

The Mildmay Gazette

Vol. 8.

MILDMAY, ONT., THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1899

No. 39



Sherwin-Williams Paint . . .

Guaranteed to cover 20% more than pure white lead or Linseed Oil.

Hardware of all kinds



THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS PAINTS

Screen Doors & Windows . . .

At the Very Lowest Prices

We have on hand several makes Canadian and American wheels which will be sold cheap.

C. Liesemer.

PAID UP CAPITAL \$6,000,000. RESERVE FUND \$2,600,000.

THE Merchants' Bank OF CANADA

Has established a Branch at

MILDMAY, ONTARIO,

Open on Tuesday's and Friday's Weekly, from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Drafts Issued on all points in Canada.

Savings Bank Department. Interest Allowed on Deposits.

W. E. BUTLER, Mgr.

HENRY TORRANCE, CLIFFORD, ONTARIO Licensed Auctioneer for Wellington, Bruce and Huron, is prepared to conduct all sales entrusted to him. Terms moderate. Orders left here will receive prompt attention.

OTTO E. KLEIN, Barrister, Solicitor etc.

MONEY to loan at lowest current rates. Account collected.

Office: Over Merchants' Bank. WALKERTON ONT.

A. H. MACKLIN, M.B.

Graduate of the Toronto Medical College, and member of College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Winner Silver Medal and Scholarship. Office in rear of the Peoples' Drug Store.

R. E. CLAPP, M.D.

Physician and Surgeon. GRADUATE, Toronto University and member College Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario. Residence, Block St., nearly opposite the Electric Light plant. Office in the Drug Store, next to Merchants' Bank. MILDMAY.

J. A. WILSON, M.D.

HONOR Graduate of Toronto University Medical College. Member of College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario. Office: Front room over Mayor's Store—Entrance from Main Street. Residence: Opposite Skating Rink. MILDMAY.

DR. J. J. WISSER, DENTIST, WALKERTON.

HONOR Graduate Department of Dentistry, Toronto University & Graduate Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario, will be at the Commercial Hotel, Walkerton, every Thursday. Prices moderate, and all work guaranteed satisfactory.

C. H. LOUNT, L. D. S., D. D. S.

SURGEON DENTIST, WALKERTON. Will continue to conduct the practice of the firm of Hedges & Lount, as the office always occupied by them at Walkerton. Special attention will be given to Gold Filling and preservation of the natural teeth. Nitrous Oxide, Gas, and other Anesthetics for the painless extraction of teeth.



TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c. Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year, \$1.00 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 331 E. Broadway, New York.

James Johnston

Issuer of Marriage Licenses. Conveyancer

MONEY TO LOAN

On Mortgages on Farm Property From 5% up

Insurance Agent,

Township Clerk's Office.

MILDMAY, - ONT.

Mildmay Market Report.

Carefully corrected every week for the GAZETTE:

Fall wheat per bu.	65 to 65
Oats.	30 to 30
Peas.	62 to 62
Barley	35 to 35
Potatoes per bushel.	50 to 60
Smoked meat per lb. sides	10 to 10
" " " shoulders	8 to 11
Eggs per doz.	11 to 11
Butter per lb.	10 to 10
Dressed pork	10 to 10
Dried apples	5 cents per lb.

Glebe & Seiling's Market.

Wheat.	65 to 65 bus
Peas	62 to 62
Oats	30 to 30
Flour, Manitoba.	\$2 25 per cwt
Family flour, No. 1.	\$1 90
Family flour, No. 2.	\$1 30
Low Grade.	1 00
Bran.	70c
Shorts.	80c
Screenings.	70c
Chop Feed.	\$5 1.10
Cracked Wheat.	\$2 10
Graham Flour.	\$2 10
Perina.	\$2 25

C. WENDT...

Mildmay and Wroxeter.

I have replenished my stock and you will find a fine assortment of . . . GOLD FILLED & SILVER WATCHES CLOCKS, FINE GOLD WEDDING REG. R. P. CHAINS, BANGLE PINS Brooches, Cuff Links, Collar Buttons, Thumbles, Silverware, Studs, G. Filled Spectacles &c. Every article will be sold at Rock Bottom Prices.

Fancy Goods, Chinaware &c.

Large stock, good assortment in Albums, Photo holders, Ladies Belts and Pins, Shell Hair Pins, Dressing Combs, Side Combs, Purses, Bill Books, Pipes, Crochet Hooks, Tailor Needles, Mouth Organs, Violins and Strings, Autoharps, Accordions

Vases, China Cups and Saucers, Water Sets, Fruit Sets, Cake plates and Hundreds of other novelties. Take a look through. There are Bargains for you. Many articles at less than cost.

C. WENDT.

LAKELET.

James Gallagher of Belmore is working in the saw mill here at present. He is an excellent hand at anything he goes at.

The new hotel keeper has got nicely settled here. He appears to be a quiet lad and the prevailing opinion is that he will be an improvement. He has started out well once already yet.

Some of the farmers have washed their sheep, but they are the better of their fleece these very cold days. Wool appears to be very low this summer.

Jews, butchers, merchants and private parties are round the country picking up all the eggs they can get, and paying a very fair price for them.

Messrs. Wright, Rutlan and Wood took out hogs to Clifford on Monday for Mr. W. Dulmage. They were paid 4c per lb and the probabilities are that hogs will get a little higher.

There is a little seeding to be done yet in low lying lands. There was great weather for the business and in most cases horses are a lot thinner than they were 3 weeks ago.

A Miss Watters of Orange Hill, sister of P. Watters of Fordwich Public school died very suddenly at her home on Sunday. The Dr. was away but a very short time when she died, though at the time of his departure he thought she was going to be all right.

The frosty weather does not appear to have done much damage to clover, though the blossoms must, in many cases, have got more than was good for them.

Forwich and Harriston are holding out great inducements for the crowd on May 24th. Both places will be very sporty on that day, though neither place gives the opposing teams in full. No doubt, however, there will be a large crowd and a good time at both places.

DR. A. W. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE . . . 25c.

is sent direct to the diseased parts by the Improved Blower. Heals the ulcers, clears the air passages, stops droppings in the throat and permanently cures Catarrh and Hay Fever. Blower free. All dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Toronto and Buffalo.

Manilla, May 15—10 a. m.—The "tinclad" gunboats Laguna de Bay and Cavadonga and a launch, under Captain Grant, ran into a nest of insurgents concealed in the bushes on both sides of the Rio Grande River, three miles above Calumpit, yesterday afternoon, and were received with heavy volleys at short range. A sergeant, belonging to the Utah battery was killed and one private was wounded. Opening with their rapid fire guns, the Americans killed twenty of the natives and wounded several others, filling the jungle with a hail of shot for a half hour, until the enemy fled.

London, May 15.—Filipino Junta here has received the following message from Aguinaldo, cabled from Hong Kong under date of May 12: "The Filipino Government, in accordance with the general feeling of the country, has decided to continue the war, at all costs, until independence is secured. The Filipinos energetically refuse the American peace overtures, based on restricted autonomy, coupled with promises of subsequent self-government. The Filipinos demand a strict fulfilment of the articles of the American constitution and treaties contracted by the American representatives, when exploring a Filipino alliance in combating the Spaniards. "All the Filipino generals support Aguinaldo. General Luna's reported overtures for peace are untrue. Our army is near Manila, simultaneously attacking the whole American line. The heat and rains are causing many casualties in the American army. All the hospitals are crowded with sick and wounded. Four hundred of the Cincinnati regiment have been imprisoned by General Otis for insubordination in refusing to fight. The regular troops quartered in Manila and other town are quiet. The volunteers are abused and are always at the front with scanty rations. "The discontent between the Americans and Europeans is general.

Bowmanville Bank Robbery.

Bowmanville, May 13.—The Standard Bank, on the corner of King and Temperance streets, the business centre of the town, was burglarized this morning between 2 and 3 o'clock, and all the money in the vault, excepting the coppers, was stolen, with a number of valuable papers.

Henry Metcalf, the night watchman employed by the Town Council to patrol the business streets, had just finished taking his lunch in the police office in the Town Hall block, only about fifty yards from the bank corner, when he heard footsteps on the sidewalk, and went to the door to see who was passing. As he stepped from the police office door he was seized by two masked men, one on each side of him, and his arms raised from his sides to prevent his reaching his pocket for his revolver. He was pushed back into the office and the baton wrestled from his hand by a blow from some instrument that inflicted a gash on the back of the head, now badly swollen. Metcalf was then blindfolded by a third party with an ordinary white linen handkerchief, and gagged by another similar handkerchief.

When his arms were first seized two other men stood, one on each side of him, with revolvers pointed to his head, and he was told that, "if you open your peep we will shoot you." They took from his pocket a pair of handcuffs, and placing his hands behind him, handcuffed him and he was then marched by the two men towards the bank.

One man stood by him as he sat on the sidewalk with Metcalf's revolver, which they had taken from him, in hand, while the others, at least five in number, proceeded to do the job.

A large pane of glass was cut with a die from a west window and an entry secured to the manager's office. The front door was pried open, apparently from the outside, though Metcalf thinks from the sounds heard, that it was opened from the inside. The vault is entered by two separate doors, both very strongly constructed of iron.

Very soon he heard an explosion, the men having run on to the street by the front door. They immediately returned to the building and in a few minutes there was another explosion. The burglars had now secured entrance to the inside vault, where they rifled the contents of several boxes.

The amount of money stolen is over \$11,000 belonging to the bank, and \$90 to the Canadian Life Insurance Company. When the burglars got through with the job, which lasted only about thirty minutes, two of them carried Metcalf into the bank, laid him on the matting on the floor, and left him there gagged and bound. He soon began shouting, but not till five o'clock was he discovered by Frank J. Garrett. Chief Richard Jarvis was soon on the spot and removed the handcuffs, and Mr. Metcalf was once more at liberty.

The British emigration returns show that for the first three months of this year the number of persons leaving the United Kingdom for Canada shows an increase of 24 per cent. over the same period last year. Emigration to the United States in the other hand shows a decrease of 15 per cent., while the emigration to the other colonies remains about stationary.

George Paulin of Chesley has effected a settlement with the G. T. R. It will be remembered that Mr. Paulin was severely injured in a railway collision near Trenton last October, and in consequence lay for several weeks in a hospital in Toronto. Through his solicitor, Mr. C. J. Mickle, he asked \$2000 compensation from the railway company. He was offered \$1000 and there the case hung for a few months. Recently a compromise was made, the G. T. R. through their solicitors, Bell Biggar of Belleville paying Mr. Paulin \$1550 and all costs.

BORN

BEITZ—In Carrick on Thursday, May 11th, to Mr. and Mrs. John Beitz jr., a son.

COUNTY AND DISTRICT.

To all who have felt the evil effects of deranged kidneys is the assurance that Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are meeting with enormous sale and unparalleled success in this district. Backaches and aching kidneys are fast becoming a thing of the past where Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are known. One cent a dose, 25 cents a box, for sale at all dealers.

Well's bridge, near Onelph, collapsed under the weight of a herd of cattle that were being driven in for shipment on the G. T. R. The men in charge had divided the herd and had them spread out as much as possible, as the bridge did not seem as solid as should be, and over half of the number had got across before the bridge gave way. About a dozen of the bulls went down into the water, but after some work all of them were got out from the wreck of the bridge and driven across the stream and on to the station, and fortunately none of them seemed to be injured beyond having scraped legs.

The jewellery store of J. R. Munshaw, Wingham, was burglarized on Friday night or Saturday morning last. Similar to other depredations of a like kind which have lately been committed throughout the country, the front door of the store was forced open. In the morning it was found open by Mr. Munshaw when he arrived, and a large iron pin, usually used to connect square timber together, found inside, which no doubt was the instrument used to force the door open. A number half-burnt matches were strewn upon the floor. Upon investigation it was found that some 18 gold watches and a large number of gold rings and other valuables were stolen. The Chief was summoned and investigations made but apparently without any success in obtaining a clue to the person or persons who had done the deed.

Chief Inspector John W. Murray returned to Toronto Monday evening after a short tour in Western Ontario, during which he investigated the alleged murder near Harriston. The inspector satisfied himself that the unknown man whose body lay in the snow all winter in a roadside ditch four miles from there was not murdered. All the indications were that he was a tramp who had been lost in some winter storm, and who had hurt himself in falling into the ditch. There was nothing about the body of the man to indicate that he had received any blows sufficient to cause death. It was possible that the body may have been that of partially demented farm labourer, who disappeared some time ago. The newspaper found in the dead man's pocket bore a date a fortnight subsequent to the date of his disappearance, and this fact weakens the theory.

The severe weather of March and April has retarded the work on the Palmerston Pork Packing Factory, but for the last month Mr. Woolbridge, the contractor, has had a gang of men at work and the building is now ready for the machinery, seven carloads of which arrived at the factory last week, supplied by E. Leonard & Sons, London, comprising two 75 horse power boilers, one 75 horse power Corloss engine, one 50 horse power automatic engine, three hard-rendering steel tanks, two steam pumps, one heater, two patent boiler cleaners, hangers, shafting and fittings. Total cost, \$4,000. Also one 40-ton ice and refrigerating machine, manufactured by the Fred. W. Wolf Company, Chicago, for which E. Leonard & Sons are sole agents for Canada. The above machine when set up ready for work will cost \$10,000. Mr. Thomas Nopper, the energetic representative of E. Leonard & Sons, has been on the ground for the past week, superintending the unloading and placing of the machinery, and prides himself that when completed the Palmerston Pork Packing Co. will have the most modern and best equipped factory in Canada. The plant will cost when completed \$85,000 and will have a curing capacity of 2500 hogs per week. The promoters are in hopes that they will have everything in shape to commence to kill and cure about the 12th of July next.

News Summary.

Recent Happenings Briefly Told.

CANADA.

Manitoba elections take place July 21st. Dr. Demontigny, recorder, of Montreal, is about to resign his position. The employes of the Ontario Rolling Mills, Hamilton, will form a union.

The new C. P. R. swing bridge at the Canadian Soo has been opened for traffic.

A London, Ont., boy named Frank Ball was fatally injured while attempting to board a moving train.

Manitoba land is in good condition and seeding is general. There will be 25 per cent. more land under cultivation this year than last.

Montreal has a sensation in John Tailon, a 6-year-old lad of Point St. Charles, who cures paralysis or rheumatism by laying on his hands.

Electric headlights will be introduced on the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific this summer, thus following in the steps of some of the largest railways in the United States.

Miss Maud Walsh, formerly of Kingston, has received \$2,500 from the New York Central Railway for injuries received in a recent accident. She lives in Philadelphia.

From present indications the amount of customs collected at the port of Winnipeg, for the fiscal year, closing on June 30, will be about \$1,000,000. Last year it was about \$900,000.

Mr. H. D. Lumsden, consulting engineer of Montreal, is in Winnipeg for the purpose of making an estimate of the cost of double-tracking the C. P. R. between Winnipeg and Fort William.

There is a possibility of trouble between the iron moulders and iron masters of Montreal, the Iron Moulders' Union having made a demand on their employers for a minimum wage of \$2.50 a day.

Miss Gertrude Metcalfe, daughter of Warden Metcalfe of the Kingston Penitentiary, has been appointed assistant accountant of the prison on a salary of \$500, and her father will retire with a year's salary.

Two Montrealers who took \$150 from a candidate for the police force, representing that they had influence, and could use the money to bribe members of the Police Committee, are to be prosecuted for "defaming aldermen and officials."

Mr. Tatsuzo Nasse, the Japanese Consul-General for Canada, and that of the United States extending between the Alleghenies and the Rockies, is now in Montreal, where he may reside permanently, having hitherto lived in Chicago.

Mr. John A. Kinsella, late Government Inspector of Creameries in the Northwest Territories, and before that Principal of the Kingston Dairy School, will set out on May 20 for Wellington, N.Z., where he will be assistant to Prof. J. A. Ruddle, also a Canadian, who is the dairy expert employed by the New Zealand Government.

An amusing result of the effort of Hon. G. W. Stephens to disqualify Mayor Prefontaine of Montreal on the ground that he authorized illegal expenditure, has come to light. The Mayor noticed that certain things are alleged under oath which are not in accordance with the facts, and has laid a charge of perjury against Mr. Stephens.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Duke of Beaufort is dead. Lord Byron, a relative of the poet, is a bankrupt at London.

A lock of Napoleon's hair brought five guineas at auction in London.

The British Admiralty will shortly experiment with wireless telegraphy. The British Admiralty has declined to entertain the plan of building submarine boats.

The Lakes of Killarney will soon be for sale, and it is feared that the purchaser may exclude the public.

The Midland Railway Company has placed an order for 130 locomotives with an American company. Other orders will likely follow.

The first keel plate of the cruiser Drake, designed to be the most powerful warship of her class in the world, was laid on Wednesday at Pembroke dockyard.

Wireless telegraphy has proved of value in marine affairs, the Goodwin Sands lightship having been able by means of it to summon help on receiving an accidental injury.

Cotton spinners of Lancashire and the northern counties want an advance in wages of one per cent. with the alternative of a general strike, which will affect 60,000 operators.

Lord Charles Beresford, speaking at a banquet of the Society of Engineers in London on Wednesday night, said that England is behind the United States and Japan in the use of electricity on warships.

UNITED STATES.

Ex-Governor Oglesby, of Illinois, is dead at Springfield.

Toledo clergymen favor municipal ownership of saloons.

A copper combine has been organized at Jersey City. Capital \$75,000,000.

Rev. Dr. Connell of London has declined the call to the Fifth Avenue Church, New York.

It is reported that the largest copper ledge ever discovered in the west has been found sixty miles east of Tacoma.

Spain has intimated her willingness to accept the \$20,000,000, which is her price for the Philippines. The money will be paid without delay.

The coroner's jury has decided that the Windsor Hotel fire was the re-

sult of an accident. The police have \$10,000 worth of jewels, etc.

Three thousand dollars worth of blooded cattle were killed last night by the burning of the barn on the Hiram Cramer farm, near Saratoga Lake.

One assaying \$1,000 of gold to the ton has been taken out of the side of Blowout Mountain, near Little Rock, Ark., and farmers have quit their fields and gone prospecting.

Wm. Derry, alias F. H. Montrose, represented himself as Warden of Kingston Penitentiary, and defrauded Chicago electrical firms out of \$20,000 before he was arrested.

Five students of St. Lawrence University, Canton, N. Y., were wounded by the college steward, who fired upon them as they were attempting to burn down a small frame building near College Hall.

The United States transport Crook arrived at New York, on Wednesday from Ponce, Santiago and Guantanamo with 356 bodies of soldiers who were killed in battle or died in Porto Rico and Cuba.

President McKinley has approved the project for a new transatlantic cable between Germany and the United States. The new company is to be known as the German-American Telegraph Co. The termini will be New York and Ems, and the route will be by the Azores.

At Wardner, Idaho, a mob that arrived from Burke on a train that they had seized blew up the Bunker Hill and Sullivan mill with giant powder, destroying \$250,000 worth of property. During the visit of the mob its members began firing on one another, and one man was killed.

The race question was raised at the International Sunday School Convention, which met at Atlanta, Georgia, and it was pointed out that both city and State laws forbade white and colored people to sit together in public gatherings. After a discussion it was decided to allow the delegates to sit as they pleased.

GENERAL.

Renewed reports of distress from famine come from Russia.

Austria will build two new battleships, and four new cruisers to add to her navy.

The Queen of England Thursday opened a new bridge across the Pailion River, in France.

Electric launches are spoken of as likely to replace the picturesque gondoliers of Venice.

During the last four days the number of miners on strike in Belgium has jumped from 40,000 to 70,000.

Portugal has approved a project for laying a cable from the Azores to North America, Great Britain and Germany.

Nuns of a convent at Rome recently refused admittance to firemen within the grounds of their convent, which was on fire.

Virulent smallpox has appeared simultaneously in various parts of Germany, notably at Iserlohn, Hanover and Moczadlo.

The fanatic police officer who attempted to assassinate the Czar while travelling in Japan, before his accession to the throne, has died in a Japanese prison.

The strike that has been in progress at Budweis, Bohemia, for some time culminated in rioting, and in the collisions between the troops and the rioters several persons were wounded.

In the Transvaal President Kruger's chief of staff, Gen. Joubert, is inspecting the frontiers and selecting places suitable for entrenchments. More rigid inspection of the military has been ordered.

England will support Emperor William's scheme for the better administration of the Asiatic provinces of Turkey, if all the nations enjoy equal commercial privileges in the proposed German protectorate.

A French Egyptian has unearthed two statues at Karnak on the Upper Nile, one of alabaster, 18 feet long, representing the Theban god Ammon, and one set up by King Usertesen I., in Abraham's time.

The Government of Finland has obtained authority from the Czar to exile all people suspected of hostility to Russia, and to the work now in progress of "Russianizing" Finland. The order affects thousands of people.

Ivan, Mapan, an Austrian boy 17 years old, has invented a new magazine rifle which the Austrian War Office is investigating. The gun takes fifteen cartridges at a load, and it is said that it can be discharged at the rate of 40 shots a minute.

ALLEGED PLAGUE IN PARIS.

Women Who Conduct the Fronte stick to Their Alarming Statement.

A despatch from Paris gives a report of a visit to the office of the Fronte, a publication written, printed, and produced exclusively by women, where he interviewed several of the writers. The Fronte a few days ago published the statement that three cases of bubonic plague had developed in a Paris shop, their origin being traceable to Oriental rugs recently brought there. The women stick to this statement, despite the denials of the Prefect of Police and other authorities, and declare that several cases of plague have occurred.

The interviewer, seeing a handsome youth in the office, remarked that he understood that the staff of the paper was wholly feminine. To his amazement, the "youth" declared that such was the fact. It was a woman instead of a young man he was addressing. She explained that she had worn masculine habiliments for 19 years for the sake of convenience.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

What the Legislators of the Country are Doing at Ottawa.

THE ESTIMATES.

Finance Minister Fielding brought down the main estimates for the year 1899-1900. To run the affairs of the country he asks \$46,286,550.77, compared with \$47,900,487.18 last year.

The list is made up as follows, the figures for the previous year being also given:—

	1898-99	1899-00
Public works	\$2,312,765	\$2,302,575
Decrease, \$190.		
Militia	1,628,741	1,685,520
Increase, \$70,728.		
Civil government	1,431,991	1,215,409
Increase, \$19,485.		
Admin'n of justice.....	101,501	93,755
Decrease, \$7,746.		
Penitentiaries	417,500	416,600
Decrease, \$900.		
Dominion police	23,000	23,000
Legislation	619,629	369,675
Decrease, \$249,954.		
Agriculture and statistics	342,200	310,100
Decrease, \$32,100.		
Quarantine	119,000	129,000
Increase, \$10,000.		
Immigration	258,500	358,500
Increase, \$100,000.		
Railways and canals.....	156,347	291,424
Increase, \$135,077.		
Mail subsidies	628,333	426,666
Decrease, \$201,667.		
Subsidies to Provinces	4,237,500	4,251,500
Increase, \$14,000.		
Indians	1,008,809	980,217
Decrease, \$28,592.		
Mounted Police	353,750	353,750
Yukon Prov. Dist.	543,950	814,500
Increase, \$270,550.		
Customs	972,280	999,090
Increase, \$26,810.		
Excise	451,776	462,095
Increase, \$10,318.		
Railways and canals, coll. of revenue.....	4,710,200	4,741,100
Increase, \$30,900.		
Trade and com.....	24,100	24,100

FOR PUBLIC WORKS.

Arnprior, public building, \$3,400, re-vote; Dominion public buildings, Ottawa, \$14,000; Ingersoll post-office, \$0-000; Kingston Armouries, \$40,000; Ottawa public buildings, Langevin block improvements, \$24,000; Rat Portage post-office, \$14,000; Sarnia post-office, \$10,000; Toronto Dominion buildings, improvements, etc., \$6,000; Woodstock post-office, \$20,000; Ontario harbors, \$5,000; Bruce mines wharf, \$10,000; Burlington channel, repairs to piers, \$40,000; Collingwood harbor, \$60,000; Goderich, reconstruction of breakwater, \$46,500; Goderich, dredging, \$20,000; Hawkesbury, dredging, \$3,000; Kincairdine, repairs to pier and dredging, \$1,500; Kingston harbor and dredging, \$10,000; Little Bear Creek, dredging, \$2,000; North Bay, pile wharf, \$8,000; Oakville, repairs to piers and dredging, \$45,000; Oshawa, repairs to piers, provincial harbor is transferred to municipal corporation, who will maintain it in future, \$8,000, re-vote; Owen Sound, dredging and pile work, \$19,600; Picton, dredging, \$5,000; Port Burwell harbor, \$45,000; Port Elgin, construction of groynes, \$5,000; Port Hope, repairs to pier and dredging, \$25,000; Port Stanley, repairs to pier and dredging, \$13,000; Rainy River, improvements to channel, \$1,500; River Ottawa, improvements steamboat channel, \$7,200; Saugeen River, dredging, \$2,000; Sydenham River, dredging, \$5,000; Thornbury, dredging, \$3,000; Toronto harbor, works at eastern entrance, etc., \$75,000.

In the militia estimate the twelve days' pay of the militia is placed at \$400,000. A further item is \$250,000 for clothing, etc. A provision of \$325,000 is made for the purchase of field guns, fortress, armament, rifle ranges and military equipment. The Dominion Rifle Association has its grant cut down from \$15,000 to \$10,000, while the Artillery Association will have to be satisfied with \$5,000 instead of \$7,000. The grant to local and battalion associations is reduced from \$7,500 to \$6,500.

To deepen the Welland Canal approaches at Port Colborne \$350,000 will be asked, and \$354,000 will be utilized in deepening the River St. Lawrence ship channel.

The cost of administering affairs in the Yukon is increased by \$27,550, due to the erections of new buildings, \$25,000; transport, \$80,000; traveling expenses of judges and other court officials, and the sum of \$103,000 is set aside for mail service for the district. The collection of customs will cost \$25,000. For the improvement of the navigable channels of the Lewes and Yukon Rivers \$40,000 is set aside.

Provision is made for the salaries of fourteen Superior Court judges in the Province of Quebec, at \$5,000 each, an increase of \$10,000; fourteen at \$4,000 each, also three judges of the Circuit Court, Montreal, at \$3,000 each.

SONS OF ENGLAND.

The Minister of Finance gives notice of two important Government bills. One is to implement the promise made last year, when the Sons of England Incorporated bill was before Parliament, viz., that the Ministry at this session would introduce a bill affecting fraternal societies in general. The title of the proposed measure is "Respecting the Incorporation of Benevolent Societies."

TO AMEND THE INSURANCE ACT. The other bill, of which Mr. Fielding gives notice, is to amend the Insurance Act. It proposes to furnish a means whereby companies may be incorporated by letters patent, instead of having to come to Parliament for incorporation.

AN EIGHT HOUR DAY.

Mr. Quinn gives notice of a resolution that on all public works under control of the Government eight hours shall constitute a full day's work, and that in all public contracts hereafter a

clause be embodied recognizing eight hours as constituting a full day's work.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

Mr. Fisher informed Mr. Dugas that an experimental station for the growing and curing of tobacco is to be established at St. Jacques, Quebec. He replied to Mr. Martin that the Government proposes to establish several illustration stations for the fattening of poultry during the season of 1899. Illustration stations as object lessons to the farmers in different branches of agriculture would be established. Prof. Robertson had not advocated any scheme for the spraying of fruit trees, but the department would co-operate with the Government of Prince Edward Island in some experiments of spraying and shipping fruit.

Dr. Borden replied to Mr. Hughes that the Imperial despatch granting medals for the Fenian raids and Red River rebellion services directed the issue of medals only to the surviving officers, non-commissioned officers and men. Col. Hughes had asked if the medals would be given to the families of those now dead who served on those occasions.

Mr. Blair informed Mr. Bergeron that the amount of money paid by the Government for the construction of the Soulanges Canal up to March 31, 1899, was \$4,762,996.75.

Mr. Fielding replied to Mr. McMullen that it was the intention of the Government to introduce an amendment to the Civil Service Act, but that he was not in a position to state its nature at present.

Mr. Sifton informed Mr. E. F. Clarke that no arrangements have been made for a mineral exhibit from Canada in the mining section of the Greater Britain Exhibition, to be held from May to October this year at Earl's Court, London.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, informed Mr. Bennett that the Government is considering the question of introducing legislation to provide for the compulsory retirement of County Court judges in Ontario who have attained the age of 55 years.

Replying to Mr. Martin, Sir Louis Davis stated that the question of providing for the transport of fresh fish in cold storage from the Maritime Provinces to the inland consuming centers of Quebec, Ontario and the Northwest was recognized by the Government as important, and was now receiving consideration.

CIVIL SERVICE BILL.

Mr. Monk's bill to compel the Government to grant every discharged civil servant a statement of the complaints against him, was put to a vote in the House and was given the six-months' hoist.

FREE RAILWAY PASSES.

That much-vaunted question whether or not a member of Parliament should accept a free railway pass, came up in the form of a bill by Mr. Bostock to compel railways to issue such passes and was lost on division.

MARKETS OF THE WORLD.

Prices of Grain, Cattle, Cheese, &c. in the Leading Ports.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, May 2.—Butchers' cattle were in small supply, but the demand was very slow and prices remained steady, choice being quoted at \$4 to \$4 40 per cwt. One bunch of choice heavy exporters fetched \$4 50 to \$4 75 per cwt. The small supply of Canadian stockers for Buffalo met with a fairly good demand at firm prices, or \$3 50 to \$4 per cwt. Almost everything in the butcher line was left over in the pens at the close for to-morrow's market. Good milch cows fetched \$3 to \$4 50 each, and a few choice veal calves were steady at \$3 to \$7 per head.

Sheep and Lambs—There were no sheep on the market for sale and quotations are unchanged.

Hogs—Trade in the annex was very quiet and the offerings were lighter than expected. Prices remained firm. Choice were quoted at \$4 50 per cwt.

Milch cows, each	\$35 00 to \$45 00
Export cattle, heavy, per cwt.	450 to 475
Export cattle, light, per cwt.	400 to 450
Butchers' choice cattle, per cwt.	400 to 440
Butchers' med. cattle per cwt.	370 to 390
Butchers' com. cattle per cwt.	325 to 375
Butchers' inf. cattle per cwt.	300 to 000
Bulls, heavy, per cwt.	350 to 400
Bulls, light, per cwt.	325 to 350
Stockers, per cwt.	350 to 400
Feeders, per cwt.	400 to 440
Yearlings, per cwt.	500 to 550
Spring lambs, each	2 00 to 5 00
Sheep, per cwt.	400 to 450
Lambs, per cwt.	300 to 325
Bucks, per head	200 to 700
Choice bacon hogs, per cwt.	450 to 000
Light bacon hogs, per cwt.	400 to 000
Thick fat hogs, per cwt.	375 to 000
Sows, per cwt.	300 to 000
Stags, per cwt.	200 to 000

BREADSTUFFS.

Wheat—The market is easier and red wheat was offered west to-day at 68c, and 67c, was bid. White was quoted at 68c, west. Goose wheat is steady at 66c, west, and spring on the Midland is quoted by buyers at 68c. Manitoba wheat is steady at 82c, to 82 1-2c; for No. 1 hard North Bay, and 84c, to 84 1-2c; grinding in transit.

Flour—Is quiet; cars of straight roller in barrels are quoted at \$3 15 to \$3 20, Toronto freights.

Millfeed—There is not much offering and the market is firm at \$14 to \$16 for shorts and \$12 to \$12 50 for bran west.

Barley—Is dull and nominal at 41c, for No. 1 west.

Buckwheat—Is nominal at 48c, west. Rye—Is firm at 53c, west. Corn—The market is steady at 36c, ed.

for Canada yellow west, 44c, for old American east and 43c, west, and 42c, for new east and 42c, west.

Oats—Are firm at 32 1-2c, to 33c, for white west.

Oatmeal—Is steady at \$3.80 for cars of bags and \$2.90 for barrels here.

Peas—Are in demand for export and the market is a cent higher at 64c, to 65c, west.

PROVISIONS.

The demand for hog products is fairly active and prices are firm. The offerings of dressed hogs are very small. Cars of western mixed lots on the track here are quoted at 85c.

Pork—Canada mess, \$14; short cut, \$15; clear shoulder mess, \$12.50. Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, car lots, 6 3-4c; ton and case lots, 7c; breakfast bacon, 10 1-2c to 11c; hams, large, 9 1-2c; medium, 10c; rolls, 8c; green meats out of pickle are quoted at 1c less than smoked.

Lard—Tubs, 6 1-2c to 6 3-4c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—The offerings of large rolls are liberal, there is more than enough here to meet the demand, both locally and from the outside markets, and sales are slow. The market is weak for large rolls, but good straight yellow dairy tub is wanted. Large rolls are quoted at 11c to 11 1-2c. There are no fresh-made dairy tubs coming forward yet. Off grades are quoted at 9c to 10c. Creamery is steady at 18c to 18 1-2c for prints and 17 1-2c to 18c for packed.

Eggs—The receipts are sufficient, there is a good demand and the market is steady at 11c to 11 1-2c.

Potatoes—Are steady. Cars on the track here are quoted at 75c to 80c. Potatoes out of store sell at 85c to 90c.

Poultry—The receipts are small, the demand is slow and the market is steady at 11c to 12c for turkeys and 40c to 75c for chickens.

Baled Hay—There is a good demand for hay, the offerings are small and the market is firmer. Cars on the track here are quoted at \$7.50 to \$8.50. Baled Straw—The demand is slow and prices are nominally unchanged. Cars on the track here are quoted at \$4.50 to \$5.

Montreal, May 2.—Grain—Business is becoming more active with the opening of navigation, Manitoba No. 1 hard wheat sold at 72c; peas 1-2c higher at 74 1-2c; alfalfa May; oats, 36 1-4c; alfalfa May; buckwheat was in demand and sold about 2c higher at 61c.

Flour—There is a fair demand at steady prices. We quote:—Winter patents, \$3.75 to \$4; straight rollers, \$3.50 to \$3.60; in bags, \$1.65 to \$1.75; Manitoba patents, \$3.90 to \$4.00; strong bakers, \$3.75 to \$3.80.

Feed—Trade was fairly active. Ontario white wheat bran in bulk sold at \$16 to \$17 and shorts at \$17 to \$19 per ton; Manitoba bran \$16, shorts \$18 and mouille \$18 to \$25 per ton, including bags.

Meal—Business was slow and prices were unchanged in oatmeal at \$3.60 to \$3.65 per barrel.

Butter—There is a fair demand at 16 1-4c to 17c for creamery and 12 1-2c to 13c for western dairy rolls.

Eggs—There is a good demand at 11 1-2c to 12c.

Provisions—The market is quiet and unchanged. We quote:—Canadian pork in barrels, \$15 to \$15.50; pure Canadian lard, in pails, 6 3-4 to 7c, 5 lb. and compound refined at 5c to 5 1-2c per lb; hams, 10c to 12c and bacon 10 1-2c to 11c per lb.

Toledo, May 2.—Close — Wheat active; cash 75 1-4c, May 75 1-2c, bid, July 75 1-2c; No. 3 soft, 73 1-4c, Corn, cash and May 34 3-4c, July 35c. Oats, cash 29c, nominal, May 27 5-8c, July 25 1-4c. Seed, cash \$3.55, April \$3.75, October \$4.40.

Oswego, May 2.—Wheat market firm; No. 1 hard, 87 1-2c; No. 1 northern, 85 1-2c; No. 2 northern, 84c; No. 2 red, 83c. Corn steady; No. 2 yellow, 42 1-2c; No. 3 high mixed, 41 1-2c, to 42c; No. 3 mixed, 41c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, 35 3-4c; No. 2 white clipped, 36c. Barley market unchanged; Canada 82c, to 86c; western, 50c to 57c; no transactions. Canal freight to New York—Wheat, peas and rye 2c, buckwheat and barley 2 1-2c per bush.

CYCLONE'S VICTIMS.

Forty Persons Killed in a Missouri Town and 400 Buildings Levelled to the Ground.

A despatch from Kirksville, Mo., says:—A gathering storm that had been threatening all afternoon broke upon Kirksville at 6:20 o'clock on Thursday night in all the fury of a cyclone. A path a quarter of a mile wide and as clean as the prairie was swept through the eastern portion of the town, and four hundred buildings, homes and stores were levelled to the ground in scattered ruins. In the heavy rain that followed the people who escaped turned out to rescue the injured. For two hours not much was accomplished, as all was confusion, but by 8 o'clock 25 dead bodies had been taken from the ruins. It is confidently expected that the list of dead will reach between 50 and 60, if it does not exceed that. Almost a thousand people were more or less injured. Daylight will be necessary before an adequate estimate of the loss of life and property can be had.

Intense darkness prevailed after the cyclone, and the rescuers were at a disadvantage for a short time, until fire broke out in a dozen places in the ruins and shed light over the scene. No attempt was made to extinguish the

CHINESE COURT HISTORIANS.

No History Has Been Published Since the Year 1644.

There are court historians in China, as there are in other countries, but there is one striking difference, and it lies in the fact that the work of the Chinese court historians does not see the light until the reigning dynasty comes to an end.

In this way these Celestial historians have an opportunity to describe most truthfully the virtues and vices of the various rulers and the real significance of the events which take place during their regime. They can write what they please without fear of censure, for they know that their work will not be published as long as the reigning dynasty lasts.

This has been the rule for more than two thousand years, the first court historians having been appointed by the imperial house of Han, which reigned from 206 B.C. until 25 A. D.

The duty of these historians is to write a plain account of all the events that occur during their tenure of office. At regular intervals their completed work is taken from them and is locked up in an iron safe or vault. There it remains until the first member of a new dynasty ascends the throne.

It is then given with all the other histories to the vault of the court historian who is then living, and from the mass of documents he is expected to prepare a truthful history of the dynasty which has just expired. The present dynasty has been reigning since 1644, and consequently no court history has been published since that date.

AUSTRIAN WOMEN BARBERS.

Women barbers are quite the rule in Austria, and Austrians take no chances with their barbers. They must be experts, and the Barbers' and Wig-makers' Union of Vienna sees to it they are. Provision is also made in their code for women barbers who desire to carry on the business of their husbands in case of the latter's death or illness. In order to do this the wife must have been enrolled in the union as an apprentice for three years. Apprentices must appear in Vienna in the presence of judges of the union and show their skill before they are allowed to open shops of their own. A properly certified barber must have a knowledge of all kinds of procedure in shaving, hair cutting, hair curling and wigmaking. Poor persons and others who are frugal serve as subjects for experiment. Not only must the Austrian barber be well versed in the practical side of the subject, but questions are asked relating to the keeping clear of razors, combs and brushes; also the elementary rules of antiseptics are thoroughly gone into.

ALAS.

Gladys—What's become of Mabel?
Belle—She's joined the great majority.
Gladys—You don't mean to say she's dead?
Belle—Oh, no! Married a man named Smith.

"Pharaoh 10c." Payne, of Granby, Que. Cigar Manufacturer.

WHERE IDEALS ARE CHEAP.

What is your notion of an ideal woman?
One who can look like a princess in a three-dollar suit.

Bilica Poultry Crit is the best digester in the market LAURENTIAN SAND & GRAVEL CO., Montreal.

LONDON OMNIBUS EARNINGS.

A London omnibus earns on an average forty-four shillings per day from passengers and one shilling per day from advertisers.

La Toscana, 10c. RELIANCE CIGAR FACTORY, Montreal.

A STANDING INVITATION.

Do you find people generally pretty civil? asked a life insurance agent of a bill collector.
Oh, yes, indeed, answered the latter. They nearly always ask me to call again.

LUBY'S Gives new life to the Hair. It makes it grow and restores the color. 50c. a bottle. Sold by all druggists.

LIGHTNING FLASH.

By means of a photograph, made with a vibrating lens, Mr. F. H. Glew, of London, has calculated the time of a lightning flash. It comes out one nine-tenth of a second. The calculation is based upon the multiple image in the photographs and the rate of vibration of the lens. The time applies, of course only to the particular flash that was photographed.

BEER MADE FROM WATER.

Beer tablets are about to be put on the market by a German firm. A small tablet dropped into a glass of water will turn it into beer as fresh as if just drawn, it is asserted.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Drug stores refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

A CRIME.

Football was a crime in England during the reign of Henry VIII.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by mothers for their child's teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c. a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

CHURCH GOERS.

The number of church-goers in the United States in 1898 was 27,714,523; an increase for the year of over 862,000.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm.

W. & T. TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. W. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FRIENDLY ASSISTANCE.

Can-I help you to anything? asked Boarder No. 5.
Yes, replied the newcomer, at the foot of the table. You might give me a clue to this hash.

THE BRAIN'S WEIGHT.

The average weight of the brain of an adult male is three pounds four ounces. The nerves are all connected with it directly or by the spinal marrow. These nerves, with their branches and minute ramifications, probably exceed 10,000,000 in number.

W P C 970

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Carbolic Disinfectants, Soaps, Ointment, Tooth Powders, etc., have been awarded 190 medals and diplomas for superior excellence. Their regular use prevent infectious diseases. Ask your dealer to obtain a supply. Lists mailed free on application.

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The Dawson Commission Co., Limited, Cor. West-Market & Colborne St., Toronto. Can get you best prices for your Apples, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, and other produce, if you ship it to them.

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Tailors and Dress-makers, send for catalogue. C. & D. SCHOOL CO., Montreal.

Stammerers

especially those who have failed to be cured elsewhere, write to Dr. Aronst, Berlin who will convince you he can cure you.

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COMMON SENSE KILLS Roaches, Bed Bugs, Rats and Mice. Sold by all Druggists, or 581 Queen W. Toronto.

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RICH. PURE. FRAGRANT. HEALTHFUL. REFRESHING.

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Lead packages. CEYLON TEA. 25, 30, 40, 50 & 60c.

Rheumatism

Cure assured in 24 hours, on receipt of \$1. DR. ROUBY, P. O. Box 305, Montreal.

Ideal Leather Polish

is the best for MEN'S WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS AND SHOES.

Made in All Colors. Sold Everywhere.

FREE This beautiful field-shell collared ring in exquisite finish—made of Heliotropes, Rose and Violet stones. Return us \$1.00 and receive ring FREE by return mail. Liberal examination, if preferred. Unpaid goods returnable.

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Religious Pictures, Statuary, and CHURCH ORNAMENTS, Educational Works. Mail orders receive prompt attention.

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CURES DYSPEPSIA. SUBSTITUTES TEA AND COFFEE. A 10c. package will make 75 cups. For sale by all grocers. Ask for it. Agents wanted. Send 10c for sample half lb. package, pre-paid.

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THE VALUE OF **INDIAN WOMAN'S BALM** AS A PARTURIENT MEDICINE.

GOLD PLATED Out this out to us with your name and address, and we will forward this watch to you by express for examination. It is a map-back and beautiful green sapphire, stem-wind and set, 18K gold plated, handsome engraved. It looks like a solid gold watch, is fitted with a jeweled American Metal Movement and we warrant to give good satisfaction, and to permit the watch for trading purposes. If after careful examination you find the watch to be exactly as represented, send the express agent \$1.00 and charge, and it is yours.

Terry Watch Co., Toronto, Ont.

FREE! This lovely watch, with guard or chain, for selling 3 doz. of our full-sized Ladies' Doylines 10c each; Lady's Sterling Silver Watch for selling 5 doz. Doylines in latest and prettiest design. They sell as fast as they are made. Write and we send them postpaid. Sell them, return our money and we promptly forward your watch free. Unpaid goods returnable.

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Arabicum Food, which saves Invalids and Children, and also bears successfully Infants whose Alimentation and Debility have resisted all other treatments. It digests when all other Food is rejected, saves 50 times its cost in medicine.

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We give this fine 4-Blade Pearl Handle KNIFE for selling 6 Ladies' Gold Plate Shirt Waist BEAUTY PINS at 10 cents each.

Simply send your address and we will forward wicks post-paid. When sold, send the 60 cents and we will send knife, with all charges paid.

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(11lb) **STEELE, BRIGGS' "JUMBO" SWEDE TURNIP.** A GOOD TURNIP CROP Means Well-Fed Stock

GROWERS' FAVORITES:
STEELE, BRIGGS' "JUMBO" Swede
Grows handsome, tankard-shaped roots, of a purple-bronze color above ground; yellow beneath; stands well out of ground. Grows roots of giant size. Price (post-paid) 1/2 lb., 10c.; 1 lb., 15c.; 1 lb., 20c.; for 5-lb. lots and over, 21c. lb.

STEELE, BRIGGS' "SELECTED" Swede
For over ten years the favorite with best growers; even, handsome shape and a great cropper. Many tons of seed are required annually to supply the demand for this fine variety. Price (post-paid) 1/2 lb., 10c.; 1 lb., 15c.; 1 lb., 20c.; for 5 lb. lots and over, 21c. lb.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Steele, Briggs' "Jumbo" and "Selected" Swedes are sold in sealed packages only (1/2 lb. and 1 lb.) as shown in accompanying illustrations always bearing their name.

STEELE, BRIGGS' EXTRA SELECT TURNIP SEEDS
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FORCIBLE POINTERS Whatever crop you grow, success or failure is largely governed by the seed used. Successful growers always use the best seeds obtainable. All seeds have a value, which varies according to the care and selection of stock in producing them; indifferently grown seeds cost less to produce and permit of being sold at like low, "cheap" prices—like produce like. The labor necessary to grow a crop with "cheap" seed is the same as when using the best seed—then why incur unnecessary risk by using "cheap" seeds?

THE BEST CROPS ARE GROWN FROM ... Steele, Briggs' Seeds ... BE SURE THAT YOU GET THEM WHEN BUYING

ENSILAGE CORN
LARGEST STOCKS OF BEST KNOWN VARIETIES

Mammoth Ouban Yellow Dent Corn The heaviest ear producing variety, with a favorable season has yielded 3 1/2 tons of ears per acre, and ripens in most parts of Ontario. Price, 1/2 bush., 45c.; bush., 80c.; 2 bush. and over, 80c. bush.; bags, 15c. each.

EARLY HURON YELLOW DENT CORN One of the earliest dent varieties in cultivation, a strong grower, stalks and ears of good size, small cob with deep grain, productive. Price, 1/2 bush., 50c.; bush., 90c.; 2 bush. and over, 85c. a bush.; bags, 15c. each.

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You can get Steele, Briggs' Famous Garden and Flower Seeds from your Resident Merchant, or send for them direct. THE BEST SEEDS THAT GROW.

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ONE POUND STEELE, BRIGGS' SEED CO.

PURPLE TOP DE TURNIP

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 Terms:—\$1 per year in advance; Otherwise \$1.25.
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 Year. months. month
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 Local business notices 5c per line each insertion. No local less than 25 cents.
 Contract advertising payable quarterly.

EDITORIAL NOTES.
 An old man of seventy years named McGarvey was found dead last week about a mile north of Warton. A revolver was lying by his side and there was an ugly bullet wound close to the eye. Coroner Fisher said there was no doubt deceased had caused his own death. Deceased had lived in Keppel a long time but was on a visit to his son Thomas at Mar.
 The warm spring weather of the past few weeks has done more than forcing the buds to burst and the grass to grow. It has hatched out myriads of small caterpillars and there is scarcely a tree but is swarming with these pests. At the time of hatching the caterpillars were scarcely more than an eighth of an inch in length and now is the proper time for owners of fruit and shade trees to give the pests their attention. Spraying with paris green or Bordeaux mixture is the only safe remedy, while a strip of cotton dipped in coal tar, and tied around the trunk of trees will prevent the migration from one tree to another. Fruit growers owe it to themselves to take immediate steps to remove this menace of the future of their orchards.

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 Write for our interesting books "Inventor's Help" and "How you are swindled." Send us a rough sketch or model of your invention or improvement and we will tell you free our opinion as to whether it is probably patentable. We make a specialty of applications rejected in other hands. Highest references furnished.
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 Terms Moderate.
 Conveyancer, Real Estate Agent.
 Money to loan at 4 1/2 per cent.

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Partridge Cochins, B. P. Rocks, Silver Laced Wyandottes, Black Minorcas, S. C. White Leghorns, Silver Spangled Hamburgs, Red Pile Games, English Bunties
 Setting eggs for sale at \$1.00 per setting.
Mildmay, P. O., Ont.

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 Has over 12,000 MORE regular circulation EVERY DAY than it had in 1897, and nearly 4,000 more than one year ago.
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 With its 24 or 28 pages, every Saturday, its illustrated supplement, its many special features—Short stories and Sketchy Articles—besides having the current news of the day, has become a strong rival to the best monthly magazines.

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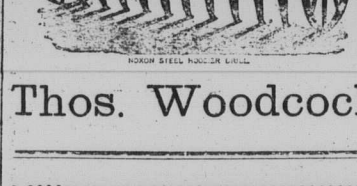
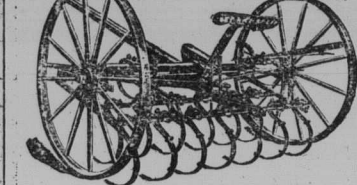
Imported Chester White Swine purchased from the prize winning stock of Ontario. Stock for sale at all times reasonable prices. Visitors welcome.
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 Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment is an absolute cure for piles, and has never been known to fail to cure the worst forms of this disease which has baffled medical skill for ages.
 This statement may sound rather strong to persons who do not know the superior merits of Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment, but it is perfectly true, and heartily endorsed by the grateful testimony of thousands of men and women who have been cured by it after years of suffering, and after trying many preparations and consulting the best doctors.
 Mr. H. Bull, Belleville, Ont., says: "I take pleasure in stating that after thirty years of suffering with Itching Piles, Dr. Chase's Ointment has completely cured me. I tried every remedy that was advertised, with little or no benefit, but as I have told different persons affected as I was, Dr. Chase's Ointment made a perfect cure."
 Dr. Chase's Ointment has a record of cures unparalleled in the history of medicine. It is guaranteed to cure any case of piles. For sale by all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

DR. GAUTHIER ENDORSES
 The statement that Mr. Major owes his life to... **DR. CHASE'S Kidney Liver Pills**
 Dr. J. T. A. Gauthier, of Valleyfield, Que., writes: "I, the undersigned, certify that the contents of this letter, in regard to the cure of Mr. Isadore Major, by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, is correct."
 Here is Mr. Major's letter: "After 20 years of suffering from backache and kidney disease I owe my life to Dr. A. W. Chase. I had tried an endless variety of remedies to no avail, and on the recommendation of a friend began the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. Two pills that night and two next morning gave great relief, and I continued their use until now I am completely cured. My friends are surprised and pleased to see me well again, for I spent hundreds of dollars in vain trying to get cured. Before using Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills my back ached so I could not put on my shoes and couldn't lift 20 lbs. My shoulders were sore, I had headaches and a bad taste in the mouth. These troubles are now entirely gone and what I say I am ready to prove. I have told my friends of my wonderful cure, and many have been greatly benefited by using these pills."
 Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are the greatest kidney cure the world has ever known. One pill a dose, 25c a box at all dealers, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Buffalo All-Steel Disc Harrow
 This is the only Disc Harrow made or sold in Canada, having independent, adjustable spring pressure upon the inner ends of the gang discs. Giving any amount of pressure to be thrown upon the inner ends of the gangs, by the foot of the operator. By this means a perfectly flexible action is secured and the ground can be worked to a uniform depth. Examine this Machine carefully and compare with others.



The No. 12 Cultivator
 IS A MARVEL OF SUCCESS. The only Cultivator made that both lines of teeth will cut an even depth in the ground. Examine it and you will see why. The only Cultivator with a movable tooth set so that the angle of the teeth can be regulated to suit any condition of soil. Pressure can be regulated to act differently on every section requiring it. The teeth are carried between the wheels instead of trailing behind, as in other machines, thus securing lighter draft. This machine is furnished with grain and grass seed box when required. It has reversible diamond steel points for the teeth; also, extra wide thistle-cutting points can be furnished. Examine it and you will buy no other.

The Best Drill Made.
 The Hoosier Needs No Introduction
 Over 40,000 Drills and Seeders of our manufacture in use in Canada. The only Drill made with lever for instant and perfect regulation of depth of hoe in all kinds of soil, while team is in motion. Sows absolutely correct to scale; saves seed, as every kernel is deposited at a proper depth to grow. Purchase only the best and you will be satisfied.
 We also manufacture Binders, Reapers, Mowers, Rakes, Cultivators and Pulpers as good as the best.
 Send for illustrative catalogue
Noxon Bros. Mfg. Co.
 INGERSOLL, Ont., (Limited).

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Men, Women & Children
 PRICES THE LOWEST AT
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 Only 50 cents to January 1900.

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 Our large and varied stock and beautiful designs cannot fail to please everybody.
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 Some very pretty patterns at 4c per single roll. All new patterns.
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FOR

Queen's Birthday
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Will issue return tickets at Single First Class Fare Going May 23rd and 24th, returning May 25th.

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 Between all stations in Canada and Detroit and Port Huron, Mich., and from all stations in Canada, TO, but not FROM, Buffalo, Black Rock, Suspension Bridge and Niagara Falls, N. Y. Tickets, rates and all information from Agents of Grand Trunk Railway System.

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Removed.
 I have lately moved my stock of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers to
Henderson's Block,
 on Main Street, where with more room I have put in a much larger stock. I would be pleased to have all my old customers call on me, and as many new ones as possible. No old stock. My stock is entirely new and you can make no mistake in purchasing your spring shoes here.
 All the latest toes and colors. Chocolate, Tan and Black.
 Also a full line of Dressings. Shoes repairing up-to-date. Custom work a specialty.
J. V. BERSCHT
 The Central Shoe Store.
 Butter and Eggs Taken.

A New Departure.
 Dr. Marschand, the celebrated French physician, has at last opened his magnificently equipped laboratory in Windsor, Ont. There is a large staff of chemists and physicians at his command, and the men and women of Canada may now procure the advice of this famous specialist free of charge.
 Dr. Marschand has a world-wide reputation for successfully treating all nervous diseases of men and women, and you have but to write the doctor to be convinced that your answer, when received, is from a man who is entitled to the high position he holds in the medical fraternity.
 Why suffer in silence when you can secure the advice of this eminent physician free of charge.
 All confidence is strictly confidential and names are held as sacred. Answers to correspondents are mailed in plain envelopes.
 You are not asked to pay any exorbitant price for medicines, in fact it rarely happens that a patient has expended over 50 cents to one dollar before he or she becomes a firm friend and admirer of the doctor.
 A special staff of lady physicians assist Dr. Marschand in his treatment of female cases. Always enclose three-cent stamp when you write and address The Dr. Marschand Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich., U. S. A. Mention this paper.

A NEW INVENTION
RHEUMATISM CURED WITHOUT MEDICINE
RUSTIC RHEUMATIC INSOLES
WILL BRING COMFORT TO ALL
 THERE IS NO CASE OF RHEUMATISM BUT CAN BE CURED FOR 50C
RUSTIC RHEUMATIC INSOLES
 Effect a permanent cure where all other remedies fail to afford the slightest relief.
 They make the old folks young again And make the cripples leap; And give you comfort while awake And comfort while you sleep.
 Rustic Rheumatic Insoles are made to fit all sizes of shoes and will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, 50c. A positive cure guaranteed in every case of Rheumatism or money refunded. Advice furnished free on application. General agents wanted everywhere. Do not suffer any more but send at once for a pair of Rustic Rheumatic Insoles that will give you everlasting relief and happiness. Address
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THE BEST.



This Trade Mark is
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See that you get it.

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IS EVENEST
IS LONGEST

If your dealer does not handle our
Twine write Plymouth Binder Twine
Agency, 54 Bay Street, Toronto.

Best and most economical.
Does quality count with you?

LIVE STOCK MARKETS TORONTO

The receipts at the Western cattle market this morning for the opening trade were very heavy, there being 85 carloads, made up of 122 sheep and lambs, 30 calves, 50 milch cows and 1,600 hogs. With the markets at Montreal and Chicago steady, Friday quotations were fully maintained at this market. Prices for export and stockers remained firm, while butchers' cattle were inclined to be a little easier. Trade in all branches was fairly active and the heavy run was well cleaned out of the pens by noon.

Export cattle—The market was steady. Cable advices received from London and Liverpool remained steady and choice heavy exporters which were in moderate supply, were quotable at Friday quotations or \$4.60 to \$4.85 per cwt. There was a good demand for light, which were steady at \$4 to \$4.50 per cwt. The offerings were cleared out early and the quality was good.

Butchers' cattle—Prices for good to choice butcher stock were a trifle easier but the heavy supply found a fairly good outlet at times. The supply included a number of choice cattle which were equally as good as the choicest offered in the export line. Those fetched \$4.40 to \$4.50 per cwt, and medium and common grades, which were in very heavy supply, brought prices ranging from \$3.25 to \$4.25 per cwt. A moderate run of inferior grades were steady at \$3 per cwt but the demand was not active and as a result, most of the offerings in this line was left over at the close.

Bulls—The supply was a little heavier than anticipated, but all choice stock were in fairly active demand and the good to choice lots of heavy exporters were quoted at steady prices or \$3.50 to \$4 per cwt. Light stock bulls were in ample supply at firm prices or \$2.50 to \$3.50 per cwt.

Stockers and feeders—There was a good inquiry for Canadian stockers for Buffalo, and the prices were nominally unchanged from Friday. Choice stockers were in liberal supply and the qual-

ity was extra good. These were quoted at \$4 to \$4.25 per cwt. There was an active demand for good feeders, which were in liberal supply at firm prices or \$4.50 to \$4.65 per cwt.

Milch cows and calves—The run of choice cows was light; in fact the lightest for some markets, but the demand was good for the desirable grades, which found a good demand, while poorer grades were very slow sale. Good cows were quoted at \$40 to \$55 each and cheaper fetched \$25 to \$30 each. The light supply of calves met with an active demand and good to choice veals were quoted a little higher or \$2 to \$3 per head.

Sheep and lambs—Trading in this branch showed a little life to-day and the light offerings found a good demand at better prices than such brought on the late market last week. Sheep for export and butchers' use, with wool, made up the bulk of the offerings at firm prices at 25c per cwt higher or \$4 to \$4.25 per cwt, and sheep, clipped, were steady at \$3.50 to \$3.75 per cwt. A few choice spring lambs were quoted 25c per cwt higher or \$2 to \$4.75 per cwt and a small supply of bucks were steady at prices ranging from \$3 to \$3.25 per cwt. Lambs were in ample supply at \$3.50 to \$4 per cwt. A few choice veal calves are wanted.

Hogs—Prices for choice and light hogs took another advance to-day, the former being quoted 1/2c higher or \$4.75 per cwt, and the latter 1/2c higher or \$4.37 1/2 per cwt. The supply was much heavier than on the previous day last week, but the demand was active. There are too many light hogs coming forward and the quality was a little better than usual. Thick fats, which were in moderate supply, were steady at \$4.25 per cwt and sows fetched \$3 per cwt. Stags brought \$2 per cwt.

Court of Revision.

The Municipal Council of the Township of Carriek will sit as a Court of Revision on Monday the 29th day of May A. D. 1899, in the Townhall Mill-may, at 10 o'clock a. m.

James Johnston, Tp. Clerk.

NOW IS THE TIME . . .

To get your Parasols, Shirt Waists, Belts, Light Goods, Muslins, Organdis and Gloves, as we have a full line at right prices . . .



Our Millinery so far has been a complete success, and anyone wishing to have the newest in trimmed Hats and Sailors should call here.

Our stock of Groceries, Crockery, hats and Caps, Shoes and staple dry goods is complete in all lines and at prices to compete with all.

Call and see before buying elsewhere.

Try Our Coffee 16 lbs for \$1.00.

All farm produce taken in exchange.

SPARR BROS.

Corner Store, Mildmay

We are much pleased with the change in our store. Since opening our new department we doubled our sales in : : :

Boots & Shoes, Crockery and Glassware.

For the next Two Weeks we purpose giving Special Bargains in

Dress Goods and Millinery

We have a large and well selected stock in both these departments and we are satisfied we can supply the wants of our customers.

Terms Cash or Produce.

Fresh groceries always on hand.

A. MOYER,
Proprietor.

E. N. BUTCHART,
Manager.

Diamond Cut Diamond OR, THE ROUT OF THE ENEMY.

CHAPTER XXV.—Continued.
"Come here and sit down," she said, seeing the change in his face, with a small sad smile upon her lips, and he obeyed her meekly.

"Had she not always been in the right?" he said to himself, and then in some fashion he became all at once convinced that even in this thing that she told him to do she must also, of necessity, be wiser than he was.

She allowed him to take her hand, and he held it in both his own with a reverent tenderness.

"Yes, Geoffrey," she said very quietly, and with all her old manner—the manner of a sovereign to a subject—which always had the same absolute effect upon him. "Yes, you have guessed rightly; your uncle has spoken to me about it. He wishes it no doubt above all things, and his wishes are entitled to a great deal of respect from you, for your whole future career is in his hands, and he is disposed to treat you with a great deal of generosity and liberality."

"And for worldly advancement, you would advise me—?" he broke in emphatically.

She smiled and held up her finger. "Please listen to me. Worldly advancement is not at all a contemptible thing, let me tell you. When you are a few years older you will understand this better, no doubt, than you do now. At present you are blinded to the relative value of things. Your love for me is but a madness—flush that do not interrupt me. I know all that you would say, and I do not desire to hear it. I tell you that it is a madness, and madness is, no doubt, a tangible and actual reality to persons who are mad, as you—well, I own it, as we are. We have dreamt for one brief moment an impossible dream of such a degree of happiness as never, never can be fulfilled upon earth. Instead of that delirium of a vain delight, we have got something quite different to do with our lives, you as well as I, Geoffrey. I have my work, you know what it is, and where it lies, and you have yours. There is, if you would only believe in it, a good and happy future before you; I don't say that the goodness will be very apparent at first, or that the happiness will be very extravagant, but if you do that which is right, and turn your back on that which is evil, both the goodness and the happiness will be revealed to you in time."

"And you call it right to desert the woman I love, and to trick an innocent woman to whom I am absolutely indifferent into a marriage that must be to me an empty mockery?" he cried.

"Your arguments do not convince me, Rose."

"I have not finished my arguments yet," she answered quietly, with a little smile, and even as she spoke there came back to her memory that scene upon the river, the boat flashing by in the sun, with the girls in their white dresses, with the man she loved at their feet; and she knew, with that innate knowledge of human nature which life had given to her, that, but for herself, Geoffrey would have loved Angel Halliday, and that "absolute indifference" was by no means the feeling in his mind towards her. "Listen to me a little longer. Angel Halliday is a good girl, she is a beautiful girl, and—she loves you." It cost her a great deal to say this, but when one is working hard to cut away one's heart out of one's body, a few sharper thrusts of the knife go for little. She meant to plead Angel's cause, and she pleaded it in the very best manner that she knew. To a man of Geoffrey's age and temperament, it is next to impossible that the conviction of the affection of a charming and lovely girl can bring no quickening of the pulses, no dawning sentiment of interest and of gratification. She had calculated rightly. There arose a slight flush in Geoffrey's face, and his eyes sought the ground. The sigh that arose in her heart as she watched him, died away ere it passed her lips. He never heard it. Rose de Brefour knew well that at seven-and-twenty a man has seldom seen the only love in his life. It may never be quite the same a second time, but he will certainly love again if his first desire is doomed to perish. It was this thought that sustained her chiefly, the thought that he would outlive the evil which she had brought him and be happy in time in another and more wholesome affection. "Well, then there is another view of the subject which I have yet to put before you," she continued. "Do you know that, if you marry this girl, a very great and a very substantial benefit will accrue to me and to my poor old father?"

He lifted his eyes in pure astonishment.

"Yes, for Mr. Dane has discovered lately that my unhappy husband is still alive, and, not perhaps altogether unreasonably, he thinks that he ought to be brought to justice for his old sin. You understand what that means, Geoffrey? Publicity, exposure, disgrace and shame to us! All the old miserable story of crime and fraud dragged to light again and made the subject of common talk in the daily papers. My share in the concealment of the criminal would, no doubt, be made much of; it is even possible also that that poor helpless old man might be dragged into a public court to tell all he knows against his own still loved son. Ah!" she cried, striking her hands passionately together, whilst tears of anguish at the picture she had conjured up filled her eyes, "sooner than allow such a thing to take place, I would die! such an overpowering disgrace would be the cruellest torture that it would be possible to inflict upon him!"

"It could not take place!" cried Geoffrey excitedly. "Such an unparalleled cruelty and persecution would be the vengeance not of a man, but of a devil. My uncle will never do it."

"No," she answered with a sudden calmness, "he will not do it, Geoffrey, because you will save me from so awful a catastrophe!"

"If?" he repeated blankly. He did not yet understand.

"Yes, you; because if you marry this girl, he will forgive my husband. Do you see? Do you understand? He will give him a free pardon; it will be written, so that there will be no mistake about it, and properly signed and witnessed. He will give this to me the day that Angel Halliday promises to be your wife. Her promise will save me, will save my father; we shall have no more of terrors by day and by night, of secret journeyings backwards and forwards, of guilty fears, of horrible forebodings of danger; there will be no more hidings in dark corners, for Leon will be a free man, the load of his sins will be taken off him, and the constant prayer of the old man that he may be united to his son in peace and forgiveness ere he die will be granted to him. Do you not see what all this will be to me? and what your marriage will do for me?"

She spoke hurriedly and feverishly—almost hysterically. She was so afraid of herself, so afraid that she might betray too much, and so full in that which she had set herself to accomplish. In this picture which she had drawn of pardon and reunion she was fearful lest she should by word, or even by a look, allow him to discover how far more terrible to her would be her inevitable fate than all the terrors which she would have escaped—the daily hourly presence of the creature whom she abhorred, and who was tied to her by a bond that nothing could break or sever save death. If Geoffrey were to guess at but a tenth part of the strong loathing and disgust which filled her soul at the bare thought of what lay before her, her pleadings, she knew, would be all thrown away. But Rose was a good actress. All women who hold their own in this world of snares and pitfalls are bound to be more so, or less, and a hard necessity with her had fostered to the utmost this power of concealment and pretence. In all that she put before him, of a life for her of possible peace and freedom from anxiety, Geoffrey saw no trace of that which she was most desirous to hide from him. It only seemed to him she was asking him to do something great for her sake—to sacrifice his life in order to bring peace to hers. To a nature such as Geoffrey's—chivalrous and highly strung—there could be but one answer to such an appeal. Long ago he had told her that his life was hers to do with it as she willed. He had given himself—his "self" in its better and higher sense—absolutely to her, and Geoffrey was of too generous a nature to take back his gifts. He certainly lived several hundreds of years too late—this poor young hero of mine. In the Nineteenth century, chivalry and self-sacrifice are somewhat old-fashioned and out of date. We do not even respect these things over much nowadays. They are reckoned of no account, in this hurrying, bustling practical life of ours. Rather are we inclined to laugh at that which our ancestors revered, and an action of self-denial which, in the days of the "knights of old," would have aroused a perfect storm of enthusiasm and admiration, can gain no better tribute from us than a pitying smile, no more exalted praise than that damnatory word "Quixotic!"

Geoffrey Dane should have changed places with a certain ancestor of his who flourished, in the days of King Edward the First, of glorious memory. Then he would have been a very Paladin of all knightly and heroic virtues; now, he is only, I fear, a foolish young man with an exaggerated idea of the higher leadings of the soul, and an overweening and altogether unreasonable sensitiveness to the full meaning of that oft-quoted, but little understood French proverb, which stands at the head of this chapter, and so, when he understood exactly what it was that his Queen asked of him, it no longer occurred to this "preux chevalier" of another generation to question her decrees or to rebel against her orders. Thus and thus, he was to serve her, and thus truly, should she be served.

"Since his lady-love was held in bondage by cruel and relentless chains which she was unable to burst, since she could not in truth and deed be his very own, as in his wild unuttered heart he had for one mad moment aspired that she should be, then it only remained for him to turn his life in such a way that he could best brighten and comfort hers, best prove his own faith and truth to her.

More than an hour passed away after that before he left her, an hour in which the sun went down, down beneath gold-tinted clouds into the blackness of the earth which he deserted, and the sober dusk crept up, filling the garden with vague mists and shadows.

What they said during that sad hour; what tears were shed, what last words were spoken, between those two who parted in the darkening evening as those who part for ever in this world it boots not here to relate. Once more kneeling at her feet he was permitted to draw her face down upon his tear-stained cheek, to press his lips once again upon hers; but in this kiss there was no gladness of fulfilled longing,

no rapture of earthly passion. It was the kiss of an eternal farewell.

The damp dew of night were falling thickly about them as he rose at last, half-delirious, from his knees, and wrenched his hands out of hers. There was no word spoken between them at the last; no tender "good-bye," no whispered "good night." He only walked dumbly away from her, staggering a little at the first as one who is stricken with a mortal pain, then by degrees steadier as he reached the house, but still blinded and unconsciously eyes, like a lost soul that knows not whither it goes.

Is it any wonder that, brushing against his own sister upon the platform, of the station, he passed her by with a vacant, unconscious stare, as though his eyes had rested upon a stranger?

CHAPTER XXVI.

Florence Dane was one of those estimable people who never fail to fulfil all the same social obligations of life which duty and decorum demand of so many of us in vain.

It was as a matter of course, therefore, that being within so short a distance of town, she should betake herself to Cromwell Road to pay her respects to her aunt, Mrs. Matthew Dane.

She chose the luncheon hour for her visit as offering a greater certainty of finding her aunt at home, and fortune certainly befriended her that day for her uncle also was in, having been detained in his own house by a slight touch of a foe whom not all his cleverness could circumvent, and which was apt at times to assert its power over him in an autoerotic fashion.

This enemy was the gout.

Mr. Dane sat in an easy chair in the dining-room, with his foot swathed in bandages upon a leg-rest; a small table with his luncheon tray was beside him, and he was in a very bad temper.

He held out two fingers to his niece.

"Hullo! Florence is it? Dear me, who would have thought of seeing you. Come up to look out for a husband in London, eh?"

Florence's colour rose.

"Husbands are not much in my line, uncle, she answered shortly.

Mr. Dane chuckled. He had a curious appreciation of beauty and comeliness, and a woman who was not pretty received but scanty civility at his hands.

He looked his niece over expressively from head to foot.

"Humph!—no; I don't suppose they are. The men will run after beauty you know, my dear! You are of the good, plain and useful sort," and then he chuckled again.

Mrs. Dane endeavored to salve over her husband's rudeness.

"Sit down here, Florence, my dear. Won't you unfasten your jacket? What will you have, a cup of tea or some chicken curry? And how did you leave your father and sisters?" Then, as she helped her to some food, bringing the plate round herself to set before her, she whispered: "Don't mind what your uncle says—my dear, he is not quite himself to-day; his foot is so painful, it always makes him cross."

And Florence made matters worse for herself by immediately inquiring after his gout.

"Oh! you are very kind," he answered sarcastically. "I am not going to die of it yet, thank you."

And he turned round and glared at her fiercely, so that Florence did not venture to address him again.

The luncheon progressed with some embarrassment. Mrs. Dane looked frightened and uncomfortable; it was always a black-letter day to her when, by some evil chance, her tormentor did not go into the city—he gave her no rest either by day or by night. If she had been alone with Florence, she could have got on well enough, but it was difficult to make conversation with that angry, scowling man sitting by, watching every mouthful they ate, and listening to every word that they spoke.

A sort of desultory talk went on between the two ladies, however, by fits and starts. Florence told her aunt where she was staying, and all about her friend and her baby, gave her the required information concerning the health of her family, and volunteered a good many somewhat uninteresting details about the parish and poor people of Coddisham.

From the poor she progressed to the rich, and made the usual complaint that is invariably to be heard upon the lips of all country folk, from whatsoever county of England they hail.

"But it is a very bad neighborhood, aunt Jane. It doesn't much matter to me, because I have so much work to do, but when my younger sisters come out, I am afraid they will find it very dull. There are very few tennis parties in the summer, and fewer dinner parties; and as to a ball, there has not been such a thing known for two years."

"How is that?" enquired Mrs. Dane politely. "I thought it was a hunting county."

"Well, so it is; but we are at the wrong side of it for any of the fun in the winter, and of course in the summer it is a desert. There are no less than six empty houses within four miles of Coddisham, without counting a small house that has sometimes been tenanted by nice people in Coddisham itself."

So far Florence had progressed when she was suddenly interrupted by a question from her uncle.

"Have you seen your brother since you have been at Riverside?" he asked.

"He has not been to see me," she replied somewhat pointedly, "although I certainly did get a glimpse of him two days ago."

"What the devil has become of him, I want to know?" cried the old man, savagely, dashing his hand down violently upon his luncheon-table so that the glasses and plates all jingled.

"Oh!" gasped Florence, with a scared look at the naughty word, "pray don't

use such expressions, uncle—"

"Rubbish! don't begin a sermon, girl! Answer my questions instead. Where's your brother? he hasn't been to the office for three days—wrote and said he was ill—he isn't there to-day, I've had a telegram from his fellow-clerk, Trichet, this morning, to say so. Where is he, I want to know? What do you know of him?"

"I know nothing, uncle," faltered Florence, fairly frightened by his vehemence.

"You said you saw him?"

"Only for a minute."

"Where was it?"

"At Riverside."

"Ah! What did he say to you?"

"Nothing."

"Nothing? Don't trifle with me, girl—he must have said something!"

"Indeed, uncle, he said nothing at all—he did not speak to me. I don't think he ever saw me. It was at the station—he was getting into the train. I tried to stop him, but he would not stop. He got into the train and went away. He looked agitated—he might have been ill—perhaps he is ill now."

Florence was very nearly in tears by this time.

"I wish you would not look at me so savagely, uncle Matthew. I am really not accustomed to be cross-questioned in this way."

He laughed gruffly. Something made him feel more amiable all at once, and he began to enjoy himself a little—it was evident that he could frighten this sturdy, plain-spoken little niece of his. There was a grain of fun to be got out of her, after all, homely and countrified as she was. Besides she had told him something he had been wanting to know.

(To Be Continued.)

THE EDITOR'S WIFE

THIS LADY SUFFERED TERRIBLY FROM RHEUMATISM.

Her Joints Began to Swell and Twist Out of All Shape—Death Would Have Been a Relief—Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Her to Health.

From the Harriston Tribune.

After long consideration and much hesitancy about having her name made public, Mrs. John A. Copland, wife of the editor and proprietor of the Harriston Tribune, has resolved that the world should know how wonderfully her health was restored by the timely use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Our representative interviewed Mr. Copland and the following is his statement of the case:

"Whilst we were living in Toronto at No. 99 McGill street, my wife took ill in the autumn of 1894, and had such racking pains that she could hardly stir. One of the best specialists in Toronto was called in, and he diagnosed the case one of acute inflammatory rheumatism. His prescriptions were given and he said that the case was a severe one and it would be a wonder if her joints did not become misshapen. What this eminent physician predicted came true. At the end of a month my wife was worse than ever, and her wrists and knuckles were twisted greatly out of shape. She was so disheartened that she would weep at the slightest provocation. She was loath to stay in bed, and had to be assisted to arise and dress, every movement giving her intense pain. During all the ensuing winter this state of things continued, she gradually becoming worse in spite of the strong medicines and the lotions that the doctor prescribed for her. We tried in vain the massage treatment and the electrical treatment. My wife would moan nearly all night with the pain. She was unable to hold the baby, and even could not bear to have a person touch a finger at her. I feared that the spring would see my wife under the sod, and you may be sure I was terribly affected by it. All this time we continued to give her the doctor's treatment and medicines, until finally my wife stoutly refused to take any more of the drugs. From that out she began to improve, and one evening I was astonished to see her coming to meet me when I arrived home from the office. 'Why,' I said, 'the doctor is doing you good after all.' 'Not at all,' she said and smiled. Then she produced a little round wooden box and held it up. 'I have a great secret to tell you,' she laughed. 'Unknown to you I have been taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and this is the seventh box. They are rapidly curing me. Naturally I was overjoyed and almost wept at the thought of how very near I came to losing her. She continued taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and before she had finished the eleventh box, she was quite well again and to-day her wrists and knuckles are as shapely as ever.

Several of our neighbors in Toronto knew how sick she was, and can corroborate every word I have said. Either myself or my wife are willing to swear to the truth of these statements.

Mr. Copland has been laughed at for the enthusiasm with which he has sung the praises of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but he believes that anything so valuable to mankind should get all the praise it deserves.

Mrs. Copland was seen at her residence on King street, Harriston, and she corroborated every word her husband has said. She reluctantly gave consent to have her name published, but said that she thought it proper that the efficacy of these pills should be made known. She was led to use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through seeing the accounts of cures in the newspapers.

REFLECTIONS OF A BACHELOR.

Most people never stop to think that the best way to keep out of divorce is not to get married.

When a woman thinks her husband could not live without her, it is for the same reason that a sick baby could not live without a nurse.

Successful marriage depends on how much each one can make the other believe he or she is giving up for the other without really giving up anything.

It is hard for a woman to preserve her ideals when her husband refuses to water the petunias because he is in a hurry to keep a business engagement.

If a man stays out till four o'clock in the morning, and tells his wife he was catching up work in his office, so they can take a little trip some day, she will believe him; if he is five minutes late to dinner and tells her it is because he went a block out of his way to put one of her friends on a car, she is suspicious right away.

HAD BEEN IN HIS ARMS.

Dora—Yes, Henry Huggleton certainly is getting to be quite a social lion.

Flora, blushing—Dear me, do you think so? It seems to me he acts more like a bear.

CRUEL REVENGE.

Mr. Bunk's marriage didn't come off.

What was the matter?

His tailor was an old rival and didn't get his wedding suit made in time.

A LIE NAILED.

The Dog—You've got to have a pull to get along nowadays.

The Horse—Nonsense! I've had one of my life and it hasn't done me any good.

CONCERNING SUICIDE.

Some Interesting Facts and Figures Relating to Self-Destruction.

In all countries suicide is far more common among men than among women, and those who are married are less prone to self-murder than those who are single. The class of men most liable to kill themselves is the military, says the London Leader.

The particular form of religion existing in a country seems to affect the number of its suicides. In Protestant States the deaths attributable to this cause are largely in excess of those similarly brought about in countries where Roman Catholicism prevails. Suicide, again, is relatively rare among the Jews.

Concerning the age at which persons appear most likely to destroy themselves, the suicidal tendency increases in direct ratio with the age till about the seventieth year, when it begins and continues to decline. Children under 10 have been known to commit suicide, as also have persons over 90.

The following table throws some curious light on this question of age and suicide:—

Age.	Per. million.	Age.	Per million.
10-15.	. . . . . 45-55.	. . . . . 181	
15-20.	. . . . . 28 53-65.	. . . . . 201	
20-25.	. . . . . 47 65-75.	. . . . . 243	
25-35.	. . . . . 69 75-85.	. . . . . 183	
35-45.	. . . . . 116 Over 85.	. . . . . 116	

If asked in which month we should expect to find the greatest number of suicides most of us would probably reply—in November or December. And certainly it would seem that the dark, depressing days of winter would be more calculated to create or to develop a suicidal tendency than the bright and genial summer time.

As a matter of fact, however, it is in June, when nature is at her loveliest that men most frequently kill themselves. Taking 1,200 suicides, the following table shows the monthly returns:—

January.	. . . . . 88	July.	. . . . . 103
February.	. . . . . 86	August.	. . . . . 107
March.	. . . . . 101	September.	. . . . . 92
April.	. . . . . 112	October.	. . . . . 83
May.	. . . . . 120	November.	. . . . . 87
June.	. . . . . 122	December.	. . . . . 81

The means adopted by the poor wretch whereby to end his day varies according to age and sex. Among men hanging is in nearly all countries the most common form of suicide—probably because, while being comparatively quick and painless, it is the mode most readily accessible of procuring death.

Among women drowning is in some countries more resorted to than hanging, but in others, such as Denmark and Belgium, hanging seems equally popular with both sexes.

As against 281 suicides by women brought about by hanging and 324 by drowning, we find only one by firearms. Even in France, where we are apt to think the ears of the gentle sex are less horrified at the report of a pistol than is the case here, we have it recorded that as against 311 suicides by women attributable to hanging and 423 by drowning, only 10 were due to firearms.

THE CHEERFUL IDIOT.

Every woman is an aristocrat at heart, said the youngest boarder.

Yes, said the Cheerful Idiot, she hates to think of herself as classed with the plain people.

STANDING ON HIS DIGNITY.

She—Will you speak to papa?

He—Never, unless he speaks to me first. It would be unjust to you and to me, my dear, for he dropped me because I adored you. Any advance toward a reconciliation must be made by him.

About the House.

THE SITTING ROOM.

The sitting room should be one of the most enjoyable rooms in the house. It should always have a bright and cheerful appearance, and anything approaching stiffness or formality, should be banished. It is essentially the living room of the home, and for this reason, every article of furniture should be selected with a view to utility and durability. Luxurious divans, costly draperies and bric-a-brac would be quite out of place in such a room, indeed; in it there should not be one really expensive or perishable article, it being a most restful and inviting place at very little expense.

The carpet should not cover the entire floor. A large rug of some warm, cozy shades should be placed upon the floor, the edges of which are stained or painted, thus enabling it, the rug to be frequently and easily removed and shaken, in order to insure cleanliness. The walls should be tinted, or covered with a cheerful looking paper, harmonizing with the carpet and other furnishings, a few pictures and a rack or two being appropriate additions.

The curtains and portieres should also be in harmony, being composed of serge, felt or the ever useful denim. A centre table is a necessary adjunct in order to give an attractive and home-like appearance to the room, and this should be covered by means of a felt or denim cloth, upon which should rest papers, magazines, work-baskets and a lamp, with its softly shaded evening light, inviting workers and readers.

Soft crimson shades are perhaps the most suitable for decorating such a room, but old blue is also very lovely and serviceable, the former looking at its best during the winter months, while the latter is most attractive in the summer time. If the crimson shades are employed throughout, they should be relieved by touches of gold, but if old blue is used, it should be relieved by lighter shades of blue. For instance, the table cover could be made of crimson felt, and this could be decorated by a bold, conventional design worked in two or three shades of yellow Roman floss, or the coarser and more effective rope silk; or it could be made of dark blue denim, embroidered in the deep shades of filo silk floss. The curtains could also be decorated in the same manner, the upper ends of which being allowed to fall over about half a yard, a fringe of the floss being knotted in, and above the fringe some simple design could be embroidered in Roman floss.

A low, broad lounge, several substantial and comfortable easy chairs, with the addition of a few footstools or hassocks, should complete the furnishing of this most delightful nest.

An open fireplace should always, if possible, form part of the family sitting room, for it is there that the first fires should be lighted at the approach of Autumn.

IN HOUSECLEANING TIME.

Wipe tarnished or fly-specked gas and lamp fixtures with a damp cloth; let dry, then cover with a coat of white paint; when this is dry, re-gild.

When the mica in stoves becomes discolored, take out the pieces if possible, and put them in a vinegar bath for a few hours; then polish with a soft dry cloth. If they cannot be removed, rub with a cloth dipped in hot vinegar and polish as before.

When ink is spilled on a carpet or garment, at once cover the place with a thick paste of starch and cold water to the depth of an inch and let dry. Or take up with blotting paper, wash well in sweet or sour milk, then cover with white corn meal and leave twelve hours. For dry ink stains, soak in milk, and repeat the above several times.

To make a serviceable covering for a dining-room or kitchen floor, nail, wrong side up, an old Brussels carpet to the floor of the attic or outbuilding, then paint with a thick coat of linseed oil and burnt umber. When thoroughly dry, give a coat of good varnish. Let it lie ten or twelve days. It should be tacked to the floor loosely, as it shrinks some during the process. Clean the same as oilcloth.

A novice can paint window sash nearly as well as a professional by using a piece of tin the size of a pane with a handle. Wipe off any adhering paint with a cloth moistened with kerosene. To imitate frost glass put some putty in cheese cloth and twist the ends to form a pad then with it pat the glass until well covered with a milky white satin. When perfectly dry give a coat of good varnish.

Do not wrap silver or plated ware not in daily use in flannel; it contains sulphur, which is likely to tarnish it. Wrap in blue tissue paper, then in unbleached cotton flannel, and enclose in heavy wrapping paper to exclude the air as much as possible. To polish silver that has become badly tarnished, moisten a soft cloth in sweet oil; then with any tested polishing powder rub the silver until the spots have disappeared. Then rub with chamois skin and the powder, and finish polishing with a clean piece of chamois.

For sizing to be used on whitewashed walls before papering, dissolve half a pound of glue in a little hot water, then pour it into a pailful of boiling water, stirring carefully until well

mixed. Apply hot, and let dry a few hours before applying the paper. Take great care to cover every part of the wall. Note that the part near the ceiling and baseboard is not overlooked as there the brush is likely to slip. A professional painter gives the following receipt for paste: For a medium-sized room, sift 3 pounds of wheat flour and make it into a stiff paste with cold water; stir into it slowly two gallons of boiling water, stirring constantly until it swells and turns yellow. Winter wheat flour makes the best paste. A little carbolic may be stirred in to repel insects.

TO MAKE GOOD SANDWICHES.

Celery Sandwiches.—Cut white celery very fine and stir it into a thick mayonnaise dressing until you have a mixture you can spread. Butter thin white or graham bread for this.

Pate de Foie Gras Sandwiches.—The pate which comes in small tins for sandwiches is much improved if it is softened with a little mayonnaise dressing before it is put on the bread.

Imitation Pate de Foie Gras Sandwiches.—A good imitation of foreign pate may be made by pounding to a paste a boiled lamb's liver, seasoning it with onion juice, paprika, lemon juice pepper and salt, and working into it enough melted butter to make a smooth paste. It may be used as directed in the foregoing recipe.

Apple Sandwiches.—Flavor half a cupful of smooth apple sauce with grated lemon peel and a little nutmeg or cinnamon, add to it a couple of tablespoonfuls of whipped cream and spread upon graham or whole wheat bread.

Raisin Sandwiches.—Seed and chop half a cupful of layer raisins and moisten them with a little wine. Spread thin graham bread first with butter then with cream cheese, and then with the minced raisins.

Roast Beef Sandwiches.—Mince fine rare roast beef, season it with salt, pepper, a little Worcestershire sauce and a couple of chopped pickles; season it with melted butter and spread on white or graham bread.

Olive Sandwiches.—Stone and chop olives—the large Queen olives are best for this—stir them into mayonnaise dressing and spread on thin graham bread.

Nut Sandwiches.—For this almonds, peanuts or English walnuts, may be used. Chop rather coarsely and stir into mayonnaise dressing, or mix with cream cheese.

HOT CAKES FOR BREAKFAST.

English Muffins.—One quart of flour one half teaspoonful of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one and one quarter pints of sweet milk. Have batter a little stiffer than for griddle cakes. Have a griddle hot and greased, lay greased muffin rings on it, fill them half full, and turn when risen to the top, with cake turner. Do not bake too brown. When done pull apart, toast slightly and butter. Serve at once.

German Puffs.—One pint of sweet milk, one half pound of flour, two ounces of butter and four eggs. Separate the eggs, and beat the yolks until thick; warm the butter and milk until the butter is melted; when cold stir in slowly the yolks of the eggs; mix with the flour. Whisk the whites dry stir through very lightly and bake in buttered cups not half full.

Oatmeal Gems.—One pint of cooked oatmeal, one pint of sweet milk, four tablespoonfuls of sugar, two beaten eggs, one tablespoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of melted butter, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and enough flour to stick together. Bake in hot gem pans in quick oven.

Breakfast Muffins.—One cup of sugar, one egg, one tablespoonful of melted butter, one pint of sweet milk, three cups of flour, two teaspoonfuls of baking powder, one tablespoonful of salt.

Pop-Overs.—One egg, white and yolk beaten separately, one cupful of sweet milk, one cupful of flour, and a pinch of salt. Bake 20 minutes.

WORTH KNOWING.

A celebrated cake maker gives some valuable suggestions on the art of cake making: "First, I always use the best of everything. I buy my eggs direct from the farmer; my butter is fresh and carefully washed and kept on ice until I want it, and flour, sugar, nuts, flavoring, whatever I use, in fact, has to be as good as can be found. I find a dash of brandy, just as the cake goes to the oven, helps to make it light and also to bake more evenly. My cakes are mixed in various ways according to the sort I am making. The eggs are always very cold when broken, and whipped light in a cool place, I sift my flour two or three times until it is like light snow. My idea of cake and icing is that they should never be sticky or clammy, yet always soft enough to be eaten with a spoon."

In cake making one should give as much attention to baking as mixing. After you place the cake in the oven do not open the door for at least 15 minutes and then do so very cautiously; a slam has caused the fall of many a promising cake. Then, too, never let a cake stand after it is mixed; the oven should always be ready for baking before mixing the cake.

A SIMPLE CODE.

Emily—Why are you waving your handkerchief?
Angelina—Since papa has forbidden Tom the house, we have arranged a code of signals.

Emily—What is it?
Angelina—When he waves his handkerchief five times, that means, "Do you love me?" and when I wave frantically in reply, it means, "Yes, darling."

Emily—And how do you ask other questions?
Angelina—We don't. That's the whole code.

On the Farm.

ESTABLISHING A PEACH ORCHARD.

When planting the trees I cut off all broken roots; also about half the length of the long ones; cut off all the limbs and about one-third of the top of the small trees so when set they look like so many sticks stuck in the ground, writes Mr. Bliss. If the trees start well, and throw out plenty of little limbs, I pinch off those I don't wish, and so am able to grow the tree very near vase shape, with open top, so plenty of sunshine can get in. For plant food I use chemical fertilizers solely. The phosphoric acid I supply with fine ground bone and potash in some form, usually from high grade muriates. Ashes are excellent for the peach orchard. Nitrogen comes from the bone and what clover is plowed under. In setting the trees I use two or three handfuls of fine ground bone mixed with the soil, and after the roots are covered, put on a few ashes, then finish filling. After the first year sow broadcast over the land bone and potash separately.

I believe the word cultivation means a large part of the success that will come to us as fruit growers, or if we will take the two words intense cultivation and follow thoroughly on this line, we will be able to secure an excellent growth of wood and foliage of large, long leaves, of the darkest green color. If we are so fortunate as to have a good set of fruit, and it has been properly thinned, we shall have every reason to expect beautiful and luscious peaches. But to get them we must keep up this intense cultivation until the very last of August or first of September. Best fruit grows on the trees with large, healthy foliage. If the buds are not killed by the cold winter or late frosts, we get a full bloom and the peaches will set very thick, especially with some varieties. Then we have no small job on our hands thinning the little peaches; we don't thin the fruit very much until after the pit is formed in the peach, because there is what is called the June dropping, and as it would be rather unwise to do the thinning until nature had done its share. But we like to get them off before the pit gets very hard, as it takes a large supply of plant food to grow them. This so there will be no two peaches within four inches of each other; six inches better, but it requires the closest attention to get the men to thin them.

GYPNUM IN THE SOIL.

It has generally been supposed that gypsum when used as a fertilizer is valuable largely because it attracts moisture and furnishes some material which nourishes the plants in extremely dry weather. As a soil for producing vegetation, it has never been considered, indeed it has not been supposed that plants would grow in it, but some experiments at agricultural stations show that plants will flourish in pure gypsum and make an almost phenomenal growth. Grain and plants were raised in this soil with the most surprising results. Experiments also have been made in growing plants in clean, white sand. The results of these efforts may, it is said, almost revolutionize the growing of certain forms of vegetation. As a case in point: Some years ago a family moved into a new house which was built upon an unpromising gypsum bed. The mistress of the house was extremely fond of flowers and bewailed the fact that she could have no flower garden. Finally her house plants became so troublesome that she turned them into the sand bed, digging holes and dropping them in regardless of order or system, and left them, as she supposed, to die. Her astonishment may be imagined when she grew such verbenas, petunias, geraniums and other plants as she never raised in her life. The neighbors insisted that she must have used some commercial fertilizer, but the fact was that the roots found abundant nourishment in what would usually be considered absolutely worthless soil.

HEALTHY POTATOES.

Potato growers who want to have potatoes with bright, clean skins, free from scab, should not neglect to use the necessary precautions to have them so. First, plant on new soil, or that not already infested with the scab fungus, for it is proved that the fungus lives in the soil for a year or two. Planting should be done where some other crop than the potato has been grown for two years previous. Second, having washed the seed potatoes, immerse them in a solution of corrosive sublimate in order to kill any scab fungus on the tubers. Use two and a quarter ounce of corrosive sublimate in fifteen gallons of water. Dissolve the corrosive sublimate in two gallons of hot water, and then add thirteen gallons more of water. Use a large tub or a barrel; metallic vessels will be corroded by the liquid. Place the potatoes to be treated in a large, coarse sack, and sink it into the liquid, allowing it to remain an hour and a half; at the end of that time lift them out and turn them out on a floor to dry, when they can be cut up and planted. The sack of potatoes can be conveniently handled, in lifting it in and out of the barrel, by means of a lever on a post near the barrel, suf-

ficiently high to work easily, something like an old-fashioned well sweep, and which any one can easily and quickly rig up. This will be necessary only when a considerable quantity of potatoes are to be treated. As the corrosive mixture is poisonous, care should be taken not to touch it to the hands, especially if the skin is broken, also, to keep the treated tubers away from poultry or cattle.

RYE FOR EARLY PASTURE.

A field of rye seeded last fall will make excellent early pasture for sheep and hogs this spring. Other heavy animals are liable to injure the plants severely unless the ground is unusually firm. Feed the horses and cattle ensilage for succulent food and let the sheep and hogs have the rye.

CAUSE OF KIPLING'S POPULARITY.

His Remarkable Faculty of Appealing to All Classes of Readers.

It has been generally suggested that the workingman's enthusiasm for Kipling is due to the omniscience of this writer of 34 years; that the soldier reveres him for his knowledge of a soldier's work, pleasures and woes; that the railroad man swears by him because he understands so well how an engine is built; that the sailor and the fisherman, the public school boy, the city clerk, the mechanic, find the fascination in his perfect acquaintance with their life. No doubt this clinches the charm, but certainly a broader principle underlies the popularity which the poet and fictionist has won with the masses. This is that he appeals to the emotional side of his readers as well as to the intellectual.

A man like Matthew Arnold, be he never so great, finds himself, perhaps with some approval, cut off from all but those readers in whom there is some unusual degree of intellectual training and refinement. Kipling masters such readers, too, with his magnificent certainty of phrase and healthful vigor, and with his soul-stirring dramatic faculty proceeds to capture the rest of the world that knows better how to feel than to think. Doubtless, too, his brilliantly early successes as a popular author is due very largely to his choice of subjects; to the vigorous launching of his genius into the topic of the hour, the present problem of the nation. Thus as good a poem as "The White Man's Burden" might easily have been unnoticed by the world at large had it none of the tremendous public interest which has brought that noble utterance into the mouths of millions of Americans.

Here Mr. Kipling has in his poetic work an advantage and a danger analogous to those which are before the lesser singers of stage topical songs. A palpable hit is certain to fetch the whole house; on the other hand, the populace is expecting a hit every time, and few performers can invariably meet its demands. Mr. Kipling seems to be such an inevitable sort of a fellow that one is surprised even to hear that he ever writes things over twice before giving them to us. But he assures the rare and happy interviewer that most of what he writes goes into the wastebasket.

THE LORD'S PRAYER IN OLD ENGLISH.

Here is the Lord's Prayer in the English of former times, the best example of how the language has changed:

A. D. 1258: "Fader ure in hevene, haleweide beoth thi neune, cumen thi kueneriche, thi wille beoth don in hevene and in erthe. The suerish dawe bried gif ous whilk dawe. And vorzifure dettes as vi vorzifren ure dettours. And lede ous nouht into temptation, bot delyvor of eiel. Amen."

A. D. 1300: "Fadir our in hevene. Hallowyd by thy name, thi kingdom come. Thi wille be done as in hevene and in erthe. Oure urche dayes bred give us to-day. And forgive us oure dettes, as we forgive our dettours. And lede us not into temptation, bote delyvere us of yvel. Amen."

A. D. 1582: "Ovr fater which art in heven, sanctified be thy name. Let thy kingdom come. Thy will be done, as in heven, in earth also. Give us to-day our super substantial bread. And lede us not into temptation. But delivur us from evil. Amen."

A. D. 1611: "Our fater which is in heven, hallowe be Thy name. Thy kingdom come. Thy will be done, in earth as it is in heaven. Give us this day our dayly bread. And forgive us our debts as we forgive our debtors. And lede us not into temptation, but delivur us from evil. For thine is the kingdom, and the power and the glory for euer. Amen."

HAIR RISES ON END.

An eminent medical man, whose treatises on human hair have attracted much notice, among many other striking statements as to woman's chief beauty, remarked that "bristling" hair when used in speaking of the human hair is not a figure. The hair is subject to and influenced by almost every passion of the human mind, and emotional hair, of which he has treated especially, he claims is quite common. Hair looks, feels, and falls differently when a person is in sorrow, joy, surprise or dejection. After a day or two of deep mental study or violent bodily exercise, a most visible difference may be detected by a practical observer. The day is fated to come, he maintains, when this coloring in the hair will be a valuable aid in identification.

Young Folks.

STAND UP FOR YOUR COLORS.

Stand up for your colors, dear boys, fear not
To show yourselves brave and true
To all you profess in the cause of right,
In all that you say and do.

Stand up for your colors, be not ashamed,
The others may scorn and jeer,
If your flag is the signal for all that is good,
Stand up for it without fear.

Stand up for your colors! A soldier are you,
As you march in the ranks of life.
In all life's chances for weal and woe,
You will have your share of the strife.

But look to it, boys, as you march along,
That the flag which is waving above
Is spread to the breeze of honor and truth,
Of righteousness, peace and love.

And under the flag, as you daily tread,
The path where your Captain leads,
You will feel inspired, believe me lads,
To do and to dare brave deeds.

Then hold up your heads in the manly pride
Which comes from the knowledge of right,
And let the world see how you firmly stand,
For the colors 'neath which you fight.

LITTLE TIM'S ADVENTURE.

It was little Tim's birthday, and his father had promised him he should go to see the traveling circus and show that had arrived in the village the day before—just in time for his birthday, little Tim thought. As he lay awake in his bed, at dawn, he began thinking what a short distance separated him from all the wonderful things he was longing to see, and how easy it would be to reach the spot in less than twenty minutes. And once this idea had come to him, he could not rest in bed any longer. He jumped up, dressed himself quickly, slipped quietly out of the house, and started to run toward the village. He would stay only a few moments, he thought, and be back again before he had been missed. In any case, he knew he would not be scolded, because it was his birthday.

There was no one about at that early hour, and Tim ran along the solitary road with a sense of pleasurable excitement and anticipation. On reaching the common where the show had established itself, however, he found to his great disappointment that all the tents and cages were closely covered up, and nothing but strange, unfamiliar noises—growls, squeals, snorts and barks issuing from beneath the covering—betrayed the presence of the different inmates within.

Little Tim was just turning away with a sense of keen disappointment when suddenly a large tarpaulin that covered a great cage on wheels slipped to the ground, disclosing the form of a huge, hairy creature, peering at him from between the bars with blinking eyes.

Little Tim knew from the pictures he had seen in his father's books of travel that this must be a gorilla, one of those powerful creatures with almost human features. He had looked at those pictures with ever fresh wonder and curiosity, but it was only now that he realized how far off they were from the living, moving, breathing reality, which inspired him with a strange dread as he stood motionless in front of the cage.

As he gazed at the monstrous, uncouth figure, the creature began to leap about the cage, frowning and grimacing in a diabolical manner at the child. Then it began pulling at the bars of its cage, and little Tim noted with sudden terror that one of them was slightly bent, and that it would not require a very strong effort on the part of the gorilla to bend it still further, sufficient, in fact, to allow of the animal's passing between.

It was evidently as aware of this fact as Tim was, and gave a vigorous wrench at the bar. Little Tim was so scared he could neither move nor speak, but only watch and wait—with his eyes fixed on the animal in front of him.

One more wrench and the gorilla was swinging himself down toward the motionless, spellbound child. Tim never could have told afterward how long this instant had lasted, but to him it seemed like hours—hours of terror.

Suddenly a strong man's loud voice a man's heavy tread and the crack of a whip brought it all to an end. The monster disappeared into its cage again, and another man who had followed, the first comer, seeing the white terrified face of the child, lifted him up kindly into his arms. The little fellow, who neither uttered a sound nor made a movement, during the horrible suspense of the preceding moments once in the security of the kindly, protecting human arms, leaned his face against the man's shoulder, and sobbed out: "Oh! take me home, take me home!"

COULDN'T HEAR.

Did you enjoy the opera?
No; I didn't hear it.
Why not?
Two women sitting in front of me were explaining to each other how they loved the music.

Caterpillars...

Be wise and secure one of our Spraying Pumps. Paris Green and Blue Stone kept on hand...

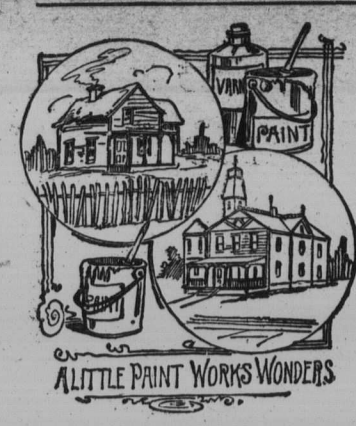
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CHURCHES.

EVANGELICAL.—Services 10 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School at 2 p.m. John D. Miller Superintendent. Cottage prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30. Young People's meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30. Choir practice Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Finkbeiner Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN.—Services 10:30 a.m. Sabbath School 9:30 a.m. J. H. Moore, Superintendent. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Davidson, Pastor.

R.C. CHURCH. Sacred Heart of Jesus.—Rev. Father Heim. Services every Sunday, alternatively at 8:30 a.m. and 10 a.m. Vespers every other Sunday at 3 p.m. Sunday School at 2:30 p.m. every other Sunday.

GERMAN LUTHERAN.—Pastor, P. Mueller, Ph. D. Services: every 2nd, 4th and 5th Sunday of each month 2:30 p.m. Every 3rd Sunday at 10:30 a.m. Sunday School at 1:30 p.m. Every 3rd Sunday at 9:30 p.m.

METHODIST.—Services 10:30 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath School 2:30 p.m. G. Curle, Superintendent. Prayer meeting, Thursday 9 p.m. Rev. R. KEEFER, B. A., Pastor.

SOCIETIES.

C.M.B.A., No. 70—meets in their hall on the evening of the second and fourth Thursdays in each month. A. BROHMANN, Pres. J. J. STEIGLER, Sec.

C.O.F.—Court Mildmay, No. 186, meets in their hall the second and last Thursdays in each month. Visitors always welcome. John McGinn C. R. M. Filsinger, Secy.

C.O.C.F. No. 166—meets in the Forester's Hall the second and fourth Mondays in each month, at 8 p.m. JNO. D. MILLER, Coun. F. C. JASPER, Rec.

A.O.U.W. 416, meets in the Forrester's Hall the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays in each month. OHN MCGAVIN M. W. J. N. SCHEFTER Rec.

I.O.F.—Meets on the last Wednesday of each month. J. W. WARD, C. R. WM. JOHNSTON, Rec.-Sec.

K.O.T.M. Unity Tent No. 101, meets in Forester's Hall, on the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month. W. McCULLOCH Coun. M. JASPER, R.E.

Grand Trunk Time Table.

Trains leave Mildmay station as follows:
GOING SOUTH: Mail 7:33 a.m., Mixed 10 a.m.
GOING NORTH: Mixed 1:55 p.m., Express 10:15 p.m.

Local Affairs

—The population of Walkerton is 3162.
—See Messrs. Moyer's and Schnurr's change of advt this issue.

—Geo. Schwalm has secured a situation in J. W. Bundy's store, Walkerton.
—Geo. A. Lobsinger left on Wednesday for Tara where he has received a good situation for the summer.

—Road work has been commenced in town, and Mr. Paul Hinsperger, pathmaster, is now the most important man in town.

—Reid Putnam, who has been working in town since last winter, returned to his home in Mt. Forest last week. Reid will be missed by more than 1.

—Mildmay Football Club goes to Harrison on May 24th, to play against the team of the town. A good strong team will be picked up, and it is expected that they will make it interesting for the Harrison boys.

—About twenty of our baseball enthusiasts went to Formosa last Thursday to witness the match between Wroxeter and Formosa clubs. Both teams played very good ball and at the end of the game the score stood 4 to 3 in favor of Wroxeter. Peter Lenahan played centre field for Formosa, and, as usual, put up a star game.

—Miss Annie Boehmer spent last week with friends in Ethel.

—Messrs Geo. Fink and Wm. Junker of Hanover were in town on Sunday.

—Our hardware merchants have put in a number of spray pumps and a number of farmers in this township have purchased one.

—Thos. Woodcock's horse became frightened last Friday and ran up Main street at a terrible speed. When caught it was found that the buggy was badly smashed.

—Arthur Land has returned from Elora and is spending a few days at his home here. He leaves on Friday for Palmerston where he has secured a position as tonsorial artist.

—Cows will be taken for pasture for the season commencing next Monday, May 22nd. All those wishing to pasture their cows will please inform the proprietors, Schweitzer & Butchart. Only a limited number of cattle can be taken.

—A Minorca hen belonging to P. J. Duffy of the 4th, laid an egg last week which measured 9 inches in circumference the long way and 6 inches around. Large eggs are becoming quite fashionable.

—A special train will be run from Palmerston to Walkerton on May 24th, leaving Palmerston at 9:15 a. m. and returning in the evening. Return tickets will be issued at single-first-class fare between all stations in Canada. Good going May 23rd and 24th and returning on the 25th.

BRANTFORD BICYCLES.—Mr. W. M. Bush of Walkerton, agent for the Brantford bicycles, will be at Harry Hauck's hotel on Friday next all day and evening with an assortment of Red Bird bicycles, and any lady or gentleman wishing to get a strictly first-class wheel should inspect the Red Bird on that day. No trouble to show goods and answer questions. Sold for cash or on monthly payments.

—A very happy event took place at the R. C. church at Formosa on Tuesday morning, when Mr. Ignatz Diemert was united to Miss Matilda Dietrich of Formosa. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Father Brohmman in the presence of a large number of the friends of the contracting parties. Mr. John Diemert supported the groom and Miss Kate Dietrich acted as bridesmaid. After the ceremony the company repaired to the home of the bride's parents, where the day was pleasantly spent. The happy young couple will reside in Mildmay where they have the best wishes of their many friends.

The M. A. A. held a meeting on Tuesday evening and received reports of the committees appointed to canvass the town for eatables for the picnic. We are pleased to state that they received no refusals, and in every case the ladies promised to do their share. A program of sports was arranged, consisting of baseball, between the married and single men, football between Mildmay and Harrison clubs, running, jumping and other contests. The picnic will be held in the Agricultural Grounds on Wednesday afternoon, June 7th. All the business places of the town will be closed, and a good time is expected. This is going to be a real old fashioned picnic and as the farmers need a rest after seeding, they could spend a most enjoyable day here.

—Queen's Birthday, next Wednesday.
—We have been treated to a three days' rain this week and the prospects are that it will continue wet for some time.

Rev. R. Keefer is to give an address in the Port Elgin Methodist church on Friday evening.

—T. P. Smith, eye specialist of Elora will be at the Commercial hotel, Mildmay, on Tuesday, June 6th, one day only. Eyes tested free.

—The wonderful breast expander unloaded 28 schooners of lager and ate a whole schwarzmack the other evening. He challenges competition in breast expanding. Good stuff Jake!
—Com.

—The following is the assessment of the Township of Carrick: Total real property \$2,071,629; total income, \$890; personal property 19,975; total assessment \$2,093,304; Total acreage 39486; Acres cleared, 46014; Total days statute labor 4420; Total number of persons 4919; number of dogs 534; number of cattle, 7292; sheep 3785; hogs 5958; horses 1895; acres of orchard 771; acres of fall wheat 5538.

—The third spraying experiment will be held in Jos. Lewis' orchard on Friday, May 26th, at 2 o'clock p. m. The caterpillars are becoming more numerous throughout the country and the farmers are taking a greater interest in seeking a means of destroying the pest. There was a fairly good attendance last Friday when the second experiment was made.

—The parents and friends of the Public School pupils are reminded of the Empire Day exercises, which will be held on the afternoon of the 23rd of May. Recitations, readings and musical selections of a patriotic nature are being arranged for. The list of speakers includes Revs. Meyer, Scott and Keefer and Messrs. A. Moyer and James Johnston. All will be made welcome. Programme to begin at 2:30 sharp.

—One day last week Mr. W. Harper had a fall which will lay him up for some time. He was engaged in scalding the caterpillars on his apple trees, and the limbs becoming wet, he slipped and fell out of the tree to the ground, a distance of about fifteen feet. Medical aid was summoned and it was found that Mr. Harper was badly shaken up, besides receiving internal injuries. Mr. Harper has been the victim of many accidents during his career, having had his leg broken three times, collar bone broken and many other painful injuries.

—The death of Mrs. Wm. Berry took place at her residence, Mildmay, on Friday morning, May 12th, at the ripe old age of 85 years. Deceased has not been in good health for over a year, and her death was not unexpected. She was born in Ireland and has been a resident of this section for over twenty years, where she was highly respected. Her husband preceded her about two years ago. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon to the Balaklava cemetery and was attended by a large concourse of sorrowing friends. Rev. R. Keefer preached a memorial sermon in the Methodist church on Sunday evening.

—There appears to be a variety of opinion as to the damage done by the frost on Saturday and Sunday nights, but there can be no doubt that the damage was considerable. The Sunday night frost was the worse, and on Monday morning there was ice on the water an eighth of an inch thick. It caught the early gardener where the hair is short and now there is nothing left for him to do but to plant his beans and his corn over again. In exposed places the beech leaves were withered as were ferns and other tender shoots. Some of the farmers report severe injury to barley and peas and in places the clover seems to have suffered. As to the fruit trees, the plums and cherries seem to have escaped and also likely the winter apples, but it is thought that fall and harvest apples have suffered severely.

In the province of Ontario there are 35 Houses of Refuge, and 31 orphanages. All the county houses in operation are west of Toronto with the one exception of Leeds and Grenville. The total number of inmates is 4,480, of whom 1,470 are males and 3,010 are females. In religion they are classified as: Roman Catholics 2,285, Protestant 2,171 and other religions (or not known) 24. The nationalities are, Canadian 1715; English 826; Irish 1450; Scotch 261; United States 72 and other countries 152.

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Special Bargains on Saturday.

WOOL WANTED

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID.

Wool being low this season, our prices are superior to all other wool dealers...

Our stock of Woollens and different lines of Dry Goods now are complete, which we will trade for wool at small or no profits.

Call and see for yourself...

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange.

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Public Notice

We wish to announce to the eating public of Mildmay and vicinity that we are constantly replenishing our stock of

Groceries, Provisions, Fruits, Confectionery, Cyclone Flour, Tobacco, Blue Ribbon Tea, Pickles, Etc. and am selling them at prices at which you can afford to buy plentifully.

...Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded...

Call and be convinced.....

Wood, Butter, Eggs, Cash, Etc., Wanted. A nice lot of Crochery just to hand....

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