



### Business Directory.

**DR. W. A. LIDDELL,**  
House adjoining Rev. A. Palmer.  
Guelph, Feb. 11, 1850. 190

**JOHN HARRISON,**  
Joiner, Builder & Cabinet Maker,  
GUELPH.

Plans, Specifications, Estimates, &c. for Buildings.  
The different Artificers' Work usually employed  
in building, measured or valued, on the most  
reasonable terms.

**ALEXANDER ALLAN,**  
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,  
Waterloo, by Preston.

[As the County Council have been pleased to  
dispense with his services as School Superintendent,  
he will now devote his whole time to profes-  
sional business.]  
Feb. 18, 1851. 191-4f

**MESSRS. McNAB & MARTIN,**  
Attornies, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c.,  
Office under the "Advertiser" Office,  
MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.  
John McNab, } Edward R. Martin,  
Toronto. } Guelph.  
Feb. 11, 1851. 190

### MARRIAGE LICENSES.

ALL persons may obtain MARRIAGE  
LICENSES at the residence of the  
Agent, half a mile from Guelph, on the  
York Road.

**RICHARD FOWLER BUDD,**  
Feb. 20, 1851. 191-4f

### REMOVAL.

**MR. JARVIS,**  
BARRISTER AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,  
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,  
CONVEYANCER, &c.

Office removed to that recently occupied  
by the late T. R. Brock, Esq.,  
North-east Corner Market Square.  
Guelph, Dec. 24, 1850. 183

**H. GREGORY,**  
ORNAMENTAL PAINTER & GILDER,  
DUNDAS.

The above is prepared to execute, on the  
most reasonable terms, Banners, Flags, Devices,  
&c., in a style that cannot be excelled on this  
Continent.

TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES.  
N. B. Old Paintings renovated and touched up.

**ROBERT OSBORNE,**  
Watch Maker and Jeweller,  
VICTORIA BUILDINGS, KING ST.,  
HAMILTON.

Gold and Silver Watches, Silver  
Spoons, and Wedding Rings, always on  
hand. Orders from the country punctually  
attended to.

**THE COLONIAL  
LIFE ASSURANCE Co.**  
AGENT FOR GUELPH,  
WILLIAM HEWAT, Esq., District Treasurer.

**EMILIUS IRVING,**  
Barrister at Law, &c.,  
Notary Public,  
GALT.

Office in Main Street, opposite Mr. Ramors's  
Store. 186-4f

**THOMAS GORDON,**  
LAND AND GENERAL AGENT,  
OWEN SOUND.

**ANDREW GEDDES, ESQ.,**  
Government Agent for the District of  
Wellington,  
CROWN LAND OFFICE, ELORA,  
On the regular Mail Road from Guelph to  
Owen's Sound.

**MR. F. MARCON,**  
LAND AGENT, CONVEYANCER,  
AND NOTARY PUBLIC,  
GUELPH.

Agent for the Canada Company, and Bank  
of Montreal.

THE Undersigned have entered into  
Partnership in the practice of the  
LAW, under the name and firm of  
**Ferguson & Hurd,**  
OFFICE—MARKET SQUARE, GUELPH.

**A. J. FERGUSSON,  
EDWARD E. W. HURD.**

**LAND SCRIP FOR SALE.  
APPLY AT THIS OFFICE.**  
Guelph, April 7, 1851. 198-4f

### Business Directory.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES.**  
THE Subscriber has been appointed  
Agent for the Distribution of Marriage  
Licenses.

**LAZARUS PARKINSON,**  
Park House, near Worsfold's Inn,  
Eramosa, April 23, 1851. 201

**MISSES FOXTON & WATSON,**  
MILLINERS AND DRESSMAKERS,  
FROM HAMILTON,  
MACDONALD STREET,  
Second House from Wyndham Street.

Straw Bonnets cleaned and made up in the  
most fashionable style.  
Guelph, April 1, 1851. 197-4f

**WALTER P. NEWMAN,**  
Accountant, Commission & General Agent,  
Conveyancer and Notary Public,  
AGENT FOR THE AMERICAN INSURANCE CO.,  
ELORA, COUNTY OF WATERLOO.  
April 2, 1851. 193-4f

**JOHN STREET FOUNDRY.**  
**E. & C. GURNEY & A. CARPENTER,**  
Manufacturers of  
**Cooking, Parlor & Plate Stoves**  
Of all Sizes and Patterns.

Also,—Straw Cutters, Corn Shellers  
Turning Lathes, Paint Mills, Pipe Boxes,  
&c.—Castings made to Order.

**CAREY'S  
PATENT THRASHING MACHINES,**  
The most approved of in the Province  
always on hand.  
John Street, Hamilton. 12

**JNO. P. LARKIN,**  
WHOLESALE DEALER IN STAPLE AND  
**FANCY DRY GOODS,**  
Corner of King and John Streets,  
HAMILTON.

Country Merchants supplied on  
liberal terms at the lowest Montreal Prices.

**WASHINGTON**  
Farmers' Mutual Insurance company,  
apital \$1,000,000.  
**EZRA HOPKINS,**  
HAMILTON,  
Agent for the Counties of Waterloo and Huron.  
August 27, 1850. 166-1y

**ARCHIBALD MACNAB,**  
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR,  
SYDENHAM VILLAGE,  
OWEN'S SOUND.

**JAMES GEDDES,**  
Attorney-at-Law, Conveyancer, &c.  
**ELORA,**  
COUNTY OF WATERLOO.  
February 22, 1849. 36.

**J. LAMOND SMITH,**  
Conveyancer, Notary Public,  
AND  
**GENERAL AGENT,  
FERGUS.** 149-1y

**W. FELL,  
ENGRAVER AND PRINTER,**  
Opposite the Building Society's Rooms,  
KING STREET, HAMILTON.

**NOTARIAL PRESSES,**  
Notary and Office Seals, Professional and Business  
Cards, Door and Coffin Plates, and every description  
of Engraving and Printing.

OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE WATER-  
LOO COUNTY COUNCIL, open on every  
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,  
between the hours of 10 a. m., and  
3 p. m.

COURT HOUSE, }  
Guelph. } 34-1y

To all whom it may Concern.

**MARRIAGE LICENSES** may be had  
upon application at the office of the  
Distributor in **FERGUS,**  
**A. DINGWALL FORDYCE.**

**PROVINCIAL MUTUAL & GENERAL  
INSURANCE COMPANY.**

**LOUIS W. DESSAUER, Preston,**  
AGENT FOR THE TOWNSHIPS OF  
Waterloo, Wilmot, and Woolwich.  
Preston, Nov. 4, 1850. 176-4f

**A. D. FERRIER,  
CONVEYANCER, NOTARY PUBLIC,  
AND  
General Agent.**  
Waterloo County Clerk's Office, Guelph.

### Poetry.

**KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE.**  
Keep it before the people  
That the earth was made for man,  
That the flowers were strown  
And fruits were grown  
To bless and never to ban;  
That sun and rain,  
And corn and grain,  
Are yours and mine, my brother—  
Free gifts from Heaven,  
And freely given  
To one as well as another!

Keep it before the people  
That man is the image of God,  
Whose limbs or soul  
Ye may not control  
With shackle, or shame, or rod!  
We may not be sold  
For silver or gold—  
Neither you nor I, my brother—  
For freedom was given  
By God, from Heaven,  
To one as well as another!

Keep it before the people  
That famine, and crime, and woe,  
Forever abide,  
Still side by side,  
With luxury's dazzling show;  
That Lazarus crawls  
From Dives's halls,  
And stares at his gate, my brother—  
Yet life was given  
By God, from Heaven,  
To one as well as another!

Keep it before the people  
That the laborer claims his meed—  
The right of soil,  
And the right to toil,  
From spur and bridle feed;  
The right to bear  
And the right to share,  
With you and me, my brother,  
Whatever is given  
By God, from Heaven,  
To one as well as another!

To the Editor of the Canadian Son of Temperance.

**NATIONAL JUBILEE OF THE SONS OF  
TEMPERANCE, TO BE HELD IN  
TORONTO, June 15th, 1851.**

**MR. EDITOR:—**  
The National Division of North America  
will meet on the 17th day of June next  
for the transaction of business, and on  
Wednesday the 18th a Grand Celebration  
of the Order will take place by a procession  
and mass meeting.

The sub Divisions located in this city  
are active and zealous in making the  
necessary arrangements for this great com-  
munitarian event. The joint Committee of  
arrangements (composed of representatives  
from Ontario Division No. 26, Toronto  
Division No. 154 and Coldstream Division  
No. 212) held their first meeting last  
evening, when the Committee entered in  
a most energetic manner, to make the ne-  
cessary preliminary arrangements, not  
only to make this great festival interest-  
ing but also to make it highly useful.

The joint Committee are to meet weekly  
till this great gathering assembles. They  
will be men from all parts of the country  
—from the crowded Atlantic cities, and  
from the vast forests and prairies of the  
far West; from the land of the pine and  
the hemlock, and from where the palm-  
tree and the orange flourish—all banded  
together as one heart and one soul against  
the gigantic evil of our land. They come  
not with the flaming sword or bristling  
bayonets, but with

"With those mild arms of truth and love,  
Made mighty through the living God."  
No war cry will be heard; no stern  
shout will ring out upon the air; their  
banners will wear no warlike inscriptions  
such as attended the embattled hosts of  
the foe of old; but in their place will  
stand "Love and Fidelity"—the watch-  
word of the associated multitude, "Purity  
and Peace."

It is expected that all the sub Divisions  
of the C. W. will turn out full ranks,  
and participate in this grand demonstra-  
tion in honor of their cause—and also in  
shaking the strong foundation of drunkenness  
in our favored land.

Arrangements are being made with the  
Steamboat Companies for the conveyance  
hither of Brothers at a distance, and  
with the Hotels for their entertainment  
at less than ordinary charges; and  
no effort will be spared to render their  
visit as agreeable, and inexpensive as  
possible.

By inserting the above you will oblige  
—Yours in L. P. and F.  
**JOHN M. ROSS,  
Secretary Joint Committee.**  
Rooms of Ontario Division, No. 26.  
Toronto, 3rd May, 1851.

**N. B.**—All papers favorable to the  
cause of temperance will please copy this  
letter. **J. M. R.**

**DEFEAT OF THE BRITISH MINISTRY.**  
On the 2nd May—the evening previous  
to the departure of the *Cambrina*—the mi-  
nistry met with a defeat on an important  
question.

The House having resolved itself into  
a committee on the Property Tax Bill,

Mr HUME moved an amendment limiting  
the duration of the tax in its present state  
to one year, and made along speech in fa-  
vor of direct taxation, which was followed  
by a long discussion on the merits and de-  
merits of that mode of levying taxes, in  
which Mr Codden, Mr S. Herbert, the  
Chancellor of the Exchequer, Mr Disraeli,  
Lord John Russell, and several other  
members took part. Mr Hume having  
briefly replied, the committee divided,  
when there appeared

For the amendment,.....244  
Against it,.....230  
Majority against Government,—14

**SINGULAR OCCURRENCE.**—The House  
telegraph wires in Broome street, between  
Broadway and Crosby street, suddenly  
snapped on Saturday, and are said to have  
struck a tree about six inches in diameter,  
cutting it nearly in two. The wires then  
caught a coal scuttle, standing on the side  
walk, and hurled it to a great height in  
the air. Fortunately none of the passers-  
by were injured.—*N. Y. Spectator.*

**GREAT OX.**—The *Cleveland Herald*  
states that an immense ox, raised by a  
gentleman of that city, will be sent to the  
World's Fair. He has been fed and fat-  
tened for eight years, and now weighs  
4,000 pounds. A great ox, truly.

Upwards of 3000 of the inhabitants of  
the Island of South Uist and Mull, have  
petitioned the British Government to con-  
vey them to Canada as emigrants. Sir J.  
Mathieson has offered to pay the passage  
of fifty of his tenantry, with their families,  
to Canada,—to forgive them all their ar-  
rears of rent,—to send a Free Church  
Minister along with them,—and to give  
each head of family a small sum in cash,  
on their arrival in Canada. The offer has  
been accepted by most of the tenantry.

**Twenty-five Dollars for a Scalp.**—Mr.  
H. N. Folsom, of Oakville advertises in  
the *Fort Smith Herald*, a reward of \$200  
for the recovery of a scalp, and says, "if  
he cannot be taken alive he will pay a re-  
ward of twenty-five dollars for his scalp."  
Wouldn't the U. S. Government do well to  
pay for scalps and send out its hunters to  
tomahawk as well as catch slaves! It  
might help to save the Union.—*Milwaukee  
Democrat.*

**CROSS BREEDING.**—We understand  
that the attention of the agriculturists in  
this district has lately been directed to the  
subject of breeding, from a pamphlet by Dr  
Harvey. The opening remark is this:  
"That a male animal that has once had  
fruitful connection with a female, may so  
influence her future offspring begotten by  
other males as, to a greater or less  
extent, to engrain upon them his own  
distinctive features." Of this singular  
phenomenon, examples are given; but  
what is known regarding it is deficient  
both in scientific accuracy and practical  
value—and illustrative cases are solicited  
from the agricultural societies of the Uni-  
ted Kingdom. Dr Harvey gives exam-  
ples in horses, cattle, and sheep, as well  
as in the human species. The subject is  
one of great practical importance to agri-  
culturists.

**ARRIVAL EXTRAORDINARY.**—The barque  
*Regatta*, which arrived at this port on the  
4th inst., brings a large and valuable  
freight of live animals from India, con-  
signed to Messrs. Barnum & Howe, in-  
tended for their great Museum Caravan,  
the first exhibition of which will be given  
in Newark. The collection consists of  
nine elephants, with their "trunks" and  
other baggage; six box constrictors; 4  
porcupine; the only living one ever  
brought here; a Birmese boy; and a  
number of monkeys.—*N. Y. Chris. Ade.*

We learn from the *Bytown Gazette*  
that at the Perth Assizes last week, true  
bills were found against J. L. McDougall,  
Esq., and Wm. Harris Esq., for partici-  
pating in the riot, that took place at Ren-  
frew some few weeks since.

**ARRIVAL OF THE  
FRANKLIN.**  
New York May 19.

The United States Mail Steamer *Franklin*  
arrived at her dock at 7 o'clock this  
morning, with four days later news from  
Europe. The *Franklin* sailed from Har-  
ve on the 6th inst., and from Cowes,  
England, on 4 p. m. on the 7th; her voy-  
age from the latter place has, therefore,  
occupied 11 1/2 days. She brings the Lon-  
don mails from the morning mails of the  
7th, which were taken from Southampton  
by special steamers; she brings upwards  
of 100 passengers, and a fair freight of  
general merchandise from Havre.

The United States mail steamer *Wash-  
ington*, Captain Flood, arrived off Cowes,  
from New York on the 3rd of May.

The British and North American mail  
steamer *Africa* reached Liverpool on the  
4th inst., in ten days three hours and for-  
ty-five minutes.

**MARKETS.**  
English Corn at Mark-lane was steady  
at the rates brought by the previous  
steamer. Wheat was in limited demand,

but floating. Cargoes of wheat and In-  
dian corn were eagerly inquired for.—  
Flour is firmly held, in consequence of the  
weather being cold for the season.

**FRANCE.**  
From Paris, we learn that the 4th of  
May's anniversary of the proclamation of  
the Republic, had passed off without the  
slightest attempt at disturbance.

**AUSTRIA.**  
It was stated that a note had been  
forwarded from Vienna, to Constanti-  
nople, demanding the detention, for two  
years longer, of fourteen Hungarian fugi-  
tives. Austria offered to bear the ex-  
penses.

The *Franklin's* news, in general, con-  
tain nothing very exciting.

**THE GREAT EXHIBITION.**  
*Royal Inauguration by the Queen, Prince Albert,  
the Prince of Wales, the Princess Royal, Her  
Majesty's Ministers, the Foreign Ambassadors,  
with an assemblage within the Crystal Palace  
of 30,000 persons.*

**FROM THE EUROPEAN TIMES, May 3.**  
After several days' excitement, during which  
the public curiosity has been wound up to the  
highest pitch, the morning of Thursday, the day  
fixed for the opening of the Great Exhibition  
of the Industry of all Nations opened most auspici-  
ously. On the preceding day we had rain and  
hail with very cold weather; but the glorious  
day of May was uninterupted by scarcely a cloud;  
and at mid-day, when the Queen ascended the  
throne, the effulgence of the sun left no other wish  
ungratified. As far as the mortal arrangements  
depended upon man, they were perfect; and I re-  
joice to say that the day passed off without a single  
accident of any kind. I found on reaching  
Piccadilly, at nine in the morning, a line of  
carriages which reached from the Exhibition to  
the eastern end of Long Acre, a good couple of  
miles, and the same thing existed west, north,  
and south. Finding this to be the case, I alighted,  
and walked into Hyde Park, entering the  
Commissioners' gate without the slightest incon-  
venience. The scene upon entering was beauti-  
ful in the extreme. Already every seat was occu-  
pied; but a member of Parliament, who was an  
exhibitor, contrived to make a little coterie in the  
Tuscan department, to which I was admitted,  
and I saw the whole inauguration scene under  
the aspect of a private view. The company kept  
pouring in until the last moment; and, at half-  
past eleven o'clock, I gazed upon the wonders of  
the grand transept, and heard the mighty organ  
from the west end, the tones wafting their sounds  
through the maze of British manufactures and  
productions; whilst at the eastern extremity you  
saw the American eagle proudly conspicuous over  
the bold inscription which marked the region of  
the United States productions—long lines of beau-  
tifully wrought iron, and galleons, filling up  
the background, and in every way the eye  
was turned, some surprising natural or artificial  
object was to be seen; the *font ensemble* was al-  
together most beautiful. Punctually at 12 o'clock  
the Queen arrived, her *entree* being marked by  
long and animated cheering. She seated herself  
on a chair raised on a platform, surmounted by a  
splendid elegant blue canopy adorned with feath-  
ers worthy of Prince Albert on her left. They were  
accompanied by the Prince of Wales and the  
Princess Royal. The Court circle was now com-  
pletely formed, making a *tabouret* never to be for-  
gotten. The Queen looked remarkably well.  
She wore the order of the Garter, a pink brocade  
dress, shot with gold, and the Prince looked calm-  
ly and proudly happy. The Duke of Wellington,  
who this day completed his eighty-second year,  
had been here nearly two hours before, and the  
commissioners and all the officials and ladies of  
the household surrounding the throne, presented  
a scene of extraordinary splendor. The National  
Anthem was performed, and the music produced  
most delightful effect in the glass building.—  
Prince Albert, with the commissioners, preceded  
himself before the Queen and read the report as  
described in the official programme. I could not  
re-  
ply to the order of the Garter, a pink brocade  
dress, shot with gold, and the Prince looked calm-  
ly and proudly happy. The Duke of Wellington,  
who this day completed his eighty-second year,  
had been here nearly two hours before, and the  
commissioners and all the officials and ladies of  
the household surrounding the throne, presented  
a scene of extraordinary splendor. The National  
Anthem was performed, and the music produced  
most delightful effect in the glass building.—  
Prince Albert, with the commissioners, preceded  
himself before the Queen and read the report as  
described in the official programme. I could not

Albert forming the most prominent feature  
amidst an infinite multitude of objects, each  
of which is displayed to the best advantage. Along  
the nave, both towards the east and the west,  
there is a succession of gigantic statuary, in mar-  
ble, iron, bronze, and zinc, the latter of a very re-  
markable character. Almost the first object  
which arrests your attention is the Koh-i-noor  
diamond, secured in a strong cage of iron, richly  
gilded, and, by a contrivance, this precious jewel,  
which is placed on a small pedestal, sinks at night  
down into the strong iron chest upon which the  
cage rests, so that it is safe and secure night and  
day. Crowds flocked round this jewel to admire  
its size and brilliancy. Along the whole length  
of the building, in the centre of the nave, is placed  
a succession of most striking objects, relieved  
by the statuary. There are models of bridges  
and towns, all of elaborate execution, and amongst  
them the model of Liverpool holds the foremost  
rank. There are, besides, enormous telescopes,  
exquisite models of machinery, small chapels to  
exhibit specimens of stained glass, the Acis and  
Galatea fountains, the American statues of the  
Wounded Indian and the Greek Slave, the statue  
of Shakespeare, and the crystal fountain in the  
centre of the transept, presenting a very graceful  
and striking appearance. Perhaps the whole  
world has never furnished such a remarkable as-  
semblage of attractive objects as are contained in the  
nave alone.

I was prepared to find that the articles from the  
United States would fall short of the other parts  
of the Exhibition, from the statement put forth  
that they had demanded more room than they  
could adequately fill. Through the exertions of  
Mr Riddle, the vacant space has been filled up,  
and although this division is not so crowded as  
the British side, it contains a national collection  
highly interesting. Their cereal and raw materi-  
als are very striking. Their mineral department  
is also very full. Their carriages were not the  
least honorable part of their collection. A series  
of maps prepared for certain lectures at the  
various meetings, were admirable, and greatly  
surpassed those of a similar character in our na-  
tional and public schools. It is, perhaps invidious  
to single out individual exhibitors, but I must say  
that the zeal and energy with which the repre-  
sentatives of Messrs. Lacey & Philips, of Philadel-  
phia, the saddlers, and of Messrs. Cornelius &  
Co., the lamp-makers, of the same city, came  
forward voluntarily and pressed upon my notice  
their respective manufactures, made me feel that  
our English exhibitors must look well to their lau-  
rels, or such smartness will infallibly outstrip  
them in almost any branch of trade. The exhibi-  
tion of Daguerotypes is excellent.

Leaving the division devoted to the United  
States, you enter the great department of the  
Zollverein, on the north and south sides. The  
collection of machinery and manufactures, of the  
most varied description, presents a thousand  
objects of the highest interest. Russia has a  
small department on the south, and this is scarce-  
ly complete; but, to compensate for this, Austria  
also, on the north and south sides, exhibits a va-  
riety of products which place her in a very au-  
spicious position in the Exhibition. All the Aus-  
trian exhibitors are dressed in a simple Austrian great  
uniform, with coats fastened at the breast with a  
long clasp, inscribed "Austria," so that the gen-  
eral effect is admirable. Hurrying through the  
land and Belgium, you enter the extensive region  
of France, which, when complete, will be very  
beautiful, and worthy of the taste and skill of that  
great country. Switzerland and Brazil, with  
Italy and Spain on the north, succeed, and are  
followed by Greece, Persia, Egypt, and Turkey.  
The unfortunate delay in the arrival of the Tur-  
kish steamer, with their objects, renders their  
division incomplete; but the space allotted to  
the transept having been appropriated to the  
foreign ambassadors, and ladies of rank who had  
the *entree*, the deficiency was admirably concealed.  
Crossing the transept, you enter the British East  
Indies, which presents a very beautiful scene.  
The south you then arrive at a square devoted to  
Canada, the West Indies, and the Australian colo-  
nies. The articles from these interesting spots in  
the British empire are all admirably illustrative  
of their rich productions. The minerals and the raw  
materials, afford abundant scope for study both to  
the merchant and the philosopher. A beautiful  
little square of medicinal treasures next attracts  
vast crowds, who pass on to the sculpture room.  
You are now, on both sides the nave, fairly in  
the British domestic latitudes. Whilst agricul-  
tural implements occupy the whole remaining  
length of the extreme south, paper and printing,  
and machinery in motion, fill up the extreme  
north; the front of the south side being devoted  
to Birmingham goods, furniture, Sheffield goods,  
woolen and mixed fabrics, flax from Ireland, and  
printed fabrics from Manchester, London, and  
Glasgow. The front of the north corresponding  
side presents a succession of departments, with  
carriages, some of them of the most exquisite  
construction; mineral manufactures, and marine  
engines, flanked on the front with paper goods,  
furniture, furs, leather, and cotton. We have  
now arrived at the west end, where crowds are  
seen surrounding the model of Liverpool, which  
is at this spot in the nave. On the outside of the  
building are statues, columns, specimens of the  
obelisks, and a vast variety of architectural and  
building processes, with a detached building,  
whence the steam motive power is derived. I  
have only passed through the ground floor, not  
having had a single word respecting the contents  
of the gallery. I will say a few words, however,  
I may state that there is but one gallery, which  
runs the whole circuit of the building, and spacious  
quadrangular courts are cut out of the gallery,  
down into which the spectator may look, and the  
objects are so arranged as to produce the most  
picturesque effect imaginable. I suffered great  
fatigue in going through the whole exhibition,  
Monday last; indeed such a task is almost beyond  
the power of any man to accomplish in one day,  
and to observe the inconceivable variety of objects  
which meet you at every turn. I say that I went  
through, but I actually missed the extensive divi-  
sion of machinery, which I did not see till Thursday  
morning. The exhibition is successful to the  
highest point of any conception which may have  
been formed of it. Everything is well chosen, so  
perfect in its kind, that whether it is the most re-  
fined and fastidious lady in the land, or the rudest  
or most intelligent mechanic, the attractions are  
so numerous, so various, so surprising, and so use-  
ful, that a visitor may spend weeks within the  
building and educate himself in the critical ex-  
amination of all the diversified objects brought  
thus, at one view, before his eyes, from all parts  
of the world.

I cannot close this letter without expressing my  
admiration of the excellent arrangements made  
for the public, and for the press generally. Capt.  
Elderton, of the Royal Engineers, conducted this  
part of the executive with great courtesy and at-  
tention. The men composing the corps of sappers  
and miners, who have been employed in ar-  
ranging the articles, were almost the only per-  
sons who could direct me where to find what I  
wanted; but their attention and civility deserves  
notice. It is computed that £50,000 were re-  
ceived by the sale of the season tickets, which ad-  
ded to the sums subscribed, will make about  
£150,000. The cost of the executive will be, it  
is said, about £200,000 at least. There is scarce  
a doubt that sufficient funds will be raised to  
make it entirely self-supporting.

Provincial Parliament.

From the Globe, May 22. LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

On Tuesday, at Three o'clock P. M., His Excellency the Governor General proceeded in state to the Chamber of the Legislative Council in the Parliament Building.

SPEECH:

Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council: Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

In again meeting you for the discharge of our Legislative duties, it affords me much satisfaction to congratulate you on the general prosperity of the Province.

The crop of last year was abundant; the revenue from Customs, and the traffic on the Provincial Canals, are steadily increasing; and the securities of the Province command a high price.

The effect of recent changes in the Imperial Navigation Law is also beginning to be felt in the more frequent resort of Foreign Shipping to our Seaports. It is alleged, however, by persons connected with the Shipping Interest, that certain provisions of the Immigration Act are unfavorable to the extension of a valuable branch of our Import Trade.

The House was directed to open an account with the Postmaster for the postage of the letters of Members.

A Committee was appointed to perfect the Journals of the House.

Hon. Mr. De Blaquiere gave notice that he will, on Friday, move for a copy of the Charter for a College for the exclusive use of members of the Church of England, applied for by the Bishop of Toronto.

Hon. Mr. Irving handed in a petition from the inhabitants of West Gwillimbury, praying to be joined to the County of York.

Wednesday, May 21. The only business done was the presenting of several petitions, one of which was from Mr. Fitz-Gibbon, applying for remuneration for superintending the printing of the Records of the House during the last three years that he held the appointment of Clerk of the House.

The House adjourned until Thursday (to-day) at three P. M.

provided for by the Civil List Act of 1846, and I shall lay before you the correspondence which has passed between this Government and the Secretary of State on the subject.

I again recommend to your consideration the important subject of an increase in the Parliamentary Representation of the Province.

The expediency of amending the School and Municipal Laws of Eastern Canada in some of their details, with the view of securing in a more ample manner for that section of the Province the benefits which these enactments are designed to confer, will probably engage your attention.

As the Province advances in wealth and population, and the authority of the local Parliament is extended and confirmed, the responsibilities which attach to Members of this Legislature become necessarily more onerous.

The people of Canada, while they justly appreciate the requirements of an age of progress, are attached to their institutions, and faithful to their early traditions, and I am confident that you will earnestly endeavor, in humble reliance on the Divine blessing, to promote in this spirit their best interests.

His Excellency having retired, a bill relating to Common Schools was read a first time.

The Speaker then read the Royal Speech, and it was ordered to be printed in English and French—500 copies of each.

A Committee of Privileges and a Committee on Printing were appointed.

The Clerk was directed to open an account with the Postmaster for the postage of the letters of Members.

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LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY. Tuesday, May 20. The Members of Assembly having returned after the reading of the Royal Speech, the Clerk read the returns of members elected since last session.

Mr. Letellier, elected to represent Kamouraska, took the oath, and was introduced by Messrs Polette and Chaveau, and took his seat.

Mr. W. L. Mackenzie was introduced by Messrs De Witt and Dr. Smith, and took his seat for Haldimand.

Mr. H. J. Boulton gave notice that he will, on Monday next, call for a return of all roads, harbors, &c., in the hands of the Government, and if any of these had been sold, the time when, and the parties to whom they were transferred, &c. &c. Also, that on Friday, he will introduce a bill to prevent the appropriation of public money not previously authorized by Parliament; also, a bill to fix the time and place for the meeting of Parliament; also, a bill to amend the Act regulating the formation of Joint Stock Companies.

Mr. H. Sherwood gave notice of an inquiry on the removal of the Seat of Government at the close of the present session; also, that he will introduce a Bill to repeal the Cury Laws in Upper Canada—and a Bill to amend the charter of the University of Toronto.

Mr. Merritt gave notice of a Bill to obtain reciprocity with the United States.

Mr. Robinson gave notice that he will, on Tuesday, inquire as to the imposition of duties on goods imported by the St. Lawrence.

The Speaker then read the Speech.

Mr. Mackenzie gave notice of a Bill to repeal so much of the Trust and Loan Company's Act as enabled them to receive higher interest than is allowed by law to other individuals; also, a Bill to establish Courts of Conciliation, and a Bill for the Payment of Jurors.

Mr. Ross rose to move an Address in answer to the Speech from the Throne, and was interrupted by Mr. H. Sherwood, who rose on a point of order, and objected to the course pursued by the hon. gentleman, as several of the members had not yet arrived. The custom previously adopted was, to move that on a certain day the Speech from the Throne should be considered, and he saw no reason for departing from their established course.

Mr. Baldwin said there was nothing out of order in the course pursued by the hon. gentleman who had risen to move the Address. He was acting on English practice, and where they had so good a precedent as that afforded by the British Parliament, it was better to follow it, as the business of the House could not be proceeded with until the Address was carried. In order that no one, however, might be taken by surprise, it might be better to vote early day, and thus, while they conformed with English precedent, no one would be inconvenienced.

Sir A. N. Macnab suggested that the consideration of the Address should be adjourned to Wednesday, and then further adjourned if deemed necessary.

Mr. Ross then read his Address, and it was moved accordingly.

Mr. Morrison seconded the motion, reserving his remarks on the subject till the debate was resumed.

The House then adjourned till Wednesday at 3 o'clock.

Wednesday, May 21. Sir A. N. Macnab gave notice of his intention to move amendments to the Address on the subject of the Clergy Reserves, the Reduction of the Civil List, and the Reform of the Representation.

Mr. Baldwin presented petitions from the Municipal Council of the County of Middlesex—one for the final settlement of the Clergy Reserves question, by the appropriation of the Reserves to purposes of education—the other in favor of a duty on the exportation of pine saw logs to the United States.

Hon. Mr. Robinson presented a petition from the Municipal Council of the County of Simcoe against any division of West Gwillimbury.

Mr. Egan presented a petition for the improvement of the navigation of the Ottawa.

Hon. H. J. Price presented a petition for the repeal of the Railroad Guarantee Act.

Mr. W. L. Mackenzie gave notice of a motion to bring in a bill to provide for the appointment of Sheriffs throughout Upper Canada, by freeholders, at periodical elections, for a term of years.

Mr. Smith gave notice to incorporate the Kingston and Toronto Junction Railroad Company.

Hon. J. H. Cameron introduced a bill to facilitate the leasing of lands and tenements; also, bills for the further amendment of the criminal law—for the better administration of the estates of deceased persons—to compel the registration of deeds and instruments creating debts to the Crown—and for the relief of merchants, traders, and others. They were respectively read a first time.

On the motion of the Hon. R. Baldwin, a select committee was appointed to prepare and report lists of members to compose the standing committees of the House.

ARRIVAL OF THE AFRICA.

The Africa arrived at New York yesterday; she left Liverpool on the 10th inst., and brings three days later news from all parts of Europe.

Cotton declined 1/4; sales of the week 32,700 bales; Consols 97 1/4 for money on account, and varies in advance.

LIVERPOOL MARKET, May 10.—There is more activity in Flour and Grain market; Corn more saleable at improved rates, with large quotations; White 33s. 6d. a 34s.; Yellow 30s. 6d.; Indian Meal dull and low.

Provisions.—Pork being scarce, transactions are limited; Lard has declined 2s. a 2s. 6d.

The Duke of Saldanha has been made President of the Council of the Ministry by the Queen of Portugal. The news arrived by electric telegraph, via Paris, that the revolutionary movement is completed.

We learn from Madrid, that the government, on the 1st inst., despatched a courier to Lisbon with new instructions to the Spanish Minister in reference to the success of the Saldanha insurrection. One of the Madrid papers announces that Count de Thomais is the accredited Minister Plenipotentiary Extraordinary at the Spanish Court. We learn also from Madrid, that the Spanish Government is actively negotiating for the adjustment of the line of boundary between the countries along the Pyrenean frontier.

From Naples the accounts state that the claims for damage done to various nations, in consequence of the war in Sicily, have been brought to a satisfactory arrangement.

There was to have been an emute in Paris on the 4th, but like many other predicted events it did not come off; perhaps, to the great disappointment of an interested party, the people had prepared for a fete, not for a fight; although the weather was unfavorable, they continued to be merry.

Emile Gerardin persists in his assertions that General Changarnier proposes to invade England with 120,000 men, and now states that the General sent a written proposition to Ledru Rollin to the same effect; Gerardin's partisans say he had the same in his possession. The charge has not been owned.

The King of Prussia and Emperor of Russia are, it is said, to meet at Warsaw during the present month.

Prince Schwartzberg is to leave Vienna for Dresden on the 12th inst.

The Hellespont, for Plymouth, left the Cape of Good Hope on the 4th ultimo. There had been some fighting, but nothing very serious. Some Cape mounted Rifles are said to have gone over to the Confederates.

The influx of visitors to the great Exhibition continued unabated. \$10,000 are taken for entrance fees daily.



GUELPH HERALD.

TUESDAY, MAY 27, 1851.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

The Provincial Parliament has been opened with the usual formality of a Governor's speech, which, devoid of information as such documents generally are, affords less than usual matter for comment; indeed, what strikes the reader, as chiefly noticeable in its composition, is the dexterity with which the matters to which it was anticipated the attention of the Legislature would be directed, are either merely hinted at or left wholly unnoticed.

The propriety of abating or removing the very preposterous tax recently imposed on immigration; and the recent Postal arrangements; and the announcement that some boundary line is likely to be settled and New Brunswick is likely to be settled at an early period; that the Yankees have got leave to erect a Light House on the Horse Shoe Reef; and that by and by we are likely to hear somewhat of the results of the "Great Exhibition," are in His Excellency's apprehension the matters chiefly worthy the attention of the collective Wisdom of Canada. The slightest possible glance is thrown in the direction of the Clergy Reserves and the Increase of the Parliamentary Representation.

His Excellency need scarce have been so chary in his notice of these last, seeing that a place in the speech, not an alteration in the Statute book, is all they are likely to achieve. The one requiring a two-thirds vote, cannot possibly, in the present state of parties in the Lower House, be carried; and even the ultra-Radical Examiner asserts that the reference to it in the speech

"is only calculated to delude the public. No increase in the representation can be carried, and the Ministry know it; equalization of the representation could be effected, because it does not require a two-thirds vote. The result will be, mark our prediction—that no representative reform whatever will be effected."

Then, as the permission of the British Peers, Spiritual and Temporal, must needs be received ere any action can be taken on the other, an affair not to come off in a hurry, it will no doubt be "laid in lavender" to furnish capital for the Rads at next election, and subject matter for an item in the Governor's speech at the opening of the next Provincial Parliament.

Even the well-tutored Globe cannot help being "deeply grieved that the speech does not contain something more definite on the Clergy Reserve question." The address in reply to a speech so cautiously worded, and containing so little matter to provoke discussion, was suffered to pass in the Assembly without debate. There is no doubt, however, that although the Ministerial bill of fare is so exceedingly

meagre, a sufficient quantity of material will be introduced by the opposition, and by gentlemen who do business on their own hook, to allay the craving of the public appetite for legislative discussions, and to furnish matter for many weeks debate, whatever may be the result. Mr Mackenzie, it will be noticed, has taken his seat under rather questionable auspices, having been introduced by DeWitt, a leader of the Lower Canadian Annexationists, and Dr Smith, a Clear Grit, selecting a seat on the ministerial benches, from which position, it may be, he supposes he will be able to "rake" his old friends and allies, and so more effectually to defeat or annoy them, than were he to assume a station in the adverse line. We observe as yet but one division, on the motion of Mr Henry John Boulton for leave to introduce a Bill prohibiting the Executive from expending public money for any purpose without the special consent of Parliament, and limiting the Pension List, when Ministers sustained a defeat, ominous, we may hope, of many such during the session. As members were never deemed committed even to the principle of a measure until they have voted for its second reading, it being thought the discourtesy of preventing the introduction of a Bill is perpetrated, it is being thought requisite that its provisions should at least be known to the public, ere it be condemned; and, under existing circumstances, it seems impolitic for Ministers to hazard the residuum of popularity they may yet possess, by repelling from the threshold of the House a measure wearing at least a popular aspect, and which, even on their own showing, if it did no good, could do no harm. The following are the names on the division:

Yeas.—Messrs. Badgley, Boulton of Norfolk, Boulton of Toronto, Cameron of Cornwall, Cayley, Chaveau, Christie, De Witt, Dickson, Hopkins, Letellier, Mackenzie, Macnab, Melloch, McConell, McFarland, Merritt, Meyers, Prince, Robinson, Sanborn, Seymour, Sherwood, of Brockville, Sherwood of Toronto, Smith of Durham, and Stevenson.—26.

Nays.—Messrs. Attorney General Baldwin, Bell, Bontlinger, Carter, Cauchon, Solicitor General Drummond, Dunn, Egan, Farquharson, Fortier, Fournier, Fourquin, Gaillet, Hincks, Jobin, Attorney General LaFontaine, LaTortiere, Laurin, Morrison, Price, Tasse, Sauvagesse, Scott of Two Mountains, Smith of Westworth, and Tache.—35.

It will be observed that the name of the member for Waterloo, notwithstanding, has not been able to appear from the Advertiser, his having been able to reconcile, ere he left home, the wide-sundered dogmas of "thorough going Grits" and "moderate Reformers," to persuade both parties that he would do all that either required of him—appears ensconced among a crowd of Frenchmen, the opponent of a measure to give Parliament control over the expenditure of the Government; only three other Upper Canada members (exclusive of Ministers) to bear him company—and this notwithstanding all we have been hearing of the Hon Member's regrets for past delinquency, and promises to be a good boy in future. Never mind! Another round robin at the end of the session, denouncing the policy he has helped Baldwin and Co. to carry out, will set all right.

We give the report from the Patriot, of its being the intention of ministers to appropriate £40,000 more of the public money to pay the Lower Canada Rebellion losses. Bad as they are, we cannot believe it possible they could contemplate such another monstrosity.

PROTECTIONIST DEMONSTRATION IN SCOTLAND.—A meeting of the friends and supporters of Protection to Home and Colonial Industry took place in Edinburgh on the 22nd ultimo, the Earl of Eglinton in the chair. Over 1500 of the elite of the Scottish agriculturists sat down to dinner in the Music Room, the largest public room in the city, and a variety of argumentative and animating addresses were delivered by noblemen, landholders, and farmers present. Perhaps the following extract from the Manchester Guardian, will best show the present apprehensions of the party, however some may see fit to scoff and sneer at the idea of the recurrence to a protective policy:—

"Within the last eight or forty hours, what has happened at Boston? We believe we are correct in saying that, so strong was the liberal party in this borough, only two years ago, when a vacancy occurred, that it could afford to have a contest between two Liberals, both thorough-going Free-traders. Now, a Free-trader is opposed by a Protectionist of the old sliding scale school; and what happens? After two days' canvass, Alderman Wire sees no chance of success, and quits the field, leaving Mr. Freshfield in uncontented possession of it. And what account does Mr. Alderman Wire give of his conduct? He was met by the old Liberal, Mr. Radcliffe, constituents, with a demand for a fixed duty on corn. 'Pledge yourself to support only a moderate fixed duty, and you shall have our votes.' Such was the language held to the Radical reformer, the honest Free-trader, who solicited the suffrages of the people of Boston—and that, too, by a constituency which, in 1847, returned the James Duke, and again, in 1850, returned the Hon. Capt. Pelham, both pledged to free-trade. Now it is not difficult to understand what this means in a certain class of boroughs nearly connected with agriculture, in the event of a general election. We may talk till doomsday at public meetings in manufacturing towns to little effect, if facts like these are changing the character of Parliament."

TOWNSHIP COUNCIL.—The Council, at their meeting last week, passed several Resolutions and By-laws, among which we find the following:—Remuneration to be paid to Township Officers for the current year:—Collector, 4 per cent on moneys collected; Treasurer, 3 per cent on receipts; Councilors, 6s per diem when sitting in Council; Clerk, £25 per annum; Assessors, £11 5s each; Tavern Inspectors, £1 10s each, provided they visit the Taverns in compliance with By-law; Township Surveyor, £1 per diem while employed. By-law to repeal the By-law to prevent the Town's cattle from grazing in the township; to enable the Dundas Road Company to erect a tollgate at Neville's corner; to alter the line of Road from Bushlin to the York Road by School House No. 1; and to open a Road through the land of Mrs. J. Lamproy from the Dundas Road to where

Messrs. Gow & Orme propose erecting a Tannery. A petition was passed praying the Legislature to adopt measures for the speedy settlement of the Clergy Reserve question.

FAREWELL SOIREE. On Wednesday evening, a Soiree was given to the Rev. Messrs Spencer and Griffin, of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, by members of the Temperance Society in town. Nearly 200 persons sat down to tea in the Temperance Hall, the repast having been furnished by Mr Geo. Mimmack, in a style much superior to any similar affair in Guelph. After tea, the Chairman, C. J. Mickie, Esq., President of the Guelph Temperance Reformation Society, offered some preliminary remarks in reference to the occasion of their meeting, and stated that the Society having resolved to present an address to their Rev. guests on the occasion of their anticipated departure from the locality, it would now be read by the Secretary. He was sure nothing was farther from the intention of the Society, nothing could be more repulsive to the feelings of their guests, than falshood flattery. Their desire was simply to record their acknowledgments of the services of their Reverend friends in the cause they had espoused, a duty for which they had Scripture warrant, and to encourage others in like circumstances to follow their example. The Choir having sung a Temperance hymn, the Secretary read the following address:—

To the Rev. Messrs Spencer and Griffin.

REVEREND SIRS:—The Committee of the Guelph Temperance Reformation Society avail themselves of the present opportunity of acknowledging your services in aid of the cause they are engaged to uphold, during the period you have been resident in the locality; and they do so, they believe, in a fitting and to the best motives. Dedicating all merit to their own part for the performance of what it was their bounden duty to effect, they seek not to laud their fellow-laborers in this great moral reformation; nor are they ignorant that the conscientious conviction that you have humbly endeavored to do His work whose servants ye are, is the only meed ye covet. But the Committee desire that those who may hereafter fill the position you have so well occupied, and others in like circumstances, may know that the upholders of the cause of Total Abstinence in Guelph are no unobtrusive spectators of the conduct of those whom Providence has appointed to minister among us in holy things, and that they can distinguish not only between antagonists and supporters of their cause, but also between lukewarmness and zeal in its advocacy.

At the time you became connected with the Society, they were few in number, and without the overt support of any of the resident clergy members of the place—the objects rather of contempt and derision, than of dread or alarm to their opponents; and, under such circumstances, you were neither afraid nor ashamed to afford them all the aid you could supply, not tarrying until the progress of the cause might render such aid less hazardous if may be to yourselves, but certainly able, to them, to be of value. Your immediate, undaunted, and unqualified support, encouraged and animated the Committee to go forward with more zeal and energy in the work they had commenced; and now that the cause has achieved a signal triumph in the locality—now that it has become strong in moral power and influence—now that matrons and mothers thank God for husbands and sons rescued from the slavery and degradation of intemperance; now that you are enabled to do a duty to state that, under God, they ascribe no small measure of their success to your cordial support and co-operation.

The Committee cannot permit you to depart from among them without offering hearty thanks to Him whose servants ye are, and who has made you the honored instruments of sustaining and helping onward this great and good work; and they feel assured that wherever your lot may be cast, you will never have cause to regret the aid you have given in the overthrow of the abettors and upholders of inebriety in the County of Waterloo, but will be animated, by the success that has attended your efforts, to a zealous and fearless advocacy of the cause of Temperance in other districts of the Province, or in other lands.

We assured, Reverend Sirs, that the friends of the cause of Temperance in Guelph will ever be your persons with grateful feelings, and that, should Providence permit you to revisit the locality, the warmest welcome will here ever await you.

By order of the Committee. C. J. MICKIE, President. GEO. PIRIE, Secretary.

Guelph, 21st May, 1851.

Rev. Mr. Spencer said he felt placed in peculiar circumstances, occupying a position he had never before held, and which in some respects he never wished to occupy again. There were those around him who were well aware that it was a considerable sacrifice of his feelings he had consented to be present on this occasion. He was not particularly fond of these tea-meetings under any circumstances, more especially when, as now, the object was to bestow praise on individuals. He understood, however, that it was merely intended they should have tea together, and perhaps a little friendly conversation, and that there would be no end of it; but that their worthy very suspicious-looking document to their worthy President, and his attaching to it his signature, led him to suspect, and to fear that something further was intended. He really knew not how to reply to the address, but he felt that it was a duty he was bound to perform, and he was content to be present on this occasion. 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next proceeded to the house of Wm. Humphrey and commenced firing guns, blowing horns, and ringing bells. Humphrey went out to them with a gun and ordered them off, in doing which words passed between him and one of the party named John Irwin Livingston. Humphrey says he was struck, and stones were thrown at his door. In the excitement, Livingston was shot dead, although Humphrey denies having fired his gun, and says the shot which killed Livingston must have been fired by one of the persons who attacked his house. A coroner's inquest was held on the body of Livingston, and after evidence had been taken, a verdict of murder was returned against Humphrey, who was lodged in goal in this town on the evening of Sabbath last. The above are all the particulars which have as yet come to our knowledge. They are sufficient, however, to show the evil effects of the barbarous custom we have alluded to, and we really do hope that strong efforts will be made by every intelligent community to stop such proceedings in future. In the present case the obnoxious practice was carried into the presence of his maker and left his friends to mourn his untimely end. Since the above was written, we have heard further particulars of this melancholy occurrence, which strongly corroborate the above. It is said that he had prepared a gun, in expectation of a visit from the parties, and that while so preparing it, he threatened to have the heart's blood of some of them should they visit his house. It is also said that he stood within a few feet of the deceased and discharged the gun, the whole of its contents lodging in the breast of Livingston, who immediately fell dead.

**COUNTY BUILDING SOCIETY.**—We are requested to remind the Shareholders that the Thirtieth Monthly Instalment falls due on Monday, the 9th proximo.

**QUEEN'S BIRTH DAY.**—We see by our exchanges that the day set apart in honor of Her Majesty's nativity was duly honored in almost every city and town in the Province. In Guelph, it passed over without the slightest recognition. We understand, however, that Mr Henry Sanders, Arncliffe, determined that the day should not close without a loyal demonstration by at least one individual, had the St. George's engine hoisted on the flag-staff in front of his residence, while the bands of the Speed echoed the salutes fired from a piece of ordnance mounted by its side—the family and friends enjoying themselves in the afternoon with a boat race on the river, and terminating the evening with a display of fireworks.

**LATE PAPERS.**—We are indebted to A. Drysdale, Esq., for Liverpool papers of the 10th May. Mr Drysdale reached Fergus on the 25th instant, fifteen days from Liverpool, and would we understand but from having missed a train on the route from New York, have got home a day sooner. A fortnight from England to the Backwoods of Canada is pretty smart travelling. Should there be a "World's Exhibition" in the States next year, we shall expect a host of Old Country Cousins will spare a month from their desks and dairies, not only to see the lions at New York, but to have a look also at the Lakes and Cataracts, the princely forests, and well-cultivated fields of Canada—which may now be accomplished in the true and at the cost required for a overland journey from the North of Scotland to London half a century since.

**REBELLION LOSSES!!!**—We require from the Government organ, be it Baldwin, Lafontaine, or Hincks, be it *Globe*, *Mirror*, or *Examiner*—a positive denial of the following report.—That the Government intend, or have consented to ask from the country FORTY THOUSAND POUNDS, in order to enable the Rebellion Losses Commissioners to discharge Rebellion Losses claims, upon which these Commissioners have adjudicated, and this sum of FORTY THOUSAND POUNDS is in addition to the enormous sum voted in Lower Canada, which cost the Province one Parliament House, Lord Elgin his character, besides the immense sums wasted in contemptible law proceedings. We do not assert that the Ministry intend to bring this measure forward; but we say that it is asserted boldly and publicly; and we demand—Is it true or not? Rumors of many varied hues are rife; but of them all, there is not one more pregnant with mischievous results, if it be true. Let every Briton bear in mind the rebellion in both Upper and Lower Canada, and its accursed causes—let him remember their Lower Canada and Upper Canada promoters and participants—the Rebellion Losses Act—Montreal—the Parliament House—and, above all, the disgrace and stigma of having our British institutions and British loyalty trampled under foot by *soi-disant* British subjects, merely to pamper the pride and gratify the spleen of the unhallowed compact of French vanity and ultra-radical ambition. It will be seen that the RETIREMENT OF MR. BALDWIN IS DETERMINED UPON. We have long ago mentioned the same of Mr. Lafontaine. Mr Price is making arrangements which will preclude him from holding office at Quebec. What must be the result?—*Patriot*.

**THE GLOBE ON THE SPEECH.**  
For once the opinion of the great Ministerial organ seems to jump with our own. The *Globe* is eloquent upon the negative virtues of the Vice-regal Speech, but alas! how little to say about its positive good qualities. Hear him ye gods and little fishes!—*Patriot of Friday*.  
It is perhaps worthy of remark, that the Speech is condemned on all hands—even the *Globe* is out against it! The "organ" has no idea of being crushed in the ruins, when the House tumbles, and he has accordingly given notice of his intention to quit, if indeed, according to current report, the action has not been on the other side, and that he has got his walking ticket!—*Colonist of Friday*.  
It is now well understood that the *Globe* has been thrown overboard—or, astronomically speaking, knocked from its orbit, and as the sun of ministerial confidence and favor is now shedding its effulgent and fruitifying rays upon the *Mirror*,—but a "few weeks since," as the *Globe* asserts, an "Annexationist,"—the *Globe*, as a matter of course, looms up dark and threatening. Hear him on this same speech—  
"The cabinet must soon be reorganized," it is said. No doubt. Now that the *Globe* has been cashiered, "a reorganization," on a "Protestant" basis we suppose, becomes absolutely necessary.—*North American of Friday*.

**THE UNIVERSITY.—NEW PROFESSORSHIPS.**—We are happy to learn that the Senate of the University have at last determined on the additional Professorships to be added to the present staff, and they will immediately advertise for applicants. There are to be six new chairs with the salaries named below:—

- History of English Literature. £350
- Natural Philosophy. . . . . 350
- Modern Languages. . . . . 350
- Natural History. . . . . 350
- Geology and Mineralogy. . . . . 350
- Civil Engineering. . . . . 250

The first five are to give their whole time and attention to their duties, but this will not be required of the Professor of Engineering.—*Globe*.

**THE CITY OF TORONTO vs. FURNISS.**—The suit of the Corporation of the City of Toronto against Mr Albert Furniss, of Montreal, Proprietor of the Toronto water works, occupied the Assize Court in that City, all last Saturday and Monday. The action was brought for damages against the defendant for loss sustained by the City, from the deficient supply of water in cases of fire. The damages were laid at £5,000, and the Jury rendered a verdict in favor of the plaintiffs for £2,000.—*Hamilton Gazette*.

**THE UNIVERSITY.**—We are happy to learn that David Buchan, Esq., of Paris, has been appointed Chairman of the Endowment Board of the University, with a salary of £400. Mr Buchan is a man of sterling probity and good business habits, and his appointment we are satisfied will give general satisfaction. We hear also that Statutes have been passed by the University Commission establishing several new Chairs in the faculty of Arts.—*Globe*.

**A NEW ORGAN.**—A rumour prevails, that the hero of Gallows Hill is to be in future the editor of the *Examiner*, which journal is to be henceforth the *Organ* vice the *Globe* cashiered!—*Streetville Review*.

**LATE NEWS FROM THE LOWER PROVINCES.**  
Total Loss of the Steam Propeller Franklin—Sir John Harvey going to England, &c. &c.  
HALIFAX, May 17.

The non-arrival of the steam propeller Franklin at her usual time, from Newfoundland, gave much uneasiness during the week. To-day intelligence was received here of her total loss, on the north side of Ferry Land Narrows, Isle de Byre, five hours out from St. John's. She struck about 2 A. M., it being very foggy at the time. Capt. Corby cannot account for the accident, as he had been steering for two hours S. S. W., and S. W., previous to striking. She sank in thirty feet water with her weather rail under. Very little will be saved. Fortunately no lives were lost.  
The Legislature is still in session. An attempt has been made in the House to take the tax off salt, books, nets, and seals; but it failed.  
Sir John Harvey, Governor, is going to England, and the chief military officer, Col. O'Neil, is to be sworn in forthwith for the administration of the government.  
Sr. JOHN'S N. B., May 16.  
The Executive Council are to meet to-day. The appointment of a delegate to the Government Convention in Canada, will probably be one of the subjects for their consideration.  
Late accounts from Prince Edward's Island, state that the new Lieutenant Governor had accepted the resignation of the members of his executive council, and many other public officers, and appointed others.

**SECTS IN ENGLAND.**—England contains 8,500,000 Conformists to the Established Church, 8,000,000 Nonconformists; Scotland contains 860,000 Conformists, 1,800,000 Nonconformists; Ireland contains 1,000,000 Conformists, 7,300,000 Nonconformists. Total—10,300,000 Conformists; and 17,100,000 Nonconformists.

**BIRTH.**  
In this town, on Monday, the 26th instant, the Lady of G. P. Tatham, Esq., of a Son.

**MARKETS.**  
GUELPH, May 27.  
Our markets remain without change.  
GALT, PRESTON, & NEW HOPE, May 23.  
Galt markets continue without change, and there is very little doing. Good Lamba continue in request for the Eastern markets, and it may be a consideration with our farmers, whether it would not be better to fatten these for the market, than keep them for a couple of years, and sell them for little more than they will bring at present.—*Rep.*

**NEW SPRING GOODS.**  
OWENS & ATKINS  
RESPECTFULLY intimate to the Inhabitants of Guelph and vicinity, that they have re-opened the Store in Dundas Street, formerly occupied by J. McLEAN, Esq., with an entirely New assortment of  
**DRY GOODS,**  
Groceries, Crockery, &c., &c.,  
Selected personally on the most advantageous terms, to which they would respectfully call the attention of intending purchasers. Particulars next week.  
Guelph, May 27, 1851.

**NOTICE.**  
TOWNSHIP COUNCIL.  
THE TOWNSHIP COUNCIL will hold their next meeting at Blyth's Hotel, Guelph and Arthur-Road, on Monday, the 16th day of June next.  
By order,  
RICHARD FOWLER BUDD,  
Township Clerk.  
Guelph, May 27, 1851. 205-3

**NOTICE.**  
FRESH TURNIP SEED,  
Warranted Growth 1850.  
THE Subscribers have on hand a large supply of Genuine Swede Turnip Seed, consisting of Purple Top, Improved (a new sort), and Skirving's Improved, imported direct from the growers. Also a variety of Garden and Flower Seeds.  
W. J. BROWN & CO.  
Guelph, April 28, 1851. 201

**WOOL! WOOL!**

**CHARLES DAVIDSON, Agent for Messrs. McKECHNIE & WINANS, Cobourg,** respectfully announces to the Farmers of this and the adjoining counties, that he is prepared to purchase Wool on the same terms as last season—paying the highest price in Cash or Trade for a good clean article.  
He will attend at Mr. Wm. Richardson's Store, Guelph, every second Thursday during the season, commencing 22nd May; and at Worsfold's Inn, Eramosa, and Thurtell's Mills, Rockwood, the following Fridays, with a Stock of Superior Woollen Goods, selected from the above Establishment, and which will be disposed of on the most favorable terms.  
Mr. Richardson will receive Wool in Guelph.  
Acton, 29th April, 1851. 201-4  
Advertiser to copy.

**EDUCATION.**

**THE REV. J. G. MACGREGOR** respectfully intimates, that he can accommodate two or three youths as pupils and boarders, whose education he will superintend. A few day pupils will also be admitted for instruction in Classics, Mathematics, and the other branches of a liberal Education. Mr Macgregor will be assisted in the work of instruction by his son, a Student of Knox's College, Toronto. Every attention will be paid to the comfort and morals of the pupils. Terms known on inquiry.  
Guelph, May 20, 1851. 204-4

**CASH FOR WOOL.**

THE Subscribers will pay the highest Market Price in CASH, for any quantity of  
**Well Washed Wool**  
delivered at their Store.  
W. J. BROWN & CO.,  
Market Square.  
Guelph, May 20, 1851.  
P. S.—Just arrived a large lot of Paper Hangings, from 7 1/2 p. piece. 204-4

**TO BUILDERS.**

PERSONS desirous of Contracting for the Enlargement of ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH, GUELPH, in either department of the works, or for the whole, may see the Drawings and Specifications at the Office of FRED. MARCON, Esq., from this date until Friday the 30th instant, when Sealed Tenders are to be delivered, addressed to "The Building Committee of St. George's Church."  
The Committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest tender, unless in all other respects it be satisfactory.  
The Architect, Mr. THOMAS of Toronto, will attend in Mr. MARCON'S Office, on Thursday the 29th instant, to give any explanations that may be required by parties desirous of contracting.  
Guelph, May 17, 1851. 204-2

**FARMERS' INN, ELORA.**

THE Subscriber intimates to the inhabitants of Elora and vicinity, that he has leased the Inn for many years occupied by Mr. GEORGE GREY, and will spare no pains in making the establishment convenient and comfortable.  
His LARDER and BAR will be supplied with the choicest viands and liquors.  
EXCELLENT STABLES and SHEDS.  
Daily Stage to Guelph, Hamilton, &c.  
ROBERT SCOTT.  
Elora, 14th May, 1851. 204-4

**NOTICE.**

THE Undersigned in returning thanks for past favors, begs to inform his friends and the public, that he has disposed of his Stock of Store Goods, to Mr G. Warren, who will continue business in the same place, with an additional supply of New Goods, suitable for the season; and would recommend his old customers to favor Mr W. with a call before purchasing elsewhere.  
D. BENEDICT.  
Guelph, May 7, 1851. 203-4

**NOTICE TO DEBTORS.**

ALL Persons indebted to the undersigned are particularly requested to call and settle their accounts before the first day of June next, or they will be placed in other hands for collection.  
D. BENEDICT.  
Wool Taken in Account.  
\* \* \* Office, near the British Hotel.  
Guelph, May 7, 1851. 203-4

**NOTICE.**

**Elora and Saugeen Road Co.**  
THE Annual General Meeting of the Stockholders in this Company will be held in Elora on Monday, the 2nd June next, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year.  
By order of the Board,  
JAMES GEDES,  
Secretary.  
Elora, May 8, 1851. 203-3

**NOTICE.**

**FRESH TURNIP SEED,**  
Warranted Growth 1850.  
THE Subscribers have on hand a large supply of Genuine Swede Turnip Seed, consisting of Purple Top, Improved (a new sort), and Skirving's Improved, imported direct from the growers. Also a variety of Garden and Flower Seeds.  
W. J. BROWN & CO.  
Guelph, April 28, 1851. 201

**Guelph and Dundas Road.**

**TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on THURSDAY, the 5th JUNE, 1851, at P. FREEL'S INN, BROCK ROAD, the**

Tolls of the Guelph and Dundas Road. The sale will take place at 2 o'clock, P. M. A deposit of £5 will be required to be paid down on the name of the purchaser of each Gate being declared.

The purchaser of each Gate to enter into Bonds, with two sufficient securities, for the punctual payment of the rent monthly. Each intending purchaser to be prepared with the name of his sureties before the commencement of sale.  
Purchasers to enter into possession on 21st June, 1851.

The Board of Commissioners will meet at 11 o'clock, A. M., when the upset price of each Gate, and further particulars will be made known.  
By order,  
JOHN L. SMITH,  
Secretary G. & D. R. Co.  
Dundas, May 1, 1851. 202-5

**TO SCHOOL TEACHERS.**

THE Quarterly Meeting of the Board of Public Instruction for the County of Waterloo will be held in the Court House, Guelph, for the Examination of Teachers, on Wednesday, the 4th day of June, 1851, at 10 o'clock A. M.

All persons who intend to apply for certificates of qualification must send a testimonial of good moral character, signed, amongst others, by the clergyman whose ministrations they ordinarily attend, addressed, post-paid, to JOHN KIRKLAND, Guelph, one week prior to the meeting.  
JOHN KIRKLAND,  
Secretary.  
Guelph, May 13, 1851. 203-4  
(The German Canadian to copy.)

**BUGGY FOR SALE.**

A handsome double-seated Buggy—back seat made to fold up—with iron axles, shafts, and pole, and in excellent condition. Apply at this office, or to  
ALEX. EMSLE.  
Guelph, 5th May, 1851. 202-4

**1851. WOOL! WOOL! 1851.**

THE Undersigned would notify the Growers of Wool, that one of the firm will be at Mr. W. HEATHER'S, (near the Eramosa Bridge,) Guelph,  
On Tuesday and Wednesday, the 3rd and 4th days of June,

with Cloths, Satinets, Tweeds, Flannels, Checks, Jeans, and Blankets, which will be exchanged on the most liberal terms.  
Mr. HEATHER will be ready, from this date, to attend to all persons calling at his shop with Wool.  
WM. BARBER & BROTHERS.  
Georgetown, Essex Co.,  
May 9th, 1851. 203-4

**NOTICE.**

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the County of Waterloo MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, will be held at the British Hotel, on the Second day of June, at Noon, for the purpose of choosing Directors for the year ensuing, when a Statement of the Affairs of the Company will be submitted.  
JAMES HODGERT,  
Secretary.  
Guelph, 2nd May, 1851. 202-4

**TO CLERKS OF Township and Village Councils.**

BY the 31st clause of cap. 67 of 13 and 14 Vic., it is required for the guidance of County Councils, that the Clerk of each Incorporated Town, Village, or Township, shall forthwith, after the final revision of the Assessment Rolls for the same, transmit to the County Clerk a statement of the aggregate value or yearly value of all the taxable real property, and of the amount of all taxable personal property on such Rolls respectively, as finally revised and passed. Attention to the above is hereby requested.  
A. D. FERRIER,  
Clerk W. C. C.  
Guelph, April 29, 1851. 202-6

**GRAND Temperance Celebration!!**

A Celebration by the Berlin Total Abstinence Society, in connection with the "Sons of Temperance," will be held  
**IN BERLIN,**  
On FRIDAY, the 6th of June next.  
The Committee will spare no pains in making the occasion as interesting as possible, and they are determined that it shall far surpass any thing of the kind ever got up in Berlin.  
They would anxiously solicit the attendance of the numerous friends of the Temperance movement in the vicinity.  
By order,  
I. A. WHITING,  
ISRAEL D. BOWMAN.  
Berlin, May 3, 1851. 202-5

**THE DIVISION COURTS**

OF the County of Waterloo will hold their sittings at  
Wellesley, June 10th, 1851.  
Berlin, " 11th, "  
Wilnot, " 13th, "  
Guelph, " 16th, "  
Preston, " 20th, "  
Erin, " 24th, "  
Fergus, " 26th, "  
Egremont, July 17th, "  
Sydenham, " 21th, "  
ALFRED A. BAKER, Clerk No. 1.

**1850. FALL SUPPLIES. 1850.**

**New Cash Establishment, MARKET SQUARE.**

THE SUBSCRIBERS beg to inform their Customers and the Public generally that they are now receiving the completion of their Fall Stock of  
**TEAS, GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE, CROCKERY, &c., &c.**  
By far the largest ever brought to this part of the country; and from the greater part having been purchased before the late rise, they are enabled to offer them at such prices as will defy competition.

At the same time, they take this opportunity to return their sincere thanks for the very general support they have received since opening, and assure the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country generally, that it will still be their utmost endeavor to merit their patronage. As a still farther inducement to purchasers, they now offer their Goods

**CHEAPER THAN EVER!**

And, trading on the only true principle of ONE PRICE, all persons buying at their Store can depend upon being Fairly and Honorably dealt with. They will not particularize the prices of a few articles, which is only calculated to deceive—as the price, and not the quality, can only be given; but beg to inform all purchasers who will give them a call, that they offer, not one, two, or three articles at a low rate; but that the Whole of their Stock will be sold at the lowest

**HAMILTON PRICES:**

And they will not allow themselves to be undersold in any one item. Cash purchasers will do well to give them a call before going elsewhere—thereby saving much money, as well as time. ONE TRIAL will prove the fact. In their Stock of GROCERIES will be found some particularly fine qualities of  
Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Black Teas, ex "Balley," from China to Montreal direct; Loguyra, Rio, and Roasted Coffee; Muscovado, Refined, and Crushed Sugars; Honey Dew, Cavendish, and Cut Tobaccos, Dye Stuffs, Spices, &c.

**IN WINES AND LIQUORS**

Their Stock consists, in part, of Hennessey's, Martell's, and other Brandy's; Jamaica and E. I. Rum; Hollands Gin in Cask and Bottle; Scotch, Cobourg, and Canadian Whiskies, Peppermint, &c.; Sandimand's, Hunt's, and Graham's Port Wines; Duff Gordon's, and Dempster's Pale and Brown Sherries; Wood's Madeira; Bottled London Porter, Liqueurs, &c., of the finest qualities; also a Large Assortment of the Newest Styles of

**GLASSWARE AND CROCKERY.**

Double Refined, Solar, Whale, Lard, Cod, Raw and Boiled OILS, Copal Varnish, Turpentine, Red and White Lead, Paints, &c. Window Glass, 7 by 9 to 18 by 24. They particularly call the attention of purchasers to their full and well-assorted Stock of

**SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE,**

Among which will be found almost every description of Carpenters', Joiners', Coopers', Millwrights', and Shoemakers' Tools, of the most approved Makers; Hand, Tennon, Cross Cut, and Mill Saws; Files, of every variety; Cut, Wrought, and Horse Nails, by the lb. or package; House Furnishings, Locks, Bolts, Butts, Latches, Screws, &c., &c. All sizes of  
Scotch, Swedes, and Refined, Bar, Hoop, and Band Iron, Blister, German, and Cast Steel; Logging Chains, Plough Plates, Ohio Grindstones, and every description of Shelf and Heavy Goods, usually kept in the Hardware Trade.

**FARMERS' PRODUCE TAKEN AS CASH.**

Please Observe! the Stone Store Two Doors West of Thorp's Hotel, and facing the Market Square.  
Just Received, 200 Barrels ONONDAGA SALT.  
W. J. BROWN & CO., Proprietors.  
Guelph, 20th October, 1850. 175-4

**SONS OF TEMPERANCE.**

THE SUBSCRIBERS keep constantly on hand  
**SONS OF T. EMBLEMS,**  
P. W. P. AND CADETS' REGALIA,  
D. G. W. P.'s Emblems and Regalia.  
Orders per Mail attended to with despatch.  
P. T. WARE & CO.  
Hamilton, April, 1851, 200-3m

**To be Sold in Woolwich, NEAR ELORA,**

A most desirable Farm, consisting of Two hundred and thirty-five acres of first rate Land, 100 of which are in a high state of cultivation, eligibly situated on the  
**GRAND RIVER,**  
commanding great Water Power, with good Frame buildings House and Barns, excellent Springs and Cedar; the property of the late John Thring, Esq.  
For particulars apply (if by letter post paid), to  
WM. REYNOLDS, Elora,  
or  
T. SANDLANDS, Guelph.  
April 15, 1851. 199-4

**WOOL! WOOL! WOOL!**

THE Subscriber begs to announce to the GROWERS OF WOOL, that he is again in the market for the purchase of that article, and will pay the  
**HIGHEST CASH PRICE**  
FOR ANY QUANTITY OF  
**WELL-WASHED WOOL,**  
delivered at his Store here during the season. Unwashed also purchased at the usual rates.  
**Canadian Tweeds, Cloths, SATINETTS, FLANNELS,**  
WITH A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF  
**DRY GOODS,**  
Hardware, Groceries, Crockery, Glass-ware, &c., &c.,  
ON HAND, WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT  
**THE LOWEST RATES,**  
in exchange for Wool, any other Merchantable Produce, or Cash.  
THOS. H. MCKENZIE.  
Dundas, May 1, 1851. 202-4

**CASH OR COSTS!**

G & O. beg to state that the above are entirely of their own manufacture, they will however, continue to keep on hand an assortment of Ladies' superfine imported wool, which they will sell on the smallest possible profit.  
Cash for Hides, Skins, and Tallow.  
Country Produce taken in Exchange. Leather and Pegs by Retail.  
Wyndham Street, opposite the Post-office, Jan. 28, 1851. 188-4

**TO LET.**

A Well-finished Cut-stone Cottage in Glasgow Street, presently occupied by A. D. Ferrier, Esq.; also a Cottage in Essex Street. For particulars apply at this Office, or to  
H. RICHARDS.  
Guelph, 25th April, 1851. 201-4

**FOR SALE.**

LOT No. 18 in the 14th Concession of J. Nichol, consisting of One Hundred Acres of Land, with good Log House and Barn, &c., and a Clearance of about Forty five Acres, situated about a mile from Fergus. Terms liberal. Apply on the premises, or to  
A. D. FERRIER.  
Guelph, Aug. 7, 1850. 164-4

From the Bristol Times.  
SPARROWS IN THE CRYSTAL PALACE.  
Prince Albert pushed his cutlet and tomato sauce from before him, and rose up from the breakfast table, apparently too troubled in spirit to eat.  
Her Majesty noticed the act, and inquired the cause.  
"Those confounded sparrows!" cried the Prince, with great distress, "we can't get them out."  
"Oh, sit down and eat your breakfast," interposed Her Majesty, soothingly, "and I'll write an order to the Horse Guards to send up a whole regiment of the line to take care of them."  
The Prince groaned out, "Oh no! the cure would be worse than the disease—they'd break all the glass."  
The Queen saw and felt for his distress. "I never liked the Exhibition," she thought, "but it is his hobby, and I must not let those stupid little sparrows make him unhappy." So she sat down at the escaratoire, and taking up a gold pen, wrote a note at once to the Premier, requiring his attendance at Buckingham Palace, as the Royal messenger was seen dashing at top speed into Chesham Place, people said "twas another crisis, but 'twas not."  
"What's the matter, your Majesty?" cried the Premier, making his appearance, pale and out of breath.  
"The sparrows," said Her Majesty, "in the Crystal Palace." And as she spoke, she nodded her head to Prince Albert, who was walking about at the upper part of the room, looking his forehead, and minding no one—his mind being occupied with the one thought.  
"You know we can't shoot them, Lord John," observed Her Majesty, "or I'd soon silence them with a park of artillery."  
"No, your Majesty," mused the First Lord of the Treasury, biting his nails; and after a pause, he added, "If we might not them."  
The Queen clasped her hands with glee—"Albert, Albert!" she exclaimed, "don't fret; Lord John has found a remedy—see'll not them."  
"Nonsense," retorted the Prince Consort, "rather gruffly and ungratefully; 'you can't—the place is too large."  
Her Majesty's face fell at once, as she mournfully repeated her Consort's words, "tis too large, Lord John—think again."  
Lord John bit his nails, and thought again. "I have it," said he, after a longer meditation than before.  
The Queen's eyes sparkled. "Have you?" cried she in an ecstasy. "What, Lord John? do please say what at once."  
"Fumigate the place; smother them with sulphur."  
"Capital!" cried the Queen. "Albert, Albert!" she shouted out once more, "we have it this time; we'll smother them."  
"Capital!" said the Prince, "I thought of that myself—but 'twon't do. Sink all the goods and spoil them."  
The Bishop of London now called by chance, and Her Majesty at once consulted him. "Bloomfield was always a courtier," he looked upon the Duke's service over and over, and said "he'd go home and look at the canons of his church."  
"Don't mind it," interposed Her Majesty; "your canons always make a dreadful noise, but take no effect."  
Still Prince Albert kept pacing up and down, and groaning out ejaculations from time to time, about these confounded sparrows; and every groan sent a pang to Her Majesty's heart.  
"Have determined," said she, "I'll send for the Duke."  
Another letter and another courier to bear it to Apsley House. The Royal message ran thus:—"My dear Duke, do come at once; my kind and true friend in every emergency. Albert is in a sad taking about these horrid sparrows that have got into the Exhibition Building. You can do everything; you can help us to get them out—Ever yours, V. R."

**CHEAPER THAN EVER!**  
At the sign of the Mammoth Boot.  
THE Subscriber would most respectfully intimate to the inhabitants of Guelph and vicinity, that he has commenced business in the BOGG AND SHOE TRADE, in CORK STREET, two doors south of the "Guelph Hotel," (late the "Durham Ox.")  
He feels confident, from his long experience in some of the principal towns in Great Britain and the Metropolis of Ireland, as well as in Canada, that he will be able to manufacture to order all kinds of Boots and Shoes, sewed or pegged, of the best material, in the highest style of fashion, and on more reasonable terms than ever were offered in Guelph; being convinced, from experience, that to turn the penny often with a small profit, is the only way to make a permanently paying business.  
The following list is at Cash Prices:—  
Gentlemen's Calf Boots, 18s 9d to 23s 9d.  
Do. Kip do, 14s 4d to 16s 3d.  
Do. Stout do, double soled, 11s 10d.  
Do. Coburgs, 8s 1d to 10s.  
Ladies' Calf or Kip Boots, 8s 1d.  
Do. Cloth or Prunella do, 9s 4d to 10s 7d.  
Do. Shoes, 6s 10d.  
Do. Slippers, 4s 9d to 5s 7d.  
Children's, Misses', and Boys', proportionately low.  
Farm Produce taken in exchange.  
ROBERT BURNETT.  
Guelph, April 15, 1851. 199-4f.

**MILITIA ORDER.**  
THE Companies forming the First Battalion Waterloo Militia are directed to assemble at their different places of enrollment on the 20th June next, and for Regimental Muster at Guelph on the 28th June.  
By order of  
WM. HEWAT,  
Lieut. Col. Commanding.  
JOHN ROSS,  
Adjutant.  
Guelph, May 6, 1851. 202-8

**MORE LEATHER!**  
THE Undersigned, having taken Mr. J. JACKSON'S Boot and Shoe Shop, lately occupied by Mr. THOMSON, would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Guelph and surrounding country, that they intend carrying on business in the above line, and trust that by strict attention to business, and a determination to manufacture articles of a first-rate description only, together with the long experience in the trade which each of them has had, both in Scotland and Canada, they will merit and receive a share of that patronage so liberally bestowed on their predecessor.  
The usual term of Credit will be given.  
Bark, Hides, Tallow, &c., taken in exchange for work.  
LOTHIAN & LAWSON.  
Guelph, Feb. 15, 1851. 191-4f

**LANDS FOR SALE.**  
LOT 33, in the 1st Concession of Guelph, 200 Acres.  
Lot 14, W. 4, 6th Con. do, 100 Acres.  
Lot 4, E. 1, 6th Con. do, 100 do  
Lot 24, N.E. 1, 7th Con. do, 100 do  
Lot 3, E. 1, 9th Con. do, 100 do  
Lot 32, N.W. 1, 1st Con. Erin, 50 do  
Lot 32, N.E. 1, 2d Con. do, 50 do  
Lot 23, 3d Con. Melancthon, 200 do  
Lot 13, rear 4, 5th Con. Puslinch, 200 do  
Lot 3, Division B, Waterloo Road, Guelph, 43 Acres—Tavern Stand.  
Lot 4, Division B, Waterloo Road, Guelph, 44 Acres.  
Lot 30, 5th Con. Township of Eramosa, 200 Acres.  
Lot 17, 5th Con. do, 15 Acres, easterly angle.  
Lot 30, 7th Con. Nassagaweya, 200 Acres S.W. 1/4 of Lot 18, 7th Concession of Eramosa, 100 Acres.  
Terms liberal. Inquire of  
THOMAS SAUNDERS,  
Clerk of the Peace, Guelph.  
Feb. 6, 1851. 189-4f

**BOARDING SCHOOL.**  
WILLIAM WETHERALD, having been engaged for some years in private as well as public Tuition, respectfully intimates that he can accommodate a few additional Pupils, to whose domestic comfort and literary progress the closest attention will be given.  
The course of instruction embraces the following branches:—English grammatically, Writing, Arithmetic, Book-keeping, History, Geography, Latin, Geometry, the theory of Land Surveying, and Algebra.  
Terms for Board and Tuition.  
PER ANNUM.  
For boys under 12 years of age, £13  
Above 12 and 16. . . . . 16  
Above 16. . . . . 20  
Eramosa, 6th month 7th, 1850. 155-1y

**LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE Post Office, in Fergus, May 10, 1851.**  
Brookie John Matthews George  
Buck James Nichie Mrs  
Barker William McGregor Philander  
Griffenden Benjamin McFayden John  
Currie John 2 McFayden George Jr  
Crowther Eliz or Wm McMillan Mary  
Edmondson Thomas Nicholson John  
Parrell Helen Omand Gilbert  
Hall William Pottor Robert  
Hart James Pearson Charles  
Henderson David Pikkie Farly  
Lamont Alex or Wm Robinson Robert  
Muldou James Spillan Daniel  
McNe Alex Turner Effy  
Milleney Robert Teskey William  
Miller William Williams Rev R  
JAMES McQUEEN,  
Post Master.

**DO NOT NEGLECT IT.**  
CONSUMPTION can be and has been cured in thousands of cases by this only certain remedy, JUDSON'S CHEMICAL EXTRACT OF CHERRY AND LUNGWORT, And no remedy has ever before been discovered that will certainly  
**CURE CONSUMPTION.**  
The most strongly marked and developed cases of Pulmonary Consumption, where the lungs have become diseased and ulcerated, and the case so utterly hopeless as to have been pronounced by physicians and friends to be past all possibility of recovery, and at times thought to be dying, have been cured by this wonderful remedy, and are now as well and hearty as ever. It is a compound of medicaments which are peculiarly adapted to and essentially necessary for the cure of  
**COUGHS AND CONSUMPTION.**  
Caution—This medicine is put up in a large bottle, and you must find the name of Judson & Co., Proprietors, New York, on the splendid Wrapper around the bottle.  
**OF INTEREST TO ALL.**  
To the Old and Young!—Ho! Ye Red Heads and Grey!!!—Phenomenon in Chemistry!!!!  
**EAST INDIA HAIR DYE.**  
COLORS THE HAIR, AND WILL NOT THE SKIN.  
This dye may be applied to the hair over night, the first night turning the lightest RED or GREY hair into a bright jet black. Any person may, therefore, with the least possible trouble, keep his hair any dark shade or perfect black; with a positive assurance that the dye, if applied to the skin, will not color it. By an occasional application, a person turning grey will never be known to have a grey hair. Directions complete with the article. There is no coloring in this statement, as one can easily test.  
These facts are warranted by the gentleman who manufactures it, who is the celebrated Chemist, Dr. COMSTOCK, author of Comstock's Chemistry, Philosophy, and other works, and School Books, well known and widely celebrated by the public.  
**Dr. Spohn's Sick Headache Remedy.**  
Why will you suffer with that distressing complaint, when a remedy is at hand that will not fail to cure you? This remedy will effectually destroy any attack of headache, either nervous or bilious. It has cured cases of 20 years standing.  
**TO THE LADIES.**  
The Genuine Balm of Columbia for Restoring the Hair.  
"Long hair is a glory to woman," says Paul, and all feel the truth of the pious quotation; Preserve it then, ladies, your glory may fall, unless you protect it with this preparation. If you are a rich, luxuriant head of hair, free from dandruff and scurf, do not fail to procure the genuine Balm of Columbia. In cases of baldness, it will more than exceed your expectations. Many who have lost their hair for twenty years, have had it restored to its original perfection by the use of this Balm. Age, rigidity, or condition, appears to be no obstacle whatever; it also causes the fluid to flow with which the delicate hair tubes are filled, by which means thousands (whose hair was as grey as the Aspidochelone) have had their hair restored to its natural color by this invaluable remedy. In all cases of fever, it will be found the most pleasant wash that can be used. A few applications only are necessary to keep the hair from falling out, and to restore it to its natural color. It imparts a rich glossy appearance, and as a perfume for the toilet it is unequalled. It holds three times as much as other miscellated hair restoratives, and is more effective.  
Caution—Never buy it unless you find the name of Comstock & Co., proprietors, on the wrapper of each bottle, or you are cheated with a counterfeit article.  
**FOR FEMALE AND MALE.**  
Dr. Larzette's Juno Cordial, or Procreative Elixir.  
Nature's Great Restorative and Remedy for those in the married state without offspring. Also, certain remedy for Incipient Consumption, Indigestion, loss of Muscular Energy, &c.  
Caution—This celebrated medicine cannot be genuine unless the fac simile signature of Judson & Co. (N. B. the only American agents) is on the wrapper of each bottle.  
**Comstock's Stove and Grate Varnish.**  
Pronounced by thousands who have used it, to be the best article ever known for polishing Stoves, Grates, and every description of Iron work. It prevents rust, gives a jet black polish like that of a coach body, which stands on Iron, &c. for years.  
**To Owners of and Dealers in Horses.**  
Carlton's Founder Ointment,  
For the cure of Founder, Split Hoof, Hoof-bound Horses, and Contracted and Feverish Feet, Cuts, Wounds, Bruises in the Flesh, Galled Backs, Cracked Heels, Scratches, &c., on Horses.  
Carlton's Ring-Bone Cure,  
For the cure of Ring-Bone, Blood Spavin, Bone Spavin, Windgalls, and Splints—a certain remedy.  
This Ring-Bone Cure and the Founder Ointment are prepared from the recipe of a very celebrated English Farrier, and will cure in nine cases out of one hundred any of the above complaints. They have been used by Farmers, Liveries, Stage Proprietors, and others, with the most marked and decided success.  
**I've you a Cough? Do not Neglect it.**  
Thousands have met a premature death from want of attention to a common Cold. The Rev. Dr. BATHOLOMEW'S  
**Expectorant Pink Syrup**  
Will most positively give relief, and save you from the most fatal disease Pulmonary Consumption, which annually sweeps into the grave thousands of the young, the old, the lovely and the gay.  
**CAUTION.**  
All the above articles are sold by A. & N. HIGINBOTHAM, and F. W. STONE, Guelph; ELLIOTT & THORNTON, Dundas; HAMILTON & KNEESHAW, Hamilton, and by one Agent in every Town in Canada. Also, by COMSTOCK & BROTHER, 9, John Street, New York. Call at the above places, and ask for Comstock's ALMANAC, which will be given gratis.  
Guelph, Feb. 18, 1851. 191

**CASH! CASH! CASH!**  
THE Subscriber is prepared to pay Cash for 10,000 bushels Merchantable FALL WHEAT, delivered either at his Store in Guelph, or at the Wharf in Dundas, for which he will pay the highest Market Price, in either place. Also, 1000 bushels of good clean TIMOTHY SEED, delivered here; and any quantity of HARD-FED PORK, delivered here, or in Hamilton.  
GEORGE ELLIOTT.  
Guelph, Dec. 10, 1850. 181

**FREEDOM FROM COUGH,**  
IN TEN MINUTES.  
A PERFECT CURE IN A FEW DAYS.  
INSURED BY  
**Dr. Locock's Pulmonic Wafers!**  
THE most wonderful cures of Asthma, Cough, Cold, Whooping, Irritation of the Uvula and Tonsils, Sore Throat, and all Pulmonary affections of the Lungs, are everywhere performed by this wonderful and extraordinary remedy.  
The Medical properties are Homeopathically combined in an agreeable form, and pleasant to the taste, and the convenience of being able to administer this effectual remedy is unquestionable. The Irritation of the Throat which causes troublesome coughing, requires something to be administered frequently to produce relief. These Wafers have never failed to allay this irritation, and permanently to cure in a few days. A single dose will in all cases afford immediate relief, and to induce persons, afflicted with Pulmonary complaints, Consumption, Coughs, Colds, and all disorders of the Breath and Lungs, &c., to try them, THE MONEY WILL BE RETURNED in all cases where relief is not obtained.  
Ministers, Public Speakers, Singers, and all who require a distinct voice, will find these Wafers to remove all huskiness of the Throat, and increase the power and flexibility of the voice.  
Each Wafer bears the Proprietor's name, to prevent imitation. Sold in Boxes, at 1s. 3d., 2s. 6d., and \$1 each; a dollar Box is equal to six small ones.  
Prepared only by the Proprietor's Sole Agent, E. D. GREEN, Hamilton, C. W.; and sold by  
**A. & N. HIGINBOTHAM,**  
Wholesale Agents, Guelph. 176-4f

THE Subscriber offers for sale,  
1 30 Half Chests fresh Teas, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Black.  
5 Bbls. prime "Porto Rico" Coffee  
2 Hhd. bright Muscavado Sugar.  
2 Tierces Pulverized loaf do, a superior article.  
1 Tierce New Rice.  
6 Boxes Honeydew Tobacco, 5 and 8  
G. ELLIOTT.  
Guelph, June 25, 1850. 156-4f

**EQUITABLE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.**  
Capital, £500,000 Sterling:  
Head Office in Canada—17 Great St. James Street, Montreal.  
BOARD OF LOCAL DIRECTORS FOR CANADA.  
WILLIAM LUNN, Esq.  
JOHN TORRANCE, Esq.  
H. S. ROUTH, Esq.  
JOHN PROTHINGHAM, Esq.  
ALFRED LA ROCQUE, Esq.  
Proposals will be accepted for Insurance against loss or damage by Fire, on Buildings, Household Furniture, Goods, Stock in Trade, Farming and Agricultural Stock.  
GEO. J. GRANGE,  
Agent.  
Communications addressed to the Office of the County Building Society, will be promptly attended to.  
RICHARD CAREY, Agent for Owen Sound.  
JOHN WATT, Agent for Fergus.  
Guelph, Feb. 4, 1851. 100-3m

**FARM TO SELL, IN PUSLINCH.**  
AN excellent Farm, three-quarters of a Mile from Russell's Tavern, Waterloo Road, consisting of One hundred Acres, Sixty-five of which are in cultivation, and nearly cleared of stumps; Frame House, Barn, and Offices; a large well-stocked Orchard, with an unfailing supply of Spring Water.  
Terms—One-fourth cash; remainder in seven yearly instalments.  
ANDREW MARKLE.  
Puslinch, 6th Lot, 4th Con., }  
15th Nov., 1850. } 178-4f

**WELLINGTON HOTEL, FERGUS.**  
JAMES DALY respectfully intimates to the Inhabitants of the County of Waterloo, and the public generally, that he has fitted up and furnished in the most comfortable and commodious manner, the House recently occupied by Mr. JOHN GLOVER, in St. David's Street, as  
**A FIRST CLASS HOTEL,**  
where Travellers may be assured of every comfort and attention.  
The BAR will always be supplied with the choicest Wines and Liquors, and the TABLE with all the delicacies of the season.  
Excellent Stabling and a careful Hostler.  
STAGES to and from Guelph, Galt, Dundas and Hamilton, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, and to Owen Sound every Wednesday.  
Dec. 21st, 1850. 183-4f

THE Subscriber would call the attention of Tavern-keepers and families to his Stock of Genuine WINES AND LIQUORS, which he is now receiving—consisting in part of  
1 Hhd. Fine Old Cogniac Brandy, "Martells."  
2 do. Bordeaux do.  
1 Cask Holland Gin  
1 do. Jamaica Rum, "Prime Old."  
1 Hhd. Fine Old Port Wine, "Hunt's."  
3 Qr. Casks Port Wines, "assorted qualities."  
3 do. do. Sherry do. do.  
1 do. do. Madeira do. do. "Fine."  
50 Bbls. Strong Whiskey.  
2 Hhds. Peppermint.  
G. ELLIOTT.  
Guelph, June 25, 1850. 157-4f

**BLANK DEEDS AND MEMORIALS,**  
OF the most approved forms, on hand and for sale on reasonable terms, at the Herald Office.

**LEATHER TO THE LAST.**  
GOW & BENZIE,  
GRATEFUL for the liberal patronage they have received since they commenced business, beg to assure the public, that they have resolved that no establishment in Guelph shall supply the different articles in their line, of superior quality or at cheaper rates; and as their style of workmanship is known and appreciated by those who have favored them with their orders, they confidently anticipate an increase of public support.  
THE WHOLE OF THEIR STOCK being of their own manufacture, those patronizing them may confidently depend on obtaining a genuine article; and while they conform to the lowest prices in town, it will be their study to furnish such material and workmanship as must ensure a preference.  
The following list is at Cash prices:—  
Gentlemen's Calf Boots, 20s to 25 0  
Do. Kip do, 15s to 17 6  
Do. Stout do, double soled, 12 6  
Do. Coburgs, 8s 9d to 10-7d  
Ladies' Calf or Kip Boots, 8 0  
Do. Cloth or Prunella do, 10s to 11 3  
Do. Shoes, 7 6  
Do. Slippers, 5s to 6 3  
Children's Shoes, from 1s 10d upwards.  
Misses' and Boys' do, proportionally low.  
LEATHER and PEGS for Cash only.  
HIDES and TALLOW taken in trade.  
WYNDHAM STREET, } Feb. 1, 1851.  
Opposite Mr Linderman's }  
Blacksmith Shop. } 189-4f

**GUELPH HOTEL, LATE The Durham Ox.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has leased the above house of Entertainment for a term of years; and in soliciting a share of public patronage, begs to state, that he intends to carry on the establishment in a manner which will not fail to give general satisfaction.  
He has every accommodation for Boarders and Travellers; and his  
**CELLAR AND LARDER**  
Will be kept constantly supplied with the best articles.  
EXCELLENT STABLES AND SHEDS.  
JAMES GAY.  
Guelph, Jan. 15, 1851. 187-6m

**SUPERIOR BREED OF HOGS.**  
THE Subscriber has for Sale a few beautiful young Sows and Boars, of the Yorkshire Breed, which, for largeness of size, and propensity to fatten, cannot perhaps be equalled on this continent. Price £5 per pair at Guelph, or £6 5s. free on board steamer at Hamilton. Letters prepaid will receive immediate attention.  
J. HARLAND.  
Guelph, 2nd Feb. 1848. 1

**HAYWARD'S VEGETABLE ANTIBILIOUS PILLS.**  
THE increasing demand for this valuable Medicine has induced the proprietor to appoint the following agents:—Mr. OLIVER, Galt; Mr. HESPELER, New Hope; Mr. WATSON, Fergus; and Mr. PHILIP, Elora; where they may now be obtained. Price 1s. 3d. per box.  
Guelph, Oct. 21, 1850. 174

**CROWN LAND OFFICE, ELORA, 9th January, 1851.**  
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Crown Lands, within the Owen Sound Settlement, in the District of Wellington, County of Waterloo, will again be open for Sale, under the general regulations, upon application to ANDREW GEDDES, Esq., at Elora, on and after the 24th day of February next. 185-1

**CHEAP CASH STORE.**  
**GEORGE ELLIOTT**  
ANNOUNCES to the inhabitants of Guelph and its vicinity, that he has opened the Store lately occupied by Messrs. JACKSON & DAVIDSON, on the Market Square, (and in which he formerly conducted business for Messrs. W. Dixon & Co.) with a full assortment of  
**DRY GOODS,**  
Groceries, Hardware, & Liquors,  
Of the Latest Importations.  
He would respectfully invite the attention of the public to the inspection of his stock, which, for prices and quality, he is satisfied cannot be surpassed, as his Groceries have been purchased by himself in New York, and his Wines and Liquors in the Montreal Market.  
His Dry Goods are of the latest Styles of this Spring's Importation, and bought for Cash.  
G. E. trusts, by attention to business, and the prices at which he can afford to sell goods, to merit a share of the patronage of the public.  
Guelph June 25, 1850. 157-4f

**FARM FOR SALE.**  
THE Undersigned offers for Sale Lot No. 4 on the 5th Concession of Nichol, nearly on the line of the Guelph and Elora Road, and about three miles distant from the former, and ten miles from the latter place. The Lot comprises 107 1/2 Acres, a large proportion of which is cleared, well fenced, and now in crop. Possession may be had immediately, and a part of the price be permitted to remain on security of the property.  
Application to be made to J. L. Smith, Esq., Fergus; Mr. John Thorp, Guelph; or to the proprietor.  
BARTHOLEMEW O'CONNOR.  
Elora Road, June 17th 1850. 156-4f

**JOHN THORP'S BRITISH HOTEL**  
And General Stage Office,  
GUELPH.  
House comfortable & commodious, Larder well supplied, Cellar unequalled.  
**EXCELLENT STABLING.**  
**A DAILY STAGE**  
To and from HAMILTON by the Brock Road, being 10 miles shorter route than by way of Galt; and every day from Fergus and Elora to Hamilton, and vice versa.  
Horses and Carriages ready at a moment's notice.  
Guelph, 5th June, 1850. 155-4f

**ELORA HOTEL.**  
THE Undersigned having removed to the extensive and commodious building recently erected by him in Elora, begs to assist his friends and the public generally, that he is prepared to give them  
**THE BEST ACCOMMODATION,**  
AT REASONABLE CHARGES.  
His House will be found to be well furnished, provided with airy Dormitories, and comfortable Sitting Rooms; while his  
**CELLAR AND LARDER**  
will be constantly supplied with every necessary. He therefore confidently expects that the patronage hitherto so liberally bestowed upon him will not be withdrawn.  
WILLIAM SMITH.  
P. S.—The Stages to and from Guelph call at the house on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.  
Elora, July 17th, 1849. 109-4f

**FERGUS ARMS, FERGUS.**  
JAMES BURR has entered the above EXCELLENT HOUSE with the determination to make the Management, Accommodation and Comfort first rate.  
The BAR is excellent and excellently supplied—SHEDS spacious and convenient—STABLES complete and commodious, and well supplied with Provender of best quality.  
A Stage starts from the door every day at 12 o'clock noon, and the Mail every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 2 o'clock P. M.—both calling at Elora, Guelph, Galt, Dundas and Hamilton—whence there is a return.  
There is also a Stage leaves Fergus every Wednesday at 12 o'clock noon—direct from Hamilton to Owen Sound.  
Fergus, 1st January, 1849. 20

**ELGIN HOUSE, King Street, Dundas.**  
THE Proprietor begs to say that no expense has been spared in making his establishment every thing which the convenience and comfort of the travelling community could desire.  
The Elgin House is commodious, offering ample accommodation for families; and those honoring it with their patronage will find themselves in possession of the Comforts of Home, in as high a degree as can be found in any other House in North America.  
**Extensive Stabling**  
attached to the premises.  
WILLIAM McDONNELL.  
Dundas, 15th July, 1848.

**Beautiful Small Property FOR SALE.**  
THE FARM known as "SPRINGFIELD," situated within 1 Mile of Fergus, 3 of Elora, and 14 of Guelph, the County Town—consisting of ONE HUNDRED ACRES OF EXCELLENT LAND, of which Seventy Acres are cleared and fenced, well watered, &c., &c.  
The Buildings are of a superior description, and fit to accommodate a large family.  
Terms very reasonable, and time to be given for a considerable portion of the purchase money.  
Application to be made to Messrs. FERGOUSON & HURD, Guelph; JOHN MILLAR, Esq., Galt; JAMES L. SMITH, Esq., Fergus, or to the Proprietor on the Premises.  
WM. MOORHEAD.  
Fergus, Aug. 23, 1850. 166-4f

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BY  
**GEORGE PIRIE,**  
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