

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 18, 1899.

Vol. XXVIII, No. 4

Calendar for January, 1899

MOON'S CHANGES.
Third Quarter, 4th, 11h. 3m. p. m.
New Moon, 11h. 5h. 37.2m. p. m.
First Quarter, 18h. 0h. 23.6m. p. m.
Full Moon, 26h. 3h. 22.7m. p. m.

Day of Week	Sun	Moon	High Water
1 Sunday	7 49	21 10 24	3 17
2 Monday	49	22 11 28	4 06
3 Tuesday	48	23 12 00	4 55
4 Wednesday	48	24 0 34	5 44
5 Thursday	48	26 1 43	6 33
6 Friday	48	27 2 36	7 22
7 Saturday	47	28 3 19	8 10
8 Sunday	47	30 4 0	8 59
9 Monday	47	31 4 41	9 47
10 Tuesday	46	33 5 12	10 36
11 Wednesday	46	34 5 43	11 25
12 Thursday	45	35 6 14	12 14
13 Friday	44	37 6 45	1 3 02
14 Saturday	43	39 7 16	2 11 50
15 Sunday	42	41 7 47	3 0 38
16 Monday	41	42 8 18	3 49 26
17 Tuesday	40	44 8 49	4 38 14
18 Wednesday	40	45 9 20	5 27 02
19 Thursday	40	46 9 51	6 15 50
20 Friday	39	48 10 22	7 04 38
21 Saturday	38	49 10 53	7 53 26
22 Sunday	37	51 11 24	8 42 14
23 Monday	36	52 11 55	9 31 02
24 Tuesday	35	54 12 26	10 19 50
25 Wednesday	34	55 12 57	11 08 38
26 Thursday	33	57 1 28	11 57 26
27 Friday	32	58 1 59	12 46 14
28 Saturday	31	59 2 30	1 35 02
29 Sunday	30	59 3 01	2 23 50
30 Monday	29	59 3 32	3 12 38
31 Tuesday	28	59 4 03	4 01 26

Watches! BARGAIN CORNER.

Our sales this year have been larger than last, although there has been more competition. A good many who have purchased trashy watches are waking up sorry, and the reaction will have the effect of creating a better demand for reliable goods.

We have no fault to find with honest competition so long as right goods are sold but do think the sale of dishonest goods ought to be prohibited.

SEE OUR NEW
WALTHAM WATCHES

Up to date in quality and at fair prices. Gold filled cases warranted from 15 to 25 years. Silver cases lower than ever.

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We believe in doing good work and charging reasonably, if any want a cheap job they must go elsewhere, the people know in all trades cut prices and good work do not always go together.

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CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND
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Collecting, conveying, and all kinds of legal business promptly attended to. Investments made on best security. Money to loan.

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OLD

RELIABLE

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STORE
when you want a pair of Shoes.
Our Prices are the lowest in town.

A. E. McEACHEN,
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The Sun Fire office of London,
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JOHN McBRACHEN,
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Thousands of Bargains in Clothing at the Bargain Corner. This is the only place for you to trade. Just think of it—Pants for \$1.00 per pair, extra heavy Pants for \$1.70, not the price of the cloth; better Pants for \$2.00. Nothing equal in this city for \$2.50. Just see this line. You have got to buy them at our price.

Winter Suits for \$5.00 and \$8.00, knocks anything out at \$2.00 more in any other store. All-wool Ulster for \$4.75; you want one now. Shore's Ulster at \$6.25, can't be bought in this or any other city of Canada less than \$6.75. Buy from us the price cutters of the Dominion. A nice assortment of Boys' Clothing from \$1.00 per suit up. All who want Clothing call and see our stock. You can buy from us 25 per cent. cheaper than others. Then why not save your money. What you save on a Suit would buy your child a dress. Trade at

THE BARGAIN CORNER.

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New Cloth

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We have opened a fine line of Nobby Cloths in

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FOR THE

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PROPORTIONATELY.

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We are now ready and willing to place any number of Hotels, Stores and Private Dwellings in a correct sanitary, and consequently healthy condition, and this at short notice.

We will furnish all who desire it with Baths, Closets and Lavatories of the latest and most approved patterns at prices consistent with first-class quality of goods and workmanship.

The latest and most beautiful New York designs in Electroliers. A large stock of Soil Pipe, and all Plumbers', Steamfitters' and Masonic Supplies now on hand.

Call on us at Masonic Temple Building. You will receive courteous treatment whether we sell you or not.

T. A. McLEAN,

Manufacturers' Agent.

Items of Interest to Catholic Readers in the Magazine.

(From the Sacred Heart Review)

A French View of Us.

The promised paper upon American Catholicism from the pen of the distinguished French critic, M. Brunetiere, appears in the pages of the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, of which M. Brunetiere is the editor-in-chief. The development of the Catholic Church in this country is the theme which is chiefly considered in this article, which is apparently but the prelude of others to follow, and in the estimation of Editor Brunetiere, that development presents phenomenal and paradoxical features which are fraught with special significance. "How is it," queries he, "that the followers of this (the Catholic) communion, who a century ago numbered not more than one-hundredth of the population, some thirty or forty thousand out of three millions of inhabitants, should now count one-seventh of the population, nine or ten millions out of a figure that has not yet reached sixty-five millions? And how is it among all the sects which divide this people, that it has become the most numerous and the richest as well?" M. Brunetiere should know better, it may be here remarked, than to characterize the Catholic Church as a sect, which he appears to do when he alludes to it as the one "among all the sects" which has attained the greatest numbers and wealth. Continuing his inquiries, he asks how it has come to pass that in this country, where in 1789 there was but one episcopal see, there are now eighty-eight; eight thousand priests where there were then but thirty, and six thousand churches where ten then constituted the entire number of Catholic places of worship. The city of New York, originally founded, according to him, by Protestant merchants, has become the just pride of the United States (M. Brunetiere here perpetrates another bad blunder by calling this country an Anglo-Saxon power), and is at the present time, so he says, the third largest Catholic community in the world, Paris and Vienna alone surpassing it in this respect. While the liberty which the Church has enjoyed here has, in M. Brunetiere's opinion, contributed considerably to this wonderful progress of American Catholicism, it has not been the real active agent of our Catholic development.

THE CHURCH AND RELIGIOUS LIBERTY.

Among other general causes which have promoted the growth of the Church in this country, our French observer is inclined to include the fact that the introduction of Catholicism into the United States marked the dawn of religious toleration and liberty here. This fact, he says, is well known to the American people, whose historians speak with gratitude and national pride of the first Lord Baltimore and his sons, the founder of Catholic Maryland, the first settlement within our national boundaries wherein the principles of religious liberty and toleration were recognized. On this subject M. Brunetiere quotes a declaration and prediction of De Toqueville which, he adds, have both been verified by the Catholic development of our beloved land. The declaration is this, "that the men of our day are not naturally disposed to believe, but as soon as they have a religion they find within themselves a hidden instinct which impels them, they do not know why, towards Catholicism." The prediction asserts that "if Catholicism succeeds in rising above the political hatred to which it has given rise, it does not doubt that the spirit of the age, which has seemed so antagonistic to it, will become, on the contrary, exceedingly favorable, and that it will make suddenly great conquests." This declaration and prediction were, of course, spoken by their author for France, and they are not by any means wholly applicable to this country. It is hardly true to say of Americans (non-Catholic) of sixty years ago—the time De Toqueville uttered the words quoted above—that they were not naturally disposed to believe; and American Catholicism at that time was scarcely strong enough to have given rise to any political hatreds on the part of its enemies. That the admirable manner in which the Church here has always borne itself when assailed by its enemies has been the means of winning it many converts—as M. Brunetiere seems to imply—can not well be questioned, however. Towards the close of his paper the editor of the *Revue des Deux Mondes* alludes to the great obligations which the Catholic Church in this country owes to France, which sent the American Catholics many of their pioneer priests and missionaries, and gave

us, in 1791, the good Sulpician Fathers who founded our first seminary, the alma mater of thirty American bishops.

MORE TROUBLE FOR DOCTOR TEMPLE.

The Anglican primat, Doctor Temple of Canterbury, must devotedly wish that he had never been asked to define the position of his church on the question of the Real Presence, or that, having been asked to do so, he had declined to open his mouth upon the subject. Ever since he made his exposition of Anglican doctrine on this point, he has been assailed right and left by Anglicans of all shades and colors, and now the non-conformists are up in arms against him for his implication that the Protestant reformers of the sixteenth century either did not know what they were aiming at, or, having clear ideas upon that subject, failed to accomplish their aims. In his official pronouncement upon the Anglican theory of the Eucharist, Doctor Temple will be remembered, submitted certain views about the admissibility of the Lutheran doctrine of consubstantiation. In an article in the *Contemporary Review* a non-conformist, Professor Orr, referring to that suggestion, declares that such an admission, besides playing into the hands of the Ritualists, contradicts the Anglican formularies. The Professor is not outspoken still in replying to the Ritualist implication—which Doctor Temple virtually made his own—that the English reformers never intended to repudiate, and never did repudiate altogether, the Catholic doctrine of the Mass. "The Mass was to the early reformers," says Doctor Orr, "the very abomination of desecration in the sanctuary, the visible symbol of what was blasphemous, God-dishonoring and anti-Christian in the system they contended against;" and he quotes from Craemer and other English reformers of his day to show that this was the way in which the Mass was regarded by the early Anglican reformers, who, like their ilk in other lands, made the overthrow of the Mass the first object of all their reforming efforts.

THE SAME OLD STORY.

In the second paper on "Friars in the Philippines," which he has in the latest issue of the *Rosary*, Rev. Ambrose Coleman, O. P., who, as already remarked in these columns, possesses exceptional opportunities of information on his subject, likens the infamous stories which are being circulated in certain circles about the immorality and venality of the members in the religious orders in the Philippines, to the similar calumnies which Mr. Kessit, the latest English "reformer," the Protestant Alliance and the A. P. A., have all, in their turn, told about Catholic priests and nuns. Father Coleman, furthermore, declares that these stories all bear upon their face the impress of their falsity. "If there were any truth in the charges," says he, "they would have been brought home to the friars long since; names, dates and documentary proofs would have been made up and submitted to the government. But like the stuff the anti-clerical lectures near home are made of, the charges are always vague, general and indefinite. The religious, like men of honor, took no notice of these calumnies for a long time, hoping that gradually the storm would blow over; but seeing that it increased day by day, and that they were being constantly insulted by petty government officials in the Philippines, they at last took notice of them, amongst other charges, in their memorial to the government last April. They asked as a measure of right and justice that names and dates would be given; that documentary proofs would be produced. They affirmed that the charges were not made by those who had access to them, and saw them day by day; that their convents were open to inspection; that the lives of those living in the country parishes were well known to their parishioners; that there, indeed, they could not act in disguise, as their Spanish nationality made them conspicuous objects to all eyes. They asked that, in case their innocence were doubted, proper judicial proceeding would be instituted."

Such an appeal as that should alone suffice, in the eyes of impartial men, to vindicate the members of the Philippine orders from the out-rageous charges leveled against them by their enemies. Men who were guilty of such crimes as those alleged to have been perpetrated by these religious would never dare to appeal in this open, unreserved fashion for trial. If the Philippine friars and monks were the gross offenders they have been charged with being, there would be proofs of their immorality that could be readily adduced. Their victims would gladly come forward to testify against them, as would also many other persons to

whom, if their lives were such as represented, that if their conduct would be well known. But as a fact, no such evidences have ever been brought forward by the maligners and enemies of the Philippine orders. The Spanish government, though urged by the accused religious to institute proceedings against them, never ventured to do so, for the very good reason that it could find no proofs of the foul accusations leveled against the religious. These things, of whose existence and happenings no doubt at all is possible, furnish of themselves convincing arguments of the innocence of the Philippine priests and of the falsity of the charges against them; and Father Coleman pertinently adds: "With common sense for their guide, let Protestants reflect for a moment that the Philippines form an integral part of the Catholic Church; that the religious orders there are governed by generals in Rome; that systematic visitations are made; that the conduct of every individual is subjected to the strictest ecclesiastical scrutiny from time to time. Accordingly, unless they hold that the authorities in Rome are willing to allow an appalling evil of the kind to go on without protest, how can they believe that it exists at all?"

IN PANAMA.

In this same magazine Lillian A. B. Taylor gives us an interesting description of Panama, its bay, its attractions and its drawbacks. Among the last named features of this isthmian city she places its frequent earthquakes, some of which have wrought great damage and caused the loss of many lives. Because of these seismic shocks, we are told that most of Panama's buildings are constructed of the lightest possible material and as cheaply as may be. Exceptions to this general rule, though, are the cathedral and some of the older churches, which their Spanish builders erected in so massive and solid a manner that they have stood tolerably well the shocks of centuries. The population of the city is now about 15,000 soul, and is of a very mixed type. The educational institutions are all, or nearly all, in the hands of religious orders, the latest accession to the Catholic teaching body being members of the Salesian Sisterhood, who, expelled by the influence of secret societies from Nicaragua, fled to Panama for shelter. On their arrival there, these nuns were directed to Esperanza College, a girls' academy, which had been founded some years previously by an American lady, who brought it to a high standard of excellence. This lady was, however, very desirous of resigning her school into other hands. She could find no suitable persons to take charge of it, though, and was in a quandary what to do, when the Salesian Sisters came to the college. Then her way seemed plain before her. She turned the college over to the nuns, with all its pupils, furniture and equipments, and the visitor to Panama today who wishes to find the College's Esperanza is directed to the Salesian Academy of the Sacred Heart.

General Sherman.

Some doubt has always existed as to what was General Sherman's position in regard to religion and as to his connection, if any, with the Catholic Church. The grim old warrior was never a Catholic nor was he raised as such. He was baptized, however, in the old Catholic Church at Lancaster, Ohio, by a Catholic priest. It happened in this way: Judge Charles Sherman, General Sherman's father, died suddenly while travelling his judicial circuit. Beyond his salary as a Judge of the Supreme Court he had but little, and his sudden death left his widow and large family in straitened circumstances. Many of the Judge's friends came forward to lend a helping hand, and among them the Hon. Thomas Ewing, who volunteered to take "Camp" into his family. The future warrior, although but eleven years old, seems to have had the quick determination then that so characterized him in later years, for he immediately acquiesced in the plan, and when his benefactor rose to go "Camp" announced that he was ready to go with him, and, sure enough, on that same day he marched bravely up to his new home, where he soon became one of Mr. Ewing's boys. Mrs. Ewing was a devout Catholic and disliked the idea that one of the children in her household should be unbaptized. Ewing gaining the consent of the boy's mother, she marched the little fellow with the Indian name over to the priest and had him baptized. A more Christian name than Tomcumb had to be found for the newly made Christian, and that of William was selected. Ever after the general signed himself "William T. Sherman," although he continued to be called Camp, a dimi-

No Yellow Specks,

No lumps of alkali, are left in the biscuit or cake when raised with Royal Baking Powder. The food is made light, sweet and wholesome. Royal should take the place of cream of tartar and soda and salcratus and sour milk in making all quickly risen food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

From his Indian name. From his advent to his eighteenth year he lived with Mr. Ewing, and was a member of the family. He and Mr. Ewing's sons—Philemon, Hugh and Thomas, Jr.—were inseparable companions, and as he grew older and his boy's aversion to the feminine gender died away, he was much with Eleanor, Mr. Ewing's daughter, who a few years later became his wife. Now and then Mr. Ewing's nephew, young Blaine, would come out to Lancaster for a visit and the lot of them would have a high old time. They formed a great galaxy; Blaine afterwards became the master statesman of his time, Sherman one of America's most distinguished soldiers, Philemon Ewing an eminent Judge and Hugh and Thomas Ewing became generals in the army and were distinguished in diplomatic and political life. But their future careers were then but pages of an open book and did not daunt the spirits of this youthful cohort. Older citizens of Lancaster are full of stories of them. And their initials, now scarcely discernible, once plainly lay in the rocks of the surrounding hills, tell of many of their escapades and venturesome climbs when playing "hooky" from school, in attempt to the floating island of the town when they were reported. But this time went by and the boys began to grow up, and when young Sherman reached his 18th year Mr. Ewing, who was then Senator from Ohio, appointed his ward to West Point, and then his career as a soldier began. A few years after he entered the army he married his benefactor's daughter. The wedding took place at Washington, Mr. Ewing then being Secretary of the Interior, and was attended by the many distinguished persons at the capital. Mrs. Gen. Sherman was, of course, a Catholic and thus the Catholic home influence was always exerted upon the general, and his respect and regard for the Church was deep. He never formally entered the Church, but when dying and unconscious a priest who knew him well felt justified in administering to him the sacrament of extreme unction. Gen. Sherman's opposition to his son, Gen. Thos. Ewing Sherman, entering the priesthood has been much exaggerated. His boy Tom was the pride of his life. He was a very talented and thoroughly educated young man, popular in society and promised a brilliant career. Consequently his determination to give up the world and all that held for him and to become a Jesuit was a great blow to his father, who made every effort to dissuade his son from his purpose. When he saw, however, that it was inevitable he submitted and his love for his boy was not diminished. When Gen. Sherman was stricken with his last illness Father Sherman with his last illness Father Sherman was in Europe. The dying warrior kept asking for his boy Tom, and started to come to his bedside he determined to live to see him. Swiftly across the mighty ocean rode the ship bearing the young priest, but a swift still came death upon the old soldier. The iron will that had made him victor in many a fight now for many days held back the conqueror—death. Just to live to see his boy again was the warrior's only desire and he would have given all his victories of the past to win the battle now, but death conquered and his son heard from other lips than his the message of a father's love.—Cath. Stand. and Times.

WELL KNOWN VIOLINIST

Traveled Extensively Throughout the Province—Interesting Statements Concerning His Experience.

STELLAERTON, N.S.—James R. Murray, a well known violinist, of this place, who has traveled extensively throughout the Province, makes the following statement: "I was running down in health and my weight fell off from 175 to 150 pounds. Prescriptions did me but little good. My trouble was called nervous dyspepsia. I resorted to Hood's Sarsaparilla and after taking five bottles I was greatly benefited. I feel as well now as ever in my life, and have increased in flesh so that I now weigh 177 pounds. I am well known in this part of the country, having followed my profession, that of a violin musician for the last 26 years. I gladly tell my friends what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for me. Before I began taking the medicine I did not have any ambition, but now all is changed and my dyspepsia is perfectly cured." JAMES R. MURRAY.

N.B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be induced to buy any substitute. Be sure to get Hood's. Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

1899

For the NEW YEAR you will require

Blank Books

We have a very large stock of

Day Books, (long & broad)

Ledgers,

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400,000 Envelopes in Stock.

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And everything pertaining to a first-class Grocery Store in abundance, at the lowest possible prices.

Catering for Tea Parties and Picnics a specialty. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

We invite inspection of our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

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July 13, 1898.

CARD.

ANTOINE-VINCENT, Architect and Sculptor, Dorchester Street, West, is prepared to execute orders for Monuments and Church-work in Altars, Statuary, Holy Water Fountains, &c. Work done promptly.

August 3, 1898—6m

THE HERALD

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY... SUBSCRIPTION—\$1.00 A YEAR, JAMES McISAAC, Editor & Proprietor.

THE new envelope with the two cent embossed stamp upon it has been withdrawn. The printing bureau had printed the stamp in purple, and as the Berne postal regulations require that a domestic stamp should be red, the embossed stamp must conform to this color.

THE result of Blair's management of the Government Railway system during the year is not encouraging. The working expenses exceed the receipts by the enormous total of \$3,244,666.

WE again call the attention of our Liberal Conservative friends to the importance of the Conference to be held in this city on Thursday of next week, the 26th inst., and the necessity of having thereat proper representation from every section of the Province.

WHEREVER Joe Martin is there is sure to be trouble and unsatisfactory proceedings. He is Attorney General of the newly formed government of British Columbia. Our readers will remember the peculiar procedure of the Lieutenant Governor of that Province which enabled the new government to come into office.

THE writs have been issued for the bye elections for the Provincial Legislature, in the fourth and fifth districts of Prince County. Nominations will take place on Thursday, January 26th, and polling on February 2nd.

THE mails have been transferred to the Cape Route. The mail special for Cape Town left here at nine o'clock last evening, and will further notice, will leave at the same hour each evening, except Saturdays.

King's College Again.

We publish in another column a letter from Rev. A. E. Andrew referring to our article in the HERALD of the 14th ult. In this letter the Rev. gentleman calls upon us to retract, as a calumny, our statement that the Rev. Mr. Shadford and the Rev. Mr. Foster had written the Kings College Record advocating a revision of the rule requiring attendance at chapel and urging that all these gentlemen demanded, was the abolition of a fine of twenty-five cents as the penalty of its infraction.

ONE of the first bills passed in the Legislature by the new British Columbia Government suspends the operation of the law respecting contested elections for the benefit of two ministerial supporters. Ontario's bad example is bearing fruit. The Mowat Government in that province got its majority to pass a law relieving from the consequences of its crimes a lot of its corrupt supporters.

A heart-rending holocaust. On Tuesday night of last week, a heart-rending holocaust took place at Pleasant Valley, Upper Mississippi, on the Sheet Harbor Road, N. S. It speaks this in an isolated section of country, and among the dwellers in this out of the way place is a Mr. Geo. Fleming, a farmer of humble means.

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OLD POSTAGE STAMPS WANTED.—Persons having P. E. Island, Nova Scotia, or New Brunswick Postage Stamps issued prior to Confederation, attached to original envelopes or wrappers will obtain the highest price for them from the undersigned. Write or send stamps to E. T. McLELLAN, P. E. Island Railway, Charlottetown.

A Great SLAUGHTER SALE!

Discounts For 30 Days

Ulsters 33 1/2 p. c. off, O'Coats 25 p. c. off, Carpets and House-furnishings 25 p. c. off.

White and Colored Shirts and Underclothing 25 p. c. off. Ladies' Kid Gloves, Corsets, 25 p. c. off. Ladies' Jackets and Capes, 33 1/3 to 50 p. c. off.

PROWSE BROS.

The Wonderful Cheap Men. D. GORDON. SIXUS McLELLAN.

High-Class Tailoring AND Men's Furnishing Goods

1899 Is our second year in business, and we are proud to say that we have made everlasting friends with those who so liberally patronized us during the past year. Our Tailoring Department, Under the skillful management of Mr. Sixtus McLellan has been a complete success.

Our Furnishing Department Is always full and complete. Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Underclothing, Neckwear, Braces, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, etc., at rock bottom prices. GORDON & McLELLAN, Men's Outfitters. Upper Queen St., Ch'town, P. E. I., next to McKay's.

Noting in the Transvaal.

A Johannesburg despatch of the 16th contains the following: A public meeting of the British residents was held on Saturday with the object of protesting the grievances of the Uitlanders. An enormous crowd of Transvaal Burgers and Afrikaners were present, and the attempt to read the recently formulated petition to the Queen was the signal for a great uproar on their part.

The Supreme Court.

The Hilary term of the Supreme Court opened in this city on Tuesday, of last week, all the judges being in attendance. The Chief Justice charged the Grand Jury. The Grand Jury found "true bills" for manslaughter against George Thorne, John Trainor and Edward Hughes, and for "common assault" against John Hughes.

Terrific Storms.

Widespread devastation on land and sea has been the result of the recent storm in Great Britain, and the aggregate losses of property are immense. On Friday last reports were gradually filtering through from the provinces telling of dismantled houses, overflowing rivers, inundated streets and fields, buildings flooded, cattle and sheep drowned, railroads disorganized and disasters to life and limb from falling debris.

Proposed Memorial College.

His Honor Lieut-Governor Howland, in correspondence with the Governor General of Canada, received enclosed the following letter: THE GORDON MEMORIAL COLLEGE AT KHARTOUM. Sir,—General Lord Kitchener has proposed that at Khartoum there should be founded and maintained with British funds, a college bearing the name of the Gordon Memorial College, to be a pledge that the memory of Gordon is still alive among us, and that his aspirations are at length to be realized.

MILBURN'S STERLING HEADACHE POWDER. That aching head can be instantly relieved by taking one of MILBURN'S STERLING HEADACHE POWDERS, powder No. 3, for 10c., 10c. for 25c.

For Sale.

Valuable Farm Property! AT GRAND RIVER, LOT 66. Known as the "Clark Homestead," three miles from Annandale, and one mile from Poplar Point Wharf, containing one hundred acres, forty in good state of cultivation and fifty acres ready to clear, fronting on Grand River, where success in large quantities can be gathered; excellent marsh mud on the farm, black and moose mud and granite. Convenient to churches, schools, etc. This is in every respect the most desirable farm for sale now on the market in King's County, and will be sold on very easy terms. For particulars apply at office of BATTENBURY & TWEDDY, Ch'town, Jan. 18, 1899.—1m

Talk is Cheap, But Quality and Low Price Tell the Tale.

100 cents worth of good honest value for every dollars' worth you buy from us.

STANLEY BROS. We Have a Store Full of Bargains, But we just want to tell you about two of them this week.

ONE IS our Ladies' JACKET at \$3.75

Made of Good Heavy Cloth in four good colors, perfect in Style, Fit, Finish and Workmanship, and well worth \$5.00.

THE OTHER IS OUR \$25.00 ASTRAKAN JACKET.

They are Corkers. SEE THEM.

STANLEY BROS.

Moncton Tweeds

Wear longer than other makes, because made from pure wool.

They are Made Better

Because we have the most improved machinery.

They Hold The Color Better

Because we have a Scotch Dyer who knows his business.

They Suit the Customers Better

Because they are the best patterns.

They Sell Faster

Because they are known all over the Island for their good qualities.

Try Our Double and Twisted Bannockburns, they are the best.

F. PERKINS & CO. SUNNYSIDE.

That Our Make is Best The Luxury Wright's Make Is Right

Of comfort comes with the MATTRESS that is noiseless, one that will not sag like a hammock. We can provide for your comfort one-third of your time if you will allow us to make your bed. Mark Wright & Co., Ltd. THE HOME MAKERS. Our Large Sales Attest. Wright's Prices are Right.

Table with market prices for various goods including beef, cheese, butter, and other commodities.

Liberal Conservatives, ATTENTION!

Notice is hereby given that the Liberal Conservative Conference for Prince Edward Island will hold its annual meeting in the Masonic Temple, Charlottetown, on Thursday, the 26th day of January, inst., at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

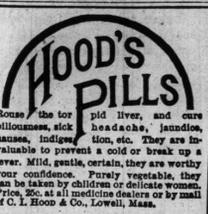
BARON PLUNKETT, representative at London, Ireland, since 1892, is dead. FATHER CHENEY, the apostate priest, died in Montreal on Monday last, in the 90th year of his age.

The Fire Flood.

The past week has been remarkable on account of the number of disastrous fires that occurred in this and neighboring towns. The first of these destructive fires in this province took place at Cardigan Bridge on Thursday night last, or rather early on Friday morning.

CORRESPONDENCE.

A Sophisticated Anglican. To the Editor of the Charlottetown Herald: DEAR SIR,—Among other messages of peace and goodwill which I have received today, is a copy of your paper of the issue of the 14th inst., containing an article on a certain "violent disturbance" which is supposed to be at the present time raging in the calm of the ancient university at Windsor.



HOOD'S PILLS. BONES, the torpid liver, and cure biliousness, sick headaches, jaundice, nausea, indigestion, etc. They are invaluable to prevent a cold or break up a fever.

Have You Been There?

Great Cheap Sale. Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats and Caps, BOOTS AND SHOES. Slightly damaged by water in the recent fire at J. B. McDONALD & CO'S.

Advertisement for SENTNER, MACLEOD & CO. featuring a large illustration of a building and text: "We are much gratified with the quick response to our accounts. Our goods are sold at a very low figure, and our customers evidently realize that we cannot give long terms of credit."

Convener of the Dominion Rulings, Local Assembly Districts and Polling Districts are requested to take immediate action in securing a full representation of Delegates from all parts of the Province.

The Burns' Concert has been postponed till Friday evening the 27th inst., when it will be held in the Opera House and an excellent programme will be presented.

On Wednesday evening the 26th inst. a lecture, musical entertainment and basket social will take place in the new Catholic Chapel at China Point.

On Monday last, at St. Ann's, Lot 22, after a lingering illness, Peter McInnes, a native of the County Monaghan, Ireland, aged 84 years, may his soul rest in peace.

Advertisement for J. B. McDONALD & CO. featuring the text: "WE CAN Save Money For You IF YOU BUY FROM US. Our stock is all bright new Goods, all this fall's importations, and bought from the best manufacturers in Canada."

Large advertisement for "In Souris Port THE 'Great Eastern'". It features a large illustration of a ship and text: "Loaded with a full range of Choice Merchandise. Hosiery and Underwear a Specialty. DRESS GOODS. Originality, Novelty, Artistic Elegance. Five Thousand (5,000) Pairs BOOTS and SHOES."

Another disastrous conflagration was discovered at O'Leary about 4 o'clock on Monday morning. The following report of the fire was received in this city on Monday: The most destructive fire which has ever visited O'Leary, commenced at 4 p. m. yesterday (Sunday) in the building known as the "Old Drug Store," owned by P. N. Pate, Esq., and occupied by Mr. Alexander McPherson as a residence, and Mr. Adams as a jewelry store.

The fire broke out in the upper part of the building, and spread rapidly to the Victoria Cafe and the residence of the proprietor, J. H. Harbert, overhead; then it took in the southern half of the block owned by D. Sullivan and occupied by Moody & Leblanc, clothing, and S. C. Hood & Co., jewelers. This building was destroyed. The fire was extinguished in three hours.

HOX NELSON DINGLEY of Maine, leader of the republican side on the floor of the house of representatives, Washington, representing the second congressional district of Maine in that body, died at Washington on the 13th at half-past ten of heart failure, resulting from extreme exhaustion due to long overwork. He was unconscious during most of the day, and death came quietly without consciousness being regained.

Beginning the Year. With pure, rich, healthy blood, which may be obtained by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, you will not need to fear attacks of rheumatism, bronchitis, fevers, colds or the grippe. A few bottles of this great tonic and blood purifier, taken now, will be your best protection against spring humors, boils, eruptions, that tired feeling and serious illness, to which a weak and debilitated system is especially liable in early spring.

Advertisement for Boots & Shoes. Text: "We have one of the largest and most complete stock of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers shown in the city, and the prices asked will suit your purse. Tweeds and Flannels. All the latest in American and Canadian makes in Cloth, Persian Lamb, Neutria, Astrakan, etc., etc. Also Gents' Furnishings. Underwear, Trunks and Woolen Horse Rugs, Bed Comforts, Carriage Wraps, Grey Cottons, etc., etc. All at Lowest Prices. 'THE MODEL STORE.' Wool Taken in Exchange. R. H. Ramsay & Co. Grafton St., New Prowse Block, Charlottetown."

When the children are hungry, what do you give them? Food. When thirsty? Water. Now use the same good common sense, and what would you give them when they are too thin? The best fat-forming food, of course. Somehow you think of Scott's Emulsion at once.

For a quarter of a century it has been making thin children, plump; weak children, strong; sick children, healthy.

ROSE & BOWEN, Chemists, Toronto.

IN MARY'S ARMS.

BY EDWARD OF THE HEART OF MARY, O.P.

He comes not to awe me— To thrill me with fear: He seeks but to draw me To woo me, to win me: This frail heart within me, He holds it so dear!

He comes not in splendour, Though faintly of light, In guise the most tender, He hastens to greet me In babe-form to meet me This calm Christmas night.

The arms of thy Mother, How sweetly they hold Thee, Divine Babe! Brother! Ah, let me dare say it— For food looks betray it— Mine too would unfold Thee!

But nay! Let Her press Thee To that sinless breast: Mine would but distress Thee! So oft has it grieved Thee, And wrong'd and deceived Thee 'Twould trouble Thy rest.

My Queen, I adore Him Enthroned on thy Heart: And meekly implore Him That I in His pleading, His pure interceding, May ever have part.

Through thee, Blessed Mother, He comes to be mine— My Saviour, my Brother, Through thee, while I take Him, Return will I make Him, My life-love in thine!

—Ave Maria, PROTONOT, 1898.

ABOUT CATARRH.

It is caused by a cold or accumulation of mucus, combined with impure blood. Its symptoms are pain in the head, discharge from the nose, ringing noises in the ears. It is cured by Ecod's Catarrh Pills, which purifies and enriches the blood, soothes and rebuilds the tissues and relieves all the symptoms.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills. Mailed for 25 cents by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Mary Gainer's Inheritance.

MARY CATHERINE CROWLEY IN AVE MARIA.

(CHAPTER V.—Continued.)

"Their fate was a sad one, my child. Within a few days the young miner met his death by an explosion in the mine; and the gentle, delicate wife lived only a fortnight after him. The shock of his sudden taking off affected her heart, it was said. Before she died she begged Margaret Gainer to keep her child. She had nothing to leave the little one (you, my dear), but her wedding-ring and the heritage of a refined and noble nature. An orphaned girl, she had lived with the family of her guardian until her marriage, so she told Margaret, and her property was now all gone.

"My husband's people cast him off because he married me," she said. "He claimed I was not of as good a social position as themselves, but that is not true. They are well-to-do, and would perhaps receive and care for my bonny baby; but her little heart would be starved for want of love among them. No, they shall not have my one treasure! You are a good woman, Margaret; you and Peter will love and care for her as though she were your own. As for her, 'God's providence is the sweetest and best inheritance'; and my dying prayer is that she may repay your generosity by being to you and your worthy husband a dutiful and devoted daughter."

"At the sick woman's request Margaret sent for me. I at once responded to the summons, but ere I reached the house the poor lady was beyond all human aid. "It was said your father was a young engineer who had come to Coalville to obtain a practical knowledge of mining. That his wife was a lady was manifest in a thousand small ways. Peter felt it his duty to make an effort for your sake, to learn more of their history; but as they had clearly come to the town under an assumed name, it was impossible to trace their identity.

"Then Margaret and Peter took you to their hearts, dear, lone, desolate little creature that you were, and rejoiced in you as their own. Thus far the assertion of Michael Gainer is correct. That his claim to the estate can be established I do not believe; at least, I am confident your adopted father made a generous provision for you. In fact, a year or more since he assured me he had done so. "Long ago I urged the old people to tell you the truth, but they fool-

ly feared you might come to love them less if you knew the tie that bound you to them was one of affection only and not of nature. But since you have been a woman grown, you are not your mother—has not Margaret ever told you how much she loved you? It was the sympathy between you and them; you were always very different from these adopted parents, Mary."

"Oh, I never, never felt so!" sobbed Mary, overcome—"except that I knew they were so much worthier of esteem and affection than myself. And now I remember once, perhaps, mother tried to tell me. Those words of the heart-broken young wife—it is hardly possible to realize that she was my mother—have reminded me—"

As the overwrought girl told her venerable friend of the evening Margaret Gainer had repeated the same words, "God's providence is the sweetest and best inheritance," and had spoken of her early life, lingering over the theme as though she would say more, and then hastily concluding, after all,

"And this, no doubt, is the wedding-ring," she continued, holding up her hand to show the plain band of gold she wore beside the jewelled betrothal token Bernard had given her. "Mother brought this to me on my eighteenth birthday, and bade me wear it and treasure it always; and I promised, thinking it had some sacred association with her own youth. Oh, had I but known the truth I might have been prepared for this hour! The loss of fortune I can endure. I have grieved my bread, and can do so again if necessary; but now indeed I have doubly lost those who have been father and mother to me from my earliest recollection. I have no longer a place in the world. As for the rest—in this house at least is mine—the deed is in my name; mother would have it so. It is luxurious, you think," she went on, indifferently, as the priest glanced over its rich appointments; but, O Father John, to me it is the most delectable spot on earth!"

"My child," answered the good priest, compassionately, "there is no throne-hold without God." And how can you say you have lost those dear ones, to whom you are united by the strongest bond which exists in heaven or on earth—short of that blessed communion of saints! My child, take courage. As for worldly possessions—since the wealth of Peter Gainer came to you indeed as an inheritance from Providence, I can not believe it will be taken from you."

And, ere she could thank him for his words of consolation, he was gone.

For several days Mary remained dulled to all else but a passive comprehension of the story Father John had related to her. Then she awoke to what she had persuaded herself was the right thing to be done, no matter what the cost to herself; and wrote a few vague lines to Bernard, saying that she was now in all probability penniless, and releasing him from his engagement. Naturally, the effect was the reverse of what she had intended. The note brought Bernard to her side in all haste. He was indignant and resolute.

"What folly is this, Mary my darling!" he protested, vehemently. "You say you can not marry me because you are not the heiress you supposed yourself to be; that you are not Mary Gainer at all! Forgive me, this is nonsense. I never loved your fortune, dear; and but for your firmness in refusing to sanction the ambitious plans to which it gave rise, I would have separated us. If it is lost—why, then, the door of the past is, in a sense, yet open to us. We have but to go back to our first ideal of happiness together—the dream of a simple little home, kept cheery by mutual love and trust. Moreover, although I am far from rich, you know I have done well during the last two years, and we shall have enough to live upon. As for your not being Mary Gainer, at least," and he laughed lightly, "no one can deny that you are still yourself, Mary, the dearest, sweetest girl in all the world. Therefore, unless you tell me you have ceased to love me, I will never give you back your promise. Rather, I beg you do not hasten our marriage, and let Michael Gainer and the lawyers dispute over the ill-fated wealth at their leisure."

His manliness and sincerity prevailed in regard to the main point at issue, for his own heart proved his most powerful advocate; but as Mary put her hand in his and agreed anew that their lives should be united, her courage revived and she made a firm resolve. This fortune, which in an hour before, in her dependency, she would have relinquished passively, must now be saved for Bernard. Since he would not give her up, she would not resign without a determined contest the wealth which she knew Peter Gainer had intended should be hers.

"Very well, Bernard; it shall be as you wish, she said, softly. "But first, another careful search must be made for the will, and this matter of property must be definitely settled. And with this answer he was forced to be content.

CHAPTER VI.

Indeed, Mr. Penison, I begin to believe there never was a will, after all," sighed Mary Gainer a few weeks after her great bereavement, at the close of a business conference in the lawyer's handsome office, from whose walls the rows of legal tomes seemed to look down with judicial indifference upon her distress.

"She had come to say that her continued search through the effects of Peter Gainer had been of no avail; moreover, none of the latter's old acquaintances had any knowledge of the existence of such a paper. His attorney at Coalville had not made his will; and unless Mr. Penison had more hopeful news for her, she would be forced to conclude that no document of the kind had been executed.

With elbow resting on the desk and forehead against his temple, her counsel sat listening attentively. When she had finished speaking, he shook his head gravely and said: "I am forced to admit that my efforts to trace a will have been as unsuccessful as your own. And yet not long since, when I represented to the old man that it would be well for him to arrange his affairs, he laughed good naturedly and said it was all right. I certainly inferred he intended everything should go to his wife and daughter. To be sure, he may have had in mind merely that these would be his heirs. Of course, had I known the fact of your adoption, my dear young lady (unfortunately not a formal one by process of law), I would have dwelt upon the absolute necessity of a legal document to insure your enjoyment of the provision he wished to make for you. But, discouraging as is the state of the case, we must not abandon it," the gentleman went on, straightening up as though for the struggle in court, and bestowing a bland smile upon his fair client. "Possession gives nine points in our favor, you know, and Michael Gainer will have to wait upon the law's delay."

Nevertheless, Mary went home with the conviction that her cause was hopeless. Knowing little of legal matters, she began to feel certain that Peter, who would have given his very life for her, had put off making these formal arrangements.

This she now poignantly regretted, not only for Bernard's sake, but because the realization brought vividly to her the lamentable exigency for the giving up of many charities. The house was hers; Bernard would keep her from want, and in the thought of wifely dependence upon him she was content; but the many present claims upon her generosity could be satisfied only by a Fortunatus's purse such as hers had been.

Tired and dispirited, she reached home at last, to be more forcibly impressed than before with the desolation of its stajeliness.

"There's a friend of your father's, I was told to say, waiting in the reception room to see you, Miss," said the maid as the young mistress paused a moment in the hall. Mr. Jimmy Judson is the name."

Mary checked a sigh of impatience. Mr. Jimmy Judson, or Gentleman Jimmy, as he was facetiously called by most of his acquaintances, had been known to her father as an easy-natured rolling-stone and ne'er-do-well; witty and good company, but over fond of conviviality. In the old days Peter, in his capricious night-watchman, had on more than one occasion saved the poor fellow from accident at the railway crossing. Later Mr. Jimmy had been "a hanger-on upon your bounty," to the intense satisfaction of Mrs. Gainer, who had small patience with Peter's unfortunate protégé.

Recalling this, Mary entered the room to receive her visitor with a little frown upon her brow. There, leaning back in a satin arm-chair, with his case between his knees and his hat resting upon it, sat the old man, the very type of a shabby, genteel, ill-kempt toper.

He rose at once and held out to her an unsteady hand, in whose clasp was, notwithstanding, a warmth of genuine kindness. Besotted as he was, there yet lingered in his nature a spark of gratitude to the memory of one who had been to him a friend. He decided, of sympathy for the daughter so helplessly bereaved.

Disarmed by his manner, Mary relented a trifle. Mr. Jimmy had written to her several times, diffidently requesting "the loan" of a small sum of money, and had been duly accommodated; but for the past few weeks she had not seen him.

"The truth is, Miss Mary, I have been away," he announced in explanation—"been to Baltimore," thought of settling there with my son. "But George is not prosperous, is out of employment, in fact. Found I could do better here."

Mary smiled, despite her unhappy frame of mind. Mr. Jimmy's prospects in Philadelphia depended principally upon the amount of the stipend she might allow him. Yet she could not but pity the old man, a physical and mental wreck, with no one to care for him; for on the graceless son, she was aware, he could place no dependence. Her father had been wont to say he helped Gentleman Jimmy in order to retain a hold upon him, which he might some day be able to turn to account for the latter's good. She would do likewise so long as possible, for the same motive. (To be continued.)

Weak lungs.

There are many people who catch cold easily—whose lungs seem to need special care and strengthening. Such should take DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP. It so heals and invigorates the Lungs and Bronchial Tubes as to render them capable of resisting colds.

"I was troubled for years with weak lungs," says E. J. Furling, Lower Woodstock, N. B., "and could not get any relief, but on trying Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, it acted splendidly, healing and strengthening my lungs." Price 25 and 50c. at all dealers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ADVICE. About half the troublesome trouble that troubles us today is the fear that troubling trouble will be happening our way. Now, if you would shun all trouble, just keep this fact in view. Quit worrying about trouble, and no more 'twill trouble you.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

LIVER TROUBLES, biliousness, salivary complexion, yellow eyes, jaundice, etc., yield to the curative powers of LAXA-LIVER PILLS. They are sure to cure.

QUICK CURE OF SCIATICA. Mr. A. Taylor, 74 Arden Ave., Toronto, writes: "I was greatly afflicted with Sciatica, but after using one box of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills I was able to go to work in three days and have not been troubled since."

"Oh, mamma, don't read any more about cannibals being wicked for cooking the missionaries. Why, my own dad's as bad as they; I heard him tell you himself that at dinner last night he toasted all his friends."

Why buy imitations of doubtful merit when the Genuine can be purchased as easily. The proprietors of MINARD'S LINIMENT inform us that their preparation to be considered the BEST and FIRST in the hearts of their countrymen.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Sores Healed.

Nothing like B.B.B. for healing sores and ulcers, no matter how large or how chronic they may be. B.B.B. applied externally and taken internally according to directions will soon effect a cure. It sends rich, pure blood to the part, so that healthy flesh soon takes the place of the decaying tissue.

"I had been troubled with sore fingers and sore toes around the nails. The salve I was using did not help me and I was getting worse. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using nearly two bottles my sores were all healed up. I consider B.B.B. a wonderful blood purifier." ENOCH G. HORST, Bloomington, Ont.

The Best Medicine For Keeping the Home Bright, Cheerful and Happy is Music.

GOOD MUSIC, such as can be produced on our DOMINION, OR KARN ORGANS AND PIANOS.

Nothing like it to drive away care. If you think you cannot afford it, why come in and see us, and it will be a GREAT SURPRISE to you to learn HOW CHEAP and on what EASY TERMS you can have a good ORGAN or a PIANO. We often have good second hand goods at less than HALF PRICE. Everything we sell fully guaranteed.

Miller Bros

The Old Reliable Music House of P. E. Island, CONNOLLY'S BUILDING, QUEEN STREET.

HARD TO STOOP.

Backache and Kidney trouble make a Halifax lady's life miserable. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED HER.

It would be well if every lady in Canada understood that pain in the back and backache were nothing more nor less than a cry of the disordered kidneys for help. Hundreds of ladies have found Doan's Kidney Pills a blessing, giving them relief from all their suffering and sickness.

No one afflicted with Backache, Lame Back, Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Gravel, or any kidney or urinary trouble need despair. Doan's Kidney Pills cure every time—cure when every other remedy fails. Price one box, or for \$1.50 at all druggists. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Fidgety Old Gentleman (inquiring for the third time)—Porter, are you quite sure my trunk is all right? "Exasperated Porter.—"Pity you weren't born a heifer instead of a man; then you could have had your trunk always under your own eye."

PERMANENT CURES. Of such diseases as Salt Rheum, Scrofula, Sores, Ulcers, Dyspepsia and Constipation are made, by B.B.B. The daily papers are full of statements of those who have been permanently cured by B.B.B.

Minard's Liniment cures Garget in Cows.

Haggard's Yellow Oil cures all Pain and takes out swelling and Inflammation quicker than any other remedy. Price 25c.

CRAMPS and COLIC. Are always promptly relieved by Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry—the best Diarrhoea remedy in existence.

Nothing so effective for checking severe Coughs and Colds as Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup. Price 25c., all dealers.

DR. LOW'S WORM SYRUP. Is the nicest and most effective remedy for expelling all kinds of Worms. No need of giving any Calomel when it is used. Price 25c.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dis-temper.

HEART PAINS

The Heart and Nerves are Often Affected and Cause Prostration of the Entire System.

A Kingston Lady Testifies to Her Experience in the Use of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills.

People who suffer from any disease or disorder of the heart nervous system, such as Palpitation, Skip Beats, Smothering or Sinking Sensations, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Pain in the Head, etc., cannot afford to waste time trying various remedies, which have nothing more to back up their claims than the bold assertions of their proprietors.

These diseases are too serious to permit of your experimenting with untried remedies. When you buy Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, you know you have behind them the testimony of thousands of Canadians who have been cured by their use. One of these is Mrs. A. W. Irish, 93 Queen Street, Kingston, Ont., who writes as follows: "I have suffered for some years with a smothering sensation caused by heart disease. The severity of the pains in my heart caused me much suffering. I was also very nervous, and my whole system was run down and debilitated. "Having heard of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills being a specific for these troubles, I thought I would try them, and therefore got a box at McLeod's Drug Store."

"They afforded me great relief, having loosened up my system and removed the distressing symptoms from which I suffered. I can heartily recommend these wonderful pills to all sufferers from heart trouble."

Laxa-Liver Pills cure Biliousness, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Every pill perfect.

CURES

OF CHRONIC DISEASES and RUPTURE by DR. CLIFT. Diploma registered in U. S. and Canada. Send Stamp for information, or call at Charlottetown, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

Rupture & Chronic Diseases CURED by DR. CLIFT. Diploma registered in U. S. and Canada. Send Stamp for information, or call at Charlottetown, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

If It's Newson's It's Good.

How About Your Dining Room?

Have you one of those proverbial "groaning tables, or a set of squeaky chairs? If so, you ought to refurbish with New Slightly Furniture, The kind we sell. Looks well. Wears well. Costs Little. Call in and look around.

John Newson

1899 DIARIES

Canadian and American Excelsior DIARIES, all sizes for the POCKET, OFFICE or HOME. P. E. I. Almanac now on sale.

HASZARD & MOORE, Sunnyside.

FLOUR.

FLOUR HAS DROPPED AWAY DOWN IN PRICE THE LAST FEW WEEKS, Which is a good thing for those who have to buy on account of the partial failure of the wheat crop. We have just received a new lot of Flour

Direct from the Mills, Comprising such well-known brands as Beaver, Kent, Monarch, White Coat and Parkdale, which we are offering at rock-bottom prices. Call and see us before buying elsewhere.

BEER & GOFF.

EPPS'S COCOA

GRATEFUL COMFORTING Distinguished everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic. Sold only in quarter lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.

BREAKFAST SUPPER EPPS'S COCOA Oct. 5, 1898-301

A. A. McLEAN, LL.B., Q. C. Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Etc., Etc. BROWN'S BLOCK. MONEY TO LOAN.



BIG SALE

COOKING

HEATING Stoves.

For one month we will sell our new stock of STOVES at greatly reduced prices.

DODD & ROGERS.

A Large Assortment of Finished Monuments AND HEADSTONES

To be cleared out quick, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Agents will tell you they can sell as cheap as you can buy from the manufacturer.

Buy from us direct, and we will convince you that this is sold to effect a sale and make something out of you.

We employ no agents, as we prefer to make all sales right in our shop, where customers can see what they are buying.

Cairns & McFadyen.

June 8, 1898-y Kent Street, Charlottetown.

NEWS.

It is news to some people that we sell Heating Stoves. We sell Stoves for wood, soft coal or hard coal, and carry the finest assortment of Cooking and Heating Stoves on P. E. I. Our large stove room, 35' x 65', is devoted entirely to stoves.

Quick Sales, Small Profits. Fennell & Chandler.

Removal Sale.

We intend moving into new quarters early in January Before doing so we will give rare bargains in

Ready-made Clothing,

Cloths of all kinds, Underwear, Shirts, Ties, Hose, Gloves, Hats, Caps, &c.

All goods in our store are offered at reductions of 25 or 3 1/2 per cent, off regular prices.

Sale for Spot Cash only. D. A. BRUCE.