my thoughts exactly,' replied Eustace. 'I confess I was at the moment puzzling myself to reconcile your appearance, and all that it indicates, with the work in which you are engaged.'

The smuggler became grave, and a stern expression passed like a shadow over his face.

'Some men,' he said, 'become the sport of circumstance, and that was the case with me. I am what I am not from choice, nor perhaps from necessity either. I had always a roving disposition and a love for adventure. Nevertheless I might have settled and become domestic enough, but sir, the woman I loved proved faithless, I was cut off, and a richer man preferred. I had some family claim upon the Government, and was promised a post which was ultimately given to my rival. These things roused all that was reckless within me, and the opportunity was thrown in my way of engaging in this work. It was exciting and adventurous, and just suited the humor into which circumstances had put me. It's very risk had a charm for me; and, besides it enabled me to do some injury to the Government that had treated me so scurvily. So I plunged into it and have been pretty successful.'

The heart of Eustace throbbed responsively to every word the other uttered. Here was one who like himself had been wronged, and had given way to the very feelings which he cherished. He sympathized with him fully, because he fully understood him, and admired rather than condemned the career he had adopted, and he hastened to tell Captain Donaldson so.

'Who knows but I may join you,' he impulsively exclaimed. 'I have been wrongfully treated likewise both by my friends and the Government, and if anything has befallen my wife I care not by what means I revenge myself on those who will have blighted my life. They have evoked the devil in my nature, and are liable for the consequences.'

The two men warmly shook hands after this exchange of confidence, and the closest feelings of friendship were established between them. The companions of Eustace were rejoicing greatly over the prospect of returning over to Scotland, but neither Willy nor Joe felt the savage joy which dwelt in the bosom of Ralph, the game-keeper. The stripes on his back were now nearly healed, but the passion of his soul which the flogging had produced would never cool down, and his firm determination was to have a terrible revenge on Randolph Grahame. To ruin him by depriving him of all chance of succeeding to Bengarry was to do little to slake the thirst of revenge in his heart—he must torture, if not murder him, and every hour was now bringing him nearer the possibility of inflicting his stroke of retribution. Ralph would sit for hours together in moody silence on the deck of the lugger, cherishing his revengeful purpose, and laying plans for its accomplishment.

'The round top of St. Abb's will rise on us presently,' observed the captain, 'and then we must see without making a signal. There it is, I can make it out now.'

'Where?' asked Eustace, as he strained his eyes to no purpose.

'Right ahead; run your eye from the zenith downwards and you will catch it.'

The youth did this several times in vain. At last a dark broad line shaped itself slowly through the gloom, and fixing his gaze steadily on this, he made out ere long the lofty and rugged sea-wall rising in solitary grandeur above the deep.

As they neared it and the general outline the heights became discernible, the captain left him to attend to the signals now to be made, and as he did so Willy came silently forward to the side of Eustace.

'Dae ye mind the last time we saw these rocks,' whispered Willy.

'I was just thinking of it,' responded Eustace, in a low voice. 'We were prisoners then—we are free now; we were leaving them then—we are approaching them now. Oh, Willy, we shall soon know the best or the worst about our darling. In a day or two, I trust, we shall reach Woodhaven, and I tremble before that which I have so ardently longed for.'

'Heaven grant that we may find the pair lassie wool,' said Willy, fervently. 'Amen!' answered Eustace, but my heart is heavy with fearful foreboding.'

try the dodge you mention and skulk under the cliff. If he sees us there will be a fight, for curse me if I am going to give the cargo. Mr. Grahame will you stand by me now—you and your friends—Grahame? How curious, that's the name of the fellow who commands the cutter.'

'It is my brother,' exclaimed Eustace, greatly excited.

'Your brother. Then you won't—' 'Yes, we will support you to the very death. Brother though he is, he is my bitterest foe, and I am his. Every one of us will stick by you with all the more determination because he is your opponent.'

'Say you so? Then well show a stiff fight. But we'll jink him if we can.'

By this time the lugger was driving in as fast as was prudent towards the cliffs whose black shadows threw the base into the deepest gloom, and the revenue cutter was already crossing Coldingham Bay.

TO BE CONTINUED.

Prejudiced People. Many people are prejudiced against patent medicines, but all who try Bardeck Blood Bitters are compelled to acknowledge it worthy a patent as a valuable discovery.

Their Occupation Gone. 'My occupation gone' is the sad explanation of the host of slavers who once exercised themselves upon the pedals of the people. Of course it is too bad; but a new and brighter era has dawned upon the sufferer from corns. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor is more efficient than the knife, and yet acts without pain. Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor does its work better, is cheaper and absolutely painless, and therefore is much better than the old butchering process. Do not take any other than Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. Polson & Co., Props., Kingston.

A new swindle has loomed up. A farmer, near Spencerville, signed a Scott Act petition, which turned out to be a note for a large sum of money.

GODERICH PLANING MILL ESTABLISHED 1855. Buchanan, Lawson & Robinson MANUFACTURERS OF Sash, Doors & Blinds. DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF Lumber, Lath, Shingles and builder's material of every description. SCHOOL FURNITURE A SPECIALTY. All Orders promptly attended to. Goderich, Aug. 2, 1883. 1808-37

GODERICH BOILER WORKS Have just received a large stock of BRASS & IRON STEAM FITTINGS. BOILERS & ENGINES New Salt Pans and Boilers. Built on Shortest Notice. Mail orders for new work and repairs will receive prompt attention. CHRYSTAL & BLACK, Works near G. T. R. Station. Goderich, Feb. 28, 1884. 1787

Wanted to be Known! THAT YOU CAN GET CHOICE CONFECTIONERY, CANNED FRUITS AND FISH, TOBACCO, CIGARS, &c. Domestic and Foreign Fruit. Oysters of the Best Brand. Fresh and Smoked Salt Water Fish in season. A full assortment of all kinds of Cakes, Buns, etc., made to order. Flowering Plants & Vegetables in Season. E. BINGHAM'S RESTAURANT. Court House Square, Goderich, Ont. Dec. 29, 1883. 1822-3m.

D. K. STRACHAN, PRACTICAL MACHINIST, Keeps on hand a supply of material for the repairing of Mowers and Reapers Sulky Hay Rakes, Plows and Agricultural Implements and Machinery Generally. ALL WORK THOROUGHLY DONE. D. K. STRACHAN, GODERICH MACHINE SHP Goderich, March 27th, 1884. 1836-2m. GOLD for the working class. Send 10 cents for postage, and we will mail you FREE a royal valuable box of sample goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. No capital required. We will start you. You can work all the time or in spare time only. The work is universally adapted to both the sexes, young and old. You can easily earn from \$10.00 to \$25.00 per evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: to all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Fortune will be made by those who give their whole time to the work. Great success also lately sure. Don't delay. Start now. Address: STRIMON & CO., Portland, Maine. 1882.

THIS! TORONTO, the best quality. Also Cylinder Oils. LINE For Sale by all Dealers. 1881-3m. VLOP, Tailor, EET, Goods to Choose From. Reasonable Price, UNLOP. CIGARS. DOMESTIC T IN TOWN. Always kept on hand a Socialty.) GAS, LOCK, THE SQUARE. Railway Co. ATIONS. k the main line, and in Southe CRE e, according to price paid for the offer Lands without conditions of ECTIONS n one mile of the Railway, are now to undertake their immediate cul- MENT:-- five annual instalments, with in receive a Deed of Conveyance at which will be accepted at ten per cent. These bonds can be obtained on ap- its agencies. Information with respect to the pur- missioner, Winnipeg. By order of WATER, Secretary. 1877-3m. DOMINION CARRIAGE WORKS, GODERICH, ONT. ALEX. MORTON, MANUFACTURER OF FIRST CLASS CARRIAGES! Paper. test Designs s and Fashions, CLER'S

THE HURON SIGNAL

Published every Friday Morning, by Mc GILLICUDDY BROS., at their Office, North 8th Street, off the Square.

GODERICH, ONTARIO

And is despatched to all parts of the surrounding country by the earliest mails and trains.

By general admission it has a larger circulation than any other newspaper in this part of the country.

It is one of the oldest, newest and most reliable journals in Ontario.

It is published at the rate of one cent per copy, and is therefore a most desirable advertising medium.

Terms.—\$1.50 in advance, postage pre-paid by publishers; \$1.75, if paid before six months; \$2.00 if not so paid. This rate will be strictly enforced.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—Eight cents per line for first insertion; three cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Yearly, half-yearly and quarterly contracts at reduced rates.

JOE PRINTING.—We have also a first-class jobbing department in connection, and possessing the most complete out-fit and best facilities for turning out work in Goderich, are prepared to do business in that line at prices that cannot be beaten, and of a quality that cannot be surpassed.—Terms Cash

FRIDAY, JULY 18TH, 1884

HON. MR. BLAKE is reported to have sent word to his friends in Winnipeg that he will be unable to go to the Northwest this summer.

An article on the railway question, from an esteemed contributor, is unavoidably crowded out this week. However, "the old ark's a-moving."

At the nomination for the Muskoka election, at the expiration of the legal time for the nomination of candidate, Mr. Dill, Reformer, was the only person nominated, and he was declared elected by acclamation. At 2:30 the returning officer allowed Mr. McEachern to be nominated.

THE judicial committee of the Privy Council met on Tuesday last to decide upon the three points submitted to them on the boundary award. On the first point: "Is or is not the award, under all the circumstances, binding?" The committee decided in the negative.

THE Nelsonville Mountaineer gives the following send-off to an old acquaintance:—"Pat Moore, the timber inspector who visited Nelson a few weeks ago does not appear to have a very savory record, and certainly his actions while here were not calculated to inspire any very high confidence."

THE Clinton New Era last week took advantage of the cool spell to leech to devote half a column editorially to the puffing of Clinton and the decaying of Goderich, but it never once attempted to show how it was that Clinton has been equalized at only \$450,000 for years back, while Goderich has been rated at \$1,165,000. Our contemporary cites the opinions of commercial drummers and such like, but it won't deal with facts and figures. We want it to cease beating about the bush, and to get down to hard pan. Jaw is jaw, but facts are facts.

THE first of a series of Reform meetings will be held at Cranbrook on Thursday 24th. inst. at 2 o'clock p.m. The meeting will be addressed by Sir Richard Cartwright, M.P., Hon. A. M. Ross, Provincial Treasurer, Thos. Gibson, M.P.P., John McMillan, reeve of Hullett and other prominent Reformers. A cordial invitation is extended to all persons who wish to hear the public issues of the day intelligently discussed. East Huron in this beginning a serious of public demonstrations throughout the riding, is setting a good example to the other constituencies of the county which we hope to see successfully imitated at no distant day. The people are anxious to listen to exposures of the N. P. frauds, and Tory governmental incapacity, "New is the time, and now is the hour."

MOSES OATES promised that the weather in July would be intolerably warm—in fact, that July would be the hottest month since July, 1868. Being personally well acquainted with Moses, and knowing that he wasn't given to joking, we took his word for it, and discarded our woolsen underwear. We did so to our sorrow, for the thermometer has gone away down as we write this, and instead of a linen duster, it would seem that heavy woollens, thick tweeds and a trusty ulster should be our portion. If we succumb from the effects of the cold contracted during the present frigid spell we want to have Moses Oates indicted and tried for our murder. There's that dreadful sneeze again—"Kerchoo!" "Kerchoo!" "Kerchoo!" "O, Moses!"

THE "Twelfth" was duly celebrated in Clinton by the Orange body of this district on Saturday last. The brethren gathered there from the north, the south, the east and the west, and listened with patience to the drum-beating, the life-blowing, and the florid speeches. They say that doctors differ, and so do Orange speakers. Our own Thos. Farrow for instance denied that politics were a factor in Orangism, while John White of Hastings made a straight-out Tory speech. It isn't any of our funeral, but one or other of these gentlemen made a "jolly old old of himself," as Lord Dundreary would say. Of course it could not be our own Thomas Farrow, for he is always particular in what he says, even when he states that the N. P. snaffles him to lay larger eggs.

For three successive terms the Democratic candidates for the Presidency and Vice-Presidency have been taken from New York and Indiana. In 1876, Tilden and Hendricks; in 1880, Hancock and English; in 1884, Cleveland and Hendricks. The Democrats seem to be of a persevering nature, and evidently have faith in the injunction of the old song: If you don't at first succeed, Try, try, try again.

Last week Mr. E. Holmes severed his connection with the Clinton New Era. We take this opportunity of bidding the old man good-bye and wishing him good luck in any enterprise he may engage in. He wasn't always in accord with our views on local questions, but he was a good, square journalist, of honest convictions and fearless expression, all the same. Should he ever see fit to take to quill-driving again we will welcome him back to the editorial ranks, but we sincerely trust he will never of necessity be forced to again tramp the editorial treadmill. The New Era will be conducted henceforward by Mr. Robt. Holmes, and knowing the young man to be a "chip off the old block," we have every reason to believe that the Liberal interests will not suffer at the hands of the new editor of the New Era.

CONTEMPORARY OPINION. The sayings of the Brethren—Wise and Otherwise—Placed on Record.

HE DIDN'T KNOW. The financial sage who presides at Ottawa, Sir S. L. Tilley, if we (Halifax Chronicle) remember correctly, speaking in March, 1883, said that "if he were a young man in business, etc., he would clap on all sail so as to enjoy the ten years' breeze of prosperity which was going to blow over this 'Canada of ours.' Well, poor man, he meant well, but he didn't know—he didn't know.

"MUST GO." Manitoba Liberal.—Hon. Edward Blake has declared himself in favor of an elective Senate. In this step he will have not only the entire Reform party at his back, but all right-thinking Independents and Conservatives. An invitation for the "old women" to leave their soft seats and fat salaries would cause grief to no one but themselves and the political lackeys to whom they owe their office existence and for whose good pleasure they live, move and have their being.

LOOK AFTER YOUR WELLS. Hamilton Times.—The Toronto Board of Health will cause all wells in localities served by the city waterworks to be closed up. This is a step in the right direction. Mice, diphtheria and typhoid fever are caused by partaking of water from wells in thickly settled localities, or where the source of supply is too near the manure heap, than many people are aware of. Those who are ignorant or careless need to be protected against themselves, and educated to have greater regard for the welfare not of themselves and families alone, but of the whole community.

WHY NOT BLAME THE TORIES. London Advertiser.—The 12th of July orations throughout the country seem to have been conducted generally on the established plan, and were devoted to abusing Mr. Blake and the Liberals because the Orange Act of Incorporation was defeated. If only the Reformers had voted for it, is the cry, it would have carried. Doubtless, and so it would if the Tories had voted for it. The Tory party has had the active support of the Orange order for years; the Tory party controls Parliament—having about a two-thirds majority; it would only have been common gratitude for the Tories to have passed the Orange Bill. The Liberals have been opposed by the Orangemen in every election for years past, and the latter have no claim to liberal support. Yet the Liberals set the abuse for the defeat of the bill, while there is no censure for the Tories, who might have carried it had they wished to do so. Nothing could more clearly indicate the political character of the organization.

R. v. T. Goldsmith's Denial. Among the false statements made by the Anti-Scott Act speakers at Auburn a fortnight ago was one to the effect that Rev. T. Goldsmith, of Hamilton, formerly of Seaford, was opposed to the Act. R. Adams, Vice-President of Hullett Scott Act Alliance, wrote to Mr. Goldsmith, asking him if it were so. Those of Mr. Goldsmith's temperance friends who were inclined to accept the statement, were delighted to see the following reply: HAMILTON, July 8, 1884. Richard Adams, Esq. DEAR SIR,—I am in receipt of yours of the 5th current. I have authorized no statement as to my opinions about the Scott Act. I may say I am not opposed to any measure that may abate the drinking nuisance of the day. I believe temperance to be a legitimate subject for legislation, and my only objection to the Scott Act is that it does not go far enough. I think no local option act can ever meet the whole difficulty. I go in for a general prohibition of manufacture and sale wholesale and retail of the whole business, and whatever action may lead up to this I look upon with favor. I am yours truly, T. GOLDSMITH.

The Megantic Election. QUEBEC, July 11.—The Megantic Federal election, which has been engaging public attention for some time past, especially in this Province, came off today, resulting in favor of Hon. E. Langelier, mayor of Quebec, by a majority of 31 votes. The contest was a hot and bitter one, and the Liberals congratulate themselves on their success in opposition to Hon. Messrs. Langevin, Caron and Pope, who worked energetically for the Conservative candidate. Mr. Frechette won the seat at the last Dominion elections for the Conservatives by 119 of a majority.

THAT "WINDY HUMBBUG."

An Ignominious Exposure—The "Hair-Wash" Man Brought to Book.

A week or ten days ago a low-bred fellow styling himself "Professor" Johnson, came to town and announced himself to be a phrenologist. He made his debut on a packing-case on the court house square, and with the aid of a bell and a list of names sounded his own praises long and loudly. He was not content with talking about phrenology, but blazed away at the Scott Act, the Salvation Army, the reputation of ministers, public morality, and other matters of which he knew nothing. The Scott Act, which has always been opposed to public and private frauds, drew attention to the ignorance of the fellow, and exposed him as a "windy humbug." For doing so THE SIGNAL and its proprietors were made the objects of the so-called "professor's" wrath, and that worthy set upon him from behind, and with a view to holding a public meeting on the court-house square on Monday evening, to reply to the remarks of this journal. About eight o'clock along came the alleged "professor" in a top-buggy, and after posting in front of the Huron hotel. The crowd began to gather, and the "humbbug" started his "oration." THE SIGNAL and its proprietors were bespattered by the fellow with abusive language, delivered without regard to grammar, and with no attempt at pronunciation. There was a continuous flow of lies and swash, and swash and lies from first to last. During his discourse he got on the Scott Act, and showed his ignorance of the question, after tramping of the Salvation Army, then he took another slap at THE SIGNAL, next he referred to the Scott Act, and then he gave himself a character for probity, and sounded his praises in great shape. He concluded his regurgitated by telling over and over again what b-a-a-d men the proprietors of THE SIGNAL were, and what a first-class phrenologist he was. After the "humbbug" had taken his seat a cry was raised for the editor of THE SIGNAL to reply to the swashbuckler, and Mr. D. McGillicuddy rose to his feet, amidst loud applause, and addressed the large gathering. He was not in the habit of speaking after tramps of the stripe of the person who had just sat down, but the blackguard had to get his deserts, and he hoped his friends would pardon him on this occasion if he stepped out of his usual courteous course, and beat a blackguard at his own game. He then "waxed" by his own country to the "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor. The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the crowd. He denounced Johnson as a humbug and a phrenologist who had confessed to the speaker that he had never read a clause of it. The "professor" knew nothing about the Scott Act, and just as much about phrenology. The fellow had boasted of being the best cutter in several of the cities; then how did it come that he was tramping the country as a "fakie" instead of settling down to honest labor? The speaker here gave an exhibition in imitation of the "professor's" style of examining heads which drew loud cheers from the

Square Talk from a Cricketer.

commend for perusal of sporting and reporters of cricket matches, following letter, from the genial captain of the London asylum club to our sporting London Advertiser. It is something of the true ring about it.

Violent Disturbance in Markham.

Violent disturbance broke over the parish of Markham on Saturday afternoon, doing considerable damage all over the 6th concession. Such a storm never witnessed in the township before.

Prudent Patriots.

Stories are being told about the part played by the rival presidential candidates during the war. History is dumb to the great achievements of either to Blaine division or the Cleveland division in the rebellion.

The Alewife Story.

The officials of the Marine and Fisheries Department are not disposed to accept Seth Green's assertions that the millions of dead fish floating on Lake Ontario are alewives and not young shad hatched at his Rochester establishment.

A Foolish Joke.

COBURN, July 14.—On Saturday last as Lena Boswell was washing clothes she was approached by Minnie Stillwell, who took up a bottle lying on the window, and telling her that she would anoint her with "holy water," proceeded to pour the liquid on the young girl's head.

Literary Notes.

The August Harper's will be especially noteworthy for its papers on American places—"The Gateway of Boston," in which W. H. Riding describes and Messrs. Halseell and Barrett picture Boston Harbor; Salt Lake City, described by Ernest Ingersoll, with fifteen illustrations; and Richfield Springs, a paper with special reference to their medicinal waters, by F. J. Nett, M.D.

Garbaid.

The many friends of Duncan McLaron will be pleased to hear that he is again able to be about, after his accident at H. Y. Attrill's a few weeks ago.

A keenly contested game of quoits between the married and single men of this place resulted in favor of the benedicts by one point.

James Morris, teacher, of Benmiller, is spending his vacation under the parental roof.

New timbers have replaced the old timbers of 27 years standing in the culvert at the foot of Dunlop's hill. Fred Horton, of Dunlop, had the job, which was not a very light one.

Saltford.

Mrs. Andrew Beck, after a painful and lingering illness, died on Monday. She was much respected here. Her end was a bright and peaceful one.

The Lord's Army did not assault the village on Tuesday, and the "b'boys" think they have scared them off.

The young men of the Goderich Methodist Church are holding a weekly prayer-meeting every Monday evening in the temperance hall, having been invited by a number of persons here. The meetings give promise of much good.

The best story of the week is to the effect that one of the leaders in the assault on the Lord's Army last week, in fact the young man who laded out the beer on the occasion, was chased by a quondam friend of his in a quarrel, and climbed up a tree. The other stood at the foot of the tree, and kept the valiant assailant of the Army on the topmost branches until near daybreak.

Leoburn.

J. Strachan and James Linklater represented Leoburn at the Presbytery meeting held in Goderich last week.

Miss Carrie Kye, of Clinton, and Miss Emmaline Hilliard, of Goderich, were visiting friends here last week.

Harry Horton, teacher, of Paramount, is spending his holidays among friends here, and exchanging grips with many old cronies hereabouts.

New potatoes and raspberries here last week. Ten days ahead of last year.

Donald McGillivray, M. A., preached here on Sunday morning. He delivered his maiden sermon here three years ago.

Hay was rushed last week.

Malcolm Stewart got his entire crop in in about 72 hours without a drop of rain, while in four and a half days, E. P. Shaw, aided by J. M. Williams, with mower and rake, cut, loaded and pitched fifteen loads off nine acres and a half, the distance to the barn and back being 1/2 of a mile, and each load about a ton and a half. Can our Dunlop cousins beat this feat of muscle?

Londesborough.

The Scott Act meeting, held in the Methodist Church here on Monday, was well attended. The temperance side was supported by Rev. T. M. Campbell and Thos. McGillivuddy, and although opposition had been invited, no person appeared for the other side. R. Adams occupied the chair. Mr. McGillivuddy led in a speech describing the prohibitory and penal clauses of the Act, and answered some of the leading objections made by the other side. He was repeatedly applauded, and after speaking for an hour retired in favor of his colleague.

St. Helens.

Thomas Todd has returned from Algoma where he had disposed of a number of horses as usual which he takes up for the good of their health.

Neil Smith is making preparations to make large shipments of honey from his sweet establishment. Sugar cane is nowhere while the bees work so well.

D. & J. Rutherford have started the butchering business here and are prepared to supply the community regularly, and not have them waiting for the once-a-week tough supply.

The dominies are solacing themselves at present gathering strength for the fresh start next month to brighten up the young ideas who are more inclined to take sweet repose than work hard in ill ventilated establishments.

Mrs. Hawly delivered one of her able and interesting addresses here last week on the Women's Foreign Mission, in the Presbyterian church. A large number were in attendance and were so enraptured that they would gladly go a distance to hear this able lady enlighten them.

Richard Miller, formerly of Goderich, has purchased the stock of John Gordon, whom he succeeds in the business, and is now prepared to satisfy the public with good materials at low figures. Mr. Gordon, retiring from the business, is removing to his farm to set out the independent man's state.

On Tuesday evening last a young man named Joint, a seventeen year old son of John Joint, of St. Helens, came to his death in a very distressing manner. The young man went to a neighbor's to borrow a hay rack, and while leading the horses through the gate they suddenly sprang forward and knocked him down broke his spinal column. He was immediately taken to his home, in an unconscious state, where he lingered for about fifteen minutes, when death put an end to his sufferings. His remains were interred on Wednesday last, being followed to the last resting place by a large concourse of neighbors and friends.

Counterfeiters Captured.

Brantford, July 14.—Mr. McCarthy, of the Grand Trunk Railway, who has been in the city during the past week shadowing a man named David Young, on Saturday night last arrested him in company with a son, aged 12 years, on a charge of counterfeiting. The prisoners were caught red-handed, carrying tools and metal. The former comprise two plaster of paris moulds, one for turning out 25 cents and the other 50 cent coins. The prisoner, who is about 50 years of age, came to Brantford some three years ago, since which time it is believed he had been continuously issuing and passing bad money. The counterfeit coins are admirable imitations, and have a true sounding ring. The prisoner has before served terms in the penitentiary. A sister of his, who kept a dive in the city, left for other parts last week. She is believed to have been implicated in the swindle. A brother of the counterfeiter exposed the fraud.

Quebec, July 11.—Hon. E. Langlier was elected for Parliament for Megantic by 51 votes.

The welcome news comes by cablegram that the cholera is subsiding in France and that there is now more panic than disease. It is to be hoped the report is reliable, but no neglect of preventive measures should be permitted on this continent even though the danger of an early visitation may be temporarily lessened. This is pre-eminently a case in which prevention is better than cure.

A Halifax, N. S., telegram says:—A violent thunder storm swept over the Province yesterday, and several houses reported shattered into splinters in various parts. At Mueses Point on the Tusket river, Yarmouth county, lightning struck Anselm Bouchee's house. Mrs. Bouchee, hearing the storm, got out of bed to see that her children were not frightened, and was passing through the hall when a streak of lightning came through the roof, splitting the ceiling over her head and striking her on the back of the neck. Death immediately ensued. In another part of the house two children were struck senseless by the electric fluid. The lightning slightly singed Mrs. Bouchee's hair, but left no visible mark.

Jas. Saunders & Son

GODERICH.

20,000 ROLLS WALL PAPER.

CARPET FELT.

BABY CARRIAGES.

CHEAP. CHEAP.

West Street, next door to the Post Office. "The Cheapest House Under the Sun." April 15, 1884.

REDUCED RATES.

Steerage, \$23.35.

GODERICH

Liverpool, Londonderry, Glasgow London, Queenstown, Belfast, Bristol, Cardiff.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

LIVERPOOL-LONDONDERRY-GLASGOW

THE SHORTEST SEA ROUTE TO AND FROM ENGLAND.

SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY UNSURPASSED.

EVERY SATURDAY FROM QUEBEC.

Cabin Rate from Quebec to Liverpool, \$60.

From Quebec to Liverpool and Return, \$110.

Sailings from Quebec.

SARMATIAN, 17th May

PARSIAN, 21st "

SARDINIAN, 31st "

CIRCASSIAN, 7th June

PERSIAN, 14th "

PERUVIAN, 21st "

PARSIAN, 28th "

SARMATIAN (Extra Str.) about 28th

SARDINIAN, 5th July

CIRCASSIAN, 12th "

POLYNESIAN, 19th "

PERUVIAN, 26th "

Passengers require to leave Goderich on Thursdays, at 12 o'clock, making direct connection with steamers at Quebec.

For tickets and all information, apply to H. ARMSTRONG, Ticket Agent, Goderich.

Goderich, May 15th, 1884.

THE RED, WHITE AND BLUE.

GEORGE ACHESON,

The Premier Dry Goods Merchant of Goderich, is now

SLAUGHTERING GOODS.

Come at Once and Share the Bargains.

5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT

Allowed for Cash on all purchases over \$1.00.

Goderich, July 3rd, 1884.

COLBORNE BROS.

We have now the Largest

Stock of Staple and Fancy

Dry Goods we ever carried,

and at Prices Lower than

ever.

Be sure and see our Prints

and Factory Cotton before

making your purchases.

COLBORNE BROS.

"The Signal" has the largest circulation in this section of the county, and is therefore the Cheapest Advertising Medium. Get our rates.

\$10 SUITS. \$10

All Wool Tweed Suits

FOR \$10.00

J. C. DETLOR & CO'S.

\$10 SUITS. \$10

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

Having retired from the Liquor business, I now devote my attention to

GROCERIES,

Which I will offer lower than any house in the county. My facilities for handling

SUGAR

Defy Competition. I purchase direct from the Refinery in car load lots. I also make a specialty of curing

Sugar-Cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon.

LARD SOLD BY THE PAIL.

Read the following quotations:

STANDARD GRANULATED SUGAR, 12 lbs for \$1.00.

COFFEE SUGAR, 12 1/2 lbs for 1.00.

BRIGHT YELLOW, 14 lbs for 1.00.

West Side Court House Square, Goderich.

GEO. GRANT.

Wilson's Prescription Drug Store.

Fountain of Health.

Sulphur & Iron Bitters.

Fluid Lightning.

Burdock Bitters.

London Purple

PURE PARIS GREEN

AND HELEBORE.

JAS. WILSON.

Get your Printing at this Office.

We are offering the whole of our Stock of

Spring and Summer Millinery!

A Great Reduction.

We have the Finest Variety of Laces in Antique, Oriental, Gupine and Spanish in Black and Cream.

To our now famous stock we are constantly adding, as the demand increases in different branches,

ALL THE LEADING NOVELTIES

SUCH AS

LACE CURTAINS

& DRDSS GOODS

IN ALL THE LATEST FABRICS AND DESIGNS.

PRINTS, in Great Variety. HOSIERY, Plain, Striped and Black. Silk, Taffata and Kid Gloves. Parasols, Fancy and Plain. An excellent assortment of White and Colored Counterpanes.

Hair Work Done on Short Notice.

Hats Done Over. See Our New Kitchen Cabinet.

A Large Parcel of Goods from New York will be opened this week.

C. H. GIRVIN,

The Square, Goderich.

R. W. MCKENZIE

IS NOT GOING OUT OF BUSINESS

but has been so long in it and formed such good trade connections that he is able and will

GIVE BETTER BARGAINS

GENERAL HARDWARE

Than others professing to sell at cost. He is bound that his house in the future, as in the past, shall be noted as the

CHEAP

HARDWARE

EMPORIUM.

Five (5) Per Cent. Off Cash Sales

R. W. MCKENZIE'S

Goderich Foundry

The undersigned, having purchased the Goderich Foundry and Machine Shops, and having put the same in good repair, will take contracts for

Flouring Mills, Steam Engines, Boilers,

And other Machinery wanted.

All kinds of Castings Made to Order

Flouring Mills Changed to the Gradual Reduction or Roller System.

Will keep Agricultural Implements on hand, and do all REPAIRS on short notice.

J. B. RUNCIMAN, R. W. RUNCIMAN.

Goderich, April 24, 1884.

The Chicago House

Spring Millinery.

Summer Millinery

One of the Most Complete Stocks in Goderich

LATEST STYLES AND LOWEST PRICES.

Miss Wilkinson's, - Chicago House

Goderich, April 16, 1884.

AT THE MEDICAL HALL

BEST VARIETIES OF

SWEEDISH TURNIP SEEDS

Pure Paris Green and London Purple for Potato B

Pure Hellebore for Insects on Currant, Gooseberry and Rose Bushes.

BEST INSECT POWDERS FOR THE DESTRUCTION

ALL KINDS OF VERMIN.

INSECT POWDER GUNS, FLY-PAPER, ETC.,

F. JORDAN, Chemist and Druggist

Court House Square, Goderich. 1847-

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

For Cash I will sell all kinds of Goods at Lowest Prices.

See Those 10, 12, 17, & 2c. Dress Goods

NOTICE THOSE GINGHAMS—11, 12, and 15c

EXAMINE THOSE PRINTS:

5c., 8c., 9c., 10c., 12c.

No trouble to show Goods. Don't purchase if above are not facts.

W. H. RIDLEY

T. H. 's Stor

The Poet's Corner

Chisel Work. To the Master who holds the mallet And day by day He is clipping whatever cursive...

Words of Wisdom.

He is truly great who hath great love. The springs of the seal's life abide in the affections.

A man who feels that his religion is a slavery, has not begun to comprehend the real nature of religion.

Estem not thyself for the height of thy stature nor for the beauty of thy person, which may be disgraced and destroyed by a little sickness.

Homes are like harps, of which one is truly carved, and bright with gilding, all ill turned, and jarring the air with discord.

It is not what people eat, but what they digest, that makes them strong. It is not what they gain, but what they lose, that makes them rich.

Faith in Popular Credulity.

Faith in the inexhaustible credulity of the masses has been the foundation of many a charlatan's fortune. At the time of the South Sea Bubble, when new projects of the most wild and preposterous character found promoters with ease...

The number of swindlers who have waxed fat on similar but more carefully devised schemes is no doubt very considerable. The rogues who engineer them rely upon the desire of most people to get much for little.

There is no rival for Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. It is the acknowledged champion for the cure of all Summer Complaints.

Enthusiasm for Protection. "You were detained rather late at the political meeting last night," suspiciously observed Mrs. Blimber as her husband seated himself at the breakfast table.

A Search Warrant. If there is any lurking taint of scrofula the system, Burdock Blood Bitters are granted to search it out.

Worms often cause serious illness, a cure is Dr. Low's Worm Syrup. It destroys and expels worms effectively.

Respect Old Age.

An old favorite is the remedy known as Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Thirty years reliable for cholera morbus, diarrhoea and summer complaints.

A Wide Awake Druggist. J. Wilson is always alive to his business, and spares no pains to secure the best of every article in his line.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only certain cure known for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only certain cure known for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only certain cure known for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only certain cure known for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only certain cure known for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs.

Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only certain cure known for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Asthma, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, or any affection of the Throat and Lungs.

Cure for Deafness.

As numerous testimonials will show, there is no more reliable cure for deafness than Hagar's Yellow Oil. It is also the best remedy for ear ache, sore throat, croup, rheumatism, and for pains and lameness generally.

Seeing is believing. Read the testimonials in the pamphlet on Dr. Van Buren's Kidney Cure, then buy a bottle and relieve yourself of all those distressing pains.

The use of Pills, Salts, Castor Oil, &c. and other nauseous, griping Cathartics is unnecessary, as a pleasant substitute is found in Dr. Carson's Bitters, which act as a Cathartic without griping or causing nausea.

All Nervous Debility cured by the use of Dr. E. C. West's Nerve and Brain Treatment. See advertisement elsewhere Sold at Wilson's drug store.

Physician's are often startled by remarkable discoveries. The fact that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and all Throat and Lung diseases is daily curing patients that they have given up to die, is startling them to realize their sense of duty.

National Pills act promptly upon the liver, regulate the bowels and as a purgative are mild and thorough.

There are lots of people going around grumbling, who half sick at the stomach all the time; who might be well and happy, if they only used Dr. Carson's Stomach Bitters occasionally.

A Blessing to all Mankind. In these times when our newspapers are flooded with patent medicine advertisements, it is gratifying to know what to procure that will certainly cure you.

Extensive Premises and Splendid New Stock.

GEO. BARRY CABINET-MAKER AND UNDERTAKER Hamilton Street, Goderich. A good assortment of Kitchen, Bed-room, Dining Room and Parlor Furniture...

BOOTS AND SHOES NEW GOODS.

REMEMBER I Have the Largest Stock, The Latest Styles, The Most Reliable Goods, And the Lowest Prices, Please Call & Examine.

E. DOWNING, Crabb's Block, Corner East street and Square. Goderich, May 8th, 1884.

BOOTS & SHOES

Downing & Weddup. We announce to the Public that they have opened business in the above Store in the store lately occupied by Horace Newton.

QUICK SALES SMALL PROFITS WILL BE OUR MOTTO. Please call and examine our goods before purchasing elsewhere.

DOWNING & WEDDUP. Goderich, March 9, 1882.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. CURE SICK HEADACHE. Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint...

THE GREAT BURLINGTON ROUTE. CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY. PRINCIPAL LINE. The shortest, quickest and best line to St. Joseph, Mo., and other points.

SPECIAL OFFERS on the following goods and material at the SEEGMILLER PLOW WORKS. 40 American Corn Scufflers, at \$2.50 each, which is but half price.

Canadian Pass. Agt. Toronto, Ont. Gro. B. JOHNSTON, Ticket Agent, Goderich.

Send six cents for postage. A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage. A PRIZE. Send six cents for postage. A PRIZE.

Droping th. Minks—The New letter "L" as much as "H". Finks—I have noticed they are very apt to go-by.

GO TO KNIGHT'S FOR A SHAVE, HAIRCUT, SHAMPOO, OR DYE. TWO DOORS EAST OF P.O. 1910-17.

SEEDS. A choice assortment of Fresh Field Seeds on hand, for Sale at Reasonable Prices. AT THE CASH STORE.

THERE IS CHEAP Crockery & Glassware, Lamps, &c. A FULL LINE OF GROCERIES AND CANNED GOODS. Cheap and Good.

Give Him a Call! G. H. OLD THE GROCER. The Square, Goderich. Jan. 3, 1884.

Dr. WILSON'S PULMONARY GERRY BALSAM FOR THE CURE OF COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS and all LUNG COMPLAINTS, and for the RELIEF of PERSONS in the advanced Stage of CONSUMPTION. J. W. BRAYLEY, PROPRIETOR, MONTREAL.

It is said that would like to be of a man is he, debt enough alr. At a negro ba ferable on the t ed over the doo ed unless he coo At a fashiona ern city, as th passing up the a up. Beware pa b. Why are the called bugle trim ed to know. "O ly, because pa b. Sunday school boy of the cla Elijah die? "Jo He was translat Hebrew. A few weeks a railroad died of must have called passengers could The Yankee say Italian: "How Frenchman: "Ho sell?—The Sred fare?—The Sred The Pole: "Art th "May Allah pr Quaker: "How is tie Montans the "Hello, cully, how in in and give t boost? When a woman earnest she is n Philadelphia sena sister in Canada written six hund words. She answe dred and fourtee outdone he crowd three, which brow thousand five hu words spelled out plain enough to b ions of ordinarily he will send her a call it square. He bonnet, as he will with a woman, e It can't be did. Fashion's Chalk-white lace White embroidered. Skirts grow full bouffant. Sleeves grow full armhole. White and black for neck wear. The horse-hair o form of the buste. All sorts of comb are permitted in c. Realized straw. The latest Low shoes for ou pers for the hous summer. The most becomi white mill bonnet with black velvet. A few crazy wom ing straw hats with are anything but p. The Fedora form gets and ulsters f mings of velvet, bla. The high-peaked broad brimmed hat straw for mid-summ. Wrappers of mu with Fedora fronts, a profusion of Valen lace. The embroidery of consists of applic small stars, cresce designs in drawn opp. Capotes and Fr white, gray, and bl mill are becomingi mings of velvet, bla. Pretty and conce and media gowns i bard shape, the can being morning r robes. The G. Sir Lytton Bulwer novelist, has this b "Our Destiny," or cannot be that earl place. It cannot bubble, cast up by the fleet a moment up sink into nothingne that the high and which leap like ang of our hearts, and about unstarried? stars which hold th the midnight thron grasp of our limite mocking us with th glory? And, final bright forms of bea to our view, and th leaving the ten thou affections to flow bac rent upon our hear born for a higher desti. There is a realm wher fades; where the st before us like islan the ocean; and wher which here pass fore will stay in our prese Drooping th. Minks—The New letter "L" as much as "H". Finks—I have noticed they are very apt to go-by. "That probably ac tender treatment of "In what way?" "Instead of putting keep them in lux apartments." "What has that to do?" "Why, don't you see from arrest and it be

Fun and Fancy.

It is said that the Prince of Wales would like to be an editor. What kind of a man is he, any way? I don't know, but I don't think he is in debt enough already!

At a negro ball, in lieu of 'not transferable' on the ticket, a notice was posted over the door, 'No gentleman admitted unless he comes himself.'

At a fashionable wedding in a Western city, as the bridal procession was passing up the aisle, the organist struck up: 'Beware! she's fooling thee.'

'Why are these things on your dress called bugle trimmings?' George wanted to know. 'Oh, Emily replied lightly, 'because pa blows as over the bill.'

Sunday school teacher (to the bright boy of the class): 'Johnny, how did Elijah die?' 'Johnny: 'He didn't die. He was translated from the original Hebrew.'

A few weeks ago a passenger on Ohio railroad died of fright. The brakeman must have called a station so that the passenger could understand him. The Yankee says: 'How do do?'—The Italian: 'How do you stand?'—The Frenchman: 'How do you carry yourself?'—The Dutchman: 'How do you fare?'—The Swede: 'How can you?'—The Pole: 'Art thou gay?'—The Turk: 'May Allah prosper thee?' and the Quaker: 'How is thee?' Out in aesthetic Montana the usual salutation is: 'Hello, cully, how's yer conduct? Come in and give the internal revenue a boost!'

When a woman starts out in earnest she is not to be outdone. A Philadelphia sent a postal-card to his sister in Canada on which he had written six hundred and forty-four words. She answered with seven hundred and fourteen words. Not to be outdone he crowded in one thousand and three, which brought an answer with one thousand five hundred and twenty-six words spelled out in full, and written plain enough to be easily read by persons of ordinary good sight. He thinks he will send her a new spring bonnet and call it square. He had better send the bonnet, as he will never be able to get as many words or have the last word with a woman, even on a postal-card. It can't be did.

Fashion's Fancies.

Chalk-white lace is again in vogue. White embroidered mill ties are revived. Skirts grow fuller and bustles more bouffant. Sleeves grow fuller and higher in the armhole. White and black lace scarfs are revived for neck wear.

The horse-hair cushion is the latest form of the bustle. All sorts of combinations of materials are permitted in coattails nowadays.

'Mitzelized strawbery,' or 'bloom color,' is the latest London color craze. Low shoes for outdoor wear and slippers for the house are the rule for this summer.

The most becoming finish for a whirring white mill bonnet is to line the brim with black velvet.

A few crazy women in Paris are wearing straw hats with square corners. They are anything but pretty.

The Fedoras front appears on redingotes and ulsters for summer wear as well as on tea gowns in the princess form.

The high-peaked crown and very broad-brimmed hat is revived in rough straw for mid-summer wear.

Wrappers of mill are made dresy with Fedoras front, Watteau backs, and a profusion of Valenciennes or Oriental lace.

The embroidery on white neck scarfs consists of applique medallions, and small stars, crescents, and clover leaf designs in drawn open work.

Capotes and Fanctions of shirred white, gray, and blue and rose tinted mill are becomingly finished with trimmings of velvet, black or colored.

Pretty and convenient are the lawn and muslin gowns in the Mother Hubbard shape, that can be used either for negligé morning wrappers or night robes.

The Other Life.

Sir Lytton Bulwer, the great English novelist, has this beautiful passage on 'Our Destiny,' or a future life: 'It cannot be that earth is man's only abiding place, cast up by the ocean of eternity, to float a moment upon its waves, and sink into nothingness. Else why is it that the high and glorious aspirations, which leap like angels from the temple of our hearts, are forever wandering about unsatisfied? Why is it that the stars which hold their festival around the midnight throne, are set above the grasp of our limited faculties, forever mocking us with their unapproachable glory? And, finally, why is it that bright forms of beauty are represented to our view, and then taken from us, leaving the ten thousand streams of our affections to flow back in one Alpine torrent upon our hearts? Surely we are born for a higher destiny than that of earth. There is a realm where the rainbow never fades; where the stars will spread out before us like islands that slumber on the ocean; and where the beautiful beings which here pass before us like shadows, will stay in our presence forever.'

Dropping the Letter E.

Minks—The New Yorkers hate the letter 'e' as much as the English do the 'h.'

Finks—I have noticed that in speaking they are very apt to give the 'e' the go-by.

'That probably accounts for their very tender treatment of their big thieves.'

'In what way?'

'Instead of putting them in cells, they keep them in luxuriously furnished apartments.'

'What has that to do with the letter 'e'?'

'Why, don't you see, they drop an 'e' from arrest and it becomes a-reest.'

A Great English Preacher.

Rowland Hill was a striking character. He came of an old baronial English family, noted for its energy and vitality. All England thrived with his spiritual life, which reached Oxford while he was a student in that ancient seat of learning. 'Student life is the receptive time for the grace which molds the soul.' He responded to the touch of the great revival, and though stigmatized by his parents and others who thought his course a disgrace to the family name, he threw himself into the great reformation, as one of the chief agents. He was not yet in orders, and he sought ordination from no less than six Anglican bishops, and was refused. 'He went forth under a higher commission, and preaching in prisons, jails, and in the open air with extraordinary power andunction, and though he was repeatedly mobbed, and pelted with stones and eggs, and annoyed by rattling of pews, blowing of horns and ringing of bells, and even by the firing of guns, he was not in the least much harmed. Tens of thousands looked to hear him. His 'wit never failed' him, and his 'facial expression could carry every emotion of the human heart.' His voice was one of great fullness and melody. 'His hearers laughed at his irrepressible wit, and yielded to 'his tender entreaties.' Sheridan said, 'I go to hear Rowland Hill because his ideas come red hot from his heart.' The rich and the great accorded to him admiration for his genius, while the masses of the people revered him as an apostle. 'A typical Englishman,' and one of the great reformers of the last century—look at his profile.

'A large body, stout and strong, straight and soldier-like in bearing, a noble head with iron gray hair thrown back, revealing an ample forehead, bushy eyebrows that could not conceal the kindly expression of his clear blue eyes, that had in their glance the latent humor that was in his soul, a Roman nose finely arched, full lips, and a mouth that even when he was in repose almost laughed, with a chin which spoke a strong will and good living. Such was one of whom Lady Huntington said: 'And who yielded to 'his tender entreaties.' Whitefield, she had never heard so powerful a preacher.'

'John Gilpin's Ride.'

'John Gilpin's Ride' was composed by Cowper somewhere about the year 1780 or 1782 and under the following circumstances as he told them himself: While on a visit to his friend and admirer, Lady Austen, he was suffering one evening from excessive melancholy, which her ladyship thought to relieve by relating to him a funny story. And so a story she remembered from childhood and which she had often related to the little ones gathered at her house. 'John Gilpin's Ride' she denominated her tale, and she went on and told it in bright, sparkling, narrative style. Its effect on the fancy of Cowper was so cheering that he was up and writing, and he appeared at the breakfast table with a countenance all smiles, and he told Lady Austen that he had been kept awake half the night by thoughts of her story and his involuntary bursts of laughter at the comic scenes described. 'The story was so funny that he had resolved to put it into a ballad, the general construction of which he had already in mind. The ballad was written and given to Lady Austen, and she insisted upon giving it to the publisher of her favorite newspaper, the 'Morning Post.' And it was public; and afterwards Henderson, the actor, recited it in his public readings. There have been various surmises as to where Lady Austen obtained her hero. Some have thought he was a real personage and have collected proof to sustain the position, while others have believed him to have been entirely fictitious—a creature of Lady Austen's brain, or, mayhap, of the poet's own fancy.—(London Magazine.)

Don't Worry About Yourself.

To retain or recover health, persons should be relieved from anxiety concerning disease. The mind has power over the body—for a person to think he has a disease will often produce that disease. This we see effected when the mind is intensely concentrated upon the disease of another. We have seen a person sea sick in anticipation of a voyage, before reaching the vessel. A blindfold man slightly pricked in the arm, has fainted and died from believing he was bleeding to death. Therefore, persons to remain well, should be cheerful and happy; and sick persons should have their minds diverted as much as possible. It is often by their want of faith that they die. As a man thinketh, so is he. If he wills not to die, he can often live in spite of disease; and, if he has little or no attachment to life, he will slip away as easily as a child will fall asleep. Men live by their minds as well as by their bodies. Their bodies have no life of themselves; they are only receptacles of life—tenements for their minds, and the will has to do in continuing the physical occupancy of giving it up.

To Raise Plants.

A lady whose beautiful plants are the delight of her life and the envy of all her acquaintances, revealed the secret of her success for the benefit of the readers of the 'Evening Post' the other day. The soil is, she says, two-thirds good garden soil, and the rest is sand. It is kept light and loose about the roots; they are watered as they appear to need it, and not according to any particular rule; but the chief reason for their wonderful growth and bloom is this: 'When any of the leaves wither and fall, instead of picking them up and throwing them away, I make little rolls of them and tuck them down in the earth and let them decay; and this is the only fertilizer I have ever used. This, she added modestly, seems to be nature's way. And the plants that have the afternoon sun only, grow and rival those that have the morning sun.'

Chicago, July 11.—A petition for the appointment of a conservator for Wilber F. Storey, editor and proprietor of the 'Times,' has been filed by his nephew, E. R. Chapin, the petitioner stating to take care of his estate. It is understood that Storey's relatives will agree to the appointment of a conservator.

What the Whistle Means.

The whistle signals recommended by the General Time Convention committee, April 21, 1884, are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Signal, Use. Includes signals for approaching stations, applying brakes, off brakes, answer to any signal, train parted, back up, calling attention to signals, call in flagman, engineer's call for signals, read crossing, send flagman out, and stock alarm.

Explanation of signs: o short sound; — long sound.

THE WORLD OVER.

As Mirrored in the Columns of our Outside Contemporaries.

Lord Cecil and Alfred Mace, son of Jim Mace, the prize fighter, held an evangelistic service in Montreal on Sunday.

On the morning of July 3, Senator Skead received a stroke of paralysis in the body while talking to Mr. Cleburn, in the latter's office, opposite the Russell House, Ottawa. He died next day.

Welland, July 11.—A boy named Bravin was struck by a falling boom from a derrick here on the aqueduct works yesterday. He was very low this morning.

Whitby, July 11.—The lightning of the heavy thunder storm which passed over this town at 7 o'clock this evening struck and killed Henry Sorley, who was in one of his farm outbuildings, which were also destroyed.

Wm. Hall was arrested at Cobourg on Monday for cheating three Englishmen out of \$15 each. They wanted to go back to England, and he engaged them to attend to cattle on the way over, but required a deposit of \$15 each to bind the bargain. With the cash he cleared out, but the constable nabbed him. He had no cattle of course, but was just a confidence man.

'Oh, you dear little angel,' sobbed the lady, as she kissed her puddle's nose, 'the wicked man will make you ride in the baggage-car, Pet.' And, filled with anguish, she entered the coach, and sorrowful and alone.

Did She Die?

'She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years.' 'The doctors do her no good.' 'And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about.' 'Indeed! Indeed!' 'How thankful we should be for that medicine.'

A Daughter's Misery.

'Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery.' 'From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and nervous debility.' 'Under the care of the best physicians.' 'Who gave her disease various names, 'But no relief.' 'And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had hunted for years before using it.'—THE PARTNER.

Father is Getting Well.

'My daughters say: 'How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters.' 'He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable.' 'Under the care of the best physicians.'—A LADY of Utica, N.Y.

FACTS!! FACTS!! AND DON'T FORGET IT

That we have never been, and never intend to be undersold by any legitimate house in the Trade, either in

Sugars, Teas, Coffees

General Groceries, Crockery & Glassware at Rock Bottom Prices.

150 Doz. FRUIT JARS JUST ARRIVED.

Come and See Us

C. A. NAIRN, Court House Square, Goderich. June 19th, 1884.

Passage Rates.

Passage to Great Britain—6s. per tonnage by each route. Registration fee, 5s. Money orders granted on all money orders of less in Canada, United States, Great Britain, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Mexico, New Zealand, Newfoundland and India.

Deposits received under the regulations of the post office savings' bank between the hours of 8 a.m. and 6 p.m., Sundays excepted.

FOREIGN POSTAGE.

Cans having been admitted into the Postal Union there is a re-arrangement of postal rates, as follows: For Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Iceland, Egypt, France, Algeria, Germany, Gibraltar, Great Britain and Ireland, Greece, Italy, Luxembourg, Malta, Montenegro, Netherlands, Norway, Persia, Portugal, Azores, Roumania, Russia, St. Pierre, Serbia, Spain, the Canary Islands, Sweden, Switzerland and Turkey, and via United States—Bermuda, Bahamas, Cuba, Danish Colonies of St. Thomas, St. John, St. Peter, and St. Paul, and Porto Rico (Newfoundland is now in the Postal Union, but the postal rates remain as before). Letters 5 cents per 4 ounces. Postal cards 2 cents each. Newspapers 2 cents for 4 ounces. Registration fee 1 cent.

For Aden, Argentine Confederation, Brazil, British Guiana, Ceylon, Greenland, French Colonies in Asia, Africa, Oceania and America, except St. Pierre and Miquelon, Persia, via the Straits Settlements in Asia, Africa, Oceania, Trinidad, Spanish Colonies in Africa, Oceania and America, except Cuba and Porto Rico, Straits Settlements in Singapore, Penang and Malacca—Letters 10c. per 4 oz. Postal cards, 4c. for 4 oz. Other registration fees 10c.

West India Islands via Halifax, same rate as formerly. Prepayment by stamp in all cases. Australia, (except New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland and Queensland—Letters 7c, papers 4c. Australia, New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland and Queensland—Letters 7c, papers 4c. New Zealand, via San Francisco—Letters 11c. 5c., papers 7c.

'I am toning up the system,' remarked a first tendor, as he humped himself and made a wild effort to reach high C.

Field and Garden Seeds.

The subscriber is now prepared to furnish all kinds of Field and Garden Seeds of the

BEST VARIETIES at rates that cannot be beaten in Goderich.

Call and examine samples before purchasing elsewhere.

REES PRICE, East Street Grain Depot, Opposite Town Hall, Goderich, s. March 26th, 1884.

The Ontario Mutual LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

HEAD OFFICE, - WATERLOO, ONT. DOMINION DEPOSIT, \$100,000.00. The only purely Mutual Life Co. in Canada. Total number of Policies in force, Dec. 31st, 1883, 5,241, covering assurance to the amount of \$2,211,000.00. TOTAL ASSETS, - \$533,705.00. TOTAL RESERVE, - \$435,654.00. TOTAL PROFITS, - \$43,751.00.

The Company's Reserves are based on the 'Actuaries Table of Mortality,' and four per cent interest. Highest Standard adopted by any Life Company in Canada, and one-half per cent higher than the standard used by the Dominion Insurance Department.

The increasing popularity and rapid growth of the Company may be seen from the fact that in 1870, the first year of its business, the total assets amounted to only \$6,216, while last year they reached the handsome total of \$533,705.00. WM. HENDRY, Manager. W. S. HODGINS, General Agent. Stratford, Ont. 184-30.

An active and reliable District Agent wanted for Goderich and West Huron. Apply to W. S. HODGINS, General Agent, Stratford, Ont. 184-30. Write for full particulars to Loan at Low Rates of Interest. May 22nd, 1884.

\$60 a week at home. \$5.00 outfit free. Pay absolutely sure. No risk. Capital not required. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

R. PROUDFOOT Dry Goods and Groceries.

Has just received his Spring Stock of All are New and Well Selected, which he offers at the Lowest Possible Prices. ALSO Hams, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Roller Flour—made from Manitoba Wheat, also Harris' Fine Family Flour, and Oats, Bran, Shorts, and all other kinds of feed.

Farmers Produce Taken in Exchange. Goods delivered free in any part of the town and Saltford. R. PROUDFOOT, Corner Victoria and Nelson streets, opposite Fair Grounds, Goderich. May 8th, 1884. 1942.

1884. Saginaw and Bay City Route.

THE STEAMER ONONTO G. W. MCGREGOR, MASTER, Will leave GODELICH, weather permitting, on and after June 18th, making REGULAR ROUND TRIPS during the season, as follows: EVERY THURSDAY At 1 o'clock p.m. for Saginaw, Bay City, Sand Beach, Tawas and all points on the west shore, including Alpena and Cheboygan. Returning will leave GODELICH EVERY SUNDAY At 1 p.m. for Detroit and Cleveland, calling both ways at Port Huron and points on St. Clair River.

A Seven Days' Trip with the privilege of spending 24 hours in Cleveland, 10 hours in Detroit, and 12 hours in Saginaw or Bay City, at the unprecedentedly low price of \$12 FOR THE ROUND TRIP, INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTHS.

A First-Class QUADRILLE BAND always on board for Dancing. For rates of freight and passage, and all information, apply to WM. LEE, Agent at Goderich, or C. A. CHAMBERLAIN, Manager, Detroit. Goderich, May 26th, 1884. 1945.

Almost every pill contains calomel, or other mineral poisons. Dr. Casper's Stomach Bitters is purely vegetable and takes the place of all other purgatives. In large bottles at 50 cent.

Thousands bear witness to the positive curative powers of the GREAT GERMAN INVIGORATOR, the only remedy that has proved itself a specific for general debility, seminal weakness, impotency, etc., and all diseases that arise from self-abuse or overtaxed brain, finally ending in consumption, insanity and a premature grave. Sold by all druggists, or will be sent free on receipt of \$1.00 per box, or six boxes for \$5. Address F. J. CHENEY, Toledo, Ohio, sole agent for the United States. Send for circular and testimonials of genuine cures (Geo. Rhynas, Goderich. 3m)

DR. LOW'S PLEASANT WORM SYRUP.—An agreeable, safe and effectual remedy to remove all kinds of worms.

A Life Saving Present. Mr. M. E. Allison, Hutchinson, Kan., saved his life by a simple Trial Bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, which caused him to procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

A Remarkable Escape. Mrs. Mary A. Dailey of Tunkhannock, Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, and by continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in less than 30 days, in a few months.

Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at J. Wilson's Drug Store. Large Bottles \$1.00.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Mrs. Mary A. Dailey of Tunkhannock, Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until in last October she procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, and by continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in less than 30 days, in a few months.

Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at J. Wilson's Drug Store. Large Bottles \$1.00.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Free Trial Bottles of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at J. Wilson's Drug Store. Large Bottles \$1.00.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

The People's Livery

LIVERY STABLE. Having purchased the Livery business of Jno. E. Swartz, formerly owned by Robert Kerr, solicits a share of public patronage. Guarantees satisfaction to all, and offers

The Finest Rigs AT REASONABLE PRICES. CALL AND SEE US—Opposite Batley's Hotel, Goderich, Feb. 11th, 1884. 1922-6m

MINNESOTA

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. For full particulars apply to the Ticket Agent at Goderich, or to the Ticket Agent at Chicago, Ill. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MINNESOTA

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. For full particulars apply to the Ticket Agent at Goderich, or to the Ticket Agent at Chicago, Ill. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MINNESOTA

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. For full particulars apply to the Ticket Agent at Goderich, or to the Ticket Agent at Chicago, Ill. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MINNESOTA

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. For full particulars apply to the Ticket Agent at Goderich, or to the Ticket Agent at Chicago, Ill. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MINNESOTA

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. For full particulars apply to the Ticket Agent at Goderich, or to the Ticket Agent at Chicago, Ill. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MINNESOTA

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. For full particulars apply to the Ticket Agent at Goderich, or to the Ticket Agent at Chicago, Ill. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MINNESOTA

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. For full particulars apply to the Ticket Agent at Goderich, or to the Ticket Agent at Chicago, Ill. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

MINNESOTA

THE CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO. For full particulars apply to the Ticket Agent at Goderich, or to the Ticket Agent at Chicago, Ill. Write for full particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

INSURANCE CARD.

BRITISH ASS. CO. Y. TORONTO—Established 1825. PHENIX INS. CO. Y. LONDON—Established 1782. MARITIME INS. CO. Y. HARTFORD CONN.—Established 1810.

Risks taken in the above first-class Office at the lowest rates by H. G. ACE HORTON. The undersigned is also Approver of the CANADA PER. LOAN AND SAVINGS CO. of Toronto. Money to Loan on first-class security, rates 7 to 8 per Cent.—Chas. F. MORTON, 110 FINE ST. TORONTO. Goderich Sept. 10, 1880.

ROBBIE'S GERMAN INVIGORATOR

Thousands of graves are annually robbed of their victims. Lives are sacrificed to the use of the great medicine by the use of the great medicine.

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

Send for circular with testimonials free by mail. DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY, FOR CONSUMPTION, WHICH CAUSED HIM TO procure a large bottle, that completely cured him, when Doctors, change of climate and everything else had failed. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Severe Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, it is guaranteed to cure. Trial Bottles at J. Wilson's drug store. Large size \$1. (1).

