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THE OTTAWA NATURALIST.

Vol. IX. OTTAWA, OCTOBER, 1895.

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No. 7.

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LIST OF NATIVE TREES AND SHRUBS GROWING AT THE CENTRAL EXPERIMENTAL FARM, OTTAWA, JULY, 1895.

By W. T. MACOUN.

Being continuation and completion of the paper which appeared in No. 5 and No. 6 of the Ottawa Naturalist for August and September, 1895.

(1364.) VACCINIUM VITIS-TOÆA, Linn. Cowberry, Cranberry, N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C. Low shrub; hardy.

353. ARCTOSTAPHYLOS, Adns. (Bearberry.) (1370.) A. Uva-Urst, Spreng. Bearberry. Kinnikinick. N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C. Low Shrub; hardy.

354. GAULTHERIA, Linn. (Aromatic Wintergreen.) (1375.) G. SHALLON, Pursh. Salal. British Columbia. Shrub; recently planted.

359. CALLUN', Salish. (Heather.)
(1385.) C. vulgaris, Salish.
N.S.; N.B.
Low shrub; hardy.

362. KALMIA, Linn. (American Laurel.) (1392.) K. LATHOLIA, Linn. Calico-bush. Reported in Labrador. Shrub; recently planted: flowers ornamental. (1393) K. ANGUSTIFOLIA, Linn. Sheep Laurel, Lambkill. N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Shrub; hardy; flowers ornamental.

364. RHODODENDRON, Linn. (Rose-bay, Azalea.)

(1400.) R. VISCOSUM, Torr. Clammy Azalea.

Reported in Canada.

Shrub; hardy; flowers ornamental.

(1401.) R. NUDIFLORUM, Torr. Purple Azalea. Reported in Canada.

Shrub; hardy; flowers ornamental.

LXI. OLEACEAE—Olive Family.

388. FRAXINUS, Linn. (Ash.)

(1455.) F. Americana, Linn. White Ash.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy.

(1456.) F. PUBESCENS, Lam. Red Ash or River Ash.

N.S.; Que.; Ont.; Man.

Tree; hardy.

(1457.) F. VIRIDIS, Michx. Green Ash.

Ont.: Man.

Tree; hardy.

(1458.) F. QUADRANGULATA, Michx. Blue Ash.

Western Ontario.

Large tree; semi-hardy.

(1460) F. SAMUICIFOLIA, Lain. Black or Swamp Ash.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy.

LXXIII. BIGNONIACEÆ-Bignonia Family.

464. TECOMA, Juss. (Trumpet-Creeper.)

(1740.) T. RADICANS, Juss.

Western Ontario.

Woody climber; semi-hardy; flowers ornamental.

LXXXVII. LAURACEÆ-Laurel Family.

524. SASSAFRAS, Nees. (Sassafras.)

(1919.) S. OFFICINALE, Nees.

Western Ontario.

Tree; Semi-hardy; ornamental.

525. LINDERA, Thunb. (Wild Allspice.)

(1920.) L. BENZOIN, Meisner. Spice Bush.

Ontario.

Tall shrub; semi-hardy, leaves and flowers ornamental.

LXXXVIII. THYMELÆACEÆ-Mezereum Family.

527. DIRCA, Linn. (Leather-wood, Moose-wood.)

(1922.) D. PALUSTRIS, Linn.

N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Shrub; hardy; ornamental.

LXXXIX. ELÆAGNACEÆ-Oleaster Family.

528. ELÆAGNUS, Linn. (Silver Berry.)

(1913.) E. ARGENTEA, Pursh.

Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C.

Tall shrub; hardy; leaves ornamental.

529. SHEPHERDIA, Nutt. (Shepherdia.)

(1924.) S. CANADENSIS, Nutt. Canadian Shepherdia.

N.B., Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C.

Shrub; hardy; fruit ornamental.

(1925.) S. ARGENTEA, Nutt. Buffalo-Berry.

Man.; N.W.T.

Shrub; hardy; fruit ornamenfal.

XCIII. URTICACEÆ.—Nettle Family.

535. ULMUS, Linn. (Elm.)

(1946.) U. FULVA, Michx. Slippery or Red Elm. .

Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy.

(1947.) U. AMERICANA, Linn. American Elm. N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Large tree; hardy.

(1948) U. RACEMOSA, Thomas. Rock Elm.

Que.; Ont.

Tree; hardy.

536. CELTIS, Linn. (Nettle Tree)

(1949.) C. OCCIDENTALIS, Linn. Sugar-Berry.

Que.; Ont.

Tree; hardy.

539. MORUS, Linn. (Mulberry.)

(1952.) M. RUBRA, Linn. Red Mulberry.

Western Ontario.

Small tree; hardy.

XCIV. PLATANACEÆ.—Plane-Tree Family.

545. PLATANUS, Linn. (Button-Wood.)

(1963.) P. OCCIDENTALIS, Linn.

Western Ontario.

Large tree; hardy; leaves ornamental.

XCV. JUGLANDACEÆ.-Walnut Family.

546. CARYA, Nutt, (Hickory.)

(1964.) C. ALBA, Nutt. Shell-bark Hickory.

Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy.

(1966.) C. PORCINA, Nutt. P'g-nut or Brown Hickory.

Western Ontario.

Tree; recently planted.

(1967.) C. AMARA, Nutt. Bitter-nut Hickory.

Que.; Ont.

Tree; hardy.

547 JUGLANS, Linn. (Walnut.)

(1968.) J. CINEREA, Linn. Butternut.

Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy.

(1969.) J. NIGRA, Linn. Black Walnut.

Western Ontario.

Large tree; hardy.

XCVI. MYRICACEÆ—Sweet Gale Family.

548. MYRICA, Linn. (Wax Myrtle.)

(1970.) M. GALE, Linn. Sweet Gale.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C. Shrub; Hardy.

XCVII. CUPULIFERÆ.-Oak Family.

549. BETULA, Linn. Birch.

(1974.) B. LENTA, Linn. Cherry or Black Birch.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont. Large tree; hardy.

(1975.) B. LUTEA, Michx. Yellow Birch.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy.

(1977.) B. PAPYRIFERA, Michx. Canoe Birch.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C. Large tree; hardy.

(1978.) B. OCCIDENTALIS, Hooker. Western Birch.

N.W.T.; B.C.

Tree; hardy.

(1879.) B. PUMILA, Linn. Low Birch.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T. Shrub; hardy.

550. ALNUS, Gærtn. (Alder.)

(1985.) A. INCANA, Willd. Common Alder.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Tall shrub or small tree; hardy.

(1986.) A. VIRIDIS, DC. Green Alder.
N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T., B.C.
Tall shrub; hardy.

551. CARPINUS, Linn. (Hornbeam.)

(1987.) C. CAROLINIANA, Walter. Blue Beech.

Que.; Ont.

Tree; hardy.

552. OSTRYA, Scop. (Ironwood.)

(1988.) O. VIRGINICA, Willd. Lever-wood.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Tree; hardy.

333. CORYLUS, Linn. (Hazel-nut.)

(1989.) C. ROSTRATA, Ait. Beaked Hazel-nut.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C. Shrub; hardy.

(1990.) C. AMERICANA, Walt. Wild Hazel-nut. Ont.; Man.; N.W.T. Shrub; hardy.

554. QUERCUS, Linn. (Oak.)

(1991.) Q. ALBA, Linn. White Oak.

Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy.

(1994.) Q, MACROCARPA, Michx. Mossy-cup Oak.

N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Large tree; hardy.

(1996.) Q. PRINUS, Linn. Rock Chestnut Oak. Western Ontario.

Tree; hardy.

(1997.) Q. PRINOIDES, Willd. Yellow Oak, Chestnut Oak. Ontario.

Tree; hardy.

(1998.) Q. RUBRA, Linn. Red Oak.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy; leaves ornamental in Autumn,

(1999.) Q COCCINEA. Wang. Scarlet Oak. Ontario.

Large tree; hardy; leaves ornamental in Autumn.

(2000.) Q. TINCTORIA, Bartram. Yellow Oak. Western Ontario.

Large tree; hardy.

(2001.) Q. PALUSTRIS, Du Roi. Pin Oak. Western Ontario.

Tree; hardy

555. CASTANEA, Gærtn. (Chestnut.)

(2002.) C. VULGARIS, Var. AMERICANA, A. DC. Western Ontario.

Large tree; hardy.

556. FAGUS, Linn. (Beech.)

(2003.) F. FERRUGINEA, Aiton. American Beech.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy; leaves ornamental in Autumn.

XCVIII. SALICACEÆ—Willow Family.

557. SALIX, Linn. Willow.

(2012.) S. CANDIDA, Willd. Hoary Willow. Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C.
Tall shrub; hardy.

(2015.) S. CORDATA, Muhl. Heart-leaved Willow. N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C. Tall shrub or small tree; hardy.

(2016) S. DISCOLOR, Muhl. Glaucous Willow. N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T. Tall shrub or small tree; hardy.

(2024.) S. HUMILIS, Marshall. Low Willow. N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont. Shrub; hardy. (2028.) S. LUCIDA, Willd. Shining Willow.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Tall shrub or small tree; hardy; leaves ornamental.

(2048.) S. TRISTIS, Ait.

Nova Scotia.

Low shrub; hardy.

558. POPULUS, Linn. (Poplar.)

(2053.) P. TREMULOIDES, Michx. Aspen.

N.S.; N.B.; Que., Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B.C. Tree; hardy.

(2056) P. ANGUSTIFOLIA, James. Black Cottonwood. N.W.T.

Tree; hardy.

(2058.) P. MONILIFERA, Aiton. Cottonwood.

Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Large tree; hardy.

CI. CONIFERÆ-Pine Family.

562. THUYA, Linn. (Arbor-Vitæ.)

(2062.) T. OCCIDENTALIS, Linn. White Cedar.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Tree; hardy; ornamental.

563. JUNIPERUS, Linn. (Juniper.)

(2067.) J. VIRGINIANA, Linn. Red Cedar.

N.S.; Que.; Ont,

Tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2068.) J. COMMUNIS, Linn. Common Juniper.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.: N.W.T.; B.C. Shrub; hardy.

564. TAXUS, Linn. (Yew.)

(2071.) T. BACCATA, L. var CANADENSIS, Gray. American Yew.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.;

Shrub; hardy.

565. PINUS, Linn. (Pine.)

(2072.) P. STROBUS, Linn. White Pine.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.

Large tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2076.) P. RESINOSA, Aiton. Red Pine.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Large tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2077.) P PONDEROSA, Dougl. Heavy-wooded Pinc.

British Columbia.

Large tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2079.) P. Murrayana, Balfour. Black Pine.

N.W.T.; B.C.

Tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2080.) P. RIGIDA, Miller. P.tch Pine.

N.B.; Que.; Ont.

Tree; hardy.

566. PICEA, Link. (Spruce.)

(2082.) P. NIGRA, Link. Black Spruce.

N.S; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.; B C. Tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2083.) P. ALBA, Link. White Spruce.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2084.) P. ENGELMANNI, Engelm. Engelmann's Spruce N.W.T.; B.C.

Large tree; hardy; ornamental.

567. TSUGA, Cass. (Hemlock.)

(2086) T. Canadensis, Carr. Hemlock.

N.S; N.B.; Que.: Ont.

Large tree; hardy; ornamental.

568. PSEUDOTSUGA, Carr. (Red Fir.)

(2089.) P. Douglashi, Carr. Douglas Fir.

N W.T.; B.C.

Large tree; hardy; ornamental.

569. ABIES, Juss. (Balsam.)

(2000.) A. BALSAMEA, Miller. Canada Balsam Fir.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2019.) A. SUBALPINA, Engelm. Mountain Balsam.

N.W.T.; B.C.

Tree; hardy; ornamental.

(2083.) A. AMABILIS, Forbes. White Fir.

British Columbia.

Tree; hardy; ornamental.

570. LARIX, Mill. (Tamarack, Larch.)

(2004) L. AMERICANA, Michaux Tamarack, Black Larch.

N.S.; N.B.; Que.; Ont.; Man.; N.W.T.

Tree; hardy; ornamental.

EXCURSION NO. 3.

The last field day of the O. F. N. Club for the season of 1895 was held, as announced, on 14th. September. The objective point was the Paugan Falls on the Gatineau River near Low Station, about 40 miles from Ottawa.

About 120 members and friends of the club were present, but there was a dearth of leaders of sections, and owing to this cause and the rapidly advancing autumn, the collection of specimens made was unusually meagre. On the reassembling of the party in the afternoon, however, and after a short introductory address by the president, Mr. F. T. Shutt, M. A, the leaders in Botany discussed the flowers and plants collected, Mr. R. B. Whyte giving particular regard to the composite to which order as he pointed out most of the autumn flowers belonged

Mr. Craig drew attention to the number and variety of the coniferous trees standing near and made some interesting remarks upon their nature and uses.

After a short address by Mr. R. H. Cowley upon the importance of natural history studies in education, the train for home drew up, and the party reached Ottawa at 8 p. m.

GEOLOGIGAL SOCIETY OF AMERICA, SPRINGFIELD, MASS., 1895.

Abstracts and Titles of Papers Read at the August Meeting.

 On the Glacial Deposits of South-western Alberta, in the Vicinity of the Rocky Mountains. By George M. Dawson and R. G. McConnell, Ottawa, Canada.

This paper presented the facts obtained during a recent examination of the glacial deposits of a portion of the south western of the Canadian Great Plains, in the foot-hills and along the base of the Rocky Mountains, where phenomena of particular interest are met with in connection with the relations of the western and eastern drift. (Cordilleran and Laurentide.) A brief summary of previous observations is followed by a description of sections along two main lines of approach to the mountains at relatively low levels and an examination of the conditions surrounding the glacial deposits at the highest levels, found in the form of terraces with rolled shingle at 5,300 feet on the Porcupine Hills. In conclusion, the observed facts are briefly discussed, attention being practically confined to the particular region treated in the body of the paper.

2. The Champlain Glacial Epoch. By C. H. Hitchcock, Hanover, N. H.

The Champlain was a true glacial epoch, when the land was considerably depressed. Glaciers from the north and south discharged bergs into an estuary. The fauna was arctic. Moraines and both the marine and fluviatile clays covered till of an earlier ice-sheet. It is possible to harmonize the conflicting theories of glacial and ice-berg action by referring the greater ice-sheets to the earlier, and the floating ice phenomena to the later, Champlain epoch.

- Drumlins and Marginal Moraines of Ice-sheets. By Warren Upham, Cleveland, Ohio.
- 4. The Glacial Genesee Lakes. By Prof. H. L. Fairchild, Rochester, N. Y.

The direction, inclination and extent of the Genesee Valley made possible the production, during the retreat of the ice-sheet, of a succession or glacial lakes with different outlets. The paper described, with the aid of a map, (1) the present topography and hydrography of the valley, (2) the ancient drainage channels, (3) the complex lacustrine phenomena.

 The Archean and Cambrian Rocks of the Green Mountain Range in Southern Massachusetts. By Prof. B. K. Emerson, Amhers., Mass.

Description of a series of Archean anticlines partly overturned and of orthrust westward, and of the uniformity of the Cambrian conglomerate gneiss upon the old rocks.

6. The Triassic in Massa husetts. By Prof. B. K. Emerson, Amherst, Mass.

The stages of deposition and deformation of the sandstones and the relations of the effusive traps and tuffs and the intruded traps to the sandstones.

 Notes on Relations of Lower Members of Coastal Plain Series in South Carolina. By Mr. N. Darton, Washington, D. C.

- Resume of General Stratigraphic Relations in the Atlantic Coastal Plain from New Jersey to South Carolina. By Mr. N. H. Darton, Washington, D. C.
- Cretaceous Plants from Martha's Vineyard. Results Obtained from an Examination of the Material Collected by David White in 1889. By Mr. Arthur Hollick, New Brighton, N. Y.
- On Asbestos and Asbestiform Minerals. By Dr. George P. Merrill, Washington, D. C.

The paper treats of the composition, mode of occurrence and mineralogical nature of the various minerals commercially grouped under the name of asbestos, and attempts to explain their fibrous structure as due to abnormal elongation of the mineral parallel to the vertical axis, the individual fibres being in part at least by prismatic faces, that is by the planes of easiest cleavage. The primary cause of this elongation is believed to be mainly dynamical, a result of shearing and other earth movements such as are productive of uraltic hornblendes, schistosity or even slaty structure and slickensided surfaces, where actual fracturing takes place.

 Pre-Cambrian Volcances in Southern Wisconsin. By Prof. Wm. II. Hobbs, Madison, Wis.

A preliminary report on the study of a group of isolated areas of igneous rocks which protrude through the Potsdam sandstone in the valley of the Fox River, Wisconsin. Some of these areas represent local outflows of rhyolitic lava which exhibits superb examples of spherulitic, peritic, fluxion, and breecia structures. The originally glassy ground mass of these rocks has become devirtified—hence they are aporthyolites, and they have been subjected to dynamic metamorphism and subsequent infiltration of siliea. They are intruded by dikes of both basic and acid rocks. Specimens and photographic sections were exhibited.

- 12. A Geological Sketch of the Sterra Tlayacac, in the State of Morelos, Mexico. By Paof. A. Capen Gill, Ithaca, N. Y.
- Syenite-Gneiss (Leopard Roch) from the Apatite Region of Ottawa County, Canada. By C. H. Gordon, Beloit, Wisconsia.

The rock here described appeared in the exhibit of the Canadian Geological Survey, at the World's Fair under the title of "Concretionary Veinstone," from the apatite region. It consists of irregular ellipsoidal or ovoid masses of feldspar, with more or less quartz, separated by narrow, anastomosing bands of interstitial material consisting chiefly of green pyroxenie. The ellipsoidal masses are of all sizes up to two or three inches in cross section, and several inches long. The field study at High Rock Mine, Ottawa County, shows this rock to occur in dikes intersecting the pyroxenites and quartzites. In some places the rock is very coarse with no indications of the ellipsoidal structure, while in others it is a distinctly banded gneiss whose identity with the ellipsoidal rock is evident from the anastomosing of the augite bands on a cross fracture face. Ordinarily the rock has very little quartz and corresponds to a pyroxene-syenite, but in some places the quartz is much more abundant thus allying it to the pyroxene-granites. In view of its gneissic structure and usually sparing amount of quartz the rock is here referred to generally as syenite-gneiss, though grading locally into forms which may more fittingly be regarded as granite-gneiss.

The presence of a distinct gneissic microstructure, taken in connection with other lacts appears to establish the conclusion that the peculiar ellipsoidial structure is due to orographic forces acting upon a coarsely crystallized rock in which principal constituents (feldspar and pyroxene) are more or less irregularly distributed. The breaking of the rock under pressure has been attended by the recrystallization of the

augite and other constituents along the original fracture planes, which were probably,

in part, determined by the arrangement of the two chief constituents.

The points of interest brought out in the study are: (1) that this peculiar distribution of the pyroxene is due to dynamic processes, (2) the importance to be attached to the process of solution and recrystallization in the formation of gneisses, (3) the significance of the original character of the rock with reference to the product derived from it by dynamic processes, and the differences resulting from variations in the extent to which it has been affected by orographic agencies, and (4) the evidence showing the derivation of a gneiss out of a syenite, and establishing the term syenitegneiss as the name of a distinct rock type.

14. The Titaniferous Iron Ores of the Adirondacks. Prof. J. Kemp, New York City.

The paper opens with a brief statement of the characters of the two kinds of iron ores which are alforded by the region, the merchantable magnetites and the titamferous. The former are in gneisses; the latter in the gabbros and anorthosites of the Norian, which are believed to be intruded through the gneisses. A list of localities of the titaniferous ores is given and distinction is made between the smaller bodies which are, so far as can be seen, basic developments of gabbro, and the enormous ore bodies at the old Adirondack. Iron works, in the heart of the mountains These latter are in massive, anorthosite, which is almost entirely formed of large, blue-black crystals of labradorite. The largest ore body, which is the one crossing Lake Sandford, contains numerous included labradorite crystals, each of which is surrounded by a reaction tim 5-10 mm, across. It is further shown that the wall rocks show no signs of the widespread crushing that is exhibited in the general "mortar structure" of the Adirondack and Canadian anorthosites but are plutonic rocks, free from evidences of dynamic metamorphism. The argument is then made that the ores are segregations from an igneous magma formed during the process of cooling and crystallization.

- The Decomposition of Rocks in Brazil. By J. C. Branner, Stanford University, Calif.
- The Bearing of Physiography on Uniformitarianism. By Prof. W M. Davis, Cambridge, Mass.

The conditions and processes postulated in the physiographic study of land forms—Geomorphology of some authors—are among the cardinal principles of uniformitarianism. The success in the interpretation of nature by means of this kind of study confirms the correctness of its postulates, and thus brings to the support of uniformitarianism a large class of facts, whose bearing on this theory was not at all perceived when its early advocates announced it.

17. Analysis of Folds. By Prof. C. R. Van Hise, Madison, Wis.

As ordinarily treated folds are considered as simple flexures in two dimensions. As they occur in nature folds are compound flexures in two dimensions. The analysis of simple folds given by Margerie and Heim is summarized. For the sake of simplicity folds are first treated in two dimensions. A composite fold is produced by the combination of various simple folds. Composite folds include both normal composite folds and abnormal composite folds. The genesis of each is discussed, and each is classified into upright, inclined, and overturned anticlinoria and synclinoria.

When composite folds are cross folded, these are called complex folds. The character and origin of complex folds are discussed. Rules are given for observation in regions which are folded in a complex manner. The use of folds in the discovery of unconformity and the secondary changes which accompany folding are summarized.

NOTES, REVIEWS, AND COMMENTS.

Entomology. -*FRAIL CHILDREN OF THE AIR. Another of Mr. Scudder's delightful books has just come to hand, with the above pretty title. It is a tastefully bound 8vo. of 279 pages, containing 31 short chapters, 9 plates, on the habits and structure of butterflies, written in a graceful, but clear and popular, style, which will make the book entertaining to many who have never taken any special interest in butterflies and will, we believe, realise the author's hope, expressed in the preface, "gain for our butterflies a deeper interest and closer attention on the part of the observing public.". This is really an excellent selection from a series of papers which ran through Mr. Scudder's large and costly work, "The Butterflies of the Eastern United States and Canada," and, although forming a "consistent whole," each chapter is complete in itself. The following titles of some of the subjects treated will give a slight idea of the scope of this attractive little volume: -Butterflies in Disguise, Butterflies as Botanists, Butterfly Sounds, The Eggs of Butterflies, How Butterflies pass the Winter, Protective Colouring in Caterpillars, The Procession of the Seasons, Some Singular Things About Caterpillars, The Friends and Associates of Caterpillars, Butterflies of the Past.

I. FLETCHER.

Geology.—RECENT PUBLICATIONS:-

- I. CLAYPOLE, PROF. E. W.—" Giacial Notes from the Planet Mars." American Geologist, Vol. XVI, No. 2 pp. 91—100, August, 1895.
- 2. UPHAM, WARREN.—" Correlations of Stages of the Ice-Age in North America and Europe." Ibid, pp. 100—113.
- 3. Jameson, Charles D.—"Portland Cement," "a monograph." The Transit: Vol. III; No. 1, 192 pp. Iowa City, 1895.
- 4. RANSOME, PROF. F. LESLIE.—"On Lawsonite, a New Rockforming Mineral from the Tiburen Peninsula, Marin Co., California" Bull. Dept. Geol. Univ. Calif.; Vol. I, No. 1c, pp 301—312, pl. 17; Berkeley, May, 1895,

Lawsonite is named in honor of Prof. A. C. Lawson, M.A., Ph D., etc., etc., Professor of Geology in the University of California, and formerly on the staff of the Geological Survey of Canada.

^{*}Frail Children of the Air—Excursions into the World of Butterflies—By Samuel H. Scudder, Cambridge, Mass. \$1,50.

- 5. VOGDES, A. W.—" A Supplement to the Bibliography of the Palacozoic Crustacea." Extr. Proc. Cal. Acad. Sc., Ser. 2, Vol. V., pp. 53—76.
- 6. MATTHEW, Dr. G. F.—On the Organic Remains of the Little River Group, Nos. II and III. Trans. Roy. Soc. Can. Section IV, pp. 89—111, plate 1, figs. 1 to 11. Eight new species and one new genus are herein described for the first time from the "Devonian" of New Brunswick, as follows:

INSECTA:

1. Homothetus erutus, n.sp.

MYRIAPODA:

- 2. Pakeocampa (?) obscura, n.sp.
- 3. Euphoberia atava, n.sp.
- 4. Eilaticus (?) antiquus, n.sp.
- 5. Hyodes (?) attenuata, n.sp.
- 6. Chilopus dubius, n.g. et. sp.

ARACHNOIDEA:

7. Palæophonus arctus, n.sp.

PULMONIFERA:

8. Pupa primæva, n.sp.

Besides the above Dr. Matthew also figures: Eoscorpius carbonarius, Meek and Worthen, from the Carboniferous of Illinois: Palæophonus nuncius, Thorell and Lindstrom, from the "Silurian" of Sweden, and a species of Euphoberia, from Plant Bed No. 2. The whole is a most valuable contribution to science. H. M. AMI.

- 7. WINCHELL, PROF. N. H.— "A Rational View of the Keweenawan." Amer. Geol., Vol. XVI, No. 3, pp. 150—162, Sept, 1895. This forms the seventh article of a series on "Crucial points in the Geology of the Lake Superior Region" by Prof. Winchell.
- BEECHER, DR. CHARLES E.—"The Larval Stages of Trilobites." Ibid., pp. 166 to 197, Plates VIII—X.

In this important contribution to our knowledge of the trilobites in their earliest stages, Dr. Beecher shows that "all the facts in the ontogeny of trilobites point to one type of larval structure." To the earliest larval stage, the name "protaspis stage," is given. Then follows a review of larval stages of trilobites, derived from such forms as Solenopleura robbi, Hartt; Liostracus onangondianus, Hartt; Ptychoparia lunnarssoni, Walcott; Ptychoparia kingi, Meek; Sao hirsuta, Barrande; Triarthrus becki, Green; Acidaspis tuòerculata, Conrad; Arges consanguineus, Clarke; Proètus parviusculus, Hall; Dalmanites socialis, Barrande.

Conchology. - A large land shell, new to the Ottawa list, was found at Casselman on May 23rd. It is Helix palliata. Three specimens were found, one west of the South Nation river, and two on the east side, below the falls, in the woods where the beautiful Phlox divaricata was then in full bloom. II. palliata is about three quarters of an inch in diameter. and differs from H. dentifera, which it most resembles in general appearance, in having the upper lip prolonged inward at two points into what are commonly called "teeth". A similar process is formed upon the body These projections permit the soft tissues of the builder to pass. but oppose a pearly barrier to beetles and other enemies who would intrude upon the dweller within. The three teeth on the shell of H. palliata and other American land shells have been considered a peculiarity sufficiently distinctive to warrant the grouping of such species in a sub-genus, under the name Triodepsis. The study of the inhabitants of the shells grouped under this term has shown that many are less closely allied to other triodopses than they are to the mesodons, or shells of which H. albolabris and H. thyroides, also found at Casselman, may be regarded as the types. The shell alone can, in fact, be seldom relied on in arranging a natural classification of moliuses.

CASSELMAN SHELLS - A mere list of names is dry reading at best, and is of little interest to the general reader. In years to come, however, THE NATURALIST will be referred to, to ascertain what plants or shells at a particular time occurred in certain places. Any record, therefore, is likely to be of some use. At Casselman on May 23rd and 24th, a number of shells were noticed. No great effort was made to collect anything but what came in the way of a few members of the Club, while on a botanical excursion. This may account for the absence from the following list of such shells as H. dentifera and H. throides, which are known to occur at Casselman. The species noted were: - Helix albolabris, H. sayi, H. palliata, H. alternata, H. concava, H. monodon, H. nitida, II. arborea, H. radiatula, H. fulva, H. striatella, H. pulchella, H. binneyana, Succinea ovalis, S. obliqua, Vitrina limpida, Limax campestris, Teb. Carolinensis, Vertigo ovata, Ier. subclinavica, Carychium exiguum, Gon. livescens, Camp. decisum, Limnica palustris, L. caperata, Physa heterostropha, P. billingsii, Planorbis trivolvis, Pl. bicarinatus, Pl. parvus, Aucylus parallelus, Unio complanatus, U. luteolus, Anodanta fluviatilis, Sphaerium sulcatum, S. occidentale, Pisidium abditum. L.

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