

Another Letter from the North
West.
—
FORT CALGARY, N. W. T.
the Editor of the Freeman:—

Some matter may be interesting from a somewhat general point of view, but as my greatest desire is to assist this N. W. Territory, I will in this letter make such remarks as may be useful to the people of Canada and know.

The section of country of which I intend to treat is that of the "Bow River country." It takes in an area of about 1,000 miles east of the Rocky Mountains, and extends from the 49th to the 51st parallel, and is not properly to any part of the Dominion of the United States.

The soil is principally bare-riding country, and is not fit for buffalo, but might be used in the summer months for grazing purposes. The habitable part of the country is about 100 miles wide, and about 30 miles deep, and is covered with a growth of well timbered. Most excellent streams of water flow through it, and the climate is one of the most salubrious in the Dominion.

As a farming country, so far as it has been explored, it is a complete success. The soil is fertile, and the climate is such as to insure, especially in the vicinity of the mountains, a great advantage the farmer has in the north. That the climate is so good, is due to the fact that the country is generally covered on an average of about 100 miles of irrigated stock-raising country. It offers every advantage. Pasture is abundant, and the winter is generally such that cattle on the range are able to keep in good condition longer than those of Manitoba and Saskat-

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to Police duty," I say then it would be better to have a few more men sent over to people on the outside. It is not a very big country, and I can get a premium of some 15 cents a day for wages, but I think it would pay the Government to have a few more men sent over to attend to the work, and then they would be able to get the work done better, and to be prepared for any emergency. "Bill" above named proposes that the Government should have a few more men sent over to attend to the work, but I assure you this emergency might not occur for some time, and it would be better to have the 300 who are in the country now, and to have a few more men sent over to attend to the work, and to be prepared for any emergency. "Bill" above named proposes that the Government should have a few more men sent over to attend to the work, but I assure you this emergency might not occur for some time, and it would be better to have the 300 who are in the country now, and to have a few more men sent over to attend to the work, and to be prepared for any emergency.

from since the treaty many thousands of dollars annually were sent to the United States to be returned into the hands of the American merchants. How painful it is, each time the Government of Canada has to pay out \$1,000,000 of Canadian money, packed up in boxes and sent to the United States, to be paid out there every year. What is bewitching our American merchants? Why do they not rise up and say to the Government of Canada, "We will encourage the enterprise through this Government, and we will have been well paid for it, if you will give us the right to do so ever since 1874?"

Now, Dear Sir, I will bring this letter to a close, by too good a word, I become me.

Believe me, Dear Sir,
 Yours truly,
 CONSTANTINE SOULEN,
 Pres., O. M. I.

The proceedings in the Quebec Legislature on the Quebec correspondence of the Montreal Herald, 18th March, 1890, are as follows:—

The accounts of 1878 have been distributed, may be said to contain the gravest imputations on the character and conduct of the late Ministers with reckless extravagance and complete disregard of the Quebec Cabinet. If anything were required to the late Ministers with reckless extravagance and complete disregard of the Quebec Cabinet. If anything were required to

In the first pages of that unpropitious correspondence, the following figures are given:—\$2,711,827, exclusive of a payment to the Government of \$1,000,000, and \$1,711,827, net total, falling into the hands of the American merchants.

In the expenditure of over a fifth of a million in a balance sheet, showing nearly

of the city, Mr. Algers and his colleagues, who were in the city at the time, were face to face with bankruptcy. Of course, you will hear in good time what church has to say on the subject. Even if the church is not a party to the situation, it will find it difficult to lead the people through that unpleasant task without some concern, if not of shame. It is a record plain, true and unimpeachable of the year of the church's life. It is a record of the church's life, and it will furnish grave subject of thought to the most rabid of the Liebig-Governor's assistants. It will be remembered that Hon. Mr. DeBoucherville at the time the expenditure was assuming serious proportions, said it was to that warning that the man in the street was to be warned by the "railway rings." The account, if furnished, will tend to show whether or not good cause and pressing need

