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CLOUDY AND MILD

TWO CENTS

FATHEFUL AND EFFICIENT SERVICE HAS BEEN GIVEN CANADA BY GOVERNMENT

Financial Record of Meighen Government Through Terrible War Period Was Clean and Honest—Not One Criticism of Wrongdoing, Says Premier, and It Is His Object to Get Before the Public the Government's Record in the Past and Its Policies for the Future.

Chesley, Ont., Nov. 29.—(Canadian Press Staff Correspondent)—Another strenuous day was added to the long procession comprising the present election campaign when Premier Meighen spoke at Tera this morning, motored 23 miles to Hanover this afternoon and addressed another large meeting in the night and here evening. Following yesterday's strenuous work when he addressed four meetings in Owen Sound, Mr. Meighen was somewhat fatigued, but he nevertheless came through today successfully. Civic welcomes were tendered to the Premier both at Hanover and Chesley.

Record of Government
Premier Meighen promised his speech by saying that his sole idea was to get before the people of Canada the record of the Government in the past and its policies for the future. He was making no "begging appeal" for support on personal grounds. Canada had been served faithfully and efficiently through its hour of trial, said the Premier.

He defended the expenditures of the Government during its financial record through a terrible war period, a period of quick decisions and vast expenditures was clean and honest.

Burden On The Rich
Discussing taxation imposed by the Government, Premier Meighen once more stated that the farmers of Canada paid less than one per cent of the income tax. The Government had never discriminated against the farmers.

Little Interest In Caldwell Meeting Held In Andover
Headline Speaker Failed to Show Up—Makeshifts Couldn't Hold Audience.

Special to The Standard.
Andover, N. B., Nov. 29.—A meeting in the interests of Thomas W. Caldwell, was held in this town last evening. The speaker booked for the evening were Mr. Caldwell, Hon. W. P. Jones, J. W. Corry and R. W. Donnings. The Hon. Mr. Jones, the solicitor for the Woodstock branch of the United Farmers, failed to put in an appearance, due possibly to the fact that Mr. Jones previously spoke in Mr. Caldwell's interest at a meeting held at Grand Falls, where he confined himself to a discussion of provincial politics, a course which was not appreciated by the townsfolk who did not approve of his mingling the local issues with those of the Dominion.

Those who did speak were J. W. Corry, Mr. Caldwell and R. W. Donnings. Mr. Corry, who is supposed to be a farmer, has for the past two years, paid little or no attention to farming, but has been devoting most of his time to the lucrative past-time of jobbing fertilizer to the farmers of Carleton-Victoria.

Mr. Donnings, up to the past few weeks, was a provincial liquor inspector, but was dismissed by the local government at Fredericton.

The attendance at last night's meeting was fairly good, but the three speakers confined their remarks to a criticism of the Federal Government, and failed to impress, or even interest, their hearers, and owing to Mr. Jones' failure to appear, the people began to leave early. It was stated at the meeting that the Meighen Government were endeavoring to divide Canada by stating that what was good for the western farmers was not suitable for those of the east. But the farmers of Carleton-Victoria are fast realizing that the Crerar-Wood policy is not suited to mixed farming, and in consequence are desirous of the United Farmers party, and this together with the financial loss experienced by many of the farmers as stock holders in the United Farmers' co-operative stores, is leading them back to a belief in the two party system of government as that best suited to the interests of the country.

Many are rallying to the support of the Hon. B. F. Smith, who is one of the largest farmers in the two counties, as well as a large dealer in farm produce, and who has already found many avenues of trade for the farmers of Carleton-Victoria.

It is practically conceded that a man with the ability and knowledge of Mr. Smith will have little difficulty in defeating Mr. Caldwell, who for three sessions sat in Parliament

On the contrary it had discriminated in their favor. "It would be impossible for me to turn against the farmer as to turn against my own flesh and blood," he declared. He also emphasized his firm belief in co-operative organizations among the farmers, but he insisted that as soon as these organizations entered the field of politics they were doomed to failure.

When the Premier started to discuss the charge that the Government was in league with big interests, a voice sang out: "Who are the big interests going to support?"

"I understand that Mr. Carl Riordon is supporting Sir Lomer Gouin, but I don't know," replied the Premier. He went on to give his usual explanation of the matter, emphasizing that the government could not possibly lose a cent. In 1914-1915 the government had advanced \$14,000,000 to farmers to buy seed grain. To this day \$4,000,000 of this amount remained unpaid drawing interest at five and six per cent. Did this look as if the Government had one yard-stick for the big interests and another for the farmer? he asked.

King's Duplicity.
Referring to the tariff platform of R. E. Trux, former member and Liberal candidate in the riding, the Premier said Mr. Trux was "walking a tight rope when he wrote that platform."

"Because of his campaign of flagrant duplicity Mr. King is not entitled to anybody's votes," he continued. He expressed the belief that when the first returns of the British protective tariff were published the average duty of that country would prove to be higher than the average in Canada. He and all the candidates of this party adopted a policy of moderate protection.

Teachers Resign Positions In New Westminster
Action Taken in Protest to Alleged Unfair Treatment in Matter of Salaries.

New Westminster, B. C., Nov. 29.—The resignation of eighty-seven teachers from the high, technical and public schools of the city were accepted last night by the Board of School Trustees. The resignations, which take effect Dec. 31, were handed in last week as a protest by the teachers against alleged unfair treatment in the matter of salaries. A motion to dismiss six teachers, who had not handed in their resignations, was dismissed.

Carleton-Victoria Standing Nobly By Gov't Candidate
Farmers of Garden Counties Will Give B. Frank Smith Majority Vote.

Special to The Standard.
Andover, Nov. 29.—A rousing meeting in the interests of the Meighen Government and the Government candidate for Carleton-Victoria, was held last night at Carletonville, Victoria county.

The meeting was largely attended by the farmers of that district who listened to an intelligent discussion of the issues of the day, and of the superiority of the Meighen platform as compared to that of Mackenzie King and Crerar in addresses delivered by the Conservative candidate, the Hon. B. F. Smith, and C. H. Elliot.

The feeling is growing day by day for Mr. Smith, who, it is conceded, will be given an overwhelming vote at the polls on December sixth.

Australia To Aid Peoples of Central Europe
London, Nov. 29.—(Canadian Press Cable)—A cable from the Reuters correspondent at Melbourne says that Premier Hughes has announced to the Australian House of Representatives that the Government has decided to contribute \$250,000 worth of wheat and wheat to relieve the starving peoples of Central Europe.

without securing a single advantage for the farmers of the Maritime Provinces.

REPRESENTING HONEST GOV'T



The Men—Leaders of a Party That the Country Trusted in War and Will Trust in Times of Peace.

Men of National Reputation Throwing Their Weight on Scales for Premier Meighen

Special to The Standard.
Ottawa, Ont., Nov. 29.—For thirty years Isaac Campbell, K. C. of Winnipeg, has been the most respected and most influential Liberal west of Ontario. He has had the complete confidence of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Unable, through illness, to take the platform in support of Hon. Arthur Meighen, he has issued the following statement: "I am supporting George N. Jackson for South Winnipeg. Since the union in 1917 the Borden and Meighen Governments have done well. Their problems have been more difficult than Canada ever faced before. The problems still ahead give cause for anxiety. We need a steady, firm and consistent administration."

BATHURST AUDIENCE LOUDLY SHOUTS FOR SUCCESS OF THE MEIGHEN GOVERNMENT

Hon. Dr. Baxter, Minister of Customs, Clearly Shows Up Inconsistencies of Opposition Leaders, Declaring That King Has Sidestepped Every Issue of the Campaign, Hiding Behind Generalities—Asks Support of Electorate for a Government That Can be Trusted to Do Country's Business—J. B. Hachey Reviews Work Done by Government for Gloucester County.

Bathurst, Nov. 29.—Hon. J. B. M. Baxter speaks in town. The Opera House was crowded to excess last Saturday evening when the Hon. J. B. M. Baxter was the principal speaker at a meeting held in support of the candidature of Mr. J. Edward Degrace, Conservative, of Shippegan, for the representation of the County of Gloucester seat. Mayor J. Bonnet Hachey presided over the gathering and with him on the platform were Mr. J. L. Ryan, Mr. Azed Landry, and Mr. George Gilbert. It was announced that Mr. Fauteux, Solicitor General, would also be present to address the meeting, but it was stated by the chairman that Mr. Fauteux had found it impossible to come.

Mayor Hachey, in introducing the speaker of the evening, said it was claimed by the Liberals that nothing had been done by the Conservative Government toward the progress of this section of the Dominion. He pointed out, however, that since the Conservatives came into power in 1911, they had done a great deal. It was the Conservative party that brought forward legislation by means of which one million dollars was donated to the Province of New Brunswick for the establishment of the permanent highway system. It was also during the regime of the Conservatives at Ottawa that a million dollars was granted for the development of the agricultural interests, it was the Conservatives, also, who gave proper effect to the rural mail delivery system, and, regardless of what the Liberals might say to the contrary, it was the Conservative party that had

Perjury Charged In Arbuckle Case
San Francisco, Cal., Nov. 29.—District Attorney Brady today said drawn up a warrant charging Mrs. Minnie Neighbors, of Los Angeles, a domestic witness, with perjury. He announced he would take the warrant before a superior judge to have it sworn to.

Ends Brief Career As Pickpocket
New York, Nov. 29.—Elmer Williams ended a brief career as a pickpocket today when he was arrested while making his first dip into a woman's pocket for a purse that contained nine cents and a subway ticket.

CONSTITUENCY OF ROYAL WILL RALLY LOYALLY TO SUPPORT OF GEO. B. JONES

At Meeting in Sussex the Theatre Was Crowded to Capacity With An Audience Enthusiastic to Highest Pitch by Addresses of Hon. Dr. Baxter and the Gov't Candidate, Geo. B. Jones—Minister of Customs and Excise Punctured the Armor of Mackenzie King, and Showed Up His Fallacious Statements—Mr. Jones Made His Position Clear on Questions at Issue.

Sussex, Nov. 29.—Hon. J. B. M. Baxter, Minister of Customs and Excise, in the Dominion Government, and George B. Jones, Conservative candidate for this constituency, were greeted with spontaneous and prolonged applause at the meeting held here this evening in the Opera House. The audience which turned out overtaxed the capacity of the theatre, and so marked was the enthusiasm that there is no doubt that Sussex and the entire constituency of Royal will rally loyally to the support of the candidate of the Meighen Government, George B. Jones.

The remarks of Hon. Dr. Baxter and the Conservative candidate made the profoundest impression on the gathering, and when the Minister of Customs and Excise, in the course of a brilliant speech, asked the electors to send Mr. Jones to Ottawa, every man and woman in the hall cheered for several minutes, and it was some time before Hon. Dr. Baxter was able to resume his address. A most notable feature of the meeting was the large percentage of ladies present. The chairman for the occasion was W. J. Mills.

Mr. Jones' Prediction
George B. Jones, who was introduced by the chairman as the future member for Royal, pointed out that he only lived a very short distance from Sussex, and had lived in this district practically all his life, with the exception of two years which he had spent in Queens county. The candidate declared that he had observed that some of the opposition newspapers had developed the habit recently of making election predictions, and he desired to make one in reference to this constituency. Mr. Jones had, during the past seven weeks,

navigated through every parish, with the exception of two, and he believed that the electors would continue to support the Government by a very large majority. It had been stated in many circles that Hon. Dr. Hetherington had assured Dr. McAllister that he would have a majority of 500 in Queens county, but, subsequently, those prognostications had been reduced to 300 and recently to 200. Mr. Jones stated that he felt certain that when the ballots were counted on the evening of December 6th he would have at least a majority of 200 in Queens county alone, notwithstanding the vain hopes and forecasts of the opposition.

Shows Where He Stands.
Mr. Jones proceeded to point out his relations with the Farmers' Party in New Brunswick. A large number of them had approached him early in the fall with the request that he should be their candidate. He had declared that he would be very glad to represent the farmers of the constituency, but that it was impossible for him to stand on the same platform with Mr. Crerar. Ninety per cent of his business had been with the farmers, and he would not for one moment stand for a policy that would be detrimental to their interests. The Wood-Crerar policy was alright for the grain growers of the Prairie Provinces, but it had absolutely no consideration for the real farmers of Eastern Canada. During the war Sir Robert Borden had forced that it would be for the best interests of the country to form a Union Government. With that end in view he had consulted Sir Wilfrid Laurier who declared that he would not enter the cabinet until he had conferred with his friends in the Province of Quebec.

(Continued on page 2)

Sailors Perfectly Willing To Have Fleets Cut Down
Earl Beatty Addresses Members of Lawyers' Club in New York City.

New York, Nov. 29.—Sailors are perfectly willing to have their fleets cut down, Admiral Earl Beatty today told members of the Lawyers' Club. Speaking at a luncheon tendered him before his return to England tomorrow on the Adriatic, the British naval officer said of the naval cuts proposed at the Washington arms conference: "Those who have served in the war have seen something of the devastation of war and the sacrifices of war. We have felt that whatever our duties are with regard to the navy, we have a higher and a greater duty to civilization and to the government and country which we serve. And that is, if it is possible, to make war impossible."

"I don't suppose there is a sailor in any service who has had the experience of war who does not wish to see disarmament come about, and I feel that if you will leave this question concerning naval disarmament to sailors, they will settle it in a way which will be eminently satisfactory to the powers of the world."

Credibility of Witnesses Attacked In Arbuckle Case
Prosecution Puts in Rebuttal to Cast Shadow of Doubt on Defense Evidence.

San Francisco, Nov. 29.—Internal organs of Miss Virginia Rappe were identified today in the trial of Roscoe C. Arbuckle, charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of Miss Rappe. The witnesses who identified the organs, including the butcher, were Michael J. Brown, a deputy coroner, and Dr. William Oppels, who performed a post-mortem examination of Miss Rappe. Rebuttal witnesses were placed on the stand by the prosecution when court resumed. The defense attorneys had announced that they had no other witnesses.

Charles Bourrows, a San Francisco publisher of a fraternal magazine, testified that the reputation of R. C. Harper, a defense witness, was "bad." Harper had testified he was a friend of Miss Rappe and had known her in Illinois and California, and that whenever she had taken intoxicating

liquors she complained of pains in her abdomen.

Henry Boyle, assistant manager of the Hotel St. Francis, where Miss Rappe is alleged to have been fatally injured while attending a party in Arbuckle's rooms, testified that two of the rooms involved had not been occupied between the time they were taken in charge by the police. One of the rooms is that in which Miss Rappe is said to have been injured.

Bomb Explosion In Belfast Kills One, Injures Two
Belfast, Nov. 29.—One woman was killed and two women were injured tonight in a bomb explosion. The bomb was thrown from a railroad embankment into the street in the Low Market district.

Woman Met Death When Fire Destroyed Family Residence
Sydney, N. S. W., Nov. 29.—Mary Lewis, 24 years old, met death when fire destroyed the family residence at Coxhead, three miles above Sydney, at an early hour today. The innocent barking of a watch dog, wakened Roger Lewis, the eldest brother of the deceased, who found the house in flames. He aroused the six other members of the family, who escaped in their night clothes. Mary Lewis was suffocated before she could be brought out. The cause of the fire is unknown.

"Joy Riding" Girl Thrown From Fast Moving Automobile
Montreal, Nov. 29.—A young woman, who gave the name of Alice Aubin, stating that she was 23 years old, and lived at 501 St. Denis street, was thrown from a fast moving automobile early today on St. Denis street, breaking her leg and receiving severe internal injuries. The machine did not stop. She was conveyed to the Notre Dame Hospital, where Dr. Fontaine said that she had told him that she had been "joy-riding."

CONSTITUENCY OF ROYAL WILL RALLY LOYALLY THE SUPPORT OF GEO. B. JONES

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(Continued from page 1)
On his return to Ottawa, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said that it was impossible for him to become a member of the Union Cabinet.
Hon. Mr. Crowe and Hon. Mr. Carvell were afterwards consulted and they and other leading Liberals had joined in the formation of a Union Government. It was also decided at a later date to grant a bonus to the Western farmers in order to encourage them to grow wheat on a large scale, but after the armistice had been signed, Hon. Mr. Crowe had approached his colleagues and asked them to make a fixed price on wheat for 1920 and 1921. This proposition was not entertained, and Mr. Crowe had left the Union Government and formed the Progressive party. It is conceded that had been made, it would have resulted in our paying \$13 today for flour in place of \$9 per barrel.

Liberal Innuendues
The Liberals, and members of the so-called Progressive Party, had been making vague insinuations regarding the conduct of the business of the country by the Government, but they were unable to point out one item of extravagance, or improper administration. Dr. McAllister had made a very rambling speech at Hampton on nomination day, and had referred to the purchase of horses in the early days of the war. Did not Dr. McAllister support the Union Government?
The members of the Opposition refer to the big increase declared by Mr. Jones. But let us examine the record of Mr. Crowe, the leader of the Progressive Party, the head of the Grain Growers' Association and he was one of the highest paid men in Canada. An investigation had been held which revealed that a subsidiary export company had been capitalized at \$200,000, but only \$100,000 had been actually invested in that concern. It had also been proved that the profits of that company for one year had amounted to \$655,000 in addition to which the Grain Growers' have a rest of \$500,000.

The speaker also pointed out the misrepresentation made by G. H. Perkins, the Progressive Candidate, who had declared that the duty on farm implements was 15 per cent. The average duty on farm implements coming into Canada was 15 per cent. Some implements, however, were permitted to come into this country free so that the total average duty was really only seven per cent.

Provincial Government's Work.
Mr. Jones then pointed out that on the evening previous to nomination day two cheques which he had in his possession from the Reicker and Lee Estates in Wickham for the amounts of \$15 and \$12 respectively. In the case of Mr. Reicker he had not earned that amount, and as regards Mr. Lee Jones he had not earned the amount of \$4. These cheques were signed by the acting Comptroller General and Dr. Hetherington. A similar thing had occurred previously in one instance a man residing at Wickham had received \$20 from the Provincial Government, although he had done no work of a Government nature for five years previous.

Telegraph Twisted Figures
Hon. Dr. Baxter referred to the article in the St. John Telegraph of today's date in which that paper had misstated a statement issued from Ottawa in regard to the probable number of seats which the Melchior Government would have in the next House of Commons. The statement, from the Capital City, had said that the Government would have not less than 100 seats and had not stated or intimated that in any way whatever it would have only that number. Furthermore, the Telegraph had assumed that all the representatives who were not decided in support of the Government would vote together. In other words, without intending to do it, the Telegraph had laid bare the arrangement as to the unity of both Opposition parties after the election for the purpose of obtaining control of the affairs of Canada. There was a great deal more truth than imagination in regard to such an arrangement. Mr. Mackenzie King had declared that there was so great a resemblance in the policies of the Liberal and Progressive parties that the latter should support the Liberal.

Dodge Issue
In Eastern Canada, and in industrial centers, the Liberals had dodged the tariff issue, but in rural communities they had asked the farmers to support their policy which called for free trade

SEVEN KILLED WHEN BUILDING COLLAPSED

Steel Girded Roof and One Wall Fall, Causing Deaths and Injuries.

New York, Nov. 29.—Collapse today of the steel-girded roof and one brick wall of a theatre under construction in Brooklyn killed at least seven workmen and injured more than a score.
Firemen and police working among the ruins tonight with axes, crow-bars and gas torches, may find more bodies than will bring the death toll to 15 or 20, according to one of the owners. Inside the building when the crash came were between 50 and 60 mechanics and laborers, putting the interior finishing work in place. Working on scaffolding swung from the roof girders and braced against the side walls of what was to be the auditorium, they had had time to escape, eye-witnesses said.
The owners, Samuel Moskowitz and Sylvester Rosenblatt, said the building was being constructed by them through sub-contractors. The owners, as well as the sub-contractors—six in number—were summoned before District Attorney Lewis, of Brooklyn, for questioning. The owners declared the work had frequently been approved by building inspectors.

Search of the ruins was possible only by gradual removal of the tons of twisted steel and terracotta finishing. Gradually, as the debris was sifted over, seven bodies were brought to light, many of them crushed beyond recognition.
The north wall of the building, falling away from the theatre, crashed down over a one-story building where two men and a woman were at lunch. All three were injured and had to be extricated by firemen, who cut away the beams which pinned them down.

policy that Canadian goods shall go through Canadian railways and through Canadian ports as soon as the Government had come into actual possession of the Grand Trunk Railway.
Sir Lomer Gouin, leader of the Quebec Liberals, were strongly opposed to ownership of the railways by the Government, while Mackenzie King expressed himself in favor of public ownership.
Where is the Liberal party hating on this question? asked Hon. Dr. Baxter. The Toronto Globe itself, has liberal upon Mr. King for some assurance that the policy of the Liberal leaders in Quebec will not be put into effect if that party happens to get into power.

There was every reason to believe, from the reports emanating from best of authority, that Mr. King could not have been in any way, in the main, called upon Mr. King for some assurance that the policy of the Liberal leaders in Quebec will not be put into effect if that party happens to get into power.

Free Trade Ruinous

Hon. Dr. Baxter then referred to an address delivered at Ottawa by Sir Auckland Geddes, in which the British Ambassador dealt with the question of the world's unrest. Sir Auckland Geddes had depicted men and women working in England under conditions that would be the destruction of Canadian industries. The industrial concerns of reducing the wages of the workers in order to compete with the foreign enterprises. No patriotic citizen of Canada should desire the reduction of the wages of our workmen to a starvation rate, and the Melchior Government would certainly oppose any such steps. The Minister of Customs also pointed out how the large industrial concerns of the United States had absorbed the smaller ones, and declared that Canadian plants would likewise suffer destruction at the hands of the large American companies resulting in large unemployment in this country by the closing down of our industries.

Canada is proud of her war department, declared the Minister of Customs, and our citizens voted for the prosecution of the war and the necessary expenditures. The money which we now owe in the shape of our war debt, enables us to provide proper support, clothing and other requirements for our soldiers who fought overseas for the liberty and freedom of the world. It was necessary now to raise money to meet this war debt and the income and business taxes resulted in the apportioning of the cost of the department in a manner that each man was assessed according to his means only.

Citizens of Mons Still Miffed of Canadians

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—The citizens of Mons still remember the Canadian cablegram circulated in the following columns received by the Canadian Government from Burgomaster Leclerc. The cable follows:
"Thanks to the officers and soldiers of the gallant Canadian army, we remember with gratitude that we owe our liberation to them."
The message was dispatched from Mons on November 11.

ULSTER WILLING TO DISCUSS OTHER PROPOSALS LOOKING TO AN IRISH SETTLEMENT

Sinn Fein Delegates Summoned to Consult With Lloyd George and His Ministers to Hear New Proposals—If Approved They Will be Submitted to Ulster.

London, Nov. 29.—An anxious day in the negotiations, designed for the pacification of Ireland, ended tonight with the signing of a complete collapse of the parleys might still be averted.
Sir James Craig, Premier of Ulster, was being summoned to appear before the Northern Parliament in Belfast that Ulster had absolutely refused to accept an all-Ireland Parliament, headed by the Sinn Fein delegation. But he announced Ulster's willingness to discuss other proposals of an Irish settlement, if they were submitted by next Tuesday.
David Lloyd George, the Prime Minister, immediately summoned the Sinn Fein delegates to consult with him and his Ministers to hear new proposals which, if they met with the approval of the Sinn Fein, will be presented to the Ulster officials before next Tuesday. The nature of the alternative proposals will not be divulged, pending their consideration by the Sinn Fein.
The situation still is very critical, owing to the double deadlock—Ulster refusing to enter an all-Ireland Parliament, and the Sinn Fein steadily refusing to yield on the question of the Sinn Fein in the crown. The negotiations, however, have not been broken off and may be continued on a new basis. Eamon De Valera has left Dublin for a tour of his constituency.

All-Ireland Parliament Impossible.
In his address before the Northern Parliament today Sir James Craig informed the members—as he had told the British House of Commons on the first day he met them, which he described as "Black Saturday"—that such a scheme as an all-Ireland Parliament was "impossible."
On the other hand, the Sinn Fein is insistent upon the unity of Ireland and

NEW ENGLAND HOPEFUL THAT WORST IS OVER

All of Places Affected by Storm Are Still in Darkness.

Boston, Nov. 29.—Word from the weather bureau tonight, the storm which has held Central New England in its grip for four days was about over, brought hope tonight to many cities and towns that they would be able soon to have light, power and normal telephone and telegraph services which have been interrupted for two days. All of the places affected, forty of them, in the vicinity of this city, were again in darkness tonight, however, and with street car schedules reduced or suspended.
The Public Service Corporation repair crews were able to make but little headway toward bringing connections back to normal today. Emergency repairs were made by lighting companies so that current could be supplied to hospitals and other institutions but the danger to the public from dangling wires was considered too great to warrant turning on the power generally.

London Reviews Would Scrap Japanese Pact

London, Nov. 29.—The weekly reviews comment on the Washington conference, but with far less confidence than in the past. Their criticisms are based mainly on what is considered the doubtful attitude of Japan and France. Lord Northcliffe's suggestion that Singapore and Hong Kong should be placed under the disposition of the United States if needed.
The Saturday Review also says the Anglo-Japanese pact should not be because of American pressure, but because of its merits it is a failure.
The New Statesman thinks the French attitude is the most serious danger to the conference. For this reason, it believes, that whatever the results of the present meeting the United States should call another conference which should include Germany and Russia if the world is to be saved.
The Weekly Nation says that "if Europe is to escape the approaching calamity of a complete breakdown in finance and paralysis of industry and commerce" America must take some early and vigorous action. It suggests a meeting of the League of Nations to discuss reparations, international debts and the like, and declares that Great Britain must take the initiative.

London War Office Puts Quietus To Wild, Wild Rumors

Female Spy Who Claims to Have Betrayed Kitchener, Under Arrest at Time.

London, Nov. 29.—(Canadian Press Cable)—The War Office has applied a heavy hand to rumors that Lord Kitchener was lost in the North Sea when M. S. Hampshire was attacked and sunk by a German submarine, and was betrayed by a female German spy, which is the subject of a film held up by the London Board of Censorship.

Storm Raging At Halifax

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 29.—A downpour of rain driven by a northeast wind, and fastened by one heavy clap of thunder and lightning, turned the streets into rivers of water and slush last evening, and the storm raged with increased force at an early hour this morning.

Thousands Thrown Out of Work By Closing of Mines

Action of Dominion Coal Company Comes as Surprise to the Workers.

Sydney, N. S., Nov. 29.—United Mine Workers' officials declared tonight that the action of the Dominion Coal Company, in closing its Glace Bay machine shop and two of its mines, comes as a complete surprise to them, as such action was not even rumored until late last night.
In accordance with the custom of the U. M. W., and the policy of the company, as many as possible of the thousand workmen thrown out of employment by this slump will be placed in other collieries of the district.
It is now reported that three other mines, Nos. 5 and 10 at Reserve, and No. 11 at Dominion No. 4, may also be closed. In selecting mines to be closed to reduce production, the company chooses those which are most expensive to work, or have other disadvantages.
One of the mines ordered closed today, No. 16, is located at New Waterford. The other, known as Victoria, is in the Glace Bay area.

Landru Maintains Stoic Indifference To Surroundings

Hears Prosecutor Picturing Guillotine for His Reception and Never Changes Demeanor.

Versailles, Nov. 29.—The backbone of the defense in the case of Henri Landru will be the absolute absence of proof that any of the eleven persons the defendant is alleged to have murdered are dead, and also the failure of the police to "find anything resembling the remains of a human body" when they first searched the villa at Gambais, occupied by Landru on April 15, 1918, and that the complete exhibit of bones and teeth, produced by the prosecution, were not discovered until the second search of the premises on April 20.

This statement was made today by M. Moro-Giafferi, chief counsel for the defendant, as he arose to address the jurors after M. Godofroy had finished his argument for the prosecution. Godofroy had ended his address with an assurance to the jury that they need not take the guillotine, when it is necessary, and it is death that I ask for the assassin of Gambais," the prosecutor dramatically concluded.

Methodist Church St. John District

A meeting of the St. John District of the Methodist church was held in the Carleton church, St. John West, yesterday afternoon and evening. The session in the afternoon opened at 2 o'clock with the Rev. George A. Ross, president of the New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island Conference, and chairman of the district, presiding.
The following ministers were present: Rev. G. F. Dawson, general secretary of the district; Rev. George Steel, superintendent of missions; Rev. H. A. Goodwin, secretary of evangelism and social service of the Methodist church; Rev. Neil MacLaughlin, Rev. R. G. Pulton, Rev. H. B. Clark, Rev. J. Heaney, Rev. E. E. Steves, Rev. J. T. King, Rev. J. M. Rice, Rev. L. J. Wason, Rev. R. A. Dawson, Rev. Ernest Rowlands, Rev. R. S. Crisp. The following lay delegates were also present: J. E. Arthur, Miss M. Beattie, Mr. Lotman, Mrs. Davis of Newton, J. Stetson and George Ryan.
The afternoon programme commenced at 2 o'clock and after the devotional exercises the chairman read a paper on "The Source of Spiritual Power." The paper was very suggestive and was followed by discussion. The Rev. J. M. Rice gave a paper on "Our Religious Educational System."
The public meeting was held at 8 o'clock last evening and was well attended despite the weather. A very excellent programme was carried out. An address by the Rev. Dr. Steel was given on "The War and the Church," followed by the Rev. R. G. Pulton speaking on "Visitors in the World's Redemption." The "Responsibility of Officials and Church Members" was discussed on by the Rev. H. A. Goodwin in a very forcible address.
The meeting was brought to a close by the Rev. Neil MacLaughlin, who led in prayer.

CHINA SECURED CONCESSIONS AT CONFERENCE

Resolutions Adopted Looking to Abandonment of Foreign Courts in That Country.

Washington, Nov. 29.—China won further concessions today in the conference of the nine powers on the questions affecting the Pacific and the Far East.
In conformity with the Root resolutions, declaring for the territorial and administrative integrity of China, the Pacific and Far Eastern Committee adopted resolutions looking to abandonment of foreign courts in China. Resolutions, drafted by sub-committee headed by Senator Lodge, provided for an international commission of jurists, which is to report within a year whether the Chinese laws and court practices warrant abandonment of the foreign courts created by treaties granting extra-territorial rights in China.
Immediately these resolutions were adopted by the Chinese delegates, another of their "ten points"—that declaring for withdrawal of all foreign troops from Chinese soil, and also for abandonment of foreign telegraph, radio and police wire systems. Dr. Sun, Chinese Minister here and a delegate to the conference, presented detailed information regarding the number of troops and the status of foreign wire systems, in which the Japanese predominated, and there was wide discussion of the questions by all the delegates behind closed doors.

General adherence, it was said, was given to the principle of retirement of foreign troops and wire system from China in conformity with the principles of the Root resolutions. Qualifications were presented, however, by Japanese spokesmen who dealt with the possibility of polling behind the Far Eastern Committee the question of the retention of the troops and wire questions are to continue tomorrow with prospects that a solution will be worked out by the delegates of the nine powers without reference of the details to a sub-committee.
A stress was laid by the Chinese delegates before the Far Eastern Committee today on the question of foreign troops in China. Their presence, Dr. Sun declared, was a violation of Chinese integrity, inasmuch as the troops were sent into the Republic without China's consent and over her protests.
Dr. Sun asked that the conference "specifically discontinue" the attempt to discuss the question of foreign troops and wire systems, which China is protesting.

"CASCARETS" FOR YOUR BOWELS IF HEADACHY, SICK

Put a 10-cent box now. Gotten Tongue, Bad Colds, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, everything that is sickening. A Cascaret tonight will give your constipated bowels a thorough cleaning and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months. Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then to keep the stomach, liver, and bowels regulated, and never know a miserable moment. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a good, gentle cascading, too.

HELD CONFERENCE

Hon. Dr. Roberts and Dr. Warwick were in conference with the Mayor yesterday morning concerning public health matters. At the close of the session, the Mayor stated that he had nothing for publication, at present, concerning the discussion.

Halifax Explosion Wrecked Her Nerves

The reader will, no doubt, remember when a few years ago there was a collision in the Halifax, N. S., Harbor and one of the munition ships was blown up, causing great loss of life and leaving a large portion of the city in ruins, and causing a great deal of suffering and distress among the inhabitants.

BROAD COVE (The Genuine) High Quality

CUMBERLAND

A Cumberland County, N. S., Coal Mined to our Standard of Quality.
Good Value at the Price.
CONSUMERS COAL CO., LIMITED
68 Prince Wm. Street, Telephone: Main 1913.

SYMPATHY OF AMERICANS CLEARLY

Satisfied Briand's Countrymen as to His Position.

Washington, Nov. 29.—On the eve of M. Briand's departure, it is now possible to deduce the general American reaction that follows his speech of Monday. The matter is too important for the future of Franco-American relations not to deserve to be frankly stated. As I came out of the last session of the Conference on Monday morning, a distinguished American journalist told me:
"The quotations from Ludendorff's book will make a poor impression here. However, nearly all will understand honorably that France has the right to be the only judge of what she ought to do in the matter of land armaments." This remark, it seems to me, exactly expresses the American view of mind.
However impressive Mr. Briand's arguments may have been, it is not in itself certain his speech will have succeeded in convincing the American public of the reality of the German or Russian menace. Judging the other people from themselves the American people who at the present moment think of nothing but disarmament, will believe Germany is forever bound up with the war. At least a considerable part of the public will regard that part of M. Briand's speech with sympathy mingled with some skepticism.

Public With France.
On the other hand there are those who, while they truly admire the appeal of M. Briand, believe one must consider France has won her case. Without clearly understanding the European situation the American public today, France, having been left to her own forces, has the unquestionable right to say what she deems necessary for the maintenance of her security. The whole of America, with the exception of a few fanatics, stands behind M. Briand. His speech has secured M. Briand that France has no ground to fear, as a result of her armaments, a moral isolation.
Signs will say such an American is comparable to that of the optimist who still hopes to induce America to enter into a coalition of alliances in order to measure the impact of such a mistake it will be enough to recall that if it is true political tradition and popular instinct prevent the United States from joining the Atlantic front, then must be made it possible for such a cooperation to take place.

Annual meeting of the Anti-Tuberculosis Association will be held on Thursday at the Hotel Hamilton, in the afternoon. Reports of the work done during the last year will be distributed at the meeting. Large attendance of all interested in the work is earnestly requested.

Funerals

The funeral of Frederick J. Conroy was held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at St. John's Cathedral, St. John's, N. S., at the residence, 99 Milligan avenue. The Rev. Peter's church for high mass of requiem, celebrated by Rev. G. C. Coffin, C. S. R. Interment was in the new Catholic cemetery. Relatives were pall-bearers. There was a large number of spiritual and floral offerings, including a wreath of roses from the St. Margaret's school of the London Hotel, and a great deal of sympathy.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth McCreath was held yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at St. John's Cathedral, St. John's, N. S., at the residence, 187 Watson street. The Rev. Peter's church for high mass of requiem, celebrated by Rev. G. C. Coffin, C. S. R. Interment was in the new Catholic cemetery. Relatives were pall-bearers. There was a large number of spiritual and floral offerings, including a wreath of roses from the St. Margaret's school of the London Hotel, and a great deal of sympathy.

The funeral of Frederick H. Townshend took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at St. John's Cathedral, St. John's, N. S., at the residence, 2 Prospect street. The Rev. Peter's church for high mass of requiem, celebrated by Rev. G. C. Coffin, C. S. R. Interment was in the new Catholic cemetery. Relatives were pall-bearers. There was a large number of spiritual and floral offerings, including a wreath of roses from the St. Margaret's school of the London Hotel, and a great deal of sympathy.

GOAL COAL
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BATHURST AUDIENCE LOUDLY SHOUTS FOR SUCCESS OF THE MEIGHEN GOVERNMENT

Hon. Dr. Baxter, Minister of Customs, Clearly Shows Up Inconsistencies of Opposition Leaders, Declaring That King Has Sidestepped Every Issue of the Campaign, Hiding Behind Generalities—Asks Support of Electorate for a Government That Can Be Trusted to Do Country's Business—J. B. Hachey Reviews Work Done by Government for Gloucester County.

(Continued from page 1) They were approaching the election he said, under much happier auspices than they did in 1917. That was the time when the world was in the balance. Hundreds of thousands of their men were overseas. They were battling, and still believe, for the supremacy of that which is right among the nations for the maintenance of the peace and the vindication of the right of the individual to enjoy that personal liberty which has always been the heritage of the Anglo-Saxon race, and the admiration and achievement of the great French race as well. There was, after all, little to discuss except whether they would put all their resources to the test and win the last dollar back of those who were already at the front. That election had left many traces of bitterness. They did not disagree the fact that many things were said that had better been left unsaid. There was too much effort made by the representatives of both parties to set a race against race, to claim too much for some people and too little for others. However, when the decision was made in 1917, and the credit of Canada as it was then was taken, it was obvious. It is a part of the history of Canada. It is a part of the history of the world. It is a part of the history of the present one as it would be in 1921 to discuss the issue that governed the campaign of today.

Opposition Misrepresentation.

Coming to the discussion of the issue before the country, Mr. Baxter referred to the criticism leveled by the opposition that the debt of the country had been enormously increased. It was quite true that the debt had increased, but he wanted to know if any unnecessary expenditures had been incurred. If anyone would rise in the political field and make any specific charge of that expenditure then they would have a fair subject for discussion, he said. In the House of Commons, Conservatives and Liberals alike, where there was ample opportunity for criticism there was not a denial on the part of any member of the wisdom of making the expenditures which were necessary to the prosecution of the war and to the bringing of our boys home afterwards. The simple truth is that the country realized the necessity of these expenditures. Government's Honesty not Questioned. It was true that the national debt had been increased, increased by about five times, but so far as regarding that as a criticism of the administration, he was proud to regard it as a compliment that in assessing that debt there had been no serious charge of real attack, no challenge of the honesty of the general honesty of the administration in connection with the expenditure. The electoral campaign has proceeded for months and we have yet to hear a challenge of the personal honesty of the members of the Government or of the general honesty or conduct of the administration in the matter of expenditures in these circumstances. He thought the Government was entitled to come to the country and ask what was wrong before allowing itself to be substituted by another.

King Side Steps.

Mr. Meighen has challenged Mr. King for an answer on every platform in the country, and in response he has received little more than side-stepping and evasion. Referring to Mr. King's discovery of shells at a Canadian dock, Mr. Baxter, after explaining their presence, pointed out that Mr. King was not nearly so anxious to acquire information of the subject as he was to get the matter before the public in an attempt to cast reflections upon the Government. Immediately he posted the letter of inquiry to Mr. Meighen he issued copies to the press so that the matter was the subject of general comment long before it arrived in the hands of the Premier. The answer to that method of procedure is very obvious, said Mr. Baxter. It was only a cheap political trick. I respect Mr. King as a man, but not his methods of fighting.

Gov't's Care of Soldiers.

Mr. Baxter referred briefly to what had been done for the returned soldier, also in connection with the matter of expenditures. He showed what had been done in the way of pensions and salaries in the way of increased pensions. He also spoke of soldier settlements, pointing out that 40,000 men have been placed on the land. Those things meant the expenditure of vast sums of money, but he was sure that no one among them begrudge a dollar of it. Mr. King says the expenditure is very large and that it would be his business to cut it down, but he will not lay his finger upon any specific thing and say he will cut that down. No, it is not his policy to mention any particular thing. If he would only state in what direction he proposes to cut down then we could meet him squarely, but any one can find it generous.

Mr. King, in his appeal for votes, said that the needs of the soldier must be met even if Canada had to default on the interest of the national debt. Now what do you think of a statement of that kind, asked Mr. Baxter. Mr. King is the reputed leader of the party and his public statements are never supposed to be considered as a revelation to those who try it.

utterances. Do you realize what would happen if he attempted to carry out the idea he gave expression to when he was trying to get the soldiers' vote? Do you realize what would be the result of the campaign all over Canada for the sale of Victory bonds? My experience, and no doubt your experience, is that it was the man or woman who had only fifty or a hundred dollars who put all they had into the bonds. The men with hundreds of thousands only put a small portion of their wealth into them. I am not reflecting upon the patriotism of the wealthy men, but simply stating the fact. If Mr. King carried out his promise it would mean that the people who had invested everything they had in Victory bonds would not get their interest. I am not making that statement with a view to starting a financial panic. I don't believe he would do it. I don't believe his party would allow it, but I contend that a man who would utter such financial trash is not the man for the people of Canada to put their trust in times such as we are going through. If he carried out such an insane policy your banking institutions would come down like a pack of cards. Your foreign trade would be absolutely destroyed. You know what happens to the man who repudiates his debts. Well, there is no difference between individuals and nations in that respect, and if Canada repudiated a portion of her debt other countries would just as surely refuse to do business with her, and you would destroy the fiscal system of the country. Mr. Baxter offered an alternative to Mr. King. The real thing, the main thing for Mr. King to have said was that no matter how heavy the burden of taxation may fall upon the country, we should be ready to bear it in order that Canada's debt of honor may be paid to these men. (Applause.)

Accused of Deception.

Proceeding with his attack on Mr. King's public utterances, Mr. Baxter said that you could test some men by their public statements and he proposed to apply the test to Mr. King. He would quote from the St. John Telegraph, which was not likely to give the worst of it to Mr. King in the report of a recent speech of Mr. King before an audience of 4,000. It was stated that the expenditures of the Government at Ottawa amounted to five hundred and fifty millions. That was substantially correct. The speaker proceeded to read from the report. Mr. Baxter said that meant \$10 for every family of five persons and the sum of \$10 per family often meant the difference between a home and no home. That, said Mr. Baxter, is what the movies describe as "sob stuff." Can't you imagine the wife reading that and saying to her husband, I never thought of that. If we had left money we might have had a home of our own and that is exactly the idea which Mr. King intended to convey. Now was Mr. King justified in making that statement? Let us see. He could not be referring to income tax, for that scarcely touches the working man at all. He must be referring to what he paid in custom duties. After going through the list of commodities that had to come through the customs, Mr. Baxter declared that instead of \$10 representing the average assessment in taxes to be paid by families of five persons, it would be found to be about \$31. (Applause.) He characterized the statement of Mr. King as a frank appeal to the sob stuff and a dishonest attempt to deceive four thousand electors into believing that the Government was placing upon them undue and unfair burden of taxation.

What is King's Platform?

What is Mr. King's platform?

Indigestion or Sour, Gassy Stomach

"Pape's Diapepsin" gives Relief in Five Minutes

"Pape's Diapepsin" relieves stomach distress in five minutes. You don't want a slow remedy when your stomach is back for an uncertain case—or a harmful one—your stomach is too valuable; you must relieve it with drastic drugs. Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in giving relief, its harmlessness. It cures indigestion, flatulence, regurgitating sick, sour, gassy stomachs. Keep this perfect stomach doctor in your home—keep it handy—get a large sixty-cent case from any drug store, and then if you should eat something which doesn't agree with you, if what you eat lays like lead, turns into acid, causes heartburn, gas, or headaches, dizziness and nausea; or sensations of acid and indigestion food—remember as soon as Pape's Diapepsin comes in contact with the stomach, all indigestion vanishes. It is the most efficient antacid known—the certainty and ease with which it overcomes all indigestion and digestive disorders is a revelation to those who try it.

ed Mr. Baxter, it was the platform adopted in August 1919 by an assembly of fourteen hundred in Ottawa after sessions lasting several days. They wanted to make the customs duty free to all the basic elements of industry. That meant, of course, the iron and steel industry and the coal which supported it. Ultimately it would mean every form of manufacture. I do not know whether they believed in it at the time, but they said it to all Canada. They were challenging the tariff as it then existed. The tariff was substantially the same as Sir Wilfrid Laurier left it in 1911, after granting at the shadow of reciprocity, except that it had been reduced between four and five per cent, striking an average of twenty-one per cent and with agricultural implements reduced by fifteen per cent. The Liberal party challenged the tariff. Why? I think it is very obvious. They knew the class in the Prairie Provinces and they wanted to get the votes of the grain growing section that would have stopped the grain growers' movement. It failed. Yes, it failed because the grain growers did not think the Liberal party was going far enough and did not trust them in the direction in which they said they were going. Consequently you have not seen very much of any Liberal candidate coming out and accepting the Liberal policy adopted in 1919, and which the party has never formally taken back. Then what have you got. You have either got a party with a platform that it would stand upon, you have one that wants to settle upon its platform only after it gets in.

Crerar's Position

If you take Mr. Crerar's party you will find a people that have a platform and stand by it. They are out and out for free trade and put five years as the limit of time in which to achieve it. They occupy a portion of Manitoba and all of Alberta and Saskatchewan, and so far as they are concerned, it matters little whether we are engaged in a war or not. Their market is the world market and it is of so importance to them how the grain is shipped out. They are absolutely and intensely selfish and do not want to share in the burden of taxation but taxation must be borne by the people as a whole. If you attempt to relieve one section you find you are imposing a heavier burden upon another. After making great sacrifices for Confederation, it is the wish of Mr. Crerar and his supporters that we should sacrifice ourselves further, if you are not supporting the Farmer, and I cannot imagine that you are, you must make choice between the Liberals and Conservatives. Are you sure that Mr. King will not, for the sake of power, try to make further promises of reducing the tariff duty so as to capture the Crerar group if you think he would do that then he is not a safe man for you to follow. If you follow Mr. Meighen you are sure that the protectionist policy, which brought this country out of misery, will be maintained and that the industries of the country will be safe. Mr. Baxter quoted from a pamphlet which indicated that Mr. King's attitude in regard to the tariff on boots represented a difference of thirty

Rub Rheumatic Pain From Aching Joints

Rub Pain Right Out With Small Trial Bottle of Old "St. Jacobs Oil."

Stop "dozing" Rheumatism. It's pain only; not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacobs Oil" right on the "tender spot," and by the time you say Jack Robinson—out comes the rheumatic pain and distress. "St. Jacobs Oil" is a harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappears and doesn't burn the skin. It takes pain, soreness and stiffness from aching joints, muscles and bones; stops eczema, lumbago, backache and neuralgia.

Limber up! Get a small trial bottle of old-time, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" from any drug store, and in a moment you'll be free from pain, aches and stiffness. Don't suffer! Rub rheumatism away. cents per pair as compared with the existing duty. That is the Liberal policy all over, said Mr. Baxter. It just looks like thirty cents (laughter).

ated that they must see to it that the intercolonial railway did not pass under the domination of any private railway enterprise. It was built for the people of this Province and it must remain so. He asked them, speaking in the name of his party, to help him secure for the Province of New Brunswick that to which it was entitled, by giving him the backing they could and by placing their votes for Mr. J. Edward Dugas. Now was the time for the Eastern Provinces to speak with a decisive voice for, after the next redistribution bill, the West would have stronger representation in Parliament than ever and, as he had shown, the West had no care or interest in the development of the Provinces that had sacrificed so much in order that Canada might become the great country she was. (Applause.) The meeting adjourned with the singing of the National Anthem. The C. M. B. A. band was in attendance and played several selections prior to the arrival of the speaker on the platform.

Weddings

At the Brunswick Street Baptist parsonage, Fredericton, Monday afternoon, Rev. G. C. Warren married Miss Irene Margaret Wade, Maryville, and Odas Joseph Boudreau, formerly of Shediac, but now of Maryville. They were unattended, and will reside at Maryville. The groom is a returned soldier, having gone overseas with the 68th Battalion.

Dyed Her Wrap, Skirt, Sweater, and Draperies

Every "Diamond Dyes" package tells how to dye or tint any worn, faded garment or drapery a new rich color that will not streak, spot, fade or run. Perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with Diamond Dyes even if you have never dyed before. Just tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods. For fifty-one years millions of women have been using "Diamond Dyes" to add years of wear to their old, shabby waists, skirts, dresses, coats, sweaters, stockings, draperies, hangings, everything!

THE SCHOONER CASE

Asked about the reported disappearance of 500 cases of liquor from the schooner King David, one of the local inspectors stated yesterday that as the liquor had been exported from the country in bond, they had nothing to do with the case until there was some report of its being brought into the country again and sold illegally.

WASHINGTON COULD SPLIT

Threat of Withdrawal by Danger That Faces the

Washington, Nov. 28.—The China threat to withdraw from the Consomium produced a certain effect here. British utterances were more guarded today than on Wednesday when they aroused the Chinese. Still the British again today emphasized the importance of the Consomium in the future development of the East. It is against the Consomium that the Chinese most bitterly protest. No immediate withdrawal, however, is in prospect. The program of the Chinese is to present their case for each of the ten principles which they declared and endeavor secure the four principles of Mr. R. adopted by the conference committee interpreted as being equivalent in value to their own. It is understood that Mr. R. said that his four points are equivalent to the ten Chinese points. Mr. R.'s language is general and Chinese desire to be shown. This Chinese intend to press for the acceptance of their ten points. The process of preventing the Consomium may arise upon which the Chinese may withdraw from the conference, they may in effect defy the conference by manufacturing their own customs and asking the Powers what they are going to do about it. Or they may follow the course they adopted in Paris of refusing to accept the resolutions of the conference and leave to the Powers the problem of coercion as they left to Japan the problem of coercion with regard to Shantung.

Issue Sharp and Irreconcilable.

The issue between China and Great Powers is sharp and irreconcilable. And the Consortium which American proposals in the place, divides the United States from China and ranges us with the other Great Powers. The proposal for pooling of the existing railway concessions in China or the formation of an international commission for their control which was put forth by the British Wednesday is agree. The British refused to discuss it at the meeting. It bears the marks of an extension of the Consortium. This agreement calls for a pooling of all future concessions, but did not apply to past concessions. Apparently some sort of extension to past concessions is proposed. Information is that all eight governments, including the American, agreed to this new arrangement with regard to existing concessions, China alone voicing its objection in its publicity. This railroad or consortium is will probably arise today when it is expected that China will press

NO TIME FOR ARGUMENT SAY FRENCH LEADER

Briand Deplores Statement British Foreign Minister France Sacrificing, He Sa

New York, Nov. 28.—Disclaim any wish to reply to the address London yesterday of Lord Curzon, British foreign minister, arguing that not to pursue an "isolated and individualistic" policy, Premier Briand France declared before sailing, here today that this was no time for argument between "friends and lies."

He asserted that despite the "exceptional" situation of France in Europe the French government was prepared to go further in limitation of armaments, both on land and sea, than any other nation. "It does not wish to reply to Lord Curzon's statement for the reason that haven't the official text," said Briand, through an interpreter, do not quite see power, what is there to be for France and to argue with one another at the moment when they are trying at Washington to assure the peace of world. It is primarily between them peace ought to exist. I shall pin faith on the words of Mr. Balfour, pronounced at the last public session of the conference, and which he has recognized, as did all the other great powers, that the situation of France Europe was exceptional and that Briand was to take precautions for security.

"As regards disarmament, France will have gone as far along this as any other country, without exception. In effect, on land, in spite of dangers which she undergoes, she already spontaneously reduced 'metropolitan army' by a third, spite of the law which keeps classes with the colors, actually they are only two. Furthermore the government has introduced a bill in Parliament which reduces the period of service by half, and in consequence number of effectives in the same proportion.

"It is much more than the other nations will do as regards armies, at the naval reduction envisaged does exceed 40 per cent. Add this to France with 60,000,000 subjects in only whose costs are on three and which consequently needs a navy has seen her fleet of capital ships reduced by six eighths of the war fleet three squadrons to a single squadron. She is prepared on this ground to see any accord with her friends, her allies for the same proportionate reductions."

"Consequently in the sum total

Do You Want to Stay in Canada?

If So—Protect Your Job!

Do you realize just how seriously the coming General Election affects you personally?

Do you appreciate that by your vote on December 6th you will help to decide whether you are to remain in steady employment at good wages in Canada or whether you will be driven to some other country in search of work?

The one issue—the only issue—is the Tariff. On December 6th you must decide by your ballot whether Canada is to maintain a reasonable Protective Tariff to protect all its industries, its producers, its working men and women.

THE TARIFF — AND YOUR JOB

The United States, Great Britain, France, Italy, Germany, Japan, Australia, New Zealand and practically all other countries in the world have adopted protective Tariffs to keep their home market and to protect their producers and workmen and their homes.

The United States has recently adopted a protective Tariff so high as to practically prevent all our farmers from selling in that market and the United States Congress has now under consideration further high protective Tariff measures.

If Canada wipes out, or materially reduces its Tariff, this country is bound to be flooded with farm produce and goods of all kinds made or grown in foreign lands by foreign workmen and producers. This means less and less work for Canadians.

The loss of business to our industries, the closing of our factories, the lessening of production on our farms, the decrease in the output of our mines and lumber camps will affect every business institution in Canada—our railways, our banks, our loan, trust and insurance companies, our wholesalers and our retailers.

Crerar is absolutely opposed to a Protective Tariff. He is an extreme Free Trader and would destroy the Fiscal System which has made Canada great.

King is pledged to a large measure of Free Trade. His party's policy is so similar to Crerar's that the result would be practically the same.

MEIGHEN STANDS FIRM FOR THE TARIFF—FOR REASONABLE PROTECTION

THE ISSUE IS CLEAR—TAKE NO CHANCES—GO TO THE POLLS

Canada Needs Meighen

The National Liberal and Conservative Party
Publicity Committee.

Girls! Girls! Clear Your Skin With Cuticura

The National Liberal and Conservative Party
Publicity Committee.

WASHINGTON CONFERENCE MAY SPLIT ON ROCK OF CHINA

Threat of Withdrawal by Peking Delegation Points the Danger That Faces the Gathering on Arms Limitation.

Washington, Nov. 28.—The Chinese threat to withdraw from the Conference produced a certain effect here today. British utterances were much more guarded today than on Wednesday when they aroused the Chinese. Still the British again today emphasized the importance of the Consortium in the future development of China, and it is against the Consortium that the Chinese most bitterly protest. No immediate withdrawal, however, is in prospect. The programme of the Chinese is to present their case for each of the ten principles, to have the four principles of Mr. Root adopted by the conference committee interpreted as being equivalent in detail to their own ten points.

It is understood that Mr. Root has said that his four points are equivalent to the ten Chinese points. But Mr. Root's language is general and the Chinese desire to be shown. Thus the Chinese intend to press for the acceptance of each of their ten points. In the process of presenting them an issue may arise upon which the Chinese may withdraw from the conference, or they may in effect delay the conference by requesting their own customs duties and asking the Powers what they are going to do about it. Or they may delay the course they adopted at Paris of refusing to accept the decisions of the conference and leaving to the Powers the problem of coercion as they left to Japan the problem of coercion with regard to Shantung.

Issue Sharp and Irreconcilable.

The issue between China and the Great Powers is sharp and irreconcilable. And the Consortium which was an American proposal in the first place, divides the United States from China and ranges us with the other Great Powers. The proposal for a pooling of the existing railway concessions in China or the formation of an international commission for their control which was put forth by the British on Wednesday is agree. The British refused to discuss it this morning. It bears the marks of an extension of the Consortium. This agreement calls for a pooling of all future concessions, but did not apply to past concessions. Apparently some sort of extension to past concessions is proposed. Information is that all the eight governments, including the American, agreed to this new arrangement with regard to existing concessions. China alone voicing its objection in its publicity.

This railroad or consortium issue will probably arise today when it is expected that China will press the

REDS FIGHT TO SAVE SACCO AND PAL VANZETTI

Big Meetings in Boston and New York Planned by Leaders of Radicals.

Boston, Nov. 24.—In the worldwide campaign to arouse radical forces by the cry "Save Sacco and Vanzetti!" the leaders of the movement in New York are taking a conspicuous part. During the last few days allowed by the State for appeals for the two Italian labor agitators, under sentence to die for murder and robbery at South Braintree, the radicals are prepared to make a last fight to revive the fading Third International.

While the lawyers here prepare for the appeal they expect to make to the Supreme Court, attacking every point made by the State in its case against Sacco and Vanzetti, the Red leaders in New York are keeping in close touch with every move and relaying the information to the radicals in Europe and South America, where great political capital is being made out of the new rallying cry.

As the operations of the international movement in the handling of this case become clearer, two closely associated are the groups of radicals who recognize no national boundary lines in their efforts to set up a new world empire on the ruins of all governments.

Lawyers and leaders of the New England group have been in constant touch with the New York leaders. Under the heading, "Are They Doomed?" "This Same Thing May Happen to You," the appeal to class hatred is being sent broadcast in circulars printed in New York. The Workers Defense Union of New York is gathering funds for the cause.

Chance to Revive Radicalism.

Carlo Treves, one of the New York leaders who is arranging for the mass meeting in the Central Opera House next Friday evening, and who is gathering funds to help the defence, is well known in New England. Sacco was arrested in Milford, Mass., in 1919 for making a speech at a mass meeting protesting against the imprisonment of Treves for the latter's part in the Masaba range iron miners' strike.

The close connection between the New England and New York groups was first shown by The New York Herald last October following the uprising of Reds in the European capitals. When the attack was made on Umberto Herrick in Paris and the cry "Save Sacco and Vanzetti" was heard through the capitals of Europe, The New York Herald made known that this case had been seized upon by the International as its new slogan to hold together its melting forces.

Little doubt now exists in the minds of the secret service men that Michael Boda, in whose car the bandits are believed to have escaped after they had shot down the paymaster of Sizer & Morrill Shoe Company's factory in April, 1920, made his way to Europe, where he has carried on the propaganda to save Sacco and Vanzetti.

The defence dispute is a gross case of the State that it was Boda's car, but no trace has been found of him since the murder.

The charge of the State prosecutors now is that Francesco Costello, with whom Boda lived, took to Italy the \$15,000 of which the paymaster was robbed. Costello was deported by the Federal Government, but the defence points out that his ship did not reach Italy until May 1920, and that the defence in port could not have been accomplished had the authorities wished to stop him. In its appeals for a new trial the defence sets up that the State makes no attempt to prove that the bandit car escaped to the Coast home on December 24, although William F. Kane, prosecutor, declared in his opening address that he would establish the charge.

How Disturbances Started.

The promise was left with the jury with no evidence to sustain it, the defence states. The inference was based on a statement by John Kilduff, who was looked from a window in Bridgewater and saw the car passing. That point is two miles from the Boda-Costello home by winding roads. Vanzetti denies that he was with Boda or that he ever knew him.

If either Boda or Costello is in Italy the defence will be on duty from 8:30 to 9:15 a. m. and from 11:50 a. m. to 1:30 p. m. and from 2:45 to 4:15 p. m. the hours during which juvenile pederastrianism is at its height. They will continue on duty daily until the milk strike is settled. The women will be under the orders of their own women captains at the various precincts. John F. Dwyer, former police inspector, is, as aide to Commissioner Wasmaker, the executive in charge in the organization.

Girls! Girls! Clear Your Skin With Cuticura

It is much more than the other nations will do as regards navies, since the naval reduction envisaged does not exceed 40 per cent. And this; that France with 50,000,000 subjects in colonies whose costs are on a par with which consequently needs a navy, has seen her fleet of capital ships reduced by the effects of the war from three squadrons to a single squadron. She is prepared on this ground to realize any accord with her friends and her allies for the same proportional reduction.

"Consequently in the sum total of her forces of naval defense (land army and sea army) it can be said that France will have made an effort at reduction superior to that of any other nation, and merit will be greater because she is in vital danger.

"Our English friends ought to recognize the fact that the German fleet is at the bottom of the sea and consequently it is no longer a menace either for England or for us. But the seven million men of the German army are still there, very alive and able. This is an effect that France must realize and consider.

"In conclusion I have observed with the greatest satisfaction that it is sufficient for me to loyally explain the situation to the American people in order to be understood by the whole world. This permits me to leave for France with tranquil spirit and a peaceful heart."

"77" FOR COLDS

For Grip, Influenza, Catarrh, Pain and Pressure in the Head and Chest, Cough, Sore Throat, General Prostration and Fever.

To get the best results take "Seventy-seven" at the first sign of a Cold, the first sneeze or shiver.

If you wait till your bones begin to ache, it may take longer.

Doctor's Book in English, French, Spanish, Portuguese or German—mailed free.

"77" at all Drug and Country Stores.

Humphreys' Homeo, Medicine Co. 156 William Street, New York.

It is regarded as certain they prompted by the State in its case against Sacco and Vanzetti, the Red leaders in New York are keeping in close touch with every move and relaying the information to the radicals in Europe and South America, where great political capital is being made out of the new rallying cry.

Mucci formerly was a member of the Boston Bar, and in 1912 was the law partner of George E. Hoover, and was one of the counsel for Titor, Glavanitz and Caruso in the Salem labor cases.

In the pamphlet, "Are They Doomed?" published by the Workers Defense Union of New York and printed by the Call Printing Company, this appeal is made:

"You must realize that something more than moral support is needed for Sacco and Vanzetti. Their lives are at stake. The attack upon them is an attack upon all workers who dare to think. What has happened to Sacco and Vanzetti may happen to any worker. It happened to Hoover and Billings. It may be your turn next."

This is the basis for an appeal for funds and the widest publicity. There is made the direct charge that Sacco and Vanzetti were "railroaded" because they were radicals. Says the pamphlet:

"It is the cold dawn of May 3, 1920, an Italian printer named Andrea Salsedo, plunged from the fourteenth story in the Park Row Building and his life was crushed out on the pavement. He had been held captive for two months without trial and had been beaten and tortured by attacks of the Boston Police. Robert Ellis, another printer held with Salsedo for alleged complicity of the bomb explosion of June 2, 1919, was deported.

Robbery and Murder Charged.

Two days after Salsedo's death, Sacco and Vanzetti, friends of the dead printer, were arrested on a street in Brockton. They were engaged at that time in arranging a mass meeting to protest against the murder of Salsedo. Vanzetti had journeyed a few days before from Plymouth, New York to get a lawyer to take legal steps to release Salsedo. He had been in New York, his friend Sacco was busy in the shoe towns of eastern Massachusetts raising money for Salsedo. The protest was scheduled for May 3, in Brockton. It happened that the sudden arrest of the two men on May 5. They were practically the last of the Italian radicals in New England who had not been jailed or deported in the Boston drive.

"Highway robbery and murder is the charge. That is obviously a mere device to get them out of the way. When they were arrested, the initial demand of the authorities in Brockton was that they be taken to these two workers since their arrest is a vivid narrative of persecution, intrigue, race prejudice and chivalrous police methods. There are times when the details of approach are incredible, as in the Moorey and Billings case. Three factors weigh heavily against them. They are Italian; they were thinking workers active in the New England labor movement for years; they opposed the violent and brutal methods of the Department of Justice. Their real sin is that they resisted exploitation when other workers were bowed. Forms of law are being used against them as forms of law were used against Sacco, Giovannitti and Caruso during the bitter strike of nine years ago, and for the same reason. They are practically the last of the well known radicals to be allowed; and the Sacco and Vanzetti case, that Sacco was one of the leaders in the Hopedale strike of foundry workers, and Vanzetti, one of the leaders in the great cordage strike. They were just the type of men the government was deporting. It is charged, but no excuse was found until the murder and holdup charges were lodged against them.

With such a setting upon which to base their cry of wrongdom for a cause, and backed by the moral support of a considerable faction of public sentiment in New England, which declares its doubt of the guilt of the two men, those who are observing the political developments, while the cases are on appeal, express little surprise that the radicals have made such headway with their cause.

NOT HER FAULT.

Jack Slowboy—I wish I could read your thoughts.

Winnie Willing—So do I, but good news knows I've tried to help you I can.

BERLIN GOVT WILL PROMISE TO KEEP PEACE

Only Too Glad to Give Assurance That Will Moderate French Attitude.

Berlin, Nov. 28.—A report that the American Government proposed in case of further discussion of the problem of land disarmament to ask a statement of views on the problem, and a possible guarantee from the German Government as an inducement toward the further demobilization of the standing armies of the Entente Powers attracts general attention here.

It is reported in diplomatic circles that Mr. Dreier, the American chargé d'affaires, has seen Chancellor Wirth with the view of obtaining assurance which will meet the French anxieties expressed in Premier Briand's speech. Your correspondent is informed that the Embassy that this is not the case, but that Mr. Dreier's latest talk with Chancellor Wirth was devoted to sentiments as to the question of reparations, not disarmament.

The sentiment in German Government circles is all in favor of giving frankly any assurance and guarantee of German intentions to the French charges of German hostile intentions by which the maintenance of big French and Polish armies is justified. It is the opinion of German circles that the German Government would not have looked with disfavor upon the ratification of a Franco-American defensive pact signed simultaneously with the Versailles treaty—as hostile to Germany as this appears on the surface—French distrust and military pressure of German intentions of the late war thereby have been covered.

It is recognized, no longer exists; but the German government which would welcome any American step which would free the necessary reassurance to France.

The most obvious guaranty against the suggested mobilization of millions of German soldiers of the late war, which constitutes the burden of the case for the maintenance of a big French Army until the present generation of trained veterans has passed the fighting age—could scarcely be covered by a formal declaration. But it is well known to all observers in German circles that the objection, extending to an attitude of absolute refusal, to the great masses of the rank and file in the late war to be drafted into any further conflicts.

This attitude, while not shared by many of the officer class and by the new generation, which saw no service in the trenches, is the common possession of German soldiers of the late war. German military machine, it allowed the opportunity, perhaps might succeed in mobilizing the necessary of German soldiers of the late war, it is the opinion, even of high Entente officers, that it could never drag the private who manned the trenches during the World War into the joining the colors for any offensive hostilities.

All Fair in Love.

Mrs. Beattie—"I wonder if Mr. Nicellow is going to the reception?"

Mr. Sharpello (a rival to Mrs. Nicellow)—"Um—let me see—it's a dress affair, isn't it?"

How stupid of me! If he goes he'll need his dress suit."

"Then Miss Beattie, I feel sure you will meet him there. I saw him come out of a pawnbroker's this morning with a bundle under his arm."

Thin Folks

If you are weak, thin and nervous, let Ross Drug Co. supply you with Bitro-Peppor. It is guaranteed to increase weight and strength and restore energy, vigor and nerve force.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria Always Bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson. In Use For Over Thirty Years **CASTORIA**

CONFERENCE JOURNALISTS SEE WILD WEST SHOW

Owner of Baltimore "Sun" Gives a Barbecue at His Country Home and Foreigners See Vigorous American Sports for the First Time.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 22.—Van Lear Black, the Baltimore banker, coal operator and owner of the Baltimore Sun, gave a lavish entertainment today at his country place, "Folly Quarters," about forty miles from Washington. The guests were the principal American and foreign newspaper correspondents who are in Washington.

The affair which was a barbecue, included a Wild West entertainment, a part of which was engaged from the Ringling Brothers-Barnum & Bailey circus.

Approximately three hundred correspondents, about half of them from foreign countries and the others well known in the American field, attended the affair. They made the trip by automobile, a total of sixty-two cars having been engaged for the day to transport them to Folly Quarters and back.

A full sized circus tent was pitched and it served as a dining room. Outside the tent there was a great fire over which hung an ox, being roasted. Oysters in the shell were roasted, as well as rabbits, chickens and turkeys.

While the dinner was being served it included everything that could be thought of for such an occasion—a full military band furnish music, alternating with a troupe of thirty-five negro jubilee singers in field costume, who waded about in singing plantation melodies.

Among the guests were the most distinguished journalists from Japan, England, France, Italy, China and prizes for the events, particularly the circus.

The various acts were more in the nature of contests than customarily seen in circuses and Wild West shows. This spirit was injected into the show by Mr. Black, who provided a large number of prizes. There were half a dozen bucking horses, fresh from Western ranches, which could not be ridden, even when blindfolded. The bulls that were roped and thrown by some of the cowboys were very wild. Cowgirls participated in some sensational riding.

Just before the exhibition began Chief Plenty Cooze gave a historical "Pipe of Peace" to Mr. Black, at the same time sticking a feather into his hat, a signal for taking him into the tribe with the name "Good Eagle."

Dyed Her Wrap, Skirt, Sweater, and Draperies

Every "Diamond Dyes" package tells how to dye or tint any worn, faded garment or drapery a new rich color that will not streak, spot, fade or run. Perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with Diamond Dyes even if you have never dyed before. Just tell your druggist whether the material you wish to dye is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods. For fifty-one years millions of women have been using "Diamond Dyes" to add years of wear to their old, shabby waists, skirts, dresses, coats, sweaters, stockings, draperies, hangings, everything!

THE SCHOONER CASE

Asked about the reported disappearance of 600 cases of liquor from the schooner King David, one of the local inspectors stated yesterday that as the liquor had been exported from the country in bond, they had nothing to do with the case until there was some report of its being brought into the country again and sold illegally.

Job!

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ROTECTION

THE POLLS

Ren

and Conservative Party Committee.

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ROTECTION

THE POLLS

Ren

and Conservative Party Committee.

DANDERINE

Stops Hair Coming Out; Thickens, Beautifies.

35-cents buys a bottle of "Danderine" at any drug store. After one application you can not find a particle of dandruff or falling hair. Besides, every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and abundance.

Some gifts express sadness—chocolates express gladness!

By all means, "say it with flowers" when the occasion warrants sympathy and sadness. But, in the etiquette of gift-giving, chocolates radiate happiness—and Ganong's is "the gift of gladness!" From 130 varieties in pleasing assortment, your selection of Ganong's can happily express every shade of sentiment. Delicious confections for formal greetings, old-fashioned sweetmeats for the old folks, luscious fondants for sweethearts and wives, and for the eager youngsters crackling nut or hard centres.

To express from simplest courtesy to deepest affection—Ganong's, "the gift of gladness!" Each piece stamped "G.B." as a guarantee of quality.

GANONG BROS., LIMITED, ST. STEPHEN, N.B.

Ganong's Chocolates
The Gift of Gladness

The St. John Standard

THE MARITIME ADVERTISING AGENCY LIMITED PUBLISHERS
82 Prince William St. St. John, N. B., Canada

Representatives: Henry DeClerque Chicago, Louis Klebahn New York, Frank Calder Montreal, Freeman & Co. London, Eng.
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ST. JOHN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1921.

THE GRAND TRUNK AND PORTLAND.

The Globe, Telegraph and Times have been twitting the Government and the Hon. Mr. Baxter for the delay in not having the grain from the West come to St. John instead of Portland. They say that the Government now owns, controls, and operates the Grand Trunk which includes the line to Portland. It takes The Standard a great deal of its time in keeping the Globe, Telegraph and Times right, and correcting their misrepresentations which The Standard is charitable enough to believe they are sending out broadcast more from lack of knowledge of the subjects they are discussing, than malice aforethought.

It is true the Grand Trunk is operated by the Government but only as Trustees, and the Board of Management until the question of the finding of the Arbitrators is settled by the Privy Council, must operate the Grand Trunk as it was operated before, and carry the grain as it was carried before. And who is responsible? Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Fielding and the Liberal Party, the Party that Hon. A. G. Blair left on this very question, and to whom The Telegraph in 1903 and 1904 gave such splendid support. Let us not forget that wonderful appeal of The Telegraph the day before the election of 1904, when it so strenuously opposed the C. T. P. scheme or railway steal as it called it.

"How can a Canadian vote for the scheme?" "Stand up like men for St. John today."

IN YORK-SUNBURY.

The political campaign in York-Sunbury as it progresses gives no cause for alarm among the friends of the Government candidate, Mr. R. B. Hanson, who, from all indications, will have just as satisfactory a majority next Tuesday as he had in the by-election in May last. Admittedly of course, the situation is somewhat different under present conditions, but the final outcome will prove the same. York farmers are preponderantly Conservative, and although in the by-election the majority of them forsook their political allegiance in order to support one of their own class, a Farmer candidate, this time, there being no such candidate, they will be guided by political considerations only. This will make a very great difference in the voting in the rural districts, and is confidently expected to offset the Liberal vote which was not cast in the by-election. The City of Fredericton, which gave Mr. Hanson a majority of 900 in that election, is expected to split even this time; but this defection will be more than made up by the increased Conservative vote in the county.

In Col. Osborne the Liberals have by long odds the strongest man they could have selected. He is a citizen of the best type, a man of unblemished record, and has a period of overseas service to his credit. The latter fact, however, while meritorious enough in itself, is no reason why he should be sent to Ottawa to support a party which has the undoing of Canada as its chief policy. Col. Osborne must be judged—as must Mr. Hanson also—not by his personal merits or qualifications only, but according to his party affiliations. The platform upon which he has elected to stand is one which does not commend itself to the majority of electors in the constituency, and no matter how worthy a citizen he may be, he must take his chances as a Liberal partisan. And frankly, these look none too good.

The fairness of York-Sunbury are deeply concerned with the question of markets. They have to sell what they produce, locally; and if they have any surplus after the local needs are supplied, an outside market must be found. The Fordney tariff has closed the American market to them, and no promises from the Liberal candidate can ever restore it. There are only the British and West Indian markets open, and it was the Conservative Party which provided this latter, and prepared and put in force the preferential trade arrangements with the West Indies. Of course the provision of larger markets for Canadian farmers has been a great election cry with the Liberal Party for years, but this larger market in the view of the party must be found in the United States. This country has now slammed its doors in the face of Canadian farmers, and nothing that the Liberal Party can say or do will ever get them open again until the needs of the American people call for it. The Meighen Government realizes this, and is not only finding markets for the farmers elsewhere but favors such a tariff as will keep Canadian industries going full blast, and by providing employment and good wages for our own people, will enlarge the farmers' home market. For this reason, among scores of others, York-Sunbury farmers are going to support Mr. Hanson rather than Col. Osborne.

The little Transcript of Moncton is bemoaning the defeat of Reciprocity in 1911. The Times, Telegraph and Globe are now trying to say that the Liberal Party is protectionist. It is wise not

to forget the election of 1911. A leopard cannot change his spots. Will the Globe, Telegraph and Times for the benefit of the Transcript answer the following questions: Is Fielding a free trader? Is Gouin a protectionist? What is Mackenzie King, a Fielding free-trader, or a Gouin protectionist? Who is the leader of the Liberal Party anyway?

LYOYD GEORGE AND THE CONFERENCE.

Nobody who is at all familiar with the personality and methods of the British Prime Minister can be in the least surprised at the report from London that he is "morally certain" that he will spend Christmas in Washington. He was disappointed at not being able to attend the opening of the Conference, yet might it not be an even finer thing to turn up in the nick of time and "rescue" it from formidable difficulties?

The political correspondent of the London Sunday Times, no doubt reflecting the Downing-street view, says that nobody is more convinced of the necessity of his presence than the American officials: "It has been borne upon them that despite the excellent send-off that the Conference received in Mr. Hughes' speech its opportunities have been frittered away by lack of experience in handling international affairs, and they are looking to the British Prime Minister with his prestige and popularity to pilot them through the 'shallows they have reached.'" Could any job possibly be more congenial to Mr. Lloyd George?

It offers in some ways an even more brilliant opportunity than the diplomatic duel with Briand which the French Premier humorously forecast when it was supposed that the British Prime Minister would be present at the opening of the Conference. Briand has been and gone. He is not taking very much back with him to Paris. Nor is it felt that his presence in Washington has been specially helpful in promoting the ends for which the Conference was called; in fact the difficulties with which he is now contending are closely connected with his speech and the episode arising from it.

The psychological moment has come, therefore, for Mr. Lloyd George, the unconquered veteran of a hundred diplomatic battlefields, to arrive upon the scene and take command, and no undertaking could be more to his taste or better suited to his peculiar talents. It is announced that he has booked a passage by the Aquitania for next Saturday, and even if he misses that he expects to be in Washington by the middle of December, remaining until after January 1. That his arrival on this side will be awaited with great interest, goes without saying.

THE GRAIN ROUTES.

The Times on the 28th last took exception to a statement made by Hon. J. B. M. Baxter that when the Government had complete control of the Grand Trunk railway, he would see to it that the trade would be diverted from Portland to St. John. The Times said: "Would the Government scrap the Grand Trunk? And how would this appeal to the West and even Toronto?" The Times evidently thinks that the only asset the Grand Trunk has is the line from Montreal to Portland. We would ask The Times to look at the map of Ontario, and then it might realize what the Government is getting when it finally takes over the Grand Trunk. Practically all the traffic except what goes to Boston and New York comes to Montreal via the C. P. R., Grand Trunk and C. N. R. In the Summer the traffic finds its way to foreign countries out of the Port of Montreal.

The national idea, the national aim, the national ambition, should be that as soon as the Government has complete control of the Grand Trunk, the traffic that finds its way to Portland should find its way in the future to St. John and Halifax. The Standard does not hesitate to say that this doctrine will be preached by Hon. J. B. M. Baxter in Ottawa, in Toronto, and in the West and that it will be most popular. He is preaching it now—Canadian trade through Canadian channels—and he is getting the support of his leader Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen.

For the Maritime Provinces and for the ports of St. John and Halifax, the solution of the railway problem will be, and is today, Canadian Trade Through Canadian Channels. When it is recognized by Quebec, Ontario and the West, the Maritime Provinces will come into their own. If the people of the Maritime Provinces today were to meet and choose a man, regardless of politics, to act as the apostle of this railway creed, the choice would fall on the Hon. J. B. M. Baxter for the qualities he possesses, as an orator, as a thinker, as a statesman, and as the man best qualified to lay before the people of Canada the true merits of the situation.



The clear right at an opposition candidate's meeting, one of the speakers, whose name charity forbids me to mention, thus addressed the audience:—"I'm not going to keep you very long, but if you get what I say into your heads, you'll have the war's rite, in a nutshell." And then he wondered why a good many in the audience walked out!

The girl across the way says that while lovelorn still goes on, styles of making it change. The old-fashioned young man when engaged in this pastime used to turn down the gas, she says. Now-a-days he steps on it. Still she finds the result is usually the same.

It is sincerely to be hoped that this kind of weather is not a sample of what St. John is to get throughout the coming months. With November not over and the present amount of snow on the ground, the outlook is not the most cheerful that can be contemplated.

H. G. Wells says that what is driving the European nations to ruin is the fact that they have no money. Well, I've often noticed that it is not infrequently works out that way in the case of individuals.

I met a chap coming from the station yesterday, who stopped me to enquire if I could tell him where he could find a decent restaurant.

"Sure," I said, "which style of cooking do you prefer, Italian, Chink or just plain Canadian?" Having got his reply I gave him the needed directions.

I've been wondering since I was at church on Sunday night when the parson said the meek should inherit the earth, if they would stay that way when they came into the property.

I noticed the following rhyme in an American paper:— Fair Venus, if the statues tell, her beauty could never go A-shopping on the avenue. She had no arms, you know. How do you like this for an appendix to it?

Another thing, if Venus went A-shopping goodness knows, there surely would be trouble if she didn't wear more clothes.

WHAT OTHERS SAY

Better and Better (Quebec Chronicle). It is only the other day that public attention was drawn to the continued improvement of the Canadian National Railway's financial position and later evidence emphasizes still more strongly this hopeful development.

For three successive months the Canadian National Railways have shown a handsome surplus over operating costs. The August statement revealed the first surplus since the lines became Government property September and October—although the complete figures are not yet available—will, it is said, produce a profit that will confound the pessimists.

The change from deficits to surpluses is being achieved by the policy of co-ordinating the lines, by the elimination of overlapping and by the effecting of economies. As these reforms

become more and more perfected still greater results are promised. Moreover, the change is being achieved without deteriorating the railway service.

As an illustration, the movement of western grain may be cited. From September 1 to October 20 last year, the Canadian National moved but 97 per cent. of the grain, the C. P. R. moving 62 per cent. During the same period this year the Canadian National moved 46 per cent, and the C. P. R. 63 per cent. In other words, the Canadian Pacific last year moved 26 per cent. more grain than the Canadian National; this year only 7 per cent. more.

Between September 1 and October 20, this year, the C. N. R. loaded 42,452,000 bushels of grain as against 20,351,000 during the similar period of 1920. Cars loaded in the 1921 period numbered 33,738 as against 16,992 in 1920.

These figures cannot be controverted and should be received with satisfaction by all those who realize the urgent character of Canada's railroad problem. If the progress lately made can be continued the solution of that problem may well be at hand.

Direct Taxes. (Vancouver Province.) We know in this province what kind of a task it is to impose new or additional taxes for provincial or municipal purposes. For several successive years taxation problems have been before the people and their representatives. The question of providing the necessary revenue remains unsettled.

This gives us some idea what will happen if a federal government and Parliament should sweep away the greater part, or any considerable portion of the revenue derived from customs. Those who destroy tariff revenue decrease more and higher direct taxes. The Dominion already levies heavy burdens in the way of income taxes and other direct imposts. Only the obligations resulting from the war could justify such taxes on the earnings of the people.

An addition of a hundred millions a year to these war taxes would involve a taxing of earnings now exempt. It would increase the levy now paid on moderate incomes. We should expect a federal tax on personal property or real estate or both. It would become necessary for the Dominion to invade the source of revenue and municipal titles.

Some tariff speakers leave the impression that in the matter of customs taxes there is only the question whether the people shall pay these duties, or be free from them, whereas the question is whether they shall pay these customs duties or additional direct taxes.

Quite so, (Hamilton Spectator.) Even the Globe, during its political spasms, speaks the truth unwittingly at times, as when it says: "Every farmer in Canada and the United States is suffering from the state of things in Europe. No tariff can protect him against that."

SAVE YOUR EYES Attend To Your Eyes Now—Before Christmas True, their condition may be that you can get along quite well for the few weeks remaining until Christmas, but why during that time put up with the bother and inconvenience of not being able to see distinctly. For both business and pleasure you want the best sight you can have—and properly fitted glasses will give it to you. It will not be so agreeable to you to come in for glasses when the store is crowded with buyers. Don't escape the crowds now. Come get your glasses today.

L. L. SHARPE & SON, Jewelers and Optometrists. 21 King St., St. John, N. B.

Select your Greeting Cards for Christmas now. Advertising Calendars a specialty. FLEWELLING PRESS, Engravers & Printers Market Square, St. John.

The Christie Woodworking Co., Ltd. 186 Erin Street.

DURING RECENT YEARS We were obliged to turn away many prospective students for want of space for expansion. In our present premises we have space for enlarging and we will be able to accommodate all applicants. No better time for entering than now. Send for New Catalogue.

S. KERR, Principal.

NOW LANDING SUGAR BEET MEAL A great milk producer at a low price. Try a sample order. C. H. PETERS' SONS, LIMITED ST. JOHN, N. B.

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SAVE YOUR EYES Attend To Your Eyes Now—Before Christmas True, their condition may be that you can get along quite well for the few weeks remaining until Christmas, but why during that time put up with the bother and inconvenience of not being able to see distinctly. For both business and pleasure you want the best sight you can have—and properly fitted glasses will give it to you. It will not be so agreeable to you to come in for glasses when the store is crowded with buyers. Don't escape the crowds now. Come get your glasses today.

L. L. SHARPE & SON, Jewelers and Optometrists. 21 King St., St. John, N. B.

Select your Greeting Cards for Christmas now. Advertising Calendars a specialty. FLEWELLING PRESS, Engravers & Printers Market Square, St. John.

The Christie Woodworking Co., Ltd. 186 Erin Street.

DURING RECENT YEARS We were obliged to turn away many prospective students for want of space for expansion. In our present premises we have space for enlarging and we will be able to accommodate all applicants. No better time for entering than now. Send for New Catalogue.

S. KERR, Principal.

NOW LANDING SUGAR BEET MEAL A great milk producer at a low price. Try a sample order. C. H. PETERS' SONS, LIMITED ST. JOHN, N. B.



UNIVERSAL ELECTRIC TOASTER Makes Breakfast More Chummy IN many homes, hubby sits alone at the breakfast table while wifey cooks and does the serving. With the "Universal" Toaster—and the "Universal" Coffee Percolator—breakfast becomes a real tête-à-tête. CRISP, richly browned toast that you'll enjoy from the first bite to the last crumb—that is the kind made with the "Universal." IF the whole supply for breakfast is toasted in advance it can be kept nicely warm by placing it on top of the toaster. If you like good toast you'll like better toast made on the "Universal." Phone M. 2540 McAVITY'S 11-17 King St.

RAW-HIDE and TANNED LACE LEATHER CRESCENT PLATES and RIVETS—CLIPPER HOOKS. Also LEATHER BELTING MANUFACTURED BY D. K. McLAREN, Limited Main 1121, 90 Germain Street, St. John, N. B. Box 702.

The Union Foundry and Machine Works, Ltd. Engineers and Mathinists. Iron and Brass Castings. Phone West 598 West St. John. G. H. WARING, Manager.

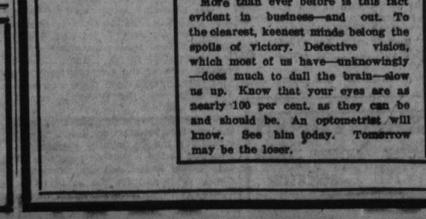
Arcotop Waterproofs and Preserves Old Roofs. Gravel, corrugated iron, composition and tin roofs are quickly restored, and render many years of service, by a single coating of Arcotop—and only one labor cost is necessary. Write us for descriptive folder and price. Haley Bros., Limited St. John, N. B.

Now is the time to Brighten Up and get ready for the holiday trade. ELECTRICALLY AT YOUR SERVICE THE WEBB ELECTRIC CO. Phone M. 2152 ELECTRICAL CONTRACTORS 91 GERMAIN ST.

Leather Presentables— are favored this year! Our showing is exceptionally large, and complete in every detail. We await your visit with interest. Barnes & Co., Limited

A Boudoir Door Mirror will please your wife, or daughter, much more than many another gift you could bestow. The kind we make are of heavy bevelled plate glass, and we fit them for you right to the door of the boudoir closet. Ornamental, indeed, as well as useful, is a gift of this kind. For Prices, Phone Main 3000 Murray & Gregory, Ltd.

"A Battle of Brains" More than ever before is this fact evident in business—and out. To the clearest, keenest minds belong the spoils of victory. Defective vision, which most of us have—unknowingly—does much to dull the brain—slow us up. Know that your eyes are as nearly 100 per cent. as they can be and should be. An optometrist will know. See him today. Tomorrow may be the loser.



In the Int St. John and of Canada Mark YOU THU on Decer

1. J. B. M. B. Ba 34 Dufferin Ro

2. MURRAY Ph 75 Coburg Str

3. WM. P. BR De 86 Orange Str

4. HARRY R. Se 139 Germain S

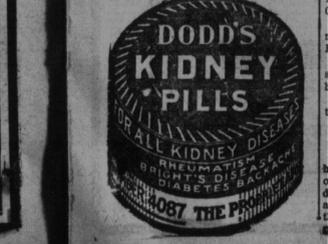
5. FREDERIC M 137 Broad Str

6. WM. M. CA Br German Bro

ANDOVER

Andover, N. B., Nov. 29.—At an early hour this morning, fire destroyed the oldest business block in the village, when the store at "The Corner" owned by Mrs. J. B. Porter was burned to the ground. This store had been occupied as a business stand for more than sixty years and was an old land mark, having at one time done an extensive business all over the country. In addition to loss of Mrs. Porter, Mr. Herman Jamer sustained a severe loss from goods in storage. There was a small insurance.

On Wednesday afternoon Mrs. A. F. MacIntosh gave a pleasant auction party when Mrs. Crawford



UNIVERSAL TOAST

More Chummy

It's alone at the breakfast and does the serving. With and the "Universal" Coffee becomes a real tête-à-tête.

Toast that you'll enjoy a last crumb—that is the universal.

Breakfast is toasted in nicely warm by placing it on the "Universal". If you like good toast made on the "Universal".

WIMBY'S 11-17 King St.

W-HIDE

and **LEATHER CRESCENT CUTS—CLIPPER HOOKS.**

Also **OR BELTING**

REN, Limited

Street, St. John, N. B. Box 702.

Machine Works, Ltd.

and **Mathinists.**

Phone West 598

C. H. WARING, Manager.

Waterproofs

ves Old Roofs.

composition and tin roofs are done in many years of service, by up—and only one labor cost is descriptive folder and prices.

St. John, N. B.

EN UP and get ready for the lay trade.

AT YOUR SERVICE

ELECTRIC CO.

CONTRACTORS 91 GERMAIN ST.

Leather Presentables—

are favored this year! Our showing is exceptionally large, and complete in every detail.

We await your visit with interest.

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of Brains"

More than ever before is this fact: that the brain is the seat of all our pleasures, and out to pleasure, keenest minds belong to those of us who have—unknowningly—done much to dull the brain—slow it up. Know that your eyes are as good as dead, as they can be should be. An optometrist will see him today. Tomorrow will be the loser.

In the Interests of St. John-Albert and of Canada as a Whole

Mark YOUR Ballot

THUS

on December 6:

- J. B. M. BAXTER,** Barrister, 34 Dufferin Row, Parish of Lancaster
- MURRAY MacLAREN,** Physician, 75 Coburg Street, City of St. John
- WM. P. BRODERICK,** Dentist, 86 Orange Street, City of St. John
- HARRY R. McLELLAN,** Secretary, 139 Germain Street, City of St. John
- FREDERICK A. CAMPBELL,** Motorman, 137 Broad Street, City of St. John
- WM. M. CALHOUN,** Farmer, German Brook, Albert County

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

GRAIN SHIPMENTS

A total of 1,400,000 bushels of wheat has been stored in the C. P. R. elevators at Sand Point. The S. S. Elyria is due here to take away a cargo of 750 and other steamers are expected in the near future to load for European ports.



THE RAILWAY QUESTION

CANADA: "I am now paying the piper for the two great railway blunders of the late Liberal government,—forcing the G.T.P. contract of 1903 upon the country, and the amending act of 1904, by which the country was committed to an enormous figure in guarantees and cash outlays. What have you to say on the subject?"

Mackenzie King: "Er-r, ahem! Are we not having charming weather, Madam?"

EVIDENCE OF CORROBORATIVE NATURE WAS INTRODUCED

Witnesses for the Defense in the McAuley Murder Trial Yesterday Testified Regarding Paris Being in Truro August 2 and on Train August 3.

Strong evidence of a corroborative nature was introduced by the defense at the trial of John Paris for murder yesterday. Miss McKenzie, cashier of the Eastern Hat & Cap Co., after a face to face scrutiny of the accused, swore positively that he was the man she had seen paid in the hat company's office on Aug. 2.

W. Ogilvie, president of the company, also confronted Paris face to face, and swore that he was certain that Paris was the man who had worked for him in April, 1920, and who had asked him for payment in Truro some few days before Aug. 2.

Both witnesses swore to noticing spots on the prisoner's face, and pointed out to the jury the spots they had reference to. Neither would swear that they were the identical spots, nor how many they had noticed at the time.

Albert Martin, colored, of Amherst, N. S., said he arrived in St. John on a train that arrived at 6.30 a. m., and that the accused got off the car steps immediately behind him. That they shook hands and chatted.

Morning Session.

Miss McKenzie was recalled to the stand on the opening of the morning session. She stated that when the accused came into the office and asked for his pay she handed ninety cents to Mr. McNaught, and then made an entry in the complete order binder. Judge Chandler stated he would admit the entry in evidence.

Miss McKenzie said she understood the gravity of the case, and was telling the truth. She knew Monday she was to be a witness. Mr. Vernon came to the office in September to see if there had been a transaction, and she thought he had spoken to her

about it shortly before the first trial. Up to that time she had nothing to fix the date in her mind. She did not make out the invoice herself. Another employe had called her attention to the fact that there was no receipt attached.

She thought there was another person in the office beside McNaught and herself on Aug. 2, working the adding machine. She said she had her back turned when the accused came in, and turned to see who it was.

After Paris asked for the money McNaught went out; he was gone a few minutes, and when he returned asked for ninety cents, and told her to be sure and enter it, and she did so. She asked the man's name and McNaught said Paris. She did not bother about the Christian name. She remembered McNaught commented on Paris being lighter than most colored people. Noon recess.

Afternoon Session.

After the noon recess Mr. Byrne resumed his cross-examination of Miss McKenzie. The witness told the same story as on direct examination. She said she did not see Paris after the time McNaught paid him the ninety cents in her presence. The entry made by her in the book was for Paris before or since that day, but would swear positively that the accused was the man.

The witness was asked if she would swear that the man shown her in a photo by Mr. Byrne was the same man. She replied that she would not swear to a photo.

She noticed brown spots on the man's face the size of a small pea. She thought there were four or five on the left temple. She could not say if they were all over his face or not. She was only about five or six feet from the man when he was in the office.

Paris was made to walk up in front of witness and she was asked if she saw any spots on his face as large as a pea now. Paris was stood in front of the jury and Miss McKenzie, at the Attorney-General's direction, pointed out the spots on his left cheek to which she had referred. She did it a second time, and in reply to Mr. Byrne, again stated that those were the spots that she saw on the face of the accused through the window when he came to the factory office. Again she asked if she was sure Paris was the man, she replied she was.

On further questioning she said she would not swear that the spots which she pointed out to the jury were the ones she saw on Aug. 2. She had noticed then that the man's face was spotted. This terminated Mr. Byrne's examination.

To Mr. Vernon, Miss McKenzie said she had not made up her mind definitely before coming to St. John that she would swear the accused was the man to whom the money was paid, and was not certain until she had seen him at the trial. Mr. Horne's statement had had no effect on her evidence.

W. Ogilvie.

W. Ogilvie, managing director of the Eastern Hat & Cap Co., and president of the Eastern Hat Co., succeeded Miss McKenzie on the stand. He stated that Miss McKenzie was the company's assistant accountant,

PIMPLES ON FACE DIDN'T LIK' TO GO OUT

These nasty little pimples that break out on the face and other parts of the body are simply indications that the blood is out of order and requires purifying.

There is only one way to get rid of this obnoxious skin trouble, and that is by giving the blood a thorough cleansing which can best be done by that old reliable blood medicine,

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

and when the blood is purified the pimples will vanish and you will have a clear, healthy complexion.

Miss Mary E. Flanagan, R. R. No. 2, Stella, Ont., writes:—"I suffered for about two years with pimples and blotches breaking out on my face. The doctor said it was caused by bad blood. My face was so bad I didn't like to go out among a crowd of people. One day I was talking to a friend, and she advised me to get a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters and try it. I just took three bottles, and there was not a blotch or pimple of any kind left. Some of my friends asked me what I had used and I said, 'Burdock Blood Bitters chased them'."

B. B. B. has been on the market for the past 45 years, so you are not experimenting with some new and untried remedy.

Put up only by The T. Millburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

IMPERIAL THEATRE TODAY

Two Exhibitions—2.30 p.m. and 8 p.m. (Carriages May be Ordered for 10.30)

WAY DOWN EAST

THE GREATEST PICTURE TO DATE!

PRICES: Matinee—Orch. 50c., Balcony 25c. Evening—Orch. 50-75c., Balcony 50c., 25c.

NIGHT SEATS RESERVED—10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

but could not say on what day or under what circumstances.

At Mr. Byrne's request Paris came forward and Mr. Ogilvie pointed out with his finger the spots he referred to, counting some ten or fifteen or more.

Mr. Vernon asked if the Crown proposed counting the hairs in Paris' head as well.

The witness refused to say the spots he had pointed out were the same he had seen on the other occasion.

To Mr. Vernon he said he had been interviewed by Detective Hiddescombe the previous day.

Dr. Wallace said such questions might be allowed in Nova Scotia, but they would not be in New Brunswick. Mr. Vernon retorted that the doctor's remarks were out of place, and that he expected the same respect to be extended to the bar of Nova Scotia in New Brunswick as would be extended the latter in Nova Scotia. The judge called counsel to order.

Albert Martin

Albert Martin, colored of Amherst, N. S., said he went to the West on a harvesters excursion in August. He and two other colored boys on the train were interviewed by John Paris, who was with him, Paris asked him where he was going and he told him. He had known Paris for about a year and a half.

During the day Martin said he went over to Carleton with Johnnie Cook, but did not see Paris there. Nor did he remember seeing him in Amherst. He supposed Mrs. Johnson meant Johnnie Cook when she said John Walker.

Obituary

Miss Alice Muir

The death of Miss Alice Muir took place at the home of her sister, Mrs. Mary Freese, Belleisle Station, on November 24th, after an illness of four months of paralysis, aged 66 years. She is survived by two brothers and four sisters, David Muir, St. John; James Muir, Belleisle; Mrs. Margaret A. Pearson, Highfield; Mrs. Archie McAllister, Gagetown; Mrs. William Hamilton, Somerville, Mass.; and Mrs. Mary Freese, Belleisle Station. The funeral took place Sunday after a short service at the house, the remains were taken to Pearsonville where service was held in the Presbyterian church, interment being in the family lot adjoining. Rev. J. E. Skanklin, Belleisle, conducted the services.

Arthur Allen Perkins

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Perkins, of Belleisle Creek, will regret to learn of the very sad and sudden death of their youngest son, Arthur Allen, of New York, which took place on Thursday 20th at the early age of twenty-three. The funeral took place Thursday afternoon at two o'clock. The Rev. Mr. Hopkins officiating, assisted by Rev. J. E. Skanklin, taking for his text James, Chapter 14, verse 1.

Favorite hymns of the deceased were sung: "Sometime We'll Understand," "Will the Circle Be Unbroken," "Face to Face," also a beautiful solo very touchingly sung by Mrs. Everett Howe, "In the Upper Garden."

The deceased leaves to mourn three brothers and eight sisters. The brothers are: Charles and Ernest, of Everett, Mass.; Oscar, of Sussex; the sisters are: Mrs. Weldon Northrup, of Belleisle Creek, Mrs. W. A. Smith, Middle Sackville, Ida A. Everett, Misses, Mrs. D. W. Cummings, of Point Wolfe, Mrs. C. T. Tibbles, of Belleisle Creek, Elsie, Mildred and Greta, at home.

The floral tributes were: Broken Circle, family spray, brothers Ernest and Charles; spray, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Perkins, also Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Perkins; spray, Mr. and Mrs. Roy Parlee, Minnie and F. E. Shanklin; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. C. N. Northrup; flowers.

Interment in the Baptist cemetery at Belleisle Creek. He was much loved and will be missed by many.

SAVE YOUR EYES

If your vision is impaired—if your eyes won't stand the strain of hard, constant work—you owe it to yourself to make up the deficiency by wearing glasses.

We grind our own lenses insuring your prompt accurate service.

D. O'BANER, Optometrist, 111 Charlotte St., St. John

SAVE YOUR STOMACH RISINGS, GAS, HEART BURN, SOURNESS? Tells of a Simple Remedy.

It's really wonderful the quick relief you get from ten or twenty drops Nervilleine taken in sweetened water. For cramps and spasms, Nervilleine is equally efficient. To safeguard yourself against these ailments, keep handy on the shelf a bottle of trusty old Nervilleine. It will relieve the minor aches and pains of the whole family. Good for internal or external use. See at all dealers.

Oysters, Clams, Halibut, Mackerel, Salmon, Haddock, Cod, Salt Shad.

SMITH'S FISH MARKET

The Unexpected Always Happens

This time you will be delighted.

Muskrat Coats of Superior Quality

\$125.00 and \$135.00

Periodically we select from our stock a number of garments here and there and reprice them, not for their worth, but for your benefit.

You will say they are worth more.

D. Magee's Sons, Ltd.
Master Furriers Since 1859
St. John, N. B.

FOR WOMEN

Dame Fashion Says:

Do not suspect the gay young thing of smoking cigarettes just because you see a little holder-like affair of 10-carat gold in her purse. It may be the latest aid to beauty, a combination eyebrow pencil and lip stick fitted in a 10-carat gold holder. The pencils are adjusted for use by a tiny jeweled slide, black for the eyebrow pencil, red for the lipstick—plain as day.

There is a tendency to black and white combinations with a touch of high color.

In shoes, it is expected that colored evening slippers will take the place of metal ones. Combination shoes of light and dark brown or grey are expected to be good. A shawl called mouse will be popular for shoes and gloves.

Pringe a yard wide is being shown in jet and moonlight beads, and silk. There are also the new wide beaded sashes in lovely colors, which brighten a dark dress, or catch the color of a light one; these appear to be about two yards long. Chenille, too, is being shown, and the popularity of this soft trimming is being tested in many to us this year.

Hemstitched tucks form the only decorative note in some of the new set negligees. They are being shown in tans and greys for the mat and salmon, leaf green and old blue are popular for the young miss.

Have you seen the new "miets for evening wear" in place of the jade bracelets of summer days, there now comes a flat band of metal or tortoise shell to hide the vaccination mark. At its outer fastening there is a fluffy ostrich tip to lend grace and charm in keeping with the color harmony of the frock worn.

Canadian tweeds excel in tricotine, crossbred and botany wools and gabardines, but as yet they are not made in a sufficient range of quantities to give merchants and manufacturers who buy in large quantities a sufficient variety from which to choose. For retail and value, a merchant who has been handling cloths for a long time, tells us there is nothing anywhere to compare with Canadian tweeds and excellent broken-ova-plaid, heather tones and reversible cloths.

Health Talks

A prominent physician writes: "No, long ago Georges Clemenceau, the 'Tiger' of France, observed his 84th birthday. When asked the secret of unfailing youth, he is reported to have said:

"Go to bed at 7 and rise at 4. Work hard and never eat meat. Confine your diet to oatmeal, toast, flat fish, water and milk. Use no liquor, never dine out and never marry."

With most of this advice I am in full agreement. I assume the last statement was merely the "Tiger's" little joke. It might well be that he may be "by" originated the old conundrum, "Why did married men live longer than single men?" Whoever it was checked men when he gave the answer: "They don't, it only seems longer."

As a matter of fact, happy marriage lengthens life. When I read this dispatch I thought of my father in his 84th year and of an uncle who will be 97 next July. They are healthy and husky, and their heavy, in spite of their age, have done much to keep these men well through all these years. My family, certainly, must look upon Clemenceau's advice about marriage as a birthday wish.

If Clemenceau gives himself nine hours of sleep, it is rather more than the average man requires. If one too must choose between too many or too few hours of rest, Clemenceau's rule is to be preferred.

Few men have died because of hard work. If you sleep well and eat properly, you can work hard and never suffer from it. Lazing and idleness have caused ten times more suffering and disease than even the hardest work has ever brought about.

Most in moderation is not harmful, it is better to eat no meat than to eat too much meat. The simple food Clemenceau recommends is sufficient for the maintenance of health and vigor.

There can be no doubt that intemperance has been the cause of much illness and human suffering. Bingeing, midnight suppers, stomachic food and abuse of the stomach will ruin any constitution. No man need expect to reach four score years if he indulges himself in such practices. When we may expect as simple food at our host's table as we have at home when the family dines alone, then, and not till then, will dining out be safe. Clemenceau is right.

Old age is the natural culmination of right living. Sleep in plenty, with in limits, exercise in work, proper food and freedom from worry are the four secrets of a long life. Abide by these rules religiously, as Clemenceau has done, and you may live as long and be somewhere near as useful as he has been.

THE WHY OF THE ELECTRIC.

"Father," enquired the winsome young lady, "why are those coats called electric seal?"

"Dunno," growled father, "unless it is when you see the price you feel as if you'd been struck by lightning."

BACK NUMBERS.

Concerning college football teams. Too oft it comes to pass 'The man who's half-back in the field is 'way back in his class.

Daily Fashion Hint



GREEN CLOTH AND KRIMMER

This authoritative new chemise style lends itself to reproduction in dark green broadcloth. The sleeves are in kimono effect, finished with deep flare cuffs trimmed with embroidery. A soft crushed grille indicates the lengthened waistline. A distinctive feature of the design is a broken border of kimmer set about the lower edge of the skirt. Above the fur at the sides, the embroidery design used on the sleeve is repeated. Medium size requires 2 1/2 yards 34-inch material and 1 1/4 yards fur lining.

Facts On Indoor Culture of Bulbs

For the indoor flower grower, practically no class of plants can be grown with less care and greater satisfaction than the spring-flowering bulbs.

In selecting bulbs, it is well to secure those of first quality. A good-sized bulb is much more likely to give a good, strong bloom than a bulb of small size. Commercial dealers usually list their bulbs as those of first and second quality.

October is the proper season for potting bulbs for spring blooming. A bulb requires about six weeks or two months in which to get properly rooted before being brought into the full sunlight.

The soil should be well prepared, getting the proper admixture of loam and sand. Bulbs require probably more sand in the soil than most other plants which are grown indoors. From one-sixth to one-fifth of the total soil should be of sand. All coarse material should be sifted out as the soil is being prepared for potting purposes.

The size and form of the flower pots used will depend upon the class of bulb which is to be potted. Tulips do best when potted in shallow flower pots known as fern pans. Several bulbs may be potted in one pan. With larger bulbs such as the Dutch Hyacinth, a single bulb to a five or six inch flower pot is sufficient.

In potting, place about one inch of coarse material such as broken flower pots or cinders in the bottom to act as drainage. Fill the flower pot to within one and one-half inches of the top with well-drained soil, place the bulb on top of the soil and pack additional soil around it. When potted, the top of the bulb should protrude well above the surface; the soil around and below the bulb should be well compacted. After potting, the soil should be thoroughly moistened and the potted bulbs placed in a cool, dimly-lighted or dark room at a temperature of 40-45 degrees. They may be left under these conditions for a period of six weeks or two months.

After the blooming period is over, the best plan is to discard the bulbs with the possible exception of Freesia. With these bulbs, the plants should be allowed to grow for a short time after blooming, and gradually be cut off; removed from the soil and stored in a dry state.

There are a number of other bulbous or tuberous-rooted plants such as Amaryllis, Cyclamen, Gloriosa and tuberous-rooted Begonias which are worthy of culture and which require special treatment.

List of varieties of bulbs which are recommended for general culture: Tulips, outside planting: Keiserkroon, large yellow and red; Belle Alliance (Waterloo), scarlet; Cottage Maid, rose and white; Chrysolora, large golden yellow. Tulips, single, for indoor planting: Desert, large red; Prince of Austria, orange scarlet, sweet-scented; Yellow Prince, golden yellow; Rose Louisiana, deep rose.

Tulips, double, for indoor planting: Couronne D'or, yellow orange shaded; Lord Rosebery, very fine pink early forcing; Imperator, Rubycrim, large bright scarlet; Murillo, delicate, light rose; Rubra Maxima, large scarlet; Tournesol, red and yellow (earliest).

Daffodils, single: Bicolor Victoria, broad white petals, bold yellow trumpet; Empress, white, trumpet yellow, double nosed; Sir Watkin, rich sulphur yellow tinged orange, single nosed; Madame de France, perianth creamy-white, trumpet primrose, most beautiful.

Household Hints

Princess Pudding.

- 1 cup diced bread.
- 2 cups milk.
- 2 eggs.
- Flavoring of choice.
- 1 1/2 teaspoon salt.
- 2 tablespoon jam or jelly.
- 2 tablespoon sugar.
- 1 tablespoon butter.

Separate eggs; beat yolks until light; add salt, flavoring and milk; brush bread with butter substitute; put in oven and bake slowly until nicely browned; then sprinkle with sugar. Return to oven removed when partly cooked; spread top with jam or jelly and cover with meringue from whites of eggs; sprinkle with sugar and put in oven until dry.

If one does not want to beat the whites of eggs separately, use it with the yolks in a body of the pudding.

Canned or Dried Stewed Peach Roly-Poly.

- 2 cups canned peaches.
- 1 1/2 cup sugar.
- 1 1/2 tablespoon baking powder.
- 1 1/2 tablespoon salt.
- 1 1/2 tablespoon shortening.

Sift the flour, baking powder and salt into bowl; add the shortening and rub in very lightly; add just enough cold milk to hold together. Roll out on floured board 14 inch thick; cover with peaches, which have been pitted and sprinkle with the sugar, and roll the same as for jelly roll. Put into the baked shell that has been brushed with butter; brush top with milk; cover and bake 25 minutes. Uncover and bake 10 minutes, or until nicely brown. Sprinkle roll with 1 1/2 tablespoon sugar and 1 tablespoon butter.

Steamed Carrot Pudding.

- 1 cup breadcrumbs.
- 1 cup grated raw carrot.
- 1 cup seeded raisins put through food chopper.
- 1 1/2 cup flour.
- 1 cup of beef suet.
- 24 cups water.
- 1 tablespoon salt.
- 1 tablespoon cinnamon.
- 1-2 tablespoon each of ginger or grated nutmeg.

2 tablespoons candied orange or grapefruit peel, chopped fine. Mix all well together; add enough cold water to make a stiff mixture; brush mold or bowl with a little butter. Close the mold, and steam for 2 hours warm with lemon sauce or sauce of choice. To reheat the pudding put in top of double boiler until warmed through. This pudding will keep a week.

Oatmeal Pudding.

- 3 cup boiled oatmeal.
- 1-2 cup sugar.
- 2 cups canned or stewed fruit.
- 1 tablespoon butter or butter substitute.

Flavoring to taste. When boiling the oatmeal for breakfast, make double amount. To the half, add water. Brush custard cups with melted butter substitute, fill with the oatmeal and set in cold place. Turn out into individual dishes, cover with any kind of canned or stewed fruit. This makes a good dessert, especially for children.

Oatmeal Oats.

- 4 cup boiled rolled oats.
- 1 quart finely sliced apples.
- 1-2 cup sugar.
- 1 cup seeded raisins.
- 1 1/2 tablespoon salt.
- 1 tablespoon cinnamon.
- 2 tablespoons oleomargarine.

Brush casserole or pudding pan liberally with oleomargarine. Mix oatmeal, apples, raisins and seasoning together and put into dish. Put oleomargarine over top in small pieces, cover dish and place in moderate oven, bake 20 minutes, uncover and bake 20 minutes.

IN THE NIGHT.

Have you ever walked at two, When the moon swings high in heaven?

All the stars seem strange and new, CHIM but seem with fallen dew. That the pale white night has given, Far away a clock strikes slowly.

And the echoes fall and die, Where the brightest star rides lowly in the opalescent sky.

Straight the cedars stand to listen To some music far away, Where the dark fringed hilltops glisten.

On the edges of the day, And in silver robes a-trailing, Goes the wind across the grass, Popples sighing, waving, pallid, With her beauty, but alas, Headlessly the wind does pass.

Have you ever walked at two With your earstings tight and twanging, With the glory of the blue, Star-set dome above you hanging?

Then a peace, all still and shining, Seems to lie upon the land, Earth and sky and stars enshrining, Like the touch of God's own hand.

And those things that I forgot, In the hurry of life's plot, Then I seem to understand.

Children cease crying for the moon sometimes before they are big enough to want the earth.

Black Remains Supreme In Paris

Dressmakers Fail to 'Launch' Fad for More Costly Gowns of Bright Hues.

Paris, Nov. 29.—Black remains supreme in the fashion world of Paris. Despite a severe onslaught by advocates of color, the supreme council of style has been forced to retain the conventional black as the dominant motif of all fall and winter modes and there is every indication that color, except in minor trimming effects, will not be able to challenge black until late spring.

Adopted at a time when economy was the guiding idea of all feminine purchases, black has come to be regarded as the most becoming color. French women say it is alone in lending itself to striking effects.

Dressmakers quietly gathered together before fall and winter modes were given to the world and tacitly agreed that colors should have a chance. The adoption of black was hurting them financially. One black gown carefully selected took the place of two or three dresses of different colors.

But the French women, who are in dictators of the newest developments in style, said a very emphatic "No." The demand this fall was for black, and the dressmakers bowed to the inevitable. Crepe Moroccan, velvet and perline are the most popular materials.

The coatmakers however, have been slightly more successful in their efforts to bring the color back to its own. Dressmakers are insisting that coats are now necessary to give the "uncolored look." This propaganda has succeeded in some instances, but most French women, having fought and won their freedom, are loath, in the language of a famous French actress, "to jail their bodies again."

There are four definite features of the fall and winter modes: a very long waist line, longer circular skirts with full sides, accented sleeves of gay colors and the famous bateau neck line.

Brick red has been used extensively as trimming and some green steel ornaments for hats, purses, dresses and even shoes are the newest thing in novelties.

Door knobs and nail head effects are used in making girdles. In the case of shoes the usual order of things has been reversed and the smartest shoes in Paris are "knickerbocker" shoes, with large steel buckles.

These shoes look more like Aunt's shoes than anything else. The French lady is retained. The short, stubby toe has disappeared in stylish French footwear.

Black again dominates in hats, felt being the best liked material. Crowns are much higher and the fall hats are so big that they interfere with dancing. Smaller hats will be worn with fur trim in the season.

Circular earrings, usually a circle of jet or ebony, with a larger circle, are worn by the best-dressed women. Many styles cannot make them fast enough. Some women wear very large ones, almost cabalistic in effect.

Gay color has its only opportunity of being shown for young girls. These are made in the brightest of colors but the evening dresses worn by their mothers and older relatives are black. The empire period has given the inspiration for the youthful evening dresses this year, making wearers look like venerated ancestors. The skirts are large, full with hips extended.

EXPERIMENT FAILED.

An attempt has been made by a man to ascend into the air in a huge rocket. The well-known motor car, armed with a parachute, stood in a tub-like casing of wood and metal, which was attached to the top of a monster-rocket loaded with 1,500 lbs. of black powder. A large crowd assembled to witness the daring feat, and a squad of moving picture cameramen stood without the danger zone to film the incident.

When the fuse was lighted, there was a terrific explosion which threw the rocket into the air. The rocket, through the air, seriously burning him. This failure may alter the mind of the professor who hopes to get to the moon by rocket. He is building a huge cylindrical cabin, which he plans to have shot into space by compressed air. If all goes well, he says he will reach the moon.

A Stubborn Cough Loosens Right Up
This home-made remedy is a wonder for quick relief, healthy and cheaply made.

Here is a home-made syrup which millions of people have found to be the most dependable means of breaking up stubborn coughs. It is cheap and simple to use, soothing influence, chest soreness gone, phlegm loosens, breathing becomes easier, tickling in throat stops and you get a good night's restful sleep. The usual throat and chest colds are conquered by it in 24 hours or less. Nothing better for your throat, cough, cold, croup, throat tickle, bronchial asthma or winter coughs.

Rummage Sales Are Profitable

Home Welfare Auxiliary in Winnipeg Have Central Clothing Bureau.

Money is good, service is better and action for the greatest need, the best of all. This truth applies to all branches of women's activities, even the omnipresent rummage sale. For years women have found in the rummage sale a legitimate and remunerative means of raising moderately large sums of money with little or no expense. Tidy housewives made these intermittent sales the backbone dumping ground of the family discards in garments and furniture. Here came the half worn shoes, the discarded silks, the tumbled millinery and the shrunken underwear. Good business men, the fur, the coat, the woolen mitts, the scarf, the hat, the old-fashioned wearing frocks. The rummage brought to the customer much that was profitable as well as a little that was foolish, all at very cheap prices.

Now in Winnipeg rummage goods will go to other purposes. The Central Clothing Bureau will receive all kinds of wearable apparel, as well as specially useful bits of furniture. These will add to its stock of second-hand clothing which bureau undertakes to supply to the various recognized social agencies of the city as well as to demands from the various churches. The bureau was opened this month and here a committee is at work every afternoon sorting and distributing the garments to needy citizens introduced to the bureau by social service workers.

The bureau is under the direction of the Home Welfare auxiliary of the Mothers' association. The auxiliary was organized last spring by the Mothers' association in co-operation with the Social Welfare association to be the recognized women's auxiliary to the association's work among needy citizens of Winnipeg. Its executive includes representatives from the leading religious denominations of the city and its workers come from every church. As well as maintaining the bureau, members do friendly visiting among the Social Welfare cases and cooperate with that organization in special cases of relief.

Seeing that families dependent upon the city never receive other than discarded clothing, the need for some auxiliary to provide an adequate stock for the use of the Social Welfare association is apparent. Other social agencies report the same situation to a greater or less extent. Sometimes they have large supplies standing without demand and lack the very garments which they need the most. Donors are often heard to say that they cannot find a needy person to

Excels All For Purity, Flavor and Aroma

Once Enjoyed Always Enjoyed In Packets Only. At All Grocers.



One of my correspondents has suggested that I describe a 100 year old source containing the right tea for the home in America. That is a novel idea, to say the least, and I think the advertiser must have had in mind the National Tea Library of America. That course, as is rather well known, is composed of a reproduction of a series of famous teas from British sources—not from the thousands of sources throughout the world, but from the cycle of six seaside counties over which the British champagne rotates. The result gives us a wonderful course down on Long Island. Here are nine of what I would call the best eighteen holes, the most difficult nine holes in American golf:

- Hole 1—Chicago Golf Club.
- Hole 2—Pine Valley.
- Hole 3—St. Louis Country Club.
- Hole 4—Merion Cricket Club, Philadelphia.
- Hole 5—Mayfield, Cleveland.
- Hole 6—Columbia Golf Club, Washington.
- Hole 7—Pleasanton Country Club, Chicago.
- Hole 8—National Golf Links, Long Beach.
- Hole 9—Memphis Country Club.

I can recall some wonderful first holes, but Chicago Golf Club's first stands out from all others. It has 40 yards, with a free space for the tee shot and a narrow entrance to the green.

The second, which I choose from Pine Valley, confronts the player with the necessity of carrying 100 yards over the rough, and then a condition by which the second shot makes the hole, the green, 360 yards from the hole, is on a broad, high hill, protected by an unusually fierce trap. One cannot roll a ball to this green, but plenty of room is given for the pitch.

For the All-American third hole, unquestionably pick No. 3 of the St. Louis Country Club. This is a snatcher of about 180 yards, with splendid water hazard, and one must carry all the way to the green. The green is on a hill and the hole is in a narrow groove.

Merion Fourth Requires Skill. The fourth hole at Merion always appealed to me as a wonderfully beautiful hole. About 430 yards, it is most difficult to get home in two—a question of trees on the right or else too much of a hook. It takes golf to make this in four.



BEAUTY OF THE SKIN is the natural desire of every woman, and is obtainable by the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. It is a wonderful skin treatment, and the skin is left soft, smooth and velvety. All dealers, or Edinboro, Pa., U.S.A. Limited, Toronto. Sample free if you mention this paper.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

Now they are invited to send all useful garments for adults and children to the Central Clothing Bureau so that they may reach the families of widows, needy mothers and worthy citizens. In each case the articles will go to supply a real need, as well as giving material assistance to the work of the social service workers.

The BIG Event Tonight

Political Meeting in the Interests of

Hon. J. B. M. Baxter, Col. Murray McLaren.

Candidates supporting Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen in

CARLETON CITY HALL

Addressed by

Hon. Dr. Baxter, Colonel McLaren, L. P. D. Tilley, K. C., F. A. Dykeman and others.

Chair Taken At 8 o'clock—All Invited

L. P. D. TILLEY, General Chairman.

EVANS PICKS ME FOR ALL-AMERICAN

(By Charles 'Chick' Evans.) One of my correspondents has suggested that I describe a 100 year old source containing the right tea for the home in America. That is a novel idea, to say the least, and I think the advertiser must have had in mind the National Tea Library of America. That course, as is rather well known, is composed of a reproduction of a series of famous teas from British sources—not from the thousands of sources throughout the world, but from the cycle of six seaside counties over which the British champagne rotates. The result gives us a wonderful course down on Long Island. Here are nine of what I would call the best eighteen holes, the most difficult nine holes in American golf:

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Has Haskell Found Fulton's Weakness

Minneapolis, Nov. 29.—Has Benn Haskell, manager of Fred Fulton, found the weakness in Fulton's fighting attack, which has kept the Minnesota heavyweight from staying at the top of the heap? He claims he has and says that Fulton's coming fight will prove it.

Haskell, an old-time fighter, and also a great ring general, believes that Fulton's eastern invasion, which starts next month in New York, will again put him in the line for another match with Jack Dempsey for the heavyweight world's championship.

Fulton has been criticized by fighters for his poor showing in an early round of battles, and some have pointed out that his failure to show anything in the early rounds has given his opponent a big advantage. This fact has been noted by Haskell, who should have been comparatively easy for Fulton. Fighters who, on the other hand, should last one or two rounds have given him considerable trouble at the gateway, and a coast box through two or three sessions has Fred been able to hit his true form.

Fulton has been accused of being little shy in courage when the other fellow appears to have a little edge on him. Fulton is one of the greatest boxing heavyweights in the game, can hit like a mule with either hand, but for some reason has been unable to fight in the ring anywhere near the form he shows in the gym.

He was battered into dreamland in the first round by Jack Dempsey and fell before Harry Willis.

Was it slow starting? Fighters on the Pacific coast, who take part in the four-round contest, learn up for two or three rounds before the contest, and a coast boxer who appeared in several bouts in the twin cities last winter, said that he always limbered up before entering the ring, if for four rounds or 40.

Stunt Helmer Beat Helmer, who fought through two or three sessions has Fred been able to hit his true form. Helmer has been accused of being little shy in courage when the other fellow appears to have a little edge on him. Fulton is one of the greatest boxing heavyweights in the game, can hit like a mule with either hand, but for some reason has been unable to fight in the ring anywhere near the form he shows in the gym.

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THE STANDARD'S SPORTING SECTION

EVANS PICKS MERION'S FOURTH FOR ALL-AMERICA GOLF LINKS

(By Charles Chick Evans.)
 One of my correspondents has suggested that I describe an interesting golf course containing the eighteen best holes in America. That is a novel idea, to say the least, and I think this enthusiast must have had in mind the National Golf Links of America.
 That course, as a rather well known, is composed of a reproduction of a series of famous holes from British courses—not from the thousands of courses throughout this country, but from the cycle of six seaside courses over which the British championship rotates. The result gives us a wonderful course down on Long Island.
 Here are nine of what I would call the best eighteen holes, the most difficult nine holes in American golf:
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 Hole 4—Merion Cricket Club, Philadelphia.
 Hole 5—Mayfield, Cleveland.
 Hole 6—Columbia Golf Club, Washington.
 Hole 7—Flossmoor Country Club, Chicago.
 Hole 8—National Golf Links, Long Island.
 Hole 9—Memphis Country Club.
 I can recall some wonderful first holes, but Chicago Golf Club's first hole, which is a par three, is a masterpiece of design. It has 430 yards, with a free space for the tee shot and a narrow entrance to the green.
 The second, which I choose from Pine Valley, confronts the player with the necessity of carrying 160 yards over the rough, and then a condition by which the second shot makes the hole, the green, 360 yards from the hole, is on a broad, high hill, protected by an unusually fierce trap. One cannot roll a ball to this green, but plenty of room is given for the pitch.
 For the All-American third hole I unhesitatingly pick No. 3 of the St. Louis Country Club. This is a one-shooter of about 180 yards, with a splendid water hazard, and one must carry all the way to the green. The guard the green on three and one-half sides—a wonderful hole.
 Merion Fourth Requires Skill.
 The fourth hole at Merion always appealed to me as wonderfully hard play. About 430 yards, it is most difficult to get home in two—a question of trees on the right or else too much of a hook. It takes golf to make this in four.

Basketball Games In Fredericton

Seniors Defeated Freshmen 42 to 29—Juniors Trimmed Sophomores 39 to 17.
 Special to The Standard
 Fredericton, N. B., Nov. 29.—The opening games of the interclass basketball league schedule were played this afternoon in the college gymnasium. The senior-freshman game proved to be one of the best interclass exhibitions that has been staged in the gym. The game was characterized by good combination work, supported by brilliant shooting on the part of both teams. The first period ended with the seniors leading by one point, 20-19. During the second period the seniors excelled more in combination play and netted several baskets. Score 42-29. The line-up was as follows:
 Seniors: Defense—Freshmen
 J. B. Seely C. R. Yern
 J. B. Sargent C. R. Coughlan
 H. H. Trimble C. H. Seely
 Forward
 K. M. Willet (Capt) G. D. Scovill
 L. G. Sillp D. A. MacRae
 Referee, R. A. Dummer.
 C. H. Seely was the star.
 The Junior Game
 The Junior game was a very close one by means of their superior combination work during entire game and won from Sophomores by a score of 39 to 17.
 Juniors: Centre Sophomores
 R. A. Dummer A. M. McGibbon
 K. P. MacKenzie J. E. C. Brennan
 Defense
 E. C. Akery C. R. Hicks
 L. E. Gilmore C. Cleiton
 Forward
 O. Mills R. G. Barbour
 Referee, R. M. Willet. Score, 39-17.

Bowling Results In Local Leagues

THORNE'S WON
 In a game on Black's alleys Monday night a team representing W. H. Thorne & Co. won all four points from Robertson, Foster & Smith.
 The individual scores follow:
 W. H. Thorne & Co.
 Cooper 96 89 79 254 88
 Fitzgerald 94 89 82 245 81.25
 MacBrien 87 87 85 259 84
 Blizard 84 86 80 250 83.13
 Baggeil 74 86 80 240 80
 Robertson, Foster & Smith.
 Simpson 81 80 82 243 81.25
 McManus 43 85 83 133 67.25
 Coleman 73 78 96 252 84
 Dixon 83 61 51 205 68.13
 McLeod 91 101 79 281 93.25
 Total 376 395 403 1194

BOWLING COMMERCIAL LEAGUE
 The Sugar Refinery took three points, the C. P. R. one, in the Commercial League game rolled on Black's alleys last night. Their scores follow:
 C. P. R.
 J. Galbraith 78 79 87 244 78
 Osbourne 87 83 72 242 80.25
 C. Galbraith 93 80 81 254 84.25
 Whitaker 81 109 94 284 98.25
 Maguire 78 80 81 239 82.25
 Total 427 445 431 1301

Sugar Refinery
 Archibald 80 110 86 276 90
 Sullivan 85 107 84 276 92
 Akery 94 93 96 283 94.13
 Gears 95 79 79 253 84.13
 Armstrong 78 80 81 239 82.25
 Total 433 494 424 1347

T. S. Simms and the Post Office roll tonight.

CITY LEAGUE
 Honors were won by the Nationals and the Lions rolling in the City League at Black's last night, each team taking two points. Wilson of the Lions was the high man with an average of 107.13. The scores follow:
 Lions
 Garvin 84 85 99 259 86.13
 Henderson 107 106 79 292 87.13
 Harrington 96 124 87 297 102.13
 Wilson 90 116 116 322 107.13
 Maxwell 86 76 111 273 91
 Total 483 507 483 1463

Nationals
 Quinn 97 90 91 281 93.25
 Thurston 92 90 102 284 94.25
 Cousin 87 103 101 291 93.25
 Appleby 94 78 98 270 90
 Ward 104 84 118 306 102
 Total 476 484 517 1477

GIRLS' BOWLING MATCH.
 Last evening on the G. W. V. A. alleys a girls' team from the Coronas Candy Co. won all four points from the girls representing Macaulay Bros. & Co., Ltd. The scores follow:
 Macaulay Bros.
 Carson 83 75 84 242 80.25
 Maxwell 80 85 75 240 81.25
 Cousin 87 81 81 249 83.25
 Thomas 66 62 79 207 69
 Maxwell, E. 58 74 72 204 68
 Total 374 377 371 1122

Corona Candy Co.
 Blakete 61 74 69 204 68
 Robinson 80 72 72 224 74.25
 Cawley 59 84 81 224 77.25
 MacDowan 81 79 75 235 81.25
 Griffin 69 72 69 210 71
 Total 350 373 373 1096

Y. M. C. A. LEAGUE
 In the Y. M. C. A. Senior League last night the Riverdale Club won all four points from the Crescents.
 The scores follow:
 Riverdale
 Ward 101 101 89 301 101.3
 Pendleton 70 77 74 221 73.25
 Somerville 79 87 74 230 78.13
 MacDowan 81 79 75 235 81.25
 Jenkins 82 89 80 251 90
 Total 423 444 419 1277

Crescents
 Golding 81 80 81 242 84
 Hart 85 84 79 248 82.25
 Stammers 75 78 83 236 78.13
 Sooly 72 68 71 211 71
 Thompson 87 86 84 257 90
 Total 402 415 406 1222

WELLINGTON LEAGUE
 Last night on the G. W. V. A. alleys in the Wellington league series, the Trocadero Club won three points from Macaulay Bros.
 The scores follow:
 Trocadero Club
 Somerville 90 84 89 273 91
 W. Hunter 86 90 76 252 85.25
 Shannon 87 85 91 263 87.25
 Stammers 86 84 80 250 83.13
 H. Hunter 80 85 89 254 84.25
 Total 439 438 423 1300

Macaulay Bros
 Davidson 81 91 88 260 86.25
 Hodges 95 73 90 258 86
 Hawling 86 74 236 78.13
 Brown 91 88 74 253 87.25
 Green 88 83 95 266 92
 Total 441 420 421 1292

Arranging For Hockey Games

Dates Submitted by U. N. B. Hockey Team Conflicts With Boston City League.
 Special to The Standard.
 Fredericton, Nov. 29.—In spite of the fact that no definite arrangements have been made concerning the proposed Boston tour of University of New Brunswick hockey team, negotiations are still going on between G. V. Brown, manager of Boston arena, and D. R. Bishop, the U. N. B. hockey manager. The latest advice received by Mr. Bishop is that the dates submitted for the U. N. B. games conflict with already arranged games of Boston city league contests and Mr. Brown is now endeavoring to make adjustments to accommodate the New Brunswickers.

Benny's Note Book

BY LEE PAPE
 Ma was imbrodering imbrodery in the setting room after supper, saying all of a sudden, This world is full of cheats and grafters, I'll never trust another person as long as I live.
 O, there must be one or 2 honest soles somewhere between here and China, wy, wats it all about? sed pop.
 Its about the biggest robber and chesit I ever came across in all my life, a person like that awt to be put in jail for the rest of his life and nobody awt to associate with him, sed ma.
 Well if he was in jail his associations would be rather limited enyway, sed pop.
 And so they awt to be, the big chesit, I dont see how de reason or other, and I went in more out of curiosity than from any real interest, and people were bidding on a bed spread and it certyen looked bewtiffil the way the man held it up and I bid 15 dollars more out of ixtemen than because I roely wanted it, and everybody stood around like a pack of fools without saying enything els, and the auctioneer sed Sold for 15 dollars. And after I paid for it I noticed it was all three bare in spots and wassent werth 5 dollars mutch less 15 and I made quite a scene but the auctioneer wouldent take it back, the chesit, but enyway I told him wat I thavst of him for not saying it was three bare before he sold it. Its positively enuff to make a person lose their faith in human nature.
 O well, you had your lessin and maybe the experience was cheap at 15 dollars, sed pop, and ma sed, Well, as it happened, it didnt cost me that mutch after all because I sold it to Mrs. Hows for 20 dollars, luckily for me.
 Help, watter, I feel faint, give me air, sed pop. And he got up and went out to take a wawk for some.

Beauty of the Skin

is the natural desire of every woman, and is obtainable by the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Finishes blackheads, roughness and redness of the skin, irritates and soothes chaps, and the skin is left soft, smooth and velvety. All dealers in Edinboro, Pa. & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample free if you mention this paper.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

Mob Psychology At Boxing Bout

(By James G. Leaming.)
 The raptures of a fight of uncommon value is a good place to study human nature. All the assorted varieties of mankind are represented.
 Benny Leonard, world's champion, fought Sam Freeman at the Ice Palace Tuesday night. Within the length of a Turkish towel from the ring, District Attorney Rotan sat in evident complacency over the proceedings. Near the district attorney sat a man under half ball set by the former. That night, at least they were co-partners in a trial of blood. Leonard, a tall, thin, blond, often rode out at a fight. A dozen loud-mouthed zealots near the ring will cause scores to stop thinking for themselves and join the herd. It grows like a snowball. Sam Freeman had a clique at the Ice Palace Tuesday night. The clique was not of his own making, but there was "The" had strong voices, and the crowd in the rear, dense and noisy, up of the drama in the ring, thought Freeman was just having a little basting practice with Leonard. . . .

Chess Challenger Was Boy Prodigy

Philadelphia, Nov. 29.—Norman T. Whitaker, who has challenged Frank J. Marshall, present title-holder, for the chess championship of the United States, is one of the most brilliant of the younger Americans who have qualified as "Knights" of the chess board.
 Even as a boy, Whitaker was a chess phenomenon. At 17, when he had just entered the University of Pennsylvania, he went to England as a member of that university's chess team, and defeated every player from Oxford and Cambridge that he met.
 The contestants for Champion Marshall's crown began playing chess when he was 13. The rudiments of the game he learned from a chum, and then began "studying" the game under the tutelage of his father, who is a professor of mathematics in one of the Philadelphia high schools.
 Later, when he joined the famous old Mercantile Chess club of his own city, young Whitaker came under the notice of Dr. Gustave Reichelm, who had an international reputation as a writer on chess and as a problem solver and composer. The boy became one of Dr. Reichelm's proteges, and from this noted expert learned his first lessons in the fine art of chess.
 Last February he came in second in the Pennsylvania state championship matches. Last summer, in a masters' tourney in Atlantic City in which Marshall was defeated, Whitaker again won second place, losing to David Janowski, the French champion.
 It was Whitaker who, disguised by a mask and a hooded domino suit, created a sensation in his own Mercantile club. It had been announced that an unknown chess wizard would be at the club room and meet 20 of the best players in the club in 20 simultaneous matches. Although personally known, not one of them suspected the identity of Whitaker when he was brought in and introduced as the "Masked Marvel." The 20 matches were completed and the "Masked Marvel" won 13 out of the 20. When the last match was finished, the mysterious visitor removed his mask, and his opponents and the spectators were amazed to discover that it was Norman Whitaker, one of their own members.
 Whitaker is 31 and a warrant attorney with officers in Washington.

Mike McTigue And Jeff Smith Bout

Articles Were Drawn Up But The Place of Meeting Was Not Specified.
 Halifax, N. S., Nov. 29.—A letter from Al Lippe, manager of Jeff Smith, under date of Saturday last, received in Halifax today throws new light on the mix-up over the McTigue-Smith fixture originally billed for Montreal, the claim being advanced that in the articles drawn up between the pair, the place of meeting was not specified.

Benny Leonard Outpoints Ward

Boxed Six Round Exhibition in Madison Square Garden—Contest for Charity.
 New York, Nov. 29.—Benny Leonard, lightweight boxing champion, tonight outpointed George Ward, Elizabeth, N. J., in a six round exhibition bout in Madison Square Garden, according to majority of sports writers at the ringside. The contest was the feature of a show for charity.
 Leonard led through the first four rounds but needed things up in the fifth and sixth. He clipped Ward on the chin with a hard right and staggered the Jersey boy. The champion then apologized and allowed his opponent to recuperate from the effects of the blow before resuming the aggressive.
 In the sixth Leonard hammered Ward with a wide variety of blows. Ward, though slow and apparently afraid to take the aggressive, worried the champion a bit with his long reaching right swings.
 NEW BRUNSWICK LODGE.
 The New Brunswick Lodge, No. 22, F. and A. M., had a very successful meeting in the Masonic Hall, German street, last evening, when the Past-Masters of the Lodge conferred the Master Mason degree. A large number of members in addition to visitors from other lodges were present, including a delegation from the Corinthian Lodge, Hampton, N. B. Refreshments were served in the banquet room at the close of the ceremonies.
 ST. PETER'S Y. M. A.
 The members of St. Peter's Y. M. A. held a grand reunion in their rooms in Douglas Avenue last evening. Dr. A. Coughlan acted as chairman and the following programme was carried out. Selection by the orchestra, reading, David Howard, selection by the orchestra, reading by William Corkery. During the evening smokes and refreshments were served by the committee in charge, at the close of the evening the National Anthem was sung.

Has Haskell Found Fulton's Weakness

Minneapolis, Nov. 29.—Has Benny Haskell, manager of Fred Fulton, found the weakness in Fulton's fighting attack, which has kept the Minnesota heavyweight from staying at the top of the heap? He claims he has, and says that Fulton's coming fight will prove it.
 Haskell, an old-time fighter, and also a great ring general, believes what Fulton's eastern invasion, which starts next month in New York, will again put him in the line for another match with Jack Dempsey for the heavyweight world's championship.
 Fulton has been criticized by flaccid critics for his poor showing in a number of battles, and some have pointed out that his failure to show anything in the early rounds has given his opponent a big advantage. This fault has marred several of his fights, and should have been comparatively easy for Fulton. Fighters who, on the dope, should last one or two rounds, have given him considerable trouble at the get-away, and only after going through two or three sessions has Fred been able to hit his true form.
 Fulton has been accused of being a little shy on courage when the first fellow appears to have a little edge on him. Fulton is one of the greatest boxing heavyweights in the game, can hit like a mule with either hand, but for some reason, has started right off the fight in the ring anywhere near the form he shows in the gym.
 He was battered into dreamland in the first round by Jack Dempsey, and fell before Harry Willis.
 Was it slow starting?
 Fighters on the Pacific coast, who take part in the four-round contests, warm up for two or three rounds before the contest, and a coast boxer who appeared in several bouts in the win Cities last winter, said that he always limbered up before entering the ring, if for four rounds or 40.
 Stunt Helped Beat Helman.
 "Just watch Fulton go tonight in the set-to with Jack Helman, at Rochester," said Haskell. "I'm going to warm him up for three rounds in the dressing-room, keep him good and warm right up to the starting gong, and he'll win in a walk."
 Ringriders were surprised at Fulton's showing. He started right off the reel in top form. He punched hard with both hands and soon had Helman in distress. His judging was excellent, and only after going a distance was excellent, and he boxed well. Fulton today said that he was surprised. "I found it easy to get going, and had little trouble holding a fast gait from the start," said Fred. "I've had a tough row in this boxing game, but I honestly believe that Haskell has found the weakness which has kept me from staying at the top, where I belong."
 Fulton fights Carl Morris at Win-

Chess Challenger Was Boy Prodigy

Philadelphia, Nov. 29.—Norman T. Whitaker, who has challenged Frank J. Marshall, present title-holder, for the chess championship of the United States, is one of the most brilliant of the younger Americans who have qualified as "Knights" of the chess board.
 Even as a boy, Whitaker was a chess phenomenon. At 17, when he had just entered the University of Pennsylvania, he went to England as a member of that university's chess team, and defeated every player from Oxford and Cambridge that he met.
 The contestants for Champion Marshall's crown began playing chess when he was 13. The rudiments of the game he learned from a chum, and then began "studying" the game under the tutelage of his father, who is a professor of mathematics in one of the Philadelphia high schools.
 Later, when he joined the famous old Mercantile Chess club of his own city, young Whitaker came under the notice of Dr. Gustave Reichelm, who had an international reputation as a writer on chess and as a problem solver and composer. The boy became one of Dr. Reichelm's proteges, and from this noted expert learned his first lessons in the fine art of chess.
 Last February he came in second in the Pennsylvania state championship matches. Last summer, in a masters' tourney in Atlantic City in which Marshall was defeated, Whitaker again won second place, losing to David Janowski, the French champion.
 It was Whitaker who, disguised by a mask and a hooded domino suit, created a sensation in his own Mercantile club. It had been announced that an unknown chess wizard would be at the club room and meet 20 of the best players in the club in 20 simultaneous matches. Although personally known, not one of them suspected the identity of Whitaker when he was brought in and introduced as the "Masked Marvel." The 20 matches were completed and the "Masked Marvel" won 13 out of the 20. When the last match was finished, the mysterious visitor removed his mask, and his opponents and the spectators were amazed to discover that it was Norman Whitaker, one of their own members.
 Whitaker is 31 and a warrant attorney with officers in Washington.

Mob Psychology At Boxing Bout

(By James G. Leaming.)
 The raptures of a fight of uncommon value is a good place to study human nature. All the assorted varieties of mankind are represented.
 Benny Leonard, world's champion, fought Sam Freeman at the Ice Palace Tuesday night. Within the length of a Turkish towel from the ring, District Attorney Rotan sat in evident complacency over the proceedings. Near the district attorney sat a man under half ball set by the former. That night, at least they were co-partners in a trial of blood. Leonard, a tall, thin, blond, often rode out at a fight. A dozen loud-mouthed zealots near the ring will cause scores to stop thinking for themselves and join the herd. It grows like a snowball. Sam Freeman had a clique at the Ice Palace Tuesday night. The clique was not of his own making, but there was "The" had strong voices, and the crowd in the rear, dense and noisy, up of the drama in the ring, thought Freeman was just having a little basting practice with Leonard. . . .

Mike McTigue And Jeff Smith Bout

Articles Were Drawn Up But The Place of Meeting Was Not Specified.
 Halifax, N. S., Nov. 29.—A letter from Al Lippe, manager of Jeff Smith, under date of Saturday last, received in Halifax today throws new light on the mix-up over the McTigue-Smith fixture originally billed for Montreal, the claim being advanced that in the articles drawn up between the pair, the place of meeting was not specified.

Two Good Games of Basketball Tonight

The games scheduled for the City Basketball League this evening should attract large crowds to the Y. M. C. A. gym, as the Trojans are scheduled to play the Alerts, and in the intermediate section, the Y. M. C. A. Intermediates will play the High School team. It will mark the initial appearance of all four teams this season. The two teams in the intermediate section were close rivals last year and a keen game was always a feature when they met.
 Great interest centers around the Alerts this year, and the fans will look forward with interest to their exhibition tonight. The line-up of the two teams will be—
 Trojans: Forwards—Alerts
 Cross Ketchum
 Erquhart Flemming
 Centre
 Malcolm Regan
 Defense
 MacDowan McGregor
 Kerr Millidge

Ottawa Signs Harry Broadbent

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—The Ottawa hockey club announced tonight the signing up of Harry Broadbent, one of the most popular men of the world's champion team, whom they count on as a regular right wing for the coming season. "Punch" opened negotiations with the Ottawa management last week and stipulated so high a figure that officers of the club nearly collapsed. Broadbent returned the first contract tendered him, but the Ottawa club met his figure halfway and Broadbent attached his signature to a contract for the season. He makes the fourth of the club's champions to sign. Those already under contract are Clint Benedict, Harry Broadbent, J. DeHany and George Boncher. With the practice season only a few days away the Ottawa's expect to be able to put a good squad on the ice for the first workout.

MACDONALD'S Cut Brier
 More Tobacco for the Money
 Packages 15¢
 ½ lb Tins 85¢
 The Tobacco with a heart

All Flavor and Aroma
Always Enjoyed At All Grocers.
 Excellent thing to let them drop. If they involve action, make some compromise as to the course of action you will follow, and then let the subject alone. If they are simply matters of opinion, just each permit the other to express his own opinions. Above all things don't drag in such subjects as these when you have become excited over a discussion of some other matter, a trick too many of us have.
 Some other suggestions I would make about arguments between husbands and wives are:
 Avoid argument at meal-times, even when it is fairly friendly. The extra mental effort is bad for the digestion.
 Especially avoid arguments at the breakfast table—for if anything does go wrong and discussion becomes a dispute, the whole day is apt to be tainted by the mental upsetness that results.
 Also, never begin any important discussion in the late evening if you want your sleep to rest you properly. Remember, also, that people can live happily together even if they do hold different opinions on many subjects, and that neither the universe nor your marriage need come to an end because you hold different views on religion, politics or other subjects. Live and let live—no better motto for married folks was ever devised.

BEAUTY OF THE SKIN
 is the natural desire of every woman, and is obtainable by the use of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Finishes blackheads, roughness and redness of the skin, irritates and soothes chaps, and the skin is left soft, smooth and velvety. All dealers in Edinboro, Pa. & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample free if you mention this paper.

Dr. Chase's Ointment

Tonight Meeting
 at the
MacLaren.
 Hon. Arthur
General Chairman.

THE STANDARD'S FINANCIAL SECTION

Active And Broad Trading Featured N. Y. Stock Market

Bonds Were the Centre of Attraction, Especially Government Issues.

New York, Nov. 29.—Today's trading on the stock exchange was unusually active and broad, as evidenced by sales of \$50,000 shares and a turnover of about \$2,500,000 in value in bonds. The latter exceeded any total in several months. Bonds were the centre of attraction, especially government issues. No less than seven liberty securities mounted to highest records for a year or two, at gains ranging from moderate to substantial proportions. Railway shares, again dominated the stock list and oils, copper, motor specialties and tobaccos kept more or less an even pace. Backwardness was shown by steel and equipments and business of miscellaneous issues contributed to the market's uncertain trend.

Spain's Roebuck account and preferred extra were under common depression and several agricultural issues reacted. Aside from rails, which held firm the general list ended under light advance in the final hour, call money rose to 3 1/2 per cent causing selling for both accounts.

Dealers in foreign exchange were busy. The demand for sterling, francs and Scandinavian remittances were nominal, despite the approach of December, which usually brings heavy purchases of food and cotton bills on leading European centres.

European war issues did not share in the rise of liberty bonds, but South American issues, especially Chile 8 1/2 and Brazilian 8 1/2 were strong. Many rails and industrials, including United States Steel 5 1/2 strengthened perceptibly and several new underwritings for moderate amounts were oversubscribed.

N. Y. Quotations

(Compiled by McDougall and Cowans, 58 Prince Wm. St.)

New York, Nov. 29	
High	Low
Allied Chem.	54 53 53
Am Can	32 3/4 32 3/4
Am Loco	95 94 95
Am Int. Corp.	30 1/2 30 1/2
Am Smelters	42 1/2 42 1/2
Am. Smatna	31 3/4 31 3/4
Am. Sugar	55 54 54 1/2
Am. Wool	82 82 80 1/2
Am. Tel.	118 1/2 118 1/2
Am. C. and P.	143 1/2 143 1/2
Asphalt	65 1/2 64 1/2
Anacosta	46 1/2 45 1/2
All. Gulf	32 1/2 31 1/2
Atchafalpa	90 1/2 90 1/2
Beth Steel	56 1/2 55 1/2
Bald Loco	97 1/2 97 1/2
Can. Pac.	120 1/2 120 1/2
Corn. Prod.	39 3/8 39 3/8
C. and O.	30 1/2 30 1/2
Chino	27 1/2 27 1/2
Cme. S. I.	45 1/2 45 1/2
Gen. Leather	31 1/2 31 1/2
Gen. Lca. Pfd.	65 1/2 65 1/2
Chan. Motors	47 1/2 46 1/2
Erie Com.	11 1/2 11 1/2
End. Iron	79 1/2 79 1/2
Gen. Motors	114 1/2 114 1/2
G. N. Pfd.	27 1/2 27 1/2
Houston Oil	75 1/2 75 1/2
Ind. U. S. Ctr.	28 1/2 27 1/2
Invincible	12 1/2 12 1/2
Inter. Paper	54 1/2 54 1/2
Indus. Alcohol	30 1/2 30 1/2
Kelly	42 1/2 42 1/2
Koroonoti	25 1/2 24 1/2
Mex. Peto	114 1/2 114 1/2
Midvale	25 1/2 24 1/2
Mid. States Oil	15 1/2 15 1/2

Chicago Grain

Chicago, Nov. 29.—Wheat prices today, largely by way of reaction from the recent advance of more than 12 cents. There was an unsettled close 2 1/4 to 3 cents net lower.

Corn lost 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 to 1 7/8 cents; oats finished unchanged to 1 1/2 cent off and provisions down 15 cents.

Unlisted Market

Toronto, Nov. 29.—Unlisted sales: 950 B. A. Oil, 54 7/8 to 34 3/8; 168 Imperial Oil, 118; 20 Montreal Power, 87 1/2; 85 National Breweries, 38 to 58 1/2; 100 Dominion Glass, 64; 87 2 1/2; 25 Hollinger, 780; 15 Dominion Foundry, 22 to 23; 50 Rioridon pfd., new, 9 1/2 to 10; 25 Laurentide, 76 7/8; 20 National Steel pfd., 24 1/2.

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

(Compiled by McDougall and Cowans, 58 Prince Wm. St.)

High	Low	Close
January	17.94	17.46
March	17.88	17.38
May	17.57	17.10
July	17.12	16.70
December	18.00	17.53

Montreal Market

Montreal, Nov. 29.—A broadening out in every direction, largely increased volume of business and higher prices throughout the list characterized trading on the stock exchange here today. Several stocks advanced to new high points and others advanced to 4 1/2 points. A sale of Nova Scotia Steel was one of the features of the market. It came out at 30, which is 19 points below the last board lot sale in September 1920. The decline is without special significance.

Montreal Power maintained market leadership, opening firm and advancing steadily to a new high at 88 1/2 and closing at 88, up a point. The more important gains were made in the textiles. Dominion Textile, gained 3 1/2 points to 141, the highest point since the recent advance of 88 1/2 and closing at 88, up a point. The more important gains were made in the textiles. Dominion Textile, gained 3 1/2 points to 141, the highest point since the recent advance of 88 1/2 and closing at 88, up a point.

Winnipeg Wheat Market Worked To Lower Levels

Winnipeg, Nov. 29.—With both cash and future markets showing an easterly tendency today, the local wheat market worked to lower levels after the first hour of trading. During the last hour the future markets had made a decline of about three cents, while cash premiums were from 1 cent to 1 1/2 cents lower. The closing quotations were from 1 7/8 to 2 5/8 cents and extra feed 4 1/2; No. 1 feed, 4 1/2; No. 2 feed, 3 1/2; rejected, 3 1/4; track 4 1/2; No. 3 c.w. 56 1/2; No. 4 c.w. 52 1/8; rejected and feed, 42 1/2; track, 56 1/2.

Toronto Trade Quotations

Toronto, Nov. 29.—Manitoba wheat, No. 1 Northern 1.27; No. 2, 1.24; No. 3, 1.17.

Manitoba oats, No. 2 c.w. 52 1/2; No. 3 c.w. 51 1/2; extra No. 1, 50 1/2; No. 1 feed 49 1/2; No. 2 feed 46. Manitoba barley No. 3 c.w. nominal. No. 4 c.w. nominal. All above on track bay ports. American corn, No. 2 yellow 66. Ontario wheat car lots, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights, all grades nominal. Ontario barley, No. 3 test 47 pounds or better 57 to 60.

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Winnipeg Grain Market

(Compiled by McDougall and Cowans, 58 Prince Wm. St.)

High	Low	Close
Wheat	113 1/2	113 1/2
December	111 1/2	109 1/2
Oats	45	44 1/2
December	42 1/2	42 1/2

Chicago Grain Market

(Compiled by McDougall and Cowans, 58 Prince Wm. St.)

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Papers Make Gains

The papers made gains almost throughout the group. Laurentide moved up 1/2 to 76 1/2. Spanish preferred gained a point to 76 1/2. Wayamack advanced 2 to 44. Brompton gained 1/2 to 25 1/2. Atlantic was up 1/2 to 32. Rioridon was up to six and Price Bros was unchanged at yesterday's advance to 35.

Steel of Canada was an active stock and advanced 1 1/2 to 64, but otherwise the steels were weak. Dominion Steel preferred sold 2 points higher at 67 1/2 and B. E. Steel second preferred eased off 1/2 to 25 1/2. Tractors were strong on light trading. Montreal led with a two point advance to 140. Detroit sold up 1/4 to 71. Toronto was 1 1/2 up at 65. Winnipeg sold 1/4 to 56 1/2.

Other strong stocks took in Canadian Car preferred which sold up 1 1/2 points to 52 while the common gained 1/2 to 21. Loyal advanced 1 1/2 to 65. Orlive led the losses with a two point drop to 183. Dominion Glass preferred sold off a similar decline to 32.

Merchants Bank Sold Up Three Points Higher At 170.

Bonds showed a firmer tone throughout the list, the most important gain being a 75 advance to 102 1/2 in Victory loan 1927. Cedar Rapids and Dominion Cotton both moved up half a point to new high points of 170 and 170 1/2 respectively.

Total sales, listed, 7,925; bonds, \$320,150.

Montreal Produce

Montreal, Nov. 29.—OATS—Canadian Western No. 2, 57 to 57 1/2; No. 3, 56 to 56 1/2.

FLOUR—Manitoba, spring wheat patents, first, 75.50. ROLLED OATS—Bag 90 lbs. 23.80 to 23.85. HAY—No. 2, per ton, ear lots, 27 to 28. CHEESE—Finest eastern, 18 to 18 1/2. BUTTER—Cholcoet creamery, 40 1/2 to 41. EGGS—Selected 52. POTATOES—Per bag, car lots, \$1.00 to \$1.20.

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The allotment of this issue for the American market has been oversubscribed.

With interest rates declining we suggest that these bonds will not long remain at this very attractive price, and solicit your orders.

J. M. Robinson & Sons, Ltd. Fredericton. St. John. Moncton.

A World-wide Organization

Leading Canadian Engineers Adopt English Electric Traction Equipment

The order placed by the Hydro-Electric Commission of Ontario for English Electric Traction Equipment is a strong indication of the high place this Company's products occupy in the estimation of Canadian Engineers.

This equipment, which is similar to the English Electric equipment now in use on the Toronto Transportation Commission's new cars, will be manufactured at their plant in St. Catharines.

English Electric traction equipment has been installed on every continent, including the following places:

- United Kingdom: Birmingham, Bradford, Dundee, Leeds, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Southampton, London, etc.
- Europe: Athens, Bordeaux, Harlem, Lyons, Moscow, Rome, Turin.
- India, Burma and Ceylon: Calcutta, Cawnpore, Colombo, Delhi, etc.
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We will be pleased to furnish details of our partial payment plan upon request.

Write for full particulars to Canadian Debentures Corporation Limited, Established 1910, 56 King St East, Toronto, Phone Adelaide 4904.

CANADA'S BUSINESS CONDITION ANYTHING BUT DISCOURAGING

Leaders Confident and Generally Agree That National Liabilities Have Reached Maximum and Reductions Are in Order.

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—Canadian business leaders are anything but downhearted over the outlook, in the opinion of John Elliott, president of the Ontario Associated Boards of Trade, expressed at their recent annual convention, being characteristic of them. He said: "I believe that our national liabilities have reached their maximum, and hereafter will show a substantial annual reduction. We have no cause for pessimism, but on the contrary we should be deeply grateful for the condition Canada is in, as compared with other nations of the world."

On the whole, business conditions throughout the Dominion are brighter, wholesale trade being more active, while confidence continues strong. In Ontario the wholesale and retail trades are active. In Winnipeg business is satisfactory, but in some portions of the prairie provinces it is not so good.

Grain shipments over the Canadian railways for this season up to November 17 have been 120,000,000 bushels. Of this the Canadian Pacific Railway has moved 75,000,000 bushels and the Canadian National 55,000,000. The latter figure is a decrease of \$2,572,439, a decrease of \$308,124 below those for the same week last year; the Grand Trunk Railroad figures show a decrease of \$500,000.

British Columbia has been experiencing a period of satisfactory business activity. Exports of lumber for the first nine months of the year were 105,000,000 feet, of which China and Japan took 65,000,000 feet. A number of inquiries for lumber have also been received from South Africa, and it is quite probable that one of the vessels of the Canadian Mercantile Marine will soon load for Capetown. British Columbia is also expecting some large orders from the railways, covering a large number of lines. During the present year about \$3,000,000 worth of dwellings have been erected in and around Vancouver.

Canadian securities held in Germany during the war, and valued at several millions, have been brought back to this country recently and several millions more are to come. This is in accordance with the terms of the Peace Treaty by which such securities, as Canadian Pacific Railroad capital stock, and railway bonds and other issues, or preferred or common stock, issued by Canadian companies, are to come under the control of the Canadian custodian and an adjustment is to be made with the owners in Germany. It is thought that the total value of these will be in the neighborhood of \$10,000,000.

The extension granted to the Rioridon Company by its creditors, and which assures the resumption of these very large plants, is another step forward in the direction of normal industrial operations. As a matter of fact, the company's Kipawa mill has been running for several weeks and turning out 140 tons of sulphite pulp a day.

Several important orders have been placed for steel rails for the Government for the Mt. Royal Hotel, now in the course of construction in Montreal. The Canada Car and Foundry Company has also received an order for the repair of 1,000 cars, while a Sydney, C. B. N. S., deputation has received assurance that another large order for steel rails for the Government railways will soon be given out.

The English Electric Company of Canada has received from the Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission an order for traction equipment for the new hydro-rail cars at Windsor and Guelph. The company is a subsidiary of the well known English Electric Company of the British Isles, and is a new arrival in the Canadian field.

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Closing Quotations Showed Drop of from 1 7/8 to 2 5/8 Cents for Futures.

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Notice

N. B. Institute of Chartered Accountants

Examinations for Membership will be held in the City of St. John, commencing Wednesday, December Twenty-first next. Applications will be received by the undersigned not later than 1st of December.

W. A. LOUDOUN, Secretary. Fredericton, N. B. November 24, 1921.

Power Securities

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Business Cards

Cabaret Dinner

AT LA TOUR HOTEL
DINING ROOM
from 6 to 7:30 p. m.,
with music by the popu-
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Just now. Have dinner
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TONIGHT
La Tour Hotel Dining Room
on the North Side of King St.

ROYAL HOTEL

King Street
St. John's Leading Hotel
RAYMOND & DOHERTY CO., LTD.

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Better Now Than Ever
ST. KING STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.
St. John Hotel Co., Ltd.
Proprietors,
A. M. PHILLIPS, Manager.

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Sanitary and Heating
Engineer.
No. 14 Church Street

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Optometrist
formerly of 63 Main St., has
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8 Dock St.

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JEWELERS
Full lines of Jewelry and Watches.
Prompt repair work, 'Phone M. 2965-11.

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HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS
'Phone Main 497.
79 Prince Edward St.
ST. JOHN, N. B.

VIOLINS, MANOLINS,

And All String Instruments and Bow
Repaired.
SYDNEY GIBBS, - 31 Sydney Street

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COAL COMPANY
LIMITED
GENERAL SALES OFFICE
120 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL
R. P. & W. F. STARR, LIMITED

COAL

American Anthracite,
All sizes.
Springhill, Reserve,
George's Creek Blacksmith,
Kentucky Cannel,
A wonderful grate coal.

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48 Smythe St. 159 Union St.

COAL

Hard and Soft, Best Quality.
Also Dry Wood.
The Colwell Fuel Co., Ltd.
'Phone West 17 or 90.
Wholesale and Retail

ALL GRADES OF

Hard and Soft Coal
Lowest Prices.
GEORGE DICK,
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GOOD SOFT COAL

Well Screened
'Phone M. 3933
Emmerson Fuel Co.
115 City Road

Black Hand Hounds

Slain Boy's Father
In New York City

New York, Nov. 29.—It was on an afternoon last May that five-year-old Giuseppe Varotta, playing in front of the tenement at 354 East Thirtieth street, was kidnapped. Three weeks later, after the police had searched everywhere and followed every clue, his body was washed ashore near New York. The kidnappers had drowned him in the Hudson. After the burial Salvatore Varotta, father of the boy, gathered himself together and went back to ask for his

SOLID ROCK OF CONFERENCE IS THE UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN GREAT BRITAIN AND UNITED STATES

Against This Rock of Mutuality Waves of Malevolent Criticism Break Into Harmless Foam—Sir Robert Borden Has Played No Small Part in Bringing About the Understanding.

Special to The Standard
(By EDWIN C. HILL)
Washington, D. C., Nov. 29.—The solid rock of this Conference is the good understanding between Great Britain and the United States. Mr. Hughes and Mr. Balfour understand each other. Their co-operation, obvious from the first day, overcomes all difficulties. Against the rock of this mutuality of good will, waves of malevolent criticism break into harmless foam. Other personages of the Empire contribute largely to this powerful concord. Sir Robert Borden, notably Borden, very like an American in his big understanding way, represents Canada better than any unit of the Empire. Canada understands the workings of the American mind, sometimes impalpable to the foreigner, saturated in the suspicious and habits of old diplomacy. The United States and Canada becker over the back fence now and then, as most neighbors do, but they have solved the problem of going home peacefully, even sympathetically. A Canadian, authorized to speak by the Dominion, points out that the relations between England and Scotland are actually no closer in point of fact than the relations between the United States and Canada. Innumerable points of contact are

LONDON PAPERS CRITICIZE AND COMMEND CURZON'S SPEECH

Views Mixed on His Blunt Warning to France—Government Views Briand's Speech Rather Seriously—Issues Involved Are Before Cabinet.

London, Nov. 28.—Foreign Minister Curzon's remarkable address, in which he declared that if France pursued an isolated and individual policy she would not in the long run injure Germany and would fail to protect herself, draws characteristic comment from the morning newspapers. The editorial writers maintain the respective attitudes which they have consistently followed as regards the French military policy, the section of opinion which sees in France a militaristic, revengeful spirit upholding Lord Curzon, and those who are constantly distrustful of Germany commending adversely on his utterances. While Lord Curzon's address was directed primarily to the Washington Arms Conference, it was clearly an intimation to France of the effect of that country's attitude toward disarmament as voiced at Washington by Premier Briand.

Serious View of Briand's Speech. The Daily Chronicle, which is close to the Government, printed an editorial yesterday commending the lines of Lord Curzon's speech. It makes no comment this morning, but in its political notes says that the Government has been obliged to take a very serious view of the effect of Premier Briand's Washington speech, and that the issues involved are now under consideration by the cabinet. The Daily News says that the foreign minister's grave utterance is entirely true. On the other hand, the newspapers which have consistently disapproved of French attitude are displeased. The Times, in a rather colorless editorial, says that the speech is remarkable less for what was said than for what was not said, and implies that "it was a defence and apology rather than a clear statement of constructive policy." It interprets Lord Curzon's "veiled allusions as intended to explain that the manifest inadequacy of the British foreign policy was a result of the war. Great Britain not being able any longer to act independently. Regarding references in the speech to France's independent action at the Washington Conference, the newspaper declares that the British policy has not been consistent since the war, citing the differences with France over the Bolshevik advance into Poland and Great Britain's conclusion of a trade agreement with Soviet Russia.

Exchange With H. G. Wells. "Although the Daily Mail makes no comment, its attitude is revealed by the publication of messages exchanged between its editor and H. G. Wells, who is writing special despatches at Washington for the newspaper. In his message, the editor accuses Mr. Wells of taking an attitude against the French in his article on the Conference, and says that if he is unable to adopt a more reasonable tone, the Daily Mail will cease publishing his despatches. The Morning Post charges Lord Curzon with "venting his spleen on an ally" and thereby inviting some dangerous reprisals. The newspaper says "but it is certainly intelligible and to the whole successful, while Lord Curzon's is neither."

Curzon's Speech. Marquis Curzon in his speech declared that if France pursued an isolated and individual policy she would not in the long run injure Germany and would fail to protect herself. "Peace will never be achieved," said Lord Curzon, "if any one Power tries to steal a march on another and concludes an arrangement on its own account." The Foreign Minister bluntly reminded France that her safety lay not in her own strength, but in the confidence of the world; and he cautioned France that she could not succeed by

MARINE NEWS

MINIATURE ALMANAC.
Moon Phases.
First quarter Nov. 7
Full moon Nov. 15
New moon Nov. 22
Last quarter Nov. 29

TIDE TABLE.

High Water 4 ft. in.	High Water 6 ft. in.	Low Water 4 ft. in.	Low Water 6 ft. in.
Wed. ... 12.00	12.33	6.32	6.51
Thurs. ... 9.24	12.46	6.47	7.15
Fri. ... 1.18	1.28	7.31	8.00
Sat. ... 2.01	2.10	8.14	8.42
Sun. ... 2.43	2.53	8.57	9.23

Wednesday, Nov. 30, 1921.
PORT OF ST. JOHN.
Arrived Yesterday.
Str Canadian Victor, 3,240, Reith, Glasgow.
Coastwise—Sir Keith Cann, 177, McKinnon, Westport; str Gopher, 4, Deslauriers, Quebec.
Cleared Yesterday.
Coastwise—Sir Empress, 612, McDonald, Digby.

CANADIAN PORTS.
Halifax, Nov. 28.—Ard, barkentine Maid of England, Bathurst, N. B.
BRITISH PORTS.
Cardiff, Nov. 26.—Ard, str Watarata, St. John.
London, Nov. 26.—Ard, str Bangor, Glasgow.
Nov. 26.—Ard, str Lakonia, Montreal.

FOREIGN PORTS.
New York, Nov. 28.—Ard, str Grove, Chatham, N. B.; strs Carmania, Southampton; Celtic, Liverpool; La Touraine, Havre; Oscar II, Copenhagen.
Hamburg, Nov. 26.—Ard, str Orblia, Newport News.
Newport News, Nov. 28.—Ard, str Roxmore, Halifax.

SHIPPING NOTES.
Steamer Harald is due to sail on Thursday with a cargo of potatoes for Havana.
Steamer Manchester Port is due on Saturday from Manchester with general cargo.
Steamer Canadian Victor arrived yesterday morning from Glasgow and docked at Long Wharf to discharge. She will load out for Australia and New Zealand, sailing about the end of the week.
The steamer Jobba, from Liverpool, is due in port. She will sail for South Africa ports about the middle of December.

beat them in war, we have no permanent quarrel with the Mohammedan race. We are the greatest Mohammedan Power in the world. If only we could kill suspicion prevailing between Greece and Turkey, we might persuade them that there is room for both in the Near East. Our hopes will materialize only if we go into this affair with a single policy, a single aim and a single plan."
Liberals for Naval Holiday.

The National Liberal Federation, meeting in Newcastle, adopted a resolution endorsing Secretary Hughes's proposal for a ten-year naval holiday, urging that the British representatives at Washington be instructed to support all practical projects for the progressive disarmament of all nations, and demanding the publication of all treaties. An attempt to include in the resolution an amendment demanding the denunciation of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance was defeated on the ground that, considering Japan's hearty co-operation at Washington, it was "inadvisable to give Japan such curt and brusque notice."

WITHOUT ITCH OR ANXIETY.
"Jiggs looks perfectly contented." "Why shouldn't he be? He has his winter flannels broken in and eight tons of coal in his cellar."

ON THAT CONDITION ONLY.
Local paper—"Unusually large handsomely furnished room, with bath accommodating three." We should want the faucet end of the tub.

Classified Advertisements

One cent and a half per word each insertion. No discount. Minimum charge 25c.

WANTED

WANTED—Middle aged woman for general house work. 15 Charles street, off Garden street.
WANTED—Roomers and Boarders. 'Phone 3744-32, North End.

MALE HELP WANTED

FIREMEN, BRACKEMEN, beginners 110, later \$200 monthly. Write Railway, care Standard.
SALESMEN—We pay weekly and offer steady employment selling our complete and exclusive lines of whole-root fresh-dug-to-order trees and plants. Best stock and service. We teach and equip you free. A money-making opportunity. Lake Brothers' Nurseries, Montreal.

HARNESS

Harness and Collars of all kinds; Stable and Street Blankets; a good assortment at reasonable prices. R. J. Currie, 467 Main street. 'Phone Main 1146.

Canadian Navy To Spend Winter In West Indies

Ottawa, Nov. 29.—The Canadian naval squadron, comprising the cruiser Aurora and the destroyers Patriot and Patrician, will sail from Halifax December 10th for the West Indies. During the winter season they will visit the various ports between Bermuda and Demerara and will join the West India squadron for naval exercise. The two Canadian submarines are already at Bermuda, having sailed from Halifax on November 24 under the escort of the H.M.S. Wistaria. The whole fleet will return to Halifax about the end of April.

Nassau, Bahamas, Kingston, Jamaica, Belize, British Honduras.

PASSENGER SERVICE
Canadian Government
Merchant Marine, Ltd.
From Halifax, N. S.
S.S. "Canadian Fisher"
Dec. 2nd, 1921.
Regular Sailings Every Three Weeks.
For Reservations Apply to Steamship Agents or H. E. KANE, Port Agent, St. John, N. B.

Canadian Government Merchant Marine, Ltd.

FROM ST. JOHN, N. B.
LIVERPOOL SERVICE
*S.S. Canadian Explorer ... Dec. 14
LONDON SERVICE
S.S. Canadian Trapper ... Dec. 7
GLASGOW SERVICE
S.S. Canadian Aviator ... Dec. 17
CARDIFF & SWANSEA SERVICE
S.S. Canadian Navigator ... Dec. 12
*Carries Limited Number of Cabin Passengers
Enquire of H. E. KANE, Port Agent, St. John, N. B.

R. M. S. P.

From HALIFAX to the WEST INDIES
S.S. Chaleur Nov. 11
S.S. Chignecto Nov. 25
S.S. Caracquet Dec. 9
S.S. Chaudiere Dec. 23
Ships of the West India Service sailing from Halifax call at Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Lucia, Barbados, St. Vincent, Grenada, Trinidad and Demerara, returning to ST. JOHN, N. B.

From NEW YORK to HAMBURG (The Comfort Route.)
S.S. Orblia Nov. 12
S.S. Orpessa Nov. 26
S.S. Orduca Dec. 10
Sailing from Halifax call at Bermuda, St. Kitts, Antigua, Montserrat, Dominica, St. Lucia, Barbados, St. Vincent, Grenada, Trinidad and Demerara, returning to ST. JOHN, N. B.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
WILLIAM THOMSON & CO., Agents. HALIFAX, N. S.

ANNOUNCEMENT TO OUR New Brunswick Patrons

The Maritime Export Company, Charlottetown, P. E. I., will be shipping as usual until January, 1922

MARITIME EXPORT COMPANY, P. O. BOX 146 CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I.

Easy to Take-Dose to Relieve
SANTAL CAPSULES MIDY
CATARH CATARRH
BLADDER
Sole, Sarsaparilla
Preparation of the French

THE WEATHER

Toronto, Nov. 29—The disturbance which was off the Middle Atlantic coast last night is now over near Nova Scotia. Pressure is low throughout the northern portion of the continent and highest in the southern states. Rain has fallen in the Maritime Provinces and in British Columbia, and a few light scattered showers have occurred in Ontario.

Forecast: Maritime—Strong northeast and north winds, cloudy, occasional rain. Northern New England—Cloudy Wednesday; Thursday fair not much change in temperature; diminishing north and northwest winds.

AROUND THE CITY

QUICK WORK: The quick work of a street car motor man prevented a bad collision with an automobile yesterday on Prince Edward street.

STOWAWAY ARRESTED: Joseph Bonswers was given in charge yesterday by the captain of the steamer Canadian Victor on the charge of being a stowaway.

IN BROOKVILLE COURT: A trial hearing of the case against three men charged with driving a car while under the influence of liquor in the Golden Road on November 12, and with removing the license tags from the car after it had been ditched, was heard before Magistrate Adams at Brookville Monday evening. They were fined \$25 each and costs. They all paid up. William M. Ryan conducted the prosecution and County Policeman Roy Clayton made the complaint.

MISREPRESENTATION: Mayor Schofield said yesterday that some men were going around soliciting work to shovel off sidewalks and saying that they were from the municipal workshop. He said that orders had been telephoned into his office for men, and when they were sent they found that others had been there before them and had received the employment and money. The mayor said that he had also learned that some men were going around soliciting orders for work, also saying that they were from the memorial shop.

ANIMAL RESCUE LEAGUE: The work of the Animal Rescue League progresses satisfactorily. It is now in the hands of an excellent caretaker. With the coming of cold weather an increasing number of unfortunate dogs and cats, stray, diseased, injured by motors, or starving; also pigeons are brought to the kind shelter of the league, and with few exceptions are put to sleep through the humane and sanitary work carried on for seven or eight years, much has been done to lessen the numbers and end the misery of hundreds of defenceless animals which, but for the efforts of this league of mercy would have died a lingering death in outhouses and by-ways, sometimes, doubtless bringing disease. The work is a benefit to the community.

A PROPERTY CASE: In Chambers yesterday morning before Mr. Justice Barry the case of Herbert Logan vs. F. A. Dykeman was heard. This is an action arising from the sale of a lot in Alexandra Heights by the defendant through his agent C. B. D'Arcy to the plaintiff upon an installment agreement. It was stated that he paid \$100 cash and began paying off the balance in monthly installments of \$25 until \$350 had been paid upon the purchase price of \$600. The plaintiff contends that Mr. D'Arcy told him that water and sewerage would be placed in the lot by the fall of 1919 or the spring of 1920 and when this did not happen he stopped payments and he is now bringing action for rescission of the contract and repayment of his installments. Evidence was given by C. E. Wardrop, Commissioner Jones and the father and stepmother of the plaintiff, G. E. Logan and E. J. Hennessey appear for the plaintiff and Dr. F. R. Taylor, K. C., for the defendant.

CATHEDRAL HIGH TEA: A very large crowd of people braved the storm and slippery pavements, last evening, to patronize the many attractive features offered at the Cathedral High Tea, which is being held every night this week in the Y. M. C. I. building on Cliff street. Over 650 supports were served and all the booths were well patronized.

The mysterious lady of last evening, who was not identified, proved to be Mrs. Mabel Owens of the St. John Catholic Girls' Guild. The door prize was won by Wm. McDevitt who held ticket A 671. The other prizes and their winners were:—Poussin Booth, pair of chickens, won by Miss Mary Ward; Agony and Handkerchief booth, prize won by Miss K. Mullin; Fancy Booth, gramophone, won by Jos. Mitchell; Country Store, pair of chickens, won by Wm. Bridges; Ice Cream Booth, prize won by ticket 763.

EVENING DRESS SUITS: Dress Suits, 20th Century Brand, ready for service, and dress accessories at Gilmore's, 68 King street.

Cases Dealt With In Police Court

Carlin Case Resumed—Union Bus Drivers Fined for Driving on Car Tracks.

In the police court yesterday Robert H. Carlin pleaded not guilty to the charges of refusing to move when ordered by the police and creating a disturbance. John Montague said he was standing with the accused when the officer requested them to move. Witness and another man moved; he did not hear the accused refuse. A brother of the accused testified he passed him while he was waiting for a bus, that he heard the officer tell the man to move and heard the accused say he was waiting for a bus. The officers withdrew for a few moments, then repeated their request and placed the accused under arrest, before he had a chance to speak. The magistrate reviewed the law and said that three men standing together could be requested to move. The case was postponed for a week.

One drunk pleaded guilty and was remanded. Several traffic cases were dealt with. Wallace Beatty pleaded not guilty to the charge of operating his bus on that section of the street used by the street railway cars. Beatty was reported twice on the same charge. Officer Hughes said that he saw the accused on the car track on Union street. Mr. Barry, for the defense, contended that the city had no right to keep buses off the tracks, as long as they did not impede the cars. The Magistrate said the buses should hug the curb, and that till there was a decision of the Supreme Court that the law was ultra vires he would have to consider it in force. Fined \$10.

Sergeant Spillany said that he saw Beatty driving up King street in the car tracks. Fined \$10. Officer Howard told of seeing Thomas Mitchell driving on the car track on Main street. Mitchell said that the bus was the property of the Union Bus Company and that he drove in the tracks to get clear of some tears. To Mr. Barry, he said that the company had requested the men to keep out of the car tracks as much as possible. Fined \$10.

Mr. Barry appeared for the Union Buses Company and said that the case would be appealed. Mitchell said that he saw Mitchell driving on the car track on Main street. Mitchell said that the bus was the property of the Union Bus Company and that he drove in the tracks to get clear of some tears. To Mr. Barry, he said that the company had requested the men to keep out of the car tracks as much as possible. Fined \$10.

ACTIVITIES OF BOARD OF TRADE Annual Report Outlines Objectives of the Coming Year—Much Work Ahead.

The annual report of the Board of Trade, now being sent out to members, outlines the objectives of the coming year as follows: First and foremost, the development of an active and loyal community spirit, that will tend to bring all city interests into closer and more friendly cooperation. The extension of the breakwater system to Partridge Island, for the purpose of protecting the harbor and increasing harbor area. A form of national control for the port, that will bring about a comprehensive plan of development; will secure a unification of all water areas associated with the port; will provide a more uniform system of management and control for piers and terminals, and will lead up to a larger equipment and greater efficiency. The utilization of the port throughout the entire year. The providing of adequate terminals for the Canadian National Railway. The early rebuilding of the Union Railway Station. The building up of a larger export trade from these provinces. Wider publicity for the port of St. John and the Maritime Provinces generally. Reduction in railway freight charges to and from the West. Elimination of unnecessary handicaps to business, in the way of oppressive customs regulations. Intensified development of our natural resources. Formation of Associated Boards of Trade for province to secure better understanding between all its parts. An immigration policy that will help people our vacant farms with desirable immigrants and bring suitable wilderness land into cultivation. Enticement of city limits so as to include immediate suburban areas. Power and lighting at lowest possible cost through civic control of the provincial hydro-electric development. Consideration of relations between city and public utility corporations. Provision for future widening of certain streets with a general forward outlook toward the development and future needs of the city. Closer public attention to all civic matters and fuller co-operation with the City Council. The help of all good citizens in attaining these should be cheerfully accorded the board.

A FINE PICTURE: The third of the series of posters issued this year by the T. H. Estabrooks Co., Ltd., showing St. John events of interest and circulated by their salesmen throughout Canada, is the new C. P. E. bridge at the Falls. Taken from the Fairville side, the picture shows five of the big concrete trestle piers and gives a splendid view of the bridge and the gorge it spans, with the old Cantley bridge and the highway bridge in the background. The picture is the finest yet shown of the new bridge and its wide circulation by the Estabrooks salesmen will make all Canada acquainted with the big job the C. P. E. has just completed.

Common Council Regular Meeting

Considerable Discussion Regarding Claims by City Employees While Overseas.

At the regular meeting of the common council yesterday afternoon, the Mayor presided and all the commissioners were present.

Commissioner Bullock brought up the matter of damages to the ferry wharf, piers and floats caused at the time the S. S. Sussex got into difficulties in the harbor. The claim which the city had in this matter, was left in the hands of the city solicitor after the meeting of the council. Since that nothing definite has evolved from the negotiations of the parties to the claim, and on motion, yesterday, it was left in the hands of the mayor and commissioners to arrange a settlement.

Commissioner Bullock introduced a resolution in regard to the appropriation of the land along the harbor front for the purpose of entering on and making repairs necessary to the stability of the wharves. The resolution was the result of a refusal by Senator Thorne to permit entrance.

Commissioner Jones wished to know if it were absolutely necessary to spend money on this project in view of certain matters pending, and the commissioner of harbors and ferries explained his reason for going ahead with the matter. On motion the resolution was carried.

Commissioner Frink submitted a report from the road engineer, stating that he had closed down the work on the Marsh road on account of the weather conditions. He explained that, as the company's contract expired on November 30, operations would probably be suspended for an indefinite period. On motion this report was received and filed.

Mayor Schofield read his report on the matter of giving half pay to returned soldiers who were former employees of the city. He dealt with the applications of James Ewart and Ernest W. Cannon. The Mayor thought that Ewart was entitled to a small allowance in view of the fact that he was on the public works payroll from September 17 to November 3, 1915, prior to the date of his enlistment. Cannon, he thought, was not entitled to any allowance as he was not a permanent employee of the city, and had worked only six months previous to his enlisting in July, 1915.

The names of the men entitled to pay, and the amounts due them follow: Howard \$1,430.62 Dykeman 1,415.75 Ballantyne 580.87 Guild 708.75 Ewart 125.00 Total \$4,260.99

His Worship recommended that these sums be paid to the various claimants and provision be made for next year's assessment to meet the debt.

On motion of Commissioner Thornton, the council went into committee to discuss this question.

Commissioner Thornton thought if grants were made to some returned soldiers it should be made to all.

Commissioner Frink said he would like to know the date of the resolution, and if the recommendation had gone through in proper form to have the order-in-council carried out or if could be varied as to take in other departments. Speaking of permanent employees it was only a matter of degree and in the department of public works there are only two men, Ewart and Cannon.

Commissioner Thornton said there may be some other men who lost their lives while in active service and their families might have a right to a grant, and then there was the point where the citizens might have the right to put an injunction on the paying of these grants.

The Common Clerk showed by his minutes that on November 16th, 1915, a motion was made by Commissioner Frink to pay half pay to city permanent employees while on active service. W. C. Goodwin received \$861.25 in May, 1921.

City employee, Wigmore, received six dollars per week from November 7, 1915, until November 7, 1919, making a total of \$216.00. It was known that there had been seven claims for a total of \$6,000, two had been paid, leaving claims amounting to \$5,124.00.

On motion of Commissioner Frink the matter was allowed to be laid on the table to be taken up again in the near future. The council then adjourned.

Anti-Tuberculosis Society Meeting

County Hospital Crowded—Doctors and Nurses Available for Case Finding.

A meeting of the Anti-Tuberculosis Society was held in the dispensary in Prince William street yesterday with the president, J. A. Likely, in the chair. Dr. Farris reported that he had more patients in the County Hospital at the present time than on previous occasions. It was resolved to communicate with the Board of Health and request that the law forbidding expectation be better enforced.

On motion Mr. Likely, Dr. McAvenny and E. L. Rising were appointed a finance committee with power to add for the purpose of raising necessary funds to carry on the work. Dr. Farris reported that he could get doctors and nurses to come to St. John and devote two days' time each to a case-finding campaign.

On motion Mr. Likely, Dr. McAvenny and E. L. Rising were appointed a committee to look for quarters for the dispensary. Mrs. Busby will be the visitor for the next month.

Main St. Church Crusade Meeting

Large Attendance at Annual Session in Main St. Baptist—Dr. Zella Clark Spoke.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather there was a very large attendance at the annual Crusade meeting of the Main Street Baptist Women's Missionary Society, which was held last evening in the Main street Baptist church. The president of the society, Mrs. D. Hutchison, presided. The scripture lesson was read by Mrs. P. E. Fiewelling and prayer was then offered by the pastor, Rev. David Hutchison.

The musical programme consisted of a duet, rendered by Mrs. W. F. Roberts and Mrs. Leslie McLennan, also a solo by Mr. Smith. The speakers of the evening were Dr. Zella Clark and her sister, Miss Martha Clark, of Sompetta, Madras Presidency, India. Both speakers delivered very instructive and illuminating addresses on their respective work among the natives of Northern India.

Miss Martha Clark, in a very inspiring appeal, outlined the conditions in that country and the great amount of evangelical and educational work which is being carried on.

Dr. Zella Clark, who has charge of the hospital at Sompetta, depicted the conditions existing in and around that city and told of the great need for charity among the sick who come directly or indirectly under her care.

On motion of Mrs. J. R. Vanwart, seconded by Mrs. P. E. Marven, a very hearty vote of thanks was tendered the Misses Clark and others who contributed towards the success of the meeting.

THE ROTARY CLUB.

The Rotary Club at a meeting last evening decided to adopt two babies for a year by paying the sum of \$60 to the Women's Council milk fund. They also decided to spend at least \$100, and perhaps more, in Christmas baskets for families to be designated by Miss Grace Robertson, secretary of the Associated Charities. They also appointed a strong committee to consider the question of the club presenting a big entertainment, which is to take the form of a minstrel circle or general programme, to raise funds for their benevolent purposes.

PERSONALS

G. G. Garratt, of the "Dunbells" Company, is at the Royal. A. F. Bentley, of St. Martins, is registered at the Royal. Dr. A. Pierce Crockett of Fredericton is in the city and is at the Dufferin.

Mr. Justice Crockett, of Fredericton, arrived in the city last evening and is at the Dufferin. M. S. Carr, of St. Louis, Ill., is registered at the Dufferin. James A. Swan, of Halifax, is at the Victoria.

R. W. Jones, of Edmonton, is registered at the Victoria. George King, of Sussex, is visiting the city and is staying at the Victoria. William Wood, store keeper, C. G. M. M., arrived from Montreal Monday evening. James Neville, C. P. R. shipping staff, came in from Montreal yesterday afternoon.

I. Upton Fletcher, casualty manager, Scottish Metropolitan Assurance Company, arrived yesterday from Montreal on an official visit to the local office. L. S. Brown, district general manager, C. N. R., Moncton, was in the city yesterday.

Montreal Gazette: Major C. Lionel Hamilton, president of the newly-formed Canadian Club of Great Britain, who has been touring Canada and has recently spent some time in Ottawa, arrived here on Saturday to take part in the entertainments in honor of Admiral Beatty. He left last night for New York, whence he is sailing for England. While in town he was a guest at the Windsor Hotel.

Federicton Mail: George G. Park, who held a position with the Department of Soldiers' Civil Re-establishment has been transferred to St. John and will shortly remove to that city with his family. Rev. Canon Smithers of Fredericton and Archdeacon Newham of St. Stephen arrived in the city on the Montreal train yesterday afternoon.

Arthur Lockley, foreign secretary of the International Y. M. C. A. association in China, with headquarters at Tientsin, passed through the city yesterday en route to Moncton. He will return to St. John on Tuesday night and will spend three days in the city.



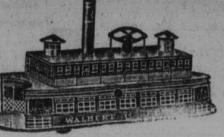
SANTA CLAUS LAND

—With Its Vast Gay, Glittering Array of Toys, Dolls, Games and Books—at Its Best Today, awaits You and the Kiddies.

Filled to overflowing with everything imaginable in Playing Novelties—and all the old favorites—to delight and instruct kiddies of all ages, our big Toy Department is indeed a veritable Fairyland. Such an array words fail to describe. You must come and see it (and bring along the kiddies) 'n all its beauty and completeness. There are

Mechanical Toys

such as Ferry Boats, Street Cars, Autos, Touring Cars, Tanks, "The Cat and the Fiddle," Man and Drum, Chickens, Ducks, Jumping Dogs, Crawling Bugs and Alligators, at prices ranging from 50c. to \$3.00 each. Steam Engines from \$1.00 up. Electric Engines from \$6.50 to \$7.50 each.

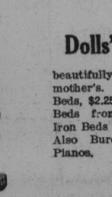


Dolls

of every size and description. Beautifully Dressed Dolls from 6 to 18 inches high, priced from 35c. to \$4.70 each. Baby Dolls from 6 inches high to life size, from 35c. to \$9.40 each. Kewpie Dolls from 5c. to \$5.25 each.

Dolls' Furniture

beautifully made, just like mother's. Trimmed Wire Beds, \$2.25 to \$3.00. Wooden Beds from \$3.75 to \$5.00. Iron Beds from \$3.00 to \$4.00. Also Bureaus, Tables and Pianos.



Games

of every description, including all the new ones and old favorites, suitable for everyone, from the wee ones up to grandpa and grandma, at prices ranging from 10 cents to \$5.00 each. There are Blocks, Palating and Drawing Sets, at all prices.

BUT YOU MUST COME AND SEE OUR SANTA CLAUS LAND, NOW, WHILE IT IS AT ITS BEST.

W. H. THORNE & CO., LIMITED

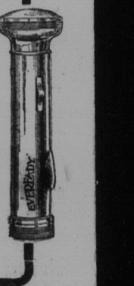
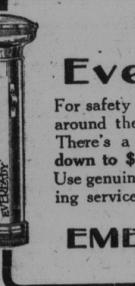


Open Saturday Evenings, Until 10.

EVERY HOME Should Have An Eveready Flashlight

For safety and convenience. It helps in a thousand ways in and around the home, garage, shop, farm, store and the camp. There's a type for every person, purpose, and purse—From \$5.00 down to \$1.70. Use genuine Eveready Batteries—they insure long-lived, bright burning service for your Eveready Flashlight.

SOLE BY EMERSON & FISHER, LTD. 25 GERMAIN STREET



Somebody Cares For Children

The "Empty Stocking Fund" is growing larger every day and it is surprising how many citizens care for the happiness of the poorer class of little children in the city. From all appearances it will be necessary to purchase another hundred pairs of stockings within a few days, and along with the stockings will go pairs of good warm mittens if they can be obtained, not to say anything about the candy, fruit and nuts.

The "Empty Stocking Fund" editor will in a few days get in communication with clergymen of every church and denomination in the city for the purpose of obtaining the names and addresses of families in the city where there are children whose Christmas could be made happy. In addition to the names of those received from churches, any citizen who knows of such worthy cases might send in the name of such persons, for it is the intention to supply poor children with stockings well filled with good things just as far as the finances will permit.

Don't be backward. Send in a cash donation. It will be appreciated, and show that "somebody cares."

Clifton House, all meals 60c.

A New Blouse To Go With a Sport Skirt

A very beautiful line of new, heavy Crepe-de-Chine Blouses has just come in and the styles are simply adorable. You could not select a more acceptable gift than one of these Blouses.

The styles are all the newest and the colors are gorgeous, and altogether they are as pretty as you could wish to see.

The prices, too, are very moderate, from \$5.50 to \$7.50.

The New Sport Skirts Are Very Attractive

We have just received a very attractive line of new Sport Skirts, in Plaids and Stripes, and in colors that go exceptionally well with the Fur Coat or the Winter Cloth Coat.

Only the finest quality materials are used in these Skirts, so you are sure to get good service from them.

There is a wide range to select from in color, style and material. \$12.50 to \$25.00

Do Your CHRISTMAS SHOPPING Early.



We are Ready to Serve you.