

A New Broom.

Committee Selected to Reorganize
G. T. R. Affairs.Japan Accedes to the Demands
of the Powers.Heavy Losses of the Hovas in Their
Conflict With French Forces.

THE WAR IN MADAGASCAR.
Paris, May 6.—The Government is informed that the Hovas lost in the recent fight at Marovato, Madagascar, was 400 men, including the chiefs in command. The French loss was insignificant.

G. T. R. REORGANIZATION.

London, May 6.—The shareholders' committee will nominate at the Grand Trunk meeting tomorrow this committee to reorganize the company's affairs. Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, Lord Welby, Sir Wm. Young, Col. Firebrace, Sir Henry Mather Jackson and Messrs. Price, Mitthers, Chanvin, Hubbard, Clutton-Brock and Allen.

FAILURE OF THE CROFTER
SCHEME.

London, May 6.—In the House of Commons today Right Hon. Sir George Trevelyan, Secretary for Scotland, replying to a question by Mr. Donald McGregor, said that the sum of \$75,000 which had once been voted by Parliament to further the emigration of Highland crofters to British Columbia had not had the desired effect.

DEATH OF SIR GEO. BUCHANAN.

London, May 6.—Sir George Buchanan died here yesterday of heart disease. Sir George Buchanan, who was born in London about 65 years ago, held many offices in British medical societies, and was employed by the Privy Council as an expert in infectious diseases. Among his published works are many official reports and his "Lectures on the Lung Diseases of Children."

THE LATEST CABLE SCHEME.

London, May 6.—Mr. Sydney Buxton, Parliamentary Secretary of the Colonial Office, replied in the House of Commons today to a question of Sir George Baden-Powell, whether the Government had received a request from Canada to call a conference of colonies interested with a view of arranging the details for the laying and maintaining of a submarine Pacific cable between Canada and Australia.

WILDE OUT OF JAIL.

London, May 6.—Oscar Wilde succeeded in finding the sureties of \$12,500 required of him by Justice Pollock, and was released today. The names of his bondsmen are not made known.

Wilde, it is announced, will be released from custody tomorrow. He will probably leave London at once for the seaside. The statement of Mr. C. F. Gill, counsel for the prosecution, that Wilde would undoubtedly be retried at the next session, was made without the authority of the public prosecutor. It has not yet been decided whether the Government will take steps to have Wilde tried again.

They are willing that he should be again arraigned, but it is understood that the heads of the church and many other eminent persons urge upon the Government the fact that much harm would be done to the public morals by the adoption of such a course, referring to the reprinting of all the pernickety details of the case. In the meantime the police are ordered not to maintain too close a watch upon Wilde's movements, and not to prevent him going to the continent if he wishes to go there.

JAPAN'S CONCESSION.

London, May 6.—A United Press dispatch from Paris confirms the statement in St. James' Gazette that France has been informed by Japan of the latter's renunciation of permanent occupation of Liao Tung.

A dispatch to the Globe says that Japan has also intimated to Germany her willingness to give up possession of Liao Tung.

The Morning Post will commend Japan for yielding to the demands of the three powers, and will condemn Russia, Germany and France for acting in their own interests and ignoring China.

"Great Britain," it will say, "was disinterested and equally loyal to both China and Japan."

The Daily News will say the coalition has made a deplorable mistake in forcing Japan, but it is enough for us to know that we did not share the mistake.

The Standard will say tomorrow: "As the best way out of an awkward difficulty, the three protesting powers may be fairly congratulated on the issue of their intervention. They have really done Japan a good turn, however, by preventing her from acquiring an expensive and vulnerable encumbrance."

THE FINAL SCENES.

At the Evacuation of Corea—British Ships
Salute the Native Flag.

New York, May 6.—A Herald special from Corinto says: The British occupation of Corinto came to an end on the evening of May 4. At 6 o'clock the commander of the port, Gen. Roberto Gonzalez, arrived by special train with his forces and peacefully resumed possession of the town.

The Nicaraguan flag was hoisted at 6 o'clock yesterday morning. Subsequently it was saluted by the Royal Artillery with 21 guns, and the salute was fired from the shore. The Satele left here for Panama on the evening of the 4th. The Royal Arthur and the Wild Swan were to sail at noon yesterday.

Gratification is expressed universally at this ending of the trouble. Great credit is due to Dr. Constantino Fillias, the Minister representing Honduras for the manner in which he conducted the negotiations with Rear Admiral Stephenson. He expresses the utmost satisfaction with the terms agreed upon.

THE BRIDEGROOM'S WELCOME.

Mr. Curzon and His Bride at Home—
Why He Married an American.

London, May 6.—The return of George Nathaniel Curzon and his bride, formerly

Miss Leiter, of Washington, has caused general rejoicing among the people on Mr. Curzon's estate, Kedleston, near Derby. Lord Scarsdale, Mr. Curzon's father, gave 500 tenants luncheon in the halls shortly before Mr. and Mrs. Curzon arrived. Later he went to meet the bridal couple and escorted them to the hall. Mrs. Curzon's beauty and handsome costume was remarked generally by the persons watching along the road for her and her husband. At the hall Mr. and Mrs. Curzon received from the peasantry an illuminated address on a silver salver with inscriptions. Mr. Curzon's speech to the tenants was greeted with repeated cheers. After thanking them for their welcome he said: "The question has been asked why I went to America for a bride. The answer is before you." (Cheers.) Mr. Curzon placed his hand affectionately on Mrs. Curzon's shoulder and the tenants cheered again. The route from Derby to Kedleston was decorated with triumphal arches.

Late Canadian News.

The Hyams murder case is definitely fixed to commence on Thursday morning.

Robert Forbes, an old and prominent resident of Guelph, died on Monday. He was proprietor of the Forbes mills.

Knives and razors found on Edward Meyers, arrested on Saturday night at Detroit, were identified by a merchant from Essex whose store was broken into a week ago.

Mrs. Caroline Cross, remembered by thousands throughout the Province as an evangelist who assisted the Crossley and Hunter meetings during the past two years, died in Toronto on Sunday at the residence of her son, Mr. W. R. Scott. The funeral will take place to Niagara Falls on Tuesday.

Matthew Goetz, of Formosa, has been appointed clerk of the county court and registrar of surrogate in the county of Bruce. Mr. Arthur E. Milne, of Essex, pro tempore division court clerk, in the place of Mr. John Milne, resigned. Du-gald C. Caylin, of Port Elgin, has been appointed bailiff of the fifth division court of Bruce, in place of Mr. Hunter, resigned.

The death is announced of Mr. E. W. H. Van Allen, for some time manager of the Massey-Harris Company's works in Brantford, who for the past two months has been compelled to cease all work on account of failing health. Deceased was 37 years of age, and leaves a wife and two children. He was a native of Chatham.

GONE UP IN SMOKE.

April Fires in Canada and the United
States Cost Over \$11,000,000.

New York, May 6.—The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin says the fire loss for the United States and Canada during April as estimated from its daily records amounts to \$11,000,000.

Newark, N. J., May 6.—Fire started in the second story of Ashworth's hotel, East Orange, at 4 o'clock this morning. The staircase was burned away before the guests were aroused, and fourteen persons crawled out of the windows in their night clothes upon a balcony and were rescued by lowering themselves to the ground with ropes. Loss, \$3,500. Many guests lost all their personal property.

Exeter, May 6.—About 3 o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the office and storehouse of J. P. Ross, general store, of this place. The building was not much injured, but the stock was badly damaged. The fire is stated to be of incendiary origin.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 6.—M. Strauss & Sons' tannery, postal station "A," two private dwellings, H. Groben's coal yards, barns, stores and several freight cars were destroyed by fire at East Buffalo early this morning. The loss may reach \$250,000, with about \$125,000 insurance.

The acme of perfection in cooking is embodied in Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder. No other works so quick or gives such dainty food.

Live News in a Line.

In the fifth Ohio district 7,500 miners are on strike for increased wages.

James Kelly, one of the original founders of the Chicago Tribune, died on Sunday.

Carl Vogt, the famous naturalist, died in Geneva yesterday. He was in his 52nd year.

The official figures of the census of the city of Buffalo just taken by the police are 335,709.

There is a strike of iron and steel workers in the Pittsburgh, Pa., district, for better wages and recognition of the union.

James Kelly, one of the original founders of the Chicago Tribune, and one of the early pioneers of Cook county, died Sunday.

David Legault, connected with La Minerve for three years, has been appointed chief of the provincial revenue police of Quebec, Vice Chevalier, deceased.

H. W. Thomas, a telegraph operator, employed at the Union depot, Minneapolis, Minn., was robbed and murdered there Sunday night. His body was found on the street.

Reports of destructive storms attended in some cases by loss of life come from Birmingham, Ala., Peoria, Ill., Southeastern Indiana, Southern Ohio, Kentucky, and other localities.

Isaac Jose, aged 70 years, night clerk at the First Avenue Hotel, Pittsburgh, was brutally murdered at the foot of the stairs leading from the hotel office to the cellar. Frank Roos, a colored porter, has been arrested on suspicion. Motive, robbery.

LITTLE FALLS, N. Y.

At Little Falls, 3,300 boxes cheese were all consigned.

Butter—Twenty-seven packages of dairy butter sold at 17c; no creamery.

LOWEST ON RECORD.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 6.—The canal freight rate has finally opened at 2 1/4 on wheat, a ruinously low one—the lowest ever made on the canal by at least half a cent.

NEWSPAPER CHANGES.

Chicago, May 6.—The plant of the Evening Post has been purchased by Horatio W. Seymour and associates, and the first issue of a new Democratic daily will appear about June 1. The Evening Post will hereafter be published from the Times-Herald plant.

Summer Sport.

The Buffalo League Nine Win a
Game at Last,And the Torontos Manage to Get
There Again.Adverse Decision of the U. S. Supreme
Court in Re Prize Fighting
in New Orleans.

ATHLETICS

KNOCKED OUT BY THE UNITED
STATES SUPREME COURT.

New Orleans, La., May 6.—The Supreme Court today decided against the Olympic Club, knocking out the fight before that institution. This is the second opinion in the case. Judge Hughes's decision affirming the right of the club to give prize fights has thus been set aside by the higher tribunal today. The decision is a death-blow to prize fighting in this city.

JAKE KILRAIN KNOCKED OUT.

Coney Island, May 6.—The fight between Jake Kilrain, of Baltimore, and Steve O'Donnell, of Australia, resulted in a victory for O'Donnell in the 21st round. Between 6,000 and 7,000 spectators saw the fight, which was to have been 25 rounds.

BASEBALL

EASTERN LEAGUE SCORES—MONDAY.

At Providence—R. H. E.
Rochester..... 1 9 7
Batteries—Lovett and McAulay; Harper and Hess. Umpire—Sayder.

At Springfield—R. H. E.
Syracuse..... 2 3 4
Batteries—Gruber and Lahey; Barnett and Hess. Umpire—Swartwood.

At Scranton—R. H. E.
Scranton..... 9 15 3
Scranton..... 3 8 5
Batteries—McInnes and Urquhart; Brown and Rogers. Umpire—Gaffney.

At Wilkesbarre—R. H. E.
Wilkesbarre..... 2 6 8
Toronto..... 13 12 2
Batteries—Agincourt and Diggins; Shaw and Casey. Umpire—Joescher.

NATIONAL LEAGUE SCORES—MONDAY.

At Pittsburgh—R. H. E.
Brooklyn..... 1 4 5
Pittsburgh..... 12 12 1
Batteries—Gumbel and Bailey; Grim, Clough and Kinslow. Umpire—Murray and Long.

At Cincinnati—R. H. E.
Cincinnati..... 4 10 0
New York..... 11 12 2
Batteries—Parrott and Vaughan; Rusie and Schriver. Umpire—Keefe.

At Chicago—R. H. E.
Chicago..... 4 8 1
Washington..... 0 5 1
Batteries—Hutchinson and Kittredge; Maul and McGuire. Umpire—McDonald.

At St. Louis—R. H. E.
Boston..... 8 11 3
St. Louis..... 6 8 4
Batteries—Nichols and Ganzel; Clarkson and Peitz. Umpire—Emslie.

At Louisville—Transferred to Philadelphia for Sept.

At Cleveland—No game; wet grounds.

THE WHEEL.

A DOLLAR A HEAD.
Brantford, May 6.—At the police court today 30 bicyclists were up on a charge of riding on the sidewalks. They were fined \$1 each without costs.

WHO WAS TO BLAME?

Trial of Station Agent Weighell on a Charge of Manslaughter.

Toronto, May 6.—At the assizes today Albert Weighell, the Unionville station agent, was put upon trial for manslaughter. The case arose out of the collision of an express train from Port Hope with a snow plow on the evening of Feb. 8 last on the Midland, between Agincourt and Unionville, in which John Riggs, driver of the engine of the snow plow, was killed. The crown charges that the prisoner failed to block the express until the track was cleared of the plow.

Evidence was produced with a view to show that accused gave the fatal orders to the express conductor. On the other hand the defense called several witnesses who swore that the prisoner had the conductor never met or spoke, and that therefore the latter pulled out without orders, and was the responsible party. The case was not concluded when the court adjourned.

St. Catharines, May 6.—The George N. Oille machine shop and foundry, owned by Hogan Leggett, of Montreal, insured by Wright & Cunningham, was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. Loss, about \$10,000. Insurance, \$4,000.

Ten cents a pound will buy cheap and poisonous baking powders. Try work direct injury to nursing mothers, and dyspeptics. Dr. Price's is perfectly pure.

THE HENDERSHOTT INSURANCE

Action to Be Taken by the Murdered
Man's Father for Payment of
the Policies.

St. Thomas, May 6.—An action will be entered against the Covenant Mutual Insurance Company of Galesburg, Ill., and the New York Mutual Reserve, for the payment of \$30,000 and \$50,000 insurance on the life of William Henry Hendershott. David Hendershott, the murdered man's father, will enter the action.

As the policies were made payable to the murderer, John A. Hendershott, his heirs intend to contest, while the insurance companies intend to resist payment.

DROP OF OIL.

Oil City, Pa., May 6.—Oil price, \$1 55 at exchange. Opening and lowest, \$1 51; high, \$1 55; closed, \$1 53 bid.

FISHERMEN IN BAD LUCK.

Windsor, May 6.—A large number of boats were fishing yesterday opposite Sandwich in Canadian waters, when Dominion Inspector Boisjerie and police officers got after them. Six Detroit fishermen were arrested and placed in the police cells. Three of them were liberated as soon as bonds for their appearance today were furnished. They were fined \$5 each and their boats retained on a charge of catching pickerel with a net out of season. The season does not open for pickerel until May 15.

The Electric Car

Will take you within a block of our greenhouses, where you will find the greatest assortment of bedding plants in the city. We grow only those varieties which give general satisfaction, and as cheap as any florist in the city. Car fare deducted from all purchases of \$1 and upwards. GREENWAY, Florist, London West.

ITS DYING HOURS.

Fifty-Fourth Annual Meeting of the
Mechanics' Institute.The City Will be Asked to Run the
Reading-Room Until the Free
Library is Open.

The 54th annual meeting of the London Mechanics' Institute was held last night, and the attendance was the largest for very many years. Though the institute is practically out of existence, the building having been sold under the auctioneer's hammer, yet the meeting was necessary, as a few items of important business have yet to be transacted. And in the dying hours of the institute—which met the wants of Londoners for over half a century—the greatest degree of harmony prevailed, and "unanimous" was the word for everything considered. The members decided to accept the City Council to take over the library and keep it open until the free library is ready. There were present: Messrs. Wm. Scarrow (president), W. J. Harvey (secretary), Alex. Harvey (treasurer), Col. Lewis, George Taylor, E. D. Cameron, John Shopland, Benj. W. Greer, R. S. Hannah, M. S. Dillon, W. J. Saunby, J. I. Anderson, A. O. Jeffrey, Arch. Sharp, J. Trebilcock, Talbot Macbeth, B. C. McCann, John Macpherson, R. K. Cowan, R. M. C. Toote, John A. Roe, J. Rankin, C. B. Edwards, U. A. Buchner, T. McFarlane and a number of others.

President Scarrow welcomed the large membership to the 54th meeting. For more than half a century the institute had catered to the literary wants of the citizens, and he was pleased to see in the closing hours that interest in the institute was reviving. It had been accepted as signifying an increased literary taste in the citizens. Mr. Scarrow referred to what had necessarily to come to pass through the erection of the free library. In his opinion it would be advisable to keep the institute open until the new library was in full swing. Fortunately, the institute was now in a good financial standing, sufficient funds being in the treasury to keep the reading room open for a good while. On these grounds he thought the room should not be closed.

The report of the librarian, Miss Gray, was presented. The number of books in the library on May 1, 1894, and the number issued during the year were:

	In the Library.	Issued.
General literature.....	429	429
Biography.....	289	144
Poetry.....	168	3,471
History.....	327	240
Miscellaneous.....	979	469
Poetry and drama.....	121	120
Religious literature.....	195	139
Science and art.....	332	238
Voyages and travels.....	299	269
Works of reference.....	188	188
Totals.....	4,199	5,161

There were 24 different newspapers and 34 magazines on file in the institute. Forty-three new members were received during the year.

Mr. Scarrow then called attention to the sale of the institute. The price was certainly a good one, he said, which was gratifying from the fact that the directors offered the building to the city if they would take it over. Certain parties had stated that the building was an elephant on the directors' hands, and that they were anxious to unload it onto the city. But what thing had proven a justification of the directors' statements—that if the city had assumed the building they would have had a place which would pay for itself in a few years.

Col. Lewis suggested that before electing officers it would be better to consider whether or not the library should be handed to the free library board or the city. For his own part he preferred it going to the city, as the corporation had stayed by the institution in the past.

Mr. Talbot Macbeth stated that under an act of the Legislature the board of directors could present a petition to the council asking them to carry over the institute library until the free library should open and appoint a board of management.

Mr. E. R. Cameron and Mr. Talbot Macbeth expressed the opinion that the free library would not be willing to run the institute reading room until the new building was ready. To bring the matter to a vote, Mr. Macbeth moved that the members request the board of management of the institute to take over the council to take over the reading room on condition that it be kept open until the new free library is in full swing.

Mr. Toote seconded and the resolution carried unanimously.

Mr. C. B. Edwards moved that it be recommended that the present librarian, Miss Gray, be retained as assistant to the librarian at the free library.

Carried unanimously.

"Any more resolutions?" asked Mr. Scarrow.

"If am glad to see that everything is so harmonious."

Mr. Macbeth prefaced his nomination of the directors with a neat little speech, in which he stated that he thought the institute should be buried by those who had been on the board for so many years. Some of them were on for 25 seasons, and it would be but a matter of courtesy to let them wind up the affairs. He moved that the directors be Wm. Scarrow, Robert Lewis, George Taylor, John Shopland, John A. Roe, A. O. Jeffrey, R. Hannah, W. J. Saunby and B. W. Greer.

"Just to infuse a little new blood into the board," Mr. Toote moved that Messrs. E. Lewis and W. J. Saunby be replaced by Messrs. R. K. Cowan and J. Macpherson.

Both these gentlemen withdrew with thanks, and Mr. Macbeth's nomination was carried.

The directors were elected auditors. The usual votes of thanks were passed and the meeting adjourned.

The directors met subsequently and elected these officers:

President—Wm. Scarrow.
Treasurer—Alex. Harvey.
Secretary—W. J. Harvey.
Librarian—Miss Gray.

STALWART LIBERAL SPEAKERS.
Ottawa, May 6.—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, Hon. L. H. Davies, Hon. D. C. Fraser, and Messrs. Choquette, Geoffrion and Bruneau will deliver addresses in the Reform Club rooms on Wednesday evening under the auspices of the Young Liberals.

Ladies

1=2 Off
Your Head

wear. Your millinery is the most noticeable part of your clothing. If you have not yet bought your summer hat we can interest you. We have still on our hands about 40 of those elegant, original

FRENCH PATTERN HATS

Any of which you can have for one-half the marked price. Come and see them. Beauty attracts beauty.

KINGSMILL'S
MILLINERS

Men

GET OUT

Of the notion that you can save money by buying a summer suit ready made . . .

Our { Made-to-Measure } Suits
Made-to-FitCOST LESS,
WEAR LONGER,
LOOK BETTER.

Leave Your Measure With Us,

KINGSMILL'S
MERCHANT TAILORS.

"Home, Sweet Home"

Every true Canadian likes to have his own house the nicest possible. Now is the time to renew

Carpets,
Curtains,
Oilcloths,
Linoleums
Mattings,
Window Blinds.

Styles the Newest • Prices the Lowest • Qualities the Best

KINGSMILL'S
CARPETERS.

Whiskard's The Electric Road.

230-232 Dundas St.

Just received, a new line of Ladies' Print Blouses, light and dark, made in the latest style. Only 50c Each

See our new Shirt Waists, with stiff fronts. All PRICES

Ladies' White Chemisettes, plain and frilled, Only 25c Each

Also a line of Chemisettes in pink and blue, At 30c Each

Ladies' Black Satin Blouses.

See our New Black Silk Laces, in fine and heavy patterns, special value.

A splendid line of Black Jet Trimming. Only 5c, 8c, 12c Yard

Call and see our Millinery Department.

A new line of Children's Fine Straw Sailor Hats.

Only 25c Each
Boys' Straw Hats, all sizes, 25c Each

Children's Tam O'Shanter, in white red, and blue. Only 25c Each

Children's White Lawn Sun-Bonnets and Hats, trimmed with embroidery, 25c Each

Striped Duck for ladies' summer costumes, Only 10c YARD

A splendid line of Heavy Feather Ticking, wide width, 15c Yard

Ladies' Colored Gauntlet Gloves, 10c, 15c Pair

Ladies' and Children's White Skirt Embroidery, extra value, Only 35c Yard

A splendid line of White Embroidery, Only 5c Yard

Ladies' Tan Cashmere Hose. Children's Black and Colored Cotton Hose, Only 5c Pair

A special line of White Spot Muslin for curtains, 15c and 25c Yard

CHILDREN—PATCHES.

The Combination Causes a Heavy Loss to Farmer Taylor.

Brighton, Ont., May 6.—Saturday forenoon two small children with matches were the cause of Luman Taylor, a farmer, living on Presque Isle Point, losing his barn with all the contents, which consisted of one horse, calf, harness, seed drill, hay rake, cutting machine, fanning mill, and all of his seed grain and a quantity of hay. No insurance. Mr. Taylor was absent from home at the time, visiting his sick brother-in-law.

MRS. PARNELL MAY RECOVER. Bordentown, N. J., May 6.—Mrs. Parnell passed a restless night, but answers questions more rationally than heretofore. Dr. Shipp thinks she will recover if she holds her present condition this week.

SCHOOL TEACHER DROWNED. Teeswater, Ont., May 6.—Yesterday afternoon E. N. Smith of Wawanosh, school teacher of Section No. 1, Culross, aged about 21, was drowned while bathing in a pool in Muskegon creek, five miles south of Teeswater. The young man was swimming in the pool when he suddenly sank and never rose again. It is supposed he was seized with cramps.

BARRISTER IN BAD ODOR. Toronto, May 6.—The benchers of the Law Society have taken action in the case of Wm. M. Hall, a barrister, and formerly an alderman, convicted of accepting a bribe by the report of Judge Macdougall in the civic investigation. A motion to strike his name from the roll of barristers will be made at Osgoode Hall on Saturday. Hall is said to be in Detroit.

A CONGREGATION FIGHT FIRE. Gelert, Ont., May 6.—Yesterday afternoon fire was discovered in a building owned by C. E. Martin, of Lindsay, the upper portion of which was occupied by Stewart Herron as a dwelling. Below stairs being used as a storehouse by W. Pritchard, Mr. Martin's agent here. The whole congregation came out of church, and quickly forming a pall and ladder brigade, fought vigorously with the flames for three hours. The flames spread across the G. T. R. track to the station and freight sheds and ignited the roof, but finally the station buildings, and, in consequence, the whole village, were saved. The storehouse and dwellings first mentioned, with contents, were totally destroyed. The G. T. R. buildings are badly damaged. Cause of fire unknown.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Text of Proposed Agreement Between the City and Company,

As It Received Its First Reading by the City Council.

Will an Aerial Truck or Chemical Engine be Purchased?

A Busy Session of the Board of Aldermen.

Rowing and Canoe Club Grant Ruled Out—Will Buy a Street Grader—Borrowing \$40,000—Important Motions, Notices of Motions and Communications.

There was a large and expectant throng in the City Hall last night, when the City Council was holding its regular session. It was so large that it was extremely noisy at times, rendering it difficult for the aldermen to hear one another speaking across the council chamber, and Mayor Little had to call them to order on several occasions. The attraction was the street railway bylaw, but as an attraction it must have been rather a disappointment. The bylaw was dealt with in a formal manner, and in accordance with usual Parliamentary procedure it was considered as read for the first time and copies supplied to each of the aldermen.

"There may be some concessions to be made by the city," explained Ald. Jones, "and I have no doubt that there will be some concessions to be made by the company." He further explained that the committee would meet again on Wednesday afternoon.

Ald. Pritchard entered a futile objection and wanted the whole bylaw read through and discussed then and there. "Will you have had sufficient time to study the bylaw by next Monday night?" asked the mayor.

It was agreed to hold a special meeting on Monday night next, when the bylaw will be discussed and its second reading proposed. The following is a complete summary of the whole bylaw in its present shape:

The first page of the document recites in brief the conditions of the original act incorporating the London Street Railway Company, which was passed by the Local Legislature on March 23, 1873. The City Council did not pass the necessary bylaw until the eighth day of March, 1875. This agreement of the privileges of the company extended for the period of 50 years from that date, or until March 8, 1925. Bylaws passed in 1888 and 1889 granted the company power to extend along Pall Mall, Hamilton road, and into South London. By the old agreement it is provided that the cars shall be drawn by horses or mules only, and in view of the mutual desire of the city and the company and the corporation to construct a surface electric railway on the trolley system, it is agreed that previous bylaws shall be amended, and all the inconsistent portions repealed.

Clause 1 provides for the operation of an electric road for the remainder of the term of 50 years, from March 8, 1875. Clause 2 provides for the immediate commencement of the work of construction after the passage of the bylaw, and the works in full operation on all the streets within eighteen months thereafter. The company, however, is not to be pledged to build from Cheapside street north to the city limits until the consent of the Proof Line Road Company is obtained, or if the same be duly sought and not obtained.

By clause 3 the tracks and all works must be built under the supervision of the city engineer. Clause 4 provides for a gauge of 4 feet 8 1/2 inches (the ordinary wagon track); rails must not obstruct the free use of the street.

Clause 5 provides for the laying of single tracks in the center of the street, and the inside rail of each double track shall be within two feet of the center line of street.

Clause 6—Tracks must conform to the grades of the streets. Clause 7—The roadway between the rail and a space of two feet outside of each rail shall be paved or macadamized at the expense of the company. Clause 8—While the work of construction is in progress a free passage must be left for carriages and vehicles.

Clause 9—The corporation to have the right to take up any streets traversed by the company for usual corporation work.

Clause 10—When the city paves the streets the company shall pave its portion as agreed in clause 7. Clause 11—In event of the company failing to carry out the terms of the agreement, the city may do the work at the expense of the company, the amount so expended to be recovered in court; and the company failing to pay for the same for the period of two months after the recovery of a judgment, the agreement shall be at an end.

Clause 12—The road must not be open to the public until the city engineer has certified that the road has been constructed in all respects in conformity to the provisions of the bylaw. Clause 13—Ten days' notice in writing must be given to the city engineer before any streets are opened or in lineal feet shall be torn up at one time without the authority of No. 2 committee. Work must not be delayed.

Clause 14—Care must be taken during construction to leave sufficient space and crossings, so that traffic must not be impeded. Clause 15—It shall be lawful for any person, with or without horses, to use the track for any except street railway purposes, as long as electric traffic is not interfered with.

Clause 16—There must be no injury or interference with waterworks, telegraph, telephone, electric light, gas, fire alarm or other service, and the company must be liable for all damages arising out of construction, maintenance and operation. Clause 17—The company shall indemnify and save harmless the corporation at all times from all costs, damages and expense which the corporation may be put to by the exercise of the powers of the company. Clause 18—Cars must be of the same pattern, make and equipment as those now used on Euclid avenue, Cleveland, and must be in every respect equal or superior to the said cars. All cars must contain modern improvements, such as lighting and heating, at such hours and for such period of the year as the city engineer may require. Platforms must be provided with gates or bars, and each car shall be supplied with fenders of the most approved design for the safety of the public, and with vestibules for

the protection of the motormen. Cars must be kept clean, and no business signs shall be carried on the outside. Cars must not be crowded, and no greater number of passengers shall be carried than the number authorized by the city engineer.

Clause 19—The company shall repair track or track allowance when reported out of repair by the city engineer.

Clause 20—Privileges granted to the company shall extend to March 8, 1925, and after giving one year's notice the corporation may assume ownership of the railway on payment of the value of road as determined by arbitration of the city, neglects to give the required notice the company may control the road for five years longer, when, by giving one year's notice, the city may take charge, or, in a similar manner, at the expiration of any fifth year thereafter.

Clause 21—The company will extend lines as directed by a two-thirds vote of the council, provided that no such extension shall render the track mileage to population more than one mile of track (exclusive of side tracks, switches and turnouts) to every 2,000 inhabitants of the city in excess of 35,000.

Clause 22—The franchise is forfeited as a penalty for non-compliance with the terms of clause 21.

Clause 23—The company will, as far as practicable, employ residents of the city of London.

Clause 24—Provides for the layout of switches, side tracks and turnouts. Not more than one of either kind must be laid in 1,500 feet, except at curves and switches.

Clause 25—Contains rules and regulations: (a) Electricity must be the motive power. (b) Cars will commence running as early as 6 o'clock a.m. (Sundays excepted) and shall continue to run for seventeen hours thereafter. (c) Passenger, mail, construction, gravel, watering and snow cars to be used. (d) Tickets, seven for 25 cents, nine tickets for 25 cents, between 6:30 a.m. and 8 a.m., and between 5 and 6 p.m. Children between 5 and 12 years old, cash fare 3 cents, two tickets for 5 cents. Police constables, detectives, firemen, health and water inspectors shall be carried free of charge. (e) Cars running in the same or opposite direction on the same track shall not approach each other within a distance of 50 feet. Rate of speed shall be subject to the discretion of the council. (f) While turning corners the car shall not be more than four miles an hour. (g) There must be no stoppages at crossings except to avoid accident or to prevent danger to persons. (h) Not less than two men shall be in charge of each car, and (i) careful, sober and civil agents, conductors and motormen shall be in charge. (j) Motormen must vigilantly watch for obstructions, and (k) conductors must ascertain the names of the streets. (m) No women or children must leave a car while in motion. (n) Different colored signal lights shall be provided for each route, and a bright headlight shall be kept on all motor cars. They must also be provided with gongs. (o) Cars to have right of way. (p) No employee must in any one day longer period than ten hours in any one day, or more than an average of 240 hours in any lunatic month. (q) Conductors collecting more than the required fare shall be fined \$5 on conviction. (r) and (s) relate to the sale of sections, r and s relate to bridges. When crossing bridges, no car shall run at a greater rate than four workingmen's tickets may be used in the afternoon may be changed from time to time by the council, but must not exceed the hour and a half.

Clause 26 provides for a fine of \$10 a day for any sub-clauses b, c, d, e, f, g, h, m, n, p, r and t; and if regulations contained in c, d, r, s and t are contravened continuously for ten days after notice in writing the franchise shall be forfeited.

Clause 27 to 33 contain further instructions and conditions as to the running of cars.

Clause 34—"That nothing herein contained shall entitle the company to run cars or operate their railway on Sundays, and the company shall not run or permit any car to be run on their railway, or any portion thereof, upon any Sunday."

Clause 35 and 36—No new lines shall be built without the authority of the city and iron poles shall be used. Clause 37—In case of fire the person in charge of the brigade shall have the right to cut or pull down any obstructing wires. And the corporation shall not be liable for loss thereby.

Clause 38—During or after heavy snow falls which prevent the use of electric cars the company has the right to use sleighs. The company shall at its own expense remove all snow from sidewalks to sidewalk, or from curb to curb, on two miles of the road in the central portion of the city. Salt must not be used to remove snow. For every increase of 4,000 in population an additional quarter of a mile of business street must be cleared of snow. But snow to the depth of six inches must be left on the roadbed for sleighing.

Clause 40—Removed snow shall not be left in heaps, but spread evenly over the street or moved under the direction of the city engineer.

Clause 41—The company to lay such curves, switches, loops, Ys, or turnouts as the city engineer may deem necessary for the purpose of connecting the electric tracks with car barns, power houses, etc.

Clause 42—All workshops, repair shops and car sheds of the company shall be in London.

Clause 43—In event of another company wishing to construct electric line on streets not traversed by the existing company, the latter is given a 30 day option to construct such line themselves, otherwise the corporation may grant powers to another company.

Clause 44 provides for the levying by distress in case of nonpayment of fines imposed under sub-section "o" or "p" of clause 25, and for the imprisonment if no goods are found on which to levy.

Clause 45—All rights granted to the company are subject to those already possessed by any gas, telegraph, telephone, electric light or other company. Clause 46—Time is understood to mean standard time at the city of London. Clauses 47 and 48—Permission is given to take up the Pall Mall street line within twelve months from the passage of the bylaw.

Clause 49—The company shall at their own expense extend the abutments of Westminster or York street bridge and Victoria bridge, and replank, strengthen and keep in repair Clark's bridge, both substructure and superstructure. The company, if electing to do so, may extend the abutment and build a new superstructure on Clark's bridge, with a 25-foot roadway and a wide sidewalk. Or they may within twelve months after notice at any time after five years after the passage of the bylaw erect a separate bridge over the river at Wellington street. If Oxford street bridge is extended, the abutments must also be extended at Kensington bridge.

Clause 50—Springbank extension must be built within one year after the passage of the bylaw. Clause 51—The following streets will be electrified: Dundas street, from Thames to the easterly city limits; Richmond street, from Horton street to Huron, Oxford

street, from Adelaide to Richmond; Central avenue, from Waterloo to Adelaide; Pall Mall, from Richmond to Waterloo; Waterloo, from Pall Mall to Central avenue; Adelaide street, from Central avenue to Dundas; Ridout street, from Horton street south to Elmwood avenue; York street, from Richmond street to Stanley street to the Wharfedale; Wharfedale highway from Stanley to Askin street; Askin street, from the Wharfedale to the Wortley road; Wortley road, from Askin street to Elmwood avenue, Elmwood avenue, from the Wortley road to Ridout street south; Thames street, from York to Horton; Horton street, from Thames to Hamilton road; Wellington street, from Horton street to Bridge street; High street, from Bridge street to Maryboro Place; Bathurst street, from Richmond easterly to Clarence; Clarence street, from Bathurst street to Horton street; Hamilton road, from Horton street to Rectory; Hamilton road, from Rectory street to Egerton and up Egerton to Pine street.

If a free crossing is obtained over the Grand Trunk tracks on Rectory street the company will be willing to extend from Dundas to Hamilton road on Rectory street, instead of from Rectory to Egerton on the Hamilton road and up Egerton to Pine street.

If permission be not granted by the Proof Line Road Company to extend north on Richmond street, the company will build along Cheapside to Wellington and then north to the limit.

The company may at any time within two years after the passage of the bylaw extend their tracks to the Oxford street bridge, from Dundas to York on Ridout, on Adelaide, Bathurst street, on Central avenue to Oxford street, on Rectory from Dundas to King, King from Rectory to Ontario, and Ontario street from King to Dundas.

Single tracks only shall be laid on Stanley street, on Ridout, between Horton and Elmwood avenue, and on Wellington street over Clark's bridge to Bridge street and on High street.

Double tracks will be laid on Richmond street from Oxford to Horton, and on Dundas street from Ridout to Quebec street. The double tracking of other streets is left to agreement between the city and the company.

Clause 51 provides an exclusive franchise.

Clause 52—The company will receive and forward free of charge the passenger, mail, express, freight and baggage cars of all radial or other electric railway companies to the center of the city, or such other place within the city as the said companies may require. The company to have the right to collect the regular city fares from all passengers on the said cars held within the corporation limits.

Clause 53—In event of annexation of any local municipality the construction of electric lines therein shall be subject to this agreement.

Clause 54 defines what is meant by "city engineer."

Clause 55—By a two-thirds vote the council may request the company to adopt any other method of electrical transit other than the proposed trolley system, and the company shall within one year make the change. No change must be enacted, however, during the first fifteen years, and if the request is considered unreasonable it may be left to arbitration.

Clause 56—An annual license fee of \$5 a car shall be paid by the company. Clause 57—The corporation electing to assume ownership of the city system at the expiry of the franchise, it may also take over the Springbank road on the same conditions.

In event of the company neglecting to maintain and operate the Springbank line, the city may do so or grant the rights and privileges to any other company.

Clause 58—In case the company becomes insolvent, the franchise is forfeited.

Clause 60—The bylaw shall not be binding unless or until formally accepted by the company within fifteen days after the passage thereof. Clause 61 provides for the continuance of horse cars until the time fixed by bylaw for running electric cars.

COMMUNICATIONS. The bunch of communications which had collected since the last regular meeting, three weeks ago, was more than usually large in consequence of the extra work.

James McDonald, hotel-keeper, to whose house the men who were so nearly suffocated in the King street sewer were taken, sent in an account for \$20 for use of rooms, beds, servants, etc. Referred to No. 1.

The school board was granted the free use of Queen's Park on July 1 for the school children's demonstration. Several petitions were received for street watering, and on motion the following applications were granted:

Wortley road, between Askin street and Byron avenue. Adelaide street, between Princess avenue and Central avenue. Wellington street, between Grey and Horton.

York street, between Adelaide and William streets. Queen's avenue, between Adelaide and William streets.

A. Murray was granted the free use of the City Hall on behalf of the Choral Society, in which to hold practices for the forthcoming musical festival.

Col. Lindsay applied for the usual grant of \$500 for the Seventh Band, in consideration of the band giving the usual summer band concert.

Ald. Heaman said that No. 2 committee was dealing with the expenditure of the \$500 appropriation made by the council, and the matter was referred to that committee.

The Musical Society Band was granted the free use of Victoria Park and the necessary lights for a band concert on the night of Wednesday, May 8. A collection will be exacted.

W. G. Brooks asked for use of city water to sprinkle Blackfriars street, London, West, and offered to pay for same. The petition was filed.

Assessment Commissioner Grant made a return of the non-assessable property within the city limits as follows:

Churches and lands.....	252,000
Public schools.....	200,000
Hospitals and public charities.....	120,000
Academies and universities.....	165,000
City property.....	406,700
City and county jail.....	100,000
Exempt manufacturers by by-law.....	324,100
Government lands and buildings.....	419,000
Government officials' salaries over \$700, exempt by statute.....	26,715

Total.....\$2,348,615

The annual convocation of the ministers of the Disciples' Church will be held in London in June, and Rev. Mr. Fowler, pastor of the Elizabeth Street Christian Church, asked for the use of the agricultural hall on Sunday, June 2, wherein to hold services. Granted.

Wm. Moore's application for a drain at Marley Place, South London, and a petition for a sidewalk on Marshall street, East London, were referred to No. 2 committee.

For remission of taxes—Mrs. T. Brown, Sarah McDowell, Rebecca McNab, G. S. McDaniel, Margaret Redmond, William Wood, and J. W. Fitzgerald & Fitzgerald—Asking payment of wages of certain syndicate employees. (Continued on page 5.)

Joy Brought to Another Home!

SUFFERING AND PAIN BANISHED.

Paine's Celery Compound Saves the Life of a Toronto Lady.

Mrs. J. Wicket Says, "After Using Two Bottles of the Compound I Feel Like a New Woman."

A FIRMLY ESTABLISHED FACT:

When Doctors Fail and Ordinary Medicines Are Useless, Paine's Celery Compound Always Cures.

Results! honest results! marvelous results!! convincing and satisfactory to all fair-minded men and women. Even the skeptics and scoffers are brought to a knowledge of the truth by unassailable, rock-bottom facts and proofs.

In the vast field of medicines and medical preparations, time, experience and results have amply demonstrated the truth of the oft repeated statement, that Paine's Celery Compound is the only true and honest life-saving medicine ever offered to suffering humanity. The strong and vigorous testimony of Mrs. J. Wicket, of 169 Oak street, Toronto, should fill the fainting and despairing hearts of all sufferers with fresh hope and confidence, and should at once lead every sickly person to the only medicine that makes people well.

Mrs. Wicket's letter reads as follows: "Last year, in the month of November, I was suddenly taken very ill with pleurisy and neuralgia. The pains in my shoulders and back were most intense, and caused me to lose sleep. For several weeks I was under the doctor's care, and gradually recovered from the attack of pleurisy, but none

of the medicines prescribed for me seemed to have any effect on the neuralgia, which had by this time spread all over my body.

"I gradually became worse; my appetite was poor, and the pain never seemed to leave me for an instant. My life was becoming a burden to me, and I began to think I would never recover. I grew discouraged with the medicines I was taking, and happening to see a testimonial in the newspaper about Paine's Celery Compound, I concluded to get a bottle, although I had very little faith in patent medicines.

"Before I had finished my first bottle I began to feel better, the pains and soreness greatly decreased, and gaining hope by my improved health, I finished the first bottle and purchased a second.

After using two bottles of your Compound, I feel like a new woman. My appetite has returned, the neuralgia has left me, and I am as well as ever. I feel very thankful for the benefit I have derived from your medicine, and take pleasure in recommending it to friends. Should anyone desire fuller particulars if they will communicate with me I will be happy to oblige them."



"The Slater \$3.00 Shoe for Men"

Has the Style, Fit and Finish

of those for which you are compelled to pay High Prices.

If your dealer does not keep them, write to us.

Geo. T. Slater & Sons, MONTREAL.

Gentlemen

BUY A SUIT OF OUR

75c or 90c

Balbriggan Underclothing!

Two Leading Lines Just Received.

GRAHAM BROS.,

Double tore---Dundas St.

Bowman, Kennedy & Co.,

Wholesale Hardware Merchants, LONDON, ONT.

Window Glass, Enameled Glass, Cathedral Glass, Rolled Plate, Spades and Shovels. Paints, Oils, Putty, Rope, Harvest Tools. Cut Nails, Wire Nails, Galvanized Wire, O. and A. Wire, Builders' Hardware.

We are just opening spring importations of Cutlery and English Shell Goods. All Goods bought for cash at lowest value. We lead in prices, quality and new goods. Prompt shipment and best attention guaranteed.

MONEY LOANED.

On real estate, notes and farm stock, furniture and chattels. Coins, Tokens and Medals bought.

JAMES MILNE,

88 Dundas Street, - - London, Ont

Send postage stamp for reply. ywt

Richard H. Giese, Manufacturing Jeweler and Engraver.

BRASS SIGNS, DOOR PLATES AND SEAL PRESSERS. Old Stand, Upstairs.

180 DUNDAS ST. ywt

Gentlemen—A call will convince you that we keep the very finest goods. Light Overcoats and Pants a specialty. PARK AVENUE. Prices very moderate. Repairing done cheaply. W. SLATER. ywt

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The Advertiser

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JOHN CAMERON,
Press and Managing Director.

God's in His heaven,
All's right with the world.
—Browning.

London, Tuesday, May 7.

WHEREIN SIR FRANK SMITH WAS
MISREPRESENTED BY HIS OWN
FRIENDS AND THE GOVERNOR-
GENERAL TREATED MOST OF-
FENSIVELY.

Hon. Mr. Laurier, in his speech on
the formation of the Bowell Govern-
ment, was somewhat severe in his
criticism of the line of conduct pursued
by Sir Frank Smith. It is now con-
tended, and no longer denied, that Sir
Frank Smith was not to blame for the
officially-inspired paragraphs which ap-
peared simultaneously in the various
Government organs on 15th December
last. That the statement emanated from
a Cabinet source is very clearly made
evident from the three illustrations
which we herewith give:

The Ottawa Citizen of 15th December
said:

"Only yesterday afternoon did it
transpire that previous to calling upon
the Hon. Mackenzie Bowell on Thurs-
day night to form a Ministry, his Ex-
cellency the Governor-General, when
he sent for Sir F. Smith, consulted with
him as to the formation of a Govern-
ment. Sir Frank Smith, while highly
appreciating the honor, informed his
Excellency that he had no ambition in
that direction, and suggested that his
Excellency should call upon the Hon.
Mackenzie Bowell as the most suitable
person to be intrusted with the task
of forming a new Ministry."

The Toronto Empire of Dec. 15 said:
"In conversation with the Empire to-
night, Sir Frank Smith spoke as fol-
lows: 'It is true that his Excellency
did me the honor of consulting me as
to the formation of the new Ministry,
but I told him at once that I was not
a candidate for the office of Premier.
I suggested that he should send for the
acting Premier, Mr. Bowell. We had
a long talk, but I do not feel at liberty
to report what transpired. I think (con-
tinued Sir Frank Smith) that I could
not have given his Excellency better
advice. I have known Mr. Bowell for
a great many years, and although he
has been a strong Orangeman, and
very earnest and outspoken in his op-
inion, yet I have never known him to say
an offensive word against Catholics or to
do anything which they could regard
as offensive.'"

And the Montreal Gazette of Dec. 15
had the following:

"It has transpired today that pre-
vious to the calling of the Hon. Mac-
kenzie Bowell last night to form a Ministry,
his Excellency the Governor-General
sent for Sir Frank Smith and consulted
with him as to the task of the formation
of the new Government. Sir Frank
Smith, while highly appreciating the honor,
informed his Excellency that he had no
ambition in that direction, and sug-
gested that he should call on the Hon.
Mackenzie Bowell as the most suitable
person to be intrusted with the task.
In conversation with the Gazette cor-
respondent tonight, Sir Frank Smith said:
'Yes, it is quite true that his Excel-
lency did me the honor of consulting
me as to the forming of the new Min-
istry, but I told him at once that I was
not a candidate for the office of Prem-
ier, as it would not suit me. I then sug-
gested that he should send for the acting
Premier, Mr. Bowell.'"

If Sir Frank Smith had divulged to
the newspapers the secrets of the Privy
Council, as attributed to him, he would
deserve severe censure. We would be
loath to believe that a Minister of the
Crown, who has taken the oath of office
as a privy councillor, and who has
sworn to keep secret the counsels of
the Queen's representative, would, con-
trary to the provisions of that oath,
knowingly consent to the interviews
given in the above paragraphs.

Indeed, we have good reasons for the
belief that the announcement attrib-
uted to our former fellow-townsmen was
not written by him, but was the product
of another member of the Cabinet. A
friend of Sir Frank Smith, who is in
frequent association with him, assures
us that this is the case, and that it was
so shown in the House of Commons,
when a challenge for an explanation
of the published interview was avoided
by the Government leader. The docu-
ment, as prepared for publication in
Cabinet circles, was in fact shown to
Sir Frank Smith, who gave his hasty
consent to the publication of its con-
tents. We are now told that the full
effect of what these paragraphs con-
tain was not realized by him in the hur-
ried way in which the information was
imparted to him.

What was the motive for this unpre-
cedented course? It is to be found in
the fact that a section of the Cabinet
insisted on Mr. Bowell becoming Prem-
ier, and we do him no injustice when
we say that he was himself among the
number who favored the arrangement.
Some fears were entertained by him
and his friends with regard to his ac-
ceptability to the Roman Catholic so-

tion of the Conservative party, as he
was not only past grand master of the
Orange Order, but had personally been
known to entertain strong prejudices.
We may give an instance of this. At the
time when Manitoba was admitted into
the Dominion, Mr. Bowell made an at-
tack upon Father Richot, one of the
delegates upon behalf of Manitoba,
whom he sarcastically described as
"the meek and lowly priest who had
actively labored to prevent a repre-
sentative of the Crown from entering
the Northwest country."

It is not surprising, then, that it
should occur to Mr. Bowell and his
friends that a certificate from Sir
Frank Smith, in which he was de-
scribed as "one who had never made
himself offensive to the Roman Catholic
population," should be sent abroad on
the eve of his appointment. In order
to strengthen him with a section of his
party, with whom otherwise he might
not stand well. And so Sir Frank
Smith's name, and his alleged "call"
by the Governor-General were used in a
most reprehensible manner, inconsis-
tent with his duty as a Privy Councillor,
and in the highest degree offensive to
her Majesty's representative.

When the present Secretary of State
published a manifesto, to which her
Majesty's name was attached, express-
ing to her Indian children in Hal-
dmand how much she would be obliged
if they would vote for Dr. Montague,
a use was made of the name of the
sovereign not unlike that which has
been made, in this case, of his Excel-
lency the Governor-General. Lord Ab-
erdeen has been represented by mem-
bers of the Cabinet as possessing so
little knowledge of Canadian affairs,
and as being so ill-qualified to judge
of the capacity, fitness and experience
of men as to have sent for Sir Frank
Smith to form a Government, though
his Excellency must have known that
with Sir Frank Smith political affairs
have always occupied a subordinate
place. It is true that his Excellency
did not make a remarkably happy
choice when he sent for the present
Premier, but when one considers the
material which the majority in Parlia-
ment places at his disposal just now,
we do not pretend to say that he could
have done better.

A SWINDLER'S WELCOME HOME.

Jabez Balfour, Ex-M.P., Brought to
London for Trial.

Great Crowds Assemble to See Him But
Are Baffled—Balfour Arraigned.

London, May 6.—Jabez Spencer Bal-
four, the absconding ex-member of Parlia-
ment, who is responsible for the col-
lapse of the Liberator Building associa-
tion and other companies, whereby
thousands of investors were ruined,
was landed at Southampton docks this
morning. When the steamer Tartar
Prince, upon which Balfour has
brought Buenos Ayres, arrived in
the harbor a custom house launch im-
mediately went to her aid. Balfour was
transferred to her and landed. A tug
containing 60 press representatives
sought to board the Tartar Prince, but
was not allowed to do so. Meanwhile
the detectives on board the customs
launch avoided the docks, which were
crowded with excited people, and land-
ed Balfour at Netley wharf. The
landing was quietly made, and Bal-
four was put on board a train without
being noticed, and started for London
at 7.45.

Arriving in London, the train was
stopped at Vauxhall station, and Bal-
four, instead of being taken to the
Waterloo station, where an immense
crowd was awaiting his arrival, was
transferred to a cab and driven to the
Drew street police station. The ex-
pectant crowds were baffled at every
point, and not one of them was gratified
in catching a glimpse of the prisoner.
Balfour was immediately put into the
prisoner's dock and charges were for-
mally lodged against him. He appeared
to be in good health, but was down-
cast and taciturn.

Balfour, upon being arraigned, was
remanded until May 9.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

Preston's assessment returns an in-
crease in population of 143, being 13 per
cent.

Sarnia proposes to have a military
demonstration on May 24, and to have
the Twenty-Seventh Battalion in a pile.
David Bovington, a clever student of
the third year at the Woodstock College,
met with a serious accident on Friday
while playing football. When checking
another player, both bones of his leg
between the knee and foot were broken.

There is a great string of bicycle ride-
rs training on the track at Sarnia. Re-
sident the Brantford trio, McLeod, David-
son and Gibbons, there are also Fred
Loughhead, E. B. Phelps and James Shil-
linglaw, of Sarnia; Leslie Rawley, of
Port Huron; Harry Porter, of Wayne;
A. F. Little, of London; and Harley,
of Petrolia. The men are getting into
first-class shape.

A number of changes have been made
among the agents on the L. E. and D. R.
R. through the resignation of Agent
Wheatley, at Blenheim, who is going to
Wheatley, W. Stokes, Merlin, who was
formerly connected with Leamington
station, goes to Blenheim; Agent An-
derson, Coatsworth, goes to Merlin;
Agent Toll, Sandison, goes to Coats-
worth, and Sullivan, for some time
assistant at Leamington goes to San-
dison. Edward Liddle takes Mr. Sul-
livan's place.

Nothing impure or injurious contam-
inates the popular antidote to pain,
throat and lung remedy, a general
corrective, Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.
It may be used without the slightest
apprehension of any other than salutary
consequences. Coughs, rheumatism,
earaches, bruises, cuts and sores sub-
cumb to its action.

Commend a fool for his wit or a knave
for his honesty and he will receive you
into his bosom.

How to Cure All Skin Diseases.

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment."
No internal medicine required. Cures
tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on
the face, hands, nose, etc., leaving the
skin clear, white and healthy. Its great
healing and curative powers are pos-
sessed by no other remedy. Ask your
druggist for "Swayne's Ointment." Ely-
man, Sons & Co., Montreal, wholesale
agents.

J. W. STRONG, 323 Simcoe street,
does papering and sign painting at
very reasonable prices. ywt

Have you seen Keene Bros' bedroom
sets with bevel plate mirrors for \$9,
\$11 and \$12? They are the delight of
everyone that sees them. 127 King
street, opposite Market House.

House and Lobby

Who Owns the Old Carling Brewery and How It Is
Financed for Government Use—Report on Western
Militia Corps—Some Odd Episodes in the Commons
—Confessions as to the Manitoba School Question
—Wholesale Disfranchisement Advocated.

Ottawa, May 6.—There was a good
deal of skeptical laughter when some
of the answers were given to Mr. Mc-
Mullen's question regarding the old Car-
ling brewery in London in the Commons
this afternoon. The Minister of Militia
said it was leased from John Christie;
that it is used for military stores and
as a residence for Col. Dawson. The
Government has not purchased it, or
promised to do so, but has leased it
for ten years, at a rental of \$720 a year.
The Government had spent \$1,000 in re-
pairing the building, but it does not
know that the property until lately be-
longed to Sir John Carling.

In reply to Mr. Lister, who asked if
it is the intention to have the annual
drill and militia camps this year, the
Minister said that was the present in-
tention. This is not very candid, for
not a dollar is provided for this service
in the estimates.

In reply to Mr. Lowell, the Customs
Controller said the collectorship of
customs at Niagara has been vacant
since March last year, and that an ap-
pointment will soon be made. No one
has been promised it.

There will be no revision of the Do-
minion voters' lists this year.

Mr. Campbell was informed that the
Government had been made aware that
the street piling constructed on Mc-
Gregor's creek, Chatham, is giving way.
A promise to soon repair it was made.

Mr. McCarthy asked whether the Min-
ister of Works caused to be published
the following dispatch in La Presse
newspaper:

"Ottawa, April 5.—You are author-
ized to deny absolutely false
rumor published in the Herald that
Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper demanded
from his colleagues that remedial leg-
islation should be postponed until after
the general elections, if such legislation
was rendered necessary by the refusal
of Manitoba. In the latter case it will
be presented with the shortest possible
delay, in order to secure its passage."
—A. QUIMET.

Mr. Outmet replied "Yes."

Mr. McCarthy further asked if it was
true that the Minister of Public Works
said at the nomination in Vercheres
that Dominion Ministers were un-
willing to pass a remedial
law, and had further said: "Some have
left our ranks, more will leave, but it
will not prevent the Government from
carrying out its purpose. I ask you to
forgoing out its purpose. I ask you to
God." Mr. McCarthy asked: "Whether
in these statements of the Minister of
Public Works the policy of the Govern-
ment was correctly defined?"

Mr. Outmet evaded a direct reply as
to the speech, but explained that he
stated the policy of the Government
was to be guided by the law and the
constitution. "I stated that the policy
of the Government was correctly de-
fined in that declaration," said Mr.
Quimet.

Mr. McCarthy next asked: "Whether,
if the remedial order which the Gov-
ernment in-Council had passed with
reference to the Manitoba school ques-
tion is not executed by the Legislature
of that Province, this Parliament will
be invested with authority or jurisdic-
tion to pass or enact a law or laws to
carry out the decision of the Governor-
General-in-Council embodied in the re-
medial order?"

Hon. Mr. Tupper read from the of-
ficial report of the case at Ottawa, and
opinion by Mr. McCarthy, one of the
counsel, as to what would follow if
Manitoba declined to submit to Otta-
wa's demand that separate schools be
again established in Manitoba. The ef-
fect was that the power of the Dom-
inion to act arose when Manitoba de-
finitely refuses, and that the power is a
legislative authority to be exercised like
any of the other legislative authori-
ties conferred by section 91 of the B.
N. A. Act.

There was much laughter on both
sides when Sir Hibbert Tupper thus an-
swered Mr. McCarthy from McCarthy. Sub-
sequently the Minister and Mr. Mc-
Carthy had a conference.

Mr. Smith (Ontario) moved that the
Government should engage the services
of one or more competent veterinary
surgeons to examine and report on the
health of Canadian cattle herds, so as
to convince the British Government
that Canadian animals were free from
disease.

Dr. Sproule seconded the motion, and
the question dropped after Dr. Mon-
tagne had stated that an offer of this
kind had already been declined by the
British authorities.

Nearly the whole of the afternoon
was taken up in discussing the motion
by Mr. Mills (Annapolis) disfranchising
every man who two years previous
to a Dominion election has been paid
for any service whatsoever by any
Provincial Government, who may dis-
franchise any employee of the Dominion
Government.

This is a motion which was fully dis-
cussed last year, the mover then, as
now, arguing that disfranchisement was
a great wrong, and stated that he only
favored retaliation. The motion is
specially aimed at the Nova Scotia Gov-
ernment and Mr. McIsaac, who cap-
tured Sir John Thompson's seat in
Antigonish, made his maiden speech
in reply to Mr. Mills.

Mr. McIsaac said that the Nova Scotia
law disqualifying certain officials had
been on the statute books since 1871,
and had been generally ignored by the
people. It disfranchised Indorsed by the
people as Dominion officials. Mr. McIsaac
said that Mr. Mills' greatest trouble
was that Nova Scotia was Liberal, and
had again so voted. It would do so
in Dominion affairs in the near
future. That was the trouble with
Mr. Mills and his friends.

Mr. Tiedale defended Mr. Mills, and
argued that one wrong should not be
remedied by legalizing another.
Mr. Davies said it was remarkable
that an aspirant to a Cabinet position
should bring himself down so low as to
vote for what he declares to be a vicious
and immoral practice as a retaliatory
measure. Mr. Mills was not in earnest
in this matter.

"I am strongly in earnest now," said
Mr. Mills.

"Perhaps so," said Mr. Davies: "he
would disfranchise every Liberal be-
cause he opposes his views."

"That is personal," retorted Mr. Mills,
"and I repeat it."

You can't stop the crowd. They
won't be switched off, they
are going

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14 Cents

Is our price for a beautiful corded, striped
Chambray, wide width, fast color, in all the
most desirable shades, equal in appearance to
goods at 25 cents.

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You have not seen the nicest and best if
you have not seen ours. The manufacturers
have suited every taste—we suit every pocket.
Every time a leader at 5c, 6½c, 7½c, 10c and
12½c.

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High quality and low price prevail here
to a degree hitherto unknown. See these fine
Muslins at 7½c, 8½c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c.

White Piques and Brilliants, very choice
goods, at 12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, also with pin
dots of blue and pink, at 20c.

Linen Department

Unbleached Table Linen, special value,
at 25c, 27c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 50c, 65c,
Bleached Table Damask, fine qualities, at
35c, 45c, 50c, 60c, 65c, 75c, \$1.

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Large All Linen Huck Towels at 7½c,
8½c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 25c.

BATH TOWELS

Large size, great water drinkers, at 10c,
12½c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 38c, 45c.

TOWELLING

Linen Roller Towelling, 5c, 6½c, 7½c, 8c,
10c; Linen Huck Towelling, 10c, 12½c, 15c,
20c; Turkish Towelling, 10c, 12½c, 20c, 25c.

GLASS TOWELLING

Red and blue check, all linen, at 5c, 6½c,
8½c, 10c, 12½c. Butcher Linen, 12½c, 18c, 20c
and 25c.

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VICTORIAN SANDOU
The Great Dramatist.

The mobile features of this great man are
seen above. Sandou is the great wizard of
the stage, clothing his characters in flesh
and blood, and making them live. He
makes, not mummies, but men and women,
as witnesses the realistic portrayals of Bern-
hardt, chiefly the master's thought.
When body and brain are weary with work,
anything that will drive away the blues
must possess a great value. It is the ver-
dict of Sandou that "Vin Mariani," the
great tonic-stimulant, possesses this subtle
power. This is what the great man says:
"Vin Mariani" is perfect, gives health,
drives away the blues, and is of such ex-
cellent quality that whoever tastes it might
almost desire to be forever debilitated and
depressed, thus to have a pretext to drink
it." Celebrated men and women, the world
over, have spoken similarly of the stimu-
lating, nourishing effects of "Vin Mariani"
upon body and brain. A preparation from
pure grapes and carefully selected coca
leaves, "Vin Mariani" is more tonic than
quinine, and yet it never constipates. For
the convalescent it is invaluable; for all
suffered people, it has a magic restorative
property. Send your name to Lawrence A.
Wilson & Co., Montreal, the Canadian
Agents, and you will receive an album con-
taining the portraits of a large number of
celebrated people, who have used "Vin
Mariani" with wonderful results, and who
speak highly of it.

"Does Morrison know anything about
music?" "He knows that the correct
pronunciation is 'Vogner'."

Mr. Thomas Ballard, Syracuse, N. Y.,
writes: "I have been afflicted for nearly a
year with that most-to-be-dreaded disease
Dyspepsia, and at times worn out with pain
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everything recommended, I tried one box of
Farnes' Valuable Pills. I am now nearly
well, and believe they will cure me. I
would not be without them for any money."

Speaking of famous old people, Lot's
wife was remarkably well preserved.
Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It
removed ten corns from one pair of
feet without any pain. What it has
done once it will do again.

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formed. DR. ZIEGLER, dentist, 192-1-2
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FOR THE BENEFIT OF SMALL FAMILIES and people who do not care to the required amount of goods at one purchase we have the Fern Pots for sale to continue selling the Fern Pots at **cents Each with one pound (no checks) of** Raisins, Tea, coffee, cocoa, baking powder, molasses, coconut, mustard, pepper, spices, etc.

The Fern Pot Sale has been a grand success, every customer is well pleased with their purchases. These goods will be sold **or cash; 25¢ or more for 10¢.** The following are the last twenty-eight rounds Redpath's granulated sugar **or \$1 to our customers.**

To get one of our Fancy Vase Lamps, right at **cents** for \$1.75, and Rochester Burner, complete, \$1.95. These goods, which were sold at **cents** on the dollar, wholesale and retail, are such great bargains that some of them were bought and shipped to Toronto, where they will be sold for **\$2.50 and \$3 each.**

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D.—

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anted some nice upholstered goods,
she did not like them.

What you want—
 Perhaps you can
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Superior second cabin accommodation on these steamers.
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A Lost Gem

He was turning away, when his attention was arrested by a word from Kingscott's lips. Stella was bending over him and trying to do something for his arm, but the word he uttered made her suddenly to her side. "Hannington," he said. Stella half raised herself, glanced round her, and said, almost below her breath, "Where is Molly?"

She thought that Alan would, if he could, have annihilated her on the spot. "In her room, of course," he answered sternly. "You are unnerved, Stella. What is Ralph saying? Attend to Bertie—I will look after Ralph. Do you know me, Ralph? Who did this? Who has been here?"

"Hannington!" He does not know what he is saying," said Alan, for the benefit of the listeners around him, but his face blanched a little at the sound. "You need not crowd into this room," he said, addressing himself to the servants. "There is no further cause for alarm. We will get Mr. Kingscott to bed, and Mr. Bertie also; I hope that the doctor will be here presently. Now, Ralph?"

Kingscott opened his eyes. A contraction with his forehead. What! Did he shoot me? he asked, trying to sit up, but turning whiter than ever with the effort as he moved. "The young scoundrel!"

"Of whom are you speaking, Ralph?" "Of Bertie, of course. Isn't his revolver anywhere about? He shot me, I tell you, whether by accident or not. I can't say. I think I knocked him down in return. Good heavens! my arm!"

"What are you talking about, Ralph? Did not burglars get into the house?" "Burglars! certainly not. John Hannington did—if you call him a burglar—he has stolen one thing, at any rate. Have you some brandy there? This pain makes me feel unwell," said Stella. Alan was obliged to control his impatience while he gave the brandy; but before Kingscott had swallowed it, a woman servant came flying into the room with news. "Oh, sir, oh, sir! Miss Molly's no' in her bed nor in her room, nor anywhere! She's maybe hiding, or carryt off by the robbers."

Stella, who was now attending to Bertie's wants, turned so white a face towards her husband, that even at that moment of anxiety he was struck by its expression.

could not leave him to the servants at that moment, although her heart yearned after her husband in his agony of wounded love and pride.

"What is it? What does it mean?" murmured Bertie. "Don't talk yet," said Stella, gently. "Do you feel any pain? We must have you taken to your room when you are able to move, and the doctor will be here directly."

"I'm hurt," said Bertie, in a stronger voice. Only a little dazed, I think. What was my father saying about me? I did not understand—

"You had better hold your tongue," said Kingscott from the couch on which he was lying, in tones rendered harsh, presumably by pain. "You can do no good by talking."

Stella was sorry to see that the lad covered when these words were spoken, as though they contained a threat. She redoubled her attentions to him, and was rewarded presently by finding that although still sick and faint, he was able to move without difficulty; then, thinking that she could be of no use at present to Kingscott, she went away from the Tower to make inquiries about Molly, and to give any orders that might be needed.

Alan was invisible; the responsibility for every kind of action seemed at once to have fallen on her shoulders. The servants turned to her as if knowing instinctively that her head was sure to be clear, her judgment sound, and her will decided. She had to restore order, as far as possible, to the distracted household, and provide for future contingencies. Notwithstanding Alan's declaration that he would have no more to do with Molly, she sent messengers in one or two directions—the coachman to the railway station with orders to telegraph to the station master at Perth—a groom in another direction with somewhat similar injunctions. She thought that there might be still a chance of finding Molly and bringing her back.

But her hopes grew small when, after a considerable search, she found a letter addressed to herself in Molly's room. It was short, but clear and to the point. As you are so determined to prevent my marriage with Jack, wrote Molly, "we have thought it better to take matters into our own hands. Jack is waiting for me with a carriage in the road. We shall not go to Dunkeld or to Perth, so you need not look for us there. We shall be married tomorrow morning, and then I will write again. I have written to my father, and I hope that he will be angry with us. I would not have taken this way if you had not driven me into it by coming between me and Jack. I am sorry for my father's sake, but not for anything else, because I love Jack better than anybody in the world."

She had signed her full name at the end—"Mary Helen Monroff."

(To be Continued.)

You've No Idea
How nicely Hood's Sarsaparilla hits the needs of the people who feel all tired out or run down from any cause. It seems to oil up the whole mechanism of the body so that all moves smoothly and work becomes delight. If you are weak, tired and nervous, Hood's Sarsaparilla is just what you need. Try it.

THE POWER OF CONSCIENCE.

Lessons Drawn from the Words of Pontius Pilate,
When Jesus Was Brought Before the Sanhedrim—Dr. Talmage's Sunday Afternoon Sermon.

New York, May 6.—On Sunday afternoon Rev. Dr. Talmage chose for his subject "Conscience," the text selected being Matthew xxvii. 24: "He took water and washed his hands before the multitude, saying, I am innocent of the blood of this just person; see ye to it."

At about 7 o'clock in the morning, up the marble stairs of a palace and across the floors of richest mosaic, and under the ceiling of gold and the splendors of color, and between snow banks of white and glistening sculpture, passes a poor, pale, sick young man of 33, already condemned to death, on his way to be condemned again. Jesus of Nazareth is his name.

In a semi-circle around the prisoner are the Sanhedrists, prosecuting this case in the name of religion, for the bitterest prosecutions have been religious prosecutions, and when Satan takes hold of a good man he makes up by intensity for brevity of occupation. If you have never seen an ecclesiastical court trying a man, then you have no idea of the foaming internalism of these old religious Sanhedrists. Governor Pilate cross-questions the prisoner, and finds right away he is innocent, and wants to let him go. His caution is also increased by a message from Claudia Procula, his wife, who has had a dream about the innocence of this prisoner and about the danger of executing him, and she awakens from this morning dream in time to send the message to her husband, that on the judicial bench, and what with the protest of his wife and the voice of his own conscience, and the entire failure of the Sanhedrists to make out their case, Governor Pilate resolves to discharge the prisoner from custody.

But the intimation of such a thing brings upon the Governor an equivoical storm of indignation. They will report him to the Emperor at Rome. They will have him recalled. They will send him up home, and he will be hung for treason, for the Emperor at Rome has already a suspicion in regard to Pilate, and that suspicion does not cease until Pilate is banished and the message to her husband, that on the judicial bench, and what with the protest of his wife and the voice of his own conscience, and the entire failure of the Sanhedrists to make out their case, Governor Pilate resolves to discharge the prisoner from custody.

Behold, in this, that ceremony amounts to nothing, if there is not in it correspondences of heart and life. It is a good thing to wash the hands. But here in the text is a man who professes to wash away the guilt of a sin which he does not quit and of which he does not make any repentance. Pilate's wash basin was a dead failure. Ceremonies, however beautiful and appropriate, may be no more than a hypocritical abutment. In infancy we may be sprinkled from the baptismal font, and in manhood we may wash in deep immersions, and yet never come to moral purification.

Nothing against a man who professes to wash away the guilt of a sin which he does not quit and of which he does not make any repentance. Pilate's wash basin was a dead failure. Ceremonies, however beautiful and appropriate, may be no more than a hypocritical abutment. In infancy we may be sprinkled from the baptismal font, and in manhood we may wash in deep immersions, and yet never come to moral purification.

Behold, also, as you see Governor Pontius Pilate thrust his hand into this wash basin, the power of conscience. He had an idea there was blood on his hands, and he knew that he was acquitting if he only had the courage. Poor Pilate! His conscience was after him, and he knew the stain would never be washed from his hands until the day of his death. He was a coward, or a hypocrite, when it is fully aroused! With whip of scorpions over a bed of spikes in pitch of midnight it chases guilt. Are there ghosts? Yes, not of the grave yard, but of one's mind not at rest. Every man did Adam and Eve try to hide when they had all the world to themselves? From their own conscience. What made Cain's punishment greater than he could bear? His conscience. What made Ahab without remorse? His conscience. What made Belshazzar's feast a disaster? His conscience. What made the great Felix tremble before the little missionary? Conscience. What made the great Felix tremble before the little missionary? Conscience.

Why is it that that man in this audience, with all the marks of worldly prosperity upon him, is agitated while I speak, and is now flushed and now pale, and then the breath is uneven, and then heads of perspiration on the forehead, and then the look of unrest comes to a look of horror and despair? I know not, but he knows, and God knows. It may be that he despoiled a fair young life, and turned innocence into a wail, and the smile of hope into the brazen laughter of despair. Or it may be that he has in his possession the property of others, and by some staterem he keeps it according to law, and yet he knows it is not his own, and that if his heart should stop beating this moment he would be in hell for

ever. Or it may be that he is responsible for a great mystery, the disappearance of someone who was never heard of, and the tracks were all covered up, and the swift horse of the rail train took him out of reach, and there are only two persons in the universe who know of it—God and himself. God present at the time of the tragedy and present at the retrospection and conscience.

Conscience amounts to nothing unless the heart is converted, and the pocket-book is converted, and the cash drawer is converted, and the ledger is converted, and the pigeon-hole containing the correspondence is converted. A man half converted, or quarter converted, or a thousandth part converted, is not converted at all. What will be the great book in the Day of Judgment? Conscience. Conscience recalling misimproved opportunities. Conscience recalling unrepented sins. Conscience bringing up all the past. The worst thing a man can have is an evil conscience, and the best thing a man can have is what Paul calls a good conscience.

Anæmic Women
with pale or sallow complexions, or suffering from skin eruptions or scrofulous blood, will find quick relief in Scott's Emulsion. All of the stages of Emaciation, and a general decline of health, are speedily cured.

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takes away the pale, haggard look that comes with General Debility. It enriches the blood, stimulates the appetite, creates healthy flesh and brings back strength and vitality. For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Weak Lungs, Consumption and Wasting Diseases of Children. Send for our pamphlet. Mailed FREE. Scott & Bowne, Belleville. All Druggists. 50c. & \$1.

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Has a tone full, rich, mellow, peculiar to itself, unapproached by any other.

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RECIPE—For Making a Delicous Health Drink at Small Cost.

Adams' Root Beer Extract, One Bottle
Fleischmann's Yeast, Half a Cake
Sugar, Two Pounds
Lukewarm Water, Two Gallons.
Dissolve the sugar and yeast in the water, add the extract and yeast, put in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice when it will open sparkling and delicious.

The root beer can be obtained at all drug and grocery stores in 10 and 25 cent bottles to make two and five gallons.

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Boat and 12th St. Chicago.
One of the largest and best in the city. Rooms \$1 per day and up. Send for circular. Half a block from 10th street exit of the new Michigan Central station. All baggage delivered gratis from Michigan Central depot. No cab fares necessary. Look out for our porter at the station. If you want comfort, convenience and economy, stop at the new HOTEL IMPERIAL, CHICAGO.

On account of increased patronage it has been found necessary to enlarge this popular hotel which has been done by the

ADDITION OF 75 ROOMS.
elegantly furnished (en suite), with baths. The latest exposed sanitary plumbing adopted throughout. The Hotel is the largest hotel in the West, having accommodations for 500 guests, and is the only one in Toronto complete in all its appointments.

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Is the time-honored name for Wash-day. Those who use



Say it is now transformed into the brightest day of the week. It does not injure the finest fabrics, nor the hands.

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