

# ALLIES ON THE OFFENSIVE FORCE ENEMY TO FIND NEW POSITIONS AT SEVERAL POINTS

## Enveloping Movement Being Carried Out Again In Another Attempt To Encircle Enemy and Reach His Lines of Communications---Both Armies at Centre Playing "Watchful Waiting" Game Ready to Engage In Death Grip---Germans Pushed Back Northward In Argonne District---Allies' Western Wing Extended Still Further and Now Reaches Within Thirty Miles of Belgian Frontier---Three Monarchs At Battlefront and President of French Republic on His Way---Reported That Italy Has Landed Forces at Avlona, "The Gibraltar of the Adriatic."

London, Oct. 4, 9.25 p. m.—Having repulsed the German attacks, presumably in the vicinity of Roye, the French, according to the official communication issued this afternoon at Paris, have resumed the offensive at several points, while other positions on their left have been appreciably maintained.

The great effort of the allies to envelop the German right may therefore be said to be again in operation, and it is believed that the whole French column, from Roye northward to Arras, is moving eastward against the German positions.

It is the same operation that has been tried repeatedly for the last three weeks, in an attempt to reach the German lines of communication, and either encircle the German army forming the right wing, or force it to fall back to Belgium and Luxembourg.

### PLENTY OF HARD FIGHTING AHEAD YET.

The Germans have had a long time in which to make their position secure, so there is a lot of hard fighting ahead for both the attacking forces and the defenders. The defensive role is now apparently being assumed by the invaders.

In the centre, from the Oise to the Argonne, the two well entrenched armies are still watching each other, ready at a moment's notice to meet attacks, or, on the advice of aerial observers, to move to some point where the line is threatened. While there have been many of these movements, there is little, according to the French report, to record. In other words, the situation remains virtually as it was.

In the Argonne district, where the Crown Prince's army attempted an advance a few days ago, there has been additional fighting, with the result that the Germans have been pushed back northward.

In Southern Woevre the French are "making progress, but very slowly," against the Germans who crossed the Meuse at St. Mihiel, but later were forced back over that river.

In Lorraine and the Vosges there is no change in the positions of the opposing armies. This probably is accounted for by the fact that the Germans have not sufficient forces to attack the almost impregnable line of fortifications, while the French are too busy elsewhere to attempt an invasion of the lost provinces. They have set themselves the task of getting the Germans out of northeastern France, and if this can be accomplished they are faced with the necessity of attacking the German positions in Alsace Lorraine.

The Germans have been active in two widely separated parts of Belgium. They visited Tournai on Saturday, and announced that they were an advance guard of 10,000 men proceeding to Lille, while last night and this morning fighting was going on far to the east, near Lanaken, northwest of Maastricht. One report said that Lanaken was on fire, but another declared that it was a nearby village that was burning. A number of fugitives have arrived at Maastricht, as well as some Belgian soldiers who had been interned.

In the eastern theatre of war, the battle of Cracow is developing more slowly than anticipated, or at any rate nothing has come through from either side as to the happenings in that field of operations.

Three Monarchs, the Russian Emperor, the German Emperor and the King of Belgium, and the President of France are now taking part in the battles, or on their way to visit the troops in the field. The German emperor has been on both western and eastern frontiers, while King Albert has been on the actual firing line ever since the war began.

The Russian emperor has left Petrograd for the front, and President Feodorov, accompanied by his ministers, is well on his way from Bordeaux, to give greetings to the men on the firing line.

In both Italy and Roumania, a considerable difference of opinion has arisen as to what steps, if any, the government should take regarding the war. Some are for war and others for a continuation of neutrality.

If the report coming from Rome today, that Italian sailors have occupied Avlona, "the Gibraltar of the Adriatic," has long been covered by both Italy and Austria. During the

## WHAT THE WAR IS COSTING THE FRENCH PEOPLE

### Seven Millions a Day, Finance Minister Estimates—More Cash in Bank of France than at Outbreak of War.

Paris, Oct. 4, 6.10 p. m.—The war is costing France \$7,000,000 a day, Finance Minister Alexandre Ribot announced today that the cost for the first sixty days of the conflict had been \$420,000,000.

M. Ribot gives an interview to the Temps on the situation in the Bank of France which has not published regular statements since the war began. He says that on October 1st, the bank had \$212,400,000 in cash which was \$63,800,000 more than it had on the eve of the war.

"Loans and discounts," the Minister of Finance said, "are \$895,200,000, an increase during the last week of \$17,500,000. This shows that the bank has made some discounts and I hope it will make more."

"The advances made to the government on October 1st, after two months of the war, reached \$420,000,000. The credit balance on the same date in the treasury was \$59,200,000, and therefore, we are far from having exhausted the amount provided for our convention with the bank. Besides, on the 1st, renewed the convention to assure the resources necessary in case the war should be prolonged beyond the date now foreseen."

"The total bank bills in circulation October 1st was \$1,845,800,000, this being \$27,400,000 less than on the preceding week. This is explained by an increase in the deposits which on October 1st reached \$425,400,000, an increase of \$41,800,000 over the preceding week, and it can be seen that France is far from having exhausted her reserves, and that when the hour comes she will find the money for a cessary."

## FOUR YEAR TERM FOR PASTORS TO BE CONTINUED

Ottawa, Oct. 4.—After a rather warm two hours' session, during which several amendments to the recommendation of a special committee that the extension of the time limit of four years for the pastorate be allowed for "special causes," instead of "special missions," were voted down, the Methodist General Conference on Saturday night decided, by a big majority, that no changes be made in the constitution regarding the term of the pastorate.

This means that the four-year period prevails, and can be extended only for "special missions."

Throughout the debate Rev. Dr. Carman was busy with his gavel calling for due respect to be paid to the chair. The delegates were evidently in no mood for calm deliberation after a very hard week.

As soon as the itinerating committee report recommending that the pastorate be extended for "special causes" instead of "special missions" as the constitution prescribes, several delegates hastened to point out that if this were adopted the door would be opened for an unlimited extension of the pastorate.

## SHIPMENT OF FLOUR FROM CANADA SEIZED

Special to The Standard.  
Ottawa, Oct. 4.—The Canadian Trade Commissioner in Holland reports that 2,500 bags of flour shipped from Canada via New York for Rotterdam were seized by the administration of the Netherlands on the steamship Nieuw Amsterdam of the Holland-American Line, by the French on the ground that they were unconditional contraband. The flour was unloaded at Brest, France. A protest was lodged because the goods were not shipped to an enemy's port.

Another article issued by Sir Geo. Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, gives details of German foreign trade which totalled over \$2,000,000,000 annually, and says that American trade has grown largely in the last four years.

## PEACE DAY YESTERDAY IN NEW YORK

### Special Services Throughout City at Request of President Wilson.

### MORAL PRINCIPLES BINDING ON NATIONS.

#### World Needed Another Object Lesson to Disprove that Preparedness for War Assures Peace, Sec. Bryan Suggests

New York, Oct. 4.—Hope that the European war will be the last object lesson of the horrors of strife, and that after it all the efforts of man will be devoted to production rather than destruction, was expressed today by Secretary of State Bryan, at the special Peace Day service held at Carnegie Hall. The service was one of the most impressive ever held in the city, in accordance with President Wilson's recent proclamation designating today as a day of prayer for peace.

"Today, when a number of nations, all our friends, have been drawn into the vortex of war," says Secretary Bryan, "our first duty is to be such influence as we have to bear in behalf of peace."

"In this age our interests are so entwined with the interests of those who reside in other lands, that no nation can live or die unto itself alone. Today every neutral nation finds itself greatly embarrassed by the disturbance which the European war has brought in every department of human activity."

"Most of the errors which man commits in international affairs arise from a failure to understand the fundamental truth that moral principles are as binding upon nations as upon individuals. A nation is but a group of individuals, and no group, however numerous, can expunge one syllable of the moral law."

"In conclusion, the secretary said: 'Man has spent a considerable part of his life in the work of destruction. In the day that is dawning he can devote all his efforts to production. There is as much inspiration in a noble life as in a life of war.'"

## COL. ALDERSON TO COMMAND CANADA'S FORCES

Special to The Standard.  
Ottawa, Oct. 4.—Col. the Hon. Sam Hughes arrived back in Ottawa this morning and took over the administration of his department again, Sir Robert Borden having been acting minister of militia for the past couple of weeks. A long session of the militia council was held today to deal with a mass of accumulated business. Col. Hughes confirmed the reported appointment of General Alderson to command the Canadian Contingent, and said the choice was a good one. Asked as to whether he was going to England, he replied that he might go if he could find time for the trip, but he had made no definite arrangements, and was not sure that he could

## BRITISH PLAY RUGBY BETWEEN SKIRMISHES

### After Long Spell in Trenches Two Battalions Engage in Match.

### TRENCH AFTER TRENCH TAKEN BY ALLIES.

#### Germans Unable to Retain Slight Advantage of Friday and Pushed Back to New Lines.

From the Battlefront, Oct. 4.—Trench after trench of the German allies on Saturday, after most vigorous assaults, carried home with determined lesson of caution.

The Germans, who had borne back the allies' western wing slightly on Friday, retained their advanced positions near Roye until they became untenable. They then fell back to new lines, which had been previously prepared.

The western wing of the allied armies was still further extended today, and now reaches within thirty miles of the Belgian frontier, carrying the allies' overlapping movement in a westerly direction.

The German reinforcements on this end of the line are very strong. These troops probably were brought from bodies of German forces echeloned in the rear of their advanced positions. Their courageous dash to the allies' front did not meet with success, and the French and British were able to make them fall back on their deep trenches.

The sight of the allied infantry creeping across the open spaces in front of the trenches, in a brilliant sunburst which glittered on their weapons, was impressive. Hundreds of shells burst overhead, or in their rear, without doing great damage.

Allies Seemed Glad to Advance. Everywhere the French and British soldiers seemed as though glued to the ground, but the steadily extended lines progressed always forward. In only two or three instances did they encounter the spitting machine gun fire with its murderous hail of bullets, which opened on them when they surmounted slight embankments before reaching the German trenches. They found few Germans there to meet their bayonets, as the French and British had already taken only a few hundred yards back.

It is stated that the Germans also receded on the eastern wing, where, for many days, they had been going back continually. In that region of the great battlefield the famous French attack came in contact with the Germans and inflicted considerable loss.

In the centre there was comparative calm, although the artillery and infantry kept firing occasionally, as though to remind their adversaries of their presence.

The aviators on each side have kept continual watch on the movements of the enemy, and sometimes have dropped shrapnel bombs, generally with small effect, however, as the troops are well sheltered in their trenches.

The French soldiers were greatly surprised today to see their British comrades, after a long spell in the rear and infatigable several football and baggy lively games. Some of the British battalions had lost a large proportion of their numbers in the severe battles of the last week, but the rest of the men for the sport was unabated. Two battalions engaged in a regular match, on the result of which some money changed hands.

The Admiralty had provided a convoy for the transport, by another route nor the port of land, being were revealed.

Col. Hughes added that the organization of the French-Canadian brigade would be commenced forthwith and troops would be enlisted at various Canadian centres to reinforce the contingent which has just sailed.

## ENEMY DRIVEN BACK TOWARD NORTH IN ARGONNE DISTRICT

### Paris Official Report Announces No Decisive Result Yet In Aisne Battle, Although Germans Have Been Forced To Recede at Several Points---Entire Regiment of Besiegers Reported Wiped Out---Petrograde Announces Overwhelming Defeat Of Enemy at Augustowo---Germans Retreating Toward East Prussian Frontier Pursued By The Czar's Troops.

Bulletin—Paris, Oct. 4, 3.05 p. m.—The following official statement was issued by the French war office at three o'clock this afternoon:

"First—On our left wing, after having repulsed all the enemy's attacks, we have resumed the offensive at several points. At other points our positions are well maintained."

"Second—On the centre nothing noteworthy has taken place as far east as the Argonne region. In the Argonne district we have driven the enemy back toward the north. In the south of Woevre we are making progress, but very slowly."

"Third—On our right wing, in Lorraine and the Vosges, there is nothing new. The battle on the left wing is in full swing, with our any decisive result having been attained."

The text of the communication follows:

"On our left wing the struggle is in full swing in the region of Arras, without any decision having as yet been reached. The action has been less violent between the upper valley of the Aisne and the Somme, and between the Somme and the Oise. We have made progress in the region of Soissons, where some of the enemy's trenches have been captured."

"On almost all the remainder of the front, the lull, already noted, persists. In the Woevre region we have made some progress between Apremont and the Meuse, and on the Rupt de Mad."

Denise Antwerp Forts Have Fallen.  
Bulletin—Antwerp, Oct. 4, 2.20 p. m. via London, 6.25 p. m.—It was officially announced this afternoon that the situation in regard to the fortifications of Antwerp was unchanged. The Belgian minister here today received despatches from Antwerp denying a report that three forts defending the city had fallen. He states that Fort Waelhem was badly damaged by the Germans, but that none of the fortifications surrendered, and that the Belgians have strong positions, which they are holding successfully.

A news despatch to the Central News from Amsterdam says that word has reached there from Antwerp that Fort Waelhem destroyed an entire regiment of the besieging Germans on Saturday afternoon.

The Antwerp correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company, in a message dated Saturday night, says: "No new attack has been made on the Belgian front tonight. The situation this morning remained the same as was indicated in the official communication given out Friday night."

Nearly Whole of Prussian Guard Prisoners of War.  
London, Oct. 4, 12.32 p. m.—A Paris

despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company says that numerous German prisoners passed through various French stations on Friday night. The convoys comprised 1,245, 1,310 and 980 prisoners, respectively. They were taken from Juvilly to Versailles. They included almost the entire regiment of the Prussian Guard, with band and staff officers. Several additional trains with prisoners are expected to arrive soon.

London, Oct. 4, 12.58 p. m.—A despatch to Reuters' Telegram Company from Rome says that the Vittorio has published a special edition, saying that it is rumored that Italian sailors were landed at Avlona (a seaport of Albania on the Adriatic) on Friday. There is no confirmation of the rumor.

A Stefani agency despatch from Rome says that a telegram received from Avlona states that Epitrotes have been defeated by Albanians and evacuated Berat, leaving four large guns, two quick-firers and a number of prisoners in the hands of the Albanians.

The Pretoria correspondent of Reuters' Telegram Company says that the number of prisoners captured by the Germans in the fight in the Warmbad district of Great Namaqualand, German Southwest Africa, on September 29, was 192. All are members of the South African Mounted Rifles.

London, Oct. 4, 11.35 p. m.—"It is officially stated here," says the Exchange Telegraph Company's Petrograd correspondent, "that the fighting in a glorious Russian victory. The enemy is in disorderly retreat toward the East Prussian frontier."

"The Russian troops have shown exceptional bravery and persistence and are pursuing the enemy who abandoned in their retreat cars, guns, stores and wounded."

"On the left bank of the Vistula and in Galicia there is no change in the situation."

## START REBUILDING AT CENTREVILLE WITHIN FORTNIGHT

Special to The Standard.  
Fredericton, Oct. 4.—J. B. Dargatz, secretary for agriculture has returned from Centreville where he went following the disastrous fire there in which he was one of the heaviest losers.

He places total loss in fire at about \$40,000 and \$45,000, and says that about \$20,000 of the amount will be covered by insurance. The firm of Delong & Clark in which he is the principal stockholder, have already arranged for the construction of a new building, probably of concrete, to take the place of their store, warehouse and bank of Nova Scotia buildings which were destroyed, and building operations will be started within ten days.

At Victoria Hospital tonight it was stated that the condition of Miss Thompson, the ten-year-old Assyrian girl shot yesterday by a newboy playmate, Hamie Mosey, while the latter was playing with a revolver at Gibson, remains unchanged, and she is hovering between life and death.



# VICTORY

## October Specials Med Millinery

Exceptional values, with exclusive designs, from the most famous French and American millinery style creators, form the outstanding features of our offerings for the opening days of the present month. The variety is unusually large, and, we have never shown better values at the prices, which range from \$4.00 upwards.

MILLINERY COMPANY  
and 5 Charlotte Street

## WHAT WE DO

Flat Work; Wet Wash;  
Dry Cleansing; Pressing;  
Sewing; Feather Bed and Pillow  
Renovating, etc., etc.

## MR'S LAUNDRY

Carpet Cleaning Works, Ltd.  
28-44 WATERLOO ST.

## Hearts' Imperial Today!

OF LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE'S STORY!  
Friday and Saturday Will Be Able to See Great  
Performance Today and Tuesday.

## JOYCE MARY PICKFORD'S BABY

Feature In Biograph's Home Drama  
"The One She Loved"

## "THE MUSICAL FARMYARD"

A HIT EVERYWHERE  
Vaudeville Novelty that Will Please  
Old and Young Alike.

## HEARST-SELIG WEEKLY

And the War News.

## DIERS OFF TO EUROPE!

Fifty Special Photographs of St.  
John Volunteers taken for the  
Imperial by Friends at Vauxhall.

## "The Count of Monte Cristo"

## Path of the Fast Express

SHOWING  
A REALLY TRULY  
TRAIN WRECK  
AND PRESENTING A  
Series of Thrilling  
Incidents  
ONLY TO BE FOUND IN  
"The Million  
Dollar Mystery"

## HOUSE THOMPSON-WOODS

STOCK CO.

## and All This Week

Wednesday, Friday & Saturday

## ROADWAY JONES

NIGHTS—25c, 35c, 50c.; Boxes, 75c.  
MATINEES—Adults, 25c.; Children 15c.

# The MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY

By HAROLD MAC GRATH

### \$10,000 FOR 100 WORDS.

"The Million Dollar Mystery" story will run for twenty-two consecutive weeks in this paper. By an arrangement with the Thanhouser Film company it has been made possible not only to read the story in this paper but also to see it each week in the various moving picture theatres. For the solution of this mystery story \$10,000 will be given by the Thanhouser Film corporation.

### CONDITIONS GOVERNING THE CONTEST.

The prize of \$10,000 will be won by the man, woman, or child who writes the most acceptable solution of the mystery, from which the last two reels of motion picture drama will be made and the last two chapters of the story written by Harold MacGrath.

Solutions may be sent to the Thanhouser Film corporation, either at Chicago or New York, any time up to midnight, Jan. 11. This allows several weeks after the last chapter has been published.

A board of three judges will determine which of the many solutions received is the most acceptable. The judges are to be Harold MacGrath, Lloyd Lonergan, and Miss Jean Tinsley. The judgment of this board will be absolute and final. Nothing of a literary nature will be considered in the decision, nor given any preference in the selection of the winner of the \$10,000 prize. The last two reels, which will give the most acceptable solution to the mystery, will be presented in the theaters having this feature as soon as it is possible to produce the same. The story corresponding to these motion pictures will appear in the newspapers coincidentally, or as soon after the appearance of the pictures as practicable. With the last two reels will be shown the pictures of the winner, his or her home, and other interesting features. It is understood that the newspapers, so far as practicable, in printing the last two chapters of the story by Harold MacGrath, will also show a picture of the successful contestant.

Solutions to the mystery must not be more than 100 words long. Here are some questions to be kept in mind in connection with the mystery as an aid to solutions:

No. 1.—What becomes of the \$10,000,000?  
No. 2.—Whom does Florence marry?  
No. 3.—What becomes of the Russian countess?

Nobody connected either directly or indirectly with "The Million Dollar Mystery" will be considered as a contestant.

### SYNOPSIS OF PREVIOUS CHAPTERS.

Stanley Hargrave, millionaire, after a miraculous escape from the den of the gang of brilliant thieves known as Black Hundred, lives the life of a recluse for eighteen years. Hargrave accidentally meets Braine, leader of the Black Hundred. Knowing Braine will try to get him, he escapes from his own home by a balloon. Before escaping he writes a letter to the girl school where eighteen years before he mysteriously left on the steamer his baby daughter, Florence Grey. That day Hargrave also drives one million dollars from the bank, but it is reported that this dropped into the sea where the balloon he escaped in was punctured.

Florence arrives from the girl school. Countess Olga, Braine's companion, visits her and claims to be a relative. Two bogus detectives call, but their plot is foiled by Norton, a newspaper man.

By helping the captain of the Orient Norton helps a trap for Braine and his gang. Countess Olga also visits the Orient captain and also falls into the reporter's snare. The plan proves abortive through Braine's good luck, and only halfings fall into the hands of the police.

After falling in their first attempt the Black Hundred trap Florence. They ask her for money, but she escapes, again foiling them.

Norton and the countess call on Florence the next day, once more safe at home. The visitors having a good time, Florence removes a section of flooring and from a cavity takes a box. Passed by members of the Black Hundred, he reaches to the water front and succeeds in dropping the box into the sea.

Countess Olga, seeking to break the engagement existing between Florence Hargrave and Norton, invites them both to her apartment and pretends to assist in the reporter's arms. Florence appears in the doorway just at the planned moment, and she gives Norton back his ring.

Accomplices of Braine succeed in kidnapping Florence while she is shopping and carry her off to sea. Norton receives a wireless letter informing him that the girl had leaped into the sea and been drowned.

Florence is picked up in a dazed condition by a party of fishermen. The Black Hundred locate her and Braine, disguised as her father, succeeds in taking her back to sea with him. Florence swims free to the boat and is rescued by a ship on which Norton has been abandoned.

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sign of weakness; and he dared not let even Susan see any sign of weakness in him.

So the reporter had found her, and she was safe and sound and on her way to New York? Knowing by this time something of the reporter's courage, he was eager to learn how the event had come about. When he had not heard a telephone message from Norton in forty-eight hours, he had decided that the Black Hundred had finally succeeded in getting hold of him. It had been something of a blow for while he looked with disfavour upon the reporter's frank regard for his charge, he appreciated the fact that Norton was a staff to lean on, and had behind him all the power of the press, which included the privilege of going everywhere even if one could not always get back.

As he folded the telegram and put it into his pocket, he observed the man with the opera glasses over the way. He shrugged. Well, let him watch till his eyes dropped out of his head; he would see only that which was intended for his eyes. Still, it was irksome to feel that no matter when or where you moved, watching eyes observed and chronicled these movements.

Suddenly, not being devoid of a sense of dry humor, Jones stepped over to the telephone and called up her highness the Princess Perigot.

He was forced to admit, however reluctantly, that the woman had a marvellously fine speaking voice.

"It is Jones, madam."

"Jones?"

"Mr. Hargrave's butler, madam."

"Oh! You have news of Florence?"

"Yes." It will be an embarrassing day for humanity when some one invents a photographic apparatus by which two persons at the two ends of the telephone can observe the facial expressions of each other.

"What is it? Tell me quickly."

"Florence has been found, and she is on her way back to New York. She was found by Mr. Norton, the reporter."

"I am so glad! Shall I come up at once and have you tell me the whole amazing story?"

"It would be useless, madam, for I know nothing except what I learned from a telegram I have just received. But no doubt some time this evening you might risk a call."

"Ring up the instant she returns. Did she say what train?"

"No, madam," lied Jones, smiling.

He hung up the receiver and stared at the telephone as if he would force his gaze in and through it to the woman at the other end. Flash and blood! Well, greed was stronger than that. Treacherous cat! Let her play; let her weave her nets, dig her pits. The day would come, and it was not far distant, when she would find that the mild-eyed monsignor was just as deadly as the cobra, and far more cunning.

The heads of the Black Hundred must be destroyed. Those were the orders. What good to denounce them, to send them to a prison from which, with the aid of money and a tremendous secret political gull, they might readily find their way out? They must be exterminated, as one kills off the poisonous plague rats of the orient. A woman in the law of reprisal there was no sex.

Shortly after the telephone episode (which rather puzzled the princess) she received a wire from Braine, which announced the fact that Florence and five had escaped and were coming to New York on train No. 25, and advising her to meet the train en route. She had to fly about to do it.

When Capt. Bannock released Braine, he had been in no enviable frame of mind. Tricked, fooled by the girl, whose gold was as unclouded as his own. She had succeeded in bribing a coal stoker, and had taken him unawares. The man had done as he had laid out for her on shore, and never suspected. He had not recognized Norton at all. It was only when Bannock explained the history of the abandoned Norton! He must be pushed off the board. After this episode he could no longer keep up the pretense of being friendly. Norton, by a rare stroke of luck, had forced him out into the open. So be it. Self-preservation is in no wise looked upon as criminal. The law may have its ideas about it, but the individual recognizes no law but his own. It was Braine whom he loved and admired, or Norton whom he hated as a dog with rabies hates water. With Norton true, he would cover again dare return to New York openly. This meddling reporter aimed at his case and elegance.

He left the freighter as soon as a boat could carry him ashore. The fugitives would make directly for the railroad, and thither he went at top speed, to arrive ten minutes too late.

"Free!" said Florence, as the train began to increase its speed.

Norton reached over and patted her hand. Then he sat back with a sudden shock of dismay. He dived a hand into a pocket, and another and another. The price of the telegram he had sent to Jones was all he had had in the world; and he had borrowed that from a friendly stoker. In the excitement he had forgotten all about such a contingency as the absolute need of money.

"Florence, I'm afraid we're going to have



trouble with the conductor when he comes."

"Why?"

He pulled out his pockets suggestively. "Not a postage stamp. They'll put us off at the next station. And," with a glance in the little mirror between the two windows, "I shouldn't blame them a bit." He was unshaven, he was wearing the suit substituted for his own; and Florence, sartorially, was not much better off.

She smiled, blushed, stood up, and turned her back to him. Then she sat down again. In her hand she held a small dilapidated roll of banknotes.

"I had them with me when they abducted me," she said. "Besides, this ring is worth something."

"Thank the Lord!" he exclaimed, relievedly.

So there was nothing more to do but be happy; and happy they were. They were quite oblivious to the peculiar interest they aroused among the other passengers. This unshaven young man, in his ragged coat and soiled jersey; this beautiful young girl, in a wrinkled homespun, her glorious blonde hair awry; and the way they looked at each other during those lulls in conversation, impressed the other passengers with the idea that something very unusual had happened to these two.

The Pullman conductor was not especially polite; but money was money, and the stockholder, waiting for their dividends, made it impossible for him to reject it. The regular conductor paid them no more attention than to grumble over changing a \$20 bill.

So, while these two were hurrying on to New York, the plotters were hurrying east to meet them. The two twins met and stopped at the same station about eighty miles from New York. The princess, accompanied by Vroom, who kept well in the background, entered the car occupied by the two castaways.

In the mirror at the rear of the car Norton happened to cast an idle glance, and he saw the princess. Vroom, however, escaped his eye.

"Be careful, Florence!" he said. "The princess is in the car. The game begins again. Pretend that you suspect nothing. Pretty quick work on their part. And that's all the more reason why we should play the comedy well. Here she comes. She will recognize you, throw her arms around you, and show all manner of offensiveness. Just keep your head and play the game."

"She hid about you to me?"

"No matter."

"About three miles."

"I'll give you twenty dollars for the use of that rig of yours."

"Can't do it, mister."

"But it's a case of humanity, sir!" indignantly. "You are refusing to aid the unfortunate."

The farmer thought it over for a moment. "All right. You can have the buggy for twenty dollars. When you get to the village take the tag to Doc Sanders' livery. He'll know what to do."

"Thank you. Help me in with her."

Vroom drove away without the least intention of going toward the village. As a result, when Florence came to her senses she found herself surrounded by strange and ominous faces. At first she thought that they had taken her from the wreck out of kindness; but when she saw the cold, impassive face of the man Vroom she closed her eyes and lay back in the chair. Well, ill and weak as she was, she should find that she was not without a certain strength.

In the meantime Norton revived and looked about in vain for Florence. He searched among the crowd of terrified passengers, the burly and the emaciated, but she was not to be found. He ran back to the princess and helped her out of the broken car.

"Where is Florence?" she asked dazedly.

"God knows! Here, come over and sit down by the fence till I see if there is a field telephone."

They had already erected one, and his message went off with a batch of others. This time he was determined not to trust to chance. The shock may have brought back Florence's recent mental disorder, and she may have wandered off without knowing what she was doing. On the other hand, she may have been carried off. And against such a contingency he must be fortified. Money! The curse of God was upon it; it was the trail of the serpent, spreading poison in its wake.

By and by the princess was able to walk; and, supporting her, he led her to the road, along which they walked slowly for at least an hour. They might very well have waited for the relief train. But he could not stand the thought of inactivity. The princess had her choice of staying behind or going with him. He hated the woman, but he could not refuse her aid. She had a cut on the side of her head, and she limped besides.

They stopped at the first farmhouse, explained what had happened, and the mistress urged them to enter. She, she had seen no one, and certainly not a young woman. She must have wandered off in another direction. She ran into the kitchen for a basin and towel and proceeded to patch the princess' burns.

She was extremely uneasy. That she should be under obligation to Norton galled her. There was a spark of conscience left in her soul. She had tried to destroy him, and he had been kind to her. Was he a fool or was he deep, playing a game as shrewd as her own? She could not tell. Where was Vroom? Had he carried Florence off?

An hour later a man came in.

"Hullo! More folks from the wreck?"

"Where's the horse and buggy, Jake?" his wife asked.

"Rented it to a man whose daughter was hurt. He went to the village."

"Will you describe the daughter?" asked Norton.

The princess twisted her fingers.

The farmer rudely described Florence.

"Have you another horse and a saddle?"

"What's your hurry?"

"I'll tell you later. What I want now is the horse."

"What is it because of me?" asked the princess.

"You will be in good hands," he answered

briefly. "I am going to find out what has become of Florence. In three deserted farmhouse hereabouts!" he asked of the farmer.

"Not that I recollect."

"Why, yes, there is, Jake. There's that old but about two miles up the fork," volunteered the wife. "Where the Swedes died last winter."

"By Jingo! I'm going into the village and see if that man brought in the rig."

"But get my horse first. My name is James Norton, and I am on the Star in New York. Which way do I go?"

"First turn to the left. Come on; I'll get the horse for you."

Once the horse was saddled, Norton set off at a run. He was unarmed; he forgot all about this fact. His one thought was to find the woman he loved. He was not afraid of meeting a dozen men, not while his present fury lasted.

And he fell into an ambush within a hundred yards of his goal. They dragged him off the horse and buffeted and mishandled him into the hut.

"Both of them!" said Vroom, rubbing his hands.

"I know you, you Russian rat!" cried Norton. "And if I ever get out of this I'll kill you out of hand! Damn you!"

"O, yes; talk, talk; but it never hurts any one," jeered Vroom. "You'll never have the chance to kill me out of hand, as you say. Besides, do you know my face?"

"I do. The mask doesn't matter. You're the man who had me shanghaied. The voice is enough."

"Very good. That's what I wished to know. That's your death warrant. We'll do it like they used to do it at the old Academy; the you to the railroad track. We shall not hurt you at all. If some engine runs over you heaven is witness we did not guide the engine. Remember the story of the boy and the cat?" with sinister amiability. "The boy said he wasn't pulling the cat's tail, he was only holding it; the cat did the pulling. Bring him along, men. Time is precious, and we have a good deal to do before night settles down. Come on with him. The track is only a short distance."

"Jim, Jim!" cried Florence in anguish.

"Never you mind, girl; they're only bluffing. They won't dare."

"You think so?" said Vroom. "Well and see." He turned upon Florence. "He is your lover. Do you wish him to die?"

"No, no!"

"We promise to give him his freedom twelve hours from now on condition that you tell where that money is."

"Florence?" warned Norton.

Vroom struck him on the mouth. "Be silent, you scum!"

"It is in the chest Jones, the butler, three into the sound," she said bravely. And so it might be, for all she knew.

Vroom laughed. "We know about where that is."

"Florence, say nothing on my account. They are not the kind of men who keep their word."

"Oh?" snarled Vroom. "We'll see about that." He glanced at his watch. "In half an hour the freight comes along. It may become stalled at the wreck. But it will serve."

Norton knew very well that if need said must they would not hesitate to execute a melodramatic plan of this character. It was the way of the Slav; they had to make crime abnormal in order to enjoy it. They could very well have knocked him on the head there and there and have done with him. But the time used in conveying him to the railroad might prove his salvation. Nearly four hours had passed since the sending of the telegram to Jones.

They bound Florence and left her seated in the chair. As soon as they were gone she rolled to the floor. She was able to right herself to her knees, and after a torturous five minutes reached the fireplace. She burned her hands and wrists, but the blade was the only knife obtainable. She was free.

Jones arrived with half a dozen policemen. Vroom alone escaped.

The butler caught Florence in his arms and nearly crushed the breath out of her. And she was so glad to see him that she kissed him half a dozen times. What if he was her father's butler? He was brave and loyal and kind.

"They tied him to the track," she cried.

"Look at my wrists!" The butler did so, and kissed them tenderly. "And I saved him."

Jones stretched out a hand over Florence's shoulder. "When the time comes, my master's enemies are confounded. But always the roots, never the hawks, do we catch. God bless you, Norton! I don't know what I should have done without you!"

"When a chap's in love," began Norton, embarrassedly.

"I know, I know," interrupted Jones. "The second relief train is waiting. Let us hurry back. I shan't feel secure till we are once more in the house."

So, arm in arm, the three of them went down the tracks to the hand car which had brought the police.

And now for the iron bound chest at the bottom of the sea.

[To be continued.]



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**HAMPTON DONATIONS TO BELGIAN RELIEF FUND**

Hampton, Oct. 2.—Thirteen packing cases of food and clothing were shipped today from Hampton to Nova Scotia to the Belgian Relief Committee, the following ladies and gentlemen contributing:

Mrs. Hutchings, Mrs. A. Dickson, Mrs. Jane Smith, Miss Bailey, Miss McNaught, Mrs. John Snodgrass, Mrs. W. Gilliland, Mrs. J. C. Mortimer, Mrs. W. Robinson, Miss M. Robertson, Mrs. R. G. Fiewelling, Mrs. A. H. Chipman, Miss Howard, Mrs. Allan Schofield, Mrs. Roy Campbell, Miss Mary Adams, Mrs. Beard, Mrs. Logan, Miss Wright, Mrs. E. Fowler, Mrs. Adams, Mrs. Dann, Mrs. George McAvity, Miss Fowler, Mrs. A. W. Hicks, Miss J. Fleming, Miss Cochran, Mrs. W. S. Morrison, Mrs. J. Slipp, Mrs. S. H. Fiewelling, Miss Martha Calvin, Mrs. Harry Schofield, Miss Frances Fairweather, Miss Travis, Mrs. C. J. Mesereau, Miss Carrie Smith, Mrs. Tyson Barnes, Mrs. Louise McDonough, Mrs. A. W. Sharpe, Mrs. Fred Sprout, Mrs. Joseph McManus, Miss M. Oty, Miss Currie, Mrs. I. Campbell, Mrs. J. E. Angerville, Mrs. Curd, Mrs. Coates, Miss Florie Smith, Mrs. O. N. Chtman, Mrs. Noble Beatty, Mrs. A. B. Smith, Mrs. M. Barnes, Mrs. J. Wm. Smith, Miss Duke, Mrs. H. H. Smith, Mrs. John Frost, Mrs. W. H. Fovnes, Mrs. Mildred Walker, Mrs. John McAvity, Mrs. Cummings, Mrs. Trueman Alward, Mrs. T. Wm. Barnes, Mrs. J. J. Ryan, Mrs. John Vaughan, Mrs. George Langstroth, Mrs. Cecil March, Mrs. J. Crandall, Mrs. G. M. McCurdy, Mrs. F. M. Humphrey, Mrs. G. M. Wilson, Mrs. H. H. Scovill, Miss Eida Smith, G. & G. Fiewelling Mfg. Co., Lewis French Mercantile Co., R. H. Smith's, A. B. Smith's, J. Wm. Smith's, Chief Justice McLeod, Rev. A. C. Fenwick, Dr. Warnford, Mr. Harry Cowan, Dr. Smith, Mr. Oty Barnes, Mrs. H. J. Fowler, Mrs. W. Robinson, Miss Ritchie, Dr. Wetmore.

**HOTEL ARRIVALS.**  
Victoria.

James Gilchrist, Geo. R. Crooby, Blomfield; L. C. Dalgle, Moncton; W. D. Keith, Kenneth W. Keith, Hartland; J. W. Lucas, Edmonston; A. B. Creamer

**ROYAL YEAST**  
MAKES PERFECT BREAD

**GERMANY HAS DESERTED THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION**

Has set up a religion of force that must be beaten down, Rev. J. A. Morrison in forceful sermon speaks of war situation—Prayers for Peace in all churches in the United States.

In Carleton Methodist Church, last evening, Rev. J. A. Morrison, D. D., delivered another sermon of the series on the European war which he took his text from St. James, 3: 17-18, which says: "But the wisdom that is from above is first pure, then peaceable, and the fruit of righteousness is sown in peace."

His address was as follows:

It is surely a splendid testimony to the Christian spirit of the United States that its chief executive, Woodrow Wilson, clothed with all the power and influence of his position as President of the greatest commonwealth in the world, in the legitimate exercise of his high office has called upon his nation of almost one hundred million people to set apart this Sunday, the fourth day of October, as a day of special supplication and has requested the citizens to unite in prayer to God for the peace of the nations of Europe, now at war.

Woodrow Wilson, who in private life has long been known as a Christian gentleman, during his brief term of office as President of the United States, has revealed many of those qualities of statesmanship which have only been accorded to the noblest rulers and he has by various acts proved himself to be one of the wisest leaders that, in the long history of mankind, have ever appeared among men.

Today, throughout every State of the Union and in every church where its people meet to worship, in response to this call of the President, prayers for the return of peace to the warring nations are being offered up to God. Catholic and non-Catholic, Jew and Gentile, all, without regard to creed or rite or ceremonial, throughout the length and breadth of that land of hope and glory are united in this act of devotion.

In addressing this appeal to the faith and devotion of the American people, Mr. Morrison, in his address, pressed to the soul of that nation over which he presides.

It is coming to be more and more widely recognized that the national consciousness of these United States stands for justice and a square deal and this is the reason why all the warring nations have, by communication or deputation, endeavored to persuade the American statesmen and citizens that the acts done by them leading up to and during this war have all been justified.

Every one of these warring nations has desired to secure the moral approval of the American people, realizing that their national consciousness demands justice. No less a few of the spirit of the American people stand for peace.

Many attempts have been made of recent years to ensure peace between the nations—but up to the present time none of these well-meant efforts has proved successful.

As I write there lies before me on my desk a volume bearing the title *Der Friede Und Die Kirchen* (Peace and the Churches).

It is the souvenir volume of the visit to England of the representatives of the German Christian churches, May 26th to June 3rd, 1908, including the visit to Scotland, June 3rd to 7th, 1908.

This book was compiled at the request of many friends of peace, both in England and Germany, who united to make the visit of the representatives of the German Christian churches to England so conspicuous a success.

This movement of the Christian churches of England and Germany, of six years ago, which presented so many noble and hopeful features, the averting of which was not borne that fruitage which was hoped for and prayed for.

However, the earnest work done at that time has not been all in vain. The distinguished president of this never-to-be-forgotten conference, J. Allen Baker, Esq., M. P., writing me to Chicago, where I was then living, said: "For the first time in the world's history, Catholic and Protestant in fact, every section of the Christian church in one great country have visited their conferees in another with the express object of promoting peace. No less a few of this example is one which many of us hope may be followed by other countries."

And then Mr. Baker continues, "And this is the point to which I would particularly ask your attention since it has a direct bearing upon the peace spirit of the United States, to which I have referred. He asks: 'Why not a great world conference on this subject, with the United States taking the lead?' I am writing to Dr. Benjamin Trueblood, American Peace Society, Boston, and to Dr. Murray Butler, Columbia University, New York, on the subject. Can't you write also, backing up the idea?"

In closing he added, these rather significant words—"We look to the United States to lead in these great world movements."

In these words, Mr. Baker, as organizer and president of this London, 1908, conference between the church leaders of Germany and England, indicated his confidence in the service which the United States could render to the cause of International Peace.

In entertaining this opinion six years ago, in 1908, I believe he was abundantly justified for the reason that among the great world powers the United States occupies a unique position, both in the complexion of her peoples and in her location upon the western continent. She is practically a brotherhood of forty-eight nations—of peoples diverse and drawn from almost every nation in the world, and yet all presenting the happy position, both in the complexion of her peoples and in her location upon the western continent. She is practically a brotherhood of forty-eight nations—of peoples diverse and drawn from almost every nation in the world, and yet all presenting the happy position, both in the complexion of her peoples and in her location upon the western continent.

Not only so, but dividing this North American continent with a sister nation, she has lived in peaceful neighborly relationship with her for one hundred years, with never a fort or block house to be found along the entire 4,000 miles of the dividing line.

If, then, the national consciousness of the United States, I mean that splendid soul of hers, which echoes justice and breathes peace, if, I say, by reason of her personality and position, she as a nation is constituted to become the apostle of international peace, it is legitimate to ask: In what manner shall she accomplish this task? Or, in other words: What is the United States doing and what is she able to do as the apostle of international peace?

In reply I would submit that per-

haps the most arresting action that has been taken by the United States is the President's present call to prayer for European peace. Now it just happens, however, that this proclamation of a day of prayer for peace has met with various receptions at the hands of different classes of people. For example, one exclaims: "I don't believe in it. It is too late to do any good." Another says: "The world does not want this war ended until this Prussian disease which has infected the whole life of Germany and which has made her dangerous to the civilization of the world has completely been eradicated."

"Pray for peace! Not at all, not until Kaiserism and Neitzscheism and Bernhardism has been eliminated from Europe; till then, let not men pray for peace, but let them pray for victory for the arms of the allies."

I have carefully read President Wilson's call to prayer for peace and I see in it not only the marks of a great heart and of a reverent soul but also the marks of a statesman and a masterful teacher of men. A man like Woodrow Wilson who has devoted his life to the great work of teaching in which he has proved himself a conspicuous success, cannot be imagined to have forgotten his life-long habit now that he sits in the presidential chair. He well understands that truth is mighty and shall prevail, and he well knows that so long as wrong ideas and erroneous conceptions are abroad in the world there can be no peace but only and forever that significant lull which presages the storm.

He well knows that from every church today throughout the United States in which prayers for peace are offered, worshippers shall return to their homes, men women and children too, asking this question, viz: "What is it that caused this war?"

And the only answer that shall prove adequate to explain this strange and brutal conflict shall be that which the representative thinkers in the United States—whether preachers or professors or editors—are unequivocally offering, viz, that this war was made in Germany and that its conception was due to too much Kaiserism and to too much Kruppism, and that this hellish Kaiserism and this brutal Kruppism had gained and exercised an all but hypnotic control over the German mind, through the un-Christian teachings of Neitzsche and the subversive writings of Von Bernhardi.

As one result then of this national call to prayer for peace, the citizens of the United States shall learn that the cause of Germany's warlike mood and most unjustifiable conduct was that for a generation past the philosophy of "might is right" or the right of the overman to crush the weak has been taught in all the Prussian universities and has as a result actually in-

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Here is another letter, which tells of the cure of a five-week-old baby: Mrs. Wallace Magon, River John Road, Colchester County, N. S., writes:—"My little girl took eczema when she was five weeks old. Though we doctored her until she was nearly a year old, she got no better. I was advised to try Dr. Chase's Ointment, and this treatment completely cured her."

**M'CALL, REPUBLICAN CHOICE FOR GOVERNOR**

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 3.—Without a single discordant note to mar the harmony of the proceedings, the Republican Convention of Massachusetts today adopted its platform for the 1914 campaign and endorsed Samuel W. McCall, of Winchester, as its candidate for governor.

**MARTINIQUE SHAKEN BY AN EARTHQUAKE**

Fort De France, Island of Martinique, Oct. 3.—A strong earthquake shock was experienced here at 11 minutes past one o'clock this afternoon. The direction was from north to south and the tremors lasted for thirty seconds. No damage was done.

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STANDARD, OCTOBER 5, 1914.

What I mean is this, that God, for the most part, uses men and women to fulfil His purposes on earth. The world owes all that is best in its religion and in its life to "men of like mind" (Continued on page 6)

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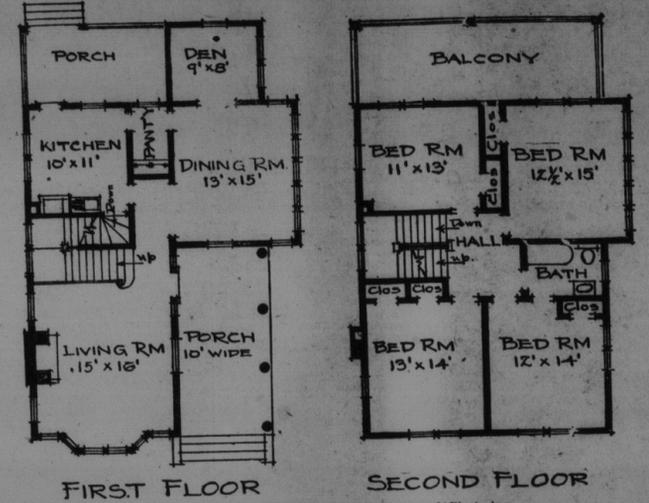
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 For particulars and purchase price, apply to L. P. D. Tilley, Solicitor, Pugaley Building, St. John, N. B.

**PATRIOTIC FUND**  
 Fund a cheque for \$50 sent to that paper by J. Fred Belyas, of Carleton. Mr. Allan has received a collection of \$72 from Lancaster, as follows:  
 John McCavour ..... \$2.00  
 Wm. H. Cunningham ..... 50  
 Wm. T. Cunningham ..... 1.00  
 James Knox ..... 50  
 Elvin Knox ..... 50  
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 Wesley Cunningham ..... 50  
 Mrs. James Ferguson ..... 1.00  
 Mrs. Thos. Wilson ..... 1.00  
 Joe Galbraith ..... 1.00  
 Mrs. Samuel Ferguson ..... 1.00  
 Mrs. James McCavour ..... 1.00  
 Richard Evans ..... 1.00  
 Mrs. H. S. Bridges ..... 50  
 The Globe on Saturday handed C. E. Allan, secretary of the Patriotic



This is a very simple design—one of the kind that looks as if it had grown where it is built, and essentially homelike. In some places it will cost less than the estimate if building is cheap, because it is so simply planned.  
 There is a large piazza with heavy columns, and from it we enter a pretty living room lighted by a triple window. There is a fireplace in this room. The dining room has one end all windows and connects directly with the pantry and kitchen. On the second floor are four good bed rooms and a bath, all with fine closets. Foundation of stone, brick or concrete.  
 Following is the itemized cost of construction:  
 Excavation ..... \$100  
 Stonework ..... 175  
 Carpenter work ..... 800  
 Plastering ..... 550  
 Brickwork ..... 325  
 Millwork ..... 900  
 Lumber ..... 300  
 Painting and Glazing ..... 300  
 Plumbing, etc. .... 300  
 Hardware ..... 30  
 Hot air heating ..... 150  
 Range ..... 40  
 Total ..... \$4,480  
 Clyde Smith Adams, Architect.

**Study these plans and read the announcements of business houses appearing on this page. Then act.**

- |                                     |                                |                              |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| John Maguire ..... 50               | Robt. J. McKee ..... 1.00      | Mary Evans ..... 1.00        |
| Mrs. M. Driscoll ..... 1.00         | W. J. Galbraith ..... 1.00     | George Ferguson ..... 1.00   |
| Walter G. Evans ..... 1.00          | W. T. Galbraith ..... 1.00     | Samuel Wilson ..... 1.00     |
| Thos. Cunningham ..... 1.00         | S. F. Galbraith ..... 50       | Mrs. John Wilson ..... 1.00  |
| Nat. Marquis ..... 1.00             | James K. McAllister ..... 1.00 | William Wilson ..... 1.00    |
| Harvey Evans ..... 1.00             | Millford McAllister ..... 1.00 | Wm. J. Ewart ..... 1.00      |
| William Steves ..... 1.00           | Samuel Reed ..... 1.00         | John Galbraith ..... 1.00    |
| C. P. Hamm ..... 1.00               | M. K. Galbraith ..... 1.00     | Andy Galbraith ..... 50      |
| David Evans ..... 1.00              | S. Evans ..... 1.00            | George Wilson ..... 1.00     |
| W. T. Penny ..... 50                | Theo. Evans ..... 50           | Robt. Baird ..... 1.00       |
| Willie Downey ..... 1.00            | Ed. A. Galbraith ..... 50      | Andy Wilson ..... 1.00       |
| John Ferguson ..... 1.00            | Edmund Wilson ..... 1.00       | Miss Sadie Odell ..... 50    |
| Robert Ferguson ..... 50            | H. E. Galbraith ..... 1.00     | Jas. H. Galbraith ..... 1.00 |
| Mrs. Thos. H. Galbraith ..... 2.00  | Geo. Dalsell ..... 1.00        |                              |
| Friends ..... 4.50                  | Stephen McCavour ..... 1.00    |                              |
| M. K. Galbraith ..... 50            | T. J. Galbraith ..... 1.00     |                              |
| Geo. H. Galbraith ..... 50          | W. J. Wilson ..... 1.00        |                              |
| Mrs. Wallace Galbraith ..... 50     | S. R. Wenn ..... 1.00          |                              |
| J. J. Galbraith ..... 1.00          | Albert Wilson ..... 50         |                              |
| Harry Galbraith ..... 1.00          | Thos. Galbraith ..... 50       |                              |
| James Reid ..... 1.00               | Herbert Galbraith ..... 50     |                              |
| Alexander McAllister, sr ..... 1.00 | Walter Wilson ..... 50         |                              |
| William K. McAllister ..... 1.00    | James Wilson ..... 1.00        |                              |
|                                     | Thomas Wilson ..... 1.00       |                              |

**CASTORIA**  
 For Infants and Children.  
**Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson**  
**Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA**  
 Exact Copy of Wrapper.

**GERMANY HAS DESERTED THE CHRISTIAN RELIGION**  
 (Continued from page 5)  
 passions with ourselves" whom God has used as the instruments of His Holy Will.  
 The United States citizens are to-day praying for the outpouring of the spirit of peace, and as of olden time, the answer to these prayers may not come in any miraculous outpouring of the Spirit of God upon the world at large, but rather the outpouring of the Spirit of God upon the praying hosts of the American nation and they themselves, now well informed as to the causes of this war, shall set themselves earnestly to remove these causes. We shall, as the result of this national day of prayer throughout the United States, expect to see within that land a new campaign organized—a campaign which will in no way prejudice that nation's neutrality. I mean a campaign for Germany's enlightenment.  
 By these prayers, God is calling the United States to fulfil her duty as a great prophet nation and to publish to Germany and to the world that there can never be peace so long as there is wrong and unrighteousness. By these prayers God is calling upon the German Americans—upon those splendid people whose abilities and energy have added so vastly to the wealth and influence of the United States—God is calling upon them to publish to their own kith and kin in Germany that they have been badly deceived by their leaders, and that the largest and freest life of a nation is not to be attained by crushing down the weak, but rather by raising up the fallen.  
 By these prayers God is calling upon the American nation, through its churches and universities, to proclaim to the churches and universities of the Fatherland there can be no peace for that people who have cast aside the teaching of the Christ and His Golden Rule, and in its stead have adopted the teaching of Nietzsche and his "rule of the overman."  
 By these prayers God is calling upon the people of the United States to become, like their President, a great world teacher and to teach to Germany as no other nation can hope to become. Like their President, a great world teacher and to teach to Germany, and to persuade her that the wisdom which is from above is first pure, then peaceable, and that always

and everywhere the fruits of righteousness are sown in peace.  
 For this splendid leadership, at the present time, we must look to the United States for obvious reasons, and until the Prussian mind shall have repented and made restitution, this war must go on and England, with the other allied forces, must fight it through, bearing the awful burden of this battle for the world's peace, and until Germany shall have learned to practise Christian morality, so long as she persists in her brutal purpose to beat up the world and grind its peoples beneath her juggernaut of force, there can be no other way open to liberty-loving peoples but to set gun against gun, horse against horse, man against man, and nation against nation.

**TO a burglar the name Yale on a front door means "nothing doing."** To the householder it means that comfortable sense of security which comes from the knowledge that a Yale lock is burglar-proof.  
 Let us show you our assortment of Yale Locks. You can choose the particular lock that will meet your requirements.  
**W. H. Thorne & Co., Ltd.**  
 Market Square and King Street

**MURRAY AND GREGORY LTD.**  
 St. John, N. B.  
**PLATE GLASS AND MIRRORS**  
 FOR BATH ROOMS, HALLS AND STAIR WINDOWS  
**—ART GLASS—**  
 Costs less than Blinds and Curtains—Will last longer and enriches any home

**"LINABESTOS"**  
 The only Fireproof Interior Lining Board manufactured. Safer, cleaner and more economical than Lath and Plaster.  
 LINABESTOS is FIREPROOF and MOISTURE proof. LINABESTOS makes a splendid beam and ceiling finish and is particularly adapted for wainscoting, KITCHENS, BATHROOMS, HALLWAYS, etc.  
 It is easily applied—will take paint or tint, giving a most pleasing effect.  
**J. C. BERRIE**  
 Phone Main 715 48 Princess Street, St. John

**How You Can Use Beaver Board**  
 Beaver Board is ideal for walls and ceilings in new houses. It is unsurpassed for remodeling rooms, as old or unsightly walls and ceilings can be quickly transformed into durable artistic ones. Beaver Board is unsurpassed for walls and ceilings in homes, public buildings, theatres, stores, offices, factories, etc. It is also excellent for rest exhibitions. Barren attics or cellars can be converted into comfortable rooms or may be remodeled to be utilised as play rooms, work shops, etc.  
**Schofield Paper Co., Ltd.**  
 Distributing Agents  
 Watch this space for further information.

**WE WILL BUILD**  
 FROM THIS PLAN FROM YOUR PLAN FROM OUR OWN PLANS  
 Any Style of House You May Require, with Workmanship and Materials Guaranteed.  
 in one or other of the choicest localities in or about St. John, such as De Mont's Street, on the West Side, an ideal residential district.  
**PRICES MODERATE TERMS OF PAYMENT EASY.**  
**The Fenton Land and Building Co.**  
 Robinson Building - St. John

**TRANSCONTINENTAL IS NEARLY COMPLETED**  
 Ottawa, Oct. 2.—The National Transcontinental Railway will be finished and ready for operation the first of next month. The Quebec bridge is, of course, the unfinished link, but pending its completion a first class car ferry is to be operated. A rearrangement of the terms of operation of the Winnipeg to Moncton section is said to be pending.  
**Raleton-Kilcollins.**  
 Mrs. Martha Kilcollins, of Summerfield, and Mr. William M. Raleton, of Woodstock, were married on Sept. 30 in the Methodist church at Summerfield by Rev. George A. Ross.

**BANK OF E**  
**RETURN**  
 Has not been advantage conferred upon of Bank A

New York, Oct. 2.—The proportion of the character of the Bank returns. With the Oct. disbursements and with the termination of the month on October 4th, the bank was to be a trifling reduction on the bank return is a points to a rapid normal conditions.  
 Whatever else the \$770,000 in circulation indicates an improvement in the trade. It is worth attention also to the fact of England has, so far, pulled to resort to the Bank Act of 1844. The Treasury have made a decision in public deposits, to private deposits.  
 The increase in the items of less than \$200,000, more than \$200,000, increase of the two "loans" of \$25,137,000.  
 The increase of 2,470,000 is excellent at the quarterly disbursement, a considerable decrease in the increase of \$1,244,000 in that London still controls gold market, and that no necessity to draw out further increase in the reserve to liabilities.  
 much to hope that a minimum discount rate present still somewhat cent will be seen in the especially in the report of the allied armies is a matter of record it may

**World's**  
**MINIATURE ALM**  
 October Phase of the Full moon ..... 4th Last quarter ..... 12th New moon ..... 19th First quarter ..... 25th

Day of week	Sun	Sun	Sun	Sun	Sun	Sun
1 Mon	6.31	5.53	.....	12	.....	.....
2 Tue	6.22	5.51	0.30	13	.....	.....
3 Wed	6.14	5.49	0.20	14	.....	.....
4 Thu	6.05	5.48	1.47	15	.....	.....

**VESSELS IN PORT**  
 Steamers  
 Hero, 108, .....  
 Reapwell, 2,192, W. M. Mohr  
 Schoner's Net City  
 Charles C. Lister, 266, R. Starr  
 Clifford I. White, 260, .....  
 Ella M. Storer, 426, .....  
 George E. Kopp, 207, .....  
 Harry W. Lewis, 237, Starr  
 Hartney W. 271, George D. Hunter, 187, D. J. Purdy,  
 Lavoyan, 264, J. Willard S. Margaret May, Riley,  
 Nellie Eaton, 99, A. W. Ad. Orisombo, 150, Steinson & Foster Schultz, 373, A. W. A. Prichard, 99, A. W. Adams, Samuel Hubbard, 333, A. Warner Moore, 354, Starr.

**ARRIVED FROM BAR**  
 The barquentine Ethel arrived in port yesterday morning from Barbados, where she was chartered to L. G. Crosby.

**STEAMER WITH P**  
 The Norwegian steamer 1,178 tons, arrived Saturday from Brunswick, Georgia, and is of pitch pine for J. A.

**WEST ISLAND SERV**  
 Royal Mail Packet Line, Capt. Lewis, sailed from Bermuda for St. John passengers and general cargo.

**DANGERS TO NAVIG**  
 Steamer Nelson, Philadelphia, Port Arthur, reports Oct. 1, in lat 54 34 N, lon 75 21 W, miles from Diamond Shoals, struck a submerged obstruction. Steamer Manchester (Br), reports Sept. 20, lat 54 54, passed two large and icebergs, from Belle Isle Island, twelve bars; thence by Island, continued to meet Steamer Conrad Mohr, reports Sept. 20, lat 43 40, passed an iceberg about 300 and 80 feet high.  
 Steamer Suffolk reports lat 54, lon 75, passed with topsails and jibboom, girding sails attached, from west with 2 feet of storm sea. The vessel was seen from schr Helen Mont, Steamer Robert M. Thon, reports Sept. 27, Charleston bearing N 14 W, many saw the boat 3 or 4 feet out apparently attached to str wreckage.  
 The Canadian Signal Service, as follows: Pointe St. Charles, Sept. 28, four bergs, and Sept. 28, four bergs.

THE WORLD OF FINANCE

MARK OF ENGLAND RETURN STRONG

Has not been forced to take advantage of privilege conferred under suspension of Bank Act of 1844.

New York, Oct. 3.—A trifling reduction in the proportion of reserve liabilities does not disguise the hopeful character of the Bank of England's return. With the October quarterly disbursements and more particularly with the termination of the moratorium on October 4th, a heavy drain on the bank was to be expected. But a trifling reduction only is shown, following consecutive improvement since the war began. In all other respects the bank return is a strong one, and points to a rapid resumption of normal conditions.

Whatever else the increase of £70,000,000 in circulation may mean, it indicates an improvement in general trade. It is worth while to call attention also to the fact that the Bank of England has, so far, not been compelled to resort to the inflationary policy of the suspension of the Bank Act of 1844. Expenditures by the Treasury have made a heavy reduction in public deposits, which has been transferred, in the natural course, to private deposits.

The increase in the two deposit items of less than £5,000,000, compared favorably with the net increase of the two loan items, "government securities" and "other securities" of £5,137,000. The increase of £470,000 in the reserve is excellent at the time of the quarterly disbursements, when a considerable decrease is usual. The increase of £1,244,000 in bullion shows that London still controls the world's gold market, and that Paris is under no necessity to draw upon her ally.

Next week will probably show a further increase in the proportion of reserves to liabilities. It is not too much to hope that a reduction of the minimum discount rate below the present still somewhat nominal 5 per cent. will be seen in the near future, especially if the reported success of the allied armies is confirmed. As a matter of record it may be said that

ORDERS COMING IN STATES HAD HIGH RECORD OF FAILURES

Will serve as back log to sustain the market when it reopens.

New York, Oct. 3.—Preparations for the resumption of activity on the Stock Exchange are far advanced. Many brokerage houses have seen the signs but have not appreciated their significance. Brokers talk of possible consequences of a flood of liquidation without opening their eyes to the fact that steps have already been taken to overcome it. Evidence of that is already on their own order books.

In present instances there is plenty of time for preparation. An appeal can be made to capitalists from whom the action had to be taken in limited period of time. There are thousands of people of comparatively large means who can be induced to buy a few thousand shares and they are being encouraged to put in buying orders.

Orders are piling up and will act as a back log to sustain the market when business is resumed. Those who are giving big orders want the stocks and what they buy will not come up on the market again for a considerable time. The street is being made accustomed to lower level of prices than that which prevailed at the end of July by declines occurring on New York Curb and which are producing beneficial effect of shaking out few weak holdings or compelling increased margin for speculation accounts.

Too much significance should not be attached to declines in New York Street where the market is made by those obliged to sell and where only small amount of stock could be bought. The systematic way in which the matter of rendering support is being handled will probably show a plan even in event of heavy foreign liquidation, a contingency in regard to which there is room for doubt.

The average proportion of reserve to liabilities for this week, in the past three years, is 49.4 per cent, and that the bullion holdings at the £25,915,000 are the largest on record.

STATES HAD HIGH RECORD OF FAILURES

Over twelve thousand for first nine months of year with total liabilities of \$271,918,021.

New York, Oct. 3.—Against the report of commercial failures in the United States for the first nine months of this year, as reported by R. G. Dun & Co., being 12,841 in number, with liabilities amounting to \$271,918,021. These figures show an increase when compared with the corresponding nine months of last year.

An analysis of the statistics according to the general classification shows 3,251 failures for 1914, as against 3,023 amounting to \$84,158,194 in the same lines last year. Suspensions in trading occupations numbered 9,031 with \$130,253,988 of liabilities, as compared with 8,216 failures in 1913. This year's liabilities are especially large in trading because of the heavy dry goods failures at the close of the second quarter. Among agents, brokers and similar concerns there were 839 failures, totalling \$47,433,176, while in this class last year the reverses numbered 474 with \$24,801,494 of liabilities.

For the third quarter of 1914 the number of failures, 4,497,000, with liabilities of \$77,118,290, are in excess of the figures for any corresponding quarter since this record has been kept, surpassing even the figures for the same quarter of 1913. The least favorable comparison as to number of insolvencies appears in the North Atlantic States, including New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, and the Pacific Coast States, where the increase in number is quite large. In the South and Central West there is also a somewhat larger number of insolvencies, but in New England and the Western States, a slight decrease in number appears. The proportion of failures in the amount in this year in due, as previously stated, to the unusual number of exceptionally heavy defaults, and by far the greater part of this increase is in New York, the headquarters of many of the large concerns.

The number of failures and amount of liabilities during the first nine months of this year in different sections of the country are compared below:

Table with columns: Number, Liabilities, 1914, 1913. Rows: New England, Middle, Central East, Central West, West, Pacific, U. S.

NINETY MILLIONS HAVE BEEN PLEDGED

Gold Pool in running order and selling exchange on London—Feeling of relief in foreign exchange market.

New York, Oct. 3.—Now that the gold pool is really working a feeling of relief is pronounced in the foreign exchange market. Rates, however, show little change from yesterday, although they are heavy, at \$4.96 for eight sterling and \$4.75 for cable transfers. The pool is selling exchange on London and the first shipment of the metal has been made to Ottawa. Added amounts will be sent from time to time. To date about \$90,000,000 has been pledged. This will not help the market for long bills for a day or two but it does give an opportunity to share eight bills by closing. Much interest attaches to yesterday's Bank of England exhibit as the amount of gold now held by it, \$52,928,694 (\$284,200,000), an increase of \$21,235,645 (\$8,267,000) for the week. It is the largest in the history of the institution. Prior to last week the Bank of England's stock of gold had never exceeded \$50,000,000 sterling. Since the first week in August the bank has gained more than \$25,000,000 in gold.

The "Old Lady of Threadneedle Street" certainly has been attending industriously to her knitting during the war and is piling up gold at a remarkable rate. Many Stock Exchange brokers report that buying orders are piling up largely at prices slightly under the closing prices in July. The committee in the South is helping the situation and the Western States report that orders to buy and sell listed stocks here and closing at \$8 per share or under may be submitted at the date. The Manchester report is that orders to buy and sell listed stocks here and closing at \$8 per share or under may be submitted at the date. The Manchester report is that orders to buy and sell listed stocks here and closing at \$8 per share or under may be submitted at the date.

Supervised trading in unlisted securities was more active in New York yesterday than at any time since the Stock Exchange opened a room to the outside security committee. Many of the market orders were reported and the market is said to be broadening. The New York market also showed more activity yesterday. American copper exports in September are reported as 16,838 tons against 15,776 tons in August, 34,145 tons in July and 34,214 tons in September last year. The total for the first nine months of 1914 is 283,030 tons, against 291,068 tons in the same time last year, 256,874 tons in 1912 and 244,327 tons in 1911.

WEDDINGS

Fitzpatrick-Harper. Jacksonville, Oct. 1.—The home of Mrs. J. F. Harper, Jacksonville, N. B., was the scene of a very pretty wedding today, when her eldest daughter, Miss Helen Elizabeth, was united in marriage to the Rev. Percy Fitzpatrick.

SHOE FACTORY WILL BE REBUILT

St. Stephen, Oct. 3.—The Town Council met last evening and took steps for the rebuilding of the shoe factory. Meanwhile, Ganong & Co. have offered the use of a part of the new street, when her eldest daughter, Miss Helen Elizabeth, was united in marriage to the Rev. Percy Fitzpatrick.

PRODUCE PRICES IN CANADIAN CENTRES

Montreal, Oct. 3.—CORN—American No. 2 yellow, 88 to 89. OATS—Canadian western No. 2, 61 to 62. FLOUR—Man. spring wheat patents, 67.70; seconds, 66.20; strong bakers, 66.20; winter patents, 66.50; straight, 66.50; 32.25; straight rollers, bags, 32 to 33.10. MILFEED—Bran, 35.50; shorts, 32.75; middlings, 30; moult, 30 to 32.25. HAY—No. 2, per ton, car lots, 13 to 14. POTATOES—Per bag, car lots, 60.

Weather Insurance

Rain or snow, if they find even a small crack in your roof, can do almost as much damage as a fire. NEPONSET Paroid Roofing gives absolute protection against storm. NEPONSET Paroid Roofing cannot leak. It has proved it in every climate under every condition for great many years.

GANDY & ALLISON, Sole Agents - North Wharf

CHOOSING YOUR BANK

In choosing a bank the attention of depositors is directed to the standing of this institution, which has been in successful operation for 83 years. With our large surplus of assets over liabilities and adequate holdings of cash reserves, customers are assured of a safe depository.

The Bank of Nova Scotia

PAID-UP CAPITAL - \$ 8,000,000 SURPLUS - 11,000,000 TOTAL RESOURCES - \$19,000,000

STEAMSHIPS

ANNOUNCEMENT. The S.S. MISSANABIE, the first of two new moderate rate steamships which are nearing completion, will sail on her maiden trip from Liverpool OCTOBER 7th for Montreal and return via the Atlantic.



BLACK AND WHITE SCOTCH WHISKY is all MERIT—perfectly blended and thoroughly aged.

W.M. THOMSON & CO. Agents - St. John, N. B.

THE MARITIME STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED). Until further notice the S. S. Connaught Bros. will run as follows:—Leave St. John, N. B., Thorne Wharf and Warehouse Co., on Saturday, 7.30 a. m. for St. Andrews, calling at Dipper Harbor, Beaver Harbor, Black's Harbor, Back Bay or Letete, Deer Island, Red Store, St. George. Returning leave St. Andrews Tuesday for St. John, calling at Letete or Back Bay, Black's Harbor, Beaver Harbor and Dipper Harbor, tide and weather permitting.

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RAILWAYS

CANADIAN PACIFIC VERY LOW RATES (ONE WAY SECOND CLASS) TO NORTH PACIFIC COAST AND CALIFORNIA POINTS ON SALE DAILY

FROM ST. JOHN. To Victoria, \$62.65 To Vancouver, Seattle, \$62.65 To San Francisco, Los Angeles, \$62.65

SINGLE FARE TO MONTREAL From all stations, Campbellton and East. Going Sept. 17, 18, 19. Returning Oct. 5, 1914. Going Oct. 1, 2, 3. Returning Oct. 19, 1914.

INTERNATIONAL LINE. Leaves St. John Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at nine a. m. for Lunenburg, Eastport, Portland and Boston. Returning leaves Central Wharf, Boston, nine a. m. Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Portland, Eastport, Lunenburg and St. John.

MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE. Direct service between Portland and New York. Leaves Portland, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 6.00 p. m. and after Oct. 1st.

CRYSTAL STREAM S. S. CO. (LTD.). ST. JOHN-FREDERICTON ROUTE. STMR. D. J. PURDY will sail from North End for Fredericton and intermediate points every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8.30 a. m., returning alternate days, leaving Fredericton at 7.30 a. m. The D. J. Purdy or Majestic can be chartered at any time for excursions or parties.

MANCHESTER LINE. From Manchester Steamer St. John Oct. 17. Man. Exchange Nov. 3. From St. John Steamer Manchester Oct. 15. Man. Exchange Nov. 3. WILLIAM THOMSON & CO. Agents, St. John, N. B.

FURNESS LINE. From London Steamer St. John Oct. 26. From St. John Steamer Crown Point Oct. 6. From St. John Steamer Kanawha Oct. 20. WILLIAM THOMSON & CO. Agents, St. John, N. B.

STEAMER ELAINE. Leaves Indiantown, Old Way Queen wharf, foot of Hammond street, every Wednesday and Saturday morning at 8 o'clock for Chipman and intermediate points. Returning leaves Chipman every Monday and Thursday at 6 a. m. While excursion season is on freight will be received up to and including the Willows. CAPT. R. H. WESTON, Manager.

World's Shipping News

MINIATURE ALMANAC. October Phases of the Moon. Full moon, 24th 11 53m a.m. Last quarter, 12th 5h 33m p.m. New moon, 19th 2h 33m a.m. First quarter, 26th 5h 44m p.m.

PORT OF ST. JOHN. Arrived Saturday, October 3. Steamer Talisman, Boston via Portland, Lunenburg and Eastport. Steamer Calmar (Nor), 1178, Hans. Bruun, J. A. Likely, pilot. Schooner Harold B. Cousins, 368, Gayton, New York, P. McIntyre, coal. Sailed.

BRITISH PORTS. London, Oct. 3.—Arrd stmr Menominee, New York. Arrd stmr Olympic, New York. Arrd stmr Laramie, New York. Arrd stmr Chignecto, St. John. Arrd stmr St. Charles, St. John. Arrd stmr St. John, St. John. Arrd stmr St. John, St. John.

FOREIGN PORTS. City Island, Sept. 30.—Passed stmr Dronning Maud, (Nor), Newark, N. J., or Hillsboro, N. B., schr Charles L. Jeffrey, Port Johnson for Boothbay, Me. (anchored). Dineyard Haven, Oct. 1.—Passed schr Noble Simmons, Inverport, N. S. for New York; Empress, Halifax, Burgess Canada and Daniel M. Munro, New York for Windsor. Arrd stmr St. John, N. B., for New York. Arrd stmr St. John, N. B., for New York.

NOTICE TO MARINERS. Portland, Sept. 30, 1914. S. S. Co. of Maine. With Rock Gas Buoy, 2, lighted September 28, having been found extinguished.

Notice to Mariners. Portland, Sept. 30, 1914. S. S. Co. of Maine. With Rock Gas Buoy, 2, lighted September 28, having been found extinguished.

Yale Locks

Has not been forced to take advantage of privilege conferred under suspension of Bank Act of 1844.

Yale Locks. You can get that will meet your requirements.

Gregory Ltd. St. John, N.B. HALLS AND STAIR WINDOWS. E GLASS MIRRORS.

BESTOS. Interior Lining Board manufacturer and more economical than Lath.

Berrie. Princess Street, St. John.

You Can Beaver Board. For walls and ceilings in new houses.

Paper Co. Ltd. Distributing Agents for further information.

Transcontinental Railway. Ottawa, Oct. 3.—The National Transcontinental Railway will be finished and ready for operation the first of next month.

Transcontinental Railway. Ottawa, Oct. 3.—The National Transcontinental Railway will be finished and ready for operation the first of next month.



BASEBALL LEAGUES AT HOME AND ABROAD

RESULTS OF THE BIG LEAGUES

Twenty-third series for premier honors commences in Philadelphia Friday. The Philadelphia Athletics...

Table with columns: League, City, Wins, Losses, Games. Lists results for American League, National League, and Federal League.

Philadelphia Athletics defeated the Boston Americans in the first game of the twenty-third series...

Table with columns: League, City, Wins, Losses, Games. Lists results for American League, National League, and Federal League.

Philadelphia Athletics defeated the Boston Americans in the second game of the twenty-third series...

Table with columns: League, City, Wins, Losses, Games. Lists results for American League, National League, and Federal League.

OLDFIELD TO GIVE UP AUTO RACING



BARNEY OLDFIELD.

Barney Oldfield, the veteran automobile speed king, announces that he is through with the sport...

JOHN EVERS DEFEATED AND COLLINS THE WINNERS THE WORLD'S CHAMPION

Chicago, Oct. 3.—Eddie Collins of the Philadelphia club of the American League...

Amateur title, however, only to be defeated a few days later at Greenwich by a comparatively unknown Princeton University player...

Followers of baseball in all parts of the country today are figuring out the chances of the two teams which will engage in the series for the world's championship...

Among those lined up at the mahogany was a ride fellow, somewhat in altitude, who answered to the name of Mike...

Chance for Recruits. All officers, non-commissioned officers and men of No. 7 Canadian Army Service Corps will meet at the Armoury tonight at 7.30 o'clock...

Vertical list of advertisements for hotels (Prince William, Royal Hotel, Victoria Hotel), liquor stores (Richard Sullivan & Co.), and other businesses.

Large advertisement for 'By George! It's Great' whisky, featuring a portrait of a man and promotional text.

Advertisement for Dominion Coal Company, including details about coal types and recruitment information.

THE WEATHER.

Maritime—Moderate winds, fair and warm. Toronto, Oct. 4.—The general distribution of pressure remains much as it was yesterday, except that the centre of the western disturbance has moved northward. Rain and snow have fallen today in Alberta and Saskatchewan, while from Lake Superior eastward the weather has been fine and warm.

Temperatures.

Table with 3 columns: Location, Min., Max. Includes entries for Victoria, Vancouver, Calgary, Battleford, Moose Jaw, Winnipeg, Port Arthur, London, Toronto, Ottawa, Montreal, Quebec, and Halifax.

Around the City

Charged With Assault.

Daniel Collins and Wilson Speight were arrested on warrants Saturday, and each is charged with assault.

Whip Found.

A whip found on Mill street Saturday afternoon by Detective Killen can be procured by the owner applying at the central police station.

Service at Partridge Island.

Archdeacon Raymond visited Partridge Island yesterday morning and held divine service, which was attended by the men of the battery on duty there.

Runaway.

Saturday afternoon a horse owned by Alexander Clark took fright and ran away on Douglas avenue and before it was captured some slight damage was done the wagon and harness.

Child Lost.

Saturday morning Policeman Powers found a three-year-old child wandering about Mill street and took it to the central station, where it was later called for by Mrs. James Sinnott, of 700 Main street.

Dump On Fire.

Yesterday morning a still alarm was sent in to the fire department for a fire in the Erin street dump. A line of hose was stretched and after considerable work the firemen managed to put out the fire.

Doors Open.

The police report finding the doors of a number of business houses open Saturday night and secured the same. There is hardly a night passes that the officers do not find from one to a half dozen doors open.

Mentally Deranged.

On Saturday afternoon Officer Ross was called to take care of a man whose mind was deranged. Later on he was examined by a physician, and on recommendation the man was removed to the hospital for nervous diseases.

Two Charges.

Saturday afternoon John Lavine was given in charge of Policeman Merrick by James Flood, who charged him with acting disorderly in the latter's saloon 330 Haymarket square, also with threatening to strike him with a bottle of liquor.

A Dead Dog.

The police make the sad report that there is a dead dog lying on Douglas avenue. It had at one time been the pet of some household, while now it presents a sight that causes comments from pedestrians and will no doubt be gathered up this morning by the street cleaners and conveyed to a last resting place in one of the public dumps.

Give Thanks.

The members of the King's Daughters' Guild state that they are very thankful to the Globe Laundry for free laundry work, and to the Williams Company and the Bell Company for the free use of sewing machines. The Guild members have been busy with the Red Cross work and donated a large number of sheets and pillow slips which will be added to the articles sent to the Red Cross Society for use in the military hospitals. The work was all done on the machines loaned by the above named companies, and the articles were laundered by the Globe.

St. Peter's Y. M. A.

D. J. McGovern was elected president of St. Peter's Y. M. A. at a meeting in the room, Douglas avenue, yesterday afternoon. Plans for the season were discussed and the incoming officers gave addresses. The other officers selected were as follows: Vice-president, George Connell; Secretary, R. Melaney; Treasurer, Joseph Dever; Assistant Secretary, J. Harrington; chairman of the Literary and Dramatic Committee, W. J. Shas; chairman of Sports Committee, James McGowan; Conductor, Joseph Gormley.

Secured a Moose.

There is certainly some class to Jimmie Gaulton, the Standard's bank boy. Jim is a member of the St. Stephen's Scout Cadets and accepted the title for one day when it comes to sighting a rifle. He took a few days' vacation in the woods last week and had only been scouting through the woods for one day when he managed to meet a moose weighing over 300 pounds. With steady aim Jim plunked one bullet through the right eye of Mr. Moose, and not being satisfied, he placed another bullet in the side of the animal and killed it. Jim got the big fellow in the woods back of Clearmont and brought the carcass to the city. He now wears a smile that will never wear off.

EFFECTS OF CONFLICT IN CHURCH WORK

Rev. H. A. Cody deals with question in able manner — Churches must stand together.

The effects of the war upon the churches was the subject of an interesting sermon delivered in St. James' church last evening by Rev. H. A. Cody. Answering the question which people were asking, why the effects of the war upon the churches, would be of a two-fold nature. There would be ill effects and good effects. Among the first of the evil effects would be the discouragement felt by many that after all the centuries of Christian teaching such a terrible war could break out among the nations of Christendom. Then there would be the diverting of money from ordinary channels; this would mean less to be devoted to church and philanthropic and missionary purposes. The war would also have an effect upon the attitude of the heathen to Christianity. Missionaries would find it hard to explain to the heathen the meaning of the stupendous war among Christian nations. Another effect would be the stirring up of the baser passions, the hatred, recklessness, and brutality, which always marked war. Offsetting the ill effects, the speaker said the war would necessarily produce some good effects upon the church. First there would be the opportunity of the church to use its influence in stilling party strife and passions in the nation. Another effect would be to make the churches step aside from theological controversies and give more attention to the work of solving the real problems that confront mankind. It would tend to accentuate the common purposes of the churches, and make them stand shoulder to shoulder in the work of social amelioration and face with greater determination and energy the evils of the world. The war would show the people that the strength of a nation is not in its armaments, but in the justice of its cause and the spirit of its people. 'Righteousness exalteth a nation.' This war is a call to the churches to unite more closely in the work of carrying out their higher missions in the world. It would bring the people to their knees in prayer and supplication. It would encourage a spirit of self-sacrifice, and the placing of the larger interests of the nation above self interests. On the whole the speaker thought, while the war was a calamity, its good effects upon the church would be greater than the ill effects.

TO DEVELOP INDUSTRY IN CAPE BRETON

Nova Scotia capitalists plan on opening Barytes Mines — Can supply all Canada.

The barytes mines in Cape Breton will soon be able to supply Canada with all the barytes needed, and produce a surplus for export, said George Corbett of Annapolis Royal, who came to the city on Saturday after a visit to mining properties in Cape Breton, in which he and other Nova Scotia capitalists, are interested. 'Germany has supplied Canada with practically all the barytes which it has been using in the past, and we expect to have the mine ready soon to capture the business which has been done by the Germans. We had an offer from New York capitalists to take all the barytes we could produce if they were permitted to take the raw material to the States, and work it up there suitable for commercial purposes. But it is our intention to develop a new industry in Cape Breton, and doing the necessary manufacturing where it may be of some benefit to our own people. We will not raise the price of barytes now, or in the future, except in so far as the rate of wages we have to pay compels us to do so.' Barytes is used in the manufacture of paints and chemicals, and Mr. Corbett says they have a sufficient supply to last for generations. In company with S. M. Brookfield of Halifax, and others, Mr. Corbett visited Lake Umbagog in Cape Breton where the mines are located and while there they were treated to an old fashioned snow storm.

DEALS WITH EUROPEAN CONFLICT

Rev. J. J. McCaskill points to fact that Allied cause is just and right.

Rev. J. J. McCaskill, in St. Matthew's Presbyterian church, yesterday morning, preached an interesting sermon on matters connected with the present European conflict. His text was 'For there is a greater with us than with him,' II Chron., 32:8. His remarks were as follows: 'A century ago, when England was in the midst of conflict to free Europe from military tyranny—a conflict of similar nature to the one for which she is now arming her legions—when the days were dark and the issue in the balance, the Rev. Robert Thompson, minister in the Chapel of Ease at Abbeots, preached before the Abbeots volunteers from the text: 'Be strong and courageous, be not afraid or dismayed for the King of Assyria, nor for all the multitude that is with him; for there is a greater with us than with him. With him is the arm of flesh; but with us is the Lord our God to help us, and to fight our battles.' 'These words form the substance of an address with which Hezekiah endeavored to encourage his people when his kingdom was invaded by a powerful enemy, whose success would inevitably destroy all that they held most dear. They have become applicable to the present situation. The flag of England displayed on the Rhine, the Rhone or the Rhine, is not there for a selfish purpose. If later the scene is changed to the Thames, the Tay, the Tweed or the Shannon—as it may well be—we will still fight with confidence in the justice of our cause. This confidence is the only permanent incentive to true courage. The conviction that our cause is righteous gives us reason to conclude that God is with us. But confidence in the justice of our cause and in the presence of the God of battles is not alone sufficient to win victories. 'Be strong and courageous,' is the first injunction of the text. The ancient Hebrew prince made every preparation that prudence could suggest. He was as diligent in using the sword as he was in his power, as if divine aid had not been promised. He stands a noble example for those who are now directing the forces of the country. He prepared as though numbers alone counted, and at the same time he depended on God as though the best human exertions had been vain. 'Much of the strength of our armies comes from the consciousness that they are fighting the battle of justice and of human liberty. Liberty is the great past in the fight for civil liberty is today the clearly felt assurance that she is fighting, irrespective of any material benefits that may accrue to her, for the deliverance of Europe from militarism. The public sentiment of the civilized world, outside of Turkey, is with the Allies. The sentiment desires the destruction of the false god of militarism—a god with a mouth like a blasting fire and heaving the universe with his radiant heat. He is the very antithesis in all regards of the God vision of the most saintly souls of the world. His triumph would make of the world a cosmic hell with man recreated a God-beast after his own image. 'There is an Oriental story of a man who is about to enter into a great battle. The outcome of the impending fray he knows not. It may well mean his death. So he prays to his god for a full vision of his divine being, to see his god face to face, he be die. Then the vision comes of a great world-beast; a great swarmer of other gods; of countless forms possessing human arms, stomachs, mouths, and eyes on all sides. 'Of wonderful and terrific form he was, with many gods entering into him, while his gaping mouth, fearful and terrific jaws, resembled the fire of destruction. It is this god of destruction and of death; this image of low, bestial manhood that must be cast out. 'Many of us cannot march out to fight this god of horrific men, but we can all help. Mr. Thompson concludes that sermon to which I have referred by saying: 'Can we be indifferent about those who are ready to suffer and to bleed for us? No! Brethren, duty and love must constrain us to pray to the God of armies, that we may give them with strength to the battle; teach their hands to war and their fingers to fight; and cover them in the hour of danger; that if they must not return to us adorned with the verdant laurels, He may bless them with a glorious death, and bestow upon them the crown of life. We should remember that prayer is the most likely way to obtain deliverance from all the ills we fear and a prosperous issue to all our lawful pursuits.'

Hingley's B.B.B. Chain 20% Over Admiralty Tensile Strength For heavy work or under severe conditions this chain should be used. We have a good stock of the above celebrated chain in the following sizes: 3-16, 1-4, 5-16, 3-8, 7-12, 1-2, 5-8, 3-4, 7-8. ENQUIRIES SOLICITED. WILTHORNE & CO. LTD. MARKET SQUARE & KING ST.

Men's Slater Military Boots Owing to the great demand for SLATER MILITARY BOOTS we have just received another big order and are selling them for \$6.00 Slater Shoe Shop - 81 King Street R. P. SWEETMAN, Manager

Mantels—Grates—Tiles BUILDING OR REMODELING you will need some of these goods, as well as other fireplace fixtures, and we should be glad to have you call and see our line. WOOD MANTELS IN THE LATEST DESIGNS. MONARCH GRATES, OPEN FIRE LININGS, FENDERS AND ANDIRONS (BLACK OR BRASS), FIRE SETS, SPARK GUARDS, GAS LOGS, ETC. (We Carry a Large Range of Tiles for the Fireplace, Bathroom and Porch.) Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

Great Reduction Sale of ENGLISH DOWN QUILTS Exceptionally Light in Weight and Extra Warm Comforts of Superior Qualities at Prompt Disposal Prices Immense quantities of new goods arriving make necessary the providing of space to receive them, and in consequence this splendid assortment of Down Quilts must be disposed of immediately. Comforts of such beauty and worth as these will give the most luxurious finish to sleeping apartments and good housekeepers will find this an opportunity from the viewpoint of extraordinary values which it will not be advisable to disregard. Commencing This Morning ENGLISH DOWN QUILTS, the very best grades of Art Satens and Art Cambrics in the choicest designs and colorings, filled with the purest Russian down. Every quilt is fully ventilated, very light in weight and very warm. SALE PRICES, 6 feet by 5 feet. Each \$4.50 and \$5.50 SALE PRICES, 6 feet by 6 feet. Each \$5.25 and \$6.60 Also a number of ENGLISH KAPOC FILLED COMFORTABLES, very warm and serviceable. These coverings greatly resemble Down Quilts in appearance as they are covered with pretty figured Art Saten with plain panel borders. Sale price, each \$3.40 NO APPROVAL. House Furnishing Dept.—2nd Floor. NO EXCHANGE.

The Newest Offerings in Men's Fall Furnishings NECKWEAR—All the latest productions in colors, designs and weaves of silk. Popular shapes and widths in Reversible Derbies, French Seams and soft Folded Ends, Strings, Bat Wings, Made Knots and Bows; also Tubular and Knitted styles. Prices from 25c. to \$1.50 COLLARS—A very pleasing range of the latest shapes and perfect fitting. See the new styles of Madras and Fancy Cloths. Our makes are the best values on the market. Prices 2 for 25c., each 15c.; 3 for 50c., each 20c. GLOVES—In English and French best makes. A variety representing all popular weights and qualities; also many novelties, at the lowest possible prices. HEAVY CAPE LEATHERS—Pair \$1.00 to \$2.25 HEAVY SUEDES—For street wear Pair \$1.50 to \$2.25 HEAVY FABRIC—Suede finish Pair 75c. SILK-LINED CAPE GLOVES—Pair \$1.35 and \$1.60 SILK-LINED SUEDE GLOVES—Tans and Greys Pair \$1.25 to \$2.00 HALF HOSE—English made Cashmere, in all weights and qualities; black and colors Pair 25c. to 75c. SILK AND WOOL HALF HOSE—In black, white and colors Pair 50c. to \$1.50 BLACK RIBBED WORSTED HALF HOSE—Several weights Pair 25c. to 60c. HEATHER AND GREY RIBBED WOOL HALF HOSE—In many weights Pair 25c. to 65c. COLORED SHIRTS—The very newest colorings in designs and shades. Soft Front Shirt with Cuffs attached, All Soft with Soft Double Cuffs, Pleated Front Shirts, Mushroom Pleated and New Cross Pleated Shirts, Rem-Bosom Starched Shirts, cuffs attached. The famous Columbia 'Cultur' Shirts, all styles. Fine Wool Taffeta and Ceylon Flannel Shirts with soft double cuffs. Prices from \$1.00 to \$3.75 MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPT.

Manchester Robertson Allison, Limited

TOOK PICTURES OF FORT HOWE

Man arrested claims he is in employ of Dominion Government — Must produce credentials.

The military authorities yesterday took into custody another suspected spy. This man was found at Fort Howe taking pictures and making drawings. He was arrested and taken to the armory, where it was said he became quite indignant and claimed that he was in the employ of the Geological Department of the Dominion Government. The seriousness of the situation was explained to him, and rather than spend the night in the cells at the armory he gave up his apparatus and promised to produce his credentials this morning. Military men pointed out last night that they were compelled to take all precautions against spying, and any one acting suspiciously was liable to arrest. Military officers are sworn to carry out instructions in this regard, and they are compelled to arrest any suspected of spying. So far in St. John the authorities have been lenient in comparison to the action of the authorities in other places. It was also said that if people before attempting to take pictures would get permission from the military authorities they would save themselves and the military officers a great amount of inconvenience.

THE POLICE GET MIXED UP WITH THE CONSPIRATORS IN THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY

Some startling scenes in the eleventh chapter at the Unique today. Many and varied indeed are the conclusions that are being arrived at by the many who are following the Million Dollar Mystery. Each succeeding chapter, however, has a tendency to deepen the plot, and the guesser is left more in the dark than ever. The eleventh chapter is no exception to this rule. 'In the Path of the Past Express' which will be the edition to be shown today, and tomorrow at the Unique, not only makes one wonder all the more just how the story is going to end, but also claims a number of really wonderful scenes. For instance the wreck of the fast express is something not seen every day, even in a motion picture, and it is claimed that the train was actually wrecked in order to add all the realism possible. Then the rescue of Norton from the rails by Miss La Badio is a daring accomplishment, while the fight between the conspirators and the police, with the sensational ride of the police on a hand car, will surely go down in the history of the film drama as being something decidedly worth while. Other features on the same program represent an excellent array of subjects. Don't miss 'In the Path of the Past Express,' and keep in mind that ten thousand dollar prize offer.

PIG WITNESS IN OWN BEHALF

Two weeks old porker victim of thief — Taken to Court as evidence of John Campbell's misdoing.

A poor little pig, only two weeks old, with only a succession of squeals to allow any person to know that he was in the county, was a principal in a serious, yet rather funny case on Saturday. Little piggie is owned by Thomas Grames of the Red Head Road and up till Friday had been enjoying itself merrily about a pen in the rear of its owner's property, when it was taken up and carried away by a thief. The loss was made known to County Policeman Saunders, who was not long in placing John Campbell under arrest, charging him with the theft. At the time of the arrest Campbell was at the residence of James Cameron. The case came before Magistrate Allan in the Court at Brookville Saturday evening. The officer was obliged to carry the pig to court and the grunter was placed before His Honor as the evidence of stolen property. Campbell was found guilty and fined the sum of five dollars and in default of payment to serve one month in jail. The porker was returned to the rightful owner and the court adjourned.

HOUSE AND BARN BURNED

Alex. Clark's property at Silver Falls visited by flames last evening—Loss about \$4,000.

Shortly after nine o'clock last night fire was discovered in the residence of Alex Clark which was situated on the road at Silver Falls, a short distance west of Blind Man's Lake. The fire got quite a start before it was discovered and when it was seen that it could not be extinguished, Mr. Clark with some assistance managed to remove nearly all of his furniture and clothing, and also the farming implements from a barn which was close by. The fire spread quickly through the residence and it was soon a mass of flames. The fire then caught the barn and it was not long before both buildings were a heap of ashes. A large quantity of hay which was in the barn was also destroyed. It could not be learned last night just how the fire started, or if there was any insurance on the house or barn. The loss will be in the vicinity of \$4,000.

Patriotic Chorus Rehearsal Tonight

Every member of the Patriotic Chorus for the National Music Festival of the 15th is notified to be present tonight at eight o'clock in Stone Church Schoolroom. This is to be one of the final important practices. The massed orchestra held a splendid rehearsal yesterday.

WANTED—Kitchen girl. Apply Royal Hotel, PARK HOTEL, KING SQUARE.

'Trey of Hearts' Here at Last!

The Imperial's serial story, 'The Trey of Hearts,' reached town late Saturday night by I. C. R. and will be shown today and tomorrow. It was located in St. John, P. Q. The second episode is so essential to a complete understanding of the story that nobody should miss it. The remainder of the bill—as noted in the advt.—Miss Alice Joyce, Mary Pickford, new vaudeville, Miss Elsa Marie, Hearst Self Weekly and special views of St. John's soldiers, doctors and nurses en route to Europe—completes a routine show. James O'Neill in 'The Count of Monte Cristo' (Famous Players) on Wednesday.

Evening Classes

Shorthand, typewriting, adding machine, book-keeping, penmanship, are some of the subjects taught at the St. John Business College every Monday, Wednesday and Friday evening, for the winter term.

Humphrey's Specials

These solid leather shoes are made to give satisfaction. School boys who wear these shoes know that they are honestly made by St. John workmen. See them at McRobbie shoe store, King street.