

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES AND DEATHS

BORN.
McQUEEN—At 141 Elmwood avenue, on Nov. 10th, to Mr. and Mrs. Alexander McQueen, a son.
MARRIED.
BROWN—On Wednesday evening, Nov. 27, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. J. Postle, 85 Perry street, Detroit, Mich., by the Rev. Dr. Horner, Mr. William C. Brown, London, Ont., to Miss Edith E. Postle.

Amusements and Lectures

Advertisements under this heading two cents per word each insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

YOUNG LIBERAL CONCERT. WEDNESDAY, Dec. 3.—Grand Opera House, Splendid talent. Full band. Male chorus. Fred L. Evans, musical director.

HAZEN—CELEBRATED SLATE-WRITER. Clairvoyant; clear messages answered instantly; my mediumship is of practical value to all who are perplexed in business, law, love, luck, lost articles, marriage or family troubles. I never ask a solitary question. Nothing paid in advance or unless you are perfectly satisfied. Hours 9 to 5. 307 Dundas street.

EXHIBITION OF DECORATED CHINA. Women's Art Association studio, 430 Richmond street, Nov. 25 to 30, open from 10 a.m. to 10 p.m. Admission 10 cents.

PALACE DANCING ACADEMY. ADVANCED class for ladies and gentlemen commences Wednesday evening, Dec. 3. All the latest dances taught in this class. DAYTON & McCORMICK.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING. By Mr. R. H. Millard, at his residence, 345 Princess avenue. A thorough system of teaching the modern gipsy waltz and all fashionable dances guaranteed. Lessons given any hour.

Meetings.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FIDELITY LODGE, A. O. U. W., MEETS tonight, 8 o'clock. Members requested to be present. Visitors welcome. J. C. BRADY, M. W.; S. H. MILLING, recorder.

THE WESTERN ONTARIO COMMER- CIAL Travelers' Association.—The general quarterly meeting will be held on Saturday, Dec. 7, at 8 p.m. Nomination of officers for ensuing year and general business. All members are requested to attend. J. M. DILLON, President; A. L. ROBINSON, secretary. 641 Leavelle.

BURKE LODGE, I. O. O. F.—TUESDAY night, important business; no member should miss any meeting remainder of the year.

Domestics Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT—AT 114 Sydney street; references required.

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT WANTED in small family. 332 Wellington street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DINING ROOM girl. Apply at once, City Hotel.

WANTED AT ONCE—GOOD DINING ROOM girls and chamber maids to go out to city; also general and girls for all kinds of work. Apply to Mrs. J. H. HILL, 63 Dundas street. Phone 38.

WANT—FIRST-CLASS GIRL TO DO general housework; would prefer that she sleep at her own home. Apply at 157 Worley road.

COME TO DWYER'S INTELLIGENCE office. This is not paper talk. Ten first-class general servants wanted, with references, immediately; housemaids and dining room girls on hand. 601 Richmond street, phone 1121.

Female Help Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

SIX SALESWOMEN WANTED—MUST have experience in selling; need apply. The Crestal Hall, W. J. REID & Co.

WANTED—A TRAINED NURSE—CAP- ABLE of taking charge of the Home for Invalids. Apply to Dr. GARDNER, 311 Dundas street.

Male Help Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

WANTED—ERRAND BOY—S. COOTS 13 King street.

WANTED TO BUY OUR MADE- TO-ORDER pants for \$2.50 and \$3. Open evenings, 201 Wellington street. R. H. SIMPLE, Merchant Tailor.

AGENTS WANTED—\$20 PER WEEK— Apply to GEO. MARSHALL & Co., tea and porters, 238 Dundas street.

Real Estate For Sale.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

FREE FARE TO CALIFORNIA to actual settlers who will select colony of Christian people to locate on fruit farms in Monterey County, California. Applicant of 185 yield of \$225 per acre, prunes \$200, olives \$500. Grand excursion leaves Chicago Jan. 2, 1896, and monthly thereafter. For particulars apply to JOHN PAUL, passenger agent Michigan Central Railway, London, Ont., or to S. S. HARRIS, resident Guaranty Colony Company, Palmer House, Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—12 ACRES—WITH GOOD buildings, near city limits, 33 acres good land, close to city limits, at a bargain. J. F. SANSTON, over C. P. R. ticket office.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—630 YORK street. Apply 630 York street.

Agents Wanted.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

AGENTS CAN EARN \$125 PER MONTH selling our guaranteed Canadian Grown Nursery Stock. We offer exclusive territory. New hardy specialties. Outfits free. Salary weekly and personal assistance. Write for terms. E. G. GRIMM, Nurseryman, Toronto.

WANTED—GENTLEMEN OF GOOD address to place building and loan stock. Men of experience preferred. Salary and commission. Address "Birchbeck," 120 Dundas street, London, Ont.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SOLICIT BUSI- NESS for the Home Life Association of Canada—assessment system. Good remuneration. Apply to V. V. BURKE, Superintendent, No. 3 Masonic Temple.

Houses, Etc., To Let.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

NO RENT—SIX ROOMS, FIRST FLOOR over 248 Dundas street. Apply at 248 Dundas street.

OFFICE TO LET—DOUBLE ROOM WITH bath, first floor Albion Building; also front room on first floor; immediate possession. Apply to H. CARLING, at the brewery.

TO LET—COTTAGE, CORNER RIDOUT and Craig streets, South of Thee; rent \$3. Apply GEORGE C. GUNY, barrister, 421 1/2 Dundas street.

TO LET—RESIDENCE, 434 TALBOT street, corner Dufferin avenue, 10 rooms, modern conveniences. Apply FRASER & PRASER.

TWO LARGE WELL FURNISHED rooms to let 421 Ridout street.

Lost and Found.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

LOST LAST THURSDAY—A BULL PUP, white and light colored, with ears cut, white collar, shingled, and a small black collar with money. Liberal reward on returning to this office.

LOST—FRIDAY MORNING—BETWEEN Brace street and Dundas and Macdougall, small black case containing money. Liberal reward on returning to this office.

Articles For Sale.

First insertion 1c per word. One-half cent each subsequent insertion. No advertisement less than ten words.

LUMBER—WHOLESALE ONLY—CAR- olinian red cedar, shingles, pine and Ontario cedar shingles; pine, hemlock, hard wood, cedar, lumber, posts, piles, etc. D. FRASERSON, Manager, London, Ont.

A NEW DOUBLE MICROSCOPE—HARD- LY used, of about 30 power, and having two lenses; bought for \$18 and sold for \$12. Apply 238 Dufferin Avenue.

CHEAP—A BLOOD COLT—SOUND AND quiet; good traveler; coming 4 years old. J. COLE, 338 Eva street.

FOR SALE—HORSE, 4 YEARS OLD, good driver, good buggy and harness. 553 William.

PONY FOR SALE—QUIET AND SOUND— Will be sold cheap. Apply 637 Ellis street.

IN THE SUGGROVE COURT OF THE County of Middlesex.—In the matter of the Guardianship of James Henry Webb, Edna Webb, George Llewellyn Webb, Mary May Webb, Anna Irene Webb and Constance Webb, infants under the age of 21 years, of Middlesex, against the County of Middlesex, for an order appointing William Charles Fitzgerald of the City of London, solicitor, guardian of the property of the above named infants. FITZGERALD & FITZGERALD, Solicitors for Applicant. Nov. 22, 1895.

EXECUTORS' SALE

Of Piano and Furniture, on Tuesday, Dec. 3.

AT NEIL COOPER'S AUCTION ROOMS, 241 Dundas street—Mr. Neil Cooper will sell without reserve the contents of a well-furnished house, consisting of piano, furniture, oil paintings, sideboard, secretarial desk, hall rack, extension table, crockery, silver, and one stove; also a large show case, kitchen utensils, dining chairs, besides a lot of sundry other articles. NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

By Auction at Jones' Auction Rooms, Tuesday, Dec. 3rd, at 10:30 a.m.

PIANO, PARLOR SUITE, HANDSOME blueboards, Franz & Pope knitting machine, bugle table, and a lot of other articles, including a large show case, kitchen utensils, dining chairs, besides a lot of sundry other articles. NEIL COOPER, Auctioneer.

Harper's Weekly

IN 1896.

HARPER'S WEEKLY is a journal for the whole country. It deals with the events of the world that are important to Americans.

In carrying out this policy, in 1895 Julian Ralph, William Allen and John W. Foster, through the West; Richard Harding Davis took a trip through the Caribbean Sea; the conditions of the new world, and the progress of the time, E. S. Martin's strikingly new department, Life and Art, will discuss in its interesting way books and the social questions of the time. E. S. Martin's strikingly new department, Life and Art, will discuss in its interesting way books and the social questions of the time.

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Drowned or Frozen.

Five Hundred People Perish in Storms in Russia.

Murder of a Missionary and His Family in Madagascar.

Rumor that a British Vessel Has Been Fired On by the Turks.

The G. O. M. in Buoyant Spirits—Dumas' Unostentatious Funeral—British Naval Expenditures.

RUSSIA'S GRAIN CROP.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 2.—The central committee estimates the harvest of 1895 as follows: Winter wheat, 1,188,000,000 pods; winter rye, 1,970,000,000 pods.

THE G. O. M.

London, Dec. 2.—Mr. Herbert Gladstone, in a speech at Leeds the other night, said that his father was in buoyant spirits; that he was in such a dangerously active state of health that he actually wants to renew his old feats of cutting down trees.

THE GRIP IN BERLIN.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—Influenza is again appearing in epidemic form in Berlin, notably in the northern part of the city, and among the school children, diphtheria and scarlet fever are raging. The mortality in Berlin has increased 25 per cent.

EXIT THE JAPS.

London, Dec. 2.—The St. Petersburg Novoe Vremya has a dispatch from Vladivostok saying that at a conference of foreign delegates at Seoul it was decided that the Japanese troops should leave Korea, with the exception of two companies in Seoul and small garrisons in Gensan and Fusan.

FIVE HUNDRED PERISHED.

Berlin, Dec. 2.—A dispatch to the Cologne Gazette from Odessa says that about 500 deaths are recorded as having resulted from the severe storms which have prevailed recently in that district of Russia. The victims in nearly all cases were drowned or frozen to death. Great distress prevails throughout the storm-swept country.

DUEL IN PARIS.

Paris, Dec. 2.—A duel was fought on Saturday morning in a secluded place near this city between two members of the Chamber of Deputies, Baron Boissy d'Anglas and Viscount de Vogue, a member of the French Academy. The latter was wounded in the hip. The dispute which led to the hostile meeting arose from a political controversy.

MASSACRED THE FAMILY.

Antananarivo, Island of Madagascar, Dec. 2.—A serious anti-European riot has broken out at Arivonimamo. A mob of 2,000 natives has attacked the Friends' mission at that place and murdered the Rev. Mr. Johnstone and his wife and child. The bodies of the murdered persons were mutilated. Further attacks on foreigners and additional massacres are feared.

A Miss Clark, who was with them, said the mob was actuated by a feeling of hostility against Europeans, and further attacks are feared.

DUMAS' FUNERAL.

Paris, Dec. 2.—The funeral of Alexandre Dumas took place Saturday, and was unostentatious, in accordance with the wishes of the deceased author-dramatist. The remains were conveyed from the late residence of M. Dumas at Marly-le-Roi to his home in this city and taken from the latter place to the cemetery of Montmartre, in the presence of a vast concourse of literary men, artists and actors.

RESCUED.

London, Dec. 2.—The British steamer Rosemorran, Capt. Norman, from Norfolk and Newport News, for Leith, has landed at Plymouth the captain of the American ship Belle O'Brien, from San Francisco, before reported foundered.

The ship's crew and thirteen of the ship's crew. They were rescued from a small boat. The second officer and two seamen of the Belle O'Brien are missing. One of the crew was drowned before the ship was abandoned off Queenstown.

BRITISH NAVAL EXPENDITURES.

London, Dec. 2.—Relying on the surplus shown by the budget the Government has ordered increased admiralty expenditures to accelerate the completion of the fleet, and to strengthen and extend the coaling stations. These expenditures are ordered in anticipation of the sanction of Parliament, but the Government is safe to secure that its majority in the House of Commons, and also in the House of Lords. Part of the surplus will be reserved to pay off a fraction of the national debt.

BORN IN THE TOWER OF LONDON.

A Virginia, Ill., dispatch says: Mrs. John Heaton, a historical personage of the old world, and a highly-respected early settler of this section of Illinois, died this morning, aged 75 years. Her maiden name was Mary J. Fullerton, and she was born in the Tower of London, Feb. 25, 1820. When her father, Major James Fullerton, was in command of the tower, all visitors to this famous prison of the old world were shown the room and especial attention was called to the fact by the guides that Mary J. Fullerton Heaton was the only female ever born in the tower. She is survived by her husband, Capt. John Heaton, aged 85, and nine children.

MISS RYE.

London, Dec. 2.—The Times prints a letter from Miss Rye, at Niagara-on-the-Lake. She states that she has had much experience with English emigrant girls, and has usually found them satisfactory. She assures the British public that the case of the boy Green may be safely left to a Canadian judicial investigation. She desires to bear testimony to the wonderful forbearance which Canadians exercise towards these backward and ignorant children. Miss Rye reminds the English people that at a meeting in Toronto in 1854, Inspector Stark, chief

of detectives, had the manliness to acknowledge that after examining the history of the young criminals dealt with by his department, he was bound to confess that he was unable to trace one as having come from England.

HUMANITY DOES NOT COUNT.

London, Dec. 2.—It may be safely affirmed that there will be no interference in Turkey by any European power on the mere score of humanity unless the present understanding between the governments is radically changed. England and Italy are the only countries credited with any desire to give expression to such an unselfish sentiment.

of public horror over the latest atrocities still finds only feeble voice in this country. This is a source of great satisfaction to Lord Salisbury, for the embarrassment of an outburst of such a kind would be very great.

No one is emphasized so strongly as how fatal would be any action in the present emergency, except under the unanimous auspices of the six powers. No one knows better than he how swift would be the wrath of all Europe if he, under the pressure of mere humanitarianism, should break away from the present deadlock. The purity of British motives would not be belied by an instant. It is doubtful if the murder of every native Christian in Turkey would arouse public sentiment throughout Europe sufficiently to compel all the governments to take decisive action.

It argues the conflicting, selfish interests of the various nations in the existing Turkish autonomy. It argues despair and death to thousands of victims still awaiting the Turkish sword. It argues the blackest reproach of modern times to Christianity and civilization. But such, nevertheless, seem to be the plain facts of the situation.

STARTLING RUMORS.

London, Dec. 2.—The Observer today prints the following dispatch, dated Paris, midnight: "A report is current here that a British warship passed the Hellespont and was fired upon by the Turks. It is merely a rumor, and there is no confirmation whatever."

Besides the dispatch to the Observer nothing is known here regarding the alleged firing on a British warship, and it is the consensus of opinion that the report is unfounded. Such action on the part of the commanders of the Turkish fleet would be extremely imprudent.

The Daily News publishes a dispatch from Odessa giving an interview with Capt. Noble, of the British steamer Loch Rannoch, from Leith, N. S. W., for Odessa, which arrived a few days ago at Chanan, a few minutes after sunset. Capt. Noble observed that the shore on either side of the straits was lined with troops under canvas, and that cannon were placed at close stages along the banks. Two blank shots, one from each shore, were fired at the Loch Rannoch. The captain did not think it wise to think that the shots were part of some military maneuvers. Soon three shells were fired at the steamer. The first shell dropped under her bows, the second fell astern, and the third, which was the most dangerous, a few feet from the captain's head. Capt. Noble instantly reversed the steamer's engines. He was astonished, and thought that war had been declared between England and Turkey. Hitherto the Turkish authorities have always allowed a time margin for a vessel arriving in the straits after sunset. The head of the Dardanelles is covered with torpedoes.

CABLE NOTES.

The second confinement of the Duchess of York is near at hand.

On the anniversary of the death of Princess Bismarck, Wednesday last, the Emperor and Empress sent a large wreath, tied with a broad silk ribbon, embroidered with the imperial crown and their initials, to be placed upon her tomb.

Miss Singleton, the step-daughter of the British ambassador, Sir Philip Currie, was married at Constantinople today to M. P. DeGroot, counselor of the Belgian Embassy.

During the battles last week the Emperor of Germany had his usual luck and two days at Goehrde yielded thirteen eagles and six white horses. The Barby shooting resulted in bagging 408 hares and three roobucks. At the pheasant drive in the wild park 372 of those birds were killed.

Dr. Donaldson Smith, of Philadelphia, the African explorer, who has been absent for eighteen months, has arrived in London. He brings an extraordinarily interesting collection of African flora and fauna.

London shippers predict that if the steamers of the Canadian fast line use Plymouth as a terminus they will obtain no freight.

The will of the late Alexander Dumas prohibits the publication of his performance of any posthumous works or plays which may be found in his manuscript.

BOUGHT ANTICOSTI.

A Frenchman Said to Have Purchased the Island for 1,000,000 Francs.

London, Dec. 2.—A special dispatch from Paris says that Henry Menier, the chocolate manufacturer, has bought the Island of Anticosti, in the estuary of the St. Lawrence River, Canada, for 1,000,000 francs.

TWO HUNDRED DROWNED.

Steamer Strathnevis Founders With All on Board—Lost in a Hurricane During the Trip to Japan.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 30.—The Northern Pacific steamer Tacoma, which arrived here from Japan yesterday, brings news that her sister ship, the Strathnevis, which left Tacoma on Oct. 12, probably foundered with her 200 crew and passengers, in the hurricane of Oct. 15, which the Tacoma also encountered, and in which she was almost wrecked. The Strathnevis is a month overdue.

It may be only a trifling cold, but neglect it and it will fasten its fangs in your lungs, and you will soon be carried to an untimely grave. In this country we have sudden changes, and must expect to have coughs and colds. We cannot avoid them, but we can effect a cure by using Bickie's Anticough Syrup, the medicine that has never been known to fail in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest.

Escaped the Gallows.

The Hyams Twins Pronounced "Not Guilty."

They Are Released and Immediately Re-Arrested

On a Charge of Fraud and Conspiring to Kill—The Judge Favorable to the Prisoners—Osler Objects—A Costly Trial.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—The longest, in point of time, in the annals of criminal trials in Canada, was brought to a conclusion late Saturday afternoon, with a verdict of acquittal for the prisoners. The ablest counsel in Canada were engaged on the case, and in addition to four able and experienced barristers of Toronto, retained for defense, two New York lawyers—one of them of continental reputation, were sent by the relatives of the prisoners to look after the interests of the accused. The prosecution of the case has cost the Provincial Government in the neighborhood of \$80,000 for the two trials—that is, the first one, in May last, and the one which has just concluded, and it is not too much to say that the tax on the defense has been almost as much. The trial in May lasted for fourteen days; the one now continued for 23 days, and on both occasions the utmost energies of both sides were put forward in the struggle. At both trials the presiding judge ruled out presumptive evidence which would undoubtedly have had a considerable influence on the jury, and on this last occasion especially the amount of evidence debarred has called forth a feeling of surprise.

At Saturday's session of the court many persons from the various parts of the province were present to hear Mr. Osler's concluding remarks, and Mr. Justice Ferguson's summing up. The season has been ruled out by him that he would charge favorably to the prisoners, but it was not supposed that his views would be so decided as they were. From first to last he was strongly inclined in favor of the accused, and a very large amount of the evidence of the crown he characterized as suspicious. He warned the jurors that they were to use their strong common sense, and not be swayed by addresses of counsel or led by arguments off the right track of absolute allegiance to facts. He deprecated the attempt on the part of the crown counsel to besmirch the characters of the witnesses for the defense, and closed by telling the jury to bring in a verdict of guilt if they could do so feeling that the prisoners were guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. If they found that there was any doubt, they were to return a verdict of acquittal. His Lordship finished his address at 4:05, and the jury retired.

When they had entered the jury room and the doors had been closed, as styled, Mr. Osler, with a tone of suppressed indignation, moved for a recess. In his recess case there were three divisions: (1) on the ground of ruling out of evidence for the crown; (2) allowing evidence for the defense which was objected to; and (3) the judge's ruling.

At the conclusion of Mr. Osler's motion, Mr. Wellman, the New York counsel, left the court room to catch the train for New York, and ten minutes later the jury announced that they had reached a verdict. The judge at once took his seat on the bench, and the prisoners were brought in. He dragged themselves to the dock in a state of half-collapse, and sat down as if sentence of death had already been passed upon them.

The jury, after being polled, was asked for their verdict, and the prisoners stood up and grasped the bars of the dock to keep from falling. The words "Not guilty," which dropped from the mouth of the members of the jury, brightened them up at once, and the short space of a minute made them younger men by ten years.

The announcement created a cheer in court, which was instantly suppressed by the sheriff.

The counsel for the defense asked for the discharge of their clients, which was granted, and they stepped out of the dock free men.

In the passage way, the yards from their former seats, they were met by Detective Alf. Cuddy, who served warrants on them charging them with fraud and conspiracy to kill, and charging Harry J. Hyams individually with forgery. They were taken into custody, and transported to their old lodgings in the jail.

THE ALLEGED CRIME.

On the morning of Jan. 16, 1893, the body of William C. Wells, aged 22 years, was found in the cellar of the warehouse of the Toronto Storage Company, on Colborne street, where he was employed. The body was lying near the hoist, and close by was the right hand of a magnificent meeting in his favor. Since the opening meeting at Longford Mills, at which he and Mr. J. D. Edgar, M.P., and other well known Liberals, met Mr. McGillivray on the platform, he has held meetings at the town hall, Rama, at O'Connell's school house at Atherley, at the town hall, Mara, and at Brechin. While all were successful, several of the assemblies were packed to overflowing with enthusiastic supporters of the Liberal candidate. His opponent was represented on only one occasion.

Mr. Gillespie, the Liberal candidate, at the meeting here on Saturday night said that he hoped that there should be no misunderstanding as to his position on the school question. He had frankly stated his opinion at all his meetings, and at each meeting in Mara, composed very largely of his fellow Catholics, they unanimously approved of his position. They were not afraid to trust their Protestant fellow-citizens to do the right thing. They wished for a settlement of the school question, and for that reason he said it would be premature and injurious to the interests of peace and good feeling among all creeds and races in Canada to pass any remedial legislation at Ottawa next session. This statement was received by the audience with enthusiasm, and Mr. Gillespie's manly stand was favorably spoken of by the great majority when the meeting dispersed, after cheers for the Queen and Mr. Gillespie.

Toll, Tar and Tamarack

T. = T. = T.

Will Cure COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs.

For Sale by all Druggists. PRICE 25c.

WHOLESALE BY Cairncross & Lawrence DRUGGISTS, LONDON, ONT.

BRANCH: CORNER RICHMOND AND PIPER STREET.

that has ever taken place in Toronto, lasted about two weeks, and resulted in a

In Fairest Ontario.

Leamington to Have a Best Sugar Factory.

Plans for Lambton's New House of Industry Accepted.

Design of the Monument for Jessie Keith's Grave - The Brother of a Dutton Man Was in the Recent Cleveland Disaster.

Leamington will have a curling club. Stratford will increase the number of kindergarten schools there.

James Fenton, lot 21, con. 2, Elma, has sold his 100-acre farm for \$5,500.

Mr. Clarence Challen, of Simcoe, has secured a position as teacher in the public school at Kingsville.

The first issue of the Highgate Monitor, a new venture in the newspaper line, appeared on Thursday.

Thos. Coleman has bought a 200 acre farm, southwest of Blenheim, of Malcolm Bell, for \$8,500.

The number of deer killed on the Bruce Peninsula this year is estimated at from 150 to 200.

Twenty-six deer is the season's record for Galt hunters. The deer were nearly all shot in Muskoka.

Prof. Tanner has been appointed preacher of the Presbyterian Church, Chesley, at a salary of \$300 a year.

The A. O. F. brethren are anxious that a circle of the Companions of the Forest be established in St. Marys.

The Y. M. C. A. membership contest at Windsor has added 50 members to the association in the past three weeks.

Track laying on the G. P. and H. electric line through Hespeler is being pushed forward with all possible rapidity.

Mr. John Goldie, Galt, is again confined to his room suffering from a recurrence of his previous trouble, a form of blood poisoning.

At Galt on Thursday Miss Lilly Kempthorn was married to Wm. H. Slee, and Miss Lizzie Cameron became Mrs. Charles Knowles.

At Thamesville, on Thursday, Mr. G. J. Watts shipped two car loads of dressed hogs, and about three tons of poultry was bought up by the merchants.

Prof. Pantan of the O. A. C. brother of Rev. E. W. Pantan, of Stratford, who had his left eye removed on Thanksgiving day, has recovered from the operation.

Shareholders of the Sydenham Glass Company met in Wallaceburg on Thursday, and voted to increase the capital stock of the company from \$50,000 to \$100,000.

Mr. Jas. McKerricher has been appointed leader of the Presbyterian choir at Botany, owing to the resignation of their former leader, Mr. N. P. Weekes. Mr. Weekes held this position for 22 years.

The plans of J. C. Robson, of Sarnia, have been accepted by the Lambton House of Industry Committee for their new building, to be erected on the Lowrie farm, London road, near Sarnia, if the price is made satisfactory.

Wm. Cottingham, an old resident of Bothwell, and employed at Clark & Son's millers, received word from England a few days ago that a fortune of \$700 had been left him by a rich relative. William is all smiles.

Upwards of \$100 worth of new books are being placed on the shelves of the Stuart public library. The library is in a flourishing condition, its volumes numbering nearly 1,500. The membership fee has been reduced to 25 cents.

Messrs. Barrett & Co. intend giving up business in Tilsonburg and will remove to Essex early in January. Mr. Barrett has been looked upon as one of the landmarks of Tilsonburg, having lived there for a quarter of a century.

The first meeting of the Y.P.S.C.E. Union of West Elgin convened on Thursday afternoon in Sheddin, under favorable auspices. At least three times as many delegates as was expected found their way to the place of meeting.

On Thursday evening, while standing with some friends near the residence of Mr. John Cutler, at Preston, Mr. S. Martin, proprietor of Speedville woolen mills, was suddenly attacked by heart disease and expired in a few minutes.

Mr. Ferguson, brother of A. M. Ferguson, of Dutton, was a passenger of the ill-fated electric car that plunged into the river in Cleveland when seventeen persons perished, but fortunately jumped before the car reached the open bridge.

At Sarnia Silas Fulkerson met with a painful accident Thursday by getting his hand badly smashed at the elevator. He was loading cars, and got his hand caught in the car pulley, smashing his left hand and taking two fingers off the right.

The Baptists of Wianston gave a practical turn to Thanksgiving day. After the morning service the carpenters turned out in good force in the afternoon and repaired the church horse sheds. They are now in good shape for the accommodation of the teams.

The death is announced in St. Thomas of Mr. John Fitzgerald, of the M.C.R., at the age of 65 years. Besides his wife, he leaves six children: John Fitzgerald, M. C. R. conductor; John and Aggie, in Chicago; Mrs. H. Macdonald, of Wals-

lacetown; Mrs. E. Reath and Miss Ella, St. Thomas.

At Tilsonburg Messrs. Hay, Long and Smith sold last Saturday by auction 72 head of cattle, the whole shipment of cattle brought down from the north.

The lot consisted of cows, steers and young cattle. Young cows in calf brought from \$14 to \$20, and the whole lot averaged about \$13 per head.

On Saturday Mr. and Mrs. Schofield, of Burford, were in a light wagon driving on Dalhousie street, Brantford, when at the corner of Market street the trolley car smashed their wagon.

Mrs. Schofield was considerably shaken up, but it is hoped, not seriously hurt. Mr. Schofield escaped with a severe shaking up and some bruises.

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Robert Sutherland Mann, who for many years has travelled throughout Ontario in the tea trade, died suddenly at his residence at Aurora on Sunday morning of apoplexy. Mr. Mann, who formerly lived in Woodstock, was very well known throughout the Province.

At the time of his death he was 71 years of age. He leaves a widow and several children. The body will be taken to Woodstock for burial on Wednesday.

The monument being prepared by R. T. Kemp, for Jessie Keith's grave, at Tilsonburg, is to be furnished with a life-sized statue of Jessie Keith. The shaft is to be surmounted with an allegorical figure, representing a young girl carrying flowers, and dropping them from an outstretched hand.

There will be no attempt to give a likeness of little Jessie, however, the intention being merely to erect an appropriate and beautiful memorial of her innocent young life.

Leamington will have a factory for sugar, manufactured from beets. A meeting of citizens was held Thursday night, and a committee appointed to form the provisional board of directors of the joint stock company. Guarantees will be secured from farmers to supply 100,000 tons of beets next season.

The average growth in South Essex is 25 tons per acre, and this will require 4,000 acres. The capacity of the factory will be 1,000 tons of beets per day, and 400 persons are to be employed. A charter has been applied for.

POND MILLS.

Pond Mills Farmer, in Session - An Example Worthy of Imitation - Practical Hints on Clover Seeding Etc.

The farmers in the vicinity of Pond Mills have taken steps to make the winter evenings profitable and enjoyable to themselves. A number of farmers meet semi-monthly at Mr. Thos. Baty's. An agricultural subject is selected for the following evening, and the person best qualified furnishes a paper on it, after which a lively discussion always follows. Also it is requested of members to give to the meeting the benefit of any notions or ideas they have which they believe their neighbor does not know.

For the last evening the subject selected was "How best to secure a crop of red clover," the leader being Mr. Adam Baty, who during the past year has been especially successful. He sows on spring grain about 7 1/2 pounds per acre, clay land. The most essential condition is to secure a continuous supply of moisture, to attain this he prepares the land in the following manner: After drilling in the grain he harrows once, then rolls once, sows the clover, and then harrows once and finishes with a rolling.

He is particular not to sow the grain too thickly. Seeding on fall wheat early in spring is generally successful, as the plant receives a good start, and is well rooted before the drouth sets in. Mr. Baty says his brother cleans his land better with clover than by following. The land is prepared in the fall, and early in spring is seeded, and during the summer a mower is run over the field several times to keep down weeds.

Mr. Spencer, of London - The land can be made more retentive of moisture (1) by subsiding, (2) by having a large proportion of vegetable matter incorporated in the soil. Thus Mr. Spencer believes clover will grow better by being seeded shortly after the plowing down of clover, rape or buckwheat. As a permanent pasture he recommends a mixture of Lucerne and orchard grass. Some find a great difference to the seed secured.

The majority of those present who followed the same method of seeding as Mr. Baty.

The president now called for questions or notions. Some inquired for the cause of black teeth in pigs. The discussion arrived at was that some condition of the system caused it, and it could be greatly remedied by supplying ashes, sulphur or earth to the pigs.

Mr. John F. Elliott on seeing some of his pigs affected, cuts a piece off the end of the tail, and finds in it a cure.

Mr. Dan Currie tries the following: Mr. George Murray lessens the trouble in plowing an orchard by drawing the plow with a chain. One end is fastened to the clevis or double-tree, the other to the plow at the point where the mould-board joins the beam; a small chain (2 feet) is looped around this chain at the front end of the beam to keep the plow from going too far sideways. This idea is also handy for covering in drains.

Another member says he found the following the best method to fasten one wagon behind another with a chain: Take the grab-hook, pass it around the axle of the front wagon, then through the iron on the tongue eight inches from the point, roll once or twice around the tongue, then grab near the axle, the end of the chain hanging down.

Another member found the best remedy for scratches in horses to be a handful of salts (either kind) in oats every night for a while. Small doses of salts act on the kidneys, and thus are much better than a large dose.

Another member considers, by experience, that sore necks on horses are very frequently caused by people buckling the belly-band too tightly; thus when the draft is high, as in the wagon, the belly-band being tight, the tug is not in its natural place, and extra weight is brought to bear on the top of the neck. The shoulder of the horse is oblique, and a collar should draw up, not down. Vinegar is his best remedy for lumps on the shoulder if the sore is not red.

Another member drew attention to the narrowness with which many of the roads in Westminister are graded. He considers roads are graded, the wide enough for three rigs to drive abreast with ease; thus a person could pass a load without troubling the load to leave its track. The roads would look more beautiful, they would be much safer to drive on, especially at night, and they would retain their shape better.

The subject for the next night is "Economic Feeding," by Thos. Baty.

County Cullings.

Good Financial Success of the Recent Delaware Tea-Meeting.

Glanworth's Cheese Factory Had a Good Season - Miscellaneous Middlesex Matters.

Newbury young men talk of fitting up a curling rink.

Mr. Johnston, of Sarnia, has engaged for the ensuing year to teach the public school in Iderton.

Webber & Stuart, cattle dealers, of Newbury, are rushing business. They expect to operate on a thousand head of cattle this season.

Mr. tea-meeting which was held at Delaware under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid proved to be a success. Something over \$60 was realized. The programme was ably carried out by the Chaucerian Fergusson, of the township of Lobo, a retired farmer, is on a visit to his old friend, Squire John P. McKinlay, at Ridgetown. The last time they met was in the year 1845, and next spring it will be 47 years.

The old bell has been removed from the Mount Carmel Church in McGillivray township, and the ceremony of dedicating the new one took place Wednesday, being performed by the Right Rev. Bishop O'Connor.

GLANWORTH.

Nov. 29 - On Thursday evening, Nov. 28, Rev. Mr. Talling, of London, delivered an interesting and instructive address in aid of the Women's Foreign Mission Society in St. Andrew's Church. A large audience was present.

Glanworth cheese factory has closed for the season, being very satisfactory. The new spring is being managed by Mr. McIntosh, of Embro, is organizing an I. O. F. lodge in the village, and is meeting with good success.

A meeting will be held on Thursday evening, Dec. 3. Mr. Geo. Doan, our popular harness maker, has added a consignment of clocks to his stock in trade.

Mrs. W. A. Brodie is recovering from a severe illness.

MARRIAGES IN KOREA.

The Wife Becomes Absolutely the Slave of Her Husband.

It is known that the Oriental people consider women inferior to man, but the inhabitants of Korea exaggerate so much that in their country the woman is really a slave, and has no other value than an instrument of pleasure, or a tool for baby.

When a girl baby is born in Korea she is assimilated with inanimates; things, for instance, with a piece of furniture. They do not even think that it is necessary to give her a name.

They give her a nickname, which she loses when grown.

The young girls are not idle. They learn how to read, to write, to count, to do different kinds of needlework, for which they are very capable; they study the Confucian morals and philosophy, poetry, and the art of how to please. They do not go out very often. Sometimes they can receive their friends, but they are never introduced when their parents or their husbands have visitors.

Marriage is the aim of the whole life of the woman of Korea, more than in any other country. A woman is only born to be married, and for that purpose alone does her father bring her up. Thus, when the day of marriage approaches, the young fiancée receives from her parents such instructions:

"In the moment you overstep the threshold of the paternal house another life commences for you, you must obey in everything your father-in-law, your mother-in-law and your husband, because from that moment they are your true and only parents."

The day of the wedding the young girl is dressed entirely in white silk, her dress is covered with rich embroidery, which is also white. In the afternoon they take her to the bridegroom, where the agents introduce them mutually; then the families and some invited guests sit down to the table. The drawing-rooms are splendidly decorated and illuminated; the repast is abundant and delicate. The plates painted in thousands of colors, the most savory fillets of deer, the pats d'hôtel, the finest fish, the most beautiful fruit, the most delicate and refined intoxicating drinks are very rare, but golden tea flows abundantly, and everybody, after having finished his cup, preciously ornamented, soaks it in a large bowl of water, and exchanges it amicably with his neighbor.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Remember that clear water is not necessarily pure water, any more than cold air is always pure air.

There are cases of consumption so far advanced that Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup will not cure, but none so bad that it will not give relief. For coughs, colds, and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest, it is a sure cure, which has never been known to fail, it promotes a free and easy expectoration, thereby removing the phlegm, and gives the diseased parts a chance to heal.

Hobbs' Hardware Co., LONDON.

For Xmas Trade...

Carvers in Cases, Cutlery, Silverware, Pearl Goods, Mirrors, HIGH CLASS IMPORTED GOODS FOR PRESENTS, ETC.

A New Poem
By James Whitcomb Riley

Tender and beautiful in sentiment; the first of a series of six, illustrated by A. B. Frost. In the Christmas issue of

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL

10 Cents: For Sale Everywhere

The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia

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THE GREAT ANNUAL

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAY SALE

COMMENCES AT

CRYSTAL HALL

—ON—

Saturday, Nov. 30.

We inaugurate Our Great Sale with a

CRASH OF LOW PRICES.

Each and Every Article Sold as Advertised.

A Handsomely Decorated Tea Set, 44 pieces, \$1 98.

A Handsomely Decorated Toilet Set, 10 pieces, \$1 75.

A Handsomely Decorated Dinner Set, 100 pieces, \$4 98.

A Handsome China Dinner Set, hand-painted and gold, 100 pieces, \$14 95.

A Handsome China Dinner Set, hand-painted and gold, 100 pieces, \$17 99.

All Goods Marked Down to Meet the Requirements of Our Extraordinary Sale.

W. J. Reid & Co.

THIS WEEK WE ARE OFFERING OUR NO. 44 AND NO. 50

SIDEBOARDS

AT COST TO CLEAR THEM OUT.

\$25.00

Solid Quarter Cut Oak, Finely Carved, Highly Polished, Roman Gold Trimmings, 40x18, French Bevel Glass, Size of Top 48x22, Mounted on Casters.

ONLY A LIMITED NUMBER LEFT

You'll see 'em if you're prudent,
You'll buy 'em if you're smart,

John Ferguson & Sons

174 to 180 King Street - - - London, Ont.

Navigation and Railways

EARLIER

(BY 15 MINUTES)

WEEKLY
TOURIST
CARTO THE
Pacific Coast.

Leaves Toronto 12:05 Friday Noon.

THOS. R. PARKER, City Passenger Agent,
101 Dundas street, corner Richmond street,
City office open 7 a.m.

WHITE STAR LINE

New York to Liverpool via Queenstown

SS. TEUTONIC, Dec. 4, 7 a.m.
SS. BRITANNIC, Dec. 11, 2 p.m.
SS. MAJESTIC, Dec. 17, 11 a.m.
SS. GERMANIC, Dec. 25, noon.

Rates as low as by any first-class line.

E. De La Hooke,
Sole Agent for London,
"Clock" Corner.

London to San Francisco

IN
3 1/2 DaysThe Fast Passenger Line
MICHIGAN CENTRAL"The Niagara Falls Route."
Particulars at City Office, 365 Richmond street - phone 255; or depot, corner Bathurst and Clarence.JOHN PAUL, City Agent.
O. W. RUGGLES, JOHN O. LAVERN,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Can. Pass. Agent.

AMERICAN LINE.

New York-Southampton (London-Paris).
Twin screw U. S. mail steamships. Sailing every Wednesday at 11 a.m.
First cabin \$50 and upwards; second cabin \$35 to \$50.Paris.....Dec. 4 (Paris).....Dec. 25
St. Louis.....Dec. 11 (St. Louis).....Jan. 1
St. Paul.....Dec. 18 (St. Paul).....Jan. 8

RED STAR LINE.

New York to Antwerp.
Sailing every Wednesday at noon.
First cabin \$50 and upwards; second cabin \$38.
Westernland.....Dec. 4 (Kensington).....Dec. 18
Nordland.....Dec. 11 (Friesland).....Dec. 25International Navigation Company.
Pier-11, North River, Office-6 Bowling Green, N. Y. Agents-Thos. R. Parker, Dec. 18 west corner Richmond and Dundas streets; E. De La Hooke, corner Richmond and Dundas streets; F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond St., London.California,
Washington,
Oregon,
British Columbia,
Etc., etc.,

Excursion Tickets

At greatly reduced fares. Sleeping and tourist berths secured in advance.

Offices-"Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas streets and G. T. A. depot.

ALLAN LINE

Royal Mail Steamships, Liverpool, Calling at Movilla.

From Portland From Halifax.
Laurentian.....Dec. 12 Dec. 12
Mongolian.....Dec. 26 Dec. 26
Numidian.....Jan. 9 Jan. 9
Laurentian.....Jan. 23 Jan. 23RATES OF PASSAGE.
First cabin, single, Berry and Liverpool, \$50 and upwards; return, \$80 and upwards.
Second cabin, single, Berry and Liverpool, \$30 and upwards; return, \$45 and upwards.
The Laurentian carries a large number of first-class passengers only from this side. The Laurentian and Mongolian call at Quebec on the Saturday, 3 p.m., and proceed at once to Liverpool direct, not calling at Montreal or Movilla.

STATE LINE SERVICE.

New York to Glasgow.
Pomeranian.....Dec. 5 Dec. 5
Sarmatian.....Dec. 19 Dec. 19

Cabin passage, \$40 and upwards; return, \$80 and upwards. Second cabin, \$25. Steerage at lowest rates.

For tickets and every information apply to AGENTS - E. De La Hooke, "Clock" corner Richmond and Dundas, Thos. R. Parker, southwest corner Richmond and Dundas streets, and F. B. Clarke, 416 Richmond street.

GRATUIT - COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.BREAKFAST - SUPPER.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operation of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a most delicious and healthful beverage which may be used in many ways, and which will save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the use of such articles of diet that ill health is cured. It is a fact that all who have tried it will find it a most valuable and healthful beverage. It is a fact that all who have tried it will find it a most valuable and healthful beverage. It is a fact that all who have tried it will find it a most valuable and healthful beverage."

Hundreds of subtle malades are floating about us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal attack by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."

-Ogilvie Service Gazette.

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, by grocers, labeled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO. LTD. Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

ARTIFICIAL LIMBS, SURGICAL appliances and supports for deformities of all kinds. We have had 25 years' experience in the limb and now make a second to none. All work guaranteed. Write for terms before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN BOYD, London, Ont.

A VALUABLE

Hint to those who suffer from the pangs of Rheumatism, Lumbago or Sciatica, is the recommendation to use a

COMBINATION

Of medicines, one internally and the other externally. The first, which

IS.....

Indispensable for keeping the system in order, should always take the form of

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

For the latter which is for local application

AND.....

Materially facilitates the cure of the disease, every one recommends

GRAND'S GYPSY OIL

The Scrap Bag

"Did nobody ever tell you that in some far prehistoric time I was in love with my husband?" said Mrs. Romaine. "Well, I was. I used to go to afternoon services in Lent and pray for that love to last, because the sensation was so much to my taste. I used to have ecstatic feelings when his foot was on the stair and I sat sewing little baby clothes. We lived in a plainish way then; \$3 spent in two theater tickets was a tremendous outlay, and we walked out to dinners. I tucked up the train of my best gown under a long cloak, and laughing if the wind snatched it away from me at the corners and whipped it around my feet. Then he grew richer, and we broadened the borders of our phy-lactery, and then—how—when—dear knows if I can remember, we grew further and further away from each other. Now when he is at home I am aware of it, because he is there behind a newspaper, but that is all! When our lips meet it is like two pieces of dry pith coming together. I know nothing of his affairs, nor he of mine. I have money in abundance. Money—money—who cares for money when a man's heart and soul and brain have gone into it?"—The Century.

Dobson—I tell you what, there's nothing like a bicycle for a man with a nervous, irritable disposition. My wife says I'm a much more agreeable man than I was before I got a wheel. Jenkins—Why's that—because it takes you outdoors so much?

Dobson—Not only that, but whenever I feel like blowing somebody up, I go down and blow up my tires, and then I feel better.

Mother—When the boy in the other house threw stones at you, why didn't you come and tell me?

Bobby—Because, mamma, I can throw them back better than you. He's more likely to get hit.

A writer in Vogue gives a description of Mrs. Sarah Grand, the famous author of the "Heavenly Twins," and truly it is somewhat of a surprise, for she is always described as a "terrible woman," hating all men, and utterly without femininity, which, it would seem, was all untrue, and the work of the malicious penny-a-liner, for this correspondent says: "My first meeting with the clever writer was in her own charming apartment in South Kensington, where I was taken to a tea, informally, at 5 o'clock, on a quiet, sunny Sunday afternoon. As the door opened and we entered the dainty room with its harmonious lights, Mrs. Grand came forward from the tea table to greet us. So this was Sarah Grand! Before me stood a rather tall, slender woman, in a robe of amethyst-blue velvet. The oval face was crowned with a mass of soft, curly brown hair, drawn down into a loose coil in the nape of the neck. Great blue eyes looked out at me in a sweet, earnest way, and a smile lighted up the rather sad face as my hostess led me to the tea-table. Here were seated about a dozen people, some of England's brightest men being present to pay tribute to the celebrated author who had just returned from an extended tour on the continent. Mrs. Grand quietly greeted each new comer, said adieu to the one leaving, in a low, well-modulated tone, always producing a soothing effect by her sweet, subdued voice and manner. "She tells such amusing stories about people who had not caught her name at the introduction. A quaint, old-fashioned dowager, seated alongside of her recently, at 5 o'clock at home," said: "My dear, that dreadful woman, Madam Grand, is here, they tell me. Now, of course, I shall recognize her, because she will be loud in dress, talk a great deal, and be utterly 'impossible.' I am sure there she is," continued the dowager, as she pointed to a woman answering that description, while the real Sarah Grand in her quiet, artistic frock, with amusement heard herself abused.

"Did you tell her eventually, who you were," was eagerly asked by a listener to the story.

"No; I could not. I do like old ladies, and she would have felt so uncomfortable if I had undeceived her. You see, I was a perfect coward, for I hurried away, leaving her to abuse the 'impossible' woman who was in the corner."

Ouida, according to a correspondent of Woman, leads a most retired life in the neighborhood of Vallebuia, Italy. "She never receives now, but it occasionally to be seen walking about the lanes escorted by her six dogs, of whom she is passionately fond. More generally, though, she prefers to sit or walk in her own grounds. Her villa is large and handsome, with a magnificent view from the windows."

DAILY HINTS TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.
Closer, closer, let us knit
Hearts and hands together,
Where our friends comfort sit
In the wildest weather.
BREAKFAST—Apples and Pears.
Hominy, Breakfast Stew, Butter.
Toast, Boiled Eggs, Vanilla.
Crackers, Coffee.
DINNER—Cold Meat, Mayonnaise.
Dressing, Baked Macaroni.
Steamed Potatoes, Canned String.
Beans, Apple Jelly, White and
Corn Bread, Tapioca Cream.
SUPPER—Fish Chowder, Bread.
and Butter, Baked Apples, Su-
gar Cakes, Tea.

COOKED MAYONNAISE.
Yolks of four eggs; four table-
spoons melted butter; half teaspoon
each of salt and dry mustard; juice
of one lemon, fill cup with vinegar;
half full; beat the yolks, add the
salt and a dust of pepper, Beat;
until smooth, pour into melted but-
ter, a few drops at a time; mix in
the vinegar and lemon; beat over
boiling water, beat constantly.

It no longer marks a gown as being a ball gown simply to be out decollete, for the fashion of dressing for dinner has been so generally adopted in this country that even very cheap material is made up in this style. Ball gowns to be sure are out much lower than simple dinner gowns, but the difference lies, as a rule, in their being much more elaborately trimmed and of richer material, and the sleeves—or the pretence of sleeves—are shorter.

The cut of the waist is rarely the same for two seasons, and an inch or so off the shoulders marks a gown as of the latest style, or as one of two or three winters ago much more than does anything else. This is somewhat depressing where economy has to be thought of, but a clever way of trimming will often work wonders and, after all, in evening dress there is more latitude allowed for diversities of fashion than in anything else.

Tulle, net and such material have not found favor of late years, and even the debutantes have been governed in silks and satins. There is now to be a return to the pretty dainty frocks of colored tulle, which always seem so peculiarly adapted to young girls, and which make a ball room look far more picturesque than when only heavy material, like broadsate, satin, silk and "such like" are worn. There will be



CREPON COSTUME.

of course, many rich and heavy looking gowns, and some of the materials are very gorgeous in texture as well as in coloring. Any amount per yard can be paid if one feels equal to wearing such superb fabrics. Hand-painted satins, broadsates and flowered patterns, so heavy and rich that they will stand alone, will be made into ball gowns this winter, but as is always the case when the extreme prevails, the other extreme of severity and simplicity will be seen. White will not be the rage this winter, that is, white unrelieved by any color. Old shades of pink, yellow and green will be the favorites; blue only when in some old shade, for blue is never a satisfactory color for evening wear. Under the artificial light it loses beauty, is not at all effective, and very rarely becoming even to blondes.

A striped satin ball gown trimmed with pale green is one of the few white gowns recently imported. The skirt is even more exaggeratedly full than were the skirts last winter, and it is sharply gored. Each seam is outlined with narrow pearl passementerie. A bias flounce 12 inches deep flares out from the hem of the skirt. The waist, cut very low on the shoulders, is made over a heavily seamed and boned bodice, but the satin itself is put on at such a bias that no seams, either at the side or back are visible, and it fits to perfection. The front of the waist is full and opens over a waistcoat of point de Flandre lace, and it is further trimmed by openwork medallions of pearl passementerie. There is a folded belt with odd triangular bow of pale-green velvet, and on the left shoulder a trailing mass of white flowers with green leaves, caught into place by another bow of the pale-green velvet.

The back of an evening gown is rarely trimmed like the front. The berth is not becoming to all figures, and the full effect in front is sufficient, so that the back may be arranged quite simply. Indeed the beauty of the shoulders is much more emphasized when there is little or no trimming and the waist is finished with merely bias folds. So that if lace be bought, the quantity needed is not large. Skirts made of plain, or striped materials have waists of fancy velvets or broadsates, or with trimmings of them, but indeed, all kinds of materials are combined, apparently recklessly, while the queer combinations of colors are somewhat dazzling. A very dainty evening gown of striped heliotrope and white satin has a striped heliotrope skirt, made demi-train. The stripes are so arranged in the front as to look like an inverted letter V. There is no trimming on the skirt. The waist is quite out of the shoulders, the sleeves down over the arms, and pearl passementerie straps over the shoulders. The front of the waist and the belt are of primrose velvet, and a big bunch of pink primroses is on the left of the waist. Of course, there is a slight tinge of primrose in the pinkish heliotrope color, and the end justifies the means in the dainty effect, but it was certainly a daring mind that thought of putting the two together.

FOR STREET WEAR.

The Jacket Suits Are the Most Desirable Models.
The skirts of these costumes are invariably dainty, but are stiffened only to the knee. The most fashionable jacket is what is known as the godet or umbrella-back, while for slender figures a belt is used across the back at the waist-line. These jacket bodices may be made high in the neck, if so desired, though their nattiness is enhanced by a linen chemise and tie. A clever tailor-made gown of very late style is shown in a fine quality of black, lustrous mohair, with a vest of but-ter-colored broadcloth. The jacket and skirt have the fashionable flare, and with a change of vests this suit may be made to give unlimited service and always look well.

A visiting toilette of tobacco brown Venetian cloth shows on its skirt edge a trimming of fawn-colored velvet ribbon tied in bows. The jacket accompanying this skirt is made with a godet back. A box-pleat is sewed flat to the center of the back. The front has a box-pleat wide enough to cover the front darts. On this box-pleat, which entirely disguises the fastenings of the front, are eight buttons matching the cloth in color.

The Norfolk jacket is a charming and practical model for clothe-and-sorgs.

INGERSOLL INKLINGS

Turkey Day—2,000 of the Birds Brought to Town—Serious Accident to a Lady—The Big Banquet.

("Advertiser") Agency, City Bookstore.)

Ingersoll, Dec. 2.—Mrs. D. Garlick, Bell street, is confined to her bed through illness. Early Saturday morning Mrs. R. Jones, of North Oxford, met with a painful and serious accident at the gate of the house. She had driven in with the crowd to deliver turkeys. When standing in the yard, the driver attempted to drive over the rails, when the jarring of the wagon threw Mrs. Jones to the ground and the wheels passed over her lower limbs. She sustained a severe fracture between the knee and ankle. Drs. McKay and Neff were called and examined the injury. There proved to be a triple fracture. The injured lady was removed to the freight office, where the limb was set, and the patient made as comfortable as possible, until a vehicle could be procured to take her home.

There were unusual crowding and jamming at the market last Saturday. All who had goods to sell made their way inside, and all who wanted to buy followed. Prices were good and quality all that could be expected. Butter and eggs brought good prices. Apples and vegetables were scarce. There was an abundance of fowl of all kinds.

"Turkey Day" was indeed a turkey day. About 2,000 turkeys were brought into town, farmers coming from a radius of twenty miles around here with them. The Ingersoll Packing Company purchased upwards of 3,000. Mr. Seiden got in the neighborhood of 6,000 or more. C. G. Bell manufactured 150 boxes to hold twenty each, for the packing company, but more were required, as more turkeys were sent than they calculated to receive, and it was discovered that these could not pack twenty in a box. Mr. Bell is hustling out the extra boxes, in order to have the remaining turkeys forwarded as soon as possible.

Sun has finished the town voters' lists for 1904, and they will soon be in the hands of the printer. Host Thompson, of the Daily House, promises "good cheer" to the large crowd expected tonight at the banquet. There is no doubt but that his previous record will be well sustained if he is not excelled on this occasion. The Ingersoll orchestra will furnish the music. The speeches and toasts will be interspersed with songs and recitations by different persons there.

BURNED TO DEATH.

An Old Lady and a Little Girl Meet a Terrible Fate.

Blythe, Ont., Sept. 2.—A very sad fatality happened here early Saturday morning, in which an old lady named Mrs. McCallum, aged 92 years, was burned to death. It is supposed that the old lady, who lived alone, had on going to bed, put on a big fire, during the night, set fire in the house. Her son, whose house is within a few yards of hers, called on her about 9 o'clock, and cautioned her not to keep such a big fire on. She was then preparing to retire for the night. He awoke about 5 this morning and saw that her house was on fire, but nothing was done to save her. The house was burned to the ground. When the ruins were searched the charred body of the old lady was found.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—A distressing fatality occurred at the residence of Mr. Peterson, Caprean road, Saturday afternoon. Mrs. Peterson had to leave her two little girls, aged 4 and 5 years, in the house while she went out to market. While away the youngest, being set fire to her dress, burning her so badly that she died at 6 o'clock at the general hospital three hours after admission.

For Other's Sake.

The inspiration of the true missionary is generosity and gratitude. The impulse of every generous mind is to share its benefits with others. And this is the most worthy and acceptable thank-offering one can make for any benefit received.

There is a natural feeling of "save us from all such," whenever the least suspicion of ingratitude is manifest. It is like burying a treasure to conceal a fact useful to others.

And this is the true measure by which to judge of a testimonial of a cure, be the same great or small.

It should be so, as it undoubtedly is, a truthful statement of the facts of past suffering and of due credits to the medicine that cures.

And it is this generous desire "to do good unto others" that best explains the frequent publication of evidence of the unfailing benefit of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

We are not always permitted to publish names but the particulars of many cures are sent us.

An aged lady now under treatment in this city says: "I have suffered for years with rheumatism. 'Each joint of my hands is a reminder of a hundred nights of agony.' They are enlarged and twisted as nothing except inflammatory pain could deform them."

"I have often been confined to my house for months at a time." "Yes, I am taking Dodd's Kidney Pills." "I had taken them only four days when all pain left me."

"I had not had a good night's sleep for years until the fifth night after commencing them." "I never believed that I should be cured, until now that I have been using Dodd's Kidney Pills for two weeks."

Five Mormon missionaries left Salt Lake City a few days ago bound for New Zealand to establish a mission among the Maoris. Whether they will bring the converts, if they make any, to this country or not they were unable to say.

The Pills of Women.
Constipation causes more than half the ills of women. Karl's Clover Root Tea is a pleasant remedy for Constipation. For sale by W. T. Strong.
A woman later is regularly employed at her trade in the neighborhood about Biddford, Me., in which town she lives.
It Saves Lives Every Day.
Thousands of cases of Consumption, Asthma, Coughs, Colds and Croup are cured every day by Shill's Cure. For sale by W. T. Strong.
It is believed that a pear tree at Clinton, Conn., reputed to be 250 years old, is the oldest fruit tree in New England.
THERE IS NOT a more dangerous class of disorders than those which affect the breathing organs. Nullify this danger with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a pulmonary acknowledged efficacy. It cures soreness and lameness when applied externally, as well as swelled neck and crick in the back; and, as an inward remedy, it possesses the most substantial claims to public confidence.
Since the Russian alliance has been declared, being a Russian is a direct road to the heart of the French tradesman. Paris has therefore become the happy hunting ground of swindlers calling themselves Russians, but who are often merely Poles, and not from Russian Poland either.

Radway's Pills

MILD, BUT EFFECTIVE.

Purely vegetable, act without pain, elegantly coated, tasteless, small and easy to take. Radway's Pills are of natural, stimulating to healthy activity the liver, bowels and other digestive organs, leaving the bowels in a natural condition without any bad after effects.

Cure

Sick Headache, Female Complaints, Biliousness, Constipation, Piles, AND All Liver Disorders.

RADWAY'S PILLS cause perfect digestion complete absorption and healthful regularity of the bowels. At druggists or by mail, "Book of Organs" free by mail.

RADWAY & CO., Montreal.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Asthma, Difficult Breathing.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. Not one hour after reading this advertisement need anyone SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Internally—A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Croup, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Hoarseness, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Colic, Flatulency, and all internal Pains in its various forms cured and prevented.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure fever and ague and all other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or other stimulants.

Miners and lumbermen should always be provided with it.

Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

No matter how violent or excruciating the pain the Rheumatic, Bed ridden, Indurated, Crap, Nervous, Neuralgic or protracted with diseases may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

Will afford instant ease.

For headache (whether sick or nervous), toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and weaknesses in the back, spine or limbs, pains around the liver, pleurisy, swelling of the joints and pains of all kinds, the application of Radway's Ready Relief will afford immediate ease, and its continued use for a few days effect a permanent cure.

Instantly stops the most excruciating pains, always inflammation and cure congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels or other glands or mucous membranes.

THE ART OF CURING
SCIENTIFIC RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
PAINS IN BACK OR SIDE
OR ANY MUSCULAR PAIN
LIES IN USING
MENTHOL PLASTER

HINTON & RUMBALL
THE UNDERTAKERS,
260 Richmond Street,
Private Residence, 296 King St.
Telephone—Store 410; House, 423.

W. Chapman
BUTCHER.
Fresh and Salt Meats, Beef, Mutton, Fowls, etc. Goods delivered to any part of the city.
269 DUNDAS STREET

John Ferguson & Sons,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS and EMBALMERS.
FIRST-CLASS IN ALL APPOINTMENTS.
Telephone—House No. 373; Store No. 543.

Wild Flowers of Canada
NOW COMPLETE.
Special Bindings
—AT—
E. H. Kordes.

Call at TRAFFORD'S and select the cover for a parlor suite, Turkish chair, Spanish couch, divan or fancy rocker, for Christmas present, and save money now and worry at the last moment.

Dental Cards.

W. WOOLVERTON, SURGEON-DENTIST.
210 Dundas, next Eddy Bros., over Cairns' and Lawrence, druggists. Telephone 232.
J. E. HOLMES, DENTIST-SUCCESSOR
to Dr. W. R. Wilkinson. Crown and bridge work a specialty. Office, room 3, Duffield Block, corner Dundas and Clarence streets. Telephone 975.

D. R. COLON, E. J. SMITH-DENTIST.
309 1/2 Richmond street (upstairs).

D. R. GEORGE C. DAVIS-DENTIST.
Graduate B. C. D. S., Toronto, 1879. Graduate of the Dental College 1888. Specialties: Preservation of natural teeth, crown, porcelain and bridge work. 170 Dundas street, London, Ont. Telephone 975.

L. McDONALD, DENTIST.
Office, 183 1/2 Dundas street, London.
Telephone, 702.

D. R. CHESTER N. ABBOTT, DENTIST.
Over Fitzgerald's grocery.

D. R. J. N. WOOD-HONOR GRADUATE.
151 Dundas street.

D. R. SWANN, DENTIST-FORMERLY
with S. Woolverton, L. Dentist, 274 Dundas street, next door to Kent's confectionery. Telephone 1131.

Medical Cards.

D. R. JARVIS-HOMOEOPATHIST-750
Dundas street. Telephone 969.

D. R. MEEK-QUEEN'S AVENUE, LON-
DON. Specialties, diseases of women. Hours 10 a.m. till 1:30 p.m.

D. R. WEEKES, 405 DUNDAS STREET,
corner Colborne. Hours 11 to 3, and after 7.

D. R. J. W. FRASER AND DR. D. H.
Hogg, offices and residence, corner York and Talbot streets. Telephone 125.

C. L. T. CAMPBELL, M.D., M. C. P. S.
Office and residence, 327 Queen's avenue, London. Office hours, 11 to 3 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m., and 7 to 9 p.m. Skin diseases a specialty.

D. R. GEORGE H. WILSON, YORK
street, near Talbot. Specialties, nose, throat and lungs.

D. R. DENCH-OFFICE AND RESI-
DENCE, 88 Dundas street. Telephone 125.

D. R. JOHN D. WILSON-OFFICE AND
RESIDENCE, 200 Queen's avenue. Special attention paid to diseases of women.

D. R. ECCLES-CORNER QUEEN'S AVE-
NUA and Wellington. Specialties, diseases of women. At home from 10 to 2.

D. R. MACLAREN-OFFICE AND RESI-
DENCE, northeast corner of Park and Queen's avenues. Hours, 11 to 3 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m., and 7 to 9 p.m.

D. R. GARLAND, M.D., L.R.C.P., LONDON
Eng.—Office and residence, corner W. Hamilton and Dundas streets. Careful attention paid to specific and skin diseases.

D. R. WOODRUFF-EYE, EAR, NOSE AND
THROAT. Hours, 12 to 4. No. 135 Queen's avenue.

D. R. C. F. NEU-OFFICE, 412 PARK
avenue, corner Queen's avenue. Telephone 388.

D. R. GRAHAM-OFFICE, 616 RICHMOND
street—Specialties, pulmonary affections, cancers, tumors and piles, diseases of women and children.

Hotel Cards.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL (FORMERLY
Goslin House)—Corner King and Talbot streets. Thoroughly renovated. Rates \$1 a day. JAMES McDONALD, Proprietor.

TECUMSEH HOUSE, LONDON, ONT.
Largest and best hotel in Western Ontario. No charge for baggage or baggage rooms. Rates \$2 and \$2.50 per day. C. W. DAVIS, Proprietor.

THE HUB RESTAURANT-EUROPEAN
plan—Lunch 8 a.m. to 12 p.m., 203 to 205 Dundas street. J. W. MARIN & Co.

O'NEIL HOUSE-CORNER TALBOT AND
New and commodious stables. WM. COLLINS (late of Lambeth), proprietor.

CITY HOTEL, LONDON—BEST \$1 DAY
houses in Canada; good tables in connection with J. McMartin, proprietor.

"DUKE OF YORK" HOTEL-DUNDAS
street, London East, Good table, well-stocked sample room; first treatment and proper attention. A share of your esteemed patronage most respectfully solicited. WM. T. COLLWELL.

"VICTORIA"—THE POPULAR \$1 A
day house, Clarence street, corner of Dundas. T. TOMLINSON, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MON-
TREAL—Centrally situated and well-known. First-class in every respect. H. HOGAN, Proprietor.

ONTARIO HOUSE—KING STREET—
Opposite Market House; remodeled and refurnished. GEORGE McDONALD.

OFFICE RESTAURANT—RICHMOND
street. Fresh lager. Best brands of all kinds of liquors and cigars. Meals at all hours. The best brand of oysters. D. SANE, Proprietor.

Livery Stables.

LILLEY'S LIVERY-NO. 619 DUNDAS
street, East London, Ont. Telephone, No. 68.

LONDON SALE, BOARDING AND
Livery Stable—Express drays and Queen's avenue. Telephone, 503. A. G. STUBBS, proprietor.

LONDON RIDING ACADEMY-QUEEN'S
avenue, near Park. For terms inquire of WM. LAWRENCE, riding master. Terms moderate. Telephone 942.

Architects.

MOORE & HENRY-ARCHITECTS AND
civil engineers, Albion Building, London. JOHN M. MOORE, FRANK HENRY.

HERBERT MATTHEWS-ARCHITECT
(formerly with C. O. Haight, New York). Carlingford, Richmond street.

MCBRIDE & FARNCOMBE-ARCHI-
TECTS and surveyors, 213 Dundas street, COMB.

Money to Loan.

MONEY-CERTAIN SUMS OF \$200, \$500,
\$800, \$1,000 and \$1,500 are in my hands for investment in first-class mortgages. Also various other sums. WEEKS & SCANDRETT, solicitors, 85 Dundas street, London.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST AND
second mortgages at low rates. Notes cashed at G. W. FRANCIS' loan office, 754 Dundas street.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS-FINE ART PRINTING
is the word to describe the beautiful clearprinting of the Bickensderfer Typewriting. CHEELMAN BROS., Georgetown, Ont. Telephone 237.

Musical Instruction.

MR. HALL HAS RESUMED PIANO
lessons at his residence, 23 Stanley street.

MRS. NOBLE, TEACHER OF PIANO
organ and harmony; terms moderate. Residence, 235 King street.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST
of St. Andrew's Church, late of Conservatory of Music, Leipzig, Germany, instructs in organ, piano, singing and harmony. 618 Richmond street.

Educational.

SELECT PREPARATORY SCHOOL FOR
boys and girls. Public school course. Thoroughly taught. Opens Monday, Aug. 26. MRS. BARKER, 144 Mill street.

INSURE IN THE PHENIX—TIME
tried, first-class insurance company, of Hartford, Conn. Assets, \$5,000,000. Large security, liberal settlements, low rates. Money loaned at 4 per cent.

EDWARD TOWE, AGENT
Office over Bank of Commerce, London. Telephone, No. 367.

Mr. Erskine, the sergeant-at-arms in
the House of Commons, is a Stirlingshire man, descendant from an old country family—Erskine of Cardross.

Business Cards.

SMITH & GRANT, MANUFACTURERS
of racking, egg and beer cases. Orders promptly attended to. 367 Bathurst street.

LOUIS PEDDERSEN, MAKER AND
L. I. restorer of baby carriages and reed chairs, corner King and Richmond streets.

LONDON UMBRELLA HOSPITAL-UM-
BRELLAS and locks repaired, saved sharpened. PRINCE DAVID, 509 Richmond street.

SPECIAL-LADIES' BLOUSES AND
S. shirt waists washed by hand and finished in first-class style at CANADIAN ELECTRIC LAUNDRY. Tel. 490.

STOCKWELL'S STEAM DYE WORKS—
239 Dundas street.

**The Sultan and His Advisers Temporarily
Triumphant--Withdrawal of the British
Gunboat Ordered to Salonica.**

An Explanation—General Massacre of Christians in Constantinople Threatened — Prospects of a Famine in the East—10,000 Persons Massacred in a Week—Salisbury and the Methodists—Court Gossip.

AN ENCLAVE. A dispatch from Constantinople this afternoon, which announced the backdown of the British ambassador to Turkey, Sir Philip Currie, in his insistence based on treaty rights that Great Britain and incidentally Russia and Austria, be allowed an extra guardship in the Bosphorus, was not well received by the Tory jingoos, and is certain to be made much of by their opponents. Although the Dryad has been ordered back to Salonica, it is understood in official circles that this is only a temporary move, taken in order to avoid giving any provocation which might lead to rioting in Constantinople, and the Sultan's obstinacy in this matter is all the more annoying, as it is clear that the powers are being dalled with and placed in an undignified position by Abdul Hamid, who is regarded as skeptical as to the longevity of the European concert. The suggestion is published here that the Sultan has a few brokers operating on the foreign bourses, and that he has been personally manipulating the market, in order to alter the financial situation in the east from a speculative point of view. If this be true, Abdul Hamid must have made huge profits within the past few weeks merely on the movements of the market, which attend the various phases of the extra guardships question, which has been the great attraction in politics throughout the week.

It appears that Said Pasha succeeded in getting the British ambassador to refer the Dryad matter to his Government. There was some delay in obtaining a reply, and this caused a report to spread among the Turkish officials that Great Britain would not do anything to restore order and put to force the reform adoptions. In view of Abdul Hamid's strong objections, the demand for the extra guardships would not be carried to the extreme of forcing the passage of the Dardanelles. This would be to the disadvantage of the real friends of the Dryad, but behind all this is the fact that it has been established that the palace people have been for some time past excited by the Mussulman population here with the view of the demand for the extra guardships. This meant nothing less than a naval demonstration before Constantinople and that this would be an insult to the Sultan and the Mussulmans throughout the world. It is interesting to note that the fanaticism of the Turks, and a serious outbreak was brewing here, it is alleged, at the instance of the palace manipulators. The embassies were kept on their guard and it is probably due to the knowledge that the advent of the extra guardships in the Bosphorus would be the signal for an outbreak here directed against the foreigners and Christians. It was caused by the Government of Great Britain to instruct Sir Philip Currie to order the Dryad back to Salenica.

But it is claimed in diplomatic circles that this does not end the incident, and it is only a temporary withdrawal which will be followed at a more opportune moment by the insistence of the powers upon the observance of their treaty rights, which will require extra guardships for their embassies. Even if this be true, it seems to show that the Sultan and his advisers have once more triumphed over the representatives of the powers when the latter were officially announced to be in complete accord as to the drastic measures to be taken toward Turkey.

As to the drastic nature of the affair, which is not lost sight of here, and that is, the withdrawal of the Dryad, may mean that the European concert is broken, and that the representatives of the powers have been too strong to allow of joint action in the east, even in the face of the tales of horrors and bloodshed, fire and famine, and war for months past.

As an explanation of the backdown of the powers, it is pointed out that after Sir Philip Currie received the reply to his message to the Marquis of Salisbury, he made a personal call upon the Sultan at the Yildiz Kiosk, and for two hours and a half Abdul Hamid and his Grand Vizier, Kiameddin, remained in close and earnest conversation. The whole situation was reviewed between them. The Sultan again called Sir Philip's attention to the efforts he was making to bring about a settlement, and offered proof that the work of reform was as fully inaugurated as circumstances would permit, promised that everything possible would be done to put down the rising in Syria, etc. Last but not least, Abdul Hamid referred to the danger of an outbreak at Constantinople and elsewhere, and to the extent of having his power and authority scored in the eyes of the Mussulman world. Sir Philip listened to all the representations of the Sultan, backed by the Ministers, and finally he said he would order the Dryad away temporarily though he strongly impressed upon the mind of the Sultan, backed by the Ministers, that he would not tolerate the lives of foreigners would be the signal for the enforcement of the treaty rights of the powers regarding the extra guardships, even in the matter. There the matter seems to rest for the present; but nobody here believes that it is anything more than a lull in the storm caused by the quick action of Sir Philip. It is much as the dread of doing anything which might precipitate an outbreak here tend to light the torch of a religious war, which might spread far beyond the limits even beyond the Turkish Empire.

A Berlin correspondent cables as follows: Everything points to a Cabinet crisis, in spite of official denials. The

to break up the Ottoman Empire. This attitude is in precise conformity with the policy of the Emperor, and it is well known that the Emperor has been engaged in negotiations with Germany in regard to Turkey that it has not been altered in the slightest detail. Consequently Germany has had nothing whatever to do with the change in the policy that may have taken place. If the concert of the powers has been disturbed it is due to the action of Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador at Constantinople, who is alleged to have endeavored to the adoption of extreme measures against the Turks without success.

The Sultan, without obvious differences among the powers as to the plan of action in Turkey the German official press has been instructed to keep up the fiction that the English are the powers most alarmed. The North German Gazette on Friday made an attack upon the policy of England as imperiling the territorial status of the Turkish Empire. The Cologne paper strongly objected to the attempts to distinguish between the action of Germany and any other power, but declared that the idea favored by England for the disruption of the Turkish Empire was a policy maintained by the German Government, the sole aim of whose diplomacy is to exert its good offices in the relations with the Sultan for the benefit of the general interests of the European world. Turkey, which has been so widely and persistently discussed in the English press, has made a most unfavorable impression here. The North German Gazette is decidedly optimistic, and remarks the fact that they are not confined to the newspapers alone, but that of their propagation prevails in higher circles. "Public opinion," it says, "in Britain," "the matter," it adds, "is taken into an entirely different from that taken by continental opinion. No German, man, Austrian, or Italian statesman has ever talked about the unshakeable Turkish Empire, or the policy of breaking up the Turkish Empire." The National Zeitung says: "Nothing better could be devised to lead to a European war than these plans of England which are the avowed object of which is to aspergize the Empire of Great Britain."

London, Dec. 1.—The popular conviction grows that Abdul Hamid is fooling with the powers, and that the palace clique to whom his obstinate and duplicity are attributed agree with, but do not rule him. The Speaker's Constantinople correspondence declares that he has ample evidence that the Sultan is generally responsive to the whole series of massacres. He explains that the large outrages commenced as soon as the Sultan expected, to the relief of the army, the giving of supplies and subsidies that depended upon their numbers. The massacres have been chiefly confined to these villages, the number being so large as to give them no claim to any influence. The work of extermination proceeds as systematically as it is possible for the Sultan and his authorities to carry it on. Both the Kurds and the troops are acting under the order of the authorities in the work of pillage, rapine and murder. The correspondents estimated that between 100,000 and 250,000 persons were massacred between Nov. 18 and 25, while the Sultan was posing before Europe as being desirous of effecting the fusion and of uniting the Armenians and the Armenians. Commenting on the matter furnished by its Constantinople correspondent, the Speaker says that the brutal murder of Armenians is an outrage, but that the Armenians, though not one who is so brutal as the wretch, Abdul Hamid, whose existence is a reproach to humanity. Can the civilized world, the people look on with no stronger feeling than tepid disapproval, while a monster, who owes his power to the protection of Great Britain, commits a crime that is almost without parallel?

Lord Salisbury, in receiving a leyan deputation, which visited in connection with the sectarian education proposals, said he did not intend to conceal his strong animus in favour of the Anglican and Wesleyan demands, and that the Wesleyan staunch Conservatives, but the Government did not deter the Prime Minister from making hostile and sarcastic allusions as the delegates developed their proposals. In responding to the statesman, with an open mind, he spoke freely as a sectarian pamphleteer. He spoke about "you Wesleyans" and "you Anglicans," and declared that he would support the policy of the Church of England. His tone and language aroused the dissenters throughout the country. At a subsequent meeting of the Independent Society, Dr. D. G. MacKenzie, said he was of opinion that the country was entering upon a great struggle, and that the dissenters were being menaced by the proposed Church education. If the Prime Minister's plan succeeded, the Anglican and Roman Catholic Church would receive for educational purposes a grant amounting to £3,000,000 a year.

JOHN MORLEY.

Mr. John Morley, who was Secretary for Ireland in the Rosebery Cabinet, and who was defeated in the last general election, in Parliament in the last general election, will make a visit to Italy he goes to the great stump in the north of Italy, where he has consented to stand for election. Before he will preside at the Carlyle Society's meeting, the Carlyle household is being moved to the Cheyenne Row, which was formerly an Anglo-American fund, and handed over to the trustees.

PLENTY OF MONEY.

The receipts of the Imperial

over the last budget estimates the expenditures are normal. Increase in the Russian contribution to the Chancery will at the end of 18,250,000. In March, have a

RUMOR OF A COMPROMISE

The London Telegraph prints a patch from Vienna saying it is that a compromise has been between the foreign representatives Constantinople and the Sultan. It is said to grant the necessary the entry of the ships into the Bosphorus, or that the powers will then unless the lives of are saved, grant the necessary that Russia scouts the European conference being the Turkish question.

The Times has a dispatch from Russia in line the proposals of the powers two explanations each stanstunpe, explained to the that the subject was to assign a meaning order.

The Standard prints a dispatch

Constantinople, saying it is believed that the present Ministry is doomed, and that Said Pasha, recently the Grand Vizier, will succeed Halil Rifaat Pasha, the present Grand Vizier. Said Pasha is now President of the Council of State.

The prospect of a settlement of the lock-out in the shipbuilding trade is brighter, but the masters still continue to hold out against the engineers. They are rendering great service to the general cause of trades unionism. Already many valuable contracts have been lost and much work diverted to the shipyards of other countries.

The Queen will entertain a great deal at Windsor Castle prior to going to Osborne House, her residence on the Isle of Wight, to pass Christmas within her family circle only. During the week Mr. Arthur Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury; Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies; and Mrs. Chamberlain, and Gen. Butler were guests of her Majesty. They remained at the castle over night, and on the 25th the Duke and Duchess of York took their daughter, Princess Marie, to Windsor to receive the congratulations on her betrothal to Prince Charles, second son of the Crown Prince of Prussia. All the members of the court were present last night at a unique concert at the castle, given by a choir composed of eighty voices, who sang a number of hymns and songs that were chiefly national in their character. The Prince and Princess of Wales will entertain at their residence in Sandringham a series of visits including the Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of Cambridge, the Duke and Duchess of Fife, the Minister of Education, the Marquis of Salisbury, and the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire.

CHRONIC HEADACHE.

The Change in My Mother's Condition Marvelous.

Scott's Sarsaparilla is a Boon.
Montreal, Aug. 29, 1895.

Gentlemen,—There is such a change in my mother's health that I cannot restrain myself from writing you. She has suffered for years from indigestion, her head aches, and she is accompanied with a disorder of the stomach. She was weak and irritable, and we thought she was going into a decline. For three weeks she has been taking a course of Scott's Emulsion, and she is much improved. I was told by Mr. McGale, Druggist, Montreal, her headache is now but a memory, her appetite is good, and she has gained five pounds in weight. I think I shall try a different way, and I feel that you, in God's hands, have been the means of restoring her to health. I shall always recommend Scott's Emulsion for feverish headache, indigestion, and trouble of the stomach.

Thanking you again, I close.

Yours sincerely,

Scott's Sarsaparilla is a concentrated extract, pleasant to the taste, and taken in small doses. It is the finest remedy for disorders of the stomach and liver, palpitation, scrofulous sores, eczema and skin diseases arising from impurities of the blood. It builds up the weak, the strong it maintains health. \$1 of all druggists.

Just spend his Four Quarters for a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters as all sensible people do; because it cures Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Sick Headache, Bad Blood, and all Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bowels and Blood from a common Pimp to the worst Scrofulous Sore.

NOTICE

We have a good line of Heating and Ceiling Stoves on hand; just what is required before baseburners. Also a full stock furniture cheap for cash.

G. PARISH, 357 Talbot Street

Now's The Time Boon Yma

MAKE known what
have for

Christmas

The "Advertiser is the person that will bring you the returns for your money. The people know. They are on the look-out for bargains and the advertiser is the salesman. It is the

PEOPLE'S POPULAR PAPER

DRESS GOODS NEWS

We don't buy until

We're certain that the

Style,
Material **AND**
Price Are Right.

We search until we find correct merchandise, then buy. Consumers should do likewise. Make the rounds if you please, buy where style, material and price are right—we're certain you'll buy here. We advertise what we have to advertise; never exaggerate about it. Describe it truthfully then stop.

Fancy All-Wool Plaids

We were fortunate in securing a large line of these desirable goods. The regular wholesale price for them was two shillings sterling, but we cleared the line at a price, and yours will be the profit as we have put them at the low price of 50c per yard.

Silk and Wool Checks

This line is in the Natta Princess Weave, the check being formed by the silk; they come in browns, blue and green; we are selling them at 50c per yard.

Bourette Cloth

This beautiful cloth is after the style of the Boucle Cloth, only the knotted effect is closer woven, and has the alpaca warp. We have it in a nice range of colors at 60c per yard.

Scotch Tweed

We have one particular line that has been greatly admired by every person that has seen them; there is a range of colors, and they are all wool. The regular dollar quality now going at 65c per yard.

Dress Novelties

One dress of a pattern, beautiful goods, all the latest ideas,
from 75c to \$1 38 per yard.

Staple Lines

A nice line of mottled tweeds at 15c, 22c, 25c and 35c yard.
All-Wool Scotch Tweeds at 35c, 40c and 50c.
Amazon Twills, a great line, 46 inches wide, in all colors,
at 25c per yard.

"Mysterious Disappearance."

Where are those beautiful Curtain Ends? Echo answers "Where!" They went like hot cakes, but we have just brought forward the duplicates of the 30c, 35c, 40c and 50c lines, and you can have your choice at 25c each.

Ladies' Skirts

A grand assortment from the heavy warm kind at 50c each, to the fine all-wool silk embroidered kind at \$2 50 each. They come in all prices, viz: 50c, 70c, 75c, \$1, \$1 15, \$1 25, \$1 50, \$1 75, \$2, \$2 50 each. Ask to see our skirts.

Make Our Store Your Meeting Place, Your Resting Place, Your Shopping Place.

CHAPMAN'S

126 and 128 Dundas Street. •



Catarrh in the Head

Is a dangerous disease because it is liable to result in loss of hearing or smell, or develop into consumption. Read the following:

"My wife has been a sufferer from catarrh for the past four years and the disease had gone so far that her eyesight was affected so that for nearly a year she was unable to read for more than five minutes at a time. She suffered severe pains in the head and at times was almost distracted. About Christmas, she commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and since that time has steadily improved. She has taken six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and is on the road to a complete cure. I cannot speak too highly of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and I cheerfully recommend it." W. H. FUSIER, Newmarket, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

is the Only True Blood Purifier

Prominently in the public eye today.

Hood's Pills cure habitual constipation. Price 25c. per box.

IN THE SPORTING WORLD.

A Pugilistic Foe in Toronto—London Hockey Club Paper Chase.

CRICKET. Dr. W. G. Grace has put the £5,000 of his shilling testimonial into an endowment insurance policy payable in fifteen years.

BASEBALL. The Windsor Collegiate Institute and Y. M. C. A. juniors played basket ball at the institute gymnasium Saturday. The college boys won by a score of 3 to 0.

ATHLETICS.

TOO FULL TO FIGHT. Toronto, Ont., Dec. 2.—The Maher-Griffin combination made their first appearance in Toronto Saturday night, and it can't be said that the sporting men of Toronto, who turned out about 2,000 strong, were much taken with the performance.

Maher and Griffin, the principals, came on the stage in a very incriminating condition, and their fight, which was originally intended to be of four rounds duration, was curtailed to two, and that was enough of it. Hall was so drunk that he could hardly stand.

To appease the crowd Griffin consented to put on the gloves for three rounds with the Irishman. It was more of a burlesque than anything else, Griffin continually exclaiming, "I can't reach him." Jack Crawford and Griffin sparred in the first part of the evening, and it was by far the best exhibition of the night. The Toronto man kept him guessing all through. The usual remarks were made by J. J. Quinn regarding Maher's willingness to fight any man in the world, irrespective of color.

MISCELLANEOUS. Unfavorable weather detracted from the attendance of the London Hockey Club paper chase on Saturday. A light snow was on the ground, rendering the work of the hounds very difficult. Frank Reid and Laing were the hares, and those who followed were Stuart English, Thos. Reid, Fred Hayes, H. Niven and F. Treleven. Col. McBeth was starter. Niven found the first bag, and Reid the second. Niven finished first, four minutes behind the hares. English was second, Hayes third and Reid last. Next Wednesday another chase will be held.

THROUGH THE ICE.

Three Children Went Under and Two of Them Were Drowned.

Ottawa, Dec. 2.—Two young children of "Mm. Crawford, farmer, were drowned at Beckett's Landing, Saturday. Three went through the ice and two, James and Maud Crawford, aged 6 and 8 years respectively, were lost.

PETROLEA PICKINGS.

Petroleum, Dec. 2.—John Huffman and daughter Nettie arrived home on Saturday from Manitoba.

Mr. Allan Green arrived in town from Manitoba on Saturday.

Mr. Norman Glenn is in town from British Columbia on a short visit to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Glenn.

Mr. W. Churchill has nearly finished the new addition he has been putting to his residence in the east end.

On Saturday afternoon, between 3 and 4 o'clock, Mrs. N. Edmond Roberts left a small sum of money on the kitchen table and went out for a few minutes, and when she returned the money was gone.

Guy Bros. Minstrels will play in Victoria Hall this evening.

Mr. John Kerr moved the drilling rig for a new well next the M. C. R. track on Saturday.

The Y. M. C. A. basket ball team was organized last week with the following officers: President, Y. H. Williamson; first vice-president, R. Barbour; secretary-treasurer, George Boyce; captain, James McHattie.

And see our display of new goods. XMAS CARDS, CALENDARS and BOOKLETS in greater variety than ever, and more beautiful. BOYS' and GIRLS' OWN and all the ANNUALS. Fine editions of books from 25c per volume up. Books in sets, etc., etc.

ANDERSON'S, 123 Dundas St. W.

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EPISCOPAL MISSION.

Rev. G. C. Grubb and Associates Commence Revival Services

In St. Paul's Cathedral—Fresh From Winnipeg, Their Work is Highly Spoken Of.

Rev. G. C. Grubb has returned to London after the flying visit he paid a few weeks ago. Yesterday morning he commenced the special mission services at St. Paul's, which will be continued for some time. Mr. Grubb and his associates, Mr. E. C. Millard, and Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Campbell, have just closed a series of evangelical meetings in Winnipeg. Speaking of Mr. Grubb, the Tribune, of that city, says editorially:

"Comparisons are odious, and Mr. Grubb, having a marked individuality, cannot be linked with this or that preacher. He is, however, one of the great English-speaking preachers of the present day."

Respecting the others of the party, the Tribune says they are specialists, if the term may be allowed, in their several fields, and that the classes conducted by them will not soon be forgotten.

Mr. Grubb preached at both services at the cathedral yesterday, and in the afternoon special services were conducted by Mr. Millard in Cronyn Hall, at which Sunday school children from the several Episcopal churches attended. The morning text was chosen from St. Matthew, xxi. 11 and 12: "And when the King came in to see the guests, he saw there a man which had not on a wedding garment, and he said unto him, Friend, how comest thou in hither, not having a wedding garment?" and he was speechless.

Mr. Grubb said that the day was Advent Sunday, and the lesson, being the marriage of the King's Son, pointed their thoughts to the second coming of Christ. In the course of an able sermon, he urged his hearers to put on the garment of light. "Put ye on the Lord Jesus Christ," Christ was the garment, and they must wear the garment God had provided for their natural and desperate nakedness, otherwise they would be exposed to the fire; cast into outer darkness, where there is weeping and gnashing of teeth. The services continue tonight.

THE SERVICES CONTINUE TONIGHT.

CURTIS WILTED

And Pleaded Guilty to a Second Charge of Theft.

He Has Just Been Released From the Central—Will Be Sentenced Ten Days Hence—Gambling in a Hotel.

Alfred Curtis, the Toronto printer arrested and convicted a week ago for stealing an overcoat and gloves from the Y. M. C. A. parlors, was arraigned before Police Magistrate Parke this morning for sentence. He put on a very bold front at first, but soon wilted.

Another charge was preferred against him—that of stealing a leather satchel from the City Hotel on Nov. 2, containing several brushes, combs, gloves, neckties and collars. The goods belonged to Frank Kent, a Toronto traveler, who was staying at the hotel at the time.

Curtis pleaded not guilty. Mr. McKillop asked for a remand for eight days, stating that he did not know whether or not Curtis intended to put the crown to the expense of bringing witnesses from Toronto. The goods had been identified by Mr. Kent.

"What do you say to that?" asked the magistrate. "I plead guilty," replied the prisoner. The P. M.—Now, don't plead guilty if you are not.

Curtis—But I am. Mr. McKillop pressed for a remand for a few days to allow of Curtis' past history being inquired into. It had been rumored that he had just been released from the Central Prison.

"Yes, I have just been released from the Central," said Curtis, "and I was almost compelled to commit five offenses. I could not get work, and what was I to do? I was sent to the Central for six months for stealing. I was out of work."

By this time Curtis had managed to shed tears in large quantities, and between sobs he asked for his dismissal. He was given no encouragement by the magistrate. "You can go to jail for eight days, and you need not think when you come up for sentence that you will get off," said the court.

Wm. Mahon, proprietor of the Western Hotel, was charged with selling liquor during prohibited hours, and also allowing gambling on his premises. Mr. Love appeared for Mahon, and pleaded guilty to the latter charge. "A gentleman went to the house," said the counsel, "and began playing pedro, but when an officer dropped in, the game had changed to something else."

The other charge was denied, and an adjournment was made until Thursday when the penalty in the other case will be imposed.

"Jack the Giant Killer." The child's story of "Jack the Giant Killer" furnishes a striking illustration of the efficacy of small agencies towards the suppression of great evils, when judiciously used. The daring exploits of brave little Jack remind us, in their results, of the wonderful achievements of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets in battling with the giant, Disease. Relatively, the proportion between the youthful hero, and old Blunderbore, is apparently not greater than that between the little "Pellets" and the relentless monster which preys upon the vitals. Yet, the "Pellets" comes off conqueror of contumacious, sick headache, biliousness and kindred ailments every time. If you are suffering from either acute or chronic disorder of the digestive organs, try this sure remedy.

A boy of 14, who from the age of 5 years has been brought up in the union workhouse in Morpeth, England, has in open competition gained a scholarship at the Royal Grammar School of King Edward VI. there.

PARMELEE'S PILLS possess the power of acting specifically upon the diseased organs, stimulating to action the dormant energies of the system, thereby removing disease. In fact, so great is the power of this medicine to cleanse and purify, that diseases of almost every name and nature are driven from the body. Mr. D. Carwell, of Carwell's Postoffice, Ont., writes: "I have used Parmelee's Pills, and find them an excellent medicine, and one that will sell well."

ANGOSTURA BITTERS is known as the great regulator of digestive organs all over the world. Have it in your house. Ask for the genuine article, manufactured by Dr. J. G. Seigert & Sons.

ACQUITTAL OF THE TWINS.

The Hyams twins, contrary to the expectation of many, were acquitted of the murder of Willie Wells by a Toronto jury on Saturday afternoon. Their best friends must admit that the evidence accumulated by the Crown looked dark enough for them, and this fact probably accounts for the tremendous fight for liberty which the defense made at the trial last May, when the jury disagreed, and again in the trial just ended. Though evidence presumptive of guilt was given, yet evidence pointing to a reasonable doubt was brought out by the defense, which spared no expense or effort to secure the acquittal of the twins. The jury therefore gave them the benefit of the doubt, as instructed by the presiding judge. Despite this fact, it was apparent that the accused young men suffered mental torture while waiting for trial and during trial, which to many observers indicated that they were not so positive of the final result as their counsel expressed themselves to be. Moreover, the prisoners were no sooner acquitted on the capital charge than they were arrested on other accusations connected with their alleged insurance swindles, for which they will have to stand trial. Thus the remarkable financial transactions of these young men may yet be exposed in a manner which, according to the ruling of the judge, it was impossible to secure at the trial for murder. We do not prejudice, but enough was brought out incidentally in the famous trials just closed to suggest that sensational developments will be forthcoming if the third trial goes on, as now seems certain.

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Congress Opens.

The Requirements of the Year Estimated at \$418,091,073.

Large Attendance of Members—President's Message Tuesday.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.—At high noon today the ivory gavel of Vice-President Stevenson and the hard wood mallet which will be wielded by Speaker Reed, but this time guided by the hand of the clerk of the House, were simultaneously banged upon the desks in the respective chambers and the Fifty-Fourth Congress was in session. The first business was the reading of officers. This having been arranged at Saturday night's caucus, was little more than a formality. Thos. B. Reed was elected Speaker and conducted to his post amid general applause. The member from Maine accepted the honor with a short speech of thanks.

Vice-President Stevenson called the Senate to order and saw before him an attendance greater than is usual on the first day of the session. The Senate chamber was redolent with the scent of flowers, great bunches of which adorned the desks of various Senators. The number of strange faces here was small in comparison with that of the lower body. Vice-President Stevenson greeted his colleagues with a happy speech of welcome, and after prayer by Chaplain Milburn the roll call was ordered. The reading of the President's message will consume tomorrow, and at its conclusion the House will probably adjourn until Thursday and on convening Thursday adjourn immediately until Monday. These adjournments will continue probably until the committee are named. This is the program, but the unexpected might occur if some aspiring members should introduce a sensational resolution and ask for its immediate consideration.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 2.—The Secretary of the Treasury today transmitted to Congress the estimates of appropriations required for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, with aggregate \$418,091,073. The appropriations for the present year amounted to \$412,753,264.

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ST. CECILIA CLUB

A Chorus of Young Ladies

Every lady interested in singing should belong. For particular application at Conservatory of Music, 274 Dundas street.

DON'T

Buy one dollar's worth of

GROCERIES

Until you go to

C. M. Newmans & Co.

And see what you can save.

Wholesale and Retail Cash Grocers,

202 DUNDAS ST.

Commerce and Finance.

New York Stock Exchange.

Reported by C. E. Turner, broker, Masonic Temple.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
U. S. Bond	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 4 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 4	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 3 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 3	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 2 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4

Toronto Stock Market.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
U. S. Bond	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 4 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 4	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 3 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 3	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 2 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4

Montreal Stock Market.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
U. S. Bond	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 4 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 4	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 3 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 3	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 2 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4
U. S. 1/2	104 1/2	104 3/4	104 1/2	104 3/4

COMMERCIAL

Local Market.

(Reported by A. M. Hamilton & Son.)

London, Monday, Dec. 2.

Wheat, per bu.	63c
Oats, per bu.	49c @ 50c
Peas, per bu.	49c @ 50c
Barley, per bu.	49c @ 50c
Rye, per bu.	49c @ 50c
Corn, per bu.	49c @ 50c
Buckwheat, per bu.	49c @ 50c

The receipts were light, as usual on Monday.

Quotations:

	GRAIN.	MEAT.	VEGETABLES.
Wheat, white, per 100 lbs.	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Wheat, red, per 100 lbs.	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Wheat, spring, per 100 lbs.	105 1/2	105 1/2	105 1/2
Oats, per 100 lbs.	72 1/2	72 1/2	72 1/2
Peas, per 100 lbs.	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Corn, per 100 lbs.	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Barley, per 100 lbs.	67 1/2	67 1/2	67 1/2
Rye, per 100 lbs.	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Beans, per 100 lbs.	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Buckwheat, per 100 lbs.	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Apples, per bag.	80 1/2	80 1/2	80 1/2
Tomatoes, per bu.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Carrots, per bu.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Pumpkins, per bu.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Onions, per bu.	20 1/2	20 1/2	20 1/2
Eggs, fresh, single doz.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Eggs, fresh, basket, per doz.	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Eggs, fresh, store, per doz.	15 1/2	15 1/2	15 1/2
Butter, single rolls, per lb.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Butter, per lb. 1 lb. rolls.	18 1/2	18 1/2	18 1/2
Chickens, per pair.	40 1/2	40 1/2	40 1/2
Turkeys, per lb. 6 to 7c; each.	43 1/2	43 1/2	43 1/2
Hay, per ton.	12 1/2	12 1/2	12 1/2
Straw, per load.	2 1/2	2 1/2	2 1/2
Clover seed, red, per bu.	0 1/2	0 1/2	0 1/2

Calfskins, dry, each.	25 1/2
Sheepskins, each.	10 1/2
Lambskins, each.	10 1/2
Wool, per lb.	29 1/2
Tallow, refined, per lb.	10 1/2
Tallow, rough, per lb.	10 1/2
Clover seed, Alaska, per bu.	0 1/2
Timothy seed, per bu.	0 1/2
Mill seed, per bu.	0 1/2

A. M. HAMILTON & SON

Flour, Breakfast Cereals, Feed, Salt, Land Plaster, Etc.

373 TALBOT STREET - PHONE 662

Toronto Grain Market.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—Wheat.—The offerings are fair and the market is lighter. Cars of red sold west at 5 1/2c freight at 65c; cars of red north and west freights are quoted at 65c and white at 67c. Manitoba wheat steady. 1 hard is quoted at 65c Midland and No. 1 northern at 64c asked Midland elevator; No. 1 hard is quoted at 73c and No. 1 northern at 72c, grinding in transit.

Flour—Quiet; cars of straight roller are quoted at \$3 10, Toronto freights. Manitoba flour is lower; cars of strong bakers were quoted here today at \$3 50 to \$3 70.

Mill-feed—Quiet; cars of shorts are quoted at \$13 and bran at \$11 west. Brail—In fair demand and steady; No. 1 is quoted at 45c, extra at 46c and No. 1 at 46c to 47c outside.

Oats—Quiet; cars of mixed sold on the Michigan Central at 22c to 22 1/2c. Extra quiet west at 23c and white at 24c.

Rye—Firm at 46c outside.

Oats—Quiet; cars of mixed sold on the Michigan Central at 22c to 22 1/2c. Extra quiet west at 23c and white at 24c.

Peas—Offered more freely; 5 cars sold north and west today at 50c.

Latest Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Que., Dec. 2.—2:30 p.m.

The holders of oats are all wanting to sell.

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Peas—Per 60 lbs. store, 60c to 61c. Extra—Milling, 33c to 35c; feed, 33c to 35c. Oats—No. 2 white 31c to 31 1/2c. Buckwheat—Per 48 lbs. 30c to 31c. Rye—Canadian short cut heavy, 31c 50. Hams—City cured, per lb. 9c to 10c. Lard—Compound, 8 1/2c to 9c; pure, 6 1/2c to 6 3/4c.

Butter—Spring made, 45c to 46c; winter, 45c to 46c. Eggs—Per 30, 17c to 18c; straight rollers, 17c to 18c.

CHEESE.—French, 5c to 6c; western, 9c to 9 1/2c. Butter—Best creamery, Sept., 17c to 18c; townships at 18c to 20c; western at 14c to 15c.

Monday's Oil Markets.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Dec. 2.—Oil opened and closed at \$1 30 today.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Dec. 2.—Oil opened \$1 37; 12:30 p.m., oil \$1 30.

English Markets.

(Deerborn's Report by Cable.)

Liverpool, Dec. 2.—12:45 p.m.

Wheat—Spot steady; demand moderate; futures firm; near positions 4d lower, and distant positions unchanged.

Corn—Spot firm; futures quiet but steady and unchanged.

Cattle—Demand poor; Cumberland and cut, 28 to 30 lbs. 30s.

Short ribs—28 lbs. 31s; long clear light, 28 to 45 lbs. 32s; No. 2, 27s; No. 3, 26s; short clear backs, light, 18 lbs. 27s 6d; short clear middles, heavy, 55 lbs. 27s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs. 33s.

Shoulders—Square, 12 to 18 lbs. 33s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs. 41s.

Pork—Extra India mess, 78s 9d; prime mess, 75s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess, fine western, 53s 3d; do medium, 48s 6d.

Lard—Dull; prime western, 27s 6d; refined in casks, 23s 6d.

Cheese—Quiet, demand poor; finest American white, 44s; finest American colored, 43s.

Butter—Finest United States, 95s; good 90s, Turpin's spirits—26s 3d.

Rice—Common, 4s 6d.

Cigars—Good oil—Liverpool refined, 17s 3d.

Lined oil—20s 6d.

Petroleum—Refined, 8d.

Benzene—Good—Four quarter, 3d; hind quarter, 5d.

Bleaching powder—Hardwood, f. o. b., Liverpool, 47s.

Hops—At London (Pacific coast), 42 1/2s.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 2.—1:15 p.m.

Wheat—Spot steady; demand moderate; No. 2 red winter, 3s 2d; No. 2 red spring, stocks exhausted; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 3s 1d; No. 1 California, 3s 3d; futures opened firm, near positions 1d higher and distant positions unchanged; closed firm, with near positions 1d to 1 1/2d higher and distant positions 1/2d higher; business abundantly distributed.

Dec. 2d, Jan., 3s 3d; Feb., 3s 4d; March, 3s 5d; April, 3s 6d; May, 3s 6d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, new, 3s 3d; futures opened quiet but steady and unchanged; closed firm, with Dec. 1d higher and other months higher; business about equal; distributed; Dec. 3s 3d; Jan., 3s 3d; Feb., 3s 3d; March, 3s 3d; April, 3s 3d; May, 3s 3d.

Rye—Steady; demand moderate; St. Louis fair winter.

Peas—Canadian, 4s 11d.

Cargoes off coast—Wheat steady; corn quiet but steady.

Cargoes on passage—Wheat firm but not active; corn dull.

Country markets—English, easy; French, dull.

American Produce Markets.

CHICAGO, Dec. 2.—Wheat was steady today, with a comparatively small business transacted. Corn—the market was lifeless. Oats—Dull and weak.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—No. 2 Nov., 56c; Dec., 56c; May, 56c.

Corn—No. 2 Nov., 26c; Dec., 26c to 26 1/2c; Jan., 26c; May, 26c.

Oats—No. 2 Nov., 17c; Dec., 17c; May, 17c.

Mess pork—Dec., \$7 75; Jan., \$8 75; May, \$9 15.

Short ribs—Dec., \$4 27 1/2; Jan., \$4 42 1/2; May, \$4 65.

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady; No. 2 spring wheat, 55c to 57c; No. 2 red wheat, 56c to 58c; No. 2 corn, 26c to 28c; No. 2 oats, 16c to 17c; No. 2 barley, 36c to 40c; mess pork, \$7 75 to \$8 75; lard, \$5 75; short ribs sides, \$4 40 to \$4 45; dry salted hams, \$4 50 to \$4 55; 75c clear sides, \$4 62 1/2 to \$4 75.

Receipts—17,000 Wheat, 29,000 Corn, 164,000 Oats, 7,000 Barley, 70,000 Shipments—20,000 Wheat, 110,000 Corn, 88,000 Oats, 187,000 Rye, 1,000 Barley, 19,000.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Noon.—Flour—Receipts, 29,000 barrels; sales, 3,000 packages; State and western, quiet.

Wheat—Receipts, 776,700 bu; sales, 1,755,000; opened fairly active and higher on political talk; advanced, but lost the rise later on light trade; Jan., 66c; March, 68c; May, 67 1/2c to 68c; Dec., 65c to 66c.

Corn—Receipts, 51,700 bu; sales, 10,000 bu; Dec., 34c.

Oats—Receipts, 71,700 bu; sales, 10,000 bu; active; May, 25c.

Beef—Dull family, \$11 50.

Pork—Dull; prime western, \$5 50 to \$6 00.

Lard—Weak; prime western steam, \$5 60.

Butter—Receipts, 5,163 packages; steady; State dairy, 12c to 21c; western dairy, 11c to 12c; State creamery, 11c to 22c; western creamery, 15c to 24c; Eggs, 21c.

Cheese—Receipts, 4,833 packages; quiet; State large, 7c to 10c; small, 7c to 10c; part skims, 3c to 6c; full skims, 2c to 3c.

Eggs—Receipts, 4,97 packages; steady; State and Pennsylvania, 22c to 23c; western, 21c to 23c.

Sugar—Raw quiet; fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 3c; refined quiet; crushed, 5c; powdered, 4c; granulated, 4c.

Coffee—Dull; No. 7, 14c.

Hops—Quiet.

Lead—Quiet; bullion, \$3 30; exchange price, \$3 25 to \$3 27 1/2.

BUFFALO.

Buffalo, Dec. 2.—Spring wheat—No. 1 hard, 61c to 62c; No. 1 Northern, 61c. Winter wheat—Firm; No. 2 yellow, 33c; No. 3 yellow, 31c; No. 2 corn, 33c; No. 3 corn, 32c.

Oats—Steady; No. 2 white, 23c; No. 3 white, 22c; No. 2 mixed, 21c.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, Dec. 2.—Wheat—Cash, 64c; May, 64c to 65c.

Waterbury, N. Y., Nov. 30.—At the cheese board today 230 large sold at 9c; 50 small at 10c.	
CANTON.	
Canton, N. Y., Nov. 30.—Cheese closed out at 9c to 9 1/2c.	
No butter sold; offered 21c; board closed for the season.	

Chicago Exchange.

Reported by C. E. Turner, broker, Masonic Temple.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Dec.	60 1/2	61 1/4	60 1/2	61 1/4
May	60 1/2	61 1/4	60 1/2	61 1/4
Corn—Dec.	26 1/2	26 3/4	26 1/2	26 3/4
May	26 1/2	26 3/4	26 1/2	26 3/4
Oats—Dec.	17 1/2	17 3/4	17 1/2	17 3/4
May	17 1/2	17 3/4	17 1/2	17 3/4
Pork—Jan.	28 1/2	28 3/4	28 1/2	28 3/4
May	28 1/2	28 3/4	28 1/2	28 3/4
Lard—Jan.	5 3/4	5 7/8	5 3/4	5 7/8
May	5 3/4	5 7/8	5 3/4	5 7/8
Ribs—Jan.	4 3/4	4 7/8	4 3/4	4 7/8
May	4 3/4	4 7/8	4 3/4	4 7/8
Putts, 61c; calls, 62c.				

STRONG'S Baking Powder

Maintains its high reputation for absolute purity. Sold at

STRONG'S DRUG STORE

184 Dundas Street, London.

25 Cents Per Pound.

Pantries incomplete unless they contain our unsurpassed FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

PASTA, BANANA, PINEAPPLE, PEACH, RASPBERRY, VANILLA, ORANGE, LEMON, STRAWBERRY, RATAFIA, ETC.

Marriage Licenses issued at above address.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

—Mr. W. H. Law, of the Peterboro Bridge Company, was in the city Saturday on business relating to the Hudson street bridge.

—Miss Ethel Nichols, South London, has returned home, leaving her mother, Mrs. James Kelly, Lambeth.

—Mr. G. R. Guy, of Guy Bros. Minstrels, was in town today, visiting his wife and children. The eldest daughter, a girl about 10 years old, is ill at the moment.

—On Friday night or Saturday morning some miscreant forced open the missionary boxes at the Askin Street Methodist Church and stole the unknown amount contained therein.

—G. T. R. Detective Logan yesterday arrested a man named McDonald on the streets. He is wanted in Port Huron on a charge of mortgaging some silverware, and then bringing the goods to Canada. He arrived here yesterday, bringing the articles in question with him. A shantyman named Port Huron and McDonald went back with him. The goods are worth \$50.

—A very happy event took place at the residence of Mr. J. Postle, 35 Perry street, Detroit, Mich., on Wednesday evening, it being the marriage of his daughter, Sadie, to W. C. Brown, London. Rev. Dr. Homer H. Brown, officiating.

—Extra India mess, 78s 9d; prime mess, 75s 6d.

Pork—Prime mess, fine western, 53s 3d; do medium, 48s 6d.

Lard—Dull; prime western, 27s 6d; refined in casks, 23s 6d.

Cheese—Quiet, demand poor; finest American white, 44s; finest American colored, 43s.

Butter—Finest United States, 95s; good 90s, Turpin's spirits—26s 3d.

Rice—Common, 4s 6d.

Cigars—Good oil—Liverpool refined, 17s 3d.

Lined oil—20s 6d.

Petroleum—Refined, 8d.

Benzene—Good—Four quarter, 3d; hind quarter, 5d.

Bleaching powder—Hardwood, f. o. b., Liverpool, 47s.

Hops—At London (Pacific coast), 4

Denton & Deeks

MERCHANT TAILORS and IMPORTERS OF WOOLENS

Fall importations of stylish goods for this season are complete. Every pains will be taken to please those who favor them with their orders, which will be made up in the most fashionable style, with the best quality of trimmings and workmanship.

381 Richmond St., London.

A King's Gentleman.

CHAPTER XIII.

The day went busily on. About noon Amariah, having taken a series of artistic paths in various directions, swept the snow from the wood-pile and chip-yard, drawn fresh water, and made the circuit of the house to see that all looked as it should. He went into the kitchen to wash his hands, and have a word with Molly, who received him less cordially than usual, fearing that some sound from the bedroom might betray the presence of her charge, whose increasing fever rendered him restless and talkative. Fortunately, Amariah, being subject to ear-ache in cold weather, had tied a red knitted comforter over the top of his head and under his chin, and while this garment no doubt added to his personal beauty, it seriously impeded his powers of hearing and his quickness of movement.

"Say, Molly," began he, after a brief account of the condition of matters under his charge at the barn and elsewhere, "have you heard anything about those Frenchers that are lurking round Falmouth?"

"Reuben Hetherford said something about it," replied Molly, carelessly. "Has he found them yet?"

"No, but I shouldn't wonder if he did, for he's looking everywhere. He came over to our barn this morning, and hunted the mows as if he was looking for a stolen nest."

"He did? I wonder at his impudence, then! If he comes again I wish you would tell him that while my father is away I am in charge of his property, and that I don't allow any intrusions. Mind, now, Amariah, I mean it; and I won't have Reuben Hetherford or anyone else peeping and prying round the place."

"Sho, Molly, what's got into you to flare up that way about a trifle? I expect that's all along of getting mad with Reuben yesterday. Well, well, there's three things a wise man can't understand, and one of 'em is, the way of a man with a maid; but so far as I see, the way of a maid with a man is counter-trary yet. But say, Molly, I shouldn't so much wonder if one of them 'ere fellows was somewhere round there part after all. I wouldn't say it to scare ye, but I do wish that you'd go over to Hetherford's for the night. I'd feel a heap safer about ye."

"What makes you think anybody is about here?" asked Molly, turning pale and sitting down suddenly.

"There, now, you're scared; and that was just what I didn't mean to do. Taint nothing, child, but—"

"Yes, it is, Amariah, and I want to know what. I am not at all frightened, but it is right that while father is away I should be told everything that happens about the place. Tell me, please."

There was an air of quiet authority in her voice that penetrated through the dull brain, and he looked in some surprise at the handsome woman standing tall and straight before him, realizing, perhaps for the first time, how far she was removed from the little child whom he had coaxed or frightened, or spoiled, or laughed at, a few years before. For a moment or two he said nothing; but when he did speak it was in an altered voice:

"Well, the fact is, Mistress Mary, that I saw footprints round the well this morning that must have been made after the snow fell last night. Now, I don't suppose you went out there, and there was nobody else in the house, you say?"

"The wind blowing all night would have fanned them up if they had been made before morning. Probably someone going by stopped to drink, or else—"

"They was made last night, and the water being split round the places froze right up, and when I swept off the light snow this morning, there they was. They was made in the first part of the storm last night."

"Well, is that all?"

"The question was abrupt and impatient. We who know all, can understand that the girl's nerves were sharpened and alert to discover the extent of her danger as speedily as possible; but Amariah thought her peremptory and ill-natured, and answered dryly:

"No, it ain't all. When I looked round the barn after daylight, I saw plain enough that someone had been there since I left yesterday morning."

"Of course there has," Reuben Hetherford put up his horse last night."

"I know he did. But it ain't very likely Reuben Hetherford raked down a lot of hay off the mow, and made a sort of bed in one of the empty stalls, and when he'd done with it kicked it under the oxen's feet and left it there. Now, who but a Frencher would suppose I bedded down my cattle with good English hay? Tell me that, will you?"

"Very likely father did it in his hurry if going away, or perhaps Reuben threw it down, and the oxen got it under their feet, or—"

"Well, then, Mary, quite contrary," exclaimed he, the old man in a passion, "what will you say to the knife I found in that stall? A thing such as murderers and house-breakers and Frenchers carry in their pockets to kill innocent folk in their beds! A knife with crinkle-cranks all over the blade, and a handle all fixed off with gold, and topped with a cross—a regular Papist cross—such as drove us

all out of Merry England to this savage country, where you can't so much as get a crop of barley out of the sand and rocks they call land."

"Did you really find such a knife, Amariah?" asked Molly in a low voice.

"Yes, I did, child, and though I wouldn't have scared you by telling of it if you hadn't been so provoking with your perphases and perphases, I'm kind of glad the cat's out of the bag, after all; for now I reckon you'll have some sense and go over that knife. Show it to me."

"I hain't got it; you'll have to take my word for it, and I haven't generally been called a liar."

"Where haven't got it! Where is it, then?"

"Reuben Hetherford can tell if you're o' mind to ask him about it."

"Oh, Amariah! have you given it to him?"

"Why, yes. What's got into you, child? I don't know you for the same since your folks went away."

"But what for? Tell me all about it, do, good Amariah. Tell me the whole story."

"Well, if you won't be so scared, and look so white. Lor', child, you ain't so grown-up now as you was a while ago. There, set down in your little chair, and I'll tell you though, come to think of it, there ain't such a sight more to tell. I found the thing, a dagger, they call it, I believe, in the stall where they had laid down for the night, and when they went away one of 'em dropped it, I expect. So when I went over to breakfast, I carried it along, and showed it to Reub; and he was dreadfully worked up about it, thinking he'd catch the fellow right off and get the bounty—\$20, you know. And so he asked me to let him take it, and I did; and as soon as breakfast was over he came over and searched our barn, and then he rode off post-haste, and says he'll track the fellow twenty miles but what he'll find him."

The story finished, Amariah began slowly to button himself into his great frieze coat, and to draw on the monstrous mittens which had been sedulously toasted during his stay upon the spears of the great iron andirons. Mary sat in her little chair mute and white, her hands tightly locked upon her knees, her eyes steadfastly regarding the fish round face of the old man. She was considering how far it was best to trust him, and whether he might prove a valuable ally. She knew his fondness for herself and his honesty and sincerity of heart; but she also knew how incompetent his simple nature was to cope with the cunning and determination of Reuben Hetherford's, and she determined not to trust him, for the present at least.

So Amariah, much to his discontent, found himself allowed to depart with no token of relenting upon the part of his young mistress in the Hetherford direction; and Molly shot her bolt behind him and flew back to the bedside of her patient with the feelings of mingled relief and terror of a mother-bird who sees the predatory urchin pass by her nest, and knows not when he may return and rifle it.

Francois looked up at her with haggard eyes.

"He is burned in a fire; he is too tight," murmured he plaintively. Mary read his meaning by intuition.

"Your poor arm is too tightly bandaged," exclaimed she. "That is soon set to rights. Oh, Francois! I will do a great deal before I let them take you."

He did not understand the words, but he did the tone, and gratefully murmured in his own language:

"It is an angel sent by the good God to care for me. Not a woman—women are false and cruel—women are Valere."

She heard the name; she could not know in what connection it was spoken, and a sharp pain ran through her heart and blanched her lips.

"Never mind," murmured she. "I will nurse you and care for you, and defend you with my own life, if need be; and when all is done you shall go and be happy with your Valere."

(To be Continued.)

"The Common People."

As Abraham Lincoln called them, do not care to argue about their ailments. What they want is a medicine that will cure them. The simple honest statement, "I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me," is the best argument in favor of this medicine, and this is what many thousands voluntarily say.

Hood's Pills are the best after dinner pills, assst digestion, cure headache. 25c.

DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION is occasioned by the want of action in the biliary ducts, loss of vitality in the stomach to secrete the gastric juices, without which digestion cannot go on; also, being the principal cause of headache. Parmenter's Vegetable Pills taken before going to bed, and effect a cure. Mr. F. W. Ashdown, Ashdown, Ont., writes "Parmenter's Pills are taking the lead against ten other makes which I have in stock."

It is already rumored with persistency in England that Lord Wolsey will be the commander-in-chief of the army but a short time, and will then step down to make room for his Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught.

Worms cause feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Expeller is a pleasant, sure and effectual. If your druggist has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

The art of happiness is the art of limiting one's wants.

Free and easy expectoration immediately relieves and frees the throat and lungs from viscid phlegm, and a medicine that promotes this is the best medicine to use for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. This is precisely what Bickel's Anti-Croup Syrup is, and it is a specific for, and wherever used it has given unbounded satisfaction. Children like it because it is pleasant, adults like it because it relieves and cures the disease.

Three wild buffaloes are said to have been discovered by Indians in the country between the Judith River and Armell's Creek, in Montana.

All Recommend it.

Ask your physician, your druggist and your friends about Shiloh's Cure for Gonorrhea. They will all recommend it. For sale by W. T. Strong.

Fifty-dollar Parlor Suites reduced to \$35. These are the best value ever offered in London. Come and see them. KEENE BROS., 127 King Street, opposite Market House.

LONDON CHEESE MARKET.

A Lively Discussion on Its Method of Doing Business.

Mr. Geary Disgusted at the Result—Summary of the Season's Sales.

London, Saturday, Nov. 30.—The session of the London Cheese Board today was like the large majority held during the season—very flat. No business whatever was transacted, and when the market was closed there was a general discussion on the turn affairs had taken. For several weeks past buyers and sellers have come and gone without making many deals, and this fact caused expressions of disgust from several quarters. During the entire season the prices offered have been below those of a year ago, alleged by some to be due to an overstocking of the old country markets with 1894 cheese. The low prices have been the cause of the holders refusing to sell on the board, and the small number of sales resulted in some of the factorymen questioning whether or not it would be advisable to revert to the old system in vogue several years ago, under which buyers and sellers could come to the city on market days and arrange sales on or off the board. Under the present system no sales can be effected on Saturday excepting on the market, where the board is held, and this puts the cheese up on three different occasions and knocks it down to the highest bidder, if the salesmen is satisfied with the price. And during the season Mr. Nelles, secretary of the board, put the statement was presented at the board today by the president, Mr. John S. Pearce, showing that 71 factories had boarded their cheese on the 29 markets held prior to Nov. 23. One hundred and thirty-six sales were effected, or an average of two to each factory. Eleven factories had boarded and effected no sales, three had sold five times, seven had sold four times, eleven had sold three times, twenty had sold two times, and twenty only one sale. From this, however, it cannot be inferred that the factorymen have heavy stocks on hand, as the buyers during the week had been at the factory, and had dealt with the makers. The factories boarded as follows:

Factories	Times boarded
One factory	24
Two factories	20
Three factories	19
Four factories	17
Five factories	17
Six factories	17
Seven factories	17
Eight factories	17
Nine factories	17
Ten factories	17
Eleven factories	17
Twelve factories	17
Thirteen factories	17
Fourteen factories	17
Fifteen factories	17
Sixteen factories	17
Seventeen factories	17
Eighteen factories	17
Nineteen factories	17
Twenty factories	17

The factories boarded today were:

Westminster	675
Belmont	390
Thamesford	375
Cherry Hill	375
North Street	170
Rogersville	125
White Oak	115
Union Hill	115
Thames	250
Cherry Hill	250
Cherry Hill	220

Bids ranged from 8 1/2 to 8 5/8.

Mr. John Geary, one of the best-known dairymen connected with the board, made the point in which the business had been carried on. He expressed great disgust with the result of the season, and said it was a question whether or not it would be advisable to return to the old system.

If the market could not hold together a little better, he would favor such a step. It was disgusting to see buyers and sellers go off to different corners of the room and violate the rules of the board by making deals. The business done was trivial to what it should be, and Mr. Geary considered it useless for Secretary Nelles to get up Saturday after Saturday and hammer away for nothing.

"I suppose you do not refer to the salesmen who have conscientiously made sales during the week?" asked one of the factorymen.

"Not at all," replied Mr. Geary. "I refer to the man who has come when something will have to be done," said President Pearce. "The market has to my mind got to be simply a farce. With these figures before you it seems absurd that Mr. Nelles should have to get up and make the offering with such a poor result. We do not come here to look at one another. We do not want to go back to the old-fashioned way of doing business around the corners of the hall or on the streets, but it will have to come to that unless something is done."

Mr. Geary said that if there had been a good representation of salesmen present, he would have moved a certain sum at the beginning of the season, and that any one found violating the rules of the board should forfeit the same. "There is no way of effecting a remedy except by touching the pockets of all offending buyers and sellers," continued Mr. Geary. "I do not wish to blame one side more than the other, but I think one side is more in fault."

Mr. Geary said that he had heard you make the confession. (Laughter.)

Mr. Geary—If there was a larger meeting I might speak more plainly on the subject.

The opinions of the salesmen on the matter were asked, but few were given. Mr. Gilmour found that they (the salesmen) had been unable to get higher prices off than on the board.

Buyer Ballantyne said the market had been discovered by the fact that salesmen were not inclined to sell or buyers to bid.

Mr. Geary—And if we think we are going to get the best price for our cheese, we must go to the market. The business of the market is gone. (To the Secretary) What are the rules of the Peterboro board?

Mr. Nelles—They sell on the market alone, I believe.

Buyer Leitch—And how does the rule work?

Mr. Nelles—I understand it is very satisfactory.

Mr. D. McMillan, a maker at Cherry Hill, expressed the opinion that the cheese board this season had been a failure, and in his judgment it would be better to sell on the board alone. Less trouble would thereby be given both sellers and buyers, and better results realized. "I think," said Mr. McMillan, "that if the sellers reckoned on the cheese they had sold on the board and what they had sold away from it, they would find they would have been just as well off had they sold all on the board. Buyers would be saved the trouble of button-holing the factorymen during the other days of the week if all the cheese was sold on the Saturday market."

Robertson—I do not think, however, that it could be made compulsory

to sell on Saturdays alone. If the salesmen would come and sell whether their neighbors did or not, the market would be a success.

The matter then dropped, but it is likely if there is a large representation at next Saturday's meeting, Mr. Geary will offer his resolution.

THE CANADIANS WON

In the Sheep-Shearing Contest in New York—Gibson, of Delaware, Does Fine Work.

New York, Dec. 2.—The novel feature of the cattle show on Saturday was the sheep-shearing contest. The contest was won by H. Gibson, Delaware, Ont., Dan Taylor, Milbrook, N. Y.; F. W. Barret, Wadsworth, N. Y.; A. Danks, Allamuchy, N. J.; Roy R. Goble, Freden, N. J.; F. J. Metcalfe, Elgin, N. Y.; and H. Gibson, Delaware, Ont. The ring was cleared, and at a signal the men in overalls and jumpers set to work with their big spring shears, each having a sheep in his arms on a platform laid for him on the far side. Some of the animals gave the shearer a lot of trouble, squirming and struggling to get free, while others, evidently used to the process, lay as still and limp as a tick dog, letting the workmen strip them of their wool without making a move.

Dan Taylor was lucky enough to draw one of these sleepers, which was a big advantage to him. Beginning at his head he stripped the sheep of his wool with the dexterity and rapidity of a butcher taking the hide from a beef. The animal was big, round, fluffy, and a dirty gray in color when Taylor began his task. But as the wool rolled backward under the sheers his color changed to a creamy white, and when finally released at the end of twenty minutes he was as thin as a North River shad. Hammer finished five minutes later, after spending a good deal of time in suppressing the antics of his sheep, and Gibson, of Delaware, Ont., who won third prize, for doing the best work of all, was 37 minutes finishing his task.

At the second round of the contest Hammer won first prize, shearing his sheep neatly in 18 minutes. Taylor and Gibson both finished a second round, the former turning his sheep loose at the end of 17 minutes, but work and time were both considered by the judges, and the Canadian's work was found to be the best. Taylor won second, and Gibson got third prize. The same men tried conclusions again in the evening, when the Canadians came out. Gibson won first prize, shearing his sheep in 15 minutes; Taylor was second, and Taylor cleared the fleece from his sheep in 11 1/2 minutes, but was set back to fourth place by the judges for lack of neatness in his work.

GIRLS ROASTED BY PARENTS.

Report of Torture in a Town in Mexico. Mexico City, Dec. 2.—Brutal parents in the town of Naoalco, it is reported, recently suspended two girls by their arms, then built a fire under them and roasted them to death. No particulars have been received.

A phenomenon in the recent severe drought in Maine, which caused wells, never before known to fail, to dry up completely, was that a reputed "bottomless" pond at Fort Fairfield, Me., 18 inches higher at the severest period of the drought than it had ever before been known to be.

While hunting a few days ago Oat Darby, of Adams, Ind., lost his sight of his left eye by a peculiar accident. He fired at a rabbit, and one of the shot struck some hard substance, rebounded, and struck him in the eye, instantly destroying his sight.

Mr. Geary said that he had heard you make the confession. (Laughter.)

Mr. Geary—If there was a larger meeting I might speak more plainly on the subject.

The opinions of the salesmen on the matter were asked, but few were given. Mr. Gilmour found that they (the salesmen) had been unable to get higher prices off than on the board.

Buyer Ballantyne said the market had been discovered by the fact that salesmen were not inclined to sell or buyers to bid.

Mr. Geary—And if we think we are going to get the best price for our cheese, we must go to the market. The business of the market is gone. (To the Secretary) What are the rules of the Peterboro board?

Mr. Nelles—They sell on the market alone, I believe.

Buyer Leitch—And how does the rule work?

Mr. Nelles—I understand it is very satisfactory.

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Dr. J. F. Kitchener, Conway, Ark.

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