

Vor. 60. No. 23 New Series

MONTREAL, FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1905.

M. S. FOLEY Editor and Proprieu

McIntyre Son & Co.

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Importers Dry Goods

Dress Goods, Silks, Linens, Small Wares, Trefousse Kid Gloves Rouillon Kid Gloves

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Manufacturers of Aniline Colors and other Coal Tar Products

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MANAGER, ALBERT SMITH



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No Dead Stock, oily threads nor miserable yellow fillings of short staple. Not even in lowest grades. Three grades.—Three prices and far the best for the price.



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Formerly known as Lothbiniere Point

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M. S. FOLEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR JOURNAL OF COMMERCE,"
MONTREAL.



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GOLD MEDAL, AT ATLANTA, 1885.

G. & H. BARNETT COMPANY PHILADELPHIA, Pa.

ETAIL Merchants who wish to keep abreast of the times and have a continued and reliable guide to the leading markets should subscribe to The Canadian Journal of Commerce. The Market Reports in the Jorunal are unequalled for comprehensiveness and correctness of detail. No Merchants or other business men can afford to do without it. Published every Friday. Subscriptions to all parts of Canada, except Montreal, \$2.00 a year.

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Trade Mark:—"SAPPHIRE."
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Vol. 60. No. 23

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M. S. FULEY Editor and Proprietor

McIntyre Son & Co.

Limited

MONTREAL

Importers Dry Goods

> Dress Goods, Silks, Linens, Small Wares, Trefousse Kid Gloves Rouillon Kid Gloves

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M. S. FOLEY,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR JOURNAL OF COMMERCE,"
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HICHEST AWARDS AT TWELVE INTERNATIONAL EXPOSITIONS.

SPECIAL PRIZE.

GOLD MEDAL, AT ATLANTA, 1895.

G. & H. BARNETT COMPANY. PHILADELPHIA, Ps.

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Reserve Fund \$3,300,000
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COURT OF DIRECTORS:

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George D. Whatman.
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BRANCHES IN CANADA:

BRANCHES IN CANADA:

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"Stock Yards.

Greenwood, B.C.

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St. John, N.B. Kaslo, B.C.
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Winnipeg, Man.
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Lyons—Credit Lyonnais.

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Hor David MacKeen.
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Chief Executive Office, Montreal, P.Q.

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Cumberland, B.C.
Dalhousie, N.B.
Dorchester, N.B.
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Fredericton, N.B.
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Ladner, B.C.
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Maitland, N.S.
Moncton, N.B.,
Montreal, Que.,
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Montreal, Que.,
Montreal, Que.,
Montreal, R.C.
Nanaimo, B.C.
Nanaimo, B.C. Nanaimo, B.C. Nelson, B.C. Newcastle, N.B.

I, Inspector.
Ottawa, Ont.
Ottawa, Ont.
Ottawa, Ont.
Ottawa Bank St.
Oxford, N.S.
Pembroke, Ont.
Pictou, N.S.
Port Hawkesbury, N.S.
Rexton, N.B.
Rossland, B.C.
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Shubenacadie, N.S.
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Toronto,
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Vancouver, B.C.,
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Vernon, B.C. Vernon, B.C.
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The Chartered Banks.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament, 1856.

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S. H. Ewing, - - - Vice-President.
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H. Markland Molson, Lt.-Col. F. C. Henshau
Wm. C. McIntyre.
JAMES ELLIOT, General Manager.
A. D. Durnford, Chief Inspector and Supt. of
Branches; W. H. Draper, Inspector.
H. Lockwood, W. W. L. Chipman, Asst. Inspectors.

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MANITOBA. Winnipeg.

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Amherstburg
Aylmer.
Brockville.
Chesterville.
Clinton.
Exeter.
Frankford.
Hamilton.
James street.
Market Branch.

Hensall. Highgate. Iroquois. Kingsville.

London. Meaford. Morrisburg. Norwich. Ottawa.

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Port Arthur.
Ridgetown.
Simcoe.
Smith's Falis.
St. Marys.
St. Thomas.
Toronto.
Toronto Junction:
Dundas Street.
Stock Yards Branch.
Trenton.
Wales.
Waterloo.
Woodstock.

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Harbor Br.
St. Catherine St. Bs.
Quebec.
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Blainville, Que. Knowlton.

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FOREIGN AGENTS.

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Collections made in all parts of the Dominion and returns promptly remitted at lowest rates of exchange. Commercial Letters of Credit and Travellers' Circular letters issued, available in all parts of the world.

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Head Office
Executive Office.

Toronto.

Toronto.

Toronto.

Toronto.

Toronto.

Toronto.

Montreal.

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Collections given prompt attention.

Drafts issued payable in all parts of the world.

General banking business transacted.

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THE ONTARIO BANK

DIVIDEND NO. 95.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three per cent. for the current halfyear, being at the rate of six per cent. per annum, upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution, has been declared, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after,

Thursday, the 1st day of June next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st May, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head office of the bank, Toronto, on Tuesday. the 20th day of June next. The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

By order of the board. C. McGILL, General Manager.

Toronto, April 20th, 1905

The Chartered Banks.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce

Paid-up Capital..... \$8,700,000 Rest \$3,500,000

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.

B. E. WALKER, General Manager. ALEX. LAIRD, Ass't. General Manager.

_117 Branches in Canada, the U.S. and England.

Montreal Office :- F. H. Mathewson, Manager.

London, Eng., Office :- 60 Lombard St., E.C. S. Cameron Alexander, Manager.

New York Agency :- 16 Exchange Place Wm. Gray and H. B. Walker, Agents.

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Bankers in Great Britain.

The Bank of England; The Bank of Scotland; Lloyds Bank, Limited; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Limited.

THE WESTERN BANK OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE, OSHAWA, ONT.

 Capital Authorized
 - - - \$1,000,000

 Capital Subscribed
 - - 500,000

 Capital Paid-up
 - - 500,000

 Rest Account
 - 250,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

John Cowan, Esq. - President.
Reuben S. Hamlin, Esq., Vice-President.
W. F. Cowan, Esq., W. F. Allan, Esq.
Cobert McIntosh, M.D., J. A. Gibson, Esq.
Thomas Patterson, Esq.
T. H. McMillan, - Cashier.

BRANCHES—Caledonia, Elmvale, Midland, New Hamburg, Penetanguishene, Paisley, Pickering, Plattsville, Port Perry, Sunderland, Tavistock, Tilsonburg, Wellesley, Whitby.

Drafts on New York and Sterling Exchange sought and sold. Deposits received and interest ellowed. Collections solicited and promptly made. Correspondents at New York and in Canada—derchants Bank of Canada. London, England—aoyal Bank of Scotland.

THE STANDARD BANK OF CANADA

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of five (5) per cent. for the current half Year, upon the paid-up capital stock of this bank, being at the rate of ten (10) Per cent. per annum, has been declared. and that the same will be payable at the head office and agencies on and after Thursday, the first day of June next.

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The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the bank on Wednesday, the 21st day of June next, the chair to be taken at twelve o'clock noon. By order of the board.

GEO. P. REID, General Manager. Toronto, 18th April, 1905.

The Chartered Banks.

Union Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 77.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three and one_half per cent upon the paid-up capital stock of this institution has been declared for the current half-year, and that the same will be payable at the Bank and its branches on and after Friday, the second day of June

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next. both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of share holders will be held at the Banking house in this city on Monday, June 19th. Chair to be taken at twelve o'clock.

By order of the Board,

G. H. BALFOUR, General Manager.

Quebec, April 24th, 1905.

Imperial Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 60.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of 5 per cent. for the half-year ending 31st May, 1905, upon the capital stock of this institution has this day been declared, and that the same will be payable at this Bank and its branches on and after Thursday, the first day of June

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders will be held at the head oftice of the Bank on Wednesday, the 21st. of June, 1905. The chair to be taken at noon.

By order of the Board,

D. R. WILKIE, General Manager.

Toronto, 25th or April, 1905.

The Chartered Banks.

THE BANK of OTTAWA

Capital Authorized\$3,000,000 Capital (fully paid up) 2,500,000 Rest and Undivided Profits, - 2,573,332

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

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Correspondents in every banking town in Canada, and throughout the world.

This bank gives prompt attention to all banking business entrusted to it.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

Traders Bank of Canada

DIVIDEND NO. 39.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of three and one_half per cent. upon the paid-up capital stock of this Bank, has been declared for the current half year, being at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, and that the same will be payable at the bank and its branches on and after Thursday the first day of June next.

The transfer books will be closed from the 17th to the 31st of May next, both days inclusive.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of the Bank will be held at the banking house, in Toronto, on Tuesday, the 20th day of June next.

The chair will be taken at 12 o'clock noon.

> By order of the Board, H. S. STRATHY, General Manager.

The Traders Bank of Canada, Toronto, 20th April, 1905.

The Dominion Bank

Corner King and Yonge Sts., TORONTO.

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Boissevain, Man.
Brampton, Ont.
Brandon, Man.
Cobourg, Ont.
Deloraine, Man.
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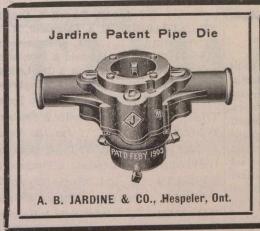
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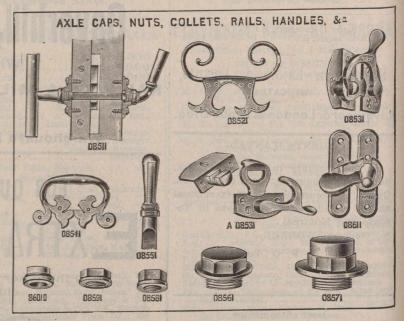
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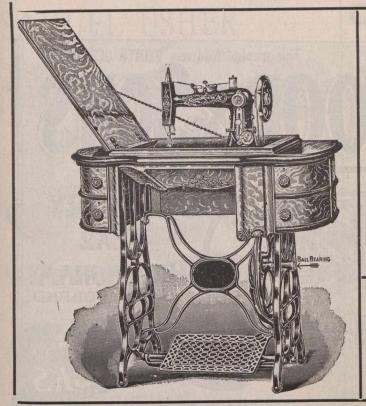
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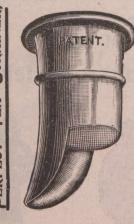
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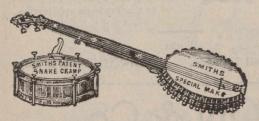
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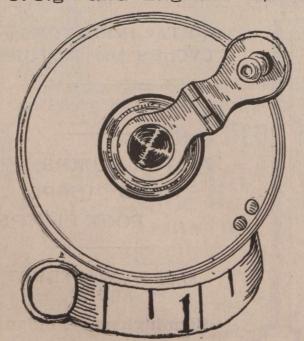
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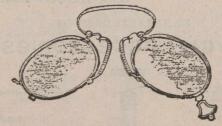
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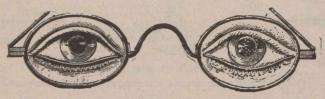
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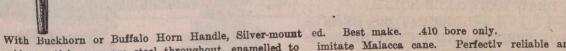
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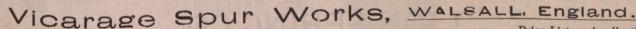
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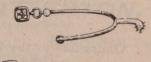
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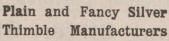






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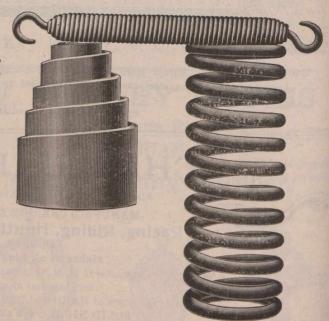
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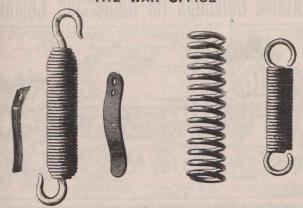
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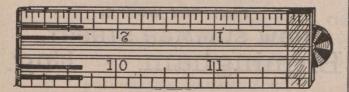
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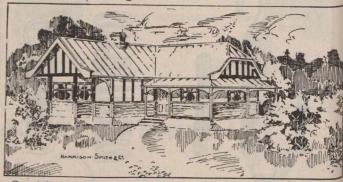
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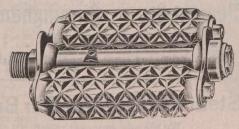


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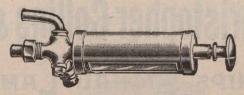
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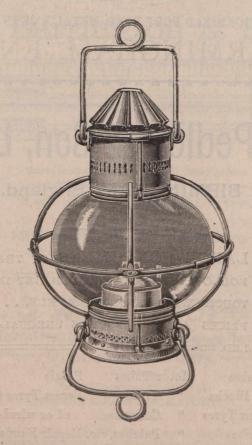
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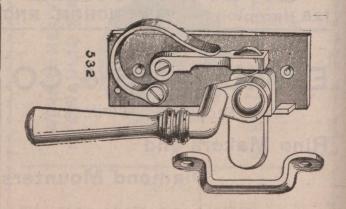
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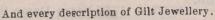
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SECURITIES.	Londou. May. 25.
Oritish Columbia, 1907, 6 p.c	104 106
1917, 4½ p.c 1941, 3 p.c Canada, 4 per cent. loan, 1910	88½ 89½ 104 105
8 per cent. loan, 1938	97 99
Debs., 1909, 3½ p.c 2½ p.c. loan, 1947 Manitoba, 1910, 5 p.c	103xd 104xd 85 87 103 105

Sha RAILWAY AND OTHER STOCKS	May	y. 25.
Quebec Province, 1906, 5 p.c 1919, 4½ p.c 1912, 5 p.c 100 Atlantic & Nth. West. 5 p.c. Gua.	100 100 105	102 102 107
18t M. Donus	119 13½ 137	121 13½ 139
do. 5½ p.c. bonds. Can. Central 6 p.c. M. Bds. Int. guar. by Govt. Canadian Pacific, \$100 Do. 5 p.c. bonds. Do. 4 p.c. deb. stock Algoma 5 p. c. bonds. Algoma 5 p. c. bonds.	145 ³ 110 110 107 119	146; 111 111 109 121
Grand Trunk, Georgian Bay, &c.		
100 Grand Trunk of Canada ord. stock 100	20\frac{1}{4} 120 107\frac{3}{4} 97\frac{1}{8} 47\frac{5}{8} 13\frac{1}{4} 108\frac{1}{8} 129	20½ 122 107; 98 48½ 136 109; 131
100 M. of Canada Stg. 1st M., 5 p.c 100 Montreal & Champlain 5 p.c. 1st	104	106
my bonds my bonds my of Canada, 1st mtg., 5 p.c 1st my conds 100 Quebec Cent., 5 p.c. 1st inc. bds. T. G. & B. 4 p.c. bonds, 1st mtg. 100 Well., Grey & Bruce, 7 p.c. bds. 1st mort. 100 St. Law. & Ott. 4 p.c. bonds	103 105	105 107 120
Municipal Loans.	104	106
100 City of London, Ont., 1st prf 5 p.c. 100 City of Montreal, stg., 5 p.c.,	100	102
100 City of Ottawa, red. 1913, 4½ p.c. 100 City of Quebec, 6 p.c., red'm 1905 redeem 1908, 6 p.c. 100 City of Toronto, 4 p.c., 1932-28 fpc. cent., 1906 5 p.c. gen.con.deb., 1919-20. 400 City of Winnipeg deb., 1914,5 p.c. 201 Deb. scrip., 1907, 6 p.c.	100 100 102 101 103 99 108	102 103 104 103 105 102 110
Oity of Winnipeg deb., 1914,5 p.c.	108 100 105 106	102 107 108
Miscellaneous Companies.		
Canada Borth-West Land Co	39 62 69 ¹ / ₄	44 67 69 ³
Bank of British North America.: Bank of Montreal. Canadian Bank of Commerce	69 259 £17	70 261 18

WILLIAM SHILLCOCK,

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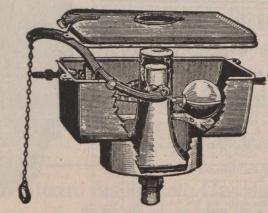
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The Montreal City and District Savings Bank.

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of Eight Dollars and a bonus of Two Dollars per Share of the Capital Stock of this Institution have been declared, and the same will be payable at its Banking House, in this City, on and after

MONDAY, the 3rd of JULY Next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th June, both days inclusive.

By order of the Board,

A. P. LESPERANCE,

Manager.

Montreal, May 31st, 1905.

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Brass and German Solders and Nickel Anodes.

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THE STEVENSON BOILER, MACHINE SHOP AND FOUNDRY WORKS AT PETROLIA, ONT., (now of twenty years' standing), continues to make Marine, Stationary and Portable Boilers of all kinds. The Canadian Oil Wells and Refiners and Mills in this section are nearly entirely supplied with Boilers and other Plate Work from this shop; while for well-drilling pur-poses it has sent many boilers to Germany, Austria, India and Australia. It also makes Oil Stills, Tanks, Bleachers and Agitators, Salt Pans, Steam Boxes for Stave and Hoop Mills, and any desired work in Plate or Sheet Steel or Iron as well as all productions of Machine Shops. including Steam Engines and Castings in Iron and Brass.

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COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.

Merchants, Manufacturers and other business men should bear in mind that the "Journal of Commerce" will not accept advertisements through any agents not specially in its employ. Its circulation-extending to all parts of the Dominion renders it the best advertising medium in Canada-equal to all others combined, while its rates do not include heavy commissions.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS.

The date on the address label shows to what time subscription have been paid. Those in arrears will kindly remit. Where a thousand are behind, it means a considerable sum, which should be assisting in preserving the character of the Journal and making it more valuable to its readers.

-The Customs receipts of the Domin-31, were \$37,825,216, compared with \$36,-787,039 for the same time last year, an increase of \$1,038,177. The receipts for the month of May were \$3,-615,699, an increase of \$205,700.

-The Canadian Northern railway expect to enter Prince Albert, N.W.T., within three months. Work on the steel bridge over the South Saskatchewan is progressing rapidly, and the company will erect a large station and freight sheds. Prince Albert anticipates greatly increased prosperity with the advent of the railway.

-A statement presented to the creditors of the A. J. Stewart Company, Limited, confectioners, Toronto, showed trade liabilities of \$13,008; Sovereign Bank, \$600; Traders' Bank, \$2,900; preferred claims, \$924.62, and and other debts totalling \$19,933.13. Shares are set off by plant valued at \$6,023.13, equity in real estate estimated at \$3,815 .-43. and other securities totalling \$30,-522.01. The balance sheet shows a nominal surplus of \$10,588.84. The cash on hand was \$49.25. The law costs at Osgoods Hall ran up to \$868. The assets will be sold by the liquidator, by tender. The two heaviest trade creditors are the Cowan Company, Limited, \$2,422.13, and the Eby, Blain Company, Limited, \$1,051.51.

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Dense Cut Black.

Absolutely THE BEST 60 cts. BLACK. Testimonials from all who have used it.

Iower Works, Aston, Birmingham.,

ENG.

12 Crane Court, Fleet St. LONDON, E.C., Eng.

Canadians supplied 331 per cent, less than other countries.

--The United Fruit Company, Winnipeg, made an assignment.

—London Clearing House.—Total clearings for week ending 1st June, 1905, \$927,017.

—The Kingston Street Ranway was advertised for sale, but no bids were received.

—Ottawa Clearing House.—Total for week ending June 1, 1905, \$1,813,370.61: corresponding week last year, \$1,846,901.33.

—The Post Office Department has been officially notified that navigation from White Horse to Dawson opened on June

—Judgment was given against the Kingston & Pembroke Railway in an action against it to recover \$4,600 money loaned.

—A Government commission to investigate alleged violations of the alien labor act is asked for by the District Trades Council.

—Building permits issued in Toronto for the first five months of the year aggregate \$3,191,118, an increase of \$1.666.055 over last year.

—St. Catharines, Ont., is using its first natural gas, the work of piping being completed. Most of the streets have been piped, and there is a rush of applicants for service. Artificial gas here is a dollar and a half a thousand, but natural gas is sold at forty cents, with ten per cent. discount for prompt payment.

—It is stated at Detroit that the United States Steel Company is buying options on property to erect a \$10,000,000 steel plant near Sandwich, Ont.

—The returns for London, Ont., Inland Revenue Office for May show total collections of \$35,128.56, an increase of \$449.-78 over May of last year.

-Ottawa advices state that Mayor Ellis and Ald. Grant left for Toronto on Friday to lay before the Lieutenant-Gov-\$60,000 for waterworks extension.

—The land sales of the C.P.R for May were 58,095 acres, of an aggregate value of \$282.796.—The Canadian Northwest Lands Company's sales were 17,089 acres, of a value of \$52,528.

-Negotiations between the Canadian Northern Railway and the Grand Trunk Pacific for the erection of a Union Depo at Winnipeg, are progress. It is understood that the Northern Pacific is interested in the project.

—The Bank of Nova Scotia has appointed Mr. C. A. Kennedy, manager of the Winnipeg branch, to the post of inspector. Mr. Kennedy's work, it is stated, is likely to be in the Maritime Provinces.

—A Montreal company has obtained the contract to install a complete lighting plant for the town of Calgary. The current will be generated by a 260 k.-w. alternating current generator. The contract includes, besides the generator, a switchboard, three 35-light 6 6-10 ampere are light circuits and all the wiring necessary for the commercial circuits, thirty lighting transforers pole line, etc., etc. The work will be begun at

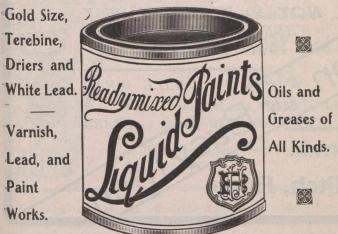
ESTABLISHED 1856.

Contractor to His Majesty's Government.

Telegraphic Address : - "Bowater, west Smethwick."

JOHN J. BOWATER,

MANUFACTURER OF VARNISHES, PAINTS, COLOURS.



Spon Lane, Wasi BRUMWICH, Eng.

-Manitoba letters patent have been issued incorporating the British Beer Breweries, Limited.—Liabilities of the United Fruit & Produce Company, Winnipeg, which assigned some days ago, are estimated between \$40,000 and \$50,000.

-A by-law to grant \$35,000 to complete the water works and sewerage systems in Gananoque, Ont., will be voted on on July 6th.—A by-law to grant \$35,000 for an electric light plant will be voted on in Napanee on July 7th.

-Homestead entries to the number of 3,925 were granted during May, as against 2,953 for the same month last year, an increase of 972. Battleford, Regina and Yorkton show the greatest increases. Entries at Winnipeg, Minnedosa, Kamloops, Dauphin, Calgary and Brandon decreased.

-The Customs department of the Winnipeg post-office handled 2,715 parcels during May, being double the corresponding period of last year. Of the parcels handled at Winnipeg 1,959 were from the United States and 776 from Great Britain. One of the Customs parcels is the growth of the importation of boots from the States.

-The Department of Public Works has received nime tenders for the dredging of Port Arthur, Ont., harbor, and three for Fort William. In each case A. F. Bowman, of Southampton, Ont., is the successful tenderer, his price being fourteen cents per cubic yard at Port Arthur and twelve cents per cubic yard at Fort William.

-Hamilton building permits issued during May totalled \$162,700, an increase of \$51,800 over May, 1904. The permits issued so far this year amount to about \$600,000. The Osborne Hotel property has been purchased from the estate of the late S. H. Ghent by W. R. Mills. It is said the consideration was between \$20,000 and \$25,000.

-The winding-up proceedings of the Elgin Loan Co., of St. Thomas, Ont., have turned out better than was expected. The creditors will receive 100 cents in the dollar. The Atlas Loan Co., of same place, which was involved in the Ames failure, has already paid 30 cents in the dollar, and it is understood that the creditors will get an additional 10 cents.

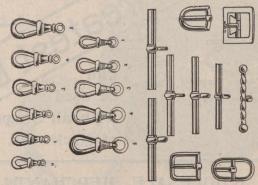
-Winnipeg bank clearings for the month of May reached the gratifying total of \$26,7990,247, an increase of nearly \$4.-000,000 over the figures for May last year. The increase last year over 1903 was slightly over \$2,000,000. The figures:-

G. EDMONDS.

60 Tenby Street North, BIRMINGHAM, Eng.

MANUFACTURER OF

Spring Swivels, Bars, Watch Bows, Etc.



□ GOLD AND SILVER HALL-MARKED FITTINGS FOR LEATHER ALBERTS.

BEST HOUSE FOR SILVER SWIVELS Price List Unon Application.

Month ending May 31, 1905, \$26,790,247; corresponding month 1904, \$22,844,525; corresponding month 1903, \$20,689,973.

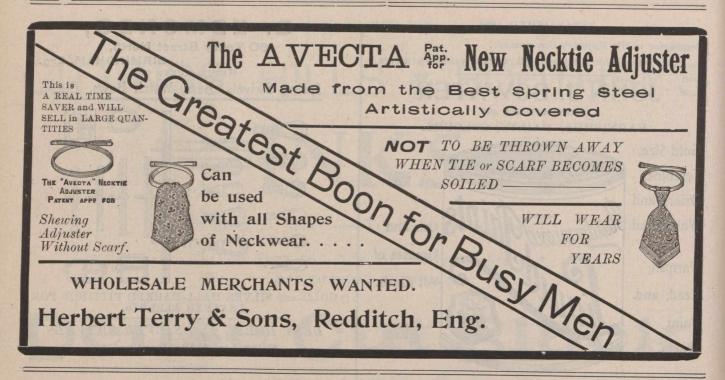
-We are advised by the General Manager of the Traders' Bank that the statement in last Friday's issue of this journal concerning a writ said to have been issued by the Bank against the New York and Canadian Copper Co., of Kingston, is an inadvertence, inasmuch as the "Bank is not, and never was, interested in either that company or Folger Bros. of that city," nor have they "any claim against either, directly or indirectly."

-The general manager of the West Kootenay, B.C., Light and Power Company, has made arrangements for a plant at Upper Bonnington Falls, that will, when completed in February next, generate 24,000 horse-power, and cost \$1,000,000. This will be in addition to the plant at the lower falls, which generate 4,000 horse-power, and is intended to supply the boundary country, taking in Grand Forks, Phoenix and Green-

-Newly incorporated companies include the Canadian Shoe Machinery Company, Quebec, with a capital of \$500,000 .-The Portland Mica Company, Ottawa, capital \$6,000.—Ellams Duplicator Company, Montreal, capital \$20,000.—Ajax Metal Company, Montreal, capital \$50,000.—White Manufacturing Company, Ottawa, capital \$45,000.—Carter White Lead Company of Canada, capital \$475,000.—Matamajaw Salmon Club, capital \$18,000.—Standard Explosives Company, Montreal, capital \$300,000.

-The Victoria Hotel property, Hamilton, and the premises adjoining have been purchased from Alex. McKay, ex-M.P., by James Dixon. The price is said to have been about \$20,-000 .- Hon. D. Haynes reported that it was the intention of Senator Kennedy and himself to extend the proposed Galt-Guelph Railway to the Georgian Bay, under the authority of a charter now held by Guelph people, and that there will be a through service from Owen Sound to Hamilton, and parlor and dining cars will be operated thereon.

-The month of May, the opening month of navigation, was a record for the Port of Montreal, a record that far exceeds any previous months. In the matter of Customs collections on imports alone, a pretty sure gauge of the month's transactions, an increase has been made of \$98.126.12. For the last month the sum was \$1.066,919.79; May a year ago had had only \$918.793.62. The previous year's records for May are as follows:—1903, \$90,758.03; 1902, \$824,018.87; 1901 \$734.207.93; 1900, \$735,174.74.



-The Barbadoes correspondent of a London paper says that Canada appeared this year to be no mean competitor of the United States in everything that is being done to foster trade between the Dominion and the West Indies. Probably the main grievance at present it that the line holding the subsidized contract between Canada and the West Indies is not using sufficiently large steamers to cope with the increasing freight requirements. No efforts have been made to place additional steamers on the route, and the result is that it is dangerous to accept from a firm offers for immediate delivery, as there is every possibility of the produce being shut out.

—From Ogdensburg, N.Y., comes the news that Dr. Archibo'd, chemist at the Starch Works, Prescott, Ont., has sold to the Russian War Department his secret process for producing smokeless powder from starch. Dr. Archibold has, it adds, just returned from Russia, having satisfied the department of the practicability of his process. At the close of the war Dr. Archibold will return to Russia to take charge of the manufacture of smokeless powder for the Government. The powder is manufactured in sheets like glass, is elastic unaffected by heat or cold and cannot be detonated by shock.

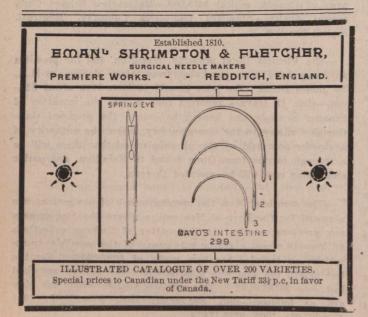
—We learn from Leaimngton, Ont., that the production of oil is steadily on the increase. During May one hundred and eighteen tanks, averaging one hundred and fifty barrels each, were shipped from that point—a large increase over any pre-

vious monh. This does not include Blytheswood, Wheatley or Comber shipments, which would increase the total very largely. A one-hundred-barrel well was drilled in a few days aga, and another one-hundred-and-fifty-barrel well the day following. Everybody is jubilant over the fact that six new wells have been drilled in during the last eight days. The net proceeds from the sale of oil of one company alone during May was \$13.500.

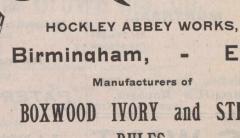
—The Port Credit Brick Co., according to a Toronto letter, filed a petition, accompanied by an affidavit from its president, asking that the business of the Purity Manufacturing Co., dealers in oils, washing powders, soap, etc., be wound up. The firm is declared to be insolvent, and on May 30 assigned to J. P. Langley. The directors of the company are Alfred H. Pritchard, who owns \$1,600 worth of shares; Frank Sullivan and Alfred Brown, who have a \$4,000 and a \$9,000 intenst respectively. The authorized capital stock of the concern was \$40,000, made up of 400 shares, of which about 270 are paid up. There are overdue and unpaid liabilities of about \$5,000 against the firm, besides a claim made by A. D. Chisholm for \$745 salary. The petitioners are creditors to the amount of \$900.

-Leading Glasgow members of the cattle trade condemn the restrictions on the import of Canadian cattle as unjustifiable. An ex-Chairman of the Glasgow Fleshers' Society says:-What Glasgow butchers and Scott'sh farmers desire is that fat Canadian bullocks be allowed to enter our ports and be sent to rest on our pasture preparatory to being sent to market, and that lean animals be sold to farmers for storing purposes. There is no better class of cattle to be found than Canadian cattle after being rested on this side.—The Earl of Derby, presiding at the annual meeting of the Agricultural Organization Society, said that in Canada the agriculturists were far in advance of the English farmers, and they enjoyed the results of combination. He commended the system under which mi'k and other dairy produce was brought from various districts to a common factory, weighed and tested before being sold, and the profits divided among the co-operating farmers.

—Winnipeg mail advices state that the C.P.R. crop report could be summarized in one word—excellent. There is not a point on the whole of the C.P.R. System through the wheat raising country from which complaints are made, and as for the weather conditions, the only variation noted from the word favorable is the phrase, "very favorable." The rapidly growing wheat varies from four to fourteen inches in height,







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and forms a thick mat on all of the fields where seeding was well and carefully done. There have been several small showers in some localities, but they have been appreciated, and by no means excessive. Even the districts in which the subsoil is gravel and sand, and which usually are the first to complain of dry weather, are extremely confident. Farmers and country merchants are enthusiastic, for the grain is now at a stage where it will take extremely bad weather to do serious damage. With a reasonable amount of rainfall during June the amount of wheat grown will create a new record:

-The final tests of the new grain elevator plant of the Canadian Pacific Road, Fort William, have been successfully made and the plant is now ready for the reception of wheat. This is said to be the largest grain storage plant on the American Continent, and, therefore, in the world, for nowhere else is grain storage carried to such totals as in America. This new plant will be able to unload and store 38,000 bushels per hour, for the twenty-four hours each day, and to load into ships at the same time at the continuous rate of 100 000 bushels per hour. This handling speed is no greater than that of several plants at Duluth, but the storage of the new house is greater than any combined property, being 6,000,000 bushels. With this elevator from seven to eight vessels of the usual Canadian size might be loaded por day. The total grain storage of the two Canadian ports here, Fort William and Port Arthur, has risen in the past three years from about 5,000,000 bushels to the important flours of 14 500 000 hashels. Part of this is due to the new Canadian Northern road, whose terminals are at the former city, and which has a 5,000,000bushel plant there, and part to the Canadian Pacific, whose terminals are here.

-The anti-Canadian feeling against Canadian cotton goods is causing, says an Ottawa letter, much discussion among Canadian manufacturers. In the Commons on Monday Sameul Barker, of Hamilton, called the Finance Minister's notice to a recent letter appearing in "Industrial Canada" from the New York agent of the Imperial Cotton Company, which asserted that Canadians labored under great difficulties in finding a sale for their cotton manufacturers in Japan. Inquiry had shown that American cottons sold readily, but that Canadian goods, although of equal value, were absolutely unsaleable. The Americans, it seems, enjoyed a five per cent. customs preference in Japan, which our exporters did not get the benefit of. When this was ascertained the Canadian firms offered a five per cent. cut in their price to meet the United States competition. Still, however, not a single yard of our goods found a sale. Upon further inquiry it turned out that the difficulty was not so much one of price as it arose from a prejudice against this country in Japanese official circles. This was due to a feeling in the Japanese mind that the Do-

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minion had discriminated against Japan in the past. The nance Minister replied that this matter had already been brought to the attention of his Department. The Imperial authorities some years ago entered into a customs treaty with Japan. It was open to Canada to have become a party to this arrangement, but this our Government declined to do on the ground that it would curtail our legislative freedom of action on the labor question. Hon. Mr. Foster remarked that as the matter was one of considerable interest to our business interests it might be well to lay the papers on the table of the House. This the Finance Minister promised to do.

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MONTREAL.

THE CANADIAN JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

MONTREAL, JUNE 9, 1905.

BRITISH COLUMBIA'S MINERAL OUTPUT.

The harvests of British Columbia come out of the ground, as do those of wheat, but the reaping of them involves heavy labour, large outlays of capital, and returns which are not always remunerative

The Province was spoken of by the Honble. Edward Blake as "a sea of mountains." This phrase was used to discredit the project to extend the Canadian Pacific Railway to the Pacific Coast. The traffic is now suffi-

ciently extensive to provide a fair return on the capital invested in the British Columbia section owing, in no small degree, to the development caused by the output of minerals. The mountains in the western Province are huge heaps of silver, gold, lead and copper ore. Sink a shaft anywhere in the Kootenay region and some valuable mineral will be sure to be struck.

Two questions, however, have to be satisfactorily answered before mining can be safely engaged in. First, it must be proved that the ore can be smelted at a cost low enough to yield metal that will pay all the costs of mining, with a good surplus of profit; second, it must be known that the output can be economically placed in the market. There are great stores of gold and silver in the world which have no value, as they are inaccessible, except at a ruinous cost. So in British Columbia the drawback has been, not only lack of

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minerals, but their being in low grade ores which were too costly to smelt and transport. This difficulty is being gradually overcome; a visitor now in the city from Greenwood informs us that enormous quantities of copper ore are now being mined, after the operations had been suspended owing to the cost of "roasting," which is now one-fourth of what it was a few years ago. Any one who could materially reduce the cost of smelting low grade ores might soon be a millionaire, so urgently is such economy needed and so enormous would be the resulting profit.

The Report of the Minister of Mines, B.C., for 1904, gives the total production from 1852 to 1904 as follows:

1852 to 1899.. \$71,981,634 1895 to 1899.. \$46.906,258 1890 to 1894.. \$16,922 565 1900 to 1904.. \$90,391.394

The production last year was \$18,977,359, which, with the exception of 1901, is the largest on record, and \$2,015,929 more than the annual average of preceding 5 years. The gross value of the recorded output of each mineral, 1852 to 1904, was as follows:—

Gold \$	98,255,359	Lead	\$12,559,139
Silver		Copper	21,381,791
(1)	68,274,893	Stone, etc	4,013,799

The total production aggregates \$226,201,851. In 1904 the value of the mineral products was as follows:—

Gold, placer	\$1,115,300	Lead	\$1,421,874
Gold, lode		Coal	3,760,884
Silver	1.719,516	Coke	1,192,140
Copper		Others	600,000

Since 1902 the value of the copper produced has risen from \$3,446,673 to \$4,578,037, which is the largest on record, the result, as before intimated, of a cheaper process of "roasting." This metal has a long history. It is spoken in sacred writ as "precious a gold." It was used in ancient times for coins, as it is to-day, but the great demand of to-day is for electric wires and electric processes.

Its use in times long past for edge tools seems to show that our "rude forefathers," were able to harden this metal to a degree far beyond any process at present known. It would be of little use if known as for all kinds of edge tools steel is incomparably the best.

How the mineral production of British Columbia compares with the rest of the Dominion is shown by the following:—

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Mutual Reserve Life Insurance Company

OF NEW YORK.

1904's GOOD SHOWING IN LEGAL RESERVE BUSINESS.

Department, January 3rd, 1905.)	\$4 397.988
New Insurance Paid for in 1903, New Insurance Paid for in 1904,	\$12.527,288 \$17,862,353
Gain in New Insurance Paid for,	\$5,335,065
Gain in Full Legal Reserve Business in Force (Paid for Basis) in 1904, Gain in Legal Reserve Membership in 1904, Gain in Premims on New Business in 1904. Decrease in Outstanding Death Claims, 1904,	\$6,797,601 \$5,883 \$128,000 \$119,296
Total Payments to Members and their Beneficiaries,	\$61,000,000

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Industrial Agents, Address Providert Department, Mutua Reserve Building, 305, 307, 309 Broadway, New York.

		Other	
	British	Provinces	Total of
	Columbia.	and Yukon.	· Dominion:
Gold	\$5,704,908	*\$10,695,092	\$16,400,000
Silver	1,719,516	408,343	2,127,859
Copper	4,578,037	932,082	5,510,119
Lead	1,421,874	215,546	1,637,420
Iron		901,880	901,880
Nickel		4.219 153	4,219,153
Coal	3,760,884	10,838,206	14,599,090
Coke	1,192,140	692,079	1,884,219
Sundries	600,000		600,000
	-		The second second

British Columbia is now enjoying great prosperity, mining is being conducted on a business basis, and the general condition of its industries and commercial interests is full of promise.

THE EQUITABLE SITUATION.

The situation as regards the Equitable Life Insurance Society continues to be tangled. There have been a dozen or more of suits entered by policy-holders calling upon the directors to account for the funds in their possession, which, it is contended, ought to have been distributed amongst the policyholders. Most of these suits have been commenced by speculative lawyers, but some are being maintained by policyholders in their own interest.

In one case a decision has been given of the utmost importance. Mr. Justice Maddox in a New York Court has just given a judgment (referred to in brief last week) which, if it is sustained by the Supreme Court, will effectually block the movement to mutualize the Equitable, that is, to give the policyholders votes in the election of directors. His argument is that under the law of the United States each shareholder in

the company has a property right in the authority to vote for directors and control the management. This is so obvious and so universally recognized that we can only express surprise at its being questioned. The right to vote for directors constitutes part of the value of the stock held by a shareholder. Take that right away, and the shareholder's status, as practically a partner in the company, is destroyed; he becomes a mere lender of money to the concern.

Were all stockholders but one to vote for abandoning this right, their action would not invalidate his right; it would be illegal and void. According to the charter of the Equitable the stockholders are empowered and enjoined to elect a Board of directors. Those directors cannot divest themselves of their responsibility by passing a resolution to confer voting power on policyholders who are not also stockholders. Such a resolution would violate the charter and be contrary to the law-governing joint stock companies.

The trouble with the Equitable is that a majority of the stock is held by one man, who has become obnoxious to some directors and policyholders; and he controls a majority of the stock.

The only way out of this deadlock is to have the charter cancelled by the Legislature, though even that course is believed by some to be impracticable, as being outside the powers of the Legislature. A New York paper suggests the winding up of the company, but this also is impracticable, though held by some to be the only solution of the difficulty.

It is certainly as complicated a problem as has ever been presented to find out a plan for settling the Equitable Life Insurance Society's controversy. While it is under discussion the public at large are becoming educated in regard to life insurance business. The conviction is growing that such enormous financial interests ought not to be controlled by a few men whose capital at stake may be very disproportionate. Life insurance companies, in too many cases, are built like inverted pyramids; they have no base at all proportinate to the size of the superstructure. In some cases indeed the very name of "company," or "corporation," is misleading, as the interest and the control are practically vested in one man, or in a small group of persons whom he controls.

The Equitable affair may lead to the constitution of life insurance companies generally being investigated, and such legislation being established as will put these enterprises on a broader basis.

The question as concerns the Equitable is not at all made clearer or easier of solution by the exhaustive report of the Frick investigation committee which occupies the greater part of four pages (about twenty columns of some of the larger New York city papers). Few policyholders will wade through such a mass of evidence, but the discussion cannot fail of much enlightenment. It will be wise for policyholders to accept many of the printed statements with a pinch of salt,— at all events not to be in a hurry to part with their interests.

HASTY LEGISLATION.

Perhaps the question relating to the price of gas and the harty action thereon by public bodies in various parts of this continent is more prominently before the people than other matters of importance that have of late been jammed through as far as possible without due consideration. It is the old story over again, haste to avoid giving the opportunity for study and reflection, and consequently crude and incomplete, and often unjust legislation in dealing with measures, whether municipal, provincial or national, and from which the public interests will suffer.

The Legislation in Quebec at the close of the last session, which ended appropriately in the darkness of night, is a fair sample of undigested measures rushed through in haste, but which will likely cause trouble hereafter. Although the session was long, the most important measures were only introduced and passed within the last few days, during which private individual interests were considered and sacrificed. was only on the last day of the session that new financial measures were introduced, and then within the space of a few hours passed through the necessary three readings in both houses, and apparently not discussed by the members of either House. Some of these measures were so unfair that they were materially changed, apparently on the sole authority of one member of the Government at the moment of introduction. Such methods of legislation—without open discussion are always dangerous and unsatisfactory, as will be the case in some of the measures adopted in this last session of the Quebec Legislature, guided by the newly re-constructed Cabinet, from which so much has been promised and expected for this district and the Province generally.

Perhaps the most pronounced example of the danger from this system of rushing legislation is given by the city councils of Philadelphia. That city at the present time owns the plant that supplies the city with gas, which is leased to a private company that operates it. The lease has yet some twenty-four years to run. At present the citizens pay \$1.00 per 1,000 feet, without any charge for meters, and provides for a progressive reduction in the price. The city, by the terms of the lease, is entitled to a percentage of the earnings, which last year reached the large sum of \$700,000, and which is increasing every year with the ever extending growth of that fine city. Philadelphia has for long had the reputation of being the worst governed city in the Union. It is said to be a hot-bed of corruption.

The Mayor of the city has promised to veto the quietly conceived measure, which was hastily adopted, and the citizens are aroused and determined to find some way of defeating the new lease for seventy-five years, which would deprive the city of its share of the earnings for all that time for a totally inadequate compensation.

In Montreal a majority of the City Council has adopted a resolution to offer the gas company an extension of its franchise for twenty years on, what is generally considered by the citizens, totally inadequate terms. That resolution was so hastily prepared that probably but few of the Aldermen who voted for it really understood

⁻J. A. Seguin, grocer, The Excelsior Clothing Manufacturing Co., and Adler Bros., all of Montreal, have consented to assign.

its real meaning, and yet they refused to listen to the reasonable demand for delay so that it could be fully considered in all its bearings. It was passed with a rush, and after Mayor Laporte refused to sign it and send it to the Light, Heat and Power Company, they repassed it over the Mayor's veto, at a subsequent meeting, but with an important rider that proved conclusively the resolution had not been fully understood when first adopted, and, as amended, it-has been sent to the Light Company, without the Mayor's signature. There the matter stands, an example of hasty and rash legislation; but the end is not yet in sight, fortunately.

Another example of "rush" and costly methods of hasty legislation may be found close at home in the matter of the harbour sheds. The plans for those sheds were prepared without consultation with the parties The Harbour Board hastily who must use them. approved of them and, notwithstanding objections raised by the different interests affected, the matter was rushed through, and the contract given out for the whole series of fifteen sheds. Much progress was made on the first three. When the framework of the first shed began to show its forest of posts and the unworkable nature of the constructions, the work suddenly ceased. Changes have meantime been agreed to likely to involve a cost of some \$87,000 for the three sheds under wav.

These are a few instances of unwise and hasty legislation lately become prominent. Such methods are not in the public interest, and should be disallowed. Public discussion and full publicity are always necessary to safeguard and protect the general interests of the people.

THE MAY FIRE LOSS.

The fire loss of the United States and Canada for the month of May, as compiled from the records of the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, shows an aggregate of \$12,736,250. This is much less than the sum chargeable against the same month in 1903 and 1904, as will be seen from the following table, which gives a comparison of the losses for the first five months of this year, and the same period in 1903 and 1904:—

	1903.	1904.	1905.
January	\$ 13,166,350	\$ 21,790,200	\$16,378 100
February	16,090,800	90,051,000	25,591,000
March	9,907,650	11,202,150	14,715,400
April	13,549,000	23,623,000	11,901,350
May	16,366,800	15.221,400	12,736,250
Yl 5 months	\$ 69 070,800	\$161,887.750	\$81,322,100
June		10,646,700	
July	12,838,600	11,923,200	
August	8 428,350	9,715,200	
September	9,939,450	14,387,650	
October	10,409,800	12,866,200	
November	13,589,550	11,515 000	
December	17,224,700	19,422,350	
1"1 12 months	\$156,195,600	\$252,364,050	

The large fires during the month under review were:

Orange Grove, Md., flour mills	\$200,000
St. Louis Park, Minn., beet sugar factory	
Newark, N.J., paint works	250,000
St. Joseph, Mo., wholesale grocery house	310,000
Utica, N.Y., dry goods store and other	453,000
New York city, hatters' fur factory	
Baton Rouge, La., cottonseed oil mill	262,000
Wilkesbarre, Pa., dry goods store and other	300,000
White Horse, Yukon, several business houses	246,000
Mansfield, Ohio, brass works	350,000
Deadwood, S. D., cyanide mill	

During the month of May there were 240 fires of a destructiveness, each of \$10,000 or more, which may be classified as follows:—

8	10 000	to	\$20,000.			 	 	 	199	 	86
			30,000.								
	30;000	to	50,000.		 	 	 	 		 	52
	50,000	to	75,000.		 	 	 	 		 	20
	75,000	to	100,000.		 	 	 	 1		 	6
	100,000	to	200,000.		 	 	 	 		 	18
	200,000	to	500,000.		 	 	 	 		 	11
										_	-
			Total		 	 	 	 		 	240

Fire underwriters are looking forward to the summer season with decided satisfaction, as their losses are usually much lighter in July, August and September than in the other quarters of the year.

THE QUEBEC BANK.

The 87th annual meeting of the Quebec Bank was held on 5th inst., at headquarters at which a statement was presented which must be regarded as satisfactory. The net profits for the past year were \$261,474, which equals 10.45 per cent. of the paid-up capital, and 7.47 per cent. of capital and reserve fund combined. Out of this sum \$175,000 was distributed in two half-yearly dividends of 3 1-2 per cent. each, \$50,000 was added to Reserve Fund, \$5,000 was transferred to Pension Fund, and \$6,340 appropriated for loss on real estate sold, leaving a balance of \$25,134 to be added to the amount at credit of profit and loss, which stands at \$63,293 to be carried forward to next year.

The bank now holds deposits to the extent of \$8,-298,780, against \$7,522,500 four years ago. This is a sufficiently large sum in excess of the paid-up capital to provide for a very profitable business. The resources of the bank, inclusive of reserve fund, circulation and deposits amount to \$10,709,068, which is over four times the amount of the paid-up capital on which dividends have to be paid, so that the prospects are favourable for a higher ratio of profits being realized.

The Quebec Bank keeps the amount of its immediately available assets up to a high standard, higher than the average of our banks, being 77 per cent. of the deposits bearing interest. It would be well if a good slice were taken off the call and short loans, and utilized for commercial discounts. "Easier said than done," will probably be remarked by Mr. McDougall, the General Manager, under whose prudent management this staunch old institution is steadily advancing in business and strength.

JAPAN'S TRADE.

At a tme when Japan is deservedly engaging much of the public mind owing to her late brilliant achievements on land and sea, a word or two respecting her commercial doings will not be altogether uninterest-Notwithstanding the extraordinary conditions that came into existence last year, the returns of the foreign trade of Japan for 1904 show an increase both in imports and exports. The total exports for 1904 were yen 319,250,436 (a yen equals about 50c., or equivalent to the value of the Mexican silver dollar) as against yen 289,502,442 for 1903. The total value of the foreign trade of Japan in 1904 was yen 690,417,-465, as compared with yen 606,637,960 in 1903. The customs receipts during 1904 exceeded those of 1903 by over four million yen.

Of the articles of export in manufactured goods habutai (silk tissues) stands at the head, with an advance in export value of ten million yen. Silk handkerchiefs also increased by nearly two million yen, and other articles which increased in the export trade are cotton, tissues, towels, matches, matting, porcelain, lacquered ware and cigarettes; while the class of goods not enumerated shows an increased export of about three million yen.

Among raw materials and partly manufactured goods, the export of raw silk shows the largest increase, being over fourteen million yen in value in 1904 above that of the previous year. In straw plaits and marine products (except fish oil) there was also an increased export, while the articles under "others" showed an advance of nearly seven million yen. The articles showing a decreased export were coal, copper, rice, fish oil, tea, camphor, waste silk, and cotton yarns, the circumstances in which Japan was placed during the past year being accountable for the restricted export of some of these products. Several articles of import showed a considerable increase, namely, raw cotton, wool, leather, sugar, rice, and kerosene, while there was an advance also in the import value of most kinds of iron and steel, locomotive engines, and steam vessels. The import of several textiles suffered a notable decline, namely Mousseline-de-laine, woollen cloths, shirtings, cotton prints, cotton sateens and veivets, and in dry indigo and oilcake there was also a large falling off. The export of bullion during the year exceeded the import by nearly seventy-four million yen. The import of rice during 1904 exceeded the export by nearly fifty-five million yen in value, and the crop harvested in Japan was the largest on record.

Silk, both raw and manufactured, is accountable for a large portion of the total increase in exports, the former being valued at yen 88,740,702 in 1904, against 74,428,907 in the previous year while habutai (silk tissue) was exported to the value of yen 37,546,099 and silk handkerchiefs to yen 4,699,592 last year, the respective figures for 1903 being habutai yen 27,510,478 and handkerchiefs yen 2,938,421. The rapid advance of habutai to the large export of the past year is shown by the fact that in 1890 its export value was only ven 818,537, which was increased in 1895 to yen 8,354,490, in 1900 to yen 17,436,381, and four years later to the

present large export, namely, yen 37,546,099.

Straw plaits and matches showed an increased export value in 1904 over the previous year of over a million and a quarter yen each, porcelain nearly three-quarters of a million, towels nearly half a million, and lacquered ware and umbrellas each a considerable advance. In imports the increase in value last year of raw cotton compared with 1903 amounted to nearly four millions, of riec seven and three-quarter millions, of beans a million and a quarter, of sugar over two millions, and of kerosene six and three-quarters of millions of yen. Unenumerated imports in 1904 showed an increase of 30 1-2 million yen over those of 1903.

In the commercial field as in that of bullets, the Japanese are wont to show their skill; but in what we are about to touch on, it may be said in their defence that while learning honorable ways of trading a few may have picked up the habit of watering for weight, a system not altogether foreign to those from whom they have been getting "pointers" of late years. Amongst the merchants and shippers of integrity (both native and foreign) we are told that various efforts have again been made to arrest the pernicious practice of increasing the weight of habutai (silk tissue) by the addition of moisture. The Japanese Governmental Department of Agriculture and Commerce is zealously prosecuting the matter, and some good has already resulted from the measures adopted, especially in the weaving districts. Some more drastic and wide-spread action is called for, however, seeing that much of the adulteration must be laid to the charge of the Yokohama dealers; neither are the shippers entirely guiltless, seeing that in some cases the official brand indicating the nett weight of the material is deliberately cancelled by a surcharge, or the strip upon which it is stamped cut off the piece. Such practices may result in temporary profit, but they cannot be too severely condemned, seeing that they thwart the measures which have been been introduced to place the industry upon a sound footing.

In a report by the Secretary of the British Legation at Tokio, recently issued much information on this subject is furnished. Coming to the finances of the country, he observes that "although the position of the Bank of Japan made a not altogether favourable showing at the end of the year, exchange has been very steady, and the position has now been much improved owing to the payment of the final calls on the foreign loan issued in November." When dealing with the annual report of the Bank, we pointed out that there . had been a large, but not apparently in the circumstances unreasonable, increase in the note circulation as compared with 1903. Since the end of December, however, an improvement has been experienced, and while at the date the total, taking the yen at 2s, was £28,600,000, it had been reduced by the beginning of March to about \$25,800,000, the gold reserve having meanwhile risen from £8,358,122 to £11,900,000. The movements of gold in 1904 were against Japan, the net exports amounting to about £10,000,000. During the present year, however, the tendency has set in the opposite direction, and the official figures for the quarter ending March show a balance of imports amounting to £973,000. It may be fairly hoped that

the payments of the instalments on the domestic loans, floated or in contemplation, and the additional taxation imposed by the Diet, which recently adjourned, will prove sufficient to prevent any serious inflation of the paper currency.

THE MONTREAL COTTON CO.

As referred to last week, a meeting of the directors and shareholders of the above company was held on the 5th inst., to consider the offer to assimilate them as made on behalf of the Dominion Textile Co. through the Royal Trust. Nearly all the principal shareholders were represented. Mr. S. H. Ewing, president of the Montreal Cotton Co., read the following statement:

Mr. S. H. Ewing, president of the Montreal Cotton Company, read the following statement:---

Gentlemen,—On May 30 last the shareholders of the Montreal Cotton Company received through the mail a circu'ar issued by the Royal Trust Company, a copy of which is doubtless in the possession of each one here, and a copy of which I now lay on the table. On the same day a number of the shareholders of our company handed to me a written request that I shou'd call a meeting of the shareholders and place before them a complete statement of the condition of the company, together with a statement showing the operations for the last five years.

In accordance with this request I immediately called this special meeting to discuss fully a matter of such vital importance to the shareholders as the proposed purchase of your shares at a figure which, in my opinion, is very much under their true value.

Before discussing the offer, allow me to present statements of the company's affairs as at December 31, 1904, and a further statement showing the operations of the company for the last five years ending Dec. 31, 1904.

The statement of the position of the company as at Dec. 31 last shows our assets and liabilities to be as follows:—

STATEMENT NO. 1.

STATEMENT NO. 1.	
Balance Sheet. December	er 31, 1904.
ASSETS.	
Cash, Book Debts and Mortgages	\$368,115
Clotn, manufactured and in process	. 1,308,100
Raw Cotton	26,049
Supplies	. 235,774
Mill property, consisting of land, machinery, co	t-
tages for workmen, etc., etc	
	\$6,707.921
LIABILITIES.	
Open accounts and Bills Payable	. 806,373
Advances	. 450,000
Bonds	. 350,000
Capital	. 3.000,000
	\$4,606.373
SURPLUS	. 2,101,548
This surplus is divided as follows:	
Profit and Loss account	. \$1,795,298
Bad Debt Guarantee account	. 161,144
Insurance Reserve	. 145,106
The same and a supplied that the same in	\$2,101.548

STATEMENT No. 2.

Profit and Loss Account for 1904.

Manufacturing profit	304,476
Rents, etc	14,096
11 11年十二年 11 11年 11年 11日 11日 11日 11日 11日 11日 11日	
	\$318,572
Dividends to Shareholders	270,000
Bond Interest	13,500
Bad Debts	2,532
	N
	\$286,532
	The second

STATEMENT No. 3.

Actual earnings for five years from December 31, 1899, to December 31, 1904, \$2.522,427.22 which amount was paid and appropriated as follows:

To Shareholders	\$1,128,750.00
Interest in Bonds	67,500.00
Bad Debts	27,720.20
Depreciation	375,000.00
Bad Debts Guarantee Fund	111,125.27
Reserve Fund or Profit and Loss	812,331.75

\$2.522,427.22

In addition to the \$375,000 written off for depreciation, there was paid \$471,859.72 for repairs and improvements during the same period, and charged in the operating expenses.

these statements disclose, first, that in five years you have made a gross profit of something over two millions and a half do'lars, and which I venture to say you cannot but regard as eminently satisfactory.

Out of this large sum you (the shareholders) have been paid dividends in cash to a total of \$1,128,750, or an average on your investment at the rate of 8.65 per cent. per annum. The bondholders have also been paid their interest of \$67,-500. There has been written off for depreciation on your plant- buildings, etc., the large sum of \$375,000. All the bad debts have been specially written off, and in addition to that. there has been added to special reserve for bad debts the sum of \$111,125 making the total of this reserve on Dec. 31, 1904. the large sum of \$161,144. There has also been added to the credit of profit and loss account during the five years in question the magnificent sum of \$812,331, which added to the sum previously existing makes your present reserve on this account foot up, to a total of \$1,795,298. In addition to all this your company has a reserve on insurance account of \$145,106, and a further reserve of \$161.144 for bad debt account, making your combined reserve the large sum of \$2,101 .-548, or over seventy per cent. of your total capital. In other words, you have had paid to you a satisfactory dividend, your p'ant has been maintained in an exceedingly high state of efficiency and you have accumulated a reserve account in excess of seventy per cent. of your capital. Now, I think you must all agree that this is a highly creditable showing, and one of which as shareholders we should be proud. I am proud of if and every shareholder here should take equal pride in it.

Now, the first question that doubtless arose in your mind on receiving the circular of the Trust Company was probably

Why should these people want to obtain possession of our property?' Well, the reasons are not hard to find. It is found in the statements I have given you. It is found in the fact that doubtless they realize that your property is "par excellence" the finest cotten property in Canada, if not in America, and that if they could obtain control of it the benefit would be with them instead of with the present shareholders.

Now, with your permission, let us examine the offer of the Trust Company:

In the first place, the circular does not disclose the names of the parties for whom the offer is being made. They may be men of wealth and men of experience, but on the other hand they may not. The point is, and it is a point I want you to consider, you are asked to sell your shares and entrust your interests to people who do not disclose their names. Now, I have shown you what the directors you have elected have done for you in the past, and I ask you: Is it a good business proposition for us to transfer our interests to people whom we do not know? Then, again, the circular does not say anything about the capita'ization of this new company. It does not say how much preferred stock is to be issued. It is equally silent on the important point as to whether there is any new money whatever to be invested in the enterprise by this syndicate. For all we know there may be a large issue of preferred stock ranking equally with the preferred steck they offer you. In fact, the circular is nothing short of an invitation to a blind pool. Now the bonds they offer you are simply secured on the stock you deposit, and therefore are not one whit better than the security you now hold. Then, so far as revenue goes, they are not as good as the stock certificates you surrender, for the latter have paid you 8.65 per cent., while the bonds would only pay you 6 per cent. I must also draw your attention to the fact that this syndicate reserves to itself the right to pay off your 6 per cent. bond investment at any time at 105. Now your company in the past issued bonds bearing interest at 41/2 per cent., and sold the bonds at about par. This means that when the money market is easy you will one fine morning wake up to find that your bonds are called for payment and your 6 per cent. investment is over. That, you can see is quite one of the possibilities and not at all an improbability. The socalled preferred stock is, you will notice, non-cumulative, and so the syndicate, especially if they issue to themselves common stock, which they probably will, would find it to their advantage to defer paying dividends on this preferred stock until they were prepared to pay dividends on their own ho'dings of common stock. In other words, it is possible for the new Holding Company to defer paying dividends on the preferred stock for say five years, then pay a seven per cent. dividend for the one year and declare on their own holdings of common stock a dividend equal to the total profits accumulated at that time. But suppose we give them credit for no such bad intentions, but on the contrary suppose they allow the present shareholders to retain their new bonds and that each year they pay the interest on the bonds and the seven per cent. dividend on the preferred stock, then let us see how our shareholders would fare for the next four years, as compared with the last four years.

The net earnings for the last four years were .. \$1,701.853 Of which the shareholders received in dividends .. 962.750

years the same profit, viz. \$1,701,853

They would pay out a maximum in interest on bonds and 7 per cent. dividends on preferred

And there would remain a balance of .. \$701,853

which would all belong and probably be paid in dividends to the common shareholders of the holding company, with the result that your security, instead of being improved as it has been under your own management to the extent of \$700,000. would remain exactly as it is and you would have lost about \$175.000 per annum.

It is true that in view of the abnormally depressed condition of the cotton business generally during the past eighteen months your directors deemed it advisable to decrease the

regular dividend from nine per cent. to seven per cent. dating from Jan. 1 last, but you will permit me to draw your attention to the following remarks in the last annual report of the company.

"Your directors, after careful consideration, have decided that it is in the better interests of the company to change the principle which has prevailed in the past in the division of profits and adopt a more usual and conservative rate for the regular quarterly dividend, adding an extra bonus from the profits when fully justified therein, either at the close of the half-year or at the end of the full year." This action was taken in your interests and has, we think, been approved by the shareholders generally.

Gentlemen.—We have a property superior to anything of the kind in this country, and I go further, and state absolutely that a finer plant and water-power from a cotton mill standpoint is not to be found on the continent of America.

The machinery for the most part is new and all in excellent condition. We have a water-power that is invaluable, and as a matter of fact, the power is not valued as an asset in the property account. We have at the present time developed 7.500 horse-power, although using only 5,000; this can be enlarged and developed greatly in excess of its present capacity whenever necessity demands. On a conservative estimate this alone as a power proposition, should be worth \$150,000 per annum, or equal to 5 per cent. on a capital of \$3,000,000.

Now, I might say much more but I do not wish to tire you, and I think enough has been said to justify my advice not to part with your property on the terms of the offer of the Trust Company. It wou'd appear unaccountable to any reasonable person why any shareholders should accept the proposition now made, and it has been suggested as a possible reason that in more than one instance special inducements have been offered in the way of more favorable terms, the promise of directorships in the proposed new companies and other positions of value.

The proposition made to you is one that, in my opinion, should not be seriously considered.

You have a property that is worth far more, far more in its actual physical value, far more as a revenue producer. If you want to sell as a whole I am confident a better offer than that of the Roya! Trust can be secured, but I again advise you not to sell, but to continue to carry on your business in the future on the same conservative basis adopted in the pist, and I am confident the results will justify this advice.

The Vice-President, Mr. W. Markland Molson, said that the President and himself had been approached on the subject several times, and offered certain inducements, but when they thoroughly understood what the interviewers were driving at they advised the shareholders to have nothing to do with the offer.

Hon. J. K. Ward expressed himse'f as totally averse to the proposed amalgamation. The property was one of the best on the continent, not only as to its capacity and efficiency, but as a steady dividend paying concern. He referred especially to their valuable and economical water power, and which has not been developed only to a fraction of its volume.

Mr. Jacques Grenier was opposed also to any parting with their property. Messrs. A. H. Gau't. R. R. Stevenson. and James Roger, directors, also interested in the late Dominion Cotton Co., and now in the Textile Co. were inclined to favour the merger, although Mr. Gault was less decided than the two latter gentlemen. As jointly representing the two large estates of the late A. F. Gault. and his brother-in-law, the late Samuel Finley. Mr. James Roger did not favour their investment for an indefinite time in cotton mills, however, profitable.

Mr. F. S. McLennan proceeded to an analysis of the statement and showed that the syndicate would make over a million dollars by the transaction as proposed; and they had not set any value on the water power in the statement just read. What would be done with that surplus of over a million dollars? For whom was the offer made? He had been unable to ascertain who was behind it. As to the bonds proposed, why,

it was only their promise to pay, and there was no real statement behind that promise. Then, if shareho'ders parted with their stock and accepted these bonds they would lose their voting power. There was no guarantee that the new company would not issue additional bonds and divide them amongst themselves or sell them at any price they liked. Additional preferred stock might also be issued. Nothing was said in the circular about the common stock, who was to own it, or how it was to be divided. In fact, the syndicate was practically asking directors to finance their company for them. Let them do their own financing. If their bonds are goodlet them go in the market and get cash, and if they want to buy your stock let them get the proper amount in cash.

Mr. Morton said it seemed to him these gentlemen wanted them to change their position from proprietors to mortgaged creditors. They did not offer to advance any margin of security whatever, beyond that already possessed by the proprietors.

The President, replying to a question, said the water power the company possessed was only forty-four miles from the city, and if they held on to it, it would become more valuable than the whole capitalization of the company.

Mr. James Crathern remarked that three out of the seven directors seemed to favour the change. He was disposed to place considerable reliance upon the opinion of the selling agent, Mr. Stevenson, who is one of the directors.

Mr. E. H. Copeland thought that some of the business men of Montreal had had their eyes opened this morning. Personally he had not been offered any bribe to part with his stock. He hoped it was not too late for the straight thing to be done in reference to the company. They were not only dealing for themselves, but for people who were depending on them, all of whom were not able to protect themselves. It would be a great pity if Montreal merchants should see men who had been regarded as honorable sacrificing the interests they represented. It was high time that Parliament should look into the law by which a company which was regarded as an investment could be changed from common stock to bonds, "representing nothing but your own property." and the whole company changed from something solid to something ethereal.

Mr. Crathern remarked that any weakness in the company was due to differences among the directors. He had followed the example of one director who represented 600 shares; the Chairman had only 100 shares. Mr. Rodger here explained that he had expressed no preference one way or another.

Hon. Alderie Ouimet here moved an adjournment sine die. The meeting seemed to be in favour of holding on. The directors had ascertained the feelings of the shareholders. If any really practical, fair proposition was made it would be for everyone to consider it in his own interest. A later meeting could be held at the ca'l of the chairman, when he had anything important to communicate. This motion was carnied.

Since last writing we have been informed that the first dividend of the company, that for 1880, was at the rate of 6 per cent., and that a bonus of 1 per cent. was also distributed in the years 1896 and 1898. The dividend, as amended during 1882, amounted, as was shown last week, to 12 per cent. for that year.

THE PHILADELPHIA GAS COLLAPSE.

the colossal attempt in Philadelphia to grab the gas supply for the next 75 years, by collusion of the Council and a number of wide-awake speculators in that city, by means of which a few men should be enriched to the extent of all the way to tens of millions of dollars at the expense of the residents of that great city, has been happily frustrated by Mayor Weaver. The firmness of the Mayor in vetoing the proposition and appealing to the citizens was rewarded by an upheaval of public wrath, when the meaning of the privately concocted

and hastily adopted scheme of spoilation was exposed and understood—was seen to be so universal—that many of the members of the Council quailed before it, and it became doubtful if the measure could be carried over the Mayor's veto. A consultation of the leaders of Philadelphia's gang of boodlers was he'd, and on that day the gas company decid d, as a matter of prudence, to notify the two branches of the City Council that, in consequence of the strong popular feeling against it, the company had decided to withdraw the offer, and would not accept the arrangement. even if it became aw by the vote of the Councils over the Mayor's veto.

Thus the people of Philadelphia have achieved a great victory over a dangerous effort of graft, and that city is being congratu'ated accordingly by the Press in all parts of the Continent. It is undoubtedly looked upon as the harbinger of better and brighter days for good municipal government in tha city, where national. State, and municipal matters have for so many years been so mixed together by manipulation at elections that the municipal government became vested in the honds of a class of wea'thy monopo'ists, who have made that one-time good Quaker city a reproach to the country at large.

The end has now apparently been reached, and henceforth it is most likely that there, national and State politics will be kept apart from all municipal affairs, as they properly should be.

The late experience of Philadelphia should be a warning for all other cities to be on their guard in these matters.

LUMBER SHORTAGE.

The lumber market in the Maritime Provinces is at a standstill owing to the uncertainty regarding the log drives. The outlook is very gloomy on the St. John, Miramichi, Tobique and Aroostock Rivers, and rains are badly needed. The market, says a late report, is very strong. There is a scarcity of deals on the St. John, and it is doubtful if a couple of car loads could be got together. Considerable quantities are held on the north shore for shipment upon the opening of navigation. At the present time deals are worth \$13.50 per thousand f.o.b. St. John, a do'lar more than three months ago. There is a strong demand for American spruce deals. which have advanced in price during the past fortnight. The cedar shingle market is much improved. Offerings by the small mills are lighter, and higher prigs are estab'ished. Extra for Boston delivery are quoted at \$3.40, and clears at \$2.85 to \$2.90, with the supply of all standard brands comparatively light.

QUESTION OF OWNERSHIP.

-Execution on an old judgment is being contested at Windsor Ont., On the question of ownership of the stock and fixtures of the store formerly occupied by J. A. Roe & Co., dealers in engineers' and mill supplies hinges the execution of a fourteen-year-old judgment for \$10,000 and interest, a total of about \$18,000, held by James Morrison, Toronto, against Roe. Roe, according to a Windsor letter was formerly in the employ of Morrison. He opened a branch here. I'wo weeks ago he sold it to Wing & Company of Detroit. Wing claims he bought the stock in good faith, knowing nothing about the trouble between Morrison and Roe, and that the judgment cannot be executed, as the stock is his (Wing's). Tusiness is being continued, but the stock is still under seizure. Roe, who is now in Detroit. claims to know absolutely nothing about the matter. The alleged reason why the judgment was not sonner executed is that Roe left Toronto about the time it issued, and was not located until within a few weeks.

WOOL.

The growth of the country, both in population and prosperity, should demand a corresponding growth of the woollen trade; but as far as the manufacturers are concerned, the opposite is the case. What is responsible? Delegates have wended their way to Ottawa demanding that share of protection for the Canadian woollen industry which, it is claimed by those in a position to know best, is its due; but, for some cause not fully explained, that share of protection is not forthcoming for those whose looms lie idle when they might be running; whose mills are unproductive when they might be giving work to thousands of hands and distributing thousands of dollars per week for native labor; whose best years have been devoted to the expansion of home industry, the growth of their native towns and villages, yet who have of late been compelled to shut down their mills, see some of them sold under the hammer, while many others are standing like silent tombstones pointing the wayfarer to a spot that once teemed with life and commercial industry, and which now is dead. Such in brief is the position of the Canadian woollen trade, and to ask a dealer in imported wool about the market to-day is to open up a subject that tinges with sadness rather than with the semblance of life.

Wool is firm in all markets. A few bales are selling here, but nothing that might be called trade. We subjoin a letter on the U.S. market which shows the general tendency: Woolen manufacturers have this week begun to operate more freely, and the market is less a dealers' one. Carpet manufacturers, on the other hand, are still inactive in spite of the inducements held out to them to buy in this market; New York, is, it is stated without qualification, the cheapest carpet wool market in the world at this moment. Yet the American mills have not been big buyers, nor are they showing anxiety to close transactions in the immediate future. One block of 300,000 pounds of Russian worsted wool was taken this week for consumption, but apart from this sale little business is reported. It was generally expected that as soon as the carpet season had opened up manufacturers would come in and provide themselves with a season's supply, but though the goods season has been opened for almost a month purchases of raw material have not been heavy. This has not been due to unwarranted independence on the part of importers. Prices here are more reasonable than in any foreign market; were importers to clean out their stocks on hand at to-day's quotations they could not replace at less money. There is a disposition to meet the buyers as far as possible under existing conditions, but notwithstanding this, business is not nearly so active as it ought to be.

One or two of the largest concerns have been, relatively, the smallest buyers in the local market and their purchases abroad have also been less than usual. Where the wool is coming from to keep looms going is a mystery. No adequate reason why important buyers should continue to hold off is apparent to third parties. Perhaps manufacturers are of the opinion that values would drop were peace, to be dec'ared in the East. Russia recently placed contracts for army elothing which call for quite 10,000,000 pounds of wool, and the result was a sudden advance in the price of raw material in that country-an advance sufficient to bar export buying. It is possible American carpet manfacturers may think that the end of the war is near, that these contracts will be cancelled and that the wool will be thrown upon the market. prognostications may or may not be fulfilled, but at the moment nothing definite is known regarding when the war is to be stopped, so that large quantities of wool are being used all the time. But even should the Russian Government not require all the clothing ordered the effect upon carpet wool is not likely to be radical since supplies are scarce all over the This week's advices from the primary markets all quote very high figures. Considerable ingenuity is now necessary in order to bring in carpet wools under the 4c duty rate, and if the foreign markets advance much further it will be practically impossible to import carpet wool to America except under a duty of 7c., a figure which the wools cannot

stand. Apart from Donskoi, carpet wools have not been active this week. Little has been done in China stock or in the other wools—not in great bulk—on this market.

A satisfactory feature of the domestic wool market this week has been the increased buying by manufacturers. Hitherto much of the activity has been due to the speculative operations of dealers, and this encouraged a good many manufacturers to think that the boom was not justified, and would not last long. Things, however, have taken a decided change. The American Woolen Co., which has the reputation of buying with shrewdness, has quietly taken stocks aggregating, it is said, 12,000,000 pounds. New York, of course, was not the market in which this wool was bought.

A Boston authority says: "The American Woolen Co. is the prominent factor. Its purchases alone are estimated at rising 2 00 000 pounds of all kinds, including nearly 10 000,000 pounds of Montana and other Territory and medium domestic fleeces, about 1,000,000 pounds of South American crossbreds and 1,500 bales of Austra'ian. The domestic wool is all to arrive. It is said that the Montana was probably bought in the West on orders, the trades being now made public. It is certain, however, that the wool was sold at much profit over original cost."

This is calculated to have a beneficial effect upon the whole market, since other manufacturers are likely to fall in line and replenish stocks that must be now seriously depleted. In this market there has been a certain amount of inquiry from manufacturers and some business has been consummated. One lot of 40,000 pounds of greasy Texas was taken, also another parcel of 20,000 pounds of scoured Texas at over 60c. The sale of Kerrville and San Angelo clips is awaited with interest; prices are expected to be very high. Pulleries will not do much this month; a good demand for finer grades is reported. Territories are fair'y active, but little business is reported locally in fleeces. Comparatively little new wool has as yet reached New York, and transactions are consequently re-Boston prices are stiffening, but no terial advances are reported. Conditions are favorable to dealers, and a satisfactory volume of purchases of all wools have been made by consumers. Australian and South American crossbreds have moved freely, and the new domestic wools have sold in considerable quantities, both spot and to arrive. Buying in the West is about over, and the fleece wool sections are well sold at fancy prices. The foreign markets are strong with a rising tendency.

The shipments of wool from Boston to date from Dec. 29, 1904, according to the same authority, and 105,791,108 pounds, against 91,191,082 pounds at the same time last year. The receipts to date are 125,126,844 pounds, against 93,448 941 for the same period last year.

BUSINESS DIFFICULTIES.

The affairs of O. L. Richardson and Sons, wholesale leather, shoe findings, etc., Quebec, have ended in an assignment. The concern has been in liquidation for some time. The business was established in 1876 by the late O. L. Richardson, and proved successful under his management. Couple of years prior to his death, the management devolved upon a son, O. B. C. Richardson. In November, 1903, a statement showed a surplus of \$31,731. Personal expenses had been, meantime, drawing heavier on the business, and in January last, at a meeting of creditors, an extension of 4, 6, and 9 months was granted with the expectation that the concern would pay in full.

At Port Au Persil, Que.. down near Murray Bay, Maurille Tremblay started a general store about 1890, on small capital. He got along, and as the years crept by he obtained possession of the store premises, a saw and shingle mill, timber limits, etc., for \$12,000 paying about half down. Being pressed for money he later on mortgaged the property to a Quebec hardware firm for \$10.000. Subsequently a flour firm in same city paid off this claim and assumed his debts, owing

to the timber property increasing very much in value. The new firm held on a \$50,000 mortgage, and were offered shortly afterwards \$75,000 for the estate by a U.S. company. They refused, and from this time on matters did not prove so prosperous. Writs were issued but paid off, and Mr. Tremblay has now assigned.

Howland Bros., tailors, etc., Kingston, Ont., have assigned. The firm was composed of three brothers, one of whom was from 1890 to 1892 as partner with one O'Brien. Three years ago the firm showed a surplus of \$5.375, but pressure for ready cash seems to have met them at many intervals.—Mr. E. Pierce, clothing, and boots, and shoes, in a small way, at Sault Ste: Marie, Ont., has assigned. He began in Oct., 1904. with small capital.—Childs Cash Bakery, Quebec, W. A. A. Chīlds doing business as above, has assigned. Liabilities light.

At Avonmore, Ont., John S. Kennedy, a druggist of 10 months standing, has given the assignee possession. He seems to have had everything but capital in his favor, ample experience and no opposition. Liabilities not heavy.—The jeweltery stock of K. Chowin. North Bay, Ont., was sold at 55c. in the dollar.—A meeting of creditors of L. N. Chouinard & Co., general store, Matane, Que., will be held on the 9th inst.—Elzear Cote, leather, Quebec is offering 20c. in the dollar. Jenner. Sauer, Bannerman and Co., importers of fancy dry goods. Toronto. have voluntarily assigned. Unsatisfactory business is given as the reason for discontinuing. It is believed that the assets will considerably exceed liabilities. The company has been in business six years, and individual members may continue in the same line.

"THE NORTH AMERICAN COTTON CO., LTD."

Some of those who attended the meeting of the Montreal Cotton Co. last Monday, as reported at much length elsewhere, are known to have had their attention directed to the announcement in the "Canada Official Gazette" of May 27th ult., wherein two accountants, two c'erks; and an agent are shown to be incorporated under the title of the "North American Cotton Company (Limited)" with a capital of three million dollars, the chief place of business to be in Montreal. The objects are out'ined at much length, and cover evrything that relate to the acquisition and running of cotton mills, &c., the issue of bonds, &c., all as unler the Companies' Act of 1902. The names of the incorporated are those of men for some years in the emp'oy of the Dominion Cotton Co., now merged in the Dominion Textile Uo. They are Messrs. J. H. Webb, book-keeper; P. T. Dantord clerk in the same office; F. P. Webster, purchasing agent for that company; N. G. Hampshire, another e'erk, a d J. A. Fish, another accountant.

FOLGER BROS., KINGSTON.

The reference to change of management elsewaere recalls the reports current in Kingston and Toronto during the last few months concerning the tangled affairs of Folger Bros. of that city, in some of which another Bank was wrongly said to be concerned. This firm of brokers and bankers is reported to be practically out of business. M. Henry Folger is off to the U.S., and B. W. Folger, the brother, remaining In Kingston, refuses to consent to the demand of assignment made upon them, although the executions issued amount to \$150000. The assets are largely pledged to the Standard Bank, who are the only creditors secured, and there will be nothing practically left for outsiders. The total liabilities are not far from half a mili'on dollars. Several other banks are interested for sums ranging from a few hundred to a few thousand do'lars, one being a judgment creditor for \$4,000. Some of the creditors reside in New York. The brothers were at one time reported comfortably off, being considered worth \$150,000 and upwards.

THE ADVANCING SEASON'S FASHIONS.

The difficulty encountered by some in procuring a new hat each season is off-set for the milliner by those whose deeper purses admit of a second purchase as the season advances, thereby keeping well in advance of fashion's latest fancy. The millinery modes for the summer days are delightfully different from those that claimed our attention eyen a few weeks ago. That extremely trying and often ridiculous polo turban is seldom, if, indeed, ever seen at the milliners. Its vogue, emphatic enough while it lasted, soon burned itself out, and the fact that, unlike all the other turban shapes, it is utterly unsuited and unadaptable to any but the most youthful face, doubt'ess helped materially in its speedly downfall.

Shade seems to be the first requisite in the summer hat. This is a fashion that will be welcomed by young and elderly alike. Not that the hats are to be at all large in their proportions. It is merely that the very latest styles show a breadth of brim that cannot fair to yield some protection to the eyes from the glare of the summer sun, and prove extreme y becoming to any and all types of face at the same time. It is what is known as the made hat that reigns supreme in all of the summer shapes. This is merely that a wire frame is used as a foundation, to which the straw braids are sewn by hand, and this can then be bent and twisted into the lines that will assuredly prove the most flattering to their wearer.

The quest for originality and individuality in hats is furthered by those made shapes, and there is simply no end or limit to the effects that the clever milliner can thus weave with one and the same hat when she comes to make it up for different customers. One has the back turned up flat over the crown, and the front brim turned into a very slight, almost imperceptible, downward flare. Another will have the very same shape with the back wired into fluted folds and turned up somewhat, while the front looks as though it had received a slap in the face and doubled up on itself, a smart quill being thrust through, apparently to hold it in place.

All of the summer modes are youthful in effect, and from the milliner's point of view, at any rate, it would appear a crime indeed for any woman to appear o'd. In fact, the only difference that one can perceive between the hat for the matron of 40 and her debutante daughter who has not yet said good-bye to her teens is, or will be, in the wearing. The younger generation have taken to a most fascinating downward tilt to all of their hats in front, while the more elderly ladies wear theirs after a more sedate fashion. The same shady shape, the same flowers and feathers, the same high, built-up back and even the same shades and co'orings are worn by mother and daughter alike. Even those smart little Breton sailors that were once the perquisite of youth alone are now twisted and manipulated so that they do not look at all out of place over even snow-white locks.

It was once considered very poor taste to wear a beplumed hat in the mornings, with one's wooltex tailormade frock. Even the simplest chapeau that was so adorned was not considered suitable for morning wear. But like so many other of our traditions sartorial, this one, too, has been put aside, and the plumed hat is now worn at any time of day, and the wearer need not consider herself at all out of the correct mode in so doing.

Wings are a very prominent feature of all of the latest shapes. Their mode and method of application is various. In most instances, though they are posed flat, and the tips point to the back, rather than in any other direction. Where those smart wings are employed—and they are used in a multitude of delicate tints—velvet ribbons are accepted as the correct accompaniment, and flowers and ostrich plumes seldom, if ever appear on the wing-trimmed hat.

The shaded effects, of which we got a hint last autumn, are to the fore in a most bewitching way. Color combinations are most complicated and the greatest care must be taken in the b'ending and mixing. In hats that are fashioned entirely of ribbons this caution cannot be too strongly borne in wind, for Madame la Mode beams bountifully upon the hat that displays several shadings and colorings in ribbon for its chief attraction.

Meetings, Reports, &c

THE QUEBEC BANK.

Proceedings of the 87th Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Quebec Bank, held in the Banking House, Quebec, on Monday, the 5th of June, 1905.

Present:—John Breakey, Esq.; John T. Ross, Esq.; Gaspard Le Moine, Esq.; Vasey Boswell, Esq.; Edson Fitch, Esq.; Thomas McDougall, Esq.; T. A. Piddington, Esq.; H. B. Patton, Esq.; Wm. Brodie, Esq.; Heber Budden, Esq.; Major Jas. Morgan, John Shaw, Esq.; A. C. Joseph, Esq.; A. Laurie, Esq., and others.

On motion of Andrew C. Joseph, Esq., seconded by John Shaw, Esq., the chair was taken by John Breakey, Esq., and R. C. Patton requested to act as Secretary of the Meeting.—Carried.

The Chairman read the report of the Directors, and Thomas McDougail, Esq., General Manager, read the statement of the affairs of the Bank as on the 15th of May, 1905.

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

Report of the Directors of the Quebec Bank to the Share-holders thereof, made at the Annual General Meeting, held at the Head Office of the Bank, in Quebec, on Monday, the 5th day of June, 1905:—

The Directors beg to submit to the Shareholders, at this, the eighty-seventh annual meeting of the Bank, the General Statement of its affairs, together with its Profit and Loss Account, exhibiting the net results of the business for the year ended the 15th May, 1905:

This result shows a profit for the year of \$261,474.91, deduction having already been made therefrom of the charges of management, including provision for bad and doubtful debts.

Out of these profits, an annual dividend of seven per cent. per annum, or \$175,000, is paid; the usual annual appropriation for Pension Fund, \$5,000, has been taken; loss, amounting to \$6.340.88, on Real Estate disposed of, has been written off; the Rest has been increased by \$50,000. The balance of the Profit and Loss Account carried forward, namely, \$63.295.74, exceeds that of last year.

A Branch of the Bank has just been opened at L'Epiphanie. In the Province of Quebec, the prospects of which seem promising.

The Head Office of the Bank and a'l of its Branches have been carefully inspected during the year.

JOHN BREAKEY,

President.

\$ 9874435.08

\$13,703,932.48

GENERAL STATEMENT, 15th, May, 1905.

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock	\$ 2,500,000,00
Rest	3 1.050.000.00
Reserved for Interest due to Deposi-	The state of the s
tors, and for Rebate of Interest	
on Current Bills discounted	128 294.26
Balance of Profits carried forward	
	but a finish of the first
	1,241.590.00
Unclaimed Dividends	407.40
Han-yearly Dividend No. 166, pay-	
ab'e 2nd J'une, 1905	87,500.00
Notes in circu'ation\$	1,360.288.00
Deposits not bearing interest	1.045,282.01
Deposits bearing interest	7,253,498.00
Balances due to other Banks in	
Canada	215,367.07

ASSETS.

Specie
Dominion Notes
Deposit with the Dominion Govern-
ment for security of Note Cir-
culation
Notes of and Cheques on other
Banks
Bonds and Securities 992,633.51
Call Loans on Bonds and Stocks in
Canada 2,375,886.81
Doans to other Banks in Canada
secured including Bills re-
discounted
Call and short loans, elsewhere than
in Canada 250,000.00
Deposits made with, and Balances
due from other Banks in Canada 9,027.37
Balances due by Agents in Great
Britain
Balance due by Agents in Foreign
Countries 158,451.21
Times Loans on Bonds and Stocks\$ 230.985.41
Notes I D'II D'
Overder Debt
Real Estate other than Bank Pre-
mises
Mortgages on Real Estate 36,668.73
Bank Premises and Furniture
229,629.02
\$13.703.932.48
φ15.705,932,48

\$13,703,932.40

THOMAS McDOUGALL.

General Manager.

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The Quebec Bank, Quebec, 15th May, 1905.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

Ba'ance of credit of Profit and Loss Account. 14th May, 1904	38.161.71 261,474.91
Dividend 31/2 per cent., paid 1st	299,636.62
December, 1904 87.500.00	
Divident 31% per cent., payable 2nd	
June, 1905 87.500 00	
Reserved for Pension Fund 5 000.00	
Appropriated for loss on Real Es-	
tate sold 6,340.88	
Added to Rest 50.000.00	
	236,340.88
Balance at Credit of Profit and Loss Account carried forward \$	63 295.74
the state of the regulate decrease and a finite state.	

Moved by John Breakey, Esq., seconded by John T. Ross. Esq., that the Report and Statements now read be adopted and published for the information of the Shareholders.—Carried.

The usual resolutions conveying thanks to the Directors and Officers were passed, after which the following Shareholders were elected Directors for the ensuing year: John Breakey, Esq.; John T. Ross, Esq.; Gaspard LeMoine, Esq.; W. A. Marsh, Esq.; Vasey Boswell, Esq.; Edson Fitch, Esq.; and Thomas McDougall, Esq.

At a meeting of Directors held immediately after the Annual Meeting. John Breakey Esq., was re-elected President, and John T. Ross, Esq., Vice-President.

RAW SILK MARKET.

Cables from Yokohama report the estimate of the new silk crop to be well over 100,000 bales-110,000 bales is regarded as a conservative figure. Mail advices report that while authentic news regarding the new crop prospects was at the time meagre, it was known that damage had been done to the leaves in several provinces by frost and that elsewhere the temperature had been unfavorable. Cables received this week state that the damage done was not at all serious and that the indications to-day are all in favor of a crop of record size. In view of the unprecedented activity of cultivators throughout the country a crop of 110,000 bales would not create any surprise. This appears to be a huge total, but take in comparison with the 1904-5 crop the estimate becomes more moderate. According to a cab'e dispatch from Yokohama to a local firm of importors, the exports for the current season up to May 23 were:-To America, 63.500 bales: to Europe, 28,500. In addition another 1,000 bales had been sold and were ready for export, while subsequent sales for export are estimated at 2,000 bales, giving a total export to date of 95,000 bales. To this total must be added in calcuiating the extent of the crop the 6,000 bales taken for Japanese consumption. This brings the grand total to 101,000 bales, so that the estimate of 110,000 bales for 1905-6 seems very reasonable. Before the naval battle took place it was conjectured that in the event of the fortunes of war going against Japan the raw silk owners would be anxious to real-1ze as quickly as possible in order to provide the sinews of the campaign; the result might have been a lowering of values sufficient to take the early season business from Europe. Now, however, that the Russian fleet has been annihilated the same necessity for selling promptly will not exist and reelers may prefer to hold out for stiff prices. So far they have not exhibited any readiness to enter into engagements for future delivery at attractive rates. On the other hand, importers are not attempting to force business. The consequence is that important transactions have been few and are likely to continue so for some little time. The crop, all advices, agree. Will be later than usual in being put upon the market.

The latest cables from Europe do not take so gloomy a view of the damage done by the long-continued rains, the general opinion now being that the worms will pull through without serious mishap. New cocoons, nevertheless, are quoted from 50 to 75 centimes dearer than thew were bought for a year ago, and reeler are accordingly asking extremely high prices for new silk. American importers are not willing to do business on such terms; there is some silk on the market, and manufacturers being well covered until the beginning of August, there is no urgent necessity for closing contracts at this moment for future delivery. Quotations are not materially changed from last we'k, although Piedmont grand extra, extra and classical are all a shade higher, as is also Italian extra. Very little news has been cabled from either Shanghai or Canton during the last few days; there have been no important developments in the markets this week. In New York business has been quiet. Manufacturers report a rather Pronounced falling off in orders for goods, and until the outlook for fa'l is more clearly established there may not be heavy purchases of supplies. It would be well, in the interests of the whole silk industry, if raw material would keep very firm, since this would help to check the tendency to cancel orders which has developed during the last week or two.

THE LINEN SITUATION.

Linen manufacturers are not well situated at present. Raw material has advanced to a point which renders it impossible to continue to do business on the old basis of prices and leave anything like a reasonable margin of profit. Moreover, the probabilities are that the raw material situation will become acute before it improves. There are reports—which at least have the semblance of probability—that the crop of flax in

Russia will be materially less this year owing to the absence of many of the cultivators on account of the war and that in consequence the keenness of the demand will, in all lik'ihood, send up quotations. Manufacturers, however, are loath to demand more money for their goods under existing circumstances. The American demand for housekeeping linens has, taken in the aggregate, been disappointing, and the margin of profit has been rather less than usual. White dress linens have been a notable exception; the popularity of dress linens has been widespread, and those who were in a position to respond to the demand were able to do a very profitable business. The weather has not been altogether favorable of late to th continuance of this demand, but repeat orders may come in more freely by and by. The clothing trade has taken normal quantities of padding, but housekeeping linens of all kinds -damasks, napkins, crashes, etc.—have been very disappointing. May was not a very good month, although in comparison with the same month last year things must be regarded as fairly satisfactory. June is invariably quiet.

—The Y.M.C.A. Building, Dominion Square, was damaged by fire to the extent of some \$8,000 on Thursday morning. The premises were partially occupied by boarders and lodgers. Fully insured in several companies.

—Mr. George P. Reid has resigned from his position as general manager of the Standard Bank, Toronto, after ten years' managership and thirty-five years on the staff. He will be succeeded by Mr. G. P. Schofield, assistant manager at headquarters, who had earned distinction for himself formerly in the Chatham branch, and meantime in Toronto. The statement in advance of the annual meeting of the Standard Bank shows the Reserve Fund as now equal to the paid-up capital.

FINANCIAL.

Montreal, Thursday, 8th June, 1905.

The peace rumours which were intended to be a great bull force have had very little effect. The apathy of operators will take smoething more to remove than vague reports.

The prospect of some 250 millions being spent on railways in the North-West is incomparably more important than stock eperations. If along with this outlay there comes a good harvest there will follow one of the best years Canada ever had.

Nova Scotia steel has had a rally owing to report being denied that new securities were to be issued. Dominion Coal continues out of favour. Twin City is to issue \$1,000.000 new common stock. All the stockholders have the privilege of subscribing at par from June 20 to July 5 to amount of 5 per cent. of their holdings on 7th inst. Payment to be made in tuil at \$100 per share at time of subscription. The Hudson's Bay Co.'s dividend is 48 shillings per share, making 58 shillings for the year. We give the Quebec Bank's statement on another page. The Standard Bank made \$156.995 not profits last year. The reserve fund is now equal to the capital. The Trader's Bank earned \$287.144 net profits in past year, and received \$300,000 for premiums on new stock. The reserve fund is now \$1,100.000.

Dollar wheat is reported at Winnipeg. The crops are promising well, and 85,000,000 bushels of wheat are anticipated. This is large enough to allow of a heavy discount and still leave a splendid return.

The Mexican Light and Power Co. financed by Canadians, is said to have bought out all the companies of this class in Mexico City. The company has a franchise for extending its operations to any towns in Mexico. Some 40 millions are said to be invested. The syndicate seems to have as large a supply of courage as of capital. "The International Bank of London." England, is likely to be wound up by the voluntary action of the shareholders.

Stocks, Bonds and Securities dealt in on the Montreal Stock Exchange.

BANKS	Capital subscribed.	Capital paid-up.	Reserve Fund.	Perc'ntage of Rest to paid-up Capital.	Par value per share.	of one	Dividend last 6 mos.	Dates of Di	v'd.	Prices cent. o Ju	
			San Labor				p.c.			Ask.	Bid
		*		. \$		\$	P.0.			1301	130
British North America	4,866,666	4,866,666	1,946,666	40.00	243	315.90	8	April	Oct. Dec.	1009	4 001
Can. Bank of Commerce	8,700,000	8,700,000	3,500,000	40.20	50	82.25	31/2	June Feb. May-Aug			
Dominion	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	100.00	50		21/2*	Jan.	July.		130
Eastern Tewnships	2,497,700	2,472,700	1,500,000		100	130	5	June	Dec.		
Hamilton	2,237,400	2,235 000	2,235,000	93.94	100			June	A STATE OF	William P	Facility of the
Hochelaga	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,200,000	60.00	100	134.00	31/2	June	Dec.	135	134
Imperial	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	100.00	100	154.(0	5	June	Dec.		
La Banque Nationale	1,500,000	1,500,000	450,000	30.00	30	1	3	шај	Nov.		
Merchants of P.E.I	344,073	344,073	266,204		-	4	4	O CELLY.	July. Dec.	167	169
Merchants	6,000,000	6,000,000	3,200,000	53.33	100	160.00	31/2	June	Dec.	-0.9	100
Metropolitan	1,000,000	* 000 000			No.	100 00					
Molsons	3,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000		100	200.00	41/4	April	Oct.	228	227
Montreal	14,000,000	14.000,000	10,000,000	100.00 71.42	50 100	114.00 252.00	5	June	Dec.	255	252
New Brunswick	500,000	500,000	775,000	155.00	100	202.00	6	U CLAL.	July.	270	260
Nova Scotia	2,000,000	2,000,000	3,100,000	155.00	100	260 00	5	Feb.	Aug.	210	200
Ontario	1,500,000							June	Dec.	141	
Ontario Ottawa	2,500,000	1,500,000	600,000	40.00	100	*****	3 41/4	June	Dec.	ON ICH	
People's of Halifax	1,000,000	2,500,000	2,500,000	100.00	100		3		Sept.		
People's Bank of N.B	180,000	180,000	440,000 170,000	44.00 94.44	20 150		4		July.		
Provincial	846,537	823,309	170,000	31.22	100		11/4				
2 1-							American Indian	attend other	D	131	130
Quebec	2,500,000	2,500,000	1,050,000		100	130.00	8	June	Dec.	225	217
Royal	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,006	100.00	100	217.00	4 -	Feb. MayAug	Aug.		ULTURE A BELL
Standard	1,000,000	1,300,000	350,000	26.92	100	*****	11/4"	April	Oct.		
St. Stephen's	200,000	200,000	1,000,000 45,000	100.00 22.50	50 100		21/2	April	Oct.		
		200,000	20,000	24.00	100		- /2				
St. Hyacinthe	504,000	300,515	75,000	22.75	100		3	Feb.	Aug.	*	
Toronto	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,300.000	11	100	236.00	5&1†	June	Dec.		236
Traders'	1,336,150	2,9:6,718	1,.00,000	28.00	100	******	31/2	June Feb.	Dec. Aug.		
Union Bank	2,500,000	1,336,150 2,500,000	931,405	69.70	50	140 00	31/2	Feb.	Aug.	145	140
and the second of the second o	2,000,000	2,800,000	1,000,000	40.00	100	140.00	073	red.	and b.		
Western	500,000	500,000	217,500	43.50	100		31/2	June	Dec.		
Yarmouth	300,000	300,000	50,000	16.66	75		21/2	Feb.	Aug.		
		THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T							AND THE PERSON NAMED IN		

Business on 'Change continues very dull, bona fide sales being quite small. C.I.R. is in retirement. Montreal Cotton has been selling at 114 to 115½; N.S. Steel 53 to 54; Dom. Coal, 70, pfd. 115½; Dom. Iron pfd., 65; Toronto St., 105. Bank of Commerce. 165; Toronto, 232; Molsons, 228; Royal, 214½; Imperial, 238; Hamilton, 219; Ontario. 130; Traders', 136. The Bank of Hamilton is calling up \$250 000 more capital, being the balance of \$500.000 authorized last year. The price is 100 per cent. premium. Consols 90 5-16. Paris, ex on London 25f., 18½c. Sterling exchange, 60's, 485.10, demand, 486.95. Local money remains as for some time past.

The following is a comparative table of stocks for week ending June 8, 1905, as compiled by Chas. Meredith and Co., Stock Brokers. Montreal:—

				Last
Stocks.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Year.
Banks				
Montreal	37	255	255	2451/4
Molsons	22	230	226	201
Toronto	17	232	232	
Merchants	14	1671/2	1661/2	155
wastern Townships	10	168		
Commerce	28	1651/2	165	152

El Padre Needles O CENTS VARSITY, S CENTS.

The Best CIGARS that money, skill and nearly half a century's experience can produce.

Made and Guaranteed by

S. Davis & Sons,

				A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	
Hochelaga	the !	1	1321/2	1321/2	136
Royal		2	to have the state of	2141/4	
			7		
Miscellaneous.					
Canadian Pacific		79	148	1465/8	117%
Canadian Pacific (new)		3	1461/2	1461/2	
Montreal Street Railway		31	215	215	210
Toronto Street Railway		136	106	105	1001/2
Twin City Rights		155	33/8	33/8	
Twin City Electric Railway		60	1111/2	110	933/4
Detroit Electric Railway		1715	901/4	891/2	611/2
roledo E'ectric Railway		375	343/4	331/2	19
winnipeg Electric Railway		115	162	162	
Mont. Light, Heat and Pow	er	725	901/4	883/4	731/4
Mackay, common		25	39		23
Do Preferred		180	823/4	721/2	671/2
	:	2490	60	.511/4	717/8
Do. Preferred		10	113	113	1141/2
		490	203/8	20	91/2
Do. Preferred		. 60	65	641/2	29
		260	73	70.	58
Do. Preferred		407	1151/2	115	113
Montreal Telegraph Co		7	161	162	
		78	157	155	
Bell Telephone Co. Rights	5	2293	23/4	21/8	
		1030	1181/2	106	1071/2
Textile, Pfd		90	87	86	
Sao Paulo		225	132	1311/4	
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR					
Bonds.					
Dominion Coal	1		993/4	991/2	
Montreal Street Railway			103	1021/4	
	\$5		1103/4	1103/4	1081/2
Sao Paulo	9	\$500	943/4	943/4	

MONTREAL WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Thursday, June 8, 1905.

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BUTTER.—Receipts show a large increase, considerably in excess of requirements, the market displaying a heavy appearance and prices ruling a shade lower than last week. Still,

Stocks, Bonds and Securities dealt in on the Montreal Stock Exchange.

	Miscellaneous.	Capital subscribed.	Capital paid-up.	Reserve Fund.	Perc'ntage of Rest to paid-up Capital	Par value per share.	Market value I of one share.	Dividend. last. 6 mos.	Dates of Div'd.	Prices per cent. on par June 8.
			3	\$	\$	*	*	p.c.		Ask. Bid.
	Beli Telephone	. 1,475,000	5,395,370 2,700,000 1,475,000 98,020,000 13,333,300	953,361 265,000 3,947,232	25.53 34.75	100 100 100 100 100	150.00	2* 1* 5 8 1¾*&t	Jan. Apl. July, Oct. Jan. Apl. July, Oct. Jan. July. April Oct. Jan. Apl. July, Oct.	150 148 147 ±
	Detroit Electric St	3,000,000 15,000,000 3,033,600 20,000,000	12,500,000 3,000,000 15,000,000 3,033,600 20,000,000 5,000,000	592,844		100 100 100 100 100 100	90.12½ 71.50 38.00 19.87½ 65.00	1° 4 8	Mar.Jun. Sep.Dec. Jan. July. Jan.Apl.July,Oct. Mar.Jun. Sep.Dec. April Oct.	90¼ 90½ 72 71½ 20¾ 19¾ 66 ¶
	Duluth S. S. & Atlantic	. 10,000,000 . 1,500,000 . 1,500,000	12,000,000 10,000,000 1,350,000 1,500,000 2,250,000	107,178	8.00	100 100 100 100 100	10.121	11/4.	Jan. Apl. July, Oct. Jan. July	105
	Intercolonial Coal Co	. 250,000 . 1,600,000	500,000 219,700 1,600,000	90,474	12.06	100 100 100 5		7 4 2	Jan. Feb. Mar.	
	Merchants Cot. Co. Montmorency Cotton Montreal Cot. Co. Montreal Light, Heat & P. Co. Montreal Street Ry.	750,000 2,500,000 17,000,000	1,500,000 750,000 2,500,000 17,000,000 6,000,000	798,927	13.31	100 100 100 100 50	37.00 108.50 89.00 107.50	2½* 1*	Mar. Jun. Sep. Dec. Feb. May Aug. Nov. Feb. May Aug. Nov.	109\$ 108\(\frac{1}{2}\)\text{xd} 89\(\frac{1}{2}\)\text{89} 21\(\frac{1}{2}\)
	Montreal Telegraph	1,467,681 5,642,925 3,090,000	2,000,000 1,467,681 5,642,925 3,090,000 1,030,000			40 25 50 100 100	64.80 3.80 39.00 54.62‡	2° 3 2°	Jan. Apl. July, Oct. Jan. Apl. July, Oct. April Oct. Jan. Apl. July, Oct.	162 55½ 54½
	Ogilvie Flour Mills Co	2,000,000 2,505,600 500,000	1,250,000 2,000,000 2,505,600 500,000 12,000,000	131,550 39,642	5:22 7.93	100 100 100 100 100	70.00 104.50 34.00	8½ 8 8	Mar Jun. Sep.Dec. Mar Jun. Sept.Dec. May Nov. Mar.Jun. Sep.Dec.	72 70 106 104½ 34½ 34
	Foronto Street Ry. Twin City Rapid Transit do pfd. Windsor Hotel Winnipeg Elec. St. Ry. * Quarterly. t Bonus of 1 per	15,010,000 3,000,000 600,000 1,250,000	6,000,000 15,010,000 3,000,000 600,000 992,300 Annual	1,086,287 2,163,507	8.10 14.41	100 100 100 100 100	105.25	1½* 1½* 1¾* 1¾* 8	Jan. Apl. July, Oct. Feb. May, Aug. Nov. Dec. Mar. Jun. Sep. Máy Nov. Apl. July, Oct. Jan.	106 1051
-										

there is a satisfactory business passing, and exporters continue buying. Finest creameries have sold in the neighbourhood of 19½ to 20c; second grade, 19c. In dairy there is also a good business passing at a decline of ½c. Finest selected is not saleable over 16½c, with store-packed and mixed 15 to 16c.

4

CHEESE.—Though the market is somewhat weak prices show little change. Finest Western is quoted at 93% to 9½, but we hear of no sales over the inside price: Eastern, 9½. There is rather more demand for under-priced goods. Stocks are accumulating, a good portion of present requirements going into storage in absence of demand.

EGGS.—Coming in more freely, the market now being better supplied. Prices are weak and subject to being shaded. It is now difficult to make over 16c for best marks of straight gathered. New laid selected sell at 17c to 18c.

FISH.—Cool weather has assisted trade and a good demand continues. Supplies are plentiful, except in halibut. The week is being made more active owing to next being what is termed Ember Week. Gaspe salmon gradually declining, now 22c lb. Fresh shad, medium size, now arriving and sell at 20c each. Fresh doree or pickerel 7½c lb. Fresh haddock, 4c lb.; steak cod, 5c; lake trout, 7½c; whitefish 7½c; brook trout, 18c; sturgeon, 9c; pike, 6½c; fresh boiled lobsters, 14c lb.; lalibut, 12c; B.C. salmon, 17c; dressed bul heads, 9c; perch. 8c. Bulk oysters. \$1.50 gal. Prepared, boneless cod, in bricks, 5½ to 6c lb.; skinless cod, new pack, \$5.50 case. Finnian haddies, 15 lb. boxes, 7c lb.; kippered herrings, 30 fish to box, 90c box; bloaters, 100 in box, \$1.

FLOUR AND FEED.—No change in quotations of either. Movement good. There is a firmer undertone to the flour market, assisted by strength of wheat in the West.—Winnipeg closing prices of Manitoba wheat in that market Wednesday were:—No. 1 northern. 99c; No. 2 do., 96c; No. 3 do., 85c; No. 4 do., 76c; No. 5 do., 65c; and feed 61½ per bushel, ex store. Fort William, June delivery.—Despite weakness in

wheat at American centres, the Winnipeg option market continues to rule strong and prices closed %4c to 1c per bushel ingher at 98%c June, \$1.00 July.

GREEN FRUIT, ETC.-Strawberries are abundant and e exp. Onions are selling much lower. Lemons about steady; old apples running very high. We quote:-Oranges, extra fancy, 200 size boxes, Cantania Ovals, \$4.50; extra fancy, 160 size boxes, Cantaia Ovals, \$4.25; extra fancy, 100 half boxes, Cantania Ovals, \$2.25; Valencia style, 200s, Sorrentos, \$3.75. Lemons:-Large cases, 300s, Maioris, \$3.75; "Toreador" Brand, 300s. Messinas, \$2.75; good, sound, 300s, Messinas, \$2.25; do., 360s., Messinas, \$2.00. Grape Fruit:-Finest Jamaica 54 size. \$5.50; do. 64 size, \$5.00. Apples \$5 to \$6.50 brl. Pineapples. -24 size, \$3.25 crate; 30s., \$2.75, 36s., \$2.40; 42s., \$2.00. Bananas:-\$1.50 to \$2.25. Onions:-New Egyptian, bags, 112 lbs., 2c lbs.; Bermuda crates, 50 lbs., \$1.15. Cocoanuts:-100 to bag, \$3.25; 125 to bag, \$3.00. Vegetables:-Tomatoes, 6 baskets carrier, \$3.25, cabbage (new), \$2.50; new potatoes, per brl., \$4, cucumbers, bushel baskets, \$2.50; asparagus, Canadian baskets, \$1.50; cranberries, per barrel. \$9.00. Strawberries, qt. boxes, 10 to 121/2c. Dates (Golden) 41/2c. lb. New Grenoble walnuts, 13c.; Tarragona almonds, 12c.; Sicily filberts, 11c.; shelled walnuts, 16c.; Brazils, 15c.; Pecans, large, 15c.; shelled almonds, 24c.; peanuts 71/2 to 11c. lb.

GREEN HIDES.—Following a firmer tendency prices of beef hides have been marked up ½c making present quotations 10, 9 and 8c for No.'s 1, 2 and 3. Calf skins steady at 13 and 11c lb., and lamb skins 25c. each.

GROCERIES.—Sugars declined 10 points on Monday last, bringing prices to the present basis of \$5.15 for standard granulated, brls., and 5c less in bags. Opening prices of California prunes this week were much higher than a year ago. Last year prices opened at 13/4c; this year the nominal quotation is 21/2c, with expectation of an advance. In fact business from here has been refused on this basis. Apricots and peaches, however, are 10 to 15 per cent. lower. Other con-

Stocks, Bonds and Securities dealt in on the Montreal Stock Exchange.

BONDS.	interest per Amor		Interest payable at:	Date of Redemption.	Market Quotations, June 8 Ask- Bid	REMARKS.
Commercial Cable Coupon Commercial Cable Registered Can. Col. Cotton Canada Paper Bell Telephone	6 2,00 5 20	00,000 1 July 1 Oct. 00,000 2 Apl. 2 Oct. 00,000 1 May 1 Nov.	New York or London New York or London Bank of Montreal, Montreal Merchants of Can, Montreal Bank of Montreal, Montreal.	1 Jan., 2397 2 Apl., 1902 1 May, 1917	103 1011	
Dominion Coal	4 & 2 30 5 \$ 7,87	08,200 1 Jan. 1 July 16,000 1 Jan. 1 July	Bank of Montreal, Montreal Bank of Montreal, Montreal Bank of N. Scotia, Halifax or Montreal	1 Jan., 1916 1 July, 1929	99 85 84 ¹ / ₄ 103	Redeemable at 116. Redeemable at 112 Redeemable at 110. & accrued interest. Redeemable et 106.
Intercolonial Coal	5 1,00 4 88	00,000	Montreal	* T. l. 1001	106 104 105	
Montreal Street Ry Montreal Street Ry Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Ogilvie Flour Mill Co	4½ 1,50 6 2,50	0,000 1 May 1 Nov. 0,000 1 Jan. 1 July	Bank of Montreal, London Bank of Montreal, Montreal Union Bk., Halifax, or Bank of N.S., Montreal or Toronto Bank of Montreal, Monteal	1 Aug., 1922 1 May, 1922 1 July, 1931 1 Jun., 1932	105 103 111 115	Redeemable at 110.
Richelieu & Ont. Nav. Co Royal Electric Co	4½ £ 13 5 \$ 67	0,900 1 Apl. 1 Oct. 5,000 1 May 1 Nov.	Montreal and London Bk. of Montreal, Montreal or London	1 Way 1925		after June, 1912. Redeemable at 116. Redeemable at 110. 5 p.c. redeemable yearly after 1905.
Foronto St. Railway Windsor Hotel Winnipeg Elec. Street Ry	41/2 2,50	9,953 28 Feb. 31 Aug. 0,000 1 Jan. 1 July	Bank of Scotland, London Windsor Hotel, Montreal	31 Aug., 1921	110 107	

ditions of the grocery situation are entirely in accord with our extended remarks of last week. Jobbers are getting rid of balances of goods preparatory to the arrival of new stock.

HARDWARE.—Prices holding pretty steady under a good demand. Builders' hardware shows much expansion from all in Canada plates, and extra 5-per cent. on discount on lead quarters. Recent changes in prices include a decline of 5c pipe, and an advance of 1/2c lb. on the larger sizes Manilla rope. These, with other values are shown in prices current on another page. London cables on Tuesday evening report: The copper market has been dull and concessions have been necessary to effect sales. At the close spot was 11s. 3d. and three months' was 7s. 6d. lower. Total sales were 400 tons. Business at Singapore was reported at £70 15s. Following are the official quotations:-Standard cash, highest £66 2s. 6d.: lowest £65 15s.. Tin-A decline in prices and business has shown little or no improvement. The close was quiet. with spot 10s. and three months' 15s. lower. Total sa'es were 100 tons. Business at Singapore was reported at £126 c. i. f., unchanged. Lead-Only a small volume of business has been transacted but prices have held firm. Soft Spanish spot closed at £12 18s. 9d., and English at £13 3s. 9d. Spe'ter-The market has been quiet and only small sales have been reported. At the close G. M. B. was quoted at £23 12s. 6d. and special brands at £23 17s. 6d.—Pig iron has remained quiet, with Scotch nominal and Cleveland unchanged at 45s. 6d.—At the New York Produce Exchange Wednesday pig iron certificates were: Cash \$14 asked; June \$14.25 asked; July, 4.25 to \$14.50 asked.—The contest between the bul's and bears in Cleveland (Eng.) iron warrants has culminated in a drop of \$2.40 per ton since the beginning of the year. The month price for May was equal to \$10.88. Owing to the large quantities in stock. and manufacturing in the great centres, prices do not promise to be higher.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Turpentine very firm at \$1.05 net. It is expected to reach \$1.07 from day to day. Linseed oil steady. White lead unchanged.

PROVISIONS.—A better tone prevailed the last day or two, and arrivals were pickel up readily. Selected live hogs sold at \$7 to \$7.25 off cars, while abattoir dressed stock remained steady at \$9.50 to \$9.75 per 100 lbs. The demand for name, bacon and lard continues fair, and prices show no change. We quote:—Heavy Canada short cut mess pork, in tierces, \$31.50 to \$32.50; heavy Canada short cut mess. \$21.00 to \$22.00; Canada short cut back pork, \$19.00 to \$20.00 heavy Canada long cut mess pork, none; heavy Canada short

cut clear pork, \$19.00 to \$20.00; heavy flank pork, \$19.00 to \$20.00; light Canada short cut clear pork, none.—Compound lard—Tierces, 375 lbs., 5¾c boxes 50 lbs., parchment lined 5¾c; tubs, 50 lbs., 6c; pails, wood, 20 lbs., 6c to 6¼; pails tin, 20 lbs., 5½c to 5¾c; tins, 3 to 10 lbs., 6¼c to 6½c.—Kettle lard—Tierces, 375 lbs., 11c to 11½c; tubs, 50 lbs., 11¼c to 11½c; pails, 20 lbs., 11½c to 12c; cases, 12c to 12¼c.—Pure lard—Tierces, 375 lbs., 10 c to 10½c; tubs, 50 lbs., 10¼c to 10¾c; boxes, 50 lbs., parchment lined, 10c to 10½c; wood pa'ls, 20 lbs., 10¾c to 11c; cases, 11c to 11¼c.—Smoked meats thans, 28 lbs., 13c; do., 12 to 18 lbs., 14c; 12 to 17 lbs-14½c; boneless hams, rolled, 14c; English boneless breakfast bacon, 14c; Wi'tshire bacon, 50 lbs., sides, 13c; Windsof bacon, backs, 12c to 13c.

ROYAL BOOKLET.

The Grand Trunk Railway System are distributing a very handsome booklet descriptive of "The Royal Muskoka" Hotely a beautiful resort on Lake Rosseau, in the Muskoka Lakes "Highlands of Ontario." The publication is one giving a full description of the attractions that may be found at this popular resort, handsomely illustrated with colored prints of lake and is and scenery, the hotel itself and many of the special features that may be found there. A glance through this booklet makes one long for the pleasures of summer or out door life, and copies may be secured gratuitiously by applying to G. T. Bell, G. P. and T. A. G. T. Railway Systems, Montreal.

FISHING AND SHOOTING.

A new region, now accessible for the first time by rail, and known as the "Temagami" (pronounced Tem-mog-a-me) District, is being brought to the notice of the public as one of the finest fishing and hunting confines in Canada. Excellent sport is assured all who take advantage of a trip to this magnificent territory which is situated 300 miles north of the city of Toronto at an altitude of 1,000 feet above the sea. Black bass, speckled trout, lake trout, wall-eyed pike and other species of fish are found here in abundance, and large game such as moose, caribou and deer abound in the forests. A fiandsome booklet, profusely illustrated, giving all information including comprehensive maps can be had free on application to G. T. Bell, G. P. and T. A. G. T. Railway Systems, Montreal.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

WHOLESALE PRICES CUI THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1	
Name of Article.	Wholesale.
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS	\$ c. \$ c,
Acid Carbolic Cryst. medi. Aloes, Cape Alum Borax, xtls Brom. Potass Camphor, Ref. Rings Camphor, Ref. Ca. ck Citric Acid Citrate Magnesia lb. Cocaine Hyd. oz. Copperas, per 100 lbs. Cream Tartar Epsom Salts Glycerine Gum Arabic per lb. Gum Trag Insect Powder lb. Insect Powder per keg, lb. Morphia Oil Peppermint lb. Oil Lemon Opium Phosporus Oxalic Acid Potash Bichromate Potash Iodide Quinine Strychnine Tartaric Acid	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Licorice.— Stick, 4, 6, 8, 12 & 16 to lb., 5 lb. boxes Acme Licorice Pellets, cans Licorice Lozenges, 1 & 5 lb. cans	2 00 2 00 1 50
Bleaching Powder Blue Vitriol Brimstone Caustic Soda Soda Ash Soda Bicarb Sal. Soda dal. Soda Concentrated. DYESTUFFS— Archil. con Cutch Ex. Logwood Chip Logwood Indigo (Bengal) Indigo Madras Gambier Madder Sumac Tin Crystals	2 25 2 50 1 50 2 50 1 75 2 25
Bloaters, per box. Labrador Herrings Labrador Herrings, half brls. Mackerel, No. 2, brls. Mackerel, No. 2, one-half barrel Green Cod, No. 1 Green Cod, No. 1 Green Cod, large No. 2 Large dry Gaspe per qntl. Galmon, brls. Lab. No. 1 Salmon, half brls. Salmon, British Columbia, brls. Salmon, British Columbia, half brls. Goneless Fish Soneless Cod Skinless Cod	1 00 0 00 5 50 3 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0
FLOUR— Ogilvie's Royal Household Ogilvie's Glenora Patents Manitoba Patents Strong Bakers Winter Wheat Patents Straight Roller Straight Bags Rolled Oats Cornmeal, bag Bran, in bags Shorts, in bags Mouillie	1 00 5 60
FARM PRODUCTS— Butter— Choicest Creamery Under Grades, Creamery Townships Dairy Western Dairy Good to Choice Fresh Rolls Cheese— Finest Western, white Finest Western, colored Finest Eastern	0 164 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 00 0 15 0 15
Finest Eastern, colored Eggs Best Selected Straight Gathered Limed Cold Storage	0 17 0 18

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LARGEST.SALE IN CANADA

Tuckett's Marguerite Cigars

Sales exceed "a million!a month"

IF YOU SMOKE

Tuckett's Marguerite Cigars

You will recommend them to your friends.

Established 1875.

SADLER SONS

LENS CAP - - - -MANUFACTURER



Enlarging Screens, Iso Screens, Lens Cases, Stop Cases, &c., &c.

34 1/2 Great Hampton Street, BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Special prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.

Announcement.

An invitation is extended to any white merchant outside of New York city, or their representative, whose name appears in Bradstreet's or Dunn's Commercial Age cy Book, to accept the hospitality of our Hotel for three days without charge. Usual rates, apartment with private bath \$3.00 per day and up, without meals. Parlor, bedroom and private bath \$35.00 per week and up, with meals for two. New York Merchants and Editors are requested to call the attention of their Out of Town Buyers and subscribers to this advertisement. An invitation is extended to any white merscribers to this advertisement.

GALLATIN HOTEL

70 W. 46th St., New York City.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1	905.
Name of Article.	Wholesale
FARM PRODUCTS.—CON.—	\$ c. \$ c.
Sundries—	0.60 0.00
Potatoes, per bag of 90 lbs	0 18 0 13 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Beans—	
PrimeBest hand-picked	0 00 0 00 1 1 60 1 65
GROCERIES-	
Sugars—	
Standard Granulated, barrels Bags, 100 lbs. Ex. Ground, in barrels Ex. Ground, in boxes Powdered, in barrels Powdered, in boxes Paris Lumps, in barrels Paris Lumps, in half barrels Branded Yellows Molasses (Barbadoes) old Molasses, in barrels Molasses in balf barrels Molasses in balf barrels Evaporated Apples	5 15 5 10 5 55 5 75 5 75
Powdered, in boxes	5 55 5 70
Paris Lumps, in half barrels Branded Yellows	5 80 4 65 5 10
Molasses (Barbadoes) new	0 00 0 38
Molasses in half barrels Evaporated Apples	0 00 0 41
Raisins— Sultanas	0 07 0 10
Loose Musc.,	0 05½ 0 07½ 1 75 2 00
Con. Cluster Extra Dessert	2 50 3 00 2 50
Con. Cluster Extra Dessert Royal Buckingham Valencia Valencia, Selected Valencia, Layers Currants, Provincials	0 04 0 07
Valencia, Layers	0 07
Patras	
Vostizzas Prunes, California Prunes, French	0 00 0 00 0 04 0 071
Figs, in bags Figs, new layers	0 00 0 00 0 09 0 12
Rice—	
	2 85 2 95
C. C. Standard B Patna, per 100 lbs. Burmah, per 100 lbs. Crystal Japan, per 100 lbs. Carolina, Java Pot Barley, bag 98 lbs. Pearl Barley, per lb.	2 95 3 05 3 80 4 50
Crystal Japan, per 100 lbs	3 50 3 75 5 75
Pot Barley, bag 98 lbs	2 00 2 25 0 034
Tapioca, Pearl per lb	0 03 0 03
Pot Barley, bag 98 lbs. Pearl Barley, per lb. Tapioca, Pearl per lb. Tapioca, Flake, per lb. Corn, 2 lb. tins. Peas, 2 lb. tins. Salmon, 4 dozen case Tomatoes, per dozen String Beans	1 20 0 85 1 00 1 82
Tomatoes, per dozen	1 27½ 1 30 0 85
HARDWARE—	
	0 08 0 10
Antimony Tin: Block, L. & F. per lb. Tin, Block, Straits, per lb. Tin, Strip, per lb. Copper: Ingot, per lb.	0 32
Copper: Ingot, per lb.	0 33
Cut Nail Schedule -	
Base price, per keg, Extras—Over and above 30d, 40d, 50d, 60d and 70d Nails	2 20
Coil Chain—No. 6 No. 5 No. 4 No. 3 ¼ inch 5-16 inch ¾ inch 7-16 inch	0 00 0 09
No. 3	0 00 0 07
5-16 inch	3 80 3 65
7-16 inch Coil Chain—No. ½ 9-16	0 00 3 45 0 00 3 25
98 ************************************	0 00 3 20 0 00 3 10 0 00 2 95
% and 1 inch	0 00 2 90
Galvanized Staples—	
100 lb. box, 1½ to 1%	2 85 2 65
Queen's Head, or equal, gauge 28 Comet , do., 28 gauge.	4 00 4 26
Iron Horse Shoes—	
No. 2 and larger No. 1 and smaller Bar Iron, per 100 lbs. Car lots	1 80
Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 18 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 20 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 20 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 22 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 24	1 75

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

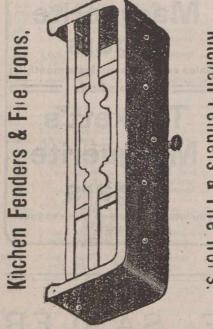
THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1905.

THURSDAY, JUNE 2,	1905.
Name of Article.	Wholesale.
-200-2007002	Day of Free
HARDWARE.—CON.—	\$ c \$ c
Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 26 Am. Sheet Steel, 6 ft. x 2½ ft., 28 Boiler plates, iron, ½ inch Boiler plates, iron, 3-16 inch Hoop Iron, base for 2 in. and larger. Band Canadian, 1 to 6 in., 30c; over	2 75 2 90
Boiler plates, iron, ¼ inch	2 10 2 10
Hoop Iron, base for 2 in. and larger.	2 40
base of ordinary iron, smaller size.	
Extras.	
Canada Plates	
Full Polish	3 50 2 40
Ordinary, 52 sheets Ordinary 60 sheets Ordinary 75 sheets Ordinary 75 sheets	2 4: 2 50
Black Iron Pipe, 1/4 inch	2.07
inch	2 07 2 34 2 90
1 inch	2 90 4 15 5 63
1½ inch	6 76
Per 100 feet nett.	9 00
steel, cast per lb., Black Diamond .	0 073
Steel, cast per lb., Black Diamond Steel, Spring, 100 lbs. Steel, Tire, 100 lbs. Steel, Sleigh shoe, 100 lbs. Steel, Toe Calk	2 50 2 10
Steel, Sleigh shoe, 100 lbs	2 00 2 60
Steel, Machinery Steel, Harrow Tooth	2 75 2 50
	2 00
Tin Plates—	A POST OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
IC Coke, 14 x 20	3 75 4 00
Terne Plate IC. 20 x 28	4 75 6 50
IC Coke, 14 x 20 IC Charcoal, 14 x 20 IX Charcoal Terne Plate IC, 20 x 28 Bussian Sheet Iron Lion & Crown, tinned sheets 22 and 24 gauge case lots 26 gauge Lead: Pig, per 100 lbs. Sheet	0 10
22 and 24 gauge case lots	7 00 7 50 3 50
Lead: Pig, per 100 lbs	3 50
at a 100 lbs loss 10 per cent	0 04± 6 50
Lead Pipe, per 100 lbs	7 00 less 30 p.c.
Zinc-	
Spelter, per 100 lbs	0 07 0 071
Black Sheet Iron, per 100 lbs	
8 to 10 gauge	2 15
22 to 24 gauge	2 05 2 10 2 20
28 gauge	2 25
. Wire—	
Plain galvanized, No. 5	3 55
do do No. 6, 7, 8 do do No. 9 do do No. 10	3 00 2 35
do do No. 10	3 05 3 10 2 50
do do No. 12	2 50 2 60
de de No 15	3 60 4 25
do do No. 16	4 50 2 621 f o b
spring Wire, per 100, 1.25	Montreal.
Net extra. fron and Steel Wire, plain, 6 to 9	2 15 base.
ROPE—	
Sisal, base	
do 7-16 and up	0 10½ 0 11
do 3-16 Manilla, 7-16 and larger	0 11½ 0 15
6isal, base do 7-16 and up do % do 3-16 Manilla, 7-16 and larger do 3-16 do % Lath yarn	0 15± 0 15±
Lath yarn	0 10
WIRE NAILS-	
Base Price	2 25 1 00
2d extra	1 00
ad f extra 8d extra 4d and 5d extra 6d and 7d extra 8d and 9d extra	0 65 0 40
3d and 7d extra	0 40 0 30 0 15 0 10
16d and 20d extra	0 10 0 05
sed to 60d extra	Base
BUILDING PAPER—	
Dry Sheeting, roll	0 40
Tarred Sheeting, roll	0 50
HIDES—	
Montreal, No. 1	0 00 0 10
Montreal, No. 2	0 00 0 09 0 00 0 08
Tanners pay \$1 extra for sorted cured and inspected.	
Clips	0.00
Spring Lambskins, each	0 00 0 25
Spring Lambakins, each Calfakins, No. 1 Calfakins, No. 2	0 11 0 13 0 09 0 11
Horse hides	1 50 2 00

ESTABLISHED 1858.

E. Wigley

WHOLESALE MANUFACTURER OF



105 Upper Trinity Street, BIRMINGHAM, Eng.

A. E. FINLEY,



10 BROOK ST., ST. PAUL SQ.,

BIRMINGHAM, England.

Special Prices to Canadians under New Tariff.

EASTERN TOWNSHIPS BANK. DIVIDEND NO. 91.

Notice is hereby given that a Dividend of Four per cent. for the current half year has been declared upon the paid-up Capital Stock of this Bank and that the same will be payable at the Head Office and Branches on and after Monday 3rd day of July next.

The Transfer Books will be closed from the 15th to the 30th of June both days inclusive.

By order of the Board.

JAMES MACKINNON.

Genera! Manager. Sherbrooke, 5th June, 1905.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT. THURSDAY, JUNE 2, 1905.

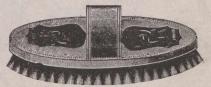
THE RESERVE AND LANCE	A 11 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Name of Article.	Wholesale
LEATHER—	\$ c. \$ c.
No. 1, B. A. Sole	0 27 0 23 0 25 0 26
No. 3, B. A. Spanish Sole	0 24 0 25
No. 2, B. A. Sole No. 3, B. A. Sole No. 3, B. A. Spanish Sole Slaughter, No. 1 light medium and heavy No. 2	0 28 0 29 0 28 0 29
Harness	0 26 0 27 0 27 0 32
Upper, heavy	0 34 0 36 0 35 0 37
Upper, light	0 34 0 35 0 35 0 35
	0 60 0 65
Kip Skins, French English Canada Kip Hemlock Calf	0 45 0 55 0 50 0 60
Hemlock Calf	0 70 · 0 70 0 50 0 60
French Call	0 85 1 10 0 22 0 25
Splits, heavy	0 17 0 20 0 18 0 20
Splits, heavy Splits, small Leather Board, Canada Enameled Cow, per ft.	0 06 0 10
Pebble Grain	0 12 0 14
P Colf	0 15 0 20
Brush (Cow) Kid	0 11 0 12 0 13 0 16
Russetts, light	0 35 0 40 0 25 0 30
Russetts, No. 2	0 35 0 40 7 50 8 00
Russetts, light Russetts, heavy Russetts, No. 2 Russetts, Saddlers', dozen Imt. French Calf.	0 65 0 \$ 5 0 30 0 35
Dongola extra	0 38 0 42
Dongola, No. 1 Dongola, ordinary Colored Pebbles	0 20 0 22 0 14 0 16
Colored Pebbles	0 13 0 16 0 16 0 18
Colored Call	TOUR DE
OILS—	PROPERTY.
Cod Oil	0 00 0 424
S. R. Pale Seal Straw Seal Cod Liver Oil, Nfid., Norway Process Cod Liver Oil, Norwegian Castor Oil	0 45 0 50 1 75 2 50
Cod Liver Oil, Norwegian	2 00 2 50
	0 07 0 09
Lard Oil, extra	0 70 0 80 0 60 0 70
Lard Oil, extra Linseed, raw, nett Linseed, boiled, nett Olive, pure	0 51 0 52 0 54 0 55
Olive, pure	1 05 1 15 3 70
Olive, extra, qt., per case Turpentine, nett	1 05
Petroleum:	
Benzine	0 21 0 28
Gasoline	0 211 0 26
GLASS—	
First break, 50 feet	2 00
Second Break, 50 feet	2 10 3 75
Second Break, 100 feet	4 50
Fourth Break	4175
PAINTS, &c.	
Lead, pure, 50 to 100 lbs. kegs	5 00 5 25
Lead, pure, 50 to 100 lbs. kegs Do. No. 1 Do. No. 2	4 50 4 75
Do. No. 4	4 37 4 624 4 37 9 624
White lead, dry	5 50 5 50 4 50 5 50
Venetian Red, English	1 75 2 00
Whiting, ordinary	0 45 0 50
White lead, dry Red Lead Venetian Red, English Yellow Ochre, French Whiting, ordinary Whiting, Gilders' Whiting, Paris, Gilders' English Cement, cask	0 85 1 00
Belgian Cement	2 00 2 10 1 65 1 90
Belgian Cement	0 00 0 00 1 90 2 30
United States Cement	15 00 22 00
Fire Clay, 200 lb. pkgs	
Glue—	
Domestic Broken Sheet	0 08 0 09
French, barrels	0 19
American White, barrels	0 16 0 20 0 25 0 20 10
Brunswick Green	0 04 0 10
French Imperial Green	0 65 0 70 0 75 1 00
	0 75 1 05 0 60 0 75 0 75 2 00 2 25 2 25 2 75
Orange Shellac, No. 1	2 00 2 25
White Cholles	2 75 3,00
Putty, bulk, 100 lb. barrel	1 75 1 85
Putty, bulk, 100 lb. barrel Putty, in bladders Paris Green in drum, 1 lb. pkg. Kalsomine, 5 lb. pkgs.	0 184 0 194
Kalsomine, 5 lb. pkgs	0.1
WOOL-	
Canadian Washed	no 24 0 251
North-West	10 174 0 100
Buenos Ayres Natal, greasy Cape, greasy	0 701 0 224
Australian, greasy	20 0 00

VALE & BRADNACK.

Crown steam Brush Works,

WALSALI, England.

Manufacturers of the "DEFIANCE" **Brand of Saddlery** Brushes. Including



DANDY (Registered Pattern), WATER BRUSHES, with Secure Bracks, SPOKE BRUSHES, with Leather Face and Secure Backs, COMPO, HORSE, etc,

Specialité: LEATHER HORSE BRUSHES. Special Prices for Canadians under the New Tariff. W

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MANUFACTURER OF EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

Fish-Hooks, Rods, Reels, Baits and Fishing Tackle.

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Artificial Flies

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s Salmon, Trout, Bass, &c.

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Bicycle Saddle and Pouch, Strap, Brace, Belt, Bag, Purse, Pocket Book, Front, Rosette, Legging and Coloured Leather, PATENT, ENAMELLED and COLOURED LEATHER MANUFACTURERS.

AND LEATHER MERCHANTS.

STAFFORD STREET, WALSALL. Staffordshire, England.



CHEMICALS—SITUATION ABROAD.

There is no great amount of activity at present, states a Manchester private circular of May 26th. Export business is fairly good, and some branches of the home trade are latterly looking rather better, but the total volume of business does not appear to be large, transactions continuing to be mainly for moderate quantities for near delivery. There is, however, no feeling of depression, although quiet times are now looked for with the approach of the holiday season and the end of the half-year. In the Heavy Alkali branch there is steadiness as to values, but demand is not active. Bleaching powder is not taken readily against contracts, and some quantities are offering for re-sale. Caustic Soda is quiet. Ammonia Alkali is fairly active. Chlorates of Potash and Soda are firm at the fixed prices, and makers announce themselves as heavily sold over the year. Exports of Bleaching Materials during the four completed months of this year as compared with the corresponding period of 1904 show an increase of 476 tons or £2,524, and Soda Compounds show a decrease in weight of 1,705 tons and an increase in value of £16,100

In Tar Products there has latterly been little change in the general position. Benzoles are quiet for present delivery, but for forward delivery there is a good enquiry for supplies for gas-enriching. Solvent Naphtha is being taken freely by consumers, and the outlook for this article is prighter. Creosote is firmer, and stocks being low, some makers are finding difficulty in keeping pace with orders. Crude carbolic is easier, and lower prices are now offered for early and forward delivery: Crystals are not active, but Liquid has rather more enquiry. In Pitch there is more business passing, some sellers being now disposed to meet buyers' views. Sulphate of Ammonia, after being firmer, is now showing some signs of easiness. In general chemicals also there has latterly been little

alteration. Acetates of Lime maintain firmly their position. but not much business is being done. Acetate of Soda also is firm. Foreign white sugar of lead is being offered at lower prices, notwithstanding the higher price of Lead: Nitrate of Lead is very firm, and other Lead compounds are steady. Su'phate of Copper has given way, and is easy. Green Copperas is still too plentiful, and sells very slowly. Carbonate and Caustic Potash are firm, and a steady business is passing. Arsenic is unchanged, but has latterly rather more enquiry. Ammon'a Carbonate and Muriate are selling at steady prices. Prussiates of Potash and Soda are dull. Tartaric remains steady, although at present neglected.

Minerals.—Iron Ore has latterly not been selling heavily, but prices are firm and shipments large. The imports from January 1st to April 30th, 1905, show an increase of 348,308 tons or £230,478 over the imports during the first four months of last year. In Brimstone there has been only a moderate business passing, and prices have varied little, but imports were sma!l during April, and for the four months ended April 30th last as compared with the corresponding period of 1904, there is an increase of only 368 tons or £4,-373. Phosphates of Lime are now having more enquirymore especially from the Continent-for shipment over the next six to eighteen months: producers of the Florida article are adhering firmly to their advanced quotations. In China Clay there is not a large volume of new business, but works are fully busy with the preparation of shipments against contracts.

-The Grand Trunk Railway has decided upon the erection of a million bushel grain elevator at Midland, Ont. It will be constructed on the tank plan, and the contract has been awarded to a Chicago firm. Work will be started at once.



CANADIAN PATENTS GRANTED TO FOREIGNERS.

Below will be found a list of Canadian patents recently granted to foreigners through the agency of Messrs.

MARION & MARION, Patent Attorneys, Montreal, Canada, and Washing-

ton, D.C.

Information regarding any of these will be cheerfully supplied by applying to the above-named firm.

Julius Welter, Malaga, Spain, mechanimultiplication tables.

Christian Esser, Vienna, Austria, apparatus for the treatment of peat fibre for the manufacture of half-stuff.

Dr. Louis Mary, Fegersheim, Alsace-

Lorraine, Germany, pottery molding machine.

Prof. Edoardo Maragliano, Geno.
Italy, manufacture of meat powder.

Henri Iscovesco, Paris, France, Process for treating butter.

for treating butter.

Hector Michel, Bourg (Ain), France,

railway sleepers.

Heinrich Beck, Meiningent, Germany,

electric are lights.



J. & R. OLDFIELD,

MANUFACTURERS OT

Ship, Railway and Hand Lanterns.

Speciality:

OPTICAL and PHOTOGRAPHIC LAMPS.

Warwick St., Bordesley, BIRMINGHAM, England.



Toronto customs receipts last month Were \$751,135.61, an increase of \$3,146.-88 over May, 1904.

PLATE GLASS.

The materials used in the manufacture of polished plate glass are white sand, ground lime, su'phate of soda, arsenic and charcoal, mixed in special proportions. The melting pots are made of fire clay. Having been properly mixed, it is trodden by men barefoot until it gets to the right consistency, When it is divided into small rolls, and piled up for use. One man has 18 pots under manipulation at once, building up each by "spells" of six inches a day, and taking twelve days to finish the lot. This rather tedious process is necessary in order to allow time for the clay to harden as it is built up.

No machine has yet been devised competent to be substituted for the human hand in this important process. When it is remembered that a pot is required to hold from 1,000 to 2,500 pounds of molten glass while being handled by a dozen men. it is clear that the greatest care and thoroughness must be demanded in its manufacture. Every pot bears the initials of its maker, as well as the date of making, and all are allowed to stand for seasoning a considerable time before being used. The average life of a pot in constant use is about 30 days. The heat required to properly melt the ingredients of which the glass is com-Posed is 3000 deg. Fah.

When the glass in any pot is properly melted, the pot is run out of the furnace room on a tramway to the annealing room, lifted by a crane, meanwhile being steadied by great tongs, and the contents emptied directly on the casting table. This is a heavy flat table of ironsomewhat larger than the largest plate that may ever have to be cast upon it. At one end is a heavy cast-iron roller the full breadth of the table, and fitted

so as to roll the entire length of the table, by means of gearing along its sides. Narrow strips along the edge determine the thickness of any given plate of glass. An adjustable apparatus also fixes the breadth of the plate. The semi-fluid mass poured from the melting pot on the table, is pushed before the roller, leaving a uniform layer between the moving surface of the latter and the casting table. The glass does not instantly solidify, hence the edges have a rounded appearance. A bar pressed against the end farthest from the oven thickens the plate for a few inches to enable its being pushed along without wrinkling. The roller having been rollback to its carriage, is trundled out of the way, the casting table is moved up to the edge of the annealing oven. whose heat has been carefully raised to a required temperature, and then by means of long iron pushers the red-hot plate is shoved to its place. All this work has to be done with the greatest rapidity, and by men who may have been idle for an hour waiting for the turn of their gang.

When the plates have been in the oven for four or five days, the temperature meanwhile having been slowly reduced to that of the ordinary atmosphere, they are withdrawn. At this stage they have a rough, undulating appearance, and seem to be opaque, however pure and clear they may be in fact. They are now inspected for flaws, bubbles, blotches, and any other defects, which are marked for removal. or, if necessary, to be cut out. The edges are then squared by cutters and the plates go to the grinding room. The grinding tab'es used consist of an octagonal revolving flat table of wrought iron. 25 feet in diameter, pierced by holes for pegging the plates to their place, across which extends a fixed bar carrying a pair of revolving runners (or "shoes"), that get their motion from friction with the edges of the more rapidy whirling table. These compound revolutions have the effect of grinding uniformly all the surfaces of the plates exposed to their action. This is done, first, by sharp sand, and then by carefully prepared emery, the table being constantly wet by a stream of water.

The process of fixing the plates for grinding is interesting. Twelve men carry the great plate by straps, edgewise, while a thirteenth guides them along, taking notice that the plate does not tip too far one way or the other, and that its top does not strike anything. When all is ready the grinding table is flooded with plaster-of-paris, which is distributed by mops. Then the glass is slowly and very carefully lowered on to the table. What follows is unique and exciting. A dozen men mount upon the prostrate p'ate and execute very odd and grotesque dances in order to set the glass properly in the plaster. This is called the "plate glass jig." When the plate or plates, that have to be ground are set. they are pegged securely by wooden pins; and then the rotary motion begins, slowly at first, but increasing to 60 revolutions per minute. Once in a while, but not very otten, a plate that has been insecurely fixed flies from the wheel, to the damage of itself and whatever it may strike.

Although the sand and emery are selected and prepared with the greatest care, it is out of the question to prevent scratches by coarse particles that creep in. Therefore all plates on emerging from the grinding room are inspected, and every blur or scratch is marked, to be rubbed down by hand in the rubbing room. The edges are also inspected for nicks and fractures, and properly squared. The plates then go to the polishing room. The polishing material is rouge (peroxide of iron), applied in a liquid state by weighted blocks of felt. The tables are so arranged with reciprocating motions that al! parts of each plate are brought evenly under control of the rubbers. During these grinding and polishing operations the plate parts with about 40 per cent. of its thickness as seen in the rough. After final inspection the plates are cut to the required size, packed and shipped.

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Manufacturer of Electro-Plated Wares, Cruets, Toast Racks. Egg-Frames, Fruit-Bowls, Sugar Baskets, Salts, Cake-Baskets, Jellies, Butters, Biscuits, Tea Sets, Waiters,

pecial prices to Canadians under new tariff Prices will be quoted in dollars and cents on application.

61½ Kenyon Street, BIRMINGHAM. ENG.

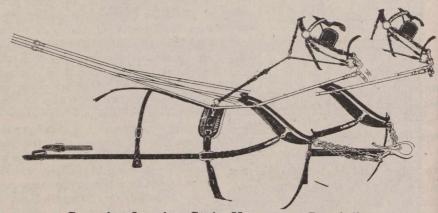
THE NEW BANKER.

Address recently delivered by A. M. Dumay, cashier First National Bank, Washington, N.C.:-To the President and Members of the North Carolina Bankers' Association-One of the first and most important points to the new banker is to secure for his associates the best and most honorable business men of the community. This should particularly apply to his board of directors. No one should be on his board who has been guilty of sharp practice, or who is considered small and mean in business transactions. It is not well to place a man on your board for the reason alone that he is wealthy. I have known of instances where men of wealth, and no other qualification, did the institution great harm, and retarded their growth and usefulness for the reason that they were considered close and penurious, and would resort to sharp practice in

Contractors to His Majesty's Government,

Established 1825.

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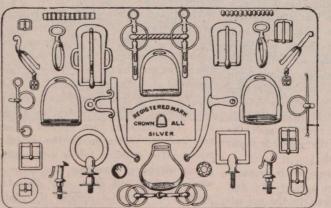
Bridge Street and Lower Rushall Street.

Please Address in Full.

Walsall, England.

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NICKEL BRASS and MALLEABLE IRONFOUNDERS,



Manufacturers of Every Description of

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GENERAL BUCKLES

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Madelin "Crown-All" SILVER, "FROSTINE," "KRONAND" NICKEL SILVER, BRASS, SUPER STEEL, POLISHED, NICKEL PLATED, TINNED, Etc., FOR ALL MARKETS.

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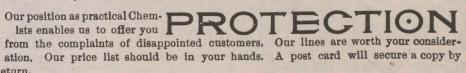
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Our position as the oldest firm in the trade enables us to offer

Cycle Oils, Repair Outfits, Rubber Solution, Calcium Carbide. Enamels, Laquers, Chain Lubricants, Boron Compo, Handle Fix, Tyre Gement, etc., etc.

Motor Oils, Motor Grease, Motor Solution, Motor Chain Compound, Motor Belt Dressing, Motor Repair Outfits

etc., etc., of consistent quality, in attractive packages, at keen prices.



The County Chemical Co. Ltd.

Manutacturing Chemists and Oil Refiners noor street,

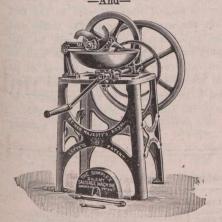
Birmingham, Eng.

Established Half a Century.

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Inventors, Patentees and Sole Makers of the

'Si 1plex' Silent Sausage Machine



PIE MEAT CUTTER

By Her Majesty's Royal Letters Patent.

Made for both Hand and Steam
Power—These Machines are universally
acknowledged the Most Perfect Silent
Sausage Machine in existence.

The "Simplex" Silent Machine & Pie Meat Cutter.
WITH ENGINE COMBINED.

Manufacturers of Every Description of

Pork Butchers' Machinery, On the Latest and Most Improved Principles.

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BIRMINGHAM, - ENG.

business, and were known as men who were given to drive hard bargains.

All of the directors should be men of the highest character rather than of wealth, and should be selected, as far as practicable, from the different business interests of the community. After the selection of your board it is quite necessary that you impress upon each member the responsibility that rests upon them, that it is his duty to give the affairs of the institution his attention, and that it is quite necessary that all meeting be attended regularly. I am of the opinion that it would be good business to pay the members of the board a nominal fee for each meeting attended, and to insist that meetings are held regularly. At first it is quite necessary that you have frequent meetings, say once a week. After you are well under way it will not be necessary to meet so often. It is very necessary to have a well-informed finance or loan committee. This committee should be selected for their knowledge of the business affairs and financial standing of the prospective patrons, and should be men of the best judgment, and men who are not given to discussing publicly the affairs of the

All applications for loans should be submitted, as far as practicable, to the finance committee by the officer in charge, and all loans should be submitted to the board at the stated meetings and should be fully discussed. If your directors are alert and have the interest of the institution at heart, weak loans will be detected and you will probably be able in this way, by prompt action, to put in good shape any weak papers. You will be surprised how much light will be thrown on the financial

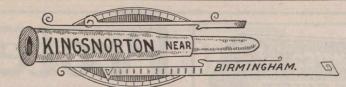
affairs of the community by a free discussion in your board meetings.

All subjects pertaining to the affairs of the institution should have free and full discussion in your board meetings; you will find this a great heip in the administration of the affairs of the institution. Such discussions must not be allowed to become public; greaf harm can be done your institution if it becomes known that business confidences cannot be kept by your officers. You must impress upon the members of your board that the affairs of the institution must not be discussed outside so as to become public. If this is done it will not only be to the detriment of your institution, but might be the means of doing a patron an injustice. The importance of being prudent along this line cannot be too forcibly impressed upon all concerned. I have known in several instances the loss of profitable patrons on account of their affairs leaking through some one connected with the administration. Those connected with a financial institution must keep their eyes and ears open and their mouth shut, especially in regard to the affairs of patrons.

The officer in charge of the institution must be of good character, and in whom the public have confidence. He must necessarily be to a certain extent the confidence reposed on each side there is confidence reposed on each side there cannot and will not be harmony. You must be frank and free in your statements, being careful to make no promises you cannot fulfill, or statements you cannot substantiate. Be careful and prudent in the discussion of business matters with a patron, especially in reference to the affairs of another patron.

NEAREST STATION: LIFFORD, M.R.

Telegraphic Address:
METAL," KINGS NORTON.





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SOLID DRAWN
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PROJECTILES

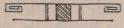


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ALUMINIUM STRIP. SHEET & FOIL

TIN & LEAD FOILS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

GERMAN SILVER
&c.&c.
IN STRIP. SHEETOR WIRE.



In business transactions with your patrons you must be prompt and accurate, and you must insist that your subordinates are courteous, accurate and obliging. You will not lose anything by being courteous to all, whoever it may be. It may take a few moments to explain in a pleasant way why numerous impossibilities asked and expected of a country banker cannot be granted, but you will in most cases convince the app'icant that you are right, will teach him something, and at the same time make a friend for your institution. He may not have any money to deposit, or good collateral for a loan, but you can rest assured he has some influence, which will develop sometime, somewhere, somehow. Never lose sight of the fact that, however poor a person may be to-day, there may be a time when opportunity's

knock may be heeded by this person, and he may, by taking adavantage of opportunity, reach wealth and influence. Courteous treatment also applies to the young. Our boys will soon be men, who will in a short time take the place of the business men of to-day. To gain the friendships of the young is a long reach in the right direction. You must not only look for the business of to-day for your institution, but reach out diligently for to-morrow. It is, of course, useless to call your attenion to the fact that the same applies to the ladies and the girls, as no gentlemen will be discourteous to them. But it is well to cultivate their good will, as most of us old married men can testify how essential it is for harmony and prosperity to have the ladies and girls on your side.

ly d

C

Be courteous and patient; nothing

Stocks and Bonds-INSURANCE COMPANIES. - Canadian. - Montreal Quotations, June 6

Name of Company.	No. Shares	Last Dividend per year.	Share per value.	Amount paid per Share	Canada quotations per ct.
Sritish American Fire and Marine Canada Life Confederation Life	15,000 2,500 10,000	$3\frac{1}{9}-6 \text{ mos.}$ $4-6 \text{ mos.}$ $7\frac{1}{9}-6 \text{ mos.}$	350 400 100	350 400 10	90
Western Assurance	25 000 13,372	5—6 mos. 6 mos.	40 50	20 50	90

British & Foreign-Quotations on the London Market MAY 20, 190 Market value p. p'd up al.

^{*}Excluding periodical mah bonus.

Telegraphic Address: "COBRA, BIRMINGHAM."

W. H Moore & Soi

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LATE PAUL MOORE & CO.

Awarded 1855. No. 1038

ESTABLISHED 1817.



Manufacturers of Brass, Copper and Lead Wire, Rolled Metal, Solder. etc.

Lead Washers for Roofing Purposes.

Special prices to Canadians under the New Tariff.



GO CT ASS

BIRMINGHAM, Eng.

pays as big interest as the investment of a little time in this way. Listen patiently to the many tales of woe you are destined to endure if you follow the calling of a banker. Answer all enquiries promptly and courteously, and you will make no mistake. To be of he best service to your institution you must be a "good mixer" (as they say out West)—that is, you must be friendly with all classes; make yourself agreeable; take part in the doings of your community and you will become popular.

If you have competitors in business, be courteous and accommodating towards them. If they are inclined to be offish let them see and understand that you respect their rights, and they will soon come around.

f

n

Do not try to get their customers, thereby causing dissension and perhaps just cause for complaint. If their patrons come to your institution voluntarily, use your best judgment in granting them accommodation, and be careful in your business dealings with them. If Possible, learn the cause for the change. In most cases you will learn that it is not the fault of your competitors that the change is made. You must always concede the right of your competitors to

be on earth, and, if they see fit, to engage in the same business. Keep an eye open for new business, and, if there is anything in sight, get out and hustle for it. You will find that you will have to turn around pretty quick or the other fellow will be ahead of you. Be candid to those who are applying for accommodaion. Do not put them off with indefinite statements or excuses. If the security offered is not saisfactory, say so, but do it in such a way so as not to offend them. I know men who are past masters in this respect. They can refuse an accommodation in such a way as to seem almost a favor. Don't be afraid to so no when doubtful securities Do not be too eager to get your money out; time will bring you many applications. You will lose enough sleep over the loans you have

Insist that your paper is attended to promptly when due. Do not allow any one to be dilatory in this respect. You will find some men who consider any old time good enough to attend to their paper. It is well to refuse accommodation to such. You will find that it will be a great source of satisfaction to have your paper in good shape when the examiner calls; it gives him and the depart-

ment a high regard for you and your institution to find no past due paper. and all of your notes and collateral in good shape.

Do not take any old kind of note; iinsist that all loans made by your institution are filled out on the blanks furnished by you, by doing this you will have your paper uniform; this will save a great deal of time and trouble, especially to the examiner, and the examination committee of your institution.

Install a set of books that will give a clear and concise statement of the business of your institution. Have them accurately and neatly kept; you do not know when you will be called upon for a statement; therefore, it is well for even the smallest institution to keep a daily statement. It will on'y take a little time each day to keep such, and will be a source of great satisfaction to you and the examiner.

I find it very essential to balance all active accounts at least once each month, generally the first day of the month. You will find that it will give you an insight into the business affairs of your patrons that you cannot gain otherwise, besides having the satisfaction of knowing that your accounts are correct; accounts that are not so active should be balanced once in three months. The accounts of your correspondents should be reconciled once each month. If there are any discrepancies do not carry them over from month to month, but straighten them out at once; do not put it off; it will be a great satisfaction to know that every account balances.

Do not let a patron leave your institution disgruntled. If you strike a difference with one, call him into your private office and have it out with him then and there. If you are in the wrong, make it good to him at once; if he is in the wrong, try to convince him of his error in a pleasant and friendly manner; by adopting this suggestion you will settle many a difficulty that might do your institution a great injury, even if you are not in the wrong. Most people are prone to do a great

Surgical and Fancy Needles

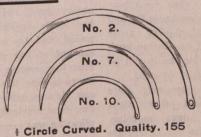
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Hagedorn's Needles.

150.—Straight, 23/- per gross, 151.—Half Curved, 23/- per gross,

152,-‡ Circle Curved, · 24/- per gross. 153,-‡ Circle Curved, 24/- per gross.

154.—‡ Circle Curved,
26/- per gross,
155.—‡ Circle Curved,
26/- per gross,
MADE IN 15 SIZES,



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The Oldest Makers to the Wholesale CLOTHING TRADE

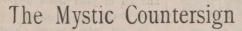
Established 1870.

The RELIANCE CLOTHING CO.,

Will be glad to quote for all kinds of Men's, Youth's. and
Boy's Garments. Stock sizes or to special measures.

Bespoke Measure Work a Speciality. Style. Fit. Workmanship, and prompt delivery guaranteed.

Send for quotations—the Cheapest in the Trada



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WHEELS

AT ASTOUNDING PRICES



If you wish to exist in these

HARD TIMES

You must have our

FRAMES

No trouble with ENAMEL BEARINGS, OR JOINTS.

Possible output 15,000 annually.

OUR MOTTO:

One Factor, One District.

OUR POLICY:

What others do, we will try to better do.

TOREADOR

DOR Special Prices to Canadians under the

New Tariff



Aston Brook, Street, BIRMINGHAM, ENG.

deal of talking, and like to air a grievance; especially against a financial institution.

In soliciting business do not make promises or offer inducements that you cannot fulfill; by so doing you not only discredit your institution, but you may do some one a great harm. If you make an agreement, stick to it, but think twice before making it. If you are unfortunate and make a bad loan. close it up as soon as possible; do not let, it drag along from month to month; it is better to charge it off. If you adopt this rule, your paper will always be in good shape.

If you have to resort to the courts to force a collection, employ the best legal talent obtainable, and go after your claim vigorously. If you are compelled to fight a claim through the courts, hit as hard as possible. It may, perhaps, be a warning to others.

Supply your customers with good stationary, and insist upon them using it. You will find uniformity in checks will save time and trouble. I once had a customer who would make a check out of a shingle, and one occasion made one out on a large chip, and didn't like it when I refused to pay the shingles and the chip. It took a great deal of argument to convince him that we could not handle shingles and chips as checks, however desirable they might be for kindling. Some of the brother bankers may ask whether or not we were furnishing the proper stationery at that time, so I will answer right now that we were. If you will use due caution, be courteous, diligent, obliging and prudent, you will make a successful "New Banker."

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We are never so perfect in our daily requirements but what we can occasion-

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One of the most noticeable of these improvements is found in Terry's Avecta Necktie Adjustor, a low priced article, as useful as it is simple and as necessary as it is cheap. Stories have been told and songs have been composed about the man who lost his patience in the attempt to find the way to properly adjust his necktie. To lose one's patience, in the language of Goldsmith's "Good Natured Man," is to lose a very good thing, and we can only add that to do without one of Terry's "Avecta" necktie adjusters, is to do without "a very good thing."

We all find troubles enough without seeking them, and in the same way we all have too many petty annoyances, and here is a simple way of getting rid of one of them. Buy Terry's Avecta necktic adjuster. What is it? you may say. One another page of this Journal you will see the whole matter displayed, and the simplicity and durability of it will at once suggest itself to one and all. Every men's furnishing store in Canada should have a supp!y. They can get they by writing Herbert Terry & Sons, Novelty Works, Redditch, England.

A Time and Money Saving Novelty Worthy of the Attention of Every Man. Some Advantages: 1—It is made from Best Quality Hardened and Tempered Steel, and artistically covered with Silkette. 2—Requires no sawing around collar. 3.—Can be instantly adjusted. 4—Invisible when in use. 5—Applicable to every shape ready-made and self-made scarf or tie. 6—For those who take off collar and tie during business hours it is invaluable, as it can be removed and replaced in a moment.

The tie needs making-up only once occasionally. When taken off at night is ready tied for use next morning. Good profits for the trade. Circulars and show cards sent with every order.

Send for Sample and Trade Terms:— Herbert Terry & Sons, Novelty Works, Redditch, Eng. LIFE INSURANCE DECISIONS.

Where an applicant for life insurance was asked in the application whether he then used spirits, wine, or small liquors, and, if so, to state definitely the form, how much and how often, "i. e., what is your practice?" and was cautioned not to say moderately, etc., as such answers would not be accepted, the question related to his habits, and hence a material misrepresentation in answer thereto would avoid the policy, even though there was no intention to deceive or mislead the insurer. Provident Sav. Life Assur. Soc. of New York v. Dees.

A "privilege and condition" on the back of a life policy, providing that, if premiums are paid in semi-annual installments, any instal'ment which, at the maturity of the contract, is necessary to complete the full year's premium, shall be deducted from the amount of the claim, which declared by the policy to form a part of the contract, applies only to those policies which on their face reserve an annual premium, and has no application to a policy which expressly grants the assurance in consideration the payment of semi-annual premiums. Bracher v. Equitable Life Assur. Soc. of the United States.

The statement of claim in an action to recover life insurance set out a provisional policy issued by defendant to the decedent, insuring him for the term of ninety days, and which recited that he had made application for a permanent policy, and the receipt from him of the amount of one year's premium thereon; that the company should have the right to terminate the provisional policy at any time on notice and repayment of the premium received, but that if the application was accepted a permanent policy should be issued as soon as might be, and the amount received shall be allowed in payment of the first premium thereon. The statement then alleged that the provisional policy had not been terTelegraphic Address: "MEDALLIST, Birmingham."

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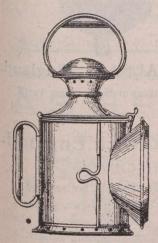
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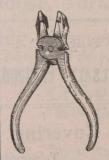


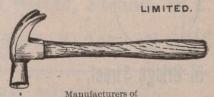


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minated by notice, nor had any part of the premium paid been returned, but after the expiration of the ninety days the insured demanded a permanent policy or the return of the premium, and was told by defendant that his application had been accepted, and a permanent Policy would be delivered in due course of mail, but that such policy had not been delivered a the time of the death of insured, which occurred shortly afterward. Held, that plaintiff's cause of acion did not rest upon the provisional Policy, which had expired by its term. but solely upon a contract for permanent insurance, created either by the issuance of a policy or the acceptance of the application before the death of the applicant, which gave him a right to demand the policy, and that an affidavit of defense explicitely denying that such policy had been issued, or that the application had been accepted, or that defendant had ever so stated, went to the

whole of plaintiff's claim, and was sufficient. Mutual Life Ins. Co. v. Keen.

After plaintiff had paid forty-nine premiums, and a policy fee of \$5, amounting to \$218.35, of which number eleven premiums were paid after they were due, defendant refused to accept a premium paid after maturity, though paid within the time the defendant's agent agreed to receive it. There was evidence that defendant's invariable course of dealing was to waive the condition of forfeiture for non-payment of premiums when due, as authorised by Held, that defendant was estopped to insist on a forfeiture or to take advantage of an agreement not a part of the policy that the acceptance of a premium past due should not establish precedent for acceptance of future premiums after due nor waive any of the conditions in the policy or original ap-Wagaman v. Security Mut. plication. Life Ins. Co.

Under a life policy providing that in consideration of the payment in advance of a certain sum (which may be paid in semi-annual or quarterly installments, covering the period of half year's or quarter year's insurance for which the installment is paid in advance) the company insures the life for one year from date, and in consideration of the further payment of a like sum on or before a certain day in each year thereafter till nineteen years' premiums have been paid (which sum may be paid in like instarments as aforesaid, but subject to the same conditions) promises to pay a certain sum on proof of death of insured, the insurances ceases on default in payment of an installment of the third year's premium, so that the provision for extended insurance in case of lapse "after the policy has been in force three tull years" has no app'ication. Letzler's Adm'r v. Pacific Mut. Life Ins. Co. of California.

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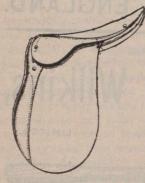
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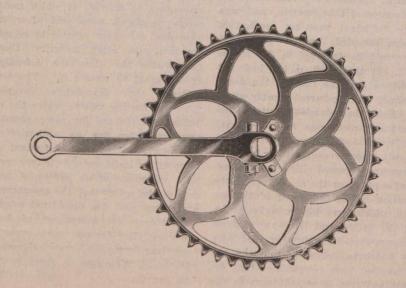
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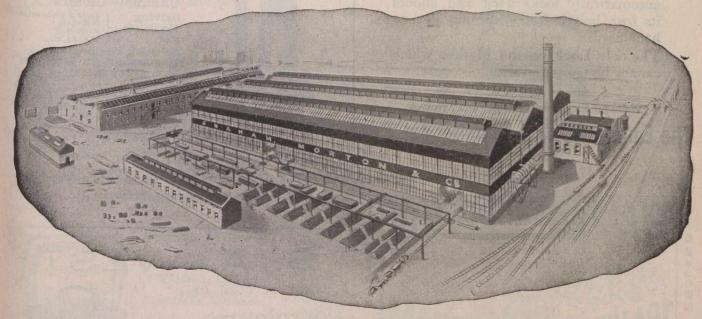
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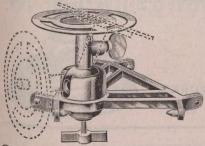


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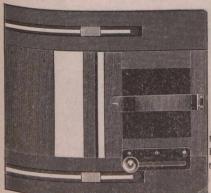


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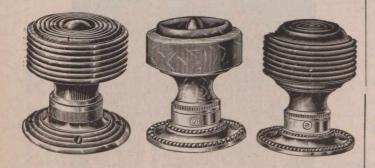


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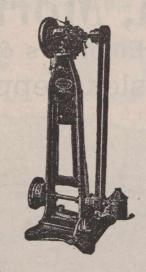


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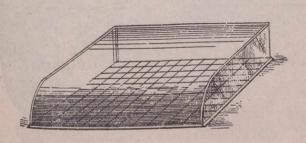
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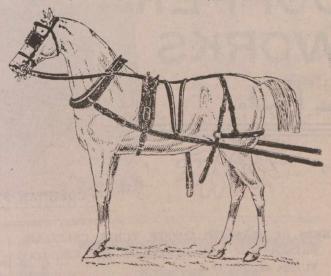
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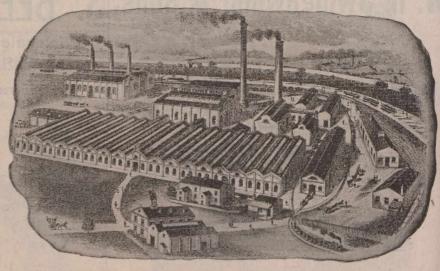
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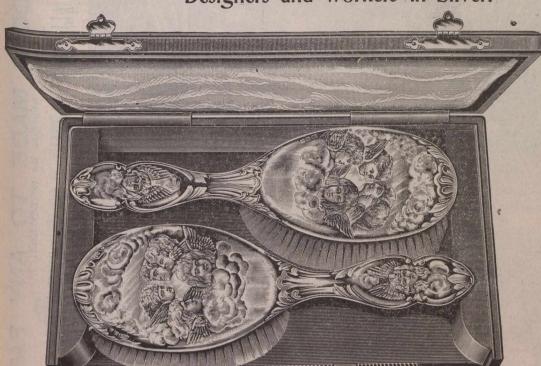
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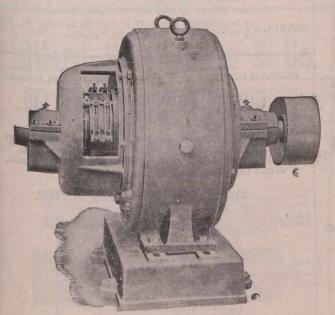
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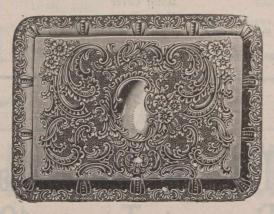
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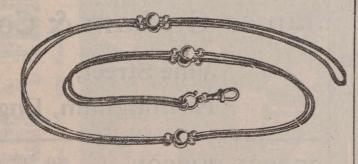
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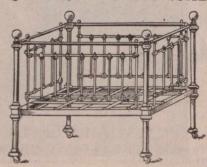
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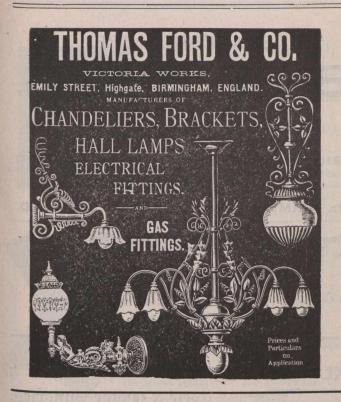
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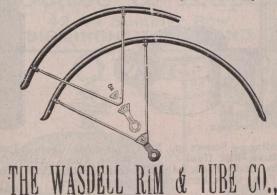
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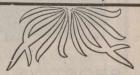
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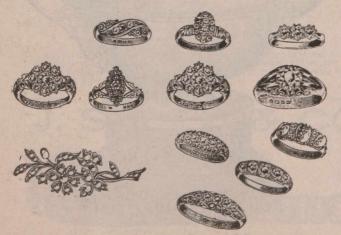
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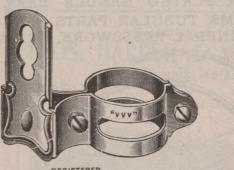
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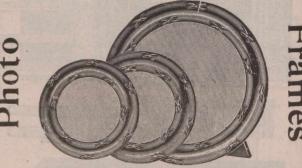
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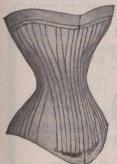
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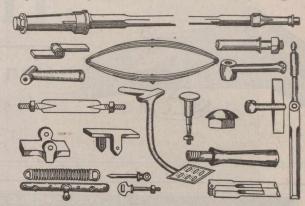
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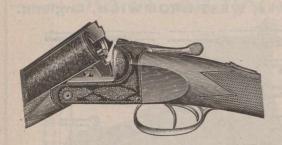
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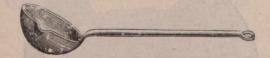
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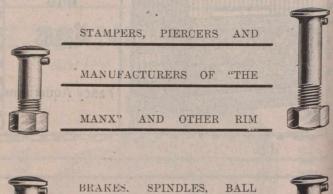
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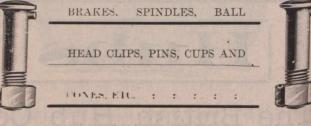
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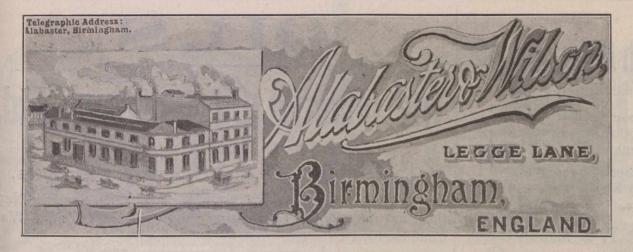
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BEST FINISH WEDDING RINGS, 22-CT., 18-CT., 9 CT.



These Drawings are to Scale,





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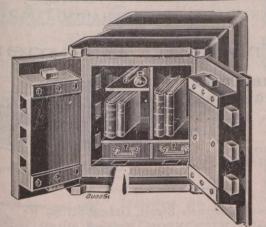
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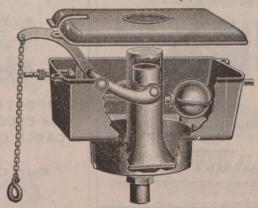
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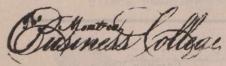
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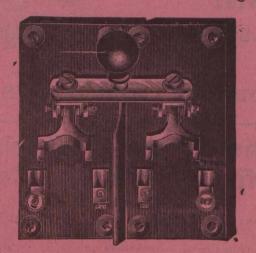
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Company.
In 1904 it issued in Canada alone

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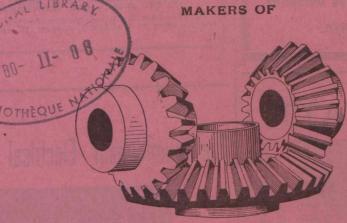
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Beposited with Dominion Government for the special protection of policy-holders, par value.. Above securities deposited have a market value

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Steady Progress of the Company.

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DAVID BURKE, A.I.A., F.S.S., GENERAL MANAGER, Read effice - - - - -

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Assets, over Annual Income

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