

40TH YEAR, NO. 359.

LONDON, ONTARIO, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1902.

WHOLE NO. 16730.

Births, Marriages, Deaths.

DIED.
HARDY—At Lacombe, Alta., on Nov. 11, 1902, Bertha, beloved wife of H. M. Hardy.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

GRAND—LAST TIME TONIGHT
HOLDEN BROS. DRAMATIC CO.
IN THE
DENVER EXPRESS.

POPULAR PRICES—10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.

TOMORROW NIGHT,

GUY BROS.' MINSTRELS.

SEATS NOW ON SALE—10c, 25c, 50c, 75c.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE, DEC.

The famous BANDA ROSSA, under auspices of the IMPERIAL DAUGHTERS OF EMPIRE. This is the world's greatest band. Tickets, 50c, 75c, 1.00, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50, 4.00, 4.50, 5.00, 5.50, 6.00, 6.50, 7.00, 7.50, 8.00, 8.50, 9.00, 9.50, 10.00.

Tonight "LONDON" SINGERS.

Mind Readers, Telepathists. Prices, 10c, 25c and 50c. Change of programme nightly.

CONVERSATION—CRONIN HALL.

Friday evening, at 8 o'clock. 50c.

ADVANCED CLASS OPENS AT P.L.A.C.E.

Dancing Academy Wednesday evening, Dec. 3, 1st lesson early, special season tickets, December to May, number limited. Dayton & McCormick.

NEW ROUTE TO ENGLAND—

Christmas sailings of the Allan Line—Tunisian, from St. John to Liverpool, Saturday, Dec. 6; Halifax to Liverpool, Dec. 8. Passengers booked to London, England; transferred with baggage free. J. C. Clarke, Richmond street, next Advertiser.

TEMPLE ELOCUTION—CONTEST—

King Street Presbyterian Church, Thursday evening, Admission, 10c.

LONDON DANCING ACADEMY, CORNER

Dundas and Clarence streets. Gentlemen's class, Tuesday night; ladies', Wednesday. Come and learn the latest dance, the "Florinda" and the "Buffalo Giddy."

FRANK YEIGH, THE INIMITABLE—

In his new and thrilling picture travel talk, "Canada's Golden West," Dundas street, Methodist Church, Tuesday evening, Nov. 25. Admission, 35c.

PRIVATE LESSONS IN DANCING—

R. B. Millard, 345 Dundas street. Season opens Oct. 1. Special attention given to waltz and two-step. Lessons any hour.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—CHAMBERMAID. Apply at once, City Hotel. 70c.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED GENERAL SERVANT. No laundry work. Apply Mrs. F. Kingsmill, 252 Dundas street. 30c.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST in general housework, family of two; no washing. Apply 362 Central avenue. 30c.

WANTED—A GOOD GENERAL SERVANT. Apply Mrs. Heugan, Thorncliffe. 40c-45c.

HOUSEMAID WANTED. Apply to Mrs. T. H. Carling, 67 Talbot street. 40c.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. No sweeping or laundry work. Apply Mrs. J. W. Hyman, 130 Kent street. 30c.

WANTED—GENERAL SERVANT. Country girl preferred. Apply 633 Queen's avenue. 30c.

GOOD GENERAL GIRL WANTED. Apply Mrs. Frank Love, 562 Wellington street. 40c.

GIRLS WANTED FOR FACTORY. Apply D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited. 30c.

NURSEMAID WANTED FOR ONE child. Apply 294 Wolfe street. 40c.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL. Apply at Olympia Restaurant. 40c.

WANTED—AT ONCE—GOOD COOK. Family of four, no laundry work, \$12 per month. Apply to evening, Mrs. Furness, 632 Talbot street. 20c.

GIRLS WANTED IMMEDIATELY FOR biscuit and baking department and confectionery. Apply McCormick Manufacturing Company. 30c.

MALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—MOLDERS, TWO AT ONCE, to work on bench or in factory. Apply Maxwell & Sons, agricultural implement works, St. Marys. 50c.

STRONG BOYS WANTED FOR FACTORY. Apply D. S. Perrin & Co., Limited. 30c.

DO YOU WRITE ADS?—SEND ADDRESS today on your business stationery for invaluable information. Free. Harper Syndicate, Columbus, Ohio. 30c-40c.

SMART LAD FOR ENTRY DESK in wholesale house. Address applications P. O. Box 542. 40c.

A CANVASSEER WANTED—SAMPLES free or returnable; freight charges prepaid; exclusive territory; remuneration, salary or commission; no security. Write quick, Cooper, Drawer 531, London, Ont. 30c.

DOMINION

Savings and Investment Society.

HIGHEST RATES

Paid on Deposits and Debentures.

OFFICES—Masonic Temple Building, corner King and Richmond streets.

NATHANIEL MILLS, Manager.

ROSS' 196

Dundas St.

Fancy Caperines.

Most beautiful Collarettes and Caperines ever shown to the public at very reasonable prices.

Combinations of Persian Lamb and Sable, Electric Seal and Sable, Etc. Also many plain Alaska Sable Caperines which are all marvels of style and beauty.

Large stock of Sable Ruffs & Muffs.

MEETINGS.

MASONIC—A REGULAR CONVOCA-TION of St. John's Chapter, No. 3, E. A., will be held tomorrow evening at 7:30. Election of officers. Visitors welcome. John Graham, Z; John Callard, S. E.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

"IMPRISONED WITH THE DEAD"—Complete, regular price \$10. At the Red Star News Company for \$2.50.

FOR SALE—THOROUGHbred ROSE and single comb Buff Leghorns, cheap. Apply 322 York street. 20c.

A NEW MILCH COW—GOOD MILKER. Apply W. T. Westby, Sarnia road, near West London. 50c.

FOR SALE—BETWEEN 400 and 500 bushels sweet turnips. Apply lot 15, con. J. Westminister. 40c.

GREEN'S LOTION GUARANTEED cures (or money refunded) for all sores and ulcerated wounds on limbs and body, running sores of long standing. Price, \$1 per bottle. William Green, horse trainer, Queen's Hotel, London, Ont.

A FEW CHOICE ROSE AND SINGLE-COMB Brown Leghorn cockerels, bred from prize birds at Westerns 1901; each, Forest City Poultry Yards, 33 Briscoe street, London. 42c-1/2-yw.

WE HAVE REDUCED OUR PRICES in pork. Come and get them when they're cheap at 1 to 5 Market House. James A. Anderson. 20c.

FOR SALE—BEEKSHIRE BOAR, 8 months old; registered pedigree. Apply George Hill, Delaware. 40c.

FOR SALE—LARGE IRON SAFE; CONTAINS private drawers and lots of room for large books. Apply Advertiser office.

HORSE FOR SALE—CHEAP. 16 OXFORD street. 30c.

SQUARE BASEBURNER FOR SALE—Been in use only one winter. Apply Dominion House. 30c.

CHOICE LARGE ROLL AND CROCKERY, 10c pound; best 1-pound price, 30c. Garde potatoes (choice), \$1.05 bag, delivered. T. A. Pauls, 33 Market House. 10c.

FOR SALE—ONE 16-FOOT LATHE, one 6-foot lathe, one 6-foot planer. Apply Thomas B. McGregor, Windsor, Ont.

GREEN & CO. HAVE RECEIVED A supply of West Virginia smokeless coal will burn well in furnace or range. Massillon lump, a first-class domestic coal. Good in blocks or split. Green & Co., Mainland street and Grand Trunk Railway. Telephone 1,381.

SNAPS—WE ARE CLEARING OUT ALL second-hand goods at prices below cost. First-class and second-class goods, and all kinds of pianos at \$10 and \$15. Heintzman & Co., 217 Dundas street, corner Clarence.

ALL KINDS OF WOOD AND SOFT STEEL. Wm. Bachmann, 633 Colborne street.

ORDERS FOR HARD AND SOFT WOOD received. Order ahead. Leading East End wood yard. D. H. Gillies & Co. Phone 1,322.

FOR SALE—ECLIPSE IMPROVED RANGE. Good in blocks or split. McKenzie & Co., 230 Richmond street.

KEENE BROS. ARE HAVING A SPECIAL sale of springs and mattresses. It will pay you to get one more now.

STOVES, BASEBURNERS AND Ranges of all kinds for wood and coal. Keene's, 111 King street.

Good For 1 CENT

This Coupon will be accepted for payment on an advertisement for

Male Help Wanted, Female Help Wanted, Lost and Found, Articles for Sale.

SAVE YOUR COUPONS—Bring us ten coupons and they will be accepted as payment for a ten word advertisement for one insertion.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A SCOTCH COLLIE DOG. Please return to 439 King street. Reward.

STRAYED FROM LOT 11, CON. 7, NOV. 18, four calves, two roan, one black, one red. Information given will be thankfully received. C. Crawford, Goldstream P. O.

LOST—BLACK COLLIE PUP, four weeks old and spot on back of neck. Reward on return to James Anderson, Market House. 50c.

STRAYED FROM LOT NO. 76, WESTMINSTER—Dark bay roaster, gelding, hind feet white; swayed in left shoulder. Any person giving information will be rewarded. H. E. Baker, Lambeth. 40c-1/2-yw.

Special Offerings in Overcoatings

Probs—Cold snap is coming.

Deeks & Munson,

Tailors and Drapers, 393 Richmond Street.

TEACHERS WANTED.

TEACHER WANTED FOR SCHOOL section No. 3, Ekfrid. Apply Arch. McDougall, secretary, Melbourne, Ont. 40c.

REAL ESTATE.

REAL ESTATE AND BUSINESS EXCHANGE

If you have a notion of selling your house, or of buying a new one, or of disposing of it yourself, YOU HAVE NOT THE METHOD—WE HAVE.

You may not think so, but there is a science in getting the buyer and seller together—WE ARE THE MEDIUM. WE CHARGE YOU A SMALL COMMISSION ONLY IN CASE OF A SALE.

SEE OUR LIST OF PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

DULWICH & MOORHOUSE, 155 Albion Block.

FOR SALE—100 ACRES, KNOWN AS the farm of the late James Ralph, on lot 10, con. 5, London Township; well watered; store and a half frame house and good outbuildings. Apply Ralph Bros., Ballymore, or Edward Ralph, Delaware. 50c-1/2-yw.

TO LET OR FOR SALE—A FRAME cottage, with one acre and half lot; fruit trees, and close to Wellington bridge and street cars. Apply 12 Cartwright street. 40c-1/2-yw.

FOR SALE—NEW BRICK HOUSE, Waterloo street north, 4 bedrooms, bathroom, dining and drawing-rooms; \$300 cash; balance monthly. "Bargain." Apply 429 Richmond street. 60c-1/2-yw.

NEW TWO-STORY BRICK, FOUR bedrooms, bath, dining, w.c., electric light; would exchange for good 10 acres. Large two-story house, with electric light, or would exchange for smaller house. J. F. Bangster, 112 Masonic Temple.

A COTTAGE HOME FOR A BODY—No. 119 Clarence street, for only \$900; comfortable cottage and good sized lot; easy terms. At 5 per cent the whole cost is only \$250 per month, while it is always rented at \$60 per month, and so pays 12 per cent gross as an investment. Think it over. The London Soap Company. 30c.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

LICENSES ISSUED BY THOMAS GILLEAN, Jeweler, 422 Richmond street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY W. H. Bartram, 59 Dundas street.

OFFICIAL ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES, C. D. Johnston, 138 Dundas street. Residence, 204 Dundas street.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED BY John J. Jenson, druggist, 24 Wellington street. Residence, 21 Fall Mall. Phone 379.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED—OF FICE Adkins' Jewelry Store, East London. No witnesses required.

MONEY TO LOAN.

\$100.00 AND UPWARDS TO LOAN ON real estate, at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 per cent. Apply J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 120 Talbot street.

MONEY TO LOAN—\$500.00 PRIVATE and trust funds, on first mortgage, at 4 per cent. Good dry mixed slabs at \$1.50 a load. Good wood in blocks or split. Green & Co., Mainland street and Grand Trunk Railway. Telephone 1,381.

PRIVATE AND TRUST FUNDS TO loan at 4 1/2 and 5 1/2 per cent. On real estate security, in sums to suit. No commission. J. W. G. Winnett, barrister, 120 Talbot street.

MONEY TO LOAN—LARGE OR SMALL amounts. Casey & Morwood, 381 Dundas street.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN—LOWEST rates. Birchler, Campbell & Gunn, 33 Dundas street.

HOTEL CARDS.

ROYAL HOTEL—OPPOSITE G. T. R. depot. Central location. First-class in every respect. Louis Risk, proprietor.

THE LAWRENCE HOTEL, MONTREAL—Centrally located. First-class in every respect. H. Hogan, proprietor.

OFFICE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT—Excellent in every respect. Only one in city. W. J. Wilson, proprietor.

HOTEL NORMANDY, 430 and 431 Richmond street—Choice wines, liquors and cigars. T. F. Lewis, proprietor.

HOUSES, ETC. TO LET.

TO LET—TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with stable; modern improvements and partially furnished, with gas stove. Immediate possession. Apply 416 Central avenue.

TO LET—UNION FURNITURE VAN. Furniture carefully handled. John Eiggs, Cathcart and Bruce, South London. 10c-1/2-yw.

TWO BRICK DWELLING HOUSES TO let at moderate rent; all modern improvements. Apply to S. Glass, No. 7, Hiscoc block. 30c.

COMFORTABLE SIX-ROOM COTTAGE to let, No. 1 Nelson street. Apply 500 King. 20c.

PERSONAL.

IF H. L. C. DOES NOT SETTLE AT 75 Grange avenue, Toronto, in seven days, trunks will be sold. 50c.

DRESS CUTTING SCHOOL.

LEARN CUTTING, GRADING AND designing costumes. Lessons daily. Satisfaction guaranteed. We purpose starting lessons in dressmaking. Ladies desiring tuition call or write. Cutting School, 223 1/2 Dundas street, London.

WANTED.

WANTED TO RENT—AN INVALID chair. Apply Dr. Pinget. 40c.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

PRINTER WISHES EMPLOYMENT in town or country; long experience; able and reliable. (Address H. C., 301 Colborne street. 40c)

Breach of Promise Case.

Winipeg, Man., Nov. 25. — In the breach of promise case, Lambkin vs. Campbell, the judge awarded the plaintiff \$750 damages.

DUDLEY ON IRISH LAND QUESTION

Suggests Sort of Round Table Conference—Representing the Interested Parties.

London, Nov. 25.—The speeches delivered yesterday by the Earl of Dudley, the new Lord Lieutenant for Ireland, and by John Redmond, the Irish leader, have aroused much comment, as striking a more hopeful note of conciliation in the Irish question.

The Earl of Dudley, accompanied by the countess, was making an official visit to Belfast, and in reply to the speeches delivered at his reception, he declared that he had come to Ireland with the same spirit of partial inquiry that animated Mr. Chamberlain in going to South Africa. The Irish viceroy, dealing with the land question, suggested that a sort of round-table conference of representatives of the landlords, tenants and others interested in Ireland should be held to endeavor to arrive at a mutual understanding and possibly some scheme

for the good of Ireland and the increased happiness of her people.

Whilst Lord Dudley was speaking at Belfast, John Redmond was making a conciliatory speech at a demonstration of the London branches of the Irish League at the suburb of Bermondsey. He was intensely cheered, he said, to find on returning from the United States the political situation in Ireland was more hopeful than he had known it for 25 years. While all rumors of Irish "deals" with the Government were untrue, the political situation in Ireland had undergone an extraordinary and radical change, and he believed that the aspirations of the Irish people for home rule, and he warned the Government that if the last session's bill were reintroduced the Irish members would "fight it line by line."

The Daily News (Liberal) in comment on the speech made by the Earl of Dudley, publishes a report that the relations of Dublin Castle to the Irish administration, and that it is considered a project which is not dissimilar to the Colonial Secretary Chamberlain's original plan of national councils.

PUBLIC SENTIMENT ENTIRELY FAVORABLE TO G.T.R. PROJECT

"The Best Thing That Could Happen to Canada."

COMMENTS OF PROMINENT MEN

General Manager Hays, Senator Forget, and Many Others Voice Their Views.

Montreal, Nov. 24.—The Grand Trunk Railway's extension to the Pacific coast was the chief topic of conversation today in business and political as well as railway circles. Mr. Hays, the general manager, however, is not yet prepared to go into details about the project, but with headquarters at Montreal, so as to facilitate business and avoid delay, such as might occur if the new corporation were to enter into exclusive traffic arrangements with the Grand Trunk. That is about as far as he could yet be seen to go in the scheme. The route has not been decided, nor even surveyed, but, broadly speaking, the road will follow the line mapped out by Sir Sandford Fleming. It is inevitable, too, that when the coast is reached there must be a Pacific coast line, and the more it is discussed, the more it is discussed. Mr. Hays states that his company does not require the Mackenzie & Mann route, and that the new line will be independent of it.

Public sentiment today was entirely favorable to the project, with this notable feature, that it is hailed as proof of the extraordinary development of the Northwest and of its great future.

ROOM FOR ALL.

Senator Forget, vice-president of the Dominion Railway Company, lately took a trip to the coast, and his comment will fairly represent that of the great financial institutions of Montreal: "The extension of a second transcontinental railway by the Grand Trunk," he said, "is the best thing that could happen to Canada. It is the one great thing that will cause settlers to have great confidence in the West, and by doing so will especially benefit the Canadian Pacific Railway from the volume of business and announcement was made."

"There is ample room for such a line north of that of the Canadian Pacific," he said, "and it is a pity that the Government will not be taking away from the present company, it will add considerably to it."

"But the greatest feature of such an undertaking is that it shows that the confidence in the possibilities of the West, and as the news is carried into various countries, the people who

would like to settle in the Dominion will gain great confidence in the West. While it will still be some years before the Grand Trunk will benefit from the announcement that Mr. Hays has made, the Canadian Pacific will benefit from the very start. But, then, all the big industries of the Dominion will be benefited by such a line."

A CANADIAN ROAD.

The Montreal Herald says: With this announcement by Mr. Hays the Grand Trunk becomes again a Canadian road. It was that in the beginning, but of its relative importance, but of its American connections has given it the look of an international road. With this extra weight flung into the scale, the relative importance of the American connection is very much diminished. In the same way that the Canadian Pacific, while a very large proprietor of American feeders, is never thought of except as a distinctly Canadian road, the Grand Trunk will, once the new project has been carried to completion, be no longer thought of as a purely American road.

Altogether, and the more it is studied, this announcement made by the general manager of the Grand Trunk is one from which Canadians may derive much satisfaction. It is one more earnest that it is to realize that brilliant future for Canada which so many have predicted.

HON. A. G. BLAIR.

Ottawa, Nov. 24. The announcement that the Grand Trunk line is to be extended to the Pacific coast excites great interest here. It has been suspected for some time that important developments were in progress in which the Grand Trunk Company were primarily interested, and the recent statement of the general manager, Mr. Hays, strengthened the surmise that his company were about to undertake the project of spanning the continent from Pacific to Atlantic.

John A. G. Blair, Minister of Railways, said today that the extension of the Grand Trunk would be a good thing for the country. "There is room for several more lines," said Mr. Blair. "With the business that is created by the rapid settlement of the country, I venture to say there will be room for railways within 25 or 30 miles of each other."

"Will the extension of the Grand Trunk obviate the necessity of a transcontinental line across the state?" "No, but there will, perhaps, not be the same urgency for it. Personally, however, I think that the early extension of the Grand Trunk to the Pacific coast will be a great benefit to the country. It will be in touch for eight months of the year with the grain carriers from the West, and the more it is discussed, the more it is discussed."

"Have the Grand Trunk Company made application for subsidies?" "I am not aware that they have. I suppose they would not object to receiving financial aid. What the policy of the Government will be I am unable to say at present."

SIR RICHARD CARTWRIGHT AND OTHERS.

Sir Richard Cartwright, when asked

Young, a Stuartburn farmer, was fatally injured at Dominion City, while driving across the railway track.

JOHN C. WASON WAS RE-ELECTED

Succeeding Unionist Returned to Parliament as Independent Liberal.

London, Nov. 25. — John Cartwright, M.P., who succeeded from the Unionist party owing to his opposition to the education bill and appealed to his constituents in the Orkney and Shetland division for endorsement, was re-elected yesterday as an independent Liberal. The polling was as follows: J. C. Wason (Independent Liberal), 2,412; Wood (Liberal), 2,001; Angier (Unionist), 740. Most of the Unionists supported Mr. Wason.

Died of Skull Fracture.

Fort William, Ont., Nov. 25. — Wm. J. Morrison, who fell into the hold of the steamer Chilora last Thursday night last, never regained consciousness and died from fracture of the skull. He was 53 years of age.

Winipeg, Man., Nov. 25. — Henry

CHAMBERLAIN OFF TO SOUTH AFRICA

Distinguished Company Bid the Secretary Good-Bye—Had Royal Train.

London, Nov. 25.—Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Mrs. Chamberlain started for South Africa today amid cordial farewells from a large circle of friends. The police cordoned the railroad station and permitted only ticket holders to enter it. Premier Balfour, War Secretary Brodrick, Lord Selborne, First Lord of the Admiralty, Lord Roberts, Lord Strathcona, Canadian high commissioner, Secretary Henry White,

Extrac-
pound

WHISKARD'S Three Busy Stores

228, 230, 232 Dundas Street



This week closes
our sale of 10 per
cent off.

Come and take
advantage of it
before it closes.
Next Monday be-
gins a Cut Price
Clearance Sale at
Whiskard's Three
Busy Stores.



\$3,000,000 IN PENSIONS

Paid Out by United States Since
Founding of Government.

Washington, Nov. 24. — According to the annual report of Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock there are now 54 forest reserves, created by presidential proclamation, embracing 80,175,756 acres.

The total number of pupils in schools, elementary, secondary and higher, public and private, during the year ended June 30, 1901, was 17,239,220, an increase of 278,820 over the previous year.

The value of property used for public school purposes for the school year 1901 has risen to \$575,969,969 from \$130,380,008 in 1870.

The report of the commissioner of pensions shows that the number remaining on the roll at the close of the year was 999,446, a net gain over the previous year of 1,711.

The disbursements for pensions by the United States from July 1, 1790, to June 30, 1895, were \$66,445,444.23. Since 1895 the disbursements for pensions were \$2,804,408,857.22, and for cost of maintenance and expenses \$21,654,717.92, or a total cost of the maintenance of the pension system since the foundation of the Government nearly \$3,000,000,000.

Teddy's Uncle Booms Grover.

New York, Nov. 25. — According to an interview published here today, Robert B. Roosevelt, uncle of the President, has come out for Cleveland Democracy. Mr. Roosevelt is a staunch Democrat.

I Will Cure You of Rheumatism

Else No Money Is Wanted.

After 2,000 experiments I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn bony joints into flesh again; that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money, simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles Dr. Wood's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and, if it succeeds, the cost is only \$5.00. If it fails, I will pay your druggist myself.

I have no samples, because any medicine that can affect Rheumatism quickly must be druged — the verge of danger. I use no such drugs, and it is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you, I know it and I take the risk. I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 29 out of 40 who get those six bottles pay gladly.

I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you. Simply write me a postal card or letter. I will send you my book about Rheumatism, and an order for the medicine. Take it for a month, as it won't harm you, anyway.

If it fails, it is free, and I leave the decision with you. Address Dr. Wood, Box 41, Racine, Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

INVESTIGATING TRAGEDY IN PARIS

Was the Death of Mrs. Gore
Result of an Accident?

RE-ENACTMENT OF THE SCENE

De Rydzewski, the Suspected Man,
Describes the Occurrence Which
He Alone Witnessed.

Paris, Nov. 24. — Acting on instructions from the United States State Department to thoroughly investigate the shooting on Wednesday of Mrs. Ellen Gore, Consul-General Gowdy today requested four representative American physicians living in Paris to form a commission, conduct a searching independent autopsy, and report on the circumstances and probabilities of how she met her death. The French officials still hold the body, and numerous formalities have to be gone through with before it will be in possession of the undertaker designated by Mr. Gowdy.

The question before the American medical commission is a delicate one, as their conclusions as to the cause of the bullet may conflict with those of the French medical experts. The latter base the theory of the bullet on the upward range of the bullet, but the American officials believe that an independent autopsy will establish the fact that the range was almost horizontal, thus indicating a direct shot from an aimed weapon. The United States consulate staff is also taking the depositions of witnesses independent of those taken by the French officials. So far this action has not developed any new features, but the depositions furnish a complete and unprejudiced history of the case, and will be forwarded to the state department at Washington.

THE TRAGEDY RE-ENACTED.

The French officials having the case in their charge, decided unexpectedly to hold the "reconstruction" of the scene this afternoon instead of waiting until tomorrow. This interesting formalities occurred in the room where the tragedy took place. De Rydzewski re-enacted the details of the fatal scene, and submitted to the cross-examination of the officials at every step. The only persons admitted were the examining magistrate, the commissary of police, Dr. Socquet, who performed the autopsy; Gastine Renette, the expert armorer; De Rydzewski and Lawyer Cruppi.

The representative of Mr. Gowdy, M. Paquet, applied for permission to be present, but the magistrate refused on the ground of requirements of the law. The party arrived at the house at 3 o'clock. De Rydzewski was in a cab, and was accompanied by two police officers. He had handcuffs on. He shielded his face from the gaze of the crowd at the door, and followed by the magistrate, he went up the stairs to the room on the second floor where the fatal scene was re-enacted.

There is every reason to believe the accused reiterated his story, as first told, that Mrs. Gore's death was the result of an accident.

M. Paquet, in behalf of Mr. Gowdy, applied to the magistrate for possession of the body, and the official ordered that the remains be turned over to the American doctors, on their reservation being that they be not moved from the morgue until the second autopsy, owing to the requirements of the law.

Thereupon the commission of American doctors arranged to perform their autopsy at the morgue tomorrow morning. The magistrate refused to allow the American doctors to inspect the correspondence of De Rydzewski, and that of the deceased, which the French officials based on their belief that the man had designs on Mrs. Gore's honor.

The maid who took care of De Rydzewski's apartments says that on the day of the tragedy she posted a telegram to Mrs. Gore, who called shortly afterward.

It is surmised that the telegram announced to Mrs. Gore that her husband was unable to keep an appointment and further asked Mrs. Gore to call on him. Mrs. Gore did not suspect anything wrong and acceded to the request.

When she arrived at his rooms, De Rydzewski, who evidently ignored the freedom allowed to American women, and misjudged Mrs. Gore, thought the time was opportune to attempt liberties with her.

Thereupon, according to her friend's theory, Mrs. Gore became terrified, struck and seized a revolver which was lying on a table with the idea of wounding him. De Rydzewski sought to wrest the revolver from Mrs. Gore, and in the struggle it was discharged, with the result that the woman was killed.

The friend concludes her theory by saying that Mrs. Gore was the victim of her own imprudence, but lost her life in the process.

ONLY ONE WITNESS.

When Mrs. Gore reached De Rydzewski's apartments she was puzzled in furs and wore a thick veil. What occurred in those rooms the next three quarters of a century, neither Minkie, Thevet, the landlady, nor anyone in the house, heard the slightest sound indicative of a quarrel, or a struggle.

Then, suddenly, the report of a pistol flung open the door, ran out. His head; he was trembling and wildly gesticulating.

"Madam, madam!" he shouted, "Quick! Quick! Oh, God!"

"What has happened?" cried the terrified landlady rushing upstairs.

"The poor girl, the poor girl. She has killed herself," replied the Russian.

He gave way to the deepest despair. On his bed lay Mrs. Gore, her feet resting on the floor. She had removed only her fur and gloves. She wore even her hat. Her beautiful face was covered with blood, which flowed from a wound immediately above the right eye. On the floor between the bed and a night table lay a hand-somely mounted revolver of large caliber.

Monroe's of Lord Minto.

Montreal, Que., Nov. 25. — Lord and Lady Minto and suite visited the law courts yesterday, and were received by the judges in the court of appeals. A large number of the members of the bar were in attendance at the reception. His excellency has accepted the invitation to attend the McGill medical faculty dinner on Dec. 8. Lady Minto visited the Woman's Club in the afternoon.

Charged With Perjury.

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A teaspoonful in a
glass of water and
you get a draught of

Health in

Abbey's

Effervescent

Salt

Get in good condition
for the trying winter
days—take a nature's
tonic—that aids diges-
tion—that acts gently
on the bowels—that
cleanses the system—
that keeps the blood
rich—the circulation
perfect—and the nerve
centres keyed to the
right tone—and the
whole anatomy aglow
with the fire and the
vigor of good health.

At all Druggists.

her legs hanging down on the side nearest the wall and her bust thrown backwards on the feather quilt, which had been rolled up to form a cushion. Wishing to take something from the night table, he said, he knocked off the revolver which went off and the bullet struck Mrs. Gore in the face. As the bullet went through the half of the victim it is impossible to verify the direction of the missile other than by the wound.

PRISONER RELEASED.

As a result of today's examination the examining magistrate has decided to set De Rydzewski at liberty provisionally.

Before the party left the house M. Bertillon, the criminologist, arrived and took several photographs of the room, after asking De Rydzewski to place everything exactly the same position it occupied at the moment of the tragedy. It is reported as he did this De Rydzewski's eye evinced severe emotion. He afterwards left in a cab, escorted by two policemen, where the necessary formalities attending his discharge from custody were completed.

At the same time the case has assumed an international aspect by the following: On General Gowdy in the following order the instruction of the state department at Washington, and appointing a commission composed of American doctors residing in Paris to conduct an independent post-mortem examination.

THE MAID'S STORY.

There is no doubt that a friendship existed between Mrs. Gore and De Rydzewski, in whose apartment the woman met her death. The maid, who common musical tastes. A friend of the woman expresses the belief that the man had designs on Mrs. Gore's honor.

The maid who took care of De Rydzewski's apartments says that on the day of the tragedy she posted a telegram to Mrs. Gore, who called shortly afterward.

It is surmised that the telegram announced to Mrs. Gore that her husband was unable to keep an appointment and further asked Mrs. Gore to call on him. Mrs. Gore did not suspect anything wrong and acceded to the request.

When she arrived at his rooms, De Rydzewski, who evidently ignored the freedom allowed to American women, and misjudged Mrs. Gore, thought the time was opportune to attempt liberties with her.

Thereupon, according to her friend's theory, Mrs. Gore became terrified, struck and seized a revolver which was lying on a table with the idea of wounding him. De Rydzewski sought to wrest the revolver from Mrs. Gore, and in the struggle it was discharged, with the result that the woman was killed.

The friend concludes her theory by saying that Mrs. Gore was the victim of her own imprudence, but lost her life in the process.

ONLY ONE WITNESS.

When Mrs. Gore reached De Rydzewski's apartments she was puzzled in furs and wore a thick veil. What occurred in those rooms the next three quarters of a century, neither Minkie, Thevet, the landlady, nor anyone in the house, heard the slightest sound indicative of a quarrel, or a struggle.

Then, suddenly, the report of a pistol flung open the door, ran out. His head; he was trembling and wildly gesticulating.

"Madam, madam!" he shouted, "Quick! Quick! Oh, God!"

"What has happened?" cried the terrified landlady rushing upstairs.

"The poor girl, the poor girl. She has killed herself," replied the Russian.

He gave way to the deepest despair. On his bed lay Mrs. Gore, her feet resting on the floor. She had removed only her fur and gloves. She wore even her hat. Her beautiful face was covered with blood, which flowed from a wound immediately above the right eye. On the floor between the bed and a night table lay a hand-somely mounted revolver of large caliber.

Monroe's of Lord Minto.

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THE CZAR RULED BY A HYPNOTIST

An American Mesmerist Has
Great Influence Over Him.

NICHOLAS MCCOY, DISGUSTED

Czar and Zarina Said To Be Victims
of Nervous Diseases With Per-
verted Views of Life.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 25. — It has been learned that the recent summoning of Dr. Merzhievsky, one of the foremost specialists in nervous diseases, to the south of Russia, which gives rise to the report that he was going to attend the Czar or the Zarina, or both, their majesties having in turn been alleged to be suffering from melancholia, was to visit Balaklava, where Grand Duke Nicholas Konstantinovich is detained as insane.

Some observers of the situation do not believe the accession of Grand Duke Vladimir, uncle of the Czar, to the throne, in the event of the Czar's abdication, and the death of his brother, Grand Duke Michael, heir-presumptive, would be unpopular, and they do not credit the reports that the advent to supreme power of the Vladimir family would materially alter the existing state of affairs, as the masses are ignorant in regard to every czar's true character, and the educated people attach merely subordinate importance thereto.

The latest reports about Philipp, a mesmerist, who is said to have the Czar completely under his influence, are that he is a former French physician, a naturalized American, and that he has been in Russia for about a year, living in the homes of two Montenegro princesses, who married Russian nobles. It is added that the Czar granted Philipp the right to practice medicine in Russia and to wear the epaulettes of a military surgeon of the rank of a colonel of state, which equals that of a general.

It is asserted that Dr. Ott, court physician, went to Livadia, and persuaded the Czar to forbid Philipp to practice on the Czarina, and the departure of the ministers of war, of the interior, and of finance from Livadia was interpreted as a sign that Philipp's influence was broken. It is also said these ministers jointly presented a report to his majesty discrediting Philipp, that the Czar defended Philipp and resented what he classed as interference with his personal affairs, but finally yielded.

It is looked upon in some quarters as evidence that the optimistic statements on the subject of the Czar's mental condition require limitation.

Quarantined persons who have returned from Livadia within the past three days assert that the Czar has been moody and disgusted because his early efforts of introducing a happier regime in Russia were frustrated by the reactionists, whose intimidation imposed a disastrous role upon him. His majesty and the latter's based on their fear that his abdication would be demanded, which was strengthened by the sudden return of Grand Duke Nicholas, who had been in exile, and the public appearances. Persons knowing the Czar assert that if he was forced to choose between the domestic happiness he would abdicate.

The acceptance of the lucrative but unimportant administration of the Prince Golenisky, is interpreted as "going to cover" before possible changes which might destroy the value of his personal influence.

In any case the minister's departure from Livadia possibly indicates that the crisis is past.

Got Judgment for \$55,890.

Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 25. — Justice Burroughs in the exchequer court yesterday gave judgment in King vs. Ed Conture, of Leeds, Que., granting the latter \$55,890 for land, buildings, wharf space, etc., appropriated for the Lewis & C. R. Station. The Government had offered \$31,250, which was refused.

NEURALGIA

Very Often Caused By Poor or Impure Blood

QUICKLY CURED BY

FERROZONE.

When the blood becomes thin and watery, as a matter of course you become weak, vitality gets down, low, and there is but little power in the system to ward off disease and pain.

Neuralgia hunts out a weak spot, and makes a home there, so secure that it is hard to drive out. But by using the proper remedies it can be driven from the system, never to return. To obtain immediate relief, first apply to the painful parts a good quantity of Polson's Nervine, and then bind on a hot flannel cloth.

This local treatment will be found very efficacious, but must be followed by a course of Ferrozone treatment. Ferrozone is a blood food, and a blood purifier, and quickly strengthens the system so that further attacks may never be feared. It makes the rich red kind of blood that gives strength and vigor to weak constitutions and puts them in good shape to resist neuralgia attacks.

This combined treatment of Nervine and Ferrozone in Neuralgia, Sciatica, and Rheumatism, is marvellously effective, any cures after all else has failed. Because of the unique success of these remedies we have no hesitancy in endorsing their use to our readers. All druggists sell them.

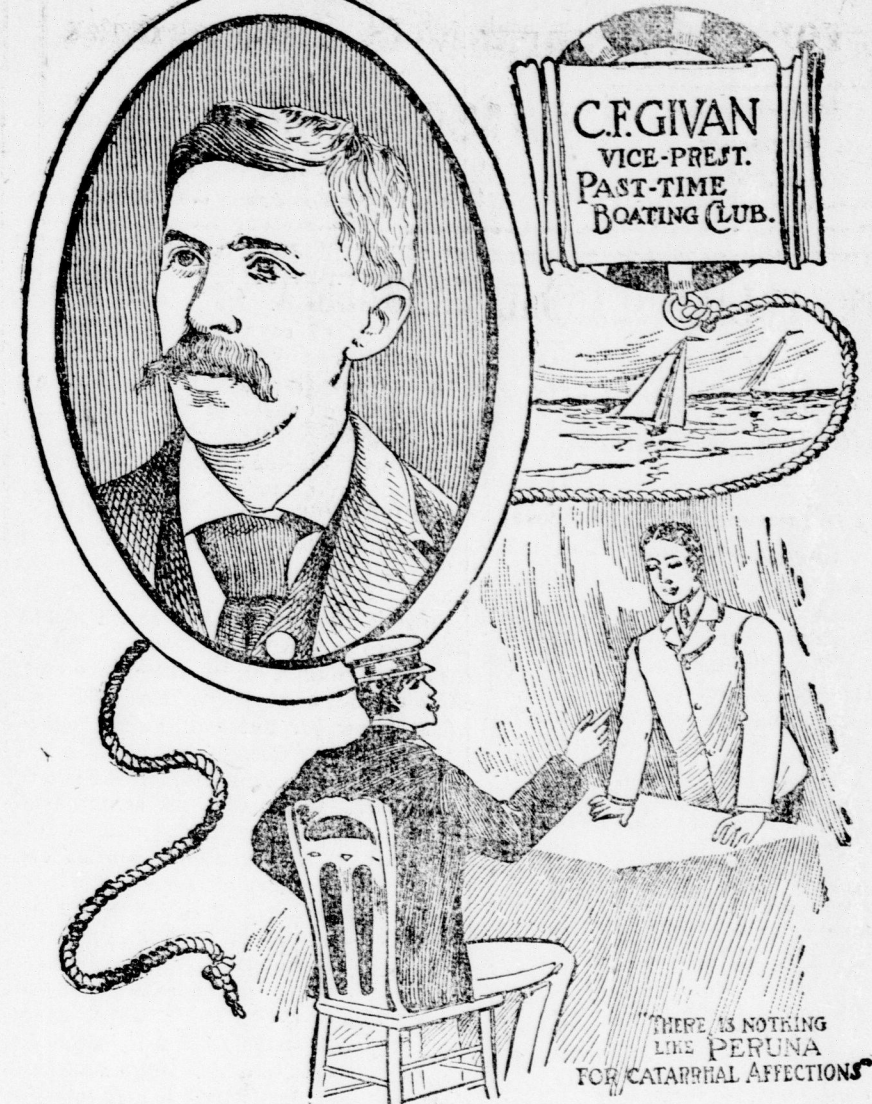
THERE IS DANGER in neglecting a cold. Many who have died of consumption had their troubles from exposure, followed by a cold, which settled on the lungs, and in a short time they were beyond the skill of the best physician. Had they used Bickie's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, before it was too late, their lives could have been spared. This medicine has no equal for curing coughs, colds, and all affections of the throat and lungs.

It is stated that the Chinese population of today numbers about 450,000,000 of souls, including 5,600,000 in Manchuria, 2,580,000 in Mongolia, 6,480,000 in Tibet and 1,200,000 in Chinese Turkestan.

COLD WINTER WEATHER AGGRAVATES CATARRH.

Fortify the System with Pe-ru-na and No
Need Fear Coughs, Colds, or Catarrhs.

A YACHTMAN'S ADVICE.



Mr. C. Givan, Sussex, New Brunswick, Vice-President of the "Pastime Boating Club," writes:

"Whenever the cold weather sets in I have for years past been very sure to catch a severe cold which was hard to throw off, and which would leave after-effects on my constitution the most of the winter."

"Last winter I was advised to try Peruna, and within five days the cold was broken up, and in five more days I was a well man. I recommended it to my friends, and all of them speak the highest praise of it. There is nothing like Peruna for catarrhal affections; it is well-nigh infallible as a cure and I highly indorse it."

C. F. GIVAN.

Hon. A. H. Coffroth, ex-member of Congress, and candidate for governor of Pennsylvania on Democratic ticket some years ago, from Somerset, Pa., writes:

"I am assured and satisfied that your Peruna is a great catarrh cure, and in spite of the utmost vigilance, very few remain safe from climatic diseases. Colds soon develop into chronic catarrh. A cough rapidly becomes consumption. La grippe undermines the system, dangerously. Influenza leaves injuries to head and throat hard to remove. All these things people strive in vain to guard themselves against. How best can they do it?"

First, get some Peruna. Second, send to the Peruna Medicine Company, Columbus, O., for a free copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on the climatic diseases of winter. This book in plain and direct language tells exactly what to do in all of the liabilities and emergencies resulting from wintry weather. If any point is doubtful, if the book does not explain fully, a letter to Dr. Hartman will receive a prompt answer free of charge.

What untold misery this would save if everyone would heed this advice. Peruna cures a cold quicker than any medicine in the world. Peruna is the best if not the only internal remedy for La grippe yet devised. Peruna cures La grippe. A book of testimonials sent free.

Peruna can be purchased at any first-class drug store for \$1 per bottle. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, O.

MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. BAYLY HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO 211 Queen's Avenue.

DR. N. R. HENDERSON, 23 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Eye, ear, throat and nose only. (England), has resumed practice. Office, 442 Park Avenue. Phone 200.

H. A. KINGSMILL, M.D., M.R.C.S. (England), has resumed practice. Office, 442 Park Avenue. Phone 200.

DR. BECHER-OFFICE, 38 DUNDAS STREET. Phone 1484; house, 45. Hours, 10:30 to 1, 2:30 to 5:30, 7:30 to 8:30.

DR. MEEK, QUEEN'S AVENUE, LONDON. Specialties, diseases of women. Hours, 10 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.

HOMOPATHY—DR. CHAS. E. JARVIS, Physician, surgeon, etc., 59 Dundas Street. Telephone 669.

HADLEY WILLIAMS, M.D., F.R.C.S. (England). Specialist, surgical diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat. Office, 442 Park Avenue. Phone 200.

DR. JOHN D. WILSON—OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 389 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Office hours, 12:30 to 5 p.m.

J. B. CAMPBELL, M.D., 389 DUNDAS STREET. Hours, 12 to 4, 6 to 8. Phone 522.

DR. McLELLAN, GRADUATE NEW YORK EYE AND EAR HOSPITAL, 1881. Specialist only, eye, ear, nose and throat. 497 Talbot Street.

DR. JAMES D. WILSON, CORNER Talbot and Fullerton. Special attention paid to diseases of children.

R. OVENS, M.D., 25 QUEEN'S AVENUE. Eye, ear, nose and throat.

R. W. SHAW, M.D., L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. (England). Office, 281 King Street. Telephone 348.

DR. BALFOUR, QUEEN'S AVENUE. Physician, St. Andrew's Church. Special attention paid to diseases of women and children. Phone 22.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION.

ALBERT D. JORDAN, ORGANIST. First Methodist Church. Teacher of piano and organ. Apply between 1 and 2. 245 Queen's Avenue. Telephone 1498.

MISS ROGERS, TEACHER OF PIANO. Studio, 201 Oxford Street. 461.

ST. JOHN HYTTENRAUCH—PUPILS received for piano, harmony, sight singing, history. Residence, 31 Richmond, or homes of pupils.

ALICE CALDER STOCK—SOLOIST First Methodist Church. Vocal soloist. 254 Queen's Avenue. Concert engagements accepted.

CHARLES E. WHEELER, ORGANIST and choirmaster. St. Andrew's Church. Teaching resumed. Piano, pipe organ, harmony, singing. 60 Wellington Street. Phone 1527.

LEGAL CARDS.

W. H. BARRMAN, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc. Office, 29 Dundas Street.

STUART & GUNN, BARRISTERS, ETC. Office, 112 Masonic Temple. Alex. Stuart, K.C.; George C. Gunn.

MAGEE, McKillop & Murphy, Barristers, solicitors, notaries, etc. Office, corner Richmond and King Streets. London, James Magee, K.C.; J. B. McKillop; Thomas J. Murphy.

T. W. SCANDRETT, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 34 Dundas Street, London.

PURDON & PURDON, BARRISTERS, solicitors, etc. Office, Masonic Temple building, corner Richmond and King Streets. London, Alexander Purdon.

TOOTHE & FAULDS, BARRISTERS, etc., Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

T. H. LUSCOMBE, BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, etc., 159 Dundas Street, opposite Richmond. Money at lowest rates.

GIBBONS & HARPER, BARRISTERS, etc., London. Office, corner Richmond and Carlton Streets. George C. Gibbons, K.C.; Fred F. Harper.

HELMUTH & IVEY, IVEY & DROMGOLE, Barristers, etc., Over Bank of Commerce.

A. GREENLEIGH, BARRISTER, ETC., in Canadian Loan Company's building, Richmond Street, London. Private funds to loan.

JARVIS & VINING, BARRISTERS, etc., 101 Dundas Street. C. G. Jarvis; Jarvis Vining, B.A.

McEVOY & PERRIN, BARRISTERS, solicitors, Robinson Hall Chambers, opposite Court House. Money to loan.

BUCHNER, CAMPBELL & GUNN, Barristers, etc., 33 Dundas Street, London. Telephone 99. Money to loan at lowest rates.

ELOCUTION AND PHYSICAL CULTURE.

ELOCUTION, READING, ORATORY. Shakespearean Interpretation, physical culture. Ellen Miriam Kitzkenhane, reader and entertainer. Hiscox building.

MISS WYNIFRED LOGAN, F.C.M., pupil Homenway Gymnasium, Harvard University. Classes for recreation and remedial physical exercises and fencing. Culture, culture and vocal expression. For terms apply 222 Carlton Avenue, London. 1215-trw

BROKERS.

FOR SALE—PREFERENCE 6 PER CENT stock in the Union Stock Trade Company, Toronto. Get prospectus. John Wright, stock broker, London.

London Advertiser.

THE DAILY EDITIONS AND WEEKLY.

The Leading Medium for Advertisers in Western Ontario.

THE LONDON ADVERTISER COMPANY (Limited).

LONDON, ONTARIO.

London, Tuesday Nov. 24.

The Vote on December 4th.

The friends and opponents of the liquor act, who will be called upon to pronounce judgment a week from Thursday, have been late in throwing themselves into the campaign. So far it has been quietly waged. There are no signs of a popular upheaval, and the indications do not point to an overwhelming vote, although public interest may be more deeply touched than is apparent, and the result may contain surprises for both parties. Locally there seems to be less exertion put forth in support of the act than was expended a few months ago in attacks upon the referendum, and in political maneuvers.

Many people see an almost fatal defect in the act because it is not "whisky-tight," but this very feature commends it to others. The latter put the argument somewhat as follows: "The act is more practicable, and more calculated to appeal to moderate temperance men than absolute prohibition. It does not interfere with the liberty of the individual or strike at a deeply-rooted custom. It permits any person to keep and consume liquor in the privacy of his own home. But the act will banish the barroom, and by so doing deprive the liquor traffic of much of its evil influence. For one thing, the pernicious treating system, for which the bar is directly responsible, will disappear. Parents, as a rule, will not keep liquor in their homes, and a generation will grow up unaccustomed to seeing liquor used as a beverage, and sheltered from the temptation of the open barroom. By placing the saloon under the ban a deeper stigma will attach to liquor-drinking. It will lose the respectability now conferred by law. Drunkenness will be regarded as a crime against society."

Naturally those who are directly interested in the liquor traffic oppose a measure which attacks their means of livelihood. Another class of opponents, not prompted by self-interest, includes many who are earnest temperance advocates, ministers of the Gospel, church members, and leaders in the highest walks of life. Some of them think the act is not restrictive enough, and will not diminish the quantity of drinking, but merely drive the traffic into illegal channels. Others deny the ethical basis of prohibition and contend that the improvement of society must come through personal example and service, the education of public opinion and other moral agencies. The various arguments against the act may be lumped as follows:

"The law could not be properly enforced and there would be a repetition of the Scott act experience on a larger scale. Many hotels would have to be closed as they could not be kept up without the profits of the bar. The owners of hotel property would be ruined, and great loss would be inflicted on industries wholly or partly dependent upon the liquor trade, unless the public was prepared to spend millions in compensation. Many engaged in the hotel business would be thrown out of employment. The Province and the municipalities would be deprived of a considerable revenue. All these losses would be sustained for the sake of a short-lived experiment. A violent reaction would set in, as in the case of the Scott act, which would set back the temperance cause for years. The last state might be worse than the first. The retail sale of liquor would be taken out of licensed bars, where it is under strict regulation and constant police surveillance, and would be driven into dives and corners. There would be a mushroom growth of drug stores, where liquor would be illicitly dispensed, under a respectable cloak, as in the cities and towns of prohibition states. The social instinct to which the saloon catered, would drive men and boys together in secret drinking places. As liquor could be kept and consumed in private houses, many of these would become drinking clubs. Evasion of the law, with respect to the selling and drinking of liquor, would not be considered a crime or a moral wrong. Law-breaking would therefore become habitual and bring wholesale perjury in its train. A well-regulated license system is to be preferred, under which the liquor traffic can be gradually compressed within narrower limits by the moral forces of society. This has been the line of progress in the past and the result has been inspiring from the standpoint of temperance reform."

As a moral issue and one of vital importance, it invites an expression of opinion from every citizen. Those who have formed their judgment should as a matter of conscience register it at the polls. Yet there is reason to believe that the stay-at-home vote will be a decisive factor. A large share of this must be put down to honest perplexity.

The Grand Trunk's Project.

The Grand Trunk's transcontinental project is an overshadowing topic for the time being. The president of the C. P. R. says his company need not be caused the slightest concern, as there is room in the Northwest for a great many miles of railways. The chief concern belongs to the public. What measure of public aid does the Grand

Trunk expect? Is there any understanding with the Government on this point? Pending further information the Grand Trunk's new policy has caused the liveliest satisfaction in all parts of the country and among all classes. There is something in it that flatters the national pride. It calls public attention, in a dramatic manner, to the phenomenal expansion of the Canadian Northwest and brings Canadian people to a fuller realization of the future greatness of their country. The situation thrusts on Parliament a duty of the highest importance. The time has come when greater public safeguards must be thrown around railroad enterprises. The Minister of Railroads and Canals has expressed the opinion that the new line can be built at an average cost of \$25,000 per mile. The present Grand Trunk system is capitalized at \$105,000 per mile; the C. P. R. at between \$55,000 and \$60,000 per mile. No one pretends that the cost of construction approaches these figures. The public is taxed, by means of heavy freight, to pay dividends on watered stock. The duty is laid upon Parliament to see that in the future the country is not made the victim of railway financing as it has been in the past. It is to be hoped this will come within the powers of the railway commission. The problem has been immensely complicated by the easy-going methods which have hitherto prevailed.

The Grand Trunk will not acquire the Canadian Northern Railway, as at first reported, but will build all the way. If the Canadian Northern carries out its original design to cross the continent, there will be three Canadian transcontinental systems independent of the American railroads entering the Northwest and British Columbia. The route of the Grand Trunk Pacific has not yet been mapped out, but it will probably run from 200 to 300 miles north of the C. P. R.—the route laid down by Sir Sanford Fleming and approved by the Government of Mr. Mackenzie, as Mr. Hays has said. The expectation is that it will traverse the fertile Peace River Valley and pierce the Rockies through the Peace River or Pine River passes, where the engineering difficulties are easily surmountable. The advantages of Port Simpson, the probable terminus of the road on the Pacific coast, are set forth by Sir Sanford Fleming as follows:

From Yokohama to San Francisco, 4,470 miles; from Yokohama to Esquimaux, 4,265 miles; from Yokohama to Burrard Inlet, 4,374 miles; from Yokohama to Port Simpson, 3,855 miles. You will notice that the route from Yokohama to Port Simpson is 605 miles shorter than from Yokohama to Quebec, and the route from Yokohama to Liverpool via San Francisco and New York the distance is 12,028 miles, whereas from Yokohama to the same port via Port Simpson, Quebec and Bell Isle it is only 10,385 miles. The railway route on paper from Port Simpson to the St. Lawrence would make the journey between Europe and Asia 1,900 miles shorter than it is via New York.

Ridiculous.

[Chicago Record-Herald.] Mrs. Turkey—Where have you been, pa?

Mr. Turkey—I've been seeing that old hen across the corner, who tells fortunes. She's a fraud. You ought to have heard the character she gave me. Said I was mighty and likely to lose my head; told me I was going to be mixed up in some kind of an affair with a dark lady who was a crack-neck. Look out for a bald-headed man with an axe. Did you ever hear of anything so absurd?

A Song in Autumn.

[Arthur Stringer, in Ainslee's.] "Make sure to be on with the old love before you are on with the new." For one, as the water is true; And one as the beauty is true; And if so be, and touched with the autumn— Of old it was April to you!

"Make sure to be off with the old love"—The love that is in the snow and change and Enures and is deep and cold and not. Though touched with unrest you should Beyond bonds that are born of an April, And snow and October estrange!

"Make sure to be off with the old love"—For soon all the new, with its gleam, And must be the shadow of the dream— Will stand out the shadow of the dream— But the autumn, the ashes of glories Which only the old can redeem!

"Make sure to be off with the old love"—Lest thoughts of the tales that were told, Of lips that were dear in the future, Should re-whisper that life has its one love.

And the New is the ghost of the Old!

How to Preserve a Husband.

[St. Louis Chronicle.] In spite of the rapid age in which we live, the above kind of preserving is of no little moment to a great number of women who would like to learn the great mystery of how to keep husbands in the wedding day spirit for aye and forever.

Some one who has studied the question carefully says: "First, be careful in your selection. Do not choose one who is too young, and take only such varieties as have been reared in a good moral atmosphere. When once the selection has been made, let the past remain forever settled, and give the entire thought to the future. Some insist on keeping the husband in a pickle, while others prefer hot water. It does not seem to be generally known that the most varied varieties may be made sweet, tender and good by garnishing them with patience, smiles and affection. They should then be wrapped in a mantle of charity and kept warm with a steady fire of devotion. Thus treated, they will keep for years as when first selected. Sometimes they improve with age."

A Wonderful Vine.

[London Tit-Bits.] The great vine at Hampton court palace, which is 134 years old, and the main stem of which measures four feet in circumference, is now in full bearing. There are 700 bunches of grapes on the vine, and these will shortly be cut for use upon the King's table. In order to rest the vine and allow it to recuperate some of its strength, the authorities decided this year to reduce the crop from 1,300 bunches, which is bare last year, to

700. For this purpose nearly 2,000 bunches were cut off earlier in the year.

Foxy Mr. Sklute.

[Milwaukee Sentinel.] Society notes in Racine Journal: "Mr. Simon Sklute entertained a number of friends last night at his home."

"Mrs. Simon Sklute, who has been in Milwaukee several days, returned home today."

"By which it will be seen that Simon was wise in his day and generation."

A Profitless Controversy.

[Washington Star.] "Do you think Bacon wrote Shakespeare's plays?"

"What's the use of asking," said the manager, "Neither of them can collect any royalties now."

"Kipling Is Dead."

[Chicago Tribune.] Go and tell the jungle folk; whisper it afar. All the way to Mandalay, where huge pagodas are; Find the trail that lures the feet with the wanderlust; Seek and tell the soldier-men plodding through the dust; Call the little drummer boys—they will want to know; If the cunning hand is still—if you prove it so.

Let us hear the story on, o'er the seven seas. Past the panting fisher folk, praying for a breeze. Past the lady liner-ship, past the man-o-war; Let us hurry on through space to the colors start! Wake the man who would be king—tell him what you know. He will grieve along with us—if you prove it so.

Bring the Pathans to the rites; call the heathen folk; Hail the priests until they turn from the altar smoke; Speak to Danny Deever's shade; call in mart and mine; Speed the tale to Mowgli's ears, where the creepers wine. All of these and many more—they will want to know. If the master's hand is dead—if you prove it so.

Let them know if it be so—let them hear the call! Let them sing in swinging chant The Revenant.

Let Mulvaney turn his gun, marching with his chums. As they leave the barrack-gate, to the muffled drums. Send the word to everywhere his people come and go. Send the word—but, first of all, you must prove it so!

Job's Comforter.

[Somerville Journal.] "It's a dog's life I'm leading," exclaimed the bachelor in a moment of depression. "Well, that's better than leading a cat and dog life," said the benedict in a burst of confidence. And a passing express horse laughed.

Thorough Work.

[New York Weekly.] Mrs. Youngwife: "A friend has sent me a basket of quinces, and I don't know how to use them."

Mrs. Oldwife: "Nothing is simpler. Pare and core them, make preserves and jam, and you'll be all right."

Mrs. Youngwife: "Well, I declare! And what shall I make of the basket they came in?"

CURED BY PROF. LORENZ

Only Case of "Wry Neck" He Treated in Chicago Results Successfully.

Chicago, Nov. 25. — Meyer Kreger, the 7-year-old son of L. Kreger, who was operated on by Prof. Lorenz for "wry neck," has recovered the use of his neck. This was the only case of the kind treated by Prof. Lorenz during his first visit to Chicago.

The heavy wrappings that incased the child's neck have been removed, and he can now move his head and control the muscles of his neck as freely as if he had never suffered from an affliction.

Cool Robbery.

St. John's, Que., Nov. 25. — A stranger walked into a store on Richelieu street and asked for an overcoat. One was handed him which he put on and appeared pleased. He then asked for his hand behind his back and drew a revolver and demanded Mr. Cracker's money. Mr. Cracker, who was overawakened to a man passing, and the would-be purchaser decamped. It

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St. John's, Que., Nov. 25. — A stranger walked into a store on Richelieu street and asked for an overcoat. One was handed him which he put on and appeared pleased. He then asked for his hand behind his back and drew a revolver and demanded Mr. Cracker's money. Mr. Cracker, who was overawakened to a man passing, and the would-be purchaser decamped. It

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was a cool robbery.

What shrunk your woollens? Why did holes wear so soon? You used common soap.

SUNLIGHT SOAP REDUCES EXPENSE

Ask for the Octagon Bar.

has since been ascertained he was one of a gang of tramps who felt on a freight which was moving out at the time.

ANOTHER BIG DITCH

Proposal to Construct a 1,000-Ton Barge Canal—Cost, \$80,000,000.

Albany, N. Y., Nov. 25. — Governor Odell stated last night that he had conferred during the day with Major Thomas W. Symons, of Buffalo, and Abel C. Black, of Albany, counsel for the New York Produce Exchange, regarding a proposition which will be submitted to the Legislature in connection with the construction of a 1,000-ton barge canal at a cost of \$80,000,000.

The Governor said that both of his callers requested that he strongly urge the Legislature to take prompt action in the matter.

No definite action was taken in the matter and the Governor did not express any opinion or intimate what his position would be.

Noted Clergyman Dead.

New York, Nov. 25. — Rev. Elias Saade, a Syrian, who had been a Christian clergyman, died suddenly of heart failure yesterday in Brooklyn. He was born in Tripoli, and came to this country at an early age. He was pastor of the Syrian Presbyterian Church, in this city. He was a prolific writer in the Syrian language, and he collaborated with Dr. Post in translating a Biblical concordance into Arabic.

Philadelphia, Nov. 25. — Septimus Winner, composer of "The Mocking Bird" and hundreds of other popular songs, died here aged 76. Mr. Winner was the author of 20 technical books on musical instruments, and arranged over 2,000 compositions for the violin and piano. He sold the "Mocking Bird" for \$35, but the publishers years later admitted having realized \$1,000 from its sale.

St. John, N. B., Nov. 24. — Sgt. John Nixon was buried here today with military honors. He served in the Imperial army, was through the Crimean war, and it was claimed for him that he was the first man over the walls at Sebastopol. He took his discharge at Montreal in 1881, and two years later he was appointed keeper of Martlet Tower.

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RUSH! RUSH! RUSH!

So busy selling goods. No time to write advertisements. Crowded store the best evidence we are keeping faith with the public.

Two things which are magnetic—first, the quality—second, the low price, wonderful value.

REMEMBER

KINGSMILL'S

Are Offering Tremendous Inducements to Clear Out the Entire Stock and Open the New Store With New Goods.

Exceptional diseases require exceptional treatment.

The time is short until Christmas.

Each day there is a good deal to do.

There is no single Corset made which will fit every individual.

There is not a single manufacturer in the world who meets all the requirements. No two human bodies are exactly alike. Some are short and some are long, some are crooked and some are straight, some are fat and some are lean. Bust measures vary, waist measures vary, hip measures vary. This is why we are obliged to buy from so many makers and keep so many kinds.

You find Thompson's Celebrated Glove Fitting (made in England)—

"La Noblesse" 3950, regularly sold at \$3.50, reduced to..... **\$2.50**

3945, " " \$3.00, " **\$2.00**

3924, " " \$4.00, " **\$3.00**

3757, " " \$4.00, " **\$3.00**

3926, " " \$4.00, " **\$3.00**

C. P. Coutille, A la Sirene, French Made—Mignon, 645 Imperial, reduced **25 per cent.**

H. S. Elite, American Made—French Coutille, real Whalebone filling, in White, Black and Gray, regular \$2.50, reduced to..... **\$1.25**

Tailor Made—1,318.0. Gray, White and Black, regular price \$2.00, reduced to..... **\$1.50**

P. N. American Made, Cork Lined Busk—in various numbers to fit different figures. **25 per cent off regular prices.**

Gracillus, one of our Classical Corsets, made from the best material, as shown in the West End Drapers, London, England, regular price \$4.00, reduced to..... **\$2.00**

Easy Wear, for Tailor Fitting Costumes, in Black only, full range sizes. This too is considered a Classical Corset—has a rubber band at the hip, regular price \$4.50, for..... **\$2.25**

B. and I. Patent Bias Filled Corsets, in various makes and sizes. The above are all High-Class Corsets, made for and sold to the best trade, and mark the price. About 1,000 pairs to select from.

Crompton's Yatisi, usually sold at \$1.25, reduced to..... **95c**

Cleo, regular price \$1.25, reduced to..... **75c**

Pearl, in Drab only, regular 75c, reduced to..... **47c**

KINGSMILL'S

SPECIAL NOTICES.

For a large assortment of waterproof horse coats, lap rugs and coats, also blankets, call at Tackaberry & Co's.

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves. Large stock of cook stoves, parlor stoves, all kinds of stoves, children's iron cots, brass bedsteads, mattresses, springs, feather pillows, down cushions, at the Feather Bed and Mattress Cleaning Factory, 333 Richmond street north. Telephone, 297. James F. Hunt & Sons.

While 3,500 coal cutting machines are used in United States mines there are less than 400 such machines in British collieries.

BICKLE'S Anti-Consumptive Syrup stands at the head of the list for all diseases of the throat and lungs. It acts like magic in breaking up a cold. A cough is soon subdued, tightness of the chest is relieved, even the worst case of consumption is relieved, while in recent cases it may be said never to fail. It is a medicine prepared from the active principles or virtues of several medicinal herbs, and can be depended upon for all pulmonary complaints.

Ten thousand pounds is to be contributed by the Government of Natal to the Queen Victoria memorial.

Coughs, colds, hoarseness, and other throat ailments are quickly relieved by Vapo-Crescentine, ten cents per box. All druggists.

Penrith, Cumberland, England, is to be lighted by electricity. The power being obtained from the River Eamont.

WHERE CAN I GET some of Hollaway's Corn Cure? I was entirely cured of my corns by this remedy, and I wish some more of it for my friends. So writes Mr. J. W. Brown, Chicago.

Large quantities of New Zealand coal are now being used by the China squadron of the royal navy.

In washing woollens and fannels, Lever's Dry Soap (a powder) will be found very satisfactory.

Defective teeth led to 2,451 soldiers being invalided home from South Africa during the war.

THEY ARE NOT VIOLENT IN ACTION—Some persons, when they wish to cleanse the stomach, resort to Epsom and other purgative salts. These are speedy in their action, but serve no permanent good. Their use produces indigestion, and if persisted in they injure the stomach. Nor do they act upon the intestines in a beneficial way. Parmenter's Vegetable Pills answer all purposes in this respect, and have no superior.

Rats are being exterminated at Sebastopol to prevent the spread of plague.

Jennule Castoria always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

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PATENTS

PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventors' Help, 125 pages, sent upon request. Mack & Marston, New York Life Bldg., Montreal, and Washington, D. C., U. S. A.

SPECIALIST DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS.

Albert Wesley Kahle, M.D., 190 DELAWARE AVE., BUFFALO, N. Y.

OFFICE HOURS: 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. SUNDAYS: 2 to 4 p.m.

HER HUSBAND WAS A DRUNKARD

A Lady who cures her husband of His Drinking Habits Writes of Her Struggle to Save her Home.

A PATHETIC LETTER.



"I had for a long time been thinking of trying the Tassestas-Samaris Prescription treatment on my husband for his drinking habits, but I was afraid he would discover that I was giving him medicine, and the thought unnerved me. I hesitated for nearly a week, but one day when he came home very much intoxicated and his week's salary nearly all spent, I threw off all fear and determined to make an effort to save our home from the ruin I saw coming at all hazards. I sent for your Tassestas-Samaris Prescription, and put it in his coffee as directed next morning, and watched and prayed for the result. At noon I gave him more, and also at supper. He never suspected a thing, and I then boldly kept right on giving it regularly, as I had discovered something that set every nerve in my body tingling with hope and happiness, and I could see a bright future ahead of me before me—a peaceful, happy home, a share in the good things of life, an attentive, loving husband, comfort and everything else dear to a woman's heart; for my husband had told me that whisky was vile stuff, and he was taking a dislike to it. It was only too true, for before I had given him the full course he had stopped drinking altogether, but I kept on giving him the medicine till it was gone, and then sent for another lot, to have on hand if he should relapse, as he has done once or twice before. I have never had, and I am writing you this letter to tell you how thankful I am. I honestly believe it will cure the worst cases."

FREE SAMPLE and pamphlet giving full particulars and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Correspondence secretly confidential. Write to Tassestas-Samaris Co., 23 Jordan street, Toronto, Canada.

MARKET REPORTS.

THE LOCAL MARKET.

London, Tuesday, Nov. 25. There was a small attendance of both buyers and sellers in the market today. The amount of supplies offered was exceedingly small; there was not enough of either of the two main bases of a change in price, with the possible exception of hay and dressed hogs. Grain—There was a small quantity of oats offered, which brought 4 to 5¢ per cwt. One lot of wheat sold at 11.50 per cwt. Hay was offered in abundance, no less than 32 loads being on the stand; sales were exceedingly slow, a large percentage of the offerings were of inferior quality; prices ranged from \$7.50 to \$9.50 per ton; at 11.50 cwt. fully 15 loads were unsold.

There were no changes in the prices for butter and eggs; there was very little offered. Vegetables—Six large loads of potatoes sold at 80¢ to 85¢ per bag; there was no change in prices of other vegetables. Fruits—Apples were in fair supply—about 25 barrels on sales; most of them sold at 41¢ per bushel. Poultry—Considering the small supplies in other lines, there was quite a lot of small, principally geese and turkeys, for former sold at 65¢ to 70¢ per pound, and the latter at 10¢ to 15¢; wholesale; chickens and ducks were in short supply. Dressed Hogs—The supply was large, nearly 60 carcasses being offered, and 38 per cwt. was the ruling price; the market is weak, and prices are likely to be lower.

Butcher's Meat—There was a very light supply; prices were as quoted. GRAIN, PER CWT. Wheat, sprouted \$1.05 @ \$1.05 Wheat, good \$1.00 @ \$1.00 Oats \$0.45 @ \$0.45 Barley \$0.50 @ \$0.50 Peas \$0.50 @ \$0.50 Corn \$0.10 @ \$0.10 Rye \$0.50 @ \$0.50 Buckwheat \$0.50 @ \$0.50

GRAIN, PER BUSHEL. Wheat \$3.00 @ \$3.00 Oats \$1.00 @ \$1.00 Barley \$1.00 @ \$1.00 Peas \$1.00 @ \$1.00 Corn \$1.00 @ \$1.00 Rye \$1.00 @ \$1.00 Buckwheat \$1.00 @ \$1.00

DAIRY PRODUCE. Butter, cream, roll, baskets, 19 @ 20. Eggs, doz., basket, 19 @ 21. Honey, new, low, 10 @ 12. Honey, strained, per lb., 10 @ 12. Cheese, whole, 10 @ 12. Butter, cream, roll, baskets, 19 @ 20. Eggs, doz., basket, 19 @ 21. Honey, new, low, 10 @ 12. Honey, strained, per lb., 10 @ 12. Cheese, whole, 10 @ 12.

Apples, per bbl., 10 @ 12. Apples, per bu., 10 @ 12. Apples, per bu., 10 @ 12. Apples, per bu., 10 @ 12. Apples, per bu., 10 @ 12. Apples, per bu., 10 @ 12. Apples, per bu., 10 @ 12. Apples, per bu., 10 @ 12.

Potatoes, bag, whole, 10 @ 12. Potatoes, bag, whole, 10 @ 12. Potatoes, bag, whole, 10 @ 12. Potatoes, bag, whole, 10 @ 12. Potatoes, bag, whole, 10 @ 12. Potatoes, bag, whole, 10 @ 12. Potatoes, bag, whole, 10 @ 12. Potatoes, bag, whole, 10 @ 12.

Carrots, per bag, 10 @ 12. Carrots, per bag, 10 @ 12. Carrots, per bag, 10 @ 12. Carrots, per bag, 10 @ 12. Carrots, per bag, 10 @ 12. Carrots, per bag, 10 @ 12. Carrots, per bag, 10 @ 12. Carrots, per bag, 10 @ 12.

Pumpkins, each, 10 @ 12. Pumpkins, each, 10 @ 12. Pumpkins, each, 10 @ 12. Pumpkins, each, 10 @ 12. Pumpkins, each, 10 @ 12. Pumpkins, each, 10 @ 12. Pumpkins, each, 10 @ 12. Pumpkins, each, 10 @ 12.

Chickens, per pair, 10 @ 12. Chickens, per pair, 10 @ 12. Chickens, per pair, 10 @ 12. Chickens, per pair, 10 @ 12. Chickens, per pair, 10 @ 12. Chickens, per pair, 10 @ 12. Chickens, per pair, 10 @ 12. Chickens, per pair, 10 @ 12.

Ducks, per pair, 10 @ 12. Ducks, per pair, 10 @ 12. Ducks, per pair, 10 @ 12. Ducks, per pair, 10 @ 12. Ducks, per pair, 10 @ 12. Ducks, per pair, 10 @ 12. Ducks, per pair, 10 @ 12. Ducks, per pair, 10 @ 12.

Geese, each, 10 @ 12. Geese, each, 10 @ 12. Geese, each, 10 @ 12. Geese, each, 10 @ 12. Geese, each, 10 @ 12. Geese, each, 10 @ 12. Geese, each, 10 @ 12. Geese, each, 10 @ 12.

Turkeys, per lb., 10 @ 12. Turkeys, per lb., 10 @ 12. Turkeys, per lb., 10 @ 12. Turkeys, per lb., 10 @ 12. Turkeys, per lb., 10 @ 12. Turkeys, per lb., 10 @ 12. Turkeys, per lb., 10 @ 12. Turkeys, per lb., 10 @ 12.

Dressed hogs, per cwt., 7.75 @ 8.00. Pork, forequarters, per lb., 10 @ 12. Pork, hindquarters, per lb., 10 @ 12. Beef, carcasses, common, 4.00 @ 4.50. Beef, hindquarters, per lb., 10 @ 12. Beef, forequarters, per lb., 10 @ 12. Beef, carcasses, choice, 5.00 @ 5.50. Lamb, by carcass, 7.00 @ 8.00. Lamb, by carcass, 7.00 @ 8.00. Lamb, by carcass, 7.00 @ 8.00. Lamb, by carcass, 7.00 @ 8.00.

Hay, per ton, 8.50 @ 10.00. Hay, per ton, 8.50 @ 10.00. Hay, per ton, 8.50 @ 10.00. Hay, per ton, 8.50 @ 10.00. Hay, per ton, 8.50 @ 10.00. Hay, per ton, 8.50 @ 10.00. Hay, per ton, 8.50 @ 10.00. Hay, per ton, 8.50 @ 10.00.

Sows, per cwt., 4.00 @ 4.50. Fat cattle, 5.00 @ 5.50. Cows, 5.00 @ 5.50. AMERICAN MARKETS. TOLEDO. Toledo, O., Nov. 24.—Wheat—Dull and lower; cash, 75¢; Dec., 75¢; May, 80¢; Corn—Dull and lower; Dec., 44¢; May, 45¢; Oats—Dull but higher; Dec., 37¢; May, 38¢; Rye—No. 2, 52¢; Clover seed—No. 1, 1.25; No. 2, 1.20; Prime timothy, 1.75; Prime alfalfa, 80¢.

CHICAGO. Chicago, Nov. 24.—Trading in the grain pits was rather inactive today. After a slight bulge at the opening prices wheat and the close was easy with December wheat 4 to 5¢ lower, and December corn 4 to 5¢ lower; December oats closed 4 to 5¢ higher, while January provisions were from 2 to 4¢ higher. Primary receipts of wheat were 1,300,000 bu. against barrels sold, year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 1,712 cars, which, with local receipts of 212 cars, 23 grades, made total receipts for the three points 1,924 cars, against 1,430 last week and 1,420 a year ago. Estimated receipts for the week ending Nov. 25, 170 cars; corn, 555 cars; oats, 115 cars; hogs, 32,000 head.

The leading futures closed: Wheat—Dec., 74¢; May, 79¢; July, 79¢; Corn—Nov., 38¢; Dec., 38¢; May, 41¢; Oats—Nov., 37¢; Dec., 37¢; May, 38¢; Rye—Nov., 51¢; Dec., 51¢; May, 52¢; Barley—Nov., 51¢; Dec., 51¢; May, 52¢; Cash quotations: Flour—No. 3 spring wheat, 74¢; No. 3, 72¢; No. 2, 70¢; No. 1, 68¢; No. 2, 66¢; No. 3, 64¢; No. 4, 62¢; No. 5, 60¢; No. 6, 58¢; No. 7, 56¢; No. 8, 54¢; No. 9, 52¢; No. 10, 50¢; No. 11, 48¢; No. 12, 46¢; No. 13, 44¢; No. 14, 42¢; No. 15, 40¢; No. 16, 38¢; No. 17, 36¢; No. 18, 34¢; No. 19, 32¢; No. 20, 30¢; No. 21, 28¢; No. 22, 26¢; No. 23, 24¢; No. 24, 22¢; No. 25, 20¢; No. 26, 18¢; No. 27, 16¢; No. 28, 14¢; No. 29, 12¢; No. 30, 10¢; No. 31, 8¢; No. 32, 6¢; No. 33, 4¢; No. 34, 2¢; No. 35, 1¢; No. 36, 1¢; No. 37, 1¢; No. 38, 1¢; No. 39, 1¢; No. 40, 1¢; No. 41, 1¢; No. 42, 1¢; No. 43, 1¢; No. 44, 1¢; No. 45, 1¢; No. 46, 1¢; No. 47, 1¢; No. 48, 1¢; No. 49, 1¢; No. 50, 1¢; No. 51, 1¢; No. 52, 1¢; No. 53, 1¢; No. 54, 1¢; No. 55, 1¢; No. 56, 1¢; No. 57, 1¢; No. 58, 1¢; No. 59, 1¢; No. 60, 1¢; No. 61, 1¢; No. 62, 1¢; No. 63, 1¢; No. 64, 1¢; No. 65, 1¢; No. 66, 1¢; No. 67, 1¢; No. 68, 1¢; No. 69, 1¢; No. 70, 1¢; No. 71, 1¢; No. 72, 1¢; No. 73, 1¢; No. 74, 1¢; No. 75, 1¢; No. 76, 1¢; No. 77, 1¢; No. 78, 1¢; No. 79, 1¢; No. 80, 1¢; No. 81, 1¢; No. 82, 1¢; No. 83, 1¢; No. 84, 1¢; No. 85, 1¢; No. 86, 1¢; No. 87, 1¢; No. 88, 1¢; No. 89, 1¢; No. 90, 1¢; No. 91, 1¢; No. 92, 1¢; No. 93, 1¢; No. 94, 1¢; No. 95, 1¢; No. 96, 1¢; No. 97, 1¢; No. 98, 1¢; No. 99, 1¢; No. 100, 1¢; No. 101, 1¢; No. 102, 1¢; No. 103, 1¢; No. 104, 1¢; No. 105, 1¢; No. 106, 1¢; No. 107, 1¢; No. 108, 1¢; No. 109, 1¢; No. 110, 1¢; No. 111, 1¢; No. 112, 1¢; No. 113, 1¢; No. 114, 1¢; No. 115, 1¢; No. 116, 1¢; No. 117, 1¢; No. 118, 1¢; No. 119, 1¢; No. 120, 1¢; No. 121, 1¢; No. 122, 1¢; No. 123, 1¢; No. 124, 1¢; No. 125, 1¢; No. 126, 1¢; No. 127, 1¢; No. 128, 1¢; No. 129, 1¢; No. 130, 1¢; No. 131, 1¢; No. 132, 1¢; No. 133, 1¢; No. 134, 1¢; No. 135, 1¢; No. 136, 1¢; No. 137, 1¢; No. 138, 1¢; No. 139, 1¢; No. 140, 1¢; No. 141, 1¢; No. 142, 1¢; No. 143, 1¢; No. 144, 1¢; No. 145, 1¢; No. 146, 1¢; No. 147, 1¢; No. 148, 1¢; No. 149, 1¢; No. 150, 1¢; No. 151, 1¢; No. 152, 1¢; No. 153, 1¢; No. 154, 1¢; No. 155, 1¢; No. 156, 1¢; No. 157, 1¢; No. 158, 1¢; No. 159, 1¢; No. 160, 1¢; No. 161, 1¢; No. 162, 1¢; No. 163, 1¢; No. 164, 1¢; No. 165, 1¢; No. 166, 1¢; No. 167, 1¢; No. 168, 1¢; No. 169, 1¢; No. 170, 1¢; No. 171, 1¢; No. 172, 1¢; No. 173, 1¢; No. 174, 1¢; No. 175, 1¢; No. 176, 1¢; No. 177, 1¢; No. 178, 1¢; No. 179, 1¢; No. 180, 1¢; No. 181, 1¢; No. 182, 1¢; No. 183, 1¢; No. 184, 1¢; No. 185, 1¢; No. 186, 1¢; No. 187, 1¢; No. 188, 1¢; No. 189, 1¢; No. 190, 1¢; No. 191, 1¢; No. 192, 1¢; No. 193, 1¢; No. 194, 1¢; No. 195, 1¢; No. 196, 1¢; No. 197, 1¢; No. 198, 1¢; No. 199, 1¢; No. 200, 1¢; No. 201, 1¢; No. 202, 1¢; No. 203, 1¢; No. 204, 1¢; No. 205, 1¢; No. 206, 1¢; No. 207, 1¢; No. 208, 1¢; No. 209, 1¢; No. 210, 1¢; No. 211, 1¢; No. 212, 1¢; No. 213, 1¢; No. 214, 1¢; No. 215, 1¢; No. 216, 1¢; No. 217, 1¢; No. 218, 1¢; No. 219, 1¢; No. 220, 1¢; No. 221, 1¢; No. 222, 1¢; No. 223, 1¢; No. 224, 1¢; No. 225, 1¢; No. 226, 1¢; No. 227, 1¢; No. 228, 1¢; No. 229, 1¢; No. 230, 1¢; No. 231, 1¢; No. 232, 1¢; No. 233, 1¢; No. 234, 1¢; No. 235, 1¢; No. 236, 1¢; No. 237, 1¢; No. 238, 1¢; No. 239, 1¢; No. 240, 1¢; No. 241, 1¢; No. 242, 1¢; No. 243, 1¢; No. 244, 1¢; No. 245, 1¢; No. 246, 1¢; No. 247, 1¢; No. 248, 1¢; No. 249, 1¢; No. 250, 1¢; No. 251, 1¢; No. 252, 1¢; No. 253, 1¢; No. 254, 1¢; No. 255, 1¢; No. 256, 1¢; No. 257, 1¢; No. 258, 1¢; No. 259, 1¢; No. 260, 1¢; No. 261, 1¢; No. 262, 1¢; No. 263, 1¢; No. 264, 1¢; No. 265, 1¢; No. 266, 1¢; No. 267, 1¢; No. 268, 1¢; No. 269, 1¢; No. 270, 1¢; No. 271, 1¢; No. 272, 1¢; No. 273, 1¢; No. 274, 1¢; No. 275, 1¢; No. 276, 1¢; No. 277, 1¢; No. 278, 1¢; No. 279, 1¢; No. 280, 1¢; No. 281, 1¢; No. 282, 1¢; No. 283, 1¢; No. 284, 1¢; No. 285, 1¢; No. 286, 1¢; No. 287, 1¢; No. 288, 1¢; No. 289, 1¢; No. 290, 1¢; No. 291, 1¢; No. 292, 1¢; No. 293, 1¢; No. 294, 1¢; No. 295, 1¢; No. 296, 1¢; No. 297, 1¢; No. 298, 1¢; No. 299, 1¢; No. 300, 1¢; No. 301, 1¢; No. 302, 1¢; No. 303, 1¢; No. 304, 1¢; No. 305, 1¢; No. 306, 1¢; No. 307, 1¢; No. 308, 1¢; No. 309, 1¢; No. 310, 1¢; No. 311, 1¢; No. 312, 1¢; No. 313, 1¢; No. 314, 1¢; No. 315, 1¢; No. 316, 1¢; No. 317, 1¢; No. 318, 1¢; No. 319, 1¢; No. 320, 1¢; No. 321, 1¢; No. 322, 1¢; No. 323, 1¢; No. 324, 1¢; No. 325, 1¢; No. 326, 1¢; No. 327, 1¢; No. 328, 1¢; No. 329, 1¢; No. 330, 1¢; No. 331, 1¢; No. 332, 1¢; No. 333, 1¢; No. 334, 1¢; No. 335, 1¢; No. 336, 1¢; No. 337, 1¢; No. 338, 1¢; No. 339, 1¢; No. 340, 1¢; No. 341, 1¢; No. 342, 1¢; No. 343, 1¢; No. 344, 1¢; No. 345, 1¢; No. 346, 1¢; No. 347, 1¢; No. 348, 1¢; No. 349, 1¢; No. 350, 1¢; No. 351, 1¢; No. 352, 1¢; No. 353, 1¢; No. 354, 1¢; No. 355, 1¢; No. 356, 1¢; No. 357, 1¢; No. 358, 1¢; No. 359, 1¢; No. 360, 1¢; No. 361, 1¢; No. 362, 1¢; No. 363, 1¢; No. 364, 1¢; No. 365, 1¢; No. 366, 1¢; No. 367, 1¢; No. 368, 1¢; No. 369, 1¢; No. 370, 1¢; No. 371, 1¢; No. 372, 1¢; No. 373, 1¢; No. 374, 1¢; No. 375, 1¢; No. 376, 1¢; No. 377, 1¢; No. 378, 1¢; No. 379, 1¢; No. 380, 1¢; No. 381, 1¢; No. 382, 1¢; No. 383, 1¢; No. 384, 1¢; No. 385, 1¢; No. 386, 1¢; No. 387, 1¢; No. 388, 1¢; No. 389, 1¢; No. 390, 1¢; No. 391, 1¢; No. 392, 1¢; No. 393, 1¢; No. 394, 1¢; No. 395, 1¢; No. 396, 1¢; No. 397, 1¢; No. 398, 1¢; No. 399, 1¢; No. 400, 1¢; No. 401, 1¢; No. 402, 1¢; No. 403, 1¢; No. 404, 1¢; No. 405, 1¢; No. 406, 1¢; No. 407, 1¢; No. 408, 1¢; No. 409, 1¢; No. 410, 1¢; No. 411, 1¢; No. 412, 1¢; No. 413, 1¢; No. 414, 1¢; No. 415, 1¢; No. 416, 1¢; No. 417, 1¢; No. 418, 1¢; No. 419, 1¢; No. 420, 1¢; No. 421, 1¢; No. 422, 1¢; No. 423, 1¢; No. 424, 1¢; No. 425, 1¢; No. 426, 1¢; No. 427, 1¢; No. 428, 1¢; No. 429, 1¢; No. 430, 1¢; No. 431, 1¢; No. 432, 1¢; No. 433, 1¢; No. 434, 1¢; No. 435, 1¢; No. 436, 1¢; No. 437, 1¢; No. 438, 1¢; No. 439, 1¢; No. 440, 1¢; No. 441, 1¢; No. 442, 1¢; No. 443, 1¢; No. 444, 1¢; No. 445, 1¢; No. 446, 1¢; No. 447, 1¢; No. 448, 1¢; No. 449, 1¢; No. 450, 1¢; No. 451, 1¢; No. 452, 1¢; No. 453, 1¢; No. 454, 1¢; No. 455, 1¢; No. 456, 1¢; No. 457, 1¢; No. 458, 1¢; No. 459, 1¢; No. 460, 1¢; No. 461, 1¢; No. 462, 1¢; No. 463, 1¢; No. 464, 1¢; No. 465, 1¢; No. 466, 1¢; No. 467, 1¢; No. 468, 1¢; No. 469, 1¢; No. 470, 1¢; No. 471, 1¢; No. 472, 1¢; No. 473, 1¢; No. 474, 1¢; No. 475, 1¢; No. 476, 1¢; No. 477, 1¢; No. 478, 1¢; No. 479, 1¢; No. 480, 1¢; No. 481, 1¢; No. 482, 1¢; No. 483, 1¢; No. 484, 1¢; No. 485, 1¢; No. 486, 1¢; No. 487, 1¢; No. 488, 1¢; No. 489, 1¢; No. 490, 1¢; No. 491, 1¢; No. 492, 1¢; No. 493, 1¢; No. 494, 1¢; No. 495, 1¢; No. 496, 1¢; No. 497, 1¢; No. 498, 1¢; No. 499, 1¢; No. 500, 1¢; No. 501, 1¢; No. 502, 1¢; No. 503, 1¢; No. 504, 1¢; No. 505, 1¢; No. 506, 1¢; No. 507, 1¢; No. 508, 1¢; No. 509, 1¢; No. 510, 1¢; No. 511, 1¢; No. 512, 1¢; No. 513, 1¢; No. 514, 1¢; No. 515, 1¢; No. 516, 1¢; No. 517, 1¢; No. 518, 1¢; No. 519, 1¢; No. 520, 1¢; No. 521, 1¢; No. 522, 1¢; No. 523, 1¢; No. 524, 1¢; No. 525, 1¢; No. 526, 1¢; No. 527, 1¢; No. 528, 1¢; No. 529, 1¢; No. 530, 1¢; No. 531, 1¢; No. 532, 1¢; No. 533, 1¢; No. 534, 1¢; No. 535, 1¢; No. 536, 1¢; No. 537, 1¢; No. 538, 1¢; No. 539, 1¢; No. 540, 1¢; No. 541, 1¢; No. 542, 1¢; No. 543, 1¢; No. 544, 1¢; No. 545, 1¢; No. 546, 1¢; No. 547, 1¢; No. 548, 1¢; No. 549, 1¢; No. 550, 1¢; No. 551, 1¢; No. 552, 1¢; No. 553, 1¢; No. 554, 1¢; No. 555, 1¢; No. 556, 1¢; No. 557, 1¢; No. 558, 1¢; No. 559, 1¢; No. 560, 1¢; No. 561, 1¢; No. 562, 1¢; No. 563, 1¢; No. 564, 1¢; No. 565, 1¢; No. 566, 1¢; No. 567, 1¢; No. 568, 1¢; No. 569, 1¢; No. 570, 1¢; No. 571, 1¢; No. 572, 1¢; No. 573, 1¢; No. 574, 1¢; No. 575, 1¢; No. 576, 1¢; No. 577, 1¢; No. 578, 1¢; No. 579, 1¢; No. 580, 1¢; No. 581, 1¢; No. 582, 1¢; No. 583, 1¢; No. 584, 1¢; No. 585, 1¢; No. 586, 1¢; No. 587, 1¢; No. 588, 1¢; No. 589, 1¢; No. 590, 1¢; No. 591, 1¢; No. 592, 1¢; No. 593, 1¢; No. 594, 1¢; No. 595, 1¢; No. 596, 1¢; No. 597, 1¢; No. 598, 1¢; No. 599, 1¢; No. 600, 1¢; No. 601, 1¢; No. 602, 1¢; No. 603, 1¢; No. 604, 1¢; No. 605, 1¢; No. 606, 1¢; No. 607, 1¢; No. 608, 1¢; No. 609, 1¢; No. 610, 1¢; No. 611, 1¢; No. 612, 1¢; No. 613, 1¢; No. 614, 1¢; No. 615, 1¢; No. 616, 1¢; No. 617, 1¢; No. 618, 1¢; No. 619, 1¢; No. 620, 1¢; No. 621, 1¢; No. 622, 1¢; No. 623, 1¢; No. 624, 1¢; No. 625, 1¢; No. 626, 1¢; No. 627, 1¢; No. 628, 1¢; No. 629, 1¢; No. 630, 1¢; No. 631, 1¢; No. 632, 1¢; No. 633, 1¢; No. 634, 1¢; No. 635, 1¢; No. 636, 1¢; No. 637, 1¢; No. 638, 1¢; No. 639, 1¢; No. 640, 1¢; No. 641, 1¢; No. 642, 1¢; No. 643, 1¢; No. 644, 1¢; No. 645, 1¢; No. 646, 1¢; No. 647, 1¢; No. 648, 1¢; No. 649, 1¢; No. 650, 1¢; No. 651, 1¢; No. 652, 1¢; No. 653, 1¢; No. 654, 1¢; No. 655, 1¢; No. 656, 1¢; No. 657, 1¢; No. 658, 1¢; No. 659, 1¢; No. 660, 1¢; No. 661, 1¢; No. 662, 1¢; No. 663, 1¢; No. 664, 1¢; No. 665, 1¢; No. 666, 1¢; No. 667, 1¢; No. 668, 1¢; No. 669, 1¢; No. 670, 1¢; No. 671, 1¢; No. 672, 1¢; No. 673, 1¢; No. 674, 1¢; No. 675, 1¢; No. 676, 1¢; No. 677, 1¢; No. 678, 1¢; No. 679, 1¢; No. 680, 1¢; No. 681, 1¢; No. 682, 1¢; No. 683, 1¢; No. 684, 1¢; No. 685, 1¢; No. 686, 1¢; No. 687, 1¢; No. 688, 1¢; No. 689, 1¢; No. 690, 1¢; No. 691, 1¢; No. 692, 1¢; No. 693, 1¢; No. 694, 1¢; No. 695, 1¢; No. 696, 1¢; No. 697, 1¢; No. 698, 1¢; No. 699, 1¢; No. 700, 1¢; No. 701, 1¢; No. 702, 1¢; No. 703, 1¢; No. 704, 1¢; No. 705, 1¢; No. 706, 1¢; No. 707, 1¢; No. 708, 1¢; No. 709, 1¢; No. 710, 1¢; No. 711, 1¢; No. 712, 1¢; No. 713, 1¢; No. 714, 1¢; No. 715, 1¢; No. 716, 1¢; No. 717, 1¢; No. 718, 1¢; No. 719, 1¢; No. 720, 1¢; No. 721, 1¢; No. 722, 1¢; No. 723, 1¢; No. 724, 1¢; No. 725, 1¢; No. 726, 1¢; No. 727, 1¢; No. 728, 1¢; No. 729, 1¢; No. 730, 1¢; No. 731, 1¢; No. 732, 1¢; No. 733, 1¢; No. 734, 1¢; No. 735, 1¢; No. 736, 1¢; No. 737, 1¢; No. 738, 1¢; No. 739, 1¢; No. 740, 1¢; No. 741, 1¢; No. 742, 1¢; No. 743, 1¢; No. 744, 1¢; No. 745, 1¢; No. 746, 1¢; No. 747, 1¢; No. 748, 1¢; No. 749, 1¢; No. 750, 1¢; No. 751, 1¢; No. 752, 1¢; No. 753, 1¢; No. 754, 1¢; No. 755, 1¢; No. 756, 1¢; No. 757, 1¢; No. 758, 1¢; No. 759, 1¢; No. 760, 1¢; No. 761, 1¢; No. 762, 1¢; No. 763, 1¢; No. 764, 1¢; No. 765, 1¢; No. 766, 1¢; No. 767, 1¢; No. 768, 1¢; No. 769, 1¢; No. 770, 1¢; No.

