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London Advertiser

PRICE ONE CENT

40TH YEAR. NO. 328. LONDON, ONTARIO, MONDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1902. WHOLE NO. 16719.

Rates for Small Ads

10 words, one time, 10 cents.

10 words, three times, 20 cents.

Each subsequent insertion at ½ cent per word.

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

BORN.

STEVENSON—In this city, on Wednesday, Oct. 15, 1902, to Mr. and Mrs. John Stevenson, Byron avenue, a son.

DIED.

HOPKINS—On Oct. 18, 1902, at the residence of her son-in-law, Robert J. Welch, 784 Maitland street, Esther Ann Hopkins, relict of the late Abner Hopkins.

Funeral primate, on Tuesday, to G. T. R., 10:25, for Harrisburg. Hamilton and Brantford papers please copy.

McCOY—In this city, on Sunday, Oct. 19, 1902, James McCoy, in his 81st year.

Funeral on Tuesday, Oct. 21, from his late residence, 92 Wilson avenue, West London, at 2:30 p.m.; service at 2 o'clock. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

GRAND TONIGHT AT 8 SHARP

The Whitney Opera Co.

in the new Spectacular Military Opera, by Stange and Edwards, authors of "Dolly Varden,"

When Johnny Comes Marching Home.

The foremost production of the age. The strongest lyric organization in the world.

200 PEOPLE IN THE ENTIRETY. **200**

FRIDAY—"THE PRIDE OF JENNICO."

THE GRADUATING EXERCISES OF the Victoria Hospital Training School for Nurses will be held in the hospital on Tuesday, Oct. 21, at 3 p.m. There will be music, speeches and the presentation of diplomas and medals, after which the hospital and the newly-finished ward will be open to inspection by the public, and all interested in the institution are respectfully invited to be present. 19u

ALLAN LINE — THE STEAMSHIP Bavarian will sail from Montreal, Saturday, Oct. 25, for Liverpool. For tickets and further information apply F. B. Clarke, agent, Richmand street, next Advertiser.

SPINSTERS' CONVENTION (AMATEUR theatrical) and concert, given by the Wellington Chapter Imperial Order Daughters of Empire, Auditorium, Tuesday, Oct. 21. Admission, 25c; reserved seats, 10c additional. Plan open Saturday. 14g

ANNUAL TEA-MEETING—FIRST CONGREGATIONAL Church, Tuesday, Oct. 21. Tea from 6:30 to 8. Programme after. Admission to all, 25c. b

NEXT WEEK—DANCING. PALACE Academy—Beginners' classes: Gentlemen, Monday and Thursday; ladies, Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Earlier you start in the better. Dayton & McCormick.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING BY R. B. Millard, 345 Princess avenue. Season opens Oct. 1. Special attention given to waltz and two-step. Lessons any hour.

MEETINGS.

THE LONDON AND MIDDLESEX Historical Association meets Tuesday evening, Oct. 21, in the Public Library building. Subject, "The Founding of London," by the president, Dr. C. T. Campbell. Public invited. 18u

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR SCHOOL section No. 11, Mersea, Essex County, for year 1903. Term commences January. Applications, stating salary and testimonials, received by secretary-treasurer, William R. Scott, Windfall, Ont. 15k-xyz bw

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD LABORERS. APPLY George Roughley, 290 South street. 19c

BOYS WANTED FOR BOTTLING DEPARTMENT. Apply at Labatt's Brewery, corner Simcoe and Talbot streets. 19c

WANTED—TWO BOYS AT ONCE. American Fluff Rug Company, 152 Carling street. b

WANTED—TWO BOYS TO CARRY parcels on Saturdays. Apply Whiskard's, Dundas street. 19k

MAN WANTED, WHO THOROUGHLY understands the care of delivery horses; must be smart and reliable. Apply at once. Johnston Bros., 262 South street. 18tf

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS STOVE-PLATE molders; best of wages; steady work. Apply to the Western Foundry Company, Limited, Wingham. 18u

PRESSMAN WANTED—FOR PLATEN press. Lawson & Jones. 18c

BOY WANTED. LAWSON & JONES. 18c

SMART OFFICE BOY WANTED. Dennis Wire and Iron Company, 211 King street. 18c

UP-TO-DATE AGENTS' BUSINESS—Many agents are making fortunes. You have the same chance; the field is large; possibilities unlimited. Apply Cooper, 332-6 Clarence street, London.

WANTED—RELIABLE PERSON, EACH district, to manage business for old house; salary, $18 weekly; expenses advanced; permanent position. Inclose self-addressed envelope. Manager, 332 Caxton building, Chicago. 12h-tz

YOUNG MAN WANTED—WITH SOME experience in pattern-making. Apply D. McKenzie & Co. 13tf

BOYS WANTED FOR FACTORY. APPLY D. S. Perrin & Co. 8tf

BOY WANTED TO WORK IN AFTERNOONS. Apply Advertiser office. 7tf

ELOCUTION AND PHYSICAL CULTURE.

MISS CHARLOTTE CARMICHAEL will receive pupils in physical culture (Swedish, Aesthetic), medical gymnastics; elocution (voice work a specialty). Evening classes arranged for. Studio, 126 Dundas street. 8n-xvs

Some Chance Organs

5-octave Andrus	$5
5-octave Jackson	$10
5-octave Prince	$15
5-octave Dominion	$20
5-octave Morrish	$25
5-octave Dominion	$30
6-octave Blatchford	$50
6-octave Bell	$60

The last two are piano-case organs.

Terms: $1 to $5 Monthly

NORDHEIMER'S,
188 DUNDAS ST.
62 Years Established.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Small family. Apply Mrs. G. H. Belton, 223 Central avenue. 19c

WANTED—A DINING-ROOM GIRL. Apply at Richmond House. Cook Bros., proprietors. 19c

TWO GOOD KITCHEN-GIRLS WANTED at once. Apply Lashbrook's Restaurant, King street. 18c

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply at 387 King street. 18tf

NURSEMAID WANTED — REFERENCES. Apply in evenings, Mrs. Wm. G. Coles, 299 Princess avenue. 18c

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESLADY for confectionery. Apply Box 11, Advertiser. 18u

WANTED—GIRL ABOUT 14. APPLY to Miss Logan, at Smallman & Ingram's. 17c

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with general housework. Apply at once, 333 Dundas street. 17n

WANTED—PLAIN COOK. APPLY TO Mrs. Jeffrey, 83 Central avenue. 17tf

WANTED—A COOK, APPLY AT ONCE. Hodgins House. Mrs. W. S. Hodgins. 96tf

GIRLS WANTED IMMEDIATELY FOR biscuit and baking department and caramels. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company. 87tf

GIRLS WANTED FOR FACTORY. Apply D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited. 50tf

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—POPLAR HILL STAGE route. Outfit consists of three horses, three stages, 2 buffalo robes, one set harness (new), 75 bushels oats, two tons hay. Apply A. Brooks, proprietor, Poplar Hill P. O. 18n

$10—GENTLEMEN'S GOOD SECOND-HAND wheels, with new tires; clearing sale of livery wheels; easy terms. J. H. Cunningham, 664 Dundas street.

BUSINESS CARDS.

FURNACES ATTENDED BY EXPERIENCED man. Apply H. R. Dickson, 2 Hyman street. 15n

WATSON & CO., HOUSE MOVERS—Steam boilers and safes a specialty. 194 Hamilton road. 'Phone 1,231.

WILLIAM HODGSON, PAINTER, paperhanger. Estimates free. 410 Horton street.

OUR CURLY BANGS ARE A GEM FOR hot weather. See them. Combings wanted. Miller's Hair Store, 223 Dundas street.

BOARDING. ROOMS. ETC.

TWO NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, suitable for light housekeeping; also several unfurnished. Inquire 245 Richmond street. 17l

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER, by widow with one child, 5 years old. Apply P. J. N., Advertiser office. 17k

HOUSES, ETC., TO LET.

TO LET—310 PICCADILLY STREET; two-story brick, 9 rooms. Rent, $14. 19c

TO LET—A TWO-STORY FRAME dwelling, 9 rooms, in good repair; corner Wortley road and Craig street, London South. Rent moderate. Possession at once. Apply Shaw's grocery. 18c

SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE—RENT moderate. Apply 563 Dufferin avenue. 17c

TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE—TWO bay-windows and porch; No. 762 Dundas street. Rent moderate. 17n

TO LET—BRICK HOUSE, MODERN, seven rooms, with all other conveniences. Apply 625 Wellington street. 9tf

TWO BRICK DWELLING HOUSES TO let at moderate rent; all modern improvements. Apply to S. Glass, No. 7, Hiscox block. 3tf

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VAN—Furniture carefully handled. John Biggs, Cathcart and Bruce, South London, late of London Furniture Company. 'Phone 310.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—COTTAGE, NO. 755 Hill street; immediate possession; rent by the year, $6 50 per month, including water rate. For particulars call up 282 South street. 79tf

STORE, DWELLING AND STABLE—Good location; suitable for any business. Apply 625 Wellington street. 76tf

WARM, FURNISHED BEDROOM, with use of kitchen and parlor, to lady only. Address obtainable at Advertiser office. 18c

REAL ESTATE.

THE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "THE White Sulphur Springs and Mineral Baths." For further particulars apply 61 Elmwood avenue, South London. 18n

FOR SALE—LARGE HOUSE AND grounds, nice location; central; all newly fitted; room for two small families. Would exchange for small house, or rent to good tenants. J. F. Sangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE—A SNAP—No. 1,008 Laura street, large two-story frame dwelling barn and four large lots, with room for three other houses. Price only $1,000—less than cost of the house. J. H. McMechan, 368 King street. 9tf

FARM FOR SALE NEAR STRATHROY—75 acres; good buildings and water. G. M. Haldane, Strathroy.

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET—Three blocks from Victoria Park. Apply Francis Love, police court. 90tf

Our Importations

Customers who have examined our fall and winter stock agree it is the best we have yet shown them. The goods are from the foremost makers in the world.

Deeks & Munson,
Tailors and Drapers,
393 Richmond Street.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—NEW CALVED COW, 6 years old; first-class milker. Lot 6, concession 4 (south of river), London Township. 18k

FOR SALE—SEVENTEEN 2-YEAR-OLD steers, from 900 to 1,000 pounds. Apply W. I. Spettigue, lot 12, con. 6, Westminster Township. 18c

FOR SALE—ONE 16-FOOT LATHE, one 6-foot lathe, one 6-foot planer. Apply Thomas B. McGregor, Windsor, Ont. 18bu

FOR SALE—HIGH-GRADE CRESCENT wheel; in good condition; cheap. Apply 489 English street. 18c

HAPPY THOUGHT RANGE, ALMOST new; also Parlor Cook (Fawn), and small box stove. 61 Elmwood avenue, South London. 18c

FOR SALE—GOOD, QUIET DRIVING horse, coming 4. Apply 904 Elias street. 18c

MANURE FOR SALE. APPLY HUESTON'S Livery, 330 Wellington street. 18c

FIRE ENGINES—HAND, CHEMICAL, steam; ladder trucks, hose reels, repairs, fire department supplies and full equipments. THE CANADIAN FIRE ENGINE COMPANY, Limited, London, Canada.

RED STAR NEWS COMPANY WILL remove to No. 8 Market Lane, Thursday, Oct. 16.

PRIVATE SALE OF CARPETS AND furniture, all in good condition. Apply 328 King street. 11tf

TAKE HEED TO GOOD ADVICE AND leave your orders for the best quality of domestic Massillon coal. All kinds of coal and wood at the lowest cash prices. Green & Co., Maitland street and G. T. R. 'Phone 1,391.

SNAP — GOOD PIANO, ROSEWOOD case, 7 1-3 octaves; in first-class condition, and guaranteed for 5 years. Only $100, on easy terms of payment. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD AND SOFT coal. Wm. Buchanan, 633 Colborne street.

ORDERS FOR HARD AND SOFT wood received. Order ahead. Leading East End wood yard. D. H. Gillies & Co. 'Phone 1,312.

FOR SALE — ECLIPSE IMPROVED gasoline engines, manufactured by D. McKenzie & Co., 290 Richmond street.

KEENE BROS. ARE HAVING A SPECIAL sale of springs and mattresses. It will pay you to get one or more now.

STOVES, BASEBURNERS AND Ranges of all kinds for wood and coal; second-hand furniture; cheap; at F. Keene's, 141 King street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—SATURDAY NIGHT, ON RICHMOND street, sable ruff. Reward on returning to 581 Richmond street. b

LOST—SET PEARL PRAYER BEADS, either on King or Colborne street. Kindly return to Advertiser office. Reward. b

LOST—LADY'S POCKETBOOK, BY Mrs. D. McCallum, between Derwent and Dorchester. Please leave at this office. 18u

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and indorsed "Tender for Drill Hall, London," will be received at this office until Friday, 7th November, 1902, inclusively, for the construction of a Drill Hall, London, Ont.

Plans and specifications can be seen and form of tender obtained at this Department, and at the office of Messrs. Moore & Henry, Architects, London.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the form supplied, and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted check on a chartered bank, made payable to the order of the Honorable to Minister of Public Works, equal to ten per cent (10 p.c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the check will be returned.

The Department does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender. By order,

FRED. GELINAS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, 17th October, 1902.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it. 19c-zxv

Old King Is Ill.

Brussels, Oct. 20.—The condition of the health of King Leopold is such that his physicians have ordered him to refrain from yachting and automobiling. The crew of the royal yacht Alberta has been dismissed. This probably puts an end to the King's projects in regard to a tour of the United States.

An Old Resident Gone.

St. Thomas, Oct. 19.—John Begg, one of the oldest residents of this city, died on Saturday morning. He was born in Forfarshire, Scotland, in 1826, and came to Canada in 1832, residing ever since in St. Thomas and vicinity.

All lagoon and watering work for the World's Fair, St. Louis, Mo., is to be completed this fall. Macadam roads are being built throughout the grounds, so that bad weather shall not delay work.

The House of Lords contains 590 peers, of whom 22 are dukes.

The total of British emigration to all parts of the world for the eight months just ended is 127,596, against 108,894.

Factory girls in Leeds, England, go to work fashionably attired, numbers of them on cycles.

About 620,000,000 cross-ties are now laid on American railroads, and 90,000,000 new ties are required annually for renewals.

By selling sand and shingle from the beach at twopence a carload the Yarmouth authorities secure a revenue of $2,000 a year.



A Word in Season.

Mr. Bull—Look here, my friend. Stick that up, if you like; but I think you'll find that I talk less than the others, and do more.—Punch.

ALL EYES ARE NOW TURNED TOWARD MINERS' CONVENTION

In Which the Interests of 150,000 Are Represented—Interesting Phase of Great Labor Struggle.

The Meeting Opened at 10:20 A.M. by T. D. Nicholls.

PRESIDENT MITCHELL'S ADDRESS

Urges Prompt Acceptance of Proposed Settlement—Lincoln's Famous Words Regarding Labor.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 20. — The miners' convention was called to order at 10:20 a.m. by District President T. D. Nicholls. Among the late arrivals at the convention hall was National Secretary-Treasurer W. B. Wilson, selected to be the secretary of the convention. He was of the opinion that the convention will end tomorrow and that the men will return to work on Thursday. He said that the outlook for acceptance was bright, but that there were still hints among the assembling delegates that some of them object to a calling off of the strike until positive assurance is had that all the men will get back the positions they occupied before the strike began.

District President T. D. Nicholls, of Scranton, called the convention to order at 10:20 o'clock and ordered that the roll call for the convention be read. This was done by Mr. Wilson.

The district secretaries acted as the committee on credentials. These secretaries had already completed their work and after the convention call had been read, made their reports.

The reports showed a total of 636 delegates. This total will probably be increased after all the credentials are received. While the reports were being presented a report was received that President Mitchell would not come to the hall from headquarters until after the convention had permanently organized.

It was 11:05 o'clock when the reading of the reports was concluded, and as the business of the convention could not go on until the committee on credentials had made a final report, a motion to adjourn until 2 p.m. was made.

Before the motion was put it was suggested that the delegates be entertained with songs. This was adopted, and for a time the big convention was turned into a social meeting.

"Give three cheers for Mitchell, for the strike that we have won," was sung by a Wilkesbarre delegate amid much enthusiasm. The only colored delegate present was called upon for a song or a speech, and he responded with a typical Southern negro song. At 11:42 the convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 20, 2 p.m.—In view of the publication by an opposition paper of President Mitchell's speech at the Wilkesbarre convention in advance of its delivery, Mr. Mitchell has consented to its release for this service, although it has not been delivered.

MR. MITCHELL'S SPEECH

Gentlemen,—In opening this convention for the transaction of business, I take pleasure in extending a warm greeting and welcome to the accredited representatives of 150,000 men and boys, whose heroic struggle for living wages and American conditions of employment has won the admiration of the whole civilized world. Language is inadequate to express the sense of pride I feel in you and those you represent. Your noble defense of the principles of unionism endears you to every man and every woman in our land who works for a livelihood. When the history of the struggles of toilers shall be written, its pages will record no event more important, no principle more ably defended, no battle more bravely fought than the contest, which I earnestly hope is now about to be happily ended.

It is not my purpose to review the progress of the strike, or even to enumerate the important events which have now passed into history. Imprinted legibly upon the hearts of our people are the memories of the sufferings and hardships which have been and are being endured. For five long months the eyes of the nation have been centered upon your actions, and it is a pleasure to say that the great heart of the American people throbbed in sympathy with you. It is, of course, a source of deep regret that the millions of underpaid workmen in our great cities should be the most acute sufferers by reason of this contest between ourselves and our employers. But, strange as it may appear, hundreds upon hundreds of those who suffered most from lack of fuel sent words of commendation and encouragement to us, and in many instances declared that they would endure any privation in order that the miners and their families might secure a sufficient wage to enable them to enjoy a little happiness and sunshine, instead of the gloom and sadness which has been their lot for many years.

NO MALICE.

The debt of gratitude we owe our fellow-workers in this and other lands, the debt of gratitude we owe a generous and friendly press, who have supported and sustained us during this memorable strike, can never be adequately repaid.

For our opponents we entertain no feeling of malice. While they have maligned our characters, impugned our motives, sought the victory by methods which we should scorn to use, yet on this day when we secured an avenue of redress, on this day when the realization of our hopes and ambitions seems near, when the prospect of a brighter and happier future seems assured, we should hold out to them the hand of friendship and ask them to join us in providing for such business relations as shall for all time establish peace and tranquility in the coal fields.

The day is past when great organizations of capital can maintain the false position that their employes shall be denied the right to organize into compact bodies and speak through the organization of which they are members.

We recognize the right of capital to consolidate, to federate and to speak and act through its organization, but in according these rights and privileges to capital we demand and shall assert the same privileges for those who toil. Between the combination of capital on the one hand and the organization of labor on the other there should be and need to no irreconcilable conflict; each is a factor in the economic development of our civilization, and the application of business judgment and plain common sense by each would enable them to work in harmony.

RECIPROCAL INTERESTS.

While the interests of labor and capital are not by any means identical, they are, nevertheless, reciprocal; each is dependent upon the other and under our form of government one cannot prosper without the other. Abraham Lincoln truly said that "Capital is the fruit of labor and could not exist if labor had not first existed; labor therefore deserves the first consideration." That this fundamental principle will be recognized by the tribunal selected by the President of the United States, I have no reason to doubt.

The grave question which you have been called upon to consider today demands and must receive your most careful thought. Personally I should have preferred an adjustment of the difficulties existing in the anthracite field by conference with the anthracite mine owners, and without the intervention of agencies not directly involved, but I recognize the fact that relations between ourselves and the mine owners have become so strained as to render direct negotiation at this time impossible. If the consequences of this strike affected only the interests of the operators and mine workers there would be less reason for the intervention of a third party, but the fact that a coal famine was upon the people of eastern and seaboard states and threatened to become a national calamity justifies the action of the chief executive of our nation in his earnest effort to bring about an early resumption of mining.

The proposition submitted for your consideration may have objectionable features, and in its detail may not meet with the unanimous approval of our people, but it is immeasurably better as now presented then when originally offered by the representatives of the coal operators. I am firm in my conviction that the

PROMPT ACCEPTANCE OF THIS PROPOSAL

will secure to the anthracite mine workers and those dependent upon them a greater measure of justice than they could attain by continuing the conflict. I believe that the prompt acceptance of this proposition will secure to the mine workers a greater degree of justice than they have enjoyed in the past.

WATCHED BY THE WORLD.

The people of our country await with anxious expectancy the result of your action today; the eyes of the nation are centered upon you and friends and foes alike demand the submission of issues involved in this strike to the tribunal nominated by the President of the United States.

That there are discordant elements in this convention; that there are dissatisfied ones at home, I am fully aware, but gentlemen, with all the earnestness of which I am possessed I urge that you give your approval to the action of your executive officers who have recommended acceptance of the proposition that the strike be declared off, and all men are then to return to work in the positions and working places occupied by them prior to inauguration of the strike and that all question at issue be submitted for adjustment to the tribunal selected by the President of the United States.

A phase of the situation that is causing much discussion among the men today is the status of the mine engineers and firemen. According to an explanation by a miner about 2,000 of this class of employes struck with the miners or have since gone out. Having cast their fortunes with the strikers, they are concerned over what seems to them a possibility that the miners will return to work leaving them unprovided for, because the non-union men who were hired to keep the pumps going will be retained. It has been suggested that the mine superintendents can be communicated with, and that the status of the striking engineers and their return to work can thus be made clear at once.

There was some talk, while the convention was assembling, about the engineers and firemen demanding from the convention an accurate statement of what is to be done respecting them. The seriousness of this point is readily admitted, but there seems to be no feeling whatever that they will try to prevent the acceptance of the arbitration.

Mr. Mitchell said he did not think there would be any trouble in satisfying these men.

Light Biscuits, Light Cakes, Light Pastry and Light Hearts

when "Purity" Baking Powder is used in the baking. "Purity" never fails — never disappoints — and the food is always delicious, nourishing and appetizing.

Only 20c a Pound.

CAIRNCROSS & LAWRENCE,
Chemists and Druggists,
216 Dundas St., corner Park Ave.

Cost of the Great Coal Strike.

Following is an estimate of losses occasioned by the strike during the 23 weeks it has been on:

Loss to operators in price of coal	$ 55,000,000
Loss to strikers in wages	29,800,000
Loss to employes other than strikers	7,000,000
Loss to railroads in earnings	13,300,000
Loss to business men in the region	17,000,000
Loss to business men outside the region	10,000,000
Cost of maintaining Coal and Iron Police	2,500,000
Cost of maintaining non-union men	700,000
Cost of troops in the region	650,000
Damage to mines and machinery	7,000,000
Total	$142,950,000

INDIAN TROOPS TO FIGHT SOMALIS

May Be Sent to Reinforce the British Expedition.

GLOOMY TIMES IN OLD LONDON

The Pinch of Poverty Severely Felt — Food Is Dearer and Wages Lower

London, Oct. 20.—The British Government is considering the expediency of dispatching Indian troops to Somaliland, to deal with the mad Mullah. The British vice-consul at Bebera, Somaliland, in cabling to the foreign office here the substance of the later dispatch which he received from Colonel Swarne, commander of the British force operating against the mad Mullah, referred to the Mullah being in communication with the "Kail Inger," in the direction of the Webbe River. He apparently meant "Karl Inger," the former officer of the Austrian-Hungarian army, who has several times been mentioned in connection with the Mullah's movements in Somaliland. Inger is also said to have caused the British authorities trouble in the Soudan some years ago.

General H. W. Manning started from London for Somaliland some days ago in consequence of bad news from there and will hasten the dispatch of reinforcements from Berbera.

THE CHOLERA IN EGYPT.

The United States state department received the following cable from Consul Smith, at Cairo, Egypt: "Since 12th instant, 705 cases of cholera; 528 deaths; all Egypt."

Lord Cromer, the British diplomatic agent in Egypt, has telegraphed to the foreign office, announcing that Cairo is practically free from cholera. The total number of cases in Egypt is under one hundred daily, and the disease, it is expected, will cease its epidemic form about Nov. 1.

EVACUATION OF SHANGHAI.

The negotiations for the departure of the international troops from Shanghai have been interrupted. It appears that Great Britain before consenting to the evacuation desires a more definite arrangement in regard to her status in the Yang-Tse valley and more precise stipulation concerning non-alienation of territory in that region.

HARD TIMES IN LONDON.

The outlook for the coming winter is most gloomy for the the poor of London. In the main essentials of food, fire and work the prospects are the least hopeful of recent years. Both coal and bread are higher than they were last year, but it is when the trade and labor conditions that have to be faced at the outset of this winter are examined that the most real anxiety is aroused. Lord Meath, president, and Rev. W. Carlisle, secretary of the Church Army, have issued an appeal to the public to help the army in its relief work, in which the situation is described as a hard winter, when bad trade and general distress seem inevitable.

The King's illness, with the consequent postponement and curtailing of the coronation festivities, ruined many and dislocated trade. This was closely followed by the return from South Africa of large numbers of reservists, time-expired men, who were thrown upon the already overcrowded labor market. Where the former soldier does not drift into the ranks of unemployed, he frequently throws another man out of work. The Church Army, with its large system of labor homes all over the country, is a most sensitive barometer in such times of depression. The number of the deserving unemployed turning there for temporary assistance is quite unprecedented, and already overtaxes the funds and accommodation.

A SORROWFUL TALE.

The board of trade's last official report of the labor department, which has just been issued, also tells a sorrowful tale of the general state of employment. It says: "The continued decline is now not only worse than a year ago, but is below the average for this perior in the last ten years. Added to this, rates of wages everywhere are tumbling down. The effect of recent alterations in wages, when considered collectively, is surprising. The changes of rates which took place last month affected 134,997 workers in this country, of whom 107,850 had to submit to reductions."

How the hard times have been pressing on small traders may be judged by the most recent bankruptcy returns. Bankruptcies gazetted in September numbered 353, which was 74 more than in September of last year.

BOER LEADERS AT BERLIN.

The Philharmonic House at Berlin was filled to its utmost capacity for the Boer meeting Friday night. The sale of tickets realized $6,750. In the course of his opening speech, Herr Lueckoff, member of the Reichstag, pointed to the Transvaal and Orange Free State flags, which were suspended above the stage and draped in mourning, and said their presence was a sign of the heartiest sympathy for the Boers and admiration for their

(Continued on page 6.)

All the Resources

of our repair department—competent workmen, good tools, genuine material and the skill which long experience in jewelry, watch and clock repairing has given us—are all at your command. No matter how small the job we shall give it our very best attention. Give us a trial.

John S. Barnard,
Jeweler,
170 Dundas St., London.

COMING DEFEAT IS FORESHADOWED

By the Recent Scene in the British House.

VIEW TAKEN BY T. P. O'CONNOR

Ministerialists Sat Cowed When O'Donnell Denounced the Government.

London, Oct. 20.—T. P. O'Connor, M. P., has written for the Associated Press his impressions of the scene caused by the Irish members in the House of Commons Thursday, and what he believes it portends, as follows:

"I have seen many strange and exciting scenes in the House of Commons, but that of Thursday was the most strange and most exciting. It deserves serious notice as a symptom of and clue to the present political condition.

JOHN O'DONNELL.

John O'Donnell, the chief character therein, is not the kind of man one would expect to see figure in such a scene. He is one of those men who show the remarkable power of Irishmen rising equal to great situations, however humble and unpromising their origin. He was born in a little cottage on one of those small patches of land in the west of Ireland which are most remarkable specimens of the wreckage of centuries. Yet he speaks eloquently, chastely, and the strong physique of the peasant is surmounted by a face of sweetness and refinement as well as of vigor.

"To see this ordinarily quiet young man addressing the whole house for a quarter of an hour amid a din which was tempestuous, and in violation of every rule of order, with the speaker, ministers and all shouting, and the majority helpless, and then afterwards to see him cross the floor of the house and, standing in front of the Prime Minister, who sat pallid, with a sickly smile on his face; to see this was one of the most curious proofs of how honest passion and indignation, created by oppression, can cow even the most powerful of tyrannies.

A TERRIBLE SCENE.

"Of all the points of that terrible scene, for it was terrible, the most remarkable was the absolute helplessness, the cowed inaction of the Unionist majority, so divided and harassed by the sense of the irresistible doom coming hourly upon their leaders that they cannot conceal their depression, and are made impotent by panic. And there was the other reason that the specter of Ireland, which was supposed to be laid, had risen again, more menacing than ever. And, finally, there was perhaps some sense of shame at the feeling that this man, who was calling for the right to be heard in the House of Commons, had been gagged in Ireland by systematic persecution worthy of Russia at her worst.

MINISTERIALISTS COWED.

"He has spent eighteen months in jail during the last three or four years, and has been dragged from platforms by the police before he opened his lips, and he was recently subjected to a sentence which is an example of deliberate ferocity, his last sentence of six months, Oct. 14, having been so given by the magistrate that O'Donnell has to spend six weeks on a plank bed and nine days on bread and water. All this suffering of the past and to come was written in legible letters on the pale face and in the excited eyes of this ordinarily quiet gentleman. This perhaps was why the ministerialists sat cowed, helpless and abashed at the scene, one of the signs of some great coming change.

"It is impossible to foretell what it will be, but, for a good reason, Irishmen hope it may take the shape of a startling, gigantic surrender. One of the most important portents is the eagerness of nine out of ten of the landlords to attend a conference with the Irish leaders. The movement is only kept from triumph by the fact that the leaders of the landlords are wealthy, with estates in England, and are, therefore, independent of Irish agitation and because they are, besides, politicians first and landlords afterwards. Every thinking man, whether landlord or tenant, believes that two to three years' purchase and a small grant from the Imperial exchequer are all now standing between Ireland and a final settlement of the land question, and the reconquest of the land by the Celts from the English garrison.

SURRENDER INEVITABLE.

"Among those who think that a gigantic surrender is inevitable at an early day is, I have reason to believe, the Irish chief secretary, Mr. Wyndham himself. He urged the landlords to consent to a conference, even traveling long distances to their homes in order to put personal pressure on them. He has already announced that there will be a bigger land bill next year, and I have heard he has said privately that coercion might be over in three weeks in case of certain events, whereby I understood he meant that if the landlords and tenants agree on a common basis of settlement.

"In the meantime pressure on the Government is coming from various quarters. It is doubtful if the Government can carry the education bill without violent closure, which may lead to scenes inside the house by the English nonconformists, very like those caused by O'Donnell, so vehement is party passion, and outside it may produce outbreaks in England, also on the Irish pattern. The attempt to force the Irish members into the ministerial lobby on the education bill died on the first night of the session, when Mr. Balfour insulted Ireland by refusing to give her a day to voice her wrongs.

"To sum up, the Irish members feel that they have scored. Nobody has a good word to say for the maladroit antics of Mr. Balfour. The Government is threatened from many quarters, and is divided, and is, I believe, doomed, while Ireland has once more rushed into the foremost place in the great drama of British politics."

DANCERS WERE IN DANGER

Many Narrowly Escaped Death by Fire.

Big Blaze at Albany Caused by Explosion—Fireman Killed.

Albany, N. Y., Oct. 20.—The most destructive fire that has visited Albany in a number of years broke out shortly before 11 o'clock Saturday night in the Tower & Brooks Co.'s Boston store, one of the largest drygoods stores in the heart of the business district. For a time the entire drygoods section was threatened, and only by most heroic work on the part of the firemen were the flames practically confined to the building in which they started. There were many thrilling escapes from death, and one fireman was killed and a number injured. Thomas Ward, a pipeman on engine company No. 1, slipped from the top of a ladder and fell thirty feet, breaking his neck.

At the time the fire broke out a dance was in progress in a hall on the top floor of the burning building. Escape to the street was cut off by the fast spreading flames, and twenty-five young men and women were lifted out of the front windows and helped over adjoining roofs. The shrieks of hysterical women created much excitement, but cool-headed firemen and spectators soon carried them to a place of safety. A number of the women were burned, but none of the dancers were seriously hurt.

The destroyed structure was once the residence of former Governor William I. Marcy and was one of the historical spots in Albany. It extended from Pearl to James street, with a side frontage in Steuben. Ten minutes after the fire was discovered flames were pouring out of every window and the buildings on the north side of Steuben street were ablaze in many spots. The Municipal Telegraph Company's "white house" was badly scorched, the windows being shattered by the intense heat and the frames twisted out of shape and charred.

It was two hours before the flames were pronounced fully under control. The chief losses will be: Tower & Brooks Company, drygoods and carpets; Prudential Life Insurance Company; Adolph Fleischman, architect; Richard Healey & Co., drygoods; Municipal Telegraph Company; Annesley & Co., art goods and artists' materials. About a dozen other small firms will be slightly damaged by smoke and water.

ROCHESTER CLUBS BURNED.

Rochester, Oct.19.—Fire destroyed the buildings of the Rochester Country Club at Brighton, a suburb, this morning. The servants of the club were in the building at the time the fire was discovered, but all escaped without injury. The lockers containing the personal property of members of the club were destroyed. The fire is thought to have originated from a defective flue. The loss is $15,000.

This afternoon the club house of the Irondequoit Canoe Club at Irondequoit Bay, was burned to the ground. The loss is $1,000. The boats, 50 in number, belonging to the members, were taken from the building. The fire started by the explosion of a coal oil heating stove.

LINED HIS POCKET WELL

An English Officer Made Nearly $1,000,0000.

Returned to England Without Permission—Was Court-Martialed.

New Orleans, La., Oct.20.—The report of the British war department against Capt. Smith, of the British army, who was stationed at New Orleans during the Boer war to buy horses and mules for the remount department, in which it is declared that Capt. Smith received a commission on every animal; that many of the mules bought by him were absolutely useless; that he has brought the greatest discredit on the British war department, caused no surprise here.

That Capt. Smith was looking for the main chance was well known here and published in the New Orleans papers. It was said that he had made fully $1,000,000 out of his commission. He was one of the first British officers to come to New Orleans. He took rooms at the Saint Charles Hotel, lived luxuriously and seemed to enjoy the complete confidence of the war department. Capt. Smith's orders required him to pass on all stock bought for the British army. If he objected to an animal it was rejected and the owner lost not only the sale of the animal, but the cost of transportation to New Orleans.

Capt. Smith rejected many animals at first until the dealers caught on, and an arrangement was reached by which he received from them so much a head for passing stock, whether good or bad. Originally he received only $1 a head as his rake-off, but becoming bolder he raised the price to $5 and finally to $10. The $10 was paid for passing the most worthless animals, thousands of which were unloaded on the British war department.

Having acquired almost $1,000,000, Capt. Smith, whether because he thought he had enough or because he feared that the scandal would develop, asked for a furlough and leave to return to England. It was refused three times. He finally left without permission. The British Government was notified in time and the captain was arrested on his arrival in England, for desertion, court-martialed, and it is said is now serving a term in prison.

Capt. Smith's place was filled by Dr. Danes and the experience of the latter soon brought out Smith's crooked work. The dealers offered Danes the same terms to pass animals as Capt. Smith had received. Dr. Danes at once notified the British war department, which upon investigation found the truth of the story.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

According to the annual report of Chief of Police Wills, of Windsor, for the fiscal year ending Sept. 30, crime is on the decrease in Windsor and in North Essex.

Winnipeg Free Press: R. Esterbrook was arrested yesterday as a result of advices received from Watford, Ont. Esterbrook will probably be sent east in a few days.

Louis Griesinger, the Windsor brewer, who died Oct. 8, left an estate valued at $52,000. The whole estate is left to the widow, to be equally divided among the three children upon the death of the mother.

Capt. White has secured subscriptions amounting to $4,500 for the new Salvation Army barracks in Windsor, and tenders will now be asked for the construction of the building. The site selected is on London street, facing Ouellette Square.

Capt. Innes, Windsor, superintendent of the Michigan Central car ferries, has received a message that his son Walter died from fever at Frontra, Mexico. The deceased was a well-known young Windsor man, having resided there until two years ago, when he accepted a position with the Bushnell Steamship Company, at Frontra.

Representatives of the Townships of Gosfield North and South, nearly twenty in number, met in Windsor to attempt a settlement of the drainage dispute over the Ruscom River. The ratepayers of North Gosfield, over twenty years ago, had the river made a drainage canal at an expense of $45,000. The south portion of the township objected to the improvements, but were assessed for the work. The drain became clogged up, and five years ago a scheme was hit up for cleaning it out. The other township again objected to the assessment, the matter was carried to the courts, where it has been fought for a long time, and appealed more than once. The convention wants to make an arrangement by which the matter can be amicably settled outside the court.

THE WEATHER TODAY—Fine, becoming a little cooler.



SPECIAL

Black Taffeta Silks, wear guaranteed, in four weights, light, medium, heavy and extra heavy; all the rage for Monte Carlo coats, automobile coats, dress skirts, underskirts and separate waists. Per yard only $1 00

A Snap in Collars

Quite a lot of odd lines in Linen Collars of good quality, odd sizes. Sold regularly at 15c, 18c and 20c, each; now you can have any four of the lot for 25c

WE STAND FOR ALL THAT'S COMMENDABLE IN MEN'S UNDERWEAR.

In addition to our great and perfect stock of Ladies' Underwear, which we believe to be equal to any shown in the Dominion, we carry a splendid range for men and boys. It is not surprising, therefore, that we have the men coming our way too, our low prices being an additional attraction.

A full range of sizes in Natural Wool Unshrinkable Double-Breasted Underwear, medium weight, well made and nicely finished. Per garment only $1 00
Stanfield's Unshrinkable Underwear, in heavier weight, but very fine wool, non-irritating, all sizes up to and including 44, silk-finished. We sell these as low as, each $1 35
A good range of Hand-made Lambswool Scotch Finish Underwear, all sizes, a positive pleasure to wear them. Per garment, $2 75, $2 50, $2 00 and $1 75

Special Values in Fine Wool Blankets

See Our Leader, Value at $3 25 Pair, Now Only $2 50.

25 pairs only. beautiful White Wool Blankets, lofty finish, pink or blue borders, size 66x86. This blanket would sell quickly at $3 25 pair. Our special price on this lot only..... $2 50
20 pairs only, Fine White Wool Blankets, pink or blue borders; good serviceable quality and will stand lots of hard wear. Prices wonderfully low—7-lb. size, 64x86, $3 25 pair; 6-lb. size, 60x80, $2 75; 5-lb. size, 58x74 ..... $2 25

Special Lines of Colored Dress Goods

Look in our east window for special lines of Colored Dress Goods we are showing this week. You'll be able to pick a good dress at a very low figure.
For $3 00 we can give you a very special dress length in self colors of red, brown and blue, heavy for suiting, all wool. Six yards for only..... $3 00
For $3 00 we can give you a very nice dress in stripe Zibeline or pain camelhair effect; seasonable shades. Six yards for only $3 00
For $3 60 we can give you a bargain in stripe effect goods, Zibeline finish, all new shades. Six yards for only $3 60
For $3 90 we can give you a handsome dress of Mottled Zibeline, lovely shades dashed with white and very pretty. Six yards for only $3 90
For $3 90 we can give you a very fashionable Zibeline in plain or fancy weaves, choice of all the seasonable shades; good weight, good colors, pure wool. Six yards..... $3 90

Black Dress Sateens

We believe we are showing the best value in Black Dress Sateens that could possibly be shown. For quality, brightness of finish, durability and fastness of color our Black Sateens are unexcelled. We would like to prove this to you. If you require such materials at any time for shirt waists, underskirts or lining, do not fail to see ours. It will pay you. Prices, per yard, from ..... 12½c to 40c
EGERTON SATIN is a cloth we never hesitate to recommend; it looks like satin, is very strong and sure to wear well; mercerized finish, 31 inches wide; per yard 35c
SILKANE.—This cloth is made of a specially selected quality of Egyptian Cotton, retains its luster, and is a popular substitute for silk; truly a handsome cloth, for only, per yard 25c
EGERTON SATIN.—Two qualities to choose from, fully mercerized, 30 to 32 inches wide, very special at, per yard, only 20c
Our 12½c yard Black Sateen appeals to everyone as the best value ever shown at so low a price, only 12½c

SMALLMAN & INGRAM,
149, 151 and 153 DUNDAS STREET.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Two ocean liners were delayed at New York by temporary lack of coal.

The Ontario Government is considering the need for further control over the construction of electric railways.

The steamer Ontarian sails today (Saturday) from Montreal with a cargo of Canadian goods for South Africa.

Winnipeg real estate dealers have presented the general hospital with two blocks of land adjoining the present site.

B. O. Robinson, of Louisville, died at the Winnipeg (Man.) General Hospital from the effects of gas inhaled Sunday night in a room at a city hotel.

Brigands held up a train near Dulvanny, Northern Caucasus, killed the conductor and Prince Gedevanoff, who was a passenger, and robbed all others on the train.

The United States wall paper syndicate, which for two years has been trying to capture the British trade, acknowledge defeat.

The London Daily Express says that negotiations for a settlement of all outstanding controversies between Britain and France are making satisfactory progress.

Porch-climbers obtained jewelry valued at $1,000 from Mr. John Dryman's house in Queen's Park, Toronto, while the family were at dinner last night. The men escaped.

Canadian retail booksellers in convention protested against the competition of school teachers who deal in books. They will also petition the Dominion Government to amend the copyright law.

The Hamilton, Ont., Bricklayers' Union has decided to demand an increase of 5 cents an hour for bricklaying, to 40 cents an hour, instead of 35 cents. The increase is to take effect in six weeks, if granted.

The grand jury at Buffalo has indicted Ernest Stanton (colored), of Hamilton, Ont., of murder in the first degree. Stanton admits killing Edna Conrad, alias Frida McGregor, on the night of Oct. 9, but says he did it in self-defense.

Gens. Corbin and Young, U. S. A., have finished their visit to England, and have started for home. They have had the best time in Europe of any American officers since Gen. Sherman. King Edward asked them for their photographs.

Lady Bourinot has received the following cablegram from London, dated Oct. 16: "The Prince and Princess of Wales have just heard of the death of your distinguished husband, and desire to express their sympathy with you in your sorrow."

At Talladega, Ala., John Berger, foreman; Joe Martin and William Wilson (white), and Sam Donald (colored), were instantly killed by premature explosion of dynamite on the new road being constructed by the Eastern Railway of Alabama near the above place.

Major Evans-Gordon, M. P., member of the royal British commission on alien immigration, says the United States are getting the cream of the immigration from Roumania, and that England is the real dumping-ground for undesirable immigrants from Europe.

The merchant tailors of Ontario are making an endeavor to have the Legislature pass an act that will give them more protection against bad debtors. It has been decided to apply to the Legislature to have the fee reduced for collecting debt through the division courts.

Rain and sweat have no effect on harness treated with Eureka Harness Oil. It resists the damp, keeps the leather soft and pliable. Stitches do not break. No rough surface to chafe and cut. The harness not only keeps looking like new, but wears twice as long by the use of Eureka Harness Oil.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL



Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes. Made by Imperial Oil Company.

MARKET IN SCANDINAVIA

Norway and Sweden Want Canadian Breadstuffs.

Ottawa, Oct. 20.—C. E. Southam, Canadian commercial agent for Norway and Sweden, in a letter to the Minister of Trade and Commerce, says: "On account of the very cold and dry summer and early frosts, the harvests in these countries is more or less of a failure, and in many districts it will be a hard winter for the farmers. Even of hay for the cattle there is a large shortage, and it is said not since 1812 have the crops of every kind been such a total failure. As a consequence, there will be imported large quantities of grain and breadstuffs during the coming year."

Mr. Southam says he has again and again called the attention of Canadian millers to the steady and large trade there is for them in Scandinavia if they wish to take it up.

CARGO FOR SOUTH AFRICA.

Montreal, Oct. 20.—The inauguration of the regular steamship service between Canada and South Africa became an accomplished fact Saturday when the Allan liner Ontarian cast off from her moorings in the harbor on her voyage to Cape Town, over 7,000 miles. The Ontarian has on board 6,500 tons measurement of typical Canadian cargo. There is flour, 2,000 tons ground from Manitoba wheat; 6,000 packages of butter, from the best dairies of the Dominion; many standards of pine; many tons of fodder and hides and manufactured tobaccos and other manufactured articles. There are also on board the Canadian mails for South Africa and 1,750 tons of coal to be consumed in the furnaces on the voyage.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Oct. 18-19.	Reported at	From
La Touraine	New York	Havre
Bavarian	Rimouski	Liverpool
Lucania	New York	Liverpool
Auguste Victoria	Hamburg	New York
Palatia	Naples	New York
Friedrich der Grosse	Southampton	New York
Campania	Liverpool	New York
Bovic	Liverpool	New York
Cambroman	Genoa	Boston
Lakonia	Father Point	Glasgow
Caledonian	Father Point	Antwerp
Perugia	New York	Genoa
Ryndam	New York	Rotterdam
St. Louis	New York	Southampton
Haverford	Philadelphia	Liverpool
Numidian	St. Johns	Glasgow

THE FALL FAIRS

Secretaries of agricultural societies are requested to send notice of date of fair

Muncey-Tecumseh	Oct. 22-23
Lambeth	Oct. 23

LOCOMOTIVE RAN AWAY

Accident Put a Stop to Working of a Colliery.

Pittston, Pa., Oct. 20. — The Mount Lookout colliery of Temple Iron Company, which has been working for the last few weeks, was idle Saturday owing to a peculiar accident, the cribbing in the shaft being badly wrecked by a runaway mine locomotive.

The locomotive was standing near the head of the shaft, and for some unaccountable reason suddenly started up and fell down the shaft. About 150 feet down it struck the cage and tore it from the cable. Carriage and shaft then dropped out of sight into 40 feet of water, the lower vein of the mine being flooded.

BATTLE LASTED A WEEK

Messenger Tells Great Things of Castro's Personal Courage.

La Victoria, Venezuela, Oct. 20.—A messenger has arrived from the scene of the engagements between the insurgents and the Government forces. He says the revolutionists are in full retreat. The battle lasted for seven days. The fighting was severe. General Mendoza, with 9,000 men, has abandoned the field, having retired from his last position, six miles from this town, on Friday night. He is retreating toward Villa de Cura.

President Castro, who sent the messenger, intimated the killed and wounded at 3,000. During the last days of the fighting the temperature rose to 116 degrees, causing untold suffering to the wounded men. The messenger says the sight of the corpse-strewn fields is horrible.

It is reported that the victory was due in a large measure to the personal courage of President Castro, who twice charged at the head of his troops.

This victory for Castro is a great setback for the insurgents.

Washington, Oct. 1. — The Venezuelan legation here has received a dispatch from President Castro's secretary, announcing a victory over the revolutionary forces near La Victoria. The dispatch stated that the battle was a sanguinry one, the casualties numbering over 3,000.

Babies thrive when they wear Norman's Necklaces, 50 cents, by mail. Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

MALIGNANT GROWTHS

Cured Without the Necessity of an Operation.

Many forms of malignant growths, such as cancers, tumors, lupus, "bunches" or nodules, sarcoma, epitheliomas, etc., whether occurring on the body internally or externally, can be completely and permanently cured by the New Constitutional Treatment, without the need of resorting to an operation of any kind.

This remedy searches out the malignant germs in the system, destroys them without injury to the patient, and thus effects a cure. It would be advisable for you to fully investigate the merits of this treatment before submitting yourself to any other. Write to Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont., inclosing 2 stamps for full particulars.

President Took Horseback Ride.

Washington, Oct. 20. — President Roosevelt on Saturday, for the first time in several weeks, went horseback riding. He was accompanied by his daughter Ethel, and was absent from the White House for a couple of hours. It is stated that his injured leg has ceased to give him any trouble.

Distressing Itching Piles

Especially Disagreeable During the Warm Weather—Mr. Hewson Cured by

Dr. Chase's Ointment.

If you go to a physician for a cure for piles he will probably tell you that a surgical operation is necessary, or else say that there is no cure for piles. Physicians who are not prejudiced will recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment.

We believe that the best testimony to the powers of Dr. Chase's Ointment is that of cured ones and the newspapers of this country are filled with evidence such as the following:

Mr. Thos. S. Hewson, blacksmith, Orangeville, Ont., writes: "I find Dr. Chase's Ointment the best thing I ever used for itching piles, for whenever I have been troubled with this disagreeable and distressing ailment it has brought prompt relief and cure.

"It is also excellent as a treatment for burns and sores, such as a person receives in my trade. I can fully recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching piles and burns and sores."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co.

At Craig-y Nos, Madame Patti possesses the largest piano, as well as the most expensive orchestrion, in the world. The latter wonderful instrument is equal to the combined efforts of 60 performers. It cost $15,000, and has a repertoire of over 80 operatic selections and airs.

VERY MANY PERSONS die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

HOW THE BLIND EARN A LIVING

One Man Has Made a Fortune In Real Estate.

Others Are Making Comfortable Incomes From Insurance, Law and Music.

"The poor fellow is blind; he can't do much of anything except depend on others," explained the sympathetic man in the street car to the small boy with him.

The blind man heard. He turned toward the speaker.

"You are wrong," he answered, smiling. "We do a great deal. Some day, when you get time, come to this address and I will try to show you something that will interest you."

The blind man rumbled in a pocket and presently handed a card to the man. It read: "Armin Schotte, Piano Tuner."

A few days later the man stepped into the piano house where Mr. Schotte is regularly employed. He asked for the tuner.

"Sorry, but you can't see him," said the manager; "he's upstairs with Paderewski, tuning a piano for him."

The visitor showed the astonishment he felt.

"Yes," said the manager, "he always tunes Paderewski's pianos, when he is in this country, and other eminent pianists and many concert singers make demands on his time. He's the busiest man in the store, for everyone who depends on the instrument for a living wants him to keep his piano in shape. And he is not only a tuner; he is a splendid musician on a half dozen instruments and a writer of music. I heard Paderewski praise one of his compositions not an hour ago."

THOUSANDS EARN THEIR LIVING.

This expert piano tuner, whose yearly income is away up in the thousands, is only one of thousands of blind men and women in this country who are earning their own way through the world.

Search for the blind in a large city—where they are always numerous—and you will find men who are paper sellers, piano tuners, piano teachers, organists and choir leaders, experts with all kinds of musical instruments, repairers of clocks, mattress, broom and brush manufacturers and upholsterers. In addition you will find several who keep stores that retail the products of the little manufactories run by men similarly afflicted; one or two lawyers, a half dozen real estate dealers and as many fire and life insurance brokers and agents.

Go to the homes of these blind makers, and to other homes, and you will find blind women who do plain sewing, who cook, scrub floors, take in washing and ironing, make laces that rival the silky webs from the old world's lace centers, do exquisite fancy work, and build the sort of dainty basketware which ornaments milady's boudoir. You will also find blind women who are waitresses in private boarding houses, blind women who teach in elocution schools and one or two colleges, blind women who emboss letters for other blind, and blind women who teach music.

A BLIND MANUFACTURER.

At the head of this factory, one of the largest of its kind in the east, is a blind man. Those who have come in contact with him say there is no shrewder dealer in Atlantic City real estate. Te is reputed to be worth nearly $200,000, all made out of seaside land. His wife describes to him a piece of property that he may think of buying, tells him its environments, and then he takes a day or two to think it over and draw conclusions. Sometimes he buys, sometimes he doesn't; but he has made a fortune out of real estate that once was the despair of sighted owners and speculators.

There is another capable blind man in the real estate business in New York. He is a lawyer, too, and he got his degree by attending lectures and having a boy read aloud to him many heavy volumes for eight years. He has a fair civil practice. Bue he has time to dabble in real estate, and in many suburban towns in New Jersey his transactions are well known and regarded as wise. His method of selecting property is similar to that of the Philadelphia man. He has memorized numerous law books to such a point that he rarely finds it necessary, when getting up a brief, to have a clerk look up the law for him.

TOUCH THE GREAT GUIDE.

Scarcely any of the working blind need assistance in business.

The newsstand man, even though the roar of the city is all about him, can tell the footfall of a customer as he approaches the stand, and by the distinctive "feel" of the paper wanted pull it out from a mass of copies of all the different local papers. There are 200 such wage earners in New York alone.

The mattress maker sews together the cover. He runs the hair cleaning and tearing machine. He does the stuffing, not forgetting to make proper allowances at the sides and ends for shrinkage in the ticking by reason of stuffing. He places and fastens the tufts, and he strengthens the sides by "blind" stitches. He even has boys with good eyes as apprentices.

Nor does the clock repairer ask help of any man. As with the mattress man and the broommaker and the newsstand man, he trusts entirely to his highly developed sense of touch. There is a blind clock repairer in the borough of the Bronx in New York who has everything his own way in his neighborhood. He can make clocks run right that other repairers always fail with.

It is 'feel" that guides the blind women in their tasks also. If they are washing clothing they feel to see if the spots of dirt, which a "sighted" person, shutting his eyes, could not detect by touch in a thousand years, have been removed by the soap and water. They never burn clothing while ironing; they know through their hands just the amount of contact the iron should have with the article being pressed. When sewing with a machine their fingers serve them as eyes, and they make stitches as straight as the most exacting could demand. As waitresses they gather the orders in the kitchen by "feel" and properly arrange the dishes around the diner's plate by the same swift and accurate method. And in making the finest and most intricate laces their only guide is touch.

In truth the blind person in business has, as one of them said recently, "ten eyes, which are at our fingers' ends," while seeing persons have only two.

WAGES ARESMALL.

Despite the fact that the blind who work are exceedingly industrious and often as expert in the various trades as sighted men, they do not make much money. Human sympathy is deep until the pocket book is touched. The blind man gets sympathy when he is not trying to sell something. Because he is blind the customer will expect a price lower than he obtains elsewhere and haggle until he gets it. This statement is universally made by the blind shopkeepers.

For this reason he is a lucky blind shopkeeper who when the week is ended finds that he has cleared $7 or $8 over and above expenses.

The most highly paid among the blind are the piano tuners and the musicians. These men, who call their highly sensitive ears to the aid of their skillful fingers, make all the way from $45 to $150 a month. The larger figure represents money largely earned by means of piano and violin classes. The piano tuners almost invariably conduct several classes.

The broom and brushmaker receives the lowest returns for his labor. Frequently he makes not more than $3 a week. His average is $5. Time was when the small broommaker could earn $10 a week. Now the big factories have up-to-date machinery which the blind man, working alone, cannot afford, and so he is slowly being driven out of business. Gradually he is drifting into paper selling or mattress-making.

THE BLIND AS PENSIONERS.

New York is the only city in this country that encourages its blind to be self-supporting. To every sightless man and woman who earns a living the city each year makes a gift of $50 in gold. This money is used generally to clear off any indebtedness that a blind person may have incurred, and this gives him a clear start on a new fiscal year.

This custom has held in the metropolis for over 50 years. The man who decides on the blind who are entitled to secure annuities is S. Jerome Bettman. He is known by every blind person on the Island of Manhattan. For eighteen years he has been investigating their cases and invariably winning their esteem. It is he who every year distributes the annuities.

But New York, despite this pension system and care of the blind when they fall ill, has found that no inducement can get the men and women, stricken blind in their majority, interested in industrial pursuits. This is the experience elsewhere.

While these persons realize their dependent position and know that, unless they have relatives who will support them, their inevitable end is the almshouse, they seem to be unable to cultivate the senses of touch and sound to the point where they can be put to commercial profit. Many try, but after a few months give it up in despair and request to be taken to the almshouse.

It takes years of training in an institution for the blind to fit the inmates for bread winners in the trades that require expert use of the senses of touch and hearing. Nowadays no attempt is made to teach the boys and girls any other callings, for long experience has shown that time thus spent was thrown away. The blind themselves recognize that they are of no monetary value in an occupation where sight is absolutely necessary, "but in other trades we can hold up our end with the best of sighted men," they say. And they can. A good blind mattressmaker turns out as many mattresses in a day as an expert mattressmaker in full possession of all his senses.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S Dysentery Cordial is a speedy cure for dysentery, diarrhea, cholera, summer complaint, seasickness, and complaints incidental to children teething. It gives immediate relief to those suffering from the effects of indiscretion in eating unripe fruits, cucumbers, etc. It acts with wonderful rapidity and never fails to conquer the disease. No one need fear cholera is they have a bottle of this medicine convenient.

WHISKARD'S

Three Busy Stores
228, 230, 232 Dundas Street

It Is Up to the People

of London and surrounding country to take advantage of our

Great Clearance Sale

MANY REASONS why the event tops anything this city has ever known. Bottom-notch prices at all times, now 10 off these prices.

Fall Millinery---10 off our cut prices

Millinery Department.

Special Purchase of about 12 doz. Camelshair Ready-to-wear Hats, all the best shades, sold at $1.25, sale price 59c each, subject to your 10 off.

Ladies' Fine Ready-to-Wear Hats, in beautiful styles, each one at cut price, $1.69, $1.97, $2.25 and $2.49 each; and your 10 off makes it still better.

Children's Tams, in navy blue cloth, at 25c, 35c and 39c each—10 off.

Large Black and White Breasts, at 39c and 47c each—10 off.

Coque's Plumes, regular 50c, for 25c each—10 off.

Large Curled Quills, in black and castor, regular 50c, our price 25c each—10 off.

Fur Department—Furs Sacrificed.

We mean it—every word. Every article in our Fur Department has been reduced in price. There's much money-saving importance in this sale. Isn't this your opportunity? **Remember you get your 10 off these cut prices.**

Ladies' Black and Gray Astrachan Gauntlets, special price 50c pair — 10 off this price.

Children's Black and Gray Astrachan Gauntlets, special prices, 39c and 50c pair—10 off these prices.

Gray Opossum Fur Boas, regular $2.50, sale price $1.89—10 off.

German Beaver Caperine, regular $8.00, sale price $4.89—less 10 off.

Gray Fur Caperine, regular $5.00, cut price $3.89—less 10 off.

Ladies' Electric Seal Caperine, long front and sable tails, regular $13.00, cut price $9.50—less 10 off.

Gents' and Boys' Furnishings.

Boys' Underwear, fine wool, fleece-lined, regular 50c, cut price 30c each, all sizes—less 10 off.

Men's Fine Wool Undershirts, regular $1.00, cut price 75c—less 10 off.

Men's Fine Wool Undershirts, special value, at 75c, cut price 59c—less 10 off.

Men's Heavy Wool Ribbed Undershirts, regular 50c, cut price 39c each—less 10 off.

Men's Heavy Wool Socks, ribbed top, regular 20c, cut price 15c—less 10 off.

Men's Heavy Arctic Socks, regular 25c, cut price 20c—less 10 off.

Remember this 10 per cent is an entire saving to you, besides our already cut prices, which means a saving of fully 25 to 50 per cent on some lines of goods during this sale.

BAPTISTS GROW IN WEST

Churches Increase From 1 to 98 in 28 Years.

Some of Them Are No Longer Self-Sustaining.

Montreal, Oct. 18.—At the Baptist convention yesterday the status of the church in Manitoba, the Northwest and British Columbia was discussed on the reports of Superintendent Stackhouse, of Manitoba, and Superintendent McEwen, of British Columbia. The former gave statistics showing the growth of the church during the last 28 years in Manitoba, and the Northwest. Then, he said, there was only one church of seven persons; today there were 98 churches, and upward of 150 preaching stations. Then the church preached to the English-speaking people exclusively; today it preached to twenty different nationalities.

In British Columbia, said Mr. McEwen, the church was having an uphill fight. There were 19 churches, and some of these, owing to business depression, were no longer self-sustaining. Fully 200,000 people were in the province, of whom a considerable-number were Baptists. To help in reaching these the church in Eastern Canada gave last year $1,360, and $1,224 in 1901, which amounts were too small.

The report of the church edifice board was presented by Rev. E. C. Parker, who said the object of the board was to assist needy churches by means of loans, which were to be paid back in yearly installments. During the 28 years of its existence upwards of $43,000 in church debts had been paid off in this manner. Last year the amount disbursed was $2,717 07, of which $2,385 47 were loans. The receipts for the year amounted to $6,-660 42 and the expenditure to $6,338 22.

During the morning Rev. Mr. Vining made a plea on behalf of the work in the Canadian Northwest, and Rev. S. J. Farmer delivered an impressive discourse on "Missions."

This evening the Home Mission addresses were delivered by Rev. A. A. Cameron, D.D., and an illustrated address was given by Rev. C. J. Cameron. Superintendent McEwen, of British Columbia, spoke on "Farther West," and Superintendent Stackhouse, of Manitoba, talked on "Western Missions."

Snow in Chautauqua.

Jamestown, N. Y., Sept. 20. — A light fall of snow was reported from different parts of Chautauqua County on Wednesday morning. At Mayville the ground was covered with snow for a short time.

Earthquake in Tennessee.

Seawanee, Tenn., Oct. 20. — Two earthquake shocks were felt here on Saturday—the first a light one, about 1 p.m., and the second, which was more severe, about 5 p.m. The duration was but a few seconds. Reports from Johnson City and Tracey City say that both shocks were felt at those places

A distinct earthquake shock, accompanied by a rumbling like distant thunder, was felt at Chattanooga in the afternoon at 4 o'clock. The shock was of several seconds' duration. At Lafayette Gate the earth seemed to upheave under foot.

CROPS BURIED IN SAND

Still Another Eruption at St. Vincent, B. W. I.

The Colony Plunged Into Deeper Distress Than Ever.

Kingstown, St. Vincent, B. W. I., Oct. 20.—The eruption of the Soufriere Volcano on Oct. 15 and 16th — the fourth terrific outbreak since the catastrophe of May 7—has plunged the colony into deeper distress than before existed, crippling its agricultural resources by further devastating the arrowroot fields and completely destroying wide areas of growing crops on lands which had been considered outside the volcanic zone.

On those lands thousands of young cacao, coffee and other plants were buried under a mass of sand, which, while hot, fell in the windward district on the morning of Oct. 16. Even the the Mesopotamia Valley, an ideal garden of tropical vegetation, although twelve miles from the volcano's crater, is filled with sand, in some places six inches deep, and the lands to the eastward, bordering upon the previously devastated area, are covered to a depth of nine inches. Travel on all the roads in the windward district — the only regular means of communication between Georgetown and this city—has been rendered extremely difficult. Large members of refugees and other persons left Georgetown for Kingstown. Hundreds of poor persons were driven from their homes by falling cinders and stones.

The situation is desperate. Comparatively no damage was done on the leeward coast by the outbreak. No lives were lost.

This eruption was equal in duration and violence to that of the night of Sept. 3, but owing to the bright moonlight the electrical discharges were less terrifying.

STARTED IN HIS LEGS

An Oshawa Case Which Puzzled the Local Doctors as Well as Those at the Hospital in Toronto.

Oshawa, Ont., Oct. 20.—Five years ago, Mr. Joseph Brown, of the Oshawa Malleable Iron Works, began to feel a stiffness and soreness in the calves of his legs. This gradually increased till he lost all power in his legs and arms. He could not raise his arms to his head nor walk alone a single step.

The local doctors all treated him and gave him up. A Bowmanville doctor then advised him to go to the hospital in Toronto, which he did in January, 1898.

He remained in the hospital over four weeks. Twelve doctors there told him that nothing could be done for him, so he was removed to his home in Oshawa.

He writes: "I used altogether twelve boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and by the first of May I was able to start work again in the shop and I have never been sick or off work a day since."

About 300,000 cases of dynamite are used annually at the Johannesburg mines.

In washing woollens and flannels, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will be found very satisfactory. 28

FIERCE FIGHTING IN SOMALILAND

British Punitive Expedition Twice Attacked.

MULLAH'S MEN BEATEN BACK

The British Lost 52 Killed and 100 Wounded—Situation a Serious One.

London, Oct. 20.—The foreign office has issued an undated dispatch from Col. Cobbe, commanding one of the columns of the British expedition operating against the mad Mullah in Somaliland. Major Phillips and Capt. Angus were killed. Col. Cobbe was wounded. The British forces engaged were composed entirely of native troops and levies. Col. Cobbe says:

ATTACKED IN THE BUSH.

"My force reached Erego this morning. When about one day's march north of Mudug, I was attacked in the thick bush. Two advances were made, and the enemy was beaten back in the morning. Their losses were heavy and we captured 100 rifles. Our force then proceeded to collect animals for transportation purposes and to join the attachment at the stockade. In the afternoon a reconnoissance was made, and after sharp fighting the enemy were again driven off.

"I deeply regret to report the following casualties: Col. Phillips and Capt. Angus and 50 men killed and about 100 men wounded. The latter include Capt. Howard and Lieut. Everett, but both are doing well. There were severe losses among the transport and riding camels. The force will reach the stockade camp tomorrow and will advance to attack the enemy."

SITUATION IS SERIOUS.

A later dispatch from Col. Swain says that as a result of the fighting at Erego Oct. 6, which was very severe, the Somali levies are considerably shaken. The Mullah, who is said to be in communication with Kail and Inger, in the direction of the Webb River, is bringing up reinforcements from all sides. Col. Swain is much hampered owing to the necessity or transporting the wounded and water. He is retiring on Bohotle. He asks that 600 further reliable troops be dispatched from Berbera forthwith.

The serious reverse in Somaliland places the small British force there of about 3,000 men of doubtful reliability in an exceedingly perilous situation. Since the beginning of Col. Swain's second campaign against the Mullah last May little has been heard of the expedition. The present dispatches seem to show that he was retreating from the Italian frontier northward when the Mullah attacked him at Erego.

Last December the Mullah was reported to have about 12,000 men, mostly armed, a large percentage of whom were armed with rifles. It is possible that he now commands about 15,000 men. With this large force harassing him, Col. Swain has to retreat to Bohotle, 150 miles, and probably still 100 miles further to Burao, the principal British frontier post. This march must be made under a scorching sun and over an arid and roadless desert, even if the retreat is successful.

CAUSE FOR ANXIETY.

The gravest anxiety will be felt until further news is received. The entire expedition will have to be repeated on a much larger scale. Col. Swain is accompanied by over 20 white officers and has with him some Maxim guns and some 7-pounders.

The Mullah's success will set the whole Ogaden and Dolbahanta aflame. Trade relations at Berbera Bulhar have shown an enormous decrease since the operations of the Mullah cut off access to the rich markets of Ogaden and Dolbahanta. It was announced by Lord Lansdowne, foreign secretary, in Parliament last summer, that the Italians were co-operating with Col. Swain, but as the dispatches made public today do not mention Italian help, it is supposed that some local difficulty was found in arranging for the co-operation.

THEORIES ABOUT FOOD

Also a Few Facts on the Same Subject.

We hear much nowadays about health foods and hygienic living, about vegetarianism and many other fads along the same line.

Restaurants may be found in the large cities where no meat, pastry or coffee is served, and the food crank is in his glory, and arguments and theories galore advanced to prove that meat was never intended for human stomachs, and almost make us believe that our sturdy ancestors who lived four score years in robust health on roast beef, pork and mutton must have been grossly ignorant of the laws of health.

Our forefathers had other things to do than formulate theories about the food they ate. A warm welcome was extended to any kind from bacon to acorns.

A healthy appetite and common sense are excellent guides to follow in matters of diet, and a mixed diet of grains, fruits and meats is undoubtedly the best.

As compared with grains and vegetables, meat furnishes the most nutriment in a highly concentrated form and is digested and assimilated more quickly than vegetables and grains.

Dr. Julius Remmson on this subject says: Nervous persons, people run down in health and of low vitality should eat meat and plenty of it. If the digestion is too feeble at first it may be easily corrected by the regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal. Two of these excellent tablets taken after dinner will digest several thousand grains of meat, eggs or other animal food in three hours, and no matter how weak the stomach may be, no trouble will be experienced if a regular practice is made of using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, because they supply the pepsin and diastase necessary to perfect digestion, and every form of indigestion will be overcome by their use.

That large class of people who come under the head of nervous dyspeptics should eat plenty of meat and insure its proper digestion by the daily use of a safe, harmless digestive medicine like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, composed of the natural digestive principles, pepsin, diastase, fruit acids, and salts, which actually perform the work of digestion. Cheap cathartic medicines, masquerading under the name of dyspepsia cures, are useless for indigestion as they have absolutely no effect upon the actual digestion of food.

Dyspepsia in all its many forms is simply a failure of the stomach to digest food and the sensible way to solve the riddle and cure the dyspepsia is to make daily use at meal time of a preparation like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, which is indorsed by the medical profession and known to contain active digestive principles.

All druggists sell Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, at 50c for full treatment.

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BRITAIN LEASES DELAGOA BAY

The Old Flag Will Fly There for Ninety-Nine Years—Object to War Tax.

Brussels, Oct. 20.—A private dispatch from Lisbon reports that the King of Portugal has leased Portuguese Southeast Africa to Great Britain for 99 years. The Portuguese flag will continue to fly over the territory referred to, but it will be for the sake of appearances only.

Johannesburg, Oct. 20.—The Chamber of Mines has sent a letter to Governor Milner, declaring that a large, contribution towards the cost of the war would be disastrous to the future of the Transvaal, and asking for a prompt announcement of the government's intentions. The Chamber declares that in any case, no war payment should be demanded within five years.

CURE FOR LEPROSY

U. S. Consul for China Has News of a Discovery.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 20.—Robert McWade, United States consul at Canton, who arrived here lately, carries with him to Washington documents relating to the discovery of a cure for leprosy.

Dr. Raziag, formerly of the United States Army Medical Corps in the Philippines, has been successful in his work to discover a leprosy cure. He has treated a number of persons with success. One, a Chinese coolie, who was entirely crippled, can now carry as large a load as he ever did. The consul is not at liberty to divulge the method of treatment, but it is understood that massage, baths in fresh and salt water, and medicines, are used.

Dr. Raziag had been experimenting for years before success crowned his efforts at Canton, where he went from the Philippines to give his whole time to the work.

OFF FOR AFRICA

Departure of the Ontarian, First Boat of the New Line.

Montreal, Oct. 20.—The Allan steamship Ontarian, the first boat of the new South African service, sailed Saturday morning. The next boat will sail on Nov. 9, also from Montreal. The future or winter sailings will be from St. John and Halifax.

LOST THEIR NETS

Yankee Fishermen Overhauled by the Petrel—Tug Has Close Call.

Dunkirk, Oct. 20. — A Dunkirk tug, while pulling nets in Canadian waters on Friday, had a narrow escape from capture by the Canadian cruiser Petrel. The Petrel crept upon the Dunkirk boat, appearing as a fish tug. Just in time the Dunkirk captain noticed the approach of the cruiser and fled, with the loss of $100 worth of nets, left behind for the Canadian officers to confiscate.

Ottawa, Oct. 20. — It appears that of late the American fishing craft on Lake Erie have been poaching in the most flagrant way on this side of the line. The American craft arrange among themselves for one to give the signal when the Canadian Government cruiser comes in sight, and all immediately steam off toward the American shore. The Minister of Fisheries is taking steps to put an end to this order of things in an effective way. Mr. Bastedo writes the fisheries department at Ottawa that a close season should be established for lake herring on the great lakes. This fish is generally looked upon as a variety of whitefish. It has been caught for many years, but no steps were ever taken to prevents its extermination.

Hall Caine in New York.

New York, Oct. 20.—Among the passengers who arrived Saturday on the steamer Lucania, from Liverpool, was Hall Caine, the author.

No Election Trial Dates.

Toronto, Oct. 20.—No further dates for election trials were fixed Saturday, the judges being busily engaged at trials now on and at other work.

Petrified Bodies Found.

New York, Oct. 20. — Nine petrified bodies have been found in the cemetery attached to the New York infant asylum at Mount Vernon. The asylum was closed recently, and it became necessary to remove the bodies in the cemetery. While the work was going on today the workmen exhumed nine bodies that have the appearance of white marble and are as solid as a rock.

General Booth's Movements.

Montreal, Oct. 20.—General William Booth, the founder of the Salvation Army, accompanied by his daughter, Commandant Eva Booth, arrived in the city Saturday morning. He will be the guest of Hon. George W. Stevens until Tuesday, when he leaves for Ontario. Gen. Booth addressed three meetings in Windsor Hall yesterday.

Canadian Held as a Fugitive.

New York, Oct. 20.—Stephen McMillan, who is said to be the son of a member of the Canadian Parliament, was arraigned in a police court at Jersey City, Saturday, on a charge of having embezzled $1,800 from his former employers, F. H. St. Charles & Co., wholesale grocers, of Montreal. A question was raised as to the police court's jurisdiction, and the court dismissed the complaint, but held McMillan for the United States authorities as a fugitive from justice.

In Galicia the wage of the farm laborer has been so reduced that he is starving to death on a pittance of from 3 to 16 cents a day.

One of the most magnificent ballrooms in the United Kingdom is in Lord Iveagh's house in Dublin. It is 70 feet long and 40 feet wide, and the floor has a delightful "springiness."

WANTED TO PLAY AT MARRYING

Young Fellow Chose the Hired Girl for Practice.

SEANCE RUINED HER NERVES

Now She Sues for Damages and a Projected Wedding Is Postponed.

Providence, R. I., Oct. 20. — Miss Annie Reidhout, a pretty domestic, who has been employed in the family of Xenophon Brown in the west end of the city, will figure in a somewhat peculiar and sensational suit in the common pleas court before the fall session is very far advanced.

Miss Reidhout avers that she was attacked, insulted and outrageously abused by Gustavus, the young son of her employer, and that she was compelled to take to her bed from the awful fright she received. She became hysterical, and later suffered keenly from her inability to eat her meals.

She claims that young Brown, on the eve of the date of his wedding to an estimable girl, entered the kitchen, and put his arms about her, saying, "Annie, I am going to get married soon, and I want to stand up with you and see how it seems; I just want to practice a little for the ceremony."

Then Miss Annie tried to draw away from young Brown, and he clutched her tightly. Her clothing was torn, she alleges, in the effort to release herself from his grasp. The girl called for aid, and Mrs. Brown, the mother of the defendant in the case to be heard by a jury, appeared, and expostulated with Miss Reidhout, saying that Gustavus meant nothing at all except what he said.

The plaintiff left her employment in the family as soon as she could pack her belongings and dress herself for the street, and sought the advice of friends. When she mentioned the affair to a young man who had called on her at the Brown house for quite a number of Sunday evenings, he advised her to place the matter in the hands of an attorney, and this ended in the lawsuit being instituted against young Brown for $2,500 damages for alleged personal injury to the fair plaintiff.

Mrs. Brown says that her son was only engaged in a little sort of a lark with the girl, and that it would have been all right, except that it happened on washing day, when Annie was tired and a little cross. The mother avers that Gustavus was engaged in similar pranks with her just before the incident in the kitchen with Annie, and that she alone was responsible for her son going down stairs to see the hired girl.

Hence, the forthcoming trial by jury, when it will be developed why young Brown was not wed on the day in September fixed for his marriage.

WORLD'S W. C. T. U.

Proposed Amendments to Constitution Postponed—Willard Fund.

Portland, Me., Oct. 20. — Reports of organizers and physical exercises occupied most of the time of Saturday's sessions of the National W.C.T.U. The proposed amendments to the constitution, to add to the delegates, the vice-president at large of each state, and to admit to the executive committee the evangelists, were indefinitely postponed. An amendment to the pledge the words "and tobacco in any form," following the words "wine, beer and cider," was referred to the executive committee. Mrs. Hannah J. Bailey, of Winthrop, Me., reported for the department of peace and international arbitration, of which she is superintendent.

Mrs. Helen Morton Barker, national treasurer, reported that the National W. C. T. U., had made a net gain of $7,097, and in receipts for the Frances E. Willard memorial fund (more than in any previous year), the sum of $4,-417. Mrs. Barker said: "New York leads in contributions to this fund, having sent $355 02. Every state in the Union has sent contributions to them. We have received from the pledges for Manila missionary work, $1,132."

Twenty-six different kinds of insects have been enumerated which attack the sugar cane.

CUPID'S ADVICE



Nestlé's Food

is a perfect Infant's Food because it contains all the elements necessary to nourish and strengthen. It is invaluable as a preventive of Cholera Infantum and Summer Complaints.

In order that every mother may prove its virtues for herself, we will send a sample—enough for eight meals—free on request.

LEEMING, MILES & CO., SOLE AGENTS, MONTREAL.

THIS ADVERTISEMENT CHANGES EVERY DAY

176-178 Dundas Street, London, Monday, Oct. 20, 1902.

WOODS' FAIR

Umbrellas

Nice-looking, good, durable and well-made Umbrellas for ladies and for gentlemen, with silk and wool covering, steel rod, paragon frame, congo (silver tipped), fancy bone and pretty metal handles, very serviceable lines; your choice Tuesday for, each.....**$1.00**

The prices of a number of lines in our stationery department are cut in two for Tuesday.

Our Special 10c Cuff Link.

Men's Cuff Links in silver and rolled gold plate, some enameled, some with stone settings, a 25c line, Tuesday, pair 10c

Our Special 10c Candies.

We have placed in stock this week 10 new lines of delicious candies. One of these new lines is called Walnut Comfort, in 10 flavors, pound 10c

We keep the newest fancies in stationery. Wonderful values in this department on Tuesday.

We have in stock a complete line of Fine English Satin Back Black Velvet Ribbons, all widths; also colored velvet baby ribbon.

FOUR GRANITE SPECIALS FOR TUESDAY.

4 dozen 3 and 4 quart White Enameled Pudding Dishes, regular 20c and 25c, Tuesday, choice, each 15c
3 dozen small size Granite Teapots, regular 35c, Tuesday, each 25c
25 only Rice Boilers, regular 50c, Tuesday, each 39c
9 only Granite Footbaths, Tuesday for, each 75c

THREE GLASSWARE SPECIALS FOR TUESDAY.

50 dozen Tumblers, fluted bottom, regular 5c, Tuesday, 2 for 5c
3 dozen 9-inch Nappies, saucer shaped, fancy pattern, regular 25c each, Tuesday only, each.....15c
2 dozen half-gallon Water Jugs, plain, Tuesday, each 25c

PILLOW SHAM HOLDERS, each .....15c | FIRE SHOVELS, each 5c

We Sell Baby Carriages and Go-Carts | WOODS' FAIR

Just the dish for supper

Clark's Pork and Beans

Plain or With Chili or Tomato Sauce.

"They Are Delicious"

W. CLARK, Manufacturer, MONTREAL.

We are now making the most elegant eating Chocolate in the world.

Cowan's Swiss Milk Chocolate.

Grocers will please send their orders early, so as not to be disappointed for their Christmas trade.

7k-z

HOTEL CARDS.

ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. depot. Central location. First-class in every respect. Louis Risk, proprietor.

THE ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located and first-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

HOTEL NORMANDY, 489 AND 491 Richmond street—Choice wines, liquors and cigars. T. F. Lewis, proprietor.

OFFICE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT—Excellent lunch counter, only one in city. W. J. Wright, proprietor.

LEGAL CARDS.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carling streets. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper.

HELLMUTH & IVEY, IVEY & DROMGOLE, Barristers, etc., Over Bank of Commerce.

A. GREENLEES, BARRISTER, ETC., Canadian Loan Company's building, Richmond street, London. Private funds to loan.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas street. C. G. Jarvis; Jared Vining, B.A.

McEVOY & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors. Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

BUCHNER, CAMPBELL & GUNN, barristers, etc., 83 Dundas street, London. Telephone 99. Money to loan at lowest rates.

W. H. BARTRAM, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 99 Dundas street.

STUART & GUNN, BARRISTERS, ETC. Office, 112 Masonic Temple. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; George C. Gunn.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 98 Dundas street, London.

MAGEE, McKILLOP & MURPHY, barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner Richmond and Dundas, London. James Magee, K.C.; J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

PURDOM & PURDOM, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King streets, London, Ont. Thomas H. Purdom, K.C.; Alexander Purdom.

TOOTHE & FAULDS, BARRISTERS, etc., Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 160 Dundas street, near Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—LARGE OR SMALL amounts. Casey & Morwood, barristers, 90 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Buchner, Campbell & Gunn, 83 Dundas street.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4½ and 5½ per cent on real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission charged. T. W. Scandrett, solicitor, 98 Dundas street, London.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY John J. Jepson, druggist, 249 Wellington street. Residence, 241 Pall Mall. 'Phone 379.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OFFICE Adkins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, jeweler, 402 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED AT Strong's Drug Store, 184 Dundas street. Residence, 289 Dufferin avenue.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 99 Dundas street.

OFFICIAL ISSUER OF MARRIAGE licenses, C. D. Johnston, 198 Dundas street. Residence, 391 Dundas street.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

ALBERT D. JORDAN, ORGANIST, First Methodist Church—Teacher of piano and organ. Apply between 1 and 2. No. 245 Queen's avenue. Telephone 1,498.

ST. JOHN HYTTENRAUCH—PUPILS received for piano, harmony, sight singing, history. Residence, 781 Richmond, or homes of pupils.

ALICE CALDER STOCK — SOLOIST First Methodist Church. Voice culture. 254 Queen's avenue. Concert engagements accepted.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST and choirmaster, St. Andrew's Church. Teaching resumed. Piano, pipe organ, harmony, singing. 640 Wellington street. 'Phone 1,527.

MEDICAL CARDS.

H. A. KINGSMILL, M.D., M.R.C.S. (England), has resumed practice. Office, 443 Park avenue. 'Phone 300.

DR. BECHER—OFFICE, 348 DUNDAS street. 'Phone 1,484; house, 148. Hours, 10:30 to 1, 2:30 to 3:30, 7:30 to 8:30.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON. Specialty, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

HOMEOPATHY—DR. CHAS. E. JARVIS, physician, surgeon, etc., 759 Dundas street. Telephone 969.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S. (England). Specialist, surgical diseases only. 439 Park avenue. 'Phone 324.

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DR. ANGUS GRAHAM—OFFICE AND residence, 469 King street. 'Phone 609.

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London Advertiser.

TWO DAILY EDITIONS AND WEEKLY.

The Leading Medium for Advertisers in Western Ontario.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited.)
LONDON, ONTARIO.

London Monday, Oct. 20.

Taxing the C. P. Lands.

One of the most pressing public questions today is the taxation of C. P. R. lands. In the contract between the Dominion Government and the Canadian Pacific Railway in 1881, the clause relating to the taxation of the company's lands was not very lucidly drawn. One interpretation is that the period of exemption from taxation runs for twenty years from the earning of the land grants, or practically, from the time the road was completed. The C. P. R. does not take this view, but claims that the exemption runs from the date of the patenting of the lands by the company. If the company's interpretation holds good, the west will sustain a very heavy loss. Only 9,464,572 acres had been patented up to March 2 of this year, and of this fully 8,000,000 acres has been patented since 1896, so that no taxes of any account could be collected from C. P. R. lands for fifteen or twenty years from the present time, if the patent is the starting point of the exemption. On the contrary, if the 20-year exemption dates from the earning instead of the patent of the lands, all C. P. R. lands will become subject to municipal taxation in 1905. The vital importance of this question to the people of the west can readily be understood, as the present exemption of twenty millions of acres of land is a heavy load on the taxpayers of the west, and a great retardation of the progress of the country. The clause bears a third interpretation, that the exemption expired in 1901, twenty years after the passage of the act, confirming the contract with the C. P. R.

The contract was the work of the Macdonald Government, but it has remained with the present Government to take steps to have the doubtful clause interpreted. The Government will submit the question to the court, and a decision will be given within a definite time. If the contention of the company is upheld, it will be a heavy blow to the west, and the responsibility will fall on the late Government, which made the contract and which took no steps to compel the company to patent its lands, with the result that only one million and a quarter acres were patented during its term of office. It is sincerely to be hoped in the interests of the whole Dominion that the courts will find that the exemption dates from the earning of the lands, as the public so understood it when the contract was confirmed.

A Lesson From Ontario.

A party of eminent English educationists visited Canada this summer to examine the school systems of the Dominion, and if possible find suggestions that might be useful in the solution of the problem in England. We have fought out our educational battles in this country, and have overcome the difficulties which now perplex British statesmanship. The chief of these is denominationalism. In many parishes in England there is only a Church of England school, and the children of Nonconformists must of necessity attend it. How to manage this, so that Nonconformist pupils may not be obliged to accept religious instruction at the hands of Church of England teachers, is one of the vexed questions to which Mr. Balfour's bill gives rise. An amendment provides that the assistant teacher shall be a Nonconformist; but this does not satisfy all the denominations. Mr. Walford D. Green, one of the English delegates who visited Canada, finds the solution in the following regulation of the Ontario Education Department:

"The clergy of any denomination, or their authorized representatives, shall have the right to give religious instruction to the pupils of their own church, in each school house, at least once a week, after the hour of closing the school in the afternoon; and if the clergy of more than one denomination apply to give religious instruction in the same school house, the board of trustees shall decide on what day of the week the school house shall be set at the disposal of the clergyman of each denomination, at the time above stated."

"Nothing," he writes to the London Times, "could be more equitable. If such arrangements were made in the one-school villages, under the supervision of the county authority, it would be easy for the various Nonconformist churches to agree on their respective religious teacher. Sir Henry Fowler has admitted that the purchase or destruction of denominational schools is not practical politics. Will he not use his commanding influence among moderate Nonconformists at least to suggest some alternative to the Government proposals?"

The Doukhobors Flourishing.

The true story of the Doukhobors is told by a special correspondent of the Toronto Globe, writing from Yorkton, Assa. There has been some political animus in the reports sent out describing the whole of this peculiar people as given up to a religious craze, which turned them from industry and would make them objects of charity during the coming winter. The truth is that about 1,500 out of the 7,500 Doukhobors settled in the Canadian Northwest have been affected by the mania which has led them to renounce the use of all animal products as food or wearing apparel, and turn loose their stock, in obedience to what they believe to be a scriptural command. The Dominion Immigration Department decided to sell the stock and hold the money in trust. The fact that the sale realized $14,900 is a striking evidence of the progress made by the Doukhobors since 1899, when they first set foot on Canadian soil, in a destitute condition, a charge upon public and private charity. It confirms what was said at the time by those who knew them, that they were splendid farmers, and in Russia had wrested a livelihood from the meanest soil. In the Canadian Northwest, after two excellent crops, they have full granaries, plenty of vegetables and more or less money. In fact, we are told that they have already accumulated sufficient to prevent want for four or five years. The present religious aberration may be only temporary, and there is no likelihood that those who are under its influence will suffer any hardship. The Doukhobors will gradually drop their peculiar characteristics; the younger generation especially will be more assimilable to Canadian customs and habits of mind. All indications point to a great store of material prosperity for these simple, conscientious people, who came to this land of freedom as a refuge from Russian oppression.

The United States customs authorities have been considering whether a kodak man who went to Canada and exposed his films should pay duty on the films when he returned. A customs officer decided that the films had been advanced in value by "taking a picture," but the kodak man appealed successfully to the Board of General Appraisers, who decided that the commercial value of the films had disappeared owing to the exposure. The case is funny enough for a comic opera, but it is the logic of Dingleyism.

"Our American system of control is one of the worst possible for fixing political responsibility," says the Boston Herald, frankly. "If the Democrats succeed in electing a majority to the next House of Representatives, and if in 1904 they succeed in electing a President, the United State Senate will still remain Republican, with no probability of a change in this respect until 1906. This may lead to political conservatism, but it is not really representative. Under the more truly democratic government of England, France, Australia and Canada, if a majority of the electors decide by their votes that they have no confidence in the party that has been in power, the party that has control of the government vacates at once, and places the administration of affairs, both executive and legislative, in the control of the then party of the majority. Our system of lapping over senatorial terms and electing representatives a year before they are regularly called upon to assemble in Congress is open to very many objections."

His Dialect.

[Washington Star.]

"Mike," said Plodding Pete, "did you ever go to school?"

"Sure," answered Meandering Mike. "I don't have to talk dis way. If I showed off me literary accomplishments, folks would wonder why I wasn't readin' de help wanted advertisements instead o' huntin' fur handouts."

Purely Selfish.

[Washington Star.]

I claim no philanthropic aim
My fellow-man to bless;
Yet this monopolistic game
Occasions no distress.
When 'mongst the little fish I quail,
While big ones own the sea,
I ask myself and then turn pale,
"Will there be room for me?"

I only seek to occupy
A corner very small,
But men possessing much will try
Somehow to get it all.
The question chills my bubbling mirth
And chokes my gurgling glee;
When J. P. Morgan owns the earth
Will there be room for me?

Another Theory Exploded.

[Hamilton Herald.]

The fact that the Rev. Neil McPherson has won the local golf tournament should go far to dispel the superstition that the best golf can't be played without cuss words.

Let It Go at That.

[Puck.]

"Why should religion and science quarrel?"

"Why, indeed?"

"Why not say that man is descended from the monkey Eve made of Adam and let it go at that?"

Indian Summer.

[Ainslee's.]

These are the hours that bring the vanished June
Back to my heart, to warm it as of yore;
These are the days, with all the hush of noon,
That bring remembered sweetness to my door.

Would that her face, now drifted from my sight,
By some great miracle might come back to me
Out of the dark of autumn and the night,
Out of the shattered frame of Memory!

The King's Birthday.

[Brantford Expositor.]

The Dominion Government has decided that there will be no proclamation requesting a public holiday in this country on Nov. 9, King's birthday. This decision is undoubtedly in accord with public sentiment. We have too many holidays already, and it would be very inconvenient to establish the custom of making a holiday observance of the birthday of the reigning sovereign.

Editorial Repartee.

A sketch of the Brantford Expositor's history speaks of a previous editor, H. F. Gardiner, now of the Hamilton Times, as a "handsome young man." Herb, that must have been a long time ago.—Brockville Recorder.

Well, rather. And the funny feature about it is that the beaut never got a hint of his prettiness at the time, either from friend or looking-glass. Still, a compliment 30 years late is better than none. Wonder what George Graham looked like in those days. His face would stop a clock now, but there is not a lazy bone in his tongue.—Hamilton Times.

Mary's Dream.

[John Lowe.]

John Lowe, the author of this poem, was born at Kenmure, parish of Kells, Kircudbrightshire, Scotland, in 1750. His father was a gardener, and at the age of 14 John was apprenticed to a weaver, but in 1771 he was enabled to go to the University of Edinburgh. Later he entered the family of Mr. McGhie, of Airds, whose house was located on an elevated piece of ground washed by the Dee and Ken, a spot reverenced by Lowe for its beauty. Within the grounds he erected a rural seat environed with honeysuckle, woodbine and other shrubs, which is known to this day as "Lowe's Seat," and there he composed many of his most beautiful verses.

The moon had climed the highest hill
That rises o'er the source of Dee,
And from the eastern summit shed
Her silver light on tower and tree;
When Mary laid her down to sleep,
Her thoughts on Sandy far at sea;
When, soft and low, a voice was heard,
Saying, "Mary, weep no more for me."

She from her pillow gently raised
Her head to ask who there might be,
And saw young Sandy shivering stand,
With visage pale, and hollow e'e.
"O, Mary dear, cold is my clay,
It lies beneath a stormy sea;
Far, far from thee I sleep in death,
So, Mary, weep no more for me.

"Three stormy nights and stormy days
We tossed upon the raging main;
And long we strove our bark to save,
But all our striving was in vain.
Even then, when horror chilled my blood,
My heart was filled with love for thee.
The storm is past and I at rest,
So, Mary, weep no more for me.

"O, maiden dear, thyself prepare!
We soon shall meet upon that shore
Where love is free from doubt and care.
And thou and I shall part no more!"
Loud crowed the cock, the shadow fled;
No more of Sandy could she see,
But soft the passing spirit said,
"Sweet Mary, weep no more for me!"

Blood Will Tell.

[Toronto Star.]

There must be a strong streak of real old Irish blood in Hon. Edward Blake, or he could not so long remain in the turbulence of Irish politics.

The Fishers Are Sailing.

[Bliss Carman, in Ainslee's.]

The fishers are sailing; the fleet is away;
The rowlocks are throbbing at break of day.

The cables are creaking; the sails are unfurled;
The red sun is over the rim of the world.

The first summer hour is white on the hill;
The sails in the harbor-mouth belly and fill—

Each boat putting out with the breast of a gull
For the mighty great deep that shall rock them and lull.

There, there, they all pass out of sight, one by one,
Gleam, dazzle and sink in the path of the sun—

The last tiny speck to melt out and be free,
As a roseleaf of cloud on the rim of the sea.

The Cost of Obstinacy.

[New York World.]

Now arbitration has been proposed by the operators, and the men are to return to work only upon conditions which they have been ready to accept from the beginning of the trouble. The cost of this mulish obstinacy cannot be reckoned in figures. It has cost the mine owners many millions of dollars, the stockholders of the railroads many millions more, and lost the miners millions in wages. It has brought suffering, sickness and death to a multitude of persons. It has closed school houses, menaced the sick in hospitals, demoralized business and inflicted upon industry a creeping paralysis. It has led to rioting, assaults and murder and sent abroad the spirit of state Socialism.

Crimean Veteran Dead.

San Diego, Cal., Oct. 20. — Col. John C. Moore, a newspaper writer of this city, died suddenly last night of paralysis, aged 80 years. He was an Englishman and a veteran of the Crimean war. During the civil war he served in the Confederate army.

Cemetary at Auction.

Newburg, Oct. 20. — A large cemetery at Pine Plains, Dutchess County, was sold at auction Saturday on account of the foreclosure of a mortgage. Six thousand bodies are buried in the cemetery. It is thought the court may allow the bodies to remain.

Canadians Deported.

Port Huron, Oct. 20. — United States Emigrant Inspector E. S. Petit has just deported three Canadians, formerily of St. Catharines, who had been working for four months past at the paper mills at Watervliet, Mich., in violation of the alien contract law. The action was upon an order from the treasury department, which has had the case under investigation. The men were mechanics, having replaced three Americans and their combined salaries averaging $14 per day. The company admitted the fact of the men coming to this state on contract, but claimed to have had no intention to evade the law, the men having been personal friends of the foreman and hired by him. The company reimbursed the men for their expenses.



Dr. Pierce's GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY Restores LOST FLESH AND STRENGTH

"I was a total wreck—could not sleep or eat," writes Mr. J. C. Beers, of Berryman, Crawford Co., Mo. "For two years I tried medicine from doctors but received very little benefit. I lost flesh and strength, was not able to do a good day's work. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and when I had taken one bottle I could sleep and my appetite was wonderfully improved. I have taken five bottles and am still improving."

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains; you lose. Therefore, accept no substitute for Golden Medical Discovery."

ENGINEER KILLED IN A COLLISION

Sarnia Man Loses His Life Near New Hamburg.

BOY CRUSHED BETWEEN CARS

Patient Dies on the Operating Table—Man Jumped From Car and Was Killed.

New Hamburg, Ont., Oct. 20.—In a dense fog Saturday morning a freight train collided with another on the grade a short distance west of the station. Driver Mr. Moore, of Sarnia, jumped from his engine and received injuries which proved fatal.

CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Preston, Ont., Oct. 19.—The town people were shocked this afternoon at the accident to Claud Clare, 15 years of age, the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Clare. He was playing with some other boys on a flat car on the Preston and Berlin new electric railway, in the town. The flat car was coming down a grade. Claud tried to couple it with another car. When he reached the bottom of the grade the bump of the two cars threw him between them. He was at once carried to the office of Dr. N. Mulloy, about 150 yards off, but died shortly after the accident, which occurred about noon.

JUMPED FROM CAR ON BET.

Wichita, Kan., Oct. 20. — A young Englishman jumped from the top of a Santa Fe freight car, while crossing the Salt Fork bridge, near Ponta City, Okla., saying the momentum would carry him to the bank and making a bet to that effect. He fell short, however, striking a rock in the river, and was instantly killed. In his pocket were found evidences that he was a nephew of the Earl of Lonsdale and that he had served in the British army in India. In his pockets also was a letter from London lawyers asking him to return to prosecute a claim to an inheritance.

DIED ON THE TABLE.

Batavia, Oct. 20.—John Lafler, of No. 47 Tracey avenue, fell from a tree on the J. W. Price farm Saturday. The bones of his right leg were broken. Drs. McCarthy and Johnson administered chloroform preparatory to operating on Mr. Lafler. While the anaesthetic was being given, Lafler died. He was 48 years old and leaves a wife and six children.

P. M. BRAKEMAN KILLED.

Croswell, Mich., Oct. 18. — Steve Mudge, a brakeman on a Pere Marquette freight train, was instantly killed here today by falling from the top of a box car while switching in the yards. Deceased leaves a widow and six small children who live at Port Huron.

YOUNG HUNTER MAY DIE.

Port Huron, Mich., Oct. 18.—Godfrey Linkey, the young boy who was accidentally shot by a companion, Willie Gardner, while out hunting a week ago, is in a critical condition. The bullet passed clear through the shoulder and the wound at first was thought not to be serious. Later, however, it developed that an artery had been lacerated and the victim has become greatly weakened by the resultant loss of blood.

MOTHER DEAD, SON INJURED.

Marshall, Mich., Oct. 18.—Saturday afternoon a fatal accident occurred on the Michigan Central Railroad crossing on South Marshall avenue, of Perrinville, which resulted in the killing of Mrs. George Bailey, of Homer township, and the serious injury of her 14-year-old son. They were returning home by wagon when the accident occurred. Mrs. Bailey, her brothers and sons drove ahead with a wagon load of household goods, and Mr. Bailey followed with another wagon load of goods. The first wagon with its occupants had just reached the railroad crossing, when train No. 5 came around the corner. The railroad gates were up, Cornelius Dorthey, the gate-tender, claiming that they were out of repair. He states he yelled to the persons in the wagon, but they failed to see him.

Mrs. Bailey and her son jumped out of the wagon, directly in front of the engine. She was instantly killed.

Her son was struck in the right side and head and is badly injured. Andrew and Morris Corsell stayed in the wagon and escaped, the team having run away.

During the eight months ended August 31 the number of persons of British origin who left the United Kingdom for places out of Europe was 127,595. The Cape of Good Hope and Natal were the destination of 24,759 British subjects.

A novel entertainment was held at Avalon, Cal., recently. Thirteen boats took part in it, and their anglers landed 10,000 pounds of albicore, few of which weighed less than 25 pounds. In all 318 fish were brought in. The winning match was 77.

Pembroke College, Cambridge, does not believe in young presidents. It has elected as its master Sir George Gabriel Stokes, the great mathematician, who is eighty-three years of age.

Mississippi's 22 legal hangings this year is called by one paper a "ghastly though creditable exhibit." During the same period there have been but four lynchings in the state.

Copper in certain druggists' supplies has been traced by Mr. E. H. Gane to copper rivets used in driving belts of the manufacturing machinery.

In a cemetery at Middlebury, Vt., is a stone, erected by a widow to her loving husband, bearing this inscription: "Rest in peace—until we meet again."

There are supposed to be forty thousand homeless wanderers in the streets of Paris, all through the Evil of Procrastination. MORAL—Don't Procrastinate.

Go at Once With Your Money to the Big Store Where the . . .

Bankrupt Stock

of Runians, Carson & McKee Is Selling Off So Cheaply.

THIS IS A REALTY. This is not drawing on the imagination to be able to put together a great yarn about how cheap some people can sell goods. Runians, Carson & McKee were only a short time in business; consequently the goods are all fresh. Styles and colorings are right. Just think for a moment—The magnitude of this purchase, **$67,470.00** and then the price, **55c on the dollar.** When you can buy one hundred cents worth for fifty-five, you can give positive bargains.

CROMPTON QUEEN MOO CORSET, regularly sold at $1, now selling for 50c

25 ONLY FULL SIZE LADIES' COATS, not the latest fashion, but made from very good materials, warm, thick material; some were $7 50, some were $9, some were $11 75, two were $13 75, and up to $20. Your choice for $2 00

10 ONLY LADIES' WATERPROOF MANTLES, Peerless Shape, were $6, now for $1 50

45 Ladies' Two-Piece Costumes.

Jacket and skirt, well made; today have been reduced, viz.:

Oxford Gray Costumes.

Size 34, price was $22 50, reduced to $9 00
Size 34, price was $6, reduced to $4 00
Size 36, price was $22, reduced to $9 00
Size 36, price was $9 75, reduced to $6 00
Size 38, price was $15, reduced to $3 00

Brown and Fawn Costumes.

Size 32, price was $19, reduced to $13 00
Size 34, price was $18, reduced to $12 50
Size 34, price was, $16, reduced to $11 00
Size 34, price was $15, reduced to $9 00
Size 34, price was $9 75, reduced to $6 00
Size 34, price was $12 00, reduced to $7 50
Size 36, price was $20 00, reduced to $14 00
Size 36, price was $15 00, reduced to $10 00
Size 38, price was $12 50, reduced to $8 00
Size 36, price was $18 50, reduced to $12 00

Black Costumes.

Size 34, price was $25 00, reduced to $12 00
Size 34, price was $18 00, reduced to $6 00
Size 34, price was $18 00, reduced to $12 50
Size 36, price was $18 00, reduced to $12 50
Size 36, price was $13 75, reduced to $8 75
Size 36, price was $12 50, reduced to $9 00

Blue Costumes.

Size 34, price was $25 00, reduced to $16 00
Size 34, price was $18 50, reduced to $12 75
Size 34, price was $12 50, reduced to $8 50
Size 34, price was $18 00, reduced to $12 00
Size 34, price was $18 00, reduced to $15 00
Size 34, price was $30 00, reduced to $11 00
Size 36, price was $17 50, reduced to $8 50
Size 36, price was $12 50, reduced to $10 00
Size 36, price was $18 00, reduced to $10 00

Gray Costumes.

Size 32, price was $15 00 reduced, to $8 50
Size 34, price was $12 00, reduced to $7 00
Size, 34, price was $15 00, reduced to $8 50
Size, 34, price was $7 50, reduced to $4 50
Size 36, price was $7 50, reduced to $4 50
Size 36, price was $7 50, reduced to $4 50

Oxford Gray Costumes.

Size 34, price was $12 00, reduced to $7 50
Size 34, price was $15 00, reduced to $9 00
Size 36, price was $22 00, reduced to $14 50
Size 36, price was $15 00, reduced to $10 00
Size 36 price was $17 00, reduced to $9 00
Size 36, price was $17 50, reduced to $12 00
Size 38, price was $22 00, reduced to $14 50

The costumes are all tailor-made; some of them elegantly silk-lined and trimmed. Yours today; tomorrow will be sold.

Only 11 Tailor-Made Skirts Left

To clear them out today:

Price was $2 75, for $1 85
Price was $5 50, for $3 00
Price was $5 90, for $3 50
Price was $4 50, for $2 00
Price was $7 00, for $2 00
Price was $5 00, for $2 75
Price was $5 00, for $3 00
Price was $7 50, for $1 75
Price was $5 00, for $1 50
Price was $7 00, for $3 00
Price was $7 50, for $3 00
Price was $5 00, for $2 50

Every Day Will Make Your Visit Profitable.

KINGSMILL'S

From the Lipari Islands of mythology, the abode of Aeolus, the ruler of the winds, and the scene of his meeting with Ulysses, to the Lipari Islands of today, is a very far cry indeed. There are no hotels, and the islands are almost unknown to tourists, while the 13,000 inhabitants are almost in a state of primitive and partriarchal simplicity. They tender their services voluntarily as guides and refuse payment, regarding all visitors as their guests. The donkey is the only means of locomotion. Horses are unknown in the island.

The trade between Jerusalem and Kerak has greatly increased, and the number of tourists also. So the monks have organized a company, and the first motor boat is soon to move over the waters of the Dead Sea, which have not been used for transit for centuries.

As a preventive as well as a curative medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla is preeminent—its great merit is fully established.

A lighthouse is to be erected on Cape Horn. A Chilean expedition has found on the island a suitable site, landing places, streams of water and plenty of firewood.

A tomb of lapis lazuli has been discovered among several others south of the Great Pyramid of Gizeh. There were many sarcophagi and inscriptions found likewise.

The Rev. Thomas B. Bird, pastor of Hope Congregational Church, St. Louis, both preaches and gives solos to his congregation, playing on the cornet.

At the present ratio of progress 70 years wil lelapse before Pompeii is entirely uncovered. It is thought that as much treasure remains as has been exhumed.

Connecticut has seven ex-governors living. Massachusetts has but three.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound

Is successfully used monthly by over 10,000 Ladies. Safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Cotton Root Compound. Take no other, as all Mixtures, pills and imitations are dangerous. Price, No. 1, $1 per box; No. 2, 10 degrees stronger, $3 per box. No. 1 or 2, mailed on receipt of price and two 3-cent stamps. The Cook Company Windsor, Ont. (#No. 1 and 2 sold and recommended by all responsible Druggists in Canada.

No. 1 and No. 2 is sold in London by Anderson & Nelles and C. McCallum & Co.

Curse of DRINK

Cured by COLONIAL REMEDY

No taste. No odor. Can be given in glass of water, tea or coffee, without patient's knowledge.

Colonial Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate, a "tippler," social drinker or drunkard. Impossible for anyone to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using Colonial Remedy.

Indorsed by Members of W. C. T. U.

Mrs. Moore, press superintendent of Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Ventura, California, writes: "I have tested Colonial Remedy on very obstinate drunkards, and the cures have been many. In many cases the Remedy was given secretly. I cheerfully recommend and indorse Colonial Remedy. Members of our Union are delighted to find an economical treatment to aid us in our temperance work.

Druggists or by mail, $1. Trial package free by writing to Mrs. M. A. Cowan (for years secretary of a Woman's

FITS STOPPED FREE. Permanently Cured by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. Positive Cure for all Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus' Dance. No Fits or Nervousness after first day's use. TREATISE AND $2 00 TRIAL BOTTLE sent through Canadian Agencies FREE to FIT patients, they paying express charges only when received. Write to Dr. Kline, Limited, 631 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa. zxv&w

BIG 4 CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents Contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. Trade Mark. Price $1.00

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Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

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"The Niagara Falls Route."

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O. W. RUGGLES, G. P. and T. A. JOHN PAUL, C. P. and T. A.

WHITE STAR LINE.

United States and Royal Mail Steamers.

New York, Queenstown and Liverpool

OCEANIC SAILS OCT. 22.
MAJESTIC SAILS OCT. 29.
CELTIC SAILS OCT. 31.
GERMANIC SAILS NOV. 5.
TEUTONIC SAILS NOV. 12.
CYMRIC SAILS NOV. 14.

Saloon rates from $75 up. Second saloon from $45 up, according to steamer and accommodation. Third class rates to Liverpool, London, Glasgow and Derry, $28 and $29 50.

Accommodations for all classes of passengers unexcelled.

E. DE LA HOOKE, CLOCK CORNER, Sole Agent for London.

ALLAN LINE

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.

MONTREAL to LIVERPOOL, via Moville. RATES OF PASSAGE: First cabin, $50 and upwards; second cabin, from $37 50; third class, $25 to $26. Liverpool, Derry, Belfast, London, Glasgow.

MONTREAL to GLASGOW direct—S.S. Sicilian, November 19. First cabin, $50; second cabin, $35; third class, $25.

London Agents: E. De La Hooke, W. Fulton, F. B. Clarke.

RAILWAYS AND NAVIGATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Hunters' Excursions, 1902.

SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE, on Oct. 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and Nov. 1, from all stations in Ontario, Sharbot Lake, Windsor, Wingham, Teeswater, Owen Sound and intermediate stations, also Hamilton, to all points, Mattawa to Nepigon and Garden, inclusive, also Kippewa and Temiskaming, Havelock to Sharbot Lake, inclusive, and points on Canada Atlantic Railway. Tickets good to return until Dec. 13, or until close of navigation, if earlier. Ask your nearest Canadian Pacific agent for copy "Fishing and Shooting" and Sportsman's Map.

W. FULTON, city passenger agent, 161 Dundas street, corner Richmond, London, Ont. A. H. NOTMAN, assistant general passenger agent, 1 King street east, Toronto.

INTERCOLONIAL RAILWAY

THE ROUTE OF

Canada's Famous Train.....

The "Maritime Express.

Leaves Montreal 12 noon, daily, except Saturday, for Quebec, St. John, Halifax and the Sydneys.

Moose Season

Opens Sept. 15,

in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia.

Toronto Office, 10 King Street West.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Hunters' Excursions

Oct. 24th to Nov. 1st, 1902.

Round trip tickets will be issued from stations in Canada, Brockville and west, at SINGLE FIRST CLASS FARE, valid returning until Dec. 13, 1902 (or earlier from lake points if navigation closes before Dec. 13, 1902), to the "HIGHLANDS OF ONTARIO," the Sportsman's Paradise—Muskoka Lakes district, Lake of Bays, Magnetawan River, Lake Nipissing, Severn to North Bay inclusive, Lindsay to Haliburton, Coboconk, Parry Sound, Mattawa.

DEER-HUNTING.

Open season, Nov. 1 to 15. Prospects for 1902 equally as good as last season.

MOOSE.

Open season, Nov. 1 to 15, and in some districts Oct. 15 to Nov. 15.

Cards showing abstract of Game Laws, illustrated folders and all information from agents. E. DE LA HOOKE, C. P. and T. A. C. E. HORNING, depot ticket agent, London.

NAVY, CARDINAL, BLUE, BLACK,

They're all wool, every thread, pretty, bright, clear colors; good weight English Cheviot Serge; only 20 pieces in the lot, now selling at

19c

What do you think they're worth? We know. Shall we tell you? Don't forget, all wool, double fold; regular price 35c.

BAYLEY'S

THE MARKETS

THE LOCAL MARKET.

London, Monday, Oct. 20.

Wheat, new per bu.....86c to 86c
Oats, new, per bu.....27c to 29c
Oats, old, per bu.....45½c to 45¾c
Corn, per bu.....44c to 45 9-10c
Peas, per bu.....75c to 90c
Barley, per bu.....52c to 60c
Beans, per bu.....70c to 90c

Ten loads of hay were offered on the market here today. Sales easily made, at $9 per ton for most of the loads. A couple of choice loads went for $10 per ton.

Six loads of oats sold at 85c per cwt. One of the loads sold at 86c per cwt.

Live Hogs—Mr. D. McIntyre had a carload of live hogs weighed on the city scales, for which he paid $5 75 per cwt for choice. Buyers do not look for lower prices, at least for the present.

IMPERIAL FLOUR

Is the best Bread Flour in the market with no exceptions.

For sale at....

HAMILTON'S 373 Talbot St.

Prompt Delivery Phone 662.

AMERICAN MARKETS

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—Further manipulation in corn and bullish statistics in wheat accounted for higher prices in grains on the board of trade today. December wheat closed ⅝c higher, December corn ⅞c higher, and oats a shade higher. January provisions closed from 2½c to 5c lower. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 1,018,000 bu. Primary receipts were 1,211,000 bu, compared with 958,000 bu a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 759 cars, which, with local receipts of 108 cars, 3 of contract grade, made total receipts for the three points of 867 cars, against 958 last week and 778 a year ago. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 115 cars; corn, 250 cars; oats, 200 cars; hogs, 28,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—Oct., 71⅝c; Dec., 72¾c; May, 75⅝c. Corn—Oct., 60c; Dec., 53½c; May, 44⅝c. Oats—Oct., new, 31⅜c; Dec., new, 31⅜c; May, 32⅜c. Mess pork—Oct., $17 50; Jan., $15 95; May, $15 05. Lard—Oct., $11 17½; Nov., $10 50; Jan., $9 20; May, $8 52½. Short ribs—Oct., $12; Jan., $8 45; May, $8 05.

Cash quotations: Flour firm. No. 2 spring wheat, 72½c; No. 3, 68¾c to 70c; No. 2 red, 70⅝c to 71½c. No. 2 corn, 60c; No. 2 yellow, 62c. No. 2 oats, 28⅜c; No. 2 white, 30c to 34c. No. 2 rye, 50c. Good feeding barley, 38c to 43c; fair to choice malting, 44c to 56c. No. 1 flaxseed, $1 18; No. 1 northwestern, $1 20. Mess pork, $17 50; short ribs, $11 75 to $12; dry salted shoulders, $9 75 to $10; short clear sides, $12 to $12 25. Eggs steady; loss off, cases returned, 21½c.

Receipts—Flour, 17,700 bbls; wheat, 225,500 bu; corn, 271,300 bu; oats, 280,200 bu; rye, 7,300 bu; barley, 84,000 bu.

Shipments—Flour, 18,900 bbls; wheat, 107,800 bu; corn, 151,300 bu; oats, 76,400 bu; rye, 1,100 bu; barley, 9,600 bu.

TOLEDO.

Toledo, O., Oct. 18.—Wheat—Dull but strong; cash, 71⅜c; Dec., 72¾c; May, 78c. Corn—Dull but firm; Dec., 46½c; May, 44c. Oats—Dull; May, 33½c. Clover seed—Dull but steady; Oct., $6 97½. Rye, 52½c.

OIL MARKETS.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 18.—Oil closed at $1 30.

LONDON.

London, Oct. 18.—Petroleum, American refined, 5 5-16d; spirits, 6¾d.

ANTWERP.

Antwerp, Oct. 18. — Petroleum, 18 francs.

BREMEN.

Bremen, Oct. 18.—Petroleum, 6 marks 25 pfennings.

PITTSBURG.

Pittsburg, Pa., Oct. 20.—Oil opened at $1 30.

SUGAR MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 18.—Sugar—Raw firm; fair refining, 3c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 9-16c; molasses sugar, 2¾c; refined firm. Molasses—Firm.

LONDON.

London, Oct. 18.—Raw sugar—Muscovado, 8s; centrifugal, 8s 6d; beet sugar, Oct., 7s 2½d.

DAIRY MARKETS.

LONDON.

London, Saturday, Oct. 18.—Five factories offered 730 boxes of October cheese at the meeting of the London Dairymen's Exchange today; 11c was bid, but no sales were made. The factories represented were: Belmont, 155; Westminster, 120; Northwood, 225; North Street, 100; Gladstone, 130.

BELLEVILLE.

Belleville, Ont., Oct. 18.—At a meeting of the cheese board today 2,300 boxes were boarded. Sales were: Watkins 585, Alexander 270, at 11⅜c; Alexander 220, Magrath 125, Cook 330, Brenton 170, at 11 5-16c.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—Butter steady; creameries, 16½c to 23¾c; dairies, 15c to 21c. Cheese, 10½c to 11¾c.

DETROIT BEAN MARKET.

Detroit, Oct. 19.—Beans were not active on Saturday, and prices were 2c to 3c off for the day. Cash and Oct., $2 41 bid; Nov., $2 36; Dec., 6 cars at $2 35; May, $2 50.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

EAST BUFFALO.

East Buffalo, Oct. 18.—Cattle—Receipts, 125; steady. Veals—Receipts, 175; easier; tops, $7 75 to $8; common to good, $5 50 to $7 50.

Hogs—Receipts, 6,800; pigs 10c lower; heavy and mixed 5c to 10c higher; others steady; heavy, $7 50 to $7 65; few, $7 75; mixed, $7 35 to $7 50; Yorkers, $7 25 to $7 30; light do, $7 15 to $7 25; pigs, $7 10 to $7 15; roughs, $6 75 to $7 10; stags, $5 50 to $6 25; grassers, $6 50 to $7 25; dairies, $7 to $7 40.

Sheep—Receipts, 5,700; sheep steady, lambs 5c lower; top lambs, $5 50 to $5 60; culls to good, $4 to $5; yearlings and wethers, $4 to $4 25; ewes, $3 25 to $3 75; sheep, top mixed, $3 50 to $3 75; culls to good, $1 75 to $3 50.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—Cattle—Receipts, 700; market steady; good to prime steers, $7 25 to $8 50; poor to medium, $3 75 to $6 90; stockers and feeders, $2 25 to $5; cows, $1 40 to $4 75; heifers, $2 25 to $5; canners, $1 40 to $4 75; bulls, $2 25 to $4 50; calves, $4 to $7 50; Texas-fed steers, $3 to $4; western steers, $4 to $7.

Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; left over, 2,773; market steady to 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $6 85 to $7 55; good to choice heavy, $7 25 to $7 50; rough heavy, $6 50 to $7; light, $6 60 to $7 35; bulk of sales at $6 85 to $7 20.

Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; lambs and sheep steady; good to choice wethers, $3 50 to $4; fair to choice mixed, $2 50 to $3 50; native lambs, $3 50 to $6.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 18.—Beeves—Receipts, 56; no sales reported; dressed beef was steady; city dressed native sides, extreme range, 7½c to 12½c per lb; Texas beef, 5¼c to 7c. Exports today, beef partly estimated, 500 beeves, 2,900 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts, 140; all marketed; quoted steady; some late arrivals unsold; veals sold at $8 to $8 50 per 100 lbs; some calves, $3 75 to $4; city dressed veals, 10c to 13c per lb.

Sheep—Receipts, 2,359 head; 9 cars on sale; both sheep and lambs steady; 2½ cars of stock unsold; sheep sold at $3 to $4 per 100 lbs; lambs at $5 25 to $5 75; Canadas at $5 70; dressed muttons, 5½c to 7c; dressed lambs, 8c to 10c.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,579; all consigned direct.

OLD COUNTRY PRICES.

London, Oct. 18.—Canadian cattle are unchanged at 11½c to 13c per lb. (dressed weight); refrigerator beef is 11c to 12c per lb.

HAY MARKETS.

TORONTO HAY MARKET.

Toronto, Oct. 18.—Baled hay—The demand is active and price is steady. Cars of No. 1 timothy on the track at Toronto are quoted at $9 50 per ton.

Baled straw—Market is steady at $5 to $5 50 per ton for car lots on the track here.

COAL FIELD FATALITIES

Accidents to Miners in the States and Territories.

List of Killed and Wounded Reads Like War Bulletin.

Washington, Oct. 20.—An official report made to the United States geological survey gives statistics of accidents, fatal and otherwise, which occurred in the process of mining coal in eighteen states and territories during 1901.

In these eighteen states and territories the total number of lives lost in 1901 was 1,467, and the total number of men injured was 3,643. The number of tons of coal mined for each life varied from 426,094 in Maryland to 40,424 in Indian Territory. The average number of tons mined for each of the 1,467 lives lost in these eighteen states and territories was 188,668. Maryland enjoys the distinction of the largest tonnage per life lost, while the Indian Territory has the largest percentage of deaths for the tonnage mined.

In Pennsylvania the number of tons of bituminous coal mined per life lost was a little more than double the amount mined per life lost in the anthracite mines in the same state. In the anthracite mines of Pennsylvania 513 men were killed and 1,243 injured; 277 wives were made widows and 624 children made fatherless, and 131,524 tons were mined for each life lost. In the bituminous fields of the same state 301 men were killed and 656 injured; 184 wives were made widows and 412 children made fatherless and 273,288 tons were mined for each life lost.

The anthracite fields of Pennsylvania alone furnished the largest number of killings in the union. The next highest record was that of West Virginia, where 134 men were killed.

The total number of men employed in the coal mines of the United States in 1901 was 435,544, who made an average of 216 working days, as compared with 448,581 men, with an average of 212 working days in 1900. The distribution of this labor in 1901 was as follows: In the anthracite mines, 145,309 men, with an average working time of 196 days; in the bituminous mines 340,235 days, with an average working time of 235 days.

WON HER A HUSBAND

Lady's Receipt for Angel Food Suited Bachelor and He Married.

Kokomo, Ind., Oct. 20. — Angel food has come to its inheritance at last. Miss Lida Beadle, of Lockbridge, Ill., recently contributed a receipt for the delicacy to a newspaper, a copy of which fell into the hands of Prof. W. H. Richison, of New London, Ind. Although a bachelor, the professor had a sweet-tooth, and he decided to construct a cake as per specifications laid down by Miss Beadle. It was a grand success, and as the pedagogue sat there in his lonely study, nibbling at the dainty cake which he had made, the thought came to him that life would be worth the living if he had someone to make his angel food for him.

Within a few hours Miss Beadle received a letter breathing of love and angel food. She answered the letter, others were exchanged, as well as photographs and other receipts for delicate morsels, which both knew how to make, and then came their meeting at Kokomo a few days ago. They hurried to the office of Dr. J. M. Mauider, a friend of the professor, and there the Rev. C. W. Choate, pastor of the Congregational Church, made them man and wife, and provided Prof. Richison with angel food for life.

The Methodist Church of Canada has 291,895 members, a net increase of 2,733 for the year, or 11,358 for the last four years, or 122,092 since 1883, when the various Methodist denominations united.

It would cost a man $30 a day to live on mushrooms. On the other hand 10 cents would buy sufficient flour to supply him with enough food to enable him to continue at hard work.

All Humors

Are impure matters which the skin, liver, kidneys and other organs can not take care of without help, there is such an accumulation of them.

They litter the whole system.

Pimples, boils, eczema and other eruptions, loss of appetite, that tired feeling, bilious turns, fits of indigestion, dull headaches and many other troubles are due to them.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Remove all humors, overcome all their effects, strengthen, tone and invigorate the whole system.

"My health was poor and I suffered much from hives and kidney trouble. After taking two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I was cured. I regard this medicine as superior to all others." MRS. JOSEPH HOLLINSHEAD, Harrison, Ontario.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

EAST MIDDLESEX ELECTION TRIAL CONCLUDED SATURDAY

Argument Will Be Heard at Osgoode Hall.

COUNSEL HAD WORDY SCRAP

More Charges of Bribery Heard—Cross-Petition Dismissed With Costs.

The East Middlesex election trial came to a close about 5:30 on Saturday afternoon, so far as the local sitting was concerned, after a session lasting three and one half days. As was expected, the hearing of argument was transferred to Toronto, where it will take place on a day to be arranged between counsel and the judges. No definite decision was given on any of the charges except those which were dismissed because of the insufficiency of the evidence. The opinion is freely expressed that the ultimate issue will be favorable to Dr. Routledge, the sitting member for the riding, though just what view the judges will take remains to be seen. Dr. Routledge made many friends by his frank and unhesitating demeanor on the stand, and the trivial and picayune character of many of the charges was the subject of much comment from those who attended the court.

AN UNEXPECTED INCIDENT.

While Mr. Cassels was cross-examining John McArthur, the first witness of the afternoon, a decided surprise was sprung. Mr. Cassels had asked witness if he saw Mr. J. M. McEvoy while in Detroit recently and McArthur said he had. Mr. Cassels then asked if he had seen any one else, and witness answered that his questioner was treading on ticklish ground. Pressed for a definite answer, witness said he had seen Mr. R. M. C. Toothe in Detroit. He had not authorized Mr. Toothe to negotiate with anyone for him. Asked as to what passed between himself and Mr. Toothe witness answered: "He made me an offer to implicate certain men in this election trial. I couldn't implicate anybody."

WOULD TAKE LESS FOR VOTE.

After the conclusion of John McArthur's testimony at the afternoon session, James McGregor, of Westminster, was re-called. He said he had gone to Griffin's house with McArthur just before the election. He had remained outside while McArthur went in. Witness saw a young man at the barn and spoke to him of the weather and the crops. Witness then spoke of the election, and the young man said there were two votes there for Robson. When McArthur and Griffin came out, they stood at the back of the buggy. Griffin said, "I'll take less than $25." McArthur answered that he would have nothing to do with him. Griffin asked if McArthur would be back, or if he would send some one, and McArthur answered "No," to both questions.

To Mr. Meredith the witness said that he had seen Mr. P. H. Bartlett shortly after the election, and told Bartlett that he had been out to Griffin's, but he did not say that he was sorry that he had been. Witness did tell Bartlett that he had heard no conversation between McArthur and Griffin. This was not true. Witness told Bartlett this lie because he thought Bartlett knew enough about the business. Bartlett was of the opposite side in politics, and witness thought he was as justified in lying to him as Bartlett was in asking him questions.

Witness said that he had not told the solicitor for the respondent that he was weakening on his story and would not tell it.

Witness said he was not a Sunday school teacher and never had been.

Mr. Aylesworth next called John Taylor, who swore that he had met Griffin on the market after the election and Griffin said to him "If he (McArthur) had offered me $25 I might have done something."

This ended the evidence on these charges.

Mr. Aylesworth asked that the charges he disposed of, but the judges replied that they preferred to get all the evidence in, so as to save the parties as much expense as possible.

ANOTHER BRIBERY CHARGE.

Charge No. 3 was next taken up. Thomas Fortner, who lives on the Pipe Line road, opposite Frank Sageman's house, was the first witness called. He had seen McArthur on the evening previous to the election. McArthur said to witness, "Tom, if you don't do us any good tomorrow, I hope you won't do us any harm. I hope you won't forget the Doc." Witness answered that he did not know whether he would go to the polls at all or not. McArthur said, "I have a little loose change about me, and if you don't go near the polls I may make it worth your while." Witness answered that the election was of little interest to him. McArthur said that it was of interest to him (McArthur) as he had been benefited by the Liberal party in getting a contract in the building of the Normal school and also in selling a portion of his farm for the new rifle ranges.

To Mr. Aylesworth witness said he was not insulted at McArthur's remarks, because he did not consider it an offer of bribery.

Mr. Aylesworth called John McArthur in rebuttal. Fortner had said to him that if he went to the polls he would probably vote for the doctor, but he did not think he would go at all. Witness did not offer Fortner money to stay away from the polls.

BUNCH OF CHARGES DISMISSED.

Charges 10 and 12, which charge Col. F. B. Leys with bribing William Woods, of Westminster, were dropped.

Charges 8 and 11, which also concerned William Woods, were taken up. The first witness was Mrs. Woods, an attractive-looking young matron. Her evidence was not of startling importance. She said that John McArthur had not been to her husband's house the night before the election nor since. He had not been to the house at all before the election. She did not see Col. Leys there either. If they were there she had not seen them.

The next witness was W. M. Woods, a tenant of a farm belonging to Ernest Hamilton. He swore that McArthur came to him in the field where he was working a few days before the election. Witness said he had no agreement with Hamilton for the two of them not to go to the polls. McArthur asked witness how Hamilton was going to vote. Witness said he thought Hamilton was not going to vote, but directed McArthur to where Hamilton was working. McArthur did not speak to witness about his own vote.

The charges were dismissed.

Mrs. Susan Klack, wife of Jephtha Klack, was the first witness called in relation to charges 62 and 63. Mr. and Mrs. Klack live on a farm near Lambeth, the property of Oliver Nicholls. Mr. Nicholls came to the house shortly before the election and told Mrs. Klack that he hoped that her husband, in voting, would not go against him.

Witness would not say, despite repeated efforts on the part of Mr. Bartlett, that Mr. Nicholls threatened any unpleasant consequences if Klack did not vote Liberal.

At Mr. Nicholls' suggestion, witness said, she took Nicholls' horse and rig and drove to see her husband where he was working.

Mr. Aylesworth offered no evidence. The charges were both dismissed.

MORE TREATING CHARGES.

Angus D. McCallum, of Belmont, was called to give evidence relating to charges 120, 121 and 122. He remembered the night of the Liberal committee meeting at Charles' hotel, Belmont. He had charge of the bar for a few minutes while Mr. Charles was out. No cigars or drinks were taken to the dining-room, where the committee was meeting.

No other evidence was offered on these charges.

James Gilson, a former city policeman, and now a hotelkeeper on Adelaide street, was called by Mr. Aylesworth. He remembered Dr. Routledge and Mr. Vining coming to this hotel on April 2, but they did not treat him. He had no vote in the riding.

Hiram Shain, proprietor of a hotel at Pottersburg, was recalled. He swore that on April 17 Dr. Routledge was there at a committee meeting. There were a few men in the bar, and Dr. Routledge said, "Boys, have one with me." Witness did not know if Dr. Routledge treated again that night.

Witness said he got no money from Dr. Routledge that night or at any other time. There was no arrangement between witness and Dr. Routledge as to charging for any treating that was done.

On another occasion, when Dr. Routledge was not present, witness carried six or seven glasses of liquor into the room where John Briody and others were meeting. He did this two or three times.

COUNSEL AT LOGGERHEADS.

The examination of Mr. Shain was enlivened by a spirited spat between counsel. Mr. Aylesworth objected to one of Mr. Meredith's questions.

"I am endeavoring to conform to the rules of evidence," said Mr. Meredith.

"You're making a very poor effort," was Mr. Aylesworth's tart rejoinder.

"As good as you, I think," retorted Mr. Meredith.

This brought Mr. Aylesworth to his feet with fire in his eye.

"You will address your remarks to the court and not to me," he said forcibly.

"Then don't make so many comments," replied Mr. Meredith.

"I'll make comments whenever I see fit," answered Mr. Aylesworth with spirit.

"Gentlemen, gentlemen, be calm," interposed the mild voice of Judge Maclennan, and there was calm.

George Cairncross was next called in relation to the charge of treating at Shain's hotel. He had been at the hotel on the night when Dr. Routledge was at the committee meeting. Witness had no drink. John Briody gave witness a cigar, but witness did not see any other cigars given away. Others were smoking in the hall. Witness was not in the barroom. Witness was not at any other committee meetings when liquor was brought in, except after the committee business was all done. Witness could not say who paid for the treat.

To Mr. Aylesworth witness said that the committee meeting referred to, at which liquor was brought in, was not during the recent East Middlesex campaign, but during prior elections.

James R. MacLaren, the last witness called, gave unimportant evidence as to the alleged drinking at Shain's hotel.

Counsel for the petitioners announced that they had no more evidence to submit on any of the charges.

THEY WANT THEIR COSTS.

Judge Maclennan asked if counsel for the respondent, Dr. Routledge, had any evidence to offer in the cross-petition against Capt. T. E. Robson, the defeated candidate.

Mr. Aylesworth stated that the cross-petition had been dropped. He asked that the cross-petition be dismissed without costs, as he had been informed that Mr. J. M. McEvoy had made a verbal agreement with Capt. Robson that no costs would be asked for. Capt. Robson, Mr. Aylesworth said, had been informed of the dropping of the cross-petition before he had been obliged to incur any costs whatever.

Messrs. Bartlett and Meredith announced that they represented Capt. Robson, and they had been instructed to press for costs. They wanted solicitors' costs.

Mr. Aylesworth asked on what grounds costs should be awarded when Capt. Robson had been informed in good time that it would not be necessary for him to incur any costs.

Judge Maclennan said that as no written agreement had been made with Capt. Robson, and as he was represented by counsel, the only course open was to award costs against the cross-petitioners.

The judges then announced that as all the evidence was in, court would adjourn, to hear argument in Toronto on a day convenient to counsel.

RACE RIOT IN ALABAMA

Eleven Persons Reported Killed at Littleton.

Birmingham, Ala., Oct. 20. — Three white men and eight negroes are reported to have been killed in a race riot at Littleton, Ala., a small town 25 miles southwest of this city last night. The number of wounded has not yet been ascertained. A special train carrying Sheriff W. Burgen and ten deputies left for the scene of the riot at 11 o'clock at night.

The riot is said to have been caused by a crowd of negroes attacking a white woman who was passing over a railway bridge en route home from a visit to a neighbor. As soon as the white citizens of the town learned of the attack they began the search for the woman's assailants. The negroes refused to deliver the assailants, and armed themselves to protect their leaders. Then the posse appeared the negroes opend fire, killing three of the officers. Deputies returned the fire, killing eight negroes. Owing to the number of negroes, outnumbering the whites 10 to 1, the posse was forced to retreat. The negroes are reported to be in complete possession of the town, and have entrenched themselves. The negroes have captured a powder magazine, the property of a coal company, and are strongly fortified.

What made your linens coarse? Common soap! Sunlight Soap saves linen.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar.

GIRL ACCUSED OF MURDER

It Is Charged That She Poisoned Her Brother-in-Law.

Syracuse, Oct. 20. — Mrs. William A. Kiehl, 17 years old, who lives in South Onondaga, was arrested Saturday on the charge of poisoning her brother-in-law, Adam Kiehl. Her husband died suddenly early in February. It is said the girl was infatuated with Adam and the day following her husband's funeral she asked him to marry her. He refused and the girl became very angry. On Sept. 19 Kiehl went to bed, apparently well, and was found dead in the morning.

The sudden death of both brothers raised suspicions, and an investigation was made by the coroner. The body of Adam Kiehl was exhumed and the stomach was sent to the chemistry department of Cornell. It was reported that strychnine was found in the stomach.

When the girl was taken to jail at Cortland she wept and declared she was innocent. She pleaded to be allowed to go home and get her year-old baby, but the officers refused her request. The child may be given to her later.

FATAL QUARREL

Started With Argument Over Coal Strike and Socialism.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—A political quarrel, beginning with an argument on the coal strike and ending in an attack upon socialism, ended last night in the death of Charles Wulff, 27 years old, and the injury of two others. The fight which took place in the saloon of James Wallace, 313 Fulton street, was participated in by five men. The injured are George Bowes, bartender, cut on head, neck and body, and David Scultz, stabbed twice in right leg and once in left side. The other two participated in the fight were Frank Brown, was escaped, and John Fitzgibbons, who is held as a witness.

During the discussion some one made an uncomplimentary remark about socialism. Bowes, who is a socialist, was offended. Someone hurled an empty bottle, and that was the signal for a general fight in which Wulff and Scultz were stabbed by Bowes, who was cut himself, and claims self-defense. Wulff died from his wounds shortly afterward.

WILL MOVE ON FLATBOATS

Railroad Wouldn't Come to Benton—Benton Going to Railroad.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 20.—This week will witness the removal bodily on flatboats of the Town of Benton, Dawson county, to a point on the Union Pacific Railway, three miles below its present site. The project was warmly debated and finally overwhelmingly carried at a town meeting.

Benton has lived in hopes that a spur of the Union Pacific would eventually be run to it ever since it was established as an Indian trading post. It has got along fairly well without the railroad.

Last week, however, it was announced that the Union Pacific had decided to establish a station three miles south of Benton. This news was interpreted to mean ruin to Benton. Something had to be done, and as the railroad wouldn't come to the town the town decided to go to the railroad.

Benton will be in on the ground floor at Darr, the new station. The frame buildings of the town will be raised from their foundations, wheeled down to the river and put on flatboats that will carry them to Darr. The railroad people will supply free lots to Benton at Darr. The only point in dispute just now is what shall the new town be named? The Union Pacific has called it Darr in honor of a delegate to the Republican national convention of 1900, but the people of Benton suggested as a compromise Darben.

The Catholic Woman's Union of France is appealing to capable young women of that country to obtain certificates and take the places of the nuns recently expelled.

To facilitate the calling up of vehicles telephones are to be erected on or near all the cab ranks in Berlin.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN. CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's" Soothing Syrup.

A German medical journal reports the case of a man who was attacked by hay fever in winter because he had cultivated hyacinths in his room.

Parts of London's old Roman wall have been laid bare by the housebreakers now engaged in the demolition of Christ's Hospital, Newgate street.

DEATH COMES TO ALL.—But it need not come prematurely if proper precautions are taken. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and to have prevention at hand and allow a disease to work its will is wickedness. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil not only allays pains when applied externally, but will prevent lung troubles resulting from colds and coughs. Try it and be convinced.

Among 600,000 laborers in Belgium there are 85,000 men, 25,000 women and 15,000 children under 16, who work more than 11 hours a day.

Sixty-nine cases were treated at the World's Fair emergency hospital during August, of which 28 were cases of injury, but only three serious.

IS THERE anything more annoying than having your corn stepped upon? Is there anything more delightful than getting rid of it? Holloway's Corn Cure will do it. Try it and be convinced.

MINERS' DELEGATES GATHER IN COUNCIL AT WILKESBARRE

Every Indication That They Will Take the Wise Suggestion of President John Mitchell.

An Early Resumption of Work More Than Probable.

A UNANIMOUS VOTE EXPECTED

President Mitchell Has a Good Word to Say for J. Pierpont Morgan.

Shamokin, Pa., Oct. 19.—Headed by John Fahy, president of the ninth district, 60 delegates left here today for Wilkesbarre to attend the United Mine Workers' convention there tomorrow. President Fahy said he expects the convention to vote unanimously in support of Mitchell's advice to them to accept services of President Roosevelt's special commission. A force of men worked at the local mines today repairing railroads, setting up new prop timber and establishing new ventilation, so that the mines can be started up as soon as the miners are ready to go to work.

A QUIET DAY.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 1.—What is probably the last week of the anthracite strike closed today without anything developing to change the peaceful trend of events. It was a quiet day at headquarters and a busy one in the district and sub-districts headquarters throughout the entire coalfields on account of the election of delegates to Monday's convention. All the "locals" have met and selected their representatives to the Wilkesbarre gathering.

OPPOSITION WILL DISAPPEAR.

There seems to be little doubt that the convention will accept the offer of arbitration. Reports have been received here, coming principally from the region around Scranton, that there will be considerable opposition to the acceptance of the plan, but these reports are not taken seriously at President Mitchell's headquarters. There will be opposition in the convention, but it is expected to disappear when Mr. Mitchell explains the proposition to the delegates.

A DIFFICULTY.

Probably the most difficult question which will come before the convention is the one relative to strikers securing their old places. The companies are on record as saying they will take care of all the employes who have stood by them during the strike. Many of the miners want the convention to withhold acceptance of the arbitration plan until the union is assured that the strikers will be re-employed in their former places. This likely will cause a long debate, but the officials of the union say the matter will be fixed up satisfactorily to all.

LITTLE FEAR OF HITCH.

The delegates began arriving here today (Sunday) and about one-quarter of the 700 or 800 delegates to the convention are now in the city. Many of the delegates are instructed on various features of the settlement, but a majority will follow the advice and judgment of President Mitchell. There is nothing on the surface that gives the slightest indication that the convention will not vote to send the men to work this week, with the probability of Thursday being selected as the day of resumption. All the delegates who were spoken to regarding the action of the convention appeared to have no fear that a hitch might occur. A good many of the delegates say they have instructions in certain matters, which they will place before the delegates.

The principal question outside of that of accepting or rejecting President Roosevelt's proposition will be that of strikers getting their old places. A large number of the men fear that in the general rush to return to the mines, some of them may fail to get work. It is likely this element from the three districts will join forces and make a concerted fight on the floor of the convention for some specific action.

MITCHELL PRAISES MORGAN.

President Mitchell was asked what he knew of the report published, that J. P. Morgan was going to intervene in the coal strike, and in reply he said: "To my personal knowledge Mr. Morgan has been trying to settle the coal strike ever since he came back from Europe two months ago. If others had been as fair and reasonable as Mr. Morgan was the strike would have been settled a long time ago. I know nothing about Mr. Morgan's financial interests compelling him to seek the settlement, but I am informed that he has keenly felt his responsibility to the public in connection with the fuel famine, and has done his best to bring about the end. Both Mr. Morgan and Mr. Cassatt, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, were working for a settlement when President Roosevelt made his last and successful movement. Mr. Morgan could not very well be forced to do something which he had been trying to achieve for several weeks. I make this statement in justice to Mr. Morgan. We have had no quarrel with him, and we wish none. We do not fear him, but prefer his friendship if he is willing to give it to us. I am creditably informed that he is friendly to organized labor. As an organizer of capital he concedes the right to labor to organize also, and when labor organizations are fair and conservative he believes in dealing directly with them for the advantage of the employer and employe. It is this relationship which united mine workers seek in the anthracite field, and we invite Mr. Morgan to co-operate with us in securing a permanent and scientific solution of the labor problem in this region."

WIFE OF FATHER'S SLAVE

Woman Who Defied Strong Public Sentiment.

A Tragedy in Real Life Stranger Than Fiction.

Columbia, S. C., Oct. 20. — On Saturday the curtain fell on the last scene of the last act in a tragedy of real life stranger than any fiction. As the curtain fell there was stretched cold upon the scene of most of the acts of her life the body of a white woman, to whom death had come in the twinkling of an eye, just as it had come to her life's partner, one of a different race, a year ago. After the curtain fell the coroner took charge of the body and the book is closed.

The woman was Emaline Owens, the poor creature, who, though of good parentage, forsook home and friends many years ago and ran away with a negro, marrying him and living with him till last summer, a year ago, he was struck by lightning while under a tree in his field and instantly killed. On Saturday the woman was standing by her wagon on the same plantation, near Reedy Point, about eight miles from the city, on the Bluff road, where she had lived since the war, when, without an instant's warning, she pitched forward upon her face, dead. She died of heart disease.

The woman had considerable property, for her negro husband was always thrifty, and so was she. They had several children, who will most likely get the property. The woman, it is said, came originally from Laurens County, and the negro, Ed Owens, was her father's slave. Owens was killed on Aug. 6, 1901. Some time after Owens' death a question arose as to some property and the matter went into the circuit court, and it was during the taking of the testimony that all the facts about the woman's life were brought out, attracting renewed attention to the remarkable case.

A CLEAR HEALTHY SKIN.—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the Liver and Kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood and the blotches and eruptions will disappear.

The camping grounds for civil and military organizations at the World's Fair have been laid dout to accommodate 10,000 to 12,000 men.

The stations built originally along the Siberian railway have already been doubled in number.

SAFETY ON THE RAILWAY

Comparison With United States Favors Britain.

Far More Accidents and Fatalities on the American Lines.

London, Oct. 18.—The report of H. A. Walker, the expert, sent by the London and Northwestern Railroad to America, to investigate railroad conditions there, has been published. Mr. Walker sums up as follows:

"It will be seen from the figures before you that the American companies have nothing to boast of in the safety either of their passengers or employes. On the contrary, human life seems to be considered of much less importance there than here, and I am of the opinion that in this respect the British railway officials have nothing whatever to learn from their American confreres."

Mr. Walker gives figures showing that twice as many passengers are carried on the United Kingdom lines as on the American, though the latter have a nine times greater mileage, while American figures show a much larger proportion of accidents and fatalities to passengers and employes.

The large number of accidents at crossings receives considerable mention.

Mr. Walker attributes the larger proportion of accidents in America to the "almost general absence of block working, and to the fact that the permanent way is neither laid nor maintained in the efficient manner usually adopted by the British railways." He says that in the generality of cases there is no protection at all at the level crossings.

GOOD HEALTH IS IMPOSSIBLE without regular action of the bowels. Laxa-Liver Pills regulate the bowels, cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness and sick headache.

It takes a steamer a week to go down the Russian river, Volga, from the point where it begins to be navigable (Rybinsk) to Caspian.

BE THERE A WILL. WISDOM POINTS THE WAY.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

SENT FOR A CENT

A postcard with your address on sent to John Labatt, London, will bring you in return an interesting booklet about ALE and STOUT, of vital importance to consumers.

ASK FOR Labatt's (LONDON)

The qualities by which **Carling's Ale and Porter** have won distinction are absolute purity and perfect and thorough aging, both in wood and in bottle.

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F. H. BUTLER,
STOCK BROKER.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin. Send for vest pocket manual. Long distance 'phone 1,278. OFFICES—Masonic Temple, London.

TODAY'S MARKETS

OTHER MARKETS ON PAGE 5.

STOCK MARKETS.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Oct. 20.	Ask.	Off.
Canadian Pacific	138	137
Canadian Pacific, new	138	137
Duluth, common	21	19
Duluth, preferred	32	29
Winnipeg Electric	..	..
Montreal Street Railway	278	275½
Toronto Street Railway	118	117¼
Halifax Street Railway	108	100
St. John Street Railway	130	115
Twin City Transit Railway	121	120
Twin City Railway, new	..	..
Richelieu and Ontario	100½	99
Commercial Cable	180	..
Montreal Telegraph	170	164
Bell Telephone	170	160
Dominion Iron and Steel, com	59¾	59¼
Dominion Iron and Steel, pref.	97¾	97
Montreal Heat, Light & Power	99½	99
Nova Scotia Steel, common	110	104
Detroit Railway	89½	89¼
Laurentide Pulp	100	..
Montreal Cotton	..	125
Dominion Cotton	..	56
Canada Colored Cotton	..	50
Merchants Cotton	..	..
War Eagle	..	..
Payne	..	15
Montreal Street Bonds	..	105½
Republic	..	2
Virtue	..	..
North Star	..	..
National Salt, common	..	..
Dominion Coal, common	133½	133
Dominion Coal, pref	..	..
Int. Coal	75	73
Int. Coal, pref	95	80
Ogilvie Milling Co., pref	140	132
Ogilvie Bonds	125	118
Bank of Montreal	259	..
Ontario Bank	..	129
Molsons Bank	216	214
Bank of Toronto	..	..
Merchants Bank	..	160
Royal Bank	..	182
Bank of Nova Scotia	..	..
Quebec Bank	120	..
Union Bank	130	120
Bank of Commerce	..	..
Hochelaga	140	135
Imperial Bank	..	..
Colored Cotton	..	100
Dominion Iron and Steel Bonds	90	..
Laurentide	107	106
N. S. Steel Bonds	..	..
Toledo Bonds	36	..

SALES: C. P. R., 65 at 138¼, 225 at 138⅛, 50 at 138¼, 50 at 138¾, 75 at 138½, 20 at 138¾, 25 at 138¼, 200 at 138, 185 at 137¾, 150 at 138, 50 at 137¾; Steel, common, 100 at 58½, 50 at 58¾, 100 at 58¼, 15 at 58¼, 40 at 58¾, 200 at 59, 25 at 59¼, 100 at 59½, 50 at 59⅝, 150 at 59½, 50 at 59¾, 150 at 59¼, 200 at 59½, 25 at 59⅝; Detroit, 25 at 88, 25 at 88¼, 25 at 88⅛, 100 at 89, 5 at 87, 50 at 89, 75 at 89¼, 90 at 89½, 225 at 90, 50 at 89¾, 325 at 89½, 50 at 89¾; Twin City, 125 at 120½, 50 at 120¾, 25 at 120¼, 175 at 120; Toronto Railway, 25 at 117½; Laurentide Pulp, 15 at 99¾; Coal, common, 50 at 133½, 15 at 134; Steel, preferred, 25 at 97½, 50 at 97¾; Power, 5 at 98½, 125 at 99½; R. and O., 50 at 100; Toledo Railway, 25 at 36; Steel bonds, 6,000 at 90; Merchants' Bank, 2 at 160; Cable, 10 at 180½, 34 at 180⅛.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Oct. 20.	Ask.	Off.
Montreal	..	254
Ontario	132	130
Toronto	250	..
Merchants	164	161
Commerce	162	160½
Imperial	..	238½
Dominion	242½	..
Standard	..	246
Hamilton	..	234
Nova Scotia	..	259
Ottawa	222	218
Traders	..	126
British America	..	95
Western Assurance	..	93
Imperial Life	..	149
National Trust	..	136
Toronto General Trusts	168	..
Consumers Gas	..	211
Ontario and Qu'Appelle Land	..	86
Canada Northwest Land, Pref.	100	98
Canada Northwest Land com	137⅞	137½
Can. Pacific Railway Stock	..	..
Can. Pac. Railway Stock, new	..	..
Canada Life	..	..
Toronto Electric Light	..	154
General Electric	208	204
General Electric, pref	..	..
London Electric Light, new	..	98
Commercial Cable	..	180
Cable Coup. Bonds	..	..
Cable Reg. Bonds	..	..
Dominion Telegraph	..	120
Bell Telephone	..	99½
Richelieu and Ontario Nav. Co.	..	99¾
Niagara Navigation	..	128
Northern Navigation	155	150
St. Clair L. and C. Navigation	..	..
Toronto Railway	..	117
Twin City Railway	120¾	120
Winnipeg St Railway	..	165
Sao Paulo Tramway	95¼	95
Luxfer Prism., pref	..	..
Carter Crume	..	102
Dunlop Tire, pref	..	105
W. A. Rogers, pref	..	101
Packers A	100	98
Dominion Steel, com	60	59¾
Dominion Steel, pref	..	..
Dominion Steel Bonds	..	..
Dominion Coal, com	134	132¾
Nova Scotia Steel, com	108	106½
Packers B	100	97
Lake Superior, Com	..	23
War Eagle	24	19
Payne Mining	..	..
Cariboo (McKinney)	..	..
Virtue	..	..
North Star	..	..
Crows Nest Coal	..	..
Canada Salt	127	125
British Canadian L. and I.	72	65
Canada Landed and Nat. Inv.	108	106
Canada Permanent	..	126
Canada Savings and Loan	..	120
Central Cadada Loan	..	136
Dominion Savings and Invest	..	70
Hamilton Provident	121	119
Huron and Erie L. and S.	..	182
Imperial L. and Invest	75	..
Landed Banking and Loan	121	..
Lan. and Can. L. and A.	93	..
Manitoba Loan	..	..
Toronto Mortage	..	..
London Loan	..	112
Ontario Loan and Deb.	..	122
Toronto Savings and Loan	..	127
Peoples' Loan	..	..
Real Estate Loan and Deb	..	..
Dominion Steel Bonds	..	..
Nova Scotia Steel Bonds	..	..

SALES: Imperial, 15 at 238; Dominion, 100 at 241¾ xd, 10 at 242 xd, 80 at 243 xd, 94 at 242½; Hamilton, 125 at 234, 10 at 235, 20 at 236; Cable, 93 at 180; Northern Navigation, 50 at 155; Twin City, 25 at 119½, 25 at 119¾, 100 at 121¼, 140 at 120, 12 new at 116, 10 old at 120¾; Sao Paulo, 50 at 95¼, 5 at 95½, 25 at 95¼, 25 at 95; Toronto Railway, 25 at 117⅛, 25 at 117⅜; C. P. R., 75 at 137, 25 at 137¼, 25 at 137⅜, 25 at 137¾, 25 at 137⅞, 45 and 200 at 138, 150 at 138⅛, 125 at 137⅝, 25 at 137⅜, 50 at 137¾; C. P. R., new, 40 at 137, 50 at 136¾, 110 at 137⅛; Dominion Steel, 150 at 60, 10 at 59¾, 25 preferred at 97½; Coal, 25 at 133, 50 at 133¾; War Eagle, 500 at 20; Sperior, 100 at 23⅝, 100 at 23½; Salt, 15 at 126; Dominion Steel bonds, 1,000 at 90.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 20.

Reported by F. H. Butler, stock broker, Masonic Temple, for The Advertiser.

	Open.	High.	Low.	2 p.m.
Amal. Copper	65⅝	67¼	65⅝	66½
American Sugar Co	125	126¼	125	125
American Locomotive	31½	31½	31	31
American Foundry	36¾	36⅝	36½	36¾
Atcheson Com	90½	90⅞	90½	90⅝
Atcheson Pfd	101½	101⅞	101⅛	101¼
B. & O.	110⅝	112	110⅝	111¾
Brooklyn Tran	64	65¾	64	64¾
C. P. R.	137¼	138¾	137¼	138½
Chesapeake & Ohio	53⅛	53⅞	53⅛	53½
Chicago Gt. Western	31⅛	31½	31	31½
C. F. I.	84⅝	84⅝	84⅜	84½
Erie	39¼	39⅓	39¼	39¼
Erie Pfd	68	68½	67⅞	68
Illinois Central	152	153	152	152½
Jersey Central	..	..	..	..
K. & T. Com	30¾	31⅛	30¾	30½
K. & T. Pfd	63½	63⅞	63	63
L. & N.	139	140¾	139	140¼
Manhattan	135½	136½	135½	136¾
Metropolitan St. Ry	141½	142	141½	141¾
Mexican Central	26¼	26⅜	26¼	26½
Mo. P.	112	112⅛	111⅛	112
N. Y. Central	157⅞	158¾	157⅞	158
Norfolk and W	78⅜	80⅛	78⅜	80
Ont. and West	34¼	34½	34	34½
Pacific Mail S. S. Co	42½	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	165⅛	165⅝	165⅛	165½
People's Gas	104⅞	104⅞	104¼	104⅞
Reading	68⅝	69⅜	68½	68⅝
Reading, Pref	83	..	..	..
Republic I. and S.	22⅞	23⅛	22⅞	23
Southern Ry.	38⅜	38⅝	38½	38¾
Southern Ry. Pfd	..	..	..	..
Southern Pacific	73¾	74¼	73¾	73½
St. Paul	192¾	193¾	192⅝	192½
Texas	45½	46⅛	45½	45¾
T. C. I.	66½	67	66½	66¾
U. Pacific	106⅛	107⅛	106⅜	106⅞
Union Pacific, Pfd	91⅜	..	..	..
U. S. Leather	14½	14½	14½	14½
U. S. Steel, com	41⅜	41⅝	41⅜	41⅝
U. S. Steel, pref	91⅜	91⅝	91⅜	91⅜
Wabash Com	35¼	..	..	..
Wabash Pfd	50¼	50⅝	50¼	50⅝
W. Union Tel	92¼	92¼	92	92
Wisconsin Central	28⅛	29	28½	28⅞

PRODUCE MARKETS.

TORONTO.

Toronto, Oct. 20.—Wheat—The demand for wheat is good and the market is firmer for all grades this week; red winter is quoted at 66½c for No. 2 east and middle freights, and 67c for No. 2 white, east and low freights to New York; goose is quoted at 64c for No. 2 east; spring is steady, at 65c for No. 2 east; Manitoba wheat is firmer, at 83c for No. 1 hard and 81c for No. 1 northern, grinding in transit. Flour—The market is firmer, at $2 65 bid for cars of 90 per cent patents in buyers' bags, east and middle freights; choice brands are quoted 15c to 20c higher. Millfeed—Quiet, at $15 for cars of shorts and $12 for bran in bulk, east and middle freights. Barley—There is a good demand for bright grain of the better grades; the market is firm; No. 3 extra is quoted at 43c and No. 3 at 40c, east or middle freights. Buckwheat—Firm, at 53c for No. 2, east or middle freights. Rye—Firm, at 48c for No. 2 east and 47½c middle freights. Corn—The demand is very fair and the market is firmer, in sympathy with an advance in the cash article in Chicago the past week; Canada yellow is quoted at 63c west; American No. 3 yellow is quoted at 70c in car lots, on the track at Toronto. Oats—Steady to firmer, at 31c to 32c for No. 1 white east, and 31c to 31½c for No. 2 white, east and low freights to New York. Peas—Steady, at 71c for No. 2 choice milling east. Butter—The receipts are fairly liberal, there is a good demand for choice dairy rolls and creamery prints; prices are steady; creamery prints, 19½c to 20½c; solids, fresh-made, 18c to 20c; early makes, 17c to 18c; dairy tubs and pails, choice, 15c to 16c; medium, 12½c to 14c; common, 11½c to 12c; pound rolls, 16c to 17c; medium, 13c to 15c. Eggs—The offerings of fresh-gathered are in fair supply only, a0nd the market is firmer for the best, at 18c to 18½c; seconds are quoted at 12c to 13c; chips at 11c to 12c, and limed at 16c to 17c. Live hogs—The receipts the past week have been fair, and the market remains steady at the decline reported a week ago; choice bacon hogs are held at 6¼c, and heavy and light fats at 6c. Dressed hogs—The receipts continue light, being confined to farmers' wagon loads delivered on the market here, which are steady at $8 to $8 25.

Toronto, Oct. 20.—Baled Hay—There is a good demand and the market is steady; cars of No. 1 timothy on the track here are quoted at $9 50.

Baled Straw—Steady; cars on the track here are quoted at $5 50.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Chicago, Oct. 20.—Cattle—Receipts, 29,000, including 9,000 westerns; market steady to 15c lower; slow; good to prime steers, $7 25 to $8 50; poor to medium, $3 75 to $6 90; stockers and feeders, $2 25 to $4 90; cows, $1 40 to $4 60; heifers, $2 25 to $5; canners, $1 40 to $2 50; bulls, $2 to $4 50; calves, $3 75 to $7 25; Texas-fed steers, $3 to $5; western steers, $3 75 to $6 75.

Hogs—Receipts, 35,000; left over, 1,460; market 10c to 15c higher; mixed and butchers, $6 75 to $7 40; good to choice heavy, $7 05 to $7 50; rough heavy, $6 50 to $7; light, $6 60 to $7 25; bulk of sales at $6 90 to $7 10.

Sheep—Receipts, 4,000; market slow and lower; good to choice wethers, $3 50 to $3 90; fair to choice mixed, $2 50 to $3 40; native lambs, $3 50 to $5 50.

CHICAGO EXCHANGE.

CHICAGO.

Reported for the Advertiser by F. H. Butler, stock broker.

Chicago, Oct. 20.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—Dec	72¼	73⅞	72⅛	73
May	74½	75¼	74⅛	74⅛
Corn—Dec	53⅛	53½	51¾	51⅞
May	44	44⅛	43½	43½
Oats—Dec	31⅝	31⅞	31⅜	31⅝
May	32⅝	32¾	32¼	32⅛
Pork—Jan	15 82	15 75	15 75	15 80
May	14 95	14 97	14 90	14 92
Lard—Jan	9 17	9 17	9 12	9 12
May	8 45	8 47	8 42	8 45
Ribs—Jan	8 37	8 40	8 35	8 37
May	7 90	7 90	7 85	7 87

ENGLISH MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL.

Liverpool, Oct. 20—Closing.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red western winter, 5s 8½d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 6½d; No. 1 California, 6s 5d. Futures quiet; Dec., 5s 10¾d; March, 5s 11½d.

Corn—Spot firm; American mixed, 5s 8½d. Futures quiet; Oct. nominal; Jan., 4s 4⅞d; March, 4s 7¼d.

Peas—Canadian quiet, 6s 7½d.

Flour—St. Louis fancy winter quiet, 8s 3d.

Hops (at London)—Pacific coast firm, £6 10s to £7.

Beef—Extra India mess strong, 115s.

Pork—Prime mess western strong, 95s.

Hams—Short cut, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, 56s.

Bacon—Cumberland cut, 26 to 30 lbs, steady, 62s 6d; short ribs, 16 to 24 lbs, quiet, 65s 6d; long clear middles, light, 28 to 34 lbs, quiet, 62s 6d; long clear middles, heavy, 35 to 40 lbs, quiet, 61s 6d; short clear backs, 16 to 20 lbs, quiet, 57s; clear bellies, 14 to 16 lbs, firm, 65s; shoulders, square, 11 to 13 lbs, quiet, 51s 6d.

Butter—Nominal.

Cheese—American finest white and colored, strong, 54s.

Tallow—Prime city firm, 29s; Australian (in London), quiet, 33s 3d.

Turpentine spirits—Firm, 39s.

Rosin—Common steady, 4s 3d.

Petroleum—Refined quiet, 6d.

Linseed oil—Dull, 28s 6d.

The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 84,700 quarters from Atlantic ports, none from Pacific, and 69,000 from other ports.

The imports of corn from Atlantic ports last week were 11,300 quarters.

Dairy produce report, week ending Oct. 10, by Hodgson Bros.: Cheese—The demand has again improved and the market has advanced fully 1s 6d to 2s per cwt on the week, closing strong at the quotations. English cheese of choice quality are scarce and dear, and the general position seems healthy at the high values now prevailing. There is a scarcity of medium grades. We quote today: Fancy late-made Canadian white and colored, 52s 6d to 54s; summer makes, ripe qualities, 49s to 52s; lower qualities extremely scarce, nominally 42s to 46s. Butter—The market for choicest continental produce has declined considerably this week, but there is now a steadier feeling. Copenhagen quotation remains unaltered for next week. Demand for choicest Canadian is only moderate, although at present price it is clearly the best value. Lower qualities of butter are a slow sale. Today's values are as under: Choicest Canadian fresh-made creamery, in 56-lb boxes, 102s to 105s; fine Canadian creamery, 92s to 98s; fine Canadian dairy, in tubs and boxes, 78s to 84s; States ladle butter, in tubs, 78s to 82s; choicest Danish, in Kiel casks, 108s to 115s; finest Siberian, do, 92s to 96s; fine Siberian, do, 86s to 90s; finest Irish creamery, 105s to 112s; lower grades of Irish butter, 80s to 85s.

AMERICAN MARKETS

BUFFALO.

Buffalo, Oct. 20.—Spring wheat—No. 1 northern, carloads, 78½c; No. 2 northern, 77c. Winter wheat—No. 2 red, 77c asked. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 63¼c, on track. Oats—No. 3 white, 36c, through billed.

DETROIT.

Detroit, Oct. 20.—Wheat—No. 2 red, cash, 75¾c; Dec., 77c; May, 78½c.

NEW YORK.

New York, Oct. 20.—Flour—Receipts, 25,775 bbls; sales, 5,200 pkgs; flour was very firm, with a fair trade in all grades; Minnesota patents, $3 80 to $4; winter straights, $3 40 to $3 45; Minnesota bakers, $3 15 to $3 30; winter extras, $2 80 to $3; winter patents, $3 55 to $3 85; winter low grades, $2 65 to $2 85. Buckwheat flour—Quiet, $2 40 to $2 50, spot and to arrive. Rye flour—Dull; fair to good, $3 15 to $3 40; choice to fancy, $3 50 to $3 55. Wheat—Receipts, 160,650 bu; sales, 1,875,000 bu; wheat opened easy on fine weather and big northwest receipts, but was advanced violently on renewed outside buying; Dec., 78¼c to 79¼c; May, 78 5-16c to 79 5-16c. Rye—Steady: state, 54c to 54½c, c.i.f., New York; No. 2 western, 57½c, f.o.b., afloat; No. 2, 54c to 54½c, on track. Corn—Receipts, 38,020 bu; sales, 70,000 bu; corn opened easy under cable news, fine weather and liquidation, only partially recovering later with wheat; Dec., 57 13-16c to 58⅝c; May, 48¾c to 49c. Oats—Receipts, 211,400 bu; oats were about steady and firm; track, 36c to 41c; track, white western, 36c to 41c. Sugar—Raw firm; refining, 3c to 3 3-16c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3 9-16c to 3⅝c; molasses sugar, 2¾c; refined firm; crushed, $5 15; powdered, $4 75; granulated, $4 65. Coffee—Quiet; No. 7 Rio, 5⅝c. Lead—Quiet, 4⅛c. Wool—Quiet; domestic fleece, 26c to 30c. Hops—Firm; state common to choice, 1902 crop, 28c to 34c; 1901 crop, 24c to 28c; olds, 7c to 12½c; Pacific coast, 1902 crop, 25c to 30c; 1901 crop, 25c to 27c; olds, 7c to 12½c.

Strong's Baking Powder

Defies all honest competition

Manufactured and Sold by

W. T. Strong & Co.

Druggists.

FREE TO HOUSEKEEPERS on application, a valuable Cook Book on the Art of Cooking.

Marriage Licenses issued at the above address.

zxv

WEATHER BULLETIN

Monday, Oct. 20.

Sun rises..6:37 a.m. | Moon rises..8:18 p.m.
Sun sets...5:28 p.m. | Moon sets..10:22 p.m.

Tuesday, Fine and Cooler.

Toronto, Oct. 19—8 p.m.

The weather continues fine and mild in Manitoba and the Northwest Territories. Showers have been pretty general today in the Maritime Provinces, and have occurred locally in Ontario and Quebec. The temperature is now considerably above the average from the great lakes to the seaboard.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 40—48; Kamloops, 40—56; Calgary, 22—44; Prince Albert, 24—44; Qu'Appelle, 22—40; Winnipeg, 30—44; Toronto, 44—68; Ottawa, 38—62; Montreal, 44—62; Quebec, 36—50; Halifax, 36—58.

Toronto, Oct. 20—8 a.m.

Temperatures.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	22	22	Cloudy
Winnipeg	28	18	Clear
Toronto	40	36	Clear
Ottawa	40	36	Fair
Montreal	44	42	Clear
Quebec	42	36	Cloudy
Father Point	44	40	Clear

FORECASTS.

Today—Fresh westerly and northerly winds; fine; frost tonight.

Tuesday—Northwesterly winds; fine and cooler.

TALES OF LONDON TOWN

—Mr. and Mrs. George H. Belton have returned from a trip to Boston and New York.

—Miss A. Calcott, Wortley road, has returned home after attending the diamond wedding of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Calcott, St. Thomas.

—Dr. Cl. T. Campbell will read a paper on "The Founding of London," at the meeting of the London Historical Society in the public library building tomorrow night.

—Mr. Ridgeway and bride were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Saunderson, of Queen's avenue, during their western trip. Mr. Ridgeway is a very energetic Y. M. C. A. secretary.

—The Belvidere Club will give one of their delightful suppers on Wednesday evening at the Richmond House. This club is composed of a number of influential and energetic London young men, and they always make a success of anything they undertake.

—The last fall show of the season will be held at Lambeth on Wednesday of this week. With fine weather, the Lambeth directors should come out with a large surplus, as they have provided better entertainment than usual. The Twenty-sixth Battalion Band has been engaged for the day, and in the evening a concert will be given. A large number of city people have already made up their minds to attend the Lambeth fair.

—Mr. S. Grigg occupied the pulpit of the Kensington Methodist Church last evening. The pastor, Rev. S. Salton, was absent conducting anniversary services at Talbotville. The church was well filled, and great attention was paid to the remarks made by Jack Crawford, the pugilist. He gave a stirring account of his conversion. On Wednesday next Mr. Grigg will conduct services in the Episcopal Church at Byron, and on Thursday evening he will again preach in the Kensington Church. Mr. Crawford will be present at the latter church.

THINK HE WILL RECOVER.

Mr. George C. Young, the contractor who fell 46 feet on the new Darch building, is reported to be progressing favorably at the hospital. He passed a good night, and the doctors believe he will recover.

TAKEN TO PENITENTIARY.

George Underwood was taken to Kingston Penitentiary this morning to serve his term of 2½ years for a brutal assault on a Queen's avenue lady. Turnkey Matthew McGraw accompanied him.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION.

A number of teachers and others interested in Sunday school work in this city will attend the Provincial Sunday School convention in St. Thomas. The meetings will be held in the Central Baptist Church in that city, and will continue throughout Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

REPAIRING OF

Fine Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Etc

At **ADKINS'**, East London.

Marriage Licenses issued.

School Trustees of London---No. 9.



Carson, photo.

TRUSTEE STRONG.

GOT THIEVES AND BOOTY

Quick Work by Detectives and Policeman.

Three Arrested Men Confess Burglary of Belcher Residence.

Three arrests were made today by the local police in connection with the burglary last night at the Bruce street residence of Evangelist T. L. Belcher. The prisoners are Wesley Perry, James Langley, and a wayward youth of respectable parentage. The latter and Perry were arrested by Detectives Rider and Nickle, while Langley was gathered in shortly after by P. C. Harry Down. The prisoners confessed their guilt, and revealed the whereabouts of the stolen watches, purses, and other booty, which they had hidden in barns. All the property was recovered by the detectives, who have reason to congratulate themselves on securing both culprits and valuables within twelve or thirteen hours after the commission of the crime. The detectives say that the entering of the house was done with a neatness worthy of professionals.

McCLARYS ARE CONFIDENT

Offer to Play Londons Another Series of Games.

Feel That the Latter Are Dissatisfied With First Series.

The London baseball players and their friends not being satisfied with the result of the last series of games, the McClary players are willing to give them another chance to win back their laurels if they can, providing the weather keeps favorable, by playing another series of three games, commencing next Saturday afternoon, the winner to take all receipts and pay all expenses. (Signed) J. W. Pirie, Manager.

The Canadian Club, of Boston, invited Premier Ross to deliver an address at a banquet, he to fix the date, but the Premier has been compelled to decline the invitation.

Many Italians are volunteering in support of the Macedonian cause and they have appealed to General Ricciotti Garibaldi to assume their leadership. The general, however, thinks that the time is not yet ripe.

ARCHITECTS GET COMPLETED PLANS FOR NEW ARMORY

Messrs. Moore & Henry Will Advertise at Once for Tenders.

The architects for the new armory for London, Messrs Moore and Henry, have received from Ottawa their revised plans of the magnificent building which is shortly to be erected at the corner of Dundas and Waterloo streets.

The plans are finally acceptable to the architects here, to the public works department, the military authorities of this city, and to Mr. Charles S. Hyman, M. P., who has devoted much time and care towards the perfecting of them. It is improbable that any but a few comparatively unimportant changes will be made in them before the building is erected.

A description of the proposed armories and drill hall has aready appeared in The Advertiser, but since that appeared a number of alterations have been made.

The building will be a very imposing structure of red brick and gray stone. It will extend 253 feet on Dundas street and 122 feet on Waterloo street. On Dundas street it will extend to the lane east of the terrace next to the row of small shops at present standing there.

The main entrance will be on Dundas street in the middle, a castellated tower rising above it to the height of 55 feet. Lesser towers similarly castellated arise at each corner and the highest elevation of the roof is 60 feet.

The basement is only partly excavated, the portion excavated being used for store rooms, boiler rooms, dressing rooms and lavatories, while on the Dundas street side, extending towards the western corner is a bowling alley 24 feet wide and 90 feet long, and on the western side is a shooting gallery 24 by 80 feet long.

The ground floor is the principal portion of the building. It is entered at three places, the main entrance being on Dundas street and one on both Waterloo street and the western side. The drill hall will be on the side towards King street. It will be 80 by 186 feet. Surrounding it on the east, north and west sides are smaller rooms. The gun shed for the artillery, with entrance, is on the Waterloo street side. On the west side are the quarters for the cavalry, who also have an entrance there and the remainder of the floor space is taken up with the eight armories for the Seventh Regiment and a work room for the officers.

Upon the first floor are the quarters of the Army Medical Corps, the Army Service Corps, the Twenty-sixth Regiment, the quarters of the D. O. C., a lecture room, 24x37, quarters for officers, the sergeants' mess room, 24x50, a band room, 32x40, and a gallery from which a view of the drill room may be obtained.

Above this in the tower are the quarters for the caretakers.

The plans were returned to the office of Messrs. Moore and Henry this morning and advertisements for tenders will be published immediately. All tenders must be in by Nov. 7.

SIR WILFRID AT THE CAPITAL

The Premier Accorded a Hearty Welcome at Ottawa—Is Not a Sick Man.

Ottawa, Oct. 19.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier is in the Dominion capital once more, after an absence of exactly eighteen weeks and three dys. He reached Ottawa last night, and the usrestraind enthusiasm of his welcome must have greatly intensified the pleasure of his home-coming. Citizens of all shades of political opinion showed unfeigned delight at his return. They gathered in hundreds about the Central station, although the streets were swept with pelting torrents of icy rain, and when the Premier appeared they raised cheers so deafening as almost to drown the notes of "Home, Sweet Home," played by the Guards' Band. The cheers were renewed as the Premier drove up to the city, and when he appeared to the gaze of the crowd packed within the council chamber the glad shouts of welcome fairly made the rafters ring.

The informal welcome over, the Premier was driven to the city hall, which was attractively decorated in honor of the occasion. Here Sir Wilfrid was presented with an address of welcome from the Ottawa City Council, and a brief address in French from the Hull City Council. To these the Premier made a happy resonse.

The Premier spent the day quietly at his charming home on Theodore street. At luncheon he had as guests Hon. James Sutherland and Hon. William Gibson. Sir Wilfrid had a good night's rest and was in the best of spirits, and expressed a wish to take up his duties immediately.

IS NOT A SICK MAN.

Montreal, Oct. 20.—The Herald says: "In appearance Sir Wilfrid discounts the rumors that have been circulated with startling persistency—that he is a very sick man. To those who have known him for years, Sir Wilfrid shows no sign of serious indisposition. His expression is bright, he walks with his old-time erectness, his step is elastic, and during the delivery of his speech he gesticulated with grace and vim.

"Indeed, Sir Wilfrid appeared in excellent spirits, and was noticeably stronger than before his departure for Europe."

COMPANY DISBANDED HERE

"A Hot Scotch Major" Meets an Untimely End.

"De mortuis nil nisi bonum," says the Latin proverb, and as "A Hot Scotch Major" is now a dead one, having become defunct as the curtain fell at the Grand on Saturday night, there is no use in making any unkindly remarks. Suffice it to say that after a season of as small audiences as the show deserved the company disbanded here. Mr. George H. Summers, the clever Canadian comedian, who deserves a better fate than to be constantly connected with plays which fade untimely away, left yesterday for his home in Toronto. Miss M. Howland went to Toronto, another member of the company left for St. Louis, while the balance of the organization are off for dear old New York.

COMMITTEE FIXES PRICES

Best They Can Do Is $10 Per Ton for Anthracite.

The fuel committee met today and arranged their price list. They will sell through the relief inspector, to poor people who need fuel as follows:

Hocking Valley lump, $7 per ton.

Domestic nut screened, $6 per ton.

Anthracite, $10 per ton.

In a short time they will be in a position to dispose of wood to those who need it.

MITCHELL FEELS CONFIDENT

Has No Fear That His Programme Will Be Defeated.

Wilkesbarre, Oct. 20.—During the recess an expression on the outlook was sought from Mitchell. He smiled, shook his head and said: "I have nothing to say at this time. The outlook, in fact the whole situation, is in the hands of the delegates. They ordered the strike and they must decide what course to pursue."

While President Mitchell is extremely noncommittal in all that he says, those at strike headquarters do not doubt that he has any fear that the programme he has in mind will not go through.

AGAINST THE TOWNSHIP

Drainage Referee Grants Petition of John Byrne.

Drainage Referee J. B. Rankin, of Chatham, has handed down his judgment in the case of Byrne vs. North Dorchester. This is the case in which the township undertook to drain certain lands, at a cost of $8,000, nearly half of which cost would be saddled upon Westminster township property. The referee's judgment pronounces the bylaw illegal, sets is aside, and orders the township to pay costs of the reference. Macbeth & Macpherson represented the petitioner, John Byrne, of Westminster, and Meredith & Fisher appeared for the township.

DIED AFTER LONG ILLNESS

Mother of Mrs. Robert Webster Passed Away Saturday.

Mrs. Esther Ann Hopkins, widow of the late Abner Hopkins and mother of Mrs. Robert J. Webster, 764 Maitland street, died on Saturday at her daughter's home, after an illness lasting over three years.

Mrs. Hopkins was born at Burlington, Ont., 69 years ago, and lived there until married when she moved to Bethel, Ont. Her husband died 30 years ago, and after his death she moved back to Burlington, where she lived until eight years ago, when she moved to this city to reside with her daughter. She was a woman of many estimable qualities and her death will be regretted by the many friends whom she made wherever she lived. Two sons, Abner, of Thessalon, and W. V., of Burlington, and two daughters, Mrs. E. W. Wilson, of Brantford, and Mrs. R. Webster, of this city, together with two brothers survive. The funeral will be held tomorrow to Bethel.

THE BURNE-JONES GIRL

Miss Olive Cox in the City—How She Joined the Stage.

Olive Jennings Cox, the new stage beauty, known as the Burne-Jones girl, from her coronal of red-gold hair, is in the city with the "When Johnnie Comes Marching Home" Company. She is in the cast as Honie Chisholm. Miss Cox, who is said to be a lineal descendant of Sarah Jennings, Duchess of Marlborough, has brains as well as beauty. She sketches cleverly, and has had success as a short story writer. The New York Herald tells how she came to go on the stage. In the studio of Hamilton King, a noted New York artist, Mr. Fred Whitney saw the portrait of "a dreamy blue-eyed girl, with wonderful red-gold tresses, in a black picture hat, with drooping ostrich tips and fluffy black ruff." Mr. Whitney was looking for types, and the Burne-Jones girl in the portrait at once took his fancy. He learned from Mr. King, who the original was, and offered her a place in his new company. Miss Cox has posed ever since she was a curly-headed baby, and her likeness was at that time on the calendars and children's story-books, illustrated by Miss Maud Humphries. Her figure is tall and slender, but symmetrical. Her sole ambition is to succeed in her profession.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Mr. John Moodie, sen., of Hamilton, is dead.

Dr. A. R. C. Selwyn, formerly director of the Dominion Geological Survey, died at Vancouver.

Judgment in the Lisgar election case will be given on Oct. 30. The charges against Hon. Clifford Sifton and other leading Liberals have been withdrawn.

Mr. R. L. Borden has closed his Manitoba tour, and will be banqueted at Winnipeg tonight. Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. George E. Foster will attend.

Harry Bolingbroke, driver of a Toronto laundry wagon, was held up and beaten by two men on Saturday night, near College and Borden streets. They stole his pouch and $17.

The Sturgeon Falls Pulp Company propose a further expenditure of $2,000,000 in plant and machinery, making the total expenditure $3,000,000. They will stop exporting pulp and will manufacture paper for the English market.

A New York dispatch says that the certified check for $2,700 found in the pocket of William C. Turner, who killed his two former partners, Albert Hamilton and William J. Mallard, and shot himself dead on Friday, was a forgery.

FAVORITE OF THE STAGE

Charming Lucille Saunders, of the Whitney Opera Co.

Well Fitted by Study and Experience for Leading Female Role.

Miss Lucille Saunders, the charming contralto singer whose name (like Abou Ben Adhem's) leads all the rest in the cast of "When Johnny Comes Marching Home," was seen at the Tecumseh House this morning by an Advertiser reporter and asked to tell the story of her past life, not to the accompaniment of the chills-and-fever music of the melodrama, but in the prosaic hotel parlor, with the October sunshine filtering in and the trains whistling at the station hardby. Miss Saunders, however, exhibited a becoming aversion to talk much about herself, and insisted on dilating on the merits of the opera, which has met such success since its initial presentation a few weeks ago, and which Londoners are to see in all its entirety tonight. The reporter, however, prefers to write of Miss Saunders, and let the opera speak (or rather sing) for itself.

Skipping her childhood years, Miss Saunders said that she left her happy home at Hartford, Conn., and went to Europe, where she studied under several well-known masters there. She then put in three years as a drawing-room entertainer in London, after which she joined the Carl Rosa Opera Company for a time. She was also a member of Sir Augustus Harris' forces and took part in the production of some of the most successful of the Gilbert and Sullivan operas. Coming to America six years ago, Miss Saunders has since been connected with such high class comic opera companies as the Lillian Russell-Jeff de Angeles-Della Fox combination in "The Wedding Day," Alice Neilsen in "The Singing Girl," the Bostonians, Oscar Hammerstein's productions and others. For eighteen months Miss Saunders was also contralto soloist for one of New York's largest churches, but the strain of seven performances and two church services a week was too great, and she had to resign her choir work, much to her regret.

"I have played in Toronto and Montreal before," said Miss Saunders, speaking of her Canadian experience, "but this is the first time I have ever been here. From what I have seen of your city, I think it a charming place. I like to come to your Canadian cities, for it makes me feel as though I were back in England again."

Miss Saunders relates with great enjoyment an amusing experience she had while entertaining in England. "I was engaged to appear at the Tennis and Racquet Club at Knightsbridge, one of the swell clubs of London," she said. "On entering I was greeted by several small pages, robed in flowing Turkish garments, who bowed low in an obsequious salaam. The Cockney accent in which they asked 'What is your pleasure, lady?' showed, however, that their birthplace was many miles from the Orient. 'I wish to be shown to the artists' room,' I said. 'This way, lady,' said one, and I was conducted through a series of rooms, each one of which, I noticed, was more sultry than the last. Finally my guide stopped in a marble-tiled chamber, whose atmosphere was stifling. 'This is the 'ottest room, lady,' he said. He had conducted me to the club's Turkish bath."

Miss Saunders has been pronounced by leading critics one of the very few true contraltos on the stage today. Her work as Mrs. Pemberton, in the new opera, has been highly praised, and one veteran Detroit critic said of her: "The fact that Lucille Saunders lives and sings is another evidence of the existence of a divine providence."

INDIAN TROOPS TO FIGHT SOMALIS

(Continued from page 1.)

courage in arms. The generals, and especially Gen. Dewet, received a rousing welcome. The speakers avoided attacks upon Great Britain, but the audience cried "Shame!" when Gen. Botha referred to the charges that Mr. Kruger had carried off Transvaal money and mentioned the concentration camps. Gen. Botha asserted that the Boers would be true to the peace treaty like men. Gen. Dewet said he hoped the Boers would have a great future, and added: "We will wait until God's time comes." This remark was greeted with thunderous applause.

Gens. Botha, Dewet and Delarey left Berlin for England Saturday, intending to consult with their well-wishers over the practicability of opening a subscription there for the relief of the Boers, hoping thereby to allay the political feelings stirred up by their continental utterances. The German collections for the Boers amount to $75,000.

Accident on Big Four.

Columbus, Ohio, Oct. 20. — A Big Four passenger train, known as the Twentieth Century flyer, ran into an open switch fourteen miles north of Columbus today, and the entire train, except the last sleeper, it is reported, was wrecked. Engineer Ryder, the fireman and the baggagemaster, were seriously injured. Others injured thus far reported are Conductor Jerry Lahiff, Baggagemaster Jerry Hayes, Mrs. Mary Meyers, Wellington, Ohio.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. This signature E. W. Grove on every box, 25c. zxv

The great cattle firms are putting up large packing houses in Texas.

DIED.

HARGREAVES—On Oct. 19, 1902, Richard Hargreaves, in his 84th year.

Funeral from the residence of his son-in-law, Obadiah Richards, 647 Queen's avenue, on Tuesday, Oct. 21, at 3 p.m.; service at 2:30 o'clock. Friends and acquaintances kindly accept this intimation.

ARCHITECTS.

MOORE & HENRY—
ARCHITECTS, LAND SURVEYORS, CIVIL ENGINEERS.
John M. Moore. Frederick Henry.

BROKERS.

WANTED—CITY LOAN COMPANIES' stocks. John Wright, stock broker, London, Ont. 'Phone 692.

Her Recompense.

She liked company, and young people particularly, and interested herself in all the pleasures that fell to the lot of Grace and Annie; while she could go to the theater and see a good play with as must gusto as the most experienced playgoer in the city.

"Are you not afraid of being excommunicated from your church, Aunt Martha, if you go to the theater?" Annie playfully asked her one day.

"Humph! if I never do worse than listen to a play like 'Little Em'ly,' I guess I shan't be shut out of heaven," was the confident retort. "I know the ministers all preach against it, and look horrified if they find out that any of their church members go; but, between you and me," dropping her voice confidentially, "I've kept my eyes open pretty well for sixty odd years, and I reckon there's an't a great many ministers who have not been inside a theater. They'd say, I suppose, that they went to inform themselves about the dangers and follies, but I guess, if the truth was known, they like it just as well as other folks."

The Starkeys had taken a handsome suites of rooms in a street not far from where Miss Waldemar resided, where they were to have their meals served in a little private room, instead of going to the public table, so it would not seem like boarding, but as if they had a separate home of their own.

"I am afraid it will cost a great deal," Annie had objected, when Miss Starkey stoutly affirmed she would not go to any public table, and proposed this plan.

"Of course, it will, child. These New Yorkers know how to make you pay a smart price for everything you have, but I guess there's money enough, and if we are going to stay here this winter we're going to have things in shape, and a good time, too, if we can," returned the spinster, resolutely, and Annie offered no further opposition.

They were to remain until April, then they were going to Lynnell to spend the summer, where Miss Waldemar Rich and the Campbells would join them for a month. Then early in the fall there was to be a quiet wedding in the old homestead where Annie's mother had been married.

It was the young girl's wish to stand upon the very spot where her father and mother had plighted their vows, when she gave herself for life to Rich.

After the wedding and a short tour, the young couple would return to New York to occupy a charming little residence which Uncle George and Rich were planning between them, which was to be built just a little way out of the city, and where the Starkeys were to spend their winters, and then, if Rich's business would permit, the whole family would go back for the hot summer to the old homestead at Lynnell.

Mr. Starkey, with the Jones family, left for Maine in the middle of December, and they who had no love for city life bade farewell to New York, where they had suffered so much, without a regret.

Mr. Jones was now far on the road to health; the hope of being able once more to provide comfortably for his family had done much toward his restoration; for courage and hope are by far the most successful physicians the world has ever known.

His gratitude toward Miss Starkey and the other good people who had done so much toward effecting this happy change for him was unbounded.

He considered Miss Campbell an "angel of goodness," while toward Roger Hamilton he manifested an affection and reverence that were almost pathetic.

Grace, Annie and Miss Starkey all rode to the station on the morning the party were to take their departure, "to see them off," and there they met Mr. Hamilton, who had come upon a similar errand.

"What a grand man he is!" Annie remarked to Grace, who, after exchanging greetings with him, had presented him to her young friend. "The very glance of his eye, to say nothing of his genial smile, inspires one with confidence and esteem instantly."

Grace made no reply to these enthusiastic remarks, but her gaze followed his noble form as he went to help Mr. Jones attend to his baggage, with an expression that betokened something more than mere friendly interest, while the bloom on her cheek increased to a deeper hue than usual.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

The winter passed quickly and delightfully, at least to pretty Annie Noble. Life for her had again resumed its brightest aspect. Mr. Campbell had hoped and tried to get something for her from the dishonest lawyer who had settled her father's estate. He felt sure that so good a business man as Adrian Noble had been would never have left the child so utterly destitute as Annie had been left. But the man had so thoroughly covered his tracks, and so cunningly accounted for Mr. Noble's insolvency, that he could find nothing tangible to work upon, and had at length to give up the task as hopeless.

But, notwithstanding this disappointment, the winter slipped away with very much of enjoyment in it. The Starkeys, Waldemars and Campbells were much together; indeed, scarcely a day passed that they did not meet or plan some place of interest in company with each other.

Meantime, Mr. Starkey had returned from Maine, where he had left the Jones family happy and contented in their new home, Mr. Jones having improved so rapidly after leaving the city that he was able to attend to many duties before Mr. Starkey left.

Rich made a change in his business at the beginning of the new year, as Mr. Remington had advised him to do, and formed a partnership with Mr. Mason.

Having already acquired something of a reputation, orders soon began to pour in upon them, and there seemed to be a fair prospect that wealth and fame awaited the new firm of Mason & Waldemar.

Mr. Starkey all at once became deeply interested in architecture—especially so in a certain set of plans which Rich was engaged upon for a house that was to be built a few miles out of the city on a pretty lot which "Uncle George" had himself bought and paid for.

The discussions upon these plans were frequent and long. Rich was desirous that the house should be convenient, and everything about it built with a view to comfort and thoroughness; but he aimed, at the same time, to make the cost reasonable.

Mr. Starkey frequently startled him, however, and deranged his plans, by proposing extravagant additions, at least for a man who had been brought up as simply as he had been.

"Why don't you put in some of these new-fangled fixings over the fireplace?" he asked one day, when they were discussing the finish of certain rooms.

"Those ornamental mantels, do you mean?" Rich asked.

"I guess that's what they call 'em; at any rate, they're all whittled out in fine shape."

"They are very expensive—anything in carving always is," objected Rich.

"I shouldn't wonder; but I like 'em first rate."

"Have you any idea what they cost?" Rich asked.

"Well, yes, something; I've been 'round a little asking the prices of some things, and I guess, if you're agreeable, we'll put one in the parlor and another in the library. Then I reckon you might as well have the rooms finished in hard woods to match 'em. I heard the child say she thought the natural wood was prettier than anything else."

"Yes; I like that kind of finish best myself," the young architect admitted, but looking a trifle perplexed.

"Then I've an idea," pursued Mr. Starkey, blandly, "that she'd like a little glass house, built on the south side, to keep posies in."

"What? Do you mean a conservatory thrown out to the south?" exclaimed Rich, aghast at these unexpected and expensive proposals.

"Yes; I reckon that's the upper-tendom name for 'em."

"I am afraid you do not realize what you are talking about, Mr. Starkey," Rich said, gravely, for he could not see his way clearly yet toward maintaining a style of furnishing and living to correspond with these expensive suggestions.

[To be Continued.]

In the early morning Leeds (England) workmen can travel five miles for a penny by the municipal electric tramway cars.

LONDON'S JUNIOR KICKERS LOST GAME AT PETROLEA

Game Was Spirited Battle From Start to Finish.

Senior Argos Defeated by Ottawa Rough Riders.

Great Colt McChesney Won Remarkable Race at Worth—Other Sports of All Kinds.

FOOTBALL.

PETROLEA 13, LONDON 5.

Petrolea won from London Juniors in the latter's first game in the championship series Saturday afternoon. The score was 13 to 5. The game was fairly well played and was interesting to the spectators, notwithstanding the defeat of the local team. It showed up some very promising material among the younger players here. Every member of the team was a new player depending upon this season's practice for experience, and considering this, it is little short of remarkable that they held the strong Petrolea team to the low score they did. Petrolea has a team of very strong players, many of them of several seasons' experience. Their strength showed up the young local players to advantage.

London did its only scoring in the first half. A rouge was first secured, and McMahon's touchdown shortly followed totaled the five points chalked up to their credit. During this half Petrolea did nothing. In the second they got in the game, got two touchdowns which were not converted, and a goal from a drop kick. This completed their scoring totaling for them 13.

The teams were: London—Smith, full back; Sippi, Lee, Puddicombe, halves; McMahen, quarter; Mattinson, McGuire, Ingram, scrimmage; Johnson, Taylor, Wilson, Mortimore, Buller, wings. Petrolea—Chatterton, full back; Duggan, Boyce, Balls, halves; Dunfield, quarter; Way, Isbister, Tanton, scrimmage; Rae, Howlett, Jackson, McKee, Webb, Esson, Norris, wings.

W. L. Hendrie, of Toronto, was referee; umpire, Frank Hobbs, London; timers, John Bell, Petrolea, and William Meredith, London.

SENIOR ARGOS DEFEATED.

Toronto, Oct. 20.—The Argonauts were defeated by the Rough Riders in the senior O. R. F. U. series on Saturday afternoon by 9 to 4. The game was a good exhibition of football, no rough play being indulged in. Argonauts scored a rouge in the first half, the score standing 1 to 0 at half time. On resuming play the Ottawa team scored two touches and a rouge, while Argonauts added three rouges. At the end the Toronto men were pushing things, but the score ended 9 to 4 in favor of the Rough Riders.

Percy Brown made an acceptable referee and Jack Counsell umpired.

McGILL AND QUEEN'S TIE.

Kingston, Oct. 20.—With a strong wind blowing up field on Saturday, McGill won the toss and kicked with the wind in their favor. The weather was showery, but the grounds were in fairly good condition.

At half time the score stood: McGill 1, Queen's 0.

Queen's then scored a touch-down. Score: Queen's 5, McGill 1.

At full time the score was a tie—6 each.

It was decided not to continue play, and the score at finish stood tie—6 each.

ST. MICHAEL'S COLLEGE 2, TORONTOS 0.

Toronto, Oct. 20.—The game in the O. R. F. U. series between St. Michael's College and Young Torontos, which was ordered to be played over on account of a wrong decision by the official, was contested on Saturday. The game was won by the collegians by a score of 2 to 0. The contest was a hard fought one, and the victory was well earned, the game at times being brilliant in punting, running and tackling. St. Michael's played with a grim determination.

'VARSITY II. 24, TRINITY 2.

Toronto, Oct. 20.—'Varsity II. and Trinity played their final game in the intercollegiate Rugby games Saturday morning at 10:30 on 'Varsity campus, the score being 24—2 in 'Varsity's favor. The game was a hard struggle, very little kicking being done. 'Varsity's wing line played a good game, following down fast. Ballard, McKay and Burwash played well in their respective positions. Hewitson, for Trinity, repeatedly broke through on 'Varsity's half-back. Strathy, Wilkinson and Burbidge also did good work. Trinity's wings were very slow in following up.

THE TURF.

AT MORRIS PARK.

New York, Oct. 18.—James Galway's Meltonian, at 40 to 1 in the betting, won the Champagne stakes at Morris Park today. Acefull was second and Gray Friar third. Eugenia Burch finished second, but was disqualified on a foul. She was leading, and when within 50 yards of the wire began to swerve, and badly interfered with Acefull and Gray Friar, throwing them completely out of the race. Advance Guard, having nothing to beat in the Municipal handicap, romped home an easy winner from Hunter Raine. Andy Williams, stable-mate of the winner, was six lengths back. Summary:

Firstr ace, October steeplechase, about 2½ miles—Judge Phillips, 148 (Barry), 6 to 5 and 2 to 5, 1; Hark Forward, 142 (Holleway), 7 to 1 and 8 to 5, 2; Adjidamo, 145 (Johnson), 7 to 1 and 8 to 5, 3. Time, 4:41. Inspector Stevens also ran.

Second race, for 2-year-olds, last 5½ furlongs of the Eclipse course—Fire-Eater, 114 (Minder), 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, 1; Joe Cobb, 114 (O'Connor), 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, 2; Sweet Alice, 111 (Smith), 15 to 1 and 6 to 1, 3. Time, 1:04½. Futurita, Guy Park, Athelroy, Coruscate, Knight of Gold, Watkin's Overton, Mount Kisco, Mart Mullen, Earl of Warwick, Benefit, Sissy, Scioto, Tugai Bey, Royal Summons, Phil Esher, Pride of Galore and Trillando also ran.

Third race, handicap, for all ages, last 6½ furlongs of the Withers mile—Leonora Loring, 110 (Cochran), 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, 1; Francisco, 116 (Rice), 20 to 1 and 7 to 1, 2 Daly, 96 (Creamer), 50 to 1 and 15 to 1, 3. Time, 1:20. Ignited, Trinity Bell, Prince Richard, St. Finnan, Caughnawaga, Sweet Billie, Dublin, Last Knight, Schoharie, Captain Arnold and Satire also ran.

Fourth race, the Champagne stakes, for 2-year-olds, last 7 furlongs of the Withers mile—Meltonian, 107 (Redfern), 40 to 1 and 10 to 1, 1; Acefull, 122 (Cochran), 11 to 10 and 1 to 2, 2; Gray Friar, 119 (Turner), 11 to 5 and 3 to 5, 3. Time, 1:27. Merry Acrobat, Wild Thyme, Flying Jib, Olefiant and Eugenia Burch also ran. Eugenia Burch finished second, but was disqualified for foul.

Fifth race, the Municipal handicap, for 3-year-olds and up, 1¾ miles, over the hill—Advance Guard, 127 (Odom), 1 to 2 and out, 1; Hunter Raine, 95 (Redfern), 9 to 5 and 2 to 5, 2; Andy Williams, 105 (Lyne), 1 to 2 and out, 3. Time, 3:00. Only three starters.

Sixth race, selling, for 3-year-olds and up, 1 mile and 1 furlong, over the hill—Lord Badge, 109 (O'Connor), 2 to 1 and 3 to 5, 1; Remorse, 108 (Redfern), 8 to 1 and 2 to 1, 2; Brunswick, 105 (Cochran), 2 to 1 and 4 to 5, 3. Time, 1:53⅗. Martin Burke, Kalif, Queen Carnival and Lone Fisherman also ran.

AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, Oct. 18.—The usual large crowd attended the fair grounds races today. The weather was fine, but the track was lumpy and heavy. There were several exciting finishes. Erema won the Laurel stakes by a nose from Frank Bell. Erema took the lead at the half, holding it to the finish. Lady Strathmore was a length behind Frank Bell. Judge Brady refused S. W. Street & Co.'s entries on account of Handspinner's bad race yesterday; inconsistent racing is the cause given. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Miss Eon, 98 (Birdwell), 20 to 1, 1; Happy Chappy, 103 (Fauntleroy), 6 to 1, 2; Mathilde, 100 (W. Waldo), 4 to 1, 3. Time, 1:17¼. Budweiser, Prism, The Forum, Crutchfield, King Dodo, Pennant, In Doubt, Belle Barnard, Hetzel and Centie also ran.

Second race, 6½ furlongs—Parnassus, 103 (Donegan), 16 to 1, 1; Duela, 98 (D. Gilmore), 10 to 1, 2; Dave Summers, 111 (T. Walsh), 5 to 1, 3. Time, 1:25. Kilrush, Lulu Flight, Herodes, Precisely, Maggie Clopton, Trauer, Glenzen, Lynch, George Fabo, Lysbeth and Sister Sarah also ran.

Third race, 1 mile and 70 yards—Leenja, 90 (Birdwell), 7 to 1, 1; Kingstelle, 102 (D. Gilmore), 11 to 5, 2; Ida Penzance, 104 (Crabb), 12 to 1, 3. Time, 1:49½. Fon Spray, Eleven Bells, Gin Spray, Flop, Yellowstone, Zonne and Lunar also ran.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Erema, 92 (D. Gilmore), 12 to 1, 1; Frank Bell, 114 (W. Waldo), 3 to 1, 2; Lady Srathmore, 115 (Dale), 2 to 1, 3. Time, 1:15¼. Chaterelle, Nearest, Jake Weber, Sambo, Buccleuth and Hilee also ran.

Fifth race, 1 3-16 miles—Orris, 99 (Neely), 2 to 1, 1; Linden Ella, 106 (Scully), 5 to 1, 2; Bacchus, 90 (D. Gilmore), 7 to 2, 3. Time, 2:04½. Overstreet, Ceylon, Colonel Ballantyne and Kunja also ran.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs—Assessment, 96 (W. Waldo), 4 to 1, 1; Pyrrho, 103 (Fauntleroy), 5 to 1, 2; Kiss Quick, 96 (Neely), 2 to 1, 3. Time, 1:29¾. Marion Lynch, Loco, Prue Wood, Hazel H., Ampere, Ciales and Tom Collins also ran.

AT WORTH.

Chicago, Oct. 18.—McChesney, Caliban and Lucien Appleby, all three coupled as the Durnell & Hurz entry, finished 1, 2, 3, as named, in the Columbia handicap today at Worth. McChesney simply played with his stable companions, covering the mile and a quarter in 2:05⅗, against the former track record of 2:07⅖. Such a demonstration as was accorded McChesney after his easy victory has probably never been equaled on a Chicago racecourse outside of an American Derby. This is probably the first case on record in the west where a three-horse entry finished 1, 2, 3.

McChesney's performance was a brilliant one, as he had 125 pounds up and was giving away pounds to everything else behind him. Besides, he was badly interfered with down the back strech, forcing Buchanan to take him up. The colt stopped so quickly many thought an accident had occurred, but when McChesney was given his head again he went by his field as though they were tied. Weather clear and track fast. Summaries:

First race, 7 furlongs—Mattie Spencer, 106 (Hoar), 9 to 2, 1; Evelyn Bird, 103 (J. Daly), 15 to 1, 2; Carl Kahler, 110 (W. Hicks), 6 to 1, 3. Time, 1:27⅗. The Caxton, Annie Thompson, Fairbury, Matin Bell, Cork, Compass, Light Ball and Ed Adack also ran.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Mary McCafferty, 102 (Battiste), 5 to 2, 1; Gregor K., 112 (Otis), 5 to 1, 2; Durrazzo, 97 (J. Daly), 6 to 1, 3. Time, :59⅗. Laura F. M., Hindi, Antagonist, Dodona, Americano, Bay Wonder, Agnes Mack and In Bond also ran.

Third race, 1 1-16 miles—Nitrate, 107 (Buchanan), 9 to 1, 1; Felix Bard, 100 (Battiste), 2 to 1, 2; Sombrero, 113 (J. Daly), 2 to 1, 3. Time, 1:46⅘. La Goleta, Water Edge and Macgyle also ran. Barca left at post.

Fourth race, 1¼ miles, the Columbia handicap—McChesney, 125 (Buchanan), 3 to 2, 1; Caliban, 98 (Donnelly), 3 to 2, 2; Lucien Appleby, 116 (T. Dean), 3 to 2, 3. Time, 2:05⅗. Marque, Scarlet Lily, John McGurk, Scintillant, Flying Torpedo and Rolling Boer also ran. McChesney, Caliban and Appleby coupled as Durnell & Herz entry.

Fifth race, 6 furlongs—Money Muss, 110 (J. Baker), 16 to 5, 1; L'Entrenne, 106 (Birkenruth), 4 to 1, 2; St. Minor, 88 (Robbins), 7 to 2, 3. Time, 1:12⅗. Style, Jaubert, Elsie L., Stuyve, The Pride, Ahola and Gawaine also ran.

Sixth race, 2 miles—Barrack, 104 (Coburn), 11 to 5, 1; Hayward Hunter, 84 (Robbins), 6 to 5, 2; Obstinate Simon, 104 (Kelly), 6 to 1, 3. Time, 3:31⅗. Irving Mayor and Prather also ran.

KENTUCKY BREEDERS' MEETING.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 18.—Three races today closed the Kentucky Breeders' Association's 31st annual meeting. It has been the most successful, with the largest entry lists, prizes and attendance. In in Blue Grass, 2:19 class, contested today, the record was beaten in every half, and the new mark is 1½ seconds lower than formerly. This stake was established in 1875. In all three heats, Chase, Dulce Cor, Maxine, Horace W. Wilson and Minka, the only entries, finished in the order named.

Billy Foster Boy had a hard fight in the 2:20 trot. Lucy Lee led at the wire in the first heat, but went under running. The four leaders were only noses apart. Wild Wilton, the Detroit entry, was favorite, but with the exception of the second heat, was not on the firing line. Billy Foster Boy won in straight heats. Daisy Field was a worthy foe to the favorite, Mustard, in the 2:16 pace, and was heavily backed in the books. She won the second heat and was beaten only a few yards in the other two. The pacing race to wagon for local amateurs did not fill. Summary:

The Blue Grass, 2:19 class, trotting; purse $2,000:

Chase, b. h., by Keeler, dam Videto (Hudson)	1	1	1
Dulce Cor, b. m. (Miller)	2	2	2
Maxine, b. m. (Lyons)	3	3	3
Horace W. Wilson, ch. h. (Shank)	4	4	4
Minka, ch. m. (Muckle)	5	5	dr

Time—2:11, 2:09½, 2:10.

2:20 class, trotting, purse $1,000:

Billy Foster Boy, b. g., by Foster, dam Steele (Frazier)	1	1	1
Norrie, b. g. (Keyes)	11	7	2
Wild Wilton, br. g. (Cares)	9	2	8
The Parson, blk. g. (Colby)	3	3	7
Oneonta, ch. m. (Ilney)	5	8	3
Lauretta, ch. m. (Kenny)	12	4	4
Mattie W., b. m. (Patterson)	4	11	5
Momento, b. m. (Kinney)	10	5	10
Mexican Boy, br. g. (Logan)	7	6	6
Kipling, blk. h. (Hayden)	8	9	9
Lucy Lee, br. m. (Eunent)	2	10	ds
Jantine, b. m. (Dickrsen)	6	ds	
The Dean, b. g. (Chandler)	dr		

Time—2:15¼, 2:12, 2:11½.

2:16 class, pacing, 2 in 3; purse $1,000:

Mustard, b. m., by Vatican, dam Mina Wilkes (Keyes)	5	1	1
Daisy Field, ch. m. (Gosline)	1	2	2
Doro Delpha, b. m. (Loomis)	3	3	3
Babe Allerton, b. m. (Dodge)	4	7	4
Mary Shawhan, ch. m. (Kinney)	8	4	7
Volita, b. m. (Snyder)	6	5	6
Hard Case, br. g. (Carnathan)	7	6	5
Tom Keene, ch. h. (Swearinger)	2	ds	
Margaret W., b. m. (Snow)	9	ds	

Time—2:08¼, 2:08¾, 2:08½.

FORT ERIE MEETING ENDED.

Buffalo, N. Y., Oct. 18.—The Fort Erie meeting closed today and marked the end of the northern circuit, which included Detroit, Toronto, Hamilton and Buffalo. The season was the most successful in the history of racing in this section. Summaries:

First race, 6 furlongs—Albula, 1; Springwells, 2; Oconee, 3. Time, 1:20¼.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Lansdowne, 1; Baron Knight, 2; Briers, 3. Time, 1:07.

Third race, handicap, steeplechase, full course—Sauber, 1; Cubanite, 2; Verna, K., 3. Time, 4:36.

Fourth race, 6 furlongs—Night Owl, 1; Soothsayer, 2; Onyx, 3. Time, 1:20.

Fifth race, 1 mile—Benckart, 1; Dandy Belle, 2; Artificial, 3. Time, 1:48.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs—Aratoma, 1; Aden, 2; New Amsterdam, 3. Time, 1:35.

PRIZE WINNER DEAD.

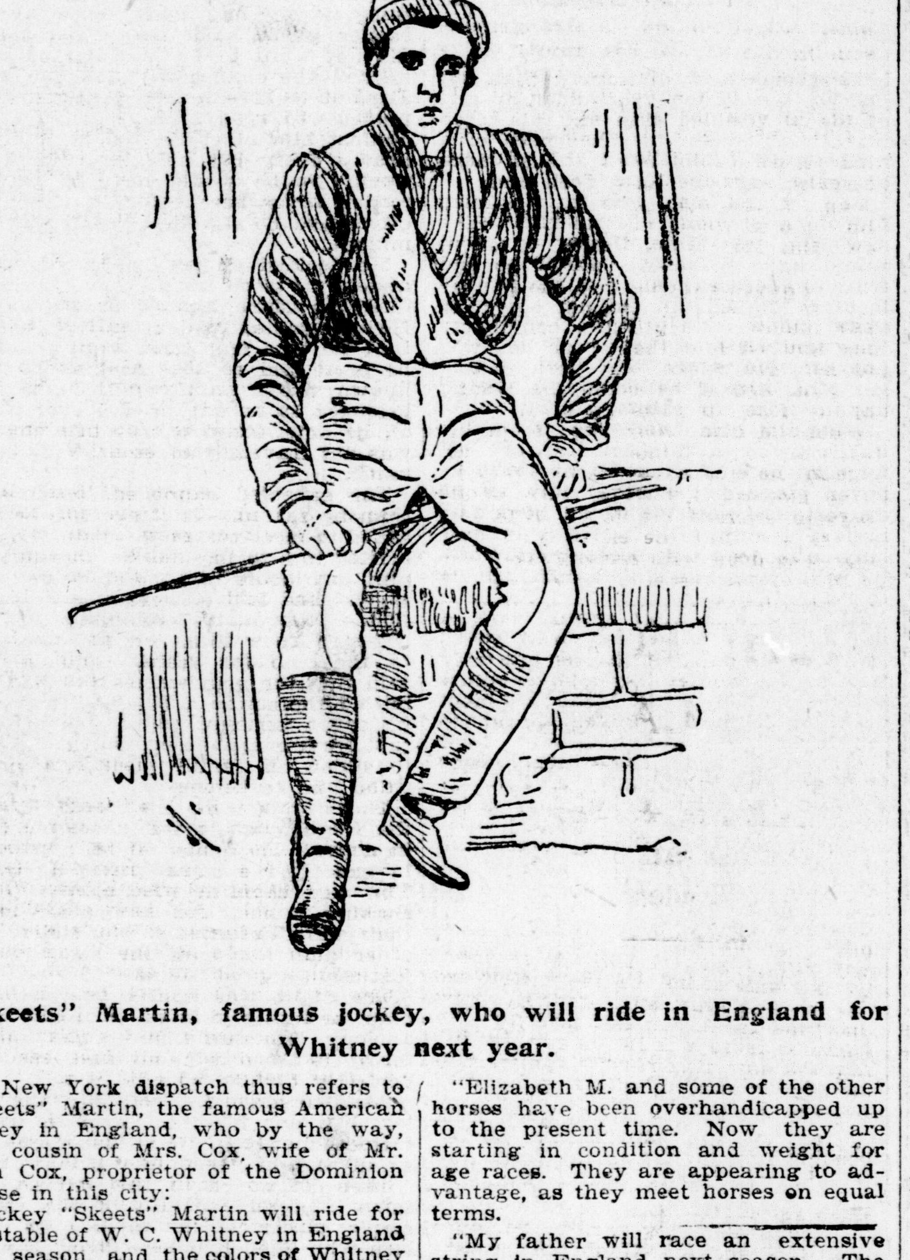
Kansas City, Oct. 18.—The Iowa bred stallion Oh My Oh Me, owned by G. B. Palmer, of Denver, who recently refused an offer of $5,000 for him at Louisville, died suddenly today. The stallion was nine blue ribbons at the recent Des Moines horse show, and was entered in the principal classes at the Kansas City horse show of next week.

AUTUMN MEETING AT BENNINGS.

Washington, Oct. 18.—Dates for the autumn meeting of the Washington Jockey Club are Nov. 10 to 29, and already the pretty race course at Bennings is in perfect condition, and is today as complete and attractive as any race course in America. The track, on which about $25,000 has been expended the past summer, is now really fast and perfectly safe, the turns have been thrown up, underground drains put in, and a complete line of piping for sprinkling put all around.

The surface has been sub-soiled with from three to four inches of loam, and, consequently, the track is greatly improved.

The racing season of 1902 has been the most successful ever known on the American turf, and the Washington Jockey Club has followed the example of all the metropolitan tracks—purses having been raised which insures a better class of horses.



"Skeets" Martin, famous jockey, who will ride in England for Whitney next year.

A New York dispatch thus refers to "Skeets" Martin, the famous American jockey in England, who by the way, is a cousin of Mrs. Cox, wife of Mr. John Cox, proprietor of the Dominion House in this city:

Jockey "Skeets" Martin will ride for the stable of W. C. Whitney in England next season, and the colors of Whitney & Duryea will also be seen in that country.

These interesting announcements were made yesterday at Morris Park by Harry Payne Whitney, who returned the day previous from his trip abroad. The young owner looked well and was warmly greeted by his many friends.

Speaking of his visit and plans, Mr. Whitney said:

"While in England I attended the races at Newmarket and witnessed the contests for some of the rich turf prizes. My father, who sails tomorrow for home, was at Newmarket yesterday, and had the pleasure of seeing Elizabeth M. win the Kennett Plate and Spectrum score a victory in the Select stakes.

"Elizabeth M. and some of the other horses have been overhandicapped up to the present time. Now they are starting in condition and weight for age races. They are appearing to advantage, as they meet horses on equal terms.

"My father will race an extensive string in England next season. The lease on Volodyovski and some others expires shortly, but John Huggins is fitting fifteen yearlings sent over from this country. Three horses have also been purchased in England.

"Henry Martin will ride for the stable next season. He has been doing very well, and was secured by Mr. Huggins, for whom he has a high regard.

"Mr. Duryea and I are planning to select a stable to send to England to carry our colors, but there is nothing definite at present. Aceful, who starts Saturday in the Champagne stakes, has been mentioned as a Derby candidate, but we will not decide as to his shipment until we see him perform here again."

Picked Up in the Paddock

It is easy to believe, as a contemporary says, that the recent record-breaking jump of 8 feet 1 inch, alleged to have been made at Philadelphia by Heatherbloom, claimant to the jumping championship of the world, is a mark that will stand for many years. Few horses have ever been trained to jump over seven feet. One of these was Mr. George Pepper's Pearl, the beautiful mare that cleared the bar 7 feet 9 inches at Des Moines, Iowa, a short time ago, beating Heatherbloom's record, made a day or two previously. Heatherbloom, however, set a new record by jumping over eight feet. The horse is owned by Howard Willetts, of New York.

A famous trotting stallion passed when Onward died at Lexington, Ky., on the 3rd inst. He was foaled in 1875 and got by George Wilkes, dam Dolly, dam of Director, 2:17, etc., by Mambrino Chief. He was owned by Peter Duryea and W. E. D. Stokes, the New York millionaire and slayer of Jim Fisk. He died of indigestion. Onward has sired 125 trotters and 34 pacers, and is the grandsire of 246 trotters and 208 pacers by his sons and 63 trotters and 28 pacers by his daughters. Among his best get are Beuzetta, 2:06¾; Onward Silver, 2:08; Pearl Onward, 2:06½; Gazette, 2:07¼ (owned in Canada), and Pilatus, 2:09¼.

The bookmaker at the race tracks is the natural prey of the public, the owners and the trainers, and this alert and clever turf financier really does more to pay the freight for the entire racing institution than is generally supposed. He must be even-tempered and polite under the most trying circumstances, and for him to strike a blow in the betting ring, no matter what the provocation, would mean his instant expulsion from all tracks in the country, says Leslie's Weekly. For instance, at Sheepshead Bay the other day there were about 200 bookmakers in line. Of these the favored ones pay the racing association $100 a day for the privilege of laying odds. Then there are the bookmakers in the back line, who pay $37 a day, and the "dead line" men who pay $17 a day. In the 50-cent field there were about 100 more bookmakers who pay into the association treasury each $22 a day. Besides these expenses, each bookmaker must employ from three to six assistants at salaries of from $5 to $50 each—sheet writers, cashiers and runners. Then each bookmaker must pay $2 a day or six little bits of manifold copy on which are written the names of the horses in each race and their jockeys. There is an official water carrier who makes two or three trips behind the bookmakers' stands each afternoon with a bucket of water for drinking purposes, for which each stand pays 25 cents a day. All this goes into the treasury of the racing association, and a mighty sum it amounts to in a year.

Turf history of the year will be unsatisfactory if there is not furnished to the chroniclers an opportunity to write the story of a race between McChesney (the great colt which won the Columbia handicap at Worth Saturday in such a sensational manner) and Hermis. Each colt stands without a rival among the 3-year-olds in his section of the country. The west to a man believes that McChesney is the 3-year-old of the season, just as the east stands by Hermis. It is entirely unnecessary that the question be allowed to go unanswered, writes Joe S. Jackson, in the Detroit Free Press. At the present time the backers of the western colt have the better of the argument. Worth has offered a purse for the race, and the Hermis people have declined to ship their horse out into this wild country to be run before the barbarians. The McChesney people have come forward with an offer to ship their horse to Morris Park for a race, if a purse like that offered by Worth is hung up. To the Eastern Jockey Club $5,000 is nothing, especially in view of the attraction that this match would mean. The affair could be conducted just as other match races have been, by the framing of conditions that would practically limit the contest to these horses, while ostensibly making it an open race.

Toronto World: Among the visitors to town during the past week was Mr. Alexander Shields, of Carruthers & Shields, who was here to be present at the marriage of his sister-in-law. He never looked better in his life, in spite of his severe illness of a year ago, when he was near death's door. He avows he was saved by the massage treatment, his stomach being the greatest source of complaint, and the kneading process giving him the relief he needed. He said he had 25 horses in training on his farm near Jobstown, N. J. Advance Guard, he said, was in splendid form, but has had here there quite a bit of hard luck. He was the greatest horse he ever knew. Zoroaster, in Mr. Shields' estimation, should have won the Annual Champion stakes by several lengths, but he missed them by a nose. In fact, many people think he really did finish first. He is a wonderful little horse, but needs rousing, and the boy thought he had the race won. Mr. Shields said that there was little chance of Advance Guard and his conqueror Hermist meeting again this season, but he would like to have one more crack at him on a good track at 1¼ miles or more. Hermis, however, beat Advance Guard by a length in the Mamaroneck handicap last Monday, when he was conceding his opponent 2 years and 2 lbs., equal to 10 lbs.

August Belmont is now the owner of the famous thoroughbred stallion St. Blaise. He bought the horse of J. B. Haggin, or G. B. Morris, desiring to shelter in his old age the sire which made Nursery Stud famous. Mr. Belmont's father imported St. Blaise, and it was while in the stud at Nursery that he begat many of his great racehorses. Mr. Haggin paid $5,500 for him at the disposal sale of the Fairview Stud. Just what Mr. Belmont paid for the horse that cost Mr. Chas. Reid the then sensational price of $100,000 is not known, but it is said to have been an advance on the price paid by Mr. Haggin. St. Blaise is 22 years old, and should have a year or two of limited usefulness before him yet. He won the Derby in 1883.

Reports from Paris are that Tod Sloan, the famous jockey, practically has gone broke trying to beat the French races, and at the same time to hold his own at the roulet table. Sloan always lived—that is since he gained that much-sought-after thing, a reputation—on a scale that would astonish a millionaire. The story is told that August Belmont, wishing to rent a suite of rooms in a fashionable hotel, protested that the price was too high, and was politely informed that "Tod Sloan" paid a figure representing an advance of 50 per cent. on the rate asked the wealthy financier. "But I am not Mr. Sloan," was all Mr. Belmont said as he turned on his heels. Sloan in those days attracted more attention than the famous Mr. John Lawrence Sullivan. He consorted with leading actresses, whose acquaintance with the divorce courts was notorious, he patted the nobility on the back, he bathed in champagne as well as in milk, and he smoked big black cigars which were especially made for him at $500 per thousand. "How much does it cost you to live?" inquired an interviewer. "Oh, 'bout $200 a day; sometimes more," said the little man, puffing at his cigar. "How much are you worth?" said the interviewer, after he had caught his breath. "I'm worth about a third of a million," said Tod carelessly. "And how long do you expect to go on riding?" persisted the man with the pencil. "Oh, until I'm older than Hickory Jim," replied the jock impatiently. "Let's talk about something else." Sloan was a wise little chap at that, and, although he laid but little away for a rainy day, his high living was always so tempered that he never impaired his riding ability. If the English Jockey Club would reinstate him he could again command fancy salaries. Before Sloan made a name for himself he used to ride around the old Madison track. One day he put up a pretty bad ride. Billy Baker was in the stand then. Baker was big-hearted and liked the boy. He called Sloan up. "Look here, Tod," he said, "I know you didn't try with that horse, but I'm going to give you another chance. You have the making of a good rider. But you'll have to learn that honesty is strictly the best policy. If you don't you'll ruin your chances. I'll let you off this time, but the next time you get the wires crossed I'm going to rule you off." Sloan took the advice and rode satisfactorily after that. But had he been ruled off then, never would he have smoked big black cigars, nor spent $200 a day for living expenses.

YACHTING.

SIR THOMAS IS HOPEFUL.

London, Oct. 18.—Sir Thomas Lipton, in conversation with a representative of the Associated Press, said: "I wish you would say how gratified I am at the acceptance of the challenge for another series of races for the American cup. The lack of formalities accompanying it, and the prompt and cordial answer of the New York Yacht Club, was one of the most satisfactory signs of the pleasant relations now existing in connection with cup challenges."

Sir Thomas displayed great interest in the dispatches announcing the personnel of the defending syndicate, and the reports regarding the design of the new defender. He seemed inclined to believe the Herreshoffs are not likely to turn out a faster boat than the Columbia. Regarding the Shamrock III., the baronet said he could not quite announce the date of her launching. He hoped she would be fifteen minutes faster than the Shamrock II.

At Dumbarton, Scotland, a representative of the Associated Press was informed from an authoritative source that the reports that no aluminum would be used in the construction of the Shamrock II. were incorrect. There will be just about ten times more aluminum used in the new challenger than was the case with the Shamrock II.

The reports regarding the new boat's smaller cost also turned out to be incorrect. She is likely to be the most expensive of the three Shamrocks. One of those connected with the construction of the Shamrock III. said: "You cannot beat the Columbia with a cheap boat. Even to equal her costs more than most yachtsmen care to expend."

THE CUP DEFENDER.

Bristol, R. I., Oct. 18.—The order for the new cup defender in the races with Sir Thomas Lipton's Shamrock III. has been placed with the Herreshoffs here, according to a report from an authoritative source. Plans for the new craft were drawn up many weeks ago in anticipation of the challenge, and orders were placed for constructional metal and other requisites so that the builders are now practically ready to begin work as soon as the material has been assembled.

THE TRIGGER.

PARKHILL CLUB ORGANIZED.

A goodly number of sportsmen met at the Royal Hotel recently and organized what will be known as the Parkhill Gun Club. Following are the officers elected: President, Oliver Baird; vice-president, Thomas Magladery; secretary-treasurer, John Donohue; managing committee, Henry Ellis, D. Tipton, D. C. Wilson and Richard Stooks; committee to appoint referees, W. H. Marks, J. Leslie and J. Grieve.

LAWN TENNIS.

L. C. I. TOURNAMENT.

A delightful afternoon was spent at the collegiate institute on Saturday, when the pupils held their tennis tournament. The institute grounds presented a very animated appearance. Many friends of the pupils were present. The grounds were prettily decorted, and music was supplied by the Italian harpers. During the progress of the matches luncheon was served in the domestic science room in the commercial building.

It was late when the matches started, so that the mixed doubles were postponed until some day this week.

Walter O'Grady won the boys' championship in a very interesting match, with Frank Macarthur. Miss Mary Harvey won the girls' championship, playing against Miss Florence Rowland. The scores in the boys' championships were 3—6, 6—3, 6—3, and in the girls', 6—3, 6—3.

The winners in the events for novices were Miss Marion McLean, Miss Helen Macfie and Miss Florence Somerville. Miss McLean won from Miss Macfie, 5—7, 5—3, 5—4, and Miss Somerville from Miss Davis, 4—6, 6—1, 6—1. The consolation prize was won by Miss Pearl Johnston, who defeated Miss Minnie Craig, 6—3, 1—6, 6—1.

The prizes for the tournament and for the field day will be presented at the collegiate next Friday afternoon.

Stingy and Narrow-Minded.

[Chicago Record-Herald.]

Her husband's brother had through his own efforts become very rich.

"Now," he said, "I will do something for her and the children. I am under no obligation to them, but they are poor, and I feel that it will be no more than right for me to help them."

Therefore he bought a comfortable home for them and gave her the deed. Then he took her to the furniture stores and they secured carpets, beds, chairs and other things that were necessary to make them comfortable, and he paid for them, after which he went about his own affairs rejoicing.

She sat in her new home, with her hands clasped in her laps and a sad look on her face.

"What is the trouble?" her neighbor asked.

"I was thinking of the selfishness and meanness of some people," she sorrowfully replied. "Think of all the money he has. Yet he is too stingy, too narrow-minded even to give us a piano."

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

No matter how violent or excruciating the pain, the Rheumatic, Bedridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic or prostrated with disease may suffer,

Radway's Ready Relief will Afford Instant Relief and Ease.

"TAKING COLD"

SORE THROAT

By taking twenty or thirty drops of the Ready Relief in some molasses on going to bed and pinning a piece of flannel saturated with Relief about the throat, you will get up in the morning entirely relieved from Sore Throat.

PNEUMONIA or Inflammation of the Lungs should be treated with the Ready Relief as follows: The patient should be given twenty drops of the Relief every hour in a wineglass of water, and the whole chest, back and front must be kept under the influence of the Relief by frequent application; beef tea and animal broths must be given to support the patient, and his bowels are to be occasionally moved with Dr. Radway's Pills.

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Inflammation of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Difficult Breathing, Croup, Catarrh, Influenza, Headache, Toothache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, Chilblains, Frost Bites.

The application of the READY RELIEF to the part or parts where the difficulty or pain exists, will afford ease and comfort.

INTERNALLY, a half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Vomiting, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sick Headache, Sleeplessness, Diarrhea, Colic, Flatulency and all Internal Pains.

Malaria in Its Various Forms, Fever and Ague,

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

not only cures the patient seized with MALARIA, but if people exposed to it will every morning on getting out of bed take twenty or thirty drops of READY RELIEF in a glass of water and drink and eat a cracker, they will escape attacks.

Sold by all druggists, 25 cents a bottle.

Radway's Pills

Always Reliable, Purely Vegetable.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated, regulate, purify, cleanse and strengthen. RADWAY'S PILLS for the cure of all disorders of the stomach, bowels, kidneys, bladder, nervous diseases, dizziness, vertigo, costiveness, piles.

SICK HEADACHE,
FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
BILIOUSNESS,
INDIGESTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
CONSTIPATION
AND
ALL DISORDERS OF THE LIVER.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system of all the above-named disorders.

Price, 25 cents per box. Sold by all druggists or sent by mail.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., 7 St. Helen street, Montreal, Canada, for Book of Advice.

Stop that disagreeable Hacking Cough by taking one dose. PREVENT Bronchitis by the immediate use of Owbridge's Lung Tonic

Invaluable in all Throat and Lung Troubles. One dose will relieve a cough, a dose at bedtime ensures a cold. 28 years' successful use in England. Take nothing but Owbridge's Lung Tonic, And you will not be disappointed.

Prepared by W. T. OWBRIDGE Hull, Eng. and sold by all chemists. 60c, $1 a Bot.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in 1-4 lb tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, Eng.

EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH AND VIGOR.

Cheap Fuel

Have you seen our IMPERISHABLE FUEL CARTRIDGES?

They are just the thing, now that fuel is scarce.

Soaked in coal oil, they will burn for an hour in any stove.

Price 50 cents.

Mail orders will receive prompt attention.

A. WESTMAN

HARDWARE. 111 Dundas St.

Nearly two per cent of the population of Berlin are foreigners.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS is the best known remedy for dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness, and will cure all blood diseases, from a common

NEW PICTURE
"A Moorish Princess"
Is a Beautiful Colored Gravure,
—Just the Picture
—For Your Parlor.
O. B. GRAVES, 222 Dundas St.

PLUMBING
That Time Can't Impair.
The Plumbing that we put into a house or building will withstand the ravages of use and time. All of our work is done on modern, sanitary lines. Every portion of it will survive the severest tests. The first expense ends it—no repairs will be needed. Our services and experience are at your disposal.
Smith Bros. & Co.,
265 Dundas Street.

A Pointer.
Have you a headache?
Do your eyes trouble you?
If so, we can relieve you.
Globe Optical Co., 227 Dundas

LONDON YOUNG LADIES
need not leave home in order to enjoy superior educational advantages. Send for a
HARDING HALL CALENDAR.
J. J. BAKER, M.A., Pres

London Conservatory
Incorporated 1899. Limited.
W. CAVEN BARRON, Pianist, Principal.
Has Reopened.
2,000 and more persons have been students in ten years.
374 Dundas Street.

R. K. COWAN
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC., County Bldgs., next Court House, London

USE HUNT BROS.' DIAMOND FLOUR

H. C. McBRIDE, Architect and Surveyor. 213 Dundas St.

W. S. LOCKHART,
House Decorator, Painting, Paperhanging. Residence, Beaconsfield avenue.

HANDSOME RED WALL PAPER
The Kind That Gives
Comfort and Delight.
H. & C. COLERICK,
443 Richmond Street.

A QUESTION OF LIGHT
is no trouble to solve when you wire your house for Electric Light. What trouble is saved is soon realized after you once commence to use it. Ask for estimates. 'Phone 968.
London Electric Co.,
359 Richmond Street.

INCREASE YOUR BUSINESS
by having EFFICIENT TELEPHONE FACILITIES.
We will quote you rates on a Private-Branch Exchange System in your Office, Warehouse or Factory.
The BELL TELEPHONE CO. OF CANADA, Ltd.

J. Ferguson & Sons
UNDERTAKERS
'Phones 548 and 373. 180 King St.
Reasonable Charges; Personal Attention; First-Class Equipment. Open all the year around.
JOHN FERGUSON, Manager.

VANDERBURG'S LIVERY, 619 Dundas Street, Phone 666.
Everything new and up-to-date. Mostly rubber tires. Your next drive will be a pleasure if you get your rig here. London agent for Kelly Springfield tires.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Notice—Large stock of goose feathers sold by the pound, iron bedsteads, mattresses, springbeds, children's iron cots, pillow and down cushions, furniture and stoves at the Feather Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory, 593 Richmond street north. Telephone, 897. J. F. Hunt & Sons.

For a large assortment of waterproof horse covers, lap rugs and coats, also blankets, call at Tackaberry & Co's.

Cheap colonist rates to Arkansas, Texas and Louisiana. Write or call for pamplets and particulars.—H. D. Armstrong, T. P. A., 32 Campus Martius, Detroit, Mich. 13-a-zxv

The best record made on picking hops was that of a young lad who picked 458 pounds in one day, earning $3 80 by so doing.

PICKING THE NOSE is a common symptom of worms. Mothers who suspect their child is troubled with worms should administer Dr. Low's Worm Syrup. It is pleasant, safe and effectual. z

The present population of Greater Berlin exceeds 2,550,000—just 2,000,000 more than Munich.

WORMS CAUSE feverishness, moaning and restlessness during sleep. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is pleasant, sure, and effectual. If your druggest has none in stock, get him to procure it for you.

Perennial Phlox.
We have a fine collection of field-grown plants now ready for your garden.
GAMMAGE & SONS.

EXECUTORS
--AND--
TRUSTEES
WITH TRUST FUNDS AT THEIR DISPOSAL ARE AUTHORIZED BY LAW TO INVEST THEM IN SECURITIES OFFERED BY THE
CANADA TRUST CO.
INTERVIEWS AND CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.
V. CRONYN, President. J. W. LITTLE, Vice-President.
G. A. SOMERVILLE, Man'g. Dir.
OFFICES:
Huron and Erie Building, London.

Coal Is Scarce,
But you can buy all the hard wood you want, and soft coal in quantities desired.
New premises, G. T. R. and William street. 'Phone 312.
WM. HEAMAN & SON

The Best 1847 Rogers Bros.' Knives, Forks and Spoons.
Just received a full line new designs Berry Spoons, Sugar Shells, Butter Knives, etc.
C. R. SUMNER,
380 Richmond Street,
Watchmaker and Jeweler.

NOTICE!
To the Public:
We are now in a position to give our customers DULL OR GLOSS FINISH, which work cannot be excelled. Kindly state on list which finish preferred.
The Parisian Steam Laundry Co., Limited.
Phone 559.

London Advertiser.
UNION LABEL TYPOGRAPHICAL LONDON

"Good things to eat."
Pure, Fine-flavored
TEAS.
If you want to enjoy a good cup of "Tea," try either of our well-known brands.
HARRY RANAHAN,
515 Richmond Street.

LONDON AND DISTRICT

—Mrs. C. Archer, of Chicago, is visiting at her home in East London.

—Rev. George Ayers, of this city, preached in Grace Church, St. Thomas, yesterday.

—The Conservative Club will hold their banquet at the Tecumseh House on Nov. 14.

—The Westminster Agricultural Society's fall fair will be held at Lambeth on Wednesday.

—A. F. Mann, photographer, Mount Clemens, Mich., at one time in business here, is in town for a few days.

—Yesterday's warm atmosphere and pleasant sunshine tempted the butterflies to turn out on dress parade.

—Mrs. James Austin, a former resident of this city, died last week at the residence of her father, Mr. John Rattray, Hamilton. She was the wife of Mr. James Austin, L. E. and D. R. R. engineer, Walkerville.

—Anniversary services will be held in St. James' Church, South London, on Sunday next. The new church was opened Oct. 24, 1897. The Bishop of Ontario, the Right Rev. Dr. Mills, is announced to preach at each service.

25 PER CENT REDUCTION.

General Manager Hays has notified Mayor Beck that a 25 per cent reduction would be made upon the freight rates for all wood bought by the city.

NOTED CLERGYMAN PREACHED.

Rev. Dr. Stanfield, of Indianapolis, officiated at the Epworth League anniversary services held yesterday at Dundas Center Methodist Church. His sermons pleased large congregations at both services.

NEW PROPOSITION PROBABLE.

The finance committee met the city solicitor and Secretary Welch, of the London and Southwestern Traction Company, Saturday night, upon the question of the company's application for a franchise. Progress will be reported at tonight's meeting of the city council, and it is likely that the company will make a new proposition.

SIXTH ANNIVERSARY.

The sixth anniversary of the establishment of the York Street Mission was celebrated yesterday at the three regular services. Mr. George Couke and Mrs. George Cathcart conducted the morning and afternoon services respectively, while in the evening addresses were given by Evangelist Belcher, leader of the mission, together with Rev. J. H. Orme, W. H. Liddicoatt, Hudson Abbott, Mrs. George Boyd and George McBroom.

OLD RESIDENT GONE.

An old resident of this city died yesterday in the person of Mr. James McCoy, of 92 Wilson avenue, West London. He was born in County Tyrone, Ireland, 81 years ago, and came to Canada many years ago. His first wife died some years ago, and he is survived by his second and a family of five sons and daughters. They are: John, of Orangeville; R. J., of Owen Sound; George, of this city; David D., of Bay City, Mich., and Wesley, of New York. The daughters are Mrs. Hugh McGuire, of Orangeville, and Mrs. Bonnell, of Owen Sound.

4 PER CENT DEBENTURES
The Ontario Loan and Debenture Company,
OFFICE:
Cor. Dundas St. & Market Lane
London.
Paid-Up Capital, $1,200,000.
Reserve Fund, - $560,000.
3½ Per Cent on Deposits
JOHN McCLARY, President.
WM. F. BULLEN, Manager.

LIVED HERE 50 YEARS.

Mr. Richard Hargreaves, a resident of this city for the past 50 years, died yesterday. He was born about 84 years ago in Lancashire, England. He was a machinist, but had not worked for the past fifteen years. He had been seriously ill for some time previous to his death. Two daughters, Mrs. J. Richards and Mrs. William Chapman of this city, survive. The funeral will be held tomorrow.

TWILIGHT ORGAN RECITAL.

The twilight organ recital given on Saturday afternoon at Dundas Center Methodist Church by Prof. Alexander S. Thompson, of Lincoln University, was not as well attended as it should have been, as it proved a decided musical treat. The programme included the following artistic numbers: Lemmen's "March Pontificale," Silas' "Andante in C," and Bach's "Chromatic Fantasy in D Minor." Other selections rendered were "Communini in G," (Salome), "Meditation" (Guilmant), "Fanfare" (Lemmens), "In Paradasum" (Dubois), Miss Eva Roblyn assisted with two vocal solos, "Hear My Prayer" (Lozzi), and "I Lay Me Down in Peace" (Bach).

EVANGELIST'S HOUSE ROBBED.

Burglars last night entered the residence of Evangelist T. L. Belcher, at 122 Bruce street, while Mr. and Mrs. Belcher were absent conducting services at the York Street Mission. The burglars removed a pane of glass from the back kitchen window, unfastened the catch and raised the sash. They then ransacked the house thoroughly, securing two gold watches, a pair of opera glasses, two pocketbooks, containing money, and a silver medal awarded to Mrs. T. Belcher in 1884, as being the best lady driver at the Western Fair.

WEDDED AT CLACHAN.

Rodney Mercury: "A beautiful home wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John McLeod, Clachan, on Wednesday evening, 15th inst., when their daughter, Annie, was united in marriage to Mr. Albert Blue, a well-to-do and popular young farmer of Orford. The service was performed by Rev. J. W. Mann, of Rodney, in the presence of about 50 relatives. The beautiful and happy appearance of the contracting parties were subjects of general remarks. The bride was attired in cream silk trimmed with applique and chiffon, and carried a bouquet of white bridal roses, smilax and ferns. The bridesmaid, Miss Anna Bella Campbell, of London (cousin of the bride), was dressed in white dimity, and carried a bouquet of white and pink carnatons. Mr. James Blue, of Orford, cousin of the groom, acted as his support. The present were numerous, costly and very useful. After congratulations and a most excellent supper, Mr. and Mrs. Blue took the Lake Erie train for Hamilton and Toronto, and carry with them the best wishes of their large circle of friends and relatives."

"JOHNNY" IS IN TOWN

F. C. Whitney's Big Opera Company, "When Johnny Comes Marching Home," Arrived on Sunday.

To the lovers of wholesome spectacular opera comique, sung by artists of merit and gorgeously presented, nothing will be found to compare with the entirety embodied in the Whitney Opera Company, which comes to the Grand tonight in "When Johnny Comes Marching Home." Mr. F. C. Whitney has given to the public some of the most telling musical productions on record, but in this work, it is said, he will reach the top notch of stage realism. The orchestra will be under the direction of Mr. Wm. Maquinn, and will be augmented for the occasion.

Questions Answered.

FARMER.—Mr. Farmer invests $100 in an outfit for making butter, and Mr. Capitalist invests $20,000 for the same purpose. Why has the cipitalist any more right to label his butter "creamery butter" than the farmer? Ans.—The capitalist has a creamery and the farmer has not. The making of butter is only incidental to his farming. Creamery butter means butter made at a creamery, not at a farm, although by the same process.

READY, START!

An Athletic Event.

You want, everybody wants, brain and muscle, wind and stamina, and can get them if fed properly. This is an athletic age. The man or woman who is weak or sickly, is not in the race; success socially or in business goes only to the strong and healthly. It is largely a matter of choice with anyone for proper living, and proper food will bring the prize.

An athlete in Chicago tells of the good results he obtained from proper food; he says: "Last Spring I began to train hard to become an athlete in track events and to grow stronger; I now know that what strength and victories I have secured is due to the use of Grape-Nuts. When in training for an athletic meet, I would just live on Grape-Nuts alone for three days before the event was to come off. During this time I have won six championship races out of two athletic meets. In a 300 yard run my time was 35 seconds and in the 75 yard dash the time was 9 seconds, both being a good record.

"Grape-Nuts has given me a stronger mind and also bodily strength which no other food could have done in so short a time. I have gained strength in a most remarkable way since using Grape-Nuts.

"Members of our football team have a training table on which may be found first of all the 'athlete's favorite food, Grape-Nuts.'" Name given by Postum Company, Battle Creek, Mich.

New Societe Roquefort Cheese.
This is the best quality of Roquefort made. 45c pound.
McLAREN'S IMPERIAL CHEESE, made from fine old cheese. 10c and 25c pot.
Try Aunt Jemima's Pancake Flour. 15c package.
Your 'phone orders will have our careful attention.
Call Up 317.
T. A. ROWAT & CO.
234 Dundas St.

FACTS FOR BUSINESS MEN.

Advertising being an essential of modern business, it is most important that the advertiser keep a record of its value to him. All business men are careful to note what their advertising costs them, but they neglect too much the keeping track of the yield of the advertising. It will pay any advertiser to keep as accurate a record as possible of the productiveness to him of every newspaper in which he advertises. This record should be systematic, easy of reference and should be carefully preserved for future guidance. The system so necessary in other departments of business should be deemed just as essential in the department of advertising.

Woke Her Up.

Miss Oldgirl—I dreamed of an elopement last night.

Miss Caustique—You shouldn't allow your imagination to run away with you that way.—Philadelphia Record.

ROBBERIES IN TORONTO

Miss Gooderham Loses Necklace Worth $8,000.

Mother and Her Little Daughter Charged With Shoplifting.

Toronto, Oct. 20.—The police learned last night that on Friday evening last, about the time John Drynan's house was burglarized and $1,000 worth of jewelry taken, the same operation was performed on the palatial residence of George Gooderham, corner Bloor and St. George streets, and a very valuable diamond necklace belonging to Miss Gooderham, valued at $8,000, taken. Mr. and Mrs. Gooderham were away, but the servants during the evening discovered Miss Gooderham's empty jewel cases strewn about her room. The extent of the loss was not known until the family returned last night.

CHARGED WITH SHOPLIFTING.

Nearly $1,100 in cash was found in the possession of Augusta Laubeg, who, with her 10-year-old daughter, Mary, were arrested Saturday night on charges of shoplifting in the departmental stores. The arrests are the outcome of an investigations by the police lasting several days. The prisoners were taken to the Court street station, where Mrs. Laubeg was searched by the police matron, who found the purse containing $1,063. The money consisted of three $100 bills, four fifties and the balance in $10 and $5 notes.

The detectives afterwards visited the woman's apartments and removed three bundles of wearing apparel, all of which is believed to have been stolen from the departmental stores. Mrs. Lauberg, who is a widow, says the money found on her is the savings of several years. She claims to have made the cash doing housework in New York City and Germany. She came to this city from New York about ten days ago.

New Linoleums
We have just received from the makers, Messrs. Michael Nairn & Co., of Kirkcaldy, an enormous consignment of their celebrated Printed and Inlaid Linoleums.
Nairn's Linoleums Have a World-wide Reputation For Beauty and Durability They Are Unequaled.

Linoleums	Block, tile and floral effects, a good pure cork Linoleum, very handsome and serviceable	40c
Linoleums	New designs in tile, floral and parquetry effects, 2 and 4 yards wide, regularly sold at 65c, now	50c
Linoleums	A specially fine cloth, heavy and thoroughly seasoned, splendid designs and colorings, and most durable, 85c and	65c
Inlaid Linoleums	In floral, tile and wood inlaid effects, also some very handsome carpet effects in blues, greens and reds. The pattern goes through to the back; $1 40, $1 25, $1 10, $1 00 and	90c

A. Screaton & Co.

A BLACK SHEEP IN CLUBLAND

One of the guests at a city hotel last week was a blonde Englishman of slender athletic figure. A stranger unacquainted with his age would never have pronounced him more than 30; but he is fully ten years older, in spite of his unwrinkled skin and his clear blue eyes. And his life has been of a kind to make him show the advance of years, says the New York Sun.

Few of the men who have known him on a previous visit to New York saw him this time. Fewer of them would have spoken to him if he had tried to address them. But the happy-looking Englishman did not object to their manner. The more completely they ignored him the better he was pleased. He wants New York to forget him, and if he could, he would happily lose all memory of it.

When he came here first from his own country a different set of men were in the club windows, at which he never glanced the other day as he drove to the hotel at which he put up until his ship sailed. He was here only so long as was necessary for him to wait while making arrangements to return home.

He came east after seven years of life in Mexico. And they were seven years of the hardest life he had ever known. He worked in the silver mines and he herded cattle. The life kept his muscles hard and helped him to remember less vividly certain incidents of his earlier life which he was very anxious to think of as little as possible, and, though he could never hope to forget them, he was at least pleased that they faded, under the stimulus of privation and hard work, from the distinct place they held in his thoughts.

The few men who saw him in New York when he was passing through town on his way to take up a name that was well known and brought with it wealth and other responsibilities, recalled him as the central figure in an episode that was confined almost entirely to the knowledge of the members of the club in whose house it occurred. He could scarcely have been described as the hero of the affair, since his role in it was far from heroic. It was really nearer the villains.

He had been known by another name when he was first in New York. His arrival in New York then, more than seven years ago, had been nearly as quiet as it was now. He was coming from his own country at that time, and it seemed to him as if he might never go back. This thought did not trouble him, because he had missed the opportunities that England had afforded to him. He had been through nearly every discreditable experience possible there.

A particularly scandalous gambling debt had incensed his father and his family so that there was no mercy for him from them, and there was not even toleration from his friends. Coming after a series of especially flagrant episodes on the turf, a gambling scandal in which he was implicated had brought his career in his own country to and end. He had nothing to live on but the allowance his father made. On the continent too many persons knew him, and his assumed name neither concealed his identity nor gave him the independence he expected. America seemed the place best suited to his needs, and here the young man came, assuming, for purposes not difficult to understand still another name.

He landed here with a wardrobe suited to a gentleman and his own natural charm of person and manners. He had always been an athlete, and in spite of a life that did not encourage health, he had lost none of his skill in sports. He met the sort of men who liked to play with him, and as nothing helps a man to social importance here so much as skill in certain athletics, he found himself, after a short time, taken up by persons of the kind he wanted to meet. He was known by the name he had selected, and a few of the men asked more about him. They put him up at a few clubs, and after awhile he might have been asked to meet the women of their families. As it was, he was now only the associate of the men.

Unluckily there came to the club at which he was a guest and a frequent attendant, a countryman whom he knew. What was more serious for the stranger was the fact that this man, who had married an American woman, whose family was quite as good as his own, had no reason to like him and knew his whole discreditable history. So the certainty of coming trouble occurred to him as soon as he entered the club house one day and to his dismay saw the latest arrival.

The decent Englishman could not conceal his astonishment, and from the look in his eye there was no doubt of his intention to investigate the presence in the club of his discredited countryman.

And there were various reasons why the explosion threatened was coming at a very inconvenient time. Stories of delayed remittances, drafts that had miscarried, and similar expedients to raise money had been tried by the earlier guest. For many reasons he did not want to be investigated until he had the chance to make one more attempt to borrow money he never intended to repay. Luck had been against him at cards and he had lost nearly every bet he had made for a week. So he would have to get the money somewhere before quitting the city. And he saw that result was imminent.

He decided on his course of action almost as soon as he saw the man likely to cause him so much trouble. He determined to deny any statement that he was any other than the man he pretended to be. And as he was known under an assumed name that belonged to nobody he had ever heard of, he determined to maintain that he was not traveling under anybody else's name.

The expected happened sooner even than he feared. That evening he was asked to meet two of the men who had invited him to the club as a guest, and they put before him the story the later arrival had told. There was no question of this man's credibility. All of the men knew him. He had belonged to the club for years. And he had said that the man whom they had admitted there was a blackleg, traveling under an assumed name and an outcast from every decent club in London to which his family position had entitled him to belong.

These facts were put frankly before the Englishman, more in sorrow than in anger. He denied them absolutely in exactly the same frame of mind. The men thanked him, parted after shaking hands, and announced that they were determined to make the other man apologize for such an injustice to a good fellow.

The effort was made and the other man promptly refused to make any apology. He said that he had known for years the men he accused, and was perfectly certain who he was.

"And to prove it," said he, "the fellow has on his right arm a snake tattooed in black. It is just above the wrist. Ask him to show you that arm."

Then he added to this explanation some interesting details of the young man's career which made even the men who liked him best determined to investigate the truth. Already stories about the delayed remittances and the lost checks were floating about the club. And even that afternoon one of his friends in the club had promised to let him have several hundred dollars more the next day.

So once more the guest was called to meet some of his friends and explain. Four of the men in the club who had known him best met him around a table in a small room. He was as cool as usual, and as clear-eyed, and he denied every charge with the same boyish earnest and apparent frankness. It seemed impossible to look at the fresh pink and white skin, the white teeth and curling yellow hear and suspect guile. But there was one man there with the determination to get to the bottom of the affair. He was one of those who had lent money to the stranger.

"Mr. X—— tells us," said this man, "that the real P—— H——, whom he accuses you of being, has a tattoo mark on his right arm. It is a snake."

The men who had grown to like the Englishman during his stay in the club —and not to like him was difficult—waited intently the answer to the question. It would finally decide what they were waiting so to hear.

If they had known him better they would have seen the expression on his face change suddenly. He had no idea that the man from London knew this, or that anybody would try to identify him by the marks on his body, as they would an ordinary criminal. He had been guilty of many low tricks in the course of his career, but he did not think he would in this way be recalled to what he had become.

"And do you mind showing us that you have not that mark?" the determined man went on. "This thing is as trying to us who have been your friends as it is to you, and it will be just as satisfying to us to know that there has been a mistake. So you ought not to object to helping us in the matter, as you are also helping out your own vindication."

"I do not mind in the least," said the Englishman rising suddenly from his chair. "I know that I am among my friends. I am perfectly willing to show my arm. See here——" he rolled up his sleeve. "Is there any tattoo there?"

Every man at the table leaned forward. There was revealed a wiry muscular forearm, but it was guiltless of any marks. With a look of triumph the vindicated arose from his chair. He remained a few minutes longer in the room and then departed. All but one of the men shook hands with him. One stood aloof and bowed distantly to the Englishman as he started to the door; to leave the club and as it afterwards turned out, never to return to it.

The four men stood together talking in the smoking room. Three of them expressed their satisfaction that it had not turned out to be true that their friend was an imposter.

"I don't see the matter in that light," said the one man who had refused to give his hand to the guest; "that man is every bit as much of faker as he has been called and he fooled all of you but me."

There was a loud protest.

"Fooled you all, I say, but me," repeated the speaker. "And I saw no use in making a disturbance at this stage of the game. We will never see him again."

Protests against this statement concerning one who had just vindicated his good name grew louder and were made in stronger phrases.

"Don't talk to me about what you fellows were too blind to see," continued the speaker. "The fellow never showed his right arm when we challenged him about the tattoo mark. It was his left arm he showed. It was a clever trick, done so quickly and apparently with so little premeditation that it took in three men who are usually wide awake enough about the affairs of this life. That shows what a scamp the chap is."

The three men looked at one another in astonishment and then the truth flashed on every one of them. It was the man's left arm that they had seen. The charge was that the tattoo mark was on the right arm. They had been taken in by a trick that ought not to have fooled a child.

The central figure in this scene never appeared again at the club. Nor did he write a line to any of the men with whom he had been on such friendly terms until more than two years had passed. Then one of them received a check for the amount of a loan. Two others, later, had the same experience. Then to the man who had put him up at the club came the amount of his house charges there. All of these checks were on a bank in the City of Mexico. Once a story that the Englishman was working there in the silver mines reached New York. But little was heard of him.

He never returned here until last week, having heard of the death of his father he came here to sail for England. The death, which was reported in the newspapers, recalled the man and his New York stay to those who had known him best. He had nothing to fear from meeting the friends he had made then as he was no longer under any obligation to them that money would not repay. But perhaps it was as well that he went back to take his name—his real one this time—without putting himself in the way of seeing them.

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When It Started.

George Thompson, the Kentucky attorney who is credited with caring more for a fine horse than a fat fee, tells a story that illustrates the primitive ideas of a quiet life that once prevailed in the Blue Grass region, relates a writer in the New York Times.

It seems that there had been a fight and that several persons had been killed before quiet was restored. An old woman who lived in the house before which the fight occurred was called as a witness. She was not anxious to testify, but when asked to tell what she knew of the trouble, said:

"There was a passel of men in front of my house, jedge, and they began quarreling. George Bowen called Ike Smaley a liar, and Ike just naturally knocked George down. Then Tom Saunders, who was always quick-tempered like, he cut Ike with a knife. He cut him purty bad, too, for it made two of Ike's friends pull their guns an' shoot Tom up a lot. Some of Tom's friends pulled out knives and some others got clubs and some others got guns, and there was some more cuttin' and a good deal of shootin'. Then there was some more talk, an'—the fuss thing I knew they begun fightin'."

Two Blessings.

The Paris letter in the Philadelphia Post tells of the two blessings of western civilization it is the ambition of an American-educated Japanese girl to take home to her land. It was at one of M. Delcasse's receptions in the ministry for foreign affairs. She came with the Japanese ambassador's party, and she was winsome as a flower, this delicate Japanese girl—oh, an amber girl!—dressed in the silken splender of her race. Therefore it was almost uncanny to hear her talk with a down-east accent. When you gasped she said:

"Why, I'm a Wellesley girl, you know."

"And you are going home?"

"Yes, back to Japan."

The small face grew very serious.

"I want to teach my people two things when I get back," she said—"ice cream and the Gospel."

Foreigners' Mistakes.

Among the stories about errors in English, the Los Angeles Times tells the following: "Many ludicrous mistakes are made by foreigners in grasping the meaning of some of our common English expressions. A young German attending the State University translated 'The spirit is willing, but the flesh is weak.' into 'The ghost is willing, but the meat is not able.' And a Filipino youth fairly set the class in an uproar by the statement that 'Out of sight, out of mind' meant 'The invisible is insane.' A class of little second grade scholars had been learning the lines 'However it be, it seems to me,' etc., repeating it together as a class, until, as the teacher thought, it was well learned. One day she asked a little girl to recite it alone, and Beatrice, proud of the distinction, declared that

"'However it be, it seems to me,
'Tis only noble to be good.
Kind hearts are more than corn or nuts,
And simple faith than Norman blood.'

"And the teacher thanked her lucky stars that the country superintendent had not made his expected visit that day."

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