

# The Carleton Place Herald.

"ONWARD AND UPWARD."

Vol. LXVI, No. 35.

Carleton Place, Lanark Co., Ont., Tuesday, February 15, 1916.

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Miss Mossie Sinclair visited with  
friends in Almonte over Sunday.

Misses Cassie and Ida Wilson have  
gone to Toronto to attend the millinery  
openings.

Miss Marjorie Painter, of Ottawa,  
was the guest of Miss Annie Burnie for  
the week-end.

Perth aimed at \$10,000 for the Pa-  
triotic Fund in two days, and raised  
nearly \$17,000.

Mr. James W. Wylie, of Almonte,  
who had been ailing for some time,  
passed away on Sunday, aged 53 years.

Mrs. Austin B. Gillies, and Master  
David, and Miss Florence Johnston are  
the guests of Mr. and Mrs. David  
Gillies.

His Lordship Bishop Roper of Ottawa  
is to be in St. James Church next Sun-  
day, and will conduct a mission here all  
next week.

Privates Victor and Arthur McDiarmid,  
of C Company, 80th Batt., located  
at Nananee, spent the week-end with  
their parents here.

The Ottawa hockey club lost to the  
Canadiens on Saturday night and are  
again down in the list, whilst the  
Wanderers won from Toronto and are  
on top again.

The Rideaus won the doubles at the  
bonspiel at Ottawa last week, defeating  
Pembroke by 30 to 21, and Lanark won  
the single rink championship, defeating  
Pembroke in the finals by 13 to 11.

In our report of the County Orange  
Lodge last week we inadvertently omit-  
ted the name of the first officer, Mr.  
Joseph Ebbs, the new county master.  
Mr. Ebbs appointment is a popular one,  
and Drummond Centre feels proud of  
the honor.

A sad death took place a week ago  
when Mrs. Hilliard Leacock passed  
away at Frankville. The late Mrs. Leacock  
was the daughter of the late Mr.  
and Mrs. Edward Purcell, and was born  
near Smiths Falls about thirty-five  
years ago.

According to the treasurer of Carleton  
county, this is the first time in 16 years  
that a resident of the township of  
Huntley has collected the bounty offered  
for a wolf. George A. Beckett, a farmer,  
residing on the Ninth concession of the  
township of Huntley, brought into the  
court house at Ottawa the skins of two  
grey timber wolves for which he collect-  
ed the bounty of \$15 each, offered by  
the government.

Dr. Hanna, of Perth, was in the parlia-  
ment buildings when they took fire.  
He had just entered the buildings and  
having secured his mail was standing at  
a table in room 16, looking over his  
letters hat and coat still on. When the  
alarm of fire was given he immediately  
left the room, and saw flames or clouds  
of smoke coming down the corridor.  
Others who were in the same room and  
delayed, were forced to escape by the  
windows; so rapid was the progress of  
the fire.

Rev. Mr. Harrigan, Bancroft, has en-  
listed as a private in the 155th.

The Presbytery of Lanark and Ren-  
frew is in session in Carleton Place  
to-day.

Miss Reta McFadden left on Sunday  
for Toronto, where she purposes attend-  
ing the millinery openings.

A new regiment for Ottawa was  
authorized by Gen. Sir Sam Hughes.  
It will be known as the 207th Battalion.

The former carpet factory at Perth  
has been taken over by the town and  
re-sold to Messrs. Boyd Caldwell & Co.,  
of Lanark.

Carleton County Orange lodge held  
its annual meeting at Stittsville, when it  
was decided that there would be no  
county celebration this year.

Ottawa Board of Control decided  
that the city has to obey the court order  
to pay into court the money raised by  
taxes for separate school purposes.

Miss Grace McFarlane, of Montreal,  
who has been visiting for some time  
with her sister, Mrs. Jas. McEwen 9th  
Line Beckwith, returned to the city last  
week.

Ampror defeated Almonte by 7 to 1  
on Friday evening at Arrnprior in the  
Hockey League fixture. The return  
game will be played in Carleton Place  
on Thursday evening.

See Dustin Forum in "Captain Courtesy" at  
the Star, Wednesday and Thursday.

The Renfrew hockey team left a week  
ago for a tour to Cleveland and Pitts-  
burgh. At the former place the boys  
met with two reverses and were pretty  
badly battered up, but they are sports  
and will finish their itinerary.

Rev. C. E. Kidd, of Vancouver, B.C.,  
has received a call to St. Andrew's  
Presbyterian Church, Genoaque. He  
is a former resident of this town. He  
was educated at Queen's University,  
graduating with high honors in arts and  
theology.

Anniversary services will be observed  
in Zion Church next Sabbath, when  
Rev. Dr. MacGillivray, Moderator of the  
General Assembly is to preach. The  
annual social follows on Monday even-  
ing, when the local soldiers will be the  
guests of the evening.

The County Orange Lodge for Carle-  
ton County held its annual meeting at  
Stittsville, when there was a large  
attendance of the members. Rev. W.  
A. E. Butler presented his address,  
which was well received, and the report  
of the county secretary, Wm. McElroy,  
showed that the order was continuing to  
increase in members. The following is  
a list of the officers elected for 1916:  
W.C.M. Wm. Joynt, Ottawa; D.C.M.  
Robert M. Sample, Ashton, (R.R. 2);  
chaplain, Rev. Robt. Taggart, Rich-  
mond; treasurer, J. A. Cummings,  
Hazeldean; C.D. of C. Robt. Presley,  
Ashton; C. lecturer, John R. Fraser,  
Richmond, R.R. No. 1. It was decided  
that there would be no county celebra-  
tion on 12th July.

Word has been received by relatives  
in Smiths Falls, of the death of Henry  
A. Purcell, his lifeless body found by  
the Northwest Mounted Police, and  
it is supposed he was frozen to death.  
The deceased was a son of the late  
Edward Purcell, of Smiths Falls.

## NOTICE!

A PUBLIC MEETING will be  
held in the Town Hall on Friday  
evening, February 18th, at 8 o'clock,  
for the purpose of organizing for a  
campaign in Carleton Place for the  
Canadian Patriotic Fund.

Mr. Wyatt, the Eastern Organ-  
izer, will be present and will ad-  
dress the meeting.

Beckwith's Noble Six Hundred.

Few townships throughout Ontario  
will present a better showing in the  
canvass for signatures to the petition for  
provincial prohibition than the historic  
township of Beckwith, there being over  
six hundred signatures to the petition.  
Abstainers and non-abstainers alike  
seemed ready and eager to subscribe  
their names and the petitioners in Beck-  
with have been styled "the noble six  
hundred." It is suggested now that the  
gallant "six hundred" should hold a  
monster picnic in Beckwith next  
Dominion Day and celebrate the coming  
of a dry Ontario should the government  
accede to the wish of the people by  
that date. At any rate the noble six  
hundred of Beckwith have done their  
duty well and have placed themselves  
upon record.

The Soldiers Entertained.

The young people of St. Andrew's  
Church entertained the members of C.  
Company, 130th Batt., last Thursday  
evening, in the school-room, the pastor,  
Rev. Mr. Monds, the members of session,  
and the board of management also being  
present. After supper the following  
programme was rendered: Address,  
Rev. Mr. Monds; solos by Misses Sutton,  
Dunfield and Frizell, Mrs. Monds, and  
Mr. Frank McDiarmid, the latter's song  
an original composition both in word  
and music. A recitation was given by  
Miss Menzies; a trio by three of the  
soldiers, "Tipperary," and short speeches  
by Messrs. W. Baird, R. J. Robertson  
and G. A. Burgess. Messrs. S. J.  
Berryman and John Cavers, veterans of  
1866, were also present and enjoyed the  
proceedings.

Continuation School Grants.

Hereafter, continuation schools will  
receive grants and must comply with  
the accommodation and equipment  
regulations on the same basis as high  
schools, with like forces of teachers.  
This change, which will take effect on  
the re-opening of school next fall, is  
announced in a circular by the Acting  
Minister of Education, Hon. G. Howard  
Ferguson, to continuation school boards.  
It will mean in most cases a reduction  
in the amounts of the grants. In  
explanation Mr. Ferguson quotes the  
note to a regulation of 1914, to the  
effect that "it is not the policy of the  
Department to approve of the main-  
tenance or establishment of continuation  
schools with more than two teachers.  
Localities able to maintain such schools  
should establish them under the high  
schools act." While the new appoint-  
ment of grants will be in effect on and  
after Sept. 1st, 1916, the Minister will  
give notice later of the dates by which  
the schools must comply with the accom-  
modation and equipment regulations.  
These in each case will depend upon  
local conditions.

A Kingston Hero.

Many Canadians will learn with deep  
regret of the death in France of Capt.  
George Richardson, a Kingston athlete,  
who was killed in action on Friday last.  
Capt. Richardson was well known. He  
gained fame as a member of Queens  
Hockey Club. He was one of the  
fastest skaters ever produced by Queens.  
He had offers from several professional  
clubs, but never entertained any.  
"Shootie" Richardson's name will  
always be recalled and cherished by  
Queens graduates and students. He  
was a splendid character, a good, clean  
living athlete, and business man, who  
undoubtedly went to his death like a  
hero. Just a few weeks ago a letter  
from Capt. Richardson was received by  
Capt. "Jim" Sutherland, president of  
the O.H.A., and one of the late officer's  
most intimate friends. In this Capt.  
Richardson expressed regret over the  
death of "Scotty" Davidson, the Tor-  
onto hockey star, who was a member of  
his company. Richardson wrote that  
an hour or so before he met his fate,  
Davidson brought his belt and watch to  
him saying, "Take these, George, and  
send them home if I don't come back.  
Those Germans are going to catch it to-  
night." Davidson then went on a  
bombing expedition and was found  
dead the next morning, close to the  
German trenches. Richardson forward-  
ed his belongings to Kingston and wrote  
Davidson's people saying that the death  
of "Scotty" had robbed him of his  
bravest soldier. Capt. Richardson had  
been in the thickest of the fighting for  
many months.

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## HOME CIRCLE COLUMN

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### WORRY AND WORK.

Tail is healthful. Even excessive labor can be long endured. But worry is a corrosive that speedily eats out the nerves and tissues of life. He who frets about his work burns life's candle at both ends. It is the friction rather than the revolution of the wheels that wears the machinery. He who knows how to do his level best and leave the result with God, has learned one of the chief secrets of life. But he who is always worrying about how things are coming out is most foolish. Some people constantly complain and protest. They imagine that their lot is so much harder than that of their neighbor. They are always regretting that they did not do things some other way. Such persons will have nerves set on edge, will have chronic indigestion, a gloomy disposition and a diseased brain. Sunshine and health are close friends. Do the best you can and stew not. Work hard. Work very hard. There is much to do. There is much that no one can do as well as you. But do not bear two burdens, both work and worry. All the fretting in the world will not change matters. It will only render you unhappy and unfit you for the largest service. Mix all your burden-bearing with smiles and songs.

My dear readers, it is not true, we too seldom speak of our heart's gladness, but dwell on its misery! Keep account of the people you meet and see how little they say that is pleasant and happy and much that is dreary and sad. They will tell of bodily aches, pains and infirmities. They will complain bitterly of the heat if it is warm, or of the chill if it is cold. They will speak of the discouragement in their business, the hardships in their occupation, and all the manifold miseries, real or imagined, that have fallen to their lot. But they will have little to say of their prosperity, their health, their three good meals a day, their encouragements, favors, friendships and manifold blessings.

### SENSIBLE ADVICE.

You would laugh at the child who should try to pick up a heavy sledge hammer to kill a mosquito. But many grown-up children quite as foolishly use their strength. They waste strength. They fret, worry, whirl about, get into a passion, have no time to eat or to sleep properly—indeed, often sit up so late and get so tired that they can't sleep. These persons, whether old or young, need to learn the following simple rules: 1. Never fret yourself or anybody else. 2. Never indulge in fits of passion, nor the blues. 3. Never do things in a confused hurry. 4. Eat

regularly, cheerfully, moderately, but don't eat what is indigestible. 5. Don't cut short your sleep. Get eight hours of it in clean, well-ventilated rooms. 6. Give your stomach and brain, as well as your hands, all the rest they need. 7. Be self-controlled, calm, hopeful. Keep a good conscience and cheerfully trust God.

### COMPANIONSHIP HEALTHFUL.

There is a wise old saying that "Only a god or a brute can dwell in solitude." Men and women need congenial companionship, both for the sake of health and happiness. Just as your lungs, after using up all the oxygen in a close room, need to be filled with fresh, out-of-door air, so your mind needs contact with other minds to get new ideas. There is such a thing as mental as well as physical hunger. Herders on the sheep ranches of the West frequently become mad from the isolation they are forced to endure. Women on lonely farms and in small villages grow morbid and mildly insane, and people do not guess that the cause is want of companionship.

It is for this reason that a woman's work at home is always more trying than that of her husband, who goes to his office, sees new faces and has the friction that is produced by meeting other people. Even the farmer has more intercourse with his neighbor at market, or at the village grocery, than his wife, who may not see anyone outside of her own family for weeks. It is a great mistake of young people to isolate themselves. Even if their tastes lead them to a quiet life they should make it a point to cultivate a few agreeable friends.

Education commences at the mother's knee, and every word that is spoken within the hearing of the little children tends towards formation of character. A child is better unborn than untought. The true purpose of education is to cherish and unfold the seed of immortality already sown within us; to develop to their fullest extent the capacities of every kind, with which God who made us has endowed us.

Real happiness often looks out of the window of a humble home than through the opera glass in the gilded box of a theatre.

The life of the world is strenuous, and the door of the home should shut out the storm and stress, but it should not shut out new and wholesome and inspiring influences. It should stand wide in hospital welcome to friends. The home life that is narrow and selfish is dull and enervating.

### SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Ex-Mayor F. W. Harrison, of Owen Sound is dead.

Germany tried vainly to effect a separate peace with Russia and Japan.

The British miners announced their opposition to the spirit of conscription.

The great French Rhone Canal has been completed, at a cost of \$18,000,000.

Montreal police were alarmed by news of an alleged plot to blow up the City Hall.

The Syrian colony of Montreal has given \$2,270 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund.

Nothing is known in Bermuda of the reported capture of the Roan by H.M.S. Drake.

German sea-planes made fruitless raid on Kent, injuring only two women and one child.

The machinery for the enforcement of conscription in Britain has been set in motion.

The Upper Canada Bible Society gives a Testament to every soldier leaving Canada.

Over 12,000 men have enlisted in the last three months in the Toronto military district.

Prince Oscar, of Prussia, fifth son of the Kaiser, has been slightly wounded by shell splinters.

The new French war loan of 100,000,000 francs has been over-subscribed by 25,000,000 francs.

Lieut. George E. Reid, McGill football star, has been awarded the military cross for heroism in France.

General Sir Horace Smith-Dorrien resigns command in East Africa. General Smuts succeeds him.

German Consul-General Franz Bopp has been indicted in San Francisco in connection with dynamite plots.

Legislation will be introduced in the Ontario House involving the development of another 100,000 horsepower at Niagara.

Lieut.-Col. T. Herb. Lennox, M.P., has been authorized to form a battalion, to be known as the Canadian Irish Fusiliers.

The Afton-Bladet says that Denmark is planning an extensive exportation of rabbits to Germany. Rabbit breeding has commenced throughout Sweden.

Major Williams, chief recruiting officer of the Toronto military district, plans to mobilize boys, women and men over age to take the places of young men going on active service.

## The Late Mr. A. R. Creelman, K.C.

ONE of the outstanding figures of the Canadian bar passed away in Montreal in the early part of the week in the death of Mr. A. R. Creelman, K.C., for eight years general counsel to the Canadian Pacific Rly.

Mr. Creelman was of Irish and Scotch origin, he being the son of the late James Rutherford Creelman and Isabella Christina Patterson Creelman. Born 66 years ago at Richibucto, N. B., he was educated at the Grammar School there and at the Chatham (N.B.) Academy. He studied law with the late Hon. Adam Crooks, Q.C., was called to the Ontario bar in 1876 and to the bar of Quebec in 1892, and was created a Q.C. in 1889, by Lord Stanley of Preston, then Governor-General of Canada and later Earl of Derby. Mr. Creelman's talents carried him steadily forward in his profession, and he became one of the leaders of the bar in Ontario, being for years associated in partnership with such famous lawyers as the late D'Alton McCarthy, Q.C., M.P., the late B. B. Osler, Q.C., and Dr. John Hoskin, K.C. He remained a member of the Toronto firm of McCarthy, Osler, Hoskin & Creelman until 1901, when he was appointed chief solicitor to the Canadian Pacific Railway, taking up permanent residence in Montreal at that time. He was well known as one of the leading commercial lawyers in Canada, particularly expert in insurance law. In 1905 he assumed the title of general counsel, a post he held until 1913, when he resigned, but remained a director until the following year, a position he occupied for 4 years, having been elected in 1910 to take the place of Sir George A. Drummond. He was also a director of the Kingston & Pembroke Railway. Mr. Creelman was a member of the committee which raised an endowment fund for Upper Canada College in Toronto in 1900, and was appointed an honorary corresponding secretary of the Royal Colonial Institute, London, in 1906. He was a Liberal in political belief, but took no active part in politics. In faith he was a Presbyterian, being a member of St. Paul's Church. Mr. Creelman was devoted to clean and manly sport, doing much to further the interests of cricket, hockey, curling, bowling and golf, and in 1900 he was elected president of the Canadian Cricket Association.



### BRITISH ARMY SWORDS.

Each Branch of this Service Has its Own Type of Weapon.

Swords in the British army vary to a very great extent, and practically every branch of the service has its own type of weapon. The difference is not so much in the shape of the blade as in that of the hilt.

The sword used by the infantry has a large ornamental guard, bearing the royal cipher and crown. There is a slot at the top of the guard for the sword knot, really a leather loop ending in a knot to prevent the loss of the sword. The infantry sword is perfectly bright and is sharp on one edge only.

Rifle regiments have a special sword of their own with the rifle badge let into the openwork guard. Very much the same sort of sword, but with a still more open guard, consisting of three curved bars, is used by the royal artillery and army service corps. The Royal engineers have a gilt hilt on their sword, a distinction they prize.

The claymore of the Highland regiments has a big basket hilt lined with red cloth and blue ribbons. The officers of some Scottish regiments carry a plain cross hilted sword without a guard.

Until a few years ago the cavalry were armed with sabers. Nowadays, however, they carry swords of a straight rapier pattern. The guard is a large affair, completely shielding the hand.

### Easy to Guess.

A woman writer says girls ought to know what their beaux make. Don't they? Unless times have changed the girls get three-fourths of it during the courtship and make a clean sweep after the wedding.

Action does not always bring happiness, but there is no happiness without action.—Disraeli.

## PATRIOTISM OF CANADIAN INDIANS

"Please, sir, may I go to Regina to enlist?"

According to a prominent C.P.R. official the question was put to a government inspector at the File Hills Indian Agency, Balcarres, Sask., and the speaker was a tall young Indian.

After looking sympathetically at the prospective soldier the inspector said: "I'm afraid your eyes are not strong enough to pass the sight test."

The Indian stood his ground, and seeing that he was not to be put off without a test, the inspector got a newspaper, and holding it before the eyes of the Indian who was only a few yards off, asked him if he could make out a large letter to which he pointed his finger.

Like many of the white people, the Indian thought he could see everything, though, in fact, he was almost blind. His eyes expanded with enthusiasm. He looked towards the paper; he stretched his neck; his face reddened deeper than before; he paused, and he faltered: "It's-it's-a-C."

The letter was O. The youth had lost his chance. He possessed a spirit that could dash into the mouth of a German cannon and hands that could play a hundred Germans without tiring. These were wonderful gifts, but alas! his sight was too weak to enable him to perform the simple task of making out a letter.

"Good night," was all he said as he left the room.

Altogether there are fourteen of the File Hills Indians in the Canadian army; others are joining the forces, but owing to physical defects and ignorance of the English language, many are prevented from joining. The Indian population of File Hills at present

### A Monstrous Tide.

The bay of Fundy forms a cul-de-sac at which the Atlantic ocean seems to have taken a special spite and at regular intervals pours into it an enormous amount of water. Take the harbor of St. John as an illustration of what this mighty tide must be. In most parts of the world a tide of ten feet is considered something abnormal, but at St. John it rises twenty to twenty-four feet in good weather. In stormy weather the monotony is varied by the high water mark being pushed up even ten or fifteen feet higher.

### Where Shelley Was Drowned.

Spezia, the principal naval station of Italy, and about fifty miles southeast of Genoa, described as "the Portsmouth of Italy," has interesting literary associations. It calls up memories of Byron, Shelley, Leigh Hunt, Charles Lever and Mary Somerville. Lever was in residence at Spezia intermittently for some years, and there wrote three of his books. But a more tragic interest is attached to the magnificent bay, for it will be recollected that it was while sailing in a new boat across the gulf to his home at Lerici that Shelley was drowned.

### Musical Note.

"What opera did you hear last night?" "Cecil had the program, and he said it was Libretto." "How amusing!" "Yes, wasn't it? Because it really wasn't Libretto at all."

### Bullets and Snow.

To test the penetration of rifle shots snow walls six feet six inches thick were erected in Arrifles, France. Rifles were fired at a distance of fifty-five yards. In each case the ball was stopped at a penetration of five and a half feet.

### MAXIM'S MACHINE GUN.

A Terrible Engine of Death Which Works Automatically.

Early in life Hiram Maxim showed himself a marvelous genius as an inventor. An incident of his boyhood, in which the recoil of a rifle attracted his attention to an apparent loss of power, led him in 1881-2 to utilize the force of the recoil to good account in a gun which loads itself automatically and fires at the rate of 770 shots a minute by the power of the previously wasted force.

The Maxim machine gun is an engine of terrible destruction. This gun has only a single barrel, which, when the shot is fired, recoils the distance of three-quarters of an inch on the other parts of the gun. This recoil sets moving the machinery which automatically keeps up a continuous fire at the extraordinary rate of twelve rounds a second.

Each recoil of the barrel has therefore to perform the necessary functions of extracting and ejecting the empty cartridge, of bringing up the next full one and placing it in its proper position in the barrel, of cocking the hammer and pulling the trigger.

As long as the firing continues these functions are repeated round after round in rapid succession. The barrel is provided with a water jacket to prevent excessive heating.

### GOING ROUND THE WORLD.

The Gain or Loss of One Whole Day in Making the Trip.

In sailing around the world eastward the days are each a little less than twenty-four hours, according to the speed of the ship, as the sun is met a little earlier every morning. These little differences added together will amount to twenty-four hours. This gives the sailors an extra day—not in imagination, but as an actual fact. They will have done an extra day's work, eaten an extra day's ration of food and enjoyed an extra night's sleep.

On the other hand, in sailing westward the sun is overtaken a little each day, and so each day is rather longer than twenty-four hours, and clocks and watches are found to be too fast. This also will amount in sailing around the world to the point of departure to one whole day by which the reckoning has fallen in arrears. The eastern bound ship, then, has gained a day, and the western bound ship has lost one.

This strange fact, clearly worked out, leads to the apparent paradox that the first named ship has a gain of two whole days over the latter, if we suppose them to have departed from port and returned together.—Westminster Gazette.

### Naming a Race Horse.

Some years ago at a sale of racing yearlings the Duke of Portland and another peer bid together for a fine animal, and the contest between them was very keen. At length over £500 was bid for the horse.

"If we go on at this rate," said the other peer, "we shall be paying far more than the creature is worth. Suppose we buy it between us?"

The Duke of Portland agreed, and later on they had a discussion as to what the horse should be called.

"Well," said his grace, "as we are going to share it, why not call it 'The Loaf'?"—London Mail.

### A Chance at Last.

He—Did your mother appear pleased when you broke the news of our engagement? She—Yes, indeed. She said she had always wanted to tell you what she thought of your habits of dress and speech and total lack of good manners and literary taste, and felt now she had the right to express herself.

### Letter For Letter.

"Why does a poet begin so many of his sentences with 'O'?" inquired the politician.

"There's no answer," replied Mr. Penwiggler. "Why does a speechmaker begin so many of his sentences with 'I'?"

### Puzzled.

Every man who is not a monster, mathematician or mad philosopher is the slave of some woman or other—George Eliot.

We are puzzling our brain to know which one of these fellows we are.

### Aluminum From Greenland.

Cryolite, a source of aluminum and used in making soda and glass, is not produced in the United States, the entire supply used in this country being imported from Ivigtut, an Eskimo hamlet on the southern coast of Greenland.

### Today.

If you made mistakes yesterday, forget them. No strength was ever built upon continued regret. Today is the result of yesterday, but it is more important to remember that tomorrow is the result of today.

### Energy.

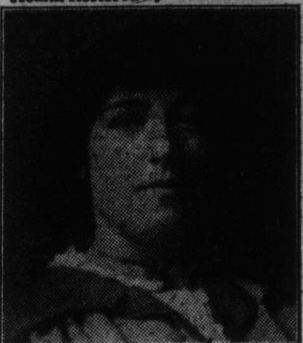
Conserve your energies. This is a health rule which most people might do well to consider seriously. It takes energy to worry over small things. It takes energy to traverse the hundreds of needless steps on their daily duties.

### PATIENT WORK.

There is no great achievement which is not the result of patient working and waiting.—Timothy Titcomb.

## HER DREAMS CAME TRUE

Life Unbearable from Indigestion Health Restored by "Fruit-a-tives"



MELLE C. GAUDREAU

Rochon P.Q., Jan. 14th, 1915. "I suffered for many years with terrible indigestion and constipation. I became thin and miserable. I had frequent dizzy spells and became so run down that I never thought I would get well again.

A neighbor advised me to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. I did so and to the surprise of my doctor, I began to improve and he advised me to go on with 'Fruit-a-tives'. I continued this medicine and all my indigestion and constipation was relieved. I consider that I owe my life to 'Fruit-a-tives' and I want to say to those who suffer from indigestion, constipation or headaches, try 'Fruit-a-tives'. Give this lovely fruit medicine a fair chance and you will get well the same as I did."

CORINE GAUDREAU.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

### Dr. Howard Kelly's View.

Dr. Howard A. Kelly, of the Johns Hopkins University, at Baltimore, one of the greatest authorities in the medical world, recently said: "Liquor in all its forms, and used for any purpose whatever, I believe to be an unmitigated evil. I believe in fighting it in every way possible. For about fifteen years I have never prescribed or recommended it for any cause whatever. Tell your surgeon who prescribes alcohol and says it does good that he is living just ten years behind this age."

### SPECIAL

Notices of future events for which an admission fee is charged will only be inserted in THE HERALD at regular advertising rates. Announcements for clubs, churches, societies, lodges or other organizations of future events, other than religious services, for which there is no admission fee, will be inserted for one cent per word, with a minimum charge of 25 cents per insertion; card of thanks, 50 cents; in memoriam cards, 50 cents; obituary poetry, 10 cents per line.

## PROTECT YOUR PROPERTY

Have you an Insurance on your Dwelling, and have you protection from fire upon your Personal Effects?

A number of Standard Fire Insurance Companies are represented by

W. H. ALLEN

Will be pleased to quote you rates at any time.

## THE SUN LIFE

Is Canada's Leading Assurance Company

And if not already a Policy Holder it will pay you to interview the Local Agent.

W. M. ALLEN

Carleton Place.

Total assurance in force 1912—

\$182,732,420.00

Assets..... \$40,605,616.49

JOHN R. & W. L. REID

Managers Eastern Ontario,

Sun Life Building,

OTTAWA.

## INSURANCE

Fire, Accident, Sick ness, Plate Glass Guarantee and Liability Insurance.

All Old Established Companies.

W. H. ALLEN.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA



FEB. 15, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

3

## Carleton Place Herald

(Established 1850).

Published every TUESDAY MORNING at the Office of the Proprietors, Bridge street, Carleton Place (next door to Post Office).

SUBSCRIPTION PRICE—In Canada, One Dollar a Year, payable in Advance; \$1.50 if not so paid. To United States, \$1.50 per year, payable in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES—Transient advertisements 10 cts. per Nonpareil line for first insertion; 5 cts. per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements will be changed once each month if desired.

READING NOTICES are inserted at 10 cts per line, first insertion, and if the same matters continued, at 5 cts per line each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without specified instructions will be inserted until forbid and charged accordingly.

The business office of THE HERALD is open every evening from 7 to 9 o'clock, and on Monday and Saturday evenings to 9 o'clock, to oblige town subscribers, advertisers and parties sending printing.

NOTICE—All copy for changes of advertisements should be in on Saturday evening, or not later than 9 o'clock on Monday morning. As THE HERALD goes to press on Tuesday morning the necessity for this rule is obvious.

A file of this paper may be seen at McKim's Advertising Agency, Montreal, and at Gibbons Agency, Toronto.

All money letters should be registered, and all correspondence addressed to

THE HERALD,  
Carleton Place, Ont.

### LANARK.

From the K.R.

Mr. John Kenny fell heavily on the slippery pavement one day last week and sustained injuries that confine him to home, but fortunately no bones were broken.

Little Doris Wenzel, who has been confined to the hospital in connection with Deaf and Dumb Institute, Belleville, the past four months, ill with typhoid fever, returned home on Wednesday, greatly improved in health. Mrs. Frank Hunter went to Belleville and accompanied her granddaughter on the trip here.

Two more Lanark boys for the front! Mr. Wm. G. Cameron, Edmonton, has applied and been accepted on the motor transport for overseas service. Mr. Austin G. Cameron, cashier in the Ottawa Bank, Parry Sound, has tendered his resignation and will go on the force about the middle of this month. He has been appointed a pay sergeant and goes to camp at Niagara.

There passed away at the residence of his son-in-law, Mr. Jas. Umpherson, Lavant, on Sunday morning, Jan. 9th, Thomas R. MacDonald, at the advanced age of 80 years.

There passed away at her home on the 8th line of Dalhousie, on Jan. 9th, one who was well known and highly respected in the person of Mrs. Wm. McQuatt. Deceased, whose maiden name was Rachel Hall, was born in the Township of Gloucester, Carleton County, seventy-six years ago.

Last Sunday night, Feb. 6th, at the 11th line South Sherbrooke, there died Elizabeth Warrington, wife of William Watt, in her 60th year. For the past six or seven years she had been in a debilitated condition resulting from paralysis. About two weeks ago pneumonia was brought on by the unhealthy weather, and in her weak condition the trouble developed fatally. Deceased was a native of Bathurst, born on a farmstead on 11th concession. She was a daughter of the late John Warrington, Fallbrook.

### School Burned at Smiths Falls.

Elgin school, the town's biggest and best ward school at Smiths Falls, was destroyed by fire last Wednesday morning. The Record says: The fire started about the furnace in the west end of the school and the first that was known of it was when it burst through the flooring into one of the rooms. It was just nine o'clock and the children were just assembling but had not yet settled in their seats. The alarm was sounded and the building filled with smoke and the rooms and corridors so quickly and in dense volume that many of the pupils had to go without getting their outer clothing. Many of them also lost their books. It seemed to be a very difficult fire to fight and the water supply was not extra good. The whole western half of the building filled with heavy black smoke in a few minutes and the firemen could not enter it. They put on respirators and groped around the lower corridor but there was no blaze to be seen and it was impossible to tell where the heart of the fire was. Dense clouds of smoke poured from the windows and flues of the building and rolled way and enveloped the whole surrounding section of the town. It was a two storey eight room building with a solid brick wall through the centre. The fire was altogether in the west half and it was hoped that the east half would be saved, but the firemen seemed helpless to prevent the spread of the fire and it was soon apparent that the whole building was doomed. The fire was under way for fully an hour before it burst through the roof in flames, but after that it spread quickly. The roof fell in and the whole building was destroyed. The original building, a four room school, was erected in 1889 when Mr. J. M. Clark was chairman of the board. It was enlarged to an eight room building in 1901, when Mr. R. J. Brodie was chairman. It was a fine substantial structure and could not be put up to-day for anything like what it cost. It was insured for \$21,000.

All Austrian cannon being manufactured at Skoda factory were destroyed by an explosion. The dead total 300.

A heavy truck with eight motors slipped off a ferry and sank in the Detroit River, the loss totalling about \$7,000.

### Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

## Scientific Farming

### SWEET CLOVER IN ROTATION.

Good Crop to Plant Where Red Clover Will No Longer Grow.

Sweet clover hay, if cut at the proper stage and cured well, contains approximately as much protein as alfalfa. The second crop may either be cut for hay or harvested for seed. If cut for seed yields of from two to eight bushels per acre are usually obtained. These facts, together with the ability of sweet clover to improve run down soils, make it an admirable leguminous crop to plant in rotation where red clover will no longer grow.

When hay is desired sweet clover should be cut just before it begins to bloom. At this time the leaves are most abundant, and the stems have not yet become woody. Sweet clover hay should be tedded while in the swath, and just before the leaves become dry enough to shatter it should be raked into windrows. After lying in the windrow for a day it may be put into shocks and cured. When sweet clover is needed in the spring with a nurse crop only a small amount of pasture is produced that



PORTION OF SWEET CLOVER PLANT.

autumn, but where it is seeded alone in the spring a cutting of hay may be made in the autumn. The following year a hay crop and a seed crop, or two cuttings of hay if seed is not desired, are usually obtained. In the south, where seeded alone, two cuttings may be obtained the first year, and either two cuttings of hay and a seed crop or three cuttings of hay the second year. Where seeded alone in the north there is no danger of the hay becoming woody the first year, and for that reason it does not need to be cut until it has attained its largest growth.

When sweet clover is to be harvested for seed it is important that the plants be cut before all of the seed is fully matured since the seed matures unevenly and that which matures first is, as a rule, more plump than the later matured seed. Sweet clover should be cut as soon as the seed pods on the lower racemes have turned dark brown to black. Even where the plants are mown and the seed flailed out not more than three-fourths of the seed should be allowed to mature fully.

Sweet clover may be cut for seed with the ordinary grain binder provided the plants have not reached a height of more than six feet. In cutting such plants it is necessary to leave as high a stubble as possible. The sweet clover may be shocked as soon as cut, and after remaining in the field for several days it should be stacked the same as grain. The seed crop may also be cut with a self rake reaper. When this method is used the sweet clover may be stacked several days after it is cut. Sweet clover seed can be readily threshed with an ordinary threshing machine provided slight modifications are made, such as removing the cutter bar and changing the sieves. When the sweet clover is thoroughly dry the machine will hull from 75 to 80 per cent. of the seed.

If the first crop is cut for hay it should be cut before the flower buds have appeared or when the stems are from two and a half to three feet high. A stubble from six to eight inches should be left so that there will be sufficient buds on the stems to produce the next crop.

### Silage for Horses.

There is a little danger of forage poisoning in feeding silage to mules and horses, and because of the occasional bad results it is not generally deemed advisable to feed silage to these animals.

If the feeding is carefully looked after, however, and no moldy silage is fed then it would be safe. The danger is thought to come from portions of the silage that are not sufficiently wet and mold in the curing, and it has the same effect as moldy hay. The same moldy silage, however, does not seem to have any detrimental effect on cattle. On the other hand, if plenty of water is put in with the silage when the silo is being filled there should be no mold in any portion of it unless there should be a leakage of air at some point of the silo, and then the silage will mold in the vicinity of the leak.

### Cloves.

In normal times the spice islands of Zanzibar produce about 90 per cent. of the world's supply of cloves, an average crop approximating 16,000,000 pounds.

### ODESSA'S RAPID RISE.

In Commerce and Intellect It is the Capital of New Russia.

Odessa is one of the most important seaports of Russia, ranking, by reason of its population and its foreign trade, after Petrograd, Moscow and Warsaw. Since it was founded in 1794 near the ruins of a Turkish fort that fell into Russian hands in 1780 it has rapidly become the intellectual and commercial capital of what is called New Russia. It is the principal export town for the extensive grain growing districts of south Russia, the see of an archbishop of the Greek Orthodox church, the center of a fine university and the headquarters of the Seventh army corps.

The port lies on the shore of the Black sea, about midway between the estuaries of the Dniester and Dnieper, 907 miles from Moscow and 281 from Kiev. The city is built facing the sea, on low cliffs, seemed with deep ravines and hollowed out by galleries in the soft rock, in which thousands of the poorest inhabitants live. But above this are the fine broad tree lined streets and squares bordered with handsome public buildings and mansions in the Italian style and good shops. Besides the cathedral there are dozens of other churches, a fine opera house and the Palais Royal, which is a favorite place of resort.—London Chronicle.

### Helios Alias Elias.

We may pass as good enough the Russian aviators' reason for making the prophet Elijah their patron saint—his ascent to heaven in a chariot of fire. But there is a curious point in connection with the fact that so many hilltops in Greece are dedicated to and named after Elijah—or, at any rate, after St. Elias—for some will have it that the particular saint thus commemorated is not the Old Testament prophet, but a hermit of the fourth Christian century. It seems pretty well established that in pagan times these hills were sacred to the sun—Helios—and that the name has been neatly adapted to suit Christian requirements.—London Chronicle.

### Six Follies of Science.

The six follies of science are the squaring of the circle, perpetual motion, the philosopher's stone, the elixir of life, magic and astrology.

In all ages men of undoubted ability have toiled early and late to unravel the mysteries supposed to be connected with these fascinating problems. It is not always remembered that such intellectual giants as Bacon, Sir Robert Boyle and Sir Isaac Newton sought the philosopher's stone. In the study of astrology Lilly was for a time even pensioned by parliament.

Most of these "follies" conferred in direct benefits upon science, for in seeking one thing their devotees discovered many another. The craze for the secret, or unknown, has still its hold upon men and is seen in palmistry and kindred cults.—Exchange.

### Cactuses of Arizona.

Arizona has more than a hundred kinds of cactuses, and Tucson is the center of the great cactus region of the southwest. These odd plants range in size from the noble saguaro, or giant cactus, forty or fifty feet high, to small pin cushion cactuses an inch or two in diameter. Saguaros grow in great abundance in the foothills between Tucson and Yuma and are always objects of wonder. It is believed a large plant is at least 200 years old. The fruit begins to ripen in June and is gathered in great quantities by Indians, who make fine jam and also a pressed sweetmeat of it.

### Why He Laughed.

"What are you laughing at?"  
"I was just thinking of my poverty."  
"Well, what is there in poverty to make you laugh?"  
"It just struck me that if I should by chance strike it right some day how many thousands there are who could honestly say they knew me when I didn't have a dollar."

### Gem Superstitions.

It is said that the amethyst used to be worn to promote temperance and sobriety, the chrysolite to ward off fevers, the onyx worn round the neck to prevent epilepsy, the opal to cure weak eyes and the topaz to cure inflammation and keep the wearer from sleep walking.

### Making Things Even.

"Here's a young man that predicts that movie shows will eventually bring \$5 a seat."  
"Well, things have a way of evening up. I suppose then we can listen to grand opera for a nickel."

### No Calm Medium.

There is no calm medium in a sixteen year-old girl's vocabulary. If you are not perfectly grand you are insufferably odious.—American Magazine.

### BE KIND TODAY.

Do not let us wait to be just or pitiful or demonstrative toward those we love until they or we are stricken down by illness or threatened with death. Life is short, and we have never too much time for gladdening the hearts of those who are traveling the dark journey with us. Be swift to love; make haste to be kind.

### WINTER LUXURY.

A Coat of Hudson Seal That Speaks For Itself.

Belted, self buttoned, ripped and banded with fox, which also affords a tabbed collar, this beautiful coat spells



THE MOTOR GIRL.

both comfort and utility. It is lined with a fine quality of broadened lavender satin. The muff, rather large in proportions, has the chunky effect of the new designs, and the ends are finished with shirred black satin. The "fancy" on the trim sailor hat is the very tip of a fox's tail.

### New Year's in Scotland.

On the morning of New Year's eve in certain small towns of Scotland the children take great pleasure in playing "hogmanay," a game as peculiar as its name sounds. Just read for yourself and see.

First, the little boys and girls wrap themselves in large sheets, so wound around them that a huge pocket is formed right over their little stomachs. Then they stroll along the streets in little bands and call at the homes of the wealthier people, asking for a dole of wheaten bread.

Invariably each child is given a piece of oaten cake, which is known as his "hogmanay." Needless to say, the good women of the households have anticipated such visits from the children and have cooked large quantities of the cake in readiness for their coming.

### Short Cuts Through Work.

Dark calicoes should be ironed on the wrong side with irons that are not too hot.

The raveled threads from old linen will be found best for darning tablecloths or napkins.

To remove automobile grease or any dark, heavy grease from washable fabrics rub well in a small piece of butter; then wash with soap and rinse. The oil or grease will have disappeared.

The turkey need not be sewed after the dressing has been put in. Insert toothpicks on either side and string back and forth over the picks. This is easily removed after the bird is cooked. It should be a matter of common knowledge, since flour is always within convenient reach, that wheaten flour is the best extinguisher to throw over a fire caused by the spilling and igniting of kerosene.

### Remarks by Mrs. Needle.

"I just wanted to remind you girls that Christmas is coming. It seems a long way off, but my sharp eye tells me that it is not so far off as it seems. Santa Claus and I think it would be a fine thing to make the dolls a whole new outfit for Christmas. Don't you think that would be fun? And the next rainy afternoon that comes along let's get the doll's grandmothers to cut out a set of underwear. Threads and thimbles, I can hardly wait to begin!"

### Rigmarole.

A very amusing game is called rigmarole. One person starts telling a story and stops in the middle of a sentence in an interesting or exciting part. The one on the beginner's left continues, and so on until all have had a turn. It creates a lot of fun when the players have good imaginations. Each may have a given time to tell his or her part.

### Beginning Right.

Papa he has been a-sayin'  
We should start the new year right,  
An' not quarrel in our playin'.  
An' mind mamma day an' night.  
An' he said there's no disputin'  
That whatever we might do  
On the first day, sure as shootin',  
We would do this whole year through.  
An' I saw the chance was splendid  
To do something right away  
That, until the year was ended,  
I would like to do each day.  
An' on New Year's, startin' squarely,  
I got up soon as 'twas light  
An' learned all my lessons fairly,  
So's I'd always have them right.

## Fresh from the Gardens

of the finest Tea-producing country in the world.

# "SALADA"

TEA

B74

Sealed Packets Only.  
Try it—it's delicious. BLACK GREEN or MIXED.

### A Real Achievement.

Wal. Wightman was a particularly tall, thin fellow; in fact, some of his acquaintances had a habit of referring to him as "Bones." One night a number of his jolly good friends joined him in a spree. In an unguarded moment one of the party drew a revolver; it became accidentally discharged, and the bullet struck Wightman in the leg.

Full of remorse, the owner of the weapon hastened hotfoot to the house of the nearest doctor.

"I've just shot Wal Wightman in the leg!" "Come quick!"

The doctor paused on the threshold, viewing the man with admiring eyes.

"You mean to say you shot Wal Wightman in the leg?" he asked.

"Yes," sadly replied the other.

"Well," said the doctor, as he buttoned his glove, "that was a mighty good shot, anyway."

H. Bernette was found frozen to death on the street in Montreal.

A noted French manufacturer stated that only by a great loss of men can Germany be beaten.

Walter Meyer pleaded guilty at Berlin to seditious utterance, the Grand Jury found him guilty, and Mr. Justice Clute, binding him over in \$500 to keep the peace, discharged him.

Owing to the advice of his physicians, King George, who is convalescing from the injuries suffered in France, will not reopen Parliament in person this week. The session will be opened by means of a Royal Commission.

"William the Conqueror," read the small boy from his history, "landed in England in 1066 A.D." "What does A.D. stand for?" inquired the teacher. The small boy pondered. "I don't exactly know," he hesitated. "After dark, I suppose."

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*



Made in  
Canada



The World's Music is Yours  
When You Own a

## COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA

The long winter nights are now here. You will want musical entertainment both for yourself and visitors.

Hence the suggestion of a

### COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA

A moment's notice and you sit and listen to the wonderful harmony of the many Quartettes, Trios and Duets, Sentimental Songs and Ballads, Orchestral Selections from all the Operas, Violin Duets. Columbia Records are so varied that they include every kind of music that appeals to you. They play on any other make of talking machine.

COLUMBIA GRAFONOLAS are made in various sizes, but they all have the incomparable Columbia TONE and the exclusive Columbia TONE control leaves—not the awkward old-fashion doors.

Prices from \$20.00 up.

W. M. ALLEN,  
Local Representative.

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We are in a position to supply every known need in Counter Check Books. This is a convenience many of our business people should appreciate. Samples of any style you want.

The Herald Office



# THE HERALD

TUESDAY, FEB. 15TH, 1916.

The Ontario Legislature will meet on Feb. 29th.

PREMIER NORRIS has announced that the end of the bilingual controversy has been reached in Manitoba, English will be the language of the public schools.

A Jew Day is to be held in Canada at an early date in order to collect funds for the sufferers by the war in Russia. The Jews are entitled to as much sympathy as the Belgians, for they have been the innocent victims of the war. Their loyalty is attested by the fact that 16,000 out of 250,000 in Britain are in the army and have served their country with distinction.

## PROHIBITION, THE PEOPLE AND THE GOVERNMENT.

The following article on this important subject is from The Kingston Standard (Conservative) of Feb. 10th:

"It seems to us that those people who are opposing a referendum to the electors of Ontario upon the Prohibition question, basing their opposition, as one of their circulars puts it, upon the ground that this is 'a fight for Liberty against Tyranny,' are shooting far wide of the mark. There is no such issue involved; neither is it a question whether we are willing, as one of the circulars puts it, 'to be robbed of our freedom as British subjects,' or to 'have our private life controlled.'"

"The real issue as we see it is simply this: whether or not the people of the Province as a whole—not the Prohibitionists only, not the anti-Prohibitionists only—but all the people—shall have the right to pass upon a great question involving the material and the moral well being of the Province. The question, in short, is, Shall the people of this great Province be consulted or shall they be ignored in respect to this real and very vital issue? Were it for The Standard to answer the question, we should answer emphatically in the affirmative; should say decidedly that the people, who in the last analysis are the Government, should have a voice in determining whether a measure of this vital importance should or should not be put into effect. Were this done there would be no rape upon personal freedom; it would merely be a case of allowing the majority to determine and decide the entire question."

"The Empire to-day is at war and in its stress it appeals to and trusts the people to do their full duty toward helping to overcome the war-mad Huns. It is a case of implicit faith and trust in the people. And as it is in this Titanic world battle, so it seems to us it should be in the lesser issue of Prohibition or no Prohibition; the people should be trusted and it should be put squarely up to them whether or not a Prohibition law shall be put into effect. How when the appeal is to the sovereign people there can be infringement of personal liberty or interference with personal rights is quite beyond us."

"Sir James Whitney when he was alive was known as a man who was bold enough to be honest and honest enough to be bold. We have faith in the wisdom and sagacity and in the courage and honesty of the brilliant man who has succeeded him, Hon. W. H. Hearst, and in the able men who are his Cabinet counsellors to believe that they too are bold enough to be honest and in this crisis they will put their trust in the people and give to them an opportunity to pass upon this most momentous question."

"Whether they will do so or not remains to be seen, but whatever is finally determined upon by the Government let us once and for all have done with this silly talk of infringement of personal liberty and private life, because forsooth many people feel that Prohibition is to-day one of the burning issues of the moment and that, divorced as it now is from politics, which unhappily was not the case in the last Provincial election, the electors should be given an opportunity to pass fairly and honestly upon it."

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together. For years it was supposed to be incurable. Doctors prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, soon found it incurable. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is a constitutional remedy, is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. One Hundred Dollars reward is offered for any case that Hall's Catarrh Cure fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.  
Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## BIRTHS.

PATTIE—In Carleton Place, Feb. 2nd, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pattie, Jr., a son.  
McDANIEL—In Carleton Place, Feb. 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. F. McDaniell, a son.  
HARRIS—In Ramsey, February 7th, the wife of Mr. H. W. Harris, of a son.  
ABDALAH—In Carleton Place, Feb. 5th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. Abdallah, a son.  
THOMPSON—In Ramsey, Feb. 14th, to Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Thompson, a daughter.

## IN MEMORIAM

In memory of Evaline Gertrude Box, wife of Geo. Foster, who died Feb. 12th, 1915, aged 52 years.  
Often sit and think of you  
When I was all alone.  
Forever yours in the dearest of love  
This grief can call no more.  
—SISTER A. M.

## ATTACKING WHOLE LINE

Germans on West Front Are Striving to Confuse Allies.

Most Vigorous of Tenth Assaults Are in the Champagne Region and North of Arras—Greatest Gain Has Been Made Between St. Souplet and Somme-Py—Other German Gains Lost Again in Counter-attacks.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—German attacks of varying intensity on various parts of the French and British lines from Belgium to the Vosges have made the past two days of great activity on the western front. The attacks ranged from minor encounters between reconnoitring parties armed with hand-grenades to assaults preceded by extensive artillery preparations and carried out by considerable bodies of troops. The most vigorous of these offensives were in Champagne and in the region north of Arras, where there has been almost constant fighting for days.

The greatest gain claimed by the Germans, they say, was made between St. Souplet and Somme-Py. Here the German official statement claims the capture by storm of 700 yards of French positions, with 206 prisoners. The French communiqué issued last night says that the Germans gained a foothold in some advanced trench elements east of the road from Tahure to Somme-Py. These two references may refer to the same action.

Five separate assaults were made yesterday on the Vimy sector north of Arras. Four of the attacks failed, the Germans succeeding in the fifth attempt in penetrating the French positions west of Hill 140, but were driven out against by a counter-attack, so that the series of assaults resulted in no gain.

The German offensive extended as far north as Boesinghe, north of Ypres, where the Germans announced the capture of 40 British prisoners.

The French also made a gain in the sector to the north-east of the Butte-du-Mesnil, in Champagne, Saturday afternoon, occupying the German trenches on a front given by the French as about 200 metres (328 yards) and by the Germans as not quite 200 yards.

The attack was preceded by a heavy artillery fire, after which the French infantry, column advanced, using hand grenades. The Germans made a counter-attack Saturday night, but were completely repulsed, leaving one officer and 64 men in the hands of the French.

The Germans, after artillery preparation, made several attempts to cross the Yser canal, near Steensstraete and Hetzels, but were repulsed. The Germans renewing their counter-attack in Champagne, penetrated a small salient between the Navarin and St. Souplet Roads, but were repulsed in attempts to retake the trenches occupied by the French Friday.

A German infantry attack was made also in the Vosges, north of Wissembach. This failed to reach the first line of the French positions. A German attack on the British trenches near Pilkem, in Belgium, Saturday morning gave the attackers a footing in the trenches but bombing parties soon drove them out again. Two more German attacks made in the afternoon on the Pilkem Road were repulsed.

The German activity on the western front the last week has been more or less confusing. A week ago it seemed certain an offensive of great proportions would develop in the course of a few days. The intensity of the artillery fire increased rather than diminished, but it wavered little all the week. The Belgian, French, and British fronts were deluged under a rain of shells, which continued even last night. In one twenty-four hours the Belgians blocking the Yser passage between Dixmude and Nieupoort withstood the effect of 20,000 high explosive shells. The bombardment of the fronts to the south was maintained in almost the same proportions.

## FRENCH CRUISER SUNK.

Fears Expressed for Safety of the Amiral Charner.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—The following official statement was given out here yesterday:

"The Ministry of Marine fears for the fate of the cruiser Amiral Charner, which has been patrolling the Syrian coast. No news has been received from the cruiser since Feb. 8, when, according to a German telegram, a submarine sank a French warship."

The Amiral Charner under normal conditions carried a crew of 370. She was 347 feet long, 46 feet beam, and displaced 4,680 tons. She was armed with two 7.6-inch guns in turrets forward and aft, six 5.5-inch guns, four 9-pounders, four 3-pounders, six 1-pounders, and four torpedo tubes. She was laid down in 1889.

German Gunboat Sunk in the Congo.

HAVRE, Feb. 14.—The Belgian War Office announced last night that the German gunboat Hedwig von Wissmann was sunk in Lake Tanganyika. Two officers and 19 sailors were taken prisoner. The Belgian and British flotillas suffered no loss. Lake Tanganyika forms the western border of German East Africa.

## Fire at Campbellford.

CAMPBELLFORD, Feb. 14.—Fire broke out at 6.30 yesterday morning in the Northumberland Paper and Electric Co. building here, practically destroying the whole plant. The weather being six below zero, it was hard to fight the flames successfully, and the blaze spread with amazing rapidity. It is impossible as yet to arrive at the amount of damage done, but it is supposed to be pretty well covered by insurance.

## RUSSIANS DRIVE HARD

They Are Preventing Germans From Reinforcing West.

Both Czernowitz and Tarnopol are Threatened With Envelopment by the Advancing Slav Armies, Which Have Already Crossed the Dniester River—German Operations at Drinsk Hampered by Floods.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Russian armies along the entire front from Volhynia to Bessarabia are pursuing an offensive which if it does not result in immediate gains is expected to prevent the withdrawal of German forces from this front for service in the west. The offensive was undertaken simultaneously with the arrival of the Czar at the front.

The immediate objective of the Russians in the crossing of the Sereth, Pruth, and Dniester Rivers, important progress has been made against Czernowitz, capital of Bukovina, and against Tarnopol, both of which are seriously threatened. The Russians have already thrown forces across the Dniester at Usciecko, this success not only aiding in the envelopment of Czernowitz, but interrupting an important line of communication between the armies of General Pflanzer and General von Bothner.

Near Zale Szczy a Russian counter-attack routed the Austro-Hungarian troops and drove them back to a new line four miles to the rear of their former positions. The Russians also have captured important heights south-east of Izebroff, in the Stripa River district, commanding important railway connections. Both sides suffered heavily in the fighting, which resulted in the capture of this position.

The Russians are now attempting to throw large forces across the Dniester to the north-west of Czernowitz in their campaign against that city.

German efforts to continue the offensive on the Drinsk front are hampered by the mild weather, which has threatened the German trenches in the marshy ground with inundation. French prisoners are being employed in drainage work in this region, according to German prisoners.

## RAID ON ITALIAN TOWNS.

Fifteen Killed and Several Wounded by Austrian Aeroplanes.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Austrian aeroplanes made a raid Saturday over Ravenna and the neighboring towns of Codigoro and Bottighe, in North-eastern Italy, near the Adriatic. A heavy despatch from Rome says sixteen persons were killed and a number of others wounded. Several women and children were injured.

A hospital and the Basilica of Sant' Apollinare at Ravenna were damaged.

The Church of Sant' Apollinare was erected in the years 535 to 538, and was consecrated in 549 by St. Maximian. It was restored in 1779, and is the largest of the basilicas still existing at Ravenna.

Zeppelin in Distress in North Sea.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Copenhagen correspondent of The Daily Mail telegraphs: The Zeppelin L-20 was sighted off the west coast of Denmark, near Esbjerg (opposite the island of Frøe), today (Saturday). It tried to steer to the southward, but was unable to do so, and a strong wind drove it over the North Sea. It is stated that its engines were working irregularly.

## SEEKING SEPARATE PEACE?

Rumor Regarding Bulgaria Not Believed in London.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A report was received this afternoon from the Athens correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company that Bulgaria is seeking a separate peace with the Allies. The despatch adds that the correspondent obtained confirmation of the report in Entente circles in the Greek capital.

The story is generally doubted here, and up to a late hour Saturday night could not be confirmed officially.

The Athens correspondent of The Daily Mail telegraphed that he had learned from two good sources that all of the Bulgarian forces are retreating from the Macedonian front and are going to the Roumanian frontier. He adds that German troops are replacing the Bulgarians in Macedonia. This news, together with other important factors, tends to dispose of the story concerning Bulgaria's alleged overtures for a separate peace.

## Germany Disclaims Outrage.

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—The charge that a German agent was responsible for the fire that destroyed the Canadian Parliament Buildings at Ottawa is utterly false, the North German Gazette, official organ of the German Government, declared yesterday.

The paper added that the destruction of the buildings by such means would have been a "detestable and nonsensical crime."

## Still Arming Vessels.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Passenger steamers of the Sicula Americana, an Italian line, are to be equipped with guns for defence. This fact was made known yesterday on the arrival of the liner San Giovanni. It is looked upon as Italy's answer to the new submarine war zone announcement of the Austrian and German Governments.

Distilleries as Munition Factories. LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Daily Chronicle yesterday stated that the Government will immediately requisition all the large whiskey distilleries in the country for use as munition factories.

The Chronicle adds that the Government intends to prohibit the importation of barley for distilling purposes.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

### AUCTION SALE

PURSUANT to instructions from Mrs. C. E. Lusher, High Street west, Carleton Place, I will offer for Sale, on the premises,

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19

At One p.m. sharp, the following (General purpose Mare, 3 well-bred Jersey Cows, 2 just in; Single Buggy, Single Sleigh, Horse Seeder, Plough, Incubator, Brooder, Cream Separator, Churn, 3 Garden Flower Pots, Lawn Swing, 2 Cooking Ranges, Coal Heater, Couch, 2 Parlor Chairs, Hall Rack, 2 Bedroom Suits, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS: CASH.  
As the family are leaving town everything will be sold without reserve.

CHAS. HOLLINGER,  
Auctioneer.

### FARM FOR SALE.

KNOWN as part of the John Fleming Farm, 150 ACRES, 100 acres Bush, mostly Hard Maple, 50 acres clearance. East of East 1st Lot No. 14, in 3rd Concession of Beckwith, and West of Lot No. 15, in 3rd Concession of Beckwith. Apply for full particulars to JAMES FLEMING, 4th Con. of Beckwith, or BASIL HUGHTON, Franktown. Terms arranged to suit purchaser.

## ANNIVERSARY SERVICES

### ZION CHURCH

THE ANNIVERSARY SERVICES in connection with Zion Church, Carleton Place, will be held (D.V.)

SUNDAY, Feb. 20th, 1916

at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

Rev. M. MacGillivray, D.D.

Moderator of the General Assembly, will preach at both services.

Special Collections in aid of the Building Fund.

MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 21

SUPPER

Will be served in the School-room from 6 to 8 o'clock, after which a Programme will be rendered in the Church.

Music by the Choir and others.

Admission (including supper), 25 cents.

The public are most cordially invited.

## PIANO TUNING.

THE PIANO is a valuable instrument but unfortunately very sensitive to climatic conditions, hence the necessity of keeping it in tune. Do not let your Piano deteriorate for lack of tuning. Orders left at Neilson's Jewelry Store, or mailed direct will receive prompt attention.

H. A. HARFORD,

55 Spruce St., Ottawa

## Jas. Cavers & Son

Sash and Door Factory

All Kinds of House Finish.

We Sell

NEPONSET PRODUCTS

SLATE COVERED SHINGLES,

PAROIT ROOFING and

FINISHED SURFACE WALL BOARD.

## Our Specialties

The Famous Automobile and Dunn Tube Skates.

Prices from \$1.00 to \$5.00.

All Styles of Pocket Flashlights.

Tobaccoes and Cigars.

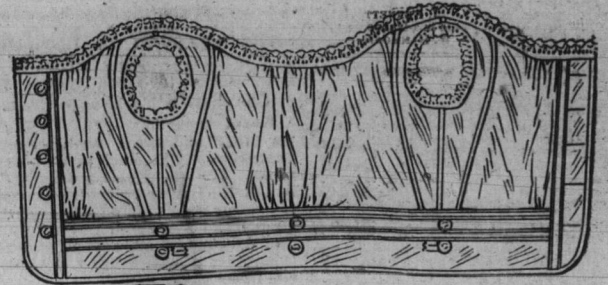
Musical Instruments and Supplies.

We make a Specialty of Sharpening Skates.

R. W. GORDON,

BRIDGE ST.

## See these D & A Little Beauty Waists which are displayed to-day in our Corset Department



The "Little Beauty" Waists are clung to by every mother who has bought them for her children. Well cut and well made; the buttons are good and well put on with tapes, pin tubes are on every one for hose supporters, and the prices are wonderfully low, ranging from 25¢ to \$1.00 according to size and style.

We have a full range and solicit your inspection.

Ask to see a special Corset which is good value at \$1.00

Sale Price 84 cents.

## BAIRD & RIDDELL

## CAMERON BROS.

Butchers and Grocers.

TELEPHONE NO. 136.

BRIDGE STREET.

### Grocery Department

Rolls Oats 6 lbs for ..... 25c  
Corn Flakes, 3 boxes for ..... 25c  
Rose Brand Baking Powder, 1 lb tin 20c  
Pancake Discuits, 2 lbs for ..... 25c  
Pure Maple Syrup, per gal ..... \$1.10  
Cream Tartar, per lb ..... 55c  
Shredded Coconut, per lb ..... 25c  
Taylor's Infant Delight Soap, 4 for 25c  
Cosmos Soap, 6 for ..... 25c  
Soap Chips, 3 lbs for ..... 25c  
Boot Polish, 1/2 Time and Nugget, 3 boxes for ..... 25c  
Liquid Boot Polish, 3 bottles for ... 25c  
Homemade Bread, per roll ..... 6c

### Meat Department

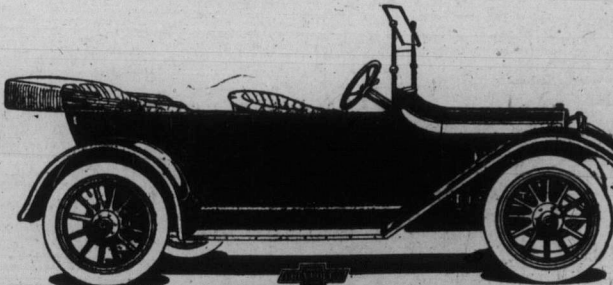
Pork Chop ..... 15c per lb  
Pork Steak ..... 18c "  
Beef Fry ..... 15c "  
Beef Steak ..... 18c "  
Sirloin Roasts ..... 15c "  
Shoulder Roasts ..... 12 1/2c "  
Boiling Beef ..... 12 1/2c "  
Rib Stew ..... 10c "  
Sausage ..... 10c "  
Headcheese ..... 10c "

Prompt Delivery of all Goods.

## Now on Exhibition in Carleton Place The CHEVROLET "FOUR-NINETY."

"THE PRODUCT OF EXPERIENCE."

VALVE-IN-HEAD  
MOTOR



POWERFUL AND  
QUIET RUNNING

Price complete \$675.00 f.o.b. Oshawa.

Regular Equipment. Mohair Tailored Top. Envelope and Side Curtains. Electric Horn. Clear Vision Ventilating Wind Shield. Speedometer. Electric Starting and Lighting System. Ammeter and License Brackets.

NOTE.—Owing to the great demand for this Car, we would advise your ordering early to ensure delivery. We use the Stewart Speedometer. Two-unit "Auto-Lite" Starting and Lighting System, with Bendix Drive, same type and grade as used on the highest-priced cars.

W. W. TABER,

SELLING AGENTS

W. G. POLLOCK,

CARLETON PLACE, ALMONTE, AND ADJACENT TOWNSHIPS.



FEB. 15, 1916

THE CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

5

#### SOCIETY REGISTER

**STELLA LODGE No. 125, I.O.O.F.**  
Meets every Tuesday Night in the hall, in Taylor's block. Visiting brethren always welcome. J. H. Moore, N. D. McCallum, Nobis Grand, Rec-Sec'y.

**COURT MISSISSIPPI No. 78, I.O.F.**  
Meets every 2nd and 4th Monday in each month, at 7:30 p.m., in the Chosen Friends Hall. Punctual attendance of members is requested. Visiting brethren invited. J. F. DUBREUIL, C.E., J. H. BRETHER, R.S. N.B.—All Dues must be paid in advance on or before the 1st of the month. W. HAMMOND, F.S.

**CARLETON COUNCIL, No. 37, C.O.C.F.**  
Meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, second and fourth Thursday evenings in each month, at 8 o'clock. Visiting Friends welcome. JOHN BAIRD, C.C. W. H. ALLEN, Rec.

**COURT ORION, No. 634, C.O.C.F.**  
Meets in the Chosen Friends Hall, first and third Monday in each month. Visiting brethren always welcome. J. A. McLEARN, C.E. G. W. DAINES, R.S.

#### DISTRICT NEWS.

##### APPLETON.

Special to THE HERALD.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Devitt, of Hawarden, Sask., spent last week with friends here.

Mr. A. C. Dunlop and daughter Louie, of Carleton Place, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Boyle.

Miss Margaret Baird, of Almonte, was the week-end guest of Miss Mary Turner.

Pte. Gilbert, of Carleton Place, spent the week-end at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Owens and children spent Saturday in Ottawa.

Miss Jennie Black and Miss A. McCallum spent the week-end in Carleton Place.

Mr. Jas. Ainslie spent the week in Ottawa.

Miss Winnifred Boyle spent Saturday in Carleton Place.

Mr. D. W. F. Caldwell spent Monday in the Capital.

##### ALMONTE.

From the Gazette.

Dr. Webster, of Ottawa, was up to see Mr. Geo. F. Cook, and made changes in treatment of the wound caused by the operation which it is hoped will prove beneficial.

Miss Violet Young has returned to Stamford, Conn., on Tuesday, to resume work as professional nurse in that city.

Mr. Thoburn, M.P., lost his hat and overcoat, and overshoes in the fire which destroyed the Parliament buildings last Thursday night.

About fifty members of the A.Y.P.A., of the Carleton Place Anglican church drove over here on Tuesday evening and enjoyed a skate. Afterwards they were entertained by the local society in St. Paul's lecture hall, a good program and refreshments being provided.

Miss Bell was operated upon at the Rossmore Memorial Hospital on Wednesday for internal trouble.

Among the older residents of Almonte there are some who will recall the time when Mr. Geo. G. Meikle, who was assistant postmaster here for some time, and these will regret to learn of his death, which took place at Natal, B.C., on January 17th.

Mr. Jas. D. Foster, son of Mr. James Foster, of Galbraith, is home on a visit from Cut Knife, Sask. He was eighteen years of age when he went away and he has been away for eleven years, this being his first visit home in all that time.

From the Times.

Mrs. Sinclair has purchased the brick double tenement house near the skating rink and is having it repaired.

Mr. John McFarlane, Church street, had the misfortune last Sunday, whilst carrying a pail of water, near his residence, to fall on the ice and break his right wrist.

A hockey match between the Carleton Place Boy Scouts and a team of scouts from town was played in the rink on Thursday evening, the score being 3 to 1 in favor of the visitors. After the game the Scouts served supper at their club rooms and a pleasant evening was spent.

A highly respected resident of Blakeney for many years, in the person of Mr. James McDougall, passed away on Tuesday, in his 78th year. He kept the store and post office there for a long period, but owing to failing health disposed of the business to Mr. G. A. Murphy several years ago. He is survived by his wife, but no family.

The town hall had a narrow escape from being destroyed by fire on Sunday morning, and it happened this way: "D" Company of the 130th battalion have been using the hall for some time for the purpose of drilling in, and the men were allowed to smoke at will anywhere in the building. Around the walls there was placed several wooden cuspids containing sawdust, and into one of these the butt of a cigar or cigarette had no doubt been carelessly thrown. The fire from the cigar, or cigarette, burned through the bottom of the box, and then ate its way through the floor, burning a large hole before being discovered by the caretaker of the hall about 7 o'clock in the morning.

Mr. F. Conter, the caretaker, thought he smelled smoke several times during the night, and arose two or three times to investigate, but apparently did not visit the main body of the hall until the morning, when he found it full of smoke. It did not take long to discover the cause, and the fire was extinguished with a couple of pails of water. Had the fire got a good start during the night the hall would likely now be in ruins—and no doubt would have been blamed on the Germans.

Mr. W. E. Scott received word on Wednesday last of the death of his youngest sister, Mrs. F. N. Alexander, of Govan, Sask. Two children are left, a boy of four and a girl of two. The

#### THE ACUTE PAIN FROM NEURALGIA

##### Permanently Cured Through the Use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

A clever medical writer has said that "Neuralgia is a cry from the nerves for better blood." In other words, neuralgia is not a disease—it is only a symptom, but a very painful one. Neuralgia is the surest sign that your blood is weak, watery and impure, and that your nerves are literally starving. Bad blood is the one cause—rich, red blood the only cure. This gives you the real reason why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure neuralgia. They are the only medicine that contains in correct proportions the elements needed to make rich, red blood. This new, rich blood reaches the root of the trouble, soothes the jangled nerves, drives away the nagging, stabbing pain, and braces up your health in other ways as well. In proof of these statements Mrs. A. T. Oulton, Little Shemogue, N.B., says:—

A few years ago my mother was an intense sufferer from neuralgia, which was located in her face, head and shoulders. The pain, especially in her head, was intense. She doctored for some time without getting relief, and there seemed to be no ceasing of the pain whatever. Instead it seemed to be extending and her whole nervous system became affected. Finally she decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. After taking them for a while the pain in her head became less severe, and of course this was a great relief to her. Under the continued use of the Pills she felt herself growing better and stronger each day until she was no longer a sufferer and was completely cured, and has felt no symptoms of the trouble since.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills from any medicine dealer, or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

#### SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Fresh massacres of Armenians are reported from Turkey.

French forces have advanced from Saloniki to the Bulgarian border.

A brigade of men of American birth or parentage has been authorized.

The deficit of the Turkish Empire has grown to 14,000,000 Turkish pounds.

It was stated in London that all the single men of Britain will be ordered to attest.

Canada has been raising troops since the first of the year at the rate of 1,000 per day.

Claude Graham-White, the noted British aviator, has been seriously wounded.

Cyril Saue, a former well known resident of Brockville, died on Thursday at Syracuse, N.Y.

The Belgian Embassy in London denied that separate peace overtures had been made by Germany.

John Tolmie, ex-M.P., of Kincardine, died as the result of an accident which befel him on Wednesday.

Floyd Smith, a civilian aviator, has broken the world's hydro-aeroplane record, having ascended 9,544 feet.

Capt. George Richardson, of the firm of James Richardson & Sons, Kingston, Toronto and Winnipeg, and a noted hockey player, has been killed at the front.

The Government will take over immediately all the large whiskey distilleries and use them as munitions factories, says The London Daily Chronicle.

The late J. B. R. Laplante, Assistant Clerk of the Commons, who lost his life in the fire, will likely be succeeded by Arthur Beauchene, K.C., of the Department of Justice.

A Brantford Collegiate Institute master, Mr. Runnings, who is disqualified from enlisting, has subscribed to the Patriotic Fund fifty per cent of his salary, \$50 a month.

Prof. Cudmore of the University of Toronto, speaking on "Britain's Method of Financing the War," told the Royal Canadian Institute that hotel bars should be closed, from an economic standpoint.

August Kastella, German born, Dominion Superintendent of Dredging, has been dismissed by Hon. Robert Rogers, following an investigation. Hon. Mr. Rogers says Kastella's services were unsatisfactory.

It is expected that two more American battalions are to be raised, the one with headquarters in Vancouver, the other in Toronto. It is probable that the three American legions will be brigaded together.

Provincial Constable Thomas Delany was arrested at Niagara Falls on Saturday in connection with the theft of \$3,000 worth of diamonds in Toronto in December. The gems were recovered at Fort Erie by Toronto detectives.

A deceased lady was in her 35th year, and was at one time a teacher in the public school here. The remains were brought to town on Sunday morning, and the funeral took place on Monday afternoon from the residence of Mr. Scott to the 8th line cemetery vault.

The death occurred on Wednesday of last week of Mrs. Jessie McPhail, at the age of 93 years. The deceased was a daughter of the late John Fumerton of Ramsay, and was married to Mr. Lachlan McPhail a good many years ago. In religion she was a Presbyterian and for many years she attended the church on the eighth line. The late Mrs. McPhail was one of the oldest residents of Almonte.

#### ACTIVE AROUND ZEEBRUGGE

German Scout Vessels in North Sea Sank British Mine Sweeper.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 14.—The Telegram says the German scout vessels in the North Sea are believed to have gone out of Zeebrugge, as it is known that some vessels which formerly were not at that port have been lying there under steam.

The British mine sweepers gave a good account of themselves when they were attacked, and inflicted damage on three of the enemy.

In the battle that followed the German attacks one of the British ships was separated from its companions, and has not been accounted for. It is understood that this vessel is the one which Berlin identifies as the "cruiser Arabia," stating that it was sunk by a torpedo.

The naval expert of the Daily Chronicle thinks that "the answer is to be found in the fact that the British warship Arabia is an unusual type of vessel, which might easily be mistaken for something else. She is an oil-driven vessel. A number of ships of this class began to appear on the high seas in recent years."

In addition to the British ship Arabia, another British vessel was sunk by a German torpedo boat in the North Sea, according to an official Admiralty report given out in Berlin Saturday night. The report, which is forwarded for publication by the Overseas News Agency, follows: "The Admiralty reports, relative to the sinking of the British cruiser Arabia, that a second English ship was sunk, which was hit by a torpedo. A German torpedo boat rescued the commander of the Arabia, also the surgeon, one officer, one non-commissioned officer and twenty-seven men. During the return, however, the surgeon and three men died because of long exposure in the sea."

#### THREATS TO ROUMANIA.

German Ambassador to Bucharest Opens Editorial Campaign.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—A despatch to The Daily Mail from Ungheni, on the Rumanian frontier, says:—

Baron von Dem Bussche-Haddenhausen, the German Minister at Bucharest, who was entrusted with a special mission to Roumania by the German Government, has returned from Berlin, where he was received in audience by the Kaiser and has opened his campaign in his newspaper, Roumanie, by threatening Roumania.

"The Germanic powers," he says in his paper, "know how to strike swiftly and energetically."

He asks on which side Roumania is going to range herself, and declared that Germany wishes to know immediately.

The Times Bucharest correspondent, in a series of delayed despatches dated from Jan. 26 to Feb. 1, tells of purchases of wheat by the belligerent powers in Roumania. It appears from these despatches that Germany in a formal note to Roumania demanded the same rights for the purchase of cereals as accorded Great Britain, and proposed to purchase at the same price charged the British all the remaining stocks of Roumanian wheat and 10,000 wagon-loads of maize.

Roumania conceded equality of privileges, and, according to the newspapers, the Germans purchased by secret contract 400,000 tons of wheat for the purpose of preventing the realization of its sale to the British Government.

The Roumanian Government, the despatches add, will forbid the export of this wheat.

#### JUST A GREAT WAREHOUSE.

Holland is Overrun With German Merchants, Agents, and Spies.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—The Daily Mail recently sent an investigator to Holland, as it had previously sent one to Scandinavia, to ascertain the effect of the British blockade.

This investigator contributes a three column article to The Daily Mail this morning, the gist of which is that the correspondent, after patient and careful enquiry, has come to the conclusion that "Holland is being used by the Germans as a warehouse from which goods are taken daily to the German factories, cities, and troops."

He asserts that the Netherlands Overseas Trust, established under a pledge to control the imports so that Holland would import only for her own needs, has been a failure.

"The Dutch cities," he says, "are swarming with German merchants, agents, and spies, trading freely. Dutch commerce is inextricably entangled with German interests and German capital."

The correspondent supports his contentions by statistics and other evidence.

#### EXPLOSION IN FORT.

Russian Bombardment of Erzerum Has Marked Effect.

PETROGRAD, Feb. 14.—The advance of the Russian forces in the Caucasus continues. Yesterday's official report states that in actions near Erzerum the Czar's troops, advancing through deep snow and with the temperature sometimes 25 degrees below zero, Fahrenheit, have forced almost inaccessible passes and continued to make progress. They took some dozens of officers and over 700 Turkish regulars prisoner and captured seven guns and in addition machine guns, ammunition wagons, and an ammunition store and many cattle.

A violent explosion was observed in one of the Erzerum forts after the Russian bombardment. The Turks were dislodged from a position near Khynyskala, 65 miles southeast of Erzerum, and the Russians occupied the town of Khopy after an engagement.

In Persia, in the region of Hamadan, the Russians occupied the town of Duletabad.

#### ABDALLAH'S

Large assortment of LINEN TOWELS. Special Sale at 11 cts each. A chance you cannot afford to miss. Special Bargains in Flannelette Blankets, size 50 x 74 at \$1.19 a pair. Grey and White. Call and get your share, we will never have these values again.

H. ABDALLAH.

#### SUNLIGHT FLOUR

Is made from the Best Wheat in the World.

In one of the Best Mills. By Men who Know How.

Quality guaranteed satisfactory

H. BROWN & SONS

#### THE STORE OF PLENTY

APPLES! APPLES!

Apples are quoted at higher prices, but ours are still selling at the same old price.

We Have in Stock Russets, Baldwins, Starks and Greenings.

POTATOES—Any quantity, Quality No. 1. Don't put off buying, prices will be higher.

#### BOWLAND & McROSTIE

#### Sawlogs Wanted!

I WILL PAY HIGHEST PRICE FOR

Basswood, Ash, Spruce, Hemlock, Pine, Rock Elm and Soft Elm or Tamarac Logs and Shingle Blocks.

Delivered on the Mississippi Lake or at the Sawmill, Carleton Place.

ALSO CEDAR RAILWAY TIES, must be 6 ins. thick, 6 ins. face and 8 ft. long.

CUSTOMS SAWING of Shingles and Lumber during the winter at the Planing Mill or Sawmill here.

W. A. NICHOLS, Carleton Place.

#### Coal and Wood Heaters, Ranges and Coal Stoves.

We have made preparations and anticipated your requirements in advance and have a splendid line for your inspection in

Coal and Wood Stoves, Ranges and Heaters.

Horse Blankets, Sleighs, Skates and Hockey Sticks 10 p.c. off.

W. J. MUIRHEAD.

#### Everybody's Corner.

WANTED—An Apprentice to learn Printing. Apply at this Office.

BOARDERS WANTED—Accommodation for four, with or without board. Apply at this Office.

HOUSE TO RENT—On William street. Rent reasonable. Possession at once. Apply at this Office.

#### FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—First Mortgage on Farm, bearing good rate of interest. Any person wishing to invest about \$3,000 in a first class security. Apply to Box "C," CARLETON PLACE HERALD.

HOUSE FOR SALE—Frame Dwelling, south side of Aurum street, Carleton Place, at a bargain. COLLYER McLENNAN, Barrister Solicitor, etc.

FOR SALE—Stationary Gasoline Engine, 8 h.p. in perfect condition. Address Box A, care of HERALD, or apply at this Office.



Nyal's  
COD LIVER  
COMPOUND

Cod Liver Oil is prescribed for many people who can not take it because it nauseates them.

When you pay \$1.00 for a large bottle of Nyal's Cod Liver Compound you invest in a remedy that you can take. It is pleasant to the taste and can be taken by anyone, at any season.

There is nothing better for those who do not properly assimilate their food than Nyal's Cod Liver Compound. It increases appetite, aids digestion and builds bodily tissues, giving health and strength to ward off disease.

The more you trade here, the better you'll like this store.

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#### CANADA AND THE EMPIRE

Do Your INSURING IN CANADIAN AND BRITISH Insurance Companies

Complications may arise. Anyway, there does not appear. Now any legitimate reason to insure "Outside."

If you are looking for a Good Company, a Good Contract and a safe and profitable investment insure with

#### THE CONFEDERATION LIFE ASSOCIATION

P. SEWELL ROBERTS, District Manager, 415 Sparks St., OTTAWA.

J. A. DACK. Watchmaker and Jeweller. Carleton Place.

This week we specialize on RINGS anything from a plain Gold Band to the choicest Diamond. See our display. Prices to suit every pocket-book.

Having taken a special course in Optics, I am also prepared to test your eyes and fit you with glasses to suit your vision. No charge for examination.

#### STAR CAFE

OPPOSITE TOWN HALL

FIRST CLASS MEALS

PROMPT SERVICE AT ALL HOURS

Try Our Homemade Bread

JOS. DAVIS, Prop.



# Sir Percy Lake, New Chief in Mesopotamia, Well Known in Canada

LEUT.-GENERAL SIR PERCY HENRY NOEL LAKE, who recently took supreme command of the British forces operating in Mesopotamia, succeeded General Sir John Nixon, who has been invalided home. According to recent advices, the British relieving force under General Aylmer had succeeded in getting into touch with the forces of General Townshend, who had been surround-



SIR PERCY LAKE.

ed by Turkish forces at Kut-el-Amara, on the Tigris. The new commander in Mesopotamia is in his sixty-first year and entered the British war establishment in 1873 as a Lieutenant of the Fifty-ninth regiment of infantry. He served with distinction in the Afghan war and was awarded a medal for meritorious services. He also was with Wolseley in the Nile expedition of 1885, for which he received a medal with clasp. For a time after that he served at army headquarters as assistant chief of the intelligence bureau and later was a member of Lord Winterton's committee on "Terms of Service." For a time he served in Ireland and was then sent to Canada to reorganize the militia of the Dominion. In 1911 he left here to assume command of a division in India, and since 1912 until the present war broke out he has been chief of the general staff in India.

## The Soldier's Death.

Among the many regimental papers which have come into being during the war, one of the cleverest is called the "Pow-Wow." The following lines in its last issue, signed "Raya," describe how death often comes to our soldiers:

Not in the shining armor of the Past  
Upon some charger, with a tilted lance,  
To fall beside the road of high romance,  
For some fair maiden's honor over-cast;  
Nor yet when shrilly blows the summoning blast,  
Plunging upon the crest of some advance,  
Where all the plumes of English Knightly dance,  
To win a grave upon the field at last.  
Not thus to die! But in the cold half-light,  
When the damp mist divides the day and night,  
To stagger suddenly, stung, stupid, torn,  
And, while the light comes lifelessly and grey,  
To lie all bloodied in the common clay  
With stiffened limbs and the dead face drawn.

## Hughes Answers Hahn's Critics.

Major-General Sir Sam Hughes has made a statement in regard to comments which have appeared in certain newspapers to the effect that the chief officer of the Intelligence Branch of the Militia Department overseas is a German, and that his brother may be fighting in the German army. "Captain Hahn, the officer referred to," said Gen. Hughes, "comes from Stratford, Ont. He is in the trenches, where he has already won the D.S.O. There never was a better boy. Capt. Hahn is one of the hundreds of German-Canadians who are fighting under the British flag for liberty. Up to the present time 35 Canadians of German origin have been killed at the front. It would be better if some of those who are always criticizing Germans would follow their example and go to the front themselves. This is not a war of race, but a war for liberty," he concluded.

## Freak Bomb Spares Boy.

One of the missiles hurled by the Zeppelin during the raid fell upon an isolated house occupied by a single family. The building was bisected, one end being demolished and its occupants buried far out into an open lot and killed. The other end of the house was cut off sharply, and a bedroom on the second floor was left intact, with its occupants uninjured. The floor was carried away under the head of the bed, leaving the bed balanced on the jagged edge of the ruins, with a nine-year-old boy in it unharmed.

## ON HISTORIC GROUND.

Russian Successes in Persia Are on Biblical Territory.

The field of Russian operations in Persia—operations that recently have been in the nature of victories—lies to the south and south-west of the Caspian Sea, which flows into the Persian Gulf and gives that part of the ancient country an extensive coast line. About one hundred miles south of this coast is the city of Teheran, a city with a population of about 280,000 souls or something like half the size of Montreal. Due south about two hundred miles is the city of Isfahan to which the Russians are pressing. When it is occupied the Turkish forces that under German leaders have been trying to bring Persia into the war against the Allies, will be pretty well beaten, and the danger nullified of an attack upon the British in Mesopotamia from the east; for this district in which the Russians are operating is about east of the valley of the Tigris in Mesopotamia in which a British force is hard pressed by Turks and Arabs. Russian victories in the Teheran district of Persia will help the British in Mesopotamia.

Teheran is ten degrees farther south than Montreal. It stands in the centre of a dreary waste at an altitude of 3,800 feet, which is about four times as high as the top of Mount Royal. This altitude and latitude give it a climate of great extremes. In summer the heat is most severe, and European residents flee to the slopes of the adjacent mountains.

It is a walled city, the walls being eleven miles in extent, but there are great gaps in them, and they afford no defence against modern guns of even field calibre.

It is a true eastern city with narrow, dirty streets. It is a bustling place, but the bustle is not picturesque.

West of Teheran is the city of Hamadan, known in Biblical times as Shushan and associated with the story of Esther. In fact the show place of Hamadan is the tomb of Queen Esther and her uncle, Mordecai. It is held in high veneration by Persians, Turks, and Jews, who resort to it on pilgrimages. The Jews are its custodians.

The tomb consists of an outer and an inner chamber, surmounted by a dome about fifty feet in height. The outer chamber is entered by a very low door and the shrine itself by one still lower through which one is obliged to creep. The inner chamber is vaulted.

Under the dome, which is lighted by the smoky clay lamps used by the poor, are the two tombs, each covered with a carved wooden ark, and each lighted by an ever-burning lamp. There is nothing in the shrine but a Hebrew Old Testament and a quantity of pieces of paper inscribed with Hebrew characters, which are affixed by pilgrims to the woodwork.

## Big Land Purchase Scheme.

One of the results of the war, according to reliable information, will be the adoption by the Government of a big scheme of land purchase for Britain such as has been so successful in Ireland.

Confronted with the twofold problem of providing employment for discharged soldiers, both during and after the war, and the desirability, and demonstrated by experience in the war, of materially increasing home-grown food supplies, the Home Office, the Board of Trade, and the Board of Agriculture entered into consultation with the War Office and the Admiralty and the outcome was the appointment by the Board of Agriculture of a special committee, presided over by Sir Harry C. Verney, Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Agriculture.

The report of the committee, which will shortly be published, is said to recommend extensive State acquisitions of land by compulsory purchase for the establishment of a large scale of colonies of small holders, and the development of co-operative buying and marketing and of agricultural credit banks, together with a provision for a large State grant to put the proposals into operation. Naturally the scheme will require Parliamentary sanction.

## Urges Economy in Suicide.

The following melancholy tale is transmitted by the Amsterdam correspondent of the London Express:

A man recently committed suicide in Boitsfort, a small village near Brussels, by shooting himself. The German military authorities promptly levied a fine of 250 (about \$1,250) on the village because the suicide had firearms in his possession.

The burgomaster of Boitsfort has placarded the village with warnings to intending suicides begging them to do so by hanging or drowning, else the village will go bankrupt.

## Austria Uses Wooden Shoes.

Wooden shoes are becoming popular in many parts of Austria, and, while unaccustomed to this kind of footwear, the people, says the Reichspost of Neuhammer, "walk in them perfectly, and the children run and jump in them as though it were a real pleasure."

The high price of leather has brought about this change, and many factories in the villages of Furstenhut and Anselgelfeld are turning out large quantities of wooden shoes. The shoes are made from beechwood and pine, and can be had at as low a price as 20 cents. They are said to be very warm.

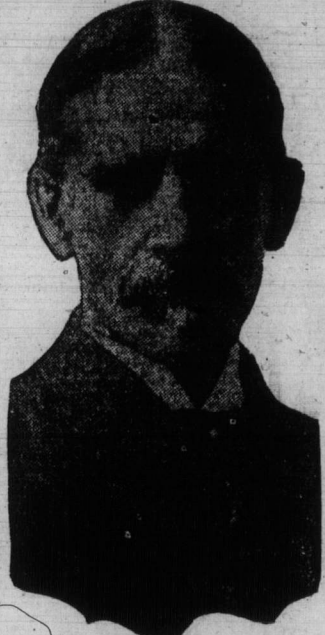
## Veteran of 1870 Again Fighting.

Corporal Sarruge, aged seventy-six, and a veteran of the Franco-Prussian war, is to-day fighting in the ranks for France. Forty-five years ago he won the Legion of Honor medal; to-day he wears the war cross, recently bestowed upon him for gallantry.

# Dr. Henry Van Dyke Has Faced Some Difficult Problems at The Hague

WHEN Dr. Henry van Dyke sailed for Holland a couple of years ago to take up his duties as United States Minister to The Hague and Luxembourg no signs of the great war that was soon to convulse Europe were then discernible. He went abroad in September, 1913. Now he has returned to the United States for a brief vacation from his diplomatic duties. While Dr. van Dyke's work has not been so arduous as that of United States representatives stationed in the warring nations, his station at The Hague has been on the fringe of war's alarms, and the war has brought many unusual problems to him for solution.

When Dr. van Dyke was appointed to his present diplomatic post by President Wilson he was a member of



DR. HENRY VAN DYKE.

the faculty of Princeton University—professor of English literature. He is a native of Germantown, Pa., and was graduated from Princeton in 1873. Later he studied at the University of Berlin, and in 1897 was ordained a minister in the Presbyterian Church. He went at once to the United Congregational church at Newport, R. I., and remained there until 1882, when he was called to the Brick Presbyterian church, New York City.

Dr. van Dyke has been preacher to Harvard and lecturer at Yale. In 1908-9 he was lecturer at the Sorbonne, in Paris. Many honors have been showered upon him by universities and societies and his Church because of his achievements. He has found time aside from his duties to write many books and a great deal of poetry.

One of Dr. van Dyke's most recent problems was the handling of the Ford peace party, and he acquitted himself of the task with great diplomatic skill. When he was told of the coming of the party to The Hague, and was asked what arrangements were being made for their reception, he replied that he would advise them to make a point of seeing the interesting buildings, the picture galleries, which were quaint and entirely unlike anything they might have seen before, and that they should not leave The Hague without seeing the tomb of "William the Silent."

## Paris Loses Heavily.

Tout Paris, which is a combined Blue Book and directory, gives in its 1916 edition, just issued, a list of Paris notables who have "died for the country." In this list are names well known in politics, literature, science, the arts, the bar, and high officials and officers of the army. The roll call, as it is called, totals 3,084 persons, all of whose names are printed in bold face type.

The honor list is based on information furnished by the families of the victims. It includes the names of 55 Generals, 91 Colonels, and 155 Lieutenant-Colonels. Among the professions the civil engineers had the largest number dead, totalling 113. The lawyers came next with 110. Other professions listed are: Men of letters, 82; artists, 53; Catholic clergy, 28; Protestants, 3; architects, 20; actors and singers, 18; doctors, 13; Diplomatic Corps, 8; sculptors, 10; composers and musicians, 4; the Institute of France, 1; Judge, 1; Inspectors of Finance, 7; notaries, 5; and brothers, 22. The select clubs of all kinds in Paris lost a total of 336, including a number of titled persons.

## Barbarous and Stupid.

The London Observer, discussing editorially the Ottawa fire, says: There seems too much reason to suspect that the Parliament House has been destroyed by a German incendiary. If so the crime will be equally memorable for barbarism and stupidity. It will rouse the whole soul of Canada, and stir the conscience of the United States. If the German peril once seemed remote, what it means in practice has now been brought home to the whole American continent, but the nationality of Canada herself, taking new life from the sacrifice, will thrill with a more steadfast resolve and a greater purpose from sea to sea.

## SUNDAY SCHOOL.

Lesson VIII.—First Quarter, For Feb. 20, 1916.

## THE INTERNATIONAL SERIES.

Text of the Lesson, Acts iv, 32, to v, 5. Memory Verses, 34, 35—Golden Text, 1 Pet. i, 22—Commentary Prepared by Rev. D. M. Stearns.

The topic of today's lesson is "The Christian Brotherhood at Jerusalem," but as half of the portion assigned tells of the failure of that brotherhood in the case of Ananias, and we have no further study in chapter v, the remainder of the chapter being very important, it would seem wise to devote most of our time to the further testimony of Peter and its results.

The one heart and soul of the believers and the common fund from which all were helped was certainly a beautiful brotherhood, but the deceit of Ananias and the murmuring of the Grecians rather spoiled the harmony. The self life which remains in the believer and the deceit and wickedness of every human heart makes it next to impossible for even the smallest company of Christians to be of one mind very long about anything. If all could be fully yielded and have no will but His, no self pleasing and no pride or ambition it might be possible. Because of human frailty I cannot use the "with one accord" in our prayer service, but invariably omit it.

While Barnabas, the son of consolation, sold his land and laid the proceeds at the apostle's feet, it would seem that his sister Mary, the mother of John Mark, kept her home and had the believers meet there for fellowship and prayer (Acts xii, 12; Col. iv, 10). We must not follow others in what they do, but each for himself say, "Lord, what wilt thou have me to do?"

Ananias and Sapphira did not need to sell their property, because others did it, and when sold they did not need to bring all the proceeds. Their sin was in their professing to give all, but keeping back a part, and thus lying to the Holy Spirit. God is the God of Truth, the Spirit is the Spirit of Truth, and Jesus Christ is the Truth. They desire truth in the inward parts (Ps. li, 6), and ought else is a grief to them. If all deceivers and liars were dealt with as these two were, what a lot of funerals there would be and what a thinning out of church members!

It surely becomes us all to pray the prayer of Ps. cxlxi, 23, 24, and to aim at nothing less than an honest whole hearted surrender to Him who has bought us with such a great price. In verses 12-16 of our lesson chapter (chapter v) we see the risen Christ showing Himself alive by signs and wonders and healings through these human channels, and multitudes of men and women believed and were added to the Lord (verse 14). It does not count for anything to be added to a list of church members unless truly added to the Lord. He said, "Every plant which my Heavenly Father hath not planted shall be rooted up" (Matt. xv, 13). The power of God so stirred the adversary that his followers were filled with indignation and laid hands on the apostles and put them in the common prison (verses 17, 18). The Lord in Heaven was watching over His own people, and sent a messenger from heaven to open the prison doors, bring the prisoners out and send them to speak in the temple the words of life. When the morning came there were no apostles in the prison, but they were found in the temple teaching the people, and the high priest and council and senate being assembled, the officers found them and brought them and set them before the council. Now, for the second time, Peter has the privilege of honoring Jesus Christ before this august assembly. The high priest asked how it was that when forbidden to teach in the name of Jesus Christ they had persisted in doing so and had filled the city of Jerusalem with their doctrine. That was a good testimony to the zeal of the apostles in their devotion to the Lord, for it would be difficult today to find a city filled with their doctrine. It sounds strange to hear him say that the apostles intended to bring the blood of Jesus upon them (verse 25) when they themselves had said to Pilate, "His blood be upon us, and upon our children" (Matt. xxvii, 25).

Peter was very clear and decided in accusing them of killing Jesus Christ, and now for the fourth time he repeats it (Acts ii, 23, 24; iii, 14, 15; iv, 10; v, 30, 31) and more often asserts the fact of His resurrection. As to obedience, there is only One to obey—"We ought to obey God rather than men." As in the case of Daniel's friends, there was no room for argument, but simply a matter of right or wrong, and the wrong they would not do. Peter did not hesitate to declare that the risen and exalted Prince and Saviour would give even to them repentance and forgiveness of sins if they desired it and said that the Holy Spirit stood with them in this testimony (verses 31, 32).

Peter's testimony so angered them that they were ready to kill the apostles, but the counsel of Gamaliel saved the situation, and after beating the apostles and repeating the command not to speak in the name of Jesus they let them go. They went forth rejoicing to be counted worthy to suffer shame for His sake, and daily in the temple and from house to house they ceased not to teach and preach Jesus Christ (41, 42). This is the fearlessness and devotion we all need.

## DO YOUR VERY BEST.

Be Earnest and Thorough and You Are Bound to Succeed.

There is a feature of Dickens' character which cannot be too often or too seriously insisted upon, and that is his intense earnestness and thoroughness in everything he did. He said to me more than once:

"My dear boy, do everything at your best. If you do that neither I nor any one else can find fault with you, even if you fail. For myself, I can honestly say that I have taken as great pains with the smallest thing I ever did as with the biggest."

In giving advice to a young author he said on one occasion:

"If you want your public to believe in what you write you must believe in it yourself. When I am describing a scene I can as distinctly see what I am describing as I can see you now. So real are my characters to me that on one occasion I had fired upon the course which one of them was to pursue. The character, however, got hold of me and made me do exactly the opposite to what I had intended, but I was so sure that he was right and I was wrong that I let him have his own way."

Whatever he did either in work or at play he always gave of his very best. He hated slackness or half heartedness in any shape or form.—Harper's Weekly.

## Futility of Argument.

Plato defined man as "a two legged animal without feathers." Diogenes, who heard this, plucked a cock. "This is Plato's man," said he. But never you think the old timer lacked a "come-back." He added to his original definition the words, "With broad flat nails." Such is the futility of argument.—Springfield Republican.

## Justice.

A Sunday school teacher had been telling her class of little boys about crowns of glory and heavenly rewards for good people.

"Now, tell me," she said at the close of the lesson, "who will get the biggest crown?"

There was a silence for a minute or two; then a bright little chap piped out:

"'Im wot's got t' biggest 'ead.'—London Tit-Bits.

## EVERY MONTH MANY WOMEN

Take ZUTOO Tablets and are free of the Gripping Pain and Sick Headaches.

Read what Mrs. Wright says: "I received your sample of Zutoo Tablets, and took them for severe pain (monthly) and headache. At the end of 30 minutes, I was entirely free of pain and experienced no more throughout the period. I suffer a great deal at these times and feel grateful that I have a remedy which affords quick relief. Every woman in the land should know about Zutoo Tablets and what they will do."

Mrs. ALLEN WRIGHT, Fulford, Que.

## TAKE ZUTOO

## Origin of a Phrase.

The phrase "First in war, first in peace," etc., referring to George Washington, originated with Henry Lee of Virginia. In a resolution introduced in the house of representatives he had recommended that a committee be appointed to consider the most suitable manner of paying honor to the memory of the man "First in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his fellow citizens." The phrase was again used in a speech in praise of General Washington made by Mr. Lee in 1790, but this time the word "countrymen" was substituted for "fellow citizens."—Philadelphia Press.

## Congratulations.

"What a beautiful woman!" "I'm glad you think so. That is my wife." "I congratulate you, old man. It must be a pleasure to lose every argument to a woman like that."—Baltimore American.

## SALLOW SKIN

is one of the greatest foes of womanly beauty. It is quickly cleared by correcting the cause—sluggish liver—with the aid of the gently stimulating, safe and dependable remedy—

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Worth a Guinea a Box  
Directions with Every Box of Special Value to Women  
Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

## That Genius Whistler.

Of Whistler Lady St. Heller in "Memories of Fifty Years" writes thus: "He was a genius and had all the defects and qualities of one. To him everything was a joke, the subject of a bonnet. The lightest and daintiest of persiflage was what he excelled in, and one never had a dull moment in his company. He was always late for dinner, arranging the immortal lock of gray hair in its proper place as he came into the room, with apologies and excuses, none of them true, of which he was perfectly conscious and also that they were not believed. Wherever he was there would be a circle listening to him, and his ringing laugh would be heard all over the room as he sent his shafts right and left into the joints of the armor of those who were attacking him. It was a great surprise and almost a shock when he appeared as a benedict."

## NOT ENOUGH CHILDREN

ever receive the proper balance of food to sufficiently nourish both body and brain during the growing period when nature's demands are greater than in mature life. This is shown in so many pale faces, lean bodies, frequent colds, and lack of ambition.

For all such children we say with unmistakable earnestness: They need Scott's Emulsion, and need it now. It possesses in concentrated form the very food elements to enrich their blood. It changes weakness to strength; it makes them sturdy and strong and active.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

## Soho Square, London.

Soho is perhaps the most curiously derived place name in London. According to Samuel Pegge, the antiquary, Soho square, which has given a name to the district, was first called Monmouth square when the ill fated Duke of Monmouth had a house there. Upon the duke's defeat and execution in 1685 the square was ordered to be called King's square, and a statue of King Charles II. was set up in the middle of it. But the partisans of the Duke of Monmouth, wishing to preserve a distant remembrance of their leader, called it Soho square, from "Soho!" a hunting cry adopted by the duke as his watchword at the battle where he was taken prisoner.—London Saturday Review.

## The One Advantage.

"Traded your motor boat for an aeroplane, eh? What's the idea?" "Well, there's this about an aeroplane—even if the engine does break down, you're bound to land somewhere."—St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Friends are lost by calling often and calling seldom.—Swift.

## \$1,000.00 REWARD

For information that will lead to the discovery of whereabouts of the person or persons suffering from Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Mouth and Throat, Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Bladder Troubles, Special Ailments, and Chronic or Complicated Complaints who cannot be cured at The Ontario Medical Institute, 263-265 Yonge St., Toronto. Correspondence invited

## The Right Time.

The right time to reach the members of the family is when they are at home, and the right way to reach them is, through the advertising columns of the paper that goes into the homes. There are other methods of advertising that enjoy a certain transitory popularity, because they are new or novel, but the oldest, wisest and most successful advertisers tie their faith to the home newspaper. When people are away from their homes, there are a thousand things to divert their attention, but an advertisement read in the quiet of the family circle will be read and remembered.



## Gordon Craig SOLDIER OF FORTUNE

By RANDALL PARRISH  
Copyright, 1915, by A. C. McClurg & Co.

There was a long, painful silence, during which I stared out into the dark, mechanically guiding the boat, although every thought centered on her motionless figure. What should I say? How was I to approach her now? Those were long minutes I sat there, speechless, gazing straight ahead, my brain inert, my hand hard on the tiller. Suddenly, with a swift thrill which sent my blood leaping, I felt the soft touch of her fingers.

"Are you afraid to speak to me?" she asked pleadingly. "Surely I have said nothing to anger you."  
"No, it is not that," I returned in confusion, not knowing how to express the cause of my hesitancy.  
"I am sorry—yes," very slowly, "but perhaps not as you suppose. It is hard to think of him as dead—killed so suddenly, without opportunity to think or make any preparation. He—he was my husband under the law. That was all. He was no more. I do not believe I ever loved him. My marriage was but the adventure of a romantic girl, but if I once did his subsequent abuse of me, his life of dissipation, obliterated long since every recollection of that love. He is to me scarcely more than a name, an unhappy memory. I told you that frankly when I believed him still alive. We were friends then, you and I, and I cannot conceive why his death should sever our friendship."

"Don't," I burst forth impetuously. "You talk of friendship when all my hope centers about another term. Surely you understand. I am a man sorely tempted and dare not yield to temptation."  
She drew her hand away from my clasp, yet the very movement seemed to express regret.

"And we are to be friends no longer? Is that your meaning?"  
"You must answer that question," I replied gravely, "for it is beyond my power to decide."

Her head was again uplifted, and I knew she was endeavoring to see my face through the gloom.

"I am a woman," she said, "and we like to pretend to misunderstand, but I am not going to yield to that inclination. I do understand and will answer frankly. We can never be friends as we were before."  
My heart sank, and I felt a choke in my voice difficult to overcome.

"I was afraid it would be so."  
"Yes," and both her hands were upon mine, "in our position we cannot afford to play at cross purposes. You have been loyal to me even when every inducement was offered elsewhere. I permitted myself to come south with you, knowing your purpose to be an illegal one. I placed myself in a false position. In doing this I was actuated by two purposes. One was to save this property which had been willed to my husband by his father. Do you guess the other?"

"No," I said, impressed by the earnestness with which she was speaking. "You will tell me?"  
"I mean to; the time has come when I should. It was that I might save you from a crime. You had been kind to me, sympathetic. I—I liked you very much, and I knew you did not understand; that you were being misled. I could not determine then where the fraud was, but I knew there was fraud and that you would eventually become its victim."

"You cared that much for me?"  
"Yes," she confessed frankly, "I did. I would never have told you so under ordinary conditions. But I can now, here, where we are—alone together in this boat." She paused, as though endeavoring to choose the proper words. "We both realize the changed relations between us."

I drew a quick, startled breath. "That—that I love you!" the exclamation left my lips before I was aware. "Yes," she said calmly. "I could not help that. At first I never deemed such a result of our friendship possible. I was Philip Henley's wife, and I gave this possible danger scarcely a thought. Indeed, it did not seem a danger. While it is true he was husband in name only, yet I was wife forever. That is my religion. Now the conditions are all changed, instantly changed, by his death."

"You believe, then, he is dead?"  
"I am sure of it as though I had seen his body. I feel it to be true. Do you understand now why because of the fact we can no longer remain friends?"

"Yes," I burst forth, "because you know how I have grown to feel toward you. You—you resent?"  
"Have I said so?"

"No, not in words. That was not necessary, but I understand."

"Do you, indeed?"  
I stared toward her, puzzled, bewildered, yet conscious that the hot blood was surging through my veins.

"You cannot mean the other?" I questioned. "That—that you love me?"  
"And why not? Am I so different from other women?"

I held the tiller still with one hand, but the other arm was free, and I reached out and drew her toward me. There was no resistance, no effort to break away. I could see her face uplifted, the wide open eyes.

### CHAPTER XVII.

The Revenue Cutter.

It could not have been long, not to exceed a moment or two, when a sudden leaping of the boat brought us back to a realization of our position. As soon as I had regained control of the craft I reached out again and touched her hand.

"This is all so strange, so unexpected, I can scarcely comprehend what has occurred."

"Strange, yes, in the way it has happened," she coincided. "But we cannot afford to dwell upon that now. We are in peril. Do you really know where we are—for what you are steering?"

"It is largely a guess. There is nothing to give me guidance except as I unscrew the face of this compass and feel the needle."

"Then we may still be within view from the deck of the Sea Gull at daybreak?"  
"Yes. That will depend entirely upon luck."

"Why, look there!" she exclaimed quickly. "See—to the right! Merciful heavens! It is a ship!"

It was hard to determine the nature of the vessel, the sides looming close above us, but it was not the Sea Gull. I was certain of that from the height of the rail and the outline of a square foremast showing dimly against the sky. I called out:

"Aho! there! Take us aboard!"  
I shouted twice before a head popped over the rail and stared down in apparent amazement.

"Hullo, the boat! Who are you? What do you want?"

"Small boat adrift; two passengers. Throw us a rope!"

"All right! Stand by!"  
I could hear his voice up above shouting orders. There was a rush of feet, and a rope's end fell within reach. The head bobbed over the rail again, and a moment later I had helped her up a swaying boarding ladder and felt the solid deck under my feet.

The intense darkness puzzled me, not a gleam of light showing anywhere. Suddenly a hand touched my arm.

"This way, sir. Help the lady aft. The deck is clear."

"What kind of a boat is this?" she whispered.

"I'm sure I don't know. Not big enough for a passenger liner."

We were at the head of the companion stairs and descended carefully, clinging to the rail. The officer, groping in the darkness, opened a door at the bottom and hurried us into the lighted cabin. Facing us, one hand resting on the table, stood a short, sturdy man in uniform. He began questioning.

"Who are you? How did you come to be adrift in these waters? Answer up, sir. You're no fisherman."

"We escaped from a vessel last evening, sir."

"What do you mean by escaped—run away?"

"Yes, sir. And I stepped aside so he could see her more clearly. 'We were being held as prisoners.'"

His eyes flashed to her face, rested an instant, and then his cap was in his hand.

"This is the revenue cutter Saline, which I have the honor to command. Mr. Smith, assist the lady to a chair and have the steward bring a glass of wine. Now, sir, are you ready to answer?"

"I am. We were prisoners on board the Sea Gull. It is a long story, involving a will, in which the master of that vessel was interested. We escaped in a small boat last evening and have been floating about since."

"The Sea Gull? Do you remember the name, Mr. Smith?"

"No, sir. Perhaps a description?"

"A schooner rigged steam yacht," I explained briefly, "clearing from New Orleans for Santiago. She is en route to Spanish Honduras, with munitions of war."

"Exactly, under command of a man named Henley. Smith, this sounds too good to be true."

He walked across the cabin twice, thinking, not even glancing up as he passed us. Suddenly he stopped, facing me.

"Where did he get you two?"

"In a bayou off the Alabama coast."

"And you got away last evening—how?"

He walked back and forth as I reviewed the events swiftly. I hardly think he asked so much as a single question, his eyes upon my face and then upon the face of the girl.

"A rather strange tale," he commented when I had concluded, "and perhaps the whole is not told. However, that is none of my affair. Now, listen. This is a revenue cutter. Four days ago I intercepted this boat on which you two were prisoners. We haven't even sighted the vessel, and if we did would be perfectly helpless, as she can steam three knots to our one. Only some streak of wonderfully good luck would ever enable us to capture her. I half believe you are the good luck, if you do what I suggest."

"What?" I asked. "I will be willing. Would you need Mrs. Henley also?"

"Yes," and he turned to the officer. "It is not a very complicated plan, but we will try it. I don't think Henley will leave these waters without an effort to recover his boat and prisoners. He will want those papers and revenge on Craig here. He has no warning that we are after him. I believe the fellow will cruise about in the same neighborhood until daylight. All we have to do is lay a trap—the boat's trap."

"You mean conceal a squad of men in the bottom and send it adrift again?"

"Exactly; lower the mast, as though

Craig here had been unable to step it, or better still, leave it overboard. The loss of weight will give room for another man. Then cover the lads over with the canvas. They will never suspect the ruse on the Sea Gull or study it out through glasses. They'll simply recognize their boat and steer for it."

"The fighting odds will be pretty heavy, sir," said Smith soberly.

"We must trust to surprise and get the crew below fastened down before an alarm is sounded on board. A dozen armed men ought to clear the decks. How do you look at the affair, Craig? Will the plan work?"

"I am not sure I understand exactly what is proposed, sir."

"My thought is that this man Henley will be sufficiently anxious to get hold of you two again and regain those papers, so that he will steam about slowly all night, hoping to get sight of the missing boat at daylight. He has no means of knowing that the revenue officers are after him. If he lights us at daybreak he'll make a run and show us a clean pair of heels. He'd be hull down in five hours, for this is a slow old tub. Now, what I propose is this, and the captain counted off the points on his fingers. 'There is about an hour of darkness left—sufficient to enable me to run this cutter in behind Cosmos Island safely out of sight. In the meanwhile we'll dismantle that small boat a bit, slip a dozen good men under the canvas and turn her adrift.'"

"And you wish me to go also?"  
"Yes; if you will."

"And Mrs. Henley?"

"That would be the only way to allay suspicion on the Sea Gull."

I hesitated, half turning so as to look at her.

"You wish to say yes?" she asked quietly. "You believe the plan will succeed?"

"It sounds feasible."

She glanced toward the waiting captain and then back into my face.

"Then I will go, of course," she said smilingly. "Let us not discuss it any more."

The captain stepped forward, bowing, bare headed.

"Most bravely spoken," he said soberly. "I owe you a debt, madam. Mr. Smith, have the boat prepared at once to carry out my idea."

"To leave the impression that an incompetent seaman had been in charge of it through the night, sir?"

"Exactly. The mast overboard and the canvas stowed badly."

"Yes, sir; a big sheet."

"Bunch it so as to leave all the space possible; leave the jib set; it will help conceal the men. Send Lieutenant Hutton here."

"He will have command of the party?"

"Yes; let him pick his own men and then report to me; arm them with a revolver apiece. Be lively about it."

The dawn broke gray and desolate. I sat at the tiller, grasping one of her hands in mine and staring anxiously about the broadening circle. The boat in which we rode, while buoyant enough, still bore the outward appearance of a wreck, the broken stump of a mast barely showing sufficiently high to support the flapping jib, and the wet canvas of the mainsail completely concealing everything forward. The men were lying low, so completely hidden as to be invisible even to us, but the lieutenant sat upright, with head above the mass of sail, and was scanning the sea with glasses.

"Hadin't seen you before," he said to me. "Dark when we came over the side, you know. Bad morning."

"The fog is lifting. What is that black mass out there?"

"Cosmos Island." And he turned his lenses the other way. "The next ten minutes will give us a clear view."

I looked at her, noting how tired her eyes appeared in the gray light, although they smiled courageously.

"You are so tired?"

"No more than you, I am sure. Why I have done nothing except to stay awake. You have had all the work and worry. It will not be long now."

"No; we shall know in a few minutes if the Sea Gull is standing by hunting us. If she shows up, you must do exactly as I say. You promise that?"

"Of course," and the clasp of her hand tightened. "You have no reason to doubt me."

The lieutenant's eyes were on the widening sea line and I bent down and pressed my lips to her bare arm. I glanced up again into flushed cheeks.

"Craig," exclaimed the lieutenant suddenly, "that must be the fellow off there to port! Here, try the glasses—just where the cloud is lifting a bit."

I recognized her instantly.

"That's the Sea Gull, and by heavens, they are keeping a sharp lookout on board. See! She is swinging on her head already; they've sighted us!"

He grasped the glass and stared out through it in silence for several minutes. Then he thrust it into a pocket and settled back out of sight behind the canvas screen.

"You have called the turn," he said quietly, "and the dance is about to begin. Unshy your rudder and let it go. Let them think you are wrecked, helpless to escape, and they will be more careless. You men there, loosen your guns and be ready to scale a ship's side in a jiffy, but lie perfectly still until I give the word." He turned his head.

"You understand what you are to do, Craig, you and the lady?"

"I think so. We are to obey Henley's orders and go on board."

"Yes, but do something as soon as you reach the deck to attract attention and get them away from the rail. Try and get the lady as far astern as possible, for there is likely to be some fighting. Are you frightened, miss?"

"No," although her voice trembled from excitement. "You need not worry about me."

"All right, then. I shall not wait for any signal. Now, listen, men; these are my last orders. When I say go get up any way you can and hit the first man you see. Hit hard, but no shooting unless they use firearms. But fight like devils and do it quick. They outnumber us three to one. Marton, you and Simms take the stoke hold and the forecastle. Keep those fellows below down with your revolvers. Shoot if you need to. The rest of you stick close to me. All clear, ladies?"

"Aye, aye, sir," returned the muffled voices from beneath the canvas. I unshipped the rudder, letting it disappear noiselessly beneath the waves, and the boat's head swung slowly around, and we drifted helplessly, the jib flapping. In low monotone, without turning my head, I managed to convey my observations to the motionless officer.

"She's heading straight toward us under low pressure. There are two men on the bridge and a lookout on the bow. Now she's swinging to port to bring up close. There's a group at the rail near the starboard gangway; about ten, I should say. Can you see, Viola?"

"Twelve," she answered quietly, "and three forward. The third man at the rail is the captain, and he has a glass."

"By George, you are right! I recognize the fellow now. Broussard is on the bridge. They expect no trouble, lieutenant, and only have the regular watch on deck. They are getting too close for me to talk any more."

It was quite evident that Henley perceived nothing to arouse suspicion, for with a swing like a hawk the Sea Gull bore down upon us, the engines slowing and then reversed. We were staring up into the faces that looked curiously down at us.

"Hard down!" yelled the captain, motioning with one arm. "Plug her, man! Now, you army bound," he called to me, "catch that rope and make fast."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

### FIRST SILVER WEDDING.

It Was Arranged by Hugues Capet, King of France, in 987.

The fashion of silver weddings dates back to the reign of Hugues Capet, king of France, in 987. Once as Hugues was arranging his uncle's affairs, he found on one of the estates a servant who had grown gray in the service of his relative. On the farm with this old man was also a serving woman, who was as old as he and also unmarried, who had been the most devoted and hardworking of the women servants of the king's uncle. When the king heard these praises of the two he ordered them to be brought before him and said to the woman:

"Your service is great, greater than this man's, whose services were great enough, for the woman always finds work and obedience harder than a man, and therefore I will give you a reward. At your age I know of none better than a dowry and a husband. The dowry is here—this farm from this time forth belongs to you. If this man who has worked with you five and twenty years is willing to marry you then the husband is ready."

"Your majesty," stuttered the old peasant confusedly, "how is it possible that we should marry, having already silver hairs?"

"Then it shall be a silver wedding," answered the king, "and here I give you a wedding ring," drawing a costly ring from his finger and placing the hands of the thankful old people together.

This soon became known all over France and raised such enthusiasm that it became a fashion after twenty-five years of married life to celebrate a silver wedding.

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### A KNOCKOUT BLOW.

Curious Experience of a Boxer Who Got One, Yet Fought On.

Many and varied stories are told of boxing, but few are better than that describing the nauseating effect of a knockout blow. Some blows deprive the victim of all sense of surroundings, but leave him power to continue the contest. He boxes in a mechanical way and is oblivious of all things taking place around him.

A queer freak of this nature happened in Apollo hall, Chicago, more than fifteen years ago. Andy Daly, a Boston lightweight, was boxing Joe Galligan, an Italian boxer of Chicago, the decision to be given at the end of six rounds. Daly was a clever boxer with a good punch, while Galligan, although he could not boast of the cleverness of his opponent, had a dangerous right hand blow. For four rounds Daly had the better of the contest. Early in the fifth session the Boston lightweight became careless, and Galligan, taking advantage of an opening, sent over his right to Daly's jaw. The clever boxer took the count of eight, sat up, rubbed his eyes, regained his feet and finished the round. He continued the sixth session, displaying no ill effects as a result of the blow. Galligan made a strong finish, but Daly gave blow for blow and won a draw.

Daly went to his dressing room and put on his street clothes. Emil Thiry, who managed Packey McFarland, was manager of Daly then and was with him after the contest. Just before they left the room Daly called Thiry to him and said:

"Now, Emil, I'm going to ask you a question, and I don't want you to laugh at me. It's no laughing matter with me at all. You'll think it strange, I suppose; but this is what I want to know: Who won the fight?"

"Which fight?" Thiry asked in surprise.

"My fight, of course," Daly retorted. "Why, it was a draw and you did well after that bad fifth round." Thiry answered. "Didn't you hear the decision?"

"I don't remember a thing after the fourth round," Daly answered. "The reason I went into that other room just now was to overhear something about the bout without having to ask any questions. Nobody said anything, and that is why I had to ask you. I was afraid I had been knocked out."

New York Times.

All His Fortune.

One day before his marriage the Rev. Sydney Smith ran into the room where his fiancée was, flung into her lap six small teaspoons which "from much wear had become the ghosts of their former selves" and said, "There, Kate, you lucky girl, I give you all my fortune." He gave her, however, what he did not mention, his fine character and great talent and in every way proved himself an excellent husband.

A Woman Rat Catcher.

At least once a woman has held the position of rat catcher to the king of England. A warrant issued in 1672 by the master of the ordinance states that "whereas Elizabeth Wickley is employed in killing of Rattes and other Vermin, in and about His Ma'te's stores and Houses in ye Tower of London, I have therefore thought fit to allow her ye sum of Eight Pounds per annum."

Knowledge Gained by Experience.

During the last school year a teacher in the Indianapolis schools asked her pupils to tell her which was most important, to keep the face or the teeth clean and why. One of her small boys replied without a moment's hesitation: "Your teeth, 'cause they'll rot off, and your face won't."—Indianapolis News.

### Why the Admiral Was Better.

It was of her uncle, Admiral Rous, the famous racing man, of whom Lady Cardigan told the following story. Mrs. Rous, it appears, was very dictatorial. "And I remember," said Lady Cardigan, "one day after her death calling to inquire how my uncle was. Indeed, my lady," said the servant, "I may say the admiral is a deal better since Mrs. Rous' death."—London Globe.

His Handicap.

"One of the penalties of approaching age is clumsiness," confessed Merion Moore, on whose head the frosts of time have been sitting down for quite a spell. "When I move carefully about a room I knock over five things on an average, and when I am especially careful I knock over ten."—Judge.

And So It Is.

"What do you consider the greatest human paradox?"

A secret session of a woman's club.—Philadelphia Ledger.

## The Wretchedness of Constipation

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