

General Business.

CHANGE OF TIME TABLE. Captain, Wm. Beattie, Purser, Jas. A. Rundle.

WILL call on after WEDNESDAY. Leave Newcastle for Chatham, 9.00 a.m.

Star. "St. Louis." Captain CHARLES GALL. On and after MONDAY, OCTOBER 2nd.

CHATHAM DRIVING PARK. The Opening Races! \$630 IN PRIZES.

FRIDAY 27TH AND Saturday 28th. Oct. Inst. First Day—Friday, 27th.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 1—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 2—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 3—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 4—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 5—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 6—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 7—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 8—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 9—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 10—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 11—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Second Day—Saturday, 28th. No. 12—TROTTING RACE for a purse of \$100.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, OCTOBER 26, 1882. Our Forests.

We reproduce, on the first page, an article from the Timber Trades Journal on the subject of forest extermination.

The fact that the writer referred to by the Journal makes the statement that logs under twelve inches diameter are not cut in our lumber woods, shows how little he knows

of the legal survey-bills on which this Canadian Province at any rate. We have seen 7-inch logs

collected in New Brunswick rafts and lumbermen remember, no doubt, the effort made in the legislature last winter to legalize such "poles" and

raise them to the dignity of logs. That effort, though it failed, goes to prove that logs of good size are not

scarcely obtained. It is true that we have millions of acres of lumber lands in New Brunswick, but, in order to make the logs growing upon them available for marketing it is

necessary to expend pounds where dollars sufficed a few years ago. Permanent roads have to be made,

roads have to be blasted from streams when the water is low in summer, involving difficult portage travelling

little support and open their interest-closed mouths against them. These generally belong to the class who could never build up or organize a party,

but would recklessly pull it down if they could not use it for their own advantage. They overrate their importance

and if they were not ruled they care not if they wreck. Ratemakers are learning to avoid such appointments in

positions and, especially in Municipal matters, are inclined to be consistent in securing good men. We hope the ratemakers of Northumberland, generally,

will not forget that in voting for councillors to represent them, their interest lies in securing men who have the confidence of those whom they have lived.

Above all things, men of good moral character and, if possible, good business standing should be chosen. A farmer, who is thrifty and has the confidence of his fellow-farmers, will make

a much better and safer representative than the political aspirant who despises the farm and has not the ability to maintain himself respectably away from it.

Men who respect themselves and conduct their own business successfully begin with a good guarantee that they will serve their fellow-citizens well.

We have heard persons canvassing for certain candidates because of their advanced education or legal training

and have thought what a compliment they paid to their own intelligence in forgetting that every Council has its law-officer, showing that it was contemplated from the first that persons from among the people—men familiar with parish and County requirements,

possessing local knowledge and not absent attending to local wants—were contemplated as Councillors by the framers of our Municipalities Act,

rather than empty statesmen who, therefore, hope that the ratemakers will realize the importance of choosing the best men nominated in the several parishes on Tuesday next and this can only be done by the voters going to the polls and casting their ballots for those who commend themselves by their good character, business capacity and knowledge of the requirements of those whose interests are to be entrusted to them for the coming Municipal year.

Another Coal Squeeze. Mr. W. McK. Weldon, Moncton agent for Spring Hill Coal, received

last Saturday night, of the Railway Company of 25 cents per ton in the price of round coal. The retail price will no doubt be increased accordingly.

So it goes. The householder must burn sixty cents ton extra if he desires to burn English or American coal, in order that the Nova Scotia mine-owners may have a larger market and enjoy the operations, which, they claimed, would enable them to make good profits at the old prices.

Now, when the trade in coal from outside places has been checked by the heavy duty, the Nova Scotia mine-owners are exerting an advance on old prices fully equal to the duties imposed. The Government has millions of surplus revenue, public expenditure is increased on an extravagant scale in consequence, prices of nearly everything used by the people are inflated and the coal-owner, not contented with his enlarged market, sees advantage of the assistance the Government gives him, to add to his already sufficient wealth.

The Government is rich and extravagant in wealth and the people must pay for all and submit to another squeeze or go without fuel. This is protection.

Cardinal Manning on England's Greatness. In a recent speech at Newcastle-on-Tyne Cardinal Manning said, "We are a vast people, and a wise and understanding people too. We have taught the world the manufacture of machinery; we have taught the world the application of physical sciences to the industries of the world; we have taught the nations the use of steam by land and by sea; we cover the whole ocean in all its seas by our commerce and our carrying trade. We are a great people, and a great empire. So was Rome once, and so was Spain a little while ago. Have we a perpetuity for our imperial greatness? Is there no worm at the root, and is it not the drunkenness that is spreading among the nations that is worse than any worm at the root. Can any man be a Christian, can any man be a citizen, can any man be a member of the common-wealth and not have only a share, but a full and equal share, in the things of Rome had a time when the poor of Rome had a quantity of marble of the most costly marbles in Egypt and the east; when great galleries full of wealth were moored along the banks. What is now? The river is choked by sewage and the day is gone; the wreck of those marbles is hidden; the mud of the Tiber has covered all its greatness. Why should not the mouth of the Tyne one day be so? Human nature is not changeable and the day may come when your busy city of Newcastle will lie like that port of Rome, when Tyne-side, with all its wealth and all its activity, may lie dead and dormant. Assemblies it is not the nation that exalteth the nation, and there can be no righteousness without temperance. Temperance in government. When the people are temperate they can govern themselves. Men that are intoxicated cannot govern themselves. The time has come, then, to stay this evil by all the might and all the wisdom we possess; to stand between the living and the dead and stay the pestilence, lest the hour should come when their judgment should fall, because we have not known the day of our visitation." (Loud cheers).

Monetary. An Ottawa correspondent of the New York Herald gives figures which show that the remark made by the danger of over trading by the President of the Bank of Montreal at the last annual meeting of shareholders deserved more favor than they received at the time.

Winnipeg became a large city, and the North-West in process of rapid development. Mr. Schultz invested heavily in Winnipeg lands before the "boom" started, and is supposed to be one of the wealthiest men in the North-West.

On Friday last, during a fracas among a number of men working on the new Cotton Mill at St. John, an Arab employed to carry mortar hit the thumb of one of the bricklayers. The disturbance was caused by some mortar being thrown by the Arab's head from the summit of the chimney 80 feet from the ground.

A son of Mr. John Bruce, Mt. Hanley, about nine years of age, was nearly killed by the explosion of a kind of powder, which destroyed a part of the house, and shockingly mangled the side of the face, burning the face all over, also burning his nose quite up before it could be removed.

A North Adams special says a caboose full of workmen on the way to Charlottetown, P.E.I., was struck by a train on Saturday morning. Fifty and Boston engine backing down on Saturday morning.

A Cairo despatch of last Friday says, "Messrs. Bradfield and Co. have been invited to the Arabi Pacha to-day. Arabi expressed confidence in the decisions of the British Government. He stated that he had been ill-treated, and twice spat upon, and that since October 10th he had been well treated, owing to the intervention of Sir Edward Mallet."

A London special to the New York Tribune says, "It is understood that the Cabinet agreed on Friday without making a formal decision in any of the vital Egyptian points. The accounts of what happened vary, but agree in saying that a meeting was made to frame a resolution, reconstruction, ministers preferring to await the development of events to ascertain the views of other powers. Already various telegrams have arrived from Cairo commending the Egyptian policy."

A coloured barber, who was employed to dress the hair of a certain young lady of this city, became so enamoured of her that he was determined to marry her. He actually proposed an elopement. Strangely as the affair occurred, it is said that the lady's father and mother were informed of the matter, and they were so kind as to give their consent.

Arabi's Side of the Story. The New York "World" publishes an interview held by its correspondent with Arabi at Cairo, on the 18th of September, in which Arabi said: "When Admiral Seymour informed the Khedive that he would open fire on the following morning, the latter asked the Sultan by telegraph what he was to do, which the Sultan answered that, in case the British bombarded the fortifications the fire was to be returned, and I have in my possession the Khedive's orders to do so. The Khedive at this time strictly followed the orders received from the Sultan in everything, thinking that he could thus secure his throne, and when the British admiral opened fire on us, the Khedive did not fire. I was so pleased with this that I forgot all his previous selfishness. The troops cheered him, and we all felt much encouraged by his presence. When, however, the Monarch got our exact range and sent a shell right among us, killing some of our men, and twenty officers and men, the Khedive and his giberbered staff ran away, and I have not seen him since. I endeavoured in vain to find him, or even to communicate with him, and not knowing what to do, I applied to the Sultan for instructions, and in all that I have done ever since—that is to say, as long as my telegraph was intact at Damietta—I have acted as the representative of his majesty. I was led to believe that the Sultan would prevent the English from landing, and when they did land I was instructed to hold out until Turkish troops were sent to restore order. I fortified

atly knocked one of them down, falling back. He was approaching the British, and, thinking that they might seize the canal, determined to blow it up in three or four places, and thus make it useless. I went there with the engineers, and materials for the purpose, which that villain De Lesseps, swore by all 'Fat was holy and sacred, even by the light of his eyes and the lives of his children, that if England touched the canal, Russia, France and Italy would prevent her.

By FORCE OF ARMS. He showed me false telegrams to that effect, purporting to be from the French minister of foreign affairs, and even copies of the notices the French, Russian and Italian admirals, then at Port Said, were supposed to have served on the British admiral, warning him against entering the canal at his peril. I had always been on friendly terms with De Lesseps, and I was foolish enough to believe him, although all my advisers and especially M. Nispet, who knew him well, insisted upon the destruction of the canal. The latter, saying that having known De Lesseps personally for forty-five years, he would not trust him with one para. One morning, while we were watching the enemy at Kat-el-Dabaa, news came that the English had occupied the canal, and before we could get troops down there they landed in force. As I have said before, this canal is the ruin of the country, and now it is THE CURSE OF ALL MY PLANS.

I was forced to divide my army and oppose the British advance upon Cairo from Ismailia. The Egyptians are not trained soldiers and, in resisting as they did, they surpassed my expectations. I was cut off from communicating with the Sultan and the outer world, and by my last Constantine instructions the Sultan assured me that the Turkish troops would soon land, and that I was to oppose the least British advance. I therefore relied on the hopes of the Ottomans troops arriving any day to put an end to the strife. My ammunition was fast diminishing. I paid as much as five piastres (twenty-five cents) per cartridge to two Greek captains of a quantity they brought me from Greece, half of which turned out to be dummies. On the morning of the battle of Tel-el-Khbir I had more soldiers in camp than I had in the field.

You know the rest; but what the outer world is ignorant of is what was going on in Egypt while I held the fort. I did not equip new troops, as I could not equip them.

In conclusion, he expresses the belief that he will be shot by the English, but expects to emigrate to the United States if not convicted.

Second Canal. The English people are very much disatisfied with the Suez Canal, which connects the Red Sea with the Mediterranean. They dislike the influence of M. De Lesseps and his undisputed hatred to England, and claim that the charges are too high and that the canal has not sufficient capacity for the steamers of the future, and even at the present time it is so uncommon thing for traffic to be delayed by a steamship taking the ground. Small vessels can pass almost anywhere, but large vessels can only pass each other at stated places. From these and other causes it is claimed that more than twice the time which ought to be required is spent steaming from Suez to Port Said. There is also danger from an enemy in the time of war or from some careless Captain or fanatical Pasha, as a few pounds of dynamite or a sunken ship—sunk by accident or design—would effectively block the passage and delay commerce for months.

The leading newspapers are discussing the advisability of a new purely English canal and are urging the Executive Committee of the Central Chamber of Shipping to take the matter in hand, and it is boldly stated that the required capital—£17,000,000 sterling—will be subscribed in a week. The Times states the management of the canal by M. De Lesseps is not satisfactory, and that he should be removed from a position which he has made ridiculous. With the experience gained in the construction of the present canal, it is claimed that a rival much larger can be constructed for less money than the present one cost, and that there is more than one engineer in Great Britain who could carry out the undertaking in a better and quicker way than was possible twenty years ago.

The present canal is about 85 nautical miles long, about 52 feet deep in its deepest part and from 200 to 300 feet broad on the surface and about 70 feet broad at the floor. Late parliamentary papers show that the tonnage which passed through it in 1879 was over three millions, of tons; in 1880 it was over four millions and in 1881 it was nearly six millions. Four-fifths of this belonged to Great Britain. The income of the company in 1879 was 30,000,000 francs; 40,000,000 in 1880 and 51,000,000 in 1881.

If the English people get thoroughly aroused in this matter, the usefulness of the present canal will soon be a thing of the past.

toes have not realized more than a dollar a barrel. Farmers who harvested their potatoes before the rains will do well not to sell hastily. Slightly mouldy potatoes will yet command good prices.—St. John Globe of Monday 23rd.

For Sprains and Bruises.—Rub Perry Davis' Pain Killer well into the wounded parts, taking the medicine internally at the same time.

To persons engaged in constant mental toil, study or anxious fellows Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites is especially adapted, namely to Teachers, Clergymen, Editors, Lawyers, and impetuous business men.

Wants, Etc. Teacher Wanted.

Teacher Wanted. A THIRD CLASS FEMALE TEACHER is wanted for District No. 1, Parish of St. John.

Teacher Wanted. WANTED for School in District No. 3, Alvirton, (Chatham Parish) a SECOND CLASS FEMALE TEACHER. Apply to JAMES ANDERSON, Secretary.

Teacher Wanted. A THIRD CLASS FEMALE TEACHER is wanted for District No. 7, Parish of Nelson.

Teacher Wanted. WANTED for District No. 4, Chatham, a First Advanced Department, 1st November. Apply stating Salary to WM. MORRISON, Secy to Trustees.

Teacher Wanted. A THIRD CLASS FEMALE TEACHER is wanted for District No. 5, Parish of St. John.

Teacher Wanted. A FIRST CLASS MALE TEACHER is wanted for District No. 1, Parish of St. John.

1st Class Teacher Wanted. A FIRST CLASS MALE TEACHER is wanted for District No. 2, Parish of St. John.

Teacher Wanted. A SECOND CLASS FEMALE TEACHER is wanted for District No. 3, Parish of St. John.

Teacher Wanted. WANTED for District No. 2, Parish of New Brunswick, a SECOND CLASS FEMALE or a THIRD CLASS MALE TEACHER. Apply to WILLIAM GRAY, Secy to Trustees.

Teacher Wanted. A THIRD CLASS FEMALE TEACHER is wanted for District No. 3, Parish of St. John.

Executors' Notice. ALL persons having any just claims against the Estate of FRANCIS J. LEBLANC, late of Chatham, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested to, to the undersigned, Executors, within three months from date and all persons interested in said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to him.

JOHN ELLIS, ANTHONY B. JOHNSON, EXECUTORS. Chatham, Oct. 9th, 1882.

JOHN McLAGGAN IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER.

Flour, Cornmeal, Provisions AND General Groceries.

150 Half Chests Tea, 50 Caddies do., DIRECT IMPORTANT.

75 Boxes and Caddies Black and Bright Tobacco.

100 Bbls. Sugar, GRANULATED & YELLOW.

150 Boxes Soap, 100 Bushels White Beans.

MOLASSES in Puncheons, Tierces & Bbls.

Plate and Extra Mess Beef, Heavy Mess Pork, Pressed Hay.

CHOICE BRANDS OF Flour, Cornmeal & Oatmeal, at Wholesale Rates.

AT THE FISH WAREHOUSE ON THE Public Wharf, Newcastle.

L. S. L.

Louisiana State Lottery Company. Incorporated in 1865 for 25 years by the Legislature for Educational and Charitable purposes.

Capital Prize, 75,000. Tickets only 85. Shares in proportion.

Valuable Field FOR SALE. I am authorized by Mr. James Allan to sell that valuable field, containing about EIGHTEEN ACRES, more or less, situated in a high state of cultivation.

27th day of October, next. It will that day be offered, complete the Auction Room of the Auctioneer, in whole or parts as may be desired.

W. WYSE, Auctioneer. Chatham, Sept. 25th, '82.

NEW CHOICE BEAUTIFUL

A MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF Genuine Wedgewood Ware IN EVERY Conceivable Pattern and Design.

JUST THE THING FOR HANDSOME AND USEFUL PRESENTS.

FOR SALE AT THE Newcastle Drug Store. E. Lee Street - Proprietor.

The Gipsy's Prophecy.

BY R. F. HILLIARD. Concluded. "Well," said he, "if that was Miss Marlow, I have never seen a young lady who so commended herself. I have been perplexed with wonder ever since I saw her how one so beautiful could have dropped down upon a scene like this."

"And your perplexity drove away the fish, I suppose?" "Can't say, nor can I remember to have tried to catch any."

"All must take their risk," she said, as she had before. Abel turned the subject gaily, and plunged into a romp with the children; but "curiosity" had taken a decided hold upon him, to which, however, he gave no outward sign, and the subject of the late conversation was not alluded to.

One day, sitting beneath a tree arranging some fish, he was startled at hearing, a short distance from where he sat, the sweet notes of a joyous song in a female voice, which lent a charm to the solitude.

"Good morning, Miss Marlow," said he, "I believe I am right in thus naming you." "You certainly are, sir," said she, "and I respond to your salutation: Good-morning. We abide under the same roof, I think," she continued.

"Yes, happily," he replied; and Abel Dorne, which means the individual before you, is rendered more happy by becoming personally acquainted with his charming acquaintance.

"You are very polite to say so. It requires very little to make me happy." "But when opportunity is denied, happiness may be painfully deferred."

Notwithstanding the acquaintance had been so happily begun, the interdiction was not lifted, and Abel found himself still shut out from the intercommunication. After a few trials to remove the barrier, his pride revolted, and, feigning a call back to town, he left his friends with a promise to join them a week or so before their return.

"I'll wager," said George, "that you have thought twenty times to-day of that ridiculous prophecy." "Well," he replied, "since you have alluded to it, I have, but without reference to anything in particular. It often obtrudes itself."

"Had it no reference," said Mrs. George, "to that thread which is being spun somewhere and waiting for you to find it?"

"Well, if it had," he replied, "you surely would not urge me to endanger it by the peril I am to inflict."

"All must take their risk," she said, as she had before. Abel turned the subject gaily, and plunged into a romp with the children; but "curiosity" had taken a decided hold upon him, to which, however, he gave no outward sign, and the subject of the late conversation was not alluded to.

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"You are very polite to say so. It requires very little to make me happy." "But when opportunity is denied, happiness may be painfully deferred."

"Oh, of an early adventure of my own, in papa's prosperous days, when we went to the beaches; and at one time I came near losing my life by a big stone which was recklessly rolled down from the top of a hill, and leaped over my head and fell into the sea. On leaving the beach with my nurse I lost one of my shoes, and I kept this ever since as a memento. I have forgotten the name of the beach."

"Will you please excuse me for a few moments?" he said, and, without waiting to hear her consent, he darted from the room, greatly to her surprise. He rushed madly into the apartments of his friends, tore up to his chamber, dashed upon a trunk with the facility of a baggage smasher, seized a small shoe from the nook where it lay for years had rested, and ran back in a very short space of time. He threw himself into the chair he had left, and placed on the table, beside the "memento"—its mate.

The young lady, started by his agitation and strange conduct, and seeing the shoe, could only say, "What does this mean?" His face was lit with joy. His eyes, suffused with tears, beamed on her with infinite tenderness, and, impelled by a sense of chivalry which always appears in the old romances, he dropped on his knees before her.

"It means, my blessed one," said he, "the removal of all obstacles to my happiness, and yours, I trust. It means that I have found a thread of existence to twine with my own, years ago severed, without fear of threatened calamity. It means a future of unselfish love and devotion to the wife of my choice. To you, the only woman I have ever loved, whom twice I have been near destroying, I offer an honest and faithful affection."

She gave him her hand confidently, and then, the first plunge being taken, they sat and talked seriously but happily regarding the past and the future, during which the mother came in, who was very much surprised to find the young lady, beside whom her mother knelt in all the bitterness of woe, holding one of the moveless hands and uttering words of the deepest tenderness, her mind wavering under the terrible calamity.

Abel, though overcome by the sight, retained his presence of mind, and stooping over the prostrate girl, found that her heart still beat, and applied himself to learn the extent of her injury. His early education aided this, and calling for water, he washed the blood from her face, which he found to proceed from a wound in her forehead, just covered by her hair. The blood had ploughed to the bone, glancing off, and lodged in the window-casing across the room. Neighbors had been immediately summoned, who came rushing in, the most of them skilled in rural leechcraft, and when he called for styptic, with which to stop the flow of blood, they were ready with their various herbs. These were effective, and restoratives were applied, the young lady opened her eyes intelligently and was removed to a sofa, and, after applying plaster from his own resources, Abel left the patient in the care of her female friends and her mother, who had recovered from a fainting fit which had been induced by reaction of feeling at her daughter's restoration.

The bullet, which had been fired from a shot gun, had glanced from the tree, though not in the direction of the house, and wrought the mischief described. Abel's joy at the escape of the young lady was mingled with a feeling of delight that, through this accident, he had obtained entrance to the coveted precinct, and, as she had ceased, he was radiant with happiness.

"Do you catch any glimpse of the mystical thread in this adventure, Abel?" asked George. "I don't dare to seek it," said Abel, at once grown serious; "for there must be another risk of violence, according to the prophecy, and rather than subject one I loved to such a peril as this I would leave my passion behind me and fly to the uttermost parts of the earth."

General Business.

JUST RECEIVED, 40 GADDIES AND BOXES W. C. MACDONALD TOBACCO, "Napoleon," "Prince of Wales," AND "MARINERS'."

DAILY EXPECTED, 40 DOZ. Brown's AXES. John McLaggan, Public Wharf, Newcastle.

TAILORING, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, ETC., ETC. JOHN McLAGGAN, Public Wharf, Newcastle.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE. HAMILTON, MO., June 14th, 1881. B. J. KENDALL & Co., Gentlemen: I have used your Spavin Cure and have found it to be the best I have ever used.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE. NEW HAMBURG, Oct. 28th, 1881. Mr. F. H. McCallum, Dear Sir: The bottle of Dr. Kendall's Spavin Cure, bought by you last summer, gave me the utmost satisfaction and performed a wonderful cure upon a mare, thirteen years old, belonging to me, which was badly spavined for ten years.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE. ON THE ONONDAGA PRESS, N. Y. Early last summer Messrs B. J. Kendall & Co., of Elm-street Falls, Vt., made a contract with the publishers of this paper to sell the merits of Kendall's Spavin Cure.

MAKE HENS LAY. An English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist now travelling in this country, says that most of the Hens and Cattle spavins and sore throats are caused by a certain kind of worm.

SMITH MEDICINE COY. 45 BATTERY ST. MONTREAL AND TROY, N.Y. PRICE 25 CTS. SOLD EVERYWHERE. GERMAN WORM REMEDY.

TO LET OR SELL. THE Pleasantly Situated HOUSE, owned by the late F. J. Landon, Esq., ON ST. JOHN STREET, near the Homestead of the late HON. JOHN M. JOHNSON.

Pure-bred Pigs. Seven Pure-bred Young Berkshire Pigs FOR SALE. PEDIGREE GUARANTEED. Orders will also be received for Half-bred Berkshires. Address STATION FARM, Chatham, N. B.

CHAMPAGNE. Just arrived per steamer "Hibernian" via Halifax, 20 baskets Finest Champagne, Pils and Quares; 10 Cases Sparkling Burgundy & Hock. JOHN W. NICHOLSON, Victoria Wharf, Smyth street

General Business.

Revolvers! Revolvers!! PREPARE yourself with a GOOD REVOLVER for \$1.50. Smith & Wagon's Patent Ejector, the Handiest and Best Revolver made.

Guns! Guns!! ENGLISH LIGHT PARTRIDGE GUNS, THE AMERICAN HEAVY GOOSE GUN, AND THE LITTLE BEAUTY BREECH LOADER, THAT MAKES NO REPORT WHICH EVERYBODY ADMIRES.

VIOLINS!! VIOLINS!! Daily selected from Germany. 50 VIOLINS from the cheapest to the best.

CHEAP CASH STORE. JAMES BROWN, - - - Newcastle. COFFINS AND CASKETS. J. PHELAN, Undertaker and Joiner, ST. FRANCIS ST., - - - CHATHAM.

The "Imperial Wringer." Wash-tub Stand. Clothes Forks, etc. New device for convenience on Wash-day labor and lightens the work left to be done. H. P. MARQUIS, Custom House.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE by the subscribers, their valuable property situate in the centre of the town of Chatham, being the stand premises where they formerly conducted their business, is a large and commodious, has a large water frontage on the river, is a desirable site for a steam mill, and is also a desirable site for a saw-mill. There is a store and small warehouse on the premises, also a small house connected with it, and is altogether an excellent property for commercial and other purposes. For particulars apply to D. E. J. RITCHIE & Co., Newcastle, N. B.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE. TRADE MARK THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY, An infallible cure for Seminal Weakness, Gonorrhoea, Impotency, and all diseases that follow as a consequence of self-abuse or loss of Memory, Universal Laetitia, Pain in the Back, Impotence of Labor, Premature Ejaculation, and many other Diseases that lead to infirmity of Consumption and premature grave. Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one. Dr. Gray's Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at \$1 per package, or six packages for \$5. Sent free by mail on receipt of the money by advertisement.

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO. Agents in Chatham, - J. D. B. F. McKeown. D. T. JOHNSTONE, Chatham Livery Stables. Regular Coaches to trains leaving and arriving at CHATHAM RAILWAY STATION. Office and Stables - - - Water Street, Chatham.

LANSHIRE Insurance Co. JOHN ELLIS, Esq., has accepted the Agency of the Lanashire Insurance Company for Chatham and Newcastle, N. B. J. MORSE GRANT, General Agent, Lanashire Insurance Co., St. John, N. B.

ROBERT MURRAY, Attorney-at-Law, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, ETC., OFFICE OVER MIRAMICHI BOOKSTORE, Water Street, - - - Chatham, N. B.

WARREN C. WINSLOW, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC. OFFICE: -Duglas's Building, Prince William St., ST. JOHN.

DesBrisay & DesBrisay, BARRISTERS, Attorneys Notaries, Conveyancers, &c. OFFICES: - - - Bathurst, N. B. THEOPHILUS DESBRISAY, Q. C. T. SWAYNE DESBRISAY, Q. C.

A. H. JOHNSON, BARRISTER-AT-LAW, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC., ETC. Chatham, N. B.

E. P. Williston, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Notary Public, Conveyancer, &c., Office-Over Mr. John Dunsan's Store; Entrance Side Door. Newcastle, Miramichi, N. B.

R. B. ADAMS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, NOTARY PUBLIC, &c. Office up stairs, Noonan's Building, Water Street, Chatham.

WM. A. PARK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER, &c. OFFICE--OVER THE STORE OF W. PARK, Esq. CASTLE STREET NEWCASTLE, N. B.

D. S. HUTCHISON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc. DALHOUSIE, N. B. PUBLIC NOTICE. I have appointed JOHN CASSIDY my Deputy for the County of Northumberland, I dated this 25th day of September, A. D. 1882. To all whom it may concern. John Shirreff, High Sheriff of Northumberland Co.

GENERAL BUSINESS.

ALEX. ROBINSON - - - CARRIAGE MAKER. DOUBLE & SINGLE TRUCK WAGONS. PIANO BOX WAGONS, BULKIES, ETC. SINGLE AND TWO SEATED OPER. DO. EXPRESS WAGONS, SLOVENS, CARTS, SLEIGHTS OF ALL KINDS.

St. John Street, - - - Chatham, N. B. GREAT CLEARANCE SALE. READY - MADE CLOTHING!

IN order to make room for our LARGE WINTER STOCK we offer our stock of Ready-Made Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. EXAMINE OUR PRICES, YOU WILL FIND THEY ARE CHEAPER THAN EVER.

A Fresh Stock of Choice Congou Tea--The Best in Town. SOAP, TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, ETC., AT BOTTOM PRICES. I. HARRIS & SON. UNRIVALLED! SUTHERLAND & CREAGHAN, NEWCASTLE.

OUR Stock of Spring and Summer DRY GOODS is now complete, we have THOUSANDS OF ARTICLES in Hosiery, Fancy Goods, Notions, Shawls, &c., on hand. SHOPKEEPERS AND TRADERS CAN MAKE MONEY. We hold everything to be found in any first-class City Warehouse. PURCHASED FOR PROMPT CASH!!

NEW GOODS!! SUTHERLAND & CREAGHAN. Wholesale and Retail. MAY 17th, 1882.

J. B. SNOWBALL'S. Just received per late Steamers from the Manufacturers. New Ulster Cloths, For Gents Ladies and Children.

Boys' Woollen Knickerbocker Hose, Very Heavy. A very large stock of German and Canadian Clouds and promenade Scarfs.

Irish Frieze, For Heavy Overcoats. Irish and Scotch Tweeds, Newest Styles.

Moscow Homespun, Costume Cloths, Wool Serges, French Cashmeres, French Merinos, Black Scicillians, Black Grecian Corals, Colored Cloth Debeques, 100 pairs Best White ENGLISH BLANKETS, 50 pairs Best Twilled

Canadian White Blankets. A few pairs of Super Extra BATH BLANKETS, at reduced price. ALL CHEAP FOR CASH! Chatham, Oct. 18, 1881.

TO BUILDERS. CAUTION. EACH PIECE OF THE MYRTLE NAVY! IS MARKED T. & B. IN BRONZE LETTERS. NONE OTHER GENUINE. Customs Blanks FOR SALE AT THE Miramichi Bookstore. EDWARD JOHNSON, CUSTOMS BROKER.

Dwelling Houses, Stores, ETC., INCLUDING: Doors, Window Sashes & Frames, Mouldings, Stair Rails, Banisters, & Navel Posts, etc. Orders also executed for Window Shutters & Venetian Blinds. Keeping none but first-class workmen in my employ, I can safely affirm my goods to be equal to any in the market.

PLANS DESIGNS SPECIFICATIONS furnished on application. GEORGE CASSIDY, Architect Chatham, N. B.

JOHN HAVILAND, HARNESS AND COLLAR MAKER. would announce to his former customers and the public, that he may be found at his old stand, opposite the Marine Hall, where he is prepared to manufacture Harness of every description. Collar Making. Having a practical experience of this branch of the Trade for THIRTY-THREE YEARS, he is prepared to turn out COLLARS which cannot be excelled in the Dominion. The most difficult horse satisfactorily fitted. GARRIAGE TRIMMING executed in a tasteful and workman-like manner.

10 Half brls. bulk Pickles, 1,500 lbs. Confectionery, 50 Boxes Biscuit. TO ARRIVE IN A FEW DAYS DIRECT FROM LONDON: 25 Chests BLACK TEAS, (CHOICE QUALITY,) Retail Prices 30 and 40 Cents per lb. D. CHESMAN. WATER STREET. Chatham, June 8, 1882.

For Sale, 750,000 Pine Shingles, - - - R. PLANAGAN.

Manuf'rs, Builders, etc.

CHATHAM PORTABLE SAW MILLS. W. A. Vernon Street writes from Miramichi, N. B., Dec. 10th, 1881: "I have just received your 'REPAIRING PORTABLE SAW MILL' and it is a most excellent article. It is very compact and easy to handle, and will cut a fine quality of lumber. I have used it for several days and am very much pleased with the result. I have no doubt that it will be a great success in the market."

I. MATHESON & Co. Engineers & Boiler Makers. New Glasgow, N. S., Estimates Furnished for Engines and Boilers, Mill and other Machinery. Notice to Mill Owners. The Subscriber is prepared to furnish his PATENT LOW CARRIAGE, SHIPFITTING CHINE, to any parties requiring the same, or any machinery, etc., in suitable quantities to manufacture for themselves. The above line is in several Mills on this River, and perfect satisfaction is guaranteed. Full information give in advertisement to the Subscriber. ROBERT MCGUIRE.

MIRAMICHI STONE WORKS. NORTHESK, MIRAMICHI New Brunswick. Joseph Godfellow - - - Proprietor. GRINDSTONES, Spindle Stones and Building Stone supplied in any quantity desired at short notice. The Grindstones from the above works were awarded one of the two Medals for this class of Manufactures at the CENTENNIAL EXHIBITION.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT. I have opened a BLACKSMITH SHOP HENDERSON STREET, formerly occupied by James Hoyt, where I intend carrying on general Blacksmith Work. I shall give particular attention to HORSE SHOEING, and guarantee good work at reasonable rates. RICHARD D. STAPLETON.

JOHN W. NICHOLSON, WHOLESALE IMPORTER AND Commission Merchant, OFFERS FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING GOODS IN HAND OR DUTY PAID: Martell Brandy in Hogs and Quarter cases-Pale and Dark. Martell Brandy in cases, XX, Pale and Dark. Hennessy Brandy in cases. John De Kuyper & Sons' finest quality Gun Hogs and Quarter Cases. John De Kuyper & Sons' Gun in Green Cases. Wines: Finest Cork Malt Scotch Whiskey in Quarter Cases. Old Dublin Whiskey--12 years old--in cases. Highland Malt Scotch Whiskey in Quarter Cases. Port Wine, various grades. Port Wine, Hunt's celebrated, A.V.A. and A.V.V. Cherry, Richard D'Arby's celebrated Wines, Champagne, in bottles. Godolphin & Wain's finest quality Pure Spirit in bottles. Rye Whiskey in bottles. Whisky in bottles. Base India Pale Ale, in Hogs and bottles. Guinness Stout in bottles. And Smutney other goods.

VICTORIA WHARF, SMYTH ST., - - - ST. JOHN, N. B. LONDON HOUSE, CHATHAM, N. B. THE Subscriber will sell off the Balance of his stock of Fancy Goods at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Dressing Cases, Work Boxes, Writing Cases, Glove Boxes, Sewing Machines, Trunk Cases, Fancy Boxes, Opera Glasses, and many other articles suitable for Christmas and New Year Presents. Also--Greenwich, Pickles, New Extracts, Cocoa, etc., etc. In Store--Flour, Corn Meal, Molasses, Sugar, Butter, and other Groceries, at Lowest Wholesale and Retail Prices. RICHARD HOCKEY.

G. A. BLAIR, has on hand, a superior assortment of READY - MADE CLOTHING--COMPRISING--Men's, Youths' & Children's Suits, IN CLOTH, TWEED & VELVET, which he is offering at prices suitable to the times. GUARANTEED CATARRH CURE. NO CURE! NO PAY! A Local and Constitutional Treatment, of the Nasal Passages, Throat, and Lungs, for either the Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder. INSTANTANEOUS, ECONOMICAL, SAFE, RADICAL TREATMENT. PRICE, 75 CTS. If not found satisfactory, the price paid will be refunded. Send three or four stamps to receive three or four packages to effect a permanent cure. THE SMITH MEDICINE CO. MONTREAL & TROY, N.Y.

SAMPLE ROOMS For Commercial Men. THE demand for Sample Rooms to accommodate the commercial travellers being so great, and the supply being so limited, causing travellers in some instances to remain three or four days in one place, we have determined to build two Sample Rooms, well lighted, aired and warmed. Comed or to rent on the premises to build what they require, being situated in the central part of the business, constantly busy, and far more suitable for the purpose than any other place in the city. It will be found to be a most desirable and convenient place for travellers to stop at, and a most desirable place for the residence of those who are engaged in business. HENRY J. MARIE, Main Street, Montreal, N. B.